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Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL

FOR THE

SESSION OF 1911

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COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1911 — 119th of the General Assembly

VOL. 1. HARRISBURG, PA., MONDAY, MAY 22, 1911. No. 74.

SENATE.

MONDAY, May 22, 1911.

The Senate met at 3.00 o'clock P. M.

The President pro tempore (Mr. W. E. CROW) in the Chair.

Prayer by the Chaplain, Rev. W. C. Jones.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. WEINGARTNER, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 295.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 295, entitled:

An act to fix the number and salaries of officers clerks and employes in the State Treasury

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 455.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 455, entitled:

An act authorizing the establishment and maintenance of psychopathic wards in certain hospitals providing for the regulation thereof the commitment of persons suffering with mental disorders to such wards and for the payment of the expenses of maintaining and treating persons committed thereto

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 650.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 650, entitled:

An act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to Andrew Mangold of Philadelphia the amount paid by him for his commission as notary public and making an appropriation therefor

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

He also presented for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 722, entitled:

An act amending the twenty-first section of an act entitled "An Act relating to the county rates and levies and township rates and levies" approved the fifteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four by authorizing the collector to deputize a constable or other officer to make the levy and sale or to arrest the delinquent for nonpayment of taxes

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 724, entitled:

An act relating to the pay of election officers in all counties of this Commonwealth containing a population of not less than two hundred and fifty thousand and not more than five hundred thousand

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 725, entitled:

An act to provide for the satisfaction of mortgages now or hereafter to be recorded in this Commonwealth when the original mortgages have been lost mislaid or destroyed

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 726, entitled:

An act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the appointment of policemen in the boroughs of this Commonwealth defining their powers and duties and providing for their compensation and discharge" approved June sixth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three by regulating the control of policemen when on duty

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 731, entitled:

An act prohibiting the making of appropriations by the General Assembly to unincorporated charitable reformatory or correctional institutions formed organized or established after the date of the approval of this act and making it unlawful for the Installation of a Sewage Plant for the Boys' Department of the Auditor General and State Treasurer to make payments of appropriations to such associations

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 733, entitled:

An act authorizing cities of the first class to remit taxes owing by any hospital where dispute has arisen as to the right of the city to assess and collect such taxes

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 737, entitled:

An act enabling the libellant in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion to testify to the fact of desertion and to the efforts made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and resume the martial relation

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 1050, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the House of Refuge situate in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth to defray the expenses of erecting a Hospital and Refrigerating Plant and the Installation of a Sewage Plant for the Boys' Department of Glen Mills Delaware County

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1210, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for maintenance of Mary M Packer Hospital Sunbury Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1229, entitled:

An act making an appropriation of twenty-one thousand dollars for the erection of a monument to Robert Morris in the city of Philadelphia and empowering the appointment of a commission to select a site and to build such monument and providing for the expenses of the said commission and dedication of monument

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 920, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home and Maternity Hospital Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 944, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to St Joseph's Hospital of Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1028, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Salvation Army Rescue and Maternity Home of Bellevue Allegheny County

229184

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1062, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Catholic Home for Destitute Children Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1064, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1133, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the Springdale General Hospital at Springdale Allegheny County

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1071, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1129, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Improvement Children's Home of the City of Pittsburg

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1141, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind at Pittsburg

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations

House Bill No. 1166, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to pay for the collection revising indexing and proofreading of the material contained in the pamphlet known as the Game Fish and Forestry Laws of this Commonwealth

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations

House Bill No. 1237, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the DuBois Hospital of DuBois Clearfield county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1253, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Institute for Colored Youth at Cheyney Delaware County

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1255, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools situate in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth to defray the expenses of erecting an additional cottage and certain other buildings for the accommodation of the girls' department in their country home near Darlington Delaware county

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1260, entitled:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to accept the grant of public lands by the United States for the endowment of Agricultural Colleges" approved April first one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three and making appropriations for carrying the same into effect

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1261, entitled:

An act making appropriations to the Trustees of the University of Pittsburg for the extension of the buildings for the School of Medicine and the School of Mines for the erection of a building for the School of Dentistry for the general maintenance of the University construction of buildings and the purchase of equipment and for hospital clinic mining engineering education medicine and observatory purposes

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1262, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the University of Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations

House Bill No. 1264, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Finance Committee of the Organizing Commission of the Twelfth International Congress of Navigation to help defray the expenses incident to the meeting of said Congress to be held in Philadelphia in June one thousand nine hundred and twelve

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 713, entitled:

An act to provide for an additional law judge of the several courts of the Forty-fifth Judicial District

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 716, entitled:

An act regulating the printing of the laws of the Commonwealth

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 717, entitled:

An act to amend the second section of an act approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act providing that the district attorneys in all counties whose population does not exceed one hundred and fifty thousand shall be paid a salary and fixing the same which shall be in lieu of all fees and in full compensation for their services and providing for the appointment of assistant district attorneys in said counties and for the compensation of the same and providing that the fees heretofore allowed the district attorneys upon indictments shall remain in amount as heretofore but shall hereafter be as part of the costs for the use and benefit of the proper county" by fixing the salaries of district attorneys in counties having more than thirty thousand but not more than forty thousand inhabitants

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 718, entitled:

An act to permit trustees executors administrators or receivers where an estate is without money or property to have appeals heard in the appellate courts upon filing typewritten copies of the names of the parties abstract of proceedings verdict questions involved history of the case report of the auditor or master charge of the court points and answers thereto assignments of error argument and certified record

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General

House Bill No. 719, entitled:

An act to provide for the detection and apprehension of persons who have committed any crime or misdemeanor the investigation of reported crimes and for the payment of the expenses thereof out of the treasury of the county in which such offense has been committed or reported to have been committed

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 721, entitled:

An act authorizing D. L. Saul and Flora Saul his wife residents of the city of Harrrsburg Dauphin county, Pennsylvania to bring suit or suits against and to recover from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania jointly or severally either in law or equity in the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County any sum or sums of money legally or justly due them by reason of the injuries suffered by the said Flora Saul by falling or being thrown from an elevator in the Capitol building at Harrisburg Dauphin county Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 739, entitled:

An act to limit the period of time within which actions may be brought against banks bankers banking firms or trust companies for the recovery of the amount represented by any certificates of deposit issued by them to provide for the payment into the State Treasury of the amount of such certificate of deposit the time for the recovery of which is so limited for the discharge of obligation and liability of such certificate and for the recovery of the amount of such payments into the State Treasury by action brought in the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County against the State Treasurer

Which was committed to the Committee on Banks and Building and Loan Associations.

House Bill No. 740, entitled:

An act regulating the method of instalment payments on conditional sales or on bailments with right to purchase regulating the issuing of writs of replevin therefor and prohibiting a waiver of the provisions of this act

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 743, entitled:

An act to exempt certain buildings from the provisions and requirements of the act of Assembly approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act amending section one of article three of an act entitled 'An act for the better government of the cities of the first class in this Commonwealth' approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five regulating the construction alteration and ven-

tilation of tenement houses and providing for the safety of the inhabitants thereof and providing penalties for the violation of the same' and of an act of Assembly approved the twelfth day of July Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven entitled "An act to amend section one of an act approved the third day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five entitled 'An act to amend an act entitled 'An act to provide for the better security of life and limb in cases of fire in hotels and other buildings' approved the eleventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine extending the provisions thereof to buildings used in whole or in part for offices not of fire-proof construction" and also an act of Assembly approved the twenty-fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An act to further regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings and party walls in cities of the first class"

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 745, entitled:

An act to confer power on the several orphans' courts having jurisdiction thereof when the balance for distribution in an estate after the debts are paid include stocks bonds and other securities to make distribution of the same in kind to parties entitled thereto to authorize subsequent sales thereof and to validate such distributions heretofore made

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 1274, entitled:

An act authorizing the appointment of a commission for the erection of a monument to John Morton signer of the Declaration of Independence at Chester and making an appropriation therefor

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1275, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittendon Home located at one hundred and thirty-nine Queen street Germantown Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1278, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Sisters of Charity of Saint Catharine's Orphan Asylum of Reading Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1282, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Agricultural Experiment Station of the Pennsylvania State College Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1284, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Working Home for Blind Men for maintenance in handicraft employment

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1290, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the German Hospital of the City of Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations

House Bill No. 723, entitled:

An act to provide for the payment of costs in cases of summary conviction had before magistrates aldermen and justices of the peace

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 744, entitled:

An act to amend the thirty-third section of an act entitled "An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effects of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf rock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway toll-road conduit tunnel mine coal-breaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipe line aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal mill-race works for supplying water heat light power cold air or any other substance furnished to the public well for the protection of gas oil or other volatile or mineral substance or other structure or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved the fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as amended by the second section of an act approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An act to amend section eleven and section thirty-two of an act entitled 'An act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway toll-road conduit tunnel coal-breaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipe line aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal mill-race works for supplying water heat light power cold air or any other substance furnished to the public well for the prodction of gas oil or other volatile or mineral substance or other structure or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing penalties for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto' approved the fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one so as to change the form of the claim and writ of scire facias thereon" by providing for an amicable scire facias

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General

House Bill No. 746, entitled:

An act to promote the safety of foot passengers on the highways of this Commonwealth and the convenience of the general public in the use of the said highways by empowering the supervisors or commissioners of any township in any county in this Commonwealth to compel by order resolution or ordinance a street railway company operating a double track line of railway within any village of this Commonwealth having one track on each side of a public road street turnpike or other public highway within the said village to remove its tracks within the said villages from the side of the said public road street turnpike or other public highway to the middle of the same and authorizing the court of common pleas of the proper county in case the supervisors or commissioners of any township shall refuse to adopt such order resolution or ordinance upon the petition of twenty taxpayers resident in the said village then and in such case to order the removal of the said tracks to the middle of the said public road street turnpike or other public highway upon petition made to the said court by twenty taxpayers resident in the said village and imposing a penalty for refusal or neglect to comply with the said order resolution or ordinance of the said supervisors or commissioners of the said township or the order of the said court of common pleas

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Roads and Highways.

House Bill No. 747, entitled:

An act providing for the appointment of a commission to survey and ascertain the location of the military route constructed and traversed by General Edward Braddock and General John Forbes in their respective military expeditions of 1755 and 1758 and make a report thereon to the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in writing for publication and making an appropriation for the payment of necessary assistance and expenses incurred in the field and office work of the same

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1113, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Brownsville General Hospital at Brownsville Fayette County Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations

House Bill No. 1281, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Dayton Normal Institute of Dayton Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations

House Bill No. 1293, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the improvement of the State Canal Basins at the Port of Erie by dredging the said basins for widening the piers and bridge over the water channel between the said canal basins and erecting walls in the same for the protection of said State canal basins with harbor of Erie authorizing the appointment of a commission to make said improvements and providing for regulating the manner in which said basin shall be used by the public and kept in repairs

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1327, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Colored Day Nursery of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 750, entitled:

An act authorizing the depositing of county funds at interest and regulating the manner of selecting such depositories and making such deposits

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General

House Bill No. 752, entitled:

An act providing for the appointment by the Court of common pleas of any county of auditors to audit settle and adjust the accounts of the directors treasurer and tax

collectors of any poor district composed of more than one municipality or municipal district wholly within but less extensive than said county the population of which poor district shall be not less than one hundred and fifty thousand and not more than three hundred thousand prescribing their powers duties and compensation the form contents filing and publishing of their report and providing for appeals of the court of common pleas of such county and the Superior and Supreme Courts

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General

House Bill No. 753, entitled:

An act regulating the payment of costs when a person charged with a crime not exclusively triable in the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery shall after a hearing be discharged by a magistrate alderman or justice of the peace

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 754, entitled:

An act fixing the salary of the storekeeper in the office of the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations

House Bill No. 756, entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway railroad conduit tunnel mine coal-breaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipe line aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal millrace works for supplying water heat light power cold air or any other substance furnished to the public well for the production of gas oil or volatile or mineral substance or other structure or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved June the fourth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 757, entitled:

An act fixing the fees and compensation of the sheriffs in this Commonwealth for the removal and conveying of prisoners to the reformatory house of correction or reformatories or any insane person or habitual drunkard to a hospital or asylum for the same

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 787, entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act relative to the obstructing of the crossings of public roads by locomotives and cars" approved the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and forty-five by providing further that any member of the train-crew shall be subject to said penalty

Which was committed to the Committee on Railroads.

House Bill No. 788, entitled:

An act authorizing the election in first class townships of an additional constable and fixing his term

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General

House Bill No. 791, entitled:

An act providing for the appointment of a deputy coroner and stenographers in the several counties of this Commonwealth having two hundred thousand inhabitants and not more than two hundred fifty thousand inhabitants prescribing their powers and duties and fixing their salaries

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General.

House Bill No. 794, entitled:

An act providing for and regulating the taking of land by condemnation proceedings to enlarge certain cemeteries now or hereafter incorporated

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 811, entitled:

An act to amend section twelve of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the more effectual protection of the public health in the several municipalities of this Commonwealth" approved the eighteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five providing that all principals or other persons in charge of schools are hereby required to refuse admission of any child to the school or schools under their charge or supervision except upon a certificate signed by a physician legally qualified to practice medicine setting forth that such child has been successfully vaccinated or that it has previously had small-pox whenever and for a period of twenty-one days after the health authorities of the city borough township or municipality within which such school or schools are located or the State Commissioner of Health shall have given written or printed notice to the said principals or other persons in charge of schools as aforesaid that small-pox (variola or varioloid) exists within dangerous proximity to such school or schools said notice to contain the name and location of the person or persons afflicted with the disease and said notice to be renewable so long as small-pox (variola or varioloid) continues to exist within dangerous proximity to such school or schools and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act

Which was committed to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

House Bill No. 816, entitled:

An act regulating the piling or placing on any public highway of material from a building in course of demolition alteration or repair or of material to be used in a building in course of erection alteration or repair regulating the enforcement of this act and fixing penalties for violation of its provisions

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 817, entitled:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to section one of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania relating to taxation

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 795, entitled:

An act to provide for the establishment of the Pennsylvania State Museum and the various divisions thereof and to create a board of trustees for its government and control

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary General

House Bill No. 1216, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Training School for Feeble Minded Children at Elwyn Delaware county

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1328, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Carroll R Williams J H Shoemaker and A Morton Cooper of Philadelphia for services as attorneys for the Dairy and Food Commissioner and to A K Cassel of said city for services as special agent of the Dairy and Food Commissioner

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1230, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital of the Northern Anthracite Coal Region of Pennsylvania at Scranton Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 173.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No 173, entitled:

An act to amend the tenth and thirty-second sections of an act entitled "An Act providing when how upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements and for the removal of nuisances the procedure upon claims filed therefor the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened and the manner of distributing the proceeds of such sales" approved the fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one as said tenth section was amended by an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven and further amended by an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine and as said thirty-second section was amended by an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven by providing for the filing of municipal claims where appeals are taken from the assessment for the recovery of which such claim is filed and changing the procedure for reviving and continuing the lien of municipal and tax claims and providing that tax and municipal claims shall not be divested by any judicial sale of the property liened where the amount of such tax or municipal claim is not definite or is not due and payable

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 414.

He also presented to the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 414, entitled:

An act authorizing and empowering commissioners in townships of the first class to enter into contract with water companies for the placing of fire hydrants in any village in such township to purchase hose et cetera and to provide for the collection of funds for that purpose by levying a tax upon all owners of property in the district benefited

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 453.

He also presented to the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 453, entitled:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act regulating the compensation of sheriffs for boarding prisoners confined in the county jail in the counties of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania which do not exceed fifty thousand population" by extending the provisions of the act to those having a population not exceeding eighty thousand and requiring the approval solely of the courts of quarter sessions

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 566.

He also presented to the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 566, entitled:

An act to require fire drills in factories and industrial establishments where women or girls are employed providing for the promulgation of rules in respect thereto and providing penalties for the violation thereof

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 635.

He also presented to the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 635, entitled:

An act to safeguard life in the coal mines of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and to protect and preserve the property connected therewith by providing that all inside buildings shall be constructed of incombustible material and providing penalties for failure to comply with the terms of this act and making a violation thereof by mine superintendents a misdemeanor

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 640.

He also presented to the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 640, entitled:

An act creating the office of fire marshal to be attached to the department of public safety in cities of the first class prescribing his duties and powers and providing penalties for violations of the provisions of the act and providing for the method of appointment compensation and for the maintenance of his office

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 549.

He also presented to the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 549, entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes, approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three" approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling chemicals food-stuffs cement or cement products and the quarrying of cement rock' approved May twenty-eighth one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or any part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 647.

He also presented to the Senate communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 647, entitled:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to prevent and punish prize fights and boxing matches in the counties of Pike Schuylkill Luzerne Erie and Montgomery approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six" insofar as it relates to the counties of Schuylkill Luzerne and Montgomery

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

He also presented for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives, as follows:

House Bill No. 860, entitled:

An act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1295, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Hayes' Mechanics' Home located in the city of Philadelphia

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1330, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the commission for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Hospital for the Treatment of the Insane under Homeopathic management to be called the Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1333, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the German Baptist Home for the Aged of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations

House Bill No. 1364, entitled:

An act to authorize the purchase of historical works relative to the services of any regiment or battery or other unit of military organization of Pennsylvania Volunteers during the war for the suppression of the rebellion when same has been approved by the Governor Auditor General and Adjutant General making an appropriation for purchase of same and payment of expenses incurred or services rendered in examination and correction of said histories and providing for distribution of histories so purchased

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

House Bill No. 1365, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania for the protection of property at Lackawaxen in Lackawaxen township Pike county Pennsylvania from the Lackawaxen and Delaware rivers

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 36.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 36, entitled:

An act to regulate the amusement and places of public amusement in this Commonwealth by prohibiting any dramatic theatrical operatic or vaudeville exhibition or the exhibition of any fixed or moving pictures of a lascivious sacriligious obscene indecent or immoral nature or character and providing penalties for the violation thereof

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 651.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 651, entitled:

An act authorizing the appointment of a commission to revise and codify the present Anthracite Mining Laws defining its powers and duties and making an appropriation to defray the expenses of said commission

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 649.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 649, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the First Allegheny Day Nursery and Temporary Home for Children

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 388.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 388, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to reimburse certain counties and townships whose commissioners and supervisors have inadvertently failed to comply with the law governing State aid in the maintenance of highways and regulating the payments herein provided for

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 81.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 81, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Phoenixville Hospital at Phoenixville Pennsylvania

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 78.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 78, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the House of Good Shepherd Scranton Lackawanna county

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 74.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 74, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Coatesville Hospital Coatesville Chester county Pennsylvania

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 437.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 437, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to complete the erection of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Treverton Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields of Pennsylvania situate in the township of Coal Northumberland county Pennsylvania to equip and furnish the said hospital and to enable the commissioners to properly perform the duties assigned them under and by virtue of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 377.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 377, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to aid in the erection of a memorial in commemoration of the victory of Commodore Oliver Hazard Perry at the Battle of Lake Erie and the Centennial Celebration of that event and the northwestern campaign of General William Henry Harrison in the war of one thousand eight hundred and twelve and to defray the expenses of the commission appointed by the Governor of Pennsylvania incurred in connection with said celebration and the erection of said memorial

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 373.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 373, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for injured persons of the Trevorton Shamokin and Mount Carmel coal fields situate in the township of Coal near Shamokin Northumberland county Pennsylvania

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 257.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 257, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Coleman Home for Colored Boys located in the city of Pittsburg Allegheny county Pennsylvania

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 256.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 256, entitled:

An act to make an appropriation for the improvement of the maritime port facilities of the State of Pennsylvania

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 249.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 249, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Frankford Hospital located in Frankford Philadelphia

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 248.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 248, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Fiftieth Anniversary of the Battle of Gettysburg Commission to further carry out the provisions of the act of Assembly approved May thirteenth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine creating said Commission and defining the duty thereof

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 192.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 192, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the Pittsburg Sunshine Children's Home located at Pittsburg Pennsylvania

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 118.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 118, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 79.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 79, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Chester County Hospital West Chester Chester county Pennsylvania

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 84.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 84, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Commonwealth Humane Society

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 58.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 58, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Bethesda Home

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 69.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 69, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Westmoreland Hospital Association of Greensburg Pennsylvania

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 504.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 504, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Agricultural and Mechanical Industrial School for Colored Girls and Boys of Jumonville Fayette county

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 442.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 442, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Industrial Home for the Dependent Adult Blind Citizens of the city of Pittsburg

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 732.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 732, entitled:

An act to promote agriculture by protecting bees to provide for the inspection of apiaries to provide for the suppression of

contagious or infectious diseases among bees and providing penalties for violation of this act

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 56.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 56, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Patrick's Orphan Asylum of Scranton Lackawanna county

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 61.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 61, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the North Pennsylvania General Hospital and Sanitarium located at Austin Pennsylvania

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 323.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 323, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble-Minded Epileptic at Spring City Pennsylvania

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 595.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 595, entitled:

An act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million and defining their qualifications powers and salary

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 120.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 120, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to reimburse Robert E Wible for money erroneously paid into the State Treasury and authorizing the State Treasurer to make such payment upon proper warrant of the Auditor General

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 706.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 706, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Bradford Hospital of the city of Bradford

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 704.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 704, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Beacon Light Mission

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 705.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 705, entitled:

An act providing for a survey of Pymatuning Swamp and an examination into the feasibility of constructing a reservoir therein to conserve the waters draining into said swamp and making an appropriation therefor

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 614.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 614, entitled:

An act authorizing the appointment of a Commission to inquire into the causes and results of industrial accidents study advanced methods for safeguarding against the same and inquire into the subject of fair compensation for those injured or killed as a result thereof and making an appropriation for the expenses of said commission

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 117.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 117, entitled:

An act appropriating the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars to the City of Philadelphia toward the erection of buildings for the care and maintenance of feeble-minded and idiotic persons in said city to be known as the "Philadelphia Institution for the Feeble-Minded"

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 251.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 251, entitled:

An act to authorize the completion of a dike or dikes for the protection of property adjacent to the Delaware River in Falls Township Bucks County and the payment of all monies still due for work heretofore done on the said dike or dikes and making an appropriation therefor

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 82.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 82, entitled:

An act making an approriation for the refunding of collateral inheritance taxes erroneously paid from the estate of Mary S Lundy under the provisions of the acts of June twelfth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight and March twenty-fifth one thousand nine hundred and one

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 746.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 746, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Erie Home of the Friendless of the City of Erie Erie County Pennsylvania

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 709.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 709, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Francis Hospital Pittsburg Pennsylvania

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 707.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 707, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Kane Summit Hospital Association of Kane McKean county Pennsylvania

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 124.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 124, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic at Spring City Pennsylvania

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 380.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 380, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the Stroudsburg Hospital Stroudsburg

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 89.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 89, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Jewish Sanitorium for Consumptives located at Eaglesville Montgomery county

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 799.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 799, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of a deficiency that has arisen in the payment of expenses incurred in the prevention and extinguishment of forest fires and also for the payment of such expenses that may be incurred to and including May thirty-first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 798.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 798, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings for the purpose of reimbursing George Gray Barnard for moneys expended in excess of the contract price for the preparation transportation and delivery and setting in place at the State Capitol of certain groups of marble

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 37.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 37, entitled:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 755.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 755, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Christian Home for Women of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 754.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 754, entitled:

An act to reimburse Fidelity Trust Company of Philadelphia Trustee under the will of Sarah A Smith deceased for money erroneously paid by it and received by the State for taxes upon the investments held by said trustee and authorizing the State Treasurer to refund the sum of four thousand four hundred and thirty-two dollars and eighty cents ($4,432.80) for that purpose

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 753.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 753, entitled:

An act to reimburse Fidelity Trust Company of Philadelphia Trustee under the will of Richard Smith deceased for money erroneously paid by it and received by the State for taxes upon the investments held by said trustees and authorizing the State Treasurer to refund the sum of twenty-three thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight dollars and twelve cents ($23,828.12) for that purpose

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 229.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 229, entitled:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to provide for the vacation and closing of alleys lanes or passageways that are or may hereafter become public nuisances and to compensate abutting property owners or others who may be damaged thereby and assess benefits if any there be" by fixing the number of the jury at three

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 404.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 404, entitled:

An act making it a misdemeanor for an officer or employe of any employer of labor in Pennsylvania to solicit demand or receive directly or indirectly from any person or persons any moneys or other valuable thing for the purpose actual or alleged of either obtaining for the latter employment in the service of said employer or continuing in said employment and providing for the punishment thereof on conviction

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 411.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 411, entitled:

An act to amend section one and extend the provisions of an act entitled "An Act giving additional protection to the game of the State and wild birds within the limits of preserves created under the provisions of the act of May eleventh one thousand nine hundred and five and under the control of the Board of Game Commissioners and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions approved the fifteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven"

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. CLARK, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1166, entitled:

An act relating to private sales of real estate ordered, decreed or approved by the Orphans' Courts and providing a method of giving notice of such sales and validating such private sales of real estate heretofore made under the authority of the Orphans' Courts for the payment of debts

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 831 (House No. 671), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to refund to Jacob Beitzel of the city of York Pennsylvania certain moneys inadvertently and erroneously paid by him into the State Treasury for a distiller's license for a distillery heretofore and now known as the Hellam Distilling Company

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock,	Manbeck	Snyder,
Alexander,	Herbst,	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher,	McConnell	Sproul,
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter,	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols,	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones,	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox,	Keyser	Powell,	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus.	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields,	Crow
Hays,	Kurtz,		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 832 (House No. 690), entitled:

A joint resolution for the participation of the State of Pennsylvania in the Panama-Pacific International Exposition to be held in San Francisco in nineteen hundred and fifteen to celebrate the completion and opening of the Panama Canal and the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of the Pacific ocean and providing for the appointment of a commission and making an appropriation to defray the expenses of the same

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—26.

Adams	Hays	Knapp	Shields
Baldwin	Homsher	McNichol	Snyder
Buckman	Hunter	Miller	Vare
Catlin	Jarrett	Morgan	Wilbert
Cooper	Jones	Nulty	Wolf
Endsley	Keyser	Salus	Crow
Gerberich	Kline		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—4.

Herbst	Judson	Martin	McIlhenny

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Mr. McILHENNY. Mr. President, I rise to a point of order.

The PRESIDENT. The Senator will state his point of order.

Mr. McILHENNY. Mr. President, does it not take two-thirds to pass this bill?

The PRESIDENT. There is a State Commission provided for in this bill and it does not require a two-thirds vote.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 833 (House No. 715), entitled:

An act refunding twenty-five dollars to Frederick J Cuneo

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder,
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher,	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman,	Huffman,	McIlhenny	Thomson,
Catlin	Hunter,	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison,	McNichols,	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller,	Wasbers,
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley,	Judson	Nulty	Wertz,
Fox	Keyser,	Powell,	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline,	Salus	Wolf.
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow,
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Mr. WILBERT. Mr. President, I move that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Senate Bill No. 1133 (House No. 1215), on third reading, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Reform School at Morganza Pennsylvania and granting its managers the authority to raze old buildings

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Accordingly,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1133 (House No. 1215), as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Reform School at Morganza Pennsylvania and granting its managers the authority to raze old buildings

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two hundred fifty-one thousand five hundred dollars ($251,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Pennsylvania Reform School Morganza Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purposes namely

For the payment of salaries the sum of eighty thousand dollars ($80,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the resident physician medical attendance nurses bureau of parole and expenses of parole officers the sum of seven thousand three hundred dollars ($7,300) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the Industrial school the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For library books and the cataloguing of same the sum of six hundred dollars ($600) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For payment of ice plant and the refrigeration of rooms additions and equipping new kitchen and officers' quarters building the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For fire hydrants fire equipment and repairs to lines the sum of six hundred dollars ($600) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For painting and glazing and repairs the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars ($2,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For gymnasium equipment balcony and stairway erection of stage and inside finishing of gymnasium the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For steam heat improvements and sanitary plumbing the sum of three thousand ($3,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For extension of electric light plant the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purchase of boilers for new power house laying lines installing of stokers and equipment doing cement work and the building of railroad trackage the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the completion of water plant laying new and repairing old lines the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the building and repairing of roads and brick pavements and the purchase of a road roller the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For insurance the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars ($2,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the building of three cottages for inmates the sum of eighty-seven thousand dollars ($87,000) or so much theref as may be necessary which said sum shall be for the building furnishing and equipping the same complete

For the erecting and equipping of an industrial building the sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. WILBERT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section one, line forty, by striking out the word "ten" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "fifteen;" also in the same line by striking out the figures "$10,000" and inserting in lieu thereof the figures "$15,000;" also in line forty-eight by striking out the words "eighty-seven" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "seventy-two;" also in the same line by striking out the figures "$87,000" and inserting in lieu thereof the figures "$72,000;" also in line fifty-two by striking out the word "fifteen" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "twenty-five" also in the same line by striking out the figures "$15,000" and inserting in lieu thereof the figures "$25,000." This does not increase the amount, just changes the different purposes for which they may be used.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendments were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 834 (House No. 730), entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the protection of the monument erected by this Commonwealth at Cherrytree or Canoe Place Indiana County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 835 (House No. 732), entitled:

An act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to John Minsinberger the amount paid by him for his commission as a notary public

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 836 (House No. 741), entitled:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane" approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by extending the time during which said appropriation shall be available

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlHenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 837 (House No. 770., entitled:

A joint resolution constituting a commission to investigate and report to the General Assembly a plan for the segregation care and treatment of feeble-minded and epileptic persons within the Commonwealth and making an appropriation thereto

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—26.

Adams	Hays	McConnell	Snyder
Buskman	Homsher	McNichol	Tustin
Catlin	Hunter	McNichols	Vare
Clark	Jarrett	Morgan	Wilbert
Cooper	Keyser	Salus	Wolf
Fox	Kline	Shields	Crow
Gerberich	Knapp		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—6.

Heacock	Judson	Miller	Wasbers
Herbst			Weingartner

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 838 (House No. 774), entitled:

An act creating a Bureau of Preliminary Professional Education with authority to determine the preliminary education of students desiring to commence and fully complete the study of medicine surgery pharmacy or dentistry providing for the number and term and appointment of its members defining the powers and prescribing the duties of said bureau authorizing rules and regulations therefor creating an appropriation for the maintenance thereof making the violation of the provisions of this act unlawful and prescribing the punishment therefor and repealing all laws inconsistent with this act

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—28.

Adams	Gerberich	McConnell	Thomson
Buckman	Hall	McNichol	Tustin
Catlin	Homsher	McNichols	Vare
Clark	Hunter	Salus	Wertz
Cooper	Keyser	Shields	Wilbert
Endsley	Kline	Snyder	Wolf
Fox	Knapp	Sproul	Crow
			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—9.

Herbst	Martin	Morgan	Wasbers
Jarrett	Miller	Powell	Weingartner
Judson			

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 839 (House No. 825), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to pay the judgments obtained against the Commonwealth by Guiseppe Carriaggi Stefano Pagano Salvatore Bellavia Salvatore Stutto Francesco Cirranni Guiseppe Cirrannia Cologero Arno Cologero Corriero Carlo Plungeri Michaelena Mandrina Muzza and Felice Muzza and Michalena Mandrina Muzza and Felice Muzza executors of Mariassunto Acro Guercio

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McIlhenny	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McConnell	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 840 (House No. 851), entitled:

An act to provide for the support of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and Naval Force of Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and for the payment of annual allowance to officers of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and Naval Force of Pennsylvania and for the purpose of placing five hundred thousand dollars or as much thereof as may be necessary at the disposal of the Governor of the Commonwealth and making same available to pay expenses incident to actual service rendered by the National Guard of Pennsylvania under orders of the Governor in repelling of invasion subduing insurrection riot or disorder or to furnish the quota of volunteers from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania under a call made by the President of the United States

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 841 (House No. 871), entitled:

An act to provide for the better protection of the lives bodies and health of women and new-born children throughout the Commonwealth by regulating the practice of midwifery as performed by midwives and to provide for the licensing and registration of midwives in the State of Pennsylvania and to provide that the Medical Council of the State of Pennsylvania shall enforce the provisions of this act making an appropriation therefor and providing certain penalties

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 842 (House No. 909), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Wyoming Valley Society for the Prevention and Treatment of Tuberculosis of Wilkes-Barre Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 843 (House No. 910), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the United Charities of Hazleton Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 844 (House No. 911), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Middle Coal Field

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 845 (House No. 912), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Almira Home of New Castle Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 846 (House No. 913), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Nanticoke Hospital Association

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken, agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare

Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 847 (House No. 914), entitled:

An act providing for an examination of the Nanticoke Hospital of Nanticoke Luzerne county Pennsylvania providing for the transfer under certain conditions of the said hospital to the Commonwealth regulating said hospital in the event of such transfer and making an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this act

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 848 (House No. 915), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Wilkes-Barre City Hospital

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 849 (House No. 916), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittston Hospital Association

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated to Pittston Hospital Association for the following purposes namely

For the maintenance of the hospital for two years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum of sixteen thousand dollars

For the erection completion and equipping of new building the sum of four thousand dollars

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 850 (House No. 917), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Old Ladies Home of Wissinoming Philadelphia Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 851 (House No. 919), as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fifty thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Children's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purpose namely

For the purpose of maintenance the sum of fifty thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller,	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 852 (House No. 921), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the West Philadelphia Hospital for Women in the city of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow,
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 853 (House No. 922), entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the Friends' Home for Children Philadelphia Pennsylvania situate at four thousand and eleven Aspen street (West Philadelphia)

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman,	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 854 (House No. 923), as follows:

An Act making an appropriation to the Eastern State Penitentiary of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the following sums or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated to the Eastern State Penitentiary for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purposes namely

For salaries of officers and parole work the sum of two hundred thousand ($200,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

To reimburse funds of treasurer for salaries paid in excess of appropriation awarded under act of May thirteen one thousand nine hundred and nine the sum of seven thousand three hundred twenty-one dollars and eighty-seven cents ($7,321.87) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For general repairs the sum of six thousand six hundred forty-seven ($6,647) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

To reimburse funds of the Treasurer for parole expenses salaries of officers traveling expenses and transportation the sum of twenty-five hundred eighty-nine dollars ninety-seven cents ($2,589.97)

To complete and equip cold storage ice plant and cold water supply the sum of seven thousand five hundred fifty dollars and eighteen cents ($7,550.18)

For lathe equipment and mechanical tools the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000)

For printing department press equipment and so forth the sum of nine hundred dollars ($900)

For sanitary plumbing the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For library books and stationary the sum of one thousand ($1,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For each discharged convict from the City of Philadelphia or whose residence is within fifty miles thereof the sum of five ($5.00) dollars and for each discharged convict whose residence is more than fifty miles from the City of Philadelphia the sum of ten ($10.00) dollars—the sum total thereof of seven thousand five hundred ($7,500) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

To reimburse funds of treasurer for gratuities paid discharged convicts in re-appropriation awarded June thirteen one thousand nine hundred and seven (payment deferred by virtue of an act approved May eleven one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws five hundred nineteen number two hundred ninety-one) the sum of seven hundred eighty ($780) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

To reimburse funds of treasurer for gratuities paid discharged convicts in excess of the appropriation awarded May thirteen one thousand nine hundred nine the sum of one thousand ($1,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock,	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander,	Herbst,	Martin	Sones
Baldwin,	Homsher,	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman,	Huffman,	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin,	Hunter,	McNichol	Tustin
Clark,	Jamison,	McNichols	Vare
Cooper,	Jarrett,	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt,	Jones,	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley,	Judson,	Nulty	Wertz
Fox,	Kline,	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich,	Keyser,	Salus	Wolf
Hall,	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays,	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 855 (House No. 924), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Women's Southern Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams,	Heacock,	Manbeck,	Snyder,
Alexander,	Herbst,	Martin,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Homsher,	McConnell,	Sproul,
Buckman,	Huffman,	McIlhenny,	Thompson,
Catlin	Hunter,	McNichol,	Tustin,
Clark,	Jamison,	McNichols,	Vare,
Cooper,	Jarrett,	Miller,	Wasbers,
DeWitt,	Jones,	Morgan,	Weingartner,
Endsley,	Judson,	Nulty,	Wertz,
Fox,	Keyser,	Powell,	Wilbert,
Gerberich,	Kline,	Salus,	Wolf,
Hall,	Knapp,	Shields,	Crow,
Hays,	Kurtz,		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with the information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 856 (House No. 925), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Union Home for Old Ladies of West Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnel	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 857 (House No. 926), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Penn Asylum for Indigent Widows and Single Women located at Belgrade street and Susquehanna avenue Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McIlhenny	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McConnel	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 858 (House No. 927), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Mary's Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken, agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows. viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 859 (House No. 928), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Museum and School of Industrial Art of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Keyser	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Kline	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Knapp	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Kurtz	Shields	Crow
Hays			Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 860 (House No. 929), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Aged of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Kline	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Keyser	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 861 (House No. 930), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Nazarene Home for the Aged at Philadelphia Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark,	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich,	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 862 (House No. 931), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Samaritan Hospital of Temple University of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich,	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 863 (House No. 932), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Blind

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich,	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

The Acting President pro tem. (Mr. ADAMS) in the Chair.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 864 (House No. 933), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Society to Protect Children from Cruelty of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich,	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 865 (House No. 934), entitled:

An act making an appropriation towards the maintenance of the Pennsylvania Nautical Schoolship located at the Port of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 866 (House No. 935), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial Commission for the balance required to reimburse the railroad companies for the transportation to the dedication of the Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial dedicated September twenty-seventh one thousand nine hundred and ten of such veterans of Pennsylvania regiments and other organizations as were entitled to be transported thereto

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny,	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin

Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall,	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 867 (House No. 936), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Home Teaching Society and Free Circulating Library for the Blind

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and [illegible] as follows, viz:

YE

Adams	Heacock	[illegible]eck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst,	Martin	Sones,
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark,	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 868 (House No. 937), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Kensington Hospital for Women at Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny,	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett,	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 869 (House No. 938), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Stetson Hospital of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman,	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser,	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields.	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 870 (House No. 939), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Northwestern General Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 871 (House No. 940), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Chestnut Hill Hospital of Chestnut Hill Philadelphia Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones,
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman,	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark,	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 872 (House No. 941), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial Commission for the purpose of having designed modelled made and erected on the State memorial or monument at Gettysburg dedicated September twenty-seventh one thousand nine hundred and ten bronze statutes of President Lincoln Governor Curtin and of Major-Generals Meade Reynolds Hancock Birney Pleasonton and Gregg and of completing the monument and correction of misspelled names or omissions on tablets grading and making a pavement around monument and expenses of Commission

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General

Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of forty thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial Commission for the purpose of having made and placed in the niches on the monument or memorial now on the Gettysburg Battlefield and which was dedicated September twenty-seventh one thousand nine hundred and ten eight bronze statutes one each of President Lincoln Governor Curtin Major-Generals Meade Reynolds Hancock Birney Pleasonton and Gregg also for completing the monument by correcting misspelled names or omissions on tablets grading and making pavement around monument some minor repairs of work and expenses of Commission

Section 2 For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this act this sum of forty thousand ($40,000) dollars is specifically appropriated out of any moneys in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated said appropriation to be paid by the State Treasurer upon warrants drawn by the Auditor General from time to time as the work progresses and the necessary expenses of the Commission upon specifically itemized vouchers approved by the proper officers of the Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial Commission

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones,
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 873 (House No. 942), entitled:

A joint resolution providing for the appointment by the Governor of a commission to be known as the Pennsylvania State Vaccination Commission and defining its powers and duties and making an appropriation for the expenses thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, I am opposed to this bill, because this information can all be gotten from the State Department of Health.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—36.

Adams	Gerberich	Knapp	Snyder
Alexander	Heacock	McConnell	Sproul
Baldwin	Homsher	McIlhenny	Thomson
Buckman	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Catlin	Jamison	McNichols	Weingartner
Clark	Jarrett	Morgan	Wertz
Cooper	Jones	Powell	Wilbert
Endsley	Keyser	Salus	Wolf
Fox	Kline	Shields	Crow
			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—8.

Hall	Judson	Miller	Sones
Herbst	Martin	Nulty	Wasbers

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 874 (House No. 943), entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the expenses required by an act entitled "An Act to provide for the continuance of the education and maintenance of the destitute orphans of the deceased soldiers sailors and marines and the destitute children of permanently disabled soldiers sailors and marines of the State" approved May twenty-fifth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine also making an appropriation to carry out the provsions of an act to provide for the education and maintenance of the children admitted to the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphans' Industrial School and the Soldiers' Orphans' Schools approved May twenty-seventh one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 875 (House No. 945), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Seamen's Fund Society of Philadelphia Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox,	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 876 (House No. 946), entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the McKeesport Hospital McKeesport Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett,	Miller	Washers

DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 877 (House No. 947), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Polyclinic Hospital of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 878 (House No. 948), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Nursery Home of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 879 (House No. 949), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Messiah Home Orphanage of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner,
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp,	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 880 (House No. 950), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Industrial Home at Harrisburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett,	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 881 (House No. 951), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless at Harrisburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 882 (House No. 952), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Sylvan Heights Home for Orphan Girls at Harrisburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny,	Thomson

Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 883 (House No. 953), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Lunatic Hospital for the Southern District of Pennsylvania located at Harrisburg

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of forty thousand nine hundred forty-one dollars and sixty-five cents or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the State Lunatic Hospital for the Southern District of Pennsylvania located at Harrisburg for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purposes namely

For the erection of a chapel and amusement hall the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of debt incurred by the institution for tile work for floor and walls of hydrotherapeutic room and for covering with tin the wood work of electrical converter room in psychopathic ward building the sum of nine hundred forty-one dollars and sixty-five cents or so much thereof as may be necessary For the purpose of adding and erection of a sun parlor to the present hospital buildings the sum of five thousand dollars

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 884 (House No. 954), entitled:

An act to provide for the publishing of the proceedings of the dedication of the Pennsylvania Monument at Salisbury North Carolina erected under an act of the Legislature of Pennsylvania June thirteenth one thousand nine hundred and seven providing for the distribution and clerical work thereof and making an appropriation for the same

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock,	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark,	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox,	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz,		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 885 (House No. 955), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Harrisburg Hospital of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny,	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin,
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert,
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp,	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Resentatives with the information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 886 (House No. 956), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittendon Mission of Harrisburg Pennylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock,	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny,	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin,
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt,	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 887 (House No. 957), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Good Samaritan Hospital of Lebanon Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare

Cooper	Jarrett,	Miller	Wasbers,
DeWitt,	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall,	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays,	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 888 (House No. 958), entitled:

An act refunding to the trustees of the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane the sum of fifteen thousand dollars to liquidate outstanding bills against said institution

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin,	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare,
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall,	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays,	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 889 (House No. 959), entitled:

An act amending the fifteenth section of an act approved the twenty-second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania and making an appropriation therefor" as amended by the first section of an act approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act amending section fifteen of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the chronic insane to be called the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania and making an appropriation therefor' approved the twenty-second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one so as to fix the maximum amount for the maintenance weekly per capita" by increasing to three dollars and fifty cents the maximum amount per capita for weekly maintenance one dollar and fifty cents thereof to be paid by the county or poor district from which the patient shall have been received

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul,
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols,	Vare,
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers,
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 890 (House No. 960), entitled:

An act providing for the exhibition and celebration in Philadelphia to commemorate the fiftieth anniversary of the Emancipation Proclamation creating a commission to conduct same and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin,	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman,	Huffman	McIlhenny,	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt,	Jones,	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson,	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 891 (House No. 961), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Institute for the Deaf and Dumb for maintenance and education of State pupils and also a special appropriation for one deaf dumb and blind pupil

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander,	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman,	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols,	Vare,
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty,	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 892 (House No. 962), entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the Cottage State Hospital Philipsburg Center county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 893 (House No. 963), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Training in Speech of Deaf Children before they are of School Age at Belmont Avenue and Monument Road Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock,	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman,	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 894 (House No. 964), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Board of Commissioners of Navigation for the River Delaware and its Navigable Tributaries for two years from June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan,	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz,
Fox	Keyser	Powell,	Wilbert
Gerberich,	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 895 (House No. 965), entitled:

An act to provide for the payment of the expenses incident to the attendance of the Members of the Pennsylvania Legislature at the funeral of the Honorable J. Calvin Meyer deceased

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt,	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 896 (House No. 966), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to pay for the care treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane in the State and semi-State hospitals for the insane of the Commonwealth for the two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin,	Sones,
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields,	Crow
Hays	Kurtz,		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 897 (House No. 967), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to pay for the care treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane in county and local institutions of the Commonwealth for the two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin,	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell,	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz,		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 898 (House No. 968), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to cover the deficiencies incurred in the care treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane of the Commonwealth during the two years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and nine and ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones,
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 899 (House No. 969), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Memorial Home at Brookville Jefferson county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 900 (House No. 970), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Epileptic Hospital and Colony Farm, Chester county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones,
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny,	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare,
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 901 (House No. 971), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Beaver Valley General Hospital at New Brighton Beaver county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones,
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 902 (House No. 972), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Rochester General Hospital at Rochester Beaver county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman,	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 903 (House No. 973), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Beaver County Children's Home Association of New Brighton Beaver county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder,
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman,	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare,
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 904 (House No. 974), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Sewickley Fresh Air Home in Beaver county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, nd agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the pro- sions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

dams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
lexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
aldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
uckman	Huffmar	McIlhenny	Thomson
atlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
lark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare,
ooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
eWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
ndsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
ox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
erberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
all	Knapp	Shields	Crow
ays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the uestion was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of epresentatives with information that the Senate has assed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consid- ration of Senate Bill No. 905 (House No. 975), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Passavant Memorial omes for the Care of Epileptics at Rochester Beaver county ennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, nd agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the pro- sions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

dams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
lexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
aldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
uckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
atlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
ark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
ooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
eWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
ndsley	Judson	Nulty,	Wertz
ox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
erberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
all	Knapp	Shields	Crow
ays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the uestion was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of epresentatives with information that the Senate has assed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consid- ation of Senate Bill No. 906 (House No. 976), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Adrian Hospital As- ciation of Punxsutawney Jefferson county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, nd agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the pro- sions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

dams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
exander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
ldwin	Homsher,	McConnell	Sproul
uckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
tlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
ark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
oper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
Witt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
dsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
x	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
rberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
ll	Knapp	Shields	Crow
ys	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the estion was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of epresentatives with information that the Senate has ssed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 907 (House No. 977), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the National Farm School at Doylestown

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin,	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 908 (House No. 978), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Christopher's Hospital for Children of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol,	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones,	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 909 (House No. 979), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Women's Homeopathic Association of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 910 (House No. 980), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Infants

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 911 (House No. 981), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged Couples of the City of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	**Miller**	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz,
Fox	**Keyser**	**Powell**	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 912 (House No. 982), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Mount Sinai Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones,
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Kevser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 913 (House No. 983), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Museums

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
Dewitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 914 (House No. 984), entitled:

An act providing for the erection by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a statue in memory of General George Gordon Meade in the city of Washington and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock,	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander,	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman,	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols,	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones,	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf,
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 915 (House No. 985), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the Roosevelt Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eight thousand ($8,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Roosevelt Hospital of Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purpose namely

For maintenance the sum of eight thousand ($8,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck,	Snyder,
Alexander	Herbst,	Martin	Sones,
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell,	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin,	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller,	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley,	Judson	Nulty	Wertz,
Fox	Keyser,	Powell	Wilbert,
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow,
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 916 (House No. 986), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Howard Hospital of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams,	Heacock	Manbeck,	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman,	McIlhenny,	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark,	Jamison,	McNichols,	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller,	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan,	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert,
Gerberich,	Kline	Salus,	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 917 (House No. 987), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Mount Pleasant Memorial Hospital Mount Pleasant Westmoreland county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams,	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin,	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman,	Huffman	McIlhenny,	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols,	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett,	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt,	Jones,	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty,	Wertz
Fox,	Keyser	Powell,	Wilbert,
Gerberich	Kline,	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow,
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 918 (House No. 988), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Homestead Hospital Association of Homestead Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck,	Snyder,
Alexander	Herbst	Martin,	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul,
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson,
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller,	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner,
Endsley	Judson		Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline,	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow,
Hays	Kurtz,		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 919 (House No. 989), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Joseph Ratti Hospital located at Bloomsburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock,	Manbeck,	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman,	Huffman	McIlhenny,	Thomson,
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison,	McNichols,	Vare
Cooper,	Jarrett	Miller,	Wasbers,
DeWitt	Jones,	Morgan,	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty,	Wertz
Fox	Keyser,	Powell	Wilbert,
Gerberich	Kline,	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp,	Shields,	Crow
Hays,	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 920 (House No. 990), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Markleton General Hospital at Markleton Somerset County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams,	Heacock,	Manbeck	Snyder,
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul,
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark,	Jamison	McNichols,	Vare,
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt,	Jones	Morgan,	Weingartner
Endsley,	Judson	Nulty,	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	well,	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz,		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 921 (House No. 991), entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the Pennsylvania Oral School for the Deaf

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck,	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny,	Thomson
Catlin,	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark,	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan,	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson,	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser,	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline,	Salus,	Wolf,
Hall,	Knapp,	Shields	Crow,
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 922 (House No. 992), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Home and Maternity Hospital of Scranton Lackawanna County

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark,	Jamison	McNichols,	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers,
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty,	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert,
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf,
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 923 (House No. 993), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Carbondale Hospital Association of the city of Carbondale

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock,	Shields.	Snyder
Alexander,	Herbst,	Manbeck	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	Martin	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman,	McConnell	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter,	McIlhenny	Tustin
Clark	Jamison,	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	McNichols,	Washers
DeWitt	Jones,	Miller,	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Morgan	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Nulty	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Powell	Wolf
Hall,	Knapp	Salus	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 924 (House No. 994), entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the Associated Charities and Humane Society of Lackawanna County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck,	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher,	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman,	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark,	Jamison,	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett,	Miller,	Washers.
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner,
Endsley,	Judson	Nulty,	Wertz
Fox,	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich,	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp,	Shields,	Crow
Hays	Kurtz,		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 925 (House No. 995), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the West Mountain Sanatorium of Scranton Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck.	Snyder,
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin,	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin,	Hunter,	McNichol	Tustin.
Clark	Jamison	McNichols,	Vare.
Cooper	Jarrett,	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones,	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox,	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline		Wolf
Hall,	Knapp	Shields,	Crow
Hays	Kurtz,		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 926 (House No. 996), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittendon Mission of Scranton

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder,
Alexander,	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin,	Homsher	McConnell,	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny,	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin,
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones,	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley,	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser,	Powell,	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields,	Crow
Hays	Kurtz,		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 927 (House No. 997), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Hahnemann Hospital of Scranton Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams,	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson,
Catlin	Hunter,	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison,	McNichols	Vare
Cooper,	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan,	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox,	Keyser,	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 928 (House No. 988), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Taylor Hospital Association

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin,	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin,	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan,	Weingartner
Endsley,	Judson,	Nulty,	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell,	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline,	Salus	Wolf
Hall,	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 929 (House No. 999), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Mid-Valley Hospital

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin,	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare.
Cooper,	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser,	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich,	Kline	Salus,	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 930 (House No. 1000), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Benevolent Association's Home for Children of Pottsville Schuylkill County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams,	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher,	Connell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson,
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark,	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz,
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline,	Salus,	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays,	Kurtz,		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 931 (House No. 1001), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin,	Homsher,	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin,	Hunter	McNichol,	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett,	Miller	Washers
Dewitt	Jones	Morgan,	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields,	Crow,
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 932 (House No. 1002), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Elk County General Hospital of Ridgway Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin,	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Homsher

Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 933 (House No. 1003), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic Home Department of Pennsylvania at Hawkins Station Allegheny County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck,	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul,
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin,	Hunter,	McNichol	Tustin
Clark,	Jamison,	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley,	Judson	Nulty,	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus,	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow,
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 934 (House No. 1004), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Suburban General Hospital of Bellevue Allegheny County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 935 (House No. 1005), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Allegheny General Hospital of Pittsburg North Side Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 936 (House No. 1006), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Western Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison,	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 937 (House No. 1007), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Curtis Home for Destitute Women and Children of the City of Pittsburg State of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 938 (House No. 1008), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Columbia Hospital at Wilkinsburg to be applied to maintenance and improvements

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 939 (House No. 1009), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital at Wilkes-Barre Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 940 (House No. 1010), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittendon Circle of Wilkes-Barre Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 941 (House No. 1011), entitled:

An act to provide for the publishing of the proceedings of the dedication of the Pennsylvania Monument at Cold Harbor Virginia erected under an act of the Legislature of Pennsylvania June thirteenth one thousand nine hundred and seven providing for the distribution and clerical work thereof and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander,	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 942 (House No. 1019), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Girls' Training School one hundred and thirty-one East Third street Williamsport Lycoming County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	Michnols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 943 (House No. 1013), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Boys' Industrial Home at Williamsport Lycoming County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz

Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 944 (House No. 1014), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Aged Colored Women's Home at Williamsport Lycoming County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. SONES. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section one, line four, by striking out the words and figures "one thousand five hundred ($1,500)" and inserting in lieu thereof the words and figures "two thousand ($2,000)."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No 945 (House No. 1015), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittendon Mission Williamsport Lycoming County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 946 (House No. 1016), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless of the City of Williamsport Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 947 (House No. 1017), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Lewistown Hospital of Lewistown

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 948 (House No. 1018), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the Nason Hospital Association of Roaring Spring Blair county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fourteen thousand dollars ($14,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Nason Hospital Association of Roaring Spring Blair county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance the sum of fourteen thousand dollars ($14,000) or as much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 949 (House No. 1019), entitled:

act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State ital for the Insane at Danville Pennsylvania

nd said bill having been read at length the third time, agreed to,

n the question,

hall the bill pass finally?

he yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the pro- ons of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

ns	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
ander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
win	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
kman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
in	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
k	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
er	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
itt	**Jones**	Morgan	Weingartner
ley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
erich	**Kline**	**Salus**	Wolf
	Knapp	Shields	Crow
s	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the tion was determined in the affirmative.

rdered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of resentatives with information that the Senate has ed the same without amendments.

greeably to order,

he Senate proceeded to the third reading and consid- ion of Senate Bill No. 950 (House No. 1020), entitled:

n act making an appropriation to the Butler County General pital at Butler Pennsylvania

nd said bill having been read at length the third time, agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

he yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the pro- ons of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

ms	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
ander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
win	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
kman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
in	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
k	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
er	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
itt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
sley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
berich	**Kline**	**Salus**	Wolf
	Knapp	Shields	Crow
s	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the stion was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of resentatives with information that the Senate has ed the same without amendments.

greeably to order,

he Senate proceeded to the third reading and consid- tion of Senate Bill No. 951 (House No. 1021), entitled:

n act making an appropriation to the Latrobe Hospital robe Pennsylvania

nd said bill having been read at length the third time, agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

he yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the pro- ons of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

ms	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
xander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
dwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
kman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
in	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
k	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
er	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
itt	**Jones**	Morgan	Weingartner
sley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
berich	**Kline**	**Salus**	Wolf
	Knapp	Shields	Crow
s	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the stion was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of resentatives with information that the Senate has ed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 952 (House No. 1022), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Cottage State Hospital at Connellsville Fayette county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. McNICHOLS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend the bill as follows: By striking out in section 1, line 4, the words "twenty-one" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "twenty-two;" also by striking out in the same line the figures "$21,000" and inserting in lieu thereof the figures "$22,000;" also by striking out in section 1 the words "for the purpose of insuring buildings, constructing a sun parlor and providing necessary instruments for the hospital, the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000), or so much thereof as may be necessary" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "for the purpose of building and equipping an X-ray or pathological room, the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000), or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the purpose of building and furnishing a sun parlor the sum of five hundred dollars ($500), or so much thereof as may be necessary, for new instruments the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars ($250), or so much thereof as may be necessary, for insuring for two years the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars ($250), or so much thereof as may be necessary."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendments were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 953 (House No. 1023), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Joseph's Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 954 (House No. 1024), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Historical Society of Western Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	**Snyder**
Alexander	**Herbst**	**Martin**	Sones
Baldwin	**Homsher**	**McConnell**	**Sproul**
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	**Thomson**
Catlin	Hunter	**McNichol**	**Tustin**
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers

DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 955 (House No. 1025), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Francis Hospital of Pittsburg

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 956 (House No. 1026), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Presbyterian Hospital of Pittsburg

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 957 (House No. 1027), entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the Dixmont Hospital for the Insane at Dixmont in the County of Allegheny

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 958 (House No. 1029), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittsburg Home for Babies of Pittsburg

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 959 (House No. 1030), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Institution of Protestant Deaconesses of Allegheny county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 960 (House No. 1031), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Chartiers Valley General Hospital of Ingram Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Homsher
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Vasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 961 (House No. 1032), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Montefiore Hospital Association of Pittsburg

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 962 (House No. 1033), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Home of the Good Shepherd of the County of Allegheny Troy Hill

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 963 (House No. 1034), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Industrial Home for Colored Working Girls Pittsburg

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	[illegible]	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Homsher
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 964 (House No. 1035), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the German Home for Aged at Fair Oaks Allegheny county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Hunter	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Jamison	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jarrett	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jones	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Judson	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Keyser	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Kline	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Knapp	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Kurtz	Shields	Crow
Hays			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 965 (House No. 1036), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Kurtz	Shields
Alexander	Herbst	Manbeck,	Snyder
Baldwin	Homsher	Martin	Sones
Buckman	Huffman	McConnell	Sproul
Catlin	Hunter	McIlhenny	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichol	Vare,
Cooper	Jarrett	McNichols	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Miller	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Morgan	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Nulty	Wilbert
Gerberich,	Kline	Powell	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Salus	Crow
Hays			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 966 (House No. 1037), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Orphans' Asylum of the Holy Family located at Emsworth in the county of Allegheny

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 967 (House No. 1038), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Protestant Home for Boys of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich,	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 968 (House No. 1039), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Avery College Trade School of North Side Pittsburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder,
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	**Jones**	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	**Wertz**
Fox	Keyser	Powell	**Wilbert**
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	**Wolf**
Hall	Knapp	**Shields**	Crow
Hays	**Kurtz**		**Pres. pro tem.**

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 969 (House No. 1040), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania located at Wernersville Pennsylvania to pay for the care treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane in said asylum for the two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 970 (House No. 1041), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Widows and Single Women of Lebanon and Lebanon county

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	**Sones**
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	**Weingartner**
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	**Wilbert**
Gerberich,	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 971 (House No. 1042), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburg

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	**Manbeck**	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	**Sones**
Baldwin	**Homsher**	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	**McNichol**	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	**Vare**
Cooper	Jarrett	**Miller**	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	**Wilbert**
Gerberich	**Kline**	Salus	**Wolf**
Hall	**Knapp**	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 972 (House No. 1043), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the State Forest Academy at Mont Alto Franklin county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 973 (House No. 1044), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Todd Hospital at Carlisle Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 974 (House No. 1045), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the board of trustees of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' and Sailors' Home at Erie Pennsylvania for maintenance of said home and fixing the annual maximum per capita rate of maintenance and providing that all moneys received from the United States by the Governor on account of maintenance shall be paid into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 975 (House No. 1046), entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the refunding of fees paid into the State Treasury by applicants for a notary public commission when for any cause such commission shall not be received by the applicant and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields,	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 976 (House No. 1047), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the New Castle Hospital at New Castle Lawrence county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 977 (House No. 1049), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Panther Creek Valley Hospital Coaldale Schuylkill county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul

Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 978 (House No. 1051), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Medico-Chirurgical Hospital of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 979 (House No. 1052), entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the House of the Good Shepherd of Philadelphia situate at Thirty-fifth and Fairmount avenue

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 980 (House No. 1053), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Woman's Hospital of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 981 (House No. 1054), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Hebrew Sheltering Home and Day Nursery for Children in the County of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 982 (House No. 1055), entitled:

An act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act for the compilation and publication of the laws of the Province and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania prior to the year one thousand eight hundred" approved the nineteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven continuing the commissioners appointed in accordance with the provisions of said act for the further period of two years and making an appropriation for the expenses therein referred to

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 983 (House No. 1056), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Temporary Home of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 984 (House No. 1057), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Incurables Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of thirty thousand dollars ($30,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Philadelphia Home for Incurables for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck,	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 985 (House No. 1058), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Midnight Mission of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 986 (House No. 1059), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Orthopaedic Hospital and Infirmary for Nervous Diseases

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 987 (House No. 1060), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Wills Eye Hospital of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 988 (House No. 1061), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Protectory for Boys Protectory Station Montgomery County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	[illegible]sher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 989 (House No. 1063), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint John's Orphan Asylum Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 990 (House No. 1065), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the Hospital Department of the Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital of Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one hundred and twenty thousand ($120,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Hospital Department of the Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital for the two fiscal years beginning June one one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	[illegible]sher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 991 (House No. 1066), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Lying-in-Charity Hospital Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder,
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields,	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 992 (House No. 1067), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Aged one thousand eight hundred and nine (1809) Mount Vernon street Philadelphia Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	[illegible]sher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 993 (House No. 1068), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Chester Hospital at Chester

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder,
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
Crow	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz

Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 994 (House No. 1069), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the Downingtown Industrial and Agricultural School of Downingtown Chester County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Downingtown Industrial and Agricultural School of Downingtown Chester County Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purpose namely

For the purpose of maintenace the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 995 (House No. 1070), entitled:

An act refunding to Margaret F D Leiper moneys mistakenly paid by her into the State Treasury

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 996 (House No. 1072), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania at South Mountain Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 997 (House No. 1073), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the House of the Good Shepherd in the city of Reading Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of seventeen thousand ($17,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the House of the Good Shepherd in the city of Reading Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first nineteen hundred and eleven for the purpose of maintenance Provided however That the said The House of the Good Shepherd shall receive and provide for all persons committed thereto by all authorities within the county of Berks having the power to commit to institutions of the character of the said The House of the Good Shepherd

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 998 (House No. 1074), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Hospital in the city of Reading Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty thousand ($20,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Saint Joseph's Hospital in the city of Reading Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder,
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 999 (House No. 1075), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Beulah Anchorage of Reading Reading Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields,	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1000 (House No. 1076), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Friendless Children in City of Reading Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder,
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1001 (House No. 1077), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital of Reading Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields,	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate bill No. 1002 (House No. 1078), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the Reading Hospital in the City of Reading Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Reading Hospital in the city of Reading Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purpose namely

For the purpose of maintenance of said hospital the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000)

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields,	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1003 (House No. 1079), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Berks County Tuberculosis Society for the erection of an additional hospital building and water plant on its grounds on Neversink Mountain, Berks county and for maintenance of its sanatorium there

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones

Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1004 (House No. 1080), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the York Hospital and Dispensary of York City Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1005 (House No. 1081), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the York Society to Protect Children and Aged Persons formerly the Christian Home of York Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman,	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1006 (House No. 1082), entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the providing and erection of armories throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the use of the National Guard of Pennsylvania said armories to be erected managed and cared for under direction of the State Armory Board also an appropriation for the care and management of armories erected or provided and to be erected or provided for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven necessary repairs and contingent expenses in maintenance of armories actual traveling expenses of members of State Armory Board clerical expenses of Board inspection expenses also an appropriation contingent upon fire or other cause and which may damage or destroy an armory or armories

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1007 (House No. 1083), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Paradise Protectory and Agricultural School at Paradise York county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman,	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1008 (House No. 1084), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Home of the City of York Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark,	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser,	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1009 (House No. 1085), entitled:

An act to provide for the payment of appropriations heretofore made or hereafter to be made by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to a corporation or corporations now or hereafter merged or consolidated

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1011 (House No. 1087), entitled:

An act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of continuing and maintaining schools among the Cornplanter Indians of Warren County" approved the tenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five by increasing the annual appropriation

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1012 (House No. 1088), entitled:

An act making an appropriation of two hundred dollars per year for a period of two years for the purpose of maintaining a public road through the Cornplanter Indian Reservation and the bridges on said road in Elk township Warren county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1013 (House No. 1089), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Warren Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the following sums or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Warren Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purposes to wit

For the erection and completion of a barn upon land of the hospital located across Conewaugo Creek the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the erection of an improved incinerating and deordorizing plant and equipping a tunnel the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the erection of a new bake oven the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars ($2,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the erection and installation of an elevator in the main building the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For changing from the use of natural gas to other fuel the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the erection of an improved sewerage drainage and sewage disposal works after plans specifications have been prepared and submitted to the State Department of Health and approved in accordance with the act of Assembly of April twenty-two one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to preserve the purity of the waters of the State for the protection of the public health" the sum of forty thousand dollars ($40,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the erection and equipment of a dead house the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the erection and equipment of a dairy house the sum of two thousand five hundred ($2,500) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For installing fire protection equipment consisting of high pressure fire mains with hose pipe hydrants chemical engines trenching constructing underground duct manholes et cetera the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1014 (House No. 1090), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Warren Emergency Hospital of Warren Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander,	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones,	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson,	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1015 (House No. 1091), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Orphans' Asylum of Tacony Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to Saint Vincent's Orphans' Asylum of Tacony Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1016 (House No. 1092), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Berean Manual Training and Industrial School

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus,	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1017 (House No. 1093), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Northern Home for Friendless Children of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus,	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1018 (House No. 1094), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the West Philadelphia General Homeopathic Hospital and Dispensary

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall,	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1019 (House No. 1095), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia for the maintenance of its hospital department and the construction of a building to provide for the maternity department of that hospital

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1020 (House No. 1096), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Johnstown City Hospital

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1021 (House No. 1097), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Conemaugh Valley Memorial Hospital at the City of Johnstown

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1022 (House No. 1098), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital of Johnstown located in the city of Johnstown Cambria county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1023 (House No. 1099), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Christian Home of Johnstown Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1024 (House No. 1100), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Luke's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

lams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
exander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
ldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
ckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
tlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
ark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
oper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
Witt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
dsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
x	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
erich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
ll	Knapp	Shields	Crow
ys	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the estion was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House Representatives with information that the Senate has ssed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1025 (House No. 1101), entled:

An act making an appropriation for the Thaddeus Stens Industrial School of Pennsylvania at Lancaster Pennlvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, d agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

lams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
exander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
ldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
ckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
tlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
ark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
oper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
Witt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
dsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
x	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
erich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
ll	Knapp	Shields	Crow
ys	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the estion was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House Representatives with information that the Senate has ssed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1026 (House No. 1102), entled:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Friendss Children for the city and county of Lancaster Pennlvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, d agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

lams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
exander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
ldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
ckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
tlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
ark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
oper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
Witt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
dsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
x	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
erich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
ll	Knapp	Shields	Crow
ys	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the estion was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House Representatives with information that the Senate has ssed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1027 (House No. 1103), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Lancaster General Hospital

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
[illegible]erich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1028 (House No. 1104), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Easton Hospital at Easton Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
[illegible]erich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1029 (House No. 1105), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Berwick Hospital Berwick Columbia County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
[illegible]erich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1030 (House No. 1106), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions of Pennsylvania located at Blossburg Tioga County

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the following sums or so much thereof as may be necessary are hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions of Pennsylvania located at Blossburg Tioga county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance of said hospital and the care of the sick and injured persons the sum of twenty-four thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of repairs and improvements to old building and grounds the sum of ten thousand dollars

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1031 (House No. 1107), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the United Zion Home and Hospital Lititz Lancaster County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1032 (House No. 1108), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Topographic and Geological Survey Commission of Pennsylvania for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of an act entitled an "Act authorizing the Topographic and Geological Survey Commission of Pennsylvania to establish and maintain a topographic and geological survey of the State fixing salaries providing for the printing and binding of the results of said survey and furnishing of supplies and stationery and making an appropriation therefor" approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1033 (House No. 1109), entitled:

An act to provide for the making of facsimiles of ancient documents papers seals and arms belonging to the Commonwealth and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1034 (House No. 1110), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Department of Forestry to be used in rebuilding the dam at Promised Land Pond in Pike County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the estion was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of presentatives with information that the Senate has passed same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1035 (House No. 1111), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Columbia Hospital ated at Columbia Lancaster County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, d agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

ams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
exander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
ldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
ckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
tlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
ark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
oper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
Witt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
dsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
x	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
rberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
ll	Knapp	Shields	Crow
ys	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the estion was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of presentatives with information that the Senate has passed same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1036 (House No. 1112), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Bellefonte Hospital Bellefonte Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, d agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

lams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
exander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
ldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
ckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
tlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
ark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
oper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
Witt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
dsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
x	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
rberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
ll	Knapp	Shields	Crow
ys	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the estion was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of presentatives with information that the Senate has passed e same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1037 (House No. 1114), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Williamsport Hosal of the City of Williamsport Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, d agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

lams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
exander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
ldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
ckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
tlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
ark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
oper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
Witt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
dsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
x	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Hall	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hays	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Gerberich	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1038 (House No. 1115), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Charity Hospital of Montgomery County Pennsylvania located at Norristown

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1039 (House No. 1116), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Joseph's Protectory Norristown Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three thousand ($3,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Saint Joseph's Protectory Norristown Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich,	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1040 (House No. 1117), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the State Hospital for the Insane for the Southeastern District of Pennsylvania at Norristown Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eighty-seven thousand five hundred dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane for the Southeastern District of Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of enlarging changing buildings and putting additional porch space to the Hartranft Cottage for the isolation and better treatment of patients suffering from tuberculosis the sum of five thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of erecting a concrete bridge over the Stony Creek and building culverts on a new road connecting Getty Farm Buildings with the present hospital buildings the sum of three thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purchase of additional machinery to equip the new laundry building the sum of twenty thousand ($20,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of building an addition to the Administration Building whereby to supply offices for the resident physicians and additional rooms for the clerical force in the steward's department and to build a fire proof vault for the preservation of the hospital papers the sum of twenty thousand ($20,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of installing a hydrotherapeutic plant together with latest improved apparatus one for the male department and one for the female department the sum of ten thousand ($10,000) dollars each or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the erection completion and furnishing of an annex building for the female nurses' home the sum of twenty thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of enlarging and changing the building known as the Upper Farm Cottage for the isolation and treatment of the women patients suffering with tuberculosis and changing of the building known as the Stinson Cottage for the isolation and treatment of patients with contagious diseases the sum of five thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of making repairs alterations and installation of steam heat plumbing et cetera for buildings at the Getty Farm to establish a farm colony for men patients the sum of four thousand five hundred dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1041 (House No. 1118), as follows.

An act making an appropriation for the payment of the annual fixed charge for school purposes on lands held for forest reserve

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of forty thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated for the payment of the annual fixed charge for school purposes on lands held for forest reserves for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1042 (House No. 1119), as follows:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of services and expenses of fire wardens and those assisting in the extinguishing forest fires

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of sixty thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated for the payment of services and expenses of fire wardens and those assisting in extinguishing forest fires for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1043 (House No. 1120), entitled

An act making an appropriation to the Pottstown Hospital Pottstown Montgomery County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1044 (House No. 1121), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Industrial School formerly located at Paoli Chester County and now located at Eagleville Montgomery County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1045 (House No. 1122), entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the purchase of lands by the Department of Forestry to be set aside and held as State Forest Reserves

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich,	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1046 (House No. 1123), as follows:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of the annual fixed charge for road purposes on lands held for forest reserves

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of forty thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated for the payment of the annual fixed charge for road purposes on lands held for forest reserves for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1047 (House No. 1124), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1048 (House No. 1125), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Colored Women's Relief Association of Western Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintaining the Davis Temporary Home for Colored Children and Day Nursery located at Pittsburg Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Tustin
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Thomson
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1049 (House No. 1126), entitled.

An act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital for maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1050 (House No. 1127), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to enable the Secretary of Internal Affairs to purchase from the United States Government standard tests of weights and measures for use of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz.
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1051 (House No. 1128), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the General and Emergency Hospital at Pittsburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1052 (House No. 1130), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Visiting Nurse Association located in North Side city of Pittsburg Allegheny County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question?

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1053 (House No. 1131), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Humane Society

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the questions was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1054 (House No. 1132), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Allegheny Valley Hospital at Tarentum Allegheny County

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the questions was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1055 (House No. 1134), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Ohio Valley General Hospital McKees Rocks Allegheny County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the questions was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1056 (House No. 1135), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Fairview Wayne County

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted 'aye" the questions was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1057 (House No. 1136), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the South Side Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the questions was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1058 (House No. 1137), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Saint John's General Hospital of Allegheny City

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the questions was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1059 (House No. 1138), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Boys' Industrial Home of Western Pennsylvania located at Oakdale Allegheny county

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the questions was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1069 (House No. 1139), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home and Rescue Mission of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Kurtz	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Manbeck	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	Martin	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McConnell	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McIlhenny	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichol	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	McNichols	Washers

DeWitt	Jones	Miller	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Morgan	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Nulty	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Powell	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Salus	Crow
Hays		Shields	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the questions was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1061 (House 1140), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Western State Penitentiary

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Kurtz	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones,
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the questions was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1062 (House No. 1142), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Tuberculosis League of Pittsburg Pennsylvania for maintenance and improvement

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the questions was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1063 (House No. 1143), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Huffman	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Hunter	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Jamison	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jarrett	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jones	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Judson	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Keyser	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Kline	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Knapp	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Kurtz	Shields	Crow
Hays			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the questions was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1064 (House No. 1144), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the George Junior Republic Association of Western Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander,	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher,	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter,	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the questions was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1065 (House No. 1145), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittsburg and Allegheny Home for the Friendless situated in the City of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher,	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the questions was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1066 (House No. 1146), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Woods Run Industrial House of Allegheny now North Side Pittsburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher,	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner.
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the questions was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1067 (House No. 1147), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the Eye and Ear Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of forty-five thousand ($45,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Eye and Ear Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the purpose of maintenance

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the questions was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requestted.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1068 (House No. 1148), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittsburg Newsboys' Home of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the questions was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1069 (House No. 1149), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the St Joseph's Protectory for Homeless Boys of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander,	Herbst	Martin	Sones.
Baldwin,	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul.
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the questions was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1070 (House No. 1150), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the Roselia Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital of the city of Pittsburg

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-six thousand ($26,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Roselia Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital of the city of Pittsburg for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance the sum of fifteen thousand ($15,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of paying an account of debt incurred in erecting a building and equipping and furnishing a laundry and electric light and power plant and isolated rooms for the treatment of patients and sleeping rooms for servants and nurses the sum of eleven thousand ($11,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 2 Before any of the moneys hereinbefore appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement in conection with the said institution shall be available the trustees or directors thereof through the proper corporate officers of the same shall under the corporate seal of the institution so asking for State aid file with the Auditor General's Department of the Commonwealth upon proper blanks to be furnished by the said department upon application therefor an obligation in writing duly acknowledged agreeing that whenever such building so erected enlarged extended or altered or such permanent improvements provided through State aid shall be converted to private uses or purposes or be conducted for private gain or profit or shall for any cause or for any reason whatsoever be abandoned or sold or transferred to any person or persons firm or corporation for any use other than that authorized by the certificate of incorporation under which the same is now held and operated all sums of money herein appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement to the institution hereinbefore referred to shall be refunded to the Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be collectible as obligations of like character are now collected And provided further That the amount so appropriated as aforesaid for permanent improvement be and the same is hereby made a non-interest bearing lien on the said premises for the use of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	**Herbst**	Martin	Sones
Baldwin,	Homsher,	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the questions was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1071 (House No. 1151), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Chambersburg Hospital of Chambersburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	**Homsher**	**McConnell**	Sproul
Buckman	**Huffman**	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	**Judson**	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	**Crow**
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1072 (House No. 1152), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's And Society of Franklin county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	**McConnell**	Sproul
Buckman	**Huffman**	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1073 (House No. 1153), entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of a deficiency that has arisen under the provisions of an act entitled "An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania etc" approved the tenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and making an additional appropriation for expenses that may be required under the provsions of said act for the two years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	**Herbst**	**Martin**	Sones
Baldwin	**Homsher**	**McConnell**	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	**McIlhenny**	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	**Crow**
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1074 (House No. 1154), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to defray the expense incident to the dedication of the monument now being erected under the provisions of an act of Assembly approved May thirteenth one thousand nine hundred and nine in the National Cemetery at Culpeper Virginia to the memory of the Pennsylvania soldiers buried therein

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	**McConnell**	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	**McNichols**	**Vare**
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	**Wertz**
Fox	Keyser	Powell	**Wilbert**
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	**Knapp**	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted 'aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1075 (House No. 1155), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Wyoming Valley Hospital

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	**McConnell**	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare

Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1076 (House No. 1156), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Home of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1077 (House No. 1157), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged and Infirm Women at Easton Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1078 (House No. 1158), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Easton Home for Friendless Children

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1079 (House No. 1159), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Allentown Hospital Allentown Lehigh county Pennsylvanina

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1080 (House No. 1160), entitled:

An act entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the St Luke's Hospital located at South Bethlehem Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1081 (House No. 1161), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Hospital Department of the Jewish Hospital Association of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1082 (House No. 1162), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Gynecean Hospital in the City of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1083 (House No. 1163), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Home of Industry for Discharged Prisoners of the City of Philadelphia and State of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	ustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1084 (House No. 1164), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Rosine Hospital of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1085 (House No. 1165), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to reimburse E C Rudolph of Big Run Pennsylvania for moneys expended by him in the suppression of a small-pox epidemic at Eleanora Jefferson County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1086 (House No. 1167), entitled

An act making an appropriation to the Waynesburg Hospital

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1087 (House No. 1168), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Meadville City Hospital located at Meadville Crawford County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1088 (House No. 1169), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Spencer Hospital located at Meadville Crawford County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Hunter	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1089 (House No. 1170), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Auxiliary of the Children's Aid Society of Western Pennsylvania located at Meadville Crawford County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1090 (House No. 1171), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Titusville Hospital located at Titusville Crawford County

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1091 (House No. 1172), entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Hospital for the treatment and care of the criminal insane to be called the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane and making an appropriation therefor" approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini nineteen hundred and five and directing the commissioners for the erection of said State Hospital for the Criminal Insane to surrender their trust to a board of trustees to be appointed by the Governor authorizing the said Board of Trustees to continue the erection and completion of the buildings of said State Hospital for the Criminal Insane and authorizing said Board of Trustees to receive at any time such numbers of criminal insane patients as can be accommodated in the buildings before the completion of the entire institution and further defining the powers and duties of said Board of Trustees

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1092 (House No. 1173), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Commission of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Fairview Wayne County

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1093 (House No. 1174), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Corry Hospital of the City of Corry Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul,
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1094 (House No. 1175), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Elmwood Home of Erie Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz,
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1095 (House No. 1176), entitled:

An act making an appropriation for maintenance and for the purchase improvement equipment and furnishing a building at the Renovo Hospital at Renovo Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	**Tustin**
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1096 (House No. 1177), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Lock Haven Hospital

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Herbst	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Homsher	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Huffman	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Hunter	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Jamison	McNichol	**Tustin**
Clark	Jarrett	McNichols	Vare
DeWitt	Jones	Miller	Wasbers
Endsley	Judson	Morgan	Weingartner
Fox	Keyser	Nulty	Wertz
Gerberich	Kline	Powell	Wilbert
Hall	Knapp	Salus	Wolf
Hays	Kurtz	Shields	Crow
Heacock			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1097 (House No. 1178), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the Greenville Hospital Greenville Mercer County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Greenville Hospital Greenville Mercer County Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purposes to wit

For the purpose of maintenance the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of making needed building improvements for laundry and nurses rooms the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 2 Before any of the moneys hereinbefore appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement in connection with said institution shall be available the trustees or directors thereof through the proper corporate officers of the same shall under the corporate seal of the institution so asking for State aid file with the Auditor General's Department of the Commonwealth upon proper blanks to be furnished by the said department upon application therefor an obligation in writing duly acknowledged and to be duly recorded in the office for the recording of deeds in the county in which said institution is located agreeing that whenever such buildings so erected enlarged extended or altered or such permanent improvements provided through State aid shall be converted to private uses or purposes or be conducted for private gain or profit or shall for any cause or for any reason whatsoever be abandoned or sold or transferred to any person or persons firm or corporation for any use other than that authorized by the

certificate of incorporation under which the same is now held and operated all sums of money herein appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement to the institution hereinbefore referred to shall be refunded to the Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be collectible as obligations of like character are now collected And provided further That the amount so appropriated as aforesaid for permanent improvement be and the same is hereby made a non-interest bearing lien on the said premises for the use of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1098 (House No. 1179), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Uniontown Hospital of Uniontown Fayette county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1099 (House No. 1180), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Robert Packer Hospital

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1100 (House No. 1168), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Providence Hospital of Beaver Falls Beaver county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wilbert
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wertz
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1101 (House No. 1182), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the Shenango Valley Hospital of New Castle Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-nine thousand dollars ($29,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Shenango Valley Hospital of New Castle Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purposes namely

For maintenance the sum of twenty-four thousand dollars ($24,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For building and equipping a laundry the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 2 Before any of the moneys hereinbefore appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement in connection with said institution shall be available the trustees or directors thereof through the proper corporate officers of the same shall under the corporate seal of the institution so asking for State aid file with the Auditor General's Department of the Commonwealth upon proper blanks to be furnished by the said department upon application therefor an obligation in writing duly acknowledged and to be duly recorded in the office for the recording of deeds in the county in which said institution is located agreeing that whenever such buildings so erected enlarged extended or altered or such permanent improvements provided through State aid shall be converted to private uses or purposes or be conducted for private gain or profit or shall for any cause or for any reason whatsoever be abandoned or sold or transferred to any person or persons firm or corporation for any use other than that authorized by the certificate of incorporation under which the same is now held and operated all sums of money herein appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement to the institution hereinbefore referred to shall be refunded to the Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be collectible as obligations of like character are now collected And provided further That the amount so appropriated as aforesaid for permanent improvement be and the same is hereby made a non-interest bearing lien on the said premises for the use of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1102 (House No. 1183), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Timothy's Memorial Hospital and House of Mercy Roxborough

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McNichol	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McConnell	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1103 (House No. 1184), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Garrettson Hospital of Temple University of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1104 (House No. 1185), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the American Oncologic Hospital at Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones,
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1105 (House No. 1186), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the American Hospital for Diseases of the Stomach of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-four thousand dollars ($24,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the American Hospital for Diseases of the Stomach of Philadelphia Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purposes to wit

For the purpose of maintenance the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For completion equipment and maintenance of laboratory and dispensary building the sum of fourteen thousand dollars ($14,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 2 Before any of the moneys hereinbefore appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement in connection with said institution shall be available the trustees or directors thereof through the proper corporate officers of the same shall under the corporate seal of the institution so asking for State aid file with the Auditor General's Department of the Commonwealth upon proper blanks to be furnished by the said department upon application therefor an obligation in writing duly acknowledged and to be duly recorded in the office for the recording of deeds in the county in which said institution is located agreeing that whenever such buildings so erected enlarged extended or altered or such permanent improvements provided through State aid shall be converted to private uses or purposes or be conducted for private gain or profit or shall for any cause or for any reason whatsoever be abandoned or sold or transferred to any person or persons firm or corporation for any use other than that authorized by the certificate of incorporation under which the same is now held and operated all sums of money herein appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement to the institution hereinbefore referred to shall be refunded to the Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be collectible as obligations of like character are now collected And provided further That the amount so appropriated as aforesaid for permanent improvement be and the same is hereby made a non-interest bearing lien on the said premises for the use of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett		Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the uestion was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of epresentatives with information that the Senate has passed ie same with amendments in which the concurrence of ie House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and considera-on of Senate Bill No. 1106 (House No. 1187), as follows:

n act making an appropriation to the Frederick Douglass Memorial Hospital and Training School of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Rep-sentatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in Gen-al Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority the same That the sum of thirty thousand dollars 30,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and ie same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Fred-ick Douglass Memorial Hospital and Training School of hiladelphia Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning ne first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and even for the following purposes to wit

For the purpose of maintenance the sum of twenty thou-nd dollars ($20,000) or as much thereof as may be neces-ary

For the purchase and installation of an elevator and to ssist in the completion of a hospital building already in ourse of construction the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 2 Before any of the moneys hereinbefore appro-riated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration any building or buildings or for any other permanent nprovement in connection with said institution shall be vailable the trustees or directors thereof through the proper rporate officers of the same shall under the corporate al of the institution so asking for State aid file with the uditor General's Department of the Commonwealth upon roper blanks to be furnished by the said department upon pplicati on therefor an obligation in writing duly acknowl-iged and to be duly recorded in the office for the record-ng of deeds in the county in which said institution is cated agreeing that whenever such buildings so erected nlarged extended or altered or such permanent improve-ents provided through State aid shall be converted to rivate uses or purposes or be conducted for private gain profit or shall for any cause or for any reason whatso-er be abandoned or sold or transferred to any person or rsons firm or corporation for any use other than that thorized by the certificate of incorporation under which e same is now held and operated all sums of money ain appropriated for the erection enlargement extension alteration of any building or buildings or for any other rmanent improvement to the institution hereinbefore re-rred to shall be refunded to the Treasurer of the Com-nwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be collectible as obli-tions of like character are now collected And provided rther That the amount so appropriated as aforesaid for rmanent improvement be and the same is hereby made a n-interest bearing lien on the said premises for the use the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, nd agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed s required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provi-ions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

dams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
lexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
aldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
uckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
atlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
lark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
ooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
eWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
ndsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
ox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
erberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
all	Knapp	Shields	Crow
ays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the uestion was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of tepresentatives with information that the Senate has passed he same with amendments in which the concurrence of he House is requested.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and considera-ion of Senate Bill No. 1107 (House No. 1188), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Rush Hospital for onsumption and Allied Diseases of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, nd agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter		Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and considera-tion of Senate Bill No. 1108 (House No. 1189), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Women's Medical College of Pennsylvania for use in the Hospital Department Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and considera-tion of Senate Bill No. 1109 (House No. 1190), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Industrial Home for Crippled Children at Pittsburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and considera-tion of Senate Bill No. 1110 (House No. 1191), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittsburg Hospital Sisters of Charity of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1111 (House No. 1192), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Home of the Good Shepherd Lincoln avenue Pittsburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1112 (House No. 1193), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged and Infirm Colored Women Lemington avenue Pittsburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1113 (House No. 1194), entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the Irene Kaufman Settlement of Pittsburg Pennsylvania formerly known as the Columbia School and Settlement of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1114 (House No. 1195), entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the Sewickley Valley Hospital Association of Sewickley county of Allegheny Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1115 (House No. 1196), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the De Paul Institute of Scott Township Allegheny County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

, Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of epresentatives with information that the Senate has passed ie same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and considera-on of Senate Bill No. 1116 (House No. 1197), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Northwestern ennsylvania Humane Society of Erie Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, nd agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provi-ons of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

dams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
lexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
aldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
uckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
atlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
lark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
ooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
eWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
ndsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
ox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
erberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
all	Knapp	Shields	Crow
ays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the uestion was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of epresentatives with information that the Senate has passed ie same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and considera-ion of Senate Bill No. 1117 (House No. 1198), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Erie Home for the riendless of the city of Erie Erie County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, nd agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provi-ons of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

dams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
lexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
aldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
uckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
atlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
lark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
ooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
eWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
ndsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
ox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
erberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
all	Knapp	Shields	Crow
ays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed he same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and considera-ion of Senate Bill No. 1118 (House No. 1199), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Critten-on Home of Erie

And said bill having been read at length the third time nd agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provi-sions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and considera-tion of Senate Bill No. 1119 (House No. 1200), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the Hamot Hospital Association of the city of Erie Erie County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Hamot Hospital Association of the city of Erie Erie County Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purposes to wit

For the purpose of maintenance and paying expenses incident to the typhoid fever epidemic the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars ($35,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of construction of nurses' home the sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 2 Before any of the moneys hereinbefore appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement in connection with said institution shall be available the trustees or directors thereof through the proper corporate officers of the same shall under the corporate seal of the institution so asking for State aid file with the Auditor General's Department of the Commonwealth upon proper blanks to be furnished by the said department upon application therefor an obligation in writing duly acknowledged and to be duly recorded in the office for the recording of deeds in the county in which said institution is located agreeing that whenever such buildings so erected enlarged extended or altered or such permanent improvements provided through State aid shall be converted to private uses or purposes or be conducted for private gain or profit or shall for any cause or for any reason whatsoever be abandoned or sold or transferred to any person or persons firm or corporation for any other use than that authorized by the certificate of incorporation under which the same is now held and operated all sums of money herein appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement to the institution hereinbefore referred to shall be refunded to the Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be collectible as obligations of like character are now collected And provided further That the amount so appropriated as aforesaid for permanent improvement be and the same is hereby made a non-interest bearing lien on the said premises for the use of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1120 (House No. 1201), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Vincent's Hospital Association of the City of Erie Erie County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Saint Vincent's Hospital Association of Erie Erie County Pennsylvania for the

two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purposes to wit

For the purpose of maintenance and paying the expenses incident to the typhoid fever epidemic the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars ($35,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of equipment of laundry the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of equipment of new addition to hospital the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 2 Before any of the moneys hereinbefore appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement in connection with said institution shall be available the trustees or directors thereof through the proper corporate officers of the same shall under the corporate seal of the institution so asking for State aid file with the Auditor General's Department of the Commonwealth upon proper blanks to be furnished by the said department upon application therefor an obligation in writing duly acknowledged and to be duly recorded in the office for the recording of deeds in the county in which said institution is located agreeing that whenever such buildings so erected enlarged extended or altered or such permanent improvements provided through State aid shall be converted to private uses or purposes or be conducted for private gain or profit or shall for any cause or for any reason whatsoever be abandoned or sold or transferred to any person or persons firm or corporation for any use other than that authorized by the certificate of incorporation under which the same is now held and operated all sums of money herein appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement to the institution hereinbefore referred to shall be refunded to the Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be collectible as obligations of like character are now collected And provided further That the amount so appropriated as aforesaid for permanent improvement be and the same is hereby made a non-interest bearing lien on the said premises for the use of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	**Snyder**
Alexander	Herbst	**Martin**	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	**Jarrett**	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	**Wilbert**
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	**Crow**
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1121 (House No. 1202), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Clearfield Hospital Clearfield County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	**Martin**	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	**Vare**
Cooper	**Jarrett**	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	**Morgan**	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	**Powell**	**Wilbert**
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	**Crow**
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1122 (House No. 1203), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Canonsburg General Hospital Association at Canonsburg Washington County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	**Snyder**
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	**Sones**
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper,	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	**Weingartner**
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1123 (House No. 1204), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the J C Blair Memorial Hospital of Huntingdon Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	**Heacock**	Manbeck	**Snyder**
Alexander	Herbst	**Martin**	**Sones**
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	**Sproul**
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	Nichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	**Washers**
DeWitt	**Jones**	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	**Keyser**	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	**Wolf**
Hall	Knapp	Shields	**Crow**
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1124 (House No. 1205), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Simon H Barne Memorial Hospital of Susquehanna

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	**Manbeck**	**Snyder**
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	Nichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	**Weingartner**
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	**Wertz**
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert

erberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
all	Knapp	Shields	Crow
ays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the uestion was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of epresentatives with information that the Senate has passed ne same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and considera- ion of Senate Bill No. 1125 (House No. 1206), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to reimburse certain ounties for monies paid to county agricultural associations n excess of the State appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the third time, nd agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provi- ic Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

dams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
lexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
aldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
uckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
atlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
lark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
ooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
eWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
ndsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
ox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
erberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
all	Knapp	Shields	Crow
ays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the uestion was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of epresentatives with information that the Senate has passed he same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and considera- ion of Senate Bill No. 1126 (House No. 1207), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Maternity Hos- ital in the city of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, nd agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provi- ions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

dams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
lexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
aldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
uckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
atlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
lark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
ooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
eWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
ndsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
ox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
erberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
all	Knapp	Shields	Crow
ays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the uestion was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of epresentatives with information that the Senate has passed he same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and considera- ion of Senate Bill No. 1127 (House No. 1208), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Miners' Hospital f Northern Cambria at Spangler in Cambria county

And said bill having been read at length the third time, nd agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provi- ions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

dams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
lexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
aldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
uckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
atlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
lark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1128 (House No. 1209), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the following sums or so much thereof as may be necessary are hereby specifically appropriated to the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following specific purposes

For salaries of officers and employes the sum of two hundred and ten thousand six hundred and eighty-four dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For insurance of buildings the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For library and school books stationery postage and apparatus for reformatory schools the sum of two thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For tools materials and necessary supplies for mechanical instruction and for special mechanical instruction the sum of five thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For additional equipment to inmates kitchen and to the dining room the sum of five hundred dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For erection of a laundry building with necessary machinery and the removal of present laundry thereto the sum of three thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the removal of the bakery and erection of one new bake-oven and rebuilding of the old oven the sum of one thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the erection of a vegetable storage house new hot house and water pipe for irrigating purposes on reformatory island garden the sum of five hundred dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For repainting window gratings outside wood work tin roofs on buildings and surrounding wall the sum of eight hundred dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For reimbursing the reformatory for the amount of gratuities paid to paroled and discharged inmates of the reformatory as provided by law in excess of the amount granted for this purpose for the period ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and nine the sum of one thousand four hundred and forty-five dollars

For each discharged and paroled inmate whose residence is within fifty miles of Huntingdon five dollars and for each discharged or paroled inmate whose residence is more than fifty miles from Huntingdon the sum of ten dollars the total amount not to exceed in the aggregate the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

That the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon for the purpose of improving the water system by the installation of duplicate pumping machinery and mechanical filters at the Juniata River pumping station the building of a new storage reservoir for the making of the necessary improvements adjacent to the spring water reservoir so as to prevent the pollution of the same and for the entire separation of the spring water supply for drinking and culinary purposes from the river supply Said moneys appropriated by this section of this act shall be paid to the managers of the said reformatory upon condition that plans and specifications be prepared and submitted to the State Department of Health and approved in accordance with the Act of Assembly of April twenty-second one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to preserve the purity of the waters of the State for the protection of the public health" and the said managers are hereby authorized to make the necessary contract or contracts for the performance of said work and to make use of the labor of the inmates of the Reformatory whenever that can be judiciously and economically done

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1129 (House No. 1211), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged Veterans and Wives located at Sixty-fifth and Vine streets in the city of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1130 (House No. 1212), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital and School for Nurses in the city of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1131 (House No. 1213), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1132 (House No. 1214), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Monongahela Memorial Hospital Association of Monongahela City Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1134 (House No. 1217), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Washington Hospital Washington Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1135 (House No. 1218), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the City Hospital Association of Washington Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1136 (House No. 1219), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Altoona Hospital Blair county

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1137 (House No. 1220), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons at Mercer Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1138 (House No. 1221), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the Grove City Hospital at Grove City Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Grove City Hospital at Grove City Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years commencing June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purpose namely

For the purpose of maintenance the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1139 (House No. 1222), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Christian H Buhl Hospital of Sharon Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1140 (House No. 1223), entitled:

An act to amend section nine of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of sites and the erection of State Hospitals thereon for injured persons to be located within the bituminous and semi-bituminous coal regions of this Commonwealth to be called the State Hospitals for Injured Persons within the bituminous and semi-bituminous coal regions of Pennsylvania and for the management of the same and making appropriations therefor" approved the fourteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven so as to

authorize under certain contingencies the reception care and treatment of patients other than injured persons in said hospitals

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock,	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1141 (House No. 1224), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital Altoona Blair county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander		Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1142 (House No. 1225), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pottsville Hospital Schuylkill county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1143 (House No. 1226), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Anthracite Coal Regions of Pennsylvania at Fountain Springs near Ashland Schuylkill county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1144 (House No. 1227), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the West Side Hospital Association of the city of Scranton

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1145 (House No. 1228), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless of the city of Scranton

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1146 (House No. 1231), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Braddock General Hospital of the borough of Braddock Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1147 (House No. 1232), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Grand View Institution of Oil City Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1148 (House No. 1233), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Franklin City Hospital

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1149 (House No. 1234), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Oil City Hospital of Oil City Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1151 (House No. 1235), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the State Normal Schools of the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1152 (House No. 1236), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania at Polk Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz

Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1153 (House No. 1238), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Kittanning General Hospital at Kittanning Armstrong county Pennsylvania

Said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1155, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Department of Mines of this Commonwealth for paying such expenditures as may be incurred to protect property and the public health and to promote the safety of citizens of this Commonwealth and others from loss and danger from a mine fire within the limits of the city of Carbondale Lackawanna county providing how such expenditures shall be made how the Commonwealth shall be repaid and authorizing the condemnation destruction and compensation therefor to carry into effect the purpose of this act and imposing certain obligations upon the county of Lackawanna

Said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander		Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present said bill to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 164.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented communications from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 164, entitled:

An act to provide for the appointment of five directors of the Middle Coal Field Poor District by the court of quarter sessions of Carbon county the continuance in office of the directors now serving for the filling of vacancies placing the affairs of the district under the supervision and control of the court of quarter sessions of Carbon county and making it lawful t erect new or additional buildings for said district after the ap proval of the court of quarter sessions of Carbon county

with the information that the House has passed th same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 227.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 227 entitled:

An act to amend an act approved the eighth day of Jun Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four en titled "An Act providing a mode by which the title to all estate and interests in lands in the State of Pennsylvania may b vested in the United States when no agreement can be mad with the owners of the same for the purchase thereof" by fix ing the number of viewers at three

with the information that the House has passed th same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 169.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 16 entitled:

An act authorizing the ascertainment levy assessment and co lection of the costs damages and expenses in grading pavin and curbing and laying sidewalks upon any street lane or alle or part thereof in townships of the first class completed no or in process of completion where said improvements have bee petitioned for by a majority of owners of real estate in in terest and number abutting upon the line of such improvement

with the information that the House has passed th same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 237.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 23 entitled:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved th seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hun dred and five entitled "An Act to provide for the vacation an closing of alleys lanes or passageways that are or ma hereafter become public nuisances and to compensate abut ting property owners or others who may be damaged thereb and assess benefits if any there be" by fixing the number o the viewers at three

with the information that the House has passed th same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 335.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 33 entitled:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to establis an Insurance Department" approved the fourth day of Apr one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three providing tha all persons associations or corporations engaged in the busines of fire insurance within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvani shall report the total amount of risks covered by them in suc Commonwealth and that rate making associations shall furn ish data to the State Fire Marshal

with the information that the House has passed th same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 421.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 42 entitled:

An act authorizing the Secretary of Agriculture to prepa and publish a report on the insects of Pennsylvania and provi ing for the distribution of such report when published an making an appropriation therefor

with the information that the House has passed th same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 567.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 56 entitled:

An act to amend the sixth section of an act entitled "An A to prevent the manufacture and sale of adulterated or mi branded drugs defining the word 'drug' prescribing penalti for violation of this act and the method of its enforcemen approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousan nine hundred and nine by providing for a laboratory and f the requisitions of office and laboratory supplies and equipme for said board

with the information that the House has passed th same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 315.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 31 entitled:

An act fixing the compensation of deputy factory inspecto

with the information that the House has passed th same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 445.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 44 entitled:

An act providing for and regulating the licensing of perso engaged in the business of receiving boarding or keeping of

fant children under the age of three years for hire reward or otherwise in cities of the third class and authorizing the passing of general ordinances providing for and regulating the issuing of said licenses and imposing penalties

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 398.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 398, entitled:

An act to amend section one of an act enttiled "An Act to provide for reviewing the proceedings of township road commissioners laying out opening and vacating roads" approved the second day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one providing for the trial of questions of fact by a jury in certain cases

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 233.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 233, entitled:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act empowering and directing the county commissioners of any county to purchase ground at the county seat for the erection thereon of such building or buildings as may be necessary for the accommodation of the courts and of the several officers of the county and for the reception and safekeeping of the records and other papers in charge of such officers and also such other building or buildings as may be necessary and proper for the purposes of a county jail or workhouse when occasion shall require the erection of such building or buildings and in case the said ground cannot be obtained by agreement with the owner or owners at a reasonable price in the estimation of said commissioners then to resort to condemnation" by fixing the number of the viewers at three

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 235.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 235, entitled:

An act amending the first section of an act approved the twenty-second day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six entitled "A supplement to the act regulating boroughs" approved April third one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one by fixing the number of the viewers at three

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment

SENATE BILL NO 110 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 110, entitled:

An act regulating the number of employes in the Adjutant-General's Department and in the State Arsenal fixing the annual salaries to be paid to each authorizing the Adjutant-General to make the appointment of employes in the Adjutant-General's Department and the State Arsenal and giving authority to make such assignments to duty and to change or alter such assignment as may in his judgment be necessary to subserve the interests of the Commonwealth fixing the salary of the Adjutant-General and providing for payment of such salaries as now provided by law

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were read as follows:

By inserting in the eighth line of the title after the word "Commonwealth" the following "fixing the salary of the Adjutant General" also by inserting a new section to be known as section "3" as follows "Section 3 From and after the first day of June nineteen hundred and eleven the salary of the Adjutant General shall be six thousand dollars per annum" also by changing old section 3 to read "Section 4" and old section 4 to read "Section 5"

And said amendment having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sprou'
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE GOVERNOR CONCURRENT RESOLUTION CONTINUING JOINT COMMITTEE TO CONSIDER AND REPORT UPON A REVISION OF LAWS RELATING TO CORPORATIONS AND TO REVENUE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 17, 1911.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to advise you that I have this day approved and signed Concurrent Resolution from the Senate and House of Representatives, recalling from the Governor, for the purpose of amendment, Concurrent Resolution continuing the Joint Committee of the Senate and House of Representatives to consider and report upon a Revision of the Laws of this Commonwealth relating to Corporations and to Revenue appointed under the provisions of the concurrent resolution, approved May thirteenth, Anno Domini, one thousand nine hundred and nine.

JOHN K. TENER.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which the resolution was adopted.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move that the resolution be referred to the committee on Judiciary General.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

RESOLUTION EXTENDING THE PROVISIONS OF THE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION, APPROVED MAY 13, A. D. 1909, PROVIDING FOR THE APPOINTMENT OF A JOINT COMMITTEE OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES TO CONSIDER AND REPORT UPON A REVISION OF THE LAWS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH RELATING TO CORPORATIONS AND TO REVENUE; FOR THE EMPLOYMENT OF COUNSEL AND OTHER NECESSARY OFFICERS AND EMPLOYES, AND GIVING IT AUTHORITY TO COMPEL THE ATTENDANCE OF PERSONS AND THE PRODUCTION OF BOOKS AND PAPERS.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SPROUL offered the following resolution:

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the concurrent resolution approved May 13, 1909, entitled "A concurrent resolution providing for the appointment of a joint committee of the Senate and House of Representatives to consider and report upon a revision of the laws of this Commonwealth relating to corporations and to revenue; for the employment of counsel and other necessary officers and employes, and giving it authority to compel the attendance of persons and the production of books and papers, be and the same is hereby extended as follows: That the present president pro tempore of the Senate shall appoint three Senators and the present Speaker of the House of Representatives shall appoint three of its members, which shall constitute a joint committee whose duty it shall be to consider the laws of this Commonwealth relating to corporations and to revenue and the practical working thereof and to report to the General Assembly in 1913 whatever changes may be deemed necessary therein, together with the draft of an act or acts of Assembly to accomplish said changes and together with such recommendations as may be deemed necessary relative to the administration of existing laws or as to the apportionment of said suggested act or acts. Said committee shall have power to elect its own chairman, to sit after the adjournment of the Legislature, to employ legal counsel and such other officers and employes as may be needed to enable it to properly perform its duties as aforesaid: but its expenditures shall be limited to the amount provided therefor in the general appropriation bill to be passed at this session of the Legislature, and shall be paid out of the State Treasury upon vouchers signed by the chairman of said committee

Said committee shal also have power to issue subpoenaes signed by its chairman requiring the attendance of persons and the production of books and papers as in its judgment will assist in the performance of its duties as aforesaid.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to suspend rule 39, in order to consider the resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The resolution was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. KLINE, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1167 (House No. 590), entitled:

An act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to Fred Muster superintendent of the Bear Company Berwick Pennsylvania the amount paid by him to cover fine imposed for alleged violation of the Minor Labor act of the year one thousand nine hundred and nine

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. ADAMS, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1168 (House No. 702), entitled:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act relative to Berks County Prison and to discharged convicts" approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight

RECESS.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate take a recess until 8.00 o'clock this evening.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

BILLS SIGNED.

The President pro tempore (Mr. W. E. CROW), announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 34, entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine' approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine as amended by an act approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one entitled 'An Act to provide increased revenues for the purpose of relieving the burdens of local taxation being supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine amending the first fourteenth sixteenth twentieth twenty-first twenty-fifth and twenty-sixth sections of an act supplemenary thereto which became a law on the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled 'An act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine' and providing for greater uniformity of taxation by taxing all of the property of corporations limited partnerships and joint stock associations having capital stock at the rate of five mills on each dollar of its actual value' by relieving and exempting from the provisions thereof savings institutions having no capital stock" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws page two hundred and ninety-eight) by exempting savings accounts of less than one thousand dollars from taxation for State purposes

House Bill No. 64, entitled:

A joint resolution expressing the wish of the citizens of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania that the Panama Canal be fortified

House Bill No. 139, entitled:

An act enabling corporations not authorized by law to hold real estate in Pennsylvania to convey and make title to such real estate as may have been purchased and held by them prior to the passage of this act

House Bill No. 150, entitled:

An act directing the trustees of the Danville State Hospital for the Insane to connect the effluent of the sewage disposal plant with the sewer system of the borough of Danville and making an appropriation therefor

House Bill No. 173, entitled:

An act to amend the tenth and thirty-second sections of an act entitled "An Act providing when how upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements and for the removal of nuisances the procedure upon claims filed therefor the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened and the manner of distributing the proceeds of such sales" approved the fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one as said tenth section was amended by an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven and further amended by an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine and as said thirty-second section was amended by an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven by providing for the filing of municipal claims where appeals are taken from the assessment for the recovery of which such claim is filed and changing the procedure for reviving and continuing the lien of municipal and tax claims and providing that tax and municipal claims shall not be divested by any judicial sale of the property liened where the amount of such tax or municipal claim is not definite or is not due and payable

House Bill No. 196, entitled:

An act requiring the payment of wages to be semi-monthly regulating same and providing penalties for violation thereof

House Bill No. 219, entitled:

An act to provide for the issuing of certificates of election to Senators and Representatives in the General Assembly of Pennsylvania authorizing the proper officers of the Senate and House of Representatives to procure seals and making an appropriation therefor

House Bill No. 256, entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act being a further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven amending the amendment of the supplement thereto which became a law on the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine which amendment herein amended was approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one relating to the tax on capital stock" approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three relating to taxing bonds mortgages and other securities

House Bill No. 281, entitled:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fourth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act authorizing the board of county commissioners of the several counties of the State to furnish on petition appropriate metal markers for the graves of soldiers and sailors who served with honor in the military forces of the United States" as amended by an act approved the tenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act to furnish metal markers for graves of soldiers and sailors' approved the twenty-fourth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three providing that the county commissioners of the several counties of this State shall furnish markers for certain deceased soldiers and sailors' by extending its provisions to widows of soldiers and sailors

House Bill No. 282, entitled:

An act amending section forty-four of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six entitled "An Act relating to the commencement of actions" as amended by an act approved the thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to amend section forty-four of the act of Assembly of this Commonwealth entitled 'An Act relating to the commencement of actions' approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six so as to make all the provisions of said act apply to certain actions ex delicto as well as to all actions ex contractu" by extending its provisions to foreign corporations

House Bill No. 346, entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to aid the Auditor General in the collection of taxes due the Commonwealth from corporations limited partnerships and joint stock associations approved May twenty-fifth one thousand nine hundred and seven providing for personal liability of trustees assignees receivers or other non-judicial officers who fail to obey the provisions thereof

House Bill No. 368, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of commissions of Military State Agents employed by the accounting officers to collect claims due the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania from the Government of the United States

House Bill No. 413, entitled:

An act to provide for the better collection of money and taxes due the Commonwealth and property belonging to or liable to escheat to the same

House Bill No. 414, entitled:

An act authorizing and empowering commissioners in townships of the first class to enter into contracts with water companies for the placing of fire hydrants in any village in such township to purchase hose et cetera and to provide for the collection of funds for that purpose by levying a tax upon the owners of property in the district benefited

House Bill No. 420, entitled:

An act to provide for the payment for the maintenance and support of children or minors who have been or who may be sentenced by the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth where such minors have been committed to institutions outside this Commonwealth

House Bill No. 453, entitled:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act regulating the compensation of sheriffs for boarding prisoners confined in the county jails in the counties of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania which do not exceed fifty thousand population" by extending the pr

visions of the act to those having a population not exceeding sixty thousand and requiring the approval solely of the courts of quarter sesions

House Bill No. 482, entitled:

An act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the sprinkling of public streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof and assess the cost of the same to the owner or owners or occupiers of the property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same

House Bill No. 514, entitled:

An act to amend the tenth section of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the consolidation of boroughs and the government and regulations thereof" approved June sixth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three so as to allow the town council of a consolidated borough to select annually a borough treasurer and secretary and by providing for the biennial election of a high constable and the biennial election of auditors to serve two years

House Bill No. 549, entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes' approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three' approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling chemicals food stuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock" approved May twenty-eighth one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business

House Bill No. 566, entitled:

An act to require fire drills in factories and industrial establishments

House Bill No. 587, entitled:

An act fixing the salary or compensation of the crier of the courts of quarter sessions of the peace and oyer and terminer and general jail delivery in the several counties of this Commonwealth having more than one million and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants

House Bill No. 591, entitled:

An act amending the first and second sections of an act approved the fourteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled 'An Act to provide for the running relocating changing fixing and marking of county lines" by changing the number of surveyors on the commission

House Bill No. 597, entitled:

An act to authorize the school board of the school district of the township of Wysox Bradford county Pennsylvania to convert taxes levied in the said district in one thousand nine hundred and nine and collected specifically for contemplated new school building which has been abandoned

House Bill No. 621, entitled:

An act to provide that in every case where a bond has been or shall hereafter be filed in any court of record in this Commonwealth whether under the provision of any law or the order or decree of any court it shall be lawful for the principal surety or sureties or all of them jointly to present their petition to the said court at any time after a right of action shall have accrued upon such bond and that after notice to the parties in interest the court may enter an exoneretur upon the said bond unless action be brought within the time specified in this act

House Bill No. 624, entitled:

An act requiring sheriffs receivers trustees assignees masters or other officers having charge of the sale of the property or franchises of corporations limited partnerships or joint stock associations to notify the Auditor General of such sale and to read at the sale a certificate to be furnished by him relative to liens for State taxes bonus and other public accounts settlements providing a fee for said officers and imposing a penalty for neglect or refusal to perform such duties

House Bill No. 632, entitled:

An act regulating the lending of money upon personal property salaries and wages and fixing penalties for violation hereof

House Bill No. 635, entitled:

An act to safeguard life in the coal mines of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and to protect and preserve the property connected therewith by providing that all inside buildings shall be constructed of incombustible material and providing penalties for failure to comply with the terms of this act and making a violation thereof by mine superintendents a misdemeanor

House Bill No. 640, entitled:

An act creating the office of Fire Marshal to be attached to the Department of Public Safety in the cities of the first class prescribing his duties and powers and providing penalties for violations of the provisions of the act and providing for the method of appointment compensation and for the maintenance of his office

House Bill No. 647, entitled:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to prevent and punish prize fights and boxing matches in the counties of Pike Schuylkill Luzerne Erie and Montgomery" approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six in so far as the same relates to the counties of Schuylkill Luzerne and Montgomery

House Bill No. 655, entitled:

An act to provide for the taking of testimony to be used in any of the civil courts of record in this Commonwealth of witnesses residing in any other State or in any foreign country

House Bill No. 668, entitled:

An act to punish the interference or the permitting of interference of unauthorized persons with the electrical conductors electrical appliances and machinery electric meters and other apparatus of companies using generating or supplying electricity for light heat and power and to punish any consumer of electricity for knowingly having in his possession or under his control any electric meter that has been tampered with or prevented from duly registering and providing penalties therefor

House Bill No. 738, entitled:

An act to amend section nineteen of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offenses in regard to such elections" approved the tenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three authorizing the county commissioners of each county to construct a permanent election room or election house and for that purpose to purchase such real estate as they may deem necessary

House Bill No. 855, entitled:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to section seven article three of the Constitution of Pennsylvania so as to permit special legislation regulating labor

House Bill No. 141, entitled:

An act establishing in counties containing a population of from eight hundred thousand to one million four hundred thousand a board for the assessment and revision of taxes for State and county purposes prescribing the method of their appointment their powers and duties fixing their salary to be paid by the proper county and abolishing the office of ward borough and township assessors in so far as respects the assessment of State and county taxes

House Bill No. 223, entitled:

An act to amend the tenth section of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the government payment of the interest upon the State debt receiving of proposals for the sale of the public works and for other purposes" approved the twenty-seventh day of July Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-two by adding the assessors to the board of revision in counties having less than one million and more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants

House Bill No. 224, entitled:

An act requiring foundries to be provided with toilet room and water closet regulating same and providing a penalty for violation hereof

House Bill No. 266, entitled:

An act providing for an association of township commissioners and township supervisors in the different counties of the State and providing for the expenses of such associations

House Bill No. 452, entitled:

An act providing for the adjustment and payment of claim of John E Joos for publishing the mercantile appraiser's list of State taxes in Allegheny county for the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five

House Bill No. 481, entitled:

An act creating a county sinking fund commission in the several counties of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and prescribing its powers and duties

House Bill No. 534, entitled:

An act fixing the salaries of the seoond assistant librarian and messenger in the State Library

House Bill No. 561, entitled:

An act to amend the third and fifth sections of an act approved the thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to further define the duties aand powers of the State Live Stock Sanitary Board to prevent the spread of dangerous contagious or infectious diseases among domestic animals to require reports to be made of the existence of such diseases to limit appraisements and payments for animals that it may be necessary to destroy to prevent the spread of disease to protect milk supplies from contamination to authorize cooperation with local boards of health and to prescribe pen-

alties for the violation of the provisions hereof" as amended by an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled 'An act to amend sections three four and five and to extend the provisions of an act entitled "An act to further define the the duties and powers of the State Live Stock Sanitary Board to prevent the spread of dangerous contagious or infectious diseases among domestic animals to require reports to be made of the existence of such diseases to limit appraisements and payments for animals that it may be necessary to destroy to prevent the spread of disease to protect milk supplies from contamination to authorize co-operation with local boards of health and to prescribe penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" approved the thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five" by further regulating the appraisement of animals destroyed

House Bill No. 565, entitled:

An act providing for the registration of bottles boxes syphons syphon-heads tins kegs cans soda-fountains cylinders of carbonic acid gas or other containers and forbidding the refilling of or dealing or trafficking in such registered bottles boxes syphons syphon-heads tins cans kegs soda-fountains cylinders of carbonic acid gas or other containers by persons other than the owners thereof without the written consent of the owner and imposing a penalty therefor providing for the issuing of process in the nature of search warrant providing what shall be prima facie proof thereof and providing that the delivery of said bottles boxes syphons syphon-heads tins cans kegs soda-fountains cylinders of carbonic acid gas or other containers shall not constitute a sale thereof

House Bill No. 573, entitled:

An act regulating the pay of election officers in all counties of this Commonwealth containing a population of not less than eight hundred thousand and not more than one million four hundred thousand

House Bill No. 611, entitled:

An act to provide for the establishment of a Bureau of Standards in the Department of Internal Affairs of Pennsylvania the appointment of a Chief of that Bureau prescribing his duties and fixing his salary authorizing the purchase of a set of standardized weights and measures for the use of the Bureau and making an appropriation therefor

Senate Bill No. 96, entitled:

An act increasing the number of courts of common pleas in the County of Allegheny establishing therein a distinct and separate court of common pleas and providing for the election and appointment of judges for said court

Senate Bill No. 314, entitled:

An act to amend the fifth section of an act approved the nineteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of orphans's courts and to establish a separate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof" as amended by an act approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An act to further amend the fifth section of an act entitled 'An act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of the orphans's court and establishing a separate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges theeof" approved May nineteenth Anno Domini eighteen hundred and seventy-four as amended by an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini eighteen hundred and ninety-seven fixing and determining the salaries of the assistant clerks of said court" by vesting the appointment of the first assistant clerk of said courts in the respective judges thereof and providing that this amendment shall not apply to counties having a population over five hundred thousand

Whereupon,

The President pro tempore (Mr. W. E. CROW), in the presence of the Senate, signed the same.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING PRINTING OF ADDITIONAL COPIES OF THE SCHOOL CODE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives, which was read as follows:

In the House of Representatives, May 22, 1911.

Whereas, There is a great demand for the act known as the School Code; and

Therefore, Be it Resolved (if the Senate concur), That the Secretary of the Commonwealth is hereby directed to have printed ten thousand additional copies of the advance sheets of the said act to be distributed as follows: Five thousand to the Department of Public Instruction, one thousand to the Senate, two thousand to the House of Representatives, one thousand to the Legislative Reference Bureau and one thousand to the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that rule 39 be suspended in order to consider the resolution just read.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the resolution?

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move to amend by striking out the words "ten thousand" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "twenty-five thousand;" also in line five by striking out the word "one" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "six;" also in line six by striking out the word "two" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "twelve," so that the resolution will read as follows: That the Secretary of the Commonwealth is hereby directed to have printed twenty-five thousand additional copies of the advance sheets of the said act to be distributed as follows: Five thousand to the Department of Public Instruction, six thousand to the Senate, twelve thousand to the House of Representatives, one thousand to the Legislative Reference Bureau and one thousand to the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the resolution as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the House of Representatives with amendments in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

SENATE BILL NO. 397 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 397 entitled:

An act regulating the salary and payment thereof of the associate judges of the courts of this Commonwealth

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Said amendments were read as follows:

In section one line six by striking out the words "six hundred dollars" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "in counties of under ten thousand population three hundred dollars in counties of ten thousand and under twenty thousand population four hundred dollars and in counties of twenty thousand population and over six hundred dollars"

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Adams	Homsher	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Huffman	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Hunter	McIlhenny	Thomson
Clark	Jarrett	McNichol	Tustin
Cooper	Jones	McNichols	Vare
DeWitt	Judson	Miller	Washers
Endsley	Keyser	Morgan	Weingartner
Gerberich	Kline	Nulty	Wertz
Hall	Knapp	Powell	Wilbert
Hays	Kurtz	Salus	Wolf
Heacock	Manbeck	Shields	Crow
Herbst		Snyder	Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

SENATE BILL NO. 19 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 19, entitled:

An act regulating the infliction of the death penalty and making an appropriation therefor

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were read as follows:

In line two of the title by striking out the words "Regulating the infliction of the death penalty and making an appropriation therefor" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Fixing the penalty for murder of the first degree regulating the procedure incident thereto prescribing the place and manner of inflicting said penalty making an appropriation therefor and repealing the seventy-fifth section of an act approved the thirty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty entitled "An Act to consolidate revise and amend the penal law of this Commonwealth" and the seventy-sixth section of an act approved the thirty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty entitled "An Act to consolidate revise and amend the laws of the Commonwealth relating to penal proceedings and pleading"

also in section one, line three, by striking out after the word "that" the words

"whenever any convict shall hereafter be sentenced to death the death penalty shall be inflicted within the wall or yard of the penitentiary of the district in which such convict shall have been sentenced Any judge in sentencing any convict to death shall sentence such convict in accordance herewith and not otherwise"

and inserting in lieu thereof the words

"every person his aiders abettors and counsellors hereafter convicted of the crime of murder of the first degree shall be sentenced to suffer death in the manner herein provided and not otherwise Such punishment in every case must be inflicted by causing to pass through the body of the convict a current of electricity of intensity sufficient to cause death and the application of such current must be continued until such convict is dead The said punishment shall be inflicted within the walls or yard of the Allegheny or Philadelphia county prisons as hereinafter provided for by the Superintendent Deputy Superintedent or jailer thereof or by such person as the Superintendent or jailer shall designate"

also in section two, line one, by striking out the words

"No person except the following shall witness any such execution the warden of the penitentiary where such execution shall take place a qualified physician six reputable citizens selected by such warden one minister of the gospel when requested and selected by the convict such immediate relatives of the convict as may be requested by such convict and such officers of said penitentiary as may be selected by said warden"

and inserting in lieu thereof the words

"Whenever any person shall have been convicted and sentenced to death the clerk of the court where such conviction shall have taken place shall transmit to the Governor of the Commonwealth a full and complete transcript of the record of such trial and conviction within thirty days after sentence or in the event of an appeal within twenty days after the final disposal of the cause upon such appeal"

Also in section three by striking out the words

"After any such execution the warden of the proper penitentiary shall certify in writing under oath or affirmation to the Court of Oyer and Terminer of the county wherein such convict had been sentenced to death that such convict was duly executed within the walls or yard of such penitentiary in the manner prescribed by law and at the time designated in the death warrant of the Governor Such certificate shall be filed in the office of the clerk of such court and a copy thereof published in one newspaper in the county wherein such convict has been sentenced"

and inserting in lieu thereof the words

"After the receipt of the said record the Governor of the Commonwealth shall issue his warrant directed to the superintendent or jailer of such prison as he may designate commanding such superintendent or jailer to cause such convict to be executed in such prison within the week to be named in said warrant and in the manner prescribed by law"

also in section four by striking out the words

"The respective wardens of the Eastern and Western Penitentiaries shall immediately after the passage of this act cause to be constructed and placed in such penitentiary such apparatus and appliances as may be suitabe and sufficient to execute condemned criminals in the manner required by law"

and inserting in lieu thereof the words

Upon the receipt of such warrant the said superintendent or jailer shall duly notify the officer having the custody of such convict to deliver such convict to the custody of such superintendent or jailer and it shall be his duty forthwith to cause such delivery to be made Thereupon and until the penalty of death shall be inflicted or until lawfully discharged from such custody said convict shall be kept in solitary confinement in said prison During such confinement no person except the officers of such prison the counsel of such convict or a spiritual adviser selected by the convict or the members of the family of such convict shall be allowed access to such convict without an order of said court or a judge thereof"

also in section four by striking out the words

"For the purpose of installing such apparatus and appliances in each of said penitentiaries the sum of five thousand odllars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated"

and inserting in lieu thereof the words

"No person except the following shall witness any execution under the provisions of this act the superintendent or jailer of the prison where such execution takes place a qualified physician six reputable adult citizens selected by such superintendent or jailer one spiritual adviser when requested and selected by the convict not more than six duly accredited representatives of the daily newspapers and such officers of said prison as may be selected by said superintendent or jailer"

also in section five by striking out the words

"The cost and expense incident to any such execution and such post mortem examination shall be paid by warrant drawn by the Auditor General on the State Treasurer"

and inserting in lieu thereof the words

"The expense incident to any such execution and post mortem examination shall be paid out of the State Treasury upon warrant of the Auditor General on duly itemized vouchers attested by the respective superintendent or jailer"

also in section eleven, line twelve, by striking out the word "section" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "sections."

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, if I understand these amendments correctly they practically change the entire tenor of the bill as it was passed in the Senate and I raise the question whether a bill can be passed in that way that changes the entire bill by amendment. It changes the title and changes the method of procedure as to the punishment. I do not think, Mr. President, that under the rules a bill of that kind can be passed.

The PRESIDENT. The chair informs the Senator from Berks that that is not a question to be disposed of by the Chair.

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, I move that the Senate non-concur in the amendment as it changes the entire bill. The bill passed here was a bill for hanging and this bill is a bill for electrocution and in the prisons instead of the penitentiaries, if I understand correctly, in the Allegheny and Philadelphia County prisons, and I do not believe a bill of that kind is necessary at the present time.

Mr. WILBERT. Mr. President, I would like to ask for a little information. Am I to understand that if convicted they are to be electrocuted in the jails of Philadelphia and Allegheny County?

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, the amendments change the bill entirely. The bill as passed in the Senate was a bill to have the executions in the Eastern and Western Penitentiaries, and the amendments change it to the jails in Philadelphia and Allegheny counties.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate concur in the amendments?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—10.

Baldwin	Judson	Sproul	Washers
Clark	Knapp	Tustin	Wertz
Huffman	McIlhenny		

NAYS—35.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Shields
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Snyder
Buckman	Homsher	McConnell	Sones
Cooper	Hunter	McNichol	Vare
DeWitt	Jarrett	McNichols	Weingartner
Endsley	Jones	Miller	Wilbert
Gerberich	Keyser	Morgan	Wolf
Hall	Kline	Nulty	Crow
Hays	Kurtz	Powell	Pres. pro tem.

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 266.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 266, entitled:

An act in relation to the printing of appropriation bills in the pamphlet laws

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 474.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 474, entitled:

An act to amend the first and second sections of an act approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act authorizing and requiring the county commissioners of each county in the State to appoint a sufficient number of suitable persons in each township and ward of their county at the expense of the county to look after bury and provide a headstone for the body of any honorably discharged soldier sailor or marine who served in the army of the United States during the war with Spain or any preceding war and shall hereafter die in their county leaving insufficient means to defray the necessary burial expenses" by extending its provisions to all honorably discharged soldiers sailors and marines who shall die in their county and to all who were in active service in the militia of the State of Pennsylvania under and in pursuance of any of the proclamations issued by the Governor during the Civil War and not duly mustered into the service of the United States and shall hereafter die in their county or in any hospital asylum soldiers' home almshouse prison or house of detention in this Commonwealth or shall die beyond the State of Pennsylvania and shall have had legal residence within their county at the time of their death

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 268.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 268, entitled:

An act providing for the report to the Auditor General by the prothonotaries of the courts of common pleas of corporations incorporated by such courts

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 293.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 293, entitled:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act relating to damages for injuries producing death" approved the twenty-sixth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five by providing that the domicile residence citizenship or nationality shall be no bar as to the right to recover and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 434.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 434, entitled:

An act to provide that persons buying real estate in this Commonwealth from executors or trustees named in the last will and testament of any person dying testate and who hold the same in trust under the provisions thereof and who make sale of same under the power of sale in said last will and testament contained shall take title to said real estate free and discharge of any obligation to see to the application of the purchase money

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 492.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 492, entitled:

An act amending section one of the act of May twenty-first one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "An Act to establish the State Livestock Sanitary Board of Pennsylvania and to provide for the control and suppression of dangerous contagious or infectious diseases of domestic animals" and providing for the organization of said board and fixing the salaries of the treasurer and clerk thereof

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

He also presented bills of the House of Representatives for concurrence as follows:

House Bill No. 1263, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Temple University of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Appropriations.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. TUSTIN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with favorable recommendation the following nominations made by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were laid on the table:

MEMBER OF STATE PHARMACEUTICAL BOARD.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 3, 1911.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, Charles F. Kramer, of Harrisburg, to be a Member of the State Pharmaceutical Examining Board, for the term of five years, to compute from September 13, 1910.

EDWIN S. STUART.

TRUSTEES STATE HOSPITAL, DANVILLE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 3, 1911.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named gentlemen, to be Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Danville, for the term of three years, to compute from the dates set opposite their names respectively:

Isaac H. Grier, Danville, May 10, 1909.
Olin F. Harvey, Wilkes-Barre, October 22, 1909.
Samuel D. Townsend, Hughesville, September 4, 1910.

EDWIN S. STUART.

MEMBER OF STATE QUARANTINE BOARD.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 3, 1911.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, J. L. Forward, of Chester, to be a Member of the State Quarantine Board for the Port of Philadelphia, for the term of two years, to compute from July 1, 1909.

EDWIN S. STUART.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. TUSTIN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1169 (House No. 724), entitled:

An act regulating the pay of election officers in all counties of this Commonwealth containing a population of not less than two hundred and fifty thousand and not more than five hundred thousand

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1170 (House No. 791), entitled:

An act providing for the appointment of a deputy coroner and stenographers in the several counties of this Commonwealth having two hundred thousand inhabitants and not more than two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants prescribing their powers and duties and fixing their salaries

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1171 (House No. 723), entitled:

An act to provide for the payment of costs in cases of summary conviction had before magistrates, aldermen and justices of the peace

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1172 (House No. 788), entitled:

An act authorizing the election in first class townships of an additional constable and fixing his term

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1173 (House No. 719), entitled:

An act to provide for the detection and apprehension of persons who have committed any crime or misdemeanor the investigation of reported crimes and for the payment of expenses thereof out of the treasury of the county in which such offence has been committed or reported to have been committed

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1174 (House No. 795), entitled:

An act to provide for the establishment of the Pennsylvania State Museum and the various divisions thereof and to create a Board of Trustees for its government and control

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1175 (House No. 752), entitled:

An act providing for the appointment by the court of common pleas of any county of auditors to audit settle and adjust the accounts of the directors treasurer and tax collectors of any poor district composed of more than one municipality or municipal district wholly within but less extensive than said county the population of which poor district shall be not less than one hundred and fifty thousand and not more than three hundred thousand prescribing their powers duties and compensation the form contents filing and publishing of their report and providing for appeals to the court of common pleas of such county and the Superior and Supreme courts

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1176 (House No. 722), entitled:

An act amending the twenty-first section of an act entitled "An Act relating to county rates and levies and township rates and levies" approved the 15th day of April A D 1834 by authorizing the collector to deputize a constable or other officer to make the levy and sale or to arrest the delinquent for nonpayment of taxes

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1177 (House No. 717), entitled:

An act to amend the second section of an act approved the seventeenth day of April A D one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act providing that the district attorneys in all counties whose population does not exceed one hundred and fifty thousand shall be paid a salary and fixing the same which shall be in lieu of all fees and in full compensation for their services and providing for the appointment of assistant district attorneys in said counties and for the compensation of the same and providing that the fees heretofore allowed the district attorneys upon indictments shall remain in amount as heretofore but shall hereafter be as part of the costs for the use and benefit of the proper county" by fixing the salaries of district attorneys in counties having more than thirty thousand but not more than forty thousand inhabitants

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1178 (House No. 718), entitled:

An act to permit trustees executors administrators or receivers where an estate is without money or property to have appeals heard in the appellate courts upon filing typewritten copies of the names of the parties abstract of proceedings verdict questions involved history of the case report of the auditor or master charge of the court points and answers thereto assignments of error argument and certified record

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1179 (House No. 743), entitled:

An act to exempt certain buildings from the provisions and requirements of the act of Assembly approved the 7th day of June A D 1895 entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An act amending section one of article three of an act entitled 'An act for the better government of the cities of the first class this Commonwealth' approved the first day of June A D 1885 regulating the construction alteration and ventilation of tenement houses and providing for the violation of the same,' and of an act of Assembly approved the 12th day of July A D 1897 entitled 'An Act to amend section one of an act approved the third day of June A D 1885 entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the better security of life and limb in cases of fire in hotels and other buildings' approved the 11th day of June A D 1879 extending the provisions thereof to buildings used in whole or in part for offices not of fire proof construction' and also an act of Assembly approved the 19th day of April A D 1903 entitled 'An Act to further regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings and party walls in cities of the first class' "

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1180 (House No. 701), entitled:

An act authorizing C L Francisco of Sayre Bradford County Pennsylvania to bring suit and to recover against this Commonwealth in the court of common peals of Dauphin County Pennsylvania any sum or sums of money which may be legally and justly due him from this Commonwealth for advertising in the Sayre Times Record the Constitutional Amendments proposed and voted on in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1181 (House No. 704), entitled:

An act to amend an act approved the 8th day of April A D 1872 entitled "An Act relating to foreign executors administrators guardians and representatives of decedents and wards" by extending the provisions thereof to the assignment and satisfaction of record of mortgage debts and indentures of mortgage and to the receipt of the interest thereon

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1182 (House No. 700), entitled:

An act authorizing Peter F Reigle a resident of Spring Township Snyder County Pennsylvania to bring suit and to recover against this Commonwealth in the court of common pleas of Dauphin County Pennsylvania any sum or sums of money which may be legally or justly due him from this Commonwealth for damage done to his property in fighting forest fires in said county in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended Senate Bill No. 1183 (House No. 567), entitled:

An act amending the twentieth section of an act approved the 1st day of May A D 1905 entitled "An Act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths and burial or removal permits requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics at the Capitol of the State, as required to be established by the State Board of Health and to insure the thorough organization and efficiency of the registration of vital statistics throughout the State as provided in section seven of an act entitled 'An act to establish a State Board of Health for the better protection of life and health and to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in this Commonwealth' approved June 3d 1885 and making an appropriation for establishing and maintaining such a bureau and providing certain penalties" as amended by an act approved the 6th day of June A D 1907 entitled "An act to amend sections 5 9 19 20 and 25 of an act entitled "An act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths and burial or removal permits requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics at the Capitol of the State as required to be established by the State Board of Health and to insure the thorough organization and efficiency of the registration of vital statistics throughout the State as provided in Section 7 of 'An act to establish a State Board of Health for the better protection of life and health and to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in this Commonwealth' approved June 3d 1885 and making an appropriation for establishing and maintaining such a bureau and providing certain penalties" which was approved the 1st day of May A D 1905 by extending the territory in which burial permits shall be valid providing for the issuance of burial permits without fees establishing a method for securing the given names of children making a uniform date for the return of local registrars providing for certain fees in cities of the first and second class to be paid by the counties and abolishing all other systems of registration of births and deaths" by changing the fees for birth and death certificates

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended Senate Bill No. 1184 (House No. 744), entitled:

An act to amend the thirty-second section of an act entitled "An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway toll road conduit tunnel mine coal breaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipe line aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal mill race works for supplying water heat light power cold air or any other substance furnished to the public well for the production of gas oil or other volatile or mineral substance or other structure or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved the 4th day of June A D 1901 as amended by the second section of an act approved the 17th day of April A D 1905 entitled "An act to amend section 11 and section 32 of an act entitled 'An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway toll road conduit tunnel coal breaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipe line aqueduct, reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal mill race works for supplying water heat light power cold air or any other substance furnished to the public well for the production of gas oil or other volatile or mineral substance or other structure or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto' approved the 4th day of June 1901 so as to change the form of the claim and writ of scire facias thereon" by providing for an amicable scire facias

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended Senate Bill No. 734 (House No. 285), entitled:

An act to regulate the practice of neuropathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Neuropathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Neuropathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of neuropaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act

Mr. McCONNELL, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as amended Senate Bill No. 1185 (House No. 794), entitled:

An act providing for and regulating the taking of land by condemnation proceedings to enlarge certain cemeteries now or hereafter incorporated

Mr. THOMSON, from the Committee on Public Roads and Highways, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1186 (House No. 746), entitled:

An act to promote the safety of foot passengers on the highways of this Commonwealth and the convenience of the general public in the use of the said highways by empowering the supervisors or commissioners of any township in any county in this Commonwealth to compel by order resolution or ordinance a street railway company operating a double track line of railway within any village of this Commonwealth having one track on each side of a public road street turnpike or other public highway within the said village to remove its tracks within the said village from the side of the said public road street turnpike or other public highway to the middle of the same and authorizing the court of common pleas of the proper county in case the supervisors or commissioners of any township shall refuse to adopt such order resolution or ordinance upon the petition of twenty taxpayers resident in the said village then and in such case to order the removal of the said tracks to the middle of the said public road street turnpike or other public highway upon petition made to the said court by twenty taxpayers resident in the said village and imposing a penalty for refusal or neglect to comply with the said order resolution or ordinance of the said supervisors or commissioners of the said township or the order of the said court of common pleas

Also, from the Committee on Railroads, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1187 (House No. 787), entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act relative to the obstructing of the crossings of public roads by locomotives and cars" approved the 20th day of March 1845, by providing further that any member of the train crew shall be subject to said penalty

Mr. CLARK, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as amended Senate Bill No. 1188 (House No. 750), entitled:

An act authorizing the depositing of county funds at interest and regulating the manner of selecting such depositories and making such deposits

Mr. WILBERT, from the Committee on Municipal Affairs, reported as amended Senate Bill No. 1189 (House No. 572), entitled:

An act providing for the appointment of assistant district attorneys in the several counties of this Commonwealth having over three hundred thousand and less than seven hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants describing the powers duties and terms of office and fixing the salary of said assistants

Mr. FOX, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1190 (House No. 875), entitled:

An act defining public service companies, prescribing and defining the duties of public service companies prescribing defining and limiting the powers of public service companies and regulating the creation of such companies creating and establishing a public service commission for the supervision and regulation of public service companies, prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such commission and its officers and providing for the salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders by the court of common pleas of Dauphin County and giving such court exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal from all decrees of said court to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of such orders or of the provisions of this act and repealing the act approved May 31st, 1907, providing for the appointment of a Railroad Commission and of all other legislation inconsistent with this act

Mr. KEYSER, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1191 (House No. 756), entitled

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway telephone railway or mine coal-breaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipe-line aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal mill-race works for supplying water heat light power cold air or other substance furnished to the public well for the production of gas oil or volatile or mineral substance or other structure or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved June 4th, A. D. 1901

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1192 (House No. 725), entitled:

An act to provide for the satisfaction of mortgages now or hereafter to be recorded in this Commonwealth when the original mortgages have been lost mislaid or destroyed

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1193 (House No. 753), entitled:

An act regulating the payment of costs when a person charged with a crime not exclusively triable in the court of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery shall after a hearing be discharged by a magistrate alderman or justice of the peace

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1194 (House No. 757), entitled:

An act fixing the fees and compensation of the sheriffs in this Commonwealth for the removal and conveying of prisoners to the penitentiary house of correction or reformatories or any insane person or habitual drunkard to a hospital or asylum for the same

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1195 (House No. 733), entitled:

An act authorizing cities of the first class to remit taxes owing by any hospital where a dispute has arisen as to the right of the city to assess and collect such taxes

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1196 (House No. 726), entitled:

An act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the appointment of policemen in the boroughs of this Commonwealth defining the powers and duties and providing for their compensation and discharge" approved June 6th A. D. 1893 by regulating the control of policemen when on duty

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1197 (House No. 716), entitled:

An act regulating the printing of the laws of this Commonwealth

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1198 (House No. 713), entitled:

An act to provide for an additional law judge of the several courts of the Forty-fifth Judicial District

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1199 (House No. 817), entitled:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to section one of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania relating to taxation

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1200 (House No. 745), entitled:

An act to confer power on the several Orphans' Courts having jurisdiction thereof when the balance for distribution in an estate after the debts are paid includes stocks bonds and other securities to make distribution of the same in kind to parties entitled thereto to authorize subsequent sales thereof and to validate such distributions heretofore made

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1201 (House No. 507), entitled:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the 29th day of May A. D. 1901, entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act approved May 14th, 1874, entitled 'An Act to exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes and places of religious worship, places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit and institutions of purely public charity" hospitals universities colleges seminaries academies associations institutions of learning and benevolence by removing the exemption from certain lands therein exempted not necessary for the enjoyment of the same and providing for the taking of said land

Mr. KLINE, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 800 (House No. 265), entitled:

An act relating to roads providing for the election and appointment of township supervisors in second class townships defining their powers duties and limitations relating to road tax and the expenditure thereof, abolishing the work tax defining certain duties of the clerk of court fixing penalties for violation of this act and making an appropriation to carry out its provisions

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1202 (House No. 1253), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Institute for Colored Youth at Cheyney Delaware County

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1203 (House No. 1141), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind at Pittsburg

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1204 (House No. 1129), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Improvement Children's Home of the City of Pittsburg

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1205 (House No. 1071), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1206 (House No. 754), entitled:

An act fixing the salary of the storekeeper in the office of the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1207 (House No. 747), entitled:

An act providing for the appointment of a commission to survey and ascertain the location of a military route or road constructed and traversed by General Edward Braddock and General John Forbes in their respective military expeditions of one thousand seven hundred and fifty-five and one thousand seven hundred and fifty-eight and make a report thereon to the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in writing for publication and making an appropriation for the payment of necessary assistance and expenses incurred in the field and office work of the same

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1208 (House No. 731), entitled:

An act prohibiting the making of appropriations by the General Assembly to unincorporated charitable reformatory or correctional institutions formed organized or established after the date of the approval of this act and making it unlawful for the Auditor General and State Treasurer to make payments of appropriations to such associations

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1209 (House No. 1255), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills School situate in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth to defray the expenses of erecting an additional cottage and certain other buildings for the accommodation of the girls' department of their country home near Darlington Delaware County

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1210 (House No. 1261), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the University of Pittsburg for the extension of the buildings of the School of Medicine and the School of Mines for the erection of a building for the School of Dentistry for the general maintenance of the University construction of all buildings and the purchase of equipment and for the Hospital Clinic Mining Engineering Medicine and Observatory purposes

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1211 (House No. 1263), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Temple University of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1212 (House No. 1260), entitled:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to accept the grant of public lands by the United States for the endowment of agricultural colleges" approved April first one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three and making appropriation for carrying the same into effect

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1213 (House No. 1275), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton home located at one hundred and thirty-nine Queen street Germantown Philadelphia

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1214 (House No. 1284), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Working Home for Blind Men for maintenance in handicraft employment.

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1215 (House No. 1262), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the University of Pennsylvania

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1216 (House No. 1230), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital of the Northern Anthracite Coal Region of Pennsylvania at Scranton Pennsylvania

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1217 (House No. 1216), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Training School for Feeble-Minded Children at Elwyn Delaware county

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1218 (House No. 1210), entitled:

An act making an appropriation for maintenance of Mary M Packer Hospital Sunbury Pennsylvania

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1219 (House No. 1333), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the German Baptist Home for the Aged of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1220 (House No. 1324), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Colored Day Nursery of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1221 (House No. 1264), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to finance committee of the organizing commission of the Twelfth International Congress of Navigation to help defray the expenses incident to the meeting of said congress to be held in Philadelphia in June one thousand nine hundred and twelve

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1222 (House No. 1278), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Sisters of Charity of Saint Catharin's Orphan Asylum of Reading Pennsylvania

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1223 (House No. 1364), entitled:

An act to authorize the purchase of historical works relative to the services of any regiment or battery or other unit of military organization of Pennsylvania Volunteers during the war for the suppression of the Rebellion when same has been approved by the Governor Auditor General and Adjutant General making an appropriation for purchase of same and payment of expenses incurred or services rendered in examination and correction of said histories and providing for distribution of histories so purchased

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1224 (House No. 1293), entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the improvement of the State Canal Basins at the Port of Erie by dredging the said basins for widening the piers and bridge over the water channel between the said canal basins and erecting certain walls in the same for the protection of said State canal basins with harbor of Erie authorizing the appointment of a commission to make said improvements and providing for regulating the manner in which said basin shall be used by the public and kept in repairs

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1225 (House No. 1064), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home Philadelphia

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1226 (House No. 944), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to St. Joseph's Hospital of Philadelphia

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1227 (House No. 1062), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Catholic Home for Destitute Children Philadelphia

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1228 (House No. 1229), entitled:

An act making an appropriation of twenty-one thousand dollars for the erection of a monument to Robert Morris in the city of Philadelphia and empowering the appointment of a commission to select a site and to build such monument and providing for the expenses of the said commission and dedication of monument

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1229 (House No. 1113), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Brownsville General Hospital at Brownsville Fayette county Pennsylvania

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1230 (House No. 1050), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools situate in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth to defray the expenses of erecting a refrigerating plant and the installation of a sewage plant for the boys' department at Glen Mills Delaware County

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1231 (House No. 1210), entitled:

An act making an appropriation for maintenance of Mary M Packer Hospital Sunbury Pennsylvania

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1232 (House No. 1237), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the DuBois Hospital of DuBois Clearfield county Pennsylvania

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1233 (House No. 1330), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the commission for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Hospital for the Treatment of the Insane under Homeopathic management to be called the Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1234 (House No. 920), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home and Maternity Hospital

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1235 (House No. 1328), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Carroll R Williams J H Shoemaker and A Morton Cooper of Philadelphia for services as attorneys for the Dairy and Food Commissioner and to A K Cassel of said city for services as special agent of the Dairy and Food Commissioner

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1236 (House No. 1028), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Salvation Army Rescue and Maternity Home of Bellevue Allegheny county

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1237 (House No. 1133), entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the Springdale General Hospital at Springdale Allegheny county

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1238 (House No. 1282), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Agricultural Experiment Station of the Pennsylvania State College Pennsylvania

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1239 (House No. 1290), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the German Hospital of the city of Philadelphia

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1240 (House No. 860), entitled:

An act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING AND DIRECTING THE SALISBURY MEMORIAL COMMISSION TO ERECT MEMORIAL TO THE MEMORY OF PENNSYLVANIA SOLDIERS WHO PERISHED IN THE CONFEDERATE PRISON AT FLORENCE, NORTH CAROLINA.

Mr. WILBERT offered the following resolution:

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur) That to commemorate the heroism sacrifice and patriotism of Pennsylvania's soldiers who perished in the Confederate prison at Florence North Carolina and are interred in the National Cemetery at that place,

The Salisbury Memorial Commission is hereby authorized and directed to erect in the National Cemetery at Florence North Carolina a suitable memorial to their memory

And be it further resolved, That such sum of money as may be specifically appropriated by an item in the general appropriation bill for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this resolution shall be paid on warrants of the Auditor General on the State Treasurer in favor of and upon the requisition of the president of said Salisbury Memorial Commission to be accounted for by proper vouchers certified under the hands of the commission and filed with the Auditor General

Mr. WILBERT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to suspend rule 39 in order to consider the resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The resolution was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE GOVERNOR TO APPOINT REPRESENTATIVE TO THE EIGHTH INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS OF APPLIED CHEMISTRY, IN WASHINGTON AND NEW YORK.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. GERBERICH, from the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, reported with favorable recommendation the following resolution:

In the House of Representatives, April 6, 1911.

Whereas, the Congress of the United States by joint resolution on March fourth one thousand nine hundred and nine authorized the President of the United States to invite the Eighth International Congress of Applied Chemistry to meet in the United States and whereas this invitation was extended to the Seventh International Congress of Applied Chemistry in London June second one thousand nine hundred and nine by the Honorable Whitelaw Reid Ambassador from the United States to Great Britain and was enthusiastically and unanimously accepted

Therefore be it resolved (if the Senate concur) that the Governor of the Commonwealth be and is hereby authorized to appoint some chemist a citizen of this Commonwealth as official representative to this Eighth International Congress of Applied Chemistry which will meet in the cities of Washington and New York in the month of September one thousand nine hundred aand twelve and be it further resolved that the official representative so appointed shall be allowed a sum not exceeding one hundred and fifty dollars for expenses this sum to be provided for in the general appropriation bill

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to suspend Rule 39 in order to consider the resolution at this time.

The resolution was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE APPOINTMENT OF A COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE ANY CHARGES THAT HAVE HERETOFORE OR MAY HEREAFTER BE MADE BETWEEN LEGISLATIVE SESSIONS AGAINST JUDGES OR OTHER PERSONS HOLDING A CIVIL OFFICE.

Mr. CATLIN offered the following resolution:

Whereas, from time to time there have been in the public press of the State grave charges of misconduct on the part of certain Judges and other persons holding civil offices in this Commonwealth; and

Whereas, it is of paramount importance to this Commonwealth and said Judges and officers that their integrity be retained and a high standard of ethics sought; and

Whereas, there are no laws upon the statute books authorizing the investigation of any charges that may be made during the interim between legislative sessions against any of said Judges and officers, the sole power of investigation and impeachment under the Constitution being vested with the Legislature; and

Whereas, it is of great importance to the residents of the State and such accused Judges and officials that all charges be investigated at the time they are made so as to set at rest the accusations aforesaid; therefore

Be It Resolved, That the President pro tempore of the Senate be and he is hereby authorized to appoint five Senators four representing the majority party and one representing the minority party which shall constitute a commission, whose duty it shall be to investigate any charges that have heretofore or may hereafter be made, between legislative sessions against any Judges or other persons holding a civil office in this Commonwealth, of any immoral or dishonest conduct or who have in any way violated their oaths of office. The Chairman of said commission shall be designated by the President pro tempore of the Senate and all subpoenas issued by said commission shall be signed by him and served by the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate. Said commission shall have full power to administer oaths and to compel the attendance of witnesses the production of books, documents, records and papers as in its judgment will assist in the performance of its duties. Each member of said commission before entering upon his duties shall take and subscribe to the oath prescribed by the Constitution of the Commonwealth for the faithful performance of his duties. The commission shall hold such hearings, which shall be public, at such times and places as it may deem proper, and shall at all its hearings be represented by the Attorney General of this Commonwealth or his duly accredited representative. The accused may appear by counsel and may through the commission have such witnesses, papers, books and documents produced as he shall deem necessary to establish his innocence. The members of said commission shall serve without compensation, but shall be allowed their actual necessary expenses. It shall also have the right to employ such officers and employes as may be needed to enable it to properly perform its duties and the expenditures therefor shall be limited to the amount provided for in the general appropriation bill. Said commission shall make a full and true report in writing of its investigations, together with such recommendations and suggestions as it may deem necessary, to the General Assembly of Pennsylvania at its first session in the year one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to suspend Rule 39 in order to consider the resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The resolution was twice read, considered and agreed to.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. TUSTIN

That Rule 38, which requires nominations made by the Governor to lie on the table one day, be dispensed with and the Senate do now resolve itself into Executive Session for the purpose of acting upon all nominations reported at to-day's session.

Which was agreed to.

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. TUSTIN

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nominations reported.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provision of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed acordingly.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON SENATE BILL NO. 10

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the consideration of the report of the Committee of Conference on Senate Bill No. 10 which was read as follows:

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON SENATE BILL NO. 103.

To the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned Committee of Conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives, for the purpose of considering Senate Bill No. 103, entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner, two Deputy State Highway Commissioners, chief engineer, chief draughtsman, superintendents of highways, and a staff of assistants and employes, defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of commissioner and deputies and other appointees, providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commnwealth certain existing public roads conecting county seats, principal cities and towns and extending to the State line. Describing and defining same by route numbers as the State highways of the Commonwealth. Providing for the improvement, maintenance and repair of said State Highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same, requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State Highways wholly and in part, requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof, conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner. Providing for the payment of damages in taking of property or otherwise in the improvement thereof. Providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll roads forming all or part of any State highway and procedure therein Providing for work of improvement of State highways to be done by contract except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work be done by the State. Providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads. Defining highways and State-aid highways. Providing method of application for State-aid in the improvement, maintenance and repair of township or county roads and prescribing the contents of township, county, borough or incorporated town petitions. Providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State, county, township, borough, or incorporated town and requiring contracts by counties, townships, boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same. Providing for the minimum width of State highways and State-aid highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement. Providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs. Providing penalty for injuring or destroying State highways. Making an appropriation to carry out the provisions of the act and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith and providing that existing contracts are not affected by the provisions of this act," submit the following amended bill as our report:

WM. C. SPROUL,
OSCAR E. THOMSON,
J. K. P. HALL,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

E. E. JONES,
T. J. FERGUSON,
JOSEPH G. RIDER,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner two Deputy State Highway commissioners chief engineer chief draughtsman superintendents of highways and a staff of assistants and employes defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of commissioner and deputies and other appointees providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county seats principal cities and towns and extending to the State line Describing and defining same by route numbers as the State highways of the Commonwealth Providing for the improvement maintenance and repairs of said State Highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State Highways wholly and in part requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner. Providing for the payment of damages in taking of property or otherwise in the improvement thereof Providing for purchase or acquiring of turn-pikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State Highway and procedure therein Providing for work of improvement of State highways to be done by contract except where the State highway Commissioner decides the work be done by the State Providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads Defining highways and State-aid highways Providing method of application for State-aid in the improvement maintenance and repair of township or county roads and prescribing the contents of township county borough or incorporated town petitions Providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State county township borough or incorporated town and requiring contracts by counties townships boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same Providing for the minimum width of State highways and State-aid highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs Providing penalty for injuring or destroying State highways Making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the Act and providing for the repeal of certain Acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent herewith and Providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this Act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven there shall be established a State Highway Department by the appointment by the Governor of the Commonwealth of a State Highway Commissioner who shall serve for a term of four years and shall give his entire time and attention to the duties of his office He shall receive a salary of eight thousand dollars per annum and shall furnish a bond to the Commonwealth in the sum of fifty thousand dollars to be approved by the Governor conditioned for the faithful performance of his duties The Governor shall also appoint two deputy State Highway Commissioners to be known as First Deputy State Highway Commissioner and Second Deputy State Highway Commissioner respectively both of whom shall be competent civil engineers The First Deputy State Highway Commissioner shall receive a salary of six thousand dollars per annum and the Second Deputy State Highway Commissioner shall receive a salary of five thousand dollars per annum They shall each give bond to the Commonwealth in the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars to be approved by the Governor conditioned for the faithful performance of their duties They shall be subject at all times to the authority of the State Highway Commissioner and in the absence of the Commissioner shall in the order of their precedence to each other perform and discharge all the duties of the State Highway Commissioner as required by law and the provisions of this Act The Governor shall also appoint an Auditor of the said Department who shall be an expert accountant and who shall be a certified public accountant under the laws of this Commonwealth He shall receive a salary of three thousand dollars per annum and shall give bond to the Commonwealth in the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars subject to the approval of the Governor conditioned for the faithful performance of his duties It shall be the duty of said Auditor to examine and audit all the accounts of the Department and to countersign all warrants

Section 2 The Governor shall appoint a chief engineer of the department who shall be a capable and competent civil engineer and experienced in the building and maintenance of improved roads who shall be paid a salary at the rate of four thousand dollars per annum He shall also appoint as an assistant to the chief engineer an engineer of bridges who shall be a capable and competent civil engineer experienced in the designing and construction of bridges who shall be paid a salary at the rate of thirty-six hundred dollars per annum He shall also appoint fifty superintendents experienced in the construction and maintenance of improved roads who shall be known as superintendents of highways each of whom shall be paid a salary at the rate of fifteen hundred dollars per annum He may also appoint when as the work of the Department requires fifteen competent civil engineers experienced in improved road building to act as assistants to the chief engineer and who shall each be paid a salary at the rate of twenty-four hundred dollars per annum He shall also appoint a chief draughtsman who shall also be an experienced civil engineer and who shall be paid a salary at the rate of twenty-four hundred dollars per annum He may also appoint four assistant draughtsmen who shall also be civil engineers who shall be paid a salary at the rate of eighteen hundred dollars per annum He shall also appoint a chief clerk who shall be paid a salary at the rate of twenty-four hundred dollars per annum and may employ four competent additional clerks and four competent stenographers each at a salary at the rate of twelve hundred dollars per annum and in addition thereto may appoint and employ from time to time such additional stenographers and clerks as the work of the Department requires which additional appointees or employes shall each be paid a salary not to exceed the rate of one thousand dollars per annum He may also appoint two competent bookkeepers who shall each be paid a salary at the rate of sixteen hundred dollars per annum The State Highway Commissioner his Deputies and other officers shall be paid in addition to their stipulated salary or compensation traveling expenses necessarily and actually incurred by each of them in the performance of the duties required by this Act or performed by direction of the State Highway Commissioner The State Highway Commissioner shall assign the superintendents of highways to such sections or parts of the State as in the judgment of said Commissioner will enable said superintendents to render most efficient service in the improvement of the highways It shall be the duty of each superintendent of highways subject to the authority of the Commissioner and in accord with the rules and regulations of the Department to superintend supervise and take charge and control of all work of rebuilding maintenance and repair of the State-aid and State highways or any portions thereof in his said district or placed in his charge and it shall be the further duty of each superintendent of highways to instruct the authorities having charge of the highways in the counties or townships in his district which receive aid from the State in the maintenance of highways and as to the methods to be employed at all times in the construction maintenance and repair of county or township roads culverts and bridges in the said counties or townships

Section 3 The State Highway Commissioner is hereby empowered to make and adopt rules and regulations for conducting the business and work of the department not otherwise expressly provided in this Act and to prescribe the duties of all appointees and employes All appointees or employes of the department shall be subject to removal or discharge by the State Highway Commissioner

He is hereby authorized and empowered to purchase all machinery implements tools and materials of any and every kind incident to or necessary in the construction building re-building and maintenance of the State highways hereinafter described including the right to employ all necessary labor and if in the judgment of the commissioner it is necessary in order to expedite and more efficiently carry out the work of the department he may purchase and maintain at the expense of the department wagons and other vehicles including horses mules and harness and provide for their keeping and mainten-

ance which shall be used only in connection with the work of the department

Section 4 The State Highway Department shall be provided with suitable rooms in the State building at Harrisburg and its offices shall be open at all reasonable times for the transaction of public business The State Highway Commissioner shall carry into effect the provisions of this Act and all other Acts of Assembly providing for the operation and co-operation of the State in the construction and maintenance of State and public highways He shall have charge of the records of the State Highway Department and shall each year submit to the Governor of the Commonwealth a full report of the operations of the department a report of materials cost and character of roads built rebuilt or maintained under its direction detailed statements of the expense of the department and such other information concerning the condition of the public roads of the State and particularly of the State-aid and State highways and the progress of their improvements as may be proper or required

Section 5 The highways designated in this Act as State highways shall be taken over by the State Highway Department from the several counties or townships of the State and when so taken over shall thereafter be constructed improved and maintained by the State Highway Department at the expense of the Commonwealth Said highways shall be taken over in whole or in part from time to time as circumstances and conditions will permit provided that all township roads abondoned and condemned turnpikes or turnpikes that may hereafter be abandoned or which may hereafter be condemned and paid for by the county in which the same may be located and which form a part of any such highways shall be taken over by the State Highway Department before the first day of June one thousand nine hundred and twelve The State Highway Commissioner shall before taking over any highway under the provisions of this Act give notice in writing to the proper officers of the county or township in which said highway shall lie of his intention so to do and of the date when the State Highway Department will assume the maintenance and care thereof The work of maintenance repair and construction of said State highways shall be commenced and carried on as equally and uniformly in the several counties as conditions will allow Provided that any county township or borough which may have in contemplation or under contract or construction the improvement of any portion of any highway designated herein as a State highway shall immediately notify the State Highway Commissioner of their intention to make said improvements and thereupon the status of such highway shall remain the same as it was previous to the passage of this Act and the county Commissioners or the Commissioners or Supervisors of the township or Council of the borough as the case may be are authorized to complete the improvements of said highway at the expense of the county or township or borough as the case may be Provided that upon the completion of any improvement aforesaid or at the expiration of a period not exceeding eighteen months after the passage of this Act the said highway shall become a State highway as herein provided And be it further provided That where an agreement or contract exists between any street railway company or other firm or corporation and any county township or borough the terms of which require said street railway company or other firm or corporation to maintain any highway which is designated under this Act as a State highway the said agreement shall remain in force and the State shall succeed to and take over to itself all the rights of said county township or borough existing under said agreement or contract The said street railway company or other firm or corporation shall be bound to carry out all of the requirements and comply with all the terms and conditions of said agreement with the State the same as though the said contract or agreement had been originally made between the State and said street railway company or other firm or corporation

Section 6 From and after the adoption of this act all those certain existing public roads highways turn-pikes and toll-roads or any parts or portions thereof subject to the provisions hereinafter made in the case of turn-pikes and toll-roads forming and being main traveled roads or routes between the county seats of the several counties of the Commonwealth and main traveled roads or routes leading to the State line and between principal cities boroughs and towns shall be known marked built rebuilt constructed repaired and maintained by and at the sole expense of the Commonwealth and shall be under the exclusive authority and jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and shall constitute a system of State highways the same being more particularly described and defined as follows

Route One From Harrisburg to Sunbury Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Harrisburg and running by way of Dauphin Halifax and Millersburg to a point on the dividing line between Dauphin and Northumberland counties thence by way of Herndon into Sunbury Northumberland County

Route Two From Sunbury to Danville Commencing in Sunbury and running to a point on the dividing line between Northumberland and Montour counties thence into the borough of Danville Montour County

Route Three From Danville to Bloomsburg Commencing in Danville and running to a point on the dividing line between Montour and Columbia counties thence into Bloomsburg Columbia County

Route Four From Bloomsburg to Wilkes-Barre Commencing in Bloomsburg and running by way of Berwick to a point on the dividing line between Columbia and Luzerne counties thence by way of Hunlocks Creek and Plymouth to the boundary line of the city of Wilkes-Barre Luzerne County

Route Five From Wilkes-Barre to Scranton Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Wilkes-Barre and running by way of Pittston and Avoca to a point on the dividing line between Luzerne and Lackawanna counties and thence to the boundary line of the city of Scranton Lackawanna County

Route Six From Scranton to Honesdale Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Scranton and running by way of Dunmore Throop and Carbondale to a point on the dividing line between Lackawanna and Wayne counties thence into Honesdale Wayne County

Route Seven From Honesdale to Milford Commencing in Honesdale and running to Hawley thence to a point on the dividing line between Wayne and Pike counties thence by way of Blooming Grove into Milford Pike County

Route Eight From Milford to the New York State line Commencing in Milford and running to Matamoras Pike County opposite Port Jervis New York

Route Nine From Scranton to Montrose Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Scranton and running by way of Clark's Summit Glenburn and LaPlume to a point on the dividing line between Lackawanna and Wyoming counties thence by way of Factoryville and Nicholson to a point on the dividing line between Wyoming and Susquehanna counties thence into Montrose Susquehanna County

Route Ten From Montrose to the New York State line Commencing in Montrose and running by way of New Milford Hallstead Great Bend and Susquehanna to the New York State line

Route Eleven From Wilkes-Barre to Tunkhannock Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Wilkes Barre and running by way of Dallas to a point on the dividing line between Luzerne and Wyoming counties thence by way of Bowman Creek and Eatonville into Tunkhannock Wyoming County

Route Twelve From Tunkhannock to Montrose Commencing in Tunkhannock and running by way of Avery to a point on the dividing line between Wyoming and Susquehanna counties thence by way of Springville into Montrose Susquehanna County

Route Thirteen From Tunkhannock to Towanda Commencing in Tunkhannock and running by way of Eatonville Lucasville Mehoopany Jenningsville and Stowell to a point on the dividing line between Wyoming and Bradford counties thence by way of Hollenback Snyder Run Tarrytown Asylum and Wysox into Towanda Bradford County

Route Fourteen From Towanda to Montrose Commencing in Towanda and running over Route thirteen to Wysox thence by way of Rummerfield and Campton to a point on the dividing line between Bradford and Susquehanna counties thence by way of Rushville into Montrose Susquehanna County

Route Fifteen From Towanda to the New York State line Commencing in Towanda thence running over Route thirteen to Wysox thence by way of Rome and North Orwell to a point on the New York State line near Nichols New York

Route Sixteen From Bloomsburg to Laporte Commencing in Bloomsburg and running by way of Orangeville Stillwater Benton and Jamison City to a point on the dividing line between Columbia and Sullivan counties thence into Laporte Sullivan County

Route Seventeen From Laporte to Towanda Commencing in Laporte and running by way of Bernice and Dushore to a point on the dividing line between Sullivan and Bradford counties thence by way of New Albany into Towanda Bradford County

Route Eighteen From Sunbury to Williamsport Commencing in Sunbury and running by way of East Lewisburg Milton and McEwensville to a point on the dividing line between Northumberland and Lycoming counties thence by way of Muncy and Montoursville into Williamsport Lycoming County

Route Nineteen From Williamsport to Laporte Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Williamsport and running over Route eighteen to Muncy thence by way of Hughesville and Mawrgien to a point on the dividing line between Lycoming and Sullivan counties thence by way of Sonestown to Nordmont and thence over Route sixteen into Laporte Sullivan County

Route Twenty From Williamsport to Towanda Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Williamsport and running by way of Hepburnville Troutrun Ralston and Roaring Branch to a point on the dividing line between Lycoming and Tioga counties thence to Hagars thence to a point on the dividing line between Tioga and Bradford counties thence by way of Canton Troy and Burlington into Towanda Bradford County

Route Twenty-one From Williamsport to Wellsboro Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Williamsport and running over Route twenty to Troutrun and thence by way of Steam Valley and Buttonwood to a point on the dividing line between Lycoming and Tioga counties thence by way of Liberty Blossburg Covington Richard's Bridge Elk Run Dykes Mills and Hollow Road into Wellsboro Tioga County

Route Twenty-two From Wellsboro to the New York State line Commencing in Wellsboro and running by way of Stokesdale Niles Valley Middlebury and Lawrenceville to the New York State line

Route Twenty-three From Williamsport to Lock Haven Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Williamsport and running by way of Jersey Shore to a point on the dividing line between Lycoming and Clinton counties and thence by way of Chatham Run to a point on the boundary line of the city of Lock Haven Clinton County

Route Twenty-four From Lewisburg to Sunbury Commencing in Lewisburg and running by way of Winfield to a point on the dividing line between Union and Snyder counties thence to Shamokin Dam opposite Sunbury Northumberland County

Route Twenty-five From Sunbury to Middleburg Commencing at a point in Sunbury Northumberland County and running thence by way of Shamokin Dam and Selingsgrove into Middleburg Snyder County

Route Twenty-six From Middleburg to Lewisburg Commencing in Middleburg and running by way of Penns Creek to a point on the dividing line between Snyder and Union counties thence by way of Mifflinburg Vicksburg and Lochiel into Lewisburg Union County

Route Twenty-seven From Lewisburg to Bellefonte Commencing in Lewisburg and running over Route Twenty-four to Winfield thence by way of New Berlin to Penns Creek thence over Route Twenty-six to Mifflinburg thence by way

f Hartleton to a point on the dividing line between Union nd Centre counties thence by way of Woodward Millheim nd Centrehall into Bellefonte Centre County

Route Twenty-eight From Middleburg to Lewistown Commenc ng in Middleburg and running by way of Beavertown and Mc lure to a point on the dividing line between Snyder and Mifflin ounties thence by way of Wagner and Painterville into Lewis own Mifflin County

Route Twenty-nine From Lewistown to Bellefonte Com mencing in Lewistown and running by way of Burnham Reeds ille and Milroy to a point on the dividing line between Mif lin and Centre counties thence by way of Potter Mills to Cen re Hall thence over Route Twenty-seven into Bellefonte Centre ounty

Route Thirty From Harrisburg to New Bloomfield Com mencing in Wormleysburg Cumberland County opposite the ity of Harrisburg thence running by way of Enola to a point n the dividing line between Cumberland and Perry counties nd thence by way of Marysville and Duncannon into New Bloomfield Perry County

Route Thirty-one From New Bloomfield to Mifflintown Com mencing in New Bloomfield thence running by way of Newport nd Millerstown to a point on the dividing line between Perry nd Juniata counties and thence by way of Thompsontown nd Mexico into Mifflintown Juniata County

Route Thirty-two From Mifflintown to Lewistown Commenc ng in Mifflintown and following the line of the Juniata River o a point on the dividing line between Juniata and Mifflin ounties thence into Lewistown Mifflin County

Route Thirty-three From Lewistown to Huntingdon Com mencing in Lewistown thence running by way of McVeytown nd Newton Hamilton to a point on the dividing line between Mifflin and Huntingdon counties thence by way of Mount Union Mapleton and Mill Creek into Huntingdon Huntingdon County

Route Thirty-four From Harrisburg to Carlisle Commenc ng in Wormleysburg Cumberland County opposite the city of Harrisburg thence by way of Lemoyne Camp Hill Hogestown nd Middlesex into Carlisle Cumberland County

Route Thirty-five From Carlisle to Chambersburg Commenc ng in Carlisle and running by way of Mooredale Centerville Walnut Bottom Cross Roads and Shippensburg to a point on he Dividing line between Cumberland and Franklin counties thence by way of Green Village into Chambersburg Franklin County

Route Thirty-six From Chambersburg to the Maryland State ine Commencing in Chambersburg and running by way of Marion and Greencastle to the Maryland State line

Route Thirty-seven From Chambersburg to McConnellsburg Commencing in Chambersburg and running by way of Saint Thomas and Fort Loudon to a point on the dividing line between Franklin and Fulton counties thence into McConnellsburg Fulton County

Route Thirty-eight From McConnellsburg to the Maryland State line Commencing in McConnellsburg and running by way of Big Cove Needmore Dott and Warfordsburg to the Maryland State line

Route Thirty-nine From McConnellsburg to Bedford Commencing in McConnellsburg and running by way of Harrisonville to a point on the dividing line between Fulton and Bedford counties thence by way of Everett into Bedford Bedford County

Route Forty From Carlisle to New Bloomfield Commencing in Carlisle and running by way of Carlisle Springs to a point on the dividing line between Cumberland and Perry counties thence by way of Sterrett's Gap and Drumgold into New Bloomfield Perry County

Route Forty-one From Carlisle to Gettysburg Commencing in Carlisle and running by way of Mount Holly Springs Hunter's Run and Alga to a point on the dividing line between Cumberland and Adams counties thence by way of Bendersville Biglerville and Goldenville into Gettysburg Adams county

Route Forty-two From Gettysburg to the Maryland State line Commencing in Gettysburg and running by way of Littlestown to the Maryland State line

Route Forty-three From Gettysburg to Chambersburg Commencing in Gettysburg thence running by way of McKnightstown and Cashtown to a point on the dividing line between Adams and Franklin counties thence by way of Fayetteville into Chambersburg Franklin County

Route Forty-four From Gettysburg to the Maryland State line Commencing in Gettysburg and running by way of Fairfield and Fountaindale to a point on the dividing line between Adams and Franklin counties thence by way of Charmion and Waynesboro to the Maryland State line

Route Forty-five From Chambersburg to Mifflintown Commencing in Chambersburg and running over Route thirty-seven to Fort Loudon thence by way of Richmond Furnace Fannettsburg Dry Run and Concord to a point on the dividing line between Franklin and Huntingdon counties thence to Blair's Mills Huntingdon County thence to a point on the dividing line between Huntingdon and Juniata counties thence by way of East Waterford Warble and Spruce Hill to Port Royal thence over Route thirty-one into Mifflintown Juniata County

Route Forty-six From Bedford to Huntingdon Commencing in Bedford and running over Route thirty-nine to Everett thence by way of Yellow Creek Hopewell and Saxton to a point on the dividing line between Bedford and Huntingdon counties thence by way of Beaver Marklesburg and McConnellstown into Huntingdon Huntingdon County

Route Forty-seven From Bedford to Hollidaysburg Commencing in Bedford and running by way of Reynoldsdale Osterburg and King to a point on the dividing line between Bedford and Blair counties and thence by way of Claysburg and East Freedom into Hollidaysburg Blair County

Route Forty-eight From Bedford to the Maryland State line Commencing in Bedford and running by way of Cruse and Evitts to the Maryland State line

Route Forty-nine From Bedford to Somerset Commencing in Bedford and running by way of Manns Choice to a point on the dividing line between Bedford and Somerset counties thence by way of Berlin into Somerset Somerset County

Route Fifty From Somerset to Uniontown Commencing in Somerset and running by way of New Centerville Rockwood dividing line between Somerset and Fayette counties thence by Casselman and Confluence to a point on the National Road near Addison thence by way of Somerfield to a point on the way of Farmington into Uniontown Fayette County

Route Fifty-one From Somerset to the Maryland State line Commencing in Somerset and running over Route forty-nine to Berlin thence by way of Meyersdale and Salisbury to the Maryland State line

Route Fifty-two From Somerset to Ebensburg Commencing in Somerset and running by way of Friedens Stoyestown Stanton Mills Boswell Jerome Holsopple and Davidsville to a point on the dividing line between Somerset and Cambria counties thence by way of Johnstown Vinco and Dearmin into Ebensburg Cambria County

Route Fifty-three From Ebensburg to Hollidaysburg Commenc in Ebensburg and running by way of Loretto Syberton Gallitzin Cresson and Summit to a point on the dividing line between Cambria and Blair counties thence by way of Duncansville into Hollidaysburg Blair County

Route Fifty-four From Ebensburg to Indiana Commencing in Ebensburg and running by way of Pindleton and Belsano to a point on the dividing line between Cambria and Indiana counties thence by way of Strongstown Possum Glory Pine Flats and Clymer into Indiana Indiana County

Route Fifty-five From Huntingdon to Hollidaysburg Commencing in Huntingdon and running by way of Alexandria Water Street Union Furnace and Birmingham to a point on the dividing line between Huntingdon and Blair counties thence by way of Tyrone Bellwood and Altoona into Hollidaysburg Blair County

Route Fifty-six From Huntingdon to Bellefonte Commencing in Huntingdon and running over Route fifty-five to Tyrone thence by way of Warrior's Mark Seven Stars and Pennsylvania Furnace to a point on the dividing line between Huntingdon and Centre counties thence by way of State College and Lemont to Pleasant Gap thence over Route twenty-seven into Bellefonte Centre County

Route Fifty-seven From Huntingdon to Clearfield Commencing in Huntingdon and running over Route fifty-five to Tyrone thence by way of Bald Eagle to a point on the dividing line between Blair and Centre counties thence by way of Sandy Ridge to a point on the dividing line between Centre and Clearfield counties thence by way of Osceola to a point on the dividing line between Clearfield and Centre counties thence to Philipsburg thence to a point on the dividing line between Centre and Clearfield counties and thence by way of West Decatur Sington and Williams Grove into Clearfield Clearfield County

Route Fifty-eight From Bellefonte to Lock Haven Commencing in Bellefonte and running by way of Zion Hublersburg and Nittany to a point on the dividing line between Centre and Clinton counties and thence by way of Clintondale and Mill Hall to a point on the boundary line of the city of Lock Haven Clinton County

Route Fifty-nine From Clearfield to Ridgway Commencing in Clearfield and running by way of Curwensville Grampian and DuBois to a point on the dividing line between Clearfield and Jefferson counties thence to Brockwayville and Crenshaw to a point on the dividing line between Jefferson and Elk counties thence by way of Brandy Camp into Ridgway Elk County

Route Sixty From Clearfield to Brookville Commencing in Clearfield and running over Route fifty-nine to DuBois thence to a point on the dividing line between Clearfield and Jefferson counties thence by way of Reynoldsville into Brookville Jefferson County

Route Sixty-one From Ridgway to Brookville Commencing in Ridgway and running over Route fifty-nine to Brockwayville thence by way of Petersburg into Brookville Jefferson County

Route Sixty-two From Ebensburg to Clearfield Commencing in Ebensburg and running by way of Carrolltown Spangler Barnesboro and Cherry Tree to a point on the dividing line between Cambria and Clearfield counties thence by way of Burnside McGees Mills Mahaffey Bells Landing and Lumber City to Curwensville thence over Route fifty-nine into Clearfield Clearfield County

Route Sixty-three From Indiana to Brookville Commencing in Indiana and running by way of Gilpin Home Marion Center Marchand and Covode to a point on the dividing line between Indiana and Jefferson counties thence by way of Punxsutawney Markton Coolspring and Knoxdale into Brookville Jefferson County

Route Sixty-four From Brookville to Clarion Commencing in Brookville and running by way of Corsica to a point on the dividing line between Jefferson and Clarion counties thence by way of Day and Strattonville into Clarion Clarion County

Route Sixty-five From Clarion to Franklin Commencing in Clarion and running by way of Shippensville Valley and Kossuth to a point on the dividing line between Clarion and Venango counties thence by way of East Sandy and Cranberry to a point on the boundary line of the city of Franklin Venango County

Route Sixty-six From Clarion to Kittanning Commencing in Clarion and running by way of Frampton Sloan Gap Rockville and New Bethlehem to a point on the dividing line between Clarion and Armstrong counties thence by way of Mahoning Furnace and Slabtown into Kittanning Armstrong County

Route Sixty-seven From Indiana to Kittanning Commencing in Indiana and running by way of Shelocta to a point on the dividing line between Indiana and Armstrong counties and thence by way of Elderton into Kittanning Armstrong County

Route Sixty-eight From Indiana to Greensburg Commencing in Indiana and running by way of Homer Blacklick and Blairsville to a point on the dividing line between Indiana and Westmoreland counties thence by way of New Alexandria and Crabtree into Greensburg Westmoreland County

Route Sixty-nine From Greensburg to Kittanning Commencing in Greensburg and running by way of Salem Mamont and North Washington to a point on the dividing line between Westmoreland and Armstrong counties thence by way of Apollo

Leechburg Freeport and Slatelick into Westkit on the Allegheny River opposite Kittanning Armstrong County

Route Seventy From Pittsburg to Kittanning Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the City of Pittsburg and running by way of Sharpsburg Aspinwall and Tarentum to a point on the dividing line between Allegheny and Butler counties thence to a point on the dividing line between Butler and Armstrong counties thence to Freeport thence over Route Sixty-nine into Westkit on the Allegheny River opposite Kittanning Armstrong County

Route Seventy-one From Kittanning to Butler Commencing at Westkit on the Allegheny River opposite Kittanning and running by way of Walkchalk and Worthington to a point on the dividing line between Armstrong and Butler counties thence by way of Coyleville and Carbon Center into Butler Butler County

Route Seventy-two From Pittsburg to Butler Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the City of Pittsburg and running over Route seventy to Sharpsburg thence by way of Bakerstown to a point on the dividing line between Allegheny and Butler counties thence by way of Maharg into Butler Butler County

Route Seventy-three From Butler to Mercer Commencing in Butler and running by way of Unionville Slippery Rock Forestville and Harrisville to a point on the dividing line between Butler and Mercer counties thence by way of Grove City into Mercer Mercer County

Route Seventy-four From Mercer to the Ohio State line Commencing in Mercer and running by way of Charleston Hermitage and Sharon to the Ohio State line

Route Seventy-five From Butler to Franklin Commencing in Butler and running by way of Sonora Greece City Hooker North Washington Eau Claire Cherry Valley and Byrom Center to a point on the dividing line between Butler and Venango counties thence by way of Emlenton Mariaville Porterfield and Nickleville to East Sandy thence over Route Sixty-five to a point on the boundary line of the City of Franklin Venango county

Route Seventy-six From Pittsburg to Beaver Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Pittsburg and running by way of Forest Grove Road to Coraopolis thence over the Thorn Run Road to Carnot thence over the Broadhead Road to a point on the dividing line between Allegheny and Beaver counties thence over the same road by way of Scottsville New Sheffield and Monaca into Beaver Beaver County

Route Seventy-seven From Beaver to New Castle Commencing in Beaver and running by way of Beaver Falls to a point on the dividing line between Beaver and Lawrence counties thence by way of Wampum and Moravia to a point on the boundary line of the city of New Castle Lawrence County

Route Seventy-eight From Beaver to Butler Commencing in Beaver and running by way of Rochester to a point on the dividing line between Beaver and Butler counties thence by way of Zelienople Harmony Evans City Conoquenessing and Buttercup into Butler Butler county

Route Seventy-nine From Butler to New Castle Commencing in Butler and running by way of Mount Chestnut Prospect and Portersville to a point on the dividing line between Butler and Lawrence counties thence by way of Rose Point and Waggletown to a point on the boundary line of the city of New Castle Lawrence County

Route Eighty From New Castle to Mercer Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of New Castle and running by way of Coaltown and New Wilmington to a point on the dividing line between Lawrence and Mercer counties thence into Mercer Mercer County

Route Eighty-one From New Castle to the Ohio State line Commencing at a point on the boundary line in the city of New Castle and running by way of Parkstown and a point near Harbor Bridge thence by way of Badger and New Bedford to the Ohio State Line

Route Eighty-two From Mercer to Meadville Commencing in Mercer and running by way of Delaware Grove Greenville and Osgood to a point on the dividing line between Mercer and Crawford counties thence by way of Adamsville Hartstown and Conneaut Lake to a point on the boundary line of the city of Meadville Crawford County

Route Eighty-three From Meadville to the Ohio State line Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Meadville and running over Route eighty-two to Conneaut Lake and thence by way of Shermanville and Linesville to the Ohio State line

Route Eighty-four From Meadville to Erie Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Meadville and running by way of Saegerstown Venango and Cambridge Springs to a point on the dividing line between Crawford and Erie counties thence by way of Waterford to a point on the boundary line of the city of Erie Erie County

Route Eighty-five From Meadville to the Ohio State line Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Meadville and running by way of Hayfield Conneautville and Springboro to a point on the dividing line between Crawford and Erie counties thence by way of Albion Cherryhill and West Springfield to the Ohio State line

Route Eighty-six From Erie to the Ohio State line Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Erie and running over the West Lake Road to Avonia thence by way of Fairview Station to the Ridge Road thence over the Ridge Road by way of Fairview Girard East Springfield and West Springfield thence over Route eighty-five to the Ohio State line

Route Eighty-seven From Erie to the New York State line Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Erie and running by way of Harbor Creek Moorheadville North East and Northville to the New York State line

Route Eighty-eight From Erie to Warren Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Erie and running by way of Wattsburg Elgin and Corry to a point on the dividing line between Erie and Warren counties thence by way of Colza Columbus Freehold Pittsfield Youngsville and Irvine into Warren Warren County

Route Eighty-nine From Meadville to Warren Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Meadville and running by way of Wayland Frenchtown Sugarlake and Black Ash to a point on the dividing line between Crawford and Venango counties thence by way of Plum and Diamond to a point on the dividing line between Venango and Crawford counties thence by way of Gresham to Titusville thence to a point on the dividing line between Crawford and Warren counties thence by way of Enterprise Grand Valley Torpedo and Garland to Pittsfield thence over Route Eighty-eight into Warren Warren County

Route Ninety From Meadville to Franklin Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Meadville and running over Route eighty-nine to a point east of Black Ash thence to a point on the dividing line between Crawford and Venango counties thence by way of Bradleytown Cooperstown and Wyattville to a point on the boundary line of the city of Franklin Venango County

Route Ninety-one From Franklin to Tionesta Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Franklin and running by way of Oil City McPherson's Corners Coal Hill McCrea School and President to a point on the dividing line between Venango and Forest counties thence into Tionesta Forest county

Route Ninety-two From Clarion to Tionesta Commencing in Clarion and running by way of Route sixty-five to Shippensville thence by way of Marble Fryburg Lickingville and Newmansville to a point on the dividing line between Clarion and Forest counties thence into Tionesta Forest County

Route Ninety-three From Tionesta to Warren Commencing in Tionesta and running by way of Hickory to a point on the dividing line between Forest and Warren counties thence by way of Tidioute to Irvine thence over Route Eighty-eight into Warren Warren County

Route Ninety-four From Warren to the New York State line Commencing in Warren and running by way of North Warren and Ackley to the New York State line

Route Ninety-five From Warren to Smethport Commencing in Warren and running by way of Clarendon and Sheffield to a point on the dividing line between Warren and McKean counties thence by way of Ludlow Wetmore Kane Mount Jewett Hazelhurst and Kasson into Smethport McKean County

Route Ninety-six From Smethport to the New York State line Commencing in Smethport and running by way of Farmers Valley Coleville Rew and Bradford to the New York State line

Route Ninety-seven From Ridgway to the New York State line Commencing in Ridgway and running by way of Johnsonburg and Wilcox to a point on the dividing line between Elk and McKean counties thence by way of Burrows to Kane counties by way of Truman and Buckwalter into Emporium Custer City to Bradford thence over Route Ninety-six to the New York State Line

Route Ninety-eight From Tionesta to Ridgway Commencing in Tionesta and running over Route ninety-two to the most convenient point of divergence to connect with Nebraska thence by way of Nebraska and Marienville to a point on the dividing line between Forest and Elk counties thence by way of Corduroy and Portland into Ridgway Elk County

Route Ninety-nine From Ridgway to Emporium Commencing in Ridgway and running by way of Saint Marys and Rathbun to a point on the dividing line between Elk and Cameron thence over Route Ninety-five to Mount Jewett thence by way of Kushequa Mount Alton Lafayette Lewis Run and Cameron County

Route One hundred From Emporium to Smethport Commencing in Emporium and running by way of Sizerville to a point on the dividing line between Cameron and McKean counties thence to Garden thence to a point on the dividing line between McKean and Potter counties thence to Forest House thence to a point on the dividing line between Potter and McKean counties thence by way of Liberty Wrights Port Allegheny Turtle Point and Farmers Valley thence over Route ninety-six into Smethport McKean County

Route One Hundred and One From Smethport to Coudersport Commencing in Smethport and running by way of East Smethport and Port Allegheny to a point on the dividing line between McKean and Potter counties thence by way of Burtville Roulette and Mina into Coudersport Potter County

Route One Hundred and Two From Coudersport to Wellsboro Commencing in Coudersport and running by way of Sweden Brookland West Pike and Galeton to a point on the dividing line between Potter and Tioga counties thence by way of Gaines Ansonia and Stokesdale into Wellsboro Tioga County

Route One Hundred and Three From Coudersport to the New York State line Commencing in Coudersport and running by way of Veley Seven Bridges Lewisville Mills Harrison Valley and Elmer to a point on the dividing line between Potter and Tioga counties thence by way of Potter Brook Westfield Knoxville Elkland and Lawrenceville to the New York State line

Route One Hundred and Four From Coudersport to Emporium Commencing in Coudersport and running by way of Inez Odin and Austin to Forest House thence over route one hundred into Emporium Cameron County

Route One Hundred and Five From Emporium to Lock Haven Commencing in Emporium and running by way of Cameron Driftwood and Sinnamahoning to a point on the dividing line between Cameron and Clinton counties thence following the river route by way of Westport Renovo Hyner and Farrandsville to a point opposite to the city of Lock Haven Clinton County

Route One Hundred and Six From Wellsboro to Lock Haven Commencing in Wellsboro and running by way of Sweetbriar Morris and Lloyd to a point on the dividing line between Tioga and Lycoming counties thence by way of Hillborn Slate Run and Pump Station thence following the line of the Williamsport and Coudersport Turnpike to a point near Caldwell thence to a point on Route one hundred and five thence over Route one hundred and five to Lock Haven Clinton County

Route One Hundred and Seven From Bellefonte to Clearfield

Commencing in Bellefonte and running by way of Milesburg Unionville Julian Port Matilda and Philipsburg to a point on the dividing line between Centre and Clearfield counties thence over Route fifty-seven into Clearfield Clearfield County

Route One Hundred and Eight From Pittsburg to Washington Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Pittsburg and running by way of Washington Pike through Green Tree and Bridgeville to a point on the dividing line between Allegheny and Washington counties thence by way of Washington Pike to Canonsburg thence over the Quail Road into Washington Washington County

Route One Hundred and Nine From Washington to Waynesburg Commencing in Washington and running by way of Prosperity and Sparta to a point on the dividing line between Washington and Greene counties thence by way of Nineveh into Waynesburg Greene County

Route One Hundred and Ten From Waynesburg to the West Virginia State line Commencing in Waynesburg and running by way of Kirby and Mount Morris to the West Virginia State line

Route One Hundred and Eleven From Waynesburg to the West Virginia State line Commencing in Waynesburg and running by way of Rogersville Holbrook Woodruff Nettlehill New Freeport and Deep Valley to the West Virginia State line

Route One Hundred and Twelve From Waynesburg to Uniontown Commencing in Waynesburg and running by way of Medhedive and Carmichaels to a point on the dividing line between Green and Fayette counties thence by way of East Riverside and New Salem into Uniontown Fayette County

Route One Hundred and Thirteen From Uniontown to Washington Commencing in Uniontown and running by way of Brownsville to a point on the dividing line between Fayette and Washington counties thence by way of Beallsville Hillsboro and Laboratory into Washington Washington County being a portion of the National or Cumberland Road

Route One Hundred and Fourteen From Washington to the West Virginia State line Commencing in Washington and running over the National or Cumberland Road to Claysville thence by way of Elvilla and Beham to the West Virginia State line near Dallas West Virginia

Route One Hundred and Fifteen From Washington to Beaver Commencing in Washington and running by way of Gretna Burgettstown and Florence to a point on the dividing line between Washington and Beaver counties thence by way of Frankford Springs Harshaville McCleary Bellowsville and Monaca into Beaver Beaver County

Route One Hundred and Sixteen From Uniontown to the West Virginia State line Commencing in Uniontown and running by way of Chadville Smithfield Morris Cross Roads and Point Marion to the West Virginia State line

Route One Hundred and Seventeen From Uniontown to Greensburg Commencing in Uniontown and running by way of Connellsville and Everson to a point on the dividing line between Fayette and Westmoreland counties thence by way of Scottdale Mount Pleasant and Youngwood into Greensburg Westmoreland County

Route One Hundred and Eighteen From Greensburg to Washington Commencing in Greensburg and running by way of Madison and West Newton to a point on the dividing line between Westmoreland and Fayette Counties thence to Belle Vernon thence to a point on the dividing line between Fayette and Washington Counties thence by way of Charleroi Fallowfield Centleyville Vanceville and Zediker into Washington County

Route One Hundred and Nineteen From Bedford to Greensburg Commencing in Bedford and running by way of Wolfsburg and Shellburg to a point on the dividing line between Bedford and Somerset Counties thence by way of Buckstown Stoyestown and Jennerstown to a point on the dividing line between Somerset and Westmoreland Counties thence by way of Laughlintown Ligonier and Youngstown into Greensburg Westmoreland County

Route One Hundred and Twenty From Greensburg to Pittsburg Commencing in Greensburg and running by way of Adamsburg and Irwin to a point on the dividing line between Westmoreland and Allegheny Counties thence by way of East McKeesport Turtle Creek and Wilkinsburg to a point on the boundary line of the City of Pittsburg Allegheny County

Route One Hundred and Twenty-one From Chambersburg to Huntingdon Commencing in Chambersburg and running over Routes thirty-seven and forty-five to Fannettsburg thence to a point on the dividing line between Franklin and Huntingdon Counties on the dividing line between Franklin and Huntingdon Mount Union thence over Route Thirty-three into Huntingdon County

Route One Hundred and Twenty-two From Chambersburg to New Bloomfield Commencing in Chambersburg and running over Routes Thirty-seven and Forty-five to Concord thence to a point on the dividing line between Franklin and Perry counties thence by way of Blain Loysville and Green Park into New Bloomfield Perry County

Route One Hundred and Twenty-three From Harrisburg to Gettysburg Commencing in Wormleysburg Cumberland County opposite the city of Harrisburg and running over Route Thirty-four to Lemoyne thence by way of Shepherdstown to a point on the dividing line between Cumberland and York counties thence by way of Dillsburg and Clear Spring to a point on the dividing line between York and Adams counties thence by way of York Springs and Plain View into Gettysburg Adams county

Route One Hundred and Twenty-four From Harrisburg to York Commencing in Wormleysburg and running over Route One Hundred and Twenty-three to Dillsburg thence by way of Wellsville Rossville and Dover to a point on the boundary line of the city of York York County

Route One Hundred and Twenty-five From Carlisle to York Commencing in Carlisle and running by way of Salem Church and Brandtsville to a point on the dividing line between Cumberland and York counties thence to Dillsburg thence over Route One Hundred and Twenty-four to a point on the boundary line of the city of York York County

Route One Hundred and Twenty-six From Gettysburg to York Commencing in Gettysburg and running by way of New Oxford and Berwick to a point on the dividing line between Adams and York counties thence by way of Farmers to a point on the boundary line of the city of York York County

Route One Hundred and Twenty-seven From York to the Maryland State line Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of York and running by way of Logansville Hametown and Shrewsbury to the Maryland State Line

Route One Hundred and Twenty-eight From York to Lancaster Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of York and running by way of Stony Brook and Wrightsville to a point on the dividing line between York and Lancaster counties thence by way of Columbia to a point on the boundary line of the city of Lancaster Lancaster County

Route One Hundred and Twenty-nine From Harrisburg to Lancaster Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Harrisburg and running by way of Middletown to a point on the dividing line between Dauphin and Lancaster counties thence by way of Elizabethtown Mount Joy and Landisville to a point on the boundary line of the city of Lancaster Lancaster County

Route One Hundred and Thirty From Philadelphia to Media Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Philadelphia and running through Fernwood Lansdowne and Clifton into Media Delaware County

Route One Hundred and Thirty-one From Philadelphia to the Maryland State line Commencing at Philadelphia and running over Route One Hundred and Thirty to Media and thence by way of Wawa Concordville and Chadds Ford to a point on the dividing line between Delaware and Chester counties thence by way of Hamorton Kennett Square Avondale West Grove Oxford and Nottingham to the Maryland State line

Route One Hundred and Thirty-two From Media to the Delaware State line Commencing in Media and running over Route One Hundred and Thirty-one to Black Horse and thence through Brook Haven to the boundary line of the City of Chester thence following the Wilmington and Baltimore turnpike to the Delaware State line

Route One Hundred and Thirty-three From Philadelphia to West Chester Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Philadelphia and running by way of Llanerch Newtown Square and Edgemont to a point on the dividing line between Delaware and Chester counties thence by way of Willistown into West Chester Chester County

Route One Hundred and Thirty-four From West Chseter to the Delaware State line Commencing in West Chester and running by way of Lenape Barnard's Crossing and Anvil to a point at or near Hamorton thence by way of Fairville to the Delaware State line

Route One Hundred and Thirty-five From West Chester to the Delaware State line Commencing in West Chester and running to a point on the dividing line between Chester and Delaware counties thence by way of Brandywine Summit Elam and Booths Corners to a point on the Delaware State line

Route One Hundred and Thirty-six From Lancaster to the Maryland State line Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Lancaster and running by way of Refton New Providence Quarryville Unicorn Wakefield and New Texas to the Maryland State line

Route One Hundred and Thirty-seven From West Chester to Lebanon Commencing in West Chester and running by way of Downingtown Guthriesville and Honey Brook to a point on the dividing line between Chester and Lancaster counties thence by way of Beartown East Earl Hinkletown Ephrata and Brickerville to a point on the dividing line between Lancaster and Lebanon counties thence by way of Cornwall to a point on the boundary line of the city of Lebanon Lebanon County

Route One Hundred and Thirty-eight From Lebanon to Lancaster Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Lebanon and running over Route One Hundred and Thirty-seven to Cornwall thence by way of Bismark to a point on the dividing line between Lebanon and Lancaster counties thence by way of Elstonville Manheim and East Petersburg to a point on the boundary line of the city of Lancaster Lancaster County

Route One Hundred and Thirty-nine From Harrisburg to Lebanon Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Harrisburg and running by way of Hummelstown to a point on the dividing line between Dauphin and Lebanon counties thence by way of Palmyra and Annville to a point on the boundary line of the city of Lebanon Lebanon County

Route One Hundred and Forty From Harrisburg to Pottsville Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Harrisburg and running by way of Progress Linglestown Manada Hill and West Hanover to a point on the dividing line between Dauphin and Lebanon counties thence by way of Jonestown Fredericksburg Lickdale and Green Point to a point on the dividing line between Lebanon and Schuylkill counties thence by way of Suedberg Pine Grove Friedensburg and Schuylkill Haven into Pottsville Schuylkill County

Route One Hundred and Forty-one From Lebanon to Pottsville Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Lebanon and running by way of Jonestown Ono Walmer Church and Bordnersville to Lickdale thence over Route One Hundred and Forty to Fredericksburg thence to a point on the dividing line between Lebanon and Berks counties thence by way of Straustown to Hamburg thence to a point on the dividing line between Berks and Schuylkill counties thence by way of Port Clinton Molino Pinedale and Orwigsburg to Schuylkill Haven thence over Route One Hundred and Forty into Pottsville Schuylkill County

Route One Hundred and Forty-two From Lancaster to Philadelphia Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Lancaster and running by way of Intercourse

Pequea and Gap to a point on the dividing line between Lancaster and Chester counties thence by way of Black Horse Sadsburyville Coatesville Downingtown and Paoli to a point on the dividing line between Chester and Delaware counties thence to a point on the dividing line between Delaware and Montgomery counties thence to a point on the boundary line of the city of Philadelphia

Route One Hundred and Forty-three From West Chester to Norristown Commencing in West Chester and running by way of Paoli Howellville and Centerville to a point on the dividing line between Chester and Montgomery counties thence by way of King of Prussia and Bridgeport into Norristown Montgomery County

Route One Hundred and Forty-four From Media to Norristown Commencing in Media and running by way of Newtown Square to a point on the dividing line between Delaware and Montgomery counties thence into Norristown Montgomery County

Route One Hundred and Forty-five From Philadelphia to Norristown Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Philadelphia near Chestnut Hill thence running by way of Plymouth Meeting and Hickorytown into Norristown Montgomery County

Route One Hundred and Forty-six From Norristown to Reading Commencing in Norristown and running by way of Jeffersonville Collegeville Limerick Sanatoga and Pottstown to a point on the dividing line between Montgomery and Berks counties thence by way of Douglassville to a point on the boundary line of the city of Reading Berks County

Route One Hundred and Forty-seven From West Chester to Reading Commencing in West Chester and running by way of Whiteland to Lionville thence over the State Road to Windsor Ludwigs Pughtown and Bucktown to a point on the Schuylkill Road opposite Pottstown thence to a point on the dividing line between Chester and Berks counties thence by way of Brower and Birdsboro to a point on the boundary line of the city of Reading Berks county

Route One Hundred and Forty-eight From Lancaster to Reading Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Lancaster and running by way of Mechanicsburg Talmage Akron Ephrata and Adamstown to a point on the dividing line between Lancaster and Berks counties thence by way of Gouglersville and Shillington to a point on the boundary line of the city of Reading Berks County

Route One Hundred and Forty-nine From Lebanon to Reading Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Lebanon and running by way of Myerstown to a point on the dividing line between Lebanon and Berks counties thence by way of Womelsdorf Robesonia Wernersville and Sinking Spring to a point on the boundary line of the city of Reading Berks County

Route One Hundred and Fifty From Philadelphia to the New Jersey State line Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Philadelphia at Red Lion Bucks County and running in a northeasterly direction by way of Bristol and Tullytown into Morrisville opposite Trenton New Jersey

Route One Hundred and Fifty-one From Philadelphia to Doylestown Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Philadelphia and running through Elkins Park Jenkintown Willow Grove and Horsham to a point on the dividing line between Montgomery and Bucks counties thence by way of Neshaminy and Edison into Doylestown Bucks county

Route One Hundred and Fifty-two From Doylestown to the New Jersey State line Commencing in Doylestown and running by way of Buckingham Pineville Wrightstown Newtown Langhorne South Langhorne Middletown Cross Roads and Midway to Bristol opposite Burlington New Jersey

Route One Hundred and Fifty-three From Philadelphia to Allentown Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Philadelphia near Chestnut Hill thence running by way of Fort Washington Spring House Montgomeryville and Colmar to a point on the dividing line between Montgomery and Bucks counties thence to Line Lexington Sellersville Rockhill and Quakertown to a point on the dividing line between Bucks and Lehigh counties thence by way of Coopersburg to a point on the boundary line of the city of Allentown Lehigh County

Route One Hundred and Fifty-Four From Allentown to Doylestown Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Allentown and running over Route One Hundred and Fifty-three to Sellersville thence by way of South Perkasie Blooming Glen Dublin and Fountainville into Doylestown Bucks County

Route One Hundred and Fifty-five From Philadelphia to the New Jersey State line Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Philadelphia and running over Route One Hundred and Fifty-one to Willow Grove thence by way of Hatboro to a point on the dividing line between Montgomery and Bucks counties thence by way of Hartsville Jamison Furlong and Buckingham to New Hope opposite the New Jersey State line

Route One Hundred and Fifty-six From Doylestown to Easton Commencing in Doylestown and running by way of Danboro Plumsteadville Pipersville Ottsville Revere Kintnersville and Riegelsville to a point on the dividing line between Bucks and Northampton counties thence by way of Raubvile to a point on the boundary line of the city of Easton Northampton County

Route One Hundred and Fifty-seven From Reading to Allentown Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Reading and running by way of Temple Kirbyville Kutztown and Maxatawney to a point on the dividing line between Berks and Lehigh counties thence by way of Breinigsville Trexlerville and Cetronia to a point on the boundary line of the city of Allentown Lehigh County

Route One Hundred and Fifty-eight From Norristown to Allentown Commencing in Norristown and running over Route One Hundred and Forty-six to Collegeville thence by way of Graterford Perkiomenville Zieglersville Pennsburg and East Greenville to a point on dividing line between Montgomery and Berks counties thence by way of Hereford to a point on the dividing line between Berks and Lehigh counties thence by way of Zionsville and Emaus to a point on the boundary line of the city of Allentown Lehigh County

Route One Hundred and Fifty-nine From Allentown to Easton Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Allentown and running by way of Bethlehem Butztown and Dryland to a point on the boundary line of the city of Easton Northampton County

Route One Hundred and Sixty From Reading to Pottsville Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Reading and running by way of Leesport and Shoemakerville to Hamburg thence over Routes One Hundred and Forty-one and One Hundred and Forty into Pottsville Schuylkill County

Route One Hundred and Sixty-one From Pottsville to Sunbury Commencing in Pottsville and running by way of Frackville Fountain Springs and Ashland to a point on the dividing line between Schuylkill and Columbia counties thence by way of Centralia to a point on the dividing line between Columbia and Northumberland counties thence by way of Mount Carmel Shamokin Paxinos and Stonington by way of Old Centre Pike into Sunbury Northumberland County

Route One Hundred and Sixty-two From Pottsville to Mauch Chunk Commencing in Pottsville and running by way of New Philadelphia Tuscarora and Tamaqua to a point on the dividing line between Schuylkill and Carbon counties thence by way of Lansford Summit Hill and Nesquehoning into Mauch Chunk Carbon County

Route One Hundred and Sixty-three From Allentown to Mauch Chunk Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Allentown and running by way of Stetlersville Schnecksville Newhard Slatington and Lehigh Gap to a point on the dividing line between Lehigh and Carbon counties thence by way of Bowmanstown Weissport and Lehighton into Mauch Chunk Carbon County

Route One Hundred and Sixty-four From Mauch Chunk to Stroudsburg Commencing in Mauch Chunk and running over Route One Hundred and Sixty-three to Weissport thence by way of Harrity and Stemblersville to a point on the dividing line between Carbon and Monroe counties thence by way of Kresgeville Gilbert Broadheadsville and Scotia in Stroudsburg Monroe County

Route One Hundred and Sixty-five From Easton to Stroudsburg Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Easton and running by way of Martin's Creek Bangor and Pen Argyl and Wind Gap to a point on the dividing line between Northampton and Monroe counties thence by way of Saylorsburg Bossardville and Stormville into Stroudsburg Monroe County

Route One Hundred and Sixty-six From Stroudsburg to Easton Commencing in Stroudsburg and running by way of Delaware Water Gap to a point on the dividing line between Monroe and Northampton counties thence by way of Portland Mount Bethel East Bangor to Bangor thence over Route One Hundred and Sixty-five to Wind Gap thence by way of Bast and Ttockerton to a point on the boundary line of the city of Easton Northampton County

Route One Hundred and Sixty-seven From Stroudsburg to Milford Commencing in Stroudsburg and running by way of Marshall's Creek and Shoemaker to a point on the dividing line between Monroe and Pike counties thence by way of Bushkill and Dingman's Ferry into Milford Pike County

Route One Hundred and Sixty-eight From Stroudsburg to Scranton Commencing in Stroudsburg and running by way of Bartonsville Tannersville Swiftwater Mount Pocono and Tobyhanna thence to a point on the dividing line between Monroe and Wayne counties thence by way of Gouldsboro to a point on the dividing line between Wayne and Lackawanna counties thence by way of Moscow Elmhurst and Dunmore to a point on the boundary line of the city of Scranton Lackawanna County

Route One Hundred and Sixty-nine From Stroudsburg to Wilkes-Barre Commencing in Stroudsburg and running by way of Analomink Paradise Valley Mount Pocono Pocono Summit Naomi Pines Pocono Lake and Blakeslee to a point on the dividing line between Monroe and Luzerne counties thence by way of Stoddartsville Bearcreek and Oliver Mines to a point on the boundary line of the city of Wilkes-Barre Luzerne County

Route One Hundred and Seventy From Mauch Chunk to Wilkes-Barre Commencing in Mauch Chunk and running over Route One Hundred and Sixty-two to Nesquehoning and thence by way of Hudsondale Weatherly and Beaver Meadow to a point on the dividing line between Carbon and Luzerne counties thence by way of Hazleton Milnesville Freeland White Haven Mountain Top and Ashley to a point on the boundary line of the city of Wilkes-Barre Luzerne County

Route One Hundred and Seventy-one From Stroudsburg to Honesdale Commencing in Stroudsburg and running over Route One Hundred and Sixty-eight to Swiftwater thence to Pocono Summit thence over Route One Hundred and Sixty-nine to Paradise Valley thence by way of Cresco and Mount Home to a point on the dividing line between Monroe and Pike counties thence by way of Laanna to a point on the dividing line between Pike and Wayne counties thence by way of Sterling Newfoundland Hamlin Ariel Pink Hoadley and Cherry Ridge into Honesdale Wayne county

Route One Hundred and Seventy-two From Scranton to Honesdale Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Scranton and running over Route One Hundred and Sixty-eight to Elmhurst thence by way of Drinker to a point on the dividing line between Lackawanna and Wayne counties thence by way of Hollisterville and Hamlin thence over Route One Hundred and Seventy-one into Honesdale Wayne County

Route One Hundred and Seventy-three From Honesdale to the New York State line Commencing in Honesdale and running by way of Dyberry Rileyville and Equinunk to a point opposite the New York State line

Route One Hundred and Seventy-four From Honesdale to Montrose Commencing in Honesdale and running over Route Six to Carbondale thence running to a point on the dividing line between Lackawanna and Susquehanna counties thence by way of Clifford South Gibson Harford and New Milford thence over Route Ten into Montrose Susquehanna County

Route One Hundred and Seventy-five From Easton to Mauch Chunk Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Easton and running by way of Nazareth Bath Weaversville Northampton Seigfried Treichlers and Walnutport to a point on the dividing line between Northampton and Lehigh counties thence to Slatington thence over Route One Hundred and Sixty-three into Mauch Chunk Carbon County

Route One Hundred and Seventy-six From Lewisburg to Rock Haven Commencing in Lewisburg and running by way of West Milton White Deer Allenwood and Alvira to a point in the dividing line between Union and Lycoming counties thence by way of Elimsport Collomsville Nippenose Antes Fort and Jersey Shore thence over Route Twenty-three into Rock Haven Clinton County

Route One Hundred and Seventy-seven From Wilkes Barre to Laporte Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Wilkes-Barre and running over Route Eleven to Dallas thence by way of Harvey's Lake Ruggles and Red Rock to a point on the dividing line between Luzerne and Sullivan counties thence by way of Ganoga Lake Ricketts Shady Nook and Lopez to Bernice thence over Route Seventeen into Laporte Sullivan county

Route One Hundred and Seventy-eight From Doylestown to Norristown Commencing in Doylestown and running by way of New Britain and Chalfont to a point on the dividing line between Bucks and Montgomery counties thence by way of Montgomeryville North Wales and Centre Square into Norristown Montgomery County

Route One Hundred and Seventy-nine From Media to West Chester Commencing in Media and running over Route One Hundred and Thirty-one to Black Horse thence by way of Lima and Gradyville to a point on the dividing line between Delaware and Chester counties thence to a point on Route One Hundred and Forty-three thence over Route One Hundred and Forty-three into West Chester Chester County

Route One Hundred and Eighty From Philadelphia to the Delaware State line Commencing at a point on or near the boundary line of the city of Philadelphia and running by way of Ridley Park Chester Village Green Chelsea and Booths Corners to a point on the Delaware State line

Route One Hundred and Eighty-one From Washington to Greensburg Commencing in Washington and running by way of Monongahela City to a point on the dividing line between Washington and Allegheny counties thence to a point on the dividing line between Allegheny and Westmoreland counties thence by way of West Newton to Mount Pleasant thence over Route One Hundred and Seventeen into Greensburg Westmoreland County

Route One Hundred and Eighty-two From Danville to Pottsville Commencing in Northumberland County at a point opposite Danville thence running in a southerly direction by way of Elysburg to Paxinos thence over Route One Hundred and Sixty-one into Pottsville Schuylkill County

Route One Hundred and Eighty-three From Bloomsburg to Pottsville Commencing in Bloomsburg and running by way of Catawissa to Centralia thence over Route One Hundred and Sixty-one to Ashland thence by way of Girardville and Shenandoah to Frackville thence over Route One Hundred and Sixty-one into Pottsville Schuylkill county

Route One Hundred and Eighty-four From Bloomsburg to Mauch Chunk Commencing in Bloomsburg and running over Route Four to Berwick thence to a point on the dividing line between Columbia and Luzerne counties thence by way of Nescopeck to Hazleton thence over Route One Hundred and Seventy into Mauch Chunk Carbon County

Route One Hundred and Eighty-five From Pottsville to Wilkes-Barre Commencing in Pottsville and running over Route One Hundred and Sixty-two to or near Tamaqua thence by way of McAdoo to a point on the dividing line between Schuylkill and Luzerne counties thence to Hazleton thence over Route One Hundred and Seventy to a point on the boundary line of the city of Wilkes-Barre Luzerne County

Route One Hundred and Eighty-six From Somerset to Pittsburg Commencing in Somerset and running by way of Lakersville to a point on the dividing line between Somerset and Westmoreland counties thence to Mount Pleasant thence over Routes One Hundred and Seventeen and One Hundred and Twenty to a point on the boundary line of the city of Pittsburg Allegheny County

Route One Hundred and Eighty-seven From Pittsburg to Indiana Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Pittsburg and running by way of Monroeville to a point on the dividing line between Allegheny and Westmoreland counties thence by way of Salem to New Alexandria thence over Route Sixty-eight into Indiana Indiana County

Route One Hundred and Eighty-eight From Indiana to Pittsburg Commencing in Indiana and running by way of West Lebanon to a point on the dividing line between Indiana and Armstrong counties thence to a point on the dividing line between Armstrong and Westmoreland counties thence by way of Deronda to a point on the dividing line between Westmoreland and Allegheny counties thence over Route Seventy to a point on the boundary line of the city of Pittsburg Allegheny County

Route One Hundred and Eighty-nine From Kittanning to Clearfield Commencing in Kittanning and running by way of Rural Valley to a point on the dividing line between Armstrong and Indiana counties thence by way of Rossmoyne Georgeville and Trade City to Covode thence over Route Sixty-three to Punxsutawney thence by way of Big Run to a point on the dividing line between Jefferson and Clearfield counties thence by way of Troutville to Luthersburg thence over Route Fifty-nine into Clearfield Clearfield County

Route One Hundred and Ninety From Harrisburg to the Maryland State line Commencing in Wormleysburg opposite the city of Harrisburg and running over Route One Hundred and Twenty-four to Wellsville York County thence by way of Hall to a point on the dividing line between York and Adams counties thence by way of East Berlin to a point on the dividing line between Adams and York counties thence by way of Hanover to the Maryland State line

Route One Hundred and Ninety-one From Mifflintown to Chambersburg Commencing in Mifflintown and running over Route Thirty-one to Millerstown thence by way of Donnelly Mills Ickesburg Green Park and Landisburg to a point on the dividing line between Perry and Cumberland counties thence by way of Doubling Gap and Newville to a point near Centreville thence over Route Thirty-five into Chambersburg Franklin County

Route One Hundred and Ninety-two From McConnellsburg to Lewistown Commencing in McConnellsburg and running by way of Knobsville Hustontown Gracey and Waterfall to a point on the dividing line between Fulton and Huntingdon counties thence by way of Three Springs and Saltillo to Mapleton thence over Route Thirty-three to Mill Creek by way of Airydale to a point on the dividing line between Huntingdon and Mifflin counties thence by way of Allenville and Bellville to Reedsville thence over Route Twenty-nine into Lewistown Mifflin county

Route One Hundred and Ninety-three From McConnellsburg to Mifflintown Commencing in McConnellsburg and running over Route One Hundred and Ninety-two to Knobsville thence by way of Fort Littleton and Burnt Cabins to a point on the dividing line between Fulton and Huntingdon counties thence by way of Shade Gap and Blairs Mills to a point on the dividing line between Huntingdon and Juniata counties thence by way of Reeds Gap and Walnut into Mifflintown Juniata county

Route One Hundrred and Ninety-four From Mifflintown to Sunbury Commencing in Mifflintown and running by way of Evendale to a point on the dividing line between Juniata and Snyder counties thence by way of Mount Pleasant Mills to Selinsgrove thence over Route Twenty-five to Shamokin Dam opposite Sunbury Northumberland County

Route One Hundred and Ninety-five From Harrisburg to Middleburg Commencing at Wormleysburg Cumberland County opposite the city of Harrisburg and running over Route Thirty to Duncannon thence by way of New Buffalo and Liverpool to a point on the dividing line between Perry and Juniata counties thence to a point on the dividing line between Juniata and Snyder counties thence by way of Half Falls and Mount Pleasant Mills into Middleburg Snyder County

Route One Hundred and Ninety-six From Wellsboro to the New York State line Commencing in Wellsboro and running over Route Twenty-one to Richard's Bridge near Covington Borough thence to Canoe Camp Mansfield and Tioga thence over Route Twenty-two to the New York State line

Route One Hundred and Ninety-seven From Philadelphia to Reading Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Philadelphia at Cheltenham and running by way of Ogontz Broadax Shippack Schwenksville and Zieglersville to a point on the dividing line between Montgomery and Berks counties thence by way of Boyertown Shanesville Friedensburg and Stony Creek Mills to a point on the boundary line of the city of Reading Berks County

Route One Hundred and Ninety-eight From Allentown to Philadelphia Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Allentown and running over Route One Hundred and Fifty-eight to a point near Green Lane thence by way of Sumneytown Lansdale Springhouse Willow Grove and Bethayres to a point on the boundary line of the city of Philadelphia

Route One Hundred and Ninety-nine From Harrisburg to Pottsville Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Harrisburg and running over Route One to Millersburg thence by way of Elizabethville and Williamstown to a point on the dividing line between Dauphin and Schuylkill counties thence by way of Tremont to Pottsville Schuylkill County

Route Two Hundred From Meadville to Warren Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Meadville and running by way of Blooming Valley to a point on the dividing line between Crawford and Warren counties thence by way of Spring Creek to Garland thence over Routes Eighty-nine and Eighty-eight into Warren Warren County

Route Two Hundred and One From Philadelphia to Reading Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Philadelphia and near Academy thence running by way of Gulf Mills King of Prussia and Port Kennedy to a point on the dividing line between Montgomery and Chester counties thence by way of Valley Forge Phoenixville and Spring City to a point on Route One Hundred and Forty-seven thence by way of Route One Hundred and Forty-seven to a point on the boundary line of the city of Reading Berks County

Route Two Hundred and Two From Allentown to West Chester Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Allentown and running over Route One Hundred and Fifty-eight to Collegeville thence by way of Montclair to a point on the dividing line between Montgomery and Chester counties thence by way of Phoenixville and over what is now known as the State Road by way of Aldham Devault and Glenloch into West Chester Chester county

Route Two Hundred and Three From Kittanning to Greensburg Commencing in Kittanning and running by way of Ford City to Leechburg thence over Route Sixty-nine into Greensburg Westmoreland County

Route Two Hundred and Four From Beaver to the Ohio State line Commencing in Beaver and running by way of

Darlington Stringtown and Syracuse to a point on the Ohio State line near Unity Ohio

Route Two Hundred and Five From Franklin to Warren Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Franklin and running over Route Ninety-one to Oil City thence to a point on the dividing line between Venango and Crawford counties thence to Titusville thence over Route Eighty-nine into Warren Warren County

Route Two Hundred and Six From Mercer to the Ohio State line Commencing in Mercer and running over Route Eighty-two to Greenville thence by way of Jamestown to a point on the dividing line between Mercer and Crawford counties thence by way of Turnersville to a point on the Ohio State line near Simons Ohio

Route Two Hundred and Seven From Meadville to Franklin Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Meadville and running by way of Cochranton to a point on the dividing line between Crawford and Mercer counties thence by way of Carlton to a point on the dividing line between Mercer and Venango counties thence to Wyattsville thence over Route Ninety to a point on the boundary line of the city of Franklin Venango County

Route Two Hundred and Eight From Franklin to Mercer Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Franklin and running by way of Polk and Ramilton to a point on the dividing line between Venango and Mercer counties thence by way of Sandy Lake Stoneboro and Jackson Centre into Mercer Mercer County

Route Two Hundred and Nine From Warren to the New York State line Commencing in Warren and running over Route Ninety-five to Glade thence by way of Kinzua and Cornplanter to a point on the dividing line between Warren and MsKean counties thence by way of Marshburg to Custer City thence over Route Ninety-seven to Bradford thence running over Route Ninety-six to the New York State line

Route Two Hundred and Ten From Coudersport to the New York State line Commencing in Coudersport and running over Route One Hundred and One to Port Allegany thence over Route One Hundred to Turtle Point thence by way of Larabee and Eldred to a point on the New York State line

Route Two Hundred and Eleven From Smethport to the New York State line Commencing in Smethport and running over Route Ninety-six to Farmers Valley thence to Larabee thence over Route Two Hundred and Ten to Eldred by way of Duke Centre and Red Rock to a point on Route Ninety-six thence over Route Ninety-six to the New York State line

Route Two Hundred and Twelve From Wellsboro to Towanda Commencing in Wellsboro and running over Routes Twenty-one and One Hundred and Ninety-six to Mansfield thence by way of Mainesburg and Sullivan to a point on the dividing line between Tioga and Bradford counties thence by way of Sylvania to Troy thence over Route Twenty into Towanda Bradford County

Route Two Hundred and Thirteen From Meadville to Mercer Commencing at a point on the boundary of the city of Meadville and running by way of Custards to a point on the dividing line between Crawford and Mercer counties thence by way of Sheakleyville to a point at or near Fredonia thence into Mercer Mercer County

Route Two Hundred and Fourteen From Clarion to Butler Commencing in Clarion and running by way of Reidsburg Sligo Rimersburg and East Brady to a point on the Allegheny River the dividing line between Clarion and Armstrong counties thence by way of Kaylor to a point on the dividing line between Armstrong and Butler counties thence by way of Chicora into Butler Butler County

Route Two Hundred and Fifteen From Lancaster to the Delaware State line Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Lancaster thence by way of Greenland Leaman Place and Gap to Christiana thence to a point on the dividing line between Lancaster and Chester counties thence by way of Cochranville Chatham Avondale and Kaolin to a point on the Delaware State line

Route Two Hundred and Sixteen From York to the Maryland State line Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of York and running by way of Dallastown Keys Chanceford and Sunnyburn to a point on the Maryland State line at or near Delta

Route Two Hundred and Seventeen From Tunkhannock to Laporte Commencing in Tunkhannock and running over Route Thirteen to Mehoopany thence following the north branch of Mehoopany Creek by way of Lovelton to a point on the dividing line between Wyoming and Sullivan counties thence by way of Colley to Dushore thence over Route Seventeen into Laporte Sullivan County

Route Two Hundred and Eighteen From Clarion to Mercer Commencing in Clarion and running over Route Sixty-five to Shippensville thence by way of Edenburg and Lamartine to a point on the dividing line between Clarion and Venango counties thence to Emlenton thence in part over Route Seventy-five by way of Clintonville and Barkeyville to a point on the dividing line between Venango and Butler counties thence to Harrisville thence over Route Seventy-three into Mercer Mercer county

Route Two Hundred and Nineteen From Clearfield to Lock Haven Commencing in Clearfield and running over Route Fifty-seven to Williams Grove thence by way of Grahamton Kylertown and Drifting to a point on the dividing line between Clearfield and Center counties thence by way of Moshannan Snow Soe Runville Milesburg and Howard to a point on the dividing line between Center and Clinton counties thence by way of Beech Creek and Mill Hall to a point on the boundary line of the city of Lock Haven Clinton county

Route Two Hundred and Twenty From Stroudsburg to the New York State line Commencing in Stroudsburg and running over Route One Hundred and Sixty-seven to Marshall's Creek thence by way of Poplar Bridge and Ressaca to a point on the dividing line between Monroe and Pik counties thence by way of Porter's Lake to Bloomin Grove thence over Route Seven to Lord Valley thence b way of Greeley to Shohola Pike County opposite Barryvill New York

Route Two Hundred and Twenty-one From Hollidaysbur to Clearfield Commencing in Hollidaysburg and runnin over Route Fifty-five to Altoona thence by way of Buc Horn to a point on the dividing line between Blair an Cambria counties thence by way of Ashville Chest Spring Patton and Hastings to a point on the dividing line betwee Cambria and Clearfield counties thence by way of Westove and Newberg to Mahaffey thence over Route Sixty-two int Clearfield Clearfield County

Route Two Hundred and Twenty-two From Bedford t Ebensburg Commencing in Bedford and running over Rout Forty-seven to a point south of Cessna thence to Reynolds dale thence over Route Forty-seven to Spring Meadow thenc by way of Pleasantville to a point on the dividing line be tween Bedford and Somerset counties thence by way of Winc ber to a point on the dividing line between Somerset an Cambria counties thence by way of Scalp Level Gelstow Walnut Grove and Dale to Johnstown thence running ove Route Fifty-two into Ebensburg Cambria County

Route Two Hundred and Twenty-three From Greensbur to Ebensburg Commencing in Greensburg and running ove Route Sixty-eight to Blairsville thence by way of Clyd Armagh and Cramer to a point on the dividing line betwee Indiana and Cambria counties thence to Johnstown thenc running over Route Fifty-two into Ebensburg Cambri county

Route Two Hundred and Twenty-four From McConnells burg to the Maryland State line Commencing in McConnells burg and running to a point on the dividing line betwee Fulton and Franklin counties thence by way of Mercersbur and Greencastle to Waynesboro thence over Route Forty four to the Maryland State line

Route Two Hundred and Twenty-five From Norristown t the New Jersey State line Commencing at Norristown an running by way of Bridgeport and Gulf Mills to a point o the dividing line between Montgomery and Delaware coun ties thence through Radnor township Marple township an Swarthmore thence by way of the Providence Great Road t a point on the boundary line of the city of Chester Delawar County

Route Two Hundred and Twenty-six From Allentown t Pottsville Commencing at a point on the boundary line c the city of Allentown and running over Route One Hundre and Sixty-three to Schnecksville thence by way of Jorda and New Tripoli to a point on the dividing line betwee Lehigh and Schuylkill counties thence by way of Sny der and North Penn to Tamaqua thence over Route One Hun dred and Sixty-two into Pottsville Schuylkill County

Route Two Hundred and Twenty-seven From Honesdal to the New York State line Commencing in Honesdale an running over Route Six to Prompton thence by way of Aller ville Creamton Wayne Fish Hatchery and Belmont to a poir on the dividing line between Wayne and Susquehanna coun ties thence by way of Herrick Center Ararat and Jackson t Susquehanna thence over Route Ten to Great Bend thenc to the New York State line

Route Two Hundred and Twenty-eight From Indiana t Pittsburg Commencing in Indiana and running by way c Jacksonville and Saltsburg to a point on the dividing lin between Indiana and Westmoreland counties thence by wa of Mamont and Sardis to a point on the dividing line betwee Westmoreland and Allegheny counties thence by way c Unity Station and Rodi to a point on the boundary line c the city of Pittsburg Allegheny County

Route Two Hundred and Twenty-nine From Sunbury t Harrisburg Commencing at Shamokin Dam Snyder Count at a point opposite Sunbury and running over Route Twenty five to Selinsgrove thence by way of Dundore Trevorton an Half Falls to a point on Route One Hundred and Ninety-fiv thence over Route One Hundred and Ninety-five to Harris burg Dauphin County

Route Two Hundred and Thirty From York to the Mary land State line Commencing at a point on the boundary lin of the city of York and running over Route One Hundred an Twenty-six to a point east of Farmers thence by way c Nashville Spring Grove and Hanover to a point on the divid ing line between York and Adams counties thence to Littles town thence over Route Forty-two to the Maryland Sta line

Route Two Hundred and Thirty-one From Gettysburg t the Maryland State line Commencing in Gettysburg an running by way of Bonneauville and McSherrystown to point on the dividing line between Adams and York countie thence to Hanover thence over Route One Hundred an Ninety to the Maryland State line

Route Two Hundred and Thirty-two From Scranton t Tunkhannock Commencing at a point on the boundary lin of the city of Scranton and running over Route Five to Pitts ton thence by way of West Pittston and Exeter to a poir on the dividing line between Luzerne and Wyoming countie thence by way of Suttee and Falls into Tunkhannock Wyom ing county

Route Two Hundred and Thirty-three From New Castl to Franklin Commencing at a point on the boundary line c the city of New Castle and running by way of Harlansbur to Slippery Rock thence over Routes Seventy-three an Two Hundred and Eighteen to Barkeyville thence by wa of Wesley Pearl and Balliett to a point on the boundar line of the city of Franklin Venango county

Route Two Hundred and Thirty-four From Hollidaysbur to Clearfield Commencing in Hollidaysburg thence runnin over Routes Fifty-five and Two Hundred and Twenty-one t Ashville thence by way of Frugality and Flinton to a poir on the dividing line between Cambria and Clearfield countie thence by way of Coalport Irvona Glenhope Madera an

outzdale to Osceola thence over Route Fifty-seven to learfield Clearfield County

Route Two Hundred and Thirty-five From Laporte to Wilkes-Barre Commencing in Laporte and running over Route Sixteen to Benton thence to a point on the dividing ne between Columbia and Luzerne counties thence by way Harveyville and Huntingdon Mills to Shickshinny thence ver Route Four to a point on the boundary line of the city Wilkes-Barre

Route Two Hundred and Thirty-six From Coudersport to ne New York State line Commencing in Coudersport and nning in part over Route One Hundred and Three thence way of East Hebron and Shinglehouse to a point on the viding line between Potter and McKean counties thence by ay of Myrtle to a point on the New York State line at or ar Ceres New York

Route Two Hundred and Thirty-seven From Brookville to ittanning Commencing in Brookville and running by way Summerville to a point on the dividing line between Jefrson and Clarion counties thence by way of Shannon le and Hawthorn to New Bethlehem thence over Route xty-six into Kittanning Armstrong County

Route Two Hundred and Thirty-eight From New Castle Meadville Commencing at a point on the boundary line the city of New Castle and running over Route Eighty to ew Wilmington thence by way of West Middlesex Sharon nd Sharpsville to Greenville thence over Route Two Hunred and Six to Jamestown thence by way of Marshall's Corers to Hartstown thence over Route Eighty-two to a point the boundary line of the city of Meadville Crawford ounty

Route Two Hundred and Thirty-nine From Bloomsburg Williamsport Commencing in Bloomsburg and running way of Millville and Sereno to a point on the dividing line tween Columbia and Lycoming counties thence by way of nityville and Lairdville to Hughesville thence over Routes neteen and Eighteen to a point on the boundary line of e city of Williamsport Lycoming County

Route Two Hundred and Forty From Williamsport to nville Commencing at a point on the boundary line of e city of Williamsport thence over Route Eighteen in Carr Turbutville thence to a point on the dividing line between orthumberland and Montour counties thence by way of ashingtonville into Danville Montour county

Route Two Hundred and Forty-one From Tunkhannock to owanda Commencing in Tunkhannock and running by way Laceyville to a point on the dividing line between Wyomg and Bradford counties and thence to Camptown thence er Route Fourteen into Towanda Bradford County

Route Two Hundred and Forty-two From Washington to e West Virginia State line Commencing in Washington nd running in part over Route One Hundred and Fifteen to ffalo thence by way of West Middletown and Iidependence a point on the West Virginia State line

Route Two Hundred and Forty-three From Beaver to the hio State line Commencing in Beaver and running by way Vanport and Glasgow to a point on the Ohio State line

Route Two Hundred and Forty-four From Reading to ncaster Commencing at a point on the boundary line of e city of Reading and running over Route One Hundred nd Forty-seven to Birdsboro thence by way of Scarlet's ills to Joanna thence over Route Two Hundred and Sevty-four to Morgantown thence to a point on the dividing ne between Berks and Lancaster counties thence by way Churchtown Blue Ball and New Holland to Mechanicsburg tence over Route One Hundred and Forty-eight to a point the boundary line of the city of Lancaster Lancaster ounty

Route Two Hundred and Forty-five From Hollidaysburg Bellefonte Commencing in Hollidaysburg and running er Routes Fifty-five and Fifty-seven to Bald Eagle thence a point on the dividing line between Blair and Centre unties thence by way of Hannah to Port Matilda and tence over Route One Hundred and Seven into Bellefonte entre County

Route Two Hundred and Forty-six From Pittsburg to ew Castle Commencing at a point on the boundary line of e city of Pittsburg and running by way of Westview erryville and Wexford to a point on the dividing line beeen Allegheny and Butler counties thence by way of illenople to Portersville thence over Route Seventy-nine to point on the boundary line of the city of New Castle Lawence County

Route Two Hundred and Forty-seven From Pittsburg to iontown Commencing at a point on the boundary line of ittsburg and running by way of Castle Shannon and Library a point on the dividing line between Allegheny and Washgton counties thence by way of Findleyville and Monongahela City to Charleroi thence over Route One Hundred and ighteen to Belle Vernon thence by way of Fayette City ear Junction and Vanderbilt to Connellsville thence over oute One Hundred and Seventeen into Uniontown Fayette ounty

Route Two Hundred and Forty-eight From Brookville to ionesta Commencing in Brookville and running by way of owe and Sigel to a point on the dividing line between Jefrson and Clarion counties thence by way of a point at or ear Scotch Hill and Tylersburg to Lickingville thence over oute Ninety-two into Tionesta Forest County

Route Two Hundred and Forty-nine From Bloomsburg t Lock Haven Commencing in Bloomsburg and running ver Route Sixteen to Stillwater thence by way of Rohrsburg Millville and Jerseytown to a point on the dividing line between olumbia and Montour counties thence by way of White Hall nd Exchange to a point on the dividing line between Monour and Northumberland counties thence by way of Turbotville to McEwensville thence over Route Eighteen to a point ear Watsontown thence by way of Watsontown and Dewart to a point on the dividing line between Northumberland and nion counties thence to Allenwood thence over Routes One Hundred and Seventy-six and Twenty-three into Lock Haven Clinton County

Route Two Hundred and Fifty From York to Harrisburg Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of York thence by way of Emigsville Manchester York Haven Newberrytown and Lewisberry to New Market thence to a point on the dividing line between York and Cumberland counties thence by way of New Cumberland to Lemoyne thence over Route Thirty-four to a point in Wormleysburg opposite the city of Harrisburg

Route Two Hundred and Fifty-one From Franklin to Kittanning Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Franklin and running over Route Sixty-five to East Sandy thence over Route Seventy-five to Mariaville thence to a point on the dividing line between Venango and Clarion counties thence by way of St. Petersburg and Foxburg to a point on the dividing line between Clarion and Armstrong counties thence by way of Parkers Landing to a point on the dividing line between Armstrong and Butler counties thence by way of Bruin Petrolia and Karns City to a point on the dividing line between Butler and Armstrong counties thence by way of Adams and Cowanville in Kittanning Armstrong county

Route Two Hundred and Fifty-two From Doylestown to the New Jersey State line Commencing in Doylestown and running over Route One Hundred and Fifty-two to Newtown thence to Yardley thence by the River Road to Morrisville opposite Trenton New Jersey

Route Two Hundred and Fifty-three From Tionesta to Smethport Commencing in Tionesta and running over Routes Ninety-two and Ninety-eight to Nebraska thence by way of Kelletyville Mayburg and Lynch to the dividing line between Forest and Warren counties thence by way of Barnes to Sheffield thence over Route Ninety-five into Smethport McKean County

Route Two Hundred and Fifty-four From Milford to Scranton Commencing in Milford and running over Route Seven to Tafton thence by way of Paupack Crosses and Greentown to a point on the dividing line between Pike and Wayne counties thence by way of Newfoundland and Angels to Gouldsboro thence over Route One Hundred and Sixty-eight to Scranton Lackawanna county

Route Two Hundred and Fifty-five From Honesdale to the New York State line Commencing in Honesdale and running over Route Seven to the dividing line between Wayne and Pike counties thence by way of Baoba Rowlands and Lackawaxen to Shohola Pike County opposite Barryville New York

Route Two Hundred and Fifty-six From Waynesburg to the West Virginia State line Commencing in Waynesburg and running over route One Hundred and Eleven to Rogersville thence by way of Rutan Graysville and Jacksonville to the West Virginia State line

Route Two Hundred and Fifty-seven From Pittsburg to the West Virginia State line Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Pittsburg and running by way of Remington Shirland and North Star to the dividing line between Allegheny and Washington counties thence by way of Bavington and Florence to the West Virginia State line

Route Two Hundred and Fifty-eight From Erie to Meadville Commencing at a point on the boundry line of the city of Erie and running by way of Kearsarge McKean McLane and Edinboro to a point on the dividing line between Erie and Crawford counties thence to Drake's Mills thence over Route Eighty-four to a point on the boundry line of the city of Meadville Crawford County

Route Two Hundred and Fifty-nine From Danville to Lewisburg Commencing in Danville and running by way of Mooreburg to a point on the dividing line between Montour and Northumberland counties thence by way of Pottsgrove to Milton thence over Route eighteen to East Lewisburg thence into Lewisburg Union County

Route Two Hundred and Sixty From Hollidaysburg thence by way of Frankstown Canoe Creek Williamsburg and Yellow Springs to a point on the dividing line between Blair and Huntingdon counties thence to Water Street thence over Route Fifty-five into Huntingdon Huntingdon County

Route Two Hundred and Sixty-one From Bellefonte to Huntingdon Commencing in Bellefonte thence over Routes twenty-seven and twenty-nine to Milroy thence to a point on the dividing line between Mifflin and Huntingdon counties thence by way of Greenwood Furnace McAlvey's Fort Eunisville and Cornpropst's Mill into Huntington

Route Two Hundred and Sixty-two From Indiana to Clearfield Commencing in Indiana and running over Route sixty-three to Marion Centre thence by way of Rochester and Glen Campbell to a point on the dividing line between Indiana and Clearfield counties thence to Burnside thence over Route sixty-two into Clearfield Clearfield County

Route Two Hundred and Sixty-three From Tunkhannock to the New York State line Commencing in Tunkhannock and running over Route twelve to Montrose thence by way of Franklin Forks and Brookdale to a point on the New York State line

Route Two Hundred and Sixty-four From Huntingdon to Chambersburg Commencing in Huntingdon and running over Route one hundred and twenty-one to a point at or near Spring Run thence by way of Roxbury Orrstown Cross Roads near Culbertson to a point at or near Gelinger's Hill thence over Route Thirty-five into Chambersburg Franklin County

Route Two Hundred and Sixty-five From New Castle to the Ohio State line Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of New Castle and running by way of Mount Jackson Newburg and Enon Valley to a point on the dividing line between Lawrence and Beaver counties thence to Darlington thence over Route two hundred and four to the Ohio State line

Route Two Hundred and Sixty-six From Coudersport to Williamsport Commencing in Coudersport and running over Route one hundred and two to Sweden Valley thence by way

of Cherry Springs and Oleona to a point on the dividing line between Potter and Lycoming counties to Pump Station thence over Route one hundred and six to Slate Run thence by way of Cammal and Waterville along Pine Creek to Jersey Shore thence over Route twenty-three to a point on the boundary line of the city of Williamsport.

Route Two Hundred and Sixty-seven From Bedford to the Maryland State line Commencing in Bedford and running over Route Thirty-nine to Breezewood thence by way of Gapsville to a point on the dividing line between Bedford and Fulton counties thence by way of Crystal Springs Emmaville and Amaranth to Warfordsburg thence over Route Thirty-eight to a point on the Maryland State line

Route Two Hundred and Sixty-eight From Greensburg to Waynesburg Commencing in Greensburg and running over Route one hundred and eighteen to Charleroi thence by way of Allenport California West Brownsville and Millsboro to a point on the dividing line between Washington and Greene counties thence by way of Clarkville and Jefferson into Waynesburg Greene County

Route Two Hundred and Sixty-nine From Greensburg to Somerset Commencing in Greensburg and running over Route one hundred and nineteen to Jennertown thence by way of Sipesville into Somerset County

Route Two Hundred and Seventy From Doylestown to West Chester Commencing in Doylestown and running over Route One Hundred and Fifty-four to Blooming Glen thence by way of Bean to a point on the dividing line between Bucks and Montgomery counties thence by way of Souderton Franconia Harleyville Lederachville Skippack Iron Bridge Trappe and the Montgomery County Home to a point on the dividing line between Montgomery and Chester counties thence by way of Phoenixville Kimberton Chester Springs and Lionville to Downingtown thence over Route One Hundred and Thirty-seven into West Chester Chester County

Route Two Hundred and Seventy-one From Erie to Franklin Commencing in Erie and running over Route eighty-four to Waterford thence by way of Union City to a point on the dividing line between Erie and Crawford counties thence by way of Riceville Centerville and Hydetown to Titusville thence over Route two hundred and five to a point on the boundary line of the city of Franklin

Route Two Hundred and Seventy-two From Erie to Meadville Beginning at a point on the boundary line of the city of Erie and running over the Ridge Road by way of Swanville to Fairview thence by way of Franklin Corners and Lavery to a point on the dividing line between Erie and Crawford counties thence by way of Crossingville to Hayfield thence over Route eighty-five to a point on the boundary line of the city of Meadville

Route Two Hundred and Seventy-three From West Chester to the Maryland State line Commencing in West Chester and running by way of Copeville Marshallton Embreeville and Unionville to Kennett Square thence over Route one hundred and thirty-one to the Maryland State line

Route Two Hundred and Seventy-four From Reading to the Maryland State line Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Reading and running by way of Freeman Beckersville Plowville Joanna and Morgantown to the dividing line between Berks and Chester counties thence by way of Honey Brook Sadsburyville Parkesburg Cochranville and Russellville to Oxford thence over Route one hundred and thirty-one to the Maryland State line

Route Two Hundred and Seventy-five From New Bloomfield to Middleburg Commencing in New Bloomfield and running over Route thirty-one to Thompsontown thence by way of New Salem and Cocolamus to a point near Swales thence over Routes one hundred and ninety-four and one hundred and ninety-five into Middleburg Snyder County

Route Two Hundred and Seventy-six From Somerset to Clearfield Commencing in Somerset and running over Route Fifty-two to Johnstown thence over the Frankstown Road to South Fork thence by way of Summer Hill Wilmore Portage Lilly and Cresson to Loretto thence over Route Fifty-three to Syberton thence to Ashville thence over Route Two Hundred and Thirty-four to Frugality thence by way of Glasgow to a point on the dividing line between Cambria and Clearfield counties thence by way of Alleman Janesville Ramey and Smoke Run to Madera thence over Routes Two Hundred and thirty-four and Fifty-seven into Clearfield Clearfield county

Route Two Hundred and Seventy-seven From Smethport to Emporium Commencing in Smethport and running by way of Colegrove to a point on the dividing line between McKean and Cameorn counties thence into Emporium Cameron County

Route Two Hundred and Seventy-eight From Beaver to Washington Commencing in Beaver and running by way of Barclay's School Fairview Ohioville Smith's Ferry Georgetown Hookstown and Kendall to Frankfort Springs thence over Route One Hundred and Fifteen into Washington Washington County

Route Two Hundred and Seventy-nine From Warren to the New York State line Commencing in Warren and running over Route Ninety-four to North Warren thence by way of Chandler's Valley and Sugar Grove to the New York State line

Route Two Hundred and Eighty From Lebanon to Lancaster Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Lebanon thence by way of Rockerty Fontana Colebrook and Lawn to a point on the dividing line between Lebanon and Lancaster counties thence by way of Belaire Elizabethtown Bainbridge Maytown and Marietta to Columbia thence over Route One Hundred and Twenty-eight to a point on the boundary line of the city of Lancaster Lancaster County

Route Two Hundred and Eighty-one From Philadelphia to the New Jersey State line Commencing at a point on the dividing line between the counties of Philadelphia and Bucks near Byberry Philadelphia thence by way of Oakford Langhorne Oxford Valley and Fallsington into Morrisville opposite Trenton New Jersey

Route Two Hundred and Eighty-two From West Ches to the Delaware State line Commencing in West Chester a running over Route One Hundred and Thirty-four to Lena thence to a point on the dividing line between Chester a Delaware counties thence by way of Chadds Ford Ty Bridges and Cassart to a point on the Delaware State l where the same is intersected by State road already e structed in the State of Delaware

Route Two Hundred and Eighty-three From Bloomsburg Sunbury Commencing in Bloomsburg and running by way East Bloomsburg Catawissa and Pensyl to a point on the viding line between Columbia and Northumberland count thence by way of Elyburg Reed Station Snydertown and phanage into Sunbury Northumberland county

Route Two Hundred and Eighty-four From Allentown Reading Commencing at a point on the boundary line of city of Allentown and running over Route One Hundred Fifty-eight to Hereford thence by way of Bechtelville and B ertown to a point on the dividing line between Berks Montgomery counties thence to Pottstown thence over Ro One Hundred and Forty-six to a point on the boundary of the city of Reading

Route Two Hundred and Eighty-five From Pottsville to lentown Commencing in Pottsville and running over Rou One Hundred and Forty and One Hundred and Forty-one Hamburg thence by way of Lenhartville to a point on dividing line between Berks and Lehigh counties thence by w of Lynnport to Jordan thence over Route Two Hundred a Twenty-six to a point on the boundary line of the city of lentown

Route Two Hundred and Eighty-six From Hollidaysburg the Maryland State line Commencing in Hollidaysburg running in part over Route Forty-seven thence by way of Kee Gap Roaring Spring Martinsburg and Curryville to a po on the dividing line between Blair and Bedford counties the by way of Woodbury Waterside Loysburg and Foreman Hartley Brick School House thence over Route Thirty-nine Everett thence by way of Clearville Pineycreek and Silver M to a point on the Maryland State line

Route Two Hundred and Eighty-seven From Towanda the New York State line Commencing in Towanda and runn by way of Ulster Milan Athens Sayre and Waverly to New York State line

Route Two Hundred and Eighty-eight From Uniontown to Pittsburg Commencing in Uniontown and running way of Oliver Phillips Waltersburg and Perryopolis to point on the dividing line of Rostraver to a point on dividing line between Westmoreland and Allegheny count thence by way of Torrance Round Hill Church Boston V sailles and Sampson's Mill to a point on Route One Hundr and Twenty near East McKeesport thence over Route O Hundred and Twenty to Pittsburg Allegheny County

Route Two Hundred and Eighty-nine From Lewisburg Williamsport Commencing in Lewisburg and running o Route One Hundred and Seventy-six to a point in or n Elimsport thence by way of Hagerman's Run and South W liamsport to a point on the boundary line of the city of W liamsport Lycoming county

Route Two Hundred and Ninety From Bloomsburg to Ma Chunk Commencing in Bloomsburg and running over Ro One Hundred and Eighty-three to Shenandoah thence by w of Mahanoy City Bucks Mountain and Quakake to Ginth thence over Routes One Hundred and Eighty-five and O Hundred and Sixty-two into Mauch Chunk

Route Two Hundred and Ninety-one From Laporte to W liamsport Commencing in Laporte and running by way Forksville and Hills Grove to a point on the dividing line tween Sullivan and Lycoming counties thence by way of B bour and Loyalsock to Montoursville thence over Route Ei teen to a point on the boundary line of the city of Willia port

Route Two Hundred and Ninety-two From Wellsboro to New York State line Commencing in Wellsboro and runn over Route Twenty-two to Middleburg Center thence by v of Little Marsh and Phillips to the New York State line

Route Two Hundred and Ninety-three From Middleburg New Bloomfield Commencing in Middleburg and running o Route One Hundred and Ninety-five to Liverpool and Mill town thence over Route Thirty-one into New Bloomfield Pe county

Route Two Hundred and Ninety-four From Warren Mercer Commencing in Warren and running over Ro Eighty-nine to Sugar Lake thence by way of Cochranton a point on the dividing line between Crawford and Mer counties thence by way of Willedgeville and New Leba to Sandy Lake thence over Route Two Hundred and Eight Mercer Mercer County

Route Two Hundred and Ninety-five From Erie to Mer Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city Erie and extending over Route Eighty-six to Girard thence way of Platea Cranesville Wellsburg and Albion thence o Route Eighty-five to Conneautville thence to Conneaut L thence over Route Eighty-two into Mercer Mercer county

Route Two Hundred and Ninety-six From Scranto to New York State line Commencing at a point on the bo dary line of the city of Scranton thence over Routes Six One Hundred and Senty-four to Clifford Susquehanna cou thence by way of Dundaff Forest City and Uniondale to H rick Centre thence over Route Two Hundred and Twenty-se to the New York State line

Section 7 The State Highway Commissioner shall at o prepare and file for public use in the department m of the State highways herein defined and described wh shall show detailed descriptions thereof including cross ro towns villages and other important points or places and u Assembly met and it is here enacted by the authority of construction or reconstruction of said State highways the C

issioner shall cause to be placed upon said maps all data and formation as to grades bridges culverts nature of surface aracter and kind of construction together with the cost there- per mile and he shall from time to time add thereto and ereon such additional data and information as shall be neces- ry to make said plans at all times a complete record of said ate highways Provided that where the description of any ute herein given may state the beginning or termination or termediate points of the route to be at an indefinite or un- entified point or place or at or upon an unnamed road or reet the same shall be definitely identified and determined by e State Highway Commissioner

Section 8 Whenever in the construction reconstruction main- nance and repair of any of the State highways it shall ap- ar to the Commissioner that any part or portion of a State ghway as now defined and described in this Act is dangerous inconvenient to the traveling public in its present location ther by reason of grades dangerous turns or other local con- tions or that the expense to the Commonwealth in the con- ruction building rebuilding maintenance and repair thereof ould be too great or unreasonable and could be materially duced or lessened by a divergence from the road or route e Commissioner is hereby empowered to divert the course or rection of same and he may diverge from the line or route of me as herein described in such direction or directions as in s discretion may seem best in order to correct said danger inconvenience or lessen the cost to the Commonwealth Pro- ded That the said Commissioner shall first submit a plan of e proposed change to the Governor and that the same shall approved by him

Section 9 Where a turn-pike or toll-road company or other ivate corporation shall own or control the whole or any part a road or route forming all or any portion of a State high- ay as hereinbefore described and defined it shall be the duty the State Highway Commissioner for and in behalf of the ommonwealth by amicable agreement to purchase said turn- ke or toll-road or such part thereof owned by such company corporation and if a fair and reasonable price which shall approved by the Governor for said road or part thereof nnot be agreed upon it shall then be lawful for the State ighway Commissioner to petition the court of quarter ses- ons of the county in which the State highway or any part ereof owned or controlled by said turn-pike company or other ivate corporation is located setting forth that such turn-pike toll-road or part thereof is a State highway within the esignation and description of this Act and that no agree- ent as to price or damage can be reached and thereupon said urt shall appoint a jury of view consisting of five reputable tizens of the county in which the road or part thereof is cated and said jury shall after due notice to the company corporation and the State Highway Commissioner view and ndemn said turn-pike toll-road or highway or part thereof a State highway or part thereof and shall appraise and port the damages which the owner or owners shall be entitled receive therefor Said report shall be presented for confirma- on nisi at the term of said court next succeeding said ap- aisement and view unless by order of said court the same continued to a later term and if no exceptions are filed ereto said report shall at the expiration of thirty days after nfirmation nisi be confirmed absolutely and an appeal there- om by the Commonwealth of the company or corporation all lie to the court of common pleas of said county within irty days after confirmation absolute and upon issue framed the court of common pleas the damages shall then be ascer- ined as in similar cases subject to an appeal to the superior supreme courts as the case may be Immediately upon greement reached or upon completion of any court proceed- gs and acceptance of the appraisement or verdict by the mmissioner the damages so determined or awarded shall paid by the Commonwealth together with the expense of e proceedings in condemnation and the said turn-pike toll- ad or part thereof shall become a State highway or part ereof free from tolls Provided That if the amount of dam- es as finally awarded shall be deemed excessive by the State ighway Commissioner he may refuse to accept the appraise- ent or verdict and may then omit said turn-pike or toll-road part thereof from the aforesaid route of State highway and l court costs and costs of jury proceedings shall thereupon paid by the State Highway Department and by necessary vergence therefrom he may select and adopt the next best and ost suitable and convenient route or road in order to connect and complete a continuous State highway and thereafter ch diverged route or road shall be taken and remain and be much a part of the State highways of the Commonwealth though otherwise particularly described in this Act And ovided Further That where any existing turn-pikes or toll- ads or parts thereof owned by turn-pike companies or private rporations shall be or form any part of any State highway reinbefore designated described or defined the same are not reby immediately taken over for improvement or repair but e purchase thereof shall be deferred by the State Highway ommissioner and the same shall remain and be operated and ntrolled by the owners thereof as heretofore until such time the work of improvement of all other State highways and rts or portions thereof shall have been completed And ovided Further If in the judgment of the State Highway ommissioner local or special conditions of any of said turn- kes or toll-roads or any part or parts thereof are such as nd to interfere with or inconvenience travel thereon and all sooner require the purchase improvement and control ereof by the State then upon the approval of the Governor ch turn-pike or turn-pikes toll-road or toll-roads or part or rts thereof so affected by such local or special conditions all be taken over in accordance with the provisions of this ct

Section 10 Anything herein contained or any apportion- nt of the State into highway districts shall not be construed including or in any manner interfering with the roads reets and highways in any of the cities boroughs or incor- rated towns of the Commonwealth Provided That where y road street or highway within the limits of any borough in any incorporated town shall form a part or section of any State highway as herein described and the same or any part thereof is not already improved or reconstructed accord- ing to the standards of the State Highway Department or in a manner equal to said standards by the borough or incor- porated town the State Highway Commissioner by and with the consent of the borough or town councils may improve or reconstruct such unimproved section or sections of such road street or highway at the expense of the Commonwealth Pro- vided further That where the councils of any borough or incorporated town shall for any valid reason object to the taking over and appropriation of any road street or highway or of any part or parts thereof as a State highway they shall file such objection in writing with the State Highway De- partment within sixty days after the State Highway Com- missioner shall have notified in writing the proper authori- ties of said borough or incorporated town of his intention to take over any such road street or highway or any part thereof under the provisions of this act And provided fur- ther That any such road street or highway or any part or parts thereof forming a State highway within the limits of any borough or incorporated town shall only be taken over at the discretion of the State Highway Commissioner for recon- struction and maintenance by the State Highway Department when the failure to so take over such road street or highway would leave an unimproved gap in a continuous improved State highway

The maintenance of any road street or highway or of any part or parts thereof improved or reconstructed as a State highway in any borough or incorporated town or the main- tenance of any State aid road heretofore improved or recon structed and which road forms a part of a State highway in any borough or incorporated town shall be done by the State Highway Department and fifty per centum of the cost and expense of said maintenance shall be paid by the respec- tive borough or unincorporated town in which said work is done as is provided for in the case of the maintenance of state aid roads Provided That where any road street or highway or any part or parts thereof in any borough or in- corporated town has been heretofore reconstructed as a State aid road with bricks or material other than a telford water- bound macadam road or which may hereafter be recon- structed as a State highway with bricks or other permanent paving material the said brick or paved road street or high- way shall be maintained according to the standards of the State Highway Department by the borough or incorporated town wholly at the cost and expense of the borough or incor- porated town in which said road street or highway may lie Provided further That if any borough or incorporated town shall neglect or refuse to maintain any such brick paved road street or highway forming a part of a State highway according to the standards aforesaid the State Highway Com- missioner is hereby authorized and empowered to maintain and repair said road street or highway at the cost and expenses of said borough or incorporated town after giving thirty days' prior notice to the councils of any such borough or incorporated town of the intention to do said work of maintenance and repair Provided further That upon the neglect or refusal of any borough or incorporated town to pay such cost and expenses within sixty days after the com- pletion of such maintenance or repairs the State Highway Commissioner shall take such action as is necessary to collect the same from the said borough or incorporated town re- fusing to make the required payment And provided further That all improvement reconstruction and maintenance of any road street or highway in boroughs or incorporated towns shall be of the same character as that done in townships

Section 11 The State Highway Commissioner is directed to construct or improve and thereafter to maintain and repair at the cost and expense of the Commonwealth the highways forming the plan or system of the State highways in the several counties and townships hereinbefore men- tioned and such improvement and maintenance shall be made according to specifications to be prepared by the State High- way Department as regards the character construction and material to be used and the said work of construction and maintenance of said State highways shall be done under the direction and supervision of the State Highway Commissioner The expense of the construction improvement and mainte- nance of State Highways provided for in this act when prop- erly certified by the State Highway Commissioner shall be audited by the Auditor General and when audited and allowed shall be paid out of moneys specifically appropriated for this purpose by warrants drawn therefor by the Auditor General upon the State Treasurer The State Highway Commissioner in addition to the powers conferred upon him in this act shall enjoy and possess in the construction and maintenance of highways herein designated as State highways all the rights and powers conferred by existing laws on supervisors or commissioners in townships in the construction or main- tenance of township roads Provided however that where any State highway or part thereof as herein now described and defined has been improved by county and township jointly or by either of them with or without State aid pre- vious to the passage of this act such highway by and with the consent of said county and township either jointly or severally as the case may be shall nevertheless become a State highway the same as though it were improved or con- structed under the provisions of this act

Section 12 The State Highway Commissioner may at his discretion enter into a contract with any person firm or cor- poration or the authorities of any borough or incorporated town or the commissioners of any county or the supervisors or commissioners of any township to repair and maintain any highway designated in this act as to a State highway or any portion thereof

Section 13 All work of construction building or rebuilding of highways excepting that of repairing and maintenance done under the provisions of this act shall be by contract and shall be according to plans and specifications to be prepared in every case by the State Highway Department and in

awarding any contract the work shall be given to the lowest responsible bidder with the option on the part of the State Highway Commissioner to reject any or all bids if the prices named for the work or materials to be used are higher than the estimated cost or for any other reason appearing to said commissioner Every person firm or corporation before being awarded any contract for the construction or improvement of any State Highway or of any State-aid highway under the provisions of this act shall furnish a bond with sufficient surety or sureties acceptable to the State Highway Commissioner in a sum equal to fifty per centum the contract price of the work conditioned that the contractor shall well and truly and in a manner satisfactory to the State Highway Commissioner complete the work contracted for and shall save harmless the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania from any expense incurred through the failure of said contractor to complete the work as specified or for any damages growing out of the carelessness of said contractor or his or its servants or for any liability for payment of wages due or material furnished said contractor and shall well and truly pay to all and every person furnishing material or performing labor in and about the construction of said highway all and every sum and sums of money due him them and any of them for all such labor and materials for which the contractor is liable

Section 14 Advertisement for proposals for construction reconstruction or improvement of all State highways under the provisions of this act shall be made by the State Highway Commissioner at least three weeks before the contract may be awarded by public notices inserted once a week in at least two newspapers of general circulation in the county or counties in which the Highway to be improved is located such advertisements to designate where the plans and specifications may be had and the time and place of the reception of bids and letting the contract The State Highway Commissioner may at his discretion insert the same advertisement in other newspapers or engineering periodicals

Section 15 Every contract authorized to be made by the State Highway Commissioner under the provisions of this act for the reconstruction or improvement of State highways shall first be approved by the Governor and shall be made in the name of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be signed by the State Highway Commissioner and shall be approved as to form and legality by the Attorney General or Deputy Attorney General of the Commonwealth

Section 16 Before the Commissioner shall undertake the construction or reconstruction or improvement of any State highway on the plan of State Highways wherein a change of existing lines and location is necessary and damage is likely to result to abutting property he shall when possible enter into an agreement with the owner or owners of said property as to amount of damage to be paid to the said owner or owners by the State or in case an agreement satisfactory to the commissioner and said owner or owners cannot be made the commissioner may proceed with the work of construction or reconstruction or improvement and the owner or owners of said property damaged thereby may present their petition to the court of quarter sessions for the appointment of viewers to ascertain and assess such damages The proceedings upon such petition and by the viewers shall be governed by existing laws relating to the ascertainment and assessment of damages for opening public highways and such damages when ascertained shall be certified by the State Highway Commissioner to the Auditor General who shall pay the amount thereof by warrant drawn on the State Treasurer

Section 17 All State highways under the prosisions of this act shall be marked with suitable signs having the words "State Highway" and year date thereon and signs or distance boards giving directions to towns or villages shall be erected at cross or intersecting roads the same to be paid for as part of the cost of the highway The State Highway Commissioner may also cause trees to be planted and maintained along said highways the same to be paid for as a part of the cost of the road No railroad or street railway shall hereafter be constructed upon any State highway nor shall and railroad or street railway crossing nor any gas pipe water pipe electric conduits or other piping be laid upon or in any portion of a State highway except under such conditions restrictions and regulations as may be prescribed by the State Highway Department The State Highway Commissioner is empowered to make reasonable rules and regulations governing the use of all State highways and any person violating such rules or regulations or who shall by the use of rough rocks drag or in any manner wilfully or maliciously destroy injure or damage any such highway in this Commonwealth shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon arrest and conviction therefor shall pay a fine of not less than ten dollars ($10) nor more than twenty dollars ($20) for each and every offence together with the costs of prosecution which shall be recovered as in similar cases upon complaint of any person before a magistrate or justice of the peace and the fine or fines so recovered shall be paid into the State Treasury

Section 18 All highways improved and constructed or rebuilt under the provisions of this act shall be Macadam Telford or other stone road or constructed or brick gravel cinder oyster shells or other good materials or combination of materials in such manner that the same of whatever material constructed will with reasonable repairs thereto at all seasons of the year be firm smooth and convenient for travel Provided That the kind of materials to be used on any particular highway or part thereof to be built shall be decided or selected by the State Highway Commissioner before the contract is let And provided further That all State highways shall be constructed and improved to the width of no less than twelve (12) feet

Section 19 In addition to his other duties the State Highway Commissioner shall cause to be made a survey of all the roads in the State and shall cause to be made and kept for the State Highway Department a general highway plan of the State and compile statistics and collect information relative to the mileage character and condition of the highways in the townships and counties of the State He shall investigate and determine upon the various methods of road construction best adapted to the various sections of the State and establish standards for the construction and maintenance of highways in various sections taking into consideration the topography of the country the natural conditions and the character and availability of road-building material and the ability of the townships and counties to build and maintain roads under the provisions of this act He may at all reasonable times be consulted by county city borough incorporated town or township officers having authority over highways and bridges and shall when requested advise and give information to such officers relative to the construction repairing alteration and maintenance of said highways and bridges He shall at all times lend his aid in promoting road improvement throughout the State and shall prepare and compile all useful information relative to road building and maintenance which he shall disseminate by means of printed bulletins issued at such times and in such numbers as he shall deem best

He shall cause to be published maps showing complete road surveys of each county which shall be kept on sale in the State Highway Department at cost of publication

Section 20 For the purpose of uniform efficient and economic maintenance and repair of the State highways hereinafter described and defined the said State Highway Commissioner shall purchase all necessary material and shall appoint and employ all necessary labor or repair-men who shall at all times in the year keep the State highway free from holes ruts sticks loose stones or other impediments of any kind which tend to interfere with free and easy travel or which if permitted to exist might tend to the deterioration injury or destruction of the highway

Section 21 The several counties and townships of the Commonwealth or any of them either jointly as a county and township or severally expressing a desire to the State Highway Department in manner hereinafter required for State aid shall from and after the passage of this act be entitled to receive the aid and co-operation of the State in the improvement and subsequent maintenance of any road or highway in any county or township of the Commonwealth not herein defined as a State highway when complying with the provisions of this act governing same The State when granting the aid and co-operation desired shall not in any case pay more than fifty (50) per centum of the cost of any road improvement nor more than fifty (50) per centum of the maintenance thereafter and the remaining fifty (50) per centum of the cost and expense of improvement shall be paid to-wit Twenty-five (25) per centum by the county and twenty-five (25) per centum by the township when the application for said aid is joint by county and township and thereafter the township shall pay fifty (50) per centum of the entire cost of maintenance Provided that counties or townships may agree between themselves to contribute their joint proportion of the fifty (50) per centum of the total expense of an improvement herein required to be borne by them in differing the aid and co-operation of the State in the permanent proportions from that herein specified Where any township or county road or highway is desired to be improved by county or township without the joint action or co-operation of the other then said county or township as the case may be shall pay the entire fifty (50) per centum of the cost of the road improvement and fifty (50) per centum of the cost of maintenance thereafter Provided that any township desiring improvement of any of its roads shall levy a cash road tax to meet the cost of such permanent improvement and shall levy annually thereafter such further road taxes in cash as are sufficient to pay the township's share of the annual maintenance of such highways And Provided further It shall be lawful for any township or county of the Commonwealth to incur indebtedness or to issue bonds in the manner authorized by law for the payment of said township's or county's share of the cost of any permanent road improvement or maintenance undertaken under the provisions of this act

Section 22 The State shall not furnish any aid or co-operation in the permanent improvement or maintenance of any county or township road or highway to be improved as a State-aid highway until and unless the supervisors or commissioners of the township in which the road desired to be improved lies where the improvement is intended to be made jointly by township and county shall first petition the county commissioners of the county representing that any principal highway or section thereof lying within said township is in need of reconstruction and setting forth that the said township desires to take advantage of the provisions of this act to improve said highway it shall then be the duty of said county commissioners to adopt a resolution authorizing the assumption by the county of its share of said improvement and the said county commissioners shall then promptly petition the State Highway Department for the aid and co-operation of the State as desired for the particular road to be improved Said petition of the county commissioners shall be accompanied by the said township petition and it shall state the desire of both the township and county that said road or highway shall be improved and maintained as a State-aid highway according to such plans and specifications as shall be prepared by the State Highway Department that the county and township or townships agree to pay fifty (50) per centum of the cost and expense of such improvement and the township or townships will thereafter in consideration of the aid and co-operation of the State so granted pay fifty (50) per centum of the cost of repair and maintenance thereof Such roads to be at all times under the authority and supervision of the State Highway Department Said petition shall further state that petitioners upon approval thereof by the State Highway Department will enter into an agreement with the Commonwealth to be approved by the Attorney Ge

eral or Deputy as to form which shall embody and contain all matters of detail concerning the improvement maintenance and repair of the highway to be improved Provided When the aid and co-operation of the State in the improvement of any highway is desired by any county or township without the intervention of the other said county or township If it shall agree to pay one-half of the cost of the improvement and maintenance thereof shall be entitled to receive the aid and co-operation of the State in like manner as in cases of joint applications by county and township And provided further That no State-aid shall be paid or given nor shall any work be commenced in the improvement of any road or highway in any township or county of this Commonwealth until said agreement shall have been duly executed by the respective parties pursuant to due and legal municipal and corporate action of both township and county and the State Highway Commissioner shall then advertise for bids and let contract or contracts for the improvement of the road desired to be improved in the manner herein provided In the case of improvement of State highways And provided further that the State Highway Commissioner may enter into contracts at any time in amounts equal to the State appropriation then available plus the respective shares of the counties or boroughs

Section 23 In any township of the Commonwealth wherein the owners of the majority of the assessed valuation of real estate therein shall desire any principal road or highway being and lying in their said township to be improved and maintained as a State-aid highway they may petition the supervisors or commissioners of their said township for said improvement to be made and require them to petition the county commissioners of the county to make application to the State Highway Department for the aid and co-operation of the State in the improvement and maintenance of said highway whereupon the duty of the county commissioners in the premises shall be the same in form and procedure as in other cases hereinbefore provided

Section 24 In all cases where the township supervisors or commissioners or county commissioners refuse to act upon or unduly delay action on any petition for the improvement and maintenance of any road or highway as a State-aid highway any citizen taxpayer of the township or county may by petition present the facts of the matter to the Court of Quarter Sessions requesting the court to order such action thereon as the case may require and if after due hearing had before said court it shall appear that the truth of the matters alleged in the petition are sustained the court shall make an order directing the township supervisors or commissioners or county commissioners as the case may be to forthwith act upon said application or applications for State-aid and that the said application or petition for the improvement be forthwith forwarded to the State Highway Department

Section 25 If within thirty days after the receipt of any petition for highway improvement in any township under the provisions of this Act a petition signed by the owners of a majority of the assessed valuation of real estate in said township is received by the county commissioners of the county in which said township is located protesting against said proposed expenditure upon the part of the township then the county commissioners shall take no action on said petition for improvement but shall return the same to the township supervisors or commissioners from whom it was received

Section 26 Whenever the county commissioners of any county shall represent by petition to the State Highway Commissioner that any principal highway in said county outside the corporate limits of any city is not in a satisfactory condition for comfortable and easy travel at all seasons of the year and ought to be reconstructed as a State-aid highway it shall be the duty of the State Highway Commissioner or any assistant directed so to do to examine such highway and if in the judgment of the State Highway Commissioner said representation is well founded he shall determine what changes should be made in said existing highway what portion of it shall be improved and in what manner and shall make the necessary survey prepare accurate plans and make detailed estimate of the expense of the work which in his opinion should be done and report the same to the county commissioners of the county and the supervisors or commissioners of the township or townships in which said highway may lie If the said county commissioners and township supervisors or commissioners then decide that it is advisable to go on with the work they the said county commissioners and township supervisors or commissioners shall enter into the agreement with the State Highway Department hereinbefore specified Provided however said improvement shall not be commenced until the funds at the disposal of the State Highway Department for such purpose shall be sufficient to meet the cost and expense of the improvement desired

Section 27 The State-aid authorized by the provisions of this Act in the construction of State-aid highways shall be ratably apportioned among the several counties of the Commonwealth by the State Highway Commissioner according to the mileage of township and county roads in the respective counties and the said amounts or apportionments shall remain in the State Treasury until applied for in accordance with the provisions of this Act Provided however that if in any case the amounts or apportionments so apportioned shall not be applied for before the first day of March in each year the same shall thereupon be ratably allotted to such county or counties as have made application requiring the expenditure of sums in the improvement of State-aid highways greater than the amount of their apportionment

Section 28 All highways improved as State-aid highways shall conform to the provisions of this Act and the rules and regulations of the State Highway Department as provided in case of State highways Provided That no section of State-aid highways improved under this Act shall be less than one-half mile in length nor shall the improved portion thereof be less than twelve feet in width

Section 29 The work of maintaining and repairing all State-aid highways improved under the provisions of this act or which shall have been previously reconstructed by State aid shall be done by the State Highway Department and fifty (50) per centum of the cost thereof shall be paid by the several townships wherein such roads may lie or by the county when such roads have been improved upon the petition of such county without the co-operation of the township

Section 30 Where a portion of a highway traversing one or more townships and for the improvement and maintenance of which as a State-aid highway according to the provisions of this act application has been made by said township or townships shall lie within the limits of or traverse any borough or boroughs or any incorporated town or towns and where the failure of said borough or boroughs or incorporated town or towns to improve the said highway would leave a break or unimproved section in a continuous improved highway it shall be lawful for the county commissioners of the county in which said highway is located to enter into an agreement with said borough or boroughs or incorporated town or towns to bear a portion of the expenses of said improvement of the highway within the limits of the said borough or town in the same manner as herein provided for the co-operation between the counties and townships Provided That an improved road shall have been previously constructed in an adjoining township borough or town to the lines of the borough or town making application or petition for such improvement the State Highway Commissioner is authorized to bear a portion of the expense of said improvement of said highway within said borough or town limits but in no case shall the portion of said expense to be borne by the State exceed fifty (50) per centum of the total expense of said improvement boroughs or incorporated towns shall only receive aid from the State as aforesaid in cases where failure to receive such aid would prevent a continuous improvement of an important State-aid highway Provided That any borough or incorporated town which is willing to pay one-half the cost of constructing any such road hereinbefore mentioned may make application direct to the State Highway Department All improvements made in borough or town highways as herein provided shall be of a character similar to that specified for the township or townships through which the highway to be improved passes in reaching said borough or town Provided however that the council of any borough or boroughs or incorporated town or towns through which such highway passes shall before its construction by proper ordinance enter into an agreement with the State Highway Commissioner for the payment of said borough's or town's share of the cost of construction and of the subsequent maintenance of such portion of said State-aid highway as lies within the limits of said borough or town similar to that required elsewhere in this Act of the commissioners or supervisors of townships

Section 31 Any county township borough or incorporated town may through its commissioners or supervisors or councils bid for the construction or improvement of such portion of any State-aid highway undertaken under the provisions of this Act as may lie within its limits and any county township borough or incorporated town submitting such bid shall have the same consideration and shall be governed by the same rules and regulations of the department as in the case of other bidders and if awarded the contract shall fulfill the same and be subject to the same conditions and regulations as herein provided for other contractors

Section 32 Where any person or corporation shall sustain damage by the taking of land to alter the location of any State-aid highway which may be improved under this act and the county commissioners and township supervisors or commissioners and parties so injured cannot agree on the amount or damage sustained such persons or corporations may present their petition to the court of quarter sessions for the appointment of viewers to ascertain and assess such damages and the form and procedure therein shall be governed by existing laws relating to the assessment of damages in opening public highways and such damages when ascertained shall be paid fifty per centum (50) by the State and twenty-five per centum (25) by the county and twenty-five per centum (25) by the township Provided where the land so taken is in connection with the improvement of State-aid highway which is being done upon the petition of township or county alone and not jointly by the township and county then fifty per centum (50) of the damages sustained shall be paid by the county or township

Section 33 The total cost of the improvement and maintenance of the State-aid highways constructed under the provisions of this Act as provided by the terms of the contract or otherwise as herein provided when properly certified by the State Highway Commissioner shall be audited by the Auditor General and when audited and allowed shall be paid out of moneys specifically appropriated for this purpose by warrants drawn therefor by the Auditor General upon the State Treasurer The share of the county shall be paid as provided by its contract and otherwise by the provisions of this Act to the State Treasurer by the county treasurer upon the warrant of the county commissioners in such sum or sums as shall be certified by the State Highway Commissioner from time to time during the performance of the work or contract or as provided by the contract and otherwise by the provisions hereof after the same shall be completed The share of the township or townships or of any borough or boroughs or of any incorporated town or towns shall be paid to the State Treasurer by the township supervisors or commissioners or by the borough treasurer or by the town treasurer as the case may be in the manner and form as in the case of counties and as other debts of said townships or boroughs are paid when and as demanded by certificate of the State Highway Commissioner during the performance of the work or contract or in like manner after the same shall be completed Upon the completion of any State-aid highway improvement or upon the ascertainment of any additional improvement cost or of any maintenance expense incurred thereon thereafter by the State Highway Department the State Highway Commissioner shall certifify the same to the State Treasurer and to the county commissioners and township supervisors or borough or town authorities as the case may be the respective shares of said cost or expense for which the county township borough or incorporated town is liable If the said shares or amounts so certified by the State Highway Commissioner of the cost and expense of the improvement or of

the subsequent maintenance thereof as provided by contract and the provisions of this act of the county township borough or incorporated town or all or either of them shall not be paid to the State Treasurer within thirty days after being certified then the said shares of the county township borough or incorporated town either or all of them remaining unpaid shall be charged by the State Treasurer against any funds of said county township borough or incorporated town which may be in the hands of the State Treasurer or which may thereafter come into his hands excepting school funds and may also be recovered by action at law or equity as any other debts or such counties townships boroughs or incorporated towns are by law recoverable The amounts paid under this act to the State Treasurer by the counties townships boroughs and towns shall be placed by him to the credit of the proper funds for highway construction or maintenance and shall immediately be available for the use of the State Highway Department for construction or maintenance as the case may be and the State Highway Commissioner is hereby authorized and empowered to apportion the said amounts thus paid into the State Treasury by the counties townships boroughs and incorporated towns among the several counties as hereinbefore provided for the State Highway Commissioner may make partial payments to any contractor performing any highway improvement under this act as the same progresses upon estimate made by the State Highway Department but not more than ninety per centum (90 per centum) of the estimate of work done or of the contract price shall be paid in advance of the full and satisfactory completion of said improvement and acceptance of same by the State Highway Commissioner

Section 34 The word highway as used in this Act shall be construed to include any existing causeway or bridge or any new causeway or bridge or any drain or water course which may form part of a road and which has been or might properly be built according to any existing laws by the townships of the Commonwealth A State-aid highway as the term is used in this Act shall be construed to mean only such highway as is improved with the aid and co-operation of the State with county and township or with county or township borough or incorporated town either or severally as the case may be according to the terms and provisions hereof but shall not include any causeway or bridge which should properly be built by the county or by the State under existing laws

Section 35 All State-aid highways under the provisions of this Act shall be marked and suitable sign boards erected and maintained at cross roads as provided in the case of State Highways and the same shall be paid for as part of the cost and maintenance of the highway

Section 36 The State Highway Commissioner shall compile and prepare a plan or plans of all State-aid highways in the Commonwealth which shall show and contain all the information required to be shown and contained upon the maps or plans of State highways so that the Department shall at all times have a complete record of the same in order that the said plan or plans of State-aid highways may be authentic and complete in all respects the county commissioners or county engineers of the several counties of this State and officials of all cities boroughs towns and townships in the State which now have or may hereafter have by law authority over the public highways and bridges shall upon written request of the State Highway Department furnish said Department with any information relating to the mileage cost of building and maintenance condition and character of the highways under their jurisdiction and with any other needful information relating to said highways

Section 37 The sum of four million dollars or as much thereof as may be necessary in establishing and carrying on the work of the Department is hereby appropriated for the purpose of maintenance repair and construction of the State Highways herein described and for the payment of the State's share of the maintenance and repair of State-aid highways heretofore constructed or constructed or improved under the provisions of this act

Section 38 The sum of two million dollars or as much thereof as may be necessary in carrying on the work of the Department is hereby appropriated for the purpose of State-aid in the permanent improvement of the highways herein described as State-aid highways

Section 39 All money at any time appropriated for the use of the State Highway Department for the improvement and maintenance of State-aid or State highways shall always remain for the use of the department until the same is entirely used and applied to the purpose or purposes for which it was appropriated

Section 40 The Act approved the fifteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner and staff of assistants and defining the powers and duties thereof authorizing the State Highway Department to co-operate with the several counties and townships and with boroughs in certain instances in the improvement of the public highways and the maintenance of improved highways providing for the application of counties and townships for State-aid in highway improvement and maintenance providing for the payment of the cost of highway improvements made under the provisions of this Act by the State the counties and the townships and making an appropriation for this purpose and providing a penalty for maliciously destroying improved roads" and amendment thereto approved June eight one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to amend an Act entitled 'An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner and staff of assistants and defining the powers and duties thereof authorizing the State Highway Department to co-operate with the several counties and townships and with boroughs in certain instances in the improvement of the public highways and the maintenance of improved highways providing for the application of counties and townships for State-aid in highway improvement and maintenance providing for the payment of the cost of highway improvements made under the provisions of this Act by the State the counties and the townships and making an appropriation for this purpose and providing a penalty for maliciously destroying improved roads' approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five increasing the number of employes of the State Highway Department and fixing the amounts of their salaries eliminating from the items included in the expense of construction and from those covered by damages the cost of change of grade extending the provisions of the Act to incorporated towns increasing the percentage which may be paid to contractors in advance of the final completion of the work authorizing the setting of monuments and planting of trees along State highways prohibiting the construction of gas or water lines along State highways except under certain conditions and providing that the kind of roads to be built shall be decided by the State Highway Commissioner" and all other Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed Provided That the provisions of this Act shall not be construed to repeal any of the provisions of the road Acts approved June twenty-sixth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and thirty-six) and June twenty-three one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and ninety-four) and June ten one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws six hundred and thirty-six) nor the provisions of an Act approved June seventh one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act relating to railroad crossing of highways and for the regulation alteration and abolition of grade crossings except in cities of the first and second class" nor the provisions of an Act approved April tenth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five (Pamphlet Laws one hundred twenty-nine) entitled "An Act relating to the management care and maintenance of the National or Cumberland road and freeing the same from the tolls and making an appropriation therefor" nor the provisions of an Act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws seven hundred thirty-nine) entitled "An Act extending the provisions of an Act approved the tenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled 'An Act relating to the management care and maintenance of the National or Cumberland road and freeing the same from tolls and making an appropriation therefor' to the portion of said road lying within Somerset County directing the State Highway Commissioner to divide the said road into four divisions and to employ a superintendent for each division fixing the salaries thereof making an appropriation for the purpose of this Act and repealing all Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent herewith or supplied hereby" Nor the provisions of an Act approved April twenty-seventh Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws two hundred sixty-five) entitled "An Act relating to motor vehicles Regulating their speed upon the public streets and highways of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and the licensing of operators by the State Highway Department establishing the rights of motor-vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles regulating the service of process and of proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom prescribing the penalties for violations of the provisions of this Act and providing for the disposition of fines thereunder and provided further That any State-aid Highway for which plans and specifications have been made and for which bids have been received and the contract awarded and for which the counties townships boroughs or towns have signed the necessary agreement contracting to pay to the Commonwealth the several and respective shares of the cost of reconstructing said highway shall not be affected by the provisions of this act but the same shall be built reconstructed completed finally settled paid for and accepted by the Department in accordance with the terms and provisions of the act or acts supplement or supplements and amendment or amendments thereto under which said work was commenced or initiated

Section 41 All duties responsibilities powers or jurisdiction conferred upon the State Highway Commissioner and upon the State Highway Department as previously created by Acts of Assembly now in force and which do not conflict with the provisions of this Act are therefor not repealed by this Act and shall be assumed by and are hereby conferred upon the State Highway Department and the State Highway Commissioner created under this Act

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 643 (House No. 435), as follows:

An Act defining and prohibiting pandering providing penalties for violation hereof and regulating the competency of certain evidence at the trial thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any person who shall procure a female inmate for a house of prostitution or who shall induce persuade encourage enveigle or entice a female person to become a prostitute or who by promises threats violence or by any device or scheme shall cause induce persuade encourage take place harbor enveigle or entice a female person to become an inmate of a house of prostitution or assignation place or any place where prostitution is practiced encouraged or allowed or any person who shall by promises threats violence or by any device or scheme cause induce persuade encourage enveigle or entice an inmate of a house of prostitution or place of assignation to remain therein as such inmate or any person who by threats violence by any device or scheme by fraud or artifice or by duress of person or goods or by abuse of any position of confidence or authority or having legal charge shall take place harbor inveigle entice or procure any female person to enter any place within this Commonwealth in which prostitution is practiced encouraged or allowed for the purpose of prostitution or to enveigle entice or procure any female person to come into this Commonwealth or to leave this Commonwealth for the purpose of prostitution or who takes or detains a female with the intent to compel her by force threats menace or duress to marry him or to marry any other person or who shall receive or give or agree to receive or give any money or thing of value for procuring or attempting to procure any female person to become a prostitute or to come into this Commonwealth or leave this Commonwealth for the purpose of prostitution shall be guilty of pandering and upon conviction shall be sentenced to imprisoment by separate or solitary confinement for a period of not more than ten years

Section 2 Any person who by force fraud intimidation or threats places or leaves or procures any other person or persons to place or leave his wife in a house of prostitution shall be guilty of a felony and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to imprisonment by separate or solitary confinement at labor for a period of not more than ten years

Section 3 Any person who shall knowingly accept receive levy or appropriate any money or other valuable thing without consideration from the proceeds of the earnings of any woman engaged in prostitution shall be deemed guilty of a felony and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to an imprisonment by separate or solitary confinement at labor for a period of not more than ten years Any such acceptance receipt levy or appropriation of such money or valuable thing shall upon any proceeding or trial for violation of this section be evidence of lack of consideration

Section 4 Any person or persons who attempts to detain any female person in a disorderly house or house of prostitution because of any debt or debts she has contracted or is said to have contracted while living in said house shall be guilty of felony and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to imprisonment by separate or solitary confinement at labor for a period of not more than ten years

Section 5 Any person who shall knowingly transport or cause to be transported or aid or assist in obtaining transportation for by any means of conveyance into through or across this Commonwealth any female person for the purpose of prostitution or with the intent and purpose to induce entice or compel such female person to become a prostitute shall be deemed guilty of a felony and upon conviction thereof be sentenced to imprisonment by separate or solitary confinement at labor for a period of not more than ten years any person who may commit the crime in this section mentioned may be prosecuted indicted tried and convicted in any county or city in or through which he shall so transport or attempt to transport any female person as aforesaid

Section 6 It shall not be a defense to a prosecution for any of the acts prohibited in the foregoing sections that any part of such act or acts shall have been committed outside this Commonwealth and the offense shall in such case be deemed and alleged to have been committed and the offender tried and punished in any county in which the prostitution was intended to be practiced or in which the offense was consummated or any overt act in furtherance of the offense shall have been committed

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Adams	Herbst	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Homsher	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Huffman	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Hunter	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Jamison	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jarrett	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jones	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Judson	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Keyser	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Kline	Powell	Wilbert
Hall	Knapp	Salus	Wolf
Hays	Kurtz	Shields	Crow, Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 682 (House No. 620), as follows:

An act to authorize the publication binding and distribution of one thousand (1,000) additional copies of Smull's Legislative Hand Book for the use of the State Railroad Commission the Water Supply Commission the Superintendent of State Police the Commissioner of Health and the Dairy and Food Commissioner

Whereas In the act of Assembly of the seventeenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to regulate the publication binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth" a provision was made for the publication and distribution of two hundred (200) copies of Smull's Legislative Hand Book to each of the several Departments and Commissions of the State Government and

Whereas Since and before the passage of this act certain Departments and Commissions have been created to wit the State Railroad Commission the Water Supply Commission the Department of State Police the Department of Health and the Dairy and Food Commissioner for which no provision was made in said act therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That one thousand (1,000) additional copies of Smull's Legislative Hand Book shall be printed and bound and distributed as follows two hundred (200) copies each for the State Railroad Commission the Water Supply Commission the Superintendent of State Police the Commissioner of Health and the Dairy and Food Commissioner Out of the number assigned to each Department at least one copy of said book shall be delivered to each officer and clerk thereof

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. SHIELDS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SHIELDS, from the Committee on Mines and Mining, re-reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1154 (House No. 636), entitled:

An act to protect the lives and limbs of miners from the dangers resulting from incompetent miners working in the bituminous coal mines of this Commonwealth and to provide for the examination of persons seeking employment as miners in the bituminous region and to prevent the employment of incompetent persons as miners in bituminous coal mines and providing penalties for a violation of the same.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 785 (House No. 634), as follows:

An act prohibiting hospitals not having a medical adjunct and other institutions receiving State aid from restricting pay patients in the selection of physicians and surgeons

not connected with said institutions and providing a penalty therefor

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That no hospital asylum infirmary sanitarium or dispensary which receives State aid shall make any rule or regulation which prevents or restricts in whole or in part or in any manner a pay patient from the right and privilege to select any duly licensed or registered practicing physician or surgeon not connected with said institution whom he or she may desire to have attend to prescribe for consult with or operate upon him or her while an inmate of said institution nor shall said institution make any rule or regulation restricting said patient or the physician or surgeon whom he or she may have selected from the full free and uninterrupted use of any and all of the equipment apparatus and conveniences provided by said institution for its patients Provided That this act shall not apply to hospitals having as an adjunct a medical college having a complete medical curriculum

Section 2 Any violation of section one hereof shall subject the institution so violating it to forfeiture of the right or privilege of future aid from the State

Section 3 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39.

Adams	Gerberich	Jones	Powell
Alexander	Hall	Judson	Shields
Baldwin	Hays	Keyser	Thomson
Buckman	Heacock	Kline	Tustin
Catlin	Herbst	Knapp	Vare
Clark	Homsher	Kurtz	Wertz
Cooper	Huffman	Manbeck	Wilbert
DeWitt	Hunter	Martin	Wolf
Endsley	Jamison	McConnell	Crow
Fox	Jarrett	Miller	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—3.

McIlhenny	Morgan	Weingartner

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 793 (House No. 601), as follows:

An act regulating the exhibiting or using of moving pictures and stereopticon views providing for and regulating the examination and approval of moving picture films or reels and stereopticon views and fixing penalties for the violation of this act.

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be unlawful for any person firm or corporation to exhibit or use any moving picture film or reel or stereopticon view unless the said film reel or view shall have been approved by the State Board of Censors hereinafter designated and as hereinafter provided

Section 2 To provide for the enforcement of this act the Governor shall appoint two persons one male who shall be known as chief censor and one female who shall be known as assistant censor residents and citizens of this Commonwealth to be known as the State Board of Censors who shall be duly qualified by education and experience whose duty it shall be to examine all moving pictures films or reels and stereopticon views to approve such as shall be moral and to withhold approval from such as shall tend to debase or corrupt the morals Upon such moving picture films or reels or stereopticon views as shall be approved there shall be a statement that such picture or view has been approved by said board which statement shall be in the following words "Approved by the Pennsylvania State Board of Censors"

Section 3 Said board shall keep an accurate record of all examinations made by it noting such pictures or views as shall be approved and such as shall not be approved with the reasons for withholding approval It shall report annually on or before the fifteenth day of January of each year in writing to the Governor and shall file a duplicate report with the Secretary of Internal Affairs which report shall show

1 A record of its meetings and an abstract of its proceedings during the preceding year

2 The results of any and all examinations or investigations made by it

3 Such statements facts and explanations as will disclose the actual workings and operation of the said board

4 A statement in detail of the traveling expenses and disbursements of the members of said board and the amount of fees paid to the State Treasurer under this act

Section 4 Said chief censor shall receive an annual salary of one thousand five hundred dollars and said assistant censor shall receive an annual salary of one thousand two hundred dollars both payable quarterly from the State Treasury and shall be reimbursed for all expenses actually and necessarily incurred in the performance of the duties herein prescribed Said chief censor shall furnish a bond in the sum of three thousand dollars and said assistant censor shall furnish a bond in the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars.

Section 5 For each examination made as herein prescribed said board shall receive for the use of the Commonwealth a fee of two dollars and fifty cents for each moving picture film or reel or stereopticon view No picture or view shall be examined until such fee shall be paid Such fees when paid to said board shall constitute a fund to further the purposes of this act

Section 6 Said board shall have general power and authority to supervise and regulate the display of all moving picture films or reels or stereopticon views in all places of amusement or elsewhere within this Commonwealth

Said power and authority shall include the power to inquire into and investigate and to have displayed for their benefit the moving picture films or reels or stereopticon views which are intended to be displayed and said board shall approve such moving picture films or reels or stereopticon views as shall be moral and proper and disapprove the said moving picture films or reels or stereopticon views which are sacrilegious obscene indecent or immoral or such as tend to corrupt morals

Section 7 It shall be the duty of every person firm or corporation intending to sell rent or exhibit any moving picture films or reels or stereopticon views within this Commonwealth to furnish to the said board as the said board may require a description of said moving picture film or reel or stereopticon view describing the scenes and purposes of the said moving pictures or views and to exhibit and display for their examination and approval or disapproval the said moving picture film or reel or stereopticon view

Section 8 All disbursements of such a nature as to make it impracticable for the commission to file with the Auditor General itemized receipts or vouchers prior to the advance by the accounting officers of funds sufficient to meet such expense shall be paid out of money specifically appropriated for that purpose in the manner provided by an act entitled "An Act describing the method for disbursing and accounting for certain apropriations to the department bureaus commissions and other branches of the State Government" approved April. twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

The moneys necessary to carry this act into effect shall be appropriated to the board biennially as an item in the general appropriation bill

Section 9 Any person firm or corporation exhibiting or permitting to be exhibited any unapproved moving picture film or reel or stereopticon view shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof before any alderman magistrate or justice of the peace of the proper county shall be sentenced to pay a fine not less than fifty dollars for the first offense and not less than one hundred dollars for each subsequent offense Each unapproved moving picture film or reel or stereopticon view exhibited and each day the same shall be exhibited shall constitute a separate offense Said fines shall be paid to said board and shall form part of the fund to be used in carrying out the purposes of this act Provided however that this act shall not apply to any exhibition or use of moving pictures and stereopticon views given for purely educational charitable fraternal or religious purposes by any religious association fraternal society library museum public or private school or any institution of learning or any organization duly chartered under the laws of the Commonwealth as a corporation of the first class

Section 10 Said board shall be charged with the enforcement of this act which shall go into effect on the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and twelve

Section 11 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Vasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	[illegible]elds	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 794 (House No. 583), as follows:

An act regulating the operation of wells producing natural gas and providing a penalty for violation thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That it shall be the duty of every person firm or corporation owning controlling leasing operating or managing any well producing natural gas to prevent the waste of said gas by escape and within the time hereinafter limited to shut in and confine the same in said well or in the pipes or pipe lines connected therewith until and during such time as the gas therefrom shall be utilized Said gas with respect to any well heretofore drilled shall be so shut in within ten days after the approval of this act and with respect to any well hereafter drilled or completed shall be shut in within ten days after the said well shall reach the lowest oil and gas sand defined or recognized in the gas or oil district in which said well is situated but if any such well in the course of drilling shall pass through any and which produces gas above the said last or lowest oil and gas sand then the drilling of said well to the last or lowest oil and gas sand shall be prosecuted with reasonable diligence so that any waste of gas from the said upper and shall not continue longer than shall be reasonably necessary This act shall not apply to any well operated for oil which in the necessary operation of the same may be required to be opened for a limited time nor shall it apply to any well which is temporarily opened for the purpose of necessary repairs for the purpose of clearing the gas from fluids and for the purpose of making the regular tests required in the business of producing gas but all such repairs operations and tests shall be prosecuted with reasonable diligence so that the waste of gas shall not continue longer than shall be reasonably necessary

Section 2 Whenever any person firm or corporation owning controlling leasing operating or managing any such well shall neglect or refuse to comply with the provisions of section one of this act it shall be lawful for any person injured by such neglect or refusal of the owner or operator upon any land adjoining that upon which such well may be after notice to the person firm or corporation leasing operating or managing said well to enter upon and confine the said gas in said well and thereupon to recover the reasonable cost and expense thereof from the person or persons whose duty it was so to do under this act in like manner as debts of such amount are by law recoverable

Section 3 Any person firm or corporation that shall fail or refuse or neglect to comply with any of the requirements of the first section of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than one hundred dollars for each offense Each day during which gas shall be allowed to escape contrary to said provisions shall constitute a separate offense

Section 4 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with any of the provisions of this act are repealed

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—2.

Knapp	Kurtz		

NAYS—42.

Adams	Herbst	McNichol	Sproul
Alexander	Huffman	McNichols	Thomson
Buckman	Jarrett	Miller	Tustin
Clark	Jones	Morgan	Vare
Cooper	Judson	Nulty	Washers
DeWitt	Keyser	Powell	Weingartner
Endsley	Kline	Salus	Wertz
Gerberich	Manbeck	Shields	Wilbert
Hall	Martin	Snyder	Wolf
Hays	McConnell	Sones	Crow
Peacock	McIlhenny		Pres. pro tem

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 802 (House No. 615), as follows:

An act to fix and regulate the compensation of directors of the poor of poor districts composed of several townships boroughs and cities situate wholly within counties of this Commonwealth not exceeding five hundred thousand population

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act the annual salary of each director of the poor of poor districts composed of several townships boroughs and cities situate wholly within any county of this Commonwealth shall be as follows

In such poor districts containing one hundred thousand population and not exceeding one hundred and twenty-five thousand population seven hundred and fifty dollars In such poor districts containing one hundred and twenty-five thousand population and not exceeding one hundred and fifty thousand population one thousand dollars in such poor districts containing one hundred and fifty thousand and not over five hundred thousand population fifteen hundred dollars

The salaries herein fixed shall be in full in lieu of all other compensation for services of directors of the poor excepting traveling expenses necessarily incurred in the discharge of their official duties or in the performance of any service office or duty imposed upon the directors of the poor The said poor directors shall have power to employ an attorney at such rate of compensation as they shall deem proper not however exceeding the rate of twenty-five dollars per month The population of poor districts for the purposes of this act is to be ascertained and determined at any time by the most recent United States census

Section 2 That all acts or parts of acts general special or local inconsistent with the provisions of this act be and the same are hereby repealed

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE ON THIRD READING.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 802 (House No. 615), entitled:

An act to fix and regulate the compensation of directors of the poor of poor districts composed of several townships boroughs and cities situate wholly within any counties of this Commonwealth not exceeding five hundred thousand population

passed third reading.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend the bill by adding to section 2 the following: "Provided, That this act shall not repeal the act, entitled 'An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act fixing the salaries of county poor directors in counties of over one hundred and fifty thousand population, approved the eighth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and seven,' by providing for compensation according to population and granting power to employ counsel,' approved the third day of May, one thousand nine hundred and nine."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendments were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 28 (House No. 2), entitled:

An act fixing the time when the term of office of judges of the Supreme Superior Common Pleas and Orphans' Court learned in the law shall commence and the time of the nomination and election of successors to judges of the Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts whose commissions expire in odd numbered years

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Adams	Jamison	Miller	Thomson
Baldwin	Jones	Morgan	Tustin
Buckman	Judson	Nulty	Vare
Catlin	Keyser	Powell	Washers
Endsley	Kline	Salus	Weingartner
Gerberich	Knapp	Shields	Wertz
Hays	McConnell	Snyder	Wilbert
Herbst	McIlhenny	Sones	Wolf
Homsher	McNichol	Sproul	Crow
Hunter	McNichols		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—1.

Clark

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 489 (House No. 325), as follows:

An act for the protection of shade and fruit trees growing on or along any highway street or road

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That any person who shall wilfully and maliciously club stone cut break climb upon injure or destroy any shade tree or any fruit tree growing on or along any street road or other highway shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof before any alderman magistrate or justice of the peace shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding ten dollars or to undergo an imprisonment in the jail of the proper county not exceeding five days or both at the discretion of the alderman magistrate or justice

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS 39.

Adams	Gerberich	Judson	Morgan
Alexander	Hall	Keyser	Powell
Baldwin	Hays	Kline	Salus
Buckman	Heacock	Knapp	Shields
Catlin	Herbst	Kurtz	Sproul
Clark	Homsher	Manbeck	Wertz
Cooper	Huffman	Martin	Wilbert
DeWitt	Hunter	McConnell	Wolf
Endsley	Jamison	McNichol	Crow
Fox	Jones	McNichols	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—3.

Jamison	McIlhenny	Tustin

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 610 (House No. 231), entitled:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act relating to damages for injuries producing death" approved the twenty-sixth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five so as to provide that certain surviving relatives of the deceased may recover damages whether such surviving relatives be citizens of this Commonwealth or not

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. WOLF. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 757 (House No. 405), on third reading, entitled:

An act to regulate the temperature of milk and cream intended to be shipped sold or offered for sale

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I object.

Mr. HEACOCK. Mr. President, I hope this motion will not prevail. I know that the farmers throughout the State are in favor of this bill as it is now and I am sure that it is not for the best interests of the milk men to have it tied up and that is what is proposed to be done with it.

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, I think the Senator from Delaware was about to be heard and we would like to hear from him. I do not think a caucus should take place on the floor of the Senate. I think the Senator from Delaware should give his opinions.

Mr. WOLF. Mr. President, I ask that this bill go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 759 (House No. 600), as follows:

An act regulating drivers and operators of all vehicles and persons riding or leading animals on the public highway requiring the display of lights upon vehicles and prescribing penalties for violation of the same

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever any person driving or operating a vehicle of any description or riding or leading a horse horses or other animals of draft or burden upon any of the public streets or highways in this Commonwealth shall meet another vehicle or animals of draft or burden being led ridden or driven thereon such person shall reasonably turn to the right of the center of such street or highway sufficiently to permit such vehicle or animals to pass without interference and whenever any person driving or operating a vehicle or riding or leading a horse or horses or other animals of draft or burden shall overtake another vehicle or animal being led ridden or driven such person shall pass to the left thereof and the person so overtaken shall upon warning or signal turn promptly to the right of the center of said street or highway to allow a free passage to the left Where the width and condition of the streets or highways permit slower moving vehicles shall keep to the right of the center of such street or highways

Section 2 From one hour after sunset until one hour before sunrise there shall be displayed upon every vehicle being driven operated or standing upon the public streets or highways of this Commonwealth at least one fixed light visible for at least one hundred feet both to the front and rear of said vehicle

Section 3 The constables and police officers of the cities boroughs townships and counties of this Commonwealth may arrest upon view and without warrant any person violating any of the provisions of this act

Section 4 Any person violating any of the provisions of this act shall be subject to a fine of not less than one ($1.00) dollar nor more than five ($5.00) dollars for each offense to be collected by summary conviction before any magistrate or justice of the peace as like fines and penalties are now by law collected or in case of non-payment of such fine within forty-eight hours shall undergo an imprisonment in the county prison for a period not exceeding five days Provided however That nothing in this act shall limit or annul the special restrictions placed upon the operators of motor vehicles or the penalties to which they are subject for violations thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

And the amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—26.

Adams	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Alexander	Keyser	Powell	Vare
Baldwin	Kline	Salus	Washers
Buckman	Knapp	Shields	Weingartner
Clark	McConnell	Snyder	Wertz
Cooper	McIlhenny	Thomson	Wilbert
Gerberich			Wolf

NAYS—21.

Catlin	Homsher	Judson	Miller
Endsley	Huffman	Kurtz	Morgan
Hall	Jamison	Manbeck	Nulty
Hays	Jarrett	Martin	Sones
Heacock	Jones	McNichols	Crow
Herbst			Pres. pro tem.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments, in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Mr. POWELL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 763 (House No. 663), on third reading, entitled:

An act entitled an act supplementary to an act for the government of cities of the second class approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. JARRETT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I object. This bill ame out of the Committee on Judiciary Special and I would ke to ask the Senator from Allegheny, Mr. Powell, his pur ose for recommitting it to the Committee on Judiciary eneral.

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from Allegheny, Mr. owell, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. POWELL. Mr. President, certainly. The purpose of ecommitting this bill to the Committee on Judiciary Gen ral is for the purpose of correcting two or three typo raphical errors.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I would like to ask why ; is necessary to recommit to the Committee on Judiciary eneral?

Mr. POWELL. Mr. President, this bill came from the ommittee on Judiciary Special and when it was in that ommittee it was beautifully emasculated. My purpose in ecommitting it to the Committee on Judiciary General is o put it in the hands of its friends.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I would like to know ho emasculated the bill, if the gentleman was not one of ne sub-committee who were concerned in the emasculating f the bill.

Mr. POWELL. Mr. President, I take great pleasure in aying I was and it was done on the floor of the Senate, here all things of that kind should be done.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I move to amend the otion by substituting the words "Judiciary Special" for ne words "Judiciary General."

Mr. SHIELDS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from Allegheny, Mr. owell, accept the amendment?

Mr. POWELL. Mr. President, I will not.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. POWELL and Ir. McNICHOLS and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—22.

uckman	Homsher	Shields	Vare
atlin	Jones	Snyder	Wertz
ndsley	Keyser	Sproul	Wilbert
ox	Kline	Thomson	Wolf
erberich	McConnell	Tustin	Crow
all	McNichol		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—24.

dams	Heacock	Knapp	Miller
lexander	Huffman	Kurtz	Nulty
lark	Hunter	Manbeck	Powell
ooper	Jamison	Martin	Sones
eWitt	Jarrett	McIlhenny	Wasbers
ays	Judson	McNichols	Weingartner

So the question was determined in the negative.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. President, I would like to ask the enator who made this motion to consent to a substitute otion that we go into committee of the whole.

Mr. POWELL. Mr. President, I cannot.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. POWELL and Ir. McNICHOLS and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—22.

lexander	Hunter	Manbeck	Morgan
ooper	Jamison	Martin	Nulty
eWitt	Jarrett	McIlhenny	Powell
eacock	Judson	McNichols	Sones
erbst	Knapp	Miller	Wasbers
uffman			Weingartner

NAYS—24.

aldwin	Hall	McConnell	Tustin
uckman	Homsher	McNichol	Vare
lark	Jones	Shields	Wertz
ndsley	Keyser	Snyder	Wilbert
ox	Kline	Sproul	Wolf
erberich	Kurtz	Thomson	Crow
			Pres. pro tem.

So the question was determined in the negative.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and considera ion of Senate Bill No. 763 (House No. 663), as follows:

n act entitled an act supplementary to an act for the gov ernment of cities of the second class approved the sev enth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hun red and one

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of epresentatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in eneral Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the uthority of the same That on and after the first day of December Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven the councils of all cities of the second class shall consist of one body composed of not less than five members and an additional member for each seventy-five thousand inhabitants over two hundred thousand as shown by the last preceding United States decennial census up to five hundred thousand Immediately after the passage of this act the Governor shall appoint by and with the advice and consent of two-thirds of the Senate the members of council who shall hold office until the first Monday of January Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and twelve At the general municipal election to be held in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven a majority of said persons shall be elected at large as members of council for the term of four years beginning on the first Monday of January nineteen hundred and twelve the remaining persons shall be elected at large as members of the council for the term of two years beginning on the first Monday of January of said last mentioned year the term to be designated upon the ballot by which the several members are elected At the general municipal election next preceding the date at which the terms of any members of the councils are to expire there shall be elected at large the number of councilmen required to fill the places of those whose terms are about to expire who shall serve for the term of four years beginning with the first Monday of January following and also to fill any vacancy caused by death resignation or removal occurring more than thirty days before such election the person or persons then elected to serve for the balance of the term of the member who has died resigned or removed

Section 2 Members of council shall have been residents of the city for at least three years before their appointment or election They shall reside in the city during their term of office and shall not hold any other office position or employment under the government of the United States the State of Pennsylvania the said city or county in which it is situated during the terms for which they were elected except that of notary public commissioner of deeds officer in the National Guard of Pennsylvania officer or director in any national or State bank or trust company or membership on any commission for public works or improvements where such employment is without pecuniary compensation. They shall not while members of council hold any office position or employment in any corporation holding or applying for franchises from the city A member who has a personal or private interest in any measure or bill proposed or pending before the council shall disclose the fact to the council and shall not vote thereon nor take part in any discussion of the same Any councilman violating any of the provisions of this section shall thereby forfeit his office

On the first Monday of January following each general municipal election the councils shall organize by electing a president and city clerk who will serve as clerk of councils to serve for two years from said date

They shall have power to authorize by ordinance the employment of such additional employes as may be necessary for the proper discharge of the business of councils and fix the duties and salaries thereof

They shall also provide by general rules for regular mettings and for the calling of special meetings when required and prescribe general rules not inconsistent with law for the conduct of business

Section 3 Said councilmen shall receive for their services during their term of service annual salaries to be fixed by ordinance payable in monthly installments Provided however that councils shall by the ordinance fixing said salaries provide for the asssessment and retention therefrom of reasonable fines for absence from regular or special meetings of councils or councilmanic committees

And provided further that for the first term and until thereafter changed by ordinance the salary of each councilman shall be two thousand dollars per annum with an additional five hundred dollars per annum for each thirty thousand inhabitants over two hundred and fifty thousand as shown by the last preceding United States decennial census

Section 4 Councils shall have power to fix from time to time the salaries of all city officials and employes including councilmen Provided however that the salary of an elective officer shall not be changed after his election during the term for which he has been elected

Section 5 The court of common pleas of the county on complaint by petition of any citizen charging any councilman with violation of any of the provisions of section two of this act shall summon said councilman to appear and answer within ten days and after hearing the parties and their evidence find and determine the facts and if it find the charge to be true shall declare and decree that such councilman has forfeited his office such decree to take effect forthwith Any vacancy so caused shall be filled as herein provided Such hearing shall have precedence and in case it shall be shown to the court that for any reason personal notice cannot be served on the councilman complained of it shall direct service of notice by delivery at his last place of residence or by publication in two daily newspapers published in the city

The appointments hereafter to be made of the heads of all the executive departments of said city now by law authorized to be made by the mayor thereof shall be subject to the approval of said council to be evidenced by resolution which shall receive the affirmative votes of a majority of all the members thereof failing which approval the mayor shall again designate another person or persons to fill the position or positions as to which the former nominations have failed of approval until the nominations are made which are approved by council in the manner above set forth

The head of any department who shall be found guilty after due notice and hearing of any corrupt act or practice malfeasance mismanagement of his official duties extortion receiving any gift or present from any contractor

or from any person seeking or engaged in any work for or furnishing material to the city or from any incumbent or occupant of or candidate or applicant for any municipal office and for wilfully concealing any fraud committed against the city may be removed from office by resolution which shall receive the affirmative votes of a majority of all the members of council and the approval of the mayor or should the mayor fail to approve the said resolution within ten days after its passage and submission to him then the said removal may be effected by a resolution of council which shall receive a two-thirds affirmative vote of all the members thereof Provided however That the proceeding thus established shall not have a retrospective or retroactive effect but that the procedure by impeachment under existing laws shall be and remain in force as to any causes arising before the passage of this act In the event of such removal the vacancy thus arising shall be filled in the manner hereinbefore provided in the case of other vacancies

Section 7 Council and the mayor or either shall have the right to call for such information from every department either at stated intervals or from time to time as they or either of them may think proper and it shall be the duty of the head of each department upon request by either the mayor or the council to furnish to either full access to the books and records of his department and as full information as to the operation of the same as the said mayor or council may require

Section 8 In the event of any vacancy occurring in said council by death resignation or otherwise the same shall be filled by an election at which every member of council and the mayor shall have one vote and the person receiving the majority of all votes cast shall be declared elected to serve in place of the member so dying resigning or otherwise vacating his position as member of council until the first Monday of January following the next general municipal election at which his successor could be chosen in accordance with the provisions of law governing municipal elections and as provided in section two herein

Section 9 Conferences of the mayor and council jointly for the purpose of discussion of the business or legislation of the municipality may be called at any time upon the request of either the mayor or council

Section 10 That during the period of thirty days following the enactment of any ordinance resolution or other measure ten per centum of the registered voters of the municipality affected calculated upon the total number of votes cast for all candidates for the office of mayor at the last preceding election for that office may by referendum petition filed with the mayor demand that such ordinance measure or resolution or any part or parts thereof shall be submitted by referendum ballot to the voters of the municipality affected All sessions of the council and of all committees and sub-committees thereof shall be public No ordinance or resolution shall be passed finally on the day of its introduction except in case of public emergency and then only when requested by the mayor and approved by the affirmative votes of all the members of councils

Section 11 All taxes shall be levied and appropriations made annually by general ordinances prior to the first Tuesday of February except such taxes as may be levied and appropriations as may be made to provide for the payment of the principal and interest of any bonds to be issued and except also in cases of emergency when on a certificate signed by the mayor and controller that such emergency exists a special appropriation may be made to meet the same

The mayor may disapprove any item or items (or part or parts of the same) of any bill making appropriations and the part or parts of the bill approved shall be the law and the part or parts disapproved shall be void unless repassed according to law

Section 12 Ordinances shall be introduced only at regular meetings and may be passed finally at any subsequent regular meeting Provided That before final action on any ordinance it shall be printed and a copy furnished to each member at least five days before it is called for final action and passage

If any proposed ordinance is amended it shall lie over until the next regular meeting and shall be reprinted and copies thereof furnished to the members at least five days before final action is taken thereon

Section 13 No ordinance resolution or other measure except emergency measures ordained or enacted by councils of any city of the second class in this Commonwealth shall become a law until the expiration of thirty days after its enactment An emergency measure shall be deemed to include only such measures as are immediately necessary for the temporary preservation of peace or health or for the safety of the community and shall not include more than one subject nor shall it grant or sell a franchise or license to a corporation firm or individual for a longer period than six months nor shall it include a provision for the purchase or sale by the municipality of real estate All emergency measures must be expressly stated to be such in the title and body of the measure and the facts creating the necessity shall be stated in one section of the measure and an emergency measure in order to become a law shall receive in its favor a two-thirds vote of all the members of council and shall be presented to and approved in writing by the mayor within ten days after its final passage by councils All emergency measures when passed and approved as above provided shall have full force and effect according to their provisions until amended or repealed or until disapproved on referendum as hereinafter provided

Section 14 That during the period of thirty days following the enactment of any ordinance resolution or other measure ten per centum of the registered voters of the municipality affected calculated upon the total number of votes cast for all candidates for the office of mayor at the last preceding election for that office may by referendum petition filed with the mayor demand that such ordinance measure or resolution or any part or parts thereof shall be submitted by referendum ballot to the voters of the municipality affected for final decision at the polls in the manner provided by this act and such ordinance resolution or other measure so submitted shall become a law or be effective or in case of an emergency measure remain in force and effect only in case it receives in its favor a majority of all the votes cast for and against the said measure Otherwise it shall be null and void and of no effect Provided That the portion of any measure upon which a referendum vote is not demanded shall become a law at the time measures upon which no referendum vote is demanded become laws And provided further That if the measure upon which referendum vote is pending be repealed before the day set for election no election shall be held and all proceedings shall be stayed

Section 15 Fifteen per centum of the registered voters of any city of the second class calculated upon the total number of votes cast for all candidates for the office of mayor at the last preceding election for that office may propose to the legislative authorities thereof a people's measure proposing the enactment of an ordinance resolution or other measure by initiative petition filed with the mayor who shall number the same as provided in section twenty-second of this act and shall promptly submit three certified copies of the same to council omitting however the names and addresses of the petitioners Any people's measure thus proposed by initiative petition to the council shall have precedence over all other measures except emergency measures and shall be finally acted upon either by its enactment without change or by the said council proposing a competing measure not later than within a period of one month from the filing of the said initiative petition with the mayor A competing measure competing with a people's measure if proposed shall be proposed by passing the same in the manner provided by law for the enactment of other measures But no competing measure shall become a law unless it be approved by the electors at the polls in the manner provided for by this act Such competing measures shall bear the name "competing measure" and shall otherwise bear the same number and designating words as the corresponding measure proposed by initiative petition

Any people's measure so proposed by initiative petition unless the same shall have been enacted without change within a period of one month from the filing of such petition with the mayor shall be submitted by the mayor by initiative ballot to the voters of the municipality affected together with any competing measure relating entirely to the same subject that may be proposed instead by council All such measures shall be submitted in such form that the voters can choose between the people's measure proposed by initiative petition and the competing measure or reject both by marking a cross (x) in the square to the right of the words indicating their choice

Section 16 If a people's measure proposed by initiative petition is enacted without change by council it shall not be submitted to the people for a referendum vote unless demanded by referendum petition as herein provided

Section 17 When there has been a competing measure proposed by council to compete with a peoples measure proposed by initiative petition at the polls the measure receiving in its favor a majority of the votes cast for and against both measures shall become a law

Section 18 Any measure on which a referendum vote of the people is demanded in accordance with section fourteen of this act shall be submitted to the voters of the municipality affected not later than the next succeeding municipal election provided the petition for the referendum vote shall have been filed with the mayor at least thirty days before such election and provided that the legality of the petition if contested shall have been decided finally and in favor of the petitioners at least three weeks before election day otherwise such measure shall be submitted by refendum ballot to a vote of the electors at the first general or special municipal election held thereafter

Section 19 Any people's measure proposed by initiative petition in accordance with the provisions of this act and not enacted without change within one month after the day of filing the petition with the mayor shall be submitted by initiative ballot together with any competing measure that may have been proposed by council to the voters of the municipality not later than the next succeeding municipal election provided at least sixty days intervene between the day of filing the petition with the mayor and the election day but in case sixty days would not intervene between the day of filing the petition and election day then the people's measure proposed by initiative petition and any competing measure proposed by council shall be submitted by initiative ballot to a vote of the electors at the next succeeding general or special municipal election held thereafter

Section 20 The mayor shall issue a proclamation such as is provided for in section twenty-five of this act and shall call a special election for the purpose of voting upon any measure as provided in this act if such special election be demanded either by a two-thirds vote of the legislative body or by the petitioners in the petition filed otherwise the said vote shall be taken at the next general or special municipal election provided however that if at the time any ordinance resolution or other measure or portion thereof is ready for submission to the voters not more than three months will intervene until the next municipal election shall be held and Provided further That no such special election shall be called except by proclamation of the mayor issued and published at least three weeks prior thereto and in accordance with the provision of section twenty-five of this act

Section 21 Ordinances resolutions or other measures or parts thereof in all such municipalities except the emergency measures provided for in section nine of this act upon

hich a referendum vote of the voters is not demanded as erein provided shall become and be in full force and effect the expiration of thirty days after enactment unless the me be extended by the measures

Section 22 All ordinances resolutions or other measures ubmitted to a vote of the legal voters and approved by majority of all the votes cast thereon shall become effective become laws and be in full force and effect from and ter the date of the official announcement of the vote less otherwise provided in such ordinances resolutions or her measures All ordinances resolutions or other meas-es or parts thereof which have been submitted to a final te of the electors and not approved by a majority of l the votes cast thereon shall be null and void and of no ct

Section 23 The veto power of the mayor shall not extend the ordinances resolutions or other measures which have en approved by the people at the polls in accordance with e provisions of this act

Section 24 The councils of any such city may enact easures expressly conditioned upon the ratification of the me by a majority of the voters voting thereon Such easures shall be submitted as referendum measures are ubmitted but without requiring referendum petitions to filed thereon

Any ordinance resolution or other measure passed by coun-s and intended to amend or repeal any ordinance resolu-n or other measure or part or parts thereof approved by e voters at the polls shall be submitted by referendum llot to the voters for final action as referendum measures e so submitted by the provisions of this act but no refer-dum petition for the same shall be required and no such easure to amend or repeal such a measure shall be valid less approved by the voters at the polls in accordance with e provisions of this act

Section 25 Referendum petitions required under section ith of this act in case a vote on the whole measure eacted by ordinance or passed by resolution is desired shall forth the official number of the measure and the full le and full text of the measure In case only a portion of h ordinance resolution or other measure shall be requested be submitted to a referendum vote the whole portion of h measure to be submitted shall be set forth in such ition together with the official number of the measure d the full title and text of the whole measure

Section 26 Initiative petitions immediately upon being d with the mayor shall by him be numbered consecu-ely each municipality beginning with number one and tinuing year after year without duplication of numbers h person's measure proposed by initiative petition shall be ignated in the proclamation provided for in section nty-fifth as "people's measure number (.....)" ving its number) and by designating words not exceeding hundred which may be selected by the petitioners and the full title and text of the measure so proposed and the d people's measure shall be designated upon the official lots in exactly the same manner as in the proclamation cept that the text of the body of the measure need not printed upon the ballots Each competing measure pro-ed by council shall bear the same number and designating rds as the corresponding people's measure both in the clamation and upon the official ballots except that it ll have a suitable title and be called or named a com-ing measure instead of a people's measure Each measure portion thereof upon which a vote of the electors has n requested by referendum petition shall be designated the said proclamation as a "referendum petition or ordi-e (resolution or other measure as the case may be or tion thereof as the case may be) number (.....)" ving the official number of the measure) together with the al title and the full text of the measure and the por-thereof to be submitted in case only a portion is to be mitted The designation of such a measure upon which a dum vote has been requested shall be exactly the e upon the official ballots as in such proclamation except the full text of the body of the measure need not be ted upon the official ballots

ection 27 All petitions filed with the mayor under the visions of this act shall be public records and shall be e to inspection at all reasonable times As soon as any petition is filed the mayor shall mark it filed with date of filing and shall post a notice of that fact at a spicuous place in the city hall notice to bear the date fts posting For a period of ten days after posting of such tice any registered voter or voters of the city who may h to question the sufficiency of the said petition in any pect may do so by filing a petition in a court of common as of the county in which said city is situated which tion shall set forth specifically by way of exception the ects alleged If exceptions are taken to any of the signa-s such exceptions shall state specifically the names and dresses of persons to whose signatures exceptions are en In case no such exceptions are filed within the said od of ten days the petition in question shall be deemed ad and sufficient in every respect and shall not be further ject to question Provided however That in case excep-ts have been filed within the ten days they may be nded and enlarged at any time prior to the final order he exceptions but not afterwards in the discretion of the t having jurisdiction thereof

ch exceptions shall be taken up and decided without ity by said court and shall have precedent over all other ness Should the court find from the evidence that such mber of names should be stricken from the petition as d reduce the number of signatures below the number ired by this act the court shall by order grant a reason-l time to secure additional signatures Should excep-be taken to purely formal and technical defects in the petition not affecting the substance thereof or the mani-intention of the petitioners the court shall direct amend-ments to be made correcting such defects Should the petition be found fatally defective the court shall by order allow a reasonable time for a new petition to be prepared and filed in accordance with the provisions of this act and in the meantime no ordinance resolution or other measure affected by such petition shall become a law until after final order of court under such exceptions and in case a new petition be filed within the time ordered by the court it shall have the same effect as the original petition filed within the original period of thirty days herein provided The decision of the court of common pleas in such exceptions shall be final and not subject to appeal or review

Section 28 Each referendum petition initiative petition and competing measure may be accompanied by arguments prepared by the petitioners or a committee thereof consisting of not more than six hundred words for or against the measure to be voted upon Such argument shall be included in the proclamation of the mayor issued under section twenty-fifth of this act and shall appear immediately following the respective measures to which they relate

Section 29 When any ordinance resolution or other measure or portion thereof is ready for submission to the voters the mayor shall issue and publish a proclamation stating the date of the election and setting forth any and all referendum measures people's measures and competing masures and other measures ready for submission to the voters and which are to be voted upon by the electors designating each in the manner herein provided Said proclamation shall be published once at least three weeks next preceding the election in each daily newspaper in the municipality Said mayor shall file five certified copies of such proclamation with the county commissioners of the county in which the municipality is situate in order that said county commissioners may prepare the official ballots according to the provisions of this act

Section 30 The county commissioners of any county upon the receipt from the mayor of any municipality within the county of a certified copy of the proclamation provided for in section twenty-fifth of this act shall cause to be printed official ballots and sample ballots to be used at the polling place within such municipality substantially in the forms required by section thirty-third of this act for the purpose of voting upon measures enumerated in this act and in the manner provided in this act The said county commissioners shall designate each measure according to the manner required by section twenty-second of this act The county commissioners shall as heretofore provide for the placing of suitable return sheets and of all official ballots and sample ballots at the polling places at and before the opening of the polls on the day of eection Should such election be held in conjunction with any other election separate official ballots and sample ballots shall be provided and used for the election under this act

Section 31 The compensation to be paid to election officers in case of special election shall be the same as provided by law and shall be paid by the county commissioners of the proper county but the expense of any such special election and any additional expense at a general election incurred by the county commissioners in executing the provisions of this act shall be charged to and paid by the municipality on account of which the said additional expenses were incurred All other expenses of any and every kind made necessary in executing the provisions of this act shall be paid by the municipality affected

Section 32 Elections provided for by this act shall be held at the regular polling places by the regular election officers and in case of the absence of the election officers or the absense of any of them their places shall be filled as provided by law The said election shall be conducted during the hours by law provided for and in accordance with the general election laws of the Commonwealth and any qualified voter may vote for or against any single measure and any qualified voter may designate his choice of two measures if one be a peoples' measure and the other a competing measure or he may express his disapproval of both such measures by a cross mark (X) in a square of sufficient size on the official ballot at the right of the words indicating his choice The returns of election shall be on separate sheets and shall be delivered to the prothonotary of the court or courts of common pleas of the proper county and by him delivered to the judges of the court or courts of common pleas as provided by law for computation and the result thereof shall be certified by the proper officer of the said court or courts of common pleas to the mayor who shall cause the same to be entered on the municipal records and the mayor shall forthwith issue a proclamation in brief form giving the results of such election The municipal officer in charge of the municipal records shall keep a complete record of all measures and petitions filed and a complete record of the proceedings thereon

Section 33 In case a competing measure is submitted to a vote of the electors and neither it nor the corresponding peoples' measure receives in its favor a majority of all the votes cast for and against both of them the one receiving the larger vote in its favor if they together receive more than one-half of the total vote cast for and against both measures shall be resubmitted by itself at the next election the procedure to be the same as for a new peoples' measure except that no measure competing with it shall be submitted and no additional petition shall be required and it shall be the duty of the mayor to include the said measure in his proclamation to be issued three weeks before the next election under the provisions of this act

Section 34 Any measure or part or parts of any measure rejected by the people at the polls shall not be nor shall any measure contain substantially the same provisions be enacted by council within two years after such rejection nor shall such a measure be again proposed within one year after such rejection at the polls unless it is proposed by an initiative petition signed by at least twenty-five percentum of the registered voters of the municipality calculated upon the basis herein provided

Section 35 The following shall be substantially the form of referendum petition for a vote of the electors upon any ordinance resolution or other measure or upon any part or parts of

any ordinance resolution or other measure enacted by the council of the municipality The form of the referendum petition may be varied from so as clearly to indicate the measure or portion of any measure upon which a referendum vote is demanded

	Ordinance (or style of other measure as the case may be)	To be numbered with the official number of the measure
Referendum petition Number.....		

(Exact copy of the title and text of the measure)

"To the Honorable.....(mayor of the municipality)

We the undersigned citizens and legal voters of the (name of the municipality) respectfully demand that the foregoing measure (or part of measure as follows namely..... .....as the case may be) shall be referred to the voters of the (name of the municipality) and that a referendum vote be taken thereon in accordance with the provisions of an act of the Assembly relating to referendum voting approved (date of the act)

Signatures Residence addresses
Give street and house number (if any)

.....
.....
.....

Section 35 The following shall be substantially the form of an initiative petition for use in proposing any ordinance resolution or other measure or any amendment to or repeal of any ordinance resolution or other measure which the petitioners may propose for enactment by the council of the municipality or else directly by the electors of the municipality The form of the initiative petition may be varied from so as to enable the petitioners conveniently and clearly to express the purpose of the petition

Number.....

(Numbered by the mayor consecutively beginning at number one in the order of filing with the mayor)

Designating words not exceeding one hundred selected by the petitioners

(Full title and text of the proposed measure)

"To the honorable mayor of the (name of the municipality)

We the undersigned citizens and legal voters of the (name of the municipality) respectfully demand that the foregoing people's measure shall be referred by you to the councils of the (name of the municipality) for enactment without change or else that the said foregoing people's measure be referred to the voters of the (name of the municipality) and that an initiative vote of the electors be taken thereon in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly relating to initiative voting approved (date of the act)

Signatures Residence addresses
Give street and house number (if any)

.....
.....
.....

Section 37 (Forms of ballot) The forms of the referendum and initiative official ballots shall be substantially the same as the following sample form The proper designating words and numbers and titles and other features of measures to be voted upon shall be printed in their proper places on the official ballots and sample ballots

Referendum and initiattive official ballot

To indicate your choice place a cross mark (X) in the square opposite and to the right of the words expressing your choice

People's measure No. (....) (here insert the proper num-

(Here insert the proper "designating words" not exceeding one hundred)

(Here insert the proper title of the people's measure)

Competing measure No .(....) (here insert the same number as that of the foregoing people's measure)

(Here insert the proper "designating words" not exceeding one hundred)

(Here insert the proper title of the competing measure)

	Mark below
(Make one mark (X) only)	
I vote for People's measure No. (....)	
I vote for Competing measure No. (....)	
I vote against both measures	

Referendum Petition Here insert the word "Ordinance" or style of other measure as the case may be Here insert offlicial number of measure

Enacted on .....day of .....

(Here insert official title of the measure)

		Mark below
(Make one mark (X) only		
I vote against.....	Here insert the word "Ordinance" or style of other measure as the the case may be	No. (....)
I vote in favor of	Here insert the word "Ordinance" or style of other measure as the the case may be	No. (....)

(In case only a part of an ordinance resolution or other measure is submitted for referendum vote then the form shall be substantially as follows)

Referendum petition on part of Ordinance No. (....) enacted ..... day of .....

(Here insert the designation of parts)

	Mark below
(Make one mark (X) only)	
I vote against said part of measure	
I vote in favor of said part of measure	

Section 38 The signatures to any petition and under th provisions of this act need not be appended to one paper bu duplicate or multiple petitions in the same form shall b treated as one petition

Section 39 In case of the absence or incapacity of th mayor or his failure or refusal to act as herein provide any judge of the court of common pleas of the county i which such city is situate shall upon petition setting fort the facts direct any other municipal officer to perform th duties or any part of them hereby imposed on the mayor

Section 40 All provisions in the existing law refering t the select and common councils of said city and all powe rights and duties which by existing laws devolve upon th members of select or common councils shall be taken t apply to and be vested in the council created by this act a fully and to the same extent as though the present counc were herein named in so far as the same are not inconsis tent with the foregoing rights powers and duties An whenever any proportionate affirmative vote of each branc of councils as at present constituted is required under ex isting laws to ordain or enact any measure the same pro portionate affirmative vote shall be hereafter required of th council hereby created for such enactment

Section 41 This act shall not be construed to repeal a act of the General Assembly entitled "An Act prescribin the mode and manner of electing the clerks of the city Pittsburg and defining their duties" approved March seven one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three nor sha this act be construed to repeal any other general local special act not inconsistent with the provisions hereof

Section 42 This act shall take effect at once and th members of said council immediately upon their appointme shall organize by the election of one of their number president who shall serve until the first Monday of Janua in the year one thousand nine hundred and fourteen

Section 43 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewi are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third tim

And the amendments having been printed as required the Constitution,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. POWELL. Mr. President, I ask that this bill over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair informs the Senator th the bill has been read and must either be considered or po poned.

Mr. POWELL. Mr. President, I move that the questic together with the further consideration of the bill, be po poned for the present.

Mr. JARRETT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. POWELL a Mr. JARRETT and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—22.

Alexander	Huffman	Manbeck	Morgan
Cooper	Jamison	Martin	Nulty
DeWitt	Jarrett	McIlhenny	Powell
Hays	Judson	McNichols	Sones
Heacock	Knapp	Miller	Washers
Herbst			Weingartner

NAYS—26.

Adams	Hall	McConnell	Tustin
Baldwin	Homsher	McNichol	Vare
Buckman	Hunter	Shields	Wertz
Catlin	Jones	Snyder	Wilbert
Endsley	Keyser	Soroul	Wolf
Fox	Kline	Thomson	Crow
Gerberich	Kurtz		Pres. pro ter

So the question was determined in the negative.

Mr. HUNTER. Mr. President, I move that the Sen resolve itself into committee of the whole for the purp of special amendment.

Mr. HAYS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The amendments were read as follows:

Amend Section one, lines thirty-eight and thirty-ni by striking out the words "first day of December A Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven," and serting in lieu thereof the words "passage of this a also in line forty-four by inserting after the word "th sand" the words "The terms of all councilmen in of prior to said date shall cease and determine thereo also in line forty-eight by striking out after the w "twelve" the words "At the general municipal elect in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven each city of the second class now existing and at first municipal election occurring at least sixty days a any other city shall have entered said city shall h entered said class there shall be elected the full num of councilmen to which the city shall be entitled to se from the first Monday of December following. Said co cilmen shall meet and organize on said date and imm diately thereafter divide themselves by lot into two clas the odd numbers to serve for two years and the e numbers for four years thereafter. At each general e tion thereafter there shall be elected at large the num of councilmen required to fill the places of those wh

rms are about to expire, to serve for four years and so to fill any vacancies caused by death resignation or moval occurring more than sixty days before such elec-on, to serve for the balance of the term. The terms of ose elected shall begin on the first Monday of December llowing;" also in line fifty-three by striking out after e word "of" the word "of;" also in line fifty-eight by riking out the word "councils" and inserting in lieu ereof the word "council;" also in Section eight, line enty, by striking out the word "two" and inserting in eu thereof the word "one;" also in Section nine, line enty-four, by inserting after the word "jointly" the ord "for;" also in Section ten by striking out the words lines one to nine inclusive "That during the period thirty days following the enactment of an ordinance solution or other measure ten per centum of the reg-tered votes of the municipal effected calculated upon e total number of votes cast for all candidates for the ice of mayor at the last preceding election for that office ay by referendum petitions filed with the mayor demand at such ordinance measures or resolution or any part parts thereof shall be submitted by referendum ballot the votes of the municipality effected;" also in line n by striking out after the word "effected" the words or final decision at the polls in the manner provided by is act and such ordinance resolution or other measure submitted shall become a law or be effective or in se of an emergency measure remain in force and effect ly in case it receives in its favor a majority of all the tes cast for and against said measure, otherwise it shall null and void and of no effect, provided that the por-n of any measure upon which a referendum vote is not manded shall become a law at the time measure upon ich no referendum vote is demanded become laws and ovided further that if the measure upon which refer-dum vote is pending be repealed before the date set for ction, no election shall be held and all proceedings all be stayed;" also in Section thirteen, line twenty-ree, by striking out the word "councils" and inserting lieu thereof the word "council;" also in Section fifteen, e twenty-two, by striking out the word "twenty-second" d inserting in lieu thereof the word "twenty-sixth;" so in Section twenty, line seventeen, by striking out the rd "twenty-five" and inserting in lieu thereof the word wenty-nine;" also in line twenty-nine by striking out e word "twenty-five" and inserting in lieu thereof the rd "twenty-nine;" also in Section twenty-one, line rteen, by striking out the word "nine" and inserting lieu thereof the word "thirteen;" also in Section enty-two, line thirty-eight, by inserting after the word easures" the words "All ordinances, resolutions or other asures;" also in Section twenty-four, line thirty-one, by iking out the word "votes" and inserting in lieu thereof e word "voters;" also in Section twenty-five, line fifteen, striking out the word "tenth" and inserting in lieu reof the word "fourteenth;" also in Section twenty-, line twenty-four, by striking out the word "fifth" and erting in lieu thereof the word "ninth;" also in line rty-eight by striking out the word "or" and inserting lieu thereof the word "on;" also in Section thirty, line enty-three, by striking out the word "and;" also in tion thirty-two, line forty-two, by striking out the rd "in;" also in Section thirty-five, line sixteen, by in-ting after the words "Referendum Petition" the word ;" also in line twenty-two by striking out the word spectively" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "re-ctfully;" also in Section thirty-six, line twenty-one, by iking out the word "councils" and inserting in lieu reof the word "council;" also in line twenty-three by iking out the word "foregoing's" and inserting in lieu reof the word "foregoing;" also in Section thirty-seven, e twenty-seven, by striking out the word "Petition" d inserting in lieu thereof the words "vote on;" also line forty-five by striking out the word "Petition" and erting in lieu thereof the word "vote;" also in Section rty-eight, line one, by striking out the word "and;" lso Section forty-two, line five, by striking out the word urteen" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "twelve."

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. POWELL and . WEINGARTNER, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—22.

Xander	Herbst	Knapp	Morgan
k	Huffman	Manbeck	Nulty
per	Hunter	McIlhenny	Powell
Witt	Jarrett	McNichols	Sones
s	Judson	Miller	Wasbers
cock			Weingartner

NAYS—24.

dwin	Hall	McConnell	Tustin
kman	Homsher	McNichol	Vare
lin	Jones	Shields	Wertz
sley	Keyser	Snyder	Wilbert
	Kline	Sproul	Wolf
erich	Kurtz	Thomson	Crow

Pres. pro tem.

So the question was determined in the negative.

And the quesiton recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—23.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Morgan
Alexander	Huffman	Martin	Nulty
Clark	Hunter	McIlhenny	Powell
Cooper	Jarrett	McNichols	Sones
DeWitt	Judson	Miller	Wasbers
Hays	Knapp		Weingartner

NAYS—23.

Baldwin	Homsher	McNichol	Vare
Catlin	Jones	Shields	Wertz
Endsley	Keyser	Snyder	Wilbert
Fox	Kline	Sproul	Wolf
Gerberich	Kurtz	Thomson	Crow
Hall	McConnell	Tustin	

Pres. pro tem.

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 775 (House No. 608), as follows:

An act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the term "foreign corporation" as used in this act shall mean every corporation which has been established organized or chartered under laws other than those of the Commonwealth

Section 2 Every such foreign corporation before doing any business in this Commonwealth shall appoint in writing the Secretary of the Commonwealth and his successor in office to be its true and lawful attorney and authorized agent upon whom all lawful processes in any action or proceeding against it may be served and service of process on the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall be of the same legal force and validity as if served on it and the authority for such service of process shall continue in force so long as any liability remains outstanding against it in the Commonwealth The power of attorney shall be executed with the seal of the corporation and signed by the president and secretary thereof and shall contain a statement showing the title and purpose of said corporation the location of its principal place of business in the Commonwealth and the post office address within the Commonwealth to which the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall send by mail any process against it served on him which address said corporation may change from time to time as it may find occasion by filing a certificate under its corporate seal with the Secretary of the Commonwealth setting forth such change of address Upon the payment of a fee of ten dollars for the use of the Commonwealth the said power of attorney and statement shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth and copies certified by him shall be sufficient evidence thereof Service of such process shall be made by the sheriff of Dauphin county by leaving two copies of the process and a fee of two dollars in the hands or at the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth and he shall make due return of his service of said process to the court magistrate or justice of the peace issuing the same Such process may be issued by any court or magistrate or justice of the peace having jurisdiction of the subject matter in controversy in any county of the Commonwealth in which said corporation shall have its principal place of business or in such county in which the right of action arose. Upon the filing of the said power of attorney with the Secretary of the Commonwealth it shall be his duty to certify forthwith to the Auditor General the corporate name of the corporation filing the same and the location of its principal place of business in the Commonwealth as set forth in said power of attorney.

Section 3 When legal process against any such corporation has been served upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth he shall immediately send by mail postage prepaid one copy of such process directed to the corporation at the post office address designated by it as hereinbefore provided The fee of two dollars paid by the plaintiff to the Secretary of the Commonwealth at the time of the service shall be taxed in his costs if he prevails in the suit The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall keep a record of the day and hour of the service of such process on him and a certified copy of such record shall be sufficient evidence thereof

Section 4 Any person or persons agent officer or employee of any such foreign corporation who shall transact any business within this Commonwealth for any such foreign corporation without the provisions of this act being complied with shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by imprisonment not exceeding thirty days and by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or either at the discretion of the court trying the same Provided That the failure of any such corporation to file the power of attorney and statement aforesaid with the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall not impair or affect the validity of any contract with such corporation and actions or proceedings at law or in equity may be instituted and maintained on any such contract but no such action shall be instituted or recovery had by any such corporation on any such contract either expressed or implied in any of the courts of this Commonwealth or before any justice of the peace or magistrate thereof until such corporation complies with the provisions of this act And Provided further Be-

fore any such corporation can institute any action in any of the courts of this Commonwealth or before any justice of the peace or magistrate thereof in any of said courts or before any justice of the peace or magistrate of this Commonwealth on any causes of action arising prior to the filing of the power of attorney and statement provided for in section two of this act it shall pay to the Secretary of the Commonwealth for the use of the Commonwealth a license fee or fine of two hundred and fifty dollars ($250.00) Provided however that this act shall not extend or be construed to give validity to any contracts entered into by corporations prior to the passage of this act nor to give to foreign corporations any right to enforce such contracts if such right did not exist at the time such contracts were entered into

Section 5 The act entitled "An Act to prohibit foreign corporations from doing business in Pennsylvania without having known places of business and authorized agents" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and eight) be and the same is hereby repealed and all other acts of Assembly inconsistent with the provisions hereof or supplied hereby are also hereby repealed Provided however That the license fee or fine of two hundred and fifty dollars ($250.00) prescribed in the fourth section of this act shall not be required of or imposed upon any foreign corporation now duly registered under said act approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four hereby repealed if such foreign corporation shall file the power of attorney and statement provided for in section two of this act in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth within one year after the date of the approval hereof nor shall the repeal of said act be construed as in any wise affecting the existing rights or liabilities of any foreign corporation now duly registered thereunder And provided further that this act shall not be construed to apply to foreign insurance companies but the doing of business in this Commonwealth by such companies shall be regulated by existing laws

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. WOLF. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend the bill as follows: By striking out in Section four, line ten thereof, the word "Commonwealth" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Commonwealth;" also in the same section, line twenty-three, by striking out the words "in any of said courts or before;" also by striking out in line twenty-four of the same section the words "any justice of the peace or magistrate of this Commonwealth;" also by inserting in line twenty-nine of the same section after the word "Provided" the word "further;" also in line thirty by inserting after the word "contracts" the following words: "other than contracts of bailment, contracts of pledges and contracts between depositors and persons or corporations engaged in the business of receiving deposits of money subject to check;" also by inserting after the word "contracts" in line thirty-three the following: "other than contracts of bailment, contracts of pledge and contracts between depositors and persons or corporations engaged in the business of receiving deposits of money subject to check;" also by inserting in line thirty-four after the word "into" the following words: "but actions or proceedings at law or in equity may be instituted and maintained and recovery may be had in any pending action on contracts of bailment, contracts of pledge and contracts between depositors and persons or corporations engaged in the business of receiving deposits of money subject to check although said contract may have been entered into prior to the passage of this act."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendments were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 791 (House No. 448), entitled:

An act authorizing and empowering the Board of Commissioners of Public Gronuds and Buildings to rent offices and rooms outside of the Capital building when necessary for the accommodation of any department or commission of the State government

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, with the magnificent capitol here, I would like to know what reason there is why there is not room enough in this capitol to house all the State officials. I would like to have an explanation of this bill before **vote for it. I shall vote no unless I have a reasonable ex**planation why there is not enough room in the State Capito here for all the State officials.

Mr. FOX. Mr. President, there is not room enough in thi capitol building to house all of the bureaus. The State Fis Department is downtown now and within the next few year **this building will be filled to overflowing.** I had a tal with the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Building and I know that to be a fact. That is the reason this bi has been introduced, so as to make room for the growin departments. During this whole session there is a roo in this building for the Judiciary Special Committee, yet has been occupied otherwise and that committee has no been able to get into it. We have been compelled to si almost continuously in the Senate Caucus room when it wa not occupied by some one else. It is a fact that this build ing to-day is filled and within the next year or two as d partments grow, as grow they must, this building will b **overcrowded.**

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, I suppose that is one o the big reasons why the capitol park extension bill wa voted for by the Senator from Dauphin. No doubt we wi have to build in this direction. No doubt one of the be arguments he can use in the House now is to go over the and tell them there is not room enough in this building t house all these departments and that the capitol park e tension bill should pass the House.

Mr. FOX. Mr. President, I have made my argument u on that question before this body. I have made that arg ment anticipating what the future of this Commonwealt will be. The great trouble is we have not been anticipatin our developments and if the Constitution is amended an we will build the roads that we now contemplate that d partment alone will necessitate a great force and room mu be made for that department. That is just one of the fe things that is coming. It may not come in the next fi years but in the next twenty-five years certainly you wi have to have other buildings than this.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the prov sions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—34.

Adams	Hunter	McNichols	Thomson
Baldwin	Jamison	Miller	Tustin
Buckman	Jones	Morgan	Vare
Catlin	Keyser	Powell	Wasbers
Clark	Kline	Salus	Wertz
Endsley	Kurtz	Shields	Wilbert
Fox	McConnell	Snyder	Wolf
Homsher,	McNichol	Sones	Crow
Huffman		Sproul	Pres. pro tem

NAYS—9.

DeWitt	Jarrett	Manbeck	Nulty
Heacock	Herbst	Martin	Weingartner
	Judson		

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" t question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the Hou of Representatives with information that the Senate h passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and cons eration of Senate Bill No. 795 (House No. 692), as f lows:

An Act regulating the pay of election officers in all count of this Commonwealth containing less than eight hund thousand population

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of R resentatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in Gene Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority the same That from and after the passage of this act each county of this Commonwealth containing less than ei hundred thousand population the pay of the judges inspect and the several clerks to each election board at all prim municipal general and special elections hereafter to be h within this Commonwealth shall be five dollars at each el tion so held without regard to time and return judges sh receive two dollars and mileage at the rate of ten cents each mile traveled for delivering returns of municipal and g eral elections to the prothonotary of the proper county P vided That the provisions of this act shall not repeal a special act now in force in any of the counties of this C monwealth

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith supplied hereby be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third ti and agreed to.

And said amendments having been printed as required by Constitution,

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provis of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—37.

ams	Gerberich	Knapp	Sproul
xander	Hall	Kurtz	Thomson
dwin	Hays	McConnell	Tustin
ckman	Homsher	McNichol	Vare
tlin	Hunter	McNichols	Washers
rk	Jamison	Morgan	Wertz
per	Jones	Salus	Wilbert
Witt	Keyser	Shields	Wolf
dsley	Kline	Snyder	Crow
			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—7.

acock	Jarrett	Martin	Powell
rbst	Judson	Miller	

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the stion was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House Representatives with information that the Senate has sed the same with amendments in which the concurrence the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consid tion of Senate Bill No. 1156 (House No. 547), entitled:

An act to amend section two of an act approved the twen seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine itled "An Act regulating the sale of milk and its fluid ivatives in cities of the first class providing for the licens of those engaged in that business and providing penal s for the violation thereof" by providing for the revoca n of the licenses of second offenders against the require nts of the Board of Health or against the laws or ordi nces regulating or relating to milk or its fluid deriva es in such cities

And said bill having been read at length the third time, l agreed to.

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provis of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—37.

ldwin	Jamison	McNichols	Thomson
ckman	Jones	Miller	Tustin
tlin	Judson	Morgan	Vare
per	Keyser	Nulty	Washers
dsley	Kline	Salus	Weingartner
x	Manbeck	Shields	Wertz
rberich	Martin	Snyder	Wilbert
ll	McConnell	Sones	Wolf
msher	McNichol	Sproul	Crow
nter			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the stion was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House Representatives with information that the Senate has sed the same without amendments.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

SENATE BILL NO. 255 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being intro ed returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 255, entitled:

An act providing for a commission to examine and report the propriety of the purchase by the Commonwealth of a tain tract of land in Jefferson Clarion and Forest counties l making an appropriation therefor

th the information that the House has passed the same th amendment in which the concurrence of the Senate is uested.

The amendments were twice read as follows:

By striking out in line 2 section 2 the word "fifteen" and in ting in lieu thereof the word "three"

Said amendments having been printed as required by the nstitution.

On the question.

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provis of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

ams	Herbst	Manbeck	Snyder
ldwin	Homsher	Martin	Sones
ckman	Huffman	McConnell	Sproul
tlin	Hunter	McIlhenny	Thomson
ark	Jamison	McNichol	Tustin
Cooper	Jarrett	McNichols	Vare
DeWitt	Jones	Miller	Washers
Endsley	Judson	Morgan	Weingartner
Fox	Kline	Nulty	Wertz
Gerberich	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Hall	Knapp	Salus	Wolf
Hays	Kurtz	Shields	Crow
Heacock			Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

SENATE BILL NO. 401 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 401, entitled:

An act to amend section ten of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two entitled "An act relating to orphans' courts" so as to permit the accounts of the guardians of minors' property therein mentioned and described to be examined and audited and the matters therein contained confirmed by decree of orphans' court with the same force and effect as the partial accounts of executors administrators and temporary trustees are audited examined allowed and confirmed

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendment was twice read as follows:

By striking out in Section 1 line twenty-two the word "enact" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "amend"

Said amendment having been printed as required by the Constitution.

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Adams	Heacock	Kurtz	Shields
Alexander	Herbst	Manbeck	Snyder
Baldwin	Homsher	Martin	Sones
Buckman	Huffman	McConnell	Sproul
Catlin	Hunter	McIlhenny	Thomson
Clark	Jamison	McNichol	Tustin
Cooper	Jarrett	McNichols	Vare
DeWitt	Jones	Miller	Washers
Endsley	Judson	Morgan	Weingartner
Fox	Keyser	Nulty	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Powell	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Salus	Crow
Hays			Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

SENATE BILL NO. 190 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 190, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Polyclinic and College for Graduates in Medicines

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were twice read as follows:

By striking out in Section 1 line 10 the word "fifty" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "sixty-five;" also by striking out in section 1 line 17 the word "twenty-five" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "ten"

Said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution.

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Adams	Heacock	Kurtz	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Manbeck	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	Martin	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McConnell	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McIlhenny	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichol	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	McNichols	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Miller	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

SENATE BILL NO. 71 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 71, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Commissioners of Valley Forge Park

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were twice read as follows:

By striking out in Section 1 line 4 the words "one hundred and twenty-seven" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "seventy-one;" also in line 5 by striking out the figures "127,500" and inserting in lieu thereof the figures "71,500"

Said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution.

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams,	Heacock,	Manbeck,	Snyder,
Alexander,	Herbst,	Martin,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Homsher,	McConnell,	Sproul,
Buckman,	Huffman,	McIlhenny,	Thompson,
Catlin	Hunter,	McNichol,	Tustin,
Clark,	Jamison,	McNichols,	Vare,
Cooper,	Jarrett,	Miller,	Wasbers,
DeWitt,	Jones,	Morgan,	Weingartner,
Endsley,	Judson,	Nulty,	Wertz,
Fox,	Keyser,	Powell,	Wilbert,
Gerberich,	Kline,	Salus,	Wolf,
Hall,	Knapp,	Shields,	Crow,
Hays,	Kurtz,		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

SENATE BILL NO. 122 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 122, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Westmoreland county at Greensburg Pennsylvania

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were twice read as follows:

By adding a new section to be known as Section 2 as follows:

Section 2 Before any of the moneys hereinbefore appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement in connection with said institution shall be available the trustees or directors thereof through the proper corporate officers of the same shall under the corporate seal of the institution so asking for State aid file with the Auditor General's Department of the Commonwealth upon proper blanks to be furnished by the said department upon application therefor an obligation in writing duly acknowledged and to be duly recorded in the office for the recording of deeds in the county in which said institution is located agreeing that whenever such buildings so erected enlarged extended or altered or such permanent improvements provided through State aid shall be converted to private uses or purposes or be conducted for private gain or profit or shall for any cause or for any reason whatsoever be abandoned or sold or transferred to any person or persons firm or corporation for any use other than that authorized by the certificate of incorporation under which the same is now held and operated all sums of money herein appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement to the institution hereinbefore referred to shall be refunded to the Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be collectible as obligations of like character are now collected And provided further That the amount so appropriated as aforesaid for permanent improvement be and the same is hereby made a non-interest bearing lien on the said premises for the use of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

SENATE BILL NO. 116 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 116, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Northwestern Anti-Tuberculosis League of Bradford McKean county Pennsylvania

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were twice read as follows:

By inserting a new section to be known as section 2, as follows:

Section 2 Before any of the moneys hereinbefore appropriated for the erection enlargment extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement in connection with said institution shall be available the trustees or directors thereof through the proper corporate officers of the same shall under the corporate seal of the institution so asking for State aid file with the Auditor General's Department of the Commonwealth upon proper blanks to be furnished by the said department upon application therefor an obligation in writing duly acknowledged and to be duly recorded in the office for the recording of deeds in the county in which said institution is located agreeing that whenever such buildings so erected enlarged extended or altered or such permanent improvements provided through State aid shall be converted to private uses or purposes or be conducted for private gain or profit or shall for any cause or for any reason whatsoever be abandoned or sold or transferred to any person or persons firm or corporation for any use other than that authorized by the certificate of incorporation under which the same is now held and operated all sums of money herein appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement to the institution hereinbefore referred to shall be refunded to the Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be collectible as obligations of like character are now collected And provided further That the amount so appropriated as aforesaid for permanent improvement be and the same is hereby made a non-intersest bearing lien on the said premises for the use of the Comonwealth of Pennsylvania

Said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution.

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

SENATE BILL NO. 625 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 625, entitled:

A joint resolution for the appointment of a commission by the Governor of this Commonwealth for the purpose of investigating and reporting upon a proper and safe construction of buildings within the Commonwealth and to determine the strength and character of materials used therein and for the further purpose of adjusting the rights of owners in party walls erected as parts of buildings and for the further purpose of suggesting new legislation relative to construction of buildings and codifying of existing legislation in regard to the same and making an appropriation to meet the expense of said commission

The amendments were twice read as follows:

By striking out in section 6 line 2 the word "twenty" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "six" also striking out the figures "20" and inserting in lieu thereof the figure "6"

Said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

SENATE BILL NO. 10 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 10, entitled.

An act to make uniform the laws of bills of lading and providing penalties for the violation thereof

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendment was twice read as follows:

By striking out in section 40 line 8 the word "consigner" and inserting in lieu there the word "consignor"

Said amendment having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Adams	Herbst	McIlhenny,	Sproul
Baldwin	Huffman	McNichol	Thomson
Buckman	Hunter	McNichols	Tustin
Catlin	Jamison	Miller	Vare
Clark	Jones	Morgan	Wasbers
Cooper	Keyser	Nulty	Weingartner
Endsley	Kline	Powell	Wertz
Fox	Knapp	Salus	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kurtz	Shields	Wolf
Hays	Martin	Snyder	Crow
Heacock	McConnell	Sones	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

SENATE BILL NO. 378 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENT.

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 378, entitled:

An act making an appropriation of a proper fence or coping and pavement to protect a monument erected near Petersburg Virginia by the association of the survivors of the Forty-eighth Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers to commemorate the Battle of the Crater and providing for a commission and the expenses thereof to erect the same

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendment was twice read as follows:

By striking out in section 1 line 4 the word "five" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "two" also by inserting in the same line after the word "hundred" the words "and fifty"

Said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

SENATE BILL NO. 708 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENT.

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 708, entitled.

An act making an appropriation to the Punxsutawney Hospital Association at Punxsutawney Jefferson County Pennsylvania

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendment was twice read as follows:

By inserting a new section to be known as Section 2, as follows:

Section 2 Before any of the moneys hereinbefore appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement in connection with said institution shall be available the trustees or directors thereof through the proper corporate officers of the same shall under the corporate seal of the institution so asking for State aid file with the Auditor General's Department of the Commonwealth upon proper blanks to be furnished by the said department upon application therefor an obligation in writing duly acknowledged and to be duly recorded in the office for the recording of deeds in the county in which said institution is located agreeing that whenever such buildings so erected enlarged extended or altered or such permanent improvements provided through State aid shall be converted to private uses or purposes or be conducted for private gain or profit or shall for any cause or for any reason whatsoever be abandoned or sold or transferred to any person or persons firm or corporation for any use other than that authorized by the certificate of incorporation under which the same is now held and operated all sums of money herein appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement to the institution hereinbefore referred to shall be refunded to the Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be collectible as obligations of like character are now collected And provided further That the amount so appropriated as aforesaid for permanent improvement be and the same is hereby made a non-interest bearing lien on the said premises for the use of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Said amendment having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

SENATE BILL NO. 425 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENT.

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 425, entitled:

An act providing that any part of the appropriation for maintenance or ordinary repairs made to the State Normal Schools in nineteen hundred and nine (1909) which has not been used for maintenance or ordinary repairs by any

State Normal School shall be paid to such school upon the certificate of the Auditor General that such sum has been properly spent by said school for buildings or other permanent improvements to its property or is needed to pay debts incurred for such permanent improvements

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were twice read as follows:

By striking out the entire title and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "Providing that any part of the appropriation for maintenance or ordinary repairs made to the State Normal Schools in nineteen hundred and nine (1909) which has not been used for maintenance or ordinary repairs by any State Normal Schools shall be paid to such schools upon the certificate of the Auditor General that such sum has been properly spent by said school for buildings or other permanent improvements to its property or is needed to pay debts incurred for such permanent improvements.

Said amendment having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

SENATE BILL NO. 173 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENT.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 173, entitled:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the paving curbing and macadamizing of streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof and assess a portion of the costs of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same" approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine so as to change the requirements of the petition for paving from two-thirds of the owners of property representing not less than two-thirds in number of feet of the properties fronting or abutting on the street or thoroughfare or the part thereof proposed to be paved to the owners of property representing not less than two-thirds in number of feet of the properties fronting or abutting on the street or thoroughfare or the part thereof proposed to be paved and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendment, in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendment was twice read as follows:

By inserting a new section to be known as Section 2, as follows:

Section 2 That so much of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the paving curbing and macadamizing of streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same' approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine (Pamphlet Laws forty-four) providing that if the petition for said improvements has been verified by the affidavit of one or more of the petitioners notice may be given of the passage of the ordinance requiring said improvement and allowing an appeal therefrom by the person interested to any Court of Common Pleas of the county and if such appeal is dismissed or no such an appeal is taken then all parties interested shall be estopped from denying that said petition was signed by the requisite number of owners representing the requisite number of feet fronting on the street to be improved" approved the fourteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five which is inconsistent herewith and all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

Said amendment having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—38.

Adams	Homsher	McConnell	Sones,
Baldwin	Hunter	McNichol	Sproul
Buckman	Jamison	McNichols	Thomson
Catlin	Jones	Miller	Tustin
	Judson	Morgan	Vare
Endsley	Keyser	Powell	Wertz
Fox	Kline	Salus	Wilbert
Gerberich	Knapp	Shields	Wolf
Hall	Kurtz	Snyder	Crow
Herbst,	Martin		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

SENATE BILL NO. 27 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 27, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act creating a Bureau of Health in the Department of Public Safety in cities of the second class defining the powers and duties thereof and the officers thereunder prescribing rules regulations and laws respecting the public health and authorizing and imposing fines penalties and punishments for violations thereof" approved June twenty-sixth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five and to a supplement thereto approved March twenty-fifth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three providing for the vacation or destruction of buildings dangerous to the public health authorizing and imposing fines penalties punishments and remedies for violations of this act and providing method of appeal

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments, in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were twice read as follows:

By inserting in Section 1, line 5, after the word "class" the words "previously occupied by a person;" also in line 6 by inserting after the word "or" the word "which."

Said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Baldwin	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Buckman	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Catlin	Huffman	McNichol	Thomson
Clark	Hunter	McNichols	Tustin
Cooper	Jamison	Miller	Vare
Endsley	Jones	Morgan	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Nulty	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Powell	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Salus	Crow
Hays	Kurtz	Shields	Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

SENATE BILL NO. 133 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 133, entitled:

An act regulating the issuance of licenses to marry prohibiting the issuance of such licenses to certain persons regulating the time during which licenses shall be valid and the time when returns shall be made of marriages solemnized to the clerk of the Orphans' Court prescribing the duties of the clerk of the Orphans' Court and providing penalties for the violations of the provisions of this act

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments, in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were twice read as follows:

By striking out in Section 7, line 5, the word "who" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "whoever;" also in line 6 by inserting after the word "returned" the following: "To the Clerk of the Orphans' Court from which the license was issued."

Said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

lams	Herbst	Manbeck	Snyder
lexander	Homsher	Martin	Sones
aldwin	Huffman	McConnell	Sproul
uckman	Hunter	McIlhenny	Thomson
atlin	Jamison	McNichol	Tustin
ark	Jarrett	McNichols	Vare
ooper	Jones	Miller	Wasbers
ndsley	Judson	Morgan	Weingartner
ox	Keyser	Nulty	Wertz
erberich	Kline	Powell	Wilbert
all	Knapp	Salus	Wolf
ays	Kurtz	Shields	Crow
eacock			Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the uestion was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representa-es accordingly.

SENATE BILL NO. 137 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 137, en-led:

An act relating to free public non-sectarian libraries and anch libraries within this Commonwealth providing for eir establishment maintenance and regulation and for the aintenance and regulation of such free public non-sectar-n libraries as may have been already established by the veral counties cities boroughs towns townships and school stricts and providing that all library property and all fts devises grants or endowments for library purposes all be exempt from taxation and providing that the several unties cities boroughs towns townships and school dis-cts may levy taxes condemn private property and borrow oney for library purposes and imposing penalties for in-ring library property and for violation of library regula-ns and repealing existing laws in relation to the above bjects

th the information that the House has passed the same th amendment, in which the concurrence of the Senate is quested.

The amendments were twice read as follows:

By inserting in section 1 line 18, after the word "neces-y" the following: "Provided further that in cities of the st and second class said certification shall be first ap-oved by the mayor and council of said city"

Said amendments having been printed as required by the nstitution,

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

ams	Herbst	Manbeck	Snyder
exander	Homsher	Martin	Sones
ldwin	Huffman	McConnell	Sproul
kman	Hunter	McIlhenny	Thomson
lin	Jamison	McNichol	Tustin
rk	Jarrett	McNichols	Vare
oper	Jones	Miller	Wasbers
isley	Judson	Morgan	Weingartner
	Keyser	Nulty	Wertz
berich	Kline	Powell	Wilbert
ll	Knapp	Salus	Wolf
ys	Kurtz	Shields	Crow
cock			Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the stion was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representa-s accordingly.

HOUSE NON-CONCURS IN AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL NO. 130.

He also presented communication from the House of Rep-entatives informing the Senate that the House has non-curred in the amendments made by the Senate to House ll No. 130, entitled:

n act to regulate the sale of certain seeds providing for n selection of samples thereof and their examination by h Department of Agriculture and the publication of in-nation concerning the same Providing also for the en-cement of the act and fixing penalties for its violation

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE.

Mr. MARTIN. Mr. President, I move that the Senate sist upon its amendment and that a committee of confer-e be appointed to confer with a similar committee of the se (if the House shall appoint such committee) to con-er the differences existing between the two houses in re-tion to said bill.

Mr. TUSTIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair appoints as such conference committee on the part of the Senate Messrs. Martin, Manbeck and Homhser, and the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows and referred to the Committee on Judiciary General:

COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 22, 1911.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Edwin F. Corey, of New York, N. Y., to be Commisioner of Deeds, for the term of five years, to compute from the date of confirmation.

JOHN K. TENER.

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 22, 1911.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of confirmation:

BRADFORD COUNTY.

Joseph H. Knickerbocker, Township of Smithfield.

BUTLER COUNTY.

Raymond W. Willey, Township of Summit.

CHESTER COUNTY.

Samuel Wilson, Phoenixville.

LAWRENCE COUNTY.

Roy M. Jamison, New Castle.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Mrs. Mary Donaldson Obdyke, Philadelphia.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.

Marie G. Brannon, Pottsville.

JOHN K. TENER.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 22, 1911.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of confirmation:

CAMBRIA COUNTY.

John S. Wicks, South Fork.

CLARION COUNTY.

Howard R. Panton, Richland Township.

ERIE COUNTY.

Ralph B. Sterrett, Erie.

FAYETTE COUNTY.

Ewing A. Hibbs, Uniontown.
W. H. E. Royce, Republic.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Michael Bednarek, Philadelphia.

JOHN K. TENER.

RECESS.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I move the Senate take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. CATLIN, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1241 (House No. 580), entitled:

An act to amend sections one three and five of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of minors in the bituminous coal mines and anthracite collieries or breakers by regulating the ages at which said minors may be employed, their hours of employment and to prescribe rules for the obtaining of employment certificates and providing penalties for violation of the provisions

thereof" approved the 1st day of May, A. D. 1909, by further regulating the ages at which minors may be employed inside coal mines or in the outside workings thereof or in coal breakers or washeries and by providing for the filing of proof of age by the employers of minors apparently under sixteen years of age employed in such establishments

Mr. POWELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. POWELL, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1242 (House No. 154), entitled:

An act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens and the proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this State.

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 763.

Mr. TUSTIN. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 763 (House No. 663), entitled:

An act entitled an act supplementary to an act for the government of cities of the second class approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

was defeated on final passage.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. TUSTIN. Mr. President, I voted no.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I voted no.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which this bill passed third reading.

Mr. WILBERT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. President, I move that the Senate resolve itself into committee of the whole for the purpose of special amendment.

Mr. WILBERT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The amendments were read as follows:

Amend title, in line two, by striking out the words "Entitled an act supplementary to" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "amending and supplementing article fourteen of an act entitled;" also by inserting after the word "one" in line four the words.

Also amend the bill by striking out everything after the word "that" in section one, line three, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That article fourteen of an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws twenty) as the same was amended and supplemented by an act approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and eighty-six) and which as amended and supplemented by said act reads as follows

ARTICLE XIV

Councils

Section 1 The legislative power shall be vested in two bodies to be designated as the select and common council Every legislative act of the council shall be by resolution or ordinance and every ordinance or resolution except as hereinafter provided shall before it takes effect be presented duly engrossed and certified to the city recorder for his approval The city recorder shall sign the said resolution or ordinance if he approves it or return the same to the branch of council wherein such resolution or ordinance originated within ten days or at the next meeting of councils after ten days have expired if he do not approve it with the reasons therefor and if thereupon each branch of councils pass the same within five days of such veto by a vote of three-fifths of all the members elected to each branch it shall become effective as though the city recorder had signed the same It shall equally become effective if he should neglect to return the same within such ten days

Section 2 Nothing herein contained shall be construed to repeal sections one and two of the act of June fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled "An Act in relation to the government of cities of the second class" nor the act of May twenty-sixth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one entitled "An Act fixing the ratio of representation of common councils in cities of the second class"

Section 3 Members of select councils shall have been residents of the city for at least five years before their election and members of common councils shall have been residents of the ward which they represent for at least three years

The removal of any member of select council from the ward or of any member of common council from the ward he represents shall forfeit the membership of such person and his place shall be filled at the next regular municipal election occurring more than thirty days after such removal

Section 4 All sessions of councils and of all committees and sub-committees thereof shall be public No ordinance or resolution shall pass finally on the day of its introduction except in case of public emergency and then only when requested by the city recorder and approved by the affirmative votes of all the members of councils

Section 5 All taxes shall be levied and appropriations made annually by general ordinances prior to the first Tuesday of February except such taxes as may be levied and appropriations as may be made to provide for the payment of the principal and interest of any bonds to be issued and except also in case of emergency when on a certificate signed by the city recorder and controller that such emergency exists a special appropriation may be made to meet the same

Section 6 From and after the passage of this act no person shall be elected to the office of Select or Common Council in cities of the second class who holds any other office position or employment under the government of the United States or State of Pennsylvania the county in which said city is located or in such city except notary public or commissioner of deeds and if any person who shall hereafter be elected a Select or Common Councilman shall during the term for which he was elected accept or hold any office position or employment under the government of the United States the State of Pennsylvania the county in which said city is located or in such city except the office of notary public or commissioner of deeds he shall at once forfeit the office of Councilman and shall not hold such during the term for which he was elected and it shall be the duty of the City Recorder to order an election within thirty days of a Councilman to serve out the term remaining of the Councilman so forfeiting his office providing there shall be at least six months of said term remaining after said election so ordered by the Recorder shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

ARTICLE XIV

Councils

Section 1 The Legislative power of cities of the second class shall be vested in one body which shall be known as the Council and which shall consist of not less than five members and an additional member for each seventy-five thousand inhabitants over two hundred thousand as shown by the last preceding United States decennial census up to five hundred thousand Said persons to be chosen in the manner and for the terms hereinafter set forth and the said Council shall by ordinance regulate their times and days of meeting and the mode of calling the same

Section 2 Immediately after the passage of this act the Governor shall appoint by and with the advice and consent of two-thirds of the Senate the members of Council who shall hold office until the first Monday of January Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and twelve At the general municipal election to be held in the present year in each city of the second class now existing and at the first municipal election occurring at least sixty days after any other city shall have entered said class there shall be elected the full number of Councilmen to which the city shall be entitled to serve from the first Monday of January following Said Councilmen shall meet and organize on said date and immediately divide themselves by lot into two classes the odd numbers to serve for two years and the even numbers for four years thereafter and each general election thereafter there shall be elected at large the number of Councilmen required to fill the places of those whose terms are about to expire to serve for four years and also to fill any vacancies caused by death resignation or removal occurring more than sixty days before such election to serve for the balance of the term of the member who has died resigned or removed

Section 3 Members of Council shall have been residents of the city for at least three years before their appointment or election they shall reside in the city during their term of office and shall not hold any other office position or employment under the government of the United States the State of Pennsylvania the said city or county in which it is situate during the terms for which they were elected except that of notary public commissioner of deeds officer in the National Guard Pennsylvania officer or director in any national or State bank or trust company or membership on any commission for public works or improvements where such employment is without pecuniary compensation They shall not while members of Council hold any office position or employment in any corporation holding or applying for franchises from the city A member who has a personal or private interest in any measure bill proposed or pending before the Council shall disclose the fact to the Council and shall not vote thereon nor take part in the discussion of the same Any Councilman violating any of the provisions of this section shall thereby forfeit his office

Section 4 Said Councilmen shall receive for their services during their term of service annual salaries to be fixed by ordinance payable in monthly installments Provided however the same shall not be less than two thousand nor exceed five thousand five hundred dollars per annum and that Council shall by the ordinance fixing said salaries provide for the assessment and retention therefrom of reasonable fines for absence from regular or special meetings of Councils or Councilmanic committees

Section 5 Upon the first Monday of January following each general municipal election the council shall organize by electing one of their number as president to serve for a term of two years Council shall have power to authorize by ordinance the appointment of such employes as may be necessary for the proper discharge thereof They shall also have power to fix from time to time the salaries of all city officials and employes who are not elected The salaries and emoluments of all such officers shall not be increased or diminished during their term of office They shall also provide by general ru

r regular meetings and for the calling of special meetings
en required and prescribe general rules not inconsistent with
e law for the conduct of business All regular meetings of
ouncil and all committee meetings shall be open to the public
Section 6 The appointments hereafter to be made of the heads
all executive departments of said city now by law author-
ed to be made by the mayor thereof shall be subject to the
pproval of said Council to be evidneced by resolution which
all receive the affirmative votes of a majority of all the mem-
rs thereof failing which approval the mayor shall again des-
nate another person or persons to fill the position or posi-
ons as to which the former nominations have failed of ap-
oval until the nominations are made which are approved by
ouncil in the manner above set forth

Section 7 The head of any department who shall be found
ilty after due notice and hearing of any corrupt act or
actice malfeasance mismanagement of his official duties ex-
rtion receiving any gift or present from any contractor or
om any person seeking or engaging in any work for or fur-
shing material to the city or from any insumbent or occu-
nt of or candidate or applicant for any municipal office and
r wilfully concealing any fraud committed against the city
y be removed from office by resolution which shall re-
ive the affirmative votes of a majority of all the members
Council and the approval of the mayor or should the mayor
il to approve the said resolution within ten days after its
ssage and submission to him then the said removal may be
ected by a resolution of Council which shall receive a two-
rds affirmative vote of all the members thereof Provided
wever that the procedure thus established shall not have a
rospective or retroactive effect but that the procedure by
peachment under existing laws shall be and remain in force
clusively as to any causes arising before the beginning of
e terms of the Councilmen first elected as herein provided In
e event of such removal the vacancy thus arising shall be
ed in the manner hereinbefore provided in the case of other
cancies

Section 8 Council and the mayor or either shall have the
ht to call for such information from every department either
stated intervals or from time to time as they or either of
em may think proper and it shall be the duty of the head
each department upon request by either the mayor or the
uncil to furnish to either full access to the books and records
his department and as full information as to the operation
the same as the said mayor or council may require

Section 9 In the event of any vacancy occurring in said
uncil by death resignation or otherwise the same shall be
led by an election at which every member of Council and
mayor shall have one vote and the person receiving the
jority of all votes cast shall be declared elected to serve in
ce of the members so dying resigning or otherwise vacating
position as member of council until the first Monday of Jan-
y following the next general municipal election at which his
cessor could be chosen in accordance with the provisions of
governing municipal elections and as provided in section
herein

Section 10 Every legislative act of the Council shall be by
olution or ordinance and every ordinance or resolution ex-
t as hereinafter provided shall before it takes effect be pre-
ted duly engrossed and certified to the mayor for his ap-
val The mayor shall sign the said resolution or ordinance
hin ten days if he approves it but if he shall not ap-
ve it he shall within said time return it with his objection
Council which shall at its next meeting after said return
sider it If upon reconsideration Council shall pass the or-
ance or resolution over the veto of the mayor by a two-
rds vote of all the members thereof it shall be a binding or-
ance or resolution of the city It shall become effective
uld the mayor fail to sign the said ordinance or resolution
return the same to Council with his reasons for disapprov-
the same within ten days from the time said ordinance
resolution has been delivered to him by the city clerk The
yor may disapprove any item or items (or part or parts of
same) of any bill making appropriations and the part or
ts of the bill approved shall be the law and the part or
ts disapproved shall be void unless repassed according to
rules and limitations prescribed above for the passage of
olutions and ordinances over the mayor's veto

ection 11 Conferences of the mayor and Council jointly
the purpose of discussion of the business or legislation of
municipality may be called at any time upon the request
either the mayor or Council

ection 12 All sessions of the Council and of all commit-
e and sub-committees thereof shall be public No ordinance
resolution shall be passed finally on the day of its intro-
tion except in case of public emergency and then only when
uested by the mayor and approved by the affirmative votes
fall the members of Councils present

ection 13 All taxes shall be levied and appropriations made
ually by general ordinances prior to the first Tuesday of
ruary except such taxes as may be levied and appropria-
is as may be made to provide for the payment of the
ncipal and interest of any bonds to be issued and except
in cases of emergency when on a certificate signed by the
yor and controller that such emergency exists a special ap-
tion may be made to meet the same

ection 14 All provisions in the existing laws referring to
h select and common councils of said city and all powers
ties and duties which by existing laws devolve upon the
mbers of select or common councils shall be taken to ap-
to and be vested in the council created by this act as fully
to the same extent as though the present council were
in named in so far as the same are not inconsistent with
foregoing rights powers and duties And whenever any pro-
ionate affirmative vote of each branch of councils as at
ent constituted is required under existing laws to ordain
enact any ordinance or resolution the same proportionate
rmative vote of the council hereby created shall be suffi-
et for the passage thereof

Section 15 This act shall not be construed to repeal an act of the General Assembly entitled "An Act prescribing the mode and manner of electing the clerks of the city of Pittsburg and defining their duties" approved March seventh one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three nor shall this act be construed to repeal any other general local or special act not inconsistent with the provisions hereof

Section 16 This act shall take effect at once and the members of said council immediately upon their appointment shall organize by the election of one of their number as president who shall serve until the first Monday of January in the year one thousand nine hundred and twelve

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, these gentlemen from Pittsburg have certainly led us a merry dance this session and for ten years, since they passed the first Ripper bill ten years ago when I was a member of this Senate. I wish to ask a few questions about this bill of the gentleman who offered the amendments.

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from Allegheny, Mr. Adams, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. President, certainly.

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, is this a bill that the gentlemen from Allegheny county have agreed on among themselves?

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. President, I will not say that Allegheny county has agreed, because a part of Allegheny has refused. A majority have agreed.

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, does it provide for a small council of nine members?

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. President, it provides for a council in the City of Pittsburg of nine, in the City of Scranton of five.

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, does it provide for the election of these members at the next election?

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. President, it provides for the appointment by the Governor of the councilmen until December, 1911, and the election of the councilmen at the November election, 1911, to serve for terms of four or six years.

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, has the Senator from the other city involved in the bill agreed to this bill?

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. President, that is for him to say.

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from Lackawanna permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. McNICHOLS. Mr. President, certainly.

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, has the Senator from Lackawanna agreed to the bill?

Mr. McNICHOLS. Mr. President, I had no knowledge of the bill before it was read here. I knew nothing about it.

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, that involves all the questions that should be answered.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. POWELL and Mr. JUDSON and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—27.

Adams	Hall	Kurtz	Tustin
Baldwin	Homsher	Manbeck	Vare
Catlin	Hunter	McConnell	Wertz
Cooper	Jarrett	McNichol	Wilbert
DeWitt	Jones	Shields	Wolf
Endsley	Keyser	Snyder	Crow
Fox	Kline	Sproul	Pres. pro tem

NAYS—7.

Hays	Judson	Miller	Powell
Heacock	McNichols	Nulty	

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair calls the Senator from Delaware, Mr. Sproul, to the chair.

Mr. SPROUL in the chair.

The CHAIRMAN. The committee of the whole having before it for consideration Senate Bill No. 763 (House No. 663), entitled:

An act entitled an act supplementary to an act for the government of cities of the second class approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

The amendments will be inserted according to the instructions of the Senate.

The President pro tempore (Mr. W. E. CROW) in the chair.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, as chairman of the committee of the whole, I report back to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 763 (House No. 663), as amended according to instructions of the Senate.

On the question.

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

RECONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL NO. 767.

Mr. POWELL. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 767 (House No. 560), entitled:

An act authorizing the ascertainment award levy assessment and collection of the costs damages and expenses of municipal improvements including the opening widening straightening extending grading paving macadamizing curbing or otherwise improving of roads streets lanes alleys or parts completed or in course of completion and also the cost damages and expense of the construction of any sewer or drain completed or now in process of completion providing for the ascertainment levy and collection of damages and benefits therefor from property peculiarly benefited where under existing laws or ordinances private property could not be assessed for such benefits a lien upon the property upon which they are assessed and authorizing the completion of such improvements now in progress

was defeated on final passage on May 18th.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. POWELL. Mr. President, I voted no.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. President, I voted no.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. POWELL. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which this bill passed third reading.

Mr. WILBERT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. POWELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend the bill as follows:

By inserting in section 1 line 4 after the word "heretofore" the words "since the first day of July Anno Domini nineteen hundred and nine;" also in section 10 line 17 by striking out the words "five years" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "eighteen months"

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendments were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 804 (House No. 666), entitled:

An act authorizing and empowering the several courts of Common Pleas of the Commonwealth upon cause shown to discharge lands bound by the lien of any sum or sums of money under the provisions of any last will and testament for the maintenance of a burial lot or lots and to appoint a trustee to hold said sum or sums of money for the purpose for which the land is or shall be charged by said last will and testament

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 805 (House No. 675), entitled:

An act to provide for counsel fees for garnishee's attorneys taxation of the same as cost and collection and payment thereof in attachment or attachment execution of any nature or kind issued by any justice of the peace magistrate or alderman

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 806 (House No. 659), entitled:

An act to amend section thirty-one of an act entitled "An Act relating to insolvency embracing among other matters voluntary assignments for the benefit of creditors forbidding also certain preferences providing for the distribution of insolvents estate and in certain contingencies relieving him and others liable with him from further liability for his or their debts" approved June fourth one thousand nine hundred and one

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 807 (House No. 622), entitled:

An act dispensing in judicial proceedings to which a corporation is a party with proof of incorporation of either plaintiff or defendant when not put in issue

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 808 (House No. 695), entitled:

An act to prevent frauds against carriers of passengers for hire within this Commonwealth and prescribing penalties for the breach of the provisions hereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 809 (House No. 508), entitled:

An act relating to taxation and borus on capital stock

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 810 (House No. 157), entitled:

An act relating to judgments obtained before aldermen and justices of the peace against counties cities boroughs townships school districts poor districts and other municipalities or incorporated districts requiring aldermen and justices of the peace to file transcripts of such judgments in the prothonotary's office within ten days from rendition of the same providing for the entry of record thereof by the prothonotary and for fees for services of the magistrate and prothonotary providing for certificates to be furnished by such magistrate of such judgments to taxpayers on demand and payment of a fee providing a penalty for violation of the act and method of procedue to enforce the same

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 811 (House No. 665), entitled:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require paving curbing and macadamizing of streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same" approved April twenty-three, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine by fixing a different portion of the cost and expenses which may be assessed against abutting property where the property on one side of the street or thoroughfare desired to be improved is exempt from assessment

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 812 (House No. 589), entitled:

An act to amend the second setion of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of minors in certain employments regulating the ages at which said minors may be employed their hours of employment their protection against injury and to prescribe rules for the obtaining of employment certificates and providing penalties for violation of the provisions thereof" approved April twenty-nine Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine so as to exclude tanneries

And said bill having been read at length the second time
d agreed to,
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of
e whole being in this case dispensed with,
The Senate proceeded to the second reading and considera-
on of Senate Bill No. 813 (House No. 72), entitled:

An act validating the incurring of debt or increase of in-
ebtedness of townships of the second class by its supervis-
rs for the purpose of macadamizing or paving with brick any
the roads and highways building constructing repairing and
aintaining permanent roads culverts and bridges purchasing
achinery or lifting orders or payment of any contracts made
erefor to an amount in the aggregate not exceeding two per
ntum upon the assessed value of the taxable property there-
as fixed and determined by the last preceding assessed val-
tion thereof and all coupon bonds or other securities issued
erefor and also assessments of annual tax for the payment
the principal and interest of such indebtedness represented
such bonds or other securities since the twentieth of April
ano Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four

And said bill having been read at length the second time
d agreed to,
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of
e whole being in this case dispensed with,
The Senate proceeded to the second reading and considera-
on of Senate Bill No. 814 (House No. 401), entitled:

An act providing for the examination licensure and regis-
tion of persons firms or corporations engaged or engaging
the business or work of plumbing or house drainage and
escribing certain rules regulations and requirements for the
nstruction of plumbing house drainage and cess pools in
ies of the first class and imposing fines penalties and for-
itures for violation thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time
d agreed to,
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of
e whole being in this case dispensed with,
The Senate proceeded to the second reading and considera-
on of Senate Bill No. 815 (House No. 360), entitled:

An act authorizing the release on probation of certain con-
cts instead of imposing sentences the appointment of proba-
n and parole officers and the payment of their salaries and
penses regulating the manner of sentencing convicts in cer-
n cases and providing for their release on parole their con-
tion of crime during parole and their rearrest and recon-
tion for breach of parole and extending the powers and
ties of boards of prison inspectors of penitentiaries

And said bill having been read at length the second time
d agreed to,
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of
e whole being in this case dispensed with,
The Senate proceeded to the second reading and considera-
on of Senate Bill No. 816 (House No. 878), entitled:

An act providing for and regulating the purchase or con-
nnation of real estate by boroughs for the purpose of con-
tructing wharves landing places and docks

And said bill having been read at length the second time
d agreed to,
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of
e whole being in this case dispensed with,
The Senate proceeded to the second reading and considera-
on of Senate Bill No. 817 (House No. 179), entitled:

An act to provide for the making of a new ordinance book
a record of the ordinances of any borough in which the
rdinance book thereof has become lost destroyed or so much
n or mutilated as to be unserviceable

And said bill having been read at length the second time
d agreed to,
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of
e whole being in this case dispensed with,
The Senate proceeded to the second reading and considera-
on of Senate Bill No. 818 (House No. 458), entitled:

An act regulating the amount of liability a corporate surety
may undertake in any single obligation

And said bill having been read at length the second time
agreed to,
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 819 (House No. 460), entitled:

An act providing for the payment of premiums on bonds required of public officers and for the discharge of sureties thereunder

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 820 (House No. 520), entitled:

An act regulating the construction and repair of highways over drains or culverts

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 821 (House No. 639), entitled:

An act authorizing cities of the second class to regulate the production or emmission of smoke from chimnies smokestacks or other source

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 822 (House No. 137), entitled:

An act providing for the payment of the costs of proceedings and the expenses of maintaining prisoners committed to county prisons either for non-payment of fine or penalties imposed for or while awaiting a hearing upon any charge for the violation of any city or borough ordinance or any ordinance of townships of the first class by the city borough or township of the first class whose ordinances are alleged to have been violated or to which any such fines or penalties are payable

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 823, as follows:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act providing when how upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements and for the removal of nuisances the procedure upon claims filed therefor the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened and the manner of distributing the proceeds of such sales" approved June fourth one thousand nine hundred and one amending section eleven of the said act by changing the requirements as to the signature and affidavit to claims filed under the said act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section eleven of an act entitled "An Act providing when how upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements and for the removal of nuisances the procedure upon claims filed therefor the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened and the manner of distributing the proceeds of such sales" approved June fourth one thousand nine hundred and one which reads as follows

"Section 11 Said claim shall set forth

1 The name of the county city borough township school district road district or poor district by which filed

2 The name of the owner of the property against which it is filed

3 A description of the property against which it is filed

4 The authority under or by virtue of which the tax was levied or the work was done

5 The time for which the tax was levied or the date on which the work was completed in front of the particular property against which the claim is filed or the date of completion of the improvement where the assessment is made after the completion or the date of confirmation by the court where confirmation is required done

6 If filed to the use of a contractor the date of and parties to the contract for doing said work and

7 In other than tax claims the kind and character of the work done for which the claim is filed and if the work

be such as to require previous notice to the owner to do it when and how such notice was given

Said claim must be signed by the solicitor or chief executive officer of the claimant and in the case of a use-plaintiff must be accompanied by an affidavit that the facts therein set forth are true to the best of his knowledge information and belief" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 11 Said claim shall set forth

1 The name of the county city borough township school district road district or poor district by which filed

2 The name of the owner of the property against which it is filed

3 A description of the property against which it is filed

4 The authority under or by virtue of which the tax was levied or the work was done

5 The time for which the tax was levied or the date on which the work was completed in front of the particular property against which the claim is filed or the date of completion or the date of confirmation by the court where confirmation is required done

6 If filed to the use of a contractor the date of and parties to the contract for doing said work and

7 In other than tax claims the kind and character of the work done for which the claim is filed and if the work be such as to require previous notice to the owner to do it when and how such notice was given

Said claim must be signed by the claimant or by his solicitor where the claimant is an individual and in all other cases by the solicitor or an executive officer of the claimant and in case of a use-plaintiff the claim must be accompanied by an affidavit that the facts therein set forth are true to the best of the affiant's knowledge information and belief which affidavit shall be made by the claimant or by an officer or agent of the claimant having knowledge of the facts

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate bill No. 824 (House No. 612), entitled:

An act making it a misdemeanor to intimidate levy blackmail or extort money or other valuable thing or to attempt so to do from any person and providing punishment therefor

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 826 (House No. 646), entitled:

An act relating to milk providing for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating the sale of milk skimmed milk and cream providing penalties for the violation thereof and providing for the enforcement thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 827 (House No. 605), entitled:

An act to provide for the surrender of franchises of Meadow Companies and the transfer of duties of said Meadow Companies to the respective cities or counties within which the lands governed by said Meadow Companies may lie

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

COMMITTEE DISCHARGED FROM CONSIDERATION OF HOUSE BILL NO. 353.

Mr. NULTY. Mr. President, I move that the Judiciary Special Committee be relieved from further consideration of House Bill No. 353, entitled:

An act to promote the safety of travelers and employes upon railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains

and that the bill be placed upon the calendar of the Senate and be read the first time to-night.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair informs the Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. Nulty, that he will have to obtain unanimous consent.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I object.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair hears objections.

Mr. FOX. Mr. President, I rise to a point of order.

The PRESIDENT. The Senator from Dauphin, Mr. Fox, will state his point of order.

Mr. FOX. Mr. President, I call for the reference to the rules of the Senate why this motion is not in order at this time. My point of order is that the motion is in order.

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, if the Senator from Philadelphia will move to suspend the rules I should think he was in order, but an ordinary motion is not in order. A motion to suspend the rules is in order at any time.

Mr. FOX. Mr. President, I call for a decision on my point of order. My point of order is that the motion is in order. If it is not, I would like to know the authority for the rule for a ruling to the contrary.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair decides the point of order is well taken. Is there a second to the motion.

Mr. WEINGARTNER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. NULTY. Mr. President, I call for a yea and nay vote.

Mr. JARRETT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, I desire to ask the Chair for information. Does this require a two-thirds vote?

The PRESIDENT. The Chair informs the Senator from Berks, Mr. Herbst, that all that is required is a majority of the Senators voting.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. President, I rise to a point of order.

The PRESIDENT. The Senator will state his point of order.

Mr. ADAMS. My point of order is that the vote having already been announced by the President pro tempore, a yea and nay vote could not be called for.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair withdrew its decision. The point of order is not well taken.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, will you kindly state the motion before voting?

The PRESIDENT. The question before the Senate is whether or not the Committee on Judiciary Special shall be discharged from further consideration of the "Full Crew" bill, and that the same be placed upon the calendar and read the first time to-night.

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. NULTY and Mr. WEINGARTNER and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Adams	Hays,	Kurtz	Salus
Alexander,	Heacock,	Martin	Shields
Baldwin,	Herbst,	McConnell	Snyder
Buckman,	Huffman,	McIlhenny	Sones
Catlin,	Hunter,	McNichol	Sproul
Clark,	Jamison,	McNichols	Tustin
Crow	Jarrett,	Miller	Vare
DeWitt,	Judson,	Morgan	Wasbers
Endsley.	Kline,	Nulty	Weingartner
Fox,	Knapp	Powell	Wertz
Hall,			Wilbert

NAYS—3.

Homsher,	Keyser,	Wolf

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

Mr. WOLF. Mr. President, I desire to know how I am recorded.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair informs the Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. Wolf, that he is recorded as voting nay.

Mr. WOLF. Mr. President, that is absolutely right. I desire to say to the Senators that as long as I am returned here, if again I shall so be, that I will always vote no to discharge any committee, I do not care what the bill may be its merits or its demerits.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. McNICHOL, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1243, entitled

An act declaring all employes of public service and utility companies associations or persons engaged in business in the Commonwealth for the purposes of this act to be public servants and providing for the adjustment and settlement of disputes and differences between such employes and their employers resulting in strikes or lockouts by boards of arbitration and creating and regulating such boards

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and considera-ion of Senate Bill No. 828 (House No. 673), entitled:

An act relating to the location contruction and maintenance of viaducts and bridges in townships of the first class and adjacent territory empowering the board of commissioners of he several townships of the first class of this Commonwealth o construct or have constructed bridges or viaducts over riv-rs creeks streams railroads and private land or over and across railroads and any of them or over and across railroads or public highways and to procure locations therefor by pur-hase or condemnation proceedings whether the same be wholly within or partly within and partly without the township imits authorizing said townships to unite and enter into a con-ract or contracts with the county commissioners of the proper ounty and with railroad street railway and other companies and arties interested or with any of them for the erection con-truction and maintenance of said viaducts and bridges and or the payment of the damage caused by their location and rection and forbidding any railroad company to pass under or pon any such viaduct or bridge without contributing to the ost and maintenance thereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time nd agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of he whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and considera-ion of Senate Bill No. 829 (House No. 603), entitled:

An act to further amend the eighteenth section of an act ntitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State lighway Department by the appointment of a State Highway ommissioner and staff of asistants and defining the powers nd duties thereof authorizing the State Highway Department o co-operate with the several counties and townships and with oroughs in certain instances in the improvement of the pub-c highways and the maintenance of improved highways pro-iding for the application of counties and townships for State id in highway improvement and maintenance providing for ie payment of the cost of highway improvements made under ie provisions of this act by the State the counties and the ownships and making an appropriation for this purpose and roviding a penalty for maliciously destroying improved roads" pproved the first day of May Anno Domini nineteen hun-red and five as amended by an act entitled "An act to amend n act entitled 'An Act providing for the establishment of a tate Highway Department by the appointment of a State ighway Commissioner and staff or assistants and defining the owers and duties thereof authorizing the State Highway De-artment to co-operate with the several counties and town-ips with boroughs in certain instances in the improvement of ie public highways and the maintenance of improved high-ays providing for the application of counties and townships r State aid in highway improvement and maintenance pro-ding for the payment of the cost of highway improvements ade under the provisions of this act by the State the coun-es and the townships and making and appropriation for this irpose and providing a penalty for maliciously destroying proved roads' approved the first day of May Anno Domini neteen hundred and five increasing the number of employes the State Highway Department and fixing the amounts of eir salaries eliminating from the items included in the ex-ense of construction and from those covered by damages the st of changes of grade extending the provisions of the act incorporated towns increasing the percentage which may be id to contractors in advance of the final completion of the ork authorizing the setting of monuments and planting of ees along State highways prohibiting the construction of gas water lines along State highways except under certain con-tions and providing that the kind of roads to be built shall decided by the State Highway Commissioner" approved the ghth day of June Anno Domini nineteen hundred and seven

And said bill having been read at length the second time id agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of e whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and considera-on of Senate Bill No. 830 (House No. 677), entitled:

An act requiring the approval of the Water Supply Commis-on of Pennsylvania to any extension of the time within which e exercise of their charter rights under the existing law water water power companies shall begin and complete their works id also providing for the annulment of charters of water or ater power companies which shall not have begun or com-eted works within the time set by existing laws

And said bill having been read at length the second time id agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of e whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and considera-on of Senate Bill No. 1157 (House No. 670), entitled:

An act to amend paragraph twenty-nine or the first section f an act entitled "An Act to regulate the publication binding id distribution of the public documents of this Common-ealth" approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini e thousand nine hundred and five by providing for the pub-lication binding and distribution of an increased number of copies of the report of the Highway Commissioner

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1158 (House No. 633), entitled:

An act to provide a standard of tests for illuminating oils to provide a penalty for violating the provisions of this act and repealing former acts

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1159 (House No. 313), as follows:

An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith

ARTICLE 1

Definitions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That for the purpose of this act the terms and definitions contained therein shall be as follows

Mine In this act the term "mine" includes the shafts slopes drifts or incline planes connected with excavations penetrating coal stratum or strata which excavations are ventilated by one general air current or divisions thereof and connected by one general system of mine railroads over which coal may be delivered to one or more points outside the mine when such is operated by one operator

Excavations and Workings The term "excavations and workings" includes all the excavated portions of a mine those abandoned as well as the places actually being worked also all underground workings and shafts tunnels and other ways and openings and all such shafts slopes tunnels and other openings in the course of being sunk or driven together with all roads appliances machinery and material connected with the same below the surface

Shaft The term "shaft" means a vertical opening through the strata that is or may be used for the purpose of ventilation or drainage or for hoisting men or material or both in connection with the mining of coal

Slope The term "slope" means an incline or opening used for the same purpose as a shaft

Operator The term "operator" means any firm corporation or individual operating any coal mine or any part thereof

Superintendent The term "superintendent" means the person who shall have on behalf of the operator immediate supervision of one or more mines

Mine Foreman The term "mine foreman" means the person whom the operator or superintendent shall place in charge of the inside workings of the mine and of the persons employed therein

Inspector The term "inspector" means the person commissioned by the Governor to have supervision of mines as hereinafter prescribed

Bituminous Mines The term "bituminous mines" shall include all coal mines in the State not now included in the anthracite boundaries and whenever the term "mine" appears in this act it shall be construed to mean "bituminous coal mine"

Approved Safety Lamp The term "approved safety lamp" shall mean any bonneted safety lamp approved by the Department of Mines

ARTICLE II

Maps and Plans

Section 1 The operator or the superintendent of any bituminous coal mine shall make or cause to be made by a competent mining engineer or surveyor an accurate map of the mine on a scale of not less than two hundred feet to the inch which may shall show as follows

First All the openings excavations shafts slopes drifts tunnels planes main entries cross entries and rooms and the name or number of each

Second An accurate delineation of the boundary lines between said mine and all adjoining mines or coal lands and the relation and proximity of the workings of said mine to all adjoining mines or coal lands and if requested by the inspector the blue print in the office at the mines shall show by arrows the direction of the air currents in said mine each split to show in different color in pencil

Third The elevation above or below mean tide at Sandy Hook of the top and bottom of each shaft and slope of all drifts tunnels planes and of the faces of entries as found at each semi-annual survey and in rooms and entries adjacent to boundary lines between such mine and any adjoining mine or mines at points not more than three hundred feet apart also the number of last survey station and the date of such survey on the entries as they are represented on the map the location of streams rivers lakes dams or any other bodies of water on the surface with their elevations accurately and plainly marked the location and elevation of any body of water dammed in the mine or held back in any portion of the mine giving the true area of said body of water unless inaccessible before the passage

of this act the location of all bore holes penetrating the coal strata and the location of all oil and gas wells and oil and gas pipe lines Provided however for the purpose of this paragraph the owner or owners of the oil and gas wells and the oil and gas pipe lines shall furnish at his their or its own expense to the operator of the mine on which said wells are located or lines are constructed a survey showing the location thereof within sixty days after the passage of this act or within a like time after the construction or location of wells and pipe lines hereafter made

Section 2 When the workings of a mine are within three hundred feet of the boundary lines between such mine and any adjoining mine or mines application shall be made by the operator or the superintendent to the inspector for information as to the proximity of the workings of such adjoining mine or mines and if the workings of such adjoining mine or mines are at their nearest point within three hundred feet of such boundary line the inspector shall so notify the said operator or the said superintendent who shall have such portion of the workings of said adjoining mine or mines surveyed and shown on the map of the mine first mentioned For the purpose of making only the survey herein required the engineer or surveyor of any mine shall have the right of entry into any adjoining mine on the written authority of the inspector

Section 3 A true copy of said map shall be kept in the mine office at the mine for the use of the mine officials and the inspector and for the inspection (in the presence of the superintendent or the mine foreman) of any person working in said mine whenever said person shall fear that any working place is becoming dangerous by reason of its proximity to other workings that may contain dangerous accumulations of water or noxious gases

Section 4 At least once every six months the operator or the superintendent of every mine shall cause to be shown accurately on the original map of said mine and on the copy of the map in the mine office all the excavations made therein during the time that has elapsed since such excavations were last shown thereon

The operator or the superintendent at the request of the inspector in writing shall order that any portion of any mine shall be surveyed and entered on the original map when in the opinion of the inspector such portion of the mine is approaching accumulations of water or noxious gases And whenever any of the workings or excavations of any mine shall be driven to their destination it shall be the duty of the operator or the superintendent to cause the mining engineer or surveyor to check up all his previous work and notes of said mine so that he can certify that the said map shows correctly all the excavations made therein as he is required to do by section six of this article

Section 5 The operator or the superintendent of every mine shall furnish the inspector of the district with a true and correct copy of the aforesaid original map of said mine on tracing cloth and at the end of every six months thereafter the inspector shall return said copy to the operator or the superintendent who shall place or cause to be placed thereon all the extensions made and all portions of the mine worked out or abandoned during the preceding six months as provided for in section four of this article and shall forward the map to the inspector within thirty days from the time of receiving it Provided that in lieu of the map on tracing cloth as aforesaid the operator or the superintendent shall have the privilege of furnishing every six months a blue print showing the complete workings of the mine to date When more than one seam of coal is being worked in any mine the inspector shall be provided with a separate copy of the original map on tracing cloth or a blue print of the complete workings of each seam as provided for in this article The copies of the maps of the several mines as hereinbefore required to be furnished to the inspector shall remain in the care of the inspector of the district in which said mines are situated as official records pertaining strictly to the office of said inspector to be transferred by him to his successor in office and in no case shall any copy thereof be made or any information therefrom be given to any person without the consent of the operator except as provided for in section two of this article

Section 6 Whenever a mine is worked out or abandoned the operator or the superintendent shall within sixty days thereafter extend the inspector's map to show clearly all the worked-out or abandoned territory with all property and boundary lines and elevations as required in section one of this article

The owner or the operator of the abandoned mine shall also within sixty days after its abandonment send to the Department of Mines a tracing of said complete original map which shall be kept in the Department as a public document The mining engineer or surveyor shall certify that said tracing is a true and correct copy of the original map of said mine and that the original map is a true complete and correct map and survey of all the excavations made in said abandoned mine

Section 7 If the inspector shall have reason to believe that any map of any mine furnished to him in pursuance of the provisions of this article is inaccurate or imperfect he is hereby authorized to have made a survey and a new map of said mine The cost of said survey and map shall be recoverable from the operator as other debts are recoverable by law Provided however that if the map claimed by the inspector to be inaccurate or imperfect shall be found sufficiently accurate to serve the purpose for which it is intended then the Commonwealth shall be liable for the expense incurred in making said survey and map which expense shall be paid by the State Treasurer upon warrant of the Auditor General issued upon the presentation of voucher approved by the Chief of the Department of Mines

ARTICLE III

Duties of Mine Superintendent Mine Supplies

Section 1 It shall be the duty of every superintendent on behalf and at the expense of the operator to keep on hand at each mine at all times a sufficient quantity of all materials and supplies required to preserve the health and safety of the employes as ordered by the mine foreman and required by this a If for any reason the superintendent cannot procure the nec sary materials or supplies as aforesaid he shall at once not the mine foreman whose duty it shall be to withdraw the m from the mine or portion of mine until such materials or su plies are received

The superintendent shall at least once every week read exa ine carefully and countersign all reports entered in the mi record book by the mine foreman and if he finds on such exa mination that the law is being violated in any particular he sh order the mine foreman to stop said violation forthwith a shall see that his order is complied with

Section 2 The superintendent shall not obstruct the m foreman or other officials in the fulfillment of any of th duties as required by this act but he shall direct that the m foreman and all the other employes under him comply with law in all its provisions especially when his attention is cal by the inspector to any violation of the law. At any m where a superintendent is not employed the duties that herein prescribed for the superintendent shall devolve upon mine foreman in addition to his regular duties

Section 3 The superintendent of every mine shall provide sufficient number of danger signals upon request of the m foreman which the mine foreman or the assistant mine foreman shall distribute in the mine at places convenient for the of the fire bosses in the fulfillment of their duties Danger s nals in all mines shall be uniform and of a design approved the Chief of the Department of Mines All danger signals sh be kept in good condition and no defective signal shall allowed to remain in any mine

Section 4 The superintendent shall keep on hand at the m a supply of the printed rules and notices and record books quired by this act which shall be furnished through the inspec of the district on request of the superintendent in writing superintendent shall see that said rules and notices and rec books are delivered to the proper persons at the mine and t they are properly cared for and he shall also see that the r and notices are posted in conspicuous places at or near entrance to the mine and kept in such condition that t will always be legible

Section 5 The superintendent shall not permit the mining coal within fifty feet of any abandoned mine containing a d gerous accumulation of water until said danger has been moved by driving a passageway to tap and drain off said wa as provided for in this act Provided that the thickness of barrier pillars shall be greater and shall be in proportion one foot of pillar thickness to each one and one-quarter fee water-head if in the judgment of the engineer of the prop and that of the district inspector it is necessary for the sa of the persons working in the mine

Section 6 The superintendent shall provide a safety catch other safety device to be placed on the rear end of the car of full trips that are being hoisted up slopes and he s also provide suitable signals to be placed on the rear end the rear car of all trips hauled in the mines by locomotive any kind

Section 7 If the mine foreman the assistant mine foreman the fire boss neglects his duties or incapacitates himself drunkenness or is incapacitated by any other cause for proper performance of his duties and information thereof s be brought to the knowledge of the superintendent it s be the duty of the superintendent to make a thorough vestigation of the case and if he finds evidence to sus the charge he shall inform the inspector who shall inf the court of common pleas of the county or a judge the by petition and said court or judge when the court is no session shall issue a citation in the name of the Commonwe to the said mine foreman assistant mine foreman or fire to appear at not less than five days' notice upon a day before said court or a judge thereof at which time the c shall proceed to inquire into and investigate the allegations the court finds the allegations to be true it shall notify the partment of Mines of such finding and instruct said Depart to withdraw the certificate of said delinquent Provided ever that he shall have the right to appear before the Ex ining Board and be re-examined and if he can satisfy the B that he has reformed and passes a satisfactory examinatio shall be given another certificate of qualification When court orders the certificate of a mine foreman an assis mine foreman or a fire boss to be withdrawn the inspector notify the operators of the district of the fact

Section 8 The operator or the superintendent of every shall within thirty days thereafter send to the inspector no of the following occurrences

First When a mine has been abandoned or the wor thereof discontinued

Second When any work has commenced for the purpos opening a new mine

Third When the working of a mine is resumed afte abandonment or a discontinuance for a period exceeding months

Fourth When any change occurs in the name of a mine the name of the operator of a mine under the provision this act

ARTICLE IV

Mine Foreman and His Duties

Section 1 In order to secure efficient management and p ventilation of the mines to promote the health and safet the persons employed therein and to protect and preserve property connected therewith the operator or the superinte shall employ a competent and practical mine foreman for mine where ten or more persons are employed The mine man shall have full charge of all the inside workings a the persons employed therein in order that all the provi of this act so far as they relate to his duties shall be com with and the regulations prescribed for each class of wor under his charge carried out in the strictest manner po if the mine is generating explosive gas in quantities suffi to be detected by an approved safety lamp the mine fore

must possess a first grade foreman's certificate If the mine is non-gaseous the mine foreman must possess either a first grade foreman's certificate or a second grade mine foreman's certificate

When the mine workings become so extensive that the mine foreman is unable personally to carry out the requirements of this act pertaining to his duties he shall have the right to employ a sufficient number of competent persons to act as his assistants who shall act under his instructions in carrying out the provisions of this act If the mine is generating explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an aprpoved safety lamp the mine foreman's assistants must possess first grade assistant mine foreman's certificates

In case of the necessary temporary absence of the mine foreman he may deputize his work for the time being to his assistant who shall perform all the duties of the mine foreman

Section 2 The mine foreman shall devote the whole of his time to his duties in the mine when the mine is in operation and shall keep a careful watch over the ventilating apparatus the ventilation airways traveling ways timbering and drainage and shall see that all stoppings along airways are properly built as provided for in section five of article nine of this act

He shall also see that proper cut-throughs are made in the pillars of all rooms and of all entries in accordance with section three of article nine of this act and that they are closed when necessary so that the ventilating current can be conducted in sufficient quantity through the last cut-through to the face of each room and entry by means of check doors He shall not permit any room or entry to be turned in advance of the ventilating current or in advance of the last cut-through in the entry excepting room necks which may with the consent of the inspector be turned by entrymen driving entries

Section 3 The mine foreman or his assistant shall at least once every week measure the air current at or near the main inlet and outlet airway and also in the last cut-through in the last room and in the entry beyond the last room turned in each entry and make a record of said measurements as provided for in section eighteen of this article Said measurements shall be taken on days when the men are at work and for making said measurements an anemometer shall be provided and kept in good condition by the superintendent of the mine

Section 4 In case of accident to a ventilating fan or its machinery whereby the ventilation of the mine would be seriously interrupted the mine foreman shall order the men to withdraw immediately from the mine and he shall not allow them to return to their work until the ventilation has been restored and the mine has been thoroughly examined by him or by an assistant mine foreman or fire boss and reported safe

Section 5 The mine foreman shall notiy the superintendent in writing whenever in his opinion the mine is becoming dangerous through the lack of ample ventilation at the face of entries rooms and other portions of the mine caused by the undue length of entries and airways or from any other cause resulting in the accumulation of gas or coal dust or both in various portions of the mine The superintendent shall then notify the inspector of the report of the mine foreman requesting him to come and make a personal examination and if he finds it is becoming dangerous he shall at once direct the superintendent to proceed to have it put in safe condition and if necessary have an additional opening of ample dimensions sunk from the surface to the interior which opening can be used as an outlet or inlet for the air and also as an escapeway in case of necessity

In all mines generating explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp the mine foreman shall see that when the permanent station of the fire boss is located a mile or more from the entrance to the mine all abandoned finished or unfinished workings in the intervening distance between the permanent station and the entrance to the mine are completly shut off from the main intake or mainway headings of the mine by stoppings of masonry concrete or some other incombustible material of sufficient thickness to keep the explosive or noxious gases from coming in contact with the intake air or with the persons employed therein

Section 6 The mine foreman shall direct and see that every working place is properly secured by props or timbers and shall see that no person is directed or permitted to work in an unsafe place unless it be for the purpose of making it safe He shall also see that the workmen are provided with sufficient props cap pieces and timbers of suitable size which shall be delivered at the working faces or as near thereto as they can be conveyed in mine cars when requested by the workmen in accordance with section seven of this article. He shall also see that props are cut square at both ends and as near as practicable to the proper length required or designated for the places where they are to be used

Section 7 Every workman in need of props cap pieces and timbers shall notify the mine foreman or the assistant mine foreman (or any other person delegated by the mine foreman) the fact at least one day in advance giving the number size and length of props cap pieces and timbers required In case of emergency the timber may be ordered immediately upon the discovery of danger If for any reason the necessary timbers cannot be supplied when required the mine foreman or assistant mine foreman shall instruct the workmen to vacate the place until the timber needed is supplied

The place and manner of leaving the orders for props cap pieces and timbers shall be designated and specified in the rules of the mine

Section 8 The mine foreman shall see that on all animal and mechanical hauling roads holes for shelter shall be cut into the strata not less than two and one-half feet deep and four feet wide and level with the road at least every thirty yards and kept whitewashed and clear of obstruction except in entries from which rooms are driven at regular intervals not exceeding ninety feet provided that the entrance to each room be kept clear of obstruction for a distance of three feet On the main hauling roads on which hauling is done by machinery shelter holes shall be cut into the strata not less than two and one-half feet deep and at least four feet wide and level with the road and not more than fifteen yards apart and said shelter holes shall be kept whitewashed and clear of obstruction except in entries from which rooms are opened at regular intervals not exceeding forty-five feet Provided That the entrance to such room be kept clear of obstruction for a distance of three feet All shelter holes shall be made on the same side of the entry All entries driven after the passage of this act shall have a clear space of two and one-half feet from the side of the car to the rib which shall be made and continued throughout on one side of the entry if in the judgment of the inspector the condition of the roof will permit and shall be kept clear of obstruction

No person except officials or repairmen shall be permitted to travel on slopes gravity or incline planes while the cars thereon are in motion

Section 9 The mine foreman shall direct that the coal is properly mined before it is blasted "Properly mined" shall mean that the coal shall be undercut center-cut top-cut or sheared by pick or machine and in any case the undercutting shall be as deep as the holes are laid In mines generating explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp when the coal seam is five feet six inches or more in thickness "properly mined shall mean that in all entries less than ten feet wide wherein the coal is undercut it shall also be sheared on one side as deep as the undercutting before any holes are charged and fired or the coal shall be blasted in sections by placing the first holes near the center of the coal seam He shall also direct that the miner set sprags as often as necessary at a distance not exceeding seven feet apart under the breast of undermined or center-mined coal for safety. The mine foreman shall direct at what hours blasting shall be done in the mine and a notice of the time shall be posted at a conspicuous place at the mine and a copy of the notice shall be kept on file at the mine office Provided however that in districts in which it has been the common practice to blast coal from the solid said practice or method may be continued notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein contained

In such portions of a dry and dusty mine where explosive gas is being generated in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp the mine foreman shall direct and see that the rooms and entries are moistened by water or other efficient means as often as necessary to keep the dust in damp condition and he shall direct and see that the dust is loaded and taken out of the mine as often as necessary

The mine foreman shall direct and see that as the miners advance in their excavation all dangerous and doubtful pieces of coal slate and rock overhead are taken down or at once carefully secured against falling on the workmen Any workman who neglects to carry out or disobeys the instructions of the mine foreman or his assistant in regard to securing his working place shall be suspended or discharged by the mine foreman and if such negligence or disobedience results in serious injury or loss of life to any person the mine foreman shall give the name of said workman to the inspector for prosecution in accordance with section two article twenty-six of this act

Section 10 The mine foreman shall give prompt attention to the removal of all dangers reportd to him by his ossistants the fire boss or by any other person working in the mine and in case it is impracticable to remove the danger at once he shall notify every person whose safety is menaced thereby to remain away from the portion where the dangerous conditions exist He or his assistant shall once each week travel and examine all the air courses and roads and all the openings that give access to old workings or falls and make a record of the condition of all places where danger has been found with ink in the book provided for that purpose

In all mines the mine foreman shall employ a sufficient number of assistants to insure a visit to each working place either by himself or by his assistants once each day while the employes are at work and in addition thereto shall give special care oversight and attention to the men drawing pillars particularly when falls are thereby being made. The mine foreman or the assistant mine foreman under intructions from the mine foreman shall dire ctthat the holes for blasting be properly placed and shall designate the angle and depth of holes which shall not be deeper than the undercutting center-cutting top-cutting or shearing and the maximum quantity of explosives required for each hole and the method of charging and tamping instructions shall be given the men by the mine foreman assistant mine foreman or fire boss or other authorized person as to when where and how timber shall be placed so as to avoid accidents from falls and also in a general way how to mine coal with safety to themselves and others

At the end of each shift each assistant mine foreman shall make a report in a book provided for that purpose giving the general condition as to safety of the working places visited by him and shall make a note of any unusual occurrence observed by him during the day The mine foreman shall read carefully the daily report of each assistant mine foreman and shall sign the reports with ink not later than the day following

Section 11 The mine foreman shall see that every mine generating explosive gas is kept free of standing gas in all working places and roadways Any accumulating of explosive gas or noxious gases in the worked-outor abandoned portioins of any mine shall be removed as soon as possible after its discovery if it is practicable to remove it No person who may be endangered by the presence of said explosive gas or noxious gases shall be allowed in that portion of the mine until said gases have been removed The mine foreman shall direct and see that all dangerous places and the entrance or entrances to workd-out and abandoned places in all mines are properly fenced off across the openings so that no person can enter and that danger signals are posted upon said fencing to warn persons of the existing danger

Section 12 In any mine where it has been found impracticable to remove explosive gas from the inaccessible top of a fall it shall be the duty of the mine foreman to make this fact known

at once in writing to the superintendent who shall immediately report the same to the inspector requesting him to make a prompt personal investigation If the superintendent and the inspector are unable to devise means to have said explosive gas removed within a reasonable time the inspector shall direct that a bore hole or bore holes not less than six inches in diameter be drilled from the surface to a high point on said fall in order to give the gas an opening to escape to the surface

Section 13 In every mine generating explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp where coal dust is being carried in the air currents in quantities indicating danger the mine foreman shall see that no person is employed to work in the mine until he has given satisfactory proof that he can do the work allotted to him without endangering the lives of his co-employes unless said person is put to work with an experienced miner whose duty it shall be to instruct such inexperienced person how to safely and properly perform its work

Section 14 In such portions of a mine where explosive gas is being generated in quantities sufficient to be detected by an improved safety lamp and in which locked safety lamps are used the mine foreman shall employ a sufficient number of competent persons who are able to speak the English language to act as shot firers whose duty shall be to charge tamp and fire all holes properly placed by the miners and to refuse to charge any holes not properly placed No holes shall be fired by any person other than a shot firer They shall use none but incombustible material for tamping which the mine foreman shall see is provided for them at convenient places inside the mine. Under no condition shall the shot firer use coal dust or any other combustible material for tamping All such holes shall be fired by an electric apparatus and no person other than the shot firer shall connect the wires of or operate said Apparatus Each shot firer shall keep a record of and report to the mine foreman every hole that he has refused to charge every blown out shot and every hole that has misfired It shall be the duty of shot firers and miners who are permitted by this act to fire their own shots to visit and examine the places where the shots have been fired before leaving the mine to see that there is no fire or any other danger existing

In all mines in which coal is blasted from the solid all holes shall be fired when all the workmen are out of the mine except the shot firers and other persons delegated by the mine foreman to safeguard property

No shot firer or any other person shall fire a shot in any working place and in any mine if his safety lamp can detect explosive gas at the roof In gaseous dusty mines in which locked safety lamps are used he shall fire no holes unless the entries and rooms which are dry and dusty are so thoroughly wetted as to prevent the existence of any dry dust for a distance of not less than eighty feet from the hole to be fired Provided however That in all mines wherein the coal is being blasted from the solid the mine foreman shall direct and see that the provisions of this section are fully complied with

Section 15 When operations are temporarily suspended in a mine the superintendent and the mine foreman shall see that danger signals are placed across the mine entrances which signals shall be sufficient warning for persons not to enter the mine If the circulation of air through the mine be stopped each entrance to said mine shall be fenced off in such a manner as will ordinarily prevent persons from entering said mine and a danger signal shall be displayed upon said fence at each entrance The mine foreman shall see that all danger signals used in the mine are in good condition and if any become defective he shall notify the superintendent

Section 16 The mine foreman shall see that the water is drained out of the working places before the men enter and that the working places are kept as free from water as practicable during working hours

Section 17 In any working place that is being driven within supposedly dangerous proximity to an abandoned mine or portion of an abondoned mine suspected of containing explosive gas or that may contain a dangerous accumulation of water the mine foreman shall see that at least two bore holes shall be maintained not less than twelve feet in advance of the face and on each side of such working place bore holes of the same depth shall be drilled diagonally not more than eight feet apart and any place driven to tap water or gas shall not be more than eight feet wide No water or gas from an abandoned mine or portions of an abandoned mine and no bore hole from the surface shall be tapped until the employes except those engaged at such work are out of the mine and such work shall be done under the immediate instruction and direction of the mine foreman with the use of locked safety lamps

Section 18 The mine foreman shall each day enter plainly and sign with ink in a book provided for that purpose a report of the condition of the mine which report shall clearly state any danger that may have come under his observation during the day or any danger reported to him by his assistants or the fire bosses The report shall also state whether or not there is a proper supply of material on hand for the safe working of the mine and whether or not the requirements of the law are complied with He shall also once each week enter plainly with ink in said book a true report of all air measurements required by this act designating the place the area of each cut-through and entry separately the velocity of the air in each cut-through and entry and the number of men employed in each separate split of air with the date when measurements were taken Said book shall at all times be kept in the mine office at the mine for examination by the inspector and by any person working in the mine in the presence of the mine foreman

The mine foreman shall also each day read carefully and countersign with ink all reports entered in the record book of the fire bosses

Section 19 The mine foreman shall once each week on blank forms provided for that purpose report to the inspector all fatal and serious accidents that have occurred in about the mines giving the age nationality and occupat of the injured persons together with facts as to the famil or dependents affected

Section 20 The mine foreman shall employ a suffici number of fire bosses in order that each mine can be amined in accordance with the provisions of sections two or three of article five of this act The mine foren or the assistant mine foreman shall see as often as pr ticable that the fire boss has left his mark in places amined or reported as examined

Section 21 The mine foreman shall direct and see t safety blocks or some other device are constructed for purpose of preventing cars from falling into the shaft slope or running away on slopes and inclines planes safety switches drop logs or other devices shall be used all slopes and incline planes and the mine foreman s see that said safety blocks safety switches or other devi are maintained in good working order

Section 22 It shall be the duty of the mine foreman see that locked safety lamps are used when and wh required by this act

The transportation of tools in and out of the mine s be under the direction of the mine foreman or his assist

Section 23 It shall be the duty of the mine foreman report immediately all violations of this act to the insp tor

Section 24 When assistant mine foremen are emplo their duty shall be to assist the mine foreman in comply with the provisions of this act and in the absence of mine foreman they shall perform the duties of the m foreman and shall be liable to the same penalties as mine foreman for any violation of this act

ARTICLE V

Duties of Fire Boss Safety Lamps

Section 1 In such portions of a mine wherein plosive gas has been generated within one before the passage of this act or shall be generated after passage of this act in sufficient quantities to be detecte an approved safety lamp the mine foreman shall em a fire boss or fire bosses whose competency to act as shall be evidenced by a certificate of qualification from Department of Mines on the recommendation of the amining Board as provided for in section six article twe four of this act It shall be the duty of the fire boss to amine carefully before each shift enters the mine e working place without exception all places adjacent to workings every roadway and every unfenced road to a doned workings and falls in the mines but before proc ing with the examination he shall see that the current is traveling in its proper course In ing the examination he shall use no light than that enclosed in an approved safety lamp The amination shall begin within three hours prior to the pointed time for each shift to enter the The fire boss shall examine for all dangers in all port of the mine under his charge and after each examina he shall leave at the face and side of every place exam the date of the examination as evidence that he has perfo his duty He shall also examine the entrance or entra to all worked-out and abandoned portions adjacent to roadways and working places under his charge where plosive gas is likely to accumulate and he shall pla danger signal across the entrance to every working and every other place where explosive gas is discovere where immediate danger is found to exist from any cause and said signal shall be sufficient warning for pe not to enter The meaning of all danger signals sha explained to the non-English speaking employes of mine in their several languages by the mine foreman sistant mine forman or fire boss through an interpret

Section 2 A suitable record book shall be kept at mine office on the surface of every mine wherein fire b are employed and immediately after the examination of mine or any portion thereof by a fire boss whose duty to make such examination he shall enter in said book ink a record of such examination and sign same record shall show the time taken in making the exa tion and also clearly state the nature and location of danger that may have been discovered in any room or or other place in the mine and if any danger or da have been discovered the fire bosses shall immediatel port the location thereof to the mine foreman No p shall enter the mine until the fire bosses return to the office on the surface or to a station located in the i entry of the mine (where a record book as provided f this section shall be kept and signed by the person ma the examination) and report to the mine foreman o assistant mine foreman by telephone or otherwise tha mine is in safe condition for the men to enter When a tion is located in any mine it shall be the duty of th bosses to sign also the report entered in the record in the mine office on the surface

The record books of the fire bosses shall at all during working hours be accessible to the inspector an employes of the mine

Section 3 A second examination by the same or fire bosses shall be made during working hours of working place where men are employed

Section 4 The mine foreman and the fire boss shall near the main entrance to the mine provide a perm station with a proper danger signal designated by su letters and colors placed thereon In every mine gene explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected approved safety lamp when the working portions ar mile or more from the entrance to the mine or fro bottom of the shaft or slope a permanent station of able dimensions may be erected by the mine foreman vided the location is approved by the inspector) for t of the fire bosses and in the said station a fire-proof of ample strength shall be erected of brick stone o

crete in which the temporary record book of the fire bosses as described in section two of this article shall be kept It shall not be lawful for any person except the mine foreman and in case of necessity such other persons as may be designated by him to pass beyond said permanent station and danger signal until the mine has been examined by a fire boss as provided for in section one of this article and the mine or certain portions thereof reported by him to be safe The fire boss shall not allow any other person or persons to enter or remain in any portion of the mine through which a dangerous accumulation of gas is being passed in the ventilating current from any other part of the mine He shall report at once any violation of this article to the mine foreman

Section 5 Any employe or other person except those hereinbefore provided for who passes by any danger signal into the mine or into any portion of the mine or removes such danger signal before the mine has been examined and reported to be safe or any employe or any other person who passes by any danger signal placed at the entrance to a working place or any other place in the mine or removes such danger signal without permission from the mine foreman the assistant mine foreman or the fire boss shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and it shall be the duty of the mine foreman having knowledge of said violation (whether obtained personally or otherwise) to notify the inspector at once in writing and the inspector shall forthwith enter proceedings against such persons as provided for in section two of article twenty-six of this act

Any mine foreman who fails to notify the inspector forthwith of any violation of the provisions of this article that has been reported to him or has come under his personal observation shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor

Section 6 Any fire boss who neglects to comply fully with the provisions of this article relating to his duties or who shall make a false report of the condition of any place in the portion of the mine allotted to him for examination shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be suspended by the mine foreman and his name shall be given to the inspector for prosecution If he is found guilty he shall return his certificate of qualification as fire boss to the Department of Mines Provided however that he may again be an applicant for a certificate as fire boss at any regular examination after the expiration of six months but if he is found guilty of a second offence he shall return his certificate to the Department of Mines and cannot be an applicant for re-examination

Section 7 Nothing in this article shall prevent a first grade mine foreman or a first grade assistant mine foreman from acting as fire boss or a regularly employed fire boss from acting in an emergency as a first grade assistant mine foreman

ARTICLE VI

Shafts Slopes Drifts Openings and Outlets

Section 1 It shall not be lawful for the operator superintendent or mine foreman of any mine to employ any person to work therein unless there are at least two openings or outlets to the surface from every seam of coal actually being worked and available from every entry thereof which openings or outlets shall have distinct means of ingress and egress available at all times for the use of the employes The distance between two shafts shall not be less than two hundred feet and the distance between the openings to the surface of slopes shall not be less than one hundred and fifty feet and the distance between drifts shall not be less than fifty feet Provided that the distances between said openings shall apply only to mines opened after the passage of this act and provided further that the distances specified may be less with the written consent of the inspector The passageways between said two shafts shall at all times be maintained in safe and available condition for the employes to travel therein and the pillars in entries between said shafts shall not be removed without the consent of the inspector in writing to the superintendent

The foregoing requirements shall not apply to the openings of a new mine or to the openings of a new entry of a mine that is being worked for the purpose of making connection between said two outlets as long as not more than twenty persons are employed at any one time in making the connection or driving the second opening nor shall said requirements apply to any mine in which the second opening has been rendered unavailable by reason of the final robbing or removing of pillars as long as not more than twenty persons are employed therein at any one time

Section 2 The cage or cages or other safe means of egress shall be available at all times for the persons employed in any mine that has no second outlet available

Section 3 There shall be around the side at the bottom of every hoisting shaft (and similarly around the side of such shaft at any intermediate point where it intersects any entry) a passageway not less than five feet high and three feet wide in the clear which passageway shall be either cut through the solid strata or constructed of masonry and shall be kept open at all times so as to enable persons to pass around said shaft in going from one side thereof to the other

Section 4 Every mine generating explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp opened after the passage of this act shall have at least four main entries two of which shall lead from the main opening and two from the second opening into the body of the mine Provided that every new gaseous mine where locked safety lamps are used exclusively projected to open up a large acreage with main entries five thousand feet or more in length shall have at least five main entries two of which shall lead from the main opening and two from the second opening into the body of the mine and the fifth which may be connected with an opening to the surface or with the intake airway at or near the main intake opening) shall be used exclusively as a traveling way for the employes

Every none-gaseous mine opened after the passage of this act shall have at least two main entries one of which shall lead from the main opening and one from the second opening into the body of the mine Provided that in every new non-gaseous mine projected to open up a large acreage with main entries five thousand feet or more in length the operator shall either haul the employes into and out of the mine at the beginning and end of each shift or provide at least three main entries one of which shall lead from the main opening and one from the second opening into the body of the mine and one (which may be connected with an opening to the surface or which the intake airway at or near the main intake opening) shall be used exclusively as a traveling way for the employes

Should any mine opened as a non-gaseous mine become a gaseous mine and in every gaseous mine opened prior to the passage of this act where locked safety lamps are used having less than five main entries that have reached five thousand feet or more in length and are to be extended two thousand feet or more the superintendent shall have a new opening of ample dimensions made from the surface if the inspector of the district and two additional inspectors appointed by the Chief of the Department of Mines shall deem such additional opening necessary for the proper ventilation of the mines or the safety of the miners The main entries and the traveling way shall be extended from this opening to the face of the workings The operator may continue to work said mine or mines under the provisions and requirements of this act for a non-gaseous mine until by due diligence the operator can change conditions to meet the provisions and requirements of this paragraph

The intake and return entries shall be kept drained and free from refuse and obstructions of all kinds so that persons may safely travel therein throughout their whole length and have a safe means of egress from the workings in case of emergency Said entries shall be separated by pillars of coal of sufficient strength and shall not be driven more than two hundred feet beyond the last cut-through except for exploratory purposes

When the main entry of a non-gaseous mine or both main entries of a gaseous mine used for intake for air are also used for mechanical haulage a separate traveling way leading into the body of the mine shall be provided for the use of the employes in going to and from their work or the employes shall be hauled into and out of the mine at the beginning and end of each shift

In all mines where the coal seam is less than three and one-half feet in height such traveling way shall be at least four and one-half feet in height in all mines where the coal seam is four feet in height such traveling way shall be at least five feet in height and the width shall not be less than six feet All such traveling ways shall be well drained kept free from refuse of all kinds and free from smoke noxious gases and electric wires unless said wires are so placed and protected as not to endanger life and are kept in safe condition

Section 5 In every slope with workings on both sides an overcast or an undercast not less than five feet wide and five feet high shall be provided as a passageway for the use of the employes to cross from one side of the slope to the other Said overcast or undercast shall connect with available passageways leading to the workings on both sides of said slope The intervening strata between the slope and the overcast or undercast shall be of sufficient strength at all points to insure safety to the emloyes Provided however that if it is impracticable to drive an overcast or an undercast in the solid an overcast or an undercast if substantially built with masonry or other incombustible material will be deemed sufficient

Section 6 In mines opened after the passage of this act if the opening or outlet other than the main opening is a shaft not more than one hundred feet in depth and is used by employes for the purpose of ingress to or egress from the mine it shall be kept available and in safe condition free from steam dangerous gases and all obstructions and shall be fitted with safe and convenient stairways with steps of an average tread of ten inches and a rise of nine inches not less than two feet in width and not to exceed an angle of forty-five degrees with landings not less than twenty-four inches in width and four feet in length at easy and convenient distances These stairways shall be made safe by having hand rails of suitable material placed on one side or on both sides when requested by the inspector and shall be inspected every twenty-four hours by a competent person employed for that purpose Water that may come from the surface or from the strata in the shaft shall be conducted away so that it will not fall on the stairways or on persons while descending or ascending them

Section 7 After the passage of this act when a mine is operated by a shaft more than one hundred feet in depth the persons employed therein shall be lowered and hoisted by means of machinery unless the second opening is a drift or a slope When the employes are lowered into or hoisted from the mine at the main shaft opening the second opening if a shaft shall also be supplied with a stairway constructed in the manner hereinbefore designated in section six of this article or with suitable machinery for safely lowering and hoisting persons in case of an emergency

Section 8 At any mine where one of the openings hereinbefore required is a slope and is used as a means of ingress and egress by the employes and where the angle of descent of said slope exceeds fifteen degrees and its length from the mouth of the opening exceeds one thousand feet the employes shall be lowered into and hoisted from the mine at the beginning and end of each shift at a speed not to exceed six miles per hour and at every such mine where the angle of descent of said slope averages from five to fifteen degrees and where its length exceeds three thousand feet the employes shall be lowered into and hoisted from the

mine at the beginning and end of each shift at a speed not to exceed six miles per hour Provided however that when a separate traveling way is provided at any such slope the owner or operator may at his their or its option be exempt from the requirements of this section if the angle of said traveling way does not exceed twenty degrees

ARTICLE VII

Sinking of Shafts

Section 1 The operator superintendent or contractor shall erect over every shaft that is being sunk or shall hereafter be sunk a safe and substantial structure to sustain sheaves or pulleys ropes and loads at a height of not less than twenty feet above the tipping place and the top of such shaft and landing platform shall be arranged in such a manner that no material can fall into the shaft while the bucket is being emptied The said structure shall be erected as soon as substantial foundation is obtained and in no case shall a shaft be sunk to a depth of more than fifty feet without such structure

Section 2 If provisions are made to land the bucket on a truck the said truck and platform shall be so constructed that material cannot fall into the shaft

Section 3 Rock and coal from shafts that are being sunk shall not be raised except in a bucket or on a cage and said bucket or cage must be connected with the rope by a safety hook clevis or other safe attachment The rope shall be fastened to the side of the drum and not less than three coils of rope shall always remain on the drum If said shafts are one hundred feet or more in depth they shall be provided with guides and guide attachments applied in such a manner as to prevent the bucket from swinging while being lowered or hoisted and said guides and guide attachments shall be maintained at a distance of not more than seventy-five feet from the bottom of the shaft

Section 4 It shall be the duty of the person in charge of shaft-sinking for the contractor or company to see that the sides of all shafts are properly secured for safety and that no loose rock or material is allowed to remain on any timber on top or on any timber in the shaft after each blast Where explosive gas is encountered the person in charge shall see that the shaft is examined before each shift and before the men descend after each blast and also that the place is safe In sinking shafts all blasts must be exploded by electric battery Provision must also be made for the proper ventilation of shafts while being sunk

Section 5 An efficient brake shall be attached to every drum of an engine used for sinking shafts and all machinery ropes and chains connected therewith shall be examined once every twelve hours

Section 6 Not more than four persons shall be lowered or hoisted in or on a bucket in any shaft at one time and no person shall ride on a loaded bucket

ARTICLE VIII

Signaling Apparatus Safety Catches Hoisting Machinery Ropes Boilers and Connections

Section 1 The operator or the superintendent shall provide and hereafter maintain in good condition from the top to the bottom of every shaft or slope where persons or material are lowered or hoisted a telephone or metal tube of proper diameter suitably adapted to the free passage of sound through which conversation may be held and understood between persons at the top and the bottom of said shaft or slope and he shall also provide means of signaling from the top to the bottom and from the bottom to the top of said shaft or slope The same provisions shall apply to inside planes whereon coal is lowered and persons have to travel when required by the inspector In all gaseous mines telephone connection shall be made from the surface to the main section of the mile All signaling apparatus and telephone connections shall be kept in good condition and shall be always available for service

The operator or the superintendent shall provide every cage used for lowering or hoisting persons with hand rails at sides or overhead and with chain bar or gate at ends and with a sufficient covering overhead to protect persons thereon and shall also provide for each said cage efficient safety catches which shall be tested once every two months and a record of each test shall be sent to the inspector and to the superintendent and also recorded with ink in a book kept at the mine office for that purpose The ropes shall be securely attached to the sides of the drum of every machine that is used for lowering and hoisting persons or material into and out of the mine and the flanges shall have a clearance of not less than four inches when the whole of the rope is wound on the drum and adequate brakes shall be attached to the drum so that the speed thereof can be controlled when men are being lowered or hoisted An efficient indicator that shall show the position of the cages in the shaft shall be attached to the hoisting apparatus and an efficient safety device that will prevent overwinding shall be attached to every engine used for lowering and hoisting persons

All shafts shall be provided with safety gates controlled by the cage at the top and intermediate landings said gates to be approved by the inspector

Section 2 The main coupling chain attached to the socket of the wire rope of every shaft shall be made of the best quality of iron and shall be tested by weights or otherwise to the satisfaction of the inspector the manner of testing and the result obtained to be entered in a book with ink with the day and date of the inspection and bridle chains of the same quality of iron shall be attached to the main hoisting rope three feet above the socket from the top cross-piece of the cage so that no single chain shall be used for lowering or hoisting persons into or out of the mine

Section 3 In shafts where coal is hoisted and employes lowered into or hoisted from the mine the ropes links and chains shall be of ample strength with a factor of saf of not less than five to one of the maximum load In sha used exclusively for lowering or hoisting employes material the factor of safety of ropes links and chains sh not be less than ten to one of the maximum load All s ropes links and chains shall be carefully examined at le once every twenty-four hours by a competent person d gated for that purpose by the superintendent and any de therein found by which life and limb may be endange shall be reported at once in writing to the superintend who shall immediately proceed to remedy the defect until that is accomplished he shall prohibit any per from being lowered into or hoisted from the mine by defective apparatus The person making said examinat shall keep a daily record of each inspection in ink i book kept at the mine office for that purpose and he s send a copy thereof each day to the superintendent

Section 4 All machinery in and about the mines f which any accident would be liable to occur shall be prop fenced off by suitable guard railing

Section 5 No greater number of persons shall be lowe or hoisted at any one time than may be permitted by inspector and notice of the number so allowed to be lowe or hoisted at any one time shall be kept posted by operator or the superintendent in conspicuous places at top and the bottom of the shaft The aforesaid notice s be signed by the inspector The speed of the cage w lowering or hoisting persons shall not exceed nine hun feet a minute

Section 6 All boilers used for generating steam in about the mines shall be kept in good condition and superintendent shall have them examined and inspected duly qualified person once every six months and the re of said inspection shall be posted at the mine office

Section 7 Each boiler shall be provided with a sa valve of sufficient area for the steam to escape and weights or springs properly adjusted

Section 8 No boiler used for generating steam shal placed or allowed to remain inside of any mine wit the consent of the inspector which shall be given in wri to the superintendent and if the inspector allows boiler to be placed inside the mine it shall be encl in a fire-proof building within fifty feet of the bo of an upcast shaft which shaft shall not be less than th five square feet in area

Section 9 Every boiler house shall be provided wi sufficient number of steam gauges which shall be prop connected with the boilers to indicate the pressure of st to the fireman outside foreman or superintendent and other steam gauge shall be attached to the main steam in the engine house so that the hoisting engineer readily examine it

ARTICLE IX

Ventilation

Section 1 The operator or the superintendent of e mine shall provide and maintain ample means of ventila to furnish a constant and adequate supply of pure air fo employes In a non-gaseous mine the minimum quantit air shall not be less than one hundred and fifty cubic fee minute for each person employed In a mine wherein e sive gas is being generated in such quantities that it ca detected by an approved safety lamp the minimum qua of air shall not be less than two hundred cubic feet minute for each person employed therein and as much in either case as one or more of the inspectors may requisite The return air from each split where from sev to ninety persons are employed shall be conducted b overcast or an undercast into the return airway which lead to the main outlet

The ventilation shall be conducted through the entries cross entries and to the working faces of all wor places in the mine in sufficient quantities to dilute off and render harmless the smoke and the noxious dangerous gases generated therein to such an extent all working places and traveling roads shall be in a and healthy condition for the persons working and tr ing therein

No permanent door shall be erected or allowed to re in the main entry in any mine unless its removal sha deemed impracticable by the inspector

Section 2 Where five or more persons are employed a one time in a mine it shall be the duty of the operat the superintendent to provide ample ventilation in ac ance with section one of this article Provided that it not be lawful to use a furnace for ventilating any wherein explosive gas is being generated

Six months after the passage of this act not more seventy persons shall be permitted to work in the continuous air current unless in the judgment of th spector of the district it is impracticable to comply this requirement in which case a larger number no ceeding ninety persons may be permitted to work ther

Section 3 The mine foreman shall see that proper throughs are made in all the room pillars at such dist apart as in the judgment of the inspector may be de requisite not more than thirty-five nor less than si yards each for the purpose of ventilation

Section 4 The quantity of air passing a given point be ascertained by an anemometer the measurements taken by the mine foreman once every week at or nea main inlet and outlet airway in the mine and also at th cut-through in the last room and in the entry beyon last room turned Said measurements shall be taken on when the men are at work

Section 5 In all mines all stoppings in cut-through tween the main intake and return airways shall be stantially built of masonry concrete or other incombu material and shall be of ample strength and in mines erating explosive gas all new stoppings and renewals stoppings in cross entries shall be built of masonry co

r other incombustible material Stoppings in cross entries n non-gaseous mines may be built of timber All stoppings hall be kept in good condition so as to keep the air p to the working faces Temporary stoppings shall be rected in cut-throughs in rooms to conduct the ventilation o the face of each room and such stoppings may be constructed of timber or brattice cloth

Section 6 Every ventilating fan at non-gaseous mines hall be kept in operation continuously day and night unless perations are indefinitely suspended except when written ermission is given by the inspector to stop it The aid permission or a copy thereof shall be posted by the nine foreman in a conspicuous place at the entrance or enrances to the mine and shall state the particular hours the an may be stopped The inspector shall have the power to withdraw or modify such permission at any time and in ny manner he may deem best In all cases however the an shall be started two hours before the time to begin ork Every ventilating fan at gaseous mines shall be kept n operation continuously day and night unless operations re definitely suspended Provided that should it at any time ecome necessary to stop the fan at any mine (gaseous or on-gaseous) on account of accident to part of the mahinery connected therewith or by reason of any other unvoidable cause it shall then be the duty of the mine foreman or the assistant mine foreman in charge after first aving provided for the safety of the persons employed in he mine to order said fan stopped for necessary repairs

Every ventilating fan shall be provided with a recording nstrument by which the number of revolutions or the ffective ventilating pressure of the fan shall be registered nd the registration for each day with the date thereof shall e kept in the office at the mine for future reference for ne year

No main or principal ventilating fan shall be placed inside f any mine No auxiliary fan unless driven by electricity r compressed air shall be placed in any mine If the fan be lectrically driven the motor shall be placed in the intake irway

Every ventilating furnace in a mine shall be properly attended to and operated by a competent person employed by ne mine-foreman for that purpose for two hours before ne appointed time to begin work and constantly thereafter uring working hours

Section 7 In every mine all air bridges overcasts or unercasts shall be substantially built of masonry concrete r other incombustible material of ample strength or shall e driven through the solid strata It shall be the duty of ne mine foreman to see that these bridges are properly uilt and are of ample strength

Section 8 In every mine the doors used for guiding and irecting the ventilation shall be so hung and adjusted that ney will close of them selves or shall be supplied with prings or pulleys so that they cannot remain open All rincipal doors shall be so placed that when one door is open nother which has the same effect upon the same current hall be closed and remain closed to prevent any stoppage f the air current An attendant shall be employed at each rincipal door (that is the door that controls the main air urrent in the entries) through which cars are hauled for ne purpose of opening and closing it for the employes and ars to pass in and out from the workings unless a self-cting door approved by the inspector is used A hole for nelter shall be provided at each door to protect the attendnt from danger from cars while performing his duties ersons employed for this purpose shall remain at the doors t all times during working hours Provided that the same ttendant may attend two doors if his absence from the rst door does not endanger the safety of the mployes At every door on any incline plane or road hereon haulage is done by machinery an attendant shall ways be on duty during working hours and at every door n said plane or road an extra door shall be provided for se in case of necessity Whenever a principal door is placed n extra door shall also be provided to be used in case of ecessity

Section 9 No product of petroleum or alcohol or any mpound that in the opinion of the inspector will contamiate the air to such an extent as to be injurious to the health f the miner shall be used as motive power in any mine

Section 10 If any person shall construct or cause to be nstructed or used or permit to be used from and after the ate of the passage of this act any sewer or other method f drainage from any building or dwelling house for the rrying of sewage offal refuse or other offensive matter into ny operating mine or any entry way passage or room in ny mine (such entry way passage or room being used for ntilating or drainage purposes or for a traveling way) uch person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon nviction thereof shall be sentenced to a fine not exceeding ne thousand dollars and undergo an imprisonment not exeeding one year either or both at the discretion of the urt

ARTICLE X

ocked Safety Lamps and Open Lights Defining When Either or Both Can Be Used

Section 1 The use of open lights is prohibited in any try airway traveling way room or any other working place here explosive gas is being generated in such quantity as n be detected by an approved safety lamp also in pillar orkings where a sudden inflow of explosive gas is likely be encountered and all such places shall be worked exusively with locked safety lamps The u of open lights also prohibited in all working places roadways or other rtions of the mine through which explosive gas might be rried in the air current in quantities indicating danger ovided however that if the inspector is of the opinion that y mine or any portion of any mine should be operated by the use of locked safety lamps exclusively he shall have the right to petition the Chief of the Department of Mines in writing setting forth such opinion and his reasons therefor Whereupon the said Chief shall forthwith instruct two or more other inspectors to accompany the inspector of the district to make a further thorough examination into the matter in dispute and of all workings of said mine whether in active operation or not The said committee of inspectors shall within seven days of their appointment make a report in writing to the Chief of the Department of Mines and to the superintendent general manager operator or owner of said mine giving the conclusions arrived at with their reasons therefor and the decision of said committee shall be final and conclusive unless the superintendent general manager operator or owner shall within seven days of the receipt thereof appeal from such decision to the Court of Quarter Sessions of the county in which the mine is located Whereupon the court or a judge of said court in chambers shall forthwith appoint four practical reputable and competent persons two of whom shall be recommended by the superintendent general manager operator or owner and the other two by the Chief of the Department of Mines and the four persons thus recommended shall name a fifth person who also must be practical reputable and equally competent and the five persons so named none of whom shall be in the employ of the operator operating company or any of its officers or of the State Department of Mines shall constitute a commission to investigate and report on the matter in dispute Provided however in case any or all of said four persons are not recommended by a writing filed in said court within seven days after the appeal is filed that then the said court shall fill the vacancy or vacancies by the appointment of a practical reputable and competent person or persons and in case the four persons thus chosen shall not agree in writing upon the fifth person of this commission within five days after they have received notice of their appointment then the said court shall appoint the said fifth person on this commission The duty of said commission of five persons shall be under the instruction of the court to forthwith examine said mine or a portion thereof and report under oath within ten days after their appointment the facts as they exist and the conditions pertaining thereto and based upon such conditions and facts the decision of a majority on the matter in dispute and their report and decision shall be final and conclusive unless exceptions thereto shall be filed by the superintendent general manager operator or owner or the Chief of the Department of Mines within seven days of the filing of said commission's report If exceptions are filed the court shall at once hear and upon testimony taken thereon determine them and enter a decree in accordance with such determination Provided that the superintendent general manager operator owner or Chief of the Department of Mines shall thereafter have the right to have the record and proceedings removed to the Supreme Court for review by appeal or writ of error

Section 2 If said court of quarter sessions sustains the decision of the committee of inspectors and said court's decree is not appealed from or if on appeal the supreme court finally sustains the decision of the inspectors then the appellant from said decision of the committee of inspectors shall pay all costs of such proceedings but if the said court of quarter sessions or the supreme court shall not sustain the decision of the committee of inspectors then all costs shall be paid by the Commonwealth Provided however that any and all appeals from any decision made by the committee of inspectors or made by the committee appointed by the court of quarter sessions shall work as a supersedeas to such decision during the pendency of such appeal either to the court of quarter sessions or to the supreme court

Section 3 The use of open lights is strictly prohibited in the return air current of any portion of a mine that is ventilated by the same continuous air current that ventilates any other portion of said mine in which locked safety lamps are used The provisions of this section shall not apply to any mine wherein explosive gas is generated only at the face of active entries

Section 4 If at any time one portion of a mine is worked by the use of locked safety lamps while another portion is worked by the use of open lights the return air from the gaseous portion shall be conducted directly into a return airway leading to the fan or to the outlet Provided that when a portion of a mine is worked by the use of locked safety lamps and other portions are worked by the use of open lights it shall be the duty of the mine foreman to provide a suitable danger station with an attendant on duty at all times during working hours day and night whose duty it shall be to see that the employes from the open light portion are not allowed to enter the locked safety lamp portion unless they are provided with locked safety lamps by said attendant

Section 5 The employes of a gaseous mine or any portion thereof are strictly prohibited from traveling into or out of the mine in the return air current if explosive gas can be detected by an approved safety lamp in said air current

Section 6 When safety lamps are used the position of the lamp station for lighting or relighting shall not be in the return air current

Section 7 Nothing in this article shall interfere with the discretionary powers of inspectors as provided for in article twenty

Section 8 Whenever safety lamps are used in a mine by fire bosses or other persons they shall be so constructed that they may be safely carried against the air current ordinarily prevailing in that portion of the mine in which the lamps are being used

Section 9 All safety lamps used for examining mines or for working therein shall be the property of the operator and shall be in the care of the mine foreman assistant mine foreman fire boss or some other competent person or persons appointed by the mine foreman whose duty it shall be

to clean fill trim examine light and deliver them locked and in a safe condition to the men when entering the mine and to receive the lamps from the men when returning from work for which services a charge not exceeding the actual cost of labor and material may be made by the operator At any mine wherein explosive gas was generated within one year before the passage of this act in sufficient quantities to be detected by an approved safety lamp a sufficient number of safety lamps not less than one-fourth of the number of safety lamps in use shall be kept in a convenient place and in good condition for use in case of emergency It shall be the duty of every person who knows that his safety lamp is injured or defective to return it immediately and report such fact to the person authorized to receive and care for said lamp who shall report the matter to the mine foreman assistant mine foreman or fire boss as soon as practicable

ARTICLE XI.

Special Rules for the Installation of Electricity

The following rules shall be observed as far as is reasonably practicable in the mines

Definitions

Potential
The terms "Potential" and "Voltage" are synonymous and mean electrical pressure

Difference of Potential
The expression "Difference of Potential" means the difference of electrical pressure existing between any two points of an electrical system or between any point of such a system and the earth as determined by a volt meter

Potential of a Circuit
The potential or voltage of a circuit machine or any piece of electrical apparatus is the potential normally existing between the conductors of such circuit or the terminals of such machine or apparatus

(a) Where the conditions of the supply of electricity are such that the difference in potential between any two points of the circuit cannot exceed three hundred volts the supply shall be deemed a low voltage supply

(b) Where the conditions of the supply of electricity are such that the difference of potential between any two points in the circuit may at any time exceed three hundred volts but cannot exceed six hundred and fifty volts the supply shall be deemed a medium voltage supply

(c) Where the conditions of the supply of electricity are such that the difference of potential between any two points in the circuit may at any time exceed six hundred and fifty volts the supply shall be deemed a high voltage supply

Grounding
Grounding any part or an electric system shall consist in so connecting such part to the earth that there shall be no difference of potential between them

Explosion or Flame Proof
Explosion or flame proof casings or enclosures are those which when completely filled with a mixture of methane and air and the same exploded are capable of either entirely confining the products of such explosion within the casing or of so discharging them from the casing that they cannot ignite a mixture of methane and air combined in proportions most sensitive to ignition and entirely surrounding the points of discharge and in most intimate proximity therewith

Underground Station
An underground station is herein considered as any place where electrical machinery is permanently installed

SECTION ONE

General

Capacity Installation Et Cetera
1 All electrical apparatus and conductors shall be sufficient in size and power for the work they may be called upon to do and as hereinafter prescribed efficiently covered or safeguarded and so installed worked and maintained as to reduce danger from accidental shock or fire to the minimum and shall be of such construction and so worked that the rise in temperature caused by ordinary working will not injure the insulating materials

2 For work underground when supplied with current at a voltage higher than medium voltage no transformer shall have a normal capacity of less than five kilowatts nor shall a motor have a normal capacity of less than fifteen brake horse power

Grounding
3 All metallic coverings armoring of cables other than trailing cables and where installed underground the frames and bed plates of generators transformers and motors other than low voltage portable motors shall be efficiently grounded as shall also the neutral wire of three wire continuous current systems

Voltage Restrictions
4 Motors of coal cutting and other portable machines and of electric locomotives shall not be used at a voltage higher than medium voltage

5 No higher voltage than medium voltage shall be used underground except for transmission or for application to transformers or other apparatus in which the whole of the high voltage circuit is stationary

6 In gaseous mines high voltage transmission cables shall be installed in the intake airways only and high voltage motors and transformers shall be installed only in suitable chambers ventilated by the intake air which has not passed through or by a gaseous district

7 All high voltage machines apparatus and lines shall be so marked as to clearly indicate that they are dangerous by the use of the word "Danger" placed at frequent intervals

Ground Detectors
8 All underground systems of distribution that are completely insulated from earth shall be equipped with properly installed ground detectors of suitable design

The condition of such system as indicated by the ground detector shall be noted each day by the person in cha of the underground wiring or by another competent per who shall immediately report to him the occurrence o ground

Switchboards
9 Main and distribution switch and fuse boards shall made of incombustible insulating material such as mar or slate free from metallic veins and be fixed in as dr situation as practicable

Precaution Against Shock
10 Gloves or mats of rubber or other suitable insul ing material shall be provided and used by persons so gaged when repairs are made to the live parts of electrical apparatus or when the live parts of electr apparatus have to be handled for the purpose of adjustm

Electrician
11 At every mine where electricity is used below gro for power there shall be employed a competent mine e trician who shall have full charge of the electrical paratus in the mine but shall be subject to the autho of the mine foreman

12 Any person who shall wilfully damage or with authority alter or make connections to any portion o mine electrical system shall be guilty of a misdemeanc

Restoration from Shock
13 Instructions shall be posted in every generat transforming and motor room and at entrance to the m containing directions as to the restoration of persons fering from electric shock and all employes working connection with electrical apparatus shall be familiar and know how to carry out these instructions

Plan of Electrical System
14 A plan shall be kept at the mine showing the l tion of all stationary electrical apparatus in connec with the mine electrical system including permanent ca conductors lights switches and trolley lines The shall be of sufficient size to show clearly the positio such apparatus and the scale shall not be less than hundred feet per inch There shall be stated on the the capacity in horse-power of each motor and in watts of each generator or transformer and the natur its duty Such plans shall be corrected as often as ma necessary to keep them up to date at intervals not ceeding six months

Report of Defective Equipment
15 In the event of a breakdown or of damage or in to any portion of the electrical equipment in a min of overheating or of the appearance of sparks or arcs side of enclosing casings or in the event of any por of the equipment not a part of the electrical circuit be ing alive every such occurrence shall be promptly repo to the person in charge of electrical equipment

SECTION TWO

Underground Stations and Transformer Rooms

Switchboards
16 All switches circuit breakers rheostats fuses and struments used in connection with underground m generators rotary converters high voltage motors tr formers and low and medium voltage motors of more fifty horse-power capacity shall be installed upon a suit switchboard Similar equipment for low and medium age motors of fifty horse-power and less may be s rately installed if mounted upon insulating bases of or equivalent insulating material

17 In underground stations where switchboards ar stalled there shall be a passageway in front of the sw board not less than three feet in width and if there any high voltage connections at the back of the sw board any passageway behind the switchboard shall n less than three feet clear

18 The space at the back of the switchboards sha properly floored accessible from each end and in the of high voltage switchboards shall be kept locked up the lock shall allow of the door being opened from inside without the use of a key The floor at the bac high voltage boards shall be incombustible

19 Where the supply is at a voltage exceeding the its of medium voltage there shall be no live metal on the front of the main switchboard within seven of the floor or platform and the space provided under seventeen of this section shall not be less than four in the clear Insulating floors or mats shall be pro for medium voltage boards where live metal work is o front

Protection of Circuits Leading Underground
20 In every completely insulated feeder circuit in cess of twenty-five kilowatts capacity leading undergr and operating at a potential not exceeding the limi medium voltage there shall be provided above grou switch on each pole and an automatic overload circuit br on at least one pole in the case of direct current ci and on at least two poles of polyphase alternating cu circuits In case of ground return direct current ci a switch and circuit breaker shall be installed in the dergrounded side of the circuit but may be omitted fro return side Fuses may be substituted for circuit bre In circuits transmitting twenty-five kilowatts or less circuit leading underground shall be provided with a able ammeter

21 Every alternating current feeder circuit leading derground and operating at a potential exceeding the of medium voltage shall be provided above ground an oil break switch on each pole such switch or swi to be equipped with an automatic overload trip Each circuit shall also be provided with a suitable ammet

Transformer Rooms
22 Transformer rooms shall be of fire-proof cons tion

23 Where the potential of circuits entering or le a transformer exceeds the limits of medium voltage shall be protected by an oil break switch on each each such switch or switches to be equipped with an matic overload trip

24 Where the potential of circuits entering or leaving a transformer does not exceed the limits of medium voltage they shall be protected by a switch and an automatic circuit breaker on each pole except that fuses may be substituted for the circuit breakers in the case of lighting circuits and in the case of power circuits transmitting twenty-five kilowatts or less

25 All transformers shall be provided with suitable ammeter in either the primary or secondary circuits

Protection of Machine Terminals

26 All terminals on machines over medium voltage underground shall be protected with insulating covers or with metal covers connected to earth

Unauthorized Persons

27 No person other than one authorized by the mine foreman shall enter a station or transformer room or interfere with the working of any apparatus connected therewith

Fire Buckets

28 Fire buckets filled with clean dry sand shall be kept in electrical stations and transformer rooms ready for immediate use in extinguishing fires

SECTION THREE

Transmission Circuits and Conductors

Power and Light Circuits

29 All high pressure wires used inside of the mines shall be in the form of insulated lead-covered or armored conductors subject to insulation tests and with carrying capacity according to the rules of the National Board of Fire Underwriters

Medium or low pressure conductors may be bare except in gaseous portions of mines no bare conductors shall be used in rooms or beyond the last cut-through in intake entries

30 All underground cables and wires other than trailing cables unless provided with grounded metallic covering shall be supported by means of efficient insulators The conductor connecting lamp to the power supply shall in all cases be insulated

Main Circuits

31 Every main circuit coming from generating or transformer stations shall there be provided with switches fuses and circuit breakers as described in section two rules twenty and twenty-one and rules twenty-three to twenty-five inclusive

32 If the transmission lines of low or medium voltage from the generating station are overhead there shall be lightning arresters installed in connection therewith at the generating station If the distance from the generating station to the point where the lines enter the mine is more than five hundred feet an additional arrester shall be installed at this point and in no case shall the arresters be more than one thousand feet apart

33 In any gaseous mine or gaseous portions of a mine the electrical supply shall be brought underground only through such portions of the mine as are ventilated by intake air

Branch Circuits

34 Every branch circuit shall be provided at the point where it leaves the main circuit with a switch of not less than one hundred ampere capacity on each pole

Size of Conductors

35 The size of all conductors shall be determined with regard to the maximum amount of current which they are to carry by reference to the table provided by the National Board of Fire Underwriters which shows maximum current carrying capacities of copper conductors

Grounded Circuits

36 One side of grounded circuits shall be efficiently insulated from earth

Overhead Circuits above Ground

37 Overhead bare wires above ground shall be supported upon insulators which shall be adequate in quality size and design for voltage transmitted

Underground Trolley

38 In underground roads the trolley wires shall be installed as far to one side of the passageway as is practicable and securely supported upon hangers efficiently insulated and placed at such intervals that the sag between points of support shall not exceed three inches The sag between points of support can exceed three inches if the height of the trolley wire above the rail is five feet or more and does not touch the roof when the trolley passes under

39 All other wires except telephone shot firing and signal wires shall be on the same side of the road as the trolley wire

40 At all landings and partings where men are required to regularly work or pass under trolley or other bare power wires which are placed less than six and one-half feet above top of rail a suitable protection shall be provided This protection may consist of channeling the roof placing boards along the wire which shall extend below it or the use of other approved devices that afford protection

41 All branch trolley lines shall be fitted with an automatic trolley switch or section insulator and line switch or some other device that will allow the current to be shut off from such branch headings

42 It is recommended that where air or water pipes parallel the grounded return of power circuits the return be securely bonded to such pipes at frequent intervals to eliminate the possibility of a difference of potential between rail and pipes and to prevent electrolysis of the pipes The rail return shall be of sufficient capacity for the current used independent of the capacity of the pipes On main haulage roads both rails shall be bonded and cross bonds shall be placed at points not to exceed two hundred feet apart

Lighting Circuits

43 Where wires for electric incandescent lamps are connected to the trolley circuit the lug of the trolley hanger to which connection is made shall be drilled to receive the lighting wire and provided with a set screw for securing same in place Lighting wires shall not be wrapped or tied about the stems or studs of trolley hangers The ground connection for lighting wires taken off the trolley circuit must be made to the track circuit

44 Wires for all lighting circuits shall be covered with an insulation adequate for the voltage of the circuit and strung on porcelain or glass insulators unless they are encased in pipes or other metallic covering If separate uncased wires are used they shall be kept at least three inches apart except where they enter the fittings If metallic casings are used they shall be grounded efficiently

Joints in Conductors

45 All joints in conductors shall be mechanically and electrically efficient and wherever it is possible to do so they shall be soldered Wherever the conductors cannot be soldered together suitable screw clamps or connectors shall be used All joints in insulated wire shall after the joint is complete be reinsulated to at least the same extent as the remainder of the wire

Insulation and Covering

46 All high voltage conductors inside of the mines shall be in the form of insulated lead-covered or armored cables subject to approved insulation tests and having carrying capacities in accordance with rule thirty-five section three

47 Where lead-covered or armored cable is used the lead or armor shall be electrically continuous throughout and shall be efficiently grounded

Cables Entering Fittings

48 The exposed ends of cables where they enter fittings of any description shall be so protected and finished off that moisture cannot enter the cable or the insulating material if of an oily or viscous nature leak

49 Where unarmored cables or wires pass through metal frames or into boxes or motor casings the holes shall be substantially bushed with insulating bushings and where necessary with gastight bushings which cannot readily become displaced

Joints in Cables

50 Where cables other than signal cables are joined suitable junction boxes shall be used or the joints shall be soldered and the insulation armoring or lead covering replaced in at least as good condition as it was originally

Power Wires and Cables in Shafts

51 All power wires and cables in hoisting shafts or manway compartments shall be highly insulated and substantially fixed in position

Shaft cables whose conductors or covering are not capable of sustaining their own weight shall be supported at intervals not to exceed twenty-five feet by suitable grips which cannot cause abrasion of the covering or insulation but shall so support the cable that no grip shall carry more than the weight of the cable between any two successive grips Where the cables are not completely boxed in and protected from falling material space shall be left between them and the side of the shaft that they may yield and so lessen a blow given by falling material

Cables in Haulage Roads

52 Where the cables or feed wires other than trolley wires in main haulage roads cannot be kept at least twelve inches from any part of the mine car or locomotive they shall be specially protected by proper guards

53 Cables and wires unless provided with metallic coverings shall not be fixed to walls or timbers by means of uninsulated fastenings

Protection During Blasting Et Cetera

54 When main or other roads are being repaired or blasting is being carried on suitable temporary protection from damage shall be given the cables

Trailing Cables

55 Trailing cables for portable machines shall be specially flexible heavily insulated and protected with extra stout braiding hose pipes or other equally effective covering

56 Each trailing cable in use shall be daily examined by the machine operator for abrasions and other defects and he shall also be required to carefully observe the trailing cable while in use and shall at once report any defect to the person in charge of electrical equipment

57 In the event of the trailing cable in service breaking down or becoming damaged in any way or of its inflicting a shock upon any person it shall be at once put out of service The faulty cable shall not again be used until it has been repaired and tested by a properly authorized person

58 The trailing cable shall be divided at the motor but only for such length as is necessary for making connection to the motor and the cable with its outer covering complete shall be securely clamped to the motor frame in such a manner as to protect the cable from injury and to prevent any mechanical strain being borne by the single ends that make electrical connection to the motor

59 In gaseous portions of mines a fixed terminal box shall be provided at the points where trailing cables are attached at the power supply This terminal box shall be flame-proof and shall contain a switch and fuse on each pole of the circuit The switch shall be so arranged that it can only be operated from without the box when the latter is completely closed and the switch shall also be so constructed that the trailing cables cannot be attached or removed when the switch is closed

SECTION FOUR

Switches Fuses and Circuit Breakers

Operation and Capacity

60 Fuses and automatic circuit breakers shall be so constructed as effectually to interrupt the current on short circuit or when the current through them exceeds a predetermined value Open type fuses shall be provided with terminals

Circuit breakers shall be adjustable to trip at from fifty per centum to one hundred and fifty per centum of their nominalrated capacity and provided with an indicator which shall show at what current the circuit breaker is set to trip.

61 Fuses shall be stamped or marked or shall have a label attached indicating the maximum current which they are intended to carry Fuses shall only be adjusted or replaced by a competent person authorized by the mine foreman

Feeder Circuit-Breakers

62 Circuit breakers used to protect feeder circuits shall be set to trip when the current exceeds by more than fifty per centum the current carrying capacity of the feeder In case the feeder is subjected to overloads sufficient to trip the circuit breaker but of short duration the circuit breaker may be equipped with a device which will prevent its acting unless the overload persists for a longer period than ten seconds

Feeder Fuses

63 Fuses used to protect feeders shall have a less current rating than the feeder

Bases

64 All switches circuit breakers and fuses shall have incombustible bases

Switches

65 All points at which a circuit other than a signal circuit has to be made or broken shall be provided with proper switches The use of hooks or other makeshifts is prohibited except that connection for gathering locomotives or locomotives and machines used in driving headings or rooms may be made to the trolley by means of suitable hooks switches shall be so installed that they cannot be closed by gravity In any gaseous portion of a mine switches circuit breakers or fuses shall not be of the open type but must be inclosed in explosion-proof casings or break under oil

SECTION FIVE

Motors

Stationary Motors

66 Every stationary motor underground together with its starting resistance shall be protected by a fuse on each pole or circuit-breaking device on at least one pole for direct current and two poles for alternating current motors and by switches arranged to entirely cut off the power from the motor The above devices shall be installed in a convenient position near the motor and every stationary underground motor of one hundred brake horse power or over shall be provided with a suitable meter to indicate the load on the machine

Motors in Gaseous Mines

67 In any gaseous portion of a mine all motors unless placed in such rooms as are separately ventilated with intake air shall have all their current carrying parts also their starters terminals and connections completely enclosed in explposion-proof enclosures made of non-inflammable material These enclosures shall not be opened except by an authorized person and then only when the power is switched off The power shall not be switched on while the enclosures are open

Underground Stationary Motors in Non-Gaseous Mines

68 Motors used for operating fans in non-gaseous mines where they are so situated that they are not under constant supervision of a competent man shall be totally enclosed (not necessarily explosion-proof) unless placed in a chamber or passageway completely lined with incombustible material and the chamber or passageway itself free from combustible material

Detection of Gas

69 In working places where gas is likely to be encountered a safety lamp or other suitable apparatus for the detection of fire damp shall be provided for use with each machine when working and should any indication of fire damp appear on the flame of the safety lamp or other apparatus used for the detection of fire damp the person in charge shall immediately stop the machine cut off the current at the nearest switch and report the matter to the mine foreman

Enclosed Motors

70 All enlosed motors used underground shall be opened and thoroughly inspected by the person in charge of electrical equipment or his assistant at least once a week and where necessary shall then be cleaned and repaired Enclosed switches shall be opened and inspected at least once a month

Electric Coal-Cutting Machines

71 No man shall be placed in charge of a coal-cutting machine in any gaseous portion of a mine who is not a competent person capable of determining the safety of the roof and sides of the working place and detecting the presence of explosive gas

72 In any gaseous portion of a mine a coal-cutting machine shall not be brought within the last break-through next the working face until the machine man shall have made an inspection for gas in the place where the machine is to work unless such examination is then made by some other competent person or appointed for that purpose by the mine forman If any explosive gas is found in the place the machine shall not be taken in

73 No coal-cutting machine shall be continued in operation in a gaseous portion of a mine for a longer period than half an hour without an examination as a made for gas and if gas is found the current shall at once be switched off the machine and the trailing cable shall forthwith be disconnected from the power supply

74 The person finding gas shall at once report the fact to the fire boss or mine foreman and the machine shall not again be started in such place until the fire boss or a person duly be started in such place until the fire boss or a person duly authorized by the mine foreman has examined it and pronounced it safe

75 The person in charge of a coal-cutter or drilling machine shall not leave the machine while it is working and shall before leaving the working place see that the current is cut off from the trailing cables

76 In any gaseous portion of a mine if any electric sparking or arc be produced outside a coal-cutting or other portable motor or by the cables or rails the machine shal be stopped and not be worked again until the defect is repaired and the occurrence shall be reported to an official of the mine

SECTION SIX

Electric Locomotives

Trolley System

77 Electric haulage by locomotives operated from a trolley wire is not permissible in any gaseous portions of mines except upon the intake air fresh from the outside

78 In no case shall the potential used in the trolley system be higher than the medium voltage

Storage Battery System

79 Storage battery locomotives shall be used in gaseous mines only when the boxes containing the cells and all electrical parts are enclosed in flame and explosion-proof casings (For regulations covering the installation of the trolley wire see section theee rules thirty-eight to forty-two inclusive)

SECTION SEVEN

Electric Lighting

Arc Lamps

80 Arc lamps shall not be used in gaseous mines except under condtions where the trolley locomotives are allowable

81 If arc lamps are used underground in coal mines they shall be of the enclosed arc type and shall not be use in situations where there is likely to be danger from the presence of coal dust

Incandescent Lamps

82 In all mines the sockets of fixed incandescent lamps shall be of the so-called "weather-proof" type the exterior of which shall be entirely non-metalilc Flexible lamp cord connections are prohibited except for portable lamps as covered by rule eighty-five

83 In any gaseous portions of a mine except where ventilated by fresh intake air incandescent lamps shall be protected by gastight fittings of strong glass except that lamps of two hundred and tewnty volts or higher and not of more than eight candle power and without tips need not be so protected

84 Incandescent lamps shall be so placed that they cannot come in contact wth combustible material

85 Portable incandescent lamps other than battery lamps shall not be used except in connection with the repair and inspection of machines and equipment and then only in non-gaseous portions of mines When so used they shall be protected by a heavy wire cage completely enclosing both lamp and socket and shall be provided with a handle to which both cage and socket are firmly attached and through which leading-in wires are carried

86 Electric lamps shall be replaced by a competent person only and in gaseous portons of a mine only after an examination for gas has been made with a safety lamp

For other regulations regarding electric lighting circuits see section three rules forty-three to forty-five inclusive

SECTION EIGHT

Shot Firing By Electricity

Shot Firing Circuits

87 Electricity from any grounded circuit shall not be used for firing shots

88 When shot-firing cables or wires are used in the vicinity of power or lighting conductors special precaution shall be taken to prevent the shot-firing cables or wires from coming in contact with the light power or any other circuits

Shot Firers

89 Only competent persons who have the necessary training and skill and who have been properly instructed in the work and duly authorized by the mine foreman shall be allowed to fire shots electrically in any mine

Electric Detonators

90 All electric detonators and leads thereto shall be suitable for the conditions under which the blasting is carried and shall be of a type approved by the Pittsburg Testing Station of the Federal Bureau of Mines Detonators shall be kept in a dry place and never stored with any other explosive

Portable Firing Machines and Batteries

91 Portable shot firing machines sometimes called generators shall be enclosed in a tightly constructed case when employed in any portion of the mine All contacts will be made or broken shall be within the case except that the binding posts for making connections to the firing leads may be outside

92 Primary or secondary batteries used for shot firing shall be provided with a suitable case covered by rule ninety-one The batteries shall be constructed so that the wires of a detonator or leads should accidentally or otherwise come in contact with the binding posts no current will be discharged They shall be provided with a detachable handle plug or key without which the current cannot be closed or provided with one or more safety contact buttons which are well countersunk or protected by a non-conducting housing The plugs handles or keys shall be detached when not actually in use for firing a shot and shall not under any circumstances pass from the person in custody of the person commissioned to fire the shots while on duty

93 All portable devices for generating or supplying electricity for shot firing when in a mine shall be in charge of the person commissioned to fire the shots

94 No firing machine or battery shall be connected to the shot firing leads until all other steps preparatory to the firing of a shot have been completed and all persons have moved to a place of safety and no person other than the shot firer shall make such connection

Disconnecting of Leads

95 Immediately after the firing of a shot the firing leads shall be disconnected from the supply or source of electricity and no person shall approach a shot which has failed to explode until the firing leads have been so disconnected by the shot firer from the device and an interval of five minutes has elapsed since the last attempt to fire the shot

Tests of Generators and Batteries

96 Frequent tests shall be made of all devices cove

rule ninety-three to insure that their capacity has not
en decreased by use or accident
ecial Systems
97 The use of special electrical shot firing systems or
uipment not covered by the foregoing shall receive the
proval of the Pittsburg Testing Station of the Federal
reau of Mines

SECTION NINE

Electric Signaling

ecautions
98 All proper precautions shall be taken to prevent elec-
c signal and telephone wires from coming into contact
th other electric conductors whether insulated or not
aracter of Equipment
99 Bells wires insulators contact-makers and other ap-
ratus used in connection with electric signaling under-
ound shall be of suitable design of substantial and re-
ble construction and erected in such a manner as to
duce the liability of failures or false signals to a mini-
im
ximum Potential
100 In any gaseous portion of a mine the potential used
signal purposes shall not exceed twenty-four volts and
re wires shall not be used for signal circuits except in
ulage roads
lephones
101 It is recommended that telephonic communication
established between the outside of the mine and the
incipal points of operation underground

SECTION TEN

Electric Relighting of Safety Lamps

102 If in any place or portion of a mine in which safety
mps are used they are relighted underground by elec-
city the mine foreman shall select a suitable station or
tions not being in the return airway and where there
not likely to be any accumulation of inflammable gas
d no electric relighting apparatus shall be used in any
ner place All electrical relighting apparatus shall be
urely locked and shall not be available for use except
persons authorized by the mine foreman to relight
fety lamps and such persons shall examine all safety
mps brought for relighting before they are reissued

ARTICLE XII

Opening for Drainage Et Cetera on Other Lands

Section 1 If any person firm or corporation is or shall
reafter be seized in his or their own right of coal lands
shall hold such lands under lease and shall have opened
shall desire to open a coal mine on said land and it shall
t be practicable to drain or ventilate such mines or to
mply with the requirements of this act as to ways of
ress and egress or traveling ways by means of open-
gs on lands owned or held under lease by him them or
and the same can be done by means of openings on ad-
ent lands he they or it may apply by petition to the
rt of quarter sessions of the proper county after ten
s' notice to the owner or owners their agents or attor-
y setting forth the facts under oath or affirmation par-
ularly describing the place or places where such open-
g or openings can be made and the pillars of coal or
ner material necessary for the support of such passage-
y and the right-of-way necessary to any public road as
y be needed in connection with such opening and that
or they cannot agree with the owner or owners of the
d as to the amount to be paid for the privilege of mak-
such opening or openings whereupon the said court
ll appoint three disinterested and competent citizens of
county to view the ground designated and lay out from
point or points mentioned in such petition a passage
passages not more than eighty feet in area by either
ft shaft or slope or by a combination of any of said
thods by any practicable and convenient route to the
l of such person firm or corporation preferring in all
es an opening through the coal strata where the same
practicable The said viewers shall at the same time
ess the damages to be paid by the petitioner or peti-
ners to the owner or owners of such lands for the coal
other valuable material to be removed in the excava-
n and construction of said passage also for such coal
other valuable material necessary to support the said
sage as well as for a right of way not exceeding fifteen
t in width from any such opening to any public road
enable persons to gain entrance to the mine through
h opening or to provide therefrom upon the surface a
ter course of suitable dimensions to a natural water
eam to enable the operator to discharge the water from
d mine if such right-of-way shall be desired by the peti-
ner or petitioners which damages shall be fully paid
ore such opening is made The proceedings shall be
orded in the road docket of the proper county and the
of the viewers shall be the same as in road cases If
eptions be filed they shall be disposed of by the court
speedily as possible and both parties shall have the
nt to take depositions as in road cases If however the
itioner desires to make such openings or roads or water-
ys before the final disposition of such exceptions he shall
e the right to do so by giving bond to be approved by
court securing the damages as provided by law in the
e of lateral railroads
ection 2 It shall be compulsory upon the part of the
e owner or operator to exercise the powers granted by
provisions of the last preceding section for the pro-
ing of a right-of-way on the surface from the opening
a coal mine to a public road or public roads upon the
uest in writing of fifty miners employed in the mine
mines of such owner or operator Provided however
t with such request satisfactory security be deposited
h the mine owner or operator by said petitioners (being
l miners) to fully and sufficiently pay all costs damages
expenses caused by such proceedings and in paying for
h right of way

Section 3 In any mine or mines or portions thereof wherein water may have been allowed to accumulate in large and dangerous quantities putting in danger the adjoining or adjacent mines and the lives of the miners working therein and when such can be tapped and set free and flow by its own gravity to any point of drainage it shall be lawful for any operator or person having mines so endangered with the approval of the inspector of the district to proceed to remove the said danger by driving a drift or drifts protected by bore holes as provided for by this act and in removing said danger it shall be lawful to drive across property lines if needful

And it shall be unlawful for any person to dam or in any way obstruct the flow of any stream from said mine or portions thereof when so set free on any part of its passage to point of drainage

Section 4 From and after the passage of this act it shall and may be lawful for any person or persons company or companies now or hereafter to be incorporated in this Commonwealth to drive headings and construct entryways tramways and mine tracks with one or more tracks under the surface or partly under and partly over the surface through or over any intervening lands not exceeding one mile in length to or from any coal and connect the same with any entryways headings tramways or railroads belonging to any individual or individuals company or companies now or hereafter to be incorporated in this State and also with any highway or public improvement. Provided That the parties interested shall be subject to the same proceedings required in section one of this article And provided further That no such entryway heading tramway mine track or railroad shall be constructed through or over such intervening lands where the same would injure or interfere with the existing mining operations of any other person or company or where the same would endanger the safety of the employes therein

ARTICLE XIII

Ambulances and Stretchers Rescue Appliances and Emergency Hospitals

Section 1 The operator or the superintendent of every mine in which fifty or more persons are employed inside shall provide and keep in good condition at the principal entrance of the mine or at such other place as the superintendent and inspector may determine and designate one ambulance and at least two stretchers for conveying to his place of abode any person that may be injured while in the discharge of his duties and also woolen and waterproof blankets Provided that if the places of abode of ninety per centum of the workmen at any mine are within a radius of one mile from the principal entrance to the mine an ambulance shall not be required Provided further that where two or more mines are located within one mile of each other or where the ambulance is located within one mile of each mine only one ambulance as aforesaid shall be required if such mines have ready and quick means of communication by telegraph or telephone

Section 2 The ambulance shall be constructed upon good substantial easy springs It shall be covered and closed and shall have windows on the sides or ends and shall be provided with spring mattresses or other comfortable bedding to be placed on roller frames together with sufficient covering and protection for the convenient movement of the injured It shall be of sufficient size to convey at least two injured persons and two attendants at one time and shall be provided with seats for the attendants

The stretchers shall be constructed of such material and in such a manner as to insure ease and comfort in the carriage of the injured persons

At all mines there shall be provided bandages splints and other medical supplies to render first aid and relief to employes who may be injured These supplies shall be kept in a suitable room The room shall be located near the entrance to or inside of the mine and shall be sufficiently large to accommodate the injured employes while they are receiving temporary medical attention

Section 3 Whenever any person employed in or about any mine shall receive such an injury by accident or otherwise as to render him unable to walk to his place of abode the operator or the superintendent shall immediately have said person removed to his place of abode or to a hospital as the case may require

Section 4 If the conditions are such that the person injured can be conveyed to his home or to the hospital more conveniently and more quickly by railroad trolley road or other conveyance such mode of conveyance shall be permitted and no ambulance required but in such cases the conveyance must be under cover and the comfort of the injured person must be provided for

ARTICLE XIV

Wash Houses

Section 1 When the clothing or wearing apparel of the employes in any mine becomes wet by reason of working in wet places therein it shall be the duty of the operator or superintendent of said mine at the request in writing of the inspector who shall make such request upon the petition of any ten employes working in the aforesaid wet places to provide a suitable building convenient to the principal entrances of such mines for the use of the persons employed in wet places therein for the purpose of washing themselves and changing their clothes when entering the mine and returning therefrom The said building shall be maintained in good order and be properly lighted and heated and shall be provided with hot and cold water and facilities for persons to wash Any operator superintendent or inspector who shall neglect or fail to comply with the provisions of this article or any person who shall maliciously injure or destroy or cause to be injured or destroyed the said building or any part thereof or any of the appliances or fittings used therein or do any act tend-

ing to the injury or destruction thereof shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor

ARTICLE XV

Inside Stables

Section 1 It shall not be lawful for the superintendent or mine foreman to provide a horse or a mule stable inside of any mine unless space for said stable is excavated in solid strata of rock slate or coal If excavated in the coal seam the wall shall be built of brick stone or concrete not less than twelve inches in thickness and said wall shall be built from the bottom slate to the roof Wood or other combustible material shall be used in the smallest practicable quantity in the construction of the inside of said stable The air current used for the ventilation of said stable shall not be intermixed with the air current used for ventilating any other portion of the mine but shall be conveyed directly to the return air current. No open light shall be permitted in any stable in any mine

No hay or straw shall be taken into any mine unless pressed and made up into compact bales which shall be kept in a storehouse built apart from the stable and in the same manner as the stable Under no circumstances shall the hay be stored in the stable

ARTICLE XVI

Regulations for Powder and Detonators

Section 1 No powder or high explosive shall be stored in any mine and no more of either article shall be taken into any mine at one time by any one person than is required in one shift The quantity shall not exceed five pounds Provided that in a mine where shot firers are employed the shot firers shall have the right to take a sufficient quantity to complete their work

Black powder for use in mines shall be put up in five ten fifteen and twenty-five pound metallic cans or canisters or receptacles of equally safe material

No black powder high explosives or detonators shall be hauled on any electric motor trip in any mine unless the same are encased in non-conductive boxes or receptacles

Section 2 In such portions of dry and dusty mines wherein explosive gas is being generated in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp no explosives shall be used except "permissible" explosives as designated by the Testing Station of the Federal Bureau of Mines Each charge shall consist of only one kind of explosive The Department of Mines shall forward to the operators upon application the names of all explosives on the permissible list

No "permissible" explosives shall be sold for use in bituminous mines unless the name of the manufacturer name of explosive method of handling and full instruction for use are conspicuously displayed on or in the package containing the explosive

Section 3 Detonators shall at all times be kept in securely locked cases separate and apart from other explosives until required for use

The Chief of the Department of Mines when satisfied by tests that any permissible explosive has deteriorated from the standard established by the Testing Station of the Federal Bureau of Mines and thereby becomes dangerous may prohibit the use thereof either absolutely or subject to conditions

ARTICLE XVII

Regulations for Oil

Section 1 The oiling or greasing of cars inside of any mine is strictly prohibited unless the place where said oil or grease is used is thoroughly cleaned at least once every day to prevent the accumulation of waste oil or grease on the roads or in the drains at that point Not more than one barrel of lubricating oil shall be permitted in any mine at one time and it shall be kept in a fireproof building cut out of solid rock or made of masonry or concrete of sufficient thickness to insure safety in case of fire

Section 2 No explosive oil shall be taken into or used in any mine for lighting purposes except when used in safety lamps and shall not be taken into or stored in any mine in quantities exceeding five gallons Said oil when stored in a mine shall be kept in a fireproof vault made of masonry or concrete

Section 3 All oils or materials used in open lamps shall be non-explosive and free from odors and fumes deleterious to health and shall have a burning point not lower than three hundred degrees and must not produce over eleven one-hundredths of one per centum of their weight of soot when burned in a miner's lamp with a flame one and one-half inches high the determination of the percentage of soot to be by tests specified by the Department of Mines

Section 4 Paraffine wax used in mines shall not contain over three per centum of oil

Section 5 All illuminants sold to be used in open lamps in mines shall have branded conspicuously on the barrel or package containing the same the name of the manufacturer date of shipment and percentage of soot

Section 6 Any employe who shall use or any mine foreman who shall permit to be used or any person who shall sell for use in any mine any oil or any other material for illuminating purposes other than that prescribed in this article shall be guilty of a misdemeanor Provided however that any illuminant that is found not detrimental to health and safety after the proper tests specified by the Department of Mines can be used in any mine with the consent of the inspector

Section 7 It shall be the duty of the inspector whenever he has reason to believe that an illuminant is being used or sold or offered for sale in violation of the provisions of this article to take samples of the same and have them tested under the direction of the Department of Mines

ARTICLE XVIII

Employment of Boys and Females

Section 1 No boy under the age of fourteen years a no woman or girl of any age shall be employed permitt or suffered to work in or about any mine and no boy u der the age of eighteen years shall be permitted to mi or load coal in any room entry or other working pla unless in company with an experienced person over eig teen years of age

No boy under the age of sixteen years shall be emplo in or about any mine unless during the entire period th said boy is so employed there is on file in the office said mine and accessible to the inspector an employme certificate issued by the city borough township or cou superintendent of public schools or by the secretary of t school board of the township borough or city or by a pri cipal of a parochial school or by such superintenden secretary's or principal's duly appointed deputy or assi ant reciting the age of said boy as it appears on any rec that the person who issues said certificate has reason believe to be true and correct or if such record of age lacking reciting the age of said boy according to an a davit taken by his parent guardian or custodian and tached to said certificate and said certificate and the a davit if any shall for the purposes of this act be conclus evidence of the age of said boy

Nothing in this section shall be held to forbid the e ployment of a girl between the ages of fourteen and s teen years in the office of a mine provided that dur the entire period of said employment there is in like m ner on file for said girl in said office an employment cert cate of the character hereinbefore provided for as a p requisite to the employment of boys under the age of s teen years inside any mine

Section 2 Any superintendent or mine foreman who f to comply with the provisions of this article shall deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and it shall be the d of the inspector or any other person who knows that superintendent or mine foreman has violated any of provisions of this article to prosecute said superintend or said mine foreman in accordance with section two article twenty-six of this act and any person who s falsely certify or swear to the age of any boy or girl the certificate and affidavit described and required by s tion one of this article shall be deemed guilty of a mis meanor

ARTICLE XIX

Mine Inspectors' Examining Board Appointment and Du Mine Inspectors Their Appointment Duties and Powers

Section 1 The Governor shall appoint during the mo of January one thousand nine hundred and thirteen every four years thereafter five citizens of this Comm wealth of good repute to be known as the Mine Inspect Examining Board whose duty it shall be to examine ap cants for the office of inspector in the bituminous region of this Commonwealth Two of the members of board shall be mining engineers and three of the mem shall have passed successful examinations qualifying t to act as inspectors or mine foremen in bituminous m generating explosive gas and shall have had at least years' practical experience as miners in the bitumi mines of Pennsylvania Applicants for appointment on said Examining Board shall be at least thirty year age

Each member of the Examining Board shall receive sum of ten dollars a day for each day actually empl and all necessary expenses incurred in carrying out provisions of this article which shall be paid out of State Treasury on warrant of the Auditor General is upon presentation of vouchers properly made out and s to by each member of the board and approved by the of the Department of Mines The Examining Board is by authorized to engage the services of a clerk who be a stenographer

Any vacancy that may occur in the membership of Examining Board shall be filled by the Governor accor to the provisions of this section

Section 2 The said Examining Board shall meet on first Tuesday in March following its appointment in city of Pittsburg to examine applicants for the offic inspector. Two weeks previous to the aforesaid time board shall meet to prepare questions and formulate for conducting the examination The board may als convened by the Governor at any other time for the pose of filling vacancies or performing any other neces work

The board after being duly organized shall take subscribe to before any officer authorized to administe same the following oath namely

"We the undersigned do solemnly swear (or affirm) we will perform the duties of examiners of applicant appointment as inspector of mines to the best of our ity and that in recommending or rejecting said appli we will be governed by the evidence of their qualifica to fill the position and not by any consideration of pol or personal favor and that we will certify all whon may find qualified according to the true intent and mea of this act and none other" The oaths of the membe the Examining Board shall be filed in the Departme Mines

Section 3 The qualifications of candidates for the of inspector shall be certified to the Examining Board shall be as follows

The candidates shall be citizens of Pennsylvania of perate habits of good repute as men of personal inte in good physical condition and shall be between the of thirty and fifty years Provided however that an spector appointed under the provisions of the act of fifteen one thousand eight hundred and ninety-thr under the provisions of this act shall be eligible fo

ppointment even if beyond fifty years of age if in good
hysical condition The candidates shall have a knowledge
the different systems of working coal seams and shall
ave had at least ten years' practical experience in bitu-
inous mines five years of which immediately preceding
eir examination shall have been in bituminous mines or
is Commonwealth and shall also have had practical ex-
erience with explosive gas and other dangerous gases
und in coal mines and upon examination shall give evi-
nce of such theoretical as well as practical knowledge
d general intelligence respecting mines and mining and
e working and ventilation of mines as will satisfy the
xamining Board of their capability and fitness for the
ties imposed upon inspectors of mines by the provisions
this act

Section 4 The principal examination shall be in writing
d each applicant shall also undergo an oral examination
rtaining to explosive gas safety lamps methods of ven-
ation and mine management The questions and answers
ereto in the oral examination shall be reported verbatim
an expert stenographer and typewritten fully to assist
e board in the work of rating the qualifications of the
ndidates Candidates who shall make a general average
at least ninety per centum shall be deemed successful
e manuscripts and other papers of all applicants in the
incipal examination together with the tally sheets and
e correct solution of each question as prepared by the
xamining Board and also the stenographer's report of the
al examination shall be filed in the Department of Mines
e Examining Board or at least four members thereof
all certify to the Governor and also to the Department of
ines the names and percentages of all successful candi-
tes who are properly qualified under the provisions of
is article to fill the office of inspector A certificate of
alification prepared by the Chief of the Department of
ines shall be issued to each successful candidate

The Examining Board shall as soon as practicable after
e examination furnish to each applicant on printed slips
paper a copy of all questions (oral and written) given
the examination marked solved right imperfect or wrong
the case may be

Section 5 The Governor shall from the names certified
him by the Examining Board commission one person to
inspector for each district in pursuance of this act whose
mmission shall be for a full term of four years from
e fifteenth day of May following the regular examinations
ch inspector appointed under the provisions of the act
May fifteen one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three
y continue in office until May fifteen one thousand nine
ndred and thirteen

After the passage of this act the Chief of the Depart-
ent of Mines shall have the right to assign the inspectors
the districts for which in his opinion they are best
ted

Section 6 When a vacancy occurs in said office of in-
ector the Governor shall commission for the unexpired
rm from the names on file in the Department of Mines
person who has received an average of at least
nety per centum When the numberof candidates who
ve received an average of at least ninety per centum
all be exhausted the Governor shall cause the aforesaid
xamining Board to meet for a special examination and
amine the persons who may present themselves for ex-
nination in accordance with section three of this article
d the board shall certify to the Governor and also to the
ief of the Department of Mines the names of all appli-
nts who have made a general average of at least ninety
r centum in said examination as provided for in section
ur of this article one of whom shall be commissioned by
e Governor according to the provisions of section five of
is article for the office of inspector for the unexpired
rm In conducting the said special examination the board
all comply with all the requirements of sections three
d four of this article

Section 7 After the passage of this act the salary of the
spectors shall be three thousand dollars a year to be
id quarterly by the State Treasurer on warrant of the
iditor General issued upon the presentation of voucher
the Chief of the Department of Mines Each inspector
y also incur traveling expenses and such other expenses
may be necessary for the proper discharge of his duties
der the provisions of this act which shall be paid quar-
ly by the State Treasurer on warrant of the Auditor
neral issued upon presentation of vouchers properly
ide out and sworn to by the inspector and approved by
e Chief of the Department of Mines Each inspector shall
ve an office in his district which may be at his place
residence provided that a suitable room approved by
e Chief of the Department of Mines be set apart for that
rpose The Chief of the Department of Mines shall have
thority to procure for the inspectors on their request
niture instruments chemicals typewriters stationery and
other necessary supplies which shall be paid for by
e State Treasurer on warrant of the Auditor General
ued upon presentation of vouchers approved by the Chief
the Department of Mines All furniture instruments
ns books memoranda notes and other materials pertain-
to the offic of inspctor shetaoin shrdlu etaoin cmfwyp
to the office of inspector shall be the property of the
te and shall be delivered by the inspector to his suc-
sor in office

ection 8 The inspectors shall be allowed all necessary
penses incurred by them in enforcing the several provi-
ns of this act in the respective courts of this Common-
alth (provided they have the consent of the Department
Mines before such expense is incurred) the same to be
d by the State Treasurer on warrant of the Auditor
neral issued upon presentation of itemized vouchers ap-
ved by the court before which the proceedings were
tituted and also by the Chief of the Department of
Mines

ection 9 Each inspector shall before entering upon the discharge of his duties give bond in the sum of five thousand dollars with sureties to be approved by the president judge of the district in which he resides conditional for the faithful discharge of his duties and shall take an oath or make affirmation that he will discharge his duties with impartiality and fidelity to the best of his knowledge and ability But no person who is acting as manager or agent of any coal mine or as mining engineer or who is interested in operating any coal mine shall at the same time act as inspector under this act

Section 10 In case the inspector becomes incapacitated to perform the duties of his office or is granted a leave of absence by the Chief of the Department of Mines it shall be the duty of the Governor at the request of the Chief of the Department of Mines to appoint temporarily to the office a person on the eligible list of applicants filed in the Department of Mines The temporary inspector shall act until the regular inspector is able to resume the duties of his office and shall be paid in the same manner as hereinbefore provided for the payment of the regular inspector

Section 11 Each inspector shall devote the whole of his time to the duties of his office It shall be his duty to thoroughly examine each mine in his district as often as possible (but at least once every four months) giving special attention to all mines generating explosive gas and to other mines where unusual dangers may be suspected to exist and to see that all the provisions of this act are observed and strictly carried out especially those that demand that the air current be carried to the working faces He shall keep in his office a record of all examinations of mines showing the condition in which he finds them especially with reference to ventilation and drainage the number of persons employed inside of each mine the extent to which the law is obeyed and the progress made in the improvement of mines He shall keep a record of all serious accidents showing the nature and causes thereof and the number of deaths resulting therefrom

Section 12 It shall be the duty of the inspector after the final examination of any mine to make out a written or partly written and partly printed report of the condition in which he finds it and to post the said report immediately after the final examination in the office at the mine or in some other conspicuous place where it shall remain for one year open to examination by any person employed in or about the said mine The report shall show the date of the inspection the number of cubic feet of air in circulation where the measurement of the air was made and the quantity of air as measured at the last cut-through in each split together with the number of persons employed in each split and also at any other place requested by the Chief of the Department of Mines The report shall contain such other information as the inspector may deem necessary

If the inspector discovers any room entry airway or other working places being driven in advance of the air current contrary to the requirements of this act he shall order the workmen in such places to cease work at once until the law is complied with

Section 13 To enable the inspector to perform the duties imposed upon him by this act he shall have the right at all times to enter any mine in his district or any mine in any other district when directed to do so by the Chief of the Department of Mines to make examinations or obtain information and upon the discovery of any violation of this act or upon being informed of any violation of the act he shall institute proceedings against the person or persons at fault under the provisions of section two of article twenty-six of this act In case any mine or portion of a mine is in the judgment of the inspector in so dangerous a condition from any cause as to jeopardize life and health he shall at once notify the Chief of the Department of Mines who shall immediately direct two or more of the other inspectors to accompany promptly the said inspector to the mine wherein said dangerous condition is alleged to exist The inspectors shall make a full investigation and if they shall agree that there is immediate danger they shall direct the superintendent of the mine in writing to remove forthwith said dangerous condition If the superintendent fails to do so the inspectors shall immediately apply in the name of the Commonwealth to the Court of Common Pleas of the county in which said mine is located or to a judge of said court in chambers for a writ of injunction to enjoin the operation of all work in and about said mine Whereupon said court or judge shall at once proceed to hear and determine the case and if the cause appear to be sufficient after hearing the parties and their evidence as in like cases shall issue its writ to restrain the working of said mine until all cause of danger is removed and the costs of said proceedings shall be borne by the owner lessee or agent of the mine Provided that if said court shall find the cause not sufficient then the case shall be dismissed and the costs shall be borne by the county wherein said mine is located Provided also that should any inspector find during his inspection of a mine or portion of a mine such dangerous conditions existing therein that in his opinion any delay in removing the workmen from such dangerous places might cause loss of life or serious injury to the employes the said inspector shall have the right to temporarily withdraw all persons from such dangerous places until the foregoing provisions of this section can be carried into effect

Section 14 Each inspector shall make the following reports to the Chief of the Department of Mines on blank forms provided for that purpose Not later than the tenth of each month he shall make a report of all fatal and serious nonfatal accidents that have occurred in his district during the preceding month stating the date nature and cause of each accident and placing the responsibility therefor together with the name age occupation and nationality of each person killed or injured and whether married or single and the number of widows and orphans left which report shall be recorded and filed in the Department of Mines and included (or a synopsis

of the same) in the annual report of said Department Not later than the sixth of each month he shall make a report giving the name of operator and the name and location of each mine inspected during the preceding month with date of inspection condition of mine quantity of air in circulation at all points required by the Chief of the Department of Mines and the number of persons employed in each split of air Not later than the twentieth of February of each year he shall make an annual report which shall briefly recapitulate the duties performed by him during the preceding year and briefly describe the condition of the mines in his district relative to ventilation drainage and general sanitary arrangements as relating to the health safety and welfare of the employes and which shall also contain such suggestions or information of importance as he may deem necessary or as required by the Chief of the Department of Mines

ARTICLE XX

Discretionary Powers of Inspectors Arbitration

Section 1 The inspector shall exercise sound discretion in the performance of his duties under the provisions of this act and if the operator superintendent mine foreman or other person employed in or about any mine shall be dissatisfied with any decision the inspector has given in the discharge of his duties which decision shall be in writing it shall be the duty of the dissatisfied person to appeal from said decision to the Chief of the Department of Mines who shall at once direct two or more of the other inspectors to accompany promptly the inspector of the district to make further examination into the matter in dispute If the said inspectors shall agree with the decision of the inspector of the district their decision shall be final unless the dissatisfied person shall within seven days of the receipt of the decision of the committee of inspectors appeal therefrom to the Court of Quarter Sessions of the county in which said mine is situated

Section 2 Whereupon the court or the judges of said court in chambers shall forthwith appoint a commission of five persons as required by article ten of this act and thereafter the proceedings had shall be as prescribed by sections one and two of said article ten

ARTICLE XXI

Neglect or Malfeasance of Inspectors

Section 1 The Court of Common Pleas in any county or district upon a petition signed by not less than fifteen reputable citizens who shall be miners or operators of mines and with the affidavit of one or more of said petitioners attached setting forth that any inspector of mines is neglectful of or is incompetent to perform the duties of his office or that he is guilty of malfeasance in office shall issue a citation in the name of the Commonwealth to the said inspector to appear on not less than fifteen days' notice upon a day fixed before said court at which time the court shall proceed to inquire into and investigate the allegations of the said petitioners Provided however that the citation shall not issue until the petitioners shall file a bond in said court with sufficient sureties to be approved by the court conditioned that the petitioners shall pay all the costs of the proceedings in case the charges are not sustained

Section 2 If the court finds that the said inspector is neglectful of or is incompetent to perform the duties of his office or that he is guilty of malfeasance in office the court shall certify the same to the Governor who shall declare the office of said inspector vacant and proceed in compliance with the provisions of this act to fill the vacancy

The costs of said investigation shall if the charges are sustained be imposed upon the inspector but if the charges are not sustained they shall be imposed upon the petitioners

ARTICLE XXII

Inspection Districts

Section 1 Under this act the bituminous counties of the Commonwealth shall be arranged by the Chief of the Department of Mines into twenty-five districts and it shall be the duty of the Chief of the Department of Mines to assign the inspectors to their respective districts He shall also designate their places of abode at points as convenient as possible to the mines of their districts

Section 2 With the consent of the Governor the Chief of the Department of Mines may at any time redistrict the bituminous districts and add to the number of inspectors if in his judgment the number should be increased

ARTICLE XXIII

Annual Reports

Section 1 On or before the twenty-fifth day of January in each year the operator or the superintendent of every mine shall send to the inspector of the district a correct report specifying with respect to the year ending the thirty-first day of December preceding the name of the operator and officers of the mine number of tons of coal mined number of tons of coke manufactured number of different employes classified and the total number of days worked during the year The report shall be in such form and give such information regarding the mine as may be from time to time required and prescribed by the Chief of the Department of Mines

The operator or the superintendent who fails to comply with the provisions of this article shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor

ARTICLE XXIV

Boards to Examine Applicants for Certificates of Qualification as Mine Foremen Assistant Mine Foremen and Fire Bosses

Section 1 On petition of the mine inspector the Court of Common Pleas in any county in said district shall appoint an examining board of three persons consisting of a mine inspector a miner and an operator or superintendent which said miner shall have received a certificate of competency as mine foreman in mines generating explosive gases and the members of said examining board shall be citize of this Commonwealth and the persons so appointed sha after being duly organized take and subscribe before officer authorized to administer the same the following oa namely

"We the undersigned do solemnly swear (or affirm) th we will perform the duties of examiners of applicants f certificates of qualification as mine foremen assistant mi foremen and fire bosses that we will not divulge or ma known to any person any question prepared for the exa iners or in any manner assist any applicant to pass the e amination but will be governed by the evidence of the qua fications of the applicants to fill said positions and not and consideration of personal favor and that we will certi all whom we may find qualified in accordance with this a and none other"

Any member of any board of examiners who shall divul or make known any question prepared for an examinati prior to such question being handed to the applicants at t examination or in any manner assist any applicant to pa the examination shall be deemed guilty of a misdemean Any vacancy that may occur in the membership of the boa shall be filled by the Court of Common Pleas in accorda with the provisions of this section

The said board of examiners shall meet for the purp of holding examinations at the call of the mine inspec and at least two weeks' notice of time and place where examination will be held shall be given

Section 2 The members of the Boards of Examiners pointed by the Courts of Common Pleas with the inspect in office shall meet in the city of Pittsburg each year t weeks before the time set for the examination of applica for the purpose of discussing the general scope of the t oretical and practical questions to be given the applica and to adopt rules to govern the examinations and to dec any other important matters pertaining to their duties said boards shall select a committee of six of their numi comprising two inspectors two miners and two operat managers or superintendents to formulate a code of qu tions to be used at the next succeeding examinations T said committee shall select one of their members as chairm and one as secretary The questions prepared by the s committee shall be printed under the personal direction the chairman and the secretary of the committee and s by them by express in sealed packages each package c taining a set of questions for each session to the chairm of each Board of Examiners who shall break the seal open the package at the commencement of each session the presence of the other members of the board

After the examinations of applicants are over and bef the several boards meet to examine the papers of the ap cants the said committee of six shall meet again to prep answers for the questions propounded and these answ shall be sent to the chairman of each board to be used rating the value of the answers given by the applica While preparing answers to the questions the commi is hereby authorized to engage the services of a clerk shall be a stenographer and whose compensation and m age shall be the same as that of the members of the c mittee

Section 3 Each member of each board shall receive dollars a day of each day actually employed not exceed twenty days in all and mileage at the rate of two and half cents a mile for each mile necessarily traveled going from his home to the place of meeting and re by the shortest practicable railway route Provided that mileage shall be paid but once for each continuous ses of the board By a continuous session is meant a sessio not less than four days in each week Provided further the committee of six shall each receive additional compe tion at the rate of six dollars a day for the time spen preparing the questions and answers Each member s also be reimbursed for all other necessary expenses incu by him in discharge of his duties. Each Board of Ex iners is hereby authorized to employ the services of a c who shall be a stenographer and whose compensation rate of mileage shall be the same as that of the mem of the board The clerk of each board shall on final adjo ment send to the Chief of the Department of Mines p erly attested vouchers for compensation and expense each member of the board and also a voucher covering own compensation and expenses which vouchers shall be approved by the chairman and the secretary of the b The Chief of the Department of Mines shall then app said vouchers and transmit them to the Auditor General shall issue a warrant for their payment to the State Tr urer

Section 4 Applicants must appear before the Boar Examiners of which the inspector of the inspection dis in which they reside is a member All persons who d to attend the examination shall notify the chairman o board of their intention if possible not less than six prior to the day set for the examination The boards inquire into the character and qualifications of applic who present themselves for examination

Applicants for certificates of qualification as mine men and assistant mine foremen shall be citizens of United States of good moral character and of known perate habits at least twenty-three years of age and have had at least five years' practical experience after teen years of age as miners or mining engineers or m general work inside of the mines of Pennsylvania A cants for certificates of qualification as fire bosses sha citizens of the United States of good moral character a known temperate habits at least twenty-three years of ag shall have had at least five years' practical experience afte teen years of age as miners or men of general work and have had experience in mines in Pennsylvania that gen explosive gas

All applicants shall be able to read and write the En language intelligently and shall furnish the board

certificates as to their character and temperate habits which certificates shall also show the length of service in the different mines

Certificates of qualification as mine foremen shall be of two grades namely Certificates of first grade shall be granted to persons who have given to the Board of Examiners satisfactory evidence of their ability to perform the duties of mine foremen in gaseous mines and who shall have received an average of at least eighty per centum in the examination Certificates of second grade shall be granted to persons who have given to the Board of Examiners satisfactory evidence of their ability to perform the duties of mine foremen in non-gaseous mines and who shall have received an average of at least eighty per centum in the examination Certificates of second grade shall be granted to persons who have given to the Board of Examiners satisfactory evidence of their ability to perform the duties of mine foremen in non-gaseous mines and who shall have received an average of at least eighty per centum in the examination

Certificates of qualification as assistant mine foremen shall be granted to persons who have given to the Board of Examiners satisfactory evidence of their ability to perform the duties of assistant mine foremen in gaseous mines and who shall have received an average of at least seventy per centum in the examination

All applicants for certificates as mine foremen and assistant mine foremen in gaseous mines must also undergo an oral examination in the presence of explosive gas

Certificates of qualification as fire bosses shall be granted to persons who have given to the Board of Examiners satisfactory evidence of their ability to perform the duties of fire bosses in gaseous mines and who shall have received an average of at least sixty-five per centum in the examination and shall also have undergone an oral examination in the presence of explosive gas

Section 5 Before examination each applicant for a certificate of qualification as mine foreman assistant mine foreman or fire boss shall pay to the Board of Examiners the sum of one dollar and if successful two dollars additional for a certificate All money received by the Boards of Examiners for examination fees and certificates shall be transmitted to the Chief of the Department of Mines who shall pay the same into the State Treasury less the cost of issuing and recording certificates

Section 6 Each Board of Examiners or at least two members thereof shall certify to the Chief of the Department of Mines on forms furnished by him every person whose examination shall disclose his fitness for the duties of mine foremen assistant mine foremen or fire boss as above classified and the Chief of the Department of Mines shall then prepare certificates of qualification for the successful applicants and send them to the chairman of the board for distribution Each certificate shall contain the full name age and place of birth of applicant and also the length and nature of his previous service in or about the mines The certificates shall be in manner and form as prescribed by the Chief of the Department of Mines

Section 7 Each Board of Examiners shall send to the Chief of the Department of Mines the answers and all other papers of the applicants together with the tally sheets and a list of the questions and answers as prepared by the committee selected by the boards which shall be filed in the Department of Mines as public documents

Section 8 Certificates of service that shall have the same effect for the purposes of this act as certificates of qualification shall be granted by the Chief of the Department of Mines on the reports of the Boards of Examiners to all persons who are acting as assistant mine foremen in gaseous mines when this act becomes effective Certificates of service shall be in manner and form as prescribed by the Chief of the Department of Mines and shall contain the full name age and place of birth of applicant and also the length and nature of his previous service in or about the mines Applicants for certificates of service shall pay to the board the sum of two dollars which shall be transmitted to the Chief of the Department of Mines

Section 9 It shall be unlawful for any operator manager or superintendent to employ as mine foreman in any mine or as assistant mine foreman in any gaseous mine any person who has not obtained the proper certificate of qualification or service required by this act Provided that all persons holding certificates of qualification as mine foreman granted under the provisions of the act of May fifteen one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three may continue to serve and provided further that any person acting as mine foreman by virtue of holding a certificate of service granted previous to the passage of the act of May fifteen one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three may continue to serve at any mine where the general conditions affecting the health and safety of the persons employed do not differ materially from those at the mine in which he was employed when said certificate was granted which question shall be decided by the inspector of the district and it shall be unlawful for any operator manager superintendent or mine foreman to employ fire boss any person who has not obtained the proper certificate of qualification required by this act Provided that all persons holding certificates of qualification as fire bosses granted under the provisions of the act of May fifteen one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three may continue to serve

Section 10 If any person shall forge or counterfeit a certificate or knowingly make or cause to be made any false statement in any certificate issued under this act or any previous act or in any copy thereof or shall make use of such forged or false certificate or copy thereof or shall make use of any false declaration representation or statement in any such certificate or copy thereof or any document containing the same he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than two hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars or imprisoned for a term not exceeding one year or both at the discretion of the court

Section 11 In case of the loss or destruction of a certificate the Chief of the Department of Mines shall issue a copy thereof to the person losing said certificate on payment of the sum of one dollar Provided that it shall be shown to the satisfaction of the Chief of the Department of Mines that the loss or destruction has actually occurred

Section 12 Nothing in this article shall prevent a first grade mine foreman from acting as assistant mine foreman in any mine or a second grade mine foreman from acting as assistant mine foreman in a non-gaseous mine

ARTICLE XXV

Rules

Special Rules

Duties of Miner

Rule One The miner shall examine his working place before beginning work and take down all dangerous slate or otherwise make it safe by properly timbering it before commencing to mine or load coal He shall examine his place to see whether the fire boss has left the date marks indicating his examination thereof and if said marks cannot be found it shall be the duty of the miner to notify the mine foreman or the assistant mine foreman of the fact The miner shall at all times be careful to keep his working place in a safe condition during working hours

Should he at any time find his place becoming dangerous from gas or roof or any unusual condition that may arise he shall at once cease working and inform the mine foreman or the assistant mine foreman of said danger but before leaving his place he shall put some plain warning across the entrance thereto to warn others against entering into danger

It shall be the duty of the miner to mine his coal properly before blasting and to set sprags under the coal while undermining to secure it from falling After each blast he shall exercise care in examining the roof and coal and shall secure them safely before beginning to work

He shall order all props cap pieces and all other timbers necessary at least one day in advance of needing them as provided for in the rules of the mine If he fails to receive said timbers and finds his place unsafe he shall vacate it until the necessary timbers are supplied

Under no condition shall the miner use coal dust or any other combustible for tamping in any gaseous mine

When places are liable to generate sudden outbursts of explosive gas no miner shall be allowed to charge or fire shots except under the supervision and with the consent of the mine foreman or the assisttant mine foreman or some other competent person designated by the mine foreman for that purpose

The miner shall remain during working hours in the working place assigned to him by the mine foreman or the assistant mine foreman and he shall not leave his working place for another working place without the permission of the mine foreman assistant mine foreman or fire boss and he shall not wander about the hauling roads or enter abandoned or idle workings

Duties of Drivers

Rule Two When a driver has occasion to leave his trip he must be careful to see that it is left when possible in a safe place secure from cars or other dangers and where it will not endanger the driver of other trips or other persons

He must take care while taking his trip down grade to have the brakes or sprags so adjusted that he can keep the cars under control and prevent the cars from running over himself or others

He shall not leave any cars standing where they may materially obstruct the ventilating current except in case of accident which he shall promptly report to the mine foreman or assistant mine foreman

He shall not allow any person to ride on loaded mine cars He shall not allow any person to drive his horses or mules in his stead When it is his duty to open a door for the purpose of passing his trip through he shall see that the door is immediately closed thereafter

Duties of Trip Rider

Rule Three The trip rider shall exercise care in seeing that all hitchings are safe for use and that all the trip is coupled before starting and should he at any time see any material defect in the rope link or chain he shall immediately remedy said defect or if he is unable to do so he shall detain the trip and report the matter to the mine foreman or assistant mine foreman He shall not allow any person to ride on the full trip He shall not allow any person to ride on the empty trip except by the authority of the mine foreman and the speed shall not exceed six miles an hour

Duties of Hoisting Engineer

Rule Four It shall be the duty of the engineer who shall be a sober competent person over twenty-one years of age to keep a careful watch over his engine and all machinery under his charge and to see that the steam pressure does ont exceed at any time the limit allowed by the superintendent

He shall make himself acquainted with the signal codes provided for in this act

He shall not allow any authorized person to enter the engine-house nor shall he allow any person to handle or run the engine without the permission of the superintendent

When workmen are being lowered or raised he shall take special precautions to keep the engine well under control

Duties of Motorman and Locomotive Engineer

Rule Five The motorman or locomotive engineer shall keep a sharp lookout ahead and sound the whistle or alarm bell frequently when coming near the parting switches or landings and shall not exceed the speed allowed by the mine foreman He shall see that the motors cables and controlling parts are kept clean and in a safe operating condition and that the headlight is burning properly when the locomotive is in motion He

shall not allow any person except his attendant to ride on the locomotive or on the full cars

Duties of Fireman

Rule Six Every fireman in charge of a boiler or boilers for the generation of steam shall keep a careful watch over the same He shall see that the steam pressure does not at any time exceed the limit allowed by the superintendent he shall frequently try the safety valve and shall not increase the weight on the same he shall maintain a proper depth of water in each boiler and if anything should happen to prevent this he shall report it without delay to the superintendent or other person designated by the superintendent and take such other action as may under the circumstances be necessary for the protection of life and the preservation of property

Duties of Fan Engineer

Rule Seven The engineer in charge of the ventilating fan at a mine shall keep it running at such speed as the mine foreman shall direct in writing He shall report promptly to the mine foreman or assistant mine foreman any defect in the pressure gauge and in case of accident to the boiler or fan machinery he shall immediately notify the mine foreman or the assistant mine foreman If only ordinary repairs of the fan or machinery become necessary he shall await the instructions of the mine foreman or assistant mine foreman before stopping the fan Should it become impossible to run the fan or become necessary to stop it to prevent its destruction he shall notify at once the superintendent or mine foreman who shall give immediate warning to the persons in the mine

Duties of Furnaceman

Rule Eight The furnaceman shall be over eighteen years of age and shall attend to his duties with regularity and in case it is necessary for him to be off duty for any reason whatever he shall give timely notice to the mine foreman

The furnaceman shall at all times keep a clear brisk fire and the fire must not be smothered with coal or slack during working hours and he shall not allow ashes to accumulate excessively on or under the bars or in the approaches to the furnace and ashes shall be cooled before being removed

Duties of Hooker-On

Rule Nine The hooker-on at the bottom of any slope shall be over eighteen years of age and shall be very careful to see that the cars are properly coupled to a rope or chain and that the safety catch or other device is properly attached to the rear car before giving the signal to the engineer He shall not allow any person to ride up the slope on the full trips other than the trip rider

Duties of Cager

Rule Ten The cager at the bottom of any shaft shall be over eighteen years of age He shall not attempt to withdraw the car until the cage comes to a rest and when putting the full car on the cage he must be very careful to see that the springs or catches are properly adjusted so as to keep the car in its proper place before giving the signal to the engineer

Duties of Footman

Rule Eleven At every shaft or slope where persons are lowered into or hoisted from the mine a footman (who shall be over twenty-one years of age) shall be designated by the mine foreman He shall be at his proper place from the time that persons begin to descend until all persons who may be at the bottom of said shaft or slope when quitting work at the end of the day shall be hoisted The footman shall personally attend to the signals and see that the provisions of this act in respect to hoisting persons in shafts or slopes are complied with

The footman shall not allow any tools to be placed on the same cage with men or boys or on either cage when they are being hoisted out of the mine except for the purpose of repairing the shaft or machinery therein The men shall place their tools in cars provided for that purpose which cars shall be hoisted before or after the men have been hoisted He shall see that no driver or other person ascends the shaft with any horse or mule unless the said horse or mule is secured in a suitable box or safely penned and only the driver in charge of said horse or mule shall accompany it in any case The footman shall immediately inform the mine foreman of any violation of this rule or of general rule fifteen

Duties of Topman

Rule Twelve At every shaft or slope where persons are lowered into or hoisted from the mine a topman or trip rider (who shall be over twenty-one years of age) shall be designated by the superintendent or mine foreman He shall be at his proper place from the time that persons begin to descend until all the persons who may be at the bottom of the shaft or slope when quitting work at the end of the day shall be hoisted The topman or trip rider shall personally attend to the signals and see that the provisions of this act in respect to lowering persons in shafts or slopes are complied with

The topman shall not allow any tools to be placed on the same cage with men or boys or on either cage when persons are being lowered into the mine except for the purpose of repairing the shaft or the machinery therein The men shall place their tools in cars provided for that purpose which cars shall be lowered before or after the men have been lowered

He shall also see that no driver or other person descends the shaft with any horse or mule unless the said horse or mule is secured in a suitable box or safely penned and only the driver in charge of said horse or mule shall accompany it in any case

The topman on a slope or incline plane shall be careful to close the safety block or other device as soon as the cars have reached the landing in order to prevent any loose or runaway cars from descending the slope or incline plane and in no case shall said safety block or other device be withdrawn until the cars are coupled to the rope or chain and the proper signal given He shall carefully inspect each day all the machinery in and about the check house and the rope used for lowering the coal and shall promptly report to the superintendent any defect discovered and shall use care in attaching securely the cars to the rope and in lowering them down the incline He shall ring the alarm bell in case of accident and when necessary immediately set free to act the drop logs or safety switch

The topman of a shaft shall see that the springs on keeps for the cage to rest upon are kept in good working order and when taking the full car off he must be careful that no coal or other material is allowed to fall down the shaft

It shall be the duty of the topman to report to the superintendent any violation of general rule fifteen of this article

General Rules

Rule One No unauthorized person shall enter the mine without permission from the superintendent

Rule Two No person in a state of intoxication shall be allowed to go into or loiter about the mine

Rule Three No person shall be employed to blast coal rock or slate unless the mine foreman is satisfied that he is qualified by experience to perform the work with ordinary care

Rule Four No inexperienced person shall be employed to mine out pillars unless in company with one or more experienced miners

Rule Five Every workman employed in the mine shall examine his working place before commencing work and after any stoppage of work during the shift he shall repeat such examination

Rule Six Every workman when first employed shall have his attention directed by the mine foreman or his assistant to the general and special rules contained in this act Said rules shall be posted at a conspicuous place at or near the main entrance to the mine and shall be printed in the various languages of the employes

Rule Seven All employes shall notify the mine foreman or the assistant mine foreman of the unsafe condition of any working place hauling roads or travelingways or of damage to doors brattices or stoppings or of obstruction in the air passages when said conditions are known to them

Rule Eight No person shall be allowed to travel on foot to and from his work on any hoisting slope incline plane dilly or locomotive road unless no other roads are provided for that purpose

Rule Nine No person shall ride upon or against any loaded car or cage in any shaft or slope in any mine No person other than the trip rider shall be permitted to ride on empty trips on any slope incline plane or dilly road except as provided for in other sections of this act

Rule Ten No person other than the driver or trip rider shall be allowed to ride on the full cars

Rule Eleven Any person who shall deface pull down or destroy any notice board danger signal general or special rules record books or mining laws shall be prosecuted by the superintendent on notice given by the mine foreman or obtained from other sources as provided for in section two of article twenty-six of this act

Rule Twelve All persons are forbidden to meddle or tamper in any way with any electric or signal wires or any other equipment in or about the mine

Rule Thirteen No powder or high explosive shall be taken into the mine at one time by any one person in greater quantities than is required for use in one shift and the quantity shall never exceed five pounds except as provided for in article sixteen section one All powder shall be carried into the mine in metallic cans or canisters or in receptacles of equally safe material

Rule Fourteen No explosive shall be stored in any tipple or weighing office and no naked lights shall be used while the attendant is weighing and giving out explosives

Rule Fifteen No greater number of persons shall be lowered or hoisted at any one time in any shaft or slope than is permitted by the inspector and whenever the said number of persons returning from work shall arrive at the bottom of the shaft or slope in which persons are regularly hoisted or lowered they shall be promptly furnished with an empty cage or car and be hoisted to the surface and in cases of emergency a less number than the permitted number shall be promptly hoisted

Any person crowding or pushing to get on or off the cage or car thereby endangering life shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and the superintendent shall discharge or prosecute him in accordance with section two of article twenty-six of this act when the matter is reported to him by the topman or footman

Rule Sixteen No safety lamp shall be entrusted to any person for use in a mine until said person has given satisfactory evidence to the mine foreman that he understands the proper use thereof and the danger of tampering with the same

Rule Seventeen No one except a person duly authorized by the mine foreman shall have in his possession a key or other instrument for the purpose of unlocking any safety lamp in any mine where locked safety lamps are used Other persons than those duly authorized by the mine foreman having keys or other instruments for the opening of safety lamps shall be prosecuted by the superintendent in accordance with section two of article twenty-six of this act

Rule Eighteen In the cutting of clay veins spars or faults entries or other narrow workings going into the solid coal in mines wherein explosive gas is generated or dangerous quantities a bore hole shall be kept not less than three feet in advance of the face of the work

hree feet in advance of any shot hole drilled for a blast
o be fired in

Rule Nineteen An accumulation of gas in a mine shall ot be removed by brushing or when persons in the mine ay be endangered thereby

Rule Twenty When gas is ignited by a blast or otherise the person having charge of the place where the said as is ignited shall immediately extinguish it if possible nd if unable to do so he shall immediately notify the mine oreman or the assistant mine foreman of the fact Miners ust see that no gas blowers are left burning upon leavng their working places it shall be the duty of the superntendent to notify the inspector of any violation of this ule and the inspector shall then prosecute as provided or in section two of article twenty-six of this act

Rule Twenty-one When a miner or shot-firer is about o fire a blast he shall be careful to notify all persons who ay be endangered thereby and shall give sufficient alarm o that any person approaching may be warned of the anger

Rule Twenty-two Whenever a miner or shot-firer shall pen a box containing powder or other explosives or while n any manner handling the same he shall first place his amp not less than five feet from such explosive and in uch a position that the air current cannot convey sparks o the explosive and he shall not smoke while handling xplosives

Rule Twenty-three In charging and tamping a hole for blasting no person shall use any iron or steel needle The harger or tamping bar shall be of wood or tipped with opper

Rule Twenty-four No explosive shall be forcibly pressed nto a hole that is of insufficient size and when a hole has een charged the explosive shall not be taken out and no ole shall be bored for blasting at a distance of less than welve inches from any hole when the charge has misfired

Rule Twenty-five In gaseous mines shot firers or other ersons charging holes for blasting shall use incombustible aterial for tamping All holes before being fired shall be olidly tamped the full length of the hole Any person who iolates this rule shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor

Rule Twenty-six Every abandoned slope shaft air hole r drift shall when so abandoned be properly fenced around r across its whole entrance

Rule Twenty-seven No person shall go into an old or bandoned portion of any mine or into any other place that s not in actual course of working without permission from he mine foreman and no person shall travel to and from is work except by the traveling way assigned for that urpose It shall be the duty of the mine foreman to prosute all persons who violate this rule in accordance with ection two of article twenty-six of this act

Rule Twenty-eight Workmen and all other persons are xpressly forbidden to commit any nuisances or throw into eposit or leave coal or dirt stones or other rubbish in the irway or road so as to interfere with pollute or hinder the ir passing into and through the mine

Rule Twenty-nine No steam pipes through which high ressure steam is conveyed for the purpose of driving pumps r other machinery shall be laid on traveling or haulage ays unless they are encased in asbestos or some other suitble non-conducting material or so placed that the radiation f heat into the atmosphere of the mine will be prevented s far as possible

Rule Thirty When a steam locomotive is used for the urpose of hauling coal out of a mine the tunnel or tunnels rough which the locomotive passes shall be properly venlated and kept free as far as practicable of noxious gases nd a ventilating apparatus shall be specially provided by ie operator to produce such ventilation

Rule Thirty-one In all shafts and slopes where persons oal and other materials are hoisted by machinery the folowing code of signals shall be used

One rap or whistle to hoist coal

One rap or whistle to stop car or cage when in motion

Two raps or whistles to lower car or cage

Three raps or whistles to hoist persons The engineer all signal back when ready after which the person shall et on the car or cage and then one rap or whisite shall e given to hoise

Four raps or whistles to turn on steam to the pumps

Rule Thirty-two No person shall carry any matches pipes r other smokers' articles into a mine or portion of a mine orked exclusively with locked safety lamps nor shall he ave any of said articles in his possession while in such mine

Rule Thirty-three If any person shall receive any injury n or about the mine and the same shall come within the nowledge of the mine foreman and if he shall be of the pinion that the injured person requires medical or surical treatment he shall see that said injured person reives treatment and in case of inability of such person to ay therefor the expense shall be borne by the county

Rule Thirty-four The Special and general rules in the arious languages and all books blank forms and notices entioned in this act shall be printed at the expense of ie State and shall be furnished to the operators by the epartment of Mines through the inspectors and all record ooks shall at all times be accessible to the inspector

Rule Thirty-five Every person who cotravenes or does not mply with any of the special and general rules in this t shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor

ARTICLE XXVI

Penalties for Violations of This Act

Section 1 Any person who shall intentionally or carelessly injure any safety lamp instrument air course or brattice or without proper authority handle remove or render useless any fencing means of signaling apparatus instrument or machinery or shall obstruct or throw open airways or enter a place in or about a mine against caution or carry fire upon lights matches pipes and other smokers' articles beyond any station inside of which locked safety lamps are used or open a door in the mine and not close it immediately or open any door the opening of which is forbidden or disobey any order given in carrying out the provisions of this act or do any other act whatsoever whereby the lives or the health of the persons employed or the security of the mine or the machinery are endangered shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided in section two of this article

Section 2 Any person who neglects or refuses to perform the duties required of him by this act or who violates any of the provisions or requirements thereof shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall upon conviction thereof in the Court of Quarter Sessions of the county in which the misdemeanor was committed be punished by a fine not exceeding two hundred dollars or imprisonment in the county jail for a period not exceeding three months or both at the discretion of the court Any violation of this act which has been declared to be a misdemeanor by any part thereof shall be punished in like manner

ARTICLE XXVII

Inquests

Section 1 Whenever a fatal accident occurs in or about any mine or whenever an explosion or other serious accident of an unusual nature occurs whether fatal or not it shall be the duty of the mine foreman or superintendent in charge of such mine to give notice thereof forthwith by telephone or telegraph to the inspector and also to the coroner of the county if any person is killed

Section 2 If the coroner shall determine to hold an inquest he shall notify the inspector of the time and place of holding the same and the inspector shall offer such testimony as he may deem necessary to thoroughly inform the said inquest of the cause of the death He shall also have authority at any time to appear before such coroner or jury and examine or cross-examine any witness No person who is directly or indirectly interested or employed in any capacity by the person persons or company owning or operating such mine or employed in or about any other mine in which such owners or operators may be interested shall be competent to serve upon such coroner's jury

Section 3 It shall be the duty of the inspector upon being notified of any fatal accident as hereinbefore provided to proceed in person as soon as practicable to the scene of the accident and make such suggestions or give such directions as may appear to him necessary to secure the safety of any person who may still be endangered through said accident Whether or not the results of the accident require an investigation by the coroner the said inspector shall proceed to investigate and ascertain the cause of the accident and make a record thereof which he shall file as provided for and to enable him to make the investigation he shall have power to compel the attendance of persons to testify and also to administer oaths or affirmations If it is found upon investigation that the accident is due to the violation of any of the provisions of this act by any person other than those who may be deceased the inspector shall institute proceedings against such person or persons as provided for in section two of article twenty-six of this act

Section 4 The cost of such investigation shall be paid by the county in which the accident occurred in the same manner as costs of inquests held by coroners or justices of the peace are paid

ARTICLE XXVIII

Section 1 Should a mine or a portion of a mine that has at any time generated explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp after the passage of this act not so generate explosive gas during any one period of one year then such mine or portion of a mine shall not be governed or controlled by the provisions of this act for mines or portions of mines generating explosive gas

Section 2 The provisions of this act as to mines or portions of a mine generating explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp shall not apply to any mine wherein explosive gas is being generated only in live entries

Section 3 The provisions of this act shall not apply to any mine employing less than ten persons inside the mine in any one period of twenty-four hours

ARTICLE XXIX

Section 1 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 1160, entitled:

An act regulating the sale of pure spirits of turpentine substitutes and imitations thereof fixing penalties providing for the labeling of the same providing for the examination of samples providing for the enforcement of this act and appropriating moneys for the enforcement of this act for a period of two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1161 (House No. 676), entitled:

An act in relation to the appointment and salaries of the deputy sheriffs on duty in the court rooms of the courts of oyer and terminer and quarter sessions of the peace in counties containing a population of not less than seven hundred and fifty thousand nor more than one million two hundred thousand

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1162 (House No. 697), entitled:

An act relating to coroners and the holding of post mortems in the several counties of the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1163 (House No. 531), entitled:

An act authorizing and fixing the charges to be made for certificates and copies furnished by the Custodian of Public Records in the State Library

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1164 (House No. 903), entitled:

An act to provide for the disposition and payment of costs in all cases tried in the Juvenile Court

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1165 (House No. 550), entitled:

An act to prevent the issuing or transfer by any person other than a warehouseman or person controlling a place for storing of goods of any paper in similitude of a warehouse receipt and prescribing punishment therefor

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. FOX. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. FOX, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1244 (House No. 353), entitled:

An act to promote the safety of travelers and employes upon railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains

BILLS ON FIRST READING

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate proceed to the first reading and consideration of all bills reported from committee to-day.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. TUSTIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. TUSTIN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with favorable recommendation all the nominations made by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, at to-day's session, which were laid upon the tabl

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. TUSTIN.

That Rule thirty-eight, which requires nominations ma by the Governor to lie on the table one day, be dispens with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive se sion for the purpose of acting upon all the nominations r ported at to-day's session.

Which was agreed to.

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. TUSTIN.

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nominatio reported.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisio of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny,	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett,	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro te

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," t question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consider tion of Senate Bill No. 734 (House No. 285), entitled:

An act to regulate the practice of Neuropathy in t State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishme of a State Board of Neuropathic Examiners to define t powers and duties of said Board of Neuropathic Examin to provide for the examining and licensing of neuropa in this State and to provide penalties for the violation this act

And said bill having been read at length the first time

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and conside tion of Senate Bill No. 1166 (House No. 662), entitled:

An act relating to private sales of real estate orde decreed or approved by the orphans' courts and prov ing a method of giving notice of such sales and valid ing such private sales of real estate heretofore ma under the authority of the orphans' courts for the p ment of debts

And said bill having been read at length the first time

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and conside tion of Senate Bill No. 1167 (House No. 590), entitled:

An act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund Fred Muster superintendent of the Bear Company Berw Pennsylvania the amount paid by him to cover fine i posed for alleged violation of the minor labor act of thousand nine hundred and nine

And said bill having been read at length the first time

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and conside tion of Senate Bill No. 1168 (House No. 702), entitled:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act relat to Berks County Prison and to discharged convicts" proved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thous eight hundred and forty-eight

And said bill having been read at length the first time

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and conside tion of Senate Bill No. 1169 (House No. 724), entitled:

An act regulating the pay of election officers in all co ties of this Commonwealth containing a population of less than two hundred and fifty thousand and not m than five hundred thousand

And said bill having been read at length the first time

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and considera-on of Senate Bill No. 1170 (House No. 791), entitled:

An act providing for the appointment of a deputy coro-r and stenographers in the several counties of this Com-nwealth having two hundred thousand inhabitants and t more than two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants escribing their powers and duties and fixing their sala-es

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and considera-on of Senate Bill No. 1171 (House No. 723), entitled:

An act to provide for the payment of costs in cases of mmary conviction had before magistrates aldermen and stices of the peace

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consider-n of Senate Bill No. 1172 (House No. 788), entitled:

An act authorizing the election in first class townships an additional constable and fixing his term

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consider-on of Senate Bill No. 1173 (House No. 719), entitled:

An act to provide for the detection and apprehension of per-s who have committed any crime or misdemeanor the in-stigation of reported crimes and for the payment of expense reof out of the treasury of the county in which such offense s been committed or reported to have been committed

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consider-on of Senate Bill No. 1174 (House No. 795), entitled:

An act to provide for the establishment of the Pennsyl-nia State Museum and the various divisions thereof and to ate a board of trustees for its government and control

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consider-on of Senate Bill No. 1175 (House No. 752), entitled:

n act providing for the appointment by the court of com-n pleas of any county of auditors to audit settle and adjus accounts of the directors treasurer and tax collectors of poor district composed of more than one municipality or nicipal district wholly within but less extensive than said nty the population of which poor district shall be not less n one hundred and fifty thousand and not more than three ndred thousand prescribing their powers duties and compen-ion the form contents filing and publishing of their report providing for appeals to the court of common pleas of h county and the Superior and Supreme courts

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consider-on of Senate Bill No. 1176 (House No. 722), entitled:

n act amending the twenty-first section of an act entitled n Act relating to county rates and levies and twonship rates levies" approved the fifteenth day of April Anno Domini thousand eight hundred and thirty-four by authorizing the ector to deputize a constable or other officer to make the and sale or to arrest the delinquent for non-payment of es

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consider-n of Senate Bill No. 1177 (House No. 717), entitled:

n act to amend the second section of an act approved the enteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hun-l and five entitled "An Act providing that the district at-neys in all counties whose population does not exceed one dred and fifty thousand shall be paid a salary and fixing same which shall be in lieu of all fees and in full compen-on for their services and providing for the appointment of stant district attorneys in said counties and for the com-sation of the same and providing that the fees heretofore wed the district attorneys upon indictments shall remain mount as heretofore but shall hereafter be as part of the s for the use and benefit of the proper county" by fixing salaries of district attorneys in counties having more than ty thousand but not more than forty thousnad inhabitants

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consider-ation of Senate Bill No. 1178 (House No. 718), entitled:

An act to permit trustees executors administrators or re-ceivers where an estate is without money or property to have appeals heard in the appellate courts upon filing typewritten copies of the names of the parties abstract of proceedings ver-dict questions involved history of the case report of the audi-tor or master charge of the court points and answers thereto assignments of error argument and certified record

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consider-ation of Senate Bill No. 1179 (House No. 743), entitled:

An act to exempt certain buildings from the provisions and requirements of the act of Assembly approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act amending section one of article three of an act entitled 'An Act for the better government of the cities of the first class in this Commonwealth' approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five regulating the construction alteration and ventilation of tenement houses and providing for the safety of the inhabitants thereof and providing penalties for the violation of the same" and of an act of Assembly approved the twelfth day of July Anno Domi-ini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act approved the third day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled 'An act to pro-vide for the better security of life and limb in cases of fire in hotels and other buildings' approved the eleventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine extending the provisions thereof to buildings used in whole or in part for offices not of fire proof construction" and also an act of Assembly approved the twenty-fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three en-titled "An Act to further regulate the construction maintenan-ance and inspection of buildings and party walls in cities of the first class"

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consider-ation of Senate Bill No. 1180 (House No. 701), entitled:

An act authorizing C L Francisco of Sayre Bradford County Pennsylvania to bring suit and to recover against the Com-monwealth in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county Pennsylvania any sum or sums of money which may be legal-ly or justly due him from this Commonwealth for advertising in the Sayre Times Record the Constitutional Amendments proposed and voted on in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consider-ation of Senate Bill No. 1181 (House No. 704), entitled:

An act to amend an act approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two entitled "An Act relating to foreign executors administrators guardians and representatives of decedents and wards" by ex-tending the provisions thereof to the assignment and satisfac-tion of record of mortgage debts and indentures of mortgage and to the receipt of the interest thereon

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consider-ation of Senate Bill No. 1182 (House No. 700), entitled:

An act authorizing Peter F Reigle a resident of Spring Town-ship Snyder county Pennsylvania to bring suit and to recover against this Commonwealth in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county Pennsylvania any sum or sums of money which may be legally or justly due him from this Common-wealth for damage done to his property in fighting forest fires in said county in the year one thousand nine hunderd and ten

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and considera-tion of Senate Bill No. 1183 (House No. 567), entitled:

An act amending the twentieth section of an act approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to provide for the immediate reg-istration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths and burial or removal permits requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics at the Capitol of the State as required to be established by the State Board of Health and to insure the thorough organization and efficiency of the registration of vital statistics throughout the State as provided in section seven of an act entitled 'An act to estab-lish a State Board of Health for the better protection of life and health and to prevent the spread of contagious and infec-tious diseases in this Commonwealth' approved June third one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five and making an ap-propriation for establishing and maintaining such a bureau and providing certain penalties" as amended by an act approved

the sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An act to amend sections five nine fifteen nineteen twenty and twenty-five of an act entitled "An act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths and burial or removal permits requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics at the Capitol of the State as required to be established by the State Board of Health and to insure the thorough organization an efficiency of the registration of vital statistics throughout the State as provided in section seven of 'An act to establish a State Board of Health for the better protection of life and health and to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in this Commonwealth' approved June third one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five and making an appropriation for establishing and maintaining such a bureau and providing certain penalties" which was approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five by extending the territory in which burial permits shall be valid providing for the issuance of burial permits without fees establishing a method for securing the given names of children making a uniform date for the returns of local registrars providing for certain fees in cities of the first and second class to be paid by the counties abolishing all other systems of registration of births and deaths" by changing the fees for birth and death certificates

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1184 (House No. 744), entitled:

An act to amend the thirty-second section of an act entitled "An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway toll road conduit tunnel mine coal breaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipe line aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal mill race works for supplying water heat light power cold air or any other substance furnished to the public well for the production of gas oil or other volatile or mineral substance or other structure or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved the fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as amended by the second section of an act approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An act to amend section eleven and section thirty-two of an act entitled "An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway toll road conduit tunnel coal breaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipe line aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal mill race works for supplying water heat light power cold air or any other substance furnished to the public well for the production of gas oil or other volatile or mineral substance or other substance or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto' approved the fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one so as to change the form of the claim and writ of scire facias thereon" by providing for an amicable scire facias

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1185 (House No. 794), entitled:

An act providing for and regulating the taking of land by condemnation proceedings to enlarge certain cemeteries now or hereafter incorporated

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1186 (House No. 746), entitled:

An act to promote the safety of foot passengers on the highways of this Commonwealth and the convenience of the general public in the use of the said highways by empowering the supervisors or commissioners of any township in any county in this Commonwealth to compel by order resolution or ordinance a street railway company operating a double track line of railway within any village of this Commonwealth having one track on each side of a public road street turnpike or other public highway within the said village to remove its tracks within the said village from the side of the said public road street turnpike or other public highway to the middle of the same and authorizing the Court of Common Pleas of the proper county in case the supervisors or commissioners of any township shall refuse to adopt such order resolution or ordinance upon the petition of twenty taxpayers resident in the said village then and in such case to order the removal of the said tracks to the middle of the said public road street turnpike or other public highway upon petition made to the said court by twenty taxpayers resident in the said village and imposing a penalty for refusal or neglect to comply with the said order resolution or ordinance of the said supervisors or commissioners of the said township or the order of the said Court of Comm Pleas

And said bill having been read at length the first time

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consider tion of Senate Bill No. 1187 (House No. 787), entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act relative to t obstructing of the crossing of public roads by locom tives and cars" approved the twentieth day of March o thousand eight hundred and forty-five by providi further that any member of the train crew shall be su ject to said penalty

And said bill having been read at length the first ti

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and conside tionof Senate Bill No. 1188 (House No. 750), entitled:

An act authorizing the depositing of county funds at terest and regulating the manner of selecting such positories and making such deposits

And said bill having been read at length the first ti

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and conside tion of Senate Bill No. 1189 (House No. 572), entitled:

An act providing for the appointment of assistant trict attorneys in the several counties of this Comm wealth having over three hundred thousand and less t seven hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants describ the powers duties and terms of office and fixing the sal of said assistants

And said bill having been read at length the first ti

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consid tion of Senate Bill No. 1190 (House No. 875), entitled:

An act defining public service companies prescribing defining the duties of public service companies prescrib defining and limiting the powers of public service co panies and regulating the creation of such companies cre ing and establishing a public service commission for supervision and regulation of public service companies p scribing and defining the powers and duties of such c mission and its officers and providing for the salaries compensation of the members of the commission its offi counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the p tice and procedure before such commission and upon peal and judicial review of its orders by the Court Common Pleas of Dauphin county and giving such c exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals and of all inju tions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to force the provisions of this act and the orders of commission and to restrain such orders subject to an peal from all decrees of said court to the Supreme Co prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the lation of such orders or of the provisions of this act repealing the act approved May thirty-first one thous nine hundred and seven providing for the appointmen a Railroad Commission and of all other legislation consistent with this act

And said bill having been read at length the first ti

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consid tion of Senate Bill No. 1191 (House No. 756), entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act defining rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating effect of contracts for work and labor to be done labor or materials to be furnished to any building bri wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway toll-r conduit tunnel mine coal-breaker flume pump sc tank derrick pipe-line aqueduct reservoir viaduct graph telephone railway or railroad line canal mill works for supplying water heat light power cold ai any other substance furnished to the public well for production of gas oil or volatile or mineral substanc other structure or improvement of whatsoever kind character the same may be providing remedies for the covery of debts due by reason of such contracts and pealing consolidating and extending existing laws in lation thereto" approved June fourth Anno Domini thousand nine hundred and one

And said bill having been read at length the first t

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consid tion of Senate Bill No. 1192 (House No. 725) ,entitled:

An act to provide for the satisfaction of mortgages or hereafter to be recorded in this Commonwealth w the original mortgages have been lost mislaid or stroyed

And said bill having been read at length the first t

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consid

n of Senate Bill No. 1193 (House No. 753), entitled:

An act regulating the payment of costs when a person arged with a crime not exclusively triable in the court oyer and terminer and general jail delivery shall after hearing be discharged by a magistrate alderman or stice of the peace

And said bill having been read at length the first time. Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and considera- n of Senate Bill No. 1194 (House No. 757), entitled:

An act fixing the fees and compensation of the sheriffs this Commonwealth for the removal and conveying of isoners to the penitentiary house of correction or reform- ories or any insane person or habitual drunkard to a spital or asylum for the same

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and considera- n of Senate Bill No. 1195 (House No. 733), entitled:

An act authorizing cities of the first class to remit taxes ing by any hospital where a dispute has arisen as to e right of the city to assess and collect such taxes

And said bill having been read at length the first time. Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and considera- n of Senate Bill No. 1196 (House No. 726), entitled:

An act to amend section three of an act entitled "An t authorizing the appointment of policemen in the bor- ghs of this Commonwealth defining their powers and ties and providing for their compensation and discharge" proved June sixth Anno Domini one thousand eight hun- ed and ninety-three by regulating the control of police- n when on duty

And said bill having been read at length the first time. Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and considera- n of Senate Bill No. 1197 (House No. 716), entitled:

An act regulating the printing of the laws of this Com- nwealth

And said bill having been read at length the first time. Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and considera- n of Senate Bill No. 1198 (House No. 713), entitled:

An act to provide for an additional law judge of the eral courts of the Forty-fifth Judicial District

And said bill having been read at length the first time. Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and considera- n of Senate Bill No. 1199 (House No. 817), entitled:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to section of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania ating to taxation

And said bill having been read at length the first time. Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and considera- n of Senate Bill No. 1200 (House No. 745), entitled:

An act to confer power on the several Orphans' courts hav- jurisdiction thereof when the balance for distribution in an ate after the debts are paid includes stocks bonds and other rities to make distribution of the same in kind to parties tled thereto to authorize subsequent sales thereof and to date such distributions heretofore made

And said bill having been read at length the first time Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and considera- n of Senate Bill No. 1201 (House No. 507), entitled:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the nty-ninth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine ired and one, entitled "An Act to amend section one of an approved May fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and nty-four entitled 'An Act to exempt from taxation public erty used for public purposes and places of religious wor- , places of burial not used or held for private or corporate t and institutions of purely public charity'" hospitals ersities colleges seminaries academies associations institu- of learning and benevolence by removing the exemption certain lands therein exempted not necessary for the en- ment of the same and providing for the taking of said land

And said bill having been read at length the first time. Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1202 (House No. 1253), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Institute for Colored Youth at Cheyney Delaware County

And said bill having been read at length the first time. Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1203 (House No. 1141), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind at Pittsburg

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1204 (House No. 1129), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Improvement Children's Home of the City of Pittsburg

And said bill having been read at length the first time. Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and considera tion of Senate Bill No. 1205 (House No. 1071), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time. Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1205 (House No. 1071), the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1206 (House No. 754), entitled:

An act fixing the salary of the storekeeper in the office of the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings

And said bill having been read at length the first time. Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No 1207 (House No. 747), entitled:

An act providing for the appointment of a commission to survey and ascertain the location of a military route or roads constructed and traversed by General Edward Braddock and General John Forbes in their respective military expeditions of one thousand seven hundred and fifty-five and one thousand seven hundred and fifty-eight and make a report thereon to the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in writing for publication and making an appropriation for the payment of necessary assistance and expenses incurred in the field and office work of the same

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1208 (House No. 731), entitled:

An act prohibiting the making of appropriations by the General Assembly to unincorporated charitable reformatory or correctional institutions formed organized or established after the date of the approval of this act and making it unlawful for the Auditor General and State Treasurer to make payments of appropriations to such associations

And said bill having been read at length the first time Ordered. To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1209 (House No. 1255), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools situate in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth to defray the expenses of erecting an additional cottage and certain other buildings for the accommodation of the girls' department in their county home near Darlington Delaware county

And said bill having been read at length the first time. Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1209 (House No. 1255), the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1210 (House No. 1261), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the University of Pittsburg for the extension of the buildings of the School of Medicine and the School of Mines for the erection of a building for the School of Dentistry for the general maintenance of the University construction of all buildings and the purchase of equipment and for the Hospital Clinic Mining Engineering Medicine and Observatory purposes

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1211 (House No. 1263), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Temple University of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1211 (House No. 1263), the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1212 (House No. 1260), entitled:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to accept the grant of public lands by the United States for the endowment of agricultural colleges" approved April first one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three and making appropriations for carrying the same into effect

And said bill having been read at length the first time.
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1212 (House No. 1260). the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1213 (House No. 1275), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home located at one hundred and thirty-nine Queen street Germantown Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1214 (House No. 1284), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Working Home for Blind Men for maintenance in handicraft employment

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1214 (House No. 1284), the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1215 (House No. 1262), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the University of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1216 (House No. 1230), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital of the Northern Anthracite Coal Region of Pennsylvania at Scranton Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1217 (House No. 1216), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pensylvania Training School for Feeble-Minded Children at Elwyn Delaware county

And said bill having been read at length the first th
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill 1217 (House No. 1216), the bill just read, be recommit to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and conside tion of Senate Bill No. 1218 (House No. 1210), entitled

An act making an appropriation for the maintenance Mary M Packer Hospital Sunbury Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and conside tion of Senate Bill No. 1219 (House No. 1333), entitled

An act making an appropriation to the German Baptist H for the Aged of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consid tion of Senate Bill No. 1220 (House No. 1327), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Colored Day Nur of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first tim
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and con eration of Senate Bill No. 1221 (House No. 1264), entit

An act making an appropriation to finance committee of organization commission of the Twelfth International gress of Navigation to help defray the expenses incident to meeting of said congress to be held in Philadelphia in one thousand nine hundred and twelve

And said bill having been read at length the first tim
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and co eration of Senate Bill No. 1222 (House No. 1278), enti

An act making an appropriation to the Sisters of Chari Saint Catherine's Orphan Asylum of Reading Pennsylvani

And said bill having been read at length the first tim
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and co eration of Senate Bill No. 1223 (House No. 1364), enti

An act to authorize the purchase of historical works tive to the services of any regiment or battery or other of military organization of Pennsylvania Volunteers d the war for the suppresion of the rebellion when same been approved by the Governor Adjutant General and A General making an appropriation for purchase of same payment of expenses incurred or services rendered in exa tion and correction of said histories and providing for d bution of histories so purchased

And said bill having been read at length the first tim
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and co eration of Senate Bill No. 1224 (House No. 1293), ent

An act making an appropriation for the improvement State Canal Basins at the Port of Erie by dredgin same for widening the piers and bridge over the water nel between the said canal basins and erecting certain in the same for the protection of said State Canal Basins harbor of Erie authorizing the appointment of a comm to make said improvements and providing for regulatin manner in which said basin shall be used by the publi kept in repair

And said bill having been read at length the first ti
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and c eration of Senate Bill No. 1225 (House No. 1064), ent

An act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the first
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and c eration of Senate Bill No. 1226 (House No. 944), en

An act making an appropriation to St. Joseph's Hosp Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1227 (House No. 1062), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Catholic Home for Destitute Children Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. KLINE, Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1227 (House No. 1062), the bill just read be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.
Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I second the motion.
The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1228 (House No. 1229), entitled:

An act making an appropriation of twenty-one thousand dollars for the erection of a monument to Robert Morris in the city of Philadelphia and empowering the appointment of a Commission to select a site and to build such monument and providing for the expenses of the said commission and dedication of monument

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1229 (House No. 1113), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Brownsville General Hospital at Brownsville Fayette county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No 1229 (House No. 1113), the bill just read be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.
Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I second the motion.
The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1230 (House No. 1050), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools situate in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth to defray the expenses of erecting a refrigerating plant and the installation of a sewage plant for the boys' department at Glen Mills Delaware County

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1230 (House No. 1050), the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.
Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I second the motion.
The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING

Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1231 (House No. 1210), entitled:

An act making an appropriation for maintenance of Mary M Packer Hospital Sunbury Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1232 (House No. 1237), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the DuBois Hospital of DuBois Clearfield County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1232 (House No. 1237), the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.
Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I second the motion.
The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1233 (House No. 1330), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Commission for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Hospital for the Treatment of the Insane under Homeopathic management to be called the Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1234 (House No. 920), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home and Maternity Hospital

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1235 (House No. 1328), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Carroll R Williams J H Shoemaker and A Morton Cooper of Philadelphia for services as attorneys for the Dairy and Food Commissioner and to A K Cassel of said city for services as special agent of the Dairy and Food Commissioner

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1236 (House No. 1028), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Salvation Army Rescue and Maternity Home of Bellevue Allegheny County

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1237 (House No. 1133), entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the Springdale General Hospital at Springdale Allegheny county

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1238 (House No. 1282), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Agricultural Experiment Station of the Pennsylvania State College Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1239 (House No. 1290), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the German Hospital of the city of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the first time,
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1239 (House No. 1290), the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.
Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I second the motion.
The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON FIRST READING

Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1240 (House No. 860), entitled:

An act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

And said bill having been read at length the first time
Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.
Agreeably to order,
The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1241 (House No. 580), entitled:

An act to amend sections one three and five of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of miners in bituminous coal mines and anthracite collieries or breakers by regulating the ages at which said minors may be employed their hours of employment and to prescribe rules for the obtaining of employment certificates and providing penalties for violation of the provisions thereof," approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by further regulating the ages at which minors may be employed inside coal mines or in the outside workings thereof or in coal breakers or washeries and by providing for the filing of proof of age

by the employers of minors apparently under sixteen years of age employed in such establishments

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1242 (House No. 154), entitled:

An act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens and the proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this State

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1243, entitled:

An act declaring all employes of public service and utility companies associations or persons engaged in business in this Commonwealth for the purposes of this act to be public servants and providing for the adjustment and settlement of disputes and differences between such employes and their employers resulting in strikes or lockouts by boards of arbitration and creating and regulating such boards

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1244 (House No. 353), entitled:

An act to promote the safety of travelers and employes upon railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

HOUSE BILLS FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented for concurrence bills of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 833, entitled:

An act to revive and continue in force the provisions of an act entitled "An Act to extend the time during which corporations may hold and convey the title to real estate heretofore bought under execution or conveyed to them in satisfaction of debts and now remaining in their hands unsold" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight in so far as they relate to banking companies

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 864, entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to prevent the inducing enticing or procuring or attempting to induce entice or procure into the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania any woman or girl for immoral purposes and providing a punishment for the violation thereof" approved May first one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and six) so as to prevent and punish the procuring for immoral purposes of any woman or girl residing in or out of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 749, entitled:

An act to repeal an act entitled "A supplement to an act passed the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine relating to billiard rooms et cetera in the Counties of Chester and Delaware extending the same to the Counties of Erie Crawford Venango Warren Tioga Potter and McKean" approved the sixteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six as far as said act relates and extends to Venango County

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 861, entitled:

An act providing for and regulating the reporting to the State Department of Health by physicians of occupational disease and fixing penalties for violation hereof

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 877, entitled:

An act providing for the employment of convicted criminals on public work

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the first day of July one thousand nine hundred and eleven all criminals who have been convicted and sentenced by any court of justice of this Commonwealth to undergo a term of imprisonment in any of the State penitentiaries county prisons houses of correction or work houses may when not otherwise employed in any of the said institutions be employed outside of such penitentiaries county prisons houses of correction and work houses upon the construction of public roads public bridges public buildings and other works of a distinctly public character under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the officials of any of the aforementioned institutions not inconsistent with the provisions of this act

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 862, entitled:

An act providing for the erection of Memorial Halls a the county seats in the different counties of Pennsylvania authorizing and directing the county commissioners of such counties upon petition of at least fifty citizens approved by two successive grand juries and the court of quarter sessions to purchase a plot of ground in such county seat and erect thereon a Memorial Hall in honor of the soldiers sailors and marines from such county who served in the army and navy in the war for the suppression of the Rebellion and all other wars in defense of the United States flag and authorizing the levying of a tax to raise a fund to pay the purchase money of the ground and the expense of the erection of a Memorial Hall

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

House Bill No. 1266, entitled.

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medicinal preparations in the State of Pennsylvania" approved May twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven

Which was committed to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

RECESS.

Mr. TUSTIN. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. KLINE, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1239 (House No. 1290), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the German Hospital of the city of Philadelphia

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1230 (House No. 1050), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills School situate in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth to defray the expenses of erecting a refrigerating plant and the installation of a sewage plant for the boys' department at Glen Mills Delaware county

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 1229 (House No. 1113), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Brownsville General Hospital at Brownsville Fayette county Pennsylvania

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as amended Senate Bill No. 1227 (House No. 1062), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Catholic Home for Destitute Children Philadelphia

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1217 (House No. 1216) entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Training School for Feeble Minded Children at Elwyn Delaware county

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as amended Senate Bill No. 1214 (House No. 1284), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Working Home for Blind Men and maintenance in handcraft employment

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as amended Senate Bill No. 1212 (House No. 1260), entitled:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to accept the grant of public lands by the United States for the endowment of agricultural colleges" approved April first one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three and making appropriations for carrying the same into effect

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as amended Senate Bill No. 1211 (House No. 1263), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Temple University of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as amended Senate Bill No. 1209 (House No. 1255), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools situate in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth to defray the expenses of erecting an additional cottage and certain other buildings for the accommodation of the girls' department in their country home near Darlington Delaware county

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1205 (House No. 1071), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Also, from the Committee on Appropriations, re-reported as amended Senate Bill No. 1232 (House No. 1237), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the DuBois Hospital of DuBois Clearfield county Pennsylvania

Mr. FOX. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. FOX, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, or as amended, Senate Bill No. 1245 (House No. 737), entitled:

An act enabling the libellant in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion to testify to the fact of desertion and to the efforts made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and resume marital relation

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed, or as amended, Senate Bill No. 1246 (House No. 1266), entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medicinal preparations in the State of Pennsylvania" approved May 24th, A. D. 1887.

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1247 (House No. 861), entitled:

An act providing for and regulating the reporting to the State Department of Health by physicians of occupational disease and fixing penalties for violations hereof

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1248 (House No. 862), entitled:

An act providing for the erection of memorial halls at the county seats in the different counties of Pennsylvania authorizing and directing the county commisioners of such counties upon petition of at least fifty citizens approved by two successive grand juries and the Court of Quarter Sessions to purchase a plot of ground in such county seat and erect thereon a memorial hall in honor of the soldiers sailors and marines from such county who served in the army and navy in the war for the suppression of the rebellon and all other wars in defense of the United States flag and authorizing the levying of a tax to raise a fund to pay the purchase money of the ground and the expense of the erection of a memorial hall

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1249 (House No. 749), entitled:

An act to repeal an act entitled "A supplement to an act passed the 13th day of April A D 1859 relating to billiard rooms et cetera in the counties of Chester and Delaware extending the same to the counties of Erie Crawford Venango Warren Tioga Potter and McKean" approved the 16th day of March A D 1866 as far as said act relates and extends to Venango county

Also, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 1250 (House No. 833), entitled:

An act to revive and continue in force the provisions of an act entitled "An Act to extend the time during which corporations may hold and convey the title to real estate heretofore bought under execution or conveyed to them in satisfaction of debts and now remaining in their hands unsold" approved the 22d day of May A D 1878 in so far as they relate to banking companies

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I move that all the bills just reported from committee be read the first time.

Mr. FOX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1245 (House No. 737), entitled:

An act enabling the libellant in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion to testify to the fact of desertion and to the efforts made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and resume the marital relation

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1246 (House No. 1266), entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medical preparations in the State of Pennsylvania" approved May twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1247 (House No. 861), entitled:

An act providing for and regulating the reporting to the State Department of Health by physicians of occupational disease and fixing penalties for violations hereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1248 (House No. 862), entitled:

An act providing for the erection of memorial halls at the county seats in the different counties of Pennsylvania authorizing and directing the county commissioners of such counties upon petition of at least fifty citizens approved by two successive grand juries and the Court of Quarter Sessions to purchase a plot of ground in such county seat and erect thereon a memorial hall in honor of the soldiers sailors and marines from such county who served in the army and navy in the war for the suppression of the rebellion and all other wars in defense of the United States flag and authorizing the levying of a tax to raise a fund to pay the purchase money of the ground and the expense of the erection of a memorial hall

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1249 (House No. 749), entitled:

An act to repeal an act entitled "A supplement to an act passed the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine relating to billiard rooms et cetera in the counties of Chester and Delaware extending the same to the counties of Erie Crawford Venango Warren Tioga Potter and McKean" approved the sixteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six as far as said act relates and extends to Venango county

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1250 (House No. 833), entitled:

An act to revive and continue in force the provisions of an act entitled "An Act to extend the time during which corporations may hold and convey the title to real estate heretofore bought under execution or conveyed to them in satisfaction of debts and now remaining in their hands unsold" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight in so far as they relate to banking companies

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn to meet to-mornow morning at 11.00 o'clock.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned at 11.55 P. M. to meet Tuesday morning, May 23rd, 1911, at 11.00 o'clock.

ERRATUM.

In proceedings of May 18, 1911, page 2928, first column, under heading "Bills on First Reading," the following should appear:

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the first reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1165 (House No. 550), entitled:

An act to prevent the issuing or transfer by any person other than a warehouseman or person controlling a place for storing of goods of any paper in similitude of a warehouse receipt and prescribing punishment therefor

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, May 22, 1911.

MORNING SESSION.

The Speaker (JOHN F. COX) in the Chair.

Prayer by the Chaplain, Rev. W. C. Jones.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of Friday, May 19, 1911, The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of Friday, May 19, 1911, when, on motion of Mr. DALLAS, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. SCHAD, from the Committee on Law and Order, reported as committed House Bill No. 1367 (Senate No. 680), entitled:

An act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven and changing the election of the judges therein mentioned from the general election to the municipal election as now provided by law in accordance with the requirements of the constitution of Pennsylvania

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. SCHAD asked and obtained unanimous consent to have a bill read on first reading at this time.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1367 (Senate No. 680), entitled:

An act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the County of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven and changing the election of the judges therein mentioned from the general election to the municipal election as now provided by law in accordance with the requirements of the constitution of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the first time,

Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

BILLS SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER.

The SPEAKER announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 34, entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine' approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine as amended by an act approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one entitled "An Act to provide increased revenues for the purpose of relieving the burdens of local taxation being supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine amending the first fourteenth sixteenth twentieth twenty-first twenty-fifth and twenty-sixth sections of an act supplementary thereto which became a law on the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine" 'and providing for greater uniformity of taxation by taxing all of the property of corporations limited partnerships and joint-stock associations having capital stock at the rate of five mills on each dollar of its actual value' by relieving and exempting from the provisions thereof savings institutions having no capital stock" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws page two hundred and ninety-eight) by exempting savings accounts of less than one thousand dollars from taxation for State purposes

House Bill No. 64, entitled:

A joint resolution expressing the wish of the citizens of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania that the Panama Canal be fortified

House Bill No. 139, entitled:

An act enabling corporations not authorized by law to hold real estate in Pennsylvania to convey and make title to such real estate as may have been purchased and held by them prior to the passage of this act

House Bill No. 151, entitled:

An act to supplement an act passed by the General Assembly and approved March thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and five to provide for the inspection of apiaries and for the suppression of contagious or infectious diseases among bees and making appropriation therefor

House Bill No. 219, entitled:

An act to provide for the issuing of certificates of election to Senators and Representatives in the General Assembly of Pennsylvania authorizing the proper officers of the Senate and House of Representatives to procure seals and making an appropriation therefor

House Bill No. 196, entitled:

An act requiring the payment of wages to be semi-monthly regulating same and providing penalties for violation thereof

House Bill No. 141, entitled:

An act establishing in counties containing a population of from eight hundred thousand to one million four hundred thousand a board for the assessment and revision of taxes for State and county purposes prescribing the method of their appointment their powers and duties fixing their salary to be paid by the proper county and abolishing the office of ward borough and township assessors in so far as respects the assessment of State and county taxes

House Bill No. 223, entitled:

An act to amend the tenth section of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the government payment of the interest upon the State debt receiving of proposals for the sale of the public works and for other purposes" approved the twenty-seventh day of July Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-two by adding the assessors to the board of revision in counties having less than one million and more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants

House Bill No. 224, entitled:

An act requiring foundries to be provided with toilet room and water closet regulating same and providing a penalty for violation thereof

House Bill No. 266, entitled:

An act providing for an association of township commissioners and township supervisors in the different counties of the State and providing for the expenses of such associations

House Bill No. 452, entitled:

An act providing for the adjustment and payment of the claim of John E Joos for publishing the Mercantile Appraiser's list of State taxes in Allegheny county for the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five (1885)

House Bill No. 481, entitled:

An act creating a county sinking fund commission in the several counties of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and prescribing its powers and duties

House Bill No. 534, entitled:

An act fixing the salaries of the second assistant State Librarian and messenger in the State Library

House Bill No. 173, entitled:

An act to amend the tenth and thirty-second sections of an act entitled "An Act providing when how upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements and for the removal of nuisances the procedure upon claims filed therefor the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened and the manner of distributing the proceeds of such sales" approved the fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one as said tenth section was amended by an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven and further amended by an act approved the twenty seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine and as said thirty-second section was amended by an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven by providing for the filing of municipal claims where appeals are taken from the assessment for the recovery of which such claim is filed and changing the procedure for reviving and continuing the liens of municipal and tax claims and providing that tax and municipal claims shall not be divested by any judicial sale of the property liened where the amount of such tax or municipal claim is not definite or is not due and payable

House Bill No. 414, entitled:

An act authorizing and empowering commissioners of townships of the first class to enter into contract with water companies for the placing of fire hydrants in any village such township to purchase hose et cetera and to provide for the collection of funds for that purpose by levying a tax upon all owners of property in the district benefited

House Bill No. 453, entitled:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act regulating the compensation of sheriffs for boarding prisoners confined in the county jail in the counties of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania which do not exceed fifty thousand population" by extending the provisions of the act to those having a population not exceeding eighty thousand and requiring the approval solely of the courts of quarter sessions

House Bill No. 566, entitled:

An act to require fire drills in factories and industrial establishments where women or girls are employed providing for the promulgation of rules in respect thereto and providing penalties for the violation thereof

House Bill No. 635, entitled:

An act to safeguard life in the coal mines of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and to protect and preserve the property connected therewith by providing that all inside buildings shall be constructed of incombustible material and providing penalties for failure to comply with the terms of this act and making a violation thereof by mine superintendents a misdemeanor

House Bill No. 256, entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act being a further supplement to an act entitled 'An act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy nine amending the amendment of the supplement thereto which became a law the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine which amendment herein amended was approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one relating to the tax on capital stock" approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three relating to taxing bonds mortgages and other securities

House Bill No. 281, entitled:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fourth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act authorizing the board of county commissioners of the several counties of the State to furnish on petition appropriate metal markers for the graves of soldiers and sailors who served with honor in the military forces of the United States" as amended by an act approved the tenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An act to furnish metal markers for the graves of soldiers and sailors approved the twenty-fourth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three providing that the county commissioners of the several counties of this State shall furnish markers for certain deceased soldiers and sailors" by extending its provisions to widows of soldiers and sailors

House Bill No. 282, entitled:

An act amending section forty-four of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six entitled "An Act relating to the commencement of actions" as amended by an act approved the thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to amend section forty-four of the act of this Commonwealth entitled 'An Act relating to the commencement of actions' approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six so as to make all the provisions of said act apply to certain actions ex delicto as well as to certain actions ex contractu" by extending its provisions to foreign corporations

House Bill No. 386, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of commissions of military State agents employed by the accounting officers to collect claims due the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania from the government of the United States

House Bill No. 413, entitled:

An act to provide for the better collection of money and debts due the Commonwealth and property belonging to it liable to escheat to the same

House Bill No. 420, entitled:

An act to provide for the payment for the maintenance and support of children or minors who have or who may be sentenced by the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth under the various juvenile court acts of this Commonwealth where such minors have been committed to institutions outside this Commonwealth

House Bill No. 482, entitled:

An act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the sprinkling of public streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof and assess the cost of the same to the owner or owners or occupiers of the property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same

House Bill No. 514, entitled:

An act to amend the tenth section of an act entitled "An act to provide for the consolidation of boroughs and the government and regulation thereof" approved June sixth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three so as to allow the town council of a consolidated borough to elect annually a borough treasurer and secretary and by providing for the biennial election of a high constable and the biennial election of auditors to serve two years

House Bill No. 587, entitled:

An act fixing the salary or compensation of the crier of the Courts of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery in the several counties of this Commonwealth having more than one million and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants

House Bill No. 591, entitled:

An act amending the first and second sections of an act approved the fourteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An act to provide for the running relocating changing fixing and marking of county lines" by changing the number of surveyors of the Commission

House Bill No. 597, entitled:

An act to authorize the school board of the school district of the township of Wysox Bradford County Pennsylvania to convert taxes levied in the said district in one thousand nine hundred and nine and collected specifically for a contemplated new school building which has been abandoned

House Bill No. 561, entitled:

An act to amend the third and fifth sections of an act approved the thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to further define the duties and powers of the State Livestock Sanitary Board to prevent the spread of dangerous contagious or infectious diseases among domestic animals to require reports to be made of the existence of such diseases to limit appraisements and payments for animals that it may be necessary to destroy to prevent the spread of disease to protect milk supplies from contamination to authorize co-operation with local boards of health and to prescribe penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" as amended by an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled 'An Act to amend sections three four and five and to extend the provisions of an act entitled "An Act to further define the duties and powers of the State Livestock Sanitary Board to prevent the spread of dangerous contagious or infectious diseases among domestic animals to require reports to be made of the existence of such diseases to limit appraisements and payments for animals that it may be necessary to destroy to prevent the spread of disease to protect milk supplies from contamination to authorize co-operation with local boards of health and to prescribe penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof approved the thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five by further regulating the appraisement of animals destroyed

House Bill No. 565, entitled:

An act providing for the registration of bottles boxes syphons syphon-heads tins keys cans soda fountains cylinders of carbonic acid gas or other containers and forbidding the refilling of or dealing or trafficking in such registered bottles boxes syphons syphon-heads tins cans kegs soda-fountains cylinders of carbonic acid gas or other containers by persons other than the owners thereof without the written consent of the owner and imposing a penalty therefor providing for the issuing of process in the nature of search warrant providing what shall be prima facie proof thereof and providing that the delivery of said bottles boxes syphons syphon-heads tins cans kegs soda-fountains cylinders of carbonic acid gas or other containers shall not constitute a sale thereof

House Bill No. 573, entitled:

An act regulating the pay of election officers in all counties of this Commonwealth containing a population of not less than eight hundred thousand and not more than one million four hundred thousand

House Bill No. 611, entitled:

An act to provide for the establishment of a Bureau of Standards in the Department of Internal Affairs of Pennsylvania the appointment of a Chief of that Bureau prescribing his duties and fixing his salary authorizing the purchase of a set of standardized weights and measures for the use of the Bureau and making an appropriation therefor

House Bill No. 621, entitled:

An act to provide that in every case where a bond has been or shall hereafter be filed in any court of record in this Commonwealth whether under the provision of any law or the order or decree of any court it shall be lawful for the principal surety or sureties or all of them jointly to present their petition to the said court at any time after a right of action shall have accrued upon such bond and that after notice to the parties in interest the court may enter an exoneretur upon the said bond unless action be brought within the time specified in this act

House Bill No. 624, entitled:

An act requiring sheriffs receivers trustees assignees masters or other officers having charge of the sale of the property or franchises of corporations limited partnerships or joint stock associations to notify the auditor General of such sale and to read at the sale a certificate to be furnished by him relative to liens for State taxes bonus and other public accounts settlements providing a fee for said officers and imposing a penalty for neglect or refusal to perform such duties

House Bill No. 632, entitled:

An act regulating the lending of money upon personal property salaries and wages and fixing penalties for violation hereof

House Bill No. 655, entitled:

An act to provide for the taking of testimony to be used in any of the civil courts of record in this Commonwealth of witnesses residing in any other State or in any foreign county

House Bill No. 668, entitled:

An act to punish the interference or the permitting of interference of unauthorized persons with the electrical

conductors electrical appliances and machinery electric meters and other apparatus of companies using generating or supplying electricity for light heat or power and to punish any consumer of electricity for knowingly having in his possession or under his control any electric meter that has been tampered with or prevented from duly registering and providing penalties therefor

House Bill No. 738, entitled:

An act to amend section nineteen of an act entitled "An act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offenses in regard to such elections" approved the tenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three authorizing the county commissioners of each county to construct a permanent election room or election house and for that purpose to purchase such real estate as they may deem necessary

House Bill No. 855, entitled:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to section seven article III. of the Constitution of Pennsylvania so as to permit special legislation regulating labor

House Bill No. 640, entitled:

An act creating the office of fire marshal to be attached to the department of public safety in cities of the first class prescribing his duties and powers and providing penalties for violations of the provisions of the act and providing for the method of appointment compensation and for the maintenance of his office

House Bill No. 346, entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to aid the Auditor General in the collection of taxes due the Commonwealth from corporations limited partnerships and joint stock associations" approved May twenty-fifth one thousand nine hundred and seven providing for personal liability of trustees assignees receivers or other non-judicial officers who fail to obey the provisions thereof

House Bill No. 549, entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An act to amend an act entitled 'An act to amend an act entitled 'An act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes' approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three' approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini ini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals food-stuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock" approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and for producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business

House Bill No. 647, entitled:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to prevent and punish prize-fights and boxing matches in the counties of Pike Schuylkill Luzerne Erie and Montgomery approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred sixty-six" in so far as it relates to the counties of Schuylkill Luzerne and Montgomery

Whereupon, the Speaker, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 860, entitled:

An act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the ye and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—199.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelsey,	Rhoads
Allman	Eichenberger	Kern	Richards
Akers	Ewing	Klingerman	Rider
Allen	Fahey	Klumpp	Riebel
Anderson	Fay	Knight	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Kuhns	Robison
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Lafferty	Rockwell
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Larkins	Roney
Bass	Flynn	Leh	Row
Bender	Freeman	Light	Rumsey
Benson	Frey	Lindsay	Sassaman
Billman	Gans	Lowe	Savidge
Bentley	Geary	Magee	Schad
Blair	Gibson	Malie	Schmidt
Bosher	Gilkeson	Mannion	Schofield
Bossert	Good	Martin	Schultz
Boyd	Gransback	Marvin	Scott, J.
Brehm	Gray	Matt	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Graybill	Maurer	Shadrach
Brennan	Grove	McAleer	Shaffer
Caldwell	Guyaux	McArdle	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McClung	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McGowan	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Healey	McInerney	Shreve
Carroll	Hecht	McJunkin	Snavely
Carter	Henry	McKean	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Herman	McMullen	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hess	McNichol	Speer
Clymer	Hibshman	Miller	Steese
Cole	Hilton	Mills	Stein
Connell	Hobbs	Moore	Swartz
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Morris	Townsend
Conner, W.	Holland	Moses	Tunis
Conrade	Hoover	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Cox, E.	Hormell	Neel	Von Tacky
Crum	Hough	Newbaker	Wallace
Cumbler	Howard	North	Walnut
Currier	Hunter J. N.,	Perry	Walton
Curry	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W., J
Dale	Jackson	Piper	Ward, W. B
Dallas	Johnson, C. V.,	Pitchford	Watts
Davis, A.	Johnson, D. D.,	Raesley	Welch
Davis, W.	Johnston	Rath	Whitman
Dearden	Jones, E. E.,	Rebert	Wilcox
Dershem	Jones, J. R.,	Reece	Williams
Detzel	Keely,	Reel	Wilson
Donahoe	Keene,	Reeser	Woodward
Donnally	Keister	Reno	Young
Dunn, H.	Kelley, J.,	Reyburn	Cox, J.
Dunn, J.	Kelly, M. C.,		Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having v in the affirmative, the question was determined in affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Se for concurrence.

Mr. HECHT in the Chair.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and con ation of House Bill No. 1295, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Hayes "Mecha Home located in the city of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—197.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelsey	Rhoads
Allman	Eichenberger	Kern	Richards
Akers	Ewing	Klingerman	Rider
Allen	Fahey	Klumpp	Riebel
Alter	Fay	Knight	Robinson
Anderson	Feeney	Kuhns	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Lafferty	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Larkins	Roney
Bartman	Flynn	Leh	Row
Bass	Freeman	Light	Rumsey
Bender	Frey	Lindsay	Sassaman
Benson	Geary	Lowe	Savidge
Bentley	Gibson	Magee	Schad
Billman	Gilkeson	Malie	Schmidt
Blair	Good	Mannion	Schofield
Bosher	Gransback	Martin	Schultz
Bossert	Gray	Marvin	Scott, J.
Boyd	Graybill	Matt	Scott, S.
Brehm	Grove	Maurer	Shadrach
Breitinger	Guyaux	McAleer	Shaffer
Brennan	Haggerty	McArdle	Shannon
Caldwell	Halferty	McClung	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Healey	McGowan	Shoemaker

mpbell, J.	Hecht	Kelly M.	Reyburn
mpbell, W.	Henry	McInerney	Shreve
rroll	Herman	McJunkin	Snavely
rter	Hess	McKean	Snyder, A.
rency	Hibshman	McMullen	Snyder, P.
ary	Hilton	McNichol	Speer
mer	Hobbs	Miller	Steese
le	Hoffman	Mills	Stein
nnell	Holland	Moore	Swan
nner, P.	Hoover	Morris	Swartz
nner, W.	Hormell	Moses	Townsend
rade	Hough	Moulthrop	Ulerich
t, E.	Howard	Neel	Von Tacky
mbler	Hunter, J.	Newbaker	Wallace
rrier	Hunter, R.	North	Walnut
ry	Irwin	Perry	Walton
le	Jackson	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
las	Johnson, C.	Piper	Ward, W. B.
vis, A.	Johnson, D.	Pitchford	Watts
vis, W.	Johnston	Raesley	Welch
arden	Jones E.	Rath	Whitman
rshem	Jones, J.	Rebert	Wilcox
tzel	Keely	Reece	Williams
nahoe	Keene	Reel	Wilson
nnally	Keister	Reeser	Woodward
nn, H.	Kelley, J.	Reno	Young
nn, J.			Cox, J.
			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted the affirmative, the question was determined in the irmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consider- n of House Bill No. 1296 (Senate No. 36), entitled:

An act to refund to the Elizabeth Steel Magee Hospital the lateral inheritance tax paid out of its funds by the estate Christopher L Magee deceased

And said bill having been read at length the third time. nsidered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas d nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—198.

ott	Ehrhardt	Kelsey,	Rhoads
nan	Eichenberger	Kern	Richards
rs	Ewing	Klingerman	Rider
n	Fahey	Klumpp	Riebel
r	Fay	Knight	Robinson
lerson	Feeney	Kuhns	Robison
dwin, G.	Ferguson	Lafferty	Rockwell
dwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Larkins	Roney
tman	Flynn	Leh	Rumsey
s	Freeman	Light	Sassaman
ier	Frey	Lindsay	Savidge
son	Gans	Lowe	Schad
ley	Geary	Magee	Schmidt
nan	Gibson	Malie	Schofield
r	Gilkeson	Mannion	Schultz
ner	Good	Martin	Scott, J.
ent	Gransback	Marvin	Scott, S.
d	Gray	Matt	Shadrach
m	Graybill	Maurer	Shaffer
inger	Grove	McAleer	Shannon
nan	Guyaux	McArdle	Sherwood
well	Haggerty	McClung	Shoemaker
upbell, C.	Halferty	McGowan	Shreve
pbell, J.	Healey	McInerney	Snavely
pbell, W.	Hecht	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
oll	Henry	McKean	Snyder, P.
er	Herman	McMullen	Speer
ney	Hess	McNichol	Steese
ry	Hibshman	Miller	Stein
ner	Hilton	Mills	Swan
o	Hobbs	Moore	Swartz
nell	Hoffman	Morris	Townsend
ner, P.	Holland	Moses	Tunis
o ade	Hoover	Moulthrop	Ulerich
o E.	Hormell	Neel	Von Tacky
rn	Hough	Newbaker	Wallace
bler	Howard	North	Walnut
er	Hunter J. N.,	Perry	Walton
ry	Hunter, R. P.,	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
n	Irwin	Piper	Ward, W. B.
s	Johnson, C. V.,	Pitchford	Watts
n, A.	Johnson, D. D.,	Raesley	Welch
n, W.	Johnston	Rath	Whitman
slen	Jones, E. E.,	Rebert	Wilcox
sen	Jones, J. R.,	Reece	Williams
el	Keely,	Reel	Wilson
thoe	Keene,	Reeser	Woodward
nally	Keister	Reno	Young
n, H.	Kelley, J.,	Reyburn	Cox, J.
n, J.	Kelly, M. C.,		Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted he affirmative, the question was determined in the ffirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1297 (Senate No. 651), entitled:

An act authorizing the appointment of a commission to revise and codify the present anthracite mining laws defining its powers and duties and making an appropriation to defray the expenses of said commission

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—197.

Abbott	Dunn, H.	Keene,	Reel
Allman	Dunn, J.	Keister	Reeser
Akers	Ehrhardt	Kelley, J.,	Reno
Allen	Eichenberger	Kelly, M. C.,	Reyburn
Alter	Ewing	Kelsey,	Rhoads
Anderson	Fahey	Kern	Richards
Baldwin, G.	Fay	Klingerman	Rider
Baldwin, R.	Feeney	Klumpp	Riebel
Bartman	Ferguson	Knight	Robinson
Bass	Fitzgerald	Kuhns	Robison
Bender	Flynn	Lafferty	Rockwell
Benson	Freeman	Larkins	Roney
Bentley	Frey	Leh	Row
Billman	Gans	Light	Rumsey
Blair	Geary	Lindsay	Sassaman
Bosher	Gibson	Lowe	Savidge
Bossert	Gilkeson	Magee	Schad
Boyd	Good	Malie	Schmidt
Brehm	Gransback	Mannion	Schofield
Breitinger	Gray	Martin	Schultz
Brennan	Graybill	Marvin	Scott, J.
Caldwell	Grove	Matt	Scott, S.
Campbell, C.	Guyaux	Maurer	Shadrach
Campbell, J.	Haggerty	McAleer	Shaffer
Campbell, W.	Halferty	McArdle	Shannon
Carroll	Healey	McClung	Sherwood
Carter	Hecht	McGowan	Shoemaker
Clarency	Henry	McInerney	Shreve
Cleary	Herman	McJunkin	Snavely
Clymer	Hess	McKean	Snyder, A.
Cole	Hibshman	McMullen	Snyder, P.
Connell	Hilton	McNichol	Speer
Conner, P.	Hobbs	Miller	Steese
Conner, W.	Hoffman	Mills	Stein
Conrade	Holland	Moore	Swan
Cox, E.	Hoover	Morris	Swartz
Crum	Hormell	Moses	Townsend
Cumbler	Hough	Moulthrop	Tunis
Currier	Howard	Neel	Ulerich
Curry	Hunter J. N.,	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Dale	Hunter, R. P.,	North	Wallace
Dallas	Irwin	Perry	Walnut
Davis, A.	Jackson	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Davis, W.	Johnson, C. V.,	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Dearden	Johnson, D. D.,	Pitchford	Watts
Dershem	Johnston	Raesley	Welch
Detzel	Jones, E. E.,	Rath	Whitman
Donahoe	Jones, J. R.,	Rebert	Wilcox
Donnally	Keely,	Reece	Woodward
			Cox, J.
			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1298 (Senate No. 649), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the First Allegheny Day Nursery and temporary Home for Children

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—195.

Abbott	Dunn, H.	Kelly, M.	Reyburn
Allman	Ehrhardt	Kelsey,	Rhoads
Akers	Ewing	Kern,	Richards
Allen	Fahey	Klingerman,	Rider
Alter	Fay	Klumpp,	Riebel
Anderson	Feeney	Knight,	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Kuhns,	Robison
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Lafferty,	Rockwell
Bartman	Flynn	Larkins,	Roney

Bass	Freeman	Leh,	Row
Bender	Frey	Light,	Rumsey
Benson,	Gans	Lindsay,	Sassaman
Bentley	Geary	Lowe,	Savidge
Billman	Gibson	Magee,	Schad
Blair	Gilkeson	Malie,	Schmidt
Bosher	Good	Mannion,	Schofield
Bossert	Gransback	Martin,	Schultz
Boyd	Gray	Marvin,	Scott, J.
Brehm	Graybill	Matt,	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Grove	Maurer,	Shadrach
Brennan	Guyaux	McAleer,	Shaffer
Caldwell	Haggerty	McArdle	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McClung,	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Healey	McGowan,	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McJunkin,	Shreve
Carroll	Henry	McKean,	Snavely
Carter	Herman	McMullen,	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Hess	McNichol,	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hibshman	Miller,	Speer,
Clymer	Hilton	Mills,	Steese,
Cole	Hobbs	Moore,	Stein,
Connell	Hoffman	Morris,	Swan
Conner, P.	Holland	Moses	Swartz
Conner, W.	Hoover	Moulthrop	Townsend
Conrade	Hormell	Neel	Tunis
Cox, E.	Hough	Newbaker	Ulerich
Crum	Howard	North	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Hunter, J. N.	Perry	Wallace
Currier	Irwin	Phillips	Walnut
Curry	Jackson,	Piper	Walton
Dale	Johnson, C,	Pitchford	Ward, W., Jr.
Dallas	Johnson, D,	Raesley	Watts
Davis, A.	Johnston,	Rath	Welch
Davis, W.	Jones, E,	Rebert	Wilcox
Dearden	Jones, J,	Reece	Wilson
Dershem	Keely,	Reel	Woodward
Detzel	Keene,	Reeser	Young
Donahoe	Keister,	Reno	Cox, J.
Donnally	Kelley, J.		Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1299 (Senate No. 388), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to reimburse certain counties and townships whose commissioners and supervisors have inadvertently failed to comply with the law governing State aid in the maintenance of highways and regulating the payments herein provided for

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—197.

Abbott	Ebrhardt	Kelley, J.	Reyburn
Ailman	Eichenberger	Kelly M.	Rhoads
Akers	Ewing	Kelsey	Richards
Allen	Fahey	Kern	Rider
Alter	Fay	Klingerman	Riebel
Anderson	Feeney	Klumpp	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Knight	Robison
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Kuhns	Rockwell
Bartman,	Flynn	Lafferty	Roney
Bass	Freeman	Larkins	Row
Bender	Frey	Leh	Rumsey
Benson	Gans	Light	Sassaman
Bentley	Geary	Lindsay	Savidge
Billman	Gibson	Lowe	Schad
Blair	Gilkeson	Magee	Schmidt
Bosher	Good	Malie	Schofield
Bossert	Gransback	Mannion	Schultz
Boyd	Gray	Martin	Scott, J.
Brehm	Graybill	Marvin	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Grove	Matt	Shadrach
Brennan	Guyaux	Maurer	Shaffer
Caldwell	Haggerty	McAleer	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McArdle	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Healey	McClung	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McGowan	Shreve
Carroll	Henry	McInerney	Snavely
Carter	Herman	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Hess	McKean	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hibshman	McNichol	Speer
Clymer	Hilton	Miller	Steese
Cole	Hobbs	Mills	Stein
Connell	Hoffman	Moore	Swan
Conner, P.	Holland	Morris	Swartz
Conner, W.	Hoover	Moses	Townsend
Cox, E.	Hormell	Moulthrop	Tunis
Crum	Hough	Neel	Ulerich
Cumbler	Howard	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Currier	Hunter, J.	North	Wallace
Curry	Hunter, R.	Perry	Walnut
Dale	Irwin	Phillips	Walton
Dallas	Jackson	Piper	Ward, W., Jr.
Davis, A.	Johnson, C.	Pitchford	Ward, W. B.
Davis, W.	Johnson, D.	Raesley	Welch
Dearden	Johnston	Rath	Whitman
Dershem	Jones E.	Rebert	Wilcox
Detzel	Jones, J.	Reece	Williams
Donahoe	Keely	Reel	Wilson
Donnally	Keene	Reeser	Woodward
Dunn, H.	Keister	Reno	Cox, J.
Dunn, J.			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having vot in the affirmative, the question was determined in t affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Sen with information that the House has passed the sa without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consi ation of House Bill No. 1300 (Senate No. 190), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia P clinic and College for Graduates in Medicines

And said bill having been read at length the third ti considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the y and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—196.

Abbott	Dunn, H.	Keister	Reyburn
Ailman	Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.,	Rhoads
Akers	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M. C.,	Richards
Allen	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Rider
Alter	Ewing	Kern	Riebel
Anderson	Fahey	Klingerman	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	Fay	Klumpp	Robison
Baldwin, R.	Feeney	Knight	Rockwell
Bartman	Ferguson	Kuhns	Roney
Bass	Fitzgerald	Lafferty	Row
Bender	Flynn	Larkins	Rumsey
Benson	Freeman	Leh	Sassaman
Bentley	Frey	Lindsay	Savidge
Billman	Geary	Lowe	Schad
Blair	Gibson	Magee	Schmidt
Bosher	Gilkeson	Malie	Schofield
Bossert	Good	Mannion	Schultz
Boyd	Gransback	Martin	Scott, J.
Brehm	Gray	Marvin	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Graybill	Matt	Shadrach
Brennan	Grove	Maurer	Shaffer
Caldwell	Guyaux	McAleer	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McArdle	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McClung	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Healey	McGowan	Shreve
Carroll	Hecht	McInerney	Snavely
Carter	Henry	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Herman	McKean	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hess	McMullen	Speer
Clymer	Hibshman	McNichol	Steese
Cole	Hilton	Mills	Stein
Connell	Hobbs	Moore	Swan
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Morris	Swartz
Conner, W.	Holland	Moses	Townsend
Conrade	Hoover	Moulthrop	Tunis
Cox, E.	Hormell	Neel	Ulerich
Crum	Hough	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Howard	North	Wallace
Currier	Hunter J. N.,	Perry	Walnut
Curry	Hunter, R. P.,	Phillips	Walton
Dale	Irwin	Piper	Ward, W.
Dallas	Jackson	Pitchford	Ward, W.
Davis, A.	Johnson, C. V.,	Raesley	Watts
Davis, W.	Johnson, D. D.,	Rath	Welch
Dearden	Johnston	Rebert	Whitman
Dershem	Jones, E. E.,	Reece	Wilcox
Detzel	Jones, J. R.,	Reel	Williams
Donahoe	Keely,	Reeser	Woodward
Donnally	Keene,	Reno	Cox, J.
			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having in the affirmative, the question was determined affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the with information that the House has passed the with amendments in which the concurrence of the is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and co ation of House Bill No. 1301 (Senate No. 81), enti

An act making a nappropriation to the Phoenixvill pital at Phoenixville Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the thir considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—199.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Kelly, M. C.,	Reyburn
Allman	Ehrhardt	Kelsey,	Rhoads
Akers	Eichenberger	Kern	Richards
Allen	Ewing	Klingerman	Rider
Alter	Fahey	Klumpp	Riebel
Anderson	Fay	Knight	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Kuhns	Robison
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Lafferty	Rockwell
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Larkins	Roney
Bass	Flynn	Leh	Row
Bender	Freeman	Light	Rumsey
Benson	Frey	Lindsay	Sassaman
Bentley	Gans	Lowe	Savidge
Billman	Geary	Magee	Schad
Blair	Gibson	Malie	Schmidt
Bosher	Gilkeson	Mannion	Schofield
Bossert	Good	Martin	Schultz
Boyd	Gransback	Marvin	Scott, J.
Brehm	Gray	Matt	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Graybill	Maurer	Shadrach
Brennan	Grove	McAleer	Shaffer
Caldwell	Guyaux	McArdle	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McClung	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McGowan	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Healey	McInerney	Shreve
Carroll	Hecht	McJunkin	Snavely
Carter	Henry	McKean	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Herman	McMullen	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hess	McNichol	Steese
Clymer	Hibshman	Miller	Stein
Cole	Hilton	Mills	Swan
Connell	Hobbs	Moore	Swartz
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Morris	Townsend
Conner, W.	Holland	Moses	Tunis
Conrade	Hoover	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Cox, E.	Hormell	Neel	Von Tacky
Crum	Howard	Newbaker	Wallace
Cumbler	Hunter, J. N.	North	Walnut
Currier	Hunter, R. P.	Perry	Walton
Curry	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Dale	Jackson	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Dallas	Johnson, C. V.,	Pitchford	Watts
Davis, A.	Johnson, D. D.,	Raesley	Welch
Davis, W.	Johnston	Rath	Whitman
Dearden	Jones, E. E.,	Rebert	Wilcox
Dershem	Jones, J. R.,	Reece	Williams
Detzel	Keely,	Reel	Wilson
Donahoe	Keene,	Reeser	Woodward
Donnally	Keister	Reno	Young
Dunn, H.	Kelley, J.,	Reyburn	Cox, J. Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1302 (Senate No. 78), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the House of Good Shepherd Scranton Lackawanna county

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—198.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M.	Rhoads
Allman	Eichenberger	Kelsey	Richards
Akers	Ewing	Kern	Rider
Allen	Fahey	Klingerman	Riebel
Alter	Fay	Klumpp	Robinson
Anderson	Feeney	Knight	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Kuhns	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Lafferty	Roney
Bartman	Flynn	Larkins	Row
Bass	Freeman	Leh	Rumsey
Bender,	Frey	Light	Sassaman
Benson	Gans	Lindsay	Savidge
Bentley	Geary	Lowe	Schad
Billman	Gibson	Magee	Schmidt
Blair	Gilkeson	Malie	Schofield
Bosher	Good	Mannion	Schultz
Bossert	Gransback	Martin	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gray	Marvin	Scott, S.
Brehm	Graybill	Matt	Shadrach
Breitinger	Grove	Maurer	Shaffer
Brennan	Guyaux	McAleer	Shannon
Caldwell	Haggerty	McArdle	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McClung	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Healey	McGowan	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McInerney	Snavely
Carroll	Henry	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Carter	Herman	McKean	Snyder, P.
Clarency	Hess	McMullen	Speer
Cleary	Hibshman	McNichol	Steese
Clymer	Hilton	Miller	Stein
Cole	Hobbs	Moore,	Swan
Connell	Hoffman	Morris	Swartz
Conner, P.	Holland	Moses	Townsend
Conner, W.	Hoover	Moulthrop	Tunis
Conrade	Hormell	Neel	Ulerich
Cox, E.	Hough	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Crum	Howard	North	Wallace
Cumbler	Hunter, J.	Perry	Walnut
Currier	Hunter, R.	Phillips	Walton
Curry	Irwin	Piper	Ward, W., Jr.
Dale	Jackson	Pitchford	Ward, W. B.
Dallas	Johnson, C.	Raesley	Watts
Davis, A.	Johnson, D.	Rath	Welch
Davis, W.	Johnston	Rebert	Whitman
Dearden	Jones E.	Reece	Wilcox
Dershem	Jones, J.	Reel	Williams
Detzel	Keely	Reeser	Woodward
Donahoe	Keene	Reno	Young
Donnally	Keister	Reyburn	Cox, John F. Speaker
Dunn, H.	Kelley, J.		

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1303 (Senate No. 74), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Coatesville Hospital Coatesville Chester county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—195.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.	Reno
Allman	Ehrhardt	Kelly M.	Reyburn
Akers	Eichenberger	Kelsey	Rhoads
Allen	Ewing	Kern	Richards
Alter	Fahey	Klingerman	Rider
Anderson	Fay	Klumpp	Riebel
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Knight	Robinson
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Kuhns	Robison
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Lafferty	Rockwell
Bass	Flynn	Larkins	Roney
Bender	Freeman	Leh	Row
Benson	Frey	Light	Rumsey
Bentley	Gans	Lindsay	Sassaman
Billman	Geary	Lowe	Savidge
Blair	Gibson	Magee	Schad
Bosher	Good	Malie	Schmidt
Bossert	Gransback	Mannion	Schofield
Boyd	Gray	Martin	Schultz
Brehm	Graybill	Marvin	Scott, J.
Breitinger	Grove	Matt	Scott, S.
Brennan	Guyaux	Maurer	Shadrach
Caldwell	Haggerty	McAleer	Shaffer
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McArdle	Shannon
Campbell, J.	Healey	McClung	Sherwood
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McGowan	Shoemaker
Carroll	Henry	McInerney	Shreve
Carter	Herman	McJunkin	Snavely
Clarency	Hess	McKean	Snyder, A.
Cleary	Hibshman	McMullen	Snyder, P.
Clymer	Hilton	McNichol	Speer
Cole,	Hobbs	Mills	Steese
Connell	Hoffman	Moore	Stein
Conner, P.	Holland	Morris	Swan
Conner, W.	Hoover	Moses	Swartz
Conrade	Hormell	Moulthrop	Townsend
Cox, E.	Hough	Neel	Tunis
Crum	Howard	Newbaker	Ulerich
Cumbler	Hunter, J.	North	Von Tacky
Currier	Hunter, R.	Perry	Wallace
Curry	Irwin	Phillips	Walnut
Dale	Jackson	Piper	Walton
Dallas	Johnson, C.	Pitchford	Ward, W., Jr.
Davis, A.	Johnson, D.	Raesley	Ward, W. B.
Davis, W.	Johnston	Rath	Welch
Dearden	Jones E.	Rebert	Whitman
Dershem	Jones, J.	Reece	Wilcox
Detzel	Keely	Reel	Woodward
Donahoe	Keene	Reeser	Cox, J. Speaker
Donnally	Keister		
Dunn, H.			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1304 (Senate No. 71), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Commissioners of Valley Forge Park

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—199.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M. C.,	Rhoads
Allman	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Richards
Akers	Ewing	Kern	Rider
Allen	Fahey	Klingerman	Riebel
Alter	Fay	Klumpp	Robinson
Anderson	Feeney	Knight	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Kuhns	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Lafferty	Roney
Bartman	Flynn	Larkins	Row
Bass	Freeman	Leh	Rumsey
Bender	Frey	Light	Sassaman
Benson	Gans	Lindsay	Savidge
Bentley	Geary	Lowe	Schad
Billman	Gibson	Magee	Schmidt
Blair	Gilkeson	Malie	Schofield
Bosher	Good	Mannion	Schultz
Bossert	Gransback	Martin	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gray	Marvin	Scott, S.
Brehm	Graybill	Matt	Shadrach
Breitinger	Grove	Maurer	Shaffer
Brennan	Guyaux	McAleer	Shannon
Caldwell	Haggerty	McArdle	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McClung	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Healey	McGowan	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McInerney	Snavely
Carroll	Henry	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Carter	Herman	McKean	Snyder, P.
Clarency	Hess	McMullen	Speer
Cleary	Hibshman	McNichol	Steese
Clymer	Hilton	Miller	Stein
Cole	Hobbs	Mills	Swan
Connell	Hoffman	Moore	Swartz
Conner, P.	Holland	Morris	Townsend
Conner, W.	Hoover	Moses	Tunis
Conrade	Hormell	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Cox, E.	Hough	Neel	Von Tacky
Crum	Howard	Newbaker	Wallace
Cumbler	Hunter, J. N.,	North	Walnut
Currier	Hunter, R. P.,	Perry	Walton
Curry	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Dale	Jackson	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Davis, A.	Johnson, C. V.,	Pitchford	Watts
Davis, W.	Johnson, D. D.,	Raesley	Welch
Dearden	Johnston	Rath	Whitman
Dershem	Jones, E. E.,	Rebert	Wilcox
Detzel	Jones, J. R.,	Reece	Williams
Donahoe	Keely,	Reel	Wilson
Donnally	Keene,	Reeser	Woodward
Dunn, H.	Keister	Reno	Cox, J.
Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.	Reyburn	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1305 (Senate No. 437), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to complete the erection of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Treverton Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields of Pennsylvania situate in the township of Coal Northumberland County Pennsylvania to equip and furnish the said hospital and to enable the commissioners to properly perform the duties assigned them under and by virtue of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—198.

Abbott	Dunn, H.	Keister	Reyburn
Allman	Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.	Rhoads
Akers	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M. C.,	Richards
Allen	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Rider
Alter	Ewing	Kern	Riebel
Anderson	Fahey	Klingerman	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	Fay	Klumpp	Robison
Baldwin, R.	Feeney	Knight	Rockwell
Bartman	Ferguson	Kuhns	Roney
Bass	Fitzgerald	Lafferty	Row
Bender	Flynn	Larkins	Rumsey
Benson	Freeman	Leh	Sassaman
Bentley	Frey	Light	Savidge
Billman	Geary	Lindsay	Schad
Blair	Gibson	Lowe	Schmidt
Bosher	Gilkeson	Magee	Schofield
Bossert	Good	Malie	Schultz
Boyd	Gransback	Mannion	Scott, J.
Brehm	Gray	Martin	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Graybill	Marvin	Shadrach
Brennan	Grove	Matt	Shaffer
Caldwell	Guyaux	Maurer	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McAleer	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McArdle	Shoemaker
Carroll	Healey	McClung	Shreve
Carter	Hecht	McGowan	Snavely
Clarency	Henry	McInerney	Snyder, A.
Cleary	Herman	McJunkin	Snyder, P.
Clymer	Hess	McKean	Speer
Cole	Hibshman	McMullen	Stein
Connell	Hilton	McNichol	Swan
Conner, P.	Hobbs	Miller	Swartz
Conner, W.	Hoffman	Mills	Townsend
Bartman	Ferguson	Kuhns	Rowe
Bass	Fitzgerald	Lafferty	Rumsey
Bender	Flynn	Larkins	Sassaman
Benson	Freeman	Leh	Savidge
Bentley	Frey	Light	Schad
Billman	Geary	Lindsay	Schmidt
Blair	Gibson	Lowe	Schofield
Bosher	Gilkeson	Magee	Schultz
Bossert	Good	Malie	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gransback	Mannion	Scott, S.
Brehm	Gray	Martin	Shadrach
Breitinger	Graybill	Marvin	Shaffer
Brennan	Grove	Matt	Shannon
Caldwell	Guyaux	Maurer	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McAleer	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McArdle	Shreve
Carroll	Healey	McClung	Snavely
Carter	Hecht	McGowan	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Henry	McInerney	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Herman	McJunkin	Speer
Clymer	Hess	McKean	Steese
Cole	Hibshman	McMullen	Stein
Connell	Hilton	McNichol	Swan
Conner, P.	Hobbs	Miller	Swartz
Conner, W.	Hoffman	Mills	Townsend

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1306 (Senate No. 477), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to aid in the erection of a memorial in commemoration of the victory of Commodore Oliver Hazard Perry at the Battle of Lake Erie, the centennial celebration of that event and the northwestern campaign of General William Henry Harrison in the war of eighteen hundred and twelve and to defray the expenses of the commission appointed by the Governor of Pennsylvania in connection with said celebration and the erection of said memorial

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—194.

Abbott	Dunn, H.	Kelley, J.	Reyburn
Allman	Dunn, J.	Kelly, M. C.,	Rhoads
Akers	Ehrhardt	Kelsey,	Richards
Allen	Eichenberger	Kern	Rider
Alter	Ewing	Klingerman	Riebel
Anderson	Fahey	Klumpp	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	Fay	Knight	Robison
Baldwin, R.	Feeney	Kuhns	Rockwell
Bartman,	Ferguson	Lafferty	Roney
Bass	Fitzgerald	Larkins	Row
Bender	Flynn	Leh	Rumsey
Benson	Freeman	Light	Sassaman
Bentley	Frey	Lindsay	Savidge
Billman	Gans	Lowe	Schad
Blair	Gibson	Magee	Schofield
Bosher	Gilkeson	Malie	Schultz
Bossert	Good	Mannion	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gransback	Martin	Scott, S.
Brehm	Gray	Marvin	Shadrach
Breitinger	Graybill	Matt	Shaffer
Brennan	Grove	Maurer	Shannon
Caldwell	Guyaux	McAleer	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McArdle	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McClung	Shreve
Carroll	Healey	McGowan	Snavely
Carter	Hecht	McInerney	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Henry	McJunkin	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Herman	McKean	Speer
Clymer	Hess	McMullen	Stein
Cole	Hibshman	McNichol	Swan
Connell	Hilton	Miller	Swartz
Conner, P.	Hobbs	Mills	Townsend
Conner, W.	Hoffman		

onrade	Holland	Moore	Ulerich
ox, E.	Hoover	Morris	Von Tacky
rum	Hormell	Moses	Wallace
umbler	Hough	Moulthrop	Walnut
rrier	Howard	Neel	Walton
rry	Hunter, J.	Newbaker	Ward, W., Jr.
ale	Hunter, R.	Perry	Ward, W. B.
allas	Irwin	Phillips	Watts
avis, A.	Jackson	Piper	Welch
avis, W.	Johnson, C.	Pitchford	Whitman
earden	Johnson, D.	Raesley	Wilcox
ershein	Johnston	Rebert	Williams
etzel	Jones, E.	Reece	Wilson
onahoe	Jones, J.	Reeser	Woodward
onnally	Keely	Reel	Young
	Keene		Cox, J.
			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and considera-tion of House Bill No. 1307 (Senate No. 373), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the state hospital for injured persons of the Treverton Shaft-kin and Mount Carmel coal fields situate in the town-ship of Coal Near Shamokin Northumberland County Penn-sylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—197.

bbott	Dunn, J.	Keister	Reeser
man	Ehrhardt	Kelley, J.,	Reno
kers	Eichenberger	Kelly, M. C.,	Reyburn
len	Ewing	Kelsey,	Rhoads
er	Fahey	Kern	Richards
derson	Fay	Klingerman	Rider
ldwin, G.	Feeney	Klumpp	Riebel
ldwin, R.	Ferguson	Knight	Robinson
rtman	Fitzgerald	Kuhns	Robison
ss	Flynn	Lafferty	Rockwell
der	Freeman	Larkins	Roney
nson	Frey	Leh	Row
tley	Gans	Light	Rumsey
lman	Geary	Lindsay	Sassaman
ir	Gibson	Lowe	Savidge
sher	Gilkeson	Magee	Schad
sert	Good	Malie	Schmidt
hm	Gransback	Mannion	Schofield
ltinger	Gray	Martin	Schultz
nnan	Graybill	Marvin	Scott, J.
dwell	Grove	Matt	Scott, S.
mpbell, C.	Guyaux	Maurer	Shadrach
mpbell, J.	Haggerty	McAleer	Shaffer
mpbell, W.	Halferty	McArdle	Shannon
roll	Healey	McClung	Sherwood
ter	Hecht	McGowan	Shoemaker
rency	Henry	McInerney	Shreve
ary	Herman	McJunkin	Snavely
mer	Hess	McKean	Snyder, A.
e	Hibshman	McMullen	Snyder, P.
nell	Hilton	McNichol	Speer
ner, P.	Hobbs	Miller	Steese
ner, W.	Hoffman	Mills	Stein
rade	Holland	Moore,	Swan
, E.	Hoover	Morris	Swartz
m	Hormell	Moses	Townsend
bler	Hough	Moulthrop	Tunis
ier	Howard	Neel	Ulerich
ry	Hunter J. N.,	Newbaker	Von Tacky
	Hunter, R. P.,	North	Wallace
as	Irwin	Perry	Walnut
is, A.	Jackson	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
is, W.	Johnson, C. V.,	Piper	Ward, W. B.
den	Johnson, D. D.,	Pitchford	Watts
hem	Johnston	Raesley	Welch
el	Jones, E. E.,	Rath	Whitman
ahoe	Jones, J. R.,	Rebert	Williams
nally	Keely,	Reece	Woodward
n, H.	Keene,	Reel	Cox, J.
			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and considera-tion of House Bill No. 1308 (Senate No. 257), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Coleman Home for Colored Boys located in the City of Pittsburg Allegheny County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—196.

Abbott	Dunn, H.	Keister,	Reno
Allman	Ehrhardt	Kelley, J.	Reyburn
Akers	Eichenberger	Kelly, M.	Rhoads
Allen	Ewing	Kelsey	Richards
Alter	Fahey	Kern,	Rider
Anderson	Fay	Klingerman,	Riebel
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Klumpp,	Robinson
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Knight,	Robison
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Kuhns,	Rockwell
Bass	Flynn	Lafferty,	Roney
Bender	Freeman	Larkins,	Row
Benson	Frey	Leh,	Rumsey
Bentley	Gans	Light	Sassaman
Billman	Geary	Lindsay,	Savidge
Blair	Gibson	Lowe,	Schad
Bosher	Gilkeson	Magee,	Schmidt
Bossert	Good	Malie,	Schofield
Boyd	Gransback	Mannion,	Schultz
Brehm	Gray	Martin,	Scott, J.
Breitinger	Graybill	Marvin,	Scott, S.
Brennan	Grove	Matt,	Shadrach
Caldwell	Guyaux	Maurer,	Shaffer
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McAleer,	Shannon
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McArdle,	Sherwood
Campbell, W.	Healey		Shoemaker
Carroll	Hecht	McGowan,	Shreve
Carter	Henry	McInerney,	Snavely
Clarency	Herman	McJunkin,	Snyder, A.
Cleary	Hess	McKean,	Snyder, P.
Clymer	Hibshman	McMullen,	Speer,
Cole	Hilton	McNichol,	Steese,
Connell	Hobbs	Mills,	Swan
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Moore,	Swartz
Conner, W.	Holland	Morris,	Townsend
Conrade	Hoover	Moses	Tunis
Cox, E.	Hormell	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Crum	Hough	Neel	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Howard	Newbaker	Wallace
Currier	Hunter, J. N.	North	Walnut
Curry	Hunter R. P.	Perry,	Walton
Dale	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Dallas	Jackson,	Piper	Watts
Davis, A.	Johnson, C,	Pitchford	Welch
Davis, W.	Johnson, D.	Raesley	Whitman
Dearden	Johnston,	Rath	Wilcox
Dershem	Jones, E.	Rebert	Williams
Detzel	Jones, J.	Reece	Woodward
Donahoe	Keely,	Reel	Young
Donnally	Keene,	Reeser	Cox, J.
			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1309 (Senate No. 256), entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the improvement of the maritime port facilities of the State of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—198.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.,	Reyburn
Allman	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M. C.,	Rider
Akers	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Rhoads
Allen	Ewing	Kern	Richards
Alter	Fahey	Klingerman	Riebel
Anderson	Fay	Klumpp	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Knight	Robison
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Kuhns	Rockwell
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Lafferty	Roney
Bass	Flynn	Larkins	Row
Bender	Freeman	Leh	Rumsey
Benson	Frey	Light	Sassaman
Bentley,	Gans	Lindsay	Savidge
Billman	Geary	Lowe	Schad
Blair	Gibson	Magee	Schmidt
Bosher	Gilkeson	Malie	Schofield
Bossert	Good	Mannion	Schultz
Boyd	Gray	Martin	Scott, J.
Brehm	Graybill	Marvin	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Grove	Matt	Shadrach

Brennan	Guyaux	Maurer	Shannon
Caldwell	Haggerty	McAleer	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McArdle	Shoemaker
Campbell. J.	Healey	McClung	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McGowan	Snavely
Carroll	Henry	McInerney	Snyder, A.
Carter	Herman	McJunkin	Snyder, P.
Clarency	Hess	McKean	Speer
Cleary	Hibshman	McMullen	Steese
Clymer	Hilton	McNichol	Stein
Cole	Hobbs	Miller	Swartz
Connell	Hoffman	Mills	Townsend
Conner, P.	Holland	Moore	Tunis
Conner, W.	Hoover	Morris	Ulerich
Conrade	Hormell	Moses	Von Tacky
Cox, E.	Hough	Moulthrop	Wallace
Crum	Howard	Neel	Walnut
Cumbler	Hunter J. N.,	Newbaker	Walton
Currier	Hunter, R. P.,	North	Ward, W., Jr.
Curry	Irwin	Perry	Ward, W. B.
Dale	Jackson	Piper	Watts
Dallas	Johnson, C. V.,	Pitchford	Welch
Davis, A.	Johnson, D. D.,	Raesley	Whitman
Davis, W.	Johnston	Rath	Wilcox
Dearden	Jones, E. E.,	Rebert	Williams
Dershem	Jones, J. R.,	Reece	Wilson
Detzel	Keely,	Reel	Woodward
Donahoe	Keene,	Reeser	Young
Donnally	Keister	Reno	Cox, J.
Dunn, H.		Shaffer	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1310 (Senate No. 249), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Frankford Hospital located in Frankford Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—200.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.,	Reyburn
Allman	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M. C.,	Rhoads
Akers	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Richards
Allen	Ewing	Kern	Rider
Alter	Fahey	Klingerman	Riebel
Anderson	Fay	Klumpp	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Knight	Robison
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Kuhns	Rockwell
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Lafferty	Roney
Bass	Flynn	Larkins	Row
Bender	Freeman	Leh	Rumsey
Benson	Frey	Light	Sassaman
Bentley	Gans	Lindsay	Savidge
Billman	Geary	Lowe	Schad
Blair	Gibson	Magee	Schmidt
Bosher	Gilkeson	Malie	Schofield
Bossert	Good	Mannion	Schultz
Boyd	Gransback	Martin	Scott, J.
Brehm	Gray	Marvin	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Graybill	Matt	Shadrach
Brennan	Grove	Maurer	Shaffer
Caldwell	Guyaux	McAleer	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McArdle	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McClung	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Healey	McGowan	Shreve
Carroll	Hecht	McInerney	Snavely
Carter	Henry	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Herman	McKean	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hess	McMullen	Speer
Clymer	Hibshman	McNichol	Steese
Cole	Hilton	Miller	Stein
Connell	Hobbs	Mills	Swan
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Moore	Swartz
Conner, W.	Holland	Morris	Townsend
Conrade	Hoover	Moses	Tunis
Cox, E. R.	Hormell	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Crum	Hough	Neel	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Howard	Newbaker	Wallace
Currier	Hunter J. N.,	North	Walnut
Curry	Hunter, R. P.,	Perry	Walton
Dale	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Dallas	Jackson	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Davis, A.	Johnson, C. V.,	Pitchford	Watts
Davis, W.	Johnson, D. D.,	Raesley	Welch
Dearden	Johnston	Rath	Whitman
Dershem	Jones, E. E.,	Rebert	Wilcox
Detzel	Jones, J. R.,	Reece	Williams
Donahoe	Keely,	Reel	Wilson
Donnally	Keene,	Reeser	Woodward
Dunn, H.	Keister	Reno	Cox, J.
			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1311 (Senate No. 248), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Fiftieth Anniversary of the Battle of Gettysburg to further carry out the provisions of the act of Assembly approved May thirteenth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine creating said commission and defining the duty thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—197.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelley, J	Reno
Allman	Eichenberger	Kelly, M.	Reyburn
Akers	Ewing	Kelsey	Richards
Allen	Fahey	Kern	Rider
Alter	Fay	Klingerman	Riebel
Anderson	Feeney	Klumpp	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Knight	Robison
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Kuhns	Rockwell
Bartman	Flynn	Lafferty	Roney
Bass	Freeman	Larkins	Row
Bender	Frey	Leh	Rumsey
Benson	Gans	Light	Sassaman
Bentley	Geary	Lindsay	Savidge
Billman	Gibson	Lowe	Schad
Bosher	Gilkeson	Magee	Schmidt
Bossert	Good	Malie	Schofield
Boyd	Gransback	Mannion	Schultz
Brehm	Gray	Martin	Scott, J.
Breitinger	Graybill	Marvin	Scott, S.
Brennan	Grove	Matt	Shadrach
Caldwell	Guyaux	Maurer	Shaffer
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McAleer	Shannon
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McArdle	Sherwood
Campbell, W.	Healey	McClung	Shoemaker
Carroll	Hecht	McGowan	Shreve
Carter	Henry	McInerney	Snavely
Clarency	Herman	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Cleary	Hess	McKean	Snyder, P.
Clymer	Hibshman	McMullen	Speer
Cole	Hilton	McNichol	Steese
Conner, P.	Hobbs	Miller	Stein
Conner, W.	Hoffman	Mills	Swan
Conrade	Holland	Moore	Swartz
Cox, E.	Hoover	Morris	Townsend
Crum	Hormell	Moses	Tunis
Cumbler	Hough	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Currier	Howard	Neel	Von Tacky
Curry	Hunter, J.	Newbaker	Wallace
Dale	Hunter, R.	North	Walnut
Dallas	Irwin	Perry	Walton
Davis, A.	Jackson	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Davis, W.	Johnson, C.	Piper	Ward, W.
Dearden	Johnson, D.	Pitchford	Watts
Dershem	Johnston	Raesley	Welch
Detzel	Jones, E.	Rath	Whitman
Donahoe	Jones, J.	Rebert	Wilcox
Donnally	Keely	Reece	Wilson
Dunn, H.	Keene	Reel	Woodward
Dunn, J.	Keister	Reeser	Cox, John F.
			Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1312 (Senate No. 192), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittsburg Sunshine Children's Home located at Pittsburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—198.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelsey	Richards
Allman	Eichenberger	Kern	Rider
Akers	Ewing	Klingerman	Riebel
Allen	Fahey	Klumpp	Robinson
Alter	Fay	Knight	Robison

Anderson	Feeney	Kuhns	Rockwell
Baldwin, G. A.	Ferguson	Lafferty	Roney
Baldwin, R. J.	Fitzgerald	Larkins	Row
Bartman	Flynn	Leh	Rumsey
Bass	Freeman	[illegible]	Sassaman
Bender	Frey	Lindsay	Savidge
Benson		Lowe	Schad
Bentley	Geary	Magee	Schmidt
Billman	Gibson	Malie	Schofield
Blair	Gilkeson	Mannion	Schultz
Bosher	Good	Martin	Scott, J. R.
Bossert	Gransback	Marvin	Scott, S. B.
Boyd	Graybill	Matt	Shadrach
Brehm	Grove	Maurer	Shaffer
Breitinger		McAleer	Shannon
Brennan	Haggerty	McArdle	Sherwood
Caldwell	Halferty	McClung	Shoemaker
Campbell, C.	Healey	McGowan	Shreve
Campbell, J.	Hecht	McInerney	Snavely
Campbell, W.	Henry	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Carroll	Herman	McKean	Snyder, P.
Carter	Hess	McMullen	Speer
Clarency	Hibshman	McNichol	Steese
Cleary	Hilton	Miller	Stein
Clymer	Hobbs	Mills	Swan
Cole	Hoffman	Moore	Swartz
Conner, P.	Holland	Morris	Townsend
Conner, W.	Hoover	Moses	Tunis
Conrade	Hormell	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Cox, E. R.	Hough	Neel	Von Tacky
Crum	Howard	Newbaker	Wallace
Cumbler	Hunter, J.	North	Walnut
Currier	Hunter, R.	Perry	Walton
Curry	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W. Jr.
Dale	Jackson	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Dallas	Johnson, C.	Pitchford	Watts
Davis, A.	Johnson, D.	Raesley	Welch
Davis, W.	Johnston	Rath	Whitman
Dearden	Jones, E. E.	Rebert	Wilcox
Dershem	Jones, John	Reece	Williams
Detzel	Keely	Reel	Wilson
Donahoe	Keene	Reeser	Woodward
Donnally	Keister	Reno	Young
Dunn, H.	Kelley, J.	Reyburn	Cox, John F.
Dunn, J.	Kelly, M.	Rhoads	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1313 (Senate No. 122), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Westmoreland County at Greensburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken as follows, viz.:

YEAS—199.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M.	Richards
Ailman	Eichenberger	Kelsey	Rider
Akers	Ewing	Kern	Riebel
Allen	Fahey	Klingerman	Robinson
Alter	Fay	Klumpp	Robison
Anderson	Feeney	Knight	Rockwell
Baldwin, G. A.	Ferguson	Kuhns	Roney
Baldwin, R. J.	Fitzgerald	Lafferty	Row
Bartman	Flynn	Larkins	Rumsey
Bass	Freeman	Leh	Sassaman
Bender	Frey	Light	Savidge
Benson	Gans	Lindsay	Schad
Bentley	Geary	Lowe	Schmidt
Billman	Gibson	Magee	Schofield
Blair	Gilkeson	Malie	Schultz
Bosher	Good	Mannion	Scott, J. R.
Bossert	Gransback	Martin	Scott, S. B.
Boyd	Gray	Marvin	Shadrach
Brehm	Graybill	Matt	Shaffer
Breitinger	Grove	Maurer	Shannon
Brennan	Guyaux	McAleer	Sherwood
Caldwell	Haggerty	McArdle	Shoemaker
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McGowan	Shreve
Campbell, J.	Healey	McInerney	Snavely
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Carroll	Henry	McKean	Snyder, P.
Carter	Herman	McMullen	Speer
Clarency	Hess	McNichol	Steese
Cleary	Hibshman	Miller	Stein
Clymer	Hilton	Mills	Swan
Cole	Hobbs	Moore	Swartz
Connell	Hoffman	Morris	Townsend
Conner, P.	Holland	Moses	Tunis
Conner, W.	Hoover	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Conrade	Hormell	Neel	Von Tacky
Cox, E. R.	Hough	Newbaker	Wallace
Cumbler	Howard	North	Walnut
Currier	Hunter, J.	Perry	Walton
Curry	Hunter, R.	Phillips	Ward, W. Jr.
Dale	Irwin	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Dallas	Jackson	Pitchford	Watts
Davis, A.	Johnson, C.	Raesley	Welch
Davis, W.	Johnson, D.	Rath	Whitman
Dearden	Johnston	Rebert	Wilcox
Dershem	Jones, E. E.	Reece	Williams
Detzel	Jones, John	Reel	Wilson
Donahoe	Keely	Reeser	Woodward
Donnally	Keene	Reno	Young
Dunn, H.	Keister	Reyburn	Cox, John F.
Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.	Rhoads	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1314 (Senate No. 118), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken as follows, viz.:

YEAS—195.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Keister,	Reno
Ailman	Ehrhardt	Kelley, J.	Reyburn
Akers	Eichenberger	Kelly, M.	Rhoads
Allen	Ewing	Kelsey,	Richards
Alter	Fahey	Kern	Rider
Anderson	Fay	Klingerman,	Riebel
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Klumpp,	Robinson
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Knight,	Robison
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Kuhns,	Rockwell
Bass	Flynn	Lafferty,	Roney
Bender	Freeman	Larkins,	Row
Benson	Frey	Leh,	Rumsey
Bentley	Gans	Light,	Sassaman
Billman	Geary	Lindsay,	Savidge
Blair	Gibson	Lowe,	Schad
Bosher	Gilkeson	Magee,	Schmidt
Bossert	Good	Malie,	Schofield
Boyd	Gransback	Mannion,	Schultz
Brehm	Gray	Martin,	Scott, J.
Breitinger	Graybill	Marvin,	Scott, S.
Brennan,	Grove	Matt,	Shaffer
Caldwell	Guyaux	Maurer,	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McAleer,	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McArdle,	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Healey	McClung,	Shreve
Carroll	Hecht	McGowan,	Snavely
Carter	Henry	McInerney,	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Herman	McJunkin,	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hess	McKean,	Speer,
Clymer	Hibshman	McMullen,	Stein,
Cole	Hilton	McNichol,	Swan
Connell	Hobbs	Miller,	Swartz
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Moore,	Townsend
Conner, W.	Holland	Morris,	Tunis
Conrade	Hoover	Moses	Ulerich
Cox, E.	Hormell	Moulthrop	Von Tacky
Crum	Hough	Neel	Wallace
Cumbler	Howard	Newbaker	Walnut
Currier	Hunter, J. N.	North	Walton
Dale	Hunter, R.	Perry	Ward, W., Jr.
Dallas	Irwin	Phillips	Watts
Davis, A.	Jackson,	Piper	Welch
Davis, W.	Johnson, C,	Pitchford	Whitman
Dearden	Johnson, D,	Raesley	Wilcox
Dershem	Johnston,	Rath	Wilson
Detzel	Jones, E,	Rebert	Woodward
Donahoe	Jones, J,	Reece	Young
Donnally	Keely,	Reel	Cox, J.
Dunn, H.	Keene,	Reeser	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1315 (Senate No. 79), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Chester County Hospital West Chester Chester County Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken as follows, viz.:

YEAS—198.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Kelly, M.	Rhoads
Allman	Ehrhardt	Kelsey	Richards
Akers	Eichenberger	Kern	Rider
Allen	Ewing	Klingerman	Riebel
Alter	Fahey	Klumpp	Robinson
Anderson	Feeney	Knight	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Kuhns	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Lafferty	Roney
Bartman	Flynn	Larkins	Row
Bass	Freeman	Leh	Rumsey
Bender	Frey	Light	Sassaman
Benson	Gans	Lindsay	Savidge
Bentley	Geary	Lowe	Schad
Billman	Gibson	Magee	Schmidt
Blair	Gilkeson	Mannion	Schofield
Bosher	Good	Martin	Schultz
Bossert	Gransback	Marvin	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gray	Matt	Scott, S.
Brehm	Graybill	Maurer	Shadrach
Breitinger	Grove	McAleer	Shaffer
Brennan	Guyaux	McClung	Shannon
Caldwell	Haggerty	McGowan	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McInerney	Shoemaker
Campbell, Jas.	Healey	McJunkin	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McKean	Snyder, A.
Carroll	Henry	McMullen	Snyder, P.
Carter	Herman	McNichol	Speer
Clarency	Hess	Miller	Steese
Cleary	Hibshman	Mills,	Stein
Clymer	Hilton	Moore	Swan
Cole	Hobbs	Morris	Swartz
Connell	Hoffman	Moses	Townsend
Conner, P.	Holland	Moulthrop	Tunis
Conner, W.	Hoover	Noel	Ulerich
Conrade	Hormell	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Cox, E.	Hough	North	Wallace
Crum	Howard	Perry	Walnut
Cumbler	Hunter, J.	Phillips	Walton
Currier	Hunter, R.	Piper	Ward, W., Jr.
Curry	Irwin	Pitchford	Ward, W.
Dale	Jackson	Raesley	Watts
Dallas	Johnson, C.	Rath	Welch
Davis, A.	Johnson D.	Rebert	Whitman
Davis, W.	Johnston	Reece	Wilcox
Dearden	Jones, E.	Reel	Williams
Dershem	Jones, J.	Reeser	Wilson
Detzel	Keely	Reno	Woodward
Donahoe	Keene	Reyburn	Young
Donnally	Keister		Cox, John F
Dunn, H.	Kelley, J.		Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1316 (Senate No. 84), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Commonwealth Humane Society

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken as follows, viz.:

YEAS—197.

Abbott	Dunn, H.	Keene	Reno
Allman	Dunn. J.	Keister	Reyburn
Akers	Ehrhardt	Kelley, J.	Rhoads
Allen	Eichenberger	Kelly, M.	Richards
Alter	Ewing	Kelsey	Rider
Anderson	Fahey	Kern	Riebel
Baldwin, G. A.	Fay	Klingerman	Robinson
Baldwin, R. J.	Feeney	Klumpp	Robison
Bartman	Ferguson	Knight	Rockwell
Bass	Fitzgerald	Kuhns	Roney
Bender	Flynn	Lafferty	Row
Benson	Freeman	Larkins	Rumsey
Bentley	Frey	Leh	Sassaman
Billman	Gans	Light	Savidge
Blair	Geary	Lindsay	Schad
Bosher	Gibson	Lowe	Schmidt
Bossert	Gilkeson	Magee	Schofield
Boyd	Good	Malle	Schultz
Brehm	Gransback	Mannion	Scott, J. R.
Breitinger	Gray	Martin	Scott, S. B.
Brennan	Graybill	Marvin	Shadrach
Caldwell	Grove	Matt	Shaffer
Campbell, C.	Guyaux	Maurer	Shannon
Campbell, J.	Haggerty	McAleer	Sherwood
Campbell, W.	Halferty	McArdle	Shoemaker
Carroll	Healey	McClung	Shreve
Carter	Hecht	McGowan	Snavely
Clarency	Henry	McInerney	Snyder, A.
Cleary	Herman	McJunkin	Snyder, P.
Clymer	Hess	McKean	Speer
Cole	Hibshman	McMullen	Steese
Connell	Hilton	McNichol	Stein
Conner, P.	Hobbs	Mills	Swan
Conner, W.	Hoffman	Moore	Swartz
Conrade	Holland	Morris	Townsend
Cox, E. R.	Hoover	Moses	Tunis
Crum	Hormell	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Cumbler	Hough	Neel	Von Tacky
Currier	Howard	Newbaker	Wallace
Curry	Hunter, J.	North	Walnut
Dale	Hunter, R.	Perry	Walton
Dallas	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W. Jr.
Davis, A.	Jackson	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Davis, W. H.	Johnson, C.	Pitchford	Watts
Dearden	Johnson, D.	Raesley	Welch
Dershem	Johnston	Rath	Whitman
Detzel	Jones, E. E.	Rebert	Wilcox
Donahoe	Jones, John	Reece	Williams
Donnally	Keely	Reel	Wilson
Dunn, H.	Keene	Reeser	Woodward
Dunn, J.	Keister	Reno	Young
	Kelley, J.	Reyburn	Cox, John F.
			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1318 (Senate No. 69), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Westmoreland Hospital Association of Greensburg Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken as follows, viz.:

YEAS—197.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.	Reyburn	Bossert	Gilkeson	Martin,	Scott, J.
Ailman	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M. C.	Rhoads	Boyd	Good	Marvin,	Shadrach
Akers	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Richards	Brehm	Gransback	Matt,	Shaffer
Allen	Ewing	Kern,	Rider	Breitinger	Gray	Maurer,	Shannon
Alter	Fahey	Klingerman	Riebel	Brennan	Graybill	McAleer,	Sherwood
Anderson	Fay	Klumpp,	Robinson	Caldwell	Grove	McArdle,	Shoemaker
Baldwin, G. A.	Feeney	Knight,	Robison	Campbell, C.	Guyaux	McClung,	Shreve
Baldwin, R. J.	Ferguson	Kuhns,	Rockwell	Campbell, J.	Haggerty	McGowan,	Snavely
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Lafferty,	Roney	Campbell, W.	Healey	McInerney	Snyder, A.
Bass	Flynn	Larkins,	Rumsey	Carroll	Hecht	McJunkin,	Snyder, P.
Bender	Freeman	Leh,	Sassaman	Carter	Henry	McKean,	Speer,
Benson	Frey	Light,	Savidge	Clarency	Herman	McMullen,	Steese,
Bentley	Gans	Lindsay,	Schad	Cleary	Hess	McNichol,	Stein,
Billman	Geary	Lowe,	Schmidt	Cole	Hibshman	Miller	Swan
Blair	Gibson	Magee,	Schofield	Connell	Hilton	Mills,	Swartz
Bosher	Gilkeson	Malle,	Schultz	Conner, P.	Hobbs	Moore,	Townsend
Bossert	Good	Mannion,	Scott, J.	Conner, W.	Hoffman	Morris,	Tunis
Boyd	Gransback	Martin,	Scott, S.	Conrade	Holland	Moses,	Ulerich
Brehm	Gray	Marvin,	Shadrach	Cox, E.	Hoover	Mouthrop	Von Tacky
Breitinger	Graybill	Matt,	Shaffer	Crum	Hormell	Neel	Wallace
Brennan	Grove	Maurer,	Shannon	Cumbler	Hough	Newbaker	Walnut
Caldwell	Guyaux	McAleer	Sherwood	Currier	Howard	North	Walton
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McArdle,	Shoemaker	Curry	Hunter, J. N.	Perry	Ward, W., Jr.
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McClung,	Shreve	Dale	Hunter, R. P.	Phillips	Ward, W. B.
Campbell, W.	Healey	McGowan,	Snavely	Dallas	Irwin	Piper	Watts
Carroll	Hecht	McInerney	Snyder, A.	Davis, A.	Jackson,	Pitcford	Welch
Carter	Henry	McJunkin,	Snyder, P.	Davis, W.	Johnson, C.	Raesley	Wilcox
Clarency	Herman	McKean,	Speer,	Dearden	Johnson, D.	Rath	Williams
Cleary	Hess	McMullen,	Steese,	Dershem	Johnston	Reece	Wilson
Clymer	Hibshman	McNichol,	Stein,	Detzel	Jones, E.	Reel	Woodward
Cole	Hilton	Mills,	Swan	Donahoe	Keely,	Reeser	Young
Connell	Hobbs	Moore,	Swartz	Donnally	Keiser	Reno	Cox, J.
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Morris,	Townsend				Speaker
Conner, W.	Holland	Moses,	Tunis				
Conrade	Hoover	Mouthrop	Ulerich				
Cox, E.	Hormell	Neel	Von Tacky				
Crum	Hough	Newbaker	Wallace				
Cumbler	Howard	North	Walnut				
Currier	Hunter, J. N.	Perry	Walton				
Curry	Hunter, R. P.	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.				
Dale	Irwin	Piper	Ward, W. B.				
Dallas	Jackson,	Pitcford	Watts				
Davis, A.	Johnson, C.	Raesley	Welch				
Davis, W.	Johnson, D.	Rath	Whitman				
Dearden	Johnston	Rebert	Wilcox				
Dershem	Jones, E.	Reece	Williams				
Detzel	Jones, J.	Reel	Woodward				
Donahoe	Keely,	Reeser	Young				
Donnally	Kelster,	Reno	Cox, J.				
Dunn, H.			Speaker				

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1319 (Senate No. 442), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Industrial Home for the Dependent Adult Blind Citizens of the city of Pittsburg.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—193.

Abbott	Dunn, H.	Kelley, J.	Reyburn	Bossert	Gilkeson	Martin,	Scott, J.
Ailman	Dunn, J.	Kelsey,	Rhoads	Boyd	Good	Marvin,	Shadrach
Akers	Ehrhardt	Kern,	Richards	Brehm	Gransback	Matt,	Shaffer
Allen	Eichenberger	Klingerman	Rider	Breitinger	Gray	Maurer,	Shannon
Alter	Ewing	Klumpp,	Riebel	Brennan	Graybill	McAleer,	Sherwood
Anderson	Fahey	Knight,	Robinson	Caldwell	Grove	McArdle,	Shoemaker
Baldwin, G.	Fay	Kuhns	Robison	Campbell, C.	Guyaux	McClung,	Shreve
Baldwin, R.	Feeney	Lafferty,	Rockwell	Campbell, J.	Haggerty	McGowan,	Snavely
Bartman	Ferguson	Larkins,	Roney	Campbell, W.	Healey	McInerney	Snyder, A.
Bass	Fitzgerald	Leh,	Row	Carroll	Hecht	McJunkin,	Snyder, P.
Bender	Flynn	Light,	Rumsey	Carter	Henry	McKean,	Speer,
Benson	Freeman	Lindsay,	Savidge	Clarency	Herman	McMullen,	Steese,
Bentley	Frey	Lowe,	Schad	Cleary	Hess	McNichol,	Stein,
Billman	Gans	Magee,	Schmidt	Cole	Hibshman	Miller	Swan
Blair	Geary	Malle,	Schultz	Connell	Hilton	Mills,	Swartz
Bosher	Gibson	Mannion,	Scott, J.	Conner, P.	Hobbs	Moore,	Townsend
Bossert	Gilkeson	Martin,	Scott, S.	Conner, W.	Hoffman	Morris,	Tunis
Boyd	Good	Marvin,	Shadrach	Conrade	Holland	Moses,	Ulerich
Brehm	Gransback	Matt,	Shaffer	Cox, E.	Hoover	Mouthrop	Von Tacky
Breitinger	Gray	Maurer,	Shannon	Crum	Hormell	Neel	Wallace
Brennan	Graybill	McAleer	Sherwood	Cumbler	Hough	Newbaker	Walnut
Caldwell	Grove	McArdle,	Shoemaker	Currier	Howard	North	Walton
Campbell, C.	Guyaux	McClung,	Shreve	Curry	Hunter, J. N.	Perry	Ward, W., Jr.
Campbell, J.	Haggerty	McGowan,	Snavely	Dale	Hunter, R. P.	Phillips	Ward, W. B.
Campbell, W.	Halferty	McInerney	Snyder, A.	Dallas	Irwin	Piper	Watts
Carroll	Healey	McJunkin,	Snyder, P.	Davis, A.	Jackson,	Pitcford	Welch
Carter	Hecht	McKean,	Speer,	Davis, W.	Johnson, C.	Raesley	Wilcox
Clarency	Henry	McMullen,	Steese,	Dearden	Johnson, D.	Rath	Whitman
Cleary	Herman	McNichol,	Stein,	Dershem	Johnston	Rebert	Williams
Clymer	Hess	Miller	Swan	Detzel	Jones, E.	Reece	Wilson
Cole	Hibshman	Mills,	Swartz	Donahoe	Jones, John	Reel	Woodward
Connell	Hilton	Moore,	Townsend	Donnally	Keely	Reeser	Young
Conner, P.	Hobbs	Morris,	Tunis	Dunn, H.	Keene	Reno	Cox, J.
Conner, W.	Hoffman	Moses,	Ulerich	Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.	Reyburn	Speaker
Conrade	Holland	Mouthrop	Von Tacky		Kelly, M.		
Cox, E.	Hoover	Neel	Wallace				
Crum	Hormell	Newbaker	Walnut				
Cumbler	Hough	North	Walton				
Currier	Howard	Perry	Ward, W., Jr.				
Curry	Hunter, J. N.	Phillips	Ward, W. B.				
Dale	Hunter, R. P.	Piper	Watts				
Dallas	Irwin	Pitcford	Welch				
Davis, A.	Jackson,	Raesley	Whitman				
Davis, W.	Johnson, C.	Rath	Wilcox				
Dearden	Johnson, D.	Rebert	Williams				
Dershem	Johnston	Reece	Wilson				
Detzel	Jones, E.	Reel	Woodward				
Donahoe	Jones, John	Reeser	Young				
Donnally	Keely	Reno	Cox, J.				
Dunn, H.	Keene	Reyburn	Speaker				
Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.	Rhoads					
	Kelly, M.	Richards					

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1320 (Senate No. 201), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Agricultural and Mechanical Industrial School for Colored Girls and Boys of Jumonville Fayette county.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—199.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelsey	Rhoads	Bossert	Gilkeson	Martin,	Scott, J.
Ailman	Eichenberger	Kern	Richards	Boyd	Good	Marvin,	Shadrach
Akers	Ewing	Klingerman	Rider	Brehm	Gransback	Matt,	Shaffer
Allen	Fahey	Klumpp	Riebel	Breitinger	Gray	Maurer,	Shannon
Alter	Fay	Knight	Robinson	Brennan	Graybill	McAleer	Sherwood
Anderson	Feeney	Kuhns	Robison	Caldwell	Grove	McArdle	Shoemaker
Baldwin, G. A.	Ferguson	Lafferty	Rockwell	Campbell, C.	Guyaux	McClung	Shreve
Baldwin, R. J.	Fitzgerald	Larkins	Roney	Campbell, J.	Haggerty	McGowan	Snavely
Bartman	Flynn	Leh	Row	Campbell, W.	Halferty	McInerney	Shreve
Bass	Freeman	Light	Rumsey	Carroll	Healey	McJunkin	Snavely
Bender	Frey	Lindsay	Sassaman	Carter	Hecht	McKean	Snyder, A.
Benson	Gans	Lowe	Savidge	Clarency	Henry	McMullen	Snyder, P.
Bentley	Geary	Magee	Schad	Cleary	Herman	McNichol	Speer,
Billman	Gibson	Malle	Schmidt	Cole	Hess	Miller	Steese,
Blair	Gilkeson	Mannion	Schofield	Connell	Hibshman	Mills	Stein
Bosher	Good	Martin	Schultz	Conner, P.	Hilton	Moore	Swan
Bossert	Gransback	Marvin	Scott, J. R.	Conner, W.	Hobbs	Morris	Swartz
Boyd	Gray	Matt	Scott, S. B.	Conrade	Hoffman	Moses	Townsend
Brehm	Graybill	Maurer	Shadrach	Cox, E. R.	Holland	Mouthrop	Tunis
Breitinger	Grove	McAleer	Shaffer	Crum	Hoover	Neel	Ulerich
Brennan	Guyaux	McArdle	Shannon	Cumbler	Hormell	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Caldwell	Haggerty	McClung	Sherwood	Currier	Hough	North	Wallace
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McGowan	Shoemaker	Curry	Howard	Perry	Walnut
Campbell, J.	Healey	McInerney	Shreve	Dale	Hunter, J.	Phillips	Walton
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McJunkin	Snavely	Dallas	Hunter, R.	Piper	Ward, W. Jr.
Carroll	Henry	McKean	Snyder, A.	Davis, A.	Irwin	Pitcford	Ward, W. B.
Carter	Herman	McMullen	Snyder, P.	Davis, W.	Jackson	Raesley	Watts
Clarency	Hess	McNichol	Speer,	Dearden	Johnson, C.	Rath	Welch
Clymer	Hibshman	Miller	Steese	Dershem	Johnson, D.	Rebert	Whitman
Cole	Hilton	Mills	Stein	Detzel	Johnston	Reece	Wilcox
Connell	Hobbs	Moore	Swan	Donahoe	Jones, E.	Reel	Williams
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Morris	Swartz	Donnally	Jones, John	Reeser	Wilson
Conner, W.	Holland	Moses	Townsend	Dunn, H.	Keely	Reno	Woodward
Conrade	Hoover	Mouthrop	Tunis	Dunn, J.	Keene	Reyburn	Young
Cox, E. R.	Hormell	Neel	Ulerich		Kelley, J.		Speaker
Crum	Hough	Newbaker	Von Tacky		Kelly, M.		
Cumbler	Howard	North	Wallace				
Currier	Hunter, J.	Perry	Walnut				
Curry	Hunter, R.	Phillips	Ward, W. Jr.				
Dale	Irwin	Piper	Ward, W. B.				
Dallas	Jackson	Pitcford	Watts				
Davis, A.	Johnson, C.	Raesley	Welch				
Davis, W.	Johnson, D.	Rath	Whitman				
Dearden	Johnston	Rebert	Wilcox				
Dershem	Jones, E.	Reece	Williams				
Detzel	Jones, John	Reel	Wilson				
Donahoe	Keely	Reeser	Woodward				
Donnally	Keene	Reno	Young				
Dunn, H.	Kelley, J.	Reyburn	Speaker				
Dunn, J.	Kelly, M.						

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1321 (Senate No. 116), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Northwestern Anti-Tuberculosis League of Bradford McKean county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—200.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.,	Rhoads
Allman	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M. C.,	Richards
Akers	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Rider
Allen	Ewing	Kern	Riebel
Alter	Fahey	Klingerman	Robinson
Anderson	Fay	Klumpp	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Knight	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Kuhns	Roney
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Lafferty	Row
Bass	Flynn	Larkins	Rumsey
Bender	Freeman	Leh	Sassaman
Benson	Frey	Light	Savidge
Bentley	Gans	Lindsay	Schad
Billman	Geary	Lowe	Schmidt
Blair	Gibson	Magee	Schofield
Bosher	Gilkeson	Malie	Schultz
Bossert	Good	Mannion	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gransback	Martin	Scott, S.
Brehm	Gray	Marvin	Shadrach
Breitinger	Graybill	Matt	Shaffer
Brennan	Grove	Maurer	Shannon
Caldwell	Guyaux	McAleer	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McArdle	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McClung	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Healey	McGowan	Snavely
Carroll	Hecht	McInerney	Snyder, A.
Carter	Henry	McJunkin	Snyder, P.
Clarency	Herman	McKean	Speer
Cleary	Hess	McMullen	Steese
Clymer	Hibshman	McNichol	Stein
Cole	Hilton	Miller	Swan
Connell	Hobbs	Mills	Swartz
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Moore	Townsend
Conner, W.	Holland	Morris	Tunis
Conrade	Hoover	Moses	Ulerich
Cox, E. R.	Hormell	Moulthrop	Von Tacky
Crum	Hough	Neel	Wallace
Cumbler	Howard	Newbaker	Walnut
Currier	Hunter J. N.,	North	Walton
Curry	Hunter, R. P.,	Perry	Ward, W., Jr.
Dale	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W. B.
Dallas	Jackson	Piper	Watts
Davis, A.	Johnson, C. V.,	Pitchford	Welch
Davis, W.	Johnson, D. D.,	Raesley	Whitman
Dearden	Johnston	Rath	Wilcox
Dershem	Jones, E. E.,	Rebert	Williams
Detzel	Jones, J. R.,	Reece	Wilson
Donahoe	Keely,	Reel	Woodward
Donnally	Keene,	Reeser	Young
Dunn, H.	Keister	Reno	Cox, J.
		Reyburn	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1322 (Senate No. 625), entitled:

A joint resolution for the appointment of a commission by the Governor of this Commonwealth for the purpose of investigating and reporting upon a proper and safe construction of buildings within the Commonwealth and to determine the strength and character of materials used therein and for the further purpose of adjusting the rights of owners in party walls erected as parts of buildings and for the further purpose of suggesting new legislation relative to construction of buildings and codifying of existing legislation in regard to the same and making an appropriation to meet the expenses of said commission

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—197.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelsey,	Rhoads
Allman	Eichenberger	Kern	Richards
Akers	Ewing	Klingerman	Rider
Allen	Fahey	Klumpp	Riebel
Alter	Fay	Knight	Robinson
Anderson	Feeney	Kuhns	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Lafferty	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Larkins	Roney
Bartman	Flynn	Leh	Row
Bass	Freeman	Light	Rumsey
Bender	Frey	Lindsay	Sassaman
Benson	Gans	Lowe	Savidge
Bentley	Geary	Magee	Schad
Billman	Gibson	Malie	Schmidt
Blair	Gilkeson	Mannion	Schofield
Bosher	Good	Martin	Schultz
Bossert	Gransback	Marvin	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gray	Matt	Scott, S.
Brehm	Graybill	Maurer	Shadrach
Brennan	Grove	McAleer	Shaffer
Caldwell	Guyaux	McArdle	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McClung	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McGowan	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Healey	McInerney	Shreve
Carroll	Hecht	McJunkin	Snavely
Carter	Henry	McKean	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Herman	McMullen	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hess	McNichol	Speer
Clymer	Hibshman	Miller	Steese
Cole	Hilton	Mills	Stein
Connell	Hoffman	Moore	Swan
Conner, P.	Holland	Morris	Swartz
Conner, W.	Hoover	Moses	Townsend
Conrade	Hormell	Moulthrop	Tunis
Cox, E.	Hough	Neel	Ulerich
Crum	Howard	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Hunter J. N.,	North	Wallace
Currier	Hunter, R. P.,	Perry	Walnut
Curry	Irwin	Phillips	Walton
Dale	Jackson	Piper	Ward, W., Jr.
Dallas	Johnson, C. V.,	Pitchford	Ward, W. B.
Davis, A.	Johnson, D. D.,	Raesley	Watts
Davis, W.	Johnston	Rath	Welch
Dearden	Jones, E. E.,	Rebert	Whitman
Dershem	Jones, J. R.,	Reece	Wilcox
Detzel	Keely,	Reel	Williams
Donahoe	Keister	Reeser	Wilson
Donnally	Kelley, J.,	Reno	Woodward
Dunn, H.	Kelly, M. C.,	Reyburn	Young
Dunn, J.			Cox, J.
			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1323 (Senate No. 255), entitled:

An act providing for a commission to examine and report on the propriety of the purchase by the Commonwealth of a certain tract of land in Jefferson Clarion and Forest counties and making an appropriation therefor

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. FLYNN. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Elk, Mr. Flynn.

Mr. FLYNN. Mr. Speaker, this is an act providing for the appointment of a commission to examine and report upon the proposed purchasing in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a certain tract of land in Jefferson County known as the Cook Estate. It is perhaps composed of about eight thousand acres of land. From reliable information which I have received I am told that most of this land has been cut over and now contains a second growth of timber. Part of this land being virgin forest, but it is now proposed that the State purchase this land for the purpose of a public park. It is situated one hundred miles from nowhere, and I doubt the wisdom of the State purchasing it. In fact, I know of no good reason why the State should purchase it. I hope this bill will be voted down.

Mr. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, this bill provides that the sum of three hundred dollars be appropriated for the specific purpose of having a commission appointed to examine what is known as the Cook estate, a tract of land, and one of the very few remaining original tracts of timber in this State. The bill was introduced by the Senator from

my district, Mr. Kurtz. It provides for the appointment of a commission to serve without pay to examine these lands and to report at the next session of the Legislature whether it would be advisable or not to purchase this land. Three hundred dollars is the sum asked for in this appropriation bill, and it seems to me that we are becoming overly economical when we object to a bill of this kind on the general principle of being opposed to forestry and all of its provisions, no matter if forest fires come into our own country and destroy tracts of timber and incur whatever loss may be incurred. It seems to me that we are getting down to a very fine point when an appropriation of three hundred dollars to pay for the necessary expenses of obtaining a report for the State in order to find out whether it is advisable to purchase a tract of land if it is considered wise to do so. No person is bound by this. It is simply an act asking for the appointment of a commission to examine and report on a certain tract of land, the commission to report at the next session of the Legislature. I hope this Legislature will not be quite so stingy as to say that this commission cannot be permitted to examine the land. I have been informed by my colleague, Mr. North, that three or four hundred acres of this land is virgin land, and the object of this act is to take steps to protect this land. However, Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be postponed from further consideration at the present time.

Mr. NORTH. I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1324 (Senate No. 56), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Patrick's Orphan Asylum of Scranton Lackawanna county

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—197.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Keister,	Reyburn
Allman	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M.	Rhoads
Akers	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Richards
Allen	Ewing	Kern,	Rider
Alter	Fahey	Klingerman,	Riebel
Anderson	Fay	Klumpp,	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Knight,	Robison
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Kuhns,	Rockwell
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Lafferty,	Roney
Bass	Flynn	Larkins,	Row
Bender	Freeman	Leh,	Rumsey
Benson	Frey	Light,	Sassaman
Bentley	Gans	Lindsay,	Savidge
Billman	Geary	Lowe,	Schmidt
Blair	Gibson	Magee	Schofield
Bosher	Gilkeson	Malie,	Schultz
Bossert	Good	Mannion,	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gransback	Martin,	Scott, S.
Brehm	Gray	Marvin,	Shadrach
Breitinger	Graybill	Matt,	Shaffer
Brennan	Grove	Maurer	Shannon
Caldwell	Guyaux	McAleer,	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McArdle,	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McClung,	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Healey	McGowan,	Snavely
Carroll	Hecht	McInerney,	Snyder, A.
Carter	Henry	McJunkin,	Snyder, P.
Clarency	Herman	McKean,	Speer,
Cleary	Hess	McNichol,	Steese,
Clymer	Hibshman	Miller,	Stein,
Cole	Hilton	Mills,	Swan
Connell	Hobbs	Moore,	Swartz
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Morris,	Townsend
Conner, W.	Holland	Moses	Tunis
Conrade	Hoover	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Cox, E.	Hormell	Neel	Von Tacky
Crum	Hough	Newbaker	Wallace
Cumbler	Howard	North	Walnut
Currier	Hunter, J. N.	Perry	Walton
Curry	Hunter, R.	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Dale	Irwin	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Dallas	Jackson,	Pitchford	Watts
Davis, A.	Johnson, C.	Raesley	Welch
Davis, W.	Johnson, D.	Rath	Whitman
Dearden	Johnston	Rebert	Wilcox
Dershem	Jones, E.	Reece	Wilson
Detzel	Jones, J.	Reel	Woodward
Donahoe	Keely,	Reeser	Young
Donnally	Keene,	Reno	Cox, J.
Dunn, H.			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1325 (Senate No. 61), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the North Pennsylvania General Hospital and Sanitarium located at Austin Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—199.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Kelly, M.	Richards
Allman	Ehrhardt	Kelsey	Rider
Akers	Eichenberger	Kern	Riebel
Allen	Ewing	Klingerman	Robinson
Alter	Fahey	Klumpp	Robison
Anderson	Fay	Knight	Rockwell
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Kuhns	Roney
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Lafferty	Row
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Larkins	Rumsey
Bass	Flynn	Leh	Sassaman
Bender	Freeman	Light	Savidge
Benson	Frey	Lindsay	Schad
Bentley	Gans	Lowe	Schmidt
Billman	Geary	Magee,	Schofield
Blair	Gibson	Malie	Schultz
Bosher	Gilkeson	Mannion	Scott, J.
Bossert	Good	Martin	Scott, S.
Boyd	Gransback	Marvin	Shadrach
Brehm	Gray	Matt	Shaffer
Breitinger	Graybill	McAleer	Shannon,
Brennan	Grove	McArdle	Sherwood
Caldwell	Guyaux	McClung	Shoemaker
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McGowan	Shreve
Campbell, J.	Healey	McInerney	Snavely
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Carroll	Henry	McKean	Snyder, P.
Carter	Herman	McMullen	Speer
Clarency	Hess	McNichol,	Steese
Cleary	Hibshman	Miller	Stein
Clymer	Hilton	Mills	Swan
Cole	Hobbs	Moore	Swartz
Connell	Hoffman	Morris	Townsend
Conner, P.	Holland	Moses	Tunis
Conner, W	Hoover	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Conrade	Hormell	Neel	Von Tacky
Cox, E. R.	Hough	Newbaker	Wallace
Crum	Howard	North	Walnut
Cumbler	Hunter, J.	Perry	Walton
Currier	Hunter, R.	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Curry	Irwin	Piper	Ward, W.
Dale	Jackson	Pitchford	Watts
Dallas	Johnson, C.	Raesley	Welch
Davis, A.	Johnson, D.	Rath	Whitman
Davis, W. H.	Johnston	Rebert	Wilcox
Dearden	Jones, E	Reece	Williams
Dershem	Jones, J.	Reel	Wilson
Detzel	Keely	Reeser	Woodward
Donahoe	Keene	Reno	Young
Donnally	Keister	Reyburn	Cox, John F.,
Dunn, H.	Kelley, J.	Rhoads	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1326 (Senate No. 323), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble-Minded Epileptic at Spring City Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—196.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.	Reno
Allman	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M.	Reyburn
Akers	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Rhoads
Allen	Ewing	Kern,	Richards
Alter	Fahey	Klingerman,	Rider

Anderson	Fay	Klumpp,	Riebel
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Knight,	Robinson
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Kuhns,	Robison
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Lafferty,	Rockwell
Bass	Flynn	Larkins,	Roney
Bender	Freeman	Leh,	Row
Benson	Frey	Light,	Rumsey
Bentley	Gans	Lindsay,	Sassaman
Billman	Geary	Lowe,	Savidge
Blair	Gibson	Magee,	Schad
Bosher	Gilkeson	Malie,	Schmidt
Bossert	Good	Mannion,	Schofield
Boyd	Gransback	Martin,	Schultz
Breitinger	Graybill	Marvin,	Scott, J.
Brennan	Grove	Matt,	Scott, S.
Caldwell	Guyaux	Maurer,	Shadrach
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McAleer,	Shaffer
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McArdle,	Shannon
Campbell, W.	Healey	McClung,	Sherwood
Carroll	Hecht	McGowan,	Shoemaker
Carter	Henry	McInerney,	Shreve
Clarency	Herman	McJunkin,	Snavely
Cleary	Hess	McKean,	Snyder, A.
Clymer	Hibshman	McMullen,	Snyder, P.
Cole	Hilton	McNichol,	Speer,
Connell	Hobbs	Miller,	Steese
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Mills,	Stein,
Conner, W.	Holland	Moore,	Swan
Conrade	Hoover	Morris,	Townsend
Cox, E.	Hormell	Moses	Tunis
Crum	Hough	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Cumbler	Howard	Neel	Von Tacky
Currier	Hunter, J. N.	Newbaker	Wallace
Curry	Hunter, R. P.	North	Walnut
Dale	Irwin	Perry	Walton
Dallas	Jackson,	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Davis, A.	Johnson, C,	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Davis, W.	Johnson, D,	Pitchford	Watts
Dearden	Johnston,	Raesley	Welch
Dershem	Jones, E,	Rath	Whitman
Detzel	Jones, J,	Rebert	Williams
Donahoe	Keely,	Reece	Wilson
Donnally	Keene,	Reel	Woodward
Dunn, H.	Keister,	Reeser	Cox, J. Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1329 (Senate No. 595), entitled:

An act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million and defining their qualifications powers and salary

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—200.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M. C.	Rhoads
Ailman	Eichenberger	Kelsey	Richards
Akers	Ewing	Kern	Rider
Allen	Fahey	Klingerman	Riebel
Alter	Fay	Klumpp	Robinson
Anderson	Feeney	Knight	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Kuhns	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Lafferty	Roney
Bartman	Flynn	Larkins	Row
Bass	Freeman	Leh	Rumsey
Bender	Frey	Light	Sassaman
Benson	Gans	Lindsay	Savidge
Bentley	Geary	Lowe	Schad
Billman	Gibson	Magee	Schmidt
Blair	Gilkeson	Malie	Schofield
Bosher	Good	Mannion	Schultz
Bossert	Gransback	Martin	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gray	Marvin.	Scott, S.
Brehm	Graybill	Matt	Shadrach
Breitinger	Grove	Maurer	Shaffer
Brennan	Guyaux	McAleer	Shannon
Caldwell	Haggerty	McArdle	Sherwood
Campbell, C	Halferty	McClung	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Healey	McGowan	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McInerney	Snavely
Carroll	Henry	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Carter	Herman	McKean	Snyder, P.
Clarency	Hess	McMullen	Speer
Cleary	Hibshman	McNichol	Steese
Cole	Hilton	Miller	Stein
Connell	Hobbs	Mills	Swan
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Moore	Swartz
Conner, W.	Holland	Morris	Townsend
Conrade	Hoover	Moses	Tunis
Cox, E. R.	Hormell	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Crum	Hough	Neel	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Howard	Newbaker	Wallace
Currier	Hunter, J. N.	North	Walnut
Curry	Hunter, R. P.	Perry	Walton
Dale	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W. Jr.
Dallas	Jackson	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Davis, A.	Johnson, C. V.	Pitchford	Watts
Davis, W.	Johnson, D. D.	Raesley	Welch
Dearden	Johnston,	Rath	Whitman
Dershem	Jones, E. E.	Rebert	Wilcox
Detzel	Jones, J. R.	Reece	Williams
Donahoe	Keely	Reel	Wilson
Donnally	Keene	Reeser	Woodward
Dunn, H.	Keister	Reyburn	Young
Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.	Cox, J. F. Speaker	

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1330, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Commission for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Hospital for the treatment of the insane under Homeopathic management to be called the Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—195.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.,	Reno
Ailman	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M. C.,	Reyburn
Akers	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Rhoads
Allen	Ewing	Kern	Richards
Alter	Fahey	Klingerman	Rider
Anderson	Fay	Klumpp	Riebel
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Knight	Robinson
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Kuhns	Robison
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Lafferty	Rockwell
Bass	Flynn	Larkins	Roney
Bender	Freeman	Leh	Row
Benson	Frey	Light	Rumsey
Bentley	Gans	Lindsay	Sassaman
Billman	Geary	Lowe	Savidge
Blair	Gibson	Magee	Schad
Bosher	Gilkeson	Malie	Schofield
Bossert	Good	Mannion	Schultz
Boyd	Gransback	Martin	Scott, J.
Brehm	Gray	Marvin	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Graybill	Matt	Shadrach
Brennan	Grove	Maurer	Shaffer
Caldwell	Guyaux	McAleer	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McArdle	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McClung	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Healey	McGowan	Shreve
Carroll	Hecht	McInerney	Snavely
Carter	Henry	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Herman	McKean	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hess	McMullen	Speer
Clymer	Hibshman	McNichol	Steese
Cole	Hilton	Miller	Stein
Connell	Hobbs	Mills	Swan
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Moore	Swartz
Conradc	Holland	Morris	Townsend
Cox, E.	Hoover	Moses	Tunis
Crum	Hormell	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Cumbler	Hough	Neel	Von Tacky
Currier	Howard	Newbaker	Wallace
Curry	Hunter J. N.,	North	Walnut
Dale	Hunter, R. P.,	Perry	Ward, W., Jr.
Dallas	Irwin	Phillips	Watts
Davis, A.	Jackson	Piper	Welch
Davis, W.	Johnson, C. V.,	Pitchford	Whitman
Dearden	Johnston	Raesley	Wilcox
Dershem	Jones, E. E.,	Rath	Wilson
Detzel	Jones, J. R.,	Rebert	Woodward
Donahoe	Keely,	Reece	Young
Donnally	Keene,	Reel	Cox, J.
Dunn, H.	Keister	Reeser	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1333, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the German Baptist Home for the Aged of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—197.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.	Reno
Ailman	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M. C.,	Reyburn
Akers	Eichenberger	Kelsey	Rhoads,
Allen	Ewing	Kern	Richards
Alter	Fahey	Klingerman	Rider
Anderson	Fay	Klumpp	Riebel
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Knight	Robinson
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Kuhns	Robison
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Lafferty	Rockwell
Bass	Flynn	Larkins	Roney
Bender	Freeman	Leh	Row
Bentley	Frey	Light	Rumsey
Benson	Gans	Lindsay	Sassaman
Billman	Geary	Lowe	Schad
Blair	Gibson	Magee	Schmidt
Bosher	Gilkeson	Malie	Schofield
Bossert	Good	Mannion	Schultz
Boyd	Gransback	Martin	Scott, J.
Brehm	Gray	Marvin	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Graybill	Matt	Shadrach
Brennan	Grove	Maurer	Shaffer,
Caldwell	Guyaux	McAleer	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McArdle	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Healey	McClung	Shoemaker
Campbell W.	Hecht	McGowan	Shreve
Carroll	Henry	McInerney	Snavely
Carter	Herman	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Hess	McKean	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hibshman	McMullen	Speer
Clymer	Hilton	McNichol	Steese
Cole	Hobbs,	Miller	Stein
Connell	Hoffman	Mills	Swan
Conner, P.	Holland	Moore	Swartz
Conner, W.	Hoover,	Morris	Townsend
Conrade	Hormell	Moses	Tunis
Cox, E. R.	Hough	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Crum	Howard	Neel	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Hunter, J. N.	Newbaker	Wallace
Currier	Hunter, R.	North	Walnut
Curry	Irwin	Perry	Walton
Dale	Jackson	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Dallas	Johnson, C.	Piper	Ward, W.
Davis, A.	Johnson, D.	Pitchford	Watts
Davis, W.	Johnston	Raesley	Welch
Dearden	Jones, E.	Rath	Whitman
Dershem	Jones J.	Rebert	Wilcox
Detzel	Keely	Reece	Williams
Donahoe	Keene	Reel	Woodward
Donnally	Keister	Resser	Cox, John F.
Dunn, H.			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1337 (Senate No. 378), entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the erection of a proper fence or coping and pavement to protect a monument erected near Petersburg Virginia by the Association of the Survivors of the Forty-eighth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers to commemorate the Battle of the Crater and providing for a Commission and the expenses thereof to erect the same

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—196.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Keister,	Reno
Ailman	Ehrhardt	Kelley, J.	Reyburn
Akers	Eichenberger	Kelly, M.	Rhoads
Allen	Ewing	Kelsey,	Richards
Alter	Fay	Kern,	Rider
Anderson	Fahey	Klingerman,	Riebel
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Klumpp,	Robinson
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Knight,	Robison
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Kuhns,	Rockwell
Bass	Flynn	Lafferty,	Roney
Bender	Freeman	Larkins,	Row
Benson	Frey	Leh,	Rumsey
Bentley	Gans	Light,	Sassaman
Billman	Geary	Lindsay,	Savidge
Blair	Gibson	Lowe,	Schad
Bosher	Gilkeson	Magee,	Schmidt
Bossert	Good	Malie,	Schultz
Boyd	Gransback	Mannion,	Scott, J.
Brehm	Gray	Martin,	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Graybill	Marvin,	Shadrach
Brennan	Grove	Matt,	Shaffer
Caldwell	Guyaux	Maurer,	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McAleer,	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McArdle,	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Healey	McClung,	Shreve
Carroll	Hecht	McGowan	Snavely
Carter	Henry	McInerney,	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Herman	McJunkin,	Snyder, P.
Cleary,	Hess	McKean,	Speer,
Clymer	Hibshman	McMullen,	Steese,
Cole	Hilton	McNichol,	Stein,
Connell	Hobbs	Miller,	Swartz
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Mills,	Townsend
Conner, W.	Holland	Moore,	Tunis
Conrade	Hoover	Morris,	Ulerich
Cox, E.	Hormell	Moses	Von Tacky
Crum	Hough	Moulthrop	Wallace
Cumbler	Howard	Neel	Walnut
Currier	Hunter, J. N.	Newbaker	Walton
Curry	Hunter, R. P.	North	Ward, W., Jr.
Dale	Irwin	Perry	Ward, W. B.
Dallas	Jackson,	Phillips	Watts
Davis, A.	Johnson, C,	Piper	Welch
Davis, W.	Johnson, D,	Pitchford	Whitman
Dearden	Johnston,	Raesley	Williams
Dershem	Jones, E,	Rath	Wilson
Detzel	Jones, J.	Rebert	Woodward
Donahoe	Keely,	Reece	Young
Donnally	Keene,	Reel	Cox, J.
Dunn, H.		Reeser	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1343 (Senate No. 120), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to reimburse Robert E Wible for money erroneously paid into the State Treasury and authorizing the State Treasurer to make such payment upon proper warrant of the Auditor General

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—199.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.	Rhoads
Ailman	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M.	Richards
Akers	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Rider
Allen	Ewing	Kern,	Riebel
Alter	Fahey	Klingerman,	Robinson
Anderson	Fay	Klumpp,	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Knight,	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Kuhns,	Roney
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Lafferty	Row
Bass	Flynn	Larkins,	Rumsey
Bender	Freeman	Leh	Sassaman
Benson	Frey	Light,	Savidge
Bentley	Gans	Lindsay,	Schad
Billman	Geary	Lowe,	Schmidt
Blair	Gibson	Magee,	Schofield
Bosher	Gilkeson	Malie	Schultz
Bossert	Good	Mannion,	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gransback	Martin,	Scott, S.
Brehm	Gray	Marvin,	Shadrach
Breitinger	Graybill	Matt,	Shaffer
Brennan	Grove	Maurer,	Shannon
Caldwell	Guyaux	McAleer,	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McArdle,	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McClung,	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Healey	McGowan,	Snavely
Carroll	Hecht	McInerney,	Snyder, A.
Carter	Henry	McJunkin,	Snyder, P.
Clarency	Herman	McKean,	Speer,
Cleary	Hess	McNichol,	Steese,
Clymer	Hibshman	Miller,	Stein,
Cole	Hilton	Mills,	Swan
Connell	Hobbs	Moore,	Swartz
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Morris,	Townsend
Conner, W.	Holland	Moses	Tunis
Conrade	Hoover	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Cox, E.	Hormell	Neel	Von Tacky
Crum	Hough	Newbaker	Wallace
Cumbler	Howard	North	Walnut
Currier	Hunter, J. N.	Perry	Ward, W., Jr.
Curry	Hunter, R. P.	Phillips	Ward, W. B.
Dale	Irwin	Piper	Watts
Dallas	Jackson,	Pitchford	Welch
Davis, A.	Johnson, C,	Raesley	Whitman
Davis, W.	Johnson, D,	Rath	Wilcox
Dearden	Johnston,	Rebert	Williams
Dershem	Jones, E,	Reece	Wilson
Detzel	Jones, J,	Reeser	Woodward
Donahoe	Keely,	Reno	Young
Donnally	Keene,	Reel,	Cox, J.
Dunn, H.	Keister,	Reyburn	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1344 (Senate No. 706), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Bradford Hospital of the City of Bradford

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—200.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M.	Rhoads
Allman	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Richards
Akers	Ewing	Kern,	Rider
Allen	Fahey	Klingerman,	Riebel
Alter	Fay	Klumpp,	Robinson
Anderson	Feeney	Knight,	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Kuhns,	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Lafferty,	Roney
Bass	Flynn	Larkins,	Row
Bender	Freeman	Leh,	Rumsey
Benson	Frey	Light,	Sassaman
Bentley	Gans	Lindsay,	Savidge
Billman	Geary	Lowe,	Schad
Blair	Gibson	Magee,	Schmidt
Bosher	Gilkeson	Malie,	Schofield
Bossert	Good	Mannion,	Schultz
Boyd	Gransback	Martin,	Scott, J.
Brehm	Gray	Marvin,	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Graybill	Matt,	Shadrach
Brennan	Grove	Maurer,	Shaffer
Caldwell	Guyaux	McAleer,	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McArdle,	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McClung,	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Healey	McGowan,	Shreve
Carroll	Hecht	McInerney,	Snavely
Carter	Henry	McJunkin,	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Herman	McKean,	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hess	McMullen,	Speer,
Clymer	Hibshman	McNichol,	Steese,
Cole	Hilton	Miller,	Stein,
Connell	Hobbs	Mills,	Swan
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Moore,	Swartz
Conner, W.	Holland	Morris,	Townsend
Conrade	Hoover	Moses	Tunis
Cox, E.	Hormell	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Crum	Hough	Neel	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Howard	Newbaker	Wallace
Currier	Hunter, J. N.	North	Walnut
Curry	Hunter, R. P.	Perry	Walton
Dale	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Dallas	Jackson,	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Davis, A.	Johnson, C,	Pitchford	Watts
Davis, W.	Johnson, D,	Raesley	Welch
Dearden	Johnston,	Rath	Whitman
Dershem	Jones, E,	Rebert	Wilcox
Detzel	Jones, J,	Reece	Williams
Donahoe	Keely,	Reel	Wilson
Donnally	Keene,	Reeser	Woodward
Dunn, H.	Keister,	Reno	Young
Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.	Reyburn	Cox, J. Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1345 (Senate No. 704), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Beacon Light Mission

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—199.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M.	Reyburn
Allman	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Rhoads
Akers	Ewing	Kern,	Richards
Allen	Fahey	Klingerman,	Rider
Alter	Fay	Klumpp,	Riebel
Anderson	Feeney	Knight,	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Kuhns,	Robison
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Lafferty,	Rockwell
Bartman	Flynn	Larkins,	Roney
Bass	Freeman	Leh,	Row
Bender	Frey	Light,	Rumsey
Benson	Gans	Lindsay,	Sassaman
Bentley	Geary	Lowe,	Savidge
Billman	Gibson	Magee,	Schad
Blair	Gilkeson	Malie,	Schmidt
Bosher	Good	Mannion,	Schofield
Bossert	Gransback	Martin,	Schultz
Boyd	Gray	Marvin,	Scott, J.
Brehm	Graybill	Matt,	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Grove	Maurer	Shadrach
Brennan	Guyaux	McAleer,	Shaffer
Caldwell	Haggerty	McArdle,	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McClung,	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Healey	McGowan,	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McInerney,	Shreve
Carroll	Henry	McJunkin,	Snavely
Carter	Herman	McKean,	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Hess	McMullen,	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hibshman	McNichol,	Speer
Clymer	Hilton	Miller,	Steese,
Cole	Hobbs	Mills,	Stein,
Connell	Hoffman	Moore,	Swan
Conner, P.	Holland	Morris,	Swartz
Conner, W.	Hoover	Moses	Townsend
Conrade	Hormell	Moulthrop	Tunis
Cox, E.	Hough	Neel	Ulerich
Cumbler	Howard	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Currier	Hunter, J. N.	North	Wallace
Curry	Hunter, R. P.	Perry	Walnut
Dale	Irwin	Phillips	Walton
Dallas	Jackson,	Piper	Watts
Davis, A.	Johnson, C,	Pitchford	Welch
Davis, W.	Johnson, D,	Raesley	Whitman
Dearden	Johnston,	Rath	Wilcox
Dershem	Jones, E,	Rebert	Williams
Detzel	Jones, J,	Reece	Wilson
Donahoe	Keely,	Reel	Woodward
Donnally	Keene,	Reeser	Young
Dunn, H.	Keister,	Reno	Cox, J. Speaker
Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.		

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1346 (Senate No. 705), entitled:

An act providing for a survey of Pymatuning Swamp and an examination into the feasibility of constructing a reservoir therein to conserve the waters draining into said swamp and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—196.

Abbott	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Richards
Allman	Ewing	Kern,	Rider
Akers	Fahey	Klingerman,	Riebel
Allen	Fay	Klumpp,	Robinson
Alter	Feeney	Knight,	Robison
Anderson	Ferguson	Kuhns,	Rockwell
Baldwin, G.	Fitzgerald	Lafferty,	Roney
Baldwin, R.	Flynn	Larkins,	Row
Bartman	Freeman	Leh,	Rumsey
Bass	Frey	Light,	Sassaman
Bender	Gans	Lindsay,	Savidge
Benson	Geary	Lowe,	Schad
Bentley	Gibson	Magee,	Schmidt
Billman	Gilkeson	Malie,	Schofield
Blair	Good	Mannion,	Schultz
Bosher	Gray	Martin,	Scott, J.
Bossert	Graybill	Marvin,	Scott, S.
Boyd	Grove	Matt,	Shadrach
Brehm	Guyaux	Maurer,	Shaffer
Breitinger	Haggerty	McAleer,	Shannon
Brennan	Halferty	McArdle,	Sherwood
Caldwell	Healey	McClung,	Shoemaker
Campbell, C.	Hecht	McGowan,	Shreve
Campbell, J.	Henry	McInerney,	Snavely
Campbell, W.	Herman	McJunkin,	Snyder, A.
Carroll	Hess	McKean,	Snyder, P.
Carter	Hibshman	McMullen,	Speer,
Clarency	Hilton	McNichol,	Steese,
Cleary	Hobbs	Miller,	Stein,
Clymer	Hoffman	Mills,	Swan
Cole	Holland	Moore,	Swartz
Connell	Hoover	Morris	Townsend
Conner, P.	Hormell	Moses	Tunis
Conner, W.	Hough	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Conrade	Howard	Neel	Von Tacky

Crum	Hunter, J. N.	Newbaker	Wallace
Cumbler	Hunter, R.	North	Walnut
Currier	Irwin	Perry	Walton
Curry	Jackson,	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Dale	Johnson, C.	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Dallas	Johnson, D.	Pitchford	Watts
Davis, A.	Johnston,	Raesley	Welch
Davis, W.	Jones, E.	Rebert	Whitman
Dearden	Jones, J.	Reece	Wilcox
Dershem	Keely,	Reel	Williams
Detzel	Keene,	Reeser	Wilson
Donahoe	Keister,	Reno	Woodward
Donnally	Kelley, J.	Reyburn	Young
Dunn, J.	Kelly, M.	Rhoads	Cox, J.
Ehrhardt			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1347 (Senate No. 614), entitled:

An act authorizing the appointment of a commission to inquire into the causes and results of industrial accidents study advanced methods for safeguarding against the same and inquire into the subject of fair compensation for those injured or killed as a result thereof and making an appropriation for the expenses of said commission

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—200.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M.	Rhoads
Allman	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Richards
Akers	Ewing	Kern,	Rider
Allen	Fahey	Klingerman	Riebel
Alter	Fay	Klumpp,	Robinson
Anderson	Feeney	Knight,	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Kuhns,	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Lafferty,	Roney
Bartman	Flynn	Larkins,	Row
Bass	Freeman	Leh,	Rumsey
Bender	Frey	Light,	Sassaman
Benson	Gans	Lindsay,	Savidge
Bentley	Geary	Lowe,	Schad
Billman	Gibson	Magee	Schmidt
Blair	Gilkeson	Malie,	Schofield
Bosher	Good	Mannion,	Schultz
Bossert	Gransback	Martin,	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gray	Marvin,	Scott, S.
Brehm	Graybill	Matt,	Shadrach
Breitinger	Grove	Maurer,	Shaffer
Brennan	Guyaux	McAleer	Shannon
Caldwell	Haggerty	McArdle,	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McClung,	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Healey	McGowan,	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McInerney,	Snavely
Carroll	Henry	McJunkin,	Snyder, A.
Carter	Herman	McKean,	Snyder, P.
Clarency	Hess	McMullen	Speer,
Cleary	Hibshman	McNichol,	Steese,
Clymer	Hilton	Miller,	Stein,
Cole	Hobbs	Mills,	Swan
Connell	Hoffman	Moore	Swartz
Conner, P.	Holland	Morris,	Townsend
Conner, W.	Hoover	Moses	Tunis
Conrade	Hormell	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Cox, E.	Hough	Neel	Von Tacky
Crum	Howard	Newbaker	Wallace
Cumbler	Hunter, J. N.	North	Walnut
Currier	Hunter, R. P.	Perry	Walton
Curry	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Dale	Jackson,	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Dallas	Johnson, C.	Pitchford	Welch
Davis, A.	Johnson, D.	Raesley	Whitman
Davis, W.	Johnston,	Rath	Wilcox
Dearden	Jones, E.	Rebert	Williams
Dershem	Jones, J.	Reece	Wilson
Detzel	Keely,	Reel	Woodward
Donahoe	Keene,	Reeser	Young
Donnally	Keister,	Reno	Cox, J.
Dunn, H.	Kelley, J.	Reyburn	Speaker
Dunn, J.			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1348 (Senate No. 117), entitled:

An act appropriating the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars to the City of Philadelphia toward the erection of buildings for the care and maintenance of feeble-minded and idiotic persons in said city to be known as the "Philadelphia Institution for the Feeble-Minded"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—199.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M.	Rhoads
Allman	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Richards
Akers	Ewing	Kern,	Rider
Allen	Fahey	Klingerman,	Riebel
Alter	Fay	Klumpp,	Robinson
Anderson	Feeney	Knight,	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Kuhns,	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Lafferty,	Roney
Bartman	Flynn	Larkins,	Rumsey
Bass	Freeman	Leh,	Row
Bender	Frey	Light,	Sassaman
Benson	Gans	Lindsay,	Savidge
Bentley	Geary	Lowe,	Schad
Billman	Gibson	Magee,	Schmidt
Blair	Gilkeson	Malie,	Schofield
Bosher	Good	Mannion,	Schultz
Bossert	Gransback	Martin,	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gray	Marvin,	Scott, S.
Brehm	Graybill	Matt,	Shadrach
Breitinger	Grove	Maurer,	Shaffer
Brennan	Guyaux	McAleer,	Shannon
Caldwell	Haggerty	McArdle,	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McClung,	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Healey	McGowan,	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McInerney	Snavely
Carroll	Henry	McJunkin,	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Herman	McKean,	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hess	McMullen,	Speer,
Clymer	Hibshman	McNichol,	Steese,
Cole	Hilton	Miller,	Stein,
Connell	Hobbs	Mills,	Swan
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Moore,	Swartz
Conner, W.	Holland	Morris,	Townsend
Conrade	Hoover	Moses	Tunis
Cox, E.	Hormell	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Crum	Hough	Neel	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Howard	Newbaker	Wallace
Currier	Hunter, J. N.	North	Walnut
Curry	Hunter, R. P.	Perry	Walton
Dale	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Dallas	Jackson,	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Davis, A.	Johnson, C.	Pitchford	Watts
Davis, W.	Johnson, D.	Raesley	Welch
Dearden	Johnston,	Rath	Whitman
Dershem	Jones, E.	Rebert	Wilcox
Detzel	Jones, J.	Reece	Wilson
Donahoe	Keely,	Reel	Woodward
Donnally	Keene,	Reeser	Young
Dunn, H.	Keister,	Reno	Cox, J.
Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.	Reyburn	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1349 (Senate No. 251), entitled:

An act to authorize the completion of a dike or dikes for the protection of property adjacent to the Delaware River in Falls Township Bucks County and the payment of all moneys still due for work heretofore done on the said dike or dikes and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—195.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M.	Reyburn
Allman	Eichenberger	Kelsey	Rhoads
Akers	Ewing,	Kern	Richards
Allen	Fahey	Klingerman	Rider
Alter	Fay	Klumpp	Riebel
Anderson	Feeney	Knight	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Kuhns	Robison
Baldwin, R. J.	Fitzgerald	Lafferty	Rockwell
Bartman	Flynn	Larkins	Roney
Bass	Freeman	Leh	Row

Bender	Frey	Light	Rumsey
Benson	Gans,	Lindsay	Sassaman
Bentley	Geary	Lowe	Savidge
Billman	Gibson	Magee	Schad
Bossert	Gilkeson	Malie	Schmidt
Blair	Good	Mannion	Schofield,
Boyd	Gransback	Martin	Schultz
Brehm	Graybill	Marvin	Scott, J. R.
Breitinger	Grove	Matt	Scott, S.
Brennan	Guyaux	Maurer	Shadrach
Caldwell,	Haggerty	McAleer	Shaffer
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McArdle	Shannon
Campbell, J.	Healey	McClung	Sherwood
Campbell, W	Hecht	McGowan	Shoemaker,
Carroll	Henry	McJunkin	Shreve
Carter	Herman	McKean	Snavely
Clarency	Hess	McMullen	Snyder, A.
Cleary	Hibshman	McNichol	Snyder, P.
Clymer	Hilton	Miller	Speer
Cole	Hobbs	Mills	Steese
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Moore	Stein
Conner, W.	Holland	Morris	Swan
Conrade	Hormell	Moses	Swartz
Cox, E.	Hough,	Moulthrop,	Townsend
Crum	Howard	Neel	Tunis
Cumbler	Hunter, J.	Newbaker,	Ulerich
Currier	Hunter, R.	North	Von Tacky
Curry	Irwin	Perry	Wallace
Dale	Jackson	Phillips	Walnut
Dallas	Johnson, C.	Piper	Walton
Davis, A.,	Johnson, D.	Pitchford	Ward, W., Jr
Davis, W.	Johnston	Raesley	Watts
Dearden	Jones, E.	Rath	Welch
Dershem	Jones, J	Rebert	Whitman
Detzel	Keely	Reece	Wilcox
Donahoe	Keene	Reel	Wilson
Donnally	Keister	Reeser	Woodward
Dunn, H.	Kelley, J	Reno	Cox, J. F.,
Dunn, J.			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1350 (Senate No. 82), entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the refunding of collateral inheritance taxes erroneously paid from the estate of Mary S Lundy under the provisions of the act of June twelfth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight and March twenty-fifth one thousand nine hundred and one

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—198.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Kelly, M.	Rhoads
Allman	Ehrhardt	Kelsey,	Richards
Akers	Eichenberger	Kern,	Rider
Allen	Ewing	Klingerman,	Riebel
Alter	Fahey	Klumpp,	Robinson
Anderson	Fay	Knight	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Kuhns,	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Lafferty,	Roney
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Larkins,	Row
Bass	Flynn	Leh,	Rumsey
Bender	Freeman	Light,	Sassaman
Benson	Frey	Lindsay,	Savidge
Bentley	Gans	Lowe,	Schad
Billman	Geary	Magee	Schmidt
Blair	Gibson	Malie,	Schofield
Bosher	Gilkeson	Mannion,	Schultz
Bossert	Good	Martin,	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gransback	Marvin	Scott, S.
Brehm	Gray	Matt,	Shadrach
Breitinger	Graybill	Maurer,	Shaffer
Brennan	Grove	McAleer,	Shannon
Caldwell	Guyaux	McArdle,	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McClung,	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McGowan	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Healey	McInerney,	Snavely
Carroll	Hecht	McJunkin,	Snyder, A.
Carter	Henry	McKean,	Snyder, P.
Clarency	Herman	McMullen,	Speer,
Cleary	Hess	McNichol,	Steese,
Clymer	Hibshman	Miller,	Stein,
Cole	Hilton	Mills,	Swan
Connell	Hobbs	Moore,	Swartz
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Morris	Townsend
Conner, W.	Hoover	Moses	Tunis
Conrade	Hormell	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Cox, E.	Hough	Neel	Von Tacky
Crum	Howard	Newbaker	Wallace
Cumbler	Hunter, J. N.	North	Walton
Currier	Hunter, R. P.	Perry	Ward, W., Jr.
Curry	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W. B.
Dale	Jackson	Piper	Watts
Dallas	Johnson, C,	Pitchford	Welch
Davis, A.	Johnson, D,	Raesley	Whitman
Davis, W.	Johnston,	Rath	Wilcox
Dearden	Jones, E,	Rebert	Williams
Dershem	Jones, J,	Reece	Wilson
Detzel	Keely,	Reel	Woodward
Donahoe	Keene,	Reeser	Young
Donnally	Keister,	Reno	Cox, J.
Dunn, H.	Kelley, J.	Reyburn	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having vote in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senat with information that the House has passed the sam without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third rea ing of House Bill No. 1351 (Senate No. 746), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Erie Home fo the Friendless of the City of Erie Erie County Pennsylvani

And said bill having been read at length the third tim considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yea and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—197.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelley, J.	Rhoads
Allman	Eichenberger	Kelly, M.	Richards
Akers	Ewing	Kelsey,	Rider
Allen	Fahey	Kern	Riebel
Alter	Fay	Klingerman,	Robinson
Anderson	Feeney	Klumpp,	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Knight,	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Kuhns,	Roney
Bartman	Flynn	Lafferty,	Row
Bass	Freeman	Larkins,	Rumsey
Bender	Frey	Leh,	Sassaman
Benson	Gans	Light	Savidge
Bentley	Geary	Lindsay,	Schad
Billman	Gibson	Lowe,	Schmidt
Blair	Gilkeson	Magee,	Schofield
Bosher	Good	Malie,	Schultz
Bossert	Gransback	Mannion,	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gray	Martin,	Scott, S.
Brehm	Graybill	Marvin,	Shadrach
Breitinger	Grove	Matt,	Shaffer
Brennan	Guyaux	Maurer,	Shannon
Caldwell	Haggerty	McAleer,	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McClung,	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Healey	McGowan,	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McInerney,	Snavely
Carroll	Henry	McJunkin,	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Herman	McKean,	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hess	McMullen,	Speer,
Clymer	Hibshman	McNichol,	Steese,
Cole	Hilton	Miller,	Stein,
Connell	Hobbs	Moore,	Swartz
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Morris,	Townsend
Conner, W.	Holland	Moses	Tunis
Conrade	Hoover	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Cox, E.	Hormell	Neel	Von Tacky
Crum	Hough	Newbaker	Wallace
Cumbler	Howard	North	Walnut
Currier	Hunter, J. N.	Perry	Walton
Curry	Hunter, R. P.	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Dale	Irwin	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Dallas	Jackson,	Pitchford	Watts
Davis, A.	Johnson, C,	Raesley	Welch
Davis, W.	Johnson, D,	Rath	Whitman
Dearden	Johnston,	Rebert	Wilcox
Dershem	Jones, E,	Reece	Williams
Detzel	Jones, J,	Reel	Wilson
Donahoe	Keely,	Reeser	Woodward
Donnally	Keene,	Reno	Young
Dunn, H.	Keister	Reyburn	Cox, J.
Dunn, J.			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having vot in the affirmative, the question was determined in t affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Sena with information that the House has passed the sa without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third rea ing of House Bill No. 1352 (Senate No. 709), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Francis Hospit Pittsburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third tim considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—200.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.	Reyburn
Allman	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M.	Rhoads
Akers	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Richards
Allen	Ewing	Kern,	Rider
Alter	Fahey	Klingerman,	Riebel
Anderson	Fay	Klumpp,	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Knight,	Robison
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Kuhns,	Rockwell
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Lafferty,	Roney
Bass	Flynn	Larkins,	Row
Bender	Freeman	Leh,	Rumsey
Benson	Frey	Light,	Sassaman
Bentley	Gans	Lindsay,	Savidge
Billman	Geary	Lowe,	Schad
Blair	Gibson	Magee,	Schmidt
Bosher	Gilkeson	Malie,	Schofield
Bossert	Good	Mannion,	Schultz
Boyd	Gransback	Martin,	Scott, J.
Brehm	Gray	Marvin,	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Graybill	Matt,	Shadrach
Brennan	Grove	Maurer,	Shaffer
Caldwell	Guyaux	McAleer,	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McArdle,	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McClung,	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Healey	McGowan,	Shreve
Carroll	Hecht	McInerney,	Snavely
Carter	Henry	McJunkin,	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Herman	McKean,	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hess	McMullen,	Speer,
Clymer	Hilton	McNichol,	Steese,
Cole	Hobbs	Miller,	Stein,
Connell	Hoffman	Mills,	Swan
Conner, P.	Holland	Moore,	Swartz
Conner, W.	Hoover	Morris,	Townsend
Conrade	Hormell	Moses	Tunis
Cox, E.	Hough	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Crum	Howard	Neel	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Hunter, J. N.	Newbaker	Wallace
Currier	Hunter, R. P.	North	Walnut
Curry	Irwin	Perry	Walton
Dale	Jackson,	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Dallas	Johnson, C,	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Davis, A.	Johnson, D	Pitchford	Watts
Davis, W.	Johnston,	Raesley	Welch
Dearden	Jones, E,	Rath	Whitman
Dershem	Jones, J,	Rebert	Wilcox
Detzel	Keely,	Reece	Williams
Donahoe	Keene,	Reel	Wilson
Donnally	Keister,	Reeser	Woodward
Dunn, H.		Reno	Young

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1353 (Senate No. 707), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Kane Summit Hospital Association of Kane McKean county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—198.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.	Reno
Allman	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M.	Reyburn
Akers	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Rhoads
Allen	Ewing	Kern,	Richards
Alter	Fahey	Klingerman,	Rider
Anderson	Fay	Klumpp,	Riebel
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Knight,	Robinson
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Kuhns,	Robison
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Lafferty,	Rockwell
Bass	Flynn	Larkins	Roney
Bender	Freeman	Leh,	Row
Benson	Frey	Light,	Rumsey
Bentley	Gans	Lindsay,	Sassaman
Billman	Geary	Lowe,	Savidge
Blair	Gibson	Magee	Schad
Bosher	Gilkeson	Malie,	Schmidt
Bossert	Good	Mannion,	Schofield
Boyd	Gransback	Martin,	Schultz
Brehm	Gray	Marvin,	Scott, J.
Breitinger	Graybill	Matt,	Scott, S.
Brennan	Guyaux	Maurer,	Shadrach
Caldwell	Haggerty	McAleer,	Shaffer
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McArdle,	Shannon
Campbell, J.	Healey	McClung,	Sherwood
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McGowan,	Shoemaker
Carroll	Henry	McInerney,	Shreve
Carter	Herman	McJunkin,	Snavely
Clarency	Hess	McKean,	Snyder, A.
Cleary	Hibshman	McMullen,	Snyder, P.
Clymer	Hilton	McNichol,	Speer,
Cole	Hobbs	Miller	Steese,
Connell	Hoffman	Mills,	Stein,
Conner, P.	Holland	Moore,	Swan
Conner, W.	Hoover	Morris,	Swartz
Conrade	Hormell	Moses	Townsend
Cox, E.	Hough	Moulthrop	Tunis
Crum	Howard	Neel	Ulerich
Cumbler	Hunter, J. N.	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Currier	Hunter, R. P.	North	Wallace
Curry	Irwin	Perry	Walnut
Dale	Jackson,	Phillips	Walton
Dallas	Johnson, C,	Piper	Ward, W., Jr.
Davis, A.	Johnson, D,	Pitchford	Ward, W. B.
Davis, W.	Johnston,	Raesley	Watts
Dearden	Jones, E,	Rath	Welch
Dershem	Jones, J,	Rebert	Whitman
Detzel	Keely,	Reel	Wilcox
Donahoe	Keene,	Reece	Wilson
Donnally	Keister,	Reeser	Woodward
Dunn, H.			Cox, J. Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1354 (Senate No. 124), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic at Spring City Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—196.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Keister	Reno
Allman	Ehrhardt	Kelley, J.,	Reyburn
Akers	Eichenberger	Kelly, M. C.,	Rhoads
	Ewing	Kelsey,	Richards
Alter	Fahey	Kern	Rider
Anderson	Fay	Klingerman	Riebel
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Klumpp	Robinson
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Knight	Robison
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Kuhns	Rockwell
Bass	Flynn	Lafferty	Roney
Bender	Freeman	Larkins	Row
Benson	Frey	Leh	Rumsey
Bentley	Gans	Light	Sassaman
Billman	Geary	Lindsay	Savidge
Blair	Gibson	Lowe	Schad
Bosher	Gilkeson	Magee	Schmidt
Bossert	Good	Malie	Schofield
Boyd	Gransback	Mannion	Schultz
Brehm	Gray	Martin	Scott, J.
Breitinger	Graybill	Marvin	Scott, S.
Brennan	Grove	Matt	Shadrach
Caldwell	Guyaux	McAleer	Shaffer
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McArdle	Shannon
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McClung	Sherwood
Campbell, W.	Healey	McGowan	Shoemaker
Carroll	Hecht	McInerney	Shreve
Carter	Henry	McJunkin	Snavely
Clarency	Herman	McKean	Snyder, A.
Cleary	Hess	McMullen	Snyder, P.
Clymer	Hibshman	McNichol	Speer
Cole	Hilton	Miller	Steese
Connell	Hobbs	Mills	Stein
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Moore	Swan
Conner, W.	Holland	Morris	Swartz
Conrade	Hoover	Moses	Townsend
Cox, E.	Hormell	Neel	Tunis
Crum	Hough	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Cumbler	Howard	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Currier	Hunter J. N.,	North	Wallace
Curry	Hunter, R. P.,	Perry	Walnut
Dale	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Dallas	Jackson,	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Davis, A.	Johnson, C. W.,	Pitchford	Welch
Davis, W.	Johnson, D. D.,	Raesley	Wilcox
Dearden	Johnston	Rath	Williams
Dershem	Jones, E. E.,	Rebert	Wilson
Detzel	Jones, J. R.,	Reece	Woodward
Donahoe	Keely,	Reel	Young
Donnally	Keene,	Reeser	Cox, J. Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1355 (Senate No. 708), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Punxsutawney Hospital Association at Punxsutawney Jefferson county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—197.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelley, J.,	Reno
Ailman	Eichenberger	Kelly, M. C.,	Reyburn
Akers	Ewing	Kelsey,	Rhoads
Allen	Fahey	Kern	Richards
Alter	Fay	Klingerman	Rider
Anderson	Feeney	Klumpp	Riebel
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Knight	Robinson
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Kuhns	Robison
Bartman	Flynn	Lafferty	Rockwell
Bass	Freeman	Larkins	Roney
Bender	Frey	Leh	Row
Benson	Gans	Light	Rumsey
Bentley,	Geary	Lindsay	Sassaman
Billman	Gibson	Lowe	Savidge
Blair	Gilkeson	Magee	Schad
Bosher	Good	Malie	Schmidt
Bossert	Gransback	Mannion	Schofield
Boyd	Gray	Martin	Schultz
Brehm	Graybill	Marvin	Scott, J.
Breitinger	Grove	Matt	Scott, S.
Brennan	Guyaux	Maurer	Shadrach
Caldwell	Haggerty	McAleer	Shaffer
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McArdle	Shannon
Campbell, J.	Healey	McClung	Sherwood
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McGowan	Shoemaker
Carroll	Henry	McInerney	Shreve
Carter	Herman	McJunkin	Snavely
Clarency	Hess	McKean	Snyder, A.
Cleary	Hibshman	McMullen	Snyder, P.
Clymer	Hilton	McNichol	Steese
Cole	Hobbs	Miller	Stein
Connell	Hoffman	Mills	Swan
Conner, P.	Holland	Moore	Swartz
Conner, W.	Hoover	Morris	Townsend
Conrade	Hormell	Moses	Tunis
Cox, E.	Hough	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Crum	Howard	Neel	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Hunter J. N.,	Newbaker	Wallace
Curry	Hunter. R. P.,	North	Walnut
Dale	Irwin	Perry	Walton
Dallas	Jackson	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Davis, A.	Johnson, C. V.,	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Davis, W.	Johnson, D. D.,	Pitchford	Watts
Dearden	Johnston	Raesley	Welch
Dershem	Jones, E. E.,	Rath	Whitman
Detzel	Jones, J. R.,	Rebert	Wilcox
Donahoe	Keely,	Reece	Wilson
Donnally	Keene,	Reel	Woodward
Dunn, H.	Keister	Reeser	Young
			Cox, J.
			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the conurrence of the Senate is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1356 (Senate No. 380), entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the Stroudsburg Hospital Stroudsburg

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—196.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.,	Reyburn
Ailman	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M. C.,	Rhoads
Akers	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Richards
Allen	Ewing	Kern	Rider
Alter	Fahey	Klingerman	Riebel
Anderson	Fay	Klumpp	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Knight	Robison
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Kuhns	Rockwell
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Lafferty	Roney
Bass	Flynn	Larkins	Row
Bender	Freeman	Leh	Rumsey
Benson	Frey	Light	Sassaman
Bentley	Gans	Lindsay	Savidge
Billman	Geary	Lowe	Schad
Blair	Gibson	Magee	Schmidt
Bosher	Gilkeson	Malie	Schofield
Bossert	Good	Mannion	Schultz
Boyd	Gransback	Martin	Scott, J.
Brehm	Gray	Marvin	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Grove	Matt	Shadrach
Brennan	Guyaux	Maurer	Shaffer
Caldwell	Haggerty	McAleer	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McArdle	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Healey	McClung	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McGowan	Shreve
Carroll	Henry	McInerney	Snavely
Carter	Herman	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Hess	McKean	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hibshman	McNichol	Speer
Clymer	Hilton	Miller	Steese
Cole	Hobbs	Mills	Stein
Connell	Hoffman	Moore	Swan
Conner, P.	Holland	Morris	Swartz
Conner, W.	Hoover	Moses	Townsend
Conrade	Hormell	Moulthrop	Tunis
Cox, E.	Hough	Neel	Ulerich
Crum	Howard	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Hunter J. N.,	North	Wallace
Currier	Hunter, R. P.,	Perry	Walnut
Curry	Irwin	Phillips	Walton
Dale	Jackson	Piper	Ward, W., Jr.
Dallas	Johnson, C. V.,	Pitchford	Watts
Davis, A.	Johnson, D. D.,	Raesley	Welch
Davis, W.	Johnston	Rath	Whitman
Dearden	Jones, E. E.,	Rebert	Wilcox
Dershem	Jones, J. R.,	Reece	Williams
Detzel	Keely,	Reel	Woodward
Donahoe	Keene,	Reeser	Young
Donnally	Keister	Reno	Cox, J.
Dunn, H.			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1357 (Senate No. 89), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Philadelphia Jewish Sanatorium for Consumptives located at Eagleville Montgomery county

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—198.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M. C.,	Rhoads
Ailman	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Richards
Akers	Ewing	Kern	Rider
Allen	Fahey	Klingerman	Riebel
Alter	Fay	Klumpp	Robinson
Anderson	Feeney	Knight	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Kuhns	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Lafferty	Roney
Bartman	Flynn	Larkins	Row
Bass	Freeman	Leh	Rumsey
Bender	Frey	Light	Sassaman
Benson	Gans	Lindsay	Savidge
Bentley	Geary	Lowe	Schad
Billman	Gibson	Magee	Schmidt
Blair	Gilkeson	Malie	Schofield
Bosher	Good	Mannion	Schultz
Bossert	Gransback	Martin	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gray	Marvin	Scott, S.
Brehm	Graybill	Matt	Shadrach
Breitinger	Grove	Maurer	Shaffer
Brennan	Guyaux	McAleer	Shannon
Caldwell	Haggerty	McArdle	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McGowan	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Healey	McInerney	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McJunkin	Snavely
Carroll	Henry	McKean	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Herman	McMullen	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hess	McNichol	Speer
Clymer	Hibshman	Miller	Steese
Cole	Hilton	Mills	Stein
Connell	Hobbs	Moore	Swan
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Morris	Swartz
Conner, W.		Moses	Townsend
Conrade	[illegible]	Moulthrop	Tunis
Cox, E.	Hormell	Neel	Ulerich
Crum	Hough	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Howard	North	Wallace
Currier	Hunter J. N.,	Perry	Walnut
Curry	Hunter, R. P.,	Phillips	Walton
Dale	Irwin	Piper	Ward, W., Jr.
Dallas	Jackson	Pitchford	Ward, W. B.
Davis, A.	Johnson, C. V.,	Raesley	Watts
Davis, W.	Johnson, D. D.,	Rath	Welch
Dearden	Johnston	Rebert	Whitman
Dershem	Jones, E. E.,	Reece	Williams
Detzel	Jones, J. R.,	Reel	Wilson
Donahoe	Keely,	Reeser	Woodward

Donnally	Keene,	Reno	Young
Dunn, H.	Keister	Reyburn	Cox, J.
Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.,		Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1358 (Senate No. 799), entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of a deficiency that has arisen in the payment of expenses incurred in the prevention and extinguishment of forest fires and also for the payment of such expenses that may be incurred to and including May thirty-first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—199.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M. C.,	Reyburn
Ailman	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Rhoads
Akers	Ewing	Kern	Richards
Allen	Fahey	Klingerman	Rider
Alter	Fay	Klumpp	Riebel
Anderson	Feeney	Knight	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Kuhns	Robison
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Lafferty	Rockwell
Bartman	Flynn	Larkins	Roney
Bass	Freeman	Leh	Row
Bender	Frey	Light	Rumsey
Benson	Gans	Lindsay	Sassaman
Bentley	Geary	Lowe	Savidge
Billman	Gibson	Magee	Schad
Blair	Gilkeson	Malie	Schmidt
Bosher	Good	Mannion	Schofield
Bossert	Gransback	Martin	Schultz
Boyd	Gray	Marvin	Scott, J.
Brehm	Graybill	Matt	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Grove	Maurer	Shadrach
Brennan	Guyaux	McAleer	Shaffer
Caldwell	Haggerty	McArdle	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McClung	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Healey	McGowan	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McInerney	Shreve
Carroll	Henry	McJunkin	Snavely
Carter	Herman	McKean	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Hess	McMullen	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hibshman	McNichol	Speer
Clymer	Hilton	Miller	Steese
Cole	Hobbs	Mills	Stein
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Moore	Swan
Conner, W.	Holland	Morris	Swartz
Conrade	Hoover	Moses	Townsend
Cox, E.	Hormell	Moulthrop	Tunis
Crum	Hough	Neel	Ulerich
Cumbler	Howard	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Currier	Hunter J. N.,	North	Wallace
Curry	Hunter, R. P.,	Perry	Walnut
Dale	Irwin	Phillips	Walton
Dallas	Jackson	Piper	Ward, W., Jr.
Davis, A.	Johnson, C. V.,	Pitchford	Ward, W. B.
Davis, W.	Johnson, D. D.,	Raesley	Watts
Dearden	Johnston	Rath	Welch
Dershem	Jones, E. E.,	Rebert	Whitman
Detzel	Jones, J. R.,	Reece	Wilcox
Donahoe	Keely,	Reel	Wilson
Donnally	Keene,	Reeser	Woodward
Dunn, H.	Keister	Reno	Young
Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.,		Cox, J.
			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1359 (Senate No. 798), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildngs for the purpose of reimbursing George Gray Barnard for moneys expended in excess of the contract price for the preparation transportation and delivery and setting in place at the State Capitol of certain groups in marble

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—197.

Abbott	Dunn, H.	Kelley, J.	Reyburn
Ailman	Dunn, J.	Kelly, M.	Rhoads
Akers	Ehrhardt	Kelsey,	Richards
Allen	Eichenberger	Kern,	Rider
Alter	Ewing	Klingerman,	Riebel
Anderson	Fahey	Klumpp,	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	Fay	Knight,	Robison
Baldwin, R.	Feeney	Kuhns,	Rockwell
Bartman	Ferguson	Lafferty,	Roney
Bass	Fitzgerald	Larkins,	Row
Bender	Flynn	Leh,	Rumsey
Benson	Freeman	Light,	Sassaman
Bentley	Frey	Lindsay,	Savidge
Billman	Gans	Lowe,	Schad
Blair	Geary	Magee,	Schmidt
Bosher	Gibson	Malie,	Schofield
Bossert	Gilkeson	Mannion,	Schultz
Boyd	Good	Martin,	Scott, J.
Brehm	Gransback	Marvin,	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Graybill	Matt,	Shadrach
Brennan	Grove	Maurer,	Shaffer
Caldwell	Guyaux	McAleer,	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McArdle,	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McClung,	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Healey	McGowan,	Shreve
Carroll	Hecht	McInerney,	Snavely
Carter	Henry	McJunkin,	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Herman	McKean,	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hess	McMullen,	Speer,
Clymer	Hibshman	McNichol,	Steese,
Cole	Hilton	Miller,	Stein,
Connell	Hobbs	Moore,	Swan
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Morris,	Swartz
Conner, W.	Holland	Moses	Townsend
Conrade	Hoover	Moulthrop	Tunis
Cox, E.	Hormell	Neel	Ulerich
Crum	Hough	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Howard	North	Wallace
Currier	Hunter, J. N.	Perry	Walnut
Curry	Hunter, R. P.	Phillips	Walton
Dale	Irwin	Piper	Ward, W., Jr.
Dallas	Jackson,	Pitchford	Ward, W. B.
Davis, A.	Johnson, C.	Raesley	Watts
Davis, W.	Johnson, D.	Rath	Welch
Dearden	Johnston,	Rebert	Whitman
Dershem	Jones, E.	Reece	Wilcox
Detzel	Jones, J.	Reel	Williams
Donahoe	Keely,	Reeser	Woodward
Donnally	Keene,	Reno	Cox, J.
	Keister,		Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1360 (Senate No. 37), entitled:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—195.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Keene,	Reno
Ailman	Ehrhardt	Keister,	Reyburn
Akers	Eichenberger	Kelley, J.	Rhoads
Allen	Ewing	Kelly, M.	Richards
Alter	Fahey	Kelsey,	Rider
Anderson	Fay	Kern,	Riebel
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Klingerman,	Robinson
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Klumpp,	Robison
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Knight,	Rockwell
Bass	Flynn	Kuhns,	Roney
Bender	Freeman	Lafferty,	Row
Benson	Frey	Larkins,	Rumsey
Bentley	Gans	Leh	Sassaman
Billman	Geary	Light	Savidge
Blair	Gibson	Lindsay	Schad
Bosher	Gilkeson	Lowe,	Schmidt
Bossert	Good	Magee,	Schofield
Boyd	Gransback	Mannion,	Schultz
Brehm	Gray	Martin,	Scott, J.
Breitinger	Graybill	Marvin,	Scott, S.
Brennan	Grove	Matt,	Shadrach
Caldwell	Guyaux	Maurer,	Shaffer
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McAleer,	Shannon
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McArdle,	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Healey	McClung,	Shreve
Carroll	Hecht	McGowan,	Snavely
Clarency	Henry	McInerney,	Snyder, A.
Cleary	Herman	McJunkin,	Snyder, P.

Clymer	Hess	McKean,	Speer,
Cole	Hibshman	McMullen,	Steese,
Connell	Hilton	McNichol,	Stein,
Conner, P.	Hobbs	Miller,	Swan
Conner, W.	Hoffman	Mills,	Townsend
Conrade	Holland	Moore,	Tunis
Cox, E.	Hoover	Morris,	Ulerich
Crum	Hormell	Moses	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Hough	Moulthrop	Wallace
Currier	Howard	Neel	Walnut
Curry	Hunter, J. N.	Newbaker	Walton
Dale	Hunter, R. P.	North	Ward, W., Jr.
Dallas	Irwin	Perry	Ward, W. B.
Davis, A.	Jackson,	Phillips	Watts
Davis, W.	Johnson, C,	Pitchford	Welch
Dearden	Johnson, D,	Raesley	Whitman
Dershem	Johnston,	Rath	Wilcox
Detzel	Jones, E,	Rebert	Williams
Donahoe	Jones, J,	Reece	Woodward
Donnally	Keely,	Reel	Cox, J.
Dunn, H.		Reeser	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1361 (Senate No. 755), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Christian Home for Women of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—197.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelley, J.	Reeser
Allman	Eichenberger	Kelly, M.	Reyburn
Akers	Ewing	Kelsey	Rhoads
Allen	Fahey	Kern	Rider
Alter	Fay	Kinney	Riebel
Anderson	Feeney	Klingerman	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Klumpp	Robison
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Knight	Rockwell
Bartman	Flynn	Kuhns	Roney
Bass	Freeman	Lafferty	Row
Bender	Frey	Larkins	Rumsey
Benson	Gans	Leh	Sassaman
Bentley	Geary	Light	Savidge
Billman	Gibson	Lindsay	Schad
Blair	Gilkeson	Lowe	Schmidt
Bosher	Good	Magee	Schofield
Bossert	Gransback	Malle	Schultz
Boyd	Gray	Mannion	Scott, J.
Brehm	Graybill	Martin	Scott, S. B.,
Breitinger	Grove	Marvin	Shadrach,
Brennan	Guyaux	Matt	Shaffer
Caldwell	Haggerty	Maurer	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McAleer	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Healey	McArdle	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McClung	Shreve
Carroll	Henry	McGowan	Snavely
Carter	Herman	McInerney	Snyder A.
Clarency	Hess	McJunkin	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hibshman	McKean	Speer
Cole	Hilton	McMullen	Steese
Clymer	Hobbs	McNichol	Stein
Connell	Hoffman	Miller	Swan
Conner, P.	Holland	Mills	Swartz
Conner, W.	Hoover	Moore	Townsend
Conrade	Hormell	Morris	Tunis
Cox, E. R.	Hough	Moses	Ulerich
Crum	Howard	Moulthrop	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Hunter, J.	Neel	Wallace
Currier	Hunter, R. P.	Newbaker	Walnut
Curry	Irwin	North	Ward, W., Jr.
Dale	Jackson	Perry	Watts
Dallas	Johnson, C.	Phillips	Welch
Davis, A.	Johnson, D.	Piper	Whitman
Davis, W.	Johnston	Pitchford	Wilcox
Dearden	Jones, E.	Raesley	Williams
Dershem	Jones, J.	Rath	Wilson
Detzel	Keely	Rebert	Woodward
Donahoe	Keene	Reece	Young
Donnally	Keister	Reel	Cox, J. F.,
Dunn, J.			Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1362 (Senate No. 754), entitled:

An act to reimburse Fidelity Trust Company of Philadelphia trustee under the will of Sarah A Smith deceased for moneys erroneously paid by it and received by the State for taxes upon the investments held by said trustee and authorizing the State Treasurer to refund the sum of four thousand four hundred and thirty-two dollars and eighty cents for that purpose

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—195.

Abbott	Dunn, H.	Kelley, J.	Reno
Allman	Dunn, J.	Kelly, M.	Reyburn
Akers	Ehrhardt	Kelsey,	Rhoads
Allen	Eichenberger	Kern,	Richards
Alter	Ewing	Klingerman,	Rider
Anderson	Fahey	Klumpp,	Riebel
Baldwin, G.	Fay	Knight,	Robinson
Baldwin, R.	Feeney	Kuhns,	Robison
Bartman	Ferguson	Lafferty,	Rockwell
Bass	Fitzgerald	Larkins,	Roney
Bender	Flynn	Leh,	Row
Benson	Freeman	Light,	Rumsey
Bentley	Frey	Lindsay,	Sassaman
Billman	Gans	Lowe,	Schad
Blair	Geary	Magee,	Schmidt
Bosher	Gilkeson	Malle,	Schofield
Bossert	Good	Mannion,	Schultz
Boyd	Gransback	Martin,	Scott, J.
Brehm	Gray	Marvin,	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Graybill	Matt,	Shadrach
Brennan	Guyaux	Maurer,	Shaffer
Caldwell	Haggerty	McAleer,	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McArdle,	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Healey	McClung,	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McGowan,	Shreve
Carroll	Henry	McInerney	Snavely
Carter	Herman	McJunkin,	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Hess	McKean,	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hibshman	McMullen,	Speer,
Clymer	Hilton	McNichol,	Steese,
Cole	Hobbs	Miller,	Stein,
Connell	Hoffman	Mills,	Swan
Conner, P.	Holland	Moore,	Swartz
Conner, W.	Hoover	Morris,	Townsend
Conrade	Hormell	Moulthrop	Tunis
Cox, E.	Hough	Neel	Ulerich
Crum	Howard	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Hunter, J. N.	North	Wallace
Currier	Hunter, R. P.	Perry	Walton
Curry	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Dale	Jackson,	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Dallas	Johnson, C,	Pitchford	Watts
Davis, A.	Johnson, D,	Raesley	Welch
Davis, W.	Johnston,	Rath	Whitman
Dearden	Jones, E.	Rebert	Wilcox
Dershem	Jones, J.	Reece	Wilson
Detzel	Keely,	Reel	Woodward
Donahoe	Keene,	Reeser	Cox, J.
Donnally	Keister,		Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1363 (Senate No. 753), entitled:

An act to reimburse Fidelity Trust Company of Philadelphia trustee under the will of Richard Smith deceased for money erroneously paid by it and received by the Sate for taxes upon the investments held by said trustee and authorizing the State Treasurer to refund the sum of twenty-three thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight dollars and twelve cents for that purpose

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—198.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Kelly, M.	Rhoads
Allman	Ehrhardt	Kelsey	Richards
Akers	Eichenberger	Kern	Rider
Allen	Ewing	Klingerman	Riebel
Alter	Fahey	Klumpp	Robinson
Anderson	Fay	Knight	Robison
Baldwin, G	Feeney	Kuhns	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Lafferty	Roney

Bartman	Fitzgerald	Larkins	Row
Bass	Flynn	Leh	Rumsey
Bender	Freeman	Light	Sassaman
Benson	Frey	Lindsay	Savidge
Bentley	Gans	Lowe	Schad
Billman	Geary	Magee	Schmidt
Blair	Gibson	Malie	Schofield
Bosher	Gilkeson	Mannion	Schultz
Bossert	Good	Martin	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gransback	Marvin	Scott, S.
Brehm	Gray	Matt	Shadrach
Breitinger	Graybill	Maurer	Shaffer
Brennan	Grove	McAleer	Shannon
Caldwell	Guyaux	McArdle	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McClung	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Healey	McGowan	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McInerney	Snavely
Carroll	Henry	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Carter	Herman	McKean	Snyder, P.
Clarency	Hess	McMullen	Speer
Cleary	Hibshman	McNichol	Steese
Clymer	Hilton	Miller	Stein
Cole	Hobbs	Mills	Swartz
Connell	Hoffman	Moore,	Townsend
Conner, P.	Holland	Morris	Tunis
Conner, W.	Hoover	Moses	Ulerich
Conrade	Hormell	Moulthrop	Von Tacky
Cox, E.	Hough	Neel	Wallace
Crum	Howard	Newbaker	Walnut
Cumbler	Hunter, J.	North	Walton
Currier	Hunter, R	Perry	Ward, W., Jr.
Curry	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W.
Dale	Jackson	Piper	Watts
Dallas	Johnson, C.	Pitchford	Welch
Davis, A.	Johnson, D.	Raesley	Whitman
Davis, W.	Johnston	Rath	Wilcox
Dearden	Jones, E. E.	Rebert	Williams
Dershem	Jones, J. R.	Reece	Wilson
Detzel	Keely	Reel	Woodward
Donahoe	Keene	Reeser	Young
Donnally	Keister	Reno	Cox, J.
Dunn, H.	Kelley, J.	Reyburn	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1364, entitled:

An act to authorize the purchase of historical works relative to the services of any regiment or battery or other unit of military organization of Pennsylvania Volunteers during the War for the Suppression of the Rebellion when same had been approved by the Governor Auditor General and Adjutant General making an appropriation for purchase of same and payment of expenses incurred or services rendered in examination and correction of said histories and providing for distribution of histories so purchased

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—197.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Keister	Reyburn
Allman	Ehrhardt	Kelley, J.	Rhoads
Akers	Eichenberger	Kelly, M.	Rider
Allen	Ewing	Kelsey	Richards
Alter	Fahey	Kern	Riebel
Anderson	Fay	Klingerman	Robinson
Baldwin, G. A.	Feeney	Klumpp	Robison
Baldwin, R. J.	Ferguson	Knight	Rockwell
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Kuhns	Roney
Bass	Flynn	Lafferty	Row
Bender	Freeman	Larkins	Rumsey
Benson	Frey	Leh	Sassaman
Bentley	Gans	Light	Schad
Billman	Geary	Lindsay	Schmidt
Blair	Gibson	Lowe	Schofield
Bosher	Gilkeson	Magee	Schultz
Bossert	Good	Malie	Scott, J. R.
Boyd	Gransback	Mannion	Scott, S. B.
Brehm	Gray	Martin	Shadrach
Breitinger	Graybill	Matt	Shaffer
Brennan	Grove	Maurer	Shannon
Caldwell	Guyaux	McAleer	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McArdle	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McClung	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Healey	McGowan	Snavely
Carroll	Hecht	McInerney	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Henry	McJunkin	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Herman	McKean	Speer
Clymer	Hess	McMullen	Steese
Cole	Hibshman	McNichol	Stein
Connell	Hilton	Miller	Swan
Conner, P.	Hobbs	Mills	Swartz
Conner, W.	Hoffman	Moore	Townsend
Conrade	Holland	Moses	Tunis
Cox, E. R.	Hoover	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Crum	Hormell	Neel	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Hough	Newbaker	Wallace
Currier	Howard	North	Walnut
Curry	Hunter, J.	Perry	Walton
Dale	Hunter, R.	Phillips	Ward, W. Jr.
Dallas	Irwin	Piper	Watts
Davis, A.	Jackson	Pitchford	Welch
Davis, W.	Johnson, C.	Raesley	Whitman
Dearden	Johnson, D.	Rath	Wilcox
Dershem	Johnston	Rebert	Wilson
Detzel	Jones, E. E.	Reece	Woodward
Donahoe	Jones, John	Reel	Young
Donnally	Keely	Reeser	Cox, John F.
Dunn, H.	Keene	Reno	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1365, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania for the protection of property at Lackawaxen in Lackawaxen Township Pike County Pennsylvania for the Lackawaxen and Delaware Rivers

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—200.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Kelly, M.	Rhoads
Allman	Ehrhardt	Kelsey	Richards
Akers	Eichenberger	Kern	Rider
Allen	Ewing	Klingerman	Riebel
Alter	Fahey	Klumpp	Robinson
Anderson	Fay	Knight	Robison
Baldwin, G. A.	Feeney	Kuhns	Rockwell
Baldwin, R. J	Ferguson	Lafferty	Roney
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Larkins	Row
Bass	Flynn	Leh	Rumsey
Bender	Freeman	Light	Sassaman
Benson	Frey	Lindsay	Savidge
Bentley	Gans	Lowe	Schad
Billman	Gibson	Magee	Schmidt
Blair	Gilkeson	Malie	Schofield
Bosher	Good	Mannion	Schultz
Bossert	Gransback	Martin	Scott, J. R.
Boyd	Gray	Marvin	Scott, S. B.
Brehm	Graybill	Matt	Shadrach
Breitinger	Grove	Maurer	Shaffer
Brennan	Guyaux	McAleer	Shannon
Caldwell	Haggerty	McArdle	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McClung	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Healey	McGowan	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McInerney	Snavely
Carroll	Henry	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Carter	Herman	McKean	Snyder, P.
Clarency	Hess	McMullen	Speer
Cleary	Hibshman	McNichol	Steese
Clymer	Hilton	Miller	Stein
Cole	Hobbs	Mills	Swan
Connell	Hoffman	Moore	Swartz
Conner, P.	Holland	Morris	Townsend
Conner, W.	Hoover	Moses	Tunis
Conrade	Hormell	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Cox, E. R.	Hough	Neel	Von Tacky
Crum	Howard	Newbaker	Wallace
Cumbler	Hunter, J.	North	Walnut
Currier	Hunter, R.	Perry	Walton
Curry	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W. Jr.
Dale	Jackson	Piper	Ward, W. B.
	Johnson, C.	Pitchford	Watts
Davis, A.	Johnson, D.	Raesley	Welch
Davis, W.	Johnston	Rath	Whitman
Dearden	Jones, E. E.	Rebert	Wilcox
Dershem	Jones, John	Reece	Williams
Detzel	Keely	Reel	Wilson
Donahoe	Keene	Reeser	Woodward
Donnally	Keister	Reno	Young
Dunn, H.	Kelley, J.	Reyburn	Cox, John F.
			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 840 (Senate 552), ntitled:

An Act dividing the boroughs in the Commonwealth with respect to the population into two classes and providing the form of government of boroughs of the first class

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That for the purpose of legislation regulating the municipal affairs the exercise of certain corporate powers and having respect to the number character powers and duties of certain officers thereof the boroughs now in existence and those to be hereafter created in this Commonwealth shall be divided into two classes those containing a population of eighteen thousand or over shall constitute the first class all other boroughs shall be boroughs of the second class

Section 2 The classification of said boroughs respectivelv shall be ascertained and fixed by reference to their population according to the United States census of one thousand nine hundred and ten and the government of boroughs of the first class shall go into force on the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and twelve and the proper officers herein created shall be elected as herein provided at the municipal election to be held in one thousand nine hundred and eleven

A municipal census may be taken at any time and whenever it shall appear by any such census that any borough of the second class has attained a population entitling it to an advance in classification as herein prescribed it shall be the duty of the Governor under the Great Seal of the Commonwealth to certify the fact accordingly which certificates shall be entered at large upon the minutes of the councils of such borough and recorded in the office for the recording of deeds of the proper county

At the next succeeding municipal election the proper officers shall be elected to which the said borough shall become entitled under the change in classification and upon the first Monday of January next succeeding thereto the terms of all officers of said borough then in office whose offices are superceded by reason thereof shall cease and terminate and the borough government shall be duly organized and shall thereafter be controlled and regulated by the laws of this Commonwealth applicable to the same under the classification herein fixed and appointed

It shall be the duty of the Governor under the Great Seal of the Commonwealth to certify at least ninety days before the municipal election of one thousand nine hundred and eleven such boroughs as shall become boroughs of the first class under this classification the government of which is to go into effect the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and twelve and such certificate shall be entered at large upon the minutes of the councils of such borough and recorded in the office for the recording of deeds for the proper county

Section 3 Except so far as modified by the provisions of this act all existing laws relating to boroughs shall continue in force as laws of boroughs of the first class until changed modified or repealed by legislation relating expressly thereto

ARTICLE II

Section 1 The legislative power of every borough of the first class shall be vested in a council composed of five councilmen and a mayor No officer of the United States or of the State of Pennsylvania (except notaries public or officers of the militia) nor any municipal or county officer or employe of the borough or any department thereof shall serve as a member of council during his continuance in such office or employment except as hereinafter provided

Section 2 No ordinance shall be passed by council except by bill and no bill shall be so altered or amended on its passage through council as to change its original purpose

Section 3 Every bill shall be read at length and no bill shall be passed finally upon the same day on which it is introduced or reported

Section 4 The council shall prescribe by ordinance the number duties and compensation of the officers and employes of the borough and no payment shall be made from the borough treasury or be in any way authorized to any person except an officer or employe elected or appointed in pursuance of law and no ordinance shall be passed giving any extra compensation to any officer servant employe or contractor nor providing for the payment of any claim against the borough without previous authority of law and any officer drawing or countersigning any warrant or passing any voucher for the same or paying the same shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof be punished by a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars and imprisonment not exceeding one year

Section 5 All stationery paper and fuel used in the council and in other departments of the borough government and all work and material required by the borough shall be furnished and the printing advertising and all other kinds of work to be done for the borough except ordinary repairs of highways or sewers and of public improvements shall be performed under contract to be given to the lowest responsible bidder under such regulations as shall be prescribed by ordinance and all sales of personal property owned by the borough shall be to the highest bidder under such regulations as shall be prescribed by ordinance or resolution Council may by ordinance provided a contingent fund for necessary repairs or incidental expenses not otherwise provided for which may be expended without advertising for bids

Section 6 No money shall be paid out of the borough treasury except upon application made according to law and no warrant drawn by the proper officer in pursuance thereof and no municipal department shall create any debt or make any contract except in pursuance of previous authority of law or ordinance

Section 7 A member of council who shall solicit demand or receive or consent to receive directly or indirectly for himself or for another from any company corporation or person any money office appointment employment testimonial reward thing of value or enjoyment or of personal advantage or promise thereof for his vote or official influence or for withholding the same or with an understanding expressed or implied that his vote or official action shall be in any way influenced thereby or who shall solicit or demand such money or other advantage matter or thing aforesaid for another as the consideration of his vote or official influence or for withholding the same or shall give or withhold his vote or influence in consideration of the payment or promise of such money advantage or thing to another shall be guilty of bribery and upon such conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars and by separate and solitary confinement at labor for a period not exceeding five years and shall be forever incapable of holding any place of profit or trust in this Commonwealth

Section 8 Any person who shall directly or indirectly offer give or promise any money or thing of value testimonial privilege or personal advantage to any member of council to influence him in the performance or non-performance of any of his public or official duties shall be guilty of bribery and be punished in such manner as that offense is by law punishable

Section 9 A member who has a personal or private interest in any measure or bill proposed or pending before the council shall disclose the fact to the branch of which he is a member and shall not vote thereon nor take any part in the discussion of the same If such interested person shall vote without disclosing his interest in such measure or bill and the same be carried by his vote he shall forfeit his office and the measure or bill shall be void

Section 10 No portion of the property of the borough shall be used for private gain by any officer of the borough councilman agent or employe of said borough or any department thereof nor shall the same be wilfully used or injured or be sold or disposed of in any manner without the consent of the council by any officer councilman agent or employe Nor shall any officer councilman agent or employe of the said borough or any department thereof be interested directly or indirectly either personally or as a member or officer of any firm company or corporation contracting with the borough or any department thereof for the use lease occupation or enjoyment of any of the works material or property of said borough Any violation of the provisions of this section shall be a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof the person or persons so offending shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars and by imprisonment not exceeding one year or either at the discretion of the court trying the same and upon such conviction the party offending shall be forthwith removed from his office or employment and shall not thereafter be eligible to election or appointment to any place of profit or trust under said borough or ay department thereof

Section 11 No member of the council or any other borough officer shall become surety in any bond or obligation given to the borough by any other officer agency or contract Any person becoming surety in violation of the provisions hereof shall forfeit his office and be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor punishable upon conviction by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars

Section 12 No member of the council or other officer of the borough shall either directly or indirectly be a party to or in any manner interested in any contract or agreement with such city for any matter cause or thing whatsoever by which any liability or indebtedness is in any way or manner created against such borough and if any contract or agreement shall be made in violation of the foregoing provisions the same shall be nul and void and no action shall ever be maintained thereon against said borough

Section 13 No person member or other officer of such borough shall purchase any warrant order or claim for labor or supplies furnished to said borough nor be interested directly or indirectly in the purchase of the same for any sum less than the amount specified and any person purchasing a warrant order or claim in violation of the foregoing provision shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars

Section 14 All officers of the several boroughs of the first class whether elected or appointed shall before entering upon their respective duties take and subscribe the oath prescribed by section one of artilce seven of the Constitution of this Commonwealth Any person refusing to take such oath shall forfeit his right to the office and any person guilty of violations thereof shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars and to undergo imprisonment not exceeding one year or either at the discretion of the court

Section 15 The terms of the members of council and all other borough officers of said borough elected at the regular municipal election in any year shall begin on the first Monday of January ensuing thereto and shall continue for the period fixed by law for the duration thereof in each particular case and all elections for officers whose terms will expire on the first Monday of January of any year shall be held on the Tuesday next preceding thereto

Section 16 The members of council of the several boroughs of the first class shall assemble in their place of meeting for the purpose of organizing at ten o'clock in the forenoon of the first Monday of January of the years following their election and the mayors of said boroughs shall be inaugurated and take the oath of office on the said day and hour of the first Monday of January following their election

Section 17 Whenever an election shall be held for borough officers on the first Tuesday of November in any year for regular terms of servce it shall be the duty of the mayor to procure at the expense of the borough from the prothonotary of the court of common pleas or of the clerk of the court of

quarter sessions of the proper county by which court the returns shall be computed a certified copy under the seal of the court of the vote for all such officers as computed by the court according to law and lay the same before council on the date and time fixed by law for their annual organization and the said certificate shall be filed among the borough archives and a copy thereof entered upon the journal In the case of special election for a member or members of council to fill a vacancy or vacancies the mayor shall procure from the prothonotary as aforesaid a certificate of the vote for such member or members as required into his office by the proper election officers and lay the same before the council at the next regular meeting succeding such election which council shall enter the same among its proceedings The court of quarter sessions shall appoint the places for holding the municipal and the general elections in all of the elction districts of said boroughs

ARTICLE III.

Section 1 The corporate powers and the number character powers and duties of the officers of the boroughs now in existence by virtue of the laws of this Commonwealth shall be and remain as now provided by law except where otherwise provided by this act

Section 2 Every borough of the first class within this Commonwealth is hereby declared to be a body corporate and politic and shall have perpetual succession and shall have power

One To sue and be sued

Two To purchase and hold real and personal estate property for the use of the borough

Three To lease and to sell and to convey any real or personal property owned by the borough and to make such order respecting the same as may be conducive to the interests of the borough

Four To make all contracts and do all other acts in relation to property and affairs of the borough necessary to the exercise of its corporate or administrative powers

Five To have and use a corporate seal and alter the same at pleasure and every such seal shall have upon it the word "Pennsylvania" the name of the borough and the year of its original incorporation

The powers hereby granted shall be exercised by the mayor and council of such borough in the manner herein provided

Section 3 Every borough of the first class in its corporate capacity is authorized and empowered to enact ordinances for the following purposes in addition to the other powers granted by this act

One To levy and colect taxes for general revenue purposes not to exceed ten mills on the dollar in any one year on all persons real personal and mixed property within the limits of said borough taxable according to the laws of the State of Pennsylvania for county purposes the valuation of such property to be assessed as hereinafter provided

Two To provide for the assessment of taxes in addition to the above not exceeding one per centum on the dollar upon the assessed valuation in any one year on all persons real and personal property and all other matters and things within said borough for county purposes for the payment of interest on bonded indebtedness and for the payment of loans to support the government and to make necessary improvements in said borough

Three To impose a poll tax for general revenue purposes not exceeding one dollar annually on all male inhabitants above the age of twenty-one years

Four To levy and collect a license tax not exceeding one hundred dollars each annually on all auctioneers contractors druggists hawkers peddlers produce or mercantile venders bankers brokers undertakers pawnbrokers merchants of all kinds persons selling or leasing goods upon installments grocers confectioners butchers restaurants billiard parlors bowling alleys omnibuses automobiles carts, wagons street railway cars and other vehicles used in the city for hire or pay lumber dealers including commission men and all persons who make a business of buying lumber for sale at wholesale or retail furniture dealers saddle or harness dealers stationers jewelers livery or automobile or boarding stable keepers real estate agents agents of fire life or other insurance companies market house companies garage companies express companies or agencies gas natural gas water electric light or power companies or agencies or individuals furnishing communication light heat or power by any of the means enumerated and to regulate the collection of the same

Five To borrow money on the credit of the borough and to pledge the credit and revenue thereof for the payment of the same to an amount not exceeding two per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property in said borough and with the consent of the people of the said borough obtained at an election held under the provisions of the Constitution and the General Laws of this Commonwealth to increase the indebtedness of such borough to an amount not exceeding in the aggregate seven per centum upon the assessed valuation of the taxable property therein

Six To provide for the issuing of bonds and for the application of bonds already issued by boroughs hereafter incorporated for the purpose of funding any and all indebtedness now existing or hereafter created of the borough now due or to become due Provided that said bonds shall be payablein not more than thirty years from the date of their issue and that the same shall bear interest at a rate not exceeding six per centum per annum with interest coupons attached payable annually or semi-annually and the said bonds shall not be sold or exchanged for less than their par value

Seven To make provision for a sinking fund to pay at maturity the bonded indebtedness of the borough and to levy and collect taxes on all the taxable property in the borough in addition to all other taxes for the purpose of paying the same under the subject to the limitations and requirements of this act and of the Constitution and laws of this Commonwealth

Eight To lay out open widen straighten alter extend improve establish or re-establish grades of and keep in order and repair and in safe passable condition any street avenue alley or lane or any part thereof within the borough limits or to vacate and discontinue the same whenever deemed expedient for the public good and to make sidewalks and construct and maintain bridges and culverts and to provide for the cost thereof either in whole or in part from the general revenues of the borough No ordinance for the opening widening straightening extending or vacating of any street avenue alley or lane or parts thereof shall be passed except in the manner herein provided

Nine To construct and reconstruct sewers and to extend the same beyond the borough limits whenever deemed necessary and for the purpose of such construction or extension to take and occupy private lands and property making compensation therefor to the owners thereof as required by law

Section 3 Clause Ten To cause to be graded paved or macadamized any public street lane or alley or part thereof which is now or may hereafter be laid out and opened in any of said borough and have the same set with curbstone and to provide for the payment of the cost and expenses thereof in whole or in part by the borough or by the owners of real estate bounding and abutting thereon which cost and expense upon the abutting real estate shall be assessed according to the foot front rule or according to benefits as council shall by ordinance determine except in case of grading only the said cost and expense of which shall be assessed according to benefits when the costs and expenses or any part thereof are to be paid for by the foot front rule the borough shall assess or cause to be assessed the said cost and expense upon the real estate abounding or abutting on the line of the improvement by an equal assessment on said property in proportion to the number of feet the same fronts on the respective street land or alley or part thereof to be improved and the council must provide for an equitable reduction from the frontage of lots at all streets and other intersections and at other places where from the peculiar or pointed share of the lot an assessment for the full frontage would be inequitable and unequal When the costs and expenses of any grading paving macadamizing or other improvement of any street lane or alley or part thereof is to be paid for by the real estate abutting as aforesaid according to benefits the same shall be assessed by viewers appointed by the court of common pleas as is now or shall be hereafter provided by act of assembly But no ordinance shall be passed providing for the paving macadamizing grading or other improvement of any street avenue lane or alley or grading or other improvement of any street avenue lane or alley or part thereof or for the opening widening straightening or extending or vacating thereof except upon the petition of a majority in number or interest of the owners of property abutting on the line of the proposed improvement to be verified by the affidavit of one or more of the petitioners (a majority in interest of owners of undivided interests of any piece of property to be deemed and treated as one person for the purpose of said petition) unless the ordinance for such improvement shall have been passed by the affirmative vote of at least four members of council in which case council may direct the improvement to be made at the cost or in part at the cost of the owners or at the cost of the borough in whole or in part without petition Provided. however that no such ordinance ordering any street or alley or part thereof to be thus improved without a petition therefor shall be finally passed in a less period than thirty days from the date of its introduction and in the meantime copies of such ordinance shall be published in the official newspapers of said boroughs for three consecutive weeks once a week immediately following the introduction thereof and in case said borough shall have no official newspaper then in at least two newspapers in the county in which such borough is situate once a week for three consecutive weeks Provided however that the requirements for such publication shall not preclude the amendments of any paving ordinance as to the kind of pavement with which any street or alley or part thereof is proposed to be paved The passage or the ordinance provided for any of the aforesaid improvements upon petition therefor and the publication of the names of the petitioners shall be conclusive that a majority in number or interest have petitioned therefor The cost and expenses of any improvement done and completed under an ordinance providing for the assessment of the cost and expenses therefor under the foot front rule may be assessed according to benefits upon the passage of an ordinance to that effect which assessment according to benefits shall be made in like manner and in like effect as if the original ordinance providing for the improvement had been provided for such assessment

Eleven To require owners of property on any public street lane or alley to construct pave curb repave and recurb the sidewalks and keep the same in good repair along such property with such materials at such grades and under such regulations as may be prescribed by ordinance and upon failure of such owners to comply therewith upon notice to authorize the same to be done by the borough and the expense thereof to be levied and collected from such owners with costs which amount shall be a lien upon such premises from the time of the commencement of the work which date shall be fixed by certificate of the borough engineer filed with the clerk and may be collected by action at law or such lien may be filed and proceeded in as herein provided in the case of municipal liens or the cost may be borne by the city in whole or in part if in part the

rest to be collected from the owners in manner as above provided

Twelve To provide for the payment of the debts and expenses of the borough and to appropriate money therefor

Thirteen To create any office public board or department which they may deem necessary for the good government and interest of the borough to prescribe the powers thereof and to regulate and prescribe the terms duties and compensations of all such officers and of all officers who are members of any public board or any department so created But no ordinance shall be passed increasing or diminishing the salary or compensation of any officer or of any member of any public board or department after his or their election or appointment Provided however That in case of the creation of any public board or department the members thereof shall except where otherwise provided by this act be appointed by the mayor but no two persons from the same ward shall serve on the same board at the same time

Fourteen To require from all officers and agents of the borough elected or appointed lawful bonds and security for the faithful performance of their duties and no officer or agent required by law or ordinance to give bond as aforesaid shall be sworn into office or enter upon the duties thereof until such bond shall have been duly approved by the proper authority

Fifteen To provide for the removal of officers of the borough whose offices are established by ordinance and whose removal is not otherwise herein provided for

Sixteen To require the removal of all obstructions from the sidewalks curbstones gutters streets and street crossings at the expense of the owners or occupiers of the ground fronting thereon or at the expense of the person or persons placing the same there and to regulate the planting and protection of shade trees in the streets the building of cellar and basement ways and other excavations through or under the sidewalks in said borough

Seventeen To make and establish such and so many uniform rules and regulations as to them may seem expedient for the better regulation of porches porticos benches doorsteps railings bulk bay or jut windows areas cellar doors and cellar windows signs and sign posts board poles or frames awning posts or other devices or things projecting over under into or otherwise occupying the sidewalks or other portion of any of the streets lanes alleys and in relation to boxes bales barrels hogsheads crates or articles of merchandise lumber coal wood ashes building materials or any other article or thing whatsoever placed in or upon any of the said sidewalks or other portion of said streets lanes or alleys and also to prevent and remove all encroachments thereon

Eighteen To provide for and require the construction and maintenance of bridges or other crossings over or under railroad tracks and to enter into contracts with railroad companies for the construction and maintenance of the same to require the erection of safety gates and the placing of flagmen at the intersection of railroads with public streets to forbid the obstruction of the said crossings by locomotives or railroad cars and also to make regulations concerning the rate of speed at which locomotives cars or trains pass upon or across the streets within the built up portion of the borough

Nineteen To establish and maintain night-watch and police and define the duties of the same

Twenty To regulate the police of the borough and to impose fines forfeiture and penalties for the violation of any ordinance and provide for the recovery and collection of the same and in default of payment to provide for confinement in the borough or county prison or to hard labor upon the streets or elsewhere for the benefit of the borough

Twenty-one To provide for the erection or purchase of lockups or watch-houses in some convenient part of the borough for the detention and confinement of vagrants and persons arrested by the police officers until the persons so arrested can be taken before the proper magistrate for hearing and committed to prison or discharged but no person shall be detained for a longer time than twenty-four hours except upon the order of a magistrate legally authorized who may commit such person for further hearing

Twenty-two To erect or purchase establish and maintain hospitals prisons work houses or houses of correction for juvenile or other offenders and to prescribe regulations for the government thereof and also to erect all public buildings necessary for the use of the borough or of any department thereof to purchase or take use and occupy private lands upon which to erect any of the said buildings to purchase take use and occupy within the limits of the respective borough or within the county adjacent thereto private lands upon which to establish and maintain a hospital or hospitals for the treatment and separation of persons suffering with contagious and infectious diseases to purchase or take use and occupy within the limits of such borough or within the county adjacent thereto private lands upon which to establish and maintain a poor farm with all necessary and convenient buildings and appliances where the borough may support and maintain such poor persons as such borough is by law required to support and maintain and the damages accruing by reason of the acquisition of any private property for the purposes aforesaid shall be compensated in the manner now or which may hereafter be provided by law for the ascertainment and payment of damages for private property taken for public uses

Twenty-three To establish and enforce suitable police regulations for the protection of persons and property at public squares parks depots depot grounds and other places of public resort and for the arrest and commitment of professional thieves

Twenty-four To offer rewards for the arrest and conviction of persons guilty of capital or other high crimes within the borough but no policeman shall be entitled to receive any share thereof

Twenty-five To license and collect a license tax from all skating rinks operas theatres concerts shows circuses menageries and all kinds of public exhibitions for pay (except those for religious education or charitable purposes) to regulate the same and to restrain all exhibitions of indecent or immoral character

Twenty-six To regulate the time and place of bathing in rivers and other public water in and adjoining the said borough

Twenty-seven To establish stands for coaches cabs omnibuses carriages wagons automobiles and other vehicles for hire and to enforce the observance and use thereof and to fix the rates and prices for transportation of persons and property from one part of the borough to another

Twenty-eight To restrain prohibit and suppress tippling shop houses of prostitution gambling houses gaming cock or dog fighting and other disorderly or unlawful establishments or practices desecrations of the Sabbath day commonly called Sunday and all kinds of public indecencies

Twenty-nine To prevent and restrain riots noises disturbances or disorderly assemblies in any street house or place in the borough to regulate prevent and punish the discharge of firearms rockets powder fire-works or any other dangerous combustible material in the streets lots grounds or alleys in the vicinity of any building to prevent and punish the carrying of concealed deadly weapons to arrest fine or set at work on the streets or elsewhere all vagrants found in said borough to prevent and punish horse-racing fast driving or riding in the streets highways alleys bridges or places in the borough and all games practices or amusements therein likely to result in danger or damage to any person or property and to prevent and punish the riding or driving of horses mules oxen cattle or other teams or the passage of any vehicle drawn or self propelled hereby over and across sidewalks and to regulate the passing of the same through the public streets

Thirty To purchase and own ground for and to erect and establish market houses and market places for which latter purpose parts of any streets or sidewalks may be temporarily used to contract with any person or persons or associations or persons companies or corporations for the erection and regulation of market houses and market places on such terms and conditions and in such manner as the council may prescribe and raise all necessary revenue therefor as herein provided and also to levy and collect a license tax from every person or persons who may be authorized by council to occupy any portion of the streets or sidewalks for temporary public market purposes

Thirty-one To regulate the weighing and measuring of every commodity sold in the borough in all cases not otherwise provided by law provide for and regulate the inspection and weighing of hay grain and coal and the measuring of wood bark or fuel to be used in the borough and to designate the place or places of the same and to regulate and prescribe the place or places for exposing for sale hay coal bark and wood and to demand and receive reasonable fees for inspection weighing and measuring as aforesaid and for the regulation and stamping of weights and measures

Thirty-two To purchase lands and premises for public parks and levy and collect such special taxes as may be necessary to pay for the same and to make appropriations for the improvement and regulations for the government of parks owned and controlled by the borough

Thirty-three To provide for the erection of all needful pens pounds and buildings within or without the borough limits appoint keepers thereof and to regulate or prohibit the running at large of cattde hogs horses mules sheep goats dogs or other animals also geese ducks chickens fowls et cetera and to cause as may be running at large to be impounded and sold to discharge the costs and penalties provided for the violations of such prohibitions and the expenses of impounding and of keeping the same and of such sale to regulate and provide for taxing the owners and harborers of dogs and to destroy dogs found contrary to any ordinance providing the owners cannot be found or who neglect to care for such dogs

Thirty-four To make regulations to secure the general health of the inhabitants and to remove and prevent nuisances

Thirty-five To make all necessary orders and regulations to prevent the introduction of contagious or pestilential diseases into the borough to enact quarantine laws for that purpose and to enforce the same within five miles of the borough limits

Thirty-six To purchase fire engines hooks ladders trucks fire alarms and other apparatus for the extinction of fires to organize a fire department with or without pay to make the necessary appropriation for the maintenance of the same and to prescribe rules and regulations for the government of the officers and companies belonging thereto and if a paid department to provide by ordinance for the election or appointment of the officers and companies belonging thereto

Thirty-seven To regulate the construction and inspection of fire-places chimneys stoves stove-pipes boilers kettles forges or any apparatus used in any building manufactory or business and to order the suppression or cleaning thereof when deemed necessary for the prevention of fires to regulate or prohibit the manufacture sale storage or transportation of inflammable or explosive substances within the borough and to prescribe limits within which no dangerous obnoxious or offensive business shall be carried on

Thirty-eight To provide a system for the inspection of buildings to insure their structural or sanitary safety and incombustibility and for the appointment of one or more building inspectors to prescribe limits within which buildngs shall not be constructed reconstructed enlarged or additions made thereto or into or within which they or any of them shall not be removed except the same be of incumbustible materials with fire proof roof and any building erected reconstructed enlarged or having additions made thereto or removed into or

within such limits contrary to the provisions of any ordinance forbidding the same shall be a public nuisance and abatable as such and may be resrtained by injunction

Thirty-nine To provide for and regulate the lighting of streets with gas or electric lights or by the light of any means to require the numbering of houses

Forty To have the exclusive right at all times to supply the borough with gas or other light and such persons partnerships and corporations therein as may desire the same at such prices as may be agreed upon and also to have at all times the unrestricted right to make and maintain the necessary buildings machinery and apparatus for manufacturing and distributing the same or in territory not supplied with light to make contracts with and to authorize any person company or association so to do and to give such person company or association the privilege of supplying gas or other light as aforesaid for any length of time not exceeding ten years

Forty-one To have the exclusive right at all times to supply the city with water and such persons partnerships and corporations therein as may desire the same at such prices as may be agreed upon and for the purpose to have at all times the unrestricted right to make erect and maintain all proper works machinery buildings cisterns reservoirs pipes conduits for the raising reception conveyance and distribution of water or in territory not supplied with water to make contracts with and authorize any person company or association so to do and to give such person company or association the privilege of furnishing water as aforesand for any length of time not exceeding ten years

Forty-two To enter upon the land or lands lot or lots of any person or persons within the borough at all reasonable hours by their duly appointed borough engineer in order to set out the foundation and regulate the walls to be built between party and party as to the breadth and thickness thereof which foundation shall be laid equally upon the land of the persons between whom such party wall is to be made and the first builder shall be reimbursed one moiety of the charge of said wall or for so much thereof as the next builder shall or may use or break into said wall

Forty-three To enter upon the land or lands lot or lots of any person or persons within the borough at all reasonable hours by their duly appointed borough engineers in order to regulate partition fences and when adjoining parties shall improve or enclose their lots such fences shall be made in the manner generally used and kept in good repair at the equal expenses of the parties unless the owners or occupants between whom such fences are erected shall agree otherwise

Forty-four To make all such ordinances by laws rules and regulations not inconsistent with the Constitution and laws of this Commonwealth as may be expedient or necessary in addition to the special powers in this section granted for the proper management care and control of the borough and its finances and the maintenance of the peace good government and welfare of the borough and its trade commerce and manufacturers and the same to alter modify and repeal at pleasure and to enforce all ordinances by inflicting penalties for violation thereof not exceeding one hundred dollars for any one offense recoverable with costs together with judgment or imprisonment not exceeding thirty days if the amount of said judgment and costs shall not be paid

ARTICLE IV

Borough Council

Section 1 The members of the borough council in boroughs of the first class shall be at least twenty-one years of age They shall have been citizens and inhabitants of the borough wherein they shall be elected five years next before their election and shall reside therein during their term of service At the first regular municipal election held after the passage of this act a mayor and five members of council shall be elected who shall assume office on the first Monday of January following their election and shall hold office until the fourth Monday of January of the fourth year thereafter unless they shall have been removed from office sooner by methods prescribed by law After said election five councilmen shall be elected at the regular election held each fourth year thereafter each of whom shall also be elected by the electors at large of said borough Each member of council shall have the right to vote on all questions coming before the council

Section 2 The terms of office of the councilmen in office at the time of the first election held under this act shall cease and determine on the first Monday of January succeeding such election

Section 3 Whenever a vacancy shall occur in the office of mayor or councilmen the same shall be filled by special election by the electors at large of said borough said special election to be called and conducted in the manner provided by law The persons elected to fill said vacancy shall serve during the unexpired term of his predecessor The date of such special election shall be fixed by council and notice thereof given by proclamation of the mayor for at least ten days prior thereto

Secton 4 The members of council shall take oath of office prescribed by law which oath may be administered by any person authorized to administer oaths Three members of the council shall constitute a quorum but a smaller number may compel the attendance of absent members under penalties to be prescribed by ordinance The council may determine its own rules provided said rules are not inconsistent with the Constitution and laws of the State of Pennsylvania

Section 5 The council of each of said boroughs of the first class shall hold stated meetings at least once in each month and at such other times as may be fixed by ordinance The said council may hold special meetings at such times as the mayor or any two councilmen may deem proper to call the same upon twenty-four hours' notice to each member which notice shall state whether such meeting is to be convened for special or general business All meetings of council whether regular or special to which any person not a borough officer is admitted shall be open to the public The council shall be a continuous body and it shall be lawful for any council to complete any unfinished business or legislation begun by the preceding council

Section 6 The council in boroughs of the first class shall keep a journal of its proceedings which shall be at all times open to public inspection Upon vote the yeas and nays shall be called and recorded and every motion resolution or ordinance shall be reduced to writing before the vote is taken thereon Except where they shall be personally or privately interested no member shall withhold his vote on any measure or question unless he shall state his reason therefor to the council which may excuse him and enter the reason upon the journal

Section 7 Every legislative act of the council shall be by resolution or ordinance every ordinance and resolution which shall be passed by said council shall be presented to the mayor if he approve he shall sign it but if he shall not approve he shall return it with his objections to said council at next regular meeting thereof when said objection shall be entered at large in the minute book and said council shall proceed to a reconsideration of such ordinance and resolution If after consideration four of the members elected to council shall vote to pass such ordinance or resolution it shall become and be of as full force and effect as if said mayor had signed it If such legislative act shall not be returned by the mayor at the next regular meeting of said council after the same shall have been presented to him the same shall likewise become and be in full force and effect as if he had signed it The mayor may disapprove of any item or items of any bill making appropriations and such item or items shall be void unless repassed according to the rules herein prescribed for the passage of bills over the mayor's veto

Section 8 All ordinances may be proved by the certificate of the borough clerk under the corporate seal and when printed or published in book or pamphlet form and purporting to be published by authority of the borough shall be read and received as evidence in all courts and places without further proof All ordinances shall unless otherwise provided therein take effect in ten days after their passage and shall be signed by the mayor and attested by the borough clerk and every ordinance prescribing a penalty for the violation thereof shall be forthwith published at least three times in not more than two newspapers printed and circulated with the borough in such manner as council may direct All ordinances shall within one month after their passage be certified and recorded by the borough clerk in a book provided by the borough for that purpose which shall be at all times open to the inspection of citizens

Section 9 The fiscal year of each of said boroughs of the first class shall begin on the first Monday of January in each and every year The council shall at the end of each fiscal year cause to be published in not more than two newspapers printed and circulated in said borough a summarized statement of the receipts and expenditures of the borough during the preceding year its present funded and floating indebtedness and the date of the maturity of the funded debt and schedule of its assets and character and value thereof and the amount of taxable property therein The council may at its discretion cause said summarized statement to be printed in pamphlet form instead of being published in newspapers aforesaid provided the said pamphlet be supplied for general distribution and notice published in at least two newspapers that the said pamphlets may be had upon request at the office of the borough clerk

Section 10 The several departments of the borough government shall before the commencement of the fiscal year present to council an estimate of the probable receipt and expenditures of the amount required by each of said departments for the public service during the ensuing year and council shall then proceed to make the annual appropriations thereto No appropriations shall be made for any purpose until the interest accruing on the funded debt of the borough and the principal of such part of said debt as may be coming due the salaries of officers and the ordinary expenses of the boro shall first be provided for When all appropriations for the expenditures for the ensuing year shall be finally made council shall fix the tax rate at such figure as with all sources of revenue will fully meet and cover the aggregate amount of such appropriation and no appropriation shall be made for any purpose in excess of the estimates receipts for the current fiscal year

Section 11 That the municipalities of the Commonwealth shall have power and authority to vacate in whole or in part all streets lanes and alleys within their corporate limits laid out by this Commonwealth whenever the same or the portion to be vacated shall have remained unopened for a continuous period of thirty years next preceding such vacation

Section 12 In exercising the power aforesaid all proceedings for the ascertaining of damages and the assessment of benefits incident thereto shall be as now provided by law in reference to payment of costs damages and expenses of public improvements within municipal corporations

Section 13 That no misnomer omission informality or irregularity heretofore made or occurring in the name style or title of any municipal corporation of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in any ordinance by-laws or regulations passed by the council thereof and approved by the mayor thereof for the government of the inhabitants within the territorial limits comprising the same or in elections held therein to incur or increase the indebtedness thereof be in the annexation of territory thereto or extending the limits thereof over which jurisdiction has been and now is exercised by the corporate authorities or in the issuing of bonds for the indebtedness thereof or in deeds or other convey-

ances of lands or hereditaments to or from the same or contracts by or with the same or in any other ordinance matter or thing within the lawful powers or duties thereof shall invalidate the same but all such ordinances elections annexations or extensions of territory bonds deeds contract and all other matters of things done as aforesaid are hereby validated and made good in law as if due in the proper corporate name of such municipality Provided that the matters hereinbefore validated shall otherwise be legal and that this act shall not effect any suit or suits now pending

Section 14 The councilmen in boroughs of the first class shall receive for their services during their term of service annual salaries to be fixed by ordinance payable in monthly installments Council may by the ordinance fixing the said salaries provide for the assessment and retention therefrom of reasonable fines for absence from regular or special meetings of council or councilmanic committees Council shall by ordinance fix the amount of salaries to be paid to councilmen for their services which salary shall not be less than one hundred dollars per year nor more than three hundred dollars per year Provided however that for the first term of councilmen elected under the provisions of this act and until thereafter changed by ordinance the salary of each councilman shall be one hundred dollars per annum

Section 15 The council of each of said boroughs of the first class on the first Monday of January following the election of the members of the council by the vote of a majority of the members chosen elect (a) a borough solicitor his successor shall be duly qualified He shall give lawful bond to the corporation with two or more sureties or with a surety or other company authorized by law to act as surety to be approved by council in such sum as they shall by ordinance direct conditioned for the faithful performance of his official duties as the same are or may be defined by law or ordinance

Section 17 The law matters of the boro shall be under the superintendence direction and control of the borough solicitor and no department of the borough shall employ or retain any additional counsel in any matter or cause except with the previous assent of council He shall keep his office within the borough and there shall be deposited and preserved therein all patents deeds leases mortgages and other evidence of debt belonging to the borough unless the council shall otherwise provide or direct

Section 18 The borough solicitor shall prepare all bonds obligations contract leases conveyances and assurances to which the borough or any department thereof may be party as may be directed by resolution of ordinance shall commence and prosecute all and every suit or suits action or actions brought by the corporation for or on account of any of the estates rights trusts privileges claims or demands of the same as well as defend all actions or suits against the said corporation or any officer thereof wherein or whereby any of the estates rights privileges trusts ordinances or acts of the corporation or any department thereof may be brought in question before any court in this Commonwealth and shall do all and every professional act incident to the office which he may be lawfully authorized required to do by the mayor or by any ordinance or resolution of the said council He shall whenever required furnish the council the committees thereof the mayor of the heads of departments his opinion in writing upon any question of law which may be submitted by either of them in their official capacities

Section 19 There shall be kept in the office of the boro solicitor a borough lien-docket which shall be open to public inspection and in which he shall cause to be entered all claims for curbing paving or re-paving sidewalks assessments of damages contributions for opening public streets lanes and alleys or parts thereof for grading paving and macadamizing the same for water and lighting frontage tax and water and lighting rates sewerage borough taxes and other matters that may be the subject of claim on the party of the borough which have or shall be returned to the solicitor as remaining due and unpaid after the period prescribed by law or ordinance for the payment of such claims and it shall be the duty of the head of each department wherein any such claim shall originate to furnish to the boro solicitor within the period prescribed by law or ordinance a statement of all claims for curbing paving et cetera which remain due or unpaid a certified copy of which the said heads of departments shall at the same shall furnish to the chamberlain Upon the payment of any lien or other debt of record due the borough to any person authorized to receive the same it shall be the duty of the borough solicitor forthwith to enter satisfaction thereon

Section 20 The borough solicitor shall at least once in every month make a return to the superintendent of finance under oath or affirmation of each item of moneys received by or through him or his assistants by virtue of his office or on account of any matters connected therewith and immediately upon making such return he shall pay over the amount in his hands to the borough treasurer He shall in like manner pay into the borough treasury all fees received by him in his official capacity but this provision shall not be taken to include the judgment fee or commission allowed him in his capacity of attorney under any Act of Assembly of this Commonwealth He shall receive a fixed salary to be provided by ordinance

Section 21 The council of each borough of the first class shall on the first Monday of January succeeding their election to council elect by a majority vote of said council a borough clerk to serve for a term of four years from the date of his election and until his successor shall be duly qualified

The Secretary shall attend all meetings of the corporation keep full minutes of their proceedings transcribe the by-laws rules regulations and ordinances adopted into a book kept for that purpose and when signed by the presiding officer shall attest the same preserve the records and documents of the corporation keep the seal of the corporation certify copies of any book paper record by-law rule regulation ordinance or proceedings of the corporation under the seal thereof which copies so certified shall be good evidence of the act or thing certified and shall attest the execution of all instruments under the same record the publication of all enactments and attest same by his signature thereto and shall file of record the proof of service of all notices his certificate whereof shall be good evidence of such notice He shall collect all fines from councilmen and give due notice to members of all called meetings and it shall further be his duty when a resolution requiring executive action is passed to give written notice of the same to the officer whose duty it may be to carry it into effect and also to present without unnecessary delay after its passage to the mayor for his signature all ordinances and resolutions which shall have been passed by the council and which by law require the approval of that officer making a record of the day and date on which they are presented and should the mayor veto any ordinance or resolution so presented to him he shall file the same with the objections of the mayor among the papers of the corporation mark thereon the date and exact time of receiving the same and submit the said veto and objections to the council at the next regular meeting of that body after the same is received by him and such other duties as council may prescribe

Section 22 The council of each borough of the first class shall on the first Monday of January succeeding their election to council elect by a majority vote of said council a competent civil engineer to serve for a term of four years from the date of his election and until his successor shall be duly qualified

Section 23 The engineering matters of the borough shall be under the superintendence direction and control of the borough engineer and no department of the borough shall employ or retain any additional engineer except with the previous assent of council and the borough engineer shall appoint such number of assistants and employees as council shall authorize by ordinance

Section 24 The borough engineer shall perform such duties as council shall prescribe with reference to the construction reconstruction maintenance and repair of all streets roads pavements sewers bridges culverts and other engineering work He shall prepare plans specifications and estimates for all such work undertaken by such borough and shall whenever required furnish council the committees thereof the mayor public boards or heads of departments with reports information or estimates on any borough engineering work or questions submitted by either of them in their official capacity He shall immediately after the completion of any municipal improvement the cost and expense of which in whole or in part is to be paid by the abutting property make certificate in which he shall state the day or time on which the particular improvement was completed and shall file the same with the borough clerk who shall enter the same day or time of completion in a book to be by him kept for said purposes and the said day or time mentioned in said certificate shall be conclusive on all parties as to the time the said work was completed and the time of completion of the work referred to in this section and in other parts of the act to which this is an amendment shall be taken to mean the time of the completion of the whole contract for the improvement He shall also furnish to said clerk a certificate showing the time on which any such particular improvement was commenced and such certificates shall be conclusive evidence of the time when the said improvement was begun and an entry of such date shall be made by said clerk in the books aforesaid The said engineer shall also have the charge and direction of all surveys and regulations authorized by an act of Assembly of ordinance of such borough and shall perform such other duties as council shall direct

Section 25 For the purpose of procuring accurate information in reference to the ownership of all real estate the council of each of said boroughs of the first class shall provide by ordinance for the registry thereof in accordance with this act

Section 26 The borough engineer of any of said boroughs in which such registry shall be established as aforesaid under the direction of council shall cause to be made all such necessary books maps and plans as will show the situation and dimensions of each property therein which books maps or plans shall be prepared as to show the borough number and the owner of each lot with provision for the names of future owners and dates of future transfer of title and for such purpose the said engineer shall have free access without charge to any of the public records wherein the necessary information may be obtainable therefor and may also cause search to be made in any other places for any monuments or evidence of title not reported to him as hereinafter provided and requisite for the completion of said books maps and plans The said books maps and plans shall be carefully preserved in the department of surveys of said borough and shall be so kept by additions from time to time or otherwise as to show the ownership of every lot or place or real estate or subdivision thereof within the borough limits with the successive transmissions of title from the date of the commencement of such plans but nothing herein or in the article shall invalidate any municipal or tax claim by reason that the same is not assessed or levied against the registered owner Certified copies under the hand of the said engineer or any of the entrees in said books or upon said maps of plans shall be received in evidence in the same manner as the books maps and plans themselves might be admissible for such purposes and may be also furnished to any person desiring the same for such fee or compensation for the use of the borough as may be fixed by ordinance

Section 27 It shall be the duty of all owners of unregistered real estate within the borough limits within one

month from the date of the approval of the ordinance establishing such registry and of every subsequent purchaser devises or person acquiring title by partition or otherwise to any real estate therein within one month after acquiring such title to furnish to the said engineer at his office descriptions of their respective properties upon blanks to be furnished by the borough and at the same time to present their conveyance to be stamped by said engineer without charge as evidence of the registration thereof Any person or persons neglecting or refusing to comply with the provisions of this section for a period of thirty days after public notice of the requirements thereof shall be liable to a penalty of five dollars to be recovered with costs of suit in the name and for the use of the borough as penalties for the violation of city ordinances are recoverable

Section 28 The sheriffs of the respective counties in which such boroughs are located shall present for registry the deeds of all properties within the borough limits sold by them at judicial sales whether in partition or otherwise and the prothontaries and recorders of deeds thereof shall not admit for record any deed for any borough property bearing date subsequent to the approval of the ordinance for the establishment of such registry unless the same shall first have been duly stamped as herein directed as proof of registry and any prothonotary recorder who shall record any deed before the provisions of this section have first been complied with shall be liable to a penalty of five dollars for each deed recorded in violation thereof to be recovered with costs of suit in the manner hereinbefore provided

ARTICLE V

The Executive Department

Section 1 The mayor of each of the said boroughs of the first class shall be at least twenty-one years of age and shall have been a citizen and inhabitant of the State and borough five years He shall be chosen at the municipal election to serve for the term of four years and until his successor is duly elected and qualified The mayor shall be the chief executive officer of the borough and shall have all the powers and jurisdiction of justices of the peace under existing laws of this Commonwealth He shall give bond in such sum as shall be determined by councils

It shall be his duty

One To cause the ordinances of the borough and the laws of the State to be executed and enforced

Two To communicate to councils at least once a year a statement of the finances and general condition of the affairs of the borough and also such information in relation to the same as council may from time to time require

Three To recommend by message in writing to the councils all such measures connected with the affairs of the borough and the protection and improvement of its government and finances as he shall deem expedient

Four To call special meetings of councils when required by public necessity

Five To perform such duties as may be prescribed by law or ordinance and he shall be responsible for the good order and efficient government of the borough

Section 2 The mayor may by a written order to be transmitted to council giving his reasons therefor remove from office any head of department director or other officer appointed by him

During the recess of council he shall have power to fill all vacancies that may happen in offices to which he may appoint subject to the approval of council at their next session if such appointment shall not be rejected within thirty days after said council shall have convened the same shall be considered confirmed

Section 3 The mayor shall nominate and by and with the advice and consent of council appoint the Street Commissioner the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department the Health Officer and all subordinate officers of the borough whose offices are created by ordinance excepting the borough clerk borough solicitor and borough engineer and such other officers authorized to be otherwise appointed or elected under the provisions of this act and he may remove from offices any such officers appointed by the mayor for inability official misconduct or neglect of duty and in like manner all vacancies which may occur during the terms of such officers shall be filled The mayor shall issue his proclamation to the qualified electors of the borough at least ten days before the annual municipal election stating therein the officers to be voted for at such election

Section 4 The mayor shall supervise the conduct of all borough officers examine the grounds of all reasonable complaints against any of them and cause all of their violation or neglect of duty to be promptly punished or reported to the proper tribunal for correction and for the purpose aforesaid he is hereby empowered to issue subpoenas and compulsory process under his official seal for the attendance of such persons and the production of such books and papers as he may deem necessary He shall have authority at all times to call upon any of the officials of the borough or heads of departments for such information as to the affairs under their control and management as he may require and may call special meetings of councils to consider any matters which he may think proper to lay before them He shall communicate to councils at their first stated meeting in January of each year and from time to time as he may deem expedient a statement of the condition and affairs of the borough in respect to its government finances and improvements together with suggestions and recommendations of all such measures as he may deem conducive to the interests and welfare thereof

Section 5 The mayor shall have the criminal jurisdiction of a justice of the peace within the borough and shall have no civil jurisdiction except in relation to actions for fines penalties or forfeitures imposed by virtue of the ordinances of the borough or the laws of this Commonwealth relating thereto He shall have the power of committing magistrate under the act of Aseembly relating to tramps and vagrants and shall in addition have authority to commit to any borough or county prison for a term not exceeding thirty days any dissolute or disorderly persons in default of payment of such fines or penalties as may be fixed by ordinance with cost of arrest He shall be empowered to take acknowledgments of any instruments in writing solemnize marriages and administer oaths and affirmations and shall attest all his acts with his official seal He shall keep a docket and shall enter therein all actions and proceedings had before him and the said docket with the entries therein and duly certified transcripts thereof shall be received in evidence in the same manner and with like effect as the docket entries and transcripts of aldermen are by law admissable for similar purposes He shall charge and receive for all official services the same fees and costs as pertain by law to the justice of the peace of the borough for similar services but shall pay over the same into the borough treasury monthly according to a statement thereof verified by oath or affirmation before the chamberlain and filed with him The mayor shall receive a fixed annual salary to be provided by ordinance

Section 6 The council shall fix by ordinance the number rank and compensation of the members of the borough police force and prescribe all necessary rules and regulations for the organization and government thereof in accordance with this act and it shall be a misdemeanor in office for any policeman to ask demand or receive any other compensation or reward whatsoever for his official services to be followed by dismissal from office The mayor shall nominate and by and with the advice and consent of the council appoint suspend or dismiss the said policemen any or all of them and in like manner all vacancies shall be filled He shall designate a member of the force to be chief thereof who shall be the principal executive officer of the department subject to his direction

Section 7 Policemen shall be ex-officio constables of the borough and shall and may without warrant and upon view arrest and commit for hearing any and all persons guilty of breach of the peace vagrancy riotous or disorderly or drunkenness or who may be engaged in the commission of any unlawful act tending to imperil the personal security or endanger the property of the citizens They shall have authority to serve and execute all criminal process or process for the violation of the borough ordinances which may be issued by the mayor or any justice of the peace and shall charge the same fees and costs as pertain by law to the constable of boroughs for similar services but the said fees and costs shall be received and collected by the mayor and by him paid into the borough treasury monthly as hereinbefore provided Policemen shall obey the orders of the mayor and make report to him which report shall be laid by him before councils whenever required The mayor shall exercise a constant supervision and control over their conduct and hear and determine all complaints against them in the discharge of their duties and he shall be required to remove from office any member or officer of the police force upon a resolution to that effect passed by two-thirds of both branches of councils

Section 8 All action prosecution complaints and proceedings for the violation of the ordinances of the borough and for fines penalties and forfeitures imposed thereby shall be instituted in the corporate name of the borough and be conducted in the manner prescribed by law proceedings for the violation of the borough ordinances may be commenced by warrant or summons at the discretion of the mayor or justice of the peace before whom complaint is made but no warrant shall be issued except upon complaint upon oath or affirmation specifying the ordinance for the violation of which the same is issued and all process shall be directed to and served by any policeman or constable of the borough who shall execute the same anywhere within the borough or in the county of which it is part or elsewhere as may be provided by law Warrants shall be returnable forthwith and every summons shall be returnable in not less than five nor more than eight days from the date thereof and upon such return the like proceeding shall be in all cases as may be directed by law in relation to summary conviction or proceeding for the recovery of penalties before justices of the jeace with the same right of appeal from any judgment entered therein All fines for the violation of the borough ordinances shall be and penalties paid over by the magistrate before whom the same are recovered into the borough treasury

Section 9 The mayor of each borough of the first class shall receive for his services during his term of service an annual salary to be fixed by ordinanec payable in monthly instalments Provided however That the annual salary shall not be less than twelve hundred dollars per annum For the first mayor serving under the terms of this act the salary shall be twelve hundred per annum

ARTICLE VI

Section 1 The qualified electors of each borough of the first class shall elect at the regular municipal elections at the same time that members of council shall be elected under this act a borough treasurer who shall hold his office for the term of four years from said first Monday of January and until his successor is duly elected and qualified or until the said treasurer shall have been removed from office according to law The borough treasurer shall be a competent accountant and shall have been a resident of the borough and an elector thereof for at least three years previous to his election He shall give lawful bond to the borough with two or more sufficient sureties or with a surety or other company authorized by law to act as surety to be approved by the council in such sum as it may by ordinance direct conditioned for the honest and faithful discharge of his official duties and the safekeeping and payment over of all public moneys entrusted to his care He shall receive a fixed annual salary to be provided by ordinance

He shall before he enters upon his office take and subscribe an oath or affirmation before the mayor to support the Constitution of the United States and of this Commonwealth and honestly to keep an account of all public moneys and property entrusted to his care and to discharge the duties of his office with fidelity

Section 2 The borough treasurer shall demand and receive all moneys payable to the borough from whatever source and shall pay all warrants duly countersigned by the boro chamberlain His accounts shall be kept in such manner as to clearly exhibit all the items of receipts and expenditures of the borough the sources from whence the moneys are received and the objects for which the same are disbursed and he shall keep separate and distinct accounts of the receipts and expenditures of the borough the sinking fund and the water and lighting department respectively and also of every special fund which may come into his hands No money shall be paid out of the borough treasury unless the same shall have been previously appropriated by council to the purpose for which it is to be drawn which shall be explicitly mentioned in the warrant therefor The treasurer shall keep the public funds in such banks or financial depositories as council may direct and shall verify his cash accounts monthly or whenever required to the satisfaction of councils and upon any default therein he may be suspended from office and another treasurer appointed as council may determine

Section 3 The borough treasurer and every other officer of the borough receiving or having in his possession any money accounts property or effects belonging to the corporation shall upon the termination of his office deliver the same to the borough or to his duly qualified successor Any vacancy in the office of borough treasurer shall be filled by the vote of the members elected to council and the person so chosen to fill the same shall serve during the unexpired term of said officer

ARTICLE VII

Borough Chamberlain

Section 1 The qualified electors of each borough of the first class shall elect at the regular municipal election at the same time that members of council shall be elected under this act a borough chamberlain who shall hold office for the term of four years from the first Monday of January and until his successor shall qualify he shall superintend the fiscal concerns of the borough and shall manage the same in the mannar required by the laws of this State and the ordinances and resolution of the borough councils in accordance therewith He shall examine audit and settle all accounts watesover in which the borough is concerned either as debtor or creditor where provision for the settlement thereof is made by law and where no such provision or an insufficient provision has been made he shall examine such accounts and report to the borough councils the facts relating thereto with his opinion thereon He shall have authority to administer oaths or affirmations in relation to any matter touching the authentication of every account with or claim or demand against the borough but shall not be entitled to receive any fee therefor

Section 2 The borough chamberlain shall keep a regular set of books in which shall be opened and kept as many accounts under appropriate titles as may be necessary to show separately and distinctly all the estates and property whatsoever real and personal vested in the borough all trusts in the care of the same all debts due to and owing by the borough all the receipts and expenditures of the various departments of the borough government and all the appropriations made by councils and the sums under the same respectively

Section 3 He shall have the supervision and control of the accounts of all departments bureaus and officers of the borough who shall collect receive or disburse the public moneys or who are charged with the management or custody thereof shall audit their respective accounts and may at any time require from any or all of them a statement in writing of any and all moneys or property of the borough in their hands or under their control and he shall immediately upon the discovery of any default irregularity or delinquency report the same to the borough councils He shall likewise audit and report upon the accounts of any officer upon the death resignation removal or expiration of the term of the said officer

Section 4 He shall countersign all warrants upon the borough treasurer the form whereof shall be prescribed by councils and shall not suffer any appropriation made by the borough council to be overdrawn but no warrant shall be countersigned unless there is money in the treasury to pay the same In every case in which an appropriation shall be exhausted and the object of which is not completed he shall immediately report the fact to the borough councils and accompany such report with a statement of the moneys which have been drawn on such appropriation and the particular purpose for which they were drawn Whenever a warrant on the treasurer shall be presented to him to be countersigned the person presenting the same shall if the borough chamberlain require produce evidence

One That the amount expressed in the warrant is due to the person in whose favor it is drawn

Two That the supplies or the services for payment of which the warrant is drawn have been furnished or performed according to law and the terms of the contract

Section 5 Every contract involving an appropriation of money shall designate at the time of appropriation the fund on which it is founded and the estimated amount of the expenditure thereunder shall be charged against such item and so certified by the borough chamberlain before it shall take effect as a contract and the payments required by such contract shall be made from the funds appropriated therefor If the borough chamberlain shall fail to certify any contract is in excess of the appropriation made therefor the borough shall not be liable for such excess but the borough chamberlain and his sureties shall be liable for the same which may be recovered in an action at law by the contracting party aggrieved It shall be the duty of the borough chamberlain to certify contracts for the payme of which sufficient appropriations have been made

Section 6 The borough chamberlain shall from time to tir and as often as he may deem expedient or the council sha direct suggest plans to the council for the management a improvement of the borough finances and he shall make a r port verified by oath or affirmation to the councils at stat meeting in January in each year of the public accounts of t borough and of the trusts in its care exhibiting all the e penditures thereof respectively the cources from which t revenue and funds are derived and in what manner the sar have been disbursed each account to be accompanied by statement in detail of the several appropriations made by cou cils the amount drawn on each appropriation and the balan standing to the debit or credit of such appropriation

Section 7 Any vacancy in the office of borough chamberla shall be filled by a vote of the majority of the membe elected to council and the person so chosen to f the same shall serve for the unexpired term The bo ough chamberlain shall give a lawful bond to the borou with two or more sufficient surities be approved by counci in such sums as they may by ordinance direct conditioned f the faithful discharge of his official duties and shall recei a fixed salary to be provided by ordinance

Section 8 The borough chamberlain shall also assume pe form and have the power of all the duties now vested in a sessors in the boroughs of this Commonwealth

Section 9 The council of each of the said boroughs of t first class shall have authority to pass such ordinances they may deem proper and necessary providing for and reg lation the manner of making the aforesaid assessments val ations and transfers and the taking of appeals to the boa on any and all matters not specifically provided for in this a

Section 10 The mayor and council of each borough of t first class shall constitute a board or revision of taxes a appeals The said council acting as a bord of revision m in any year other than a triennial year if they shall dee a new assessment necessary on or before the first day of M issue their precept to the borough chamberlain requiring hi to make out and return in full just and equal assessment property within the borough or such parts thereof as the sa board of revision may deem advisable and they shall take a receive the triennial and yearly assessment as returned by t borough chamberlain and shall have power and authority revise equalize or alter such assessment in any and every ye by increasing or reducing the valuation either in individu cases or by wards or parts of wards and to add to the asses ment book and to the duplicate thereof in the hands of t borough treasurer any subjective taxation omitted therefro and any real estate in such borough which has been exem from taxation and has ceased to be occupied and used for t purpose or purposes which entitled it to such exemption taxable for the portion of the year commencing at the tir when the right of exemption ceases and such real estate sh thereupon become subject to taxation at the rate fixed for t year for the proportionate part of the year during which is not entitled to exemption and it shall be their duty to re tify all errors and when deemed necessary they may requi the attendance of the chamberlain and his assistants or a of them or other citizens before them for examination on oa or affirmation either singly or together and they shall he and determine all appeals by taxpayers from the assessmer made by the borough chamberlain at such time and place they may prescribe at least five days' printed notice or writt notice of which shall be given It shall be the further duty said chamberlain to give five days' written or printed noti to every taxable inhabitant of the city of any increase or a dition to the valuation assessed against him by the chamb lain together with the time and place of hearing appeals the from For the purpose of all hearings and for all other purpos necessary to the discharge of their duties the said chamberla shall have authority to administer oaths and affirmatio touching any matter relating thereto and by wilful false stat ment under oath as to any material fact by the complaina or attorney shall be deemed perjury and be punishable as su The borough clerk shall serve as clerk of said boa The said board shall procure and have the custody and co trol of all books relating to the assessment of borough tax and keep them arranged accordingly to wards and dates a shall furnish the chamberlain the necessary books for taki the assessment which on the completion of such assessme shall be returned to such board of revision of taxes and a peal The said board shall complete their labors and the hea ing and determination of all appeals on or before the first d of June in each year after which the assessment shall copied into duplicate for the use of the borough and the a sessment so corrected and copied shall be and remain a law assessment for the purpose of borough taxation until alter as provided by this act The decision of the board shall subject to an appeal to the court of common pleas of t county wherein such borough is situated in accordance wi the existing laws whose decision shall be final and if t appeal to the court shall be groundless the appellant will p the costs of the appeal

The said chamberlain shall complete his triennial asses ment and the annual assessment in intervening years on or b fore the first day of April in each year and they shall ha power to add to the duplicates in the hands of the borou treasurer any subject of taxation therefrom and to rectify a and all errors and mistakes made therein

Section 11 When the time or times and place for the mee ing or meetings of the board of revision and appeal shall ha been fixed it shall be the duty of said chamberlain to give cause to be given at least five days' printed or written noti to each and every taxable inhabitant of the borough reside therein if he she or they can be found of the amount or su for which he she or they stand rated in any triennial asses ment and also of any sum or amount for which said perso stand rated by reason of any change in his her or their a

essment in any intervening year by reason of any cause whatever together with the time and place of hearing appeals of aid board of revision and appeal and any person dissatisfied r aggrieved by the assessment made by the chamberlain may ppeal to the said board of revision and appeal and be heard t the time fixed in the notice to be served as aforesaid In ase the property owner is not found the notice above provided or may be served upon any tenant or other occupant of the remises

Section 12 The said chamberlains shall have the right to rocure such books maps et cetera as may be necessary to he performance of their duties and when authorized by coun- l may employ clerks for the purpose of transcribing and mak- g duplicated and assessment books They and each of them hall have power to administer oaths and to require under ath of every taxable or person in charge or control of any roperty an inventory of his taxable property with his estima- on of the just full fair and impartial value thereof and which his judgment the same would bring at a fair public sale hereof Such estimation shall not be conclusive but shall be ubject to revision by increase or equalization with other roperty

ARTICLE VII

Section 1 The office of the burgess tax collector high constable auditor and assessor in boroughs of the first class is hereby abolished And the terms of all persons holding such offices is hereby declared to be terminated on the first Monday f January nineteen hundred and twelve

ARTICLE IX

Schedule

For the purpose of expediting the transfer of government o the government of boroughs of the first class in the boroughs within the classification the following schedule is hereby enacted and adopted

Where by virtue of the constitutional amendments adopted the last general election or by virtue of acts of Assembly he terms of office of the burgess and tax collector expire on he first Monday in January nineteen hundred and fourteen he holder of the office of burgess is hereby declared to be on nd after the first Monday in January nineteen hundred and welve the mayor with powers and duties herein described and he tax collector is hereby declared to be on and after the rst Monday of January nineteen hundred and twelve the easurer with powers and duties herein defined And the rms of office of such mayor and treasurer shall expire on he first Monday of January nineteen hundred and fourteen nd the qualified electors of the municipality shall at the unicipal election in nineteen hundred and eleven elect a hamberlain and five councilmen who shall serve for two years om the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred nd twelve and at the next succeeding municipal election and very fourth year thereafter the qualified electors shall elect ve members of council a mayor a treasurer and a chamberin who shall serve for four years from the first Monday of anuary one thousand nine hundred and fourteen

In all other municipalities within this classification the rms of councilmen and other officials is hereby declared terminated on the first Monday of January one thousand nine ndred and twelve and at the municipal election to be held one thousand nine hundred and eleven the qualified electors all elect five members of council a mayor a treasurer and hamberlain who shall serve from the first Monday of Janury one thousand nine hundred and twelve for the term of four ears each as herein provided

And said bill having been read at length the second time nd agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee f the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1366 (Senate No. 493), entitled:

An act giving additional protection to wild waterfowl f all kinds in this Commonwealth limiting the number of ecoys that may be used by any one person at any one time by any number of persons acting together forbidding he shooting of wild waterfowl before sunrise and imposing penalties for violation of its provisions

And said bill having been read at length the second time nd agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 679 (Senate No. 10), entitled:

An act to make uniform the laws of bills of lading and roviding penalties for the violation thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, onsidered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—160.

Ailman	Donnally	Keister	Reyburn
Akers	Dunn, R.	Kelly, M.	Rhoads
Allen	Dunn, J.	Kern	Richards
Alter	Ehrhardt	Klingerman	Rider
Baldwin, G. A.	Eichenberger	Klumpp	Riebel
Baldwin, R.	Ewing	Knight	Rockwell
Bartman	Fahey	Lafferty	Roney
Bass	Fay	Larkins	Rumsey
Bender	Feeney	Leh	Sassaman
Benson	Ferguson	Lindsay	Savidge
Bentley	Fitzgerald	Magee	Schad
Billman	Flynn	Malie	Schmidt
Bosher	Fans	Mannion	Schofield
Bossert	Gibson	Martin	Scott, J. R.
Boyd	Gilkeson	Marvin	Scott, S. B.
Brehm	Good	Matt	Sherwood
Breitinger	Gransback	Maurer	Shoemaker
Brennan	Haggerty	McArdle	Shreve
Caldwell	Halferty	McClung	Snavely
Campbell, C.	Healey	McGowan	Snyder, A.
Campbell, J.	Hecht	McInerney	Snyder, P.
Campbell, W.	Henry	McJunkin	Stein
Carroll	Herman	McKean	Swartz
Carter	Hess	McMullen	Townsend
Clarency	Hibshman	Miller	Tunis
Cleary	Hilton	Moore	Ulerich
Cole	Hobbs	Morris	Von Tacky
Connell	Hoffman	Moulthrop	Wallace
Conner, P.	Holland	Neel	Walnut
Conner, W.	Hoover	Newbaker	Walton
Conrade	Hough,	North	Ward, W. Jr.
Cox, E. R.	Howard	Perry	Watts
Crum	Hunter, J.	Phillips	Welch
Cumbler	Hunter, R.	Pitchford	Whitman
Currier	Irwin	Rath	Wilcox
Curry	Jackson	Rebert	Williams
Dale	Johnson, C.	Reece	Wilson
Dallas	Johnston	Reel	Woodward
Davis, A.	Jones, John	Reeser	Young
Dershem	Keely	Reno	Cox, John F.
Detzel	Keene		Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 680 (Senate No. 315), entitled:

An act fixing the compensation of the deputy factory inspectors

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. EDWIN R. COX. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1331 (Senate No. 732), entitled:

An act to promote agriculture by protecting bees to provide for the inspection of apiaries to provide for the suppression of contagious or infectious diseases among bees and providing penalties for violation of this act

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—153.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Kelsey	Robinson
Ailman	Eichenberger	Kern	Rockwell
Akers	Ewing	Klingerman	Roney
Allen	Fahey	Klumpp	Row
Alter	Feeney	Knight	Sassaman
Anderson	Ferguson	Lafferty	Savidge
Baldwin, G. A.	Fitzgerald	Leh	Schad
Baldwin, R. J.	Freeman	Light	Schofield
Bartman	Frey	Lowe	Schultz,
Bass	Geary	Magee	Scott, J. R.
Bender	Gibson	Malie	Scott, S. B.
Benson	Gilkeson	Mannion	Shadrach
Bentley	Good	Marvin	Shaffer
Billman	Gransback	Matt	Shannon
Bosher	Gray	McAleer	Sherwood

Bossert	Grove	McArdle	Shoemaker
Boyd	Guyaux	McGowan	Shreve
Breitinger	Halferty	McInerney	Snyder, P.
Brennan	Healey	McJunkin	Speer
Campbell, C.	Hecht	McMullen	Steese
Campbell, J.	Herman	McNichol	Swan
Carroll	Hess	Miller	Swartz
Carter	Hilton	Mills	Townsend
Clarency	Hobbs	Moore	Tunis
Clymer	Holland	Morris	Ulerich
Connell	Hoover	Moses	Von Tacky
Conner, P.	Hormell	Moulthrop	Wallace
Conner, W.	Howard	North	Walnut
Cox, E. R.	Hunter, J.	Perry	Walton
Crum	Hunter, R.	Piper	Ward, W. Jr.
Cumbler	Irwin	Raesley	Ward, W. B.
Curry	Johnson, C.	Rath	Welch
Dale	Johnson, D.	Reece	Watts
Davis, A.	Johnston	Reeser	Whitman
Davis, W.	Jones, John	Reno	Williams
Dearden	Keely	Reyburn	Wilson
Dershem	Keene	Richards	Woodward
Donahoe	Keister	Rider	Young
Donnally	Kelly, M.	Riebel	Cox, John F. Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. SHREVE. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Erie, Mr. Shreve.

Mr SHREVE. Mr. Speaker, I move that Senate Bill No. 596 (House No. 1340) from page 27 of to-day's calendar, entitled:

An act providing for the liquidation distribution of assets and dissolution of corporations under the supervision of the Commissioner of Banking and repealing all acts of Assembly supplied hereby or inconsistent herewith

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General for the purpose of a hearing.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. JOHN R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer the following concurrent resolution.

The SPEAKER. The resolution will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk read the resolution as follows:

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO SECTION THREE OF ARTICLE EIGHT OF THE CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania (if the Senate concurs), That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article there.

Section 2. Amend section 3 of Article VIII, which reads as follows: "All judges selected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All the elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers for regular terms of service shall be held on the municipal election day, namely: the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto: Provided, That such election shall always be held in an odd numbered year," so as to read:

Section 3. All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day, namely: the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd numbered year, but the general Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto. Provided, That such election shall always be held in an odd numbered year: Provided further, That all judges for the courts of the several judicial districts holding office at the present time whose terms of office may end in an odd numbered year shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January in the next succeeding even numbered year.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the resolution?

Mr. JOHN R. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, in asking for a roll call I wish to say that this resolution is offered for the purpose of overcoming a recent decision of the Supreme Court. In 1909 the Constitutional amendments were passed which has placed the judiciary in such shape that some thirty-nine judges of the State of Pennsylvania are going to have their terms expire without any provision for their re-election. I have a note here, as this resolution has been prepared by some of the members of the Judiciary Special Committee, this statement has been sent to me which I desire to read.

This amendment is advisable owing to the recent decision of the Supreme Court to the effect that after the year of 1911 the positions of thirty-nine judges at present holding office whose terms expire on the first Monday of January in an odd numbered year will become vacant because of the impossibility of electing their respective successors at the general election which occurs in the November prior to the expiration of such terms. The newspaper clipping at the end hereof shows the judges thus affected.

If one of these amendments is put through at the present session it can go before the people in November, 1914, which will relieve the situation for a number of the present judicial incumbents.

The Philadelphia judges affected by the decision are: 1913, Judge Barratt; 1915, Mayor Sulzberger and Robert N. Willson; 1917, Charles B. McMichael and William H. Staake (Orphans' Court), 1915, Morris Dallett; 1919, Clement B. Penrose.

The judges in other judicial districts of the State who will be affected are: 1913, James R. Macfarlane, Allegheny; James M. Galbraith, Butler; John Ormerod, Potter; Horace Heydt, Carbon.

1915, Aaron B. Hassler, Lancaster; Henry B. Scott, Northampton; Wilbur F. Sadler, Cumberland; Joseph M. Woods, Huntington, Bedford and Mufflin; A. W. Williams, Mercer; S. J. Telford, Indiana; Charles E. Terry, Wyoming; Ellis L. Orvis, Centre; Samuel McSwope, Adams and Fulton; Allen W. Ehrgood, Lebanon; William E. Porter, Lawrence.

1917, Robert Sellers Frazer, Allegheny; Emory A. Walling, Erie; Harry A. Hall, Clinton, Cameron and Elk; Charles C. Evans, Columbia and Montour; John A. McIlvaine, Washington.

1919, John C. Haymaker, Allegheny; John A. Evans, Allegheny; Charles M. Brumm, Schuykill; Ralph B. Little, Susquehanna; William E. Rice, Warren and Forest; Henry K. Wean, Montgomery; James J. O'Neill, Lackawanna (Orphans' Court), MacHenry Wilhelm, Schuykill.

Mr. SCHOFIELD. Mr. Speaker, I desire to say that Judge Rice resigned a year ago.

Mr. ROCKWELL. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. John R. K. Scott.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. JOHN R. K. SCOTT. Yes, sir.

Mr ROCKWELL. Mr. Speaker, if this proposed resolution goes through it would have to be approved by the Legislature of 1913.

Mr. JOHN R. K. SCOTT. Yes, sir.

Mr. ROCKWELL. Mr. Speaker, then, if that session approved it it would have to be voted on at the general elections of 1913

Mr. JOHN R. K. SCOTT. In 1914; because of the provision of five years.

Mr. ROCKWELL. If these judges, when their times expire, can be appointed for the short term, up to the time of the next election, and then be nominated for re-election they can then be re-elected for the full term and it would save going to the expense of a Constitutional amendment.

Mr. JOHN R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, the judges themselves don't want to be placed in such a position. In reference to saving money for the Constitutional amendment on this particular proposition, there will be advertisement of other amendments, and the money has to be spent anyway.

Mr. ROCKWELL. Mr. Speaker, will not some of these judges have to be appointed by the Governor anyway—all those up to 1915?

Mr. JOHN R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, a few; Judge Barratt, and Judge Sulzberger, of Philadelphia, would be among those among the Philadelphia judiciary, while Hassler will be elected in accordance with this Constitutional amendment.

Mr. ROCKWELL. Mr. Speaker, part of this could be worked out without going to any expense, could it not?

Mr. GRAYBILL. Mr. Speaker, it seems to me that the point of the expense for the election or the re-election of these judges will not be very great, because we have other proposed amendments and they have to be published, and these amendments would go along at the same time and there would be no extra expense. It will be simply small expense, in addition for the publication thereof.

Mr. ROCKWELL. Mr. Speaker, I don't want to appear as opposing this bill, but I am just inquiring for information.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the resolution?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—157.

Ailman	Ehrhardt	Kern	Rhoads
Akers	Eichenberger	Klingerman	Richards
Allen	Ewing	Klumpp	Rider
Alter	Fahey	Knight	Riebel
Baldwin, G. A.	Fay	Lafferty	Rockwell
Baldwin, R. J	Feeney	Larkins	Roney
Bartman	Ferguson	Lindsay	Row
Bass	Flynn	Lowe	Rumsey
Bender	Freeman	Magee	Sassaman
Benson	Frey	Malie	Savidge
Bentley		Mannion	Schad
Bosher	Gibson	Martin	Schmidt
Bossert	Gilkesosn	Marvin	Schofield
Boyd	Good	Matt	Schultz
Brehm	Gransback	McArdle	Shoemaker
Breitinger	Graybill	McClung	Shreve
Brennan	Haggerty	McGowan	Snavely
Brown, C.	Halferty	McInerney	Speer
Campbell, J.	Hecht	McJunkin	Steese
Campbell, W.	Henry	McKean	Stein
Carroll	Herman	McMullen	Swan
Carter	Hess	McNichol	Swartz
Clymer	Hibshman	Miller	Townsend
Cole	Hilton	Moore	Tunis
Connell	Holland	Morris	Ulerich
Conner, P.	Hoover	Moses	Von Tacky
Conner, W.	Hough	Moulthrop	Wallace
Conrade	Howard	Neel	Walnut
Cox, E. R.	Hunter, J.	Newbaker	Walton
Crum	Hunter, R.	North	Ward, W. Jr.
Cumbler	Irwin	Perry	Watts
Currier	Jackson	Phillips	Welch
Curry	Johnson, C.	Piper	Whitman
Dale	Johnston	Pitchford	Wilcox
Dallas	Jones, E. E.	Rath	Williams
Detzel	Jones, John	Rebert	Wilson
Dershem	Keely	Reece	Woodward
Donnally	Keene	Reel	Young
Dunn, H.	Keister	Reeser	Cox, John F.
	Kelly, M.	Reno	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and the resolution was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 682 (Senate No. 229), entitled:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to provide for the vacation and closing of alleys lanes or passageways that are or may hereafter become public nuisances and to compensate abutting property owners or others who may be damaged thereby and assess benefits if any there be" by fixing the number of the jury at three

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—141.

Ailman	Ewing	Lafferty	Rockwell
Akers	Fay	Larkins	Roney
Allen	Ferguson	Letzkus	Rumsey
Alter	Flynn	Light	Sassaman
Baldwin, G. A.	Frey	Lowe	Schad
Baldwin, R. J	Geary	Malie	Schmidt
Bass	Gibson	Mannion	Schofield
Benson	Gilkeson	Martin	Scott, J. R.
Bentley	Gransback	Marvin	Shadrach
Billman	Gray	Maurer	Shannon
Blair	Grove	McArdle	Sherwood
Bosher	Guyaux	McGowan	Shreve
Bossert	Halferty	McInerney	Snavely
Brehm	Hecht	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Brennan	Henry	McMullen	Snyder, P.
Caldwell	Herman	McNichol	Speer
Campbell, C.	Hibshman	Mills	Steese
Campbell, W.	Hobbs	Moore	Stein
Carroll	Hoffman	Morris	Swan
Carter	Holland	Moses	Swartz
Clarency	Hoover	Moulthrop	Townsend
Clymer	Hough	Newbaker	Ulerich
Connell	Howard	North	Von Tacky
Conner, P.	Hunter, J.	Perry	Wallace
Conrade	Hunter, R.	Piper	Walnut
Cox, E. R.	Irwin	Pitchford	Ward, W. Jr.
Cumbler	Johnson, C.	Rath	Ward, W.
Currier	Johnson, D.	Reece	Watts
Dale	Johnston	Reel	Welch
Dallas	Jones, John	Reeser	Whitman
Davis, W.	Keene	Reno	Williams
Dershem	Keister	Reyburn	Wilson
Donnally	Kelly, M.	Richards	Woodward
Dunn, J.	Klingerman	Riebel	Young
Ehrhardt	Knight	Robinson	Cox, John F.
Eichenberger			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered That ,the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 683 (Senate No. 433), entitled:

An Act to provide that no person shall be eligible to the office of district attorney of any court within this Commonwealth who has not been admitted to practice in the Supreme and Superior Courts of this Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act no person shall be eligible to the office of District Attorney of any county wthin this Commonwealth who has not been admitted and qualified to practice in the Supreme and Superior Courts of this Commonwealth Provided this act shall not apply to counties having a population of one hundred and twenty-five thousand or less

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was not agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 685 (Senate No. 453), entitled:

An act to direct appeals to the Supreme Court from any decree of distribution wherein the fund for distribution is in excess of fifteen hundred dollars

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—60.

Akers	Crum	Good	Rider
Anderson	Currier	Gransback	Riebel
Bass	Curry	Haggerty	Roney
Bender	Dale	Hecht	Sassaman
Bentley	Ehrhardt	Henry	Schad
Billman	Eichenberger	Hilton	Schmidt
Bosher	Ewing	Hough	Scott, J.
Campbell, C.	Fahey	Keely	Sherwood
Carter	Fay	Keister	Shreve
Clarency	Feeney	Kuhns	Steese
Cleary	Ferguson,	Malie	Swan
Conner, P.	Flynn	Maurer	Townsend
Conner, W.	Frey	McNichol	Tunis
Conrade	Gans	Perry	Walton
Cox, E.	Gibson	Richards	Ward, W., Jr.

NAYS—44.

Ailman	Campbell, J.	Jackson	Moore
Allen	Carroll	Jones, J.	Newbaker
Alter	Cole	Klumpp	North
Baldwin, G.	Dallas	Light	Reece
Baldwin, R.	Dershem	Lowe	Reel
Benson	Detzel	Martin	Rockwell
Blair	Gilkeson	Marvin	Row
Bossert	Gransback	Matt	Schofield
Brehm	Hess	McAleer	Wallace
Breitinger	Hobbs	McJunkin	Walnut
Brennan	Holland	McMullen	Williams

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 686 (Senate No. 404), entitled:

An act making it a misdemeanor for an officer or employe of any employer of labor in Pennsylvania to solicit demand or receive directly or indirectly from any person any moneys or other valuable thing for the purpose actual or alleged of either obtaining for the latter employment in the service of said employer or continued in said employment and providing for the punishment thereof on conviction

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—130.

Ailman	Ewing	Knight	Rockwell
Akers	Fahey	Lafferty	Roney,
Allen,	Feeney	Letzkus	Sassaman
Alter	Ferguson	Light	Savidge
Baldwin, G.	Flynn	Lindsay	Schad
Baldwin, R.	Frey	Malie	Schmidt
Bass	Geary	Martin	Schofield
Benson,	Gibson,	Marvin	Scott, J.
Bentley	Gilkeson	McInerney	Shannon
Blair	Good	McJunkin	Sherwood
Bosher	Gransback	McMullen	Shreve
Bossert	Gray	McNichol,	Snyder, A.
Brehm	Graybill	Mills	Snyder, P.
Breitinger	Haggerty	Moore	Steese
Brennan	Halferty	Morris	Swartz
Campbell, C.	Hecht	Moses	Townsend
Campbell, J.	Henry	Moulthrop	Tunis
Carroll	Hess	Neel	Ulerich
Clarency	Hobbs	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Cleary	Holland	North	Walnut
Cole	Hormell	Perry	Walton
Conner, P.	Howard	Phillips	Ward, W. Jr
Conrade	Hunter, J.	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Cox, E.	Hunter, R. P.	Pitchford	Watts
Cumbler	Jackson	Rath	Welch
Curry	Johnson, C.	Rebert	Whitman
Dale	Johnston	Reel	Wilcox
Dallas	Jones, J.	Reno	Williams
Dershem	Keely	Reyburn	Wilson
Detzel	Keister	Richards	Woodward
Ehrhardt	Kelly, M.	Rider	Young
Eichenberger	Klingerman	Riebel	Cox, John F. Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 687 (Senate No. 411), entitled:

An act to amend section one and extend the provisions of an act entitled "An Act giving additional protection to the game of the State and wild birds within the limits of "Preserves" created under the provisions of the act of May eleventh one thousand nine hundred and five under the control of the Board of Game Commissioners and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions approved the fifteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—140.

Ailman	Flynn	Knight	Riebel.
Allen	Gans	Kuhns	Rockwell
Alter	Gibson	Larkins	Row
Baldwin, G	Gilkeson	Light	Sassaman
Baldwin, R.	Good	Lindsay	Schad
Bass	Gransback	Lowe	Schofield
Benson	Gray	Malie	Schultz
Bentley	Graybill	Mannion	Scott, J.
Blair	Grove	Matt	Shadrach
Bosher	Haggerty	Maurer	Shannon
Bossert	Healey	McArdle	Sherwood
Brehm	Hecht	McClung	Shoemaker,
Breitinger	Henry	McInerney	Shreve
Brennan	Herman	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Campbell, Jas.	Hess	McMullen	Speer
Carroll	Hibshman,	McNichol	Steese
Carter	Hobbs	Mills	Stein
Clarency	Holland	Moore	Swartz
Clymer	Hoover	Morris	Townsend
Connell	Hough	Moulthrop	Tunis
Conner, W.	Howard	Neel	Ulerich
Conrade	Hunter, J	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Cox, E. R.	Irwin,	North	Walnut
Cumbler	Jackson	Perry	Walton
Curry	Johnson, C.	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr
Dale	Johnson, D.	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Dallas	Johnston	Pitchford	Watts
Davis, A.	Jones, J.	Rath	Whitman
Dershem	Keely	Rebert	Wilcox
Detzel	Keene	Reel	Williams
Dunn, J.	Keister	Reno	Wilson
Ehrhardt	Kelly, M.	Reyburn	Woodward
Ewing	Kelsey	Rhoads	Young
Fahey	Klingerman	Richards	Cox, J. F.,
Feeney		Rider	Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 688 (Senate No. 304), entitled:

An act permitting owners and lessees of coal rights to remove overlying strata and dump or deposit it on land adjacent to the opening of mine and providing for payment and manner of payment and for the securing of payment to the owners of the adjacent lands for said privilege

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. AILMAN. Mr. Speaker, on general principles, I do not like the looks of this very bill. It may posibly be one of those bills like a great many others that have been before us, asking for a general law to apply to some particular case. If that is true and the particular case is of sufficient merit, I would like to have the member who has this bill in charge, get up and tell us. It gives a man the right to dump refuse on somebody else's ground without his permission, of course fixing the rate to be paid therefor. On general principles I am opposed to the right of eminent domain. Under some conditions it is necessary, and where it is, I am in favor of it. If necessary in this case I would be glad to vote for it, but unless an explanation is made showing that it is, I will have to vote against it.

Mr. MATT. Mr. Speaker, and gentlemen of the House, this is Senator Endsley's bill. He has explained it to a number of the members. It is a necessity in several cases, because there are a number of mines that cannot be operated for the reason that the parties owning the adjacent land refuse positively to make a sale, and on this ground I hope that the members of this House will vote for this bill.

Mr. AILMAN, Mr. Speaker, I would like to know the nature of this adjacent ground. This bill would give them permission to put this dirt on any kind of ground, or right in front of your door, if necessary.

Mr. MATT. Mr. Speaker, as I understand it, it does not mean in the front yard, or in front of your doorway. It has relation to some timber land or mountainous land.

Mr. REEL. Mr. Speaker, if the members will read the mining laws of the anthracite region they will understand this bill. This brings the matter under the jurisdiction of the Court, who appoints viewers, who, with a civil engineer, visit the land, and their expenses are paid. The land near where these mines are opened are not very valuable. Then the man objects to having this refuse dumped on his land. We have mines in Somerset county where there is only a three foot vein of coal, but it is necessary to take out four feet of slate and other material in order to comply with the mining laws. This bill is to provide the mine owner with a place to dump refuse. The man who owns the land where it is dumped will receive proper compensation for it.

Mr. HENRY. Mr. Speaker, I would like to know whether or not that in the opening of a mine the refuse from the mine can be dumped on any land adjacent to the territory where the mine has been opened. This bill reads that not only the refuse strata but also the refuse from the mine can be dumped. This bill distinctly states that which shall be dumped on the ground. If a man does not own the ground adjacent to the ground on which the mine is opened, I object to it, because it gives the mine owner an opportunity to open the mine and dump the refuse on a man's ground irrespective of whether he receives any compensation for it or not.

Mr. MATT. Mr. Speaker, this bill provides for the payment. They are to purchase this ground to be used as a dumping ground.

Mr. HENRY. Mr Speaker, the point I am trying to make is this: that not only the surface strata, but also the refuse of the ground can be dumped on the ground adjacent to the territory where the mine is opened. I have no objection to the bill if it provides for the payment, but I have if this refuse is to be dumped on the ground without the man receiving the proper remuneration.

Mr. ROCKWELL. Mr. Speaker, this bill provides for the right of eminent domain, and a mine owner can dump the refuse on any part of my land. If it is adjacent prop-

erty, no matter what I may use it for, it can be used as a dumping ground. They can even take a farm from the farmer, whether he owns the land or not

The question recurring.

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—22

Akers	Halferty	Johnson, C. V.	Pitchford
Allen	Hecht	Klingerman	Reel
Bentley	Henry	Matt	Schofield
Dunn, H. B.	Hoover	McJunkin	Scott, J.
Fahey	Hunter, J.	North	Swartz
Haggerty			Tunis

NAYS—89.

Allman	Curry	Jones, J.	Rider
Alter	Dale	Keely	Riebel
Baldwin, G.	Dallas	Keister	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Dershem	Kelly, M.	Roney
Bass	Donahoe	Klumpp	Row
Benson	Ehrhardt	Knight	Sassaman
Blair	Eichenberger	Kuhns	Schad
Bosher	Fay	Light	Shaffer
Bossert	Feeney	Malie	Sherwood,
Brehm	Frey	Martin	Shoemaker
Breitinger	Gilkeson	Maurer	Snavely
Brennan	Good	McArdle	Swan
Campbell, C.	Gransback	McClung	Townsend
Campbell, Jas.	Graybill	McKean	Wallace
Carter	Herman	Miller	Walnut
Clarency	Hess	Moore	Walton
Cole	Hilton	Moulthrop	Ward, W. Jr.
Conner, P.	Hobbs	Newbaker	Ward, W.
Conner, W.,	Holland	Perry	Welch
Conrade	Hough	Rath	Wilcox
Cox E.	Howard	Reece	Williams
Crum	Johston	Richards	Wilson
Currier			Young

Less than a majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. JOHN R. K. SCOTT. Mr Speaker I, move that this House do now adjourn.

Mr. BREITINGER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 12.25 P. M.) the House adjourned to meet this afternoon at 2.30 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, May 22, 1911.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The House met at 2.30 o'clock P. M.

The Speaker (JOHN F. COX) in the chair.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 696 (Senate No. 335), entitled:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to establish an insurance department" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three providing that all persons associations or corporations engaged in the business of fire insurance within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall report the total amount of risks covered by them in such Commonwealth and that rate making associations shall furnish data to the State Fire Marshal

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—107.

Abbott	Dearden	Johnston	Reno
Akers	Dunn, H.	Jones, E.	Reyburn
Allen	Ehrhardt	Jones, J.	Rhoads
Alter	Ewing	Keely	Richards
Baldwin, R.	Fahey	Keene	Riebel
Bass	Fay	Keister	Roney
Bender	Feeney	Klingerman	Savidge
Bentley	Frey	Klumpp	Schad
Blair	Gans	Malie	Schmidt
Bosher	Geary	McAleer	Schofield
Breitinger	Gibson	McArdle	Scott, J
Caldwell	Gilkeson	McClung	Scott, S.
Campbell, C.	Good	McJunkin	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Gransback	McKean	Snyder, P.
Campbell, W.	Graybill	McMullen	Steese
Carroll	Haggerty	McNichol	Stein
Carter	Hecht	Miller	Swan
Clarency	Henry	Morris	Townsend
Clymer	Hess	Moulthrop	Tunis
Conner, W.	Hibshman	Neel	Von Tacky
Conrade	Hobbs	Newbaker	Wallace
Cox, E. R.	Hoover	North	Walton
Crum	Howard	Perry	Welch
Cumbler	Irwin	Phillips	Williams
Currier	Jackson	Pitchford	Wilson
Curry	Johnson, C. V.	Rath	Young
Dale		Reeser	Cox, Jahn F., Speaker

NAYS—20.

Baldwin, G.	Detzel	Light	Rider
Benson	Halferty	Lowe	Rumsey
Cole	Hunter J.	Matt	Sassaman
Dallas	Kelly, M.	Reece	Shannon
Dershem	Kern	Reel	Ward, W., Jr.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 897 (Senate No. 567), entitled:

An act to amend the sixth section of an act entitled "An Act to prevent the manufacture and sale of adulterated or misbranded drugs defining the word 'drug' prescribing penalties for violation of this act and the method of its enforcement" approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by providing for a laboratory and for the requisitions of office and laboratory supplies and equipment for said board

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—119.

Abbott	Ewing	Klumpp	Sassaman
Akers	Fahey	Light	Savidge
Allen	Fay	Lowe	Schad
Alter	Frey	Malie	Schmidt
Baldwin, G.	Gans	Matt	Schofield
Baldwin, R.	Geary	McArdle	Scott, J.
Bartman	Gibson	McClung	Scott S. B.
Bass	Gilkeson	McInerney	Sherwood
Bender	Good	McKean	Shreve
Bentley	Gransback	McNichol	Snyder, P.
Bosher	Graybill	Moore	Speer
Bossert	Haggerty	Morris	Steese
Brehm	Hecht	Moulthrop	Stein
Breitinger	Herman	Neel	Swan
Campbell, C.	Hibshman	Newbaker	Swartz
Carroll	Hilton	North,	Townsend
Clarency	Hobbs	Perry,	Tunis
Cole	Hough	Pitchford	Von Tacky
Conner, W.	Howard	Rath	Wallace
Conrade	Irwin	Reel	Walnut
Cox, E.	Johnson, C. V.	Reeser	Walton
Crum	Johnston	Reno	Ward, W., Jr.
Cumbler	Jones, E.	Reyburn	Watts
Curry	Jones, J.	Rhoads	Welch
Dale	Keely	Richards	Whitman
Dearden	Keene	Rider	Williams
Dershem	Keister	Riebel	Wilson
Detzel	Kelly, M.	Rockwell	Woodward
Donnaily	Kern	Roney	Young
Dunn, J.	Klingerman,	Row	Cox, John F. Speaker
Ehrhardt,		Rumsey	

NAYS—12.

Benson	Carter	Henry	Phillips
Brennan	Currier	McAleer	Reece
Caldwell	Halferty	McJunkin	Shaffer

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Mr. McNICHOL in the chair.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 705 (Senate No. 421), entitled:

An act authorizing the Secretary of Agriculture to prepare and publish a report on the insects of Pennsylvania and

providing for the distribution of such report when published and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—153.

Abbott	Eichenberger	Klumpp,	Rider
Ailman	Ewing	Lafferty	Riebel
Akers	Fahey	Larkins	Rockwell
Allen	Fay	Light	Roney
Alter	Feeney	Lindsay	Row
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Lowe	Rumsey
Bartman	Flynn	Magee	Sassaman
Bass	Frey	Malie	Savidge
Bender	Gans	Martin	Schad
Benson	Geary	Marvin	Schmidt
Bentley	Gibson	Matt	Schofield
Bosher	Gilkeson	Maurer	Scott, J.
Bossert	Good	McAleer	Scott, S.
Brehm	Graybill	McArdle	Sherwood
Breitinger	Haggerty	McClung	Shoemaker
Brennan	Halferty	McGowan	Shreve
Caldwell	Hecht	McJunkin	Snavely
Campbell, C.	Henry	McKean	Snyder, P.
Campbell, J.	Herman	McMullen	Speer
Campbell, W.	Hess	McNichol	Steese
Carroll	Hibshman	Miller	Stein
Carter	Hilton	Moore	Swan
Clarency	Hobbs	Morris	Townsend
Clymer	Hoover	Moulthrop	Tunis
Cole	Hough	Neel	Von Tacky
Conner, W.	Howard	Newbaker	Wallace
Conrade	Irwin	North	Walnut
Cox, E.	Jackson	Perry	Walton
Crum	Johnson, C.	Phillips	Ward, W. Jr.
Cumbler	Johnston	Pitchford	Watts
Currier	Jones, E.	Rath	Welch
Curry	Jones, J.	Reece	Whitman
Dale	Keely	Reel	Wilcox
Dallas	Keene	Reeser	Williams
Dearden	Keister	Reno	Wilson
Detzel	Kelly, M.	Reyburn	Woodward
Dunn, H.	Kern	Rhoads	Young
Dunn, J.	Klingerman	Richards	Cox, John F.
Ehrhardt			Speaker

NAYS—3.

Baldwin, R. J.	Ward, W.	Blair

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 707 (Senate No. 365), entitled:

An act providing for an appeal from the judgment of aldermen and justices of the peace within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania regardless of the amount in controversy or of the amount of the judgment rendered

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. ROCKWELL. Mr. Speaker, I would very much dislike to see this bill become a law, because it would crowd our Court of Quarter Sessions, which are full enough now. The present law is that no appeal shall be allowed from the judgment of a justice of the peace when the amount is less than $5.33. This bill removes this limit, and under it an appeal may be taken if the judgment is only two cents. It seems to me if we are going to try to clear our records this bill ought to go down and let the law stand where it is.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was not agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 798 (Senate No. 11), entitled:

An act relating to the sale of goods

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I would like to know whether there is anybody in this House who has read this bill and can tell us anything about it. It seems to me something should be said on the subject of contract and sale.

Mr. S. B. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, this is one of the products of the Commission on Uniform Laws, and whether or not this House may have given this bill the careful attention that it deserves, I am perfectly sure that the commission has, and if you have any objection to this it ought to have appeared before now. I think you can safely vote for this bill.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I think what Mr. Scott has said will carry with it a great deal of weight. This is a product or result of the labors of the commission which is trying to establish uniform laws on various subjects, contracts and sale. It appears to me that it is a good bill. It struck me as being such a long bill that probably it would be well to have a little explanation. In view of what has been said, however, I think we could not go wrong in passing it.

Mr. ROBINSON. Mr. Speaker, I thoroughly agree with the gentlemen from Philadelphia, both of whom have spoken. This bill, as I understand it, is a bill for the purpose of establishing uniformity in the law relating to the sale of goods. This bill has been carefully considered, and there is no good reason why it should not be passed. Therefore, it would seem to be a mistake to vote this bill down. From the fact of its having been prepared in this careful way it should receive the support of the House, and if there is anything objectionable in it, I have no doubt it will be discovered by the Attorney General and can be vetoed. It would be a mistake, however, to dispose in a summary way of a piece of legislation of this character.

Mr. ALLEN. Mr. Speaker, on this particular ocasion I quite agree with the gentleman from Delaware, Mr. Robinson. This is one of those bills which the National Commission has been working on for years and years in order to get a general system providing for conditions which are covered by this bill. Several of the States have adopted it on the recommendation of the Commission, and the bill just before us is a bill which has been adopted by that association and has been proposed in the various legislative bodies in several of the States and adopted by them up to this time. I see no reason why the bill should not be given a practically unanimous vote, and I think it ought to pass at this time.

Mr. DERSHEM. Mr. Speaker, it seems to me that this bill, with its short title and being a long bill, it does seem to me that we ought to give it some consideration—more than we have—before voting on it. Being in business, I have never found the necessity for this kind, and it seems to me that it would be a useless and a cumbersome measure and might lead to a very great amount of trouble in a business way, for the reason that business men have a pretty hard time getting along and making any money as the law now stands, and if you put any laws on them that might hamper them it might make it harder still, and it seems to me that in voting upon this bill, without having given it any more consideration than it appears to have received, we should vote it down.

Mr. ABBOTT. Mr. Speaker and members of the House, this is a bill which was introduced here at the instance of the Uniform Legislative Committee of the National Bar Association and also of the Pennsylvania State Bar Association. This bill was carefully gone over in the Senate committee, to which meeting the members of this House were invited, particularly the members of the Judiciary General Committee of this House. This bill has been carefully gone over, the title is short, but it simply applies to what it says. This bill has met the approval of both the National and State Bar Associations, and now I think it is the law in eighteen States, with the desire and for the benefit of the mercantile trade to have uniform legislation on this subject, and I think we will make a mistake if we vote this bill down. I, therefore, ask the members to support it.

Mr. DERSHEM. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Abbott.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Abbott, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. ABBOTT. Yes, sir. Mr. Speaker.

Mr. DERSHEM. Mr. Speaker, I would like to know from Mr. Abbott how about the business people in this State. He says the Bar Association has indorsed the bill. This is a law that would especially affect the business interests of the State—the retailer and jobber. How do they consider it?

Mr. ABBOTT. Mr. Speaker, I understand an opportunity was given for hearing and all were invited to the hearing. Not a single word of protest has been offered by anybody in regard to this bill. It is simply to make the law uniform throughout the United States—uniform on that particular branch of business.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—75.

Abbott	Cox, E.	Keely,	Roney
Ailman	Crum	Kern	Savidge
Allen	Currier	Klingerman	Schmidt
Alter	Curry	Malie	Schofield
Baldwin, G.	Dale	Marvin	Scott, S.
Bass	Dunn, J.	McKean	Shaffer
Bentley	Ehrhardt	McNichol	Snyder, P.
Billman	Ewing	Miller	Swan
Blair	Fahey	Neel	Tunis
Bosher	Fay	Newbaker	Wallace
Boyd	Frey	North	Walnut
Brehm,	Gans	Perry	Walton
Breitinger	Gibson	Phillips	Ward, W. Jr
Campbell, C.	Good	Pitchford	Ward, W. B.
Clarency	Gransback	Rath	Watts
Clymer	Henry	Reel	Welch
Conner, P.	Hobbs	Reyburn	Williams
Conner, W.	Holland	Rhoads	Young
Conrade	Jackson	Robinson	Cox, J. Speaker

NAYS—34.

Baldwin, R.	Detzel	Kelly, M. C.	McMullen
Benson	Donahoe	Knight	Reece
Bossert	Graybill	Kuhns	Rider
Brennan	Herman	Lowe	Rockwell
Caldwell	Hibshman	Martin	Row
Cole	Howard	Matt,	Rumsey
Dallas	Hunter, J.	McAleer	Sassaman
Davis, W.	Jones, E.	McJunkin	Shannon
Dershem			Snavely

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 727 (Senate No. 397), as follows:

An act regulating the salary and payment thereof of the associate judges of the courts of this Commonwealth

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act the annual salary of the associate judges of the courts of this Commonwealth shall be in counties of under ten thousand population three hundred dollars in counties of ten thousand and under twenty thousand population four hundred dollars and in counties of twenty thousand population and over six hundred dollars payable quarterly by warrants drawn by the Auditor General on the State Treasurer

Section 2 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. H. B. DUNN. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I think there should be a word of explanation on this bill. In the smaller counties, which of themselves do not form a judicial district, we have what is known as associate judges. Now, we have been paying them so much a day, and their yearly stipend has been measured by the amount of time they could figure in. Now, we want to obviate this, and we want a bill providing that a small salary shall be paid associate judges ranging from $600 to $300. According to the report of the Auditor General the fees that have been paid to these officials run from $1,115 down. You see, this is not what you would call a salary raiser. On the contrary, it is more of a salary reducer, and I would ask every member of this House to vote for this bill and put the matter in some definite shape.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—158.

Abbott	Detzel	Keely	Riebel
Ailman	Donnally	Keene	Robinson
Akers	Dunn, H.	Keister	Rockwell
Allen	Dunn, J.	Kelly, M.	Roney
Alter	Ehrhardt	Kern	Row
Baldwin, G.	Eichenberger	Klingerman	Rumsey
Baldwin, R.	Ewing	Klumpp	Sassaman
Bass	Fahey	Knight	Savidge
Bender	Fay	Lafferty	Schad
Benson	Feeney	Larkins	Schmidt
Bentley	Ferguson	Light	Schofield
Blair	Fitzgerald	Lindsay	Scott, J.
Bosher	Flynn	Lowe	Scott, S. B
Boyd	Frey	Malie	Shaffer
Brehm	Gans	Martin	Sherwood
Breitinger	Geary	Marvin	Shoemaker
Brennan	Gibson	Matt	Shreve
Caldwell	Gilkeson	Maurer	Snavely
Campbell, C.	Good	McAleer	Snyder, P.
Campbell, J.	Gransback	McArdle	Stein
Campbell, W.	Graybill	McClung	Swan
Carroll	Haggerty	McGowan	Swartz
Carter	Halferty	McInerney	Townsend
Clarency	Hecht	McJunkin	Tunis
Cleary	Henry	McKean	Ulerich
Clymer	Herman	McNichol	Von Tacky
Cole	Hess	Miller	Wallace
Conner, P.	Hibshman	Moore	Walnut
Conner, W.	Hilton	Morris	Walton
Conrade	Hobbs	Moulthrop	Ward, W. Jr.
Cox, E.	Holland	Neel	Ward, W. B.
Crum	Hoover	Newbaker	Watts
Cumbler	Howard	Perry	Whitman
Currier	Hunter, J.	Piper	Wilcox
Curry	Irwin	Pitchford	Williams
Dale	Jackson	Reeser	Wilson
Dallas	Johnson, C. V.	Reno	Woodward
Davis, W.	Johnston	Reyburn	Young
Dearden	Jones, E.	Richards	Cox, John F. Speaker
Dershem	Jones, J.	Rider	

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 736 (Senate No. 169), entitled:

An act authorizing the ascertainment levy assessment and collection of the costs damages and expenses in grading paving and curbing and laying sidewalks upon any street lane or alley or part thereof in townships of the first class completed now or in the process of completion where said improvements have been petitioned for by a majority of owners of real estate in interest and number abutting upon the line of such improvement

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—153.

Ailman	Ehrhardt	Klumpp	Row,
Akers	Eichenberger	Knight	Rumsey
Allen	Ewing	Lafferty	Sassaman
Alter	Fay	Larkins	Schad
Anderson	Ferguson	Leh	Schmidt
Baldwin, G.	Flynn	Light	Schofield
Baldwin, R.	Frey	Lindsay	Schultz
Bass	Gans	Magee	Scott, J.
Bender	Gibson	Malie	Scott, S.
Benson	Gilkeson	Mannion	Shadrach,
Bentley	Good	Marvin	Shannon
Blair	Gransback	Matt	Sherwood
Bosher	Gray	McAleer	Shoemaker
Bossert	Graybill	McInerney	Snavely
Boyd	Guyaux	McJunkin	Snyder, A. H.
Breitinger	Haggerty	McMullen	Snyder, P.
Brennan	Halferty	McNichol	Speer
Campbell, C.	Hecht	Miller	Steese
Campbell, J.	Henry	Mills	Stein
Campbell, W.	Hess	Moore	Swan
Carter	Hibshman	Morris	Swartz
Clarency	Hilton	Moses	Townsend
Cleary	Hoffman	Moulthrop	Tunis
Cole	Holland	Newbaker	Ulerich
Connell	Hoover	North	Von Tacky
Conner, P.	Hough	Perry	Wallace
Conrade	Howard	Phillips	Walnut
Cox, E.	Hunter, J	Pitchford	Ward, W., Jr.
Cumbler	Hunter, R.	Raesley	Ward, W.
Currier	Irwin	Rath	Watts
Dale	Johnson, C.	Reel	Welch
Dallas	Johnson, D.	Reeser	Whitman
Davis, A.	Jones, E.	Reno	Wilcox
Davis, W.	Jones, J.	Reyburn	Williams
Dearden	Keely	Richards	Wilson
Dershem	Keene	Riebel	Woodward
Detzel	Keister	Robinson	Young
Donnally	Kelly, M.	Robison	Cox, John F. Speaker.
Dunn, H.	Kelsey		

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 759 (Senate No. 484), entitled:

An act authorizing under the laws of any other State for the manufacture of metal doors windows casing moldings or interior building trim to own real estate within this Commonwealth

On the question,

Will the house agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. R. J. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I call the attention of the members of the House to the fact that this is one of those bills which is extending all the privileges to foreign corporations that are enjoyed by home corporations. I consider it bad policy and I don't think this bill ought to pass.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—50.

Abbott	Ewing	Klingerman	Reel
Akers	Fahey	Klumpp	Rider
Allen	Frey	Lowe	Rockwell
Baldwin, G.	Gibson	Magee	Roney
Bentley	Haggerty	Malie	Rumsey
Bosher	Hafferty	Marvin	Sassaman
Boyd	Henry	Maurer	Schofield
Brennan	Hilton	McJunkin	Shannon
Conner, P.	Hobbs	McMullen	Steese
Crum	Hough	Moulthrop	Swartz
Dallas	Johnson, C.	Perry	Walnut
Dunn, J.	Keene	Pitchford	Walton
Eichenberger			Williams

NAYS—55.

Ailman	Dershsem	Keely	Newbaker
Baldwin, R. J.	Detzel	Keister	Phillips
Bender	Ehrhardt	Kern	Reece
Benson	Feeney	Lafferty	Reeser
Billman	Ferguson	Larkins	Riebel
Brehm	Flynn	Leh	Robinson
Caldwell	Graybill	Light	Savidge
Clarency	Hess	Martin	Sherwood
Clymer	Hibshman	Matt	Shreve
Cole	Howard	McAleer,	Snyder, P
Currier	Hunter, J.	McClung	Swan
Curry	Hunter, R.	McNichol	Ward, W., Jr.
Dale	Irwin	Moses	Ward, W. B.
Davis, W. H.			Wilson

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 760 (Senate No. 237), entitled:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to provide for the vacation and closing of alleys lanes or passageways that are or may hereafter become public nuisances and to compensate abutting property owners or others who may be damaged thereby and assess benefits if any there be" by fixing the number of the jury at three

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—130.

Abbott	Ferguson	Leh	Robinson
Ailman	Freeman	Light	Rockwell
Akers	Frey	Lowe	Roney
Allen	Gans	Magee	Sassaman
Alter	Gibson	Mannion	Savidge
Baldwin, R.	Gilkeson	Marvin	Schad
Bass	Good	Matt	Schmidt
Benson	Gransback	McAleer	Schofield
Billman	Henry	McClung	Scott, J.
Blair	Herman	McInerney	Shadrach
Bosher	Hess	McJunkin	Shaffer
Brehm	Hilton	McMullen	Sherwood
Brennan	Hobbs	McNichol	Shoemaker
Caldwell	Hoover	Miller	Snavely
Campbell, C.	Hough	Mills	Snyder, A. H.
Campbell, J.	Howard	Moore	Speer
Cole	Hunter, J. N.	Morris	Steese
Conner, P.	Hunter, R.	Moses	Stein
Conrade	Irwin	Moulthrop	Townsend
Crum	Johnson, C.	Newbaker	Tunis
Currier	Johnson, D.	North	Ulerich
Curry	Johnston	Perry	Von Tacky
Davis, A.	Jones, E.	Phillips	Wallace
Dearden	Jones, J.	Piper,	Walton
Dershem	Keely	Raesley	Ward, W.
Detzel	Keene	Rebert	Watts
Donahoe	Keister	Reel	Welch
Donnally	Kelly, M.	Reeser	Whitman
Dunn, J.	Kern	Reno	Williams
Ehrhardt	Kinney	Rhoads	Wilson
Eichenberger	Klumpp	Richards	Young
Fahey	Knight	Riebel	Cox, J. F.,
Fay	Lafferty,		Speaker

NAYS—9.

Bender	Clarency,	Graybill	Rider,
Campbell, W.	Dallas	Martin	Scott, S.
			Swartz

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Mr. ALLEN. Mr. Speaker, this morning House Bill No. 680 (Senate No. 315), page 8 of to-day's calendar, was postponed for the present. I would ask that this bill be taken up at this time.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 680 (Senate No. 315), entitled:

An act fixing the compensation of the deputy factory inspectors

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. ROCKWELL. Mr. Speaker, this is another one of the salary raisers. Under the law creating the factory inspectors they were paid $1,000 a year. Two years ago they were increased from $1,000 to $1,200, and now they are getting all of their expenses. This bill proposes to make it $1,500. It seems to me that this salary that they are getting now—one hundred dollars a month—is amply sufficient to pay for the work they do, and I am opposed to this bill and hope the House will vote it down.

Mr. ALLEN. Mr. Speaker, I believe that this House is not to be scared or turned aside simply when the term "salary raiser" is used, because I think the intelligence of this House is of too high a character for that sort of play against a meritorious bill. I cannot agree with the gentleman from Tioga, Mr. Rockwell, that the salaries of these factory inspectors have been raised within two years. If I am rightly informed, at the establishment of this department the salaries were fixed at exactly what they are to-day. Two years ago it was tried to raise them, but that time it failed. The scope of that department has been extended by acts of Assembly time and time again, and the work of that department has been appreciated, and the duties have been increased to such an extent that the men who are capble to fill the positions—I say to you gentlemen of the House there are forty-one affected by this bill—the gentlemen who must fill these positions have to be qualified to the extent of carrying out the law as this body and the preceding bodies have placed on the statute books, and to do it conscientiously and according to the strictest letter of the law. Now it does seem that where a man is here to-day and there to-morrow and somewhere else the next day, called away from home, carried all over this State, looking after this particular interest or that particular interest, and seeing that the law is carried out and that the employes are protected under the laws that such men should be compensated for the duty they are performing. The raise here is $300 a man and there are forty-one of these men, which makes $12,300 a year as a total raise. If you think that the duties which are being imposed upon these men since the establishment of this department are not sufficient to justify the State to pay out the enormous sum of $12,300 distributed among forty-one men, then vote this bill down. If you think that merit should win and that men should be paid for duty performed, then support this bill, and I would ask that the bill pass the House.

Mr. WM. WARD, JR. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I regret that there should be any necessity for raising any question as to the advisability of passing this bill. As the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Allen, has said there are but forty-one of these men employed at the task of seeing that the lives and safety not only of the men employed in the industrial establishments, workshops and establishments, but our citizens in the opera houses, hotels, boarding houses and wherever they may be are protected. There are but forty-one men to look after these thousands

f citizens in this State. The factory inspector in the district hich I have the honor to represent has in that district over ,400 places under his direct supervision, and I think this a particularly meritorious salary raiser. I don't think here should be any question raised against it, and I trust hat this House will approve the bill.

Mr. E. R. COX. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman from Tioga as misinformed the House in relation to the salaries of hese men having been raised. At the last session the bill vas passed by the House and by the Senate. but the Gov- rnor refused his approval. There has not been any in- rease since the time of the inception of that department. n the city of Philadelphia these inspectors have upwards f 2,000 visits to make a year, and necessarily they have o hunt up considerable assistance from other sections of the tate. I believe that these men should be encouraged and he salary raised to $1,500.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, onsidered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas nd nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—109.

bbott	Dunn, James,	Hunter, R.	Rider
llen	Ehrhardt	Irwin	Riebel
lter	Eichenberger	Johnson, D.	Robinson
nderson	Ewing	Jones, E.	Roney
aldwin, R. J.	Fahey	Keely	Sassaman
ass	Fay	Keene	Savidge
entley	Feeney	Keister	Schad
lair	Ferguson	Kinney	Schofield
osher	Flynn	Klingerman	Scott, J. R. K
rehm	Freeman	Klumpp	Shaffer
reitinger	Frey	Magee	Sherwood
aldwell	Gans	Malie	Steese
ampbell, C.	Geary	McAleer	Stein
arroll	Gilkeson	McJunkin	Swan
arter	Good	McKean	Townsend
larency	Gransback	McMullen	Tunis
lymer	Graybill	McNichol	Von Tacky
ole	Haggerty	Moore	Wallace
onner, P.	Halferty	Moses	Walnut
onner, W.	Hecht	North	Walton
onrade	Henry,	Perry	Ward, W., Jr.
ox, E.	Hess	Phillips	Ward, W.
rum	Hibshman	Piper	Watts
umbler	Hilton	Pitchford	Welch
urrier,	Hoover	Rath	Wilcox
urry	Hough	Reeser	Wilson
ale	Howard	Reyburn	Young

NAYS—37.

ilman,	Donahoe	Lafferty	Rebert
aldwin, G. A.	Herman	Light	Reece
ender	Hobbs	Lowe	Rhoads
enson	Hoffman	Martin	Rockwell
oyd	Johnson, C	Marvin	Rumsey
rennan	Jones, J.	Matt	Scott, S.
ampbell, J	Kelly, M.	Maurer,	Snavely
allas	Kern,	Neel	Snyder, A. H
avis, W.	Knight	Newbaker	Williams
ershem			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted n the affirmative, the question was determined in the ffirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate vith information that the House has passed the same with- ut amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third read- ing of House Bill No. 761 (Senate No. 445), entitled:

Providing for and regulating the licensing of persons en- gaged in the business of receiving boarding or keeping of nfant children under the age of three years for hire re- ward or otherwise in cities of the third class and author- izing the passing of general ordinances providing for and regulating the issuing of said licenses and imposing pen- alties

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—166.

bbott	Ehrhardt	Keene	Reeser
ilman	Eichenberger	Keister	Reno
kers	Ewing	Kelly	Reyburn
len	Fahey	Kern	Rhoads
lter	Fay	Klingerman	Richards
aldwin, G. A.	Feeney	Klumpp	Rider
aldwin, R.	Ferguson	Knight	Riebel
ass	Fitzgerald	Kuhns	Robinson
ender	Flynn	Lafferty	Rockwell
enson	Freeman	Larkins	Roney
entley	Frey	Lindsay	Row
lair	Gans	Lowe	Sassaman
osher	Geary	Malie	Savidge
ossert	Gibson	Mannion	Schad
oyd	Gilkeson	Martin	Schmidt
rehm	Good	Marvin	Schofield
reitinger	Gransback	Matt	Schultz
ampbell, C.	Graybill	Maurer	Scott, J.
ampbell, J.	Haggerty	McAleer	Shaffer
arroll	Halferty	McArdle	Sherwood
arter	Healey	McClung	Shoemaker
larency	Hecht	McGowan	Shreve
leary	Henry	McInerney	Snavely
lymer	Herman	McJunkin	Snyder, P.
ole	Hess	McKean	Speer
onner, P.	Hibshman	McMullen	Stein
onner, W	Hilton	McNichol	Swartz
onrade	Hobbs	Miller	Townsend
ox, E .R.	Holland	Moore	Tunis
umbler	Hoover	Morris	Von Tacky
urrier	Hough	Moulthrop	Wallace
urry	Howard	Neel	Walnut
ale	Hunter, J.	Newbaker	Ward, W. Jr.
allas	Hunter, R.	North	Ward, W. B.
avis, W.	Irwin	Perry	Watts
earden	Jackson	Phillips	Whitman
ershem	Johnson, C.	Piper	Wilcox
Detzel	Johnston	Pitchford	Wilson
onahoe	Jones, E.	Rath	Woodward
onnally	Jones, J	Rebert	Young
unn, H.	Keely	Reece	Cox, John F.,
unn, J.		Reel	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same with- out amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third read- ing of House Bill No. 762 (Senate No. 398), entitled:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for reviewing the proceedings of township road commissioners laying out opening and vacating roads" ap- proved the second day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one providing for the trial of question of fact by a jury in certain cases

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—159.

bbott	Dunn, J.	Klumpp	Rockwell
ilman,	Ehrhardt	Knight	Roney
llen	Eichenberger	Lafferty	Row
lter	Ewing	Larkins	Rumsey
aldwin, G.	Fahey	Light	Sassaman
aldwin, R. J.	Feeney	Lindsay	Savidge
artman	Ferguson	Lowe	Schad
ass	Fitzgerald	Malie	Schmidt
ender	Flynn	Mannion	Schofield
enson	Freeman	Martin	Scott, J.
entley	Gans	Matt	Scott, S.
lair	Gibson	Maurer	Shadrach
osher	Gilkeson	McArdle	Shaffer
ossert	Good	McClung	Sherwood
oyd	Gransback	McGowan	Shoemaker
rehm	Graybill	McInerney	Shreve
reitinger	Haggerty	McKean	Snavely
rennan	Halferty	McMullen	Snyder, P.
aldwell	Healey	McNichol	Speer
ampbell, C.	Hecht	Miller	Steese
ampbell, J.	Henry	Moore	Stein
ampbell, W.	Herman,	Morris	Swan
larency	Hess	Moulthrop	Swartz
lymer	Hibshman	Neel	Townsend
ole	Hobbs	Newbaker	Tunis
onner, P.	Holland	North	Von Tacky
onner, W.	Hoover	Perry	Wallace
onrade	Hough	Phillips	Walnut
ox, E.	Howard	Pitchford	Walton
rum	Hunter, J.	Rath	Ward, W. Jr.
urrier	Hunter, R.	Rebert	Ward, W.
urry	Irwin	Reece	Watts
ale	Jackson	Reel	Welch
allas	Johnson, C.	Reno	Whitman
avis, W.	Johnston	Reyburn	Wilcox
earden	Jones, E.	Rhoads	Williams
ershem	Jones, J	Richards	Wilson
Detzel	Keene	Rider	Woodward
onnally	Kelly, M.	Riebel	Young
unn, H.	Kern	Robinson	Cox, John F., Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Mr. NORTH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up Senate Bill No. 255 (House No. 1323), on page 4 of to-day's calendar.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1323 (Senate No. 255), entitled:

An act providing for a Commission to examine and report on the propriety of the purchase by the Commonwealth of a certain tract of land in Jefferson Clarion and Forest counties and making an appropriation therefor

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. NORTH. Mr. Speaker, I desire to say to the gentlemen of this House that this is a bill making an appropriation of three hundred dollars to pay the expenses of a commission to examine these lands, and it is line with a bill that passed the House last week, and I hope the gentlemen will support it.

Mr. HOWARD. Mr. Speaker, this is one of the Forestry Department bills again, and apparently the whole object of all the bills of the Forestry Department were to carry out the object for which this bill was created. This bill provides for the appointment of commissioners to go and examine eight thousand acres of land. The appropriation for their expenses was reduced to three hundred dollars. That does not give it any more merit, and if you introduced a bill only making an appropriation of one hundred dollars, the amount of the appropriation has nothing to do with it. The bill is the first introduced but in line with the others; first the bill with the right of eminent domain and taking off the limit of price which could be paid by the Forestry Department, then there is the bill creating auxiliary reserves which would take the land out of the tax list; then there is another bill to create a Park Commission. This Park Commission bill passed the House last week. It creates a Park Board to be appointed by the Governor to buy land anywhere they please for park purposes. Now, not satisfied that this State Park Commission might pick on this particular land they have introduced their bill with the appointment of another set of Commissioners who shall go and make a report to the Forestry Commission and say this is a good piece of land to buy; and they come before you and they ask for three hundred dollars to examine this same land which the Park Commission could examine and to tell that Commission that it ought to buy. I want to say that the Forestry Commissioner has made a report to this House which is not yet printed in which he has said he has bought any quantity of land upwards of a million acres, at an average of two dollars and twenty-five cents an acre.

I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Jefferson.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Jefferson, Mr. North, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. NORTH. Yes sir, Mr. Speaker.

Mr. HOWARD. Mr Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman from Jefferson what value has been placed upon these lands in question?

Mr. NORTH. Mr. Speaker, I do not know, I could not tell.

Mr. WILSON. Mr Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Cameron.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Cameron, Mr. Howard, allow himself to be interrogated?

Mr. HOWARD. No, sir, Mr. Speaker. When I am through with what I have to say I will answer all the questions they put to me.

At the present time I want to repeat what the gentleman from Jefferson has said, that he did not know what the estimated value of these lands was. I want to say to the gentlemen of this house that three or four weeks ago there was a delegation came down to the Governor, to learn whether he would sign this bill, or agree to the purchase of this land. I asked some of that delegation what they thought was the price of this land, and they said they did not know, that the Cooke estate would take whatever the Commission offered them. That is a funny price for land, for anyone who has anything to sell to say I will take whatever is offered. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, these lands have been lumbered for a long, long time.

Mr. NORTH. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Cameron.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Cameron permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. HOWARD. Mr. Speaker, after a while. I have never seen the Cooke lands, but I know that for years they have been lumbered, and selling and floating down the Allegheny some very fine lumber. I asked this delegation how much of the original timber was left, and they said they thought two hundred acres. Now, gentlemen, where there is a large estate like this that has been lumbering over fifty years, and has only two hundred acres left the presumption is that these two hundred acres are so far back that it will not pay to cut the trees and haul them into market. There is no railroad within ten or fifteen miles of them. After they cut out the good timber they went back and cut what is called second grade timber. This timber they hauled six or eight miles on wagons from their mill. A part of this large tract is situated in a plateau six hundred feet above the river, and there is a small strip of land running along the river, but the majority is six hundred feet on the mountain side. Now Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, if this Park Commission wants to buy this land let them buy it, but don't let us tie their hands with a separate commission to tell them they ought to buy it and fix a price satisfactory to other people interested besides the owners.

Mr. WILSON. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I would thank you for just a moment of your time. If I was not for the fact that you might be somewhat misled by the statements of the gentleman from Cameron I would not presume to trespass on your time at this moment. I believe I am in a position to state to this House a little more about these different Forestry bills than the gentleman from Cameron. In the first place I had the honor to introduce the Department bill, the only bill that the Department of Forestry advocated and wished presented at this session. That is the bill to which the gentleman from Juniata objected, carrying the right of eminent domain.

Mr. HOWARD. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Jefferson, Mr. Wilson.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Jefferson, Mr. Wilson, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WILSON. Mr. Speaker, I will answer the gentleman's questions readily and willingly if he will be brief.

Mr. HOWARD. Does the gentleman wish this House to understand that the Forestry Department does not approve of this bill?

Mr. WILSON. Mr. Speaker and gentleman of the House, I can say almost positively that the Commissioner of Forestry is not really in favor of this bill. I can say that. That has nothing to do with this question.

I wish to analyze the question before us by stating this. That the Department bill which carried the right of eminent domain and took off the price of five dollars an acre the one which this House defeated is the only bill the Department advocated. The bill creating auxiliary reserves and the bill taxing such reserves if they were established was drawn by one of the Forestry Commission as an individual the Hon. S. B. Elliott. That bill was not strongly advocated by the Department of Forestry. The bill introduced by my colleague Mr. North, was drawn up by outside parties, and the Department of Forestry had nothing to do with that, and this present bill was drawn and prepared by people in Clarion, Jefferson and Forest counties, who would like to have the Cooke estate lands examined, with a view of seeing whether they could not be saved to the State as a State Park. Now, that is all there is in it. This particular bill that we are talking about now is not being advocated by the Department of Forestry. This bill carries an appropriation of three hundred dollars to pay the actual necessary expenses of this Commission, which will examine the land and report to the next Legislature. There seems to be a studied plan amongst certain members of this House to charge the Department of Forestry with anything and everything that relates to trees. I am not here defending the Department of Forestry for anything of which it is guilty, but I can say in this particular instance that the Department of Forestry is not behind this bill, and if anybody wants to find out, they can ask the

Senator from Jefferson county and learn who is behind it. All that is asked is to permit the Commission to go and examine the lands and report back to the next Legislature.

Mr. NORTH. Mr. Speaker, I wish to finish my answer to the interrogatory of the gentleman from Cameron. When I said I did not know the price of these lands that is true, and the purpose of this Commission provided for this bill is to investigate and find out the cost and report to the next session of the Legislature whether it would be advisable to purchase these lands. I would say further that when Congres gets through investigating the lumber trust there is no doubt that many people in Cameron County will know the value of certain lumber interests which are located in that county and for that reason I hope the members will support the bill and two years hence when the Commissionmakes report, if you do not like the report vote it down.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows viz:

YEAS—152.

Abbott	Dunn, James	Kelly, M. C.	Riebel
Ailman	Ehrhardt	Kern	Robinson
Akers	Eichenberger	Klingerman	Rockwell
Allen	Ewing	Klumpp	Roney
Alter	Fahey	Kuhns	Row
Baldwin, G.	Fay	Light	Rumsey
Baldwin, R.	Feeney,	Lindsay	Sassaman
Bass	Fitzgerald	Lowe	Savidge
Bender	Frey	Magee	Schad.
Benson	Gans	Malie	Schmidt
Bentley	Geary	Martin	Schofield
Billman	Gibson	Marvin	Schultz
Blair	Gilkeson	Maurer	Scott, J.
Bosher	Good	McAleer	Sherwood
Bossert	Graybill	McArdle	Shoemaker
Boyd	Haggerty	McClung	Shreve
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McGowan	Snyder, P.
Campbell, J.	Hecht	McJunkin	Speer
Carter	Herman	McKean	Stein
Clarency	Henry	McMullen	Swan
Clymer	Hess	McNichol	Townsend
Cole	Hibshman	Miller.	Tunis
Conner, P.	Hilton	Moore	Von Tacky
Conner, W.	Hobbs	Morris	Wallace
Conrade	Holland	Moulthrop	Walnut
Cox, E. R.	Hoover	Neel	Walton
Crum	Hough	Newbaker	Ward, Wm., Jr
Crumbler	Howard	North	Ward, W.
Currier,	Hunter, J.	Perry	Watts
Curry,	Hunter, R.	Pitchford	Welch
Dale	Irwin	Rath	Whitman
Dallas	Jackson	Reece	Wilcox
Dearden	Johnson, C	Reel	Williams
Dershem	Johnston	Reeser	Wilson
Detzel.	Jones, J. R.	Reno	Woodward
Donahoe	Keely	Reyburn	Young
Donnally	Keene	Rhoads	Cox, John F.
Dunn, H.	Keister	Richards	Speaker
		Rider	

NAYS—5.

Brehm	Flynn	Moses	Scott, S.
Snyder, A.			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 763 (Senate No. 233), entitled:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act empowering and directing the county commissioners of any county to purchase ground at the county seat for the erection thereon of such building or buildings as may be necessary for the accommodation of the courts and of the several officers of the county and for the reception and safe keeping of the records and other papers in charge of such officers and also such other building or buildings as may be necessary and proper for the purpose of a county jail or workhouse when occasion shall require the erection of such building or buildings and in case the said ground cannot be obtained by agreement with the owner or owners at a reasonable price in the estimation of said commissioners then to resort to condemnation" by fixing the number of viewers at three

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—160.

Abbott	Donnally	Keene	Reyburn
Ailman	Dunn, H.	Keister	Rhoads
Akers	Dunn, J.	Kelly, M.	Richards
Allen	Ehrhardt	Kern	Rider
Alter	Eichenberger	Klingerman	Riebel
Baldwin, G.	Ewing	Klumpp	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Fahey	Knight	Roney
Bass	Fay	Lafferty	Row
Bender	Feeney	Larkins	Rumsey
Benson	Ferguson	Light	Sassaman
Bentley	Fitzgerald	Lowe	Savidge
Blair	Flynn	Magee	Schad
Bosher	Freeman	Malie	Schmidt,
Bossert	Frey	Martin	Schofield
Boyd	Geary	Marvin	Scott, J.
Brehm	Gilkeson	Matt	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Good	Maurer	Shadrach
Brennan	Gransback	McAleer	Shaffer
Caldwell	Graybill	McArdle	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McClung	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Halferty,	McGowan	Snavely
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McInerney	Snyder, A.
Carter	Henry	McKean	Snyder, P. W.
Clarency	Herman	McNichol	Steese
Cleary	Hess	Miller	Swan
Clymer	Hibshman	Moore	Swartz
Cole	Hilton	Morris	Tunis
Conner, P.	Hobbs	Moses	Von Tacky
Conner, W.	Holland	Moulthrop	Wallace
Conrade	Hoover	Neel	Walnut
Cox, E. R.	Hough	Newbaker	Ward, W. Jr.
Crum	Howard	North	Ward, W.
Currier	Hunter, J.	Perry	Watts
Dale	Hunter, R.	Piper	Whitman
Dallas	Irwin	Pitchford	Wilcox
Davis, A.	Jackson	Rath	Williams
Davis, W.	Johnson, C. V.	Reece	Wilson
Dearden	Johnston	Reel	Woodward
Dershem	Jones, E.	Reeser	Cox, John F.
Detzel	Jones, J.	Reno	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 764 (Senate No. 235), entitled:

An act amending the first section of an act approved the twenty-second day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six entitled "A supplement to the act regulating boroughs approved April third one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one" by fixing the number of viewers at three

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—161.

Abbott	Dunn, H.	Kelley, J.	Riebel
Ailman	Dunn, J.	Kelly, M.	Robinson
Akers	Ehrhardt	Kelsey	Rockwell
Allen	Eichenberger	Klingerman	Roney
Alter	Ewing	Klumpp	Row
Baldwin, G. A.	Fahey	Kuhns	Rumsey
Baldwin, R.	Fay	Larkins	Sassaman
Bass	Ferguson	Leh,	Savidge
Bender	Fitzgerald	Light	Schad
Benson	Flynn	Lowe	Schmidt
Bentley	Freeman	Magee	Schofield
Blair	Geary	Malie	Scott, J
Bosher	Gibson	Marvin,	Shadrach
Bossert	Gilkeson	Matt	Shaffer
Boyd	Good,	McAleer	Shannon
Brehm	Gransback	McClung	Sherwood
Breitinger	Gray	McGowan	Shoemaker
Brennan	Graybill	McInerney	Shreve
Caldwell	Grove	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McMullen	Snyder, P.
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McNichol,	Speer
Carroll	Hecht	Miller	Steese
Clarency	Henry	Mills	Stein
Cleary	Hess	Moore	Swan
Clymer	Hibshman,	Morris	Swartz
Cole	Hilton	Moses	Townsend
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Moulthrop	Tunis
Conrade	Holland,	Neel	Ulerich
Cox, E.	Hoover	Newbaker	Wallace
Crum	Hough	North	Walnut
Currier	Howard	Phillips	Walton
Curry	Hunter, J.	Piper	Ward, W. Jr.

Dale	Hunter, R.	Raesley	Ward, W.
Dallas	Irwin	Rath	Watts
Davis, A.	Johnson, C.	Reece	Whitman
Davis, W. H.	Johnson, D.	Reel	Williams
Dershem	Johnston	Reeser	Wilson
Detzel	Jones, J.	Reno	Woodward
Donahoe	Keely	Rhoads	Young
Donnally	Keister	Richards	Cox, John F. Speaker

NAYS—1.

Martin

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 765 (Senate No. 401), entitled:

An act to amend section ten of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two entitled "An Act relating to Orphans' Courts" so as to permit the accounts of the guardians of minors' property therein mentioned and described to be examined and audited and the matters therein contained confirmed by decree of Orphans' Court with the same force and effect as the partial accounts of executors administrators and temporary trustees are audited examined allowed and confirmed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—151.

Abbott	Donnally	Kelsey	Robinson
Ailman	Dunn, H.	Kern	Rockwell
Akers	Dunn, J.	Kinney	Roney
Allen	Ehrhardt	Knight	Rumsey
Alter	Fahey	Kuhns	Sassaman
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Larkins	Schad
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Letzkus	Schofield
Bass	Fitzgerald	Lindsay	Schultz
Bender	Freeman	Magee	Scott, J.
Benson	Frey	Malie	Shadrach
Bentley	Geary	Mannion	Shaffer
Billman	Gibson	Marvin	Sherwood
Bosher	Gilkeson	Matt	Shreve
Bossert	Good	McArdle	Snavely
Boyd	Gransback	McGowan	Snyder, P.
Brehm	Gray	McInerney,	Speer
Breitinger	Graybill	McJunkin	Stein
Brennan	Guyaux	McMullen	Swan
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McNichol	Swartz
Campbell, J.	Hecht	Miller	Townsend
Carroll	Herman	Mills	Tunis
Carter	Hess	Moore	Ulerich
Clarency	Hibshman	Morris	Von Tacky
Cleary	Hobbs	Moses	Wallace
Clymer	Holland	Moulthrop	Walnut
Cole	Hormell	Newbaker	Walton
Conner, P.	Hough	North	Ward, Wm., Jr
Conrade	Hunter, J.	Phillips	Ward, W.
Cox, E.	Hunter, R.	Piper	Watts
Crum	Jackson	Raesley	Welch
Currier,	Johnson, C.	Rath	Whitman
Curry	Johnson, D.	Reece	Wilcox
Dale	Johnston	Reel	Williams
Dallas	Jones, J.	Reno	Wilson
Davis, A.	Keely	Reyburn	Woodward
Davis, W.	Keister	Richards	Young
Dearden	Kelley, J.	Rider,	Cox, John F.
Detzel	Kelly	Riebel	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 766 (Senate No. 164), entitled:

An act to provide for the appointment of five directors of the middle coal field poor district by the Court of Quarter Sessions of Carbon County the continuance in office of the directors now serving for the filling of vacancies placing the affairs of the district under the supervision and control of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Carbon County and making it lawful to erect new or additional buildings for said district after the approval of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Carbon County

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—151.

Abbott	Fay	Knight	Robinson
Ailman	Ferguson	Kuhns	Rockwell
Akers	Fitzgerald	Larkins,	Roney
Allen	Flynn	Letzkus	Rumsey
Alter	Freeman	Lindsay	Sassaman
Baldwin, G.	Gans	Magee	Savidge
Baldwin, R.	Geary	Malie	Schad
Bass	Gibson	Mannion	Schmidt
Bender	Gilkeson	Martin	Schultz
Benson	Good	Matt	Scott, J.
Billman,	Gransback	McAleer	Scott, S.
Blair	Gray	McClung	Shaffer
Bossert	Graybill	McGowan	Shannon
Breitinger	Guyaux	McInerney	Sherwood
Brennan	Haggerty	McKean	Shreve
Campbell, C.	Healey	McMullen	Snavely
Campbell, J.	Hecht	McNichol	Snyder, P.
Carroll	Henry	Miller	Speer
Clarency	Hess	Mills	Steese
Cleary	Hibshman	Moore	Stein
Clymer	Hobbs	Morris	Swan
Cole	Holland	Moses	Swartz
Conner, P.	Hoover	Moulthrop	Townsend
Conner, W.	Hough	Neel	Tunis
Conrade	Howard	North	Ulerich
Cox, E.	Hunter, Jas.	Perry	Wallace
Currier	Jackson	Piper	Walnut
Curry	Johnson, C.	Pitchford	Ward, W., Jr.
Dallas	Johnson, D.	Rath	Watts
Davis, A.	Jones, E.	Rebert	Welch
Davis, W.	Jones, J.	Reel	Whitman
Dershem	Keely	Reeser	Wilcox
Detzel	Keene	Reno	Williams
Donnally	Keister	Rhoads	Wilson
Dunn, H.	Kelley, J.	Richards	Woodward
Ehrhardt	Kelsey	Rider	Young
Eichenberger,	Kern	Riebel	Cox, J.
Ewing	Kinney		Speaker

NAYS—1.

Ward, W.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 768 (Senate No. 27), entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act creating a Bureau of Health in the Department of Public Safety in cities of the second class defining the powers and duties thereof and the officers thereunder prescribing rules regulations and laws respecting the public health and authorizing and imposing fines penalties and punishments for violations thereof" approved June twenty-sixth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five and to a supplement thereto approved March twenty-fifth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three providing for the vacation or destruction of buildings dangerous to the public health authorizing and imposing fines penalties punishments and remedies for violations of this act and providing method of appeal

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—122.

Allen,	Flynn	Kelsey	Riebel
Baldwin, G.	Gans	Klingerman	Robinson
Baldwin, R.	Geary	Klumpp	Roney
Bass	Gibson	Kuhns	Row
Bender	Gilkeson	Larkins	Sassaman
Bentley	Good	Leh	Savidge
Blair	Gransback	Light,	Schad
Bosher	Gray	Lindsay	Schmidt
Brehm	Graybill	Magee	Schofield
Breitinger	Grove	Malie	Scott, J.
Brennan	Haggerty	Martin	Scott, S.
Campbell, W.	Halferty	Marvin	Sherwood
Carroll	Hecht	McAleer	Shreve
Carter	Henry	McArdle	Snyder, P.
Clarency	Hess	McInerney	Steese
Clymer	Hobbs	McJunkin	Stein
Conner, P.	Hoffman	McMullen	Swartz
Conrade	Holland	McNichol	Townsend
Cox, E.	Hoover	Miller	Tunis
Cumbler	Hough	Moore	Ulerich
Currier	Howard	Morris	Von Tacky
Curry	Hunter, R.	Moses	Walnut
Dale	Jackson	Moulthrop	Ward, W., Jr.
Davis, A.	Johnson, C.	North	Watts
Dearden	Johnson, D.	Perry	Whitman
Ehrhardt	Johnston	Phillips	Wilcox
Eichenberger	Jones, J.	Pitchford	Wilson
Fahey	Keely	Rath	Woodward

Fay	Keene	Reel	Young
Feeney	Keister	Reeser	Cox, John F.
Fitzgerald	Kelley, J.	Rhoads	Speaker

NAYS—10.

Ailman	Davis, W.	Matt	Snyder, A.
Benson	Dershem	Reece	Ward, W. B.
Bossert	Kern		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 769 (Senate No. 227), entitled:

An act to amend an act approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act providing a mode by which the title to all estates and interest in lands in the State of Pennsylvania may be vested in the United States when no agreement can be made with the owners of the same for the purchase thereof" by fixing the number of viewers at three

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—150.

Abbott	Ewing	Kern	Rockwell
Ailman	Fay	Klingerman	Roney
Allen	Ferguson	Klumpp	Rumsey
Anderson	Fitzgerald	Knight	Sassaman
Baldwin, G.	Freeman	Lafferty	Savidge
Baldwin, R.	Gans	Larkins	Schmidt
Bass	Geary	Light	Schofield
Bender	Gibson	Lindsay	Scott, J. R. K.
Benson	Gilkeson	Lowe	Scott, S.
Bentley	Good	Malle	Shadrach
Blair,	Gransback	Mannion	Shaffer
Bosher	Gray	Marvin	Sherwood
Bossert	Graybill	Matt	Shoemaker
Brehm	Guyaux	McAleer	Shreve
Brietinger	Haggerty	McGowan	Snyder, A.
Brennan	Healey	McJunkin	Snyder, P
Campbell, C.	Hecht	McKean	Speer
Campbell, J.	Henry	McNichol	Stein
Campbell, W.	Hess	Miller	Swan
Carter	Hibshman	Mills	Swartz
Cleary	Hilton	Moore	Townsend
Clymer	Hoffman	Morris	Tunis
Cole	Holland	Moses	Ulerich
Conner, P.	Hoover	Moulthrop	Von Tacky
Conner, W.	Hough	Newbaker	Wallace
Cox, E.	Howard	North	Walton
Cumbler	Hunter, J.	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Currier,	Hunter, R.	Pitchford	Ward, W.
Dale	Irwin,	Raesley	Watts
Dallas	Johnson, C.	Rebert	Welch
Davis, W.	Johnson, D.	Reece	Whitman
Dearden	Johnston	Reel	Wilcox
Detzel	Jones, J.	Reno	Williams
Donnally	Keely	Reyburn	Wilson
Dunn, H.	Keene	Richards	Woodward
Dunn, J.	Keister	Riebel	Young
Ehrhardt	Kelly, M.	Robinson	Cox, John F.
Eichenberger	Kelsey		Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 778 (Senate No. 394), entitled:

An act to amend section eleven of an act entitled "An act relating to corporations and to estates held for corporate religious and charitable uses" approved the twenty-sixth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. ROBINSON. Mr. Speaker, and gentlemen of the House, this bill ought to receive very careful consideration. It is intended to change the law relating to charitable bequests by will. Under the law as it is at present a bequest to a charitable institution is not good unless the will is executed at least a month before the death of the testator, and is attested by two creditable, and at the same time disinterested witnesses. Now, the purpose of this act is to say in effect that one who receives a bequest or a devise under a will which contains a charitable bequest, and that that person is interested to sustain the will shall not be regarded as interested witness with respect to the charitable bequest. Is it not safer policy to permit the law to remain as it is; is it not safer to say that a disinterested witness is such a one as can have no interest either directly or indirectly in sustaining the will. You will note that the charitable bequest is not effective unless it is made at least a calendar month before the death of the testator; therefore it certainly ought to be that the will shall be attested by absolutely disinterested witnesses. One can hardly imagine any circumstances where it would not be possible, with very little trouble, to get two creditable and disinterested witnesses. Therefore, I respectfully submit to the consideration of this House, whether it is not better to permit the law to remain as it is, to wit, that where there is a charitable bequest, it shall not take effect unless the bill is made at least a calendar month before the death of the testator and witnessed by two creditable and absolutely disinterested witnesses. It seems to me, therefore, that this bill should be voted down.

Mr. JOHN R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, this bill which was introduced by Senator Salus in the Senate, is a bill that was drawn by one of the eminent judges of the Philadelphia bench. It is not a bill such as the gentleman from Delaware fully explains it to be. Under the act of 1855, where a charitable bequest is made, the witnesses must be disinterested. This bill merely allows these witnesses to be interested in their portion of the will, that is to say, that if my parents would leave me a portion of money and at the same time leave a charitable institution a portion of money, I could be a competent witness, but I could not be a competent witness if I was a party to that charity. In other words, this act has been drafted by Judge Sultzberger for the purpose of keeping in the law all that was the proper portion of the law, and eliminating that portion which might do harm. Now, there has been a recent decision handed down by the Supreme Court, as you men know, holding that a great charity that was to be established under a will became void merely because of the technicality of the act of 1855. By this act that portion of the law that was to be preserved will be preserved, and the hardships that would come from the present status of the law would be eliminated. I think this is a highly meritorious bill and should be passed.

Mr. ROBINSON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. John R. K. Scott.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. John R. K. Scott, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. JOHN R. K. SCOTT. Oh, yes, Mr. Speaker, I will answer as much as I know about the bill.

Mr. ROBINSON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman whether there is likely under any reasonable conditions to be such a set of circumstances that it would not be possible to get two creditable and disinterested witnesses to witness a will.

Mr. JOHN R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I could not tell the gentleman; I should judge that such a circumstance might arise that you could not.

Mr. ROBINSON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman would it not be possible that a witness who was interested to sustain a will might be made a beneficiary under the will simply by reason of his interest to maintain a charitable bequest.

Mr. JOHN R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, well, I should judge if he was he would be an incompetent witness under this act. My thought is that under the present bill as drafted here, that such a circumstance as you relate would bar his being a competent witness where charity was given.

Mr. ROBINSON. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, my idea of this bill and this legislation, with all due deference to the eminent judge who may have drawn this bill, my idea is that where it comes to the charitable bequests, that it is not too much to insist upon it that the witnesses to the will shall be absolutely disinterested; that they shall not be interested to sustain the will because they are a legatee, or devisee under the will. There is no occasion for it, and it is possible that there might be an inducement to one who was interested in the will by reason of the bequest or devise to sustain it. There is but one thought in my mind and that is this: If it be necessary to protect dead men's estates that the bequest shall be void unless the will is executed a month before death, and if ever since 1855, the wisdom of the people has been that

such will shall not be in effect, unless it is witnessed by two disinterested and creditable witnesses, why shall it be changed now without any urgent necessity, by making an interested party, to wit, one who is interested, to sustain the will because of his personal interest, interested to sustain the will in order to carry the charitable bequest. I repeat that it does not seem as if this amendment were necessary and that this bill ought to fall.

Mr. JOHN R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen, the way the law stands now under the act of 1855 if I were called to the bedside of my mother, her deathbed, and she desired in her will to leave a charitable bequest, and I signed as her witness, and my other co-heir, signed as her witness, that charity would not get a dollar. That is the injustice of the present law. This bill as drafted would be that I would have to be a part of the charity getting the benefit of that before I would be incompetent. I believe that the law as it exists now is not complete. It is improper, and this bill that has been drafted after litigation, after the courts for many years have passed upon the act of '55 in the result of the logical conclusions of learned legal minds, and I think this bill ought to be passed.

Mr. ROBINSON. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, in the illustration that has been put by my friend the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. John R. K. Scott, if he were by the bedside of a dying mother, and so on, the charity would not get the bequest because she would be in a dying condition and the bequest would not be good unless she lived a calendar month after, and the very illustration that he gives shows the absolute want of necessity of this law, because a will of this character to be made in favor of a charity is not good unless the testator lives a calendar month after the bequest, and surely if they are well enough to make a will and live a calendar month there could be no such urgent necessity as my friend seems to indicate of having somebody by the dying woman's bedside stand as a witness. It would be very easy to go into the next room or out on the street, or almost anywhere and obtain two creditable and disinterested witnesses. Therefore, I repeat again that nothing has been said in favor of this bill to my mind that is any reason why it should not fall.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—82.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Irwin	Riebel
Ailman	Ehrhardt	Johnson, C.	Rockwell
Allen	Eichenberger	Johnston	Roney
Alter	Ewing	Keely	Sassaman
Bass	Fahey	Keister	Savidge
Bentley	Fay	Kinney	Schad
Blair,	Feeney	Klingerman	Schmidt
Boyd	Ferguson	Klumpp	Schofield
Breitinger	Fitzgerald	Kuhns	Scott, J.
Carter	Freemar	Lindsay	Scott, S.
Conner, P.	Frey	McArdle	Shadrach
Conner, W.	Gans	McClung	Sherwood
Conrade	Gibson,	McNichol	Shreve
Cox, E.	Gransback	Miller	Snavely
Crum	Gray	Moore	Speer
Cumbler	Hecht	North	Swan
Currier	Hilton	Perry	Tunis
Curry	Hobbs	Pitchford	Von Tacky
Dale	Hoover	Reeser	Watts
Davis, A.	Hormell	Reyburn	Williams
Dunn, H.	Hunter, R.	Richards	Woodward

NAYS—47.

Baldwin, G. A.	Dearden	Kern	Reel
Baldwin, R.	Dershem	Knight	Robinson
Bender	Detzel	Lafferty	Rumsey
Benson	Donahoe	Light	Shaffer
Bossert	Gilkeson	Martin	Shannon
Brehm	Graybill	Matt	Snyder, A
Brennan	Hess	Maurer	Snyder, P.
Campbell, Jas.	Hibshman	McJunkin	Swartz
Campbell, W.	Howard	McKean	Walnut
Clarency	Jackson	Moses	Ward, W Jr
Dallas	Jones, J.	Newbaker	Ward, W.
Davis, W. H.	Kelly, M.	Reece	

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in he negaive and the bill falls.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. SHANNON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call Senate Bill No. 173 (House No. 501), on page 28 of to-day's calendar, bills on final passage.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration of House Bill No. 501 (Senate No. 173), as follows:

An Act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the paving curbing and macadamizing of streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof and assess a portion of the costs of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same" approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine so as to change the requirements of the petition for paving from two-thirds of the owners of property representing not less than two-thirds in number of feet of the properties fronting or abutting on the street or thoroughfare or the part thereof proposed to be paved to the owners of property representing not less than two-thirds in number of feet of the properties fronting or abutting on the street or thoroughfare or the part thereof proposed to be paved and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the paving curbing and macadamizing of streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same" approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine which reads as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same "That from and after the passage of this act the council of any incorporated borough of this Commonwealth shall have the power to require by ordinance and cause to be paved curbed or macadamized with brick stone or other suitable materials any public street or thoroughfare or parts thereof which is now or may hereafter be laid out and opened in any of said boroughs and collect in the manner hereinafter provided two-thirds of the cost and expense of the same from the owners of the real estate bounding or abutting thereon by an equal assessment on the feet front bounding or abutting as aforesaid said assessment to be estimated by the street commissioner or person in charge of said work or other competent authority designated by the council of said borough Provided That the council of any such borough shall not require or cause to be paved any street or thoroughfare or part thereof except upon the petition of two-thirds of the owners of property representing not less than two-thirds in number of feet of the properties fronting or abutting on said street or thoroughfare or the part thereof proposed to be paved" be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same "That from and after the passage of this act the council of any incorporated borough of this Commonwealth shall have the power to require by ordinance and cause to be paved curbed or macadamized with brick stone or other suitable materials any public street or thoroughfare or parts thereof which is now or may hereafter be laid out and opened in any of said boroughs and collect in the manner hereinafter provided two-thirds of the cost and expense of the same from the owners of the real estate bounding or abutting thereon by an equal assessment on the feet front bounding or abutting as aforesaid said assessment to be estimated by the street commissioner or person in charge of said work or other competent authority designated by the council of said borough Provided That the council of any such borough shall not require or cause to be paved any street or thoroughfare or any part thereof except upon the petition of the owners of property representing not less than two-thirds in number of feet of the properties fronting or abutting on said street or thoroughfare or the part thereof proposed to be paved

Section 2 That so much of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the paving curbing and macadamizing of streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same' approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine (Pamphlet Laws forty-four) providing that if the petition for said improvements has been verified by the affidavit of one or more of the petitioners notice may be given of the passage of the ordinance requiring said improvement and allowing an appeal therefrom by the person interested to any Court of Common Pleas of the county and if such appeal is dismissed or no such an appeal is taken then all parties interested shall be estopped from denying that said petition was signed by the requisite number of owners representing the requisite number of feet fronting on the street to be improved" approved the fourteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five which is inconsistent herewith and all other acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—128.

Abbott	Fahey	Keene	Rhoads
Affman	Fay	Keister	Richards
Akers	Ferguson	Kelley, J.	Riebel
Allen	Fitzgerald	Kelsey	Robinson
Anderson	Freeman,	Kinney	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Frey	Klumpp	Sassaman
Bass	Geary	Larkins	Savidge
Bentley	Gibson,	Letzkus	Schmidt
Blair	Gilkeson	Light	Schofield
Brehm	Good	Lowe	Shadrach
Breitinger	Gransback	Magee	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Gray	McAleer	Sherwood
Campbell, J. J.	Graybill	McArdle	Shreve
Carroll	Grove	McClung	Snyder, P.
Carter	Guyaux	McInerney	Speer
Clarency	Haggerty	McMullen	Steese
Cleary	Halferty	McNichol	Swan
Connell	Hecht	Miller	Swartz
Conner, P.	Henry	Mills	Townsend
Conrade	Hess	Morris	Tunis
Cox, E.	Hibshman	Moses	Ulerich
Crum	Hoffman	Moulthrop	Wallace
Cumbler	Holland	Neel	Walnut
Currier	Hoover	Newbaker	Ward, W., Jr.
Curry	Hough	North	Ward, W.
Dale	Howard	Perry	Watts
Davis, A.	Hunter, R.	Phillips	Whitman
Detzel	Jackson	Piper	Wilcox
Donnally	Johnson, C.	Pitchford	Wilson
Dunn, H.	Johnson, D.	Rath	Woodward
Dunn, J.	Johnston	Reel	Young
Ehrhardt	Jones, E.	Reeser	Cox, John F.
Eichenberger	Keely	Reyburn	Speaker
Ewing			

NAYS—21.

Davis, G. A.	Davis, W.	Kern	McJunkin
Benson	Dershem	Kelley, M.	Moore
Bossert	Feeney	Kuhns	Raesley
Brennan	Hobbs	Martin	Scott, S.
Campbell, W.	Jones, J	Matt	Von Tacky
Dallas			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Mr. HOWARD. Mr. Speaker, I offer the following report of the Committee on Rules.

The SPEAKER. The report will be read by the Clerk.

The report was read by the Clerk as follows:

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON RULES.

Resolved, That the following bills be made a special order for this evening, at 9 o'clock, to be considered in the following order:

House Bill No. 1287, Senate Bill 382, File Folio 5351. Registration Bill.

House Bill No. 1288, Senate Bill 554, File Folio 5401, Registration Bill.

House Bill No. 892, Senate Bill 20, File Folio 5463, Judges Retirement Bill.

House Bill No. 784, File Folio 4391—An act providing that furniture and household goods leased or hired shall not be levied upon or sold on distress or other proceedings for collection of rent.

House Bill No. 773, File Folio 4431—An act to repeal an act approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, entitled "An Act to extend the provisions of an act to prohibit the issuing of licenses within certain boroughs in the counties of Armstrong, Potter, Indiana and Perry, or within two miles of the same, in the counties in which such boroughs are located, approved the twenty-seventh day of March one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six to the boroughs of West Newton and Mount Pleasant, in the County of Westmoreland," in so far as the same relates to the borough of West Newton, in the County of Westmoreland.

House Bill No. 806, File Folio 4553—An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to prohibit the sale of intoxicating drinks in the Township of Ohio, County of Beaver, approved the twenty-seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, in so far as the same may apply to or effect what is now the Borough of Midland.

House Bill No. 749, File Folio 4393—An act to repeal an act entitled "A supplement to an act passed the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine relating to billiard rooms, et cetera, in the counties of Chester and Delaware, extending the same to the counties of Erie, Crawford, Venango, Warren, Tioga, Potter and McKean," approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, as far as said act relates and extends to Venango County.

House Bill No. 833, File Folio 6921—An act to revive and continue in force the provisions of an act entitled "An Act to extend the time during which corporations may hold and convey the title to real estate heretofore bought under execution or conveyed to them in satisfaction of debts, and now remaining in their hands unsold," approved the fifteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred three.

House Bill No. 861, File Folio 5435—An act providing for and regulating the reporting to the State Department of Health by physicians of occupational disease and fixing penalties for violation thereof.

House Bill No. 862, File Folio 5437—An act providing for the erection of memorial halls at the county seats in the different counties of Pennsylvania, authorizing and directing the county commissioners of such counties, upon petition of at least fifty citizens, approved by two successive grand juries and the Court of Quarter Sessions, to purchase a plot of ground in such county seat and erect thereon a memorial hall in honor of the soldiers, sailors and marines from such county who served in the army and navy in the war for the suppression of the rebellion, and all other wars in defence of the United States flag, and authorizing the levying of a tax to raise a fund to pay the purchase money of the ground and the expenses of the erection of a memorial hall.

House Bill No. 863, File Folio 5441—An act laying a State tax on estates passing either by will or under the intestate laws of this Commonwealth, or by deed, grant, bargain or sale made or intended to take effect after the death of the grantor, or bargainer, and providing for the collection thereof.

House Bill No. 864, File Folio 5455—An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to prevent the inducing, enticing or procuring, or attempting to induce, entice or procure into the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania any woman or girl for immoral purposes, and providing a punishment for the violation thereof," approved May first one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and six), so as to prevent and punish the procuring for immoral purposes of any woman or girl residing in or out of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

House Bill No. 877, File Folio 6893—An act providing for the employment of convicted criminals on public work.

House Bill No. 902, File Folio 6929—An act to amend sections two and twenty-one of an act entitled "An Act relating to motor vehicles, regulating their speed upon public streets and highways of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, providing for their registration and the licensing of operators by the State Highway Department, establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways, with relation to other vehicles, regulating the service of process and of proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom, prescribing the penalties for violation of the provisions of this act, and providing for the disposition of fines imposed thereunder," approved April twenty-seventh Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine.

House Bill No. 1266, File Folio 6885—A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medicinal preparations in the State of Pennsylvania, approved May twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven.

House Bill No. 1289, File Folio 7501—An act to provide for the assessment and collection of taxes on personal property.

House Bill No. 775 File Folio 4439. An act to amend section five of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of minors in certain employments by regulating the ages at which said minors may be employed their hours of employment their protection against injury and to prescribe rules for the obtaining of employment certificates and providing penalties for violation of the provisions thereof" approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine so as to reduce from fifty-eight to fifty-four the maximum number of hours of employment of male minors under the age of sixteen years and of females under the age of eighteen years

JOHN F. COX,
JOHN M. FLYNN,
JOSIAH HOWARD,
EDWIN R. COX,
Commitee on Rules.

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. ROBINSON. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point of order.

Mr. ROBINSON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to inquire whether a rule of that kind ought not to lie over for one day.

The SPEAKER. This is the report of the Committee on Rules, and has preference at all times.

Mr. ROBINSON. Mr. Speaker, it does seem to me that this rule ought to be changed, or the suggestion ought to be changed in order that these bills may appear upon our calendar, and in order that we may be able to follow them. As it is now these bills are read off by number and it is utterly impossible to follow them and we have nothing to follow, and until they do appear on our calendar, when they are called out the time is necessarily taken in trying to find them, in the mass of stuff we have to go over. Therefore, it seems to me, that we should not be called upon to pass upon these bills until they appear on the calendar in the order in which they are to be called up.

The SPEAKER. For the information of the gentleman the Chair will state that this report of the Committee on Rules has the preference at any particular time. These bills will be called up from Friday's calendar.

Mr. ROBINSON. Mr. Speaker, I rise to another point of order. As I undersand, under the rules, the bills are to be called up from the calendar in their regular order. I do

not know whether I am right as to that or not, but as I further understand the rules, if this rule is to be changed, must it not be by a two-thirds vote?

The SPEAKER. The report of the Committee on Rules is adopted by a majority vote and the rules so state.

On the question,

Will the House adopt the report of the Committee on Rules?

It was adopted.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 780 (Senate No. 160), entitled:

An act to amend the fifth and twenty-second sections of an act entitled "An Act relating to insolvency embracing among other matters voluntary assignments for the benefit of creditors and adverse proceedings in insolvency by creditors forbidding also certain preferences providing for the distribution of the insolvent's estate and in certain contingencies relieving him and others liable with him from further liability for his or their debts" approved the fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one by providing for publication and notice in a weekly and in a daily newspaper

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—168.

Abbott	Donnally	Keely	Reeser
Ailman	Dunn, H.	Keister	Reno
Akers	Dunn, James,	Kelly, M.	Reyburn
Allen	Ehrhardt	Kern	Rhoads
Alter	Eichenberger	Kinney	Richards
Baldwin, G.	Ewing	Klingerman	Rider
Baldwin, R.	Fahey	Klumpp	Riebel
Bass	Fay	Knight	Robinson
Bender	Feeney	Lafferty	Rockwell
Benson	Ferguson	Larkins	Roney
Bentley	Flynn	Light	Row
Blair	Freeman	Lindsay	Rumsey
Bosher	Frey	Lowe,	Sassaman
Bossert	Gans	Magee	Savidge
Boyd	Geary	Malie,	Schmidt
Brehm	Gibson	Mannion	Schofield
Breitinger	Gilkeson	Martin	Scott, J. R.
Brennan	Good	Marvin	Scott, S. B.
Caldwell	Gransback	Matt	Schadrach
Campbell, C.	Graybill	Maurer	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Guyaux	McAleer	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Haggerty	McArdle	Shreve
Carroll	Halferty	McGowan	Snavely
Carter	Hecht	McInernery	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Henry	McKean	Snyder, P
Clymer	Herman	McMullen	Speer
Cole	Hess	McNichol	Stein
Conner, P.	Hibshman	Miller	Swan
Conner, W.	Hilton	Moore	Swartz
Conrade	Hobbs	Morris	Townsend
Cox, E.	Holland	Moses	Tunis
Crum	Hoover	Neel	Von Tacky
Currier	Hough	Newbaker,	Wallace
Curry	Howard	North	Walnut
Dale	Hunter, J.	Perry	Walton
Dallas	Hunter, R.	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Davis, A.	Irwin	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Davis, W.	Jackson	Pitchford	Watts
Dearden	Johnson, C.	Rath	Whitman
Dershem	Johnston	Rebert	Williams
Detzel	Jones, E.	Reece	Woodward
Donahoe	Jones, J.	Reel	Cox, John F., Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 365.

Mr. JOHN R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I offer the following motion.

The SPEAKER. The motion will be read by the Clerk.

The motion was read by the Clerk as follows:

Move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 365 (House No. 777) file folio 2423, page 10 of to-day's calendar failed on third reading.

On the question of agreeing to the motion a division was called for, 75 members voting in the affirmative and 45 in the negative, and the motion was agreed to.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. PATRICK CONNER. Mr. Speaker, I move that the further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. FREY. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE ON SENATE BILL NO. 453.

Mr. ALTER. Mr. Speaker, for the purpose of offering an amendment which I think will remove the objection, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 453, at the bottom of page 8 of to-day's calendar, failed on final passage.

Mr. ALLEN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. ALTER. Mr. Speaker, I move to reconsider the vote by which this bill passed third reading.

Mr. GANS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. ALTER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer the following amendment.

The SPEAKER. The amendment will be read by the Clerk.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title by striking out all after the word "distribution," at the beginning of the second line and substituting the following, "whenever any appeal from such decree, involving the same question, shall be cognizable by and taken to the said court."

Amend section 1, by striking out all after the enacting clause, and substituting the following: "That whenever any appeal from any final decree of any Court of Common Pleas or Orphans' Court, upon any question of distribution, shall be cognizable by and taken to the Supreme Court, all other appeals from the same decree and involving the same question shall also be taken to the Supreme Court."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendment as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendment will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

The bill as amended was then agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended lie over for printing.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. SHREVE, from the Committee on Judiciary General, re-reported as amended House Bill No. 1340 (Senate No. 596), entitled:

An act providing for the liquidation distribution of assets and dissolution of corporations under the supervision of the Commissioner of Banking and repealing all acts of Assembly supplied hereby or inconsistent herewith

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. KEELY. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to and (at 5.40 P. M.) the House adjourned until this evening at 7.00 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MONDAY, May 22, 1911.

EVENING SESSION.

The House met at 7.30 o'clock.

The Speaker (JOHN F. COX) in the chair.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 799 (Senate No. 266), entitled:

An act in relation to the printing of appropriation bills in the pamphlet laws

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. AILMAN. Mr. Speaker, I think before this bill is voted on that it is worthy of a moment's attention. It occupies the unique position of all bills we have acted on thus far or will act upon this session. It actually, if I understand the bill rightly, and perhaps I don't, provides for a reduction of expenses. Think of that! It strikes me as being quite foolish in that it saves a drop at the bucket while it is throwing it out lavishly at the bung-hole. It provides for a mere outline of the appropriation bills in the

pamphlet laws, while the other bills are in full. I think the public would like to know the full text of appropriation bills, and therefore, I cannot vote for this retrenchment in expenses.

The question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—122

Akers	Ewing	Klingerman	Roney
Allen	Fahey	Klumpp	Row
Alter	Fay	Malie	Sassaman
Anderson	Ferguson	Marvin	Savidge
Baldwin, R. J.	Freeman	McAleer	Schad
Bass	Frey	McArdle	Schmidt
Bender	Gans	McClung	Schofield
Bentley	Geary	McInerney	Scott, J. R.
Bosher	Gilkeson	McMullen	Scott, S. B.
Boyd	Gransback	McNichol	Shadrach
Brehm	Gray	Miller	Shannon
Breitinger	Graybill	Moore	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Guyaux	Morris	Shreve
Campbell, J.	Haggerty	Moses	Snyder, P.
Carter	Halferty	Moulthrop	Steese
Clarency	Hecht	Neel	Stein
Clymer	Henry	Newbaker	Swan
Connell	Hess	North	Swartz
Conner, P.	Hibshman	Perry	Townsend
Conner, W.	Hobbs	Phillips	Tunis
Conrade	Hoover	Piper	Von Tacky
Cox, E. R.	Hough	Pitchford	Wallace
Cumbler	Howard	Rath	Walnut
Currier	Irwin	Reel	Walton
Curry	Jackson	Reno	Ward, W. Jr.
Dale	Johnson, C.	Reyburn	Welch
Davis, A.	Johnston	Rhoads	Williams
Donahoe	Jones, J.	Richards	Woodward
Dunn, H.	Keely	Rider	Young
Ehrhardt	Keene	Riebel	Cox, John F.
Eichenberger	Keister		Speaker

NAYS—27.

Allman	Davis, W.	Kuhns	Rockwell
Baldwin, G. A.	Dershem	Light	Schultz
Benson	Fitzgerald	Lowe	Shaffer
Bossert	Herman	Martin	Snavely
Brennan	Kelly, M.	Matt	Speer
Caldwell	Kinney	McJunkin	Ward, W. B.
Dallas	Knight	Reece	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 800 (Senate No. 137), entitled:

An act relating to free public non-sectarian libraries and branch libraries within this Commonwealth providing for their establishment maintenance and regulation and for the maintenance and regulation of such free public non-sectarian libraries as may have been already established by the several counties cities boroughs towns townships and school districts and providing that all library property and all gifts devises grants or endowments for library purposes shall be exempt from taxation and providing that the several counties cities boroughs towns townships and school districts may levy taxes condemn private property and borrow money for library purposes and imposing penalties for injuring library property and for violation of library regulation and repealing existing laws in relation to the above subjects

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—138.

Akers	Fahey	Kern	Row
Allen	Fay	Klingerman	Sassaman
Alter	Feeney	Klumpp	Savidge
Anderson	Ferguson	Kuhns	Schad
Baldwin, R. J.	Fitzgerald	Larkins	Schmidt
Bass	Frey	Magee	Scott, J.
Bender	Gans	Malie	Scott, S.
Benson	Geary	Marvin	Shadrach
Bentley	Gibson	McAleer	Shannon
Bosher	Gilkeson	McArdle	Sherwood
Boyd	Good	McClung	Shoemaker
Brehm	Gransback	McGowan	Shreve
Breitinger	Gray	McInerney	Snavely
Caldwell	Graybill	McKean	Snyder, A.
Campbell, C.	Guyaux	McNichol	Snyder, P.
Campbell, W.	Haggerty	Miller	Speer
Carroll	Halferty	Moore	Stein
Clarency	Hecht	Morris	Swan
Cleary	Henry	Moses	Townsend
Clymer	Hess	Neel	Tunis
Connell	Hibshman	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Conner, P.	Hobbs	North	Wallace
Conner, W.	Hoover	Perry	Walnut
Conrade	Hough	Phillips	Walton
Cox, E. R.	Howard	Piper	Ward, W. Jr.
Crum	Hunter, J.	Pitchford	Ward, W. B.
Cumbler	Irwin	Rath	Welch
Currier	Jackson	Reel	Whitman
Curry	Johnson, C.	Reno	Wilcox
Dale	Johnston	Reyburn	Williams
Davis, A.	Jones, John	Rhoads	Wilson
Dunn, J.	Keely	Richards	Woodward
Ehrhardt	Keene	Riebel	Young
Eichenberger	Keister	Roney	Cox, John F.
Ewing	Kelley, J.		Speaker

NAYS—20.

Allman	Carter	Herman	Martin
Baldwin, G. A.	Dallas	Hilton	Matt
Blair	Davis, W.	Kelly, M	McJunkin
Bossert	Dershem	Knight	Reece
Brennan	Freeman	Light	Schultz

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 803 (Senate No. 474), entitled:

An act to amend the first and second sections of an act approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act authorizing and requiring the county commissioners of each county in the State to appoint a sufficient number of suitable persons in each township and ward of their county at the expense of the county to look after bury and provide a headstone for the body of any honorably discharged soldier sailor or marine who served in the army or navy of the United States during the war with Spain or any preceding war and shall hereafter die in their county leaving insufficient means to defray the necessary burial expenses" by extending its provisions to all honorably discharged soldiers sailors and marines who shall die in their county and to all who were in active service in the militia of the State of Pennsylvania under and in pursuance of any of the proclamations issued by the Governor during the Civil War and not duly mustered into the service of the United States and shall hereafter die in their county or in any hospital asylum soldiers' home almshouse prison or house of detention in this Commonwealth or shall die beyond the State of Pennsylvania and shall have had legal residence within their county at the time of their death

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—159.

Abbott	Ewing	Klingerman	Reyburn
Allman	Fahey	Klumpp	Rice
Akers	Fay	Knight	Rider
Allen	Feeney	Lafferty	Riebel
Alter	Fitzgerald	Larkins	Robinson
Anderson	Flynn	Letzkus	Rockwell
Baldwin, G.	Freeman	Light	Roney
Bartman	Frey	Lowe	Row
Bass	Gans	Magee	Rumsey
Bender	Geary	Malie	Sassaman
Bentley	Gibson	Mannion	Savidge
Billman	Gilkeson	Martin	Schad
Bosher	Good	Marvin	Schofield
Bossert	Gransback	Matt	Schultz
Boyd	Gray	McAleer	Scott, J. R.
Brehm	Graybill	McArdle	Shadrach
Breitinger	Guyaux	McClung	Shaffer
Caldwell	Haggerty	McGowan	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Healey	McInerney	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Henry	McJunkin	Shreve
Carroll	Herman	McMullen	Snavely
Carter	Hess	McNichol	Snyder, P.
Clarency	Hilton	Miller	Speer
Cleary	Hobbs	Mills	Stein
Cole	Hoffman	Moore	Swan
Conner, P.	Hoover	Morris	Swartz
Conner, W.	Hormell	Moses	Townsend
Conrade	Howard	Moulthrop	Tunis
Crum	Hunter, J.	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Hunter, R.	North	Wallace
Curry	Jackson	Perry	Walnut
Dale	Johnson, C.	Phillips,	Walton
Davis, A.	Johnson, D.	Piper	Ward, W. B.

Dearden	Johnston	Pitchford	Watts
Dershem	Jones, J. R.	Raesley	Whitman
Detzel	Keely	Rath	Wilcox
Donahoe,	Kiester	Rebert	Wilson
Dunn, H. B.	Kelley, J	Reece,	Woodward
Dunn, J.	Kelly, M.	Reeser	Young
Eichenberger	Kern	Reno	Cox, John F.
Enbody			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 804 (Senate No. 133), as follows:

An Act regulating the issuance of licenses to marry prohibiting the issuance of such licenses to certain persons regulating the time during which licenses shall be valid and the time when returns shall be made of marriages solemnized to the clerk of the Orphans' Court prescribing the duties of the clerk of the Orphans' Court and providing penalties for the violations of the provisions of this act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That no license to marry shall be issued except upon written and verified application Such application shall contain a statement of the full Christian name and surname color occupation birthplace residence and ages of the parties whether the marriage contemplated is the first second or other marriage and that neither of the contracting parties is afflicted with a transmissible disease together with the full Christian name and surname residence color occupation and birthplace of their parents including the maiden name of the mother together with such other facts as may be necessary to determine whether any legal impediment to the proposed marriage exists Such application shall be recorded by the clerk together with the license and certificate of marriage in a book provided for that purpose which book shall be a public record

Section 2 Applications for license to marry shall be uniform throughout the State and it is hereby made the duty of the State Department of Health to furnish a form therefor to the several clerks at once upon the approval of this act Provided That said State Department of Health may revise said forms so furnished from time to time as may be advisable

Section 3 No license to marry shall be issued where either of the contracting parties is an imbecile epileptic of unsound mind or under guardianship as a person of unsound mind nor to any male person who is or has been within five years an inmate of any county asylum or home for indigent persons unless it satisfactorily appears that the cause of such condition has been removed and that such male applicant is physically able to support a family or if at the time of making application either of the contracting parties is under the influence of an intoxicating liquor or narcotic drug and no license shall be valid for a longer period than sixty days from the date of issue

Section 4 In those cases when the right to a license is not made to appear the clerk shall refuse to issue the same At once upon such refusal he shall certify the proceeding to the proper court without formality or expense to the applicants who shall be notified by him of such action Such application shall thereupon be at the earliest practicable time heard by the judge of said court without a jury in court or in chambers during the term or in vacation as the case may be and his finding that a license ought to issue or ought not to issue shall be final and the clerk shall act in accordance therewith the true intent of this section being to secure for the applicants a hearing by said judge without affirmative action by said applicants and to give notice to them of such hearing its time and place without delay or expense

Section 5 If persons resident of this State with intent to evade the provisions of section one and section three of this act go into another State and there have their marriage solemnized with the intention of afterward returning and residing in this State and do so return and reside in this State such marriage shall be void and illegal under the laws of this State. Provided That section shall not apply to persons who in good faith become or are citizens of any other State

Section 6 Whoever procures the issuance of a license to marry by any false statement representation or pretense shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars

Section 7 Whoever being duly authorized to solemnize marriage in this State knowingly joins in marriage persons who have not complied with the statute relative to the procurement of marriage license shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars and whoever being duly authorized to solemnize marriages in this State shall fail to make returns to the clerk of the Orphans' Court from which the license was issued of any marriage within three days after the same has been solemnized shall be fined in any sum not less than twenty-five dollars ($25.00) and not more than one hundred dollars ($100.00)

Section 8 Every clerk of the Orphans' Court who shall issue any license contrary to the provisions of this act shall be fined in any sum not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars All fines provided by this act shall be payable to the county in which the marriage license was issued or solemnized without a proper license and shall be recovered by an action of debt in the name of the said county as plaintiff in the same manner as other debts are recoverable by law with the usual costs in any court of record in any county of this Commonwealth in which the defendant or defendants shall be found

Section 9 All acts or parts of acts conflicting with the provisions of this act be and the same are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. DERSHEM. Mr. Speaker, I do not think that this bill should pass the House for the reason that it would change our marriage laws very materially, and I wish that you might refer to the fifth section of this bill, which reads as follows:

"If persons resident of this State with intent to evade the provisions of section one and section three of this act go into another State and there have their marriage solemnized with the intention of afterward returning and residing in this State and do so return and reside in this State such marriage shall be void and illegal under the laws of this State Provided This section shall not apply to persons who in good faith become or are the citizens of any other State."

I think this section alone should be sufficient to condemn this bill, and I hope the House will vote this bill down.

Mr. RICHARDS. Mr. Speaker, the sponsor of this bill, Senator Powell, came to me this afternoon and in a manner explained the provisions of this bill. This measure was given to him after being endorsed by the Allegheny Medical Association and other medical associations. After the bill had been presented to the House it was again referred to Dr. Dickson and after some minor changes it met with his entire approval, and I believe, Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, that this is a very worthy bill and should receive the support of every member of this House. There are some provisions in this bill that might not be in some respects entirely in accord with the members of this House, but there are too many good things in this bill to cause us to vote against it. The very first section, in which it says:

"That no license to marry shall be issued except upon written and verified application. Such application shall contain a statement of the full Christian name and surname, color (which is very necessary) occupation birthplace residence and age of the parties whether the marriage contemplated is the first second or other marriage and that neither party is afflicted with a transmissible disease."

That alone, Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, should influence the vote of every member of this House for this measure.

The question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—129.

Ailman	Eichenberger	Johnston	Rath
Akers	Enbody	Jones, John	Rebert
Allen	Ewing	Keely	Reno
Alter	Fahey	Keene	Reyburn
Anderson	Fay	Keister	Rhoads
Baldwin, G. A.	Feeney	Kelley, J.	Richards
Bass	Ferguson	Kelly, M.	Riehel
Bentley	Fitzgerald	Kelsey	Roney
Blair	Freeman	Klingerman	Sassaman
Bosher	Frey	Klumpp	Savidge
Boyd	Gans	Knight	Schad
Brehm	Geary	Kuhns	Schmidt
Breitinger	Gibson	Larkins	Scott, J. R.
Brennan	Gilkeson	Lowe	Scott, S. B.
Campbell, C.	Good	Magee	Sherwood
Carroll	Gransback	Malie	Shoemaker
Clarency	Gray	Mannion	Shreve
Cleary	Graybill	Maurer	Snyder, P.
Connell	Grove	McArdle	Steese
Conner, P.	Guyaux	McClung	Swartz
Conner, W.	Haggerty	McGowan	Townsend
Conrade	Halferty	Meinerney	Tunis
Cox, E. R.	Hecht	McJunkin	Von Tacky
Crum	Henry	McKean	Wallace
Currier	Herman	McNichol	Walnut
Curry	Hess	Miller	Walton
Dal	Hobbs	Moore	Ward, W. Jr.
Davis, A.	Hoover	Morris	Ward, W. H.
Dearden	Hough	Perry	Wilson
Donahoe	Irwin	Phillips	Woodward
Donnally	Jackson	Piper	Young
Dunn, H.	Johnson, C.	Pitchford	Cox, John F.
Eberhardt			Speaker

NAYS—39.

Baldwin, R. J	Dunn, J.	Matt	Rockwell
Bender	Healey	McAleer	Row
Benson	Hibshman	Moses	Schofield
Bossert	Hoffman	Neel	Schultz
Caldwell	Hunter, J.	Newbaker	Shaffer
Campbell, W.	Hunter, R.	North	Snavely
Clymer	Kern	Raesley	Swan
Dallas	Light	Reece	Ulerich
Davis, W.	Martin	Reel	Welch
Dershem	Marvin	Rider	Wilcox

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 823 (Senate No. 434), entitled:

An act to provide that persons buying real estate in this Commonwealth from executors or trustees named in the last will and testament of any person dying testate and who hold the same in trust under the provisions thereof and who make sale of same under the power of sale in said last will and testament contained shall take title to said real estate free and discharged of any obligation to see to the application of the purchase money

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—157.

Abbott	Fay	Kuhns	Robison
Ailman	Feeney	Larkins	Roney,
Allen	Ferguson	Leh	Row
Alter	Fitzgerald	Light	Rumsey
Anderson,	Freeman	Lindsay	Sassaman
Baldwin, G. A.	Gans	Magee	Schad
Baldwin, R.	Geary	Malie	Schmidt
Bartman	Gibson	Mannion	Schofield
Bender	Gilkeson	Martin	Schultz
Benson	Good	Marvin	Scott, S.
Bentley	Gransback	Matt	Shadrach
Blair	Gray	McAleer	Shaffer
Bosher	Grove	McArdle	Shannon
Boyd	Guyaux	McGowan	Sherwood
Brehm	Halferty	McInerney	Shoemaker
Breitinger	Healey	McKean	Shreve
Caldwell	Henry	McMullen	Snavely
Campbell, C.	Herman	McNichol	Snyder, A.
Campbell, W.	Hess	Miller	Snyder, P.
Carroll	Hibshman	Mills	Steese
Clarency	Hobbs	Moore	Speer
Cleary	Hoffman	Morris	Stein
Clymer	Hoover	Moses	Swan
Connell	Hough	Moulthrop	Swartz
Conner, P.	Howard	Newbaker	Townsend
Conrade	Hunter, J.	North	Tunis
Cox, E. R.	Hunter, R.	Perry,	Ulerich
Crum	Jackson	Piper	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Johnson, D.	Pitchford	Walnut
Currier	Johnston	Raesley	Walton
Dale	Jones, J.	Rath	Ward, W. Jr.
Davis, A.	Keely	Rebert	Ward, W. B.
Davis, W. H.	Keene	Reece	Watts
Dearden	Kelley, J.	Reel	Whitman
Detzel	Kelsey	Reno	Wilcox
Donahoe	Kern	Reyburn	Williams
Dunn, J.	Klingerman	Rhoads	Woodward
Ehrhardt	Klumpp	Richards	Young
Eichenberger	Knight	Riebel	Cox, John F.
Ewing		Robinson	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 826 (Senate No. 293), entitled:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act relating to damages for injuries producing death" approved the twenty-sixth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five by providing that the domicile residence citizenship or nationality shall be no bar as to the right to recover and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent therewith

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—160.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Keister	Reyburn
Ailman	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M.	Richards
Akers	Eichenberger	Kelsey	Rider
Allen	Ewing	Kern	Riebel
Alter	Fahey	Kinney	Robinson
Anderson	Fay	Klingerman	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Feeney	Klumpp	Roney
Bass	Ferguson	Knight	Row
Bender	Fitzgerald	Larkins	Rumsey
Benson	Freeman	Leh	Sassaman.
Bentley	Frey	Light	Schad
Billman	Geary	Lowe	Schmidt
Blair	Gibson	Magee	Schultz
Bosher	Gilkeson	Malie	Scott, J.
Bossert	Gransback	Mannion	Scott, S. B
Boyd	Gray	Martin	Shadrach
Breitinger	Graybill	Matt	Sherwood
Brennan	Grove	Maurer	Shoemaker
Campbell, C.	Guyaux	McArdle	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Halferty	McClung	Snyder, P.
Carroll	Healey	McGowan	Speer
Carter	Hecht	McJunkin	Steese
Clarency	Herman	McKean	Swan
Cleary,	Hibshman	McMullen	Swartz
Connell	Hilton	McNichol	Tunis
Conner, P.	Hobbs	Miller	Ulerich
Conner, W.	Holland	Moore	Von Tacky
Conrade	Hoover	Morris	Wallace
Cox, E.	Hough	Moulthrop	Walnut
Crum	Howard	Neel	Walton
Cumbler	Hunter, J.	North	Ward, W., Jr.
Currier	Hunter, R.	Perry	Ward, W. B
Curry	Irwin	Phillips	Watts
Dale	Jackson	Pitchford	Welch
Dallas,	Johnson, C.	Raesley	Wilcox
Davis, A.	Johnston	Rath	Williams
Dearden	Jones, E.	Reece	Wilson
Detzel	Jones, J.	Reel	Woodward
Donnally	Keely	Reeser	Young
Dunn, H. B.	Keene	Reno	Cox, John F., Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 829 (Senate No. 268), entitled:

An act providing for the report to the Auditor General by the prothonotaries of the courts of common pleas of corporations incorporated by such courts

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—164.

Abbott	Enbody	Klumpp	Robinson
Ailman	Ewing	Knight	Rockwell
Akers	Fahey	Light	Roney
Allen	Ferguson	Lindsay	Row
Alter	Flynn	Lowe	Rumsey
Anderson	Frey	Magee	Sassaman
Baldwin, G. A.	Gans	Malie	Savidge
Baldwin, R. J	Geary	Mannion	Schad
Bartman	Gilkeson	Martin	Schmidt
Bass	Good	Marvin	Schofield
Bender	Gransback	Maurer	Schultz
Benson	Gray	McAleer	Scott, J. B
Bentley	Graybill	McArdle	Scott, S. B.
Billman	Grove	McClung	Shaffer
Bosher	Guyaux	McGowan	Shannon
Bossert	Haggerty	McInerney	Sherwood
Boyd	Healey	McJunkin	Shoemaker
Brehm	Henry	McKean	Shreve
Brennan	Herman	McNichol	Snyder, A.
Caldwell	Hess	Miller	Snyder, P.
Campbell, J.	Hilton	Moore	Speer
Campbell, W.	Hobbs	Morris	Stein
Carter	Holland	Moses	Swan
Clarency	Hoover	Moulthrop	Swartz
Cleary	Hough	Neel	Townsend
Cole	Howard	Newbaker	Ulerich
Connell	Hunter, J.	North	Von Tacky
Conner, P.	Hunter, R.	Perry	Wallace
Conner, W.	Irwin	Phillips	Walnut
Conrade	Johnson, D.	Piper	Walton
Crum	Johnston	Pitchford	Ward, W. Jr.
Cumbler	Jones, E. E.	Raesley	Ward, W. B.
Curry	Jones, John	Rath	Watts
Dale	Keely	Rebert	Welch
Davis, W.	Keene	Reece	Whitman

Dearden	Keister	Reisel	Wilcox
Dershem	Kelley, J.	Reyburn	Williams
Dunn, H.	Kelsey	Rhoads	Wilson
Dunn, J.	Kern	Richards	Woodward
Ehrhardt	Kinney	Rider	Young
Eichenberger	Klingerman	Riebel	Cox, John F. Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 830 (Senate No. 492) entitled:

An act amending section one of the act of May twenty-first one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "An Act to establish the State Livestock Sanitary Board of Pennsylvania and to provide for the control and suppression of dangerous contagious or infectious diseases of domestic animals" and providing for the organization of said board and fixing the salaries of the secretary and of the treasurer and clerk thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—152.

Abbott	Dunn, H. B.	Jones, E.	Rhoads
Ailman	Ehrhardt	Jones, J. R.	Richards
Akers	Eichenberger	Keister	Rider
Allen	Enbody	Kelley, J.	Riebel
Anderson	Ewing	Kelly, M.	Robinson
Baldwin, R.	Fahey	Kelsey	Rockwell
Bass	Fay	Klingerman	Roney
Bender	Feeney	Klumpp	Row
Benson	Ferguson	Knight	Rumsey
Bentley	Fitzgerald,	Light	Sassaman
Billman	Flynn	Lindsay	Savidge
Bosher	Frey	Lowe	Schad
Bossert	Geary	Magee	Schmidt
Boyd	Gibson	Malie,	Schofield
Brehm	Gilkeson	Mannion	Scott, J.
Breitinger	Good	Martin	Shadrach
Brennan	Gransback	McArdle	Shaffer
Caldwell	Gray,	McClung	Sherwood,
Campbell, C.	Graybill	McGowan	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Grove	McInerney	Shreve
Carroll	Guyaux	McJunkin	Snyder, A. H.
Carter	Haggerty	McKean	Speer
Clarency	Healey	McNichol	Stein
Cleary	Hecht	Miller	Swan
Clymer	Henry	Moore	Townsend
Connell	Herman	Morris	Tunis
Conner, P.	Hibshman	Moses	Ulerich
Conner, W.	Hobbs	Moulthrop	Von Tacky
Conrade	Hoffman	Neel	Wallace
Crum	Holland	Newbaker	Walton
Currier	Hoover	North	Ward, W. Jr.
Curry	Hough	Perry	Ward, W. B
Dale	Howard	Phillips	Watts
Dallas	Hunter, J.	Pitchford	Whitman
Davis, A.	Hunter, R.	Raesley	Williams
Davis, W.	Irwin	Reel	Wilson
Dershem	Jackson	Reeser	Woodward
Detzel	Johnson, C.	Reno	Young
Donahoe	Johnston	Reyburn	Cox, J. Speaker
Donnally			

NAYS—5.

Baldwin, G.	Kern	Matt	Reece
Scott, S.			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

SENATE MESSAGES.

HOUSE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bills from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 671:

An act making an appropriation to refund to Jacob Beitzel of the City of York Pennsylvania certain moneys inadvertently and erroneously paid by him into the State Treasury for a distiller's license for a distillery heretofore and now known as the Hellam Distilling Company

House Bill No. 690:

A joint resolution to provide for the participation of the State of Pennsylvania in the Panama-Pacific International Exposition to be held at San Francisco California in nineteen hundred and fifteen to celebrate the completion and opening of the Panama Canal and the four hundredth discovery of the Pacific Ocean and providing for the appointment of a Commission and making an appropriation to defray the expenses of the same

House Bill No. 715:

An act refunding twenty-five dollars to Frederick J Cuneo

House Bill No. 730:

An act making an appropriation for the protection of the monument erected by this Commonwealth at Cherrytree or Canoe Place Indiana County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 732:

An act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to John Minsinberger the amount paid by him for his commission as a notary public

House Bill No. 741:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane" approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by extending the time during which said appropriation shall be available

House Bill No. 770:

A joint resolution constituting a commission to investigate and report to the General Assembly a plan for the segregation care and treatment of feeble-minded and epileptic persons within the Commonwealth and making an appropriation thereto

House Bill No. 774:

An act creating a Bureau of Preliminary Professional Eduation of students desiring to commence and fully complete the study of medicine surgery pharmacy or dentistry providing for the number and term and appointment of its members defining the powers and prescribing the duties of said Bureau authorizing rules and regulations therefor creating an appropriation for the maintenance thereof making the violation of the provisions of this act unlawful and prescribing the punishment therefor and repealing all laws inconsistent with this act

House Bill No. 825:

An act making an appropriation to pay the judgments obtained against the Commonwealth by Guiseppe Carraggi Stefano Pagano Salvatore Bellavia Salvatore Stutto Francesco Cirranni Guiseppe Cirrannia Cologero Arno Cologero Correro Carlo Plumeri Michalena Mandrina Muzza and Felice Muzza and Michalena Mandrina Muzza and Felice Muzza executors of Mariassunto Acro Guercio

House Bill No. 851:

An act to provide for the support of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and Naval Force of Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and for the payment of an annual allowance to officers of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and Naval Force of Pennsylvania and for the purpose of placing five hundred thousand dollars or as much thereof as may be necessary at the disposal of the Governor of the Commonwealth and making available to pay expenses incident to actual service rendered by the National Guard of Pennsylvania under orders of the Governor in repelling of invasion subduing insurrection riot or disorder or to furnish the quota of volunteers from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania under a call made by the President of the United States

House Bill No. 871:

An act to provide for the better protection of the lives bodies and health of women and new-born children throughout the Commonwealth by regulating the practice of midwifery as performed by midwives and to provide for the licensing and registration of midwives in the State of Pennsylvania and to provide that the Medical Council of the State of Pennsylvania shall enforce the provisions of this act making an appropriation therefor and providing certain penalties

House Bill No. 909:

An act making an appropriation to the Wyoming Valley Society for the Prevention and Treatment of Tuberculosis of Wilkes-Barre Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 910:

An act making an appropriation to the United Charities of Hazleton Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 911:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Middle Coal Field

House Bill No. 912:

An act making an appropriation to the Almira Home of New Castle Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 914:

An act making an appropriation to the Nanticoke Hospital Association

House Bill No. 914:

An act providing for an examination of the Nanticoke Hospital of Nanticoke Luzerne County Pennsylvania providing for the transfer under certain conditions of the said hospital to the Commonwealth regulating said hospital in the event of such transfer and making an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this act

House Bill No. 915:

An act making an appropriation to the Wilkes-Barre City Hospital

House Bill No. 917:

An act making an appropriation to the Old Ladies' Home of Wissinoming Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 921:

An act making an appropriation to the West Philadelphia Hospital for Women in the city of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 922:

An act making an appropriation for the Friends' Home for Children Philadelphia Pennsylvania situate at four thousand and eleven Aspen street (West Philadelphia)

House Bill No. 924:

An act making an appropriation to the Women's Southern Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 925:

An act making an appropriation to the Union Home for Old Ladies of West Philadelphia

House Bill No. 926:

An act making an appropriation to the Penn Asylum for Indigent Widows and Single Women located at Belgrade street and Susquehanna avenue Philadelphia

House Bill No. 927:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Mary's Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 928:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Museum and School of Industrial Art of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 929:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Aged of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 930:

An act making an appropriation to the Nazarene Home for the Aged at Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 931:

An act making an appropriation to the Samaritan Hospital of Temple University of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 932:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Blind

House Bill No. 933:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Society to Protect Children from Cruelty of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 934:

An act making an appropriation towards the maintenance of the Pennsylvania Nautical Schoolship located at the Port of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 935:

An act making an appropriation to the Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial Commission for the balance required to reimburse the railroad companies for the transportation to the dedication of the Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial dedicated September twenty-seventh one thonsand nine hundred and ten of such veterans of Pennsylvania regiments and other organizations as were entitled to be transported thereto

House Bill No. 936:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Home Teaching Society and Free Circulating Library for the Blind

House Bill No. 937:

An act making an appropriation to the Kensington Hospital for Women at Philadelphia

House Bill No. 938:

An act making an appropriation to the Stetson Hospital of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 939:

An act making an appropriation to the Northwestern General Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 940:

An act making an appropriation to the Chestnut Hill Hospital of Chestnut Hill Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 942:

A joint resolution providing for the appointment by the Governor of a Commission to be known as the Pennsylvania State Vaccination Commission and defining its powers and duties and making an appropriation for the expenses thereof

House Bill No. 943:

An act making an appropriation for the expenses required by an act entitled "An Act to provide for the continuance of the education and maintenance of the destitute orphans of the deceased soldiers sailors and marines and the destitute children of permanently disabled soldiers sailors and marines of the State" approved May twenty-fifth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine also making an appropriation to carry out the provisions of an act to provide for the education and maintenance of the children admitted to the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphans' Industrial School and the Soldiers' Orphans' Schools approved May twenty-seventh one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three

House Bill No. 945:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Seamen's Fund Society of Philadelphia Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 946:

An act making an appropriation for the McKeesport Hospital McKeesport Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 947:

An act making an appropriation to the Polyclinic Hospital of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 948:

An act making an appropriation to the Nursery Home of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 949:

An act making an appropriation to the Messiah Home Orphanage of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 950:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Industrial Home at Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 951:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless at Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 952:

An act making an appropriation to the Sylvan Heights Home for Orphan Girls at Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 954:

An act to provide for the publishing of the proceedings of the dedication of the Pennsylvania Monument at Salisbury North Carolina erected under an act of the Legislature of Pennsylvania June thirteenth one thousand nine hundred and seven providing for the distribution and clerical work thereof and making an appropriation for the same

House Bill No. 955:

An act making an appropriation to the Harrisburg Hospital of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 956:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittendon Mission of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 957:

An act making an appropriation to the Good Samaritan Hospital of Lebanon Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 958:

An act refunding to the trustees of the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane the sum of fifteen thousand dollars to liquidate outstanding bills against said institution

House Bill No. 959:

An act amending the fifteenth section of an act approved the twenty-second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania and making an appropriation therefor" as amended by the first section of an act approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act amending section fifteen of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the chronic insane to be called the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania and making an appropriation therefor' approved the twenty-second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one so as to fix the maximum amount for maintenance weekly per capita" by increasing to three dollars and fifty cents the maximum amount per capita for weekly maintenance one dollar and fifty cents thereof to be paid by the county or poor district from which the patient shall have been received

House Bill No. 960:

An act providing for the exhibition and celebration in Philadelphia to commemorate the fiftieth anniversary of the Emancipation Proclamation creating a commission to conduct same and making an appropriation therefor

House Bill No. 961:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Institute for the Deaf and Dumb for maintenance and education of State pupils and also a special appropriation for one deaf dumb and blind pupil

House Bill No. 962:

An act making an appropriation for the Cottage State Hospital Philipsburg Centre County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 963:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Training in Speech of Deaf Children before they are of School Age at Belmont Avenue and Monument Road Philadelphia

House Bill No. 964:

An act making an appropriation to the Board of Commissioners of Navigation for the River Delaware and its Navigable Tributaries for two years from June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

House Bill No. 965:

An act to provide for the payment of the expenses incident to the attendance of the members of the Pennsylvania Legislature at the funeral of the Honorable J. Calvin Meyer deceased

House Bill No. 966:

An act making an appropriation to pay for the care treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane in the State and semi-State hospitals for the insane of the Commonwealth for the two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

House Bill No. 967:

An act making an appropriation to pay for the care treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane in county and local institutions of the Commonwealth for the two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

House Bill No. 968:

An act making an appropriation to cover the deficiencies incurred in the care treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane of the Commonwealth during the two years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and nine and ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

House Bill No. 969:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Memorial Home at Brookville Jefferson County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 970:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Epileptic Hospital and Colony Farm Chester County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 971:

An act making an appropriation to the Beaver Valley General Hospital at New Brighton Beaver County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 972:

An act making an appropriation to the Rochester General Hospital at Rochester Beaver County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 973:

An act making an appropriation to the Beaver County Children's Home Association of New Brighton Beaver County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 974:

An act making an appropriation to the Sewickley Fresh Air Home in Beaver County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 975:

An act making an appropriation to the Passavant Memorial Homes for the Care of Epileptics at Rochester Beaver County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 976:

An act making an appropriation to the Adrian Hospital Association of Punxsutawney Jefferson County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 977:

An act making an appropriation to the National Farm School at Doylestown

House Bill No. 978:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Christopher's Hospital for Children of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 979:

An act making an appropriation to the Women's Homeopathic Association of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 980:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Infants

House Bill No. 981:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged Couples of the City of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 982:

An act making an appropriation to the Mount Siani Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 983:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Museums

House Bill No. 984:

An act providing for the erection by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a statue in memory of General George Gordon Meade in the City of Washington and making an appropriation therefor

House Bill No. 986:

An act making an appropriation to the Howard Hospital of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 987:

An act making an appropriation to the Mount Pleasant Memorial Hospital Mount Pleasant Westmoreland County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 988:

An act making an appropriation to the Homestead Hospital Association of Homestead Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 989:

An act making an appropriation to the Joseph Ratti Hospital located at Bloomsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 990:

An act making an appropriation to the Markleton General Hospital at Markleton Somerset County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 991:

An act making an appropriation for the Pennsylvania Oral School for the Deaf

House Bill No. 992:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Home and Maternity Hospital of Scranton Lackawanna County

House Bill No. 993:

An act making an appropriation to the Carbondale Hospital Association of the City of Carbondale

House Bill No. 994:

An act making an appropriation for the Associated Charities and Humane Society of Lackawanna County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 995:

An act making an appropriation to the West Mountain Sanatorium of Scranton Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 996:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittendon Mission of Scranton

House Bill No. 997:

An act making an appropriation to the Hahnemann Hospital of Scranton Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 998:

An act making an appropriation to the Taylor Hospital Association

House Bill No. 999:

An act making an appropriation to the Mid-Valley Hospital

House Bill No. 1000:

An act making an appropriation to the Benevolent Association's Home for Children of Pottsville Schuylkill County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1001:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb

House Bill No. 1002:

An act making an appropriation to the Elk County General Hospital of Ridgway Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1003:

An act making an appropriation to the Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic Home Department of Pennsylvania at Hawkins Station Allegheny County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1004:

An act making an appropriation to the Suburban General Hospital of Bellevue Allegheny County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1005:

An act making an appropriation to the Allegheny General Hospital of Pittsburg North Side Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1006:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Western Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1007:

An act making an appropriation to the Curtis Home for Destitute Women and Children of the City of Pittsburg State of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1008:

An act making an appropriation to the Columbia Hospital at Wilkinsburg to be applied to maintenance and improvements

House Bill No. 1009:

An act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital at Wilkes-Barre Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1010:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittendon Circle of Wilkes-Barre Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1011:

An act to provide for the publishing of the proceedings of the dedication of the Pennsylvania Monument at Cold Harbor Virginia erected under an act of the Legislature of Pennsylvania June thirteenth one thousand nine hundred and seven providing for the distribution and clerical work thereof and making an appropriation therefor

House Bill No. 1012:

An act making an appropriation to the Girls' Training School one hundred and thirty-one East Third Street Williamsport Lycoming county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1013:

An act making an appropriation to the Boys' Industrial Home at Williamsport Lycoming county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1015:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittendon Mission Williamsport Lycoming county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1016:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless of the City of Williamsport Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1017:

An act making an appropriation to the Lewistown Hospital of Lewistown

House Bill No. 1019:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Danville Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1020:

An act making an appropriation to the Butler County General Hospital at Butler Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1021:

An act making an appropriation to the Latrobe Hospital Latrobe Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1023:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Jospeh's Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1024:

An act making an appropriation to the Historical Society of Western Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1025:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Francis Hospital of Pittsburg

House Bill No. 1026:

An act making an appropriation to the Presbyterian Hospital of Pittsburg

House Bill No. 1027:

An act making an appropriation for the Dixmont Hospital for the Insane at Dixmont in the County of Allegheny

House Bill No. 1029:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittsburg Home for Babies of Pittsburg

House Bill No. 1030:

An act making an appropriation to the Institution of Protestant Deaconesses of Allegheny county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1031:

An act making an appropriation to the Chartiers Valley General Hospital of Ingram Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1032:

An act making an appropriation to the Montefiore Hospital Association of Pittsburg

House Bill No. 1033:

An act making an appropriation to the Home of the Good Shepherd of the County of Allegheny Troy Hill

House Bill No. 1034:

An act making an appropriation to the Industrial Home for Colored Working Girls Pittsburg

House Bill No. 1035:

An act making an appropriation to the German Home for Aged at Fair Oaks Allegheny county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1036:

An act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1037:

An act making an appropriation to the Orphans' Asylum of the Holy Family located at Emsworth in the County of Allegheny

House Bill No. 1038:

An act making an appropriation to the Protestant Home for Boys of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1039:

An act making an appropriation to Avery College Trade School of North Side Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1040:

An act making an appropriation to the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania located at Wernersville Pennsylvania to pay for the care treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane in said asylum for the two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

House Bill No. 1041:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Widows and Single Women of Lebanon and Lebanon county

House Bill No. 1042:

An act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburg

House Bill No. 1043:

An act making an appropriation to the State Forest Academy at Mont Alto Franklin County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1044:

An act making an appropriation to the Todd Hospital at Carlisle Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1045:

An act making an appropriation to the Board of Trustees of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' and Sailors' Home at Erie Pennsylvania for maintenance of said home and fixing the annual maximum per capita rate of maintenance and providing that all moneys received from the United States by the Governor on account of maintenance shall be paid into the State Treasury

House Bill No. 1046:

An act making an appropriation for the refunding of fees paid into the State Treasury by applicants for a notary public commission when for any cause such commission shall not be received by the applicant and making an appropriation therefor

House Bill No. 1047:

An act making an appropriation to the Newcastle Hospital at New Castle Lawrence County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1049:

An act making an appropriation to the Panther Creek Valley Hospital Coaldale Schuykill County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1051:

An act making an appropriation to the Medico-Chirurgical Hospital of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1052:

An act making an appropriation for the House of the Good Shepherd of Philadelphia situate at Thirty-fifth and Fairmount Avenue

House Bill No. 1053:

An act making an appropriation to the Woman's Hospital of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1054:

An act making an appropriation to the Hebrew Sheltering Home and Day Nursery for Children in the County of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1055:

An act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act for the compilation and publication of the laws of the Province and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania prior to the year one thousand eight hundred" approved the nineteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven continuing the commissioners appointed in accordance with the provisions of said act for the further period of two years and making an appropriation for the expenses therein referred to

House Bill No. 1056:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Temporary Home of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1058:

An act making an appropriation to the Midnight Mission of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1059:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Orthopaedic Hospital and Infirmary for Nervous Diseases

House Bill No. 1060:

An act making an appropriation to the Wills Eye Hospital of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1061:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Protectory for Boys Protectory Station Montgomery County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1063:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint John's Orphan Asylum Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1066:

An act making an appropriation to the Lying-in-Charity Hospital Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1067:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Aged one thousand eight hundred and nine (1809) Mount Vernon Street Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1068:

An act making an appropriation to the Chester Hospital at Chester

House Bill No. 1070:

An act refunding to Margaret F D Leiper moneys mistakenly paid by her into the State Treasury

House Bill No. 1072:

An act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania at South Mountain Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1075:

An act making an appropriation to the Beulah Anchorage of Reading Reading Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1076:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Friendless Children in City of Reading Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1077:

An act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital of Reading Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1079:

An act making an appropriation to the Berks County Tuberculosis Society for the erection of an additional hospital building and water plant on its grounds on Neversink Mountain Berks County and for maintenance of its sanatorium there

House Bill No. 1080:

An act making an appropriation to the York Hospital and Dispensary of York City Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1081:

An act making an appropriation to the York Society to Protect Children and Aged Persons formerly the Christian Home of York Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1082:

An act making an appropriation for the providing and erection of armories throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the use of the National Guard of Pennsylvania said armories to be erected managed and cared for under direction of the State Armory Board also an appropriation for the care and management of armories erected or provided and to be erected or provided for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven necessary repairs and contingent expenses in maintenance of armories actual traveling expenses of members of State Armory Board clerical expenses of board inspection expenses also an appropriation contingent upon fire or other cause and which may damage or destroy an armory or armories

House Bill No. 1083:

An act making an appropriation to the Paradise Protectory and Agricultural School at Paradise York County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1084:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Home of the City of York Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1085:

An act to provide for the payment of appropriations heretofore made or hereafter to be made by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to a corporation or corporations now or hereafter merged or consolidated

House Bill No. 1087:

An act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of continuing and maintaining schools among the Cornplanter Indians of Warren County" approved the tenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five by increasing the annual appropriation

House Bill No. 1088:

An act making an appropriation of two hundred dollars per year for a period of two years for the purpose of maintaining a public road through the Cornplanter Indian Reservation and the bridges on said road in Elk Township Warren County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1090:

An act making an appropriation to the Warren Emergency Hospital of Warren Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1092:

An act making an appropriation to the Berean Manual Training and Industrial School

House Bill No. 1093:

An act making an appropriation to the Northern Home for Friendless Children of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1094:

An act making an appropriation to the West Philadelphia General Homeopathic Hospital and Dispensary

House Bill No. 1095:

An act making an appropriation to the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia for the maintenance of its hospital department and the construction of a building to provide for the maternity department of that hospital

House Bill No. 1096:

An act making an appropriation to the Johnstown City Hospital

House Bill No. 1097:

An act making an appropriation to the Conemaugh Valley Memorial Hospital at the City of Johnstown

House Bill No. 1098:

An act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital of Johnstown located in the City of Johnstown Cambria County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1099:

An act making an appropriation to the Christian Home of Johnstown Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1100:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Luke's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1101:

An act making an appropriation for the Thaddeus Stevens Industrial School of Pennsylvania at Lancaster Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1102:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Friendless Children for the city and county of Lancaster Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1103:

An act making an appropriation to the Lancaster General Hospital

House Bill No. 1104:

An act making an appropriation to the Easton Hospital at Easton Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1105:

An act making an appropriation to the Berwick Hospital Berwick Columbia County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1107:

An act making an appropriation to the United Zion Home and Hospital Lititz Lancaster County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1108:

An act making an appropriation to the Topographic and Geological Survey Commission of Pennsylvania for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the Topographic and Geological Survey Commission of Pennsylvania to establish and maintain a topographic and geological survey of the State, fixing salaries providing for the printing and binding of the results of said survey and furnishing of supplies and stationery and making an appropriation therefor" approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

House Bill No. 1109:

An act to provide for the making of facsimiles of ancient documents papers seals and arms belonging to the Commonwealth and making an appropriation therefor

House Bill No. 1110:

An act making an appropriation to the Department of Forestry to be used in rebuilding the dam at Promised Land Pond in Pike County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1111:

An act making an appropriation to the Columbia Hospital located at Columbia Lancaster County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1112:

An act making an appropriation to the Bellefonte Hospital at Bellefonte Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1114:

An act making an appropriation to the Williamsport Hospital of the City of Williamsport Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1115:

An act making an appropriation to Charity Hospital of Montgomery County Pennsylvania located at Norristown

House Bill No. 1120:

An act making an appropriation to the Pottstown Hospital Pottstown Montgomery County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1121:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Industrial School formerly located at Paoli Chester County and now located at Eagleville Montgomery County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1122:

An act making an appropriation for the purchase of lands by the Department of Forestry to be set aside and held as State Forest Reserves

House Bill No. 1124:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital

House Bill No. 1125:

An act making an appropriation to the Colored Women's Relief Association of Western Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintaining the Davis Temporary Home for Colored Children and Day Nursery located at Pittsburg Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

House Bill No. 1126:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital for maintenance

House Bill No. 1127:

An act making an appropriation to enable the Secretary of Internal Affairs to purchase from the United States Government standard tests of weights and measures for use of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1128:

An act making an appropriation to the General and Emergency Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1130:

An act making an appropriation to the Visiting Nurse Association located in North Side City of Pittsburg Allegheny Couny Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1131:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Humane Society

House Bill No. 1132:

An act making an appropriation to the Allegheny Valley Hospital at Tarentum Allegheny County

House Bill No. 1134:

An act making an appropriation to the Ohio Valley General Hospital McKees Rocks Allegheny County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1135:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Fairview Wayne County

House Bill No. 1136:

An act making an appropriation to the South Side Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1137:

An act making an appropriation to Saint John's General Hospital of Allegheny City

House Bill No. 1138:

An act making an appropriation to the Boys' Industrial Home of Western Pennsylvania located at Oakdale Allegheny County

House Bill No. 1139:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home and Rescue Mission of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1140:

An act making an appropriation to the Western State Penitentiary

House Bill No. 1142:

An act making an appropriation to the Tuberculosis League of Pittsburg Pennsylvania for maintenance and improvement

House Bill No. 1143:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1144:

An act making an appropriation to the George Junior Republic Association of Western Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1145:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittsburg and Allegheny Home for the Friendless situated in the City of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1146:

An act making an appropriation to the Woods Run Industrial House of Allegheny now North Side Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1147:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittsburg Newsboys' Home of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1149:

An act making an appropriation to the St. Joseph's Protectory for Homeless Boys of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1151:

An act making an appropriation to the Chambersburg Hospital of Chambersburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1152:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Franklin County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1153:

An act making an appropration for the payment of a deficiency that has arisen under the provisions of an act entitled "An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania etc" approved the tenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and making an additional appropriation for expenses that may be required under the provisions of said act for the two years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

House Bill No. 1154:

An act making an appropriation to defray the expenses incident to the dedication of the monument now being erected under the provisions of an act of Assembly approved May thirteenth one thousand nine hundred and nine in the National Cemetery at Culpeper Virginia to the memory of the Pennsylvania soldiers buried therein

House Bill No. 1155:

An act making an appropriation to Wyoming Valley Hospital

House Bill No. 1156:

An act making an appropriation to Childrens Home of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1157:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged and Infirm Women at Easton Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1158:

An act making an appropriation to the Easton Home for Friendless Children

House Bill No. 1159:

An act making an appropriation to the Allentown Hospital Allentown Lehigh County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1160:

An act entitled an act making an appropriation to the St Luke's Hospital located at South Bethlehem Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1161:

An act making an appropriation to the Hospital Department of the Jewish Hospital Association of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1162:

An act making an appropriation to the Gynecean Hospital in the City of Philadelphia and State of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1163:

An act making an appropriation to the Home of Industry for Discharged Prisoners of the City of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1164:

An act making an appropriation to the Rosine Hospital of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1165:

An act making an appropriation to reimburse E. C. Rudolph of Big Run Pennsylvania for moneys expended by him in the suppression of a smallpox epidemic at Eleanora Jefferson County Pennsylvania.

House Bill No. 1167:

An act making an appropriation to the Waynesburg Hospital

House Bill No. 1168:

An act making an appropriation to the Meadville City Hospital located at Meadville Crawford County Pennsylvania

House Bill No 1169:

An act making an appropriation to Spencer Hospital located at Meadville Crawford County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1170:

An act making an appropriation to the Auxiliary of the Children's Aid Society of Western Pennsylvania located at Meadville Crawford County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1172:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Hospital for the treatment and care of the criminal insane to be called the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane and making an appropriation therefor" approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini nineteen hundred and five directing the commissioners for the erection of said State Hospital for the Criminal Insane to surrender their trust to a board of trusteees to be appointed by the Governor authorizing the said Board of Trustees to continue the erection and completion of the buildings of said State Hospital for the Criminal Insane and authorizing said Board of Trustees to receive at any time such numbers of criminal insane patients as can be accommodated in the buildings before the completion of the entire institution and further defining the powers and duties of said Board of Trustees

House Bill No. 1173:

An act making an appropriation to the Commission of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Fairview Wayne County

House Bill No. 1174:

An act making an appropriation to the Corry Hospital of the City of Corry Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1175:

An act making an appropriation to the Elmwood Home of Erie Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1176:

An act making an appropriation for the maintenance and for the purchase improvement equipment and furnishing a building at the Renovo Hospital at Renovo Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1177:

An act making an appropriation to the Lock Haven Hospital

House Bill No. 1179:

An act making an appropriation to the Union Hospital of Uniontown Fayette County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1180:

An act making an appropriation to the Robert Packer Hospital

House Bill No. 1181:

An act making an appropriation to the Providence Hospital of Beaver Falls Beaver County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1183:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Timothy's Memorial Hospital and House of Mercy Roxborough

House Bill No. 1184:

An act making an appropriation to the Garrettson Hospital of Temple University of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1185:

An act making an appropriation to the American Oncologic Hospital at Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1188:

An act making an appropriation to the Rush Hospital for Consumption and Allied Disease of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1189:

An act making an appropriation to the Women's Medical College of Pennsylvania for use in the Hospital Department Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1190:

An act making an appropriation to the Industrial Home for Crippled Children at Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1191:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittsburg Hospital Sisters of Charity of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1192:

An act making an appropriation to the Home of the Good Shepherd Lincoln avenue Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1193:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged and Infirm Colored Women Lemington avenue Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1194:

An act making an appropriation for Irene Kaufman Settlement of Pittsburg Pennsylvania formerly known as the Columbia School and Settlement of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1195:

An act making an appropriation for the Sewickley Valley Hospital Association of Sewickley county of Allegheny Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1196:

An act making an appropriation to the De Paul Institute of Scott Hownship Allegheny County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1197:

An act making an appropriation to the Northwestern Pennsylvania Humane Society of Erie Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1198:

An act making an appropriation to the Erie Home for the Friendless of the city of Erie Erie County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1199:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home of Erie

House Bill No. 1202:

An act making an appropriation to the Clearfield Hospital Clearfield County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1203:

An act making an appropriation to the Canonsburg General Hospital Association at Canonsburg Washington County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1204:

An act making an appropriation to the J C Blair Memorial Hospital of Huntingdon Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1205:

An act making an appropriation to the Simon H Barnes Memorial Hospital of Susquehanna

House Bill No. 1206:

An act making an appropriation to reimburse certain counties for monies paid to county agricultural associations in excess of the State appropriation

House Bill No. 1207:

An act making an appropriation to the Maternity Hospital in the city of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1208:

An act making an appropriation to the Miner's Hospital of Northern Cambria at Spangler in Cambria County

House Bill No. 1211:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged Veterans and Wives located at Sixty-fifth and Vine streets in the city of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1212:

An act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital and School for Nurses in the city of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1213:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1214:

An act making an appropriation to the Monongahela Memorial Hospital Association of Monongahela City Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1217:

An act making an appropriation to the Washington Hospital Washington Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1218:

An act making an appropriation to the City Hospital Association of Washington Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1219:

An act making an appropriation to the Altoona Hospital Blair County

House Bill No. 1220:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons at Mercer Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1222:

An act making an appropriation to the Christian H Buhl Hospital of Sharon Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1223:

An act to amend section nine of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of sites and the erection of State Hospitals thereon for injured persons to be located within the bituminous and semi-bituminous coal regions of this Commonwealth to be called the State Hospitals for Injured Persons within the bituminous and semi-bituminous coal regions of Pennsylvania and for the management of the same and making appropriations therefor" approved the fourteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven so as to authorize under certain contingencies the reception care and treatment of patients other than injured persons in said hospitals

House Bill No. 1224:

An act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital Altoona Blair County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1225:

An act making an appropriation to the Pottsville Hospita Schuylkill County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1226:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Anthracite Coal Regions of Pennsylvania at Fountain Springs near Ashland Schuylkill County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1227:

An act making an appropriation to the West Side Hospital Association of the city of Scranton

House Bill No. 1228:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless of the city of Scranton

House Bill No. 1231:

An act making an appropriation to the Braddock General Hospital of the borough of Braddock Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1232:

An act making an appropriation to the Grand View Institution of Oil City Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1233:

An act making an appropriation to the Franklin City Hospital

House Bill No. 1234:

An act making an appropriation to the Oil City Hospital of Oil City Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1235:

An act making an appropriation to the State Normal Schools of the Commonwealth

House Bill No. 1236:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania at Polk Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1238:

An act making an appropriation to the Kittanning General Hospital at Kittanning Armstrong County Pennsylvania

With information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

SENATE BILL FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented for concurrence bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

Senate Bill No. 1155:

An act making an appropriation to the Department of Mines of this Commonwealth for paying such expenditure as may be incurred to protect property and the public health and to promote the safety of citizens of this Commonwealth and others from loss and danger from a mine fire within the limits of the city of Carbondale Lackawanna County providing how such expenditures shall be made how the Commonwealth shall be repaid and authorizing the condemnation destruction and compensation therefor to carry into effect the purpose of this act and imposing certain obligations upon the county of Lackawanna

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. TOWNSEND asked and obtained unanimous consent to report a bill from committee at this time.

Mr. TOWNSEND, from the Committee on Railroads, reported as committed House Bill No. 1368 (Senate No. 346), entitled:

An act declaring the liabilitiy of railroad companies for loss or damage by fire providing a remedy therefor and relating to evidence thereof

Mr. HALFERTY asked and obtained unanimous consent to report a bill at this time.

Mr. HALFERTY, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended House Bill No. 1369 (Senate No. 379), entitled:

An act authorizing the Battlefield Commission of the Third Division Ninth Corps Army of the Potomac to purchase additional ground and authorizing the preparation and publication of a history of the proceedings incident to the erection and dedication of the monument at Petersburg Virginia including a history of the Pennsylvania reigments in said Division and making an appropriation therefor

Mr. SHREVE asked and obtained unanimous consent to report a bill from committee at this time.

Mr. SHREVE, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed House Bill No. 1370 (Senate No. 363), entitled:

An act regulating apprentices making it unlawful for any person or persons to employ an apprentice without first having obtained the consent of the apprentice's parents or legal guardians and an indenture or agreement in writing in accordance with the provisions of this act that apprentices so indentured shall serve not less than three (3) nor more than five (5) years' apprenticeship making it compulsory that employers taking an apprentice shall provide a way for such apprentice to be taught in reading writing spelling arithmetic and also in some of the technical branches of the trade or craft providing that all indentures shall be recorded in the office of the recorder of deeds in the county where the employer resides and providing penalties for the violations of the provisions of this act

Mr. WALNUT asked and obtained unanimous consent to report a bill at this time.

Mr. WALNUT, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed House Bill No. 1371 (Senate No. 263), entitled:

A joint resolution providing for the issuing of an invitation to neighboring States to a conference with respect to the taxing of oil gas and bituminous coal

Mr. SHREVE asked and obtained unanimous consent to report a bill at this time.

Mr. SHREVE, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported as committed House Bill No. 1372 (Senate No. 593), entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act relating to the appointment of stenographers and assistant stenographers to report proceedings in the several Courts of Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Courts of Quarter Sessions of the Peace of this Commonwealth as well as before commissioners masters and special masters in chancery referees examiners auditors and other officers prescribing their powers and duties and when such reports shall be evidence of the facts reported prescribing their compensation and allowances for expenses when the same shall be paid by the county wherein such stenographers or assistant stenographers are employed and when by the parties to such proceedings and repealing an act entitled "An Act directing the appointment of official stenographers in the several civil courts of this Commonwealth authorizing the appointment of stenographers by examiners masters referees commissioners and auditors authorizing the appointment of assistant stenographers repealing an act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation' approved May fifteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four repealing "An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation" approved May eighth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six and repealing "An Act defining the duty of court stenographers in the several counties in this State" approved June tenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one" approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven but such repeal not to revive any law repealed by the said act of twenty-fourth of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and thirty-five)

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1368 (Senate No. 346), entitled:

An act declaring the liability of railroad companies for loss or damage by fire providing a remedy therefor and relating to evidence thereof

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Mr. SHREVE asked and obtained unanimous consent to have House Bill No. 1370 (Senate No. 363) read on first reading at this time.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1370 (Senate No. 363), entitled:

An act regulating apprentices making it unlawful for any person or persons to employ an apprentice without first having obtained the consent of the apprentice's parents or legal guardians and an indenture or agreement in writing in accordance with the provisions of this act that apprentices so indentured shall serve not less than three (3) nor more than five (5) years' apprenticeship making it compulsory that employers taking an apprentice shall provide a way for such apprentice to be taught in reading writing spelling arithmetic and also in some of the technical branches of the trade or craft providing that all indentures shall be recorded in the office of the recorder of deeds in the county where the employer resides and providing penalties for the violations of the provisions of this act

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Mr. WALNUT asked and obtained unanimous consent to have House Bill No. 1371 (Senate No. 263) read on first reading at this time.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1371 (Senate No. 263), entitled:

A joint resolution providing for the issuing of an invitation to neighboring states to a conference with respect to the taxing of oil gas and bituminous coal

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

Mr. SHREVE asked and obtained unanimous consent to have House Bill No. 1372 (Senate No. 593) read on first reading at this time.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the first reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1372 (Senate No. 593), entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act relating to the appointment of stenographers and assistant stenographers to report proceedings in the several Courts of Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Courts of Quarter Sessions of the Peace of this Commonwealth as well as before commissioners masters and special masters in chancery referees examiners auditors and other officers prescribing their powers and duties and when such reports shall be evidence of the facts reported prescribing their compensation and allowances for expenses when the same shall be paid by the county wherein such stenographers or assistant stenographers are employed and when by the parties to such proceedings and repealing an act entitled "An Act directing the appointment of official stenographers in the several civil courts of this Commonwealth authorizing the appointment of stenographers by examiners masters referees commissioners and auditors authorizing the appointment of assistant stenographers repealing "An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation" approved May fifteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four repealing "An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation" approved May eighth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six and repealing "An Act defining the duty of court stenographers in the several counties in this State" approved June tenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one" approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven but such repeal not to revive any law repealed by the said act of twenty-fourth of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and thirty-five)

And said bill having been read at length the first time, Ordered, To be laid aside for second reading.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 778.

Mr. DEARDEN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer a motion.

The SPEAKER. The motion will be read by the Clerk.

The motion was read as follows:

Move that the vote by which House Bill No. 778 (Senate No. 394), file folio 2459, entitled:

An act to amend section eleven of an act entitled "An Act relating to corporations and to estates held for corporate religious and charitable uses" approved the twenty-sixth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five

was defeated on final passage be reconsidered.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I move that the further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. DEARDEN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

MOTION TO RECONSIDER VOTE.

Mr. R. J. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer a motion at this time.

The SPEAKER. The motion will be read by the Clerk.

The motion was read as follows:

Moved to reconsider the vote by which House Bill No. 839 (Senate No. 98), file folio 5469, entitled:

An act to amend section one of "An Act to exempt property to the value of three hundred dollars from levy and sale on execution and distress for rent" approved the ninth day of April one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine so that on a judgment obtained before an alderman magistrate or justice of the peace an attachment may issue without an execution having first been issued and returned 'no goods' and from said attachment execution only ninety per centum of all debts claims or demands due the defendant or defendants including wages or salary shall be exempt

was defeated on second reading.

Mr. WM. WARD, JR., Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The SPEAKER announced that the yeas appeared to have it. A division having been called for and sixty members having voted in the affirmative and seventy-three in the negative, the motion was not agreed to.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 798.

Mr. McJUNKIN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 798 (Senate No. 11), entitled:

An act relating to the sale of goods

was defeated on final passage be reconsidered.

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. McJUNKIN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. REYBURN. Mr. Speaker, I desire at this time to call up House Bill No. 1263, appropriation bill on final passage, postponed for the present.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 1263, as follows:

An act making an appropriation to Temple University of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of one hundred and ten thousand ($110,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to The Board of Trustees of Temple University of Philadelphia Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purposes

For the purpose of constructing new buildings the sum of ten thousand ($10,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For maintenance the sum of one hundred thousand ($100,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary Provided That twenty-five complete scholarships in a complete course of study of not less than three years duration shall be awarded to the State of Pennsylvania each year during any period for which an appropriation shall be made to the Temple University of Pennsylvania The said scholarships to be distributed by lot among the membership of the House of Representatives at the biennial session for the two years following any such appropriation

Section 2 No moneys for new buildings shall be available under this act until the Auditor General shall be assured that a proper site for said new buildings shall have been provided by gift from the City of Philadelphia or otherwise

The question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. REYBURN. Mr. Speaker, we have before us for consideration now an appropriation bill granting the sum of a hundred and ten thousand dollars to the Temple University of Philadelphia. If the House will bear with me for a few moments, I would like to place before you some facts in relation to this institution. Temple University was founded in the year 1884 by Dr. Russell Conwell, present head of the institution. It made its beginning with Dr Conwell as its sole teacher and seven pupils. From that year until the present the growth has been steady and most satisfactory. This institution was started by Dr. Conwell with the idea of filling a distinct want that had not been filled before in the educational history of the State of Pennsylvania. In 1904 the institution had progressed to such a point that a charter was applied for and granted and one extract from the charter, to show you the idea of the institution, reads something as follows: That the institution is founded with the idea of affording a higher education to workingmen. Now gentlemen, let me enlarge a little on that idea. The idea is that young men and young women, after they have gotten their ordinary course in the high schools of our State and find themselves forced to earn a living, they give up their education, and perhaps after the passage of a year or so they realize the great advantages that may accrue to them from pursuing higher studies in some branches. This institution was formed with just this one idea of enabling young men and young women, without interfering with their other labor, of enabling them to complete their education in any higher branch that they so desired. Gentlemen, that was the fundamental idea of the institution, that has been the idea of the institution from that date to this, and if we look at the records of the institution I think we will all agree that it has been successful. Since 1884 it has educated and helped to secure positions for some seventy-five thousand young men and women, and I can say, gentlemen, without fear of correction that there is no institution in the State that has more creditable graduates than this one. Now, gentlemen, the theory on which they have applied for an appropriation is that this institution renders a signal and great service to a class in the State of Pennsylvania which would otherwise be absolutely unable to obtain this education. Therefore, by all fairness, if we measure our appropriations by the amount of good that the institutions do which receive the State aid, this institution should receive this appropriation. Gentlemen, I wish you could all be as familiar as I am, and as are the members of the Philadelphia delegation and the men who live in Philadelphia, with the great benefit that this institution does. This is an institution that is without endowment. This institution is supported entirely by its friends. Last year the expenditures in conducting this institution were $130,000 in excess of the donations and the money earned by tuition fees.

Gentlemen, the graduates of this institution stand high. I say it with knowledge that never since this institution was founded has there been a graduate of either the law or medical departments who has failed to pass the State Board. Consider this! Weigh this when you are considering the qualifications of this instituton. Not one graduate has ever failed to pass the State Board. Gentlemen, I think, this is a worthy and an appropriate cause, and the money of the State of Pennsylvania will not be idly or wastefully expended if appropriated in behalfo f this institution, and I respectfully ask for your support.

Mr. R. J. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I want to say to the gentlemen of the House that I feel very well acquainted with this educational institution, and I want to say to you all that of all the money I would be willing to vote for any educational institution like the University of Pennsylvania, the State Normal School, or any other University or educational institution, I would prefer to vote for the Temple College appropriation because the Temple University is the institution that gives the poor boy and the poor girl in Philadelphia and Pennsylvania a chance to do something and an opportunity to obtain a higher education.

Mr. AILMAN. Mr. Speaker, I am sorry to have to take a position on a measure that would seem to indicate that I am against this institution that these gentlemen are speaking so eloquently for. I would be glad to give this institution all it asks for and more if I could also give to every other institution in the State, perhaps equally deserving, all that they might ask for or feel that they should have in the way of State aid, but I think right now is a good time to call a halt in this matter. You cannot give aid to educate everybody's son or daughter in the way of an education—this is something that comes to them that somebody has not been obliged to work for to produce, and just as much as we require some man to go out and do something and do that for which he has to work so to educate our sons and daughters somebody else should not be expected to work to do that. If it is done you are doing so much to equip him and make it possible for him to get this education for a man with a son or a daughter, the education that they ought to have and would like to give them, and which otherwise they must work for. Someone must pay for it and in this case the taxpayers of the State are asked to assist in the education

of men and women, and the question is just how far has the State a right to go in educating anybody. The State has no logical right to go any farther in the education of the children of the public than is necessary to fit them for the duties of citizenship, and when you have gone so far you have no right to go any farther My interest in the education of your boys and girls and my boys and girls is just as great as your interest is in their education, to the extent that it shall fit them to be good citizens, and my interest ceases there. You have no right to tax me to fit them for professions or for clerkships or for trades or for any occupatin by which they shall gain a livelihood or gain wealth. Your interest in the education of my children can go just so far and no farther. I have no right to ask you to pay taxes to educate my children beyond the point of becoming good citizens. If you will apply that all the way through that is my understanding of the matter. This proposition if carried through would compel the man who has never seen Temple University or any other university, whose boys and girls will never get inside of any college anywhere—it will simply enable or compel him to pay taxes to give other children a better education than you will be able to get for your children if you will give money lavishly and State moneys to institutions of this character. If this institution is what the gentlemen who have spoken on the question claim it to be, and I don't doubt their claims, there ought to be public spirit enough, there ought to be philanthrophy enough in the City of Philadelphia to give that institution all the money it needs. There are many richly endowed institutions in this country that don't go to the State Government or the National Government for aid; they get all the money they want from private citizens who are public spirited and that is the place where this institution should look for its money. I believe there are forty institutions in this State to-day that have just as much of a right to come here and ask for aid as this institution, and I would be glad to give it to them if we could just have the magic wand that would turn everything into gold that we touch, but the only magic wand is, as I have said in the beginning, that which produces wealth, labor; something that somebody has to work for, and I don't want to work and prevent my boys and girls to get the education they might like to get or should have by being taxed to pay for the education of boys and girls who might get the benefit of this education. I would like to have all of them secure it and I would like to have every boy and girl in this Commonwealth get that education if I was not taxed so much already to secure enough of an education for them to make good citizens of them. I am told that this is a church institution, founded and supported as a church institution until the present time by some particular denomination—a denominational institution, and if that is so, and I have received this information from a reliable source, and I presume that I am correct, and if I am not some one can correct me if that is not so, and if this is so then I have all the more reason for voting against it much as I would like to vote for the bill.

Mr. REYBURN. Mr. Speaker, just a word in answer to the gentleman from Juniata. I think the gentleman from Juniata takes a somewhat illogical position. He admits that this is a most worthy institution and a good cause and yet he says because there are forty other institutions in the State that do the same kind of work that are working along the same educational lines who cannot receive State aid, he must vote against this bill. I maintain that they are not the same kind of institutions. For the sake of argument I will refer to the point which the gentleman from Juniata makes—why they should not all receive an appropriation from this Commonwealth? Gentlemen, I would say that if they give the same benefits to the young men and the young women in the State of Pennsylvania that this institution gives, that they all should receive a State appropriation because they are offering special advantages and benefits to the young men and young women of our State.

Mr. GEORGE A. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Reyburn, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. REYBURN. Mr. Speaker, if the gentleman will be good enough to allow me to conclude I will answer any query that I may be able to answer. This institution some years ago gave eight hundred free scholarships to the citizens of Philadelphia and Pennsylvania until their resources were so crippled that they were compelled to cut this number down as they were unable to continue at that rate. They now give from eighty to ninety free scholarships every year. By the amendment offered by the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Abbott, last Friday, and most heartily agreed to by the trustees of this institution they are to give twenty-five free scholarships each year—which makes it fifty free scholarships for each session—to the members of this House.

Now, Mr. Speake. and gentlemen, if the gentleman from Beaver has any questions to put that I can answer I will do so.

Mr. GEORGE A. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I would ask the gentleman if under the general theory upon which an appropriation is asked from the State for this institution that the State should not also grant appropriations to other private schools and colleges—for instance the City College, situated in Mercer county, in this State.

Mr. REYBURN. Mr. Speaker, I was not aware that that institution asked for an appropriation, but if the institution was worthy, and I have no reason to doubt the correctness of the gentleman's statement, if that institution does the same kind of work that is done by the Temple University, an appropriation should be granted to it.

Mr. GEORGE A. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman from Philadelphia to inform the members of this House how many students outside of the City of Philadelphia atend this institution?

Mr. REYBURN. I cannot quote the exact figures, but I think there are many gentlemen in this House, from different sections of this State, who will testify to the fact that in their immediate neighborhood there are deserving young men and young women who are now being educated or have already been educated in this institution.

Mr. GEORGE A. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, what will the State of Pennsylvania get in return for this appropriation?

Mr. REYBURN. Mr. Speaker, I have already explained that fifty free scholarships will be given to the members of this House at each session, twenty-five every year, if this appropriation is granted to the Temple University. I have endeavored to impress that on the members of this House, and through this means poor boys and poor girls will be given a chance to equip themselves mentally to take their rightful place in the world and make something of their lives.

Mr. GEORGE A. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, this is an absolutely private school. There are many other institutions, academies, business colleges and other kinds of schools engaged in educational work all over the State that are just as worthy as this school is, and if they are and if this appropriation be granted to this institution I should like to have explained why the Temple University should be singled out from all the other good schools and institutions which I have enumerated in this State, for an appropriation. I should like to have the gentleman explain satisfactorily to the House why this one institution of all the schools of the State, including Westminster College, in Mercer county; Grove City College, Allegheny College and Beaver College, in Beaver county, and many other schools that I might mention, why are they refused State money when you propose to take one hunudred and ten thousand dollars out of our State Treasury to give to the Temple University. If that question can be answered to my satisfaction I will be ready to vote for this bill.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, the question has been asked here to-night, what does the State of Pennsylvania get in return for this proposed appropriation to the Temple University? I take it that the citizens of Philadelphia are citizens of the State of Pennsylvania, and even if they don't educate any one else excepting Philadelphia boys and girls, I think every member of this House would take a certain pride in that character of an institution and the kind of work they are doing. The State of Pennsylvania gets fifty scholarships for each session. Why do they come here for money? Because of the worthy character of the work they are doing in the way of education of worthy boys and girls. They have made their tuition charges so small that the institution has not been able to carry on the very liberal educational program which they have mapped out, and to continue in this good work they have to come here for money. Where is there another college in this State that gives the useful and practical education at the very low charges made by the Temple University? They have a medical school, they have a legal department, they have a business department and they teach other branches into which any boy or any girl in Philadelphia can go and receive great benefit. I take it that we should not be narrow

about it. I don't think that because it is a Philadelphia institution which does a great deal of good that the members of this House who represent the interests of Pennsylvania should place a bar to the progress of such an institution. I take it to-night that we will be broad enough to assist this institution where a young man who is able to pay a small charge for his son or daughter can feel that he can send him or her, which he can do if he desires to send any of his children, to Temple College.

Mr. HESS. Mr. Speaker, this institution has been referred to, first as a pet institution, and second as a sectarian institution. In answer to the second reference the board of trustees of this institution is made up of Methodists, Catholics, Episcopalians, Baptists, Presbyterians, Lutherans and Friends. In reference to this institution being a pet institution, I want to say that four or five months ago I did not know a thing in the world about the Temple University, but it was my pleasure and privilege within that time to visit this institution, and from the very first day that I had the privilege of looking inside the doors of this college, I want to say to the members of this House that I have been most profoundly interested. This is the one university in which I have found practically the entire student body earning their livelihood and making their way through college by working in some adjacent lawyer's office, or in some adjacent doctor's office, or in some of the shops and great industries of the City of Philadelphia. From 1895 to 1900 this institution gave away almost 600 free scholarships, but that privilege was abused to such an extent that it became essential to discontinue this liberality, and at the present time there are more than 650 students who are paying from $5 to $25 a course. Is there any other university within the confines of this State that is giving a young man or a young woman a university education, anything like as thorough at that which is given by this institution for from $5 to $25 a course? Is there any other university in this State that is enabling practically its entire student body to make a livelihood. The young man going down to Philadelphia from the farm, and wants to study law, the faculty agrees to place him in a lawyer's office while he is studying; if a young man desires to become an engineer the faculty agrees to place him into an engineering establishment so that he can thereby put into practice the theory that he learns while he is attending this institution. Can you deny the fact that the fellow who has the stick-to-itiveness and the application to pursue that sort of a course is going to be the young man that will be heard from at some future time in this great State? I hope that you will not deny this institution the assistance that they ask for. I hope his bill will pass.

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—143.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Jones, E. E.	Riebel
Akers	Ehrhardt	Keely	Robinson
Allen	Eichenberger	Keene	Robison
Alter,	Ewing	Keister	Roney
Anderson	Fahey	Kelley, J.	Row
Baldwin, R.	Fay	Kelsey,	Sassaman
Bass	Feeney	Klingerman	Savidge
Bender	Ferguson	Klumpp	Schad
Bentley	Flynn	Kuhns,	Schmidt
Blair	Freeman	Lindsay	Schofield
Bosher	Frey	Magee	Schultz
Brehm	Gans	Malle,	Scott, J.
Breitinger	Gilkeson	Mannion	Shadrach
Campbell, C.	Good	Marvin	Sherwood
Campbell, W.	Gransback	McAleer	Shreve
Carroll	Graybill	McArdle	Snyder, P.
Carter	Grove	McClung	Steese
Clarency	Guyaux	McGowan	Stein
Cleary	Haggerty	McInerney	Swan
Clymer	Halferty	McMullen	Swartz
Cole	Hecht	McNichol	Townsend
Connell	Herman	Miller	Tunis
Conner, P.	Hess	Moore	Ulerich
Conner, W.	Hibshman	Morris	Van Tacky
Conrade	Hilton	Moses	Walton
Cox, E.	Hoffman	Noel	Ward, Wm., Jr
Crum	Holland	North	Ward, W.
Cumbler	Hoover	Perry	Welch
Currier	Hough	Phillips	Whitman
Curry	Howard	Pitchford	Wilcox
Dale	Hunter, J.	Rath	Williams
Davis, A	Hunter, R.	Reeser	Wilson
Dearden	Irwin	Reno	Woodward
Detzel	Jackson	Reyburn	Young
Donahoe	Johnson, C.	Rhoads	Cox, John F.
Dunn, H.	Johnston	Richards	Speaker

NAYS—39.

Allman	Dershem	Light	Reece
Baldwin, G.	Enbody	Martin	Rider
Benson	Fitzgerald	Matt	Rumsey
Bossert	Gray	Maurer	Scott, S.
Boyd	Hobbs	McJunkin	Shannon
Brennan	Jones, J.	McKean	Snavely
Caldwell	Kelly, M.	Newbaker	Snyder, A.
Campbell, J.	Kern	Piper	Wallace
Dallas	Knight	Raesley	Walnut
Davis, W.	Lafferty		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

The SPEAKER. This is the hour set by resolution for the consideration of Senate Bill No. 382.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1287 (Senate No. 382), as follows:

An act to amend sections two three eight thirteen and fourteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for the violations of its provisions" approved the seventeenth day of February Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six and sections five six seven ten fifteen and sixteen of said act as amended by the act entitled "An Act to amend the act of February seventeenth one thousand nine hundred and six entitled 'An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for violations of its provisions' by changing the days and hours of registration providing an additional registration day for the Spring primary providing that foreign born citizens unable to produce their father's registration papers may be registered upon making affidavit providing for the registration of citizens between the February election and the Spring primary altering the procedure of the appointment of registrars of appeals to the commissioners and to the courts and providing that proper notice of each be given providing that registered persons shall be entitled to vote only in case they have not since registration become disqualified enlarging the powers of the registration commissioners in certain particulars altering the phaseology of the act so as to make it clear that electors may register at either fall or winter periods that they may be registered by the commissioners only if ill or absent on all the registration days and that the lists shall become of no validity at the beginning of the new registration period providing that the lists shall be preserved for two years that an applicant for registration unable to write shall make affidavit of the fact providing that the registrars shall notify the registration commissioners of the registration of persons previously registered in the same city and making certain verbal corrections in the language of the same" approved June third one thousand nine hundred and seven by further defining "party" and who may be appointed registrars increasing the terms of commissioners changing the registration days and the form of register "the number of registrars and providing further regulations for the registration of electors" requiring all petitions to be under oath and empowering the recorder of the Board of Registration Commissioners to administer oaths and providing for additional employes for said boards and fixing their compensation and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it it hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section two of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for violations of its provisions" approved the seventeenth day of February Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six which reads as follows

"Section 2 'Commissioners' as used herein has reference to Registration Commissioners 'oath' includes affirmation and 'swear' includes affirm wherever used All references to public officers or municipal authorities where not otherwise specified shall be understood to refer to the authorities of the proper county or judicial district 'Party' as used herein has reference to a political party which at the last election polled two per centum of the vote cast in any city or election district for the candidate receiving the largest vote therein 'Register' means the book containing or to contain the registry list of electors prepared by the registrars 'General election' means the election held in November'" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 2 "Commissioners" as used herein has reference to Registration Commissioners "oath" includes affirmation and "swear" includes affirm wherever used All references to public officers or municipal authorities where not otherwise specified shall be understood to refer to the authorities of the proper county or judicial district "Party" as used herein

has reference to a political party which at the last Presidential election polled two per centum of the vote cast in any city or election district for the Presidential elector receiving the largest vote therein "Register" means the book containing or to contain the registry list of electors prepared by the registrars "General election" means the election held in even numbered years "Municipal election" means the election held in odd numbered years

Section 2 That section three of said act which reads as follows

"Section 3 The Governor of the Commonwealth shall not later than June fifteen in the year one thousand nine hundred and six and in every third year thereafter appoint a Board of Registration Commissioners for each of said cities consisting of four duly qualified electors of said city not more than two of whom shall be members of the same party The Commis- shall hold office during the remainder of the term of the commissioner in whose place he was appointed All appointments shall be so made that at no time shall more than two commissioners belong to the same party Commissioners in cities of the first class shall receive a compensation at the rate of three thousand dollars per annum in cities of the second class at the rate of two thousand dollars per annum said compensation shall be paid by the treasurer of the proper city" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 3 The Governor of the Commonwealth shall not later than June fifteen in the year one thousand nine hundred and twelve and in every fourth year thereafter appoint a Board of Registration Commissioners for each of said cities consisting of four duly qualified electors of said city not more than two of whom shall be members of the same party The Commissioners shall hold office for a term of four years or until their sioners shall be filled by the Governor within ten days after the vacancy occurs and the person appointed to fill such vacancy shall hold office during the remainder of the term of the commissioner in whose place he was appointed All appointments shall be so made that at no time shall more than two commissioners belong to the same party Commissioners in cities of the first class shall receive a compensation at the rate of three thousand dollars per annum in cities of the second class at the successors duly qualify Any Commissioner may be removed for cause by the Governor Any vacancy in a Board of Commissrate of two thousand dollars per annum said compensation shall be paid by the treasurer of the proper county

Section 3 That section five of said act as amended by section one of the act approved June third one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to amend the act of February seventeenth one thousand nine hundred and six entitled 'An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for violations of its provisions" by changing the days and hours of registration providing an additional registration day for the spring primary providing that foreign born citizens unable to produce their father's naturilization papers may be registered upon making affidavit providing for the registration of citizens between the February election and the spring primary altering the procedure of the appointment of registrars of appeals to the commissioners and to the courts and providing that proper notice of each be given providing that registered persons shall be entitled to vote only in case they have not since registration become disqualified enlarging the powers of the registration commissioners in certain particulars altering the praseology of the act so as to make it clear that electors may be registered at either fall or winter periods that they may be registered by the commissioners only if ill or absent on all the registration days and that the lists shall become of no validity at the beginning of the new registration period providing that the list shall be preserved for two pears that an applicant for registration unable to write shall make affidavit of the fact provising that the registrars shall notify the registration commissioners of the registration of persons previously registered in the same city and making certain verbal corrections in the language of the same" which reads as follows

"Section 5 The commissioners shall not later than August fifteenth of each year appoint four registrars for each election district as herein provided The registrars must be duly qualified electors of the said district and shall have been residents of the city for a period of two years and of the ward for one year immediately preceding their appointment They must be sober and judicious persons of good moral character able to read intelligently and to write legibly Two of the registrars shall be members of the party polling the highest vote within the election district at the preceding election and two shall be members of the parties polling the next highest number of votes The commissioners shall provide at all times a board of registrars not more than two of whom shall be of the same political faith If therefore it appears at any time that by reason of a change in political affiliations or because of error in the appointment a board is not so divided any ten electors of the ward may file a petition with the commissioners setting forth the facts any praying that one or more of the appointments may be revoked and that other appointments may be made The commissioners shall grant a public hearing and if they find the facts to be as represented shall give the relief asked but no registrars shall be removed merely because his party at an election following his appointment has polled a less number of votes in the district than two other parties No person who holds or is a candidate for public office shall act as registrar Two of the said registrars one of whom shall be of the majority party shall be designated by the commissioners to have charge of the voting check list as hereinafter provided

The names of four qualified persons shall be suggested to the commissioners by petitions duly filed for each district two by the party polling the highest vote in the district at the last preceding election and two by the party or parties polling the next highest number of votes by the district executive committees if such exist and if not by the city commissioners The petitions shall be signed by five electors of the ward and shall set forth the names addresses and occupations and political affiliations of the persons suggested At least one of the signers of the petitions shall swear to the truth of the facts set forth therein The petitions shall remain on file open to the public inspection at least ten days before the person named therein shall be appointed except in cases where a vacancy occurs in the office of registrar within ten days of a registration day If no petitions are filed the persons may appoint without regard to party and if the persons suggested by petition are unfit shall have power to appoint others of whom they have knowledge No appointment shall be made unless the person to be appointed has personally appeared before the commissioners and has satisfied them of his qualifications but in case of a reappointment it shall not be necessary for the person so reappointed to be summoned At least one week's notice of the time and place of the examination for each ward or election district of those persons who have been suggested by petition or are under consideration for appointment as registrars in such ward or election district shall be published by the commissioners in at least two daily newspapers in the city Any elector may appear in person and first being duly sworn and show wherein any person so under consideration does not possess the qualifications of a registrar If the persons nominated are found not to be properly qualified the commissioners may decline to appoint them and the district executive committee ward executive committee or city committee shall then suggest other names as aforesaid

No person shall be appointed a registrar unless the appointment is approved by three commissioners Provided That if two commissioners have concurred in approving four persons successively to fill one position and the other two commissioners have concurred in objecting to said persons the commissioners first referred to may approve four other names and from these eight all having been suggested by petition the other two commissioners must select the registrar

The commissioners shall have power to summon any person whom they desire to interrogate and all persons testifying before said commissioners shall be first duly sworn by said commissioners Any person so appointed a registrar must perform his duties as prescribed by this act unless excused therefrom his duties as prescribed for cause shown The registrars shall receive a compensation of ten dollars per day for the time actually spent in registration" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 5 The Commissioners shall not later than August fifteenth of each year appoint three registrars for each election division as herein provided The registrars must be duly qualified electors of the said division and shall have been residents of the city for a period of two years and of the ward for one year immediately preceding their appointment They must be sober and judicious persons of good moral character able to read intelligently and to write legibly Two of the registrars shall be members of the party polling the highest vote in excess of two per centum cast within the election division at the last preceding Presidential election for the Presidential elector receiving the largest vote therein and one shall be a member of the party polling the next highest number of votes in excess of two per centum cast within the election division at the last preceding Presidential election for the Presidential elector receiving the largest vote therein The commissioners shall provide at all times a board of registrars not more than two of whom shall be of the same political faith If therefore it appears at any time that by reason of a change in political affiliations or because of error in the appointment a board is not so divided any ten electors of the ward may file a petition with the commissioners setting forth the facts and praying that one or more of the appointments may be revoked and that other appointments may be made The commissioners shall grant a public hearing and if they find the facts to be as represented shall give the relief asked for Two of the said registrars one of whom shall be of the majority party shall be designated by the commissioners to have charge of the voting check list as hereinafter provided No person who holds or is a candidate for public office shall act as registrar The names of three qualified persons shall be suggested to the commissioners by petitions duly filed for each division two by the party polling the highest vote in excess of two per centum within the division at the last preceding Presidential election for the Presidential elector receiving the largest vote therein and one by the party polling the next highest number of votes in excess of two per centum within the election division at the last preceding Presidential election for the Presidential elector receiving the largest vote therein by the district division committees if such exist and if not by the ward executive committees if such exist and if not by the city committees These petitions shall be signed by five electors of the ward and shall set forth the names addresses and occupations and political affiliations of the persons suggested Each candidate for registrar shall swear to the truth of the facts set forth in his petition The petitions shall remain on file open to public inspection at least ten days before the person named therein shall be appointed except in case where a vacancy occurs in the office of registrar within ten days of a registration day If no petitions are filed the commissioners may appoint without regard to party and if the persons suggested by petition are unfit shall have power to appoint others of whom they have knowledge No appointment shall be made unless the person to be appointed has personally appeared before the commissioners and has satisfied them of his qualifications but in case of a reappointment it summoned At least one week's notice so reappointed to be summoned At least one eek's notice of the time and place of the examination for each ward or election division of those persons who have been suggested by petition or are under consideration for appointment as registrars in such ward or election division shall be publised by the Commissioners in at least two daily newspapers in the city Any elector may appear in person and first being duly sworn and show wherein any person so under consideration does not possess the qualifications of a registrar If the persons nominated

are found not to be properly qualified the commissioners may decline to appoint them and the division committee ward executive committee or city committee shall then suggest other names as aforesaid

No person shall be appointed a registrar unless the appointment is approved by three commissioners Provided That if two commissioners have concurred in approving three persons successively to fill one position and the other two commissioners have concurred in objecting to said persons the commissioners first referred to may approve three other names and from these six all having been suggested by petition the other commissioners must select the registrar

The commissioners shall have power to summon any person whom they desire to interrogate and all persons testifying before said commissioners shall be first duly sworn by one of the said commissioners Any person so appointed a registrar must perform his duties as prescribed by this act unless excused therefrom by the commissioners for cause shown The registrars shall receive a compensation of ten dollars per day for the time actually spent in registration

Section 4 That section six of said act approved February seventeenth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six as amended by section two of said act approved the third day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven which reads as follows

"Section 6 The registrars of each division shall meet at the polling-place thereof on the ninth Thursday seventh Tuesday and fifth Saturday preceding every November election and on the fifth Saturday preceding every municipal election and on the day of Spring primary and shall remain in open session from seven ante meridian to ten ante meridian and from four post meridian to ten post meridian of each registration day They shall on said days receive personal applications from persons who claim that they are entitled to be registered They shall have power to administer oaths shall examine said applicants under oath and shall record on the register the names of those whom they shall determine to be qualified as hereinafter provided Two weeks' notice of the registration days shall be given by the commissioners by publication in two daily newspapers in the city and by posting notices at the polling-places Electors who did not register at fall registration may register at Winter or Spring registration and the list shall become of no validity at the beginning of the period of Fall registration next succeeding that at which the registers were opened The old registers shall be preserved by the commissioners for at least two years after the year in which they are in use" be amended so as to read as follows

Section 6 The registrars of each division shall meet at the polling-place thereof in even numbered years on the ninth Thursday seventh Tuesday and fifth Saturday preceding the November election which shall be known as the Fall registration and on the fifth Wednesday preceding the Spring primary which shall be known as the Spring registration and in odd numbered years on the tenth Thursday ninth Tuesday and eighth Saturday preceding the November election which shall be known as the Fall registration and shall remain in open session from seven ante meridian to ten ante meridian and from four post meridian to ten post meridian of each registration day They shall on said days receive personal applications from persons who claim that they are entitled to be registered They shall have power to administer oaths shall examine said applicants under oath and shall record on the register the names of those whom they shall determine to be qualified as hereinafter provided Two weeks' notice of the registration days shall be given by the commissioners by publication in at least two daily newspapers in the city and by posting notices at the polling-places Electors who did not register at fall registration may register at spring registration and the list shall become of no validity at the beginning of the period of fall registration next succeeding that at which the registers were opened The old registers shall be preserved by the commissioners for at least two years after the year in which they shall have been in use

Section 5 That section seven of said act approved February seventeenth one thousand nine hundred and six as amended by section three of said act approved June third one thousand nine hundred and seven which reads as follows

"Section 7 Every person claiming the right to vote must appear in person before the registrars in the district in which he lives on one of the days prescribed by law and answer the questions put to him by them These answers must be recorded on a single line in two registers which shall have the following form

Surname	Christian Name	Occupation	Present Residence		
			Street Number	Lodger, Lessee or Owner	Room or Floor Occupied
1	2	3	4	5	6

Length of Residence		Place of Residence at time of Last Registration				Place of Birth	Naturalization Papers Produced, Yes or No	No. of Affidavit of Naturalization of Father, if Taken	Tax Receipts Produced, Yes or No
In State	In District	State	City	Street and Number					
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

No. of Affidavit of loss, if taken. If under 22 years of age, write "Age"	Personal Description				Signature at time of Registration or of Voting
	Color	Approximate Age	Tall, Short or Medium	Approximate Weight	
17	18	19	20	21	22

If Challenged, No. of Challenge Affidavit	VOTED These columns are for use at election and are not to be filled in by Registrars				
	November Election	Winter Primary	February Election	Spring Primary	Special Elections
23	24	25	26	27	28

The size and character of the said register shall be determined by the Secretary of the Commonwealth and the form thereof shall be furnished by the said Secretary to the respective commissioners

Immediately above the form shall be printed the following instructions The applicant must be sworn or affirmed that the information given by him in reference to his right to be registered shall be the truth Any wilful false statement constitutes perjury and is punishable as such

Every register shall be indexed alphabetically from A to Z The answers of the applicants shall be recorded in their presence in both registers in the following manner in the first column shall be entered the surname of the applicant in the order of his appearance at the polling-place on the

page bearing the index letter of his surname in the second column shall be entered his Christian name or names in the third column his occupation in the fourth column the street and number of his residence in the fifth and sixth columns whether he is a lodger lessee or owner and if he is a lodger or is lessee of a portion only of a house the location or number of the room or floor which he occupies in the seventh and eighth columns shall be entered the length of his residence in the State and district respectively in the ninth, tenth, eleventh and twelfth columns the location of the house from which he last registered giving State city street and number respectively and the year in which he is so registered in the thirteenth column the State or territory of the United States or the foreign country where he was born in the fourteenth column whether being foreign born he produces his naturalization papers in the fifteenth column the number of the affidavit of naturalization of his father if taken in the sixteenth and seventeenth columns the manner in which he complies with the law relating to the payment of taxes as a qualification of the right to vote whether by the production of his receipt or by making affidavit if the applicant is less than twenty-two years of age the word "age" shall be recorded in said column in the eighteenth nineteenth twentieth and twenty-first columns his personal description designating whether white or colored his approximate age height and weight in the twenty-second column in the register marked "voting check-list" he shall be required to sign his name if able to write if he alleges inability to write a record of the fact shall be made in the same column and unless due to some apparent physical infirmity he shall be required to make affidavit of his inability to write in the twenty-second column in the register marked "ballot check-list" he shall if challenged on election day be required to sign his name in the twenty-third column shall be entered the number of the challenge affidavit of every person who is required to take said affidavit in the twenty-fourth twenty-fifth twenty-sixth twenty-seventh and twenty-eighth columns the election officers shall record in one register the obtaining of the ballot and in the other the casting of the vote of the registered elector at the general municipal primary or special elections as hereinafter provided or as may hereafter be provided by law be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 7 Every person claiming the right to vote must appear in person before the registrars in the division in which he lives on one of the days prescribed by law and answer the questions put to him by them These answers must be recorded on a single line in two registers which shall have the following form

The size and character of the said register shall be determined by the Secretary of the Commonwealth and the form thereof shall be furnished by the said Secretary to the respective commissioners

Immediately above the form shall be printed the following instructions The applicant must be sworn or affirmed that the information given by him in reference to his right to be registered shall be the truth Any wilful false statement constitutes perjury and is punishable as such

Every register shall be indexed alphabetically from A to Z The lines of each page shall be consecutively numbered in both margins beginning with the number one at each alphabetical division of the register The answers of the applicants shall be recorded in their presence in both registers in the following manner In the first column shall be entered the surname of the applicant in the order of his appearance at the polling-place on the page bearing the index letter of his surname in the second column shall be entered his Christian name or names in the third column his occupation in the fourth column the street and number of his residence in the fifth and sixth columns whether he is a lodger lessee or owner and if he is a lodger or is lessee of a portion only of a house the location or number of the room or floor which he occupies in the seventh and eighth columns shall be entered the length of his residence in the State and division respectively in the ninth tenth eleventh and twelfth columns the location of the house from which he last registered giving State city street and number respectively and the year in which he is so registered in the thirteenth column the State or territory of the United States or the foreign country where he was born in the fourteenth column whether being foreign born he produces his naturalization papers in the fifteenth column the number of the affidavit of naturalization of his father if taken in the sixteenth and seventeenth columns the manner in which he complies with the law relating to the payment of taxes as a qualification of the right to vote whether by the production of his receipt or by making affidavit if the applicant is less than twenty-two years of age the word "age" shall be recorded in said column in the eighteenth column the date of payment of tax in the nineteenth twentieth twenty-first and twenty-second columns his personal description designating whether white or colored his approximate age height and weight in the twenty-third column in the register marked "voting check-list" he shall be required to sign his name if able to write if he alleges inability to write a record of the fact shall be made in the same column and unless due to some apparent physical infirmity he shall be required to make affidavit of his inability to write in the twenty-third column in the register marked "ballot check-list" he shall if challenged on election day be required to sign his name in the twenty-fourth column shall be entered the number of the challenge affidavit of every person who is required to take said affidavit in the twenty-fifth twenty-sixth twenty-seventh and twenty-eighth columns the election officers shall record in one register the obtaining of the ballot and in the other the casting of the vote of the registered elector at the general municipal primary or special elections as hereinafter provided or as may hereafter be provided by law

Section 6 That section eight of said act approved February seventeenth one thousand nine hundred and six which reads as follows

"Section 8 Every person who possesses the qualifications of an elector as provided in the Constitution and laws of this Commonwealth or who by continued residence in his election district will obtain such qualifications before the next ensuing election shall be entitled to be registered but no person shall be registered unless at least three of the registrars determine that he is so qualified" and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 8 Every person who shall have paid his taxes on or before the last day for registration and who shall possess all the other qualifications of an elector as provided in the Constitution and laws of this Commonwealth or who by continued residence in his election division will obtain such qualifications before the next ensuing election shall be entitled to be registered but no person shall be registered unless at least two of the registrars determine that he is so qualified

Section 7 That section ten of said act approved February seventeenth one thousand nine hundred and six as amended by section five of said act approved June third one thousand nine hundred and seven which reads as follows

"Section 10 On the registration day preceding the February election the registrars shall in addition to the registration of electors strike from the list the names of such persons as shall be proven to their satisfaction by the affidavits of at least two qualified electors of the ward to have died or removed from the district since the last registration The registrars shall record on blank forms provided for that purpose the names and previous places of registration giving wards and districts of all persons registered by them on said day who give as such place of previous registration a place in the same city and shall forward the same to the commissioners for their information Thereafter upon the return of the registrars to the office of the commissioners it shall be their duty to examine the same and whenever registered persons have given as their last place of registration another election district in the same city to strike said name from the register of said district of prior residence and to note thereon the reason for so removing the name At any time between the November election and the next registration day or between the February election and the tenth day prior to the Spring primary any registered elector who was removed from one election district to another in the same city sixty days prior to the February election or sixty days prior to the Spring primary may apply at the office of the commissioners and have the registry of his name transferred from the district from which he has removed to the one in which he has taken up his new residence It shall be the duty of the commissioners upon satisfactory proof of the elector's identity to strike his name from the register in the district from which he has removed to examine him in the regular way as to his qualifications and if his answers are satifactory to register him in the district to which he has removed" be amended so as to read as follows

Section 10 On the registration day preceding the Spring primary the registrars shall in addition to the registration of electors strike from the list the names of such persons as shall be proven to their satisfaction by the affidavits of at least two qualified electors of the ward to have died or removed from the division since the last registration The registrars shall record on blank forms provided for that purpose the names and previous places of registration giving wards and divisions of all persons registered by them on said day who give as such place of previous registration a place in the same city and shall forward the same to the commissioners for their information Thereafter upon the return of the registers to the office of the commissioners it shall be their duty to examine the same and wherever registered persons have given as their last place of registration another election division in the same city to strike said name from the register of said district of prior residence and to note thereon the reason for so removing the name At any time between the municipal election and the tenth day prior to the Spring primary any registered elector who has removed from one election division to another in the same city two calendar months prior to the Spring primary may apply at the office of the commissioners and have the registry of his name transferred from the division from which he has removed to the one in which he has taken up his new residence It shall be the duty of the commissioners upon satisfactory proof of the elector's identity to strike his name from the register in the division from which he has removed to examine him in the regular way as to his qualifications and if his answers are satisfactory to register him in the division to which he has removed

Section 8 That section thirteen of said act approved February seventeenth one thousand nine hundred and six which reads as follows

"Section 13 At the end of each day's registration the registrars shall compare the two registers so kept and cause any errors in either of them to be corrected by aid of the entries in the other so as to make the same agree where there is any difference between them All of the registrars shall then sign their initials on the line immediately under the last names registered under each letter in both books together with the date At the close of both Fall and Winter registrations the registrars shall sign a certificate the form of which shall be printed on the last page of the register setting forth the number of persons registered on each day and the number of names which have been stricken out if any" be amended so as to read as follows

Section 13 At the end of each day's registration the registrars shall compare the two registers so kept and cause any errors in either of them to be corrected by aid of the entries in the other so as to make the same agree where there is any difference between them All of the registrars shall then sign their initials on the line immediately under the last names registered under each letter in both books together with the date At the close of both Fall and Spring registrations the registrars shall sign a certificate the form of which shall be printed on the last page of the register

setting forth the number of persons registered on each day and the number of names which have been stricken out if any

Section 9 That section fourteen of said act approved February seventeenth one thousand nine hundred and six which reads as follows

Section 14 The two registrars who have not charge of the registers shall at both registrations prepare two "street lists" of all names which are registered These lists shall contain the names of the electors and their addresses in the order in which their residences appear upon the streets of the district

One of said street lists shall be hung outside of the polling place and shall remain in that position until the next election The other shall be returned to the office of the commissioners and at least one hundred exact copies of it shall be printed in pamphlet form and shall be ready for distribution at least three weeks before election day be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 14 The Registrar who has not charge of either of the registers shall prepare two "street lists" of all names registered These lists shall contain the names of the electors and their addresses in the order in which their residences appear upon the streets of the division One of said street lists shall be hung outside of the polling place and shall remain in that position until the next election the other shall be returned to the office of the Commissioners and at least one hundred exact copies of it shall be printed in pamphlet form and shall be ready for distribution at least three weeks before election day

Section 10 That section fifteen of said act approved February seventeenth one thousand nine hundred and six as amended by section six of said act approved June third one thousand nine hundred and seven which reads as follows

"Section 15 If any citizen shall object to the action of the registrars in accepting or rejecting any claim for registration he may file his petition duly sworn to by said citizen with the commissioners setting forth the ground of his complaint If the complaint is to the acceptance of a claim notice to the claimant shall be given by leaving a written or printed notice at his place of residence as given by him to the registrar and recorded in the register When such petitions are filed the commissioner shall fix a time and place for hearing them sufficiently in advance of the election to enable the same to be heard and disposed of prior thereto and to have a review thereof by the courts Such hearing shall be public before the commissioners and the register of voters may be amended either by the insertion of a new name or the cancellation of a name already on the register or otherwise as the commissioners may order The commissioners may enforce their orders as herein provided or may make the amendments themselves or by their clerks All such applications for correcting the register must be made not later than fifteen days prior to an election

The applicant or any elector who is not satisfied with the decision of the commissioners may petition the court of common pleas setting forth the reason why he feels that injustice has been done and thereupon the said court of common pleas may in its discretion allow an appeal to it from the decision of the commissioners The said court may then fix a day for a public hearing of which notice shall be served by the petitioner upon the commissioners and upon the person or his attorney who opposed his contention before the commissioners together with a copy of the petition at least five days before such public hearing may take place proof of which must be exhibited to the court The said court after such public hearing may reverse affirm or alter the decision of the commissioners Said petitions for appeal must be filed not later than ten days preceding an election

Any qualified elector who is too ill to appear at the polling place on all of the registration days or who was unavoidably absent from the county on all of said days may present his petition to the commissioners at any time up to two weeks before the general election seting forth the facts of his illness or unavoidable absence and setting forth in detail the information required to be recorded in the register and praying that his name may be added to the register in the proper division After this petition shall have remained in the office of the commissioners open to public inspectioin for a least two days a hearing shall be granted the petitioner who shall personally appear and if the facts are proven to the satisfaction of the commissioners to be as reported they shall order the name of the petitioner to be inserted on the register in the proper place This hearing shall be public and any qualified elector shall have the right to challenge and to require proper proof of identity as in the case of registry before the registrars If any person is not satisfied with the decision of the commissioners he may appeal to the court of common pleas as in other cases The commissioners shall also have power to investigate on their own motion any irregularities in registration and shall have power to summon witnesses to examine them under oath and to require the production of the books and papers of the registrars" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 15 If any citizen shall object to the action of the registrars in accepting or rejecting any claim for registration he may filetion he may file his petition duly sworn to by said citizen with the commissioner setting borth the ground of his complaint If the complaint is to the acceptance of a claim notice to the claimant shall be given by leaving a written or printed notice at his place of residence as given by him to the registrar and recorded in the register When such petitions are filed the commissioners shall fix a time and place for hearing them sufficiently in advance of the election to enable the same to be heard and disposed of prior thereto and to have a review thereof by the courts Such hearing shall be public before the commissioners and the register of voters may be amended either by the insertion of a new name or the cancellation of a name already on the register or otherwise as the commissioners may order The commissioners may enforce their orders as herein provided or may make the amendments themselves or by their clerks All such applications for correcting the register must be made not later than fifteen days prior to a general or municipal election

The applicant or any elector who is not satisfied with the decision of the commissioners may petition the court of common pleas setting forth the reason why he feels that injustice has been done and thereupon the said court of common pleas may in its discretion allow an appeal to it from the decision of the commissioners The said court may then fix a day for a public hearing of which notice shall be served by the petitioner upon the commissioners and upon the person or his attorney who opposed his contention before the commissioners together with a copy of the petition at least five days before such public hearing may take place proof of which must be exhibited to the court The said court after such public hearing may reverse affirm or alter the decision of the commissioners Said petitions for appeals must be filed not later than ten days preceding an election

Any qualified elector who has paid his taxes after the last day of the fall registration and on or before the final day for the payment of the same in odd numbered years may on the twentieth day preceding the election in odd numbered years present his petition to the commissioners setting forth the fact as to the payment of his taxes and giving in detail the information required to be recorded in the register and praying that his name may be added to the register in the proper division If the facts are proven to the satisfaction of the commissioners subject to the same conditions as though the applicant for such registration had presented himself for registration before the board of registrars of his district they shall order the name of the petitioner to be inserted in the register in the proper place Any qualified elector who was too ill to appear at the polling place on all of the regitsration days preceding such election or primary or who was unavoidably absent from the city on all of said days may at any time up to two weeks before any election present his petition to the commissioners setting forth the facts as to hiss illness or unavoidable absence and setting forth in detail the information required to be recorded in the register and praying that his name may be added to the register in the proper division After this petition shall have remained in the office of the commissioners open to public inspection for at least two days a hearing shall be granted the petitioner shall personally appear and if the facts are proven to the satisfaction of the commissioners to be as reported they shall order the name of the petitioner to be inserted on the register in the proper place This hearing shall be public and any qualified elector shall have the right to challenge and to require proper proof of identity as in the case of registry before the registrars If any persson is not satisfied with the decision of the commissioners he may appeal to the court of common pleas as in other cases The commissioners shall also have power to investigate on their own motion any irregularities in registration and shall have power to summon witnesses to examine them under oath and to require the production of the books and papers of the registrars The commissioners shall have authority to summon such number of registrars as in their judgment may be necessary to assist them in carrying into effect the provisions of this section Registrars when summoned by the commissioners under this section shall be entitled to and receive the same compensation as is received by registrars under the existing law for registration services

Section 11 That section sixteen of said act approved February seventeenth one thousand nine hundred and six as amended by section seven of said act approved June third one thousand nine hundred and seven which reads as follows

"Section 16 The two registrars designated to keep the two registers shall obtain at the office of the commissioners the blank books forms and other supplies prepared for their use before the first registration day in the Fall and before the Winter and Spring registration days and shall have the same at the polling-place on said days On registration days and during the time from one such day to another until the close of the Fall registration period the said registrars shall have the custody and control and shall be charged with the safe-keeping of the registers in which they have made entries together with all affidavits forms et cetera which have been taken in duplicate as hereinbefore provided During the same periods the other two registrars shall be charged with the safe-keeping of the street lists which are in course of preparation by them At the close of the registration and before twelve o'clock noon on the following day the two registrars who have been charged with the keeping of the registers shall deliver the same together with one street list all affidavits vouchers unused forms et cetera to the registration commissioners at such place as may be designated by them The said papers and books shall remain on file at a place designated by the commissioners open to public inspection under proper regulations for their safe-keeping subject however to the further provisions of this act The registration commissioners shall have power to appoint a chief clerk and fix his compensation at a sum not exceeding two thousand five hundred dollars per annum a stenographer who shall act as clerk at a compensation not exceeding twelve hundred dollars per annum and not more than fifteen clerks for such time as may be necessary at a compensation not exceeding three dollars per diem for the time actually employed and an attorney whose compensation shall not exceed two thousand dollars per annum

The county commissioners of each county upon proper vouchers shall provide for the payment of the commis-

sioners counsel registrars and other officers or clerks provided by this act They shall furnish proper rooms for the accommodation of the commissioners and their records They shall also at the direction of the commissioners prepare and have printed at the expense of the county all the registers street lists affidavits blanks blank books and stationery required by the provisions of this act or which in the judgment of the commissioners are reasonably necessary to carry out its provisions and shall provide for their proper distribution to the commissioners and their registrars It shall also be their duty to see that the polling places are open and in proper order for the use of the registrars They shall also deliver the two registers to the election officers in the manner in which they are or may be required to deliver other election materials for use on election day" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 16 The two registrars designated to keep the two registers shall obtain at the office of the commissioners the blank books forms and other supplies prepared for their use before the first registration day in the Fall and before the Winter and Spring registration days and shall have the same at the polling-place on said days On registration days and during the time from one such day to another until the close of the Fall registration period the said registrars shall have the custody and control and shall be charged with tse safe-keeping of the registers in which they have made entries together with all affidavits forms et cetera which have been taken in duplicate as hereinbefore provided During the same periods the other registrar shall be charged with the safe-keeping of the street lists which are in course of preparation by him At the close of the registration and before twelve o'clock noon on the following day the two registrars who have been charged with the keeping of the registers shall deliver the same together with one street list all affidavits vouchers unused forms et cetera to the registration commissioners at such place as may be designated by them The said papers and books shall remain on file at a place designated by the commissioners open to public inspection under proper regulations for their safe keeping subject however to the further provisions of to appoint a recorder and fix his compensation at a sum not exceeding two thousand five hundred dollars per annum a clerk who shall receive a salary of fifteen hundred dollars per annum a stenographer who shall act as clerk who shall receive a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum a custodian who shall receive a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum a messenger who shall receive a salary of eight hundred and forty dollars per annum and not more than fifteen clerks for such time as may be necessary at a compensation not exceeding three dollars per diem for the time actually employed and an attorney whose compensation shall not exceed two thousand dollars per annum All petitions provided for by this act shall be sworn to by at least one of the petitioners and the recorder shall have power to administer such oaths

The county commissioners of each county upon proper vouchers shall provide for the payment of the commissioners counsel registrars and other officers or clerks provided by this act They shall furnish proper rooms for the accommodation of the commissioners and their records They hall also at the direction of the commissioners prepare and have printed at the expense of the county all the registers street lists affidavits blanks blank books and stationery required by the provisions of tihs act or which in the judgment of the commissioners are reasonably necessary to carry out its provisions and shall provide for their proper distribution to the commissioners and their registrars It shall also be their duty to see that the polling-places are open and in proper order for the use of the registrars They shall also deliver the two registers to the election officers in the manner in which they are or may be required to deliver other election materials for use on election day

Section 12 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

On the question.

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. S. B. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. S. B. Scott.

Mr. S. B. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, having failed to secure the amendments to this bill so as to make it a fair and proper measure there remains nothing to do now except to use our best efforts to have the bill defeated as a whole. Now, Mr. Speaker and Gentleman of the House, there is no actual necessity for this legislation at this time. It is true that the primary election has been transferred to fall, but nevertheless the registration law as it now exists is ample and any change is not actually needed. Therefore, there remains no particular reason why this bill should be enacted. We have here a piece of legislation which is called for by no public reason whatsoever; it is a pure piece of partisanship and it has not been defended in its passage on second reading by any reasons whatsoever asking for its enactment, except the suggestion that it was in the interests of economy, and when the gentlemen of the House reflect from whose mouth it was that the suggestion of economy came I believe they will agree with me that that was not a suggestion which should be taken at its full value. We have a piece of legislation here that is purely partisan and for the benefit, not of the Commonwealth or the citizens of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, but for the benefit of a particular party, and I should amplify that by saying, not for a particular party, but for the particular machine dominating that party.

Let the House entirely dismiss and take away the suggestion that there is any public need for this legislation. I cannot make it too clear that the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania will be just as well served in its registration law if this bill fails of final passage, and I wish to declare that it is my opinion that the public morality of the State and its reputation for political fair play will be vastly enhanced if this House sizes up to its great opportunity at this moment and defeats the bill finally.

Mr. McALEER. Mr. Speaker, when this bill was under consideration a few days ago on second reading we were told by a gentleman who favors the passage of this act that a certain party was coming to this Legislature cringing and asking for legislation. Now, as a matter of fact, we are not cringing and asking for any legislation but simply for fair play. You all know that nobody loves a welcher, and when a man has lost something in a fair game, if he is the right kind of a man, and gets a crowd of his friends to go with him and loses out he will stand and take his defeat and not turn around and try to blackjack him because his opponents have gotten away with him. That is what the organization in Philadelphia is asking you to do. They are begging the Legislature of the State and asking you to help them to take away the small advantage that the Keystone party has secured in Philadelphia, and they want you to help them to take away from them that advantage. I don't think for one moment that it is a fair proposition. I also know that many of the men who are talking in favor of this bill are not in favor of it at all. They have said to me, "this is a dirty piece of business, but we have got to do it." They may have to do it, but is it possible that they can make you do it also?

As far as the merit of this act is concerned it has none. That fact has been clearly shown by the action of the authorities in the City of Philadelphia. We have proof that this law need not pass, and we ask for its defeat, and when we are doing that we are not cringing and asking for the passage or the defeat of any legislation, but we are simply asking you to let the law stand as it is. You can get along very well with the law in its present shape. I will ask the gentlemen of this House to vote against this bill and to remain in favor of the bill as it now stands. It is best to go on the principle of letting well enough alone.

Mr. WALNUT. Mr. Speaker, I think the fundamental principle involved is one that concerns the integrity of our election law, and not the advantage, or disadvantage that may arise from the passage or the defeat of this bill. In 1906 this registration law passed which provided that four men be appointed on the Board of Registrars of each division, two from the majority and two from the minority parties to be determined by the vote cast at the last preceding election, the theory, of course, being to assure active opposition, that there may be opposition between the two parties, in order to check up the actions of the other party. Now, the purpose of selecting the last preceding election is clear, and the advantage, I think, is manifest to the opposition in Pennsylvania, where the Presidential parties are not or do not represent two actively opposing parties in the various districts of the three cities covered by this act. It appears to me that the only question before us at this time is in reference to whether this registration act is an improvement over the old one and whether we will have better and fairer elections under this act or under the old act. Under the act of 1906 we were assured of the active opposition of two opposing parties. We were sure and are sure of the effect of the registrars and of the opposition on that broad representation and the effect of one party being opposed to the other, each keenly anxious to retain any advantage or benefit, and I think it would be manifest to any one that a man selected or determined upon based upon the vote of the last Presidential election will not be the active opposition, or liable to be in the majority with the coming election. I also think that the gentlemen from the portions of the State not influenced, like the three first class cities, and they can simply vote for or against this bill upon the assumption that it does not affect their community. I think we are keenly interested in maintaining the integrity of our present elections and that we are equally eager to assure ourselves that we are going to have active opposition to check up the acts of the other party represented on the Registration Board.

Mr. SHANNON. Mr. Speaker, for twenty years I have followed the Democratic party, and I want to say that the most that that party is asking in this legislation is to have representation by the majority party. I want to say to you that as far as the registration board is concerned in these three cities I don't see why the Democratic party, the party to which I belong, should be recognized in this board of registration to the detriment of the Keystone party, or rather, if I shall put it that way, to the determiment of the Independent party. I find that in the city of Philadelphia the Republican party polled one hundred and thirty thousand votes in the last election, and the Democrats, if you please, polled sixteen thousand votes, and the Keystone party polled eighty-six thousand votes. In the city of Pittsburg, the Republicans polled twenty-nine thousand votes in round numbers, the Democrats two thousand, while the Keystone party polled nineteen thousand votes. In the city of Scranton we find that the Republican party polled five thousand nine hundred and eighty votes, the Democratic party two thousand two hundred and eighty-four and the Keystone party four thousand five hundred and eighty-four, and the Democratic party from any of these three cities has not sent a Representative to this House—not one, and you gentlemen ask us to vote for a measure that the Democrats don't expect and are not entitled to. They are entitled to and don't expect this representation and I refuse to be a party to any trick legislation to deny to three hundred and eighty-two thousand people representation on the boards of registration. I am going to vote against this proposition.

Mr. FLYNN. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman from Luzerne speaks very bravely when he undertakes, in this manner, to speak for the Democratic party in Pennsylvania. I am a Democrat, and claim no such privilege, but as a Democrat I do claim the right to express my opinion on this subject. The gentleman from Luzerne well knows, if he will stop to consider for a moment that the figures which he submitted a little while ago are not fair ones to go on and that next year when the President of these United States is to be elected quite a different state of affairs will prevail in the Democratic party. I speak in behalf of the passage of this bill from a Democratic standpoint because it is only fair.

Mr. AILMAN. Mr. Speaker, to me it is rather amusing to see the activity and the energy put forth by certain gentlemen who are going around the aisles of this hall trying to keep the brothers in line. It reminds me of the fellow who goes out in a shower and holds up his umbrella. He is pretty successful in keeping off the drops of rain right then, but I should like to have him hold up this umbrella underneath a torrent like the condition of the Susquehanna in the spring when the floods are on. When you have done marching up and down these aisles to keep the brothers in line and then go out to head off these four hundred thousand, the conditions will be different. I am not quit sure, but if you will allow me to drop a word of warning it may be worth your while to listen. Of course, you won't listen and you won't heed until all these United States are up in arms, and the gentleman from Delaware will take notice. The people will look over your platforms in 1912. They will scrutinize the character and the attainments and the achievements of all of your nominees and they will do it with a full appreciation of the necessity for scrutinizing whatever candidate may be put up, whoever the candidate may be or whatever the party may be that puts up the candidate, whether it is Woodrow Wilson, of New Jersey, or another equally conspicuous public character, and if he does not just suit their whim they will vote against any party and there will be another party or they will make a national Keystone party, and they may not call it the Keystone party, but, whatever it may be called, it will be a national protesting party against the dictations of arbitrary principles and leaders, and then he will carry every State in the Union. I don't wish to throw a straw in the path of anybody, but if the Keystone people can demonstrate to this State that they have a right to live then, even at the expense of some other party, I am here to say a thing and I would be here to gladly vote in favor of such a proposition.

Mr. LOWE. Mr. Speaker, when this bill was under consideration for second reading I think I echo the sentiments of a majority of the Democrats on this side of the House when I state that in our section of the country most of the votes cast were Democratic mugwump votes and a great part of the Democratic party was under the influence of the Republican machine in our last election.

Mr. FLYNN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask the gentleman from Wetsmoreland how much of a majority there was given in Westmoreland county.

Mr. LOWE. Mr. Speaker, there were two thousand votes cast in Westmoreland county, and we had but very few Democratic votes in Westmoreland county, where we really should have had fifteen thousand.

Mr. FLYNN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to say that that is not the record, if you please, of the county of Elk.

Mr. JOHN R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, the issue before you to-night is not a new issue. It is not a bill offered for the purpose of depriving any party of its right of representation on the registration board. This bill that is before you to-night is but the interpretation of the bill when it was before the House in 1906. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, it was never thought by those who advocated this bill in 1906 that this board of registrars of any division in any city of the first class would have representation except of the parties representing national issues. It was only interpreted in one city to have representation in the division boards by a municipal independent party. It has not been so interpreted in the other two cities, or that this act of Assembly shall cover this point. It has been claimed by those who are opposed to this bill that it has been advocated by those who were in favor of this law that it is proposed to enact a bill for the purpose of depriving the independent voters of Philadelphia of their right of representation, while, in the same breath and at the same time, they tell this body that they are neither Republicans nor Democrats. In fact, when the leader of the independent faction of this House, Mr. Dearden, of Philadelphia, was upon his feet a few days ago, he openly said that he was a Republican in national affairs, but that in municipal affairs he was not. He declared that he was a reformer in municipal affairs and that he was an insurgent. Now, what do they ask? They ask that in national affairs they be represented. Do they want to be represented as Democrats or Republicans, and, according to their own statements, they would have to be represented as one or the other, but at the same time in asking this they ask to be considered as independents or insurgents in municipal battles, and that they not only be represented in their Democratic principles or their Republican principles, but they ask to be represented in municipal affairs, and that they be represented as independent representatives. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, it is contrary to every principle and spirit of this law itself. It was never thought by the sponsors of this bill that this was to be a registrar law representing a division or a coterie of men. It was based upon the principles of the two great parties, and so much so, gentlemen of the House, that the representative bodies, the county committees or the ward committees or the city committees of the parties stated their preference for their party registrars. This bill represents the real principles of the personal registration bill as it was presented to this House in the extra session advocated by the then Governor of the Commonwealth, Governor Pennypacker. The opponents of this bill didn't come here as a party. Still they tell us, and they place you and myself, who are strict party men in national and local affairs, upon that party platform, and they are claiming representation there from a party standpoint, but they hold themselves aloof. They think they are of a better composition and pretend that they have a right to come in here as a mere coterie of men, without a party, without a principle, without any platform, without any standing as a national party, and ask that we give them representation in the division board of registrars. Why, Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, this bill that is here to-night before the House for passage gives to all parties, all coteries, all cliques, all factions, representation on the central board because in this central board, in the city of Philadelphia, there are four men, two are Republicans, and one may be a Democrat, or he may be a representative of the Democratic party, or he may be independent in politics from the two great parties, either of the Democratic or of the Republican party, and whether he be a Socialist or a Prohibitionist or what not, he is there representing that opposition to the opposing party, so you will see, therefore, Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, that we have placed in this bill a safety valve to protect against fraud. The opponents of this bill have seen fit to say that this bill was brought out

for the purpose of carrying on, in the city of Philadelphia, wholesale fraud in registration. Why, the very principles of the bill, the very foundation of the bill, is the having of the two great parties represented in the division board of registration, and from that board an appeal may be taken to the central board, where they are not only the two parties represented, but where also is a representation by one of the central commissioners who is connected with no party. Where can they see any fraud? Where is there any fraud possible? They speak of fraud; they speak of registration fraud. Not long ago a great case was tried in Philadelphia county pertaining to registration fraud. It was tried in Philadelphia about two weeks ago, when two of the representatives of the reform committee were placed upon trial for registration fraud and those two testified against men who were of their own party. They speak about fraud—they speak about the intent of the Republican party in Philadelphia to enter up fraudulent registration. Why, that has been their food for years. That cry has been their sustenance; that has kept them together as an organization. Those that are opposing this bill to-night make that their cry; take away from them their cry of fraud against the Democratic party and their cry of fraud against the Republican party and their cry of fraud of the platforms of both, and their issue falls. Let the great parties have the registration, and then if there be fraud let them come to us and accuse us of fraud. They are claiming all the virtue, but you remove from them this cry and there is no possibility of their being considered even as a coterie by the sensible people of any community. If they are a reform party, with their changed names of City party ideas and their Union party ideas and their Keystone party ideas, if they really are a party and not a coterie of men, if there are any great frauds in the city of Philadelphia, then let them say to this Legislature and to these legislators that they seek this kind of an act because it removes from their shoulders any responsibiliy of the frauds placed on or charged to the great parties. They don't want it, because they will find when this becomes a law, as it will undoubtedly become a law, that their cry of fraud amounts to naught. Even when the responsibility rests upon the two great national parties, or when it does, their cry of fraud will come to nothing, and the people will then know, and very well understand, that this claim of fraud by these coteries of men, these men of changing parties, these self-advancing, self-seeking political reformers, is without foundation.

Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, it is not the thought of either of the great political parties to have fraud. Fraud is the greatest burden any organization can carry; it is not wanted. We want party representation; we are a party and we have a claim to all the rights of a great party and when those who are opposing this bill arise to the dignified position of becoming a party rather than a handful of disturbers in the ranks of the two parties in municipal affairs—when they arise from that standard they can come here and ask for representation as a party. What claim have these men now? Where are their national characters? Where are their representatives in the great halls of Congress? Where is their Grant? Where is their Garfield? Where is their McKinley? Where is their Roosevelt? Where is their Jackson? Where is their Jefferson? Where is their Cleveland? They have none; they are a mere handful of malcontents. There should be no question about this bill boceming a law.

Mr. DEARDEN. Mr. Speaker, I am sorry that I feel called upon to say a word. I have tried during the whole of this discussion to keep my seat, but I find that I cannot. I want to say to the House with all due respect to my worthy friend the distinguished floor leader of the Republican party in this House, that with all my legislative experience I do not recell a single instance where so many words were employed with such plausibility that meant so little as his words meant on this occasion. I do not believe there is a man in this House to-night, even his warmest friends, who really knows what he was talking about as a matter of a good logical proposition. I desire to say to the members of this House that the people of the extra session of 1906 had in mind, when they enacted that law that there should be an equal representation on this Board, two of the dominant party, and two of the next party in majority. It goes without saying that that was contemplated in their minds, the equal representation on that Board. I do not believe that they meant that it should apply only to the interests of the so called dominant party of this State. Now every man on this floor has had more or less of a practical political experience, and is familiar with the workings and activities of the politicians. Now what was contemplated by this enacting? Now I want to say that the intention was to prevent fraud, to establish equality and to give all recognized parties an equal representation. What is the matter with the law as it now stands? Are these gentlemen of the organization afraid to let the law stand as it now is? I ask the distinguished gentleman right here to give me a frank answer. Why are you afraid of the law, and if so tell this House why? Tell me one thing, are you afraid of the law as it stands to-day, and if so, why? He cannot tell me, Mr. Speaker. He knows very well that the only motive for bringing forward this bill is because he wishes to cripple the other organization. He knows that he wants to take away from us the power of entering a burning protest against the high-handed method of this organization.

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman?

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Dearden, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. DEARDEN. The gentleman refused to answer my interrogation.

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I desire to answer his question and ask him a question. We have no fear of your party. What party did you belong to in 1908 and which party will you belong to in 1912?

Mr. DEARDEN. I do not know that you will be here in 1912.

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. What was your party in 1908, your national ticket?

Mr. DEARDEN. It has been a matter of pride with me, Mr Speaker, for half a century, that I have always been a Republican

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask the gentleman to what party he expects to belong in 1912?

Mr. DEARDEN. To the Republican Party, unless there shall be good and sufficient reason why I should not, and I do not doubt the possibility of there being those reasons or that at that time it might become my duty to vote for some other way. I do not want to introduce politics on this occasion, but I want to say that if Woodrow Wilson shall be put forward. I do not say that I shall vote for him, but he will set the great patriotic hearts of this country to thinking. It will mean something to the men of this country to vote for a man who stands for the highest principles and a man who will accomplish the best results for the country at large. I am a Republican and I do not want to think that through any misunderstanding on the part of that party I will be compelled to vote any other ticket, and I hope that the Republican party will be able to get away from the mischief that has beeen done in the past and enjoy a new lease of life along higher and better lines and make it possible for the men who want to be Republicans to enthusiastically support the party in all god conscience. That is what I hope to see. Now then, gentlemen, one word more. The gentleman, from Philadelphia, asks where the evidence of fraud was. He is a great lawyer, and coming from the City of Philadelphia, he has possibly had as much to do with cases of that kind as any other man at the bar and I cannot understand why he should come here and ask this intelligent body where the evidence of fraud was, when only four years ago in the City of Philadelphia there were sixty thousand fraudulent voters wiped out by the court, that is, by the commissioners themselves, sanctioned by the court. Sixty thousand fraudulent voters wiped out at one time, and yet he asked me where was the evidence of fraud. Only last November hundreds of cases of fraudulent voters were on the assessor's lists, and they were there simply because of the winking of the other eye, and I am sorry to say sanctioned by the men in control of the Republican organization in Philadelphia. Now, he has an answer to his question, and it is to stop that confounded business that I am here to protest against this measure. Why does he want two members of the dominant party and only one member from the Democratic party? It calls for three and no more and calls that two of the members shall be of the dominant party and one of the Democratic party, and he knows that they can beat the Democratic member every time. When it comes to the question of registration the Democratic member is absolutely helpless to protest. He knows it in his heart of hearts, and

there is not a single man on the floor right here who does not know the truth of everything I am saying in regard to the question as to where the fraud comes from.

Mr. FREY. Mr. Speaker, I move the previous question.

The motion was seconded by the requisite number and agreed to.

The question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—125.

Akers	Frey	Kinney	Riebel
Allen	Gans	Klingerman	Robison
Anderson	Geary	Klumpp	Roney
Baldwin, R.	Good	Larkins	Row
Bass	Gransback	Lindsay	Sassaman
Bentley	Graybill	Magee	Savidge
Blair	Grove	Malle	Schad
Bosher	Guyaux	Mannion	Schmidt
Brehm	Haggerty	Marvin	Schofield
Breitinger	Halferty	McArdle	Scott, J.
Caldwell	Healey	McClung	Shadrach
Campbell, C.	Hecht	McGowan	Shaffer
Carter	Henry	McInerney	Sherwood
Clarency	Herman	McMullen	Shreve
Cleary	Hess	McNichol	Snyder, A.
Cole	Hibshman	Miller	Steese
Connell	Hoffman	Moore	Stein
Conner, P.	Hoover	Morris,	Swan
Conner, W.	Hormell	Newbaker	Swartz
Conrade	Hough	North	Townsend
Cox, E. R.	Howard	Perry	Tunis
Cumbler	Hunter, R.	Phillips	Von Tacky
Curry	Irwin	Pitchford	Walton
Dale	Johnson, C.	Raesley	Ward, W., Jr.
Detzel	Johnson, D.	Rath	Ward, W. B.
Dunn, J.	Johnston	Reel	Welch
Ehrhardt	Jones, E.	Reeser	Whitman
Eichenberger	Keely	Reno	Wilson
Ewing	Keene	Reyburn	Young
Fahey	Keister	Rhoads	Woodward
Fay	Kelley, J.	Richards	Cox, John F., Speaker
Flynn			

NAYS—66.

Abbott	Dershem	Kelly, M.	Piper
Ailman	Donahoe	Kern,	Reece
Alter	Donnally	Knight	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	Dunn, H.	Kuhns	Rockwell
Bender	Enbody	Lafferty	Rumsey
Benson	Feeney	Light	Schultz
Bossert	Ferguson	Lowe	Scott, S.
Boyd	Fitzgerald	Martin	Shannon,
Brennan	Gibson	Matt	Snavely,
Campbell, J.	Gilkeson	Maurer	Snyder, P.
Carroll	Gray	McAleer	Speer
Clymer	Hilton	McJunkin	Ulerich
Currier	Hobbs	McKean	Wallace
Dallas	Holland	Moses	Walnut
Davis, A.	Hunter, J.	Moulthrop	Watts
Davis, W.	Jackson	Neel	Williams
Dearden	Jones, J. R.,		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1288(Senate No. 554), as follows:

An act amending sections one four five and ten of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the third class of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for violation of its provisions" approved the fifth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six and sections three seven and twelve of said act as amended by the act entitled "An Act amending sections three seven twelve and thirteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the third class of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for violation of its provisions" approved the fifth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six increasing the compensation of registrars in said cities and providing for an additional registration day" approved the twelty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven by further defining who may be appointed registrars increasing their terms of office changing the registration days and the form of register providing further regulations for the registration of electors and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the third class of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for violation of its provisions" approved the fifth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six which reads as follows:

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the County Commissioners of each county in which is located cities or a city of the third class shall not later than June fifteenth in the year one thousand nine hundred and six and every third year thereafter appoint two registrars for each election precinct or ward to serve for a term of three years and until their successors are duly qualified The said registrars must be duly qualified electors of the precinct or ward for which they are appointed and must have been residents of the city in which said precinct or ward is situated for a period of two years before their said appointment and of the precinct or ward for one year immediately preceding the same They must be sober and judicious persons of good moral character able to read intelligently and to write legibly One of the said registrars shall be a member of the party polling the highest vote within the election precinct or ward at the last preceding election and the other shall be a member of the party polling the next highest vote It is the intent of this act that at all times the Board of Registrars shall be as nearly as may be evenly divided in political faith and therefore if it appears that at any time by reason of a change in political affiliations or because of error in the appointment the Board is not so evenly divided any ten electors of the district may file a petition with County Commissioners setting forth the facts and praying that the changed or erroneous appointment may be revoked and another appointment made instead The County Commissioners shall grant a public hearing and if they find the facts to be as represented they shall give the relief asked for but no registrar shall be removed merely because his party at an election following his appointment has polled a less number of votes in the district than some other party No person who holds or is a candidate for a public office shall act as registrar

The County Commissioners shall also be empowered to remove any of the said registrars for misconduct or malfeasance in office" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the county commissioners of each county in which is located cities or a city of the third class shall not later than June fifteenth in the year one thousand nine hundred and twelve and every fourth year thereafter appoint two registrars for each election precinct or ward to serve for a term of four years and until their successors are duly qualified The said registrars must be duly qualified electors of the precinct or ward for which they are appointed and must have been residents of the city in which said precinct or ward is situated for a period of two years before their said appointment and of the precinct or ward for one year immediately preceding the same They must be sober and judicious persons of good moral character able to read intelligently and to write legibly One of the said registrars shall be a member of the party polling the highest vote in excess of two per centum within the election precinct or ward at the last preceding presidential election for presidential elector and the other shall be a member of the party polling the next highest number of votes in excess of two percentum cast within the election precinct or ward at the last preceding presidential election for presidential elector. It is the intent of this act that at all times the Board of Registrars shall be as nearly as may be evenly divided in political faith and therefore if it appears that at any time by reason of the a change in political affiliations or because of error in the appointment the Board is not so evenly divided any ten electors of the district may file a petition with the County Commissioners setting forth the facts any praying that the changed or erroneous appointments may be revoked and another appointment made instead The County Commissioners shall grant a public hearing and if they find the facts to be as represented they shall give the relief asked for but no registrar shall be removed merely because his party at an election following his appointment has polled a less number of votes in the district than some other party No person who holds or is a candidate for a public office shall act as registrar

The County Commissioners shall also be empowered to remove any of the said registrars for misconduct or malfeasance in office" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 2 That section three of said act as amended by section two of the act approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act amending sections three seven twelve and thirteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the third class of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for violation of its provisions' approved the fifth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six increasing the compensation of registrars in said cities and providing for an additional registration day" which reads as follows

"Section 3 The registrars of each precinct or ward shall meet at the polling-places thereof on the ninth Tuesday seventh Tuesday and third Saturday preceding every November election on the fourth Tuesday preceding every

municipal or February election and on the third Saturday preceding every Spring primary and shall remain in open session from eight ante meridian to one post meridian two to six post meridian and from seven post meridian to ten post meridian of each registration day They shall on said days receive personal applications from persons who claim that they are entitled to be registered as voters They shall have power to administer oaths shall examine said applicants under oath and shall record on the registers the names of such persons as are qualified to vote as herein provided Two weeks' notice of the registration days shall be given by the registrars posting notices at the polling-places" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 3 The registrars of each precinct or ward shall meet at the polling-place thereof in even numbered years on the ninth Thursday seventh Tuesday and fifth Saturday preceding the November election which shall be known as the Fall registration and on the third Wednesday preceding the Spring primary which shall be known as the Spring registration and in odd numbered years on the tenth Thursday ninth Tuesday and eighth Saturday preceding the November election which shall be known as the Fall registration and shall remain in open session from eight ante meridian to one post meridian two to six post meridian and from seven post meridian to ten post meridian of each registration day They shall on said days receive personal applications from persons who claim that they are entitled to be registered as voters They shall have power to administer oaths shall examine said applicants under oath and shall record on the registers the names of such persons as are qualified to vote as herein Provided Two weeks' notice of the registration days shall be given by the registrars posting notices at the polling-places Electors who did not register at Fall registration may register at Spring registration and the list shall become of no validity at the beginning of the period of Fall registration next succeeding that at which the registers were opened The old registers shall be preserved by the commissioners for at least two years after the year in which they shall have been in use

Section 3 That section four of said act approved March fifth one thousand nine hundred and six which reads as follows

"Section 4 Every person claiming the right to vote must appear in person before the registrars in the precinct or ward in which he lives prior to every general November election and if he has subsequently to the said November election moved into another precinct or ward he must appear in person before the registrars in the district to which he has thus removed in order to enable him to vote at the ensuing municipal February election unless in either case he is prevented by sickness or necessary absence from the city from appearing before the said registrars to be registered in person In either of these cases it shall be his right at any time to prevent his petition to the county commissioners and in case they shall refuse to order his name placed on the registration list the said petitioner may appeal to the court of common pleas of the district in which he resides if the said court is in session or if not in session to any judge thereof whereupon the said court shall grant a rule upon the said county commissioners to show cause why the name of the said person should not be placed upon the registers and the said court or judge thereof shall fix a day certain for the return of the said rule at which time the parties can be heard and upon the return of the said rule upon a hearing duly had if the said court or judge shall be satisfied that the facts set forth in the petition are true and that the applicant was prevented by sickness or necessary absence from the city from appearing in person before the registrars and being registered and is qualified to vote the rule may be made absolute and the registrars shall be directed to place the name of such person or persons upon the registers

Every person appearing before the registrars after being sworn shall answer the questions put to him by them These answers must be recorded on a single line in two registers which shall have the following form The size and character of the registers shall be determined by the county commissioners

Surname	Christian Name	Occupation	Present Residence		
			Street and Number	Lodger, Lessee, or Owner	Room or Floor occupied
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1	2	3	4	5	6

Length of Residence		Place of Residence at time of last Registration				Place of Birth	Naturalization Papers produced, Yes or No	Tax Receipts produced, Yes or No
State	District	State	City	Street and Number	Year			
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15

No. of Affidavit of loss, if taken. If under 22 years of age, write "age."	Personal Description				If Challenged, No. of Challenge Affidavit	Voted		
	Color	Approximate Age	Tall, Short, or Medium	Approximate Weight				
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24

Immediately above the form shall be printed the following instructions The applicant must be sworn or affirmed that the information given by him in reference to his right to be registered shall be the truth Any wilful false statement constitutes perjury and is punishable as such

Every register shall be indexed alphabetically from A to Z The answers of the applicants shall be recorded in their presence in both registers in the following manner In the first column shall be entered the surnames of the applicant in the order of his appearance at the polling place on the page bearing the index letter of his surname in the second column shall be entered his Christian name or names in the third column his occupation in the fourth column the street and number of his residence in the fifth or sixth columns whether he is a lodger lessee or owner and if he is a lodger or is lessee of a portion only of a house the location or number of the room or floor which he occupies in the seventh and eighth columns shall be entered the length of his residence in the State and district respectively in the ninth tenth eleventh and twelfth columns the location of the house from which he last registered giving State city street and number respectively and the year in which he so registered in the thirteenth column the State or Territory of the United States or the foreign country where he was born in the fourteenth column whether being foreign born he produces his naturalization papers in the fifteenth and sixteenth columns the manner in which he complies with the law to the payment of taxes as a qualification of the right to vote whether by the production of his receipt or by making affidavit if the applicant is less than twenty-one years of age the word "age" shall be recorded in said column in the seventeenth eighteenth nineteenth and twentieth columns his personal description designating whether white or colored his approximate age height and weight in the twenty-first column shall be entered the number of the challenge affidavit of every person who is required to take said affidavit in the twenty-second twenty-third and twenty-fourth columns the election officers shall record in one register the obtaining of the ballot and in the other the casting of the vote of the registered elector at the general municipal or special election as hereinafter provided" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 4 Every person claiming the right to vote must appear in person before the registrars in the precinct or ward in which he lives on one of the days prescribed by law prior to every November election and if he has subsequently to the said November election moved into another precinct or ward he must appear in person before the registrars in the district to which he has thus removed in order to enable him to vote at the ensuing Spring primary unless ineither case he is prevented by sickness or necessary absence from the city from appearing before the said registrars to be registered in person In either of these cases it shall be his right at any time to present his petition to the county commissioners and in case they shall refuse to order his name placed on the registration list the said petitioner may appeal to the court of common pleas of the district in which he resides if the said court is in session or if not in session to any judge thereof whereupon the said court shall grant a rule upon the said county commissioners to show cause why the name of the said person should not be placed upon the register and the sair court or judge thereof shall fix a day certain for the return of the said rule at which time parties can be heard and upon the return of the said rule upon a hearing duly had if the said court or judge shall be satisfied that the facts set forth in the petition are true and that the applicant was prevented by sickness or necessary absence from the city from appearing in person before the registrars and being registered and is qualified to vote the rule may be made absolute and the registrars shall be directed to place the name of such person or persons upon the registers

Every person appearing before the registrars after being sworn shall answer the questions put to him by them These answers must be recorded on a single line in two registers which shall have the following form The size and character of the registers shall be determined by the county commissioners

Surname.	Christian Name	Occupation	Present Residence		
			Street and Number	Lodger, Lessee or Owner	Room or Floor Occupied
1	2	3	4	5	6

Length of Residence		Place of Residence at time of Last Registration				Place of Birth	Naturalization Papers Produced, Yes or No	No of Affidavit of Naturalization of Father, if taken	Tax Receipt Produced, Yes or No
In State	In District	State	City	Street and Number	Year				
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

No of Affidavit of payment of tax, if taken, if under 22 years of age write "Age"	Personal Description			
	Color	Approximate Age	Tall, Short or Medium	Approximate Weight
17	18	19	20	21

If Challenged, No. of Challenge Affidavit	VOTED These columns are for use at election and are not to be filled in by Registrars			
	Fall Primary	November Election	Spring Primary	Special Election
22	23	24	25	26

Immediately above the form shall be printed the following instructions The applicant must be sworn or affirmed that the information given by him in reference to his right to be registered shall be the truth Any wilful false statement constitutes perjury and is punishable as such

Every register shall be indexed alphabetically from A to Z The lines of each page shall be consecutively numbered in both margins beginning with the number one at each alphabetical division of the register The answers of the applicants shall be recorded in their presence in both registers In the following manner In the first column shall be entered the surname of the applicant in the order of his appearance at the polling-place on the page bearing the index letter of his surname in the second column shall be entered his Christian name or names in the third column his occupation in the fourth column the street and number of his residence in the fifth or sixth columns whether he is a lodger lessee or owner and if he is a lodger or lessee of a portion only of a house the location or number of the room or floor which he occupies in the seventh and eighth columns shall be entered the length of his residence in the State and district respectively in the ninth tenth eleventh and twelfth columns the location of the house from which he last registered giving State city street and number respectively and the year in which he so registered in the thirteenth column the State or Territory of the United States or the foreign country where he was born in the fourteenth column whether being born he produces his naturalization papers in the fifteenth column the number of the affidavit of naturalization of his father if taken in the sixteenth and seventeenth columns the manner in which he complies with the law relating to the payment of taxes as a qualification of the right to vote whether by the production of his receipt or by making affidavit if the applicant is less than twenty-two years of age the word "age" shall be recorded in said column in the eighteenth nineteenth twentieth and twenty-first columns his personal description designating whether white or colored his approximate age height and weight in the twenty-second column shall be entered the number of the challenge affidavit of every person who is required to take said affidavit in the duly qualified electors of the precinct or ward for which twenty-third twenty-fourth twenty-fifth and twenty-sixth columns the election officers shall record in one registrer the

obtaining of ballot and in the other the casting of the vote of the registered elector at the fall primary November election spring primary or special election as hereinafter provided or as may hereafter be provided by law

Section 4 That section five of said act approved March fifth one thousand nine hundred and six which reads as follows

"Section 5 Every person who possesses the qualifications of an elector as provided in the Constitution and laws of this Commonwealth or who by continued residence in his election precinct or ward will obtain such qualifications before the next ensuing election shall be entitled to be registered" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 5 Every person who shall have paid his taxes on or before the last day for registration and who shall possess all the other qualifications of an elector as provided in the Constitution and laws of this Commonwealth or who by continued residence in his election district will obtain such qualification before the next ensuing election shall be entitled to be registered Any qualified elector who has paid his taxes after the last day of the fall registration and on or before the final day for the payment of the same in odd numbered years may on the twentieth day preceding the election in odd numbered years present his petition to the county commissioners setting forth the fact as to the payment of his taxes and giving in detail the information required to be recorded in the register and praying that his name may be added to the register in the proper division If the facts are proven to the satisfaction of the commissioners subject to the same conditions as though the applicant for such registration had presented himself for registration before the board of registrars of his district they shall order the name of the petitioner to be inserted in the register in the proper place

Section 5 That section seven of said act approved March fifth one thousand nine hundred and six as amended by section three of said act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which reads as follows

"Section 7 On the registration day preceding the February election and the Spring Primary the registrars shall in addition to the registration of electors strike from the list the names of such persons as shall be proven to their satisfaction by the affidavits of at least two qualified electors of the precinct or ward to have died or removed from the district since the last registration If between the November and February elections the applicant has moved from one precinct or ward into another it shall be his right to be registered in the precinct or ward to which he has thus removed but in such case the registrars shall certify the fact of his new registration back to the registrars of the precinct or ward in which he was formerly registered and the registrars of the district shall thereupon cancel his name upon the registers" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 7 On the registration day preceding the Spring Primary the registrars shall in addition to the registration of electors strike from the list the names of such persons as shall be proven to their satisfaction by the affidavits of at least two qualified electors of the precinct or ward to have died or removed from the district since the last registration The registrars shall record on blank forms provided for that purpose the names and previous places of registration giving wards and precincts of all persons registered by them on said day who give as such place of previous registration a place in the same city and shall forward the same to the commissioners for their information Thereafter upon the return of the registers to the office of the commissioners it shall be their duty to examine the same and wherever registered persons have given as their last place of registration another election district in the same city to strike said name from the register of said district of prior residence and to note thereon the reason for so removing the name Any registered elector who has removed between the November election and the Spring primary from one election district to another in the same city two calendar months prior to the Spring primary and who failed to apply to have his name transferred on the register on the registration day prior to the Spring primary in the district to which he has removed may apply on the eleventh or tenth day prior to the Spring primary at the office of the county commissioners and have the registry of his name transferred from the district from which he has removed to the one in which he has taken up his new residence It shall be the duty of the commissioners upon satisfactory proof of the elector's identity to strike his name from the register in the district from which he has removed to examine him in the regular way as to his qualifications and if his answers are satisfactory to register him in the district to which he has removed

Section 6 That section ten of said act approved March fifth one thousand nine hundred and six which reads as follows:

"Section 10 At the end of each day's registration the registrars shall compare the two registers so kept and cause any errors in either of them to be corrected by aid of the entries in the other as to make the same agree where there is any difference between them The registrars shall then sign their initials on the line immediately under the last names registered under each letter in both books together with the date At the close of both Fall and Winter registrations the registrars shall sign a certificate the form of which shall be printed on the last page of the registers setting forth the number of persons registered on each day and the number of names which have been stricken out if any" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 10 At the end of each day's registration the registrars shall compare the two registers so kept and cause any errors in either of them to be corrected by aid of the entries in the other so as to make the same agree where there is any difference between them The registrars shall then sign their initials on the line immediately under the last name registered under each letter in both books together with the date At the close of both Fall and Spring registrations the registrars shall sign a certificate the form of which shall be printed on the last page of the registers setting forth the number of persons registered on each day and the number of names which have been stricken out if any

Section 7 That section twelve of said act approved March fifth one thousand nine hundred and six as amended by section four of said act approved the twenty-fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven which reads as follows:

"Section 12 The registrars shall obtain at the office of the county commissioners the blank forms and other supplies prepared for their use before the first registration day and shall have the same at the polling-place on the said day On registration days and during the time from one such day to another until the close of the registration period the said registrars shall have the custody and control and shall be charged with the safekeeping of the registers in which they have made entries together with all affidavits forms and so forth which have been taken in duplicate as hereinbefore provided At the close of the registration and before twelve o'clock noon of the following day the registrars shall deliver the registers together with all affidavits vouchers unused forms and so forth to the office of the county commissioners and the said papers shall remain there on file open to public inspection under proper regulations for their safe-keeping subject however to the further provisions of this act On Saturday or Monday prior to the fourth Tuesday preceding the February election and the Spring Primary the said registrars shall obtain from said office each the register kept by him together with a sufficient number of blank forms and other supplies and shall have the same at the polling-place for use on the registration day and as before shall be charged with the safe-keeping and return of said records before noon of the day following the registration day

The county commissioners of each county upon proper vouchers shall provide for the payment of the registrars provided by this act They shall furnish proper rooms for the accommodation of themselves and their records They shall also prepare and have printed at the expense of the county all the registers affidavits blanks blank books stationery required by the provisions of this act or which are reasonably necessary to carry out its provisions and shall provide for their distribution to the registrars It shall be their duty to see that the polling-places are open in proper order for the use of the registrars They shall also deliver the two registers to the election officers in the manner in which they are or may be required to deliver other materials for use on election day" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 12 The registrars shall obtain at the office of the county commissioners the blank books forms and other supplies prepared for their use before the first fall registration day and shall have the same at the polling-places on the said day On registration days and during the time from one day to another until the close of the registration period the said registrars shall have the custody and control and shall be charged with the safe-keeping of the registers in which they have made entries together with all affidavits forms and so forth which have been taken in duplicate as hereinbefore provided At the close of the registration and before twelve o'clock noon of the following day the registrars shall deliver the registers together with all affidavits vouchers unused forms and so forth to the office of the county commissioners and the said papers shall remain there on file open to public inspection under proper regulations for their safe-keeping subject however to further provisions of this act On Monday or Tuesday prior to the third Wednesday preceding the Spring primary the said registrars shall obtain from said office each the register kept by him together with a sufficient number of blank forms and other supplies and shall have the same at the polling-place for use on said registration day and as before shall be charged with the safe-keeping and return of said records before noon of the day following the registration day

The county commissioners of each county upon proper vouchers shall provide for the payment of the registrars provided by this act They shall furnish proper rooms for the accommodation of themselves and their records They shall also prepare and have printed at the expense of the county all the registers' affidavits blanks blank books and stationery required by the provisions of this act or which are reasonably necessary to carry out the provisions and shall provide for their proper distribution to the registrars It shall also be their duty to see that the polling-places are open and in proper order for the use of the registrars They shall also deliver the two registers to the election officers in the manner in which they are or may be required to deliver other materials for use on election day

Section 8 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—121.

Akers	Fay	Keene	Rhoads
Allen	Flynn	Keister	Richards
Anderson	Frey	Kelley, J.	Rider
Bass	Gans	Kinney	Riebel
Bentley	Geary	Klingerman	Robison
Blair	Good	Klumpp	Roney
Bosher	Gransback	Kuhns	Row
Brehm	Graybill	Larkins	Sassaman
Breitinger	Grove	Lindsay	Savidge
Caldwell	Guyaux	Magee	Schad
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	Malie	Schmidt
Carter	Halferty	Mannion	Schofield
Clarency	Healey	Marvin	Scott, J.
Cleary	Hecht	McArdle,	Shadrach
Cole	Henry	McClung	Shaffer
Connell	Herman	McInerney	Sherwood
Conner, P.	Hess	McMullen	Shreve
Conner, W.	Hibshman	McNichol	Snyder, A.
Conrade	Hoffman	Miller	Steese
Cox, E. R.	Hoover	Moore	Stein
Cumbler	Hormell	Morris	Swan
Curry	Hough	Newbaker	Townsend
Dale	Howard	North	Tunis
Davis, A.	Hunter, R.	Perry	Walton
Detzel	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W. B.
Dunn, H.	Jackson,	Pitchford,	Whitman
Dunn, J.	Johnson, C.	Raesley	Wilson
Ehrhardt	Johnson, D.	Rath	Woodward
Eichenberger	Johnston	Reeser	Young
Ewing	Keely	Reyburn	Cox, J.
Fahey			Speaker

NAYS—60.

Abbott	Davis, W.	Knight	Robinson
Allman	Dershem	Lafferty	Rockwell
Alter	Ebody	Light	Rumsey
Baldwin, G. A.	Ferguson	Lowe	Schultz
Baldwin, R. J.	Fitzgerald	Martin	Scott, S.
Bender	Gibson	Matt	Shannon
Benson	Gilkeson	Maurer	Snavely
Bossert	Gray	McJunkin	Snyder, P.
Boyd	Hilton	McKean	Swartz
Brennan	Hobbs,	Moses	Ulerich
Campbell, J.	Holland	Moulthrop	Wallace
Carroll	Hunter, J.	Neel	Walnut
Clymer	Jones, J.	Piper	Ward, W., Jr.
Currier	Kelly, M.	Reece	Watts
Dallas	Kern	Reel	Williams

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 892 (Senate No. 20), as follows:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the removal of judges of the Supreme Superior Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts permanently disqualified by reason of physical or mental disability to perform their judicial functions and duties with half pay for their unexpired terms and the filling of vacancies caused by such removal" approved May eleventh one thousand nine hundred and one so as to allow them full pay during the balance of their terms of office and under certain conditions half pay during the remainder of their lives

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it it hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the removal of judges of the Supreme Superior Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts permanently disqualified by reason of physical or mental disability to perform their judicial functions and duties with half pay for their unexpired terms and the filling of vacancies caused by such removal" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it it hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act whenever a judge of any of the Supreme Superior Common Pleas or Orphans' Courts of this Commonwealth by reason of physical or mental disability appears to be incapacitated for performing his judicial functions and duties and by reason of such disability has not performed such duties for the period of one year the Governor of this Commonwealth shall appoint a commission consisting of three skillful and disinterested physicians from different counties of the State to examine the said judge and if the said commission shall report that the said judge is permanently incapacitated to perform the duties of his office the Governor shall notify the said judge of such finding and if the said judge shall resign within thirty days of such notice he shall receive for the balance of the term for which he was elected during which he shall live one-half of the salary which he would have received if he had not resigned and the vacancy thus created shall be filled in the manner heretofore provided by law in case of vacancies in judicial office" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it it hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the first day of January Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and twelve whenever the Governor is of opinion based upon satisfactory medical evidence that a judge of the Supreme Superior Common Pleas or Orphans' Court is by reason of physical or mental disability permanently incapacitated for performing his judicial duties he shall notify said judge of his opinion giving the reasons therefor and if the said judge shall resign within thirty days after such notice and shall hold himself in readiness to advise with his successors and colleagues and to perform duties as special master referee auditor or examiner in such ways as he may be reasonably able to do he shall receive for the balance of the term for which he was elected if he shall so long live the salary he would have received had he remained in active service

Any judge of the Common Pleas or of the Orphans' Court so resigning who shall have served continuously prior to the date of his resignation and shall have reached the age of seventy years or any judge of the Supreme or Superior Court so resigning who shall have served continuously in judicial office for twenty years or more immediately prior to the date of his resignation and who shall hold himself in readiness to advise with his successors and colleagues and to perform duties as special master referee auditor or examiner in such ways as he may be reasonably able to do shall receive during the remainder of his life after the expiraiton of his said term one-half of the salary which he would have received had he remained in active service

Any judge of the Supreme or of the Superior Court who shall have served continuously in judicial office for twenty years or more and any judge of tre Common Pleas or Orphans' Court who shall have reached the age of seventy years and who shall have served continuously in judicial office for twenty-five years or more and who shall hold himself in readiness to advise with his successors and colleagues and to perform such duties as special master referee auditor or examiner in such ways as he may be reasonably able to do after his honorable retirement from office by expiration of term resignation or otherwise shall receive during the remainder of his life one-half of the salary which he would have received had he remained in active service

No judge while accepting the benefits of this act shall be entitled to any additional compensation for the performance of any duties assigned to him hereunder and no such judge shall be obliged to accept an assignment of duty from any court other than the court of which he was a member at the time of his retirement

Any judge wishing to take advantage of the provisions of this act may notify the Governor of his desire so to do or the Governor on his own initiative may notify any judge as provided herein

All payments under this act shall be made monthly only upon the certificate of the retired judge that he is not engaged in any remunerative business or employment or if the judge himself is unable to make one upon a certificate to that fact from a competent physician

Any judge or judges who have been retired under the act to which this is an amendment are hereby given all the benefits and advantages and are made subject to the requirement of this act to the same extent and with the same effect as if they had been retired under the provision hereof

Any vacancy created by a retirement under this act prior to the expiration of the current term that the judge is filling at the time of such retirement shall be filled as now provided by law in cases of vacancies in judicial offices

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. S. B. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, this is a bill that is known as the judges' retirement or judges' pension bill. The changes that this bill makes are principally two. In the first place, before a judge can take advantage, or before the State can take advantage, of the present law it is necessary for the judge to have been absent from his labors for a full year. It was inserted in the law for a very good purpose, namely, it was intended that the judge was, as a matter of fact, incapacitated, but the practical working of the law has not been to reap the benefit of it. A number of the judges, for instance, of the Orphans' Court in Philadelphia were absent from the bench, and it has happened that almost continuously there was one judge absent from the bench, so the court is continuously crippled and the county gets no benefit of the increase on the part of the judges which was provided for not many years ago. The second major change which the bill makes is that whereas under the old act a judge could receive his salary for the balance of the term for which he was elected this bill allows him one-half of the salary for the balance of his life. Now, the justification for giving the judges so much of their salary for life is a very practical one. There is possibly no more pathetic sight in our whole governmental practice that that when a man of commanding intellect begins to fail in his work, and yet because he has given the best years of his life and the best labors of his intellect and has no other work to which he may go, he is compelled either to retire from the bench or stick through the remaining years of his term, and stand for re-election at a time when he is physically unable to perform the duties of his office, and as

matter of fact this causes the election of judges when they are too old to properly perform their duties. As a matter of common sense it is vastly better that the State pay this amount in salaries than to have justice retarded by reason of incompetent judicial service. It is a matter of economy that when judges reach this age that they should be retired, and for these reasons I advocate the passage of this bill.

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, this is one piece of legislation on which I can agree with my friend from Germantown. The bill that has been introduced here was offered in the Senate by Senator McIlhenny and is a bill which protects in every respect not only the competent judge who has devoted his life to legal work but it also protects the public. You will see from the terms of this bill that no judge of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania can get the benefit of this act unless he becomes so incapacitated that he cannot go on with his duties, or unless he has occupied a position on the bench for twenty-five years, or in the higher courts twenty years, which is the longest term he can ocupy, and has reached the age of seventy years. He cannot receive the benefits under this act unless he takes the place of a special examiner for the court. This is in no sense a pension bill, it is merely a bill compensating a judge for his work and at the same time relieving him of the heavier duties of his work as a jurist. I hope, Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, that this bill will receive practically the unanimous support of this whole House. It cannot at any time cover the cases of more than two or three men of the whole judiciary of the State of Pennsylvania.

Mr. WILLIAMS. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, it strikes me that if there has been a need in the past for a law of the kind suggested by this bill necessity for it was removed when the recent judges' salary law was enacted. Under the present judges retirement law, with the salaries as they are to-day, retired Common Pleas judges will receive from a minimum of $3,000 up to a maximum figure of $5,500 a year, a fair compensation for men, as I look at it, who may become incapacitated from the performance of their judicial duties.

Mr. AILMAN. Mr. Speaker, when we adjourn we will certainly feel satisfied that at least one class of the citizens of this State have been well taken care of, and that is the judges of the courts. Some of us thought we had gone about the limit when the judges' salary bill was passed. There were several gentlemen who had some consideration for another class of men who served this country faithfully and who never thought, or saw, or heard, or dreamed of a compensation such as the judges have been getting, to say nothing of the compensation in the future, and yet their claim upon the tender sympathy of this House was utterly disregarded and the bills were rejected in committee. I refer to the soldiers' pension bill. It is rather too much to come and ask us to vote for furnishing money for the men who are certainly well paid for their services, and the rest of us in every walk of life will have no claim upon the State for support and yet these men who gave the very best part of their lives for the country are turned down.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—87.

Abbott	Donahoe	Keely	Riebel
Akers	Eberhardt	Keene	Robinson
Allen	Eichenberger	Keister	Robison
Alter	Ewing	Klingerman	Roney
Bass	Fahey	Klumpp	Savidge
Bentley	Fay	Light	Schad
Bosher	Ferguson	Lindsay	Schmidt
Brehm	Freeman	Magee	Scott, J. R.
Breitinger	Gans	McAleer	Scott, S. B.
Campbell, C.	Geary	McArdle	Sherwood
Carter	Gilkeson	McClung	Shreve
Clarency	Gransback	McInerney	Steese
Clymer	Guyaux	McNichol	Stein
Connell	Haggerty	Miller	Swan
Conner, P.	Halferty	Moore	Townsend
Conner, W.	Hecht	Morris	Tunis
Conrade	Henry	North	Walnut
Cox, E. R.	Hoover	Perry	Ward, W. Jr.
Curry	Howard	Rath	Woodward
Dale	Hunter, R.	Reeser	Young
Davis, A.	Johnson, C.	Reyburn	Cox, John F.
Dearden	Johnston	Richards	Speaker

NAYS—86.

Ailman	Feeney	Kinney	Raesley
Baldwin, G. A.	Flynn	Knight	Reece
Baldwin, R. J.	Frey	Kuhns	Reel
Bender	Gibson	Lafferty	Rider
Benson	Good	Larkins	Rockwell
Blair	Gray	Lowe	Row
Bossert	Graybill	Malie	Sassaman
Boyd	Grove	Martin	Schultz
Brennan	Herman	Marvin	Shaffer
Caldwell	Hess	Matt	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Hibshman	Maurer	Snavely
Campbell, W.	Hobbs	McGowan	Snyder, A.
Carroll	Hoffman	McJunkin	Snyder, P.
Cole	Hunter, J.	McMullen	Swartz
Cumbler	Irwin	Mills	Ulerich
Currier	Jackson	Moses	Von Tacky
Dallas	Johnson, D.	Moultrop	Wallace
Davis, W.	Jones, John	Neel	Ward, W. B.
Dershem	Kelley, J.	Newbaker	Watts
Donnally	Kelly, M.	Piper	Whitman
Dunn, J.	Kern	Pitchford	Williams
Enbody			Wilson

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

ADDRESS BY HON. JOHN P. ELKIN.

The SPEAKER. Before proceeding with the next bill I desire to say to the members of this House that we are honored by the presence of four distinguished members of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania. They are all young men, with no intention of retiring, and therefore this bill is no wise has any effect upon them. I had the distinguished honor to serve in this House with the Hon. John P. Elkin, of Indiana, who will say a few words to you.

Mr. John P. Elkin. Members of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, ladies and gentlemen here assembled, this is like returning to old scenes. I remember some twenty-six years ago when as a young member I sat to the left and did myself the honor of following the leadership of Bob Dearden. In these times we hear a great amount of criticism about the public bodies of to-day, but my friends I do not think you are a bit worse than we were in 1885 and 1887. I believe myself that the world is growing better. I believe that men and women are better to-day than they were at any time in the world's history and that the trend of mankind is upward and not downward. I believe in Pennsylvania, in her men and her women. I love her hills and her valleys. I think myself that we have the greatest State in all the sisterhood of States in this country. If I were suddenly thrown upon the citizenship of the United States and had to make my choice in which State I would place that citizenship, unhesitatingly I would choose to be a citizen of the grand Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

We just stopped in after having enjoyed a dinner with the Governor of the Commonwealth to look upon these scenes once more and we happen to be here when you were talking upon the bill which you just voted down. I want to say for my brothers on the bench that we have no intention of retiring and do not care what action you take. This is a question for you to decide and not us. I do want to commend one piece of legislation that this Legislature has considered, and I want to commend it with all the force of which I am capable. That is the legislation you have passed looking to giving good roads to the people of Pennsylvania. Think of it! An imperial Commonwealth with nearly eight millions of people rich beyond compare of the greatest and grandest nation known to civilization, and yet in three-fourths of the countries of the Commonwealth we have the old dirt roads of a century ago. That is not in keeping with the spirit and the purpose of Pennsylvania as I read it now, and I am glad the Legislature has paved the way to give the State of Pennsylvania good roads. The old Romans knew what it was to have good roads and when Napoleon wanted to conquer the world he set his engineers to carve a highway across the Alps and then employed thirty thousand Frenchmen and three years of time to cut this way across the Alps. It stands to-day as a monument to his genius.

I would like to see good roads in every part of Pennsylvania, and when the time comes and the people have a vote on the question of providing for a loan of fifty millions of dollars, I shall give my vote and my voice in favoring that proposition.

I want to commend your Speaker. I sat beside him twenty-five years ago and he was a good fellow then, and he does not seem to have lost any of his good fellowship in the years that have passed.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

The SPEAKER. The next bill under the special order is House Bill No. 748, bills on third reading, on page 16 of Friday's calendar.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 748, entitled:

An act providing that furniture and household goods leased or hired shall not be levied upon or sold on distress or other proceedings for collection of rent

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading

Mr. R. J. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I object to this bill on the same ground that I did to a bill in the early part of the session which provided for special exemption for pool tables. If this bill would give protection to the poor man's furniture there might be some reason for the passage of the bill, but this bill merely provides protection for furniture belonging to some one else, furniture that is either leased or hired. I do not think that it should become a law or placed on our statutes a provision exempting certain properties. As I said before, if we want a chattel mortgage, then let us have it, but not a law of this kind.

Mr. Wm. WARD, JR. Mr. Speaker, there is no other member in the House who has a more generous spirit than the gentleman from Washington, Mr. Bentley, who introduced this bill, and it is my opinion that some one imposed upon that generous spirit and had him introduce this bill. This bill very carefully takes care of the poor and struggling installment man who sells his goods on credit and at a liberal price, but with a high profit and if the man defaults in the payments his goods are returned to the installment man. I am opposed to this bill and I ask unanimous consent at this time to insert an amendment.

The SPEAKER. The Chair hears objections.

Mr. Wm. WARD, JR. Mr. Speaker, if there is any objection to the offering of this amendment, I do not want to ask for the committee of the whole for the purpose of considering it, but I am absolutely opposed to this measure. It is, as my colleague from Delaware says, a measure giving preference to one set of men. These men are now amply protected under our laws, more than anybody else. I hope the House will vote this measure down.

Mr. V. G. ROBINSON. Mr. Speaker, I desire to enter my protest as well against this bill.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. WM. WARD, JR. Mr. Speaker, I move that the further consideration of this bill be postponed indefinitely.

Mr. V. G. ROBINSON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Mr. KLUMPP. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up House Bill No. 773, file folio 4431, from page 20, Friday's calendar, bills on third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 773, entitled:

An act to repeal an act approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven entitled "An Act to extend the provisions of an act to prohibit the issuing of licenses within certain boroughs in the counties of Armstrong Potter Indiana and Perry or within two miles of the same in the counties in which such boroughs are located approved the twenty-seventh day of March one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six to the boroughs of West Newton and Mount Pleasant in the county of Westmoreland" in so far as the same relates to the borough of West Newton in the county of Westmoreland

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. BOYD. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Westmoreland, Mr. Boyd.

Mr. BOYD. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the sponsor of this bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Klumpp permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. KLUMPP. Yes, sir.

Mr. BOYD. Mr. Speaker, I desire to know whether or not the notice of the intent to repeal this bill was published according to law.

Mr. KLUMPP. Yes, sir, here is the notice, and here are the affidavits.

Mr. BOYD. When was the notice published?

Mr. KLUMPP. Before the bill was introduced.

Mr. BOYD. How many times and on what dates?

Mr. KLUMPP. Four times and on four successive dates.

Mr. BOYD. Beginning with when?

Mr. KLUMPP. April fourth.

Mr. BOYD. When was the bill introduced?

Mr. KLUMPP. On April twenty-eighth, I think.

Mr. BOYD. That is worse yet. It was introduced on April nineteenth, as you will see if you will turn to the calendar, and that makes it about fourteen days before it was advertised. I would like to inquire further, in what papers was this advertised?

Mr. KLUMPP. In two papers.

Mr. BOYD. Published where?

Mr. KLUMPP. In the county of Westmoreland.

Mr. BOYD. In what particular town?

Mr. KLUMPP. One was published by Mr. Shoop's paper, the other by the Pennsylvania Argots.

Mr. BOYD. In what particular towns?

Mr. KLUMPP. Mr. Speaker, I know what the gentleman is driving at, and I wish to state at this time this notice was not published in the paper of that borough, for the reason that the paper is not responsible. The borough had some improvements to go through and there was a bond issued of fifty thousand dollars for the improvements in that borough and it was left to the party in that borough to do the advertising. They failed to publish it according to law, and the consequence is that the bond issue is invalid. They have to go all over the same election because that paper is not responsible, and that is the reason we did not publish this notice in the paper of that borough.

Mr. BOYD. Mr. Speaker, don't you know that the law requires you to advertise in the borough—don't you know that to be the fact.

Mr. KLUMPP. No.

Mr. BOYD. I will read the law to you.

(A section of the law bearing on the subject was read).

The SPEAKER. The House has nothing to do with the bond issue of that borough.

Mr. KLUMPP. I wish to state further that I have here a petition signed by five hundred registered voters in that borough; it is late and hot and I don't wish to take up the time of the House with all this material.

Mr. BOYD. Don't you know that the law requires that the bill must be published thirty days before it is presented?

Mr. KLUMPP. It was.

Mr. BOYD. It was not; the record shows that it was introduced here on April 19th: it was reported out on the 26th. It was advertised in two papers, neither of which paper was in the same borough. It was only advertised in Mr. Shopp's paper on April 4th, and in the other paper mentioned, and it was not more than fifteen days before it was introduced here. I desire to ask further, and again, was it published at all in that borough?

Mr. KLUMPP. I did answer that, and I said that it was not, and gave a reason why it was not.

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. BOYD. I arise to a point of order, and my point is, that this bill is out of order, being a repeal of a local law, and because it was not advertised properly according to law.

The SPEAKER. The Chair submits the question before the House is a Constitutional question and decides that the point of order is well taken.

The bill is out of order.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Mr. BENTLEY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up House Bill No. 806 from page 24, Friday's calendar, bills on third reading:

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 806, entitled:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An act to prohibit the sale of intoxicating drinks in the township of Ohio county of Beaver" approved the twenty-seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six in so far as the same may apply to or affect what is now the borough of Midland

Mr. GEORGE A. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Beaver, Mr. Baldwin.

Mr. GEORGE A. BALDWIN. I would like to interrogate the gentleman who introduced this bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Washington, Mr. Bentley, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. BENTLEY. Yes, sir.

Mr. GEORGE A. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman if it is not a fact that the subject matter of this bill is wholly local?

Mr. BENTLEY. Yes, sir, it is.

Mr. GEORGE A. BALDWIN. Is it not a fact that the gentleman introduced this bill by request?

Mr. BENTLEY. No, sir.

Mr. GEORGE A. BALDWIN. Will the gentleman inform the House why he, a member from Washington, introduced this bill?

Mr. BENTLEY. Because I pay taxes and am interested in property in Ohio township, Beaver County. I have an affidavit here, signed by the judge of election in the town of Midland. There was held an election on the 16th day of January and there were 108 votes cast who voted in favor of the repeal of this bill, and seven voted against it and I have here the affidavit of the judge of election. I also have a letter here from the president of the Crucible Steel Company, which I beg leave to read.

The letter was read as follows:

CRUCIBLE STEEL COMPANY OF AMERICA.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Pittsburg, Pa., May 16, 1911.

Hon. C. Bentley,
House of Representatives,,
Harrisburg, Pa.

Dear Sir:—We regret very much to learn, after thorough investigation of the subject, that the Prohibition Law applying to Midland leaves very much to be desired in the way of orderly government for that locality, and we were reluctantly forced to wire you to-day, as per the following copy:

"After very careful and special investigation of conditions we withdraw our letter of February seventh, to Arthur McKean, opposing repeal of Act prohibiting sale of liquor in the Midland district, and urge in the interest of orderly local government that the sale of liquor be permitted under proper regulations."

Trusting you will help to bring about the repeal of this Act, which we believe will enable the local government to, in a measure, control the liquor traffic at Midland, we are,

Yours very truly.

C. C. RAMSEY, President.

Dictated by Ramsey, but signed in his absence.

Mr. BENTLEY. (continuing). Now, Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, the people of this borough voted 101 to 7 in favor of this repeal; the Crucible Steel Company, with the great holdings of that corporation amounting about eight million dollars in that locality, is it not reasonable, that they should have this law repealed.

Mr. GEORGE A. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, this borough is located in one corner of Ohio Township. Does it not strike the members of this House strangely that the machinery of this House should be stopped and that the wheels of this Commonwealth should be halted in order that it might be possible that a license be granted to this little town of midland. There are many members of this House who have bills on the calendar in which they are interested. What do you think of this kind of action—that this little bill should be given the right of way when there are many other bills waiting to be acted upon which are permitted to fall by the wayside. Does it not seem strange that the power of the Rules Committee in this House should be invoked in order that this measure should be brought out at this time. It must be very important to somebody that this prohibitory law should be repealed. I want to say that the people who live there are mostly of foreign extraction. The intelligent people in the township were not consulted at all. If the better people would have been consulted the result would have been different and there would be a majority report against this repeal. I submit that it is unfair to repeal a prohibitory law as a majority of the people who live in this community were not at all consulted. This bill will be voted against by most of the members in this House from Beaver County. It seems strange that if the people of Beaver or the members of Beaver County wanted this bill passed that they would not present it to this House or that the people of Beaver County would not ask their members to present it. I have voted on every bill in which the members of Philadelphia County were agreed on, and we ask that you support this objection to this bill under present conditions. We object to this bill and I sincerely trust that the bill will not be agreed to.

Mr. ALLEN. Mr. Speaker, I am really surprised that the gentleman from Beaver, Mr. Baldwin, criticises the gentleman from Washington on account of his being interested in this repealing act. If my memory serves me right it has been only a few weeks ago when we were consulting with the members of Allegheny County, and when the gentleman from Beaver County sought to have a Lexow Committee appointed to investigate conditions in Allegheny County, as well as the conditions in this cleanly city of Harrisburg. We have been listening for hours to the voices of certain members here praying that a listening ear be given to the people interested in certain bills. What have we in this case? One of these same voices now is raised against a verdict of the great majority of the people that have already registered their votes in favor of this repealer, 101 to 7, and yet that same voice which plead for the listening voices of the people declares you have not seen me interfere with other communities. There is reason—there is logic in everything, and it seems to me, irrespective of the fact as to whether or not we are interested in the people who are interested in this bill that we have a right to listen to what the majority of the people of the borough of Midland have said under the provisions made by the laws, and we have a right to support their views.

Mr. GEORGE A. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask the gentleman to explain to the House why he didn't vote on the local option bill?

Mr. ALLEN. Because I don't believe in that kind of local option.

Mr. WALLACE. Mr. Speaker, it does seem certainly a little bit strange that we have people in this Legislature coming here and putting so very much stress upon the question of local self-government when the end to be obtained is not in favor of the abolishing of the liquor traffic but in favor of bringing it in. I want to submit to you, very briefly one question. I believe that it is a mighty significant thing that the people of Beaver County have been sending members to this Legislature for a great many years who have been opposed to the repeal of this particular act, and when they come here they refuse to introduce such a bill. In all fairness to the people of Pennsylvania when they are crying and demanding the right of self-government in hundreds of little hamlets in this Commonwealth. Why will you take up one or two of these little communities and say, "the will of the people in this particular locality is supreme" and deny to all the other localities of this great Commonwealth that same right. That is a significant fact. The people of Beaver County have some rights in these premises and are you going to deny them any say in the matter? Are you going to disregard what they have been doing for a great many years? This Legislature is virtually pledged against the repeal of this act and I think you should give consideration to those people in that locality.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, in behalf of this bill I simply wish to remind you gentlemen that it is but another enactment of the same statute that was passed here a few weeks ago in favor of the borough of Rankin in the County of Allegheny, wherein the same procedure was gone through with and the same result secured by the election. Why then should not the borough of Midland under similar circumstances have the benefit of the same statute. Of course, the great trouble with my friend from Beaver is, that of late—and I am sorry to say it—he has been neglecting his duties. You gentlemen remember that it was but a few weeks ago smiling and embarrassed and blushing as a happy young father he received from the gentle hand of our Speaker a beautiful baby carriage. The trouble with the gentleman from Beaver is, that since the House presented him with a baby carriage he is so interested in that baby and that carriage and so disinterested in his duties that he does not know what the people really want. And then, again, we all know that the people of Beaver are of a peaceable and law-abiding type and they don't disobey any mandate, and it was only last Friday afternoon that we saw their lawful representatives disobeying the laws of this Commonwealth, and when the gentleman says that the people don't want this bill he evidently misstates the fact and it is not fair for the vast majority in his county. I ask you to vote for this bill as it ought to become a law.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—81.

Allen	Fay	Keister	Robison
Baldwin, R.	Flynn	Klingerman	Roney
Bass	Frey	Klumpp	Sassaman
Bentley	Gans	Larkins	Savidge
Blair	Geary	Magee	Schad
Bosher	Good	Malie	Schmidt
Carter	Gransback	Mannion	Schultz
Clarency	Guyaux	McArdle	Scott, J.
Clymer	Haggerty	McClung	Shadrach
Connell	Halferty	McInerney	Shaffer
Conner, P.	Healey	McNichol	Sherwood
Conner, W.	Hecht	Miller	Shreve
Conrade	Herman	Moore	Stein
Cumbler	Hibshman	Perry	Swan
Dale	Hormell	Phillips	Townsend
Davis, A.	Howard	Pitchford	Tunis
Detzel	Johnson, C.	Rath	Ward, W., Jr.
Dunn, J.	Johnson, D.	Reyburn	Woodward
Eichenberger	Keely	Richards.	Young
Ewing	Keene	Riebel	Cox, J.
Fahey			Speaker

NAYS—77.

Abbott	Enbody	Lafferty	Robinson
Ailman	Feeney	Light	Rockwell
Alter	Ferguson	Lindsay	Row
Baldwin, G.	Fitzgerald	Lowe	Schofield
Bender	Freeman	Martin	Scott, S.
Benson	Gilkeson	Matt	Shoemaker
Bossert	Gray	Maurer	Snavely
Boyd	Graybill	McJunkin	Snyder, P.
Brehm	Hess	McKean	Swartz
Brennan	Hilton	Mills	Ulerich
Campbell, C.	Hobbs	Moses	Von Tacky
Campbell, J.	Hoffman	Moulthrop	Wallace
Carroll	Holland	Neel	Walnut
Currier	Hunter, R.	Newbaker	Walton
Dallas	Irwin	North	Ward, W.
Davis, W.	Jones, J.	Reese	Watts
Dearden	Kelley, J.	Reid	Whitman
Dershem	Kelly, M.	Reeser	Williams
Donahoe	Knight	Rhoads	Wilson
Donnally	Kuhns		

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Mr. CRUM. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call House Bill No. 749, file folio 4393, from page 28, Friday's calendar, bills on third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 749, entitled:

An act to repeal an act entitled "A supplement to an act passed the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine relating to billiard rooms et cetera in the counties of Chester and Delaware extending the same to the counties of Erie Crawford Venango Warren Tioga Potter and McKean" approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six as far as said act relates and extend to Venango County

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—109.

Abbott	Ewing	Irwin	Reeser
Ailman	Fahey	Johnson, C.	Reyburn
Allen	Feeney	Johnson, D	Rhoads
Baldwin, G.	Freeman	Keene	Richards
Baldwin, R	Frey	Keister,	Rider
Bass	Gans	Kelly, M.	Riebel
Bender	Gibson	Kelsey	Robison
Benson	Gilkeson	Klingerman	Roney
Bentley	Good	Klumpp	Sassaman
Blair	Gransback	Larkins	Savidge
Bosher	Gray	Light	Schad
Brennan	Graybill	Magee	Schmidt
Caldwell	Grove	Malie,	Scott, J.
Campbell C.	Guyaux	Maurer	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Haggerty	McClung	Shoemaker,
Carroll	Halferty	McInerney	Steese
Carter	Healey,	McMullen	Stein
Cleary	Hecht	McNichol	Swan
Clymer	Henry	Moore	Townsend
Connell	Herman	Newbaker	Tunis
Conner, P	Hess	North	Ward, W., Jr.
Conner, W.	Hibshman	Perry	Whitman
Curry	Hobbs	Phillips	Williams
Dallas	Hoover	Piper	Wilson
Davis, A.	Hormell	Pitchford	Woodward
Detzel	Howard	Raesley	Young
Ehrhardt	Hunter, J.	Rath	Cox, John F.
Eichenberger			Speaker.

NAYS—12.

Cox, E. R.	Mills	Schoffield	Swartz
Jones, J.	Moulthrop	Schultz	Ulerich
Kelley, J.	Neel	Scott, S. B.	Von Tacky
McAleer			Walnut

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 892.

Mr. VON TACKY. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Crawford, Mr Von Tacky

Mr. VON TACKY. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which Senate Bill No. 20 (House No. 892), entitled:

An act to amend one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the removal of judges of the Supreme Superior Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts permanently disqualified by reason of physical or mental disability to perform their judicial functions and duties with half pay for their unexpired terms and the filling of vacancies caused by such removal" approved May eleventh one thousand nine hundred and one so as to allow them full pay during the balance of their terms of office and half pay during the remainder of their lives if they have served twenty years continuosuly remain incapacitated but advise with their successor and colleagues so far as reasonably able to do

fell on final passage be reconsidered.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Whereupon, a division was called for 77 gentlemen voting in the affirmative and 58 in the negative, the motion was agreed to.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. JOHN R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I move that further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 833, as follows:

An act to revive and continue in force the provisions of an act entitled "An Act to extend the time during which corporations may hold and convey the title to real estate heretofore bought under execution or conveyed to them in satisfaction of debts and now remaining in their hands unsold" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight in so far as they relate to banking companies

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the provisions of an act entitled "An Act to extend the time during which corporations may hold and convey the title to real estate heretofore bought under execution or conveyed to them in satisfaction of debts and now remaining in their hands unsold" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight which reads as follows

"Whereas Owing to the depreciation in the value of real estate many corporations have been obliged to purchase real estate under executions or take conveyances thereof in order to save their claims thereon and by their charters are authorized to hold the same only for a limited time and owing to such continued depression in prices have been unable to sell and dispose of the same therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the time during which all corporations are authorized by law and their charters to hold and convey real estate acquired by them under execution or in satisfaction of debts be and the same is hereby extended to all property heretofore bought and now held by such corporations for and during a further period of five years from and after the expiration of the time during which as aforesaid they are now so authorized to hold and convey the same" be and the same are hereby revived continued and extended in so far as they relate to banking companies for a period of five years from and after the passage of this act Provided however that nothing in this act shall aply to railroad right of ways

And said bill having been read at length the third time considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—147.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Johnston	Rhoads
Akers	Ehrhardt	Jones, J.	Richards
Allen	Eichenberger	Keely	Rider
Alter	Ewing	Keene	Riebel
Anderson	Fahey,	Keister	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Fay	Kelly, M.	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Feeney	Kelsey	Roney
Bass	Ferguson	Kern	Row
Bender	Fitzgerald	Klingerman	Sassaman
Benson	Flynn,	Klumpp	Schmidt
Bentley	Freeman	Kuhns	Schofield
Bosher	Frey	Lafferty	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gans	Larkins	Scott, S.
Brehm	Geary	Light	Shadrach
Breitinger	Gibson	Magee	Shannon
Brennan	Gilkeson	Malie	Sherwood
Caldwell	Good	Mannion	Shoemaker
Campbell, C.	Gransback	Marvin	Steese
Carroll	Graybill	McArdle	Stein
Carter	Grove	McClung	Swan
Clarency	Guyaux	McInerney	Swartz
Cleary	Haggerty	McMullen	Townsend
Connell	Halferty	McNichol	Tunis
Conner, P.	Hecht	Miller	Ulerich
Conner, W.	Henry	Moore	Von Tacky
Conrade	Hess	Morris	Wallace
Cox, E. R.	Hibshman	Moses	Walnut
Cumbler	Hobbs	Moulthrop	Walton
Currier	Hoover	Neel	Ward, W.
Curry	Hormell	Newbaker	Ward, W. B.
Dale	Hough	North	Watts
Davis, A.	Howard	Perry	Whitman
Dearden	Hunter, J.	Pitchford	Wilson
Dershem	Irwin	Rath	Woodward
Detzel	Jackson	Reel	Young
Donahoe	Johnson, C.	Reyburn	Cox, John F.
Donnally	Johnson, D.		Speaker

NAYS—8.

Blair	Campbell, J.	Martin	McJunkin
Bossert	Dallas	Matt	Reece
Schad			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

The SPEAKER. The next bill under the special order is House Bill No. 861, on page 32 of Friday's calendar.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 861, entitled:

An act providing for and regulating the reporting to the State Department of Health by physicians of occupational disease and fixing penalties for violation thereof

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. ROCKWELL. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the author of this bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Abbott, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. ABBOTT. I will.

Mr. ROCKWELL. Mr. Speaker, I would like the sponsor of this bill to make some explanation of it.

Mr. ABBOTT. Mr. Speaker, the only purpose of this bill is for the department to keep in touch with any diseases which are caused by a man's occupation. That is all there is to this bill. The doctor attending the man has to report to the department. The department asks for it, and the American Federation of Labor has endorsed it. I hope the bill will pass.

The question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—154.

Abbott,	Fahey	Knight	Roney
Allman	Fay	Lafferty	Row
Allen	Feeney	Larkins	Rumsey
Baldwin, G.	Fitzgerald	Leh	Sassaman
Baldwin, R.	Flynn	Light	Savidge
Bender	Freeman	Lindsay	Schad
Benson	Gans	Magee	Schmidt
Bentley	Geary	Malie	Schultz
Blair,	Gibson	Martin	Scott, J.
Bosher	Gilkeson	Marvin	Scott, S. B.
Boyd	Good	Maurer	Shaffer
Brehm	Gransback	McAleer	Shannon
Breitinger	Gray	McArdle	Sherwood
Brennan	Graybill	McClung	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Guyaux	McInerney	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Haggerty	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Carter	Halferty	McMullen	Snyder, P. W.
Cleary	Hecht	McNichol	Speer
Clymer	Henry	Miller	Stein
Cole	Hess	Mills	Swan
Conner, P	Hibshman	Moore	Swartz
Conner, W.	Hilton	Morris	Townsend
Conrade	Hobbs	Moses	Tunis
Cox, E.	Holland	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Cumbler	Hoover	Neel	Von Tacky
Currier	Hough	Newbaker	Wallace
Curry	Howard	North	Walnut
Dale	Hunter, J.	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Dallas	Hunter, R.	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Davis, W.	Jackson	Raesley	Watts
Dearden	Johnson, C.	Rath	Welch
Detzel	Johnston	Reece	Whitman
Donahoe	Jones, J.	Reel	Wilcox
Donnally	Keely	Reeser	Williams
Dunn, J.	Keister	Reyburn	Wilson
Ehrhardt	Kelley, J.	Rhoads	Woodward
Eichenberger	Kelsey	Riebel	Young
Enbody	Kinney	Robinson	Cox, John F.
Ewing	Klingerman	Robison	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

The SPEAKER. The next bill under the special order is House Bill No. 862, on page 32 of Friday's calendar.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 862, entitled:

An act providing for the erection of memorial halls at the county seats in the different counties of Pennsylvania authorizing and directing the county commissioners of such counties upon petition of at least fifty citizens approved by two successive grand juries and the Court of Quarter Sessions to purchase a plot of ground in such county seat and erect thereon a memorial hall in honor of the soldiers sailors and marines from such county who served in the army and navy in the war for the suppression of the rebellion and all other wars in defense of the United States flag and authorizing the levying of a tax to raise a fund to pay the purchase money of the ground and the expenses of the erection of a memorial hall

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—154.

Abbott	Eichenberger	Kelly, M. C.	Richards
Allman	Ewing	Kelsey	Riebel
Akers	Fay	Kern	Robinson
Allen	Feeney	Klingerman	Rockwell
Alter	Fitzgerald	Klumpp	Roney
Anderson	Flynn,	Knight	Row
Baldwin, G.	Freeman	Lafferty	Sassaman
Baldwin, R.	Gans	Larkins	Savidge
Bass	Geary	Leh	Schad
Benson	Gibson	Light	Schofield
Blair	Gilkeson	Lindsay	Scott, J
Bosher	Good	Magee	Shaffer
Boyd	Gransback	Mannion,	Sherwood
Breitinger	Gray	Marvin	Shoemaker
Campbell, C.	Grove	McAleer	Shreve
Campbell, J.	Guyaux	McArdle	Snyder, A.
Carroll	Haggerty	McGowan	Snyder, P.
Carter	Halferty	McInerney	Steese
Clarency	Hecht	McKean	Stein
Clymer	Henry,	McMullen	Swan
Connell	Hess	McNichol	Swartz
Conner P.	Hibshman	Miller	Townsend
Conner, W.	Hilton	Moore,	Tunis
Conrade	Hoffman	Morris	Ulerich
Cox, E. R.	Holland	Moses	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Hoover	Moulthrop	Wallace
Currier	Hough	Newbaker	Walnut
Curry	Howard,	North	Walton
Dale	Hunter, J.	Perry	Ward, W B
Davis, A.	Irwin	Phillips	Watts
Davis W.	Jackson	Pitchford	Welch
Dearden	Johnson, C. V.	Raesley	Whitman
Dershem	Johnson, D.	Rath	Wilcox
Detzel	Johnston	Reece	Williams
Donahoe	Jones, E	Reel	Wilson
Donnally	Jones, J.	Reeser	Woodward
Dunn, H	Keely	Reno	Young
Dunn, J.	Keene	Rhoads	Cox, John F.,
Ehrhardt	Keister		Speaker

NAYS—2.

Martin,	Maurer

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

The SPEAKER. The next bill under the special order is House Bill No. 863, on page 32 of Friday's calendar.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 863, entitled:

An act laying a State tax on estates passing either by will or under the intestate laws of this Commonwealth or by deed grant bargain or sale or intended to take effect after the death of the grantor or bargainer and providing for the collection thereof

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. MATT. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the author of this bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Cameron, Mr. Howard, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. HOWARD. I will.

Mr. MATT. I would like the author of this bill to give us some light.

Mr. HOWARD. Mr. Speaker, this is a commission bill placing a direct inheritance tax on estates passing to direct heirs.

Mr. MATT. Will you please tell the House in what amount?

Mr. HOWARD. One per cent.

Mr. MATT. A dollar on a hundred?

Mr. HOWARD. Yes, sir.

Mr. MATT. Ten dollars on a thousand?

Mr. HOWARD. Yes, sir.

Mr. MATT. In case there is no will made, then what?

Mr. HOWARD. I understand it carries just the same.

Mr. R. J. BALDWIN. I would like to say to the House why I am in favor of this bill. At the present time we have a personal property tax which is very largely evaded in our State. I have no doubt that there is only from thirty to forty per cent. of this tax paid in Pennsylvania. That is a five-mill tax on land. Persons owning personal property in the nature of securities do not return them. Those willing to tell the truth pay the full tax, and those that are willing to misrepresent the facts do not pay the tax. I believe we should have a direct inheritance tax. If we put a very strong inheritance law on our statute books the next Legislature can deal with the subject intelligently. This only calls for a tax of one per cent., and I believe it would be wise to pass this measure. The next Legislature can either take it off or keep it on as they see fit.

The question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—63.

Akers	Fahey	Henry	McArdle
Allen	Fay	Holland	McClung
Alter	Feeney	Hoover	Miller
Anderson	Ferguson	Hormell	Moore
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Hough	Morris
Bentley	Flynn	Howard	Perry
Campbell, C.	Freeman	Irwin	Rath
Connell	Frey	Johnson, C.	Richards
Conner, P.	Gans	Johnson, D.	Riebel
Currier	Gilkeson	Keely	Savidge
Curry	Gransback	Keene	Schad
Dale	Grove	Keister	Schultz
Davis, A.	Guyaux	Kuhns	Scott, J.
Donnally	Haggerty	Letzkus	Shreve
Eichenberger	Halferty	Lindsay	Ulerich
Ewing	Hecht		Watts

NAYS—54.

Abbott	Conrade	Knight	North
Ailman	Conner, W.	Lafferty	Raesley
Baldwin, G.	Dershem	Light	Rebert
Bender	Donahoe	Martin	Reece
Benson	Good	Matt	Rider
Blair	Herman	Maurer	Rockwell
Bossert	Hess	McJunkin	Roney
Brehm	Hobbs	McKean	Sassaman
Bartman	Hoffman	McMullen	Scott, S. B.,
Caldwell	Jackson	Moses	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Jones, J.	Moulthrop	Townsend
Campbell, W.	Kelly, M.	Neel	Walnut
Clymer	Kern	Newbaker	Walton
Cole			Wilcox

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

The SPEAKER. The next bill under special order is House Bill No. 864, on page 32 of Friday's calendar.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 864, entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to prevent the inducing enticing or procuring or attempting to induce entice or procure into the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania any woman or girl for immoral purposes and providing a punishment for the violation thereof" approved May first one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and six) so as to prevent and punish the procuring for immoral purposes of any woman or girl residing in or out of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—157.

Ailman	Donnally	Johnston	Rhoads
Akers	Ehrhardt	Jones, E.	Richards
Allen	Eichenberger	Keely	Rider
Alter	Ewing	Keene	Riebel
Anderson	Fahey	Keister	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Fay	Kelley, J.	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Feeney	Kelly, M.	Roney
Bass	Ferguson	Kern	Row
Bender	Fitzgerald	Kinney	Sassaman
Benson,	Flynn	Klumpp	Savidge
Bentley	Frey,	Knight	Schad
Blair	Gans	Lafferty	Schmidt
Bosher	Geary	Light	Schofield
Bossert	Gibson	Magee	Schultz
Boyd	Gilkeson	Malie	Scott, J.
Brehm	Good,	Mannion	Scott, S.
Brennan	Gransback	Martin	Shadrach
Caldwell	Graybill	Marvin	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Grove	Matt	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Guyaux	Maurer	Shreve
Carroll	Haggerty	McArdle	Snavely
Carter	Halferty	McJunkin	Steese
Clarency	Hecht	McKean	Stein
Cleary	Henry	McMullen	Swan
Clymer	Herman	McNichol	Swartz
Cole	Hess,	Miller	Townsend
Connell	Hibshman	Moore	Tunis
Conner, P.	Hilton	Morris	Von Tacky
Conner, W.	Hobbs	Moses	Wallace
Conrade	Hoffman	Moulthrop	Walnut
Cox, E. R.	Holland	Neel	Walton
Currier	Hoover	Newbaker	Ward, W., Jr
Curry	Hormell	North	Ward, W. B
Dale	Howard	Perry	Whitman
Davis, A	Hunter, J. N.	Phillips	Wilcox
Davis, W.	Irwin,	Piper	Williams
Dearden	Jackson	Pitchford	Woodward
Dershem	Johnson, C.	Rath	Young
Detzel	Johnson, D.	Reyburn	Cox, John F.
Donahoe			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

The SPEAKER. The next bill under special order is House Bill No. 877, on page 33 of Friday's calendar.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 877, as follows:

An Act providing for the employment of convicted criminals on public work

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the first day of July one thousand nine hundred and eleven all criminals who have been convicted and sentenced by any court of justice of this Commonwealth to undergo a term of imprisonment in any of the State penitentiaries county prisons house of correction or work houses may when not otherwise employed in any of the said institutions be employed outside of such penitentiaries county prisons houses of correction and work houses upon the construction of public road public bridges public buildings and other works of a distinctly public character under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the officials of any of the aforementioned institutions not inconsistent with the provisions of this act

Section 2 Whenever such prisoners shall be so employed they may be under the regulation control and surveillance of the State Constabulary and shall be kept in suitable barracks provided for that purpose and furnished with proper food and clothing and shall be guarded by the members of the said State Constabulary and it shall be the duty of the officers of the State Constabulary to adopt such rules and regulations for the purpose of governing the prisoners when employed under its guard as may be necessary and proper such rules employed under its guard as may be necessary and proper such rules and regulations not to be inconsistent with the provisions of this act

Section 3 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the foregoing provisions are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—144.

Allman	Davis, W.	Hunter, J.	Perry
Akers	Dearden	Hunter, R.	Pitchford
Allen	Dershem	Irwin	Rath
Alter	Detzel	Johnson, C.	Reel
Anderson	Donnally	Johnston	Reeser
Baldwin, G. A.	Dunn, J.	Jones, E.	Reyburn
Baldwin, R. J.	Ehrhardt	Jones, John	Rhoads
Bass	Eichenberger	Keely	Richards
Bender	Enbody	Keene	Rider
Bentley	Ewing	Kelley, J.	Riebel
Blair	Fahey	Kelly, M.	Rockwell
Bosher	Fay	Kelsey	Roney
Bossert	Feeney	Kern	Row
Boyd	Ferguson	Klingerman	Sassaman
Brehm	Freeman	Klumpp	Savidge
Breitinger	Gans	Knight	Schad
Brennan	Geary	Light	Schmidt
Caldwell	Gibson	Lindsay	Scott, J. R.
Campbell, C.	Gilkeson	Lowe	Shadrach
Carroll	Good	Magee	Shannon
Carter	Gransback	Malie	Sherwood
Clarency	Graybill	Mannion	Shoemaker
Cleary	Grove	Marvin	Shreve
Clymer	Guyaux	Matt	Steese
Cole	Haggerty	McArdle	Stein
Connell	Halferty	McClung	Swartz
Conner, P.	Hecht	McInerney	Townsend
Conner, W.	Henry	McJunkin	Tunis
Conrade	Herman	McNichol	Ulerich
Cox, E. R.	Hess	Miller	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Hobbs	Moore	Wallace
Currier	Hoffman	Morris	Walton
Curry	Holland	Moses	Ward, W. Jr.
Dale	Hoover	Neel	Wilson
Dallas	Hough	Newbaker	Young
Davis, A.	Howard	North	Cox, John F. Speaker

NAYS—4.

Maurer	McMullen	Schultz	Ward, W. B.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

The SPEAKER. The next bill under special order is House Bill No. 1266, on page 39 of Friday's calendar.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1266, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medicinal preparations in the State of Pennsylvania" approved May twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—150.

Allman	Eichenberger	Kelley, J.	Rider
Akers,	Enbody	Kelly, M.	Riebel
Allen	Fahey	Kelsey	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	Fay	Kern	Robison
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Kinney	Roney
Bass	Fitzgerald	Klingerman	Row
Bender	Flynn	Klumpp	Sassaman
Bentley	Frey	Knight	Savidge
Bosher	Geary	Lafferty	Schad
Boyd	Gilkeson	Larkins	Schmidt
Brehm	Good	Light	Schofield
Breitinger	Gransback	Lindsay	Schultz
Brennan	Graybill	Lowe	Scott, J.
Caldwell	Grove	Malie	Scott, S.
Campbell, C.	Guyaux	Mannion	Shadrach
Campbell, Jas.	Haggerty	Matt	Shannon
Campbell, W.	Healey	Maurer	Sherwood
Carter	Hecht	McAleer	Shoemaker
Cleary	Henry	McClung	Shreve
Clymer	Herman	McJunkin	Snavely
Cole	Hess	McKean	Snyder, P.
Connell	Hibshman	McNichol,	Speer
Conner, P.	Hobbs	Miller	Stein
Conner, W.	Hoffman	Moore	Swartz
Conrade	Holland	Morris	Townsend
Cox, E.	Hoover	Moses	Tunis
Currier	Hough	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Curry	Howard	Newbaker	Wallace
Dale	Hunter, J.	North	Walnut
Dallas	Irwin	Phillips	Watts
Davis, A.	Jackson	Piper	Welch
Dearden	Johnson, C.	Pitchford	Whitman
Dershem	Johnston	Rath	Williams
Detzel	Jones, E.	Reece	Wilson
Donnally,	Jones, J.	Reel	Woodward
Dunn, H.	Keene	Reeser	Young
Dunn, J.	Keister,	Reyburn	Cox, John F., Speaker
Ehrhardt		Rhoads	

NAYS—7.

Alter	McInernery	Rockwell	Ward, W.
Blair	Richards	Ward, W., Jr.	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

The SPEAKER. The next bill under special order is House Bill No. 1289, on page 40 of Friday's calendar.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1289, entitled:

An act to provide for the assessment and collection of taxes on personal property

An said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Allman	Campbell, C	Feeney	Rockwell
Akers	Connell	Hecht	Roney
Allen,	Conrade	Hobbs	Sassaman
Alter	Cox, E.	Hoover	Savidge
Bass	Curry	Jones, J.	Schad
Bender	Davis, A.	Keene	Scott, J.
Benson	Dearden	Keister	Scott, S. B.
Bentley	Dershem	Malie	Sherwood
Blair	Eichenberger	Perry	Townsend
Bosher	Fahey	Pitchford	Tunis
Boyd	Fay	Riebel	Ward, W., Jr.
Brehm			

NAYS—46.

Baldwin, G.	Haggerty	Light	Miller
Bossert	Hess	Lowe	Moore
Brennan	Howard	Martin	Morris
Campbell, J.	Jones, E.	Matt	Moulthrop
Carter	Kelly, M.	Maurer	Newbaker
Cole	Kern	McGowan	Rath
Currier	Kinney	McInerney	Reece
Davis, W.	Klumpp	McJunkin	Shreve
Donnally	Knight	McKean	Snavely
Enbody	Kuhns	McMullen	Snyder, A
Fitzgerald	Lafferty	McNichol	Ward, W. B.
Good			

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. G. A. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn.

Mr. M. C. KELLEY. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to, and at 12.55 A. M. the House adjourned to meet at ten o'clock to-morrow morning.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1911 — 119th of the General Assembly

VOL. 1. HARRISBURG, PA., TUESDAY, MAY 23, 1911 No. 75.

SENATE.

TUESDAY, May 23, 1911.

The Senate met at 11.00 o'clock A. M.

The President pro tempore (Mr. W. E. CROW) in the Chair.

Prayer by the Chaplain, Rev. A. C. James.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. MARTIN, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

PETITION AGAINST EXCISE COMMISSION BILL AND BREWERS AND DISTILLERS LICENSE.

Mr. COOPER presented the petition of members of the United Presbyterian Church of Aspinwall, Pa., against the Excise Commission Bill and Brewers' and Distillers' License.

Which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary Special.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

The PRESIDENT, Senate Bill No. 763 (House No. 663), on final passage, entitled:

An act entitled an act supplementary to an act for the government of cities of the second class approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

has not been received from the printer and will go over in its order.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 767 (House No. 560), as follows:

An act authorizing the ascertainment award levy assessment and collection of the costs damages and expenses of municipal improvements including the opening widening straightening extending grading paving macadamizing curbing or otherwise improving of roads streets lanes alleys or parts thereof completed or in course of completion and also the costs damages and expense of the construction of any sewer or drain completed or now in process of completion providing for the ascertainment levy and collection of damages and benefits therefor from property peculiarly benefited where under existing laws or ordinances private property could not be assessed for such benefits and constituting such benefits a lien upon the property upon which they are assessed and authorizing the completion of such improvements now in progress

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever heretofore since the first day of July Anno Domini nineteen hundred and nine any municipal corporation of the State has by act or acts ordinance or ordinances resolution or resolutions contract or contracts opened widened extended straightened graded paved curbed macadamized or otherwise improved any road street lane or alley or part thereof or constructed any sewer drain or branch or part thereof and in effecting such improvements has taken injured or destroyed private property or furnished materials and labor or incurred expense and properties in the neighborhood have been by such improvement or improvements peculiarly and specially benefited but owing to the act or acts of Assembly under the authority of which any or all of the ordinances resolutions or contracts for said improvements either in its or their entirety or any part or parts thereof were passed or made having subsequently been declared unconstitutional or is or are otherwise invalid or where any ordinance or ordinances authorizing and directing such improvements is or are for any reason defective or invalid or where for any reason private property cannot be assessed for peculiar special benefits resulting from such improvements now by this act such improvements are made valid and binding and such municipality of the State is hereby authorized to ascertain award levy assess and collect the damages cost and expense of such improvement and ascertain and assess the benefits therefor in manner following to wit

First Said municipality of the State or any person or persons interested may at any time after such work or labor has been done or materials furnished property taken or damage done present its her his or their petition in any court of common pleas of the proper county setting forth briefly the character of such improvement and that the costs expenses and damages incurred have not been collected or fully paid to said municipality and praying the court to appoint three disinterested freeholders to ascertain and determine the costs damages and expenses of said improvements and any damages done to private property by reason thereof and to fairly and ratably assess the said damages costs and expenses upon the property benefited and to make report thereof to the court

Second Upon the presentation of such petition the court shall direct notice thereof to be given to all parties interested by an advertisement inserted at least three times in one or more newspapers published in the county in which the municipality is situate one of which newspapers may be printed in the German language and by at least ten hand bills posted ten days before the hearing in conspicuous places along the line of the improvement and the vicinity thereof that on a certain day therein to be named and not less than ten days after the last insertion of the advertisement in the newspapers the court will place upon and decide said application and that any person interested therein may be heard in reference thereto

Third Upon said named day the court shall unless some good objection is made thereto appoint three disinterested freeholders as viewers Any two of said viewers may decide all questions and in all respects have all the powers discretion and jurisdiction of all three viewers but all three viewers shall act unless in case of sickness or other unavoidable cause and in case of a vacancy the court may appoint a substitute at any time before the first meeting of the viewers

Fourth Upon said appointment being made said viewers shall be sworn or affirmed by some person authorized to administer oaths well and truly perform the duties imposed upon them and true report to make to the court

Fifth It shall be the duty of said viewers after being sworn or affirmed to fix a day hour and place when and where they will hear all parties in interest of which meeting notice shall be given by at least three insertions in the newspapers designated in the second clause of section one of this act and by at least ten handbills posted in conspicuous places along the line of improvement and in the vicinity thereof the last of the said insertions and the posting of said handbills shall be at least ten days before the meeting Ten days' notice of the time and place of said meeting shall also be given to persons owning property along the lines of such improvement resident in such municipality by personal service of a copy of said notice or by leaving the same at the residence of such owner with an adult member of his family and making known the contents thereof The viewers shall visit the improvement and personally inspect the same and the properties in the neighborhood supposed to be damaged or benefited thereby

At the time and place fixed they shall hear all parties interested and their witnesses with power to adjourn from time to time and after a full hearing on all questions before them they or any two of them shall ascertain and determine the damages to each property for property taken injured or destroyed by such improvement and award such damages to each particular property They shall also ascertain and determine the total damages costs and expenses of such improvement and these damages costs and expenses they shall equitably and fairly assess upon the properties benefited which assessment shall not exceed the benefit peculiarly resulting to each property from the improvement and the total assessment or benefits shall in no case exceed the total damages costs and expenses of the improvement If property peculiarly benefited to the extent of the total damages costs and expenses cannot be found the viewers shall assess such excess or damages costs and expenses over and above peculiar benefits upon the municipality under whose authority the improvement was effected and the same shall be paid out of its treasury The viewers shall thereupon prepare a report together with a plan of the properties damaged and benefited and in said report shall set forth the character of the improvement the total amount of the damages costs and expenses thereof a schedule of the damages awarded to and the benefits assessed upon each particular property with the name or names of the owner or reputed owner of each parcel and what amount if any of damages costs and expenses not assessed as peculiar benefits to private property is assessed upon the municipality

Sixth Said viewers shall then give notice by three insertions in the same newspapers as already designated that their report is ready and that on a day certain therein to be named and not earlier than ten days after the last insertion they will present the same to court that in the meantime said report will remain at a place to be designated in said notice subject to inspection and exception If any exceptions are filed the viewers shall afford the exceptions a hearing on the same and make such changes and modifications in their report as justice and equity may require

Seventh On the day named if no exceptions are filed or if exceptions be filed upon a subsequent day to be fixed by them the viewers or any two of them shall file their report in the proper court of common pleas and thereupon the said court shall confirm the same nisi and unless exceptions be filed within thirty days the report shall be confirmed absolutely subject to appeals pending When said report is filed notice thereof shall be given by one publication in the newspapers already designated Said notice shall state the date of filing of the report and shall contain a schedule of the damages and benefits as shown therein and shall further state that unless exceptions be filed thereto within thirty days from the date of filing the said report will be confirmed absolutely subject to appeals pending The said court shall have power to confirm and report to modify change or otherwise correct the same or the assessments made therein or refer the report back to the same or new viewers with like power as to any new or further report within thirty days after said report is filed in court any party interested may file exceptions to the same or within said period of thirty days the said municipality or any party whose property is taken injured or destroyed by said improvement may appeal and demand a trial by jury according to the course of the common law

Eighth When the court has made its final decree confirming the said report or fixing the amount of the assessments in each case the sums thus ascertained as benefits shall if properly filed as a municipal lien or sued within six months be a lien upon the property assessed and shall be due and payable to the treasurer of the proper municipality within thirty days from the date of said decree and the clerk of the proper court on the making of such decree shall deliver to said treasurer a certified copy of the decree and report Said assessments shall bear interest beginning at the expiration of thirty days from the date of said decree If not paid within said time the said treasurer shall deliver the same to the city solicitor or the attorney of said municipality who shall proceed to collect the same by an action of assumpsit or by filing lien therefor under the general laws of the Commonwealth in such case made and provided and proceeding thereon to collect the same

Ninth All the costs of the proceedings including advertisements handbills and costs of service shall be paid by the proper municipality and any excess of damages costs and expenses over and above the benefits as determined by the final decree of the court shall also be paid out of the treasury of the proper municipality

Tenth Proceedings under this act shall be confined to the ascertainment award assessment levy and collection of damages benefits expenses and costs of effecting such improvements in the construction of which private property has been entered upon and actually physically appropriated to public use or otherwise injured or destroyed or has been benefited thereby or for the construction of which said improvement contract has been made materials furnished and work and labor done within eighteen months prior to the date of approval of this act Power is hereby given to the said municipalities of the State to complete such improvements now in course of completion and upon such completion as aforesaid to proceed for the ascertainment award assessment levy and collection of damages and benefits caused thereby

Eleventh If upon any appeal or trial in the case of any person or persons whose property has been taken injured or destroyed the result shall be that the appellant or appellants recovers or recover less damages for property taken injured or destroyed than he or she or they was or were awarded by the viewers from which award said appeal or appeals were taken then the court may thereupon order and compel the municipality to repay to the several property owners assessed for benefits their ratable proportion of so much of said assessment as were made by reason of said excess of damages

Twelfth This act shall in no event be construed as depriving any person of a right of trial by jury where such a right has been conferred by the Constitution of this State but such right shall be demanded in the time fixed by the sveenth clause of section one of this act

Thirteenth Any party interested in any assessment of benefits Supreme court as the pending controversy may warrant Provided That such appeal be taken within one year from the date of final judgment but such appeal shall not be a supersedeas unless taken within thirty days after such judgment

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Adams	Herbst	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Homsher	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Huffman	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Hunter	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Jamison	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jarrett	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jones	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Judson	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Keyser	Nulty	Wertz
Gerberich	Kline	Powell	Wilbert
Hays	Knapp	Salus	Wolf
Heacock	Kurtz	Shields	Crow

Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 802 (House No. 615), as follows:

An act to fix and regulate the compensation of directors of the poor of poor districts composed of several townships boroughs and cities situate wholly within counties of this Commonwealth not exceeding five hundred thousand population

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act the annual salary of each director of the poor of poor districts composed of several townships boroughs and cities situate wholly within any county of this Commonwealth shall be as follows

In such poor districts containing one hundred thousand population and not exceeding one hundred and twenty-five thousand population seven hundred and fifty dollars In such poor districts containing one hundred and twenty-five thousand population and not exceeding one hundred and fifty thousand population one thousand dollars in such poor districts containing one hundred and fifty thousand and not over five hundred thousand population fifteen hundred dollars

The salaries herein fixed shall be in full in lieu of all other compensation for services of directors of the poor excepting traveling expenses necessarily incurred in the discharge of their official duties or in the performance of any service office or duty imposed upon the directors of the poor The said poor directors shall have power to employ an attorney at such rate of compensation as they shall deem proper not however exceeding the rate of twenty-five dollars per month The population of poor districts for the purpose of this act is to be ascertained and determined at any time by the most recent United States census

Section 2 That all acts or parts of acts general special or local inconsistent with the provisions of this act be and the same are hereby repealed Provided that this act shall not repeal the act entitled "An Act amending an act entitled 'An Act fixing the salaries of county poor directors in counties of over one hundred and fifty thousand population' approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred and seven by providing for compensation according to population and granting power to employ counsel" approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—40.

Adams	Gerberich	Kline	Shields
Alexander	Hall	Knapp	Snyder
Baldwin	Hays	Kurtz	Sones
Buckman	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Catlin	Huffman	McNichol	Thomson
Clark	Hunter	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jamison	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jarrett	Morgan	Wilbert
Endsley	Jones	Powell	Wolf
Fox	Keyser	Salus	Crow

Pres. pro tem

NAYS—7.

Heacock	Judson	McIlhenny	Weingartner
Herbst	Martin	Nulty	

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

BILLS OVER IN ORDER.

The PRESIDENT. The following bills, on final passage have not been received from the printer and will go over in their order:

Senate Bill No. 775 (House No. 608), entitled:

An act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject

Senate Bill No. 944 (House No. 1014), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Aged Colored Women's Home at Williamsport Lycoming county Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 952 (House No. 1022), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Cottage State Hospital at Connellsville Fayette county Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 1133 (House No. 1215), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Reform School at Morganza Pennsylvania and granting its managers the authority to raze old buildings

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. TUSTIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. TUSTIN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with favorable recommendation the following nominations made by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were laid on the table:

MEMBERS OF THE COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE AND REPORT UPON THE PHYSICAL CONDITION AND LEGAL RIGHTS IN THE MATTER OF SURFACE SUPPORT WHERE ANTHRACITE COAL HAS BEEN REMOVED OR THE RIGHT TO REMOVE SAID COAL IS VESTED IN OTHERS THAN THE OWNER OF THE SURFACE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 18, 1911.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following named gentlemen to be members of the Commission to investigate and report upon the physical condition and legal rights in the matter of surface support where anthracite coal has been removed or the right to remove said coal is vested in others than the owner of the surface, and for the purpose of suggesting new legislation relative to the same, to serve until the first day of February, 1913:

J. Benjamin Dimmick, Scranton, Lackawanna County.
W. L. Connell, Scranton, Lackawanna County.
W. A. Lathrope, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County.
R. A. Phillips, Scranton, Lackawanna County.
W. J. Richards, Pottsville, Schuylkill County.
Charles Enzian, Wilkes-Barre, Luzerne County.
Wm. H. Lewis, Pottsville, Schuylkill County.
George Davis, Lansford, Carbon County.
E. J. Lynett, Scranton, Lackawanna County.

JOHN K. TENER.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 757 (House No. 405), entitled:

An act to regulate the temperature of milk and cream intended to be shipped sold or offered for sale

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. WOLF. Mr. President. Last evening this bill was on the calendar and I asked that it be recommitted for the purpose of amendment, having at that time requests from some of my constituents that they be heard on the bill. I have since read the bill. I see no objection to it and am heartily in accord with the bill.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39.

Adams	Heacock	McConnell	Sproul
Alexander	Herbst	McIlhenny	Thomson
Baldwin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Buckman	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Catlin	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
Clark	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Cooper	Judson	Nulty	Wilbert
Endsley	Keyser	Powell	Wolf
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Crow
Hays	Manbeck	Sones	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—2.

DeWitt Knapp

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 800 (House No. 265), on third reading, entitled:

An act relating to roads providing for the election and appointment of township supervisors in second class townships defining their powers duties and limitations relating to road tax and the expenditure thereof abolishing the work tax defining certain duties of the clerk of court fixing the penalties for violation of this act and making an appropriation to carry out its provisions

be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. WOLF. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr HERBST. Mr. President, this is the township roads bill. In other words, this carries an appropriation that the State owes the townships by contract and I want to be assured on the floor of the Senate by the Chairman of the Appropriations Committee that this bill is not to be strangled by recommittal.

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from Allegheny, Mr. Kline, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, with pleasure. I will state for the benefit of the Senator from Berks that it is not the object to strangle this bill, but to offer amendments, in which I think the Senator from Berks will heartily concur.

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, I think the Chairman of the Appropriations Committee could just as well offer those amendments on the floor of the Senate and be done with it.

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, will you allow me to interrogate the Senator from Allegheny? Will we save time by recommitting the bill?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, there is plenty of time for enacting this piece of legislation. The bill will be re-reported to the Senate to-day.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

It was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 804 (House No. 666), entitled:

An act authorizing and empowering the several courts of common pleas of the Commonwealth upon cause shown to discharge lands bound by the lien of any sum or sums of money under the provisions of any last will and testament for the maintenance of a burial lot or lots and to appoint a trustee to hold said sum or sums of money for the purpose for which the land is or shall be charged by said last will and testament

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—44.

Adams,	Heacock	McConnell	Sones
Alexander	Homsher	McIlhenny	Sproul
Baldwin	Hunter,	McNichol	Thomson,
Buckman	Jamison,	McNichols	Tusti.
Catlin	Jones	Miller	Vare
Clark	Judson	Morgan,	Washers
Cooper,		Nulty	Weingartner
Endsley	Kline	Powell	Wertz
Gerberich	Knapp	Salus	Wilbert
Hall	Manbeck	Shields	Wolf
Hays	Martin	Snyder	Crow
			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 805 (House No. 675), entitled:

An act to provide for counsel fees for garnishee's attorneys taxation of the same as cost and collection and payment thereof in attachment or attachment execution of any nature or kind issued by any justice of the peace magistrate or alderman

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—0.

NAYS—37.

Adams	Heacock	Knapp	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Manbeck	Sones
Buckman	Homsher	Martin,	Sproul
Clark	Huffman	McConnell	Thomson
Cooper	Hunter	McNichols	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jamison	Miller	Weingartner
Endsley,	Jarrett	Morgan,	Wilbert
Gerberich	Jones	Salus	Wolf
Hall,	Judson,	Shields	Crow
Hays			Pres. pro tem

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 806 (House No. 659), entitled:

An act to amend section thirty-one of an act entitled "An Act relating to insolvency embracing among other matters voluntary assignments for the benefit of creditors forbidding also certain preferences providing for the distribution of insolvents estate and in certain contingencies relieving him and others liable with him from further liability for his or their debts" approved June fourth one thousand nine hundred and one

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Adams	Heacock	Kurtz	Shields
Baldwin,	Herbst	Manbeck	Snyder
Buckman	Homsher	Martin	Sones
Catlin	Huffman	McConnell	Sproul
Clark	Hunter	McIlhenny	Thomson
Cooper	Jamison	McNichol	Tustin
DeWitt	Jarrett	McNichols	Vare,
Endsley	Jones	Miller	Wilbert
Gerberich,	Keyser,	Morgan	Wolf
Hall	Kline	Powell	Crow
Hays	Knapp	Salus,	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—2.

Judson Weingartner

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 807 (House No. 622), entitled:

An act dispensing in judicial proceedings to which a corporation is a party with proof of incorporation of either plaintiff or defendant when not put in issue

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Adams	Herbst	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Homsher	Martin	Sones,
Baldwin	Huffman	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Hunter	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Jamison	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jarrett	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jones	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Judson	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Keyser	Nulty	Wertz
Gerberich	Kline	Powell	Wilbert
Hall	Knapp	Salus	Wolf
Hays	Kurtz	Shields	Crow
Heacock			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 808 (House No. 695), entitled:

An act to prevent frauds against carriers of passengers for hire within this Commonwealth and prescribing penalties for the breach of the provisions hereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Adams	Heacock	Kurtz	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin,	Homsher,	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson,
Catlin,	Hunter	McNichol,	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett,	Miller	Wasbers
Dewitt	Jones	Morgan,	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Powell	Wertz
Gerberich	Keyser	Salus	Wilbert,
Hall	Kline	Shields,	Wolf,
Hays	Knapp		Crow,
			Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 809 (House No. 508), entitled:

An act relating to taxation and bonus on capital stock

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—37.

Adams,	Hays,	McIlhenny	Snyder
Alexander	Heacock	McNichol	Sones
Baldwin	Huffman	McNichols	Sproul
Buckman	Hunter	Miller	Thomson,
Catlin	Jamison	Morgan	Tustin
Clark,	Judson	Nulty	Vare
Cooper	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
DeWitt	Kline,	Salus,	Wolf
Endsley	Kurtz,	Shields	Crow
Gerberich			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—2.

Hall Jarrett

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 810 (House No. 157), entitled:

An act relating to judgments obtained before aldermen and justices of the peace against counties cities boroughs townships school districts poor districts and other municipalities or incorporated districts requiring aldermen and justices of the peace to file transcripts of such judgments in the prothonotary's office within ten days from rendition of the same providing for the entry of record thereof by the prothonotary and for fees for services of the magistrate and prothonotary providing for certificates to be furnished by such magistrates of such judgments to taxpayers on demand and payment of a fee providing a penalty for violation of the act and methods of procedure to enforce the same

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—34.

Adams	Hays	Martin	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	McConnell	Sones
Baldwin	Jamison,	McIlhenny	Sproul
Catlin	Jarrett,	McNichol	Thomson
Clark,	Jones	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Keyser	Morgan	Wilbert
DeWitt	Knapp,	Powell	Wolf
Endsley,	Kurtz,	Salus	Crow
Hall		Shields,	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—3.

Huffman Judson Weingartner,

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 811 (House No. 665), entitled:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the paving curbing and macadamizing of streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same" approved April twenty-three one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine by fixing a different portion of the cost and expense which may be assessed against abutting property where the property on one side of the street or thoroughfare desired to be improved is exempt from assessment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Adams	Jamison	McNichol	Sproul
Baldwin,	Jones,	McNichols,	Thomson
Batlin,	Judson	Miller	Tustin,
Clark	Keyser	Morgan	Vare
Cooper	Kline	Nulty	Wasbers
DeWitt	Knapp	Powell	Weingartner
Endsley	Kurtz,		Wertz
Herberich	Manbeck,	Shields,	Wilbert
Heacock	Martin	Snyder,	Wolf
Huffman	McConnell	Sones	Crow
Hunter,	McIlhenny		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 812 (House No. 589), entitled:

An act to amend the second section of an act entitled "An act to provide for the health and safety of minors in certain employments regulating the ages at which said minors may be employed their hours of employment their protection against injury and to prescribe rules for the obtaining of employment certificates and providing penalties for violation of the provisions thereof" approved April twenty-nine Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine so as to exclude tanneries

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—44.

Adams	Heacock	Martin	Snyder,
Alexander,	Homsher	McConnell,	Sones
Baldwin,	Huffman	McIlhenny,	Sproul
Batlin,	Hunter	McNichol	Thomson
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Tustin,
Cooper	Jones,	Miller	Vare
DeWitt	Judson	Morgan	Wasbers
Endsley,	Keyser,	Nulty	Wertz
Herberich	Kline	Powell,	Wilbert
Hall,	Knapp	Salus	Wolf
Hays	Kurtz	Shields,	Crow
			Pres. pro tem

NAYS—1.

Jarrett.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 813 (House No. 72), entitled:

An act validating the incurring of debt or increase of indebtedness of townships of the second class by its supervisors for the purpose of macadamizing or paving with brick any of the roads and highways building constructing repairing and maintaining permanent roads culverts and bridges purchasing machinery or lifting orders or payment of any contracts made therefor to an amount in the aggregate not exceeding two per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein as fixed and determined by the last preceding assessed valuation thereof and all coupon bonds or other securities issued therefor and also assessments of annual tax for the payment of the principal and interest of such indebtedness represented by such bonds or other securities since the twentieth of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—33.

Baldwin	Homsher	Kline,	Powell
Batlin,	Huffman	Knapp,	Salus,
Clark,	Hunter	Manbeck,	Thomson
Cooper	Jamison	Martin	Vare
DeWitt	Jarrett	McConnell	Wasbers
Endsley	Jones	McIlhenny,	Wilbert
Hall,	Judson,	McNichol	Wolf,
Hays	Keyser,	Morgan,	Crow,
Heacock			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—1.

Miller

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 814 (House No. 401), entitled:

An act providing for the examination licensure and registration of persons firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage and prescribing certain rules regulations and requirements for the construction of plumbing house drainage and cesspools in cities of the first class and imposing fines penalties and forfeitures for violation thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. McILHENNY. Mr. President, I understand that if this bill should pass it will only affect the city of Philadelphia, but it is a very fair sample of legislation which is certainly unnecessary and palpably unwise. The Board of Health of Philadelphia has now the power to make regulations as to drainage and plumbing and it seems to me unnecessary that the State should put on the Statute books a long and complicated act specifying exactly what size pipes and size drain should be used in the city of Philadelphia. I think it had much better be left to the public health authorities of that city.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, this plumbers bill was agreed upon by the master plumbers of the city of Philadelphia and the journeymen plumbers and acquiesced in by Dr. Neff, who is at the head of the Bureau of Public Health of Philadelphia. I do not see a single thing in this bill that will not be useful to everybody who is affected by it. I hope the Senate will pass this bill.

Mr. McILHENNY. Mr. President, I have had a great many letters from master plumbers with reference to the bill. While Dr. Neff may have acquiesced in it he told me himself he thought the bill was unwise, as the Board of Health applies the rules that were adopted from time to time. If any change would become necessary we would have to wait two years until we could amend the bill and if we leave it as it is now the Board of Health can make any new regulations and the conditions could be met at once. I think it unwise.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I would like to interrogate the Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. McIlhenny.

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. McIlhenny, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. McILHENNY. Mr. President, certainly.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I would like to ask him if he has had any letter or word from Dr. Neff within the past ten days.

Mr. McILHENNY. Mr. President, no; I have talked to Dr. Neff but not about this bill. It is four or five weeks since I have spoken to him about this bill.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I would like to state for the benefit of the Senate that this bill has all been rearranged and acquiesced in by all hands concerned within the last ten days.

Mr. McILHENNY. Mr. President, I would like to interrogate the Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. Vare.

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. Vare, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I will.

Mr. McILHENNY. Mr. President, I would like to ask him if he does not think the present arrangement that we have in Philadelphia is very satisfactory

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I am not capable of answering a question that applies to plumbing. I am not a master plumber nor a mechanic, neither am I connected with the Board of Health. I base my judgment on the facts that I got from those three sides. This bill was very unsatisfactory to me when it first was introduced. I would not vote for the bill and would not support it, and in fact I was very much interested in seeing the bill defeated when it was first introduced. It was afterwards arranged satisfactorily to the Board of Health, to the master plumbers and to the journeymen plumbers and if they are all satisfied and think it is a good bill I do not know why anybody in the Senate ought to object to it.

Mr. McILHENNY. Mr. President, I would like to interrogate the Senator further.

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. Vare, permit himself to be further interrogated?

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I will.

Mr. McILHENNY. Mr. President, the Senator is close to the people of Philadelphia I would like to ask him if he has heard any reasonable complaint against the present arrangement in Philadelphia.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I have not heard any complaint of any kind.

Mr. McILHENNY. Mr. President, do not let us change that law simply because some one wants it unless there is some reason for it

Mr. WILBERT. Mr. President, two years ago I introduced a bill similar to this for cities of the second class, by request of the Health Department in the city of Pittsburg, the master plumbers, as well as the others, and it has worked out very satisfactorily, and our people there would not do without it. It is no experiment at all, because we have tried it, and on the strength of it being such a success there the matter was taken up in the city of Philadelphia. I know it to be a fact, and that is why the bill was introduced at this time.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—35.

Adams	Homsher	Kurtz	Shields
Alexander	Hunter	Manbeck	Snyder
Baldwin	Jamison	McConnell	Sproul
Catlin	Jarrett	McNichol	Thomson
Cooper	Jones	McNichols	Vare
Endsley	Judson	Morgan	Wilbert
Gerberich	Keyser	Nulty	Wolf
Hall	Kline	Powell	Crow
Hays	Knapp	Salus	Pres. pro tem

NAYS—2.

Heacock	McIlhenny

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 815 (House No. 360), entitled:

An act authorizing the release on probation of certain convicts instead of imposing sentences the appointment of probation and parole officers and the payment of their salaries and expenses regulating the manner of sentencing convicts in certain cases and providing for their release on parole their conviction of crime during parole and their rearrest and reconviction for breach of parole and extending the powers and duties of boards of prison inspectors of penitentiaries

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—37.

Adams	Jamison	McConnell	Shields
Alexander	Jarrett	McIlhenny	Snyder
Baldwin	Jones	McNichol	Thomson
Catlin	Judson	McNichols	Vare
Clark	Keyser	Miller	Washers
Cooper	Kline	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Knapp	Nulty	Wilbert
Hays	Kurtz	Powell	Wolf
Huffman	Manbeck	Salus	Crow
Hunter			Pres. pro tem

NAYS—4.

DeWitt	Hall	Herbst	Sones

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 816 (House No. 878), entitled:

An act providing for and regulating the purchase or condemnation of real estate by boroughs for the purpose of constructing wharves landing places and docks

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Adams	Homsher	Martin	Sones
Alexander	Huffman	McConnell	Sproul
Baldwin	Hunter	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Jamison	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jarrett	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jones	Miller	Washers
Endsley	Judson	Morgan	Weingartner
Gerberich	Keyser	Nulty	Wertz
Hall	Kline	Powell	Wilbert
Hays	Knapp	Salus	Wolf
Heacock	Kurtz	Shields	Crow
Herbst	Manbeck	Snyder	Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 817 (House No. 179), entitled:

An act to provide for the making of a new ordinance book and record of the ordinances of any borough in which the ordinance book thereof has become lost destroyed or so much worn or mutilated as to be unserviceable

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—40.

Adams	Hall	Kurtz	Salus
Alexander	Hays	Manbeck	Shields
Baldwin	Huffman	Martin	Snyder
Buckman	Hunter	McConnell	Sproul
Catlin	Jamison	McIlhenny	Thomson
Clark	Jones	McNichol	Vare
Cooper	Judson	McNichols	Washers
DeWitt	Keyser	Miller	Wilbert
Endsley	Kline	Morgan	Wolf
Gerberich	Knapp	Powell	Crow
			Pres. pro tem

NAYS—3.

Herbst	Sones	Weingartner

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 818 (House No. 458), entitled:

An act regulating the amount of liability a corporate surety may undertake in any single obligation

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

[illegible]	Homsher	Martin	Sones
[illegible]	Huffman	McConnell	Sproul,
[illegible]	Hunter,	McIlhenny	Thomson
[illegible]	Jamison,	McNichol	Tustin
[illegible]	Jarrett	McNichols	Vare
[illegible]	Jones	Miller	Washers
[illegible]	Judson	Morgan	Weingartner
[illegible]	Keyser	Nulty,	Wertz
[illegible]	Kline	Powell	Wilbert
[illegible]	Knapp	Salus,	Wolf
[illegible]	Kurtz	Shields	[illegible]
[illegible]	Manbeck,	Snyder	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 819 (House No. 460), entitled:

An act providing for the payment of premiums on bonds required of public officers and for the discharge of sureties thereunder

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Adams	Herbst	Kurtz	Shields
Alexander	Homsher	Manbeck	Snyder
Baldwin	Huffman	Martin	Sones
Catlin	Hunter	McConnell	Sproul
Clark	Jamison	McNichol	Thomson
Cooper	Jarrett	McNichols	Tustin
DeWitt	Jones	Miller	Vare
Endsley	Judson	Morgan	Washers
Erberich	Keyser	Nulty	Wilbert
Hall	Kline	Powell	Wolf
Hays	Knapp	Salus	Crow
Heacock			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 820 (House No. 520), entitled:

An act regulating the construction and repair of highways over drains or culverts

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

[illegible]	Homsher	Manbeck	Shields
[illegible]	Huffman	Martin	Snyder,
[illegible]	Hunter	McConnell	Sones
[illegible]	Jamison	McIlhenny	Sproul
[illegible]	Jarrett	McNichol	Thomson
[illegible]	Jones	McNichols,	Tustin
[illegible]	Judson	Miller	Vare,
[illegible]	Keyser	Morgan,	Wertz
[illegible]	Kline	Nulty,	Wilbert
[illegible]	Knapp	[illegible]	Wolf
[illegible]	Kurtz,	Salus	Crow
[illegible]			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 821 (House No. 639), entitled:

An act authorizing cities of the second class to regulate the production or emission of smoke from chimneys smokestacks or other source

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—39.

Adams	Hays,	Kurtz	Shields,
Alexander	Heacock,	McConnell	Snyder
Baldwin	Herbst	McIlhenny,	Thomson,
Catlin	Homsher	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Huffman	McNichols,	Vare
Cooper,	Jamison,	Miller,	Weingartner
DeWitt	Judson	Morgan,	Wilbert,
Endsley	Keyser,	Nulty,	Wolf
Erberich	Kline,	Powell	Crow
Hall	Knapp,	Salus	Pres. pro tem

NAYS—1.

Jarrett

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 822 (House No. 137), entitled:

An act providing for the payment of the costs of proceedings and the expenses of maintaining prisoners committed to county prisons either for non-payment of fine or penalties imposed for or while awaiting a hearing upon any charge for the violation of any city or borough ordinance or any ordinance of townships of the first class by the city borough or township of the first class whose ordinances are alleged to have been violated or to which any such fines or penalties are payable

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Adams	Herbst	Manbeck,	Shields
Alexander	Homsher	Martin,	Snyder,
Baldwin	Huffman	McConnell	Sones
Catlin	Hunter	McIlhenny	Sproul,
Clark	Jamison	McNichol	Thomson
Cooper	Jones	McNichols	Tustin
DeWitt	Judson	Miller,	Vare
Endsley	Keyser	Morgan	Washers
Erberich	Kline,	[illegible]	Wilbert
Hall	Knapp	Powell	Wolf
Hays	Kurtz,	Salus	Crow,
Heacock			Pres. pro tem

NAYS—1.

Jarrett

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL DROPPED FROM CALENDAR.

Mr. McILHENNY. Mr President, Senate Bill No. 823, entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act providing when how upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements and for the removal of nuisanses the procedure upon claims filed therefor the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened and the manner of distributing the proceeds of such sales" approved June fourth nineteen hundred and one amending section eleven of the said act by changing the requirements as to the signature and affidavit to claims filed under the said act

is a bill introduced by me, and I move that it be dropped from the calendar.

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 824 (House No. 612), entitled:

An act making it a misdemeanor to intimidate levy blackmail or extort money or other valuable thing or to attempt so to do from any person and providing punishment therefor

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Adams	Herbst,	Kurtz	Shields
Alexander	Homsher	Martin	Snyder,
Baldwin	Huffman	McConnell,	Sones,
Catlin,	Hunter	McIlhenny	Sproul
Clark	Jamison	McNichol	Thomson
Cooper	Jarrett	McNichols	Tustin
DeWitt	Jones	Miller,	Vare
Endsley,	Judson	Morgan	Wertz,
Gerberich	Keyser,	Nulty	Wilbert,
Hall	Kline	Powell	Wolf
Hays	Knapp	Salus	Crow,
Heacock			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 826 (House No. 646), entitled:

An act relating to milk providing for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating the sale of milk skimmed milk and cream providing penalties for the violation thereof and providing for the enforcement thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Adams,	Homsher	Manbeck,	Shields
Alexander	Huffman,	Martin	Snyder
Baldwin	Hunter	McConnell	Sones
Catlin	Jamison,	McIlhenny,	Sproul
Clark,	Jarrett	McNichol	Thomson
Cooper	Jones	McNichols,	Tustin
DeWitt	Judson	Miller,	Vare
Endsley	Keyser	Morgan	Wasbers
Hall	Kline	Nulty	Wilbert,
Hays	Knapp	Powell	Wolf
Heacock	Kurtz	Salus,	Crow
Herbst			Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 827 (House No. 605), entitled:

An act to provide for the surrender of franchises of Meadow Companies and the transfer of duties of said Meadow companies to the respective cities or counties within which the lands governed by said Meadow Companies may lie

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Adams,	Huffman	Martin,	Shields
Alexander	Hunter	McConnell	Snyder
Baldwin	Jamison	McIlhenny,	Sones
Clark	Jarrett,	McNichol	Sproul
Cooper	Jones,	McNichols,	Thomson
Endsley	Judson	Miller	Tustin
Hall	Keyser	Morgan	Vare
Hays	Kline,	Nulty,	Wilbert,
Heacock	Knapp	Powell,	Wolf
Herbst	Kurtz	Salus	Crow,
Homsher	Manbeck		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 828 (House No. 673), entitled:

An act relating to the location construction and maintenan of viaducts and bridges in townships of the first class and a jacent territory empowering the board of commissioners of t several townships of the first class of this Commonwealth construct or have constructed bridges or viaducts over rive creeks streams railroads and private land or over and acro railroads and any of them or over and across railroads f public highways and to procure locations therefor by purcha or condemnation proceedings whether the same be whol within or partly within and partly without the township limi authorizing said townships to unite and enter into a contra or contracts with the county commissioners of the proper cou ty and with railroad street railway and other companies a parties interested or with any of them for the erection co struction and maintenance of said viaducts and bridges a for the payment of the damage caused by their location a erection and forbidding any railroad company to pass under upon such viaduct or bridge without contributing to the co and maintenance thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third tim and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the prov sions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—44.

Adams	Homsher	Manbeck	Shields
Baldwin	Huffman,	Martin	Snyder
Catlin	Hunter	McConnell	Sones
Clark	Jamison	McIlhenny	Sproul
Cooper	Jarrett	McNichol	Thomson
DeWitt	Jones,	McNichols,	Tustin
Endsley	Judson	Miller	Vare
Hall	Keyser	Morgan	Wertz
Hays	Kline	Nulty	Wilbert
Heacock,	Knapp	Powell	Wolf,
Herbst	Kurtz	Salus	Crow
			Pres. pro ter

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," th question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House Representatives with information that the Senate h passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and conside ation of Senate Bill No. 829 (House No. 603), entitled:

An act to further amend the eighteenth section of an act e titled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Hig way Department by the appointment of a State Highway Co missioner and staff of assistants and defining the powers a duties thereof authorizing the State Highway Department co-operate with the several counties and townships and wi boroughs in certain instances in the improvement of the publ highways and the maintenance of improved highways provi for the application of counties and townships for State aid highway improvement and maintenance providing for the pa ment of the cost of highway improvements made under t provisions of this act by the State the counties and the tow ships and making an appropriation for this purpose and pr viding a penalty for maliciously destroying improved road approved the first day of May Anno Domini nineteen hundr and five as amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend a act entitled 'An Act providing for the establishment of a Sta Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highwa Commissioner and staff of assistants and defining the powe and duties thereof authorizing the State Highway Departme to co-operate with the several counties and townships wi boroughs in certain instances in the improvement of the pu lic highways and the maintenance of improved highways pr viding for the application of counties and townships for Sta aid in highway improvement and maintenance, providing f the payment of the cost of highway improvements made und the provisions of this act by the State the counties and t townships and making an appropriation for this purpose a providing a penalty for maliciously destroying improved roa approved the first day of May Anno Domini nineteen hundr and five increasing the number of employes of the State Hig way Department and fixing the amounts of their salaries elim nating from the items included in the expense of constructi and from those covered by damages the cost of changes grade extending the provisions of the act to incorporated tow increasing the percentage which may be paid to contracto in advance of the final completion of the work authorizing t setting of monuments and planting of trees along State hig ways prohibiting the construction of gas or water lines alo State highways except under certain conditions and providi that the kind of roads to be built shall be decided by the Sta Highway Commissioner" approved the eighth day of June An Domini nineteen hundred and seven

And said bill having been read at length the third tim and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the prov sions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Adams	Heacock	Kurtz	Shields
Alexander	Herbst	Manbeck	Snyder
Baldwin	Homsher	Martin	Sones
Catlin	Huffman	McConnell	Sproul
Clark	Hunter	McIlhenny	Thomson
Cooper	Jamison	McNichol	Tustin
Dewitt	Jarrett	McNichols	Vare
Endsley	Jones	Miller	Wertz
Fox	Judson	Morgan	Wilbert
Gerberich	Keyser	Powell	Wolf
Hall	Kline	Salus	Crow
Hays	Knapp		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 830 (House No. 677), entitled:

An act requiring the approval of the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania to any extension of the time within which the exercise of their charter rights under the existing law water or water power companies shall begin and complete their works and also providing for the annulment of charters of water or water power companies which shall not have begun or completed works within the time set by existing laws

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Adams	Homsher	Manbeck	Shields
Alexander	Huffman	Martin	Snyder
Baldwin	Hunter	McConnell	Sones
Buckman	Jamison	McIlhenny	Sproul
Catlin	Jarrett	McNichol	Thomson
Clark	Jones	McNichols	Tustin
Cooper	Judson	Miller	Vare
Will.	Keyser	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Kline	Nulty	Wilbert
Hays,	Knapp	Powell	Wolf
Heacock	Kurtz	Salus	Crow
Herbst			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—5.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1157 (House No. 670), entitled:

An act to amend paragraph twenty-nine of the first section of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the publication binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth" approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five by providing for the publication binding and distribution of an increased number of copies of the report of the Highway Commissioner

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—45.

Adams	Huffman	Martin	Snyder
Alexander	Hunter	McConnell	Sones
Baldwin	Jamison	McIlhenny,	Sproul
Catlin	Jarrett	McNichol	Thomson
Clark	Jones	McNichols	Tustin
Cooper	Judson	Miller	Vare
DeWitt,	Keyser	Morgan	Washers
Endsley	Kline	Nulty	Weingartner
Hays	Knapp	Powell	Wilbert
Heacock,	Kurtz	Salus	Wolf
Herbst	Manbeck	Shields	Crow
Homsher			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1158 (House No. 633), entitled:

An act to provide a standard of tests for illuminating oils to provide a penalty for violating the provisions of this act and repealing former acts

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Adams	Herbst	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Homsher	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Huffman	McConnell	Sproul
Catlin	Hunter	McIlhenny,	Thomson
Clark	Jamison	McNichol	Tustin,
Cooper	Jarrett	McNichols	Vare
DeWitt	Jones	Miller	Washers
Endsley	Judson	Morgan	Weingartner
Gerberich	Keyser	Nulty	Wertz
Hall	Kline	Powell	Wilbert,
Hays	Knapp,	Salus	Wolf
Heacock	Kurtz	Shields	Crow
			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1159 (House No. 313), entitled:

An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—35.

Alexander	Heacock,	Kline	Salus
Baldwin	Herbst	Knapp	Sones
Catlin	Homsher	Kurtz,	Thomson
Clark,	Huffman	Martin	Vare
Cooper	Hunter	McConnell	Wertz
DeWitt	Jamison	McNichol	Wilbert
Endsley	Jones	McNichols	Wolf
Hall	Judson	Miller	Crow
Hays	Keyser	Powell	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1161 (House No. 676), entitled:

An act in relation to the appointment and salaries of the deputy sheriffs on duty in the court rooms of the courts of oyer and terminer and quarter sessions of the peace in counties containing a population of not less than seven hundred and fifty thousand nor more than one million two hundred thousand

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Adams	Herbst	Manbeck	Sones
Alexander	Homsher	Martin	Sproul
Baldwin	Huffman	McConnell	Thomson
Buckman	Hunter	McIlhenny	Tustin
Catlin	Jamison	McNichol	Vare
Clark	Jarrett	McNichols	Washers
Cooper	Jones	Miller	Weingartner
DeWitt	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Endsley	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Hall	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hays	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Heacock	Kurtz	Snyder	Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1162 (House No. 697), entitled:

An act relating to coroners and the holding of post mortems in the several counties of the Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Adams	Herbst	Manbeck	Shields
Alexander	Homsher	Martin	Snyder
Baldwin	Huffman	McConnell	Sones
Catlin	Hunter	McIlhenny,	Sproul
Clark	Jamison	McNichol	Thomson
Cooper	Jarrett	McNichols	Tustin
DeWitt	Jones	Miller	Vare
Endsley	Judson	Morgan	Wertz
Gerberich	Keyser	Nulty	Wilbert
Hall	Kline	Powell	Wolf
Hays	Knapp	Salus	Crow
Heacock	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1163 (House No. 531), entitled:

An act authorizing and fixing the charges to be made for certificates and copies furnished by the Custodian of Public Records in the State Library

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Adams	Heacock	Kurtz	Shields
Alexander	Herbst	Manbeck	Snyder
Baldwin	Homsher	Martin	Sones
Catlin	Huffman	McConnell	Sproul
Clark	Hunter	McIlhenny	Thomson
Cooper	Jamison	McNichol	Tustin
DeWitt	Jarrett	McNichols	Vare
Endsley	Jones	Miller	Wasbers
Fox	Judson	Morgan	Wilbert
Gerberich	Keyser	Nulty	Wolf
Hall	Kline	Powell	Crow
Hays	Knapp	Salus	Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1164 (House No. 903), entitled:

An act to provide for the disposition and payment of costs in all cases tried in the Juvenile Court

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1165 (House No. 550), entitled:

An act to prevent the issuing or transfer by any person other than a warehouseman or person controlling a place for storing of goods of any paper in similitude of a warehouse receipt and prescribing punishment therefor

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Adams	Herbst	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Homsher	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Huffman	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Hunter	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Jamison	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jarrett,	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jones	Miller	Wasbers
Endsley	Judson	Morgan	Weingartner
Gerberich	Keyser	Nulty	Wilbert
Hall	Kline	Powell	Wolf
Hays	Knapp	Salus	Crow
Heacock	Kurtz	Shields	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Senate Bill No. 1160 (House No. 526), on second reading, entitled:

An act regulating the sale of pure spirits of turpentine substitutes and imitations thereof fixing the penalties providing for the labelling of the same providing for the examination of samples providing for the enforcement of this act and appropriating moneys for the enforcement of this act for a period of two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the words "pure spirits of turpentine" as used in this act shall mean an article which is wholly distilled from resin turpentine gum or scrape from the pine tree which is unmixed and unadulterated with oil benzine or any other substance of any kind whatsoever

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move to amend section one, line four, by striking out the word "pure" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "turpentine or;" also in line seven by inserting after the word "oil," the word "petroleum;" also in line eight by inserting after the word "whatsoever" the words "and that the words 'wood turpentine' shall mean an article which is wholly produced from pine wood."

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

The second section was read as follows and agreed to:

Section 2 The word "container" as used in this act shall mean any tank barrel keg can bottle jug or other vessel in which turpentine or any compound or imitation thereof shall be stored sold or offered for sale

The word "person" as used in this act shall mean any individual partnership or corporation acting directly or acting indirectly through the agent servant or employes of such person

The word "marked" as used in this act shall mean "written" "printed" "stamped" "painted" or "blown" or any other means whereby words may be indicated in or on a container or on any label attached thereto

The third section was read as follows:

Section 3 No person shall manufacture mix for sale expose for sale or have in possession with intent to sell or store or sell under the name of turpentine or pure spirits of turpentine or under any name or device illustrating or suggesting turpentine or pure spirits of turpentine or under any name foreign word or words any article which does not conform entirely to the requirements of section one

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move to amend section three, line three, by striking out the word "pure;" also in lines four, five and six by striking out the words "or under any name or device illustrating or suggesting turpentine or pure spirits of turpentine or under any name foreign word or words;" also in line seven by inserting after the word "one" the words "and it shall be unlawful to have in possession, sell, offer for sale or in any manner dispose of any wood turpentine unless the container of the same is conspicuously marked, as provided in the case of pure spirits of turpentine 'wood turpentine.'"

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the amendments?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The fourth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 4 It shall be unlawful for any person to sell or offer for sale any compound or imitation of pure spirits of turpentine without conspicuously marking in letters not less than one inch in height and of equal width and one-quarter inch apart upon the container "Imitation of Turpentine" or "Substitute for Turpentine" except where such article is offered for sale in containers smaller than barrel size in which case such containers shall be conspicuously marked in letters in the English language of appropriate size with notifications provided as above

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move to amend section four, line two, by striking out the word "pure" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "turpentine or."

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The fifth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 5 No person shall manufacture mix for sale offer or expose for sale or have in possession with intent to sell a substitute for turpentine or pure spirits of turpentine under any name whatsoever unless the true name shall be plainly marked in legible letters in the English language upon the container thereof

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the section?
It was not agreed to.
The sixth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 6 Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall upon conviction thereof before any alderman magistrate or justice of the peace of the county wherein the offense shall have been committed be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than fifty ($50.00) nor more than one hundred ($100.00) dollars or in default thereof shall be committed to the jail of the proper county for a period of not less than thirty (30) nor more than sixty (60) days for the first offense a penalty of two hundred ($200.00) dollars for the second offense and a penalty of five hundred ($500) dollars and imprisonment for a period not exceeding thirty (30) days or both at the discretion of the court for the third offense or subsequent offenses

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move to amend section six, in line one, by striking out the figure "6" and inserting in lieu thereof the figure "5."

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The seventh section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 7 It shall be the duty of the Secretary of Agriculture together with his deputies agents assistants and chemists to cause the provisions of this act to be enforced and to have power and authority to open any container containing or supposed to contain any turpentine or imitation thereof and take therefrom samples for analysis upon tendering the value of said samples and the person interested shall be given an opportunity to be present when said samples are taken

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move to amend section seven in line one, by striking out the figure "7" and inserting in lieu thereof the figure "6;" also in line five by inserting after word "turpentine" the words "or spirits of turpentine."

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The eighth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 8 Any person in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania dealing in turpentine may send samples thereof to the Department of Agriculture for examination The results of such examination shall be reported to such person within fifteen (15) days from the receipt by the Department of such sample The fee for said examination shall be one ($1.00) dollar which shall be paid before such examinations shall be made All monies received from such examinations shall be paid into the State Treasury The Secretary of Agriculture may from time to time cause to be published the results of such examinations

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move to amend section eight, in line one, by striking out the figure "8" and inserting in lieu thereof the figure "7;" also in line two by striking out the words "dealing in turpentine;" also in the same line by inserting after the words "samples" the words "of turpentine or spirits of turpentine or imitation."

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The ninth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 9 This act shall be effective on and after its passage

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move to amend section nine, in line one, by striking out the figure "9" and inserting in lieu thereof the figure "8;" also in line two by inserting after the word "passage" the words "except as to goods already in the possession of dealers and consumers at the time of the passage of this act."

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the amendments?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The tenth section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 10 All necessary expenses incurred in the enforcement of this act shall after approval in writing by the Secretary of Agriculture be paid by the State Treasurer upon warrant of the Auditor General in the manner now provided by law The sum of six thousand ($6,000.00) dollars is hereby specifically appropriated for carrying out the provisions of this act for the two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move to amend section ten, line one, by striking out the figures "10" and inserting in lieu thereof the figure "9."

On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the amendment?
It was agreed to.
On the question,
Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?
It was agreed to.
The eleventh section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 11 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move to amend section eleven, in line one, by striking out the figure "11" and inserting in lieu thereof the figures "10."

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section as amended?

It was agreed to.

The title of the bill was read as follows:

An act regulating the sale of pure spirits of turpentine substitutes and imitations thereof fixing penalties providing for the labeling of the same providing for the examination of samples providing for the enforcement of this act and appropriating moneys for the enforcement of this act for a period of two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title?

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move to amend the title by striking out the word "pure" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "turpentine or."

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the amendment?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the title as amended?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Senate Bill No. 1240 (House No. 860), on second reading, entitled:

An act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

Mr KEYSER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading

BILLS RECOMMITTED.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1240 (House No. 860), the bill just read, be recommitted to the Committee on Appropriations

Mr. WILBERT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr WILBERT. Mr. President, I move that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Senate Bill No. 784 (House No. 285), on second reading, entitled:

An act to regulate the practice of Neuropathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Neuropathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Neuropathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of Neuropaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act

Mr. THOMSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to

The first section of the bill was read as follows:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That there shall be established a Board of Neuropathic Examiners for the State of Pennsylvania The Board shall consist of five members and each of said members shall serve for a term of three years from the first day of August next after his appointment or until his successor is appointed with the exception of those first appointed who shall serve as follows namely two for one year two for two years and one for three years from the first day of August Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven Each member of the said board shall be a graduate of a legally incorporated and reputable college of Neuropathy and shall have been licensed to practice Neuropathy under the laws of this State excepting in the case of the first Board which shall be appointed as provided for in section three and shall have been engaged in the practice of Neuropathy in this State for a period of at least two years

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the section?

Mr. WILBERT. Mr. President, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Committee on Public Health and Sanitation.

Mr. THOMSON Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES HOUSE BILLS NOS. 949, 942, 1080, 1081, 1084 AND 1233.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. KLINE offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to:

Resolved (if the House concur) That House Bills Nos. 949, 942, 1080, 1081, 1084 and 1233 be recalled from the House of Representatives for the purpose of amendment.

RECESS.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess until 8.00 o'clock this evening

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows and referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 23, 1911.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with, law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Frank Lamp, to be justice of the peace in and for the township of Robinson, county of Allegheny, to serve until the first Monday in December, 1911, vice Robert McKain, resigned.

JOHN K. TENER.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 23, 1911.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate John S. Brown, to be justice of the peace in and for the township of Wilkes-Barre, county of Luzerne, to serve until the first Monday in December, 1911, vice Thomas McCue.

JOHN K. TENER.

TRUSTEES FOR THE STATE INSTITUTION FOR FEEBLE MINDED.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 23, 1911.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with, law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following-named gentlemen to be members of the Board of Trustees for the State Institution for Feeble-Minded, at Polk, to serve for the term of three years, to compute from May 1, 1911:

J. N. Davidson, Allegheny.
William T. Bradberry, Allegheny.
Samuel H. Miller, Mercer.
George W. Magee, Oil City.

JOHN K. TENER.

TRUSTEES FOR THE PENNSYLVANIA STATE LUNATIC HOSPITAL AT HARRISBURG.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 23, 1911.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following-named gentlemen to be members of the Board of Trustees of the Pennsylvania State Lunatic Hospital at Harrisburg, to serve until April 6, 1914, to compute from the dates set opposite their names respectively:

William K. Alricks, Harrisburg, April 6, 1911.
Peter E. Buck, Ashland, April 6, 1911.
John F. Mentzer, Ephrata, April 6, 1911.
Daniel C. Herr, Harrisburg, May 23, 1911.

JOHN K. TENER.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS TO EXAMINE APPLICANTS FOR THE OFFICE OF MINE INSPECTOR FOR THE BITUMINOUS COAL MINES.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 23, 1911.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Thomas B. Young, M. E., of Brownsville, to be a member of the Board of Examiners to Examine Applicants for the Office of Mine Inspector for the Bituminous Coal Fields, to serve until March 1, 1913, to compute from the date of confirmation, vice George E. Gay, M. E.

JOHN K. TENER.

BILLS SIGNED.

The President pro tempore (Mr. W. E. CROW) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

Senate Bill No. 10, entitled:

An act to make uniform the laws of bills of lading and providing penalties for the violation thereof

Senate Bill No. 27, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act creating a Bureau of Health in the Department of Public Safety in cities of the second class defining the powers and duties thereof and the officers thereunder prescribing rules regulations and laws respecting the public health and authorizing and imposing fines penalties and punishments for violations thereof" approved June twenty-six one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five and to a supplement thereto approved March twenty-five Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three providing for the vacation or destruction of buildings dangerous to the public health authorizing and imposing fines penalties punishments and remedies for violations of this act and providing method of appeal

Senate Bill No. 36, entitled:

An act to refund to the Elizabeth Steel Magee Hospital the collateral inheritance tax paid out of its funds by the estate of Christopher L Magee deceased

Senate Bill No. 37, entitled:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 56, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Patrick's Orphan Asylum of Scranton Lackawanna county

Senate Bill No. 58, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Bethesda Home

Senate Bill No. 61, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the North Pennsylvania General Hospital and Sanitarium located at Austin Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 69, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Westmoreland Hospital Association of Greensburg Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 71, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Commissioners of Valley Forge Park

Senate Bill No. 74, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Coatesville Hospital Coatesville Chester county Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 78, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the House of Good Shepherd Scranton Lackawanna county

Senate Bill No. 79, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Chester County Hospital West Chester Chester county Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 81, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Phoenixville Hospital at Phoenixville Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 82, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the refunding of collateral inheritance taxes erroneously paid from the estate of Mary S. Lundy under the provisions of the acts of June twelfth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight and March twenty-fifth one thousand nine hundred and one

Senate Bill No. 84, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Commonwealth Humane Society

Senate Bill No. 89, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Jewish Sanitorium for Consumptives located at Eaglesville Montgomery county

Senate Bill No. 116, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Northwestern Anti-Tuberculosis League of Bradford McKean county Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 117.

An act appropriating the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars to the city of Philadelphia toward the erection of buildings for the care and maintenance of Feeble-Minded and Idiotic persons in said city to be known as the "Philadelphia Institution for the Feeble-Minded"

Senate Bill No. 118, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia

Senate Bill No. 120, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to reimburse Robert E. Wible for money erroneously paid into the State Treasury and authorizing the State Treasurer to make such payment upon proper warrant of the Auditor General

Senate Bill No. 122, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Westmoreland county at Greensburg Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 124, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic at Spring City Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 133, entitled:

An act regulating the issuance of licenses to marry prohibiting the issuance of such licenses to certain persons regulating the time during which licenses shall be valid and the time when returns shall be made of marriages solemnized to the clerk of the Orphans' Court prescribing the duties of the clerk of the Orphans' Court and providing penalties for the violations of the provisions of this act

Senate Bill No. 160, entitled:

An act to amend the fifth and twenty-second sections of an act entitled "An Act relating to insolvency embracing among other matters voluntary assignments for the benefit of creditors and adverse proceedings in insolvency by creditors forbidding also certain preferences providing for the distribution of the insolvent's estate and in certain contingencies relieving him and others liable with him from further liability for his or their debts" approved the fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one by providing for publication and notice in a weekly and in a daily newspaper

Senate Bill No. 164, entitled:

An act to provide for the appointment of five directors of the Middle Coal Field Poor District by the Court of Quarter Sessions of Carbon county the continuance in office of the directors now serving for the filling of vacancies placing the affairs of the district under the supervision and control of the court of quarter sessions of Carbon county and making it lawful to erect new or additional buildings for said district after the approval of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Carbon county

Senate Bill No. 169, entitled:

An act authorizing the ascertainment levy assessment and collection of the costs damages and expenses in grading paving and curbing and laying sidewalks upon any street lane or alley or part thereof in townships of the first class completed now or in the process of completion where said improvements have been petitioned for by a majority of owners of real estate in interest and number abutting upon the line of such improvements

Senate Bill No. 173, entitled:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the paving curbing and macadamizing of streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof and assess a portion of the costs of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same" approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine so as to change the requirements of the petition for paving from two-thirds of the owners of property representing not less than two-thirds in number of feet of the properties fronting or abutting on the street or thoroughfare or the part thereof proposed to be paved to the owners of property representing not less than two-thirds in number of feet of the properties fronting or abutting on the street or thoroughfare or the part thereof proposed to be paved and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

Senate Bill No. 190, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Polyclinic and College for Graduates in Medicines

Senate Bill No. 192, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the Pittsburg Sunshine Children's Home located at Pittsburg Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 227, entitled:

An act to amend an act approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act providing a mode by which the title to all

estates and interests in lands in the State of Pennsylvania may be vested in the United States when no agreement can be made with the owners of the same for the purchase thereof" by fixing the number of viewers at three

Senate Bill No. 229, entitled:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to provide for the vacation and closing of alleys lanes or passageways that are or may hereafter become public nuisances and to compensate abutting property owners or others who may be damaged thereby and assess benefits if any there be" by fixing the number of the jury at three

Senate Bill No. 233, entitled:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act empowering and directing the county commissioners of any county to purchase ground at the county seat for the erection thereon of such building or buildings as may be necessary for the accommodation of the courts and of the several officers of the county and for the reception and safekeeping of the records and other papers in charge of such officers and also such other building or buildings as may be necessary and proper for the purposes of a county jail or workhouse when occasion shall require the erection of such building or buildings and in case the said ground cannot be obtained by agreement with the owner or owners at a reasonable price in the estimation of said commissioners then to resort to condemnation" by fixing the number of the viewers at three

Senate Bill No. 235, entitled:

An act amending the first section of an act approved the twenty-second day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six entitled "A supplement to the act regulating boroughs" approved April third one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one by fixing the number of the viewers at three

Senate Bill No. 237, entitled:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to provide for the vacation and closing of alleys lanes or passageways that are or may hereafter become public nuisances and to compensate abutting property owners or others who may be damaged thereby and assess benefits if any there be" by fixing the number of the viewers at three

Senate Bill No. 248, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Fiftieth Anniversary of the Battle of Gettysburg Commission to further carry out the provisions of the act of Assembly approved May thirteenth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine creating such commission and defining the duty thereof

Senate Bill No. 249, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Frankford Hospital located in Frankford Philadelphia

Senate Bill No. 251, entitled:

An act to authorize the completion of a dike or dikes for the protection of property adjacent to the Delaware River in Falls township Bucks county and the payment of all monies still due for work heretofore done on the said dike or dikes and making an appropriation therefor

Senate Bill No. 255, entitled:

An act providing for a commission to examine and report on the propriety of the purchase by the Commonwealth of a certain tract of land in Jefferson Clarion and Forest counties and making an appropriation therefor

Senate Bill No. 256, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the improvement of the maritime port facilities of the State of Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 266, entitled:

An act in relation to the printing of appropriation bills in the pamphlet laws

Senate Bill No. 257, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Coleman Home for Colored Boys located in the city of Pittsburg Allegheny county Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 268, entitled:

An act providing for the report to the Auditor General by the prothonotaries of the courts of common pleas or of corporations incorporated by such courts

Senate Bill No. 293, entitled:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act relating to damages for injuries producing death" approved the twenty-sixth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five by providing that the domicile residence citizenship or nationality shall be no bar as to the right to recover and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

Senate Bill No. 295, entitled:

An act to fix the number and salaries of officers clerks and employes in the State Treasury

Senate Bill No. 323, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble-Minded Epileptic at Spring City Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 315, entitled:

An act fixing the compensation of the deputy factory inspectors

Senate Bill No. 335, entitled:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to establish an Insurance Department" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three providing that all persons associations or corporations engaged in the business of fire insurance within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall report the total amount of risks covered by them in such Commonwealth and that rate-making associations shall furnish data to the State Fire Marshal

Senate Bill No. 377, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to aid in the erection of a memorial in commemoration of the victory of Commodore Oliver Hazard Perry at the Battle of Lake Erie and the Centennial Celebration of that event and the northwestern campaign of General William Henry Harrison in the War of one thousand eight hundred and twelve and to defray the expenses of the commission appointed by the Governor of Pennsylvania incurred in connection with said celebration and the erection of said memorial

Senate Bill No. 373, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Treverton Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields situate in the township of Coal near Shamokin Northumberland county Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 380, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the Stroudsburg Hospital Stroudsburg

Senate Bill No. 378, entitled:

An act making an appropriation of a proper fence or coping and pavement to protect a monument erected near Petersburg Virginia by the association of the survivors of the forty-eighth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers to commemorate the Battle of the Crater and providing for a commission and the expenses thereof to erect the same

Senate Bill No. 388, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to reimburse certain counties and townships whose commissioners and supervisors have inadvertently failed to comply with the law governing State aid in the maintenance of highways and regulating the payments herein provided for

Senate Bill No. 397, entitled:

An act regulating the salary and payment thereof of the Associate Judges of the Courts of this Commonwealth

Senate Bill No. 398, entitled:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for reviewing the proceedings of township road commissioners laying out opening and vacating roads' approved the second day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one providing for the trial of questions of fact by a jury in certain cases

Senate Bill No. 401, entitled:

An act to amend section ten of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two entitled "An act relating to Orphans' Courts" so as to permit the accounts of guardians of minors' property therein mentioned and described to be examined and audited and the matters therein contained confirmed by decree of Orphans' Court with the same force and effect as the partial accounts of executors administrators and temporary trustees are audited examined allowed and confirmed

Senate Bill No. 404, entitled:

An act making it a misdemeanor for an officer or employe of any employer of labor in Pennsylvania to solicit demand or receive directly or indirectly from any person or persons any moneys or other valuable thing for the purpose actual or alleged of either obtaining for the latter employment in the service of said employer or continuing in said employment and providing for the punishment thereof on conviction

Senate Bill No. 411, entitled:

An act to amend section one and extend the provisions of an act entitled "An Act giving additional protection to the game of the State and wild birds within the limits of preserves created under the provisions of the act of May eleventh one thousand nine hundred and five and under the control of the Board of Game Commissioners and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions approved the fifteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven"

Senate Bill No. 421, entitled:

An act authorizing the Secretary of Agriculture to prepare and publish a report on the insects of Pennsylvania and providing for the distribution of such report when published and making an appropriation therefor

Senate Bill No. 425, entitled:

An act making an appropriation of one thousand nine hundred and nine to the State Normal schools available for permanent improvements thereto

Senate Bill No. 434, entitled:

An act to provide that persons buying real estate in this Commonwealth from executors or trustees named in the last will and testament of any person dying testate and who hold the same in trust under the provisions thereof and who make sale of same under the power of sale in said last will and testament contained shall take title to said real estate free and discharged of any obligation to see to the application of the purchase money

Senate Bill No. 437, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to complete the erection of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Trevorton Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields of Pennsylvania situate in the township of Coal Northumberland county Pennsylvania to equip and furnish the said hospital and to enable the commissioners to properly perform the duties assigned them under and by virtue of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven

Senate Bill No. 442, entitled :

An act making an appropriation to the Industrial Home for the Dependent Adult Blind Citizens of the City of Pittsburg

Senate Bill No. 445, entitled:

An act providing for and regulating the licensing of persons engaged in the business of receiving boarding or keeping of infant children under the age of three years for hire reward or otherwise in cities of the third class and authorizing the passing of general ordinances providing for and regulating the issuing of said licenses and imposing penalties

Senate Bill No. 455, entitled:

An act authorizing the establishment and maintenance of psychopathic wards in certain hospitals providing for the regulation thereof the commitment of persons suffering with mental disorders to such wards and for the payment of the expenses of maintaining and treating persons committed thereto

Senate Bill No. 474, entitled:

An act to amend the first and second sections of an act approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act authorizing and requiring the county commissioners of each county in the State to appoint a sufficient number of suitable persons in each township and ward of their county at the expense of the county to look after bury and provide a headstone for the body of any honorably discharged soldier sailor or marine who served in the army or navy of the the United States during the war with Spain or any preceding war and shall hereafter die in their county leaving insufficient means to defray the necessary burial expenses" by extending its provisions to all honorably discharged soldiers sailors and marines who shall die in their county and to all who were in active service in the militia of the State of Pennsylvania under and in pursuance of any of the proclamations issued by the Governor during the Civil War and not duly mustered into the service of the United States and shall hereafter die in their county or in any hospital asylum soldiers' home almshouse prison or house of detention in this Commonwealth or shall die beyond the State of Pennsylvania and shall have had legal residence within their county at the time of their death

Senate Bill No. 492, entitled:

An act amending section one of the act of May twenty-first one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "An Act to establish the State Live Stock Sanitary Board of Pennsylvania and to provide for the control and suppression of dangerous contagious or infectious diseases of domestic animals" and providing for the organization of said board and fixing the salaries of the treasurer and clerk thereof

Senate Bill No. 504, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Agricultural and Mechanical Industrial School for Colored Girls and Boys of Jumonville Fayette county

Senate Bill No. 567, entitled:

An act to amend the sixth section of an act entitled "An Act to prevent the manufacture and sale of adulterated or misbranded drugs defining the word 'drug' prescribing penalties for violation of this act and the method of its enforcement" approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by providing for a laboratory and for the requisitions of office and laboratory supplies and equipment for said board

Senate Bill No. 595, entitled:

An act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than one million and defining their qualifications powers and salary

Senate Bill No. 614, entitled:

An act authorizing the appointment of a Commission to inquire into the causes and results of industrial accidents study advanced methods for safeguarding against the same and inquire into the subject of fair compensation for those injured or killed as a result thereof and making an appropriation for the expenses of said commission

Senate Bill No. 625, entitled:

A joint resolution for the appointment of a commission by the Governor of this Commonwealth for the purpose of investigating and reporting upon a proper and safe construction of buildings within the Commonwealth and to determine the strength and character of materials used therein and for the further purpose of adjusting the rights of owners in party walls erected as parts of buildings and for the further purpose of suggesting new legislation relative to construction of buildings and the codifying of existing legislation in regard to the same and making an appropriation to meet the expenses of said commission

Senate Bill No. 649, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the First Allegheny Day Nursery and Temporary Home for Children

Senate Bill No. 650, entitled:

An act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to Andrew Mangold of Philadelphia the amount paid by him for his commission as notary public and making an appropriation therefor

Senate Bill No. 651, entitled:

An act authorizing the appointment of a commission to revise and codify the present Anthracite Mining Laws defining its powers and duties and making an appropriation to defray the expenses of said commission

Senate Bill No. 704, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Beacon Light Mission near Bradford Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 705, entitled:

An act providing for a survey of Pymatuning Swamp and an examination into the feasibility of constructing a reservoir therein to conserve the waters draining into said swamp and making an appropriation therefor

Senate Bill No. 706, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Bradford Hospital of the city of Bradford

Senate Bill No. 707, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Kane Summit Hospital Association of Kane McKean county Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 708, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Punxsutawney Hospital Association at Punxsutawney Jefferson county Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 709, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Francis Hospital Pittsburg Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 732, entitled:

An act to promote agriculture by protecting bees to provide for the inspection of apiaries to provide for the suppression of contagious or infectious diseases among bees and providing penalties for vioation of this act

Senate Bill No. 746, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Erie Home of the Friendless of the City of Erie Erie county Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 753, entitled:

An act to reimburse Fidelity Trust Company of Philadelphia trustee under the will of Richard Smith deceased for money erroneously paid by it and received by the State for taxes upon the investments held by said trustee and authorizing the State Treasurer to refund the sum of twenty-three thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight dollars and twelve cents ($23,828.12) for that purpose

Senate Bill No. 754, entitled:

An act to reimburse Fidelity Trust Company of Philadelphia trustee under the will of Sarah A Smith deceased for money erroneously paid by it and received by the State for taxes upon the investments held by said trustee and authorizing the State Treasurer to refund the sum of four thousand four hundred and thiry-two dollars and eighty cents ($4,432.80) for that purpose

Senate Bill No. 755, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Christian Hom for Women of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 798, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings for the purpose of reimbursing George Gray Barnard for moneys expended in excess of the contract price for the preparation transportation and delivery and setting in place at the State Capitol of certain groups of marble

Senate Bill No. 799, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of a deficiency that has arisen in the payment of expenses incurred in the prevention and extinguishment of forest fires and also for the payment of such expenses that may be incurred to and including May thirty-first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

Whereupon,

The President pro tempore (Mr. W. E. CROW) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 547.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 547, entitled:

An act fixing the time for organization of the legislative departments of municipal governments and for the inauguration of mayors of cities

with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 551.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 551, entitled:

An act to regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings used for the exhibition of moving pictures in all cities of the first class providing for the enforcement thereof and fixing penalties for violation of the same

with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 546.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 546, entitled:

An act providing for the election of city assessors in cities of the third class fixing their term and the time for the completion of their annual and triennial assessments and the expiration of the terms of assessors and the expiration of the terms of assessors now in office

with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 487.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 487, entitled:

An act permitting the substitution of other securities for those deposited with the State Treasurer to secure the Commonwealth against relief notes issued by certain banks of this Commonwealth and the furnishing of other security therefor

with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 532.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 532, entitled:

An act enabling the several boroughs of the Commonwealth to validate certain ordinances where the same have not been published according to law or where the proof of publication cannot be made

with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 555.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 555, entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend sections four seventeen eighteen nineteen twenty-one twenty-six twenty-nine thirty-three thirty-four and thirty-six of an act entitled 'An Act to establish a Board of Wardens for the port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotages and for other purposes therein mentioned' approved the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand eight hundred and three and vesting the authority over pilots and pilotages in the bay and river Delaware in the Board of Commissioners of Navigation for the River Delaware and its navigable tributaries" approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred and seven and providing for the classification of pilots and regulating the qualifications of pilots and pilot apprentices

with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 556.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 556, entitled.

An act providing for the compensation of district attorneys whose terms expired on the first Monday in January one thousand nine hundred and eleven but who by virtue of an amendment to article fourteen section two of the Constitution of Pennsylvania were required to serve an additional year

with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE NON-CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 313.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has non-concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 313, entitled:

An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

Mr. SHIELDS. Mr. President, I move that the Senate insists upon its amendments to the foregoing bill non-concurred in by the House of Representatives and that a Committee of Conference be appointed to confer with a similar committee of the House (if the House shall appoint such committee) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to

Ordered, That Messrs. Shields, Hunter and Baldwin be said committee on the part of the Senate and that the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING INCREASE OR DECREASE IN NUMBER OF INSPECTION DISTRICTS AND NUMBER OF INSPECTORS IN ANTHRACITE COAL REGION WHEN NECESSITIES OF SERVICE REQUIRE SUCH ACTION.

Mr. SHIELDS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none

Mr. SHIELDS offered the following resolution:

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That with the consent of the Governor the chief of the Department of Mines is hereby authorized to increase or decrease the number of inspection districts and the number of inspectors in the anthracite coal region of Pennsylvania, whenever in his judgment the necessities of the service may require such action.

Mr. SHIELDS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to suspend rule 39, in order to consider the resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The resolution was twice read considered and agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

HOUSE ADOPTS REPORT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON SENATE BILL NO. 103.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House of Representatives has adopted the report of the Committee of Conference on Senate Bill No. 103, entitled:

An act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner two Deputy State Highway Commissioners chief engineer chief draughtsman superintendents of highways and a staff of assistants and employes defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of commissioner and deputies and other appointees providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county seats principal cities and towns and extending to the State line Describing and defining same by route numbers as the State highways of the Commonwealth Providing for the improvement maintenance and repair of said State Highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State Highways wholly and in part requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner Providing for the payment of damages in taking of property or otherwise in the improvement thereof Providing for purchase or acquiring of turn-pikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State Highway and procedure therein Providing for work of improvement of State highways to be done by contract except where the State Highway Commis-

sioner decides the work be done by the State Providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads Defining highways and State-aid highways Providing method of application for State-aid in the improvement maintenance and repair of township or county roads and prescribing the contents of township county borough or incorporated town petitions Providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State county township borough or incorporated town and requiring contracts by counties townships boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same Providing for the minimum width of State highways and State-aid highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs. Providing penalty for injuring or destroying State highways Making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO 435.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 435, entitled:

An act to prevent deception in the sale of paint putty turpentine and linseed oil or any substitute therefor and providing penalties for the violation thereof

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO SENATE BILL NO 560.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 560, entitled:

An act authorizing the ascertainment award levy assessment and collection of the costs damages and expenses of municipal improvements including the opening widening straightening extending grading paving macadamizing curbing or otherwise improving of roads streets lanes alleys or parts thereof completed or in course of completion and also the costs damages and expense of the construction of any sewer or drain completed or now in process of completion providing for the ascertainment levy and collection of damages and benefits therefor from property peculiarly benefited where under existing laws or ordinances private property could be assessed for such benefits and constituting such benefits a lien upon the property upon which they are assessed and authorizing the completion of such improvements now in progress.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 615.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 615, entitled:

An act to fix and regulate the compensation of directors of the poor of poor districts composed of several townships boroughs and cities situate wholly within counties of this Commonwealth not exceeding five hundred thousand population

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 659.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 659, entitled:

An act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act relating to insolvency embracing among other matters voluntary assignments for the benefit of creditors forbidding also certain preferences providing for the distribution of insolvents estate and in certain contingencies relieving him and others liable with him from further liability from his or their debts" approved June fourth one thousand nine hundred and one

HOUSE CONCURS IN RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING AND DIRCETING SALISBURY MEMORIAL COMMISSION TO ERECT A MEMORIAL IN THE NATIONAL CEMETERY AT FLORENCE, NORTH CAROLINA, TO THE MEMORY OF PENNSYLVANIA SOLDIERS.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, May 22, 1911.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That to commemorate the heroism, sacrifice and patriotism of Pennsylvania's soldiers who perished in the confederate prison at Florence, North Carolina, and are interred in the National Cemetery at that place,

The Salisbury Memorial Commission is hereby authorized and directed to erect, in the National Cemetery at Florence, North Carolina, a suitable memorial to their memory.

And be it further Resolved, That such sum of money as may be specifically appropriated by an item in the general appropriation bill, for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this resolution shall be paid on warrants of the Auditor General on the State Treasurer, in favor of and upon the requisition of the President of the said Salisbury Memorial Commission, to be accounted for by proper vouchers, certified under the hands of the Commission and filed with the Auditor General.

HOUSE CONCURS IN RESOLUTION EXTENDING THE PROVISIONS OF THE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION APPROVED MAY 13 A. D. 1909 PROVIDING FOR THE APPOINTMENT OF A JOINT COMMITTEE OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES TO CONSIDER AND REPORT UPON A REVISION OF THE LAWS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH RELATING TO CORPORATIONS AND TO REVENUE; FOR THE EMPLOYMENT OF COUNSEL AND OTHER NECESSARY OFFICERS AND EMPLOYES AND GIVING IT AUTHORITY TO COMPEL THE ATTENDANCE OF PERSONS AND THE PRODUCTION OF BOOKS AND PAPERS.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, May 22, 1911.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Concurrent Resolution, approved May 13, 1909, entitled "A Concurrent Resolution providing for the appointment of a joint committee of the Senate and House of Representatives to consider and report upon a revision of the laws of this Commonwealth relating to corporations and to revenue; for the employment of counsel and other necessary officers and employes, and giving it authority to compel the attendance of persons and the production of books and papers," be and the same is hereby extended as follows: That the present President pro tempore of the Senate shall appoint three Senators and the present Speaker of the House of Representatives shall appoint three of its members, which shall constitute a joint committee, whose duty it shall be to consider the laws of this Commonwealth relating to corporations and to revenue and the practical working thereof, and to report to the General Assembly in 1913, whatever changes may be deemed necessary therein, together with the draft of an act or acts of Assembly to accomplish said changes and together with such recommendations as may be deemed necessary relative to the administration of existing laws or as to the apportionment of said suggested act or acts. Said committee shall have power to elect its own chairman, to sit after the adjournment of the Legislature, to employ legal counsel and such other officers and employes as may be needed to enable it to properly perform its duties as aforesaid; but its expenditures shall be limited to the amount provided therefor in the general appropriation bill to be passed at this session of the Legislature and shall be paid out of the State Treasury upon vouchers signed by the chairman of said committee.

HOUSE NON-CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO SENATE BILL NO. 919.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 919, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Joseph Ratti Hospital located at Bloomsburg Pennsylvania

with the information that the House has non-concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to said bill.

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate insists upon its amendments to the foregoing bill non-concurred in by the House of Representatives, and that a Committee of Conference be appointed to confer with a similar committee of the House (if the House shall appoint such committee) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That Messrs. Kline, Baldwin and Kurtz be said committee on the part of the Senate, and that the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE NON-CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1018.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House of Representatives has non-concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1018, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Nason Hospital Association at Roaring Spring Blair county Pennsylvania

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate insists upon its amendments to the foregoing bill non-concurred in by the House of Representatives, and that a Committee of Conference be appointed to confer with a similar committee of the House (if the House shall appoint such

committee) to consider the differences existing between the two House in relation to said bill.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That Messrs. Kline, Baldwin and Kurtz be said committee on the part of the Senate, and that the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE NON-CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1057.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House of Representatives has non-concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1057, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Incurables Philadelphia Pennsylvania

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate insists upon its amendments to the foregoing bill non-concurred in by the House of Representatives, and that a Committee of Conference be appointed to confer with a similar committee of the House (if the House shall appoint such committee) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That Messrs. Kline, Baldwin and Kurtz be said committee on the part of the Senate, and that the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE NON-CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1106.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House of Representatives has non-concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1106, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions of Pennsylvania located at Blossbury Tioga county

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate insists upon its amendments to the foregoing bill non-concurred in by the House of Representatives, and that a Committee of Conference be appointed to confer with a similar committee of the House (if the House shall appoint such committee) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That Messrs. Kline, Baldwin and Kurtz be said committee on the part of the Senate, and that the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE NON-CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1118.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House of Representatives has non-concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1118, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of the annual fixed charge for school purposes on lands held for forest reserves

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate insists upon its amendments to the foregoing bill non-concurred in by the House of Representatives, and that a Committee of Conference be appointed to confer with a similar committee of the House (if the House shall appoint such committee) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That Messrs. Kline, Baldwin and Kurtz be said committee on the part of the Senate, and that the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE NON-CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1119.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House of Representatives has non-concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1119, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of services and expenses of fire wardens and those assisting in the extinguishing of forest fires

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate insists upon its amendments to the foregoing bill non-concurred in by the House of Representatives, and that a Committee of Conference be appointed to confer with a similar committee of the House (if the House shall appoint such committee) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That Messrs. Kline, Baldwin and Kurtz be said committee on the part of the Senate, and that the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE NON-CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1123.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House of Representatives has non-concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1123, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of the annual fixed charge for road purposes on lands held for forest reserves

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate insists upon its amendments to the foregoing bill non-concurred in by the House of Representatives, and that a Committee of Conference be appointed to confer with a similar committee of the House (if the House shall appoint such committee) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That Messrs. Kline, Baldwin and Kurtz be said committee on the part of the Senate and that the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE NON-CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1147.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House of Representatives has non-concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1147, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Eye and Ear Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate insists upon its amendments to the foregoing bill non-concurred in by the House of Representatives, and that a Committee of Conference be appointed to confer with a similar committee of the House (if the House shall appoint such committee) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That Messrs. Wilbert Baldwin and Kurtz be said committee on the part of the Senate, and that the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE NON-CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1150.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House of Representatives has non-concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1150, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Rosella Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital of the city of Pittsburg

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate insists upon its amendments to the foregoing bill non-concurred in by the House of Representatives, and that a Committee of Conference be appointed to confer with a similar committee of the House (if the House shall appoint such committee) to consider the differences existing between the two Houses in relation to said bill.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President. I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That Messrs. Kline, Baldwin and Kurtz be said committee on the part of the Senate, and that the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE NON-CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1178.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House of Representatives has non-concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1178, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Greenville Hospital Greenville Mercer County Pennsylvania

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate insists upon its amendments to the foregoing bill non-concurred in by the House of Representatives, and that a Committee of Conference be appointed to confer with a similar committee of the House (if the House shall appoint such committee) to consider the differences existing between the two Houses in relation to said bill.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That Messrs. Kline, Baldwin and Kurtz be said committee on the part of the Senate, and that the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE NON-CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1186.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House of Representatives has non-concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1186, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the American Hospital for Diseases of the Stomach of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate insists upon its amendments to the foregoing bill non-concurred in by the House of Representatives, and that a Committee of Conference be appointed to confer with a similar committee of the House (if the House shall appoint such committee) to consider the differences existing between the two Houses in relation to said bill.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That Messrs. Kline, Baldwin and Kurtz be said committee on the part of the Senate, and that the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE NON-CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1201.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House of Representatives has non-concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1201, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Vincent's Hospital Association of the City of Erie Erie County Pennsylvania

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate insists upon its amendments to the foregoing bill non-concurred in by the House of Representatives, and that a Committee of Conference be appointed to confer with a similar committee of the House (if the House shall appoint such committee) to consider the differences existing between the two Houses in relation to said bill.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That Messrs. Kline, Baldwin and Kurtz be said committee on the part of the Senate, and that the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE NON-CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 600.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House of Representatives has non-concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 600, entitled:

An act regulating drivers and operators of all vehicles and persons riding or leading animals on the public highways requiring the display of lights on vehicles and prescribing penalties for violation of the same

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

Mr. WILBERT. Mr. President, I move that the Senate insists upon its amendments to the foregoing bill non-concurred in by the House of Representatives, and that a Committee of Conference be appointed to confer with a similar committee of the House (if the House shall appoint such committee) to consider the differences existing between the two Houses in relation to said bill.

Mr. THOMSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That Messrs. Wilbert, Adams and Thomson be said committee on the part of the Senate, and that the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE NON-CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 479.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House of Representatives has non-concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 479, entitled:

An act to authorize the appointment by county commissioners of assesors in counties having not less than two hundred thousand nor more than three hundred twenty-five thousand inhabitants prescribing their powers duties and procedure and fixing salaries thereof and providing for the abolition of the office of assessors now existing in said counties

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate insists upon its amendments to the foregoing bill non-concurred in by the House of Representatives, and that a Committee of Conference be appointed to confer with a similar committee of the House (if the House shall appoint such committee) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

Mr. THOMSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That Messrs. McConnell, Snyder and Thomson be said committee on the part of the Senate, and that the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 231.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 231, entitled:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act relating to damages for injuries producing death" approved the twenty-sixth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five so as to provide that certain surviving relatives of the deceased may recover damages whether such surviving relatives be citizens of this Commonwealth or not

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 448.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 448, entitled:

An act authorizing and empowering the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings to rent offices and rooms outside of the Capitol Buildings when necessary for the accommodation of any department board or commission of the State Government

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 692.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 692, entitled:

An act regulating the pay of election officers at all elections hereafter held within this Commonwealth

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 916.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 916, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittston Hospital Association

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 923.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 923, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Eastern State Penitentiary of Pennsylvania

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 941.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 941, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial Commission for the purpose of having designed modelled made and erected on the State Memorial or Monument at Gettysburg dedicated September twenty-seventh one thousand nine hundred and ten bronze statues of President Lincoln Governor Curtin and of Major-Generals Meade Reynolds Hancock Birney Pleasanton and Gregg and of completing the monument and correction of misspelled names or omissions on tablets grading and making a pavement around monument and expenses of Commission

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 953.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 953, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Lunatic Hospital for the Southern District of Pennsylvania located at Harrisburg

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 985.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 985, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Roosevelt Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1065.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1065, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Hospital Department of the Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital of Philadelphia

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1069.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1069, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Downingtown Industrial and Agricultural School of Downingtown Chester County Pennsylvania

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1073.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1073, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the House of Good Shepherd in the city of Reading Pennsylvania

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1074.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1074, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Hospital in the city of Reading Pennsylvania

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1078.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1078, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Reading Hospital in the city of Reading Pennsylvania

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1089.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1089, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Berks County Tuberculosis Society for the erection of an additional hospital building and water plant on its grounds on Neversink Mountain Berks county and for maintenance of its sanitorium there

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1091.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1091, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Orphans' Asylum of Tacony Philadelphia

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1116.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1116, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to St. Joseph's Protectory Norristown Pennsylvania

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1117.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1117, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the State Hospital for the Insane for the Southeastern District of Pennsylvania at Norristown Pennsylvania

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1182.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1182, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Shenango Valley Hospital of New Castle Pennsylvania

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1187.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1187, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Frederick Douglass Memorial Hospital and Training School of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1200.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1200, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Hamot Hospital Association of the city of Erie Erie county Pennsylvania

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1209.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1209, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1221.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1221, entitled:

An act making an apprpriation to the Grove City Hospital at Grove City Pennsylvania

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 634.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 634, entitled:

An act prohibiting hospitals and other institutions receiving State aid from restricting pay patients in the selection of physicians and surgeons not connected with said institutions and providing a penalty therefor

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 601.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 601, entitled:

An act regulating and exhibiting or using of moving pictures and stereopticon views providing for and regulating their examination and fixing penalties for the violation of this act

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 620.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 620, entitled:

An act to authorize the publication binding and distribution of eight hundred additional copies of Smull's Legislative Handbook for the use of the State Railroad Commission the Water Supply Commission the Superintendent of State Police and the Commissioner of Health

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 325.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 325 entitled:

An act for the protection of shade and fruit trees growing on or along any highway street or road

HOUSE APPOINTS COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House insists on its amendments non-concurred in by the Senate to House Bill No. 130, entitled:

An act to regulate the sale of certain seeds providing for the selection of samples thereof and their examination by the Department of Agriculture and the publication of information concerning the same providing also for the enforcement of the act and fixing penalties for its violation

and has appointed Messrs. Reel, Shadrach and Woodward as a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (if the Senate shall appoint such committee) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

HOUSE ADOPTS REPORT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON SENATE BILL NO. 127.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has adopted the report of the Committee of Conference on Senate Bill No. 127, entitled:

An act establishing in each county having a population of over one million five hundred thousand a board of viewers prescribing their duties providing for their appointment as viewers road juries juries of view and commissioners to view land and providing for the charges upon the respective counties in the matter of salaries costs and expenses thereof

HOUSE INSISTS ON AMENDMENTS NON-CONCURRED IN BY THE SENATE TO SENATE BILL NO. 19.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House insists on its amendments non-concurred in by the Senate to Senate Bill No. 19, entitled:

An act fixing the penalty for murder of the first degree regulating the procedure incident thereto prescribing the place and manner of inflicting said penalty making an appropriation therefor and repealing the seventy-fifth section of an act approved the thirty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty entitled "An act to consolidate revise and amend the penal law of this Commonwealth" and the seventy-sixth section of an act approved the thirty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty entitled "An act to consolidate revise and amend the laws of the Commonwealth relating to penal proceedings and pleading"

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

Mr. CLARK. Mr. President, I move that the Senate insists upon its amendments to the foregoing bill non-concurred in by the House of Representatives, and that a Committee of Conferenece be appointed to confer with a similar committee of the House (if the House shall appoint such committee) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That Messrs. Wilbert, Wolf and Thomson be said committee on the part of the Senate, and that the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

RESOLUTION PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO SECTION 3 OF ARTICLE 8 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA.

He also presented extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives, which was read as follows:

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

In the House of Representatives, May 23, 1911.

Proposing an amendment to section 3 of article 8 of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania (if the Senate concurs), that the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Comonwealth of Pennsylvania in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof

Section 2 Amend section 3 of article 8 which reads as follows: "All judges selected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election as circumstances may require All the elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts and for county city ward borough and township officers for regular terms of service shall be held on the municipal election day namely the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd numbered year but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto Provided that such elections shall always be held in an odd numbered year" so as to read

Section 3 All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election as circumstances may require All elections for judges of the courts of the several judicial districts and for county city ward borough and township officers for regular terms of service shall be held on the municipal election day namely the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd numbered year but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto Provided That such elections shall be held in an odd numbered year Provided further That all judges for the courts of the several judicial districts holding office at the present time whose terms of office may end in an odd numbered year shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January in the next succeeding even numbered year

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—39.

Adams	Hunter	McIlhenny	Thomson
Baldwin	Jamison	McNichol	Tustin
Catlin	Jarrett	McNichols	Vare
Clark	Jones	Miller	Wasbers
Endsley	Keyser	Morgan	Weingartner
Hall	Knapp	Nulty	Wertz
Hays	Kurtz	Shields	Wilbert
Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder	Wolf
Homsher	Martin	Sones	Crow
Huffman	McConnell	Sproul	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

SENATE BILL NO. 382 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENT.

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 382, entitled:

An act to amend sections two three eight and thirteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the first and second class of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for the violation of its provisions" approved the seventeenth day of February Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six and sections five six seven ten fifteen and sixteen of said act as amended by the act entitled "An act to provide for the personal registration of the electors in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for violations of its provisions" approved June third one thousand nine hundred and seven by further defining "party" and who may be appointed registrars increasing the terms of commissioners changing the registration days and the form of register requiring all petitions to be under oath and empowering the chief clerk of the board of registration commissioners to administer oaths and providing for additional employes for said boards and fixing their compensation and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments, in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were twice read as follows:

By striking out in line 1 of the title the word "and" and inserting after the word "thirteen" the words "and fourteen" also by striking out in line 8 of the title the following "An act to

provide for the personal registration of the electors in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for violations of its provisions" and by inserting in lieu thereof the following "An Act to amend the act of February seventeenth one thousand nine hundred and six entitled 'An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for violations of its provisions' by changing the days and hours of registration providing an additional registration day for the Spring primary providing that foreign-born citizens unable to produce their father's registration papers may be registered upon making affidavit providing for the registration of citizens between the February election and the Spring primary altering the procedure of the appointment of registrars of appeals to the commissioners and to the courts and providing that proper notice of each be given providing that registered persons shall be entitled to vote only in case they have not since registration become disqualified enlarging the powers of the registration commissioners in certain particuluars altering the phraseology of the act so as to make it clear that electors may register at either fall or winter periods that they may be registered by the commissioners only if ill or absent on all the registration days and that the lists shall become of no validity at the beginning of the new registration period providing that the lists shall be preserved for two years that an applicant for registration unable to write shall make affidavit of the fact providing that the registrars shall notify the registration commissioners of the registration of persons previously registered in the same city and making certain verbal corrections in the language of the same"

Also in line 44 of the title by inserting after the word "registrar" the following "The number of registrars and providing further regulations for the registration of electors" also in line 47 of the title by striking out the words "chief clerk" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "recorder" also in section 1 line 30 by striking out the word "candidate" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "presidential elector" also in section 3 line 90 by striking out the word "division" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "executive" also in line 111 of the same section by striking out the word "four" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "three" also in line 112 of the same section by striking out the word "district" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "division" also in line 113 by striking out the word "district" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "division" also in line 119 by striking out the word "district" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "division" also in line 120 by inserting after the word "election" the following "for the presidential elector receiving the largest vote therein" also in line 121 by striking out the word "two" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "one" also in the same line by striking out the word "parties" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "party" also in line 122 by striking out the word "district" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "division" also in line 123 by inserting after word "election" the following "for the presidential elector receiving the largest vote therein" also in line 137 by striking out the word "four" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "three" also in line 138 by striking out the word "district" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "division" also in line 140 by striking out the word "district" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "division" also in the same line by inserting after the word "election" the following "for the presidential elector receiving the largest vote therein" also in line 141 by striking out the word "two" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "one" also in the same line by striking out the word "parties" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "party" also in line 143 by striking out the word "district" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "division" also in line 144 by inserting before the word "by" the folowing "for the presidential elector receiving the largest vote therein" also in line 162 by striking out the word "district" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "division" also in line 164 by striking out the word "district" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "division" also in line 166 by striking out the word "shown" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "and show" also in line 170 by inserting after the word "the" the word "division" also in line 174 by striking out the word "four" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "three" also in line 177 by striking out the word "four" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "three" also in line 178 by striking out the word "eight" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "six" also in section 5 line 8 by striking out the following

Surname	Christian Name	Occupation	Present Residence		
			Street Number	Lodger, Lessee or Owner	Room or Floor Occupied
1	2	3	4	5	6

Length of Residence		Place of Residence at time of Last Registration				Place of Birth	Naturalization Papers Produced. Yes or No	No of Affidavit of Naturalization of Father if Taken	Tax Receipts Produced. Yes or No
In State	In District	State	City	Street and Number					
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

No. of Affidavit of loss, if taken. If under 22 years of age write "Age"	Personal Description				Signature at time of Registration or of Voting
	Color	Approximate Age	Tall, Short or Medium	Approximate Weight	
17	18	19	20	21	22

	If Challenged, No. of Challenge Affidavit	VOTED These columns are for use at election and are not to be filled in by Registrars				
		November Election	Winter Primary	February Election	Spring Primary	Special Elections
	23	24	25	26	27	28

Also in line 61 of the same section by striking out the word "district" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "division;" also in line 65 of the same section by striking out the following:

Surname	Christian Name	Occupation	Present Residence		
			Street and Number	Lodger, Lessee or Owner	Room or Floor Occupied
1	2	3	4	5	6

Length of Residence		Place of Residence at time of Last Registration				Place of Birth	Naturalization Papers Produced, Yes or No	No. of Affidavit of Naturalization of Father, if Taken	Tax Receipt Produced, Yes or No
In State	In District	State	City	Street and Number					
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

No. of Affidavit of loss, if taken. If under 22 years of age write "Age"	Personal Description				Signature at time of Registration or of Voting
	Color	Approximate Age	Tall, Short or Medium	Approximate Weight	
17	18	19	20	21	22

	If Challenged, No. of Challenge Affidavit	VOTED These columns are for use at election and are not to be filled in by Registrars			
		Fall Primary	November Election	Spring Primary	Special Election
	23	24	25	26	27

Also in line 89 of the same section by striking out the word "district" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "division;" also in section 6, line 15, by striking out the word "district" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "division;" also in line 17 by striking out the word "three" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "two;" also in section 7, line 43, by striking out the word "district" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "division;" also in line 46 by striking out the word "districts" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "divisions;" also in line 53 by striking out the word "district" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "division;" also in line 58 by striking out the word "district" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "division;" also in line 61 by striking out the word "district" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "division;" also in line 65 by striking out the word "district" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "division;" also in line 68 by striking out the word "district" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "division;" also by inserting a new section to be known as "Section 9" as follows:

Section 9 That section fourteen of said act approved February seventeenth one thousand nine hundred and six which reads as follows

Section 14 The two registrars who have not charge of the registers shall at both registrations prepare two "street lists" of all names which are registered These lists shall contain the names of the electors and their addresses in the order in which their residences appear upon the streets of the district

One of said street lists shall be hung outside of the polling-place and shall remain in that position until the next election The other shall be returned to the office of the commissioners and at least one hundred exact copies of it shall be printed in pamphlet form and shall be ready for distribution at least three weeks before election day be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 14 The Registrar who has not charge of either of the registers shall prepare two "street lists" of all names registered These lists shall contain the names of the electors and their addresses in the order in which their residences appear upon the streets of the division One of said street lists shall be hung outside of the polling-place and shall remain in that position until the next election the other shall be returned to the office of the Commissioners and at least one hundred exact copies of it shall be printed in pamphlet form and shall be ready for distribution at least three weeks before election day

Also in line 1, on page 24, by striking out the figure "9" and inserting in lieu thereof the figures "10;" also on page 29, in line 1, by striking out the figures "10" and inserting in lieu thereof the figures "11;" also on page 31, in line 65, by striking out the word "two;" also in line 67 by striking out the word "them" and inserting the word "him;" also in line 77 by striking out the word "secretary" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "recorder;" also in line 79 by striking out the word "eighteen" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "fifteen;" also on page 32, line 88, by striking out the words "chief clerk" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "recorder;" also in line 1, on page 32, by striking out the figures "11" and inserting in lieu thereof the figures "12."

Said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution.

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

Mr. McILHENNY. Mr. President, I am aware that these amendments can and probably will be adopted, but I don't feel that I ought to let the occasion go by without objecting to the bill, which I consider a very bad one. This bill changes the present law as to registrars. Under the present system there is a bi-partisan board, two members of the registrar boards are composed of the majority and two of the minority parties. The purpose of this is to have the board equally divided between the two or more factions or parties, and has a tendency to keep the elections cleaner and to reduce false registrations, if such is attempted. This amendment cuts down the registrar boards to three, making two majority and one minority. It makes a minority board instead of a bipartisan board, which is to my mind a distinct step backward. This board further fixes the minority party not by the last election, but by the last presidential election. Now, in election boards the important feature is, there should be opposition to anything wrong done by the majority. The best persons to protest against any acts of the majority which are unfair are those who are most active against the majority. It does not necessarily follow at all that the minority party in the last presidential election is the party to resist the majority. Gentlemen, I consider this bill a very bad bill,

and distinctly worse than the old, and that it should not pass.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate concur in the amendments?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—28.

Adams	Hall	Knapp,	Sproul
Baldwin	Homsher	Kurtz	Thomson
Buckman	Hunter	McConnell	Vare
Clark	Jamison	McNichol	Wertz
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Wilbert
Endsley	Keyser	Shields	Wolf
Fox	Kline	Snyder	Crow
			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—15.

Alexander	Herbst	McIlhenny	Tustin
Catlin	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
Hays	Manbeck	Nulty	Weingartner,
Heacock	Martin	Powell	

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE RETURNS SENATE BILL NO. 554 WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 554, entitled:

An act amending sections one four five and ten of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the third class of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for violation of its provisions" approved the fifth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six and sections three seven and twelve of said act as amended by the act entitled "An Act amending sections three seven twelve and thirteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the third class of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for violation of its provisions" approved the fifth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six increasing the compensation of registrars in said cities and providing for an additional registration day" approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven by further defining who may be appointed registrars increasing their terms of office changing the registration days and the form of register providing further regulations for the registration of electors and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments, in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were read as follows:

By inserting in section 1, line 67, after the word "election" the words "for presidential elector;" also in line 70 after the word "election" the words "for presidential elector;" also in section 2, line 33, by striking out the word "fifth" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "third;" also in line 50 by inserting after the word "the" the word "county;" also in section 5, line 35, by striking out the words "at any time" and inserting in lieu thereof "any registered elector who has removed;" also in line 37 by striking out the words "tenth day prior to the;" also in the same line after the word "primary" by striking out the words "any registered elector who has removed;" also in line 40 by inserting after the word "primary" the following: "and who failed to apply to have his name transferred on the register on the registration day prior to the spring primaries in the district to which he has removed;" also in line 42 by inserting after the word "apply" the following: "on the eleventh or tenth day prior to the spring primary;" also in line 43 by inserting before the word "commissioners" the word "county;" also in section 7, line 60, by striking out the word "fifth" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "third."

Said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—26.

Adams	Fox	Kline	Snyder
Baldwin	Hall	Kurtz	Vare
Buckman	Hays	McConnell	Wertz
Catlin	Homsher	McNichol	Wilbert
Clark	Hunter	McNichols	Wolf
DeWitt	Jamison	Shields	Crow
Endsley	Keyser		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—9.

Heacock	McIlhenny	Nulty	Tustin
Jarrett	Miller	Powell	Weingartner
Judson			

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE CONCURS IN RESOLUTION RECALLING FROM THE HOUSE, HOUSE BILLS NOS. 949. 942, 1080, 1081, 1084, AND 1233.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, May 23, 1911.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur) That House Bills Nos. 949, 942, 1080, 1081, 1084 and 1233 be recalled from the House of Representatives for the purpose of amendment.

RECONSIDERATION OF HOUSE BILL NO. 1171.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which House Bill No. 1171, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Titusville Hospital located at Titusville Crawford county

passed finally.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which this bill passed third reading.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section one, line four, by striking out the word "ten" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "eleven;" also by striking out the figures "10" and inserting in lieu thereof the figures "11;" also in line eleven by striking out the word "ten" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "eleven;" also by striking out the figures "10" and inserting in lieu thereof the figures "11."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendments were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the the use of the Senate.

RECONSIDERATION OF HOUSE BILL NO. 942.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which House Bill No. 942, entitled:

A joint resolution providing for the appointment by the Governor of a Commission to be known as the Pennsylvania State Vaccination Commission and defining its powers and duties and making an appropriation for the expenses thereof

passed finally.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which this bill passed third reading.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring.

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section six, line one, by striking out the words "one thousand" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "two thousand five hundred."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

RECONSIDERATION OF HOUSE BILL NO. 949.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which House Bill No. 949, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Messiah Home Orphanage of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

passed finally.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which this bill passed third reading.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 1, line 4, by striking out the word "two" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "three;" also by striking out the figures "2000" and inserting in lieu thereof the figures "3000."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendments were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

RECONSIDERATION OF HOUSE BILL NO. 1080.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which House Bill No. 1080, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the York Hospital and Dispensary of York City Pennsylvania

passed finally.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which this bill passed third reading.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend Section 1, line 4, by inseting after the word "twenty" the word "five;" also by striking out the figure "20" and inserting in lieu thereof the figure "25."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendemnts were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

RECONSIDERATION OF HOUSE BILL NO. 1084.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which House Bill No. 1084, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Home of the city of York Pennsylvania

passed finally.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President I move to reconsider the vote by which this bill passed third reading.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 1, line 4, by striking out the word "one" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "two."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

RECONSIDERATION OF HOUSE BILL NO. 1233.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which House Bill No. 1233, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Franklin City Hospital

passed finally.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which this bill passed third reading.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 1, line 7, by striking out the word "eleven" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "sixteen;" also by striking out in line 10 the words "and the further sum of five thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary for alterations and improvements in the main hospital building to provide an operating section and maternity ward, including furnishing, fixtures and equipment;" also by striking out the entire section 2, as follows:

Section 2 Before any of the moneys hereinbefore appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement in connection with the said institution shall be available the trustees or directors thereof through the proper corporate officers of the same shall under the corporate seal of the institution so asking for State aid file with the Auditor General's Department of the Commonwealth upon proper blanks to be furnished by the said department upon application therefor an obligation in writing duly acknowledged and to be duly recorded in the office for the recording of deeds in the county in which said institution is located and agreeing that whenever such building so erected enlarged extended or altered or such permanent improvements provided through State aid shall be converted to private uses or purposes or be conducted for private gain or profit or shall for any cause or for any reason whatsoever be abandoned or sold or transferred to any person or persons firm or corporation for any use other than that authorized by the certificate of incorporation under which the same is now held and operated all sums of money herein appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement to the institution hereinbefore referred to shall be refunded to the treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be collectible as obligations of like character are now collected And provided further That the amount so appropriated as aforesaid for permanent improvement be and the same is hereby made a non-interest bearing lien on the said premises for the use of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendments were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

RECONSIDERATION OF HOUSE BILL NO. 1081.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which House Bill No. 1081, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the York Society to Protect Children and Aged Persons formerly the Christian Home of York Pennsylvania

passed finally.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which this bill passed third reading.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend section 1, line 4, by striking out the word "three" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "four;" also by striking out the figures "3000" and inserting in lieu thereof the figures "4000."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendments were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. WOLF. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WOLF, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, reported as committed Senate Bill No. 568 (House No. 327), entitled:

An act prescribing the number of fixtures for water supply for houses and other buildings occupied as dwellings in cities of the first class making violation of its provisions a misdemeanor and providing punishment for the same.

BILL ON SECOND READING.

Mr. WOLF. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to have the bill just reported read a second time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 568 (House No. 327), entitled:

An act prescribing the number of fixtures for water supply for houses and other buildings occupied as dwellings in cities of the first class making violation of its provisions a misdemeanor and providing punishment for the same

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 775 (House No. 608), as follows:

An act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the term "foreign corporation" as used in this act shall mean every corporation which has been established organized or chartered under laws other than those of the Commonwealth

Section 2 Every such foreign corporation before doing any business in this Commonwealth shall appoint in writing the Secretary of the Commonwealth and his successor in office to be its true and lawful attorney and authorized agent upon whom all lawful processes in any action or proceeding against it may be served and service of process on the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall be of the same legal force and validity as if served on it and the authority for such service of process shall continue in force so long as any liability remains outstanding against it in the Commonwealth The power of attorney shall be executed with the seal of the corporation and signed by the president and secretary thereof and shall contain a statement showing the title and purpose of said corporation the location of its principal place of business in the Commonwealth and the post office address within the Commonwealth to which the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall send by mail any process against it served on him which address said corporation may change from time to time as it may find occasion by filing a certificate under its corporate seal with the Secretary of the Commonwealth setting forth such change of address Upon the payment of a fee of ten dollars for the use of the Commonwealth the said power of attorney and statement shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth and copies certified by him shall be sufficient evidence thereof Service of such process shall be made by the sheriff of Dauphin County by leaving two copies of the process and a fee of two dollars in the hands or at the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth and he shall make due return of his service of said process to the court magistrate or justice of the peace issuing the same Such process may be issued by any court or magistrate or justice of the peace having jurisdiction of the subject matter in controversy in any county of the Commonwealth in which said corporation shall have its principal place of business or in such county in which the right of action arose Upon the filing of the said power of attorney with the Secretary of the Commonwealth it shall be his duty to certify forthwith to the Auditor General the corporate name of the corporation filing the same and the location of its principal place of business in the Commonwealth as set forth in said power of attorney

Section 3 When legal process against any such corporation has been served upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth he shall immediately send by mail postage prepaid one copy of such process directed to the corporation at the post office address designated by it as hereinbefore provided The fee of two dollars paid by the plaintiff to the Secretary of the Commonwealth at the time of the service shall be taxed in his costs if he prevails in the suit The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall keep a record of the day and hour of the service of such process on him and a certified copy of such record shall be sufficient evidence thereof

Section 4 Any person or persons agent officer or employe of any such foreign corporation who shall transact any business within this Commonwealth for any such foreign corporation without the provisions of this act being complied with shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by imprisonment not exceeding thirty days and by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or either at the discretion of the court trying the same Provided That the failure of any such corporation to file the power of attorney and statement aforesaid with the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall not impair or affect the validity of any contract with such corporation and actions or proceedings at law or in equity may be instituted and maintained on any such contract but no such action shall be instituted or recovery had by any such corporation on any such contract either expressed or implied in any of the courts of this Commonwealth or before any justice of the peace or magistrate thereof until such corporation complies with the provisions of this act And provided further Before any such corporation can institute any action in any of the courts of this Commonwealth or before any justice of the peace or magistrate thereof on any causes of action arising prior to the filing of the power of attorney and statement provided for in section two of this act it shall pay to the Secretary of the Commonwealth for the use of the Commonwealth a license fee or fine of two hundred and fifty dollars ($250.00) Provided further however that this act shall not extend or be construed to give validity to any contracts other than contracts of bailment contracts of pledge and contracts between depositors and persons or corporations engaged in the business of receiving deposits of money subject to check entered into by corporations prior to the passage of this act nor to give to foreign corporations any right to enforce such contracts other than contracts of bailment contracts of pledge and contracts between depositors and persons or corporations engaged in the business of receiving deposits of money subject to check if such right did not exist at the time such contracts were entered into but actions or proceedings at law or in equity may be instituted and maintained and recovery may be had in any pending action on contracts of bailment contracts of pledge and contracts between depositors and persons or corporations engaged in the business of receiving deposits of money subject to check although said contract may have been entered into prior to the passage of this act

Section 5 The act entitled "An Act to prohibit foreign corporations from doing business in Pennsylvania without having known places of business and authorized agents" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and eight) be and the same is hereby repealed and all other acts of Assembly inconsistent with the provisions hereof or supplied hereby are also hereby repealed Provided however That the license fee or fine of two hundred and fifty dollars ($250.00) prescribed in the fourth section of this act shall not be required of or imposed upon any foreign corporation now duly registered under said act approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four hereby repealed if such foreign corporation shall file the power of attorney and statement provided for in section two of this act in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth within one year after the date of the approval hereof nor shall the repeal of said act be construed as in any wise affecting the existing rights or liabilities of any foreign corporation now duly registered thereunder And provided further that this act shall not be construed to apply to foreign insurance companies but the doing of business in this Commonwealth by such companies shall be regulated by existing laws

And the amendements made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—34.

Catlin	Jamison	McConnell	Shields
Cooper	Jarrett	McNichol	Snyder
Endsley	Jones	McNichols	Sones
Fox,	Judson	Miller	Tustin
Hays	Keyser	Morgan	Vare
Heacock	Kline	Nulty	Wilbert
Homsher	Knapp	Powell	Wolf
Huffman	Manbeck	Salus	Crow,
Hunter	Martin		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 944 (House No. 1014), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the Aged Colored Women's Home at Williamsport Lycoming County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two thousand five hundred ($2,500) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Aged Colored Women's Home at Williamsport Lycoming county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purpose namely

For the purpose of maintenance one thousand five hundred ($1,500) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary.

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. SONES. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which this bill passed third reading.

Mr. MARTIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. SONES. Mr. President. I ask unanimous consent to amend section 1, line 4, by striking out the words "five hundred"; also in line 10 by striking out the words "one thousand five hundred" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "two thousand."

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The amendments were agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading as amended?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill as amended be printed for the use of the Senate.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 952 (House No. 1022), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Cottage State Hospital at Connellsville Fayette County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-two thousand dollars ($22,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the Cottage State Hospital at Connellsville Fayette County Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the followig purposes namely

For maintenance during the fiscal year commencing June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For maintenance during the fiscal year commencing June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and twelve the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of building and equipping an X-ray and pathological room the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of building and furnishing a sun parlor the sum of five hundred ($500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For new instruments two hundred and fifty dollars ($250) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For insurance for two years the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars ($250) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow,
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1133 (House No. 1215), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Reform School at Morganza Pennsylvania and granting its managers the authority to raze old buildings

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two hundred fifty-one thousand five hundred dollars ($251,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Pennsylvania Reform School Morganza Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purposes namely

For the payment of salaries the sum of eighty thousand dollars ($80,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the resident physician medical attendance nurses bureau of parole and expenses of parole officers the sum of seven thousand three hundred dollars ($7,300) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the industrial school the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For library books and the cataloguing of same the sum of six hundred dollars ($600) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For payment of ice plant and the refrigeration of rooms additions and equipping new kitchen and officers' quarters building the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For fire hydrants fire equipment and repairs to lines the sum of six hundred dollars ($600) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For painting and glazing and repairs the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars ($2,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For gymnasium equipment balcony and stairway erection of stage and inside finishing of gymnasium the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For steam heat improvements and sanitary plumbing the sum of three thousand ($3,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For extension of electric light plant the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purchase of boilers for new power house laying lines installing of stokers and equipment doing cement work and the building of railroad trackage the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the completion of water plant laying new and repairing old lines the sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the building and repairing of roads and brick pavements and the purchase of a road roller the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For insurance the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars ($2,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the building of three cottages for inmates the sum of seventy-two thousand dollars ($72,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary which said sum shall be for the building furnishing and equipping the same complete

For the erecting and equipping of an industrial building the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow,
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE POSTPONED FOR THE PRESENT.

Mr. MARTIN. Mr. President, I move the Senate do now resume the consideration of Senate Bill No. 523 (House No. 166), on final passage postponed for the present, entitled:

An act to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to extend the work of the Department of Agriculture so as to connect with it a system of outdoor or field instruction to be given throughout the State during the planting cultivating and harvesting season and making an appropriation for the same

Mr. JAMISON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—22.

Adams	Endsley	Jamison	Miller
Baldwin	Hall	Jarrett	Morgan
Buckman	Homsher	Judson	Nulty
Catlin	Huffman	Martin	Powell
Clark	Hunter	McNichols	Sones
Cooper			Weingartner

NAYS—5.

Keyser	McNichol	Sproul	Tustin
Kline			

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

BILL ON THIRD READING POSTPONED FOR THE PRESENT.

Mr. THOMSON, Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now resume the consideration of Senate Bill No. 773 (House No. 755), on third reading postponed for the present, entitled:

An act to fix the compensation and allowances for members of the General Assembly

Mr. WILBERT. Mr. President. I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—30.

Adams	Hays	McConnell	Thomson
Baldwin	Homsher	McIlhenny	Tustin
Buckman	Hunter	McNichol	Vare
Clark	Jamison	Morgan	Wasbers
Cooper	Jones	Powell	Wilbert
DeWitt	Keyser	Shields	Wolf
Endsley	Kline	Snyder	Crow
Fox	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—15.

Alexander	Herbst	Knapp	Nulty
Catlin	Huffman	Manbeck	Weingartner
Hall	Jarrett	Martin	Wertz
Heacock	Judson	Miller	

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING WIDOW AND CHILDREN OF JOSEPH ZAMBO TO BRING SUIT AGAINST THE COMMONWEALTH.

Mr. MORGAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. MORGAN offered the following resolution, which was twice read as follows:

Whereas, During the period of the suppression of the strike in South Bethlehem in 1910, one Joseph Zambo, a peaceable citizen, not a striker, and in no wise involved in riotous or illegal conduct, but while inside a house engaged in a proper occupation, was shot and instantly killed by a bullet accidently fired from a State policeman's revolver passing through the closed door; and

Whereas, Said Joseph Zambo, when so killed, had committed no wrong and had done absolutely nothing to incite said revolver shot from said State policeman; and

Whereas, Said Joseph Zambo was a poor man and left surviving him, residing in South Bethlehem, a widow, Mary Zambo, and two minor children, Joseph Zambo, Jr., and Stephen Zambo, one of the age of three years and the other of the age of five months, whose sole support was said Joseph Zambo, and who are accordingly now in destitute circumstances; therefore, be it

Resolved (if the House concur), That the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, by virtue of the power vested in it by Section eleven, Article first, of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, does hereby authorize and allow Mary Zambo, in behalf of herself and her two minor children, Joseph and Stephen Zambo, to bring suit or suits against, and to recover from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, either in law or in equity, in the courts of common pleas of Dauphin county, such sum or sums of money as may be justly and properly due them, through the loss and deprivation of their husband and father, said Joseph Zambo, by his negligent and improper killing by a State trooper at South Bethlehem in the fore part of the year 1910. Said suit or suits to be subject to the same rules of pleading and evidence as other suits brought in said court are subject.

Mr. MORGAN. Mr. President, I move that Rule 39 be suspended in order to consider the resolution at this time.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question.

Will the Senate agree to the resolution?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

RESOLUTION.

THANKING MRS. SAMUEL G. DIXON FOR THE DONATION TO THE COMMONWEALTH OF THE UNION CHAPEL AT MONT ALTO SANATORIUM AS A PLACE OF WORSHIP FOR THE TUBERCULOSIS PATIENTS.

Mr. MARTIN. Mr. President I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. MARTIN offered the following resolution, which was twice read as follows:

Be it Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the members of the Legislature, as the representatives of the people of the State and especially as the representatives of the tuberculous poor, do hereby express to Mrs. Samuel G. Dixon the high sense of appreciation that they feel for the generous donation, by means of which there has been erected on the grounds of the Pennsylvania State South Mountain Sanatorium at Mont Alto, a beautiful Union Chapel, as a place of worship for the tuberculous patients of the sanatorium and their attendants.

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Commonwealth be instructed to have engrossed and sent to Mrs. Dixon a copy of these resolutions.

Mr. MARTIN. Mr. President, I move that Rule 39 be suspended in order to consider the resolution at this time.

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the resolution?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representtatives for concurrence.

Mr. HALL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1154 (House No. 636), on second reading, entitled:

An act to protect the lives and limbs of miners from the dangers resulting from incompetent miners working in the bituminous coal mines of this Commonwealth and to provide for the examination of persons seeking employment as miners in the bituminous region and to prevent the employment of incompetent persons as miners in bituminous coal mines and providing penalties for a violation of the same

be recommitted to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

Mr. JAMISON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. JUDSON. Mr. President, I object to that motion. That bill has already been before the committee two or three times.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair informs the Senator from Washington that the motion has already been disposed of.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1166 (House No. 662), entitled:

An act relating to private sales of real estate ordered decreed or approved by the orphans' courts and providing a method of giving notice of such sales and validating such private sales of real estate heretofore made under the authority of the orphans' courts for the payment of debts

And said bill having been read at length the second time. and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1167 (House No. 590), entitled:

An act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to Fred Muster superintendent of the Bear Company Berwick Pennsylvania the amount paid by him to cover fine imposed for alleged violation of the minor labor act of one thousand nine hundred and nine

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1168 (House No. 702), entitled:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act relative to Berks County Prison and to discharged convicts" approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1169 (House No. 724), entitled:

An act regulating the pay of election officers in all counties of this Commonwealth containing a population of not less than two hundred and fifty thousand and not more than five hundred thousand

And said bill having been read at length the second time, and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1170 (House No. 791), entitled:

An act providing for the appointment of a deputy coroner and stenographers in the several counties of this Commonwealth having two hundred thousand inhabitants and not more than two hundred fifty thousand inhabitants prescribing their powers and duties and fixing their salaries

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1171 (House No. 723), entitled:

An act to provide for the payment of costs in cases of summary conviction had before magistrates aldermen and justices of the peace

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1172 (House No. 788), entitled:

An act authorizing the election in first class townships of an additional constable and fixing his term

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1173 (House No. 719), entitled:

An act to provide for the detection and apprehension of persons who have committed any crime or misdemeanor the investigation of reported crimes and for the payment of expense thereof out of the treasury of the county in which such offence has been committed or reported to have been committed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1174 (House No. 795), entitled:

An act to provide for the establishment of the Pennsylvania State Museum and the various divisions thereof and to create a board of trustees for its government and control

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1175 (House No. 752), entitled:

An act providing for the appointment by the Court of Common Pleas of any county of auditors to audit settle and adjust the accounts of the directors treasurers and tax collectors of any poor district composed of more than one municipality or municipal district wholly within but less extensive than said county the population of which poor district shall be not less than one hundred and fifty thousand and not more than three hundred thousand prescribing their powers duties and compensation the form contents filing and publishing of their report and providing for appeals to the Court of Common Pleas of such county and the Superior and Supreme Courts

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1176 (House No. 722), entitled:

An act amending the twenty-first section of an act entitled "An Act relating to county rates and levies and township rates and levies" approved the fifteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four by authorizing the collector to deputize a constable or other officer to make the levy and sale or to arrest the delinquent for non-payment of taxes

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1177 (House No. 717), entitled:

An act to amend the second section of an act approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act providing that the district attorneys in all counties whose population does not exceed one hundred and fifty thousand shall be paid a salary and fixing the same which shall be in lieu of all fees and in full compensation for their services and providing for the appointment of assistant district attorneys in said counties and for the compensation of the same and providing that the fees heretofore allowed the district attorneys upon indictments shall remain in amount as heretofore but shall hereafter be as part of the costs for the use and benefit of the proper county" by fixing the salaries of district attorneys in counties having more than thirty thousand but not more than forty thousand inhabitants

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1178 (House No. 718), entitled:

An act to permit trustees executors administrators or receivers where an estate is without money or property to have appeals heard in the appellate courts upon filing typewritten copies of the names of the parties abstract of proceedings verdict questions involved history of the case report of the auditor or master charge of the court points and answers thereto assignments of error argument and certified record

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1179 (House No. 743), entitled:

An act to exempt certain buildings from the provisions and requirements of the Act of Assembly approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act amending section one of article three of an act entitled 'An Act for the better government of the cities of the first class in this Commonwealth' approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five regulating the construction alteration and ventilation of tenement houses and providing for the safety of the inhabitants thereof and providing penalties for the violation of the same" and of an Act of Assembly approved the twelfth day of July Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act approved the third day of June Anno Domini one thou-

sand eight hundred and eighty-five entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the better security of life and limb in cases of fire in hotels and other buildings' approved the eleventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine extending the provisions thereof to buildings used in whole or in part for offices not of fire proof construction" and also an Act of Assembly approved the twenty-fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act to further regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings and party walls in cities of the first class"

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1180 (House No. 701), entitled:

An act authorizing C L Francisco of Sayre Bradford County Pennsylvania to bring suit and to recover against the Commonwealth in the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County Pennsylvania any sum or sums of money which may be legally or justly due him from this Commonwealth for advertising in the Sayre Times Record the Constitutional Amendments proposed and voted on in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1181 (House No. 704), entitled:

An act to amend an act approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two entitled "An Act relating to foreign executors administrators guardians and representatives of decedents and wards" by extending the provisions thereof to the assignment and satisfaction of record of mortgage debts and indentures of mortgage and to the receipt of the interest thereon

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1182 (House No. 700), entitled:

An act authorizing Peter F Reigle a resident of Spring Township Snyder County Pennsylvania to bring suit and to recover against this Commonwealth in the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County Pennsylvania any sum or sums of money which may be legally or justly due him from this Commonwealth for damage done to his property in fighting forest fires in said county in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1183 (House No. 567), as follows:

An act amending the twentieth section of an act approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths and burial or removal permits requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics at the capital of the State as required to be established by the State Board of Health and to insure the thorough organization and efficiency of the registration of vital statistics throughout the State as provided in section seven of an act entitled 'An Act to establish a State Board of Health for the better protection of life and health and to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in this Commonwealth' approved June third eighteen hundred and eighty-five and making an appropriation for establishing and maintaining such a bureau and providing certain penalties" as amended by an act approved the sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to amend sections five nine fifteen nineteen twenty and twenty-five of an act entitled "An Act entitled 'An Act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths and burial or removal permits requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of vital Statistics at the capital of the State as required to be established by the State Board of Health and to insure the thorough organization and efficiency of the registration of vital statistics throughout the State as provided in section seven of "An Act to establish a State Board of Health for the better protection of life and health and to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in this Commonwealth" approved June third eighteen hundred and eighty-five and making an appropriation for establishing and maintaining such a bureau and providing certain penalties' which was approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousnad nine hundred and five by extending the territory in which burial permits shall be valid providing for the issuance of burial permits without fees establishing a method for securing the given names of children making a uniform date for the returns of local registrars providing for certain fees in cities of the first and second class to be paid by the counties and abolishing all other systems of registration of births and deaths" by changing the fees for birth and death certificates

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section twenty of an act approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths and burial or removal permits requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics at the capital of the State as required to be established by the State Board of Health and to insure the thorough organization and efficiency of the registration of vital statistics throughout the State as provided in section seven of 'An Act to establish a State Board of Health for the better protection of life and health and to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in this Commonwealth' approved June third eighteen hundred and eighty-five and making an appropriation for establishing and maintaining such a bureau and providing certain penalties" as amended by an act approved the sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to amend sections five nine fifteen nineteen twenty and twenty-five of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths and burial or removal permits requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics at the capital of the State as required to be established by the State Board of Health and to insure the thorough organization and efficiency of the registration of vital statistics throughout the State as provided in section seven of 'An Act to establish a State Board of Health for the better protection of life and health and to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in this Commonwealth' approved June third eighteen hundred and eighty-five and making an appropriation for establishing and maintaining such a bureau and providing certain penalties" which was approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five by extending the territory in which burial permits shall be valid providing for the issuance of burial permits without fees establishing a method for securing the given names of children making a uniform date for the returns of local registrars providing for certain fees in cities of the first and second class to be paid by the counties and abolishing all other systems of registration of births and deaths" which reads as follows

"Section 20 That each local registrar shall be entitled to be paid the sum of twenty-five cents for each birth and each death certificate properly and completely made out and registered with him and correctly copied and duly returned by him to the State Registrar as required by this act Provided That in cities of the first and second class in which the city clerk health officer or other official acting as local registrar receives a fixed salary in lieu of fees he shall be entitled to five cents for each birth and each death certificate properly and completely made out registered with him and correctly copied and duly returned by him to the State Registrar as required by this act And in case no births or deaths were registered during any month the local registrar shall be entitled to be paid the sum of twenty-five cents for each report to that effect promptly made in accordance with this act All amounts payable to registrars under provisions of this section shall be paid by the treasurer of the county in which the registration districts are located upon certification by the State Registrar And the State Registrar shall annually certify to the treasurers of the several counties the number of births and deaths registered with the names of the local registrars and the amounts due each at the rates fixed herein" is hereby amended so as to read

Section 20 That each local registrar shall be entitled to be paid the sum of twenty-five cents for each birth and each death certificate properly and completely made out and registered with him and correctly copied and duly returned by him to the State Registrar as required by this act Provided That in cities of the first and second class in which the city clerk health officer or other official acting as local registrar receives a fixed salary in lieu of fees he shall be entitled to fifteen cents for each birth and each death certificate properly and completely made out registered with him and correctly copied and duly returned by him to the State Registrar as required by this act And in case no births or deaths were registered during any month the local registrar shall be entitled to be paid the sum of twenty-five cents for each report to that effect promptly made in accordance with this act All amounts payable to registrars in cities of the first and second class under provisions of this section shall be paid by the State Treasurer upon certification by the State Registrar and the State Registrar shall certify monthly to the State Treasurer and Auditor General the number of births and deaths registered with the names of the local registrars and the amounts due each at the rates fixed herein All amounts payable to registrars except in cities of the first and second class under provisions of this section shall be paid by the treasurer of the county in which the registration districts are located upon certification by the State Registrar And the State Registrar shall annually certify to the treasurers of the several counties the number of births and deaths registered with the names of the local registrars and the amounts due each at the rates fixed herein

That for the purpose of carrying this act into effect the sum of ten thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to be paid by the State Treasurer upon the warrant drawn by the Auditor General

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1184 (House No. 774), entitled:

An act to amend the thirty-second section of an act entitled "An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway toll-road conduit tunnel mine coal-breaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipe-line aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal mill-race works for supplying water heat light power cold air or any other substance furnished to the public well for the production of gas oil or other volatile or mineral substance or other structure or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved the fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as amended by the second section of an act approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to amend section eleven and section thirty-two of an act entitled 'An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway toll-road conduit tunnel coal-breaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipe-line aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal mill-race works for supplying water heat light power cold air or any other substance furnished to the public well for the production of gas oil or other volatile or mineral substance or other structure or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto' approved the fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one so as to change the form of the claim and writ of scire facias thereon" by providing for an amicable scire facias

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1185 (House No. 794), as follows:

An act providing for and regulating the taking of land by condemnation proceedings to enlarge certain cemeteries now or hereafter incorporated

Whereas Cemeteries and burial grounds established and conducted for the public welfare not for profit are without legal means of acquiring necessary land to perpetuate the purposes of their establishment therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the sam That it shall be lawful for any incorporated cemetery or burial association not incorporated for profit to acquire land for the purpose of enlarging any such cemetery that is now or shall hereafter be established and for said purpose such corporation shall have the right of eminent domain which right is hereby expressly conferred for the purpose of extending the boundaries of such cemeteries now or hereafter established by taking land adjacent to such cemetery so established in the manner hereinafter provided

Provided however Said corporation may not establish new cemeteries but may enlarge those now or hereafter established and further Provided That in the exercise of the rights hereby conferred no public highway may be vacated and no lands shall be appropriated lying within any borough or city without the consent of said borough or city nor any lands already occupied by any building used as a dwelling house nor any lands underlaid with a workable vein of coal

Section 2 Prior to any such taking or appropriation the said corporation shall attempt to agree with the owner as to the damage for the taking of said land if such owner can be found and is suit juris failing to agree the corporation shall tender to the property owner a bond with sufficient sureties to secure him or her in the payment of damages if the owner refuses to accept said bond or cannot be found or is not suit juris the same shall then be presented to the court of common pleas of the proper county after reasonable notice to the property owner by advertisement or otherwise to be approved by said court The bond shall be given to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the use of the parties in interest and in such amount and with such surety as the court shall deem sufficient and upon the approval and the filing thereof the right of the corporation to enter upon and take possession of the land to be acquired and marked on the ground by the corner stakes shall be complete

Section 3 Upon petition of either the property owner or the corporation thereafter the court of common pleas shall appoint three disinterested freeholders of the county to serve as viewers to assess the damages proper to be paid the said owner for the land so taken and shall fix a time for holding said view of which notice shall be given to the parties in interest either personally or as court may direct after which the said viewers having been severally sworn to well and truly assess such damages shall proceed at the time fixed by court to the discharge of their duties and shall report in writing to said court on or before the first day of the next term following the day fixed for holding said view their assessment of damages for the land so taken the boundaries of which shall have been marked upon the ground

Section 4 Either party the corporation or owner may appeal from the report of the viewers and the damages assessed within twenty days after the first day of the term to which said report shall have been filed to the court of common pleas and have a jury trial to determine said damages as in ordinary cases and have a writ of error to the Superior or to the Supreme Court as the case may be Either party may also file exceptions to the proceedings within the said twenty days but if no exceptions be filed or appeal be taken as aforesaid within the said twenty days the prothonotary of said court shall mark said report finally confirmed and enter judgment upon said bond in favor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the use of the party or parties entitled to compensation or damages for the amount assessed and reported by said viewers

Section 5 The viewers for said services shall be entitled to receive two dollarrs for each day actually employed in the discharge of said duty and mileage at the rate of six cents for each mile necessarily traveled

Section 6 All acts or parts of acts general special or local inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1186 (House No. 746), entitled:

An act to promote the safety of foot passengers on the highways of this Commonwealth and the convenience of the general public in the use of the said highways by empowering the supervisors or commissioners of any township in any county in this Commonwealth to compel by order resolution or ordinance a street railway company operating a double track line of railway within any village of this Commonwealth having one track on each side of a public road street turnpike or other public highway within the said village to remove its tracks within the said village from the side of the said public road street turnpike or other public highway to the middle of the same and authorizing the Court of Common Pleas of the proper county in case the supervisors or commissioners of any township shall refuse to adopt such order resolution or ordinance upon the petition of twenty taxpayers resident in the said village then and in such case to order the removal of the said tracks to the middle of the said public road street turnpike or other public highway upon petition made to the said court by twenty taxpayers resident in the said village and imposing a penalty for refusal or neglect to comply with the said order resolution or ordinance of the said supervisors or commissioners of the said township or the order of the said Court of Common Pleas

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1187 (House No. 787), entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act relative to the obstructing of the crossing of public roads by locomotives and cars" approved the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and forty-five by providing further that any member of the train crew shall be subject to said penalty

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. HALL. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1188 (House No. 750), on second reading, entitled:

An act authorizing the depositing of county funds at interest and regulating the manner of selecting such depositories and making such deposits

be recommitted to the Committee on Banks and Building and Loan Associations.

Mr. DEWITT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1189 (House No. 572), as follows:

An act providing for the appointment of assistant district attorneys in the several counties of this Commonwealth having over three hundred thousand and less than seven hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants describing the powers duties and terms of office and fixing the salary of said assistants

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the first Monday in January nineteen hundred and twelve in all counties of this Commonwealth having over three hundred thousand and less than seven hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants the district attorneys of said counties shall have the authority to appoint one or more assistants learned in the law not to exceed four in number to assist the district attorney in the discharge of his duties One of said assistants shall be designated the first assistant district attorney and shall receive a salary of two thousand five hundred dollars per annum to be paid out of the county treasury The second and third assistants shall each receive a salary of two thousand two hundred ($2,200.00) dollars per annum The fourth assistant shall receive a salary of two thousand ($2,000.00) dollars per annum to be paid out of the county treasury The first assistant district attorney shall in the absence of the district attorney from the jurisdiction or when the district attorney is unable to perform the duties of his office through sickness be vested with all the duties powers and privileges now given by law to the district attorney

Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1190 (House No. 875), entitled:

An act defining public service companies prescribing and defining and limiting the powers of public service companies and regulating the creation of such companies creating and establishing a public service commission for the supervision and regulation of public service companies prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such commission and its officers and providing for the salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders by the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin county and giving such court exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal from all decrees of said court to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of such orders or of the provisions of this act and repealing the act approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and seven providing for the appointment of a Railroad Commission and of all other legislation inconsistent with this act

And said bill having been read at length the second time,

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. TUSTIN. Mr. President, before voting on this bill on second reading I want to say a few words in explanation of my vote, which will be against the bill. Probably no legislation in recent years has come before the Senate and House of Representatives as important as the bill which we have before us to-night. It is legislation that is affecting the entire Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in all its various ramifications. The bill that we have before us, Mr. President, is a bill which we in the Senate have had little time to consider. It is a bill affecting twenty-nine different classes of corporations, as set forth in article one of the bill. These corporations have vast powers, are diversified in their objects, and this bill should be considered with the greatest care. Personally, I have received no requests except from one source to support this bill, and I have received numerous requests to go very carefully into the bill before voting for it. I want to say to you that not a labor organization or a laboring man in my district has asked for this bill. They are too busy at the present time trying to find employment. No manufacturer in my district has asked me to support this bill, because in the present state of the public finances and public welfare the manufacturer is trying to find a market for his goods and employment for his men, and they do not believe that the time is ripe when a drastic bill such as this should be passed. And then I go to the public press of my city to find whether there is any public demand for this. I take up first the organ of my friends, the Democracy, the Philadelphia Record, and I find when this bill was introduced and debated the following editorial, which I would like to read, showing how they regard this bill.

Statements are made that in deference to the legal argument against the Public Utilities bill, and in order to allay public resentment it will be amended in some respects before passage this week. Of a scheme of legislation so mischievous from its first to its last section the only satisfactory amendment is to strike out the enacting clause. In utter obliviousness of the Department of Internal Affairs, ordained by the Constitution of Pennsylvania, with express provision that the Secretary shall administer all laws relating to corporations, this bill aims to emasculate the department by erecting an extra-constitutional commission outside of it, on one hand to duplicate and on the other to destroy its functions. It proposes to snatch from the responsible official elected by the people for a term of years his constitutional powers, and bestow them upon an irresponsible, hydra-headed department appointed by the Governor. In this respect alone the bill is an insult to the able and patriotic jurists, living and dead, who framed the Constitution, and an outrage upon the people of Pennsylvania, who have ordained it.

As if this were not vicious enough, besides erecting headquarters of this department at Harrisburg, with its commissioners, attorneys and a numerous retinue of employes, "branches" are to be established in Philadelphia, Pittsburg and other cities, with like trains of salary-eaters and sinecurists, all to hold their places under tenure of the infamous spoils system. Not only the headquarters, but every one of these branches would become nests for breeding vexatious lawsuits against the business companies of the Commonwealth. When the department employes should find time idle on their hands they would only have to get busy with espionage and prosecutions.

It has been seen that all that is not fraught with mischief in this legislation is useless save for rioting in spoils and spreading political corruption over the Commonwealth. If the bill were enacted to-morrow it could not wrest from the courts their ample jurisdiction over the business companies of the State under the Constitution and existing laws. The wise provisions of the Constitution and laws enacted to enforce them afford all necessary and legitimate means of bringing to book delinquent corporations. If any of these corporations are violating the laws the blame rests with the officials who possess adequate means of prosecuting them and yet are eager for this Public Utilities bill.

It has been shown that while the proposed department would be futile for any good end it makes provision for a comprehensive system of espionage, blackmail and political corruption. From its widespread "branches" would pour the drops as poisonous to political life as are the exhalations of the Upas tree to animal existence. The people of Pennsylvania would be reduced to the milkiness of credulity if they should conceive that this bill is inspired by the desire of promoting public utilities when every section betrays the design of serving the lowest partisan ends. But unfortunately there is too much reason to believe that the most abhorrent features of this omnivorous scheme of spoils-mongery and political corruption are what make it most attractive to the Machine Legislature.

I then turned, Mr. President to the Evening Bulletin, an independent Republican paper published in the city of Philadelphia. I am quoting from these papers because in the limited time given to the Senate with all the vast work we have had it has not been possible to consider the bill with the care we should, and I now quote from these papers which have given more careful consideration to the terms of the act.

It is reported that Governor Tener and some of his official advisers have set their hearts on the passage of the Public Service or Utilities bill as the foremost "administration measure" of this session of the Legislature, and that they expect to see it in his hands not later than the first or the second week in May.

As a matter of fact this extraordinary bill has not even been formally or openly considered by the committee to which it has been referred, nor has there even been a public hearing given to the citizens who object to its sweeping innovations in authorizing the Commonwealth to regulate about ten times as much business or commerce as any commission could possibly look after with even a regiment of inquisitors or inspectors to enforce its findings.

In its present form this Tener-Bell bill, as it is now known, is altogether out of the question as a wise or practical measure; a simple amendment to the Railway Commission act of 1907 is really all that is needed to meet the legitimate requirements of the situation, and if the members of the Legislature shall do their own thinking on the subject, it can hardly be expected of them that they will pass the existing bill. As a matter of fact, the time between this and the 25th of May, the day of final adjournment, is altogether too short to enable them to give it intelligent attention and to despatch the mass of other business that is now before them.

Either the Tener-Bell bill, which should have been introduced in January in order that there might be time enough to study it, should go over until the next session, or a simple

tension of the powers of the Railway Commissioners should be acted.

I quote another editorial from the Buletin:

The introduction in the Legislature of a bill either for increasing e power of the present State Railway Commission, or for en-rging its scope so that it may be actually what it is now, in form terms, a Public Service or Utilities Commission, has been ex-cted during the past two months or more, or since Governor ener's recommendation on the suoject in his inaugural address. But the bill that has finally made its appearance in the House es far beyond what was expected by almost anybody outside the circle of the Governor and his official and political advisers, d has probably surprised the Legislature quite as much as it will e public.

The increase of the number of commissioners to five—the present dy being abolished—and the addition, or rather the creation, a large amount of regulating and investigating machinery of professional and clerical nature, would make this proposed depart-ent a highly extensive one in point of salaries and patronage. ut the power which it would have, under the terms of the bill, normous; it probably equals, if it does not exceed, any grant of uthority that any Legislature in the Union has made to a board commission as regards railroads and other public utilities. d in fact its provisions cover every form of incorporated industry Pennsylvania that bears a general relation to the public.

Not only public trasportation or communication, but other sorts service—gas, water, electrical, telephone, telegraph, ferries, tunnels, wage, elevators, inclined planes, turnpikes, even storage warehouses are included in the twenty-nine classifications of the kinds of business at are to come under the supervision and regulation of the Com-ission in most of the details of their functions. The bill covers xty-two pages, and so elastic are its terms in defining the classes business which are codified, that it even goes to the extent including all other "corporations or persons engaged for pro- in any other quasi-public business within this State."

That piece of phraseology is alone sufficient to indicate the inclusive veep of this extraordinary measure, affecting as it does not only rporations, but persons, and also any sort of business that may e construed under the term "quasi-public."

It is hardly conceivable that its authors expect to press it for assage in its present form, despite the fact that it is hailed as "Tener administration measure;" for it comes pretty near, if it oes not actually reach, the domain of State Socialism; and neither e Senate nor the House, it is to be presumed, will be likely to ccept "orders" for the passage of so radical a bill in its encroachments n the rights of industrial liberty.

But perhaps the most surprising and peculiar fact, for the moment, bout its introduction is, that it should have been incubated under the spicies of an administration fathered by Boies Penrose and George . Oliver, with John C. Bell as its legal sponsor, as well as the puta-ve framer of most of the provisions in this corporation muzzler.

I quote from the Press:

Pennsylvania is now flanked on two sides, New York and New Jersey, y States which have passed acts similar to that on public utilities nder consideration at Harrisburg. All Pennsylvania corporations ngaged in any public service in New York and New Jersey operate in ose States under laws which place all their rates, the character and dequacy of their service and their whole action on these matters, so ar as it relates to service within these States, under the orders of e New York Public Service Commission and the New Jersey Public tilities Commission.

The New York commissions, one for New York City and the other or the rest of the State, have jurisdiction over railroads, street car nes, gas, electric, telegraph, telephone, express and all other com-anies which touch these classes of corporations. The New Jersey ct covers "any steam railroad, street railway, traction railway, canal, xpress, subway, pipe line, gas, electric light, heat, power, water, oil, ewer, telephone and telegraph system, plant or equipment for public se, under privileges granted, or hereafter to be granted, by New ersey or by any political subdivision thereof."

This will apply to every Pennsylvania corporation in these classes perating in New Jersey. Whatever this State may do or not do for its tizens and corporations, the latter are in their New Jersey operation lready under the control of a New Jersey Commission of three members, eceiving $7,500 in New York, the five members of the Public Service ommission receive $15,000 a year each.

In both States, over all the array of public utilities under their uthority, these commissions can decide what rates for rail, trolley, as, electricity, power, telephone or telegraph are "reasonable" on all usiness within the State. They can decide on safety appliances, re-uire more trains of a common carrier fix the standard of gas or ectricity or require mains and wires to be laid needed to meet public onvenience. These commissions in New York and New Jersey can act n complaint or on their own initiative. They can require reports on ny subject and investigate any operation. They can value the property f all these corporations and require uniform accounts. They can ass on the issue of new shares or bonds and forbid or permit them. ny merger or reorganization of any public service corporation is ubject to the decision of the one commission in New Jersey and the wo in New York, one for Greater New York and the other for the tate.

Whether it is wise or not to give this power over all public utility orporations to a State Commission, New York and New Jersey have both done it, New York in 1907 and New Jersey in the act just passed. In both States the orders of these commissions stand, pending an appeal to the courts from the action of the commission, and stand there unless the courts grant a stay in particular cases. The courts are limited to deciding whether, on the evidence, the order made was reasonable and within the jurisdiction of the commission. The measure before the Legislature at Harrisburg provides for a dobule review, by recourse to the Courts in Equity and by proceedings in the Dauphin County Courts. Both New York and New Jersey have gone farther than the legislation proposed in this State, and it is for the Legislature to decide if like action is needed here. One thing is certain, fair, reasonable regulation is required in this State, and should be enacted; but in establishng such regulation, the rights of corporations should be considered and their development provided for.

I quote from the Ledger:

The school code which has now reached its last legislative stage has been under consideration for four years. Prepared by an expert commission and then submitted to general discussion, it occupied the attention of the General Assembly and its committees through several weeks of the session of 1909, and was finally passed, with many amend-ments, to be vetoed by the Governor, with general approval, on the ground of insufficient consideration. It then went beak to the com-mission, to be studied and revised in detail for two years more. All the various interests concerned were consulted and the whole subject was given the utmost publicity. When the General Assembly met again this year the proposed code was already generally familiar and its provisions have been under almost constant discussion from the begin-ning of the session until now.

The time given to this important measure is by no means too great although it is really little more than an adjustment of laws and regu-lations already in operation and involves no radical innovation upon existing customs. Even now its supporters will admit that the code is far form perfect but perfection in legislation, even upon a single subject, is hardly attainable, and it can at least be claimed for the present bill that its imperfections are not due to carelessness or haste. Those who were disappointed in the failure of the code two years ago feel satisfied that the reforms desired have been advanced and not regarded by this more mature deliberation, which has assured its cordial acceptance. Those who complain of legislative slowness are care-less guardians of the public welfare. The prolonged consideration of the school code is in itself a credit to the General Assembly and to the Commonwealth.

With this as an example of the right way of dealing with important public subjects, contrast the sudden determination of Governor Tener to get up a public utilities bill on a few hours' notice and jam it through the Assembly at the fag end of a busy session. Of course, he will not succeed; but the proposition shows such reckless disregard of legislative responsibility as to raise a question either of the Governor's under-standing or of his sincerity.

If it has taken four years to adjust the laws already regulating the public schools, which have been always under public control, how is it conceivably possible to construct, in a few weeks, a complete system for the minute official regulation of all the corporate enterprises, in com-merce and industry, by which the citizens of Pennsylvania have built up the wealth and prosperity of the Commonwealth? The school code, over which men of experience and judgment have been working all these years, is a trivial thing compared with the Governor's comprehensive plan of controlling all the public utilities of the State, through five men of his selection, which he is asking the Assembly to accept on his own demand and on the sole professional authority of his Attorney General.

It may be true that Governor Wilson, of New Jersey, imposed a public utilities bill upon an unwilling Legislature but even he allowed some time for its consideration, and the circumstances do not make Governor Wison a safe model for Governor Tener's emulation. New Jersey, at his instigation, has embarked upon a number of "ad-vanced" experiments, which may or may not prove as popular in opera-tion as in agitation; but Pennsylvania may be well content to wait and watch them for a while and so gain the advantage of New Jersey's experience. Governor Tener himself has not yet established that com-manding personal authority that would justify the Commonwealth in intrusting its entire authority over all public activities unreservedly in his hands, whether as a compliment to him or to buld up a mighty political power.

The immediate reasons why this ambitious measure ought not to be passed are so many and so plain that it is hardly necesasry even to discuss the more abstract questions that call aloud for deliberation. All public corporations, and especially the railroads, which are the very arteries of the State's prosperity, are all but paralyzed by the multiplic-ity of regulations to which they are already subjected. The relations of State regulation with the paramount authority of Congress over commerce are everywhere uncertain and confused. Something like a workable system has been in gradual evolution through judicial interpretation, but this is of all times the most unsuitable to plunge into new if not revolutionary experiments, even though they were authorized by our own State Constitution, and even though the lawyers and theorists who devised them were wise beyond all other men who have attempted such legislation hitherto.

There are billions of capital invested in public service corporations in Pennsylvania, and thousands of expert men are engaged in their administration. What Governor Tener is proposing is nothing less than that he shall have power to select five men to take charge of the whole business, in everything except providing the capital, and to tell these expert men how to run it. The power that would thus be put into the Governor's hand would exceed that exercised over business by any European State. Even if five men could be found so universally

inspired as to be capable of exercising such responsibility, what is there in the history of Pennsylvania politics to justify confidence that they would be selected and that human frailty would never lead them to abuse the trust. Yet this is what Governor Tener, with his own official character yet to establish before the public, has the wonderful assurance to propose and a committee of the House of Representatives has had the complacency actually to consider it. It is reassuring to know that the General Assembly has not lost its powers of deliberation.

I quote from the Inquirer:

Governor Tener is consistent in his advocacy of the passage of a suitable bill dealing with the public utilities and corporations of a public character. When he was a candidate he had most pronounced views on this question, and it is to his credit that he has not changed them. Against a strong pressure from corporations he has stood steadfast. He has submitted a bill, drawn by Attorney General Bell, and he asks the Legislature to put it through.

Pennsylvania has a Railroad Commission which did well enough as a starter. It has been efficient within its very limited scope. It can hold hearings and make recommendations, but its authority does not extend beyond the giving of advice. It has proved the necessity for establishing a more powerful board. Other States have commissions that really stand for something tangible. The New Jersey Legislature has just adopted a measure which is drastic in the extreme when compared with the unsatisfactory thing which we have on our statute books. The Tener-Bell bill is not a bit more far-reaching than this New Jersey law.

We do not pretend to say that the proposed law for Pennsylvania is a perfect production. Very possibly in some respects it may go beyond conservative or safe limits. But there is the making of a good law in it. After all, the danger in almost any commission enactment lies in the manner in which it is enforced. A commission devoted to duty, as is the Interstate Commerce Commission, could take the proposed Pennsylvania law and operate it for the good of the State and without injustice to corporations. If the question is raised that the Governor's appointments might not reach the desirable standard, the answer is that the Governor seems to have his heart on this legislation, and there is no reason to suspect that he would not make a name for his administration by creating a commission of which he and the Commonwealth could be proud.

In some substantial form that bill ought to be affirmatively considered. We are far behind the times in respect to the control of public corporations. It won't do for the Legislature to thrust this measure aside with the light remark, "Oh, that is too drastic." If it is too drastic, then amend it. But don't let us have to go another two years with nothing more powerful than a mere advisory board. Let us make some advance, at least.

They all realize the necessity of a bublic utility bill. There is no question about that. We need a public utilities bill in the State of Pennsylvania, but with all our manufacturing interests with the entire people to be protected, should we not take time in geting up a utilities bill as we did the School Code. If we would take half the time we did with that measure we would be giving no more attention than is right and just to both sides of this controversy. We gave four years to that School Code and it is by no means perfect, but it is a good basis to work on in the future and we should take this act up carefuly and conscientiously in the next two years and get a bill that will be just and fair to both sides, a bill that would protect the common people, but at the same time would not destroy the great corporate interests of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

I am in accord with the Governor in carying out the policies of the Republican party in regard to the utilities bill. I do not find in the platform of the Republican party and I canot find in the platform of the Democratic party any thing which would require us after two or three weeks consideration to pass a bill which affects these vast interests throughout the State of Pennsylvania. Without going into this bill on account of the late hour, I want to say to you that I believe the bill is unjust in delegating the unlimited powers that it does to an appointive commission—powers that should be lodged in General Assembly. It is too drastic and far-reaching in taking out of the hands of the stockholders and directors details and management that should be left to the corporation itself. We are asked to give five men in the State of Pennsylvania almost the entire direction of twenty-nine different kinds of corporations. Where is there a single man in the length and breadth of this magnificient Commonwealth who is at present fitted for this great important work. Would it not result in every town of this great Commonwealth that any dissatisfied stockholder and every man who imagined he had a grievance against a corporation, lodging with this commission complaints which would harrass and tie it up? Are not the powers of our courts great enough at the present time to consider these questions? I think, Mr. President, this is a most important question. I am for a public utilities bill but I am not for a public utilities bill considered in the short time we have had to investigate and amend this present measure. I think it is a subject that should be approached with the utmost care. It is a subject that ou to be considered from all angles of view, and I am not s isfied to lodge the great interests of the State of Penns vania in this commission with the unlimited powers th are given under this bill, because I do not believe it is go for the people or good for the corporate interests of t State. My own opinion is that there should be a comm sion appointed by the Governor and that this commissi should come before the next Legislature with a carefu prepared bill upon this subject. This Legislature has be a busy one and we have had our minds employed w these subjects. The next Legislature would have three s jects to consider on most important matters. They w have the report of the Revenue Commission, the report the Election Commission, and they should have a utilit bill which should be fair to all sides. We should not pa this bill to-night without more careful consideration th we have had in the limited time given us.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on second reading?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. KEYSER a Mr. WEINGARTNER.

Mr. HALL. Mr. President, what is the purpose of t yeas and nays?

The PRESIDENT. To see whether the Senate will pa the bill on second reading.

Mr. HALL. Mr. President, while I feel that the ne papers create sentiment, I do not believe that they kn everything. The Senator from Philadelphia has been ta ing about this bill applying to corporations. Is that c rect?

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from Philadelph Mr. Tustin, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. TUSTIN. Mr. President, I will.

Mr. HALL. Mr. President, the Senator from Philadelp said the bill applied to corporations. Is that true?

Mr. TUSTIN. Mr. President, would the gentleman fr Elk like to have them enumerated?

Mr. HALL. Mr. President, does the bill apply to a body besides corporations?

Mr. TUSTIN. Mr. President, it winds up with "all oth corporations or persons engaged for profit in another qu public business within this State or empowered to so to

Mr. HALL. Mr. President, it means persons outside corporations.

Mr. TUSTIN. Mr. President, so it says.

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, I am certainly in favor some public utilities bill. Whether this bill in its entir would suit me I am not ready to say, but I would like know why the committee to which this bill was refer had not ample time to consider this bill, and if it was drastic to so amend it so that the Legislature of Pe sylvania at this session could act upon it. I am not rea to refer this bill to a commission. I think we have b already too much of commission government in Penns vania.

The PRESIDENT. The proposition is, will the Sen agree to the bill on second reading?

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, you gave the gentlem who has just spoken ample latitude. If you don't wa to hear me I will sit down. I would like to interrogate t Senator from Philadelphia.

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from Philadelph Mr. Tustin, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. TUSTIN. Mr. President, I will.

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, the Senator from Phi delphia, Mr. Tustin, mentioned that this subject should referred to a commission.

Mr. TUSTIN. Mr. President, I stated that was my dividual view upon that subject.

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, as I said before I am favor of a bill of some kind and I do not agree with t Senator from Philadelphia that the committee to wh this bill was referred did not have ample time to consi the bill fully and I think they have had ample time to c sider the bill fully if they wanted to. I think there wa preconcerted idea upon the part of some gentlemen to ch off action upon this subject at this session of the Legis ture. I am very sorry that this disposition exists in t Senate of Pennsylvania to do so. The House passed t bill, perhaps very hastily, passed it by a large majority a I think the committee to whom it was referred in the S

should have given it ample consideration and should ve brought it up to-night in such a shape that we would ready to vote upon it.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair would inform the Senator m Berks that the bill has been in the Senate only seven s, but four of which have been legislative days.

Mr. POWELL. Mr. President, I was not aware that this was to be voted upon on second reading and I would e to present the following figures that have been sub-ted to me by people in the coal region which would w the necessity for this bill.

Y ANTHRACITE COAL COSTS THE PEOPLE IN PENNSYLVANIA MORE THAN THE PEOPLE OUTSIDE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

parison of Freight Rates When Controlled by Interstate Commerce Commission, and When Not So Controlled, as in Pennsylvania To-day.

ching service ten miles in Pennsylvania, per car, for an living in New York,	$1.50
e service for man living in Pennsylvania,	24.00
	Rate per ton.
t thousand (8,000) feet switching movement in Scranon, Pa.,	.60
side of Pennsylvania, a haul of 130 miles,	.50

	Distance miles	Rate per ton.
nton to Clark's Summit, Pa.,	7	$1.00
falo, N. Y., to Toledo, Ohio,	296	1.00
nton to Elmhurst, Pa.,	10	1.25
falo, N. Y., to Detroit, Mich.,	256	1.00
nton to Nicholson, Pa.,	22	1,60
falo, N. Y., to Chicago, Ill.,	540	1.70
nton to Columbia, Pa.,	146	2.35
falo, N. Y., to Cleveland, Ohio,	183	.85

These figures were submitted to me by W. P. Boland, the sident of the Marian Coal Company, and I ask that they inserted in the Journal.

nd the question recurring.

Will the Senate agree to the bill on second reading?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. KEYSER and WEINGARTNER, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—17.

ms	Hall	Jarrett	Powell
xander	Heacock	Judson	Shields
k	Herbst	McNichols	Wasbers
per	Hunter	Nulty	Weingartner
sley			

NAYS—29.

dwin	Jones	McConnell	Sproul
kman	Keyser	McIlhenny	Thomson
lin	Kline	McNichol	Tustin
w	Knapp	Miller	Vare
Vitt	Kurtz	Morgan	Wertz
	Manbeck	Snyder	Wilbert
nsher	Martin	Sones	Wolf
ison			

o the question was determined in the negative.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. WILBERT. Mr. President, I move that the Senate ume the consideration of Senate Bill No. 763 (House 663), on final passage, entitled:

act entitled an act supplementary to an act for the governt of cities of the second class approved the seventh day of March o Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

Mr. THOMSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

ccordingly,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. (House No. 663), as follows:

act amending and supplementing article fourteen of an act entitled act for the government of cities of the second class approved e seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred d one as same was amended and supplemented by an act approved e twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred d one by abolishing the present select and common councils proding a new body to be known as the council and fixing their terms office and providing for the selection of members of council preibing the qualifications of members thereof their powers and duties d fixing their salaries

ction 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives he Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and hereby enacted by the authority of the same That article fourteen n act entitled "An act for the government of cities of the second " approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws twenty) as the same was nded and supplemented by an act approved the twentieth day of e Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws hundred and eighty-six) and which as amended and supplemented said act reads as follows

ARTICLE XIV

Councils

Section 1 The Legislative power shall be vested in two bodies to be designated as the select and common council Every legislative act of the council shall be by resolution or ordinance and every ordinance or resolution except as hereinafter provided shall before it takes effect be presented duly engrossed and certified to the city recorder for his approval The city recorder shall sign the said resolution or ordinance if he approves it or return the same to the branch of council wherein such resolution or ordinance originated within ten days or at the next meeting of councils after ten days have expired if he do not approve it with the reasons therefor and if thereupon each branch of councils pass the same within five days of such veto by a vote of three-fifths of all the members elected to each branch it shall become effective as though the city recorder had signed the same It shall equally become effective if he should neglect to return the same within such ten days

Section 2 Nothing herein contained shall be construed to repeal sections one and two of the act of June fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled "An act in relation to the government of cities of the second class" nor the act of May twenty-sixth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one entitled "An act fixing the ratio of representation of common councils in cities of the second class"

Section 3 Members of select councils shall have been residents of the city for at least five years before their election and members of common council shall have been residents of the ward which they represent for at least three years

The removal of any member of select council from the ward or of any member of common council from the ward he represents shall forfeit the membership of such person and his place shall be filled at the next regular municipal election occurring more than thirty days after such removal

Section 4 All sessions of councils and of all committees and subcommittees thereof shall be public No ordinance or resolution shall be passed finally on the day of its introduction except in case of public emergency and then only when requested by the city recorded and approved by the affirmative votes of all the members of councils

Section 5 All taxes shall be levied and apprpriations made annually by general ordinances prior to the first Tuesday of February except such taxes as may be levied and appropriations as may be made to provide for the payment of the principal and interest of any bonds to be issued and except also in cases of emergency when on a certificate signed by the city recorder and controller that such emergency exists a special appropriation may be made to meet the same

Section 6 From and after the passage of this act no person shall be elected to the office of select or common council in cities of the second class who holds any other office position or employment under the government of the United States or State of Pennsylvania the county in which said city is located or in such city except notary public or commissioner of deeds and if any person who shall hereafter be elected a select or common councilman shall during the term for which he was elected accept or hold any office position or employment under the government of the United States the State of Pennsylvania the county in which said city is located or in such city except the office of notary public or commissioner of deeds he shall at once forfeit the office of councilman and shall not hold such during the term for which he was elected and it shall be the duty of the city recorder to order an election within thirty days of a councilman to serve out the term remaining of the councilman so forfeiting his office providing there shall be at least six months of said term remaining after said election so ordered by the recorder shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

ARTICLE XIV

Councils

Section 1 The legislative power of cities of the second class shall be vested in one body which shall be known as the council and which shall consist of not less than five members and an additional member for each seventy-five thousand inhabitants over two hundred thousand as shown by the last preceding United States decennial census up to five hundred thousand Said persons to be chosen in the manner and for terms hereinafter set forth and the said council shall by ordinance regulate their times and days of meeting and the mode of calling the same

Section 2 Immediately after the passage of this act the Governor shall appoint by and with the advice and consent of two-thirds of the Senate the members of council who shall hold office until the first Monday of January Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and twelve At the general municipal election to be held in the present year in each city of the second class now existing and at the first municipal election occurring at least sixty days after any other city shall have entered said class there shall be elected the full number of councilmen to which the city shall be entitled to serve from the first Monday of January following Said councilmen shall meet and organize on said date and immediately thereafter divide themselves by lot into two classes the odd numbers to serve for two years and the even numbers for four years thereafter At each general election thereafter there shall be elected at large the number of councilmen required to fill the places of those whose terms are about to expire to serve for four years and also to fill any vacancies caused by death resignation or removal occurring more than sixty days before such election to serve for the balance of the term of the member who has died resigned or removed

Section 3 Members of council shall have been residents of the city for at least three years before their appointment or election they shall

reside in the city during their term of office and shall not hold any other office position or employment under the government of the United States the State of Pennsylvania the said city or county in which it is situate during the terms for which they were elected except that of notary public commissioner of deeds officer in the National Guard of Pennsylvania officer or director in any national or State bank or trust company or membership on any commission for public works or improvements where such employment is without pecuniary compensation They shall not while members of council hold any office position or employment in any corporation holding or applying for franchises from the city A member who has a personal or private interest in any measure or bill proposed or pending before the council shall disclose the fact to the council and shall not vote thereon nor take part in any discussion of the same Any councilman violating any of the provisions of this section shall thereby forfeit his office

Section 4 Said councilmen shall receive for their services during their term of service annual salaries to be fixed by ordinance payable in monthly installments Provided however the same shall not be less than two thousand dollars nor exceed six thousand five hundred dollars per annum and that councils shall by the ordinance fixing said salaries provide for the assessment and retention therefrom of reasonable fines for absence from regular or special meetings of councils or councilmanic committees

Section 5 Upon the first Monday of January following each general municipal election the council shall organize by electing one of their number as president to serve for a term of two years council shall have power to authorize by ordinance the appointment of such employes as may be necessary for the proper discharge thereof They shall also have power to fix from time to time the salaries of all city officials and employes who are not elected The salaries and emoluments of all such officers shall not be increased or diminished during their term of office They shall also provide by general rules for regular meetings and for the calling of special meetings when required and prescribe general rules not inconsistent with the law for the conduct of business All regular meetings of council and all committee meetings shall be open to the public

Section 6 The appointments hereafter to be made of the heads of all executive departments of said city now by law authorized to be made by the mayor thereof shall be subject to the approval of said council to be evidenced by resolution which shall receive the affirmative votes of a majority of all the members thereof failing which approval the mayor shall again designate another person or persons to fill the position or positions as to which the former nominations have failed of approval until the nominations are made which are approved by council in the manner above set forth

Section 7 The head of any department who shall be found guilty after due notice and hearing of any corrupt act or practice malfeasance mismanagement of his official duties extortion receiving any gift or present from any contractor or from any person seeking or engaged in any work for or furnishing material to the city or from any incumbent or occupant of or candidate or applicant for any municipal office or for wilfully concealing any fraud committed against the city may be removed from office by resolution which shall receive the affirmative votes of a majority of all the members of council and the approval of the mayor or should the mayor fail to approve the said resolution within ten days after its passage and submission to him then the said removal may be affected by a resolution of council which shall receive a two-thirds affirmative vote of all the members thereof Provided however that the procedure thus established shall not have a retrospective or retroactive effect but that the procedure by impeachment under existing laws shall be and remain in force exclusively as to any cause arising before the beginning of the terms of the councilmen first elected as herein provided In the event of such removal the vacancy thus arising shall be filled in the manner hereinbefore provided in the case of other vacancies

Section 8 Council and the mayor or either shall have the right to call for such information from every department either at stated intervals or from time to time as they or either of them may think proper and it shall be the duty of the head of each department upon request by either the mayor or the council to furnish to either full access to the books and records of his departmnet and as full information as to the operation of the same as the said mayor or council may require

Section 9 In the event of any vacancy occurring in said council by death resignation or otherwise the same shall be filled by an election at which every member of council and the mayor shall have one vote and the person receiving the majority of all votes cast shall be declared elected to serve in place of the member so dying resigning or otherwise vacating his position as member of council until the first Monday of January following the next general municipal election at which his successor could be chosen in accordance with the provisions of law governing municipl elections and as provided in section two herein

Section 10 Every legislative act of the council shall be by resolution or ordinance and every ordinance except as hereinafter provided shall before it takes effect be presented duly engrossed and certified to the mayor for his approval The mayor shall sign the said resolution or ordinance within ten days if he approves it but if he shall not approve it he shall wtihin said term return it with his objection to council which shall at its next meeting after said return consider it If upon reconsideration council shall pass the ordinance or resolution over the veto of the mayor by a two-thirds vote of all the members thereof it shall be a binding ordinance or resolution of the city It shall become effective should the mayor fail to sign the said ordinance or resolution or return the same to council with his reasons for disapproving the same within ten days from the time said ordinance or resolution has been delivered to him by the city clerk The mayor may disapprove an item or items (or part or parts of the same) of any bill making appropriations and the part or parts of the bill approved shall be the law and the part or parts disapproved shall be void u repassed according to the rules and limitations prescribed above the passage of resolutions and ordinances over the mayor's veto

Section 11 Conferences of the mayor and council jointly for purpose of discussion of the business of legislation of the municipa may be called at any time upon the request of either the mayo council

Section 12 All sessions of the council and of all committees and committees thereof shall be public No ordinance or resolution be passed finally on the day of its introduction except in case of p emergency and then only when requested by the mayor and appr by the affirmative votes of all the members of councils present

Section 13 All taxes shall be levied and appropriations made annu by general ordinances prior to the first Tuesday of February ex such taxes as may be levied and appropriations as may be mad provide for the payment of the principal and interest of any b to be issued and except also in cases of emergency when on a certif signed by the mayor and controller that such emergency exists a sp appropriation may be made to meet the same

Section 14 All provisions in the existing laws referring to the s and common councils of said city and all powers rights and d which by existing laws devolve upon the members of select or com councils shall be taken to apply to and be vested in the co created by this act as fully and to the same extent as though present council were herein named in so far as the same are not in sistent with the foregoing rights powers and duties And whenever proportionate affirmative vote of each branch of councils as at pr constituted is required under existing laws to ordain or enact ordinance or resolution the same proportionate affirmative vote of council hereby created shall be sufficient for the passage thereof

Section 15 This act shall not be construed to repeal an act of General Assembly entitled "An Act prescribing the mode and ma of electing the clerks of the city of Pittsburg and defining duties" approved March seventh one thousand eight hundred and enty-three nor shall this act be construed to repeal any other ge local or special act not inconsistent with the provisions hereof

Section 16 This act shall take effect at once and the member said council immediately upon their appointment shall organize by election of one of their number as president who shall serve the first Monday ol January in the year one thousand nine hun and twelve

And the amendments made thereto having been pri as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE ON THIRD READING.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. President, I move to reconsider vote by which this bill passed third reading.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motio

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous con to amend the bill as follows: By striking out in sectio line 53, the following: "Be it enacted by the Senate House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of P sylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby ena by the authority of the same."

A repetition of those words occurs in the bill.

The amendment was agreed to.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to bill on third reading amended?

It was agreed to.

The PRESIDENT. This being merely a striking ou words, the bill can be considered at the present time will not have to be reprinted.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the p sions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—36.

Adams	Fox	Kline	Sones
Alexander	Hall	Knapp	Sproul
Baldwin	Heacock	Manbeck	Thomson
Buckman	Herbst	Martin	Vare
Catlin	Homsher	McConnell	Wasbers
Clark	Hunter	McIlhenny	Wertz
Cooper	Jamison	McNichol	Wilbert
DeWitt	Jones	Shields	Wolf
Endsley	Keyser	Snyder	Crow

Pres. pro

NAYS—8.

Hays	Judson	Powell	Miller
Jarrett	McNichols	Nulty	Weingartner

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the Hous Representatives with the information that the Senate

sed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

greeably to order,
he rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of whole being in this case dispensed with,
he Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1191 (House No. 756), entitled:

act to amend an act entitled "An act defining the rights and ilities of parties to and regulating the effect of contracts for work labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any ding bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway toll- conduit tunnel mine coal-breaker flume pump screen tank derrick -line aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or oad line canal millrace works for supplying water heat light power air or any other substance furnished to the public for the pro- ion of gas oil or volatile or mineral substance or other structure or rovement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be pro- g remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such racts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in ion thereto" approved June fourth Anno Domini one thousand hundred and one

nd said bill having been read at length the second time agreed to.
rdered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
greeably to order,
he rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of whole being in this case dispensed with,
he Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1192 (House No. 725), entitled:

act to provide for the satisfaction of mortgages now or here- to be recorded in this Commonwealth when the original mortgages been lost mislaid or destroyed

nd said bill having been read at length the second time agreed to.
rdered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
greeably to order,
he rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of whole being in this case dispensed with,
he Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1193 (House No. 753), entitled:

act regulating the payment of costs when a person charged with ime not exclusively triable in the court of oyer and terminer and ral jail delivery shall after a hearing be discharged by a magistrate man or justice of the peace

nd said bill having been read at length the second time n the question,
Will the Senate agree to the bill on second reading?
Mr. DeWITT. Mr. President, I mvoe that the question, ether with the further consideration of this bill, be tponed for the present.
Mr. SONES. Mr. President, I second the motion.
he motion was agreed to.
greeably to order,
he rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of whole being in this case dispensed with,
he Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1194 (House No. 757), entitled:

act fixing the fees and compensation of the sheriffs in this Com- wealth for the removal and conveying of prisoners to the peni- ary house of correction or reformatories or any insane person or tual drunkard to a hospital or asylum for the same

nd said bill having been read at length the second time agreed to.
rdered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
greeably to order,
he rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of whole being in this case dispensed with,
he Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1195 (House No. 733), entitled:

act authorizing cities of the first class to remit taxes owing by hospital where a dispute has arisen as to the right of the city to ss and collect such taxes

nd said bill having been read at length the second time agreed to.
rdered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
greeably to order,
he rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of whole being in this case dispensed with,
he Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1196 (House No. 726) entitled:

act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act authorizing appointment of policemen in the boroughs of this Commonwealth ing their powers and duties and providing for their compensation discharge" approved June sixth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three by regulating the control of policemen when on duty

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,
The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1197 (House No. 716), entitled:

An act regulating the printing of the laws of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL RECOMMITTED

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. President, I move that Senate Bill No. 1198 (House No. 713), on second reading, entitled:

An act to provide for an additional law judge of the several courts of the Forty-fifth Judicial District

be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary General.
Mr. ENDSLEY. Mr. President, I second the motion.
The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON SECOND READING

Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,
The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1199 (House No. 817), entitled:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to section one of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania relating to taxation

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,
The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1200 (House No. 745), entitled:

An act to confer power on the several orphans' courts having jurisdiction thereof when the balance for distribution in an estate after the debts are paid includes stocks bonds and other securities to make distribution of the same in kind to parties entitled thereto to authorize subsequent sales thereof and to validate such distributions heretofore made

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,
The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1201 (House No. 507), entitled:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An act to amend section one of an act approved May fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled 'An act to exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes and places of religious worship places of burial not used for private or corporate profit and institutions of purely public charity" hospitals universities colleges seminaries academies associations institutions of learning and benevolence by removing the exemption from certain lands therein exempted not necessary for the enjoyment of the same and providing for the taking of said land

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,
The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1202 (House No. 1253), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Institute for Colored Youth at Cheyney Delaware county

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,
The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1203 (House No. 1141), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind at Pittsburgh

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1204 (House No. 1129), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Improvement Children's Home of the City of Pittsburg

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1205 (House No. 1071), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1206 (House No. 754), entitled:

An act fixing the salary of the storekeper in the office of the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1207 (House No. 747), entitled:

An act providing for the appointment of a commission to survey and ascertain the location of a military route or roads constructed and traversed by General Edward Braddock and General John Forbes in their respective military expeditions of one thousand seven hundred and fifty-five and one thousand seven hundred and fifty-eight and make a report thereon to the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in writing for publication and making an appropriation for the payment of necessary assistance and expenses incurred in the field and office work of the same

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1208 (House No. 731), entitled:

An act prohibiting the making of appropriations by the General Assembly to unincorporated charitable reformatory or correctional institutions formed organized or established after the date of the approval of this act and making it unlawful for the Auditor General and State Treasurer to make payments of appropriations to such associations

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1209 (House No. 1255), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools situate in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth to defray the expenses of erecting an additional cottage and certain other buildings for the accommodation of the girls' department in their country home near Darlington Delaware county

Whereas The Glen Mills Schools situate in the Eastern District of the State in establishing a country home for the girls' department on a farm donated by one of its managers has recently removed all of the girls under its care to the farm near Darlington in Delaware county where by reason of inadequate accommodations for the large number of girls committed by the courts it became necessary to build an additional cottage a school house a hospital and other buildings f the increased population of the inmates under its care

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representati of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met a it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum fifty-five thousand ($55,000) dollars is hereby specifically appropriat to the Glen Mills Schools for defraying the expenses of erecting f nishing and equipping an additional cottage and other buildings may be necessary for the accommodation of the girls' departme in the country on the farm of the institution near Darlington De ware county for the following purposes namely

For the erection furnishing and equipment of an additional cotta forty htousand ($40,000) dollars or so much thereof as may necessary

For the erection of two barns storehouse and root cellars t thousand ($10,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessar

For sewer water and electric light extensions for the above bui ings five thouasnd ($5,000) dollars or so much thereof as may necessary

Section 2 Before any of the moneys hereinbefore appropriated f the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building buildings or for any other permanent improvement in connection wi the said institution shall be available the trustees or directors there through the proper corporate officers of the same shall under t corporate seal of the institution so asking for State aid file with t Auditor General's department of the Commonwealth upon proper blan to be furnished by the said department upon application therefor obligation in writing duly acknowledged agreeing that whenever su building so erected enlarged extended or altered or such permane improvements provided through State aid shall be converted to priva uses or purposes or be conducted for private gain or profit or sh for any cause or for any reason whatsoever be abandoned or sold transferred to any person or persons firm or corporation for any u other than authorized by the certificate of incorporation under wh the same is now held and operated all sums of money herein app priated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of a building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement to t institution hereinbefore referred to shall be refunded to the Treasu of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be collectible obligations of like character are now collected And provided furth That the amount so appropriated as aforesaid for permanent impro ment be and the same is hereby made a non-interest bearing lien the said premises for the use of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the second tir and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and cons eration of Senate Bill No. 1210 (House No. 1261) entitle

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the University Pittsburg for the extension of the buildings of the School of Medic and the School of Mines for the erection of a building for the Sch of Dentistry for the general maintenance of the University constructi of all buildings and the purchase of equipment and for the Hospi Clinic Mining Engineering Medicine and Observatory purposes

And said bill having been read at length the second ti and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and cons eration of Senate Bill No. 1211 (House No. 1263), as f lows:

An act making an appropriation to Temple University of Philadelp Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representati of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met a it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum one hundred and ten thousand ($110,000) dollars or so much ther as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated to The Bo of Trustees of Temple University of Philadelphia Pennsylvania for two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred a eleven for the following purposes

For the purpose of constructing new buildings the sum of ten th sand ($10,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For maintenance the sum of one hundred thousand ($100,000) doll or so much thereof as may be necessary Provided That twenty-f complete scholarships in a complete course of study of not less th three years' duration shall be awarded to the State of Pennsylva each year during the period for which an appropriation shall be m to the Temple University of Pennsylvania The said scholarships be distributed by lot among the membership of the House of Rep sentatives at the biennial session for the two years following any su appropriation

Section 2 No moneys for new buildings shall be available under t act until the Auditor General shall be assured that a proper site said new buidings shall have been provided by gift from the city Philadelphia or otherwise

And said bill having been read at length the second time
d agreed to.
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of
e whole being in this case dispensed with,
The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consid-
ation of Senate Bill No. 1212 (House No. 1260), as fol-
ws:

further supplement to an act entitled "An act to accept the grant
f public lands by the United States for the endowment of agricul-
ural colleges" approved April first one thousand eight hundred and
ixty-three and making appropriations for carrying the same into
ffect
ection 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives
the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and
is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in order to
ry into effect the act of Congress approved July second one thousand
ht hundred and sixty-two granting public lands to the several
ates for educational purposes and the act of the Legislature of Penn-
vania approved April first one thousand eight hundred and sixty-
ee accepting the provisions and conditions of said act of Congress
l pledging the faith of the State to carry the same into effect the
lowing sums be and are hereby specifically appropriated for the two
al years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven
the trustees of the Pennsylvania State College for the following
rposes namely
For the general maintenance the construction of buildings repairs
d the purchase of equipment as the trustees may deem for the best
erest of the Department of Agriculture the sum of two hundred
l twenty-five thousand ($225,000.00) dollars or so much thereof as
y be necessary
For the general maintenance construction of buildings repairs and
uipment of all the other departments of the Pennsylvania State
llege including the institution of animal nutrition school of en-
neering school of liberal arts school of mines school of natural
ences the department of home economics the Carnegie Library and
department of military instruction together with power plants as
trustees may deem for the best interest of said institution the sum
three hundred and fifty thousand ($350,000 dollars or so much
reof as may be necessary
For beginning the construction of a sewage collection transportation
d disposal system after plans and specifications have been prepared
d submitted to the State Department of Health and approved in
ordance with the Act of Assembly of April tweny-second one thou-
nd nine hundred and five entitled "An act to preserve the purity of
e waters of the State for the protection of the public health" the
n of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000)
For a deficiency in the appropriation of funds to meet maintenance
uipment and repairs incurred prior to May thirty-first one thousand
ne hundred and nine including interest on same the sum of two
ndred thousand dollars ($200,000) Provided that a free scholarship
a complete course of study in any of the departments of the Col-
e shall be awarded to each Senator of the Senate of Pennsylvania
ch year for the years one thousand nine hundred and eleven and one
ousand nine hundred and twelve

And said bill having been read at length the second time
nd agreed to.
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of
e whole being in this case dispensed with,
The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consid-
ation of Senate Bill No. 1213 (House No. 1275), entitled:
An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home
cated at one hundred and thirty-nine Queen street Germantown Phila-
lphia
And said bill having been read at length the second time
nd agreed to.
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of
e whole being in this case dispensed with,
The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consid-
ation of Senate Bill No. 214 (House No. 1284), as fol-
ws:

n act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Working Home
for Blind men for maintenance in handicraft employment
Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives
the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and
is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of
irty-five thousand dollars for the two fiscal years beginning June
st one thousand nine hundred and eleven is hereby specifically appro-
iated to the Pennsylvania Working Home for Blind Men inhabi-
nts of the State of Pennsylvania for the instruction maintenance
d employment in handicraft and to aid in the necessary expenses of
me Provided That no part of this appropriation shall be applied
the payment of wages to the inmates residing within the institution
and satisfactory proof thereof is furnished to the Auditor General
and State Treasurer
And said bill having been read at length the second time
and agreed to.
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of
the whole being in this case dispensed with,
The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consid-
eration of Senate Bill No. 1215 (House No. en-
titled:
An act making and appropriation to the Trustees of the University
of Pennsylvania
And said bill having been read at length the second time
and agreed to.
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of
the whole being in this case dispensed with,
The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consid-
eration of Senate Bill No. 1216 (House No. 1230), entitled:
An act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State
Hospital of the Northern Anthracite Coal Region of Pennsylvania
at Scranton Pennsylvania
And said bill having been read at length the second time
and agreed to.
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of
the whole being in this case dispensed with,
The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consid-
eration of Senate Bill No. 1217 (House No. 1216), entitled:
An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Training School
for Feeble Minded Children at Elwyn Delaware county
And said bill having been read at length the second time
and agreed to.
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of
the whole being in this case dispensed with,
The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consid-
eration of Senate Bill No. 1218 (House No. 1210), entitled:
An act making an appropriation for the maintenance of Mary
M Parker Hospital Sunbury Pennsylvania
And said bill having been read at length the second time
and agreed to.
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of
the whole being in this case dispensed with,
The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consid-
eration of Senate Bill No. 1219 (House No. 1333), entitled:
An act making an appropriation to the German Baptist Home for the
Aged of Philadelphia Pennsylvania
And said bill having been read at length the second time
and agreed to.
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of
the whole being in this case dispensed with,
The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consid-
eration of Senate Bill No. 1220 (House No. 1327), entitled:
An act making an appropriation to the Colored Day Nursery of
Harrisburg Pennsylvania
And said bill having been read at length the second time
and agreed to.
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.
Agreeably to order,
The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of
the whole being in this case dispensed with,
The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consid-
eration of Senate Bill No. 1221 (House No. 1264), entitled:
An act making an apropriation to finance committee of the organiza-
tion commission of the Twelfth International Congress of Navigation
to help defray the expenses incident to the meeting of said congress to
be held in Philadelphia in June one thousand nine hundred and twelve
And said bill having been read at length the second time
and agreed to.
Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1222 (House No. 1278), entitled:

An act making and appropriation to the Sisters of Charity of Saint Catherin's Orphans Asylum of Reading Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1223 (House No. 1364), entitled:

An act to authorize the purchase of historical works relative to the services of any regiment or battery or other unit of military organization of Pennsylvania Volunteers during the war for the suppression of the rebellion when same has been approved by the Governor, Adjutant General and Auditor General making an appropriation for purchase of same and payment of expenses incurred or services rendered in examination and correction of said histories and providing for distribution of histories so purchased.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1224 (House No. 1293), entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the improvement of the State Canal Basins at the Port of Erie by dredging the said for widening the piers and bridge over the water channel between the said canal basins and erecting certain walls in the same for the protection of said State canal basins with harbor of Erie authorizing the appointment of a commission to make said improvements and providing for regulating the manner in which said basins shall be used by the public and kept in repairs

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1225 (House No. 1064), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1226 (House No. 944), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to St. Joseph's Hospital of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1227 (House No. 1062), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the Catholic Home for Destitute Children Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Catholic Home for Destitute Children located at one thousand seven hundred and twenty Race street Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the purpose of maintenance

For betterments and new buildings the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000)

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1228 (House No. 1229), entitled

An act making an appropriation of twenty-one thousand dollars fo the erection of a mounment to Robert Morris in the City of Philade phia and empowering the appointment of a Commission to select a sit and to build such monument and providing for the expenses of th said commission and dedication of monument

And said bill having been read at length the second tim and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee o the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consi eration of Senate Bill No. 1229 (House No. 1113), as fo lows:

An act making an appropriation to the Brownsville General Hospit at Brownsville Fayette county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Represent tives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly me and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the su of thirty thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary hereby specifically appropriated to the Brownsville General Hospital a Brownsville Fayette county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal year beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for th following purposes

For the erection and equipment of new hospital buildings the su of twenty-five thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be nece sary

For the purpose of maintenance the sum of five thousand dollars o so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 2 Before any of the moneys hereinbefore appropriated fo the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building o buildings or for any other permanent improvement in connection wit said institution shall be available the trustees or directors there through the proper corporate officers of the same shall under th coporate seal of the institution so asking for State aid file with th Auditor General's Department of the Commonwealth upon prope blanks to be furnished by the said department upon application theref an obligation in writing duly acknowledged and to be duly record in the office for the recording of deeds in the county in which sa institution is located agreeing that whenever such buildings so erecte enlarged extended or altered or such permanent improvements provide through State aid shall be converted to private uses or purposes o be conducted for private gain or profit or shall for any cause or fo any reason whatsoever be abandoned or sold or transfered to an person or persons firm or corporation for any use other than tha authorized by the certificate of incorporation under which the same now held and operated all sums of money herein appropriate for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any buildin or buildings or for any other permanent improvement to the institu tion hereinbefore referred to shall be refunded to the Treasurer of th Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be collectible as obligation of like character are now collected And provided further That th amount so appropriated as aforesaid for permanent improvement b and the same is hereby made a non-interest bearing lien on the sai premises for the use of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the second tim and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee o the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consi eration of Senate Bill No. 1230 (House No. 1050), entitled

An act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools situat in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth to defray the expense of erecting a refrigerating plant and the installation of a sewag plant for the boys' department at Glen Mills Delaware county

And said bill having been read at length the second tim and agreed to.

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee o the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consi eration of Senate Bill No. 1232 (House No. 1237), as fo lows:

An act making and appropriation to the DuBois Hospital of DuBoi Clearfield County Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Represent tives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly me and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the su of eleven thousand dollars ($11,000) or so much thereof as may b necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to th DuBois Hospital located at DuBois Clearfield County Pennsylvani

for the two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purpose namely

For maintenance the sum of eleven thousand dollars ($11,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1233 (House No. 1330), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Commission for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Hospital for the Treatment of the Insane under Homeopathic management to be called the Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1234 (House No. 920), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home and Maternity Hospital

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1235 (House No. 1328), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Carroll R Williams J H Shoemaker, and A. Morton Cooper at Philadelphia for services as attorneys for the Dairy and Food Commissioner and to A. K. Cassel of said city for services as special agent of the Dairy and Food Commissioner.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1236 (House No. 1028), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Salvation Army Rescue and Maternity Home of Bellevue Allegheny County

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1237 (House No. 1133), entitled:

An act making an apropriation for the Springdale General Hospital at Springdale Allegheny County

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1238 (House No. 1282), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Agricultural Experiment Station of the Pennsylvania State College Pennsylvania.

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1239 (House No. 1290), entitled:

An act making an apropriation to the German Hospital of the city of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1240 (House No. 860), entitled:

An act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first oe thousad nine hundred and eleven and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1241 (House No. 580), entitled:

An act to amend sections one three and five of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of minors in bituminous coal mines and anthracite collieries or breakers by regulating the ages at which said minors may be employed their hours of employment and to prescribe rules for the obtaining of employment certificates and providing penalties for violation of the provisions thereof" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by further regulating the ages at which minors may be employed inside coal mines or in the outside workings thereof or in coal breakers or washeries and by providing for the filing of proof of age by the employers of minors apparently under sixteen years of age employed in such establishments

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 2242 (House No. 154), as follows:

An act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens and the proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this State

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assemply met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever heretofore since the first day of July Anno Domini nineteen hundred and nine the council of any incorporated borough of this Commonwealth has required by ordinance and caused any public street alley or thoroughfare or part thereof to be paved curbed or macadamized with brick stone or other suitable material or has caused the construction of any public sewer in or along any public street alley or thoroughfare or part thereof or is now causing such improvements pursuant to such ordinance but owing to some defect in the petition or other proceeding necessary under existing laws to give jurisdiction to such council or for any other reason the cost of such improvement or a portion thereof cannot be legally assessed upon the property bounding or abutting upon the street or any part thereof improved as was contemplated by the Act or Acts of the General Assembly under which the improvement was attempted to be made now by this Act such improvements are made valid and binding and the council of such incorporated borough may cause the property bounding or abutting upon the street or part thereof upon which the improvement has been made or is now being made to be assessed with such a portion of the cost of such improvement as is contemplated by the law under which the improvement was made or is now being made such assessment shall be a lien upon the property assessed The lien shall date from the completion of the improvement for which the assessment is made and shall remain a lien until fully paid and satisfied Provided That a writ of scire facias is issued to revive the same during every period of five years after alien is filed as hereinafter provided

Section 2 The council of any incorporated borough of this State entitled to a lien under this Act shall file a lien therefor in the office of the prothonotary of the county within which the property lies within six months after the completion of the work where the improvement is now in progress or within six months after the approval of this Act where the improvement is now completed and the same shall be entered upon record as other municipal claims Such liens shall state the name of the party claimant which shall be the corporate name of the borough making the improvement the name of the owner or reputed owner of the property assessed a reasonable description of the property assessed the amount or sum claimed to be due which shall include interest on the assessment from the completion of the improvement for what improvement the claim is made the date of its completion the date of the assessment for which the lien is filed Such lien when so filed shall be prima facie evidence of all matters therein set forth and of the right of the brouogh to recover the amount therein claimed to be due together with interest from the date of filing the lien costs and an attorney's commission of five per centum for collecting

Section 3 The lien when so filed shall be proceeded upon for collection by writ of scire facias The said writ shall be made returnable to the monthly or other return day in the respective courts and shall be served upon the owenr or reputed owner pesonally or by leaving a copy thereof duly attested with an adult member of his family or of the family in which he resides at least ten days before the return day thereof If the owner of the property cannot be found or has no residence within the county in which the property lies the sheriff shall thereupon return the said writ nihil and thereupon an alias scire facias may issue which shall be served by notice posted upon the premises stating the substance of the writ at least ten days prior to the return day and also by advertisement in at least two newspapers published in the county in which the premises are located once a week for three successive weeks Such posting and publication shall be equivalent to a service

Section 4 If the writ shall have been served and no appearance entered on or before the return day thereof the plaintiff therein shall be entitled to judgment after the return day thereof for the debt interest costs and attorney's commission If an appearance be entered the plaintiff shall also be entitled to judgment unless a sufficient affidavit of defense be filed fifteen days after the return day If such affidavit be filed the cause shall be proceeded with in accordance with the rules of law and the practice of the courts

Section 5 When final judgment shall have been entered upon such lien the plaintiff therein may have a writ of levari facias and upon the same the sheriff shall cause the said property to be advertised for sale in at least two newspapers of the proper county once a week for three weeks before the day of sale and shall also give notice by at least ten handbills posted in conspicuous places one of which shall be posted upon the property of the time and place of sale and thereupon shall proceed to sell the same The place of sale shall be the sheriff's office The proceeds of sale shall be distributed according to law

Section 6 The term "owner" or last "reputed owner" as used in this Act shall mean any person or persons in open peaceable and notorious possession of property Remainder men or other persons interested in expectancy not having been heard and aggrieved by such final judgment upon petition presented in the proper court may have the judgment opened at any time before the sale of the property and they allowed to defend when in the judgment of the court such opening is necessary to secure justice to all parties sale of the property shall preclude all persons from setting up anything contrary to the record

Section 7 Nothing in this Act shall be taken to restrict the right of either plaintiff or defendant in proceeding under it to appeal as in other cases

Section 8 Any person owning property against which a lien is filed under this Act may at any time present a petition to the proper court praying that the claimant in such lien be compelled to proceed for the collection thereof and thereupon the court shall make such order as the justice of the case may require

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1243, entitled.

An act declaring all employes of public service and utility companies associations or persons engaged in public business in this Commonwealth for the purposes of this act to be public servants and providing for the adjustment and settlement of disputes and differences between such employes and their employers resulting in strikes or lock-outs by boards of arbitration and creating and regulating such boards

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1244 (House No. 353), entitled:

An act to promote the safety of travelers and employes upon railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1245 (House No. 737), entitled:

An act enabling the libellant in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion to testify to the fact of desertion and to the efforts made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and resume the marital relation

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1246 (House No. 1266), entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medicinal preparations in the State of Pennsylvania" approved May twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1247 (House No. 861), entitled:

An act providing for and regulating the reporting to the State Department of Health by physicians of occupational disease and fixing penalties for violations hereof

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1248 (House No. 862), entitled:

An act providing for the erection of Memorial Halls at the county seats in the different counties of Pennsylvania authorizing and directing the county commissions of such counties upon petition of at least fifty citizens approved by two successive grand juries and the Court of Quarter Sessions to purchase a plot of ground in such county seat and erect thereon a Memorial Hall in honor of the soldiers sailors and marines from such county who served in the army and navy in the war for the suppression of the Rebellion and all other wars in defense of the United States flag and authorizing the levying of a tax to raise a fund to pay the purchase money of the ground and the expense of the erection of a Memorial Hall

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1249 (House No. 749), entitled:

An act to repeal an act entitled "A supplement to an act passed the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine relating to billiard rooms et cetera in the counties of Chester and Delaware extending the same to the counties of Erie Crawford Venango Warren Tioga Potter and McKean" approved the sixteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six as far as said act relates and extends to Venango county

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with.

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1250 (House No. 833), entitled:

An act to revive and continue in force the provision of an act entitled "An Act to extend the time during which corporations may hold and convey the title to real estate heretofore bought under execution or conveyed to them in satisfaction of debts and now remaining in their hands unsold" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight in so far as they relate to banking companies

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. KLINE, from Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended Senate Bill No. 800 (House No. 265), entitled:

An act relating to roads providing for the election and appointment of township supervisors in second class townships defining

their powers duties and limitations relating to road tax and the expenditures thereof abolishing the work tax, defining certain duties of the clerk of court fixing penalties for violation of this act and making an appropriation to carry out its provisions

HOUSE MESSAGE.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 354.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 354, entitled:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constituion of Pennsylvania

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 606.

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 606, entitled:

An act authorizing the granting of right of way over the forestry reserves in this Commonwealth for telegraph and telephone companies and for the transportation and marketing of timber bark gas oil and minerals from adjacent lands and authorizing the Forestry Commission to make such conditions regulations and restrictions as may be necessary for the protection of the interests of the Commonwealth and providing for the payment for said right of way

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 640

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 640, entitled:

An act relating to receipts or certificates issued by the owners of bonded distillery warehouses special bonded warehouses and bonded warehouses established under the provisions of the revised statutes of the United States relating to distilleries providing that such receipts or certificates shall be in all respects valid warehouse receipts or certificates and providing for the payment of taxes storage and other charges or liens due thereon to the United States government

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 641.

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 641, entitled:

An act to provide for the incorporation and government of motor omnibus companies for the purpose of carrying passengers for hire within the cities of this Commonwealth

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 297.

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 297, entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act relating to the settlement of public accounts," approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine by providing that the powers imposed shall be exercised by the concurrent action as a board of all the officers named and that said officers shall act in person and not by deputy

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 299.

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 299, entitled:

An act providing for the election of councilment in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth and fixing the time and manner of the organization of the town councils therein

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 430.

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 430, entitled:

An act amending section three of article one section five of article three sections sixteen seventeen and eighteen of article four section two of article six section one of article seven sections one and three of article eight and sections one and seven of article nine of an act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class" approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 524.

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 524, entitled:

An act to authorize county commissioners to erect a bridge for pedestrians only in lieu of a wagon bridge legally authorized when in their judgment such bridge will sufficiently accommodate public travel

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 565.

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 565, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Hospital for the treatment and care of the criminal insane to be called the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane and making an appropriation therefor" approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five directing the commissioners for the erection of said State Hospital for the Criminal Insane to surrender their trust to a board of trustees to be appointed by the Governor authorizing the said board of trustees to continue the erection and completion of the building of said State Hospital for the Criminal Insane and authorizing said board of trustees to receive at any time such members of criminal insane patients as can be accommodated in the buildings before the completion of the entire institution and further defining the powers and duties of said board of trustees

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 548.

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 543, entitled:

An act to amend the sixth section of an act entitled "An Act dividing the cities of this State into three classes regulaitng the passage of ordinances providing for contracts for supplies and work for such cities authorizing the increase of indebtedness and the creation of a sinking fund to redeem the same defining and punishing certain offences in all of said cities and providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class" approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four providing that it shall be lawful for the councils of any city to pass ordinances defining the competency of workmen or laborers engaging in work for such city under contracts and prescribing the minimum wages to be paid and the maximum hours of employment of workmen or laborers so engaged and validating such existing ordinances

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 316.

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 316, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the better government of cities of the first class in this Commonwealth" approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five authorizing and establishing a Board of Recreation for the creation organization care management conduct and supervision of recreation facilities of cities of the first class except as herein provided

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 600.

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 600, entitled:

A supplement to an Act of Assembly entitled "An Act to authorize co-operation of cities of the third class school districts thereof and incorporated library associations therein for the erection and maintenance of free public libraries" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and ninety) by authorizing school districts of cities of the third class to contract for the maintenance of free non-sectarian public libraries without guarantee therefor by the city and validaing contacts heretofore or hereafter to be made without such guaranty

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 579

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 579, entitled:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the classifications of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class" approved the twenty-eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine providing for advertisement by the county commissioners of population and of the intention to proclaim townships of the first class and prescribing certain conditions under which township of the required population for townships of the first class shall retain or resume the governmental form powers and officers of townships of the second class

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 619.

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 619, entitled:

An act to quiet the title to real estate and to enable citizens of the United States and corporations authorized to hold real estate within

this Commonwealth to hold and convey title to real estate which has been formerly held by or for corporations not authorized by law to hold the same

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 627.

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 627, entitled:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to authorize the appointment of short hand clerks for the courts of Allegheny county" approved the twelfth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

SENATE BILL NO. 318 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENT.

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 318, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one creating and regulating a City Planning Department giving it jurisdiction extending it over the city and for three miles beyond the city limits and regulating the laying out of plans of lots within its jurisdiction

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were twice read as follows:

By striking out in next to the last line of the title the words "its jurisdiction" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "the limits of the city;" also in section 5, line 5, by striking out the following: "or within three miles beyond the city limits"

Said amendments having been printed as required by the constitution,

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Adams	Homsher		Sones
Alexander	Huffman	McConnell	Sproul
Baldwin	Hunter	McNichol	Thomson
Catlin	Jamison	McNichols	Tustin
Clark	Jarrett	Miller	Vare
Cooper	Jones	Morgan	Wasbers
DeWitt	Hudson	Nulty	Wertz
Endsley	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Hall	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hays	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Herbst	Kurtz	Snyder	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

SENATE BILL NO. 25 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENT.

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 25, entitled:

An act amending sections three eight and fourteen of "An Act to provide for licensing and regulating employment agencies in cities of the first and second class in this Commonwealth and providing penalties for the violation thereof" approved the twenty-fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were twice read as follows:

In section 1, line 41, by correcting the spelling of the word "must;" also in line 116 by striking out the word "affidavits" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "affidavit;" also in line 27 by striking out the word "must" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "shall;" also in section 8, line 30, by inserting after the word "cents" the following: "and in case of agencies exclusively engaged in procuring executive civil engineering clerical or sales positions for men only they will be entitled to retain of such fee paid an amount not exceeding $2.50; also in lien 57 by striking out the word "given" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "valid;" also in line 71 by correcting the spelling of the word "attempt"

Said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Adams	Heacock	Kurtz	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Manbeck	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	Martin	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McConnell	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Hudson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Hall	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hays	Knapp	Shields	Crow
			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

SENATE BILL NO. 277 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENT.

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 277, entitled:

An act validating certain elections of counties cities boroughs townships school districts and other incorporated districts held pursuant to the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof" and the amendments thereto and validating bonds issued in pursuance of such elections

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were twice read as follows:

By inserting in section 1, line 23, after the word "court" the following: "or counted by the court and notwithstanding any defect or informality in the manner of giving notice of such election;" also in line 25 by striking out the words "or counted by the court and;" also in line 26 by striking out the word "buildings;" also in line 30 by striking out the words "and provided this act shall not affect any case in which suit may heretofore have been brought"

Said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48

Adams	Heacock	Kurtz	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Manbeck	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	Martin	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McConnell	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Hudson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Hall	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hays	Knapp	Shields	Crow
			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

SENATE BILL NO. 422 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENT.

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 422, entitled:

An act providing for the preparation contents style printing and binding of the Journals of the Senate and House of Representatives authorizing the appointment of official reporters typewriters clerks and other employes providing for the making of an appendix and index the printing of wrappers or envelopes for mailing the Legislative Journal and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were twice read as follows:

By striking out in the title the word "method" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "preparation;" also by striking out the word "re-

porting" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "printing;" also in section 2, line 3, by striking out the following: "Clerks authorized to supervise and prepare the same with the assistance of" also in line 4 by inserting after the word "official" the following: "reporters, clerks and employes;" also in line 5 by striking out the word "stenographers" and inserting after the word "house" the following: "authorized to supervise and prepare the same;" also in line 8, by striking out the word "title" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "brief reference;" also in line 9 by inserting after the word "full" the word "bills;" also in line 11 by striking out the words 'at length' and inserting in lieu thereof the words "by title;" also in line 12 by inserting the word "passage" the word "unless:" also in the same line by striking out the word "if;" also in line 13 by inserting after the words "full in;" the word 'both;' also in the same line by adding the letter "s" to the word "house;" also in the same line by striking out the words "in which bill originates:" also in line 16 by inserting after the word "governor" the words "in full" and striking out in the same line the words "and excluding;" also in line 17 by inserting after the "departments" the words "by brief reference:" also in line 26 by inserting after the word "shall" the words "include an appendix and;" also in line 27 by inserting after the word "fifty" the word "sets;" also in the Journal and Appendix;" also in line 29 by inserting after the word "said" the words "appendix and;" also in line 30 by striking out the word "a;" also in line 32 by inserting after the words "number of" the word 'appendicies;" also in the same line by striking out the word "appendix;" also in line 34 by striking out the word "number;" also in section 4, line 5, by inserting after the word "fifty" the words "copies of each number;" also in lnie 7 by inserting after the word "hundred" the words "copies of each number;" also in line 9 by inserting after the word "fifty" the words "copies of each number;" also in line 11 by inserting after the word "fifty" the words "copies of each number;" also in line 12 by correcting the spelling of the word "binding;" also in line 14 by striking out the word "copies" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "sets;" also in the same line by inserting after the word "one" the word "copy;" also in line 16 by inserting after the word "fifty" the word "sets;" also in the same line by striking out the word "copies;" also in line 18 by striking out the word "copy" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "set;" also in line 20 by striking out the word "copies" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "sets;" also in section 5, line 4, after the word "representative" by inserting the following: "respectively whose duty it is to assist in the preparation;" also in line 5 by striking out the words "who are authorized to prepare;" also in line 6 by inserting the word "of;" also in line 10 by inserting after the word "the" the word "chief;" also in the same line by correcting the spelling of the word "either;" also in the same line by inserting after the word "or" the word "chief:" also in line 26 by inserting after the words "of the" the word "legislative;" also in line 27 by inserting after the word "chief" the words "official reporter;" also in the same line by striking out the word "clerk;" also in line 28 by inserting after the word "receive" the following: "at the same time the respective numbers of the Legislative Journal printed therefrom are delivered;" also in line 30 after the words "offices of" the words "the official reporters of the respective houses;" also in line 31 by striking out the words "said clerks;" also in line 32 by inserting after the word "year" the words "after the final adjournment of the Legislature;" also in section 6, line 4, by striking out the word "supervise" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "assist in;" also in the same line by inserting after the word "the" and before the word "journal" the word "legislative;" also in line 11, by inserting after the word "shall" the words "assist in;" also in the same line by striking out the word "supervise;" also in line 12 by inserting after the word "the" the word "legislative;" also in line 18 by inserting after the word "the" the word "legislative;" also in line 20 by striking out the word "stenographer' and inserting in lieu thereof the words "official reporter;" also in the same line by inserting after the word "typewriter" the word "clerk;" also in line 25 by inserting after the word "the" the words 'official reporters:" also in the same line by striking out the words "stenographers;' also in line 27 by inserting the words "official reporter;" also in the same line by striking out the word "stenographer;" also in line 28 by inserting after the word "the" the words "official reporters;" also in the same line by striking out the words "stenographers;" also in the same line by inserting after the word "typewriters" the word "clerks;" also in line 30 by inserting after the word "official" the word "reporters;" also in line 31 by striking out the word "stenographers:' also in the same line by inserting after the word "the" the following: "proceedings of the respective Houses for the Legislative Journal;" also in line 32 by striking out the word "debates;" also in line 37 by inserting after the word "session" the following: "and until the proceedings thereof shall be fully transcribed and completed;" also in line 38 by inserting after the word "chief" the words "official reporters;" also in the same line by striking out the word "stenographer;" also in line 40 by striking out the word "stenographers" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "reporters;" also in line 42 by inserting after the word "session" the following: "and until the proceedings thereof shall be fully transcribed and completed;" also in line 45 by inserting after the word "session" the following: "and until the proceedings thereof shall be fully transcribed and completed;" also in line 46 by striking out the word "and;" also in line 47 by striking out the words "copy holders and;" also in line 47 by inserting after the word "readers" the following: "shall receive six dollars per diem and the copy holders;" also in line 48 by striking out the words "shall each receive;" also in line 72 by inserting the words "legislative:" also in section 8, line 4, by striking out after the word "printed" the word "and:" also in the same line by inserting after the word "bound" the words "and distributed;" also in line 6 by inserting after the word "as" the words "provided by law."

Said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Adams	Heacock	Kurtz	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Manbeck	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	Martin	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McConnell	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wolf
Hall	Kline	Salus	Wilbert
Hays	Knapp	Shields	Crow

Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

Senate Bill No. 574 Returned with amendments.

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 574, entitled:

An act providing for the protection of owners of animals or vehicles and providing penalties for the violation thereof

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were twice read as follows:

By striking out in section 1, line 9, the word "and' and inserting in lieu thereof the word "for"

Said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Adams	Heacock	Kurtz	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Manbeck	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	Martin	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McConnell	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Morgan	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Miller	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Hall	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hays	Knapp	Shields	Crow

Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE NON-CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 520.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House had concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 520, entitled:

An act regulating the construction and repair of highways over drains or culverts

HOUSE NON-CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 639.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has non-concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 639, entitled:

An act authorizing cities of the second class to regulate the production or emission of smoke from chimneys smoke-stacks or other sources

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

Mr. WILBERT. Mr. President, I move that the Senate insists upon its amendments to the foregoing bill non-concurred in by the House of Representatives and that a com-

mittee of conference be appointed to confer with a similar committee of the House (If the House shall appoint such committee) to consider the differences existing between the two Houses in relation to said bill.

Mr. THOMSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The PRESIDENT. On behalf of the President pro tempore, it is

Ordered, That Messrs. Wilbert, Thomson, and Gerberich be said committee on the part of the Senate and that the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn to meet to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

Mr. WILBERT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The Senate adjourned at 11.55 o'clock p. m. until 10 o'clock Wednesday morning, May 24th, 1911.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, MAY 23, 1911.

MORNING SESSION.

The House met at 10 A. M.

The Speaker (JOHN F. COX) in the Chair.

Prayer by Rev. A. C. James.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of Yesterday's proceedings, when, on motion of Mr. KELSEY, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Mr. McJUNKIN asked and obtained leave of absence for Mr. Wasson from the twenty-fourth day of April to the close of the session.

PETITION.

FAVORS JONES HIGHWAY BILL AND AILMAN TEACHERS' SALARY BILL.

Mr. WILLIAMS presented the petition of citizens of Tioga county, favoring the Jones Highway Bill and Ailman Teachers' Salary Bill.

Which was referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

SENATE MESSAGES.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the amendments made by the House of Representatives to Senate bills numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

Senate Bill No. 10:

An act to make uniform the laws of bills of lading and providing penalties for the violation thereof

Senate Bill No. 27:

A supplement to an act entitled "An act creating a Bureau of Health in the Department of Public Safety in cities of the second class defining the powers and duties thereof and the officers thereunder prescribing rules of regulations and laws respecting the public health and authorizing and imposing fines penalities and punishments for violations thereof" approved June twenty-sixth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five and to supplement thereto approved March three providing for the vacation or destruction of buildings dangerous to the public health authorizing and imposing fines penalities punishments and remedies for violations of this act and providing method of appeal

Senate Bill No. 71:

An act making an appropriation to the Commissioners of Valley Forge Park

Senate Bill No. 133:

An act regulating the issuance of licenses to marry probihiting the issuance of such licenses to certain persons regulating the time during which licenses shall be valid and the time when returns shall be made of marriages solemnized to the clerk of the Orphans' Court prescribing the duties or the clerk of the Orphans' Court and providing penalties for the violations of the provisions of this act

Senate Bill No. 137:

An act relating to free public non-sectarian libraries and branch libraries within this Commonwealth providing for their establishment maintenance and regulation and for the maintenance and regulation of such free public non-sectarian libraries as may have been already established by the several counties cities boroughs towns townships and school districts and providing that all library property and all gifts devises grants or endowments for library purposes shall be exempt from taxation and providing that the several counties cities boroughs towns townships and school districts may levy taxes condemn private property and borrow money for library purposes and imposing penalities for injuring library property and for violation of library regulations and repealing existing laws in relation to the above subjects

Senate Bill No. 173:

An Act to amend one of an act entitled "An act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the paving curbing and macadamizing of streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof and assess a potion of the costs of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same" approved the twenty-third day of April Anno [illegible] usand eight hundred and eighty-nine so as to change the requirements of the petition for paving from two-thirds of the owners of property representing not less than two-thirds in number of feet of the properties fronting or abutting on the street or thoroughfare or the part thereof proposed to be paved to the owners of property representing not less than two-thirds in number of feet of the properties fronting or abutting on the street or thoroughfares or the part thereof proposed to be paved and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith.

Senate Bill No. 190:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Polyclinic and College for Graduates in Medicines

Senate Bill No. 378:

An act making an appropriation for the erection of a proper fence or coping and pavement to protect a monument erected near Petersburg Virginia by the Association of the Survivors of the Forty-eighth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers to commemorate the Battle of the Crater and providing for a Commission and the expenses thereof to erect the same

Senate Bill No. 255:

An act providing for a commission to examine and report on the propriety of the purchase by the Commonwealth of a certain tract of land in Jefferson Clarion and Forest counties and making an appropriation therefor

Senate Bill No. 401:

An act to amend section ten of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two entitled "An act relating to Orphans' Courts" so as to permit the accounts of the guardians of miners' property therein mentioned and described to be examined and audited and the matters therein contained confirmed by decree of Orphans' Court with the same force and effect as the partial accounts of executors administrators and temporary trustees or audited examined allowed and confirmed

Senate Bill No. 425:

An act providing that any part of the appropriation for maintenance or ordinary repairs made to the State Normal Schools in nineteen hundred and nine (1909) which has not been used for maintenance or ordinary repairs by any State Normal School shall be paid to such school upon the certificate of the Auditor General that such sum has been properly spent by said school for buildings or other permanent improvements to its property or is needed to pay debts incurred for such permanent improvements

Senate Bill No. 708:

An act making an appropriation for the Punxsutawney Hospital Association at Punxsutawney Jefferson County Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 116:

An act making an appropriation to the Northwestern Anti Tuberculosis League of Bradford McKean County Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 625:

A joint resolution for the appointment of a commission by the Governor of this Commonwealth for the purpose of investigating and reporting upon a proper and safe construction of buildings within the Commonwealth and to determine the strength and character of materials used therein and for the further purpose of adjusting the rights of owners in party walls erected as parts of buildings and for the further purpose of suggesting new legislation relative to construction of buildings and codifying of existing legislation in regard to the same and making an appropriation to meet the expenses of said commission

Senate Bill No. 397:

Regulating the salary and payment thereof of the associate judges of the courts of this Commonwealth

Senate Bill No. 122:

An act making an appropriation to the Childrens' Aid Society of Westmoreland County at Greensburg Pennsylvania

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in and amended the resolution from the House of Representatives, as follows, viz:

In the House of Representatives, May 19, 1911.

Whereas, There is a great demand for copies of the act known as the School Code,

Therefore, Be it Resolved (if the Senate concur), That the Secretary of the Commonwealth is hereby directed to have printed twenty-five (25,000) additional copies of the advance sheets of the said act, to be distributed as follows: Five thousand copies to the Department of Public Instruction; six thousand to the Senate, twelve thousand to the House of Representatives, one thousand to the Legislative Reference Bureau and one thousand to the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

After the word "printed" strike out the word "ten and insert the word "twenty-five;" strike out the figures "(10,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "(25,000);" after the word "Instruction" strike out the word "one" and insert in lieu thereof the word "six;" after the word "Senate" strike out the word "two" and insert in lieu thereof the word "twelve."

On the question,

Will the House concur in said amendments?

They were agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows, viz:

In the Senate, May 22, 1911.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That to commemorate the heroism, sacrifices and patriotism of Pennsylvania's soldiers who perished in the Confederate prison at Florence, North Carolina, and are interred in the National Cemetery at that place, the Salisbury Memorial Commission is hereby authorized and directed to erect in the National Cemetery at Florence, North Carolina, a suitable memorial to their memory.

And Be it further Resolved, That such sums of money as may be specifically appropriated by an item in the General Appropriation bill for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this resolution shall be paid on warrants of the Auditor General on the State Treasurer in favor of and upon the requisition of the president of the said Salisbury Memorial Commission, to be accounted for by proper vouchers, certified under the hands of the Commission and filed with the Auditor General.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

The resolution was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE CONCURS IN RESOLUTION.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the resolution from the House of Representatives as follows, viz:

In the House of Representatives, May 20, 1911.

Whereas the Congress of the United States by joint resolution on March fourth one thousand nine hundred and nine authorized the President of the United States to invite the Eighth International Congress of Allied Chemistry to meet in the United States and whereas this invitation was extended to the Seventh International Congress of Applied Chemistry in London June second one thousand nine hundred and nine by the Honorable Whitelaw Ried Ambassador from the United tates to Great Britain and was enthusiastically and unanimously accepted.

Therefore be it resolved (if the Senate concur) that the Governor of the Commonwealth be and is hereby authorized to appoint some chemist a citizen of this Commonwealth as official representative to this Eighth International Congress of Applied Chemistry which will meet in the cities of Washington and New York in the month of September one thousand nine hundred and twelve and be it further resolved that the official representative so appointed shall be allowed a sum not exceeding one hundred and fifty dollars for expenses this sum to be provided for in the general appropriation bill.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows, viz:

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

In the Senate, May 22, 1911.

Extending the provisions of the concurrent resolution, approved May 13, A. D. 1909, providing for the appointment of a joint committee of the Senate and House of Representatives to consider and report upon a revision of the laws of this Commonwealth relating to corporations and to revenue; for the employment of counsel and other necessary officers and employes, and giving it authority to compel the attendance of persons and the production of books and papers.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur) that the concurrent resolution, approved May 13, 1909, entitled "A concurrent resolution providing for the appointment of a joint committee of the Senate and House of Representatives to consider and report upon a revision of the laws of this Commonwealth relating to corporations and to revenue; for the employment of counsel and other necessary officers and employes, and giving it authority to compel the attendance of persons and the production of books and papers," be and the same is hereby extended as follows: That the present President pro tempore of the Senate shall appoint three Senators and the present Speaker of the House of Representatives shall appoint three of its members which shall constitute a joint committee whose duty it shall be to consider the laws of this Commonwealth relating to corporations and to revenue and the practical working thereof, and to report to the General Assembly in 1913 whatever changes may be deemed necessary therein, together with the draft of an act or acts of Assembly to accomplish said changes and together with such recommendations as may be deemed necessary relative to the administration of existing laws or as the appointment of said suggested act or acts. Said committee shall have power to elect its own chairman, to sit after the adjournment of the Legislature, to employ legal counsel and such other officers and employes as may be needed to enable it to properly perform its duties as aforesaid; but its expenditures shall be limited to the amount provided therefor in the general appropriation bill to be passed at this session of the Legislature, and shall be paid out of the State Treasury upon vouchers signed by the chairman of said committee.

Said committee shall also have power to issue subpoenas signed by its chairman, requiring the attendance of persons and the production of books and papers, as in its judgment will assist in the performance of its duties as aforesaid.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

The resolution was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

AMENDED HOUSE BILLS RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 916:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittston Hospital Association

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1 by striking out after the word "of" in line nine, the word "twenty" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "sixteen;" and by adding to the section the following: "For the erection completion and equipping of new building the sum of four thousand dollars."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—199.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M.	Reyburn
Allman	Eichenberger	Kelsey	Rhoads
Akers	Enbody	Kern	Richards
Allen	Ewing	Klingerman	Rider
Alter	Fahey	Klumpp	Riebel
Anderson	Fay	Knight	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Kuhns	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Lafferty	Roney
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Larkins	Row
Bass	Flynn	Leh	Rumsey
Bender	Freeman	Light	Sassaman
Benson	Frey	Lindsay	Savidge
Bentley	Gans	Lowe	Schad
Billman	Geary	Magee	Schmidt
Blair	Gibson	Malle	Schofield
Bosher	Gilkeson	Mannion	Schultz
Bossert	Good	Martin	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gransback	Marvin	Scott, S.
Brehm	Gray	Marvin	Shadrach
Breitinger	Graybill	Matt	Shaffer
Brennan	Grove	Maurer	Shannon
Caldwell	Guyaux	McAleer	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McArdle	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McClung	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Healey	McGowan	Snavely
Carroll	Hecht	McInerney	Snyder, P.
Carter	Henry	McJunkin	Speer
Clarency	Herman	McKean	Snyder, A.
Cleary	Hess	McMullen	Steese
Clymer	Hibshman	McNichol	Stein
Cole	Hilton	Miller	Swan
Connell	Hobbs	Mills	Swartz
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Moore	Townsend
Conner, W.	Holland	Morris	Tunis
Conrade	Hoover	Moses	Ulerich
Cox, E.	Hormell	Moulthrop	Von Tacky
Crum	Hough	Neel	Walnut
Cumbler	Howard	Newbaker	Wallace
Currier	Hunter, J.	North	Walton
Curry	Hunter, R.	Perry	Ward, W., Jr.,
Dale	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W.
Dallas	Jackson	Piper	Watts
Davis, W.	Johnson, C. V.	Pitchford	Welch
Dearden	Johnson, D.	Raesley	Wilcox
Dershem	Johnston	Rath	Wilson
Detzel	Jones, E.	Rebert	Woodward
Donahoe	Keely	Reece	Young
Donnally	Keene	Reel	Cox, J.
Dunn, H.	Keister	Reeser	Speaker
Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.	Reno	

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 923:

An act making an appropriation to the Eastern Penitentiary of Pennsylvania

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 12, by striking out after the word "of" the word "ten" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "seven;"

and in line 13 by striking out the figures "$10,321.87" and inserting in lieu thereof the figures "$7,321.87;" also in line 15 by striking out after the word "of" the word "eleven" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "six;" also in line 16 by striking out the figures "$11,647.00" and inserting in lieu thereof the figures "$6,647.00" and by adding after the word "necessary" in line 16 the following:

To reimburse funds of the Treasurer for parole expenses salaries of officers traveling expenses and transportation the sum of twenty-five hundred eighty-nine dollars ninety-seven cents ($2,589.97)

To complete and equip cold storage ice plant and cold water supply the sum of seven thousand five hundred fifty dollars and eighteen cents ($7,550.18)

For lathe equipment and mechanical tools the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000)

For printing department press equipment and so forth the sum of nine hundred dollars ($900)

For sanitary plumbing the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—197.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelley, J.	Reyburn
Allman	Eichenberger	Kelly, M. C.,	Rhoads
Akers,	Enbody	Kelsey	Richards
Allen	Ewing	Kern	Rider
Alter	Fahey	Klingerman	Riebel
Anderson	Fay	Klumpp	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Knight	Robison
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Kuhns	Rockwell
Bartman	Flynn	Lafferty	Roney
Bass	Freeman	Larkins	Row
Benson	Frey	Leh	Rumsey
Bentley	Gans	Light	Sassaman
Billman	Geary	Lindsay	Savidge
Blair	Gibson	Lowe	Schad
Bosher	Gilkeson	Magee	Schmidt
Bossert	Good	Malie	Schofield
Boyd	Gransback	Mannion	Schultz
Brehm	Gray	Martin,	Scott, J.
Breitinger	Graybill	Marvin	Scott, S. B.
Brennan	Grove	Matt	Shadrach
Caldwell	Guyaux	Maurer	Shaffer
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McArdle	Shannon
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McClung	Sherwood
Campbell, W.	Healey	McGowan	Shoemaker
Carroll	Hecht,	McInerney,	Shreve
Carter	Henry	McJunkin	Snavely
Clarency	Herman	McKean	Snyder, A.
Cleary	Hess	McMullen	Snyder, P.
Clymer	Hibshman	McNichol	Speer
Cole	Hilton	Miller	Steese
Connell	Hobbs	Mills	Stein
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Moore	Swan
Conner, W.,	Holland	Morris	Swartz
Conrade	Hoover	Moses	Townsend
Cox, E.	Hormell	Moulthrop	Tunis
Crum	Hough	Neel	Ulerich
Cumbler	Howard	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Currier	Hunter, J.	North	Walnut
Curry	Hunter, R.	Perry	Walton
Dale	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Dallas	Jackson	Piper	Ward, W.
Davis, A.	Johnson, C	Pitchford	Welch
Davis, W. H.	Johnson, D.	Raesley	Whitman
Dearden	Johnston	Rath	Wilcox
Dershem	Jones, E.	Rebert	Williams
Detzel	Jones J.	Reece	Wilson
Donahoe	Keely	Reel	Woodward
Donnally	Keene	Reeser	Young
Dunn, H.	Keister	Reno	Cox, John F.,
Dunn, J.			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No 941.

An act making an appropriation to the Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial Commission for the purpose of having designed modelled made and erected on the State memorial or monument at Gettysburg dedicated September twenty-seventh one thousand nine hundred and ten bronze statues of President Lincoln Governor Curtin and of Major Generals Meade Reynols Hancock Birney Pleasonton and Gregg and of completing the monument and correction of misspelled names or omissions on tablets grading and making a pavement around monument and expenses of commission

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 4, the word "forty" in lieu of the word "fifty" after the word "of."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—199.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelley, J.	Rhoads
Allman	Eichenberger	Kelly, M.	Richards
Akers	Enbody	Kelsey	Rider
Allen	Ewing	Kern	Riebel
Alter	Fahey	Klingerman	Robinson
Anderson	Fay	Klumpp	Robison
Baldwin, G. A.	Feeney	Knight	Rockwell
Baldwin, R. J	Ferguson	Kuhns	Roney
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Lafferty	Row
Bass	Flynn	Larkins	Rumsey
Bender	Freeman	Leh	Sassaman
Benson	Frey	Light	Savidge
Bentley	Gans	Lindsay	Schad
Billman	Geary	Lowe	Schmidt
Blair	Gibson	Magee	Schofield
Bosher	Gilkeson	Malie	Schultz
Bossert	Good	Mannion	Scott, J. R.
Boyd	Gransback	Martin	Scott, S. B.
Brehm	Gray	Marvin	Shadrach
Breitinger	Graybill	Matt	Shaffer
Brennan	Grove	Maurer	Shannon
Caldwell	Guyaux	McAleer	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McArdle	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McClung	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Healey	McGowan	Snavely
Carroll	Hecht	McInerney	Snyder, A.
Carter	Henry	McJunkin	Snyder, P.
Clarency	Herman	McKean	Speer
Cleary	Hess	McMullen	Steese
Clymer	Hibshman	McNichol	Stein
Cole	Hilton	Miller	Swan
Connell	Hobbs	Moore	Swartz
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Morris	Townsend
Conner, W.	Holland	Moses	Tunis
Conrade	Hoover	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Cox, E. R.	Hormell	Neel	Von Tacky
Crum	Hough	Newbaker	Wallace
Cumbler	Howard	North	Walnut
Currier	Hunter, J.	Perry	Walton
Curry	Hunter, R.	Phillips	Ward, W. Jr.
Dale	Irwin	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Dallas	Jackson	Pitchford	Watts
Davis, W.	Johnson, C.	Raesley	Welch
Dearden	Johnson, D.	Rath	Whitman
Dershem	Johnston	Rebert	Wilcox
Detzel	Jones, E. E.	Reece	Williams
Donahoe	Jones, John	Reel	Wilson
Donnally	Keely	Reeser	Woodward
Dunn, H.	Keene	Reno	Young
Dunn, J.	Keister	Reyburn	Cox, John F. Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 953:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Lunatic Hospital for the Southern District of Pennsylvania located at Harrisburg

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 12 strike out the word "forty" and insert in lieu thereof the words "thirty-five;" also in line 18 after the word "necessary" add the following: "For the purpose of adding and erection of a sun parlor to the present hospital buildings the sum of five thousand dollars."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—198.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Keister	Richards
Allman	Ehrhardt	Kelley, J.	Rider
Akers	Eichenberger	Kelly, M.	Riebel
Allen	Enbody	Kelsey	Robinson
Alter	Ewing	Kern	Robison
Anderson	Fahey	Klingerman	Rockwell
Baldwin, G.	Fay	Klumpp	Roney
Baldwin, R.	Feeney	Knight	Row
Bartman	Ferguson	Kuhns	Rumsey
Bass	Fitzgerald	Lafferty	Sassaman
Bender	Flynn	Larkins	Savidge
Benson	Freeman	Leh	Schad
Bentley	Gans	Light	Schmidt
Billman	Geary	Lindsay	Schofield
Blair	Gilkeson	Lowe	Schultz
Bossert	Good	Magee	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gransback	Malie	Scott, S.

Brehm	Gray	Martin	Shadrach
Breitinger	Graybill	Marvin	Shaffer
Brennan	Grove	Maurer	Shannon
Caldwell	Guyaux	McArdle	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McClung	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McGowan	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Healey	McInerney	Snavely
Carroll	Hecht	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Carter	Henry	McKean	Snyder, P.
Clarency	Herman	McMullen	Speer
Cleary	Hess	McNichol	Steese
Clymer	Hibshman	Miller	Stein
Cole	Hilton	Mills	Swartz
Connell	Hobbs	Moore	Townsend
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Morris	Tunis
Conner, W.	Holland	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Conrade	Hoover	Neel	Von Tacky
Cox, E. R.	Hormell	Newbaker	Wallace
Crum	Hough	North	Walnut
Cumbler	Howard	Perry	Walton
Currier	Hunter, J.	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr
Curry	Hunter, R.	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Dale	Irwin	Pitchford	Watts
Dallas	Jackson	Raesley	Welch
Davis, A.	Johnson, C.	Rath	Whitman
Davis, W.	Johnson, D.	Rebert	Wilcox
Dearden	Johnston,	Reece	Williams
Dershem	Jones, E.	Reel	Wilson
Detzel	Jones, J.	Reeser	Woodward
Donahoe	Keely	Reno	Young
Donnally	Keene	Reyburn	Cox, J. F.
Dunn, H. B.			Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 985:

An act making an appropriation to the Roosevelt Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 4, after the word "of" strike out the word "six" and insert in lieu thereof the word "eight;" after the word "thousand" strike out "($6,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($8,000);" and in line nine after the word "of" strike out the word "six" and insert in lieu thereof the word "eight;" also by striking out the figures "($6,000)" and inserting in lieu thereof the figures "($8,000)."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—199.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelley, J.	Reno
Ailman	Eichenberger	Kelly, M.	Rhoads
Akers	Enbody	Kelsey	Richards
Allen	Ewing	Kern	Rider
Alter	Fahey	Klingerman	Robinson
Anderson	Fay	Klumpp	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Knight	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Kuhns	Roney
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Lafferty	Row
Bass	Flynn	Larkins	Rumsey
Bender	Freeman	Leh	Sassaman
Benson	Gans	Light	Savidge
Bentley	Geary	Lindsay	Schad
Billman	Gibson	Lowe	Schofield
Blair	Gilkeson	Magee	Schultz
Bosher	Good	Malle	Scott, J.
Bossert	Gransback	Mannion	Scott, S. B.
Boyd	Gray	Martin	Shadrach
Brehm	Graybill	Marvin	Shaffer
Breitinger	Grove	Matt	Shannon
Brennan	Guyaux	Maurer	Sherwood
Caldwell	Haggerty	McAleer	Shoemaker
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McArdle	Shreve
Campbell, J.	Healey	McClung	Snavely
Carroll	Hecht	McGowan	Snyder, A.
Carter	Henry	McInerney	Snyder, P.
Clarency	Herman	McJunkin	Speer
Cleary	Hess	McKean	Steese
Clymer	Hibshman	McMullen	Stein
Cole	Hilton	McNichol	Swan
Connell	Hobbs	Miller	Swartz
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Mills	Townsend
Conner, W.	Holland	Moore	Tunis
Conrade	Hoover	Morris	Ulerich
Cox, E. R.	Hormell	Moses	Von Tacky
Crum	Hough	Moultrop	Wallace
Cumbler	Howard	Neel	Walnut
Currier	Hunter, J.	Newbaker	Walton
Curry	Hunter, R.	North	Ward, W. Jr.
Dale	Irwin	Perry	Ward, W. B.
Dallas	Jackson	Phillips	Watts
Davis, A.	Johnson, C.	Piper	Welch
Davis, W.	Johnson, D.	Pitchford	Whitman
Dearden	Johnston	Raesley	Wilcox
Dershem	Jones, E. E.	Rath	Williams
Detzel	Jones, John	Rebert	Wilson
Donahoe	Keely	Reece	Woodward
Donnally	Keene	Reel	Young
Dunn, H.	Keister	Reeser	Cox, John F.
Dunn, J.			Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1065:

An act making an appropriation to the Hospital Department of the Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital of Philadelphia

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 4, strike out after the word "and" the word "ten" and insert in lieu thereof the word "twenty;" and strike out the figures "($110,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($120,000)."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—197.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.	Reyburn
Ailman	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M.	Rhoads
Akers	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Richards
Allen	Enbody	Kern,	Rider
Alter	Ewing	Klingerman,	Riebel
Anderson	Fahey	Klumpp,	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Knight,	Robison
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Kuhns,	Rockwell
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Lafferty,	Roney
Bass	Flynn	Larkins,	Row
Bender	Freeman	Leh,	Rumsey
Benson	Frey	Light,	Sassaman
Bentley	Gans	Lindsay,	Savidge
Billman	Geary	Lowe,	Schad
Blair	Gibson	Magee,	Schmidt
Bosher	Gilkeson	Malie,	Schofield
Bossert	Good	Mannion,	Schultz
Boyd	Gransback	Martin,	Scott, J.
Brehm	Gray	Marvin,	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Graybill	Matt,	Shadrach
Brennan	Grove	Maurer,	Shaffer
Caldwell	Guyaux	McAleer,	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McArdle,	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McClung,	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Healey	McGowan,	Shreve
Carroll	Hecht	McInerney,	Snavely
Carter	Henry	McJunkin,	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Herman	McKean,	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hess	McMullen,	Speer,
Clymer	Hibshman	McNichol,	Steese,
Cole	Hilton	Miller,	Stein,
Connell	Hobbs	Mills,	Swan
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Moore,	Townsend
Conner, W.	Holland	Moses	Tunis
Conrade	Hoover	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Cox, E.	Hormell	Neel	Von Tacky
Crum	Hough	Newbaker	Wallace
Cumbler	Howard	North	Walnut
Currier	Hunter, J. N.	Perry	Ward, W., Jr.
Curry	Hunter, R. P.	Phillips	Ward, W. B.
Dale	Irwin	Piper	Watts
Dallas	Jackson,	Pitchford	Welch
Davis, A.	Johnson, C,	Raesley	Whitman
Davis, W.	Johnson, D,	Rath	Wilcox
Dearden	Johnston,	Rebert	Williams
Dershem	Jones, E,	Reece	Wilson
Detzel	Jones, J,	Reel	Woodward
Donahoe	Keely,	Reeser	Young
Donnally	Keene,	Reno	Cox, J.
Dunn, H.	Keister,		Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1069:

An act making an appropriation to the Downingtown Industrial and Agricultural School of Downingtown Chester County Pennsylvania

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 4, after the word "of" strike out the word "ten" and insert in lieu thereof the word "twenty;" and strike out the figures "($10,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($20,000);" and in line 10 after the word "of" strike out the word "ten" and insert in lieu thereof the word "twenty;" and in line 11 strike out the figures "($10,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($20,000)."

On the question.

Will the House concur in the amendments,

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—198.

Abbott	Donnally	Keister	Reeser
Ailman	Dunn, H.	Kelly, M.	Reno
Akers	Dunn, J.	Kelsey	Reyburn
Allen	Ehrhardt	Kern	Rhoads
Alter	Eichenberger	Klingerman	Richards
Anderson,	Enbody	Klumpp	Riebel
Baldwin, G. A.	Ewing	Knight	Robinson
Baldwin, R. J.	Fahey	Kuhns	Robison
Bartman	Fay	Lafferty	Roney
Bass	Feeney	Larkins	Row
Bender	Ferguson	Light	Rumsey
Benson	Fitzgerald	Lindsay	Sassaman
Bentley	Flynn	Lowe	Savidge
Billman	Freeman	Magee	Schad
Blair	Frey	Malie	Schmidt
Bosher	Geary	Mannion	Schofield
Bossert	Gilkeson	Martin	Schultz
Boyd	Good	Marvin	Scott, S. B.
Brehm	Gransback	Matt	Shadrach
Breitinger	Gray	Maurer	Shaffer
Brennan	Graybill	McAleer	Shannon
Caldwell	Grove	McArdle	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Guyaux	McClung	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Haggerty	McGowan	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Halferty	McInerney	Snavely
Carroll	Healey	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Carter	Hecht	McKean	Snyder, P.
Clarency	Henry	McMullen	Speer
Clymer	Herman	McNichol	Stein
Cole	Hess	Miller	Swartz
Connell	Hibshman	Mills	Townsend
Conner, P.	Hilton	Moore	Ulerich
Conner, W.	Hobbs	Morris	Von Tacky
Conrade	Hoffman	Moses	Wallace
Cox, E. R.	Holland	Moulthrop	Walnut
Crum	Hoover	Neel	Walton
Cumbler	Hormell	Newbaker	Ward, W., Jr.
Currier	Howard	North	Ward, W. B.
Curry	Hunter, J.	Perry	Watts
Dale	Irwin	Phillips	Welch
Dallas	Jackson	Piper	Whitman
Davis, A.	Johnson, C.	Pitchford	Wilcox
Davis, W.	Johnston	Raesley	Williams
Dearden	Jones, E. E.	Rath	Wilson
Dershem	Jones, John	Rebert	Woodward
Detzel	Keely	Reece	Young
Donahoe	Keene	Reel	Cox, John F. Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered. That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1074.

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Hospital in the City of Reading Pennsylvania

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 4, strike out the words "thirty-five" and insert in lieu thereof the word "twenty;" also strike out the figures "($35,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($20,000)."

On the question.

Will the House concur in the amendments,

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—199.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Kelly, M. C.,	Rhoads
Ailman	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Richards
Akers	Enbody	Kern	Rider
Allen	Ewing	Klingerman	Riebel
Alter	Fahey	Klumpp,	Robinson
Anderson	Fay	Knight	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Kuhns	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Lafferty	Roney
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Larkins	Row
Bass	Flynn	Leh	Rumsey
Bender	Freeman	Light	Sassaman
Benson	Frey	Lindsay	Savidge
Bentley	Gans	Lowe	Schad
Billman	Geary	Magee	Schmidt
Blair	Gibson	Malie	Schofield
Bosher	Good	Mannion	Schultz
Bossert	Gransback	Martin	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gray	Marvin	Scott, S.
Brehm	Graybill	Matt	Shadrach
Breitinger	Grove	Maurer	Shaffer
Brennan	Guyaux	McAleer	Shannon
Caldwell	Haggerty	McArdle	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McClung	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Healey	McGowan	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McInerney	Snavely
Carroll	Henry	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Carter	Herman	McKean	Snyder, P.
Clarency	Hess	McMullen	Speer
Cleary	Hibshman	McNichol	Steese
Clymer	Hilton	Miller	Stein
Cole	Hobbs	Mills	Swan
Connell	Hoffman	Moore	Swartz
Conner, P.		Morris	Townsend
Conner, W.	Hoover	Moses	Tunis
Conrade	Hormell	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Cox, E.	Hough	Neel	Von Tacky
Crum	Howard	Newbaker	Wallace
Cumbler	Hunter J. N.,	North	Walnut
Currier	Hunter, R. P.,	Perry	Walton
Curry	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Dale	Jackson	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Dallas	Johnson, C. V.,	Pitchford	Watts
Davis, A.	Johnson, D. D.,	Raesley	Welch
Davis, W.	Johnston	Rath	Whitman
Dearden	Jones, E. E.,	Rebert	Wilcox
Dershem	Jones, J. R.,	Reece	Williams
Detzel	Keely,	Reel	Wilson
Donahoe	Keene,	Reeser	Woodward
Donnally	Keister	Reno	Young
Dunn, H.	Kelley, J.,	Reyburn	Cox, J. Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz.

House Bill No. 1073.

An act making an appropriation to the House of the Good Shepherd in the City of Reading Pennsylvania

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 4, strike out the word "two" and insert in lieu thereof the word "seventeen" and strike out the figures "($2,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($17,000)"

On the question.

Will the House concur in the amendments,

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—198.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.	Reno
Ailman	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M.	Reyburn
Akers	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Rhoads
Allen	Enbody	Kern,	Richards
Alter	Ewing	Klingerman,	Rider
Anderson	Fahey	Klumpp,	Riebel
Baldwin, G.	Fay	Knight,	Robinson
Baldwin, R.	Feeney	Kuhns,	Robison
Bartman	Ferguson	Lafferty,	Rockwell
Bass	Fitzgerald	Larkins,	Roney
Bender	Flynn	Leh,	Row
Benson	Freeman	Light,	Rumsey
Bentley	Frey	Lindsay,	Sassaman
Billman	Gans	Lowe,	Savidge
Blair	Geary	Magee,	Schad
Bosher	Gibson	Malie,	Schmidt
Bossert	Gilkeson	Mannion,	Schofield
Boyd	Good	Martin,	Schultz
Brehm	Gransback	Marvin,	Scott, J.
Breitinger	Graybill	Matt,	Scott, S.
Brennan	Grove	Maurer,	Shadrach
Caldwell	Guyaux	McAleer,	Shaffer
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McArdle,	Shannon
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McClung,	Sherwood
Campbell, W.	Healey	McGowan,	Shoemaker
Carroll	Hecht	McInerney,	Shreve
Carter	Henry	McJunkin,	Snavely
Clarency	Herman	McKean,	Snyder, A.
Cleary	Hess	McMullen,	Snyder, P.
Clymer	Hibshman	McNichol,	Speer,
Cole	Hilton	Miller,	Steese,
Connell	Hobbs	Mills,	Stein,
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Moore,	Swan
Conner, W.	Holland	Morris,	Swartz
Conrade	Hoover	Moses	Townsend

Cox, E.	Hormell	Moulthrop	Tunis
Crum	Hough	Neel	Ulerich
Cumbler	Howard	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Currier	Hunter, J. N.	North	Wallace
Curry	Hunter, R. P.	Perry	Walnut
Dale	Irwin	Phillips	Walton
Dallas	Jackson,	Piper	Ward, W., Jr.
Davis, A.	Johnson, C.	Pitchford	Watts
Davis, W.	Johnson, D.	Raesley	Welch
Dearden	Johnston,	Rath	Whitman
Dershem	Jones, E.	Rebert	Wilcox
Detzel	Jones, J.	Reece	Williams
Donahoe	Keely,	Reel	Woodward
Donnally	Keene,	Reeser	Cox, J.
Dunn, H.	Keister,		Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1078.

An act making an appropriation to the Reading Hospital in the City of Reading Pennsylvania

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 4, insert after the word "twenty" the word "five;" and strike out the figures "($20,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($25,000);" line 10 insert after the word "twenty" the word "five" and strike out the figures "($20,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures ("$25,000)."

On the question.

Will the House concur in the amendments,

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—199.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.,	Reyburn
Allman	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M. C.,	Rhoads
Akers	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Richards
Allen	Enbody	Kern	Rider
Alter	Ewing	Klingerman	Riebel
Anderson	Fahey	Klumpp	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	Fay	Knight	Robison
Baldwin, R	Feeney	Kuhns	Rockwell
Bartman	Ferguson	Lafferty	Roney
Bass	Fitzgerald	Larkins	Row
Bender	Flynn	Leh	Rumsey
Benson	Freeman	Light	Sassaman
Bentley	Frey	Lindsay	Savidge
Billman	Gans	Lowe	Schad
Blair	Geary	Magee	Schmidt
Bosher	Gibson	Malie	Schofield
Bossert	Gilkeson	Mannion	Schultz
Boyd	Good	Martin	Scott, J.
Brehm	Gransback	Marvin	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Gray	Matt	Shadrach
Brennan	Grove	Maurer	Shaffer
Caldwell	Guyaux	McAleer	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McArdle	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McClung	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Healey	McGowan	Shreve
Carroll	Hecht	McInerney	Snavely
Carter	Henry	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Herman	McKean	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hess	McMullen	Speer
Clymer	Hibshman	McNichol	Steese
Cole	Hilton	Miller	Stein
Connell	Hobbs	Mills	Swan
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Moore	Swartz
Conner, W.	Holland	Morris	Townsend
Conrade	Hoover	Moses	Tunis
Cox, E.	Hormell	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Crum	Hough	Neel	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Howard	Newbaker	Wallace
Currier	Hunter, J. N.,	North	Walnut
Curry	Hunter, R. P.,	Perry	Walton
Dale	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Dallas	Jackson	Piper	Welch
Davis, A.	Johnson, C. V.,	Pitchford	Whitman
Davis, W.	Johnson, D. D.,	Raesley	Wilcox
Dearden	Johnston	Rath	Williams
Dershem	Jones, E. E.,	Rebert	Wilson
Detzel	Jones, J. R.,	Reece	Woodward
Donahoe	Keely,	Reel	Young
Donnally	Keene,	Reeser	Cox, J.
Dunn, H.	Keister	Reno	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1089.

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Warren Pennsylvania

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 21, strike out the word "four" and insert in lieu thereof the word "five;" and strike out the figures "($4,000)" and insert "($5,000)."

On the question.

Will the House concur in the amendments,

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—197.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Keister,	Reno
Allman	Ehrhardt	Kelley, J.	Reyburn
Akers	Eichenberger	Kelly, M.	Rhoads
Allen	Enbody	Kelsey,	Richards
Alter	Ewing	Kern,	Rider
Anderson	Fahey	Klingerman,	Riebel
Baldwin, G.	Fay	Klumpp,	Robinson
Baldwin, R.	Feeney	Knight,	Robison
Bartman	Ferguson	Kuhns,	Rockwell
Bass	Fitzgerald	Lafferty,	Roney
Bender	Flynn	Larkins,	Row
Benson	Freeman	Leh,	Rumsey
Bentley	Frey	Light,	Sassaman
Billman	Gans	Lindsay,	Savidge
Blair	Geary	Lowe,	Schad
Bosher	Gibson	Magee,	Schmidt
Bossert	Gilkeson	Malie,	Schofield
Boyd	Good	Mannion,	Schultz
Brehm	Gransback	Martin,	Scott, J.
Breitinger	Gray	Marvin,	Scott, S.
Brennan	Graybill	Matt,	Shadrach
Caldwell	Grove	Maurer,	Shaffer
Campbell, C.	Guyaux	McAleer,	Shannon
Campbell, J.	Haggerty	McArdle,	Sherwood
Campbell, W.	Halferty	McClung,	Shoemaker
Carroll	Healey	McGowan,	Shreve
Carter	Hecht	McInerney,	Snavely
Clarency	Henry	McJunkin,	Snyder, A.
Cleary	Herman	McKean,	Snyder, P.
Clymer	Hess	McMullen,	Speer,
Cole	Hibshman	McNichol,	Steese,
Connell	Hilton	Miller,	Stein,
Conner, P.	Hobbs	Moore,	Swan
Conner, W.	Hoffman	Morris,	Swartz
Conrade	Holland	Moses	Townsend
Cox, E.	Hoover	Moulthrop	Tunis
Crum	Hormell	Neel	Ulerich
Cumbler	Hough	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Currier	Howard	North	Wallace
Curry	Hunter, J. N.	Perry	Walnut
Dale	Hunter, R. P.	Phillips	Walton
Dallas	Irwin	Piper	Ward, W., Jr.
Davis, A.	Jackson,	Pitchford	Welch
Davis, W.	Johnson, C.	Raesley	Whitman
Dearden	Johnson, D.	Rath	Wilcox
Dershem	Johnston,	Rebert	Wilson
Detzel	Jones, E.	Reece	Woodward
Donahoe	Jones, J.	Reel	Young
Donnally	Keely	Reeser	Cox, J.
Dunn, H.	Keene,		Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1091:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Orphans' Asylum of Tacony Philadelphia

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 4, strike out the word "two" and insert in lieu thereof the word "three;" and strike out the figures "($2,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($3,000)."

On the question.

Will the House concur in the amendments,

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—199.

Abbott	Eichenberger	Kelly, M.	Rhoads
Allman	Ewing	Kelsey	Richards
Akers	Enbody	Kern,	Rider
Allen	Fahey	Klingerman,	Riebel
Alter	Fay	Klumpp,	Robinson
Anderson	Feeney	Knight,	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Kuhns,	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Lafferty,	Roney

Bartman	Flynn	Larkins,	Row
Bass	Freeman	Leh,	Rumsey
Bender	Frey	Light,	Sassaman
Benson	Gans	Lindsay,	Savidge
Bentley	Geary	Lowe,	Schad
Billman	Gibson	Magee,	Schmidt
Blair	Gilkeson	Malie,	Schofield
Bosher	Good	Mannion,	Schultz
Bossert	Gransback	Martin,	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gray	Marvin,	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Graybill	Matt,	Shadrach
Brennan	Grove	Maurer,	Shaffer
Caldwell	Guyaux	McAleer,	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McArdle,	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McClung,	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Healey	McGowan,	Shreve
Carroll	Hecht	McInerney	Snavely
Clarency	Henry	McJunkin,	Snyder, A.
Cleary	Herman	McKean,	Snyder, P.
Clymer	Hess	McMullen,	Speer,
Cole	Hibshman	McNichol,	Steese,
Connell	Hilton	Miller,	Stein,
Conner, P.	Hobbs	Mills,	Swan
Conner, W.	Hoffman	Moore,	Swartz
Conrade	Holland	Morris,	Townsend
Cox, E.	Hoover	Moses	Tunis
Crum	Hormell	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Cumbler	Hough	Neel	Von Tacky
Currier	Howard	Newbaker	Walnut
Curry	Hunter, J. N.	North	Wallace
Dale	Hunter, R. P.	Perry	Walton
Dallas	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Davis, A.	Jackson,	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Davis, W.	Johnson, C.	Pitchford	Welch
Dearden	Johnson, D.	Raesley	Whitman
Dershem	Johnston,	Rath	Wilcox
Detzel	Jones, E.	Rebert	Williams
Donahoe	Jones, J.	Reece	Wilson
Donnally	Keely,	Reel	Woodward
Dunn, H.	Keene,	Reeser	Young
Dunn, J.	Keister,	Reno	Cox, J.
Ehrhardt	Kelley, J.	Reyburn	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz.

House Bill No. 1116:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Joseph Protectory Norristown Pennsylvania

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 4, strike out the word "two" and insert in lieu thereof the word "three;" and strike out the figures "($2,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($3,000)."

On the question.

Will the House concur in the amendments,

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—198.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M.	Rhoads
Allman	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Richards
Akers	Enbody	Kern,	Rider
Allen	Ewing	Klingerman,	Riebel
Alter	Fahey	Klumpp,	Robinson
Anderson	Fay	Knight,	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Kuhns,	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Lafferty,	Roney
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Larkins,	Row
Bass	Flynn	Leh,	Rumsey
Bender	Freeman	Light,	Sassaman
Benson	Frey	Lindsay,	Savidge
Bentley	Gans	Lowe,	Schad
Billman	Gibson	Magee,	Schmidt
Blair	Gilkeson	Malie,	Schofield
Bosher	Good	Mannion,	Schultz
Bossert	Gransback	Martin,	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gray	Marvin,	Scott, S.
Brehm	Graybill	Matt,	Shadrach
Breitinger	Grove	Maurer,	Shaffer
Brennan	Guyaux	McAleer,	Shannon
Caldwell	Haggerty	McArdle,	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McClung	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Healey	McGowan,	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McInerney,	Snavely
Carroll	Henry	McJunkin,	Snyder, A.
Carter	Herman	McKean,	Snyder, P.
Clymer	Hess	McMullen,	Speer,
Cole	Hibshman	McNichol,	Steese,
Connell	Hilton	Miller,	Stein,
Conner, P.	Hobbs	Moore,	Swan
Conner, W.	Hoffman	Morris,	Swartz
Conrade	Holland	Moses	Townsend
Cox, E.	Hoover	Moulthrop	Tunis
Crum	Hormell	Neel	Ulerich
Cumbler	Hough	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Currier	Howard	North	Walnut
Curry	Hunter, J. N.	Perry	Wallace
Dale	Hunter, R. P.	Phillips	Walton
Dallas	Irwin	Piper	Ward, W., Jr.
Davis, A.	Jackson,	Pitchford	Watts
Davis, W.	Johnson, C.	Raesley	Welch
Dearden	Johnson, D.	Rath	Whitman
Dershem	Johnston,	Rebert	Wilcox
Detzel	Jones, E.	Reece	Williams
Donahoe	Jones, J.	Reel	Wilson
Donnally	Keely,	Reeser	Woodward
Dunn, H.	Keene,	Reno	Young
Dunn, J.	Keister,	Reyburn	Cox, J.
	Kelley, J.		Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1117:

An act making an appropriation to the State Hospital for the Insane for the Southern District of Pennsylvania at Norristown Pennsylvania

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 4, strike out the words "eighty-one" and insert the words "eighty-seven;" and after the word "thousand" insert the words "five hundred."

In line 17, strike out the word "one" and insert in lieu thereof the word "three;" strike out "five hundred."

Line 20, strike out the word "fifteen" and insert the word "twenty;" strike out the figures "($15,000)" and insert the figures "($20,000)."

Line 30, strike out the word "twelve" and insert in lieu thereof the word "ten."

Line 31, strike out the figures "($12,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($10,000)."

Line 45, strike out the word "two" and insert the word "four."

On the question.

Will the House concur in the amendments,

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—199.

Abbott	Eichenberger	Kelly, M.	Rhoads
Allman	Enbody	Kelsey,	Richards
Akers	Ewing	Kern,	Rider
Allen	Fahey	Klingerman,	Riebel
Alter	Fay	Klumpp,	Robinson
Anderson	Feeney	Knight,	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Kuhns,	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Lafferty,	Roney
Bartman	Flynn	Larkins,	Rumsey
Bass	Freeman	Leh,	Sassaman
Bender	Frey	Light,	Savidge
Benson	Gans	Lindsay,	Schad
Bentley	Geary	Lowe,	Schmidt
Billman	Gibson	Magee,	Schofield
Blair	Gilkeson	Malie,	Schultz
Bosher	Good	Mannion,	Scott, J.
Bossert	Gransback	Martin	Scott, S.
Boyd	Gray	Marvin	Shadrach
Brehm	Graybill	Matt,	Shaffer
Breitinger	Grove	Maurer,	Shannon
Brennan	Guyaux	McAleer,	Sherwood
Caldwell	Haggerty	McArdle,	Shoemaker
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McClung,	Shreve
Campbell, J.	Healey	McGowan,	Snavely
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McInerney,	Snyder, A.
Carroll	Henry	McJunkin,	Snyder, P.
Carter	Herman	McKean,	Speer,
Clarency	Hess	McMullen,	Steese,
Cleary	Hibshman	McNichol,	Stein,
Clymer	Hilton	Miller,	Swan
Cole	Hobbs	Mills,	Swartz
Connell	Hoffman	Moore,	Townsend
Conner, P.	Holland	Morris,	Tunis
Conner, W.	Hoover	Moses	Ulerich
Conrade	Hormell	Moulthrop	Von Tacky
Cox, E.	Hough	Neel	Wallace
Cumbler	Howard	Newbaker	Walnut
Currier	Hunter, J. N.	North	Walton
Curry	Hunter, R. P.	Perry	Ward, W., Jr.
Dale	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W. B.
Dallas	Jackson,	Piper	Watts
Davis, A.	Johnson, C.	Pitchford	Welch
Davis, W.	Johnson, D.	Raesley	Whitman
Dearden	Johnston,	Rath	Wilcox
Dershem	Jones, E.	Rebert	Williams
Detzel	Jones, J.	Reece	Wilson
Donahoe	Keely,	Reel	Woodward
Donnally	Keene,	Reeser	Young
Dunn, H.	Keister,	Reno	Cox, J.
Ehrhardt	Kelley, J.	Reyburn	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1182:

An act making an appropriation to the Shenango Valley Hospital of New Castle Pennsylvania

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 4, strike out the words "twenty-five" and insert in lieu thereof the words "twenty-nine;" strike out the figures "($25,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($29,000)."

Line 10, after the word "twenty" insert the word "four;" strike out the figures "($20,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($24,000)."

On the question.

Will the House concur in the amendments,

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—197.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Keister,	Reno
Allman	Ehrhardt	Kelley, J.	Reyburn
Akers	Eichenberger	Kelly, M.	Rhoads
Allen	Enbody	Kelsey,	Richards
Alter	Ewing	Kern,	Rider
Anderson	Fahey	Klingerman,	Riebel
Baldwin, G.	Fay	Klumpp,	Robinson
Baldwin, R.	Feeney	Knight,	Robison
Bartman	Ferguson	Kuhns,	Rockwell
Bass	Fitzgerald	Lafferty,	Roney
Bender	Flynn	Larkins,	Row
Benson	Freeman	Leh,	Rumsey
Bentley	Frey	Light,	Sassaman
Billman	Gans	Lindsay,	Savidge
Blair	Geary	Lowe,	Schad
Bosher	Gibson	Magee,	Schofield
Bossert	Good	Malie,	Schultz
Boyd	Gransback	Mannion,	Scott, J.
Brehm	Gray	Martin,	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Graybill	Marvin,	Shadrach
Brennan	Grove	Matt,	Shaffer
Caldwell	Guyaux	McAleer,	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McArdle,	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McClung,	Sloemaker
Campbell, W.	Healey	McGowan,	Shreve
Carroll	Hecht	McInerney,	Snavely
Carter	Henry	McJunkin,	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Herman	McKean,	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hess	McMullen,	Speer,
	Hibshman	McNichol	Steese,
Connell	Hilton	Miller,	Stein,
Conner, P.	Hobbs	Mills,	Swan
Conner, W.	Hoffman	Moore,	Swartz
Conrade	Holland	Morris,	Townsend
Cox, E.	Hoover	Moses	Tunis
Crum	Hormell	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Cumbler	Hough	Neel	Von Tacky
Currier	Howard	Newbaker	Wallace
Curry	Hunter, J. N.	North	Walnut
Dale	Hunter, R. P.	Perry	Walton
Dallas	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Davis, A.	Jackson,	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Davis, W.	Johnson, C.	Pitchford	Watts
Dearden	Johnson, D.	Raesley	Welch
Dershem	Johnston,	Rath	Whitman
Detzel	Jones, E.	Rebert	Wilcox
Donahoe	Jones, J.	Reece	Woodward
Donnally	Keely,	Reel	Young
Dunn, H.	Keene,	Reeser	Cox, J. Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1187:

An act making an appropriation to the Frederick Douglass Memorial Hospital and Training School of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 4, strike out the words "twenty-five" and insert in lieu thereof the word "thirty;" strike out the figures "($25,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($30,000)"

Line 14, strike out the word "five" and insert in lieu thereof the word "ten;" strike out the figures "($5,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($10,000)"

On the question.

Will the House concur in the amendments?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—196.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.	Reyburn
Allman	Eichenberger	Kelly, M.	Rhoads
Akers	Enbody	Kelsey,	Richards
Allen	Ewing	Kern,	Rider
Alter	Fahey	Klingerman,	Riebel
Anderson	Fay	Klumpp,	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Knight,	Robison
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Kuhns,	Rockwell
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Lafferty,	Roney
Bass	Flynn	Larkins,	Row
Bender	Freeman	Leh,	Rumsey
Benson	Frey	Light,	Sassaman
Bentley	Gans	Lindsay,	Savidge
Billman	Geary	Lowe,	Schad
Blair	Gibson	Magee,	Schmidt
Bosher	Gilkeson	Malie,	Schofield
Bossert	Good	Mannion,	Schultz
Boyd	Gransback	Martin,	Scott, J.
Brehm	Gray	Marvin,	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Graybill	Matt,	Shadrach
Brennan	Grove	Maurer,	Shaffer
Caldwell	Guyaux	McAleer	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McArdle,	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McClung,	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Healey	McGowan,	Shreve
Carroll	Hecht	McInerney,	Snavely
Carter	Henry	McJunkin	Snyder, A
Clarency	Herman	McKean,	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hess	McMullen,	Speer,
Clymer	Hibshman	McNichol,	Steese,
Cole	Hilton	Mills,	Stein,
Connell	Hobbs	Moore,	Swan
Conner, P.	Holland	Morris,	Swartz
Conner, W.	Hoover	Moses	Townsend
Conrade	Hormell	Moulthrop	Tunis
Cox, E.	Hough	Neel	Ulerich
Crum	Howard	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Hunter, J. N.	North	Wallace
Currier	Hunter, R. P.	Perry	Walnut
Curry	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Dale	Jackson,	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Dallas	Johnson, C.	Pitchford	Welch
Davis, A.	Johnson, D.	Raesley	Whitman
Davis, W.	Johnston,	Rath	Wilcox
Dearden	Jones, E.	Rebert	Williams
Dershem	Jones, J.	Reece	Wilson
Detzel	Keely,	Reel	Woodward
Donahoe	Keene,	Reeser	Young
Donnally	Keister,	Reno	Cox, J. Speaker
Dunn, H.			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1200:

An act making an appropriation to the Hamot Hospital Association of the city of Erie Erie county Pennsylvania

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 4, strike out the words "thirty-five" and insert in lieu thereof the word "fifty;" strike out the figures "($35,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($50,000)."

Line 10, after the word "maintenance" insert the words "and paying expenses incident to the typhoid fever epidemic."

Line 11, strike out the word "twenty" and insert in lieu thereof the words "thirty-five."

Line 12, strike out the figures "($20,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($35,000)."

On the question.

Will the House concur in the amendments?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—195.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.,	Reno
Allman	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M. C.,	Reyburn
Akers	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Rhoads
Allen	Enbody	Kern	Richards
Alter	Ewing	Klingerman	**Rider**
Anderson	Fahey	Klumpp	Riebel
Baldwin, G.	Fay	Knight	Robinson
Baldwin, R.	Feeney	Kuhns	Robison
Bartman	Ferguson	Lafferty	Rockwell
Bass	Fitzgerald	Larkins	Roney
Bender	Flynn	Leh	Row
Benson	Freeman	Light	Rumsey
Bentley	Gans	Lindsay	Sassaman
Billman	Geary	Lowe	Savidge
Blair	Gibson	Magee	Schad

Bosher	Gilkeson	Malie	Schofield
Bossert	Good	Mannion	Schultz
Boyd	Gransback	Martin	Scott, J.
Brehm	Gray	Marvin	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Graybill	Matt	Shadrach
Brennan	Grove	Maurer	Shaffer
Caldwell	Guyaux	McAleer	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McClung	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McGowan	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Healey	McInerney	Shreve
Carroll	Hecht	McJunkin	Snavely
Carter	Henry	McKean	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Herman	McMullen	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hess	McNichol	Speer
Clymer	Hibshman	Miller	Stein
Cole	Hilton	Mills	Swan
Conner, P.	Hobbs	Moore	Swartz
Conner, W.	Hoffman	Morris	Townsend
Conrade	Holland	Moses	Tunis
Cox, E.	Hoover	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Crum	Hormell	Neel	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Hough	Newbaker	Wallace
Currier	Howard	North	Walnut
Curry	Hunter J. N.,	Perry	Walton
Dale	Hunter, R. P.,	Phillips	Ward, W. B.
Dallas	Irwin	Piper	Ward, W., Jr
Davis, A.	Jackson	Pitchford	Watts
Davis, W.	Johnson, C. V.,	Raesley	Welch
Dearden	Johnson, D. D.,	Rath	Whitman
Dershem	Johnston	Rebert	Wilcox
Detzel	Jones, E. E.,	Reece	Williams
Donahoe	Keely,	Reel	Woodward
Donnally	Keene,	Reeser	Young
Dunn, H.	Keister		Cox, J.
			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1209:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, after line 50 insert the following: That the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon for the purpose of improving the water system by the installation of duplicate pumping machinery and mechanical filters at the Juniata River pumping station the building of a new storage reservoir for the making of the necessary improvements adjacent to the spring water reservoir so as to prevent the pollution of the same and for the entire separation of the spring water supply for drinking and culinary purposes from the river supply. Said moneys appropriated by this section of this act shall be paid to the managers of the said reformatory upon condition that plans and specifications be prepared and submitted to the State Department of Health and approved in accordance with the Act of Assembly of April twenty-second one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to preserve the purity of the waters of the State for the protection of the public health" and the said managers are hereby authorized to make the necessary contract or contrats for the performance of said work and to make use of the labor of the inmates of the Reformatory whenever that can be judiciously and economically done

On the question.

Will the House concur in the amendments?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—197.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Keister,	Reyburn
Allman	Eichenberger	Kelley, J.	Rhoads
Akers	Enbody	Kelly, M.	Richards
Allen	Ewing	Kelsey,	Rider
Alter	Fahey	Kern,	Riebel
Anderson	Fay	Klingerman,	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Klumpp,	Robison
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Knight,	Rockwell
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Kuhns,	Roney
Bass	Flynn	Lafferty,	Row
Bender	Freeman	Larkins,	Rumsey
Benson	Frey	Leh,	Sassaman
Bentley	Gans	Light,	Savidge
Billman	Geary	Lindsay,	Schad
Blair	Gibson	Lowe,	Schmidt
Bosher	Gilkeson	Magee,	Schofield
Bossert	Good	Malie,	Schultz
Boyd	Gransback	Mannion,	Scott, J.
Brehm	Gray	Martin,	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Graybill	Marvin,	Shadrach
Brennan	Grove	Matt,	Shaffer
Caldwell	Guyaux	McAleer,	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McArdle,	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McClung,	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Healey	McGowan,	Shreve
Carroll	Hecht	McInerney,	Snavely
Carter	Henry	McJunkin,	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Herman	McKean,	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hess	McMullen,	Speer,
Clymer	Hibshman	McNichol,	Steese,
Cole	Hilton	Miller,	Swan
Connell	Hobbs	Mills,	Swartz
Conner, W.	Hoffman	Moore,	Townsend
Conrade	Holland	Morris,	Tunis
Cox, E.	Hoover	Moses	Ulerich
Crum	Hormell	Moulthrop	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Hough	Neel	Wallace
Currier	Howard	Newbaker	Walnut
Curry	Hunter, J. N.	North	Ward, W., Jr.
Dale	Hunter, R. P.	Perry	Ward, W. B
Dallas	Irwin	Phillips	Watts
Davis, A.	Jackson,	Piper	Welch
Davis, W.	Johnson, C,	Pitchford	Whitman
Dearden	Johnson, D,	Rath	Wilcox
Dershem	Johnston,	Raesley	Williams
Detzel	Jones, E,	Rebert	Wilson
Donahoe	Jones, J,	Reece	Woodward
Donnally	Keely,	Reel	Young
Dunn, H.	Keene,	Reeser	Cox, J.
Dunn, J.		Reno	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1221:

An act making an appropriation to the Grove City Hospital at Grove City Pennsylvania

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 4, strike out the word "four" and insert in lieu thereof the word "five;" strike out the figures "($4,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($5,000)."

Line 10, strike out the word "four" and insert in lieu thereof the word "five."

Line 11, strike out the figures "($4,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($5,000)."

On the question.

Will the House concur in the amendments?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—198.

Abbott	Eichenberger	Kelley, J.,	Reyburn
Allman	Enbody	Kelly, M. C.,	Rhoads
Akers	Ewing	Kelsey,	Richards
Allen	Fahey	Kern	Rider
Alter	Fay	Klingerman,	Riebel
Anderson	Feeney	Klumpp	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Knight	Robison
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Kuhns	Rockwell
Bartman	Flynn	Lafferty	Roney
Bass	Freeman	Larkins	Row
Bender	Frey	Leh	Rumsey
Benson	Gans	Light	Sassaman
Bentley	Geary	Lindsay	Savidge
Billman	Gibson	Lowe	Schad
Blair	Gilkeson	Magee	Schmidt
Bosher	Good	Mannion	Schofield
Bossert	Gransback	Martin	Schultz
Boyd	Gray	Marvin	Scott, J.
Brehm	Graybill	Matt	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Grove	Maurer	Shadrach
Brennan	Guyaux	McAleer	Shaffer
Caldwell	Haggerty	McArdle	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McClung	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Healey	McGowan	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McInerney	Shreve
Carroll	Henry	McJunkin	Snavely
Carter	Herman	McKean	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Hess	McMullen	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hibshman	McNichol	Speer
Clymer	Hilton	Miller	Steese
Cole	Hobbs	Mills	Stein
Connell	Hoffman	Moore	Swan
Conner, P.	Holland	Morris	Swartz
Conner, W.	Hoover	Moses	Townsend
Conrade	Hormell	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Cox, E.	Hough	Neel	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Howard	Newbaker	Wallace
Currier	Hunter J. N.,	North	Walnut
Curry	Hunter, R. P.,	Perry	Walton
Dale	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Dallas	Jackson	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Davis, A.	Johnson, C. V.,	Pitchford	Watts
Davis, W.	Johnson, D D.,	Raesley	Welch
Dearden	Johnston	Rath	Whitman
			Wilcox

Dershem	Jones, E. E.,	Rebert	Williams
Detzel	Jones, J. R.,	Reece	Wilson
Donahoe	Keely,	Reel	Woodward
Donnally	Keene,	Reeser	Young
Dunn, H.	Keister	Reno	Cox, J.
Dunn, J.			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1201:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Vincent's Hospital Association of the city of Erie Erie County Pennsylvania

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 4, strike out the words "thirty-five" and insert in lieu thereof the word "fifty;" strike out the figures "($35,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($50,000)."

Line 10, after the word "maintenance" insert the words "and paying the expenses incident to the typhoid fever epidemic."

Line 11, strike out the word "twenty" and insert in lieu thereof the words "thirty-five;" strike out the figures "($20,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($35,000)."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. KLUMPP. I move that the House do not concur in the amendments made by the Senate.

Mr. BLAIR. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1186:

An act making an appropriation to the American Hospital for Diseases of the Stomach of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 4, strike out the word "fourteen" and insert in lieu thereof the words "twenty-four;" strike out the figures "($14,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($24,000)."

Line 14, strike out the word "four" and insert the word "fourteen;" strike out the figures "($4,000)" and insert the figures "($14,000)."

On the question.

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. KLUMPP. I move that the House do not concur in the amendments made by the Senate.

Mr. WM. WARD, JR. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1178:

An act making an appropriation to the Greenville Hospital Greenville Mercer County Pennsylvania

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line — strike out the word "six" and insert in lieu thereof the word "seven;" strike out the figures "($6,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($7,000)."

Line 10, strike out the word "five" and insert in lieu thereof the word "six."

Line 11, strike out the figures "($5,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($6,000)."

On the question.

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. KLUMPP. I move that the House do not concur in the amendments made by the Senate.

Mr. GRAY. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1150:

An act making an appropriation to the Roselia Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital of the City of Pittsburg

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 4, strike out the words "twenty-one" and insert in lieu thereof the words "twenty-six;" strike out the figures "($21,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($26,000)."

Line 16, strike out the word "six" and insert the word "eleven;" strike out the figures "($6,000)" and insert the figures "($11,000)."

On the question.

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. KLUMPP. I move that the House do not concur in the amendments made by the Senate.

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1147:

An act making an appropriation to the Eye and Ear Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 4, strike out the words "thirty-eight" and insert in lieu thereof the words "forty-five;" strike out the figures "($38,000)" and insert the words "($45,000)."

On the question.

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. KLUMPP. I move that the House do not concur in the amendments made by the Senate.

Mr. IRWIN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1123:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of the annual fixed charge for road purposes on lands held for forest reserves

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 7, after the word "reserves" strike out the words "as per act of April fifth one thousand nine hundred and five (Pamphlet Laws page one hundred and eleven)."

On the question.

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. KLUMPP. I move that the House do not concur in the amendments made by the Senate.

Mr. MOULTHROP. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1119:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of services and expenses of fire wardens and those assisting in the extinguishing of forest fires

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 7, after the word "fires" strike out the words "as per act of May thirteenth one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws page seven hundred and eighty-one)"

On the question.

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. KLUMPP. I move that the House do not concur in the amendments made by the Senate.

Mr. W. B. WARD. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1118:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of the annual charge for school purposes on lands held for forest reserve

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 7, after the word "reserves" strike out the words "as per act of May thirteenth one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws page seven hundred and forty-four)."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. KLUMPP. I move that the House do not concur in the amendments made by the Senate.

Mr. ALLEN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1106:

An act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions of Pennsylvania located at Blossburg Tioga county

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 15, strike out the word "two" and insert in lieu thereof the word "ten."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. KLUMPP. I move that the House do not concur in the amendments made by the Senate.

Mr. KELSEY. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1057:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Incurables Philadelphia Pennsylvania

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 4, strike out the word "fifteen" and insert in lieu thereof the word "thirty;" strike out the figures "($15,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($40,000)."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. KLUMPP. I move that the House do not concur in the amendments made by the Senate.

Mr. P. CONNER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1018:

An act making an appropriation to the Nason Hospital Association of Roaring Spring Blair county Pennsylvania

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 4, strike out the word "eleven" and insert in lieu thereof the word "fourteen;" strike out the words "two hundred;" strike out the figures "($11,200)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($14,000)"

Line 10, strike out the word "eleven" and insert in lieu thereof the word "fourteen."

Line 11, strike out the words "two hundred" and strike out the figures "($11,200)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($14,000)."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. KLUMPP. I move that the House do not concur in the amendments made by the Senate.

Mr. YOUNG. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 919:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 4, strike out the words "forty-five" and insert in lieu thereof the word "fifty."

Line 9, strike out the words "forty-five" and insert in lieu thereof the word "fifty."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. KLUMPP. I move that the House do not concur in the amendments made by the Senate.

Mr. DALE. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE NON-CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has non-concurred in the amendments made by the House of Representatives to Senate Bill No. 19, entitled as follows:

An act fixing the penalty for murder of the first degree regulating the procedure incident thereto prescribing the place and manner of inflicting said penalty making an appropriation therefor and repealing the seventy-fifth section of an act approved the thirty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty entitled "An Act to consolidate revise and amend the penal law of this Commonwealth" and the seventy-sixth section of an act approved the thirty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty entitled "An Act to consolidate revise and amend the laws of the Commonwealth relating to penal proceedings and pleading"

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON SENATE BILL NO. 19.

On motion of Mr. ALTER.

The House insists upon its amendments non-concurred in by Senate to said bill and

Ordered, That Messrs. Alter, Klumpp and Morris be a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (if the Senate shall appoint such committee) in relation to the differences existing between the two Houses on said bill.

And that the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 130.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has insisted upon its amendments, non-concurred in by the House of Representatives, to House Bill No. 130, entitled:

An act to regulate the sale of certain seeds providing for the selection of samples thereof and their examination by the Department of Agriculture and the publication of information concerning the same Providing also for the enforcement of the act and fixing penalties for its violation

And has appointed Messrs. Martin, Manbeck and Homsher a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the House of Representatives (if the House of Representatives shall appoint such committee) on the

subject of the differences existing between the two Houses in relation to said bill.

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON SENATE BILL NO. 130.

On motion of Mr. REEL.

The House insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments to said bill and

Ordered, That Messrs. Reel, Shadrach and W. Ward, Jr., be a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate already appointed in relation to the differences existing between the two houses on said bill.

And that the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGES.

AMENDED HOUSE BILLS RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 692:

An act regulating the pay of election officers in all counties of this Commonwealth containing less than eight hundred thousand population

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the title by striking out after the word "officers" the words "at all elections hereafter held within this Commonwealth;" and insert in lieu thereof the following: "In all counties of this Commonwealth containing less than eight hundred thousand population."

Section 1, line 4, after the word "act" insert the following: "In each county of this Commonwealth containing less than eight hundred thousand population."

Line 7, after the word "primary" insert the word "municipal."

Line 10, after the word "time" insert the following: "And return judges shall receive two dollars and mileage at the rate of ten cents for each mile traveled for delivering returns of municipal and general elections to the prothonotary of the proper county."

Line 15, after the word "Commonwealth" strike out the following: "And shall not apply to any city co-extensive with a county."

Insert section 2 as follows: "Section 2 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith or supplied hereby be and the same are hereby repealed."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—111.

Abbott	Fay	Keene	Row
Akers	Freeman	Keister	Savidge
Allen	Frey	Kelsey	Schad
Alter	Gans	Kinney	Schmidt
Anderson	Geary	Klingerman	Schultz
Baldwin, R. J.	Gibson	Klumpp	Scott, J. R.
Bass	Gransback	Magee	Shadrach
Bentley	Graybill	Malie	Sherwood
Boyd	Guyaux	Mannion	Shreve
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	Marvin	Snyder, P.
Carroll	Halferty	McArdle	Steese
Carter	Hecht	McClung	Stein
Clarency	Hess	McInerney	Swan
Clymer	Hibshman	McMullen	Townsend
Connell	Hobbs	McNichol	Tunis
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Miller	Ulerich
Conner, W.	Holland	Moore	Von Tacky
Conrade	Hoover	Morris	Wallace
Cox, E.	Hormell	North	Walton
Cumbler	Hough	Perry	Ward, W. Jr.
Curry	Hunter, R.	Rath	Ward, W. B.
Dale	Irwin	Reel	Welch
Davis, A.	Jackson	Rhoads	Wilcox
Dunn, J.	Johnson, C.	Richards	Wilson
Ehrhardt	Johnson, D. D.	Riebel	Woodward
Eichenberger	Johnston	Robinson	Young
Ewing	Jones, John	Robison	Cox, John F.
Fahey	Keely	Roney	Speaker

NAYS—45.

Ailman	Davis, W.	Kern	Rebert
Baldwin, G. A.	Dearden	Knight	Reece
Bartman	Dershem	Kuhns	Rockwell
Benson	Donnally	Lowe	Rumsey
Blair	Dunn, H.	Matt	Sassaman
Brennan	Enbody	Maurer	Scott, S. B.
Caldwell	Good	McAleer	Shaffer
Campbell, J.	Gray	McJunkin	Shannon
Cole	Herman	Moses	Snavely
Currier	Hillon	Piper	Speer
	Kelly, M.		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 448:

An act authorizing and empowering the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings to rent offices and rooms outside of the Capitol building when necessary for the accommodation of any department board or commission of the State government

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 2, line 4, after the word "rooms" insert the following: "Excepting rooms or buildings used as dispensaries for the treatment of indigent tuberculous persons under the supervision of the State Department of Health."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—167.

Akers	Fahey	Kelsey,	Riebel
Allen	Fay	Kern,	Robinson
Alter	Feeney	Klingerman,	Robison
Anderson	Ferguson	Klumpp,	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Freeman	Kuhns,	Roney
Bartman	Frey	Lafferty,	Row
Bass	Gans	Larkins,	Sassaman
Bentley	Geary	Light,	Savidge
Blair	Gibson	Lindsay,	Schad
Bosher	Gilkeson	Lowe,	Schmidt
Boyd	Good	Magee	Schofield
Brehm	Gransback	Malie,	Scott, J.
Breitinger	Graybill	Mannion,	Scott, S.
Brennan	Grove	Martin,	Shadrach
Caldwell	Guyaux	Marvin,	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	Matt,	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McAleer,	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Healey	McClung,	Shreve
Carroll	Hecht	McGowan,	Snavely
Carter	Henry	McJunkin,	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Hess	McKean,	Speer,
Cleary	Hibshman	McNichol,	Stein,
Clymer	Hilton	Miller,	Swan
Cole	Hobbs	Moore,	Swartz
Connell	Hoffman	Morris,	Townsend
Conner, P.	Holland	Moses	Tunis
Conner, W.	Hoover	Neel	Ulerich
Conrade	Hough	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Cox, E.	Howard	North	Wallace
Crum	Hunter, J. N.	Perry	Walnut
Cumbler	Hunter, R. P.	Phillips	Walton
Currier	Irwin	Piper	Ward, W., Jr.
Curry	Jackson,	Pitchford	Ward, W. B.
Dale	Johnson, C,	Raesley	Watts
Dallas	Johnston,	Rath	Welch
Davis, A.	Jones, E,	Reece	Whitman
Dershem	Jones, J,	Reeser	Wilcox
Detzel	Keely,	Reyburn	Wilson
Donnally	Keene,	Rhoads	Woodward
Dunn, J.	Keister,	Richards	Young
Ehrhardt	Kelley, J.	Rider	Cox, J.
Ewing	Kelly, M.		Speaker

NAYS—2.

Enbody Knight

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

Mr. KEISTER in the Chair.

SENATE MESSAGES.

AMENDED HOUSE BILLS RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 600:

An act regulating drivers and operators of all vehicles and persons riding or leading animals on the public highways requiring the display of lights upon vehicles and prescribing penalties for violation of the same

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments, in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend Section 3, line 1, by striking out the figure "2" and insert the figure "3."

Section 4, line 1, strike out the the figure "3" and insert the figure "4."

Line 2, strike out "$5.00" and word "five;" insert "$1.00" and word "one."

Line 3, strike out "$10.00" and word "ten," insert word "five" and figures "$5.00."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments of the Senate?

Mr. NORTH. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Jefferson, Mr. North.

Mr. NORTH. Mr. Speaker, this is the same bill that we have had before us on several occasions. It was before three or four different committees and was postponed indefinitely in three of them and finally sent to the Committee on Law and Order, reported out, amended in the House and passed on third reading. The Senate has amended this bill. As we understand this bill, section 2 was stricken out on second reading. I want to say that if an act of this kind becomes a law in Pennsylvania it seems to me that it would be the most burdensome legislation that has been enacted during this session or during any other session. I hope the members of this House will give it due consideration.

Mr. V. GILPIN ROBINSON. Mr. Speaker, I understand that this bill has been amended in the Senate and I desire to say that conditions have changed since we have rapidly moving vehicles on our public thoroughfares. Under the law, a speed limit is allowed, and any one who has had any experience with these fast moving vehicles knows the necessity there is for some laws concerning the carrying of lights, and to prevent collision with vehicles, either those moving in the same direction or when moving in an opposite direction. I repeat that any one who has had experience of this kind, and has given the matter any serious consideration, that the matter of having proper light upon vehicles is a protection and an insurance against accident or collision to any one who is in either vehicle against the danger of collision. Another reason in favor of supporting this bill as it now stands is that in a good many boroughs and first class townships the necessity for a regulation of this kind has been recognized, because there are local ordinances providing for protection of this character. Nobody has made any objection to such ordinances, and the experience of those who are familiar with them concurs in the idea of the safeguarding and protection that such regulations offer for the man in the slower moving vehicle as well as for the man who is in the rapidly moving conveyance. Don't let us take a narrow and contracted view of this measure. Don't let us for a moment be misled with the idea that this bill is in the interest of the automobile driver. While it is of benefit to him in preventing collision, it is of more advantage to the slow moving vehicle. I trust that this bill will receive the support of the House in its present shape.

Mr. KUHNS. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, this bill seems to be in a very peculiar position and there is a great state of affairs. Is it not a fact, gentlemen, that this bill was first handled by the Committee on Roads and thrown out? Is it not a fact, Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, that this same bill was picked up and given to another committee and they threw it out? Is it not also a fact this bill was amended on the floor of this House and that it didn't amount to anything? Did we not kill this bill a half a dozen times? Is it now to come back from the Senate and have we, gentlemen, all changed our minds? Is this the way we do business here? Are we men sometimes, or are we men all the time? Can you gentlemen not be satisfied if you have your ordinances in the cities and in the boroughs and then in the first class townships? We have spent time enough on this bill, and we have work enough to do to-day without spending any more time on it, and I move you that we do not concur in the amendments of the Senate, the same motion that the gentleman has already made, and that we proceed with our regular calendar.

Mr. DERSHEM. Mr. Speaker, I trust that you will not concur in this amendment made by the Senate, because, as has already been said here, this bill was twice—or bills similar to this one—was twice in the Committee on Roads and was disposed of there. Later on one of the same kind went to the Committee on Counties and Townships, and finally another bill, or this one which we have here, was sent to the Committee on Law and Order, and was then reported from that committee and then acted on in the House and was amended, striking out this very same amendment that has been put in by the Senate. I am not going to say anything about the merits of this bill, but I am sure that it would work a hardship on the people who live in the country districts. For instance, a man may go into town and expect to get home before dark and if he was delayed by some cause or another and could not reach his home before dark he would be compelled to buy a light, and according to the provisions of this bill an ordinary lantern would not answer the purpose, because it says "it must throw light one hundred feet in front and one hundred feet behind." I think this would be working an unnecessary hardship. If amended so as to apply to the boroughs or townships of the first class, I should not have any objections to it, but certainly the people in the rural districts don't want this bill, and I trust that you will vote to non-concur in the amendments.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—84.

Akers	Donahoe	Keister	Schmidt
Allen,	Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.	Schofield
Baldwin, G. A.	Eberhardt	Klumpp	Scott, J. R.
Baldwin, R.	Eichenberger	Maurer	Scott, S.
Bass	Ewing	McAleer	Shadrach,
Bentley	Fahey	McArdle	Sherwood
Blair	Fay	McClung	Steese
Bosher	Ferguson	McNichol,	Stein
Breitinger	Flynn	Miller	Swan
Campbell, C.	Freeman	Moore	Townsend
Campbell, J.	Gans	Moses	Tunis
Carter	Gilkeson	Phillips	Wallace
Clarency	Gransback	Pitchford	Walnut
Connell	Haggerty	Rath	Walton
Conrade	Hecht	Richards	Ward, W., Jr.
Cox, E.	Hormell	Riebel	Ward, W. B.
Crum	Howard	Robinson	Whitman
Curry	Hunter, J.	Robison	Wilcox
Dale	Irwin	Roney	Woodward
Davis, A.	Johnson, D.	Savidge	Young
Dearden	Johnston	Schad	Cox, J. F. Speaker

NAYS—72.

Ailman	Enbody	Kelly, M.	North
Alter	Feeney	Kelsey	Raesley
Bartman	Frey	Kinney	Reel
Bender	Good	Knight	Rider
Brehm	Graybill	Kuhns	Rockwell
Brennan	Healey	Larkins	Row
Caldwell	Henry	Lindsay	Rumsey,
Campbell, W	Herman	Lowe	Sassaman
Carroll	Hess	Magee	Shaffer
Clymer	Hibshman	Malie	Shannon
Cole	Hobbs	Martin	Shoemaker
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Marvin	Snavely
Currier	Holland	Matt	Snyder, P. W
Dallas	Hoover	McGowan	Swartz
Davis W.	Hunter, R.	McJunkin	Ulerich
Dershem	Jackson	Mills	Welch
Donnally	Jones, J. R.	Moulthrop	Williams
Dunn, H.	Keene	Newbaker	Wilson

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the amendments were not concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGES.

AMENDED HOUSE BILLS RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 231:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act relating to damages for injuries producing death" approved the twenty-sixth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five so as to provide that certain surviving relatives of the deceased may recover damages whether such surviving relatives be citizens of this Commonwealth or not

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 31, after the word "intestacy" insert the following "and that without liability to creditors."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—164.

Allen	Fahey	Kern,	Richards
Alter	Feeney	Klingerman,	Rider
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Kinney	Riebel
Bartman	Flynn	Klumpp,	Robinson
Bass	Freeman	Knight,	Robison
Benson	Frey	Kuhns,	Rockwell

Bentley	Gans	Lafferty,	Roney
Bosher	Gibson	Larkins,	Row
Breitinger	Gilkeson	Light,	Sassaman
Caldwell	Good	Lowe	Savidge
Campbell, C.	Gransback	Magee,	Schad
Campbell, J.	Graybill	Malie,	Schofield
Campbell, W.	Grove	Mannion,	Scott, J.
Carroll	Guyaux	Marvin,	Scott, S.
Carter	Haggerty	Matt,	Shadrach
Clarency	Halferty	Maurer,	Shannon
Cleary	Hecht	McAleer,	Sherwood
Cole	Henry	McArdle,	Shreve
Connell	Herman	McGowan,	Snavely
Conner, P.	Hess	McInerney,	Snyder, A.
Conner, W.	Hibshman	McJunkin,	Speer,
Conrade	Hilton	McKean,	Steese,
Cox, E.	Hobbs	McMullen,	Swan
Crum	Hoffman	McNichol,	Swartz
Curry	Holland	Miller,	Townsend
Dale	Hoover	Moore,	Tunis
Dallas	Hormell	Morris,	Ulerich
Davis, A.	Howard	Moses	Von Tacky
Davis, W.	Hunter, J. N.	Moulthrop	Wallace
Dearden	Irwin	Neel	Walnut
Dershem	Jackson,	Newbaker	Walton
Detzel	Johnson, C.	North	Ward, W., Jr.
Donahoe	Johnson, D.	Perry	Ward, W. B.
Donnally	Johnston,	Piper	Watts
Dunn, H.	Jones, E.	Pitchford	Whitman
Dunn, J.	Jones, J.	Raesley	Wilcox
Ehrhardt	Keely,	Reel	Williams
Eichenberger	Keene,	Reeser	Wilson
Enbody	Keister,	Reno	Woodward
Ewing	Kelley, J.	Reyburn	Young
Fay	Kelsey,	Rhoads	Cox, J. Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 325:

An act for the protection of shade and fruit trees growing on or along any highway street or road

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 6, after the word "shall" strike out the following "wilfully and maliciously."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—150.

Abbott	Ewing	Kelsey,	Rockwell
Allman	Fay	Kern,	Roney
Allen	Ferguson	Klumpp,	Ramsey
Anderson	Fitzgerald,	Knight,	Sassaman
Baldwin, G.	Freeman	Larkins,	Savidge
Baldwin, R.	Frey	Leh,	Schmidt
Bass	Geary	Light,	Schofield
Bender	Gibson	Lindsay,	Schultz
Bentley	Gilkeson	Magee,	Scott, J.
Billman	Good	Mannion,	Shadrach
Blair	Gransback	Martin,	Shaffer
Bosher	Gray	Matt,	Shannon
Boyd	Grove	McAleer,	Sherwood
Brehm	Guyaux	McClung,	Shreve
Breitinger	Halferty	McInerney,	Snyder, P.
Caldwell	Healey	McJunkin,	Speer,
Campbell, C.	Henry	McMullen,	Steese,
Campbell, W.	Herman	Miller,	Stein,
Carroll	Hess	Mills,	Swan
Carter	Hibshman	Moore,	Swartz
Cleary	Hobbs	Morris,	Townsend
Clymer	Hoffman	Moses	Tunis
Cole	Hoover	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Connell	Hormell	Newbaker	Wallace
Conner, W.	Hough	Perry	Walnut
Conrade	Howard	Phillips	Walton
Cox, E.	Hunter, J. N.	Piper	Ward, W., Jr.
Crum	Hunter, R. P.	Raesley	Ward, W. B.
Currier	Jackson,	Rath	Watts
Curry	Johnson, C.	Reece	Welch
Dale	Johnston,	Reel	Whitman
Davis, W.	Jones, E.	Reno	Wilcox
Dearden	Keely,	Rhoads	Williams
Detzel	Keene,	Richards	Wilson
Donnally	Keister,	Rider	Woodward
Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.	Riebel	Young
Ehrhardt	Kelly, M.	Robison	Cox, J. Speaker
Enbody			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 601:

An act regulating the exhibiting or using of moving pictures and stereopticon views providing for and regulating the examination and approval of moving picture films or reels and stereopticon views and fixing penalties for the violation of this act

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend title by striking out after the word "regulating" the word "their" and insert in lieu thereof the word "the" and insert after the word "examination" the following: "and approved of moving picture films or reels and stereopticon views."

Section 3, line 4, after the word "annually" strike out the word "or" and insert in lieu thereof the word "on."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—152.

Abbott	Dunn, H.	Kelly, M.	Richards
Allman	Ehrhardt	Kern	Riebel
Allen	Eichenberger	Klingerman,	Robinson
Alter	Ewing	Klumpp,	Robison
Anderson	Fahey	Kuhns,	Roney
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Lafferty,	Row
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Larkins,	Sassaman
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Leh,	Savidge
Bass	Freeman	Lindsay,	Schad
Bender	Gans	Lowe,	Schofield
Benson	Gibson	Magee,	Schultz
Bentley	Gilkeson	Mannion,	Scott, J.
Blair	Good	Martin,	Scott, S.
Bosher	Gransback	Marvin,	Shadrach
Boyd	Gray	Matt	Shannon
Brehm	Graybill	McAleer,	Sherwood
Brennan	Guyaux	McClung,	Shreve
Caldwell	Haggerty	McInerney,	Snyder, A.
Campbell, C.	Healey	McKean,	Speer,
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McMullen,	Steese,
Carroll	Henry	Miller	Stein,
Carter	Hess	Mills,	Swartz
Clarency	Hilton	Moore,	Townsend
Cleary	Hobbs	Morris,	Tunis
Clymer	Holland	Moses	Ulerich
Cole	Hoover	Moulthrop	Von Tacky
Connell	Hormell	Neel	Wallace
Conner, P.	Hough	North	Ward, W., Jr.
Conner, W.	Hunter, J. N.	Perry	Ward, W. B.
Cox, E.	Hunter, R. P.	Phillips	Watts
Crum	Jackson,	Piper	Welch
Currier	Johnson, C.	Raesley	Whitman
Curry	Johnson, D.	Rath	Wilcox
Dale	Johnston,	Reece	Williams
Davis, A.	Jones, E.	Reel	Wilson
Davis, W.	Keely,	Reeser	Woodward
Dearden	Keene,	Reyburn	Young
Detzel	Kelley, J.	Rhoads	Cox, J. Speaker
Donnally			

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 634:

An act prohibiting hospitals not having a medical college adjunct and other institutions receiving State aid from restricting pay patients in the selection of physicians and surgeons not connected with said institutions and providing penalty therefor

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the title by inserting after the word "hospitals" in the first line the words "not having a medical adjunct."

Section 1, line 15, after the word "patients" add the following: "Provided that this act shall not apply to hospitals having as an adjunct a medical college having a complete medical curriculum."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—149.

Abbott	Fay	Lafferty	Robinson
Ailman	Feeney	Larkins	Robison
Akers	Fitzgerald	Leh	Roney
Allen	Flynn	Light	Row
Alter	Frey	Lindsay	Rumsey
Baldwin, G.	Geary	Lowe	Sassaman
Bass	Gibson	Magee	Savidge
Bender	Gilkeson	Mannion	Schad
Benson	Good	Martin	Schmidt
Billman	Gransback	Marvin	Schofield
Blair	Gray	McAleer	Scott, J.
Bosher	Graybill	McArdle	Scott, S.
Bossert	Grove	McClung	Shadrach
Breitinger	Haggerty	McInerney	Shaffer
Brennan	Halferty	McJunkin	Shern
Caldwell	Healey	McMullen	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Hecht	McNichol	Shreve
Campbell, J.	Herman	Miller	Snavely
Carter	Hess	Moore	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hibshman	Morris	Speer
Clymer	Hilton	Moulthrop	Stein
Cole	Hobbs	Neel	Swan
Conner, P.	Hoover	Newbaker	Swartz
Conner, W.	Hough	North	Townsend
Conrade	Howard	Phillips	Tunis
Cox, E.	Hunter, R. P.,	Piper	Von Tacky
Currier	Johnson, C. V.,	Pitchford	Walton
Curry	Johnson, D. D.,	Raesley	Ward, W., Jr.
Dearden	Johnston	Rath	Ward, W. B.
Dershem	Jones, E. E.,	Reece	Watts
Detzel	Keely,	Reel	Welch
Donnally	Keene,	Reeser	Whitman
Dunn, H.	Keister	Reno	Williams
Dunn, J.	Kelsey,	Rhoads	Wilson
Ehrhardt	Klingerman	Richards	Woodward
Eichenberger	Klumpp	Rider	Young
Ewing	Kuhns	Riebel	Cox, J.
Fahey			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 620:

An act to authorize the publication binding and distribution of one thousand (1000) additional copies of Smull's Legislative Hand Book for the use of the State Railroad Commission the Water Supply Commission the Superintendent of State Police and the Commissioner of Health

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the title by striking out after the word "of" in the first line the words and figures "eight hundred (800)" and inserting in lieu thereof the words and figures "one thousand (1,000);" strike out the word "and" after the word "police" in the fourth line; at the end of the title add the following "and the Dairy and Food Commissioner."

Amend the preamble by inserting after the word "since" the words "and before."

Line 10, insert after the word "the" and before the word "State" the words "departments of."

Line 11, after the word "police" strike out the word "and" and insert after the word "health" the words "and the Dairy and Food Commissioner."

Section 1, line 4, strike out the words and figures "eight hundred (800)" and insert in lieu thereof the words and figures "one thousand (1,000)."

Line 8 after the word "police" strike out the word "and" and insert after the word "health" the words "and the Dairy and Food Commissioner."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—134.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Klumpp,	Rockwell
Ailman	Eichenberger	Kuhns,	Roney
Akers	Ewing	Larkins,	Rumsey
Allen	Fay	Leh	Sassaman
Alter	Feeney	Light,	Schad
Baldwin, E.	Ferguson	Magee,	Schmidt
Bartman	Flynn	Malie,	Schofield
Bass	Frey	Martin,	Scott, J.
Bender	Gans	Marvin,	Scott, S.
Bentley	Gibson	McAleer,	Shadrach
Blair	Gilkeson	McClung,	Shaffer
Bosher	Good	McInerney,	Shannon
Boyd	Gransback	McKean,	Sherwood
Brehm	Graybill	McMullen,	Shoemaker
Breitinger	Grove	Miller,	Shreve
Caldwell	Haggerty	Moore,	Snyder, P.
Campbell,	Hecht	Morris,	Speer,
Campbell, W.	Herman	Moses	Stein,
Carroll	Hess	Moulthrop	Swartz
Carter	Hobbs	Neel	Townsend
Cleary	Hoover	Newbaker	Tunis
Cole	Hormell	North	Von Tacky
Connell	Hough	Phillips	Walnut
Conner, P.	Hunter, J. N.	Pitchford	Walton
Conrade	Hunter, R. P.	Rath	Ward, W., Jr.
Cox, E.	Jackson,	Reece	Ward, W. B.
Cumbler	Johnson, C,	Reel	Watts
Currier	Johnson, D,	Reno	Whitman
Dale	Johnston,	Reyburn	Williams
Davis	Jones, J.	Richards	Wilson
Davis, A.	Keely,	Riebel	Woodward
Dearden	Keister,	Robinson	Young
Detzel	Kelly, M.	Robison	Cox, J.
Donnally	Kelsey,		Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE ADOPTS REPORT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON SENATE BILL NO. 127.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has adopted the report of the Committee on Conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two Houses on bill, numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

Senate Bill No. 127:

An act establishing in each county a board of viewers prescribing their duties providing for their appointment as viewers road juries juries of view and commissioners to view land and providing for the charges upon the respective counties in the matter of salaries costs and expenses thereof

Mr. SCHAD called up the report of the Committee of Conference on Senate Bill No. 127.

The report as agreed upon was read as follows:

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON SENATE BILL NO. 127.

To the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned Committee of Conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives, for the purpose of considering Senate Bill No. 127, entitled "An Act establishing in each county a board of viewers, prescribing their duties, providing for their appointment as viewers, road juries, juries of view and commissioners to view land, and providing for the charges upon the respective counties in the matter of salaries, costs and expenses thereof, beg leave to submit the following amended bill as our report:

ERNEST A. TUSTIN,
JAMES P. McNICHOL,
JAMES L. ADAMS,
Committee on the part of Senate.
G. J. SCHAD,
E. E. JONES,
JOHN R. K. SCOTT,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act establishing in each county a board of viewers prescribing their duties providing for their appointment as viewers road juries juries of view and commissioners to view land and providing for the charges upon the respective counties in the matter of salaries costs and expenses thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That there is hereby established in each county of this Commonwealth a board of viewers In counties containing over one million inhabitants such board shall not consist of less than six nor more than nine members one-third of whom shall be learned in the law and members of the bar of the proper county In each county containing less than one million inhabitants said board shall consist of not less than three nor more than nine members one-third of whom may be surveyors or members of the bar of the proper county The Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of the proper county shall in each case determine within the aforesaid limits the total number of members of which the board shall be composed fixing and determining such number as shall be deemed necessary for the proper performance of the duties imposed upon the board with power in the court from time to time to change the number within the above stated limit as to the total number of members Each member of the board of viewers must be at least twenty-five years of age must be a freeholder must be qualified elector of the proper county must have resided therein for five years immediately prior to his appointment and must not be engaged in any public employment of profit The office of any member of the board shall be vacant immediately upon his ceasing to be a resident of the county in which he shall be appointed or upon his ceasing to possess any of the qualifications above required the court of the proper county being empowered from time to time to determine summarily any facts thus bringing about a vacancy in the office and being authorized to fill vacancies thus arising in the manner hereinafter set forth

Section 2 Immediately after the approval of this act the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of each county shall appoint the members of the board of viewers for their respective counties In counties having more than one Court of Common Pleas the Judges of all the Courts of Common Pleas shall meet as a body and shall make such appointment In judicial districts which comprise more than one county such appointment for each county shall be made by the Judge or Judges of the judicial district in which said county shall be situated

The Courts of Common Pleas of the respective counties shall make such rules and regulations for the government of said boards and the proceedings thereof not inconsistent with the provisions thereof as they respectively shall deem proper which rules and regulations said courts from time to time may alter amend modify and rescind

Section 3 Each of the members of the said board of viewers shall be appointed for a term of three years from the date of his appointment whether such appointment be to fill an original or partly expired term Members may be reappointed from time to time when vacancies shall occurr All appointments shall be subject to the powers of the respective Courts of Common Pleas of the respective counties at any time for causes to them satisfactory to remove members of said board before the expiration of their respective terms of office and to appoint successors

In the event of any vacancy in the board of viewers of any county caused by death resignation removal from office by the Court removal of the member from the county or by reason of inability neglect or refusal to perform the duties of the office or because of expiration of term or for any other cause the Judges of the respective Courts of Common Pleas may in the same manner as provided in the case of making an original appointment appoint a new member or members of said board possessing the qualifications herein required The persons thus appointed to fill any vacancy shall hold his office for the term of three years subject as above provided Each member of the board of viewers before entering upon the duties of his office shall take and subscribe to an oath or affirmation to perform faithfully all the duties imposed on him by law

Section 4 In counties having more than one million inhabitants each member of said board of viewers shall receive an annual salary of five thousand dollars payable quarterly out of the treasury of the proper county

In counties containing less than one million inhabitants each member of the said board of viewers shall receive and be paid out of the treasury of the proper county the sum of not less than two or more than five dollars for each day actually and necessarily spent by him in the performance of the duties of his office as the judge of the proper county may determine The same shall be paid monthly under such conditions as to verification of time of employment as may be prescribed by the rules and regulations which shall be made in that behalf by the courts of the respective counties

Section 5 Whenever hereafter a petition shall be presented to any court judge or judges of this Commonwealth praying the appointment of viewers reviewers or re-reviewers or of a jury of view or of a road jury or of commissioners of view or of any person or body under any designation for the purpose of viewing laying out opening grading altering widening vacating or constructing of roads streets highways sewers or bridges of for the assessment of damages and benefits occasioned by such laying out opening grading altering widening vacating and constructing of roads streets highways sewers or bridges or occasioned by any appropriation of land by municipalities and of other corporations having the power of eminent domain the court shall appoint a board of view of three members one of whom shall be learned in the law from among the board of viewers of the county as such viewers reviewers reviewers or jury of view or road jury or commissioners of view

The records filed by such board of view when concurred in by two of these three members thereof shall have the same force and effect as records filed under existing laws by viewers reviewers re-reviewers or juries of view or road juries or commissioners of view

Appeals from the action of any board of view and exceptions thereto shall be taken and filed in the same manner and with like force and effect as under existing laws

In case of vacancies in a board of view appointed in any case and before its final action the court which appointed the board may fill such vacancies in the board by the appointment of other members of the board of viewers

Section 6 Hearing or trial lists shall be prepared by the respective county boards or viewers or by their direction fixing a proper number of cases for each day to occupy the time of the sessions of the viewers Said lists to be prepared such time in advance of the actual hearings and circulated in such manner as may be directed by standing rule or otherwise by the courts of the respective counties

The courts of common pleas of the respective counties are authorized to make and from time to time to alter such rules and regulations with respect to such trial lists and their preparation and the allotment of cases Such rules and regulations when thus prescribed must be followed by the board of viewers in the conduct of cases

Section 7 All hearings of the board of viewers shall be held publicly in the court house of the courts of common pleas of the respective counties or in some other suitable place or places designated in each county by the courts thereof It shall be the duty of the proper authorities to prepare and furnish said places and to provide for the proper lighting heating and care of the same and to furnish such facilities and do such things as shall be proper to enable boards of view fully to discharge their duties

Section 8 The Board of Viewers of the respective counties and the Boards of View shall in the performance of their duties act in accordance with such rules as shall be adopted by the courts of common pleas of the respective counties and also under such rules and regulations as they may themselves with the approval of the proper court or courts of common pleas of the respective counties prescribe

Whenever in the opinion of the Board of Viewers it shall be desirable accurate stenographic reports of hearings before the respective Boards of View shall be kept and copies of such reports shall be furnished to the parties interested when desired upon the payment of such sums as shall be fixed by rules and regulations of the respective courts of common pleas

The said Board of Viewers shall employ such stenographers and clerical assistants as the county commissioners or the legislative body of the county shall authorize The salary or compensation of such stenographers and clerical assistants shall be fixed by the said county commissioners or the legislative body of the county and shall be paid out of the treasury of the proper county as shall all other costs attendant upon the discharge by the Boards of Viewers and Boards of View of their duties

Section 9 It shall be the duty of the Board of View appointed in each case to prepare and file in the proper court a report which shall set forth in brief and consise paragraphic forms all findings of facts and conclusions of law a statement of the amount of damages or benefits assessed and attach to the said report a plan showing the properties affected Every report must be concurred in and signed by at least two of the viewers and no report shall be made unless concurred in and signed save a report of inability to reach conclusions In case of failure of any board to file such report for any reason a new Board of View shall be appointed in the way provided in the original appointment

Any report so concurred in and signed and filed shall have the same force and effect as would result from the filing under existing law of the reports of viewers reviewers re-reviewers jury of view road jury commissioners of view or other persons or bodies

In every case at least two of the three viewers appointed for the purpose shall view the premises in question

Section 10 The proceedings by way of exception appeal and otherwise upon filing of reports of said Board of View shall be in all respects the same as those provided under existing laws in the case of appeals from viewers reviewers re-reviewers juries of view road juries or commissioners of view

Section 11 In all cases now pending where viewers have been appointed under existing laws the proceeding shall continue to a conclusion in accordance therewith Where petitions have been filed but viewers have not been appointed all petitions shall be in accordance with this act

Section 12 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House adopt the report of the Committee on Conference?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—115.

Abbott	Cox, E.	Henry	Moulthrop
Akers	Crum	Hobbs	Phillips
Allen	Cumbler	Hormell	**Reeser**
Alter	Currier	Howard	**Reyburn**
Anderson	**Curry**	Hunter, R. P.	**Richards**
Bartman	Dale	Irwin	Riebel
Bass	Dallas	Johnson, C,	**Robinson**
Bender	Davis, A.	Johnson, D,	Roney
Benson	Detzel	Johnston,	Sassaman
Bentley	**Ehrhardt**	Jones, E,	**Savidge**
Blair	**Eichenberger**	Keene,	Schad
Bosher	Ewing	Keister,	**Schmidt**
Boyd	Fahey	Kern,	Schofield
Brehm	**Fay**	Kinney	Scott, J.
Breitinger	Fitzgerald	Klingerman,	Scott, S.
Brennan	Flynn	Klumpp,	Shadrach
Caldwell	Freeman	Larkins,	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Frey	Lindsay,	Speer,
Campbell, J.	**Gans**	Magee,	Stein,
Campbell, W.	**Gilkeson**	Malle,	**Swan**
Carroll	**Good**	Mannion,	Townsend
Carter	Gransback	McAleer,	Tunis
Clarency	Gray	McArdle,	Von Tacky
Cleary	Grove	McClung,	Ward, W., Jr.
Clymer	Guyaux	McMullen,	Welch
Connell	Haggerty	McNichol,	**Wilcox**
Conner, P.	Halferty	Miller,	Woodward
Conner, W.	Healey	Moore,	Young
Conrade	Hecht	Morris,	Cox, J. Speaker

NAYS—49.

Allman	Hoover	McJunkin,	**Row**
Baldwin, G.	Hunter, J. N.	Mills,	Rumsey
Baldwin, R.	Jones, J,	Moses	Shannon
Cole	Kelly, M.	Neel	Snavely
Davis, W.	Knight,	**Newbaker**	Snyder, P.
Dershem	Kuhns,	North	Ulerich
Donnally	Lafferty,	**Pitchford**	Wallace
Enbody	Light,	**Raesley**	Walnut
Graybill	Martin,	Reel	Ward, W. B.
Hess	Marvin,	Reno	Watts
Hibshman	Matt,	**Rhoads**	Williams
Hoffman	Maurer,	Rockwell	Wilson
Holland			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGES.

AMENDED HOUSE BILLS RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 479:

An act to authorize the appointment by county commissioners of assessors in counties having not less than two hundred thousand nor more than three hundred twenty-five thousand inhabitants prescribing their powers duties and procedure and fixing salaries thereof and providing for the abolition of the office of assessor now existing in said counties

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the title by striking out the first line after the word "commissioners" the word "election."

Line 2, after the word "of" strike out the word "one;" and after the word "assessors" strike out the following "in each legislative district and three assessors from the county at large."

At the end of the title add the following: "and providing for the abolition of the office of assessor now existing in said counties."

Section 1, line 7, after the word "appoint" strike out the following: "voters of each legislative district of such counties shall elect."

Line 8 strike out the word "one" and insert in lieu thereof the word "nine."

Line 9, strike out the word "district" and insert the word "county;" strike out the words "he is" and insert in lieu thereof the word "they;" strike out the word "elected" after the word "appointed."

Line 10, after the word "thereto" strike out the following: "in each legislative district within the county and the voters of such county shall elect three from the county at large."

Strike out all of line 14 after the word "party" and lines fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five and twenty-six.

Section 2, insert before the word "the" the words "the county commissioners and."

Line 2, after the word "appointed" strike out the word "elected;" insert after the word "shall" the following: "subdivide the county into convenient districts and shall."

Section 3, line 5, after the word "within" strike out the words "the legislative district for which they are appointed."

Line 6, strike out the word "elected" and insert the words "such county."

Line 23, strike out after the word "March" the words "to hear complaints" and insert in lieu thereof the words "and shall continue to sit from day to day until all complaints shall have been heard."

Section 4, line 3, after the word "the" insert the word "county" and strike out the words "district for which they are appointed."

Line 4, strike out the word "elected."

Section 5, line 3, after the word "made" strike out the words "said assessors shall have been elected and qualified."

Line 4, after the word "act" insert the words "and thereupon their office shall become abolished."

Section 6, line 4, after the word "appointed" strike out the word "elected."

Line 8, after the word "appeal" strike out the following: "and each of the assessors from the respective legislative districts shall become a member of the board of revision for the legislative district of which he is a resident and the three assessors elected at large shall also become members of the board for the revision of assessment."

Section 7, line 12, after the word "commissioners" strike out the words "Boards of Assessors."

Line 13, after the word "assessor" strike out the words "for each legislative district."

Line, 15, after the word "assessor" strike out the following: "and for the three assessors at large annum for each assessor for each of such assessors shall be fifteen hundred dollars ($1500) per annum

Section 8, line 5, after the word "clerks" strike out "at an expense not exceeding fifteen hundred dollars ($1500) per annum" and insert "subject to the action of the salary board as provided by law"

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. HOBBS. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Lackawanna, Mr. Hobbs.

Mr. HOBBS. Mr. Speaker, I wish to call the attention of the members of the House to the fact that this bill was amended in the House to make the assessors elective rather than appointive, and after it was acted upon in the Senate we find that it was amended to its original form with some variations. This bill as it now stands authorizes the county commissioners to appoint nine assessors at large in counties containing more than two hundred thousand and less than three hundred and twenty-five thousand inhabitants. It seems to me that to give the county commissioners the supreme power without constituting the board of revision gives that body a privilege of fixing valuations to suit themselves regardless of the wishes of the people. I don't believe that it is good policy to get away from the people. Let the voters of these counties—and there are only three counties which are affected—Lackawanna, Schuylkill and Westmoreland; let the people have a voice in this election and selection of their assessors so that they may be fairly represented. This bill as it now stands ignores the rights of the people, and owing to the conditions, especially in Lackwanna county, the people have been unjustly and unfairly dealt with by the members of the county commission. Therefore, gentlemen, believeing that it is to the interests of all the people of this House and every county in the State to establish the principle or maintain the principle to give the people a voice in the selection of their officials, and I hope that this amendment will not be concurred in.

Mr. ULERICH. Mr. Speaker, this bill affects three counties, and Westmoreland is one of them. When this bill was taken over to the Senate from the House we agreed to do it because we expected if it would be amended that it would be amended to suit us. It does not suit us now. It provides for appointing by the county commissioners. The total cost of assessing in Westmoreland county under this bill would be about twenty-eight thousand dollars. I saw the county commissioners last Saturday, and I was told that in Westmoreland county the cost to assess property would be increased almost three times, as the present cost is ten thousand dollars. If we were sure that this would make a better assessment and that the property would be valued better than it is at the present time we would be glad to go along, but we have no reason at all for believeing that it will.

Mr. BRENNAN. Mr. Speaker, as a member from Schuylkill county I wish to say to the members on the floor of this House that I haven't learned from any of my constituents that they wanted any change of this kind to take the electing of the assessors away from the people. On the contrary, they are opposed to it as a whole. There are a few in my county, I presume, that are anxious for a bill of this kind to pass. By the passage of this bill it will increase the expense to twenty-four thousand dollars, and I am opposed to the measure from the fact that my constituents are not desirous of having this bill, and I will ask the members of this House to relieve us from an imposition of this kind.

On the quesetion recurring,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—85.

Abbott	Davis, A.	Klingerman,	Robison
Akers	Dunn, H.	Klumpp,	Roney
Allen	Dunn, J.	Magee,	Savidge
Alter	Ehrhardt,	Malie,	Schad
Anderson	Eichenberger	Mannion,	Schmidt
Bartman	Fahey	Marvin,	Schofield
Bass	Fay	McArdle,	Scott, J.
Bentley	Gans,	McInerney,	Shadrach
Blair	Geary	McMullen	Shannon
Bosher	Gransback	McNichol,	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	Miller,	Shreve
Carroll	Halferty	Moore,	Steese,
Carter	Healey	Morris,	Stein,
Clarency	Hecht	Perry	Swan
Connell	Hormell	Phillips	Townsend
Conner, P.	Howard	Rath	Tunis
Conner, W.	Irwin	Reel	Ward, W., Jr.
Conrade	Johnson, C.	Reno	Ward, W. B.
Cox, E.	Jones, E.	Rhoads	Woodward
Crum	Keene,	Richards	Young
Curry	Keister,	Riebel	Cox, J.
Dale			Speaker

NAYS—73.

Ailman	Ferguson	Kinney	Reece
Baldwin, G.	Fitzgerald	Knight,	Rider
Baldwin, R.	Flynn	Kuhns,	Rockwell
Bender	Freeman	Lafferty,	Row
Boyd	Gilkeson	Larkins,	Rumsey
Brehm	Herman	Light,	Sassaman
Brennan	Hess	Lowe,	Scott, S.
Caldwell	Hobbs	Martin,	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Hoffman	Matt,	Snavely
Climer	Holland	Maurer,	Swartz
Cole	Hoover	McJunkin,	Ulerich
Currier	Hough	McKean,	Von Tacky
Dallas	Hunter, J. N.	Moses	Wallace

Davis, W.	Hunter, R. P.	Neel	Walnut
Dershem	Jackson,	Newbaker	Welch
Donahoe	Jones, J. R.	North	Wilcox
Enbody	Kelly, M.	Piper	Williams
Feeney	Kern,	Raesley	Wilson

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the amendments were not concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

HOUSE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY THE SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 2:

An act fixing the time when the term of office of judges of the supreme and superior common pleas and orphans' court learned in the law shall commence and the time of the nomination and election of successors to judges of the common pleas and orphans' courts whose commissions expire in odd numbered years

House Bill No. 547:

An act to amend section two of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act regulating the sale of milk and its fluid derivatives in cities of the first class providing for the licensing of those engaged in that business and providing penalties for the violation thereof" by providing for the revocation of the licenses of second offenders against the requirements of the Board of Health or against the laws or ordinances regulating or relating to milk or its fluid derivatives in such cities

with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

BILL ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the second reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1369 (Senate No. 379) as follows:

An act authorizing the Battlefield Commission of the Third Division Ninth Corps Army of the Potomac to purchase additional ground and authorizing the preparation and publication of a history of the proceedings incident to the erection and dedication of the monument at Petersburg Virginia including a history of the Pennsylvania regiments in said Division and making an appropriation therefor

Whereas In accordance with the provisions of an Act of Assembly approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and a supplementary Act of Assembly approved the twenty-second day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine provision was made for the erection of a monument at Petersburg Virginia to commemorate the services of the men of the First and Second Brigades of the Third Division Ninth Corps Army of the Potomac composed of certain regiments of Pennsylvania infantry and

Whereas A commission was provided for and charged with the duty of erecting and dedicating said monument and an appropriation was made for defraying the expenses incident to said erecting and dedication and

Whereas The said monument was unveiled and dedicated on the nineteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine in the presence of the President of the United States the Governor of this Commonwealth the Governor of Virginia the Governor of the surviving veterans of said regiments and a great concourse of people and

Whereas Out of the moneys appropriated for the erection and dedication of said monument there remained in the hands of said commission the sum of five hundred twenty-seven dollars and sixty-three cents ($527.63) of which the sum of three thousand three hundred dollars has been returned to the State Treasury thus leaving in the hands of said commission an unexpended balance of one thousand three hundred and twenty-seven dollars and sixty-three cents and

Whereas To afford a better view of said monument to visitors and to render it more accessible it is highly expedient that a small piece of ground immediately adjacent to that upon which said monument is erected be purchased and

Whereas It is eminently fitting and proper that the proceedings of said commission with an account of the dedication the addresses then and there delivered and a history of said regiments be published

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the said Battlefield Commission of the Third Division Ninth Corps Army of the Potomac be and hereby authorized and directed to use the said unexpended balance of one thousand three hundred twenty-seven dollars and sixty-three cents or so much thereof as may be necessary in the purchase of a small piece of ground immediately adjacent to the ground upon which said monument is erected taking title to same in the name of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and to prepare a history of the proceedings of said commission and of the said dedication such history to contain illustrations showing views of said monument and other views of the ceremonies of unveiling and dedication together with portraits of the President of said Governors and of others connected with said ceremonies Such history of the proceedings shall also contain a brief history of said regiments

That upon the completion of the manuscript of said history of such proceedings and dedication it shall be delivered to the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding who shall at the expense of the Commonwealth provide for the printing and binding of the same in book form not to exceed two thousand five hundred copies Upon the completion of the work the said Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding shall deliver said books to the said Battlefield Commission for distribution

Ten of said copies shall be for the use of the Governor five each for the Lieutenant Governor and the heads of the various departments and the remainder shall be for the use of the surviving veterans of said regiments and such public libraries of this Commonwealth as the commission may determine

Section 2 The sum of one thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated for the following purposes namely For editing revising compiling proof-reading copying classifying and indexing said history the sum of five hundred dollars and for printing and binding the same the sum of five hundred dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered. To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. TUNIS. Mr. Speaker, I desire at this time to call up Senate Bill No. 159 (House No. 1280) from page 1 of to-day's calendar, appropriation bills on third reading postponed for the present.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1280 (Senate No. 159), as follows:

An act to provide within the following boundaries namely On the west by the present eastern line of Capitol Park on the north by the southern line of North street on the east by the western line of the right of way of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and on the south by the northern line of Walnut street for the extension of Capitol Park in the city of Harrisburg and for the acquiring taking and condemnation of the real estate in connection therewith and within said boundaries and for the demolition of the buildings and structures thereon and making an appropriation therefor and also for the expenses and cost in connection therewith

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. TUNIS. Mr. Speaker,

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Dauphin, Mr. Tunis.

Mr. TUNIS. Mr. Speaker, I realize that I should take up as little of your time as possible, and when I say that I will take up but little of your time I intend to do so, and mean it in all earnestness. Every man here knows what this bill provides for; it is known as the Capitol Park Extention Bill. In the sessions of 1905, 1907 and 1909 this bill was before this House, and in 1911 it passed the Senate by an almost unanimous vote, and at no time any more than 6 or 7 votes were cast against it in the Senate. In the session of 1909 this bill, the very first time on consideration, lacked but two votes of passing, and the second time it was called up it was passed by a very substantial majority during the closing hours of the session, and it was sent to the Executive, Governor Stuart, and lay in his hands for thirty days, and on the last day he had to exercise the right of veto, in the last hour, in the last half hour he vetoed the bill, and in vetoing it he declared "I veto this bill the most reluctantly of any piece of legislation that I have ever vetoed, and I only veto it because I fear the revenue is not obtainable." It has been the idea of a great many of the members of this House that this is a project presented for the benefit of this city. I want to say to you gentlemen that if I were a man of a selfish nature I would possibly be one of the last ones to advocate the passage of this bill, because it wipes out what I would term the largest political asset that I hold in Harrisburg. It wipes out a section of this city in which there were but thirty-one votes cast against me both times that I ran for the Legislature. This bill is not proposed selfishly, or for the benefit of Harrisburg as a city. Harrisburg does not need it. This Commonwealth of Pennsylvania needs it. The Executive seat of this State needs it. Harrisburg has expended in a little over eight years over two million dollars for public parks. Seven hundred and forty-eight acres of Harrisburg is to-day the park system of Harrisburg.

I say to you gentlemen that this is for you; it is for our people; it is for the people of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and not for the people of Harrisburg alone. I pass through this Capitol Park four times every day, and the persons who occupy what there is of this park now are ninety-five per cent. visitors. I know that Harrisburg people don't use it as a park; this park is used almost entirely by the people from all over the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Some years ago, in the remembrance of many of you, this site was offered for one hundred and thirty thousand dollars. The plot of ground upon which this building stands to-day cannot be bought for seven millions of dollars, and to clear your minds as to this particular appropriation, this carries with it $100.000 for the first year and $100.000 for the second year, and $400,000 for subsequent years up to $2.000,000. This will not work any hardship on this State. This plot covers a space of 28 acres of ground. In order that you may fully understand how the values were arrived at, I wish to say that a little over two years ago former Governor Stuart created a board of appraisers of three men, consisting of a real estate expert, accompanied by a builder and another real estate man, and they made a minute examination of every property in this district, as to ground value, property value and business value, and to that they added twenty-five per cent. to be added to that value, and the aggregate was but $1,800.-000. While they thought they were low, they had the Board of Tax Revision to verify it from their file, and they made a statement of the assessed valuation of this district, and it was less than nine hundred thousand dollars—or less than one-half their appraisement. If anybody wants to be fair these figures are self-evident. You all know that any man who owns property in that district could not hope to get double its assessment, and if they were paid double the assessment in that district, this amount called for in this appropriation would cover the entire amount. I say that on my word of honor, and I can prove it with facts and figures compiled by the Board of Appraisement appointed by former Governor Stuart.

The object of this is not to beautify my home town; it is to beautify the Capitol City of this great Commonwealth, and if there is one man in this House to-day that can show me one feature that can be honestly brought against this bill, or can show why the State should not take it or why they should not have taken it ten years ago instead of now, I should like to hear from him. Gentlemen, I thank you very kindly. (Prolonged applause.)

Mr. ROCKWELL. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I dislike very much to take issue with the gentleman from Dauphin and his colleague, as they have been very pleasant with all of us. This is a proposition that does not affect this one county alone. As has been said, this bill was here in 1905, in 1907, in 1909 and is now again before us. It has been turned down by the three previous legislatures. Were they not as competent to judge as we are? Were they not, in fact, more so when the project was in its infancy.

Mr. TUNIS. Will the gentleman permit me to interrogate him?

Mr. ROCKWELL. Certainly.

Mr. TUNIS. What three legislatures turned down this proposition?

Mr. ROCKWELL. The legislatures of 1905, 1907 and 1909.

Mr. TUNIS. In 1909 it was passed by the Legislature and reluctantly vetoed by Governor Stuart in the last hour remaining for him to veto it, as I have before stated.

Mr. ROCKWELL. My contention is that the Governor constitutes part of the Legislature; no bill can be passed unless approved by the Governor. This reminds me of the old woman, after she had been married for some time and made some complaint, some one asked her why she married the man, and she replied, "He asked me to marry him time and time again, until I finally married him to get rid of him," and it may be that we will have to pass this bill finally to get rid of it. If it keeps on coming up for a great many more terms, the money it is costing to take care of it, the printing of these bills, will equal the amount involved in this proposed purchase. Why is this bill here. It seems to me that it is an unreasonable proposition? Why is it an unreasonable proposition? Because it is to take nine city blocks lying eastwardly from the Capitol, away down to the street below here comprising practically twenty-six acres of land, consisting of a portion of built-up property. To remove all of that property at the expense of the State and putting it into a park—that is why it is an unreasonable proposition. Suppose you people who are familiar with the New York State Capitol at Albany were told that there was a proposition on foot to take twenty-six acres of the built-up property around the State Capitol at Albany to put that into a State park, what would you say to that? My idea would be that if the State really attempted to do that, that they would have money to burn. To me it seems like a needless expense. We have around this Capitol now, as far as I have been able to learn, a larger tract of property than any State capitol that I know of. The gentleman who has spoken before me has said that it ought to be larger to accommodate visitors. I have been here now off and on for two years, and there are times when the conditions may be different, but I have never seen any time but when our park as it is now would accommodate several hundred or several thousand more than those who were already in it. It seems to me that if this proposition should go through and should finally pass, and should be approved by the Governor, that then we ought to go west to the Susquehanna River, so that it would be going out to an equal extent in the west as it is in the east. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will be in sight of the park and of the Capitol buildings, and then there would be a beautiful view of the river, and besides the wild ducks could see the Capitol from the river, and the people going up and down the river on steamboats could have a beautiful view of the Capitol. They say it is only going to cost $200,000 for the first two years. This proposition is just like the instalment plan. A man comes around to sell you something on the instalment plan. Lots of people buy things because the day of payment is put off. If this bill goes through this State will be spending at least that much, and I don't believe from my experience with building operations, the moving of buildings, the grading and the putting of the grounds into proper shape for a park, $2,000,000 will be nowhere near covering the expense. It would cost, in my judgment, nearer four million dollars. Then, think of your appropriation proposition. We have been having hundreds of institutions coming here and asking for appropriations, and many and many of them have been cut by the appropriations committee in order to keep within the revenue, and if this thing goes through in two years from now you will have no money to appropriate for your hospitals, or even less than you have now. The gentleman says that this bill has been before the House three times, and that it is now here again and that the people want it. I will take issue with him on this point. None of the people of the State have sent petitions to any member of this House to vote for this bill. Supposing that the referendum were in vogue in this State, and that after we pass this bill that this matter be submitted to the people of your district, how would they vote on it? I believe that seventy-five per cent. of the people throughout the State of Pennsylvania would vote against this proposition. The gentleman says this State needs it. I don't remember any argument that was advanced why the State needs it. If we should pass this bill we would have to spend thousands of dollars on the Capitol to make it appear as good on the east side as on the west side. I understand that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company wants it; possibly they do, but it seems to me that the members ought to vote it down.

Mr. CARROLL. Mr. Speaker, I belonged to the sessions of the Legislature in 1907 and also in 1909, and in both of those sessions I voted against this bill, and I want to say to you gentlemen that when I voted against the bill I didn't follow by best judgment. I was against the bill because I believed that many of the people in my district were opposed to it. After the session of 1909, when I started in the campaign for 1911, I ran against an intelligent and conservative fellow who would naturally be supposed to be against the Capitol Park extension, or against any other form of public improvement, and I began to tell the gentleman about some of the bills that I had voted for or voted against, and among those that I had said I had voted against was the Capitol Park extension bill. He then said: "If I had been a member of the Legislature I think I would have voted for the Capitol Park extension." I didn't take that argument any further in the campaign. I think we all understand that it is not absolutely necessary to have the Capitol Park extended. It is possible that this State can

get along with the park that it has for a long time to come, and we are not compelled to do this. The time will come when the State will need more ground for its public buildings. I am very sure, too, that there is not a member of this House but that takes pride in these buildings and in this park. Most of the people in my district I am sure have not visited this Capitol, and it would not at all be likely that we would find the initiative from them. We come here from time to time, and we are pleased to know that there is progress, and we can see the need of the State Capitol and we know what this Commonwealth needs and we also know what the commonwealths of the different States of this nation have. The initiative for public improvement ought to come through the members of the Legislature. How can the people who have never been in Harrisburg know anything of the needs of Harrisburg, or how can they be able to direct us in regard to how we are to vote on this matter? There is another reason: I understand that it is the general idea that the people of this State have only one idea as to value, and that is the dollar value; but I know and I want to say that there are some other people who think that the æsthetic value is just as important today as the dollar value. There are people in this State to-day who appreciate the æsthetic value more than the dollar value on the Capitol Park extension, and there are plenty of people who don't look alone upon the cold, hard dollar proposition. I want to say also that the farmers are not against it as a body, and among those are many of those also who have not been here and have not had an opportunity to see it. You talk to farmers and to business men and to a working man who has a nice home, provided for the comfort of himself and his family and for the happiness of his family and perhaps has a bank account, and many of them are in favor of improvements, while others may say we can get along with the Capitol Park as it is. I want to say to you in conclusion that it does seem to me that this State of Pennsylvania is able to afford the money for the extension of this Capitol Park, and there are very many good reasons why we should pass this bill. There is no spot I love more than the great State of Pennsylvania, and I hope the time will come when Capitol Hill will be the grandest temple hall in this nation.

Mr. AILMAN. Mr. Speaker, if I wanted to buy a farm this morning—I didn't because I haven't the money, but if I did the first question I would ask is, or would be, what is your price? If I were to go to buy this Capitol Park I would want to know what the people are willing to take for it. We are asked to appropriate a lump sum; we guess it will reach, but if it does not reach we will go back for more appropriations. I would be glad to vote for this appropriation if there were not so many more important propositions to vote for. And before I would vote for a proposition of this kind I would want to know what this ground could be bought for. You would not do anything else and would not do anything of this kind in any other way in your private business. You are willing to vote for an act of this kind, but in your own private business you would not do it that way. And I will repeat that I would be glad to vote for this proposition if there were not so many other more important things to be voted for. I want to congratulate this House on their courage when it comes to a vote for appropriation bills and on their thoroughness when it comes to voting for revenue measures. You haven't passed a single bill here at this session that looks to the furnishing of the money. I wonder that you have not come in with an amendment to the Constitution authorizing the issue of bonds to buy this park, that some day our children's children may have the happy privilege of paying for it. When our schools are taken care of as they should be, and the most solemn obligation rests upon this State to provide education to our children absolutely free of cost in order to fit them for citizenship, then we can take up measures of this kind.

Mr. SHREVE. Mr. Speaker, it is not often that I occupy the time of this House, but I feel that this matter before us has so much merit that I would consider myself remiss in my duty if as a member of this legislative body I did not express my opinion on the floor of this House on this question. In the heart of every true Pennsylvanian is implanted a sacred love for the spot that gave him birth. It has been my privilege to visit nearly all the capitols of the Old World, and I want to say to you that in the Old World they have learned many years ago that there was something else in life besides seeking for the almighty dolla There was also some aspiration to live in some other co dition beside living between four walls. The people of Pen sylvania are beginning to appreciate the æsthetic side our lives, and all over this Commonwealth, in every valle on every hill, the people are clamoring and insisting th the State of Pennsylvania shall surround this beautif building with a fitting and appropriate beauty such as deserves. We have the most beautiful Capitol of any Sta in the Union. We have a splendid citizenship; we have t money, and we are in a position to have what we want this respect. This is a State-wide proposition; it is not Dauphin County proposition. This is a proposition th every man and every woman in this State is interested I want to assure you that you have no conception of th sentiment and of the feeling that is coming up from t people. They are proud of their State and of their Capit and they insist that this improvement shall be made. trust that every member on the floor of this House w vote to support this proposition.

Mr. DEARDEN. Mr. Speaker, there is one questi bearing on this subject that I have not as yet heard this discussion, and it is a very important question. A sat factory answer to that question will very largely determi what my vote shall be upon this bill. I would like to terrogate the gentleman from Dauphin.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Dauphin, M Tunis, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. TUNIS. Yes, sir.

Mr. DEARDEN. I would like to ask the gentleman fr Dauphin whether or not the estimated revenues for t coming two years will provide the funds necessary to a swer the requirements of this bill?

Mr. TUNIS. Yes, sir; beyond any reasonable doubt.

Mr. DEARDEN. Mr. Speaker, there is another questi that I would like to ask: Has any provision been made the Appropriations Committee or by a special body otherwise for the fund that will be required.

Mr. TUNIS. I don't understand the question.

Mr. DEARDEN. Briefly, has the Appropriations Co mittee made provisions for what will be required for t coming two years?

Mr. TUNIS. That has been provided for.

Mr. DEARDEN. That is all I want to know.

Mr. SPEER. Mr. Speaker, I remember some years a when I used to come to the House I would have to wa through muddy streets in the city of Harrisburg. I can n note the great change that has been brought about throu the enterprise of the aesthetic citizens of this city and t aesthetic tastes of its residents. They have added, at th own expense, very materially to our comfort, and we co now to a beautiful city, with paved streets and with all t comforts, and it has been done without any aid from t State. I have passed through a great portion of our Sta and I have witnessed with pleasure the magnificent hon in our State. I have looked upon it with great pleasu I have seen them in their beauty; in their pleasant s roundings. They have an educational tendency that spea for the happiness and the prosperity of our State. I ha seen the great educational institutions where we are placi our children, and the great feature is the surroundings such places as that. The very beautiful effect of it all s peals to us, and especially in public and educational insti tions, as a fitting place in which to educate our children have been pleased with the generosity of this great State ours with regard to our charitable insitutions. I have be delighted with how well they have been provided for a how we lavish money upon these worthy institutions w which we have been trying to do all we can to lift up t fallen and to take care of the weak. We have be spending our money in this way to enable unfortunate p sons proper care and we are proud of our State. Now come to a point where we are supposed to be doing som thing for ourselves, our State and for our people at lar for all the people—to beautify the Capitol of this Sta Everybody must feel like encouraging the aesthetic ta of the people of our Commonwealth, and we want to be tify our home, our State Capitol. We want to add mite. We want to make this city a city that we can w be proud of. We want to make our Capitol a most be tiful capitol, indeed, in its surroundings—the most beauti capitol in the United States and the most beautiful bui

g in the State. I cannot see how anybody could find y reasonable fault or make any serious objection to ending some of our money to make this place so beauti- l that it will have an educational tendency and an aes- etic feature for everyone visiting this place. People are ming from other States, and when they come here let us e to it that they shall look at something beautiful and at they will carry away something that will do them good their own homes and in their own State. I believe that is a matter of economy on the part of the State. The time ill come, I do not know how soon, but the time will come hen we will be compelled to extend our building; when e will not have room for the executive business and the gislative business of this great State of ours. It seems to e that now is the time to purchase this property when it n be secured at a price that will not be exorbitant. I am ing to vote for this bill and I am sure you may think it range, because I have constantly voted against all salary ising, especially the salary raising of this House, but I n't feel that in this act we are at all wasting the people's oney. I am convinced that we are making a good invest- ent.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. Speaker, I want to add my voice and te to have the State of Pennsylvania do what she ought do to place a decent surrounding about this beautiful pitol building. I want them to take the rear of this ilding off the streets and spread the ground around it. want to do that that this building may have a proper ap- arance. The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is proud of is building, in spite of the trouble we have had in its erec- on. The people of this Commonwealth have one of the ost magnificent public buildings in the world, and it cer- inly does occupy a fitting site. Furthermore, there will e a time, and not far distant, when this building will need largement. I don't think that the estimates that have en put upon the land that we wish to get is too high. don't think that the cost will be too great to this great mmonwealth: it is but a bagatelle. I do think it w ... t a bagatelle and we can afford it. The gentleman from niata spoke about wanting more money to spend on edu- ting our citizens. It is hardly one-third of a century ago, the early 70's, when we made a new Constitution, and we ovided what some people thought was a great sum for the gislature to provide when we placed a million dollars at e disposal of the public for public education. What have e to-day in our School bill. Fifteen million dollars for ucation! I say to you gentlemen that we have erected this eat building and I think the State ought to take this nd and beautify it and make room for the addition that ill have to be put on this building in the not very far dis- nt future.

Mr. RIDER. Mr. Speaker, I have been in favor of this ll all along, but I don't know how I can see my way ear in voting for it as things now stand. This State has bligations now. This State owes money to every town- ip in the State for road purposes on the bill which was ssed in 1905 and later on in 1907. Every township in is State has gone on and spent its money with the hope getting it back from the State, and to-day our bill lies er in the Senate and has not passed out. I want to te for this bill, but I would prefer to see it postponed til our obligations are paid and then let us make new bts. I would like to make a motion that this bill be stponed for the present.

Mr. R. J. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I think I will go as r as any member of this House for the purpose of making blic improvements. If we will look at this question actically or from the aesthetic standpoint, as I appreciate l that has been said, including that the State can afford e money for a fine park, and I would like to see that rk, but I believe that the State ought to have what the ntleman from Juniata has stated, which is along my line thought. There is not a business man in this House who s any business experience who would go and tell a party, I will take that property from you," and not know what e value was. That is the real question we are here to nsider. We are here to consider not only the aesthetic de, but the business side of this question. If my friends re are going to be guided by what has been their ex- rience in life, they will have to look at it in a business- e way. I have sat with road juries on the question of king up condemned land. And by this I wish to bring out the fact that we should not be guided by the values fixed by assessors. In one case where I sat as a road juror the assessor of the district was one of the witnesses in favor of the party that was claiming the damages. He testified that he believed that the damages to the property were $28,000. I asked him whether he thought it was worth that. He said he thought it was, because he had assessed it for $28,000. I suppose the members of this body will think I am technical. I would like to say that I believe that the State ought to have that land over there, but experience teaches me that we ought to secure it from a standpoint of business.

I am inclined to take little stock in the evidence that has been presented here in regard to the ultimate cost of this proposition. I fully realize that none of these figures that have been obtained and presented are binding, but I also realize that the value of that property will rise, most likely double. We want that park, but should we go about it in this way to get it? Should we not appropriate a small amount of money and feel our way and present it in a more businesslike manner to the next Legislature? We are the business representatives of the State. Are we going to act like business men in this matter, or are we going to be carried away by an argument on æsthetics without getting down to the root of this question? When you can lay down the exact figures of what the reasonable cost of this property will be then we will have something to go on. If I felt confident that this proposition will not eventually cost over $3,000,000 I would vote for it. The gentleman from Juniata congratulates the House for voting on appropriations; he also pays his respects on the question of voting for revenue. For that reason I think that at this time we should not pass this bill in the shape it is in. You know, and I know, that this bill authorizes somebody to begin this proposition, and in two years it will take at least two hundred thousand dollars of the State's money. It will cost more than that and we will have to appropriate the balance. That is the experience. We want to get this park, but we want to get it in a practical, sensible way and at an appropriate price. Is not that the right way to go about it? I would be only too glad that every man should vote on improving this beautiful Capitol in its surroundings, and enlarge and make more beautiful the Capitol Park. It will be a splendid thing for those who travel through here to see our magnificent Capitol and our magnificent park, but in order to get it it should be done in an economical, businesslike way, and this bill does not do it that way.

Mr. WILLIAM WARD, Jr. Mr. Speaker, following the thought suggested by my colleague from Delaware, Mr. Baldwin, I don't see how in the world the State of Pennsylvania is going to obtain a price on any property until they get a right to buy. That is the authority that we are now getting to price the land, as we undoubtedly will want it for park purposes. As I understand it, the gentlemen who have been holding this matter under consideration have seen the Board of Assessors, and they have taken the estimated values from the assessor's list and to that they have added twenty-five per cent. for other contingencies, and they have full confidence that this will be the approximate expense.

Mr. V. GILPIN ROBINSON. Mr. Speaker, I am anxious to vote for this bill, but it appears to me that there are some questions relating to it that should be explained. It appears to me to be a proper measure, and with that in mind I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Dauphin.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Dauphin, Mr. Tunis, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. TUNIS. Yes, sir.

Mr. V. GILPIN ROBINSON. Mr. Speaker, will Mr. Tunis be kind enough, for the information of the House, to state to the House how, under the provisions of this bill, the appropriation is to be controlled so that the money may not be wasted and so that we may not find ourselves in the position that has been stated by the gentleman from Delaware of expending a certain amount of money and then being oblized to expend an unreasonable amount in addition in order to save what has already been expended.

Mr. TUNIS. Mr. Speaker, that is to be regulated by a commission of three to be appointed by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, to serve without compensation. This bill also provides for every other contingency of this kind, and I would stake my life that this entire propo-

sition will be completed within the $2,000,000 specified in the bill. I have not seen any one to disagree on this subject who have considered this proposition and know what they are talking about.

Mr. V. GILPIN ROBINSON. Mr. Speaker, by authority of the Governor a commission of three is appointed who are to administer the proceeds. Must they be approved by the Governor and the Attorney General?

Mr. TUNIS. I cannot say that they must be approved in that way, but the appropriations, all the appropriations, are regulated by the Governor, the Auditor General and the State Treasurer.

Mr. V. GILPIN ROBINSON. In the extension of the park what becomes of the present highway?

Mr. TUNIS. Mr. Speaker, a certain provision is made to the Central Pennsylvania Traction Company whereby this company relinquishes its right to its franchise on the street.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—116.

Abbott	Donnally	Johnson, D. D.,	Robinson
Akers	Dunn, J.	Johnston	Roney
Alter	Ehrhardt	Keene,	Row
Anderson	Eichenberger	Keister	Sassaman
Bartman	Ewing	Kinney	Savidge
Bass	Fahey	Klingerman	Schad
Bender	Fay	Klumpp	Schmidt
Bentley	Feeney	Kuhns	Schofield
Blair	Ferguson	Magee	Scott, J.
Bosher	Fitzgerald	Mannion	Shadrach
Brehm	Flynn	McAleer	Shaffer
Brennan	Freeman	McArdle	Shannon
Bell, J.	Gans	McClung	Sherwood
Carroll	Geary	McInerney	Shreve
Carter	Gransback	McMullen	Snyder, P.
Clarency	Grayson	McNichol	Speer
Cleary	Haggerty	Miller	Steese
Cole	Hafferty	Moore	Stein
Connell	Healey	Morris	Swan
Conner, P.	Hecht	Neel	Townsend
Conner, W.	Hess	Perry	Tunis
Conrade	Hibshman	Phillips	Von Tacky
Cox, E.	Hoffman	Pitchford	Ward, W., Jr.
Crum	Hormell	Raesley	Ward, W. B.
Cumbler	Hough	Rath	Watts
Curry	Howard	Reno	Whitman
Davis, A.	Hunter J. N.,	Rhoads	Woodward
Dearden	Irwin	Richards	Young
Detzel	Johnson, C. V.,	Riebel	Cox, J.
Donahoe			Speaker

NAYS—72.

Ailman	Gilkeson	Light	Reel
Allen	Good	Lindsay	Rider
Baldwin, G.	Gray	Lowe	Robison
Baldwin, R.	Grove	Martin	Rockwell
Benson	Henry	Marvin	Rumsey
Boyd	Herman	Matt	Schultz
Caldwell	Hilton	Maurer	Scott, S.
Campbell, C.	Hobbs	McGowan	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Hoover	McJunkin	Snavely
Chaney	Jackson	McKean	Swartz
Currier	Jones, E. E.,	Mills	Ulerich
Dallas	Jones, J. R.,	Moses	Wallace
Davis, W.	Kelly, M. C.,	Moulthrop	Walnut
Dershem	Kelsey,	Newbaker	Walton
Dunn, H.	Kern	North	Welch
Enbody	Knight	Piper	Wilcox
Frey	Lafferty	Reece	Williams
Gibson	Larkins		Wilson

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate, with information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. RATH. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to and at 1 o'clock P. M. the House adjourned until 2.30 P. M.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, May 23, 1911.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The House met at 2.30 o'clock.
The Speaker (JOHN F. COX) in the chair.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented t following extract from the Journal of the Senate, whi was read as follows, viz:

In the Senate, May 23, 1911.

Resolved (if the House concur), That House Bills Nos. 94 942, 1080, 1081, 1084, 1233, be recalled from the House f the purpose of amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Hou of Representatves for its concurrence.

The resolution was twice read.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the resolution?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingl

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the consideration on second rea ing of House Bill No 1367 (Senate No. 680), entitled:

An act to amend section two of an act entitled "An A to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny a prescribing is powers and duties regulating the procedu therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved t fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundr and eleven and changing the election of the judges there mentioned from the general election to the municipal electi as now provided by law in accordance with the requir ments of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the seco time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the consideration on second rea ing of House Bill No. 1368 (Senate No. 346), entitled:

An act declaring the liability of railroad companies f loss or damage by fire providing a remedy therefor a relating to evidence thereof

And said bill having been read at length the seco time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the consideration on second rea ing of House Bill No. 1370 (Senate No. 363), entitled:

An act regulating apprentices making it unlawful for a person or persons to employ an apprentice without fi having obtained the consent of the apprentice's parents legal guardians and an indenture or agreement in writi in accordance with the provisions of this act that appre tices so indentured shall serve not less than three (3) n more than five (5) years' apprenticeship making it compu sory that employers taking an apprentice shall provide way for such apprentice to be taught in reading writi spelling arithmetic and also in some of the techni branches of the trade or craft providing that all indentu shall be recorded in the office of the recorder of deeds the county where the employer resides and providing pe alties for the violations of the prvisions of this act

And said bill having been read at length the seco time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considere in committee the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the consideration on second rea ing of House Bill No. 1371 (Senate No. 263), entitled:

A joint resolution providing for the issuing of an invit tion to neighboring States to a conference with respect the taxing of oil gas and bituminous coal

And said bill having been read at length the seco time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

Agreeably to order,

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The House proceeded to the consideration on second reading of House Bill No. 1372 (Senate No. 593), entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act relating to the appointment of stenographers and assistant stenographers to report proceedings in the several courts of common pleas and orphans' courts courts of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery and courts of quarter sessions of the peace of this Commonwealth as well as before commissioners masters and special masters in chancery referees examiners auditors and other officers prescribing their powers and duties and when such reports shall be evidence of the facts reported prescribing their compensation and allowances for expenses when the same shall be paid by the county wherein such stenographers or assistant stenographers are employed and when by the parties to such proceedings and repealing an act entitled 'An Act directing the appointment of official stenographers in the several civil courts of this Commonwealth authorizing the appointment of stenographers by examiners masters referees commissioners and auditors authorizing the appointment of assistant stenographers repealing 'An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation' approved May fifteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four repealing 'An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation' approved May eighth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six and repealing 'An Act defining the duty of court stenographers in the several counties in the State' approved June tenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one' approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven but such repeal not to revive any law repealed by the said act of twenty-fourth of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and thirty-five

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

SENATE MESSAGES.

AMENDED HOUSE BILLS RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned from the House of Representatives bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 435:

An act defining and prohibiting pandering providing penalties for violation hereof and regulating the competency of certain evidence at the trial thereof

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The amendments were read as follows:

In section 1, line 15, strike out the word "promises;" in line 18 strike out the words "persuade encourage;" in line 22 strike out the words "for the purpose of unlawful sexual intercourse or;" in line 23 strike out the words "persuade encourage;" in line 25 strike out the words "for the purpose of unlawful sexual intercourse;" in lines 28, 29 and 30 strike out the words "or to be defiled or upon the pretense of marriage takes or detains a female for the purpose of sexual intercourse;" in line 34 strike out the words "or not being her husband for the purpose of sexual intercourse."

In section 2, line 3, strike out the words "or to lead a life of prostitution."

In section 3, line 9, strike out the word "presumptive."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—163.

Allman	Donnally	Keister,	Riebel
Akers	Dunn, H.	Kelley, J.	Robinson
Allen	Dunn, J.	Kelly, M.	Robison
Alter	Ehrhardt	Kelsey,	Rockwell
Anderson	Eichenberger	Kinney	Roney
Baldwin, G.	Ewing	Knight,	Row
Baldwin, R.	Fahey	Lafferty,	Rumsey
Bartman	Fay	Larkins,	Sassaman
Bass	Ferguson	Lindsay,	Savidge
Bender	Fitzgerald	Lowe,	Schad
Benson	Flynn	Magee,	Schofield
Bentley	Freeman	Malie,	Schultz
Billman	Gans	Mannion,	Scott, J.
Blair	Geary	Marvin,	Scott, S.
Bosher	Gibson	Matt,	Shadrach
Boyd	Good	Maurer,	Shaffer
Brehm	Gransback	McAleer,	Shannon
Breitinger	Graybill	McClung,	Sherwood
Caldwell	Grove	McGowan,	Shoemaker
Campbell, C.	Guyaux	McInerney,	Shreve
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McKean,	Snavely
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McNichol,	Snyder, A.
Carroll	Henry	Miller,	Speer,
Carter	Hess	Mills,	Stein,
Clarency	Hibshman	Moore,	Swan
Cleary	Hilton	Morris,	Townsend
Clymer	Hobbs	Moses	Ulerich
Cole	Hoffman	Moulthrop	Von Tacky
Connell	Holland	Neel	Walnut
Conner, P.	Hoover	North	Walton
Conrade	Hormell	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Cox, E.	Hough	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Crumbler	Howard	Raesley	Watts
Curry	Hunter, J. N.	Rebert	Whitman
Dale	Irwin	Reich	Wilcox
Dallas	Jackson,	Reece	Williams
Davis, A.	Johnson, C.	Reeser	Wilson
Davis, W.	Johnson, D.	Reno	Woodward
Dearden	Johnston,	Rhoads	Young
Dershem	Jones, E.	Richards	Cox, J.,
Detzel	Keely,	Rider	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 615:

An act to fix and regulate the compensation of directors of the poor of poor districts composed of several townships boroughs and cities situate wholly within counties of this Commonwealth not exceeding five hundred thousand population

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The amendments were read as follows:

Amend the title by striking out in line 3 the words "any county" and insert the word "counties;" in line 4 strike out the word "three and twenty-five" and insert the words "not exceeding five hundred thousand population."

In section 1, line 13, strike out the word "three" and in line 14 strike out the words "and twenty-five" and the words "and over," and insert the words "and not over five hundred thousand population."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments?

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—157.

Allman	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Richards
Akers	Enbody	Kinney	Riebel
Allen	Ewing	Klingerman,	Robinson
Alter	Fay	Klumpp,	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Knight,	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Kuhns,	Roney
Bartman	Flynn	Lafferty,	Row
Bender	Frey	Larkins,	Rumsey
Bentley	Geary	Light,	Sassaman
Blair	Gibson	Lowe,	Savidge
Bosher	Gilkeson	Malie,	Schad
Bossert	Good	Martin,	Schmidt
Boyd	Gransback	Marvin,	Schultz
Brehm	Gray	Matt,	Scott, J.
Breitinger	Graybill	McAleer,	Scott, S.
Brennan	Guyaux	McArdle,	Shadrach
Caldwell	Haggerty	McGowan,	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Healey	McInerney,	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Hecht	McKean,	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Henry	McNichol,	Snavely
Carroll	Hess	Miller,	Snyder, P.
Carter	Hibshman	Moore,	Speer,
Clarency	Hobbs	Morris,	Stein,
Cleary	Hoffman	Moses	Swan
Clymer	Holland	Moulthrop	Townsend
Connell	Hoover	Neel	Tunis
Conner, P.	Hough	Newbaker	Ulerich
Conner, W.	Howard	Perry	Walnut
Conrade	Hunter, J. N.	Phillips	Walton
Crum	Hunter, R. P.	Piper	Ward, W., Jr.
Currier	Jackson,	Pitchford	Ward, W. B.
Curry	Johnson, C.	Rath	Watts
Dale	Johnson, D.	Rebert	Whitman
Dallas	Johnston,	Reece	Wilcox
Davis, W.	Jones, J.	Reel	Williams
Dearden	Keely,	Reeser	Wilson
Detzel	Keister,	Reno	Woodward
Donahoe	Kelley, J.	Reyburn	Young
Donnally	Kelly, M.	Rhoads	Cox, J.,
Ehrhardt			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 560:

An act authorizing the ascertainment award levy assessment and collection of the costs damages and expenses of municipal improvements including the opening widening straightening extending grading paving macadamizing curbing or otherwise improving of roads streets lanes alleys or parts thereof completed or in course of completion and also the costs damages and expenses of the construction of any sewer or drain completed or now in process of completion providing for the ascertainment levy and collection of damages and benefits therefor from property peculiarly benefited where under existing laws or ordinances private property could not be assessed for such benefits and constituting such benefits a lien upon the property upon which they are assessed and authorizing the completion of such improvements now in progress

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The amendments were read as follows:

Amend section 1, line 171, by striking out the words "five years" and inserting the words "eighteen months."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments as made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—158.

Abbott	Dunn, H.	Keely,	Reyburn
Akers	Dunn, James	Keene,	Rhoads
Allen	Ehrhardt	Kelley, J.	Richards
Alter	Eichenberger	Kelly, M.	Rider
Anderson	Ewing	Kelsey	Riebel
Baldwin, G.	Fahey	Kinney	Robinson
Baldwin, R.	Fay	Klingerman,	Robison
Bartman	Ferguson	Klumpp,	Rockwell
Bass	Fitzgerald	Knight,	Roney
Bender	Flynn	Lafferty,	Row
Benson	Frey	Leh,	Rumsey
Billman	Gans	Light,	Savidge
Bosher	Geary	Lindsay,	Schad
Boyd	Gibson	Magee,	Schmidt
Brehm	Gilkeson	Malie,	Schofield
Breitinger	Good	Mannion,	Scott, J.
Brennan	Gransback	Martin,	Scott, S.
Caldwell	Graybill	Marvin,	Sech
Campbell, C.	Grove	Matt,	Shannon
Campbell, J.	Guyaux	Maurer,	Sherwood
Campbell, W.	Halferty	McClung,	Shreve
Carroll	Healey	McGowan,	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Hecht	McJunkin,	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Herman	McKean,	Steese,
Clymer	Hess	McMullen,	Stein,
Connell	Hilton	McNichol,	Swartz
Conner, P	Hobbs	Miller,	Townsend
Conner, W.	Hoffman	Moore,	Ulerich
Conrade	Hoover	Morris,	Wallace
Cox, E.	Hough	Neel	Walnut
Cumbler	Howard	Newbaker	Walton
Currier	Hunter, J. N.	North	Ward, W.
Curry	Hunter, R. P.	Perry	Watts
Dale	Irwin	Phillips	Whitman
Dallas	Jackson	Pitchford	Wilcox
Davis, W.	Johnson, C.	Raesley	Wilson
Dearden	Johnson, D.	Reece	Woodward
Dershem	Johnston,	Reel	Young
Donahoe	Jones, E.	Reeser	Cox, J.
Donnally	Jones, J.	Reno	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and amendments concurred in,

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 659.

An act to amend section thirty-one of an act entitled "An Act relating to insolvency embracing among other matters voluntary assignments for the benefit of creditors for bidding also certain preferences providing for the distribution of insolvents estate and in certain contingencies relieving him and others liable with him from further liability for his or their debts approved June fourth one thousand nine hundred and one

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The amendments were read as follows:

In section 1, line 31, strike out the word "and" and insert the word "or."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments as made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—162.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Keister	Reyburn
Akers	Eichenberger	Kelley, J.,	Rhoads
Allen	Enbody	Kelly, M. C.,	Richards
Alter	Ewing	Kelsey,	Rider
Anderson	Fahey	Kinney	Riebel
Baldwin, G.	Fay	Klingerman	Robinson
Baldwin, R.	Feeney	Klumpp	Robison
Bass	Fitzgerald	Knight	Rockwell
Bender	Freeman	Lafferty	Roney
Benson	Frey	Larkins	Rumsey
Bentley	Gans	Leh	Sassaman
Billman	Geary	Light	Schad
Bosher	Gilkeson	Lindsay	Schmidt
Boyd	Good	Magee	Schofield
Brehm	Gransback	Malie	Scott, J.
Breitinger	Graybill	Mannion	Scott, S.
Brennan	Grove	Martin	Shaffer
Caldwell	Guyaux	Marvin	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	Matt	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Healey	McAleer	Shreve
Carroll	Hecht	McClung	Snyder, A.
Carter	Henry	McInerney	Snyder, P.
Clarency	Herman	McKean	Speer
Cleary	Hess	McMullen	Stein
Cole	Hibshman	McNichol	Swan
Connell	Hilton	Miller	Swartz
Conner, P.	Hobbs	Moore	Townsend
Conner, W.	Hoffman	Morris	Tunis
Conrade	Hoover	Moses	Von Tacky
Cox, E.	Hough	Neel	Walnut
Cumbler	Howard	Newbaker	Walton
Currier	Hunter J. N.,	North	Ward, W., Jr.
Curry	Hunter, R. P.,	Phillips	Ward, W. B.
Dallas	Irwin	Piper	Watts
Davis, A.	Johnson, C. V.,	Raesley	Whitman
Davis, W.	Johnson, D. D.,	Rath	Williams
Dershem	Johnston	Rebert	Wilson
Detzel	Jones, E. E.,	Reece	Woodward
Donahoe	Jones, J. R.,	Reeser	Young
Donnally	Keene,	Reno	Cox, J.
Dunn, J.			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and amendments concurred in,

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

Mr. J. C. JOHNSTON in the Chair.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 834 (Senate No. 487), entitled:

An act permitting the substitution of other securities for those deposited with the State Treasurer to secure the Commonwealth against relief notes issued by certain banks of this Commonwealth and the furnishing of other security therefor

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—78.

Ailman	Curry	Hoover	Perry
Akers	Davis, W.	Hough	Pitchford
Allen	Dershem	Howard	Raesley
Anderson	Donnally	Hunter, J. N.	Rhoads
Baldwin, R.	Ehrhardt	Hunter, R. P.	Riebel
Bass	Eichenberger	Irwin	Robison
Bentley	Ewing	Jackson	Rockwell
Bosher	Fahey	Johnson, C. V.,	Roney
Caldwell	Fay	Johnson, D. D.,	Row
Campbell, C.	Ferguson	Johnston	Sassaman
Campbell, J.	Freeman	Klingerman	Schmidt
Campbell, W.	Gans	Klumpp	Scott, J.
Clarency	Gransback	Knight	Shadrach
Cole	Graybill	Mannion	Sherwood
Connell	Haggerty	McArdle	Shreve
Conner, P.	Hecht	McInerney	Stein

Conner, W.	Herman	McMullen	Townsend
Conrade	Hess	McNichol	Ulerich
Crum	Hibshman	Moore	Young
Currier	Hobbs	North	Cox, J. Speaker

NAYS—49.

Baldwin, G.	Healey	McJunkin	Snavely
Benson	Jones, J. R.,	McKean	Snyder, P.
Brennan	Keene,	Neel	Speer
Carter	Kelly, M. C.,	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Clymer	Kern	Reece	Walnut
Dallas	Kuhns	Reel	Ward, W., Jr.
Dearden	Lafferty	Reeser	Ward, W. B.
Detzel	Larkins	Reno	Welch
Donahoe	Light	Richards	Whitman
Dunn, H.	Lowe	Robinson	Wilcox
Enbody	Martin	Schofield	Williams
Good	Maurer	Scott, S.	Wilson
Gray			

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 684 (Senate No. 138), entitled:

An act regulating the sale of food when sold by weight measure or count regulating the marking or labeling of the containers of food and providing punishment for violation of this act

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, you may be factious in voting down this piece of legislation. Gentlemen of the House, I appreciate that one of the greatest bunches that has ever come into a legislative body has come into this body to vote down this righteous piece of legislation. I want to say that this bill which is before you now has been introduced in the Senate by a young Senator who sat with us last session and who has withstood the forces of every political power in the State of Pennsylvania because he thought his bill was right, and I glory in being able to stand with him to-day to vote for Senate Bill No. 138, which compels the merchants to be honest against the powers that are attemping to kill it. You men may vote this bill down if you see fit. I will vote for it. I think this bill is an honest bill. This bill was heard in the Judiciary Special Committee. There we met the opponents of the bill. They came with their complaints; they asked that they be allowed certain amendments. The members of that committee presented their amendments to the sponsor of this bill and he accepted their amendments, and they went away from Harrisburg with the understanding that the bill having been amended to their liking they would support it, but on the contrary after having come forward with their pretenses that they wanted to be honest and that they wanted honest weights, after they came before the committee and stood before the committee as desiring reasonable and honest weights, they go behind cover and pull every political wire they can to get you men to kill this Senate bill. This is a righteous bill. This bill has been passed by the State of New Jersey. It has been proclaimed by the press to be one of the leading measures that was passed by the progressive Legislature. Can we afford to vote against this bill? It is a measure that there can be no complaint against unless it is that the grocers and sellers of food products are afraid to come out in the open and be honest. It merely asks that the merchants, when they sell their commodities, to put upon it the stamp of honesty. When they said that putting the weights upon the food products would be unfair, because the weights were changeable, caused by the atmospheric conditions, the sponsor of this bill allowed to be inserted the famous reasonable clause, and even though this complaint was disposed of they have flooded this Legislature with telegrams and letters protesting against that against which they did not dare to come out in the open and show themselves in honest argument before this legislative committee. I ask that this bill will receive the support of the members of this Legislature and pass on third reading.

Mr. R. J. BALDWIN. I think I called the attenion of the House the other day to the fact that if you wanted a doctor you would not go to a shoemaker. From this bill it would appear that the member who drew it was not a practical business man. I agree with the gentleman from Philadelphia that there does exist certain conditions to be remedied. I will read the first section of the bill: "That all articles of food shall be sold according to the lawful standard of weight and measure or numerical count." There is not a business man in this House with experience of handling the products of farms who does not know that there are any number of instances where it would be impossible to sell foodstuffs by a set measure. Whole orchards are sold to a man in bulk. A man with an orchard of peaches sometimes sells to a man the whole orchard. You buy a bunch of beets and radishes and so on and a bunch of scullions and if you did not sell them by weight you would be liable to a fine of one hundred dollars. I judge the members of this House can think this out for themselves. My friend from Philadelphia is certainly mistaken when he thinks this House is influenced against this bill because they want to protect the seller of the food product. This House does not want to do anything of the kind, but a large number of the members are practical business men and can see where it applies to their business and places an unnecessary hardship upon the trade. This bill is almost foolish to my mind. Under this law every time there is a violation you are liable to a penalty of one hundred dollars and in that the bill appears to me as almost foolish. There are many features of this bill which are reasonable and if when the bill was drawn up the sponsor had been counseled along those lines the members of this House could have voted for it. But as it stands to-day it will paralyze business and will not fit the business conditions.

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. This bill is not a bill of the ridiculous nature as spoken of by the gentleman from Delaware. The question of scullions does not apply to this bill, but it does apply in a sense to protect the consumer from the wholesaler and his powerful business as a trust, insisting that the weights that are given by the scales at the time of the taking of the weights shall be the honest weight. When a man charges a wholesaler for twenty pounds when he is shipping but eighteen pounds then the wholesaler charges the retailer upon the same standard and the retailer the consumer. It is not the purpose of this bill to punish the farmer who sells his honest bundle of onions, but to prosecute the merchant who takes from the consumer money for foodstuffs that he does not get. This bill is a bill to protect the very men who are used to protest against it in this House. It not only protects the consumer, but it protects the retail merchant who has no desire to be dishonest, but who is forced into that position by the action of the wholesaler and the wholesaler by the action of the manufacturer. If this bill becomes an act there will be no question of adjusting the differences between the wholesaler and the manufacturer, the wholesaler and the retailer, and the retailer and the consumer. The consumer will get that which he pays for, and that is all that the bill requires and that is all that it asks. This bill is one of the most important pieces of legislation that has been before this House, and whether you make it a law in this session or not will not deprive this bill of its force. If it is not a law in 1911 it will be a law in 1913. The force that is back of this bill is the strong hand of honesty. There is no power, Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, that can withstand such force. You men may vote upon this bill as you see fit, but I ask you to vote upon it conscientiously and voting that way there can be but one result, and that is the passage of the bill.

Mr. R. J. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. J. R. K. Scott, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. Yes, sir.

Mr. R. J. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I am going to read the first section and I want to know whether the gentleman will agree with me that I read it correctly: "That all articles of food shall be sold acording to the lawful standard of weight and measure or numerical count."

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. What question are you going to ask me?

Mr. R. J. BALDWIN. Did I read the section rightly?

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. I suppose you will count the bundle of onions.

Mr. R. J. BALDWIN. The speaker lays great stress on onions. I judge from his talk that he is not a farmer.

Mr. FEENEY. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, it seems to me that this bill is to protect the consumer, in other words, to protect the poor man from the unscrupulous merchants, and what beats me in listening to the remark of my friend Baldwin is the fact that not later than last night he introduced the garnishee bill which provides

for the levying against the furniture of our poor people.

Mr. R. J. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, do I understand the gentleman to say that I introduced that bill.

Mr. FEENEY. You called up the garnishee bill and moved to have it reconsidered, and it was voted down.

Mr. AILMAN. Mr. Speaker, the impression has sought to be created that those of us who vote against this bill have been "seen" in the sense that the politicians understand it. I rise to say that I have not seen any of the people lobbying for this bill, nor have I been "seen" by them. I have not received any of the telegrams or letters spoken of. I guess my vote is not worth a telegram. If this bill were simply a bill to compel eggs to be sold by weight and not by count, I think you would get all out of it that there is in it. You are required to mark each package with the weight of the contents in it, and in the second section you are required to say that you do not know whether there is that in it or not. You read the bill and you will find that that is what it says. The gentleman from Delaware is exactly right. You cannot sell eggs by weight.

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman from Juniata.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Juniata, Mr. Ailman, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. AILMAN. I will.

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. I desire to ask the gentleman whether it is his thought that under this act eggs would have to be sold by weight?

Mr. AILMAN. Yes, sir.

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. How do you interpret the numerical count?

Mr. AILMAN. The bill provides that they are to be sold by numerical count when they cannot be conveniently weighed, and if I sold a dozen of eggs I would be liable to a fine. That is exactly the way the bill reads. If the gentleman who draughted this bill does not mean that, the English language is flexible enough to put it in right shape.

The question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—37.

Abbott	Enbody	Johnson, D.	Rockwell
Alter	Fay	Kelley, J.	Roney
Bosher	Feeney	Maurer	Schmidt
Campbell, J.	Gilkeson	North	Scott, J.
Campbell, W.	Gray	Perry	Scott, S.
Connell	Guyaux	Phillips	Shreve
Conner, P.	Hecht	Pitchford	Townsend
Conrade	Hoover	Reeser	Walnut
Dale	Howard	Robison	Welch
Dunn, J.			

NAYS—124.

Ailman	Ewing	Kelly, M.	Riebel
Allen	Fahey	Kern	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Kinney	Row
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Klumpp	Rumsey
Bartman	Flynn	Knight	Sassaman
Bender,	Frey	Kuhns	Savidge
Benson	Gans	Lafferty	Schad
Bentley	Geary	Light	Schofield
Billman	Gibson	Lindsay	Schultz
Brehm	Good	Lowe	Shadrach
Brennan	Gransback	Martin	Shannon
Caldwell	Graybill	Marvin	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Grove	Matt	Shoemaker
Carter	Halferty	McAleer	Snavely
Clarency	Healey	McArdle	Snyder, A.
Clymer	Herman	McClung	Snyder, P.
Cole	Hess	McKean	Speer
Conner, W.	Hibshman	Miller	Steese
Crum	Hilton	Mills	Stein
Currier	Hobbs	Moore,	Swan
Curry	Hoffman	Moses	Swartz
Davis, A.	Holland	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Davis, W.	Hormell	Neel	Von Tacky
Dearden	Hough	Newbaker	Wallace
Dershem	Hunter, R.	Naegley	Walton
Detzel,	Irwin	Rath	Ward, W., Jr
Donahoe	Jackson	Reece	Ward, W. B.
Donnally	Johnston	Reel	Watts
Dunn, H.	Jones, J	Reno	Whitman
Ehrhardt	Keene	Richards	Wilcox
Eichenberger	Keister	Rider	Williams

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 454 (Senate No. 210), entitled:

An act providing that foreign corporations chartered under any laws of any other State of the United States may purchase and hold real estate or property in this State subject to the laws of this State in relation to taxation and as if chartered under the laws of Pennsylvania

On the question.

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. SCHAD. Mr. Speaker, I want some person in this House to tell me if it has been unlawful for any unlawful corporation to hold or acquire land in this Commonwealth previously to this, why it should be lawful in the near future.

Mr. ALTER. Mr. Speaker, if no one else cares to answer the question, I will undertake it myself to answer it by saying that there is no reason why this bill should pass.

The question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was not agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 846 (Senate No. 225), entitled:

An act to amend the second section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled "An Act to authorize cities and boroughs to condemn property and rights inside and outside of their limits for the purposes of obtaining and supplying water" by fixing the number of viewers at three

On the question.

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was not agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 841 (Senate No. 531), entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to authorize incorporated cemetery or burial associations to purchase other grounds and to sell and convey in fee simple such portions of their lands not used or conveyed by them for burial purposes or which may have been reconveyed to them" approved the twenty-sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one as amended by an act approved the sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three "so as to authorize incorporated or unincorporated churches owning burial grounds to purchase other grounds and to sell and convey such portions of their lands not used or conveyed by them for burial purposes or which may have been reconveyed to them as further amended by an act approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five regulating the removal of bodies and the sale of lots providing for the enlargement of the boundaries of grounds owned by incorporated or unincorporated churches cemetery or burial associations or companies by the purchase of other ground and the use of the same for burial purposes any law or ordinance to the contrary notwithstanding

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—152.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Jones E.	Riebel
Ailman	Eichenberger	Keene	Robinson
Akers	Enbody	Keister	Robison
Allen	Ewing	Kelley, J.	Rockwell
Alter	Fahey	Kinney	Roney
Baldwin, R.	Fay	Knight	Row
Bartman	Feeney	Kuhns	Rumsey
Bass	Ferguson	Larkins	Sassaman
Bentley	Fitzgerald	Magee	Savidge
Billman	Flynn	Martin	Schmidt
Bosher	Frey	Marvin	Schofield
Boyd	Gans	Matt	Scott, J.
Brehm	Gibson	Maurer	Shaffer
Brennan	Gilkeson,	McAleer	Shannon
Caldwell	Good	McGowan	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Gransback	McInerney	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Gray	McJunkin	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Graybill	McKean	Snavely
Carroll	Grove	McNichol	Snyder, A.
Carter	Guyaux	Miller	Snyder, P.
Clymer	Haggerty	Mills	Speer
Cole,	Halferty	Moore	Steese
Connell	Hecht	Morris	Stein
Conner, P.	Henry	Moses	Swan
Conner, W.	Herman	Moulthrop	Swartz
Conrade	Hess	Newbaker	Townsend
Cox, E.	Hibshman	North	Tunis
Crum	Hobbs	Perry	Von Tacky
Currier	Hoover	Pitchford	Wallace
Curry	Hormell		

Dallas	Hough	Raesley	Walnut
Davis, A.	Howard	Rath	Ward, W., Jr.
Davis, W.	Hunter, J.	Reece	Welch
Dearden	Hunter, R.	Reel	Whitman
Dershem	Irwin	Reeser	Williams
Detzel	Jackson	Reno	Wilson
Douahoe	Johnson, C.	Rhoads	Woodward
Donnally	Johnson, D.	Richards	Young
Dunn, H.	Johnston	Rider	Cox, J. Speaker

NAYS—7.

Clarency	Kern	Light	Ward, W. B.
Kelly M.	Klumpp	Schad	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

The Speaker (JOHN F. COX) in the Chair.

SENATE MESSAGE.

ADOPTION OF CONFERENCE REPORT ON SENATE BILL NO. 103.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has adopted the report of the Committee of Conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two Houses on Senate bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

Senate Bill No. 103:

An act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner three deputy State Highway Commissioners chief engineer chief draughtsman superintendent of highways and a staff of assistants and employes defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of Commissioner and Deputies and of other appointees providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county seats principal cities and towns and extending to the State line describing and defining same by route numbers as the State Highways of the Commonwealth providing for the improvement maintenance and repair of said State highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State Highways wholly and in part requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner providing for the payment of damages in taking of property or otherwise in the improvement thereof providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll roads forming all or part of any State highway and procedure therein providing for work of improvement of State highways to be done by contract except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work be done by the State providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads defining highways and State aid highways providing method of application for State aid in the improvement maintenance and repair of township or county roads and prescribing the contents of township county borough or incorporated town petitions providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State county township borough or incorporated town and requiring contracts by counties townships boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same providing for the minimum width of State highways and State aid highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs providing penalty for injuring or destroying State highways making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act

Mr. E. E. JONES called up the report of the Committee of Conference on Senate Bill No. 103.

The report as agreed upon was read as follows:

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON SENATE BILL NO. 103.

To the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned Committee of Conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives, for the purpose of considering Senate Bill No. 103, entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner, two Deputy State Highway Commissioners, chief engineer, chief draughtsman, superintendents of highways, and a staff of assistants and employes, defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of commissioner and deputies and other appointees, providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commnwealth certain existing public roads conecting county seats, principal cities and towns and extending to the State line. Describing and defining same by route numbers as the State highways of the Commonwealth. Providing for the improvement, maintenance and repair of said State Highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same, requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State Highways wholly and in part, requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof, conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner. Providing for the payment of damages in taking of property or otherwise in the improvement thereof. Providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll roads forming all or part of any State highway and procedure therein Providing for work of improvement of State highways to be done by contract except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work be done by the State. Providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads. Defining highways and State-aid highways. Providing method of application for State-aid in the improvement, maintenance and repair of township or county roads and prescribing the contents of township, county, borough or incorporated town petitions. Providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State, county, township, borough, or incorporated town and requiring contracts by counties, townships, boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same. Providing for the minimum width of State highways and State-aid highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement. Providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs. Providing penalty for injuring or destroying State highways. Making an appropriation to carry out the provisions of the act and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith and providing that existing contracts are not affected by the provisions of this act," submit the following amended bill as our report:

WM. C. SPROUL,
OSCAR E. THOMSON,
J. K. P. HALL,
Committee on the part of the Senate.
E. E. JONES,
T. J. FERGUSON,
JOSEPH G. RIDER,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner two Deputy State Highway commissioners chief engineer chief draughtsman superintendents of highways and a staff of assistants and employes defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of commissioner and deputies and other appointees providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county seats principal cities and towns and extending to the State line Describing and defining same by route numbers as the State highways of the Commonwealth Providing for the improvement maintenance and repairs of said State Highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State Highways wholly and in part requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner. Providing for the payment of damages in taking of property or otherwise in the improvement thereof Providing for purchase or acquiring of turn-pikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State Highway and procedure therein Providing for work of improvement of State highways to be done by contract except where the State highway Commissioner decides the work be done by the State Providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads Defining highways and State-aid highways Providing method of application for State-aid in the improvement maintenance and repair of township or county roads and prescribing the contents of township county borough or incorporated town petitions Providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State county township borough or incorporated town and requiring contracts by counties townships boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same Providing for the minimum width of State highways and State-aid highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs Providing penalty for injuring or destroying State highways Making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the Act and providing for the repeal of certain Acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent herewith and Providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this Act

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven there shall be established a State Highway Department by the appointment by the Governor of the Commonwealth of a State Highway Commissioner who shall serve for a term of four years and shall give his entire time and attention to the duties of his office He shall receive a salary of eight thousand dollars per annum and shall furnish a bond to the Commonwealth in the sum of fifty thousand dollars to be approved by the Governor conditioned for the faithful performance of his duties The Governor shall also appoint two deputy State Highway Commissioners to be known as First Deputy State Highway Commissioner and Second Deputy State Highway Commissioner respectively both of whom shall be competent civil engineers The First Deputy State Highway Commissioner shall receive a salary of six thousand dollars per annum and the Second Deputy

State Highway Commissioner shall receive a salary of five thousand dollars per annum They shall each give bond to the Commonwealth in the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars to be approved by the Governor conditioned for the faithful performance of their duties They shall be subject at all times to the authority of the State Highway Commissioner and in the absence of the Commissioner shall in the order of their precedence to each other perform and discharge all the duties of the State Highway Commissioner as required by law and the provisions of this Act The Governor shall also appoint an Auditor of the said Department who shall be an expert accountant and who shall be a certified public accountant under the laws of this Commonwealth He shall receive a salary of three thousand dollars per annum and shall give bond to the Commonwealth in the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars subject to the approval of the Governor conditioned for the faithful performance of his duties It shall be the duty of said Auditor to examine and audit all the accounts of the Department and to countersign all warrants

Section 2 The Governor shall appoint a chief engineer of the department who shall be a capable and competent civil engineer and experienced in the building and maintenance of improved roads who shall be paid a salary at the rate of four thousand dollars per annum He shall also appoint as an assistant to the chief engineer an engineer of bridges who shall be a capable and competent civil engineer experienced in the designing and construction of bridges who shall be paid a salary at the rate of thirty-six hundred dollars per annum He shall also appoint fifty superintendents experienced in the construction and maintenance of improved roads who shall be known as superintendents of highways each of whom shall be paid a salary at the rate of fifteen hundred dollars per annum He may also appoint when as the work of the Department requires fifteen competent civil engineers experienced in improved road building to act as assistants to the chief engineer and who shall each be paid a salary at the rate of twenty-four hundred dollars per annum He shall also appoint a chief draughtsman who shall also be an experienced civil engineer and who shall be paid a salary at the rate of twenty-four hundred dollars per annum He may also appoint four assistant draughtsmen who shall also be civil engineers who shall be paid a salary at the rate of eighteen hundred dollars per annum He shall also appoint a chief clerk who shall be paid a salary at the rate of twenty-four hundred dollars per annum and may employ four competent additional clerks and four competent stenographers each at a salary at the rate of twelve hundred dollars per annum and in addition thereto may appoint and employ from time to time such additional stenographers and clerks as the work of the Department requires which additional appointees or employes shall each be paid a salary not to exceed the rate of one thousand dollars per annum He may also appoint two competent bookkeepers who shall each be paid a salary at the rate of sixteen hundred dollars per annum The State Highway Commissioner his Deputies and other officers shall be paid in addition to their stipulated salary or compensation traveling expenses necessarily and actually incurred by each of them in the performance of the duties required by this Act or performed by direction of the State Highway Commissioner The State Highway Commissioner shall assign the superintendents of highways to such sections or parts of the State as in the judgment of said Commissioner will enable said superintendents to render most efficient service in the improvement of the highways It shall be the duty of each superintendent of highways subject to the authority of the Commissioner and in accord with the rules and regulations of the Department to superintend supervise and take charge and control of all work of rebuilding maintenance and repair of the State-aid and State highways or any portions thereof in his said district or placed in his charge and it shall be the further duty of each superintendent of highways to instruct the authorities having charge of the highways in the counties or townships in his district which receive aid from the State in the maintenance of highways and as to the methods to be employed at all times in the construction maintenance and repair of county or township roads culverts and bridges in the said counties or townships

Section 3 The State Highway Commissioner is hereby empowered to make and adopt rules and regulations for conducting the business and work of the department not otherwise expressly provided in this Act and to prescribe the duties of all appointees and employes All appointees or employes of the department shall be subject to removal or discharge by the State Highway Commissioner

He is hereby authorized and empowered to purchase all machinery implements tools and materials of any and every kind incident to or necessary in the construction building re-building and maintenance of the State highways hereinafter described including the right to employ all necessary labor and if in the judgment of the commissioner it is necessary in order to expedite and more efficiently carry out the work of the department he may purchase and maintain at the expense of the department wagons and other vehicles including horses mules and harness and provide for their keeping and maintenance which shall be used only in connection with the work of the department

Section 4 The State Highway Department shall be provided with suitable rooms in the State building at Harrisburg and its offices shall be open at all reasonable times for the transaction of public business The State Highway Commissioner shall carry into effect the provisions of this Act and all other Acts of Assembly providing for the operation and co-operation of the State in the construction and maintenance of State and public highways He shall have charge of the records of the State Highway Department and shall each year submit to the Governor of the Commonwealth a full report of the operations of the department a report of materials cost and character of roads built rebuilt or maintained under its direction detailed statements of the expense of the department and such other information concerning the condition of the public roads of the State and particularly of the State-aid and State highways and the progress of their improvements as may be proper or required

Section 5 The highways designated in this Act as State highways shall be taken over by the State Highway Department from the several counties or townships of the State and when so taken over shall thereafter be constructed improved and maintained by the State Highway Department at the expense of the Commonwealth Said highways shall be taken over in whole or in part from time to time as circumstances and conditions will permit provided that all township roads abondoned and condemned turnpikes or turnpikes that may hereafter be abandoned or which may hereafter be condemned and paid for by the county in which the same may be located and which form a part of any such highways shall be taken over by the State Highway Department before the first day of June one thousand nine hundred and twelve The State Highway Commissioner shall before taking over any highway under the provisions of this Act give notice in writing to the proper officers of the county or township in which said highway shall lie of his intention so to do and of the date when the State Highway Department will assume the maintenance and care thereof The work of maintenance repair and construction of said State highways shall be commenced and carried on as equally and uniformly in the several counties as conditions will allow Provided that any county township or borough which may have in contemplation or under contract or construction the improvement of any portion of any highway designated herein as a State highway shall immediately notify the State Highway Commissioner of their intention to make said improvements and thereupon the statu of such highway shall remain the same as it was previous to the passage of this Act and the county Commissioners o the Commissioners or Supervisors of the township or Council of the borough as the case may be are authorized to complete the improvements of said highway at the expense of the county or township or borough as the case may be Provided that upon the completion of any improvement aforesaid or at the expiration of a period not exceeding eighteen months after the passage of this Act the said highway shall become a State highway as herein provided And be it further Provided That where an agreement or contract exists between any street railway company or other firm or corporation and any county township or borough the terms of which require said street railway company or other firm or corporation to maintain any highway which is designated under this Act as a State highway the said agreement shall remain in force and the State shall succeed to and take over to itself all the rights of said county township or borough existing under said agreement or contract The said street railway company or other firm or corporation shall be bound to carry out all of the requirements and comply with all the terms and conditions of said agreement with the State the same as though the said contract or agreement had been originally made between the State and said street railway company or other firm or corporation

Section 6 From and after the adoption of this act all those certain existing public roads highways turn-pikes and toll-roads or any parts or portions thereof subject to the provisions hereinafter made in the case of turn-pikes and toll-roads forming and being main traveled roads or routes between the county seats of the several counties of the Commonwealth and main traveled roads or routes leading to the State line and between principal cities boroughs and towns shall be known marked built rebuilt constructed repaired and maintained by and at the sole expense of the Commonwealth and shall be under the exclusive authority and jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and shall constitute a system of State highways the same being more particularly described and defined as follows

Route One From Harrisburg to Sunbury Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Harrisburg and running by way of Dauphin Halifax and Millersburg to a point on the dividing line between Dauphin and Northumberland counties thence by way of Herndon into Sunbury Northumberland County

Route Two From Sunbury to Danville Commencing in Sunbury and running to a point on the dividing line between Northumberland and Montour counties thence into the borough of Danville Montour County

Route Three From Danville to Bloomsburg Commencing in Danville and running to a point on the dividing line between Montour and Columbia counties thence into Bloomsburg Columbia County

Route Four From Bloomsburg to Wilkes-Barre Commencing in Bloomsburg and running by way of Berwick to a point on the dividing line between Columbia and Luzerne counties thence by way of Hunlocks Creek and Plymouth to the boundary line of the city of Wilkes-Barre Luzerne County

Route Five From Wilkes-Barre to Scranton Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Wilkes-Barre and running by way of Pittston and Avoca to a point on the dividing line between Luzerne and Lackawanna counties and thence to the boundary line of the city of Scranton Lackawanna County

Route Six From Scranton to Honesdale Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Scranton and running by way of Dunmore Throop and Carbondale to a point on the dividing line between Lackawanna and Wayne counties thence into Honesdale Wayne County

Route Seven From Honesdale to Milford Commencing in Honesdale and running to Hawley thence to a point on the dividing line between Wayne and Pike counties thence by way of Blooming Grove into Milford Pike County

Route Eight From Milford to the New York State line Commencing in Milford and running to Matamoras Pike County opposite Port Jervis New York

Route Nine From Scranton to Montrose Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Scranton and running by way of Clark's Summit Glenburn and LaPlume to a point on the dividing line between Lackawanna and Wyoming counties thence by way of Factoryville and Nicholson to a point on the dividing line between Wyoming and Susquehanna counties thence into Montrose Susquehanna County

Route Ten From Montrose to the New York State line Commencing in Montrose and running by way of New Milford

Hallstead Great Bend and Susquehanna to the New York State line

Route Eleven From Wilkes-Barre to Tunkhannock Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Wilkes-Barre and running by way of Dallas to a point on the dividing line between Luzerne and Wyoming counties thence by way of Bowman Creek and Eatonville into Tunkhannock Wyoming County

Route Twelve From Tunkhannock to Montrose Commencing in Tunkhannock and running by way of Avery to a point on the dividing line between Wyoming and Susquehanna counties thence by way of Springville into Montrose Susquehanna County

Route Thirteen From Tunkhannock to Towanda Commencing in Tunkhannock and running by way of Eatonville Lucasville Mehoopany Jenningsville and Stowell to a point on the dividing line between Wyoming and Bradford counties thence by way of Hollenback Snyder Run Tarrytown Asylum and Wysox into Towanda Bradford County

Route Fourteen From Towanda to Montrose Commencing in Towanda and running over Route thirteen to Wysox thence by way of Rummerfield and Campton to a point on the dividing line between Bradford and Susquehanna counties thence by way of Rushville into Montrose Susquehanna County

Route Fifteen From Towanda to the New York State line Commencing in Towanda thence running over Route thirteen to Wysox thence by way of Rome and North Orwell to a point on the New York State line near Nichols New York

Route Sixteen From Bloomsburg to Laporte Commencing in Bloomsburg and running by way of Orangeville Stillwater Benton and Jamison City to a point on the dividing line between Columbia and Sullivan counties thence into Laporte Sullivan County

Route Seventeen From Laporte to Towanda Commencing in Laporte and running by way of Bernice and Dushore to a point on the dividing line between Sullivan and Bradford counties thence by way of New Albany into Towanda Bradford County

Route Eighteen From Sunbury to Williamsport Commencing in Sunbury and running by way of East Lewisburg Milton and McEwensville to a point on the dividing line between Northumberland and Lycoming counties thence by way of Muncy and Montoursville into Williamsport Lycoming County

Route Nineteen From Williamsport to Laporte Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Williamsport and running over Route eighteen to Muncy thence by way of Hughesville and Mawrglen to a point on the dividing line between Lycoming and Sullivan counties thence by way of Sonestown to Nordmont and thence over Route sixteen into Laporte Sullivan County

Route Twenty From Williamsport to Towanda Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Williamsport and running by way of Hepburnville Troutrun Ralston and Roaring Branch to a point on the dividing line between Lycoming and Tioga counties thence to Hagars thence to a point on the dividing line between Tioga and Bradford counties thence by way of Canton Troy and Burlington into Towanda Bradford County

Route Twenty-one From Williamsport to Wellsboro Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Williamsport and running over Route twenty to Troutrun and thence by way of Steam Valley and Buttonwood to a point on the dividing line between Lycoming and Tioga counties thence by way of Liberty Blossburg Covington Richard's Bridge Elk Run, Dykes Mills and Hollow Road into Wellsboro Tioga County

Route Twenty-two From Wellsboro to the New York State line Commencing in Wellsboro and running by way of Stokesdale Niles Valley Middlebury and Lawrenceville to the New York State line

Route Twenty-three From Williamsport to Lock Haven Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Williamsport and running by way of Jersey Shore to a point on the dividing line between Lycoming and Clinton counties and thence by way of Chatham Run to a point on the boundary line of the city of Lock Haven Clinton County

Route Twenty-four From Lewisburg to Sunbury Commencing in Lewisburg and running by way of Winfield to a point on the dividing line between Union and Snyder counties thence to Shamokin Dam opposite Sunbury Northumberland County

Route Twenty-five From Sunbury to Middleburg Commencing at a point in Sunbury Northumberland County and running thence by way of Shamokin Dam and Selingsgrove into Middleburg Snyder County

Route Twenty-six From Middleburg to Lewisburg Commencing in Middleburg and running by way of Penns Creek to a point on the dividing line between Snyder and Union counties thence by way of Mifflinburg Vicksburg and Lochiel into Lewisburg Union County

Route Twenty-seven From Lewisburg to Bellefonte Commencing in Lewisburg and running over Route Twenty-four to Winfield thence by way of New Berlin to Penns Creek thence over Route Twenty-six to Mifflinburg thence by way of Hartleton to a point on the dividing line between Union and Centre counties thence by way of Woodward Millheim and Centrehall into Bellefonte Centre County

Route Twenty-eight From Middleburg to Lewistown Commencing in Middleburg and running by way of Beavertown and Mc-clure to a point on the dividing line between Snyder and Mifflin counties thence by way of Wagner and Painterville into Lewistown Mifflin County

Route Twenty-nine From Lewistown to Bellefonte Commencing in Lewistown and running by way of Burnham Reedsville and Milroy to a point on the dividing line between Mifflin and Centre counties thence by way of Potter Mills to Centre Hall thence over Route Twenty-seven into Bellefonte Centre County

Route Thirty From Harrisburg to New Bloomfield Commencing in Wormleysburg Cumberland County opposite the city of Harrisburg thence running by way of Enola to a point on the dividing line between Cumberland and Perry counties and thence by way of Marysville and Duncannon into New Bloomfield Perry County

Route Thirty-one From New Bloomfield to Mifflintown Commencing in New Bloomfield thence running by way of Newport and Millerstown to a point on the dividing line between Perry and Juniata counties and thence by way of Thompsontown and Mexico into Mifflintown Juniata County

Route Thirty-two From Mifflintown to Lewistown Commencing in Mifflintown and following the line of the Juniata River to a point on the dividing line between Juniata and Mifflin counties thence into Lewistown Mifflin County

Route Thirty-three From Lewistown to Huntingdon Commencing in Lewistown thence running by way of McVeytown and Newton Hamilton to a point on the dividing line between Mifflin and Huntingdon counties thence by way of Mount Union Mapleton and Mill Creek into Huntingdon Huntingdon County

Route Thirty-four From Harrisburg to Carlisle Commencing in Wormleysburg Cumberland County opposite the city of Harrisburg thence by way of Lemoyne Camp Hill Hogestown and Middlesex into Carlisle Cumberland County

Route Thirty-five From Carlisle to Chambersburg Commencing in Carlisle and running by way of Mooredale Centerville Walnut Bottom Cross Roads and Shippensburg to a point on the Dividing line between Cumberland and Franklin counties thence by way of Green Village into Chambersburg Franklin County

Route Thirty-six From Chambersburg to the Maryland State line Commencing in Chambersburg and running by way of Marion and Greencastle to the Maryland State line

Route Thirty-seven From Chambersburg to McConnellsburg Commencing in Chambersburg and running by way of Saint Thomas and Fort Loudon to a point on the dividing line between Franklin and Fulton counties thence into McConnellsburg Fulton County

Route Thirty-eight From McConnellsburg to the Maryland State line Commencing in McConnellsburg and running by way of Big Cove Needmore Dott and Warfordsburg to the Maryland State line

Route Thirty-nine From McConnellsburg to Bedford Commencing in McConnellsburg and running by way of Harrisonville to a point on the dividing line between Fulton and Bedford counties thence by way of Everett into Bedford Bedford County

Route Forty From Carlisle to New Bloomfield Commencing in Carlisle and running by way of Carlisle Springs to a point on the dividing line between Cumberland and Perry counties thence by way of Sterrett's Gap and Drumgold into New Bloomfield Perry County

Route Forty-one From Carlisle to Gettysburg Commencing in Carlisle and running by way of Mount Holly Springs Hunter's Run and Alga to a point on the dividing line between Cumberland and Adams counties thence by way of Bendersville Biglerville and Goldenville into Gettysburg Adams county

Route Forty-two From Gettysburg to the Maryland State line Commencing in Gettysburg and running by way of Littlestown to the Maryland State line

Route Forty-three From Gettysburg to Chambersburg Commencing in Gettysburg thence running by way of McKnightstown and Cashtown to a point on the dividing line between Adams and Franklin counties thence by way of Fayetteville into Chambersburg Franklin County

Route Forty-four From Gettysburg to the Maryland State line Commencing in Gettysburg and running by way of Fairfield and Fountaindale to a point on the dividing line between Adams and Franklin counties thence by way of Charmion and Waynesboro to the Maryland State line

Route Forty-five From Chambersburg to Mifflintown Commencing in Chambersburg and running over Route thirty-seven to Fort Loudon thence by way of Richmond Furnace Fannettsburg Dry Run and Concord to a point on the dividing line between Franklin and Huntingdon counties thence to Blair's Mills Huntingdon County thence to a point on the dividing line between Huntingdon and Juniata counties thence by way of East Waterford Warble and Spruce Hill to Port Royal thence over Route thirty-one into Mifflintown Juniata County

Route Forty-six From Bedford to Huntingdon Commencing in Bedford and running over Route thirty-nine to Everett thence by way of Yellow Creek Hopewell and Saxton to a point on the dividing line between Bedford and Huntingdon counties thence by way of Beaver Marklesburg and McConnellstown into Huntingdon Huntingdon County

Route Forty-seven From Bedford to Hollidaysburg Commencing in Bedford and running by way of Reynoldsdale Osterburg and King to a point on the dividing line between Bedford and Blair counties and thence by way of Claysburg and East Freedom into Hollidaysburg Blair County

Route Forty-eight From Bedford to the Maryland State line Commencing in Bedford and running by way of Cruse and Evitts to the Maryland State line

Route Forty-nine From Bedford to Somerset Commencing in Bedford and running by way of Manns Choice to a point on the dividing line between Bedford and Somerset counties thence by way of Berlin into Somerset Somerset County

Route Fifty From Somerset to Uniontown Commencing in Somerset and running by way of New Centerville Rockwood dividing line between Somerset and Fayette counties thence by Casselman and Confluence to a point on the National Road near Addison thence by way of Somerfield to a point on the way of Farmington into Uniontown Fayette County

Route Fifty-one From Somerset to the Maryland State line Commencing in Somerset and running over Route forty-nine to Berlin thence by way of Meyersdale and Salisbury to the Maryland State line

Route Fifty-two From Somerset to Ebensburg Commencing in Somerset and running by way of Friedens Stoyestown Stanton Mills Boswell Jerome Holsopple and Davidsville to a point on the dividing line between Somerset and Cambria counties thence by way of Johnstown Vinco and Dearmin into Ebensburg Cambria County

Route Fifty-three From Ebensburg to Hollidaysburg Commence in Ebensburg and running by way of Loretto Syberton Gallitzin Cresson and Summit to a point on the dividing line

between Cambria and Blair counties thence by way of Duncansville into Hollidaysburg Blair County

Route Fifty-four From Ebensburg to Indiana Commencing in Ebensburg and running by way of Pindleton and Belsano to a point on the dividing line between Cambria and Indiana counties thence by way of Strongstown Possum Glory Pine Flats and Clymer into Indiana Indiana County

Route Fifty-five From Huntingdon to Hollidaysburg Commencing in Huntingdon and running by way of Alexandria Water Street Union Furnace and Birmingham to a point on the dividing line between Huntingdon and Blair counties thence by way of Tyrone Bellwood and Altoona into Hollidaysburg Blair County

Route Fifty-six From Huntingdon to Bellefonte Commencing in Huntingdon and running over Route fifty-five to Tyrone thence by way of Warrior's Mark Seven Stars and Pennsylvania Furnace to a point on the dividing line between Huntingdon and Centre counties thence by way of State College and Lemont to Pleasant Gap thence over Route twenty-seven into Bellefonte Centre County

Route Fifty-seven From Huntingdon to Clearfield Commencing in Huntingdon and running over Route fifty-five to Tyrone thence by way of Bald Eagle to a point on the dividing line between Blair and Centre counties thence by way of Sandy Ridge to a point on the dividing line between Centre and Clearfield counties thence by way of Osceola to a point on the dividing line between Clearfield and Centre counties thence to Philipsburg thence to a point on the dividing line between Centre and Clearfield counties and thence by way of West Decatur Sington and Williams Grove into Clearfield Clearfield County

Route Fifty-eight From Bellefonte to Lock Haven Commencing in Bellefonte and running by way of Zion Hublersburg and Nittany to a point on the dividing line between Centre and Clinton counties and thence by way of Clintondale and Mill Hall to a point on the boundary line of the city of Lock Haven Clinton County

Route Fifty-nine From Clearfield to Ridgway Commencing in Clearfield and running by way of Curwensville Grampian and DuBois to a point on the dividing line between Clearfield and Jefferson counties thence to Brockwayville and Crenshaw to a point on the dividing line between Jefferson and Elk counties thence by way of Brandy Camp into Ridgway Elk County

Route Sixty From Clearfield to Brookville Commencing in Clearfield and running over Route fifty-nine to DuBois thence to a point on the dividing line between Clearfield and Jefferson counties thence by way of Reynoldsville into Brookville Jefferson County

Route Sixty-one From Ridgway to Brookville Commencing in Ridgway and running over Route fifty-nine to Brockwayville thence by way of Petersburg into Brookville Jefferson County

Route Sixty-two From Ebensburg to Clearfield Commencing in Ebensburg and running by way of Carrolltown Spangler Barnesboro and Cherry Tree to a point on the dividing line between Cambria and Clearfield counties thence by way of Burnside McGees Mills Mahaffey Bells Landing and Lumber City to Curwensville thence over Route fifty-nine into Clearfield Clearfield County

Route Sixty-three From Indiana to Brookville Commencing in Indiana and running by way of Gilpin Home Marion Center Marchand and Covode to a point on the dividing line between Indiana and Jefferson counties thence by way of Punxsutawney Markton Coolspring and Knoxdale into Brookville Jefferson County

Route Sixty-four From Brookville to Clarion Commencing in Brookville and running by way of Corsica to a point on the dividing line between Jefferson and Clarion counties thence by way of Day and Strattonville into Clarion Clarion County

Route Sixty-five From Clarion to Franklin Commencing in Clarion and running by way of Shippensville Valley and Kossuth to a point on the dividing line between Clarion and Venango counties thence by way of East Sandy and Cranberry to a point on the boundary line of the city of Franklin Venango County

Route Sixty-six From Clarion to Kittanning Commencing in Clarion and running by way of Frampton Sloan Gap Rockville and New Bethlehem to a point on the dividing line between Clarion and Armstrong counties thence by way of Mahoning Furnace and Slabtown into Kittanning Armstrong County

Route Sixty-seven From Indiana to Kittanning Commencing in Indiana and running by way of Shelocta to a point on the dividing line between Indiana and Armstrong counties and thence by way of Elderton into Kittanning Armstrong County

Route Sixty-eight From Indiana to Greensburg Commencing in Indiana and running by way of Homer Blacklick and Blairsville to a point on the dividing line between Indiana and Westmoreland counties thence by way of New Alexandria and Crabtree into Greensburg Westmoreland County

Route Sixty-nine From Greensburg to Kittanning Commencing in Greensburg and running by way of Salem Mamont and North Washington to a point on the dividing line between Westmoreland and Armstrong counties thence by way of Apollo Leechburg Freeport and Slatelick into Westkit on the Allegheny River opposite Kittanning Armstrong County

Route Seventy From Pittsburg to Kittanning Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the City of Pittsburg and running by way of Sharpsburg Aspinwall and Tarentum to a point on the dividing line between Allegheny and Butler counties thence to a point on the dividing line between Butler and Armstrong counties thence to Freeport thence over Route Sixty-nine into Westkit on the Allegheny River opposite Kittanning Armstrong County

Route Seventy-one From Kittanning to Butler Commencing at Westkit on the Allegheny River opposite Kittanning and running by way of Walkchalk and Worthington to a point on the dividing line between Armstrong and Butler counties thence by way of Coyleville and Carbon Center into Butler Butler County

Route Seventy-two From Pittsburg to Butler Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the City of Pittsburg and running over Route seventy to Sharpsburg thence by way of Bakerstown to a point on the dividing line between Allegheny and Butler counties thence by way of Maharg into Butler Butler County

Route Seventy-three From Butler to Mercer Commencing in Butler and running by way of Unionville Slippery Rock Forestville and Harrisville to a point on the dividing line between Butler and Mercer counties thence by way of Grove City into Mercer Mercer County

Route Seventy-four From Mercer to the Ohio State line Commencing in Mercer and running by way of Charleston Hermitage and Sharon to the Ohio State line

Route Seventy-five From Butler to Franklin Commencing in Butler and running by way of Sonora Greece City Hooker North Washington Eau Claire Cherry Valley and Byrom Center to a point on the dividing line between Butler and Venango counties thence by way of Emlenton Mariaville Porterfield and Nickleville to East Sandy thence over Route Sixty-five to a point on the boundary line of the City of Franklin Venango county

Route Seventy-six From Pittsburg to Beaver Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Pittsburg and running by way of Forest Grove Road to Coraopolis thence over the Thorn Run Road to Carnot thence over the Broadhead Road to a point on the dividing line between Allegheny and Beaver counties thence over the same road by way of Scottsville New Sheffield and Monaca into Beaver Beaver County

Route Seventy-seven From Beaver to New Castle Commencing in Beaver and running by way of Beaver Falls to a point on the dividing line between Beaver and Lawrence counties thence by way of Wampum and Moravia to a point on the boundary line of the city of New Castle Lawrence County

Route Seventy-eight From Beaver to Butler Commencing in Beaver and running by way of Rochester to a point on the dividing line between Beaver and Butler counties thence by way of Zelienople Harmony Evans City Conoquenessing and Buttercup into Butler Butler county

Route Seventy-nine From Butler to New Castle Commencing in Butler and running by way of Mount Chestnut Prospect and Portersville to a point on the dividing line between Butler and Lawrence counties thence by way of Rose Point and Waggletown to a point on the boundary line of the city of New Castle Lawrence County

Route Eighty From New Castle to Mercer Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of New Castle and running by way of Coaltown and New Wilmington to a point on the dividing line between Lawrence and Mercer counties thence into Mercer Mercer County

Route Eighty-one From New Castle to the Ohio State line Commencing at a point on the boundary line in the city of New Castle and running by way of Parkstown and a point near Harbor Bridge thence by way of Badger and New Bedford to the Ohio State Line

Route Eighty-two From Mercer to Meadville Commencing in Mercer and running by way of Delaware Grove Greenville and Osgood to a point on the dividing line between Mercer and Crawford counties thence by way of Adamsville Hartstown and Conneaut Lake to a point on the boundary line of the city of Meadville Crawford County

Route Eighty-three From Meadville to the Ohio State line Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Meadville and running over Route eighty-two to Conneaut Lake and thence by way of Shermanville and Linesville to the Ohio State line

Route Eighty-four From Meadville to Erie Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Meadville and running by way of Saegerstown Venango and Cambridge Springs to a point on the dividing line between Crawford and Erie counties thence by way of Waterford to a point on the boundary line of the city of Erie Erie County

Route Eighty-five From Meadville to the Ohio State line Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Meadville and running by way of Hayfield Conneautville and Springboro to a point on the dividing line between Crawford and Erie counties thence by way of Albion Cherryhill and West Springfield to the Ohio State line

Route Eighty-six From Erie to the Ohio State line Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Erie and running over the West Lake Road to Avonia thence by way of Fairview Station to the Ridge Road thence over the Ridge Road by way of Fairview Girard East Springfield and West Springfield thence over Route eighty-five to the Ohio State line

Route Eighty-seven From Erie to the New York State line Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Erie and running by way of Harbor Creek Moorheadville North East and Northville to the New York State line

Route Eighty-eight From Erie to Warren Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Erie and running by way of Wattsburg Elgin and Corry to a point on the dividing line between Erie and Warren counties thence by way of Colza Columbus Freehold Pittsfield Youngsville and Irvine into Warren Warren County

Route Eighty-nine From Meadville to Warren Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Meadville and running by way of Wayland Frenchtown Sugarlake and Black Ash to a point on the dividing line between Crawford and Venango counties thence by way of Plum and Diamond to a point on the dividing line between Venango and Crawford counties thence by way of Gresham to Titusville thence to a point on the dividing line between Crawford and Warren counties thence by way of Enterprise Grand Valley Torpedo and Garland to Pittsfield thence over Route Eighty-eight into Warren Warren County

Route Ninety From Meadville to Franklin Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Meadville and running over Route eighty-nine to a point east of Black Ash thence to a point on the dividing line between Crawford and Venango counties thence by way of Bradleytown Cooperstown and Wyattville to a point on the boundary line of the city of Franklin Venango County

Route Ninety-one From Franklin to Tionesta Commencing

at a point on the boundary line of the city of Franklin and running by way of Oil City McPherson's Corners Coal Hill McCrea School and President to a point on the dividing line between Venango and Forest counties thence into Tionesta Forest county

Route Ninety-two From Clarion to Tionesta Commencing in Clarion and running by way of Route sixty-five to Shippensville thence by way of Marble Fryburg Lickingville and Newmansville to a point on the dividing line between Clarion and Forest counties thence into Tionesta Forest County

Route Ninety-three From Tionesta to Warren Commencing in Tionesta and running by way of Hickory to a point on the dividing line between Forest and Warren counties thence by way of Tidioute to Irvine thence over Route Eighty-eight into Warren Warren County

Route Ninety-four From Warren to the New York State line Commencing in Warren and running by way of North Warren and Ackley to the New York State line

Route Ninety-five From Warren to Smethport Commencing in Warren and running by way of Clarendon and Sheffield to a point on the dividing line between Warren and McKean counties thence by way of Ludlow Wetmore Kane Mount Jewett Hazelhurst and Kasson into Smethport McKean County

Route Ninety-six From Smethport to the New York State line Commencing in Smethport and running by way of Farmers Valley Coleville Rew and Bradford to the New York State line

Route Ninety-seven From Ridgway to the New York State line Commencing in Ridgway and running by way of Johnsonburg and Wilcox to a point on the dividing line between Elk and McKean counties thence by way of Burrows to Kane counties by way of Truman and Buckwalter into Emporium Custer City to Bradford thence over Route Ninety-six to the New York State Line

Route Ninety-eight From Tionesta to Ridgway Commencing in Tionesta and running over Route ninety-two to the most convenient point of divergence to connect with Nebraska thence by way of Nebraska and Marienville to a point on the dividing line between Forest and Elk counties thence by way of Corduroy and Portland into Ridgway Elk County

Route Ninety-nine From Ridgway to Emporium Commencing in Ridgway and running by way of Saint Marys and Rathbun to a point on the dividing line between Elk and Cameron thence over Route Ninety-five to Mount Jewett thence by way of Kushequa Mount Alton Lafayette Lewis Run and Cameron County

Route One hundred From Emporium to Smethport Commencing in Emporium and running by way of Sizerville to a point on the dividing line between Cameron and McKean counties thence to Garden thence to a point on the dividing line between McKean and Potter counties thence to Forest House thence to a point on the dividing line between Potter and McKean counties thence by way of Liberty Wrights Port Allegheny Turtle Point and Farmers Valley thence over Route ninety-six into Smethport McKean County

Route One Hundred and One From Smethport to Coudersport Commencing in Smethport and running by way of East Smethport and Port Allegheny to a point on the dividing line between McKean and Potter counties thence by way of Burtville Roulette and Mina into Coudersport Potter County

Route One Hundred and Two From Coudersport to Wellsboro Commencing in Coudersport and running by way of Sweden Brookland West Pike and Galeton to a point on the dividing line between Potter and Tioga counties thence by way of Gaines Ansonia and Stokesdale into Wellsboro Tioga County

Route One Hundred and Three From Coudersport to the New York State line Commencing in Coudersport and running by way of Veley Seven Bridges Lewisville Mills Harrison Valley and Elmer to a point on the dividing line between Potter and Tioga counties thence by way of Potter Brook Westfield Knoxville Elkland and Lawrenceville to the New York State line

Route One Hundred and Four From Coudersport to Emporium Commencing in Coudersport and running by way of Inez Odin and Austin to Forest House thence over route one hundred into Emporium Cameron County

Route One Hundred and Five From Emporium to Lock Haven Commencing in Emporium and running by way of Cameron Driftwood and Sinnamahoning to a point on the dividing line between Cameron and Clinton counties thence following the river route by way of Westport Renovo Hyner and Farrandsville to a point opposite to the city of Lock Haven Clinton County

Route One Hundred and Six From Wellsboro to Lock Haven Commencing in Wellsboro and running by way of Sweetbriar Morris and Lloyd to a point on the dividing line between Tioga and Lycoming counties thence by way of Hillborn Slate Run and Pump Station thence following the line of the Williamsport and Coudersport Turnpike to a point near Caldwell thence to a point on Route one hundred and five thence over Route one hundred and five to Lock Haven Clinton County

Route One Hundred and Seven From Bellefonte to Clearfield Commencing in Bellefonte and running by way of Milesburg Unionville Julian Port Matilda and Philipsburg to a point on the dividing line between Centre and Clearfield counties thence over Route fifty-seven into Clearfield Clearfield County

Route One Hundred and Eight From Pittsburg to Washington Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Pittsburg and running by way of Washington Pike through Green Tree and Bridgeville to a point on the dividing line between Allegheny and Washington counties thence by way of Washington Pike to Canonsburg thence over the Quail Road into Washington Washington County

Route One Hundred and Nine From Washington to Waynesburg Commencing in Washington and running by way of Prosperity and Sparta to a point on the dividing line between Washington and Greene counties thence by way of Nineveh into Waynesburg Greene County

Route One Hundred and Ten From Waynesburg to the West Virginia State line Commencing in Waynesburg and running by way of Kirby and Mount Morris to the West Virginia State line

Route One Hundred and Eleven From Waynesburg to the West Virginia State line Commencing in Waynesburg and running by way of Rogersville Holbrook Woodruff Nettlehill New Freeport and Deep Valley to the West Virginia State line

Route One Hundred and Twelve From Waynesburg to Uniontown Commencing in Waynesburg and running by way of Khedive and Carmichaels to a point on the dividing line between Green and Fayette counties thence by way of East Riverside and New Salem into Uniontown Fayette County

Route One Hundred and Thirteen From Uniontown to Washington Commencing in Uniontown and running by way of Brownsville to a point on the dividing line between Fayette and Washington counties thence by way of Beallsville Hillsboro and Laboratory into Washington Washington County being a portion of the National or Cumberland Road

Route One Hundred and Fourteen From Washington to the West Virginia State line Commencing in Washington and running over the National or Cumberland Road to Claysville thence by way of Elvilla and Beham to the West Virginia State line near Dallas West Virginia

Route One Hundred and Fifteen From Washington to Beaver Commencing in Washington and running by way of Gretna Burgettstown and Florence to a point on the dividing line between Washington and Beaver counties thence by way of Frankford Springs Harshaville McCleary Bellowsville and Monaca into Beaver Beaver County

Route One Hundred and Sixteen From Uniontown to the West Virginia State line Commencing in Uniontown and running by way of Chadville Smithfield Morris Cross Roads and Point Marion to the West Virginia State line

Route One Hundred and Seventeen From Uniontown to Greensburg Commencing in Uniontown and running by way of Connellsville and Everson to a point on the dividing line between Fayette and Westmoreland counties thence by way of Scottdale Mount Pleasant and Youngwood into Greensburg Westmoreland County

Route One Hundred and Eighteen From Greensburg to Washington Commencing in Greensburg and running by way of Madison and West Newton to a point on the dividing line between Westmoreland and Fayette Counties thence to Belle Vernon thence to a point on the dividing line between Fayette and Washington Counties thence by way of Charleroi Fallowfield Bentleyville Vanceville and Zediker into Washington County

Route One Hundred and Nineteen From Bedford to Greensburg Commencing in Bedford and running by way of Wolfsburg and Shellburg to a point on the dividing line between Bedford and Somerset Counties thence by way of Buckstown Stoyestown and Jennerstown to a point on the dividing line between Somerset and Westmoreland Counties thence by way of Laughlintown Ligonier and Youngstown into Greensburg Westmoreland County

Route One Hundred and Twenty From Greensburg to Pittsburg Commencing in Greensburg and running by way of Adamsburg and Irwin to a point on the dividing line between Westmoreland and Allegheny Counties thence by way of East McKeesport Turtle Creek and Wilkinsburg to a point on the boundary line of the City of Pittsburg Allegheny County

Route One Hundred and Twenty-one From Chambersburg to Huntingdon Commencing in Chambersburg and running over Routes thirty-seven and forty-five to Fannettsburg thence to a point on the dividing line between Franklin and Huntingdon Counties on the dividing line between Franklin and Huntingdon to Mount Union thence over Route Thirty-three into Huntingdon County

Route One Hundred and Twenty-two From Chambersburg to New Bloomfield Commencing in Chambersburg and running over Routes Thirty-seven and Forty-five to Concord thence to a point on the dividing line between Franklin and Perry counties thence by way of Blain Loysville and Green Park into New Bloomfield Perry County

Route One Hundred and Twenty-three From Harrisburg to Gettysburg Commencing in Wormleysburg Cumberland County opposite the city of Harrisburg and running over Route Thirty-four to Lemoyne thence by way of Shepherdstown to a point on the dividing line between Cumberland and York counties thence by way of Dillsburg and Clear Spring to a point on the dividing line between York and Adams counties thence by way of York Springs and Plain View into Gettysburg Adams county

Route One Hundred and Twenty-four From Harrisburg to York Commencing in Wormleysburg and running over Route One Hundred and Twenty-three to Dillsburg thence by way of Wellsville Rossville and Dover to a point on the boundary line of the city of York York County

Route One Hundred and Twenty-five From Carlisle to York Commencing in Carlisle and running by way of Salem Church and Brandtsville to a point on the dividing line between Cumberland and York counties thence to Dillsburg thence over Route One Hundred and Twenty-four to a point in the boundary line of the city of York York County

Route One Hundred and Twenty-six From Gettysburg to York Commencing in Gettysburg and running by way of New Oxford and Berwick to a point on the dividing line between Adams and York counties thence by way of Farmers to a point on the boundary line of the city of York York County

Route One Hundred and Twenty-seven From York to the Maryland State line Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of York and running by way of Logansville Hametown and Shrewsbury to the Maryland State Line

Route One Hundred and Twenty-eight From York to Lancaster Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of York and running by way of Stony Brook and Wrightsville to a point on the dividing line between York and Lancaster counties thence by way of Columbia to a point on the boundary line of the city of Lancaster Lancaster County

Route One Hundred and Twenty-nine From Harrisburg to

Lancaster Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Harrisburg and running by way of Middletown to a point on the dividing line between Dauphin and Lancaster counties thence by way of Elizabethtown Mount Joy and Landisville to a point on the boundary line of the city of Lancaster Lancaster County

Route One Hundred and Thirty From Philadelphia to Media Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Philadelphia and running through Fernwood Lansdowne and Clifton into Media Delaware County

Route One Hundred and Thirty-one From Philadelphia to the Maryland State line Commencing at Philadelphia and running over Route One Hundred and Thirty to Media and thence by way of Wawa Concordville and Chadds Ford to a point on the dividing line between Delaware and Chester counties thence by way of Hamorton Kennett Square Avondale West Grove Oxford and Nottingham to the Maryland State line

Route One Hundred and Thirty-two From Media to the Delaware State line Commencing in Media and running over Route One Hundred and Thirty-one to Black Horse and thence through Brook Haven to the boundary line of the city of Chester thence following the Wilmington and Baltimore turnpike to the Delaware State line

Route One Hundred and Thirty-three From Philadelphia to West Chester Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Philadelphia and running by way of Llanerch Newtown Square and Edgemont to a point on the dividing line between Delaware and Chester counties thence by way of Willistown into West Chester Chester County

Route One Hundred and Thirty-four From West Chseter to the Delaware State line Commencing in West Chester and running by way of Lenape Barnard's Crossing and Anvil to a point at or near Hamorton thence by way of Fairville to the Delaware State line

Route One Hundred and Thirty-five From West Chester to the Delaware State line Commencing in West Chester and running to a point on the dividing line between Chester and Delaware counties thence by way of Brandywine Summit Elam and Booths Corners to a point on the Delaware State line

Route One Hundred and Thirty-six From Lancaster to the Maryland State line Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Lancaster and running by way of Refton New Providence Quarryville Unicorn Wakefield and New Texas to the Maryland State line

Route One Hundred and Thirty-seven From West Chester to Lebanon Commencing in West Chester and running by way of Downingtown Guthriesville and Honey Brook to a point on the dividing line between Chester and Lancaster counties thence by way of Beartown East Earl Hinkletown Ephrata and Brickerville to a point on the dividing line between Lancaster and Lebanon counties thence by way of Cornwall to a point on the boundary line of the city of Lebanon Lebanon County

Route One Hundred and Thirty-eight From Lebanon to Lancaster Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Lebanon and running over Route One Hundred and Thirty-seven to Cornwall thence by way of Bismark to a point on the dividing line between Lebanon and Lancaster counties thence by way of Elstonville Manheim and East Petersburg to a point on the boundary line of the city of Lancaster Lancaster County

Route One Hundred and Thirty-nine From Harrisburg to Lebanon Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Harrisburg and running by way of Hummelstown to a point on the dividing line between Dauphin and Lebanon counties thence by way of Palmyra and Annville to a point on the boundary line of the city of Lebanon Lebanon County

Route One Hundred and Forty From Harrisburg to Pottsville Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Harrisburg and running by way of Progress Linglestown Manada Hill and West Hanover to a point on the dividing line between Dauphin and Lebanon counties thence by way of Jonestown Fredericksburg Lickdale and Green Point to a point on the dividing line between Lebanon and Schuylkill counties thence by way of Suedberg Pine Grove Friedensburg and Schuylkill Haven into Pottsville Schuylkill County

Route One Hundred and Forty-one From Lebanon to Pottsville Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Lebanon and running by way of Jonestown Ono Walmer Church and Bordnersville to Lickdale thence over Route One Hundred and Forty to Fredericksburg thence to a point on the dividing line between Lebanon and Berks counties thence by way of Straustown to Hamburg thence to a point on the dividing line between Berks and Schuylkill counties thence by way of Port Clinton Molino Pinedale and Orwigsburg to Schuylkill Haven thence over Route One Hundred and Forty into Pottsville Schuylkill County

Route One Hundred and Forty-two From Lancaster to Philadelphia Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Lancaster and running by way of Intercourse Pequea and Gap to a point on the dividing line between Lancaster and Chester counties thence by way of Black Horse Sadsburyville Coatesville Downingtown and Paoli to a point on the dividing line between Chester and Delaware counties thence to a point on the dividing line between Delaware and Montgomery counties thence to a point on the boundary line of the city of Philadelphia

Route One Hundred and Forty-three From West Chester to Norristown Commencing in West Chester and running by way of Paoli Howellville and Centerville to a point on the dividing line between Chester and Montgomery counties thence by way of King of Prussia and Bridgeport into Norristown Montgomery County

Route One Hundred and Forty-four From Media to Norristown Commencing in Media and running by way of Newtown Square to a point on the dividing line between Delaware and Montgomery counties thence into Norristown Montgomery County

Route One Hundred and Forty-five From Philadelphia to Norristown Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Philadelphia near Chestnut Hill thence running by way of Plymouth Meeting and Hickorytown into Norristown Montgomery County

Route One Hundred and Forty-six From Norristown to Reading Commencing in Norristown and running by way of Jeffersonville Collegeville Limerick Sanatoga and Pottstown to a point on the dividing line between Montgomery and Berks counties thence by way of Douglassville to a point on the boundary line of the city of Reading Berks County

Route One Hundred and Forty-seven From West Chester to Reading Commencing in West Chester and running by way of Whiteland to Lionville thence over the State Road to Windsor Ludwigs Pughtown and Bucktown to a point on the Schuylkill Road opposite Pottstown thence to a point on the dividing line between Chester and Berks counties thence by way of Brower and Birdsboro to a point on the boundary line of the city of Reading Berks county

Route One Hundred and Forty-eight From Lancaster to Reading Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Lancaster and running by way of Mechanicsburg Talmage Akron Ephrata and Adamstown to a point on the dividing line between Lancaster and Berks counties thence by way of Gouglersville and Shillington to a point on the boundary line of the city of Reading Berks County

Route One Hundred and Forty-nine From Lebanon to Reading Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Lebanon and running by way of Myerstown to a point on the dividing line between Lebanon and Berks counties thence by way of Womelsdorf Robesonia Wernersville and Sinking Spring to a point on the boundary line of the city of Reading Berks County

Route One Hundred and Fifty From Philadelphia to the New Jersey State line Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Philadelphia at Red Lion Bucks County and running in a northeasterly direction by way of Bristol and Tullytown into Morrisville opposite Trenton New Jersey

Route One Hundred and Fifty-one From Philadelphia to Doylestown Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Philadelphia and running through Elkins Park Jenkintown Willow Grove and Horsham to a point on the dividing line between Montgomery and Bucks counties thence by way of Neshaminy and Edison into Doylestown Bucks county

Route One Hundred and Fifty-two From Doylestown to the New Jersey State line Commencing in Doylestown and running by way of Buckingham Pineville Wrightstown Newtown Langhorne South Langhorne Middletown Cross Roads and Midway to Bristol opposite Burlington New Jersey

Route One Hundred and Fifty-three From Philadelphia to Allentown Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Philadelphia near Chestnut Hill thence running by way of Fort Washington Spring House Montgomeryville and Colmar to a point on the dividing line between Montgomery and Bucks counties thence to Line Lexington Sellersville Rockhill and Quakertown to a point on the dividing line between Bucks and Lehigh counties thence by way of Coopersburg to a point on the boundary line of the city of Allentown Lehigh County

Route One Hundred and Fifty-Four From Allentown to Doylestown Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Allentown and running over Route One Hundred and Fifty-three to Sellersville thence by way of South Perkasie Blooming Glen Dublin and Fountainville into Doylestown Bucks County

Route One Hundred and Fifty-five From Philadelphia to the New Jersey State line Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Philadelphia and running over Route One Hundred and Fifty-one to Willow Grove thence by way of Hatboro to a point on the dividing line between Montgomery and Bucks counties thence by way of Hartsville Jamison Furlong and Buckingham to New Hope opposite the New Jersey State line

Route One Hundred and Fifty-six From Doylestown to Easton Commencing in Doylestown and running by way of Danboro Plumsteadville Pipersville Ottsville Revere Kintnersville and Riegelsville to a point on the dividing line between Bucks and Northampton counties thence by way of Raubvile to a point on the boundary line of the city of Easton Northampton County

Route One Hundred and Fifty-seven From Reading to Allentown Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Reading and running by way of Temple Kirbyville Kutztown and Maxatawney to a point on the dividing line between Berks and Lehigh counties thence by way of Breinigsville Trexlerville and Cetronia to a point on the boundary line of the city of Allentown Lehigh County

Route One Hundred and Fifty-eight From Norristown to Allentown Commencing in Norristown and running over Route One Hundred and Forty-six to Collegeville thence by way of Graterford Perkiomenville Zieglersville Pennsburg and East Greenville to a point on dividing line between Montgomery and Berks counties thence by way of Hereford to a point on the dividing line between Berks and Lehigh counties thence by way of Zionsville and Emaus to a point on the boundary line of the city of Allentown Lehigh County

Route One Hundred and Fifty-nine From Allentown to Easton Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Allentown and running by way of Bethlehem Butztown and Dryland to a point on the boundary line of the city of Easton Northampton County

Route One Hundred and Sixty From Reading to Pottsville Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Reading and running by way of Leesport and Shoemakersville to Hamburg thence over Routes One Hundred and Forty-one and One Hundred and Forty into Pottsville Schuylkill County

Route One Hundred and Sixty-one From Pottsville to Sunbury Commencing in Pottsville and running by way of Frackville Fountain Springs and Ashland to a point on the dividing line between Schuylkill and Columbia counties thence by way of Centralia to a point on the dividing line between Columbia and Northumberland counties thence by way of Mount Carmel Shamokin Paxinos and Stonington by way of Old Centre Pike into Sunbury Northumberland County

Route One Hundred and Sixty-two From Pottsville to Mauch Chunk Commencing in Pottsville and running by way of New Philadelphia Tuscarora and Tamaqua to a point on the dividing line between Schuylkill and Carbon counties thence by way of Lansford Summit Hill and Nesquehoning into Mauch Chunk Carbon County

Route One Hundred and Sixty-three From Allentown to Mauch Chunk Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Allentown and running by way of Stetlersville Schnecksville Newhard Slatington and Lehigh Gap to a point on the dividing line between Lehigh and Carbon counties thence by way of Bowmanstown Weissport and Lehighton into Mauch Chunk Carbon County

Route One Hundred and Sixty-four From Mauch Chunk to Stroudsburg Commencing in Mauch Chunk and running over Route One Hundred and Sixty-three to Weissport thence by way of Harrity and Stemblersville to a point on the dividing line between Carbon and Monroe counties thence by way of Kresgeville Gilbert Broadheadsville and Scotia into Stroudsburg Monroe County

Route One Hundred and Sixty-five From Easton to Stroudsburg Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Easton and running by way of Martin's Creek Bangor and Pen Argyl and Wind Gap to a point on the dividing line between Northampton and Monroe counties thence by way of Saylorsburg Bossardville and Stormville into Stroudsburg Monroe County

Route One Hundred and Sixty-six From Stroudsburg to Easton Commencing in Stroudsburg and running by way of Delaware Water Gap to a point on the dividing line between Monroe and Northampton counties thence by way of Portland Mount Bethel East Bangor to Bangor thence over Route One Hundred and Sixty-five to Wind Gap thence by way of Belfast and Ttockerton to a point on the boundary line of the city of Easton Northampton County

Route One Hundred and Sixty-seven From Stroudsburg to Milford Commencing in Stroudsburg and running by way of Marshall's Creek and Shoemaker to a point on the dividing line between Monroe and Pike counties thence by way of Bushkill and Dingman's Ferry into Milford Pike County

Route One Hundred and Sixty-eight From Stroudsburg to Scranton Commencing in Stroudsburg and running by way of Bartonsville Tannersville Swiftwater Mount Pocono and Tobyhanna thence to a point on the dividing line between Monroe and Wayne counties thence by way of Gouldsboro to a point on the dividing line between Wayne and Lackawanna counties thence by way of Moscow Elmhurst and Dunmore to a point on the boundary line of the city of Scranton Lackawanna County

Route One Hundred and Sixty-nine From Stroudsburg to Wilkes-Barre Commencing in Stroudsburg and running by way of Analomink Paradise Valley Mount Pocono Pocono Summit Naomi Pines Pocono Lake and Blakeslee to a point on the dividing line between Monroe and Luzerne counties thence by way of Stoddartsville Bearcreek and Oliver Mills to a point on the boundary line of the city of Wilkes-Barre Luzerne County

Route One Hundred and Seventy From Mauch Chunk to Wilkes-Barre Commencing in Mauch Chunk and running over Route One Hundred and Sixty-two to Nesquehoning and thence by way of Hudsondale Weatherly and Beaver Meadow to a point on the dividing line between Carbon and Luzerne counties thence by way of Hazleton Milnesville Freeland White Haven Mountain Top and Ashley to a point on the boundary line of the city of Wilkes-Barre Luzerne County

Route One Hundred and Seventy-one From Stroudsburg to Honesdale Commencing in Stroudsburg and running over Route One Hundred and Sixty-eight to Swiftwater thence to Pocono Summit thence over Route One Hundred and Sixty nine to Paradise Valley thence by way of Cresco and Mountain Home to a point on the dividing line between Monroe and Pike counties thence by way of Laanna to a point on the dividing line between Pike and Wayne counties thence by way of South Sterling Newfoundland Hamlin Ariel Pink Hoadley and Cherry Ridge into Honesdale Wayne county

Route One Hundred and Seventy-two From Scranton to Honesdale Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Scranton and running over Route One Hundred and Sixty-eight to Elmhurst thence by way of Drinker to a point on the dividing line between Lackawanna and Wayne counties thence by way of Hollisterville and Hamlin thence over Route One Hundred and Seventy-one into Honesdale Wayne County

Route One Hundred and Seventy-three From Honesdale to the New York State line Commencing in Honesdale and running by way of Dyberry Rileyville and Equinunk to a point opposite the New York State line

Route One Hundred and Seventy-four From Honesdale to Montrose Commencing in Honesdale and running over Route Six to Carbondale thence running to a point on the dividing line between Lackawanna and Susquehanna counties thence by way of Clifford South Gibson Harford and New Milford thence over Route Ten into Montrose Susquehanna County

Route One Hundred and Seventy-five From Easton to Mauch Chunk Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Easton and running by way of Nazareth Bath Weaversville Northampton Seigfried Treichlers and Walnutport to a point on the dividing line between Northampton and Lehigh counties thence to Slatington thence over Route One Hundred and Sixty-three into Mauch Chunk Carbon County

Route One Hundred and Seventy-six From Lewisburg to Lock Haven Commencing in Lewisburg and running by way of West Milton White Deer Allenwood and Alvira to a point on the dividing line between Union and Lycoming counties thence by way of Elimsport Collomsville Nippenose Antes Fort and Jersey Shore thence over Route Twenty-three into Lock Haven Clinton County

Route One Hundred and Seventy-seven From Wilkes-Barre to Laporte Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Wilkes-Barre and running over Route Eleven to Dallas thence by way of Harvey's Lake Ruggles and Red Rock to a point on the dividing line between Luzerne and Sullivan counties thence by way of Ganoga Lake Ricketts Shady Nook and Lopez to Bernice thence over Route Seventeen into Laporte Sullivan county

Route One Hundred and Seventy-eight From Doylestown to Norristown Commencing in Doylestown and running by way of New Britain and Chalfont to a point on the dividing line between Bucks and Montgomery counties thence by way of Montgomeryville North Wales and Centre Square into Norristown Montgomery County

Route One Hundred and Seventy-nine From Media to West Chester Commencing in Media and running over Route One Hundred and Thirty-one to Black Horse thence by way of Lima and Gradyville to a point on the dividing line between Delaware and Chester counties thence to a point on Route One Hundred and Forty-three thence over Route One Hundred and Forty-three into West Chester Chester County

Route One Hundred and Eighty From Philadelphia to the Delaware State line Commencing at a point on or near the boundary line of the city of Philadelphia and running by way of Ridley Park Chester Village Green Chelsea and Booths Corners to a point on the Delaware State line

Route One Hundred and Eighty-one From Washington to Greensburg Commencing in Washington and running by way of Monongahela City to a point on the dividing line between Washington and Allegheny counties thence to a point on the dividing line between Allegheny and Westmoreland counties thence by way of West Newton to Mount Pleasant thence over Route One Hundred and Seventeen into Greensburg Westmoreland County

Route One Hundred and Eighty-two From Danville to Pottsville Commencing in Northumberland County at a point opposite Danville thence running in a southerly direction by way of Elysburg to Paxinos thence over Route One Hundred and Sixty-one into Pottsville Schuylkill County

Route One Hundred and Eighty-three From Bloomsburg to Pottsville Commencing in Bloomsburg and running by way of Catawissa to Centralia thence over Route One Hundred and Sixty-one to Ashland thence by way of Girardville and Shenandoah to Frackville thence over Route One Hundred and Sixty-one into Pottsville Schuylkill county

Route One Hundred and Eighty-four From Bloomsburg to Mauch Chunk Commencing in Bloomsburg and running over Route Four to Berwick thence to a point on the dividing line between Columbia and Luzerne counties thence by way of Nescopeck to Hazleton thence over Route One Hundred and Seventy into Mauch Chunk Carbon County

Route One Hundred and Eighty-five From Pottsville to Wilkes-Barre Commencing in Pottsville and running over Route One Hundred and Sixty-two to or near Tamaqua thence by way of McAdoo to a point on the dividing line between Schuylkill and Luzerne counties thence to Hazleton thence over Route One Hundred and Seventy to a point on the boundary line of the city of Wilkes-Barre Luzerne County

Route One Hundred and Eighty-six From Somerset to Pittsburg Commencing in Somerset and running by way of Bakersville to a point on the dividing line between Somerset and Westmoreland counties thence to Mount Pleasant thence over Routes One Hundred and Seventeen and One Hundred and Twenty to a point on the boundary line of the city of Pittsburg Allegheny County

Route One Hundred and Eighty-seven From Pittsburg to Indiana Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Pittsburg and running by way of Monroeville to a point on the dividing line between Allegheny and Westmoreland counties thence by way of Salem to New Alexandria thence over Route Sixty-eight into Indiana Indiana County

Route One Hundred and Eighty-eight From Indiana to Pittsburg Commencing in Indiana and running by way of West Lebanon to a point on the dividing line between Indiana and Armstrong counties thence to a point on the dividing line between Armstrong and Westmoreland counties thence by way of Deronda to a point on the dividing line between Westmoreland and Allegheny counties thence over Route Seventy to a point on the boundary line of the city of Pittsburg Allegheny County

Route One Hundred and Eighty-nine From Kittanning to Clearfield Commencing in Kittanning and running by way of Rural Valley to a point on the dividing line between Armstrong and Indiana counties thence by way of Rossmoyne Georgeville and Trade City to Covode thence over Route Sixty-three to Punxsutawney thence by way of Big Run to a point on the dividing line between Jefferson and Clearfield counties thence by way of Troutville to Luthersburg thence over Route Fifty-nine into Clearfield Clearfield County

Route One Hundred and Ninety From Harrisburg to the Maryland State line Commencing in Wormleysburg opposite the city of Harrisburg and running over Route One Hundred and Twenty-four to Wellsville York County thence by way of Hall to a point on the dividing line between York and Adams counties thence by way of East Berlin to a point on the dividing line between Adams and York counties thence by way of Hanover to the Maryland State line

Route One Hundred and Ninety-one From Mifflintown to Chambersburg Commencing in Mifflintown and running over Route Thirty-one to Millerstown thence by way of Donnelly Mills Ickesburg Green Park and Landisburg to a point on the dividing line between Perry and Cumberland counties

thence by way of Doubling Gap and Newville to a point near Centreville thence over Route Thirty-five into Chambersburg Franklin County

Route One Hundred and Ninety-two From McConnellsburg to Lewistown Commencing in McConnellsburg and running by way of Knobsville Hustontown Gracey and Waterfall to a point on the dividing line between Fulton and Huntingdon counties thence by way of Three Springs and Saltillo to Mapleton thence over Route Thirty-three to Mill Creek by way of Airydale to a point on the dividing line between Huntingdon and Mifflin counties thence by way of Allenville and Bellville to Reedsville thence over Route Twenty-nine into Lewistown Mifflin county

Route One Hundred and Ninety-three From McConnellsburg to Mifflintown Commencing in McConnellsburg and running over Route One Hundred and Ninety-two to Knobsville thence by way of Fort Littleton and Burnt Cabins to a point on the dividing line between Fulton and Huntingdon counties thence by way of Shade Gap and Blairs Mills to a point on the dividing line between Huntingdon and Juniata counties thence by way of Reeds Gap and Walnut into Mifflintown Juniata county

Route One Hundrred and Ninety-four From Mifflintown to Sunbury Commencing in Mifflintown and running by way of Evendale to a point on the dividing line between Juniata and Snyder counties thence by way of Mount Pleasant Mills to Selinsgrove thence over Route Twenty-five to Shamokin Dam opposite Sunbury Northumberland County

Route One Hundred and Ninety-five From Harrisburg to Middleburg Commencing at Wormleysburg Cumberland County opposite the city of Harrisburg and running over Route Thirty to Duncannon thence by way of New Buffalo and Liverpool to a point on the dividing line between Perry and Juniata counties thence to a point on the dividing line between Juniata and Snyder counties thence by way of Half Falls and Mount Pleasant Mills into Middleburg Snyder County

Route One Hundred and Ninety-six From Wellsboro to the New York State line Commencing in Wellsboro and running over Route Twenty-one to Richard's Bridge near Covington Borough thence to Canoe Camp Mansfield and Tioga thence over Route Twenty-two to the New York State line

Route One Hundred and Ninety-seven From Philadelphia to Reading Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Philadelphia at Cheltenham and running by way of Ogontz Broadax Shippack Schwenksville and Zieglersville to a point on the dividing line between Montgomery and Berks counties thence by way of Boyertown Shanesville Friedensburg and Stony Creek Mills to a point on the boundary line of the city of Reading Berks County

Route One Hundred and Ninety-eight From Allentown to Philadelphia Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Allentown and running over Route One Hundred and Fifty-eight to a point near Green Lane thence by way of Sumneytown Lansdale Springhouse Willow Grove and Bethayres to a point on the boundary line of the city of Philadelphia

Route One Hundred and Ninety-nine From Harrisburg to Pottsville Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Harrisburg and running over Route One to Millersburg thence by way of Elizabethville and Williamstown to a point on the dividing line between Dauphin and Schuylkill counties thence by way of Tremont to Pottsville Schuylkill County

Route Two Hundred From Meadville to Warren Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Meadville and running by way of Blooming Valley to a point on the dividing line between Crawford and Warren counties thence by way of Spring Creek to Garland thence over Routes Eighty-nine and Eighty-eight into Warren Warren County

Route Two Hundred and One From Philadelphia to Reading Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Philadelphia and near Academy thence running by way of Gulf Mills King of Prussia and Port Kennedy to a point on the dividing line between Montgomery and Chester counties thence by way of Valley Forge Phoenixville and Spring City to a point on Route One Hundred and Forty-seven thence by way of Route One Hundred and Forty-seven to a point on the boundary line of the city of Reading Berks County

Route Two Hundred and Two From Allentown to West Chester Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Allentown and running over Route One Hundred and Fifty-eight to Collegeville thence by way of Montclair to a point on the dividing line between Montgomery and Chester counties thence by way of Phoenixville and over what is now known as the State Road by way of Aldham Devault and Glenloch into West Chester Chester county

Route Two Hundred and Three From Kittanning to Greensburg Commencing in Kittanning and running by way of Ford City to Leechburg thence over Route Sixty-nine into Greensburg Westmoreland County

Route Two Hundred and Four From Beaver to the Ohio State line Commencing in Beaver and running by way of Darlington Stringtown and Syracuse to a point on the Ohio State line near Unity Ohio

Route Two Hundred and Five From Franklin to Warren Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Franklin and running over Route Ninety-one to Oil City thence to a point on the dividing line between Venango and Crawford counties thence to Titusville thence over Route Eighty-nine into Warren Warren County

Route Two Hundred and Six From Mercer to the Ohio State line Commencing in Mercer and running over Route Eighty-two to Greenville thence by way of Jamestown to a point on the dividing line between Mercer and Crawford counties thence by way of Turnersville to a point on the Ohio State line near Simons Ohio

Route Two Hundred and Seven From Meadville to Franklin Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Meadville and running by way of Cochranton to a point on the dividing line between Crawford and Mercer counties thence by way of Carlton to a point on the dividing line between Mercer and Venango counties thence to Wyattsville thence over Route Ninety to a point on the boundary line of the city of Franklin Venango County

Route Two Hundred and Eight From Franklin to Mercer Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Franklin and running by way of Polk and Ramilton to a point on the dividing line between Venango and Mercer counties thence by way of Sandy Lake Stoneboro and Jackson Centre into Mercer Mercer County

Route Two Hundred and Nine From Warren to the New York State line Commencing in Warren and running over Route Ninety-five to Glade thence by way of Kinzua and Cornplanter to a point on the dividing line between Warren and MsKean counties thence by way of Marshburg to Custer City thence over Route Ninety-seven to Bradford thence running over Route Ninety-six to the New York State line

Route Two Hundred and Ten From Coudersport to the New York State line Commencing in Coudersport and running over Route One Hundred and One to Port Allegany thence over Route One Hundred to Turtle Point thence by way of Larabee and Eldred to a point on the New York State line

Route Two Hundred and Eleven From Smethport to the New York State line Commencing in Smethport and running over Route Ninety-six to Farmers Valley thence to Larabee thence over Route Two Hundred and Ten to Eldred by way of Duke Centre and Red Rock to a point on Route Ninety-six thence over Route Ninety-six to the New York State line

Route Two Hundred and Twelve From Wellsboro to Towanda Commencing in Wellsboro and running over Routes Twenty-one and One Hundred and Ninety-six to Mansfield thence by way of Mainesburg and Sullivan to a point on the dividing line between Tioga and Bradford counties thence by way of Sylvania to Troy thence over Route Twenty into Towanda Bradford County

Route Two Hundred and Thirteen From Meadville to Mercer Commencing at a point on the boundary of the city of Meadville and running by way of Custards to a point on the dividing line between Crawford and Mercer counties thence by way of Sheakleyville to a point at or near Fredonia thence into Mercer Mercer County

Route Two Hundred and Fourteen From Clarion to Butler Commencing in Clarion and running by way of Reidsburg Sligo Rimersburg and East Brady to a point on the Allegheny River the dividing line between Clarion and Armstrong counties thence by way of Kaylor to a point on the dividing line between Armstrong and Butler counties thence by way of Chicora into Butler Butler County

Route Two Hundred and Fifteen From Lancaster to the Delaware State line Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Lancaster thence by way of Greenland Leaman Place and Gap to Christiana thence to a point on the dividing line between Lancaster and Chester counties thence by way of Cochranville Chatham Avondale and Kaolin to a point on the Delaware State line

Route Two Hundred and Sixteen From York to the Maryland State line Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of York and running by way of Dallastown Keys Chanceford and Sunnyburn to a point on the Maryland State line at or near Delta

Route Two Hundred and Seventeen From Tunkhannock to Laporte Commencing in Tunkhannock and running over Route Thirteen to Mehoopany thence following the north branch of Mehoopany Creek by way of Lovelton to a point on the dividing line between Wyoming and Sullivan counties thence by way of Colley to Dushore thence over Route Seventeen into Laporte Sullivan County

Route Two Hundred and Eighteen From Clarion to Mercer Commencing in Clarion and running over Route Sixty-five to Shippensville thence by way of Edenburg and Lamartine to a point on the dividing line between Clarion and Venango counties thence to Emlenton thence in part over Route Seventy-five by way of Clintonville and Barkeyville to a point on the dividing line between Venango and Butler counties thence to Harrisville thence over Route Seventy-three into Mercer Mercer county

Route Two Hundred and Nineteen From Clearfield to Lock Haven Commencing in Clearfield and running over Route Fifty-seven to Williams Grove thence by way of Grahamton Kylertown and Drifting to a point on the dividing line between Clearfield and Center counties thence by way of Moshannan Snow Soe Runville Milesburg and Howard to a point on the dividing line between Center and Clinton counties thence by way of Beech Creek and Mill Hall to a point on the boundary line of the city of Lock Haven Clinton county

Route Two Hundred and Twenty From Stroudsburg to the New York State line Commencing in Stroudsburg and running over Route One Hundred and Sixty-seven to Marshall's Creek thence by way of Poplar Bridge and Ressaca to a point on the dividing line between Monroe and Pike counties thence by way of Porter's Lake to Blooming Grove thence over Route Seven to Lord Valley thence by way of Greeley to Shohola Pike County opposite Barryville New York

Route Two Hundred and Twenty-one From Hollidaysburg to Clearfield Commencing in Hollidaysburg and running over Route Fifty-five to Altoona thence by way of Buck Horn to a point on the dividing line between Blair and Cambria counties thence by way of Ashville Chest Springs Patton and Hastings to a point on the dividing line between Cambria and Clearfield counties thence by way of Westover and Newberg to Mahaffey thence over Route Sixty-two into Clearfield Clearfield County

Route Two Hundred and Twenty-two From Bedford to Ebensburg Commencing in Bedford and running over Route Forty-seven to a point south of Cessna thence to Reynoldsdale thence over Route Forty-seven to Spring Meadow thence by way of Pleasantville to a point on the dividing line between Bedford and Somerset counties thence by way of Windber to a point on the dividing line between Somerset and Cambria counties thence by way of Scalp Level Geistown Walnut Grove and Dale to Johnstown thence running over Route Fifty-two into Ebensburg Cambria County

Route Two Hundred and Twenty-three From Greensburg to Ebensburg Commencing in Greensburg and running over Route Sixty-eight to Blairsville thence by way of Clyde Armagh and Cramer to a point on the dividing line between Indiana and Cambria counties thence to Johnstown thence running over Route Fifty-two into Ebensburg Cambria county

Route Two Hundred and Twenty-four From McConnellsburg to the Maryland State line Commencing in McConnellsburg and running to a point on the dividing line between Fulton and Franklin counties thence by way of Mercersburg and Greencastle to Waynesboro thence over Route Forty-four to the Maryland State line

Route Two Hundred and Twenty-five From Norristown to the New Jersey State line Commencing at Norristown and running by way of Bridgeport and Gulf Mills to a point on the dividing line between Montgomery and Delaware counties thence through Radnor township Marple township and Swarthmore thence by way of the Providence Great Road to a point on the boundary line of the city of Chester Delaware County

Route Two Hundred and Twenty-six From Allentown to Pottsville Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Allentown and running over Route One Hundred and Sixty-three to Schnecksville thence by way of Jordan and New Tripoli to a point on the dividing line between Lehigh and Schuylkill counties thence by way of Snyder and North Penn to Tamaqua thence over Route One Hundred and Sixty-two into Pottsville Schuylkill County

Route Two Hundred and Twenty-seven From Honesdale to the New York State line Commencing in Honesdale and running over Route Six to Prompton thence by way of Allenville Creamton Wayne Fish Hatchery and Belmont to a point on the dividing line between Wayne and Susquehanna counties thence by way of Herrick Center Ararat and Jackson to Susquehanna thence over Route Ten to Great Bend thence to the New York State line

Route Two Hundred and Twenty-eight From Indiana to Pittsburg Commencing in Indiana and running by way of Jacksonville and Saltsburg to a point on the dividing line between Indiana and Westmoreland counties thence by way of Mamont and Sardis to a point on the dividing line between Westmoreland and Allegheny counties thence by way of Unity Station and Rodi to a point on the boundary line of the city of Pittsburg Allegheny County

Route Two Hundred and Twenty-nine From Sunbury to Harrisburg Commencing at Shamokin Dam Snyder County at a point opposite Sunbury and running over Route Twenty-five to Selinsgrove thence by way of Dundore Trevorton and Half Falls to a point on Route One Hundred and Ninety-five thence over Route One Hundred and Ninety-five to Harrisburg Dauphin County

Route Two Hundred and Thirty From York to the Maryland State line Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of York and running over Route One Hundred and Twenty-six to a point east of Farmers thence by way of Nashville Spring Grove and Hanover to a point on the dividing line between York and Adams counties thence to Littlestown thence over Route Forty-two to the Maryland State line

Route Two Hundred and Thirty-one From Gettysburg to the Maryland State line Commencing in Gettysburg and running by way of Bonneauville and McSherrystown to a point on the dividing line between Adams and York counties thence to Hanover thence over Route One Hundred and Ninety to the Maryland State line

Route Two Hundred and Thirty-two From Scranton to Tunkhannock Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Scranton and running over Route Five to Pittston thence by way of West Pittston and Exeter to a point on the dividing line between Luzerne and Wyoming counties thence by way of Suttee and Falls into Tunkhannock Wyoming county

Route Two Hundred and Thirty-three From New Castle to Franklin Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of New Castle and running by way of Harlansburg to Slippery Rock thence over Routes Seventy-three and Two Hundred and Eighteen to Barkeyville thence by way of Wesley Pearl and Balliett to a point on the boundary line of the city of Franklin Venango county

Route Two Hundred and Thirty-four From Hollidaysburg to Clearfield Commencing in Hollidaysburg thence running over Routes Fifty-five and Two Hundred and Twenty-one to Ashville thence by way of Frugality and Flinton to a point on the dividing line between Cambria and Clearfield counties thence by way of Coalport Irvona Glenhope Madera and Houtzdale to Osceola thence over Route Fifty-seven to Clearfield Clearfield County

Route Two Hundred and Thirty-five From Laporte to Wilkes-Barre Commencing in Laporte and running over Route Sixteen to Benton thence to a point on the dividing line between Columbia and Luzerne counties thence by way of Harveyville and Huntingdon Mills to Shickshinny thence over Route Four to a point on the boundary line of the city of Wilkes-Barre

Route Two Hundred and Thirty-six From Coudersport to the New York State line Commencing in Coudersport and running in part over Route One Hundred and Three thence by way of East Hebron and Shinglehouse to a point on the dividing line between Potter and McKean counties thence by way of Myrtle to a point on the New York State line at or near Ceres New York

Route Two Hundred and Thirty-seven From Brookville to Kittanning Commencing in Brookville and running by way of Summerville to a point on the dividing line between Jefferson and Clarion counties thence by way of Shannondale and Hawthorn to New Bethlehem thence over Route Sixty-six into Kittanning Armstrong County

Route Two Hundred and Thirty-eight From New Castle to Meadville Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of New Castle and running over Route Eighty to New Wilmington thence by way of West Middlesex Sharon and Sharpsville to Greenville thence over Route Two Hundred and Six to Jamestown thence by way of Marshall's Corners to Hartstown thence over Route Eighty-two to a point on the boundary line of the city of Meadville Crawford County

Route Two Hundred and Thirty-nine From Bloomsburg to Williamsport Commencing in Bloomsburg and running by way of Millville and Sereno to a point on the dividing line between Columbia and Lycoming counties thence by way of Unityville and Lairdville to Hughesville thence over Routes Nineteen and Eighteen to a point on the boundary line of the city of Williamsport Lycoming County

Route Two Hundred and Forty From Williamsport to Danville Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Williamsport thence over Route Eighteen in part to Turbutville thence to a point on the dividing line between Northumberland and Montour counties thence by way of Washingtonville into Danville Montour county

Route Two Hundred and Forty-one From Tunkhannock to Towanda Commencing in Tunkhannock and running by way of Laceyville to a point on the dividing line between Wyoming and Bradford counties and thence to Camptown thence over Route Fourteen into Towanda Bradford County

Route Two Hundred and Forty-two From Washington to the West Virginia State line Commencing in Washington and running in part over Route One Hundred and Fifteen to Buffalo thence by way of West Middletown and Iidependence to a point on the West Virginia State line

Route Two Hundred and Forty-three From Beaver to the Ohio State line Commencing in Beaver and running by way of Vanport and Glasgow to a point on the Ohio State line

Route Two Hundred and Forty-four From Reading to Lancaster Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Reading and running over Route One Hundred and Forty-seven to Birdsboro thence by way of Scarlet's Mills to Joanna thence over Route Two Hundred and Seventy-four to Morgantown thence to a point on the dividing line between Berks and Lancaster counties thence by way of Churchtown Blue Ball and New Holland to Mechanicsburg thence over Route One Hundred and Forty-eight to a point on the boundary line of the city of Lancaster Lancaster County

Route Two Hundred and Forty-five From Hollidaysburg to Bellefonte Commencing in Hollidaysburg and running over Routes Fifty-five and Fifty-seven to Bald Eagle thence to a point on the dividing line between Blair and Centre counties thence by way of Hannah to Port Matilda and thence over Route One Hundred and Seven into Bellefonte Centre County

Route Two Hundred and Forty-six From Pittsburg to New Castle Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Pittsburg and running by way of Westview Perryville and Wexford to a point on the dividing line between Allegheny and Butler counties thence by way of Zelienople to Portersville thence over Route Seventy-nine to a point on the boundary line of the city of New Castle Lawrence County

Route Two Hundred and Forty-seven From Pittsburg to Uniontown Commencing at a point on the boundary line of Pittsburg and running by way of Castle Shannon and Library to a point on the dividing line between Allegheny and Washington counties thence by way of Findleyville and Monongahela City to Charleroi thence over Route One Hundred and Eighteen to Belle Vernon thence by way of Fayette City Star Junction and Vanderbilt to Connellsville thence over Route One Hundred and Seventeen into Uniontown Fayette County

Route Two Hundred and Forty-eight From Brookville to Tionesta Commencing in Brookville and running by way of Howe and Sigel to a point on the dividing line between Jefferson and Clarion counties thence by way of a point at or near Scotch Hill and Tylersburg to Lickingville thence over Route Ninety-two into Tionesta Forest County

Route Two Hundred and Forty-nine From Bloomsburg to Lock Haven Commencing in Bloomsburg and running over Route Sixteen to Stillwater thence by way of Rohrsburg Millville and Jerseytown to a point on the dividing line between Columbia and Montour counties thence by way of White Hall and Exchange to a point on the dividing line between Montour and Northumberland counties thence by way of Turbotville to McEwensville thence over Route Eighteen to a point near Watsontown thence by way of Watsontown and Dewart to a point on the dividing line between Northumberland and Union counties thence to Allenwood thence over Routes One Hundred and Seventy-six and Twenty-three into Lock Haven Clinton County

Route Two Hundred and Fifty From York to Harrisburg Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of York thence by way of Emigsville Manchester York Haven Newberrytown and Lewisberry to New Market thence to a point on the dividing line between York and Cumberland counties thence by way of New Cumberland to Lemoyne thence over Route Thirty-four to a point in Wormleysburg opposite the city of Harrisburg

Route Two Hundred and Fifty-one From Franklin to Kittanning Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Franklin and running over Route Sixty-five to East Sandy thence over Route Seventy-five to Mariaville thence

to a point on the dividing line between Venango and Clarion counties thence by way of St. Petersburg and Foxburg to a point on the dividing line between Clarion and Armstrong counties thence by way of Parkers Landing to a point on the dividing line between Armstrong and Butler counties thence by way of Bruin Petrolia and Karns City to a point on the dividing line between Butler and Armstrong counties thence by way of Adams and Cowanville in Kittanning Armstrong county

Route Two Hundred and Fifty-two From Doylestown to the New Jersey State line Commencing in Doylestown and running over Route One Hundred and Fifty-two to Newtown thence to Yardley thence by the River Road to Morrisville opposite Trenton New Jersey

Route Two Hundred and Fifty-three From Tionesta to Smethport Commencing in Tionesta and running over Routes Ninety-two and Ninety-eight to Nebraska thence by way of Kellettville Mayburg and Lynch to the dividing line between Forest and Warren counties thence by way of Barnes to Sheffield thence over Route Ninety-five into Smethport McKean County

Route Two Hundred and Fifty-four From Milford to Scranton Commencing in Milford and running over Route Seven to Tafton thence by way of Paupack Crosses and Greentown to a point on the dividing line between Pike and Wayne counties thence by way of Newfoundland and Angels to Gouldsboro thence over Route One Hundred and Sixty-eight to Scranton Lackawanna county

Route Two Hundred and Fifty-five From Honesdale to the New York State line Commencing in Honesdale and running over Route Seven to the dividing line between Wayne and Pike counties thence by way of Baoba Rowlands and Lackawaxen to Shohola Pike County opposite Barryville New York

Route Two Hundred and Fifty-six From Waynesburg to the West Virginia State line Commencing in Waynesburg and running over route One Hundred and Eleven to Rogersville thence by way of Rutan Graysville and Jacksonville to the West Virginia State line

Route Two Hundred and Fifty-seven From Pittsburg to the West Virginia State line Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Pittsburg and running by way of Remington Shirland and North Star to the dividing line between Allegheny and Washington counties thence by way of Bavington and Florence to the West Virginia State line

Route Two Hundred and Fifty-eight From Erie to Meadville Commencing at a point on the boundry line of the city of Erie and running by way of Kearsarge McKean McLane and Edinboro to a point on the dividing line between Erie and Crawford counties thence to Drake's Mills thence over Route Eighty-four to a point on the boundry line of the city of Meadville Crawford County

Route Two Hundred and Fifty-nine From Danville to Lewisburg Commencing in Danville and running by way of Mooreburg to a point on the dividing line between Montour and Northumberland counties thence by way of Pottsgrove to Milton thence over Route eighteen to East Lewisburg thence into Lewisburg Union County

Route Two Hundred and Sixty From Hollidaysburg thence by way of Frankstown Canoe Creek Williamsburg and Yellow Springs to a point on the dividing line between Blair and Huntingdon counties thence to Water Street thence over Route Fifty-five into Huntingdon Huntingdon County

Route Two Hundred and Sixty-one From Bellefonte to Huntingdon Commencing in Bellefonte thence over Routes twenty-seven and twenty-nine to Milroy thence to a point on the dividing line between Mifflin and Huntingdon counties thence by way of Greenwood Furnace McAlvey's Fort Eunisville and Cornpropst's Mill into Huntington

Route Two Hundred and Sixty-two From Indiana to Clearfield Commencing in Indiana and running over Route sixty-three to Marion Centre thence by way of Rochester and Glen Campbell to a point on the dividing line between Indiana and Clearfield counties thence to Burnside thence over Route sixty-two into Clearfield Clearfield County

Route Two Hundred and Sixty-three From Tunkhannock to the New York State line Commencing in Tunkhannock and running over Route twelve to Montrose thence by way of Franklin Forks and Brookdale to a point on the New York State line

Route Two Hundred and Sixty-four From Huntingdon to Chambersburg Commencing in Huntingdon and running over Route one hundred and twenty-one to a point at or near Spring Run thence by way of Roxbury Orrstown Cross Roads near Culbertson to a point at or near Gelinger's Hill thence over Route Thirty-five into Chambersburg Franklin County

Route Two Hundred and Sixty-five From New Castle to the Ohio State line Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of New Castle and running by way of Mount Jackson Newburg and Enon Valley to a point on the dividing line between Lawrence and Beaver counties thence to Darlington thence over Route two hundred and four to the Ohio State line

Route Two Hundred and Sixty-six From Coudersport to Williamsport Commencing in Coudersport and running over Route one hundred and two to Sweden Valley thence by way of Cherry Springs and Oleona to a point on the dividing line between Potter and Lycoming counties to Pump Station thence over Route one hundred and six to Slate Run thence by way of Cammal and Waterville along Pine Creek to Jersey Shore thence over Route twenty-three to a point on the boundary line of the city of Williamsport.

Route Two Hundred and Sixty-seven From Bedford to the Maryland State line Commencing in Bedford and running over Route Thirty-nine to Breezewood thence by way of Gapsville to a point on the dividing line between Bedford and Fulton counties thence by way of Crystal Springs Emmaville and Amaranth to Warfordsburg thence over Route Thirty-eight to a point on the Maryland State line

Route Two Hundred and Sixty-eight From Greensburg to Waynesburg Commencing in Greensburg and running over Route one hundred and eighteen to Charleroi thence by way of Allenport California West Brownsville and Millsboro to a point on the dividing line between Washington and Greene counties thence by way of Clarkville and Jefferson into Waynesburg Greene County

Route Two Hundred and Sixty-nine From Greensburg to Somerset Commencing in Greensburg and running over Route one hundred and nineteen to Jennertown thence by way of Sipesville into Somerset County

Route Two Hundred and Seventy From Doylestown to West Chester Commencing in Doylestown and running over Route One Hundred and Fifty-four to Blooming Glen thence by way of Bean to a point on the dividing line between Bucks and Montgomery counties thence by way of Souderton Franconia Harleyville Lederachville Skippack Iron Bridge Trappe and the Montgomery County Home to a point on the dividing line between Montgomery and Chester counties thence by way of Phoenixville Kimberton Chester Springs and Lionville to Downingtown thence over Route One Hundred and Thirty-seven into West Chester Chester County

Route Two Hundred and Seventy-one From Erie to Franklin Commencing in Erie and running over Route eighty-four to Waterford thence by way of Union City to a point on the dividing line between Erie and Crawford counties thence by way of Riceville Centerville and Hydetown to Titusville thence over Route two hundred and five to a point on the boundary line of the city of Franklin

Route Two Hundred and Seventy-two From Erie to Meadville Beginning at a point on the boundary line of the city of Erie and running over the Ridge Road by way of Swanville to Fairview thence by way of Franklin Corners and Lavery to a point on the dividing line between Erie and Crawford counties thence by way of Crossingville to Hayfield thence over Route eighty-five to a point on the boundary line of the city of Meadville

Route Two Hundred and Seventy-three From West Chester to the Maryland State line Commencing in West Chester and running by way of Copeville Marshallton Embreeville and Unionville to Kennett Square thence over Route one hundred and thirty-one to the Maryland State line

Route Two Hundred and Seventy-four From Reading to the Maryland State line Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Reading and running by way of Freeman Beckersville Plowville Joanna and Morgantown to the dividing line between Berks and Chester counties thence by way of Honey Brook Sadsburyville Parkesburg Cochranville and Russellville to Oxford thence over Route one hundred and thirty-one to the Maryland State line

Route Two Hundred and Seventy-five From New Bloomfield to Middleburg Commencing in New Bloomfield and running over Route thirty-one to Thompsontown thence by way of New Salem and Cocolamus to a point near Swales thence over Routes one hundred and ninety-four and one hundred and ninety-five into Middleburg Snyder County

Route Two Hundred and Seventy-six From Somerset to Clearfield Commencing in Somerset and running over Route Fifty-two to Johnstown thence over the Frankstown Road to South Fork thence by way of Summer Hill Wilmore Portage Lilly and Cresson to Loretto thence over Route Fifty-three to Syberton thence to Ashville thence over Route Two Hundred and Thirty-four to Frugality thence by way of Glasgow to a point on the dividing line between Cambria and Clearfield counties thence by way of Alleman Janesville Ramey and Smoke Run to Madera thence over Routes Two Hundred and thirty-four and Fifty-seven into Clearfield Clearfield county

Route Two Hundred and Seventy-seven From Smethport to Emporium Commencing in Smethport and running by way of Colegrove to a point on the dividing line between McKean and Cameorn counties thence into Emporium Cameron County

Route Two Hundred and Seventy-eight From Beaver to Washington Commencing in Beaver and running by way of Barclay's School Fairview Ohioville Smith's Ferry Georgetown Hookstown and Kendall to Frankfort Springs thence over Route One Hundred and Fifteen into Washington Washington County

Route Two Hundred and Seventy-nine From Warren to the New York State line Commencing in Warren and running over Route Ninety-four to North Warren thence by way of Chandler's Valley and Sugar Grove to the New York State line

Route Two Hundred and Eighty From Lebanon to Lancaster Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Lebanon thence by way of Rockerty Fontana Colebrook and Lawn to a point on the dividing line between Lebanon and Lancaster counties thence by way of Belaire Elizabethtown Bainbridge Maytown and Marietta to Columbia thence over Route One Hundred and Twenty-eight to a point on the boundary line of the city of Lancaster Lancaster County

Route Two Hundred and Eighty-one From Philadelphia to the New Jersey State line Commencing at a point on the dividing line between the counties of Philadelphia and Bucks near Byberry Philadelphia thence by way of Oakford Langhorne Oxford Valley and Fallsington into Morrisville opposite Trenton New Jersey

Route Two Hundred and Eighty-two From West Chester to the Delaware State line Commencing in West Chester and running over Route One Hundred and Thirty-four to Lenape thence to a point on the dividing line between Chester and Delaware counties thence by way of Chadds Ford Twin Bridges and Cassart to a point on the Delaware State line where the same is intersected by State road already constructed in the State of Delaware

Route Two Hundred and Eighty-three From Bloomsburg to Sunbury Commencing in Bloomsburg and running by way of East Bloomsburg Catawissa and Pensyl to a point on the di-

viding line between Columbia and Northumberland counties thence by way of Elyburg Reed Station Snydertown and Orphanage into Sunbury Northumberland county

Route Two Hundred and Eighty-four From Allentown to Reading Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Allentown and running over Route One Hundred and Fifty-eight to Hereford thence by way of Bechtelville and Boyertown to a point on the dividing line between Berks and Montgomery counties thence to Pottstown thence over Route One Hundred and Forty-six to a point on the boundary line of the city of Reading

Route Two Hundred and Eighty-five From Pottsville to Allentown Commencing in Pottsville and running over Routes One Hundred and Forty and One Hundred and Forty-one to Hamburg thence by way of Lenhartville to a point on the dividing line between Berks and Lehigh counties thence by way of Lynnport to Jordan thence over Route Two Hundred and Twenty-six to a point on the boundary line of the city of Allentown

Route Two Hundred and Eighty-six From Hollidaysburg to the Maryland State line Commencing in Hollidaysburg and running in part over Route Forty-seven thence by way of McKee Gap Roaring Spring Martinsburg and Curryville to a point on the dividing line between Blair and Bedford counties thence by way of Woodbury Waterside Loysburg and Foreman to Hartley Brick School House thence over Route Thirty-nine to Everett thence by way of Clearville Pineycreek and Silver Mills to a point on the Maryland State line

Route Two Hundred and Eighty-seven From Towanda to the New York State line Commencing in Towanda and running by way of Ulster Milan Athens Sayre and Waverly to the New York State line

Route Two Hundred and Eighty-eight From Uniontown to Pittsburg Commencing in Uniontown and running by way of Oliver Phillips Waltersburg and Perryopolis to a point on the dividing line of Rostraver to a point on the dividing line between Westmoreland and Allegheny counties thence by way of Torrance Round Hill Church Boston Versailles and Sampson's Mill to a point on Route One Hundred and Twenty near East McKeesport thence over Route One Hundred and Twenty to Pittsburg Allegheny County

Route Two Hundred and Eighty-nine From Lewisburg to Williamsport Commencing in Lewisburg and running over Route One Hundred and Seventy-six to a point in or near Elimsport thence by way of Hagerman's Run and South Williamsport to a point on the boundary line of the city of Williamsport Lycoming county

Route Two Hundred and Ninety From Bloomsburg to Mauch Chunk Commencing in Bloomsburg and running over Route One Hundred and Eighty-three to Shenandoah thence by way of Mahanoy City Bucks Mountain and Quakake to Ginther thence over Routes One Hundred and Eighty-five and One Hundred and Sixty-two into Mauch Chunk

Route Two Hundred and Ninety-one From Laporte to Williamsport Commencing in Laporte and running by way of Forksville and Hills Grove to a point on the dividing line between Sullivan and Lycoming counties thence by way of Barbour and Loyalsock to Montoursville thence over Route Eighteen to a point on the boundary line of the city of Williamsport

Route Two Hundred and Ninety-two From Wellsboro to the New York State line Commencing in Wellsboro and running over Route Twenty-two to Middleburg Center thence by way of Little Marsh and Phillips to the New York State line

Route Two Hundred and Ninety-three From Middleburg to New Bloomfield Commencing in Middleburg and running over Route One Hundred and Ninety-five to Liverpool and Millerstown thence over Route Thirty-one into New Bloomfield Perry county

Route Two Hundred and Ninety-four From Warren to Mercer Commencing in Warren and running over Route Eighty-nine to Sugar Lake thence by way of Cochranton to a point on the dividing line between Crawford and Mercer counties thence by way of Willedgeville and New Lebanon to Sandy Lake thence over Route Two Hundred and Eight to Mercer Mercer County

Route Two Hundred and Ninety-five From Erie to Mercer Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Erie and extending over Route Eighty-six to Girard thence by way of Platea Cranesville Wellsburg and Albion thence over Route Eighty-five to Conneautville thence to Conneaut Lake thence over Route Eighty-two into Mercer Mercer county

Route Two Hundred and Ninety-six From Scranto to the New York State line Commencing at a point on the boundary line of the city of Scranton thence over Routes Six and One Hundred and Senty-four to Clifford Susquehanna county thence by way of Dundaff Forest City and Uniondale to Herrick Centre thence over Route Two Hundred and Twenty-seven to the New York State line

Section 7 The State Highway Commissioner shall at once prepare and file for public use in the department maps of the State highways herein defined and described which shall show detailed descriptions thereof including cross roads towns villages and other important points or places and upon Assembly met and it is here enacted by the authority of the construction or reconstruction of said State highways the Commissioner shall cause to be placed upon said maps all data and information as to grades bridges culverts nature of surface character and kind of construction together with the cost thereof per mile and he shall from time to time add thereto and thereon such additional data and information as shall be necessary to make said plans at all times a complete record of said State highways Provided that where the description of any route herein given may state the beginning or termination or intermediate points of the route to be at an indefinite or unidentified point or place or at or upon an unnamed road or street the same shall be definitely identified and determined by the State Highway Commissioner

Section 8 Whenever in the construction reconstruction maintenance and repair of any of the State highways it shall appear to the Commissioner that any part or portion of a State highway as now defined and described in this Act is dangerous or inconvenient to the traveling public in its present location either by reason of grades dangerous turns or other local conditions or that the expense to the Commonwealth in the construction building rebuilding maintenance and repair thereof would be too great or unreasonable and could be materially reduced or lessened by a divergence from the road or route the Commissioner is hereby empowered to divert the course or direction of same and he may diverge from the line or route of same as herein described in such direction or directions as in his discretion may seem best in order to correct said danger or inconvenience or lessen the cost to the Commonwealth Provided That the said Commissioner shall first submit a plan of the proposed change to the Governor and that the same shall be approved by him

Section 9 Where a turn-pike or toll-road company or other private corporation shall own or control the whole or any part of a road or route forming all or any portion of a State highway as hereinbefore described and defined it shall be the duty of the State Highway Commissioner for and in behalf of the Commonwealth by amicable agreement to purchase said turnpike or toll-road or such part thereof owned by such company or corporation and if a fair and reasonable price which shall be approved by the Governor for said road or part thereof cannot be agreed upon it shall then be lawful for the State Highway Commissioner to petition the court of quarter sessions of the county in which the State highway or any part thereof owned or controlled by said turn-pike company or other private corporation is located setting forth that such turn-pike or toll-road or part thereof is a State highway within the designation and description of this Act and that no agreement as to price or damage can be reached and thereupon said court shall appoint a jury of view consisting of five reputable citizens of the county in which the road or part thereof is located and said jury shall after due notice to the company or corporation and the State Highway Commissioner view and condemn said turn-pike toll-road or highway or part thereof as a State highway or part thereof and shall appraise and report the damages which the owner or owners shall be entitled to receive therefor Said report shall be presented for confirmation nisi at the term of said court next succeeding said appraisement and view unless by order of said court the same be continued to a later term and if no exceptions are filed thereto said report shall at the expiration of thirty days after confirmation nisi be confirmed absolutely and an appeal therefrom by the Commonwealth of the company or corporation shall lie to the court of common pleas of said county within thirty days after confirmation absolute and upon issue framed by the court of common pleas the damages shall then be ascertained as in similar cases subject to an appeal to the superior or supreme courts as the case may be Immediately upon agreement reached or upon completion of any court proceedings and acceptance of the appraisement or verdict by the commissioner the damages so determined or awarded shall be paid by the Commonwealth together with the expense of the proceedings in condemnation and the said turn-pike toll-road or part thereof shall become a State highway or part thereof free from tolls Provided That if the amount of damages as finally awarded shall be deemed excessive by the State Highway Commissioner he may refuse to accept the appraisement or verdict and may then omit said turn-pike or toll-road or part thereof from the aforesaid route of State highway and all court costs and costs of jury proceedings shall thereupon be paid by the State Highway Department and by necessary divergence therefrom he may select and adopt the next best and most suitable and convenient route or road in order to connect up and complete a continuous State highway and thereafter such diverged route or road shall be taken and remain and be as much a part of the State highways of the Commonwealth as though otherwise particularly described in this Act And Provided Further That where any existing turn-pikes or toll-roads or parts thereof owned by turn-pike companies or private corporations shall be or form any part of any State highway hereinbefore designated described or defined the same are not hereby immediately taken over for improvement or repair but the purchase thereof shall be deferred by the State Highway Commissioner and the same shall remain and be operated and controlled by the owners thereof as heretofore until such time as the work of improvement of all other State highways and parts or portions thereof shall have been completed And Provided Further If in the judgment of the State Highway Commissioner local or special conditions of any of said turnpikes or toll-roads or any part or parts thereof are such as tend to interfere with or inconvenience travel thereon and shall sooner require the purchase improvement and control thereof by the State then upon the approval of the Governor such turn-pike or turn-pikes toll-road or toll-roads or part or parts thereof so affected by such local or special conditions shall be taken over in accordance with the provisions of this Act

Section 10 Anything herein contained or any apportionment of the State into highway districts shall not be construed as including or in any manner interfering with the roads streets and highways in any of the cities boroughs or incorporated towns of the Commonwealth Provided That where any road street or highway within the limits of any borough or in any incorporated town shall form a part or section of any State highway as herein described and the same or any part thereof is not already improved or reconstructed according to the standards of the State Highway Department or in a manner equal to said standards by the borough or incorporated town the State Highway Commissioner by and with the consent of the borough or town councils may improve or reconstruct such unimproved section or sections of such road street or highway at the expense of the Commonwealth Provided further That where the councils of any borough or incorporated town shall for any valid reason object to the taking over and appropriation of any road street or highway or of any part or parts thereof as a State highway they shall file such objection in writing with the State Highway Department within sixty days after the State Highway Com-

missioner shall have notified in writing the proper authorities of said borough or incorporated town of his intention to take over any such road street or highway or any part thereof under the provisions of this act And provided further That any such road street or highway or any part or parts thereof forming a State highway within the limits of any borough or incorporated town shall only be taken over at the discretion of the State Highway Commissioner for reconstruction and maintenance by the State Highway Department when the failure to so take over such road street or highway would leave an unimproved gap in a continuous improved State highway

The maintenance of any road street or highway or of any part or parts thereof improved or reconstructed as a State highway in any borough or incorporated town or the maintenance of any State aid road heretofore improved or reconstructed and which road forms a part of a State highway in any borough or incorporated town shall be done by the State Highway Department and fifty per centum of the cost and expense of said maintenance shall be paid by the respective borough or unincorporated town in which said work is done as is provided for in the case of the maintenance of state aid roads Provided That where any road street or highway or any part or parts thereof in any borough or incorporated town has been heretofore reconstructed as a State aid road with bricks or material other than a telford waterbound macadam road or which may hereafter be reconstructed as a State highway with bricks or other permanent paving material the said brick or paved road street or highway shall be maintained according to the standards of the State Highway Department by the borough or incorporated town wholly at the cost and expense of the borough or incorporated town in which said road street or highway may lie Provided further That if any borough or incorporated town shall neglect or refuse to maintain any such brick paved road street or highway forming a part of a State highway according to the standards aforesaid the State Highway Commissioner is hereby authorized and empowered to maintain and repair said road street or highway at the cost and expenses of said borough or incorporated town after giving thirty days' prior notice to the councils of any such borough or incorporated town of the intention to do said work of maintenance and repair Provided further That upon the neglect or refusal of any borough or incorporated town to pay such cost and expenses within sixty days after the completion of such maintenance or repairs the State Highway Commissioner shall take such action as is necessary to collect the same from the said borough or incorporated town refusing to make the required payment And provided further That all improvement reconstruction and maintenance of any road street or highway in boroughs or incorporated towns shall be of the same character as that done in townships

Section 11 The State Highway Commissioner is directed to construct or improve and thereafter to maintain and repair at the cost and expense of the Commonwealth the highways forming the plan or system of the State highways in the several counties and townships hereinbefore mentioned and such improvement and maintenance shall be made according to specifications to be prepared by the State Highway Department as regards the character construction and material to be used and the said work of construction and maintenance of said State highways shall be done under the direction and supervision of the State Highway Commissioner The expense of the construction improvement and maintenance of State Highways provided for in this act when properly certified by the State Highway Commissioner shall be audited by the Auditor General and when audited and allowed shall be paid out of moneys specifically appropriated for this purpose by warrants drawn therefor by the Auditor General upon the State Treasurer The State Highway Commissioner in addition to the powers conferred upon him in this act shall enjoy and possess in the construction and maintenance of highways herein designated as State highways all the rights and powers conferred by existing laws on supervisors or commissioners in townships in the construction or maintenance of township roads Provided however that where any State highway or part thereof as herein now described and defined has been improved by county and township jointly or by either of them with or without State aid previous to the passage of this act such highway by and with the consent of said county and township either jointly or severally as the case may be shall nevertheless become a State highway the same as though it were improved or constructed under the provisions of this act.

Section 12 The State Highway Commissioner may at his discretion enter into a contract with any person firm or corporation or the authorities of any borough or incorporated town or the commissioners of any county or the supervisors or commissioners of any township to repair and maintain any highway designated in this act as to a State highway or any portion thereof

Section 13 All work of construction building or rebuilding of highways excepting that of repairing and maintenance done under the provisions of this act shall be by contract and shall be according to plans and specifications to be prepared In every case by the State Highway Department and in awarding any contract the work shall be given to the lowest responsible bidder with the option on the part of the State Highway Commissioner to reject any or all bids if the prices named for the work or materials to be used are higher than the estimated cost or for any other reason appearing to said commissioner Every person firm or corporation before being awarded any contract for the construction or improvement of any State Highway or of any State-aid highway under the provisions of this act shall furnish a bond with sufficient surety or sureties acceptable to the State Highway Commissioner in a sum equal to fifty per centum the contract price of the work conditioned that the contractor shall well and truly and in a manner satisfactory to the State Highway Commissioner complete the work contracted for and shall save harmless the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania from any expense incurred through the failure of said contractor to complete the work as specified or for any damages growing out of the carelessness of said contractor or his or its servants or for any liability for payment of wages due or material furnished said contractor and shall well and truly pay to all and every person furnishing material or performing labor in and about the construction of said highway all and every sum and sums of money due him them and any of them for all such labor and materials for which the contractor is liable

Section 14 Advertisement for proposals for construction reconstruction or improvement of all State highways under the provisions of this act shall be made by the State Highway Commissioner at least three weeks before the contract may be awarded by public notices inserted once a week in at least two newspapers of general circulation in the county or counties in which the Highway to be improved is located such advertisements to designate where the plans and specifications may be had and the time and place of the reception of bids and letting the contract The State Highway Commissioner may at his discretion insert the same advertisement in other newspapers or engineering periodicals

Section 15 Every contract authorized to be made by the State Highway Commissioner under the provisions of this act for the reconstruction or improvement of State highways shall first be approved by the Governor and shall be made in the name of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be signed by the State Highway Commissioner and shall be approved as to form and legality by the Attorney General or Deputy Attorney General of the Commonwealth

Section 16 Before the Commissioner shall undertake the construction or reconstruction or improvement of any State highway on the plan of State Highways wherein a change of existing lines and location is necessary and damage is likely to result to abutting property he shall when possible enter into an agreement with the owner or owners of said property as to amount of damage to be paid to the said owner or owners by the State or in case an agreement satisfactory to the commissioner and said owner or owners cannot be made the commissioner may proceed with the work of construction or reconstruction or improvement and the owner or owners of said property damaged thereby may present their petition to the court of quarter sessions for the appointment of viewers to ascertain and assess such damages The proceedings upon such petition and by the viewers shall be governed by existing laws relating to the ascertainment and assessment of damages for opening public highways and such damages when ascertained shall be certified by the State Highway Commissioner to the Auditor General who shall pay the amount thereof by warrant drawn on the State Treasurer

Section 17 All State highways under the prosisions of this act shall be marked with suitable signs having the words "State Highway" and year date thereon and signs or distance boards giving directions to towns or villages shall be erected at cross or intersecting roads the same to be paid for as part of the cost of the highway The State Highway Commissioner may also cause trees to be planted and maintained along said highways the same to be paid for as a part of the cost of the road No railroad or street railway shall hereafter be constructed upon any State highway nor shall and railroad or street railway crossing nor any gas pipe water pipe electric conduits or other piping be laid upon or in any portion of a State highway except under such conditions restrictions and regulations as may be prescribed by the State Highway Department The State Highway Commissioner is empowered to make reasonable rules and regulations governing the use of all State highways and any person violating such rules or regulations or who shall by the use of rough rocks drag or in any manner wilfully or maliciously destroy injure or damage any such highway in this Commonwealth shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon arrest and conviction therefor shall pay a fine of not less than ten dollars ($10) nor more than twenty dollars ($20) for each and every offence together with the costs of prosecution which shall be recovered as in similar cases upon complaint of any person before a magistrate or justice of the peace and the fine or fines so recovered shall be paid into the State Treasury

Section 18 All highways improved and constructed or rebuilt under the provisions of this act shall be Macadam Telford or other stone road or constructed or brick gravel cinder oyster shells or other good materials or combination of materials in such manner that the same of whatever material constructed will with reasonable repairs thereto at all seasons of the year be firm smooth and convenient for travel Provided That the kind of materials to be used on any particular highway or part thereof to be built shall be decided or selected by the State Highway Commissioner before the contract is let And provided further That all State highways shall be constructed and improved to the width of not less than twelve (12) feet

Section 19 In addition to his other duties the State Highway Commissioner shall cause to be made a survey of all the roads in the State and shall cause to be made and kept for the State Highway Department a general highway plan of the State and compile statistics and collect information relative to the mileage character and condition of the highways in the townships and counties of the State He shall investigate and determine upon the various methods of road construction best adapted to the various sections of the State and establish standards for the construction and maintenance of highways in various sections taking into consideration the topography of the country the natural conditions and the character and availability of road-building material and the ability of the townships and counties to build and maintain roads under the provisions of this act He may at all reasonable

times be consulted by county city borough incorporated town or township officers having authority over highways and bridges and shall when requested advise and give information to such officers relative to the construction repairing alteration and maintenance of said highways and bridges He shall at all times lend his aid in promoting road improvement throughout the State and shall prepare and compile all useful information relative to road building and maintenance which he shall disseminate by means of printed bulletins issued at such times and in such numbers as he shall deem best

He shall cause to be published maps showing complete road surveys of each county which shall be kept on sale in the State Highway Department at cost of publication

Section 20 For the purpose of uniform efficient and economic maintenance and repair of the State highways herein described and defined the said State Highway Commissioner shall purchase all necessary material and shall appoint and employ all necessary labor or repair-men who shall at all times in the year keep the State highway free from holes ruts sticks loose stones or other impediments of any kind which tend to interfere with free and easy travel or which if permitted to exist might tend to the deterioration injury or destruction of the highway

Section 21 The several counties and townships of the Commonwealth or any of them either jointly as a county and township or severally expressing a desire to the State Highway Department in manner hereinafter required for State-aid shall from and after the passage of this act be entitled to receive the aid and co-operation of the State in the improvement and subsequent maintenance of any road or highway in any county or township of the Commonwealth not herein defined as a State highway when complying with the provisions of this act governing same The State when granting the aid and co-operation desired shall not in any case pay more than fifty (50) per centum of the cost of any road improvement nor more than fifty (50) per centum of the maintenance thereafter and the remaining fifty (50) per centum of the cost and expense of improvement shall be paid to-wit Twenty-five (25) per centum by the county and twenty-five (25) per centum by the township when the application for said aid is joint by county and township and thereafter the township shall pay fifty (50) per centum of the entire cost of maintenance Provided that counties or townships may agree between themselves to contribute their joint proportion of the fifty (50) per centum of the total expense of any improvement herein required to be borne by them in differing the aid and co-operation of the State in the permanent proportions from that herein specified Where any township or county road or highway is desired to be improved by county or township without the joint action or co-operation of the other then said county or township as the case may be shall pay the entire fifty (50) per centum of the cost of the road improvement and fifty (50) per centum of the cost of maintenance thereafter Provided that any township desiring improvement of any of its roads shall levy a cash road tax to meet the cost of such permanent improvement and shall levy annually thereafter such further road taxes in cash as are sufficient to pay the township's share of the annual maintenance of such highways And Provided further It shall be lawful for any township or county of the Commonwealth to incur indebtedness or to issue bonds in the manner authorized by law for the payment of said township's or county's share of the cost of any permanent road improvement or maintenance undertaken under the provisions of this act

Section 22 The State shall not furnish any aid or co-operation in the permanent improvement or maintenance of any county or township road or highway to be improved as a State-aid highway until and unless the supervisors or commissioners of the township in which the road desired to be improved lies where the improvement is intended to be made jointly by township and county shall first petition the county commissioners of the county representing that any principal highway or section thereof lying within said township is in need of reconstruction and setting forth that the said township desires to take advantage of the provisions of this act to improve said highway it shall then be the duty of said county commissioners to adopt a resolution authorizing the assumption by the county of its share of said improvement and the said county commissioners shall then promptly petition the State Highway Department for the aid and co-operation of the State as desired for the particular road to be improved Said petition of the county commissioners shall be accompanied by the said township petition and it shall state the desire of both the township and county that said road or highway shall be improved and maintained as a State-aid highway according to such plans and specifications as shall be prepared by the State Highway Department that the county and township or townships agree to pay fifty (50) per centum of the cost and expense of such improvement and the township or townships will thereafter in consideration of the aid and co-operation of the State so granted pay fifty (50) per centum of the cost of repair and maintenance thereof Such roads to be at all times under the authority and supervision of the State Highway Department Said petition shall further state that petitioners upon approval thereof by the State Highway Department will enter into an agreement with the Commonwealth to be approved by the Attorney General or Deputy as to form which shall embody and contain all matters of detail concerning the improvement maintenance and repair of the highway to be improved Provided When the aid and co-operation of the State in the improvement of any highway is desired by any county or township without the intervention of the other said county or township if it shall agree to pay one-half of the cost of the improvement and maintenance thereof shall be entitled to receive the aid and co-operation of the State in like manner as in cases of joint applications by county and township And provided further That no State-aid shall be paid or given nor shall any work be commenced in the improvement of any road or highway in any township or county of this Commonwealth until said agreement shall have been duly executed by the respective parties pursuant to due and legal municipal and corporate action of both township and county and the State Highway Commissioner shall then advertise for bids and let contract or contracts for the improvement of the road desired to be improved in the manner herein provided in the case of improvement of State highways And provided further that the State Highway Commissioner may enter into contracts at any time in amounts equal to the State appropriation then available plus the respective shares of the counties or boroughs

Section 23 In any township of the Commonwealth wherein the owners of the majority of the assessed valuation of real estate therein shall desire any principal road or highway being and lying in their said township to be improved and maintained as a State-aid highway they may petition the supervisors or commissioners of their said township for said improvement to be made and require them to petition the county commissioners of the county to make application to the State Highway Department for the aid and co-operation of the State in the improvement and maintenance of said highway whereupon the duty of the county commissioners in the premises shall be the same in form and procedure as in other cases hereinbefore provided

Section 24 In all cases where the township supervisors or commissioners or county commissioners refuse to act upon or unduly delay action on any petition for the improvement and maintenance of any road or highway as a State-aid highway any citizen taxpayer of the township or county may by petition present the facts of the matter to the Court of Quarter Sessions requesting the court to order such action thereon as the case may require and if after due hearing had before said court it shall appear that the truth of the matters alleged in the petition are sustained the court shall make an order directing the township supervisors or commissioners or county commissioners as the case may be to forthwith act upon said application or applications for State-aid and that the said application or petition for the improvement be forthwith forwarded to the State Highway Department

Section 25 If within thirty days after the receipt of any petition for highway improvement in any township under the provisions of this Act a petition signed by the owners of a majority of the assessed valuation of real estate in said township is received by the county commissioners of the county in which said township is located protesting against said proposed expenditure upon the part of the township then the county commissioners shall take no action on said petition for improvement but shall return the same to the township supervisors or commissioners from whom it was received

Section 26 Whenever the county commissioners of any county shall represent by petition to the State Highway Commissioner that any principal highway in said county outside the corporate limits of any city is not in a satisfactory condition for comfortable and easy travel at all seasons of the year and ought to be reconstructed as a State-aid highway it shall be the duty of the State Highway Commissioner or any assistant directed so to do to examine such highway and if in the judgment of the State Highway Commissioner said representation is well founded he shall determine what changes should be made in said existing highway what portion of it shall be improved and in what manner and shall make the necessary survey prepare accurate plans and make detailed estimate of the expense of the work which in his opinion should be done and report the same to the county commissioners of the county and the supervisors or commissioners of the township or townships in which said highway may lie If the said county commissioners and township supervisors or commissioners then decide that it is advisable to go on with the work they the said county commissioners and township supervisors or commissioners shall enter into the agreement with the State Highway Department hereinbefore specified Provided however said improvement shall not be commenced until the funds at the disposal of the State Highway Department for such purpose shall be sufficient to meet the cost and expense of the improvement desired

Section 27 The State-aid authorized by the provisions of this Act in the construction of State-aid highways shall be ratably apportioned among the several counties of the Commonwealth by the State Highway Commissioner according to the mileage of township and county roads in the respective counties and the said amounts or apportionments shall remain in the State Treasury until applied for in accordance with the provisions of this Act Provided however that if in any case the amounts or apportionments so apportioned shall not be applied for before the first day of March in each year the same shall thereupon be ratably allotted to such county or counties as have made application requiring the expenditure of sums in the improvement of State-aid highways greater than the amount of their apportionment

Section 28 All highways improved as State-aid highways shall conform to the provisions of this Act and the rules and regulations of the State Highway Department as provided in case of State highways Provided That no section of State-aid highways improved under this Act shall be less than one-half mile in length nor shall the improved portion thereof be less than twelve feet in width

Section 29 The work of maintaining and repairing all State-aid highways improved under the provisions of this act or which shall have been previously reconstructed by State aid shall be done by the State Highway Department and fifty (50) per centum of the cost thereof shall be paid by the several townships wherein such roads may lie or by the county when such roads have been improved upon the petition of such county without the co-operation of the township

Section 30 Where a portion of a highway traversing one or more townships and for the improvement and maintenance of which as a State-aid highway according to the provisions of this act application has been made by said township or townships shall lie within the limits of or traverse any borough or boroughs or any incorporated town or towns and where the failure of said borough or boroughs or incorporated town

or towns to improve the said highway would leave a break or unimproved section in a continuous improved highway it shall be lawful for the county commissioners of the county in which said highway is located to enter into an agreement with said borough or boroughs or incorporated town or towns to bear a portion of the expenses of said improvement of the highway within the limits of the said borough or town in the same manner as herein provided for the co-operation between the counties and townships Provided That an improved road shall have been previously constructed in an adjoining township borough or town to the lines of the borough or town making application or petition for such improvement the State Highway Commissioner is authorized to bear a portion of the expense of said improvement of said highway within said borough or town limits but in no case shall the portion of said expense to be borne by the State exceed fifty (50) per centum of the total expense of said improvement boroughs or incorporated towns shall only receive aid from the State as aforesaid in cases where failure to receive such aid would prevent a continuous improvement of an important State-aid highway Provided That any borough or incorporated town which is willing to pay one-half the cost of constructing any such road hereinbefore mentioned may make application direct to the State Highway Department All improvements made in borough or town highways as herein provided shall be of a character similar to that specified for the township or townships through which the highway to be improved passes in reaching said borough or town Provided however that the council of any borough or boroughs or incorporated town or towns through which such highway passes shall before its construction by proper ordinance enter into an agreement with the State Highway Commissioner for the payment of said borough's or town's share of the cost of construction and of the subsequent maintenance of such portion of said State-aid highway as lies within the limits of said borough or town similar to that required elsewhere in this Act of the commissioners or supervisors of townships

Section 31 Any county township borough or incorporated town may through its commissioners or supervisors or council bid for the construction or improvement of such portion of any State-aid highway undertaken under the provisions of this Act as may lie within its limits and any county township borough or incorporated town submitting such bid shall have the same consideration and shall be governed by the same rules and regulations of the department as in the case of other bidders and if awarded the contract shall fulfill the same and be subject to the same conditions and regulations as herein provided for other contractors

Section 32 Where any person or corporation shall sustain damage by the taking of land to alter the location of any State-aid highway which may be improved under this act and the county commissioners and township supervisors or commissioners and parties so injured cannot agree on the amount or damage sustained such persons or corporations may present their petition to the court of quarter sessions for the appointment of viewers to ascertain and assess such damages and the form and procedure therein shall be governed by existing laws relating to the assessment of damages in opening public highways and such damages when ascertained shall be paid fifty per centum (50) by the State and twenty-five per centum (25) by the county and twenty-five per centum (25) by the township Provided where the land so taken is in connection with the improvement of State-aid highway which is being done upon the petition of township or county alone and not jointly by the township and county then fifty per centum (50) of the damages sustained shall be paid by the county or township

Section 33 The total cost of the improvement and maintenance of the State-aid highways constructed under the provisions of this Act as provided by the terms of the contract or otherwise as herein provided when properly certified by the State Highway Commissioner shall be audited by the Auditor General and when audited and allowed shall be paid out of moneys specifically appropriated for this purpose by warrants drawn therefor by the Auditor General upon the State Treasurer The share of the county shall be paid as provided by its contract and otherwise by the provisions of this Act to the State Treasurer by the county treasurer upon the warrant of the county commissioners in such sum or sums as shall be certified by the State Highway Commissioner from time to time during the performance of the work or contract or as provided by the contract and otherwise by the provisions hereof after the same shall be completed The share of the township or townships or of any borough or boroughs or of any incorporated town or towns shall be paid to the State Treasurer by the township supervisors or commissioners or by the borough treasurer or by the town treasurer as the case may be in the manner and form as in the case of counties and as other debts of said townships or boroughs are paid when and as demanded by certificate of the State Highway Commissioner during the performance of the work or contract or in like manner after the same shall be completed Upon the completion of any State-aid highway improvement or upon the ascertainment of any additional improvement cost or of any maintenance expense incurred thereon thereafter by the State Highway Department the State Highway Commissioner shall certify the same to the State Treasurer and to the county commissioners and township supervisors or borough or town authorities as the case may be the respective shares of said cost or expense for which the county township borough or incorporated town is liable If the said shares or amounts so certified by the State Highway Commissioner of the cost and expense of the improvement or of the subsequent maintenance thereof as provided by contract and the provisions of this act of the county township borough or incorporated town or all or either of them shall not be paid to the State Treasurer within thirty days after being certified then the said shares of the county township borough or incorporated town either or all of them remaining unpaid shall be charged by the State Treasurer against any funds of said county township borough or incorporated town which may be in the hands of the State Treasurer or which may thereafter come into his hands excepting school funds and may also be recovered by action at law or equity as any other debts of such counties townships boroughs or incorporated towns are by law recoverable The amounts paid under this act to the State Treasurer by the counties townships boroughs and towns shall be placed by him to the credit of the proper funds for highway construction or maintenance and shall immediately be available for the use of the State Highway Department for construction or maintenance as the case may be and the State Highway Commissioner is hereby authorized and empowered to apportion the said amounts thus paid into the State Treasury by the counties townships boroughs and incorporated towns among the several counties as hereinbefore provided for the State Highway Commissioner may make partial payments to any contractor performing any highway improvement under this act as the same progresses upon estimate made by the State Highway Department but not more than ninety per centum (90 per centum) of the estimate of work done or of the contract price shall be paid in advance of the full and satisfactory completion of said improvement and acceptance of same by the State Highway Commissioner

Section 34 The word highway as used in this Act shall be construed to include any existing causeway or bridge or any new causeway or bridge or any drain or water course which may form part of a road and which has been or might properly be built according to any existing laws by the townships of the Commonwealth A State-aid highway as the term is used in this Act shall be construed to mean only such highway as is improved with the aid and co-operation of the State with county and township or with county or township borough or incorporated town either or severally as the case may be according to the terms and provisions hereof but shall not include any causeway or bridge which should properly be built by the county or by the State under existing laws

Section 35 All State-aid highways under the provisions of this Act shall be marked and suitable sign boards erected and maintained at cross roads as provided in the case of State Highways and the same shall be paid for as part of the cost and maintenance of the highway

Section 36 The State Highway Commissioner shall compile and prepare a plan or plans of all State-aid highways in the Commonwealth which shall show and contain all the information required to be shown and contained upon the maps or plans of State highways so that the Department shall at all times have a complete record of the same in order that the said plan or plans of State-aid highways may be authentic and complete in all respects the county commissioners or county engineers of the several counties of this State and officials of all cities boroughs towns and townships in the State which now have or may hereafter have by law authority over the public highways and bridges shall upon written request of the State Highway Department furnish said Department with any information relating to the mileage cost of building and maintenance condition and character of the highways under their jurisdiction and with any other needful information relating to said highways

Section 37 The sum of four million dollars or as much thereof as may be necessary in establishing and carrying on the work of the Department is hereby appropriated for the purpose of maintenance repair and construction of the State Highways herein described and for the payment of the State's share of the maintenance and repair of State-aid highways heretofore constructed or constructed or improved under the provisions of this act

Section 38 The sum of two million dollars or as much thereof as may be necessary in carrying on the work of the Department is hereby appropriated for the purpose of State-aid in the permanent improvement of the highways herein described as State-aid highways

Section 39 All money at any time appropriated for the use of the State Highway Department for the improvement and maintenance of State-aid or State highways shall always remain for the use of the department until the same is entirely used and applied to the purpose or purposes for which it was appropriated

Section 40 The Act approved the fifteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner and staff of assistants and defining the powers and duties thereof authorizing the State Highway Department to co-operate with the several counties and townships and with boroughs in certain instances in the improvement of the public highways and the maintenance of improved highways providing for the application of counties and townships for State-aid in highway improvement and maintenance providing for the payment of the cost of highway improvements made under the provisions of this Act by the State the counties and the townships and making an appropriation for this purpose" and the Act approved May first one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner and staff of assistants and defining the powers and duties thereof authorizing the State Highway Department to co-operate with the several counties and townships and with boroughs in certain instances in the improvement of the public highways and the maintenance of improved highways providing for the application of counties and townships for State-aid in highway improvement and maintenance providing for the payment of the cost of highway improvements made under the provisions of this Act by the State the counties and the townships and making an appropriation for this purpose and providing a penalty for maliciously destroying improved roads" and amendment thereto approved June eight one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to amend an Act entitled 'An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner and staff of assistants and defining the powers and duties thereof authorizing the State Highway Department to co-operate with the several counties and townships and with boroughs in certain instances in the improvement of the public highways and the maintenance of improved highways providing for the application of counties and townships for State-aid in highway improvement and maintenance providing for the payment of the cost of highway improvements made under the provisions of this Act by the State the counties and the townships and making an appropriation for this purpose and providing a penalty for maliciously destroying improved roads' approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five increasing the number of employes of the State Highway Department and fixing the amounts of their salaries eliminating from the items included in the expense of

construction and from those covered by damages the cost of changes of grade extending the provisions of the Act to incorporated towns increasing the percentage which may be paid to contractors in advance of the final completion of the work authorizing the setting of monuments and planting of trees along State highways prohibiting the construction of gas or water lines along State highways except under certain conditions and providing that the kind of roads to be built shall be decided by the State Highway Commissioner" and all other Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed Provided That the provisions of this Act shall not be construed to repeal any of the provisions of the road Acts approved June twenty-sixth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five (Pamphlet Laws three hundred and thirty-six) and June twenty-three one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and ninety-four) and July ten one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws six hundred and thirty-six) nor the provisions of an Act approved June seventh one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act relating to railroad crossing of highways and for the regulation alteration and abolition of grade crossings except in cities of the first and second class" nor the provisions of an Act approved April tenth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five (Pamphlet Laws one hundred twenty-nine) entitled "An Act relating to the management care and maintenance of the National or Cumberland road and freeing the same from the tolls and making an appropriation therefor" nor the provisions of an Act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws seven hundred thirty-nine) entitled "An Act extending the provisions of an Act approved the tenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled 'An Act relating to the management care and maintenance of the National or Cumberland road and freeing the same from tolls and making an appropriation therefor' to the portion of said road lying within Somerset County directing the State Highway Commissioner to divide the said road into four divisions and to employ a superintendent for each division fixing the salaries thereof making an appropriation for the purpose of this Act and repealing all Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent herewith or supplied hereby" Nor the provisions of an Act approved April twenty-seventh Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws two hundred sixty-five) entitled "An Act relating to motor vehicles Regulating their speed upon the public streets and highways of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and the licensing of operators by the State Highway Department establishing the rights of motor-vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles regulating the service of process and of proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom prescribing the penalties for violations of the provisions of this Act and providing for the disposition of fines thereunder" and provided further That any State-aid Highway for which plans and specifications have been made and for which bids have been received and the contract awarded and for which the counties townships boroughs or towns have signed the necessary agreement contracting to pay to the Commonwealth their several and respective shares of the cost of reconstructing said highway shall not be affected by the provisions of this act but the same shall be built reconstructed completed finally settled paid for and accepted by the Department in accordance with the terms and provisions of the act or acts supplement or supplements and amendment or amendments thereto under which said work was commenced or initiated

Section 41 All duties responsibilities powers or jurisdiction conferred upon the State Highway Commissioner and upon the State Highway Department as previously created by Acts of Assembly now in force and which do not conflict with the provisions of this Act are therefor not repealed by this Act and shall be assumed by and are hereby conferred upon the State Highway Department and the State Highway Commissioner created under this Act

On the question,

Will the House adopt the report of the Conference Committee?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken as follows, viz:

YEAS—159.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M. C.,	Rider
Akers	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Riebel
Allen	Embody	Kerp	Robinson
Alter	**Fahey**	Kinney	Robison
Baldwin, G.	**Fay**	Klumpp	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	**Feeney**	Kuhns	Roney
Bartman	Ferguson	Lafferty	Row
Bass	Fitzgerald	Larkins	Sassamau
Bender	**Flynn**	Letzkus	Savidge
Bentley	Frey	Light	Schad
Blair	Gans	Lowe	Schofield
Bosher	**Gibson**	Martin	Schultz
Boyd	Gilkeson	**Marvin**	Scott, J.
Brehm	Good	Matt	Scott, S.
Breitinger	**Gray**	Maurer	Shadrach
Campbell, O.	**Graybill**	**McAleer**	**Sherwood**
Campbell, J.	Guyaux	**McArdle**	Shoemaker
Carroll	**Haggerty**	McGowan	Shreve
Carter	Healey	McInerney	**Snyder, A.**
Clarency	Hecht	McJunkin	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Herman	McMullen	Steese
Clymer	**Hess**	McNichol	Stein
Cole	Hilton	**Miller**	Swan
Conner, P.	Hobbs	Mills	Swartz
Conner, W.	Hoffman	**Morris**	Townsend
Conrade	Holland	**Moses**	Tunis
Cox, E.	**Hough**	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Crum	Howard	**Newbaker**	Wallace
Cumbler	Hunter, R. P.,	North	**Walnut**
Currier	Irwin	Perry	Walton
Dale	**Johnson, C. V.,**	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Dallas	**Johnson, D. D.,**	Pitchford	Ward, W. B.
Davis, A.	Johnston	Raesley	Watts
Davis, W.	Jones, E. E.,	Rebert	Welch
Dearden	Jones, J. R.,	Reece	Wilcox
Dershem	Keely,	Reel	Williams
Donahoe	Keene,	Reno	Wilson
Donnally	Keister	Rhoads	Young
Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.,	Richards	Cox, J. Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

The House proceeded to the consideration on third read-
Agreeably to order,
ing of House Bill No. 842 (Senate No. 488), as follows:

An act for the safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings in cities of the third class in boroughs and in townships of this Commonwealth by providing proper exits fire escapes fire extinguishers and other preventives of fire by vesting jurisdiction for the enforcement of this act in the Department of Factory Inspection and by providing proper penalties for any violation of the same

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That every building in this Commonwealth situated in cities of the third class in boroughs and in townships having more than two stories and buildings having one or more gallieries above the first or ground floor now used or hereafter to be used in whole or in part as a public building office building public or private institution sanatorium surgical institute asylum hospital school house academy dormitory college theatre public hall lodge hall or place of public resort and every building in which persons are usually employed on the second story in a factory workshop or mercantile establishment every hotel restaurant apartment house boarding house or lodging house in which persons reside or lodge above the second story and every tenement house apartment house or flat occupied by two or more families above the first story shall be provided with two ways of egress sufficient for the use of all persons accommodated assembled employed lodged or residing therein and ways of egress shall be kept free from obstruction in good repair and ready for use at all times and all floors or rooms above the second story in said buildings shall be provided with two or more such ways of egress which shall be placed as near as practicable at opposite ends or sides of such floors or rooms and leading to fire escapes on the outside of such buildings or to stairways on the inside Where any of said buildings is designated for the use or occupancy of fifty or more persons the external doors of the same shall open outward and be so constructed or arranged as to afford when open an unobstructed external passage way of not less than five feet in the clear and shall have landings inside of the external doorways of dimensions not less than four feet between the external doors and the adjoining stairways said landings to be of a width not less than the stairway approaches thereto and all exit doors including those to fire escapes shall be equipped with a self releasing device which under slight pressure on the inside will set the doors free to open And all buildings herein enumerated shall be adequately ventilated

Section 2 In all theatres opera houses or other buildings where stage scenery moving pictures spot light flash light or other like illuminating apparatus is used there shall be provided one or more direct exterior doorways from the stage and for dressing rooms under the stage direct exterior doorway shall be provided and all said doorways shall be not less than three feet in width and the passage ways to and from the same shall be unobstructed and properly lighted Neither on or about the stage auditorium or galleries shall any inflammable or explosive oil be used for lighting purposes and all lights on or about the stage and electric wires and appliances for electric switches shall be safely guarded All drop curtains and sky borders shall be of an approved non-combustible substance and on each side of the stage stand pipes of at least two inches in diameter shall be provided with hose attachments of not less than one and one-half inches in diameter and of proper and sufficient quantity There shall also be provided for each side of the stage not less than two fire extinguishers and one cask of not less than forty-two gallons capacity which shall be kept full of water and two buckets for each cask bucket and cask to be painted red and kept in readiness for immediate use

All auditoriums and galleries of buildings described in this section shall each be provided with parallel longitudinal aisles as follows those not less than eighteen nor more than fifty feet in width with a seating depth not exceeding fifty feet not less than two aisles each not less than three feet in width those not less than eighteen feet or fifty or more feet in width with a seating depth exceeding fifty feet shall each have not less than three aisles each not less than three feet in width provided That no auditorium or gallery less than sixteen feet in width shall be open to the public for any of the purposes for which buildings described in this section are to be used The aisles herein provided for shall be continuous and unobstructed and lead to main exits or fire escape exits where the latter are required and main exit doors and fire escape exit doors shall be kept unlocked and ready for instant use during the time such adultorium is open for public use and the words "exit" and "exit to fire escape" in large illuminated letters shall be kept over the

inside of main exits and fire escape exits respectively while the building is in public use Where safety would be thereby better conserved a cross aisle not less than three feet in width may be substituted for one of the longitudinal aisles aforesaid provided that such cross aisles shall terminate in an exit to a street or open lot

Section 3 In addition to the foregoing means of egress all such buildings as are enumerated in section one of this act that are more than two stories in height and buildings having one or more galleries above the first floor shall have one or more fire escapes on outside of said buildings as may be directed by the Chief Factory Inspector or a deputy factory inspector except in such cases as he may deem such fire escape to be unnecessary in consequence of adequate provision having been already made for safety in event of fire or panic and in such cases of exemption the said Chief Factory Inspector or a deputy factory inspector shall give the owner lessee or occupant of said building a certificate to that effect and his reason therefor And such fire escapes as are provided for in this section shall be of wrought iron constructed according to specifications to be issued or approved by the Department of Factory Inspection and shall be connected with each floor above the first firmly fastened and secured and of sufficient strength to sustain a weight of not less than four hundred pounds per step on a safety factor of four each of which fire escapes shall have landings or balconies at each story capable of sustaining a weight of not less than eighty pounds per square foot guarded by railings not less than three feet in height and embracing one or more windows or doors at each story and connecting with the interior by easily accessible and unobstructed openings and all the balconies or landings shall be connected by external iron stairways placed at a slant of not more than forty-five degrees protected by well secured handrails the stairway steps to be not less than six inches in width and twenty-four inches in length Fire escapes now in use and hereafter erected must be painted once a year and be kept in safe condition and up to the standard requirements of this section And all fire escapes on buildings in use at night shall have one or more electric or other sufficient lights so placed as to illuminate them

Section 4 That where any of the aforementioned buildings are so constructed that a fire escape cannot be erected upon the same without trespassing upon the property of the owner or owners of adjoining lands or buildings and where permission to erect fire escapes has been refused by said owners of adjoining lands or buildings it shall be the duty of the owner or owners of any of the aforementioned buildings constructed as aforesaid to erect an internal fire proof means of escape the same to be located and erected under the direction of the Chief Factory Inspector Should the construction of any of the aforesaid buildings be such as will neither permit of an external iron fire escape nor of an internal fire proof escape it is hereby enjoined upon the Chief Factory Inspector to notify in writing the owner or owners of any building so constructed to discontinue the occupancy for the purposes enumerated in the foregoing sections of this act of the whole or of a part of said building amenable to the fire escape provisions of this act

Section 5 To better secure compliance with the provisions of the foregoing sections of this act the owner or owners of any buildings now used for other purposes than aforesaid which is to be adapted to any of the aforesaid uses or of any building to be erected for any of the aforesaid purposes shall before adapting or erecting any such building submit to the Chief Factory Inspector architectural designs of such building showing that compliance with the requirements of the foregoing sections is provided for therein and such building shall not be so adapted or erected without the approval of the Chief Factory Inspector

Section 6 The owner or owners of any of the buildings mentioned in the foregoing provisions of this act who shall wilfully fail or refuse to comply with the provisions of this act or who shall wilfully fail or refuse to observe the orders for the enforcement of this act issued to said owner or owners by the Chief Factory Inspector or a deputy factory inspector shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of five hundred dollars or six months imprisonment or either or both in the discretion of the court And in case of fire occurring in any of said buildings in the absence of such doorways landings exits fire escapes or fire preventatives as provided for in this act the owner or owners aforesaid shall be liable for damages in case of death or personal injury the result of fire or panic in any of said buildings and such action for damages may be maintained by any person now authorized by law to sue as in other case of loss by death or injuries

Section 7 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. ALLEN. Mr. Speaker, I simply desire to call the attention of the House to the fact that this Senate Bill No. 488 which is now before us for consideration carries the same provisions as other bills introduced at the beginning of this session, House Bill Nos. 37 and 144, 145 and 146, a series of bills in relation to factory inspectors, two of which were killed in this House. This bill contains all the obnoxious features of the original bills, and I hope the House will not agree to it on third reading.

Mr. WILLIAM WARD, Jr. Mr. Speaker, I wish to support the gentleman from Allegheny in his opposition to this bill, and I sincerely trust that the House will vote down this measure.

The question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was not agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 843 (Senate No. 551), entitled:

An act to regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings used for the exhibition of moving pictures in all cities of the first class providing for the enforcement thereof and fixing penalties for violations of the same

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. ALLEN. Mr. Speaker, this bill contains very different features and only relates to the regulation of exhibiting places in cities of the first class. It is demanded by these people and should be supported.

The question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—149.

Abbott	Eichenberger	Kelsey	Robison
Allman	Enbody	Kern	**Rockwell**
Akers	**Fahey**	Kinney	**Roney**
Allen	**Fay**	Klumpp	Row
Alter	**Feeney**	Knight	**Sassaman**
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Kuhns	Savidge
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Lafferty	Schad
Bartman	Flynn	Letzkus	Schmidt
Bass	**Freeman**	Lindsay	Schofield
Benson	Gans	Mannion	Scott, S.
Bentley	**Gibson**	Martin	Shadrach
Blair	Gilkeson	McAleer	Shaffer
Brehm	Good	McClung	Shannon
Brennan	Gray	McGowan	Shern
Caldwell	Graybill	McInerney	Shoemaker
Campbell, C.	Grove	McJunkin	Shreve
Campbell, J.	Haggerty	McKean	Snyder, A.
Carroll	Halferty	McMullen	Snyder, P.
Carter	Hecht	Moore	Speer
Clarency	Henry	**Morris**	Stein
Clymer	**Hess**	**Moses**	Swan
Cole	Hibshman	Moulthrop	Swartz
Conner, P.	Hilton	Newbaker	Townsend
Conner, W.	Hobbs	North	Tunis
Conrade	Hoffman	Perry	Ulerich
Crum	Hoover	Phillips	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Hough	Pitchford	Wallace
Curry	Howard	Raesley	Walnut
Dale	Hunter J. N.,	Rebert	Ward, W., Jr.
Dallas	Irwin	Reece	Ward, W. B.
Davis, A.	Johnson, C. V.,	Reeser	Watts
Davis, W.	Johnson, D. D.,	Reno	Welch
Dearden	Johnston	Rhoads	Whitman
Dershem	Jones, J. R.,	Richards	Wilcox
Detzel	Keene,	Rider	Williams
Donahoe	Keister	Riebel	Wilson
Dunn, J.	Kelly, M. C.,	Robinson	Woodward
Ehrhardt			Cox, J. Speaker

NAYS—1.

Schultz

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

SENATE MESSAGES.

AMENDED HOUSE BILLS RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 313:

An act to provide for the halth and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The amendments will be read by the Clerk.

The amendments were read as follows:

Amend section 9, line 1, by striking out the words "and sec;" in line four, by striking out the words 'or blasted from the solid as provided for in this article;" also in line 5, by striking out the word "it" and inserting the words "the undercutting;" in line 14 after the word "seam" insert the word "he;" in line 20 after the word 'office" insert the following "provided however that in districts in which it has been the common practice to blast coal from the solid said practice or method may be continued notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein contained;" in line 24 strike out the words "every dry and dusty mine an in every portion" and insert the words "such portions;;" in line 25 strike out the words "in which" and insert the word "where" In section 14 strike out the words "every mine and in every" and insert the word "such;" also in same line strike out the word "generating;" in line 2 insert before the word "explosion" the word "where" and after the word "gas" insert the following "is being generated in quantities sufficient to be detected by an improved safety lamp and;" strike all of lines 8 and 9; in 24 strike out the words charged tamped and;" in line 31 before the word "safety" insert the word "locked" and after the word "used" insert the words "he shall find;' after the word "holes" in said line strike out the words "shall be fired;" in line 32 after the word "rooms" insert "which are dry and dusty"

In section 23 after the word "inspector" strike out the words "and superintendent"

In article 5, section 1, strike out the words "for every mine and every" and insert the words "in such;" in line 12 strike out the words "and all adjacent places;" in line 13 after the word "exception" insert "all places adjacent to live workings" and after the word "roadway" insert the word "and;" in line 14 strike out the word "accessible" and insert the word "unfenced" and in same line strike out the word "all;" in line 19 strike out the word "two" and insert the word "three;" in line 20 strike out the words "of workmen"

In section 4, line 6, before the word "projected" insert the word "exclusively;" in line 19 strike out the word "and" and insert the word "or;" in line 26 after the word "used" insert the word "exclusively;" in line 53 strike out the word "the" and insert the word "such;" in line 55 strike out the word "the" and insert the word "such;" strike out all of line 56 and line 57 to the word "and;" in line 58 after the word "all" insert the word "such"

In section 8 line 16 strike out the word "fifteen" and insert the word "twenty"

In article 8, section 1, line 12, after the word "travel" insert "when required by the inspector;" in line 14 after the word "section" insert the letter "s;" in line 35 strike out the word "self-acting"

In article 9, section 1, line 8, strike out the word "generating" and insert the word "wherein;" after the word "gas" insert "is being generated"

In section 2, line 3, strike out all after the word "provide" down to and including the word "of" in line 4 and insert "ample ventilation in accordance with"

In section 8, strike out all after the word "doors" in line 16 down to the word "if" in line 16

In section 3 of article 11, line 279, strike out all after the word "headings" down to and including the word "on" in line 281

In section 9, line 602, strike out the word "ten" and insert the words "twenty-four"

In article 13 strike out all of section 5

In article 16, section 2, line 1, strike out "all mines or" and insert 'such;" also strike out in same line "mines generating explosive gas which are dry and dusty and insert the following "dry and dusty mines wherein explosive gas is being generated in quantities sufficient to be detected by an improved safety lamp"

In article 19, section 5, line 5, strike out after the word "examinations" all down to the word "each" in line 8

In section 6, line 3, strike out the words "the person highest in percentage but no" and insert the word "a;" in line 4 strike out the words "shall be commissioned;" also in same line strike out the word "not"

In section 10 line 5 after the word "office" strike out the word "the" and insert the word "a;" in same line after the word "person" strike out the words "standing highest"

In article 14 section 1 line 8 strike out "at least ten years practical experience and be in actual pratice" and insert "received a certificate of competency as mine foreman" In line 36 strike out all after the word "given"

In section 4 line 38 after the word "seventy" strike out the word "five"

In article 25 line 43 strike out all after the word "workings" down to and including the word "committee" in line 44; strike out all of line 93 after the word "cars;" in line 228 after the word "incline" insert the word "plane;" in line 223 strike out "when the speed of the cars exceeds six miles an hour" and insert the following "except as provided for in other sections of this act"

Insert the following as Article 27:

ARTICLE XXVII.

Section 1 Should a mine or a portion of a mine that has at any time generated explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp after the passage of this act not so generated explosive gas during any one period of one year then such mine or portion of a mine shall not be governed or controlled by the provisions of this act for mines or portions of mines generating explosive gas

Section 2 The provisions of this act as to mines or portions of a mine generating explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp shall not apply to any mine wherein explosive gas is being generated only in live entries

Section 3 The provisions of this act shall not apply to any mine employing less than ten presons inside the mine in any one period of twenty-four hours.

In article 28 strike out the numeral and insert

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. PITCHFORD. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House non-concur in the amendments made by the Senate.

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 844 (Senate No. 547), entitled:

An act fixing the time for organization of the Legislative departments of municipal governments and for the inauguration of mayors of cities

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—146.

Abbott	Enbody	Kelsey	Riebel
Allman	Ewing	Kern	Robinson
Akers	Feeney	Klingerman	Rockwell.
Allen	Ferguson	Knight	Roney
Alter	**Fitzgerald**	Lafferty	Row
Anderson	Flynn	Larkins	Sassaman
Baldwin, R.	[illegible]	Light	Savidge
Bartman,	Gans	Lindsay	Schmidt
Bass	Geary	Magee	Schofield
Bender	Gibson	Malie	Schultz
Benson	Gilkeson	**Martin**	Scott, J.
Bosher	**Good**	Marvin	Scott, S.
Boyd	Gray	Matt	Shaffer
Brehm	Graybill	McAleer	Sherwood
Brennan	Guyaux	McClung	Shoemaker
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McGowan	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Healey	McInerney	Snyder, A.
Carroll	**Hecht**	McJunkin	Snyder, P.
Carter	Henry	**McMullen**	Speer
Clarency	Herman	McNichol	Stein
Cleary	Hess	Mills	Swan
Connell	Hibshman	Moore	**Swartz**
Conner, P.	Hobbs	Morris	Townsend
Conner, W.	Holland	Moses	Tunis
Conrade	Hoover	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Cox, E.	Hough	**Neal**	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Howard	North	Wallace
Currier	Hunter, R.	Perry	Walton
Curry	Irwin	Piper	Ward, W., Jr.
Dale	Jackson	Pitchford	Ward, W. B.
Dallas	Johnson, C.	Rath	Watts
Davis, W.	Johnson, D.	Reece	Welch
Dershem	Johnston	**Reel**	**Whitman**
Donahoe	Jones, J.	**Reeser**	Wilcox
Dunn, H.	Keely	Reno	Williams
Dunn, J.	Keister	Reyburn	Young
Eichenberger	Kelly M.		Cox, J. Speaker

NAYS—1.

Baldwin, G.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 845 (Senate No. 546), entitled:

An act providing for the election of city assessors in cities of the third class fixing their term and the time for the completion of their annual and triennial assessments and the expiration of the terms of assessors now in office

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—143.

Allman	Eichenberger	Kinney	Rhoads
Akers	Enbody	Klumpp	Richards
Alter	Ewing	Knight	Rider
Baldwin, G.	**Fay**	Larkins	Riebel
Baldwin, R.	**Ferguson**	**Leh**	Robinson
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Letzkus	Robison
Bass	**Flynn**	**Light**	Roney
Benson	**Frey**	**Lindsay**	Row

Bilman	Gans	Magee	Sassaman
Blair	Geary	Mannion	Savidge
Boyd	Gibson	Martin	Schad
Brehm	Gilkeson	Marvin	Schmidt
Breitinger	Good	Matt	Schultz
Brennan	Gray	McAleer	Scott, J.
Caldwell	Haggerty	McClung	Scott, S.
Campbell, J.	Healey	McInerney	Shadrach
Campbell, W.	Henry	McJunkin	Shannon
Carroll	Hess	McKean	Shoemaker
Clarency	Hibshman	McMullen	Snavely
Cleary	Hobbs	McNichol	Snyder, P.
Clymer	Hoffman	Mills	Speer
Connell	Hoover	Moore,	Steese
Conner, P.	Hough	Morris	Stein
Conner, W.	Hunter J. N.,	Moses	Swan
Cox, E.	Hunter, R. P.,	Moulthrop	Townsend
Crum	Irwin	Neel	Tunis
Currier	Johnson, C. V.,	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Dale	Johnson, D. D.,	Perry	Wallace
Dallas	Johnston	Phillips	Walton
Davis, A.	Jones, J. R.,	Piper	Ward, W., Jr.
Davis, W.	Keely,	Raesley	Ward, W. B.
Dearden	Keene,	Rath	Watts
Detzel	Keister	Reece	Whitman
Donnally	Kelley, J.,	Reel	Wilcox
Dunn, H.	Kelly, M. C.,	Reeser	Wilson
Ehrhardt	Kern	Reno	Young
			Cox, J.
			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 853 (Senate No. 528), entitled:

An act amending the first second and third sections of the act entitled "An Act authorizing the condemnation of real estate needed for the use of State Normal Schools" approved the tenth day of July one thousand nine hundred and one and extending it to the condemnation of servitudes easements and streets or alleys opened or unopened laid out and dedicated by the proprietors of town plots but not under public supervision nor control and close the same or portions thereof and providing for the payment of costs on appeal

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—54.

Allman	Donnally	Klumpp,	Sassaman
Allen	Dunn, H.	Knight,	Savidge
Alter	Eichenberger	Light	Schofield
Baldwin, E.	Ewing	Mannion,	Schultz
Bass	Fahey	Matt,	Scott, J.
Bender	Fay	McKean,	Snyder, P.
Bosher	Guyaux	McNichol,	Speer,
Boyd	Hess	North	Steese,
Campbell, C.	Hibshman	Perry	Swartz
Campbell, J.	Hunter R. P.	Reece	Tunis
Campbell, W.	Johnson, D.	Reel	Ulerich
Cox, E.	Jones, J.	Rhoads	Welch
Crum	Keene	Rockwell	Williams
Dershem	Kinney		

NAYS—65.

Abbott	Healey	Martin	Schad
Baldwin, G.	Hecht	McAleer,	Scott, S.
Bartman	Herman	McArdle,	Shadrach
Benson	Hilton	McClung	Shern
Brennan	Hobbs	McInerney,	Sherwood
Caldwell	Hoffman	McJunkin,	Snavely
Clarency	Holland	Moore,	Snyder, A.
Cole	Hoover	Morris,	Swan
Curry	Hough	Moses	Townsend
Dallas	Hunter, J. N.	Neel	Von Tacky
Donahoe	Jackson,	Phillips	Wallace
Ehrhardt	Johnson, C,	Piper	Walton
Enbody	Kelly, M.	Raesley	Ward, W.
Ferguson	Klingerman,	Rath	Watts
Flynn	Letzkus	Richards	Wilcox
Good	Magee,	Roney	Wilson
Gray			

Less than the majority required by the Constiution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 834.

Mr. V. G. ROBINSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 834 (Senate No. 487), entitled:

An act permitting the substitution of other securities for those deposited with the State Treasurer to secure the Commonwealth against relief notes issued by certain banks of this Commonwealth and the furnishing of other security therefor

was defeated to-day on final passage be reconsidered.

Mr. J. R. JONES. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. ALTER. Mr. Speaker, I have read this bill through with some care and I am wholly unable to find anything in the bill which indicates that it is not fair and right. As we all know the State banks of Pennsylvania years ago used to issue notes which served as money for a great many years and because of the United States tax on these notes they were discontinued. Securities were caused to be deposited with the State Treasurer to secure the payment of these notes. Now there are a number of these notes which have not been redeemed. In all probability they have been either lost or destroyed, but assuming that they have not been either lost or destroyed and may be presented for payment, all this act provides is that any State bank which has securities deposited with the State Treasurer for such notes may go to the State Treasurer and by substituting other securities in their stead he may withdraw these securties when these other securities are approved by the State Board of Revenue Commissioners. It does seem that this is absolutely fair and reasonable, and that there is no apparent reason in this bill why it should not pass.

The question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—143.

Abbott	Enbody	Keely,	Rebert
Allman	Ewing	Keister	Reel
Allen	Fay	Kelley, J.,	Reeser
Alter	Feeney	Kelsey,	Reno
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Kern	Rhoads
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Kinney	Richards
Bartman	Flynn	Klingerman	Rider
Bass	Frey	Knight	Riebel
Bender	Gans	Lafferty	Robinson
Bentley	Geary	Larkins	Robison
Blair	Gibson	Letzkus	Roney
Bosher	Gilkeson	Light	Sassaman
Boyd	Good	Lindsay	Savidge
Brehm	Gray	Malie	Schad
Brennan	Graybill	Martin	Scott, J.
Campbell, J.	Grove	Marvin	Shadrach
Campbell, W.	Guyaux	Matt	Sherwood
Carroll	Haggerty	McAleer	Snyder, A.
Carter	Halferty	McArdle	Snyder, P.
Clarency	Hecht	McClung	Steese
Clymer	Henry	McInerney	Stein
Cole	Hess	McJunkin	Swartz
Conner, P.	Hilton	McKean	Townsend
Conner, W.	Hobbs	McMullen	Tunis
Conrad	Hoffman	McNichol	Ulerich
Cox, E. R.	Holland	Mills	Wallace
Currier	Hoover	Moore	Walton
Curry	Hough	Morris	Ward, W., Jr.
Dale	Howard	Moses	Ward, W. B.
Dallas	Hunter J. N.,	Moulthrop	Watts
Davis, W.	Hunter, R. P.,	Newbaker	Whitman
Detzel	Irwin	North	Wilcox
Donnally	Johnson, C. V.,	Perry	Wilson
Dunn, J.	Johnson, D. D.,	Phillips	Young
Ehrhardt	Johnston	Pickford	Cox, J.
Eichenberger	Jones, J. R.,	Rath	Speaker

NAYS—2.

Schofield Von Tacky

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 872 (Senate No. 265), entitled:

An act authorizing foreign corporations that is to say corporations joint stock companies partnerships limited partnership associations and all associations having any of the powers or privileges of corporations not possessed by individuals or partnerships organized under any laws other than those of this Commonwealth for certain purposes to own real estate in this Commonwealth necessary for their corporate purposes under certain conditions and validating such ownership now or heretofore existing and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was not agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 873 (Senate No. 555), entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend sections four seventeen eighteen nineteen twenty-one twenty-six twenty-nine thirty-three thirty-four and thirty-six of an act entitled 'An Act to establish a Board of Wardens for the port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotages and for other purposes therein mentioned" approved the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand eight hundred and three and vesting the authority over pilots and pilotages in the bay and river Delaware in the Board of Commissioners of Navigation for the River Delaware and its Navigable Tributaries" approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred and seven and providing for the classification of pilots and regulating the qualifications of pilots and pilot apprentices

On the question?

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, this is a bill offered by the port wardens of Philadelphia. The only provision is to divide the classes of the pilots into first, second and third classes. An examination is to be held on the twenty-fifth day of this month, and it is desirous that this bill be made a law in order that the examination may be made with three classes.

The question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—152.

Abbott	Ewing	Knight	Robinson
Ailman	Fahey	Lafferty	Robison
Akers	Feeney	Larkins	Rockwell
Allen	Ferguson	Letzkus	Roney
Alter	Fitzgerald	Lindsay	Row
Anderson	Flynn	Lowe	Sassaman
Baldwin, G.	Freeman	Malie	Savidge
Baldwin, R.	Gans	Mannion	Schad
Bartman	Geary	Martin	Schmidt
Bass	Gibson	Marvin	Schultz
Bender	Gilkeson	Matt	Scott, J.
Benson	Good	McAleer	Scott, S.
Billman	Gray	McClung	Shaffer
Blair	Grove	McGowan	Shannon
Bosher	Haggerty	McInerney	Sherwood
Brehm	Halferty	McJunkin	Shreve
Brennan	Hecht	McKean	Snyder, A.
Caldwell	Henry	McMullen	Snyder, P.
Campbell, J.	Hess	McNichol	Speer
Campbell, W.	Hibshman	Mills	Stein
Carroll	Hobbs	Moore	Swan
Clarency	Hoffman	Morris	Townsend
Cleary	Hoover	Moses	Tunis
Clymer	Hormell	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Conner, P.	Howard	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Conner, W.	Hunter, J.	North	Walnut
Cox, E.	Hunter, R.	Perry	Walton
Crum	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr
Cumbler	Jackson	Piper	Ward, W.
Dale	Johnson, D.	Raesley	Watts
Dallas	Johnston	Rath	Whitman
Davis, W.	Jones, J.	Reece	Wilcox
Dearden	Keene	Reel	Williams
Detzel	Keister	Reeser	Wilson
Donnally	Kelsey	Reno	Woodward
Dunn, H.	Kern	Rhoads	Young
Ehrhardt	Kinney	Richards	Cox, John F.
Eichenberger	Klumpp	Riebel	Speaker.

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 846.

Mr. JOHN R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 846 (Senate No. 225), file folio 1721, entitled:

An act to amend the second section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled "An Act to authorize cities and boroughs to condemn property and rights inside and outside of their limits for the purposes of obtaining and supplying water" by fixing the number of the viewers at three

was defeated on third reading be reconsidered.

The motion was not agred to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 874 (Senate No. 532), entitled.

An act enabling the several boroughs of the Commonwealth to validate certain ordinances where the same have not been published according to law or where the proof of publication cannot be made

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—122.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Keene	Rhoads
Ailman	Eichenberger	Kelley, J.	Richards
Allen	Enbody	Kinney	Riebel
Alter	Fahey	Klingerman	Robinson
Baldwin, G. A	Feeney	Knight	Robison
Baldwin, R. J.	Ferguson	Kuhns	Rockwell
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Larkins	Roney
Bass	Freeman	Leh	Sassaman
Bender	Gans	Light	Savidge
Benson	Gibson	Lowe	Schad
Blair	Gilkeson	Mannion	Schmidt
Bosher	Good	Martin	Schultz
Boyd	Gray	Marvin	Scott, J. R.
Brehm	Grove	McArdle	Scott, S. B.
Breitinger	Haggerty	McClung	Shadrach
Brennan	Halferty	McInerney	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Hecht	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Campbell, W.	Henry	McMullen	Speer
Carter	Herman	McNichol	Stein
Clarency	Hibshman	Mills	Swan
Clymer	Hilton	Moore	Swartz
Cole	Hobbs	Morris	Townsend
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Moses	Tunis
Conrade	Holland	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Cox, E. R.	Hormell	Neel	Wallace
Crum	Hough	Newbaker	Walnut
Cumbler	Howard	North	Ward, W. Jr.
Currier	Hunter, J.	Perry	Ward, W. B.
Curry	Irwin	Phillips	Watts
Dale	Jackson	Piper	Welch
Dallas	Johnson, C.	Raesley	Wilcox
Davis, W.	Johnson, D.	Rath	Wilson
Dershem	Johnston	Reece	Woodward
Donahoe	Jones, E. E.	Reeser	Young
Donnally	Kelsey	Reno	Cox, John F.
Dunn, J.	Kern		Speaker

NAYS—3.

Jones, John	Kelly, M.	Shaffer

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 880 (Senate No. 580), entitled:

An act providing a method for obtaining the possession of land appropriated under the right of eminent domain

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was not agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 881 (Senate No. 556), entitled:

An act providing for the compensation of district attorneys whose terms expired on the first Monday in January one thousand nine hundred and eleven but who by virtue of an amendment to article fourteen section two of the Constitution of Pennsylvania were required to serve an additional year

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—133.

Abbott	Enbody	Kelly, M.	Reyburn
Ailman	Fahey	Kelsey,	Richards
Allen	Fay	Kern	Riebel
Alter	Ferguson	Kinney	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Fitzgerald	Klumpp,	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Freeman	Knight,	Rumsey
Bartman	Frey	Lafferty,	Sassaman
Bass	Gans	Larkins,	Savidge
Bender	Geary	Letzkus	Schmidt
Benson	Gibson	Light,	Schofield

Blair	Gilkeson	Lowe,	Scott, J.
Bosher	Good	Martin,	Scott, S.
Boyd	Gray	Marvin,	Shadrach
Brehm	Graybill	Matt,	Shaffer
Breitinger	Guyaux	McClung,	Sherwood
Brennan,	Halferty	McGowan,	Shreve
Campbell, J.	Healey	McJunkin,	Snyder, A.
Carroll	Hecht	McKean,	Snyder, P.
Clarency	Hess	McMullen,	Speer,
Cleary	Hibshman	McNichol,	Stein,
Clymer	Hobbs	Mills	Swan
Connell	Hoffman	Moore,	Townsend
Conner, P.	Hoover	Morris,	Tunis
Conner, W.	Hough	Moses	Von Tacky
Cox, E.	Howard	Moulthrop	Wallace
Crum	Hunter, R.	Neel	Walton
Currier	Jackson,	Newbaker	Ward, W.
Curry	Johnson, C.	Perry	Watts
Dale	Johnson, D.	Phillips	Whitman
Dallas	Johnston	Pitchford	Williams
Dearden	Jones, E.	Rath	Wilson
Dershem	Jones, J.	Reece	Woodward
Dunn, H.	Keene,	Reel	Young
Dunn, J.	Keister,	Reno	Cox, J.
Ehrhardt			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

MOTION TO RECONSIDER VOTE.

Mr. R. J. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I move to reconsider the vote by which House Bill No. 841 (Senate No. 531), entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to authorize incorporated cemetery or burial associations to purchase other grounds and to sell and convey in fee simple such portions of their lands not used or conveyed by them for burial purposes or which may have been reconveyed to them" approved the twenty-sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one as amended by an act approved the sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three "so as to authorize incorporated or unincorporated churches owning burial grounds to purchase other grounds and to sell and convey such portions of their lands not used or conveyed by them for burial purposes or which may have been reconveyed to them as further amended by an act approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five regulating the removal of bodies and the sale of lots providing for the enlargement of the boundaries of grounds owned by incorporated or unincorporated churches cemetery or burial associations or companies by the purchase of other ground and the use of the same for burial purposes any law or ordinance to the contrary notwithstanding

passed on final passage.

Mr. WM. WARD, Jr. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

Mr. R. J. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to state to the House that at the time this bill passed I frankly admit that I thought I was voting on the bill just previous to it. The bill is of great significance to the county in which I live and if any gentleman of the House can explain the provisions of this bill sufficiently I will withdraw my motion.

Mr. CONNELL. Mr. Speaker, I made inquiry concerning this bill from the attorney who drew the bill. He wrote me a letter which I will read to the House. There were three acts, in '91, '93 and '95, rather carelessly drawn, and this act is amendment to these acts simply to simplify them. I received a letter from the attorney who drew up this bill and he has written me a letter explaining this proposed legislation.

This bill simply will allow a cemetery company to purchase ground adjoining its own ground at the present time. This bill will simply permit burial associations to purchase any ground adjoining their ground, and that is the best explanation that I know of.

Mr. R. J. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, the county of Delaware and no doubt a number of others in this State will be affected by this bill, as it is very far reaching, and if I am not out of order, I wish to say that I realize if this bill reaches the Senate it cannot be reconsidered without the consent of the Senate. No doubt it will reach the Senate if we don't take action upon it before adjournment. If I can be assured that I will have time to make an examination, I may, perhaps, have no objection to the bill.

Mr. V. G. ROBINSON. Mr. Speaker, I would like to say one word with respect to this bill.

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point.

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman from Delaware is clearly out of order at this time.

The SPEAKER. The Chair decides that the gentleman's point is not well taken.

Mr. V. G. ROBINSON. Mr. Speaker, the objections to this bill as I find it is in lines one hundred and twenty and one hundred and twenty-one, where it says "that any law or any ordinance to the contrary notwithstanding and all such laws or ordinances inconsistent herewith are hereby abrogated."

As I understand the effect of the amendment to this bill it would take away from the municipalties the right to control the location of cemeteries by ordinance and would then repeal all the ordinances of the municipalities regarding the location of cemeteries. This does not seem just. It seems to me the municipality ought to be able to control the situation by ordinance. This bill would apply particularly to Delaware county, which is close to Philadelphia, and where there are a great many cemeteries, and there are many interments there from Philadelphia, and the people of Delaware county find it very necessary to control such location by ordinance. It is for this reason that we ask to reconsider the bill.

The SPEAKER. If there is no objection this motion will lie over until this evening under unfinished business.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. McNICHOL asked and obtained unanimous consent to report a bill from committee at this time.

Mr. McNICHOL, from the Committee on Judiciary Local, re-reported as committed House Bill No. 832 (Senate Bill No. 287), entitled:

An act supplementing an act approved the fifteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic to be called the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic and making an appropriation therefor" by abolishing the commission therein established providing for the completion of said institution regulating the powers of the board of trustees and repealing the tenth and seventeenth sections thereof

Mr. HECHT asked and obtained unanimous consent to report a bill from committee at this time.

Mr. HECHT, from the Committee on Judiciary Special, re-reported as committed House Bill No. 891 (Senate No. 298), entitled:

An act authorizing and empowering cities and boroughs in their corporate capacity to enact ordinances prescribing such reasonable regulations for the mining of coal beneath said cities and boroughs as may tend to prevent the settling or caving in of the surface

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. MOSES. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to and (at 4.45 o'clock P. M.) the House adjourned to meet to-night at 8 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, May 23, 1911.

EVENING SESSION.

The House met at 8 o'clock P. M.

The Speaker (JOHN F. COX) in the chair.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. WHITMAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended House Bill No. 805 (Senate No. 476), entitled:

An act authorizing poor districts to acquire lands supply erect and equip hospitals in the care and treatment of indigent persons afflicted with tuberculosis and providing for a per capita allowance by the State for the patients treated therein.

SENATE MESSAGES.

HOUSE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bills from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 72:

An act validating the incurring of debt or increase of indebtedness of townships of the second class by its supervisors for the purpose of macadamizing or paving with brick any of the roads and highways building constructing

repairing and maintaining permanent roads culverts and bridges purchasing machinery or lifting orders or payment of any contracts made therefor to an amount in the aggregate not exceeding two per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein as fixed and determined by the last preceding assessed valuation thereof and all coupon bonds or other securities issued therefor and also assessment of annual tax for the payment of the principal and interest of such indebtedness represented by such bonds or other securities since the twentieth of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four

House Bill No. 137:

An act providing for the payment of the costs of proceedings and the expenses of maintaining prisoners committed to county prisons either for non-payment of fines or penalties imposed for or while awaiting a hearing upon any charge for the violation of any city or borough ordinance or any ordinance of townships of the first class by the city borough or township of the first class whose ordinances are alleged to have been violated or to which any such fines or penalties are payable

House Bill No. 157:

An act relating to judgments obtained before aldermen and justices of the peace against counties cities boroughs townships school districts poor districts and other municipalities or incorporated districts requiring aldermen and justices of the peace to file transcripts of such judgments in the prothonotary's office within ten days from rendition of the same providing for the entry of record thereof by the prothonotary and for fees for services of the magistrate and prothonotary providing for certificates to be furnished by such magistrates of such judgments to taxpayers on demand and payment of a fee providing a penalty for violation of the act and method of procedure to enforce the same

House Bill No. 179:

An act to provide for the making of a new ordinance book and record of the ordinances of any borough in which the ordinance book thereof has become lost or destroyed or so much worn or mutilated as to be unserviceable

House Bill No. 360:

An act authorizing the release on probation of certain convicts instead of imposing sentences the appointment of probation and parole officers and the payment of their salaries and expenses regulating the manner of sentencing convicts in certain cases and providing for their release on parole

House Bill No. 603:

An act to further amend the eighteenth section of an act entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner and staff of assistants and defining the powers and duties thereof authorizing the State Highway Department to co-operate with the seevral counties and townships and with boroughs in certain instances in the improvement of the public highways and the maintenance of improved highways providing for the application of counties and townships for State aid in highway improvement and maintenance providing for the payment of the costs of highway improvements made under the provisions of this act by the State the counties and the townships and making an appropriation for this purpose and providing a penalty for maliciously destroying improved roads" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five as amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner and staff of assistants and defining the powers and duties thereof authorizing the State Highway Department to co-operate with the several counties and townships and with boroughs in certain instances in the improvement of the public highways and the maintenance of improved highways providing for the application of counties and townships for State aid in highway improvement and maintenance providing for the payment of the cost of highway improvements made under the provisions of this act by the State the counties and the townships and making an appropriation for this purpose and providing a penalty for maliciously destroying improved roads' approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five increasing the number of employes of the State Highway Department and fixing the amounts of their salaries eliminating from the items included in the expense of construction and from those covered by damages the cost of change of grade extending the provisions of the act to incorporated towns increasing the percentage which may be paid to contractors in advance of the final completion of the work authorizing the setting of monuments and planting of trees along State highways prohibiting the construction of gas or water lines along State highways except under certain conditions and providing that the kind of roads to be built shall be decided by the State Highway Commissioner" approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven

House Bill No. 605:

An act to provide for the surrender of franchises of Meadow companies and the transfer of duties of said Meadow companies to the respective cities or counties within which the lands governed by said Meadow companies may lie

House Bill No. 612:

An act making it a misdemeanor to intimidate annoy levy blackmail or extort money or other valuable thing or to attempt so to do from any person and providing punishment therefor

House Bill No. 401:

An act providing for the examination licensure and registration of persons firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage and prescribing certain rules regulations and requirements for the construction of plumbing house drainage and cesspools in cities of the first class and imposing fines penalties and forfeitures for violation thereof

House Bill No. 405:

An act to regulate the temperature of milk and cream intended to be shipped sold or offered for sale

House Bill No. 458:

An act regulating the amount of liability a corporate surety may undertake in any single obligation

House Bill No. 460:

An act providing for the payment of premiums on bonds required of public officers and for the discharge of sureties thereunder

House Bill No. 508:

An act relating to taxation and bonus on capital stock

House Bill No. 531:

An act authorizing and fixing the charges to be made for certificates and copies furnished by the Custodian of Public Records in the State Library

House Bill No. 550:

An act to prevent the issuing or transfer by any person other than a warehouseman or person controlling a place for storing of goods of any paper in similitude of a warehouse receipt and prescribing punishment therefor

House Bill No. 589:

An act to amend the second section of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety in certain employments by regulating the ages at which said minors may be employed their hours of employment their protection against injury and to prescribe rules for the obtaining of employment certificates and prescribing penalties for violation of the provisions thereof" approved April twenty-ninth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine so as to exclude tanneries

House Bill No. 622:

An act dispensing in judicial proceedings to which a corporation is a party with proof of incorporation of either plaintiff or defendant when not put in issue

House Bill No. 633:

An act to provide a standard of tests for illuminating oils to provide a penalty for violating the provisions of this act and repealing former acts

House Bill No. 646:

An act relating to milk providing for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating the sale of milk skimmed milk and cream providing penalties for the violation thereof and providing for the enforcement thereof

House Bill No. 665:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the paving curbing and macadamizing of streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same" approved April twenty-third one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine by fixing a different portion of the cost and expense which may be assessed against abutting property where the property on one side of the street or thoroughfare desired to be improved is exempt from assessment

House Bill No. 666:

An act authorizing and empowering the several courts of common pleas of the Commonwealth upon cause shown to discharge lands bound by the lien of any sum or sums of money under the provisions of any last will and testament for the maintenance of a burial lot or lots and to appoint a trustee to hold said sum or sums of money for the purpose for which the land is or shall be charged by said last will and testament

House Bill No. 670:

An act to amend paragraph twenty-nine of the first section of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the publication binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth" approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini nineteen hundred and five by providing for the publication binding and distribution of an increased number of copies of the report of the Highway Commissioner

House Bill No. 673:

An act relating to the location construction and maintenance of viaducts and bridges in townships of the first class and adjacent territory empowering the board of commissioners of the several townships of the first class of this Commonwealth to construct or have constructed bridges or viaducts over rivers creeks streams railroads and pri-

vate lands or over and across railroads and any of them or over and across railroads for public railways and to procure locations therefor by purchase or condemnation proceedings whether the same be wholly within or partly within and partly without the township limits authorizing said townships to unite and enter into a contract or contracts with the county commissioners of the proper county and with railroad street railway and other companies and parties interested or with any of them for the erection construction and maintenance of said viaduct and bridges and for the payment of the damage caused by their location and erection and forbidding any railroad company to pass under or upon any such viaduct or bridge without contributing to the cost of maintenance thereof

House Bill No. 676:

An act in relation to the appointment and salaries of the deputy sheriffs on duty in the court rooms of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of the Peace in counties containing a population of not less than seven hundred and fifty thousand nor more than one million two hundred thousand

House Bill No. 677:

An act requiring the approval of the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania to any extension of the time within which in the exercise of their charter rights under the existing law water or water power companies shall begin and complete their works and also providing for the annulment of charters of water or water power companies which shall not have begun or completed works within the time set by existing law

House Bill No. 695:

An act to prevent frauds against carriers of passengers for hire within this Commonwealth and prescribing penalties for the breach of the provisions hereof

House Bill No. 697:

An act relating to coroners and the holding of post mortems in the several counties of the Commonwealth

House Bill No. 878:

An act providing for and regulating the purchaes or condemnation of real estate by boroughs for the purpose of constructing wharves landing plces and docks

House Bill No. 903:

An act to provide for the disposition and payment of costs in all cases tried in the juvenile court

with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 520:

An act regulating the construction and repair of highways over drains or culverts

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The Clerk read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 1 beginning with line 10 by inserting "Provided however that this act shall not be construed in any manner to interfere with the work of the State Highway Department in the reconstruction or improvement of any State highway or State-aid highway or when a township or townships may be improving a township road under the direction plans and specifications of the State Highway Department."

On the question recurring,

Will the House concur in the amendment made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—172.

Abbott	Dunn, H.	Kinney	Robison
Allman	Dunn, J.	Klingerman	Rockwell
Allen	Ehrhardt	Klumpp	Roney
Alter	Eichenberger	Knight	Row
Anderson	Ewing	Kuhns	Rumsey
Baldwin, G. A.	Fahey	Lafferty	Sassaman
Baldwin, R. J	Fay	Larkins	Savidge
Bartman	Ferguson	Light	Schad
Bass	Frey	Lindsay	Schmidt
Bender	Gans	Lowe	Schofield
Benson	Gibson	Malie	Scott, J. R.
Bosher	Gilkeson	Mannion	Scott, S. B.
Bossert	Good	Matt	Shadrach
Boyd	Gransback	McAleer	Shaffer
Brehm	Gray	McArdle	Shannon
Brennan	Graybill	McClung	Sherwood
Caldwell	Grove	McGowan	Shoemaker
Campbell, C.	Guyaux	McInerney	Shreve
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McJunkin	Snavely
Campbell, W.	Healey	McKean	Snyder, A.
Carroll	Hecht	McMullen	Snyder, P.
Carter	Henry	Miller	Speer
Clarency	Herman	Moore	Steese
Cleary	Hess	Morris	Stein
Clymer	Hibshman	Moses	Swan
Cole	Hilton	Moulthrop	Swartz
Connell	Hoffman	Neel	Tunis
Conner, P.	Hoover	Newbaker	Ulerich
Conner, W.	Hormell	North	Von Tacky
Conrade	Hough	Perry	Wallace
Cox, E. R.	Howard	Phillips	Walnut
Crum	Hunter, J.	Piper	Walton
Cumbler	Hunter, R.	Pitchford	Ward, W. Jr.
Currier	Irwin	Raesley	Ward, W. B.
Curry	Jackson	Rath	Watts
Dale	Johnson, C.	Reel	Welch
[illegible]	Johnson, D.	Reeser	Whitman
Davis, A.	Johnston	Reno	Wilcox
Davis, W.	Keely	Rhoads	Williams
Dearden	Keene	Richards	Wilson
Dershem	Keister	Rider	Woodward
Detzel	Kelsey	Riebel	Young
Donahoe	Kern	Robinson	Cox, John F.
Donnally			Speaker

NAYS—1.

Bentley

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and amendments concurred in,

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE ON SENATE BILL NO. 531.

Mr. R. J. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER The gentleman from Delaware, Mr. R. J. Baldwin.

Mr. R. J. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which Senate Bill No. 531, entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to authorize incorporated cemetery or burial associations to purchase other grounds and to sell and convey in fee simple such portions of their lands not used or conveyed by them for burial purposes or which may have been reconveyed to them" approved the twenty-sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one as amended by an act approved the sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three" so as to authorize incorporated or unincorporated churches owning burial grounds to purchase other grounds and to sell and convey such portion of their lands not used or conveyed by them for burial purposes or which may have been reconveyed to them" as further amended by an act approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five regulating the removal of bodies and the sale of lots providing for the enlargement of the boundaries of grounds owned by incorporated or unincorporated churches cemetery or burial associations or companies by the purchase of other ground and the use of the same for burial purposes any law or ordinance to the contrary notwithstanding

failed on final passage be reconsidered.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. R. J. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Delaware, Mr. R. J. Baldwin.

Mr. R J. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I want to say to the members of the House that the friends of this measure and some of those who did not concur in this measure are unable to agree and it appears that the question will now have to be put up to the House as to whether or not it shall be indefinitely postponed. There are some parts of the bill which are very objectionable to me, while other parts are not. Under the present law there are powers given to municipalities to regulate the various questions involved with cemeteries when they are in cities or boroughs. Among these powers is the question whether there shall be any more bodies buried within a certain cemetery. If this bill be enacted all of the powers of the borough council or the municipality will be taken away. This is a question of one act of the Legislature repealing an ordinance in any of the boroughs in the State of Pennsylvania. It also says that this borough shall have no municipal authority and cannot hereafter have any authority on questions of that character. I want to say that I strongly and firmly disagree with the friends of this bill and I don't think that we should reconsider the vote, but I do think that we should defeat the bill.

Mr. V. GILPIN ROBINSON. Mr. Speaker, I can only say that I have been over this bill with my colleague. Mr. Baldwin, and I heartily concur with what he says. It would be a very great injustice to the boroughs of this Commonwealth to take away from them the right of improving the burial grounds within their limit. This bill does not permit them to exercise any power of regulation.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Whereupon, a division was called for, 73 gentlemen voting in the affirmative and 46 in the negative, and the motion was agreed to.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. R. J. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. HOFFMAN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 882 (Senate Bill No. 519), entitled:

An act to amend section one of an act approved the seventh day of July Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five entitled "An Act relating to the disposition of property of decedents on failure of testamentary devises" by extending its provisions to cases where devises shall be impracticable

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—63.

Abbott	Cole	Hobbs	North
Ailman	Connell	Hoffman	Richards
Allen	Couner, P.	Howard	Riebel
Alter	Dale	Irwin	Robison
Anderson	Dunn, H.	Jones, E,	Savidge
Baldwin, R.	Ewing	Keister,	Schmidt
Bartman	Fahey	Klingerman,	Schofield
Bass	Ferguson	Larkins,	Snyder, P.
Bender	Fitzgerald	Light,	Speer
Bossert	Frey	Marvin,	Steese,
Boyd	Gans	McAleer,	Townsend
Breitinger	Gilkeson	McClung,	Wallace
Brennan	Good	McGowan,	Walton
Carroll	Hecht	McNichol,	Williams
Clarency	Henry	Moses	Wilson
Clymer	Hibshman	Neel	

NAYS—55.

Baldwin, G.	Detzel	McInerney,	Rumsey
Benson	Flynn	McJunkin,	Sassaman
Bentley	Geary	McKean,	Scott, S.
Billman	Herman	McMullen,	Shaffer
Bosher	Holland	Moore,	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Hornell	Morris	Snyder, A.
Campbell, W.	Hough	Newbaker	Swan
Conrade	Johnston,	Phillips	Von Tacky
Cox, E.	Jones, J.	Raesley	Walnut
Crum	Kelly, M.	Rath	Ward, W. B.
Currier	Kern,	Reece	Welch
Curry	Knight,	Reel	Young
Davis, W.	Lowe,	Reno	Cox, J.
Dershem	Malie,	Rockwell	Speaker

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 883 (Senate No. 565), entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State hospital for the treatment and care of the criminal insane to be called the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane and making an appropriation threfor" approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five directing the commissioners for the erection of said State Hospital for the Criminal Insane to surrender their trust to a board of trustees to be appointed by the Governor authorizing the said board of trustees to continue the erection and completion of the buildings of said State Hospital for the Criminal Insane and authorizing said board of trustees to receive at any time such numbers of criminal insane patients as can be accommodated in the buildings before the completion of the entire institution and further defining the powers and duties of said board of trustees

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—170.

Abbott	Donnally	Jones, J.	Rath
Ailman	Dunn, H.	Keely,	Rebert
Akers	Dunn, J.	Keene,	Reece
Allen	Ehrhardt	Keister	Reel
Alter	Eichenberger	Kelley, J.	Reeser
Anderson	Ewing	Kelly. M. C.,	Reno
Baldwin, R.	Fahey	Kelsey,	Reyburn
Bartman	Fay	Kern	Rhoads
Bass	Feeney	Klumpp	Richards
Bender	Ferguson	Knight	Rider
Benson	Fitzgerald	Lafferty	Robinson
Bentley	Flynn	Larkins	Robison
Blair	Frey	Leh	Rockwell
Bosher	Gans	Light	Roney
Bossert	Geary	Lindsay	Row
Boyd	Gilkeson	Lowe	Rumsey
Brehm	Good	Magee	Sassaman
Breitinger	Gransback	Malie	Schad
Brennan	Gray	Martin	Schmidt
Caldwell	Graybill	Marvin	Schofield
Campbell, C.	Grove	Matt	Scott, J.
Campbell, W.	Guyaux	Maurer	Scott, S.
Carroll	Haggerty	McAleer	Shadraeh
Carter	Halferty	McArdle	Shannon
Clarency	Healey	McClung	Sherwood
Cleary	Hecht	McGowan	Shoemaker
Clymer	Henry	McInerney	Shreve
Cole	Hess	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Connell	Hibshman	McKean	Speer
Conner, P.	Hilton	McMullen	Stein
Conner, W.	Hobbs	McNichol	Swartz
Conrade	Holland	Miller	Townsend
Cox, E.	Hoover	Moore	Tunis
Crum	Hough	Morris	Wallace
Cumbler	Howard	Moses	Walton
Currier	Hunter J. N.,	Moulthrop	Ward, W., Jr.
Curry	Hunter, R. P.,	Neel	Welch
Dale	Irwin	Newbaker	Whitman
Dallas	Jackson	North	Williams
Davis, A.	Johnson, O,	Perry	Wilson
Davis, W.	Johnson, D,	Phillips	Woodward
Dearden	Johnston,	Pitchford	Young
Dershem	Jones, E,	Raesley	Cox, J.
Detzel			Speaker

NAYS—2.

Baldwin, G. Kinney

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 884 (Senate No. 524), entitled:

An act to authorize county commissioners to erect a bridge for pedestrians only in lieu of a wagon bridge legally authorized when in their judgment such bridge will sufficiently accommodate public travel

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. ROCKWELL. Mr. Speaker, I would like to have somebody make an explanation of the purpose of this bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Bedford, Mr. Matt, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. MATT. Mr. Speaker, I will explain this bill. As the law now stands on our statute books the Commissioners have the power to build bridges for wagon purposes, but don't have the power to build bridges for pedestrians. Viewers have acted favorably upon the conditions and the whole county desires it, because this bridge I speak of particularly leads directly from the railway station to the county seat and will make it probably one and a quarter miles closer. The voters desire this bridge and it simply gives them power to act. I hope that every member will support this bill.

Mr. KNIGHT. Mr. Speaker, we have an instance in our county across a creek over which possibly five hundred people cross on foot. When you get this act on our statute books we will be able to construct a bridge for them, which would not be more than right. I hope you will give this bill your support.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—169.

Abbott	Dearden	Jones, E,	Reece
Ailman	Dershem	Jones, J,	Reeser
Akers	Detzel	Keene,	Reno
Allen	Donahoe	Keister,	Rhoads
Alter	Donnally	Kelley, J.	Richards
Anderson	Dunn, H.	Kelly, M.	Rider
Baldwin, G.	Dunn, J.	Kelsey,	Riebel
Baldwin, R.	Ehrhardt	Kern,	Robinson
Bartman	Eichenberger	Klumpp,	Robison
Bass	Ewing	Knight,	Row
Bender	Fahey	Kuhns,	Sassaman

Benson	Fay	Lafferty,	Savidge
Bentley	Ferguson	Larkins,	Schad
Billman	Frey	Lindsay,	Schmidt
Blair	Gans	Lowe,	Scott, J.
Bosher	Geary	Magee,	Shadrach
Bossert	Gibson	Malie,	Shaffer
Boyd	Gilkeson	Martin,	Shannon
Brehm	Good	Marvin,	Sherwood
Breitinger	Gransback	Matt,	Shoemaker
Brennan	Gray	McAleer,	Shreve
Campbell, C.	Graybill	McArdle,	Snyder, A.
Campbell, J.	Grove	McClung,	Snyder, P.
Campbell, W.	Guyaux	McInerney,	Steese,
Carroll	Haggerty	McJunkin,	Stein,
Carter	Hafferty	McKean,	Swartz
Clarency	Healey	McMullen,	Tunis
Cleary	Hecht	McNichol,	Von Tacky
Clymer	Hess	Miller,	Wallace
Cole	Hibshman	Moore,	Walnut
Connell	Hilton	Morris,	Walton
Conner, P.	Hobbs	Moses	Ward, W., Jr.
Conner, W.	Hoffman	Moulthrop	Ward, W. B.
Conrade	Hornell	Neel	Wasson
Cox, E.	Hough	Newbaker	Welch
Crum	Howard	North	Whitman
Cumbler	Hunter, R. P.	Perry	Wilcox
Currier	Irwin	Phillips	Williams
Curry	Jackson,	Piper	Wilson
Dale	Johnson, C,	Pitchford	Woodward
Dallas	Johnson, D,	Raesley	Young
Davis, A.	Johnston,	Rath	Cox, J.
Davis, W.			Speaker

NAYS—2.

Henry	Holland	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 886 (Senate No. 179), entitled:

An act relating to the exercise of the right of eminent domain

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. JOHN R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. John R. K. Scott.

Mr. JOHN R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I hope the gentlemen of the House will not be guided by the title of this bill. What the act is directly I will endeavor to explain. When the right of eminent domain has been exercised, as the law now exists, it shall be properly recorded in the Prothonotary's office and in the office of the Recorder of Deeds. It merely corrects a vacancy which now exists in the law—that proper records be put into the Prothonotary's office. This is absolutely essential.

Mr. V. GILPIN ROBINSON. Mr. Speaker, I heartily concur in what the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Scott, has said. Every lawyer in this House will recognize that where the right of eminent domain is exercised that there is nothing upon the record, and as I understand the purpose of this bill, it is simply to make a record in the case of a title acquired by the right of eminent domain.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

The bill was not agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 887 (Senate No. 299), entitled:

An act providing for the election of councilmen in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth and fixing the time and manner of the organization of the town councils therein

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

The bill was not agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 888 (Senate No. 297), entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act relating to the settlement of public accounts" approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine by providing that the powers imposed shall be exercised by the concurrent action as a board of all the officers named and that said officers shall act in person and not by deputy

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—160.

Abbott	Detzel	Kern,	Rhoads
Allman	Donahoe	Klingerman,	Richards
Allen	Donnally	Klumpp,	Rider
Alter	Dunn, J.	Knight,	Riebel
Anderson	Ehrhardt	Kuhns,	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	Eichenberger	Lafferty,	Robison
Baldwin, R.	Ewing	Larkins,	Rockwell
Bartman	Fahey	Light,	Roney
Bass	Ferguson	Lindsay,	Row
Bender	Frey	Lowe,	Rumsey
Benson	Gans	Magee,	Sassaman
Bentley	Gibson	Martin,	Savidge
Blair	Gilkeson	Marvin,	Schmidt
Bosher	Good	Matt,	Scott, J.
Bossert	Gransback	McAleer,	Shadrach
Boyd	Gray	McArdle,	Shaffer
Brehm	Graybill	McClung,	Shannon
Breitinger	Grove	McGowan,	Sherwood
Brennan	Guyaux	McInerney,	Shreve
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McJunkin,	Snyder, A.
Campbell, J.	Hafferty	McKean,	Speer,
Campbell, W	Hecht	McMullen,	Stein,
Carroll	Henry	McNichol,	Swan
Carter	Herman	Miller,	Swartz
Clarency	Hess	Moore,	Townsend
Cleary	Hilton	Morris,	Tunis
Clymer	Hobbs	Moses	Ulerich
Cole	Hoover	Moulthrop	Von Tacky
Connell	Hough	Neel	Wallace
Conner, P.	Howard	Newbaker	Walnut
Conner, W.	Hunter, R. P.	North	Walton
Conrade	Johnson, C,	Perry	Ward, W., Jr.
Cox, E.	Johnson, D,	Phillips	Watts
Crum	Johnston,	Piper	Welch
Currier	Jones, J,	Pitchford	Wilcox
Curry	Keely,	Rath	Williams
Dale	Keister,	Reece	Wilson
Davis, A.	Kelley, J.	Reel	Woodward
Davis, W.	Kelly, M.	Reeser	Young
Dearden	Kelsey,	Reno	Cox, J.
			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 889 (Senate No. 430), entitled:

An act amending section three of article one section five of article three sections sixteen seventeen and eighteen of article four section two of article six section one of article seven sections one and three of article eight and sections one and seven of article nine of an act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class" approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. KEISTER. Mr. Speaker.

The Speaker. The gentleman from Dauphin, Mr. Keister.

Mr. KEISTER. Mr. Speaker, this is a very lengthy bill, and no doubt the members of this House have not given it the consideration which it deserves. It requires a very few words to explain its provisions. If this bill falls, third class cities in the State of Pennsylvania will be practically put out of business. I will ask the members of the House to give it favorable consideration.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—166

Abbott	Donahoe	Jones, J,	Reno
Allman	Donnally	Keely,	Rhoads
Ahers	Dunn, H.	Keister,	Richards
Allen	Dunn, J.	Kelly, M.	Rider
Alter	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Riebel
Baldwin, G.	Ewing	Kinney	Robinson
Baldwin, R.	Fahey	Klingerman,	Robison
Bartman	Fay	Klumpp,	Rockwell
Bass	Ferguson	Knight,	Roney
Bender	Flynn	Kuhns,	Rumsey
Benson	Freeman	Larkins,	Sassaman
Bentley	Gans	Light,	Savidge
Blair	Geary	Lowe,	Schmidt
Bosher	Gibson	Magee,	Schofield
Bossert	Gilkeson	Malie,	Scott, J.
Boyd	Good	Mannion,	Scott, S.
Brehm	Gransback	Martin,	Shadrach

Breitinger	Gray	Marvin,	Shannon
Brennan	Graybill	Matt,	Sherwood
Caldwell	Guyaux	Maurer,	Shreve
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McArdle,	Snyder, A.
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McGowan,	Snyder, P.
Carroll	Healey	McJunkin,	Speer,
Carter	Hecht	McKean	Stein,
Clarency	Henry	McNichol,	Swan
Cleary	Hess	Miller,	Swartz
Clymer	Hibshman	Moore,	Townsend
Cole	Hilton	Morris,	Tunis
Connell	Hobbs	Moses	Ulerich
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Moulthrop	Von Tacky
Conner, W.	Holland	Neel	Walnut
Conrade	Hoover	Newbaker	Walton
Cox, E.	Hormell	Perry	Ward, W., Jr.
Cumbler	Hough	Phillips	Ward, W. B.
Currier	Howard	Piper	Watts
Curry	Hunter, J. N.	Pitchford	Whitman
Dale	Irwin	Rath	Wilcox
Dallas	Jackson,	Rebert	Wilson
Davis, A.	Johnson, C,	Reece	Woodward
Davis, W.	Johnson, D,	Reel	Young
Dershem	Johnston,	Reeser	Cox, J.
Detzel	Jones, E,		Speaker

NAYS—1.

Schad

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 887.

Mr. ROCKWELL. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 887, on page 4 of to-day's calendar, which was defeated on third reading, be reconsidered.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 887 (Senate No. 299), entitled:

An act providing for the election of councilmen in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth and fixing the time and manner of the organization of the town councils therein

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—140.

Abbott	Donnally	Kern,	Rhoads
Allman	Dunn, H.	Klingerman,	Richards
Baldwin, G.	Dunn, J.	Lafferty,	Rider
Baldwin, R.	Ehrhardt	Larkins,	Riebel
Bartman	Eichenberger	Light	Robinson
Bass	Ewing	Lindsay,	Rockwell
Bender	Fay	Lowe,	Roney
Benson	Ferguson	Magee	Row
Bentley	Gans	Malie,	Savidge
Billman	Geary	Martin,	Schmidt
Bosher	Gibson	Marvin,	Schofield
Boyd	Gilkeson	Matt,	Scott, S.
Brehm	Gransback	McAleer,	Shadrach
Breitinger	Graybill	McArdle,	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Guyaux	McClung,	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Haggerty	McGowan,	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Halferty	McInerney,	Shreve
Carroll	Hecht	McJunkin,	Snyder, P.
Clarency	Henry	McKean,	Speer,
Cleary	Hibshman	McMullen,	Stein,
Cole	Hilton	McNichol,	Townsend
Connell	Hobbs	Miller	Tunis
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Moore,	Ulerich
Conrade	Holland	Morris,	Von Tacky
Cox, E.	Howard	Moses	Wallace
Cumbler	Hunter, R. P.	Newbaker	Walton
Currier	Irwin	North	Ward, W., Jr.
Curry	Jackson	Perry	Welch
Dale	Johnson, C,	Phillips	Whitman
Dallas	Johnson, D,	Pitchford	Wilcox
Davis, A.	Johnston,	Rath	Williams
Davis, W.	Jones, E,	Reece	Wilson
Dershem	Jones, J,	Reel	Woodward
Detzel	Keene,	Reeser	Young
Donahoe	Kelly, M.	Reno	Cox, J. Speaker

NAYS—14.

Allen	Carter	Hough	Snyder, A.
Blair	Flynn	Robison	Swan
Bressert	Gray	Sassaman	Swartz
Brennan	Herman	Schad	Ward, W. B.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Mr. HECHT in the Chair.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 896 (Senate No. 214), entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for an establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine providing for the issuing of certificates for license to practice osteopathy"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. ULERICH. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Westmoreland, Mr. Ulerich.

Mr. ULERICH. Mr. Speaker, I understand that there is a bill in the hands of the Governor at this time that carries the same provisions as this one. I therefore move that this bill be stricken from the calendar.

Mr. SCHAD. Mr. Speaker, I would like the gentleman from Westmoreland county to give us some authority for that statement.

Mr. ULERICH. I was asked by a physician in regard to this bill and I have my information from him. I have no personal interest in this bill.

Mr. KEISTER. Mr. Speaker, I have been asked this same thing, and I wish to say that Dr. Keen and another physician have made the same statement to me and requested to have this bill stricken from the calendar.

On the question recurring.

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

The bill was not agred to.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 898 (Senate No. 543), entitled:

An act to amend the sixth section of an act entitled "An Act dividing the cities of this State into three classes regulating the passage of ordinances providing for contracts for supplies and work for such cities authorizing the increase of indebtedness and the creation of a sinking fund to redeem the same defining and punishing certain offences in all of said cities and providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class" approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four providing that it shall be lawful for the councils of any city to pass ordinances defining the competency of workmen or laborers engaged in work for such city under contracts and prescribing the minimum wages to be paid and the maximum hours of employment of workmen or laborers so engaged and validating such existing ordinances

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—168.

Abbott	Dunn, H.	Jones, J,	Reno
Allman	Dunn, J.	Keely,	Rhoads
Allen	Ehrhardt	Keene,	Richards
Alter	Eichenberger	Keister,	Rider
Baldwin, R.	Ewing	Kelley, J.	Riebel
Bartman	Fahey	Kelly, M.	Robinson
Bass	Fay	Kern,	Robison
Benson	Feeney	Klingerman,	Rockwell
Bentley	Ferguson	Klumpp,	Roney
Bosher	Flynn	Knight,	Row
Boyd	Frey	Larkins,	Rumsey
Brehm	Gans	Light,	Sassaman
Breitinger	Geary	Lindsay,	Savidge
Brennan	Gibson	Lowe,	Schad
Caldwell	Gilkeson	Magee,	Schmidt
Campbell, C.	Good	Malie,	Scott, J.
Campbell, J.	Gransback	Mannion,	Shadrach
Campbell, W.	Gray	Martin,	Shannon
Carroll	Graybill	Marvin,	Sherwood
Carter	Grove	Matt,	Shoemaker
Clarency	Guyaux	McAleer,	Snavely
Cleary	Haggerty	McClung,	Snyder, A.
Clymer	Healey	McGowan,	Snyder, P.
Cole	Hecht	McInerney	Steese,

Connell	Henry	McJunkin,	Stein,
Conner, P.	Herman	McKean,	Swartz
Conner, W.	Hess	McMullen	Townsend
Conrade	Hibshman	McNichol,	Tunis
Cox, E.	Hobbs	Miller,	Ulerich
Crum	Hoffman	Moore,	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Holland	Morris,	Wallace
Currier	Hoover	Moulthrop	Walnut
Curry	Hornell	Neel	Walton
Dale	Hough	Newbaker	Ward, W., Jr.
Dallas	Howard	North	Ward, W. B.
Davis, A.	Hunter, J. N.	Perry	Watts
Davis, W.	Hunter, R. P.	Phillips	Whitman
Dearden	Irwin	Piper	Williams
Dershem	Johnson, C.	Pitchford	Wilson
Detzel	Johnson, D.	Rath	Woodward
Donahoe	Johnston.	Reece	Young
Donnally	Jones, E.	Reeser	Cox, J. Speaker

NAYS—3.

Baldwin, G.	Moses	Scott, S.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

MOTION TO RECONSIDER VOTE.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Roney.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote on House Bill No. 882, entitled:

An act to amend section one of an act approved the seventh day of July Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five entitled "An Act relating to the disposition of property of decedents on failure of testamentary devises" by extending its provisions to cases where devises shall be impracticable

be reconsidered.

On the question.

Will the House agree to the motion to reconsider?

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, this bill is on page four of today's calendar and was defeated on final passage. I desire to say that this bill is an amendment to an act in regard to the disposition of the provision in the bill which because of a lack of specific identity or because of an uncertainty of the purposes in the bill. We have in Philaelphia cases that cannot be reached under this provision, and we are practically helpless under it.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

The motion was not agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 904 (Senate No. 603), entitled:

An act to provide for counsel fees for garnishee's attorney's taxation of the same as costs and collection and payment thereof in attachment or attachment execution of any nature or kind issued by any justice of the peace magistrate or alderman

On the question.

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL DROPPED FROM CALENDAR.

Mr. ALLEN. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Allen.

Mr. ALLEN. Mr. Speaker, I am opposed to this bill. This bill provides simply that in garnishee cases an attorney fee shall be tacked on to the cost in the case. I don't believe that the attorneys in this State need anything of that kind. I think it is a hardship on us farmers.

Mr. WILSON. This House has passed a bill, introduced by myself, the exact duplicate of this one. I know of no vote against it, not even of the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Allen. I desire to say that his explanation of it at this time is not just exactly right. It carries with it a fee of $5 in case of garnisheeing when attachments are served on the third party, and he has to answer in any court of record. It is only fair and I hope that it will go through. There seems to be a disposition in this House to vote on the question without considering it squarely and I hope you will not vote this bill down.

Mr. ALLEN. Mr. Speaker, if this House has already consumed time in considering and voting upon one bill of this kind which now rests in the Senate, that deliberative body where business is transacted with haste, and I move you that this bill be stricken from the calendar.

Mr. SCHAD. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 905 (Senate No. 600), entitled:

A supplement to an Act of Assembly entitled "An Act to authorize co-operation of cities of the third class school districts thereof and incorporated library associations therein for the erection and maintenance of free public libraries" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and ninety) by authorizing school districts of cities of the third class to contract for the maintenance of free non-sectarian public libraries without guaranty therefor by the city and validating contracts heretofore or hereafter to be made without such guaranty

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—143.

Abbott	Davis, W.	Johnston	Robison
Aikman	Dearden	Jones, E. E.,	Rockwell
Akers	Dershem	Jones, J. R.,	Roney
Allen	Donahoe	Keely,	Rumsey
Alter	Dunn, H.	Keister	Sassaman
Baldwin, G.	Dunn, J.	Kelly, M. C.,	Savidge
Baldwin, R.	Ehrhardt	Kern	Schad
Bartman	Eichenberger	Klumpp	Schofield
Bass	Enbody	Kuhns	Schultz
Bender	Ewing	Larkins	Scott, S.
Benson	Fahey	Light	Shadrach
Bentley	Feeney	Lindsay	Shaffer
Blair	Ferguson	Malie	Shannon
Bosher	Fitzgerald	Mannion	Sherwood
Bossert	Freeman	McAleer	Shreve
Boyd	Gans	McClung	Snyder, A.
Brehm	Geary	McInerney	Snyder, P.
Brennan	Gibson	McJunkin	Speer
Campbell, C.	Gilkeson	McMullen	Stein
Campbell, J.	Good	Miller	Swan
Carroll	Gray	Moore	Swartz
Carter	Grove	Morris	Townsend
Clarency	Haggerty	Moses	Tunis
Cleary	Hafferty	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Clymer	Healey	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Cole	Hecht	North	Walnut
Connell	Herman	Phillips	Walton
Conner, P.	Hibshman	Rath	Ward, W., Jr.
Conrade	Hilton	Reece	Ward, W. B.
Cox, E.		Reel	Watts
Crum		Reno	Whitman
Cumbler	Hough	Reyburn	Williams
Curry	Hunter J. N.,	Richards	Woodward
Dale	Irwin	Riebel	Young
Dallas	Johnson, C. V.,	Robinson	Cox, J. Speaker
Davis, A.	Johnson, D. D.,		

NAYS—2.

Holland	Martin

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1244 (Senate No. 620), entitled:

An act regulating the treatment of persons in places of detention awaiting trial

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL DROPPED FROM CALENDAR.

Mr. WM. CONNER. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, this bill provides that all men waiting sentence in any jail in this Commonwealth shall have at least one hour a day. In the county in which I have the honor in part to represent there are eight hundred prisoners, and if you give each man one hour a day how are you going to run the prison. In Philadelphia I understand that they have sixteen hundred prisoners. I would like to know how you are going to give each one of these men an hour a day. Therefore, Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be stricken from the calendar.

Mr. C. M. C. CAMPBELL. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1245 (Senate No. 574), entitled:

An act providing for the protection of owners of animals or vehicles and providing penalties for the violation thereof

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, this bill was introduced by Senator Vare at the instance of the Teamsters' Association for the purpose of preventing the drivers from taking the teams, of allowing the teams to stand on the highways, and neglecting the teams, and allowing the wagons loaded with perishable goods to stand, which has caused a loss to the teamsters of thousands of dollars. This bill has been offered by the Teamsters' Association of Philadelphia and is a very meritorious bill, and I hope the members will support it.

The question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—139.

Abbott	Ferguson	Kern,	**Richards**
Akers	Flynn	Kinney	Riebel
Allen	Frey	**Klumpp,**	Robinson
Alter	Gans	**Lafferty,**	Rockwell
Bartman	Gibson	Leh,	Roney
Bass	Gilkeson	Letzkus	Sassaman
Bender	Good	Lindsay,	Savidge
Bentley	Gransback	Lowe,	Schad
Bosher	Gray	Malle,	Schmidt
Brehm	Graybill	Martin,	Schofield
Brennan	Guyaux	Marvin,	**Scott, J.**
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McArdle	Scott, S.
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McClung,	**Shannon**
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McInerney,	Sherwood
Carter	Henry	McJunkin,	**Shoemaker**
Clarency	Herman	McKean,	Snavely
Cleary	Hess	McNichol,	Snyder, A.
Clymer	Hilton	Miller,	Snyder, P.
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Mills,	Steese,
Conner, W.	Holland	Moore,	Swan
Conrade	Hormell	Morris,	Swartz
Cox, E.	Hough	Moses	Townsend
Crum	Howard	Moulthrop	Tunis
Currier	Hunter, J. N.	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Curry	Hunter, R. P.	North	Walnut
Dale	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Davis, A.	Jackson,	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Dearden	Johnson, C.	Pitchford	Watts
Donnally	Johnston,	**Raesley**	Welch
Dunn, H.	Jones, E.	Rebert	**Wilcox**
Ehrhardt	Jones, J.	Reel	Williams
Eichenberger	Keely,	Reeser	Wilson
Ewing	Keene,	Reno	Young
Fahey	Keister,	Rhoads	Cox, J.
Fay	Kelsey,		Speaker

NAYS—10.

Allman	Benson	Davis, W.	Knight,
Baldwin, G.	Boyd	Dershem	Reece
Baldwin, R.	Cole		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate, with information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Mr. ROBINSON, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as committed House Bill No. 1373, entitled:

An act to provide for the erection of a monument or memorial on the Battlefield of Antietam, Maryland, to commemorate the services of Knap's Independent Battery E, Pennsylvania Light Artillery on that battlefield, creating a Commission for such purpose and appropriating money therefor.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1247 (Senate No. 316), entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the better government of cities of the first class in this Commonwealth approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five authorizing and establishing a Board of Recreation for the creation organization care management conduct and supervision of recreation facilities of cities of the first class except as herein provided

On the question,

Will the House agre to the bill on third reading?

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, this bill was also presented by Senator Vare for the purpose of establishing a playgrounds commission that costs nothing. There is no money appropriated to it, and their powers consist merely of establishing or conducting or laying out the parks throughout the city of Philadelphia, which have been bought by the money appropriated by the councils of the city of Philadelphia. In other words, it is the mission of the officials of the city to have supervisors for the present park system in Philadelphia. It is an important piece of legislation and one much desired in Philadelphia.

The question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—147.

Abbott	Eichenberger	Klumpp,	Roney
Allman	Ewing	Knight,	Rumsey
Allen	Fahey	**Lafferty,**	Sassaman
Alter	Feeney	Larkins,	Schad
Anderson	Ferguson	Letzkus	Schmidt
Baldwin, R.	Flynn	Lindsay,	Schofield
Bartman	Freeman	Lowe,	Schultz
Bender	Gans	Mannion,	Scott, J.
Benson	Geary	Martin,	Scott, S.
Bentley	Gibson	Marvin,	Shadrach
Blair	Gilkeson	Matt,	Shannon
Bosher	Gransback	McAleer,	Sherwood
Boyd	Gray	McClung,	Shreve
Brehm	Grove	McGowan,	Snavely
Breitinger	Haggerty	McJunkin,	Snyder, P.
Brennan	Halferty	McKean	Speer,
Campbell, C.	Hecht	McNichol,	Stein,
Campbell, W.	Henry	Miller,	Swan
Carroll	Hess	Mills,	Swartz
Carter	Hibshman	Moore,	Townsend
Clarency	Hobbs	Morris,	Tunis
Cleary	Holland	Moses	Ulerich
Clymer	Hoover	Moulthrop	Von Tacky
Cole	Hough	Newbaker	Wallace
Conner, P.	Howard	North	Walnut
Conner, W.	Hunter, R. P.	Phillips	Walton
Conrade	Jackson,	Piper	Ward, W., Jr.
Cox, E.	Johnson, C.	**Raesley**	Ward, W.
Cumbler	Johnson, D.	Rath	Watts
Dale	Jones, E.	Reece	Whitman
Dallas	Jones, John	Reel	Wilcox
Davis, A.	Keene	Reno	Williams
Dearden	Keister,	Rhoads	Wilson
Detzel	Kelly, M.	Richards	Woodward
Donnally	Kelsey,	Riebel	Young
Dunn, J.	Kern,	Robinson	Cox, J.
Ehrhardt	Kinney	Rockwell	Speaker

NAYS—1.

Baldwin, G.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate, with information that the House has passed the same without amendments.

Mr. ALTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time House Bill No. 541 (Senate No. 318), entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one creating and regulating a city planning department giving it jurisdiction extending it over the city and for three miles beyond the city limits and regulating the laying out of plans of lots wthin its jurisdiction

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 541 (Senate No. 318), as follows:

A supplement to an Act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one creating and regulating a city planning department giving it jurisdiction extending it over the city and for three miles beyond the city limits and regulating the laying out of plans of lots within the limits of the city

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That an additional executive department in the government of cities of the second class is hereby created

to be known as the department of city planning which shall be in charge of a city planning commission consisting of nine persons to be appointed by the mayor to serve during his term in office and until their successors are duly appointed and qualified and who may or may not be residents of the city An appointment to fill a casual vacancy shall be only for the unexpired portion of the term Three shall be a quorum They may make and alter rules and regulations for their own organization and procedure consistent with the ordinances of the city and the laws of the Commonwealth They shall serve without compensation and make annually to the mayor a report of their transactions and recommendations They may employ engineers and other persons whose salaries and wages and other necessary expenses of the commission shall be provided for in the discretion of councils by the proper appropriations and ordinances

Section 2 The clerks of councils shall upon introduction furnish to the City Planning Commission for its consideration a copy of all ordinances and bills relating to the location of any public building of the city and to the location extension widening enlargement ornamentation and parking of any street boulevard parkway park playground or other public grounds and to the vocation of any street or other alteration of the city plan of streets and highways and to the location of any bridge tunnel or subway or of any surface underground or elevated railway The said commission may make a report or suggestion in relation thereto if it deems a report necessary or advisable for the consideration of councils All such reports when delivered to the clerk of councils shall be for the information of the public as well as of councils and the commission shall furnish to any newspaper of the city on request for publication a copy of any such report

Section 3 The City Planning Commission may make or cause to be made and lay before councils and in its discretion cause to be published a map or maps of the city or any portion or portions thereof including territory extending three miles beyond the city limits showing the streets and highways and other natural or artificial features and also locations proposed by it for any new public buildings civic center street parkway boulevard park playground or any other public ground or public improvement or any widening extension or re-location of the same or any change in the city plan by it deemed advisable And it may make recommendations to councils from time to time concerning any such matters and things aforesaid for action by councils thereon and in so doing have regard for the present conditions and future needs and growth of the city and the distribution and relative location of all the principal and other streets and railways waterways and all other means of public travel and business communications as well as the distributions and relative location of all public buildings public grounds and open spaces devoted to public use and the planning and laying out for urban uses of private grounds brought into the market from time to time

Section 4 The City Planning Commission may make recommendations to any public authorities or any corporations or individuals in said cities with reference to the location of any buildings structures or works to be erected or constructed by them

Section 5 All plans plots or re-plots of lands laid out in building lots and the streets alleys or other portions of the same intended to be dedicated to public use or for the use of purchasers or owners of lots fronting thereon or adjacent thereto and located within the city limits shall be submitted to the City Planning Commission and approved by it before it shall be recorded And it shall be unlawful to receive or record such plan in any public office unless the same shall bear thereon by endorsement or otherwise the approval of the City Planning Commission The disapproval of any such plan by the City Planning Commission shall be deemed a refusal of the proposed dedication shown thereon The approval of the commission shall be deemed an acceptance of the proposed dedication but shall not impose any duty upon the city concerning the maintenance or improvement of any such dedicated parts until the proper authorities of the city shall have made actual appropriation of the same by entry use or improvement and owners and purchasers shall be deemed to have notice of the published plans maps and reports of the commission affecting such property within its jurisdiction

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—143.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Keister	Riebel
Ahers	Ebrhardt	Kelly, M. C.,	Robinson
Allen	Enbody	Kelsey,	Robison
Alter	Ewing	Kern	Roney
Baldwin, G.	Fay	Kinney	Row
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Klumpp,	Sassaman
Bartman	Flynn	Knight,	Savidge
Bass	Freeman	Lafferty	Schmidt
Bender	Frey	Larkins	Schofield
Bentley	Geary	Letzkus	Scott, J.
Billman	Gibson	Lindsay	Scott, S.
Bosher	Gilkeson	Lowe	Shadrach
Boyd	Good	Malie	Shaffer
Brehm	Gray	Martin	Shannon
Breitinger	Grove	Marvin	Sherwood
Brennan	Guyaux	McAleer	Shreve
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McClung	Snyder, A.
Campbell, J.	Healey	McInerney	Snyder, P.
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McJunkin	Steese
Carroll	Henry	McMullen	Stein
Clarency	Hess	McNichol	Swan
Cleary	Hibshman	Miller	Swartz
Clymer	Hobbs	Mills	Townsend
Connell		Moore	Ulerich
Conner, P.	Hoover	Morris	Von Tacky
Conner, W.	Hough	Moses	Wallace
Conrade	Howard	Neel	Walton
Cox, E.	Hunter J. N.,	Newbaker	Ward, W., Jr.
Cumbler	Irwin	Perry	Ward, W. B.
Curry	Jackson	Piper	Watts
Dallas	Johnson, C. V.,	Raesley	Whitman
Davis, A.	Johnson, D. D.,	Rath	Williams
Davis, W.	Johnston	Reel	Wilson
Dershem	Jones, E. E.,	Reno	Woodward
Donahoe	Keely,	Reyburn	Young
Dunn, H.	Keene,	Rhoads	Cox, J. Speaker

NAYS—1.

McGowan

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate, with information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. KEISTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time House Bill No. 802 (Senate No. 422), on page 13 of to-day's calendar, bills on final passage.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 802 (Senate No. 422), as follows:

An act providing for the preparation contents style printing and binding of the Legislative Journal and the preparation printing and binding of the Journals of the Senate and House of Representatives authorizing the appointment of official reporters typewriters clerks and other employes providing for the making of an appendix and index the printing of wrappers or envelopes for mailing the Legislative Journal and repealing all Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent herewith

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That on and after the thirtieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the Legislative Journal as authorized by the Act approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine shall be published through the Department of Public Printing and Binding either by special contract or included in the general contract for the State printing and binding which ever the Superintendent may deem expedient and in the event of a special contract the same shall be advertised and let at the same time and for the same number of years as the general contract for the State printing and binding. The maximum prices for the composition press work and all other work on said Legislative Journal not specially provided for by Act of Assembly shall be fixed by the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding

Section 2 The Legislative Journal shall be prepared under the direction of the chief clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives by the official reporters clerks and employes of each House authorized to supervise and prepare the same and shall contain the following matters namely motions resolutions simple and concurrent in full petitions remonstrances and memorials by brief reference debate in full and joint resolutions on first reading by title and second reading at length in the House in which said bill originates only unless amended and by title on third reading and final passage unless amended reports of Conference Committees in full in both Houses yeas and nays messages and communications from either House or the Governor including the biennial messages and inaugural addresses of the Governor in full annual communications of the several State departments by brief reference reports of committees on bills by title only bills introduced by title only executive nominations when confirmed at the same time and by the same vote with but one list of yeas and nays appended and generally what is actually said read or done under the limitations heretofore prescribed The reports of all special committees presented in either House shall be printed in an appendix unless authorized by resolution to be printed in same day's journal on which report is made The Legislative Journal shall include an appendix and contain an index to the Legislative Journal and appendix to be compiled under the direction of the Librarian of the Senate which shall be prepared as concisely as possible the said appendix and index to be part of the Legislative Journal and shall be printed in solid form as provided in section three of this act The number of appendices and indices to be printed shall be five hundred and fifty copies of each

Section 3 The Legislative Journal is to be printed on a good quality of white book-paper and to consist of not less than four pages to each number the pages to be the same size as the Legislative Journal for the session of one thousand nine hundred and eleven and to contain two columns The style of type and composition to be the same as used in the Congressional Record of the Sixtieth Congress The pages to be numbered consecutively from the first page The said Legislative Journal to be published daily whenever sufficient matter is on hand to fill not less than four pages but the Superintendent of

Public Printing and Binding may authorize the printing of the proceedings of the Senate and House of Representatives separately if he deems it expedient

Section 4 Six thousand five hundred and fifty copies of each number (except the appendix and index) of the Legislative Journal shall be printed and be delivered as follows Two hundred copies of each number to the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate three hundred and fifty copies of each number to the Sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Representatives one thousand eight hundred copies of each number to the superintendent of the folding-room of the Senate three thousand six hundred and fifty copies of each number to the superintendent of the folding room of the House of Representatives and five hundred and fifty copies of each number shall be retained by the State Printer for binding the same to be bound in half sheep and to be delivered when bound as follows namely one hundred sets to the Librarian of the Senate one set of which shall be sent to each Senator and principal officers including the official reporters two hundred and fifty sets to the Resident Clerk of the House of Representatives one set of which shall be sent to each member of the House of Representatives and principal officers including the official reporters and two hundred sets to the State Librarian. All the unbound numbers of the Legislative Journals delivered to the Senate and House of Representatives shall be folded wire-stitched trimmed and eyeleted ready for filing and mailing

Section 5 That all copy for said Legislative Journal is to be furnished to the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding daily in typewritten form where practicable by the clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives respectively whose duty it is to assist in the preparation of the same said copy to be prepared under the direction of the chief clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives and the proceedings of both Houses are to appear in the said Legislative Journal the day following the receipt of said copy from the chief clerk of either or chief clerks of both Houses by the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding whose duty it shall be to see that the same is printed as speedily as possible Any failure of the contractor or contractors to print and deliver the said Legislative Journal to the Sergeant-at-Arms and the superintendent of the pasting and folding-rooms of the two Houses before the opening of the Legislative session on the day following the receipt by him of the copy aforesaid shall unless otherwise ordered by the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding for reasonable cause subject said contractor or contractors to a fine of five hundred dollars for each and every day such failure occurs to be paid to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the use of said Commonwealth, and to be collected as other fines are now collectible by law

The Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding shall have all the copy of the Legislative Journal returned to the chief official reporter of the House from which received at the same time the respective numbers of the Legislative Journal printed therefrom are delivered and the same shall be kept on file in the offices of the official reporters of the respective Houses for a period of one year after the final adjournment of the Legislature

Section 6 The chief clerk of the Senate is hereby authorized to appoint at the beginning of each regular biennial session of the Senate and at such other times as may be necessary one clerk who shall assist in the preperation of the copy of the Legislative Journal two expert stenographers who shall be known as the official reporters of the Senate two expert typewriters one copy holder and one proof reader The chief clerk of the House of Representatives is hereby authorized to appoint at the beginning of each regular biennial session of the House of Representatives and at such other times as may be necessary one clerk who shall assist in the preparation of the copy of the Legislative Journal four expert stenographers who shall be known as the official reporters of the House of Representatives four expert typewriters one copy holder and one proof reader

The Chief Clerk of each House when found necessary to better facilitate the preparation of the copy and the printing of the Legislative Journal is hereby authorized to employ such additional help as may be required but not more than one additional official reporter typewriter clerk copy holder or proof reader shall be employed in either House The compensation of said additional officers shall be the same amount per diem for the time employed as is paid to the regular officers

One of the official reporters in each House shall be designated by the chief clerk of each House as chief official reporter and shall have full authority over the official reporters typewriters clerks copy holders and proof readers subject to the orders of the chief clerk of the respective Houses The official reporters shall take the proceedings of the respective Houses for the Legislative Journal and such other matter as may be required by the chief clerks of either House and the typewriters shall transcribe the same The compensation of each of said clerks shall be seven dollars per diem for every day of each regular biennial special or extraordinary session and until the proceedings thereof shall be fully transcribed and completed the chief official reporters shall each receive fifteen dollars per diem and the official reporters shall each receive twelve dollars per diem for every day of each regular biennial special or extraordinary session and until the proceedings thereof shall be fully transcribed and completed and the typewriters shall each receive six dollars per diem for every day of each regular biennial special or extraordinary session and until the proceedings thereof shall be fully transcribed and completed the proof readers shall each receive six dollars per diem and the copy holders four dollars per diem for every day of each regular biennial special or extraordinary session and until the appendix and index are completed Each of the above-named officers and employes shall return as such to the next regular biennial session of the Legislature following that for which they were appointed and those who are not reappointed or appointed or elected to some other office in the Legislature shall be allowed their regular per diem compensation until their successor are duly appointed and qualified Each of the above-named officers and employes shall be entitled to the same mileage for each regular biennial special or extraordinary session as is provided for the other officers of the General Assembly in section four of the Act approved April twelfth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five The Librarian of the Senate shall appoint a competent person or persons to index the Legislative Journal and for the payment of the same the sum of one thousand dollars shall be allowed. The Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding is hereby authorized to appoint at the beginning of each session of the Legislature a clerk (who shall be a competent printer) whose duty it shall be to supervise arrange and measure the composition of the Legislative Journal for which services he shall receive the sum of one hundred and twenty-five dollars per month until the Legislative Journal appendix and index have been completed

Section 7 The Librarian of the Senate and the Resident Clerk of the House of Representatives shall receive from the Senators and principal officers of the Senate and the members and principal officers of the House of Representatives respectively the names and post office addresses of the persons to whom the copies of the Legislative Journal are to be regularly transmitted and the Librarian of the Senate and the Resident Clerk of the House of Representatives shall transmit said names with post office addresses the name of the Senator member or officer sending the same to the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding who shall cause the same to be printed on wrappers or envelopes on such paper as may be designated by the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding under the contract existing or that may thereafter exist between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the contractor or contractors for the State printing and binding upon the same terms and rates as other State printing

Section 8 The separate publications heretofore known as the Journal of the Senate and Journal of the House of Representatives shall be prepared by the Journal Clerk of each House and the same number shall be printed bound and distributed for the session of one thousand nine hundred and eleven and all succeeding sessions provided by law prior to the act approved April twenty-third one thousand nine hundred and nine abolishing the same

Section 9 All Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed Provided however That nothing herein contained shall in any manner interfere with or abrogate the present contract for the printing and binding of the Legislative Journal and except as to time and manner of letting of future contracts this Act shall take effect upon its approval

And said bill having been read at length the third tim,e considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—151.

Abbott	Donnally	Kern,	Richards
Allman	Dunn, J.	Kinney	Riebel
Akers	Ehrhardt	Klingerman,	Robinson
Allen	Eichenberger	Knight,	Robison
Alter	Ewing	Lafferty,	Rockwell
Anderson	Fahey	Larkins,	Row
Baldwin, B.	Feeney	Letzkus	Rupley
Bartman	Ferguson	Light,	Sassaman
Bass	Flynn	Lindsay,	Savidge
Bender	Frey	Magee,	Schad
Benson	Gans	Mannion,	Schofield
Billman	Gibson	Martin,	Schultz
Blair	Gilkeson	Marvin,	Scott, J.
Bosher	Gransback	Matt,	Scott, S.
Boyd	Gray	McAleer,	Shadrach
Brehm	Grove	McClung,	Shannon
Breitinger	Haggerty	McInerney,	Sherwood
Brennan	Halferty	McJunkin,	Shreve,
Campbell, C.	Hecht	McKean,	Snavely
Campbell, W.	Henry	McMullen,	Snyder, A.
Carroll	Hess	Miller,	Speer,
Carter	Hibshman	Mills,	Swan
Clarency	Hilton	Moore,	Swartz
Cleary	Hoffman	Morris,	Tunis
Clymer	Hoover	Moses	Ulerich
Connell	Hormell	Moulthrop	Wallace
Conner, P.	Howard	Newhaker	Walnut
Conrade	Hunter, J. N.	North	Ward, W., Jr.
Cox, E.	Hunter, R. P.	Perry	Ward, W.
Cumbler	Jackson,	Piper	Watts
Currier	Johnson, C,	Pitchford	Whitman
Curry	Johnson, J.	Rath	Wilcox
Dale	Jones, E,	Reece	Williams
Dallas	Keely	Reel	Wilson
Davis, W.	Keene,	Reeser	Woodward
Dearden	Keister,	Reyburn	Young
Dershem	Kelly, M.	Rhoads	Cox, J.
Donahoe	Kelsey,		Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate, with information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Mr. M'CLUNG. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time House Bill No. 423 (Senate No. 25), on page 13 of today's calendar bills on final passage.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 423 (Senate No. 25), as follows:

An Act amending sections three eight and fourteen of An Act to provide for licensing and regulating employment agencies in cities of the first and second class in this Commonwealth and providing penalties for the violation thereof" approved the twenty-fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That section three of an Act entitled "An Act to provide for licensing and regulating employment agencies in cities of the first and second class in this Commonwealth and providing penalties for the violation thereof" approved the twenty-fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven which reads as follows

"Section 3 No person shall open operate maintain or conduct either temporarily or otherwise any employment agency or perform any of the acts authorized to be performed by an employment agency in any city of the first or second class without procuring a license from the director of public safety as provided herein The application for a license must be made in a form prescribed by the director of public safety and may be made at any time but every such license shall expire on the first day of October following its issue unless sooner surrendered or revoked Every applicant for a license shall furnish to the director of public safety at the time of making his application for a license a statement containing the full name of the applicant his place of residence and a description of the premises on which he desires to conduct an employment agency If the applicant is a corporation the application must specify also the names and addresses of the president treasurer and secretary thereof or other officers performing corresponding duties under different names and the director of public safety may in his discretion require the names and addresses of all the officers including the directors of any corporate applicant for a license If the applicant is a partnership or unincorporated association the names and addresses of all the members thereof must be specified in the application The application must be subscribed by the applicant or applicants therefor if natural persons and if a corporation in the corporate name by the president or chief officer thereof attested by the secretary or assistant secretary with the corporate seal attached Each application must state that the applicant or applicants is or are the person or persons who have the sole beneficial interest in the business established or to be established and must have attached thereto an affidavit that all the statements contained in the application are true The statements contained in said application for a license shall be received in evidence in all courts of this Commonwealth and shall be competent and sufficient prima facie evidence of all the facts stated therein and for each and every misstatement in said application a city magistrate justice of the peace or any inferior magistrate having original jurisdiction in criminal cases shall have summary jurisdiction and the right to impose for each such misstatement a fine of twenty-five (25) dollars. The application for a license shall be accompanied by the affidavit of two freeholders of the ward in which the agency is sought to be established that the applicant is a person of good moral character or if a corporation that the officers thereof and those under whose direction the business of the employment agency is to be carried on are persons of good moral character and the Director of Public Safety may also require any other statements to be made in the application which he may deem necessary A fee of fifty (50) dollars for the use of the city shall accompany each application for a license which fee shall be returned if the license is not granted Every application for a license must be filed not less than one week prior to the granting thereof and notice thereof shall be posted in the office of the Director of Public Safety from the date of filing until the date of final action thereon and a written protest may be made by any person against the granting of such license The Director of Public Safety shall either grant or reject said application for a license within thirty days from the time of the filing thereof" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 3 No person shall open operate maintain or conduct either temporarily or otherwise any employment agency or perform any of the acts authorized to be performed by an employment agency in any city of the first or second class without procuring a license from the director of public safety as provided herein The application for a license must be made in a form prescribed by the director of public safety and may be made at any time but every such license shall expire on the first day of October following its issue unless sooner surrendered or revoked Every applicant for a license shall furnish to the director of public safety at the time of making his application for a license a statement containing the full name of the applicant his place of residence and a description of the premises on which he desires to conduct an employment agency If the applicant is a corporation the application must specify also the names and addresses of the president treasurer and secretary thereof or other officers performing corresponding duties under different names and the director of public safety may in his discretion require the names and addresses of all the officers including the directors of any corporate applicant for a license If the applicant is a partnership or unincorporated association the names and addresses of all the members thereof must be specified in the application The application must be subscribed by the applicant or applicants therefor if natural persons and if a corporation in the corporate name by the president or chief officer thereof attested by the secretary or assistant secretary with the corporate seal attached Each application must state that the applicant or applicants is or are the person or persons who have the sole beneficial interest in the business established or to be established and must have attached thereto an affidavit that all the statements contained in the application are true The statements contained in said application for a license shall be received in evidence in all courts of this Commonwealth and shall be competent and sufficient prima facie evidence of all the facts stated therein and for each and every misstatement in said application a city magistrate justice of the peace or any inferior magistrate having original jurisdiction in criminal cases shall have summary jurisdiction and the right to impose for each such misstatement a fine of twenty-five (25) dollars. The application for a license shall be accompanied by the affidavit of two freeholders of the city in which the agency is sought to be established that the applicant is a person of good moral character or if a corporation that the officers thereof and those under whose direction the business of the employment agency is to be carried on are persons of good moral character and the Director of Public Safety may also require any other statements to be made in the application which he may deem necessary A fee of fifty (50) dollars for the use of the city shall accompany each application for a license which fee shall be returned if the license is not granted Every application for a license shall be filed not less than one week prior to the granting thereof and notice thereof shall be posted in the office of the Director of Public Safety from the date of filing until the date of final action thereon and a written protest may be made by any person against the granting of such license The Director of Public Safety shall either grant or reject said application for a license within thirty days from the time of the filing thereof

Section 2 That section eight of said act which reads as follows

"Section 8 The rate of fees which said licensed person intends to charge must be filed with the Director of Public Safety and a plain and legible duplicate signed by the Director of Public Safety shall be conspicuously posted in each room of such agency No such licensed person shall charge a fee in excess of the rates aforesaid or receive or accept any valuable thing or gift as a fee or pledge or in lieu thereof The fee charged applicants for help or employment shall be given for a period of one month and no additional or other fee shall be charged for any service rendered by such agency during this time except when the employment or engagement is of a temporary nature not to exceed in any single contract one month then the fee shall not exceed ten per centum of the salary paid Failure of said applicant for help to notify said licensed person that such help has been obtained through means other than said agency shall entitle said licensed person to retain the entire fee In case an applicant for help or employment shall not obtain such through said agency such licensed person shall on demand repay the full amount of the fee paid therefor allowing a time which the director may deem reasonable to determine the fact of the applicant's failure to obtain help or employment When however upon evidence satisfactory to the director of public safety it appears that said licensed person has in good faith made an honest attempt to procure help or employment for said applicant he will be entitled to retain of such fee paid an amount not exceeding fifty cents and in case of agencies exclusively engaged in procuring executive civil engineering clerical or sales positions for men only they will be entitled to retain of such fee paid an amount not exceeding two dollars and fifty cents It shall be the duty of such licensed person to give to every applicant for employment or help from whom a fee shall be received a receipt in which shall be stated the name and address of said applicant the date and amount of the fee the period for which the fee is good and the kind of employment or help for which it is paid No fee or other payment shall be accepted by any such licensed person for any other purpose except as herein provided and no such licensed person shall divide fees with or pay commissions to persons to whom applicants are sent for employment Every such licensed person shall post in a conspicuous place in each room of his agency a plain and legible copy of this act which shall be printed in languages which persons commonly doing business with such agency can understand and upon which appears the name and address of the office of the director of public safety and advising that any misconduct on the part of any one connected with such agency should be reported to him be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

Section 8 The rate of fees which said licensed person intends to charge must be filed with the Director of Public Safety and a plain and legible duplicate signed by the Director of Public Safety shall be conspicuously posted in each room of such agency No such licensed person shall charge a fee in excess of the rates aforesaid or receive or accept any valuable thing or gift as a fee or pledge or in lieu thereof The fee charged applicants for help or employment shall be valid for a period not to exceed one month and no additional or other fee shall be charged for any service rendered by such agency during this time except when the employment or engagement is of a temporary nature not to exceed in any single contract one month then the fee shall not exceed ten per centum of the salary paid In case an applicant for help or employment shall not obtain such through said agency such licensed person shall on demand repay the full amount of the fee paid therefor allowing a time which the director or his deputy or inspector may deem reasonable to determine the fact of the applicant's failure to obtain help or employment When however upon

evidence satisfactory to the director of public safety or his deputy or inspector it appears that said licensed person has in good faith made an honest attempt to procure help or employment for said applicant although in fact the applicant did not secure employment through such agency he will be entitled to retain of such fee paid an amount not exceeding fifty cents It shall be the duty of such licensed person to give to every applicant for employment or help from whom a fee shall be received a receipt in which shall be stated the name and address of said applicant the date and amount of the fee the period for which the fee is good and the kind of employment or help for which it is paid No fee or other payment shall be accepted by any such licensed person for any other purpose except as herein provided and no such licensed person shall divide fees with or pay commissions to persons to whom applicants are sent for employment Every such licensed person shall post in a conspicuous place in each room of his agency a plain and legible copy of this act which shall be printed in languages which persons commonly doing business with such agency can understand and upon which appears the name and address of the office of the director of public safety and advising that any misconduct on the part of any one connected with such agency should be reported to him

Section 3 That section fourteen of said act which reads as follows

"Section 14 The provisions of this Act shall not apply to agencies which procure employment for school teachers exclusively nor to registries of any incorporated association of nurses nor to bureaus conducted by recognized medical institutions nor to agencies exclusively engaged in procuring executive technical clerical or sales positions for men only nor to departments or bureaus maintained by persons firms or corporations or associations for the purpose of obtaining help for themselves where no fee is charged the applicant for employment" shall be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 14 The provisions of this act shall not apply to agencies which procure employment for school teachers exclusively nor to registries of any incorporated association of nurses nor to departments or bureaus maintained by persons firms or corporations or associations for the purpose of obtaining help for themselves where no fee is charged the applicant for employment.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—154.

Abbott	Ewing	Kelly, M. C.,	Rhoads
Ailman	Fahey	Kelsey,	Richards
Allen	Feeney	Kern	Rider
Alter	Ferguson	**Kinney**	Riebel
Baldwin, G.	Flynn	Klumpp	Robinson
Baldwin, R.	Freeman	Knight	Robison
Bartman	Frey	Kuhns	Roney
Bass	Gans	Lafferty	Row
Bender	Gibson	Larkins	Sassaman
Bentley	Gilkeson	Letzkus	Savidge
Blair	Good	Light	Schmidt
Bosher	Gransback	Lowe	Schofield
Boyd	Gray	Malie	Scott, J.
Breitinger	Graybill	Mannion	Scott, S.
Brennan	Guyaux	Marvin	Shaffer
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	Matt	Shannon
Campbell, J.	Healey	McAleer	Sherwood
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McClung	Shoemaker
Carter	Henry	McGowan	Shreve
Cleary	Herman	McInerney	Snyder, A.
Clymer	Hibshman	McJunkin	Snyder, P.
Cole	Hobbs	McKean	Steese
Conner, P.	Hoffman	McMullen	Stein
Conner, W.	Hoover	McNichol	Swartz
Conrade	Hormell	Mills	Townsend
Cox, E.	Hough	Moore	Tunis
Cumbler	Howard	Morris	Von Tacky
Currier	Hunter J. N.,	Moses	Wallace
Dale	Hunter, R. P.,	Moulthrop	Walton
Dallas	Irwin	Neel	Ward, W., Jr.
Davis, W.	Jackson	Newbaker	Ward, W. B.
Dearden	Johnson, C. V.,	Perry	Watts
Dershem	Johnson, D. D.,	Phillips	Whitman
Detzel	Johnston	Pitchford	Williams
Donahoe	Jones, E. E.,	Raesley	Wilson
Donnally	Jones, J. R.,	Rebert	Woodward
Dunn, J.	Keene,	Reece	Young
Ehrhardt	Keister	Reeser	Cox, J.
Eichenberger		Reno	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate, with information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Mr. ALTER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time House Bill No. 627 (Senate No. 100), on page 12 of to-day's calendar, Senate bills on third reading postponed for the present.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 627 (Senate No. 100), entitled:

An act providing for the appointment by the district attorney in counties having a population of over a million and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants of a chief county detective an assistant county detective and special county detective defining their duties fixing their salaries and authorizing the payment of the same together with necessary traveling expenses by the county

The question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

The SPEAKER. The nays appear to have it.

Mr. ALTER. Mr. Speaker, I call for a division, but before the division is taken I would like to say that the officers provided for in this bill are to be paid by the county. This bill applies only to the county of Allegheny. It involves no expense to any other part of the State. The Allegheny county delegation has caucused upon this bill and believes that the interests of our county require them

Mr. S. B. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Alter, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. ALTER. I will.

Mr. S. B. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the gentleman if the interests to be subserved by the passage of this bill are actual or political.

Mr. ALTER. Actual. I would not be here advocating a political bill.

The SPEAKER. A division having been called for and 79 gentlemen having voted in the affirmative and 39 in the negative the question is determined in the affirmative and the bill is agreed to on third reading.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—63.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelsey,	Reece
Ailman	Fay	Kern	Reno
Alter	Ferguson	Klumpp	Richards
Bossert	Gilkeson	Larkins	Rider
Breitinger	Gray	Light	Robinson
Campbell, C.	Hecht	Lowe	Sassaman
Carroll	Henry	Malie	Schad
Carter	Hilton	Marvin	Schofield
Cleary	Hand	Matt	Shreve
Clymer	Hoover	McClung	Snyder, P.
Conner, W.	Hormell	McJunkin	Steese
Conrade	Hough	McMullen	Stein
Dallas	Hunter, R. P.,	Moulthrop	Swartz
Dershem	Irwin	North	Townsend
Detzel	Jones, E. E.,	Perry	Williams
Donnally	Keister	Raesley	Woodward

NAYS—68.

Baldwin, G.	**Gibson**	**Miller**	**Shadrach**
Bender	Graybill	Mills	Shannon
Bentley	Haggerty	Moore	Sherwood
Blair	Halferty	Morris	Snavely
Boyd	Healey	Moses	Swan
Brehm	Hobbs	Newbaker	Ulerich
Brennan	Jackson	Phillips	Von Tacky
Campbell, J.	Johnson, C. V.,	Piper	Walnut
Cox, E.	Jones, J. R.,	Rath	Walton
Davis, A.	Keene,	Reel	Ward, W., Jr.
Davis, W.	Kelly, M. C.,	Rhoads	Ward, W. B.
Donahoe	Kinney	**Rockwell**	Watts
Dunn, H.	Knight	Row	Welch
Eichenberger	Mannion	Rumsey	Whitman
Ewing	**McArdle**	**Schmidt**	**Wilcox**
Flynn	McInerney,	Scott, J.	Wilson
Frey	McKean	Scott, S.	Young

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

MOTION TO RECONSIDER VOTE.

Mr. BENSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 759 (Senate No. 484), on page 10 of yesterday's calendar, was defeated on final passage be reconsidered.

Mr. HILTON. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was not agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1248 (Senate No. 478), entitled:

An act to authorize the appointment by county commissioners of one assessor in each legislative district and three assessors from the county at large in counties having not less than two hundred thousand nor more than three hundred twenty-five thousand inhabitants prescribing their powers duties and procedure and fixing salaries thereof

On the question.

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. EHRHARDT. Mr. Speaker, I move that the further consideration of this bill be postponed for the present.

Mr. HOBBS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1252 (Senate No. 627), entitled:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to authorize the appointment of short hand clerks for the courts of Allegheny county" approved the twelfth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—128.

Abbott	Flynn	Light,	Sassaman
Akers	Gans	Lindsay,	Savidge
Allen	Geary	Magee,	Schad
Baldwin, G.	Gibson	Malie,	Schmidt
Baldwin, R.	Gilkeson	McAleer,	Schofield
Bartman	Good	McArdle,	Schultz
Bender	Gray	McClung	Scott, S.
Bentley	Grove	McInerney,	Shadrach
Bosher	Haggerty	McJunkin,	Sherwood
Brehm	Halferty	McMullen,	Shreve
Campbell, C.	Hecht	McNichol,	Snyder, A.
Carter	Henry	Miller,	Snyder, P.
Clarency	Herman	Moore,	Speer,
Cleary	Hess	Morris,	Stein,
Clymer	Hibshman	Moses	Swan
Connell	Hobbs	Neel	Swartz
Conner, P.	Hoffman	North	Townsend
Conner, W.	Holland	Perry	Tunis
Conrade	Hoover	Phillips	Ulerich
Cox, E.	Hormell	Piper	Von Tacky
Curry	Hough	Pitchford	Wallace
Dale	Jackson	Rath	Walnut
Davis, A.	Johnson, C.	Reel	Ward, W., Jr.
Dearden	Jones, E.	Reeser	Ward, W. B.
Dershem	Keely,	Reno	Watts
Dunn, J.	Keene	Rhoads	Welch
Ehrhardt	Keister	Richards	Wilcox
Eichenberger	Kelly, M.	Riebel	Wilson
Ewing	Kelsey,	Robinson	Woodward
Fahey	Klumpp,	Robison	Young
Fay	Kuhns,	Roney	Cox, J.
Ferguson	Letzkus	Row	Speaker

NAYS—23.

Ailman	Campbell, J.	Healey	Marvin,
Alter	Carroll	Hunter, R. P.	McGowan,
Benson	Cole	Irwin	Moulthrop
Blair	Dallas	Kern,	Newbaker
Bossert	Davis, W.	Kinney	Reece
Boyd	Donnally	Knight,	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. STEESE. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time House Bill No. 593 (Senate No. 277), on page 13 of to-day's calendar, Senate bills on final passage.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 593 (Senate No. 277), entitled:

An act validating certain elections of counties cities boroughs townships school districts and other incorporated districts held pursuant to the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof" and the amendments thereto and validating bonds issued in pursuance of such elections

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—134.

Ailman	Ferguson	Letzkus	Roney
Akers	Freeman	Lindsay	Row
Allen	Gans	Magee	Sassaman
Anderson	Gibson	Martin	Savidge
Baldwin, G.	Gilkeson	Marvin	Schad
Baldwin, R.	Good	McAleer	Schmidt
Bartman	Gray	McArdle	Schofield
Bender	Graybill	McClung	Schultz
Bentley	Guyaux	McInerney	Scott, J.
Bosher	Haggerty	McJunkin	Scott, S.
Boyd	Halferty	McMullen	Shadrach
Breitinger	Hecht	McNichol	Sherwood
Brennan	Henry	Miller	Shreve
Campbell, J.	Hess	Mills	Snyder, P.
Campbell, W.	Hibshman	Moore	Speer
Carter	Hobbs	Morris	Stein
Clarency	Holland	Moses	Swan
Cleary	Hoover	Moulthrop	Swartz
Clymer	Hormell	Neel	Townsend
Connell	Howard	North	Tunis
Conner, P.	Hunter, R.	Perry	Ulerich
Conner, W.	Jackson	Piper	Wallace
Cox, E.	Johnson, C.	Pitchford	Walton
Crum	Johnson, D.	Rath	Ward, W.
Currier	Jones, E. E.	Reel	
Curry	Keely	Reeser	Welch
Dale	Keene	Reno	Whitman
Dearden	Keister	Rhoads	Wilcox
Dunn, H.	Kelsey,	Richards	Williams
Dunn, J.	Kinney	Riebel	Wilson
Eichenberger	Klingerman	Robinson	Woodward
Ewing	Klumpp	Robison	Young
Fahey	Kuhns,	Rockwell	Cox, John F.
Feeney	Larkins		Speaker

NAYS—8.

Bossert	Dershem	Flynn	Shaffer
Davis, W.	Detzel	Jones, J.	Shannon

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1254 (Senate No. 579), entitled:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class" approved the twenty-eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine providing for advertisement by the county commissioners of population and of the intention to proclaim townships of the first class and prescribing certain conditions under which townships of the required population for townships of the first class shall retain or resume the governmental form powers and officers of townships of the second class

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—154.

Abbott	Eichenberger	Kelly, M. C.,	Richards
Ailman	Ewing	Kelsey,	Rider
Akers	Fahey	Kern	Riebel
Allen	Fay	Klingerman	Robinson
Alter	Ferguson	Klumpp	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Flynn	Knight	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Frey	Larkins	Roney
Bartman	Gans	Light	Rumsey
Bender	Geary	Lindsay	Sassaman
Benson	Gibson	Lowe	Savidge
Bentley	Gilkeson	Magee	Schmidt
Blair	Good	Malie	Scott, J.
Bosher	Gransback	Martin	Shadrach
Boyd	Gray	Marvin	Shannon
Brehm	Graybill	Matt	Sherwood
Breitinger	Grove	McAleer	Shoemaker
Caldwell	Guyaux	McArdle	Shreve
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McGowan	Snyder, A.
Campbell, W.	Healey	McInerney	Snyder, P.
Carroll	Hecht	McKean	Speer
Carter	Henry	McMullen	Stein
Clarency	Hess	McNichol	Swan
Cleary	Hibshman	Miller	Swartz
Clymer	Hobbs	Moore	Townsend
Cole	Hoffman	Morris	Tunis
Connell	Holland	Moses	Ulerich
Conrade	Hoover	Moulthrop	Von Tacky

Crum	Hormell	Neel	Wallace
Cumbler	Hough	North	Walnut
Currier	Howard	Perry	Walton
Curry	Hunter, R. P.,	Piper	Ward, W., Jr.
Davis, A.	Johnson, C. V.,	Pitchford	Ward, W. B.
Davis, W.	Johnson, D. D.,	Rath	Welch
Dearden	Johnston	Reebert	Wilcox
Dershem	Jones, E. E.,	Reece	Wilson
Donnally	Jones, J. R.,	Reel	Woodward
Dunn, H.	Keene,	Reeser	Young
Dunn, J.	Keister	Reno	Cox, J.
Ehrhardt	Kelley, J.,	Rhoads	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1256 (Senate No. 619), entitled:

An act to quiet the title to real estate and to enable citizens of the United States and corporations authorized to hold real estate within the Commonwealth to hold and convey title to real estate which has been formerly held by or for corporations not authorized by law to hold the same

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Consitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows: viz.:

YEAS—154.

Abbott	Dearden	Johnston,	Riebel
Ailman	Detzel	Jones, E,	Robinson
Akers	Donahoe	Jones, J,	Robison
Allen	Donnally	Keister,	Rockwell
Alter	Dunn, H.	Kelley, J.	Roney
Anderson	Dunn, J.	Kelsey,	Row
Baldwin, G.	Ehrhardt	Klingerman,	Rumsey
Baldwin, R.	Eichenberger	Knight,	Sassaman
Bartman	Ewing	Lafferty,	Savidge
Bass	Fahey	Larkins,	Schad
Benson	Feeney	Light,	Schmidt
Bentley	Ferguson	Lindsay,	Schofield
Billman	Fitzgerald	Lowe,	Scott, J.
Blair	Flynn	Magee,	Shadrach
Bosher	Freeman	Malie	Shannon
Boyd	Gans	Mannion,	Sherwood
Brehm	Geary	Martin,	Shoemaker
Brennan	Gilkeson	Matt,	Snyder, A.
Caldwell	Good	McAleer,	Snyder, P.
Campbell, C.	Gransback	McClung,	Steese
Carroll	Gray	McInerney,	Swan
Carter	Grove	McMullen,	Swartz
Clarency	Guyaux	Miller,	Townsend
Cleary	Halferty	Moore,	Tunis
Clymer	Healey	Moses	Ulerich
Cole	Henry	Moulthrop	Von Tacky
Connell	Hess	Neel	Wallace
Conner, P.	Hibshman	North	Walnut
Conner, W.	Hobbs	Perry	Walton
Conrade	Hoffman	Piper	Ward, W., Jr.
Cox, E.	Hoover	Pitchford	Ward, W. B.
Crum	Hormell	Ralsley	Watts
Cumbler	Hough	Reel	Whitman
Currier	Hunter, J. N.	Reeser	Wilcox
Curry	Hunter, R. P.	Reno	Wilson
Dale	Irwin	Rhoads	Woodward
Dallas	Jackson,	Richards	Young
Davis, A.	Johnson, C.	Rider	Cox, J.
Davis, W.	Johnson, D.		Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1257 (Senate No. 640), entitled:

An act relating to receipts or certificates issued by the owners of bonded distillery warehouses special bonded warehouses and bonded warehouses established under the provisions of the revised statutes of the United States relating to distilleries providing that such receipts or certificate shall be in all respects valid warehouse receipts or certificates and providing for the payment of taxes storage and other charges or liens due theron to the United States government

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constiution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—118.

Abbott	Donahoe	Hough	North
Allen	Donnally	Howard	Perry
Alter	Dunn, H.	Hunter, J. N.	Rath
Anderson	Dunn, J.	Hunter, R. P.	Reeser
Baldwin, R.	Ehrhardt	Jackson,	Reno
Bartman	Eichenberger	Johnson, C.	Richards
Bass	Fahey	Johnson, D.	Riebel
Bentley	Fay	Johnston,	Robinson
Bosher	Feeney	Keene,	Robison
Brehm	Fitzgerald	Keister,	Roney
Breitinger	Frey	Kelsey,	Row
Campbell, C.	Geary	Klingerman,	Sassaman
Campbell, W.	Gibson	Klumpp,	Schad
Carroll	Gilkeson	Knight,	Schmidt
Carter	Good	Kuhns,	Schofield
Clarency	Gransback	Larkins,	Shadrach
Cleary	Gray	Lindsay,	Sherwood
Clymer	Graybill	Lowe,	Shoemaker
Cole	Grove	Magee,	Speer,
Connell	Haggerty	Malie,	Stein,
Conner, P.	Halferty	Mannion,	Swartz
Conner, W.	Healey	Marvin,	Wallace
Conrade	Hecht	McArdle,	Ward, W., Jr.
Cox, E.	Herman	McGowan,	Ward, W. B.
Crum	Hess	McInerney,	Whitman
Cumbler	Hibshman	Miller,	Williams
Curry	Hobbs	Moore,	Woodward
Dale	Hoffman	Neel	Young
Dallas	Hoover	Newbaker	Cox, J.
Dearden	Hormell		Speaker

NAYS—24.

Ailman	Dershem	McJunkin,	Shannon
Baldwin, G.	Irwin	McKean,	Snyder, P.
Benson	Kelly, M.	Moses	Swan
Bossert	Kern	Reece	Ulerich
Boyd	Matt,	Rider	Von Tacky
Davis, W.	McAleer,	Shaffer	

The majority required by the Constiution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1258 (Senate No. 652), entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic to be called the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic and making an appropriation therefor" approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and three authorizing the board of trustees to enter into agreements respecting highways railways railroads and other means of travel within the lands of the said institution

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was not agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1259 (Senate No. 641), entitled:

An act to provide for the incorporation and government of motor omnibus companies for the purpose of carrying passengers for hire within the cities of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constiution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—154.

Abbott	Dunn, H.	Keister,	Rhoads
Ailman	Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.	Richards
Akers	Ehrhardt	Kelsey,	Rider
Allen	Eichenberger	Kern,	Riebel
Alter		Klingerman,	Robinson
Baldwin, R.	Fahey	Klumpp,	Robison
Bartman	Fay	Lafferty,	Row
Bass	Feeney	Larkins,	Sassaman
Bender	Ferguson	Light,	Savidge
Bentley	Freeman	Lowe,	Schad
Billman	Frey	Magee	Schofield
Blair	Gans	Malie,	Scott, J.
Bosher	Gibson	Martin,	Scott, S.
Boyd	Gilkeson	Marvin,	Shaffer
Brehm	Good	Matt,	Shannon
Breitinger	Gransback,	McArdle,	Shoemaker
Brennan	Gray	McClung,	Shreve
Campbell, C.	Graybill	McGowan,	Snyder, A.
Campbell, J.	Guyaux	McInerney,	Snyder, P.
Campbell, W.	Haggerty	McJunkin,	Stein,
Carroll	Halferty	McMullen,	Swan

Carter	Healey	McNichol,	Swartz
Clarency	Hecht	Miller,	Townsend
Cleary	Henry	Moore,	Tunis
Clymer	Hess	Morris,	Ulerich
Connell	Hobbs	Moses	Von Tacky
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Moulthrop	Wallace
Conner, W.	Holland	Neel	Walnut
Conrade	Hoover	North	Walton
Cox, E.	Hormell	Perry	Ward, W., Jr.
Cumbler	Hough	Phillips	Ward, W. B.
Currier	Howard	Piper	Watts
Curry	Hunter, R. P.	Pitchford	Whitman
Dallas	Irwin	Rath	Wilcox
Davis, A.	Jackson,	Reece	Wilson
Davis, W.	Johnston,	Reel	Woodward
Dearden	Jones, E,	Reeser	Young
Detzel	Keene,	Reno	Cox, J.
Donnally			Speaker

NAYS—5.

Baldwin, G.	McAleer,	Roney	Welch
Benson			

The majority required by the Constiution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time House Bill No. 918, on page one of to-day's calendar, appropriation bill on final passage postponed for the present, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the American Art Society of Philadelphia for the purpose of encouraging American art

The question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. S. B. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, the conditions have not changed in the slighest since this bill failed the other day. The society is just as unworthy as it was then and the State needs the money just as much. I hope that this bill will fail.

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, The sponsor of this bill, Mr. Shern, who is the leader of the Philadelphia delegation, as you know, is sick and probably will not come back this session. This is a measure he introduced personally and he is personally interested in the officers of this association. I am here as his messenger asking that this appropriation, which has been appropriated for this society for many years, will meet approval here to-night. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, the only complaint that was offered by the gentleman from Germantown was that this society was not worth this appropriation. I have made it my business to make a personal investigation with the gentlemen who are connected with this society, and what I informed the House a few days ago that this opposition was principally by a rival society, is conclusive from the information that I have at hand. There is one very strong element that seems to indicate that this is a very worthy institution. That is the fact that for years this appropriation has been given to the American Art Society. The Chairman of the Appropriation Committee, the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Woodward, in whom this House has placed its highest confidence, so high that we vote for the appropriation bills that come from his committee and sanctioned by him as chairman without much investigation upon our part, has taken the responsibility and with his own voice has submitted this bill is a proper bill, is a proper appropriation. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House we are not going to fly in the face of that Chairman, fly in the face of the appropriation committee and vote down this appropriation bill of all the vast thousands of dollars, millions of dollars that we have appropriated this session by appropriation bills and the general appropriation bill. I hope we have no greater protest than that given by Mr. S. B. Scott, of Philadelphia, and I hope that you men will waive the opposition against this bill with the integrity of the chairman of the Appropriation Committee and the voice of one in whom we all have confidence, in the voice of the sponsor of this bill, the Hon. Daniel J. Shern.

Mr. S. B. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I am, of course, deeply sympathetic with our colleague who is ill. That, however, cannot make any difference in the merit of this appropriation. If my colleague who has just spoken knows anything worthy of this institution, let him say so. He says this is a worthy association, and I say that it is a private snap. The House can take their choice and say which they prefer to think it is. The fact that the appropriation committee has passed upon this bill should not be taken as final in view of the fact that the Appropriations Committee is burdened with the appropriations of almost one hundred million dollars, and they occasionally might make a mistake, without any reflection upon them, and when this House has other and better information than they have, the House should be absolutely and perfectly free to act on that information. And I think it a very wise thing when we have the opportunity of calling a halt on the Appropriation Committee, because the idea of this House taking absolutely the word of the Appropriation Committee in this matter of appropriating money is uncalled for. I say it is a wise thing to call a halt some time and I hope the House will bear me out in that and occasionally show the committee that its judgment is not absolutely final.

Mr. WOODWARD. Mr. Speaker, I think this appropriation is a proper one, and I ask the members of this House to vote with the Appropriation Committee in this instance. We visited this institution, and we felt that it was one among the many worthy ones in the State that should receive an appropriation, and we decided to recommend two thousand dollars less than the institution got two years ago, feeling that there would be no objection to that. We understood that there would be some objection, and we felt that if we would make some reduction perhaps that would satisfy them. I ask the members of the House to stand by the committee.

Mr. S. B. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Woodward, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. WOODWARD. I will.

Mr. S. B. SCOTT. Did you personally or through some member of the committee visit this institution.

Mr. WOODWARD. I did not visit it personally, but I have confidence in the sub-committee that did visit the institution. I have confidence in the people that recommended this appropriation, and I think it is entirely just and proper.

Mr. S. B. SCOTT. Who composed the sub-committee?

Mr. WOODWARD. I cannot recall it at this time. There are over 600 appropriation bills in the hands of the committee and I cannot recall the names of the men on the different sub-committees.

Mr. S. B. SCOTT. I challenge anybody in this House to even tell me where this institution is and what it does.

Mr. V. G. ROBINSON. Mr. Speaker, before voting on this bill I would be glad to know from my friend from Philadelphia whether he is yet prepared to answer the question that was addressed to him when this bill was before the House before, to wit: The explantion relative to the $600 salary that is paid to one of the principal beneficiaries in this institution. I would be glad to know why, if this is a worthy institution, why one so deeply interested charges a salary for his services.

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, It seems to me that whoever gets a salary must earn it.

The question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—110.

Abbott	Donnally	Keely,	Riebel
Akers	Dunn, J.	Keene,	Robison
Allen	Ehrhardt	Keister,	Roney
Alter	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Row
Anderson	Ewing	Klingerman,	Sassaman
Baldwin, R.	Fahey	Klumpp,	Savidge
Bass	Fay	Lindsay,	Schad
Bender	Flynn	Magee,	Schmidt
Bentley	Frey	Marvin,	Schofield
Blair	Gans	McArdle,	Scott, J.
Bosher	Geary	McClung,	Shannon
Brehm	Gibson	McInerney,	Sherwood
Breitinger	Good	McMullen,	Shreve
Campbell, C.	Gransback	McNichol,	Speer
Carroll	Guyaux	Miller,	Steese
Carter	Haggerty	Moore,	Stein,
Connell	Healey	Morris,	Swan
Conner, P.	Hecht	Moses	Townsend
Conner, W.	Hibshman	Neel	Tunis
Conrade	Hoover	Newbaker	Walton
Cox, E.	Hormell	North	Ward, W., Jr.
Cumbler	Hough	Perry	Ward, W. B.
Currier	Hunter, R. P.	Pitchford	Welch
Curry	Irwin	Raesley	Whitman

Dale	Jackson,	Rath	Williams
Davis, A.	Johnson, C,	Reno	Woodward
Detzel	Johnson, D.	Rhoads	Young
Donahoe	Johnston,	Richards	Cox, J.
			Speaker

NAYS—32.

Allman	Dallas	Kelly, M.	Reece
Baldwin, G.	Davis, W.	Kern,	Reel
Benson	Dearden	Knight,	Rider
Bossert	Gerhem	Kuhns,	Robinson
Boyd	Gray	Matt,	Rumsey
Brennan	Herman	McAleer,	Scott, S.
Campbell, J.	Hobbs	McJunkin,	Walnut
Campbell, W.	Jones, J,	Piper	Watts

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time Senate Bill No. 354, on page 14 of to-day's calendar, bills on final passage postponed for the present.

Agreeably to order.

The House resumed the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 577 (Senate No. 354), entitled:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania

The question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I desire to call your attention to the bill that is now before the House for consideration, Senate Bill 354. It is a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution, permitting, particularly the City of Pittsburgh, to borrow in excess of seven per cent. of the assessed valuation, for the construction of municipal improvements. It is a joint resolution providing for the same rights that were given to the city of Phildelphia. This is a joint resolution allowing the bonded indebtedness to go over the seven per cent. limit and not exceeding ten per cent., for improvements that are self-supporting, and which in the course of five years will take care of themselves.

Mr. V. GILPIN ROBINSON. Mr. Speaker, if the gentleman from Allegheny would confine this bill to his own county there would be no objection. When the bill for Philadelphia was before the House it succeeded in passing simply and solely for the reason that it was limited to cities of the first class. Now what good reason can be urged that the temptation shall be held out to any municipality in this State to increse its indebtedness for the purpose of public improvements, and why shall we make a break in the provisions of the Constitution of 1874, which limits the indebtedness to 21 per cent. of the assessed valuation of the property. As I understand the terms of this resolution, it has in it the same vicious features as did the Philadelphia resolution, permitting the people by a vote to increase the indebtedness to the amount of 30 per cent. of the assessed valuation of the property. Is it wise to make a break in the direction of permitting an increase in the indebtedness beyond the 21 per cent., that is, seven per cent. for county, seven per cent. for city, and seven per cent. for the school district.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, in reply to my friend from Delaware, I desire to call attention to the fact that the gentleman from Delaware evidently misunderstands the motive of this proposed amendment. This proposed amendment says that the bonded indebtedness shall stand at seven per cent., but when a city or any municipality of this state, after the issuance of these bonds within the seven per cent., the indebtedness can be increased for the purposes of improvement if said idebtedness shall have been assented to by three-fifths of the electors. This is particularly necessary in the western part of the State, and I hope you gentlemen will vote for it.

Mr. V. G. ROBINSON. Mr. Speaker, I would call the attention of this House to page two of the bill in lines 31, 32, 33, 34, 35 and 36, which reads as follows:

"Any of the said municipalities or counties may incur indebtedness in excess of seven per centum and not exceeding ten per centum of the assessed valuation of the taxable property therein if said increase of indebtedness shall have been assented to by three-fifths of the electors voting at a public election in such manner as shall be provided by law."

I would ask the gentleman whether that is not unconstitutional, to permit municipalities or counties of the State beyond 30 per cent., even though it is assented to by three-fifths of the electors, and whether that has anything to do whatever with the other provisions of the amendment.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I wish to state that my friend has read very accurately and correctly and what he has read is simply an additional argument in favor of the passage of this amendment, because it is an additional precaution, that is, after the assessment has been made, to issue the bond it requires three-fifths of the voters.

Mr. V. G. ROBINSON. Mr. Speaker, I do not read it that way, and I submit it to any lawyer in the House if it does not give unlimited power to any municipality or county to incur indebtedness in excess of seven per cent. with the assent of three-fifths of the voters. I respectfully submit that it is a dangerous interference with the Constitution of 1874, which prohibits the indebtedness to be more than 21 per cent., based on the assessed valuation.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I respectfully direct the gentleman's attention to lines 14, 15, 16, and 17 on page one, and also 18 to 23 on page two, if the gentleman will read those lines he will find a full and complete answer to his question.

The question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—119.

Abbott	Dunn, H.	Hunter, R. P.	Rath
Allman	Dunn, J.	Jackson,	Reno
Akers	Ehrhardt	Johnson, C,	Rhoads
Allen	Eichenberger	Johnston,	Richards
Alter	Ewing	Keene,	Riebel
Anderson	Fahey	Keister,	Robison
Baldwin, R.	Fay	Kelsey,	Roney
Bartman	Ferguson	Kern,	Row
Bass	Frey	Klingerman,	Sassaman
Bentley	Gans	Klumpp,	Savidge
Bosher	Geary	Knight,	Schad
Brehm	Gibson	Lafferty,	Schmidt
Breitinger	Gilkeson	Larkins,	Scott, J.
Brennan	Good	Magee,	Scott, S.
Campbell, C.	Gransback	Marvin,	Sherwood
Carter	Gray	McArdle,	Stein,
Clarency	Graybill	McClung,	Swan
Cleary	Grove	McInerney,	Townsend
Clymer	Guyaux	McJunkin,	Tunis
Cole	Haggerty	McKean,	Von Tacky
Connell	Hafferty	McNichol,	Walnut
Conner, P.	Hecht	Miller,	Walton
Conner, W.	Hess	Moore,	Ward, W., Jr.
Conrade	Hibshman	Morris	Ward, W. B.
Cox, E.	Hilton	Moulthrop	Welch
Cumbler	Holland	Neel	Whitman
Curry	Hoover	Newbaker	Williams
Dale	Hormell	North	Woodward
Davis, A.	Hough	Perry	Young
Detzel	Howard	Pitchford	Cox, J.
			Speaker

NAYS—16.

Baldwin, G.	Jones, E,	Moses	Rockwell
Dallas	Jones, J,	Reece	Snyder, A.
Davis, W.	Kelly, M.	Rider	Snyder, P.
Dershem	Matt,		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1267 (Senate No. 633), entitled:

An act regulating the use of moving picture machines and the construction and use of booths therefor in cities of the third class in boroughs and in townships in this Commonwealth and providing penalties for violations thereof

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. ALLEN. Mr. Speaker, this is an exact copy of a number of the bills that went down to defeat in the House early in the session. It is one of the moving picture bills and this bill should be defeated on third reading.

Mr. WM. WARD Jr. Mr. Speaker, this bill would work a very great hardship in many of the boroughs and cities. There is no merit in this bill and it should be defeated.

The question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was not agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1269 (Senate No. 606), entitled:

An act authorizing the granting of right-of-way over the forestry reserves in this Commonwealth for telegraph and telephone companies and for the transportation and marketing of timber bark gas oil and minerals from adjacent lands and authorizing the Forestry Commission to make such conditions regulations and restrictions as may be necessary for the protection of the interests of the Commonwealth and providing for the payment for said right-of-way

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows viz:

YEAS—138.

Abbott	Donahoe	Jackson	North
Ailman	Donnally	Johnson, C. V.	Perry
Akers	Dunn, H.	Johnson, D.	Rath
Allen	Dunn, J.	Johnston	Reel
Alter	Ehrhardt	Jones, E.	Rhoads
Anderson	Eichenberger	Jones, J.	Richards
Baldwin, R	Ewing	Keene	Riebel
Bartman	Fahey	Keister	Robison
Bass	Fay	Kelley, J	Row
Bender	Flynn	Kelsey	Sassaman
Bentley	Frey	Kern	Schad
Blair	Gans	Klingerman	Schmidt,
Bosher	Geary	Klumpp	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gibson	Knight	Scott, S.
Brehm	Gilkeson	Lafferty	Shadrach
Breitinger	Good	Larkins	Sherwood
Brennan	Gransback	Leh	Shreve
Campbell, C.	Gray	Light	Speer
Carroll	Graybill	Magee	Stein
Carter	Guyaux	Malie	Swan
Clarency	Haggerty	Mannion	Swartz
Cleary	Healey	Martin	Tunis
Clymer	Hecht	Matt	Walnut
Cole	Henry	McAleer	Walton
Connell	Herman	McArdle	Ward, W. Jr.
Conner, P.	Hibshman	McGowan	Ward, W.
Conner, W.	Hobbs	McInerney	Watts
Cox, E. R.	Hoffman	McJunkin	Whitman
Currier	Hoover	McMullen	Wilcox
Curry	Hormell	McNichol	Williams
Dale	Hough	Mills	Wilson
Dallas	Howard	Moore	Woodward
Davis, A.	Hunter, R.	Noel	Young
Dershem	Irwin	Newbaker	Cox, John F. Speaker
Detzel			

NAYS—1.

Roney

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

SENATE MESSAGE.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 313.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has insisted upon its amendments, non-concurred in by the House of Representatives, to House Bill No. 313,) entitled:

An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith

And has appointed Messrs. Shields, Hunter and Baldwin a committee of conference with a similar committee of the House of Representatives (if the House of Representatives shall appoint such committee), on the subject of the differences existing between the houses in relation to said bill.

On motion of Mr. PITCHFORD,

The House insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments to said bill and,

Ordered, That Messrs. Pitchford, Richards and Flynn be a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) in relation to the differences existing between the two Houses on said bill.

And that the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows, viz:

In the Senate, May 23, 1911.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur): That with the consent of the Governor, the Chief of the Department of Mines is hereby authorized to increase or decrease the number of inspection districts and the number of inspectors in the anthracite region of Pennsylvania whenever in his judgment the necessities of the service may require such action

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatices for its concurrence.

The resolution was twice read.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the same?

It was concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 919.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has insisted upon its amendments, non-concurred in by the House of Representatives, to House Bill No. 919 entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia

And has appointed Messrs. Kline, Baldwin and Kurtz a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the House of Representativs (if the House of Representativs shall appoint such committee), on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

On motion of Mr. KLUMPP,

The House insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments to said bill and

Ordered, That Messrs. Woodward, Klumpp and Whitman be a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) in relation to the differences existing between the two houses on said bill.

And that the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1018.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has insisted upon its amendments, non-concurred in by the House of Representatives, to House Bill No. 1018 entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Nason Hospital Association of Roaring Spring Blair County Pennsylvania

And has appointed Messrs. Kline, Baldwin and Whitman a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the House of Representatives (if the House of Representatives shall appoint such committee) on the subject of the differences existing between the two Houses in relation to said bill.

On motion of Mr. KLUMPP.

The House insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments to said bill and

Ordered, That Messrs. Woodward, Klumpp and Whitman be a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) in relation to the differences existing between the two Houses on said bill.

And that the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1057.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has insisted upon its amendments, non-concurred in by the House of Representatives to House Bill No. 1057, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Incurables Philadelphia Pennsylvania

And has appointed Messrs. Kline, Baldwin and Kurtz a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the House of Representatives (if the House

Representatives shall appoint such committee), on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

On motion of Mr. KLUMPP,

The House insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments to said bill and

Ordered, That Messrs. Woodward, Klumpp and Whitman be a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) in relation to the differences existing between the two houses on said bill.

And that the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1106.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has insisted upon its amendments, nonconcurred in by the House of Representatives to House Bill No. 1106, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions of Pennsylvania located at Bloosburg Tioga County

And has appointed Messrs. Kline, Baldwin and Kurtz a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the House of Representatives (if the House of Representatives shall appoint such committee), on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

On motion of Mr. KLUMPP,

The House insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments to said bill and

Ordered, That Messrs. Woodward, Klumpp and Whitman be a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) in relation to the differences existing between the two houses on said bill.

And that the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1118.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has insisted upon its amendments, nonconcurred in by the House of Representatives to House Bill No. 1118, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of the annual fixed charge for school purposes on lands held for forest reserve

And has appointed Messrs. Kline, Baldwin and Kurtz a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the House of Representatives (if the House of Representatives shall appoint such committee), on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

On motion of Mr. KLUMPP,

The House insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments to said bill and

Ordered, That Messrs. Woodward, Klumpp and Whitman be a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) in relation to the differences existing between the two houses on said bill.

And that the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1123.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has insisted upon its amendments, nonconcurred in by the House of Representatives to House Bill No. 1123, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of the annual fixed charge for road purposes on lands held for forest reserves

And has appointed Messrs. Kline, Baldwin and Kurtz a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the House of Representatives (if the House of Representatives shall appoint such committee), on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

On motion of Mr. KLUMPP,

The House insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments to said bill and

Ordered, That Messrs. Woodward, Klumpp and Whitman be a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) in relation to the differences existing between the two houses on said bill.

And that the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1119.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has insisted upon its amendments, nonconcurred in by the House of Representatives to House Bill No. 1119, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of services and expenses of fire wardens and those assisting in the extinguishing of forest fires

And has appointed Messrs. Kline, Baldwin and Kurtz a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the House of Representatives (if the House of Representatives shall appoint such committee), on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

On motion of Mr. KLUMPP,

The House insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments to said bill and

Ordered, That Messrs. Woodward, Klumpp and Whitman be a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) in relation to the differences existing between the two houses on said bill.

And that the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1147.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has insisted upon its amendments, nonconcurred in by the House of Representatives to House Bill No. 1147, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Eye and Ear Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

And has appointed Messrs. Kline, Baldwin and Kurtz a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the House of Representatives (if the House of Representatives shall appoint such committee), on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

On motion of Mr. KLUMPP,

The House insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments to said bill and

Ordered, That Messrs. Woodward, Klumpp and Whitman be a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) in relation to the differences existing between the two houses on said bill.

And that the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1178.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has insisted upon its amendments, nonconcurred in by the House of Representatives to House Bill No. 1178, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Greenville Hospital Greenville Mercer County Pennsylvania

And has appointed Messrs. Kline, Baldwin and Kurtz a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the House of Representatives (if the House of Representatives shall appoint such committee), on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

On motion of Mr. KLUMPP,

The House insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments to said bill and

Ordered, That Messrs. Woodward, Klumpp and Whitman be a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) in relation to the differences existing between the two houses on said bill.

And that the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1150.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has insisted upon its amendments, nonconcurred in by the House of Representatives to House Bill No. 1150, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Roselia Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital of the City of Pittsburg

And has appointed Messrs. Kline, Baldwin and Kurtz a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the House of Representatives (if the House of Representatives shall appoint such committee), on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

On motion of Mr. KLUMPP,

The House insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments to said bill and

Ordered, That Messrs. Woodward, Klumpp and Whitman be a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) in relation to the differences existing between the two houses on said bill.

And that the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1186.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has insisted upon its amendments, nonconcurred in by the House of Representatives to House Bill No. 1186, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the American Hospital for Diseases of the Stomach of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

And has appointed Messrs. Kline, Baldwin and Kurtz a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the House of Representatives (if the House of Representatives shall appoint such committee), on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

On motion of Mr. KLUMPP,

The House insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments to said bill and

Ordered, That Messrs. Woodward, Klumpp and Whitman be a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) in relation to the differences existing between the two houses on said bill.

And that the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1201.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has insisted upon its amendments, nonconcurred in by the House of Representatives to House Bill No. 1201, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Vincent's Hospital Association of the city of Erie Erie County Pennsylvania

And has appointed Messrs. Kline, Baldwin and Kurtz a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the House of Representatives (if the House of Representatives shall appoint such committee), on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

On motion of Mr. KLUMPP,

The House insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments to said bill and

Ordered, That Messrs. Woodward, Klumpp and Whitman be a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) in relation to the differences existing between the two houses on said bill.

And that the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 600.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has insisted upon its amendments, nonconcurred in by the House of Representatives to House Bill No. 600, entitled:

An act regulating drivers and operators of all vehicles and persons riding or leading animals on the public highways requiring the display of lights upon vehicles and prescribing penalties for violation of the same

And has appointed Messrs. Wilbert, Adams and Thomson a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the House of Representatives (if the House of Representatives shall appoint such committee), on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

On motion of Mr. GANS,

The House insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments to said bill and

Ordered, That Messrs. Gans, Swan and Detzel be a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) in relation to the differences existing between the two houses on said bill.

And that the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGES.

AMENDED HOUSE BILLS RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 608:

An act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 2, line 34, after the word "arose" insert the following Upon the filing of the said power of attorney with the Secretary of the Commonwealth it shall be his duty to certify forthwith to the Auditor General the corporate name of the corporation filing the same and the location of its principal place of business in the Commonwealth as set forth in said power of attorney

Section 4, line 13, after the word "contract" strike out the words "and recovery may also be had in any pending action on any such contract."

Line 15, after the word "had" strike out the words "in any action now pending."

Line 22, after the word "thereof" strike out the words "or have a recovery in any action now pending in any of said courts or before any justice of the peace or magistrate of this Commonwealth."

At the end of the section add the following: Provided further however that this act shall not extend or be construed to give validity to any contracts other than contracts of bailment contracts of pledge and contracts between depositors and persons or corporations engaged in the business of receiving deposits of money subject to check entered into by corporations prior to the passage of this act nor to give to foreign corporations any right to enforce such contracts other than contracts of bailment contracts of pledge and contracts between depositors and persons or corporations engaged in the business of receiving deposits of money subject to check if such right did not exist at the time such contracts were entered into but actions or proceedings at law or in equity may be instituted and maintained and recovery may be had in any pending action on contracts of bailment contracts of pledge and contracts between depositors and persons or corporations engaged in the business of receiving deposits of money subject to check although said contract may have been entered into prior to the passage of this act

Section 5 add to the section the following: And provided further that this act shall not be construed to apply to foreign insurance companies but the doing of business in this Commonwealth by such companies shall be regulated by existing laws

On the question,

Will the House concur in said amendments?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—138.

Abbott	Dunn, H.	Johnston	Rhoads
Ailman	Dunn, James	Jones, E.	Richards
Akers	Ehrhardt	Keely	Riebel
Allen	Eichenberger	Keister	Robinson
Alter	Ewing	Kelley, J.	Robison
Anderson	Fahey	Kern	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Fay	Kinney	Row
Bartman	Flynn	Klingerman	Sassaman
Bass	Frey	Klumpp	Savidge
Bender	Gans	Knight	Schad,
Bentley	Geary	Kuhns	Schofield
Bosher	Gibson	Larkins	Schultz
Boyd	Good	Light	Scott, J.
Breitinger	Gransback	Lowe	Shaffer
Caldwell	Gray	Magee	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Graybill	Martin	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Guyaux	McArdle	Speer
Campbell, W.	Haggerty	McGowan	Swan
Clarence	Healey	McJunkin	Townsend

Cleary	Hecht	McMullen	Tunis
Cole	Henry	McNaugh	Ulerich
Conner, P.	Hess	Miller,	Von Tacky
Conner, W.	Hibshman	Moore	Wallace
Conrade	Hilton	Morris	Walton
Cox, E. R.	Hobbs	Moses	Ward, Wm., Jr
Crumbler	Hoover	Moulthrop	Ward, W.
Currier,	Hornell	Neel	Welch
Curry,	Hough	Perry	Whitman
Dale	Howard	Phillips	Williams
Dallas	Hunter, J.	Pitchford	Wilson
Davis, A.	Hunter, R.	Raesley	Woodward
Dearden	Jackson	Rath	Young
Donahoe	Johnson, C	Reeser	Cox, John F.
Donnally	Johnson, D.	Reno	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 663:

An act entitled an act supplementary to an act for the government of cities of the second class approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend the title by inserting after "An act" the words "amending and supplementaing article fourteen of an act entitled;" and by inserting after the word "one" at the end of the title the following: as same was amended and supplemented by an act approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one by abolishing the present select and common councils providing a new body to be known as the council and fixing their terms of office and providing for the selection of members of council prescribing the qualifications of members thereof their powers and duties and fixing their salaries

Strike out all after the title and insert the following:

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it it hereby enacted by the authority of the same That article fourteen of an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws twenty) as the same was amended and supplemented by an act approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and eighty-six) and which as amended and supplemented by said act reads as follows

ARTICLE XIV

Councils

Section 1 The legislative power shall be vested in two bodies to be designated as the select and common council Every legislative act of the council shall be by resolution or ordinance and every ordinance or resolution except as hereinafter provided shall before it takes effect be presented duly engrossed and certified to the city recorder for his approval The city recorder shall sign the said resolution or ordinance if he approves it or return the same to the branch of council wherein such resolution or ordinance originated within ten days or at the next meeting of councils after ten days have expired if he do not approve it with the reasons therefor and if thereupon each branch of councils pass the same within five days of such veto by a vote of three-fifths of all the members elected to each branch it shall become effective as though the city recorder had signed the same It shall equally become effective if he should neglect to return the same within such ten days

Section 2 Nothin herein contained shall be construed to repeal sections one and two of the act of June fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled "An Act in relation to the government of cities of the second class" nor the act of May twenty-sixth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one entitled "An Act fixing the ratio of representation of common councils in cities of the second class"

Section 3 Members of select councils shall have been residents of the city for at least five years before their election and members of common council shall have been residents of the ward which they represent for at least three years

The removal of any member of select council from the ward or of any member of common council from the ward he represents shall forfeit the membership of such person and his place shall be filled at the next regular municipal election occurring more than thirty days after such removal

Section 4 All sessions of councils and of all committees and sub-committees thereof shall be public No ordinance or resolution shall be passed finally on the day of its introduction except in case of public emergency and then only when requested by the city recorder and approved by the affirmative votes of all the members of councils

Section 5 All taxes shall be levied and appropriations made annually by general ordinances prior to the first Tuesday of February except such taxes as may be levied and appropriations as may be made to provide for the payment of the principal and interest of any bonds to be issued and except also in cases of emergency when on a certificate signed by the city recorder and controller that such emergency exists a special appropriation may be made to meet the same

Section 6 From and after the passage of this act no person shall be elected to the office of select or common council in cities of the second class who holds any other office position or employment under the government of the United States or State of Pennsylvania the county in which said city is located or in such city except notary public or commissioner of deeds and if any person who shall hereafter be elected a select or common councilman shall during the term for which he was elected accept or hold any office position or employment under the government of the United States the State of Pennsylvania the county in which said city is located or in such city except the office of notary public or commissioner of deeds he shall at once forfeit the office of councilman and shall not hold such during the term for which he was elected and it shall be the duty of the city recorder to order an election within thirty days of a councilman to serve out the term remaining of the councilman so forfeiting his office providing there shall be at least six months of said term remaining after said election so ordered by the recorder shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

ARTICLE XIV

Councils

Section 1 The legislative power of cities of the second class shall be vested in one body which shall be known as the council and which shall consist of not less than five members and an additional member for each seventy-five thousand inhabitants over two hundred thousand as shown by the last preceding United States decennial census up to five hundred thousand Said persons to be chosen in the manner and for the terms hereinafter set forth and the said council shall by ordinance regulate their times and days of meeting and the mode of calling the same

Section 2 Immediately after the passage of this act the Governor shall appoint by and with the advice and consent of two-thirds of the Senate the members of council who shall hold office until the first Monday of January Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and twelve At the general municipal election to be held in the present year in each city of the second class now existing and at the first municipal election occurring at least sixty days after any other city shall have entered said class there shall be elected the full number of councilmen to which the city shall be entitled to serve from the first Monday of January following Said councilmen shall meet and organize on said date and immediately thereafter divide themselves by lot into two classes the odd numbers to serve for two years and the even numbers for four years thereafter At each general election thereafter there shall be elected at large the number of councilmen required to fill the places of those whose terms are about to expire to serve for four years and also to fill any vacancies caused by death resignation or removal occurring more than sixty days before such election to serve for the balance of the term of the member who has died resigned or removed

Section 3 Members of council shall have been residents of the city for at least three years before their appointment or election they shall reside in the city during their term of office and shall not hold any other office position or employment under the government of the United States the State of Pennsylvania the said city or county in which it is situate during the terms for which they were elected except that of notary public commissioner of deeds officer in the National Guard of Pennsylvania officer or director in any national or State bank or trust company or membership on any commission for public works or improvements where such employment is without pecuniary compensation They shall not while members of council hold any office position or employment in any corporation holding or applying for franchises from the city A member who has a personal or private interest in any measure or bill proposed or pending before the council shall disclose the fact to the council and shall not vote thereon nor take part in any discussion of the same Any councilman violating any of the provisions of this section shall thereby forfeit his office

Section 4 Said councilmen shall receive for their services during their term of service annual salaries to be fixed by ordinance payable in monthly installments Provided however the same shall not be less than two thousand dollars nor exceed six thousand five hundred dollars per annum and that councils shall by the ordinances fixing said salaries provide for the assessment and retention therefrom of reasonable fines for absence from regular or special meetings of councils or councilmanic committees

Section 5 Upon the first Monday of January following each general municipal election the council shall organize by electing one of their number as president to serve for a term of two years council shall have power to authorize by ordinance the appointment of such employes as may be necessary for the proper discsharge thereof They shall also have power to fix from time to time the salaries of all city officials and employes who are not elected The salaries and emoluments of all such officers shall not be increased or diminished during their term of office They shall also provide by general rules for regular meetings and for the calling of special meetings when required and prescribe general rules not inconsistent with the law for the conduct of business All regular meetings of council and all committee meetings shall be open to the public

Section 6 The appointments hereafter to be made of the heads of all executive departments of said city now by law authorized to be made by the mayor thereof shall be subject to the approval of said council to be evidenced by resolution which shall receive the affirmative votes of a majority of all the members thereof failing which approval the mayor shall again designate another person or persons to fill the position or positions as to which the former nominations have failed

of approval until the nominations are made which are approved by council in the manner above set forth

Section 7 The head of any department who shall be found guilty after due notice and hearing of any corrupt act or practice malfeasance mismanagement of his official duties extortion receiving any gift or present from any contractor or from any person seeking or engaged in any work for or furnishing material to the city or from any incumbent or occupant of or candidate or applicant for any municipal office and for wilfully concealing any fraud committed against the city may be removed from office by resolution which shall receive the affirmative votes of a majority of all the members of council and the approval of the mayor or should the mayor fail to approve the said resolution within ten days after its passage and submission to him then the said removal may be effected by a resolution of council which shall receive a two-thirds affirmative vote of all the members thereof Provided however that the procedure thus established shall not have a retrospective or retroactive effect but that the procedure by impeachment under existing laws shall be and remain in force exclusively as to any causes arising before the beginning of the terms of the councilmen first elected as herein provided In the event of such removal the vacancy thus arising shall be filled in the manner hereinbefore provided in the case of other vacancies

Section 8 Council and the mayor or either shall have the right to call for such information from every department either at stated intervals or from time to time as they or either of them may think proper and it shall be the duty of the head of each department upon request by either the mayor or the council to furnish to either full access to the books and records of his department and as full information as to the operation of the same as the said mayor or council may require

Section 9 In the event of any vacancy occurring in said council by death resignation or otherwise the same shall be filled by an election at which every member of council and the mayor shall have one vote and the person receiving the majority of all votes cast shall be declared elected to serve in place of the member so dying resigning or otherwise vacating his position as member of council until the first Monday of January following the next general municipal election at which his successor could be chosen in accordance with the provisions of law governing municipal elections and as provided in section two herein

Section 10 Every legislative act of the council shall be by resolution or ordinance and every ordinance or resolution except as hereinafter provided shall before it takes effect be presented duly engrossed and certified to the mayor for his approval The mayor shall sign the said resolution or ordinance within ten days if he approves it but if he shall not approve it he shall within said time return it with his objection to council which shall at its next meeting after said return consider it If upon reconsideration council shall pass the ordinance or resolution over the veto of the mayor by a two-third vote of all the members thereof it shall be a binding ordinance or resolution of the city It shall become effective should the mayor fail to sign the said ordinance or resolution or return the same to council with his reasons for disapproving the same within ten days from the time said ordinance or resolution has been delivered to him by the city clerk The mayor may disapprove any item or items (or part or parts of the same) of any bill making appropriations and the part or parts of the bill approved shall be the law and the part or parts disapproved shall be void unless repassed according to the rules and limitations prescribed above for the passage of resolutions and ordinances over the mayor's veto

Section 11 Conferences of the mayor and council jointly for the purpose of discussion of the business or legislation of the municipality may be called at any time upon the request of either the mayor or council

Section 12 All sessions of the council and of all committees and sub-committees thereof shall be public No ordinance or resolution shall be passed finally on the day of its introduction except in case of public emergency and then only when requested by the mayor and approved by the affirmative votes of all the members of councils present

Section 13 All taxes shall be levied and appropriations made annually by general ordinances prior to the first Tuesday of February except such taxes as may be levied and appropriations as may be made to provide for the payment of the principal and interest of any bonds to be issued and except also in cases of emergency when on a certificate signed by the mayor and controller that such emergency exists a special appropriation may be made to meet the same

Section 14 All provisions in the existing laws referring to the select and common councils of said city and all powers rights and duties which by existing laws devolve upon the members of select or common councils shall be taken to apply to and be vested in the council created by this act as fully and to the same extent as though the present council were herein named in so far as the same are not inconsistent with the foregoing rights powers and duties And whenever any proportionate affirmative vote of each branch of councils as at present constituted is required under existing laws to ordain or enact any ordinance or resolution the same proportionate affirmative vote of the council hereby created shall be sufficient for the passage thereof

Section 15 This act shall not be construed to repeal an act of the General Assembly entitled "An Act prescribing the mode and manner of electing the clerks of the city of Pittsburg and defining their duties" approved March seventh one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three nor shall this act be construed to repeal any other general local or special act not inconsistent with the provisions hereof

Section 16 This act shall take effect at once and the members of said council immediately upon their appointment shall organize by the election of one of their number as president who shall serve until the first Monday of January in the year one thousand nine hundred and twelve

Mr. ALTER. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House nonconcur in the amendments made by the Senate.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 479.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has insisted upon its amendments, non-concurred in by the House of Representatives, to House Bill No. 479, entitled:

An act to authorize the appointment by county commissioners of assessors in each legislative district by county commissioners of assessors in counties having not less than two hundred thousand nr more than three hundred and twentyfive thousand inhabitants prescribing their pwers duties and procedure and fixing salries thereof and providing for the abolition of the office of assessor now existing in said counties

And has appointed Messrs. McConnell, Snyder and Thomson a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the House of Representatives (if the House of Representatives shall appoint such committee) on the subject of the differences exisiting between the two houses in relation to said bill.

On motion of Mr. HOBBS

The House insits on its non-concurrence in the amendments to said bill and

Ordered, That Messrs. Ehrhardt, Ulerich and Klingerman be a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) in relation to the differences existing between the two houses on said bill.

And that the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

ADOPTION OF CONFERENCE REPORT ON SENATE BILL NO. 103.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has adopted the report of the Committee of Conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two Houses on Senate bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

Senate Bill No. 103:

An act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner two Deputy State Highway Commissioners chief engineer chief draughtsman superintendents of highways and a staff of assistants and employes defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of Commissioner and Deputies and other appointees providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county seats principal cities and towns and extending to the State line describing and defining same by route numbers as the State highways of the Commonwealth providing for the improvement maintenance and repair of said State highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expenses to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same requiring boroughs and incirporated towns to maintain certain State highways wholly and in part requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner providing for the payment of damages in taking of property or otherwise in the improvement thereof providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll roads forming all or part of any State highway and procedure therein providing for work of improvement of State highways to be done by contract except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work be done by the State providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads defining highways and State aid highways providing method of application for State aid in the improvement maintenance and repair of township or county roads and prescribing the contents of township county borough or incorporated town petitions providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State county township borough or incorporated town and requiring contracts by counties townships boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same providing for the minimum width of State highways and State aid highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs providing penalty for injuring or destroying State highways making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the amendments made by the House of Representatives to Senate bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

Senate Bill No. 554:

An act amending sections one four five and ten of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the third class of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for violation of its provisions" approved the fifth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six and sections three seven and twelve of said act as amended by the act entitled "An Act amending sections three seven twelve and thirteen of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the third class of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for violation of its provisions' approved the fifth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six increasing the compensation of registrars in said cities and providing for an additional registration day" approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven by further defining who may be appointed registrars increasing their terms of office changing the registration days and the form of register providing further regulations for the registration of electors and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the amendments made by the House of Representatives to Senate bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

Senate Bill No. 382:

An act to amend sections two three eight thirteen and fourteen of an act entiled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for the violations of its provisions" approved the seventeenth day of February Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six and sections five six seven ten fifteen and sixteen of said act as amended by the act entitled "An Act to amend the act of February seventeenth one thousand nine hundred and six entitled 'An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for violations of its provisions' by changing the days and hours of registration providing an additional registration day for the Spring primary providing that foreign born citizens unable to produce their father's naturalization papers may be registered upon making affidavit providing for the registration of citizens between the February election and the Spring primary altering the procedure of the appointment of registrars of appeals to the commissioners and to the courts and providing that proper notice of each be given providing that registered persons shall be entitled to vote only in case they have not since registration become disqualified enlarging the powers of the registration commissioners in certain particulars altering the phraseology of the act so as to make it clear that electors may register at either fall or winter periods that they may be registered by the commissioners only if ill or absent on all the registration days and that the lists shall become of no validity at the beginning of the new registration period providing that the lists shall be preserved for two years that an applicant for registration unable to write shall make affidavit of the fact providing that the registrars shall notify the registration commissioners of the registration of persons previously registered in the same city and making certain verbal corrections in the language of the same" approved June third one thousand nine hundred and seven by further defining "party" and who may be appointed registrars increasing the terms of commissioners changing the registration days and the form of register the number of registrars and providing further regulations for the registration of electors requiring all petitions to be under oath and empowering the chief clerk of the Board of Registration Commissioners to administer oaths and providing for additional employes for said boards and fixing their compensation and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

SENATE MESSAGES.

AMENDED HOUSE BILLS RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 639:

An act authorizing cities of the second class to regulate the production or emission of smoke from chimnies smokestacks or other source

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The Clerk read the amendments as follows:

Amend title, first line, by inserting the words "production or;" amend line 2 by inserting the words "or other source," and strike out in line 2 the word "and."

Amend section 1, line 5, by inserting the words "production or," and amend line 6 by striking out after the word "chimney" the word "or," and insert "or other source."

Strike out all of section 2.

On the question.

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. HOUGH. I move that the House do not concur in the amendments made by the Senate.

Mr. McKEAN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. MOSES. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 11.00 P. M.) the House adjourned until to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1911 — 119th of the General Assembly

VOL. 1. HARRISBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, MAY 24, 1911. No. 76.

SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, May 24, 1911.

The Senate met at 10.00 o'clock A. M.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore (Mr. W. E. CROW) in the Chair.

Prayer by the Chaplain, Rev. A. C. James.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. HERBST, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

PETITION AGAINST THE PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL NO. 509.

Mr. HAYS presented the petition of Lone Tree Camp, No. 16, of the Woodman of the World, of West Sunbury, Pa., protesting against the passage of House Bill No. 509 imposing a tax on money collected from members of fraternal societies.

Which was referred to the Committee on Insurances.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. TUSTIN, from the Committee on Judiciary General reported with favorable recommendation the following nominations made by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were laid upon the table.

MEMBERS BOARD OF REGISTRATION COMMISSIONERS IN AND FOR CITY OF PHILADELPHIA.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 3, 1911.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, the following named gentlemen to be Members of the Board of Registration Commissioners in and for the City of Philadelphia, for the term of three years, to compute from June 15, 1909:

Clinton Rogers Woodruff, Philadelphia.
George G. Pierie, Philadelphia.
J. Henry Scattergood, Philadelphia.
John Cadwalader, Jr., Philadelphia.

EDWIN S. STUART.

REASONS FOR VOTE ON SENATE BILL NO. 506.

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, I desire to offer the following reason for my vote on Senate Bill No. 506, known as the "Kline Bill," and ask that it be spread on the Journal.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. HERBST. Offered the following statement:

This bill involves legislation which should not have been introduced in the light of the campaign pledges made last Fall by the Republican party when it asserted that the Brookes high license law was the best liquor law in the Nation. Some of us belonging to the Democratic party made the same pledge in answer to our local option opponents. Why, then, this stab at one of the cardinal features of the Brookes Law I voted against the bill when it originally passed the Senate by a mere scratch, Senators at that time voting for it who now seem very much opposed to it. These should have known what they were doing then. I voted for the amendments because they make the bill less vicious, but changed my vote when I saw the tactics used to force a majority vote. I am against and will not support it in any form for the following reasons:

1—It is uncalled for on account of party and personal pledges.

2—It would reduce the revenue of the State nearly $1,000,000.

3—It would create a brewery trust, eventually driving out the small brewer.

4—It is unfair and unjust to the retail licensed dealer.

5—I have had no demand, spoken, written, telephone or telegraphic from the brewers of my district.

6—Where licenses are granted the Judges should control them.

E. M. HERBST.

HOUSE MESSAGES.

HOUSE APPOINTS CONFERENCE COMMITTEE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House insists on its non-concurrence to the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 600, entitled:

An act regulating drivers and operators of all vehicles and persons riding or leading animals on the public highways requiring the display of lights on vehicles and prescribing penalties for the violation of the same.

And has appointed Messrs. Gans, Swan and Detzel as a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

HOUSE APPOINTS CONFERENCE COMMITTEE.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1201, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Vincent's Hospital Association of the City of Erie Erie County Pennsylvania

And has appointed Messrs. Woodward, Klumpp and Whitman as a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

HOUSE APPOINTS CONFERENCE COMMITTEE.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House insists on its non-concurrnce in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1186, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the American Hospital for Diseases of the Stomach of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

And has appointed Messrs. Woodward, Klumpp and Whitman as a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

HOUSE APPOINTS CONFERENCE COMMITTEE.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1150, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Roselia Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital of the City of Pittsburg

And has appointed Messrs. Woodward, Klumpp and Whitman as a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

HOUSE APPOINTS CONFERENCE COMMITTEE.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House insists on

its non-concurrence in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1178, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Greenville Hospital Greenville Mercer County Pennsylvania

And has appointed Messrs. Woodward, Klumpp and Whitman as a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

HOUSE APPOINTS CONFERENCE COMMITTEE.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1147, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Eye and Ear Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

And has appointed Messrs. Woodward, Klumpp and Whitman as a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

HOUSE APPOINTS CONFERENCE COMMITTEE.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1123, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of the annual fixed charge for road purposes on lands held for forest reserves

And has appointed Messrs. Woodward, Klumpp and Whitman as a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

HOUSE APPOINTS CONFERENCE COMMITTEE.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1119, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of services and expenses of fire wardens and those assisting in the extinguishing of forest fires

And has appointed Messrs. Woodward, Klumpp and Whitman as a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

HOUSE APPOINTS CONFERENCE COMMITTEE.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1118, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of the annual fixed charge for school purposes on lands held for forest reserves

And has appointed Messrs. Woodward, Klumpp and Whitman as a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) to consider the differences existing between the two Houses in relation to said bill.

HOUSE APPOINTS CONFERENCE COMMITTEE.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1106, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions of Pennsylvania located at Blossburg Tioga County

And has appointed Messrs. Woodward, Klumpp and Whitman, as a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

HOUSE APPOINTS CONFERENCE COMMITTEE.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1057 entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Incurables Philadelphia Pennsylvania

And has appointed Messrs. Woodward, Klumpp and Whitman, as a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

HOUSE APPOINTS CONFERENCE COMMITTEE.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1018, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Nason Hospital Association at Roaring Spring Blair County Pennsylvania

And has appointed Messrs. Woodward, Klumpp and Whitman, as a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

HOUSE APPOINTS CONFERENCE COMMITTEE.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House insists on its non-concurrence to the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 919, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia

And has appointed Messrs. Woodward, Klumpp and Whitman, as a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

HOUSE APPOINTS CONFERENCE COMMITTEE.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 313, entitled:

An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith

And has appointed Messrs. Pitchford, Richards and Flynn as a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

HOUSE APPOINTS CONFERENCE COMMITTEE.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 479, entitled:

An act to authorize the appointment by county commissioners of assessors in counties having not less than two hundred thousand nor more than three hundred twenty-five thousand inhabitants prescribing their powers duties and procedure and fixing salaries thereof and providing for the abolition of the office of assessor now existing in said counties

And has appointed Messrs. Ehrhardt, Ulrich and Klingerman, as a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

HOUSE NON-CONCURS IN RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING INCREASE OR DECREASE IN NUMBER OF INSPECTION DISTRICTS AND NUMBER OF INSPECTORS IN ANTHRACITE COAL REGION WHEN NECESSITY OF SERVICE REQUIRE SUCH ACTION.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has non-concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, May 23, 1911.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That with the consent of the Governor the Chief of the Department of Mines is hereby authorized to increase or decrease the number of inspection districts and the number of inspectors in the anthracite coal region of Pennsylvania whenever in his judgment the necessities of the service may require such action

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL NO. 608.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 608, entitled:

An act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject

RESOLUTION PROVIDING FOR A COMMISSION TO ARRANGE FOR THE UNVEILING OF THE GROUPS OF SCULPTURE PREPARED BY SCULPTOR GEORGE GRAY BARNARD.

Mr. SPROUL offered the following resolution, which was twice read as follows:

Whereas, The completed groups in marble modeled and prepared by the eminent sculptor, George Gray Barnard, will be set in place on either side of the main entrance to the Capitol at an early date; and

Whereas, The completion and setting in place of these beautiful groups, which are recognized to be among the greatest production in sculpture of modern times, will be an important event in the history of the Commonwealth, and should be suitably commemorated by unveiling exercises in which the people of the State may participate;

Therefore, Be it Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Governor of the Commonwealth be and he is hereby authorized and directed to appoint five members of the General Assembly, who shall, with the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings, constitute a commission to arrange for the unveiling of the said groups of sculpture.

The commission shall have authority to select a suitable day for holding the unveiling exercises and the acceptance of said groups by the proper officers of the Commonwealth and also to arrange for such other exercises as may be fitting and proper upon such occasion. Said commission shall have authority to invite, in the name of the Commonwealth, such officials and persons of this and other States to attend the unveiling exercises as in its judgment will fittingly commemorate this important event. The said commission shall allot to the present members of the General Assembly such number of invitations to the unveiling exercises as the conditions and accommodations will warrant.

The reasonable cost and expense of the unveiling exercises as hereinbefore authorized shall be provided for by inserting an item in the General Appropriation Bill.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that rule 39 be supended in order to consider the resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The resolution was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

INVITATION OF CENTENNIAL ASSOCIATION OF SCHUYLKILL COUNTY TO LEGISLATURE TO ATTEND CELEBRATION OF THE FOUNDING OF THE COUNTY OF SCHUYLKILL.

Mr. SNYDER presented communication from the Centennial Association of Schuylkill County, which was read as follows:

Whereas, The County of Schuylkill was created in one thousand eight hundred and eleven, and since then its people developed its resources and promoted its industries so that now it forms a large part of the industrial greatness of this Commonwealth; and

Whereas, Its history in war and in peace is conspicuous in the annals of the patriotic records of this Commonwealth;

Therefore, The Centennial Association of the County of Schuylkill most respectfully invite and solicit the attendance of the Members of the Legislature to the celebration of the founding of the County of Schuylkill in one thousand eight hundred and eleven during the week begining July second, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, in the City of Pottsville.

J. H. ZERBY, Chairman.
WILLIAM H. ENT, Secretary.

HOUSE APPOINTS CONFERENCE COMMITTEE.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 663, entitled:

An act supplementary to an act for the government of cities of the second class approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate insists upon its amendments to the foregoing bill non-concurred in by the House of Representatives and that a committee of Conference be appointed to confer with a similar committee of the House (already appointed) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That Messrs. Kline, Adams and McNichol be said committee on the part of the Senate and that the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

SENATE BILL NO. 159 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 159, entitled:

An act to provide within the following boundaries namely On the west by the present eastern line of Capitol Park on the north by the southern line of North street on the east by the western line of the right of way of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and on the south by the northern line of Walnut street for the extension of Capitol Park in the City of Harrisburg and for the acquiring taking and condemnation of the real estate in connection therewith and within said boundaries and for the demolition of the buildings and structures thereon and making an appropriation therefor and also for the expenses and cost in connection therewith

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were twice read as follows:

By inserting in section 1, line 6, after the word "be," the words "directly or indirectly;" also by inserting in section 6, line 3 after the word "Commission," the words "one clerk;" also in section 7, line 5, by striking out the words "four hundred thousand dollars shall be paid out in any one fiscal year" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "one hundred thousand shall be paid out in each of the two years ending June first one thousand nine hundred and twelve and June first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and not more than four hundred and fifty thousand dollars shall be paid out in any one year thereafter until June first one thousand nine hundred and seventeen when the work shall be completed in all of its parts;" also in line 14 by striking out the words "up to the sum of one million dollars;" also in line 16 by inserting after the word "from" the words 'the amount for the respective year as above provided;" also in line 17 by striking out the words "four hundred thousand dollars;" also in line 18 by inserting after the word "dollars" the following: "and not more land shall be acquired in any one year than is represented in value in like amount as is here authorized to be expended in the corresponding year."

Said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution.

On the question.

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—30.

Adams	Herbst	Martin	**Snyder**
Baldwin	Hunter	McIlhenny	Sones
Catlin	**Jamison**	McNichol	Thomson
Clark	Jarrett	Miller	Weingartner
Cooper	Judson	Morgan	**Wertz**
Fox	Keyser	**Nulty**	**Crow**
Hall	Kline	Salus	Pres. pro tem.
Hays	Knapp	Shields	

NAYS—1.

Buckman

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE APPOINTS CONFERENCE COMMITTEE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House insists on its non-concurrence to the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 639, entitled:

An act authorizing cities of the second class to regulate the production or emission of smoke from chimnies smokestacks or other source

And has appointed Messrs. McClung, Hough and Richards as a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE WIDOW AND CHILDREN OF JOSEPH ZAMBO, TO BRING SUIT AGAINST THE COMMONWEALTH.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, May 23, 1911.

Whereas, During the period of the suppression of the strike in South Bethlehem in one thousand nine hundred and ten, one Joseph Zambo, a peaceable citizen, not a striker, and in no wise involved in riotous or illegal conduct, but while inside a house engaged in a proper occupation, was shot and instantly killed by a bullet accidentaly fired from a State policeman's revolver passing through the closed door; and

Whereas, Said Joseph Zambo, when so killed, had committed

no wrong, and had done absolutely nothing to incite said revolver shot from said State policeman; and

Whereas, Said Joseph Zambo was a poor man and left surviving him residing in South Bethlehem a widow, Mary Zambo, and two minor children, Joseph Zambo, Jr., and Stephen Zambo, one of the age of three years and the other of the age of five months, whose sole support was said Joseph Zambo, and who are accordingly now in destitute circumstances; therefore, be it

Resolved (if the House concur), That the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, by virtue of the power vested in it by Section eleven of Article first of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, does hereby authorize and allow Mary Zambo, in behalf of herself and her two minor children, Joseph and Stephen Zambo, to bring suit or suits against and to recover from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, either in law or in equity, in the Courts of Common Pleas of Dauphin county, such sum or sums of money as may be justly and properly due them, through the loss and deprivation of their husband and father, said Joseph Zambo, by his negligent and improper killing by a State trooper at South Bethlehem in the fore part of the year one thousand nine hundred and ten. Said suit or suits to be subject to the same rules of pleading and evidence as other suits brought in said court are subject.

HOUSE CONCURS IN RESOLUTION THANKING MRS. SAMUEL G. DIXON FOR THE DONATION OF THE UNION CHAPEL AT MONT ALTO SANATORIUM AS A PLACE OF WORSHIP FOR THE TUBERCULOUS PATIENTS.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

Be it Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the members of the Legislature, as the representatives of the people of the State and especially as the representatives of the tuberculous poor, do hereby express to Mrs. Samuel G. Dixon the high sense of appreciation that they feel for the generous donation, by means of which there has been erected on the grounds of the Pennsylvania State South Mountain Sanatorium at Mont Alto, a beautiful Union Chapel as a place of worship for the tuberculous patients of the sanatorium and their attendants.

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Commonwealth be instructed to have engrossed and sent to Mrs. Dixon a copy of these resolutions.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1022.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1022, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Cottage State Hospital at Connellsville Fayette county Pennsylvania

HOUSE NON-CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1215.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has non-concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1215, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Reform School at Morganza Pennsylvania and granting its managers the authority to raze old buildings

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate insists upon its amendments to the foregoing bill non-concurred in by the House of Representatives and that a committee of conference be appointed to confer with a similar committee of the House (if the House shall appoint such committee) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

Mr. FOX. Mr. President, I second the motion.

Ordered, That Messrs. Kurtz, Baldwin and Wilbert be said committee on the part of the Senate and that the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

SENATE BILL NO. 20 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also returned to the Senate, Senate Bill No. 20, entitled:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the removal of judges of the Supreme Superior Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts permanently disqualified by reason of physical or mental disability to perform their judicial functions and duties with half pay for their unexpired terms and the filling of vacancies caused by such removal" approved May eleventh one thousand nine hundred and one so as to allow them full pay during the balance of their terms of office and under certain conditions half pay during the remainder of their lives (if they have served twenty years continuously remain incapacitated but advise with their successors and colleagues so far as reasonably able to do)

With the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were twice read as follows:

By inserting in the ninth line of the title after the word "and" the words "under certain conditions;" also in the tenth line of the title by striking out the following: "if they have served twenty years continuously remain incapacitated but advise with their successor and colleagues so far as reasonably to do;" also in section one, line 34, by striking out the following: "whenever the Governor is of opinion based upon satisfactory medical evidence that a judge of the Supreme Superior Common Pleas or Orphans' Court is by reason of physical or mental disability permanently incapacitated for performing his judicial duties he shall notify said judge of his opinion giving the reasons therefor and if the said judge shall resign within thirty days after such notice and shall hold himself in readiness to advise with his successors and colleagues in such ways as he may be reasonably able to do he shall receive for the balance of the term for which he was elected if he shall so long live and remain incapacitated the salary he would have received if he had remained in active service and if also he shall have served continuously for twenty years or more shall remain incapacitated and shall advise with his successors and colleagues in such ways as he may be reasonably able to do he shall receive in addition thereto during the remainder of his life after the expiration of his said term one-half of the salary which he would have received had he remained in active service Said payments shall be made only upon the certificate of the judge that he is unable to transact any remunerative business or upon the certificate of a competent physician if the judge himself is unable to make one The vacancy thus created shall be filled as now provided by law in cases of vacancies in judicial offices Any judge or judges receiving half pay under the act to which this is an amendment shall receive after the adoption of this act the same pay as if he or they had resigned under the provisions of this amendment" and by inserting in lieu thereof the following: "from and after first day of January Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and twelve whenever the Governor is of opinion based upon satisfactory medical evidence that a judge of the Supreme Superior Common Pleas or Orphans' Court is by reason of physical or mental disability permanently incapacitated for performing his judicial duties he shall notify said judge of his opinion giving the reasons therefor and if the said judge shall resign within thirty days after such notice and shall hold himself in readiness to advise with his successors and colleagues and to perform duties as special master referee auditor or examiner in such ways as he may be reasonably able to do he shall receive for the balance of the term for which he was elected if he shall so long live the salary he would have received had he remained in active service

Any judge of the Common Pleas or of the Orphans' Court so resigning who shall have served continuously in judicial office for twenty-five years or more immediately prior to the date of his resignation and shall have reached the age of seventy years or any judge of the Supreme or Superior Court so resigning who shall have served continuously in judicial office for twenty years or more immediately prior to the date of his resignation and who shall hold himself in readiness to advise with his successors and colleagues and to perform duties as special master referee auditor or examiner in such ways as he may be reasonably able to do shall receive during the remainder of his life after the expiration of his said term one-half of the salary which he would have received had he remained in active service

Any judge of the Supreme or of the Superior Court who shall have served continuously in judicial office for twenty years or more and any judge of the Common Pleas or Orphans' Court who shall have reached the age of seventy years and who shall have served continuously in judicial office for twenty-five years or more and who shall hold himself in readiness to advise with his successors and colleagues and to perform such duties as special master referee auditor or examiner in such ways as he may be reasonably able to do after his honorable retirement from office by expiration of term resignation or otherwise shall receive during the remainder of his life one-half of the salary which he would have received had he remained in active service

No judge while accepting the benefits of this act shall be entitled to any additional compensation for the performance of any duties assigned to him hereunder and no such judge shall be obliged to accept an assignment of duty from any court other than the court of which he was a member at the time of his retirement

Any judge wishing to take advantage of the provisions of this act may notify the Governor of his desire so to do or the Governor on his own initiative may notify any judge as provided herein

All payments under this act shall be made monthly only upon the certificate of the retired judge that he is not engaged in any remunerative business or employment or if the judge himself is unable to make one upon a certificate to that effect from a competent physician

Any judge or judges who have been retired under the act to which this is an amendment are hereby given all the benefits and advantages and are made subjects to the requirement of this act to the same extent and with the

same effect as if they had been retired under the provision hereof

Any vacancy created by a retirement under this act prior to the expiration of the current term that the judge is filling at the time of such retirement shall be filled as now provided by law in cases of vacancies in judicial offices

Said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution.

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Consittution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—29.

Adams	Judson	McNichol	Thomson
Catlin	Keyser	McNichols	Vare
Clark	Kline	Morgan	Wertz
Cooper	Knapp	Powell	Wilbert
Fox	Kurtz	Salus	Wolf
Hays	Manbeck	Snyder	Crow
Herbst	Martin	Sproul	Pres. pro tem.
Jamison	McIlhenny		

NAYS—1.

Jarrett

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

SENATE BILL NO. 287 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 287, entitled:

An act supplementing an act approved the fifteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Institution for the Feeble Minded and Epileptic to be called the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble Minded and Epileptic and making an appropriation therefor" by abolishing the Commission therein established providing for the completion of said institution regulating the powers of the Board of Trustees and repealing the tenth and seventeenth sections thereof

With the information that the House has passed the same with amendmentts, in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were read as follows:

In section one, line seven, by inserting after the word "institution" the words "in accordance with the plans approved by the State Board of Charities May tenth (10th) Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five;" also in section two, line two, by striking out the word "and" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "idiotic imbecile or;" also in section four, line two, by inserting after the word "contracts" the words "with architects or contractors"

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—40.

Adams	Huffman	McNichol	Sproul
Baldwin	Hunter	McNichols	Thomson
Buckman	Jamison	Miller	Tustin
Catlin	Judson	Morgan	Vare
Clark	Keyser	Nulty	Washers
Cooper	Kline	Powell	Weingartner
DeWitt	Kurtz	Salus	Wertz
Fox	Martin	Shields	Wilbert
Heacock	McConnell	Snyder	Wolf
Herbst	McIlhenny	Sones	Crow
Homsher			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

SENATE BILL NO. 379 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 379, entitled:

An act authorizing the Battlefield Commission of the Third Division Ninth Corps Army of the Potomac to purchase additional ground and authorizing the preparation and publication of a history of the proceedings incident to the erection and dedication of the monument at Petersburg Virginia including a history of the Pennsylvania regiments in said division and making an appropriation therefor

With the information that the House has passed the same with amendments, in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were read as follows:

In section two, line one, by striking out the words "twenty-five hundred" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "one thousand;" also in line six by striking out the words "two thousand" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "five hundred"

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Adams	Herbst	Manbeck	Snyder
Baldwin	Homsher	Martin	Sones
Buckman	Huffman	McConnell	Sproul
Catlin	Hunter	McIlhenny	Thomson
Clark	Jamison	McNichol	Tustin
Cooper	Jarrett	McNichols	Vare
DeWitt	Jones,	Miller	Washers
Endsley	Judson	Morgan	Weingartner
Fox	Keyser	Nulty	Wertz
Hall	Kline	Powell	Wilbert
Hays	Knapp	Salus	Wolf
Heacock	Kurtz	Shields	Crow
			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

SENATE BILL NO. 476 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 476, entitled:

An act authorizing poor districts to acquire lands supply erect and equip hospitals for the care and treatment of indigent persons afflicted with tuberculosis and providing for a per capita allowance by the State for the patients treated therein

With the information that the House has passed the same with amendments, in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were read as follows:

By striking out in the title after the word "tuberculosis" the words "and providing for a per capita allowance by the State for the patients treated therein;" also in section two, line one, by striking out the word "that;" also in line twelve by striking out after the word "tuberculosis" the words shall receive from the State Treasurer the sum of four (4) dollars per week for every indigent person afflicted with tuberculosis of such poor district so maintained Provided That the Department of Health of the State of Pennsylvania shall be satisfied that the quality and equipment of such institution and the manner of care and treatment therein furnished is proper and suitable to the class or classes of the indigent patients so maintained and shall so certify to the Auditor General before any such payment shall be made

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41.

Adams	Huffman	McConnell	Snyder
Baldwin	Hunter	McIlhenny	Sones
Catlin	Jamison	McNichol	Sproul
Clark	Judson	McNichols	Thomson
Cooper	Keyser	Miller	Tustin
Endsley	Kline	Morgan	Vare
Fox	Knapp	Nulty	Wertz
Hall	Kurtz	Powell	Wilbert
Heacock	Manbeck	Salus	Wolf
Herbst	Martin	Shields	Crow
Homsher			Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 225.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 225, entitled:

An act to amend the second section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled "An Act to authorize cities and boroughs to condemn property and rights

inside and outside of their limits for the purposes of obtaining and supplying water" by fixing the number of the viewers at three

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 298.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 298, entitled:

An act authorizing and empowering cities and boroughs in their corporate capacity to enact ordinances prescribing such reasonable regulations for the mining of coal beneath said cities and boroughs as may tend to prevent the settling or caving in of the surface

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 604.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 604, entitled:

An act to protect trees and woodlands and providing punishment for the violation thereof

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 413.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 413, entitled:

An act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of game commissioners for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania defining their duties and empowering them to appoint game protectors" approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five providing for an increase in the number of game protectors as authorized by said section and authorizing the publication of reports and bulletins at public expense

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 652.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 652, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Institution for the Feeble Minded and Epileptic to be called the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble Minded and Epileptic and making an appropriation therefor" approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and three authorizing the Board of Trustees to enter into agreements respecting highways railways railroads and other means of travel within the lands of the said institution

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 675.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 675, entitled:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties or the town councils of the several boroughs of this Commonwealth or both to appropriate annually a sufficient sum of money to each post of the Grand Army of the Republic in their respective counties or boroughs to aid in defraying the expenses of Memorial Day" by requiring the commissioners to make the payments specified and fixing the maximum amount thereof

With the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE BY WHICH AMENDMENTS WERE CONCURRED IN.

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which the amendments made by the House to Senate Bill No. 378, entitled:

An act making an appropriation of a proper fence or coping and pavement to protect a monument erected near Petersburg Virginia by the association of the survivors of the forty-eighth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers to commemorate the Battle of the Crater and providing for a commission and the expenses thereof to erect the same

Were concurred in.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring.

Will the Senate concur in the amendments made by the House in said bill?

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

For Report see Appendix.

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate non-concur in the amendments made by the House to Senate Bill No. 378, and that a committee of conference be appointed to confer with a similar committee of the House (if the House shall appoint such committee) to consider the differences existing between the two Houses in relation to the bill.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That Messrs. Kline, Baldwin and Kurtz be said Committee on the part of the Senate, and that the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate concur in the amendment made by the House to said bill?

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. TUSTIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from commmittee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. TUSTIN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with a favorable recommendation the following nomination made by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was laid upon the table.

ASSISTANT ECONOMIC ZOOLOGIST OF THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 3, 1911.

To the Honorable the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, John D. Herr, of Lancaster, to be Assistant Economic Zoologist of the Department of Agriculture, for the term of four years, to compute from May 1, 1909.

EDWIN S. STUART.

REPORT OF PENNSYLVANIA COMMISSION TO ERECT THE EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA STATE INSTITUTION FOR FEEBLE MINDED AND EPILEPTIC.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication from the Pennsylvania Commission to Erect the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble Minded and Epileptic, which was read as follows:

PENNSYLVANIA COMMISSION TO ERECT THE EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA STATE INSTITUTION FOR FEEBLE MINDED AND EPILEPTIC.

Philadelphia, Pa., May 23, 1911.

Hon. William E. Crow, President pro tempore of the Senate of Pennsylvania, Harrisburg, Pa.:

Sir:—I have the honor to transmit herewith the report of the Pennsylvania Commission to erect the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble Minded and Epileptic, filed in accordance with the provisions of the Act of May 15, 1903.

I have the honor to be,

Respectfully yours,

JOHN M. SCOTT,
Chairman.

For report see appendix.

Agreeably to order,

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 573 (House No. 942), as follows:

A joint resolution providing for the appointment by the Governor of a Commission to be known as the Pennsylvania State Vaccination Commission and defining its powers and duties and making an appropriation for the expenses thereof

Section 1 Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met That the Governor of this Commonwealth be and is hereby authorized and required to appoint within sixty days after the passage of this resolution a Commission to be known as the Pennsylvania State Vaccination Commission to consist of seven citizens of this Commonwealth two of whom shall be persons who are well known to be in favor of vaccination two of whom shall be persons who are well known to be opposed to vaccination and three of whom shall be persons who are free from strongly fixed opinions decided prejudice or pecuniary professional or other special interest either in favor of or against vaccination

Section 2 When and as often as any vacancy shall occur in the said Commission the Governor shall within sixty days after receiving information thereof fill the same by appointment in the same manner and subject to the same provisions as though said appointment were made within sixty days after the passage of this resolution

Section 3 The said Commission a majority of whom shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business shall meet and organize within thirty days after their appointment and elect from among their number a chairman and a secretary and as promptly as possible proceed to perform their duties

Section 4 The duties of the said Commission shall be to inquire into consider and report upon

(a) The history nature and pathology of smallpox

(b) What means can be used for diminishing the prevalence and mortality from smallpox

(c) The history nature and pathology of vaccination

(d) The original sources from which the various strains of vaccine virus now in use are or have been obtained

(e) The construction administration and sanitary condition of establishments for the propagation preparation and sale of vaccine virus the methods used in the propagation preparation and storage of said virus and in the examination of said virus to determine its potency and freedom from pathogenic micro-organisms and poisonous or deleterious ingredients the preservatives and germicides used in said virus and the effects of said preservatives and germicides upon said virus and upon persons vaccinated with said virus and the labelling of the containers and original packages of said virus

(f) The veterinary inspection of animals used in the propagation of vaccine virus and the disposal of said animals or of the carcasses thereof after they have been so used

(g) The effect of vaccination upon the prevalence of and mortality from smallpox

(h) The objections made to vaccination on the ground of injurious effects alleged to result therefrom and the causes nature and extent of such injurious effects if any be found to so result

(i) The specific instances if any in which vaccination has caused deaths or other seriously injurious effects either directly or as a contributing factor particularly within this Commonwealth

(j) The existing acts and statutes and parts of acts and statutes and legal decisions relating to or touching vaccination and legal regulations governing the propagation preparation and sale of vaccine virus now in force within this Commonwealth the objections made to the same and the changes if any which should be made in said acts and statutes and parts of acts and statutes and legal regulations

Section 5 The said Commission shall make a complete report in writing of the results of their labors to the Legislature that shall convene in one thousand nine hundred and thirteen on or before the first day of February of said year

Section 6 The sum of twenty-five hundred dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby specifically appropriated for the purpose of defraying the expenses of the said Commission The same shall be paid on warrants of the Auditor General on the State Treasurer in favor of and upon the requisition of the chairman of the said Commission the same to be accounted for by the said Commission by proper vouchers certified under the hands of the said chairman and filed with the Auditor General and any unexpended balance in the hands of the said Commission shall be returned to the State Treasury

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—27.

Adams	Hunter	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Jamison	McConnell	Vare
Catlin	Jarrett	McIlhenny	Weingartner
Clark	Jones	McNichol	Wilbert
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wolf
Heacock	Kline	Shields	Crow
Homsher	Manbeck	Snyder	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—2.

Judson Kurtz

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 871 (House No. 949), as follows

An act making an appropriation to the Messiah Home Orphanage of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of three thousand ($3,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Messiah Home Orphanage of Harrisburg Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning the first day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the purpose of maintenance

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	ustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
er	Jarrett		Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
erberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 944 (House No. 1014), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the Aged Colored Women's Home at Williamsport Lycoming county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two thousand ($2,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Aged Colored Women's Home at Williamsport Lycoming county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purpose namely

For the purpose of maintenance two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	ustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 1004 (House No. 1080), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the York Hospital and Dispensary of York City Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-five thousand ($25,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the York Hospital and Dispensary in the city of York for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the purpose of maintenance

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 1005 (House No. 1081), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the York Society to protect Children and Aged Persons formerly the Christian Home of York Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of four thousand ($4,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the York Society to Protect Children and Aged Persons of the City of York Pennsylvania a corporation formed by the merger of The Christian Home of York Pennsylvania a former State beneficiary and The York Society to Protect Children from Cruelty consolidated at the instance and upon the recommendation of the State Board of Public Charities and conducting several homes or institutions at York Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintenance and the prosecution of its work for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 1008 (House No. 1084), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Home of the City of York Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Children's Home of the City of York Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning the first day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven (1911) for the purpose of maintenance

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate resumed the consideration of Senate Bill No. 1090 (House No. 1171), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the Titusville Hospital located at Titusville Crawford county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of eleven thousand ($11,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Titusville Hospital located at Titusville Crawford county Pennsylvania for the following purposes namely

For the support and maintenance of the said hospital for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven eleven thousand ($11,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the consideration of Senate Bill No. 1148 (House No. 1233), as follows:

An act making an appropriation to the Franklin City Hospital

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of sixteen thousand dollars be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Franklin City Hospital for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance the sum of sixteen thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

dams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
exander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
ldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
ckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
tlin	Hunter	McNichol	ustin
lark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
...per	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
eWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
ndsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
ox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
erberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
all	Knapp	Shields	Crow
ays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the estion was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of epresentatives with information that the Senate has assed the same with amendment in which the concurrence the House is requested.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 568 (House No. 327), entitled:

An act prescribing the number of fixtures for water supply r houses and other buildings occupied as dwellings in ties of the first class making violation of its provisions misdemeanor and providing punishment for the same

And said bill having been read at length the third time. d agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—31.

lexander	Huffman	McIlhenny	Tustin
aldwin	Jamison	McNichol	Vare
uckman	Jarrett	Morgan	Weingartner
atlin	Jones	Powell	Wertz
lark	Keyser	Salus	Wilbert
ox	Kline	Shields	Wolf
erbst	Martin	Snyder	Crow
omsher	McConnell	Sones	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—5.

ooper	Endsley,	Hays	Judson
			Nulty

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the estion was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of epresentatives with information that the Senate has assed the same without amendments.

BILL OVER IN ORDER.

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill o. 800 (House No. 265), on third reading, entitled:

An act relating to roads providing for the election and ppointment of township supervisors in second class townships defining their powers duties and limitations relating road tax and the expenditure thereof abolishing the ork tax defining certain duties of the clerk of court fixing the penalties for violation of this act and making an ppropriation to carry out its provisions

over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears one.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. TUSTIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears one.

Mr. TUSTIN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, eported with a favorable recommendation the following ominations made by His Excellency, the Governor of the ommonwealth, which were laid upon the table.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS TO EXAMINE APPLICANTS FOR THE OFFICE OF MINE INSPECTOR FOR THE BITUMINOUS COAL MINES.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 23, 1911.

o the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law I have the honor ereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate, homas B. Young, M. E., of Brownsville, to be a member f the Board of Examiners to examine applicants for the ffice of Mine Inspector for the bituminous coal mines, to erve until March 1, 1913, to compute from the date of conrmation, vice George E. Gay, M. E.

TRUSTEES FOR THE STATE INSTITUTION FOR FEEBLE MINDED.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber Harrisburg, May 23, 1911.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following named gentlemen to be members of the Board of Trustees for the State Institution for Feeble Minded, at Polk, to serve for term of three years, to compute from May 1, 1911.

J. N. Davidson, Allegheny.
William T. Bradberry, Allegheny.
Samuel H. Miller, Mercer.
George W. Magee, Oil City.

JOHN K. TENER.

TRUSTEES OF THE PENNSYLVANIA STATE LUNATIC HOSPITAL AT HARRISBURG.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 23, 1911.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following named gentlemen to be members of the Board of Trustees of the Pennsylvania State Lunatic Hospital at Harrisburg, to serve until April 6, 1914, to compute from the dates set opposite their names, respectively:

William K. Alricks, Harrisburg, April 6, 1911.
Peter E. Buck, Ashland, April 6, 1911.
John F. Mentzer, Ephrata, April 6, 1911.
Daniel C. Herr, Harrisburg, May 25, 1911.

JOHN K. TENER.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 23, 1911.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Frank Lamp, to be Justice of the Peace in and for the township of Robinson, county of Allegheny, to serve until the first Monday in December, 1911, vice Robert McKain, resigned.

JOHN K. TENER.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 23, 1911.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate John S. Brown, to be Justice of the Peace in and for the township of Wilkes-Barre, county of Luzerne, to serve until the first Monday in December, 1911, vice Thomas McCue.

JOHN K. TENER.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. WOLF. Mr. President, I ask that Senate Bill No. 1160 (House No. 526), on third reading, entitled:

An act regulating the sale of pure spirits of turpentine substitutes and imitations thereof fixing penalties providing for the labelling of the same providing for the examination of samples providing for the enforcement of this act and appropriating moneys for the enforcement of this act for a period of two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

go over in its order.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears objection.

Mr. WOLF. Mr. President, I move that this bill be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I hope the Senate will vote for the indefinite postponement of this bill. My information is that this bill is entirely in the interest of the Turpentine Trust, and as far as my judgment goes the trust has got plenty now without giving it any more.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

A division was called for, and fifteen Senators voting in the affirmative and twenty in the negative,

It was not agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1160 (House No. 526), as follows:

An act regulating the sale of turpentine or spirits of turpentine substitutes and imitations thereof fixing penalties providing for the labeling of the same providing for the enforcement of this act and appropriating moneys for the en-

forcement of this act for a period of two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the words "turpentine" or "spirits of turpentine" as used in this act shall mean an article which is wholly distilled from rosin turpentine gum or scrape from the pine tree which is unmixed and unadulterated with oil petroleum benzine or any other substance of any kind whatsoever and that the words "wood turpentine" shall mean an article which is wholly produced from pine wood

Section 2 The word "container" as used in this act shall mean any tank barrel keg can bottle jug or other vessel in which turpentine or any compound or imitation thereof shall be stored sold or offered for sale

The word "person" as used in this act shall mean any individual partnership or corporation acting directly or acting indirectly through the agent servant or employes of such person

The word "marked" as used in this act shall mean "written" "printed" "stamped" "painted" or "blown" or any other means whereby words may be indicated in or on a container or on any label attached thereto

Section 3 No person shall manufacture mix for sale expose for sale or have in possession with intent to sell or store or sell under the name of turpentine or spirits of turpentine any article which does not conform entirely to the requirements of section one and it shall be unlawful to have in possession sell offer for sale or in any manner dispose of any wood turpentine unless the container of the same is conspicuously marked as provided in the case of pure spirits of turpentine "Wood Turpentine"

Section 4 It shall be unlawful for any person to sell or offer for sale any compound or imitation of turpentine or spirits of turpentine without conspicuously marking in letters not less than one inch in height and of equal width and one-quarter inch apart upon the container "Imitation of Turpentine" or "Substitute for Turpentine" except where such article is offered for sale in containers smaller than barrel size in which case such containers shall be conspicuously marked in letters in the English language of appropriate size with notifications provided as above

Section 5 Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall upon conviction thereof before any alderman magistrate or justice of the peace of the county derman magistrate or justice of the peace of the county wherein the offense shall have been committed be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than fifty ($50.00) nor more than one hundred ($100.00) dollars or in default thereof shall be committed to the jail of the proper county for a period of not less than thirty (30) nor more than sixty (60) days for the first offense a penalty of two hundred ($200.00) dollars for the second offense and a penalty of five hundred ($500.00) dollars and imprisonment for a period not exceeding thirty (30) days or both at the discretion of the court for the third offense or subsequent offenses

Section 6 It shall be the duty of the Secretary of Agriculture together with his deputies agents assistants and chemists to cause the provisions of this act to be enforced and to have power and authority to open any container containing or supposed to contain any turpentine or spirits of turpentine or imitation thereof and take therefrom samples for analysis upon tendering the value of said samples and the person interested shall be given a nopportunity to be present when said samples are taken

Section 7 Any person in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania may send samples of turpentine or spirits of turpentine or imitations thereof to the Department of Agriculture for examination The results of such examination shall be reported to such person within fifteen (15) days from the receipt by the Department of such sample The fee for said examination shall be one ($1.00) dollar which shall be paid before such examination shall be made All monies received from such examination shall be paid into the State Treasury The Secretary of Agriculture may from time to time cause to be published the results of such examinations

Section 8 This act shall be effective on and after its passage except as to goods already in the possession of dealers and consumers at the time of the passage of this act

Section 9 All necessary expenses incurred in the enforcement of this act shall after approval in writing by the Secretary of Agriculture be paid by the State Treasurer upon warrant of the Auditor General in the manner now provided by law The sum of six thousand ($6,000) dollars is hereby specifically appropriated for carrying out the provisions of this act for the two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

Section 10 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—22.

Alexander	Herbst	Knapp	Powell
Cooper	Homsher	Martin	Sones
DeWitt	Jamison	McIlhenny	Sprou
Hall	Jarrett	McNichols	Weingartner
Hays	Jones	Nulty	Wertz
Heacock	Judson		

NAYS—12.

Buckman	Martin	Thomson	Wilbert
Catlin	Shields	Tustin	Wolf
Keyser	Snyder	Vare	Crow

Pres. pro te

Less than a majority of all the Senators having vo "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and conside tion of Senate Bill No. 1166 (House No. 662), entitled:

An act relating to private sales of real estate orde decreed or approved by the orphans' courts and prov ing a method of giving notice of such sales and valid ing such private sales of real estate heretofore made un the authority of the orphans' coutrs for the payment debts

And said bill having been read at length the third ti and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the pro sions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—29.

Buckman	Herbst	Knapp	Sones,
Catlin	Hunter	Kurtz	Thomson
DeWitt	Jamison	Manbeck	Vare
Fox	Jones	Martin	Wertz
Hall	Judson	McConnell	Wilbert
Hays	Keyser	McNichol	Wolf
Heacock	Kline	Nulty	Crow
		Shields	

Pres. pro te

NAYS—3.

McIlhenny	Tustin	Weingartner

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" t question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House Representatives with information that the Senate has pass the same without amendments.

CONSIDERATION OF APPROPRIATION BILLS.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I move that the Sen proceed to the consideration of all appropriation bills this calendar.

Mr. TUSTIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consider tion of Senate Bill No. 1202 (House No. 1253), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Institute for C ored Youth at Cheyney Delaware county

And said bill having been read at length the third tin and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the pro sions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		

Pres. pro te

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" t question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House Representatives with information that the Senate has pass the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consider tion of Senate Bill No. 1203 (House No. 1141), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Pen sylvania Institution for the Blind at Pittsburg

And said bill having been read at length the third tim and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

dams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
lexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
aldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
uckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
atlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
lark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
ooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
eWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
ndsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
ox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
erberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
all	Knapp	Shields	Crow
ays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the uestion was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of epresentatives with information that the Senate has passed he same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideraon of Senate Bill No. 1204 (House No. 1129), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Improvement hildren's Home of the City of Pittsburg

And said bill having been read at length the third time, nd agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

dams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
lexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
aldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
uckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
atlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
lark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
ooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
eWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
ndsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
ox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
erberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
all	Knapp	Shields	Crow
ays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye," the uestion was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of epresentatives with information that the Senate has passed he same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideraon of Senate Bill No. 1205 (House No. 1071), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools the Eastern District of the Commonwealth of Pennsylania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, nd agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

dams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
lexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
aldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
uckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
atlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
lark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
ooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
eWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
ndsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
ox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
erberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
all	Knapp	Shields	Crow
ays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye," the uestion was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of epresentatives with information that the Senate has passed he same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideraon of Senate Bill No. 1206 (House No. 754), entitled:

An act fixing the salary of the storekeeper in the office f the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1207 (House No. 747), entitled:

An act providing for the appointment of a commission to survey and ascertain the location of a military route or roads constructed and traversed by General Edward Braddock and General John Forbes in their respective military expeditions of one thousand seven hundred and fifty-five and one thousand seven hundred and fifty-eight and make a report thereon to the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in writing for publication and making an appropriation for the payment of necessary assistance and expenses incurred in the field and office work of the same

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1208 (House No. 731), entitled:

An act prohibiting the making of appropriations by the General Assembly to unincorporated charitable reformatory or correctional institutions formed organized or established after the date of the approval of this act and making it unlawful for the Auditor General and State Treasurer to make payments of appropriations to such associations

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz

Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1209 (House No. 1255), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools situate in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth to defray the expenses of erecting an additional cottage and certain other buildings for the accommodation of the girls' department in their county home near Darlington Delaware county

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter		Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1210 (House No. 1261), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the University of Pittsburg for the extension of the buildings of the School of Medicine and the School of Mines for the erection of a building for the School of Dentistry for the general maintenance of the University construction of all buildings and the purchase of equipment and for the Hospital Clinic Mining Engineering Medicine and Observatory purposes

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1211 (House No. 1263), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Temple University of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, I consider this a priv institution and therefore not entitled to money any m than Muhlenberg, Ursinus, Bucknell or Gettysburg.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the p visions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—12.

Adams	Hunter	Snyder	Tustin
Cooper,	Kurtz	Sproul	Vare
Fox	Salus	Thomson	Wertz

NAYS—21.

Alexander	Huffman	McIlhenny	Powell,
DeWitt	Jarrett	McNichol	Washers
Hall	Judson	Miller	Weingartner
Hays	Keyser	Morgan	Wilbert
Heacock	Martin	Nulty	Wolf
Herbst			

Less than a majority of all the Senators having vot "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and cons eration of Senate Bill No. 1212 (House No. 1260), entitle

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to a cept the grant of public lands by the United States the endowment of agricultural colleges" approved April fi one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three and maki appropriations for carrying the same into effect

And said bill having been read at length the third tim and agreed to,

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisio of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—38.

Adams	Homsher	Martin	Thomson
Baldwin	Huffman	McIlhenny	Tustin
Buckman	Hunter	Miller	Vare
Clark	Jamison	Morgan	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Salus	Weingartner
Fox	Judson	Shields	Wertz
Hall	Keyser	Snyder	Wilbert
Hays	Kline	Sones	Wolf
Heacock	Kurtz	Sproul	Crow
Herbst	Manbeck		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" t question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House Resentatives with the information that the Senate h passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and cons eration of Senate Bill No. 1213 (House No. 1275), entitle

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Critte ton Home located at one hundred and thirty-nine Que Street Germantown Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third tim and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the p visions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper,	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" t the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House Representatives with information that the Senate h passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and cons eration of Senate Bill No. 1214 (House No. 1284), entitle

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Working Home for Blind Men for maintenance in handicraft employment

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1215 (House No. 1262), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the University of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1216 (House No. 1230), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital of the Northern Anthracite Coal Region of Pennsylvania at Scranton Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1217 (House No. 1216), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Training School for Feeble Minded Children at Elwyn Delaware county

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1218 (House No. 1210), entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the maintenance of Mary M Packer Hospital Sunbury Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1219 (House No. 1333), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the German Baptist Home for the Aged of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideraiion of Senate Bill No. 1220 (House No. 1327), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Colored Day Nursery of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1221 (House No. 1264), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to finance committee of the organization commission of the Twelfth International Congress of Navigation to help defray the expenses incident to the meeting of said congress to be held in Philadelphia in June one thousand nine hundred and twelve

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1222 (House No. 1278), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Sisters of Charity of Saint Catherin's Orphan Asylum of Reading Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1223 (House No. 1364), entitled:

An act to authorize the purchase of historical works relative to the services of any regiment or battery or other unit of military organization of Pennsylvania Volunteers during the war for the suppression of the rebellion when same has been approved by the Governor Adjutant General and Auditor General making an appropriation for purchase of same and payment of expenses incurred or services rendered in examination and correction of said histories and providing for distribution of histories so purchased

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1224 (House No. 1293), entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the improvement of the State Canal Basins at the Port of Erie by dredging the said for widening the piers and bridge over the water channel between the said canal basins and erecting certain walls in the same for the protection of said State canal basins with harbor of Erie authorizing the appointment of a commission to make said improvements and providing for regulating the manner in which said basin shall be used by the public and kept in repairs

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1225 (House No. 1064), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams,	Heacock,	Manbeck,	Snyder,
Alexander,	Herbst,	Martin,	Sones,
Baldwin,	Homsher,	McConnell,	Sproul,
Buckman,	Huffman,	McIlhenny,	Thompson,
Catlin	Hunter,	McNichol,	Tustin,
Clark,	Jamison,	McNichols,	Vare,
Cooper,	Jarrett,	Miller,	Wasbers,
DeWitt,	Jones,	Morgan,	Weingartner,
Endsley,	Judson,	Nulty,	Wertz,
Fox,	Keyser,	Powell,	Wilbert,
Gerberich,	Kline,	Salus,	Wolf,
Hall,	Knapp,	Shields,	Crow,
Hays,	Kurtz,		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1226 (House No. 944), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to St. Joseph's Hospital of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1227 (House No. 1062), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Catholic Home for Destitute Children Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1228 (House No. 1229), entitled:

An act making an appropriation of twenty-one thousand dollars for the erection of a monument to Robert Morris in the City of Philadelphia and empowering the appointment of a Commission to select a site and to build such monument and providing for the expenses of the said Commission and dedication of monument

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the privisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1229 (House No. 1113), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Brownsville General Hospital at Brownsville Fayette county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1230 (House No. 1050), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills School situate in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth to defray the expenses of erecting a refrigerating plant and the installation of a sewage plant for the boys' department at Glen Mills Delaware county

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	**Homsher**	**McConnell**	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	**Judson**	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	**Kline**	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1232 (House No. 1237), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the DuBois Hospital of DuBois Clearfield county Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sprou'
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	**Wilbert**
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	**Wolf**
Hall	Knapp	[illegible]ds	**Crow**
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1233 (House No. 1330), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Commission for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Hospital for the Treatment of the Insane under Homeopathic management to be called the Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander		Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	**Wilbert**
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1234 (House No. 920), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home and Maternity Hospital

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	**Herbst**	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	**Wertz**
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1235 (House No. 1328), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Carroll R Williams J H Shoemaker and A Morton Cooper of Philadelphia for services as attorneys for the Dairy and Food Commissioner and to A K Cassel of said city for services as special agent of the Dairy and Food Commissioner

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	**Hunter**	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	**Jamison**	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	**Jarrett**	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	**Wilbert**
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1236 (House No. 1028), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Salvation Army Rescue and Maternity Home of Bellevue Allegheny county

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

[illegible]ams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander		Martin	[illegible]nes
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers

DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1237 (House No. 1133), entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the Springdale General Hospital at Springdale Allegheny county

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1238 (House No. 1282), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Agricultural Experiment Station of the Pennsylvania State College Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1239 (House No. 1290), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the German Hospital of the City of Philadelphia

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1167 (House No. 590), entitled:

An act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to Fred Muster superintendent of the Bear Company Berwick Pennsylvania the amount paid by him to cover fine imposed for alleged violation of the minor labor act of one thousand nine hundred and nine

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

RECESS.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess until 9 o'clock this evening.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

The President pro tempore (Mr. W. E. CROW) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills has passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 2, entitled:

An act fixing the time when the term of office of judges of the Supreme Superior Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts learned in the law shall commence and the time of the nomination and election of successors to judges of the Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts whose commissions expire in odd numbered years

House Bill No. 72, entitled:

An act validating the incurring of debt or increase of indebtedness of townships of the second class by its supervisors for the purpose of macadamizing or paving with brick any of the roads and highways building constructing repairing and maintaining permanent roads culverts and bridges purchasing machinery or lifting orders or payment of any contracts made therefor to an amount in the aggregate not exceeding two per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein as fixed and determined by the last preceding assessed valuation thereof and all coupon bonds or other securities issued therefor and also assessments of annual tax for the payment of the principal and

interest of such indebtedness represented by such bonds or other securities since the twentieth of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four

House Bill No. 157, entitled:

An act relating to judgments obtained before aldermen and justices of the peace against counties cities boroughs townships school districts poor districts and other municipalities or incorporated districts requiring aldermen and justices of the peace to file transcripts of such judgments in the prothonotary's office within ten days from rendition of the same providing for the entry of record thereof by the prothonotary and for fees for services of the magistrate and prothonotary providing for certificates to be furnished by such magistrates of such judgments to taxpayers on demand and payment of a fee providing a penalty for violation of the act and methods of procedure to enforce the same

House Bill No. 179, entitled:

An act to provide for the making of a new ordinance book and record of the ordinances of any borough in which the ordinance book thereof has become lost destroyed or so much worn or mutilated as to be unserviceable

House Bill No. 325, entitled:

An act for the protection of shade and fruit trees growing on or along any highway street or road

House Bill No. 231, entitled:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act relating to damages for injuries producing death" approved the twenty-sixth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five so as to provide that certain surviving relatives of the deceased may recover damages whether such surviving relatives be citizens of this Commonwealth or not

House Bill No. 401, entitled:

An act providing for the examination licensure and registration of persons firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage and prescribing certain rules regulations and requirements for the construction of plumbing house drainage and cesspools in cities of the first class and imposing fines penalties and forfeitures for violation thereof

House Bill No. 360, entitled:

An act authorizing the release on probation of certain convicts instead of imposing sentences the appointment of probation and parole officers and the payment of their salaries and expenses regulating the manner of sentencing convicts in certain cases and providing for their release on parole Their conviction of crime during parole and their rearrest and reconviction for breach of parole and extending the powers and duties of boards of prison inspectors of penitentiaries

House Bill No. 435, entitled:

An act defining and prohibiting pandering providing penalties for violation hereof and regulating the competency of certain evidence at the trial thereof

House Bill No. 405, entitled:

An act to regulate the temperature of milk and cream intended to be shipped sold or offered for sale

House Bill No. 448, entitled:

An act authorizing and empowering the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings to rent offices and rooms outside of the Capitol buildings when necessary for the accommodation of any department board or commission of the State government

House Bill No. 458, entitled:

An act regulating the amount of liability a corporate surety may undertake in any single obligation

House Bill No. 460, entitled:

An act providing for the payment of premiums on bonds required of public officers and for the discharge of sureties thereunder

House Bill No. 508, entitled:

An act relating to taxation and bonus on capital stock

House Bill No. 531, entitled:

An act authorizing and fixing the charges to be made for certificates and copies furnished by the Custodian of Public Records in the State Library

House Bill No. 550, entitled:

An act to prevent the issuing or transfer by any person other than a warehouseman or person controlling a place for storing of goods of any paper in similitude of a warehouse receipt and prescribing punishment therefor

House Bill No. 560, entitled:

An act authorizing the ascertainment award levy assessment and collection of the costs damages and expenses of municipal improvements including the opening widening straightening extending grading paving macadamizing curbing or otherwise improving of roads streets lanes alleys or parts thereof completed or in course of completion and also the costs damages and expense of the construction of any sewer or drain completed or now in process of completion providing for the ascertainment levy and collection of damages and benefits therefor from property peculiarly benefited where under existing laws or ordinances private property could be assessed for such benefits and constituting such benefits a lien upon the property upon which they are assessed and authorizing the completion of such improvements now in progress

House Bill No. 589, entitled:

An act to amend the second section of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety in certain employments by regulating the ages at which said minors may be employed their hours of employment their protection against injury and to prescribe rules for the obtaining of employment certificates and prescribing penalties for violation of the provisions thereof" approved April twenty-ninth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine so as to exclude tanneries

House Bill No. 633, entitled:

An act to provide a standard of tests for illuminating oils to provide a penalty for violating the provisions of this act and repealing former acts

House Bill No. 676, entitled:

An act in relation to the appointment and salaries of the deputy sheriffs on duty in the court rooms of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of the Peace in counties containing a population of not less than seven hundred and fifty thousand nor more than one million two hundred thousand

House Bill No. 697, entitled:

An act relating to coroners and the holding of post mortems in the several counties of the Commonwealth

House Bill No. 903, entitled:

An act to provide for the disposition and payment of costs in all cases tried in the juvenile court

House Bill No. 620, entitled:

An act to authorize the publication binding and distribution of eight hundred additional copies of Smull's Legislative Hand-Book for the use of the State Railroad Commission the Water Supply Commission the Superintendent of State Police and the Commissioner of Health

House Bill No. 755, entitled:

An act to fix the compensation and allowances for members of the General Assembly

House Bill No. 608, entitled:

An act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject

House Bill No. 634, entitled:

An act prohibiting hospitals and other institutions receiving State aid from restricting pay patients in the selection of physicians and surgeons not connected with said institutions and providing a penalty therefor

House Bill No. 601, entitled:

An act regulating and exhibiting or using of moving pictures and stereopticon views providing for and regulating their examination and fixing penalties for the violation of this act

House Bill No. 692, entitled:

An act regulating the pay of election officers at all elections hereafter held within this Commonwealth

House Bill No. 615, entitled:

An act to fix and regulate the compensation of directors of the poor of poor districts composed of several townships boroughs and cities situate wholly within any counties of this Commonwealth not exceeding five hundred thousand population

House Bill No. 671, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to refund to Jacob Beitzel of the City of York Pennsylvania certain moneys inadvertently and erroneously paid by him into the State Treasury for a distiller's license for a distillery heretofore and now known as the Hellam Distilling Company

House Bill No. 690, entitled:

A joint resolution for the participation of the State of Pennsylvania in the Panama-Pacific International Exposition to be held in San Francisco in nineteen hundred and fifteen to celebrate the completion and opening of the Panama Canal and the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of the Pacific Ocean and providing for the appointment of a commission and making an appropriation to defray the expenses of the same

House Bill No. 715, entitled:

An act refunding twenty-five dollars to Frederick J Cuneo

House Bill No. 730, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the protection of the monument erected by this Commission at Cherrytree or Canoe Place Indiana county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 732, entitled:

An act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to John Minsinberger the amount paid by him for his commission as a notary public

House Bill No. 741, entitled:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane" approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by extending the time during which said appropriation shall be available

House Bill No. 770, entitled:

A joint resolution constituting a commission to investigate and report to the General Assembly a plan for the segregation care and treatment of feeble minded and epileptic persons within the Commonwealth and making an appropriation thereto

House Bill No. 774, entitled:

An act creating a Bureau of Preliminary professional education with authority to determine the preliminary education of students desiring to commence and fully complete the study of medicine surgery pharmacy or dentistry providing for the number and term and appointment of its members defining the powers and prescribing the duties of said bureau authorizing rules and regulations therefor creating an appropriation for the maintenance thereof making the violation of the provisions of this act unlawful and prescribing the punishment therefor and repealing all laws inconsistent with this act

House Bill No. 825, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to pay the judgments obtained against the Commonwealth by Guiseppe Carraggi Stefano Pagano Salvatore Bellavia Salvatore Stutto Francesco Cirranni Guiseppe Cirrannia Cologero Arno Cologero Corriero Carlo Plumeri Michalena Mandrina Muzza and Felice Muzza and Michalena Mandrina Muzza and Felice Muzza executors of Mariassunto Acro Guercio

House Bill No. 851, entitled:

An act to provide for the support of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and Naval Force of Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and for the payment of an annual allowance to officers of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and Naval Force of Pennsylvania and for the purpose of placing five hundred thousand dollars or as much thereof as may be necessary at the disposal of the Governor of the Commonwealth and making same available to pay expenses incident to actual service rendered by the National Guard of Pennsylvania under orders of the Governor in repelling of invasion subduing insurrection riot or disorder or to furnish the quota of volunteers from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania under a call made by the President of the United States

House Bill No. 871, entitled:

An act to provide for the better protection of the lives bodies and health of women and new-born children throughout the Commonwealth by regulating the practice of midwifery as performed by midwives and to provide for the licensing and registration of midwives in the State of Pennsylvania and to provide that the Medical Council of the State of Pennsylvania shall enforce the provisions of this act making an appropriation therefor and providing certain penalties

House Bill No. 909, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Wyoming Valley Society for the Prevention and Treatment of Tuberculosis of Wilkes-Barre Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 910, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the United Charities of Hazleton Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 911, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Middle Coal Field

House Bill No. 912, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Almira Home of New Castle Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 913, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Nanticoke Hospital Association

House Bill No. 914, entitled:

An act providing for an examination of the Nanticoke Hospital of Nanticoke Luzerne county Pennsylvania providing for the transfer under certain conditions of the said hospital to the Commonwealth regulating said hospital in the event of such transfer and making an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this act

House Bill No. 915, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Wilkes-Barre City Hospital

House Bill No. 916, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittston Hospital Association

House Bill No. 917, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Old Ladies' Home of Wissinoming Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 921, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the West Philadelphia Hospital for Women in the City of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 922, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the Friends' Home for Children Philadelphia Pennsylvania situate at four thousand and eleven Aspen Street (West Philadelphia)

House Bill No. 923, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Eastern State Penitentiary of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 924, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Women's Southern Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 925, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Union Home for Old Ladies of West Philadelphia

House Bill No. 926, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Penn Asylum for Indigent Widows and Single Women located at Belgarde street and Susquehanna avenue Philadelphia

House Bill No. 927, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Mary's Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 928, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Museum and School of Industrial Art of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 929, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Aged of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 930, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Nazarene Home for the Aged at Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 931, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Samaritan Hospital of Temple University of Philadelphia Pennsylvania.

House Bill No. 932, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Blind

House Bill No. 933, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Society to Protect Children from Cruelty of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 934, entitled:

An act making an appropriation towards the maintenance of the Pennsylvania Nautical Schoolship located at the Port of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 935, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial Commission for the balance required to reimburse the railroad companies for the transportation to the dedication of the Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial dedicated [illegible] seventh one thousand nine hundred and ten such veterans of Pennsylvania regiments and other organizations as were entitled to be transported thereto

House Bill No. 936, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Home Teaching Society and Free Circulating Library for the Blind

House Bill No. 937, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Kensington Hospital for Women at Philadelphia

House Bill No. 938, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Stetson Hospital of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 939, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Northwestern General Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 940, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Chestnut Hill Hospital of Chestnut Hill Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 941, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial Commission for the purpose of having designed modelled made and erected on the State memorial or monument at Gettysburg dedicated September twenty-seventh one thousand nine hundred and ten bronze statues of President Lincoln Governor Curtin and of Major Generals Meade Reynolds Hancock Birney Pleasonton and Gregg and of completing the monument and correction of misspelled names or omissions on tablets grading and making a pavement around monument and expenses of commission

House Bill No. 943, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the expenses required by an act entitled "An Act to provide for the continuance of the education and maintenance of the destitute orphans of the deceased soldiers sailors and marines and the destitute children of permanently disabled soldiers sailors and marines of the State" approved May twenty-fifth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine also making an appropriation to carry out the provisions of an act to provide for the education and maintenance of the children admitted to the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphans' Industrial School and the Soldiers' Orphans' Schools approved May twenty-seventh one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three

House Bill No. 945, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Seamen's Fund Society of Philadelphia Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 946, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the McKeesport Hospital McKeesport Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 947, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Polyclinic Hospital of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 948, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Nursery Home of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 950, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Industrial Home at Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 951, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless at Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 952, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Sylvan Heights Home for Orphan Girls at Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 953, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Lunatic Hospital for the Southern District of Pennsylvania located at Harrisburg

House Bill No. 954, entitled:

An act to provide for the publishing of the proceedings of the dedication of the Pennsylvania Monument at Salisbury North Carolina erected under an act of the Legislature of Pennsylvania June thirteenth one thousand nine hundred and seven providing for the distribution and clerical work thereof and making an appropriation for the same

House Bill No. 955, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Harrisburg Hospital of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 956, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittendon Mission of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 957, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Good Samaritan Hospital of Lebanon Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 958, entitled:

An act refunding to the trustees of the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane the sum of fifteen thousand dollars to liquidate outstanding bills against said institution

House Bill No. 959, entitled:

An act amending the fifteenth section of an act approved the twenty-second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania and making an appropriation therefor" as amended by the first section of an act approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act amending section fifteen of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the chronic insane to be called the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania and making an appropriation therefor' approved the twenty-second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one so as to fix the maximum amount for maintenance weekly per capita" by increasing to three dollars and fifty cents the maximum amount per capita for weekly maintenance one dollar and fifty cents thereof to be paid by the county or poor district from which the patient shall have been received

House Bill No. 960, entitled:

An act providing for the exhibition and celebration in Philadelphia to commemorate the fiftieth anniversary of the Emancipation Proclamation creating a commission to conduct same and making an appropriation therefor

House Bill No. 961, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Institute for the Deaf and Dumb for maintenance and education of State pupils and also a special appropriation for one deaf dumb and blind pupil

House Bill No. 962, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the Cottage State Hospital Philipsburg Centre county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 963, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Training in Speech of Deaf Children before they are of School Age at Belmont Avenue and Monument Road Philadelphia

House Bill No. 964, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Board of Commissioners of Navigation for the River Delaware and its navigable tributaries for two years from June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

House Bill No. 965, entitled:

An act to provide for the payment of the expenses incident to the attendance of the Members of the Pennsylvania Legislature at the funeral of the Honorable J Calvin Meyer deceased

House Bill No. 966, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to pay for the care treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane in the State and semi-State hospitals for the insane of the Commonwealth for the two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

House Bill No. 967, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to pay for the care treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane in county and local institutions of the Commonwealth for the two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

House Bill No. 968, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to cover the deficiencies incurred in the care treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane of the Commonwealth during the two years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and nine and ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

House Bill No. 969, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Memorial Home at Brookville Jefferson county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 970, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Epileptic Hospital and Colony Farm Chester county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 971, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Beaver Valley General Hospital at New Brighton Beaver county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 972, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Rochester General Hospital at Rochester Beaver county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 973, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Beaver County Children's Home Association of New Brighton Beaver county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 974, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Sewickley Fresh Air Home in Beaver county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 975, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Passavant Memorial Homes for the Care of Epileptics at Rochester Beaver county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 976, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Adrian Hospital Association of Punxsutawney Jefferson county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 977, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the National Farm School at Doylestown

House Bill No. 978, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Christopher's Hospital for Children of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 979, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Women's Homeopathic Association of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 980, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Infants

House Bill No. 981, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged Couples of the City of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 982, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Mount Sinai Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 983, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Museums

House Bill No. 984, entitled:

An act providing for the erection by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a statute in memory of General George Gordon Meade in the City of Washington and making an appropriation therefor

House Bill No. 985, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Roosevelt Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 986, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Howard Hospital of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 987, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Mount Pleasant Memorial Hospital Mount Pleasant Westmoreland county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 988, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Homestead Hospital Association of Homestead Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 989, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Joseph Ratti Hospital located at Bloomsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 990, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Markleton General Hospital at Markleton Somerset county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 991, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the Pennsylvania Oral School for the Deaf

House Bill No. 992, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Home and Maternity Hospital of Scranton Lackawanna county

House Bill No. 993, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Carbondale Hospital Association of the City of Carbondale

House Bill No. 994, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the Associated Charities and Humane Society of Lackawanna county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 995, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the West Mountain Sanatorium of Scranton Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 996, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittendon Mission of Scranton

House Bill No. 997, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Hahnemann Hospital of Scranton Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 998, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Taylor Hospital Association

House Bill No. 999, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Mid-Valley Hospital

House Bill No. 1000, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Benevolent Association's Home for Children of Pottsville Schuylkill county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1001, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb

House Bill No. 1002, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Elk County General Hospital of Ridgway Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1003, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic Home Department of Pennsylvania at Hawkins Station Allegheny county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1004, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Suburban General Hospital of Bellevue Allegheny county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1005, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Allegheny General Hospital of Pittsburg North Side Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1006, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Western Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1007, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Curtis Home for Destitute Women and Children of the City of Pittsburg State of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1008, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Columbia Hospital at Wilkinsburg to be applied to maintenance and improvements

House Bill No. 1009, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital at Wilkes-Barre Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1010, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittendon Circle of Wilkes-Barre Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1011, entitled:

An act to provide for the publishing of the proceedings of the dedication of the Pennsylvania Monument at Cold Harbor Virginia erected under an act of the Legislature of Pennsylvania June thirteenth one thousand nine hundred and seven providing for the distribution and clerical work thereof and making an appropriation therefor

House Bill No. 1012, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Girls' Training School one hundred and thirty-one East Third Street Williamsport Lycoming county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1013, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Boys' Industrial Home at Williamsport Lycoming county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1014, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Aged Colored Women's Home at Williamsport Lycoming county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1015, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittendon Mission Williamsport Lycoming county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1016, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless of the City of Williamsport Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1017, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Lewistown Hospital of Lewistown

House Bill No. 1019, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Danville Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1020, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Butler County General Hospital at Butler Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1021, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Latrobe Hospital Latrobe Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1022, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Cottage State Hospital at Connellsville Fayette county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1023, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Joseph's Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1024, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Historical Society of Western Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1025, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Francis Hospital of Pittsburg

House Bill No. 1026, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Presbyterian Hospital of Pittsburg

House Bill No. 1027, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Dixmont Hospital for the Insane at Dixmont in the County of Allegheny

House Bill No. 1029, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittsburg Home for Babies of Pittsburg

House Bill No. 1030, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Institution of Protestant Deaconesses of Allegheny county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1031, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Chartiers Valley General Hospital of Ingram Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1032, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Montefiore Hospital Association of Pittsburg

House Bill No. 1033, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Home of the Good Shepherd of the County of Allegheny Troy Hill

House Bill No. 1034, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Industrial Home for Colored Working Girls Pittsburg

House Bill No. 1035, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the German Home for Aged at Fair Oaks Allegheny county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1036, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1037, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Orphans' Asylum of the Holy Family located at Emsworth in the County of Allegheny

House Bill No. 1038, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Protestant Home for Boys of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1039, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Avery College Trade School of North Side Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1040, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania located at Wernersville Pennsylvania to pay for the care treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane in said asylum for the two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

House Bill No. 1041, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Widows and Single Women of Lebanon and Lebanon county

House Bill No. 1042, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburg

House Bill No. 1043, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the State Forest Academy at Mont Alto Franklin county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1044, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Todd Hospital at Carlisle Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1045, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the board of trustees of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' and Sailors' Home at Erie Pennsylvania for maintenance of said home and fixing the annual maximum per capita rate of maintenance and providing that all moneys received from the United States by the Governor on account of maintenance shall be paid into the State Treasury

House Bill No. 1046, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the refunding of fees paid into the State Treasury by applicants for a notary public commission when for any cause such commission shall not be received by the applicant and making an appropriation therefor

House Bill No. 1047, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Newcastle Hospital at New Castle Lawrence county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1049, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Panther Creek valley Hospital Coaldale Schulykill county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1051, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Medico-Chirurgical Hospital of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1052, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the House of the Good Shepherd of Philadelphia situate at Thirty-fifth and Fairmount avenue

House Bill No. 1053, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Woman's Hospital of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1054, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Hebrew Sheltering Home and Day Nursery for Children in the County of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1055, entitled:

An act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act for the compilation and publication of the laws of the Province and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania prior to the year one thousand eight hundred" approved the nineteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven continuing the commissioners appointed in accordance with the provisions of said act for the further period of two years and making an appropriation for the expenses therein referred to

House Bill No. 1056, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Temporary Home of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1058, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Midnight Mission of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1059, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Orthopaedic Hospital and Infirmary for Nervous Disease

House Bill No. 1060, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Wills Eye Hospital of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1061, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Protectory for Boys Protectory Station Montgomery County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1064, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint John's Orphan Asylum Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1065, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Hospital Department of the Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1066, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Lying-in-Charity Hospital Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1067, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Aged one thousand eight hundred and nine (1809) Mount Vernon Street Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1068, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Chester Hospital at Chester

House Bill No. 1069, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Downingtown Industrial and Agricultutral School of Downingtown Chester County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1070, entitled:

An act refunding to Margaret F D Leiper moneys mistakenly paid by her into the State Treasury

House Bill No. 1072, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania at South Mountain Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1073, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the House of the Good Shepherd in the City of Reading Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1074, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Hospital in the City of Reading Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1075, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Beulah Anchorage of Reading Reading Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1076, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Friendless Children in City of Reading Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1077, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital of Reading Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1078, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Reading Hospital in the City of Reading Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1079, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Berks County Tuberculosis Society for the erection of an additional hospital building and water plant on its grounds on Neversink Mountain Berks county and for maintenance of its sanatorium there

House Bill No. 1082, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the providing and erection of armories throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the use of the National Guard of Pennsylvania said armories to be erected managed and cared for under direction of the State Armory Board also an appropriation for the care and management of armories erected or provided and to be erected or provided for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven necessary repairs and contingent expenses in maintenance of armories actual traveling expenses of members of State Armory Board clerical expenses of board inspection expenses also an appropriation contingent upon fire or other cause and which may damage or destroy an armory or armories

House Bill No. 1083, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Paradise Protectory and Agricultural School at Paradise York county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1085, entitled:

An act to provide for the payment of appropriations heretofore made or hereafter to be made by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to a corporation or corporations now or hereafter merged or consolidated

House Bill No. 1087, entitled:

An act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of continuing and maintaining schools among the Cornplanter Indians of Warren County" approved the tenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five by increasing the annual appropriation

House Bill No. 1088, entitled:

An act making an appropriation of two hundred dollars per year for a period of two years for the purpose of maintaining a public road through the Cornplanter Indian Reservation and the bridges on said road in Elk Township Warren county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1089, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Warren Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1090, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Warren Emergency Hospital of Warren Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1091, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Orphans' Asylum of Tacony Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1092, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to The Berean Manual Training and Industrial School

House Bill No. 1093, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Northern Home for Friendless Children of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1094, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the West Philadelphia General Homeopathic Hospital and Dispensary

House Bill No. 1095, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia for the maintenance of its hospital department and the construction of a building to provide for the maternity department of that hospital

House Bill No. 1096, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Johnstown City Hospital

House Bill No. 1097, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Conemaugh Valley Memorial Hospital at the City of Johnstown

House Bill No. 1098, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital of Johnstown located in the City of Johnstown Cambria county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1099, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Christian Home of Johnstown Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1100, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Luke's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1101, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the Thaddeus Stevens Industrial School of Pennsylvania at Lancaster Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1102, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Friendless Children for the city and county of Lancaster Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1103, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Lancaster General Hospital

House Bill No. 1104, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Easton Hospital at Easton Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1105, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Berwick Hospital Berwick Columbia county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1107, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the United Zion Home and Hospital Lititz Lancaster county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1108, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Topographic and Geological Survey Commission of Pennsylvania for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the Topographic and Geological Survey Commission of Pennsylvania to establish and maintain a topographic and geological survey of the State fixing salaries providing for the printing and binding of the results of said survey and furnishing of supplies and stationery and making an appropriation therefor" approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

House Bill No. 1109, entitled:

An act to provide for the making of fac similes of ancient documents papers seals and arms belonging to the Commonwealth and making an appropriation therefor

House Bill No. 1110, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Department of Forestry to be used in rebuilding the dam at Promised Land Pond in Pike county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1111, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Columbia Hospital located at Columbia Lancaster county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1112, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Bellefonte Hospital at Bellefonte Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1114, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Williamsport Hospital of the city of Williamsport Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1115, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Charity Hospital of Montgomery county Pennsylvania located at Norristown

House Bill No. 1116, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Joseph's Protectory Norristown Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1117, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the State Hospital for the Insane for the Southeastern District of Pennsylvania at Norristown Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1120:

An act making an appropriation to the Pottstown Hospital Pottstown Montgomery county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1121, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Industrial School formerly located at Paoli Chester county and now located at Eagleville Montgomery county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1122, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the purchase of lands by the Department of Forestry to be set aside and held as State Forest Reserves

House Bill No. 1124, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital

House Bill No. 1125, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Colored Women's Relief Association of Western Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintaining the Davis Temporary Home for Colored Children and Day Nursery located at Pittsburg Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

House Bill No. 1126, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital for maintenance

House Bill No. 1127, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to enable the Secretary of Internal Affairs to purchase from the United States Government standard tests of weights and measures for use of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1128, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the General and Emergency Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1130, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Visiting Nurse Association located in North Side city of Pittsburg Allegheny county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1131, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Humane Society

House Bill No. 1132, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Allegheny Valley Hospital at Tarentum Allegheny county

House Bill No. 1134, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Ohio Valley General Hospital McKees Rocks Allegheny county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1135, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Fairview Wayne county

House Bill No. 1136, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the South Side Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1137, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Saint John's General Hospital of Allegheny City

House Bill No. 1138, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Boys' Industrial Home of Western Pennsylvania located at Oakdale Allegheny county

House Bill No. 1139, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home and Rescue Mission of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1140, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Western State Penitentiary

House Bill No. 1142, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Tuberculosis League of Pittsburg Pennsylvania for maintenance and improvement

House Bill No. 1143, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1144, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the George Junior Republic Association of Western Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1145, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittsburg and Allegheny Home for the Friendless situated in the city of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1146, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Woods Run Industrial House of Allegheny now North Side Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1148, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittsburg Newsboys' Home of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1149, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the St. Joseph's Protectory for Homeless Boys of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1151, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Chambersburg Hospital of Chambersburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1152, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Franklin county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1153, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of a deficiency that has arisen under the provisions of an act entitled "An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania etc" approved the tenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and making an additional appropriation for expenses that may be required under the provisions of said act for the two years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

House Bill No. 1154, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to defray the expenses incident to the dedication of the monument now being erected under the provisions of an act of Assembly approved May thirteenth one thousand nine hundred and nine in the National Cemetery at Culpeper Virginia to the memory of the Pennsylvania soldiers buried therein

House Bill No. 1155, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Wyoming Valley Hospital

House Bill No. 1156, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Home of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1157, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged and Infirm Women at Easton Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1158, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Easton Home for Friendless Children

House Bill No. 1159, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Allentown Hospital Allentown Lehigh county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1160, entitled:

An act entitled An Act making an appropriation to the St Luke's Hospital located at South Bethlehem Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1161, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Hospital Department of the Jewish Hospital Association of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1162, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Gynecean Hospital in the city of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1163, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Home of Industry for Discharged Prisoners of the city of Philadelphia and State of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1164, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Rosine Hospital of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1165, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to reimburse E C Rudolph of Big Run Pennsylvania for moneys expended by him in the suppression of a smallpox epidemic at Eleanora Jefferson county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1167, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Waynesburg Hospital

House Bill No. 1168, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Meadville City Hospital located at Meadville Crawford county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1169, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Spencer Hospital located at Meadville Crawford county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1170, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Auxiliary of the Children's Aid Society of Western Pennsylvania located at Meadville Crawford county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1172, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State hospital for the treatment and care of the criminal insane to be called the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane and making an appropriation therefor" approved the eleventh day of May, Anno Domini nineteen hundred and five directing the commissioners for the erection of said State Hospital for the Criminal Insane to surrender their trust to a board of trustees to be appointed by the Governor authorizing the said Board of Trustees to continue the erection and completion of the buildings of said State Hospital for the Criminal Insane and authorizing said Board of Trustees to receive at any time such numbers of criminal insane patients as can be accommodated in the buildings before the completion of the entire institution and further defining the powers and duties of said Board of Trustees

House Bill No. 1173, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Commission of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Fairview Wayne county

House Bill No. 1174, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Corry Hospital of the city of Corry Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1175, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Elmwood Home of Erie Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1176, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for maintenance and for the purchase improvement equipment and furnishing a building at the Renovo Hospital at Renovo Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1177, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Lock Haven Hospital

House Bill No. 1179, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Uniontown Hospital of Uniontown Fayette county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1180, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Robert Packer Hospital

House Bill No. 1181, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Providence Hospital of Beaver Falls Beaver county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1182, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Shenango Valley Hospital of New Castle Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1183, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Timothy's Memorial Hospital and House of Mercy Roxborough

House Bill No. 1184, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Garrettson Hospital of Temple University of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1185, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the American Oncologic Hospital at Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1187, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Frederick Douglass Memorial Hospital and Training School of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1188, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Rush Hospital for Consumption and Allied Diseases of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1189, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Women's Medical College of Pennsylvania for use in the Hospital Department Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1190, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Industrial Home for Crippled Children at Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1191, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittsburg Hospital Sisters of Charity of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1192, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Home of the Good Shepherd Lincoln avenue Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1193, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged and Infirm Colored Women Lemington avenue Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1194, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the Irene Kaufman Settlement of Pittsburg Pennsylvania formerly known as the Columbia School and Settlement of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1195, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the Sewickley Valley Hospital Association of Sewickley County of Allegheny Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1196, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the De Paul Institute of Scott township Allegheny county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1197, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Northwestern Pennsylvania Humane Society of Erie Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1198, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Erie Home for the Friendless of the city of Erie Erie county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1199, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home of Erie

House Bill No. 1200, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Hamot Hospital Association of the city of Erie Erie county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1202, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Clearfield Hospital Clearfield county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1203, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Canonsburg General Hospital Association at Cannosburg Washington county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1204, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the J C Blair Memorial Hospital of Huntingdon Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1205, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Simon H. Barnes Memorial Hospital of Susquehanna

House Bill No. 1206, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to reimburse certain counties for monies paid to county agricultural associations in excess of the State appropriation therefor

House Bill No. 1207, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Maternity Hospital in the city of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1208, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Miners' Hospital of Northern Cambria at Spangler in Cambria county

House Bill No. 1209, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon

House Bill No. 1211, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged Veterans and Wives located at Sixty-fifth and Vine streets in the City of Philadephia

House Bill No. 1212, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital and School for Nurses in the city of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1213, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1214, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Monongahela Memorial Hospital Association of Monongahela City Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1217, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Washington Hospital Washington Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1218, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the City Hospital Association of Washington Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1219, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Altoona Hospital Blair county

House Bill No. 1220, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons at Mercer Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1221, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Grove City Hospital at Grove City Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1222, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Christian H. Buhl Hospital of Sharon Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1223, entitled:

An act to amend section nine of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of sites and the erection of State Hospitals thereon for injured persons to be located within the bituminous and semi-bituminous coal regions of this Commonwealth to be called the State Hospitals for Injured Persons with the bituminous and semi-bituminous coal regions of Pennsylvania and for the management of the same and making appropriations therefor" approved the fourteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven so as to authorize under certain contingencies the reception care and treatment of patients other than injured persons in said hospitals

House Bill No. 1224, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital Altoona Blair county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1225, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pottsville Hospital Schuylkill county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1226, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Anthracite Coal Regions of Pennsylvania at Fountain Springs near Ashland Schuylkill county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1227, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the West Side Hospital Association of the city of Scranton

House Bill No. 1228, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless of the city of Scranton

House Bill No. 1231, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Braddock General Hospital of the borough of Braddock Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1232, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Grand View Institution of Oil City Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1234, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Oil City Hospital of Oil City Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1235, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the State Normal Schools of the Commonwealth

House Bill No. 1236, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania at Polk Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1237, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the DuBois Hospital of DuBois Clearfield county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1238, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Kittanning General Hospital at Kittanning Armstrong county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 547, entitled:

An act to amend section two of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act regulating the sale of milk and its fluid derivatives in cities of the first class providing for the licensing for those engaged in that business and providing penalties for the violation thereof" by providing for the revocation of the licenses of second offenders against the requirements of the Board of Health or against the laws or ordinances regulating or relating to milk or its fluid derivatives in such cities

House Bill No. 666, entitled:

An act authorizing and empowering the several courts of common pleas of the Commonwealth upon cause shown to discharge lands bound by the lien of any sum or sums of money under the provisions of any last will and testament for the maintenance of a burial lot or lots and to appoint a trustee to hold said sum or sums of money for the purpose for which the land is or shall be charged by said last will and testament

House Bill No. 659, entitled:

An act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act relating to insolvency embracing among other matters voluntary assignments for the benefit of creditors forbidding also certain preferences providing for the distribution of insolvent's estate and in certain contingencies relieving him and others liable with him from further liability from his or their debts" approved June fourth one thousand nine hundred and one

House Bill No. 622, entitled:

An act dispensing in judicial proceedings to which a corporation is a party with proof of incorporation of either plaintiff or defendant when not put in issue

House Bill No. 695, entitled:

An act to prevent frauds against carriers of passengers for hire within this Commonwealth and prescribing penalties for the breach of the provisions hereof

House Bill No. 665, entitled:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the paving curbing and macadamizing of streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same" approved April twenty-third one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine by fixing a different portion of the cost and expense which may be assessed against abutting property where the property on one side of the street or thoroughfare desired to be improved is exempt from assessment

House Bill No. 878, entitled:

An act providing for and regulating the purchase or condemnation of real estate by boroughs for the purpose of constructing wharves landing places and docks

House Bill No. 520, entitled:

An act regulating the construction and repair of highways over drains or culverts

House Bill No. 612, entitled:

An act making it a misdemeanor to intimidate levy blackmail or extort money or other valuable thing or attempt so to do from any person and providing punishment therefor

House Bill No. 646, entitled:

An act relating to milk providing for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating the sale of milk skimmed milk and cream providing penalties for the violation thereof and providing for the enforcement thereof

House Bill No. 605, entitled:

An act to provide for the surrender of franchises of Meadow companies and the transfer of duties of said Meadow companies to the respective cities or counties within which the lands governed by said Meadow companies may lie

House Bill No. 673, entitled:

An act relating to the location construction and maintenance of viaducts and bridges in townships of the first class and adjacent territory empowering the board of commissioners of the several townships of the first class of this Commonwealth to construct or have constructed bridges or viaducts over rivers creeks streams railroads and private lands or over and across railroads and any of them or over and across railroads for public railways and to procure locations therefor by purchase or condemnation proceedings whether the same be wholly within or partly within and partly without the township limits authorizing said townships to unite and enter into a contract or contracts with the county commissioners of the proper county and with railroad street railway and other companies and parties interested or with any of them for the erection construction and maintenance of said viaduct and bridges and for the payment of the damage caused by their location and erection and forbidding any railroad company to pass under or upon any such viaduct or bridge without contributing to the cost of maintenance thereof

House Bill No. 603, entitled:

An act to further amend the eigtheenth section of an act entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner and staff of assistants and defining the powers and duties thereof authorizing the State Highway Department to co-operate with the several counties and townships and with boroughs in certain instances in the improvement of the public highways and the maintenance of improved highways providing for the application of counties and townships for State aid in highway improvement and maintenance providing for the payment of the costs of highway improvements made under the provisions of this act by the State the counties and the townships and making an appropriation for this purpose and providing a penalty for maliciously destroying improved roads" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five as amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner and staff of assistants and defining the powers and duties thereof authorizing the State Highway Department to co-operate with the several counties and townships and with boroughs in certain instances in the improvement of the public highways and the maintenance of improved highways providing for the application of counties and townships for State aid in highway improvement and maintenance providing for the payment of the cost of highway improvements made under the provisions of this act by the State the counties and the townships and making an appropriation for this purpose and providing a penalty for maliciously destroying improved roads' approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five increasing the number of employes of the State Highway Department and fixing the amounts of their salaries eliminating from the items included in the expense of construction and from those covered by damages the cost of changes of grade extending the provisions of the act to incorporated towns increasing the percentage which may be paid to contractors in advance of the final completion of the work authorizing the setting of monuments and planting of trees along State highways prohobiting the construction of gas or water lines along State highways except under certain conditions and providing that the kind of roads to be built shall be decided by the State Highway Commissioner" approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven.

Senate Bill No. 20, entitled:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the removal of judges of the Supreme Superior Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts permanently disqualified by reason of physical or mental disability to perform their judicial functions and duties with half pay for their unexpired terms and the filling of vacancies caused by such removal" approved May eleventh one thousand nine hundred and one so as to allow them full pay during the balance of their terms of office and half pay during the remainder of their lives.

Senate Bill No. 25, entitled:

An act amending sections three eight and fourteen of "An Act to provide for licensing and regulating employment agencies in cities of the first and second class in this Commonwealth and providing penalties for the violation thereof" approved the twenty-fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven

Senate Bill, No. 103, entitled:

An act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner two Deputy State Highway Commissioners chief engineer chief draughtsman superintendents of highways and a staff of assistants and employes defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of Commissioner and Deputies and other appointees providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county seats principal cities and towns and extending to the State line describing and defining same by route numbers as the State highways of the Commonwealth providing for the improvement maintenance and repair of said State highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expenses to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same, requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain

State highways wholly and in part requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner providing for the payment of damages in taking of property or otherwise in the improvement thereof providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State highway and procedure therein providing for work of improvement of State highways to be done by contract except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work be done by the State providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads defining highways and State-aid highways providing method of application for State and in the improvement maintenance and repair of township or county roads and prescribing the contents of township county borough or incorporated town petitions providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State county township borough or incorporated town and requiring contracts by counties townships boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same providing for the minimum width of State highways and State-aid highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs, providing penalty for injuring or destroying State highways making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act.

Senate Bill No. 127, entitled:

An act establishing in each county a board of viewers prescribing their duties providing for their appointment as viewers road juries juries of view and commissioners to view land and providing for the charges upon the respective counties in the matter of salaries costs and expenses thereof

Senate Bill No. 159, entitled:

An act to provide within the following boundaries namely On the west by the present eastern line of Capitol Park on the north by the southern line of North street on the east by the western line of the right of way of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and on the south by the northern line of Walnut street for the extension of Capitol Park in the city of Harrisburg and for the acquiring taking and condemnation of the real estate in connection therewith and within said boundaries and for the demolition of the buildings and structures thereon and making an appropriation therefor and also for the expenses and cost in connection therewith.

Senate Bill No. 225, entitled:

An act to amend the second section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled "An Act to authorize cities and boroughs to condemn property and rights inside and outside of their limits for the purposes of obtaining and supplying water" by fixing the number of the viewers at three

Senate Bill No. 277, entitled:

An act validating certain elections of counties cities boroughs townships school districts and other incoporated districts held pursuant to the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof" and the amendments thereto and validating bonds issued in pursuance of such elections

Senate Bill No. 287, entitled:

An act supplementing an act approved the fifteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic to be called the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic and making an appropriation therefor" by abolishing the Commission therein established providing for the completion of said institution regulating the powers of the Board of Trustees and repealing the tenth and seventeenth sections thereof

Senate Bill No. 297, entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act relating to the settlement of public accounts" approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine by providing that the powers imposed shall be exercised by the concurrent action as a board of all the officers named and that said officers shall act in person and not by deputy

Senate Bill No. 298, entitled:

An act authorizing and empowering cities and boroughs in their corporate capacity to enact ordinances prescribing such reasonable regulations for the mining of coal beneath said cities and boroughs as may tend to prevent the settling or carving in of the surface

Senate Bill No. 299, entitled:

An act providing for the election of councilmen in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth and fixing the time and manner of the organization of the town councils therein

Senate Bill No. 316, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the better government of cities of the first class in this Commonwealth" approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five authorizing and establishing a Board of Recreation for the creation organization care management conduct and supervision of recreation facilities of cities of the first class except as herein provided

Senate Bill No. 318, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one creating and regulating a City Planning Department giving it jurisdiction extending it over the city and for three miles beyond the city limits and regulating the laying out of plans of lots within its jurisdiction

Senate Bill No. 354, entitled:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 379, entitled:

An act authorizing the Battlefield Commission of the Third Division Ninth Corps Army of the Potomac to purchase additional ground and authorizing the preparation and publication of a history of the proceedings incident to the erection and dedication of the monument at Petersburg Virginia including a history of the Pennsylvania regiments in said division and making an appropriation therefor

Senate Bill No. 382, entitled:

An act to amend sections two three eight and thirteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the first and second class of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for the violations of its provisions" approved the seventeenth day of February Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six and sections five six seven ten fifteen and sixteen of said act as amended by the act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of the electors in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for violations of its provisions" approved June third one thousand nine hundred and seven by further defining "party" and who may be appointed registrars increasing the terms of commissioners changing the registration days and the form of register requiring all petitions to be under oath and empowering the chief clerk of the board of registration commissioners to administer oaths and providing for additional employes for said boards and fixing their compensation and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

Senate Bill No. 413, entitled:

An act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of game commissioners for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania defining their duties and empowering them to appoint game protectors" approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and nienty-five providing for an increase in the number of game protectors as authorized by said section and authorizing the publication of reports and bulletins at public expense

Senate Bill No. 422, entitled:

An act providing for the method contents style reporting printing and binding of the Legislative Journal and the preparation printing and binding of the Journals of the Senate and House of Representatives authorizing the appointment of official reporters typewriters clerks and other employes providing for the making of an appendix and index the printing of wrappers or envelopes for mailing the Legislative Journal and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

Senate Bill No. 430, entitled:

An act amending section three of article one section five of article three sections sixteen seventeen and eighteen of article four section two of article six section one of article seven sections one and three of article eight and sections one and seven of article nine of an act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class" appproved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine

Senate Bill No. 476, entitled:

An act authorizing poor districts to acquire lands supply erect and equip hospitals for the care and treatment of indigent persons afflicted with tuberculosis and providing for a per capita allowance by the State for the patients treated therein

Senate Bill No. 487, entitled:

An act permitting the substitution of other securities for those deposited with the State Treasurer to secure the Commonwealth against relief notes issued by certain banks of this Commonwealth and the furnishing of other security therefor

Senate Bill No. 524, entitled:

An act to authorize county commissioners to erect a bridge for pedestrians only in lieu of a wagon bridge legally authorized when in their judgment such bridge will sufficiently accommodate public travel

Senate Bill No. 532, entitled:

An act enabling the several boroughs of the Commonwealth to validate certain ordinances where the same have not been published according to law or where the proof of publication cannot be made

Senate Bill No. 543, entitled:

An act to amend the sixth section of an act entitled "An Act dividing the cities of this State into three classes regulating the passage of ordinances providing for contracts for supplies and work for such cities authorizing the increase of indebtedness and the creation of a sinking fund to redeem the same defining and punishing certain offences in all of said cities and providing for the incorporation and government of cities of third class" approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four providing that it shall be lawful for the councils of any city to pass ordinances defining the competency of workmen or laborers engaged in work for such city under contacts and prescribing the minimum wages to be paid and the maximum hours of employment of workmen or laborers so engaged and validating such existing ordinances

Senate Bill No. 546, entitled:

An act providing for the election of city assessors in cities of the third class fixing their term and the time for the completion of their annual and triennial assessments and the expiration of the terms of assessors now in office

Senate Bill No. 547, entitled:

An act fixing the time for organization of the legislative departments of municipal governments and for the inauguration of mayors of cities

Senate Bill No. 551, entitled:

An act to regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings used for the exhibition of moving pictures in all cities of the first class providing for the enforcement thereof and fixing penalties for violation of the same

Senate Bill No. 554, entitled:

An act amending sections one four five and ten of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the third class of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for violation of its provisions" approved the fifth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six and sections three seven and twelve of said act as amended by the act entitled "An Act amending sections three seven twelve and thirteen of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the third class of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for violation of its provisions' approved the fifth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six increasing the compensation of registrars in said cities and providing for an additional registration day" approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven by further defining who may be appointed registrars increasing their terms of office changing the registration days and the form of register providing further regulations for the registration of electors and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

Senate Bill No. 555, entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend sections four seventeen eighteen nineteen twenty-one twenty-six twenty-nine thirty-three thirty-four and thirty-six of an act entitled 'An Act to establish a Board of Wardens for the Port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotages and for other purposes therein mentioned' approved the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand eight hundred and three and vesting the authority over pilots and pilotages in the bay and river Delaware in the Board of Commissioners of Navigation for the River Delaware and its navigable tributaries" approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred and seven and providing for the classification of pilots and regulating the qualifications of pilots and pilot apprentices

Senate Bill No. 556, entitled:

An act providing for the compensation of district attorneys whose terms expired on the first Monday in January one thousand nine hundred and eleven but who by virtue of an amendment to article fourteen section two of the Constitution of Pennsylvania were required to serve an additional year

Senate Bill No. 565, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State hospital for the treatment and care of the criminal insane to be called the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane and making an appropriation therefor" approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five directing the commissioners for the erection of said State Hospital for the Criminal Insane to surrender their trust to a board of trustees to be appointed by the Governor authorizing the said boad of trustees to continue the erection and completion of the building of said State hospital for the Criminal Insane and authorizing said board of trustees to receive at any time such numbers of criminal insane patients as can be accommodated in the buildings before the completion of the entire institution and further defining the powers and duties of said board of trustees

Senate Bill No. 574, entitled:

An act providing for the protection of owners of animals or vehicles and providing penalties for the violation thereof

Senate Bill No. 579, entitled:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class" approved the twenty-eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine providing for advertisement by the county commissioners of population and of the intention to proclaim townships of the first class and prescribing certain conditions under which townships of the required population for townships of the first class shall retain or resume the governmental form powers and officers of townships of the second class

Senate Bill No. 600, entitled:

A supplement to an act of Assembly entitled "An Act to authorize co-operation of cities of the third class school districts thereof and incorporated library associations therein for the erection and maintenance of free public libraries" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and ninety) by authorizing school districts of cities of the third class to contract for the maintenance of free nonsectarian public libraries without guarantee therefor by the city and validating contracts heretofore or hereafter to be made without such guaranty

Senate Bill No. 604, entitled:

An act to protect trees and woodlands and providing punishment for the violation thereof

Senate Bill No. 606, entitled:

An act authorizing the granting of right of way over the forestry reserves in this Commonwealth for telegraph and telephone companies and for the transportation and marketing of timber bark gas oil and minerals from adjacent lands and authorizing the Forestry Commission to make such conditions regulations and restrictions as may be necessary for the protection of the interests of the Commonwealth and providing for the payment for said right of way

Senate Bill No. 619, entitled:

An act to quiet the title to real estate and to enable citizens of the United States and corporations authorized to hold real estate within this Commonwealth to hold and convey title to real estate which has been formerly held by or for corporations not authorized by law to hold the same

Senate Bill No. 627, entitled:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to authorize the appointment of short hand clerks for the courts of Allegheny county" approved the twelfth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven

Senate Bill No. 640, entitled:

An act relating to receipts or certificates issued by the owners of bonded distillery warehouses special bonded warehouses and bonded warehouses established under the provisions of the revised statutes of the United States relating to distilleries providing that such receipts or certificates shall be in all respects valid warehouse receipts or certificates and providing for the payment of taxes storage and other charges or liens due thereon to the United States government

Senate Bill No. 641, entitled:

An act to provide for the incorporation and government of motor omnibus companies for the purpose of carrying passengers for hire within the cities of this Commonwealth

Senate Bill No. 652, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic to be called the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic and making an appropriation therefor" approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and three authorizing the Board of Trustees to enter into agreements respecting highways railways railroads and other means of travel within the lands of the said institution

Senate Bill No. 675, entitled:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An act authorizing the

county commissioners of the several counties or the town councils of the several boroughs of this Commonwealth or both to appropriate annually a sufficient sum of money to each post of the Grand Army of the Republic in their respective counties or boroughs to aid in defraying the expenses of Memorial Day" by requiring the commissioners to make the payments specified and fixing the maximum amount thereof

House Bill No. 677, entitled:

An act requiring the approval of the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania to any extension of the time within which the exercise of their charter rights under the existing law water or water power companies shall begin and complete their works and also providing for the annulment of charters of water or water power companies which shall not have begun or completed works within the time set by existng laws

House Bill No. 670, entitled:

An act to amend paragraph twenty-nine of the first section of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the publication binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth" approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five by providing for the publication binding and distribution of an increased number of copies of the report of the Highway Commissioner

Whereupon,

The President pro tempore (Mr. W. E. CROW), in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

Senate Bill No. 267, returned with amendment.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 267, entitled:

An act making appropriations to institutions not wholly managed by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania liens on the premises of such institutions for the use of the Commonwealth and providing for the collection thereof

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is reuested.

The amendments were twice read as follows:

By striking out the entire bill and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

An act making appropriations to institutions not wholly managed by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania liens on the premises of such institutions for the use of the Commonwealth and providing for the collection thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That all appropriations of money hereafter made by this Commonwealth to any benevolent, charitable, philanthropic, educational or eleemosynary institution, corporation or unincorporated association not wholly supported by this Commonwealth and not under the exclusive control and management of this Commonwealth, for structures, erections or other permanent improvements of any kind shall be a lien as hereinafter set forth on the real estate upon which such structure, erection or other permanent improvement is to be made.

Section 2 It shall be the duty of such institution, corporation or unincorporated association, if it accept such appropriation within sixty days after such appropriation is approved by the Governor to transmit to the Auditor General of this Commonwealth a full and complete description of the real estate and location thereof upon which such erection, structure or other permanent improvement is to be erected, constructed or made.

Section 3 It shall be the duty of said institution, corporation or unincorporated association within sixty days after the approval of such appropriation by the Governor to notify in writing the State Treasurer that it has decided to accept such appropriations, and if it fail so to do it shall be conclusively presumed to have declined the same.

Section 4 Upon the receipt by the State Treasurer of such notice of acceptance he shall forthwith file a copy thereof with the Auditor General of the Commonwealth, and the Auditor General shall forthwith transmit to the Prothonotary of the respective county in which aforesaid real estate may be situate, his certificate setting forth the amount of such appropriation, the location and full description of said real estate, the fact of such acceptance of said appropriation and the date of approval thereof by the Governor.

Section 5 Upon receipt of such certificate by said Prothonotary he shall forthwith enter a note of such certificate in a docket provided and maintained by him for such purpose, at the expense of the respective county, to be known and marked as the "State Appropriation Docket" wherein the Commonwealth shall appear as plaintiff and the respective institution, corporation or unincorporated association as defendant, such notation to contain the locality and brief description of said real estate, amount of said appropriation and date of approval thereof by the Governor and date of the making of said notation, and shall file and keep said certificate as other records are filed and kept. He shall also prepare and maintain proper indexes of said dockets at the expense of the respective county aforesaid, giving the name of the said institution, corporation or unincorporated association, amount of said appropriation and date of entry of said notation in said docket and the number of the volume and page thereof.

Section 6 Such appropriations shall be non-interest bearing liens on said real estate from the date of such entry of said certificates in said dockets and in case of public or private sale of such real estate shall be paid out of the proceeds thereof before any subsequent lien, mortgage, encumbrance or other charge.

Section 7 All such institutions, corporations or unincorporated associations shall have the right to pay the amount of said liens to the State Treasurer at any time in full or in partial payment and it shall be the duty of the State Treasurer to accept the same and to forthwith transmit to the Prothonotary of the respective county aforesaid his certificate that he has received said payment or payments and the date of receiving same, which certificate or certificates shall be forthwith filed and kept by said Prothonotary with the other records in the case and a notation thereof, setting forth the respective dates and amounts of such payments shall be made by him on said dockets and indices in the proper place, and when it appears that the full amount of said appropriation has been repaid as aforesaid to the State Treasurer, said Prothonotary shall mark said lien as satisfied in full upon said dockets and indices at the proper place. The aforesaid defendants shall pay said Prothonotary the sum of Five Dollars for satisfaction of said liens and the sum of fifty cents for each partial payment credited as aforesaid to be taxed as costs and collected when said lien is satisfied as aforesaid.

Section 8 Should at any time before said lien is paid in full and satisfied as aforesaid, the said institution, corporation or unincorporated association fail to utilize said real estate and erections constructions and other permanent improvements aforesaid for the purposes for which said appropriations were made, the Commonwealth at the relation of the Attorney General shall have the right to issue a writ or writs of scire facias on said lien and prosecute the same to final judgment for the unpaid portion thereof, and sell said real estate, erections, constructions, and other improvements aforesaid by writ or writs of levari facias in the same manner and with the same effect as scire facias are issued and lands sold on levari facias on mortgages and without inquisition and condemnation

Section 9 In cases where real estate owned by institutions corporations or unincorporated associations which have received appropriations of money made by the Commonwealth for the structures erections or permanent improvements of any kind and for which the Commonwealth shall have a lien as herein provided shall be sold or taken by eminent domain and other property of equal or greater value be acquired by such institutions corporations or unincorporated associations the Auditor General shall upon the entry of a lien upon such acquired property in favor of the Commonwealth for an amount equal to that theretofore existing released the real estate from the lien to which it was theretofore subject.

Said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution.

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Adams	Heacock	Martin	Shields
Alexander	Herbst	McConnell	Sones
Buckman	Homsher	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Huffman	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Hunter	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jamison	Miller	Vasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Wertz
Endsley	Keyser	Nulty	Wilbert
Fox	Kline	Powell	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Salus	Crow
Hays	Manbeck		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

SENATE BILL NO. 453, RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 453, entitled:

An act to direct appeals to the Supreme Court from any decree of distribution wherein the fund for distribution whenever any appeal from such decree involving the same question shall be cognizable by and taken to the said court

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were read as follows:

By striking out in the second line of the title the words "is in excess of fifteen hundred dollars" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "whenever any appeal from such decree involving the same question shall be cognizable by and taken to the said court." Also by striking out the first section and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "That whenever any appeal from any final decree of any court of common pleas or orphans' court upon any question of distribution shall be cognizable by and taken to the Supreme Court all other appeals from the same decree and involving the same question shall also be taken to the Supreme Court."

In section 1, line 8, by striking out the word "forthwith" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: after hearing before the Attorney General of the Commonwealth (of which hearing the said corporation shall have notice);" also in section 2, line 15, the words "or whether its business and manner of conducting the same is injurious and contrary to the interests of the public;" also in line 21 by inserting after the word "corporation" the following: "or for cause shown may take the matter out of the hands of the Commissioner of Banking and discharge any deputy or deputies who may have been appointed by him and appoint a permanent receiver or receivers in their stead who shall thereupon take immediate possession of the property and assets of such corporation and proceed to wind up its affairs the same as now required under existing laws;" also in section 6, line 23, by inserting after the word "companies" the following: "Procided that the compensation of such deputy deputies receiver or receivers appointed hereunder shall not be fixed at more than ten dollars per day and necessary expenses including necessary premium paid for official bond."

Said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution.

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Odered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

SENATE BILL NO. 596 RETURNED WITH AMENDMENTS.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 596, entitled:

An act providing for the liquidation distribution of assets and dissolution of corporations under the supervision of the Commissioner of Banking and repealing all acts of Assembly supplied hereby or inconsistent herewith

with the information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were read as follows:

By striking out in section 1, line 8, the word "forthwith" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "after hearing before the Attorney General of the Commonwealth (of which hearing the said corporation shall have notice);"; also in section 2, line 15, by striking out the following: "or whether its business and manner or conducting the same is injurious and contrary to the interests of the public;" also by inserting after the word "corporation," in line 21, the following: "or for cause shown may take the matter out of the hands of the Commissioner of Banking and discharge any deputy or deputies who may have been appointed by him and appoint a permanent receiver or receivers in their stead who shall therupon take immediate possession of the property and assets of such corporation and proceed to wind up its affairs the same as now required under existing laws." Also in section 6, line 23, by inserting after the word "companies" the following: "Provided that the compensation of such deputy deputies receiver or receivers appointed hereunder shall not be fixed at more than ten dollars per day and necessary expenses including necessary premium paid for official bond."

Said amendments having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 263.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 263, entitled:

A joint resolution providing for the issuing of an invitation to neighboring States to a conference with respect to the taxing of oil gas and bituminous coal

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 394.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 394, entitled:

An act to amend section eleven of an act entitled "An Act relating to corporations and to estates held for corporate religious and charitable uses" approved the the twenty-sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 493.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 493, entitled:

An act giving additional protection to wild waterfowl of all kinds in this Commonwealth limiting the number of decoys that may be used by any one person at one time or by any number of persons acting together forbidding the shooting of wild waterfowl before sunrise and imposing penalties for violation of its provisions

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 760.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 760, entitled:

An act prescribing the time and manner of submitting to the people for their approval and ratification or rejection certain proposed amendments to the Constitution

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 781.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 781, entitled:

An act relating to the settlement and audit of the accounts of all officers elected or apointed of boroughs townships poor districts and school districts prescribing the time for such settlement and audits for the matters to be contained in the report of settlement and audit for the filing of the said report in the office of the clerk of quarter sessions and for appeals to the court of common pleas and superior and supreme courts

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 792.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 792, entitled:

An act authorizing the printing and binding of the annual report of the Commissioner of Health in two separate volumes

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 680.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 680, entitled:

An act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven and changing the election of the judges therein mentioned from the general election to the municipal election as now provided by law in accordance with the requirements of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 678.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 678, entitled:

An act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act for the appointment and maintenance of a board to be known as the Armory Board of the State of Pennsylvania and for the payment of its expenses and for providing managing and caring for armories for the use of the National Guard of Penn-

sylvania and making an appropriation for the same authorizing the State Armory Board to receive from counties cities municipalities and other sources donations or contributions for the purpose of this act" approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five fixing the salaries and providing for the payment of expenses of the members of the Armory Board

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 681.

He also returned to the Senate Senate Bill No. 681, entitled:

An act to amend the first section of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act concerning the sale of railroads canals turnpikes bridges and plank roads' approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one extending the provisions of said act to coal iron steel lumber or oil or mining manufacturing transportation and telegraph companies in this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight as amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled 'A supplement to an act entitled "An Act concerning the sale of railroads canals turnpikes bridges and plank roads' approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one extending the provisions of said act to coal iron steel lumber or oil or mining manufacturing transportation and telegraph companies in this Commonwealth' extending said act so as to embrace all sales made under and by virtue of a power to sell contained in any mortgage or deed of trust without any process or decree of a court in the premises" approved the thirty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven and as further amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled 'A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act concerning the sale of railroads canals turnpikes bridges and plank roads' approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one extending the provisions of said act to coal iron steel lumber or oil or mining manufacturing transportation and telegraph companies in this Commonwealth' extending said act so as to embrace all sales made under and by virtue of a power to sell contained in any mortgage or deed of trust without any process or decree of a court in the premises' approved the thirty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven so as to give to sales or conveyances made under and by virtue of any process or decree of a district court of the United States the same force and effect which are by said act given to sales or conveyances made under and by virtue of any process or decree of any court of this State or of the circuit court of the United States" approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine so that said act shall apply also to sales and conveyances of material rolling stock and property whether located wholly or partly within this State and franchises or all or any part of such material rolling stock property and franchises and whether of a corporation of this State or of this State and any other State or States and shall prescribe the rights and powers of the corporation formed by the purchase the issuance by it of stock and bonds and the number and selection of directors

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE BILL NO. 608 RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

He also presented extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives which was read as follows:

In the House of Representatives, May 24, 1911.

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That House Bill No. 608, entitled

An act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject

be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

The resolution was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Ordered, that the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE PRINTING OF ADDITIONAL COPIES OF THE ADVANCE SHEET OF THE SCHOOL CODE.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to resolution from the House of Representatives as follows:

In the House of Representatives,
May 19, 1911.

Whereas, There is a great demand for copies of the act known as the "School Code"

Therefore Be it Resolved (if the Senate concur) That the Secretary of the Commonwealth is hereby directed to have printed (25,000) additional copies of the advance sheet of said act to be distributed as follows: Five thousand copies to the Department of Public Instruction, six thousand to the Senate, twelve thousand to the House of Representatives, one thousand to the Legislative Reference Bureau, and one thousand to the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE APPOINTMENT OF COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE PUBLIC SERVICE CORPORATIONS IN PENNSYLVANIA.

He also presented extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives which was twice read as follows, and referred to the Committee on Finance.

In the House of Representatives,
May 24, 1911.

Whereas, His Excellency, the Honorable John K. Tener, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in his inaugural address, delivered at Harrisburg, January 17th, 1911, at the time of his inauguration as Governor of the Commonwealth, said:

"The present Railroad Commission has done well; but, circumscribed as to its limitations, it cannot fulfill the present requirements in the treatment of the relations between the people and the public service corporations. There should be a commission, vested with all possible power, to have the general supervision and control of the corporations and individuals having to do with public utilities, and the present Railroad Commission abolished

"Properly conducted, this public service commission would create a better feeling between the people and the corporations; would keep these companies within their lawful bounds, and compel them to render to the public the reasonable and satisfactory service for which their franchises were granted. It would prevent the building of unnecessary railroads and works, and the issuance of obligations not fully represented by actual value given; it would protect these companies against unfair attacks while, at the same time, the rights of the people would be fully conserved. I recommend the enactment of legisation creating a commission. It is desired by the people, and should be welcomed by all fairly disposed corporations"

An Whereas, House Bill No. 875, entitled

"An act defining public service companies prescribing and defining the duties of public service companies prescribing defining and limiting the powers of public service companies and regulating the creation of such companies creating and establishing a public service commission for the supervision and regulation of public service companies prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such commission and its officers and providing for the salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders by the court of common pleas of Dauphin county and giving such court exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal from all decrees of said court to the Supreme Court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of such orders or of the provisions of this act and repealing the act approved May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and seven providing for the appointment of a Railroad Commission and all other legislation inconsistent with this act"

failed of passage for the reason that certain members of the General Assembly allege lack of sufficient time to properly inform themselves concerning the scope and provisions of such bill.

And Whereas, It is the sense of the General Assembly and of the people of the State generally that a law should be enacted to regulate such public service companies and that a commission should be created for the purpose of inquiring into the practical workings of such public service companies whether or not they are complying with the laws under which they are incorporated and make report to the next General Assembly together with a draft of an Act of Assembly as will best protect the interests of the people of the Commonwealth, and insure to them proper service and accommodation from public service companies, incorporated under the laws of this State, or authorized to do business therein, therefore

Be it Resolved (if the Senate concur), That a commission, consisting of five persons, to be appointed by the Governor of the Commonwealth, be and the same is hereby created, which commission shall be known as the Commission to Investigate Public Service Corporations in Pennsylvania. Each commissioner, at the time of his appointment shall be a resident of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall have resided therein for a period of at leaast one year next preceding his appointment and shall also be a qualified elector therein and not less than twenty-five years of age.

The said commission shall have power and authority to inquire into the general supervision, management regulation and operation of all public service companies doing business in this Commonwealth, or empowered so to do. Said power and authority shall include the power to inquire into the regulation, service, rates, fares, tolls or charges of any and all public service companies, including individual and joint rates, long and short haul charges for the conveyance of passengers and property, interchange of facilities or traffic or other service, the making of repairs, alterations, additions, extensions and improvements in and to such service, the granting of transfers between different lines of common carriers or to or from one part of the system of the same common carrier to another part, the routing of the lines of street railways, under the provisions of the act entitled "An Act authorizing traction or motor power companies and street pasesnger railway companies running, leasing, controlling or operating different lines of street railways to operate all of said lines as a general system, and to lay out such new routes or circuits over the whole or any part of any street or streets occupied by such different companies, and to run cars thereon for such distances and in such directions as will in the opinion of the operation company

best accommodate public travel," approved the fifteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five (Pamphlet Laws sixty-five), or otherwise the just and equitable distribution of trains, cars, vehicles and motive power, or other facilities of all common carriers, the granting, construction, operation or discontinuance of switches, sidings and regulation of crossings, the location or abolition of freight and passenger stations, wharves, docks or piers, the use and compensation for cars owned or controlled by persons other than the carrier, the safety, adequacy and sufficiency of the facilities, plant and equipment for the carrying on of their business by said public service companies, the quantity or quality of water, gas, electricity or light, heat or power supplies and generally all acts, matters and things incident to the management and conduct of their business and the performance of their public duties, and their compliance with the provisions of the Constitution, the laws of the land and their charters.

The said commission shall also have power and authority to examine and consider the laws of this Commonwealth relating to public service corporations and revenue and the general working thereof. The said commission shall have the power to issue subpoenas, signed by its chairman, requiring the attendance of persons and the production of books and papers, as in its judgment will assist in the performance of its duties aforesaid. Said commission shall make full report in writing to the General Assembly in 1913 of the result of such examinations or investigations made by it. Also a statement of facts and explanations as will disclose the actual workings and operations of public service companies in their relation to the business and prosperity of the Commonwealth and such suggestions as to the general policy of the Commonwealth or the amendment of its laws or the condition, affairs or conduct of any public service corporations as may seem to it appropriate. Also a draft of a bill to be known as the public service company law, together with the reasons and necessity therefor

The commission shall have a secretary an attorney, and such other officers as will enable it to properly perform the duties authorized and required under the provisions of this resolution. Said secretary, attorneys and employes to receive such reasonable compensations in the judgment of the commission may be necessary. The expenditures of the commission shall be limited to the amount provided therefor in the general appropriation bill, to be passed at this session of the Legislature and shall be paid out of the State Treasury, upon vouchers signed by the chairman of said commission.

The term "public service company," when used in this resolution includes all railroad corporations, canal corporations, street railway corporations, stage line corporations, express corporations, baggage transfer corporations, pipe line corporations, incline plane corporations ferry corporations, common carriers, tunnel corporations, turnpike corporations, plank road corporations ,boulevard corporations, bridge corporations, wharf corporations, grain elevator corporations, telegraph corporations, telephone corporations, natural gas corporations, artificial gas corporations, electric corporations, water corporations, water power corporations, heat corporations refrigerating corporations sewage corporations, as well as all persons engaged for profit in the same kind of business as that of any of the said corporations, and all other corporations or persons engaged for profit in any other quasi-public business within this State or empowered so to do, as well as holding coporations.

HOUSE CONCURS IN RESOLUTION PROVIDING FOR THE UNVEILING OF THE GROUPS OF SCULPTURE PREPARED BY SCULPTOR GEORGE GRAY BARNARD.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate,
May 23, 1911.

Whereas, The completed groups in marble modeled and prepared by the eminent sculptor, George Gray Barnard, will be set in place on either side of the main entrance to the Capitol at an early date; and

Whereas, The completion and setting in place of these beautiful groups, which are recognized to be among the greatest productions in sculpture of modern times, will be an important event in the history of the Commonwealth, and should be suitably commemorated by unveiling exercises in which the people of the State may participate;

Therefore, Be it Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Governor of the Commonwealth be and he is hereby authorized and directed to appoint five members of the General Assembly, who shall, with the Board of Grounds and Buildings, constitute a commission to arrange for the unveiling of the said groups of sculpture.

The commission shall have authority to select a suitable day for holding the unveiling exercises and the acceptance of said groups by the proper officers of the Commonwealth, and also to arrange for such other exercises as may be fitting and proper upon such occasion. Said commission shall have authority to invite, in the name of the Commonwealth, such officials and persons of this and other States to attend the unveiling exercises as in its judgment will fittingly commemorate this important event. The said commission shall allot to the present members of the General Assembly such number of invitations to the unveiling exercises as the conditions and accommodations will warrant.

The reasonable cost and expense of the unveiling exercises as hereinbefore authorized, shall be provided for by inserting an item in the General Appropriation bill.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 942.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 942, entitled:

A joint resolution providing for the appointment by the Governor of a Commission to be known as the Pennsylvania State Vaccination Commission and defining its powers and duties and making an appropriation for the expenses thereof

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 949.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 949, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Messiah Home Orphanage of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1014.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1014, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Aged Colored Women's Home at Williamsport Lycoming County Pennsylvania

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1062.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1062, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Catholic Home for Destitute Children Philadelphia

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1080.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1080, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the York Hospital and Dipensary of York city Pennsylvania

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1081.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1081, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the York Society to protect Children and Aged Persons formerly the Christian Home of York Pennsylvania

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1084.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1084, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Home of the City of York Pennsylvania

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1113.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1113, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Brownsville General Hospital at Brownsville Fayette County Pennsylvania

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1210.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1210, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for maintenance and for the construction of a building for contagious diseases at Mary M. Packer Hospital Sunbury Pennsylvania

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1233.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1233, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Franklin City Hospital

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1237.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1237, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the DuBois Hospital of DuBois Clearfield county Pensylvania

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO 1255.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1255, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the House of Refuge situate in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth to defray the expense of erecting an additional cottage and certain other buildings for the accommodation of the Girls Department in their country home near Darlington Delaware county

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1284.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1284, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Working Home for Blind Men for maintenance in handicraft employment

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1330.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1330, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the commission for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Hospital for the Treatment of the Insane under Homeopathic management to be called the Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane.

RESOLUTION PRESCRIBING NUMBER OF COPIES OF APPROPRIATION LAWS.

He also presented extracts from the Journal of the House of Representatives which was twice read as follows and referred to the Committee on Public Printing.

In the House of Representatives, May 24, 1911.

Whereas, In consequence of the passage of the act entitled "An Act regulating the printing of the laws of this Commonwealth" which provides that the acts containing solely an appropriation shall be printed separately and apart from the volume containing the general laws, the demand for the volume containing said appropriations will be much less than the demand for the volume of the general laws;

Therefor, Be it resolved (if the Senate concur) That the edition of the appropriation laws be limited to three thousand copies to be bound in cloth, and the same shall be distributed as follows: Five hundred copies to the Senate, one thousand copies to the House of Representatives and the remainedr to the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

HOUSE APPOINTS COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON SENATE BILL NO. 378.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has nonconcurred in the amendments made by the Senate to Senate Bill No. 378, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the erection of a proper fence or coping and pavement to protect a monument erected near Petersburg Virginia by the Association of the Survivors of the Forty-eighth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers to commemorate the Battle of the Crater and providing for a commission and the expenses thereof to erect the same.

and has appointed Messrs. Woodward, Klump and Whitman as a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) to consider the difference existing between the two Houses in relation to said bill.

HOUSE APPOINTS COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1215.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives infroming the Senate that the House insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1215, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Reform school at Morganza Pennsylvania and granting its managers the authority to raze old buildings

and has appointed Messrs. Woodward, Klumpp and Whitman as a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) to consider the differences existing between the two Houses in relation to said bill.

SENATE BILL NO. 37 RECALLED FROM THE SENATE.

He also presented extract from the Journal of the House of Representatives as follows:

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That Senate Bill No. 37, entitled:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania

be recalled from the Senate.

The resolution was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives.

HOUSE APPOINTS COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 663.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House insists on its non-concurrence to the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 663, entitled:

An act supplementary to an act for the government of cities of the second class approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

and has appointed Messrs. Alter, Conner, Williams and Baldwin, R. J., as a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) to consider the difference existing between the two Houses in relation to said bill.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 800 (House No. 265), as follows:

An act relating to roads providing for the election and appointment of township supervisors in second class townships defining their powers duties and limitations relating to road tax and the expenditure thereof abolishing the work tax defining certain duties of the clerk of court fixing penalties for violation of this act and making an appropriation to carry out its provisions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the general supervision of road affairs in every township of the second class shall be in the hands of three qualified electors of such township who shall be styled township supervisors as under existing laws and who shall be elected as follows The term of all supervisors elected in the year one thousand nine hundred and eight shall expire the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and twelve The term of all supervisors elected in the years one thousand nine hundred and nine and one thousand nine hundred and ten shall expire the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and fourteen At the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven one supervisor shall be elected for four years to fill the term commencing the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and twelve at the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and thirteen two supervisors shall be elected for four years to fill the term commencing the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and fourteen In case any supervisor shall have been heretofore appointed by any court to fill a vacancy the term of such supervisor shall expire on the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and twelve Provided however should the terms of two or all the members of any board of supervisors expire on the first day of January one thousand nine hundred and twelve then at the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven one supervisor shall be elected for the full term of four years and one or two shall be elected for a term of two years At each subsequent municipal election either one or two supervisors shall be elected for a term of four years the number to be elected alternating in the order hereinbefore provided for to the end that the number to be elected at any municipal election shall thereafter be uniform throughout the Commonwealth

Section 2 The township supervisors of each township shall meet at the place where the auditors of the respective townships meet to perform their official duties on the first Monday in January one thousand nine hundred and twelve and yearly thereafter and after being duly sworn or affirmed according to law to discharge their duties with fidelity a copy of the oath to be filed with the township auditors shall organize as a board by electing one of their number as chairman and shall appoint a treasurer and a secretary who may or may not be the same person and who may or may not be a member or members of the board but who shall not be a road master and the secretary shall perform all the duties heretofore performed by the township clerk which office is hereby abolished and the said secretary shall receive as compensation for his service such sum as shall be fixed by the township auditors and the treasurer shall receive as compensation for his services such sum as shall be fixed by the township auditors Provided That the combined amount paid to said secretary and treasurer shall not exceed two per centum of the money paid out by said treasurer The board shall proceed immediately to levy a road tax which shall not exceed ten mills on each dollar of valuation this valuation shall be the last adjusted valuation for county purposes and which shall be furnished to said township supervisors by the commission-

ers of the proper county Provided That a greater rate than ten mills and not to exceed ten additional mills may be levied by order of the court of quarter sessions of the peace of that county upon petition of the board of supervisors with their unanimous recommendation and upon due cause shown Provided however That the said road tax shall hereafter be collected in cash and no such taxes shall be payable in labor or worked out Each township shall receive annually from the State fifty per centum of the total amount of road tax collected by such township as shown by the sworn statement of the board of township supervisors contained in the annual report furnished to the State Highway Commissioner on or before the first day of February in each year as hereinafter provided for Provided That no township shall receive in any one year more than twenty dollars for each mile of township road in said township Provided That nothing in this section shall interfere with the State appropriation for maintenance of State or macadamized roads under existing laws Upon receipt of the sworn statement from the board of township supervisors it shall be the duty of the State Highway Commissioner to certify to the Auditor General the amount due the respective townships and he shall draw a warrant upon the State Treasurer for the payment of the amount due said township under the provisions of the section to the treasurer of the board of township supervisors which shall be paid out of the moneys appropriated for that purpose Provided That all money appropriated under the provisions of this act shall be expended by the supervisors of the respective townships for the making of permanent improvements on the township roads according to plans and specifications furnished by the State Highway Department and under the supervision of the said State Highway Department such supervision to be without cost to the township Provided further that upon the neglect or refusal of the supervisors of any township to carry out the instructions of the State Highway Commissioner as aforesaid then the State Highway Commissioner shall withhold from said township so neglecting or refusing the amount to which it would otherwise be entitled for the year in which said neglect or refusal occurred Provided That the State Highway Commissioner shall furnish from time to time bulletins of instruction to each board of township supervisors for the building repairing maintenance and improvement of township roads and shall furnish any additional information when called upon so to do The State Highway Commissioner shall also furnish from time to time free of charge standards plans and specifications for permanent improvements in the building of culverts establishing of grades proper drainage and such other matters as he may deem essential That the State Highway Department shall furnish blanks to the township supervisors in which said supervisors shall make a sworn statement signed by a majority of all the members of the board that the money has been expended in building repairing maintaining dragging and improving the township roads according to the instructions standards plans and specifications submitted by the Highway Department as far as the available funds and local conditions make it possible

Section 3. It shall be the duty of the board of township supervisors immediately after their organization as a board to divide their township into one or more road districts and they may employ a superintendent for the entire township or a road master for each district whose duty it shall be to see that the work done on the roads in said township or district is in accordance with plans and specifications furnished him by the township supervisors to oversee the men employed by the township supervisors to oversee the men employed while at work on the roads and keep the time of each man working under him and work himself if required by the supervisors and report to the township supervisors at least once a month or as often as they require the nature location and cost of the work performed Township supervisors may require the superintendent or road masters to give bond with approved security for faithful performance of their duties and if required by the board said superintendent or road masters shall make out their report under oath and said superintendent or road master shall at all times be subject to removal by the board of supervisors The township supervisors from time to time shall fix the wages to be paid per hour to the superintendent or road masters and laborers for work on the roads and bridges Provided however That nothing in this act shall prohibit the board of township supervisors from making a contract for the improvement and keeping in repair of not more than ten miles of road no contract to extend over four years and no contract to be given unless approved of and signed by at least two of the board of township supervisors Every contractor for road work shall give bond for the amount of said contract and sign specifications furnished by the township supervisors for the building and care of such contract roads Provided also That nothing in this act shall prohibit the township supervisors from overseeing and working on the roads themselves in part or all of the roads in their townships instead of employing a superintendent or road masters The compensation of such supervisors when overseeing or working on the roads to be fixed by the township auditors at the annual meeting in January herein provided for Provided however that the rate per day shall not be less than one dollar and fifty cents nor more than three dollars

Section 4. The board of township supervisors shall have full control of the superintendent or road master and employment of laborers and is authorized also to purchase such material scrapers drags plows stone-crushers rollers and other road machines tools and property as shall in its judgment be necessary for making and repairing roads and bridges the same to be the property of the township used for the benefit of the township and to be properly taken care of by said board of township supervisors said township supervisors are hereby authorized to join with the township supervisors of one or more of the townships or the proper authorities of boroughs in their respective counties in the purchase of such road making implements and machines as in their judgment may be too expensive to justify such purchase by said township alone the same to belong to such township or boroughs in proportion to the amount paid therefor by each and the right to use the same to be regulated by agreement to be made between said road supervisors or borough authorities at the time of joining in said purchase Provided That said joint ownership shall only continue during such period as may be agreeable to all of said joint owners and either board of township supervisors or borough authorities may at any time elect to sever said joint ownership as to any or all of said implements and machines In case terms cannot be amicably agreed upon either of said joint owning townships or boroughs may by its board of supervisors or proper borough authorities present its petition to the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace setting forth the facts verified by affidavit which court after notice and opportunity to be heard shall then make such order for the sale or disposal of said joint property as will be right and proper in such case

Section 5. The treasurer appointed by the board of township supervisors shall be required to give bond with at least two sufficient sureties to be approved by the auditors of the township conditioned that the said treasurer shall well and truly account for and pay over all moneys collected and received by him for road purposes according to law and such bond shall be filed with the township auditors He shall pay out moneys received by him as road taxes or from the State only on the written order of the township supervisors setting forth the purpose for which the order is given signed by the chairman of the board and attested by the secretary thereof

Section 6 The supervisor of each township shall make or cause to be made a duplicate designating the amount of road tax levied against each taxpayer of the township and deliver the same to the township collector who shall after receiving said duplicate give notice thereof in the same manner as is now required by law in collection of State county and poor taxes and shall give him a warrant to collect the tax which shall be collected as follows namely To all taxpayers who pay their road tax to the collector before June first of each year an abatement of five per centum shall be made on all road taxes paid to the collector between June first and October first of each year the taxpayers shall pay the full amount of the road tax levied against them and on all road taxes remaining unpaid on the first of October in each year the collector shall add five per centum thereto as penalty for such delinquency and shall collect said penalty in addition to the tax levied said penalty to be his compensation for collecting said delinquent taxes The tax collector shall be allowed two per centum on all taxes collected on the duplicate previous to the first day of June in each year and five per centum on all taxes collected from June first to October first

The tax collector shall keep correct accounts of all moneys collected marking paid on his duplicate each taxables amount of tax and the date on which paid and said collector shall on the first of each month make a true and correct statement in writing to the secretary of the board of township supervisors for their use of all taxes collected during the previous month giving names of taxables and amount collected from each and the total amount received and said collector shall pay over on the first of each month to the treasurer all moneys collected during the previous months and take his receipt for same In case of the refusal or neglect of any tax collector to comply with the provisions of this act he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars or to be imprisoned for a term not exceeding one year both or either at the discretion of the court

Section 7 Supervisors shall meet for the transaction of business once a month at a time to be fixed by the board and the board shall be allowed for necessary expenses including office rent and stationery light and fuel to be paid out of the township road funds

Section 8 In all cases where a vacancy occurs in the board of township supervisors from any cause the court of quarter sessions of the peace of the proper county shall not less than ten days after the receipt of a petition signed by one or both of the remaining members of the board and not less than ten owners of real estate who are qualified electors of the township appoint a successor to fill the office for the unexpired term

Section 9 The board of township supervisors shall annually submit under oath to the board of township auditors a full and itemized statement of their accounts of the preceding year and the township auditors shall audit settle and adjust said accounts in the same manner and with effect as other accounts of township officers are audited and settled

Section 10 The board of supervisors of the several townships shall annually on or before the first day of February in each and every year make a sworn statement to the State Highway Commissioner on blanks furnished to them by the State Highway Commissioner of the whole amount of tax levied during the preceding year for road purposes and the total amount of road taxes collected during the year specifying in such report the amount expended for maintenance or repairs of roads for opening and building of new roads and for macadamizing or otherwise permanently improving roads and the number of miles thus made and the total number of miles of township roads in said township together with the names and addresses of the chairman and secretary of the board and such other matters and things as the State Highway Commissioner may require And it shall be the duty of the State Highway Commissioner not later than the first day of January of each year to forward the aforesaid blanks to the several boards of supervisors It shall be the duty of the clerk of courts in each county not later than the first day of December following every municipal election to certify to

the State Highway Commissioner the names and postoffice addresses of all the supervisors and commissioners of the respective townships in said county The failure or neglect of any clerk of courts to furnish such list shall be deemed a misdemeanor which on conviction thereof shall be punishable by fine of not more than fifty dollars at the discretion of the court

Section 11 The board of township supervisors shall keep minutes of their proceedings and such books as they may find necessary in the performance of their duties all of which shall be open for the inspection of any taxpayer at all reasonable times and which shall be submitted for the information of the township auditors when said auditors meet to audit the accounts of the treasurer and other township officers and shall deliver such books papers and accounts to their successors

Section 12 It shall not be lawful for any township supervisor to be interested either directly or indirectly in any work done except as provided for in this act any purchase made or contract relating to roads and bridges nor to furnish any materials therefor Any person knowingly violating the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or to be imprisoned for a term not exceeding six months both or either at the discretion of the court

Section 13 If any township supervisor superintendent roadmaster or contractor employed to work on the roads bridges and highways of this Commonwealth shall violate any of the provisions of this act other than those otherwise provided for or shall fail or neglect or refuse to carry out the provisions of the same he shall upon conviction thereof pay a fine of not more than fifty dollars to be collected in the name of the township as other debts of like amount and paid to the township treasurer for the use of the road fund of said township

Section 14 The supervisors of the several townships of this Commonwealth elected or appointed in pursuance of this act shall perform all the duties imposed by the existing laws on supervisors of roads and bridges and highways and shall be subject to the same responsibilities and penalties as supervisors are now subject to except in so far as changed or supplied by the terms of this act

Section 15 Two shall constitute a quorum of the board of township supervisors

Section 16 All acts or parts of acts general special or local inconsistent herewith or supplied hereby be and the same are hereby repealed however that the act entitled "An Act enabling the taxpayers of townships and road districts to contract for making at their own expense roads and paying salaries of townships or road district officers and hereby preventing the levy and collection of road tax therein" approved June twelfth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three and the act entitled "An act to provide for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth making such improved roads and highways county roads authorizing the relocation opening straightening widening extension and alteration of the same and the vacation of so much of any road as may therefor become necessary authorizing the taking of property for such improvement and providing the compensation therefor and the damages resulting from such taking providing for the payment of the costs and expenses incurred in making such improvement and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said road and authorizing the levy of a tax to provide a fund for said purposes" approved the twenty-sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five also "An act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class" approved April twenty-eighth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine also "An act to amend 'An act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class' approved April twenty-eighth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine" approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred 7890$.. xzfiffffffl vbgkqj cmfwyp shrdlu u sand nine hundred and one shall not be repealed or affected hereby

Section 17 The sum of five hundred thousand ($500,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated to carry out the provisions of this act for the two fiscal years beginning the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and twelve

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander		Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1168 (House No. 702), entitled:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act relative to Berks County Prison and to discharged convicts" approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock,	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1169 (House No. 724), entitled:

An act regulating the pay of election officers in all counties of this Commonwealth containing a population of not less than two hundred and fifty thousand and not more than five hundred thousand

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Adams	Hays	Kurtz	Shields
Alexander	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Baldwin	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Buckman	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Catlin	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Clark	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Cooper	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
DeWitt	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
Endsley	Jones	Morgan	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Nulty	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Powell	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Salus	Crow
			Pres. pro tem

NAYS—2.

Judson Weingartner

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

RESOLUTION PRESCRIBING NUMBER OF COPIES OF APPROPRIATION LAWS.

Mr. GERBERICH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. GERBERICH, from the Committee on Public Printing, reported the following resolution, which was laid upon the table:

In the House of Representatives, May 24, 1911.

Whereas, In consequence of the passage of the act entitled "An Act regulating the printing of the laws of this Commonwealth," which provides that the acts containing solely an appropriation shall be printed separately and apart from the volume containing the general laws, the demand for the volume containing said appropriations will be much less than the demand for the volume of the general laws; therefore, be it

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That the edition of the appropriation laws be limited to three thousand copies, to be bound in cloth, and the same shall be distributed as follows: Five hundred copies to the Senate, one thousand copies to the House of Representatives and the remainder to the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1170 (House No. 791), entitled:

An act providing for the appointment of a deputy coroner and stenographers in the several counties of this Commonwealth having two hundred thousand inhabitants and not more than two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants prescribing their powers and duties and fixing their salaries

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—17.

Adams	**Hunter**	McNichol	**Vare**
Baldwin	Keyser	Salus	Wilbert
Catlin	Kline	Sproul	Wolf
Cooper	McConnell	Thomson	Crow
Fox			Pres. pro tem

NAYS—21.

Alexander	Jarrett	Martin	Powell
Buckman	**Jones**	McNichols	Shields
DeWitt	Judson	Miller	Washers
Hall	Knapp	Morgan	Weingartner
Hays	Manbeck	Nulty	Wertz
Heacock			

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1171 (House No. 723), entitled:

An act to provide for the payment of costs in cases of summary conviction had before magistrates aldermen and justices of the peace

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41.

Adams	Jamison	McConnell	Snyder
Alexander	Jarrett	McIlhenny	Sones
Buckman	Jones	McNichol	Sproul
Catlin	Judson	McNichols	Thomson
Cooper	Keyser	Miller	Vare
Endsley	Kline	Morgan	Washers
Fox	Knapp	Nulty	Weingartner
Gerberich	Kurtz	Powell	**Wilbert**
Hays	Manbeck	Salus	**Wolf**
Huffman	Martin	Shields	Crow
Hunter			Pres. pro tem

NAYS—3.

Hall	Heacock	Wertz

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1172 (House No. 788), entitled:

An act authorizing the election in first-class townships of an additional constable and fixing his term

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—49.

Adams	**Heacock**	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	**Jamison**	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Keyser	Nulty	Wertz
	Kline	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Knapp	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Kurtz	Shields	Crow
Hays			Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1173 (House No. 719), entitled:

An act to provide for the detection and apprehension of persons who have committed any crime or misdemeanor the investigation of reported crimes and for the payment of expenses thereof out of the treasury of the county in which such offence has been committed or reported to have been committed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—15.

Clark	Heacock	Kline	Weingartner
Cooper	Hunter	Miller	Wilbert
DeWitt	Jarrett	Morgan	Crow
Hall	Keyser	Sproul	Pres. pro tem

NAYS—15.

Baldwin	Homsher	Kurtz	Snyder
Buckman	Jones	McConnell	Thomson
Fox	Judson	McNichols	Wertz
Hays	Knapp	Shields	

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1174 (House No. 795), entitled:

An act to provide for the establishment of the Pennsylvania State Museum and the various divisions thereof and to create a board of trustees for its government and control

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1175 (House No. 752), entitled:

An act providing for the appointment by the court of common pleas of any county of auditors to audit settle and adjust the accounts of the directors treasurer and tax collectors of any poor district composed of more than one municipality or municipal district wholly within but less extensive than said county the population of which poor district shall be not less than one hundred and fifty thousand and not more than three hundred thousand prescribing their powers duties and compensation the form contents filing and publishing of their report and providing for appeals to the court of common pleas of such county and the Superior and Supreme courts

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Adams	Heacock	Martin	Sones
Alexander	Herbst	McConnell	Sproul
Baldwin	Homsher	McIlhenny	Thomson
Buckman	Huffman	McNichol	Tustin
Catlin	Hunter	McNichols	Vare
Clark	Jamison	Miller	Washers
Cooper	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Keyser	Powell	Wertz
Fox	Kline	Salus	Wilbert
Gerberich	Knapp	Shields	Wolf
Hall	Kurtz	Snyder	Crow
Hays	Manbeck		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—4.

DeWitt	Jarrett	Judson	Nulty

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1176 (House No. 722), entitled:

An act amending the twenty-first section of an act entitled "An Act relating to county rates and levies and township rates and levies" approved the fifteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four by authorizing the collector to deputize a constable or other officer to make the levy and sale or to arrest the delinquent for non-payment of taxes

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1177 (House No. 717), entitled:

An act to amend the second section of an act approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act providing that the district attorneys in all counties whose population does not exceed one hundred and fifty thousand shall be paid a salary and fixing the same which shall be in lieu of all fees and in full compensation for their services and providing for the appointment of assistant district attorneys in said counties and for the compensation of the same and providing that the fees heretofore allowed the district attorneys upon indictments shall remain in amount as heretofore but shall hereafter be as part of the costs for the use and benefit of the proper county" by fixing the salaries of district attorneys in counties having more than thirty thousand but not more than forty thousand inhabitants

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1178 (House No. 718), entitled:

An act to permit trustees executors administrators or receivers where an estate is without money or property to have appeals heard in the appellate courts upon filing typewritten copies of the names of the parties abstract of proceedings verdict questions involved history of the case report of the auditor or master charge of the court points and answers thereto assignments of error argument and certified record

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON SENATE BILL NO. 378.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. KLINE, from the committee of conference to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to Senate Bill No. 378, presented the report of said committee of conference, which was ordered to be printed.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1179 (House No. 743), entitled:

An act to exempt certain buildings from the provisions and requirements of the act of Assembly approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act amending section one of article three of an act entitled 'An Act for the better government of the cities of the first class in this Commonwealth' approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five regulating the construction alteration and ventilation of tenement houses and providing for the safety of the inhabitants thereof and providing penalties for the violation of the same" and an act of Assembly approved the twelfth day of July Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act approved the third day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the better securitity of life and limb in cases of fire in hotels and other buildings' approved the eleventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine extending the provisions thereof to buildings used in whole or in part for offices not of fire proof construction' and also an act of Assembly approved the twenty-fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act to further regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings and party walls in cities of the first class"

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to.

On the question.

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1180 (House No. 701), entitled:

An act authorizing C. L. Francisco of Sayre Bradford county Pennsylvania to bring suit and to recover against the Commonwealth in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county Pennsylvania any sum or sums of money which may be legally or justly due him from this Commonwealth for advertising in the Sayre Times Record the Constitutional Amendments proposed and voted on in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. KLINE, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported as amended Senate Bill No. 1240 (House No. 860), entitled:

An act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1181 (House No. 704), entitled:

An act to amend an act approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hunderd and seventy-two entitled "An Act relating to foreign executors administrators guardians and representatives of decedents and wards" by extending the provisions thereof to the assignment and satisfaction of record of mortgage debts and indentures of mortgage and to the receipt of the interest thereon

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provision of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Adams	Hays	Kurtz	Shields
Alexander	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Baldwin	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Buckman	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Catlin	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Clark	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Cooper	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
DeWitt	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
Endsley	Jones	Morgan	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Nulty	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Powell	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Salus	Crow
			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—2.

Judson Weingartner

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

RECONSIDERATION OF HOUSE BILL NO 1263.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which Senate Bill No. 1211 (House No. 1263), entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Temple University of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

was defeated on final passage.

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I voted "no."

Mr. ALEXANDER. Mr. President, I second the motion

The PRESIDENT. How did the Senator vote?

Mr. ALEXANDER. Mr. President, I voted "no."

The motion was agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken, agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—41.

Adams	Hall	Martin	Sones
Alexander	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Baldwin	Huffman	McNichol	Thomson
Buckman	Hunter	McNichols	Tustin
Catlin	Jamison	Miller	Vare
Clark	Jones	Morgan	Washers
Cooper	Keyser	Powell	Wertz
DeWitt	Kline	Salus	Wilbert
Endsley	Knapp	Shields,	Wolf
Fox	Kurtz	Snyder	Crow
Gerberich			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—7.

Hays	Jarrett	McIlhenny	Weingartner
Heacock	Judson	Nulty	

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. TUSTIN.

That Rule 38, which requires nominations made by the Governor to lie on the table one day be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session for the purpose of acting upon all the nominations reported at to-day's and yesterday's sessions.

Which was agreed to.

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. TUSTIN.

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nominations reported.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

Mr. HALL. Mr. President, I move that the name of John Cadwalader as one of the Registration Commissioners for Philadelphia be omitted from the list of nominations to be confirmed.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

Mr. McILHENNY. Mr. President, I desire to interrogate the Senator from Elk.

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from Elk permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. HALL. Mr. President, certainly.

Mr. McILHENNY. Mr. President, why does the Senator want to omit the name of John Cadwalader?

Mr. HALL. Mr. President, because I am opposed to his confirmation. That settles the whole business.

Mr. McILHENNY. Mr. President, this is a Philadelphia concern. These registration commissioners only apply to the city of Philadelphia, and I am very much surprised that my Democratic friends on this side are not in favor of Mr. Cadwalader. This registration commission was appointed by Governor Pennypacker. It was again appointed, the same board, by Governor Stuart, and it was again sent to the Senate by Governor Tener. These four men have been the only registration commissioners we have had in the city of Philadelphia. They have worked together harmoniously. They are men of the highest character and they have given satisfaction, I believe, to ninety-nine per cent. of the citizens of Philadelphia. I know of no newspaper articles which I have seen opposing these men. I have heard no criticisms against these men. Of course there have been criticisms of them, but they have not been substantial or valid. It is said that Mr. Cadwalader is not fair to the poor man. I do not believe that any man can be in public office without having received some criticism, but I know that he is a man of the highest reputation, a conscientious, faithful public servant, and I think it would be a great mistake, I know it would be a great mistake, to take Mr. Cadwalader's name from the list of registration commissioners. I am heartily opposed to this motion.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I come from Philadelphia and I am glad of the opportunity to vote to separate these names for confirmation, because I am opposed to the confirmation of Mr. Cadwalader and continuing him as one of the registrars of the City of Philadelphia and the ground for that opposition is based solely and alone upon the fact that no man who walks into that registration board, or no man who by reason of some dereliction on the part of something that he has not been able to overcome, received the proper treatment at their hands, whereas the people who have been traveling through Europe, who come home almost on the eve of election, have been permitted to register, but the poor man has been denied that right of registration. The treatment of the people who are in Republican politics in Philadelphia by Mr. Cadwalader has been obnoxious and disgraceful, and his absolute partisanship, not as a Democrat, not as a Republican, but as to his own personal ideals, has been offensive not only to the First ward, but from the First to the Forty-seventh ward, and he is not a fit man to sit as an arbiter of the people to be placed on the registration list of the city of Philadelphia.

Mr. McILHENNY. Mr. President, just a word more. Mr. Cadwalader has evidently been thought a proper person by three Governors.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I want to take exception to the fact that Mr. Tener sent that name in. That is not a fact. This is a nomination sent in from the time of Governor Stuart.

Mr. McILHENNY. Mr. President, I must differ because this was one of the list of general nominations made by Governor Stuart and sent in by Governor Tener after he became Governor of Pennsylvania.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, the appointment was made by Governor Stuart and, of course, the nomination was sent over from the Governor's office.

Mr. McILHENNY. Mr. President, however that may be, the question is whether he is a proper person to be a member of the Board of Registration Commissioners. There I must differ from the Senator from Philadelphia, and it does seem to me it would be unfair to this man, whose family has the reputation of the highest character in the city of Philadelphia, it is very unfair that he should meet with these charges on the last day of the session without any possible chance to make himself heard and put up a defense against these charges.

Mr. SALUS. Mr. President, I think possibly the greatest grievance against Mr. Cadwalader is that his forefathers were great men. That fact possibly is the reason why the people of Philadelphia from the First to the Forty-seventh ward object to him and I think that in his position in the city of Philadelphia as a Judge—and they are looked upon as Judges—a man, no matter how humble his station in life may be, is entitled to the same consideration from that Board of Registrars that he should receive in any court of justice, and the lowly man, the man whose social standing does not come up to the station of Mr. Cadwalader is the man that receives his blow, and we who are here fighting this man's nomination are fighting him because he does not know the people, he only knows the upper class of people. He is an unfit man for a Judge, because in his position he is a Judge, an unfair Judge, and we are not supporting him for that among other reasons, and I say his downfall is due possibly to the fact that his forefathers were great men, and for that reason he does not understand the common people.

Mr. NULTY. Mr. President, I just want to say a word in behalf of Mr. Cadwalader. I come from the district of Philadelphia and the complaints that I have heard made on this floor to-night are a surprise to me. I have been associated with the Democratic party for a number of years and I have the first time yet among my Democratic friends to ever hear any complaint of Mr. Cadwalader, and I hope the gentlemen who represent this body here to-night will be wise in their judgment and endorse Mr. Cadwalader. I am speaking now for my Democratic friends who are in Philadelphia. I think he is a man who deserves consideration, due consideration for his past work. He has been faithful to our people, which I know, and the Democratic representatives who are here from our district can verify everything I say and everything that Senator McIlhenny has said.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion that the name of John Cadwalader be omitted?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. McILHENNY and Mr. HEACOCK, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—28.

Baldwin	Hall	Kurtz	Sproul
Buckman	Homsher	McConnell	Thomson
Catlin	Huffman	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Hunter	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jamison	Salus	Wertz
Crow	Keyser	Shields	Wilbert
DeWitt	Kline	Snyder	Wolf

NAYS—12.

Fox	Judson	Miller,	Sones
Herbst	Knapp	Nulty	Washers
Jarrett	McIlhenny	Powell	Weingartner

So the question was determined in the affirmative.

On the question,

Will the Senate advise and consent to all the nominations reported at to-day's and yesterday's sessions except that of John Cadwalader?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—46.

Adams	Heacock	Martin	Sones
Alexander	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Baldwin	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Buckman	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Catlin	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Clark	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
Cooper	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
DeWitt	Judson	Powell	Wertz
Endsley	Keyser	Salus	Wilbert
Fox	Kline	Shields	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Snyder	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed acordingly.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1182 (House No. 700), entitled:

An act authorizing Peter F. Reigle a resident of Spring township Snyder county Pennsylvania to bring suit and to recover against this Commonwealth in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county Pennsylvania any sum or sums of money which may be legally or justly due him from this Commonwealth for damages done to his property in fighting forest fires in said county in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1183 (House No. 567), entitled:

An act amending the twentieth section of an act approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths and burial or removal permits requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics at the capital of the State, as required to be established by the State Board of Health and to insure the thorough organization and efficiency of the registration of vital statistics throughout the State as provided in section seven of an act entitled 'An Act to establish a State Board of Health for the better protection of life and health and to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in this Commonwealth' approved June third one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five and making an appropriation for establishing and maintaining such a bureau and providing certain penalties" as amended by an act approved the sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to amend sections five nine fifteen nineteen twenty and twenty-five of an act entitled "An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and death throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths and burial or removal permits requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics at the capital of the State as required to be established by the State Board of Health and to insure the thorough organization and efficiency of the registration of vital statistics throughout the State as proved in section seven of 'An Act to establish a State Board of Health for the better protection of life and health and to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in this Commonwealth' approved June third one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five and making an appropriation for establishing and maintaining such a bureau and providing certain penalties" which was approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five by extending the territory in which burial permits shall be valid providing for the issuance of burial permits without fees establishing a method for securing the given names of children making a uniform date for the returns of local registrars providing for certain fees in cities of the first and second class to be paid by the counties abolishing all other systems of registration of births and deaths" by changing the fees for birth and death certificates

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—40.

Adams	Gerberich	Jones	Shields
Alexander	Hall	Keyser	Snyder
Baldwin	Hays	Kline	Sones
Buckman	Heacock	Knapp	Sproul
Catlin	Herbst	Kurtz	Thomson
Clark	Homsher	Manbeck	Vare
Cooper	Huffman	McConnell	Washers
DeWitt	Hunter	McNichol	Wilbert
Endsley	Jamison	Powell	Wolf
Fox	Jarrett	Salus	Crow
			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—6.

Judson	McIlhenny	Nulty	McNichols
Martin	Morgan		

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE APPOINTMENT BY THE GOVERNOR OF A COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE THE METHOD OF INFLICTING THE DEATH PENALTY IN PENNSYLVANIA AND OTHER STATES AND COUNTRIES.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to introduce a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. McCONNELL offered the following resolution, which was twice read as follows:

Resolved, by the Senate of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Governor is hereby authorized and directed to appoint a commission to consist of three citizens of this Commonwealth, whose duty it shall be to investigate the method of inflicting the death penalty in this and in other States and countries; to investigate the expediency of selecting a site centrally located and of easy access where all criminals sentenced to death in this Commonwealth may be executed; to select approximately such a site if it shall seem proper to said commission; to investigate the expediency and propriety of making any change in the present method of inflicting the death penalty in this Commonwealth; and to recommend such new method or methods as to the commission shall seem proper.

This commission shall serve without compensation, but the members thereof shall be entitled to their expenses actually and necessarily incurred by them or any of them in the performance of the duties herein prescribed.

This commission shall report in writing to the Governor before the first day of September one thousand nine hundred and twelve; said report shall contain the result of the investigation and examinations made by the commission, and shall also contain such recommendations and suggestions as to the commission shall seem proper or as the Governor may require. The Governor shall transmit said report with any additional suggestions or recommendations to the General Assembly during the session of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen for its consideration.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to suspend Rule 39 in order to consider the resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The resolution was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1184 (House No. 744), entitled:

An act to amend the thirty-second section of an act entitled "An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway toll road conduit tunnel mine coal-breaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipe-line aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal mill-race works for supplying water heat light power cold air or any other substance furnished to the public other volatile or mineral substance or other structure or well for the production of gas oil or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved the fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as amended by the second section of an act approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to amend section eleven and section thirty-two of an act entitled 'An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway toll-road conduit tunnel coal-breaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipe-line aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal mill-race works for supplying water heat light power cold air or any other substance furnished to the public well for the production of gas oil or other volatile or mineral substance or other structure or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto' approved the fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one so as to change the form of the claim and writ of scire facias thereon" by providing for an amicable scire facias

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1185 (House No. 794), entitled:

An act providing for and regulating the taking of land by condemnation proceedings to enlarge certain cemeteries now or hereafter incorporated

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—26.

Adams	Hall	McConnell	Sproul
Alexander	Herbst	McNichol	Thomson
Baldwin	Hunter	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jamison	Salus	Wilbert
DeWitt	Keyser	Shields	Wolf
Fox	Kline	Snyder	Crow
Gerberich	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—17.

Buckman	Huffman	Knapp	Powell
Catlin	Jarrett	Manbeck	Wasbers
Clark	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Hays	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Homsher			

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1186 (House No. 746), entitled:

An act to promote the safety of foot passengers on the highways of this Commonwealth and the convenience of the general public in the use of the said highways by empowering the supervisors or commissioners of any township in any county in this Commonwealth to compel by order resolution or ordinance a street railway company operating a double track line of railway within any village of this Commonwealth having one track on each side of a public road street turnpike or other public highway within the said village to remove its tracks within the said village from the side of the said public road street turnpike or other public highway to the middle of the same and authorizing the court of common pleas of the proper county in case the supervisors or commissioners of any township shall refuse to adopt such order resolution or ordinance upon the petition of twenty taxpayers resident in the said village then and in such case to order the removal of the said tracks to the middle of the said public road street turnpike or other public highway upon the petition made to the said court by twenty taxpayers resident in the said village and imposing a penalty for refusal or neglect to comply with the said order resolution or ordinance of the said supervisors or commissioners of the said township or the order of the said court of common pleas

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. HEACOCK. Mr. President, before this bill is voted on I would like to say a word.

This bill, introduced by Representative Fitzgerald, of Montgomery county, provides that the trolley companies may be compelled to remove their tracks to the middle of the highway instead of one track on each side of the road, as at present. Under this condition persons traveling on foot must run the risk of being run down by cars on the tracks or automobiles in the center of the road. There are no sidewalks, or is it possible to construct any, as the trolley tracks run close to the side of the road. To my knowledge there have been a number of fatal accidents; Patrick Lee at Melrose, Frank Flack above Noble Station and John Canning at Abington were run down by automobiles while walking in the center of the road, the only place they had to go. If the bill becomes a law the commissioners in any township may compel the trolley companies to move the tracks to the center of the highway and pavements may be constructed along the side. Should the commissioners refuse to order trolley companies to move the tracks, the court of common pleas in the county is authorized to order the change.

Mr. President, when the trolley companies constructed their tracks along the York road it was comparatively a sparsely settled section from what it is now. At that time there were no automobiles and there were no objections to the trolley companies' tracks being placed at the side of the road, as they are at present. Now, after it is settled the way it is, it is absolutely necessary that sidewalks should be constructed there that people can have some place to walk on instead of walking in the middle of the road, where they are liable to be run down and killed.

Mr. WILBERT. Mr. President, I would like to interrogate the Senator from Montgomery.

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from Montgomery, Mr. Heacock, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. HEACOCK. Mr. President, I will.

Mr. WILBERT. Mr. President, what effect would that have on the tracks as they are now? Would it compel the railroad companies to move them if the borough so desired?

Mr. HEACOCK. Mr. President, it would. I would like to say that in the borough of Jenkintown the tracks were placed in the center of the York road and in the township of Abington, which is now a first-class township, they are along the side and there is no chance to put sidewalks there.

Mr. WILBERT. Mr. President, will the Senator permit me to interrogate him further?

Mr. HEACOCK. Mr. President, certainly.

Mr. WILBERT. Mr. President, I would like to ask the Senator if they were glad to get the railways there at the time they gave them the privileges.

Mr. HEACOCK. Mr. President, they consented to them.

Mr. WILBERT. Mr. President, weren't they public benefactors?

Mr. HEACOCK. Mr. President, yes; they are now.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I would like to interrogate the Senator from Montgomery.

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from Montgomery, Mr. Heacock, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. HEACOCK. Mr. President, certainly.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, if there are two tracks in the middle of the road, how are you going to separate the pedestrians from the automobiles?

Mr. HEACOCK. Mr. President, the tracks at the side of the road are T rails. If they were put in the center of the road they would have to be flat rails, as they are in the borough of Jenkintown. The people would have a right to drive over them as they do in the city or borough and there would be that much more road to travel.

Mr. VARE. Mr. President, I do not see how automobiles and cars could travel on the same track in country roads.

Mr. HEACOCK. Mr. President, the automobiles would travel at the side of the tracks wherever they could and there would be room for sidewalks at the side.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—13.

Buckman	Huffman	McNichols	Powell
Fox	Judson	Miller	Wasbers
Heacock	Martin	Nulty	Weingartner
Herbst	McIlhenny		

NAYS—28.

Adams	Hall	Knapp	Snyder
Alexander	Hays	Manbeck	Thomson
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Vare
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Wertz
Cooper	Jones	Morgan	Wilbert
DeWitt	Keyser	Salus	Wolf
Gerberich	Kline	Shields	Crow
			Pres. pro tem.

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1187 (House No. 787), entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act relative to the obstructing of the crossings of public roads by locomotives and cars" approved the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and forty-five by providing further that any member of the train crew shall be subject to said penalty

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—48.

Adams	Heacock	Kurtz	Shields
Alexander	Herbst	Manbeck,	Snyder
Baldwin	Homsher	Martin	Sones
Buckman	Huffman	McConnell	Sproul
Catlin	Hunter	McIlhenny	Thomson
Clark	Jamison	McNichol	Tustin
Cooper	Jarrett	McNichols	Vare
Endsley	Jones	Miller	Weingartner
Fox	Judson	Morgan	Wertz
Gerberich	Keyser	Nulty	Wilbert
Hall	Kline	Powell	Wolf
Hays	Knapp	Salus	Crow
			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. TUSTIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. TUSTIN, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with favorable recommendation the following nominations made by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were laid upon the table:

TRUSTEE OF STATE HOSPITAL FOR INJURED PERSONS OF ANTHRACITE COAL FIELD.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, April 6, 1911.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate J. M. Humphrey, of Centralia, to be a member of the Board of Trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Anthracite Coal Field, at Ashland, to serve until lawfully determined or annulled, vice Heber S. Thompson, Pottsville, resigned.

JOHN K. TENER.

STATE VETERINARIAN.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, January 23, 1911.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate Clarence J. Marshall, of Philadelphia, to be State Veterinarian of the Department of Agriculture, for the term of four years, vice Samuel H. Gilliland, resigned.

JOHN K. TENER.

The PRESIDENT. Senate Bill No. 1188 (House No. 750), on third reading, entitled:

An act authorizing the depositing of county funds at interest and regulating the manner of selecting such depositories and making such deposits

is erroneously on the calendar.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1189 (House No. 572), entitled:

An act providing for the appointment of assistant district attorneys in the several counties of this Commonwealth having over three hundred thousand and less than seven hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants describing the powers duties and terms of office and fixing the salary of said assistants

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Sones
Alexander	Homsher	Martin	Sproul
Baldwin	Huffman	McConnell	Thomson
Buckman	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Catlin	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Clark	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
Cooper	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz	Snyder	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—2.

DeWitt Herbst

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Senate Bill No. 1240 (House No. 860), entitled:

An act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

known as the general appropriation bill, which has just been distributed to the Senators on their desks.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move to recommit this bill to the Committee on Appropriations, upon this proposition, gentlemen of the Senate: I was led to believe from the beginning of this session that there would be an increase in the appropriation for the common schools of this State. I find that there is no increase for the common schools of this State. Every other department of this State, the officers and the appropriations for them have been increased. If anything the appropriations to the public school system have been decreased, because the High schools get fifty thousand dollars more. As it stands, the public school system of this State receives $6,250,000 a year instead of $7,250,000, because the high schools of this State, Normal schools and County Superintendents get $1,500,000. I submit to the members of the Senate, it is not dealing with the public school system of this State in a fair way, and the appropriation should be increased, and I move that the bill be recommitted to the committee for amendments in that regard.

I believe, Mr. President, that the revenues of this State are sufficient to increase the appropriation to the common schools. They have been sufficient to increase it for every other institution, private and public and semi-private—everything in the State of Pennsylvania secured an appropriation, an increased appropriation, except the common school system. Therefore, I move that this bill be recommitted for amendment in that regard.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I will state ror the benefit of the members of the Senate that in the consideration of the appropriation for public schools it is obligatory for the chairman of both the House and the Senate Committee to resort to the Department of Public Instruction and from him, as they do to all other departments of this great government of ours, and ask him to submit to us the amount necessary to carry on the public school system in Pennsylvania for the next two years. This we have done through the Superintendent of Public Instruction, Mr. Schaeffer. He not only gave us the amount that is necessary, in acordance with two years ago, but also the amount to take care of all the appropriations under the School Code, and he has submitted them to us and we are acting under his guidance. If he has misrepresented these facts to us it is not our fault. What other course can the chairman of the Appropriations Committee pursue? In every other department the same procedure prevails. If Mr. Snyder, the Senator from Schuylkill, can convince me that this is not taken care of through the sources which we

receive it we will be very glad to send this bill back to committee.

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. President, in answer to the Senator from Allegheny, the appropriation for 1909 for the public schools was $15,000,000. The appropriation under this proposed bill for public schools is $15,000,000. The Normal Schools we have in the State of Pennsylvania and the county superintendents receive out of that appropriation $1,500,000. The public schools receive $13,000,000. Under the office of public instruction, if you increase the salaries of assistant superintendents, I admit that they were increased or provided for, but that is a small sum as compared to the increases for other departments of this State, and I say to the Senator from Pittsburg it is not the business of the Superintendent of Public Instruction to go before the Committee on Appropriations and demand and solicit an appropriation to the public school system of the State. It is the business of the Appropriation Committee to see that the public school system of this State gets sufficient money, and that in proportion more than other departments of this State, and it is only fair. The people of this State demand it. They say you give the farmer $1,000,000 for plowed roads, highways, $1,500,000; and the Health department gets three or four or five million dollars, and, on the other hand, reduces the application of the Health Department five hundred thousand dollars. They increased the appropriation for private institutions a million and a half dollars and six weeks ago we were informed there was no money for any other purpose. I thought that this bill for common schools would be increased at least one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and this evening not a member of this Assembly has had an opportunity to find out what is in this bill, and only by chance this afternoon did I learn that not one cent more had been provided for common school system, yet every other department in this State, county, borough and township expenses have increased. The School Code provides salaries of the teachers with an increase from forty-five to fifty dollars a month and paid out of the appropriations. Not one cent has been provided for that. I submit, members of this Senate, the Superintendent of Public Instruction may not have been persistent with the Appropriations Committee.

I have no fault to find with the Appropriations Committee. They have their troubles and that is their business and we are not here to sympathize with them. Their business is to deliver and to see that the money is properly appropriated. They say there is no one here for that purpose, and yet I am informed every fiscal year there are two or three million dollars in the State Treasury unexpended or unappropriated. I submit at least part of that money should go to the public school system. Look over this calendar and you will find every other department of government of the State has been increased but the common school system, and I submit it should go back to the committee for amendment.

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, I don't know anything about this bill. It was placed upon my desk five minutes ago, and I defy anybody to look over this bill in five minutes and then be asked to vote upon a bill of this kind carrying immense appropriations, and I upon general principles object to being forced to vote upon a bill of this kind within five minutes after it is placed upon my desk. I ask in all kindness from the Chairman of the Appropriations Committee that he at least give us a chance to glance over the bill for half an hour.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, this is not the first time that I have heard the honorable gentleman from Berks say to the Senate of Pennsylvania that he has not had an opportunity to look over bills. I want to state for the benefit of the Senator from Berks that this bill has been on the calendar for the last ten days. If he has been negligent in not looking over this it is his fault and not the rest of the people in the Senate of Pennsylvania. That bill with only a few amendments has been on that calendar for the last ten days.

To the Senator from Schuylkill permit me to say that if the committee has not faith and confidence in the heads of departments it is time that those department heads should be changed. I want to say that the Appropriations Committee do not desire to shirk their duty in any way and if any committee has ever been vigilant and awake it has been the Appropriations Committee of the House and Senate at this time, if I am obliged to say it myself.

The head of the Department of Public Instruction is not obliged to go to the Appropriations Committee of the Senate of Pennsylvania and beg for money. I just told the Senator from Schuylkill a few moments ago that we sent to the different department heads and asked them the amount necessary to carry on the different departments for the next two years. If they are in error, do not blame the Chairman of the Appropriations Committee; lay the wrong at the place where it should be laid.

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. President, will the gentleman from Allegheny permit himself to be interrogated?

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from Allegheny, Mr. Kline, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, with pleasure.

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. President, how much is the balance at the end of the fiscal year of the State of Pennsylvania estimated to be for 1911 after all the appropriations are provided for?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, in answer to that, that is a matter that is beyond my knowledge.

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. President, the balance can be estimated.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, the amount in the Treasury will be impossible to calculate owing to the change in the amount receivable at the State Treasury every year. All we know is the knowledge we obtained from the two fiscal officers, namely, the Auditor General and the State Treasurer, also taken up subsequently by the Governor, the amount we can conservatively appropriate the next two years without impairing the money in the State Treasury. That amount this year we are informed was $58,000,000 You nor I nor any one of the fiscal officers can conjecture even the amount that will be in the treasury after these appropriations are made during the two years beginning June first, nineteen hundred and eleven.

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. President, I will insist upon my motion.

Mr. HALL. Mr. President, I would like to interrogate the Senator from Allegheny, Mr. Kline.

The PRESIDENT. Will the Senator from Alleghenhy, Mr. Kline, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I will.

Mr. HALL. Mr. President, what will be the effect if the motion of the Senator from Schuylkill prevails? Can the bill be passed?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, It is obligatory that this bill should pass to-night or else the general appropriation bill within the next two years will fail. This is the last legislative day.

Mr. WILBERT. Mr. President, I have been a member of the Appropriations Committee for a number of years and this is the first time that I ever knew that recommendations of superintendents of State institutions were taken. I had an experience this afternoon that I doubt if any member of the Appropriations Committee or any member of the Senate has ever had. There was a State institution that asked for a certain appropriation, which was granted. It was to be devoted to the different departments of this institution but the Chairman of the House Committee having a personal grievance emphatically refused to give it any consideration, stating that he could not stand for what the superintendent recommended. The gentleman, who is the Chairman of the House Committee, is the superintendent of a semi-State institution, and his recommendations for his institutions have always been taken and the recommendations of the absolute State institutions has absolutely never been taken. I have been in the habit of going along with everything that has come up on the floor, and I would be only too glad to do that at this time, but when they take personalities into consideration I think we should have at least an opportunity to investigate the contents of this bill.

It is true that it possibly has been on our calendar for ten days, yet possibly not a member here to-night knows what these amendments are, and I defy any member of the Senate to look over this bill in one hour, unless he is familiar with it, and tell me and the other members of the Senate what those amendments are. Therefore, it is necessary to have this bill postponed at least for a while to give us an opportunity to see what is in this bill. I do not care to delay matters. I do not want to refer this back to the Committee particularly, but I would like to have an oppor-

tunity to read the bill so that I can vote intelligently and according to the dictates of my conscience.

Mr. TUSTIN. Mr. President, I do not want to reflect upon the work of the Appropriations Committee. I think this is the first Appropriations Committee that we have had for many years who have given us appropriations within anything like the revenues of the State, and I think they are to be congratulated. I believe they have done good hard conscientious work in endeavoring to work this matter out, but I do agree with the Senator from Schuylkill that the time has come that we should increase the appropriations to the common schools of the State, especially for our country districts. In the country districts the minimum salary for a long time has been forty dollars a month. The amount of instruction in the poor district of the State is seven months. That means seven times forty dollars a month or two hundred and eighty dollars per teacher for the entire year. Now that is less than is paid to almost any other profession. It is less than is paid any other business, and the wonder is that our schools in the country can get teachers. For that reason the School Code Commission asks that this be raised from forty to forty-five dollars per month. I have been hoping that the committee would see their way clear to increase the appropriations to the common schools of the State so that our common schools of the country districts could be taken care of, and I do hope, Mr. President, that some way can be found by which the committee can give us the additional appropriation. We have not had an additional appropriation for some two years to the common schools and I believe a million dollars can be added to the common schools of the State, five hundred thousand dollars a year, and still be within the revenue of the Commonwealth.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I feel very highly honored by the remarks of the Senator from Philadelphia, Mr. Tustin, concerning the Appropriations Committee, and I want to say that we have tried our best, for the first time in a number of years, to keep the appropriations within the revenue of the State for the next two years, and if we are going to add more than the department of Public Instruction asks for, going to add here and there several hundred thousand dollars the hospitals and the homes of the State of Pennsylvania will be obliged to cut anywhere from fifteen to thirty-five per cent. Now it is a question whether or not the people who are well and are teaching school throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, whether they should not receive any increase in salary or whether the maimed or wounded and suffering throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania are to suffer. That is the whole question in my mind with regards to raising the amount set forth in this appropriation bill.

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. President, not to impose too much talk upon this Senate, I am at a loss to understand where the Appropriations Committee got the various sums that have been added to this bill in the last two days. I am not reflecting upon the ability of this committee, they are trying to do their full duty and this Senate will voice that in every particular, but the Senator from Allegheny has not convinced me that there is not sufficient revenue to increase the school appropriation. The other day there was an appropriation of a million dollars, never thought of, for certain institutions. They provided eighty thousand dollars in the last three days for certain other particulars; they provided fifty thousand dollars for the culture of chestnut trees, provided it for clover seed or the State forests, all within the last three weeks. This revenue could not be taken from the stars nor dug out of the ground at once, it was somewhere within the confines of the Treasury of this State, and this Appropriations Committee found it when the proper press was made. Now then because the Superintendent of Public Instruction may not have known the exact amount of money in the Treasury, there is no reason why this Committee should not have found it. I am a member of that committee, and I submit I have never been able to find out how much money has been appropriated for the various institutions until this very evening by reading this bill, and nobody knows until this session is over how much money is appropriated, but there has been no argument made or any contentions produced here which give any reason to think that there is no money for an increase of the school appropriation of this State. It increased every officer, the head of every department almost in this State, judges salary over fifty thousand dollars a year. That was all unthought of two weeks ago, and this money came from some source. I submit to the members of this Senate that we should not let this bill go through unless there is an increase to the school appropriation of this State. It is unfair to the people of this State, not the farmer alone or the miner, but everybody. I am not talking for anybody in particular but I am talking for the interest of every school-child in this State.

High Schools have received four hundred and fifty thousand dollars, fifty thousand dollars more than they did heretofore, the common schools received nothing. I submit, this money is somewhere and we do not need to borrow it either, but it can be provided for if the proper method is taken. I ask the members of this Senate to refer this back to the Committee and get the money.

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, the Chairman of the Appropriations Committee has slurringly remarked that this is not the first time I have said I had not time to read a bill. I wish to say that this is the case, but I have not voted quite as often as he has under the direction of other people, maybe. I wish the Senator to understand that I did read the original bill. I glanced over the original bill, but I defy any man in five minutes to look over this bill to find out what the amendments are. I merely asked an ordinary courtesy that a little time be given to glance over this bill before it is called up for a vote. I am not here to offer captious opposition to the general appropriation bill, but every gentleman in the Senate has a right to glance over this bill before a vote is taken upon it.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I do not want to take up any more time but I wish to answer the gentleman from Schuylkill that I told him the only people from whom he can receive the amounts available for the next two years are the Auditor General and the State Treasurer, and in answer to the Senator from Schuylkill that sixty or seventy or eightly thousand dollars have been added in the last few days I would also state for his benefit that we tried to do this in a business like way. There were bills in the process of passage and we contemplated the passage of those bills and we found out the amount of money and put it in the general appropriation bill with a privilo that should the bill pass the money is available, otherwise it is not.

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. President, I would like to interrogate the Senator from Allegheny.

The PRESIDENT. Will the gentleman from Allegheny permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, certainly.

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. President, this bill since it was recommitted to the Appropriations Committee was amended in line thirteen hundred and thirty-five on page forty-eight and one hundred and fifty thousand dollars more money was given to a public road, the national road in the counties of Fayette, Somerset and Washington. Where did they find this money since this morning.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, in answer to the gentleman from Schuylkill I will state in regard to this road that according to figures given us by the Department of Highways the amount set aside was six hundred thousand dollars. It was an easy matter to cut down the six hundred thousand dollars to three hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

It was not agreed to.

Agreeably to order.

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1240 (House No. 860), as follows:

An act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive, Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth, interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven, and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the following sums or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same are hereby specifically appropriated to the several objects hereinafter named for the two fiscal years commencing on the first day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven to be paid out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Section 2. For the payment of the salaries of the several State officers, the clerks and employes in the several departments of the State government and for the incidental expenses of the said departments the following sums or so much thereof as may be necessary the same to be

paid on the warrant of the Auditor General upon the State Treasurer in the amounts as follows and in the manner prescribed by law

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

For the payment of the salary of the Governor two years the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000)

For the payment of clerk hire two years the sum of twenty-six thousand two hundred dollars ($26,200)

For the payment of contingent expenses two years the sum of twenty-eight hundred dollars ($2,800)

For the payment of the salary of the Lieutenant Governor two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the deficiency in salary of the Private Secretary of the Governor as per act approved March first one thousand nine hundred and eleven covering the months of March April and May one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum of six hundred twenty-four dollars and ninety-six cents ($624.96)

For the payment of postage express charges and other incidental expenses of the Lieutenant Governor the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven in addition to the amount fixed by an act of Assembly approved June twelfth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three

For all contingent expenses including clerical and stenographic charges for the Executive Department the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000) for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

For the payment of the traveling and incidental expenses of the Governor from June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven to May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and the miscellaneous expenses incurred in the management of the Executive Mansion from January seventeenth one thousand nine hundred and eleven to May thirty-first one thonsand nine hundred and thirteen and for the purchase and maintenance of an automobile the sum of seventeen thousand five hundred dollars ($17,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary to be expended at the discretion of the Governor

EXECUTIVE CONTROLLER DEPARTMENT

For the payment of the salary of the Executive Comptroller two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Assistant Executive Comptroller two years the sum of three thousand six hundred dollars ($3,600)

For the payment of the salary of the stenographer and typewriter two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

For the payment of contingent expenses extra clerk hire investigations and traveling expenses two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

STATE DEPARTMENT

For the payment of the salary of the Secretary of the Commonwealth two years the sum of sixteen thousand dollars ($16,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of clerk hire including messenger and night watchman two years the sum of seventy-eight thousand five hundred dollars ($78,500)

For the payment of contingent expenses two years the sum of seven thousand five hundred dollars ($7,500)

For the payment of postage express charges and other incidental expenses two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of clerical assistance in preparing and opening new set of commission books the transferring and entering in same of necessary records the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000)

AUDITOR GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT

For the payment of the salary of the Auditor General two years the sum of sixteen thousand dollars ($16,000)

For the payment of the Auditor General for services as a member of the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings two years the sum of one thousand two hundred dollars ($1,200)

For the payment of the salary of the Deputy Auditor General two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salary of the chief clerk two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salary of the corporation clerk two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salary of the clerk to the Board of Public Accounts two years the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000)

For the payment of clerk hire two years the sum of one hundred and sixty thousand dollars ($160,000)

For the payment of compensation and expenses of persons appointed in pursuance of law to examine the accounts of city and county officers or of individuals required by law to make report to the Auditor General of moneys due on account of fees or taxes collected for the use of the Commonwealth two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

For the payment of postage express charges and contingent expenses two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the purchase of patent indices registries law books and other books necessary for the proper conduct of the work of collecting taxes from corporations and auditing accounts two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

For the payment of the salaries of expert accountants appointed under authority of the act of July fifteen eighteen hundred ninety-seven (Pamphlet Laws two hundred ninety-one) two years the sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000).

For the payment of necessary expenses of said expert accountants incurred in the discharge of their duties two years the sum of nine thousand dollars ($9,000)

For the payment of all costs that may be incurred in the entering of liens for State taxes in the various counties of the Commonwealth two years the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000)

For increase in salaries and expenses incident to the bill in the present sessions of the Legislature entitled "An Act fixing the number and salaries of clerks and other employes in the Department of the Auditor General and defining the duties of certain employes" if the same becomes a law two years the sum of fifty-five thousand dollars ($55,000)

DEPARTMENT OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS

For the payment of the salary of the Secretary of Internal Affairs two years the sum of sixteen thousand dollars ($16,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Deputy Secretary of Internal Affairs two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salary of the clerk to the Board of Public Propetry two years the sum of four hundred dollars ($400)

For the payment of the salary of the Chief of the Bureau of Railways from the date of the approval of Senate Bill two hundred and thirteen to the end of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum of two hundred and thirty dollars and fifty-five cents

For the payment of the salaries of the other official clerks and employes in the Department of Internal Affairs two years the sum of eighty-seven thousand dollars ($87,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Chief of the Bureau of Standards in the Department of Internal Affairs as provided for in House Bill number six hundred and eleven passed by the Legislature but conditioned upon its approval by the Governor the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000) for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

For the payment of contingent expenses two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of traveling and other incidental expenses for the collection of statistics by the Bureau of Industrial Statistics of the Department of Internal Affairs for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000) said amount to cover the contingent fund provided by the act of Assembly of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and in addition thereto the expense of the collectors of statistics appointed under the act of Assembly approved April fourth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine (Pamphlet Laws page twenty-six) and also to cover such extra services as may be required in compiling data for the annual report

For the payment of services rendered and expenses incurred in the collection of tax statistics and for the compilation of the same as required by the act of Assembly approved May ninth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum of ten thousand dollars to be paid upon the warrant of the Auditor General upon specifically itemized vouchers certified by the Secretary of Internal Affairs ($10,000)

For the payment of necessary services and expenses incurred through the Bureau of Railways of the Department of Internal Affairs in the investigation of complaints made against corporations under sections four and five of the act approved the eleventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four against delinquent corporations under the act approved the nineteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven and for the investigation of accidents and the securing of special reports as authorized under section eleven article seventeen of the Constitution the sum of two thousand dollars for each of the two years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and June first one thousand nine hundred and twelve four thousand dollars ($4,000) All expenditures under this appropriation to be itemized and verified by oath on vouchers certified by the Secretary of Internal Affairs and filed with the Auditor General

For the temporary employment of draftsmen in the copying of surveys or other ancient papers important to be preserved in the Land Office Bureau as required by the act approved the sixteenth day of February one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three (Pamphlet Laws page forty-seven) the sum of twenty thousand dollars for each of the two fiscal years years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven forty thousand dollars ($40,000)

For the expense incident to the investigating and surveying of vacant or unappropriated land as authorized and provided in the first section of the act entitled "An Act relating to the granting of titles by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to vacant or unappropriated land the price to be paid for the same the conveyance to the State Forestry Reservation Commission where desirable for forest culture or forest preservation preventing the granting of warrants for the beds of navigable rivers and providing for acceptance of returns of surveys without limitation as to excess or surplus" approved the third day of May one thousand nine hundred and nine the sum of one thousand dollars for each of the two years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and June first one thousand nine hundred and twelve two thousand dollars ($2,000)

For the payment of postage express charges and other incidental expenses of the Department two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of skilled draftsmen surveyors and other assistance necessary to the proper continuation of the warrantee map work authorized by act of Assembly approved June thirteenth one thousand nine hundred and seven and subsequent amendments and supplements therto including all necessary traveling and subsistence expenses in the field work of the same ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the inspection and repairs of State boundary line monuments during the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven under authority of section two of the act of Assembly approved May fourth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine and subsequent amendments and supplements thereto the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

For the payment of the salary of the State Treasurer two years the sum of sixteen thousand dollars ($16,000)

For the payment of the State Treasurer for services as a member of the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings two years the sum of one thousand two hundred dollars ($1,200)

For the payment of the salary of the cashier two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salary of the assistant cashier two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of clerk hire including messenger and night watchman two years the sum of sixty-five thousand dollars ($65,000)

For the payment of the compensation of such extra clerks as the State Treasurer may find it necessary to employ for the purpose of balancing and transferring accounts making new indices or for the purpose of rendering any other gen-

eral assistance to the regular clerical force two years the sum of fifteen thousand ($15,000) dollars the necessity for the employment of extra clerical assistance and the monthly wages of all extra clerks employed to be determined and fixed by the State Treasurer

For the payment of extra clerk hire and clerical assistance in the balancing and transferring of accounts making new indices and assistance to the general clerical force two years the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000)

For the payment of contingent expenses two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the purchase of patent indices law books and other books necessary for the proper conduct of the work of the Department two years the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000)

For the payment of traveling expenses of the State Treasurer Cashier and Bond Clerk while on Departmental business two years the sum of two thousand ($2,000) dollars

For the payment of postage express charges and other incidental expenses in the office of the State Treasurer two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the payment of the cost of procuring bonds required to be given by employes of the Treasury Department to the State Treasurer for the faithful performance of their duties two years the sum of one thousand ($1,000) dollars

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT

For the payment of the salary of the Attorney General two years the sum of twenty-four thousand dollars ($24,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Deputy Attorney General two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Assistant Deputy Attorney General two years the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000)

For the payment of clerk hire two years the sum of nineteen thousand four hundred dollars ($19,400)

For the payment of the contingent expenses official fees witness fees serving processes and for such other costs as the Commonwealth may be liable to pay in cases in which the Commonwealth is or may be a party and for the payment of postage express charges the purchase of law books for the law library of the Attorney General's Department and other incidental expenses for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000)

For the payment of the services and expenses of attorneys employed by the Attorney General to assist in the prosecution and trial of cases and the prosecution of claims in which the Commonwealth is interested and for the payment of the services costs and expenses of special district attorneys appointed by the Attorney General for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and for the payment of the services costs and expenses of such attorneys or special district attorneys rendered incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000)

For the payment of the salary of the second assistant deputy Attorney General from March sixteenth one thousand nine hundred and eleven to June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and for two years from June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum of seven thousand seven hundred thirty-three dollars and seventy-three cents ($7,733.73) For the payment of costs and fees in the collection of amounts due to the Commonwealth for the support and maintenance of the insane confined in the various asylums in the Commonwealth and chargeable to the Commonwealth and counties the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

BANKING DEPARTMENT

For the payment of the salary of the Commissioner of Banking two years the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Deputy Commissioner of Banking two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Chief Clerk two years the sum of three thousand six hundred dollars ($3,600)

For the payment of clerk hire two years the sum of eleven thousand two hundred dollars ($11,200)

For the payment of the salaries and expenses of the examiners two years the sum of one hundred and seventy thousand dollars ($170,000)

For the payment for two years of four clerks in the Banking Department for the period commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven one thousand six hundred dollars ($1,600) conditioned upon the approval by the Governor of House Bill number four hundred and fifty-five

For the payment of the salaries of two stenographers and typewriters two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the payment of the salary of the messenger two years the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment of the contingent expenses two years the sum of four thousand five hundred dollars ($4,500)

For the payment of employes and other expenses incident to the supervision of private banks as provided for in the act of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to provide for licensing and regulating private banking in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing penalties for the violation thereof" (this item to be contingent on the approval of the said act by the Governor) two years the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000)

For the payment of the salaries and expenses of the examiners two years the sum of one hundred and fifty-eight thousand dollars ($158,000)

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

For the payment of the salary of the Superintendent of Public Instruction two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salaries of the Deputy superintendent clerks and messenger two years the sum of eighteen thousand two hundred dollars ($18,200)

For extra clerical assistant necessary in the distribution of the appropriation to the common schools two years the sum of six hundred dollars ($600) Provided that the sum paid for such clerical assistance shall not exceed one hundred dollars per month for three months of each of said two years

For the payment of the contingent expenses two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000.00)

For the payment of the expenses of the State Normal School examiners two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salaries of the high school inspectors two years the sum of sixteen thousand dollars ($16,000)

For the payment of the traveling expenses of the high school inspectors for two years the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000)

For the payment of the expert assistants in drawing agricultural education and industrial education two years the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000)

For the payment of the traveling expenses of the expert assistants in drawing agricultural education and industrial education the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the expenses of the examining boards for State permanent certificates two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of three stenographers and typewriters two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the cost of circulating the Pennsylvania School Journal two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of lecturers and instructors employed by the Superintendent of Public Instruction to lecture and teach at meetings and summer schools held by the Pennsylvania Educational Association by the Pennsylvania State College and by associations incorporated for the purpose of promoting education and popular culture for two years the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000)

STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

For the payment of the necessary expenses of the members of the State Board of Education and the salaries of clerks stenographers and other employes and of other necessary expenses of the board two years the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000)

MEDICAL COUNCIL OF PENNSYLVANIA

For the payment of the salary of the secretary and treasurer of the Medical Council of Pennsylvania two years the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000)

For the payment of the necessary expenses of the Medical Council two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY COUNCIL

For the payment of the traveling expenses of the members of the College and University Council two years the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000)

DENTAL COUNCIL OF PENNSYLVANIA

For the payment of the necessary expenses of the Dental Council for two years the sum of four thousand dolars ($4,000)

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

For the payment of the salary of the Adjutant General two years the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000)

For the payment of clerk hire in the Adjutant General's office and employes at the State Arsenal two years the sum of seventy-seven thousand one hundred and sixty dollars ($77,160)

For the payment of contingent expenses including the shipping of arms and so forth two years the sum of seven thousand eight hundred dollars ($7,800)

For the payment of the salaries of the State Military Board two years the sum of three thousand six hundred dollars ($3,600)

For classifying preserving editing and preparing for publication in book form copies of the important and historical letters telegrams and official rolls reports and communications relating to the participation of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the War for the Suppression of the Rebellion and filed in the Adjutant General's office during the years eighteen hundred and sixty-one to eighteen hundred and sixty-five inclusive, the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500)

For the payment of services rendered in computing compiling filing and collecting the balance due on claims of the State of Pennsylvania against the Government of the United States for stores furnished and expense incurred by the State of Pennsylvania in furnishing its quota of troops for the Spanish-American War the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General not exceeding however five per centum of the amount collected from the Government of the United States by the State of Pennsylvania on account of said claims

For the purchase of military stores in place of those sold or exchanged by the Adjutant General under the provisions of section fifty-four of an act of Assembly approved April twenty-eighth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine reading as follows "The Adjutant General may with the approval of the Commander-in-Chief sell or exchange from time to time such military stores belonging to the State as are found unserviceable or in state of decay or which it may be deemed for the interest of the State to sell or exchange" and for the expense of packing and transportation in issuing new stores or receiving old or obsolete stores returned to State Arsenal or for expenses for military purposes as the Military Board may direct Provided That payment by the Auditor General shall not at any time be in excess of the amount paid into the State Treasury by the Adjutant General as proceeds of such sales or exchanges the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary said payments to be made on the warrants of the Auditor General drawn upon the State Treasurer upon certificate of the Auditor General showing amount paid into State Treasury and upon properly itemized vouchers being filed by the Adjutant General

For the payment to the organizations of the National Guard of Pennsylvania entitled thereto or to the United States Government of amounts recovered and paid into the State Treasury by or on account of officers of the National Guard delinquent in accounting for public moneys paid to them or military stores or supplies issued to such officers under the provisions of an act of Assembly approved April twenty-eighth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine entitled "An Act to provide for the organization discipline and regulation of the National Guard of Pennsylvania" the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary payment to be made by warrant of the Auditor General drawn upon the State Treasurer upon proper certificate of the Adjutant General showing collection of moneys from sureties on bonds and payment of the same into the State Treasury

To reimburse the United States Government or organizations of the National Guard of Pennsylvania for losses incurred by fire in cases where such losses have been covered by insurance placed by the Adjutant General and the losses are adjusted by the insurance company or companies and payment made to the State of such losses and

the amount so recovered has been paid into the State Treasury and also to reimburse the United States Government for any United States Government stores sold by the Adjutant General and the money received for such sale has been paid into the State Treasury the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary the reimbursement to be made by warrant of the Auditor General drawn upon the State Treasurer upon proper certificate of loss or sale and duly itemized voucher being filed with the Auditor General by the Adjutant General

To the Adjutant General for the payment of the balance due and unpaid the Pennsylvania Railroad Company for transportation furnished a Provisional Brigade of the National Guard of Pennsylvania to participate in the inaugural ceremonies of William H Taft President of the United States at Washington District of Columbia on March fourth one thousand nine hundred and nine the sum of three thousand nine hundred and sixty dollars and fifty-four cents ($3,960.54) and the sum of forty-three dollars and seventy-five cents ($43.75) for the balance due on account of transportation furnished to the State of Pennsylvania in connection with the unveiling of the monument of the Forty-eighth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry at Petersburg Virginia

ARMORY BOARD OF PENNSYLVANIA

For the payment of the salaries of the members of the State Armory Board as provided for in Senate Bill number six hundred and seventy-eight conditional upon its passage by the Legislature and approval by the Governor the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT

For the payment of the salary of the Insurance Commissioner two years the sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Deputy Insurance Commissioner two years the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000)

For the payment of the salary of the actuary two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salaries of the examiner-in-chief and three assistant examiners one examiner of statements and four examiners two years the sum of forty-two thousand dollars ($42,000)

For the payment of the salaries of two inspectors two years the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000)

For the payment of clerk hire including messenger two years the sum of seventy-seven thousand dollars ($77,000)

For the payment of contingent expenses and for traveling and contingent expenses of actuary examiners and inspectors two years the sum of fifty-two thousand dollars ($52,000)

FIRE MARSHAL

For the payment of the salary of the Fire Marshal two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Chief Assistant Fire Marshal two years the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000)

For the payment of the salaries of the first and second deputy fire marshals two years the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000)

For the payment of stenographers clerk hire and for traveling and contingent expenses two years the sum of forty thousand dollars ($40,000)

STATE LIBRARY

For the payment of the salary of the State Librarian two years the sum of nine thousand dollars ($9,000)

For the payment of the salary of the First Assistant State Librarian two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Second Assistant State Librarian two years the sum of four thousand eight hundred dollars ($4,800)

For the payment of the salary of the clerk two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

For the payment of the salary of an assistant in charge of the Division of Public Records in connection with the State Library two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the payment of the salary of the stenographer two years the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment of the salaries of two night assistants (as provided in the act of one thousand nine hundred and five section one page four hundred and forty) two years the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800)

For the payment of the salaries and necessary expenses incident to the preservation of the public records in the Division of Public Records two years the sum of sixteen thousand eight hundred dollars ($16,800)

For the payment of the salary of the messenger two years the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment of the salary of the night watchman two years the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800)

For the payment of freight expressage postage cleaning room and miscellaneous expenses two years the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000)

For the payment of the salaries of four assistants in the Library at fifty dollars per month two years the sum of four thousand eight hundred dollars ($4,800)

For the purchase of law books and exchanges two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the annual subscription to at least one leading newspaper in each county of the Commonwealth for permanent preservation and the newspapers of seventeen cities in the United States and for completing the files of Pennsylvania newspapers two years the sum of one thousand two hundred dollars ($1,200)

For the purchase of miscellaneous books and illustrations two years the sum of fourteen thousand dollars ($14,000)

For the purchase of such English parliamentary papers as may be deemed advisable by the Librarian and trustees of the State Library two years the sum of seven hundred and fifty dollars ($750)

For the payment of the salaries and expenses incident to the work of preparing a law catalogue of the State Library and for the continuation of the regular cataloguing work of the Library two years the sum of five thousand eight hundred dollars ($5,800)

For the payment of the salaries and expenses incident to the completion of the work of preparing a catalogue of the State Library on the card catalogue plan for such indexing work as may be needed two years the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000)

STATE MUSEUM

To provide for the expenses of the State Museum and for the payment of the employes necessary for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum of forty thousand four hundred dollars $40,400)

For the purchase of lantern slides to be added to the collection of the educational division of the State Museum two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

PENNSYLVANIA FREE LIBRARY COMMISSION

For the payment of the salaries and expenses incident to the establishment and maintenance of traveling libraries and other work authorized by section two of the act of Assembly establishing the Free Library Commission of Pennsylvania approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine two years the sum of twenty-six thousand dollars ($26,000)

For the payment of the traveling expenses of the members of the Free Library Commission and its officers two years the sum of one thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary ($1,000)

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

For the payment of the salary of the Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Assistant Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau two years the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000)

For the payment of the salary of a reference division stenographer in the Legislative Reference Bureau two years the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment of the salary of assistant stenographer in the Legislative Reference Bureau two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

For the payment of the salary of the search clerk in the Legislative Reference Bureau two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the payment of the salary of the cataloguer in the Legislative Reference Bureau two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

For the payment of the salary of the messenger in the Legislative Reference Bureau two years the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800)

For the payment to the Director of the Legislative Reference Bureau for maintenance and incidental expenses for two years the sum of five thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary ($5,000)

For the payment of the salaries of the search clerks stenographers and record clerk in the Legislative Reference Bureau as provided by law for a period of one month prior to the session of the General Assembly of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and during such session and during one month subsequent to such session the sum of seven thousand six hundred dollars or so much thereof as may be neecssary ($7,600)

STATE REPORTER

For the payment of the salary of the State Reporter two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Assistant State Reporter two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of stationery clerk hire and assistance two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

PUBLIC GROUNDS AND BUILDINGS

For the payment of the salary of the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Assistant Superintendent two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the salary of the bookkeeper two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the salary of the schedule clerk two years the sum of twenty-eight hundred dollars ($2,800)

For the payment of the salary of the stenographer two years the sum of twenty-four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment of the salary of the storekeeper two years the sum of twenty-eight hundred dollars ($2,800)

For the payment of the increase in salary of the storekeeper in the Department of Public Grounds and Buildings as provided for in House Bill number seven hundred and fifty-four conditional upon its passage by the Legislature and approval by the Governor the sum of twelve hundred dollars ($1,200) for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

For the payment of the additional assistant storekeeper two years the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment of the salary of the assistant storekeeper two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

For the payment of the salary of one clerk two years the sum of twenty-eight hundred dollars ($2,800)

For the payment of the salary of the secretary of the Board two years the sum of twelve hundred dollars ($1,200)

For the payment of the salary of the stenographer for the Board two years the sum of four hundred dollars ($400)

For the payment of the salaries of the chief and assistant engineers of the power plant and all employes required in conducting cleaning and making repairs and everything necessary for the safety and keeping of the buildings and grounds for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum of two hundred and forty-three thousand four hundred and eighty dollars ($243,480)

For the payment of the increase in salaries of the employes in the Department of Public Grounds and Buildings as provided for in House Bill number five hundred and fifteen passed by the Legislature but conditioned upon its approval by the Governor the sum of thirty-eight thousand six hundred and forty dollars ($38,640) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

For the payment of premiums on insurance upon the State Capitol the Library-Museum and Capitol conservatories the State Arsenal buildings the State quarantine station buildings the executive mansion and stables and the respective contents of the same also upon all other State property real personal or mixed and wherever situated which may be properly under the control and supervision of the Board or Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings for two years the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000)

For the purchase of any article of furniture furnishings stationery supplies fuel or any other matters or things and for the payment of any repairs alterations or improvements the want of which may not have been anticipated at the time of the issue of the annual schedule and which do not appear in the same and for which requisition is made on the Superintendent two years the sum of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) which appropriation shall be known as the "Board's General Fund" Provided That no expenditure from said fund shall be made by the Superintendent without first receiving authority from the Board so to do And provided also That from this fund shall be paid any bills for designs or specifications ordered by the Board And provided also That in awarding contracts under this schedule proposals for such contracts shall be invited by the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings in such manner and at such times as the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings in their discretion may direct

For the payment by the Superintendent for any emergency supplies the want of which may not have been anticipated at the time of the issue of the annual schedule and which do not appear in the same and for which requisition shall be made upon the superintendent and for the payment by the superintendent for emergency repairs and supplies and all temporary help for the care maintenance and preservation of the Public Grounds and Buildings including the Executive Mansion for two years the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000)

For the payment of the cost of advertising of the annual schedule of supplies the sale of unserviceable furnishings the re-advertising of the annual schedules when necessary and all other advertisements by the board or superintendent for two years the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000)

For the payment of the cost of electric light and power and of steam heat and power outside of the capital buildings and grounds and for the maintenance repairing and improving the installations when necessary for two years the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000)

For the payment of the rent of offices and rooms outside of the Capitol Buildings when necessary for the accommodation of any department board of commission of the State Government in accordance with the act of one thousand nine hundred and eleven and conditioned on the approval of said act by the Governor two years the sum of thirty thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary ($30,000.00)

For the payment to the city of Harrisburg for supplying the public buildings and grounds with water for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000)

For the payment of rental charges for telephone services and the cost of toll and long distance telephone messages for the Senate House of Representatives the various departments boards and commissions of the State Government and the Executive Mansion for two years the sum of fifty-one thousand dollars ($51,000)

For the payment of the deficiency in appropriation for the rental charges for telephone services for the two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum two thousand thirty-six dollars and seventy-seven cents ($2,036.77)

For the payment of the cost of general supplies including stationery supplies furniture distribution of documents fuel repairs alterations or improvements and other matters needed by the Legislature the several departments boards and commissions of the State government and Executive Mansion as set forth on and included in the General Annual Schedule of supplies for the State government two years the sum of three hundred thousand dollars ($300,000)

For the payment of the cost of procuring various bonds required by statute to be given by State officials and employes for the faithful performance of their duties for two years the sum of twenty-five thousand six hundred dollars ($25,600)

For the payment of the deficiency in appropriation of the cost of procuring various bonds required by statute to be given by state officials and employes to the Commonwealth for the faithful performance of their duties for two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum of four thousand three hundred and sixty-one dollars fifty cents ($4,361.50)

For the payment of the cost of erecting highway bridges under the act of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five and the supplement of one thousand nine hundred and three the sum of one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary (($125,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

For the purchase of the portraits of eighteen justices of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania the sum of seven thousand nine hundred dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary ($7,900.00)

For the payment to John W Alexander the artist for furnishing to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania fourteen (14) mural and art paintings to be placed in the Lunettes in the corridor connecting the rotunda with the North Wing on the first floor of the New Capitol Building the sum of twenty-two thousand dollars ($22,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the cost of improving the layout of the rooms adjacent the Senate Chamber providing bronze railings in the Senate Chamber and the House of Representatives new rostrum and platform for speakers and clerks in the Senate Chamber and the House of Representatives the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the cost of painting the portrait of Governor Edwin S Stuart to be placed in the Executive Department in the State Capitol Building the sum of five hundred dollars ($500.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the cost of painting the portrait of Lieutenant Governor Robert S Murphy to be placed in the Department of the Lieutenant Governor in the State Capitol Building the sum of five hundred dollars ($500.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the cost of making fireproof the old Arsenal Building at Eighteenth and Herr streets Harrisburg Pennsylvania by the installation of reinforced concrete floors partitions and canvas bins and fireproof metal windows and wire glass the sum of twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars ($22,500.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of installing new driveways in the State Arsenal Grounds the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

COMMISSIONERS OF SINKING FUND

For the payment of the salaries of the three commissioners two years the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800)

For the payment of the salary of the clerk two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

BOARD OF PARDONS

For the payment of the salaries of the members of the Board of Pardons two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the payment of the salary of the secretary of the Board of Pardons two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

For the payment of the salary of the recorder of the Board of Pardons two years the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000)

For the payment of the salary of the clerk two years the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000)

For the payment of the salary of the messenger two years the sum of eight hundred dollars ($800)

For the payment of the salary of the tipstaff two years the sum of eight hundred dollars ($800)

For the payment of postage express charges and other incidental expenses of the Board of Pardons for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum of eight hundred dollars ($800)

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

For the payment of the salary of the Secretary of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Deputy Secretary of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Economic Zoologist of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Assistant Economic Zoologist of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of three thousand two hundred dollars ($3,200)

For the payment of the salary of the State Veterinarian of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Deputy State Veterinarian of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of four thousand and two hundred dollars ($4,200)

For the payment of the salary of the clerk to the Director of Farmers' Institute of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the salary of the clerk to the State Veterinarian of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment of the salary of the stenographer to the State Veterinarian of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800)

For the payment of the salary of the chief clerk of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of three thousand six hundred dollars ($3,600)

For the payment of the salary of the clerk to the Economic Zoologist of the Department fo Agriculture two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the salary of the stenographer and typewriter of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800)

For the payment of the salary of the messenger of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800)

For the payment of the salary of the stenographer to the Economic Zoologist of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800)

For the payment of the salary of the messenger to the Economic Zoologist of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800)

For the payment of the contingent fund and traveling expenses of the officers of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of eleven thousand five hundred dollars ($11,500)

For the payment of the expenses of the Farmers' Local Institutes including salaries two years the sum of forty-five thousand dollars ($45,000)

For the payment of the cost of carrying out the provisions of the act of twenty-first March one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of trees" et cetera and the amendment to said act approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand nine hundred and seven for two years the sum of eighty thousand dollars ($80,000)

For the payment of the expenses of the members of the State Board of Agriculture including specialists of the Board and expenses and compensation of lecturers for two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

For the payment of special examinations or investigations as provided for in the act of March thirteenth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five establishing the Department of Agriculture for two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the cost of selecting samples making analyses and other expenses including salaries incident to carrying into effect the provisions of the act of Assembly "To regulate the manufacture and sale of commercial fertilizers" for two years the sum of forty-five thousand six hundred and fifty dollars ($45,650)

For the payment of the cost of selecting samples making analyses and other expenses including salaries incident to carrying out the provisions of the act of Assembly "Regulating the sale of commercial feeding stuffs" for two years the sum of thirty thousand dollars ($30,000)

For the payment of aid to the State Horticultural Association of Pennsylvania for two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

For the payment of aid to the State Dairy Union for two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

For the payment of aid to the State Livestock Breeders' Association for two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

DAIRY AND FOOD DIVISION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

For the payment of the salary of the Dairy and Food Commissioner of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the salary of the clerk to the Dairy and Food Commissioner two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the salary of the messenger of the Dairy and Food Division of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800)

For the payment of the salaries of the special agents of the Dairy and Food Division of the Department of Agriculture the attorneys detectives assistants and special work of the Dairy and Food Division of the Department of Agriculture the clerical and stenographers services in the Dairy and Food Division of the Department of Agriculture the chemist's salaries and incidental laboratory expense of the Dairy and Food Division of the Department of Agriculture and the payment of traveling and other necessary expenses of the Dairy and Food Commissioner and special agents including the cost of samples of food products express telegraph and other incidental expenses of the Dairy and Food Division of the Department of Agriculture two years the sum of one hundred and sixty thousand dollars ($160,000) to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General upon the presentation of specifically itemized vouchers approved and certified to by the Secretary of Agriculture Provided That all sums of money that may be received by the Dairy and Food Division arising from fines and costs except this appropriation shall be paid into the State Treasury daily for the use of the Commonwealth

STATE LIVESTOCK SANITARY BOARD

For the enforcement of the acts of May twenty-first one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five and March thirtieth one thousand nine hundred and five and for the payment of indemnity for animals afflicted with dangerous contagious or infectious diseases and for the expense of detecting quarantining and disposing of such animals as provided by law two years the sum of two hundred and sixty thousand dollars ($260,000)

For paying for diseased animals found in slaughter houses as provided by the act approved March twenty-fifth one thousand nine hundred and three and for the expense of detecting and disposing of such animals as provided by law two years the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) Provided however That if the amounts here appropriated shall not be sufficient for the purpose of paying for animals required by law to be condemned certificates of appraisal shall be issued by the State Veterinarian and the amount of such certificates shall be reported to the next Legislature

For the payment of the cost of producing and distributing tuberculin mallein anthrax vaccine tuberculosis vaccine hog cholera vaccine for the laboratory diagnosis of the disease of animals and provide the necessary equipment for such work two years the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000)

For the payment of the cost of supervising and enforcing the inspection of animals brought from other states into Pennsylvania as required by the act of May twenty-sixth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the control and suppression of rabies and the quarantine of dogs as required by the act of March twenty-seven one thousand nine hundred and three two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of clerical and office expenses two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For investigations concerning the diseases of animals two years the sum of thirty thousand dollars ($30,000)

For the payment of equipment for the laboratory of the State Livestock Sanitary Board two years the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000)

For the payment of the expenses of the State meat inspection service and for the payment of salaries and actual traveling expenses of the agents of the State Livestock Sanitary Board in the meat inspection service as provided by law two years the sum of sixty-three thousand dollars ($63,000)

For the payment of the expenses of carrying out the provisions of the act approved April twenty-fifth nineteen hundred and seven to encourage the breeding of horses and requiring the enrollment and inspection of stallions two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of a deficiency in indemnity for animals afflicted with tuberculosis for which certificates of appraisal have been issued by the State Veterinarian as provided by law and deficiency having been incurred during the fiscal year terminating May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum of nine thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary ($9,000)

For the payment of the salary of the treasurer and the clerk to the State Livestock Sanitary Board of Pennsylvania as provided for in Senate Bill number four hundred and ninety-two conditional upon its passage by the Legislature and approval by the Governor the sum of thirty-eight hundred dollars ($3,800) for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

DEPARTMENT OF FORESTRY

For the payment of the salary of the Commissioner of Forestry two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Deputy Commissioner of Forestry two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of clerk hire two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of special examinations to encourage and promote the development of forestry and for contingent expenses connected with the necessary work of the Commissioner of Forestry two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of traveling and other necessary expenses of the members of the State Forestry Reservation Commission two years the sum of three thousand five hundred dollars ($3,500)

For the payment of salaries and expenses of forest rangers two years the sum of one hundred forty thousand dollars ($140,000)

For the payment of the salaries and expenses of foresters two years the sum of one hundred and fifteen thousand dollars ($115,000)

For the payment of surveys two years the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000)

For the payment of draftsmen bookkeepers stenographer and messenger two years the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000)

For the payment of labor two years the sum of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000)

For the payment of other expenses necessary and incidental to the conduct of the business of the Department of Forestry and the maintenance protection care planting and development of the forest reserves two years the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars ($75,000)

For the payment of the examination of titles to lands purchased two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the purpose of assisting in defraying the necessary expenses of protecting and improving lands purchased by the State Forestry Reservation Commission the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary being the unexpended balance remaining in the State Treasury in the special fund provided for in an Act of Assembly entitled "An Act to limit the amount of money expended each year by the State Forestry Reservation Commission in the purchase of lands for the Commonwealth" approved the fifteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three

DEPARTMENT OF MINES

For the payment of the salary of the Chief of the Department of Mines two years the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Deputy Chief of the Department of Mines two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the salary of the chief clerk of the Department of Mines two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the payment of the clerks stenographers and typewriters and messengers two years the sum of twenty-four thousand eight hundred dollars ($24,800)

For the payment of contingent expenses including traveling expenses books instruments chemicals plans express freight janitor telegrams stamps et cetera two years the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000)

For the payment of the salaries of the inspectors of coal mines as provided by law two years the sum of two hundred seventy-five thousand dollars ($275,000)

For the payment of the salaries of inspectors of coal mines appointed temporarily as substitutes in case of disability of any of the regular inspectors two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the actual traveling expenses of the inspectors and for their office rent stationery postage telegrams express charges instruments typewriters furniture and all other actual and necessary expenses two years the sum of fifty six thousand three hundred fifty dollars ($56,350)

For the payment of the compensation and expenses attending the examination of candidates for inspection of coal mines mine foremen and fire bosses as provided for by the acts of Assembly relating thereto said sums as may be necessary therefor not exceeding in the aggregate for two years the sum of thirty-six thousand dollars ($36,000) Provided That no examinations for inspectors of coal mines shall exceed in duration the period of forty days in the bituminous districts and the period of twenty days in the anthracite districts The examination of mine foremen assistant mine foremen in the anthracite and the examination of mine foremen and firebosses in the bituminous districts shall not exceed in duration the period of ten days

For the payment of counsel fees two years the sum of seven thousand five hundred dollars ($7,500) Provided however That no indebtedness shall be incurred until the authority for the same shall have been granted by the Department of Mines and no payment for salaries or expenses incurred shall be made under this appropriation until proper specifically itemized vouchers verified under oath are made and transmitted to the chief of the said department and by him examined approved and certified to the Auditor General

For the payment of the deficiency in counsel fee fund for the two fiscal years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the deficiency in contingent fund of department for the two fiscal years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum of seven hundred dollars ($700)

DEPARTMENT OF FISHERIES

For the payment of the salary of the Commissioner of Fisheries two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salary of the clerk two years the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment of the salaries of two stenographers two years the sum of three thousand six hundred dollars ($3,600)

For the purpose of hatching propogating and distributing food and game fish and stocking and supplying the waters of the Commonwealth with the same and distributing fish and employing the necessary labor and implements therefor and paying for the repairs improvements and necessary expenses to the State hatcheries two years the sum of ninety-three thousand dollars ($93,000)

For the payment of counsel fees and court expenses two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

For the payment of necessary and reasonable expenses of the Commissioner of Fisheries and other members of the Fishery Commission and office employes two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the erection of fishways two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the repairs of State fishways two years the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000)

For the payment of salaries and reasonable expenses of fish wardens two years the sum of thirty-three thousand six hundred dollars ($33,600)

For the payment of contingent expenses two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

For the purpose of maintaing and operating launch "Commodore Perry" on Lake Erie two years the sum of nine thousand dollars ($9,000)

For field work and gathering spawn and incidental expenses thereto two years the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000)

For building ponds extensions and other work incidental towards completing hatcheries two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For building of retaining walls along the banks of Conneaut Lake outlet on the Crawford hatchery grounds two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the making of plans the purchase of machinery boats and for other expenses incidental towards the construction of the State fish hatchery on Presque Isle Peninsula Erie county authorized by an act of the Legislature session of one thousand nine hundred and nine and approved by an act of Congress session of one thousand nine hundred and ten two years the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000)

For the building of a new and permanent hatching house at the Erie hatchery Erie to replace the present structure the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000)

BOARD OF GAME COMMISSIONERS

For the payment of the salary of the Chief Game Protector who is secretary of said Board two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Assistant Chief Game Protector who is also stenographer and typewriter two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the salary of one game protector termed a traveling game protector two years the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400

For the payment of the salaries of seven additional game protectors at the rate of fifty dollars per month two years the sum of eight thousand four hundred dollars ($8,400)

For the payment of the traveling and other necessary expenses of these ten game protectors for the payment of services rendered or expenses incurred by either deputy game protectors or special deputy game protectors under the specific and written order of the chief game protector for the payment of incidental office expenses attorney fees and such other expenditures as may be deemed necessary by the Board of Game Commissioners for the better carrying out of the provisions of an act creating the Game Commission two years the sum of twenty thousand four hundred dollars ($20,400)

For the purpose of creating additional game preserves for the maintenance and protection of preserves created by authority of an act of Assembly approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and five for the purchase propagation and distribution throughout the State of game as may be considered advisable two years the sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000)

The appropriation to be paid quarterly to the President of the Board of Game Commissioners upon the presentation of duly certified voucher of the expenditure of money previously drawn and satisfactory proof to the Auditor General that the expenditure is necessary for the enforcement of the laws of the Commonwealth relative to the protection of game of song and insectivorous birds or for the intelligent and necessary carrying into effect the purposes for which said Board of Game Commissioners was created

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PRINTING AND BINDING

For the payment of the Superintendent of the Department of Public Printing and Binding two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Chief Clerk of the Department of Public Printing and Binding two years the sum of thirty-six hundred dollars ($3,600)

For the payment of the salary of one clerk of the Department of Public Printing and Binding two years the sum of twenty-eight hundred dollars ($2,800)

For the payment of the salary of the stenographer and clerk of the Department of Public Printing and Binding two years the sum of twenty-eight hundred dollars ($2,800)

For the payment of the salary of an expert proof-reader of the Department of Public Printing and Binding two years the sum of twenty-eight hundred dollars ($2,800)

For the payment of the salary of one clerk who is also to have in charge the supervision of the Legislative Journal two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the salary of the messenger of the Department of Public Printing and Binding two years the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800)

For the payment of the contingent expenses two years the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500)

For the payment of printing binding ruling et cetera two years the sum of five hundred thousand dollars ($500,000)

For the payment of paper envelopes and other supplies two years the sum of two hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars ($225.000)

For the payment of plates cuts and electrotypes two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of dies and stamps two years the sum of six hundred dollars ($600)

For advertising proposals for executing the State Printing and Binding said contract to be let on the fourth Tuesday of February one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of two thousand dollars ($2.000)

For advertising proposals for supplying the Commonwealth with paper and other supplies two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the salaries of two proof-readers and two copyholders for the Legislative session of one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum of four hundred dollars ($400.00) and for the payment of salaries of two proof-readers and two copyholders for the Legislative session of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of eighteen hundred and fifty dollars ($1,850.00) to be paid monthly to each proof-reader and copy-holder as follows one hundred and twenty-five dollars per month to each proof-reader and sixty dollars per month to each copy-holder

STATE HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT

For the payment of the salary of the State Highway Commissioner two years the sum of sixteen thousand dollars ($16,000)

For the payment of the salary of the first Deputy State Highway Commissioner two years the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Second Deputy State Highway Commissioner two years the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Auditor two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000.00)

For the payment of the salary of the Chief Engineer two years the sum of fourteen thousand dollars ($14,000.00)

For the payment of the salary of the Bridge Engineer two years the sum of seventy-two hundred dollars ($7,200.00)

For the payment of the salaries of the fifty Superintendents two years the sum of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000.00)

For the payment of the salaries of fifteen civil engineers two years the sum of seventy-two thousand dollars ($72,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Chief Draftsman two years the sum of forty-eight hundred dollars ($4,800)

For the payment of the salaries of four assistant draftsmen two years the sum of fourteen thousand four hundred dollars ($14,400)

For the payment of the salary of the Chief Clerk two years the sum of forty-eight hundred dollars ($4,800)

For the payment of the salaries of four clerks two years the sum of ninety-six hundred dollars ($9,600)

For the payment of the salaries of four stenographers or clerks two years the sum of ninety-six hundred dollars ($9,600)

For the payment of the salaries of two bookkeepers two years the sum of six thousand four hundred dollars ($6,400)

For the payment of the necessary traveling expenses of the State Highway Commissioner the first Deputy State Highway Commissioner the second Deputy State Highway Commissioner the Chief Engineer the Bridge Engineer the fifteen Civil Engineers and the fifty Superintendents two years the sum of eighty-eight thousand dollars ($88,000)

For the payment of the contingent expenses of the State Highway Department two years the sum of seventy-nine thousand dollars ($79,000)

For the payment of salaries and other necessary expenses of the Automobile Division of the State Highway Department two years the sum of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000)

For the payment of experimental work and tests two years the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000)

For the rebuilding repair and maintenance of the National or Cumberland Road in the counties of Somerset Fayette and Washington the sum of three hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($350,000)

BOARD OF REVENUE COMMISSIONERS

For the payment of the salaries of the three members of the Board two years the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800)

For the payment of the salary of the clerk two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

DEPARTMENT OF FACTORY INSPECTION

For the payment of the salary of the Chief Factory Inspector two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salaries of forty-one Deputy Factory Inspectors two years the sum of ninety-eight thousand four hundred dollars ($98,400)

For the payment of the salary of the Chief Clerk two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Statistical Clerk two years the sum of three thousand six hundred dollars ($3,600)

For the payment of the salary of the Clerk and Stenographer two years the sum of twenty-eight hundred dolars ($2,800)

For the payment of the salary of the messenger two years the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment for two years of the incidental and traveling expenses of the Chief Factory Insepctors and his Deputy Factory Inspectors the necessary cost and expenses incurred in the prosecution of offenders against the factory laws bakeshop law workshop law fire escape law boiler inspection law and the law for the inspection of steam boats on inland lakes and for the incidental contingent expenses for postage expressage telegraphing and such special work and investigations as may be required or necessary the sum of sixty-five thousand three hundred and sixty-eight dollars ($65,368)

For the payment of increase of salaries of Deputy Factory Inspectors as provided for in Senate Bill number three hundred and fifteen passed by the Legislature but conditioned upon its approval by the Governor the sum of twenty-four thousand six hundred dollars ($24,600) for the two fiscal years commencing June one one thousand nine hundred and eleven

QUARANTINE PHYSICIAN PHILADELPHIA

For the payment of the salary of the Quarantine Physician two years the sum of ten thousand ($10,000) dollars

For the payment of the salaries of two deputy maritime physicians two years the sum of eight thousand ($8,000.00) dollars

For the payment of the rent of an office for the State Quarantine Board care of office stationery clerk-hire telephone service and official expenses of the Board also for like expenses at Marcus Hook the sum of three thousand ($3,000.00) dollars

For the payment of the wages and salaries of the boat crew the sum of ten thousand ($10,000.00) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary for two years

For the payment of the salaries and wages of shore employes the sum of eight thousand ($8,000.00) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary for two years

For the maintenance of the quarantine boat including fuel the sum of eight thousand ($8,000.00) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary for two years

For the maintenance of the employes including the boat crew and for the purchase of uniforms and caps the sum of seven thousand ($7,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary for two years

For the purchase of drugs chemicals et cetera two years the sum of five hundred ($500.00) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purchase of fuel for the shore buildings two years the sum of one thousand ($1,000.00) dollars or so much thereof as may be necesary

For necessary improvements and additions to buildings and for repairs such as painting plumbing carpenter work labor and furnishing and equipping of buildings and improvements to grounds the sum of twenty thousand ($20,000.00) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the salary of the messenger two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

For the payment of the cost of fire insurance on State quarantine boat two years the sum of two thousand one hundred dollars ($2,100)

HEALTH OFFICER PHILADELPHIA

For the payment of the salary of the Health Officer two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salary of the clerk to the Health Officer two years the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment of the rent and care of the office of the Health Officer telephone and messenger and stationery two years the sum of two thousand six hundred and forty dollars ($2,640)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE POLICE

For the payment of the salary of the Superintendent of State Police two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Deputy Superintendent of State Police two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the salary of the clerk two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the salary of the stenographer two years the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment of four captains (each one thousand eight hundred dollars per annum) two years the sum of fourteen thousand four hundred dollars ($14,400)

For the payment of four lieutenants (each one thousand five hundred dollars per annum) two years the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000)

For the payment of sixteen sergeants (each one thousand one hundred dollars per annum) two years the sum of thirty-five thousand two hundred dollars ($35,200)

For the payment of the salaries of one hundred and eighty privates (each nine hundred dollars per annum) two years the sum of three hundred and twenty-four thousand dollars ($324,000)

For the payment of the salaries of four first sergeants (each twelve hundred dollars per annum) two years the sum of nine thousand and six hundred dollars ($9,600.00)

For the payment of the salaries of sixteen corporals (each nine hundred and fifty dollars per annum) two years the sum of thirty thousand four hundred dollars ($30,400.00)

For the payment of the salaries of four blacksmiths (each nine hundred and fifty dollars per annum) two years the sum of seven thousand six hundred dollars ($7,600.00)

For the payment of the increased salaries of reinlisted men in accordance with the act of one thousand nine hundred and eleven two years the sum of twenty-seven thousand six hundred and forty dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary ($27,640.00)

For the payment of keep of horses renewal of uniforms horse equipment replacing horses rent of barracks and other necessary expenses in conducting the department for two years the sum of one hundred and seventy thousand five hundred dollars ($170,500)

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

For the payment of the Commissioner of Health two years the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000)

For the payment of the salary of the assistant to the Commissioner of Health two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salary of the secretary two years the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000)

For the payment of the salary of the general inspector two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the payment of the salary of the auditor two years the sum of three thousand six hundred dollars ($3,600)

For the payment of the salary of two stenographers two years the sum of three thousand three hundred and sixty dollars ($3,360)

For the payment of the salary of a clerk who shall also act as a messenger two years the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment of the salary of a night clerk two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

For the payment of the salary of a multigraph operator two years the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800)

For the payment of the salary of a janitor two years the sum of one thousand five hundred and sixty dollars ($1,560)

MEDICAL DIVISION

For the payment of the salary of the Chief Medical Inspector two years the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Associate Chief Medical Inspector two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salary of four stenographers two years the sum of six thousand eight hundred and forty dollars ($6,840)

For the payment of the salary of twelve clerks two years the sum of fourteen thousand six hundred and forty dollars ($14,640)

LABORATORIES AND EXPERIMENTAL STATION

For the payment of the salary of the Chief of the Laboratories two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Bacteriologist two years the sum of four thousand five hundred and sixty dollars ($4,560)

For the payment of the salary of two technical assistants two years the sum of four thousand four hundred and forty dollars ($4,440)

For the payment of the salary of two stenographers two years the sum of three thousand one hundred and twenty dollars ($3,120)

For the payment of the salary of three clerks two years the sum of three thousand six hundred dollars ($3,600)

For the payment of the salary of four laboratory helpers two years the sum of four thousand eight hundred dollars ($4,800)

DIVISION OF DISTRIBUTION OF BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS

For the payment of the salary of the Chief of the Division two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the salary of a bookkeeper two years the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800)

For the payment of the salary of a stenographer two years the sum of one thousand six hundred and eighty dollars ($1,680)

For the payment of the salary of two clerks two years the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400)

BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS

For the payment of the salary of the State Rigstrar of the Bureau of Vital Statistics two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Chief Clerk of the Bureau of Vital Statistics two years the sum of three thousand six hundred dollars ($3,600)

For the payment of the salary of the classification clerk two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the salary of the returns clerk two years the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment of the salary of eight stenographers two years the sum of twelve thousand four hundred and eighty dollars ($12,480)

For the payment of the salary of five clerks two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

MARRIAGE AND MORBIDITY STATISTICS

For the payment of the salary of the Supervisor of Morbidity and Marriage Statistics two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

For the payment of the salary of nine clerks on Morbidity and Marriage Statistics two years the sum of ten thousand eight hundred dollars ($10,800)

SANITARY ENGINEERING DIVISION

For the payment of the salary of the Chief Engineer of the Sanitary Engineering Division two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salary of the assistant engineer in charge of general office work two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the payment of the salary of the first assistant engineer on water works and sewerage two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the salary of assistant engineer on water works and sewerage two years the sum of three thousand six hundred dollars ($3,600)

For the payment of the salary of assistant engineer in charge of design and construction two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the salary of assistant engineer on tests of water and sewage treatment plants two years the sum of three thousand six hundred dollars ($3,600)

For the payment of the salary of three assistant engineers two years the sum of nine thousand dollars ($9,000)

For the payment of the salary of the chief field inspector two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the payment of the salary of nine stenographers two years the sum of fifteen thousand one hundred and twenty dollars ($15,120)

For the payment of the salary of seven clerks two years the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000)

For the payment of the salary of twelve draughtsmen and map tracers two years the sum of sixteen thousand and eighty dollars ($16,080)

DIVISION OF ACCOUNTING AND PURCHASING

For the payment of the salary of the Chief of the Division of Accounting and Purchasing two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salary of four book-keepers two years the sum of eight thousand seven hundred and sixty dollars ($8,760)

For the payment of the salary of four stenographers two years the sum of six thousand one hundred and twenty dollars ($6,120)

For the payment of the salary of sixteen clerks two years the sum of twenty thousand six hundred and forty dollars ($20,640)

DIVISION OF SUPPLIES

For the payment of the salary of the Superintendent of Division of Supplies two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the payment of the salary of a stenographer two years the sum of one thousand six hundred and eighty dollars ($1,680)

For the payment of the salary of three clerks two years the sum of three thousand six hundred dollars ($3,600)

DISPENSARIES

For the payment of the salary of the Chief of the Division of Dispensaries two years the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Lecturer and Manager of the Tuberculosis Exhibit two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salary of a visiting nurse two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the salary of an assistant visiting nurse two years the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment of the salary of a statistician two years the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment of the salary of a chief clerk and two stenographers two years the sum of five thousand and forty dollars ($5,040)

For the payment of the salary of three clerks two years the sum of three thousand six hundred dollars ($3,600)

For the payment of the cost of diphtheria antitoxin and other products for free distribution for the poor for the employment of special and assistant engineers stream and sanitary inspectors and such other employes as may be necessary for the fees and necessary traveling expenses of the county medical inspectors and rural health officers for the necessary traveling expenses of the Commissioner of Health his assistants and other employes for the maintenance of the Bureau of Vital and Morbidity Statistics for the maintenance of laboratories and experimental station and for the payment of all other necessary expenses of the Department of Health in supervising

epidemics of disease and in protecting the public health the sum of seven hundred and forty-six thousand one hundred and fifty-two dollars ($746,152)

TUBERCULOSIS

For the acquiring of property constructing equipping and maintaining sanatoria infirmaries and dispensaries for the free treatment of indigent persons affected with tuberculosis and for the maintenance of laboratories for sanitary supervision isolation and treatment of indigent persons affected with tuberculosis and for the preventive education of the public for the payment of salaries and for all other necessary expenses which may be incurred in this tuberculosis work the further sum of two million six hundred and twenty-four thousand eight hundred and eight dollars ($2,624,808)

All expenditures made by the Department of Health shall be approved by the Governor and the amounts except those of salaries specifically mentioned shall be paid to the Commissioner of Health by warrant of the Auditor General upon requisition of said Commissioner of Health and all sums so paid shall be accounted for as expended by properly itemized vouchers

DEPARTMENT OF WATER SUPPLY COMMISSION

For the payment of the salaries of the commissioners two years the sum of eighteen thousand dollars ($18,000)

For the payment of the salary of the engineer two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the stenographer two years the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment of the necessary expenses to carry out the provisions of the act of May fourth one thousand nine hundred and five creating the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania two years the sum of forty thousand dollars ($40,000)

PENNSYLVANIA STATE RAILROAD COMMISSION

For the payment of the salaries of the three Commissioners two years the sum of forty-eight thousand dollars ($48,000)

For the payment of the salary of the secretary two years the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000)

For the payment of the salary of the attorney two years the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000)

For the payment of the salary of the marshal two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the wages or salaries of experts accountants inspectors or engineers employed by the commission the salaries of clerks stenographers messengers janitor or other office employes the traveling expenses of the commissioners their employes marshal and experts the fees and expenses of witnesses for the purchase of books stationery printing office supplies furniture and such other materials for which no requisition may be made by the commission under the provisions of section five of the act of May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and seven for the compilation and printing of maps showing the lines of steam and electric railroads or railways within the State and for the necessary disbursements and contingent expenses of the commissioners their officers clerks and experts for two years the sum of one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars ($125,000) Provided That any expenditures made for the printing of maps showing the line of steam and electric railroads or railways within the State shall be made by contract said contract to be subject to the approval of the Auditor General of Pennsylvania before becoming effective

BOARD OF PUBLIC CHARITIES

For the payment of the salary of the General Agent and Secretary two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Secretary of the Committee on Lunacy two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

For the payment of the salaries of the assistant general agents and the necessary clerical aid for the Board of Public Charities and the Committee on Lunacy two years the sum of twenty-two thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary ($22,000)

For the payment of the traveling expenses of the Commissioners of the Board of Public Charities the General Agent and Secretary thereof the Committee on Lunacy and the secretary thereof and the assistant general agents the sum of fourteen thousand five hundred dollars for two years ($14,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of postage telegrams express charges messenger charges rent fuel light and incidental expenses of the Board of Public Charities and the Committee on Lunacy for two years the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment for the services of such architects engineers and other competent persons as said Board may employ to advise it in the consideration of such plans and specifications for building or works and improvements or repairs thereto and plants machinery or apparatus connected therewith as said Board now is or may hereafter be required by law to examine and pass upon the sum of one thousand ($1,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

JUDICIARY DEPARTMENT

Section 3 For the payment of the salaries of the judges of the Supreme and Superior Courts the salaries and mileage of the president and other law judges of the several courts of common pleas in the Commonwealth and the judges of the separate orphans' courts and for the compensation of common pleas judges holding courts in other districts and for the payment of the salaries and mileage of associate judges the following sums or so much thereof as may be necessary for part of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven payments to be made monthly by warrant drawn by the Auditor General on the State Treasurer except in the case of associate judges who shall be paid quarterly on August thirty-first November thirtieth February twenty-eighth and May thirty-first of each year but when by reason of death or resignation salary for a fraction of a quarter is due to any judge it shall be computed according to the ratio it bears to the whole quarter so as not however to increase or diminish the salary he is entitled to receive under the several acts of Assembly fixing the compensation of judges Provided That at the beginning of the term the interval from the first Monday of January to the first day of March shall be reckoned as two-thirds of a quarter and at the close of a term the interval from the first day of December to the first Monday of January shall be reckoned as one-third of a quarter

SUPREME COURT JUDGES

For the payment of the salaries of the Supreme Court Judges for part of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and the two succeeding years the sum of one hundred and eighty-four thousand four hundred and sixty-seven dollars and seventy-six cents ($184,467.76)

For the payment of the salaries of the seven clerks two years the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars ($35,000)

For the payment of the salary of the deputy prothonotary Eastern District two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the payment of the salary of the deputy prothonotary Middle District two years and balance for one month and ten days the sum of fourteen hundred and sixty-six dollars and sixty-seven cents ($1,466.67)

For the payment of the salary of a clerk in the office of the prothonotaries of the Supreme Court for the Eastern and Western Districts respectively two years the sum of four thousand eight hundred dollars ($4,800)

For the payment of a record clerk to take the place of the assistant clerk of the Eastern District two years the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the crier librarian and tipstaves Eastern Middle and Western District two years the sum of twenty-nine thousand seven hundred and twenty dollars ($29,720)

For the payment of the cleaning and contingent expenses of the Supreme Court Room at Harrisburg two years the sum of eight hundred dollars ($800.00)

For the care and use of the library of the Supreme and Superior courts of Philadelphia two years the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000.00)

For the care and use of the Library of the Supreme and Superior Courts Pittsburg two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

For the purchase of stationery supplies and the payment of the necessary expenses of the said Supreme Court for the Eastern District thereof two years the sum of three thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General upon the presentation of specifically itemized vouchers approved by the Prothonotary of the said Supreme Court for the Eastern District thereof ($3,000.00)

For the purchase of book stationery supplies and other necessary expenses of the Supreme Court Western District for two years the sum of three thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General upon presentation of specifically itemized vouchers approved by the Phothonotary of the said Court for the said Western District thereof ($3,000.00)

SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES

For the payment of the salaries of the Judges of the Superior Court for part of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and the two succeeding years the sum of one hundred and seventy thousand five hundred two dollars and sixty-nine cents ($170,502.69)

For the payment of the salaries of the seven clerks of the Superior Court two years the sum of twenty-one thousand dollars ($21,000)

For the payment of the salaries of the crier and necessary tipstaves of the Superior Court two years the sum of thirteen thousand two hundred dollars ($13,200)

For the purchase of sectional bookcases for a consulting room in City Hall Philadelphia the sum of five hundred dollars

For the purchase of books stationery supplies and other necessary expenses of the said Superior Court two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000) to be paid on warrant of the Auditor General upon the presentation of specifically itemized vouchers approved by the prothonotaries of the said Superior Court at Philadelphia Harrisburg and Pittsburg

COMMON PLEAS JUDGES

For the payment of the salaries of the fifteen common pleas judges in the county of Philadelphia for part of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and the two succeeding years the sum of three hundred and thirty-two thousand six hundred twenty dollars and ninety-five cents ($332,620.95)

For the payment of the salaries of the twelve common pleas judges in the county of Allegheny for part of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and the two succeeding years the sum of two hundred and sixty-six thousand and ninety-six dollars and seventy-six cents ($266,096.76)

For the payment of the salaries of the two common pleas judges in the county of Dauphin for part of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and the two succeeding years the sum of thirty-six thousand two hundred nine dollars and sixty-eight cents ($36,209.68)

For the payment of the salaries of the Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas learned in the law in judicial districts having a population of two hundred and fifty thousand (250,000) and less than five hundred thousand for part of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and the two succeeding years the sum of one hundred twenty thousand two hundred twenty-three dollars and eleven cents ($120,223.11)

For the payment of salaries of the Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas learned in the law in judicial districts having a population of ninety thousand (90,000) and less than two hundred and fifty thousand ($250,000) for part of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and the two succeeding years the sum of four hundred and fifty thousand two hundred thirty-five dollars and eighty-four cents ($450,235.84)

For the payment of salaries of the Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas learned in the law in judicial districts having a population of less than ninety thousand (90,000) for part of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and

the two succeeding years the sum of three hundred ninety-eight thousand three hundred and five dollars and seventy-o e cents ($398,305.71)

For the payment to each of the two judges of the court of common pleas of Dauphin county for clerk hire in accordance with the act of one thousand eight hundred ninety-three (Pamphlet Laws page twenty-one) for two years the sum of two thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the payment of the judge of the courts of common pleas of Erie county who was recently appointed and sworn into office April twenty-ninth one thousand nine hundred and eleven one months' salary to wit for the month of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum of five hundred dollars ($500.00)

ORPHANS' COURT JUDGES

For the payment of the salaries of the five Orphans Court judges in the county of Philadelphia for part of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and the succeeding two years the sum of one hundred ten thousand eight hundred seventy-three dollars and sixty-five cents ($110,873.65)

For the payment of the salaries of the three Orphans' Court judges in the county of Allegheny for part of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and the succeeding two years the sum of sixty-six thousand five hundred twenty-four dollars and nineteen cents. ($66,524.19)

For the payment of the salaries of the eight other Orphans' Court judges in the other districts of the Commonwealth for part of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and the succeeding two years the sum of one hundred twelve thousand five hundred fifty-eight dollars and ninety-six cents ($112,558.96)

For the payment to the Honorable William N Ashman retired judge of the orphans' court of Philadelphia two years the sum of eight thousand five hundred dollars ($8,500)

For the payment of the salary care fare and expenses of judges for holding court outside of their own judicial districts in accordance with the provisions of the act of Assembly approved April twenty-seventh Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum of forty thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary ($40,000.00

For the payment of the salaries of the presiding judge and judges of the County Court for the county of Allegheny the sum of fifty-one thousand dollars ($51,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the salaries of the judges as provided for in Senate Bill number ninety-six passed by the Legislature but conditioned upon its approval by the Governor the sum of seventy-two thousand dollars ($72,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the salaries of the judges of the Supreme Superior Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts who may resign or retire as provided for in Senate Bill number twenty passed by the Legislature but conditioned upon its approval by the Governor the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the eighteen months beginning January first one thousand nine hundred and twelve

ASSOCIATE JUDGES

For the payment of the salaries of the associate judges for two years the sum of sixty-four thousand dollars ($64,000)

For the payment of the salaries of the associate judges as provided for in Senate Bill number three hundred and ninety-seven passed by the Legislature but conditioned upon its approval by the Governor the sum of thirty-eight thousand four hundred dollars ($38,400) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the two years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

MILEAGE

For the payment of the mileage and necessary expenses of common pleas and orphans' court judges holding courts in other districts two years the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000)

For the payment to the associate judges of mileage deficiency for the two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and for mileage for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000)

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT

Section 4 For the payment of the expenses of the Legislative Department for the two years ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and also for the expenses of the session and recess of one thousand nine hundred and eleven not previously provided for the following sums or so much thereof as may be necessary to be paid in the manner prescribed by law

Provided that the salaries stationery and mileage of the members of the Senate and House of Representatives and the salaries and mileage of the session officers and employes of the Legislature session of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen shall only be paid after statement of the amounts due the several Senators members officers and employes shall have been certified to the Auditor General by the President pro tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives respectively and that the Senators and members also the officers receiving fixed salaries for said session shall each be paid three hundred dollars per month for the first four months of the session if the Legislature shall be in session that long and the balance on the day fixed for the final adjournment of the Legislature or during the two days previous thereto and that the session officers and employes receiving per diem salaries shall be paid amount due them at the end of each month during the session except the last month when payment shall be made on the day fixed for the final adjournment of the Legislature or during the two days previous thereto

SENATE

For the payment of the salaries of fifty Senators and extra compensation allowed by law to the President pro tempore of the Senate session of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of twenty-five thousand one hundred and fifty dollars ($75,150) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the mileage of fifty Senators session of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of three thousand five hundred dollars ($3,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of stationery session of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen allowed by law to fifty Senators fifty dollars each the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500)

For the payment of the postage session of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen allowed by law to fifty Senators one hundred dollars each the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the postage session of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen allowed by law for the chief clerk and assistants the sum of one hundred dollars ($100)

For the payment of the postage session of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen allowed by law to the Lieutenant-Governor the sum of one hundred dollars ($100)

To the chief clerk of the Senate for the payment of the postage on the Legislative Journal bills and calendars session of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000 or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the salaries of the officers and employes of the Senate session of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars ($75,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the mileage of the officers and employes of the Senate session of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of two thousand seven hundred dollars ($2,700)

For the payment of the salaries of the returning officers of the Senate at the beginning of the session of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000)

For the payment of the mileage of the returning officers of the Senate at the beginning of the session of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500)

For the payment of the salary of the chief clerk of the Senate for the recess periods ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of three thousand three hundred dollars ($3,300) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the salary of the Secretary of the Senate for the period of two years ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) to be paid quarterly

For the payment of the salary of the librarian of the Senate for the two years ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the salary of the assistant librarian of the Senate for the two years ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the salary of the clerk to the President of the Senate for the two years ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the salary of the stenographer to the President of the Senate for the two years ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000)

For the payment of the salaries of two watchmen of the Senate each at three dollars per day for the time employed during the recess periods in the two years ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and thirteen as provided by law the sum of three thousand seven hundred and seventy-four dollars ($3,774)

For the payment of the salaries of two custodians of the Senate for time employed during the recess periods in the two years ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of three thousand seven hundred and seventy-four dollars ($3,774)

For the payment of the salary of the elevator operator of the Senate for the time employed during the recess periods in the two years ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven dollars ($1,887)

For the payment of the expenses of the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate session of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen in investigating schools reformatories prisons asylums hospitals and other institutions supported in whole or in part from the treasury of the Commonwealth and for the necessary clerical assistance the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General drawn in favor of the chairman of said committee on the presentation of his requisition for same and said chairman shall file an account of the committee's expenses with the Auditor General within thirty days after the adjournment of the Legislature

For the payment of the deficiency in the expenses of the Senate Appropriation Committee for the session of one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum of seven hundred eighty-six dollars and seventy-five cents ($786.75)

For the payment of the secretary of the Senate Appropriations Committee session of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen for service and mileage one thousand eight hundred dollars ($1,800) to be paid to the chairman of said committee

For the payment of the messenger of the Senate Appropriations Committee session of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen for services and mileage the sum of nine hundred dollars ($900) to be paid to the chairman of the Senate Appropriations Committee on warrant drawn by the Auditor General

For the payment of the salaries of the President pro tempore chief clerk and other officers and employes of the Senate session of one thousand nine hundred and eleven in addition to amounts previously appropriated the sum of ten thousand three hundred sixty-three dollars ($10,363) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the contingent expenses including clerical and stenographic charges of the President pro tempore of the Senate during the recess ending January six one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) and for like expenses from January seven to May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the necessary expenses including extra labor in the office of the chief clerk for the year ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and twelve the sum of three thousand nine hundred dollars ($3,900) and for the six months ending November thirty one thousand nine hundred and twelve the sum of one thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars ($1,950) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the incidental expenses of the Senate for the six months commencing December one thousand nine hundred and twelve such sum as may be necessary to be expended by the Chief Clerk of

the Senate who shall render to the Auditor General accounts from time to time with proper specifically itemized vouchers to be settled in the same manner as other accounts but said chief clerk shall at no time have in his hands more than two thousand dollars ($2,000) for which accounts have not been rendered and settled and the whole amount expended by said chief clerk shall not exceed the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000) out of which amount such necessary extra labor in the Senate shall be paid as shall be certified by the President pro tempore and the chief clerk

For the payment of postage labor and incidental expenses in the office of the Secretary of the Senate for the fifteen months ending May one one thousand nine hundred and twelve the sum of two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars ($2,250) and a like sum for the year ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and thirteen or so much thereof as may be necessary ($2,250)

For the payment of postage labor express charges and other expenses in the office of the Librarian of the Senate for the year ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and twelve the sum of three thousand one hundred dollars ($3,100) and for the year ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of three thousand three hundred dollars ($3,300) or so much thereof as may be necessary

To the Secretary of the Senate for the preparation of apportionment data and maps for the use of the General Assembly of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

For the payment of the salaries of two hundred and seven members of the House of Representatives and extra compensation allowed by law to the Speaker of the House session of one thousand nine hundred annd thirteen the sum of three hundred and ten thousand six hundred and twenty-five dollars ($310,625) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the mileage of two hundred and seven members of the House session of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of fourteen thousand dollars ($14,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of stationery session of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen allowed by law to two hundred and seven members fifty dollars each the sum of ten thousand three hundred and fifty dollars ($10,350)

For the payment of postage session of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen allowed by law to two hundred and seven members one hundred dollars each the sum of twenty thousand seven hundred dollars ($20,700)

For the payment of postage session of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen allowed by law for the chief clerk and assistants the sum of one hundred dollars ($100)

To the chief clerk of the House of Representatives for the payment of the postage on the Legislative Journal bills and calendars session of on thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of six thousand five hundred dollars ($6,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the salaries of the officers and employes of the House session of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of eighty-five thousand dollars ($85,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the mileage of the officers and employes of the House of Representatives session of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the salaries of the returning officers of the House of Representatives at the beginning of the session one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000)

For the payment of the mileage of the returning officers of the House at the beginning of the session of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives for the recess periods ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of three thousand three hundred dollars ($3,300) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the salary of the chief clerk of the House of Representatives for the session of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the salary of the assistant clerk of the House of Representatives for the time employed during the recess periods in the two years ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of three thousand one hundred and fifty-five dollars ($3,155)

For the payment of the salary of the resident clerk of the House of Representatives for the two years ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000)

For the payment of the salary of the assistant resident clerk of the House of Representatives for the two years ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000)

For the payment of the salaries of two watchmen of the House each at three dollars per day for the time employed during the recess periods in the two years ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and thirteen as provided by law the sum of three thousand five hundred and fifty-two dollars ($3,552)

For the payment of the salary of the elevator operator of the House of Representatives for the time employed during the recess periods in the two years ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of one thousand seven hundred and seventy-six dollars ($1,776)

For the payment of the salaries and mileage of the speaker chief clerk and other officers and employes of the House of Representatives session of one thousand nine hundred and eleven in addition to amounts previously appropriated the sum of eighteen thousand dollars ($18,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary.

For the contingent expenses including clerical and stenographic charges of the Speaker of the House of Representatives, during the recess ending January sixth one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, the sum of four thousand nine hundred and eighty three thousand nine hundred and eighty of which shall become available immediately upon the passage of this act and for like expenses from January seven to May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the necessary expenses including extra labor in the office of the chief clerk of the House of Representatives for the year ending May thirty-one, one thousand five hundred and twelve, the sum of three thousand five hundred dollars ($3,500), and for the six months ending November thirty, one thousand nine hundred and twelve, the sum of one thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars ($1,750), or so much as may be necessary.

For the payment of the incidental expenses of the House of Representatives for the six months, commencing December one, one thousand nine hundred and twelve such sum as may be necessary, to be expended by the chief clerk of the House of Representatives, who shall render to the Auditor General accounts from time to time, with proper specifically itemized vouchers to be settled in the same manner as other accounts, but said chief clerk shall at no time have in his hands more than two thousand dollars for which accounts have not been rendered and settled and the whole amount expended by said chief clerk shall not exceed the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000), out of which amount such necessary extra labor in the House of Representatives shall be paid as shall be certified to by the Speaker and the chief clerk.

For the payment of postage, labor, express charges, and other expenses in the office of the resident clerk of the House of Representatives for the year ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and twelve the sum of two thousand eight hundred dollars ($2,800), and for the year ending May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of three thousand three hundred dollars ($3,300), or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the expenses of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives in investigating schools, reformatories prisons, asylums, hospitals and other institutions, supported in whole or in part, from the Treasury of the Commonwealth, and for the necessary clerical assistance the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000), or so much thereof, as may be necessary to be paid on the warrant of the Auditor General drawn in favor of the chairman of the said committee on the presentation of his requisition for same, and said chairman shall file an account of the committee's expenses with the Auditor General within thirty days after the adjournment of the Legislature.

For the payment of the deficiency in the expenses of the House Appropriation Committee for the session of one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum of four hundred thirty-two dollars and fifty cents ($432.50)

LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL

Section 5 The expenses for paper and printing of the Legislative Journal shall be paid out of the general appropriations for paper and printing made to the Department of Public Printing and Binding contained in this act

Section 6 For the payment of the Chief Clerk of the Senate and the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives for making indices for the Journals of each House for the session of one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum of three hundred dollars each ($600.00)

For the payment of the person or persons appointed to index the Legislative Journal session one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) in accordance with the act establishing said Journal

To the Chief Clerk of the Senate for the payment of the editing and proof reading on all copy furnished by the Senate for the Legislative Journal session of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary and to the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives for the payment of like services in the House the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 7 For the payment of the compensation allowed by law to the compiler and assistant compiler of Smull's Legislative Hand Book for the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars each ($3,000) and like amounts for the year one thousand nine hundred and twelve ($3,000)

SCHOOLS

Section 8 For the support of the public schools and normal schools of this Commonwealth for the two fiscal years commencing on the first day of June one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum of fifteen million dollars ($15,000,000) Provided The city of Philadelphia shall be entitled to a proper portion of this appropriation including not only its pro rata as provided by existing laws regulating the distribution to the several counties but also the sum of seventy-two thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary for the education of teachers in the Philadelphia Normal School for Girls and the Philadelphia School of Pedagogy for Young Men and out of the amount received by the city of Philadelphia there shall be paid the sum of three thousand dollars to the Teachers Institute of said city the sum of ten thousand dollars to the Philadelphia School of Design for Women for their corporate purposes and the sum of ten thousand dollars to the Teachers' Annuity and Aid Association of said city And provided further That out of the amount hereby appropriated there shall be paid out for the education of teachers in the State Normal Schools the sum of six hundred thousand dollars to be applied as follows For each student over seventeen years of age who shall sign an agreement binding said student to teach in the common schools of this State two full annual terms there shall be paid the sum of one dollar and fifty cents a week towards the payment of expenses for tuition of said students Provided That each student in a State Normal School drawing said allowance from the State must receive regular instruction in the science and art of teaching in a special class devoted to that object for the whole time for which said allowance is drawn which amount shall be paid upon the warrants of the Superintendent of Public Instruction And provided further That out of the said amount hereby appropriated there shall be set apart the sum of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) to aid in paying the tuition of pupils who attend high schools outside of their own district and the sum of four hundred and fifty thousand ($450,000) for the encouragement and support of township and borough high schools including joint high schools maintained by two or more townships or by a borough and one or more townships but no high school shall receive appropriation as a high school of the first grade unless it has three teachers who devote their entire time to high school work during a term of nine months and no high school shall receive appropriation as a high school of the second grade unless it has two teachers who devote their entire time to high school work during a period of eight

months nor shall any high school receive appropriation unless it has a regular attendance of twelve pupils doing high school work And provided further That out of the said amount hereby appropriated there shall be set apart the sum of two hundred and thirty thousand dollars ($230,000) to be expended on the warrants of the Superintendent of Public Instruction for the payment of the salaries of the county superintendent of public schools two years The remainder of the amount hereby appropriated shall be paid on warrants of the Superintendent of Public Instruction drawn in favor of the several school districts of the Commonwealth in amounts designated by the State Treasurer and whenever he shall notify the Superintendent of Public Instruction in writing that there are sufficient funds in the State Treasury to pay for the same

INTEREST ON FUNDED DEBT

Section 9 For the payment of the interest on the funded debt of the Commonwealth which falls due on the first day of August one thousand nine hundred and eleven and the first day of February one thousand nine hundred and twelve the sum of ninety-seven thousand six hundred and two and seventy-five one-hundredth ($97,602.75) dollars and for the payments of interest due on the first day of August one thousand nine hundred and twelve and the first day of February one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of thirty-one thousand and twenty ($31,020) dollars ($128,622.75)

For the compensation of the fiscal agent the Farmers' and Mechanics' National Bank of Philadelphia the sum of three thousand ($3,000) dollars for each year ending November thirtieth one thousand nine hundred and eleven and November thirtieth one thousand nine hundred and twelve ($6,000).

Section 10. For the payment of persons employed by the Auditor General to discover, prosecute and collect Delinquent Corporation Taxes for the two years beginning May thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and eleven and for the payment of persons who have been so employed prior to that date the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars ($35,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Section 11. For the payment of the compensation of informants in escheats as provided for in the Act of May second, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine and amendments thereto the fees and expenses of escheats and the services of attorneys authoried by the Auditor General in connection with such escheat proceedings for the two years beginning June one, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, the sum of one hundred thousand ($100,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Section 12. For the payment of costs in suits against delinquent dealers for mercantile and other licenses incurred during the years one thousand nine hundred and nine and one thousand nine hundred and ten, one thousand nine hundred and eleven and one thousand nine hundred and twelve the sum of twenty-four thousand dollars ($24,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Section 13. For the balance due or to become due retired county officers on account of overpayment of mercantile and other taxes collected for the Commonwealth the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000).

Section 14. For the payment of such advertisements as are required by law to be published by the Accounting Officers in the newspapers for the fiscal years commencing June first, one thousand nine hundred and eleven and June first, one thousand nine hundred and twelve, so much as may be necessary to pay the same on settlement of accounts in the Auditor General's office not to exceed the sum of seventeen thousand ($17,000) dollars.

Section 15. For the payment of the commission of such Military State Agents at Washington as have been or may be employed by the accounting officers under the Acts of Assembly of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one and one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, to collect the claims due the Commonwealth from the government of the United States, for the two fiscal years commencing June first, one thousand nine hundred and nine, the sum of six thousand ($6,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary subject to the approval of the Attorney General. Provided, however, That the amount shall not exceed the sum of ten per centum collected through such agent or agents and paid into the State Treasury.

Section 16. For the payment of the expenses already incurred and to be incurred for the publication in the various newspapers of the State of the several amendments to the constitution of the Commonwealth the sum of one hundred and seventy-five thousand ($175,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Section 17. For the payment of military claims in pursuance of the act of April sixteenth, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, the sum of two thousand ($2,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Section 18. For the payment of the expense of publishing the monthly statement of the General and Sinking Fund as required by the act of February seventeenth, one thousand nine hundred and six, two years the sum of twenty-five thousand ($25,000) dollars.

Section 19. For the payment of the fees of County Officers for furnishing information to the officers of the Commonwealth in accordance with the act of April fourteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven (Pamphlet Laws, twenty-two), two years, the sum of one thousand ($1,000) dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Section 20. For the payment of the mileage of the appraisers of the mercantile and other license taxes of the several counties of the Commonwealth, two years, the sum of seventeen thousand dollars ($17,000), or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Section 21. For the payment of pensions and gratuities that have been granted by act of the Legislature or that may hereafter be granted according to law the sum of twelve thousand ($12,000) dollars. or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be paid out of any funds of the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Section 22. For the several fire companies of the City of Harrisburg. for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, the sum of five thousand six hundred ($5,600) dollars, to be distributed in equal amounts to and among said companies.

Section 23. For the purpose of refunding collateral inheritance taxes paid in error for the two fiscal years beginning June first, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, the sum of eight thousand ($8,000) dollars, said refunds being directed by the acts of Assembly of June twelve, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight and March twenty-fifth, one thousand nine hundred and one.

Section 24. For the purpose of refunding of direct inheritance taxes that may have been paid into the State Treasury under the provisions of the act of May eleventh, one thousand nine hundred and one, the sum of five hundred ($500) dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, the direct inheritance tax laws having been declared unconstitutional.

Section 25. For the payment of the various counties of the bonus paid to the State by foreign railway corporations for the right to pass through said counties, which re-payment is authorized by the Act of May eleventh, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, the sum of twenty thousand ($20,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Section 26. For the payment of such costs of contested primary and general elections as the Commonwealth may by law be liable to pay two years the sum of three thousand ($3,000) dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Section 27. For the payment of the compensation and expenses of members of the Electoral College, as provided by section thirty-two of an act of Assembly approved July second, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine (Pamphlet Laws, page five hundred and twenty-five), entitled "An act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," as amended by a supplemental act of Assembly approved May twenty-fourth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three (Pamphlet Laws, page one hundred and twenty-nine), the sum of one thousand ($1,000) dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Section 28. For the payment of the necessary expenses incurred during the past two years, or which may be incurred for the two years ending May thirty-first, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, in returning paupers and indigent insane persons having no legal settlement within this Commonwealth to any other state or country to which they may belong as provided by section four of an act of Assembly approved the twenty-second day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven pamphlet laws page one hundred and seventy seven), entitled "Providing for the return of paupers and indigent insane persons not having a legal settlement within this Commonwealth to any other state or country to which they may belong," the sum of one thousand ($1,000) dollars.

Section 29. For the payment of compensation and expenses of members of commissions heretofore appointed by the Governor to examine judges of any of the Supreme, Superior, Common Pleas or Orphans Courts of this Commonwealth, who by reason of physical or mental disability appear to be incapacitated from performing their judicial functions and duties as provided by the act of Assembly approved the eleventh day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws, page one hundred and sixty-five), and for the two years ending May thirty-first, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of two thousand ($2,000) dollars.

Section 30. For the payment of the expense of holding uniform primary elections as prescribed by the act of General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, approved the seventh day of February, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six, the sum of five hundred thousand ($500,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Section 31. For clerical and incidental expenses of the board created for the examination of letters patent relative to the granting of charters for underground and eleveted passenger railway companies the sum of fifteen hundred ($1,500) dollars for the two fiscal years ending May thirty-first, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

Section 32. For the payment of the expenses of the members of the Educational Commission, incurred in preparing the draft of the school code, submitted to the Legislature of one thousand nine hundred and eleven, the sum of two thousand ($2,000) dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Section 33. To Walter George Smith, Judge William H. Staake and Robert Snodgrass, Esquire, commissioners on the part of Pennsylvania of the National Commission on Uniformity of Legislation, for the payment of expenses and incidentals already incurred and to be incurred during the two years beginning June first, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, as members of said commission the sum of two thousand dollars. or so much thereof as may be necessary ($2,000).

Section 34. For the payment to James M. Lingle, official stenographer, for services rendered in reporting the Greater Pittsburg Anti-Annexation Hearing before the Judiciary Special Committee, on March twenty-first, one thousand nine hundred and eleven, in accordance with resolution adopted and approved therefor, the sum of one hundred dollars ($100).

Section 35. For the purpose of re-imbursing J. A. Bausher, ex-recorder of Berks County, for moneys erroneously paid into the State Treasury for tax on writs, the sum of nine dollars and seventy-three cents ($9.73).

Section 36. For the repair of the marker erected by the State of Pennsylvania at the grave of Governor Joseph Ritner, in the churchyard at Mount Rock, Cumberland County, Pennsylvania, the sum of two hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary ($200.00).

Section 37. For the payment of the expenses of the Commission appointed by virtue of a concurrent resolution to investigate the mine fire at Carbondale, Lackawanna County, Pennsylvania, the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary ($2,000).

Section 38. For the payment of the expenses of the Commission authorized by concurrent resolution to revise the Election Laws of Pennsylvania, the sum of fifteen thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary ($15,000.00).

Section 39 For the payment of the balance of salary stationery and mileage for the session of one thousand nine hundred and eleven of Honorable J Calvin Meyer member of the House of Representatives from Centre County deceased the sum of six hundred ten dollars and forty cents ($610.40) or so much thereof as may be necessary to his legal representative the amount to be certified to the Auditor General by the Speaker of the House of Representatives paid by the State Treasurer upon warrant of the Auditor General

Section 40 For the payment of additional expenses including counsel fees of the Commission to Revise the Laws of the Commonwealth Relating to Corporations and Revenue and like expenses of said Commission from June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven if resolution authorizing its continuation be approved by the Governor the sum of seventy thousand dollars ($70,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 41 For the payment of the expenses of the Commission authorized by concurrent resolution to Investigate the Different Systems of Recording Deeds Mortgages and Insurance of Titles the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 42 For the payment of the expenses of the delegates attending the Conference with the States of Ohio West Virginia and Maryland upon the subject of a tax upon oil gas and bituminous coal as provided for in Senate Bill number two hundred and sixty three conditional upon its passage by the Legislature and its approval by the Governor the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 43 For the payment of the expenses of the Commission to arrange for the unveiling exercises of the groups of statuary on either side of the main entrance to the Capitol as provided for in concurrent resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 44 For the payment of the official representatives of this Commonwealth to the Eighth International Congress of Applied Chemists which meets at the cities of Washington and New York authorized by concurrent resolution the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars

Section 45 For the payment of the expenses of the Commission authorized by concurrent resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives to Investigate Public Service Corporations in Pennsylvania the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—43.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Catlin	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Clark	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Cooper	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
DeWitt	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
Endsley	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Fox	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Gerberich	Keyser	Powell	Wolf
Hall	Kline	Shields	Crow
Hays	Knapp	Snyder	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—1.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

RESOLUTION THANKING COMMISSION TO REVISE, COLLATE AND DIGEST THE LAWS RELATING TO THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. SNYDER offered the following resolution which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Whereas, The four years of arduous and untiring work of the Commission to revise, collate and digest the laws relating to the public schools of Pensylvania, consisting of Nathan C. Schaeffer, G. M. Phillips, Maryin G. Brumbaugh, David B. Oliver, William Lauder, John S. Rilling and James M. Coughlin, has culminated in the enactment by the Legislature and the approval by the Governor of House Bill No. 312, known as the School Code;

Resolved, That the Senate of Pennsylvaina hereby extends its thanks to the several members of this commission for the splendid service rendered to the Commonwealth by the preparation of said act.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. McNICHOL from the Committee on Banks and Building and Loan Associations, re-reported as amended, Senate Bill No. 803 (House No. 483), entitled:

An act to provide for licensing and regulating private banking in the Comonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing penalties for the violation thereof

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1191 (House No. 756), entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway toll road conduit tunnel mine coal-breaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipe line aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal mill race works for supplying water heat light power cold air or any other substance furnished to the public well for the production of gas oil or volatile or mineral substance or other [illegible] or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved June fourth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—42.

Adams	Jarrett	McNichol	Sproul
Baldwin	Jones	McNichols	Thomson
Clark	Judson	Miller	Tustin
Cooper	Keyser	Morgan	Vare
Fox	Kline	Nulty	Washers
Hall	Knapp	Powell	Weingartner
Heacock	Kurtz	Salus	Wertz
Homsher	Manbeck	Shields	Wilbert
Huffman	Martin	Snyder	Wolf
Hunter	McConnell	Sones	Crow
Jamison	McIlhenny		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1192 (House No. 725), entitled:

An act to provide for the satisfaction of mortgages now or hereafter to be recorded in this Commonwealth when the original mortgages have been lost mislaid or destroyed

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Hunter	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Jamison	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jarrett	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jones	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Judson	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Keyser	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Kline	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Knapp	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Kurtz	Shields	Crow
Hays			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

BILL ON SECOND READING.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Senate Bill No. 803 (House Bill No. 483), entitled:

An act to provide for licensing and regulating private banking in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing penalties for the violation thereof

be read a second time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Agreeably to order.

The rule requiring bills to be considered in committee of the whole being in this case dispensed with,

The Senate proceeded to the second reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 803 (House No. 483), as follows:

An act to provide for licensing and regulating private banking in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing penalties for the violation thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That except as provided in section eight (8) no individual partnership or unincorporated association shall hereafter engage directly or indirectly in the business of receiving deposits of money for safekeeping or for the purpose of

transmission to another or for any other purpose without having first obtained from a board consisting of the State Treasurer the Secretary of the Commonwealth the Commissioner of Banking hereinafter referred to as the "Board" a license to engage in such business Before receiving such license the applicant shall file with the Commissioner of Banking a written statement in the form to be prescribed by the Commissioner of Banking and verified under oath showing the amount of the assets and liabilities of the applicant designating the place where the applicant proposes to engage in business the names and addresses of all parties or members of the unincorporated association that the applicant is a citizen or if the applicant shall constitute a partnership or unincorporated association that a majority of the members thereof having a controling interest in the business of such partnership are citizens of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania In addition thereto there shall be presented to the Commissioner of Banking a bond to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania executed by the applicant and by a surety or sureties approved by the board conditioned upon the faithful holding of all moneys that may be deposited with the applicant in accordance with the terms of the deposit and the repayment of such moneys so deposited upon the faithful transmission of any money which shall be delivered to such applicant for transmission to another and in the event of the insolvency or bankruptcy of the applicant upon the payment of the full amount recoverable under the conditions of such bond to the assignee receiver or trustee of the applicant as the case may require for the benefit of the persons making such deposits and of such persons as shall deliver money to the applicant for transmission to another The penalty of the bond shall be a sum fixed by the board which shall not be more than fifty thousand dollars nor less than ten thousand dollars In lieu of the aforesaid bond the applicant may deposit and the Commissioner of Banking shall accept money and securities consisting of bonds of the United States or of this Commonwealth or any municipality thereof or other securities approved by the board The money and securities so deposited shall be held on the conditions specified in the aforesaid bond If securities be deposited in lieu of the aforesaid bond and shall be accepted as hereinafter provided the Commissioner of Banking shall require the applicant to maintain such deposit at a value equal to the amount fixed as the penalty of the bond in lieu of which such money and securities shall be so deposited Upon the receipt of such application the Commissioner of Banking shall cause to be made an examination of the financial standing and moral character of the applicant as to whether the statements contained in the application are true and to this end the application shall be advertised by the Commissioner of Banking at the expense of the applicant once a week for at least three weeks in two newspapers of general circulation and in the legal periodical if any in the county where applicant proposes to do business or nearest county where such newspapers are published After such advertisement the board may in its discretion approve or disapprove the applicant In the event of his approval he shall accept the money securities and bond if there be one and hold them for the purpose herein set forth and shall issue a license authorizing the applicant to carry on the aforesaid business at the place designated in the application and to be specified in the license certificate For such license the licensee shall pay a fee of fifty dollars Such license shall not be transferred or assigned It shall not authorize the transaction of business at any place other than that described in the license certificate except with the written approval of the board Immediately upon the receipt of the license certificate issued by the Commissioner of Banking pursuant to this article the licensee named therein shall cause such license certificate to be posted and at all times conspicuously displayed in the place of business for which it is issued so that all persons visiting such place may readily see the same It shall be unlawful for any person or partnership or incorporated association holding such license certificate to post such certificate or to permit such certificate to be posted upon premises other than those designated therein or to which it has been transferred pursuant to the provisions of this article or knowingly to deface or destroy any such license certificate If it shall be established to the satisfaction of the board in accordance with rules and regulations by it prescribed that an unexpired license certificate issued in accordance with the provisions of this article has been lost or destroyed without fault on the part of the holder the board shall issue a duplicate license therefor The money and securities deposited with the Commissioner of Banking as herein provided and the money which in case of default shall be paid on the aforesaid bond by any applicant or the surety thereof shall constitute a trust fund for the benefit of the depositors of the licenses and of such persons as shall deliver money to such licensee for transmission to another and such beneficiaries shall be entitled to an absolute preference as to such moneys or securities over all general creditors of the licensee Such money and securities shall in the event of the insolvency or bankruptcy of the licensee be delivered by the Commissioner of Banking in on the order or judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction to the assignee receiver or trustee of the licensee designated in such order or judgment The Commissioner of Banking shall cause to be printed annually on the first day of January and distributed upon application a list of all licenses granted and remaining unrevoked The Commissioner of Banking shall from time to time pay over to each such licensee all moneys received by him as interest upon any moneys or securities deposited in accordance with the provisions of this article All moneys or securities deposited with the Commissioner of Banking hereunder shall be turned into the State Treasury and receipted for by the State Treasurer to the depositor and to be subject to withdrawal only upon the warrant of the Commissioner of Banking and all interest coupons on any securities deposited with the State Treasurer shall be surrendered when due to the owners of said securities upon their request

Section 2 Each license shall keep such books of account as are approved by the Commissioner of Banking showing full and complete records of all business transacted and a full statement of all assets and liabilities and shall at least two times each year as of such days as the Commissioner of Banking shall designate by a written notice mailed to the place of business of such licensee file in the Commissioner of Banking's office within ten days after the date of such notice a written statement under oath in such form as shall be prescribed by the Commissioner of Banking showing the amount of the assets and liabilities of the licensee a copy of which statement shall be published three times in a newspaper of general circulation and a legal periodical if any in the county where the business is conducted or in a newspaper published in the nearest adjacent county The license issued shall be revocable at all times by the board for cause shown and in event of such revocation or of a surrender of such license no refund shall be made in respect of any license fee paid under the provisions of this article Every license certificate shall be surrendered to the Commissioner of Banking within twenty-four hours after notice in writing to the holder that such license has been revoked In case of the revocation of such license the money and securities and the bond if there be one received from the licensee shall continue to be held by the Commissioner of Banking until otherwise directed by the order or judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction provided that in case of discontinuance of business notice thereof must previously have been published once a week during the thirty days in one newspaper of general circulation and the legal periodical if any published in the city or county where such business has been conducted or nearest adjacent county

Section 3 Any person partnership or unincorporated association carrying on the business specified in section one of this article without having obtained from the board a license therefor or who shall carry on such business after the revocation of a license to carry on such business or who without such license shall on any sign letterhead advertisement or publication of any kind use the word "banking" or any equivalent term in any language in connection with any business whatsoever or who shall fail to display the license certificate as provided in section one hereof or who shall fail to keep books of account as required or to make the reports as herein provided or who shall advertise or publish in any manner whatsoever either orally or in writing any statement intended to convey or actually conveying the idea or impression that such licensee is in any way under the supervision of this State or of any officer thereof or that this State or any officer thereof has passed in any way whatsoever upon the responsibility solvency or qualifications of such license to engage in such business or that this State or any officer thereof has examined any accounts of said licensee or has in any way certified that such licensee is in any way a fit person to carry on such business shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and punished as hereinafter provided

Section 4 Any person who in any application for a license presented to the board or in any report made under this article shall swear falsely as to the amount of the assets and liabilities of a licensee or in any other particular or in any affidavit made under any requirement of this act shall swear falsely as to any fact therein stated shall be guilty of perjury

Section 5 Any person partnership or unincorporated association who shall fail to make any report required by this article or fail to publish reports herein provided within the time specified for the same shall forfeit to the Commonwealth the sum of twenty dollars for every day that such report or the publication of said report shall be delayed or withheld The money forfeited under this section shall be recovered in an action brought by the Commonwealth and with all moneys received as fees for the issuance of the licenses provided for herein shall be paid into the State Treasury to the credit of the general fund

Section 6 In an action against a licensee to recover money deposited with such licensee for transmission the burden of proving the transmission to and receipt of the money by the person to whom such money is directed to be paid shall be upon the license to whom such money was delivered for transmission Proof by authenticated affidavit of such licensee or his duly authorized agent showing the transmission of such money to the person to whom the same was to be transmitted or to the correspondent of the licensee to whom such money has been transmitted for payment to the person to whom such money was to be paid together with an authenticated receipt signed by the consignee of such money or in lieu of such a receipt an authenticated affidavit of the agent of the licensee showing the fact of payment shall be deemed sufficient evidence to shift the burden of proof to the plaintiff

Section 7 All moneys received for transmission to a foreign country by any licensee shall be forwarded to the person to whom the same is directed to be transmitted within five days after the receipt thereof and every person who shall fail to so forward the same within the time specified shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and punished as hereinafter provided

Section 8 The foregoing provisions shall not apply (one) to any corporation authorized to do business under the provisions of the banking laws of this Commonwealth to any corporation authorized to receive deposits under the laws of this Commonwealth nor to any association organized under the national banking act nor (two) to any hotel-keeper who shall receive money for safe-keeping from a guest nor (three) to any express company or telegraph company receiving money for transmission provided such company is not engaged directly or

indirectly in the sale of steamship tickets nor (four) to any individual partnership or unincorporated association who would otherwise be required to comply with the provisions of this act who shall file with the Commissioner of Banking a bond in the sum of one hundred thousand dollars approved by the board as to form and sufficiency for the purpose and conditioned as in the first section prescribed where the business is conducted in a city of the first or second class and if conducted elsewhere in the State such bond shall be in the sum of fifty thousand dollars or in lieu thereof money or securities approved by the Commissioner of Banking of the same amounts nor (five) to any individual partnership or incorporated association licensed under the laws of this Commonwealth to do a brokerage business holding a membership in a lawfully incorporated brokerage exchange and doing only such banking as shall be incidental to such brokerage business The books or records showing the deposit on account of any depositor with any individual partnership or unincorporated association filing a bond money or securities approved by the board as provided in this section shall not be subject to any visatorial power inspection or examination by the Commissioner of Banking nor to examination or inspection by or production in any department or agency of government State or municipal nor to inspection examination or production in any court in any judicial proceeding except in cases of insolvency or bankruptcy or a judicial proceeding or investigation involving the rights and liabilities of a creditor or depositor nor (six) to any person firm partnership or unincorporated association now engaged in business as private bankers when such person firm partnership or unincorporated association and his or their predecessor predecessors or one or more of the members in such private banking institutions continuously and in the same locality have conducted the business of private banking for a period of seven (7) years prior to the approval of this act and such banking institution is not engaged in the sale as agent or otherwise of railroad or steamship tickets

Section 9 Any licensee who shall violate any of the provisions of this article the violation of which has not hereinbefore been made a misdemeanor or a felony shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and punished as hereinafter provided

Section 10 Every person found guilty of a misdemeanor under any of the sections of this article shall be sentenced to an imprisonment not exceeding two years or be fined in an amount not exceeding one thousand dollars or both or either at the discretion of the court

Section 11 The incidental expenses for the enforcement of this act shall be paid out of the general fund appropriated for the office of the Commissioner of Banking

Section 12 All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed

Section 13 This act shall go into effect the first day of December one thousand nine hundred and eleven and upon its approval the Commissioner of Banking shall mail a notice of its passage to each private banker then registered in the office of the Auditor General and it shall apply to all persons Now or hereafter engaging in said business except as provided in section eight of this act

And said bill having been read at length the second time and agreed to,

Ordered, To be transcribed for a third reading.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1194 (House No. 757), entitled:

An act fixing the fees and compensation of the sheriffs in this Commonwealth for the removal and conveying of prisoners to the penitentiary house of correction or reformatories or any insane person or habitual drunkard to a hospital or asylum for the same

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. WILBERT. Mr. President, as I understand this bill the county will now have to pay the cost where the prisoner or prisoners are sent to the penitentiary or house of correction where now either they or their friends must pay the expense. In addition to that this bill provides for three cents mileage which is quite a revenue for the sheriff, and by the purchase of mileage he can get it for two cents; and I do not see why the county should bear this expense, when the law now requires the individual or his friends or relatives to bear the expense. I can't understand the purpose of the act and I would like an explanation if any of the Senators can give it, why this bill should pass at this time.

Mr. JUDSON. Mr. President, as I undertand the situation, I am not the father of the bill, I think the situation in our county is that the sheriff takes the prisoner to the penitentiary or reform school and the bills are sent to the county and the county pays the bill. The trouble is that there are so many different counties that have different fee bills and in some counties the people hardly know which fee bill to use. This bill is to put it in shape so the people and officials will know what the fees are for the performance of duties of that kind.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—9.

Alexander	Huffman	Morgan	Wasbers
Cooper	Judson	Nulty	Weingartner
Heacock			

NAYS—33.

Buckman	Herbst	Kurtz	Powell
Catlin	Homsher	Manbeck	Salus
Clark	Hunter	Martin	Shields
DeWitt	Jamison	McConnell	Snyder
Endsley	Jarrett	McIlhenny	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	McNichol	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	McNichols	Wolf
Hays	Knapp	Miller	Crow

Pres. pro tem.

Less than a majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the negative.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1195 (House No. 733), entitled:

An act authorizing cities of the first class to remit taxes owing by any hospital where a dispute has arisen as to the right of the city to assess and collect such taxes

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		

Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1196 (House No. 726), entitled:

An act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the appointment of policemen in the boroughs of this Commonwealth defining their powers and duties and providing for their compensation and discharge" approved June sixth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three by regulating the control of policemen when on duty

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—26.

Adams	Hall	Hunter	Knapp
Buckman	Hays	Jamison	Kurtz
Clark	Heacock	Jarrett	Manbeck
Cooper	Herbst	Judson	Martin
DeWitt	Homsher	Keyser	Powell
Endsley	Huffman	Kline	Salus
Fox			Sproul

NAYS—12.

Alexander	McNichol	Shields	Weingartner
Jones	McNichols	Sones	Wolf
McConnell	Nulty	Vare	Crow

Pres. pro tem.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1197 (House No. 716), entitled:

An act regulating the printing of the laws of this Commonwealth

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Adams	Heacock	Kurtz	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Manbeck	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	Martin	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McConnell	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—1.

McIlhenny

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1199 (House No. 817), entitled:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to section one of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania relating to taxation

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—35.

Adams	Fox	Knapp	Snyder
Alexander	Gerberich	Manbeck	Sproul
Baldwin	Hall	McConnell	Thomson
Buckman	Huffman	McNichol	Tustin
Catlin	Hunter	McNichols	Vare
Clark,	Jamison	Morgan	Wilbert
Cooper	Jarrett	Powell	Wolf
DeWitt	Keyser,	Salus	Crow
Endsley	Kline	Shields	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—5.

Heacock	Judson	McIlhenny	Nulty
Herbst			

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1200 (House No. 745), entitled:

An act to confer power on the several orphans' courts having jurisdiction thereof when the balance for distribution in an estate after the debts are paid includes stocks bonds and other securities to make distribution of the same in kind to parties entitled thereto to authorize subsequent sales thereof and to validate such distribution heretofore made

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken, agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Adams	Hays	Knapp	Shields
Alexander	Heacock	Kurtz	Snyder
Baldwin	Herbst	Manbeck	Sones
Buckman	Homsher	Martin	Sproul
Catlin	Huffman,	McConnell	Thomson
Clark	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Cooper	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
DeWitt	Jarrett	Miller	Wertz
Endsley	Jones	Morgan	Wilbert
Fox	Judson	Nulty	Wolf
Gerberich	Keyser	Powell	Crow
Hall	Kline	Salus	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1201 (House No. 507), entitled:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act approved May fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled 'An Act to exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes and places of religious worship, places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit and institutions of purely public charity,'" hospitals universities colleges seminaries academies associations institutions of learning and benevolence by removing the exemption from certain lands therein exempted not necessary for the enjoyment of the same and providing for the taking of said land

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Adams	Herbst	Manbeck	Sones
Alexander	Homsher	Martin	Sproul
Baldwin	Huffman	McConnell	Thomson
Buckman	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Catlin	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Clark	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
Cooper	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
DeWitt	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Endsley	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Fox	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hays	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Heacock	Kurtz	Snyder	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1241 (House No. 580), entitled:

An act to amend sections one three and five of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of minors in bituminous coal mines and anthracite collieries or breakers by regulating the ages at which said minors may be employed their hours of employment and to prescribe rules for the obtaining of employment certificates and providing penalties for violation of the provisions thereof," approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by further regulating the ages at which minors may be employed inside coal mines or in the outside workings thereof or in coal breakers or washeries and by providing for the filing of proof of age by the employers of minors apparently under sixteen years of age employed in such establishments

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Adams	Hays	Knapp	Shields
Alexander	Heacock	Kurtz	Snyder
Baldwin	Herbst	Manbeck	Sones
Buckman	Homsher	Martin	Sproul
Catlin	Huffman,	McConnell	Thomson
Clark	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Cooper	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
DeWitt	Jarrett	Miller	Wertz
Endsley	Jones	Morgan	Wilbert
Fox	Judson	Nulty	Wolf
Gerberich	Keyser	Powell	Crow
Hall	Kline	Salus	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1242 (House No. 154), entitled:

An act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens and the proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this State

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—46.

Adams	Hays	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Homsher	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Huffman	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Hunter	McNichol	Thomson
Catlin	Jamison	McNichols	Tustin
Clark	Jarrett	Miller	Vare
Cooper	Jones	Morgan	Wasbers
DeWitt	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Endsley	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Fox	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Gerberich	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hall	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

HOUSE NON-CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 800.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House of Representatives has non-concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 265, entitled:

An act relating to roads providing for the election and appointment of township supervisors in second class townships defining their powers duties and limitations relating to road tax and the expenditure thereof abolishing the work tax defining certain duties of the clerk of the court fixing the penalties for violation of this act and making an appropriation to carry out its provisions

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move that the Senate insist upon its amendments non-concurred in by the House and that a committee of conference be appointed to confer with a similar committee of the House (if the House shall appoint such committee) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. Prsident, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That Messrs. Sproul, Thomson and Kline be such committee on the part of the Senate.

AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL NO. 608 RECALLED FROM THE GOVERNOR.

He also presented for concurrence bill of the House of Representatives as follows:

House Bill No. 608, entitled:

An act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject

said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment.

The vote had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the House and the bill amended in which amendments the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The amendments were twice read as follows:

By striking out in section four the words "contracts of bailments contracts of pledge and;" also in line thirty-three by striking out the words "contracts of bailments contracts of pledge and;" also in line thirty-nine by striking out the words "contracts of bailments contracts of pledge and"

On the question,

Will the Senate concur in the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—47.

Adams	Homsher	Martin	Sones
Alexander	Huffman	McConnell	Sproul
Baldwin	Hunter	McIlhenny	Thomson
Buckman	Jamison	McNichol	Tustin
Cooper	Jarrett	McNichols	Vare
LeWitt	Jones	Miller	Wasbers
Endsley	Judson	Morgan	Weingartner
Fox	Keyser	Nulty	Wertz
Gerberich	Kline	Powell	Wilbert
Hall	Knapp	Salus	Wolf
Heacock	Kurtz	Shields	Crow
Herbst	Manbeck	Snyder	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

BILL DROPPED FROM CALENDAR.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, Senate Bill No. 1243, on third reading, entitled:

An act declaring all employes of public service and utility companies associations or persons engaged in business in this Commonwealth for the purposes of this act to be public servants and providing for the adjustment and settlement of disputes and differences between such employes and their employers resulting in strikes or lockouts by Boards of Arbitration and creating and regulating such boards

is a Senate bill and it cannot possibly be enacted and I therefore move that it be dropped from the calendar.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1244 (House No. 353), entitled:

An act to promote the safety of travelers and employes upon railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question

Will the Senate agree to the bill?

Mr. SONES. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to amend the bill at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection?

Mr. NULTY. Mr. President, I object.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair hears objection.

Mr. SONES. Mr. President, I move that the vote by which this bill passed second reading be reconsidered.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

A division was called for and seventeen Senators voting in the affirmative and twenty-five in the negative it was not agreed to.

And the question recurring,

Will the Senate agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. SONES. Mr. President, the reason I wished to amend was for the purpose of taking care of narrow guage or purely industrial roads. There are a number of these roads conducted purely for industrial purposes. There is no exception in the bill to take care of them. If it were a bill providing for purely trunk line roads I would be in favor of the bill, but in justice to the people who have narrow guage roads I am opposed to the bill and therefore would like to have it defeated on final passage.

Mr. WILBERT. Mr. President, there could not be any change in this bill to make it constitutional between a narrow guage and broad guage; therefore it is necessary to act on the bill in its present form to make it constitutional.

And the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—37.

Adams	Homsher	Martin	Shields
Alexander	Huffman	McConnell	Snyder
Catlin	Jamison	McIlhenny	Thomson
Clark	Jarrett	McNichol	Tustin

Cooper	Jones	McNichols	Washers
Endsley	Judson	Miller	Weingartner
Fox	Kline	Morgan	Wertz
Gerberich,	Kurtz	Nulty	Wilbert
Hays	Manbeck	Salus	Crow
Heacock			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1245 (House No. 737), entitled:

An act enabling the libellant in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion to testify to the fact of desertion and to the efforts made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and resume the marital relation

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—26.

Buckman	Huffman	McNichol	Thomson
Clark	Hunter	McNichols	Tustin
Endsley	Jamison	Morgan	Vare
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Martin	Shields	Crow
Homsher	McConnell		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—2.

Jarrett Judson

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1246 (House No. 1266), entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medicinal preparations in the State of Pennsylvania" approved May twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—26.

Adams	Huffman	Knapp	Powell
Buckman	Jarrett	Martin	Snyder
Catlin	Jones	McConnell	Sproul
Cooper	Judson	Miller	Vare
Fox	Keyser	Morgan	Washers
Hall	Kline	Nulty	Weingartner
Hays			Wolf

NAYS—9.

Alexander	Kurtz	McIlhenny	Thomson
Hunter	Manbeck	McNichols	Wilbert
Jamison			

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1247 (House No. 861), entitled:

An act providing for and regulating the reporting to the State Department of Health by physicians of occupational disease and fixing penalties for violations hereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—46.

Adams	Homsher	Martin	Sones
Alexander	Huffman	McConnell	Sproul
Baldwin	Hunter	McNichol	Thomson
Buckman	Jamison	McNichols	Tustin
Catlin	Jarrett	Miller	Vare
Clark	Jones	Morgan	Washers
Cooper	Judson	Nulty	Weingartner
Endsley	Keyser	Powell	Wertz
Fox	Kline	Salus	Wilbert
Gerberich	Knapp	Shields,	Wolf
Hall	Kurtz	Snyder	Crow
Hays	Manbeck		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—1.

DeWitt

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1248 (House No. 862), entitled:

An act providing for the erection of memorial halls at the county seats in the different counties of Pennsylvania authorizing and directing the county commissioners of such counties upon petition of at least fifty citizens approved by two successive grand juries and the Court of Quarter Sessions to purchase a plot of ground in such county seat and erect thereon a memorial hall in honor of the soldiers sailors and marines from such county who served in the army and navy in the war for the suppression of the rebellion and all other wars in defense of the United States flag and authorizing the levying of a tax to raise a fund to pay the purchase money of the ground and the expense of the erection of a memorial hall

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Adams	Heacock	Kurtz	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Manbeck	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	Martin	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McConnell	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1249 (House No. 749), entitled:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act supplement to an act passed the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine relating to billiard rooms et cetera in the counties of Chester and Delaware extending the same to the counties of Erie Crawford Venago Warren Tioga Potter and McKean" approved the sixteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six as far as said act relates and extends to Venango county

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder,
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Kurtz	Shields	Crow
Hays			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 1250 (House No. 833), entitled:

An act to revive and continue in force the provisions of an act entitled "An act to extend the time during which corporations may hold and convey the title to real estate heretofore bought under execution or conveyed to them insatisfaction of debts and now remaining in their hands unsold" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight in so far as they relate to banking companies

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	[illegible]	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		

Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same without amendments.

CONSIDERATION OF REPORT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON SENATE BILL NO. 378.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to consider at this time the report of the Committee of Conference on Senate Bill No. 378.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

The report of the Committee of Conference was read as follows:

To the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned Committee of Conference for the consideration of Senate Bill No. 378, entitled "An Act making an appropriation for the erection of a proper fence or coping and pavement to protect a monument erected near Petersburg, Virginia, by the Association of the Survivors of the Forty-eighth Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, to commemorate the Battle of the Crater, and providing for a Commission and expenses thereof to erect the same," beg leave to submit the following amended bill as their report:

CHARLES H. KLINE,
T. M. KURTZ,
FRANK E. BALDWIN
Committee on the part of the Senate
JAS. F. WOODWARD,
W. F. WHITMAN,
FRANK J. KLUMPP,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act making an appropriation for the erection of a proper fence or coping and pavement to protect a monument erected near Peterburg Virginia by the Association of the Survivors of the Forty-eighth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers to commemorate the Battle of the Crater and providing for a Commission and the expenses thereof to erect the same

Whereas The Association of the Survivors of the Forty-eighth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers of the late rebellion erected a monument near Petersburg Virginia to commemorate the Battle of the Crater and

Whereas said monument has been put in place and properly dedicated and is in close proximity to a monument erected by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to commemorate the services of the Pennsylvania soldiers who constituted the third division of the ninth corps of the Army of the Potomac and

Whereas The said monument erected by the said Association of the Survivors of the Forty-eighth Regiment is not properly enclosed and needs a fence or coping and pavement to properly protect it and the Association of the Forty-eighth Regiment being too poor to provide the same therefor

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of four hundred and fifty-eight dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated for the purpose of constructing erecting a suitable fence coping and pavement for the proper protection of the monument erected by the survivors of the Forty-eighth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers at or near Petersburg Virginia to commemorate the Battle of the Crater

Section 2 That the Governor of Pennsylvania shall appoint three persons who shall serve as a commission and without pay to carry out the purposes of this act Provided however That the actual expenses of the said Commission shall be paid out of the said appropriation

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	[illegible]msher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields.	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		

Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

HOUSE ADOPTS REPORT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 313.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented communication from the House of Representatives, informing the Senate that the House of Representatives has adopted the report of the Committee of Conference on House Bill No. 313.

Mr. SHIELDS. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of the report of the Committee of Conference on House Bill No. 313.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The report was read as follows:

To the members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned, committee of conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 313, entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," beg leave to submit the following amended bill as our report:

MOSES SHIELDS,
FRANK E. BALDWIN,
DAVID HUNTER, JR.,
Committee on the part of the Senate.
TIMOTHY PITCHFORD,
GEORGE W. RICHARDS,
JOHN M. FLYNN,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith

ARTICLE 1

Definitions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That for the purpose of this act the terms and definitions contained therein shall be as follows

Mine In this act the term "mine" includes the shafts slopes drifts or incline planes connected with excavations penetrating coal stratum or strata which excavations are ventilated by one general air current or divisions thereof and connected by one general system of mine railroads over which coal may be delivered to one or more points outside the mine when such is operated by one operator

Excavations and Workings The term "excavations and workings" includes all the excavated portions of a mine those abandoned as well as the places actually being worked also all underground workings and shafts tunnels and other ways and openings and all such shafts slopes tunnels and other openings in the course of being sunk or driven together with all roads appliances machinery and material connected with the same below the surface

Shaft The term "shaft" means a vertical opening through the strata that is or may be used for the purpose of ventilation or drainage or for hoisting men or material or both in connection with the mining of coal

Slope The term "slope" means an incline or opening used for the same purpose as a shaft

Operator The term "operator" means any firm corporation or individual operating any coal mine or any part thereof

Superintendent The term "superintendent" means the person who shall have on behalf of the operator immediate supervision of one or more mines

Mine Foreman The term "mine foreman" means the person whom the operator or superintendent shall place in charge of the inside workings of the mine and of the persons employed therein

Inspector The term "inspector" means the person commissioned by the Governor to have supervision of mines as hereinafter prescribed

Bituminous Mines The term "bituminous mines" shall include all coal mines in the State not now included in the anthracite boundaries and whenever the term "mine" appears in this act it shall be construed to mean "bituminous coal mine"

Approved Safety Lamp The term "approved safety lamp" shall mean any bonneted safety lamp approved by the Department of Mines

ARTICLE II

Maps and Plans

Section 1 The operator or the superintendent of any bituminous coal mine shall make or cause to be made by a competent mining engineer or surveyor an accurate map of the mine on a scale of not less than two hundred feet to the inch which map shall show as follows

First All the openings excavations shafts slopes drifts tunnels planes main entries cross entries and rooms and the name or number of each

Second An accurate delineation of the boundary lines between said mine and all adjoining mines or coal lands and the relation and proximity of the workings of said mine to all adjoining mines or coal lands and if requested by the inspector the blue print in the office at the mines shall show by arrows the direction of the air currents in said mine each split to show in different color in pencil

Third The elevation above or below mean tide at Sandy Hook of the top and bottom of each shaft and slope of all drifts tunnels planes and of the faces of entries as found at each semi-annual survey and in rooms and entries adjacent to boundary lines between such mine and any adjoining mine or mines at points not more than three hundred feet apart also the number of last survey station and the date of such survey on the entries as they are represented on the map the location of streams rivers lakes dams or any other bodies of water on the surface with their elevations accurately and plainly marked the location and elevation of any body of water dammed in the mine or held back in any portion of the mine giving the true area of said body of water unless inaccessible before the passage of this act the location of all bore holes penetrating the coal strata and the location of all oil and gas wells and oil and gas pipe lines Provided however for the purpose of this paragraph the owner or owners of the oil and gas wells and the oil and gas pipe lines shall furnish at his their or its own expense to the operator of the mine on which said wells are located or lines are constructed a survey showing the location thereof within sixty days after the passage of this act or within a like time after the construction or location of wells and pipe lines hereafter made

Section 2 When the workings of a mine are within three hundred feet of the boundary lines between such mine and any adjoining mine or mines application shall be made by the operator or the superintendent to the inspector for information as to the proximity of the workings of such adjoining mine or mines and if the workings of such adjoining mine or mines are at their nearest point within three hundred feet of such boundary line the inspector shall so notify the said operator or the said superintendent who shall have such portion of the workings of said adjoining mine or mines surveyed and shown on the map of the mine first mentioned For the purpose of making only the survey herein required the engineer or surveyor of any mine shall have the right of entry into any adjoining mine on the written authority of the inspector

Section 3 A true copy of said map shall be kept in the mine office at the mine for the use of the mine officials and the inspector and for the inspection (in the presence of the superintendent or the mine foreman) of any person working in said mine whenever said person shall fear that any working place is becoming dangerous by reason of its proximity to other workings that may contain dangerous accumulations of water or noxious gases

Section 4 At least once every six months the operator or the superintendent of every mine shall cause to be shown accurately on the original map of said mine and on the copy of the map in the mine office all the excavations made therein during the time that has elapsed since such excavations were last shown thereon

The operator or the superintendent at the request of the inspector in writing shall order that any portion of any mine shall be surveyed and entered on the original map when in the opinion of the inspector such portion of the mine is approaching accumulations of water or noxious gases And whenever any of the workings or excavations of any mine shall be driven to their destination it shall be the duty of the operator or the superintendent to cause the mining engineer or surveyor to check up all his previous work and notes of said mine so that he can certify that the said map shows correctly all the excavations made therein as he is required to do by section six of this article

Section 5 The operator or the superintendent of every mine shall furnish the inspector of the district with a true and correct copy of the aforesaid original map of said mine on tracing cloth and at the end of every six months thereafter the inspector shall return said copy to the operator or the superintendent who shall place or cause to be placed thereon all the extensions made and all portions of the mine worked out or abandoned during the preceding six months as provided for in section four of this article and shall forward the map to the inspector within thirty days from the time of receiving it Provided that in lieu of the map on tracing cloth as aforesaid the operator or the superintendent shall have the privilege of furnishing every six months a blue print showing the complete workings of the mine to date When more than one seam of coal is being worked in any mine the inspector shall be provided with a separate copy of the original map on tracing cloth or a blue print of the complete workings of each seam as provided for in this article The copies of the maps of the several mines as hereinbefore required to be furnished to the inspector shall remain in the care of the inspector of the district in which said mines are situated as official records pertaining strictly to the office of said inspector to be transferred by him to his successor in office and in no case shall any copy thereof be made or any information therefrom be given to any person without the consent of the operator except as provided for in section two of this article

Section 6 Whenever a mine is worked out or abandoned the operator or the superintendent shall within sixty days thereafter extend the inspector's map to show clearly all the worked-out or abandoned territory with all property and boundary lines and elevations as required in section one of this article

The owner or the operator of the abandoned mine shall also within sixty days after its abandonment send to the Department of Mines a tracing of said complete original map which shall be kept in the Department as a public document The mining engineer or surveyor shall certify that said tracing is a true and correct copy of the original map of said mine and that the original map is a true complete and correct map and survey of all the excavations made in said abandoned mine

Section 7 If the inspector shall have reason to believe that any map of any mine furnished to him in pursuance of the provisions of this article is inaccurate or imperfect he is hereby authorized to have made a survey and a new map of said mine The cost of said survey and map shall be recoverable from the operator as other debts are recoverable by law Provided however that if the map claimed by the inspector to be inaccurate or imperfect shall be found sufficiently accurate to serve the purpose for which it is intended then the Commonwealth shall be liable for the expense incurred in making said survey and map which expense shall be paid by the State Treasurer upon warrant of the Auditor General issued upon the presentation of voucher approved by the Chief of the Department of Mines

ARTICLE III

Duties of Mine Superintendent Mine Supplies

Section 1 It shall be the duty of every superintendent on behalf and at the expense of the operator to keep on hand at each mine at all times a sufficient quantity of all materials and supplies required to preserve the health and safety of the employes as ordered by the mine foreman and required by this act If for any reason the superintendent cannot procure the necessary materials or supplies as aforesaid he shall at once notify the mine foreman whose duty it shall be to withdraw the men from the mine or portion of mine until such materials or supplies are received

The superintendent shall at least once every week read examine carefully and countersign all reports entered in the mine record book by the mine foreman and if he finds on such examination that the law is being violated in any particular he shall order the mine foreman to stop said violation forthwith and shall see that his order is complied with

Section 2 The superintendent shall not obstruct the mine foreman or other officials in the fulfillment of any of their duties as required by this act but he shall direct that the mine foreman and all the other employes under him comply with the law in all its provisions especially when his attention is called by the inspector to any violation of the law. At any mine where a superintendent is not employed the duties that are herein prescribed for the superintendent shall devolve upon the mine foreman in addition to his regular duties

Section 3 The superintendent of every mine shall provide a sufficient number of danger signals upon request of the mine foreman which the mine foreman or the assistant mine foreman shall distribute in the mine at places convenient for the use of the fire bosses in the fulfillment of their duties Danger signals in all mines shall be uniform and of a design approved by the Chief of the Department of Mines All danger signals shall be kept in good condition and no defective signal shall be allowed to remain in any mine

Section 4 The superintendent shall keep on hand at the mine a supply of the printed rules and notices and record books required by this act which shall be furnished through the inspector of the district on request of the superintendent in writing The superintendent shall see that said rules and notices and record books are delivered to the proper persons at the mine and that they are properly cared for and he shall also see that the rules and notices are posted in conspicuous places at or near the entrance to the mine and kept in such condition that they will always be legible

Section 5 The superintendent shall not permit the mining of coal within fifty feet of any abandoned mine containing a dangerous accumulation of water until said danger has been removed by driving a passageway to tap and drain off said water as provided for in this act Provided that the thickness of the barrier pillars shall be greater and shall be in proportion of one foot of pillar thickness to each one and one-quarter feet of water-head if in the judgment of the engineer of the property and that of the district inspector it is necessary for the safety of the persons working in the mine

Section 6 The superintendent shall provide a safety catch or other safety device to be placed on the rear end of the rear car of full trips that are being hoisted up slopes and he shall also provide suitable signals to be placed on the rear end of the rear car of all trips hauled in the mines by locomotives of any kind

Section 7 If the mine foreman the assistant mine foreman or the fire boss neglects his duties or incapacitates himself by drunkenness or is incapacitated by any other cause for the proper performance of his duties and information thereof shall be brought to the knowledge of the superintendent it shall be the duty of the superintendent to make a thorough investigation of the case and if he finds evidence to sustain

the charge he shall inform the inspector who shall inform the court of common pleas of the county or a judge thereof by petition and said court or judge when the court is not in session shall issue a citation in the name of the Commonwealth to the said mine foreman assistant mine foreman or fire boss to appear at not less than five days' notice upon a day fixed before said court or a judge thereof at which time the court shall proceed to inquire into and investigate the allegations If the court finds the allegations to be true it shall notify the Department of Mines of such finding and instruct said Department to withdraw the certificate of said delinquent Provided however that he shall have the right to appear before the Examining Board and be re-examined and if he can satisfy the Board that he has reformed and passes a satisfactory examination he shall be given another certificate of qualification When the court orders the certificate of a mine foreman an assistant mine foreman or a fire boss to be withdrawn the inspector shall notify the operators of the district of the fact

Section 8 The operator or the superintendent of every mine shall within thirty days thereafter send to the inspector notices of the following occurrences

First When a mine has been abandoned or the working thereof discontinued

Second When any work has commenced for the purpose of opening a new mine

Third When the working of a mine is resumed after an abandonment or a discontinuance for a period exceeding two months

Fourth When any change occurs in the name of a mine or in the name of the operator of a mine under the provisions of this act

ARTICLE IV

Mine Foreman and His Duties

Section 1 In order to secure efficient management and proper ventilation of the mines to promote the health and safety of the persons employed therein and to protect and preserve the property connected therewith the operator or the superintendent shall employ a competent and practical mine foreman for every mine where ten or more persons are employed The mine foreman shall have full charge of all the inside workings and of the persons employed therein in order that all the provisions of this act so far as they relate to his duties shall be complied with and the regulations prescribed for each class of workmen under his charge carried out in the strictest manner possible If the mine is generating explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp the mine foreman must possess a first grade foreman's certificate If the mine is non-gaseous the mine foreman must possess either a first grade foreman's certificate or a second grade mine foreman's certificate

When the mine workings become so extensive that the mine foreman is unable personally to carry out the requirements of this act pertaining to his duties he shall have the right to employ a sufficient number of competent persons to act as his assistants who shall act under his instructions in carrying out the provisions of this act If the mine is generating explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an aprpoved safety lamp the mine foreman's assistants must possess first grade assistant mine foreman's certificates

In case of the necessary temporary absence of the mine foreman he may deputize his work for the time being to his assistant who shall perform all the duties of the mine foreman

Section 2 The mine foreman shall devote the whole of his time to his duties in the mine when the mine is in operation and shall keep a careful watch over the ventilating apparatus the ventilation airways traveling ways timbering and drainage and shall see that all stoppings along airways are properly built as provided for in section five of article nine of this act

He shall also see that proper cut-throughs are made in the pillars of all rooms and of all entries in accordance with section three of article nine of this act and that they are closed when necessary so that the ventilating current can be conducted in sufficient quantity through the last cut-through to the face of each room and entry by means of check doors He shall not permit any room or entry to be turned in advance of the ventilating current or in advance of the last cut-through in the entry excepting room necks which may with the consent of the inspector be turned by entrymen driving entries

Section 3 The mine foreman or his assistant shall at least once every week measure the air current at or near the main inlet and outlet airway and also in the last cut-through in the last room and in the entry beyond the last room turned in each entry and make a record of said measurements as provided for in section eighteen of this article Said measurements shall be taken on days when the men are at work and for making said measurements an anemometer shall be provided and kept in good condition by the superintendent of the mine

Section 4 In case of accident to a ventilating fan or its machinery whereby the ventilation of the mine would be seriously interrupted the mine foreman shall order the men to withdraw immediately from the mine and he shall not allow them to return to their work until the ventilation has been restored and the mine has been thoroughly examined by him or by an assistant mine foreman or fire boss and reported safe

Section 5 The mine foreman shall notiy the superintendent in writing whenever in his opinion the mine is becoming dangerous through the lack of ample ventilation at the face of entries rooms and other portions of the mine caused by the undue length of entries and airways or from any other cause resulting in the accumulation of gas or coal dust or both in various portions of the mine The superintendent shall then notify the inspector of the report of the mine foreman requesting him to come and make a personal examination and if he finds it is becoming dangerous he shall at once direct the superintendent to proceed to have it put in safe condition and if necessary have an additional opening of ample dimensions sunk from the surface to the interior which opening can be used as an outlet or inlet for the air and also as an escapeway in case of necessity

In all mines generating explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp the mine foreman shall see that when the permanent station of the fire boss is located a mile or more from the entrance to the mine all abandoned finished or unfinished workings in the intervening distance between the permanent station and the entrance to the mine are completly shut off from the main intake or manway headings of the mine by stoppings of masonry concrete or some other incombustible material of sufficient thickness to keep the explosive or noxious gases from coming in contact with the intake air or with the persons employed therein

Section 6 The mine foreman shall direct and see that every working place is properly secured by props or timbers and shall see that no person is directed or permitted to work in an unsafe place unless it be for the purpose of making it safe He shall also see that the workmen are provided with sufficient props cap pieces and timbers of suitable size which shall be delivered at the working faces or as near thereto as they can be conveyed in mine cars when requested by the workmen in accordance with section seven of this article. He shall also see that props are cut square at both ends and as near as practicable to the proper length required or designated for the places where they are to be used

Section 7 Every workman in need of props cap pieces and timbers shall notify the mine foreman or the assistant mine foreman (or any other person delegated by the mine foreman) of the fact at least one day in advance giving the number size and length of props cap pieces and timbers required In case of emergency the timber may be ordered immediately upon the discovery of danger If for any reason the necessary timbers cannot be supplied when required the mine foreman or assistant mine foreman shall instruct the workmen to vacate the place until the timber needed is supplied

The place and manner of leaving the orders for props cap pieces and timbers shall be designated and specified in the rules of the mine

Section 8 The mine foreman shall see that on all animal and mechanical hauling roads holes for shelter shall be cut into the strata not less than two and one-half feet deep and four feet wide and level with the road at least every thirty yards and kept whitewashed and clear of obstruction except in entries from which rooms are driven at regular intervals not exceeding ninety feet provided that the entrance to each room be kept clear of obstruction for a distance of three feet On all main hauling roads on which hauling is done by machinery shelter holes shall be cut into the strata not less than two and one-half feet deep and at least four feet wide and level with the road and not more than fifteen yards apart and said shelter holes shall be kept whitewashed and clear of obstruction except in entries from which rooms are opened at regular intervals not exceeding forty-five feet Provided That the entrance to such room be kept clear of obstruction for a distance of three feet All shelter holes shall be made on the same side of the entry All entries driven after the passage of this act shall have a clear space of two and one-half feet from the side of the car to the rib which shall be made and continued throughout on one side of the entry if in the judgment of the inspector the condition of the roof will permit and shall be kept clear of obstruction

No person except officials or repairmen shall be permitted to travel on slopes gravity or incline planes while the cars thereon are in motion

Section 9 The mine foreman shall direct that the coal is properly mined before it is blasted "Properly mined" shall mean that the coal shall be undercut center-cut top-cut or sheared by pick or machine and in any case the undercutting shall be as deep as the holes are laid In mines generating explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp when the coal seam is five feet six inches or more in thickness "properly mined shall mean that in all entries less than ten feet wide wherein the coal is undercut it shall also be sheared on one side as deep as the undercutting before any holes are charged and fired or the coal shall be blasted in sections by placing the first holes near the center of the coal seam He shall also direct that the miner set sprags as often as necessary at a distance not exceeding seven feet apart under the breast of undermined or center-mined coal for safety. The mine foreman shall direct at what hours blasting shall be done in the mine and a notice of the time shall be posted at a conspicuous place at the mine and a copy of the notice shall be kept on file at the mine office Provided however that in districts in which it has been the common practice to blast coal from the solid said practice or method may be continued notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein contained

In such portions of a dry and dusty mine where explosive gas is being generated in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp the mine foreman shall direct and see that the rooms and entries are moistened by water or other efficient means as often as necessary to keep the dust in damp condition and he shall direct and see that the dust is loaded and taken out of the mine as often as necessary

The mine foreman shall direct and see that as the miners advance in their excavation all dangerous and doubtful pieces of coal slate and rock overhead are taken down or at once carefully secured against falling on the workmen Any workman who neglects to carry out or disobeys the instructions of the mine foreman or his assistant in regard to securing his working place shall be suspended or discharged by the mine foreman and if such negligence or disobedience results in serious injury or loss of life to any person the mine foreman shall give the name of said workman to the inspector for prosecution in accordance with section two article twenty-six of this act

Section 10 The mine foreman shall give prompt attention to the removal of all dangers reportd to him by his ossistants the fire boss or by any other person working in the mine and in case it is impracticable to remove the danger at once he shall

notify every person whose safety is menaced thereby to remain away from the portion where the dangerous conditions exist He or his assistant shall once each week travel and examine all the air courses and roads and all the openings that give access to old workings or falls and make a record of the condition of all places where danger has been found with ink in the book provided for that purpose

In all mines the mine foreman shall employ a sufficient number of assistants to insure a visit to each working place either by himself or by his assistants once each day while the employes are at work and in addition thereto shall give special care oversight and attention to the men drawing pillars particularly when falls are thereby being made. The mine foreman or the assistant mine foreman under intructions from the mine foreman shall dire ctthat the holes for blasting be properly placed and shall designate the angle and depth of holes which shall not be deeper than the undercutting centercutting top-cutting or shearing and the maximum quantity of explosives required for each hole and the method of charging and tamping instructions shall be given the men by the mine foreman assistant mine foreman or fire boss or other authorized person as to when where and how timber shall be placed so as to avoid accidents from falls and also in a general way how to mine coal with safety to themselves and others

At the end of each shift each assistant mine foreman shall make a report in a book provided for that purpose giving the general condition as to safety of the working places visited by him and shall make a note of any unusual occurrence observed by him during the day The mine foreman shall read carefully the daily report of each assistant mine foreman and shall sign the reports with ink not later than the day following

Section 11 The mine foreman shall see that every mine generating explosive gas is kept free of standing gas in all working places and roadways Any accumulating of explosive gas or noxious gases in the worked-outor abandoned portioins of any mine shall be removed as soon as possible after its discovery if it is practicable to remove it No person who may be endangered by the presence of said explosive gas or noxious gases shall be allowed in that portion of the mine until said gases have been removed The mine foreman shall direct and see that all dangerous places and the entrance or entrances to workd-out and abandoned places in all mines are properly fenced off across the openings so that no person can enter and that danger signals are posted upon said fencing to warn persons of the existing danger

Section 12 In any mine where it has been found impracticable to remove explosive gas from the inaccessible top of a fall it shall be the duty of the mine foreman to make this fact known at once in writing to the superintendent who shall immediately report the same to the inspector requesting him to make a prompt personal investigation If the superintendent and the inspector are unable to devise means to have said explosive gas removed within a reasonable time the inspector shall direct that a bore hole or bore holes not less than six inches in diameter be drilled from the surface to a high point on said fall in order to give the gas an opening to escape to the surface

Section 13 In every mine generating explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp where coal dust is being carried in the air currents in quantities indicating danger the mine foreman shall see that no person is employed to work in the mine until he has given satisfactory proof that he can do the work allotted to him without endangering the lives of his co-employes unless said person is put to work with an experienced miner whose duty it shall be to instruct such inexperienced person how to safely and properly perform his work

Section 14 In such portions of a mine where explosive gas is being generated in quantities sufficient to be detected by an improved safety lamp and in which locked safety lamps are used the mine foreman shall employ a sufficient number of competent persons who are able to speak the English language to act as shot firers whose duty shall be to charge tamp and fire all holes properly placed by the miners and to refuse to charge any holes not properly placed No holes shall be fired by any person other than a shot firer They shall use none but incombustible material for tamping which the mine foreman shall see is provided for them at convenient places inside the mine. Under no condition shall the shot firer use coal dust or any other combustible material for tamping All such holes shall be fired by an electric apparatus and no person other than the shot firer shall connect the wires of or operate said Apparatus Each shot firer shall keep a record of and report to the mine foreman every hole that he has refused to charge every blown out shot and every hole that has misfired It shall be the duty of shot firers and miners who are permitted by this act to fire their own shots to visit and examine the places where the shots have been fired before leaving the mine to see that there is no fire or any other danger existing

In all mines in which coal is blasted from the solid all holes shall be fired when all the workmen are out of the mine except the shot firers and other persons delegated by the mine foreman to safeguard property

No shot firer or any other person shall fire a shot in any working place and in any mine if his safety lamp can detect explosive gas at the roof In gaseous dusty mines in which locked safety lamps are used he shall fire no holes unless the entries and rooms which are dry and dusty are so thoroughly wetted as to prevent the existence of any dry dust for a distance of not less than eighty feet from the hole to be fired Provided however That in all mines wherein the coal is being blasted from the solid the mine foreman shall direct and see that the provisions of this section are fully complied with

Section 15 When operations are temporarily suspended in a mine the superintendent and the mine foreman shall see that danger signals are placed across the mine entrances which signals shall be sufficient warning for persons not to enter the mine If the circulation of air through the mine be stopped each entrance to said mine shall be fenced off in such a manner as will ordinarily prevent persons from entering said mine and a danger signal shall be displayed upon said fence at each entrance The mine foreman shall see that all danger signals used in the mine are in good condition and if any become defective he shall notify the superintendent

Section 16 The mine foreman shall see that the water is drained out of the working places before the men enter and that the working places are kept as free from water as practicable during working hours

Section 17 In any working place that is being driven within supposedly dangerous proximity to an abandoned mine or portion of an abondoned mine suspected of containing explosive gas or that may contain a dangerous accumulation of water the mine foreman shall see that at least two bore holes shall be maintained not less than twelve feet in advance of the face and on each side of such working place bore holes of the same depth shall be drilled diagonally not more than eight feet apart and any place driven to tap water or gas shall not be more than eight feet wide No water or gas from an abandoned mine or portions of an abandoned mine and no bore hole from the surface shall be tapped until the employes except those engaged at such work are out of the mine and such work shall be done under the immediate instruction and direction of the mine foreman with the use of locked safety lamps

Section 18 The mine foreman shall each day enter plainly and sign with ink in a book provided for that purpose a report of the condition of the mine which report shall clearly state any danger that may have come under his observation during the day or any danger reported to him by his assistants or the fire bosses The report shall also state whether or not there is a proper supply of material on hand for the safe working of the mine and whether or not the requirements of the law are complied with He shall also once each week enter plainly with ink in said book a true report of all air measurements required by this act designating the place the area of each cut-through and entry separately the velocity of the air in each cut-through and entry and the number of men employed in each separate split of air with the date when measurements were taken Said book shall at all times be kept in the mine office at the mine for examination by the inspector and by any person working in the mine in the presence of the mine foreman

The mine foreman shall also each day read carefully and countersign with ink all reports entered in the record book of the fire bosses

Section 19 The mine foreman shall once each week on blank forms provided for that purpose report to the inspector all fatal and serious accidents that have occurred in or about the mines giving the age nationality and occupation of the injured persons together with facts as to the families or dependents affected

Section 20 The mine foreman shall employ a sufficient number of fire bosses in order that each mine can be examined in accordance with the provisions of sections one two or three of article five of this act The mine foreman or the assistant mine foreman shall see as often as practicable that the fire boss has left his mark in places examined or reported as examined

Section 21 The mine foreman shall direct and see that safety blocks or some other device are constructed for the purpose of preventing cars from falling into the shaft or slope or running away on slopes and inclines planes and safety switches drop logs or other devices shall be used on all slopes and incline planes and the mine foreman shall see that said safety blocks safety switches or other devices are maintained in good working order

Section 22 It shall be the duty of the mine foreman to see that locked safety lamps are used when and where required by this act

The transportation of tools in and out of the mine shall be under the direction of the mine foreman or his assistant

Section 23 It shall be the duty of the mine foreman to report immediately all violations of this act to the inspector

Section 24 When assistant mine foremen are employed their duty shall be to assist the mine foreman in complying with the provisions of this act and in the absence of the mine foreman they shall perform the duties of the mine foreman and shall be liable to the same penalties as the mine foreman for any violation of this act

ARTICLE V

Duties of Fire Boss Safety Lamps

Section 1 In such portions of a mine wherein explosive gas has been generated within one year before the passage of this act or shall be generated after the passage of this act in sufficient quantities to be detected by an approved safety lamp the mine foreman shall employ a fire boss or fire bosses whose competency to act as such shall be evidenced by a certificate of qualification from the Department of Mines on the recommendation of the Examining Board as provided for in section six article twenty-four of this act It shall be the duty of the fire boss to examine carefully before each shift enters the mine every working place without exception all places adjacent to live workings every roadway and every unfenced road to abandoned workings and falls in the mines but before proceeding with the examination he shall see that the air current is traveling in its proper course In making the examination he shall use no light other than that enclosed in an approved safety lamp The examination shall begin within three hours prior to the appointed time for each shift to enter the mine The fire boss shall examine for all dangers in all portions of the mine under his charge and after each examination he shall leave at the face and side of every place examined the date of the examination as evidence that he has performed his duty He shall also examine the entrance or entrances to all worked-out and abandoned portions adjacent to the roadways and working places under his charge where ex-

plosive gas is likely to accumulate and he shall place a danger signal across the entrance to every working place and every other place where explosive gas is discovered or where immediate danger is found to exist from any other cause and said signal shall be sufficient warning for persons not to enter The meaning of all danger signals shall be explained to the non-English speaking employes of the mine in their several languages by the mine foreman assistant mine forman or fire boss through an interpreter

Section 2 A suitable record book shall be kept at the mine office on the surface of every mine wherein fire bosses are employed and immediately after the examination of such mine or any portion thereof by a fire boss whose duty it is to make such examination he shall enter in said book with ink a record of such examination and sign same This record shall show the time taken in making the examination and also clearly state the nature and location of any danger that may have been discovered in any room or entry or other place in the mine and if any danger or dangers have been discovered the fire bosses shall immediately report the location thereof to the mine forman No person shall enter the mine until the fire bosses return to the mine office on the surface or to a station located in the intake entry of the mine (where a record book as provided for in this section shall be kept and signed by the person making the examination) and report to the mine foreman or the assistant mine foreman by telephone or otherwise that the mine is in safe condition for the men to enter When a station is located in any mine it shall be the duty of the fire bosses to sign also the report entered in the record book in the mine office on the surface

The record books of the fire bosses shall at all times during working hours be accessible to the inspector and the employes of the mine

Section 3 A second examination by the same or other fire bosses shall be made during working hours of every working place where men are employed

Section 4 The mine foreman and the fire boss shall at or near the main entrance to the mine provide a permanent station with a proper danger signal designated by suitable letters and colors placed thereon In every mine generating explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp when the working portions are one mile or more from the entrance to the mine or from the bottom of the shaft or slope a permanent station of suitable dimensions may be erected by the mine foreman (provided the location is approved by the inspector) for the use of the fire bosses and in the said station a fire-proof vault of ample strength shall be erected of brick stone or concrete in which the temporary record book of the fire bosses as described in section two of this article shall be kept It shall not be lawful for any person except the mine foreman and in case of necessity such other persons as may be designated by him to pass beyond said permanent station and danger signal until the mine has been examined by a fire boss as provided for in section one of this article and the mine or certain portions thereof reported by him to be safe The fire boss shall not allow any other person or persons to enter or remain in any portion of the mine through which a dangerous accumulation of gas is being passed in the ventilating current from any other part of the mine He shall report at once any violation of this article to the mine foreman

Section 5 Any employe or other person except those hereinbefore provided for who passes by any danger signal into the mine or into any portion of the mine or removes such danger signal before the mine has been examined and reported to be safe or any employe or any other person who passes by any danger signal placed at the entrance to a working place or any other place in the mine or removes such danger signal without permission from the mine foreman the assistant mine foreman or the fire boss shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and it shall be the duty of the mine foreman having knowledge of said violation (whether obtained personally or otherwise) to notify the inspector at once in writing and the inspector shall forthwith enter proceedings against such persons as provided for in section two of article twenty-six of this act

Any mine foreman who fails to notify the inspector forthwith of any violation of the provisions of this article that has been reported to him or has come under his personal observation shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor

Section 6 Any fire boss who neglects to comply fully with the provisions of this article relating to his duties or who shall make a false report of the condition of any place in the portion of the mine allotted to him for examination shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be suspended by the mine foreman and his name shall be given to the inspector for prosecution If he is found guilty he shall return his certificate of qualification as fire boss to the Department of Mines Provided however that he may again be an applicant for a certificate as fire boss at any regular examination after the expiration of six months but if he is found guilty of a second offence he shall return his certificate to the Department of Mines and cannot be an applicant for re-examination

Section 7 Nothing in this article shall prevent a first grade mine foreman or a first grade assistant mine foreman from acting as fire boss or a regularly employed fire boss from acting in an emergency as a first grade assistant mine foreman

ARTICLE VI

Shafts Slopes Drifts Openings and Outlets

Section 1 It shall not be lawful for the operator superintendent or mine foreman of any mine to employ any person to work therein unless there are at least two openings or outlets to the surface from every seam of coal actually being worked and available from every entry thereof which openings or outlets shall have distinct means of ingress and egress available at all times for the use of the employes The distance between two shafts shall not be less than two hundred feet and the distance between the openings to the surface of slopes shall not be less than one hundred and fifty feet and the distance between drifts shall not be less than fifty feet Provided that the distances between said openings shall apply only to mines opened after the passage of this act and provided further that the distances specified may be less with the written consent of the inspector The passageways between said two shafts shall at all times be maintained in safe and available condition for the employes to travel therein and the pillars in entries between said shafts shall not be removed without the consent of the inspector in writing to the superintendent

The foregoing requirements shall not apply to the openings of a new mine or to the openings of a new entry of a mine that is being worked for the purpose of making connection between said two outlets as long as not more than twenty persons are employed at any one time in making the connection or driving the second opening nor shall said requirements apply to any mine in which the second opening has been rendered unavailable by reason of the final robbing or removing of pillars as long as not more than twenty persons are employed therein at any one time

Section 2 The cage or cages or other safe means of egress shall be available at all times for the persons employed in any mine that has no second outlet available

Section 3 There shall be around the side at the bottom of every hoisting shaft (and similarly around the side of such shaft at any intermediate point where it intersects any entry) a passageway not less than five feet high and three feet wide in the clear which passageway shall be either cut through the solid strata or constructed of masonry and shall be kept open at all times so as to enable persons to pass around said shaft in going from one side thereof to the other

Section 4 Every mine generating explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp opened after the passage of this act shall have at least four main entries two of which shall lead from the main opening and two from the second opening into the body of the mine Provided that every new gaseous mine where locked safety lamps are used exclusively projected to open up a large acreage with main entries five thousand feet or more in length shall have at least five main entries two of which shall lead from the main opening and two from the second opening into the body of the mine and the fifth (which may be connected with an opening to the surface or with the intake airway at or near the main intake opening) shall be used exclusively as a traveling way for the employes

Every none-gaseous mine opened after the passage of this act shall have at least two main entries one of which shall lead from the main opening and one from the second opening into the body of the mine Provided that in every new non-gaseous mine projected to open up a large acreage with main entries five thousand feet or more in length the operator shall either haul the employes into and out of the mine at the beginning and end of each shift or provide at least three main entries one of which shall lead from the main opening and one from the second opening into the body of the mine and one (which may be connected with an opening to the surface or which the intake airway at or near the main intake opening) shall be used exclusively as a traveling way for the employes

Should any mine opened as a non-gaseous mine become a gaseous mine and in every gaseous mine opened prior to the passage of this act where locked safety lamps are used having less than five main entries that have reached five thousand feet or more in length and are to be extended two thousand feet or more the superintendent shall have a new opening of ample dimensions made from the surface if the inspector of the district and two additional inspectors appointed by the Chief of the Department of Mines shall deem such additional opening necessary for the proper ventilation of the mines or the safety of the miners The main entries and the traveling way shall be extended from this opening to the face of the workings The operator may continue to work said mine or mines under the provisions and requirements of this act for a non-gaseous mine until by due diligence the operator can change conditions to meet the provisions and requirements of this paragraph

The intake and return entries shall be kept drained and free from refuse and obstructions of all kinds so that persons may safely travel therein throughout their whole length and have a safe means of egress from the workings in case of emergency Said entries shall be separated by pillars of coal of sufficient strength and shall not be driven more than two hundred feet beyond the last cut-through except for exploratory purposes

When the main entry of a non-gaseous mine or both main entries of a gaseous mine used for intake for air are also used for mechanical haulage a separate traveling way leading into the body of the mine shall be provided for the use of the employes in going to and from their work or the employes shall be hauled into and out of the mine at the beginning and end of each shift

In all mines where the coal seam is less than three and one-half feet in height such traveling way shall be at least four and one-half feet in height in all mines where the coal seam is four feet in height such traveling way shall be at least five feet in height and the width shall not be less than six feet All such traveling ways shall be well drained kept free from refuse of all kinds and free from smoke noxious gases and electric wires unless said wires are so placed and protected as not to endanger life and are kept in safe condition

Section 5 In every slope with workings on both sides an overcast or an undercast not less than five feet wide and five feet high shall be provided as a passageway for the use of the employes to cross from one side of the slope

to the other Said overcast or undercast shall connect with available passageways leading to the workings on both sides of said slope The intervening strata between the slope and the overcast or undercast shall be of sufficient strength at all points to insure safety to the emloyes Provided however that if it is impracticable to drive an overcast or an undercast in the solid an overcast or an undercast if substantially built with masonry or other incombustible material will be deemed sufficient

Section 6 In mines opened after the passage of this act if the opening or outlet other than the main opening is a shaft not more than one hundred feet in depth and is used by employes for the purpose of ingress to or egress from the mine it shall be kept available and in safe condition free from steam dangerous gases and all obstructions and shall be fitted with safe and convenient stairways with steps of an average tread of ten inches and a rise of nine inches not less than two feet in width and not to exceed an angle of forty-five degrees with landings not less than twenty-four inches in width and four feet in length at easy and convenient distances These stairways shall be made safe by having hand rails of suitable material placed on one side or on both sides when requested by the inspector and shall be inspected every twenty-four hours by a competent person employed for that purpose Water that may come from the surface or from the strata in the shaft shall be conducted away so that it will not fall on the stairways or on persons while descending or ascending them

Section 7 After the passage of this act when a mine is operated by a shaft more than one hundred feet in depth the persons employed therein shall be lowered and hoisted by means of machinery unless the second opening is a drift or a slope When the employes are lowered into or hoisted from the mine at the main shaft opening the second opening if a shaft shall also be supplied with a stairway constructed in the manner hereinbefore designated in section six of this article or with suitable machinery for safely lowering and hoisting persons in case of an emergency

Section 8 At any mine where one of the openings hereinbefore required is a slope and is used as a means of ingress and egress by the employes and where the angle of descent of said slope exceeds fifteen degrees and its length from the mouth of the opening exceeds one thousand feet the employes shall be lowered into and hoisted from the mine at the beginning and end of each shift at a speed not to exceed six miles per hour and at every such mine where the angle of descent of said slope averages from five to fifteen degrees and where its length exceeds three thousand feet the employes shall be lowered into and hoisted from the mine at the beginning and end of each shift at a speed not to exceed six miles per hour Provided however that when a separate traveling way is provided at any such slope the owner or operator may at his their or its option be exempt from the requirements of this section if the angle of said traveling way does not exceed twenty degrees

ARTICLE VII

Sinking of Shafts

Section 1 The operator superintendent or contractor shall erect over every shaft that is being sunk or shall hereafter be sunk a safe and substantial structure to sustain sheaves or pulleys ropes and loads at a height of not less than twenty feet above the tipping place and the top of such shaft and landing platform shall be arranged in such a manner that no material can fall into the shaft while the bucket is being emptied The said structure shall be erected as soon as substantial foundation is obtained and in no case shall a shaft be sunk to a depth of more than fifty feet without such structure

Section 2 If provisions are made to land the bucket on a truck the said truck and platform shall be so constructed that material cannot fall into the shaft

Section 3 Rock and coal from shafts that are being sunk shall not be raised except in a bucket or on a cage and said bucket or cage must be connected with the rope by a safety hook clevis or other safe attachment The rope shall be fastened to the side of the drum and not less than three coils of rope shall always remain on the drum If said shafts are one hundred feet or more in depth they shall be provided with guides and guide attachments applied in such a manner as to prevent the bucket from swinging while being lowered or hoisted and said guides and guide attachments shall be maintained at a distance of not more than seventy-five feet from the bottom of the shaft

Section 4 It shall be the duty of the person in charge of shaft-sinking for the contractor or company to see that the sides of all shafts are properly secured for safety and that no loose rock or material is allowed to remain on any timber on top or on any timber in the shaft after each blast Where explosive gas is encountered the person in charge shall see that the shaft is examined before each shift and before the men descend after each blast and also that the place is safe In sinking shafts all blasts must be exploded by electric battery Provision must also be made for the proper ventilation of shafts while being sunk

Section 5 An efficient brake shall be attached to every drum of an engine used for sinking shafts and all machinery ropes and chains connected therewith shall be examined once every twelve hours

Section 6 Not more than four persons shall be lowered or hoisted in or on a bucket in any shaft at one time and no person shall ride on a loaded bucket

ARTICLE VIII

Signaling Apparatus Safety Catches Hoisting Machinery Ropes Boilers and Connections

Section 1 The operator or the superintendent shall provide and hereafter maintain in good condition from the top to the bottom of every shaft or slope where persons or material are lowered or hoisted a telephone or metal tube of proper diameter suitably adapted to the free passage of sound through which conversation may be held and understood between persons at the top and the bottom of said shaft or slope and he shall also provide means of signaling from the top to the bottom and from the bottom to the top of said shaft or slope The same provisions shall apply to inside planes whereon coal is lowered and persons have to travel when required by the inspector In all gaseous mines telephone connection shall be made from the surface to the main section of the mile All signaling apparatus and telephone connections shall be kept in good condition and shall be always available for service

The operator or the superintendent shall provide every cage used for lowering or hoisting persons with hand rails at sides or overhead and with chain bar or gate at ends and with a sufficient covering overhead to protect persons thereon and shall also provide for each said cage efficient safety catches which shall be tested once every two months and a record of each test shall be sent to the inspector and to the superintendent and also recorded with ink in a book kept at the mine office for that purpose The ropes shall be securely attached to the sides of the drum of every machine that is used for lowering and hoisting persons or material into and out of the mine and the flanges shall have a clearance of not less than four inches when the whole of the rope is wound on the drum and adequate brakes shall be attached to the drum so that the speed thereof can be controlled when men are being lowered or hoisted An efficient indicator that shall show the position of the cages in the shaft shall be attached to the hoisting apparatus and an efficient safety device that will prevent overwinding shall be attached to every engine used for lowering and hoisting persons

All shafts shall be provided with safety gates controlled by the cage at the top and intermediate landings said gates to be approved by the inspector

Section 2 The main coupling chain attached to the socket of the wire rope of every shaft shall be made of the best quality of iron and shall be tested by weights or otherwise to the satisfaction of the inspector the manner of testing and the result obtained to be entered in a book with ink with the day and date of the inspection and bridle chains of the same quality of iron shall be attached to the main hoisting rope three feet above the socket from the top cross-piece of the cage so that no single chain shall be used for lowering or hoisting persons into or out of the mine

Section 3 In shafts where coal is hoisted and employes lowered into or hoisted from the mine the ropes links and chains shall be of ample strength with a factor of safety of not less than five to one of the maximum load In shafts used exclusively for lowering or hoisting employes and material the factor of safety of ropes links and chains shall not be less than ten to one of the maximum load All such ropes links and chains shall be carefully examined at least once every twenty-four hours by a competent person delegated for that purpose by the superintendent and any defect therein found by which life and limb may be endangered shall be reported at once in writing to the superintendent who shall immediately proceed to remedy the defect and until that is accomplished he shall prohibit any person from being lowered into or hoisted from the mine by the defective apparatus The person making said examination shall keep a daily record of each inspection in ink in a book kept at the mine office for that purpose and he shall send a copy thereof each day to the superintendent

Section 4 All machinery in and about the mines from which any accident would be liable to occur shall be properly fenced off by suitable guard railing

Section 5 No greater number of persons shall be lowered or hoisted at any one time than may be permitted by the inspector and notice of the number so allowed to be lowered or hoisted at any one time shall be kept posted by the operator or the superintendent in conspicuous places at the top and the bottom of the shaft The aforesaid notice shall be signed by the inspector The speed of the cage when lowering or hoisting persons shall not exceed nine hundred feet a minute

Section 6 All boilers used for generating steam in and about the mines shall be kept in good condition and the superintendent shall have them examined and inspected by a duly qualified person once every six months and the report of said inspection shall be posted at the mine office

Section 7 Each boiler shall be provided with a safety valve of sufficient area for the steam to escape and with weights or springs properly adjusted

Section 8 No boiler used for generating steam shall be placed or allowed to remain inside of any mine without the consent of the inspector which shall be given in writing to the superintendent and if the inspector allows said boiler to be placed inside the mine it shall be enclosed in a fire-proof building within fifty feet of the bottom of an upcast shaft which shaft shall not be less than thirty-five square feet in area

Section 9 Every boiler house shall be provided with a sufficient number of steam gauges which shall be properly connected with the boilers to indicate the pressure of steam to the fireman outside foreman or superintendent and another steam gauge shall be attached to the main steam pipe in the engine house so that the hoisting engineer can readily examine it

ARTICLE IX

Ventilation

Section 1 The operator or the superintendent of every mine shall provide and maintain ample means of ventilation to furnish a constant and adequate supply of pure air for the employes In a non-gaseous mine the minimum quantity of air shall not be less than one hundred and fifty cubic feet per minute for each person employed In a mine wherein explo-

sive gas is being generated in such quantities that it can be detected by an approved safety lamp the minimum quantity of air shall not be less than two hundred cubic feet per minute for each person employed therein and as much more in either case as one or more of the inspectors may deem requisite The return air from each split where from seventy to ninety persons are employed shall be conducted by an overcast or an undercast into the return airway which shall lead to the main outlet

The ventilation shall be conducted through the main entries cross entries and to the working faces of all working places in the mine in sufficient quantities to dilute carry off and render harmless the smoke and the noxious and dangerous gases generated therein to such an extent that all working places and traveling roads shall be in a safe and healthy condition for the persons working and traveling therein

No permanent door shall be erected or allowed to remain in the main entry in any mine unless its removal shall be deemed impracticable by the inspector

Section 2 Where five or more persons are employed at any one time in a mine it shall be the duty of the operator or the superintendent to provide ample ventilation in accordance with section one of this article Provided that it shall not be lawful to use a furnace for ventilating any mine wherein explosive gas is being generated

Six months after the passage of this act not more than seventy persons shall be permitted to work in the same continuous air current unless in the judgment of the inspector of the district it is impracticable to comply with this requirement in which case a larger number not exceeding ninety persons may be permitted to work therein

Section 3 The mine foreman shall see that proper cut-throughs are made in all the room pillars at such distances apart as in the judgment of the inspector may be deemed requisite not more than thirty-five nor less than sixteen yards each for the purpose of ventilation

Section 4 The quantity of air passing a given point shall be ascertained by an anemometer the measurements to be taken by the mine foreman once every week at or near the main inlet and outlet airway in the mine and also at the last cut-through in the last room and in the entry beyond the last room turned Said measurements shall be taken on days when the men are at work

Section 5 In all mines all new stoppings in cut-throughs between the main intake and return airways shall be substantially built of masonry concrete or other incombustible material and shall be of ample strength and in mines generating explosive gas all new stoppings and renewals of old stoppings in cross entries shall be built of masonry concrete or other incombustible material Stoppings in cross entries in non-gaseous mines may be built of timber All stoppings shall be kept in good condition so as to keep the air up to the working faces Temporary stoppings shall be erected in cut-throughs in rooms to conduct the ventilation to the face of each room and such stoppings may be constructed of timber or brattice cloth

Section 6 Every ventilating fan at non-gaseous mines shall be kept in operation continuously day and night unless operations are indefinitely suspended except when written permission is given by the inspector to stop it The said permission or a copy thereof shall be posted by the mine foreman in a conspicuous place at the entrance or entrances to the mine and shall state the particular hours the fan may be stopped The inspector shall have the power to withdraw or modify such permission at any time and in any manner he may deem best In all cases however the fan shall be started two hours before the time to begin work Every ventilating fan at gaseous mines shall be kept in operation continuously day and night unless operations are definitely suspended Provided that should it at any time become necessary to stop the fan at any mine (gaseous or non-gaseous) on account of accident to part of the machinery connected therewith or by reason of any other unavoidable cause it shall then be the duty of the mine foreman or the assistant mine foreman in charge after first having provided for the safety of the persons employed in the mine to order said fan stopped for necessary repairs

Every ventilating fan shall be provided with a recording instrument by which the number of revolutions or the effective ventilating pressure of the fan shall be registered and the registration for each day with the date thereof shall be kept in the office at the mine for future reference for one year

No main or principal ventilating fan shall be placed inside of any mine No auxiliary fan unless driven by electricity or compressed air shall be placed in any mine If the fan be electrically driven the motor shall be placed in the intake airway

Every ventilating furnace in a mine shall be properly attended to and operated by a competent person employed by the mine-foreman for that purpose for two hours before the appointed time to begin work and constantly thereafter during working hours

Section 7 In every mine all air bridges overcasts or undercasts shall be substantially built of masonry concrete or other incombustible material of ample strength or shall be driven through the solid strata It shall be the duty of the mine foreman to see that these bridges are properly built and are of ample strength

Section 8 In every mine the doors used for guiding and directing the ventilation shall be so hung and adjusted that they will close of themselves or shall be supplied with springs or pulleys so that they cannot remain open All principal doors shall be so placed that when one door is open another which has the same effect upon the same current shall be closed and remain closed to prevent any stoppage of the air current An attendant shall be employed at each principal door (that is the door that controls the main air current in the entries) through which cars are hauled for the purpose of opening and closing it for the employes and cars to pass in and out from the workings unless a self-acting door approved by the inspector is used A hole for shelter shall be provided at each door to protect the attendant from danger from cars while performing his duties Persons employed for this purpose shall remain at the doors at all times during working hours Provided that the same attendant may attend two doors if his absence from the first door does not endanger the safety of the employes At every door on any incline plane or road whereon haulage is done by machinery an attendant shall always be on duty during working hours and at every door on said plane or road an extra door shall be provided for use in case of necessity Whenever a principal door is placed an extra door shall also be provided to be used in case of necessity

Section 9 No product of petroleum or alcohol or any compound that in the opinion of the inspector will contaminate the air to such an extent as to be injurious to the health of the miner shall be used as motive power in any mine

Section 10 If any person shall construct or cause to be constructed or used or permit to be used from and after the date of the passage of this act any sewer or other method of drainage from any building or dwelling house for the carrying of sewage offal refuse or other offensive matter into any operating mine or any entry way passage or room in any mine (such entry way passage or room being used for ventilating or drainage purposes or for a traveling way) such person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars and undergo an imprisonment not exceeding one year either or both at the discretion of the court

ARTICLE X

Locked Safety Lamps and Open Lights Defining When Either or Both Can Be Used

Section 1 The use of open lights is prohibited in any entry airway traveling way room or any other working place where explosive gas is being generated in such quantity as can be detected by an approved safety lamp also in pillar workings where a sudden inflow of explosive gas is likely to be encountered and all such places shall be worked exclusively with locked safety lamps The use of open lights is also prohibited in all working places roadways or other portions of the mine through which explosive gas might be carried in the air current in quantities indicating danger Provided however that if the inspector is of the opinion that any mine or any portion of any mine should be operated by the use of locked safety lamps exclusively he shall have the right to petition the Chief of the Department of Mines in writing setting forth such opinion and his reasons therefor Whereupon the said Chief shall forthwith instruct two or more other inspectors to accompany the inspector of the district to make a further thorough examination into the matter in dispute and of all workings of said mine whether in active operation or not The said committee of inspectors shall within seven days of their appointment make a report in writing to the Chief of the Department of Mines and to the superintendent general manager operator or owner of said mine giving the conclusions arrived at with their reasons therefor and the decision of said committee shall be final and conclusive unless the superintendent general manager operator or owner shall within seven days of the receipt thereof appeal from such decision to the Court of Quarter Sessions of the county in which the mine is located Whereupon the court or a judge of said court in chambers shall forthwith appoint four practical reputable and competent persons two of whom shall be recommended by the superintendent general manager operator or owner and the other two by the Chief of the Department of Mines and the four persons thus recommended shall name a fifth person who also must be practical reputable and equally competent and the five persons so named none of whom shall be in the employ of the operator operating company or any of its officers or of the State Department of Mines shall constitute a commission to investigate and report on the matter in dispute Provided however in case any or all of said four persons are not recommended by a writing filed in said court within seven days after the appeal is filed that then the said court shall fill the vacancy or vacancies by the appointment of a practical reputable and competent person or persons and in case the four persons thus chosen shall not agree in writing upon the fifth person of this commission within five days after they have received notice of their appointment then the said court shall appoint the said fifth person on this commission The duty of said commission of five persons shall be under the instruction of the court to forthwith examine said mine or a portion thereof and report under oath within ten days after their appointment the facts as they exist and the conditions pertaining thereto and based upon such conditions and facts the decision of a majority on the matter in dispute and their report and decision shall be final and conclusive unless exceptions thereto shall be filed by the superintendent general manager operator or owner or the Chief of the Department of Mines within seven days of the filing of said commission's report If exceptions are filed the court shall at once hear and upon testimony taken thereon determine them and enter a decree in accordance with such determination Provided that the superintendent general manager operator owner or Chief of the Department of Mines shall thereafter have the right to have the record and proceedings removed to the Supreme Court for review by appeal or writ of error

Section 2 If said court of quarter sessions sustains the decision of the committee of inspectors and said court's decree is not appealed from or if on appeal the supreme court finally sustains the decision of the inspectors then the appellant from said decision of the committee of inspectors shall pay all costs of such proceedings but if the

said court of quarter sessions or the supreme court shall not sustain the decision of the committee of inspectors then all costs shall be paid by the Commonwealth Provided however that any and all appeals from any decision made by the committee of inspectors or made by the committee appointed by the court of quarter sessions shall work as a supersedeas to such decision during the pendency of such appeal either to the court of quarter sessions or to the supreme court

Section 3 The use of open lights is strictly prohibited in the return air current of any portion of a mine that is ventilated by the same continuous air current that ventilates any other portion of said mine in which locked safety lamps are used The provisions of this section shall not apply to any mine wherein explosive gas is generated only at the face of active entries

Section 4 If at any time one portion of a mine is worked by the use of locked safety lamps while another portion is worked by the use of open lights the return air from the gaseous portion shall be conducted directly into a return airway leading to the fan or to the outlet Provided that when a portion of a mine is worked by the use of locked safety lamps and other portions are worked by the use of open lights it shall be the duty of the mine foreman to provide a suitable danger station with an attendant on duty at all times during working hours day and night whose duty it shall be to see that the employes from the open light portion are not allowed to enter the locked safety lamp portion unless they are provided with locked safety lamps by said attendant

Section 5 The employes of a gaseous mine or any portion thereof are strictly prohibited from traveling into or out of the mine in the return air current if explosive gas can be detected by an approved safety lamp in said air current

Section 6 When safety lamps are used the position of the lamp station for lighting or relighting shall not be in the return air current

Section 7 Nothing in this article shall interfere with the discretionary powers of inspectors as provided for in article twenty

Section 8 Whenever safety lamps are used in a mine by fire bosses or other persons they shall be so constructed that they may be safely carried against the air current ordinarily prevailing in that portion of the mine in which the lamps are being used

Section 9 All safety lamps used for examining mines or for working therein shall be the property of the operator and shall be in the care of the mine foreman assistant mine foreman fire boss or some other competent person or persons appointed by the mine foreman whose duty it shall be to clean fill trim examine light and deliver them locked and in a safe condition to the men when entering the mine and to receive the lamps from the men when returning from work for which services a charge not exceeding the actual cost of labor and material may be made by the operator At any mine wherein explosive gas was generated within one year before the passage of this act in sufficient quantities to be detected by an approved safety lamp a sufficient number of safety lamps not less than one-fourth of the number of safety lamps in use shall be kept in a convenient place and in good condition for use in case of emergency It shall be the duty of every person who knows that his safety lamp is injured or defective to return it immediately and report such fact to the person authorized to receive and care for said lamp who shall report the matter to the mine foreman assistant mine foreman or fire boss as soon as practicable

ARTICLE XI.

Special Rules for the Installation of Electricity

The following rules shall be observed as far as is reasonably practicable in the mines

Definitions

Potential

The terms "Potential" and "Voltage" are synonymous and mean electrical pressure

Difference of Potential

The expression "Difference of Potential" means the difference of electrical pressure existing between any two points of an electrical system or between any point of such a system and the earth as determined by a volt meter

Potential of a Circuit

The potential or voltage of a circuit machine or any piece of electrical apparatus is the potential normally existing between the conductors of such circuit or the terminals of such machine or apparatus

(a) Where the conditions of the supply of electricity are such that the difference in potential between any two points of the circuit cannot exceed three hundred volts the supply shall be deemed a low voltage supply

(b) Where the conditions of the supply of electricity are such that the difference of potential between any two points in the circuit may at any time exceed three hundred volts but cannot exceed six hundred and fifty volts the supply shall be deemed a medium voltage supply

(c) Where the conditions of the supply of electricity are such that the difference of potential between any two points in the circuit may at any time exceed six hundred and fifty volts the supply shall be deemed a high voltage supply

Grounding

Grounding any part or an electric system shall consist in so connecting such part to the earth that there shall be no difference of potential between them

Explosion or Flame Proof

Explosion or flame proof casings or enclosures are those which when completely filled with a mixture of methane and air and the same exploded are capable of either entirely confining the products of such explosion within the casing or of so discharging them from the casing that they cannot ignite a mixture of methane and air combined in proportions most sensitive to ignition and entirely surrounding the points of discharge and in most intimate proximity therewith

Underground Station

An underground station is herein considered as any place where electrical machinery is permanently installed

SECTION ONE

General

Capacity Installation Et Cetera

1 All electrical apparatus and conductors shall be sufficient in size and power for the work they may be called upon to do and as hereinafter prescribed efficiently covered or safeguarded and so installed worked and maintained as to reduce danger from accidental shock or fire to the minimum and shall be of such construction and so worked that the rise in temperature caused by ordinary working will not injure the insulating materials

2 For work underground when supplied with current at a voltage higher than medium voltage no transformer shall have a normal capacity of less than five kilowatts nor shall a motor have a normal capacity of less than fifteen brake horse power

Grounding

3 All metallic coverings armoring of cables other than trailing cables and where installed underground the frames and bed plates of generators transformers and motors other than low voltage portable motors shall be efficiently grounded as shall also the neutral wire of three wire continuous current systems

Voltage Restrictions

4 Motors of coal cutting and other portable machines and of electric locomotives shall not be used at a voltage higher than medium voltage

5 No higher voltage than medium voltage shall be used underground except for transmission or for application to transformers or other apparatus in which the whole of the high voltage circuit is stationary

6 In gaseous mines high voltage transmission cables shall be installed in the intake airways only and high voltage motors and transformers shall be installed only in suitable chambers ventilated by the intake air which has not passed through or by a gaseous district

7 All high voltage machines apparatus and lines shall be so marked as to clearly indicate that they are dangerous by the use of the word "Danger" placed at frequent intervals

Ground Detectors

8 All underground systems of distribution that are completely insulated from earth shall be equipped with properly installed ground detectors of suitable design

The condition of such system as indicated by the ground detector shall be noted each day by the person in charge of the underground wiring or by another competent person who shall immediately report to him the occurrence of a ground

Switchboards

9 Main and distribution switch and fuse boards shall be made of incombustible insulating material such as marble or slate free from metallic veins and be fixed in as dry a situation as practicable

Precaution Against Shock

10 Gloves or mats of rubber or other suitable insulating material shall be provided and used by persons so engaged when repairs are made to the live parts of any electrical apparatus or when the live parts of electrical apparatus have to be handled for the purpose of adjustment

Electrician

11 At every mine where electricity is used below ground for power there shall be employed a competent mine electrician who shall have full charge of the electrical apparatus in the mine but shall be subject to the authority of the mine foreman

12 Any person who shall wilfully damage or without authority alter or make connections to any portion of a mine electrical system shall be guilty of a misdemeanor

Restoration from Shock

13 Instructions shall be posted in every generating transforming and motor room and at entrance to the mine containing directions as to the restoration of persons suffering from electric shock and all employes working in connection with electrical apparatus shall be familiar with and know how to carry out these instructions

Plan of Electrical System

14 A plan shall be kept at the mine showing the location of all stationary electrical apparatus in connection with the mine electrical system including permanent cables conductors lights switches and trolley lines The plan shall be of sufficient size to show clearly the position of such apparatus and the scale shall not be less than two hundred feet per inch There shall be stated on the plan the capacity in horse-power of each motor and in kilowatts of each generator or transformer and the nature of its duty Such plans shall be corrected as often as may be necessary to keep them up to date at intervals not exceeding six months

Report of Defective Equipment

15 In the event of a breakdown or of damage or injury to any portion of the electrical equipment in a mine or of overheating or of the appearance of sparks or arcs outside of enclosing casings or in the event of any portion of the equipment not a part of the electrical circuit becoming alive every such occurrence shall be promptly reported to the person in charge of electrical equipment

SECTION TWO

Underground Stations and Transformer Rooms

Switchboards

16 All switches circuit breakers rheostats fuses and instruments used in connection with underground motor-generators rotary converters high voltage motors trans-

formers and low and medium voltage motors of more than fifty horse-power capacity shall be installed upon a suitable switchboard Similar equipment for low and medium voltage motors of fifty horse-power and less may be separately installed if mounted upon insulating bases of slate or equivalent insulating material

17 In underground stations where switchboards are installed there shall be a passageway in front of the switchboard not less than three feet in width and if there are any high voltage connections at the back of the switchboard any passageway behind the switchboard shall not be less than three feet clear

18 The space at the back of the switchboards shall be properly floored accessible from each end and in the case of high voltage switchboards shall be kept locked up but the lock shall allow of the door being opened from the inside without the use of a key The floor at the back of high voltage boards shall be incombustible

19 Where the supply is at a voltage exceeding the limits of medium voltage there shall be no live metal work on the front of the main switchboard within seven feet of the floor or platform and the space provided under rule seventeen of this section shall not be less than four feet in the clear Insulating floors or mats shall be provided for medium voltage boards where live metal work is on the front

Protection of Circuits Leading Underground

20 In every completely insulated feeder circuit in excess of twenty-five kilowatts capacity leading underground and operating at a potential not exceeding the limits of medium voltage there shall be provided above ground a switch on each pole and an automatic overload circuit breaker on at least one pole in the case of direct current circuits and on at least two poles of polyphase alternating current circuits In case of ground return direct current circuits a switch and circuit breaker shall be installed in the undergrounded side of the circuit but may be omitted from the return side Fuses may be substituted for circuit breakers in circuits transmitting twenty-five kilowatts or less Each circuit leading underground shall be provided with a suitable ammeter

21 Every alternating current feeder circuit leading underground and operating at a potential exceeding the limits of medium voltage shall be provided above ground with an oil break switch on each pole such switch or switches to be equipped with an automatic overload trip Each such circuit shall also be provided with a suitable ammeter

Transformer Rooms

22 Transformer rooms shall be of fire-proof construction

23 Where the potential of circuits entering or leaving a transformer exceeds the limits of medium voltage they shall be protected by an oil break switch on each pole each such switch or switches to be equipped with an automatic overload trip

24 Where the potential of circuits entering or leaving a transformer does not exceed the limits of medium voltage they shall be protected by a switch and an automatic circuit breaker on each pole except that fuses may be substituted for the circuit breakers in the case of lighting circuits and in the case of power circuits transmitting twenty-five kilowatts or less

25 All transformers shall be provided with suitable ammeter in either the primary or secondary circuits

Protection of Machine Terminals

26 All terminals on machines over medium voltage underground shall be protected with insulating covers or with metal covers connected to earth

Unauthorized Persons

27 No person other than one authorized by the mine foreman shall enter a station or transformer room or interfere with the working of any apparatus connected therewith

Fire Buckets

28 Fire buckets filled with clean dry sand shall be kept in electrical stations and transformer rooms ready for immediate use in extinguishing fires

SECTION THREE

Transmission Circuits and Conductors

Power and Light Circuits

29 All high pressure wires used inside of the mines shall be in the form of insulated lead-covered or armored conductors subject to insulation tests and with carrying capacity according to the rules of the National Board of Fire Underwriters

Medium or low pressure conductors may be bare except in gaseous portions of mines no bare conductors shall be used in rooms or beyond the last cut-through in intake entries

30 All underground cables and wires other than trailing cables unless provided with grounded metallic covering shall be supported by means of efficient insulators The conductor connecting lamp to the power supply shall in all cases be insulated

Main Circuits

31 Every main circuit coming from generating or transformer stations shall there be provided with switches fuses and circuit breakers as described in section two rules twenty and twenty-one and rules twenty-three to twenty-five inclusive

32 If the transmission lines of low or medium voltage from the generating station are overhead there shall be lightning arresters installed in connection therewith at the generating station If the distance from the generating station to the point where the lines enter the mine is more than five hundred feet an additional arrester shall be installed at this point and in no case shall the arresters be more than one thousand feet apart

33 In any gaseous mine or gaseous portions of a mine the electrical supply shall be brought underground only through such portions of the mine as are ventilated by intake air

Branch Circuits

34 Every branch circuit shall be provided at the point where it leaves the main circuit with a switch of not less than one hundred ampere capacity on each pole

Size of Conductors

35 The size of all conductors shall be determined with regard to the maximum amount of current which they are to carry by reference to the table provided by the National Board of Fire Underwriters which shows maximum current carrying capacities of copper conductors

Grounded Circuits

36 One side of grounded circuits shall be efficiently insulated from earth

Overhead Circuits above Ground

37 Overhead bare wires above ground shall be supported upon insulators which shall be adequate in quality size and design for voltage transmitted

Underground Trolley

38 In underground roads the trolley wires shall be installed as far to one side of the passageway as is practicable and securely supported upon hangers efficiently insulated and placed at such intervals that the sag between points of support shall not exceed three inches The sag between points of support can exceed three inches if the height of the trolley wire above the rail is five feet or more and does not touch the roof when the trolley passes under

39 All other wires except telephone shot firing and signal wires shall be on the same side of the road as the trolley wire

40 At all landings and partings where men are required to regularly work or pass under trolley or other bare power wires which are placed less than six and one-half feet above top of rail a suitable protection shall be provided This protection may consist of channeling the roof placing boards along the wire which shall extend below it or the use of other approved devices that afford protection

41 All branch trolley lines shall be fitted with an automatic trolley switch or section insulator and line switch or some other device that will allow the current to be shut off from such branch headings

42 It is recommended that where air or water pipes parallel the grounded return of power circuits the return be securely bonded to such pipes at frequent intervals to eliminate the possibility of a difference of potential between rail and pipes and to prevent electrolysis of the pipes The rail return shall be of sufficient capacity for the current used independent of the capacity of the pipes On main haulage roads both rails shall be bonded and cross bonds shall be placed at points not to exceed two hundred feet apart

Lighting Circuits

43 Where wires for electric incandescent lamps are connected to the trolley circuit the lug of the trolley hanger to which connection is made shall be drilled to receive the lighting wire and provided with a set screw for securing same in place Lighting wires shall not be wrapped or tied about the stems or studs of trolley hangers The ground connection for lighting wires taken off the trolley circuit must be made to the track circuit

44 Wires for all lighting circuits shall be covered with an insulation adequate for the voltage of the circuit and strung on porcelain or glass insulators unless they are encased in pipes or other metallic covering If separate uncased wires are used they shall be kept at least three inches apart except where they enter the fittings If metallic casings are used they shall be grounded efficiently

Joints in Conductors

45 All joints in conductors shall be mechanically and electrically efficient and wherever it is possible to do so they shall be soldered Wherever the conductors cannot be soldered together suitable screw clamps or connectors shall be used All joints in insulated wire shall after the joint is complete be reinsulated to at least the same extent as the remainder of the wire

Insulation and Covering

46 All high voltage conductors inside of the mines shall be in the form of insulated lead-covered or armored cables subject to approved insulation tests and having carrying capacities in accordance with rule thirty-five section three

47 Where lead-covered or armored cable is used the lead or armor shall be electrically continuous throughout and shall be efficiently grounded

Cables Entering Fittings

48 The exposed ends of cables where they enter fittings of any description shall be so protected and finished off that moisture cannot enter the cable or the insulating material if of an oily or viscous nature leak

49 Where unarmored cables or wires pass through metal frames or into boxes or motor casings the holes shall be substantially bushed with insulating bushings and where necessary with gastight bushings which cannot readily become displaced

Joints in Cables

50 Where cables other than signal cables are joined suitable junction boxes shall be used or the joints shall be soldered and the insulation armoring or lead covering replaced in at least as good condition as it was originally

Power Wires and Cables in Shafts

51 All power wires and cables in hoisting shafts or manway compartments shall be highly insulated and substantially fixed in position

Shaft cables whose conductors or covering are not capable of sustaining their own weight shall be supported at intervals not to exceed twenty-five feet by suitable grips which cannot cause abrasion of the covering or insulation but shall so support the cable that no grip shall carry more than the weight of the cable between any two successive grips Where the cables are not completely boxed in and protected from falling material space shall be left between them and the side of the shaft that they may yield and so lessen a blow given by falling material

Cables in Haulage Roads

52 Where the cables or feed wires other than trolley wires in main haulage roads cannot be kept at least twelve inches from any part of the mine car or locomotive they shall be specially protected by proper guards

53 Cables and wires unless provided with metallic coverings shall not be fixed to walls or timbers by means of uninsulated fastenings

Protection During Blasting Et Cetera

54 When main or other roads are being repaired or blasting is being carried on suitable temporary protection from damage shall be given the cables

Trailing Cables

55 Trailing cables for portable machines shall be specially flexible heavily insulated and protected with extra stout braiding hose pipes or other equally effective covering

56 Each trailing cable in use shall be daily examined by the machine operator for abrasions and other defects and he shall also be required to carefully observe the trailing cable while in use and shall at once report any defect to the person in charge of electrical equipment

57 In the event of the trailing cable in service breaking down or becoming damaged in any way or of its inflicting a shock upon any person it shall be at once put out of service The faulty cable shall not again be used until it has been repaired and tested by a properly authorized person

58 The trailing cable shall be divided at the motor but only for such length as is necessary for making connection to the motor and the cable with its outer covering complete shall be securely clamped to the motor frame in such a manner as to protect the cable from injury and to prevent any mechanical strain being borne by the single ends that make electrical connection to the motor

59 In gaseous portions of mines a fixed terminal box shall be provided at the points where trailing cables are attached at the power supply This terminal box shall be flame-proof and shall contain a switch and fuse on each pole of the circuit The switch shall be so arranged that it can only be operated from without the box when the latter is completely closed and the switch shall also be so constructed that the trailing cables cannot be attached or removed when the switch is closed

SECTION FOUR

Switches Fuses and Circuit Breakers

Operation and Capacity

60 Fuses and automatic circuit breakers shall be so constructed as effectually to interrupt the current on short circuit or when the current through them exceeds a predetermined value Open type fuses shall be provideu with terminals

Circuit breakers shall be adjustable to trip at from fifty per centum to one hundred and fifty per centum of their nominalrated capacity and provided with an indicator which shall show at what current the circuit breaker is set to trip.

61 Fuses shall be stamped or marked or shall have a label attached indicating the maximum current which they are intended to carry Fuses shall only be adjusted or replaced by a competent person authorized by the mine foreman

Feeder Circuit-Breakers

62 Circuit breakers used to protect feeder circuits shall be set to trip when the current exceeds by more than fifty per centum the current carrying capacity of the feeder In case the feeder is subjected to overloads sufficient to trip the circuit breaker but of short duration the circuit breaker may be equipped with a device which will prevent its acting unless the overload persists for a longer period than ten seconds

Feeder Fuses

63 Fuses used to protect feeders shall have a less current rating than the feeder

Bases

64 All switches circuit breakers and fuses shall have incombustible bases

Switches

65 All points at which a circuit other than a signal circuit has to be made or broken shall be provided with proper switches The use of hooks or other makeshifts is prohibited except that connection for gathering locomotives or locomotives and machines used in driving headings or rooms may be made to the trolley by means of suitable hooks switches shall be so installed that they cannot be closed by gravity In any gaseous portion of a mine switches circuit breakers or fuses shall not be of the open type but must be inclosed in explosion-proof casings or break under oil

SECTION FIVE

Motors

Stationary Motors

66 Every stationary motor underground together with its starting resistance shall be protected by a fuse on each pole or circuit-breaking device on at least one pole for direct current and two poles for alternating current motors and by switches arranged to entirely cut off the power from the motor The above devices shall be installed in a convenient position near the motor and every stationary underground motor of one hundred brake horse power or over shall be provided with a suitable meter to indicate the load on the machine

Motors in Gaseous Mines

67 In any gaseous portion of a mine all motors unless placed in such rooms as are separately ventilated with intake air shall have all their current carrying parts also their starters terminals and connections completely enclosed in explposion-proof enclosures made of non-inflammable material These enclosures shall not be opened except by an authorized person and then only when the power is switched off The power shall not be switched on while the enclosures are open

Underground Stationary Motors in Non-Gaseous Mines

68 Motors used for operating fans in non-gaseous mines where they are so situated that they are not under constant supervision of a competent man shall be totally enclosed (not necessarily explosion-proof) unless placed in a chamber or passageway completely lined with incombustible material and the chamber or passageway itself free from combustible material

Detection of Gas

69 In working places where gas is likely to be encountered a safety lamp or other suitable apparatus for the detection of fire damp shall be provided for use with each machine when working and should any indication of fire damp appear on the flame of the safety lamp or other apparatus used for the detection of fire damp the person in charge shall immediately stop the machine cut off the current at the nearest switch and report the matter to the mine foreman

Enclosed Motors

70 All enlosed motors used underground shall be opened and thoroughly inspected by the person in charge of electrical equipment or his assistant at least once a week and where necessary shall then be cleaned and repaired Enclosed switches shall be opened and inspected at least once a month

Electric Coal-Cutting Machines

71 No man shall be placed in charge of a coal-cutting machine in any gaseous portion of a mine who is not a competent person capable of determining the safety of the roof and sides of the working place and detecting the presence of explosive gas

72 In any gaseous portion of a mine a coal-cutting machine shall not be brought within the last break-through next the working face until the machine man shall have made an inspection for gas in the place where the machine is to work unless such examination is then made by some other competent person or appointed for that purpose by the mine forman If any explosive gas is found in the place the machine shall not be taken in

73 No coal-cutting machine shall be continued in operation in a gaseous portion of a mine for a longer period than half an hour without an examination as a made for gas and if gas is found the current shall at once be switched off the machine and the trailing cable shall forthwith be disconnected from the power supply

74 The person finding gas shall at once report the fact to the fire boss or mine foreman and the machine shall not again be started in such place until the fire boss or a person duly be started in such place until the fire boss or a person duly authorized by the mine foreman has examined it and pronounced it safe

75 The person in charge of a coal-cutter or drilling machine shall not leave the machine while it is working and shall before leaving the working place see that the current is cut off from the trailing cables

76 In any gaseous portion of a mine if any electric sparking or arc be produced outside a coal-cutting or other portable motor or by the cables or rails the machine shal be stopped and not be worked again until the defect is repaired and the occurrence shall be reported to an official of the mine

SECTION SIX

Electric Locomotives

Trolley System

77 Electric haulage by locomotives operated from a trolley wire is not permissible in any gaseous portions of mines except upon the intake air fresh from the outside

78 In no case shall the potential used in the trolley systtem be higher than the medium voltage

Storage Battery System

79 Storage battery locomotives shall be used in gaseous mines only when the boxes containing the cells and all electrical parts are enclosed in flame and explosion-proof casings (For regulations covering the installation of the trolley wire see section theee rules thirty-eight to forty-two inclusive)

SECTION SEVEN

Electric Lighting

Arc Lamps

80 Arc lamps shall not be used in gaseous mines except under condtions where the trolley locomotives are allowable

81 If arc lamps are used underground in coal mines they shall be of the enclosed arc type and shall not be use in situations where there is likely to be danger from the presence of coal dust

Incandescent Lamps

82 In all mines the sockets of fixed incandescent lamps shall be of the so-called "weather-proof" type the exterior of which shall be entirely non-metalilc Flexible lamp cord connections are prohibited except for portable lamps as covered by rule eighty-five

83 In any gaseous portions of a mine except where ventilated by fresh intake air incandescent lamps shall be protected by gastight fittings of strong glass except that lamps of two hundred and tewnty volts or higher and not of more than eight candle power and without tips need not be so protected

84 Incandescent lamps shall be so placed that they cannot come in contact wth combustible material

85 Portable incandescent lamps other than battery lamps shall not be used except in connection with the repair and inspection of machines and equipment and then only in non-gaseous portions of mines When so used they shall be protected by a heavy wire cage completely enclosing both lamp and socket and shall be provided with a handle to which both cage and socket are firmly attached and through which the leading-in wires are carried

86 Electric lamps shall be replaced by a competent person only and in gaseous portons of a mine only after an examination for gas has been made with a safety lamp

For other regulations regarding electric lighting circuits see section three rules forty-three to forty-five inclusive

SECTION EIGHT

Shot Firing By Electricity

Shot Firing Circuits

87 Electricity from any grounded circuit shall not be used for firing shots

88 When shot-firing cables or wires are used in the vicinity of power or lighting conductors special precaution shall be taken to prevent the shot-firing cables or wires from coming in contact with the light power or any other circuits

Shot Firers

89 Only competent persons who have the necessary training and skill and who have been properly instructed in the work and duly authorized by the mine foreman shall be allowed to fire shots electrically in any mine

Electric Detonators

90 All electric detonators and leads thereto shall be suitable for the conditions under which the blasting is carried on and shall be of a type approved by the Pittsburg Testing Station of the Federal Bureau of Mines Detonators shall be kept in a dry place and never stored with any other explosive

Portable Firing Machines and Batteries

91 Portable shot firing machines sometimes called generators shall be enclosed in a tightly constructed case when employed in any portion of the mine All contacts when made or broken shall be within the case except that the binding posts for making connections to the firing leads may be outside

92 Primary or secondary batteries used for shot firing shall be provided with a suitable case covered by rule ninety-one The batteries shall be constructed so that if the wires of a detonator or leads should accidentally or otherwise come in contact with the binding posts no current will be discharged They shall be provided with a detachable handle plug or key without which the current cannot be closed or provided with one or more safety contact buttons which are well countersunk or protected by a non-conducting housing The plugs handles or keys shall be detached when not actually in use for firing a shot and shall not under any circumstances pass from the personal custody of the person commissioned to fire the shots while on duty

93 All portable devices for generating or supplying electricity for shot firing when in a mine shall be in charge of the person commissioned to fire the shots

94 No firing machine or battery shall be connected to the shot firing leads until all other steps preparatory to the firing of a shot have been completed and all persons have moved to a place of safety and no person other than the shot firer shall make such connection

Disconnecting of Leads

95 Immediately after the firing of a shot the firing leads shall be disconnected from the supply or source of electricity and no person shall approach a shot which has failed to explode until the firing leads have been so disconnected by the shot firer from the device and an interval of five minutes has elapsed since the last attempt to fire the shot

Tests of Generators and Batteries

96 Frequent tests shall be made of all devices covered by rule ninety-three to insure that their capacity has not been decreased by use or accident

Special Systems

97 The use of special electrical shot firing systems or equipment not covered by the foregoing shall receive the approval of the Pittsburg Testing Station of the Federal Bureau of Mines

SECTION NINE

Electric Signaling

Precautions

98 All proper precautions shall be taken to prevent electric signal and telephone wires from coming into contact with other electric conductors whether insulated or not

Character of Equipment

99 Bells wires insulators contact-makers and other apparatus used in connection with electric signaling underground shall be of suitable design of substantial and reliable construction and erected in such a manner as to reduce the liability of failures or false signals to a minimum

Maximum Potential

100 In any gaseous portion of a mine the potential used for signal purposes shall not exceed twenty-four volts and bare wires shall not be used for signal circuits except in haulage roads

Telephones

101 It is recommended that telephonic communication be established between the outside of the mine and the principal points of operation underground

SECTION TEN

Electric Relighting of Safety Lamps

102 If in any place or portion of a mine in which safety lamps are used they are relighted underground by electricity the mine foreman shall select a suitable station or stations not being in the return airway and where there is not likely to be any accumulation of inflammable gas and no electric relighting apparatus shall be used in any other place All electrical relighting apparatus shall be securely locked and shall not be available for use except by persons authorized by the mine foreman to relight safety lamps and such persons shall examine all safety lamps brought for relighting before they are reissued

ARTICLE XII

Opening for Drainage Et Cetera on Other Lands

Section 1 If any person firm or corporation is or shall hereafter be seized in his or their own right of coal lands or shall hold such lands under lease and shall have opened or shall desire to open a coal mine on said land and it shall not be practicable to drain or ventilate such mines or to comply with the requirements of this act as to ways of ingress and egress or traveling ways by means of openings on lands owned or held under lease by him them or it and the same can be done by means of openings on adjacent lands he they or it may apply by petition to the court of quarter sessions of the proper county after ten days' notice to the owner or owners their agents or attorney setting forth the facts under oath or affirmation particularly describing the place or places where such opening or openings can be made and the pillars of coal or other material necessary for the support of such passageway and the right-of-way necessary to any public road as may be needed in connection with such opening and that he or they cannot agree with the owner or owners of the land as to the amount to be paid for the privilege of making such opening or openings whereupon the said court shall appoint three disinterested and competent citizens of the county to view the ground designated and lay out from the point or points mentioned in such petition a passage or passages not more than eighty feet in area by either drift shaft or slope or by a combination of any of said methods by any practicable and convenient route to the coal of such person firm or corporation preferring in all cases an opening through the coal strata where the same is practicable The said viewers shall at the same time assess the damages to be paid by the petitioner or petitioners to the owner or owners of such lands for the coal or other valuable material to be removed in the excavation and construction of said passage also for such coal or other valuable material necessary to support the said passage as well as for a right of way not exceeding fifteen feet in width from any such opening to any public road to enable persons to gain entrance to the mine through such opening or to provide therefrom upon the surface a water course of suitable dimensions to a natural water stream to enable the operator to discharge the water from said mine if such right-of-way shall be desired by the petitioner or petitioners which damages shall be fully paid before such opening is made The proceedings shall be recorded in the road docket of the proper county and the pay of the viewers shall be the same as in road cases If exceptions be filed they shall be disposed of by the court as speedily as possible and both parties shall have the right to take depositions as in road cases If however the petitioner desires to make such openings or roads or waterways before the final disposition of such exceptions he shall have the right to do so by giving bond to be approved by the court securing the damages as provided by law in the case of lateral railroads

Section 2 It shall be compulsory upon the part of the mine owner or operator to exercise the powers granted by the provisions of the last preceding section for the procuring of a right-of-way on the surface from the opening of a coal mine to a public road or public roads upon the request in writing of fifty miners employed in the mine or mines of such owner or operator Provided however That with such request satisfactory security be deposited with the mine owner or operator by said petitioners (being coal miners) to fully and sufficiently pay all costs damages and expenses caused by such proceedings and in paying for such right of way

Section 3 In any mine or mines or portions thereof wherein water may have been allowed to accumulate in large and dangerous quantities putting in danger the adjoining or adjacent mines and the lives of the miners working therein and when such can be tapped and set free and flow by its own gravity to any point of drainage it shall be lawful for any operator or person having mines so endangered with the approval of the inspector of the district to proceed to remove the said danger by driving a drift or drifts protected by bore holes as provided for by this act and in removing said danger it shall be lawful to drive across property lines if needful

And it shall be unlawful for any person to dam or in any way obstruct the flow of any stream from said mine or portions thereof when so set free on any part of its passage to point of drainage

Section 4 From and after the passage of this act it shall and may be lawful for any person or persons company or companies now or hereafter to be incorporated in this Commonwealth to drive headings and construct entryways tramways and mine tracks with one or more tracks under the surface or partly under and partly over the surface through or over any intervening lands not exceeding one mile in length to or from any coal and connect the same with any entryways headings tramways or railroads belonging to any individual or individuals company or companies now or hereafter to be incorporated in this State and also with any highway or public improvement. Provided That the parties interested shall be subject to the same proceedings required in section one of this article And provided further That no such entryway heading tramway mine track or railroad shall be constructed through or over such intervening lands where the same would injure or interfere with the existing mining operations of any other person or company or where the same would endanger the safety of the employes therein

ARTICLE XIII

Ambulances and Stretchers Rescue Appliances and Emergency Hospitals

Section 1 The operator or the superintendent of every mine in which fifty or more persons are employed inside shall provide and keep in good condition at the principal entrance of the mine or at such other place as the superintendent and inspector may determine and designate one ambulance and at least two stretchers for conveying to his place of abode any person that may be injured while in the discharge of his duties and also woolen and waterproof blankets Provided that if the places of abode of ninety per centum of the workmen at any mine are within a radius of one mile from the principal entrance to the mine

an ambulance shall not be required Provided further that where two or more mines are located within one mile of each other or where the ambulance is located within one mile of each mine only one ambulance as aforesaid shall be required if such mines have ready and quick means of communication by telegraph or telephone

Section 2 The ambulance shall be constructed upon good substantial easy springs It shall be covered and closed and shall have windows on the sides or ends and shall be provided with spring mattresses or other comfortable bedding to be placed on roller frames together with sufficient covering and protection for the convenient movement of the injured It shall be of sufficient size to convey at least two injured persons and two attendants at one time and shall be provided with seats for the attendants

The stretchers shall be constructed of such material and in such a manner as to insure ease and comfort in the carriage of the injured persons

At all mines there shall be provided bandages splints and other medical supplies to render first aid and relief to employes who may be injured These supplies shall be kept in a suitable room The room shall be located near the entrance to or inside of the mine and shall be sufficiently large to accommodate the injured employes while they are receiving temporary medical attention

Section 3 Whenever any person employed in or about any mine shall receive such an injury by accident or otherwise as to render him unable to walk to his place of abode the operator or the superintendent shall immediately have said person removed to his place of abode or to a hospital as the case may require

Section 4 If the conditions are such that the person injured can be conveyed to his home or to the hospital more conveniently and more quickly by railroad trolley road or other conveyance such mode of conveyance shall be permitted and no ambulance required but in such cases the conveyance must be under cover and the comfort of the injured person must be provided for

ARTICLE XIV

Wash Houses

Section 1 When the clothing or wearing apparel of the employes in any mine becomes wet by reason of working in wet places therein it shall be the duty of the operator or superintendent of said mine at the request in writing of the inspector who shall make such request upon the petition of any ten employes working in the aforesaid wet places to provide a suitable building convenient to the principal entrances of such mines for the use of the persons employed in wet places therein for the purpose of washing themselves and changing their clothes when entering the mine and returning therefrom The said building shall be maintained in good order and be properly lighted and heated and shall be provided with hot and cold water and facilities for persons to wash Any operator superintendent or inspector who shall neglect or fail to comply with the provisions of this article or any person who shall maliciously injure or destroy or cause to be injured or destroyed the said building or any part thereof or any of the appliances or fittings used therein or do any act tending to the injury or destruction thereof shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor

ARTICLE XV

Inside Stables

Section 1 It shall not be lawful for the superintendent or mine foreman to provide a horse or a mule stable inside of any mine unless space for said stable is excavated in solid strata of rock slate or coal If excavated in the coal seam the wall shall be built of brick stone or concrete not less than twelve inches in thickness and said wall shall be built from the bottom slate to the roof Wood or other combustible material shall be used in the smallest practicable quantity in the construction of the inside of said stable The air current used for the ventilation of said stable shall not be intermixed with the air current used for ventilating any other portion of the mine but shall be conveyed directly to the return air current. No open light shall be permitted in any stable in any mine

No hay or straw shall be taken into any mine unless pressed and made up into compact bales which shall be kept in a storehouse built apart from the stable and in the same manner as the stable Under no circumstances shall the hay be stored in the stable

ARTICLE XVI

Regulations for Powder and Detonators

Section 1 No powder or high explosive shall be stored in any mine and no more of either article shall be taken into any mine at one time by any one person than is required in one shift The quantity shall not exceed five pounds Provided that in a mine where shot firers are employed the shot firers shall have the right to take a sufficient quantity to complete their work

Black powder for use in mines shall be put up in five ten fifteen and twenty-five pound metallic cans or canisters or receptacles of equally safe material

No black powder high explosives or detonators shall be hauled on any electric motor trip in any mine unless the same are encased in non-conductive boxes or receptacles

Section 2 In such portions of dry and dusty mines wherein explosive gas is being generated in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp no explosives shall be used except "permissible" explosive as designated by the Testing Station of the Federal Bureau of Mines Each charge shall consist of only one kind of explosive The Department of Mines shall forward to the operators upon application the names of all explosives on the permissible list

No "permissible" explosives shall be sold for use in bituminous mines unless the name of the manufacturer name of explosive method of handling and full instruction for use are conspicuously displayed on or in the package containing the explosive

Section 3 Detonators shall at all times be kept in securely locked cases separate and apart from other explosives until required for use

The Chief of the Department of Mines when satisfied by tests that any permissible explosive has deteriorated from the standard established by the Testing Station of the Federal Bureau of Mines and thereby becomes dangerous may prohibit the use thereof either absolutely or subject to conditions

ARTICLE XVII

Regulations for Oil

Section 1 The oiling or greasing of cars inside of any mine is strictly prohibited unless the place where said oil or grease is used is thoroughly cleaned at least once every day to prevent the accumulation of waste oil or grease on the roads or in the drains at that point Not more than one barrel of lubricating oil shall be permitted in any mine at one time and it snall be kept in a fireproof building cut out of solid rock or made of masonry or concrete of sufficient thickness to insure safety in case of fire

Section 2 No explosive oil shall be taken into or used in any mine for lighting purposes except when used in safety lamps and shall not be taken into or stored in any mine in quantities exceeding five gallons Said oil when stored in a mine shall be kept in a fireproof vault made of masonry or concrete

Section 3 All oils or materials used in open lamps shall be non-explosive and free from odors and fumes deleterious to health and shall have a burning point not lower than three hundred degrees and must not produce over eleven one-hundredths of one per centum of their weight of soot when burned in a miner's lamp with a flame one and one-half inches high the determination of the percentage of soot to be by tests specified by the Department of Mines

Section 4 Paraffine wax used in mines shall not contain over three per centum of oil

Section 5 All illuminants sold to be used in open lamps in mines shall have branded conspicuously on the barrel or package containing the same the name of the manufacturer date of shipment and percentage of soot

Section 6 Any employe who shall use or any mine foreman who shall permit to be used or any person who shall sell for use in any mine any oil or any other material for illuminating purposes other than that prescribed in this article shall be guilty of a misdemeanor Provided however that any illuminant that is found not detrimental to health and safety after the proper tests specified by the Department of Mines can be used in any mine with the consent of the inspector

Section 7 It shall be the duty of the inspector whenever he has reason to believe that an illuminant is being used or sold or offered for sale in violation of the provisions of this article to take samples of the same and have them tested under the direction of the Department of Mines

ARTICLE XVIII

Employment of Boys and Females

Section 1 No boy under the age of fourteen years and no woman or girl of any age shall be employed permitted or suffered to work in or about any mine and no boy under the age of eighteen years shall be permitted to mine or load coal in any room entry or other working place unless in company with an experienced person over eighteen years of age

No boy under the age of sixteen years shall be employed in or about any mine unless during the entire period that said boy is so employed there is on file in the office of said mine and accessible to the inspector an employment certificate issued by the city borough township or county superintendent of public schools or by the secretary of the school board of the township borough or city or by a principal of a parochial school or by such superintendent's secretary's or principal's duly appointed deputy or assistant reciting the age of said boy as it appears on any record that the person who issues said certificate has reason to believe to be true and correct or if such record of age be lacking reciting the age of said boy according to an affidavit taken by his parent guardian or custodian and attached to said certificate and said certificate and the affidavit if any shall for the purposes of this act be conclusive evidence of the age of said boy

Nothing in this section shall be held to forbid the employment of a girl between the ages of fourteen and sixteen years in the office of a mine provided that during the entire period of said employment there is in like manner on file for said girl in said office an employment certificate of the character hereinbefore provided for as a prerequisite to the employment of boys under the age of sixteen years inside any mine

Section 2 Any superintendent or mine foreman who fails to comply with the provisions of this article shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and it shall be the duty of the inspector or any other person who knows that the superintendent or mine foreman has violated any of the provisions of this article to prosecute said superintendent or said mine foreman in accordance with section two of article twenty-six of this act and any person who shall falsely certify or swear to the age of any boy or girl in the certificate and affidavit described and required by section one of this article shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor

ARTICLE XIX

Mine Inspectors' Examining Board Appointment and Duties Mine Inspectors Their Appointment Duties and Powers

Section 1 The Governor shall appoint during the month of January one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and every four years thereafter five citizens of this Commonwealth of good repute to be known as the Mine Inspectors' Examining Board whose duty it shall be to examine applicants for the office of inspector in the bituminous coal region of this Commonwealth Two of the members of said board shall be mining engineers and three of the members shall have passed successful examinations qualifying them to act as inspectors or mine foremen in bituminous mines generating explosive gas and shall have had at least five years' practical experience as miners in the bituminous mines of Pennsylvania Applicants for appointment on the said Examining Board shall be at least thirty years of age

Each member of the Examining Board shall receive the sum of ten dollars a day for each day actually employed and all necessary expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions of this article which shall be paid out of the State Treasury on warrant of the Auditor General issued upon presentation of vouchers properly made out and sworn to by each member of the board and approved by the Chief of the Department of Mines The Examining Board is hereby authorized to engage the services of a clerk who shall be a stenographer

Any vacancy that may occur in the membership of the Examining Board shall be filled by the Governor according to the provisions of this section

Section 2 The said Examining Board shall meet on the first Tuesday in March following its appointment in the city of Pittsburg to examine applicants for the office of inspector. Two weeks previous to the aforesaid time the board shall meet to prepare questions and formulate rules for conducting the examination The board may also be convened by the Governor at any other time for the purpose of filling vacancies or performing any other necessary work

The board after being duly organized shall take and subscribe to before any officer authorized to administer the same the following oath namely

"We the undersigned do solemnly swear (or affirm) that we will perform the duties of examiners of applicants for appointment as inspector of mines to the best of our ability and that in recommending or rejecting said applicants we will be governed by the evidence of their qualifications to fill the position and not by any consideration of political or personal favor and that we will certify all whom we may find qualified according to the true intent and meaning of this act and none other" The oaths of the members of the Examining Board shall be filed in the Department of Mines

Section 3 The qualifications of candidates for the office of inspector shall be certified to the Examining Board and shall be as follows

The candidates shall be citizens of Pennsylvania of temperate habits of good repute as men of personal integrity in good physical condition and shall be between the ages of thirty and fifty years Provided however that any inspector appointed under the provisions of the act of May fifteen one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three or under the provisions of this act shall be eligible for reappointment even if beyond fifty years of age if in good physical condition The candidates shall have a knowledge of the different systems of working coal seams and shall have had at least ten years' practical experience in bituminous mines five years of which immediately preceding their examination shall have been in bituminous mines of this Commonwealth and shall also have had practical experience with explosive gas and other dangerous gases found in coal mines and upon examination shall give evidence of such theoretical as well as practical knowledge and general intelligence respecting mines and mining and the working and ventilation of mines as will satisfy the Examining Board of their capability and fitness for the duties imposed upon inspectors of mines by the provisions of this act

Section 4 The principal examination shall be in writing and each applicant shall also undergo an oral examination pertaining to explosive gas safety lamps methods of ventilation and mine management The questions and answers thereto in the oral examination shall be reported verbatim by an expert stenographer and typewritten fully to assist the board in the work of rating the qualifications of the candidates Candidates who shall make a general average of at least ninety per centum shall be deemed successful The manuscripts and other papers of all applicants in the principal examination together with the tally sheets and the correct solution of each question as prepared by the Examining Board and also the stenographer's report of the oral examination shall be filed in the Department of Mines The Examining Board or at least four members thereof shall certify to the Governor and also to the Department of Mines the names and percentages of all successful candidates who are properly qualified under the provisions of this article to fill the office of inspector A certificate of qualification prepared by the Chief of the Department of Mines shall be issued to each successful candidate

The Examining Board shall as soon as practicable after the examination furnish to each applicant on printed slips of paper a copy of all questions (oral and written) given at the examination marked solved right imperfect or wrong as the case may be

Section 5 The Governor shall from the names certified to him by the Examining Board commission one person to be inspector for each district in pursuance of this act whose commission shall be for a full term of four years from the fifteenth day of May following the regular examinations Each inspector appointed under the provisions of the act of May fifteen one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three may continue in office until May fifteen one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

After the passage of this act the Chief of the Department of Mines shall have the right to assign the inspectors to the districts for which in his opinion they are best fitted

Section 6 When a vacancy occurs in said office of inspector the Governor shall commission for the unexpired term from the names on file in the Department of Mines a person who has received an average of at least ninety per centum When the numberof candidates who have received an average of at least ninety per centum shall be exhausted the Governor shall cause the aforesaid Examining Board to meet for a special examination and examine the persons who may present themselves for examination in accordance with section three of this article and the board shall certify to the Governor and also to the Chief of the Department of Mines the names of all applicants who have made a general average of at least ninety per centum in said examination as provided for in section four of this article one of whom shall be commissioned by the Governor according to the provisions of section five of this article for the office of inspector for the unexpired term In conducting the said special examination the board shall comply with all the requirements of sections three and four of this article

Section 7 After the passage of this act the salary of the inspectors shall be three thousand dollars a year to be paid quarterly by the State Treasurer on warrant of the Auditor General issued upon the presentation of voucher by the Chief of the Department of Mines Each inspector may also incur traveling expenses and such other expenses as may be necessary for the proper discharge of his duties under the provisions of this act which shall be paid quarterly by the State Treasurer on warrant of the Auditor General issued upon presentation of vouchers properly made out and sworn to by the inspector and approved by the Chief of the Department of Mines Each inspector shall have an office in his district which may be at his place of residence provided that a suitable room approved by the Chief of the Department of Mines be set apart for that purpose The Chief of the Department of Mines shall have authority to procure for the inspectors on their request furniture instruments chemicals typewriters stationery and all other necessary supplies which shall be paid for by the State Treasurer on warrant of the Auditor General issued upon presentation of vouchers approved by the Chief of the Department of Mines All furniture instruments plans books memoranda notes and other materials pertaining to the offic of inspctor shetaoin shrdlu etaoin cmfwyp ing to the office of inspector shall be the property of the State and shall be delivered by the inspector to his successor in office

Section 8 The inspectors shall be allowed all necessary expenses incurred by them in enforcing the several provisions of this act in the respective courts of this Commonwealth (provided they have the consent of the Department of Mines before such expense is incurred) the same to be paid by the State Treasurer on warrant of the Auditor General issued upon presentation of itemized vouchers approved by the court before which the proceedings were instituted and also by the Chief of the Department of Mines

Section 9 Each inspector shall before entering upon the discharge of his duties give bond in the sum of five thousand dollars with sureties to be approved by the president judge of the district in which he resides conditional for the faithful discharge of his duties and shall take an oath or make affirmation that he will discharge his duties with impartiality and fidelity to the best of his knowledge and ability But no person who is acting as manager or agent of any coal mine or as mining engineer or who is interested in operating any coal mine shall at the same time act as inspector under this act

Section 10 In case the inspector becomes incapacitated to perform the duties of his office or is granted a leave of absence by the Chief of the Department of Mines it shall be the duty of the Governor at the request of the Chief of the Department of Mines to appoint temporarily to the office a person on the eligible list of applicants filed in the Department of Mines The temporary inspector shall act until the regular inspector is able to resume the duties of his office and shall be paid in the same manner as hereinbefore provided for the payment of the regular inspector

Section 11 Each inspector shall devote the whole of his time to the duties of his office It shall be his duty to thoroughly examine each mine in his district as often as possible (but at least once every four months) giving special attention to all mines generating explosive gas and to other mines where unusual dangers may be suspected to exist and to see that all the provisions of this act are observed and strictly carried out especially those that demand that the air current be carried to the working faces He shall keep in his office a record of all examinations of mines showing the condition in which he finds them especially with reference to ventilation and drainage the number of persons employed inside of each mine the extent to which the law is obeyed and the progress made in the improvement of mines He shall keep a record of all serious accidents showing the nature and causes thereof and the number of deaths resulting therefrom

Section 12 It shall be the duty of the inspector after the final examination of any mine to make out a written or partly written and partly printed report of the condition in which he finds it and to post the said report immediately after the final examination in the office at the mine or in some other conspicuous place where it shall remain for one year open to examination by any person employed in or about the said mine The report shall show the date of the inspection

the number of cubic feet of air in circulation where the measurement of the air was made and the quantity of air as measured at the last cut-through in each split together with the number of persons employed in each split and also at any other place requested by the Chief of the Department of Mines The report shall contain such other information as the inspector may deem necessary

If the inspector discovers any room entry airway or other working places being driven in advance of the air current contrary to the requirements of this act he shall order the workmen in such places to cease work at once until the law is complied with

Section 13 To enable the inspector to perform the duties imposed upon him by this act he shall have the right at all times to enter any mine in his district or any mine in any other district when directed to do so by the Chief of the Department of Mines to make examinations or obtain information and upon the discovery of any violation of this act or upon being informed of any violation of the act he shall institute proceedings against the person or persons at fault under the provisions of section two of article twenty-six of this act In case any mine or portion of a mine is in the judgment of the inspector in so dangerous a condition from any cause as to jeopardize life and health he shall at once notify the Chief of the Department of Mines who shall immediately direct two or more of the other inspectors to accompany promptly the said inspector to the mine wherein said dangerous condition is alleged to exist The inspectors shall make a full investigation and if they shall agree that there is immediate danger they shall direct the superintendent of the mine in writing to remove forthwith said dangerous condition If the superintendent fails to do so the inspectors shall immediately apply in the name of the Commonwealth to the Court of Common Pleas of the county in which said mine is located or to a judge of said court in chambers for a writ of injunction to enjoin the operation of all work in and about said mine Whereupon said court or judge shall at once proceed to hear and determine the case and if the cause appear to be sufficient after hearing the parties and their evidence as in like cases shall issue its writ to restrain the working of said mine until all cause of danger is removed and the costs of said proceedings shall be borne by the owner lessee or agent of the mine Provided that if said court shall find the cause not sufficient then the case shall be dismissed and the costs shall be borne by the county wherein said mine is located Provided also that should any inspector find during his inspection of a mine or portion of a mine such dangerous conditions existing therein that in his opinion any delay in removing the workmen from such dangerous places might cause loss of life or serious injury to the employes the said inspector shall have the right to temporarily withdraw all persons from such dangerous places until the foregoing provisions of this section can be carried into effect

Section 14 Each inspector shall make the following reports to the Chief of the Department of Mines on blank forms provided for that purpose Not later than the tenth of each month he shall make a report of all fatal and serious non-fatal accidents that have occurred in his district during the preceding month stating the date nature and cause of each accident and placing the responsibility therefor together with the name age occupation and nationality of each person killed or injured and whether married or single and the number of widows and orphans left which report shall be recorded and filed in the Department of Mines and included (or a synopsis of the same) in the annual report of said Department Not later than the sixth of each month he shall make a report giving the name of operator and the name and location of each mine inspected during the preceding month with date of inspection condition of mine quantity of air in circulation at all points required by the Chief of the Department of Mines and the number of persons employed in each split of air Not later than the twentieth of February of each year he shall make an annual report which shall briefly recapitulate the duties performed by him during the preceding year and briefly describe the condition of the mines in his district relative to ventilation drainage and general sanitary arrangements as relating to the health safety and welfare of the employes and which shall also contain such suggestions or information of importance as he may deem necessary or as required by the Chief of the Department of Mines

ARTICLE XX

Discretionary Powers of Inspectors Arbitration

Section 1 The inspector shall exercise sound discretion in the performance of his duties under the provisions of this act and if the operator superintendent mine foreman or other person employed in or about any mine shall be dissatisfied with any decision the inspector has given in the discharge of his duties which decision shall be in writing it shall be the duty of the dissatisfied person to appeal from said decision to the Chief of the Department of Mines who shall at once direct two or more of the other inspectors to accompany promptly the inspector of the district to make further examination into the matter in dispute If the said inspectors shall agree with the decision of the inspector of the district their decision shall be final unless the dissatisfied person shall within seven days of the receipt of the decision of the committee of inspectors appeal therefrom to the Court of Quarter Sessions of the county in which said mine is situated

Section 2 Whereupon the court or the judges of said court in chambers shall forthwith appoint a commission of five persons as required by article ten of this act and thereafter the proceedings had shall be as prescribed by sections one and two of said article ten

ARTICLE XXI

Neglect or Malfeasance of Inspectors

Section 1 The Court of Common Pleas in any county or district upon a petition signed by not less than fifteen reputable citizens who shall be miners or operators of mines and with the affidavit of one or more of said petitioners attached setting forth that any inspector of mines is neglectful of or is incompetent to perform the duties of his office or that he is guilty of malfeasance in office shall issue a citation in the name of the Commonwealth to the said inspector to appear on not less than fifteen days' notice upon a day fixed before said court at which time the court shall proceed to inquire into and investigate the allegations of the said petitioners Provided however that the citation shall not issue until the petitioners shall file a bond in said court with sufficient sureties to be approved by the court conditioned that the petitioners shall pay all the costs of the proceedings in case the charges are not sustained

Section 2 If the court finds that the said inspector is neglectful of or is incompetent to perform the duties of his office or that he is guilty of malfeasance in office the court shall certify the same to the Governor who shall declare the office of said inspector vacant and proceed in compliance with the provisions of this act to fill the vacancy

The costs of said investigation shall if the charges are sustained be imposed upon the inspector but if the charges are not sustained they shall be imposed upon the petitioners

ARTICLE XXII

Inspection Districts

Section 1 Under this act the bituminous counties of the Commonwealth shall be arranged by the Chief of the Department of Mines into twenty-five districts and it shall be the duty of the Chief of the Department of Mines to assign the inspectors to their respective districts He shall also designate their places of abode at points as convenient as possible to the mines of their districts

Section 2 With the consent of the Governor the Chief of the Department of Mines may at any time redistrict the bituminous districts and add to the number of inspectors if in his judgment the number should be increased

ARTICLE XXIII

Annual Reports

Section 1 On or before the twenty-fifth day of January in each year the operator or the superintendent of every mine shall send to the inspector of the district a correct report specifying with respect to the year ending the thirty-first day of December preceding the name of the operator and officers of the mine number of tons of coal mined number of tons of coke manufactured number of different employes classified and the total number of days worked during the year The report shall be in such form and give such information regarding the mine as may be from time to time required and prescribed by the Chief of the Department of Mines

The operator or the superintendent who fails to comply with the provisions of this article shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor

ARTICLE XXIV

Boards to Examine Applicants for Certificates of Qualification as Mine Foremen Assistant Mine Foremen and Fire Bosses

Section 1 On petition of the mine inspector the Court of Common Pleas in any county in said district shall appoint an examining board of three persons consisting of a mine inspector a miner and an operator or superintendent which said miner shall have received a certificate of competency as mine foreman in mines generating explosive gases and the members of said examining board shall be citizens of this Commonwealth and the persons so appointed shall after being duly organized take and subscribe before an officer authorized to administer the same the following oath namely

"We the undersigned do solemnly swear (or affirm) that we will perform the duties of examiners of applicants for certificates of qualification as mine foremen assistant mine foremen and fire bosses that we will not divulge or make known to any person any question prepared for the examiners or in any manner assist any applicant to pass the examination but will be governed by the evidence of the qualifications of the applicants to fill said positions and not by and consideration of personal favor and that we will certify all whom we may find qualified in accordance with this act and none other"

Any member of any board of examiners who shall divulge or make known any question prepared for an examination prior to such question being handed to the applicants at the examination or in any manner assist any applicant to pass the examination shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor Any vacancy that may occur in the membership of the board shall be filled by the Court of Common Pleas in accordance with the provisions of this section

The said board of examiners shall meet for the purpose of holding examinations at the call of the mine inspector and at least two weeks' notice of time and place where the examination will be held shall be given

Section 2 The members of the Boards of Examiners appointed by the Courts of Common Pleas with the inspectors in office shall meet in the city of Pittsburg each year two weeks before the time set for the examination of applicants for the purpose of discussing the general scope of the theoretical and practical questions to be given the applicants and to adopt rules to govern the examinations and to decide any other important matters pertaining to their duties and said boards shall select a committee of six of their number comprising two inspectors two miners and two operators managers or superintendents to formulate a code of questions to be used at the next succeeding examinations The said committee shall select one of their members as chairman

and one as secretary The questions prepared by the said committee shall be printed under the personal direction of the chairman and the secretary of the committee and sent by them by express in sealed packages each package containing a set of questions for each session to the chairman of each Board of Examiners who shall break the seal and open the package at the commencement of each session in the presence of the other members of the board

After the examinations of applicants are over and before the several boards meet to examine the papers of the applicants the said committee of six shall meet again to prepare answers for the questions propounded and these answers shall be sent to the chairman of each board to be used in rating the value of the answers given by the applicants While preparing answers to the questions the committee is hereby authorized to engage the services of a clerk who shall be a stenographer and whose compensation and mileage shall be the same as that of the members of the committee

Section 3 Each member of each board shall receive six dollars a day of ecah day actually employed not exceeding twenty days in all and mileage at the rate of two and one-half cents a mile for each mile necessarily traveled in going from his home to the place of meeting and return by the shortest practicable railway route Provided that the mileage shall be paid but once for each continuous session of the board By a continuous session is meant a session of not less than four days in each week Provided further that the committee of six shall each receive additional compensation at the rate of six dollars a day for the time spent in preparing the questions and answers Each member shall also be reimbursed for all other necessary expenses incurred by him in discharge of his duties Each Board of Examiners is hereby authorized to employ the services of a clerk who shall be a stenographer and whose compensation and rate of mileage shall be the same as that of the members of the board The clerk of each board shall on final adjournment send to the Chief of the Department of Mines properly attested vouchers for compensation and expenses of each member of the board and also a voucher covering his own compensation and expenses which vouchers shall be first approved by the chairman and the secretary of the board The Chief of the Department of Mines shall then approve said vouchers and transmit them to the Auditor General who shall issue a warrant for their payment to the State Treasurer

Section 4 Applicants must appear before the Board of Examiners of which the inspector of the inspection district in which they reside is a member All persons who desire to attend the examination shall notify the chairman of the board of their intention if possible not less than six days prior to the day set for the examination The boards shall inquire into the character and qualifications of applicants who present themselves for examination

Applicants for certificates of qualification as mine foremen and assistant mine foremen shall be citizens of the United States of good moral character and of known temperate habits at least twenty-three years of age and shall have had at least five years' practical experience after sixteen years of age as miners or mining engineers or men of general work inside of the mines of Pennsylvania Applicants for certificates of qualification as fire bosses shall be citizens of the United States of good moral character and of known temperate habits at least twenty-three years of age and shall have had at least five years' practical experience after sixteen years of age as miners or men of general work and shall have had experience in mines in Pennsylvania that generate explosive gas

All applicants shall be able to read and write the English language intelligently and shall furnish the board with certificates as to their character and temperate habits which certificates shall also show the length of service in the different mines

Certificates of qualification as mine foremen shall be of two grades namely Certificates of first grade shall be granted to persons who have given to the Board of Examiners satisfactory evidence of their ability to perform the duties of mine foremen in gaseous mines and who shall have received an average of at least eighty per centum in the examination Certificates of second grade shall be granted to persons who have given to the Board of Examiners satisfactory evidence of their ability to perform the duties of mine foremen in non-gaseous mines and who shall have received an average of at least eighty per centum in the examination Certificates of second grade shall be granted to persons who have given to the Board of Examiners satisfactory evidence of their ability to perform the duties of mine foremen in non-gaseous mines and who shall have received an average of at least eighty per centum in the examination

Certificates of qualification as assistant mine foremen shall be granted to persons who have given to the Board of Examiners satisfactory evidence of their ability to perform the duties of assistant mine foremen in gaseous mines and who shall have received an average of at least seventy per centum in the examination

All applicants for certificates as mine foremen and assistant mine foremen in gaseous mines must also undergo an oral examination in the presence of explosive gas

Certificates of qualification as fire bosses shall be granted to persons who have given to the Board of Examiners satisfactory evidence of their ability to perform the duties of fire bosses in gaseous mines and who shall have received an average of at least sixty-five per centum in the examination and shall also have undergone an oral examination in the presence of explosive gas

Section 5 Before examination each applicant for a certificate of qualification as mine foreman assistant mine foreman or fire boss shall pay to the Board of Examiners the sum of one dollar and if successful two dollars additional for a certificate All money received by the Boards of Examiners for examination fees and certificates shall be transmitted to the Chief of the Department of Mines who shall pay the same into the State Treasury less the cost of issuing and recording certificates

Section 6 Each Board of Examiners or at least two members thereof shall certify to the Chief of the Department of Mines on forms furnished by him every person whose examination shall disclose his fitness for the duties of mine foremen assistant mine foremen or fire boss as above classified and the Chief of the Department of Mines shall then prepare certificates of qualification for the successful applicants and send them to the chairman of the board for distribution Each certificate shall contain the full name age and place of birth of applicant and also the length and nature of his previous service in or about the mines The certificates shall be in manner and form as prescribed by the Chief of the Department of Mines

Section 7 Each Board of Examiners shall send to the Chief of the Department of Mines the answers and all other papers of the applicants together with the tally sheets and a list of the questions and answers as prepared by the committee selected by the boards which shall be filed in the Department of Mines as public documents

Section 8 Certificates of service that shall have the same effect for the purposes of this act as certificates of qualification shall be granted by the Chief of the Department of Mines on the reports of the Boards of Examiners to all persons who are acting as assistant mine foremen in gaseous mines when this act becomes effective Certificates of service shall be in manner and form as prescribed by the Chief of the Department of Mines and shall contain the full name age and place of birth of applicant and also the length and nature of his previous service in or about the mines Applicants for certificates of service shall pay to the board the sum of two dollars which shall be transmitted to the Chief of the Department of Mines

Section 9 It shall be unlawful for any operator manager or superintendent to employ as mine foreman in any mine or as assistant mine foreman in any gaseous mine any person who has not obtained the proper certificate of qualification or service required by this act Provided that all persons holding certificates of qualification as mine foreman granted under the provisions of the act of May fifteen one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three may continue to serve and provided further that any person acting as mine foreman by virtue of holding a certificate of service granted previous to the passage of the act of May fifteen one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three may continue to serve at any mine where the general conditions affecting the health and safety of the persons employed do not differ materially from those at the mine in which he was employed when said certificate was granted which question shall be decided by the inspector of the district and it shall be unlawful for any operator manager superintendent or mine foreman to employ as fire boss any person who has not obtained the proper certificate of qualification required by this act Provided that all persons holding certificates of qualification as fire bosses granted under the provisions of the act of May fifteen one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three may continue to serve

Section 10 If any person shall forge or counterfeit a certificate or knowingly make or cause to be made any false statement in any certificate issued under this act or any previous act or in any copy thereof or shall make use of such forged or false certificate or copy thereof or shall make use of any false declaration representation or statement in any such certificate or copy thereof or any document containing the same he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than two hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars or imprisoned for a term not exceeding one year or both at the discretion of the court

Section 11 In case of the loss or destruction of a certificate the Chief of the Department of Mines shall issue a copy thereof to the person losing said certificate on payment of the sum of one dollar Provided that it shall be shown to the satisfaction of the Chief of the Department of Mines that the loss or destruction has actually occurred

Section 12 Nothing in this article shall prevent a first grade mine foreman from acting as assistant mine foreman in any mine or a second grade mine foreman from acting as assistant mine foreman in a non-gaseous mine

ARTICLE XXV

Rules

Special Rules

Duties of Miner

Rule One The miner shall examine his working place before beginning work and take down all dangerous slate or otherwise make it safe by properly timbering it before commencing to mine or load coal He shall examine his place to see whether the fire boss has left the date marks indicating his examination thereof and if said marks cannot be found it shall be the duty of the miner to notify the mine foreman or the assistant mine foreman of the fact The miner shall at all times be careful to keep his working place in a safe condition during working hours

Should he at any time find his place becoming dangerous from gas or roof or any unusual condition that may arise he shall at once cease working and inform the mine foreman or the assistant mine foreman of said danger but before leaving his place he shall put some plain warning across the entrance thereto to warn others against entering into danger

It shall be the duty of the miner to mine his coal properly before blasting and to set props under the coal while undermining to secure it from falling After each blast he shall exercise care in examining the roof and coal and shall secure them safely before beginning to work

He shall order all props cap pieces and all other timbers necessary at least one day in advance of needing them as provided for in the rules of the mine If he fails to receive said timbers and finds his place unsafe he shall vacate it until the necessary timbers are supplied

Under no condition shall the miner use coal dust or any other combustible for tamping in any gaseous mine

When places are liable to generate sudden outbursts of explosive gas no miner shall be allowed to charge or fire shots except under the supervision and with the consent of the mine foreman or the assisttant mine foreman or some other competent person designated by the mine foreman for that purpose

The miner shall remain during working hours in the working place assigned to him by the mine foreman or the assistant mine foreman and he shall not leave his working place for another working place without the permission of the mine foreman assistant mine foreman or fire boss and he shall not wander about the hauling roads or enter abandoned or idle workings

Duties of Driver

Rule Two When a driver has occasion to leave his trip he must be careful to see that it is left when possible in a safe place secure from cars or other dangers and where it will not endanger the driver of other trips or other persons

He must take care while taking his trip down grade to have the brakes or sprags so adjusted that he can keep the cars under control and prevent the cars from running over himself or others

He shall not leave any cars standing where they may materially obstruct the ventilating current except in case of accident which he shall promptly report to the mine foreman or assistant mine foreman

He shall not allow any person to ride on loaded mine cars He shall not allow any person to drive his horses or mules in his stead When it is his duty to open a door for the purpose of passing his trip through he shall see that the door is immediately closed thereafter

Duties of Trip Rider

Rule Three The trip rider shall exercise care in seeing that all hitchings are safe for use and that all the trip is coupled before starting and should he at any time see any material defect in the rope link or chain he shall immediately remedy said defect or if he is unable to do so he shall detain the trip and report the matter to the mine foreman or assistant mine foreman He shall not allow any person to ride on the full trip He shall not allow any person to ride on the empty trip except by the authority of the mine foreman and the speed shall not exceed six miles an hour

Duties of Hoisting Engineer

Rule Four It shall be the duty of the engineer who shall be a sober competent person over twenty-one years of age to keep a careful watch over his engine and all machinery under his charge and to see that the steam pressure does ont exceed at any time the limit allowed by the superintendent

He shall make himself acquainted with the signal codes provided for in this act

He shall not allow any authorized person to enter the engine house nor shall he allow any person to handle or run the engine without the permission of the superintendent

When workmen are being lowered or raised he shall take special precautions to keep the engine well under control

Duties of Motorman and Locomotive Engineeer

Rule Five The motorman or locomotive engineer shall keep a sharp lookout ahead and sound the whistle or alarm bell frequently when coming near the parting switches or landings and shall not exceed the speed allowed by the mine foreman He shall see that the motors cables and controlling parts are kept clean and in a safe operating condition and that the headlight is burning properly when the locomotive is in motion He shall not allow any person except his attendant to ride on the locomotive or on the full cars

Duties of Fireman

Rule Six Every fireman in charge of a boiler or boilers for the generation of steam shall keep a careful watch over the same He shall see that the steam pressure does not at any time exceed the limit allowed by the superintendent he shall frequently try the safety valve and shall not increase the weight on the same he shall maintain a proper depth of water in each boiler and if anything should happen to prevent this he shall report it without delay to the superintendent or other person designated by the superintendent and take such other action as may under the circumstances be necessary for the protection of life and the preservation of property

Duties of Fan Engineer

Rule Seven The engineer in charge of the ventilating fan at a mine shall keep it running at such speed as the mine foreman shall direct in writing He shall report promptly to the mine foreman or assistant mine foreman any defect in the pressure gauge and in case of accident to the boiler or fan machinery he shall immediately notify the mine foreman or the assistant mine foreman If only ordinary repairs of the fan or machinery become necessary he shall await the instructions of the mine foreman or assistant mine foreman before stopping the fan Should it become impossible to run the fan or become necessary to stop it to prevent its destruction he shall notify at once the superintendent or mine foreman who shall give immediate warning to the persons in the mine

Duties of Furnaceman

Rule Eight The furnaceman shall be over eighteen years of age and shall attend to his duties with regularity and in case it is necessary for him to be off duty for any reason whatever he shall give timely notice to the mine foreman

The furnaceman shall at all times keep a clear brisk fire and the fire must not be smothered with coal or slack during working hours and he shall not allow ashes to accumulate excessively on or under the bars or in the approaches to the furnace and ashes shall be cooled before being removed

Duties of Hooker-On

Rule Nine The hooker-on at the bottom of any slope shall be over eighteen years of age and shall be very careful to see that the cars are properly coupled to a rope or chain and that the safety catch or other device is properly attached to the rear car before giving the signal to the engineer He shall not allow any person to ride up the slope on the full trips other than the trip rider

Duties of Cager

Rule Ten The cager at the bottom of any shaft shall be over eighteen years of age He shall not attempt to withdraw the car until the cage comes to a rest and when putting the full car on the cage he must be very careful to see that the springs or catches are properly adjusted so as to keep the car in its proper place before giving the signal to the engineer

Duties of Footman

Rule Eleven At every shaft or slope where persons are lowered into or hoisted from the mine a footman (who shall be over twenty-one years of age) shall be designated by the mine foreman He shall be at his proper place from the time that persons begin to descend until all persons who may be at the bottom of said shaft or slope when quitting work at the end of the day shall be hoisted The footman shall personally attend to the signals and see that the provisions of this act in respect to hoisting persons in shafts or slopes are complied with

The footman shall not allow any tools to be placed on the same cage with men or boys or on either cage when they are being hoisted out of the mine except for the purpose of repairing the shaft or machinery therein The men shall place their tools in cars provided for that purpose which cars shall be hoisted before or after the men have been hoisted He shall see that no driver or other person ascends the shaft with any horse or mule unless the said horse or mule is secured in a suitable box or safely penned and only the driver in charge of said horse or mule shall accompany it in any case The footman shall immediately inform the mine foreman of any violation of this rule or of general rule fifteen

Duties of Topman

Rule Twelve At every shaft or slope where persons are lowered into or hoisted from the mine a topman or trip rider (who shall be over twenty-one years of age) shall be designated by the superintendent or mine foreman He shall be at his proper place from the time that persons begin to descend until all the persons who may be at the bottom of the shaft or slope when quitting work at the end of the day shall be hoisted The topman or trip rider shall personally attend to the signals and see that the provisions of this act in respect to lowering persons in shafts or slopes are complied with

The topman shall not allow any tools to be placed on the same cage with men or boys or on either cage when persons are being lowered into the mine except for the purpose of repairing the shaft or the machinery therein The men shall place their tools in cars provided for that purpose which cars shall be lowered before or after the men have been lowered

He shall also see that no driver or other person descends the shaft with any horse or mule unless the said horse or mule is secured in a suitable box or safely penned and only the driver in charge of said horse or mule shall accompany it in any case

The topman of a slope or incline plane shall be careful to close the safety block or other device as soon as the cars have reached the landing in order to prevent any loose or runaway cars from descending the slope or incline plane and in no case shall said safety block or other device be withdrawn until the cars are coupled to the rope or chain and the proper signal given He shall carefully inspect each day all the machinery in and about the check house and the rope used for lowering the coal and shall promptly report to the superintendent any defect discovered and shall use care in attaching securely the cars to the rope and in lowering them down the incline He shall ring the alarm bell in case of accident and when necessary immediately set free to act the drop logs or safety switch

The topman of a shaft shall see that the springs or keeps for the cage to rest upon are kept in good working order and when taking the full car off he must be careful that no coal or other material is allowed to fall down the shaft

It shall be the duty of the topman to report to the superintendent any violation of general rule fifteen of this article

General Rules

Rule One No unauthorized person shall enter the mine without permission from the superintendent

Rule Two No person in a state of intoxication shall be allowed to go into or loiter about the mine

Rule Three No person shall be employed to blast coal rock or slate unless the mine foreman is satisfied that he is qualified by experience to perform the work with ordinary care

Rule Four No inexperienced person shall be employed to mine out pillars unless in company with one or more experienced miners

Rule Five Every workman employed in the mine shall examine his working place before commencing work and after any stoppage of work during the shift he shall repeat such examination

Rule Six Every workman when first employed shall have his attention directed by the mine foreman or his assist-

ant to the general and special rules contained in this act Said rules shall be posted at a conspicuous place at or near the main entrance to the mine and shall be printed in the various languages of the employes

Rule Seven All employes shall notify the mine foreman or the assistant mine foreman of the unsafe condition of any working place hauling roads or travelingways or of damage to doors brattices or stoppings or of obstructions in the air passages when said conditions are known to them

Rule Eight No person shall be allowed to travel on foot to and from his work on any hoisting slope incline plane dilly or locomotive road unless no other roads are provided for that purpose

Rule Nine No person shall ride upon or against any loaded car or cage in any shaft or slope in any mine No person other than the trip rider shall be permitted to ride on empty trips on any slope incline plane or dilly road except as provided for in other sections of this act

Rule Ten No person other than the driver or trip rider shall be allowed to ride on the full cars

Rule Eleven Any person who shall deface pull down or destroy any notice board danger signal general or special rules record books or mining laws shall be prosecuted by the superintendent on notice given by the mine foreman or obtained from other sources as provided for in section two of article twenty-six of this act

Rule Twelve All persons are forbidden to meddle or tamper in any way with any electric or signal wires or any other equipment in or about the mine

Rule Thirteen No powder or high explosive shall be taken into the mine at one time by any one person in greater quantities than is required for use in one shift and the quantity shall never exceed five pounds except as provided for in article sixteen section one All powder shall be carried into the mine in metallic cans or canisters or in receptacles of equally safe material

Rule Fourteen No explosive shall be stored in any tipple or weighing office and no naked lights shall be used while the attendant is weighing and giving out explosives

Rule Fifteen No greater number of persons shall be lowered or hoisted at any one time in any shaft or slope than is permitted by the inspector and whenever the said number of persons returning from work shall arrive at the bottom of the shaft or slope in which persons are regularly hoisted or lowered they shall be promptly furnished with an empty cage or car and be hoisted to the surface and in cases of emergency a less number than the permitted number shall be promptly hoisted

Any person crowding or pushing to get on or off the cage or car thereby endangering life shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and the superintendent shall discharge or prosecute him in accordance with section two of article twenty-six of this act when the matter is reported to him by the topman or footman

Rule Sixteen No safety lamp shall be entrusted to any person for use in a mine until said person has given satisfactory evidence to the mine foreman that he understands the proper use thereof and the danger of tampering with the same

Rule Seventeen No one except a person duly authorized by the mine foreman shall have in his possession a key or other instrument for the purpose of unlocking any safety lamp in any mine where locked safety lamps are used Other persons than those duly authorized by the mine foreman having keys or other instruments for the opening of safety lamps shall be prosecuted by the superintendent in accordance with section two of article twenty-six of this act

Rule Eighteen In the cutting of clay veins spars or faults entries or other narrow workings going into the solid coal in mines wherein explosive gas is generated in dangerous quantities a bore hole shall be kept not less than three feet in advance of the face of the work or three feet in advance of any shot hole drilled for a blast to be fired in

Rule Nineteen An accumulation of gas in a mine shall not be removed by brushing or when persons in the mine may be endangered thereby

Rule Twenty When gas is ignited by a blast or otherwise the person having charge of the place where the said gas is ignited shall immediately extinguish it if possible and if unable to do so he shall immediately notify the mine foreman or the assistant mine foreman of the fact Miners must see that no gas blowers are left burning upon leaving their working places it shall be the duty of the superintendent to notify the inspector of any violation of this rule and the inspector shall then prosecute as provided for in section two of article twenty-six of this act

Rule Twenty-one When a miner or shot-firer is about to fire a blast he shall be careful to notify all persons who may be endangered thereby and shall give sufficient alarm so that any person approaching may be warned of the danger

Rule Twenty-two Whenever a miner or shot-firer shall open a box containing powder or other explosives or while in any manner handling the same he shall first place his lamp not less than five feet from such explosive and in such a position that the air current cannot convey sparks to the explosive and he shall not smoke while handling explosives

Rule Twenty-three In charging and tamping a hole for blasting no person shall use any iron or steel needle The charger or tamping bar shall be of wood or tipped with copper

Rule Twenty-four No explosive shall be forcibly pressed into a hole that is of insufficient size and when a hole has been charged the explosive shall not be taken out and no hole shall be bored for blasting at a distance of less than twelve inches from any hole when the charge has misfired

Rule Twenty-five In gaseous mines shot firers or other persons charging holes for blasting shall use incombustible material for tamping All holes before being fired shall be solidly tamped the full length of the hole Any person who violates this rule shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor

Rule Twenty-six Every abandoned slope shaft air hole or drift shall when so abandoned be properly fenced around or across its whole entrance

Rule Twenty-seven No person shall go into an old or abandoned portion of any mine or into any other place that is not in actual course of working without permission from the mine foreman and no person shall travel to and from his work except by the traveling way assigned for that purpose It shall be the duty of the mine foreman to prosecute all persons who violate this rule in accordance with section two of article twenty-six of this act

Rule Twenty-eight Workmen and all other persons are expressly forbidden to commit any nuisances or throw into deposit or leave coal or dirt stones or other rubbish in the airway or road so as to interfere with pollute or hinder the air passing into and through the mine

Rule Twenty-nine No steam pipes through which high pressure steam is conveyed for the purpose of driving pumps or other machinery shall be laid on traveling or haulage ways unless they are encased in asbestos or some other suitable non-conducting material or so placed that the radiation of heat into the atmosphere of the mine will be prevented as far as possible

Rule Thirty When a steam locomotive is used for the purpose of hauling coal out of a mine the tunnel or tunnels through which the locomotive passes shall be properly ventilated and kept free as far as practicable of noxious gases and a ventilating apparatus shall be specially provided by the operator to produce such ventilation

Rule Thirty-one In all shafts and slopes where persons coal and other materials are hoisted by machinery the following code of signals shall be used

One rap or whistle to hoist coal

One rap or whistle to stop car or cage when in motion

Two raps or whistles to lower car or cage

Three raps or whistles to hoist persons The engineer shall signal back when ready after which the person shall get on the car or cage and then one rap or whisite shall be given to hoist

Four raps or whistles to turn on steam to the pumps

Rule Thirty-two No person shall carry any matches pipes or other smokers' articles into a mine or portion of a mine worked exclusively with locked safety lamps nor shall he have any of said articles in his possession while in such a mine

Rule Thirty-three If any person shall receive any injury in or about the mine and the same shall come within the knowledge of the mine foreman and if he shall be of the opinion that the injured person requires medical or surgical treatment he shall see that said injured person receives treatment and in case of inability of such person to pay therefor the expense shall be borne by the county

Rule Thirty-four The Special and general rules in the various languages and all books blank forms and notices mentioned in this act shall be printed at the expense of the State and shall be furnished to the operators by the Department of Mines through the inspectors and all record books shall at all times be accessible to the inspector

Rule Thirty-five Every person who cotravenes or does not comply with any of the special and general rules in this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor

ARTICLE XXVI

Penalties for Violations of This Act

Section 1 Any person who shall intentionally or carelessly injure any safety lamp instrument air course or brattice or without proper authority handle remove or render useless any fencing means of signaling apparatus instrument or machinery or shall obstruct or throw open airways or enter a place in or about a mine against caution or carry fire upon lights matches pipes and other smokers' articles beyond any station inside of which locked safety lamps are used or open a door in the mine and not close it immediately or open any door the opening of which is forbidden or disobey any order given in carrying out the provisions of this act or do any other act whatsoever whereby the lives or the health of the persons employed or the security of the mine or the machinery are endangered shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided in section two of this article

Section 2 Any person who neglects or refuses to perform the duties required of him by this act or who violates any of the provisions or requirements thereof shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall upon conviction thereof in the Court of Quarter Sessions of the county in which the misdemeanor was committed be punished by a fine not exceeding two hundred dollars or imprisonment in the county jail for a period not exceeding three months or both at the discretion of the court Any violation of this act which has been declared to be a misdemeanor by any part thereof shall be punished in like manner

ARTICLE XXVII

Inquests

Section 1 Whenever a fatal accident occurs in or about any mine or whenever an explosion or other serious accident of an unusual nature occurs whether fatal or not it shall be the duty of the mine foreman or superintendent in charge of such mine to give notice thereof forthwith by telephone or telegraph to the inspector and also to the coroner of the county if any person is killed

Section 2 If the coroner shall determine to hold an inquest he shall notify the inspector of the time and place of holding the same and the inspector shall offer such testimony as he may deem necessary to thoroughly inform the

said inquest of the cause of the death He shall also have authority at any time to appear before such coroner or jury and examine or cross-examine any witness No person who is directly or indirectly interested or employed in any capacity by the person persons or company owning or operating such mine or employed in or about any other mine in which such owners or operators may be interested shall be competent to serve upon such coroner's jury

Section 3 It shall be the duty of the inspector upon being notified of any fatal accident as hereinbefore provided to proceed in person as soon as practicable to the scene of the accident and make such suggestions or give such directions as may appear to him necessary to secure the safety of any person who may still be endangered through said accident Whether or not the results of the accident require an investigation by the coroner the said inspector shall proceed to investigate and ascertain the cause of the accident and make a record thereof which he shall file as provided for and to enable him to make the investigation he shall have power to compel the attendance of persons to testify and also to administer oaths or affirmations If it is found upon investigation that the accident is due to the violation of any of the provisions of this act by any person other than those who may be deceased the inspector shall institute proceedings against such person or persons as provided for in section two of article twenty-six of this act

Section 4 The cost of such investigation shall be paid by the county in which the accident occurred in the same manner as costs of inquests held by coroners or justices of the peace are paid

ARTICLE XXVIII

Section 1 Should a mine or a portion of a mine that has at any time generated explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp after the passage of this act not so generate explosive gas during any one period of one year then such mine or portion of a mine shall not be governed or controlled by the provisions of this act for mines or portions of mines generating explosive gas

Section 2 The provisions of this act as to mines or portions of a mine generating explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp shall not apply to any mine wherein explosive gas is being generated only in live entries

Section 3 The provisions of this act shall not apply to any mine employing less than ten persons inside the mine in any one period of twenty-four hours

ARTICLE XXIX

Section 1 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the report?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE ADOPTS REPORT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 479.

He also informed the Senate that the House of Representatives has adopted report of the Committee of Conference on House Bill No. 479.

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of the report of the Committee of Conference on House Bill No. 479.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The report was read as follows:

To the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned, Committee on Conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 479 entitled "An Act to authorize the appointment by County Commissioners of assessors in counties not having less than two hundred thousand nor more than three hundred and twenty-five thousand inhabitants, prescribing their powers, duties and procedure, and fixing salaries thereof, and providing for the abolition of the office of assessor, now existing in said counties," submit the following, to wit:

That the House recede from its non-concurrence of the said bill as amended in the Senate, and concur in the same;

THOS. A. SNYDER,
W. C. McCONNELL,
OSCAR E. THOMSON.
Committee on the part of the Senate.
FREDERICK C. EHRHARDT,
E. W. KLINGERMAN,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act to authorize the appointment by county commissioners or assessors in counties having not less than two hundred thousand nor more than three hundred twenty-five thousand inhabitants prescribing their powers duties and procedure and fixing salaries thereof and providing for the abolition of the office of assessor now existing in said counties

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all counties of this Commonwealth having not less than two hundred thousand nor more than three hundred twenty-five thousand inhabitants the county commissioners of such counties shall appoint nine sober judicious and intelligent citizens residents of the county from which they are appointed for at least four years prior thereto as a board of assessors for a period of four years or until their successors are duly qualified not more than six members of said board of assessors shall be of the same political party

Section 2 The county commissioners and the board of assessors appointed pursuant to the provisions of this act shall sub-divide the county into convenient districts and shall perform all the duties of assessors under the laws of this Commonwealth as to the valuation of property for county purposes

Section 3 The said board of assessors shall during the first year of their term of service make or cause to be made a full just and equal assessment of all property within the cities boroughs and townships and their several sub-divisions comprised within such county subject by law to taxation for county purposes which assessment shall stand until the next triennial assessment for county purposes at which time and every third year thereafter an assessment shall be made and shall in all cases value such property at such sums as the same would in their judgment bring at a fair public sale thereof It shall be their duty to revise alter and equalize the said assessment in respect to properties in the city borough or township and the several divisions thereof and to so far modify the assessments during the years succeeding the year of the triennial assessment as the changes of ownership or the conditions of the improvements thereon shall require and they shall complete their annual assessments on or before the first day of February in each year For the purpose of their duties they shall have the custody of all books relating to the assessment of county taxes upon the completion of the assessment as hereinbefore required The said board shall sit annually on or before the first day of March and shall continue to sit from day to day until all complaints shall have been heard from the several cities boroughs and townships and their sub-divisions They shall be provided with an office in the court house at the county seat

Section 4 It shall be the duty of such boards to give at least five days' written or printed notice to every taxable inhabitant of the county of the amount or sums for which he stands rated in any triennial assessment and also of any change in his assessment in any intervening year together with the time and place of hearing complaints For the purpose of such hearing the said board shall have authority to administer oaths and affirmations touching any matter relating thereto and any wilful false statement under oath as to any material fact of any complaint or his agent or attorney shall be deemed perjury and punishable as such Any persons aggrieved by the final action of any board of assessors may appeal therefrom to the county commissioners whose powers and duties relating to assessments shall remain as heretofore

Section 5 The assessors for county purposes in the several cities boroughs and townships in such counties shall continue to act until appointments are made under this act and thereupon their office shall become abolished

Section 6 All such assessors shall assemble in convention together with the county commissioners at least once in each year upon the call of the county commissioners of the county by whom they are appointed for the purpose of comparing adjusting revising et cetera the value of properties and to furnish the county commissioners with such other information as shall enable them to properly perform their duties in cases of appeal

Section 7 Each of said assessors shall before entering upon his duties take and subscribe the following oath "I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support obey and defend the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of this Commonwealth and that I will discharge the duties of my office with fidelity That I will not knowingly receive directly or indirectly any money or other valuable thing for the performance or non-performance of any act or duty pertaining to my office other than the compensation allowed by law" and file the same with the clerk of the court of quarter sessions Any vacancy happening in said board shall be filled by appointment by the county commissioners for the unexpired term The compensation of such assessors shall be twenty-five hundred ($2,500.00) dollars per annum for each assessor and necessary traveling expenses subject to the approval of the county commissioners and county controller

Section 8 Said board of assessors shall have the power to appoint a chief clerk at a salary of fifteen hundred dollars per annum and a deputy clerk at a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum Said board of assesors shall have power to appoint a clerk or clerks subject to the action of the salary board as provided by law

Section 9 That all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act or any part thereof are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the report?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—49.

Adams	Heacock	Kurtz	Shields
Alexander	Herbst	Manbeck	Snyder
Baldwin	Homsher	Martin	Sones
Buckman	Huffman	McConnell	Sproul
Catlin	Hunter	McIlhenny	Thomson
Clark	Jamison	McNichol	Tustin
Cooper	Jarrett	McNichols	Vare
DeWitt	Jones	Miller	Washbers
Endsley	Judson	Morgan	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Nulty	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Powell	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Salus	Crow
Hays			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—1.

Weingartner

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

RECESS.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess of forty-five minutes.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

APPOINTMENT OF COMMISSION FOR INVESTIGATION OF JUDGES AND OTHER CIVIL OFFICERS.

Pursuant to the Senate resolution providing for investigation of judges and other civil officers the Chair appoints Senator Catlin Chairman and Senators McNichol, McConnell, Baldwin and Hall.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communications in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were read as follows and referred to the Committee on Judiciary General.

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 24, 1911.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate the following named persons to be Notaries Public for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the term of four years, to compute from the date of confirmation:

ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

B. S. Hare, Pittsburg.
W. T. Pierce, Pittsburg.

BLAIR COUNTY.

James T. Hanlon, Altoona.

BRADFORD COUNTY.

Thomas A. Morrissey, Sayre.

LEHIGH COUNTY.

Ezra H. Smith, Allentown.

PHILADELPHIA COUNTY.

Samuel Goldstein, Philadelphia.
W. L. Swetland, Philadelphia.

JOHN K. TENER.

ECONOMIC ZOOLOGIST DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 24, 1911.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate H. A. Surface, of State College, to be Economic Zoologist of the Department of Agriculture for the term of four years to compute from April 1st, 1911.

JOHN K. TENER.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. WILBERT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. Wilbert, from the Committee on Printing reported as committed the following resolution:

In the House of Representatives, May 24, 1911.

Whereas, In consequence of the passage of the act entitled "An act regulating the printing of the laws of this Commonwealth" which provides that the acts containing solely an appriation shall be printed separately and apart from the volume containing the general laws, the demand for the volume containing said appropriations will be much less than the demand for the volume of the general laws;

Therefore, Be it resolved (if the Senate concur), that the edition of the appropriation laws be limited to three thousand copies to be bound in cloth, and the same shall be distributed as follows: Five hundred copies to the Senate, one thousand copies to the House of Representatives and the remainder to the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Mr. WILBERT. Mr. President, I move that Rule 39 be suspended in order to consider the resolution at this time.

Mr. THOMSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The resolution was twice read, considered and agreed to.

HOUSE APPOINTS COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House insists upon its amendments non-concurred in by the Senate to House Bill No. 265, entitled:

An act relating to roads providing for the election and appointment of township supervisors in second class townships defining their powers duties and limitations relating to road tax and the expenditure thereof abolishing the work tax defining certain duties of the clerk of court fixing penalties for violation of this act and making an appropriation to carry out its provisions

and has appointed Messrs. Woodward, Klumpp and Whitman a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 567.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurrd in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 567, entitled:

An act amending the twentieth section of an act approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths and burial or removal permits requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureal of Vital Statistics at the Capitol of the State as required to be established by the State Board of Health and to insure the thorough organization and efficiency of the registration of vital statistics throughout the State as provided in section seven of an act entitled 'An act to establish a State Board of Health for the better protection of life and health and to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in this Commonwealth' approved June third eighteen hundred and eighty-five and making an appropriation for establishing and maintaining such a bureau and providing certain penalties" as amended by an act approved the sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An act to amend sections five nine fifteen nineteen twenty and twenty-five of an act entitled 'An act entitled 'An act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths and burial and removal permits requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics at the Capitol of the State as required to be established by the State Board of Health and to insure the thorough organization and efficiency of the registration of vital statistics throughout the State as provided in section seven of 'An act to establish a State Board of Health for the better protection of life and health and to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in this Commonwealth' approved June third eighteen hundred and eighty-five and making an appropriation for establishing and maintaining such a bureau and providing certain penalties" which was approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five by extending the territory in which burial permits shall be valid providing for the isuance of burial permits without fees establishing a method for securing the given names of children making a uniform date for the returns of local registrars providing for certain fees in cities of the first and second class to be paid by the counties and abolishing all other systems of registration of births and deaths" by changing the fees for birth and death certificates

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1171.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurrd in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1171, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Titusville Hospital located at Titusville Crawford County Pennsylvania

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1260.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1260, entitled:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to accept the grant of public lands by the United States for the endowment of agricultural colleges" approved April first one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three and making appropriations for carrying the same into effect

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1263.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 1263, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Temple University of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 794.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 794, entitled:

An act providing for and regulating the taking of land by condemnation proceedings to enlarge certain cemeteries now or hereafter incorporated

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 860.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 860, entitled:

An act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 154.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 154, entitled:

An act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens and the proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this State

HOUSE CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 572.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 572, entitled:

An act providing for the appointment of assistant district attorneys in the several counties of this Commonwealth having over three hundred thousand and less than seven hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants describing the powers duties and terms of office and fixing the salary of said assistants

REPORT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 378.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has adopted the report of the committee of conference on the subject of differences existing between the two houses in relation to House Bill No. 378, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the erection of a proper fence or coping and pavement to protect a monument erected near Petersburg Virginia by the Association of the Survivors of the Forty-eighth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers to commemorate the Battle of the Crater and providing for a Commission and expenses thereof to erect the same

HOUSE CONCURS IN RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE APPOINTMENT OF A COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE THE METHOD OF INFLICTING THE DEATH PENALTY IN PENNSYLVANIA AND OTHER STATES AND COUNTRIES.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate, as follows:

Resolved, by the Senate of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Governor is hereby authorized and directed to appoint a commission to consist of three citizens of this Commonwealth whose duty it shall be to investigate the method of inflicting the death penalty in this and in other states and countries; to investigate the expediency of selecting a site centrally located and of easy access where all criminals sentenced to death in this Commonwealth may be executed; to select approximately such a site if it shall seem proper to said commission; to investigate the expediency and propriety of making any change in the present method of inflicting the death penalty in this Commonwealth; and to recommend such new method or methods as to the commission shall seem proper.

This commission shall serve without compensation, but the members thereof shall be entitled to their expenses actually and necessarily incurred by them or any of them in the performances of the duties herein prescribed.

This commission shall report in writing to the Governor before the first day of September, one thousand nine hundred and twelve; said report shall contain the result of the investigation and examinations made by the commission, and shall also contain such recommendations and suggestions as to the commission shall seem proper or as the Governor may require. The Governor shall transmit said report with any additional suggestions or recommendations to the General Assembly during the session of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen for its consideration.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1201.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has adopted the report of the committee of conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two Houses in relation the differences existing between the two houses in relation to House Bill No. 1201.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of the report of the Committee of Conference on House Bill No. 1201.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The report was read as follows:

To the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned, committee of conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives, for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 1201, entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Vincent Hospital Association of the City of Erie, Erie county, Pennsylvania," beg leave to submit the following as our report:

CHARLES H. KLINE,
T. M. KURTZ,
F. E. BALDWIN,
Committee on the part of the Senate.
JAS. F. WOODWARD,
FRANK J. KLUMPP,
W. F. WHITMAN,
Committe on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Vincent's Hospital Association of the City of Erie Erie county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Saint Vincent's Hospital Association of Erie Erie county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purposes to wit

For the purpose of maintenance and paying the expenses incident to the typhoid fever epidemic the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars ($35,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of equipment of laundry the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of equipment of new addition to hospital the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 2 Before any of the moneys hereinbefore appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement in connection with the said institution shall be available the trustees or directors thereof through the proper corporate officers of the same shall under the corporate seal of the institution so asking for State aid file with the Auditor General's Department of the Commonwealth upon proper blanks to be furnished by the said department upon application therefor an obligation in writing duly acknowledged agreeing that whenever such building so erected enlarged extended or altered or such permanent improvements provided through State aid shall be converted to private uses purposes or be conducted for private gain or profit or shall for any cause or for any reason whatsoever be abandoned or sold or transferred to any person or persons firms or corporation for any use other than that authorized by the certificate of incorporation under which the same is now held and operated all sums of money herein appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement to the institution hereinbefore referred to shall be refunded to the Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be collectible as obligations of like character are now collected And provided further That the amount so appropriated as aforesaid for permanent improvement be and the same is hereby made a non-interest bearing lien on the said premises for the use of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		

Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 919.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has adopted the report of the committee of conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses in relation to House Bill No. 919.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of the report of the Committee of conference on House Bill No. 919.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The report was read as follows:

To the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned, committee of conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives, for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 919, entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia," beg leave to submit the following as our report:

CHARLES H. KLINE,
T. M. KURTZ,
F. E. BALDWIN,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

JAS. F. WOODWARD,
W. F. WHITMAN,
FRANK J. KLUMPP,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fifty thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Children's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purpose namely

For the purpose of maintenance the sum of fifty thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		

Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1057.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has adopted the report of the committee of conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses in relation to House Bill No. 1057.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of the report of the Committee of conference on House Bill No. 1057.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The report was read as follows:

To the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned Committee of Conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives, for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 1057, entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Incurables, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania," beg leave to submit the following as our report:

CHARLES H. KLINE,
T. M. KURTZ,
F. E. BALDWIN,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

JAS. F. WOODWARD,
W. F. WHITMAN,
FRANK J. KLUMPP,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act making an appropriation to The Philaelphia Home for Incurables Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-five thousand ($25,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to The Philadelphia Home for Incurables for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the purpose of maintenance

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		

Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1150.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has adopted the report of the committee of conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses in relation to House Bill No. 1150.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of the report of the committee of conference on House Bill No. 1150.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The report was read as follows:

To the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned committee of conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives, for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 1150, entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the Roselia Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital of the City of Pittsburg," beg leave to submit the following as our report:

CHARLES H. KLINE,
T. M. KURTZ,
F. E. BALDWIN,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

JAS. F. WOODWARD,
W. F. WHITMAN,
FRANK J. KLUMPP,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act making an appropriation to the Roselia Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital of the city of Pittsburg

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-six thousand ($26,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Roselia Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital of the city of Pittsburg for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance the sum of fifteen thousand ($15,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of paying an account of debt incurred in erecting a building and equipping and furnishing a laundry and electric light and power plant and isolated rooms for the treatment of patients and sleeping rooms for servants and nurses the sum of eleven thousand ($11,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 2 Before any of the moneys hereinbefore appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement in connection with the said institution shall be available the trustees or directors thereof through the proper corporate officers of the same shall under the corporate seal of the institution so asking for State aid file with the Auditor General's Department of the Commonwealth upon proper blanks to be furnished by the said department upon application therefor an obligation in writing duly acknowledged agreeing that whenever such building so erected enlarged extended or altered or such permanent improvements provided through State aid shall be converted to private uses or purposes or be conducted for private gain or profit or shall for any cause or for any reason whatsoever be abandoned or sold or transferred to any person or persons firm or corporation for any use other than that authorized by the certificate of incorporation under which the same is now held and operated all sums of money herein appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement to the institution hereinbefore referred to shall be refunded to the treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be collectible as obligations of like character are now collected And provided further That the amount so appropriated as aforesaid for permanent improvement be and the same is hereby made a non-interest bearing lien on the said premises for the use of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1106.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has adopted the report of the committee of conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses in relation to House Bill No. 1106.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of the report of the committee of conference on House Bill No. 1106.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The report was read as follows:

To the members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned committee of conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives, for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 1106, entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions of Pennsylvania, located at Blossburg, Tioga county," beg leave to submit the following as our report:

CHARLES H. KLINE,
T. M. KURTZ,
F. E. BALDWIN,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

JAS. F. WOODWARD,
FRANK J. KLUMPP,
W. F. WHITMAN,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions of Pennsylvania located at Blossburg Tioga county

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the following sums or so much thereof as may be necessary are hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions of Pennsylvania located at Blossburg Tioga county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance of said hospital and the care of the sick and injured persons the sum of twenty-four thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of repairs and improvements to old building and grounds the sum of ten thousand dollars

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	**Kurtz**		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1018.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has adopted the report of the committee of conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses in relation to House Bill No. 1018.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of the report of the committee on conference on House Bill No. 1018.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The report was read as follows:

To the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned committee of conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 1018 entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the Nason Hospital Association at Roaring Spring, Blair county, Pennsylvania," beg leave to submit the following as our report:

CHARLES H. KLINE,
T. M. KURTZ,
F. E. BALDWIN,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

JAS. F. WOODWARD,
FRANK J. KLUMPP,
W. F. WHITMAN,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act making an appropriation to the Nason Hospital Association of Roaring Spring Blair county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fourteen thousand ($14,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Nason Hospital Association of Roaring Spring Blair county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purpose namely

For the purpose of maintenance the sum of fourteen thousand ($14,000) dollars or as much thereof as may be necessary

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	**Kurtz**		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1119.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has adopted the report of the committee of conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses in relation to House Bill No. 1119.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of the report of the Committee of Conference on House Bill No. 1119.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The report was read as follows:

To the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned, committee of conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 1119 entitled "An Act making an appropriation for the payment of services and expenses of fire wardens and those assisting in the extinguishing of forest fires," beg leave to submit the following as our report:

CHARLES H. KLINE,
T. M. KURTZ,
F. E. BALDWIN,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

JAS. F. WOODWARD,
FRANK J. KLUMPP,
W. F. WHITMAN,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act making an appropriation for the payment of services and expenses of fire wardens and those assisting in the extinguishing of forest fires

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of sixty thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated for the payment of services and expenses of fire wardens and those assisting in extinguishing forest fires for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1123.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has adopted the report of the committee of conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses in relation of House Bill No. 1123.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of the report of the committee of conference on House Bill No. 1123.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The report was read as follows:

To the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned, committee of conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 1123 entitled "An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the annual fixed charge for road purposes on lands held for forest reserves," beg leave to submit the following as our report:

CHARLES H. KLINE,
T. M. KURTZ.
F. E. BALDWIN,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

JAS. F. WOODWARD,
FRANK J. KLUMPP,
W. F. WHITMAN,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act making an appropriation for the payment of the annual fixed charge for road purposes on lands held for forest reserves

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of forty thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated for the payment of the annual fixed charge for road purposes on lands held for forest reserves for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1147.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has adopted the report of the committee of conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses in relation to House Bill No. 1147.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of the report of the Committee of Conference on House Bill No. 1147.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The report was read as follows:

To the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned, committee of conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 1147 entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the Eye and Ear Hospital of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania," beg leave to submit the following as our report:

T. M. KURTZ,
F. E. BALDWIN,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

JAS. F. WOODWARD,
FRANK J. KLUMPP,
W. F. WHITMAN,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act making an appropriation to the Eye and Ear Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of forty-five thousand ($45,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Eye ad Ear Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the purpose of maintenance

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1178.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has adopted the report of the committee of conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses in relation to House Bill No. 1178.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of the report of the committee of conference on House Bill No. 1178.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The report was read as follows:

To the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned committee of conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives, for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 1178 entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the Greenville Hospital, Greenville, Mercer county, Pennsylvania," beg leave to submit the following as our report:

CHARLES H. KLINE,
T. M. KURTZ,
F. E. BALDWIN,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

JAS. F. WOODWARD,
W. F. WHITMAN,
FRANK J. KLUMPP,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act making an appropriation to the Greenville Hospital Greenville Mercer county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of six thousand ($6,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Greenville Hospital Greenville Mercer county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purposes to wit

For the purpose of maintenance the sum of five thousand ($5,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of making needed building improvements for laundry and nurses rooms the sum of one thousand ($1,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 2 Before any of the moneys hereinbefore appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanen improvement in connection with said institution shall be available the trustees or directors thereof through the proper corporate officers of the same shall under the corporate seal of the institution so asking for State aid file with the Auditor General's Department of the Commonwealth upon proper blanks to be furnished by the said department upon application therefor an obligation in writing duly acknowledged and to be duly recorded in the office for the recording of deeds in the county in which said institution is located agreeing that whenever such buildings so erected enlarged extended or altered or such permenen improvements provided through State aid shall be converted to private uses or purposes or be conducted for private gain or profit or shall for any cause or for any reason whatsoever be abandoned or sold or transferred to any person or persons firm or corporation for any use other than that authorized by the certificate of incorporation under which the same is now held and operated all sums of money herein appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or for any other permanent improvement to the institution hereinbefore referred to shall be refunded to the Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be collectible as obligations of like character are now collected And provided further That the amount so appropriated as aforesaid for permanent improvement be and the same is hereby made a non-interest bearing lien on the said premises for the use of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1186.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has adopted the report of the committee of conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses in relation to House Bill No. 1186.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of the report of the committee of conference on House Bill 1186.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The report was read as follows:

To the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned committee of conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 1186 entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the American Hospital for Diseases of the Stomach of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania," beg leave to submit the following as our report:

CHARLES H. KLINE,
T. M. KURTZ,
F. E. BALDWIN,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

JAS. F. WOODWARD,
W. F. WHITMAN,
FRANK J. KLUMPP,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act making an appropriation to the American Hospital for Diseases of the Stomach of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-four thousand ($24,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the American Hospital for Diseases of the Stomach of Philadelphia Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purposes to wit

For the purpose of maintenance the sum of ten thousand ($10,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For completion equipment and maintenance of laboratory and dispensary building the sum of fourteen thousand ($14,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 2 Before any moneys hereinbefore appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement in connection with said institution shall be available the trustees or directors thereof through the proper corporate officers of the same shall under the corporate seal of the institution so asking for State aid file with the Auditor General's Department of the Commonwealth upon proper blanks to be furnished by the said department upon application therefor an obligation in writing duly acknowledged and to be duly recorded in the office for the recording of deeds in the county in which said institution is located agreeing that whenever such buildings so erected enlarged extended or altered or such permanent improvements provided through State aid shall be converted to private uses or purposes or be conducted for private gain or profit or shall for any cause or for any reason whatsoever be abandoned or sold or transferred to any person or persons firm or corporation for any use other than that authorized by the certificate of incorporation under which the same is now held and operated all sums of money herein appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement to the institution hereinbefore referred to shall be refunded to the Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be collectible as obligations of like character are now collected And provided further That the amount so appropriated as aforesaid for permanent improvement be and the same is hereby made a non-interest bearing lien on the said premises for the use of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

HOUSE INSISTS UPON ITS AMENDMENTS NON-CONCURRED IN BY THE SENATE TO SENATE BILL NO. 506.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House insists upon its amendments, non-concurred in by the Senate, to Senate Bill No. 506, entitled

An act regulating the licensing of brewers and distillers

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

STATEMENT OF SALARIES AND MILEAGE PAID TO MEMBERS AND EMPLOYES OF SENATE, SESSION 1911.

Mr. SPROUL, from the Committee on Finance, submitted on behalf of the Chief Clerk, the following report:

MEMBERS OF SENATE, SESSION OF 1911

	Salary	Miles	Rate	Mileage	Stationery	Total
James L. Adams	$1,500.00	524	$0.20	$104.80	$50.00	$1,654.80
Joseph Alexander	1,500.00	302	.20	60.40	50.00	1,610.40
Frank E. Baldwin	1,500.00	436	.20	87.20	50.00	1,637.20
Clarence J. Buckman	1,500.00	250	.20	50.00	50.00	1,600.00
Sterling R. Catlin	1,500.00	240	.20	48.00	50.00	1,598.00
Henry A. Clark	1,500.00	582	.20	136.40	50.00	1,686.40
Henry Cooper	1,500.00	510	.20	102.00	50.00	1,652.00
William E. Crow	1,500.00	512	.20	102.40	50.00	1,652.40
William E. Crow President pro tempore	143.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	143.00
Asa K. DeWitt	1,500.00	244	.20	48.80	50.00	1,598.80
James W. Endsley	1,500.00	488	.20	97.60	50.00	1,647.60
John E. Fox	1,500.00	.....	.....	.....	50.00	1,550.00
Daniel P. Gerberich	1,500.00	54	.20	10.80	50.00	1,560.80
James K. P. Hall	1,500.00	444	.20	88.80	50.00	1,638.80
Thomas Hays	1,500.00	600	.20	120.00	50.00	1,670.00
Joseph Heacock	1,500.00	232	.20	46.40	50.00	1,596.40
Edwin M. Herbst	1,500.00	132	.20	26.40	50.00	1,576.40
John G. Homsher	1,500.00	94	.20	18.80	50.00	1,568.80
Harvey Huffman	1,500.00	286	.20	57.20	50.00	1,607.20
David Hunter, Jr.	1,500.00	500	.20	100.00	50.00	1,650.00
John M. Jamison	1,500.00	434	.20	86.80	50.00	1,636.80
Benjamin Jarrett	1,500.00	640	.20	128.00	50.00	1,678.00
Enos M. Jones	1,500.00	264	.20	52.80	50.00	1,602.80
J. Carter Judson	1,500.00	564	.20	112.80	50.00	1,662.80
William H. Keyser	1,500.00	210	.20	42.00	50.00	1,592.00
Charles H. Kline	1,500.00	500	.20	100.00	50.00	1,650.00
Frank M. Knapp	1,500.00	552	.20	110.40	50.00	1,660.40
Theodore M. Kurtz	1,500.00	364	.20	72.80	50.00	1,622.80
William H. Manbeck	1,500.00	100	.20	20.00	50.00	1,570.00
William A. Martin	1,500.00	96	.20	19.20	50.00	1,569.20
William C. McConnell	1,500.00	146	.20	29.20	50.00	1,579.20
Francis S. McIlhenny	1,500.00	210	.20	42.00	50.00	1,592.00
James P. McNichol	1,500.00	210	.20	42.00	50.00	1,592.00
Walter McNichols	1,500.00	270	.20	54.00	50.00	1,604.00
James A. Miller	1,500.00	170	.20	34.00	50.00	1,584.00
J. Harry Morgan	1,500.00	192	.20	38.40	50.00	1,588.40
James T. Nulty	1,500.00	210	.20	42.00	50.00	1,592.00
Archibald W. Powell	1,500.00	536	.20	107.20	50.00	1,657.20
Samuel W. Salus	1,500.00	210	.20	42.00	50.00	1,592.00
Moses Shields	1,500.00	350	.20	70.00	50.00	1,620.00
Charles A. Snyder	1,500.00	186	.20	37.20	50.00	1,587.20
Charles W. Sones	1,500.00	188	.20	37.60	50.00	1,587.60
William C. Sproul	1,500.00	238	.20	47.60	50.00	1,597.60
Oscar E. Thomson	1,500.00	186	.20	37.20	50.00	1,587.20
Ernest L. Tustin	1,500.00	210	.20	42.00	50.00	1,592.00
Edwin H. Vare	1,500.00	210	.20	42.00	50.00	1,592.00
Henry Wasbers	1,500.00	56	.20	11.20	50.00	1,561.20
George T. Weingartner	1,500.00	604	.20	120.80	50.00	1,670.80
George M. Wertz	1,500.00	337	.20	67.40	50.00	1,617.40
David A. Wilbert	1,500.00	500	.20	100.00	50.00	1,650.00
Clarence Wolf	1,500.00	210	.20	42.00	50.00	1,592.00
Total	$75,143.00	.....	.....	$3,136.60	$2,500.00	$80,779.60

OFFICERS AND EMPLOYES OF THE SENATE, SESSION OF 1911.

	Days	Per Diem	Salary	Miles	Rate	Mileage	Total
Harmon M. Kephart Chief Clerk	...	.....	$3,000.00	488	$0.10	$48.80	$3,048.80
W. Harry Baker Secretary	...	.....	5,000.00	...	...	.....	5,000.00
Herman P. Miller Librarian	...	.....	2,500.00	...	...	.....	2,500.00
Edward L. Groff Asst. Librarian	...	.....	1,500.00	...	...	.....	1,500.00
William S. Nason Journal Clerk	...	.....	1,800.00	682	.10	68.20	1,868.20
William P. Gallagher Reading Clerk	...	.....	1,800.00	240	.10	24.00	1,824.00
John M. Flynn Executive Clerk	...	.....	1,500.00	210	.10	21.00	1,521.00
John McKeown Desk Clerk	...	.....	1,500.00	210	.10	21.00	1,521.00
R. Kirk McConnell Message Clerk	143	8.00	1,144.00	434	.10	43.40	1,187.40
W. Heber Dithrich Bill Bk. Clk.	143	7.00	1,001.00	514	.10	51.40	1,052.40
Charles C. Van Scoyoc Bills in Pl. Bk. Clk.	143	7.00	1,001.00	234	.10	23.40	1,024.40
Horace G. Miller Petition Bk. Clk.	143	7.00	1,001.00	364	.10	36.40	1,037.40
Frank S. Brubaker Transcribing Clerk	143	7.00	1,001.00	110	.10	11.00	1,012.00
J. Irvin Steel Transcribing Clerk	143	7.00	1,001.00	146	.10	14.60	1,015.60
William H. Williams S'g't-at-Arms	143	7.00	1,001.00	238	.10	23.80	1,024.80
James F. Donegan Asst. S'g't-at-Arms	143	7.00	1,001.00	210	.10	21.00	1,022.00
John J. Keffer Asst. S'g't-at-Arms	143	7.00	1,001.00	210	.10	21.00	1,022.00
Ulysses M. Rice Asst. S'g't-at-Arms	143	7.00	1,001.00	530	.10	53.00	1,054.00

OFFICERS AND EMPLOYES OF THE SENATE, SESSION OF 1911—Continued.

	Days	Per Diem	Salary	Miles	Rate	Mileage	Total
Charles H. Urick, Jr. Asst. S'g't-at-Arms	143	7.00	1,001.00	682	.10	68.20	1,069.20
John Ruth Official Reporter	143	12.00	1,716.00	54	.10	5.40	1,721.40
Frank E. Ziegler Official Reporter	143	12.00	1,716.00	...	...	.....	1,716.00
Charles E. Davis Expert Typewriter	143	6.00	858.00	18	.10	1.80	859.80
Howard L. Robbins Expert Typewriter	143	6.00	858.00	488	.10	48.80	906.80
W. R. Thompson Postmaster	143	7.00	1,001.00	312	.10	31.20	1,032.20
George C. Marion Messenger	143	6.00	858.00	498	.10	49.80	907.80
William P. Mahaffey Asst. Messenger	143	6.00	858.00	320	.10	32.00	890.00
John McCloskey Doorkeeper	143	6.00	858.00	210	.10	21.00	879.00
Adam R. Allen Asst. Doorkeeper	143	6.00	858.00	500	.10	50.00	908.00
Alfred Heslop Asst. Doorkeeper	143	6.00	858.00	337	.10	33.70	891.70
Joseph W. Hughes Asst. Doorkeeper	143	6.00	858.00	122	.10	12.20	870.20
Ernest W. Lott Asst. Doorkeeper	143	6.00	858.00	340	.10	34.00	892.00
Edwin W. Martindell Asst. Doorkeeper	143	6.00	858.00	260	.10	26.00	884.00
F. Montgomery Parks Asst. Doorkeeper	143	6.00	858.00	766	.10	76.60	934.60
Frederick B. Smith Asst. Doorkeeper	143	6.00	858.00	210	.10	21.00	879.00
Samuel Thompson Asst. Doorkeeper	143	6.00	858.00	506	.10	50.60	908.60
Frank P. Malone Supt. Folding Room	143	6.00	858.00	500	.10	50.00	908.00
Jeremiah E. Bohner Paster and Folder	143	6.00	858.00	126	.10	12.60	870.60
Harry E. Burkholder Paster and Folder	143	6.00	858.00	444	.10	44.40	902.40
William D. Culton Paster and Folder	143	6.00	858.00	146	.10	14.60	872.60
Peter G. Hertz Paster and Folder	143	6.00	858.00	56	.10	5.60	863.60
Albert W. Lloyd Paster and Folder	143	6.00	858.00	500	.10	50.00	908.00
John J. Rutherford Paster and Folder	143	6.00	858.00	210	.10	21.00	879.00
Frank Bell Clerk to President	...	.....	1,500.00	...	...	.....	1,500.00
J. Howard Feight Stenog. to President	...	.....	1,000.00	302	10	30.20	1,030.20
Ralph W. Hook Clk. to Prest. pro tem.	143	7.00	1,001.00	512	.10	51.20	1,052.20
Fred J. Chalfant Stenog. Pres. pro tem.	143	6.00	858.00	600	.10	60.00	918.00
Edgar G. Hoffman Stenog. to Chief Clerk	143	6.00	858.00	...	...	.....	858.00
Rev. Arthur C. James Chaplain	143	6.00	858.00	246	.10	24.60	882.60
Edward Ambush Watchman	143	6.00	858.00	210	.10	21.00	879.00
William J. Maguire Watchman	143	6.00	858.00	210	.10	21.00	879.00
George McCullough Overseer, Ht. and Vent.	143	6.00	858.00	210	.10	21.00	879.00
Robert P. Hawkes Clk. to Committee	143	7.00	1,001.00	500	.10	50.00	1,051.00
Alfred Jenkins Clk. to Committee	143	7.00	1,001.00	...	...	.....	1,001.00
Noel C. Kennedy Clk. to Committee	143	7.00	1,001.00	256	.10	25.60	1,026.60
Rudolph Krause Clk. to Committee	143	7.00	1,001.00	210	.10	21.00	1,022.00
Peter L. Livengood Clk. to Committee	143	7.00	1,001.00	359	.10	35.90	1,036.90
Joseph N. Mackerell Clk. to Committee	143	7.00	1,001.00	500	.10	50.00	1,051.00
Martin J. O'Malley Clk. to Committee	143	7.00	1,001.00	210	.10	21.00	1,022.00
John A. Schrader Clk. to Committee	143	7.00	1,001.00	522	.10	52.20	1,053.20
Cecil G. Shields Clk. to Committee	143	7.00	1,001.00	350	.10	35.00	1,036.00
Arthur A. Smith Clk. to Committee	143	7.00	1,001.00	6	.10	.60	1,001.60
Edgar E. Snyder Clk. to Committee	143	7.00	1,001.00	58	.10	5.80	1,006.80
Edward Wall Clk. to Committee	143	7.00	1,001.00	186	.10	18.60	1,019.60
Herman Dilsheimer Custodian Com. Room	143	6.00	858.00	210	.10	21.00	879.00
Andrew J. Elliott Custodian Com. Room	143	6.00	858.00	472	.10	47.20	905.20
Thomas Rudolph Custodian Com. Room	143	6.00	858.00	222	.10	22.20	880.20
Timothy J. Reardon Elevator Operator	143	6.00	858.00	132	.10	13.20	871.20
George Cokely Asst. Elevator Operator	143	6.00	858.00	188	.10	18.80	876.80
Anthony Frenie Custodian Wash Room	143	6.00	858.00	...	...	.....	858.00
Joseph M. McIntosh Asst. Cus. Wash Room	143	6.00	858.00	210	.10	21.00	879.00
J. Hauer Reinoehl Asst. Cus. Wash Room	143	6.00	858.00	54	.10	5.40	863.40

OFFICERS AND EMPLOYES OF THE SENATE, SESSION OF 1911—Continued.

	Days	Per Diem	Salary	Miles	Rate	Mileage	Total
John Herron Custodian Coat Room	143	6.00	858.00	500	.10	50.00	908.00
Josiah Higgins Custodian Basement	143	6.00	858.00	...	...	.....	858.00
Walter R. McKinney Asst. Cus. Basement	143	6.00	858.00	552	.10	55.20	913.20
Charles Diesing Cus. Newspaper Men's Room	143	6.00	858.00	270	.10	27.00	885.00
Edgar J. Albright Page to President	143	3.00	429.00	...	...	.....	429.00
George Booth Page, Prest. pro tem.	143	3.00	429.00	210	.10	21.00	450.00
Homer C. Yingst Chief Page	143	3.00	429.00	20	.10	2.00	431.00
Albert S. Cooper Page	143	2.00	286.00	...	...	.....	286.00
Derrick W. Fahnestock Page	143	2.00	286.00	...	...	.....	286.00
Weir L. Guistwhite Page	143	2.00	286.00	8	.10	.80	286.80
Jean W. Grove Page	143	2.00	286.00	...	...	.....	286.00
Wagner Hoffman Page	143	2.00	286.00	...	...	.....	286.00
Frank E. Johnston Page	143	2.00	286.00	72	.10	7.20	293.20
Walter D. McEvoy Page	143	2.00	286.00	...	...	.....	286.00
Bernard P. McShea Page	143	2.00	286.00	236	.10	23.60	309.60
William R. Nichols Page	143	2.00	286.00	240	.10	24.00	310.00
George Shneidman Page	143	2.00	286.00	...	...	.....	286.00
Frederick C. Sweeney Page	143	2.00	286.00	...	...	.....	286.00
Harold R. Teitrick Page	143	2.00	286.00	524	.10	52.40	338.40
James B. Tharp Page	143	2.00	286.00	...	...	.....	286.00
William Winters Page	143	2.00	286.00	...	...	.....	286.00
			$87,595.00			$2,199.20	$89,794.20

and recommended the adoption of the following resolution:

Resolved, That the President pro tempore draw upon the State Treasurer in favor of each of the above for the amounts set opposite their names.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. McILHENNY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. McILHENNY, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with favorable recommendation nominations made by His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, at to-day's session, which were laid upon the table.

EXECUTIVE SESSION

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. McILHENNY.

That Rule 38, which requires nominations made by the Governor, to lie on the table one day, be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into Executive Session for the purpose of acting upon all the nominations reported to-day since the last Executive Session.

Which was agreed to.

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. McILHENNY,

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nominations reported.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	Michnols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

RECESS.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 663.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented communication from the House of Representatives, informing the Senate that the House has adopted the report of the committee of conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses in relation to House Bill No. 663.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of the report of the committee of conference of House Bill No. 663.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The report was read as follows:

To the members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned committee of conference on part of the Senate and House of Representatives, for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 663, entitled "An Act amending and supplementing article fourteen of an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as same was amended and supplemented by an act approved the twentieth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one, by abolishing the present select and common councils, providing a new body to be known as the council, and fixing their terms of office and providing for the selection of members of council, prescribing the qualifications of members thereof, their powers and duties, and fixing their salaries," beg leave to submit the following amended bill as our report.

CARLES H. KLINE,
JAMES L. ADAMS,
JAMES P. M'NICHOL,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

GEORGE E. ALTER,
WILLIAM CONNER,
RICHARD J. BALDWIN,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act amending and supplementing article fourteen of an act entitled an act for the government of cities of the second class approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one

thousand nine hundred and one as same was amended and supplemented by an act approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one by abolishing the present select and common councils providing a new body to be known as the council and fixing their terms of office and providing for the selection of members of council prescribing the qualifications of members thereof their powers and duties and fixing their salaries

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That article fourteen of an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws twenty) as the same was amended and supplemented by an act approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and eighty-six) and which as amended and supplemented by said act reads as follows

ARTICLE XIV

Councils

Section 1 The legislative power shall be vested in two bodies to be designated as the select and common council Every legislative act of the council shall be by resolution or ordinance and every ordinance or resolution except as hereinafter provided shall before it takes effect be presented duly engrossed and certified to the city recorder for his approval The city recorder shall sign the said resolution or ordinance if he approves it or return the same to the branch of council wherein such resolution or ordinance originated within ten days or at the next meeting of councils after ten days have expired if he do not approve it with the reasons therefor and if thereupon each branch of councils pass the same within five days of such veto by a vote of three-fifths of all the members elected to each branch it shall become effective as though the city recorder had signed the same It shall equally become effective if he should neglect to return the same within such ten days

Section 2 Nothing herein contained shall be construed to repeal sections one and two of the act of June fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled "An Act in relation to the government of cities of the second class" nor the act of May twenty-sixth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one entitled "An Act fixing the ratio of representation of common councils in cities of the second class"

Section 3 Members of select councils shall have been residents of the city for at least five years before their election and members of common councils shall have been residents of the ward which they represent for at least three years

The removal of any member of select council from the ward or of any member of common council from the ward he represents shall forfeit the membership of such person and his place shall be filled at the next regular municipal election occurring more than thirty days after such removal

Section 4 All sessions of councils and of all committees and sub-committees thereof shall be public No ordinance or resolution shall be passed finally on the day of its introduction except in case of public emergency and then only when requested by the city recorder and approved by the affirmative votes of all the members of councils

Section 5 All taxes shall be levied and appropriations made annually by general ordinances prior to the first Tuesday of February except such taxes as may be levied and appropriations as may be made to provide for the payment of the principal and interest of any bonds to be issued and except also in cases of emergency when on a certificate signed by the city recorder and controller that such emergency exists a special appropriation may be made to meet the same

Section 6 From and after the passage of this act no person shall be elected to the office of Select or Common Council in cities of the second class who holds any other office position or employment under the government of the United States or State of Pennsylvania the county in which said city is located or in such city except notary public or commissioner of deeds and if any person who shall hereafter be elected a Select or Common Councilman shall during the term for which he was elected accept or hold any office position or employment under the government of the United States the State of Pennsylvania the county in which said city is located or in such city except the office of notary public or commissioner of deeds he shall at once forfeit the office of Councilman and shall not hold such during the term for which he was elected and it shall be the duty of the City Recorder to order an election within thirty days of a Councilman to serve out the term remaining of the Councilman so forfeiting his office providing there shall be at least six months of said term remaining after said election so ordered by the Recorder shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

ARTICLE XIV

Councils

Section 1 The Legislative power of cities of the second class shall be vested in one body which shall be known as the Council and which shall consist of not less than five members and an additional member for each seventy-five thousand inhabitants over two hundred thousand as shown by the last preceding United States decennial census up to five hundred thousand Said persons to be chosen in the manner and for the terms hereinafter set forth and the said Council shall by ordinance regulate their times and days of meeting and the mode of calling the same

Section 2 Immediately after the passage of this act the Governor shall appoint by and with the advice and consent of two-thirds of the Senate the members of Council who shall hold office until the first Monday of January Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and twelve At the general municipal election to be held in the present year in each city of the second class now existing and at the first municipal election occurring at least sixty days after any other city shall have entered said class there shall be elected the full number of Councilmen to which the city shall be entitled to serve from the first Monday of January following Said Councilmen shall meet and organize on said date and immediately thereafter divide themselves by lot into two classes the odd numbered to serve for two years and the even numbers for four years thereafter At each general election thereafter there shall be elected at large the number of Councilmen required to fill the places of those whose terms are about to expire to serve for four years and also to fill any vacancies caused by death resignation or removal occurring more than sixty days before such election to serve for the balance of the term of the member who has died resigned or removed

Section 3 Members of Council shall have been residents of the city for at least three years before their appointment or election they shall reside in the city during their term of office and shall not hold any other office position or employment under the government of the United States the State of Pennsylvania the said city or county in which it is situate during the terms for which they were elected except that of notary public commissioner of deeds officer in the National Guard of Pennsylvania officer or director in any national or State bank or trust company or membership on any commission for public works or improvements where such employment is without pecuniary compensation They shall not while members of Council hold any office position or employment in any corporation holding or applying for franchises from the city A member who has a personal or private interest in any measure or bill proposed or pending before the Council shall disclose the fact to the Council and shall not vote thereon nor take part in any discussion of the same Any Councilman violating any of the provisions of this section shall thereby forfeit his office

Section 4 Said Councilmen shall receive for their services during their term of service annual salaries to be fixed by ordinance payable in monthly installments Provided however the same shall not be less than two thousand dollars nor exceed six thousand five hundred dollars per annum and that Council shall by the ordinance fixing said salaries provide for the assessment and retention therefrom of reasonable fines for absence from regular or special meetings of Councils or Councilmanic committees

Section 5 Upon the first Monday of January following each general municipal election the council shall organize by electing one of their number as president to serve for a term of two years Council shall have power to authorize by ordinance the appointment of such employes as may be necessary for the proper discharge thereof They shall also have power to fix from time to time the salaries of all city officials and employes who are not elected The salaries and emoluments of all such officers shall not be increased or diminished during their term of office They shall also provide by general rules for regular meetings and for the calling of special meetings when required and prescribe general rules not inconsistent with the law for the conduct of business All regular meetings of Council and all committee meetings shall be open to the public

Section 6 The appointments hereafter to be made of the heads of all executive departments of said city now by law authorized to be made by the mayor thereof shall be subject to the approval of said council to be evidenced by resolution which shall receive the affirmative votes of a majority of all the members thereof failing which approval the mayor shall again designate another person or persons to fill the position or positions as to which the former nominations have failed of approval until the nominations are made which are approved by Council in the manner above set forth

Section 7 The head of any department who shall be found guilty after due notice and hearing of any corrupt act or practice malfeasance mismanagement of his official duties extortion receiving any gift or present from any contractor or from any person seeking or engaging in any work for or furnishing material to the city or from any incumbent or occupant of or candidate or applicant for any municipal office and for wilfully concealing any fraud committed against the city may be removed from office by resolution which shall receive the affirmative votes of a majority of all the members of Council and the approval of the mayor or should the mayor fail to approve the said resolution within ten days after its passage and submission to him then the said removal may be effected by a resolution of Council which shall receive a two-thirds affirmative vote of all the members thereof Provided however that the procedure thus established shall not have a retrospective or retroactive effect but that the procedure by impeachment under existing laws shall be and remain in force exclusively as to any causes arising before the beginning of the terms of the Councilmen as herein provided In the event of such removal the vacancy thus arising shall be filled in the manner hereinbefore provided in the case of other vacancies A judge of the court of common pleas of the county in which such city is located to be chosen by the council shall preside at any hearing held under the provisions of this section and decide finally all question of law and question relating to the admission of evidence that may arise in the case He shall have the power to issue subpoenas for witnesses and compel their attendance by attachment and the production of books papers and documentary evidence required or called for by the said judge and council and to punish witnesses and others for contempt as fully as any court of this Commonwealth may lawfully do in any case

Section 8 Council and the mayor or either shall have the right to call for such information from every department either at stated intervals or from time to time as they or either of them may think proper and it shall be the duty of the head of each department upon request by either the mayor or the Council to furnish to either full access to the books and records

of his department and as full information as to the operation of the same as the said mayor or council may require

Section 9 In the event of any vacancy occurring in said Council by death resignation or otherwise the same shall be filled by an election at which every member of Council and the mayor shall have one vote and the person receiving the majority of all votes cast shall be declared elected to serve in place of the members so dying resigning or otherwise vacating his position as member of council until the first Monday of January following the next general municipal election at which his successor could be chosen in accordance with the provisions of law governing municipal elections and as provided in section two herein

Section 10 Every legislative act of the Council shall be by resolution or ordinance and every ordinance or resolution except as hereinafter provided shall before it takes effect be presented duly engrossed and certified to the mayor for his approval The mayor shall sign the said resolution or ordinance within ten days if he approves it but if he shall not approve it he shall within said time return it with his objection to Council which shall at its next meeting after said return consider it If upon reconsideration Council shall pass the ordinance or resolution over the veto of the mayor by a two-thirds vote of all the members thereof it shall be a binding ordinance or resolution of the city It shall become effective should the mayor fail to sign the said ordinance or resolution or return the same to Council with his reasons for disapproving the same within ten days from the time said ordinance or resolution has been delivered to him by the city clerk The mayor may disapprove any item or items (or part or parts of the same) of any bill making appropriations and the part or parts of the bill approved shall be the law and the part or parts disapproved shall be void unless repassed according to the rules and limitations prescribed above for the passage of resolutions and ordinances over the mayor's veto

Section 11 Conferences of the mayor and Council jointly for the purpose of discussion of the business or legislation of the municipality may be called at any time upon the request of either the mayor or Council

Section 12 All sessions of the Council and of all committees and sub-committees thereof shall be public No ordinance or resolution shall be passed finally on the day of its introduction except in case of public emergency and then only when requested by the mayor and approved by the affirmative votes of all the members of Councils present

Section 13 All taxes shall be levied and appropriations made annually by general ordinances prior to the first Tuesday of February except such taxes as may be levied and appropriations as may be made to provide for the payment of the principal and interest of any bonds to be issued and except also in cases of emergency when on a certificate signed by the mayor and controller that such emergency exists a special appriation may be made to meet the same

Section 14 All provisions in the existing laws referring to the select and common councils of said city and all powers rights and duties which by existing laws devolve upon the members of select or common councils shall be taken to apply to and be vested in the council created by this act as fully and to the same extent as though the present council were herein named in so far as the same are not inconsistent with the foregoing rights powers and duties And whenever any proportionate affirmative vote of each branch of councils as at present constituted is required under existing laws to ordain or enact any ordinance or resolution the same proportionate affirmative vote of the council hereby created shall be sufficient for the passage thereof

Section 15 This act shall not be construed to repeal an act of the General Assembly entitled "An Act prescribing the mode and manner of electing the clerks of the city of Pittsburg and defining their duties" approved March seventh one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three nor shall this act be construed to repeal any other general local or special act not inconsistent with the provisions hereof

Section 16 This act shall take effect at once and the members of said council immediately upon their appointment shall organize by the election of one of their number as president who shall serve until the first Monday of January in the year one thousand nine hundred and twelve

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—27.

Adams	Fox	Jones	McNichols
Baldwin	Hall	Keyser	Salus
Catlin	Heacock	Kline	Vare
Clark	Homsher	Kurtz	Wilbert
Cooper	Huffman	McConnell	Wolf
DeWitt	Hunter	McIlhenny	Crow
Endsley	Jamison	**McNichol**	Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—5.

Jarrett	Nulty	Powell	Weingartner
Miller			

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 639.

He also reported communication from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has adopted the report of the committee of conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses in relation to House Bill No. 639.

Mr. WILBERT. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of the report of the committee of conference on House Bill No. 639.

Mr. THOMSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The report was read as follows:

To the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned, committee of conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 639 entitled "An Act authorizing cities of the second class to regulate the production or emission of smoke from chimneys, smokestacks or other source," beg leave to submit the following as our report:

DAVID A. WILBERT,
OSCAR E. THOMSON,
CHARLES H. KLINE,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

GEORGE W. RICHARDS,
H. A. McCLUNG,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act authorizing cities of the second class to regulate the production or emission of smoke from chimneys smokestacks or other source

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That cities of the second class shall have the power to regulate by ordinance the production or emission of smoke from any chimney smokestack or other source

On the qquestion,

Will the Senate agree to the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—37.

Adams	Heacock	Kline	Shields
Baldwin	Herbst	**Kurtz**	**Snyder**
Buckman	Homsher	Martin	Sones
Catlin	Huffman	McConnell	Sproul
Clark	Hunter	McIlhenny	Vare
Cooper	Jamison	McNichol	Wertz
DeWitt	Jones	Miller	Wilbert
Endsley	Judson	Morgan	Wolf
Fox	Keyser	Powell	**Crow**
Hays			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—1.

Jarrett

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye," the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

RECESS.

Mr. FOX. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. CATLIN. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The Acting President pro tempore (Mr. KLINE) in the Chair.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1118.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented communications from the House of Representatives informing the Senate that the House has adopted the report of the committee of conference on House Bill No. 1118.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of the report of the committee of conference on House Bill No. 1118.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The report was read as follows:

To the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned, committee of conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 1118 entitled "An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the annual

fixed charge for school purposes on lands held for forest reserves," beg leave to submit the following as our report:

CHARLES H. KLINE,
T. M. KURTZ,
F. E. BALDWIN,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

JAS. F. WOODWARD,
W. F. WHITMAN,
FRANK J. KLUMPP,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act making an appropriation for the payment of the annual fixed charge for school purposes on lands held for forest reserve

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of forty thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated for the payment of the annual fixed charge for school purposes on lands held for forest reserves for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	**Snyder**
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	**Miller**	Washers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	**Crow**
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now adjourn to meet to-morrow morning at 8.00 o'clock.

Mr. WILBERT. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The Senate adjourned at 11.55 o'clock P. M. until 8.00 o'clock Thursday morning, May 25th, 1911.

ERRATUM.

In proceedings of March 27, 1911, page 919, second column, under heading "Senate Bill No. 46 Returned With Amendments."

An act authorizing the erection of workhouses jointly by two or more counties of this Commonwealth

should read,

An act providing for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by prohibiting the sale the offering for sale or exposing for sale or the having in possession with intent to sell of adulterated or deleterious sausage defining sausage and prescribing the penalty for the violation thereof

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, May 24, 1911.

MORNING SESSION.

The House met at 10.00 o'clock A. M.

The Speaker (JOHN F. COX) in the Chair.

Prayer by the Chaplain, W. C. Jones.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings. The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings, when, on motion of Mr. PHILLIPS, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1369 (Senate No. 379), entitled:

An act authorizing the Battlefield Commission of the Third Division Ninth Corps Army of the Potomac to purchase additional ground and authorizing the preparation and publication of a history of the proceedings incident to the erection and dedication of the monument at Petersburg Virginia including a history of the Pennsylvania regiments in said division and making an appropriation therefor

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—165.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Keister,	Rider
Ailman	Eichenberger	Kelley, J.	Riebel
Akers	Enbody	Kelly, M.	Robinson
Allen	Ewing	Kelsey,	Robison
Alter	Fahey	Kern,	Roney
Anderson	Fay	Klingerman,	Row
Baldwin, B.	Feeney	Klumpp,	Rumsey
Bass	Ferguson	Knight,	Sassaman
Bender	Freeman	Lafferty,	Savidge
Bentley	Frey	Larkins,	Schad
Billman	Gans	Light,	Schmidt
Bosher	Geary	Magee,	Schofield
Bossert	Gibson	Malie,	Scott, J.
Boyd	Good	Mannion,	Scott, S.
Brehm	Gransback	Martin,	Shadrach
Breitinger	Gray	Marvin,	Shaffer
Brennan	Graybill	Matt,	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Guyaux	McArdle,	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Haggerty	McClung,	Shoemaker
Carroll	Halferty	McInerney,	Shreve
Carter	Healey	McMullen,	Snavely
Clarency	Hecht	McNichol,	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Henry	Miller,	Speer,
Clymer	Herman	Moore,	Steese,
Connell	Hess	Morris,	Stein,
Conner, P.	Hibshman	Moses	Townsend
Conner, W.	Hobbs	Moulthrop	Tunis
Conrade	Hoover	Neel	Von Tacky
Cox, E.	Hormell	Newbaker	Wallace
Crum	Hough	North	Walnut
Cumbler	Howard	Perry	Walton
Currier	Hunter, J. N.	Piper	Ward, W., Jr.
Curry	Hunter, R. P.	Pitchford	Ward, W. B.
Dale	Irwin	Raesley	Watts
Dallas	Jackson,	Rath	Welch
Davis, A.	Johnson, O,	Reece	Whitman
Davis, W.	Johnson, D,	Reel	Williams
Dershem	Johnston,	Reeser	Wilson
Detzel	Jones, E,	Reno	Woodward
Donahoe	Jones, J,	Rhoads	Young
Donnally	Keene,	Richards	Cox, J.
Dunn, J.			Speaker

NAYS—1.

Maurer,

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 805 (Senate Bill No. 476), as follows:

An act authorizing poor districts to acquire lands supply erect and equip hospitals for the care and treatment of indigent persons afflicted with tuberculosis and providing for a per capita allowance by the State for the patients trained therein Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvaina in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That poor districts in this Commonwealth be authorized to acquire lands supply erect and equip hospitals or sanatoriums for the care and treatment of indigent persons afflicted with tuberculosis

Section 2 That any poor district may hereafter supply erect and equip a suitable institution for the maintenance care and treatment of indigent persons afflicted with tuberculosis according to plans and specifications approved by the Department of Health of the State of Pennsylvania which hospital or sanatorium shall be provided with all the modern appliances for the treatment of tuberculosis with a medical superintendent of experience in the treatment of tuberculosis and who shall be in actual practice for at least five years in which the said patients are attended by trained and skilled nurses and in every way receive the same care and attention as they would in any State sanatorium for care and treatment of tuberculosis

And said bill having been read at length the third time,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—168.

Abbott	Dunn, H.	Keister,	Rhoads
Ailman	Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.	Richards
Akers	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M.	Rider
Allen	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Riebel
Alter	Enbody	Kern,	Robinson
Anderson	Ewing	Klingerman,	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Fahey	Klumpp,	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Fay	Knight,	Roney
Bartman	Freeman	Lafferty,	Row
Bass	Frey	Larkins,	Sassaman
Bender	Geary	Light,	Savidge
Bentley	Gibson	Lindsay,	Schad
Billman	Gilkeson	Lowe,	Schmidt
Blair	Good	Magee,	Schofield
Bossert	Gransback	Malie,	Schultz
Boyd	Gray	Mannion,	Scott, J.
Brehm	Graybill	Martin	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Guyaux	Marvin,	Shadrach
Brennan	Haggerty	Matt,	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Halferty	Maurer,	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Healey	McArdle,	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McGowan,	Shreve
Carroll	Henry	McJunkin,	Snyder, A.
Carter	Herman	Mullen,	Snyder, P.
Clarency	Hess	McNichol,	Speer,
Cleary	Hibshman	Miller	Stein,
Clymer	Hilton	Moore,	Swan
Cole	Hobbs	Morris,	Townsend
Connell	Hoover	Moses	Tunis
Conner, P.	Hormell	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Conner, W.	Hough	Neel	Von Tacky
Conrade	Howard	Newbaker	Wallace
Cox, E. R.	Hunter, J. N.	North	Walton
Crum	Hunter, R. P.	Perry	Ward, W., Jr.
Cumbler	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W. B.
Currier	Jackson,	Piper	Watts
Curry	Johnson, C,	Pitchford	Williams
Dale	Johnston,	Raesley	Wilson
Dallas	Jones, E.	Reece	Woodward
Davis, W.	Jones, J.	Reeser	Young
Detzel	Keely,	Reno	Cox, J.
Donnally	Keene,		Speaker

NAYS—1.

Feeney

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 832 (Senate No. 287), entitled:

An act supplementing an act approved the fifteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic to be called the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic and making an appropriation therefor" by abolishing the commission therein established providing for the completion of said institution regulating the powers of the board of trustees and repealing the tenth and seventeenth sections thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—176.

Abbott	Donnally	Keister,	Rider
Allman	Dunn, H.	Kelley, J.	Riebel
Akers	Dunn, J.	Kelly, M.	Robinson
Allen	Ehrhardt	Kelsey,	Robison
Alter	Eichenberger	Kern,	Rockwell
Anderson	Ewing	Kinney	Roney
Baldwin, R.	Fahey	Klingerman,	Row
Bartman	Fay	Klumpp,	Rumsey
Bass	Ferguson	Knight,	Sassaman
Bender	Freeman	Lafferty,	Savidge
Bentley	Frey	Larkins,	Schad
Billman	Geary	Light,	Schmidt
Blair	Gibson	Lindsay,	Schofield
Bosher	Gilkeson	Lowe,	Scott, J.
Bossert	Good	Magee,	Scott, S.
Boyd	Gransback	Malie,	Shadrach
Brehm	Gray	Martin,	Shaffer
Breitinger	Graybill	Marvin,	Shannon
Brennan	Grove	McAleer,	Sherwood
Caldwell	Guyaux	McClung,	Shoemaker
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McGowan,	Shreve
Campbell, J.	Healey	McJunkin,	Snavely
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McKean,	Snyder, A.
Carroll	Henry	McNichol,	Snyder, P.
Carter	Herman	Miller,	Speer,
Clarency	Hess	Mills,	Stein,
Cleary	Hibshman	Moore,	Townsend
Clymer	Hilton	Morris,	Tunis
Cole	Hobbs	Moses	Ulerich
Connell	Hoffman	Moulthrop	Von Tacky
Conner, P.	Holland	Neel	Wallace
Conner, W.	Hoover	Newbaker	Walnut
Conrade	Hormell	North	Walton
Cox, E.	Hough	Perry	Ward, W., Jr.
Crum	Howard	Phillips	Ward, W. B.
Cumbler	Hunter, J. N.	Piper	Watts
Currier	Hunter, R. P.	Pitchford	Welch
Curry	Jackson,	Rath	Whitman
Dale	Johnson, D,	Reece	Wilcox
Dallas	Johnston,	Reel	Williams
Davis, A.	Jones, E,	Reeser	Wilson
Davis, W.	Jones, J,	Reno	Woodward
Dershem	Keely,	Rhoads	Young
Detzel	Keene,	Richards	Cox, J.
Donahoe			Speaker

NAYS—2.

Baldwin, G. Feeney

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 891 (Senate No. 298), entitled:

An act authorizing and empowering cities and boroughs in their corporate capacity to enact ordinances prescribing such reasonable regulations for the mining of coal beneath said cities and boroughs as may tend to prevent the settling or caving in of the surface

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. ALLEN. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Allen.

Mr. ALLEN. Mr. Speaker, It does appear to me that the members should know that this legislation has been approved by the Governor, or a bill something akin to this one. Now, it seems to me that this commission ought to be dispensed with or that the boroughs should be allowed to legislate for themselves. One of the two things is certain. It seems to me that this bill ought to be stricken from the calendar, and I so move.

Mr. JOHN R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I hope the members in this House will consider the fact that the gentlemen from Lackawanna and Luzerne, both the members and the Senators, have expressed the greatest interest in this bill. They say it is a bill that is essential in order to protect the homes of the residents in the smaller towns of Luzerne and Lackawanna County. There are many men vitally interested in this bill, all their constituents are expecting this bill to pass. It was originally passed out of the committee, then sent back to the committee, and I think it would be a very great discourtesy to strike this bill off the calendar.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—121.

Abbott	Donnally	Jones, J,	Raesley
Allman	Dunn, J.	Keene,	Rath
Alter	Ehrhardt	Kelley, J.	Rebert
Baldwin, G.	Enbody	Kelly, M.	Reece
Baldwin, R.	Fahey	Kelsey,	Reel
Bartman	Feeney	Kern,	Reno
Bass	Ferguson	Kinney	Riebel
Bender	Flynn	Klumpp,	Robinson
Benson	Gibson	Knight,	Rockwell
Billman	Gilkeson	Lafferty,	Roney
Bossert	Good	Larkins,	Row
Breitinger	Gransback	Light,	Rumsey
Brennan	Gray	Lowe,	Sassaman
Campbell, C.	Guyaux	Magee,	Schad
Campbell, J.	Haggerty	Malie,	Schofield
Campbell, W.	Healey	Mannion,	Scott, J.
Carter	Henry	Matt,	Scott, S.
Clarency	Herman	Maurer,	Shadrach
Cleary	Hibshman	McAleer,	Shaffer
Clymer	Hilton	McGowan,	Shoemaker
Conner, P.	Hobbs	McInerney,	Snyder, A.
Conner, W.	Hoffman	McJunkin,	Snyder, P.
Cox, E.	Holland	McKean,	Swartz
Crum	Hoover	Miller,	Walnut
Curry	Hough	Moses	Ward, W., Jr.
Dale	Hunter, R. P.	Newbaker	Watts
Dallas	Irwin	North	Wilcox
Davis, A.	Jackson,	Phillips	Wilson
Davis, W.	Johnson, D,	Piper	Young
Dershem	Johnston,	Pitchford,	Cox, J. Speaker

NAYS—16.

Allen	Fay	Keister,	Robison
Bosher	Freeman	Marvin,	Savidge
Eichenberger	Halferty	Neel	Townsend
Ewing	Jones, E,	Rhoads	Ward, W. B.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 846.

Mr. HOOVER. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Clearfield, Mr. Hoover.

Mr. HOOVER. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 846, entitled:

An act to amend the second section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled "An Act to authorize cities and boroughs to condemn property and rights inside and outside of their limits for the purposes of obtaining and supplying water" by fixing the number of the viewers at three

fell on final passage be reconsidered.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. JOHN R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. John R. K. Scott.

Mr. JOHN R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, this bill which failed upon final passage was on page two of Tuesday's calendar, and is one of the 17 bills that were offered by Senator Tustin reducing the number of viewers to three, which is approved by the Legislative Highway Department, and all the rest were passed and sent to the Governor for his signature. This would be an oddity to let this bill fall.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—170.

Allman	Fay	Lafferty	Robinson
Akers	Freeman	Larkins	Robison
Allen	Frey	Light	Rockwell
Alter	Gans	Lindsay	Roney
Anderson	Gibson	Lowe	Row
Baldwin, G.	Gilkeson	Magee	Rumsey
Baldwin, R.	Good	Malie	Sassaman
Bartman	Gransback	Mannion	Savidge
Bass	Gray	Martin	Schad
Bender	Graybill	Marvin	Schmidt
Benson	Guyaux	Matt	Schofield
Bentley	Haggerty	Maurer	Schultz
Billman	Halferty	McAleer	Scott, J.
Blair	Healey	McArdle	Scott, S.
Bosher	Hecht	McClung	Sherwood
Boyd	Henry	McGowan	Shoemaker
Brehm	Herman	McInerney	Shreve
Breitinger	Hibshman	McJunkin	Snavely
Brennan	Hilton	McKean	Snyder, A.
Campbell, C	Hobbs	McMullen	Snyder, P.
Carroll	Hoover	McNichol	Speer
Carter	Hormell	Miller	Steese
Clarency	Hough	Moore	Stein

Cleary	Howard	Morris	Swan
Clymer	Hunter J. N.,	Moses	Swartz
Connell	Hunter, R. P.,	Moulthrop	Townsend
Conner, P.	Irwin	Neel	Tunis
Conner, W.	Jackson	Newbaker	Ulerich
Conrade	Johnson, C. V.,	North	Von Tacky
Cox, E.	Johnson, D. D.,	Perry	Wallace
Currier	Johnston	Phillips	Walnut
Curry	Jones, E. E.,	Pitchford	Ward, W., Jr.
Dale	Jones, J. R.,	Raesley	Ward, W. B.
Dallas	Keely,	Rath	Watts
Davis, A.	Keene,	Reasert	Welch
Dershem	Keister	Reece	Whitman
Donnally	Kelley, J.,	Reeser	Wilcox
Dunn, H.	Kelly, M. C.,	Reno	Williams
Dunn, J.	Kelsey,	Rhoads	Wilson
Ehrhardt	Kern	Richards	Woodward
Eichenberger	Klingerman	Rider	Young
Ewing	Klumpp	Riebel	Cox, J.
Fahey	Knight		Speaker

NAYS—4.

Bossert	Davis, W.	Enbody	Shadrach

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1270 (Senate No. 604), entitled:

An act to protect trees and woodlands and providing punishment for violation thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—149.

Abbott	Detzel	Jones, J. R.,	Richards
Allman	Donahoe	Keely,	Riebel
	Donnally	Keene,	Robinson
Allen	Ehrhardt	Keister	Robison
Alter	Eichenberger	Kelley, J.,	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Ewing	Kelly, M. C.,	Roney
Bartman	Fahey	Kelsey,	Row
Bass	Fay	Klingerman	Sassaman
Bender	Freeman	Klumpp	Savidge
Benson	Frey	Larkins	Schad
Bentley	Gans	Light	Schmidt
Billman	Geary	Lindsay	Schofield
Blair	Gibson	Magee	Scott, J.
Bosher	Gilkeson	Malie	Scott, S.
Boyd	Good	Marvin	Shaffer
Brehm	Gransback	McAleer	Sherwood
Breitinger	Graybill	McClung	Shoemaker
Brennan	Grove	McInerney	Shreve
Campbell, C.	Guyaux	McJunkin	Snyder, P.
Campbell, J.	Haggerty	McMullen	Speer
Campbell, W.	Halferty	McNichol	Steese
Carroll	Hecht	Miller	Stein
Carter	Henry	Moore	Swartz
Clarency	Herman	Morris	Townsend
Cleary	Hess	Moses	Tunis
Clymer	Hibshman	Moulthrop	Von Tacky
Connell	Hobbs	Neel	Walnut
Conner, P.	Hoover	Newbaker	Walton
Conner, W.	Hormell	North	Ward, W., Jr.
Conrade	Hough	Perry	Ward, W. B.
Cox, E.	Howard	Pitchford	Watts
Crum	Hunter, R. P.,	Raesley	Whitman
Cumbler	Irwin	Rath	Williams
Currier	Jackson	Reel	Wilson
Curry	Johnson, C. V.,	Reeser	Woodward
Dale	Johnson, D. D.,	Reno	Young
Dallas	Johnston	Rhoads	Cox, J.
Davis, A.	Jones, E. E.,		Speaker

NAYS—2.

Davis, W.	Dershem

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILLS RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1215:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Reform School at Morganza Pennsylvania and granting its managers the authority to raze old buildings

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment, in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Amend section 1, line 40, by striking out the word "ten" and insert in lieu thereof the word "fifteen ;" also in line 40 strike out "($10,000)" and insert in lieu thereof "($15,000)"

Line 47 by striking out the word "two" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "three;" line 48 strike out "sixty-seven—eighty-seven" and insert "seventy-two" "($72,000)"; in line 49 strike out "($67,000) ($87,000)" and insert "(72,000);" in line 52 strike out the word "fifteen" and insert "twenty-five," strike out "($15,000)" and insert "($25,000)"

Strike out all of lines 54, 55 and 56

Mr. WOODWARD. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House non-concur in said amendments.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE INSISTS ON NON-CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments made and insisted upon by the House of Representatives to Senate Bill No. 506, entitled:

An act regulating the licensing of brewers and distillers and repealing an act approved the twenty-first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven entitled "An Act providing that the manufacturers who shall pay a certain sum annually into the treasury of the Commonwealth shall sell only malt or brewed liquors of their own manufacture to dealers only who have been licensed by the court"

Mr. SCHAD. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House recede from the amendments made by the House to said bill.

Mr. ALLEN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question.

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. S. B. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. S. B. Scott.

Mr. S. B. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, this is one of the most important measures that we have had before us this session and it is imperative that the House should thoroughly understand the exact import of the question upon which we are now asked to vote. I would like to have you remember the parliamentary situation of this bill: It was a Senate bill, to which the House made sundry and very important amendments. When these amendments were put before the Senate, the Senate refused to concur, and the bill is now before the House under a motion that the House shall recede from the amendments put into this bill by the House. That is the meaning of the vote. If you recede from your amendments you pass the bill. Therefore every opponent of this bill will vote no, and every friend of the brewers and peddling liquor men will vote aye.

Mr. Speaker, I arise to a question of parliamentary privilege, and state the point that in order to recede from the amendments a majority is necessary, and I make the inquiry, does it require a constitutional majority or a majority of a quorum of the House?

The SPEAKER. A majority of the quorum.

Mr. S. B. SCOTT. I will ask the further question, suppose that the House recedes from the amendments by a majority vote, does the bill pass?

The SPEAKER. Yes, sir. The bill then becomes a law.

Mr. ROCKWELL. Mr. Speaker, I want to call the attention of the House to one of the amendments that were put into this bill, which changes the amount which the brewers and distillers can sell, and also changes the method of orders. One of the amendments that the House put in was that an order must be in the place. If we recede from these amendments it will open the thing wider than ever it has been before. Most of us understand the trouble that the Senate has had over this bill, and it seems to me that in justice to this House we ought to insist on these amendments and not recede from them.

Mr. V. GILPIN ROBINSON. Mr. Speaker, I would appreciate it very much if the Chair would again state the proposition exactly that is before the House in order that we may know exactly how we are voting.

The SPEAKER. The vote will be whether or not the House will recede from the amendments non-concurred in by the Senate.

On the question,

Will the House recede from its amendments non-concurred in by the Senate?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. S. B. SCOTT and Mr. ROCKWELL, and were as follows:

YEAS—74.

Allen	Fay	Klumpp	Reeser
Bass	Flynn	Larkins	Richards
Bentley	Gans	Magee	Riebel
Bosher	Geary	Malie	Robison
Brennan	Gransback	Marvin	Roney
Carter	Graybill	McArdle	Savidge
Clarency	Haggerty	McClung	Schad
Cleary	Healey	McInerney	Schmidt
Connell	Hecht	McMullen	Schultz
Conrade	Hibshman	McNichol	Scott, J.
Cumbler	Hoover	Miller	Shadrach
Curry	Hough	Moore	Sherwood
Dale	Johnson, C. V.,	Morris	Snyder, A.
Davis, A.,	Johnson, D. D.,	Perry	Stein
Detzel	Keely,	Phillips	Swan
Dunn, J.	Keene	Pitchford	Woodward
Eichenberger	Keister	Raesley	Young
Ewing	Kinney	Rath	Cox, J.
Fahey	Klingerman		Speaker

NAYS—108.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelley, J.,	Rockwell
Ailman	Enbody	Kelly, M. C.,	Row
Alter	Feeney	Kern	Rumsey
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Knight	Sassaman
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Light	Schofield
Bender	Freeman	Lindsay	Scott, S.
Benson	Frey	Lowe	Shaffer
Billman	Gibson	Mannion	Shannon
Bossert	Gilkeson	Martin	Shoemaker
Boyd	Good	Matt	Shreve
Brehm	Gray	Maurer	Snavely
Campbell, C.	Grove	McAleer	Snyder, P.
Campbell, J.	Guyaux	McGowan	Speer
Campbell, W.	Halferty	McJunkin	Steese
Carroll	Henry	McKean	Townsend
Clymer	Herman	Mills	Ulerich
Cole	Hilton	Moses	Von Tacky
Conner, P.	Hobbs	Moulthrop	Wallace
Conner, W.	Holland	Neel	Walnut
Cox, E.	Howard	Newbaker	Walton
Currier	Hunter J. N.,	North	Ward, W., Jr.
Dallas	Hunter, R. P.,	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Davis, W.	Irwin	Rehert	Watts
Dershem	Jackson	Reel	Welch
Donahoe	Johnston	Reno	Whitman
Donnally	Jones, E. E.,	Rhoads	Wilcox
Dunn, H.	Jones, J. R.,	Robinson	Williams
			Wilson

So the question was determined in the negative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows, viz:

In the Senate, May 23, 1911.

Whereas, During the period of the suppression of the strike in South Bethlehem in 1910, one Joseph Zambo, a peaceable citizen, not a striker, and in nowise involved in riotous or illegal conduct, but while inside a house engaged in a proper occupation, was shot and instantly killed by a bullet accidentally fired from a State policeman's revolver passing through the closed door;

And Whereas, Said Joseph Zambo, when so killed, had committed no wrong, and had done absolutely nothing to incite said revolver shot from said State policeman;

And Whereas, Said Joseph Zambo was a poor man and left surviving him residing in South Bethlehem a widow, Mary Zambo, and two minor children Joseph Zambo, Jr., and Stephen, one of the age of three years and the other of the age of five months, whose sole support was said Joseph Zambo, and who are accordingly now in destitute circumstances;

Therefore, Be it Resolved, (if the House concur), That the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, by virtue of the power vested in it by Section Eleven of Article First of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, does hereby authorize and allow Mary Zambo, in behalf of herself and her two minor children, Joseph and Stephen Zambo, to bring suit or suits against and to recover from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, either in law or in equity, in the Courts of Common Pleas of Dauphin County, such sum or sums of money as may be justly and properly due them, through the loss and deprivation of their husband and father, said Joseph Zambo, by his negligent and improper killing by a State Trooper at South Bethlehem in the fore part of the year 1910. Said suit or suits to be subject to the same rules of pleading and evidence as other suits brought in said court are subject.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

The resolution was twice read.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

THANKING MRS. SAMUEL DIXON FOR DONATION.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows, viz:

In the Senate, May 23, 1911.

Thanking Mrs. Samuel G. Dixon for the donation to the Commonwealth of the Union Chapel at Mont Alto Sanatorium as a place of worship for the tuberculosis patients;

Be it Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the members of the Legislature as the representatives of the people of the State and especially as the representatives of the tuberculous poor, do hereby express to Mrs. Samuel G. Dixon the high sense of appreciation that they feel for the generous donation, by means of which there has been erected on the grounds of the Pennsylvania State South Mountain Sanatorium at Mont Alto, a beautiful Union Chapel, as a place of worship for the tuberculous patients of the Sanatorium and their attendants.

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Commonwealth be instructed to have engrossed and sent to Mrs. Dixon a copy of these resolutions.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

The resolution was twice read.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1022:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Cottage State Hospital at Connellsville Fayette county Pennsylvania

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1 line 4 strike out the words "twenty-one" and insert in lieu thereof the words "twenty-two;" strike out the figures "($21,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($22,000)"

Strike out all after line 17 and insert the following

For the purpose of building and equipping an X-ray and pathological room the sum of one thousand dollars ($1,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of building and furnishing a sun parlor the sum of five hundrer ($500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For new instruments two hundred and fifty dollars ($250) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For insurance for two years the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars ($250) or so much thereof as may be necessary

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—162.

Abbott	Ewing	Klingerman,	Riebel
Ailman	Fahey	Klumpp,	Robinson
Akers	Feeney	Knight,	Robison
Allen	Ferguson	Lafferty,	Rockwell
Alter	Flynn	Larkins	Roney
Baldwin, G.	Freeman	Letzkus	Rumsey
Baldwin, R.	Gans	Light,	Sassaman
Bass	Geary	Lindsay,	Savidge
Bentley	Gibson	Magee,	Schad
Billman	Gilkeson	Malie,	Schmidt
Bosher	Good	Mannion,	Schofield
Boyd	Gransback	Martin,	Schultz
Brehm	Gray	Marvin,	Scott, J.
Breitinger	Grove	Matt	Shadrach
Brennan	Guyaux	McAleer,	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McArdle,	Sherwood
Campbell, W.	Healey	McClung,	Shoemaker
Carroll	Henry	McGowan,	Shreve
Carter	Herman	McJunkin,	Snavely
Clarency	Hibshman	McKean,	Snyder, A.
Cleary	Hobbs	McMullen,	Speer,
Clymer	Hoffman	McNichol,	Steese,
Connell	Holland	Miller,	Stein,
Conner, P.	Hoover	Mills,	Swan
Conner, W.	Hough	Moore,	Swartz
Conrade	Howard	Morris,	Townsend
Cox, E.	Hunter, J.	Moses	Tunis

Cumbler	Hunter, R. P.	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Currier	Irwin	Newbaker	Wallace
Curry	Johnson, C,	North	Walnut
Dale	Johnson, D,	[illegible]mps	Ward, W., Jr.
Davis, A.	Johnston,	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Davis, W.	Jones, E,	Pitchford	Watts
Dearden	Keely,	Rath	Whitman
Dershem	Keene,	Reece	Wilcox
Donahoe	Keister,	Reel	Williams
Donnally	Kelley, J.	Reeser	Wilson
Dunn, H.	Kelly, M.	Reno	Woodward
Dunn, J.	Kelsey,	Rhoads	Young
Ehrhardt	Kern,	Richards	Cox, J.
Eichenberger	Kinney		Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and the amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

HOUSE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 755:

An act to fix the compensation and allowances for members of the General Assembly

With information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the amendments made by the House of Representatives to Senate bills numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

Senate Bill No. 25:

An act amending sections three eight and fourteen of "An Act to provide for licensing and regulating employment agencies in cities of the first and second class in this Commonwealth and providing penalties for the violation thereof" approved the twenty-fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven

Senate Bill No. 277:

An act validating certain elections of counties cities boroughs school districts and other incorporated districts held pursuant to the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled 'An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof" and the amendments thereto and validating bonds issued in pursuance of such elections

Senate Bill No. 318:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one creating and regulating a city planning department giving it jurisdiction extending it over the city and for three miles beyond the city limits and regulating the laying out plans of lots within its jurisdiction

Senate Bill No. 422:

An act providing for the method contents and style report ing printing and binding of the Legislative Journal and the preparation printing and binding of the Journals of the Senate and House of Representatives authorizing the appointment of official reporters typewriters clerks and other employes providing for the making of an appendix and index the printing of wrappers or envelopes for mailing the Legislative Journal and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

Senate Bill No. 574:

An act providing for the protection of owners of animals or vehicles and providing penalties for the violation thereof

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE ADOPTS CONFERENCE REPORT ON SENATE BILL NO. 127.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has adopted the report of the committee of conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two Houses on Senate bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

Senate Bill No. 127:

An act establishing in each county a board of viewers prescribing their duties providing for the appointment as viewers road juries juries of view and commissioners to view land and providing for the charge upon the respective counties in the matter of salaries costs and expenses thereof

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE INSISTS ON NON-CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments made and insisted upon by the House of Representatives to Senate Bill No. 19, entitled:

An act fixing the penalty for murder of the first degree regulating the procedure incident thereto prescribing the place and manner of inflicting said penalty making an appropriation therefor and repealing the seventy-fifth section of an act approved the thirty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty entitled "An Act to consolidate revise and amend the penal code of this Commonwealth" and the seventy-sixth section of an act approved the thirty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty entitled "An act to consolidate revise and amend the laws of the Commonwealth relating to penal proceedings and pleading"

And has appointed Messrs. Clark, Tustin and Kline a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the House of Representatives (already appointed) on the subject of the differences existing between the two Houses in relation to said bill.

SENATE MESSAGE.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 639.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has insisted upon its amendments, non-concurred in by the House of Representatives, to House Bill No. 639, entitled:

An act authorizing cities of the second class to regulate the production or emission of smoke from chimneys smokestacks or other source

And has appointed Messrs. Wilbert, Thompson and Gerberich a Committee of Conference to confer with a similar committee of the House of Representatives (if the House of Representatives shall appoint such committee) on the subject of the differences existing between the two houess in relation to said bill.

On motion of Mr. McCLUNG

The House insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments to said bill and

Ordered, That Messrs. McClung, Hough and Richards be a Committee of Conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) in relation to the differences existing between the two Houses on said bill.

And that the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILLS SIGNED BY SPEAKER.

The Speaker announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 909:

An act making an appropriation to the Wyoming Valley Society for the Prevention and Treatment of Tuberculosis of Wilkes-Barre Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 910:

An act making an appropriation to the United Charities of Hazleton Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 911:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Middle Coal Field

House Bill No. 912:

An act making an appropriation to the Almira Home of New Castle Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 913:

An act making an appropriation to the Nanticoke Hospital Association

House Bill No. 914:

An act providing for an examination of the Nanticoke Hospital of Nanticoke Luzerne county Pennsylvania providing for the transfer under certain conditions of the said hospital to the Commonwealth regulating said hospital in the event of such transfer and making an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this act

House Bill No. 915:

An act making an appropriation to the Wilkes-Barre City Hospital

House Bill No. 917:

An act making an appropriation to the Old Ladies' Home of Wissinoming Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 921:

An act making an appropriation to the West Philadelphia Hospital for Women in the City of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 922:

An act making an appropriation for the Friends' Home for Children Philadelphia Pennsylvania situate at four thousand and eleven Aspen Street (West Philadelphia)

House Bill No. 924:

An act making an appropriation to the Women's Southern Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 925:

An act making an appropriation to the Union Home for Old Ladies of West Philadelphia

House Bill No. 926:

An act making an appropriation to the Penn Asylum for Indigent Widows and Single Women located at Belgrade Street and Susquehanna Avenue Philadelphia

House Bill No. 927:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Mary's Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 928:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Museum and School of Industrial Art of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 929:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Aged of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 930:

An act making an appropriation to the Nazarene Home for the Aged at Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 931:

An act making an appropriation to the Samaritan Hospital of Temple University of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 932:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Blind

House Bill No. 933:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Society to Protect Children from Cruelty of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 934:

An act making an appropriation towards the maintenance of the Pennsylvania Nautical School Ship located at the Port of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 935:

An act making an appropriation to the Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial Commission for the balance required to reimburse the railroad companies for the transportation to the dedication of the Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial dedicated September twenty-seventh one thousand nine hundred and ten of such veterans of Pennsylvania regiments and other organizations as were entitled to be transported thereto

House Bill No. 936:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Home Teaching Society and Free Circulating Library for the Blind

House Bill No. 937:

An act making an appropriation to the Kensington Hospital for Women at Philadelphia

House Bill No. 938:

An act making an appropriation to the Stetson Hospital of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 939:

An act making an appropriation to the Northwestern General Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 940:

An act making an appropriation to the Chestnut Hill Hospital of Chestnut Hill Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 943:

An act making an appropriation for the expenses required by an act entitled "An Act to provide for the continuance of the education and maintenance of the destitute orphans of the deceased soldiers sailors and marines and the destitute children of permanently disabled soldiers sailors and marines of the State" approved May twenty-fifth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine also making an appropriation to carry out the provisions of an act to provide for the education and maintenance of the children admitted to the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphans' Industrial School and the Soldiers' Orphans' Schools approved May twenty-seventh one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three

House Bill No. 945:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Seamen's Fund Society of Philadelphia Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 946:

An act making an appropriation for the McKeesport Hospital McKeesport Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 947:

An act making an appropriation to the Polyclinic Hospital of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 948:

An act making an appropriation to the Nursery Home of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 950:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Industrial Home at Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 951:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless at Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 952:

An act making an appropriation to the Sylvan Heights Home for Orphan Girls at Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 953:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Lunatic Hospital for the Southern District of Pennsylvania located at Harrisburg

House Bill No. 954:

An act to provide for the publishing of the proceedings of the dedication of the Pennsylvania Monument at Salisbury North Caroline erected under an act of the Legislature of Pennsylvania June thirteenth one thousand nine hundred and seven providing for the distribution and clerical work thereof and making an appropriation for the same

House Bill No. 955:

An act making an appropriation to the Harrisburg Hospital of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 956:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittendon Mission of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 957:

An act making an appropriation to the Good Samaritan Hospital of Lebanon Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 958:

An act refunding to the trustees of the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane the sum of fifteen thousand dollars to liquidate outstanding bills against said institution

House Bill No. 959:

An act amending the fifteenth section of an act approved the twenty-second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania and making an appropriation therefor" as amended by the first section of an act approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act amending section fifteen of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the chronic insane to be called the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania and making an appropriation therefor' approved the twenty-second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one so as to fix the maximum amount for maintenance weekly per capita" by increasing to three dollars and fifty cents the maximum amount per capita for weekly maintenance one dollar and fifty cents thereof to be paid by the county or poor district from which the patient shall have been received

House Bill No. 960:

An act providing for the exhibition and celebration in Philadelphia to commemorate the fiftieth anniversary of the Emancipation Proclamation creating a commission to conduct same and making an appropriation therefor

House Bill No. 961:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Institute for the Deaf and Dumb for maintenance and education of State pupils and also a special appropriation for one deaf dumb and blind pupil

House Bill No. 962:

An act making an appropriation to the Cottage State Hospital Phillipsburg Center County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 963:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Training in Speech of Deaf Children before they are of School Age at Belmont Avenue and Monument Road Philadelphia

House Bill No. 964:

An act making an appropriation to the Board of Commissioners of Navigation for the River Delaware and its Navigable Tributaries for two years from June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

House Bill No. 965:

An act to provide for the payment of expenses incident to the attendance of the Members of the Pennsylvania Legislature at the funeral of the Honorable J. Calvin Meyer deceased

House Bill No. 966:

An act making an appropriation to pay for the care treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane in the State and semi-State hospitals for the insane of the Commonwealth for the two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

House Bill No. 967:

An act making an appropriation to pay for the care treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane in county and local institutions of the Commonwealth for the two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

House Bill No. 968:

An act making an appropriation to cover the deficiencies incurred in the care treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane of the Commonwealth during the two years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and nine and ending May thirty-first one thousnd nine hundred and eleven

House Bill No. 969:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Memorial Home at Brookville Jefferson county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 970:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Epileptic Hospital and Colony Farm, Chester county, Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 971:

An act making an appropriation to the Beaver Valley General Hospital at New Brighton Beaver county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 972:

An act making an appropriation to the Rochester General Hospital at Rochester Beaver county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 973:

An act making an appropriation to the Beaver County Children's Home Association of New Brighton Beaver county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 974:

An act making an appropriation to the Sewickley Fresh Air Home in Beaver county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 975:

An act making an appropriation to the Passavant Memorial Homes for the Care of Epileptics at Rochester Beaver county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 976:

An act making an appropriation to the Adrian Hospital Association of Punxsutawney Jefferson county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 977:

An act making an appropriation to the National Farm School at Doylestown

House Bill No. 978:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Christopher's Hospital for Children of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 979:

An act making an appropriation to the Women's Homeopathic Association of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 980:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Infants

House Bill No. 981:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged Couples of the City of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 982:

An act making an appropriation to the Mount Sinai Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 983:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Museums

House Bill No. 984:

An act providing for the erection by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a statue in memory of General George Gordon Meade in the city of Washington and making an appropriation therefor

House Bill No. 985:

An act making an appropriation to the Roosevelt Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 986:

An act making an appropriation to the Howard Hospital of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 987:

An act making an appropriation to the Mount Pleasant Memorial Hospital Mount Pleasant Westmoreland county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 988:

An act making an appropriation to the Homestead Hospital Association of Homestead Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 989:

An act making an appropriation to the Joseph Ratti Hospital located at Bloomsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 990:

An act making an appropriation to the Markleton General Hospital at Markleton Somerset county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 991:

An act making an appropriation for the Pennsylvania Oral School for the Deaf

House Bill No. 992:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Home and Maternity Hospital of Scranton Lackawanna county

House Bill No. 993:

An act making an appropriation to the Carbondale Hospital Association of the City of Carbondale

House Bill No. 994:

An act making an appropriation for the Associated Charities and Humane Society of Lackawanna county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 995:

An act making an appropriation to the West Mountain Sanatorium of Scranton Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 996:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittendon Mission of Scranton

House Bill No. 997:

An act making an appropriation to the Hahnemann Hospital of Scranton Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 998:

An act making an appropriation to the Taylor Hospital Association

House Bill No. 999:

An act making an appropriation to the Mid-Valley Hospital

House Bill No. 1000:

An act making an appropriation to the Benevolent Association's Home for Children of Pottsville Schuylkill county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1001:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb

House Bill No. 1002:

An act making an appropriation to the Elk County General Hospital of Ridgway Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1003:

An act making an appropriation to the Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic Home Department of Pennsylvania at Hawkins Station Allegheny county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1004:

An act making an appropriation to the Suburban General Hospital of Bellevue Allegheny county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1005:

An act making an appropriation to the Allegheny General Hospital of Pittsburg North Side Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1006:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Western Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1007:

An act making an appropriation to the Curtis Home for Destitute Women and Children of the City of Pittsburg State of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1008:

An act making an appropriation to the Columbia Hospital at Wilkinsburg to be applied to maintenance and improvements

House Bill No. 1009:

An act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital at Wilkes-Barre Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1010:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittendon Circle of Wilkes-Barre Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1011:

An act to provide for the publishing of the proceedings of the dedication of the Pennsylvania Monument at Cold Harbor Virginia erected under an act of the Legislature of Pennsylvania June thirteenth one thousand nine hundred and seven providing for the distribution and clerical work thereof and making an appropriation therefor

House Bill No. 1012:

An act making an appropriation to the Girls' Training School one hundred and thirty-one East Third Street Williamsportt Lycoming county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1013:

An act making an appropriation to the Boys' Industrial Home at Williamsport Lycoming county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1015:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittendon Mission Williamsport Lycoming county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1016:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless of the City of Williamsport Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1017:

An act making an appropriation to the Lewistown Hospital of Lewistown

House Bill No. 1019:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Danville Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1020:

An act making an appropriation to the Butler County General Hospital at Butler Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1021:

An act making an appropriation to the Latrobe Hospital Latrobe Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1023:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Joseph's Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1024:

An act making an appropriation to the Historical Society of Western Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1025:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Francis Hospital of Pittsburg

House Bill No. 1026:

An act making an appropriation to the Presbyterian Hospital of Pittsburg

House Bill No. 1027:

An act making an appropriation for the Dixmont Hospital for the Insane at Dixmont in the County of Allegheny

House Bill No. 1029:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittsburg Home for Babies of Pittsburg

House Bill No. 1030:

An act making an appropriation to the Institution of Protestant Deaconesses of Allegheny county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1031:

An act making an appropriation to the Chartiers Valley Hospital of Ingram Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1032:

An act making an appropriation to the Montefiore Hospital Association of Pittsburg

House Bill No. 1033:

An act making an appropriation to the Home of the Good Shepherd of the County of Allegheny Troy Hill

House Bill No. 1034:

An act making an appropriation to the Industrial Home for Colored Working Girls Pittsburg

House Bill No. 1035:

An act making an appropriation to the German Home for Aged at Fair Oaks Allegheny county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1036:

An act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1037:

An act making an appropriation to the Orphans' Asylum of the Holy Family located at Emsworth in the County of Allegheny

House Bill No. 1038:

An act making an appropriation to the Protestant Home for Boys of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1039:

An act making an appropriation to Avery College Trade School of North Side Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1040:

An act making an appropriation to the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania located at Wernersville Pennsylvania to pay for the care treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane in said asylum for the two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

House Bill No. 1041:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Widows and Single Women of Lebanon and Lebanon county

House Bill No. 1042:

An act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburg

House Bill No. 1044:

An act making an appropriation to the Todd Hospital at Carlisle Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1045:

An act making an appropriation to the board of trustees of the Pennsylvania Soldiers and Sailors' Home at Erie Pennsylvania for maintenance of said home and fixing the annual maximum per capita rate of maintenance and providing that all moneys received from the United States by the Governor on account of maintenance shall be paid into the State Treasury

House Bill No. 1046:

An act making an appropriation for the refunding of fees paid into the State Treasury by applicants for a notary public commission when for any cause such commission shall not be received by the applicant and making an appropriation therefor

House Bill No. 1047:

An act making an appropriation to the New Castle Hospital at New Castle Lawrence county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1049:

An act making an appropriatiion to the Panther Creek Valley Hospital Coaldale Schuylkill county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1051:

An act making an appropriatiion to the Medico-Chirurgical Hospital of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1052:

An act making an appropriation for the House of Good Shepherd of Philadelphia situate at Thirty-fifth and Fairmount avenue

House Bill No. 1053:

An act making an appropriation to the Woman's Hospital of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1054:

An act making an appropriation to the Hebrew Sheltering Home and Day Nursery for Chidren in the county of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1055:

An act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act for the compilation and publication of the laws of the Province and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania prior to the year one thousand eight hundred" approved the nineteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven continuing the commissioers appointed in accordance with the provisions of said act for the further period of two years and making an appropriation for the expenses therein referred to

House Bill No. 1056:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Temporary Home of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1058:

An act making an appropriation to the Midnight Mission of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1059:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Orthopaedic Hospital and Infirmary for Nervous Diseases

House Bill No. 1060:

An act making an appropriation to the Wills Eye Hospital of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1061:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Protectory for Boys Protectory Station Montgomery county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1063:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint John's Orphan Asylum Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1066:

An act making an appropriation to the Lying-In Charity Hospital Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1067:

An act making appropriation to the Home for the Aged one thousand eight hundred and nine (1809) Mount Vernon Street Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1068:

An act making an appropriation to the Chester Hospital at Chester

House Bill No. 1070:

An act refunding to Margaret F D Leiper moneys mistakenly paid by her into the State Treasury

House Bill No. 1072:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania at South Mountain Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1073:

An act making an appropriation to the House of the Good Shepherd in the city of Reading Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1074:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Hospital in the City of Reading Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1075:

An act making an appropriation to the Beulah Anchorage of Reading Reading Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1076:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Friendless Children in the City of Reading Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1077:

An act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital of Reading Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1078:

An act making an appropriation to the Reading Hospital in the City of Reading Pensylvania

House Bill No. 1079:

An act making an appropriation to the Berks County Tuberculosis Society for the erection of an additional hospital building and water plant on its ground on Neversink Mountain Berks county and for maintenance of its sanatorium there

House Bill No. 1082:

An act making an appropriation for the providing and erection of armories throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the use of the National Guard of Pennsylvania said armories to be erected managed and cared for under direction of the State Armory Board also an appropriation for the care and management of armories erected or provided and to be erected or provided for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven necessary repairs and contingent expenses and maintenance of armories actual traveling expenses of members of State Armory Board clerical expenses also an appropriation contingent upon fire or other cause and which may damage or destroy an armory or armories

House Bill No. 1083:

An act making an appropriation to the Paradise Protectory and Agricultural School at Paradise York County Pennsylvania

House Bill No 1085:

An act to provide for the payment of appropriations heretofore made or hereafter to be made by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to a corporation or corporations now or hereafter merged or consolidated

House Bill No. 1087:

An act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of continuing and maintaining schools among the Cornplanter Indians of Warren County" approved the tenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five by increasing the annual appropriation

House Bill No. 1088:

An act making an appropriation of two hundred dollars per year for a period of two years for the purpose of maintaining a public road through the Cornplanter Indian Reservation and the bridges on said road in Elk Township Warren County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1089:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Warren Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1090:

An act making an nppropriation to the Warren Emergency Hospital of Warren Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1091:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Orphan's Asylum of Tacony Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1092:

An act making an appropriation to The Berean Manual Training and Industrial School

House Bill No. 1093:

An act making an appropriation to the Northern Home for Friendless Children of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1094:

An act making an appropriation to the West Philadelphia General Homeopathic Hospital and Dispensary

House Bill No. 1095:

An act making an appropriation to the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia for the maintenance of its hospital department and the construction of a building to provide for the maternity department of that hospital

House Bill No. 1096:

An act making an appropriation to the Johnstown City Hospital

House Bill No. 1097:

An act making an appropriation to the Conemaugh Valley Memorial Hospittal at the City of Johnstown

House Bill No. 1098:

An act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital of Johnstown located in the City of Johnstown Cambria County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1099:

An act making an appropriation to the Christian Home of Johnstown Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1100:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Luke's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1101:

An act making an appropriation for the Thaddeus Stevens Industrial School of Pennsylvania at Lancaster Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1102:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Friendless Children for the city and county of Lancaster Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1103:

An act making an appropriation to the Lancaster General Hospital

House Bill No. 1104:

An act making an appropriation to the Easton Hospital at Easton Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1105:

An act making an appropriation to the Berwick Hospital Berwick Columbia County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1107:

An act making an appropriation to the United Zion Home and Hospital Lititz Lancaster County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1108:

An act making an appropriation to the Topographic and Geological Survey Commission of Pennsylvania for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the Topographic and Geological Survey Commission of Pennsylvania to establish and maintain a topographic and geological survey of the State, fixing salaries providing for the printing and binding of the results of said survey and furnishing of supplies and stationery and making an appropriation therefor" approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

House Bill No. 1109:

An act to provide for the making of facsimiles of ancient document papers seals and arms belonging to the Commonwealth and making an appropriation therefor

House Bill No. 1110:

An act making an appropriation to the Department of Forestry to be used in rebuilding the dam at Promised Land Pond in Pike county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1111:

An act making an appropriation to the Columbia Hospital located at Columbia Lancaster county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1112:

An act making an appropriation to the Bellefonte Hospital at Bellefonte Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1114:

An act making an appropriation to the Williamsport Hospital of the city of Williamsport Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1115:

An act making an appropriation to the Charity Hospital of Montgomery county Pennsylvania locatted at Norristown

House Bill No. 1116:

An act making an appropriation to Saont Joseph's Protectory Norristown Pensylvania

House Bill No. 1117:

An act making an appropriation to the State Hospittal for the Insane for the Southeastern Distrca of Pennsylvania at Norristown Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1120:

An act making an appropriation to the Pottstown Hospital Pottstown Montgomery county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1121:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvvania Industrial School formerly located at Paoli Chester county and now located at Eaglesville Montgomery county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1122:

An act making an appropriation for the purchase of lands by the Department of Forestry to be set aside and held as State forest reserves

House Bill No. 1124:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital

House Bill No. 1125:

An act making an appropriation to the Colored Women's Relief Association of Western Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintaining the Davis Temporary Home for Colored Children and Day Nursery located at Pittsburg Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

House Bill No. 1126:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital for maintenance

House Bill No. 1127:

An act making an appropriation to enable the Secretary of Internal Affairs to purchase from the United States Government standard tests of weights and measures for use of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1128:

An act making an appropriation to the General and Emergency Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1130:

An act making an appropriation to the Visiting Nurse Association located in North Side city of Pittsburg Allegheny county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1131:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Humane Society

House Bill No. 1132:

An act making an appropriation to the Allegheny Valley Hospital at Tarentum Allegheny county

House Bill No. 1134:

An act making an appropriation to the Ohio Valley General Hospital at McKees Rocks Allegheny county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1135:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Fairview Wayne county

House Bill No. 1136:

An act making an appropriation to the South Side Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1137:

An act making an appropriation to Saint John's General Hospital of Allegheny City

House Bill No. 1138:

An act making an appropriation to the Boys' Industrial Home of Western Pnensylvania located at Oakdale Allegheny county

House Bill No. 1139:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home and Rescue Mission of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1140:

An act making an appropriation to the Western State Penitentiary

House Bill No. 1142:

An act making an appropriation to the Tuberculosis League of Pittsburg Pennsylvania for maintenance and improvement

House Bill No. 1143:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1144:

An act making an appropriation to the George JJunior Republic Association of Western Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1145:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittsburg and Allegheny Home for the Friendless situated in the city of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1146:

An act making an appropriation to the Woods Run Industrial House of Allegheny now North Side Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1148:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittsburg Newsboys' Home of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1149:

An act making an appropriation to the St. Joseph's Protectory for Homeless Boys of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1151:

An act making an appropriation to the Chambersburg Hospital of Chambersburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1152:

An act making an appropriation to the Chidren's Aid Society of Franklin county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1153:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of a deficiency that has arisen under the provisions of an act entitled "An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania etc" approved the tenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and making an additional appropriation for expenses that may be required under the provisions of said act for the two years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

House Bill No. 1154:

An act making an appropriation to defray the expenses incident to the dedication of the monument now being erected under the provisions of an act of Assembly approved May thirteenth one thousand nine hundred and nine in the National Cemetery at Culpeper Virginia to the memory of the Pennsylvania soldiers buried therein

House Bill No. 1155·

An act making an appropriation to Wyoming Valley Hospital

House Bill No. 1156:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Home of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1157:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged and Infirm Women at Easton Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1158:

An act making an appropriation to the Easton Home for Friendless Children

House Bill No. 1159:

An act making an appropriation to the Allentown Hospital Allentown Lehigh county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1160:

An act entitled an act making an appropriation to the St Luke's Hospital located at South Bethlehem Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1161:

An act making an appropriation to the Hospital Department of the Jewish Hospital Association of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1162:

An act making an appropriation to the Gynecean Hospital in the City of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1063:

An act making an appropriation to the Home of Industry for Discharged Prisoners of the City of Philadelphia and State of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1164:

An act making an appropriation to the Rosine Hospital f Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1165:

An act making an appropriation to reimburse E C Rudolph of Big Run Pennsylvania for moneys expended by him in the suppression of a small-pox epidemic at Eleanora Jefferson county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1167:

An act making an appropriation to the Waynesburg Hospital

House Bill No. 1168:

An act making an appropriation to the Meadville City Hospital located at Meadville Crawford county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1169:

An act making an appropriation to Spencer Hospital located at Meadville Crawford county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1170:

An act making an appropriation to the Auxiliary of the Children's Aid Society of Western Pennsylvania located at Meadville Crawford county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1172:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Hospital for the treatment and care of the criminal insane to be called the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane and making an appropriation therefor" approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini nineteen hundred and five directing the commissioners for the erection of said State Hospital for the Criminal Insane to surrender their trust to a board of trustees to be appointed by the Governor authorizing the said Board of Trustees to continue the erection and completion of the buildings of said State Hospital for the Criminal Insane and authorizing said Board of Trustees to receive at any time such numbers of criminal insane patients as can be accommodated in the buildings before the completion of the entire institution and further defining the powers and duties of said Board of Trustees

House Bill No. 1173:

An act making an appropriation to the Commission of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Fairview Wayne county

House Bill No. 1174:

An act making an appropriation to the Corry Hospital of the City of Corry Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1175:

An act making an appropriation to the Elmwood Home of Erie Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1176:

An act making an appropriation for maintenance and for the purchase improvement equipment and furnishing a building at the Renovo Hospital at Renovo Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1177:

An act making an appropriation to the Lock Haven Hospital

House Bill No. 1179:

An act making an appropriation to the Uniontown Hospital of Uniontown Fayette county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1180:

An act making an appropriation to the Robert Packer Hospital

House Bill No. 1181:

An act making an appropriation to the Providence Hospital of Beaver Balls Berks county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1183:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Timothy's Memorial Hospital and House of Mercy Roxborough

House Bill No. 1184:

An act making an appropriation to the Garrettson Hospital of Temple University of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1185:

An act making an appropriation to the American Oncologic Hospital at Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1188:

An act making an appropriation to the Rush Hospital for Consumption and Allied Diseases of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1189:

An act making an appropriation to the Women's Medical College of Pennsylvania for use in the Hospital Department Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1190:

An aact making an appropriation to the Industrial Home for Crippled Children at Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1191:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittsburg Hospital Sisters of Charity of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1192:

An act making an appropriation to the Home of the Good Shepherd Lincoln avenue Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1193:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged and Infirm Colored Women Lemington avenue Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1194:

An act making an appropriation for the Irene Kaufman Settlement of Pittsburg Pennsylvania formerly known as the Columbia School and Settlement of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1195:

An act making an appropriation for the Sewickley Valley Hospital Association of Sewickly County of Allegheny Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1196:

An act making an appropriation to the De Paul Institute of Scott Township Allegheny County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1197:

An act making an appropriation to the Northwestern Pennsylvania Humane Society of Erie Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1198:

An act making an appropriation to the Erie Home for the Friendless of the city of Erie Erie county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1199:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home of Erie

House Bill No. 1202:

An act making an appropriation to the Clearfield Hospital Clearfield County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1203:

An act making an appropriation to the Canonsburg General Hospital Association at Canonsburg Washington County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1204:

An act making an appropriation to the J C Blair Memorial Hospital of Huntingdon Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1205:

An act making an appropriation to the Simon H Barnes Memorial Hospital of Susquehanna

House Bill No. 1206:

An act making an appropriation to reimburse certain counties for moneys paid to county agricultural associations in excess of the State appropriation therefor

House Bill No. 1207:

An act making an appropriation to the Maternity Hospital in the city of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1208:

An act making an appropriation to the Miner's Hospital of Northern Cambria at Spangler in Cambria county

House Bill No. 1211:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged Veterans and Wives located at Sixty-fifth and Vine streets in the city of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1212:

An act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital and School for Nurses in the city of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1213:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1214:

An act making an appropriation to the Monongahela Memorial Hospital Association of Monongahela City Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1217:

An act making an appropriation to the Washington Hospital Washington Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1218:

An act making an appropriation to the City Hospital Association of Washington Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1219:

An act making an appropriation to the Altoona Hospital Blair county

House Bill No. 1220:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons at Mercer Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1221:

An act making an appropriation to the Grove City Hospital at Grove City Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1222:

An act making an appropriation to the Christian H Buhl Hospital of Sharon Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1223:

An act to amend section nine of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of sites and the erection of State Hospitals thereon for injured persons to be located within the bituminous and semi-bituminous coal regions of this Commonwealth to be called the State Hospitals for Injured Persons within the bituminous and semi-bituminous coal regions of Pennsylvania and for the management of the same and making appropriations therefor" approved the fourteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven so as to authorize under certain contingencies the reception care and treatment of patients other than injured persons in said hospitals

House Bill No. 1224:

An act making an aappropriation to the Mercy Hospital Altoona Blair county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1225:

An act making an appropriation to the Pottsville Hospital Schuylkill county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1226:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Anthracite Coal Regions of Pennsylvania at Fountain Springs near Ashland Schuylkill county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1227:

An act making an appropriation to the West Side Hospital Association of the city of Scranton

House Bill No. 1228:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless of the city of Scranton

House Bill No. 1231:

An act making an appropriation to the Braddock General Hospital of the borough of Braddock Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1232:

An act making an appropriation to the Grand View Institution of Oil City Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1233:

An act making an appropriation to the Franklin City Hospital

House Bill No. 1234:

An act making an appropriation to the Oil City Hospital of Oil City Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1235:

An act making an appropriation to the State Normal Schools of the Commonwealth

House Bill No. 1236:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania at Polk Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1238:

An act making an appropriation to the Kittanning General Hospital at Kittanning Armstrong county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 916:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittston Hospital Association

House Bill No. 923:

An act making an appropriation to the Eastern State Penitentiary of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 941:

An act making an appropriation to the Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial Commission for the purpose of having designed modelled made and erected on the State memorial or monument at Gettysburg dedicated September twenty-seventh one thousand nine hundred and ten bronze statues of President Lincoln Governor Curtin and of Major Generals Meade Reynolds Hancock Birney Pleasonton and Gregg and of completing the monument and correction of misspelled names or omissions on tablets grading and making a pavement around monument and expenses of commission

House Bill No. 1065:

An act making an appropriation to the Hospital Department of the Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1069:

An act making an appropriation to the Downingtown Industrial and Agricultural School of Downingtown Chester county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1182:

An act making an appropriation to the Shenango Valley Hospital of New Castle Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1187:

An act making an appropriation to the Frederick Douglass Memorial Hospital and Training School of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1200:

An act making an appropriation to the Hamot Hospital Association of the City of Erie Erie county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1209:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon

House Bill No. 825:

An act making an appropriation to pay the judgments obtained against the Commonwealth by Guiseppe Carraggi Stefano Pagano Salvatore Bellavia Salvatore Stutto Francesco Cirranni Guiseppe Cirrannia Cologero Arno Cologero Corriero Carlo Plumeri Michalena Mandrina Muzza and Felice Muzza and Michalena Mandrina Muzza and Felice Muzza executors of Mariassunto Acro Guercio

House Bill No. 851:

An act to provide for the support of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and Naval Force of Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and for the payment of an annual allowance to officers of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and Naval Force of Pennsylvania and for the purpose of placing five hundred thousand dollars or as much thereof as may be necessary at the disposal of the Governor of the Commonwealth and making same available to pay expenses incident to actual service rendered by the National Guard of Pennsylvania under orders of the Governor in repelling of invasion subduing insurrection riot or disorder or to furnish the quota of volunteers from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania under a call made by the President of the United States

House Bill No. 871:

An act to provide for the better protection of the lives bodies and health of women and new-born children throughout the Commonwealth by regulating the practice of midwifery as performed by midwives and to provide for the licensing and registration of midwives in the State of Pennsylvania and to provide that the Medical Council of the State of Pennsylvania shall enforce the provisions of this act making an appropriation therefor and providing certain penalties

House Bill No. 547:

An act to amend section two of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act regulating the sale of milk and its fluid derivatives in cities of the first class providing for the licensing for those engaged in that business and providing penalties for the violation thereof" by providing for the revocation of the licenses of second offenders against the requirements of the Board of Health or against the laws or ordinances regulating or relating to milk or its fluid derivatives in such cities

House Bill No. 2:

An act fixing the time when the terms of office of judges of the Supreme Superior Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts learned in the law shall commence and the time of the nomination and election of successors to judges of the Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts whose commissions expire in odd numbered years.

House Bill No. 690:

A joint resolution to provide for the participation of the State of Pennsylvania in the Panama-Pacific International Exposition to be held in San Francisco California in nineteen hundred and fifteen to celebrate the completion and opening of the Panama Canal and the four hundredth discovery of the Pacific Ocean and providing for the appointment of a Commission and making an appropriation to defray the expenses of the same

House Bill No. 715:

An act refunding twenty-five dollars to Frederick J Cuneo

House Bill No. 730:

An act making an appropriation for the protection of the monument erected by this Commonwealth at Cherry-tree or Canoe Place Indiana county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 732:

An act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to John Minsinberger the amount paid by him for his commission as a notary public

House Bill No. 741:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane" approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by extending the time during which said appropriation shall be available

House Bill No. 770:

A joint resolution constituting a commission to investigate and report to the General Assembly a plan for the segregation care and treatment of feeble-minded and epileptic persons within the Commonwealth and making an appropriation thereto

House Bill No. 774:

An act creating a Bureau of Preliminary Professional Education of students desiring to commence and fully complete the study of medicine surgery pharmacy or dentistry providing for the number and term and appointment of its members defining the powers and prescribing the duties of said bureau authorizing rules and regulations therefor creating an appropriation for the maintenance thereof making the violation of the provisions of this act unlawful and prescribing the punishment therefor and repealing all laws inconsistent with this act

House Bill No. 520:

An act regulating the construction and repair of highways over drains or culverts

House Bill No. 673:

An act relating to the location construction and maintenance of viaducts and bridges in townships of the first class and adjacent territory empowering the board of Commissioners of the several townships of the first class of this Commonwealth to construct or have constructed bridges or viaducts over rivers creeks streams railroads and private lands or over and across railroads and any of them or over and across railroads for public railways and to procure locations therefor by purchase or condemnation proceedings whether the same be wholly within or partly within and partly without the township limits authorizing said townships to unite and enter into a contract or contracts with the county commisioners of the proper county and with the railroad street railway and other companies and parties interested or with any of them for the erection construction and maintenance of said viaduct and bridges and for the payment of the damage caused by their location and erection and forbidding any railroad company to pass under or upon any such viaduct or bridge without contributing to the cost of maintenance thereof

House Bill No. 676:

An act in relation to the appointment and salaries of the deputy sheriffs on duty in the court rooms of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and Quarter Sessions of the Peace in counties containing a population of not less than seven hundred and fifty thousand nor more than one million two hundred thousand

House Bill No. 677:

An act requiring the approval of the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania to any extension of the time within which in the exercise of their charter rights under the existing water or water power companies shall begin and complete their works and also providing for the annulment of charters of water or water power companies which shall not have begun or completed works within the time set by existing law

House Bill No. 695:

An act to prevent frauds against carriers of passengers for hire within this Commonwealth and prescribing penalties for the breach of the provisions hereof

House Bill No. 697:

An act relating to coroners and the holding of post mortems in the several counties of the Commonwealth

House Bill No. 878:

An act providing for and regulating the purchase or condemnation of real estate by boroughs for the purpose of constructing wharves landing places and docks

House Bill No. 903:

An act to provide for the disposition and payment of costs in all cases tried in the Juvenile Court

House Bill No. 622:

An act dispensing in judicial proceedings to which a corporation is a party with proof of incorporation of either plaintiff or defendant when not put in issue

House Bill No. 633:

An act to provide a standard of tests for illuminating oils to provide a penalty for violating the provisions of this act and repealing former acts

House Bill No. 646:

An act relating to milk providing for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating the sale of milk skimmed milk and cream providing penalties for the violation thereof and providing for the enforcement thereof

House Bill No. 665:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the paving curbing and macadamizing of streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same" approved April twenty-third one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine by fixing a different portion of the cost and expense which may be assessed against abutting property where the property on one side of the street or thoroughfare desired to be improved is exempt from assessment

House Bill No. 666:

An act authorizing and empowering the several courts of common pleas of the Commonwealth upon cause shown to discharge lands bound by the lien of any sum or sums of money under the provisions of any last will and testament for the maintenance of a burial lot or lots and to appoint a trustee to hold said sum or sums of money for the purpose for which the land is or shall be charged by said last will and testament

House Bill No. 670:

An act to amend paragraph twenty-nine of the first section of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the publication binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth" approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini nineteen hundred and five by providing for the publication binding and distribution of an increased number of copies of the report of the Highway Commissioner

House Bill No. 231:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act relating to damages for injuries producing death" approved the twenty-sixth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five so as to provide that certain surviving relatives of the deceased may recover damages whether such surviving relatives be citizens of this Commonwealth or not

House Bill No. 325:

An act for the protection of shade and fruit trees growing on or along any highway street or road

House Bill No. 448:

An act authorizing and empowering the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings to rent offices and rooms outside of the Capitol buildings when necessary for the accommodation of any department board or commission of the State government

House Bill No. 601:

An act regulating the exhibiting or using of moving pictures and stereopticon views providing for and regulating the examination and approval of moving picture films or reels and stereopticon views and fixing penalties for the violation of this act

House Bill No. 620:

An act to authorize the publication binding and distribution of one thousand (1,000) additional copies of Smull's Legislative Hand Book for the use of the State Railroad Commission the Water Supply Commission the Superintendent of State Police the Commissioner of Health and the Dairy and Food Commissioner

House Bill No. 634:

An act prohibiting hospitals not having a medical adjunct and other institutions receiving State aid from restricting pay patients in the selection of physicians and surgeons not connected with said institutions and providing a penalty therefor

House Bill No. 692:

An act regulating the pay of election officers in all counties of this Commonwealth containing less than eight hundred thousand population

House Bill No. 671:

An act making an appropriation to refund to Jacob Beitzel of the City of York Pennsylvania certain moneys in advertently and erroneously paid by him into the State Treasury for a distiller's license for a distillery heretofore and now known as the Hellam Distilling Company

House Bill No. 603:

An act to further amend the eighteenth section of an act entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner and staff of assistants and defining the powers and duties thereof authorizing the State Highway Department to co-operate with the several counties and townships and with boroughs in certain instances in the improvement of the public highways and the maintenance of improved highways providing for the application of counties and townships for State aid in highway improvement and maintenance providing for the payment of the cost of highway improvements made under the provisions of this act by the State the counties and the townships and making an appropriation for this purpose and providing a penalty for maliciously destroying improved roads" approved the first day of May Anno Domini nineteen hundred and five as amended by an act entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State

ghway Commissioner and staff or assistants and defining the vers and duties thereof authorizing the State Highway Department to co-operate with the several counties and townps with boroughs in certain instances in the improvement of public highways and the maintenance of improved highys providing for the application of counties and townships State aid in highway improvement and maintenance proling for the payment of the cost of highway improvements ade under the provisions of this act by the State the counes and the townships and making and appropriation for this rpose and providing a penalty for maliciously destroying proved roads' approved the first day of May Anno Domini neteen hundred and five increasing the number of employes the State Highway Department and fixing the amounts of ir salaries eliminating from the items included in the exnse of construction and from those covered by damages the st of changes of grade extending the provisions of the act incorporated towns increasing the percentage which may be id to contractors in advance of the final completion of the rk authorizing the setting of monuments and planting of es along State highways prohibiting the construction of gas water lines along State highways except under certain conions and providing that the kind of roads to be built shall decided by the State Highway Commissioner" approved the ghth day of June Anno Domini nineteen hundred and seven

House Bill No. 605:

An act to provide for the surrender of franchises of eadow companies and the transfer of duties of said eadow companies to the respective cities or counties with which the lands governed by said Meadow companies ay lie

House Bill No. 612:

An act making it a misdemeanor to intimidate annoy levy ackmail or extort money or other valuable thing or to tempt so to do from any person and providing punishent therefor

House Bill No. 72:

An act validating the incurring of debt or increase of debtedness of townships of the second class by its supersors for the purpose of macadamizing or paving with brick y of the roads and highways building constructing repairg and maintaining permanent roads culverts and bridges rchasing machinery or lifting orders or payment of any ntracts made therefor to an amount in the aggregate not ceeding two per centum upon the assessed value of the xable property therein as fixed and determined by the last eceding assessed valuation thereof and all coupon bonds other securities issued therefor and also assessments of nual tax for the payment of the principal and interest such indebtedness represented by such bonds or other curities since the twentieth of April Anno Domini one ousand eight hundred and seventy-four

House Bill No. 137:

An act providing for the payment of the costs of proedings and the expenses of maintaining prisoners comitted to county prisons either for non-payment of fines or nalties imposed for or while awaiting a hearing upon any harge for the violation of any city or borough ordinance any ordinance of townships of the first class by the ity borough or township of the first class whose ordiances are alleged to have been violated or to which any ch fines or penalties are payable

House Bill No. 157:

An act relating to judgments obtained before aldermen nd justices of the peace against counties cities boroughs ownships school districts poor districts and other munipalities or incorporated districts requiring aldermen and stices of the peace to file transcripts of such judgments the prothonotary's office within ten days from rendition the same providing for the entry of record thereof by he prothonotary and for fees for services of the magisrate and prothonotary providing for certificates to be furished by such magistrates of such judgments to taxpayers n demand and payment of a fee providing a penalty for iolation of the act and method of procedure to enforce the ame

House Bill No. 179:

An act to provide for the making of a new ordinance ook and record of the ordinances of any borough in which he ordinance book thereof has become lost destroyed or so uch worn or mutilated as to be unserviceable

House Bill No. 360:

An act authorizing the release on probation of certain conicts instead of imposing sentences the appointment of probation and parole officers and the payment of their salaries nd expenses regulating the manner of sentencing convicts n certain cases and providing for their release on parole Their conviction of crime during parole and their rearrest nd reconviction for breach of parole and extending the owers and duties of boards of prison inspectors of penitentiaries

House Bill No. 401:

An act providing for the examination licensure and regisration of persons firms or corporations engaged or engagng in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage and prescribing certain rules regulations and requirements for the construction of plumbing house drainage and cesspools in cities of the first class and imposing fines penalties and forfeitures for violation thereof

House Bill No. 405:

An act to regulate the temperature of milk and cream intended to be shipped sold or offered for sale

House Bill No. 458:

An act regulating the amount of liability a corporate surety may undertake in any single obligation

House Bill No. 460:

An act providing for the payment of premiums on bonds required of public officers and for the discharge of sureties thereunder

House Bill No. 508:

An act relating to taxation and bonus on capital stock

House Bill No. 531:

An act authorizing and fixing the charges to be made for certificates and copies furnished by the Custodian of Public Records in the State Library

House Bill No. 550:

An act to prevent the issuing or transfer by any person other than a warehouseman or person controlling a place for storing of goods of any paper in similitude of a warehouse receipt and prescribing punishment therefor

House Bill No. 589:

An act to amend the second section of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety in certain employments by regulating the ages at which said minors may be employed their hours of employment their protection against injury and to prescribe rules for the obtaining of employment certificates and prescribing penalties for violation of the provisions thereof" approved April twenty-ninth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine so as to exclude tanneries

House Bill No. 435:

An act defining and prohibiting pandering providing penalties for violation hereof and regulating the competency of certain evidence at the trial thereof

House Bill No. 615:

An act to fix and regulate the compensation of directors of the poor of the poor districts composed of several townships boroughs and cities situate wholly within counties of this Commonwealth not exceeding five hundred thousand population

House Bill No. 560:

An act authorizing the ascertainment award levy assessment and collection of the costs damages and expenses of municipal improvements including the opening widening straightening extending grading paving macadamizing curbing or otherwise improving of roads streets lanes alleys or parts thereof completed or in course of completion and also the costs damages and expense of the construction of any sewer or drain completed or now in process of completion providing for the ascertainment levy and collection of damages and benefits therefor from property peculiarly benefited where under existing laws or ordinances private property could not be assessed for such benefits and constituting such benefits a lien upon the property upon which they are assessed and authorizing the completion of such improvements now in progress

House Bill No. 659:

An act to amend section thirty-one of an act entitled "An Act relating to insolvency embracing among other matters voluntary assignments for the benefit of creditors forbidding also certain preferences providing for the distribution of insolvents estate and in certain contingencies relieving him and others liable with him from further liabilty for his or their debts approved June fourth one thousand nine hundred and one

Whereupon,

The Speaker, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

Mr. WILSON in the Chair.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. JOHN R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to call up House Bill No. 892 (Senate No. 20) from the postponed calendar, bills on final passage.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 892 (Senate No. 20), as follows:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the removal of judges of the Supreme Superior Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts permanently disqualified by reason of physical or mental disability to perform their judicial functions and duties with half pay for thir unexpired terms and the filling of vacancies caused by such removal" approved May eleventh one thousand nine hundred and one so as to allow them full pay during the balance of their terms of office and under certain conditions half pay during the remainder of their lives

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That sectoin one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the removal of judges of the Supreme Superior Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts permanently disqualified by reason of physical or mental disability to perform judicial functions and duties with half pay for their unexpired terms and the filling of vacancies caused by such removal" which reads as follows:

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the passage of this act whenever a judge of any of the Supreme Superior Common Pleas or Orphans' Courts of this Commonwealth by reason of physical or mental disability appears to be incapacitated for performing his judicial functions and duties and by reason of such disability has not performed such duties for the period of one year the Governor of this Commonwealth shall appoint a commission consisting of three skilful and disinterested physicians from different counties of the State to examine the said judge and if the said commission shall report that the said judge is permanently incapacitated to perform the duties of his office the Governor shall notify the said judge of such finding and if the said judge shall resign within thirty days of such notice he shall receive for the balance of the term for which he was elected during which he shall live one-half of the salary which he would have received if he had not resigned and the vacancy thus created shall be filled in the manner heretofore provided by law in case of vacancies in judicial office" be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after first day of January Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and twelve whenever the Governor is of the opinion based upon satisfactory medical evidence that a judge of the Supreme Superior Common Pleas or Orphans' Courts is by reason of physical or mental disability permanently incapacitated for performing his judicial duties he shall notify said judge of his opinion giving the reasons therefor and if the said judge shall resign within thirty days after such notice and shall hold himself in readiness to advise with his successors and colleagues and to perform duties as special master referee auditor or examiner in such ways as he may be reasonably able to do he shall receive for the balance of the term for which he was elected if he shall so long live the salary he would have received had he remained in active service

Ay judge of the Common Pleas or of the Orphans' Court so resigning who shall have served continuously in judicial office for twenty-five years or more immediately prior to the date of his resignation and shall have reached the age of seventy years or any judge of the Supreme or Superior Court so resigning who shall have served continuously in judicial office for twenty years or more immediately prior to the date of his resignation and who shall hold himself in readiness to advise with his successors and colleagues and to perform duties as special master referee auditor or examiner in such ways as he may be reasonably able to do shall receive during the remainder of his life after the expiration of his said term one-half of the salary which he would have received had he remained in active service

Any judge of the Supreme or of the Superior Court who shall have served continuously in judicial office for twenty years or more and any judge of the Common Pleas or Orphans Court who shall have reached the age of seventy years and who shall have served continuously in judicial office for twenty-five years or more and who shall hold himself in readiness to advise with his successors and colleagues and to perform such duties as special master referee auditor or examiner in such ways as he may be reasonably able to do after his honorable retirement from office by expiration of term resignation or otherwise shall receive during the remainder of his life one-half of the salary which he would have received had he remained in active service

No judge while accepting the benefits of this act shall be entitled to any additional compensation for the performance of any duties assigned to him hereunder and no such judge shall be obliged to accept an assignment of duty from any court other than the court of which he was a member at the time of his retirement

Any judge wishing to take advantage of the provisions of this act may notify the Governor of his desire so to do or the Governor of his own initiative may notify any judge as provided herein

All payments under this act shall be made monthly only upon the certificate of the retired judge that he is not engaged in any remunerative business or employment or if the judge himself is unable to make one upon a certificate to that effect from a competent physician

Any judge or judges who have been retired under the act to which this is an amendment are hereby given all the benefits and advantages and are made subject to the requirement of this act to the same extent and with the same effect as if they had been retired under the provision thereof

Any vacancy created by a retirement under this act prior to the expiration of the current term that the judge is filling at the time of such retirement shall be filled as now provided by law in cases of vacancies in judicial offices

Mr. DERSHEM. Mr. Speaker, it does seem to me that we have done about enough in the way of increasing salaries, especially when it is remembered that when the old soldiers asked for a mere pittance, compared with what this bill amounts to, that this is not one that should appeal to us. Therefore, as long as we are unable, or unwilling to even a very little at least for the men who have done much for this State, I shall be compelled to oppose th bill of pensioning judges.

Mr. JOHN R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, this bill is n rightly termed by the gentleman from Union when he ca it a pension bill. The object of this bill is simply thi that a judge who has become incapacitated, after many yea of service on the bench, he shall be given lighter duties perform, and this bill is not properly called in any sen a pension bill. All that this bill does is this: it allows judge who has either become so incapacitated during h term of office that he cannot sit upon the bench any long and preside over the Court, to be made a special master. allows a judge who has sat, we will say, for twenty-fi years continuously, on the bench, and immediately befo his term expires, before he has reached the age of seven years, and is unable to proceed with his work, to file an a plication to become a special master of the Court and to r ceive his whole salary during his term, and his half sala after his term expires, with the proviso that he acts in th capacity of a special master before that court. All th bill does is this: it relieves a judge of petty burdens aft years of honest service, after he has become weakene physically, through age, and gives him a lighter service perform, and that is all. It in no wise is a pension bill. in no wise is a bill asking the taxpayers to support a ma who does not earn his living. It merely takes the heav duties from a judge after he has worked honestly for twent five years and gives him lighter duties. Out of the tw hundred and some odd judges that we have in the State Pennsylvania, there will never be more than one or tw judges who will benefit by this act. This is a meritorio measure, and I ask you to support it, and not allow yourse to be prejudiced against it on the charge of it being pension bill, which it absolutely is not.

Mr. ROCKWELL. Mr. Speaker, one of the most importa arguments in favor of the passage of the increase in th judges salary bill was to provide for them in their old ag and give them a competency to take care of them when the retire. This bill purports to amend a certain law. Ever member of this House must be able to see that this is judges' pension bill. This bill fell by an overwhelming vot the other day, and it seems to me that this House should n reverse its position taken then, but should vote it dow again.

Mr. JOHN R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I hope the re marks made by the gentleman from Tioga, which are mi takes, will not influence the House. The men who would ge the benefit of this law will in no wise get the benefit of a increase in salary, or be pensioned. It is simply this, as have stated before: their best time of life is past, but the still have the position into which the public has placed ther and the object is to lighten their burden after having spen their life in the judicial service. They are not the sam as the young judges who get the benefit of the increase raise in salary, and have not had the benefit of the recen increase, which was necessary in our recent act, in order tha our judges might raise their family and live as is becom ing a judge, in a large city, in this present generation That was raised because the cost of living made it neces sary. We have to look around ourselves only to see th importance of this statement and the truth of the fact. W have in Philadelphia a famous judge—Judge Ashman, tha man who virtually established the Orphans' Court of Penn sylvania; that man whose name is famous in the courts That man to-day is down there living on his half pension and when his term of office expires he goes down without dollar and with nothing to look forward to but poverty. W have in our county a Chief Justice who has honored thi State of Pennsylvania and when he passed the age of seven ty we saw that man step from the high post of Chief Justic of this Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the position o Prothonotary of the Court. There is a cry out from th whole land for this bill, and no one should attempt to vot down a measure of this character because of the prejudic against civil pension. There is no civil pension here at all This bill is for the purpose of keeping a man when learned in the law, in active service to the extent that his physica ability will allow him, and this is nothing new. The judge who sits in the United States Court who reaches the age of seventy years is by the law itself entitled to help upon old age. I ask that you vote unanimously in favor of this bill.

Mr. DERSHEM. Mr. Speaker, I should like to interrogate e gentleman from Philadelphia.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman permit himself to be errogated?

Mr. JOHN R. K. SCOTT. Yes, sir.

Mr. DERSHEM. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask the ntleman how much the judges are receiving in Philadelia now, and how much they have been receiving for the t five or ten years.

Mr. JOHN R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, since 1903 the lges have been receiving $8,500, now, under the law ich you gentlemen passed almost unanimously they reive eleven thousand dollars.

Mr. DERSHEM. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask whether not the salary that the judges are now receiving, or have ceived during the last five or ten years is sufficient to keep em from the poor house the balance of their lives.

Mr. JOHN R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, in reply to my iend from Union I would say that $8,500 is inadequate r any judge in the City of Philadelphia to maintain his me and his family, and to keep them in the position of e that a judge and his wife and children should be, and a judge and his family lived as they should live and as ey expect and would like to live, owing to the character of e position in which they stand in a large city like Philalphia, he cannot save one dollar during his term of ten ars.

Mr. GEORGE A. BALDWIN, Mr. Speaker I desire to ad a telegram.

"Washington, D. C., May 23, 1911.

on. Geo. A. Baldwin,
House of Representatives,
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

I would be glad if you could see your way clear to supert the Judges' Retirement Bill when it comes up for a te in the House of Representatives.

BOIES PENROSE."

Mr. AILMAN. Mr. Speaker, it does seem to me that me acknowledgment should be made to the remarks of the ntleman from Philadelphia who repeated again the woel story of the poverty of the judges of Philadelphia. I ant to say that the poor judge who cannot get along on ,500 a year may be a very good judge, but he's a mighty or business man and he's a mighty poor manager. A man n get along with a good deal less, and in my opinion that any of these men are getting more than they should. If is were a Synod or a conference of ministers, we might t up and talk about doing something for them, owing to e increased cost in living and because they could not be pected to save very much from an income of $800 or ,000 a year. Or if applied to the school teacher who must t along on $300 or $400 a year, and I know some and any wage earners who averaged less than $400 a year. rue, they cannot indulge in the luxuries and they must onomize. The gentleman has said that this is only to take re of the poor superannuated judges in Philadelphia at the esent time and will not affect others. I presume the gentlean from Philadelphia will be here in the course of a ses- on or two to repeal this law and will then say that these dges who are now getting $11,000 shall in the future be neficiaries under this act. When you gentlemen turn wn the kind of propositions before this House looking ter the general welfare of the roads and of that which is neficial throughout our townships, and then come before with a proposition like this, I would like to know how u can face the people of this Commonwealth—those com- an people that we have talked about so much—in the ture. Of all the things that have happened during this ssion, there is one thing for which I am thankful and that that I shall not have the responsibility and duty of writ- the next Republican platform for the Pennsylvania Reblicans. The only thing I could do would be to do what e fellow will do that does write it—glorify the imaginary st, and make great and glorious promises for the days to me, but I want to say that I would not like to say anyng about the present or recent history of the Republican rty.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, nsidered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—120.

Abbott	Ewing	Keene	Riebel
Akers	Fahey	Keister,	Robinson
Allen	Fay	Kelsey,	Robison
Alter	Flynn	Klingerman,	Roney
Bartman	Frey	Klumpp,	Sassaman
Bass	Gans	Larkins,	Savidge
Bentley	Geary	Lindsay,	Schad
Bosher	Gibson	Magee,	Schmidt
Brehm	Gilkeson	Malie	Schofield,
Breitinger	Gransback	Mannion,	Schult
Campbell, C.	Graybill	Marvin	Scott, J.
Carroll	Grove	McAleer,	Scott, S. B
Carter	Guyaux	McArdle,	Shadrach
Clarency	Haggerty	McClung,	Sherwood
Cleary	Hafferty	McInerney,	Shreve
Clymer	Healey	McMullen,	Steese
Connell	Hecht	McNichol,	Stein,
Conner, P.	Hess	Miller,	Swan
Conner, W.	Hibshman	Moore,	Townsend
Conrade	Hoffman	Morris,	Tunis
Cox, E.	Hoover	North	Von Tacky
Crum	Hormell	Perry	Walmer
Cyphers	Hough	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Curry	Howard	Pitchford	Watts
Dale	Hunter, R. P.	Rath	Welch
Dallas	Irwin	Reeser	Whitman
Davis, A.	Johnson, C,	Reno	Wilcox
Dunn, J.	Johnson, D,	Rhoads	Woodward
Ehrhardt	Johnston,	Richards	Young
Eichenberger	Keely,		Cox, J. Speaker

NAYS—64.

Allman	Enbody	Kuhns,	Reel
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Lafferty,	Rider
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Lowe,	Rockwell
Benson	Fitzgerald	Martin,	Row
Billman	Freeman	Matt,	Rumsey
Bossert	Gray	Maurer	Shannon
Boyd	Herman	McGowan,	Shoemaker
Brennan	Hilton	McJunkin,	Snavely
Campbell, J.	Hobbs	McKean,	Snyder, A.
Campbell, W	Jackson	Mills	Snyder, P.
Cole	Jones, E. E.	Neel	Speer,
Davis, W.	Jones, J.	Newbaker	Swartz
Dershem	Kelley, J.	Piper	Ulerich
Detzel	Kelly, M.	Ramsey	Ward, W. B
Donahoe	Kern,	Rebert	Williams
Donnally	Knight,	Reece	Wilson
Dunn, H			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1271 (Senate No. 675), entitled:

An act to amend the first section of the act approved the twenty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties or the town councils of the several boroughs of this Commonwealth or both to appropriate annually a sufficient sum of money to each Post of the Grand Army of the Republic in their respective counties or boroughs to aid in defraying the expenses of Memorial Day" by requiring the commissioners to make the payments specified and fixing the maximum amount thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—159.

Abbott	Davis, W.	Johnson, D,	Richards
Allman	Dershem	Johnston,	Rider
Akers	Donnally	Jones, J,	Riebel
Allen	Dunn, H.	Keely,	Robinson
Alter	Dunn, J.	Keene,	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Ehrhardt	Keister,	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Eichenberger	Kelley, J.	Roney
Bartman	Enbody	Kelsey,	Row
Bender	Ewing	Klingerman	Rumsey
Benson	Fahey	Klumpp	Sassaman
Bentley	Fay	Knight	Savidge
Billman	Ferguson	Lafferty	Schmidt
Blair	Fitzgerald	Larkins	Schofield
Bosher	Flynn	Light	Scott, J.
Bossert	Frey	Lowe	Shadrach
Boyd	Geary	Magee	Shannon
Brehm	Gibson	Malie,	Sherwood
Breitinger	Gilkeson	Mannion,	Shoemaker

Brennan	Good	Martin,	Shreve
Campbell, C.	Gransback	Marvin,	Snavely
Campbell, J.	Gray	McAleer,	Snyder, P.
[illegible]	Graybill	McClung,	Speer,
Carroll	Grove	McInerney,	Stein,
Carter	Haggerty	McMullen,	Swan
Clarency	Halferty	McNichol,	Swartz
Cleary	Healey	Miller,	Townsend
Clymer	Hecht	Mills,	Tunis
Cole	Henry	Morris,	Von Tacky
Connell	Hess	Moulthrop	Wallace
Conner, P.	Hibshman	Neel	Walton
Conner, W.	Hobbs	Newbaker	Ward, W., Jr.
Conrade	Hoffman	North	Ward, W. B.
Cox, E.	Hormell	Perry	Watts
Crum	Hough	Phillips	Whitman
Cumbler	Howard	Pitchford	Williams
Currier	Hunter, J. N.	Rath	Wilson
Curry	Hunter, R. P.	Rebert	Woodward
Dale	Irwin	Reece	Young
Dallas	Jackson,	Reel	Cox, J.
Davis, A.	Johnson, C,	Reeser	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1272 (Senate No. 554), entitled:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to section seven of article three of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania so as to permit the General Assembly to regulate and fix the wages and salaries the hours of work or labor and make provision for the protection welfare and safety of the persons employed by the State or by any county city borough township school district or other civil division of the State or by any contractor or subcontractor performing work labor or services for the State or for any county city borough township school district or other civil division thereof

BILLS DROPPED FROM CALEDDAR.

Mr. ALBERT DAVIS. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be dropped from the calendar.

Mr. HORACE B. DUNN. Mr. Speaker I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1277 (Senate No. 456), entitled:

An act further amending section one of an act entitled "An Act providing for the examination licensure and registration of persons firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage and prescribing certain rules regulations and requirements for the construction of plumbing house drainage and cesspools in cities of the second class and imposing fines penalties and forfeitures for violation thereof" approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as amended by an act one thousand nine hundred and nine Thus causing the act to apply to all second and third class cities

Mr. SCHAD. Mr. Speaker, this bill amends the act of 1909 applying to cities of the second and third class. In 1909 we passed a plumbing bill which was satisfactory to the journeymen plumbers and the master plumbers. Therefore I see that there is no necessity for this bill to pass, particularly when it applies to the City of Pittsburg only. I move that it be stricken from the calendar.

Mr. KLUMPP. I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1258.

Mr. C. V. JOHNSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 1258 (Senate No. 652) file folio 4599, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic to be called the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic and making an appropriation therefor" approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and three authorizing the Board of Trustees to enter into agreements respecting highways railways railroads and other means of travel within the lands of the said institution

was defeated on third reading be reconsidered.

The motion was agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1258 (Senate No. 652), entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for selection of a site and the erection of a State Institution the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic to be called the East Pennsylvania State Institution of the Feeble-Minded Epileptic and making an appropriation therefor" appro the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred three authorizing the Board of Trustees to enter into agr ments respecting highways railways railroads and ot means of travel within the lands of the said institution

And said bill having been read at length the third ti considered and agreed to,

On the question recurring.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the y and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—159.

Abbott	**Dunn, J.**	**Kelley, J.,**	**Rider**
Ailman	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Riebel
Allen	Enbody	Kern	Robinson
Alter	Ewing	Kinney	Robison
Anderson	**Fahey**	**Klingerman**	**Roney**
Baldwin, G.	**Fay**	**Knight**	**Row**
Baldwin, R	Ferguson	Lafferty	Rumsey
Bartman	**Fitzgerald**	**Larkins**	**Sassaman**
Bass	Flynn	Light	Savidge
Benson	**Freeman**	**Lowe**	**Schad**
Bentley	**Guns**	**Magee**	**Schmidt**
Billman	Geary	Mannion	Schofield
Bosher	**Gibson**	**Martin**	**Schultz**
Boyd	**Gilkeson**	**Marvin**	**Scott, J.**
Brehm	Good	Matt	Scott, S.
Breitinger	**Gray**	**McAleer**	**Shadrach**
Brennan	Graybill	McArdle	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Guyaux	McInerney	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Haggerty	McJunkin	Shreve
Campbell, W.	**Healey**	**McMullen**	**Snyder, A.**
Carroll	Hecht	McNichol	Snyder, P.
Carter	Henry	Miller	Steese
Clarency	**Hess**	**Mills**	**Stein**
Cleary	**Hibshman**	**Moore**	**Swartz**
Clymer	**Hilton**	**Morris**	**Townsend**
Connell	Hoffman	Moses	Tunis
Conner, P.	**Holland**	**Moulthrop**	**Ulerich**
Conrade	Hoover	Newbaker	Wallace
Cox, E.	Hough	North	Walton
Crum	Howard	Perry	Ward, W., Jr
Currier	Hunter, R. P.,	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Curry	Irwin	Raesley	Watts
Dale	Jackson	Rath	Welch
Dallas	Johnson, C. V.,	Rebert	Wilcox
Davis, W.	Johnston	**Reece**	**Williams**
Dearden	Jones, J. R.,	Reeser	Wilson
Dersbem	Keely,	Reno	Woodward
Detzel	Keene,	Rhoads	Young
Donnally	Keister	Richards	Cox, J.
			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having vo in the affirmative, the question was determined in affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Sen with information that the House has passed the same wi out amendment.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order.

The House proceeded to the consideration on third re ing of House Bill No. 1283 (Senate No. 413), entitled:

An act to amend section three of an act entitled "An A to provide for the appointment of game commissioners the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania defining their duties a empowering them to appoint game protectors" approved twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eig hundred and ninety-five providing for an increase in number of game protectors as authorized by said sect and authorizing the publication of reports and bulletins public expense

And said bill having been read at length the third ti considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the y and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—134.

Abbott	Fahey	Klumpp	Riebel
Allen	Ferguson	Lafferty	Robinson
Alter	Freeman	Larkins	Robison
Anderson	Frey	Leh	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Gibson	Light	Roney
Bartman	Gilkeson	Lindsay	Row
Bass	Gransback	Magee	Sassaman
Bentley	Gray	Malle	Savidge
Billman	Grove	Martin	Schmidt
Bosher	Haggerty	Marvin	Schofield
Boyd	Halferty	McAleer	Scott, J.
Brehm	Hecht	McArdle	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Henry	McClung	Shadrach

Campbell, C.	Hess	McInerney	Sherwood
Campbell, W.	Hibshman	McJunkin	Shreve
Carroll	Hobbs	McMullen	Snyder, P.
Carter	Hoffman	McNichol	Speer
Clarency	Holland	Miller	Stein
Clymer	Hoover	Mills	Swan
Conner, P.	Hormell	Morris	Swartz
Conner, W.	Hough	Moses	Townsend
Conrade	Howard	Moulthrop	Tunis
Cox, E.	Hunter, R	Neel	Ulerich
Crum	Irwin	North	Walton
Currier	Jackson	Perry	Ward, W., Jr.
Curry	Johnson, C.	Phillips	Watts
Dale	Johnston	Pitchford	Whitman
Davis, A.	Keely	Ram	Wilcox
Dearden	Keene	Reel	Williams
Donnally	Keister	Reeser	Woodward
Dunn, J.	Kelly, M.	Reno	Wilson
Ehrhardt	Kelsey	Reyburn	Young
Eichenberger	Kern	Rhoads	Cox, J.
Ewing	Klingerman	Richards	Speaker

NAYS—15.

Allman	Feeney	Moore,	Snavely
Cole	Jones, J. R.	Newbaker	Snyder, A.
Davis, W.	Knight	Schad	Walnut
Dershem	Matt	Shannon	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and considering of House Bill No. 1286 (Senate No. 349), entitled.

An act providing that all public school teachers who have taught for ten consecutive years shall be elected to a permanent position and providing regulations and specifying reasons for their discharge from such positions

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was not agreed to.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1292 (Senate No. 681), entitled:

An act to amend the first section of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act concerning the sale of railroads canals turnpikes bridges and plank roads' approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one extending the provisions of said act to coal iron steel lumber or oil or mining manufacturing transportation and telegraph companies in this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand seven hundred and seventy-eight as amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled 'A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act concerning the sale of railroads canals turnpikes bridges and plank roads' approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one extending the provisions of said act to coal iron streel lumber or oil or mining manufacturing transportation and telegraph companies in this Commonwealth' extending said act so as to embrace all sales made under and by virtue of a power to sell contained in any mortgage or deed of trust without any process or decree of a court in the premises" approved the thirty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven and as further amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled 'A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act concerning the sale of railroads canals turnpikes bridges and plank roads' approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one extending the provisions of said act to coal iron steel lumber or oil or mining manufacturing transportation and telegraph companies in this Commonwealth' extending said act so as to embrace all sales made under and by virtue of a power to sell contained in any mortgage or deed of trust without any process or decree of a court in the premises' approved the thirty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven so as to give to sales or conveyances made under and by virtue of any process or decree of a district court of the United States the same force and effect which are by said act given to sales or conveyances made under and by virtue of any process or decree of any court of this State or of the circuit court of the United States" approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine so that said act shall apply also to sales and conveyances of material rolling stock and property whether located wholly or partly within this State and franchises and whether of a corporation of this State or of this State and any other State or States and shall prescribe the rights and powers of the corporation formed by the purchaser the issuance by it of stock and bonds and the number and election of directors

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. HENRY. Mr. Speaker, I will ask the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Alter to explain this bill.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Alter, explain this bill?

Mr. ALTER. Mr. Speaker, the bill is not my bill, but I was requested by its sponsor, Senator Adams, to briefly explain it, provided there was any request in the House for any explanation. The bill amends what is known as the corporation reorganization. It does not make any very great change in the existing law. We have a law now on the statute books passed in 1861, which has been amended from time to time, by which it is provided that whenever any persons buy at a court sale all the property rights and franchises of any corporation, that then these persons so purchasing the property of any such corporation may organize themselves as a corporation for the same purposes and issue their stocks and bonds and elect their officers and proceed to do business. This bill was introduced because of the situation existing with reference to the Wabash Terminal Railroad in the western part of the State. That railroad is partly in Pennsylvania and partly in other states. Its stock and bonds are outstanding and it is in a wholly insolvent condition. Its bonds are held by a great many people. The desire is to have the right to reorganize under the provisions of this legislation, but the legislation makes no provision in which to effect this reorganization. Where a corporation in this State and other States like this does business, this provision is necessary. This bill was prepared by Mr. John G. Johnson, of Philadelphia, for the purpose of amending this law to carry out the reorganization of this corporation in Pittsburg. It does not make any change except in this one particular. I would like the House to permit me to read this letter.

22nd May, 1911.

James C. Chaplin, Esq.

Dear Sir:—A bill is now in the Legislature, as you know, having for its purpose the permission, in the case of sales of property of railway and other corporations, and reorganization, the issuance of shares of stock of reorganized companies, sufficient in amount to cover not only the shares of stock of such reorganized company previously issued, but its bonded debt, receiver's and other liability.

The plan of re-organization of the Wabash-Pittsburg Terminal Railroad Company, which has been largely accepted by the parties interested, it will be impossible to carry out unless the existing legislation is amended sufficiently to cover the purposes set forth in the act now before the Legislature.

It is not the purpose of anybody to put upon the market shares of stock for which there is no equivalent in past stock and debt issuance.

The plan of reorganization will reduce the amount of outlying capitalization; but, reduced as it is, the plan will be impossible unless relief is obtained in the way pointed out by the bill.

A great number of people are interested in this reorganization, and it will certainly be for the benefit of everybody who has any concern in the matter, that an acceptable plan shall be rendered feasible. Nothing whatever can be gained by keeping the affairs in their present disorganized and hopeless condition.

Very truly yours,

JOHN G. JOHNSON.

Mr. V. GILPIN ROBINSON. Mr. Speaker, and gentlemen of the House, it has been said that hard cases make bad laws, and I respectfully submit to the consideration of this House that we should not be hasty in opposing this bill simply to relieve a situation in Allegheny county unless the provisions of the bill are properly considered and approved. Under the terms existing at the time of the preparation of the Public Utilities bill, Mr. Attorney General Bell stated that this proposed bill should receive very-careful and very especial consideration. It will be noted, gentlemen, of the House, that this bill relates to the reorganization of a corporation, the franchises of which have been sold at a judicial sale, and the first feature to which I desire to call special attention is that, under the provisions of this act the franchises and property which was purchased at the judicial sale may not be placed in the hands of a foreign corporation or rather in the hands of a corporation of another State. This bill is intended merely to meet a hard case with reference to the purchase of a franchise of a railroad. Why was not the bill restricted simply to railroad companies? It applies not only to railroad companies, but to gas companies, water companies, coal companies, steel and lumber companies, oil companies, and is intended to incorporate, oil, mine, transportation and a number of other companies. It surely would have been possible to have limited the provisions of this bill simply to railroad companies, and possibly to railroad companies which occupy territory outside of the State of Pennsylvania, but the most serious objection to this bill is that it seems to place no substantial limit upon the stock that may be issued by the reorganized company. I don't think that it is a proper bill, and therefore I urge that it be defeated.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—149.

Abbott	Feeney	Keister	Robison
Akers	Ferguson	Kern	Rockwell
Allen	Flynn	Kinney	Roney
Alter	Freeman	Klingerman	Row
Baldwin, R. J.	Frey	Klumpp	Sassaman
Bartman	Gans	Lindsay	Savidge
Bass	Gibson	Lowe	Schad
Bentley	Gilkeson	Malie	Schmidt
Billman	Good	Martin	Schofield
Bosher	Gransback	Maurer	Schultz
Boyd	Gray	McAleer	Scott, J. R.
Brehm	Graybill	McArdle	Shadrach
Breitinger	Grove	McClung	Shaffer
Caldwell	Haggerty	McInerney	Sherwood
Campbell, W.	Halferty	McKean	Shreve
Carroll	Healey	McMullen	Snavely
Clarency	Hecht	McNichol	Speer
Cleary	Henry	Miller	Stein
Clymer	Herman	Mills	Swan
Connell	Hess	Moore	Swartz
Conner, P.	Hibshman	Morris	Townsend
Conner, W.	Hilton	Moses	Tunis
Conrade	Hobbs	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Cox, E. R.	Hoffman	Neel	Von Tacky
Crum	Holland	Newbaker	Wallace
Currier	Hoover	North	Ward, W. Jr.
Curry	Hormell	Perry	Ward, W.
Dale	Hough	Phillips	Watts
Dallas	Howard	Pitchford	Welch
Davis, A.	Hunter, J.	Raesley	Whitman
Donahoe	Hunter, R.	Rath	Wilcox
Dunn, H.	Jackson	Reel	Williams
Dunn, J.	Johnson, C.	Reeser	Wilson
Ehrhardt	Johnson, D.	Reno	Woodward
Eichenberger	Johnston	Rhoads	Young
Ewing	Keely	Richards	Cox, John F.
Fahey	Keene	Rider	Speaker
Fay		Riebel	

NAYS—23.

Allman	Davis, W.	Light	Robinson
Baldwin, G. A.	Dershem	Matt	Scott, S. B.
Benson	Jones, John	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Bossert	Kelly, M.	Obert	Snyder, P.
Brennan	Kelsey	Reece	Walnut
Cole	Knight		

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

The Speaker (JOHN F. COX) in the Chair.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1332 (Senate No. 678), entitled:

An act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act for the appointment and maintenance of a board to be known as the Armory Board of the State of Pennsylvania and for the payment of its expenses and for providing managing and caring for armories for the use of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and making an appropriation for the same authorizing the State Armory Board to receive from counties cities municipalities and other sources donations or contributions for the purpose of this act" approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five fixing the salaries and providing for the payment of expenses of the members of the Armory Board

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—139.

Abbott	Ewing	Kelsey,	Reyburn
Akers	Fahey	Klingerman,	Richards
Allen	Fay	Klumpp,	Riebel
Alter	Ferguson	Larkins,	Robinson
Baldwin, R.	Freeman	Letzkus	Robison
Bartman	Gans	Light,	Rockwell
Bender	Geary	Lindsay,	Roney
Bentley	Gibson	Magee,	Row
Bosher	Gilkeson	Malie,	Sassaman
Boyd	Gransback	Marvin,	Schad
Brehm	Gray	McAleer,	Schmidt
Breitinger	Grove	McArdle,	Schofield
Campbell, C.	Guyaux	McClung,	Schultz
Campbell, W.	Halferty	McInerney,	Scott, J.
Carroll	Hecht	McMullen,	Shadrach
Carter	Henry	McNichol,	Sherwood
Clarency	Hess	Miller,	Shreve
Cleary	Hobbs	Mills,	Speer,
Clymer	Holland	Moore,	Steese,
Connell	Hoover	Morris,	Stein
Conner, P.	Hormell	Moses	Swartz
Conrade	Hough	Moulthrop	Townsend
Cox, E.	Howard	Neel	Tunis
Crum	Hunter, R. P.	North	Wallace
Cumbler	Irwin	Perry	Walnut
Currier	Jackson,	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Dale	Johnson, C,	Piper	Welch
Dallas	Johnston,	Pitchford	Whitman
Davis, A.	Keely,	Rath	Williams
Dunn, H.	Keene,	Reel	Wilson
Dunn, J.	Keister,	Reeser	Woodward
Eichenberger	Kelley, J.	Reno	Cox, J.
			Speaker

NAYS—31.

Allman	Dershem	Kern	Scott, S.
Baldwin, G.	Enbody	Knight,	Shaffer
Benson	Fitzgerald	Martin,	Shannon
Bossert	Graybill	Matt,	Snavely
Brennan	Hibshman	McJunkin,	Snyder, A.
Campbell, J.	Hoffman	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Cole	Jones, J.	Reece	Ward, W. B.
Currier	Kelly, M.	Rhoads	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

RESOLUTION.

RECALLING SENATE BILL NO. 37 FROM THE SENATE.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The SPEAKER. The resolution will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk read the resolution as follows:

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That Senate Bill No. 37, entitled "A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania," be recalled from the Senate.

The resolution was twice read, considered, and agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

MOTION TO RECOMMIT.

Mr. HUNTER. Mr. SPEAKER, I move that House Bill No. 1368 (Senate No. 346), entitled:

An act declaring the liability of railroad companies for loss or damage by fire providing a remedy therefor and relating to evidence thereof

be recommitted to the Committee on Railroads.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. VON TACKY. Mr. Speaker, I object to recommitting this bill unless the gentleman will give some good reason why it should be recommitted. It simply takes the law from the farmer, whom I represent, and makes the railroad responsible. I will ask the members to vote down the motion to recommit.

Whereupon,

A division was called for, and less than a majority of a quorum having voted in the affirmative,

The motion was not agreed to.

SENATE MESSAGE.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 663.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has insisted upon its amendments, non-concurred in by the House of Representatives, to House Bill No. 663, entitled:

An act amending and supplementing article fourteen of an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as same was amended and supplemented by an act approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one by abolishing the present select and common councils providing a new body to be known as the council and fixing their terms of office and providing for the selection of members of council prescribing the qualifications of members thereof their powers and duties and fixing their salaries

and has appointed Messrs Kline, Adams and McNichol a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the House of Representatives, (if the House of Representatives shall appoint such committee), on the subject of the differences existing between the two Houses in relation to said bill.

On motion of Mr. WILLIAM CONNER.

The House insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments to said bill and

Ordered, That Messrs Alter, William Conner and R. J. Baldwin be a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) in relation to the differences existing between the two houses on said bill.

And that the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has concurred in the resolution from the House of Representatives as follows; viz:

In the House of Representatives, May 23, 1911.

Concurrent resolution proposing an amendment to Section 3 of Article 8 of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Section I. Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania (if the Senate concur), That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the Eighteenth Article thereof:

Section II. Amend Section 3 of Article 8, which reads as follows: "All judges selected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances require. All the elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough and township officers for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto; Provided, That such election shall always be held in an odd numbered year," so as to read:

Section III. All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough and township officers for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto; Provided, That such election shall always be held in an odd numbered year; Provided further, That all judges for the courts of the several judicial districts holding office at the present time whose terms of office may end in an odd numbered year shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January in the next succeeding even numbered year.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. TOWNSEND. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to, and (at 1 o'clock P. M.) the House adjourned until 2.30 this afternoon.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, May 24, 1911.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The House met at 2.30 o'clock.

The Speaker (JOHN F. COX) in the Chair.

RESOLUTION RECALLING HOUSE BILL NO. 608 FROM THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. JOHN R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer a resolution at this time.

The SPEAKER. The resolution will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the resolution as follows:

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That House Bill No. 608, entitled An act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment

The resolution was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

MOTION TO RECONSIDER VOTE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 886.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I move to reconsider the vote by which House Bill No. 886 (Senate No. 179), entitled:

An act relating to the exercise of the right of eminent domain

failed on final passage.

Mr. CONRADE. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was not agreed to.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION RELATIVE TO THE BARNARD STATUES.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows, viz:

In the Senate, May 24, 1911.

A concurrent resolution providing for a commission to arrange for the unveiling of the groups of sculpture prepared by the eminent sculptor, George Gray Barnard.

Whereas, The completed groups in marble modeled and prepared by the eminent sculptor, George Gray Barnard, will be set in place on either side of the main entrance to the Capitol at an early date; and

Whereas, The completion and setting in place of these beautiful groups, which are recognized to be among the greatest productions in sculpture of modern times, will be an important event in the history of the Commonwealth, and should be suitably commemorated by unveiling exercises in which the people of the State may participate;

Therefore be it resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), that the Governor of the Commonwealth be and he is hereby authorized and directed to appoint five members of the General Assembly, who shall, with the Board of Grounds and Buildings, constitute a commission to arrange for the unveiling of the said groups of sculpture.

The commission shall have authority to select a suitable day for holding the unveiling exercises and the acceptance of said groups by the proper officers of the Commonwealth, and also to arrange for such other exercises as may be fitting and proper upon such occasion. Said commission shall have authority to invite, in the name of the Commonwealth, such officials and persons of this and other States to attend the unveiling exercises as in its judgment will fittingly commemorate this important event. The said commission shall allot to the present members of the General Assembly such number of invitations to the unveiling exercises as the conditions and accommodations will warrant.

The reasonable cost and expense of the unveiling exercises as hereinbefore authorized, shall be provided for by inserting an item in the General Appropriation bill.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

The resolution was twice read.

On the question.

Will the House concur in the resolution.

It was agreed to.

Oordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGES.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1215.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed, that the Senate has insisted upon its amendments, non-concurred in by the House of Representatives, to House Bill No. 1215, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Reform School at Morganza Pennsylvania and granting its managers the authority to raze old buildings

and has appointed Messrs. Kurtz, Baldwin and Wilbert a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the House of Representatives (if the House of Representatives shall appoint such committee), on the subject of the difference existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

On motion of Mr. WOODWARD.

The House insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments to said bill and

Ordered, That Messrs. Woodward, Klumpp and Whitman be a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) in relation to the differences existing between the two houses on said bill.

And that the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

Mr. RONEY in the Chair.

SENATE MESSAGES.

AMENDED HOUSE BILLS RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 942:

A joint resolution providing for the appointment by the Governor of a commission to be known as the Pennsylvania State Vaccination Commission and defining its powers and duties and making an appropriation for the expenses thereof

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendment.

The Clerk read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 6, line 1, by striking out the words "one thousand" and inserting the words "twenty-five hundred"

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendment made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—157.

Abbott	Eichenberger	Keely,	Riebel
Akers	Ewing	Keene,	Robinson
Allen	Fahey	Keister,	Robison
Alter	Fay	Kelley, J.	Roney
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Kelly, M.	Row,
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Klingerman,	Sassaman
Bartman	Flynn	Klumpp,	Schad
Bass	Freeman	Larkins,	Schad
Bender	Frey	Light,	Schmidt
Bentley	Gans	Lowe,	Scott, J.
Billman	Geary	Magee,	Scott, S.
Blair	Gibson	Malie,	Shaffer
Bosher	Gilkeson	Mannion,	Shannon
Boyd	**Good**	Martin	Sherwood
Brehm	Gransback	Marvin	Shoemaker
Breitinger	Graybill	McAleer,	Shreve
Brennan	Grove	McArdle,	Snavely
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McClung,	Snyder, P.
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McGowan,	Speer,
Campbell, W.	Healey	McInerney,	Steese,
Carroll	Hecht	McJunkin,	Stein,
Carter	Henry	McMullen,	Swan
Clarency	Herman	McNichol,	Townsend
Cleary	Hess	Miller,	Tunis
Clymer	Hibshman	Mills,	Von Tacky
Connell	Hobbs	Moore,	Wallace
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Moulthrop	Walnut
Conner, W.	Holland	Neel	Walton
Conrade	Hoover	Newbaker	Ward, W., Jr.
Cox, E.	Hough	North	Ward, W. B.
Cumbler	Howard	Perry	Watts
Currier	Hunter, J. N.	Phillips	Whitman
Curry	Hunter, R. P.	Piper	Wilcox
Dale	Irwin	Pitchford	Williams
Dallas	Jackson,	Rath	Wilson
Davis, A.	Johnson, C.	Reeser	Woodward
Dunn, H.	Johnson, D.	Reyburn	Young
Dunn, J.	Johnston,	Rhoads	Cox, J.
Ehrhardt	Jones, E.	Richards	Speaker

NAYS—8.

Ailman	Cole	Kern,	Rebert
Bossert	**Davis, W.**	Knight,	Reece

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 949:

An act making an appropriation to the Messiah Home Orphanage of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

With the information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendment.

The Clerk read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 1, line 4, by striking out "two" and inserting "three."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendment made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—188.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Kelly, M.	Riebel
Ailman	Ehrhardt	Kelsey,	Robinson
Akers	Eichenberger	Kern,	Robison
Allen	Enbody	Klingerman,	Rockwell
Alter	Ewing	Knight,	Roney
Anderson	Fay	Lafferty,	Row
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Larkins,	Rumsey
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Leh,	Sassaman
Bartman	Flynn	Light,	Savidge
Bass	Freeman	Lindsay,	Schad
Bender	Frey	Lowe,	Schmidt
Benson	Gans	Magee,	Schofield
Bentley	Geary	Malie,	Schultz
Billman	Gibson	Mannion,	Scott, J.
Blair	Gilkeson	Marvin,	Scott, S.
Bosher	Good	Matt,	Shadrach
Bossert	Gransback	Maurer,	Shannon
Boyd	Gray	McAleer,	Sherwood
Brehm	Grove	McArdle,	Shoemaker
Breitinger	Guyaux	McClung,	Shreve
Brennan	Haggerty	McGowan,	Snavely
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McInerney,	Snyder, A.
Campbell, J.	Healey	McJunkin,	Snyder, P.
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McMullen,	Speer,
Carroll	Henry	McNichol,	Steese,
Carter	Herman	Miller,	Stein,
Clarency	Hess	Mills,	Swan
Cleary	Hibshman	Moore,	Swartz
Clymer	Hobbs	Morris	Townsend
Cole	Hoffman	Moses	Tunis
Connell	Holland	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Conner, P.	Hoover	Neel	Von Tacky
Conner, W.	Hormell	Newbaker	Wallace
Conrade	Hough	North	Walnut
Cox, E.	Howard	Perry	Walton
Crum	Hunter, J. N.	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Cumbler	Hunter, R. P.	Pitchford	Ward, W. B.
Currier	Irwin	Raesley	Watts
Curry	Jackson,	Rath	Welch
Dale	Johnson, C.	Rebert	Whitman
Dallas	Johnson, D.	Reece	Wilcox
Davis, A.	Johnston,	Reel	Williams
Davis, W.	Jones, E.	Reeser	Wilson
Dearden	Jones, J.	Reno	Woodward
Detzel	Keely,	Reyburn	Young
Donahoe	Keene,	Rhoads	Cox, J.
Donnally	Keister,	Richards	Speaker
Dunn, H.	Kelley, J.	Rider	

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1014:

An act making an appropriation to the Aged Colored Women's Home at Williamsport Lycoming county Pennsylvania

With information that the Senate had passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The Clerk read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 1 line 4 by striking out "fifteen hundred" and inserting "two thousand."

Amend section 1 line ten by striking out "fifteen hundred" and inserting "two thousand."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—195.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Kelly, M.	Rhoads
Ailman	Ehrhardt	Kelsey,	Richards
Akers	Eichenberger	Kern,	Rider
Allen	Enbody	Klingerman,	Riebel
Alter	Ewing	Klumpp,	Robinson
Anderson	Fahey	Knight,	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Kuhns,	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Lafferty,	Roney
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Larkins,	Row
Bass	Flynn	Leh,	Rumsey
Bender	Freeman	Light,	Sassaman
Benson	Frey	Lindsay,	Savidge
Bentley	Geary	Lowe,	Schad
Billman	Gibson	Magee,	Schmidt
Blair	Gilkeson	Mannion,	Schofield
Bosher	Good	Martin,	Schultz
Bossert	Gransback	Marvin,	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gray	Matt,	Scott, S.
Brehm	Graybill	Maurer,	Shaffer
Breitinger	Grove	McAleer,	Shannon
Brennan	Guyaux	McArdle,	Sherwood
Caldwell	Haggerty	McClung,	Shoemaker
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McGowan,	Shreve
Campbell, J.	Healey	McInerney,	Snavely
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McJunkin,	Snyder, A.
Carroll	Henry	McKean,	Snyder, P.
Carter	Herman	McMullen,	Speer,
Clarency	Hibshman	McNichol,	Steese,
Cleary	Hilton	Miller,	Stein,
Clymer	Hobbs	Mills	Swan
Cole	Hoffman	Moore,	Swartz
Conner, P.	Holland	Morris,	Townsend
Conner, W.	Hoover	Moses	Tunis
Conrade	Hormell	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Cox, E.	Hough	Neel	Von Tacky
Crum	Howard	Newbaker	Wallace
Cumbler	Hunter, J. N.	North	Walnut
Currier	Hunter, R. P.	Perry	Ward, W. Jr.
Curry	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W.
Dale	Jackson,	Piper	Watts
Dallas	Johnson, C.	Pitchford	Welch
Davis, A.	Johnson, D.	Raesley	Whitman
Davis, W.	Johnston,	Rath	Wilcox
Dearden	Jones, E.	Rebert	Williams
Dershem	Jones, J.	Reece	Wilson
Detzel	Keely,	Reel	Woodward
Donahoe	Keene,	Reeser	Young
Donnally	Keister,	Reno	Cox, J.
Dunn, H.	Kelley, J.	Reyburn	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1080:

An act making an appropriation to the York Hospital and Dispensary of York City Pennsylvania

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendment.

The Clerk read the amendment as follows:

Amend section one line 4 by striking out "twenty thousand" and inserting "twenty-five thousand"

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendment made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—198.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M.	Rhoads
Allman	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Richards
Akers	Enbody	Kern,	Rider
Allen	Fahey	Klingerman,	Riebel
Alter	Fay	Klumpp,	Robinson
Anderson	Feeney	Knight,	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Kuhns,	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Lafferty,	Roney
Bartman	Flynn	Larkins,	Row
Bass	Freeman	Leh,	Rumsey
Bender	Frey	Light,	Sassaman
Benson	Gans	Lindsay,	Savidge
Bentley	Geary	Lowe,	Schad
Billman	Gibson	Magee,	Schmidt
Blair	Gilkeson	Malie,	Schofield
Bosher	Good	Mannion,	Scott, J.
Bossert	Gransback	Martin,	Scott, S.
Boyd	Gray	Marvin,	Shadrach
Brehm	Graybill	Matt,	Shaffer
Breitinger	Grove	Maurer	Shannon
Brennan	Guyaux	McAleer,	Sherwood
Caldwell	Haggerty	McArdle	Shoemaker
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McClung,	Shreve
Campbell, J.	Healey	McGowan,	Snavely
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McInerney,	Snyder, A.
Carroll	Henry	McJunkin,	Snyder, P.
Carter	Herman	McKean,	Speer,
Clarency	Hess	McMullen,	Steese,
Cleary	Hibshman	McNichol,	Stein,
Clymer	Hilton	Miller,	Swan
Cole	Hobbs	Mills,	Swartz
Connell	Hoffman	Moore,	Townsend
Conner, P.	Holland	Morris,	Tunis
Conner, W.	Hoover	Moses	Ulerich
Cox, E.	Hormell	Moulthrop	Von Tacky
Crum	Hough	Neel	Wallace
Cumbler	Howard	Newbaker	Walnut
Currier	Hunter, J. N.	North	Walton
Curry	Hunter, R. P.	Perry	Ward, W., Jr.
Dale	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W. B.
Dallas	Jackson,	Piper	Watts
Davis, A.	Johnson, O,	Pitchford	Welch
Davis, W.	Johnson, D.	Raesley	Whitman
Dearden	Johnston,	Rath	Wilcox
Dershem	Jones, E. E.	Rebert	Williams
Detzel	Jones, J,	Reece	Wilson
Donahoe	Keely,	Reel	Woodward
Donnally	Keene,	Reeser	Young
Dunn, H.	Keister,	Reno	Cox, J.
Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.	Reyburn	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1081:

An act making an appropriation to the York Society to Protect Children and Aged Persons formerly the Christian Home of York Pennsylvania

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendment.

The Clerk read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 1 line 4 by striking out "three thousand" and inserting "four thousand"

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendment made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—195.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.	Reyburn
Allman	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M.	Rhoads
Akers	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Richards
Allen	Enbody	Kern,	Rider
Alter	Ewing	Klingerman,	Riebel
Anderson	Fahey	Klumpp,	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	Fay	Knight,	Robison
Baldwin, R.	Feeney	Kuhns,	Rockwell
Bartman	Ferguson	Lafferty,	Roney
Bass	Fitzgerald	Larkins,	Row
Bender	Flynn	Leh,	Rumsey
Benson	Freeman	Light,	Sassaman
Bentley	Frey	Lindsay,	Savidge
Billman	Gans	Lowe,	Schad
Blair	Gibson	Magee,	Schmidt
Bosher	Gilkeson	Malie,	Schultz
Bossert	Good	Mannion,	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gransback	Martin,	Scott, S.
Brehm	Gray	Marvin,	Shadrach
Breitinger	Graybill	Matt,	Shaffer
Brennan	Grove	Maurer	Shannon
Caldwell	Guyaux	McAleer,	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McArdle,	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McClung,	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Healey	McGowan,	Snavely
Carroll	Hecht	McInerney,	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Henry	McJunkin,	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Herman	McKean,	Speer,
Clymer	Hess	McMullen,	Stein,
Cole	Hibshman	McNichol,	Swan
Connell	Hilton	Mills,	Swartz
Conner, P.	Hobbs	Moore,	Townsend
Conner, W.	Hoffman	Morris,	Tunis
Conrade	Holland	Moses	Ulerich
Cox, E.	Hoover	Moulthrop	Von Tacky
Crum	Hormell	Neel	Wallace
Cumbler	Hough	Newbaker	Walnut
Currier	Howard	North	Walton
Curry	Hunter, J. N.	Perry	Ward, W., Jr.
Dale	Hunter, R. P.	Phillips	Ward, W. B.
Dallas	Irwin	Piper	Watts
Davis, A.	Jackson,	Pitchford	Welch
Davis, W.	Johnson, C.	Raesley	Whitman
Dearden	Johnson, D.	Rath	Wilcox
Dershem	Johnston,	Rebert	Williams
Detzel	Jones, E.	Reece	Wilson
Donahoe	Keely,	Reel	Woodward
Donnally	Keene,	Reeser	Young
Dunn, H.	Keister,	Reno	Cox, J.
			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1084:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Home of the city of York Pennsylvania

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendment.

The Clerk read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 1 line four by striking out the word "one" and inserting the word "two."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendment made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—196.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelsey,	Richards
Allman	Enbody	Kern,	Rider
Akers	Ewing	Klingerman,	Riebel
Allen	Fahey	Klumpp,	Robinson
Alter	Fay	Knight,	Robison
Anderson	Feeney	Kuhns,	Rockwell
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Lafferty,	Roney
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Larkins,	Row
Bartman	Flynn	Leh,	Rumsey
Bass	Freeman	Light,	Sassaman
Bender	Frey	Lindsay,	Savidge
Benson	Gans	Lowe,	Schad
Bentley	Geary	Magee,	Schmidt
Billman	Gibson	Malie,	Schofield
Blair	Gilkeson	Mannion,	Schultz
Bossert	Good	Martin,	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gransback	Marvin,	Scott, S.
Brehm	Gray	Matt,	Shadrach
Breitinger	Graybill	Maurer,	Shaffer
Brennan	Grove	McAleer,	Shannon
Caldwell	Guyaux	McArdle,	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McClung,	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Healey	McGowan,	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McInerney,	Snavely
Carroll	Henry	McJunkin,	Snyder, A.

Carter	Herman	McKean,	Snyder, P.
Clarency	Hess	McMullen,	Speer,
Cleary	Hibshman	McNichol,	Steese,
Clymer	Hilton	Miller,	Stein,
Cole	Hobbs	Mills,	Swan
Connell	Hoffman	Moore,	Swartz
Conner, P.	Holland	Morris,	Townsend
Conner, W.	Hoover	Moses	Tunis
Conrade	Hormell	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Cox, E.	Hough	Neel	Von Tacky
Crum	Howard	Newbaker	Wallace
Cumbler	Hunter, J. N.	North	Walnut
Currier	Hunter, R. P.	Perry	Walton
Curry	Irwin	Piper	Ward, W., Jr.
Dale	Jackson,	Pitchford	Ward, W. B.
Dallas	Johnson, C,	Raesley	Watts
Davis, A.	Johnson, D,	Rath	Welch
Davis, W.	Johnston	Rebert	Whitman
Dearden	Jones, E,	Reece	Wilcox
Dershem	Jones, J,	Reel	Williams
Detzel	Keene,	Reeser	Wilson
Donahoe	Keister,	Reno	Woodward
Donnally	Kelley, J.	Reyburn	Young
Dunn, H.	Kelly, M.	Rhoads	Cox, J.
Dunn, J.			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1233:

An act making an appropriation to the Franklin City Hospital

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendment.

The Clerk read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 1 line 7 by striking out the word "eleven" and inserting "sixteen." Strike out all of lines 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15. Strike out all of section 2.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendment made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—199.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M.	Rhoads
Allman	Eichenberger	Kelsey	Richards
Akers	Ewing	Kern,	Rider
Allen	Fahey	Klingerman,	Riebel
Alter	Fay	Klumpp,	Robinson
Anderson	Feeney	Knight,	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Kuhns,	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Lafferty,	Roney
Bartman	Flynn	Larkins,	Row
Bass	Freeman	Leh,	Rumsey
Bender	Frey	Light,	Sassaman
Benson	Gans	Lindsay,	Savidge
Bentley	Geary	Lowe,	Schad
Billman	Gibson	Magee,	Schmidt
Blair	Gilkeson	Malie,	Schofield
Bosher	Good	Mannion,	Schultz
Bossert	Gransback	Martin,	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gray	Marvin,	Scott, S.
Brehm	Graybill	Matt,	Shadrach
Breitinger	Grove	Maurer,	Shaffer
Brennan	Guyaux	McAleer	Shannon
Caldwell	Haggerty	McArdle,	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McClung,	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Healey	McGowan,	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McInerney,	Snavely
Carroll	Henry	McJunkin,	Snyder, A.
Carter	Herman	McKean,	Snyder, P.
Clarency	Hess	McMullen,	Speer,
Clymer	Hibshman	McNichol,	Steese,
Cole	Hilton	Miller,	Stein,
Connell	Hobbs	Mills,	Swan
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Moore,	Swartz
Conner, W.	Holland	Morris	Townsend
Conrade	Hoover	Moses	Tunis
Cox, E.	Hormell	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Crum	Hough	Neel	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Howard	Newbaker	Wallace
Currier	Hunter, J. N.	North	Walnut
Curry	Hunter, R. P.	Perry	Walton
Dale	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Dallas	Jackson,	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Davis, A.	Johnson, C,	Pitchford	Watts
Davis, W.	Johnson, D.	Raesley	Welch
Dearden	Johnston	Rath	Whitman
Dershem	Jones, E.	Rebert	Wilcox
Detzel	Jones, J,	Reece	Williams
Donahoe	Keely,	Reel	Woodward
Donnally	Keene,	Reeser	Young
Dunn, H.	Keister,	Reno	Cox, J.
Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.	Reyburn	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1255:

An act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools situate in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth to defray the expenses of erecting an additional cottage and certain other buildings for the accommodation of the girls department in their county home near Darlington Delaware county

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendment.

The Clerk read the amendment as follows:

Strike out all of section 3

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendment made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—195.

Abbott	Dunn, H.	Keister,	Reyburn
Allman	Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.	Rhoads
Akers	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M.	Richards
Allen	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Rider
Alter	Ewing	Kern,	Riebel
Anderson	Fahey	Klingerman,	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	Fay	Klumpp,	Robison
Baldwin, R.	Feeney	Knight,	Rockwell
Bartman	Ferguson	Kuhns,	Roney
Bass	Fitzgerald	Lafferty,	Row
Bender	Flynn	Larkins	Rumsey
Benson	Freeman	Leh,	Sassaman
Bentley	Frey	Light,	Savidge
Billman	Gans	Lindsay,	Schad
Blair	Geary	Lowe,	Schmidt
Bosher	Gibson	Magee,	Schofield
Bossert	Gilkeson	Mannion,	Schultz
Boyd	Good	Martin,	Scott, J.
Brehm	Gransback	Marvin,	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Gray	Matt,	Shadrach
Brennan	Graybill	McAleer,	Shaffer
Caldwell	Grove	McArdle,	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Guyaux	McClung,	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Haggerty	McGowan,	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Halferty	McInerney,	Shreve
Carroll	Healey	McJunkin,	Snavely
Carter	Hecht	McKean,	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Henry	McMullen,	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Herman	McNichol	Speer,
Clymer	Hess	Miller,	Steese,
Cole	Hibshman	Mills,	Stein,
Connell	Hilton	Moore,	Swan
Conner, P.	Hobbs	Morris,	Swartz
Conner, W.	Hoffman	Moses	Townsend
Conrade	Holland	Moulthrop	Tunis
Cox, E.	Hoover	Neel	Ulerich
Crum	Hormell	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Howard	North	Wallace
Currier	Hunter, J. N.	Perry	Walnut
Curry	Hunter, R. P.	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Dale	Irwin	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Dallas	Jackson,	Pitchford	Watts
Davis, A.	Johnson, C,	Raesley	Welch
Davis, W.	Johnson, D,	Rath	Whitman
Dearden	Johnston,	Rebert	Wilcox
Dershem	Jones, E.	Reece	Wilson
Detzel	Jones, J,	Reel	Woodward
Donahoe	Keely,	Reeser	Young
Donnally	Keene,	Reno	Cox, J.
			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz: House Bill No. 1284:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Working Home for Blind Men for maintenance in handicraft employment

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurernce of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendment.

The Clerk read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 1 line 4 by striking out the words "twenty-eight" and inserting the words "thirty-five."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendment as made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—197.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M. C.,	Rhoads
Ailman	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Richards
Akers	**Ewing**	Kern	**Rider**
Allen	Fahey	Klingerman	Riebel
Alter	Fay	Klumpp	Robinson
Anderson	Feeney	Knight	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Kuhns	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Lafferty	Roney
Bartman	Flynn	Larkins	Row
Bass	Freeman	Leh	Rumsey
Bender	Frey	Light	Sassaman
Benson	Gans	Lindsay	Savidge
Bentley	Geary	Lowe	Schad
Billman	Gibson	Magee	Schmidt
Blair	Gilkeson	Malie	Schofield
Bosher	Good	Mannion	Schultz
Bossert	Gransback	Martin	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gray	Marvin	Scott, S.
Brehm	Graybill	Matt	Shadrach
Breitinger	Grove	Maurer	Shaffer
Brennan	Guyaux	McAleer	Shannon
Caldwell	Haggerty	McClung	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McGowan	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Healey	McInerney	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McJunkin	Snavely
Carroll	Henry	McKean	Snyder, A.
Carter	Herman	McMullen	Snyder, P.
Clarency	Hess	McNichol	Speer
Cleary	Hibshman	Miller	Steese
Clymer	Hilton	Mills	Stein
Cole	Hobbs	Moore	Swan
Connell	Holland	Morris	Swartz
Conner, P.	Hoover	Moses	Townsend
Conrade	Hormell	Moulthrop	Tunis
Cox, E.	Hough	Neel	Ulerich
Crum	Howard	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Hunter J. N.,	North	Wallace
Currier	Hunter, R. P.,	Perry	Walnut
Curry	Irwin	Phillips	Walton
Dale	Jackson	Piper	Ward, W., Jr.
Dallas	Johnson, C. V.,	Pitchford	Ward, W. B.
Davis, A.	Johnson, D. D.,	Raesley	Watts
Davis, W.	Johnston	Rath	Welch
Dearden	Jones, E. E.,	Rebert	Whitman
Dershem	Jones, J. R.,	Reece	Wilcox
Detzel	Keely,	Reel	Williams
Donahoe	Keene,	Reeser	Wilson
Donnally	Keister	Reno	Woodward
Dunn, H.	Kelley, J.,	Reyburn	Young
Dunn, J.			Cox, J.
			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1210:

An act making an appropriation for the maintenance of Mary M. Packer Hospital Sunbury Pennsylvania

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurernce of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendment.

The Clerk read the amendment as follows:

Amend title by striking out after the word "maintenance" in line one the following "and for the construction of a building for contagious diseases at" and inserting before the word "Mary" in line two the word "of"

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendment as made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—199.

Abbott	**Eichenberger**	Kelly, M. C.,	Rhoads
Ailman	Ewing	Kelsey,	Richards
Akers	Fahey	Kern	Rider
Allen	**Fay**	Klingerman	Riebel
Alter	**Feeney**	Klumpp	Robinson
Anderson	Ferguson	Knight	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Fitzgerald	Kuhns	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Flynn	Lafferty	Roney
Bartman	Freeman	Larkins	Row
Bass	Frey	Leh	Rumsey
Bender	Gans	Light	Sassaman
Benson	Geary	Lindsay	Savidge
Bentley	Gibson	Lowe	Schad
Billman	Gilkeson	Magee	Schmidt
Blair	Good	**Malie**	Schofield
Bosher	Gransback	Mannion	Schultz
Bossert	Gray	Martin	Scott, J.
Boyd	Graybill	Marvin	Scott, S.
Brehm	Grove	Matt	Shadrach
Brennan	Guyaux	Maurer	Shaffer
Caldwell	Haggerty	McAleer	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McArdle	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Healey	McClung	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McGowan	Shreve
Carroll	Henry	McInerney	Snavely
Carter	Herman	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Hess	McKean	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hibshman	McMullen	Speer
Clymer	Hilton	McNichol	Steese
Cole	Hobbs	Miller	Stein
Connell	Hoffman	Mills	Swan
Conner, P.	Holland	Moore	Swartz
Conner, W.	Hoover	Morris	Townsend
Conrade	Hormell	Moses	Tunis
Cox, E.	Hough	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Crum	Howard	Neel	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Hunter J. N.,	Newbaker	Wallace
Currier	Hunter, R. P.,	North	Walnut
Curry	Irwin	Perry	Walton
Dale	Jackson	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Dallas	Johnson, C. V.,	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Davis, A.	Johnson, D. D.,	Pitchford	Watts
Davis, W.	Johnston	Raesley	Welch
Dearden	Jones, E. E.,	Rath	Whitman
Dershem	Jones, J. R.,	Rebert	Wilcox
Detzel	Keely,	Reece	Williams
Donahoe	Keene,	Reel	Wilson
Donnally	Keister	Reeser	Woodward
Dunn, H.	Kelley, J.,	Reno	Young
Dunn, J.		Reyburn	Cox, J.
Ehrhardt			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1113:

An act making an appropriation to the Brownsville General Hospital at Brownsville Fayette county Pennsylvania

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurernce of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendment.

The Clerk read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 1 line 4 by striking out the word "twelve" and inserting the word "thirty;" amend line 10 by striking out the word "ten"and inserting the words "twenty-five;" amend line 12 by striking out the word "two" and inserting the word "five."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendment as made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—198.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelley, J.,	Reyburn
Ailman	**Eichenberger**	Kelly, M. C.,	Rhoads
Akers	Enbody	Kelsey,	Richards
Allen	**Ewing**	Kern	Rider
Alter	Fahey	Klingerman	Riebel
Anderson	Fay	Klumpp	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	**Feeney**	Knight	Robison
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Kuhns	Rockwell
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Lafferty	Roney
Bass	Flynn	Larkins	Row
Bender	Freeman	Leh	Rumsey
Benson	Frey	Light	Sassaman
Bentley	Gans	Lindsay	Savidge
Billman	Geary	Lowe	Schad
Blair	**Gibson**	Magee	Schmidt
Bosher	Gilkeson,	Malie	Schofield
Bossert	Good	Mannion	Schultz
Boyd	Gransback	Martin	Scott, J.
Brehm	Gray	Marvin	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Graybill	Matt	Shadrach
Brennan	Grove	Maurer	Shaffer
Caldwell	Guyaux	**McArdle**	Shannon
Campbell, J.	Haggerty	McClung	Sherwood
Campbell, W.	Halferty	McGowan	Shoemaker
Carroll	Healey	**McInerney**	Shreve
Carter	Hecht	**McJunkin**	Snavely
Clarency	Henry	**McKean**	Snyder, A.
Cleary	Herman	**McMullen**	Snyder, P.
Clymer	Hess	**McNichol**	Speer
Cole	Hibshman	**Miller**	Steese
Connell	Hilton	Mills	Stein
Conner, P.	Hobbs	Moore	Swan
Conner, W.	Hoffman	Morris	Swartz
Conrade	Holland	Moses	Townsend
Cox, E.	Hoover	**Moulthrop**	Tunis
Crum	Hormell	Neel	Ulerich
Cumbler	Hough	**Newbaker**	Von Tacky
Currier	Howard	**North**	Wallace
Curry	Hunter J. N.,	Perry	Walnut
Dale	Hunter, R. P.,	Phillips	Walton
			Ward, W., Jr.

Dallas	Irwin	Piper	Watts
Davis, A.	Jackson	Pitchford	Welch
Davis, W.	Johnson, C. V.,	Raesley	Whitman
Dearden	Johnson, D. D.,	Rath	Wilcox
Dershem	Johnston	Rebert	Williams
Detzel	Jones, E. E.,	Reece	Wilson
Donahoe	Jones, J,	Reel	Woodward
Donnally	Keely,	Reeser	Young
Dunn, H.	Keene,	Reno	Cox, J.
Dunn, J.	Keister		Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1062:

An act making an appropriation to the Catholic Home for Destitute Children Philadelphia

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendment.

The Clerk read the amendment as follows:

Amend section one by adding at the end of the section the following: "For the betterments and new buildings the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000)."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendment as made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—200.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M. C.,	Rhoads
Ailman	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Richards
Akers	Ewing	Kern	Rider
Allen	Fahey	Klingerman	Riebel
Alter	Fay	Klumpp	Robinson
Anderson	Feeney	Knight	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Kuhns	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Lafferty	Roney
Bartman	Flynn	Larkins	Row
Bass	Freeman	Leh	Rumsey
Bender	Frey	Light	Sassaman
Benson	Gans	Lindsay	Savidge
Bentley	Geary	Lowe	Schad
Billman	Gibson	Magee	Schmidt
Blair	Gilkeson	Malie	Schofield
Bosher	Good	Mannion	Schultz
Bossert	Gransback	Martin	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gray	Marvin	Scott, S.
Brehm	Graybill	Matt	Shadrach
Breitinger	Grove	Maurer	Shaffer
Brennan	Guyaux	McAleer	Shannon
Caldwell	Haggerty	McArdle	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McClung	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Healey	McGowan	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McInerney	Snavely
Carroll	Henry	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Carter	Herman	McKean	Snyder, P.
Clarency	Hess	McMullen	Speer
Cleary	Hibshman	McNichol	Steese
Clymer	Hilton	Miller	Stein
Cole	Hobbs	Mills	Swan
Connell	Hoffman	Moore	Swartz
Conner, P.	Holland	Morris	Townsend
Conner, W.	Hoover	Moses	Tunis
Conrade	Hough	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Cox, E.	Howard	Neel	Von Tacky
Crum	Hunter J. N.,	Newbaker	Wallace
Cumbler	Hunter, R. P.,	North	Walnut
Currier	Irwin	Perry	Walton
Curry	Jackson	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Dale	Johnson, C. V.,	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Dallas	Johnson, D. D.,	Pitchford	Watts
Davis, A.	Johnston	Raesley	Welch
Davis, W.	Jones, E. E.,	Rath	Whitman
Dearden	Jones, J. R.,	Rebert	Wilcox
Dershem	Keely,	Reece	Williams
Detzel	Keene	Reel	Wilson
Donahoe	Keister	Reeser	Woodward
Donnally	Kelley, J.,	Reno	Young
Dunn, H.		Reyburn	Cox, J.
Dunn, J.			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1237:

An act making an appropriation to the DuBois Hospital of DuBois Clearfield county Pennsylvania

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendment.

The Clerk read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 1 line 4 by striking out the word "nine" and inserting the word "eleven;" also by striking out the numerals "($9,000)" and inserting the numerals "($11,000);" also in line 10 strike out the word "nine" and insert the word "eleven;" in line 11 strike out the numerals "($9,000)" and insert the numerals "($11,000)."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendment as made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—200.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M. C.,	Rhoads
Ailman	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Richards
	Enbody	Kern	Rider
Allen	Ewing	Klingerman	Riebel
Alter	Fahey	Klumpp	Robinson
Anderson	Fay	Knight	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Kuhns	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Lafferty	Roney
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Larkins	Row
Bass	Flynn	Leh	Rumsey
Bender	Freeman	Light	Sassaman
Benson	Frey	Lindsay	Savidge
Bentley	Gans	Lowe	Schad
Billman	Geary	Magee	Schmidt
Blair	Gilkeson	Malie	Schofield
Bosher	Good	Mannion	Schultz
Bossert	Gransback	Martin	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gray	Marvin	Scott, S.
Brehm	Graybill	Matt	Shadrach
Breitinger	Grove	Maurer	Shaffer
Brennan	Guyaux	McAleer	Shannon
Caldwell	Haggerty	McArdle	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McClung	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Healey	McGowan	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McInerney	Snavely
Carroll	Henry	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Carter	Herman	McKean	Snyder, P.
Clarency	Hess	McMullen	Speer
Cleary	Hibshman	McNichol	Steese
Cole	Hilton	Miller	Stein
Connell	Hobbs	Mills	Swan
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Moore	Swartz
Conner, W.	Holland	Morris	Townsend
Conrade	Hoover	Moses	Tunis
Cox, E.	Hormell	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Crum	Hough	Neel	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Howard	Newbaker	Wallace
Currier	Hunter J. N.,	North	Walnut
Curry	Hunter, R. P.,	Perry	Walton
Dale	Irwin	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Dallas	Jackson	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Davis, A.	Johnson, C. V.,	Pitchford	Watts
Davis, W.	Johnson, D. D.,	Raesley	Welch
Dearden	Johnston	Rath	Whitman
Dershem	Jones, E. E.,	Rebert	Wilcox
Detzel	Jones, J. R.,	Reece	Williams
Donahoe	Keely,	Reel	Wilson
Donnally	Keene,	Reeser	Woodward
Dunn, H.	Keister	Reno	Young
Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.,	Reyburn	Cox, J.
			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1330.

An act making an appropriation to the commission for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Hospital for the Treatment of the Insane under Homeopathic management to be called the Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane

With the information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendment.

The Clerk read the amendment as follows:

Amend section 1 by inserting in line 15 after the word "Insane" the words "for counsel fees."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendment as made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—197.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M. C.,	Richards
Allman	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Rider
	Embody	Kern	Riebel
	Ewing	Klingerman	Robinson
Alter	Fahey	Klumpp	Robison
Anderson	Fay	Knight	Rockwell
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Kuhns	Roney
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Lafferty	Row
Bartman	Fitzgerald	Larkins	Rumsey
Bass	Flynn	Leh	Sassaman
Bender	Freeman	Light	Savidge
Benson	Frey	Lindsay	Schad
Bentley	Gans	Lowe	Schmidt
Bitman	Geary	Magee	Schofield
Blair	Gibson	Malie	Schultz
Bossert	Gilkeson	Mannion	Scott, J.
Boyd	Good	Martin	Scott, S.
Brehm	Gransback	Marvin	Shadrach
Brettinger	Gray	Matt	Shaffer
Brennan	Graybill	Maurer	Shannon
Bradwell	Grove	McAleer	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McArdle	Shoemaker
Campbell, J.	Hafferty	McClung	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Healey	McGowan	Snavely
Carroll	Hecht	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Carter	Henry	McKean	Snyder, P.
Clarencey	Herman	McMullen	Speer
Cleary	Hess	McNichol	Steese
Clymer	Hibshman	Miller	Stein
Cole	Hilton	Mills	Swan
Connell	Hobbs	Moore	Swartz
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Morris	Townsend
Conner, W.		Moses	Tunis
Conrad	Iver	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Cox, E.	Hormell	Neel	Von Tacky
Crum	Hough	Newbaker	Wallace
Cumbler	Howard	North	Walnut
Currier	Hunter J. N.,	Perry	Walton
Curry	Hunter, R. P.,	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Dale	Irwin	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Dallas	Jackson	Raesley	Watts
Davis, A.	Johnson, O. V.,	Rath	Welch
Davis, W.	Johnson, D. D.,	Rebert	Whitman
Dearden	Johnston	Reece	Wilcox
Dershem	Jones, E. E.,	Reel	Williams
Detzel	Jones, J. R.,	Reeser	Wilson
Donahoe	Keely,	Reno	Woodward
Donnally	Keene,	Reyburn	Young
Dunn, H.	Keister	Rhoads	Cox, J.
Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.,		Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

CONGRATULATIONS TO MR. REYBURN.

The SPEAKER. The Chair calls upon the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Keeley, to escort to the bar of the House the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Reyburn.

Mr. KEELEY. Mr. Speaker, I beg to present Mr. Reyburn.

The SPEAKER. It is a matter of very great pleasure to the members of the Philadelphia delegation of this House that the Honorable W. S. Reyburn has risen on the legislative ladder, and it is a matter of great gratification to see the Honorable W. S. Reyburn a member of the National House of Representatives. Knowing him as we do, without following any stereotyped forms, it is enough to say that we are all truly glad to have sat in this House with him. In this work we have learned to love and respect him, and I ask the members of this House to agree in my remarks by a vote of approval.

Mr. GANS. Mr. Reyburn, the Speaker and the members of this House, as a mark of gratification for your success, present you with this bouquet.

Mr REYBURN. Mr. Speaker and fellow members of this House, when I say this is a day that will long remain in my memory I am expressing it very mildly. I am at a loss to tell you gentlemen how much I appreciate the honor you have bestowed on me to-day. In my experience here in the House I have had two exhibitions of the kindly feeling of the members of this House. One was the other day when the members of this House, by a unanimous vote, passed a bill which I had the honor of presenting, and the other by your exhibition of good will this afternoon. It is with a great deal of regret that I am here this afternoon to bid you all good-bye. I leave this House with the kindliest feelings for every member in it. I think I may say that every man in this House has been on the most friendly relations with me. Irrespective of our party affiliations, we have never permitted that to interfere with our kindly relations, either on the floor of this chamber or in our intercourse outside. I have been chosen by the people of the second district of Pennsylvania to represent them in the Congress of the United States. I shall use my utmost endeavor to serve my constituents and the people of Pennsylvania with credit. In my two terms' experience in this House I have given the best service that there is in me. I have endeavored to carefully consider every measure of importance that has come out of the committee, and have acted according to my own idea of fairness. Gentlemen, I want to once again say good-bye to you and wish you Godspeed, the best of health and happiness and success in life to every member of this House.

BILLS SIGNED BY SPEAKER.

The Speaker announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly, and the same having been correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

Senate Bill No. 705:

An act providing for a survey of Pymatuning Swamp and an examination into the feasibility of constructing a reservoir therein to conserve the waters draining into said swamp and making an appropriation therefor

Senate Bill No. 706:

An act making an appropriation to the Bradford Hospital of the city of Bradford

Senate Bill No. 707:

An act making an appropriation to the Kane Summit Hospital Association of Kane McKean county Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 708:

An act making an appropriation to the Punxsutawney Hospital at Punxsutawney Jefferson county Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 709:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Francis Hospital Pittsburg Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 732:

An act to promote agriculture by protecting bees to provide for the inspection of apiaries to provide for the suppression of contagious or infectious diseases among bees and providing penalties for the violation of this act

Senate Bill No. 746:

An act making an appropriation to the Erie Home of the Friendless of the City of Erie Erie county Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 753:

An act to reimburse Fidelity Trust Company of Philadelphia trustee under the will of Richard Smith deceased for money erroneously paid by it and received by the State for taxes upon the investments held by said trustees and authorizing the State Treasurer to refund the sum of twenty-three thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight dollars and twelve cents ($23,828.12) for that purpose

Senate Bill No. 754:

An act to reimburse Fidelity Trust Company of Philadelphia trustee under the will of Sarah A. Smith deceased for money erroneously paid by it and received by the State for taxes upon the investments held by said trustees and authorizing the State Treasurer to refund the sum of four thousand four hundred and thirty-two dollars and eighty cents ($4,432.80) for that purpose

Senate Bill No. 755:

An act making an appropriation to the Christian Home for Women of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 798:

An act making an appropriation to the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings for the purpose of reimbursing George Gray Barnard for moneys expended in excess of the contract price for the preparation transportation and delivery and setting in place at the State Capitol of certain groups of marble

Senate Bill No. 799:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of a deficiency that has arisen in the payment of expenses incurred in the prevention and extinguishment of forest fires and also for the payment of such expenses that may be incurred to and including May thirty-first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

Senate Bill No. 614:

An act authorizing the appointment of a commission to inquire into the causes and results of industrial accidents study advanced methods for safeguarding against the same and inquire into the subject of fair compensation for those injured or killed as a result thereof and making an appropriation for the expense of said commission

Senate Bill No. 595:

An act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than three hundred thousand and less than a million and defining their qualifications powers and salary.

Senate Bill No. 625:

A joint resolution for the appointment of a commission by the Governor of this Commonwealth for the purpose of investigating and reporting upon a proper and safe construction of buildings within the Commonwealth and to determine the strength and character of materials used therein and for the further purpose of adjusting the rights of owners in party walls erected as parts of buildings and for the further purpose of suggesting new legislation relative to construction of buildings and the codifying of existing legislation in regard to the same and making an appropriation to meet the expenses of said commission.

Senate Bill No. 649:

An act making an appropriation to the First Allegheny Day Nursery and Temporary Home for Children.

Senate Bill No. 650:

An act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to Andrew Mangold of Philadelphia the amount paid by him for his commission as notary public and making an appropriation therefor

Senate Bill No. 651:

An act authorizing the appointment of a commission to revise and codify the present Anthracite Mining Laws defining its powers and duties and making an appropriation to defray the expenses of said commission

Senate Bill No. 704:

An act making an appropriation to the Beacon Light Mission near Bradford Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 445:

An act providing for and regulating the licensing of persons engaged in the business of receiving boarding or keeping of infant children under the age of three years for hire reward or otherwise in cities of the third class and authorizing the passing of general ordinances providing for and regulating the issuing of said licenses and imposing penalties

Senate Bill No. 455:

An act authorizing the establishment and maintenance of psychopathic wards in certain hospitals providing for the regulation thereof the commitment of persons suffering with mental disorders to such wards and for the payment of the expenses of maintaining and treating persons committed thereto

Senate Bill No. 474:

An act to amend the first and second sections of an act approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act authorizing and requiring the county comissioners of each county in the State to appoint a sufficient number of suitable persons in each township and ward of their county at the expense of the county to look after bury and provide a headstone for the body of any honorably discharged soldier sailor or marine who served in the army or navy of the United States during the war with Spain or any preceding war and shall hereafter die in their county leaving insufficient means to defray the necessary burial expenses" by extending its provisions to all honorably discharged soldiers sailors and marines who shall die in their county and to all who were in active service in the militia of the State of Pennsylvania under and in pursuance of any of the proclamations issued by the Governor during the Civil War and not duly mustered into the service of the United States and shall hereafter die in their county or in any hospital asylum soldiers' home almshouse prison or house of detention in this Commonwealth or shall die beyond the State of Pennsylvania and shall have had legal residence within their county at the time of their death

Senate Bill No. 492:

An act amending section one of an act of May twenty-first one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "An Act to establish the State Livestock Sanitary Board of Pennsylvania and to provide for the control and suppression of dangerous contagious or infectious diseases of domestic animals" and providing for the organization of said board and fixing the salaries of the treasurer and clerk thereof

Senate Bill No. 504:

An act making an appropriation to the Agricultural and Mechanical Industrial School for Colored Girls and Boys of Jumonville Fayette county

Senate Bill No. 567:

An act to amend the sixth section of an act entitled "An Act to prevent the manufacture and sale of adulterated or misbranded drugs defining the word 'drug' prescribing penalties for violation of this act and the method of its enforcement" approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by providing for a laboratory and for the requisitions of office and laboratory supplies and equipment for said board

Senate Bill No. 404:

An act making it a misdemeanor for an officer or employe of any employer of labor in Pennsylvania to solicit demand or receive directly or indirectly from any person or persons any moneys or other valuable thing for the purpose actual or alleged of either obtaining for the latter employment in the service of said employer or continuing in said employment and providing for the punishment thereof on conviction

Senate Bill No. 411:

An act to amend section one and extend the provisions of an act entitled "An Act giving additional protection to the game of the State and wild birds within the limits of preserves created under the provisions of the act of May eleventh one thousand nine hundred and five and under the control of the Board of Game Commissioners and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions approved the fifteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven"

Senate Bill No. 421:

An act authorizing the Secretary of Agriculture to prepare and publish a report on the insects of Pennsylvania and providing for the distribution of such report when published and making an appropriation therefor

Senate Bill No. 425:

An act making the appropriation of one thousand nine hundred and nine to the State Normal Schools available for permanent improvements thereto

Senate Bill No. 434:

An act to provide that persons buying real estate in this Commonwealth from executors or trustees named in the last will and testament of any person dying testate and who hold the same in trust under the provisions thereof and who make sale of same under the power of sale in said last will and testament contained shall take title to said real estate free and discharged of any obligation to see to the application of the purchase money

Senate Bill No. 388:

An act making an appropriation to reimburse certain counties and townships whose commissioners and supervisors have inadvertently failed to comply with the law governing State aid in the maintenance of highways and regulating the payments herein provided for

Senate Bill No. 397:

An act regulating the salary and payment thereof of the Associate Judges of the Courts of this Commonwealth

Senate Bill No. 398:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for reviewing the proceedings of township road commissioners laying out opening and vacating roads" approved the second day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one providing for the trial of questions of fact by a jury in certain cases

Senate Bill No. 401:

An act to amend section ten of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two entitled "An Act relating to Orphans' Courts" so as to permit the accounts of guardians of minors' property therein mentioned and described to be examined and audited and the matters therein contained confirmed by decree of Orphans' Court with the same force and effect as the partial accounts of executors administrators and temporary trustees are audited examined allowed and confirmed

Senate Bill No. 437:

An act making an appropriation to complete the erection of the State Hospital for Injured persons of the Treverton Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields of Pennsylvania situate in the township of Coal, Northumberland county Pennsylvania to equip and furnish the said hospital and to enable the commissioners to properly perform the duties assigned them under and by virtue of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven

Senate Bill No. 442:

An act making an appropriation to the Industrial Home for the Dependent Adult Blind Citizens of the City of Pittsburg

Senate Bill No. 377:

An act making an appropriation to aid in the erection of a memorial in commemoration of the victory of Commodore Oliver Hazard Perry at the Battle of Lake Erie and the Centennial Celebration of that event and the northwestern campaign of General William Henry Harrison in the war of one thousand eight hundred and twelve and to defray the expenses of the Commission appointed by the Governor of Pennsylvania incurred in connection with said celebration and the erection of said memorial

Senate Bill No. 378:

An act making an appropriation of a proper fence or coping and payment to protect a monumuent erected near Petersburg Virginia by the association of the survivors of the forty-eighth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers to commemorate the Battle of the Crater and providing for a commission and the expenses thereof to erect the same

Senate Bill No. 380:

An act making an appropriation for the Stroudsburg Hospital Stroudsburg

Senate Bill No. 314:

An act to amend the fifth section of an act approved the nineteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of orphans' courts and to establish a separate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof" as amended by an act approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled 'An Act to further amend the fifth section of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of the orphans' court and establishing a separate orphans' court in and for counties having more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof' approved May nineteenth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four as amended by an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven fixing and determining the salaries of the assistant clerks of said court" by vesting the appointment of the first assistant clerk of said court in the respective judges thereof

Senate Bill No. 315:

An act fixing the compensation of the deputy factory inspectors

Senate Bill No. 335:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to establish an Insurance Department" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three providing that all persons associations or corporations engaged in the business of fire insurance within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall report the total amount of risks covered by them in such Commonwealth and that rate-making associations shall furnish data to the State Fire Marshal

Senate Bill No. 373:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Trevorton Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields situate in the township of Coal near Shamokin Northumberland county Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 295:

An act fixing the number and salaries of officers clerks and employes in the State Treasury

Senate Bill No. 190:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Polyclinic and College for Graduates in Medicines

Senate Bill No. 192:

An act making an appropriation for the Pittsburg Sunshine Children's Home located at Pittsburg Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 227:

An act to amend an act approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act providing a mode by which the title to all estates and interests in lands in the State of Pennsylvania may be vested in the United States when no agreement can be made with the owners of the same for the purchase thereof" by fixing the number of viewers at three

Senate Bill No. 248:

An act making an appropriation to the fiftieth anniversary of the Battle of Gettysburg to further carry out the provisions of the act of Assembly approved May thirteenth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine creating said commission and defining the duty thereof

Senate Bill No. 249:

An act making an appropriation to the Frankford Hospital located in Frankford Philadelphia

Senate Bill No. 256:

An act making an appropriation for the improvement of the maritime port facilities of the State of Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 257:

An act making an appropriation to the Coleman Home for Colored Boys located in the city of Pittsburg Allegheny county Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 266:

An act in relation to the printing of appropriation bills in the pamphlet laws

Senate Bill No. 251:

An act to authorize the completion of a dike or dikes for the protection of property adjacent to the Delaware river in Falls township Bucks county and the payment of all monies still due for work heretofore done on the said dike or dikes and making an appropriation therefor

Senate Bill No. 255:

An act providing for a commission to examine and report on the propriety of the purchase by the Commonwealth of a certain tract of land in Jefferson Clarion and Forest counties and making an appropriation therefor

Senate Bill No. 268:

An act providing for the report to the Auditor General by the prothonotaries of the courts of common pleas of corporations incorporated by such courts

Senate Bill No. 293:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act relating to damages for injuries producing death" approved the twenty-sixth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five by providing that the domicile residence citizenship or nationality shall be no bar as to the right to recover and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

Senate Bill No. 229:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to provide for the vacation and closing of alleys lanes or passageways that are or may hereafter become public nuisances and to compensate abutting property owners or others who may be damaged thereby and assess benefits if any there be" by fixing the number of the jury at three

Senate Bill No. 233:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An act empowering and directing the county commissioners of any county to purchase ground at the county seat for the erection thereon of such building or buildings as may be necessary for the accommodation of the courts and of the several officers of the county and for the reception and safekeeping of the records and other papers in charge of such officers and also such other building or buildings as may be necessary and proper for the purposes of a county jail or workhouse when occasion shall require the erection of such building or buildings and in case the said ground cannot be obtained by agreement with the owner or owners at a reasonable price in the estimation of said commissioners then to resort to condemnation" by fixing the number of the viewers at three

Senate Bill No. 235:

An act amending the first section of an act approved the twenty-second day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six entitled "A supplement to the act regulating boroughs" approved April third one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one by fixing the number of the viewers at three

Senate Bill No. 237:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to provide for the vacation and closing of alleys lanes or pasageways that are or may hereafter become public nuisances and to compensate abutting property owners or others who may be damaged thereby and assess benefits if any there be" by fixing the number of the viewers at three

Senate Bill No. 323:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic at Spring City Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 122:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Westmoreland county at Greensburg Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 124:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic at Spring City Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 169:

An act authorizing the ascertainment levy assessment and collection of the costs damages and expenses in grading paving and curbing and laying sidewalks upon any street lane or alley or part thereof in townships of the first class completed now or in the process of completion where said improvements have been petitioned for by a majority of owners of real estate in interest and number abutting upon the line of such improvements

Senate Bill No. 173:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act authorizig the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the paving curbing and macadamizing of streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof and assess a portion of the costs of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same" approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine so as to change the requirements of the petition for paving from two-thirds of the owners of property representing not less than two-thirds in number of feet of the properties fronting or abutting on the street or thoroughfare or the part thereof proposed to be paved to the owners of property representing not less than two-thirds in number of feet of the prop-

erties fronting or abutting on the street or thoroughfare or the part thereof proposed to be paved and amending all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

Senate Bill No. 82:

An act making an appropriation for the refunding of collateral inheritance taxes erroneously paid from the estate of Mary S. Lundy under the provisions of the acts of June twelfth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight and March twenty-fifth one thousand nine hundred and one

Senate Bill No. 96:

An act increasing the number of courts of common pleas in the county of Allegheny establishing therein a distinct and separate court of common pleas and providing for the election and appointment of judges for said court

Senate Bill No. 116:

An act making an appropriation to the Northwestern Anti-Tuberculosis League of Bradford McKean county Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 118:

An act making an appropriation to the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia

Senate Bill No. 133:

An act regulating the issuance of licenses to marry prohibiting the issuance of such licenses to certain persons regulating the time during which licenses shall be valid and the time when returns shall be made of marriages solemnized to the clerk of the orphans' court prescribing the duties of the clerk of the orphans' court and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act

Senate Bill No. 160:

An act to amend the fifth and twenty-second sections of an act entitled "An Act relating to insolvency embracing among other matters voluntary assignments for the benefit of creditors and adverse proceedings in insolvency by creditors forbidding also certain preferences providing for the distribution of the insolvent's estate and in certain contingencies relieving him and others liable with him from further liability for his or their debts" approved the fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one by providing for publication and notice in a weekly and in a daily newspaper

Senate Bill No. 164:

An act to provide for the appointment of five directors of the middle coal field poor district by the court of quarter sessions of Carbon county the continuance in office of the directors now serving for the filling of vacancies placing the affairs of the district under the supervision and control of the court of quarter sessions of Carbon county and making it lawful to erect new or additional buildings for said district after the approval of the court of quarter sessions of Carbon county

Senate Bill No. 120:

An act making an appropriation to reimburse Robert E. Wible for money erroneously paid into the State Treasury and authorizing the State Treasurer to make such payment upon proper warrant of the Auditor General

Senate Bill No. 10:

An act to make uniform the laws of bills of lading and providing penalties for the violation thereof

Senate Bill No. 27:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act creating a Bureau of Health in the Department of Public Safety in cities of the second class defining the powers and duties thereof and the officers thereunder prescribing rules regulations and laws respecting the public health and authorizing and imposing fines penalties and punishments for violations thereof" approved June twenty-six one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five and to a supplement thereto approved March twenty-five Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three providing for the vacation or destruction of buildings dangerous to the public health authorizing and imposing fines penalties punishments and remedies for violations of this act and providing method of appeal

Senate Bill No. 36:

An act to refund to the Elizabeth Steel Magee Hospital the collateral inheritance tax paid out of its funds by the estate of Christopher L. Magee deceased

Senate Bill No. 78:

An act making an appropriation to the House of Good Shepherd Scranton Lackawanna county

Senate Bill No. 79:

An act making an appropriation to the Chester County Hospital West Chester Chester county Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 81:

An act making an appropriation to the Phoenixville Hospital at Phoenixville Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 84:

An act making an appropriation to the Commonwealth Humane Society

Senate Bill No. 56:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Patrick's Orphan Asylum of Scranton Lackawanna county

Senate Bill No. 58:

An act making an appropriation to the Bethesda Home

Senate Bill No. 61:

An act making an appropriation to the North Pennsylvania General Hospital and Sanitarium located at Austin Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 69:

An act making an appropriation to the Westmoreland Hospital Association of Greensburg Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 71:

An act making an appropriation to the Commissioners of Valley Forge Park

Senate Bill No. 74:

An act making an appropriation to the Coatesville Hospital Coatesville Chester county Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 37:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 89:

An act making an appropriation to Philadelphia Jewish Sanatorium for Consumptives located at Eaglesville Montgomery county

Senate Bill No. 82:

An act making an appropriation for the refunding of collateral inheritance taxes erroneously paid from the estate of Mary S. Lundy under the provisions of the acts of June twelfth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six and March twenty-fifth one thousand nine hundred and one

Senate Bill No. 117:

An act appropriating the sums of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars to the City of Philadelphia for the erection of buildings for the care and maintenance of feeble-minded and idotic persons in said city to be known as the "Philadelphia Institution for the Feeble-Minded"

Senate Bill No. 755:

An act making an appropriation to the Christian Home for Women of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 608:

An act authorizing counties of this Commonwealth to pay the State taxes on bonds hereafter issued by them for the purpose of permanently improving any public road or highway in said counties

Senate Bill No. 1022:

An act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital of Johnstown located in the City of Johnstown Cambria county Pennsylvania

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 3.

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I desire at this time to call up the resolution No. 3, offered by Mr. Shern.

The SPEAKER. The resolution will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk read the resolution as follows:

Proposing an amendment to section twenty-six of article five of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That the following amendment to section twenty-six of article five of the Constitution of Pennsylvania be and the same is hereby proposed in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:

That section twenty-six of article five, which reads as follows: "Section 26. All laws relating to courts shall be general and of uniform operation and the organization, jurisdiction, and powers of all courts of the same class or grade, so far as regulated by law, and the force and effect of the process and judgments of such courts, shall be uniform; and the General Assembly is hereby prohibited from creating other courts to exercise the powers vested by this Constitution in the judges of the Courts of Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts," be amended so that the same shall read as follows:

Section 26. All laws relating to courts shall be general and of uniform operation, and the organization, jurisdiction and powers of all courts of the same class or grade, so far as regulated by law, and the force and effect of the process and judgments of such courts, shall be uniform; but, notwithstanding any provisions of this Constitution, the General Assembly shall have full power to establish new courts, from time to time, as the same may be needed in any city or county, and to prescribe the powers and jurisdiction thereof, and to increase the number of judges in any courts now existing or hereafter created, or to reorganize the same or to vest in other courts the jurisdiction theretofore exercised by courts not of record, and to abolish the same wherever it may be deemed necessary for the orderly and efficient administration of justice.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the resolution?

It was not agreed to.

Mr. KEISTER asked and obtained unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

RESOLUTION RELATIVE TO PRINTING APPROPRIATION LAWS.

Whereas, In consequence of the passage of the act, entitled "An Act regulating the printing of the laws of this Commonwealth," which provides that the acts containing solely an appropriation shall be printed separately and apart from the volume containing the general laws, the demand for the volume containing said appropriations will be much less than the demand for the volume of the general laws; therefore, be it

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That the edition of the appropriation laws be limited to three thousand copies, to be bound in cloth, and the same shall be distributed as follows: Five hundred copies to the Senate, one thousand copies to the House of Representatives and the remainder to the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

The resolution was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for its concurrence.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 1334 (Senate No. 741), entitled:

An act to repeal an act approved the eighteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to further amend paragraphs four and five of section one of an act entitled 'An Act relating to and authorizing changes of venue in civil causes' approved the thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five by providing that such change of venue shall only be made when it shall appear to the court that local prejudice exists and that a fair and impartial trial cannot be had"

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL DROPPED FROM CALENDAR.

Mr. SHREVE. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be dropped from the calendar.

Mr. FREEMAN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time from the third reading postponed calendar House Bill No. 778 (Senate No. 394) on page 8 of to-day's calendar.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 778 (Senate No. 394), entitled:

An act to amend section eleven of an act entitled "An Act relating to corporations and to estates held for corporate religious and charitable uses" approved the twenty-sixth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five

The question, recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, this bill provides that when bequests are made to any charitable institution that the will can be attested by a person who is interested in the estate, but not interested in the charitable institution receiving the bequest. It still retains that provision of the present law that the will must be made thirty days prior to the death. When a man makes a will he does not go about in the community and tell every one about it, but he makes it a personal matter. If a man were to leave a hundred thousand dollars to some charitable institution and the remainder of the estate to some relative, the relative probably would know about it. We hold that an interested witness under this new law would have to be a person interested in the charitable institution. I take it, gentlemen, that this is a very meritorious measure.

Mr. V. GILPIN ROBISON. Mr. Speaker, this matter was very fully discussed when it was before the House before, and there has been no good reason urged why a will executed a calendar month before the death of the man should not be witnessed by two absolutely disinterested witnesses and why this act, which has been in force since 1855, should be disturbed. Upon this matter there have been decisions of the courts, and I see no reason why the law should be changed.

Mr. ALTER. Mr. Speaker, I agree entirely with the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Roney. I do not see why, if the witnesses are not interested in the charitable institution, which is to be a beneficiary under the will, I do not see why in that case there can be any harm from their being interested in the estate. Such a provision under the present law cannot be, and witnesses interested in the estate would make that interest adverse to the charity. I can see no good reason why this should not pass.

The question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—149.

Abbott	Eichenberger	Jones, E.	Reel
Allman	Enbody	Keely,	Reeser
Allen	Ewing	Keene,	Reno
Alter	Fahey	Keister,	Reyburn
Baldwin, G.	Fay	Kelley, J.	Rhoads
Baldwin, R.	Feeney	Kelsey,	Richards
Bartman	Ferguson	Kern,	Riebel
Bender	Fitzgerald	Kinney	Robison
Bentley	Flynn	Klingerman,	Rockwell
Billman	Freeman	Klumpp,	Roney
Bosher	Gans	Knight,	Row
Bossert	Geary	Kuhns,	Sassaman
Brehm	Gibson	Larkins,	Savidge
Breitinger	Gilkeson	Leh,	Schad
Brennan	Good	Light,	Schmidt
Campbell, C.	Gransback	Lindsay,	Schofield
Campbell, W.	Gray	Magee,	Schultz
Carroll	Graybill	Malie,	Scott, J.
Carter	Grove	Martin,	Shadrach
Clarency	Haggerty	McAleer,	Shannon
Cleary	Halferty	McArdle,	Shoemaker
Clymer	Hecht	McClung,	Shreve
Cole	Henry	McInerney,	Snyder, A.
Connell	Herman	McMullen,	Snyder, P.
Conner, P.	Hess	McNichol,	Steese,
Conner, W.	Hibshman	Miller,	Stein,
Conrade	Hobbs	Mills,	Swartz
Cox, E.	Hoffman	Moore,	Townsend
Crum	Holland	Morris,	Tunis
[illegible]ler	Hoover	Moses	Wallace
Currier	Hormell	Moulthrop	Walnut
Dale	Hough	Neel	Ward, W. B.
Dallas	Howard	Newbaker	Watts
Davis, A.	Hunter, J. N.	North	Whitman
Davis, W.	Hunter, R. P.	Perry	Wilcox
Detzel	Irwin	Phillips	Wilson
Donnally	Jackson,	Pitchford	Woodward
Dunn, H.	Johnson, C.	Rath	Young
Dunn, J.	Johnson, D.	Reece	Cox, J.
Ehrhardt	Johnston,		Speaker

NAYS—8.

Benson	Jones, J.	Matt,	Robinson
Dershem	Kelly, M.	McJunkin,	Von Tacky

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1335 (Senate No. 687), entitled:

An act relating to the creation of a speedy method for the collection of taxes on real estate in townships boroughs counties and cities requiring the furnishing upon application of bills for all such taxes by the county treasurers or other persons duly authorized to collect the same and providing a penalty for the refusal or failure so to do

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL DROPPED FROM CALENDAR.

Mr. ROCKWELL. Mr. Speaker, the title of this bill says it is an act to provide for the creation of a speedy method for collecting taxes. If you will read the bill it simply provides that if you want to know what your taxes are you can go to the county treasurer, and he will send a two-cent stamp to the collector, and he will send back a bill of what your taxes are. If the collector does not send back the bill he is liable to a fine. I therefore move that this bill be stricken from the calendar.

Mr. SCHAD. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1336 (Senate No. 756), entitled:

An act to amend section two of an act entitled "A supplement to an act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the township of Wilkes-Barre in the county of Luzerne" approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three authorizing the judges of the court of quarter sessions of said Luzerne county to appoit an additional director of the poor for boroughs of over eighteen thousand population when such boroughs have been incorporated out of a part of any township or townships being a part of the Central Poor District of Luzerne county

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—162.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelley, J.	Reyburn
Allman	Eichenberger	Kelly, M.	Rhoads
Akers	Ewing	Kern,	Richards
Allen	Fahey	Kinney	Rider
Alter	Fay	Klingerman,	Riebel
Anderson	Ferguson	Klumpp,	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Flynn	Knight,	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Freeman	Kuhns,	Row
Bartman	Gans	Larkins,	Rumsey
Bass	Geary	Light,	Sassaman
Bender	Gibson	Lindsay,	Schad
Benson	Gilkeson	Magee,	Schofield
Bentley	Good	Mannion,	Schultz
Bosher	Gransback	Martin,	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gray	Marvin,	Scott, S.
Brehm	Graybill	Matt,	Shadrach
Breitinger	Guyaux	McArdle,	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McClung,	Shreve
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McInerney,	Snyder, P.
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McJunkin,	Speer,
Carroll	Henry	McKean,	Stein,
Carter	Herman	McMullen,	Swan
Clarency	Hess	McNichol,	Swartz
Cleary	Hibshman	Miller,	Townsend
Clymer	Hilton	Mills,	Tunis
Cole	Hoffman	Moore,	Ulerich
Connell	Holland	Morris	Wallace
Conner, P.	Hoover	Moses	Walnut
Conner, W.	Hough	Moulthrop	Walton
Conrade	Howard	Neel	Ward, W., Jr.
Crum	Hunter, J. N.	Newbaker	Ward, W. B.
Cumbler	Hunter, R. P.	North	Watts
Curry	Irwin	Phillips	Welch
Dale	Johnson, C,	Piper	Whitman
Dallas	Johnson, D,	Raesley	Wilcox
Davis, A.	Johnston,	Rath	Williams
Dearden	Jones, E,	Reece	Wilson
Dershem	Jones, J,	Reel	Woodward
Donahoe	Keely,	Reeser	Young
Donnally	Keene,	Reno	Cox, J.
Dunn, J.	Keister,		Speaker

NAYS—1.

Von Tacky

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Mr. ALTER in the Chair.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1338 (Senate No. 781), entitled:

An act relating to the settlement and audit of the account of all officers elected or appointed of boroughs townships poor districts and school districts prescribing the time for such settlement and audits for the matters to be contained in the report of settlement and audit for the filing of said report in the office of the Clerk of Quarter Sessions and for appeals to the Court of Common Pleas and Superior and Supreme court

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—131.

Abbott	Ferguson	Kelsey,	Roney
Akers	Freeman	Kern,	Row
Allen	Frey	Klingerman,	Sassaman
Anderson	Gans	Klumpp,	Savidge
Baldwin, R.	Gibson	Larkins,	Schad
Bartman	Gilkeson	Light,	Schmidt
Bass	Good	Magee,	Schofield
Bender	Gransback	Malie,	Schultz
Bentley	Gray	Martin,	Scott, J.
Billman	Graybill	Marvin,	Scott, S.
Boyd	Guyaux	McAleer	Shadrach
Brehm	Haggerty	McClung,	Shaffer
Breitinger	Halferty	McInerney,	Sherwood
Campbell, C.	Hecht	McJunkin,	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Henry	McMullen	Snyder, P.
Carroll	Herman	McNichol,	Speer,
Clarency	Hess	Miller,	Steese,
Cleary	Hibshman	Mills,	Swan
Clymer	Hobbs	Moore,	Swartz
Connell	Holland	Morris,	Townsend
Conner, P.	Hormell	Moses	Tunis
Conner, W.	Hough	Moulthrop	Von Tacky
Cox, E.	Howard	Neel	Wallace
Crum	Hunter, R. P.	North	Walnut
Currier	Irwin	Perry	Ward, W., Jr.
Curry	Johnson, C,	Pitchford	Ward, W. B.
Dale	Johnson, D,	Reel	Watts
Davis, A.	Johnston,	Reeser	Welch
Detzel	Jones, E,	Reno	Whitman
Donnally	Jones, J,	Rhoads	Wilcox
Dunn, H.	Keely,	Richards	Williams
Dunn, J.	Keene,	Riebel	Wilson
Eichenberger	Keister,	Robinson	Woodward
Ewing	Kelley, J.	Robison	Young
Fahey	Kelly, M.	Rockwell	Cox, J.
Feeney			Speaker

NAYS—8.

Allman	Knight,	Matt,	Rebert
Dallas	Mannion,	Raesley	Reece

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the eHouse has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1339 (Senate No. 770), entitled:

An act providing for and regulating the purchase or condemnation of real estate by boroughs for the purpose of constructing wharves landing places and docks

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

BILL DROPPED FROM CALENDAR.

Mr. WALTON. Mr. Speaker, as a similar bill has recently passed the House and Senate, I move that the bill be stricken from the calendar.

Mr. WALLACE. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1340 (Senate No. 596), entitled:

An act providing for the liquidation distribution of assets and dissolution of corporations under the supervision of the Commissioner of Banking and repealing all acts of Assembly supplied hereby or inconsistent herewith

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. SCHOFIELD. Mr. Speaker, the law as it stands today on our statute books in relation to this matter is all right, and I therefore move that this bill be stricken from the calendar.

Mr. HOOVER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was not agreed to.

The question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I hope that this measure will prevail. It is a bill in which the Governor is interested. It was sent back to the committee and amended, and is one of the most important pieces of legislation that the Governor has advocated. I hope it will be passed.

The question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—168.

Abbott	Ewing	Kelley, J.,	Reece
Akers	Fahey	Kelly, M. C.,	Reel
Allen	Fay	Kelsey,	Reeser
Alter	Feeney	Kern	Reno
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Kinney	Rhoads
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Klingerman	Richards
Bartman	Flynn	Klumpp	Rider
Bass	Freeman	Knight	Riebel
Bender	Gans	Lafferty	Robinson
Bentley	Geary	Larkins	Robison
Bosher	Gibson	Leh	Rockwell

Bossert	Gilkeson	Light	Roney
Boyd	Good	Lindsay	Rumsey
Breitinger	Gransback	Lowe	Sassaman
Campbell, C.	Gray	Magee	Savidge
Campbell, J.	Graybill	Mannion	Schad
Carroll	Grove	Martin	Schultz
Carter	Guyaux	Marvin	Scott, J.
Clarency	Haggerty	Matt	Shadrach
Cleary	Halferty	McAleer	Shern
Clymer	Healey	McArdle	Sherwood
Cole	Hecht	McClung	Shreve
Conner, P.	Henry	McInerney	Snyder, A.
Conner, W.	Herman	McJunkin	Snyder, P.
Conrade	Hess	McKean	Steese
Cox, E.	Hibshman	McMullen	Stein
Crum	Hilton	McNichol	Swartz
Currier	Hoffman	Miller	Townsend
Curry	Hoover	Mills	Tunis
Dale	Hormell	Moore	Ulerich
Dallas	Hough	Morris	Wallace
Davis, A.	Howard	Moses	Walton
Davis, W.	Hunter, R. P.,	Moulthrop	Ward, W., Jr.
Dearden	Irwin	Neel	Ward, W. B.
Dershem	Jackson	Newbaker	Watts
Detzel	Johnson, C. V.,	North	Welch
Donahoe	Johnson, D. D.,	Perry	Whitman
Donnally	Johnston	Phillips	Wilcox
Dunn, H.	Jones, J. R.,	Piper	Williams
Dunn, J.	Keely,	Pitchford	Wilson
Ehrhardt	Keene,	Raesley	Woodward
Eichenberger	Keister	Rebert	Young
Enbody			Cox, J. Speaker

NAYS—3.

Benson	Brennan	Schofield

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

The Speaker (JOHN F. COX) in the chair.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1341 (Senate No. 760), entitled:

An act prescribing the time and manner of submitting to the people for their approval and ratification or rejection certain proposed amendments to the Constitution

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—166.

Abbott	Enbody	Keister	Richards
Ailman	Ewing	Kelly, M. C.,	Riebel
Akers	Fahey	Kelsey,	Robinson
Allen	Fay	Kern	Robison
Alter	Feeney	Kinney	Rockwell
Anderson	Ferguson	Klingerman	Roney
Baldwin, G.	Fitzgerald	Klumpp	Rumsey
Baldwin, R.	Flynn	Knight	Sassaman
Bartman	Freeman	Kuhns	Savidge
Bass	Frey	Lafferty	Schad
Bentley	Gans	Leh	Schmidt
Billman	Geary	Light	Schofield
Bosher	Gibson	Lowe	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gilkeson	Malie	Scott, S.
Brehm	Good	Mannion	Shadrach
Breitinger	Gransback	Martin	Shannon
Brennan	Gray	McAleer	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Grove	McClung	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Guyaux	McInerney	Snavely
Carter	Haggerty	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Halferty	McMullen	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hecht	McNichol	Speer
Clymer	Henry	Miller	Stein
Cole	Herman	Mills	Swan
Conner, P.	Hess	Moore	Swartz
Conner, W.	Hibshman	Morris	Townsend
Conrade	Hilton	Moses	Tunis
Cox, E.	Hobbs	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Crum	Holland	Neel	Wallace
Currier	Hoover	Newbaker	Walnut
Curry	Hough	North	Walton
Dale	Howard	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Dallas	Hunter J. N.,	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Davis, A.	Hunter, R. P.,	Pitchford	Watts
Davis, W.	Irwin	Rath	Whitman
Dearden	Johnson, C. V.,	Rebert	Wilcox
Detzel	Johnson, D. D.,	Reece	Williams
Donahoe	Johnston	Reel	Wilson
Dunn, H.	Jones, E. E.,	Reno	Woodward
Dunn, J.	Jones, J. R.,	Reyburn	Young
Ehrhardt	Keely,	Rhoads	Cox, J. Speaker
Eichenberger	Keene,		

NAYS—1.

Marvin

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1342 (Senate No. 792), entitled:

An act authorizing the printing and binding of the annual report of the Commissioner of Health in two separate volumes

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—167.

Abbott	Eichenberger	Kelly, M.	Rider
Akers	Enbody	Kelsey,	Riebel
Allen	Ewing	Kern,	Robison
Alter	Fahey	Kinney	Rockwell
Anderson	Fay	Klingerman,	Roney
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Knight,	Row
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Kuhns,	Sassaman
Bender	Fitzgerald	Larkins,	Savidge
Benson	Flynn	Letzkus	Schad
Bentley	Freeman	Light,	Schmidt
Billman	Gans	Lindsay,	Schofield
Bosher	Geary	Lowe,	Schultz
Bossert	Gibson	Malie	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gilkeson	Mannion,	Scott, S.
Brehm	Good	Martin,	Shadrach
Breitinger	Gransback	Marvin,	Shaffer
Brennan	Gray	Matt,	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Grove	McAleer,	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Guyaux	McClung,	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Haggerty	McInerney,	Shreve
Carroll	Healey	McJunkin,	Snavely
Clarency	Hecht	McMullen	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Henry	McNichol,	Steese,
Clymer	Hess	Miller,	Stein,
Cole	Hibshman	Mills,	Swartz
Connell	Hilton	Moore,	Townsend
Conner, P.	Hobbs	Morris,	Tunis
Conrade	Holland	Moses	Ulerich
Cox, E.	Hoover	Moulthrop	Von Tacky
Crum	Hormell	Neel	Wallace
Cumbler	Hough	Newbaker	Walnut
Currier	Howard	North	Walton
Curry	Hunter, R. P.	Phillips	Ward, W. B.
Dallas	Irwin	Piper	Welch
Davis, A.	Jackson,	Raesley	Whitman
Davis, W.	Johnson, C,	Rath	Wilcox
Dearden	Johnston,	Rebert	Williams
Detzel	Jones, E,	Reel	Wilson
Donahoe	Jones, J,	Reeser	Woodward
Donnally	Keene,	Reno	Young
Dunn, J.	Keister,	Rhoads	Cox, J. Speaker
Ehrhardt	Kelley, J.	Richards	

NAYS—1.

Snyder, A.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 840 (Senate No. 552), entitled:

An act dividing the boroughs in the Commonwealth with respect to the population into two classes and providing the form of government of boroughs of the first class

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. ABBOTT. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to insert an amendment.

The SPEAKER. The Chair hears objections.

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. R. J. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the further consideration of this bill be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. WM. WARD, JR. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1366 (Senate No. 493), entitled:

An act giving additional protection to wild waterfowl of all kinds in this Commonwealth limiting the number of decoys that may be used by any one person at one time or by any number of persons acting together forbidding the shooting of wild waterfowl before sunrise and imposing penalties for violation of its provisions

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—154.

Abbott	Detzel	Jones, E,	Richards
Allman	Donnally	Jones, J.	Riebel
Akers	Dunn, H.	Keene,	Robinson
Allen	Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.	Robison
Alter	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M.	Roney
Anderson	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Sassaman
Baldwin, G.	Ewing	Kern,	Savidge
Bartman	Fahey	Klingerman,	Schad
Bass	Feeney	Klumpp,	Schmidt
Bender	Ferguson	Knight,	Schultz
Bentley	Fitzgerald	Lafferty,	Scott, S.
Blair	Flynn	Light,	Shadrach
Bosher	Freeman	Lindsay,	Shaffer
Bossert	Gans	Magee,	Shannon
Boyd	Geary	Marvin,	Sherwood
Brehm	Gibson	McAleer,	Shoemaker
Breitinger	Gilkeson	McClung,	Shreve
Brennan	Good	McInerney,	Snyder, A.
Campbell C.	Gransback	McJunkin,	Snyder, P.
Campbell, W.	Gray	McNichol,	Speer,
Carroll	Grove	Miller,	Steese,
Carter	Haggerty	Mills,	Stein,
Clarency	Halferty	Moore,	Swan
Clymer	Hecht	Morris,	Swartz
Cole	Henry	Moses	Townsend
Conner, P.	Hess	Moulthrop	Von Tacky
Conner, W.	Hibshman	Perry	Walnut
Conrade	Hobbs	Phillips	Walton
Cox, E.	Hoffman	Piper	Ward, W. B.
Crum	Holland	Pitchford	Watts
Cumbler	Hormell	Raesley	Welch
Currier	Hough	Rath	Whitman
Curry	Howard	Reece	Wilcox
Dale	Hunter, R. P.	Reel	Williams
Dallas	Irwin	Reeser	Wilson
Davis, A.	Jackson,	Reno	Woodward
Davis, W.	Johnson, C,	Reyburn	Young
Dearden	Johnson, D,	Rhoads	Cox, J.
Dershem	Johnston,		Speaker

NAYS—7.

Keister,	Martin,	Row	Tunis
Larkins,	North	Schofield	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

MOTION TO RECONSIDER VOTE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1286.

Mr. ALBERT DAVIS. Mr. Speaker, I move to reconsider the vote by which House Bill No. 1286 (Senate No. 349) on page three of to-day's calendar, entitled:

An act providing that all public school teachers who have taught for ten consecutive years shall be elected to a permanent position and providing regulations and specifying reasons for their discharge from such positions

failed on third reading.

Mr. HOBBS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. ALBERT DAVIS. Mr. Speaker, I wish to say to the members of this House that if any bill should pass this House this bill should. It provides that any public teacher who has taught ten years shall have a permanent position, thus taking the position away from the influence of politics.

The question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion?

The Speaker announced that the nays appeared to have it. A division having been called for, and less than the majority of a quorum voting in the affirmative,

The motion was not agreed to.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1367 (Senate No. 680), entitled:

An act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven and changing the election of the judges therein mentioned from the general election to the municipal election as now provided by law in accordance with the requirements of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—162.

Abbott	Dunn, J.	Kinney	Rider
Allman	Ehrhardt	Klingerman	Robinson
Akers	Ewing	Klump	Rockwell
Allen	Fahey	Knight	Roney
Alter	Feeney	Lafferty	Rumsey
Anderson	Gans	Larkins	Sassaman
Baldwin, G.	Geary	Leh	Savidge
Baldwin, R.	Gibson	Light	Schad
Bartman	Gilkeson	Lindsay	Schmidt
Bass	Good	Lowe	Schofield
Bender	Gransback	Magee	Scott, J.
Billman	Gray	Martin	Scott, S.
Blair	Graybill	Marvin	Shaffer,
Bosher	Guyaux	Maurer	Shannon
Bossert	Haggerty	McArdle	Sherwood
Boyd	Halferty	McClung	Shreve
Brehm	Healey	McInerney	Snavely
Breitinger	Hecht	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Brennan	Henry	McKean	Speer
Caldwell	Hibshman	McMullen	Steese
Campbell, J.	Hilton	McNichol	Stein
Campbell W.	Hobbs,	Miller	Swartz
Carroll	Hoffman	Mills	Townsend
Clarency	Holland	Moore	Tunis
Cleary	Hormell	Morris	Ulerich
Clymer	Hough	Moses	Von Tacky
Cole	Howard	Moulthrop	Wallace
Connell	Hunter, J. N.	Neel	Walnut
Conner, P.	Hunter, R.	North	Walton
Conner, W.	Irwin	Perry	Ward, W., Jr.
Conrade	Jackson	Piper	Ward, W.
Cox, E. R.	Johnson, C.	Pitchford	Watts
Crum	Johnston	Rath	Welch
Cumbler	Jones, E.	Rebert	Whitman
Curry	Jones J	Reece	Wilcox
Dale	Keely	Reel	Williams
Dallas	Keene	Resser	Wilson
Davis, A.	Keister	Reno	Woodward
Dearden	Kelley, J	Rhoads,	Young
Dershem	Kelly, M. C.,	Richards	Cox, John F.
Donnally	Kern		Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Mr. FREY in the Chair.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1368 (Senate No. 346), entitled:

An act declaring the liability of railroad companies for loss or damage by fire providing a remedy therefor and relating to evidence thereof

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. SCHOFIELD. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point.

Mr. SCHOFIELD. House Bill No. 901, containing the same provisions as this act, was defeated on final passage last Thursday, therefore this bill cannot be considered at this time.

The SPEAKER. The Chair desires to know whether or not this is in substance the same bill that was defeated by this House.

Mr. TOWNSEND. I would say, Mr. Speaker, and gentlemen of the House, that the bill now under consideration is an exact copy of House Bill No. 901, which was defeated on final passage last Thursday.

The SPEAKER. The Chair decides that the point of order raised by the gentleman from Warren, Mr. Schofield, is well taken.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1370 (Senate No. 363), entitled:

An act regulating apprentices making it unlawful for any person or persons to employ an apprentice without first having obtained the consent of the apprentice's parents or legal guardians and an indenture or agreement in writing in accordance with the provisions of this act that apprentices so indentured

shall serve not less than three (3) nor more than five (5) years' apprenticeship making it compulsory that employers taking an apprentice shall provide a way for such apprentice to be taught in reading writing spelling arithmetic and also in some of the technical branches of the trade or craft providing that all indentures shall be recorded in the office of the recorder of deeds in the county where the employer resides and providing penalties for the violation of the provisions of this act

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—29.

Bartman	Dunn, H.	Good	Phillips
Bosher,	Dunn, J.	Hunter, J. N.	Piper
Conner, P.	Ehrhardt	McMullen,	Riebel
Conrade	Ewing	McNichol,	Rockwell
Cox, E.	Fay	Miller,	Roney
Curry	Freeman	Moulthrop	Row
Dale	Frey	Neel	Sassaman
Dallas			Tunis

NAYS—89.

Abbott	Enbody	Kinney	Richards
Allman	Ferguson	Knight,	Rider
Akers	Fitzgerald	Kuhns,	Robinson
Allen	Gransback	Lafferty,	Robison
Alter	Gray	Larkins,	Rumsey
Baldwin, G.	Graybill	Light	Savidge
Baldwin, R.	Guyaux	Magee,	Schad
Bender	Healey	Malie,	Scott, S.
Benson	Hecht	Martin,	Shaffer
Bentley	Henry	Matt,	Shannon
Billman	Herman	Maurer,	Shoemaker
Bossert	Hess	McAleer,	Shreve
Brehm	Hibshman	McJunkin,	Snavely
Breitinger	Hobbs	McKean,	Snyder, A.
Campbell, J.	Hoffman	Mills	Snyder, P.
Carter	Jones, J.	Moore,	Speer,
Cleary	Keely,	Newbaker	Ulerich
Clymer	Keene,	North	Wallace
Cole	Keister	Raesley	Walnut
Conner, W.	Kelly, M.	Rebert	Walton
Davis, W.	Kelsey,	Reece	Ward, W. B.
Dershem	Kern	Rhoads	Watts
Donnally			Welch

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1371 (Senate No. 263), entitled:

A joint resolution providing for the issuing of an invitation to neighboring states to a conference with respect to the taxing of oil gas and bituminous coal

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—149.

Abbott	Donahoe	Jackson	Reeser
Allman	Donnally	Johnson, C.	Reno
Allen	Dunn, H.	Johnson, D.	Reyburn
Alter	Dunn, J.	Johnston,	Richards
Baldwin, G.	Ehrhardt	Jones, J.	Rider
Baldwin, R.	Eichenberger	Keely,	Riebel
Bass	Enbody	Keene,	Robison
Bender	Ewing	Keister,	Sassaman
Benson	Fahey	Kelsey,	Savidge
Bentley	Fay	Kern,	Schad
Billman	Feeney	Kinney	Schmidt
Bossert	Ferguson	Klingerman,	Scott, J.
Boyd	Fitzgerald	Klumpp,	Shadrach
Brehm	Flynn	Larkins,	Sherwood
Breitinger	Frey	Light,	Shoemaker
Brennan	Gans	Lindsay,	Shreve
Campbell, C.	Geary	Malie,	Snyder, P.
Carroll	Gibson	Mannion,	Speer,
Carter	Gilkeson	McAleer,	Stein,
Clarency	Good	McArdle,	Swartz
Cleary	Gransback	McClung,	Townsend
Clymer	Gray	McInerney,	Ulerich
Cole	Graybill	McNichol,	Wallace
Connell	Grove	Mills,	Walnut
Conner, P.	Haggerty	Moore,	Walton
Conner, W.	Halferty	Morris	Ward, W., Jr.
Conrade	Healey	Moses	Ward, W. B.
Cox, E.	Hecht	Newbaker	Watts
Crum	Henry	North	Welch
Cumbler	Hess	Perry	Whitman
Currier	Hibshman	Piper	Wilcox
Curry	Holland	Pitchford	Williams
Dale	Hoover	Raesley	Wilson
Davis, A.	Hormell	Rath	Woodward
Davis, W.	Hough	Reece	Young
Dershem	Howard	Reel	Cox, J.
Detzel	Irwin		Speaker

NAYS—17.

Blair	Hunter, R. P.	Lowe,	Rockwell
Campbell, J.	Kelly, M.	Martin,	Row
Dallas	Knight	McJunkin,	Schofield
Freeman	Kuhns,	McMullen,	Von Tacky
Hobbs			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 1372 (Senate No. 593), entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act relating to the appointment of stenographers and assistant stenographers to report proceedings in the several courts of common pleas and orphans' courts courts of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery and courts of quarter sessions of the peace of this Commonwealth as well as before commissioners masters and special masters in chancery referees examiners auditors and other officers prescribing their powers and duties and when such reports shall be evidence of the facts reported prescribing their compensation and allowances for expenses when the same shall be paid by the county wherein such stenographers or assistant stenographers are employed and when by the parties to such proceedings and repealing an act entitled "An Act directing the appointment of official stenographers in the several civil courts of this Commonwealth authorizing the appointment of stenographers by examiners masters referees commissioners and auditors authorizing the appointment of assistant stenographers repealing 'An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation' approved May fifteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four repealing 'An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation' approved May eighth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six and repealing 'An act defining the duty of court stenographers in the several counties in this State' approved June tenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one' approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven but such repeal not to revive any law repealed by the said act of twenty-fourth of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven Pamphlet Laws one hundred and thirty-five

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—56.

Abbott	Clymer	Guyaux	Magee
Akers	Connell	Haggerty	Malie
Baldwin, R.	Conrade	Hecht	Mannion
Bartman	Currier	Hibshman	McClung
Bass	Curry	Hoffman	McInerney
Bender	Dale	Hoover	McNichol
Bentley	Dallas	Hough	Newbaker
Billman	Dunn, J.	Hunter J. N.,	North
Bosher	Eichenberger	Jackson	Reno
Breitinger	Fahey	Jones, J. R.,	Reyburn
Carroll	Frey	Keely,	Rockwell
Carter	Good	Kelsey,	Sassaman
Clarency	Graybill	Klingerman	Scott, S.
Cleary	Grove	Klumpp	Ward, W., Jr.

NAYS—85.

Allman	Freeman	Martin	Savidge
Allen	Geary	Matt	Schad
Alter	Gilkeson	Maurer	Scott, J.
Baldwin, G.	Gransback	McAleer	Shannon
Bossert	Gray	McJunkin	Sherwood
Brennan	Henry	McKean	Shreve
Campbell, C.	Herman	Mills	Snavely
Campbell, J.	Hess	Perry	Snyder, A.
Cole	Hilton	Raesley	Snyder, P.
Conner, P.	Hobbs	Rath	Speer
Conner, W.	Hunter, R. P.,	Rebert	Steese
Cox, E. R.	Johnston	Reece	Swan
Davis, W.	Keene,	Reel	Swartz
Dershem	Keister	Reeser	Townsend
Donahoe	Kelly, M. C.,	Rhoads	Von Tacky
Donnally	Kern	Richards	Wallace
Dunn, H.	Kinney	Rider	Walnut
Ehrhardt	Knight	Robinson	Watts
Ewing	Kuhns	Robison	Welch
Ferguson	Lafferty	Roney	Wilcox
Fitzgerald	Light	Row	Young

Less than the majority required by the Consitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the bill falls.

MOTION TO RECONSIDER VOTE.

Mr. KEISTER. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which House Bill No. 842 (Senate No. 489), on page 2 of yesterday's calendar, entitled:

An act for the safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings in cities of the third class in boroughs and in townships of this Commonwealth by providing proper exits fire escapes fire extinguishers and other preventives of fire by vesting jurisdiction for the enforcement of this act in the Department of Factory Inspection and by providing proper penalties for any violation of the same

fell on third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. ROCKWELL. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the motion?

Mr. ROCKWELL. Mr. Speaker, I would like to explain this bill. It is a moving picture bill, and provides for the size of the booths to be constructed. It is a protection to the people, and the head of the department told me that if this bill had been a law at the time of the Boyertown disaster it would not have occurred.

Mr. ALLEN. Mr. Speaker, I had hoped that this corpse would remain buried when it was first buried in the early part of the session. This bill was brought over from the Senate. I had hopes that it would remain buried. It provides things that are almost impossible to comply with. I am of the opinion that if the department will carry out in the strictest sense the laws now in force that they will have all that they can do.

Mr. WM. WARD, JR. Mr. Speaker, this is evidently the last chance of the people back of these bills to get it through. I don't want this bill, and I know the House doesn't. We of the smaller cities do not want this bill, and we appeal to you of the larger cities to aid us. We have always gone along with you.

The question recurring,

Will the House agree to the motion:

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. EHRHARDT and Mr. R. P. HUNTER, and were as follows:

YEAS—23.

Baldwin, G.	Howard	Keister	Scott, S.
Ehrhardt	Hunter, R.	Lindsay	Shaffer
Feeney	Jackson	McAleer	Sherwood
Fay	Johnston	McKean	Tuns
Haggerty	Jones, J.	Rockwell	Williams
Hobbs	Keene	Scott, J.	Cox, John F., Speaker

NAYS—109.

Ailman	Curry	Henry	Raesley
Akers	Dale	Hess	Rath
Allen	Dallas	Hoffman	Rebert
Alter	Davis, A.	Hormell	Reece
Baldwin, R.	Davis, W. H.	Kelly, M.	Reel
Bartman	Dershem	Kelsey	Reeser
Bass	Detzel	Klingerman	Reno
Bentley	Donahoe	Klumpp	Richards
Billman	Donnally	Knight	Riebel
Bosher	Dunn, H.	Kuhns	Sassaman
Bossert	Dunn, J.	Light	Savidge
Boyd	Enbody	Malie	Shadrach
Brehm	Ewing	Martin	Shannon,
Breitinger	Feeney	Matt	Snavely
Brennan	Ferguson	Maurer	Snyder, A.
Campbell, C.	Flynn	McJunkin	Stein
Cleary	Frey	McMullen	Swan
Clymer	Gans	McNichol	Townsend
Cole	Geary	Mills	Von Tacky
Connell	Gibson	Morris	Wallace
Conner, P.	Gilkeson	Moulthrop	Walnut
Conner, W	Good	Neel	Ward, W., Jr.
Conrade	Gray	Newbaker	Ward, W.
Cox, E. R.	Graybill	North	Watts
Crum	Grove	Perry	Welch
Cumbler	Healey	Phillips	Wilcox
Currier	Hecht	Piper	Young

So the question was determined in the negative.

Mr. ALTER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The SPEAKER. The Chair hears no objection. The resolution will be read by the Clerk.

The Clerk then read the resolution as follows:

PROVIDING FOR THE APPOINTMENT OF A COMMISSION TO BE KNOWN AS THE COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE PUBLIC SERVICE CORPORATIONS.

In the House of Representatives, May 24, 1911.

Whereas, His Excellency, the Honorable John K. Tener, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in his inaugural address, delivered at Harrisburg, January 17th, 1911, at the time of his inauguration as Governor of the Commonwealth, said:

"The present Railroad Commission has done well; but, circumscribed as to its limitations, it cannot fulfill the present requirements in the treatment of the relations between the people and the public service corporations. There should be a commission, vested with all possible power, to have the general supervision and control of the corporations and individuals having to do with public utilities, and the present Railroad Commission abolished.

"Properly conducted, this public service commission would create a better feeling between the people and the corporations; would keep those companies within their lawful bounds, and compel them to render to the public the reasonable and satisfactory service for which their franchises were granted. It would prevent the building of unnecessary railroads and works, and the issuance of obligations not fully represented by actual value given; it would protect these companies against unfair attacks, while, at the same time, the rights of the people would be fully conserved. I recommend the enactment of legislation creating a commission. It is desired by the people, and should be welcomed by all fairly disposed corporations"

And Whereas, House Bill No. 875, entitled

"An act defining public service companies prescribing and defining and limiting the powers of public service companies and regulating the creation of such companies creating and establishing a public service commission for the supervision and regulation of public service companies prescribing and defining the powers and duties of such commission and its officers and providing for the salaries and compensation of the members of the commission its officers counsel and employes prescribing and regulating the practice and procedure before such commission and upon appeal and judicial review of its orders by the court of common pleas of Dauphin county and giving such court exclusive jurisdiction of such appeals and of all injunctions mandamus or other appropriate proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act and the orders of the commission and to restrain such orders subject to an appeal from all decrees of said court to the supreme court prescribing penalties fines and imprisonment for the violation of such orders or of the provisions of this act and repealing the act approved May thrrty-first one thousand nine hundred and seven providing for the appointment of a Railroad Commission and other legislation inconsistent with this act"

failed of passage for the reason that certain members of the General Assembly allege lack of sufficient time to properly inform themselves concerning the scope and provisions of such bill

And Whereas, It is the sense of the General Assembly and of the people of the State generally that a law should be enacted to regulate such public service companies and that a commission should be created for the purpose of inquiring into the practical workings of such public service companies and that a commission should be created for the purpose of inquiring into the practical workings of such public service companies, whether or not they are complying with the laws under which they are incorporated and make report to the next General Assembly together with a draft of an act of Assembly as will best protect the interests of the people of the Commonwealth, and insure to them proper service and accommodation from public service companies, incorporated under the laws of this State, or authorized to do business therein, therefore

Be it resolved (if the Senate concur), That a commission, consisting of five persons, to be appointed by the Governor of the Commonwealth be and the same is hereby created, which Commission shall be known as the Commission to Investigate Public Service Corporations in Pennsylvania. Each commissioner, at the time of his appointment, shall be a resident of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and shall have resided therein for a period of at least one year next preceding his appointment, and shall also be a qualified elector therein and not less than twenty-five years of age.

The said Commission shall have power and authority to inquire into the general supervision, management, regulation and operation of all public service companies doing business in this Commonwealth, or empowered so to do. Said power and authority shall include the power to inquire into the regulation, service, rates, fares, tolls or charges of any and all public service companies, including individual and joint rates, long and short haul charges for the conveyance of passengers and property, interchange of facilities or traffic or other service, the making of repairs, alterations, additions, extensions and improvements in and to such service, the granting of transfers between different lines of common carriers, or to or from one part of the system of the same common carrier to another part, the routing of the lines of street railways, under the provisions of the act entitled "An Act authorizing traction or motor power companies and street passenger railway companies running, leasing, controlling or operating different lines of street railways to operate all of said lines as a general system, and to lay out such new routes or circuits over the whole or any part of any street or streets, occupied by such different companies, and to run cars thereon for such distances and in such directions as will in the opinion of the operating company best accommodate public travel," approved the fifteenth day of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five (Pamphlet Laws sixty-five), or otherwise the just and equitable distribution of trains, cars, vehicles, and motive power, or other facilities of all common carriers, the granting, construction, operation or discontinuance of switches, sidings and regulation of crossings, the location or abolition of freight and passenger stations, wharves, docks or piers, the use and compensation for cars owned or controlled by persons other than the carrier, the safety, adequacy and sufficiency of the facilities, plant and equipment for the carrying on of their business by said public service companies, the quantity or quality of water, gas, electricity or light, heat, or power supplies and generally

all acts, matters and things incident to the management and conduct of their business and the performance of their public duties and their compliance with the provisions of the Constitution, the laws of the land, and their charters.

The said Commission shall also have power and authority to examine and consider the laws of this Commonwealth relating to public service corporations and revenue, and the general working thereof. The said Commission shall have the power to issue subpoenas, signed by its chairman, requiring the attendance of persons and the production of books and papers, as in its judgment will assist in the performance of its duties as aforesaid. Said Commission shall make full report in writing to the General Assembly in 1913, of the result of such examinations or investigations made by it. Also a statement of facts and explanations as will disclose the actual workings and operations of public service companies in their relation to the business and prosperity of the Commonwealth, and such suggestions as to the general policy of the Commonwealth or the amendment of its laws, or the condition, affairs or conduct of any public service corporations as may seem to it appropriate. Also a draft of a bill to be known as the public service company law, together with the reasons and necessity therefor.

The Commission shall have a secretary, an attorney, and such other officers as will enable it to properly perform the duties authorized and required under the provisions of this resolution. Said secretary, attorney and employes to receive such reasonable compensation as in the judgment of the Commission may be necessary. The expenditures of the Commission shall be limited to the amount provided therefor in the general appropriation bill to be passed at this session of the Legislature and shall be paid out of the State Treasury upon vouchers signed by the chairman of said Commission

The term "public service company," when used in this resolution, includes all railroad corporations, canal corporations, street railway corporations, stage line corporations, express corporations, baggage transfer corporations, pipe line corporations, incline plane corporations, ferry corporations, common carrier tunnel corporations, turnpike corporations, plank road corporations, boulevard corporations, bridge corporations, wharf corporations, grain elevator corporations, telegraph corporations, telephone corporations, natural gas corporations, artificial gas corporations, electric corporations, water corporations, water power corporations, heat corporations, refrigerating corporations, sewage corporations, as well as all persons engaged for profit in the same kind of business as that of any of the said corporations, and all other corporations or persons engaged for profit in any other quasi-public business within this State, or empowered so to do, as well as holding corporations.

On the question,

Will the House agree to the resolution?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. KEISTER in the chair.

BILLS ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. ALLEN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up House Bill No. 685 (Senate No. 453) bills on final passage, on page nine of to-day's calendar.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 685 (Senate No. 453), as follows:

An act to direct appeals to the Supreme Court from any decree of distribution wherein the fund for distribution whenever any appeal from any such decree involving the same question shall be cognizable by and taken to the said court

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it it hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever any appeal from any final decree of any court of common pleas or orphans' court upon any question of distribution shall be cognizable by and taken to the Supreme Court all other appeals from the same decree and involving the same question shall also be taken to the Supreme Court

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—146.

Abbott	Flynn	Letzkus	Rockwell
Akers	Freeman	Light,	Roney
Allen	Gans	Magee,	Row
Anderson	Geary	Mannion,	Sassaman
Baldwin, B.	Gibson	Martin,	Savidge
Bass	Gilkeson	Matt,	Schad
Bender	Good	Maurer,	Schmidt
Bentley	Gransback	McAleer,	Schofield
Blair	Graybill	McGowan,	Schultz
Bosher	Guyaux	McInerney,	Scott, J.
Brehm	Haggerty	McKean,	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Healey	McMullen,	Shadrach
Brennan	Henry	McNichol,	Shannon
Campbell, O.	Herman	Miller,	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Hibshman	Mills,	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Hobbs	Moore,	Snyder, A.
Carter	Hoffman	Morris,	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hoover	Moses	Steese,
Clymer	Hough	Moulthrop	Swan
Connell	Howard	Neel	Swartz
Conner, W.	Hunter, J. N.	North	Townsend
Conrade	Hunter, R. P.	Perry	Tunis
Cumber	Jackson,	Phillips	Ulerich
Curry	Johnson, C.	Piper	Von Tacky
Dale	Johnson, D.	Raesley	Wallace
Dallas	Johnston,	Rebert	Walnut
Davis, A.	Jones, J.	Reece	Ward, W., Jr.
Davis, W.	Keene	Reel	Ward, W. B.
Dershem	Keister,	Reeser	Watts
Donnally	Kelley, J.	Reyburn	Welch
Dunn, H.	Kelly, M.	Rhoads	Whitman
Dunn, J.	Kern,	Richards	Wilcox
Ehrhardt	Kinney	Rider	Williams
Enbody	Klingerman,	Riebel	Wilson
Fahey	Klumpp,	Robinson	Young
Fay	Kuhns,	Robison	Cox, J.
Fitzgerald	Larkins,		Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 599 (Senate No. 196), as follows:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and twenty entitled "An Act relative to mortgages" by requiring purchase money mortgages to be recorded within thirty days in order to have priority of lien

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it it hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the first section of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and twenty entitled "An Act relative to mortgages" which reads as follows

"Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the athority of the same That from and after the first day of October next all mortgages or defeasible deeds in the nature of mortgages made or to be made or executed for any lands tenements or hereditaments within this Commonwealth shall have priority according to the date of recording the same without regard to the time of making or executing such deeds and it shall be the duty of the recorder to endorse the time upon the mortgages or defeasible deeds when left for record and to number the same according to the time they are left for record and if two or more are left upon the same day they shall have priority according to the time they are left at the office for record And that no mortgage or defeasible deed in the nature of a mortgage shall be a lien until such mortgage or defeasible deed shall have been recorded or left for record as aforesaid Provided that no mortgage given for the purchase money of land so mortgaged shall be affected by the passage of this act if the same be recorded within sixty days from the execution thereof" is hereby amended so as to read

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That from and after the first day of October next all mortgages or defeasible deeds in the nature of mortgages made or to be made or executed for any lands tenements or hereditaments within this Commonwealth shall have priority according to the date of recording the same without regard to the time of making or executing such deeds and it shall be the duty of the recorder to endorse the time upon the mortgages or defeasible deeds when left for record and to number the same according to the time they are left for record and if two or more are left upon the same day they shall have priority according to the time they are left at the office for record And that no mortgage or defeasible deed in the nature of a mortgage shall be a lien until such mortgage or defeasible deed shall have been recorded or left for record as aforesaid Provided that no mortgage given for the purchase money of land so mortgaged shall be affected by the passage of this act if the same be recorded within thirty days from the execution thereof

BILL POSTPONED.

Mr. V. GILPIN ROBINSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that the further consideration of this bill be postponed indefinitely.

Mr. P. H. SNYDER. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the third reading and consideration of House Bill No. 828 (Senate No. 267), as follows:

An act making appropriations to institutions not wholly managed by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania liens on the premises of such institutions for the use of the Commonwealth and providing for the collection thereof

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority

of the same That all appropriations of money hereafter made by this Commonwealth to any benevolent charitable philanthropic educational or eleemosynary institution corporation or unincorporated association not wholly supported by this Commonwealth and not under the exclusive control and management of this Commonwealth for structures erections or other permanent improvements of any kind shall be a lien as hereinafter set forth on the real estate upon which such structure erection or other permanent improvement is to be made

Section 2 It shall be the duty of such institution corporation or unincorporated association if it accept such appropriation within sixty days after such appropriation is approved by the Governor to transmit to the Auditor General of this Commonwealth a full and complete description of the real estate and location thereof upon which such erection structure or other permanent improvement is to be erected constructed or made

Section 3 It shall be the duty of said institution corporation or unincorporated association within sixty days after the approval of such appropriation by the Governor to notify in writing the State Treasurer that it has decided to accept such appropriations and if it fail so to do it shall be conclusively presumed to have declined the same

Section 4 Upon the receipt by the State Treasurer of such notice of acceptance he shall forthwith file a copy thereof with the Auditor General of the Commonwealth and the Auditor General shall forthwith transmit to the prothonotary of the respective county in which aforesaid real estate may be situate his certificate setting forth the amount of such appropriation the location and full description of said real estate the fact of such acceptance of said appropriation and the date of approval thereof by the Governor

Section 5 Upon receipt of such certificate by said prothonotary he shall forthwith enter a note of such certificate in a docket provided and maintained by him for such purpose at the expense of the respective county to be known and marked as the "State Appropriation Docket" wherein the Commonwealth shall appear as plaintiff and the respective institution corporation or unincorporated association as defendant such notation to contain the locality and brief description of said real estate amount of said appropriation and date of approval thereof by the Governor and date of the making of said notation and shall file and keep said certificate as other records are filed and kept He shall also prepare and maintain proper indices of said dockets at the expense of the respective county aforesaid giving the name of the said institution corporation or unincorporated association amount of said appropriation and date of entry of said notation in said docket and the number of the volume and page thereof

Section 6 Such appropriation shall be non-interest bearing liens on said real estate from the date of such entry of said certificates in said dockets and in case of public or private sale of such real estate shall be paid out of the proceeds hereof before any subsequent lien mortgage encumbrance or other charge

Section 7 All such institutions corporations or unincorporated associations shall have the right to pay the amount of said liens to the State Treasurer at any time in full or in partial payments and it shall be the duty of the State Treasurer to accept the same and to forthwith transmit to the prothonotary of the respective county aforesaid his certificate that he has received said payment or payments and the date of receiving same which certificate or certificates shall be forthwith filed and kept by said prothonotary with the other records in the case and a notation thereof setting forth the respective dates and amounts of such payments shall be made by him on said dockets and indices in the proper place and when it appears that the full amount of said appropriation has been repaid as aforesaid to the State Treasurer said prothonotary shall mark said lien as satisfied in full upon said dockets and indices at the proper place The aforesaid defendants shall pay said prothonotary the sum of five dollars for satisfaction of said liens and the sum of fifty cents for each partial payment credited as aforesaid to be taxed as costs and collected when such lien is satisfied as aforesaid

Section 8 Should at any time before said lien is paid in full and satisfied as aforesaid the said institution corporation or unincorporated associaation fail to utilize said real estate and erections constructions and other permanent improvements aforesaid for the purpose for which said appropriations were made the Commonwealth at the relation of the Attorney General shall have the right to issue a writ or writs of scire facias on said lien and prosecute the same to final judgment for the unportion thereof and sell said real estate erections constructions and other improvements aforesaid by writ or writs of levari facias in the same manner and with the same effect as scire facias are issued and lands sold on levari facias on mortgages and without inquisition and condemnation

Section 9 In cases where real estate owned by institutions corporations or unincorporated associations which have received appropriations of money made by the Commonwealth for the structures erections or permanent improvements of any kind and for which the Commonwealth shall have a lien as herein provided shall be sold or taken by eminent domain and other property of equal or greater value be acquired by such institutions corporations or unincorporated associations the Auditor General shall upon the entry of a lien upon such acquired property in favor of the Commonwealth for an amount equal to that theretofore existing release the real estate from the lien to which it was theretofore subject

And said bill having been read at length the third time, considered and agreed to.

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—152.

Abbott	Davis, W.	Howard	Pitch ord
Allman	Dearden	Irwin	Rath
Akers	Dershem	Jackson,	Reeser
Allen	Donahoe	Johnson, D,	Reno
Alter	Donnally	Johnston,	Rhoads
Anderson	Dunn, H.	Jones, L,	Richards
Baldwin, G.	Dunn, J.	Jones, J,	Rider
Baldwin, R.	Eichenberger	Keene,	Riebel
Bartman	Embody	Keister,	Robison
Bass	Ewing	Kelley, J.	Rockwell
Bentley	Fahey	Kelsey,	Roney
Billman	Fay	Kern,	Runisey
Blair	Feeney	Kinney	Sassaman
Bosher	Ferguson	Klingerman,	Savidge
Bossert	Fitzgerald	Klumpp,	Schad
Boyd	Freeman	Lafferty,	Schmidt
Brehm	Frey	Larkins,	Schultz
Breitinger	Geary	Leh,	Scott, J.
Brennan	Gibson	Lindsay,	Scott, S.
Caldwell	Gilkeson	Magee,	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Good	Malie,	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Gransback	Martin,	Speer
Carroll	Gray	Marvin,	Stein,
Clarency	Graybill	Maurer	Townsend
Cleary	Guyaux	McAleer,	Tunis
Clymer	Haggerty	McClung,	Ulerich
Cole	Halferty	McInerney,	Wallace,
Connell	Healey	McJunkin,	Walnut
Conner, P.	Hecht	McMullen,	Ward, W., Jr.
Conner, W.	Henry	McNichol,	Ward, W. B.
Conrade	Herman	Mills,	Welch
Cox, E.	Hibshman	Moore,	Whitman
Cumbler	Hilton	Morris,	Wilcox
Currier	Hoffman	Moulthrop	Williams
Curry	Holland	Neel	Wilson
Dale	Hoover	Newbaker	Woodward
Dallas	Hormell	Perry	Young
Davis, A.	Hough	Piper	Cox, J.
			Speaker

NAYS—8.

Flynn	Matt,	Reece	Shannon
Knight	Rebert	Shaffer	Snyder, A.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same with amendments in which the concurrence of the Senate is requested.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 639.

Mr. RICHARDS. Mr. Speaker, I desire to present the report of the Committee of Conference on House Bill No. 639.

The SPEAKER. The report will be printed.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. SCHAD. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to, and the House adjourned until 8.00 this evening.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, May 24, 1911.

EVENING SESSION.

The House met at 8 o'clock P. M.

The Speaker (JOHN F. COX) in the Chair.

The SPEAKER. The desk has received the report of the Conference Committee on House Bill No. 313, known as the "Mining Code."

The report as agreed upon was read by the Clerk, as follows:

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 313.

To the members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned, committee of conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 313, entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith," beg leave to submit the following amended bill as our report:

MOSES SHIELDS,
FRANK E. BALDWIN,
DAVID HUNTER, JR.,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

TIMOTHY PITCHFORD,
GEORGE W. RICHARDS,
JOHN M. FLYNN,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith

ARTICLE 1

Definitions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That for the purpose of this act the terms and definitions contained therein shall be as follows

Mine In this act the term "mine" includes the shafts slopes drifts or incline planes connected with excavations penetrating coal stratum or strata which excavations are ventilated by one general air current or divisions thereof and connected by one general system of mine railroads over which coal may be delivered to one or more points outside the mine when such is operated by one operator

Excavations and Workings The term "excavations and workings" includes all the excavated portions of a mine those abandoned as well as the places actually being worked also all underground workings and shafts tunnels and other ways and openings and all such shafts slopes tunnels and other openings in the course of being sunk or driven together with all roads appliances machinery and material connected with the same below the surface

Shaft The term "shaft" means a vertical opening through the strata that is or may be used for the purpose of ventilation or drainage or for hoisting men or material or both in connection with the mining of coal

Slope The term "slope" means an incline or opening used for the same purpose as a shaft

Operator The term "operator" means any firm corporation or individual operating any coal mine or any part thereof

Superintendent The term "superintendent" means the person who shall have on behalf of the operator immediate supervision of one or more mines

Mine Foreman The term "mine foreman" means the person whom the operator or superintendent shall place in charge of the inside workings of the mine and of the persons employed therein

Inspector The term "inspector" means the person commissioned by the Governor to have supervision of mines as hereinafter prescribed

Bituminous Mines The term "bituminous mines" shall include all coal mines in the State not now included in the anthracite boundaries and whenever the term "mine" appears in this act it shall be construed to mean "bituminous coal mine"

Approved Safety Lamp The term "approved safety lamp" shall mean any bonneted safety lamp approved by the Department of Mines

ARTICLE II

Maps and Plans

Section 1 The operator or the superintendent of any bituminous coal mine shall make or cause to be made by a competent mining engineer or surveyor an accurate map of the mine on a scale of not less than two hundred feet to the inch which map shall show as follows

First All the openings excavations shafts slopes drifts tunnels planes main entries cross entries and rooms and the name or number of each

Second An accurate delineation of the boundary lines between said mine and all adjoining mines or coal lands and the relation and proximity of the workings of said mine to all adjoining mines or coal lands and if requested by the inspector the blue print in the office at the mines shall show by arrows the direction of the air currents in said mine each split to show in different color in pencil

Third The elevation above or below mean tide at Sandy Hook of the top and bottom of each shaft and slope of all drifts tunnels planes and of the faces of entries as found at each semi-annual survey and in rooms and entries adjacent to boundary lines between such mine and any adjoining mine or mines at points not more than three hundred feet apart also the number of last survey station and the date of such survey on the entries as they are represented on the map the location of streams rivers lakes dams or any other bodies of water on the surface with their elevations accurately and plainly marked the location and elevation of any body of water dammed in the mine or held back in any portion of the mine giving the true area of said body of water unless inaccessible before the passage of this act the location of all bore holes penetrating the coal strata and the location of all oil and gas wells and oil and gas pipe lines Provided however for the purpose of this paragraph the owner or owners of the oil and gas wells and the oil and gas pipe lines shall furnish at his their or its own expense to the operator of the mine on which said wells are located or lines are constructed a survey showing the location thereof within sixty days after the passage of this act or within a like time after the construction or location of wells and pipe lines hereafter made

Section 2 When the workings of a mine are within three hundred feet of the boundary lines between such mine and any adjoining mine or mines application shall be made by the operator or the superintendent to the inspector for information as to the proximity of the workings of such adjoining mine or mines and if the workings of such adjoining mine or mines are at their nearest point within three hundred feet of such boundary line the inspector shall so notify the said operator or the said superintendent who shall have such portion of the workings of said adjoining mine or mines surveyed and shown on the map of the mine first mentioned For the purpose of making only the survey herein required the engineer or surveyor of any mine shall have the right of entry into any adjoining mine on the written authority of the inspector

Section 3 A true copy of said map shall be kept in the mine office at the mine for the use of the mine officials and the inspector and for the inspection (in the presence of the superintendent or the mine foreman) of any person working in said mine whenever said person shall fear that any working place is becoming dangerous by reason of its proximity to other workings that may contain dangerous accumulations of water or noxious gases

Section 4 At least once every six months the operator or the superintendent of every mine shall cause to be shown accurately on the original map of said mine and on the copy of the map in the mine office all the excavations made therein during the time that has elapsed since such excavations were last shown thereon

The operator or the superintendent at the request of the inspector in writing shall order that any portion of any mine shall be surveyed and entered on the original map when in the opinion of the inspector such portion of the mine is approaching accumulations of water or noxious gases And whenever any of the workings or excavations of any mine shall be driven to their destination it shall be the duty of the operator or the superintendent to cause the mining engineer or surveyor to check up all his previous work and notes of said mine so that he can certify that the said map shows correctly all the excavations made therein as he is required to do by section six of this article

Section 5 The operator or the superintendent of every mine shall furnish the inspector of the district with a true and correct copy of the aforesaid original map of said mine on tracing cloth and at the end of every six months thereafter the inspector shall return said copy to the operator or the superintendent who shall place or cause to be placed thereon all the extensions made and all portions of the mine worked out or abandoned during the preceding six months as provided for in section four of this article and shall forward the map to the inspector within thirty days from the time of receiving it Provided that in lieu of the map on tracing cloth as aforesaid the operator or the superintendent shall have the privilege of furnishing every six months a blue print showing the complete workings of the mine to date When more than one seam of coal is being worked in any mine the inspector shall be provided with a separate copy of the original map on tracing cloth or a blue print of the complete workings of each seam as provided for in this article The copies of the maps of the several mines as hereinbefore required to be furnished to the inspector shall remain in the care of the inspector of the district in which said mines are situated as official records pertaining strictly to the office of said inspector to be transferred by him to his successor in office and in no case shall any copy thereof be made or any information therefrom be given to any person without the consent of the operator except as provided for in section two of this article

Section 6 Whenever a mine is worked out or abandoned the operator or the superintendent shall within sixty days thereafter extend the inspector's map to show clearly all the worked-out or abandoned territory with all property and boundary lines and elevations as required in section one of this article

The owner or the operator of the abandoned mine shall also within sixty days after its abandonment send to the Department of Mines a tracing of said complete original map which shall be kept in the Department as a public document The mining engineer or surveyor shall certify that said tracing is a true and correct copy of the original map of said mine and that the original map is a true complete and correct map and survey of all the excavations made in said abandoned mine

Section 7 If the inspector shall have reason to believe that any map of any mine furnished to him in pursuance of the provisions of this article is inaccurate or imperfect he is hereby authorized to have made a survey and a new map of said mine The cost of said survey and map shall be recoverable from the operator as other debts are recoverable by law Provided however that if the map claimed by the inspector to be inaccurate or imperfect shall be found sufficiently accurate to serve the purpose for which it is intended then the Commonwealth shall be liable for the expense incurred in making said survey and map which expense shall be paid by the State Treasurer upon warrant of the Auditor General issued upon the presentation of voucher approved by the Chief of the Department of Mines

ARTICLE III

Duties of Mine Superintendent Mine Supplies

Section 1 It shall be the duty of every superintendent on behalf and at the expense of the operator to keep on hand at each mine at all times a sufficient quantity of all materials and supplies required to preserve the health and safety of the employes as ordered by the mine foreman and required by this act If for any reason the superintendent cannot procure the necessary materials or supplies as aforesaid he shall at once notify the mine foreman whose duty it shall be to withdraw the men from the mine or portion of mine until such materials or supplies are received

The superintendent shall at least once every week read examine carefully and countersign all reports entered in the mine record book by the mine foreman and if he finds on such examination that the law is being violated in any particular he shall order the mine foreman to stop said violation forthwith and shall see that his order is complied with

Section 2 The superintendent shall not obstruct the mine foreman or other officials in the fulfillment of any of their duties as required by this act but he shall direct that the mine foreman and all the other employes under him comply with the law in all its provisions especially when his attention is called by the inspector to any violation of the law. At any mine where a superintendent is not employed the duties that are herein prescribed for the superintendent shall devolve upon the mine foreman in addition to his regular duties

Section 3 The superintendent of every mine shall provide a sufficient number of danger signals upon request of the mine foreman which the mine foreman or the assistant mine foreman shall distribute in the mine at places convenient for the use of the fire bosses in the fulfillment of their duties Danger sig-

nals in all mines shall be uniform and of a design approved by the Chief of the Department of Mines All danger signals shall be kept in good condition and no defective signal shall be allowed to remain in any mine

Section 4 The superintendent shall keep on hand at the mine a supply of the printed rules and notices and record books required by this act which shall be furnished through the inspector of the district on request of the superintendent in writing The superintendent shall see that said rules and notices and record books are delivered to the proper persons at the mine and that they are properly cared for and he shall also see that the rules and notices are posted in conspicuous places at or near the entrance to the mine and kept in such condition that they will always be legible

Section 5 The superintendent shall not permit the mining of coal within fifty feet of any abandoned mine containing a dangerous accumulation of water until said danger has been removed by driving a passageway to tap and drain off said water as provided for in this act Provided that the thickness of the barrier pillars shall be greater and shall be in proportion of one foot of pillar thickness to each one and one-quarter feet of water-head if in the judgment of the engineer of the property and that of the district inspector it is necessary for the safety of the persons working in the mine

Section 6 The superintendent shall provide a safety catch or other safety device to be placed on the rear end of the rear car of full trips that are being hoisted up slopes and he shall also provide suitable signals to be placed on the rear end of the rear car of all trips hauled in the mines by locomotives of any kind

Section 7 If the mine foreman the assistant mine foreman or the fire boss neglects his duties or incapacitates himself by drunkenness or is incapacitated by any other cause for the proper performance of his duties and information thereof shall be brought to the knowledge of the superintendent it shall be the duty of the superintendent to make a thorough investigation of the case and if he finds evidence to sustain the charge he shall inform the inspector who shall inform the court of common pleas of the county or a judge thereof by petition and said court or judge when the court is not in session shall issue a citation in the name of the Commonwealth to the said mine foreman assistant mine foreman or fire boss to appear at not less than five days' notice upon a day fixed before said court or a judge thereof at which time the court shall proceed to inquire into and investigate the allegations If the court finds the allegations to be true it shall notify the Department of Mines of such finding and instruct said Department to withdraw the certificate of said delinquent Provided however that he shall have the right to appear before the Examining Board and be re-examined and if he can satisfy the Board that he has reformed and passes a satisfactory examination he shall be given another certificate of qualification When the court orders the certificate of a mine foreman an assistant mine foreman or a fire boss to be withdrawn the inspector shall notify the operators of the district of the fact

Section 8 The operator or the superintendent of every mine shall within thirty days thereafter send to the inspector notices of the following occurrences

First When a mine has been abandoned or the working thereof discontinued

Second When any work has commenced for the purpose of opening a new mine

Third When the working of a mine is resumed after an abandonment or a discontinuance for a period exceeding two months

Fourth When any change occurs in the name of a mine or in the name of the operator of a mine under the provisions of this act

ARTICLE IV

Mine Foreman and His Duties

Section 1 In order to secure efficient management and proper ventilation of the mines to promote the health and safety of the persons employed therein and to protect and preserve the property connected therewith the operator or the superintendent shall employ a competent and practical mine foreman for every mine where ten or more persons are employed The mine foreman shall have full charge of all the inside workings and of the persons employed therein in order that all the provisions of this act so far as they relate to his duties shall be complied with and the regulations prescribed for each class of workmen under his charge carried out in the strictest manner possible If the mine is generating explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp the mine foreman must possess a first grade foreman's certificate If the mine is non-gaseous the mine foreman must possess either a first grade foreman's certificate or a second grade mine foreman's certificate

When the mine workings become so extensive that the mine foreman is unable personally to carry out the requirements of this act pertaining to his duties he shall have the right to employ a sufficient number of competent persons to act as his assistants who shall act under his instructions in carrying out the provisions of this act If the mine is generating explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an aprpoved safety lamp the mine foreman's assistants must possess first grade assistant mine foreman's certificates

In case of the necessary temporary absence of the mine foreman he may deputize his work for the time being to his assistant who shall perform all the duties of the mine foreman

Section 2 The mine foreman shall devote the whole of his time to his duties in the mine when the mine is in operation and shall keep a careful watch over the ventilating apparatus the ventilation airways traveling ways timbering and drainage and shall see that all stoppings along airways are properly built as provided for in section five of article nine of this act

He shall also see that proper cut-throughs are made in the pillars of all rooms and of all entries in accordance with section three of article nine of this act and that they are closed when necessary so that the ventilating current can be conducted in sufficient quantity through the last cut-through to the face of each room and entry by means of check doors He shall not permit any room or entry to be turned in advance of the ventilating current or in advance of the last cut-through in the entry excepting room necks which may with the consent of the inspector be turned by entrymen driving entries

Section 3 The mine foreman or his assistant shall at least once every week measure the air current at or near the main inlet and outlet airway and also in the last cut-through in the last room and in the entry beyond the last room turned in each entry and make a record of said measurements as provided for in section eighteen of this article Said measurements shall be taken on days when the men are at work and for making said measurements an anemometer shall be provided and kept in good condition by the superintendent of the mine

Section 4 In case of accident to a ventilating fan or its machinery whereby the ventilation of the mine would be seriously interrupted the mine foreman shall order the men to withdraw immediately from the mine and he shall not allow them to return to their work until the ventilation has been restored and the mine has been thoroughly examined by him or by an assistant mine foreman or fire boss and reported safe

Section 5 The mine foreman shall notiy the superintendent in writing whenever in his opinion the mine is becoming dangerous through the lack of ample ventilation at the face of entries rooms and other portions of the mine caused by the undue length of entries and airways or from any other cause resulting in the accumulation of gas or coal dust or both in various portions of the mine The superintendent shall then notify the inspector of the report of the mine foreman requesting him to come and make a personal examination and if he finds it is becoming dangerous he shall at once direct the superintendent to proceed to have it put in safe condition and if necessary have an additional opening of ample dimensions sunk from the surface to the interior which opening can be used as an outlet or inlet for the air and also as an escapeway in case of necessity

In all mines generating explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp the mine foreman shall see that when the permanent station of the fire boss is located a mile or more from the entrance to the mine all abandoned finished or unfinished workings in the intervening distance between the permanent station and the entrance to the mine are completly shut off from the main intake or manway headings of the mine by stoppings of masonry concrete or some other incombustible material of sufficient thickness to keep the explosive or noxious gases from coming in contact with the intake air or with the persons employed therein

Section 6 The mine foreman shall direct and see that every working place is properly secured by props or timbers and shall see that no person is directed or permitted to work in an unsafe place unless it be for the purpose of making it safe He shall also see that the workmen are provided with sufficient props cap pieces and timbers of suitable size which shall be delivered at the working faces or as near thereto as they can be conveyed in mine cars when requested by the workmen in accordance with section seven of this article. He shall also see that props are cut square at both ends and as near as practicable to the proper length required or designated for the places where they are to be used

Section 7 Every workman in need of props cap pieces and timbers shall notify the mine foreman or the assistant mine foreman (or any other person delegated by the mine foreman) of the fact at least one day in advance giving the number size and length of props cap pieces and timbers required In case of emergency the timber may be ordered immediately upon the discovery of danger If for any reason the necessary timbers cannot be supplied when required the mine foreman or assistant mine foreman shall instruct the workmen to vacate the place until the timber needed is supplied

The place and manner of leaving the orders for props cap pieces and timbers shall be designated and specified in the rules of the mine

Section 8 The mine foreman shall see that on all animal and mechanical hauling roads holes for shelter shall be cut into the strata not less than two and one-half feet deep and four feet wide and level with the road at least every thirty yards and kept whitewashed and clear of obstruction except in entries from which rooms are driven at regular intervals not exceeding ninety feet provided that the entrance to each room be kept clear of obstruction for a distance of three feet On all main hauling roads on which hauling is done by machinery shelter holes shall be cut into the strata not less than two and one-half feet deep and at least four feet wide and level with the road and not more than fifteen yards apart and said shelter holes shall be kept whitewashed and clear of obstruction except in entries from which rooms are opened at regular intervals not exceeding forty-five feet Provided That the entrance to such room be kept clear of obstruction for a distance of three feet All shelter holes shall be made on the same side of the entry All entries driven after the passage of this act shall have a clear space of two and one-half feet from the side of the car to the rib which shall be made and continued throughout on one side of the entry if in the judgment of the inspector the condition of the roof will permit and shall be kept clear of obstruction

No person except officials or repairmen shall be permitted to travel on slopes gravity or incline planes while the cars thereon are in motion

Section 9 The mine foreman shall direct that the coal is properly mined before it is blasted "Properly mined" shall mean that the coal shall be undercut center-cut top-cut or sheared by pick or machine and in any case the undercutting shall be as deep as the holes are laid In mines generating explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp when the coal seam is five feet six inches or more in thickness "properly mined shall mean that in all entries less than ten feet wide wherein the coal is undercut it shall also be

sheared on one side as deep as the undercutting before any holes are charged and fired or the coal shall be blasted in sections by placing the first hole near the center of the coal seam He shall also direct that the miner set sprags as often as necessary at a distance not exceeding seven feet apart under the breast of undermined or center-mined coal for safety. The mine foreman shall direct at what hours blasting shall be done in the mine and a notice of the time shall be posted at a conspicuous place at the mine and a copy of the notice shall be kept on file at the mine office Provided however that in districts in which it has been the common practice to blast coal from the solid said practice or method may be continued notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein contained

In such portions of a dry and dusty mine where explosive gas is being generated in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp the mine foreman shall direct and see that the rooms and entries are moistened by water or other efficient means as often as necessary to keep the dust in damp condition and he shall direct and see that the dust is loaded and taken out of the mine as often as necessary

The mine foreman shall direct and see that as the miners advance in their excavation all dangerous and doubtful pieces of coal slate and rock overhead are taken down or at once carefully secured against falling on the workmen Any workman who neglects to carry out or disobeys the instructions of the mine foreman or his assistant in regard to securing his working place shall be suspended or discharged by the mine foreman and if such negligence or disobedience results in serious injury or loss of life to any person the mine foreman shall give the name of said workman to the inspector for prosecution in accordance with section two article twenty-six of this act

Section 10 The mine foreman shall give prompt attention to the removal of all dangers reportd to him by his ossistants the fire boss or by any other person working in the mine and in case it is impracticable to remove the danger at once he shall notify every person whose safety is menaced thereby to remain away from the portion where the dangerous conditions exist He or his assistant shall once each week travel and examine all the air courses and roads and all the openings that give access to old workings or falls and make a record of the condition of all places where danger has been found with ink in the book provided for that purpose

In all mines the mine foreman shall employ a sufficient number of assistants to insure a visit to each working place either by himself or by his assistants once each day while the employes are at work and in addition thereto shall give special care oversight and attention to the men drawing pillars particularly when falls are thereby being made. The mine foreman or the assistant mine foreman under intructions from the mine foreman shall dire ctthat the holes for blasting be properly placed and shall designate the angle and depth of holes which shall not be deeper than the undercutting center-cutting top-cutting or shearing and the maximum quantity of explosives required for each hole and the method of charging and tamping instructions shall be given the men by the mine foreman assistant mine foreman or fire boss or other authorized person as to when where and how timber shall be placed so as to avoid accidents from falls and also in a general way how to mine coal with safety to themselves and others

At the end of each shift each assistant mine foreman shall make a report in a book provided for that purpose giving the general condition as to safety of the working places visited by him and shall make a note of any unusual occurrence observed by him during the day The mine foreman shall read carefully the daily report of each assistant mine foreman and shall sign the reports with ink not later than the day following

Section 11 The mine foreman shall see that every mine generating explosive gas is kept free of standing gas in all working places and roadways Any accumulating of explosive gas or noxious gases in the worked-outor abandoned portioins of any mine shall be removed as soon as possible after its discovery if it is practicable to remove it No person who may be endangered by the presence of said explosive gas or noxious gases shall be allowed in that portion of the mine until said gases have been removed The mine foreman shall direct and see that all dangerous places and the entrance or entrances to workd-out and abandoned places in all mines are properly fenced off across the openings so that no person can enter and that danger signals are posted upon said fencing to warn persons of the existing danger

Section 12 In any mine where it has been found impracticable to remove explosive gas from the inaccessible top of a fall it shall be the duty of the mine foreman to make this fact known at once in writing to the superintendent who shall immediately report the same to the inspector requesting him to make a prompt personal investigation If the superintendent and the inspector are unable to devise means to have said explosive gas removed within a reasonable time the inspector shall direct that a bore hole or bore holes not less than six inches in diameter be drilled from the surface to a high point on said fall in order to give the gas an opening to escape to the surface

Section 13 In every mine generating explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp where coal dust is being carried in the air currents in quantities indicating danger the mine foreman shall see that no person is employed to work in the mine until he has given satisfactory proof that he can do the work allotted to him without endangering the lives of his co-employes unless said person is put to work with an experienced miner whose duty it shall be to instruct such inexperienced person how to safely and properly perform his work

Section 14 In such portions of a mine where explosive gas is being generated in quantities sufficient to be detected by an improved safety lamp and in which locked safety lamps are used the mine foreman shall employ a sufficient number of competent persons who are able to speak the English language to act as shot firers whose duty shall be to charge tamp and fire all holes properly placed by the miners and to refuse to charge any holes not properly placed No holes shall be fired by any person other than a shot firer They shall use none but incombustible material for tamping which the mine foreman shall see is provided for them at convenient places inside the mine. Under no condition shall the shot firer use coal dust or any other combustible material for tamping All such holes shall be fired by an electric apparatus and no person other than the shot firer shall connect the wires of or operate said Apparatus Each shot firer shall keep a record of and report to the mine foreman every hole that he has refused to charge every blown out shot and every hole that has misfired It shall be the duty of shot firers and miners who are permitted by this act to fire their own shots to visit and examine the places where the shots have been fired before leaving the mine to see that there is no fire or any other danger existing

In all mines in which coal is blasted from the solid all holes shall be fired when all the workmen are out of the mine except the shot firers and other persons delegated by the mine foreman to safeguard property

No shot firer or any other person shall fire a shot in any working place and in any mine if his safety lamp can detect explosive gas at the roof In gaseous dusty mines in which locked safety lamps are used he shall fire no holes unless the entries and rooms which are dry and dusty are so thoroughly wetted as to prevent the existence of any dry dust for a distance of not less than eighty feet from the hole to be fired Provided however That in all mines wherein the coal is being blasted from the solid the mine foreman shall direct and see that the provisions of this section are fully complied with

Section 15 When operations are temporarily suspended in a mine the superintendent and the mine foreman shall see that danger signals are placed across the mine entrances which signals shall be sufficient warning for persons not to enter the mine If the circulation of air through the mine be stopped each entrance to said mine shall be fenced off in such a manner as will ordinarily prevent persons from entering said mine and a danger signal shall be displayed upon said fence at each entrance The mine foreman shall see that all danger signals used in the mine are in good condition and if any become defective he shall notify the superintendent

Section 16 The mine foreman shall see that the water is drained out of the working places before the men enter and that the working places are kept as free from water as practicable during working hours

Section 17 In any working place that is being driven within supposedly dangerous proximity to an abandoned mine or portion of an abondoned mine suspected of containing explosive gas or that may contain a dangerous accumulation of water the mine foreman shall see that at least two bore holes shall be maintained not less than twelve feet in advance of the face and on each side of such working place bore holes of the same depth shall be drilled diagonally not more than eight feet apart and any place driven to tap water or gas shall not be more than eight feet wide No water or gas from an abandoned mine or portions of an abandoned mine and no bore hole from the surface shall be tapped until the employes except those engaged at such work are out of the mine and such work shall be done under the immediate instruction and direction of the mine foreman with the use of locked safety lamps

Section 18 The mine foreman shall each day enter plainly and sign with ink in a book provided for that purpose a report of the condition of the mine which report shall clearly state any danger that may have come under his observation during the day or any danger reported to him by his assistants or the fire bosses The report shall also state whether or not there is a proper supply of material on hand for the safe working of the mine and whether or not the requirements of the law are complied with He shall also once each week enter plainly with ink in said book a true report of all air measurements required by this act designating the place the area of each cut-through and entry separately the velocity of the air in each cut-through and entry and the number of men employed in each separate split of air with the date when measurements were taken Said book shall at all times be kept in the mine office at the mine for examination by the inspector and by any person working in the mine in the presence of the mine foreman

The mine foreman shall also each day read carefully and countersign with ink all reports entered in the record book of the fire bosses

Section 19. The mine foreman shall once each week on blank forms provided for that purpose report to the inspector all fatal and serious accidents that have occurred in or about the mines giving the age nationality and occupation of the injured persons together with facts as to the families or dependents affected

Section 20 The mine foreman shall employ a sufficient number of fire bosses in order that each mine can be examined in accordance with the provisions of sections one two or three of article five of this act The mine foreman or the assistant mine foreman shall see as often as practicable that the fire boss has left his mark in places examined or reported as examined

Section 21 The mine foreman shall direct and see that safety blocks or some other device are constructed for the purpose of preventing cars from falling into the shaft or slope or running away on slopes and inclines planes and safety switches drop logs or other devices shall be used on all slopes and incline planes and the mine foreman shall see that said safety blocks safety switches or other devices are maintained in good working order

Section 22 It shall be the duty of the mine foreman to see that locked safety lamps are used when and where required by this act

The transportation of tools in and out of the mine shall be under the direction of the mine foreman or his assistant

Section 23 It shall be the duty of the mine foreman to report immediately all violations of this act to the inspector

Section 24 When assistant mine foremen are employed their duty shall be to assist the mine foreman in complying with the provisions of this act and in the absence of the mine foreman they shall perform the duties of the mine foreman and shall be liable to the same penalties as the mine foreman for any violation of this act

ARTICLE V

Duties of Fire Boss Safety Lamps

Section 1 In such portions of a mine wherein explosive gas has been generated within one year before the passage of this act or shall be generated after the passage of this act in sufficient quantities to be detected by an approved safety lamp the mine foreman shall employ a fire boss or fire bosses whose competency to act as such shall be evidenced by a certificate of qualification from the Department of Mines on the recommendation of the Examining Board as provided for in section six article twenty four of this act It shall be the duty of the fire boss to examine carefully before each shift enters the mine every working place without exception all places adjacent to live workings every roadway and every unfenced road to abandoned workings and falls in the mines but before proceeding with the examination he shall see that the air current is traveling in its proper course In making the examination he shall use no light other than that enclosed in an approved safety lamp The examination shall begin within three hours prior to the appointed time for each shift to enter the mine The fire boss shall examine for all dangers in all portions of the mine under his charge and after each examination he shall leave at the face and side of every place examined the date of the examination as evidence that he has performed his duty He shall also examine the entrance or entrances to all worked-out and abandoned portions adjacent to the roadways and working places under his charge where explosive gas is likely to accumulate and he shall place a danger signal across the entrance to every working place and every other place where explosive gas is discovered or where immediate danger is found to exist from any other cause and said signal shall be sufficient warning for persons not to enter The meaning of all danger signals shall be explained to the non-English speaking employes of the mine in their several languages by the mine foreman assistant mine forman or fire boss through an interpreter

Section 2 A suitable record book shall be kept at the mine office on the surface of every mine wherein fire bosses are employed and immediately after the examination of such mine or any portion thereof by a fire boss whose duty it is to make such examination he shall enter in said book with ink a record of such examination and sign same This record shall show the time taken in making the examination and also clearly state the nature and location of any danger that may have been discovered in any room or entry or other place in the mine and if any danger or dangers have been discovered the fire bosses shall immediately report the location thereof to the mine forman No person shall enter the mine until the fire bosses return to the mine office on the surface or to a station located in the intake entry of the mine (where a record book as provided for in this section shall be kept and signed by the person making the examination) and report to the mine foreman or the assistant mine foreman by telephone or otherwise that the mine is in safe condition for the men to enter When a station is located in any mine it shall be the duty of the fire bosses to sign also the report entered in the record book in the mine office on the surface

The record books of the fire bosses shall at all times during working hours be accessible to the inspector and the employes of the mine

Section 3 A second examination by the same or other fire bosses shall be made during working hours of every working place where men are employed

Section 4 The mine foreman and the fire boss shall at or near the main entrance to the mine provide a permanent station with a proper danger signal designated by suitable letters and colors placed thereon In every mine generating explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp when the working portions are one mile or more from the entrance to the mine or from the bottom of the shaft or slope a permanent station of suitable dimensions may be erected by the mine foreman (provided the location is approved by the inspector) for the use of the fire bosses and in the said station a fire-proof vault of ample strength shall be erected of brick stone or concrete in which the temporary record book of the fire bosses as described in section two of this article shall be kept It shall not be lawful for any person except the mine foreman and in case of necessity such other persons as may be designated by him to pass beyond said permanent station and danger signal until the mine has been examined by a fire boss as provided for in section one of this article and the mine or certain portions thereof reported by him to be safe The fire boss shall not allow any other person or persons to enter or remain in any portion of the mine through which a dangerous accumulation of gas is being passed in the ventilating current from any other part of the mine He shall report at once any violation of this article to the mine foreman

Section 5 Any employe or other person except those hereinbefore provided for who passes by any danger signal into the mine or into any portion of the mine or removes such danger signal before the mine has been examined and reported to be safe or any employe or any other person who passes by any danger signal placed at the entrance to a working place or any other place in the mine or removes such danger signal without permission from the mine foreman the assistant mine foreman or the fire boss shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and it shall be the duty of the mine foreman having knowledge of said violation (whether obtained personally or otherwise) to notify the inspector at once in writing and the inspector shall forthwith enter proceedings against such persons as provided for in section two of article twenty-six of this act

Any mine foreman who fails to notify the inspector forthwith of any violation of the provisions of this article that has been reported to him or has come under his personal observation shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor

Section 6 Any fire boss who neglects to comply fully with the provisions of this article relating to his duties or who shall make a false report of the condition of any place in the portion of the mine allotted to him for examination shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be suspended by the mine foreman and his name shall be given to the inspector for prosecution If he is found guilty he shall return his certificate of qualification as fire boss to the Department of Mines Provided however that he may again be an applicant for a certificate as fire boss at any regular examination after the expiration of six months but if he is found guilty of a second offence he shall return his certificate to the Department of Mines and cannot be an applicant for re-examination

Section 7 Nothing in this article shall prevent a first grade mine foreman or a first grade assistant mine foreman from acting as fire boss or a regularly employed fire boss from acting in an emergency as a first grade assistant mine foreman

ARTICLE VI

Shafts Slopes Drifts Openings and Outlets

Section 1 It shall not be lawful for the operator superintendent or mine foreman of any mine to employ any person to work therein unless there are at least two openings or outlets to the surface from every seam of coal actually being worked and available from every entry thereof which openings or outlets shall have distinct means of ingress and egress available at all times for the use of the employes The distance between two shafts shall not be less than two hundred feet and the distance between the openings to the surface of slopes shall not be less than one hundred and fifty feet and the distance between drifts shall not be less than fifty feet Provided that the distances between said openings shall apply only to mines opened after the passage of this act and provided further that the distances specified may be less with the written consent of the inspector The passageways between said two shafts shall at all times be maintained in safe and available condition for the employes to travel therein and the pillars in entries between said shafts shall not be removed without the consent of the inspector in writing to the superintendent

The foregoing requirements shall not apply to the openings of a new mine or to the openings of a new entry of a mine that is being worked for the purpose of making connection between said two outlets as long as not more than twenty persons are employed at any one time in making the connection or driving the second opening nor shall said requirements apply to any mine in which the second opening has been rendered unavailable by reason of the final robbing or removing of pillars as long as not more than twenty persons are employed therein at any one time

Section 2 The cage or cages or other safe means of egress shall be available at all times for the persons employed in any mine that has no second outlet available

Section 3 There shall be around the side at the bottom of every hoisting shaft (and similarly around the side of such shaft at any intermediate point where it intersects any entry) a passageway not less than five feet high and three feet wide in the clear which passageway shall be either cut through the solid strata or constructed of masonry and shall be kept open at all times so as to enable persons to pass around said shaft in going from one side thereof to the other

Section 4 Every mine generating explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp opened after the passage of this act shall have at least four main entries two of which shall lead from the main opening and two from the second opening into the body of the mine Provided that every new gaseous mine where locked safety lamps are used exclusively projected to open up a large acreage with main entries five thousand feet or more in length shall have at least five main entries two of which shall lead from the main opening and two from the second opening into the body of the mine and the fifth (which may be connected with an opening to the surface or with the intake airway at or near the main intake opening) shall be used exclusively as a traveling way for the employes

Every none-gaseous mine opened after the passage of this act shall have at least two main entries one of which shall lead from the main opening and one from the second opening into the body of the mine Provided that in every new non-gaseous mine projected to open up a large acreage with main entries five thousand feet or more in length the operator shall either haul the employes into and out of the mine at the beginning and end of each shift or provide at least three main entries one of which shall lead from the main opening and one from the second opening into the body of the mine and one (which may be connected with an opening to the surface or which the intake airway at or near the main intake opening) shall be used exclusively as a traveling way for the employes

Should any mine opened as a non-gaseous mine become a gaseous mine and in every gaseous mine opened prior to the passage of this act where locked safety lamps are used having less than five main entries that have reached five thousand feet or more in length and are to be extended two thousand feet or more the superintendent shall have a new opening of ample dimensions made from the surface if the

inspector of the district and two additional inspectors appointed by the Chief of the Department of Mines shall deem such additional opening necessary for the proper ventilation of the mines or the safety of the miners The main entries and the traveling way shall be extended from this opening to the face of the workings The operator may continue to work said mine or mines under the provisions and requirements of this act for a non-gaseous mine until by due diligence the operator can change conditions to meet the provisions and requirements of this paragraph

The intake and return entries shall be kept drained and free from refuse and obstructions of all kinds so that persons may safely travel therein throughout their whole length and have a safe means of egress from the workings in case of emergency Said entries shall be separated by pillars of coal of sufficient strength and shall not be driven more than two hundred feet beyond the last cut-through except for exploratory purposes

When the main entry of a non-gaseous mine or both main entries of a gaseous mine used for intake for air are also used for mechanical haulage a separate traveling way leading into the body of the mine shall be provided for the use of the employes in going to and from their work or the employes shall be hauled into and out of the mine at the beginning and end of each shift

In all mines where the coal seam is less than three and one-half feet in height such traveling way shall be at least four and one-half feet in height in all mines where the coal seam is four feet in height such traveling way shall be at least five feet in height and the width shall not be less than six feet All such traveling ways shall be well drained kept free from refuse of all kinds and free from smoke noxious gases and electric wires unless said wires are so placed and protected as not to endanger life and are kept in safe condition

Section 5 In every slope with workings on both sides an overcast or an undercast not less than five feet wide and five feet high shall be provided as a passageway for the use of the employes to cross from one side of the slope to the other Said overcast or undercast shall connect with available passageways leading to the workings on both sides of said slope The intervening strata between the slope and the overcast or undercast shall be of sufficient strength at all points to insure safety to the emloyes Provided however that if it is impracticable to drive an overcast or an undercast in the solid an overcast or an undercast if substantially built with masonry or other incombustible material will be deemed sufficient

Section 6 In mines opened after the passage of this act if the opening or outlet other than the main opening is a shaft not more than one hundred feet in depth and is used by employes for the purpose of ingress to or egress from the mine it shall be kept available and in safe condition free from steam dangerous gases and all obstructions and shall be fitted with safe and convenient stairways with steps of an average tread of ten inches and a rise of nine inches not less than two feet in width and not to exceed an angle of forty-five degrees with landings not less than twenty-four inches in width and four feet in length at easy and convenient distances These stairways shall be made safe by having hand rails of suitable material placed on one side or on both sides when requested by the inspector and shall be inspected every twenty-four hours by a competent person employed for that purpose Water that may come from the surface or from the strata in the shaft shall be conducted away so that it will not fall on the stairways or on persons while descending or ascending them

Section 7 After the passage of this act when a mine is operated by a shaft more than one hundred feet in depth the persons employed therein shall be lowered and hoisted by means of machinery unless the second opening is a drift or a slope When the employes are lowered into or hoisted from the mine at the main shaft opening the second opening if a shaft shall also be supplied with a stairway constructed in the manner hereinbefore designated in section six of this article or with suitable machinery for safely lowering and hoisting persons in case of an emergency

Section 8 At any mine where one of the openings hereinbefore required is a slope and is used as a means of ingress and egress by the employes and where the angle of descent of said slope exceeds fifteen degrees and its length from the mouth of the opening exceeds one thousand feet the employes shall be lowered into and hoisted from the mine at the beginning and end of each shift at a speed not to exceed six miles per hour and at every such mine where the angle of descent of said slope averages from five to fifteen degrees and where its length exceeds three thousand feet the employes shall be lowered into and hoisted from the mine at the beginning and end of each shift at a speed not to exceed six miles per hour Provided however that when a separate traveling way is provided at any such slope the owner or operator may at his their or its option be exempt from the requirements of this section if the angle of said traveling way does not exceed twenty degrees

ARTICLE VII

Sinking of Shafts

Section 1 The operator superintendent or contractor shall erect over every shaft that is being sunk or shall hereafter be sunk a safe and substantial structure to sustain sheaves or pulleys ropes and loads at a height of not less than twenty feet above the tipping place and the top of such shaft and landing platform shall be arranged in such a manner that no material can fall into the shaft while the bucket is being emptied The said structure shall be erected as soon as substantial foundation is obtained and in no case shall a shaft be sunk to a depth of more than fifty feet without such structure

Section 2 If provisions are made to land the bucket on a truck the said truck and platform shall be so constructed that material cannot fall into the shaft

Section 3 Rock and coal from shafts that are being sunk shall not be raised except in a bucket or on a cage and said bucket or cage must be connected with the rope by a safety hook clevis or other safe attachment The rope shall be fastened to the side of the drum and not less than three coils of rope shall always remain on the drum If said shafts are one hundred feet or more in depth they shall be provided with guides and guide attachments applied in such a manner as to prevent the bucket from swinging while being lowered or hoisted and said guides and guide attachments shall be maintained at a distance of not more than seventy-five feet from the bottom of the shaft

Section 4 It shall be the duty of the person in charge of shaft-sinking for the contractor or company to see that the sides of all shafts are properly secured for safety and that no loose rock or material is allowed to remain on any timber on top or on any timber in the shaft after each blast Where explosive gas is encountered the person in charge shall see that the shaft is examined before each shift and before the men descend after each blast and also that the place is safe In sinking shafts all blasts must be exploded by electric battery Provision must also be made for the proper ventilation of shafts while being sunk

Section 5 An efficient brake shall be attached to every drum of an engine used for sinking shafts and all machinery ropes and chains connected therewith shall be examined once every twelve hours

Section 6 Not more than four persons shall be lowered or hoisted in or on a bucket in any shaft at one time and no person shall ride on a loaded bucket

ARTICLE VIII

Signaling Apparatus Safety Catches Hoisting Machinery Ropes Boilers and Connections

Section 1 The operator or the superintendent shall provide and hereafter maintain in good condition from the top to the bottom of every shaft or slope where persons or material are lowered or hoisted a telephone or metal tube of proper diameter suitably adapted to the free passage of sound through which conversation may be held and understood between persons at the top and the bottom of said shaft or slope and he shall also provide means of signaling from the top to the bottom and from the bottom to the top of said shaft or slope The same provisions shall apply to inside planes whereon coal is lowered and persons have to travel when required by the inspector In all gaseous mines telephone connection shall be made from the surface to the main section of the mile All signaling apparatus and telephone connections shall be kept in good condition and shall be always available for service

The operator or the superintendent shall provide every cage used for lowering or hoisting persons with hand rails at sides or overhead and with chain bar or gate at ends and with a sufficient covering overhead to protect persons thereon and shall also provide for each said cage efficient safety catches which shall be tested once every two months and a record of each test shall be sent to the inspector and to the superintendent and also recorded with ink in a book kept at the mine office for that purpose The ropes shall be securely attached to the sides of the drum of every machine that is used for lowering and hoisting persons or material into and out of the mine and the flanges shall have a clearance of not less than four inches when the whole of the rope is wound on the drum and adequate brakes shall be attached to the drum so that the speed thereof can be controlled when men are being lowered or hoisted An efficient indicator that shall show the position of the cages in the shaft shall be attached to the hoisting apparatus and an efficient safety device that will prevent overwinding shall be attached to every engine used for lowering and hoisting persons

All shafts shall be provided with safety gates controlled by the cage at the top and intermediate landings said gates to be approved by the inspector

Section 2 The main coupling chain attached to the socket of the wire rope of every shaft shall be made of the best quality of iron and shall be tested by weights or otherwise to the satisfaction of the inspector the manner of testing and the result obtained to be entered in a book with ink with the day and date of the inspection and bridle chains of the same quality of iron shall be attached to the main hoisting rope three feet above the socket from the top cross-piece of the cage so that no single chain shall be used for lowering or hoisting persons into or out of the mine

Section 3 In shafts where coal is hoisted and employes lowered into or hoisted from the mine the ropes links and chains shall be of ample strength with a factor of safety of not less than five to one of the maximum load In shafts used exclusively for lowering or hoisting employes and material the factor of safety of ropes links and chains shall not be less than ten to one of the maximum load All such ropes links and chains shall be carefully examined at least once every twenty-four hours by a competent person delegated for that purpose by the superintendent and any defect therein found by which life and limb may be endangered shall be reported at once in writing to the superintendent who shall immediately proceed to remedy the defect and until that is accomplished he shall prohibit any person from being lowered into or hoisted from the mine by the defective apparatus The person making said examination shall keep a daily record of each inspection in ink in a book kept at the mine office for that purpose and he shall send a copy thereof each day to the superintendent

Section 4 All machinery in and about the mines from which any accident would be liable to occur shall be properly fenced off by suitable guard railing

Section 5 No greater number of persons shall be lowered or hoisted at any one time than may be permitted by the inspector and notice of the number so allowed to be lowered or hoisted at any one time shall be kept posted by the operator or the superintendent in conspicuous places at the top and the bottom of the shaft The aforesaid notice shall be signed by the inspector The speed of the cage when lowering or hoisting persons shall not exceed nine hundred feet a minute

Section 6 All boilers used for generating steam in and about the mines shall be kept in good condition and the superintendent shall have them examined and inspected by a duly qualified person once every six months and the report of said inspection shall be posted at the mine office

Section 7 Each boiler shall be provided with a safety valve of sufficient area for the steam to escape and with weights or springs properly adjusted

Section 8 No boiler used for generating steam shall be placed or allowed to remain inside of any mine without the consent of the inspector which shall be given in writing to the superintendent and if the inspector allows said boiler to be placed inside the mine it shall be enclosed in a fire-proof building within fifty feet of the bottom of an upcast shaft which shaft shall not be less than thirty five square feet in area

Section 9 Every boiler house shall be provided with a sufficient number of steam gauges which shall be properly connected with the boilers to indicate the pressure of steam to the fireman outside foreman or superintendent and an other steam gauge shall be attached to the main steam pipe in the engine house so that the hoisting engineer can readily examine it

ARTICLE IX

Ventilation

Section 1 The operator or the superintendent of every mine shall provide and maintain ample means of ventilation to furnish a constant and adequate supply of pure air for the employes In a non-gaseous mine the minimum quantity of air shall not be less than one hundred and fifty cubic feet per minute for each person employed In a mine wherein explosive gas is being generated in such quantities that it can be detected by an approved safety lamp the minimum quantity of air shall not be less than two hundred cubic feet per minute for each person employed therein and as much more in either case as one or more of the inspectors may deem requisite The return air from each split where from seventy to ninety persons are employed shall be conducted by an overcast or an undercast into the return airway which shall lead to the main outlet

The ventilation shall be conducted through the main entries cross entries and to the working faces of all working places in the mine in sufficient quantities to dilute carry off and render harmless the smoke and the noxious and dangerous gases generated therein to such an extent that all working places and traveling roads shall be in a safe and healthy condition for the persons working and traveling therein

No permanent door shall be erected or allowed to remain in the main entry in any mine unless its removal shall be deemed impracticable by the inspector

Section 2 Where five or more persons are employed at any one time in a mine it shall be the duty of the operator or the superintendent to provide ample ventilation in accordance with section one of this article Provided that it shall not be lawful to use a furnace for ventilating any mine wherein explosive gas is being generated

Six months after the passage of this act not more than seventy persons shall be permitted to work in the same continuous air current unless in the judgment of the inspector of the district it is impracticable to comply with this requirement in which case a larger number not exceeding ninety persons may be permitted to work therein

Section 3 The mine foreman shall see that proper cut-throughs are made in all the room pillars at such distances apart as in the judgment of the inspector may be deemed requisite not more than thirty-five nor less than sixteen yards each for the purpose of ventilation

Section 4 The quantity of air passing a given point shall be ascertained by an anemometer the measurements to be taken by the mine foreman once every week at or near the main inlet and outlet airway in the mine and also at the last cut-through in the last room and in the entry beyond the last room turned Said measurements shall be taken on days when the men are at work

Section 5 In all mines all new stoppings in cut-throughs between the main intake and return airways shall be substantially built of masonry concrete or other incombustible material and shall be of ample strength and in mines generating explosive gas all new stoppings and renewals of old stoppings in cross entries shall be built of masonry concrete or other incombustible material Stoppings in cross entries in non-gaseous mines may be built of timber All stoppings shall be kept in good condition so as to keep the air up to the working faces Temporary stoppings shall be erected in cut-throughs in rooms to conduct the ventilation to the face of each room and such stoppings may be constructed of timber or brattice cloth

Section 6 Every ventilating fan at non-gaseous mines shall be kept in operation continuously day and night unless operations are indefinitely suspended except when written permission is given by the inspector to stop it The said permission or a copy thereof shall be posted by the mine foreman in a conspicuous place at the entrance or entrances to the mine and shall state the particular hours the fan may be stopped The inspector shall have the power to withdraw or modify such permission at any time and in any manner he may deem best In all cases however the fan shall be started two hours before the time to begin work Every ventilating fan at gaseous mines shall be kept in operation continuously day and night unless operations are definitely suspended Provided that should it at any time become necessary to stop the fan at any mine (gaseous or non-gaseous) on account of accident to part of the machinery connected therewith or by reason of any other unavoidable cause it shall then be the duty of the mine foreman or the assistant mine foreman in charge after first having provided for the safety of the persons employed in the mine to order said fan stopped for necessary repairs

Every ventilating fan shall be provided with a recording instrument by which the number of revolutions or the effective ventilating pressure of the fan shall be registered and the registration for each day with the date thereof shall be kept in the office at the mine for future reference for one year

No main or principal ventilating fan shall be placed inside of any mine No auxiliary fan unless driven by electricity or compressed air shall be placed in any mine If the fan be electrically driven the motor shall be placed in the intake airway

Every ventilating furnace in a mine shall be properly attended to and operated by a competent person employed by the mine-foreman for that purpose for two hours before the appointed time to begin work and constantly thereafter during working hours

Section 7 In every mine all air bridges overcasts or undercasts shall be substantially built of masonry concrete or other incombustible material of ample strength or shall be driven through the solid strata It shall be the duty of the mine foreman to see that these bridges are properly built and are of ample strength

Section 8 In every mine the doors used for guiding and directing the ventilation shall be so hung and adjusted that they will close of themselves or shall be supplied with springs or pulleys so that they cannot remain open All principal doors shall be so placed that when one door is open another which has the same effect upon the same current shall be closed and remain closed to prevent any stoppage of the air current An attendant shall be employed at each principal door (that is the door that controls the main air current in the entries) through which cars are hauled for the purpose of opening and closing it for the employes and cars to pass in and out from the workings unless a self-acting door approved by the inspector is used A hole for shelter shall be provided at each door to protect the attendant from danger from cars while performing his duties Persons employed for this purpose shall remain at the doors at all times during working hours Provided that the same attendant may attend two doors if his absence from the first door does not endanger the safety of the employes At every door on any incline plane or road whereon haulage is done by machinery an attendant shall always be on duty during working hours and at every door on said plane or road an extra door shall be provided for use in case of necessity Whenever a principal door is placed an extra door shall also be provided to be used in case of necessity

Section 9 No product of petroleum or alcohol or any compound that in the opinion of the inspector will contaminate the air to such an extent as to be injurious to the health of the miner shall be used as motive power in any mine

Section 10 If any person shall construct or cause to be constructed or used or permit to be used from and after the date of the passage of this act any sewer or other method of drainage from any building or dwelling house for the carrying of sewage offal refuse or other offensive matter into any operating mine or any entry way passage or room in any mine (such entry way passage or room being used for ventilating or drainage purposes or for a traveling way) such person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars and undergo an imprisonment not exceeding one year either or both at the discretion of the court

ARTICLE X

Locked Safety Lamps and Open Lights Defining When Either or Both Can Be Used

Section 1 The use of open lights is prohibited in any entry airway traveling way room or any other working place where explosive gas is being generated in such quantity as can be detected by an approved safety lamp also in pillar workings where a sudden inflow of explosive gas is likely to be encountered and all such places shall be worked exclusively with locked safety lamps The use of open lights is also prohibited in all working places roadways or other portions of the mine through which explosive gas might be carried in the air current in quantities indicating danger Provided however that if the inspector is of the opinion that any mine or any portion of any mine should be operated by the use of locked safety lamps exclusively he shall have the right to petition the Chief of the Department of Mines in writing setting forth such opinion and his reasons therefor Whereupon the said Chief shall forthwith instruct two or more other inspectors to accompany the inspector of the district to make a further thorough examination into the matter in dispute and of all workings of said mine whether in active operation or not The said committee of inspectors shall within seven days of their appointment make a report in writing to the Chief of the Department of Mines and to the superintendent general manager operator or owner of said mine giving the conclusions arrived at with their reasons therefor and the decision of said committee shall be final and conclusive unless the superintendent general manager operator or owner shall within seven days of the receipt thereof appeal from such decision to the Court of Quarter Sessions of the county in which the mine is located Whereupon the court or a judge of said court in chambers shall forthwith appoint four practical reputable and competent persons two of whom shall be recommended by the superintendent gen-

eral manager operator or owner and the other two by the Chief of the Department of Mines and the four persons thus recommended shall name a fifth person who also must be practical reputable and equally competent and the five persons so named none of whom shall be in the employ of the operator operating company or any of its officers or of the State Department of Mines shall constitute a commission to investigate and report on the matter in dispute Provided however in case any or all of said four persons are not recommended by a writing filed in said court within seven days after the appeal is filed that then the said court shall fill the vacancy or vacancies by the appointment of a practical reputable and competent person or persons and in case the four persons thus chosen shall not agree in writing upon the fifth person of this commission within five days after they have received notice of their appointment then the said court shall appoint the said fifth person on this commission The duty of said commission of five persons shall be under the instruction of the court to forthwith examine said mine or a portion thereof and report under oath within ten days after their appointment the facts as they exist and the conditions pertaining thereto and based upon such conditions and facts the decision of a majority on the matter in dispute and their report and decision shall be final and conclusive unless exceptions thereto shall be filed by the superintendent general manager operator or owner or the Chief of the Department of Mines within seven days of the filing of said commission's report If exceptions are filed the court shall at once hear and upon testimony taken thereon determine them and enter a decree in accordance with such determination Provided that the superintendent general manager operator owner or Chief of the Department of Mines shall thereafter have the right to have the record and proceedings removed to the Supreme Court for review by appeal or writ of error

Section 2 If said court of quarter sessions sustains the decision of the committee of inspectors and said court's decree is not appealed from or if on appeal the supreme court finally sustains the decision of the inspectors then the appellant from said decision of the committee of inspectors shall pay all costs of such proceedings but if the said court of quarter sessions or the supreme court shall not sustain the decision of the committee of inspectors then all costs shall be paid by the Commonwealth Provided however that any and all appeals from any decision made by the committee of inspectors or made by the committee appointed by the court of quarter sessions shall work as a supersedeas to such decision during the pendency of such appeal either to the court of quarter sessions or to the supreme court

Section 3 The use of open lights is strictly prohibited in the return air current of any portion of a mine that is ventilated by the same continuous air current that ventilates any other portion of said mine in which locked safety lamps are used The provisions of this section shall not apply to any mine wherein explosive gas is generated only at the face of active entries

Section 4 If at any time one portion of a mine is worked by the use of locked safety lamps while another portion is worked by the use of open lights the return air from the gaseous portion shall be conducted directly into a return airway leading to the fan or to the outlet Provided that when a portion of a mine is worked by the use of locked safety lamps and other portions are worked by the use of open lights it shall be the duty of the mine foreman to provide a suitable danger station with an attendant on duty at all times during working hours day and night whose duty it shall be to see that the employes from the open light portion are not allowed to enter the locked safety lamp portion unless they are provided with locked safety lamps by said attendant

Section 5 The employes of a gaseous mine or any portion thereof are strictly prohibited from traveling into or out of the mine in the return air current if explosive gas can be detected by an approved safety lamp in said air current

Section 6 When safety lamps are used the position of the lamp station for lighting or relighting shall not be in the return air current

Section 7 Nothing in this article shall interfere with the discretionary powers of inspectors as provided for in article twenty

Section 8 Whenever safety lamps are used in a mine by fire bosses or other persons they shall be so constructed that they may be safely carried against the air current ordinarily prevailing in that portion of the mine in which the lamps are being used

Section 9 All safety lamps used for examining mines or for working therein shall be the property of the operator and shall be in the care of the mine foreman assistant mine foreman fire boss or some other competent person or persons appointed by the mine foreman whose duty it shall be to clean fill trim examine light and deliver them locked and in a safe condition to the men when entering the mine and to receive the lamps from the men when returning from work for which services a charge not exceeding the actual cost of labor and material may be made by the operator At any mine wherein explosive gas was generated within one year before the passage of this act in sufficient quantities to be detected by an approved safety lamp a sufficient number of safety lamps not less than one-fourth of the number of safety lamps in use shall be kept in a convenient place and in good condition for use in case of emergency It shall be the duty of every person who knows that his safety lamp is injured or defective to return it immediately and report such fact to the person authorized to receive and care for said lamp who shall report the matter to the mine foreman assistant mine foreman or fire boss as soon as practicable

ARTICLE XI.

Special Rules for the Installation of Electricity

The following rules shall be observed as far as is reasonably practicable in the mines

Definitions

Potential

The terms "Potential" and "Voltage" are synonymous and mean electrical pressure

Difference of Potential

The expression "Difference of Potential" means the difference of electrical pressure existing between any two points of an electrical system or between any point of such a system and the earth as determined by a volt meter

Potential of a Circuit

The potential or voltage of a circuit machine or any piece of electrical apparatus is the potential normally existing between the conductors of such circuit or the terminals of such machine or apparatus

(a) Where the conditions of the supply of electricity are such that the difference in potential between any two points of the circuit cannot exceed three hundred volts the supply shall be deemed a low voltage supply

(b) Where the conditions of the supply of electricity are such that the difference of potential between any two points in the circuit may at any time exceed three hundred volts but cannot exceed six hundred and fifty volts the supply shall be deemed a medium voltage supply

(c) Where the conditions of the supply of electricity are such that the difference of potential between any two points in the circuit may at any time exceed six hundred and fifty volts the supply shall be deemed a high voltage supply

Grounding

Grounding any part or an electric system shall consist in so connecting such part to the earth that there shall be no difference of potential between them

Explosion or Flame Proof

Explosion or flame proof casings or enclosures are those which when completely filled with a mixture of methane and air and the same exploded are capable of either entirely confining the products of such explosion within the casing or of so discharging them from the casing that they cannot ignite a mixture of methane and air combined in proportions most sensitive to ignition and entirely surrounding the points of discharge and in most intimate proximity therewith

Underground Station

An underground station is herein considered as any place where electrical machinery is permanently installed

SECTION ONE

General

Capacity Installation Et Cetera

1 All electrical apparatus and conductors shall be sufficient in size and power for the work they may be called upon to do and as hereinafter prescribed efficiently covered or safeguarded and so installed worked and maintained as to reduce danger from accidental shock or fire to the minimum and shall be of such construction and so worked that the rise in temperature caused by ordinary working will not injure the insulating materials

2 For work underground when supplied with current at a voltage higher than medium voltage no transformer shall have a normal capacity of less than five kilowatts nor shall a motor have a normal capacity of less than fifteen brake horse power

Grounding

3 All metallic coverings armoring of cables other than trailing cables and where installed underground the frames and bed plates of generators transformers and motors other than low voltage portable motors shall be efficiently grounded as shall also the neutral wire of three wire continuous current systems

Voltage Restrictions

4 Motors of coal cutting and other portable machines and of electric locomotives shall not be used at a voltage higher than medium voltage

5 No higher voltage than medium voltage shall be used underground except for transmission or for application to transformers or other apparatus in which the whole of the high voltage circuit is stationary

6 In gaseous mines high voltage transmission cables shall be installed in the intake airways only and high voltage motors and transformers shall be installed only in suitable chambers ventilated by the intake air which has not passed through or by a gaseous district

7 All high voltage machines apparatus and lines shall be so marked as to clearly indicate that they are dangerous by the use of the word "Danger" placed at frequent intervals

Ground Detectors

8 All underground systems of distribution that are completely insulated from earth shall be equipped with properly installed ground detectors of suitable design

The condition of such system as indicated by the ground detector shall be noted each day by the person in charge of the underground wiring or by another competent person who shall immediately report to him the occurrence of a ground

Switchboards

9 Main and distribution switch and fuse boards shall be made of incombustible insulating material such as marble or slate free from metallic veins and be fixed in as dry a situation as practicable

Precaution Against Shock

10 Gloves or mats of rubber or other suitable insulating material shall be provided and used by persons so engaged when repairs are made to the live parts of any electrical apparatus or when the live parts of electrical apparatus have to be handled for the purpose of adjustment

Electrician

11 At every mine where electricity is used below ground for power there shall be employed a competent mine electrician who shall have full charge of the electrical apparatus in the mine but shall be subject to the authority of the mine foreman

12 Any person who shall wilfully damage or without authority alter or make connections to any portion of a mine electrical system shall be guilty of a misdemeanor

Restoration from Shock

13 Instructions shall be posted in every generating transforming and motor room and at entrance to the mine containing directions as to the restoration of persons suffering from electric shock and all employes working in connection with electrical apparatus shall be familiar with and know how to carry out these instructions

Plan of Electrical System

14 A plan shall be kept at the mine showing the location of all stationary electrical apparatus in connection with the mine electrical system including permanent cables conductors lights switches and trolley lines The plan shall be of sufficient size to show clearly the position of such apparatus and the scale shall not be less than two hundred feet per inch There shall be stated on the plan the capacity in horse-power of each motor and in kilowatts of each generator or transformer and the nature of its duty Such plans shall be corrected as often as may be necessary to keep them up to date at intervals not exceeding six months

Report of Defective Equipment

15 In the event of a breakdown or of damage or injury to any portion of the electrical equipment in a mine or of overheating or of the appearance of sparks or arcs outside of enclosing casings or in the event of any portion of the equipment not a part of the electrical circuit becoming alive every such occurrence shall be promptly reported to the person in charge of electrical equipment

SECTION TWO

Underground Stations and Transformer Rooms

Switchboards

16 All switches circuit breakers rheostats fuses and instruments used in connection with underground motor-generators rotary converters high voltage motors transformers and low and medium voltage motors of more than fifty horse-power capacity shall be installed upon a suitable switchboard Similar equipment for low and medium voltage motors of fifty horse-power and less may be separately installed if mounted upon insulating bases of slate or equivalent insulating material

17 In underground stations where switchboards are installed there shall be a passageway in front of the switchboard not less than three feet in width and if there are any high voltage connections at the back of the switchboard any passageway behind the switchboard shall not be less than three feet clear

18 The space at the back of the switchboards shall be properly floored accessible from each end and in the case of high voltage switchboards shall be kept locked up but the lock shall allow of the door being opened from the inside without the use of a key The floor at the back of high voltage boards shall be incombustible

19 Where the supply is at a voltage exceeding the limits of medium voltage there shall be no live metal work on the front of the main switchboard within seven feet of the floor or platform and the space provided under rule seventeen of this section shall not be less than four feet in the clear Insulating floors or mats shall be provided for medium voltage boards where live metal work is on the front

Protection of Circuits Leading Underground

20 In every completely insulated feeder circuit in excess of twenty-five kilowatts capacity leading underground and operating at a potential not exceeding the limits of medium voltage there shall be provided above ground a switch on each pole and an automatic overload circuit breaker on at least one pole in the case of direct current circuits and on at least two poles of polyphase alternating current circuits In case of ground return direct current circuits a switch and circuit breaker shall be installed in the undergrounded side of the circuit but may be omitted from the return side Fuses may be substituted for circuit breakers in circuits transmitting twenty-five kilowatts or less Each circuit leading underground shall be provided with a suitable ammeter

21 Every alternating current feeder circuit leading underground and operating at a potential exceeding the limits of medium voltage shall be provided above ground with an oil break switch on each pole such switch or switches to be equipped with an automatic overload trip Each such circuit shall also be provided with a suitable ammeter

Transformer Rooms

22 Transformer rooms shall be of fire-proof construction

23 Where the potential of circuits entering or leaving a transformer exceeds the limits of medium voltage they shall be protected by an oil break switch on each pole each such switch or switches to be equipped with an automatic overload trip

24 Where the potential of circuits entering or leaving a transformer does not exceed the limits of medium voltage they shall be protected by a switch and an automatic circuit breaker on each pole except that fuses may be substituted for the circuit breakers in the case of lighting circuits and in the case of power circuits transmitting twenty-five kilowatts or less

25 All transformers shall be provided with suitable ammeter in either the primary or secondary circuits

Protection of Machine Terminals

26 All terminals on machines over medium voltage underground shall be protected with insulating covers or with metal covers connected to earth

Unauthorized Persons

27 No person other than one authorized by the mine foreman shall enter a station or transformer room or interfere with the working of any apparatus connected therewith

Fire Buckets

28 Fire buckets filled with clean dry sand shall be kept in electrical stations and transformer rooms ready for immediate use in extinguishing fires

SECTION THREE

Transmission Circuits and Conductors

Power and Light Circuits

29 All high pressure wires used inside of the mines shall be in the form of insulated lead-covered or armored conductors subject to insulation tests and with carrying capacity according to the rules of the National Board of Fire Underwriters

Medium or low pressure conductors may be bare except in gaseous portions of mines no bare conductors shall be used in rooms or beyond the last cut-through in intake entries

30 All underground cables and wires other than trailing cables unless provided with grounded metallic covering shall be supported by means of efficient insulators The conductor connecting lamp to the power supply shall in all cases be insulated

Main Circuits

31 Every main circuit coming from generating or transformer stations shall there be provided with switches fuses and circuit breakers as described in section two rules twenty and twenty-one and rules twenty-three to twenty-five inclusive

32 If the transmission lines of low or medium voltage from the generating station are overhead there shall be lightning arresters installed in connection therewith at the generating station If the distance from the generating station to the point where the lines enter the mine is more than five hundred feet an additional arrester shall be installed at this point and in no case shall the arresters be more than one thousand feet apart

33 In any gaseous mine or gaseous portions of a mine the electrical supply shall be brought underground only through such portions of the mine as are ventilated by intake air

Branch Circuits

34 Every branch circuit shall be provided at the point where it leaves the main circuit with a switch of not less than one hundred ampere capacity on each pole

Size of Conductors

35 The size of all conductors shall be determined with regard to the maximum amount of current which they are to carry by reference to the table provided by the National Board of Fire Underwriters which shows maximum current carrying capacities of copper conductors

Grounded Circuits

36 One side of grounded circuits shall be efficiently insulated from earth

Overhead Circuits above Ground

37 Overhead bare wires above ground shall be supported upon insulators which shall be adequate in quality size and design for voltage transmitted

Underground Trolley

38 In underground roads the trolley wires shall be installed as far to one side of the passageway as is practicable and securely supported upon hangers efficiently insulated and placed at such intervals that the sag between points of support shall not exceed three inches The sag between points of support can exceed three inches if the height of the trolley wire above the rail is five feet or more and does not touch the roof when the trolley passes under

39 All other wires except telephone shot firing and signal wires shall be on the same side of the road as the trolley wire

40 At all landings and partings where men are required to regularly work or pass under trolley or other bare power wires which are placed less than six and one-half feet above top of rail a suitable protection shall be provided This protection may consist of channeling the roof placing boards along the wire which shall extend below it or the use of other approved devices that afford protection

41 All branch trolley lines shall be fitted with an automatic trolley switch or section insulator and line switch or some other device that will allow the current to be shut off from such branch headings

42 It is recommended that where air or water pipes parallel the grounded return of power circuits the return be securely bonded to such pipes at frequent intervals to eliminate the possibility of a difference of potential between rail and pipes and to prevent electrolysis of the pipes The rail return shall be of sufficient capacity for the current used independent of the capacity of the pipes On main haulage roads both rails shall be bonded and cross bonds shall be placed at points not to exceed two hundred feet apart

Lighting Circuits

43 Where wires for electric incandescent lamps are connected to the trolley circuit the lug of the trolley hanger to which connection is made shall be drilled to receive the lighting wire and provided with a set screw for securing same in place Lighting wires shall not be wrapped or tied about the stems or studs of trolley hangers The ground connection for lighting wires taken off the trolley circuit must be made to the track circuit

44 Wires for all lighting circuits shall be covered with an insulation adequate for the voltage of the circuit and strung on porcelain or glass insulators unless they are encased in pipes or other metallic covering If separate uncased wires are used they shall be kept at least three inches apart except where they enter the fittings If metallic casings are used they shall be grounded efficiently

Joints in Conductors

45 All joints in conductors shall be mechanically and electrically efficient and wherever it is possible to do so they shall be soldered Wherever the conductors cannot be soldered together suitable screw clamps or connectors shall be used All joints in insulated wire shall after the joint is complete be reinsulated to at least the same extent as the remainder of the wire

Insulation and Covering

46 All high voltage conductors inside of the mines shall be in the form of insulated lead-covered or armored cables subject to approved insulation tests and having carrying capacities in accordance with rule thirty-five section three

47 Where lead-covered or armored cable is used the lead or armor shall be electrically continuous throughout and shall be efficiently grounded

Cables Entering Fittings

48 The exposed ends of cables where they enter fittings of any description shall be so protected and finished off that moisture cannot enter the cable or the insulating material if of an oily or viscous nature leak

49 Where unarmored cables or wires pass through metal frames or into boxes or motor casings the holes shall be substantially bushed with insulating bushings and where necessary with gastight bushings which cannot readily become displaced

Joints in Cables

50 Where cables other than signal cables are joined suitable junction boxes shall be used or the joints shall be soldered and the insulation armoring or lead covering replaced in at least as good condition as it was originally

Power Wires and Cables in Shafts

51 All power wires and cables in hoisting shafts or manway compartments shall be highly insulated and substantially fixed in position

Shaft cables whose conductors or covering are not capable of sustaining their own weight shall be supported at intervals not to exceed twenty-five feet by suitable grips which cannot cause abrasion of the covering or insulation but shall so support the cable that no grip shall carry more than the weight of the cable between any two successive grips Where the cables are not completely boxed in and protected from falling material space shall be left between them and the side of the shaft that they may yield and so lessen a blow given by falling material

Cables in Haulage Roads

52 Where the cables or feed wires other than trolley wires in main haulage roads cannot be kept at least twelve inches from any part of the mine car or locomotive they shall be specially protected by proper guards

53 Cables and wires unless provided with metallic coverings shall not be fixed to walls or timbers by means of uninsulated fastenings

Protection During Blasting Et Cetera

54 When main or other roads are being repaired or blasting is being carried on suitable temporary protection from damage shall be given the cables

Trailing Cables

55 Trailing cables for portable machines shall be specially flexible heavily insulated and protected with extra stout braiding hose pipes or other equally effective covering

56 Each trailing cable in use shall be daily examined by the machine operator for abrasions and other defects and he shall also be required to carefully observe the trailing cable while in use and shall at once report any defect to the person in charge of electrical equipment

57 In the event of the trailing cable in service breaking down or becoming damaged in any way or of its inflicting a shock upon any person it shall be at once put out of service The faulty cable shall not again be used until it has been repaired and tested by a properly authorized person

58 The trailing cable shall be divided at the motor but only for such length as is necessary for making connection to the motor and the cable with its outer covering complete shall be securely clamped to the motor frame in such a manner as to protect the cable from injury and to prevent any mechanical strain being borne by the single ends that make electrical connection to the motor

59 In gaseous portions of mines a fixed terminal box shall be provided at the points where trailing cables are attached at the power supply This terminal box shall be flame-proof and shall contain a switch and fuse on each pole of the circuit The switch shall be so arranged that it can only be operated from without the box when the latter is completely closed and the switch shall also be so constructed that the trailing cables cannot be attached or removed when the switch is closed

SECTION FOUR

Switches Fuses and Circuit Breakers

Operation and Capacity

60 Fuses and automatic circuit breakers shall be so constructed as effectually to interrupt the current on short circuit or when the current through them exceeds a predetermined value Open type fuses shall be provided with terminals

Circuit breakers shall be adjustable to trip at from fifty per centum to one hundred and fifty per centum of their nominalrated capacity and provided with an indicator which shall show at what current the circuit breaker is set to trip.

61 Fuses shall be stamped or marked or shall have a label attached indicating the maximum current which they are intended to carry Fuses shall only be adjusted or replaced by a competent person authorized by the mine foreman

Feeder Circuit-Breakers

62 Circuit breakers used to protect feeder circuits shall be set to trip when the current exceeds by more than fifty per centum the current carrying capacity of the feeder In case the feeder is subjected to overloads sufficient to trip the circuit breaker but of short duration the circuit breaker may be equipped with a device which will prevent its acting unless the overload persists for a longer period than ten seconds

Feeder Fuses

63 Fuses used to protect feeders shall have a less current rating than the feeder

Bases

64 All switches circuit breakers and fuses shall have incombustible bases

Switches

65 All points at which a circuit other than a signal circuit has to be made or broken shall be provided with proper switches The use of hooks or other makeshifts is prohibited except that connection for gathering locomotives or locomotives and machines used in driving headings or rooms may be made to the trolley by means of suitable hooks switches shall be so installed that they cannot be closed by gravity In any gaseous portion of a mine switches circuit breakers or fuses shall not be of the open type but must be inclosed in explosion-proof casings or break under oil

SECTION FIVE

Motors

Stationary Motors

66 Every stationary motor underground together with its starting resistance shall be protected by a fuse on each pole or circuit-breaking device on at least one pole for direct current and two poles for alternating current motors and by switches arranged to entirely cut off the power from the motor The above devices shall be installed in a convenient position near the motor and every stationary underground motor of one hundred brake horse power or over shall be provided with a suitable meter to indicate the load on the machine

Motors in Gaseous Mines

67 In any gaseous portion of a mine all motors unless placed in such rooms as are separately ventilated with intake air shall have all their current carrying parts also their starters terminals and connections completely enclosed in explposion-proof enclosures made of non-inflammable material These enclosures shall not be opened except by an authorized person and then only when the power is switched off The power shall not be switched on while the enclosures are open

Underground Stationary Motors in Non-Gaseous Mines

68 Motors used for operating fans in non-gaseous mines where they are so situated that they are not under constant supervision of a competent man shall be totally enclosed (not necessarily explosion-proof) unless placed in a chamber or passageway completely lined with incombustible material and the chamber or passageway itself free from combustible material

Detection of Gas

69 In working places where gas is likely to be encountered a safety lamp or other suitable apparatus for the detection of fire damp shall be provided for use with each machine when working and should any indication of fire damp appear on the flame of the safety lamp or other apparatus used for the detection of fire damp the person in charge shall immediately stop the machine cut off the current at the nearest switch and report the matter to the mine foreman

Enclosed Motors

70 All enlosed motors used underground shall be opened and thoroughly inspected by the person in charge of electrical equipment or his assistant at least once a week and where necessary shall then be cleaned and repaired Enclosed switches shall be opened and inspected at least once a month

Electric Coal-Cutting Machines

71 No man shall be placed in charge of a coal-cutting machine in any gaseous portion of a mine who is not a competent person capable of determining the safety of the roof and sides of the working place and detecting the presence of explosive gas

72 In any gaseous portion of a mine a coal-cutting machine shall not be brought within the last break-through next the working face until the machine man shall have made an inspection for gas in the place where the machine is to work unless such examination is then made by some other competent person or appointed for that purpose by the mine forman If any explosive gas is found in the place the machine shall not be taken in

73 No coal-cutting machine shall be continued in operation in a gaseous portion of a mine for a longer period than half an hour without an examination as a made for gas and if gas is found the current shall at once be switched off the machine and the trailing cable shall forthwith be disconnected from the power supply

74 The person finding gas shall at once report the fact to the fire boss or mine foreman and the machine shall not again be started in such place until the fire boss or a person duly be started in such place until the fire boss or a person duly authorized by the mine foreman has examined it and pronounced it safe

75 The person in charge of a coal-cutter or drilling machine shall not leave the machine while it is working and shall before leaving the working place see that the current is cut off from the trailing cables

76 In any gaseous portion of a mine if any electric sparking or arc be produced outside a coal-cutting or other portable motor or by the cables or rails the machine shal be stopped and not be worked again until the defect is repaired and the occurrence shall be reported to an official of the mine

SECTION SIX

Electric Locomotives

Trolley System

77 Electric haulage by locomotives operated from a trolley wire is not permissible in any gaseous portions of mines except upon the intake air fresh from the outside

78 In no case shall the potential used in the trolley system be higher than the medium voltage

Storage Battery System

79 Storage battery locomotives shall be used in gaseous mines only when the boxes containing the cells and all electrical parts are enclosed in flame and explosion-proof casings (For regulations covering the installation of the trolley wire see section theee rules thirty-eight to forty-two inclusive)

SECTION SEVEN

Electric Lighting

Arc Lamps

80 Arc lamps shall not be used in gaseous mines except under condtions where the trolley locomotives are allowable

81 If arc lamps are used underground in coal mines they shall be of the enclosed arc type and shall not be use in situations where there is likely to be danger from the presence of coal dust

Incandescent Lamps

82 In all mines the sockets of fixed incandescent lamps shall be of the so-called "weather-proof" type the exterior of which shall be entirely non-metalilc Flexible lamp cord connections are prohibited except for portable lamps as covered by rule eighty-five

83 In any gaseous portions of a mine except where ventilated by fresh intake air incandescent lamps shall be protected by gastight fittings of strong glass except that lamps of two hundred and tewnty volts or higher and not of more than eight candle power and without tips need not be so protected

84 Incandescent lamps shall be so placed that they cannot come in contact wth combustible material

85 Portable incandescent lamps other than battery lamps shall not be used except in connection with the repair and inspection of machines and equipment and then only in non-gaseous portions of mines When so used they shall be protected by a heavy wire cage completely enclosing both lamp and socket and shall be provided with a handle to which both cage and socket are firmly attached and through which the leading-in wires are carried

86 Electric lamps shall be replaced by a competent person only and in gaseous portons of a mine only after an examination for gas has been made with a safety lamp

For other regulations regarding electric lighting circuits see section three rules forty-three to forty-five inclusive

SECTION EIGHT

Shot Firing By Electricity

Shot Firing Circuits

87 Electricity from any grounded circuit shall not be used for firing shots

88 When shot-firing cables or wires are used in the vicinity of power or lighting conductors special precaution shall be taken to prevent the shot-firing cables or wires from coming in contact with the light power or any other circuits

Shot Firers

89 Only competent persons who have the necessary training and skill and who have been properly instructed in the work and duly authorized by the mine foreman shall be allowed to fire shots electrically in any mine

Electric Detonators

90 All electric detonators and leads thereto shall be suitable for the conditions under which the blasting is carried on and shall be of a type approved by the Pittsburg Testing Station of the Federal Bureau of Mines Detonators shall be kept in a dry place and never stored with any other explosive

Portable Firing Machines and Batteries

91 Portable shot firing machines sometimes called generators shall be enclosed in a tightly constructed case when employed in any portion of the mine All contacts when made or broken shall be within the case except that the binding posts for making connections to the firing leads may be outside

92 Primary or secondary batteries used for shot firing shall be provided with a suitable case covered by rule ninety-one The batteries shall be constructed so that if the wires of a detonator or leads should accidentally or otherwise come in contact with the binding posts no current will be discharged They shall be provided with a detachable handle plug or key without which the current cannot be closed or provided with one or more safety contact buttons which are well countersunk or protected by a non-conducting housing The plugs handles or keys shall be detached when not actually in use for firing a shot and shall not under any circumstances pass from the personal custody of the person commissioned to fire the shots while on duty

93 All portable devices for generating or supplying electricity for shot firing when in a mine shall be in charge of the person commissioned to fire the shots

94 No firing machine or battery shall be connected to the shot firing leads until all other steps preparatory to the firing of a shot have been completed and all persons have moved to a place of safety and no person other than the shot firer shall make such connection

Disconnecting of Leads

95 Immediately after the firing of a shot the firing leads shall be disconnected from the supply or source of electricity and no person shall approach a shot which has failed to explode until the firing leads have been so disconnected by the shot firer from the device and an interval of five minutes has elapsed since the last attempt to fire the shot

Tests of Generators and Batteries

96 Frequent tests shall be made of all devices covered by rule ninety-three to insure that their capacity has not been decreased by use or accident

Special Systems

97 The use of special electrical shot firing systems or equipment not covered by the foregoing shall receive the approval of the Pittsburg Testing Station of the Federal Bureau of Mines

SECTION NINE

Electric Signaling

Precautions

98 All proper precautions shall be taken to prevent electric signal and telephone wires from coming into contact with other electric conductors whether insulated or not

Character of Equipment

99 Bells wires insulators contact-makers and other apparatus used in connection with electric signaling underground shall be of suitable design of substantial and reliable construction and erected in such a manner as to reduce the liability of failures or false signals to a minimum

Maximum Potential

100 In any gaseous portion of a mine the potential used for signal purposes shall not exceed twenty-four volts and bare wires shall not be used for signal circuits except in haulage roads

Telephones

101 It is recommended that telephonic communication be established between the outside of the mine and the principal points of operation underground

SECTION TEN

Electric Relighting of Safety Lamps

102 If in any place or portion of a mine in which safety lamps are used they are relighted underground by electricity the mine foreman shall select a suitable station or stations not being in the return airway and where there is not likely to be any accumulation of inflammable gas and no electric relighting apparatus shall be used in any other place All electrical relighting apparatus shall be securely locked and shall not be available for use except by persons authorized by the mine foreman to relight safety lamps and such persons shall examine all safety lamps brought for relighting before they are reissued

ARTICLE XII

Opening for Drainage Et Cetera on Other Lands

Section 1 If any person firm or corporation is or shall hereafter be seized in his or their own right of coal lands or shall hold such lands under lease and shall have opened or shall desire to open a coal mine on said land and it shall not be practicable to drain or ventilate such mines or to comply with the requirements of this act as to ways of ingress and egress or traveling ways by means of openings on lands owned or held under lease by him them or it and the same can be done by means of openings on adjacent lands he they or it may apply by petition to the court of quarter sessions of the proper county after ten days' notice to the owner or owners their agents or attorney setting forth the facts under oath or affirmation particularly describing the place or places where such opening or openings can be made and the pillars of coal or other material necessary for the support of such passageway and the right-of-way necessary to any public road as may be needed in connection with such opening and that he or they cannot agree with the owner or owners of the land as to the amount to be paid for the privilege of making such opening or openings whereupon the said court shall appoint three disinterested and competent citizens of the county to view the ground designated and lay out from the point or points mentioned in such petition a passage or passages not more than eighty feet in area by either drift shaft or slope or by a combination of any of said methods by any practicable and convenient route to the coal of such person firm or corporation preferring in all cases an opening through the coal strata where the same is practicable The said viewers shall at the same time assess the damages to be paid by the petitioner or petitioners to the owner or owners of such lands for the coal or other valuable material to be removed in the excavation and construction of said passage also for such coal or other valuable material necessary to support the said passage as well as for a right of way not exceeding fifteen feet in width from any such opening to any public road to enable persons to gain entrance to the mine through such opening or to provide therefrom upon the surface a water course of suitable dimensions to a natural water stream to enable the operator to discharge the water from said mine if such right-of-way shall be desired by the petitioner or petitioners which damages shall be fully paid before such opening is made The proceedings shall be recorded in the road docket of the proper county and the pay of the viewers shall be the same as in road cases If exceptions be filed they shall be disposed of by the court as speedily as possible and both parties shall have the right to take depositions as in road cases If however the petitioner desires to make such openings or roads or waterways before the final disposition of such exceptions he shall have the right to do so by giving bond to be approved by the court securing the damages as provided by law in the case of lateral railroads

Section 2 It shall be compulsory upon the part of the mine owner or operator to exercise the powers granted by the provisions of the last preceding section for the procuring of a right-of-way on the surface from the opening of a coal mine to a public road or public roads upon the request in writing of fifty miners employed in the mine or mines of such owner or operator Provided however That with such request satisfactory security be deposited with the mine owner or operator by said petitioners (being coal miners) to fully and sufficiently pay all costs damages and expenses caused by such proceedings and in paying for such right of way

Section 3 In any mine or mines or portions thereof wherein water may have been allowed to accumulate in large and dangerous quantities putting in danger the adjoining or adjacent mines and the lives of the miners working therein and when such can be tapped and set free and flow by its own gravity to any point of drainage it shall

be lawful for any operator or person having mines so endangered with the approval of the inspector of the district to proceed to remove the said danger by driving a drift or drifts protected by bore holes as provided for by this act and in removing said danger it shall be lawful to drive across property lines if needful

And it shall be unlawful for any person to dam or in any way obstruct the flow of any stream from said mine or portions thereof when so set free on any part of its passage to point of drainage

Section 4 From and after the passage of this act it shall and may be lawful for any person or persons company or companies now or hereafter to be incorporated in this Commonwealth to drive headings and construct entryways tramways and mine tracks with one or more tracks under the surface or partly under and partly over the surface through or over any intervening lands not exceeding one mile in length to or from any coal and connect the same with any entryways headings tramways or railroads belonging to any individual or individuals company or companies now or hereafter to be incorporated in this State and also with any highway or public improvement. Provided That the parties interested shall be subject to the same proceedings required in section one of this article And provided further That no such entryway heading tramway mine track or railroad shall be constructed through or over such intervening lands where the same would injure or interfere with the existing mining operations of any other person or company or where the same would endanger the safety of the employes therein

ARTICLE XIII

Ambulances and Stretchers Rescue Appliances and Emergency Hospitals

Section 1 The operator or the superintendent of every mine in which fifty or more persons are employed inside shall provide and keep in good condition at the principal entrance of the mine or at such other place as the superintendent and inspector may determine and designate one ambulance and at least two stretchers for conveying to his place of abode any person that may be injured while in the discharge of his duties and also woolen and waterproof blankets Provided that if the places of abode of ninety per centum of the workmen at any mine are within a radius of one mile from the principal entrance to the mine an ambulance shall not be required Provided further that where two or more mines are located within one mile of each other or where the ambulance is located within one mile of each mine only one ambulance as aforesaid shall be required if such mines have ready and quick means of communication by telegraph or telephone

Section 2 The ambulance shall be constructed upon good substantial easy springs It shall be covered and closed and shall have windows on the sides or ends and shall be provided with spring mattresses or other comfortable bedding to be placed on roller frames together with sufficient covering and protection for the convenient movement of the injured It shall be of sufficient size to convey at least two injured persons and two attendants at one time and shall be provided with seats for the attendants

The stretchers shall be constructed of such material and in such a manner as to insure ease and comfort in the carriage of the injured persons

At all mines there shall be provided bandages splints and other medical supplies to render first aid and relief to employes who may be injured These supplies shall be kept in a suitable room The room shall be located near the entrance to or inside of the mine and shall be sufficiently large to accommodate the injured employes while they are receiving temporary medical attention

Section 3 Whenever any person employed in or about any mine shall receive such an injury by accident or otherwise as to render him unable to walk to his place of abode the operator or the superintendent shall immediately have said person removed to his place of abode or to a hospital as the case may require

Section 4 If the conditions are such that the person injured can be conveyed to his home or to the hospital more conveniently and more quickly by railroad trolley road or other conveyance such mode of conveyance shall be permitted and no ambulance required but in such cases the conveyance must be under cover and the comfort of the injured person must be provided for

ARTICLE XIV

Wash Houses

Section 1 When the clothing or wearing apparel of the employes in any mine becomes wet by reason of working in wet places therein it shall be the duty of the operator or superintendent of said mine at the request in writing of the inspector who shall make such request upon the petition of any ten employes working in the aforesaid wet places to provide a suitable building convenient to the principal entrances of such mines for the use of the persons employed in wet places therein for the purpose of washing themselves and changing their clothes when entering the mine and returning therefrom The said building shall be maintained in good order and be properly lighted and heated and shall be provided with hot and cold water and facilities for persons to wash Any operator superintendent or inspector who shall neglect or fail to comply with the provisions of this article or any person who shall maliciously injure or destroy or cause to be injured or destroyed the said building or any part thereof or any of the appliances or fittings used therein or do any act tending to the injury or destruction thereof shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor

ARTICLE XV

Inside Stables

Section 1 It shall not be lawful for the superintendent or mine foreman to provide a horse or a mule stable inside of any mine unless space for said stable is excavated in solid strata of rock slate or coal If excavated in the coal seam the wall shall be built of brick stone or concrete not less than twelve inches in thickness and said wall shall be built from the bottom slate to the roof Wood or other combustible material shall be used in the smallest practicable quantity in the construction of the inside of said stable The air current used for the ventilation of said stable shall not be intermixed with the air current used for ventilating any other portion of the mine but shall be conveyed directly to the return air current. No open light shall be permitted in any stable in any mine

No hay or straw shall be taken into any mine unless pressed and made up into compact bales which shall be kept in a storehouse built apart from the stable and in the same manner as the stable Under no circumstances shall the hay be stored in the stable

ARTICLE XVI

Regulations for Powder and Detonators

Section 1 No powder or high explosive shall be stored in any mine and no more of either article shall be taken into any mine at one time by any one person than is required in one shift The quantity shall not exceed five pounds Provided that in a mine where shot firers are employed the shot firers shall have the right to take a sufficient quantity to complete their work

Black powder for use in mines shall be put up in five ten fifteen and twenty-five pound metallic cans or canisters or receptacles of equally safe material

No black powder high explosives or detonators shall be hauled on any electric motor trip in any mine unless the same are encased in non-conductive boxes or receptacles

Section 2 In such portions of dry and dusty mines wherein explosive gas is being generated in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp no explosives shall be used except "permissible" explosives as designated by the Testing Station of the Federal Bureau of Mines Each charge shall consist of only one kind of explosive The Department of Mines shall forward to the operators upon application the names of all explosives on the permissible list

No "permissible" explosives shall be sold for use in bituminous mines unless the name of the manufacturer name of explosive method of handling and full instruction for use are conspicuously displayed on or in the package containing the explosive

Section 3 Detonators shall at all times be kept in securely locked cases separate and apart from other explosives until required for use

The Chief of the Department of Mines when satisfied by tests that any permissible explosive has deteriorated from the standard established by the Testing Station of the Federal Bureau of Mines and thereby becomes dangerous may prohibit the use thereof either absolutely or subject to conditions

ARTICLE XVII

Regulations for Oil

Section 1 The oiling or greasing of cars inside of any mine is strictly prohibited unless the place where said oil or grease is used is thoroughly cleaned at least once every day to prevent the accumulation of waste oil or grease on the roads or in the drains at that point Not more than one barrel of lubricating oil shall be permitted in any mine at one time and it shall be kept in a fireproof building cut out of solid rock or made of masonry or concrete of sufficient thickness to insure safety in case of fire

Section 2 No explosive oil shall be taken into or used in any mine for lighting purposes except when used in safety lamps and shall not be taken into or stored in any mine in quantities exceeding five gallons Said oil when stored in a mine shall be kept in a fireproof vault made of masonry or concrete

Section 3 All oils or materials used in open lamps shall be non-explosive and free from odors and fumes deleterious to health and shall have a burning point not lower than three hundred degrees and must not produce over eleven one-hundredths of one per centum of their weight of soot when burned in a miner's lamp with a flame one and one-half inches high the determination of the percentage of soot to be by tests specified by the Department of Mines

Section 4 Paraffine wax used in mines shall not contain over three per centum of oil

Section 5 All illuminants sold to be used in open lamps in mines shall have branded conspicuously on the barrel or package containing the same the name of the manufacturer date of shipment and percentage of soot

Section 6 Any employe who shall use or any mine foreman who shall permit to be used or any person who shall sell for use in any mine any oil or any other material for illuminating purposes other than that prescribed in this article shall be guilty of a misdemeanor Provided however that any illuminant that is found not detrimental to health and safety after the proper tests specified by the Department of Mines can be used in any mine with the consent of the inspector

Section 7 It shall be the duty of the inspector whenever he has reason to believe that an illuminant is being used or sold or offered for sale in violation of the provisions of this article to take samples of the same and have them tested under the direction of the Department of Mines

ARTICLE XVIII

Employment of Boys and Females

Section 1 No boy under the age of fourteen years and no woman or girl of any age shall be employed permitted or suffered to work in or about any mine and no boy under the age of eighteen years shall be permitted to mine or load coal in any room entry or other working place unless in company with an experienced person over eighteen years of age

No boy under the age of sixteen years shall be employed in or about any mine unless during the entire period that said boy is so employed there is on file in the office of said mine and accessible to the inspector an employment certificate issued by the city borough township or county superintendent of public schools or by the secretary of the school board of the township borough or city or by a principal of a parochial school or by such superintendent's secretary's or principal's duly appointed deputy or assistant reciting the age of said boy as it appears on any record that the person who issues said certificate has reason to believe to be true and correct or if such record of age be lacking reciting the age of said boy according to an affidavit taken by his parent guardian or custodian and attached to said certificate and said certificate and the affidavit if any shall for the purposes of this act be conclusive evidence of the age of said boy

Nothing in this section shall be held to forbid the employment of a girl between the ages of fourteen and sixteen years in the office of a mine provided that during the entire period of said employment there is in like manner on file for said girl in said office an employment certificate of the character hereinbefore provided for as a prerequisite to the employment of boys under the age of sixteen years inside any mine

Section 2 Any superintendent or mine foreman who fails to comply with the provisions of this article shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and it shall be the duty of the inspector or any other person who knows that the superintendent or mine foreman has violated any of the provisions of this article to prosecute said superintendent or said mine foreman in accordance with section two of article twenty-six of this act and any person who shall falsely certify or swear to the age of any boy or girl in the certificate and affidavit described and required by section one of this article shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor

ARTICLE XIX

Mine Inspectors' Examining Board Appointment and Duties Mine Inspectors Their Appointment Duties and Powers

Section 1 The Governor shall appoint during the month of January one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and every four years thereafter five citizens of this Commonwealth of good repute to be known as the Mine Inspectors' Examining Board whose duty it shall be to examine applicants for the office of inspector in the bituminous coal region of this Commonwealth Two of the members of said board shall be mining engineers and three of the members shall have passed successful examinations qualifying them to act as inspectors or mine foremen in bituminous mines generating explosive gas and shall have had at least five years' practical experience as miners in the bituminous mines of Pennsylvania Applicants for appointment on the said Examining Board shall be at least thirty years of age

Each member of the Examining Board shall receive the sum of ten dollars a day for each day actually employed and all necessary expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions of this article which shall be paid out of the State Treasury on warrant of the Auditor General issued upon presentation of vouchers properly made out and sworn to by each member of the board and approved by the Chief of the Department of Mines The Examining Board is hereby authorized to engage the services of a clerk who shall be a stenographer

Any vacancy that may occur in the membership of the Examining Board shall be filled by the Governor according to the provisions of this section

Section 2 The said Examining Board shall meet on the first Tuesday in March following its appointment in the city of Pittsburg to examine applicants for the office of inspector. Two weeks previous to the aforesaid time the board shall meet to prepare questions and formulate rules for conducting the examination The board may also be convened by the Governor at any other time for the purpose of filling vacancies or performing any other necessary work

The board after being duly organized shall take and subscribe to before any officer authorized to administer the same the following oath namely

"We the undersigned do solemnly swear (or affirm) that we will perform the duties of examiners of applicants for appointment as inspector of mines to the best of our ability and that in recommending or rejecting said applicants we will be governed by the evidence of their qualifications to fill the position and not by any consideration of political or personal favor and that we will certify all whom we may find qualified according to the true intent and meaning of this act and none other" The oaths of the members of the Examining Board shall be filed in the Department of Mines

Section 3 The qualifications of candidates for the office of inspector shall be certified to the Examining Board and shall be as follows

The candidates shall be citizens of Pennsylvania of temperate habits of good repute as men of personal integrity in good physical condition and shall be between the ages of thirty and fifty years Provided however that any inspector appointed under the provisions of the act of May fifteen one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three or under the provisions of this act shall be eligible for reappointment even if beyond fifty years of age if in good physical condition The candidates shall have a knowledge of the different systems of working coal seams and shall have had at least ten years' practical experience in bituminous mines five years of which immediately preceding their examination shall have been in bituminous mines of this Commonwealth and shall also have had practical experience with explosive gas and other dangerous gases found in coal mines and upon examination shall give evidence of such theoretical as well as practical knowledge and general intelligence respecting mines and mining and the working and ventilation of mines as will satisfy the Examining Board of their capability and fitness for the duties imposed upon inspectors of mines by the provisions of this act

Section 4 The principal examination shall be in writing and each applicant shall also undergo an oral examination pertaining to explosive gas safety lamps methods of ventilation and mine management The questions and answers thereto in the oral examination shall be reported verbatim by an expert stenographer and typewritten fully to assist the board in the work of rating the qualifications of the candidates Candidates who shall make a general average of at least ninety per centum shall be deemed successful The manuscripts and other papers of all applicants in the principal examination together with the tally sheets and the correct solution of each question as prepared by the Examining Board and also the stenographer's report of the oral examination shall be filed in the Department of Mines The Examining Board or at least four members thereof shall certify to the Governor and also to the Department of Mines the names and percentages of all successful candidates who are properly qualified under the provisions of this article to fill the office of inspector A certificate of qualification prepared by the Chief of the Department of Mines shall be issued to each successful candidate

The Examining Board shall as soon as practicable after the examination furnish to each applicant on printed slips of paper a copy of all questions (oral and written) given at the examination marked solved right imperfect or wrong as the case may be

Section 5 The Governor shall from the names certified to him by the Examining Board commission one person to be inspector for each district in pursuance of this act whose commission shall be for a full term of four years from the fifteenth day of May following the regular examinations Each inspector appointed under the provisions of the act of May fifteen one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three may continue in office until May fifteen one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

After the passage of this act the Chief of the Department of Mines shall have the right to assign the inspectors to the districts for which in his opinion they are best fitted

Section 6 When a vacancy occurs in said office of inspector the Governor shall commission for the unexpired term from the names on file in the Department of Mines a person who has received an average of at least ninety per centum When the numberof candidates who have received an average of at least ninety per centum shall be exhausted the Governor shall cause the aforesaid Examining Board to meet for a special examination and examine the persons who may present themselves for examination in accordance with section three of this article and the board shall certify to the Governor and also to the Chief of the Department of Mines the names of all applicants who have made a general average of at least ninety per centum in said examination as provided for in section four of this article one of whom shall be commissioned by the Governor according to the provisions of section five of this article for the office of inspector for the unexpired term In conducting the said special examination the board shall comply with all the requirements of sections three and four of this article

Section 7 After the passage of this act the salary of the inspectors shall be three thousand dollars a year to be paid quarterly by the State Treasurer on warrant of the Auditor General issued upon the presentation of voucher by the Chief of the Department of Mines Each inspector may also incur traveling expenses and such other expenses as may be necessary for the proper discharge of his duties under the provisions of this act which shall be paid quarterly by the State Treasurer on warrant of the Auditor General issued upon presentation of vouchers properly made out and sworn to by the inspector and approved by the Chief of the Department of Mines Each inspector shall have an office in his district which may be at his place of residence provided that a suitable room approved by the Chief of the Department of Mines be set apart for that purpose The Chief of the Department of Mines shall have authority to procure for the inspectors on their request furniture instruments chemicals typewriters stationery and all other necessary supplies which shall be paid for by the State Treasurer on warrant of the Auditor General issued upon presentation of vouchers approved by the Chief of the Department of Mines All furniture instruments plans books memoranda notes and other materials pertaining to the offic of inspctor shetaoin shrdlu etaoin cmfwyp ing to the office of inspector shall be the property of the State and shall be delivered by the inspector to his successor in office

Section 8 The inspectors shall be allowed all necessary expenses incurred by them in enforcing the several provisions of this act in the respective courts of this Commonwealth (provided they have the consent of the Department of Mines before such expense is incurred) the same to be paid by the State Treasurer on warrant of the Auditor General issued upon presentation of itemized vouchers approved by the court before which the proceedings were instituted and also by the Chief of the Department of Mines

Section 9 Each inspector shall before entering upon the discharge of his duties give bond in the sum of five thousand dollars with sureties to be approved by the president judge of the district in which he resides conditional for the faithful discharge of his duties and shall take an oath or make affirmation that he will discharge his duties with impartiality and fidelity to the best of his knowledge and ability But no person who is acting as manager or agent of any coal mine or as mining engineer or who is interested in operating any coal mine shall at the same time act as inspector under this act

Section 10 In case the inspector becomes incapacitated to perform the duties of his office or is granted a leave of absence by the Chief of the Department of Mines it shall be the duty of the Governor at the request of the Chief of the Department of Mines to appoint temporarily to the office a person on the eligible list of applicants filed in the Department of Mines The temporary inspector shall act until the regular inspector is able to resume the duties of his office and shall be paid in the same manner as hereinbefore provided for the payment of the regular inspector

Section 11 Each inspector shall devote the whole of his time to the duties of his office It shall be his duty to thoroughly examine each mine in his district as often as possible (but at least once every four months) giving special attention to all mines generating explosive gas and to other mines where unusual dangers may be suspected to exist and to see that all the provisions of this act are observed and strictly carried out especially those that demand that the air current be carried to the working faces He shall keep in his office a record of all examinations of mines showing the condition in which he finds them especially with reference to ventilation and drainage the number of persons employed inside of each mine the extent to which the law is obeyed and the progress made in the improvement of mines He shall keep a record of all serious accidents showing the nature and causes thereof and the number of deaths resulting therefrom

Section 12 It shall be the duty of the inspector after the final examination of any mine to make out a written or partly written and partly printed report of the condition in which he finds it and to post the said report immediately after the final examination in the office at the mine or in some other conspicuous place where it shall remain for one year open to examination by any person employed in or about the said mine The report shall show the date of the inspection the number of cubic feet of air in circulation where the measurement of the air was made and the quantity of air as measured at the last cut-through in each split together with the number of persons employed in each split and also at any other place requested by the Chief of the Department of Mines The report shall contain such other information as the inspector may deem necessary

If the inspector discovers any room entry airway or other working places being driven in advance of the air current contrary to the requirements of this act he shall order the workmen in such places to cease work at once until the law is complied with

Section 13 To enable the inspector to perform the duties imposed upon him by this act he shall have the right at all times to enter any mine in his district or any mine in any other district when directed to do so by the Chief of the Department of Mines to make examinations or obtain information and upon the discovery of any violation of this act or upon being informed of any violation of the act he shall institute proceedings against the person or persons at fault under the provisions of section two of article twenty-six of this act In case any mine or portion of a mine is in the judgment of the inspector in so dangerous a condition from any cause as to jeopardize life and health he shall at once notify the Chief of the Department of Mines who shall immediately direct two or more of the other inspectors to accompany promptly the said inspector to the mine wherein said dangerous condition is alleged to exist The inspectors shall make a full investigation and if they shall agree that there is immediate danger they shall direct the superintendent of the mine in writing to remove forthwith said dangerous condition If the superintendent fails to do so the inspectors shall immediately apply in the name of the Commonwealth to the Court of Common Pleas of the county in which said mine is located or to a judge of said court in chambers for a writ of injunction to enjoin the operation of all work in and about said mine Whereupon said court or judge shall at once proceed to hear and determine the case and if the cause appear to be sufficient after hearing the parties and their evidence as in like cases shall issue its writ to restrain the working of said mine until all cause of danger is removed and the costs of said proceedings shall be borne by the owner lessee or agent of the mine Provided that if said court shall find the cause not sufficient then the case shall be dismissed and the costs shall be borne by the county wherein said mine is located Provided also that should any inspector find during his inspection of a mine or portion of a mine such dangerous conditions existing therein that in his opinion any delay in removing the workmen from such dangerous places might cause loss of life or serious injury to the employes the said inspector shall have the right to temporarily withdraw all persons from such dangerous places until the foregoing provisions of this section can be carried into effect

Section 14 Each inspector shall make the following reports to the Chief of the Department of Mines on blank forms provided for that purpose Not later than the tenth of each month he shall make a report of all fatal and serious non-fatal accidents that have occurred in his district during the preceding month stating the date nature and cause of each accident and placing the responsibility therefor together with the name age occupation and nationality of each person killed or injured and whether married or single and the number of widows and orphans left which report shall be recorded and filed in the Department of Mines and included (or a synopsis of the same) in the annual report of said Department Not later than the sixth of each month he shall make a report giving the name of operator and the name and location of each mine inspected during the preceding month with date of inspection condition of mine quantity of air in circulation at all points required by the Chief of the Department of Mines and the number of persons employed in each split of air Not later than the twentieth of February of each year he shall make an annual report which shall briefly recapitulate the duties performed by him during the preceding year and briefly describe the condition of the mines in his district relative to ventilation drainage and general sanitary arrangements as relating to the health safety and welfare of the employes and which shall also contain such suggestions or information of importance as he may deem necessary or as required by the Chief of the Department of Mines

ARTICLE XX

Discretionary Powers of Inspectors Arbitration

Section 1 The inspector shall exercise sound discretion in the performance of his duties under the provisions of this act and if the operator superintendent mine foreman or other person employed in or about any mine shall be dissatisfied with any decision the inspector has given in the discharge of his duties which decision shall be in writing it shall be the duty of the dissatisfied person to appeal from said decision to the Chief of the Department of Mines who shall at once direct two or more of the other inspectors to accompany promptly the inspector of the district to make further examination into the matter in dispute If the said inspectors shall agree with the decision of the inspector of the district their decision shall be final unless the dissatisfied person shall within seven days of the receipt of the decision of the committee of inspectors appeal therefrom to the Court of Quarter Sessions of the county in which said mine is situated

Section 2 Whereupon the court or the judges of said court in chambers shall forthwith appoint a commission of five persons as required by article ten of this act and thereafter the proceedings had shall be as prescribed by sections one and two of said article ten

ARTICLE XXI

Neglect or Malfeasance of Inspectors

Section 1 The Court of Common Pleas in any county or district upon a petition signed by not less than fifteen reputable citizens who shall be miners or operators of mines and with the affidavit of one or more of said petitioners attached setting forth that any inspector of mines is neglectful of or is incompetent to perform the duties of his office or that he is guilty of malfeasance in office shall issue a citation in the name of the Commonwealth to the said inspector to appear on not less than fifteen days' notice upon a day fixed before said court at which time the court shall proceed to inquire into and investigate the allegations of the said petitioners Provided however that the citation shall not issue until the petitioners shall file a bond in said court with sufficient sureties to be approved by the court conditioned that the petitioners shall pay all the costs of the proceedings in case the charges are not sustained

Section 2 If the court finds that the said inspector is neglectful of or is incompetent to perform the duties of his office or that he is guilty of malfeasance in office the court shall certify the same to the Governor who shall declare the office of said inspector vacant and proceed in compliance with the provisions of this act to fill the vacancy

The costs of said investigation shall if the charges are sustained be imposed upon the inspector but if the charges are not sustained they shall be imposed upon the petitioners

ARTICLE XXII

Inspection Districts

Section 1 Under this act the bituminous counties of the Commonwealth shall be arranged by the Chief of the Department of Mines into twenty-five districts and it shall be the duty of the Chief of the Department of Mines to assign the inspectors to their respective districts He shall also designate their places of abode at points as convenient as possible to the mines of their districts

Section 2 With the consent of the Governor the Chief of the Department of Mines may at any time redistrict the bituminous districts and add to the number of inspectors if in his judgment the number should be increased

ARTICLE XXIII

Annual Reports

Section 1 On or before the twenty-fifth day of January in each year the operator or the superintendent of every mine shall send to the inspector of the district a correct report specifying with respect to the year ending the thirty-first day of December preceding the name of the operator and officers of the mine number of tons of coal mined number of tons of coke manufactured number of different employes classified and the total number of days worked during the year The report shall be in such form and give such information regarding the mine as may be from time to time required and prescribed by the Chief of the Department of Mines

The operator or the superintendent who fails to comply with the provisions of this article shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor

ARTICLE XXIV

Boards to Examine Applicants for Certificates of Qualification as Mine Foremen Assistant Mine Foremen and Fire Bosses

Section 1 On petition of the mine inspector the Court of Common Pleas in any county in said district shall appoint an examining board of three persons consisting of a mine inspector a miner and an operator or superintendent which

said miner shall have received a certificate of competency as mine foreman in mines generating explosive gases and the members of said examining board shall be citizens of this Commonwealth and the persons so appointed shall after being duly organized take and subscribe before an officer authorized to administer the same the following oath namely

"We the undersigned do solemnly swear (or affirm) that we will perform the duties of examiners of applicants for certificates of qualification as mine foremen assistant mine foremen and fire bosses that we will not divulge or make known to any person any question prepared for the examiners or in any manner assist any applicant to pass the examination but will be governed by the evidence of the qualifications of the applicants to fill said positions and not by and consideration of personal favor and that we will certify all whom we may find qualified in accordance with this act and none other"

Any member of any board of examiners who shall divulge or make known any question prepared for an examination prior to such question being handed to the applicants at the examination or in any manner assist any applicant to pass the examination shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor Any vacancy that may occur in the membership of the board shall be filled by the Court of Common Pleas in accordance with the provisions of this section

The said board of examiners shall meet for the purpose of holding examinations at the call of the mine inspector and at least two weeks' notice of time and place where the examination will be held shall be given

Section 2 The members of the Boards of Examiners appointed by the Courts of Common Pleas with the inspectors in office shall meet in the city of Pittsburg each year two weeks before the time set for the examination of applicants for the purpose of discussing the general scope of the theoretical and practical questions to be given the applicants and to adopt rules to govern the examinations and to decide any other important matters pertaining to their duties and said boards shall select a committee of six of their number comprising two inspectors two miners and two operators managers or superintendents to formulate a code of questions to be used at the next succeeding examinations The said committee shall select one of their members as chairman and one as secretary The questions prepared by the said committee shall be printed under the personal direction of the chairman and the secretary of the committee and sent by them by express in sealed packages each package containing a set of questions for each session to the chairman of each Board of Examiners who shall break the seal and open the package at the commencement of each session in the presence of the other members of the board

After the examinations of applicants are over and before the several boards meet to examine the papers of the applicants the said committee of six shall meet again to prepare answers for the questions propounded and these answers shall be sent to the chairman of each board to be used in rating the value of the answers given by the applicants While preparing answers to the questions the committee is hereby authorized to engage the services of a clerk who shall be a stenographer and whose compensation and mileage shall be the same as that of the members of the committee

Section 3 Each member of each board shall receive six dollars a day of each day actually employed not exceeding twenty days in all and mileage at the rate of two and one-half cents a mile for each mile necessarily traveled in going from his home to the place of meeting and return by the shortest practicable railway route Provided that the mileage shall be paid but once for each continuous session of the board By a continuous session is meant a session of not less than four days in each week Provided further that the committee of six shall each receive additional compensation at the rate of six dollars a day for the time spent in preparing the questions and answers Each member shall also be reimbursed for all other necessary expenses incurred by him in discharge of his duties Each Board of Examiners is hereby authorized to employ the services of a clerk who shall be a stenographer and whose compensation and rate of mileage shall be the same as that of the members of the board The clerk of each board shall on final adjournment send to the Chief of the Department of Mines properly attested vouchers for compensation and expenses of each member of the board and also a voucher covering his own compensation and expenses which vouchers shall be first approved by the chairman and the secretary of the board The Chief of the Department of Mines shall then approve said vouchers and transmit them to the Auditor General who shall issue a warrant for their payment to the State Treasurer

Section 4 Applicants must appear before the Board of Examiners of which the inspector of the inspection district in which they reside is a member All persons who desire to attend the examination shall notify the chairman of the board of their intention if possible not less than six days prior to the day set for the examination The boards shall inquire into the character and qualifications of applicants who present themselves for examination

Applicants for certificates of qualification as mine foremen and assistant mine foremen shall be citizens of the United States of good moral character and of known temperate habits at least twenty-three years of age and shall have had at least five years' practical experience after sixteen years of age as miners or mining engineers or men of general work inside of the mines of Pennsylvania Applicants for certificates of qualification as fire bosses shall be citizens of the United States of good moral character and of known temperate habits at least twenty-three years of age and shall have had at least five years' practical experience after sixteen years of age as miners or men of general work and shall have had experience in mines in Pennsylvania that generate explosive gas

All applicants shall be able to read and write the English language intelligently and shall furnish the board with certificates as to their character and temperate habits which certificates shall also show the length of service in the different mines

Certificates of qualification as mine foremen shall be of two grades namely Certificates of first grade shall be granted to persons who have given to the Board of Examiners satisfactory evidence of their ability to perform the duties of mine foremen in gaseous mines and who shall have received an average of at least eighty per centum in the examination Certificates of second grade shall be granted to persons who have given to the Board of Examiners satisfactory evidence of their ability to perform the duties of mine foremen in non-gaseous mines and who shall have received an average of at least eighty per centum in the examination Certificates of second grade shall be granted to persons who have given to the Board of Examiners satisfactory evidence of their ability to perform the duties of mine foremen in non-gaseous mines and who shall have received an average of at least eighty per centum in the examination

Certificates of qualification as assistant mine foremen shall be granted to persons who have given to the Board of Examiners satisfactory evidence of their ability to perform the duties of assistant mine foremen in gaseous mines and who shall have received an average of at least seventy per centum in the examination

All applicants for certificates as mine foremen and assistant mine foremen in gaseous mines must also undergo an oral examination in the presence of explosive gas

Certificates of qualification as fire bosses shall be granted to persons who have given to the Board of Examiners satisfactory evidence of their ability to perform the duties of fire bosses in gaseous mines and who shall have received an average of at least sixty-five per centum in the examination and shall also have undergone an oral examination in the presence of explosive gas

Section 5 Before examination each applicant for a certificate of qualification as mine foreman assistant mine foreman or fire boss shall pay to the Board of Examiners the sum of one dollar and if successful two dollars additional for a certificate All money received by the Boards of Examiners for examination fees and certificates shall be transmitted to the Chief of the Department of Mines who shall pay the same into the State Treasury less the cost of issuing and recording certificates

Section 6 Each Board of Examiners or at least two members thereof shall certify to the Chief of the Department of Mines on forms furnished by him every person whose examination shall disclose his fitness for the duties of mine foremen assistant mine foremen or fire boss as above classified and the Chief of the Department of Mines shall then prepare certificates of qualification for the successful applicants and send them to the chairman of the board for distribution Each certificate shall contain the full name age and place of birth of applicant and also the length and nature of his previous service in or about the mines The certificates shall be in manner and form as prescribed by the Chief of the Department of Mines

Section 7 Each Board of Examiners shall send to the Chief of the Department of Mines the answers and all other papers of the applicants together with the tally sheets and a list of the questions and answers as prepared by the committee selected by the boards which shall be filed in the Department of Mines as public documents

Section 8 Certificates of service that shall have the same effect for the purposes of this act as certificates of qualification shall be granted by the Chief of the Department of Mines on the reports of the Boards of Examiners to all persons who are acting as assistant mine foremen in gaseous mines when this act becomes effective Certificates of service shall be in manner and form as prescribed by the Chief of the Department of Mines and shall contain the full name age and place of birth of applicant and also the length and nature of his previous service in or about the mines Applicants for certificates of service shall pay to the board the sum of two dollars which shall be transmitted to the Chief of the Department of Mines

Section 9 It shall be unlawful for any operator manager or superintendent to employ as mine foreman in any mine or as assistant mine foreman in any gaseous mine any person who has not obtained the proper certificate of qualification or service required by this act Provided that all persons holding certificates of qualification as mine foreman granted under the provisions of the act of May fifteen one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three may continue to serve and provided further that any person acting as mine foreman by virtue of holding a certificate of service granted previous to the passage of the act of May fifteen one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three may continue to serve at any mine where the general conditions affecting the health and safety of the persons employed do not differ materially from those at the mine in which he was employed when said certificate was granted which question shall be decided by the inspector of the district and it shall be unlawful for any operator manager superintendent or mine foreman to employ as fire boss any person who has not obtained the proper certificate of qualification required by this act Provided that all persons holding certificates of qualification as fire bosses granted under the provisions of the act of May fifteen one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three may continue to serve

Section 10 If any person shall forge or counterfeit a certificate or knowingly make or cause to be made any false statement in any certificate issued under this act or any previous act or in any copy thereof or shall make use of such forged or false certificate or copy thereof or shall make use of any false declaration representation or statement in any such certificate or copy thereof or any document containing the same he shall be

eemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof
hall be fined not less than two hundred dollars nor more than
ve hundred dollars or imprisoned for a term not exceeding
ne year or both at the discretion of the court
Section 11 In case of the loss or destruction of a certificate
he Chief of the Department of Mines shall issue a copy thereof
the person losing said certificate on payment of the sum of
ne dollar Provided that it shall be shown to the satisfaction
the Chief of the Department of Mines that the loss or de-
truction has actually occurred
Section 12 Nothing in this article shall prevent a first grade
ine foreman from acting as assistant mine foreman in any
ine or a second grade mine foreman from acting as assistant
ine foreman in a non-gaseous mine

ARTICLE XXV

Rules

Special Rules

Duties of Miner

Rule One The miner shall examine his working place be-
re beginning work and take down all dangerous slate or oth-
wise make it safe by properly timbering it before commenc-
g to mine or load coal He shall examine his place to see
hether the fire boss has left the date marks indicating his
amination thereof and if said marks cannot be found it shall
e the duty of the miner to notify the mine foreman or the
sistant mine foreman of the fact The miner shall at all
mes be careful to keep his working place in a safe condition
uring working hours
Should he at any time find his place becoming dangerous
om gas or roof or any unusual condition that may arise he
all at once cease working and inform the mine foreman or
e assistant mine foreman of said danger but before leaving
s place he shall put some plain warning across the entrance
ereto to warn others against entering into danger
It shall be the duty of the miner to mine his coal properly
efore blasting and to set sprags under the coal while under-
ining to secure it from falling After each blast he shall
xercise care in examining the roof and coal and shall secure
em safely before beginning to work
He shall order all props cap pieces and all other timbers
ecessary at least one day in advance of needing them as pro-
ded for in the rules of the mine If he fails to receive said
mbers and finds his place unsafe he shall vacate it until
e necessary timbers are supplied
Under no condition shall the miner use coal dust or any other
mbustible for tamping in any gaseous mine
When places are liable to generate sudden outbursts of ex-
osive gas no miner shall be allowed to charge or fire shots
xcept under the supervision and with the consent of the mine
reman or the assisttant mine foreman or some other com-
etent person designated by the mine foreman for that pur-
ose
The miner shall remain during working hours in the working
ace assigned to him by the mine foreman or the assistant mine
reman and he shall not leave his working place for another
orking place without the permission of the mine foreman
ssistant mine foreman or fire boss and he shall not wander
out the hauling roads or enter abandoned or idle workings

Duties of Driver

Rule Two When a driver has occasion to leave his trip he
ust be careful to see that it is left when possible in a safe
ace secure from cars or other dangers and where it will not
danger the driver of other trips or other persons
He must take care while taking his trip down grade to have
e brakes or sprags so adjusted that he can keep the cars
nder control and prevent the cars from running over himself
others
He shall not leave any cars standing where they may ma-
rially obstruct the ventilating current except in case of acci-
nt which he shall promptly report to the mine foreman or
ssistant mine foreman
He shall not allow any person to ride on loaded mine cars
e shall not allow any person to drive his horses or mules in
s stead When it is his duty to open a door for the purpose
passing his trip through he shall see that the door is im-
ediately closed thereafter

Duties of Trip Rider

Rule Three The trip rider shall exercise care in seeing that
l hitchings are safe for use and that all the trip is coupled
efore starting and should he at any time see any material de-
ct in the rope link or chain he shall immediately remedy said
fect or if he is unable to do so he shall detain the trip and
port the matter to the mine foreman or assistant mine fore-
an He shall not allow any person to ride on the full trip
e shall not allow any person to ride on the empty trip except
the authority of the mine foreman and the speed shall not
xceed six miles an hour

Duties of Hoisting Engineer

Rule Four It shall be the duty of the engineer who shall be
sober competent person over twenty-one years of age to keep
careful watch over his engine and all machinery under his
harge and to see that the steam pressure does ont exceed at
ny time the limit allowed by the superintendent
He shall make himself acquainted with the signal codes pro-
ded for in this act
He shall not allow any authorized person to enter the engine
ouse nor shall he allow any person to handle or run the en-
ne without the permission of the superintendent
When workmen are being lowered or raised he shall take
pecial precautions to keep the engine well under control

Duties of Motorman and Locomotive Engineeer

Rule Five The motorman or locomotive engineer shall keep
sharp lookout ahead and sound the whistle or alarm bell fre-
ently when coming near the parting switches or landings
and shall not exceed the speed allowed by the mine foreman
He shall see that the motors cables and controlling parts are
kept clean and in a safe operating condition and that the head-
light is burning properly when the locomotive is in motion He
shall not allow any person except his attendant to ride on the
locomotive or on the full cars

Duties of Fireman

Rule Six Every fireman in charge of a boiler or boilers
for the generation of steam shall keep a careful watch
over the same He shall see that the steam pressure does
not at any time exceed the limit allowed by the super-
intendent he shall frequently try the safety valve and shall
not increase the weight on the same he shall maintain
a proper depth of water in each boiler and if anything
should happen to prevent this he shall report it without
delay to the superintendent or other person designated by
the superintendent and take such other action as may
under the circumstances be necessary for the protection of
life and the preservation of property

Duties of Fan Engineer

Rule Seven The engineer in charge of the ventilating
fan at a mine shall keep it running at such speed as
the mine foreman shall direct in writing He shall report
promptly to the mine foreman or assistant mine foreman
any defect in the pressure gauge and in case of accident
to the boiler or fan machinery he shall immediately notify
the mine foreman or the assistant mine foreman If only
ordinary repairs of the fan or machinery become necessary
he shall await the instructions of the mine foreman or
assistant mine foreman before stopping the fan Should it
become impossible to run the fan or become necessary to
stop it to prevent its destruction he shall notify at once
the superintendent or mine foreman who shall give im-
mediate warning to the persons in the mine

Duties of Furnaceman

Rule Eight The furnaceman shall be over eighteen years
of age and shall attend to his duties with regularity and in
case it is necessary for him to be off duty for any reason
whatever he shall give timely notice to the mine foreman
The furnaceman shall at all times keep a clear brisk fire
and the fire must not be smothered with coal or slack dur-
ing working hours and he shall not allow ashes to ac-
cumulate excessively on or under the bars or in the ap-
proaches to the furnace and ashes shall be cooled before
being removed

Duties of Hooker-On

Rule Nine The hooker-on at the bottom of any slope
shall be over eighteen years of age and shall be very care-
ful to see that the cars are properly coupled to a rope or
chain and that the safety catch or other device is prop-
erly attached to the rear car before giving the signal to
the engineer He shall not allow any person to ride up the
slope on the full trips other than the trip rider

Duties of Cager

Rule Ten The cager at the bottom of any shaft shall be
over eighteen years of age He shall not attempt to with-
draw the car until the cage comes to a rest and when put-
ting the full car on the cage he must be very careful to
see that the springs or catches are properly adjusted so as
to keep the car in its proper place before giving the sig-
nal to the engineer

Duties of Footman

Rule Eleven At every shaft or slope where persons are
lowered into or hoisted from the mine a footman (who
shall be over twenty-one years of age) shall be designated
by the mine foreman He shall be at his proper place from
the time that persons begin to descend until all persons
who may be at the bottom of said shaft or slope when
quitting work at the end of the day shall be hoisted The
footman shall personally attend to the signals and see
that the provisions of this act in respect to hoisting per-
sons in shafts or slopes are complied with
The footman shall not allow any tools to be placed on
the same cage with men or boys or on either cage when
they are being hoisted out of the mine except for the
purpose of repairing the shaft or machinery therein The
men shall place their tools in cars provided for that pur-
pose which cars shall be hoisted before or after the men
have been hoisted He shall see that no driver or other
person ascends the shaft with any horse or mule unless
the said horse or mule is secured in a suitable box or safely
penned and only the driver in charge of said horse or mule
shall accompany it in any case The footman shall imme-
diately inform the mine foreman of any violation of this
rule or of general rule fifteen

Duties of Topman

Rule Twelve At every shaft or slope where persons are
lowered into or hoisted from the mine a topman or trip
rider (who shall be over twenty-one years of age) shall be
designated by the superintendent or mine foreman He
shall be at his proper place from the time that persons
begin to descend until all the persons who may be at
the bottom of the shaft or slope when quitting work at
the end of the day shall be hoisted The topman or trip
rider shall personally attend to the signals and see that the
provisions of this act in respect to lowering persons in
shafts or slopes are complied with
The topman shall not allow any tools to be placed on
the same cage with men or boys or on either cage when
persons are being lowered into the mine except for the
purpose of repairing the shaft or the machinery therein
The men shall place their tools in cars provided for that
purpose which cars shall be lowered before or after the
men have been lowered
He shall also see that no driver or other person des
cends the shaft with any horse or mule unless the said
horse or mule is secured in a suitable box or safely penned

and only the driver in charge of said horse or mule shall accompany it in any case

The topman of a slope or incline plane shall be careful to close the safety block or other device as soon as the cars have reached the landing in order to prevent any loose or runaway cars from descending the slope or incline plane and in no case shall said safety block or other device be withdrawn until the cars are coupled to the rope or chain and the proper signal given He shall carefully inspect each day all the machinery in and about the check house and the rope used for lowering the coal and shall promptly report to the superintendent any defect discovered and shall use care in attaching securely the cars to the rope and in lowering them down the incline He shall ring the alarm bell in case of accident and when necessary immediately set free to act the drop logs or safety switch

The topman of a shaft shall see that the springs or keeps for the cage to rest upon are kept in good working order and when taking the full car off he must be careful that no coal or other material is allowed to fall down the shaft

It shall be the duty of the topman to report to the superintendent any violation of general rule fifteen of this article

General Rules

Rule One No unauthorized person shall enter the mine without permission from the superintendent

Rule Two No person in a state of intoxication shall be allowed to go into or loiter about the mine

Rule Three No person shall be employed to blast coal rock or slate unless the mine foreman is satisfied that he is qualified by experience to perform the work with ordinary care

Rule Four No inexperienced person shall be employed to mine out pillars unless in company with one or more experienced miners

Rule Five Every workman employed in the mine shall examine his working place before commencing work and after any stoppage of work during the shift he shall repeat such examination

Rule Six Every workman when first employed shall have his attention directed by the mine foreman or his assistant to the general and special rules contained in this act Said rules shall be posted at a conspicuous place at or near the main entrance to the mine and shall be printed in the various languages of the employes

Rule Seven All employes shall notify the mine foreman or the assistant mine foreman of the unsafe condition of any working place hauling roads or travelingways or of damage to doors brattices or stoppings or of obstructions in the air passages when said conditions are known to them

Rule Eight No person shall be allowed to travel on foot to and from his work on any hoisting slope incline plane dilly or locomotive road unless no other roads are provided for that purpose

Rule Nine No person shall ride upon or against any loaded car or cage in any shaft or slope in any mine No person other than the trip rider shall be permitted to ride on empty trips on any slope incline plane or dilly road except as provided for in other sections of this act

Rule Ten No person other than the driver or trip rider shall be allowed to ride on the full cars

Rule Eleven Any person who shall deface pull down or destroy any notice board danger signal general or special rules record books or mining laws shall be prosecuted by the superintendent on notice given by the mine foreman or obtained from other sources as provided for in section two of article twenty-six of this act

Rule Twelve All persons are forbidden to meddle or tamper in any way with any electric or signal wires or any other equipment in or about the mine

Rule Thirteen No powder or high explosive shall be taken into the mine at one time by any one person in greater quantities than is required for use in one shift and the quantity shall never exceed five pounds except as provided for in article sixteen section one All powder shall be carried into the mine in metallic cans or canisters or in receptacles of equally safe material

Rule Fourteen No explosive shall be stored in any tipple or weighing office and no naked lights shall be used while the attendant is weighing and giving out explosives

Rule Fifteen No greater number of persons shall be lowered or hoisted at any one time in any shaft or slope than is permitted by the inspector and whenever the said number of persons returning from work shall arrive at the bottom of the shaft or slope in which persons are regularly hoisted or lowered they shall be promptly furnished with an empty cage or car and be hoisted to the surface and in cases of emergency a less number than the permitted number shall be promptly hoisted

Any person crowding or pushing to get on or off the cage or car thereby endangering life shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and the superintendent shall discharge or prosecute him in accordance with section two of article twenty-six of this act when the matter is reported to him by the topman or footman

Rule Sixteen No safety lamp shall be entrusted to any person for use in a mine until said person has given satisfactory evidence to the mine foreman that he understands the proper use thereof and the danger of tampering with the same

Rule Seventeen No one except a person duly authorized by the mine foreman shall have in his possession a key or other instrument for the purpose of unlocking any safety lamp in any mine where locked safety lamps are used Other persons than those duly authorized by the mine foreman having keys or other instruments for the opening of safety lamps shall be prosecuted by the superintendent in accordance with section two of article twenty-six of this act

Rule Eighteen In the cutting of clay veins spars or faults entries or other narrow workings going into the solid coal in mines wherein explosive gas is generated in dangerous quantities a bore hole shall be kept not less than three feet in advance of the face of the work or three feet in advance of any shot hole drilled for a blast to be fired in

Rule Nineteen An accumulation of gas in a mine shall not be removed by brushing or when persons in the mine may be endangered thereby

Rule Twenty When gas is ignited by a blast or otherwise the person having charge of the place where the said gas is ignited shall immediately extinguish it if possible and if unable to do so he shall immediately notify the mine foreman or the assistant mine foreman of the fact Miners must see that no gas blowers are left burning upon leaving their working places it shall be the duty of the superintendent to notify the inspector of any violation of this rule and the inspector shall then prosecute as provided for in section two of article twenty-six of this act

Rule Twenty-one When a miner or shot-firer is about to fire a blast he shall be careful to notify all persons who may be endangered thereby and shall give sufficient alarm so that any person approaching may be warned of the danger

Rule Twenty-two Whenever a miner or shot-firer shall open a box containing powder or other explosives or while in any manner handling the same he shall first place his lamp not less than five feet from such explosive and in such a position that the air current cannot convey sparks to the explosive and he shall not smoke while handling explosives

Rule Twenty-three In charging and tamping a hole for blasting no person shall use any iron or steel needle The charger or tamping bar shall be of wood or tipped with copper

Rule Twenty-four No explosive shall be forcibly pressed into a hole that is of insufficient size and when a hole has been charged the explosive shall not be taken out and no hole shall be bored for blasting at a distance of less than twelve inches from any hole when the charge has misfired

Rule Twenty-five In gaseous mines shot firers or other persons charging holes for blasting shall use incombustible material for tamping All holes before being fired shall be solidly tamped the full length of the hole Any person who violates this rule shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor

Rule Twenty-six Every abandoned slope shaft air hole or drift shall when so abandoned be properly fenced around or across its whole entrance

Rule Twenty-seven No person shall go into an old or abandoned portion of any mine or into any other place that is not in actual course of working without permission from the mine foreman and no person shall travel to and from his work except by the traveling way assigned for that purpose It shall be the duty of the mine foreman to prosecute all persons who violate this rule in accordance with section two of article twenty-six of this act

Rule Twenty-eight Workmen and all other persons are expressly forbidden to commit any nuisances or throw into deposit or leave coal or dirt stones or other rubbish in the airway or road so as to interfere with pollute or hinder the air passing into and through the mine

Rule Twenty-nine No steam pipes through which high pressure steam is conveyed for the purpose of driving pumps or other machinery shall be laid on traveling or haulage ways unless they are encased in asbestos or some other suitable non-conducting material or so placed that the radiation of heat into the atmosphere of the mine will be prevented as far as possible

Rule Thirty When a steam locomotive is used for the purpose of hauling coal out of a mine the tunnel or tunnels through which the locomotive passes shall be properly ventilated and kept free as far as practicable of noxious gases and a ventilating apparatus shall be specially provided by the operator to produce such ventilation

Rule Thirty-one In all shafts and slopes where persons coal and other materials are hoisted by machinery the following code of signals shall be used

One rap or whistle to hoist coal

One rap or whistle to stop car or cage when in motion

Two raps or whistles to lower car or cage

Three raps or whistles to hoist persons The engineer shall signal back when ready after which the person shall get on the car or cage and then one rap or whisite shall be given to hoist

Four raps or whistles to turn on steam to the pumps

Rule Thirty-two No person shall carry any matches pipes or other smokers' articles into a mine or portion of a mine worked exclusively with locked safety lamps nor shall he have any of said articles in his possession while in such a mine

Rule Thirty-three If any person shall receive any injury in or about the mine and the same shall come within the knowledge of the mine foreman and if he shall be of the opinion that the injured person requires medical or surgical treatment he shall see that said injured person receives treatment and in case of inability of such person to pay therefor the expense shall be borne by the county

Rule Thirty-four The Special and general rules in the various languages and all books blank forms and notices mentioned in this act shall be printed at the expense of the State and shall be furnished to the operators by the Department of Mines through the inspectors and all record books shall at all times be accessible to the inspector

Rule Thirty-five Every person who cotravenes or does not comply with any of the special and general rules in this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor

ARTICLE XXVI

Penalties for Violations of This Act

Section 1 Any person who shall intentionally or carelessly injure any safety lamp instrument air course or brattice or without proper authority handle remove or render useless any fencing means of signaling apparatus instrument or machinery or shall obstruct or throw open airways or enter a place in or about a mine against caution or carry fire upon lights matches pipes and other smokers' articles beyond any station inside of which locked safety lamps are used or open a door in the mine and not close it immediately or open any door the opening of which is forbidden or disobey any order given in carrying out the provisions of this act or do any other act whatsoever whereby the lives or the health of the persons employed or the security of the mine or the machinery are endangered shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided in section two of this article

Section 2 Any person who neglects or refuse to perform the duties required of him by this act or who violates any of the provisions or requirements thereof shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall upon conviction thereof in the Court of Quarter Sessions of the county in which the misdemeanor was committed be punished by a fine not exceeding two hundred dollars or imprisonment in the county jail for a period not exceeding three months or both at the discretion of the court Any violation of this act which has been declared to be a misdemeanor by any part thereof shall be punished in like manner

ARTICLE XXVII

Inquests

Section 1 Whenever a fatal accident occurs in or about any mine or whenever an explosion or other serious accident of an unusual nature occurs whether fatal or not it shall be the duty of the mine foreman or superintendent in charge of such mine to give notice thereof forthwith by telephone or telegraph to the inspector and also to the coroner of the county if any person is killed

Section 2 If the coroner shall determine to hold an inquest he shall notify the inspector of the time and place of holding the same and the inspector shall offer such testimony as he may deem necessary to thoroughly inform the said inquest of the cause of the death He shall also have authority at any time to appear before such coroner or jury and examine or cross-examine any witness No person who is directly or indirectly interested or employed in any capacity by the person persons or company owning or operating such mine or employed in or about any other mine in which such owners or operators may be interested shall be competent to serve upon such coroner's jury

Section 3 It shall be the duty of the inspector upon being notified of any fatal accident as hereinbefore provided to proceed in person as soon as practicable to the scene of the accident and make such suggestions or give such directions as may appear to him necessary to secure the safety of any person who may still be endangered through said accident Whether or not the results of the accident require an investigation by the coroner the said inspector shall proceed to investigate and ascertain the cause of the accident and make a record thereof which he shall file as provided for and to enable him to make the investigation he shall have power to compel the attendance of persons to testify and also to administer oaths or affirmations If it is found upon investigation that the accident is due to the violation of any of the provisions of this act by any person other than those who may be deceased the inspector shall institute proceedings against such person or persons as provided for in section two of article twenty-six of this act

Section 4 The cost of such investigation shall be paid by the county in which the accident occurred in the same manner as costs of inquests held by coroners or justices of the peace are paid

ARTICLE XXVIII

Section 1 Should a mine or a portion of a mine that has at any time generated explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp after the passage of this act not so generate explosive gas during any one period of one year then such mine or portion of a mine shall thereafter not be governed or controlled by the provisions of this act for mines or portions of mines generating explosive gas

Section 2 The provisions of this act as to mines or portions of a mine generating explosive gas in quantities sufficient to be detected by an approved safety lamp shall not apply to any mine wherein explosive gas is being generated only in live entries

Section 3 The provisions of this act shall not apply to any mine employing less than ten persons inside the mine in any one period of twenty-four hours

ARTICLE XXIX

Section 1 All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House adopt the report of the Committee on Conference on House Bill No. 313.

Mr. FEENEY. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House. About two weeks ago when this code was pending before this House I opposed it as a miner and as a man who has worked in the mine since I was twelve years of age, and I am opposed to it to-night, as I was two weeks ago. For this reason I am opposed to it: That it does afford proper protection in what is known at the Pittsburg district, in Western Pennsylvania, from the very dangerous gases that are met with in that field. It affords less protection under this code, if it passes, than we have under the old law. I have been in the vicinity where these terrible mine disasters have occurred, when they have happened, and I have seen the charred bodies taken from those mines, and I have seen the widows on the outside of those burning mines weeping, with their children about them, and I have sympathized with the poor widows, those poor mothers, who still have some hope that their loved ones would be brought from that burning mine alive, and in many of the disasters right in the place where I live. Men have never been taken out, and in one single mine out of three hundred men penned into one of those mines not a single man was saved.

I stand before you as a miner of twenty years experience, and I expect to go back to the mines when I leave here. I realize that great pressure has been brought to bear on many of our members to vote for this code, but I ask you before you cast your votes to be careful, for you will rue the day that you do this. The State Mine Inspectors are men who, when there is a disaster, or a mine explosion, are responsible; they are the men, gentlemen of this House, who were not consulted when this code was drawn. Don't you think that these men from the bituminous mine region of Pennsylvania should have been consulted. These inspectors, who have been brought up in the mines as boys; men who have been educated in the technicalities of the mine, and these men should have been consulted. These men have gone over the code and have examined it, and they have said "If this thing passes you can look out for more disasters in Western Pennsylvania." Recall the great Marianna disaster where so many lives were lost, and it was caused by the high voltage of the electrical currents that went into that mine. Take another or several of the other mine disasters in Western Pennsylvania, and what was the cause of those disasters, and what was the cause of that? The high voltage of the electrical currents. In 1908 three of these mines were allowed to have a voltage of five hundred, and they had no less than 650 volts. This is the portion of the code that I tried to have amended to 150 volts, and I was overruled. This would have been sufficient. I know what miner's gas is, and I know that in some mines where no gas is supposed to be at present, in two years from now there will be enough gas in that mine to blow it up, and the result will be that there will be more lives lost and more widows and more orphans in this district. Had the mine inspectors in Western Pennsylvania been consulted before this code was drawn there would have been more protection than there is to-day, and we would be in a position to ask for the passage of this bill instead of trying to have it defeated. This is a matter of life and death, and I hope that this bill will be voted down. I am appealing to you to-night for the sake of the poor families and the poor men who are compelled to work in the mines of Western Pennsylvania, and I appeal to you from my heart, and I know that I am right and what I am talking about, because I expect to go back to the mines myself when I leave here, and I want more protection instead of less.

Mr. WILSON. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House. On this last night of the session of 1911, for the first time during my legislative career, I wish to say a word with reference to my efforts in behalf of legislation during the session and a word in favor of the efforts of the mining committees of both the House and Senate, who have labored almost incessantly upon this code. Every person who is well known in Pennsylvania as an authority upon this subject has been consulted, and I want to say to this House that I, as one of the members of Jefferson county, have been watching the formation of this code with a critical eye. It so happens that I represent, in part, one of the bituminous mining counties of this State. We are known as the central mining district of Pennsylvania. I have, up to this time, been assured, not only by the miners but the operators as well, that we have come as near to an amicable agreement as is possible in cases of this kind. The subject which we have endeavored to cover by this report is very important. From what I have learned in listening to the argument of the gentleman from

Washington, it would appear to me that there are only two things to which he himself objects. I don't pretend to be a miner or an expert upon this subject, and for things bearing on the operation of a mine, for information on the subject, I would go to a miner or to an operator to get it, because neither one side nor the other should have the whole say so in a matter of this kind. I have been assured by the miners of my district, and let me say to you that there are in round numbers over 50,000, and in almost every particular they are satisfied with this code. I have been assured by the most prominent operators in our district that, while it is not satisfactory in every way, that they believe that it will be an improvement on what we already have. It would also appear that the time has come when there should really be a code. It marks the starting point. It stands in the same position, relatively, as the school laws of Pennsylvania. It is not desirable on a subject of this kind that we should have peacemeal legislation. I submit to the gentlemen of this House, despite the arguments of the gentleman from Washington, that it is almost an entirely complete piece of work; that no man who has any part in it need be ashamed of.

I, too, have sympathy for the widow and the children that are left behind in case of disaster. The gentleman has said that there should be no accidents; and that every precaution should be taken to prevent accidents in the future. I agree with him entirely, but I am sorry to say that in nearly all the mine disasters, so long as coal is mined in this great State of ours, they will occur, but is it reasonable to presume that every time that an accident occurs, or that there is an explosion, that it is caused by electricity. Why this is known to everybody who is familiar with the mining district. I assume that the provisions of this code don't protect the mines of the western district of Pennsylvania to the extent that there can be no future accidents, and the assertion has been made that the provisions of this code don't protect the miners as they should be protected, but it may be that they are mistaken. If you could absolutely protect the miners from these gases and prevent these accidents by the taking out of electricity you would absolutely at once take out all electricity. It would at least appear so to me. I want to say to the gentlemen of this House that it would be almost suicide for a member of the Assembly from Jefferson county to come into this House and make a false statement in order to secure the passage of a law relating to the bituminous region. I want to say to you that I have taken pains to talk with the leader or the head of the bituminous region in our district, and he has set his approval upon this code. I want to say to you gentlemen that I have reserved my decision in this most important matter until the last moment. It now comes to that point where we either have a code or we have no code. I have now the personal assurance of representative men, and of miners who work in the mines, and of experts in every phase of mining, men as competent and as experienced as the gentleman from Washington; men who have had personal experience in mines; men who have seen explosions, and I have had their personal assurance that the code is very much of an improvement over the law as it now stands. It seems to me that this is a most important measure, and I do hope that you will see your way clear to render a decision in accordance with the evidence secured from men who are familiar with the conditions of the mining district of Western Pennsylvania, and from the evidence that has been submitted I do maintain that the argument advanced by the gentleman from Washington is not sufficient. I have the utmost respect for the gentleman from Washington, and it does seem to me, in all due respect for him, that he should be satisfied with what has been done for him by this House. I want to say right here that I have remained seated upon several occasions, and so far as I was concerned allowed pieces of legislation to go by that to me seemed might be improved upon, because the gentleman from Washington advocated it, and I left it to his judgment. I refer particularly to a piece of legislation bearing on the proposition that a man without two years' experience should not go into a mine, whether he be a miner or whether he be employed about the mines, without his certificate, and that bill went through this House without any protest from me.

I wish to say for the information of the gentleman from Washington that he has been very well taken care of so far as this House has been concerned, with regard to legislation affecting the miners of Pennsylvania and with regard to legislation affecting the laborers of Pennsylvania. I want to say to you right now that, as the gentleman from Washington has seen fit to describe those things that take place at the mouths of mines, with which I am familiar, and which we all deplore, I protest to that spirit which seems to condemn the whole code on the strength of those accidents, and I submit to you gentlemen that he has not advanced an argument. I submit in all fairness that this House cannot afford, after having passed a bill like the school code, and after having done this grand work of passing the road bill and several other important matters that have been covered, and after all the other ground which has been so well covered, we cannot afford to go back on a committee and on these 50,000 people in Central Pennsylvania, who have agreed that this piece of legislation is an improvement on what we now have. I hope you will see your way clear to indorse the report of this conference committee upon my personal assurance that I have waited until the last moment before making up my mind to give it my unqualified indorsement.

Mr. PITCHFORD. Mr. Speaker, I would like the privilege of interrogating the gentleman from Washington, Mr. Feeney.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman allow himself to be interrogated?

Mr. FEENEY. Yes, sir.

Mr. PITCHFORD. Mr. Speaker, is it not a fact that the mine owners of your district appeared before the Mining Committee and presented 16 amendments which were entered in this bill which is now here?

Mr. FEENEY. I don't quite understand you.

Mr. PITCHFORD. Mr. Speaker, I desire to say that Western Pennsylvania, which is your district, got all the amendments into this bill that they wanted.

Mr. FEENEY. No.

Mr. PITCHFORD. Is it not true that the Mining Committee allowed three weeks to elapse for the purpose of getting the miners of Western Pennsylvania to embody any amendments they wanted?

Mr. FEENEY. In reply to that I will say that it is a fact that the miners from the Western Pittsburg district were refused the amendments they wanted. Is that not true?

Mr. PITCHFORD. No sir, that is not a fact.

Mr. FEENEY. That is the fact.

Mr. PITCHFORD. That is not the fact. Mr. Speaker, all parties interested in mines and mining in the bituminous coal fields were given an opportunity for a hearing before that committee. The gentleman from Washington knows, because he was there pretty nearly all the time. I want to say that there never was a more cordial hearing given to anybody than to the men who appeared before that committee, and they were received and treated with the utmost courtesy by our chairman here [referring to Mr. Wilson]. I don't claim that this code will prevent in future accidents or that accidents will not occur in the bituminous coal field in the future, and no man ever alleged that anything could be done to prevent that. No, sir, they could not do it, and I want to say furthermore, that the miners in Central Pennsylvania, and most of them in the western fields of the bituminous coal districts, numbering over 100,000 men are in favor of this code. The president of the district was down here last night, attended this conference and has agreed to it, and the miners are for it.

Mr. FEENEY. I speak for Western Pennsylvania, where these disasters have occurred, and I have spoken the truth. The gentleman has stated that our miners got all the amendments they wanted in that code, to which I take exception.

Mr. FLYNN. Mr. Speaker, I wish to interrogate the gentleman from Washington, Mr. Feeney. The gentleman who introduced this measure didn't know what it contained.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman allow himself to be interrogated?

Mr. FEENEY. I would like to get through with my speech. Mr. FEENEY continuing: I desire to say that I worked in that district ever since I was a boy, and I want

to say that my friend here has been very much alarmed about the labor of his committee and the expense that has been involved, but I will say, after seeing those terrible accidents, that it is not a case of dollars and cents with me, but it is a case of life and death. I will answer any question that the gentleman from Elk desires to ask if I can.

Mr. FLYNN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask the gentleman who made the statement that the gentleman who introduced this bill didn't know what it contained. Didn't the gentleman from Washington make the fight in the committee for 250 volts?

Mr. FEENEY. Correct.

Mr. FLYNN. I ask further if he himself didn't offer an amendment in this committee making the maximum voltage 500 volts?

Mr. FEENEY. No; there is a misunderstanding somewhere about that.

Mr. FLYNN. As a member of the Committee on Mining I wish to state that the only opposition—the only real opposition which the gentleman from Washington has presented to this code is the fact that he was opposed to the provision of 600 volts. He offered an amendment to reduce that voltage to 250 volts. I submit to you that 250 volts is just as dangerous as 600 volts. I also submit to you that when you go above 200 volts the danger is not any greater no matter what the voltage is. The only question at issue is the report of the committee on conference. That consists of a single amendment and that amendment, which the committee has adopted, was submitted to the president of the Mine Workers' Union of District No. 2, who referred it to the members of the examining board. This code has been the work of men who are informed on this subject. Some of the greatest mining experts in the United States have given their time to perfect this bill, and it has been agreed upon by the chief of the Department to Mines. It has been agreed to by the representatives of the Miners' Union, with the exception of one small faction in the western end of the State from which the gentleman from Washington comes. I don't mean to state when I say that that everybody unanimously agreed to everything and with all the provisions of this code, but like every other bill as important as this and as far-reaching, compromise became a necessity. We might have worked until doomsday and not get a bill with which everybody would be perfectly satisfied. There are necessarily conflicting ideas in any bill of this kind in its preparation, but I do state without fear of contradiction that this bill as it is presented to you to-night is the very best that can be done at this time, and in my judgment represents an intelligent compromise.

This bill has the indorsement of the Honorable James E. Roderick, chief of the Department of Mines. It has been eighteen years since the last bituminous coal code was passed. Many new conditions have arisen, brought about by modern mining methods, and it is high time that the mining laws should be changed to meet these conditions.

The fatalities about mines have increased, and this bill is an honest effort to reduce fatalities and personal injuries to a minimum. The remedies suggested by miners, mining engineers, the State Department of Mines and many experts are: Closer supervision of the inside operations, which is provided for in this bill by two fire boss examinations instead of one, assistant mine foreman to assist the mine foreman in closer supervision, shot firers, use of safety explosives, tamping with incombustible material, dampening and removal of the dust and increased ventilation, all of which is provided for by this measure.

Patrick Gilday, president of the United Mine Workers of District No. 2, who represents 50,000 miners in the Central District of Pennsylvania, was here yesterday and approved the bill as it is now presented to this body.

The opponents of this bill have not at any time, either before the committee or on the floor of either house, pointed out even one specific reason why this bill should not become a law. They were repeatedly asked to state wherein the bill was objectionable, and in every instance they have refused to do so. It is safe to conclude that when they fail to point out specific reasons for their objecting to the bill they have no good reasons for opposing it.

Some objection has been taken to the voltage of the electric system permitted in mines. This objection is not well taken, for the reason that a careful examination of the reports of the Department of Mines for the past several years shows that the injuries received from electricity are but about 5 per cent. of the total injuries received in mines. It is one of the lowest causes of injuries known about the mines. Electricity has been in common use in and about coal mines for many years and is approved by the laws of all coal mining States. The records of the State Department of Mines show that there were more men killed and injured by the old mule and tail rope haulage system than are now killed or injured by the electrical haulage system.

Mr. MAGEE. Mr. Speaker, I wish to say that two years ago I came into this House at the same time with the gentleman from Western Pennsylvania and I found him to be a man of character, and he impressed me that way. I made some inquiry about this matter among the miners and among the operators on this particular subject. I believed what they said. I went down and saw the crowds and know what these men said and how they regard this bill. I am familiar with the sentiment of 50,000 miners and they ought to know what is best for them.

On the question recurring,

Will the House adopt the report of the committee on conference?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—129.

Allman	Fay	Keene	Richards
Akers	Ferguson	Kelsey	Riebel
Alter	Flynn	Klingerman	Robinson
Baldwin, R. J.	Freeman	Klumpp	Rockwell
Bartman	Frey	Knight	Sassaman
Bentley	Gans,	Larkins	Savidge
Billman	Gibson	Leh	Schad
Bosher	Gilkeson	Light	Schmidt
Boyd	Good	Lindsay	Scott, J. R.
Brehm	Gransback	Malle	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Graybill	McArdle	Shadrach
Campbell, W	Grove	McClung	Shaffer
Carroll	Guyaux	McGowan	Shannon
Carter	Haggerty	McJunkin	Sherwood
Clarency	Hecht	McNichol	Shoemaker,
Cleary	Henry	Miller	Shreve
Clymer	Herman	Mills	Snyder, A.
Cole	Hess	Moore	Snyder, P.
Conner, P.	Hibshman	Morris	Steese
Conner, W.	Hilton	Moulthrop,	Swan
Conrade	Hoffman	Neel	Ulerich
Cox, E.	Hoover	Newbaker.	Wallace
Crum	Hormell	North	Walton
Currier	Hough,	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr
Curry	Howard	Pitchford	Ward, W.
Dale	Hunter, R.	Raesley	Watts
Detzel	Irwin	Rath	Welch
Dunn, H.	Jackson	Reel	Williams
Dunn, J.	Johnson, C.	Reeser	Wilson
Ehrhardt	Johnson, D.	Reno	Woodward
Eichenberger	Johnston	Reyburn	Young
Ewing,	Keely	Rhoads	Cox, J. F., Speaker
Fahey			

NAYS—45.

Abbott	Donahoe	Keister	Reece
Baldwin, G.	Enbody,	Kelley, J	Rider
Bender	Feeney	Kelly, M.	Robison
Benson	Fitzgerald	Kern	Roney
Blair	Geary	Magee	Row
Bossert	Gray	Mannion	Rumsey
Brennan	Halferty	Martin	Schofield,
Campbell, C.	Healey	Maurer	Snavely
Campbell, J.	Hobbs	McInerney	Speer
Dallas	Holland	McKean	Stein
Davis, W.	Jones, J	McMullen	Walnut
Dearden			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

Mr. EHRHARDT called up the report of the committee of conference on House Bill No. 479.

The report was read as follows:

To the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned, Committee on Conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 479 entitled "An Act to authorize the appointment by County Commissioners of assessors in counties not having less than two hundred thousand nor more than three hundred and twenty-five thousand inhabitants, prescribing their powers, duties and procedure, and fixing salaries thereof, and providing for the abolition of the office of assessor, now existing in said counties," submit the following, to wit:

That the House recede from its non-concurrence of the said bill as amended in the Senate, and concur in the same;

THOS. A. SNYDER,
W. C. McCONNELL,
OSCAR E. THOMSON.

Committee on the part of the Senate.

FREDERICK C. EHRHARDT,
E. W. KLINGERMAN,

Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act to authorize the appointment by county commissioners or assessors in counties having not less than two hundred thousand nor more than three hundred twenty-five thousand inhabitants prescribing their powers duties and procedure and fixing salaries thereof and providing for the abolition of the office of assessor now existing in said counties

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That in all counties of this Commonwealth having not less than two hundred thousand nor more than three hundred twenty-five thousand inhabitants the county commissioners of such counties shall appoint nine sober judicious and intelligent citizens residents of the county from which they are appointed for at least four years prior thereto as a board of assessors for a period of four years or until their successors are duly qualified not more than six members of said board of assessors shall be of the same political party

Section 2 The county commissioners and the board of assessors appointed pursuant to the provisions of this act shall sub-divide the county into convenient districts and shall perform all the duties of assessors under the laws of this Commonwealth as to the valuation of property for county purposes

Section 3 The said board of assessors shall during the first year of their term of service make or cause to be made a full just and equal assessment of all property within the cities boroughs and townships and their several sub-divisions comprised within such county subject by law to taxation for county purposes which assessment shall stand until the next triennial assessment for county purposes at which time and every third year thereafter an assessment shall be made and shall in all cases value such property at such sums as the same would in their judgment bring at a fair public sale thereof It shall be their duty to revise alter and equalize the said assessment in respect to properties in the city borough or township and the several divisions thereof and to so far modify the assessments during the years succeeding the year of the triennial assessment as the changes of ownership or the conditions of the improvements thereon shall require and they shall complete their annual assessments on or before the first day of February in each year For the purpose of their duties they shall have the custody of all books relating to the assessment of county taxes upon the completion of the assessment as hereinbefore required The said board shall sit annually on or before the first day of March and shall continue to sit from day to day until all complaints shall have been heard from the several cities boroughs and townships and their sub-divisions They shall be provided with an office in the court house at the county seat

Section 4 It shall be the duty of such boards to give at least five days' written or printed notice to every taxable inhabitant of the county of the amount or sums for which he stands rated in any triennial assessment and also of any change in his assessment in any intervening year together with the time and place of hearing complaints For the purpose of such hearing the said board shall have authority to administer oaths and affirmations touching any matter relating thereto and any wilful false statement under oath as to any material fact of any complaint or his agent or attorney shall be deemed perjury and punishable as such Any persons aggrieved by the final action of any board of assessors may appeal therefrom to the county commissioners whose powers and duties relating to assessments shall remain as heretofore

Section 5 The assessors for county purposes in the several cities boroughs and townships in such counties shall continue to act until appointments are made under this act and thereupon their office shall become abolished

Section 6 All such assessors shall assemble in convention together with the county commissioners at least once in each year upon the call of the county commissioners of the county by whom they are appointed for the purpose of comparing adjusting revising et cetera the value of properties and to furnish the county commissioners with such other information as shall enable them to properly perform their duties in cases of appeal

Section 7 Each of said assessors shall before entering upon his duties take and subscribe the following oath "I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support obey and defend the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of this Commonwealth and that I will discharge the duties of my office with fidelity That I will not knowingly receive directly or indirectly any money or other valuable thing for the performance or non-performance of any act or duty pertaining to my office other than the compensation allowed by law" and file the same with the clerk of the court of quarter sessions Any vacancy happening in said board shall be filled by appointment by the county commissioners for the unexpired term The compensation of such assessors shall be twenty-five thousand ($25,000) dollars per annum for each assessor and necessary traveling expenses subject to the approval of the county commissioners and county controller

Section 8 Said board of assessors shall have the power to appoint a chief clerk at a salary of fifteen hundred dollars per annum and a deputy clerk at a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum Said board of assesors shall have power to appoint a clerk or clerks subject to the action of the salary board as provided by law

Section 9 That all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this act or any part thereof are hereby repealed

On the question,

Will the House adopt the report of the committee of conference?

Mr. HOBBS. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I wish to call your attention to the fact that this bill, which was defeated yesterday, has not been changed by the conference committee. It provides:

That in all counties of this Commonwealth having not less than two hundred thousand nor more than three hundred twenty-five thousand inhabitants the county commissioners of such counties shall appoint nine sober judicious and intelligent citizens residents of the county from which they are appointed for at least four years prior thereto as a board of assessors for a period of four years or until their successors are duly qualified not more than six members of said board of assessors shall be of the same political party

The county commissioners and the board of assessors appointed pursuant to the provisions of this act shall subdivide the county into convenient districts and shall perform all the duties of assessors under the laws of this Commonwealth as to the valuation of property for county purposes

Now, gentlemen, the county commissioners and the assessors shall make the assessments. Gentlemen, I think the assessors should make it. It further provides:

The said board of assessors shall during the first year of their term of service make or cause to be made a full just and equal assessment of all property within the cities boroughs and townships and their several sub-divisions comprised within

They would cause to be made, without doing the work individually. While the men for two dollars a day would do the work, they would reap the benefit of the higher salaries. Gentlemen, further it provides:

All such assesors shall assemble in convention together with the county commissioners at least once in each year upon the call of the county commissioners of the county by whom they are apopinted for the purpose of comparing adjusting revising et cetera the value of properties and to furnish the county commissioners with such other information as shall enable them to properly perform their duties in cases of appeal

Now, as to the salaries. The compensation of such assessors shall be twenty-five hundred dollars. That is all stated in one line. In the following line it states that the salary shall be three thousand dollars each, so there is some confusion there as to which it will be, and it also calls for the necessary traveling expenses, subject to the approval of the county commissioners and county controller. So the expense is not only the salaries, but the traveling expenses may be added to it, and according to these provisions the salaries will amount to $25,200 for the assessors and the clerks, and the amount of which I sincerely believe is ten thousand dollars more than is necessary for such work. Further, gentlemen, this is supposed to be a representative government, and the representatives from these three counties—Lackawanna, Schuylkill and Westmoreland—numbering sixteen, ten of the sixteen are opposed to this bill. Therefore, the vote should carry in the proportion of ten to six against this measure.

Mr. HOBBS. I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Westmoreland, Mr. Ulerich.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Westmoreland, Mr. Ulerich, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. ULERICH. I will

Mr. HOBBS. Would you please give us some information as to the sentiment of your constituents in Westmoreland county in regard to this bill?

Mr. ULERICH. As far as the sentiment of my people are concerned they are against this bill. Our five members here are against it, and I think they are for the reason that our people do not want it.

Mr. HOBBS. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Schuylkill, Mr. Brennan.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Schuylkill, Mr. Brennan, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. BRENNAN. I will.

Mr. HOBBS. I would like to ask the gentleman from Schuylkill the same question.

Mr. BRENNAN. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I did not think that we would have any more trouble with this bill after yesterday, when it met with such unmerciful defeat. There is one thing about killing a bill. You never know when you have done it. Because this bill

was killed the people in my county are calling me "The Legislative Snake Killer." I have not heard of one of my constituents who is favorable to a measure of this kind. In the killing of this bill yesterday morning four of the five representatives from my county voted against it. So far as my county is concerned. I do not think that there is one person in the county who wants such a measure. For that reason I ask the members of this House not to adopt this report.

Mr. HOBBS. Mr. Speaker, I wish to have it thoroughly understood that so far as political party is concerned that it has no significance. It should have none so far as the bill is concerned in taking the position I am taking. This is only a matter of principle, as I see it, and I believe that we, as representatives of the people here, are not justified in enacting laws which are against their desires, and I sincerely believe that the constituents of Lackawanna county, at least 75 per cent. of them, are opposed to this measure and it appears to me that this is only politics, and one of the principle motives of this measure is to take care of certain political friends for certain political jobs, and, further, that such men may be used for campaign purposes. I sincerely hope that this report will not be adopted.

Mr. KLINGERMAN. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, from my portion of Schuylkill county I have heard that they want this bill to pass, and I ask the members of this House to give us their votes on this measure.

Mr. EHRHARDT. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen, I have no desire to intrude on your time nor to prolong this discussion longer than necessary. I am satisfied that the people of our section want this bill. We want an equitable, just and fair assessment, which we cannot get under existing conditions. In our section we have a ward assessment, as in the other two counties to which this bill applies. These assessors may be from men in various walks of life, men unacquainted with the valuations of land. The taxpayers have to go to the courts to get a proper assessment. If we have this law, you are only paying a fair salary, and the responsibility is localized and centered on nine men. This law would give us the assessment that we ought to have, and I ask the House to pass this bill.

Mr. BRENNAN. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Lackawanna, Mr. Ehrhardt, permit himself to be interrogated.

Mr. EHRHARDT. I will.

Mr. BRENNAN. When he states that the people of his county are anxious for this bill, why did he not eliminate Schuylkill and Westmoreland counties and take it for Lackawanna?

Mr. EHRHARDT. There are members from the different counties on the committee. We had a member from Schuylkill county on that committee.

The question recurring,

Will the House adopt the report of the committee on conference?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken, whereupon a verification of the roll was called for, and the vote was as follows:

YEAS—105.

Allen	Fahey	Kelsey,	Riebel
Bartman	Fay	Klingerman	Robinson
Bass	Flynn	Klumpp	Robison
Bentley	Freeman	Larkins	Roney
Billman	Frey	Leh	Sassaman
Bosher	Gans	Magee	Savidge
Breitinger	Geary	Malie	Schad
Campbell, C.	Gilkeson	McAleer	Schmidt
Carroll	Gransback	McArdle	Schofield
Carter	Grove	McClung	Scott, J.
Clarency	Guyaux	McInerney	Shadrach
Cleary	Haggerty	McMullen	Shannon
Clymer	Halferty	McNichol	Sherwood
Cole	Hecht	Miller	Shreve
Conner, P.	Henry	Mills	Stein
Conrade	Hoffman	Moore	Swan
Cox, E.	Hoover	Morris	Townsend
Crum	Hormell	Newbaker	Tunis
Currier	Howard	North	Von Tacky
Curry	Irwin	Perry	Ward, W., Jr.
Dale	Johnson, C. V.,	Phillips	Ward, W. B.
Davis, A.	Johnson, D. D.,	Pitchford	Whitman
Dunn, H.	Johnston	Rath	Wilson
Dunn, J.	Keely,	Reno	Woodward
Ehrhardt	Keene,	Reyburn	Young
Eichenberger	Keister	Richards	Cox, J.
Ewing			Speaker

NAYS—58.

Abbott	Donahoe	Kelly, M. C.,	Reel
Ailman	Enbody	Kern	Rider
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Knight	Rockwell
Bender	Fitzgerald	Light	Scott, S.
Benson	Gibson	Martin	Shoemaker
Blair	Gray	Matt	Snyder, A.
Bossert	Herman	Maurer	Snyder, P.
Boyd	Hibshman	McGowan	Speer
Brehm	Hobbs	McJunkin	Steese
Brennan	Hough	McKean	Swartz
Campbell, J.	Hunter J. N.,	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Dallas	Hunter, R. P.,	Neel	Walnut
Davis, W.	Jackson	Raesley	Watts
Dearden	Jones, J. R.,	Reece	Welch
Dershem			Williams

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I desire to call up at this time from the third reading postponed calendar House Bill No. 707 (Senate No. 365) on page 8 of to-day's calendar.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 707 (Senate No. 365).

An act providing for an appeal from the judgment of aldermen and justices of the peace within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania regardless of the amount in controversy or of the amount of the judgment rendered

The question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. This is a bill that was introduced by Senator Wasbers, of York county. It is not in the House. This bill has been suggested by the various laundrymen throughout the Commonwealth. The purpose of the bill is this: Under the present law a judgment for an amount under $5.33 cannot be appealed to the common pleas courts. The result is that when laundrymen are sued for the loss of a package of laundry, and judgment is given against them, they have no redress to the higher courts. This bill has been requested by a vast number of people, as has been shown by the correspondence that the members of the House have received. I know, Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House that the oil trust is against this bill, but the small sum of $5.33 would hardly affect their dividends. I ask the gentlemen of the House to support this bill.

BILL DROPPED FROM CALENDAR.

Mr. VON TACKY. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be stricken from the calendar.

Mr. MATT. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. GANS called up the report of the committee of conference on House Bill No. 600.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 600.

The report was read as follows:

To the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned committee of conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives, for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 600, submit the bill without amendments as our report.

DAVID A. WILBERT,
JAMES L. ADAMS,
OSCAR E. THOMSON,
Committee on the Part of the Senate.

SIGMUND J. GANS,
JOHN SWAN, JR.,
F. J. DETZEL,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act regulating drivers and operators of all vehicles and persons riding or leading animals on the public highways requiring the display of lights upon vehicles and prescribing penalties for violation of the same

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That whenever any person driving or operating a vehicle of any description or riding or leading a horse horses or other animals of draft or burden upon any of the public streets or highways in this Commonwealth shall meet another vehicle or animals of draft or burden being led ridden or driven thereon such person shall reasonably turn to the right of the center of such street or highway sufficiently to permit such vehicle or animals to pass without interference and whenever any person driving or operating a vehicle or riding or leading a horse or horses or other animals of draft or burden shall overtake another vehicle or animal being led ridden or driven such

person shall pass to the left thereof and the person so overtaken shall upon warning or signal turn promptly to the right of the center of said street or highway to allow a free passage to the left Where the width and condition of the streets or highways permit slower moving vehicles shall keep to the right of the center of such street or highways

Section 2 From one hour after sunset until one hour before sunrise there shall be displayed upon every vehicle being driven operated or standing upon the public streets or highways of this Commonwealth at least one fixed light visible for at least one hundred feet both to the front and rear of said vehicle

Section 3 The constables and police officers of the cities boroughs townships and counties of this Commonwealth may arrest upon view and without warrant any person violating any of the provisions of this act

Section 4 Any person violating any of the provisions of this act shall be subject to a fine of not less than one ($1.00) dollar nor more than five ($5.00) dollars for each offense to be collected by summary conviction before any magistrate or justice of the peace as like fines and penalties are now by law collected or in case of non-payment of such fine within forty-eight hours shall undergo an imprisonment in the county prison for a period not exceeding five days Provided however That nothing in this act shall limit or annul the special restrictions placed upon the operators of motor vehicles or the penalties to which they are subject for violation thereof

On the question,

Will the House adopt the report of the committee of conference?

Mr. DERSHEM. Mr. Speaker, this report varies very little from the bill which was defeated this morning, except that it reduces the fine from five to one, instead of from ten to five. This measure, if enacted into law, would work a hardship on the people living in the rural districts, and taking into consideration the fact that the Legislature is giving the people many new laws which will necessitate many changes in the conducting of the affairs of the rural communities, I believe our people at home would be just as well satisfied if this Legislature would adjourn without enacting this obnoxious measure into a law.

Mr. MATT. Mr. Speaker, I move that the further consideration of this bill be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. KNIGHT. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The Speaker announced that the chair was in doubt, and a division having been called for, and 66 members having voted in the affirmative and 86 in the negative, the motion was not agreed to.

Mr. NORTH. Mr. Speaker, I want to say in the interest of two hundred thousand farmers that if you enact this into law and place it on our statute books that two hundred thousand farmers will be heard from.

Mr. TUNIS in the Chair.

Mr. ALLEN. Mr. Speaker, before this roll is called I desire to say just a word in favor of the provisions of this bill. From what has been said, and from the noise that has been made, you would think that a great hardship were being put on us who represent the rural districts. Mr. Speaker, I come from a district embracing twenty townships and twenty-four boroughs, in which there are more people than in any district in Pennsylvania. I come from a district numbering 293,395 according to the last United States census. A great many of the people in my district are dairymen, and a great many of the people in this same district are producers of garden truck, farmers, if you please, and I want to say in relation to the district, and I say this in all seriousness, gentlemen, that it has as many good roads and as many night travelers as any district in this State. Speaking for my constituents and for their protection, it seems just and right to me that this bill should pass. Mr. Speaker, there seems to be a bold attempt on the part of the gentleman from Philadelphia to have me join the "Lame Duck Association." But I do say this, that this bill is a protection to every man on the highways at night. You would not countenance for one minute for the railroads in this land whirling at almost a mile a minute not to have headlights on the locomotives. It is a warning to you. Neither would you countenance for one moment to see the automobile going up and down the highways without a headlight, warning you of their approach. The light is there for what? Not only for the protection of those occupying the cars, but also for the protection of the people in the highways. How many of you, many, many of you, have been in machines after dark and have seen, if you were able to see at all, something suddenly appear before you, and many of you have been ditched for what, not to protect the occupants of that machine, but to protect the wagon or the vehicles, the driver of which has gone to sleep sitting in his seat. You can howl and show all sorts of derision, but this is a matter of fact. I want to say further than that. It ha been stated, and is evidently true, that many of the peopl who are opposed to showing the danger light along th roadside have left an old wagon to be smashed up so tha they may get a new wagon. They will tie a crippled hors on the highway and he will be struck down by a machin in order that they can get damages. They don't do tha in my district, because my people want this bill passed I think it is a very righteous bill.

Mr. AILMAN. Mr. Speaker, I have only a few words t say, and, gentlemen of the House, I have just as muc time as you have. I can stand here just as long as yo can howl. When you come to sum up the work of thi Legislature you will find a very small amount that the farm ers have gotten, that they have a just right to ask for They don't want this particular piece of legislation. They know enough to take a lantern along on a dark night and can see well enough on a moonlight night to keep ou of the way of my friend, even when he comes driving zig zag along the road.

Mr. NORTH. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House I believe that this bill is worthy of more consideration While I enjoy this entertainment just as much as any one I hope that you will think for a minute and you will realize that this is a serious piece of legislation. This bill pro vides that for a man to drive a vehicle along the highway he must have his lights so fixed as to be visible for at least one hundred feet both to the front and rear of said vehicle Legislation of this kind is too drastic. The law does not require any one to do impossibilities, and I venture the assertion, without fear of contradiction, that a law of this kind, if placed on the statute books, will mean serious trouble for a great many people. The gentleman from Allegheny disclosed the true purpose of this bill when he referred to the railroad train. This bill is drawn solely in the interests of the automobile people, and I want to say that I am in favor of it to a certain extent, but we have been during this whole session encouraging the provisions for good roads and the automobile people will derive the most benefit from them. I introduced a bill which has been passed and signed by the Governor, removing these open ditches and culverts on the highways, but I want to say further that the method that was used in getting this bill to its present position does not reflect very much credit on the members of this House.

The question recurring,

Will the House adopt the report of the committee of conference?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken as follows, viz:

YEAS—78.

Abbott	Eichenberger	Malie,	Schad
Allen	Ewing	Maurer,	Schmidt
Baldwin, R.	Fay	McAleer,	Scott, J.
Bartman	Freeman	McClung,	Scott, S.
Bentley	Gans	McInerney	Shadrach
Bosher	Geary	McNichol,	Sherwood
Breitinger	Gilkeson	Moore,	Shoemaker
Campbell, C.	Gransback	Morris,	Shreve
Carroll	Halferty	Perry	Steese,
Carter	Hecht	[illegible]	Stein,
Clarency	Hormell	Rath	Swan
Conner, P.	Howard	Reno	Townsend
Conner, W.	Johnson, C.	Reyburn	Tunis
Conrade	Johnson, D.	Richards	Walnut
Crum	Keely,	Riebel	Ward, W., Jr.
Cumbler	Keene,	Robinson	Ward, W. B.
Currier	Keister,	Robison	Woodward
Curry	Klumpp,	Roney	Young
Dearden	Leh,	Savidge	Cox, J.
Ehrhardt	Magee,		Speaker

NAYS—88.

Ailman	Enbody	Jackson,	Reece
Akers	Feeney	Jones, J.	Reel
Alter	Flynn	Kelly, M.	Rhoads
Anderson	Frey	Kelsey,	Rider
Baldwin, G.	Gibson	Kern,	Rockwell
Bass	Good	Knight,	Row
Bender	Gray	Light,	Sassaman
Benson	Graybill	Lindsay,	Schofield
Billman	Grove	Lowe,	Shaffer
Blair	Healey	Marvin,	Shannon
Bossert	Henry	Matt,	Snavely
Brehm	Herman	McGowan,	Snyder, A
Brennan	Hess	McJunkin,	Snyder, P
Caldwell	Hibshman	McKean,	Speer,
Campbell, J.	Hilton	McMullen,	Swartz
Campbell, W.	Hobbs	Mills,	Ulerich
Clymer	Hoffman	Moulthrop	Wallace
Cole	Hoover	Neel	Watts

ox, E.	Hough	Newbaker	Welch
ale	Hunter, R. P.	North	Whitman
allas	Irwin	Raesley	Williams
avis, W.			Wilson

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative and the report was not adopted.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RECALLING HOUSE BILL NO. 608 FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the resolution from the House of Representatives as follows, viz:

In the House of Representatives, May 24, 1911.

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That House Bill No. 608, entitled "An act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject" be recalled from the Governor for the purpose of amendment.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILLS RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 265:

An act relating to roads providing for the election and appointment of township supervisors in second class townships defining their powers duties and limitations relating to road tax and the expenditures thereof abolishing the work tax defining certain duties of the clerk of court fixing penalties for violation of this act and making an appropriation to carry out its provisions

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The Clerk read the amendments as follows:

In line 54, after the word "township," insert the following: Provided further That upon the neglect or refusal of the supervisors of any township to carry out the instructions of the State Highway Commissioner as aforesaid then the State Highway Commissioner shall withhold from said township so neglecting or refusing the amount to which it would otherwise be entitled for the year in which said neglect or refusal occurred."

Amend section 17, line 1, by striking out the words "three million" and inserting in lieu thereof "five hundred thousand ($500,000)."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. E. E. JONES. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House non-concur in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 265.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1171:

An act making an appropriation to the Titusville Hospital located at Titusville Crawford county

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments, in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The Clerk read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 1 by inserting in line 4 the word "eleven;" strike out in line 4 the word "ten," insert in line 4 "($11,000)," strike out in line 4 "($10,000)."

Strike out in section 1, line 11, the word "ten," insert word "eleven." Strike out in line 11 "($10,000)," insert "($11,000)."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—114.

Abbott	Geary	Light,	Schad
Allen	Gibson	Lindsay,	Schmidt
Bentley	Gilkeson	Magee,	Schultz
Billman	Gransback	Marvin,	Scott, J.
Blair	Graybill	McAleer,	Shadrach
Bosher	Grove	McClung,	Sherwood
Breitinger	Haggerty	McJunkin,	Shreve
Campbell, C.	Hafferty	McMullen,	Snyder, P.
Carroll	Hecht	McNichol,	Speer,
Carter	Hess	Miller,	Stein,
Clarency	Hibshman	Mills,	Swan
Cleary	Hoffman	Moore,	Swartz
Conner, P.	Holland	Morris,	Townsend
Conrade	Hornell	Moses	Tunis
Cumbler	Hough	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Curry	Howard	North	Von Tacky
Dale	Irwin	Perry	Wallace
Dallas	Johnson, C.	Piper	Walnut
Davis, A.	Johnson, D.	Rath	Ward, W., Jr.
Dearden	Johnston,	Reel	Ward, W. B.
Dunn, H.	Keely,	Reeser	Watts
Dunn, J.	Keene,	Reno	Welch
Ehrhardt	Keister,	Rhoads	Wilcox
Eichenberger	Kelley, J.	Riebel	Williams
Ewing	Kelsey,	Robinson	Wilson
Fahey	Klingerman,	Robison	Woodward
Fay	Klumpp,	Roney	Young
Feeney	Larkins,	Row	Cox, J.
Freeman	Leh,	Sassaman	Speaker

NAYS—26.

Allman	Donahue	Jones, J.	Matt,
Baldwin, G.	Donnally	Kelly, M.	Maurer,
Bossert	Good	Kern,	Mickman,
Brown	Gray	Knight,	Rider
Cole	Henry	Kuhns,	Scott, S.
Davis, W.	Herman	Lafferty,	Snyder, A.
Dershem			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1263:

An act making an appropriation to Temple University of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 11, strike out the words "one hundred" and insert in lieu thereof the word "ten;" strike out the figures "($100,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($10,000)."

Line 13, strike out the word "ten" and insert in lieu thereof the words "one hundred;" strike out the figures "($10,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($100,000)."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments as made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—148.

Abbott	Frey	Kuhns,	Robison
Allman	Gans	Lafferty,	Rockwell
Allen	Geary	Larkins,	Row
Anderson	Gibson	Light,	Rumsey
Baldwin, E.	Gilkeson	Lowe,	Sassaman
Bartman	Good	Magee	Savidge
Benson	Gransback	Malie,	Schad
Billman	Graybill	Martin,	Schmidt
Bosher	Grove	Marvin,	Schofield
Boyd	Guyaux	Matt,	Scott, J.
Breitinger	Haggerty	Maurer	Scott, S.
Caldwell	Halferty	McArdle,	Shaffer
Campbell, J.	Healey	McClung,	Shannon
Carroll	Hecht	McGowan,	Sherwood
Clarency	Henry	McJunkin,	Shoemaker
Cleary	Herman	McKean,	Snavely
Cole	Hess	McMullen	Snyder, P.
Conner, P.	Hilton	McNichol,	Speer,
Conner, W.	Hoffman	Mills,	Stein,
Conrade	Hoover	Moore,	Swan
Cox, E.	Hornell	Morris,	Swartz
Cumbler	Hough	Moses	Townsend
Currier	Howard	Neel	Tunis
Curry	Hunter, J. N.	Newbaker	Ulerich
Davis, A.	Hunter, R.	North	Von Tacky
Davis, W.	Irwin	Perry	Walnut
Dershem	Johnson, C.	Phillips	Walton
Donnally	Johnston,	Pitchford	Ward, W., Jr.
Dunn, H.	Jones, E.	Rath	Ward, W. B.
Ehrhardt	Jones, J.	Reece	Watts
Ewing	Keely,	Reel	Welch
Fay	Keene,	Reeser	Wilcox
Feeney	Keister,	Reno	Williams
Ferguson	Kelly, M.	Rhoads	Wilson
Fitzgerald	Kelsey,	Richards	Woodward
Flynn	Klingerman,	Rider	Young
Freeman	Knight,	Riebel	Cox, J.
			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION RECALLING SENATE BILL NO. 37 FROM THE SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the resolution from the House of Representatives as follows, viz:

In the House of Representatives, May 24, 1911.

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That Senate Bill No. 37, entitled "A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania," be recalled from the Senate.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which Senate Bill No. 37, entitled:

"A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution" passed finally be reconsidered.

Mr. SCHAD. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

BILL RECOMMITTED.

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, I move that this bill be recommitted to the Judiciary General Committee.

Mr. SCHAD. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILLS RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1260:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to accept the grant of public lands by the United States for the endowment of agricultural colleges" aproved April first one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three and making appropriations for carrying the same into effect

With information that the Senate had passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendment was read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, after line 40, insert the following: "Provided That a free scholarship in a complete course of study in any of the departments of the college shall be awarded to each Senator of the Senate of Pennsylvania each year for the years one thousand nine hundred and eleven and one thousand nine hundred and twelve."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments as made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—137.

Akers	Enbody	Keister,	Riebel
Allen	Fahey	Kelsey,	Robinson
Alter	Fay	Kinney	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Klingerman	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Flynn	Larkins,	Roney
Bartman	Freeman	Leh,	Row
Bender	Frey	Light,	Sassaman
Bentley	Geary	Lindsay,	Savidge
Bosher	Gilkeson	Magee	Schad
Boyd	Good	Malie,	Schmidt
Brehm	Gransback	McAleer	Schofield
Breitinger	Gray	McArdle,	Scott, J.
Brennan	Grove	McClung,	Shadrach
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McInerney,	Sherwood
Campbell, W.	Hafferty	McMullen	Shreve
Carter	Hecht	McNichol,	Snyder, P.
Clarency	Henry	Miller,	Speer,
Cleary	Hess	Mills,	Stein,
Clymer	Hibshman	Moore	Swartz
Connell	Hobbs	Morris,	Townsend
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Moses	Tunis
Conner, W.	Holland	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Conrade	Hoover	Neel	Von Tacky
Cox, E.	Hough	North	Walton
Crum	Howard	Perry	Ward, W., Jr.
Cumbler	Hunter, R. P.	Phillips	Ward, W. B.
Curry	Irwin	Piper	Watts
Dale	Jackson,	Pitchford	Welch
Davis, A.	Johnson, C.	Rath	Wilcox
Dearden	Johnson, D.	Reel	Williams
Detzel	Johnston,	Reeser	Wilson
Dunn, H.	Jones, J.	Reno	Woodward
Dunn, J.	Keely,	Reyburn	Young
Ehrhardt	Keene,	Rhoads	Cox, J.
Eichenberger			Speaker

NAYS—13.

Allman	Gibson	Matt,	Scott, S.
Bossert	Knight,	McJunkin,	Shannon
Carroll	Marvin,	Reece	Snyder, A.
Dallas			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 794:

An act providing for and regulating the taking of land by condemnation proceedings to enlarge certain cemeteries now or hereafter incorporated

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, at the end of line 19, add the following: "nor any lands underlaid with a workable vein of coal."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—151.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelly, M. C.,	Robinson
Akers	Eichenberger	Klingerman	Rockwell
Allen	Ewing	Klumpp	Roney
Alter	Fahey	Lafferty	Row
Anderson	Fay	Larkins	Sassaman
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Letzkus	Savidge
Baldwin, R.	Freeman	Light	Schad
Bartman	Frey	Lindsay	Schmidt
Bass	Gans	Lowe	Schofield
Bender	Geary	Magee	Schultz
Bentley	Gilkeson	Martin	Scott, J.
Bosher	Gransback	Marvin	Scott, S.
Boyd	Gray	McAleer	Shadrach
Brehm	Graybill	McArdle	Sherwood
Breitinger	Grove	McClung	Shreve
Brennan	Guyaux	McInerney	Snyder, P.
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McJunkin	Speer
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McMullen	Steese
Carroll	Henry	McNichol	Stein
Carter	Hess	Miller	Swan
Clarency	Hibshman	Mills	Swartz
Cleary	Hobbs	Moore	Townsead
Clymer	Hoffman	Morris	Tunis
Connell	Holland	Moses	Ulerich
Conner, P.	Hormell	Moulthrop	Von Tacky
Conner, W.	Hough	Newbaker	Wallace
Conrade	Howard	North	Walton
Cox, E.	Hunter, R. P.,	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Crum	Irwin	Piper	Ward, W.
Currier	Jackson	Pitchford	Watts
Curry	Johnson, C. V.,	Raesley	Welch
Dallas	Johnson, D.	Rath	Whitman
Davis, A.	Johnston	Reel	Wilcox
Dearden	Jones, E. E.,	Reeser	Wilson
Detzel	Jones, J. R.,	Reno	Woodward
Donnally	Keely,	Rhoads	Young
Dunn, H.	Keene,	Richards	Cox, J.
Dunn, J.	Keister	Riebel	Speaker

NAYS—1.

Shannon

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGES.

HOUSE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bills from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 702:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act relative to Berks county prison and to discharged convicts" approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight

House Bill No. 724:

An act regulating the pay of election officers in all counties of this Commonwealth containing a population of not less than two hundred and fifty thousand and not more than five hundred thousand

House Bill No. 723:

An act to provide for the payment of costs in cases of summary conviction had before magistrates alderman and justices of the peace

House Bill No. 788:

An act authorizing the election in first class townships of an additional constable and fixing his term

House Bill No. 795:

An act to provide for the establishment of the Pennsylvania State Museum and the various divisions thereof and to create a board of trustees for its government and control

House Bill No. 752:

An act providing for the appointment by the court of common pleas of any county of auditors to audit settle and adjust the accounts of the directors treasurer and tax collectors of any poor district composed of more than one municipality or municipal district wholly within but less extensive than said county the population of which poor district shall be not less than one hundred and fifty thousand and not more than three hundred thousand prescribing their powers duties and compensation the form contents filing and publishing of their report and providing for appeals to the court of common pleas of such county and the Superior and Supreme Courts

House Bill No. 722:

An act amending the twenty-first section of an act entitled "An Act relating to county rates and levies and township rates and levies" approved the fifteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four by authorizing the collector to deputize a constable or other officer to make the levy and sale or to arrest the delinquent for non-payment of taxes

House Bill No. 717:

An act to amend the second section of an act approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act providing that the district attorneys in all counties whose population does not exceed one hundred and fifty thousand shall be paid a salary and fixing the same which shall be in lieu of all fees and in full compensation for their services and providing for the appointment of assistant district attorneys in said counties and for the compensation of the same and providing that the fees heretofore allowed the district attorneys upon indictments shall remain in amount as heretofore but shall hereafter be as part of the costs for the use and benefit of the proper county" by fixing the salaries of district attorneys in counties having more than thirty thousand but not more than forty thousand inhabitants

House Bill No. 718:

An act to permit trustees executors administrators or receivers where an estate is without money or property to have appeals heard in the appellate courts upon filing typewritten copies of the names of the parties abstract of proceedings verdict questions involved history of the case report of the auditor or master charge of the court points and answers thereto assignments of error argument and certified record

House Bill No. 743:

An act to exempt certain buildings from the provisions and requirements of the Act of Assembly approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An act amending section one of article three of an act entitled 'An Act for the better government of the cities of the first class in this Commonwealth' approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five regulating the construction alteration and ventilation of tenement houses and providing for the safety of the inhabitants thereof and providing penalties for the violation of the same" and of an act of Assembly approved the twelfth day of July Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act approved the third day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the better security of life and limb in cases of fire in hotels and other buildings' approved the eleventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine' extending the provisions thereof to buildings used in whole or in part for offices not of fire proof construction" and also an Act of Assembly approved the twenty-fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act to further regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings and party walls in cities of the first class"

House Bill No. 701:

An act authorizing C. L. Francisco of Sayre Bradford county Pennsylvania to bring suit and to recover against the Commonwealth in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county Pennsylvania any sum or sums of money which may be legally or justly due him from this Commonwealth for advertising in the Sayre Times Record the Constitutional Amendments proposed and voted on in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine

House Bill No. 704:

An act to amend an act approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two entitled "An Act relating to foreign executors administrators guardians and representatives of decedents and wards" by extending the provisions thereof to the assignment and satisfaction of record of mortgage debts and indentures of mortgage and to the receipt of the interest thereon

House Bill No. 327:

An act prescribing the number of fixtures for water supply for houses and other buildings occupied as dwellings in cities of the first class making violation of its provisions a misdemeanor and providing punishment for the same

House Bill No. 662:

An act relating to private sales of real estate ordered decreed or approved by the orphans' courts and providing a method of giving notice of such sales and validating such private sales of real estate heretofore made under the authority of the orphans' courts for the payment of debts

House Bill No. 1253:

An act making an appropriation to the Institute for Colored Youth at Cheyney Delaware County

House Bill No. 1141:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind at Pittsburg

House Bill No. 1129:

An act making an appropriation to the Improvement Children's Home of the City of Pittsburg

House Bill No. 1071:

An act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 754:

An act fixing the salary of the storekeeper in the office of the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings

House Bill No. 747:

An act providing for the appointment of a commission to survey and ascertain the location of a military route or roads constructed and traversed by General Edward Braddock and General John Forbes in their respective military expeditions of one thousand seven hundred and fifty-five and one thousand seven hundred and fifty-eight and make a report thereon to the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in writing for publication and making an appropriation for the payment of necessary assistance and expenses incurred in the field and office work of the same

House Bill No. 731:

An act prohibiting the making of appropriations by the General Assembly to unincorporated charitable reformatory or correctional institutions formed organized or established after the date of the approval of this act and making it unlawful for the Auditor General and State Treasurer to make payments of appropriations to such associations

House Bill No. 1293:

An act making an appropriation for the improvement of the State Canal Basins at the Port of Erie by dredging the said for widening the piers and bridge over the water channel between the said canal basin and erecting certain walls in the same for the protection of said State canal basins with harbor of Erie authorizing the appointment of a commission to make said improvements and providing for regulating the manner in which said basin shall be used by the public and kept in repairs

House Bill No. 1064:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home Philadelphia

House Bill No. 944:

An act making an appropriation to St. Joseph's Hospital of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1229:

An act making an appropriation of twenty-one thousand dollars for the erection of a monument to Robert Morris in the city of Philadelphia and empowering the appointment of a commission to select a site and to build such monument and providing for the expenses of the said commission and dedication of monument

House Bill No. 1050:

An act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools situate in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth to defray the expenses of erecting a refrigerating plant and the installation of a sewage plant for the boys' department at Glen Mills Delaware county

House Bill No. 920:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home and Maternity Hospital

House Bill No. 1328:

An act making an appropriation to Carroll R Williams J H Shoemaker and A Morton Cooper of Philadelphia for services as attorneys for the Dairy and Food Commissioner and to A K Cassell of said city for services as special agent of the Dairy and Food Commissioner

House Bill No. 1028:

An act making an appropriation to the Salvation Army Rescue and Maternity Home of Bellevue Allegheny county

House Bill No. 1133:

An act making an appropriation to the Springdale General Hospital at Springdale Allegheny county

House Bill No. 1282:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Agricultural Experiment Station of the Pennsylvania State College Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1290:

An act making an appropriation to the German Hospital of the city of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 590:

An act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to Fred Muster superintendent of the Bear Company Berwick Pennsylvania the amount paid by him to cover fine imposed for alleged violation of the minor labor act of one thousand nine hundred and nine

House Bill No. 1261:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the University of Pittsburg for the extension of the buildings of the School of Medicine and the School of Mines for the erection of a building for the School of Dentistry for the general maintenance of the University construction of all buildings and the purchase of equipment and for the Hospital Clinic Mining Engineering Medicine and Observatory purposes

House Bill No. 1275:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home located at one hundred and thirty-nine Queen street Germantown Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1262:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the University of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1230:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital of the Northern Anthracite Coal Region of Pennsylvania at Scranton Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1216:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Training School for Feeble Minded Children at Elwyn Delaware county

House Bill No. 1333:

An act making an appropriation to the German Baptist Home for the Aged of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1327:

An act making an appropriation to the Colored Day Nursery of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1264:

An act making an appropriation to Finance Committee of the Organizing Commission of the Twelfth International Congress of Navigation to help defray the expenses incident to the meeting of said Congress to be held in Philadelphia in June one thousand nine hundred and twelve

House Bill No. 1278:

An act making an appropriation to the Sisters of Charity of Saint Catherin's Orphan Asylum of Reading Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1364:

An act to authorize the purchase of historical works relative to the services of any regiment or battery or other unit of military organization of Pennsylvania Volunteers during the war for the suppression of the rebellion when same has been approved by the Governor Adjutant General and Auditor General making an appropriation for the purchase of same and payment of expenses incurred or services rendered in examination and correction of said histories and providing for distribution of histories so purchased

With information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

SENATE MESSAGES.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the amendments made by the House of Representatives to Senate bills numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

Senate Bill No. 159:

An act to provide within the following boundaries namely On the west by the present eastern line of Capitol Park on the north by the southern line of North street on the east by the western line of the right of way of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and on the south by the northern line of Walnut street for the extension of Capitol Park in the city of Harrisburg and for the acquiring taking and condemnation of the real estate in connection therewith and within said boundaries and for the demolition of the buildings and structures thereon and making an appropriation therefor and also for the expenses and cost in connection therewith

Senate Bill No. 476:

An act authorizing poor districts to acquire lands supply erect and equip hospitals for the care and treatment of indigent persons afflicted with tuberculosis and providing for a per capita allowance by the State for the patients treated therein

Senate Bill No. 379:

An act authorizing the Battlefield Commission of the Third Division Ninth Corps Army of the Potomac to purchase additional ground and authorizing the preparation and publication of a history of the proceedings incident to the erection and dedication of the monument at Petersburg Virginia including a history of the Pennsylvania regiments in said Division and making an appropriation therefor

Senate Bill No. 287:

An act supplementing an act approved the fifteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic to be called the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic and making an appropriation therefor" by abolishing the Commission therein established providing for the completion of said institution regulating the powers of the Board of Trustees and repealing the tenth and seventeenth sections thereof

Senate Bill No. 20:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the removal of judges of the Supreme Superior Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts permanently disqualified by reason of physical or mental disability to perform their judicial functions and duties with half pay for their unexpired terms and the filling of vacancies caused by such removal" approved May eleventh one thouasnd nine hundred and one so as to allow them full pay during the balance of their terms of office and half pay during the remainder of their lives if they have served twenty years continuously remain incapacitated but advise with their successor and colleagues so far as reasonably able to do

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 567:

An act amending the twentieth section of an act approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths and burial or removal permits requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics at the Capital of the State, as required to be established by the State Board of Health and to insure the thorough organization and efficiency of the registration of vital statistics throughout the State as provided in section seven of an act entitled 'An Act to establish a State Board of Health for the better protection of life and health and to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in this Commonwealth' approved June third one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five and making an appropriation for establishing and maintaining such a Bureau and providing certain penalties" as amended by an act approved the sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to amend sections five nine fifteen nineteen twenty and twenty-five of an act entitled 'An Act entitled 'An Act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths and burial or removal permits requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics at the Capital of the State as required to be established by the State Board of Health and to insure the thorough organization and efficiency of the registration of vital statistics throughout the State as provided in section seven of 'An Act to establish a State Board of Health for the better protection of life and health and to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in this Commonwealth' approved June third one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five and making an appropriation for establishing and maintaining such a bureau and providing certain penalties" which was approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five by extending the territory in which burial permits shall be valid providing for the issuance of burial permits without fees establishing a method for securing the given names of children making uniform date for the returns of local registrars providing for certain fees in cities of the first and second class to be paid by the counties abolishing all other systems of registration of births and deaths" by changing the fees for birth and death certificates"

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 81, after the words "registrars" insert the following: "in cities of the first and second class."

Line 84, after the word "shall" strike out the word "Annually" and after the word "certify" insert the word "monthly."

At the end of line 87 add the following: "All amounts payable to registrars except in cities of the first and second class under provisions of this section shall be paid by the treasurer of the county in which the registration districts are located upon certification by the State Registrar and the State Registrar shall annually certify to the treasurers of the several counties the number of births and deaths registered with the names of the local registrars and the amounts due each at the rates fixed herein.

That for the purpose of carrying this act into effect the sum of ten thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to be paid by the State Treasurer upon the warrant drawn by the Auditor General."

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments as made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—158.

Abbott	Fahey	Kern,	Robinson
Akers	Feeney	Klingerman,	Robison
Allen	Ferguson	Klumpp,	Rockwell
Alter	Fitzgerald	Larkins,	Roney
Baldwin, G.	Freeman	Leh,	Sassaman
Baldwin, R.	Frey	Letzkus	Savidge
Bartman	Gans	Light,	Schad
Bass	Geary	Lindsay,	Schofield
Bender	Gibson	Magee,	Schultz
Bentley	Gilkeson	Malie,	Scott, J.
Billman	Good	Martin,	Scott, S.
Bosher	Gransback	Marvin,	Shadrach
Boyd	Gray	McAleer,	Shaffer
Brehm	Graybill	McArdle	Shannon
Breitinger	Guyaux	McClung,	Sherwood
Caldwell	Haggerty	McInerney	Shreve
Campbell, O.	Hafferty	McJunkin,	Snyder, A.
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McKean,	Snyder, P.
Carroll	Henry	McMullen,	Speer,
Carter	Hess	McNichol,	Steese,
Clarency	Hibshman	Miller,	Stein,
Clymer	Hobbs	Mills,	Swan
Cole	Hoffman	Moore,	Swartz
Connell	Holland	Morris,	Townsend
Conner, W.	Hoover	Moses	Tunis
Conrade	Hormell	Moulthrop	Von Tacky
Cox, E.	Hough	Neel	Wallace
Crum	Howard	North	Walnut
Currier	Hunter, R.	Perry	Ward, W., Jr.
Curry	Irwin	Piper	Ward, W
Dale	Jackson,	Pitchford	Watts
Dallas	Johnson, O.	Rath	Welch
Davis, A.	Johnson, D.	Reece	Whitman
Dearden	Johnston,	Reel	Wilcox
Detzel	Jones, J.	Reeser	Williams
Dunn, H.	Keely,	Reno	Wilson
Dunn, J.	Keene,	Rhoads	Woodward
Ehrhardt	Keister,	Richards	Young
Eichenberger	Kelly, M.	Riebel	Cox, J.
Ewing	Kelsey,		Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION RELATIVE TO APPOINTMENT OF A COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE METHOD OF INFLICTING THE DEATH PENALTY.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows, viz:

In the Senate May 24, 1911

Resolved by the Senate of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Governor is hereby authorized and directed to appoint a Commission to consist of three citizens of this Commonwealth whose duty it shall be to investigate the method of inflicting the death penalty in this and other States and countries; to investigate the expediency of selecting a site centrally located and of easy access where all criminals sentenced to death in this Commonwealth may be executed; to select approximately such a site if it shall seem proper to said commission, to investigate the expediency and propriety of making any change in the present method of inflicting the death penalty in this Commonwealth; and to recommend such new method or methods as to the commission shall seem proper.

This commission shall serve without compensation, but the members thereof shall be entitled to their expenses actually and necessarily incurred by them or any of them in the performance of the duties herein prescribed.

This Commission shall report to the Governor before the first day of September, one thousand nine hundred and twelve, said report shall contain the result of the investigations and examinations made by the commission, and shall also contain such recommendations and suggestions as to the commission shall seem proper or as the Governor may require. The Governor shall transmit said report with any additional suggestions or recommendations to the General Assembly during the session of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen for its consideration.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

The resolution was twice read.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The Private Secretary to the Governor being introduced presented the following communication in writing from His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

APPROVAL OF CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg, May 24, 1911.

To the Honorable the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentleman:—I have the honor to advise you that I have this day approved and signed Concurrent Resolution from the Senate and House of Representatives recalling from the Governor for the purpose of amendment House Bill No. 608, entitled: "An Act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject."

JOHN K. TENER.

Mr. SHREVE. Mr. Speaker.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Erie, Mr. Shreve.

Mr. SHREVE. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which this bill passed on final passage be reconsidered.

Mr. ROCKWELL. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. SHREVE. Mr. Speaker, I move that the vote by which this bill passed on third reading be reconsidered.

Mr. ROCKWELL. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

BILL ON THIRD READING.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the consideration on third reading of House Bill No. 608, entitled:

An act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject

On the question,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

Mr. SHREVE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to insert amendments to this bill at this time.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the amendments.

The Clerk read the amendments as follows:

Amend section 4, line 31, by striking out the following: "contracts of bailment contracts of pledge and."

Also section 4, line 36, by striking out the following: "contracts of bailment contracts of pledge."

Also section 4, line 37, by striking out the first word "and."

Also section 4, line 42, by striking out the following: "contracts of bailment contracts."

Also section 4, line 43, by striking out the following: "of pledge and."

Also section 4, line 45, by striking out the word "contract" and inserting in lieu thereof "contracts."

The SPEAKER. Will the House give unanimous consent to insert the amendments as read? Is there any objection? The Chair hears none and the amendments will be inserted in accordance with the instructions of the House.

On the question recurring,

Will the House agree to the bill on third reading?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the bill be prepared for final passage.

The SPEAKER. The bill has been reprinted and is on the files of the members.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The House proceeded to the consideration on final passage of House Bill No. 608, as follows:

An act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the term "foreign corporation" as used in this act shall mean every corporation which has been established organized or chartered under laws other than those of the Commonwealth

Section 2 Every such foreign corporation before doing any business in this Commonwealth shall appoint in writing the Secretary of the Commonwealth and his successor in office to be its true and lawful attorney and authorized agent upon whom all lawful processes in any action or proceeding against it may be served and service of process on the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall be of the same legal force and validity as if served on it and the authority

for such service of process shall continue in force so long as any liability remains outstanding against it in the Commonwealth The power of attorney shall be executed with the seal of the corporation and signed by the president and secretary thereof and shall contain a statement showing the title and purpose of said corporation the location of its principal place of business in the Commonwealth and the postoffice address within the Commonwealth to which the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall send by mail any process against it served on him which address said corporation may change from time to time as it may find occasion by filing a certificate under its corporate seal with the Secretary of the Commonwealth setting forth such change of address Upon the payment of a fee of ten dollars for the use of the Commonwealth the said power of attorney and statement shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth and copies certified by him shall be sufficient evidence thereof Service of such process shall be made by the sheriff of Dauphin County by leaving two copies of the process and a fee of two dollars in the hands or at the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth and he shall make due return of his service of said process to the court magistrate or justice of the peace issuing the same Such process may be issued by any court or magistrate or justice of the peace having jurisdiction of the subject matter in controversy in any county of the Commonwealth in which said corporation shall have its principal place of business or in such county in which the right of action arose Upon the filing of the said power of attorney with the Secretary of the Commonwealth it shall be his duty to certify forthwith to the Auditor General the corporate name of the corporation filing the same and the location of its principal place of business in the Commonwealth as set forth in said power of attorney

Section 3 When legal process against any such corporation has been served upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth he shall immediately send by mail postage prepaid one copy of such process directed to the corporation at the postoffice address designated by it as hereinbefore provided The fee of two dollars paid by the plaintiff to the Secretary of the Commonwealth at the time of the service shall be taxed in his costs if he prevails in the suit The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall keep a record of the day and hour of the service of such process on him and a certified copy of such record shall be sufficient evidence thereof

Section 4 Any person or persons agent officer or employe of any such foreign corporation who shall transact any business within this Commonwealth for any such foreign corporation without the provisions of this act being complied with shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by imprisonment not exceeding thirty days and by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or either at the discretion of the court trying the same Provided That the failure of any such corporation to file the power of attorney and statement aforesaid with the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall not impair or affect the validity of any contract with such corporation and actions or proceedings at law or in equity may be instituted and maintained on any such contract but no such action shall be instituted or recovery had by any such corporation on any such contract either expressed or implied in any of the courts of this Commonwealth or before any justice of the peace or magistrate thereof until such corporation complies with the provisions of this act And Provided further Before any such corporation can institute any action in any of the courts of this Commonwealth or before any justice of the peace or magistrate thereof on any cause of action arising prior to the filing of the power of attorney and statement provided for in section two of this act it shall pay to the Secretary of the Commonwealth for the use of the Commonwealth a license fee or fine of two hundred and fifty dollars ($250.00) Provided further however That this act shall not extend or be construed to give validity to any contracts other than contracts between depositors and persons or corporations engaged in the business of receiving deposits of money subject to check entered into by corporations prior to the passage of this act nor to give to foreign corporations any right to enforce such contracts other than contracts between depositors and persons or corporations engaged in the business of receiving deposits of money subject to check if such right did not exist at the time such contracts were entered into but actions or proceedings at law or in equity may be instituted and mintained and recovery may be had in any pending action on contracts between depositors and persons or corporations engaged in the business of receiving deposits of money subject to check although said contracts may have been entered into prior to the passage of this act

Section 5 The act entitled "An Act to prohibit foreign corporations from doing business in Pennsylvania without having known places of business and authorized agents" approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and eight) be and the same is hereby repealed and all other acts of Assembly inconsistent with the provisions hereof or supplied hereby are also hereby repealed Provided however That the license fee or fine of two hundred and fifty dollars ($250.00) prescribed in the fourth section of this act shall not be required of or imposed upon any foreign corporation now duly registered under said act approved the twenty-second day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four hereby repealed if such foreign corporation shall file the power of attorney and statement provided for in section two of this act in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth within one year after the date of the approval hereof nor shall the repeal of said act be construed as in anywise affecting the existing rights or liabilities of any foreign corporation now duly registered thereunder And provided further that this act shall not be construed to apply to foreign insurance companies but the doing of business in this Commonwealth by such companies shall be regulated by existing laws

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally as amended?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—166.

Abbott	Enbody	Kern	Riebel
Akers	Ewing	Kinney	Robinson
Allen	Fahey	Klingerman	Robison
Alter	Feeney	Klumpp	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Kuhns	Roney
Bartman	Flynn	Lafferty	Row
Bass	Freeman	Larkins,	Rumsey
Bender	Gans	Leh	Sassaman
Benson	Geary	Light	Savidge
Bentley	Gibson	Lindsay	Schad
Bosher	Gilkeson	Magee	Schmidt
Bossert	Good	Malle	Scofield
Brehm	Gransback	Marvin	Schultz
Breitinger	Gray	Matt	Scott, J.
Brennan	Graybill	Maurer	Scott, S.
Caldwell	Guyaux	McArdle	Shadrach
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McGowan	Shannon
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McInerney	Sherwood
Carroll	Healey	McJunkin	Shreve
Carter	Hecht	McKean	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Herman,	McMullen	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hess	McNichol	Steese
Clymer	Hobbs	Miller	Stein
Cole	Hoffman	Mills	Swan
Connell	Holland	Moore	Swartz
Conner, P.	Hoover	Morris	Townsend
Conner, W.	Hormell	Moulthrop	Tunis
Conrade	Hough	Neel	Ulerich
Cox, E.	Hunter, J.	Newbaker	Wallace
Crum	Hunter, K.	North,	Walnut
Cumbler	Irwin	Piper	Walton
Currier	Jackson	Pitchford	Ward, W., Jr.
Curry	Johnson, C. V.	Raesley	Ward, W.
Davis, A.	Johnson, D.	Rath	Watts
Davis, W.	Johnston	Reece	Welch
Dershem	Jones, E.	Reel	Wilcox
Detzel	Jones, J.	Reeser	Williams
Donnally	Keely	Reno	Wilson
Dunn, H.	Keene	Rayburn	Woodward
Dunn, J.	Keister	Richards	Young
Ehrhardt	Kelley, J.	Rider	Cox, J.
Eichenberger	Kelsey		Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the Senate for concurrence.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. CUMBLER. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to and (at 11.59 P. M.) the House adjourned until to-morrow morning at 1 o'clock.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Legislative Journal.

Session 1911 — 119th of the General Assembly

VOL. 1. HARRISBURG, PA., THURSDAY, MAY 25, 1911. No 77.

SENATE.

THURSDAY, May 25, 1911.

The Senate met at 8 o'clock A. M.

The Acting President pro tempore (Mr. KLINE) in the chair.

Prayer by the chaplain, Rev. A. C. James.

The PRESIDENT. A quorum of the Senate being present, the Clerk will read the Journal of the preceding session.

The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of the preceding session, when, on motion of Mr. JAMISON, the further reading was dispensed with, and the Journal was approved.

BILL ON THIRD READING AND FINAL PASSAGE.

Agreeably to order,

The Senate proceeded to the third reading and consideration of Senate Bill No. 803 (House No. 483) entitled:

An act to provide for licensing and regulating private banking in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing penalties for the violation thereof

And said bill having been read at length the third time, and agreed to,

And the amendments made thereto having been printed as required by the Constitution,

On the question,

Shall the bill pass finally?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—37.

Adams	Hunter	McNichols	Sprout
Alexander	Jamison	Miller	Thomson
Baldwin	Jarrett	Morgan	Austin
Buckman	Jones	Nulty	Vare
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Weingartner
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wertz
Hall	Kurtz	Shields	Wilbert
Hays	Martin	Snyder	Wolf
Heacock	McNichol	Sones	Crow
Homsher			Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return said bill to the House of Representatives with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments, in which the concurrence of the House is requested.

RECESS.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate take a recess for ten minutes.

Mr. WOLF. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

HOUSE MESSAGE.

HOUSE NON-CONCURS IN AMENDMENTS MADE BY THE SENATE TO HOUSE BILL NO. 483.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented communication from the House of Representatives, informing the Senate that the House has non-concurred in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 483, entitled:

An act to provide for licensing and regulating private banking in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing penalties for the violation thereof

and has appointed Messrs. Alter, Schad and Swan as a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (if the Senate shall appoint such committee) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE.

Mr. WOLF. Mr. President, I move that the Senate insists upon its amendments to the foregoing bill non-concurred in by the House of Representatives and that a committee of conference be appointed to confer with a similar committee of the House (already appointed) to consider the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

Mr. WERTZ. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Ordered, That Messrs, Wolf, Baldwin and McConnell be said committee on the part of the Senate and that the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

RECESS.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate take a recess until 10 o'clock A. M.

Mr. COOPER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 265.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced presented communication from the House of Representatives, informing the Senate that the House has adopted the report of the committee on conference on House Bill No. 265.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the consideration of the report of the committee of conference on House Bill No. 265.

Mr. THOMSON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The report was read as follows:

To the members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned committee of conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives, for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 265, entitled "An Act relating to roads providing for the election and appointment of township supervisors in second class townships, defining their powers duties and limitations, relating to road tax, and the expenditure thereof, abolishing the work tax, defining certain duties of the clerk of court, fixing penalties for violation of this act and making an appropriation to carry out its provisions," beg leave to submit the following as our report:

WM. C. SPROUL,
OSCAR E. THOMSON,
CHARLES H. KLINE,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

E. E. JONES,
WILLIAM C. FREEMAN,
JAS. F. WOODWARD,
Committee upon the part of the House of Representatives.

An act relating to roads providing for the election and appointment of township supervisors in second class townships defining their powers duties and limitations relating to road tax and the expenditure thereof abolishing the work tax defining certain duties of the clerk of court fixing penalties for violation of this act and making an appropriation to carry out its provisions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the general supervision of

road affairs in every township of the second class shall be in the hands of three qualified electors of such township who shall be styled township supervisors instead of road supervisors as under existing laws and who shall be elected as follows The term of all supervisors elected in the year one thousand nine hundred and eight shall expire the first Monday of December one thousand nine hundred and eleven The term of all supervisors elected in the years one thousand nine hundred and nine and one thousand nine hundred and ten shall expire the first Monday of December one thousand nine hundred and thirteen At the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven one supervisor shall be elected for four years to fill the term commencing the first Monday of December one thousand nine hundred and eleven at the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and thirteen two supervisors shall be elected for four years to fill the term commencing the first Monday of December one thousand nine hundred and thirteen In case any supervisor shall have been heretofore appointed by any court to fill a vacancy the term of such supervisor shall expire on the first Monday of December one thousand nine hundred and eleven Provided however should the terms of two or all the members of any board of supervisors expire on the first Monday of December one thousand nine hundred and eleven then at the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven one supervisor shall be elected for the full term of four years and one or two shall be elected for a term of two years At each subsequent municipal election either one or two supervisors shall be elected for a term of four years the number to be elected alternating in the order hereinbefore provided for to the end that the number to be elected shall thereafter be uniform throughout the Commonwealth

Section 2 The township supervisors of each township shall meet at the place where the auditors of the respective townships meet to perform their official duties on the first Monday in December one thousand nine hundred and eleven and yearly thereafter and after being duly sworn or affirmed according to law to discharge their duties with fidelity a copy of the oath to be filed with the township auditors shall organize as a board by electing one of their number as chairman and shall appoint a treasurer and a secretary who may or may not be the same person and who may or may not be a member or members of the board but who shall not be a road master and the secretary shall perform all the duties heretofore performed by the township clerk which office is hereby abolished and the said secretary shall receive as compensation for his service such sum as shall be fixed by the township auditors and the treasurer shall receive as compensation for his services such sum as shall be fixed by the township auditors Provided That the combined amount paid to said secretary and treasurer shall not exceed two per centum of the money paid out by said treasurer The board shall proceed immediately to levy a road tax which shall not exceed ten mills on each dollar of valuation this valuation shall be the last adjusted valuation for county purposes and which shall be furnished to said township supervisors by the commissioners of the proper county Provided That a greater rate than ten mills and not to exceed ten additional mills may be levied by order of the court of quarter sessions of the peace of that county upon petition of the board of supervisors with their unanimous recommendation and upon due cause shown Provided however That the said road tax shall hereafter be collected in cash and no such taxes shall be payable in labor or worked out Each township shall receive annually from the State fifty per centum of the total amount of road tax collected by such township as shown by the sworn statement of the board of township supervisors contained in the annual report furnished to the State Highway Commissioner on or before the first day of January in each year as hereinafter provided for Provided That no township shall receive in any one year more than twenty dollars for each mile of township road in said township Provided That nothing in this section shall interfere with the State appropriation for maintenance of State or macadamized roads under existing laws Upon receipt of the sworn statement from the board of township supervisors it shall be the duty of the State Highway Commissioner to certify to the Auditor General the amount due the respective township and he shall draw a warrant upon the State Treasurer for the payment of the amount due said township under the provisions of the section to the treasurer of the board of township supervisors which shall be paid out of the moneys appropriated for that purpose Provided That all money appropriated under the provisions of this act shall be expended by the supervisors of the respective townships for the making of permanent improvements on the township roads according to plans and specifications furnished by the State Highway Department and under the supervision of the said State Highway Department such supervision to be without cost to the township Provided further that upon the neglect or refusal of the supervisors of any township to carry out the instructions of the State Highway Commissioner as aforesaid then the State Highway Commissioner shall withhold from said township so neglecting or refusing the amount to which it would otherwise be entitled for the year in which said neglect or refusal occurred Provided That the State Highway Commissioner shall furnish from time to time bulletins of instruction to each board of township supervisors for the building repairing maintenance and improvement of township roads and shall furnish any additional information when called upon so to do The State Highway Commissioner shall also furnish from time to time free of charge standards plans and specifications for permanent improvements in the building of culverts establishing of grades proper drainage and such other matters as he may deem essential That the State Highway Department shall furnish blanks to the township supervisors in which said supervisors shall make a sworn statement signed by a majority or all the members of the board that the money has been expended in building repairing maintaining dragging and improving the township roads according to the instructions standards plans and specifications submitted by the Highway Department as far as the available funds and local conditions make it possible

Section 3. It shall be the duty of the board of township supervisors immediately after their organization as a board to divide their township into one or more road districts and they may employ a superintendent for the entire township or a road master for each district whose duty it shall be to see that the work done on the roads in said township or district is in accordance with plans and specifications furnished him by the township supervisors to oversee the men employed while at work on the roads and keep the time of each man working under him and work himself if required by the supervisors and report to the township supervisors at least once a month or as often as they require the nature location and cost of the work performed Township supervisors may require the superintendent or road masters to give bond with approved security for faithful performance of their duties and if required by the board said superintendent or road masters shall make out their report under oath and said superintendent or road master shall at all times be subject to removal by the board of supervisors The township supervisors from time to time shall fix the wages to be paid per hour to the superintendent or road masters and laborers for work on the roads and bridges Provided however That nothing in this act shall prohibit the board of township supervisors from making a contract for the improvement and keeping in repair of not more than ten miles of road no contract to extend over four years and no contract to be given unless approved of and signed by at least two of the board of township supervisors Every contractor for road work shall give bond for the amount of said contract and sign specifications furnished by the township supervisors for the building and care of such contract roads Provided also That nothing in this act shall prohibit the township supervisors from overseeing and working on the roads themselves in part or all of the roads in their townships instead of employing a superintendent or road masters The compensation of such supervisors when overseeing or working on the roads to be fixed by the township auditors at the annual meeting in December herein provided for Provided however that the rate per day shall not be less than one dollar and fifty cents nor more than three dollars

Section 4. The board of township supervisors shall have full control of the superintendent or road master and employment of laborers and is authorized also to purchase such material scrapers drags plows stone-crushers rollers and other road machines tools and property as shall in its judgment be necessary for making and repairing roads and bridges the same to be the property of the township used for the benefit of the township and to be properly taken care of by said board of township supervisors said township supervisors are hereby authorized to join with the township supervisors of one or more of the other townships or the proper authorities of boroughs in their respective counties in the purchase of such road making implements and machines as in their judgment may be too expensive to justify such purchase by said township alone the same to belong to such township or boroughs in proportion to the amount paid therefor by each and the right to use the same to be regulated by agreement to be made between said road supervisors or borough authorities at the time of joining in said purchase Provided That said joint ownership shall only continue during such period as may be agreeable to all of said joint owners and either board of township supervisors or borough authorities may at any time elect to sever said joint ownership as to any or all of said implements and machines In case terms cannot be amicably agreed upon either of said joint owning townships or boroughs may by its board of supervisors or proper borough authorities present its petition to the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace setting forth the facts verified by affidavit which court after notice and opportunity to be heard shall then make such order for the sale or disposal of said joint property as will be right and proper in such case

Section 5. The treasurer appointed by the board of township supervisors shall be required to give bond with at least two sufficient sureties to be approved by the auditors of the township conditioned that the said treasurer shall well and truly account for and pay over all moneys collected and received by him for road purposes according to law and such bond shall be filed with the township auditors He shall pay out moneys received by him as road taxes or from the State only on the written order of the township supervisors setting forth the purpose for which the order is given signed by two members of the board

Section 6 The supervisor of each township shall make or cause to be made a duplicate designating the amount of road tax levied against each taxpayer of the township and deliver the same to the township collector who shall after receiving said duplicate give notice thereof in the same manner as is now required by law in collection of State county and poor taxes and shall give him a warrant to collect the tax which shall be collected as follows namely To all taxpayers who pay their road tax to the collector before June first of each year an abatement of five per centum shall be made on all road taxes paid to the collector between June first and October first of each year the taxpayers shall pay the full amount of the road tax levied against them and on all road taxes remaining unpaid on the first of October in each year the collector shall add five per centum thereto as penalty for such delinquency and shall collect said penalty in addition to the tax levied said penalty to be his compensation for collecting said delinquent taxes The tax collector shall be allowed two per centum on all taxes collected on the duplicate previous to the first day of June in each year and five per centum on all taxes collected from June first to October first

The tax collector shall keep correct accounts of all moneys collected marking paid on his duplicate each tax-

ables amount of tax and the date on which paid and said collector shall on the first of each month make a true and correct statement in writing to the secretary of the board of township supervisors for their use of all taxes collected during the previous month giving names of taxables and amount collected from each and the total amount received and said collector shall pay over on the first of each month to the treasurer all moneys collected during the previous months and take his receipt for same In case of the refusal or neglect of any tax collector to comply with the provisions of this act he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars or to be imprisoned for a term not exceeding one year both or either at the discretion of the court

Section 7 Supervisors shall meet for the transaction of business once a month at a time to be fixed by the board and the board shall be allowed for necessary expenses including office rent and stationery light and fuel to be paid out of the township road funds

Section 8 In all cases where a vacancy occurs in the board of township supervisors from any cause the court of quarter sessions of the peace of the proper county shall not less than ten days after the receipt of a petition signed by one or both of the remaining members of the board and not less than ten owners of real estate who are qualified electors of the township appoint a successor to fill the office for the unexpired term

Section 9 The board of township supervisors shall annually submit under oath to the board of township auditors a full and itemized statement of their accounts of the preceding year and the township auditors shall audit settle and adjust said accounts in the same manner and with effect as other accounts of township officers are audited and settled

Section 10 The board of supervisors of the several townships shall annually on or before the first day of January in each and every year make a sworn statement to the State Highway Commissioner on blanks furnished to them by the State Highway Commissioner of the whole amount of tax levied during the preceding year for road purposes and the total amount of road taxes collected during the year specifying in such report the amount expended for maintenance or repairs of roads for opening and building of new roads and for macadamizing or otherwise permanently improving roads and the number of miles thus made and the total number of miles of township roads in said township together with the names and addresses of the chairman and secretary of the board and such other matters and things as the State Highway Commissioner may require And it shall be the duty of the State Highway Commissioner not later than the first day of January of each year to forward the aforesaid blanks to the several boards of supervisors It shall be the duty of the clerk of courts in each county not later than the first day of December following every municipal election to certify to the State Highway Commissioner the names and postoffice addresses of all the supervisors and commissioners of the respective townships in said county The failure or neglect of any clerk of courts to furnish such list shall be deemed a misdemeanor which on conviction thereof shall be punishable by fine of not more than fifty dollars at the discretion of the court

Section 11 The board of township supervisors shall keep minutes of their proceedings and such books as they may find necessary in the performance of their duties all of which shall be open for the inspection of any taxpayer at all reasonable times and which shall be submitted for the information of the township auditors when said auditors meet to audit the accounts of the treasurer and other township officers and shall deliver such books papers and accounts to their successors

Section 12 It shall not be lawful for any township supervisor to be interested either directly or indirectly in any work done except as provided for in this act any purchase made or contract relating to roads and bridges nor to furnish any materials therefor Any person knowingly violating the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or to be imprisoned for a term not exceeding six months both or either at the discretion of the court

Section 13 If any township supervisor superintendent roadmaster or contractor employed to work on the roads bridges and highways of this Commonwealth shall violate any of the provisions of this act other than those otherwise provided for or shall fail or neglect or refuse to carry out the provisions of the same he shall upon conviction thereof pay a fine of not more than fifty dollars to be collected in the name of the township as other debts of like amount and paid to the township treasurer for the use of the road fund of said township

Section 14 The supervisors of the several townships of this Commonwealth elected or appointed in pursuance of this act shall have all the powers and shall perform all the duties imposed by the existing laws on supervisors of roads and bridges and highways and shall be subject to the same responsibilities and penalties as supervisors are now subject to except in so far as changed or supplied by the terms of this act

Section 15 Two shall constitute a quorum of the board of township supervisors

Section 16 The provisions of this act shall take effect the first Monday in December Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven when the current fiscal year shall end the township road accounts shall be settled and audited and on or before January first one thousand nine hundred and twelve such reports made to the State Highway Commissioner as are provided for in heretofore existing law which this act supplies Provided however That those sections of this act which provide for the election and appointment of township supervisors shall govern the election of supervisors at the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven As this act goes in effect all acts or parts of acts general special or local inconsistent herewith or supplied hereby be and the same are hereby repealed however that the act entitled "An Act enabling the taxpayers of townships and road districts to contract for making at their own expense roads and paying salaries of township or road district officers and hereby preventing the levy and collection of road tax therein" approved June twelfth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three and the act entitled "An act to provide for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth making such improved roads and highways county roads authorizing the relocation opening straightening widening extension and alteration of the same and the vacation of so much of any road as may therefor become necessary authorizing the taking of property for such improvement and providing the compensation therefor and the damages resulting from such taking providing for the payment of the costs and expenses incurred in making such improvement and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said road and authorizing the levy of a tax to provide a fund for said purposes" approved the twenty-sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five also "An act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class" approved April twenty-eighth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine also "An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class approved April twenty-eighth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine" approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand nine hundred and one also "An Act providing for the original location laying out and construction of public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth and for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways therein making such originally constructed or improved roads or highways county roads authorizing the relocation opening straightening widening extension and alteration of the same and the vacation of so much of any road as may thereby become unnecessary providing that the county commissioners of any county may prescribe rules regulating the use of roads constructed or maintained by the various counties and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing for the taking of property for such improvement the compensation to be paid therefor and the payment of damages resulting from such taking and the manner in which such damages may be determined providing for the payment of the costs and expenses of such construction or improvement and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said roads authorizing the levy of a tax or the issuing of bonds to provide a fund for the expense thereof prescribing a method for improving a county road lying with or traversing a borough and apportioning the cost of such improvement and authorizing the vacation of any county road" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven shall not be repealed or affected hereby

Section 17 The sum of one million dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated to carry out the provisions of this act for the two fiscal years beginning the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the same?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	Sones
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wagners
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wentz,
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Rehus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow,
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

A majority of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the House of Representatives accordingly.

BILLS SIGNED.

The President pro tempore (Mr. W. E. CROW) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 154, entitled:

An act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens and the proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this State

House Bill No. 265, entitled:

An act relating to roads providing for the election and appointment of township supervisors in second class townships defining their powers duties and limitations relating to road tax and the expenditure thereof abolishing the work tax defining certain duties of the clerk of court fixing penalties for violation of this act and making an appropriation to carry out its provisions

House Bill No. 313, entitled:

An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith

House Bill No. 353, entitled:

An act to promote the safety of travelers and employes upon railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains

House Bill No. 479, entitled:

An act to authorize the appointment by county commissioners of assessors in counties having not less than two hundred thousand nor more than three hundred twenty-five thousand inhabitants prescribing their powers duties and procedure and fixing salaries thereof and providing for the abolition of the office of assessor now existing in said counties

House Bill No. 507, entitled:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act approved May the fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled 'An Act to exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes and places of religious worship places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit and institutions of purely public charity'" hospitals universities colleges seminaries academies associations institutions of learning and benevolence by removing the exemption from certain lands therein exempted not necessary for the enjoyment of the same and providing for the taking of said land

House Bill No. 572, entitled:

An act providing for the appointment of assistant district attorneys in the several counties of this Commonwealth having over three hundred thousand and less than seven hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants describing the powers duties and terms of office and fixing the salary of said assistants

House Bill No. 580, entitled:

An act to amend sections one three and five of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of minors in bituminous coal mines and anthracite collieries or breakers by regulating the ages at which said minors may be employed their hours of employment and to prescribe rules for the obtaining of employment certificates and providing penalties for violation of the provisions thereof" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by further regulating the ages at which minors may be employed inside coal mines or in the outside workings thereof or in coal breakers or washeries and by providing for the filing of proof of age by the employers of minors apparently under sixteen years of age employed in such establishments

House Bill No. 608, entitled:

An act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject

House Bill No. 639, entitled:

An act authorizing cities of the second class to regulate the production or emission of smoke from chimnies smokestacks or other source

House Bill No. 663, entitled:

An act entitled an act supplementary to an act for the government of cities of the second class approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

House Bill No. 716, entitled:

An act regulating the printing of the laws of this Commonwealth

House Bill No. 725, entitled:

An act to provide for the satisfaction of mortgages now or hereafter to be recorded in this Commonwealth when the original mortgages have been lost mislaid or destroyed

House Bill No. 726, entitled:

An act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the appointment of policemen in the boroughs of this Commonwealth defining their powers and duties and providing for their compensation and discharge" approved June sixth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three by regulating the control of policemen when on duty

House Bill No. 733, entitled:

An act authorizing cities of the first class to remit taxes owing by any hospital where a dispute has arisen as to the right of the city to assess and collect such taxes

House Bill No. 737, entitled:

An act enabling the libellant in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion to testify to the fact of desertion and to the efforts made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and resume the marital relation

House Bill No. 745, entitled:

An act to confer power on the several orphans' courts having jurisdiction thereof when the balance for distribution in an estate after the debts are paid includes stocks bonds and other securities to make distribution of the same in kind to parties entitled thereto to authorize subsequent sales thereof and to validate such distribtions heretofore made

House Bill No. 749, entitled:

An act to repeal an act entitled "A supplement to an act passed the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine relating to billiard rooms et cetera in the Counties of Chester and Delaware extending the same to the counties of Erie Crawford Venango Warren Tioga Potter and McKean" approved the sixteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six as far as said act relates and extends to Venango County

House Bill No. 756, entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway railroad conduit tunnel mine coalbreaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipe line aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal millrace works for supplying water heat light power cold air or any other substance furnished to the public well for the production of gas oil or volatile or mineral substance or other structure or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and enxtending existing laws in relation thereto" approved June the fourth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

House Bill No. 787, entitled:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act relative to the obstructing of the crossings of public roads by locomotives and cars" approved the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and forty-five by providing further that any member of the train crew shall be subject to said penalty

House Bill No. 817, entitled:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to section one of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania relating to taxation

House Bill No. 833, entitled:

An act to revive and continue in force the provisions of an act entitled "An Act to extend the time during which corporations may hold and convey the title to real estate heretofore bought under execution or conveyed to them in satisfaction of debts and now remaining in their hands unsold" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight in so far as they relate to banking companies

House Bill No. 860, entitled:

An act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

House Bill No. 861, entitled:

An act providing for and regulating the reporting to the State Department of Health by physicians of occupational disease and fixing penalties for violations thereof

House Bill No. 862, entitled:

An act providing for the erection of Memorial Halls at the county seats in the different counties of Pennsylvania authorizing and directing the county commissioners of such counties upon petition of at least fifty citizens approved by two successive grand juries and the court of quarter sessions to purchase a plot of ground in such county seat and erect thereon a Memorial Hall in honor of the soldiers sailors and marines from such county who served in the army and navy in the war for the suppression of the rebellion and all other wars in defense of the United States flag and authorizing the levying of a tax to raise a fund to pay the purchase money of the ground and the expense of the erection of a Memorial Hall

House Bill No. 919, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1018, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Nason Hospital Association of Roaring Spring Blair County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1057, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Incurables Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1106, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions of Pennsylvania located at Blossburg Tioga county

House Bill No. 1118, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of the annual fixed charge for school purposes on lands held for forest reserve

House Bill No. 1119, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of services and expenses of fire wardens and those assisting in the extinguishment of forest fires

House Bill No. 1123, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of the annual fixed charge for road purposes on lands held for forest reserves

House Bill No. 1147, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Eye and Ear Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1150, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Roselia Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital of the city of Pittsburg

House Bill No. 1178, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Greenville Hospital Greenville Mercer County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1186, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the American Hospital for Diseases of the Stomach of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1201, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Vincent's Hospital Association of the City of Erie Erie County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1215, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Reform School at Morganza Pennsylvania and granting its managers the authority to raze old buildings

House Bill No. 1266, entitled:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medicinal preparations in the State of Pennsylvania" approved May twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven

House Bill No. 942, entitled:

A joint resolution providing for the appointment by the Governor of a Commission to be known as the Pennsylvania State Vaccination Commission and defining its powers and duties and making an appropriation for the expenses thereof

House Bill No. 949, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Messiah Home Orphanage of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1014, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Aged Colored Women's Home at Williamsport Lycoming county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1080, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the York Hospital and Dispensary of York City Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1081, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the York Society to Protect Children and Aged Persons formerly the Christian Home of York Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1084, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Home of the City of York Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1171, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Titusville Hospital at Titusville Crawford County

House Bill No. 1233, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Franklin City Hospital.

House Bill No. 327, entitled:

An act prescribing the number and fixtures for water supply for houses and other buildings occupied as dwellings in cities of the first class making violation of its provisions a misdemeanor and providing punishment for the same

House Bill No. 662, entitled:

An act relating to private sales of real estate ordered decreed or approved by the orphans' courts and providing a method of giving notice of such sales and validating such private sales of real estate heretofore made under the authority of the orphans' courts for the payment of debts

House Bill No. 590, entitled:

An act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to Fred Muster superintendent of the Bear Company Berwick Pennsylvania the amount paid by him to cover fine imposed for alleged violation of the minor labor act of one thousand nine hundred and nine

House Bill No. 702, entitled:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act relative to Berks County Prison and to discharged convicts" approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight

House Bill No. 724, entitled:

An act regulating the pay of election officers in all counties of this Commonwealth containing a population of not less than two hundred and fifty thousand and not more than five hundred thousand

House Bill No. 723, entitled:

An act to provide for the payment of costs in cases of summary conviction had before magistrates aldermen and justices of the peace

House Bill No. 788, entitled:

An act authorizing the election in first class townships of an additional constable and fixing his term

House Bill No. 795, entitled:

An act to provide for the establishment of the Pennsylvania State Museum and the various divisions thereof and to create a board of trustees for its government and control

House Bill No. 752, entitled:

An act providing for the appointment by the court of common pleas of any county of auditors to audit settle and adjust the accounts of the directors treasurer and tax collectors of any poor district composed of more than one municipality or municipal district wholly within but less extensive than said county the population of which poor district shall be not less than one hundred and fifty thousand and not more than three hundred thousand prescribing their powers duties and compensation the form contents filing and publishing of their report and providing for appeals to the court of common pleas of such county and the Superior and Supreme courts

House Bill No. 722, entitled:

An act amending the twenty-first section of an act entitled "An Act relating to county rates and levies and township rates and levies" approved the fifteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four by authorizing the collector to deputize a constable or other officer to make the levy and sale or to arrest the delinquent for non-payment of taxes

House Bill No. 717, entitled:

An act to amend the second section of an act approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act providing that the district attorneys in all counties whose population does not exceed one hundred and fifty thousand shall be paid a salary and fixing the same which shall be in lieu of all fees and in full compensation for their services and propiding for the appointment of assistant district attorneys in said counties and for the compensation of the same and providing that the fees heretofore allowed the district attorneys upon indictments shall remain in amount as heretofore but shall hereafter be as part of the costs for the use and benefit of the proper county" by fixing the salaries of district attorneys in counties having more than thirty thousand but not more than forty thousand inhabitants

House Bill No. 718, entitled:

An act to permit trustees executors administrators or receivers where an estate is without money or property to have appeals heard in the appellate courts upon filing typewritten copies of the names of the parties abstract of proceedings verdict questions involved history of the case report of the auditor or master charge of the court points and answers thereto assignments of error argument and certified record

House Bill No. 743, entitled:

An act to exempt certain buildings from the provisions and requirements of the Act of Assembly approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act amending section one of article three of an act entitled 'An Act for the better government of the cities of the first class in this Commonwealth' approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five' regulating the construction alteration and ventilation of tenement houses and providing for the safety of the inhabitants thereof and providing penalties for the violation of the same" and of an act of Assembly aapproved the twelfth day of July Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act approved the third day of June Anno

Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the better security of life and limb in cases of fire in hotels and other buildings' approved the eleventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine' extending the provisions thereof to buildings used in whole or in part for offices not of fire proof construction" and also an Act of Assembly approved the twenty-fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act to further regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings and party walls in cities of the first class"

House Bill No. 701, entitled:

An act authorizing C L Francisco of Sayre Bradford County Pennsylvania to bring suit and to recover against the Commonwealth in the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County Pennsylvania any sum or sums of money which may be legally or justly due him from this Commonwealth for advertising in the Sayre Times Record the Constitutional Amendments proposed and voted on in the year one thousaand nine hundred and nine

House Bill No. 104, entitled:

An act to amend an act approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two entitled "An Act relating to foreign executors administrators guardians and representatives of decedents and wards" by extending the provisions thereof to the assignment and satisfaction of record of mortgage debts and indentures of mortgage and to the receipt of the interest thereon

House Bill No. 700, entitled:

An act authorizing Peter F Reigle a resident of Spring township Snyder County Pennsylvania to bring suit and to recover against this Commonwealth in the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County Pennsylvania any sum or sums of money which may be legally or justly due him from this Commonwealth for damage done to his property in fighting forest fires in said county in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten

House Bill No. 567, entitled:

An act amending the twentieth section of an act approved the 1st day of May A D 1905 entitled "An Act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths and burial or removal permits requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics at the Capitol of the State, as required to be established by the State Board of Health and to insure the thorough organization and efficiency of the registration of vital statistics throughout the State as provided in section seven of an act entitled 'An act to establish a State Board of Health for the better protection of life and health and to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in this Commonwealth' approved June 3d 1885 and making an appropriation for establishing and maintaining such a bureau and providing certain penalties" as amended by an act approved the 6th day of June A D 1907 entitled "An act to amend sections 5 9 15 19 20 and 25 of an act entitled "An act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths and burial or removal permits requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics at the Capitol of the State as required to be established by the State Board of Health and to insure the thorough organization and efficiency of the registration of vital statistics throughout the State as provided in Section 7 of 'An act to establish a State Board of Health for the better protection of life and health and to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in this Commonwealth' approved June 3d 1885 and making an appropriation for establishing and maintaining such a bureau and providing certain penalties" which was approved the 1st day of May A D 1905 by extending the territory in which burial permits shall be valid providing for the issuance of burial permits without fees establishing a method for securing the given names of children making a uniform date for the return of local registrars providing for certain fees in cities of the first and second class to be paid by the counties and abolishing all other systems of registration of births and deaths" by changing the fees for birth and death certificates

House Bill No. 744, entitled:

An act to amend the thirty-second section of an act entitled "An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway toll road conduit tunnel mine coal breaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipe line aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal mill race works for supplying water heat light power cold air or any other substance furnished to the public well for the production of gas oil or other volatile or mineral substance or other structure or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved the fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as amended by the second section of an act approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An act to amend section eleven and section thirty-two of an act entitled "An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway toll road conduit tunnel coal breaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipe line aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal mill race works for supplying water heat light power cold air or any other substance furnished to the public well for the production of gas oil or other volatile or mineral substance or other structure or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto' approved the fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one so as to change the form of the claim and writ of scire facias thereon" by providing for an amicable scire facias

House Bill No. 794, entitled:

An act providing for and regulating the taking of land by condemnation proceedings to enlarge certain cemeteries now or hereafter incorporated

House Bill No. 1253, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Institute for Colored Youth at Cheyney Delaware County

House Bill No. 1141, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind at Pittsburg

House Bill No. 1129, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Improvement Children's Home of the City of Pittsburg

House Bill No. 1171, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 754, entitled:

An act fixing the salary of the storekeeper in the office of the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings

House Bill No. 747, entitled:

An act providing for the appointment of a commission to survey and ascertain the location of a military route or roads constructed and traversed by General Edward Braddock and General John Forbes in their respective military expeditions of one thousand seven hundred and fifty-five and one thousand seven hundred and fifty-eight and make a report thereon to the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in writing for publication and making an appropriation for the payment of necessary assistance and expenses incurred in the field and office work of the same

House Bill No. 731, entitled:

An act prohibiting the making of appropriations by the General Assembly to unincorporated charitable reformatory or correctional institutions formed organized or established after the date of the approval of this act and making it unlawful for the Auditor General and State Treasurer to make payments of appropriations to such associations

House Bill No. 1255, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools situate in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth to defray the expenses of erecting an additional cottage and certain other buildings for the accommodation of the girls' department in their county home near Darlington Delaware County

House Bill No. 1261, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the University of Pittsburg for the extension of the buildings of the school of Medicine and the School of Mines for the erection of a building for the School of Dentistry for the general maintenance of the University construction of all buildings and the purchase of equipment and for the Hospital Clinic Mining Engineering Medicine and Observatory purposes

House Bill No. 1263, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Temple University of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1260, entitled:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to accept the grant of public lands by the United States for the endowment of agricultural colleges" approved April first one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three and making appropriations for carrying the same into effect

House Bill No. 1275, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home located at one hundred and thirty-nine Queen street Germantown Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1284, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Working Home for Blind Men for maintenance in handicraft employment

House Bill No. 1262, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the University of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1230, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital of the Northern Anthracite Coal Region of Pennsylvania at Scranton Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1216, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Training School for Feeble Minded Children at Elwyn Delaware County

House Bill No. 1210, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the maintenance of Mary M Packer Hospital Sunbury Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1333, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the German Baptist Home for the Aged of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1327, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Colored Day Nursery of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1264, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to finance committee of the organization commission of the Twelfth International Congress of Navigation to help defray the expenses incident to the meeting of said congress to be held in Philadelphia in June one thousand nine hundred and twelve

House Bill No. 1278, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Sisters of Charity of Saint Catherin's Orphan Asylum of Reading Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1364, entitled:

An act to authorize the purchase of historical works relative to the services of any regiment or battery or other unit of military organization of Pennsylvania Volunteers during the war for the suppression of the rebellion when same has been approved by the Governor Adjutant General and Auditor General making an appropriation for purchase of same and payment of expenses incurred or services rendered in examination and correction of said histories and providing for distribution of histories so puchased

House Bill No. 1293, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the improvement of the State Canal Basins at the Port of Erie by dredging the said for widening the piers and bridge over the water channel between the said canal basins and erecting certain walls in the same for the protection of said State canal basins with harbor of Erie authorizing the appointment of a commission to make said improvements and providing for regulating the manner in which said basin shall be used by the public and kept in repairs

House Bill No. 1064, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home Philadelphia

House Bill No. 944, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to St. Joseph's Hospital of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1062, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Catholic Home for Destitute Children Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1229, entitled:

An act making an appropriation of twenty-one thousand dollars for the erection of a monument to Robert Morris in the city of Philadelphia and empowering the appointment of a commission to select a site and to build such monument and providing for the expenses of the said commission and dedication of monument

House Bill No. 1113, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Brownsville General Hospital at Brownsville Fayette County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1050, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools situate in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth to defray the expenses of erecting a refrigerating plant and the installation of a sewage plant for the boys' department at Glen Mills Delaware County

House Bill No. 1237, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the DuBois Hospital of DuBois Clearfield County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1330, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Commission for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Hospital for the Treatment of the Insane under Homeopathic management to be called the Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane

House Bill No. 920, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home and Maternity Hospital

House Bill No. 1328, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to Carroll R Williams J H Shoemaker and A Morton Cooper of Philadelphia for services as attorneys for the Dairy and Food Commissioner and to A K Cassel of said city for services as special agent of the Dairy and Food Commissioner

House Bill No. 1028, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the Salvation Army Rescue and Maternity Home of Bellevue Allegheny County

House Bill No. 1133, entitled:

An act making an appropriatfon for the Springdale General Hospital at Springdale Allegheny County

House Bill No. 1282, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Agricultural Experiment Station of the Pennsylvania State College Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1290, entitled:

An act making an appropriation to the German Hospital of the city of Philadelphia

Senate Bill No. 263, entitled:

A joint resolution providing for the issuing of an invitation to neighboring states to a conference with respect to the taxing of oil gas and bituminous coal

Senate Bill No. 267, entitled:

An act making appropriations to institutions not wholly managed by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania liens on the premises of such institutions for the use of the Commonwealth and providing for the collection thereof

Senate Bill No. 394, entitled:

An act to amend section eleven of an act entitled "An Act relating to corporations and to estates held for corporate religious and charitable uses" approved the twenty-sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five

Senate Bill No. 453, entitled:

An act to direct appeals to the Supreme Court from any decree of distribution wherein the fund for distribution whenever any appeal from such decree involving the same question shall be cognizable by and taken to the said court

Senate Bill No. 493, entitled:

An act giving additional protection to wild waterfowl of all kinds in this Commonwealth limiting the number of decoys that may be used by any one person at one time or by any number of persons acting together forbidding the shooting of wild waterfowl before sunrise and imposing penalties for violation of its provisions

Senate Bill No. 596, entitled:

An act providing for the liquidation distribution of assets and dissolution of corporations under the supervision of the Commissioner of Banking and repealing all acts of Assembly supplied hereby or inconsistent herewith

Senate Bill No. 678, entitled:

An act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act for the appointment and maintenance of a board to be known as the Armory Board of the State of Pennsylvania and for the payment of its expenses and for providing managing and caring for armories for the use of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and making an appropriation for the same authorizing the State Armory Board to receive from counties cities municipalities and other sources donations or contributions for the purpose of this act" approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five fixing the salaries and providing for the payment of expenses of the members of the Armory Board

Senate Bill No. 680, entitled:

An act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven and changing the election of the judges therein mentioned from the general election to the municipal election as now provided by law in accordance with the requirements of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 681, entitled:

An act to amend the first section of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act concerning the sale of railroads canals turnpikes bridges and plank roads' approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one extending the provisions of said act to coal iron steel lumber or oil or mining manufacturing transportation and telegraph companies in this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand seven hundred and seventy-eight as amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled 'A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act concerning the sale of railroads canals turnpikes bridges and plank roads' approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one extending the provisions of said act to coal iron steel lumber or oil or mining manufacturing transportation and telegraph companies in this Commonwealth' extending said act so as to embrace all sales made under and by virtue of a power to sell contained in any mortgage or deed of trust

without any process or decree of a court in the premises" approved the thirty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven and as further amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled 'A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act concerning the sale of railroads canals turnpikes bridges and plank roads' approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one extending the provisions of said act to coal iron steel lumber or oil or mining manufacturing transportation and telegraph companies in this Commonwealth' extending said act so as to embrace all sales made under and by virtue of a power to sell contained in any mortgage or deed of trust without any process or decree of a court in the premises' approved the thirty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven so as to give to sales or conveyances made under and by virtue of any process or decree of a district court of the United States the same force and effect which are by said act given to sales or conveyances made under and by virtue of any process or decree of any court of this State or of the circuit court of the United States" approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine so that said act shall apply also to sales and conveyances of material rolling stock and property whether located wholly or partly within this State and franchises and whether of a corporation of this State or of this State and any other State or States and shall prescribe the rights and powers of the corporation formed by the purchaser the issuance by it of stock and bonds and the number and election of directors

Senate Bill No. 756, entitled:

An act to amend section two of an act entitled 'A supplement to an act to authorize the erection of a poorhouse by the township of Wilkes-Barre in the county of Luzerne" approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three authorizing the judges of the court of quarter sessions of said Luzerne county to appoint an additional director of the poor for boroughs of over eighteen thousand population when such boroughs have been incorporated out of a part of any township or townships being a part of the Central Poor District of Luzerne County

Senate Bill No. 760, entitled:

An act prescribing the time and manner of submitting to the people for their approval and ratification or rejection certain proposed amendments to the Constitution

Senate Bill No. 781, entitled:

An act relating to the settlement and audit of the accounts of all officers elected or appointed of boroughs township poor districts and school districts prescribing the time for such settlement and audits for the matters to be contained in the report of settlement and audit for the filing of said report in the office of the clerk of quarter sessions and for appeals to the court of common pleas and superior and supreme courts

Senate Bill No. 792, entitled:

An act authorizing the printing and binding of the annual report of the Commissioner of Health in two separate volumes

Whereupon,

The President pro tempore (Mr. W. E. CROW) in the presence of the Senate signed the same.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE GOVERNOR.

The private secretary to the Governor being introduced, presented communicatons in writing from his Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which were laid upon the table.

APPROVAL OF RESOLUTION EXTENDING PROVISIONS OF CONCURRENT RESOLUTION APPROVED MAY 13, 1909, PROVIDING FOR APPOINTMENT OF JOINT COMMITTEE TO CONSIDER AND REPORT UPON REVISION OF LAWS RELATING TO CORPORATIONS AND REVENUE.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication in writing from his Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was read as follows:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg May 25, 1911.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—I have the honor to advise you that I have this day approved and signed Concurrent Resolution from the Senate and House of Representatives, extending the provisions of the concurrent resolution, approved May 13 A. D. 1909, providing for the appointment of a joint committee of the Senate and House of Representatives to consider and report upon a revision of the laws of this Commonwealth relating to corporations and to revenue; for the employment of counsel and other necessary officers and employes, and giving it authority to compel the attendance of persons and the production of books and papers.

JOHN K. TENER.

APPOINTMENT OF MEMBERS OF JOINT COMMITTEE TO CONSIDER AND REPORT UPON REVISION OF LAW RELATING TO CORPORATIONS AND REVENUE.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair announces the appointment of Messrs. McNichol, Sproul and Keyser as members on the part of the Senate of the committee to consider and report upon a revision of the laws relating to corporations and revenue.

MEMBER BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE STATE INSTITUTION FOR FEEBLE MINDED AT POLK.

The Chair cleared his table and laid before the Senate communication in writing from his Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, which was reads as follows and referred to the Committee on Judiciary General:

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Chamber, Harrisburg May 25, 1911.

To the Honorable, the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In conformity with law, I have the honor hereby to nominate for the advice and consent of the Senate George S. Criswell, of Franklin, to be a member of the Board of Trustees of the State Institution for Feeble Minded, at Polk, Pennsylvania, for the term of three years, to compute from May 1, 1911.

JOHN K. TENER.

REPORT FROM COMMITTEE.

Mr. McILHENNY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to make report from committee at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. McILHENNY, from the Committee on Judiciary General, reported with a favorable recommendation, the nomination made by his Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, at to-day's session, which was laid upon the table.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

By unanimous consent,

A motion was made by Mr. McILHENNY.

That Rule 38, which requires nominations made by the Governor to lie on the table one day, be dispensed with, and the Senate do now resolve itself into executive session, for the purpose of acting upon the nomination reported at to-day's session.

Which was agreed to.

Whereupon,

A motion was made by Mr. McILHENNY.

That the Senate do advise and consent to the nomination reported.

On the question,

Will the Senate agree to the motion?

The yeas and nays were taken agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—50.

Adams	Heacock	Manbeck	Snyder
Alexander	Herbst	Martin	
Baldwin	Homsher	McConnell	Sproul,
Buckman	Huffman	McIlhenny	Thomson
Catlin	Hunter	McNichol	Tustin
Clark	Jamison	McNichols	Vare
Cooper	Jarrett	Miller	Wasbers
DeWitt	Jones	Morgan	Weingartner
Endsley	Judson	Nulty	Wertz
Fox	Keyser	Powell	Wilbert
Gerberich	Kline	Salus	Wolf
Hall	Knapp	Shields	Crow
Hays	Kurtz		Pres. pro tem.

NAYS—0.

Two-thirds of all the Senators having voted "aye" the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Governor be informed accordingly.

RESOLUTION FOR APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE TO WAIT UPON THE GOVERNOR.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. KLINE offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That a committee of three be appointed to wait upon the Governor, in conjunction with a similar committee (if the House shall appoint such a committee), and inform him that the General Assembly will be ready to adjourn sine die this day at twelve o'clock noon.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

RESOLUTION FOR APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE TO NOTIFY HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES THAT SENATE IS READY TO ADJOURN SINE DIE.

Mr. BUCKMAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BUCKMAN offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Resolved, That a committee of two Senators be appointed to notify the House of Representatives that the Senate is ready to adjourn sine die.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair appoints as such committee Messrs. Buckman and Homsher.

RESOLUTION DIRECTING PRINTING AND DELIVERY OF JOURNALS OF SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. FOX. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. FOX offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Chief Clerks of the Senate and House of Representaatives be directed to have a copy of the Journals of the two houses of this session prepared and placed in the hands of the Superintendent of Public Printing within thirty days after the close of the session, and the Superintendent of Public Printing is hereby directed to have the said Journals printed, bound and delivered to the Chief Clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives within ninety days after receipt of the copy therefor.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for concurrence.

RESOLUTION DISCHARGING STANDING COMMITTEES FROM CONSIDERATION OF BILLS.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. KEYSER offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Resolved, That at the close of the session, the standing committees of the Senate be discharged from the consideration of all bills in their custody, and that the Chairman of each committee return the bills to the Chief Clerk of the Senate.

RESOLUTION THANKING THE LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

Mr. ENDSLEY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. ENDSLEY offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Resolved, That the thanks of the Senate be tendered to Lieutenant-Governor John M Reynolds for the able and impartial manner in which he has performed the arduous duties of his office during the session of this body now about to close.

RESOLUTION THANKING PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE.

Mr. WOLF. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. WOLF offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Resolved, That the thanks of the Senate be tendered to Hon. William E. Crow, President pro tempore of the Senate, for the able and impartial manner in which he has performed the arduous duties of his office during the session now about to close.

RESOLUTION THANKING OFFICERS AND OTHER EMPLOYES OF SENATE.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. McCONNELL offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Resolved, That the thanks of the Senate be tendered to Harman M. Kephart, Chief Clerk; W. Harry Baker, Secretary; Herman P. Miller, Senate Librarian; Edward L. Groff, Assistant Librarian; William S. Nason, Journal Clerk; William P. Gallagher, Reading Clerk; John M. Flynn, Executive Clerk; John McKeown, Desk Clerk; R. Kirk McConnell, Message Clerk, and William H. Williams, Sergeant-at-Arms, and all other officers and employes of the Senate, for the able manner in which they attended the duties of their respective offices and the uniform courtesy manifested by them toward all the Senators.

RESOLUTION THANKING CHAPLAIN.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. BALDWIN offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Resolved, That the thanks of the Senate be tendered to Rev. Arthur C. James, Chaplain of the Senate.

HOUSE MESSAGES.

HOUSE CONCURS IN SENATE BILL NO. 100.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives being introduced, presented communication from the House of Representatives returning to the Senate Senate Bill No. 100, entitled:

An act providing for the appointment by the district attorney in counties having a population of over one million and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants of a chief county detective an assistant county detective and special county detective defining their duties fixing their salaries and authorizing the payment of the same together with necessary traveling expenses by the county

with the information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

HOUSE RECEDES FROM NON-CONCURRENCE IN SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 483.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives, informing the Senate that the House has receded from its non-concurrence in the amendments made by the Senate to House Bill No. 483, entitled:

An act to provide for licensing and regulating private banking in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing penalties for the violation thereof

HOUSE CONCURS IN RESOLUTION DIRECTING PRINTING AND DELIVERY OF JOURNALS OF SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives, informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, May 25, 1911.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Chief Clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives be directed to have a copy of the Journals of the two Houses of this session prepared and placed in the hands of the Superintendent of Public Printing within thirty days after the close of the session, and the Superintendent of Public Printing is hereby directed to have the said Journals printed, bound and delivered to the Chief Clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives within ninety days after receipt of the copy therefor.

HOUSE CONCURS IN RESOLUTION FOR APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE TO WAIT UPON THE GOVERNOR.

He also presented communication from the House of Representatives, informing the Senate that the House has concurred in resolution from the Senate as follows:

In the Senate, May 25, 1911.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That a committee of three be appointed to wait upon the Governor, in conjunction with a similar committee (if the House shall appoint such committee), and inform him that the General Assembly will be ready to adjourn sine die this day at 12 o'clock noon.

and has appointed Messrs. Neel, Breitinger and Shaffer as members of said committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

COMMITTEE TO WAIT UPON THE GOVERNOR.

The PRESIDENT. The Chair appoints as the committee on the part of the Senate to wait upon the Governor, Messrs. Kline, Kurtz and Miller.

BILLS SIGNED.

The President pro tempore (Mr. W. E. CROW) announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

Senate Bill No. 100, entitled:

An act providing for the appointment by the district attorney in counties having a population of over one million and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants of a chief county detective an assistant county detective and special county detective defining their duties fixing their salaries and authorizing the payment of the same together with necessary traveling expenses by the county

House Bill No. 483, entitled:

An act to provide for licensing and regulating private banking in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing penalties for the violation thereof

Whereupon,

The President pro tempore (Mr. W. E. CROW), in the presence of the Senate, signed the same.

REPORT OF CHIEF CLERK ON COMPARED BILLS.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, on behalf of the Chief Clerk, I desire to report having compared and found correct bills numbered and entitled as follows, as having passed both branches of the Legislature and signed by the presiding officers thereof:

Senate No. 2:

An act to amend an act approved April four one thousand eight hundred and thirty-one (Pamphlet Law four hundred and twenty-three) to provide for the erection of a house for the employment and support of the poor in the county of Schuylkill by creating a board of trustees of the insane for and in the county of Schuylkill and regulating same

Senate No. 3:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act designating the days and half days to be observed as legal holidays and for the payment acceptance and protesting of bills notes drafts checks and other negotiable papers on such days' approved the twenty-third day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven further designating the days and half days to be observed as legal holidays

Senate No. 6:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act providing for the acquisition by the State of certain ground at Valley Forge for a public park and making an appropriation therefor" approved the thirtieth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three authorizing the Commissioners of Valley Forge Park to accept and administer trust funds and to enter into agreements respecting highways railways railroads and other means of travel within the said park and to regulate the travel and traffic over the said roads and police the same

Senate No. 8:

An act repealing the act of May fifth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four entitled "An Act to increase the pay of jurors and witnesses in the county of Lancaster"

Senate No. 10:

An act to make uniform the laws of bills of lading and providing penalties for the violation thereof

Senate No. 12:

An act to make uniform the law to transfer of shares of stock in corporations

Senate No. 13:

An act to cede jurisdiction to the United States over the Hanover Public Road in the county of Adams leading to the scene of the cavalry fight

Senate No. 14:

To repeal an act approved the sixth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven entitled "An Act fixing the compensation for the commissioners of the county of Bucks"

Senate No. 17:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four authorizing the insertion of certain provisions in the charters of corporations for the support of public worship and validating similar provisions in charters already granted

Senate No. 20:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the removal of judges of the Supreme Superior Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts permanently disqualified by reason of physical or mental disability to perform their judicial functions and duties with half pay for their unexpired terms and the filling of vacancies caused by such removal" approved May eleventh one thousand nine hundred and one so as to allow them full pay during the balance of their terms of office and under certain conditions half pay during the remainder of their lives

Senate No. 23:

An act amending article two of an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as amended by the act approved the first day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by providing for the creation of an additional department to be known as the department of supplies supplementing said act so approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one by authorizing the creation of the department of supplies and defining the powers and duties of said department and amending section one of article fifteen of said act so approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as amended by the act approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one by providing that when a contract exceeds five hundred dollars notice to bidders shall be by advertisement instead of notice by advertisement being when the contract exceeds two hundred and fifty dollars and further providing that bids shall be opened by the Mayor and head of the proper department or either of them

Senate No. 24:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer the board of water assessors and the collector of delinquent taxes

Senate No. 25:

An act amending sections three eight and fourteen of "An Act to provide for licensing and regulating employment agencies in cities of the first and second class in this Commonwealth and providing penalties for the violation thereof" approved the twenty-fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven

Senate No. 26:

An act amending paragraphs one and two of section three of article nineteen of an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as amended respectively by sections thirteen and fourteen of an act approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one defining the subjects of taxation and providing for certain exemptions

Senate No. 27:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act creating a Bureau of Health in the Department of Public Safety in cities of the second class defining the powers and duties thereof and the officers thereunder prescribing rules regulations and laws respecting the public health and authorizing and imposing fines penalties and punishments for violations thereof" approved June twenty-six one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five and to a supplement thereto approved March twenty-five Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three providing for the vacation or destruction of buildings dangerous to the public health authorizing and imposing fines penalties punishments and remedies for violations of this act and providing method of appeal

Senate No. 30:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania so as to consolidate the Courts of Common Pleas of Allegheny County

Senate No. 31:

An act to enlarge the powers of constables to the service of summons issued by aldermen and justices of the peace

Senate No. 32:

An act to validate acts done and conveyances made by or to corporations after letters patent are issued and before the recording of their charters

Senate No. 34:

An act to regulate the amusement and places of public amusement in this Commonwealth by prohibiting any dramatic theatrical operatic or vaudeville exhibition or the exhibition of any fixed or moving pictures of a lascivious sacriligious obscene indecent or immoral nature or character and providing penalties for the violation thereof

Senate No. 36:

An act to refund to the Elizabeth Steel Magee Hospital the collateral inheritance tax paid out of its funds by the estate of Christopher L Magee deceased

Senate No. 46:

An act providing for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by prohibiting the sale the offering for sale or exposing for sale or the having in possession with intent to sell of adulterated or deleterious sausage defining sausage and prescribing the penalty for the violation thereof

Senate No. 47:

An act to repeal section thirteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the erection of a house for the employment and support of the poor in the county of Dauphin" passed the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred and six which section fixes the salaries of directors of the poor in said county

Senate No. 48:

An act repealing section two of an act entitled "An Act relating to the fees of the sheriff and the salaries of the directors of the poor of Dauphin County" approved the

twenty-first day of February one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three which section fixes the salaries of the directors of the poor in said county

Senate No. 49:

An act to repeal an act entitled "A further supplement to an act to provide for the election of a house for the employment and support of the poor in the county of Dauphin" passed the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred and six approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven which act fixes the salaries of the directors of the poor in said county

Senate No. 50:

An act to repeal section twenty-three of an act entitled "An Act supplementary to the resolution relative to the claim of Brown and Sawyers passed the thirty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six and for other purposes" approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight which section fixes the rate of mileage for county commissioners and directors of the poor in Dauphin County

Senate No. 51:

An act to repeal section three of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the compensation of certain county officers in the county of Dauphin" approved the third day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three which section fixes the salaries of the directors of the poor in said county

Senate No. 52:

An act amending the first section of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three, entitled "A supplement to an act extending the jurisdiction of the courts of this Commonwealth in cases of divorce passed the twenty-sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred and fifty" by requiring the Courts of Common Pleas to entertain jurisdiction in all cases of divorce and to enter a decree in certain cases

Senate No. 53:

An act authorizing counties to purchase or condemn public toll bridges crossing rivers rivulets streams or ravines within the limits of such county where the same connects different municipal divisions of such county when duly authorized thereto by the Court of Quarter Sessions on petition of at least twenty taxpayers of such county and giving power to the counties to charge and collect tolls or rentals for the use of any such bridge from railway telephone and telegraph companies and other persons making a use thereof for other than ordinary foot and vehicle travel and providing for the preservation of existing contracts with such persons and their assignment to such county

Senate No. 54:

An act to amend an act approved May eighth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six entitled "An Act to establish a State Board of Agriculture" by adding one representative of the State Poultry Association and one representative of the State Bee-Keepers' Association to the State Board of Agriculture

Senate No. 55:

An act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to Walter C Morris of Allegheny the amount paid by him for his commission as notary public and making an appropriation therefor

Senate No. 56:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Patrick's Orphan Asylum of Scranton Lackawanna County

Senate No. 58:

An act making an appropriation to the Bethesda Home

Senate No. 61:

An act making an appropriation to the North Pennsylvania General Hospital and Sanitarium located at Austin Pennsylvania

Senate No. 68:

An act making an appropriation to cover a deficiency in the item in the General Appropriation Act of the fifteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws nine hundred and six) making an appropriation to pay the tuition of students in State Normal Schools

Senate No. 69:

An act making an appropriation to the Westmoreland Hospital Association of Greensburg Pennsylvania

Senate No. 71:

An act making an appropriation to the Commissioners of Valley Forge Park

Senate No. 74:

An act making an appropriation to the Coatesville Hospital Coatesville Chester County Pennsylvania

Senate No. 75:

An act making an appropriation of ten thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary for the purpose of marking on the ground the site of the battle of Brandywine

Senate No. 76:

An act making an appropriation to the Benevolent Association's Home for Children of Pottsville Schuylkill County

Senate No. 77:

An act making an appropriation to the Home of Industry for Discharged Prisoners of the city of Philadelphia and State of Pennsylvania

Senate No. 78:

An act making an appropriation to the House of Good Shepherd Scranton Lackawanna County

Senate No. 79:

An act making an appropriation to the Chester County Hospital West Chester Chester County Pennsylvania.

Senate No. 81:

An act making an appropriation to the Phoenixville Hospital at Phoenixville Pennsylvania

Senate No. 82:

An act making an appropriation for the refunding of collateral inheritance taxes erroneously paid from the estate of Mary S. Lundy under the provisions of the acts of June twelfth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight and March twenty-fifth one thousand nine hundred and one

Senate No. 84:

An act making an appropriation to the Commonwealth Humane Society

Senate No. 89:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Jewish Sanitorium for Consumptives located at Eaglesville Montgomery County

Senate No. 90:

An act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to George T. Ghriest of Allegheny the amount paid by him for his commission as notary public and making an appropriation therefor

Senate No. 91:

An act making an appropriation to refund to William G Walter money paid for notary public commission

Senate No. 92:

An act making an appropriation to refund to Alice A Trill money paid for notary public commission

Senate No. 93:

An act repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of an act approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged by justices of the peace aldermen and magistrates in this Commonwealth"

Senate No. 96:

An act increasing the number of Courts of Common Pleas in the county of Allegheny establishing therein a distinct and separate Court of Common Pleas and providing for the election and appointment of judges for said court

Senate No. 97:

An act relating to suits against corporations upon bonds in which they have become surety and the service of process in connection therewith

Senate No. 99:

An act to amend section seven of an act entitled "An Act relating to motor-vehicles regulating their speed upon the public streets and highways of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and the licensing of operators by the State Highway Department establishing the rights of motor-vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles regulating the service of process and of proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom prescribing the penalties for violations of the provisions of this act and providing for the disposition of fines imposed thereunder" by striking out from section seven of said act the word "hire" wherever it may occur in said section

Senate No. 100:

An act providing for the appointment by the district attorney in counties having a population of over one million and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants of a chief county detective an assistant county detective and special county detective defining their duties fixing their salaries and authorizing the payment of the same together with necessary traveling expenses by the county

Senate No. 102:

An act regulating the compensation of court criers and tipstaves in counties containing more than ninety thousand and less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants providing for the paymet of the same by the particular county and repealing an act of Assembly entitled "An Act to regulate the fees of court criers and tipstaves of the courts in judicial districts containing more than ninety thousand and less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine"

Senate No. 103:

An act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner two Deputy State Highway Commissioners chief engineer chief draughtsman superintendents of highways and a staff of assistants and employes defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of Commissioner and Deputies and other appointees providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county seats principal cities and towns and extending to the State line describing and defining same by route numbers as the State highways of the Commonwealth providing for the improvement maintenance and repair of said State highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expenses to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same, requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State highways wholly and in part requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner providing for the payment of damages in taking of property or otherwise in the improvement thereof providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State highway and procedure therein providing for work of improvement of State highways to be done by contract except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work be done by the State providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads defining highways and State-aid highways providing method of application for State and in the improvement maintenance and repair of township or county roads and prescribing the contents of township county borough or incorporated town petitions providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State county township borough or incorporated town and requiring contracts by counties townships boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same providing for the minimum width of State highways and State-aid highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs providing penalty for injuring or destroying State highways making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act

Senate No. 108:

An act requiring registration of titles to lands acquired by will or descent regulating the same and providing for the punishment of false registrations

Senate No. 109:

An act providing for the organization discipline maintenance and regulation of the organized militia of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania otherwise styled the National Guard of Pennsylvania authorizing the Governor to alter divide annex consolidate disband organize or reorganize any organization department or corps providing for admission of new organizations providing that certain privileges and exemptions from duty as jurors be enjoyed by members thereof or persons who have served therein also exemption from further military service of persons who have served therein except in case of war invasion or insurrection exempting members of the National Guard from service upon any posse comitatus authorizing general field and commissioned department or staff officers to administer oaths or affirmations in matters concerning National Guard service and authorizing commanding officers to administer oaths or affirmations in enlistment of recruits providing that persons who falsely swear or affirm to any oath or affirmation shall be deemed guilty of perjury and prescribing punishment therefor providing for annual allowances to be paid to organizations of the National Guard fixing rate per day for hire of horses fixing the per diem pay for officers and enlisted men of the National Guard providing for retirement of commissioned officers providing for a military board and fixing salaries of members thereof providing for holding of annual encampments and fixing maximum period of same fixing terms of commission of commissioned officers providing that no officer shall remain in command of the division for a longer period than five years providing that officers may be held supernumerary fixing amount of bonds to be filed by certain officers providing for discharge of commissioned officers by the Commander-in-Chief and discharge of enlisted men by commanding officers authorizing the Adjutant General by permission of the Governor to sell or exchange military stores and directing payment into State Treasury of money received from sales so made prescribing the duties of the Adjutant General authorizing commanding officers of troops under arms to arrest trespassers on parade or camp ground and to prohibit or prevent sale of spirituous liquors except by licensed houses within a radius of two miles of said parade or camp ground and providing that hucksters auction sales or gambling may be abated as a nuisance authorizing the Commanderin-Chief to fix an annual commutation for rifle practice, providing that civil process shall not be issued or enforced against any person mustered into the service of this Commonwealth or of the United States during so much of the term as he shall be engaged in active service under orders nor until thirty days after he shall be relieved thereof providing that no officer or soldier shall be arrested upon any warrant except for treason or felony while in the performance of military duty providing for the appointment of courts of inquiry and courts martial and the method of procedure of said courts of inquiry and courts-martial and fixing sentences that may be imposed or penalties inflicted or both providing for the punishment of certain offenses hereby declared to be felonies and misdemeanors

Senate No. 110:

An act regulating the number of employes in the Adjutant General's Department and in the State Arsenal fixing the annual salaries to be paid to each authorizing the Adjutant General to make the appointment of employes in the Adjutant General's Department and the State Arsenal and giving authority to make such assignments to duty and to change or alter such assignments as may in his judgment be necessary to subserve the interests of the Commonwealth fixing the salary of the Adjutant General and providing for payment of such salaries as now provided by law

Senate No. 116:

An act making an appropriation to the Northwestern Anti-Tuberculosis League of Bradford McKean County Pennsylvania

Senate No. 117:

An act appropriating the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars to the city of Philadelphia toward the erection of buiidings for the care and maintenance of Feeble-Minded and Idiotic persons in said city to be known as the "Philadelphia Institution for the Feeble-Minded"

Senate No. 118:

An act making an appropriation to the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia

Senate No. 120:

An act making an appropriation to reimburse Robert E Wible for money erroneously paid into the State Treasury and authorizing the State Treasurer to make such payment upon proper warrant of the Auditor General

Senate No. 122:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Westmoreland county at Greensburg Pennsylvania

Senate No. 124:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic at Spring City Pennsylvania

Senate No. 127:

An act establishing in each county a board of viewers prescribing their duties providing for their appointment as viewers road juries juries of view and commissioners to view land and providing for the charges upon the respective counties in the matter of salaries costs and expenses thereof

Senate No. 128:

An act providing that estates passing from an adopting parent to a legally adopted child or children shall not be subject to the collateral inheritance tax

Senate No. 130:

An act to amend part of the first section of an act approved the eleventh day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged by sheriffs in this Commonwealth and to provide for the taxation and collection of the same" by requiring sheriffs' fees for commissions and for discharging prisoners to be paid by the county

Senate No. 133:

An act regulating the issuance of licenses to marry prohibiting the issuing of such licenses to certain persons regulating the time during which licenses shall be valid and the time when returns shall be made of marriages solemnized to the clerk of the Orphans' Court prescribing the duties of the clerk of the Orphans' Court and providing penalties for the violations of the provisions of this act

Senate No. 134:

An act to validate affidavits acknowledgments and other notarial acts heretofore performed by Notaries Public of this Commonwealth within three months after the expiration of the time for which they have been commissioned to act

Senate No. 139:

An act to amend sections nine and ten of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act" approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by providing a final date for the registration of certain practitioners of osteopathy by

defining what constitutes a reputable school or college of osteopathy within the meaning of this act and by vesting in the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners authority to determine the reputability of osteopathic schools or colleges and the right to determine reciprocal relations between states

Senate No. 141:

An act providing for the original location laying out and construction of public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth and for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways therein making such originally constructed or improved roads and highways county roads authorizing the relocating opening straightening widening extension and alteration of the same and the vacation of so much of any road as may thereby become unnecessary providing that the county commissioners of any county may prescribe rules regulating the use of roads constructed or maintained by the various counties and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing for the taking of property for such improvement the compensation to be paid therefor and the payment of damages resulting from such taking and the manner in which such damages may be determined providing for the payment of the costs and expenses of such construction or improvement and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said roads authorizing the levy of a tax or the issuing of bonds to provide a fund for the expense thereof prescribing a method for improving a county road lying within or traversing a borough and apportioning the cost of such improvement and authorizing the vacation of any county road

Senate No. 145:

An act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the licensing of buildings and other places in which theatrical operatic or circus performances are held and menageries or museums are exhibited and fixing the price to be paid for said licenses and providing for the licensing of circuses and menageries exhibiting in tents and enclosures of like character" approved the twenty-fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five as amended by an act approved the twenty-third of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven providing that in cities of the second class the owner or owners or lessee or lessees of a building the seating capacity of which does not exceed one thousand persons nor is less than four hundred persons shall pay an annual license of seventy-five dollars and where the seating capacity is less than four hundred persons shall pay thirty dollars

Senate No. 146:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the subgrading paving curbing and macadamizing of streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof assess the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon providing four-fifths of said owners petition councils for same and providing for the collection of the cost of same approved twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and thirty-two) providing that if the petition for said improvement has been verified by the affidavit of one or more of the petitioners notice may be given of the passage of the ordinance requiring said improvement and allowing an appeal therefrom by any person interested to any court of common pleas of the county and if such appeal is dismissed or no such appeal is taken then all parties interested shall be estopped from denying that said petition was signed by the requisite number of owners representing the requisite number of feet fronting on the street to be improved

Senate No. 147:

An act creating a sinking fund commission in any county now or hereafter containing not less than one hundred and fifty thousand nor more than two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants prescribing its powers and duties and repealing acts inconsistent herewith

Senate No. 149:

An act repealing section seventy-four of an act entitled "An Act relative to the organization of the courts of justice" approved April fourteen Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four

Senate No. 153:

An act amending act twenty-fourth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven (Pamphlet Law page thirty-seven) by striking out the following "Provided That the provisions of this act shall not apply to counties of less than three hundred thousand inhabitants"

Senate No. 154:

A joint resolution proposing an amendmentt to article nine section four of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania authorizing the State to issue bonds to the amount of fifty millions of dollars for the improvement of the highways of the Commonwealth

Senate No. 155:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to increase the pay of jurors and witnesses in this Commonwealth" so as to make one general per diem rate for jurors and witnesses in all the counties in the State

Senate No. 159:

An act to provide within the following boundaries namely On the west by the present eastern line of Capitol Park on the north by the southern line of North street on the east by the western line of the right of way of the Pennsylvania Railroad company and on the south by the northern line of Walnut street for the extension of Capitol Park in the city of Harrisburg and for the acquiring taking and condemnation of the real estate in connection therewith and within said boundaries and for the demolition of the buildings and structures thereon and making an appropriation therefor and also for the expenses and cost in connection therewith

Senate No. 160:

An act to amend the fifth and twenty-second sections of an act entitled "An Act relating to insolvency embracing among other matters voluntary assignments for the benefit of creditors and adverse proceedings in insolvency by creditors forbidding also certain preferences providing for the distribution of the insolvent's estate and in certain contingencies relieving him and others liable with him from further liability for his or their debts" approved the fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one by providing for publication and notice in a weekly and in a daily newspaper

Senate No. 162:

An act authorizing the proper authorities of adjoining boroughs to fix and determine the dividing line between said boroughs where the location of the same is uncertain and to change the dividing line between adjoining boroughs and providing the manner of procedure in such cases

Senate No. 164:

An act to provide for the appointment of five directors of the Middle Coal Field Poor District by the court of quarter sessions of Carbon county the continuance in office of the directors now serving for the filling of vacancies placing the affairs of the district under the supervision and control of the court of quarter sessions of Carbon county and making it lawful to erect new or additional buildings for said district after the approval of the court of quarter sessions of Carbon county

Senate No. 166:

An act empowering boroughs of this Commonwealth without petition of the property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same

Senate No. 167:

An act relating to treasurer's sales of land for taxes making the prothonotary's certificate of acknowledgment endorsed on the deed or the record thereof when such deed has been recorder prima facie evidence of such acknowledgment

Senate No. 169:

An act authorizing the ascertainment levy assessment and collection of the costs damages and expenses in grading paving and curbing and laying sidewalks upon any street lane or alley or part thereof in townships of the first class completed now or in the process of completion where said improvements have been petitioned for by a majority of owners of real estate in interest and number abutting upon the line of such improvement

Senate No. 173:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the paving curbing and macadamizing of streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof and assess a portion of the costs of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same" approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine so as to change the requirements of the petition for paving from two-thirds of the owners of property representing not less than two-thirds in number of feet of the properties fronting or abutting on the street or thoroughfare or the part thereof proposed to be paved to the owners of property representing not less than two-thirds in number of feet of the properties fronting or abutting on the street or thoroughfare or the part thereof proposed to be paved and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

Senate No. 175:

An act making it a felony to open any tomb vault or grave and remove clandestinely any body or remains therefrom and fixing the penalty for violation thereof

Senate No. 181:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to regulate the publication binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth" approved the second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine

Senate No. 183:

An act making an appropriation to John J Devitt for mileage due him as a member of the Mine Inspector's Examining Board for the counties of Schuylkill Northumberland Columbia and Dauphin

Senate No. 185:

An act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to Richard J. Baxter the amount paid by him for his commission as a Notary Public

Senate No. 190:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Polyclinic and College for Graduates in Medicines

Senate No. 192:

An act making an appropriation for the Pittsburg Sunshine Children's Home located at Pittsburg Pennsylvania

Senate No. 208:

An act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received by the several prothonotaries of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth in counties having a population of over two hundred thousand and under one million and to provide the time of paying the same

Senate No. 211:

An act to provide for the cancellation of certain liens bonds and mortgages now held by the Department of Internal Affairs for unpaid purchase money and interest on lands for which patents have been issued and which remain unsatisfied on the lien docket and other records of that department and providing for the forwarding by the Secretary of Internal Affairs of certified statements of the cancellation to the respective counties affected that such statements may be recorded in the counties where the land lies and that the record thereof or certified copies thereof shall be evidence where the said certified statement would be evidence

Senate No. 213:

An act abolishing the offices of Superintendent and Assistant Superintendent of the Bureau of Railways in the Department of Internal Affairs creating the offices of Chief and Assistant Chief of the Bureau of Railways in said Department of Internal Affairs prescribing their duties and fixing their salaries and repealing all laws and parts of laws inconsistent herewith

Senate No. 216:

An act to amend the forty-seventh section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six entitled "An Act relating to roads highways and bridges" providing that the cost of construction maintenance and repair of county bridges which cross rivers or streams forming the boundary line between two counties or running between counties shall be paid for by said counties in proportion to the population of the respective counties provided this shall apply to counties having a population of two hundred thousand and under and in such counties three hundred feet (300) in length and over

Senate No. 222:

An act authorizing road supervisors in townships of the second class to aid in the construction of sidewalks along public highways through towns and villages in said townships

Senate No. 223:

An act authorizing companies or corporations having toll bridges across any rivers or streams in this Commonwealth whose travel has been diverted or taken away to close the same to public travel Provided that this act shall not apply to bridges in counties having a population of over one hundred and fifty thousand

Senate No. 225:

An act to amend the second section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled "An Act to authorize cities and boroughs to condemn property and rights inside and outside of their limits for the purpose of obtaining and supplying water" by fixing the number of the viewers at three

Senate No. 226:

An act amending the first section of an act approved the twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight entitled "An Act to provide for appointing viewers to assess damages where streets and alleys are changed in grades or location in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth" by fixing the number of the viewers at three

Senate No. 227:

An act to amend an act approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act providing a mode by which the title to all estates and interests in lands in the State of Pennsylvania may be vested in the United States when no agreement can be made with the owners of the same for the purchase thereof" by fixing the number of viewers at three

Senate No. 228:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six entitled "An Act to authorize the acquisition by the several counties of this Commonwealth for the use of the county of bridges erected over rivers creeks rivulets and for the abolition of tolls thereon" by fixing the number of viewers at three

Senate No. 229:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to provide for the vacation and closing of alleys lanes or passageways that are or may hereafter become public nuisances and to compensate abutting property owners or others who may be damaged thereby and assess benefits if any therebe" by fixing the number of the jury at three

Senate No. 230:

An act to amend the fifteenth section of an act approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the better government of cities of the first class in this Commonwealth' approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five creating a department of wharves docks and ferries for the improvement regulation and supervision of the construction extension alteration maintenance and use of wharves piers bulkheads docks slips basins ferries harbors and harbor structures in cities of the first class and providing for the making and enforcement of rules and regulations and fixing certain penalties for violation thereof and providing for the acquisition of property by said cities by purchase and by condenmation for certain purposes" by fixing the number of the jury at three

Senate No. 231:

An act amending the first section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six entitled "An Act relating to roads highways dred and fifty-one by fixing the number of the viewers at three

Senate No. 232:

An act to amend section four of an act approved the fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to empower railroad companies to change the location and grade or either of bridges and their approaches belonging to bridge corporations to accommodate the location and construction of their railroad or the changing relocating widening straightening or improvement thereof" by fixing the number of the viewers at three

Senate No. 233:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act empowering and directing the county commissioners of any county to purchase ground at the county seat for the erection thereon of such building or buildings as may be necessary for the accommodation of the courts and of the several officers of the county and for the reception and safe keeping of the records and other papers in charge of such officers and also such other building or buildings as may be necessary and proper for the purpose of a county jail or workhouse when occasion shall require the erection of such building or buildings and in case the said ground cannot be obtained by agreement with the owner or owners at a reasonable price in the estimation of said commissioners then to resort to condemnation" by fixing the number of viewers at three

Senate No. 234:

An act to amend section forty-one of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" by fixing the number of the viewers at three

Senate No. 235:

An act amending the first section of an act approved the twenty-second day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six entitled "A supplement to the act regulating boroughs" approved April third one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one by fixing the number of the viewers at three

Senate No. 236:

An act to amend an act approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act dividing the cities of this State into three classes regulating the passage of ordinances providing for contracts for supplies and work for said cities authorizing the increase of indebtedness and the creation of a sinking fund to redeem the same defining and punishing certain offences in all of said cities and providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class" by fixing the number of the viewers at three

Senate No. 237:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to provide for the vacation and closing of alleys lanes or passageways that are or may hereafter become public nuisances and to compensate abutting property owners or others who may be damaged thereby and assess benefits if any there be" by fixing the number of the viewers at three

Senate No. 238:

An act amending the second third fourth and seventh sections of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to create a Legislative Reference Bureau in the Pennsylvania State Library authorizing the appointment of a reference director and subordinafe officers defining their duties and fixing their compensation" by providing for additional permanent and emergency employes in the bureau and fixing their salaries increasing the salaries of the director and assistant director and increasing the powers and duties of the director

Senate No. 239:

An act to provide in cities of the first class for delivery tickets in the sale of anthracite coal and to authorize the designation of weighing scales and for the proper inspection thereof for weighing coal delivered to purchasers who receive

the same by cart wagon or other conveyance and to compel the seller thereof to allow said coal to be weighed to provide for certificates of weight and the effect thereof as evidence to the weight of coal passing such scales and to punish for refusal of seller to allow coal weighed and to punish fradulent weighing at such scales and to provide for the keeping of docket records thereof by magistrates or justices of the peace

Senate No. 244:

An act creating the office of first assistant city solicitor in cities of the first class and prescribing his powers and duties

Senate No. 247:

An act fixing the number and salaries of clerks and other employes in Department of Auditor General and defining the duties of certain employes

Senate No. 248:

An act making an appropriation to the fiftieth anniversary of the Battle of Gettysburg to further carry out the provisions of the act of Assembly approved May thirteenth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine creating said Commission and defining the duty thereof

Senate No. 249:

An act making an appropriation to the Frankford Hospital located in Frankford Philadelphia

Senate No. 251:

An act to authorize the completion of a dike or dikes for the protection of property adjacent to the Delaware River in Falls township Bucks County and the payment of all monies still due for work heretofore done on the said dike or dikes and making an appropriation therefor

Senate No. 255:

An act providing for a commission to examine and report on the propriety of the purchase by the Commonwealth of a certain tract of land in Jefferson Clarion and Forest counties and making an appropriation therefor

Senate No. 256:

An act making an appropriation for the improvement of the maritime port facilities of the State of Pennsylvania

Senate No. 257:

An act making an appropriation to the Coleman Home for Colored Boys located in the city of Pittsburg Allegheny County Pennsylvania

Senate No. 261:

An act relating to the right to practice medicine and surgery in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing a Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure as a bureau of the Department of Public Instruction and means and methods whereby the right to practice medicine and surgery and any of its collateral and minor branches may be obtained and exemptions therefrom and providing for an appropriation to carry out the provisions of said act and providing for revocation or suspension licenses given by said bureau and providing penalties for violation thereof

Senate No. 263:

A joint resolution providing for the issuing of an invitation to neighboring States to a conference with respect to the taxing of oil gas and bituminous coal

Senate No. 266:

An act in relation to the printing of appropriation bills in the pamphlet laws

Senate No. 267:

An act making appropriations to institutions not wholly managed by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania liens on the premises of such institutions for the use of the Commonwealth and providing for the collection thereof

Senate No. 268:

An act providing for the report to the Auditor General by the prothonotaries of the Courts of Common Pleas of corporations incorporated by such courts

Senate No. 273:

An act to amend sections one four five and seven of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site for the erection of a State hospital for the treatment of the insane under homeopathic management to be called the Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane and making an appropriation therefor" approved the eighteenth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one by vesting the appointment of the entire commission in the Governor and by requiring the approval of the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings to plans and specifications and to expenditures incurred by the commission and by authorizing the commission to turn over to a board of trustees buildings when completed

Senate No. 277:

An act validating certain elections of counties cities boroughs townships school districts and other incorporated districts held pursuant to the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof" and the amendments thereto and validating bonds issued or authorized to be issued in pursuance of such elections

Senate No. 280:

An act to create a Bureau of Professional Education as a sub-department of the Department of Public Instruction to define the powers and duties of the said Bureau and to make an appropriation therefor

Senate No. 281:

An act to amend the fifth section of an act approved the fourteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act for the creation and government of a division of the State Library for the preservation of public records" by permitting the various State Departments to deposit with the division all papers not needed and authorizing county officers to turn over records to the division and providing for their repair

Senate No. 283:

An act to repeal the act approved March twenty-fourth one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to amend the amendment approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five to section two of an act entitled 'An act to authorize cities of the first class to levy and fix a tax rate to fix the time of opening and closing tax duplicates to regulate the appropriations and expenditures of said cities and prescribing penalties for the violations of the provisions of this act' approved the eleventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine changing the date for opening and closing tax duplicates and placing the same in the hands of the collectors of delinquent taxes"

Senate No. 284:

An act to amend section sixteen of an act approved the eleventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An Act for the regulation and continuance of a system of education by common schools' approved the eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four" by providing for and regulating the establishment and maintenance of industrial schools

Senate No. 287:

An act supplementing an act approved the fifteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State institution for the Feeble-Minded and and Epileptic to be called the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic and making an appropriation therefor" by abolishing the commission therein established providing for the completion of the said institution regulating the powers of the board of trustees and repealing the tenth and seventeenth sections thereof

Senate No. 292:

An act authorizing the purchase of William Penn's own copy of the map which fixed the boundaries of the State of Pennsylvania in one thousand six hundred and eighty-five and making an appropriation therefor

Senate No. 293:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act relating to damages for injuries producing death" approved the twenty-sixth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five by providing that the domicile residence citizenship or nationality shall be no bar as to the right to recover and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

Senate No. 295:

An act to fix the number and salaries of officers clerks and employes in the State Treasury

Senate No. 296:

An act providing for the merger and consolidation of street railway and motor power companies

Senate No. 297:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act relating to the settlement of public accounts" approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine by providing that the powers imposed shall be exercised by the concurrent action as a board of all the officers named and that said officers shall act in person and not by deputy

Senate No 298:

An act authorizing and empowering cities and boroughs in their corporate capacity to enact ordinances prescribing such reasonable regulations for the mining of coal beneath said cities and boroughs as may tend to prevent the settling or caving in of the surface

Senate No. 299:

An act providing for the election of councilmen in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth and fixing the time and manner of the organization of the town councils therein

Senate No. 303:

An act in relation to the appointment and salaries of the clerks of the Court or Courts of Common Pleas in counties containing a population of not less than seven hundred and fifty thousand nor more than one million two hundred thousand

Senate No. 305:

An act for the assignment of judges to districts other than their own for the purpose of expediting business with provision for their compensation

Senate No. 306:

An act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof

Senate No. 309:

An act to validate certain charters issued by the Governor of the Commonwealth to electric light companies for districts comprising two or more municipalities or townships under the thirty-fourth section of the act approved April twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" and its supplements

Senate No. 314:

An act to amend the fifth section of an act approved the nineteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of Orphans' Courts and to establish a separate Orphans' Court in and for counties having more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof" as amended by an act approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to further amend the fifth section of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of the Orphans' Court and establishing a separate Orphans' Court in and for counties having more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof' approved May nineteenth Anno Domini eighteen hundred and seventy-four as amended by an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini eighteen hundred and ninety-seven fixing and determining the salaries of the assistant clerks of said court" by vesting the appointment of the first assistant clerk of said courts in the respective judges thereof and providing that this amendment shall not apply to counties having a population over five hundred thousand

Senate No. 315:

An act fixing the compensation of the deputy factory inspectors

Senate No. 316:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the better government of cities of the first class in this Commonwealth" approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five authorizing and establishing a Board of Recreation for the creation organization care management conduct and supervision of recreation facilities of cities of the first class except as herein provided

Senate No. 318:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one creating and regulating a City Planning Department giving it jurisdiction extending it over the city and for three miles beyond the city limits and regulating the laying out of plans of lots within the limits of the city

Senate No. 319:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one creating and regulating a Forestry Department

Senate No. 320.

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one creating and regulating an Art Commission and extending the police power in relation to things placed in streets or public places by public service corporations

Senate No. 323:

An act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic at Spring City Pennsylvania

Senate No. 334:

An act establishing the office of State Fire Marshal defining his powers and duties providing for his compensation and the maintenance of his office giving courts the power to punish witnesses for contempt of his authority and to review his orders and making it the duty of officers of public instruction and persons in charge of public or private schools to instruct children as to the dangers of fire and the prevention of fire waste

Senate No. 335:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to establish an Insurance Department" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three providing that all persons associations or corporations engaged in the business of fire insurance within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall report the total amount of risks covered by them in such Commonwealth and that rate-making associations shall furnish data to the State Fire Marshal

Senate No. 347:

An act relating to sheriff's sales of land under writs issued out of the court of common pleas making the prothonotary's certificate of acknowledgment endorsed on the deed prima facie evidence of such acknowledgment

Senate No. 354:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania

Senate No. 355:

An act to enable counties to borrow appropriate and expend money for the cleansing improvement regulation or control of streams and rivers and the prevention and control of floods and for such purposes to enter into contracts with other counties and other public authorities of this or other states or of the United States

Senate No. 362:

An act relating to receivers' sales

Senate No. 373:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Treverton Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields situate in the township of Coal near Shamokin Northumberland county Pennsylvania

Senate No. 377:

An act making an appropriation to aid in the erection of a memorial in commemoration of the victory of Commodore Oliver Hazard Perry at the Battle of Lake Erie and the Centennial Celebration of that event and the northwestern campaign of General William Henry Harrison in the War of one thousand eight hundred and twelve and to defray the expenses of the commission appointed by the Governor of Pennsylvania incurred in connection with said celebration and the erection of said memorial

Senate No. 378:

An act making an appropriation of a proper fence or coping and pavement to protect a monument erected near Petersburg Virginia by the association of the survivors of the Forty-eighth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers to commemorate the Battle of the Crater and providing for a commission and the expenses thereof to erect the same

Senate No. 379:

An act authorizing the Battlefield Commission of the Third Division Ninth Corps Army of the Potomac to purchase additional ground and authorizing the preparation and publication of a history of the proceedings incident to the erection and dedication of the monument at Petersburg Virginia including a history of the Pennsylvania regiments in said Division and making an appropriation therefor

Senate No. 380:

An act making an appropriation for the Stroudsburg Hospital Stroudsburg

Senate No. 382:

An act to amend sections two three eight and thirteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for the violations of its provisions" approved the seventeenth day of February Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six and sections five six seven ten fifteen and sixteen of said act as amended by the act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of the electors in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for violations of its provisions approved June third one thousand nine hundred and seven by further defining 'party' and who may be appointed registrars increasing the terms of commissioners changing the registration days and the form of register requiring all petitions to be under oath and empowering the recorder of the Board of Registration Commissioners to administer oaths and providing for additional employes for said boards and fixing their compensation and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith"

Senate No. 383:

An act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of minors in bituminous coal mines and anthracite collieries or breakers by regulating the age at which said minors may be employed their hours of employment and to prescribe rules for the obtaining of employment certificates and providing penalties for violation of the provisions thereof" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine regulating the time allowed for the midday meal

Senate No. 388:

An act making an appropriation to reimburse certain counties and townshps whose commissioners and supervisors have inadvertently failed to comply with the law governing State aid in the maintenance of highways and regulating the payments herein provided for

Senate No. 392:

An act permitting county treasurers not paid by salary to retain one-half of one per centum from moneys received from liquor license fees

Senate No. 393:

An act to amend the title the first section and the fifth section of an act of Assembly entitled "An Act requiring counties now or hereafter containing a population of not less than seven hundred and fifty thousand and not more than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants to establish and maintain schools for the care and education of male children under the jurisdiction of the juvenile courts and conferring the powers and regulating the proceedings for the establishment maintenance and management thereof" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by extending said act to apply to counties having a population not less than three hundred thousand inhabitants nor more than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants and by making it incumbent upon the court to appoint managers whose terms shall commence upon the first day of July following approval hereof

Senate No. 394:

An act to amend section eleven of an act entitled "An Act relating to corporations and to estates held for corporate religious and charitable uses" approved the twenty-sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five

Senate No. 397:

An act regulating the salary and payment thereof of the Associate Judges of the Courts of this Commonwealth

Senate No. 398:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for reviewing the proceedings of township road commissioners laying out opening and vacating roads" approved the second day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one providing for the trial of questions of fact by a jury in certain cases

Senate No. 399:

An act vesting in the mother in certain cases the right to the services of her child and the right to be compensated for the loss of such services

Senate No. 401:

An act to amend section ten of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two entitled "An Act relating to Orphans' Courts" so as to permit the accounts of guardians of minors' property therein mentioned and described to be examined and audited and the matters therein contained confirmed by decree of Orphans' Court with the same force and effect as the partial accounts of executors administrators and temporary trustees are audited examined allowed and confirmed

Senate No. 404:

An act making it a misdeameanor for an officer or employe of any employer of labor in Pennsylvania to solicit demand or receive directly or indirectly from any person or persons any moneys or other valuable thing for the purpose actual or alleged of either obtaining for the latter employment in the service of said employer or continuing in said employment and providing for the punishment thereof on conviction

Senate No. 409:

An act to authorize the publication of the report of the late Doctor Leonard Pearson upon the discovery and suppression of the outbreak of foot and mouth disease among cattle in Pennsylvania during the fall of one thousand nine hundred and eight as a bulletin of the Department of Agriculture and providing for the distribution of the same

Senate No. 411:

An act to amend section one and extend the provisions of an act entitled "An Act giving additional protection to the game of the State and wild birds within the limits of preserves created under the provisions of the act of May eleventh one thousand nine hundred and five and under the control of the Board of Game Commissioners and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions approved the fifteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven"

Senate No. 413:

An act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of game commissioners for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania defining their duties and empowering them to appoint game protectors" approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five providing for an increase in the number of game protectors as authorized by said section and authorizing the publication of reports and bulletins at public expense

Senate No. 417:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved April twenty-ninth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four providing for the incorporation of trustees appointed or to be appointed under the terms of any will deed grant or gift creating a trust or trusts for the benefit of the people of any incorporated city of this Commonwealth for the advancement of learning science music art or any one or more of said purposes in which representatives of said city may have part in the management with power to confer degrees in art pure and applied science philosophy literature painting music medicine law and theology and for the supervision and regulation of the same

Senate No. 421:

An act authorizing the Secretary of Agriculture to prepare and publish a report on the insects of Pennsylvania and providing for the distribution of such report when published and making an appropriation therefor

Senate No. 422:

An act providing for the preparation contents style printing and binding of the Legislative Journal and the preparation printing and binding of the Journals of the Senate and House of Representatives authorizing the appointment of official reporters typewriters clerks and other employes providing for the making of an appendix and index the printing of wrappers or envelopes for mailing the Legislative Journal and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

Senate No. 423:

An act to provide for the printing of copies of Bulletin number one hundred and twenty-three of the Department of Agriculture entitled "Chestnut Culture" with additional matters changes and corrections

Senate No. 425:

An act making the appropriation of one thousand nine hundred and nine to the State Normal Schools available for permanent improvements thereto

Senate No. 427:

An act amending "An Act defining the powers of the several Courts of Quarter Sessions of the Peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised" approved April twenty-three one thousand nine hundred and three by empowering the court to enforce the order of support made upon the parent or parents of the child under the fourth section of said act in the manner provided by law in other desertion and non-support cases brought under the act of April thirteen one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven

Senate No. 430:

An act amending section three of article one section five of article three sections sixteen seventeen and eighteen of article four section two of article six section one of article seven sections one and three of article eight and sections one and seven of article nine of an act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class" approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine

Senate No. 432:

An act making an appropriation to John H Pollard John J Devitt James J McDonald David J Davis Joseph J Kenney and Frank G Clemens the former Board of Examiners for Inspectors of Mines of Schuylkill County to pay for services rendered by said board in one thousand nine hundred and eight

Senate No. 434:

An act to provide that persons buying real estate in this Commonwealth from executors or trustees named in the last will and testament of any person dying testate and who hold the same in trust under the provisions thereof and who make sale of same under the power of sale in said last will and testament contained shall take title to said real estate free and discharged of any obligation to see to the application of the purchase money

Senate No. 437:

An act making an appropriation to complete the erection of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Trevorton Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields of Pennsylvania situate in the township of Coal Northumberland County Pennsylvania to equip and furnish the said hospital and to enable the commissioners to properly perform the duties assigned them under and by virtue of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven

Senate No. 442:

An act making an appropriation to the Industrial Home for the Dependent Adult Blind Citizens of the City of Pittsburg

Senate No. 443:

An act making an appropriation to refund Edwin C Emhardt money paid for notary public commission

Senate No. 444:

An act making an appropriation to refund to Walter C Redding money paid for notary public's commission

Senate No. 445:

An act providing for and regulating the licensing of persons engaged in the business of receiving boarding or keeping of infant children under the age of three years for hire reward or otherwise in cities of the third class and authorizing the passing of general ordinances providing for and regulating the issuing of said licenses and imposing penalties

Senate No. 449:

An act to provide for the election of one person to fill the offices of prothonotary clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions and clerk of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and one other person to fill the offices of register of wills recorder of deeds and clerk of the Orphans' Court in counties now or hereafter containing over thirty thousand inhabitants and in which all of said offices are now or may hereafter be held by one person

Senate No. 453:

An act to direct appeals to the Supreme Court from any decree of distribution where the fund for distribution whenever any appeal from such decree involving the same question shall be cognizable by and taken to the said court

Senate No. 455:

An act authorizing the establishment and maintenance of psychopathic wards in certain hospitals providing for the regulation thereof the commitment of persons suffering with mental disorders to such wards and for the payment of the expenses of maintaining and treating persons committed thereto

Senate No. 458:

An act to provide for the incorporation of fire and marine insurance companies and for the regulation of home and foreign fire and marine insurance companies

Senate No. 459:

An act to provide for the incorporation of casualty insurance companies and for the regulation of home and foreign casualty insurance companies and providing penalties for the violation of any of the provisions of this act

Senate No. 460:

An act to provide for the incorporation of life insurance companies and for the regulation of home and foreign life insurance companies and providing penalties for any violation thereof

Senate No. 461:

An act designating the employes of the Insurance Department and fixing their salaries

Senate No. 462:

An act authorizing the Insurance Commissioner to proceed against and to take possession of any insolvent or delinquent company order or association transacting any class of insurance and prescribing the method by which such insolvent or delinquent companies orders or associations shall be dissolved and liquidated

Senate No. 463:

An act authorizing insurance and surety companies to make a deposit of certain securities with the Insurance Commissioner to enable them to do business in other States or with the United States Government and requiring the State Treasurer to hold all deposits so made in the name of the Commonwealth

Senate No. 464:

An act to provide a reserve for outstanding liability losses of insurance companies transacting the business of insuring any one against loss or damage resulting from accident to or injury suffered by an employe or other person for which the person injured is liable

Senate No. 466:

An act to establish an Insurance Department authorizing the appointment of an Insurance Commissioner and prescribing his powers and duties also providing for the licensing examination regulation and dissolution of insurance and surety companies and associations and for the licensing and regulation of insurance agents and insurance brokers also providing for the collection of fees and prescribing penalties for the violation of any of the provisions of this act and repealing existing acts

Senate No. 474:

An act to amend the first and second sections of an act approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act authorizing and requiring the county commissioners of each county in the State to appoint a sufficient number of suitable persons in each township and ward of their county at the expense of the county to look after bury and provide a headstone for the body of any honorably discharged soldier sailor or marine who served in the army or navy of the United States during the war with Spain or any preceding war and shall hereafter die in their county leaving insufficient means to defray the necessary burial expenses" by extending its provisions to all honorably discharged soldiers sailors and marines who shall die in their county and to all who were in active service in the militia of the State of Pennsylvania under and in pursuance of any of the proclamations issued by the Governor during the Civil War and not duly mustered into the service of the United States and shall hereafter die in their county or in any hospital asylum soldiers' home almshouse prison or house of detention in this Commonwealth or shall die beyond the State of Pennsylvania and shall have had legal residence within their county at the time of their death

Senate No. 476:

An act authorizing poor districts to acquire lands supply erect and equip hospitals for the care and treatment of indigent persons afflicted with tuberculosis and providing for a per capita allowance by the State for the patients treated therein

Senate No 487:

An act permitting the substitution of other securities for those deposited with the State Treasurer to secure the Commonwealth against relief notes issued by certain banks of this Commonwealth and the furnishing of other security therefor

Senate No. 492:

An act amending section one of the act of May twenty-first one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "An Act to establish the State Livestock Sanitary Board of Pennsylvania and to provide for the control and suppression of dangerous contagious or infectious diseases of domestic animals" and providing for the organization of said board and fixing the salaries of the treasurer and clerk thereof

Senate No. 493:

An act giving additional protection to wild waterfowl of all kinds in this Commonwealth limiting the number of decoys that may be used by any one person at one time or by any number of persons acting together forbidding the shooting of wild waterfowl before sunrise and imposing penalties for violation of its provisions

Senate No. 504:

An act making an appropriation to the Agricultural and Mechanical Industrial School for Colored Girls and Boys of Jumonville Fayette County

Senate No. 524:

An act to authorize county commissioners to erect a bridge for pedestrians only in lieu of a wagon bridge legally authorized when in their judgment such bridge will sufficiently accommodate public travel

Senate No. 532:

An act enabling the several boroughs of the Commonwealth to validate certain ordinances where the same have not been published according to law or where the proof of publication cannot be made

Senate No. 543:

An act to amend the sixth section of an act entitled "An Act dividing the cities of this State into three classes regulating the passage of ordinances providing for contracts for supplies and work for such cities authorizing the increase of indebtedness and the creation of a sinking fund to redeem the same defining and punishing certain offences in all of said cities and providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class" approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four providing that it shall be lawful for councils of any city to pass ordinances defining the competency of workmen or laborers engaged in work for such city under contracts and prescribing the minimum wages to be paid and the maximum hours of employment of workmen or laborers so engaged and validating such existing ordinances

Senate No. 546:

An act providing for the election of city assessors in cities of the third class fixing their term and the time for the completion of their annual and triennial assessments and the expiration of the terms of assessors now in office

Senate No. 547:

An act fixing the time for organization of the legislative departments of municipal governments and for the inauguration of mayors of cities

Senate No. 551:

An act to regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings used for the exhibition of moving pictures in all cities of the first class providing for the enforcement thereof and fixing penalties for violation of the same

Senate No. 554:

An act amending sections one four five and ten of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the third class of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for violation of its provisions" approved the fifth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six and sections three seven and twelve of said act as amended by the act entitled "An Act ameding sections three seven twelve and thirteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the third class of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for violation of its provisions" approved the fifth

day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six increasing the compensation of registrars in said cities and providing for an additional registration day" approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven by further defining who may be appointed registrars increasing their terms of office changing the registration days and the form of register providing further regulations for the registration of electors and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

Senate No. 555:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend sections four seventeen eighteen nineteen twenty-one twenty-six twenty-nine thirty-three thirty-four and thirty-six of an act entitled "An Act to establish a Board of Wardens for the port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotages and for other purposes therein mentioned" approved the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand eight hundred and three and vesting the authority over pilots and pilotages in the bay and river Delaware in the Board of Commissioners of Navigation for the River Delaware and its Navigable Tributaries" approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred and seven and providing for the classification of pilots and regulating the qualifications of pilots and pilot apprentices

Senate No. 556:

An act providing for the compensation of district attorneys whose terms expired on the first Monday in January one thousand nine hundred and eleven but who by virtue of an amendment to article fourteen section two of the Constitution of Pennsylvania were required to serve an additional year

Senate No. 565:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Hospital for the treatment and care of the criminal insane to be called the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane and making an appropriation therefor" approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five directing the commissioners for the erection of said State Hospital for the Criminal Insane to surrender their trust to a board of trustees to be appointed by the Governor authorizing the said board of trustees to continue the erection and completion of the building of said State Hospital for the Criminal Insane and authorizing said board of trustees to receive at any time such numbers of criminal insane patients as can be accommodated in the buildings before the completion of the entire institution and further defining the powers and duties of said board of trustees

Senate No. 565:

An act to amend the sixth section of an act entitled "An Act to prevent the manufacture and sale of adulterated or misbranded drugs defining the word 'drug' prescribing penalties for violation of this act and the method of its enforcement" approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by providing for a laboratory and for the requisition of office and laboratory supplies and equipment for said board

Senate No. 574:

An act providing for the protection of owners of animals or vehicles and providing penalties for the violation thereof

Senate No. 579:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class" approved the twenty-eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine providing for advertisement by the county commissioners of population and of the intention to proclaim townshsp of the first class and prescribing certain conditions under which townships of the required population for townships of the first class shall retain or resume the governmental form powers and officers of townships of the second class

Senate No. 595:

An act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than one million and defining their qualifications powers and salary

Senate No. 596:

An act providing for the liquidation distribution of assets and dissolution of corporations under the supervision of the Commissioner of Banking and repealing all acts of Assembly supplied hereby or inconsistent herewith

Senate No. 598:

An act making State taxes unpaid bonus interest penalties and all public accounts a first lien upon the franchise and property of corporations companies associations joint stock associations and limited partnerships against which the same may be settled providing for enforcing the payment thereof and for the furnishing of certificates as to the existence of such liens upon application thereof and repealing section four of the act approved April sixteenth one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven

Senate No. 600:

A supplement to an act of Assembly entitled "An Act to authorize co-operation of cities of the third class school districts thereof and incorporated library associations therein for the erection and maintenance of free public libraries" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and ninety) by authorizing school districts of cities of the third class to contract for the maintenance of free non-sectarian public libraries without guaranty therefor by the city and validating contracts heretofore or hereafter to be made without such guaranty

Senate No. 604.

An act to protect trees and woodlands and providing punishment for the violation thereof

Senate No. 606:

An act authorizing the granting of right of way over the forestry reserves in this Commonwealth for telegraph and telephone companies and for the transportation and marketing of timber bark gas oil and minerals from adjacent lands and authorizing the Forestry Commission to make such conditions regulations and restrictions as may be necessary for the protection of the interests of the Commonwealth and providing for the payment for said right of way

Senate No. 614:

An act authorizing the appointment of a Commission to inquire into the causes and results of industrial accidents study advanced methods for safeguarding against the same and inquire into the subject of fair compensation for those injured or killed as a result thereof and making an appropriation for the expenses of said commission

Senate No. 619:

An act to quiet the title to real estate and to enable citizens of the United States and corporations authorized to hold real estate within this Commonwealth to hold and convey title to real estate which has been formerly held by or for corporations not authorized by law to hold the same

Senate No. 621:

An act regulating the appointment or election of deputy controllers in cities and prescribing their powers and duties

Senate No. 625:

A joint resolution for the appointment of a commission by the Governor of this Commonwealth for the purpose of investigating and reporting upon a proper and safe construction of buildings within the Commonwealth and to determine the strength and character of materials used therein and for the further purpose of adjusting the rights of owners in party walls erected as parts of buildings and for the further purpose of suggesting new legislation relative to construction of buildings and the codifying of existing legislation in regard to the same and making an appropriation to meet the expenses of said commission

Senate No. 627:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to authorize the appointment of short hand clerks for the courts of Allegheny county" approved the twelfth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven

Senate No. 640:

An act relating to receipts or certificates issued by the owners of bonded distillery warehouses special bonded warehouses and bonded warehouses established under the provisions of the revised statutes of the United States relating to distillers providing that such receipts or certificates shall be in all respects valid warehouse receipts or certificates and providing for the payment of taxes storage and other charges or liens due thereon to the United States government

Senate No. 641:

An act to provide for the incorporation and government of motor omnibus companies for the purpose of carrying passengers for hire within the cities of this Commonwealth

Senate No. 649:

An act making an appropriation to the First Allegheny Day Nursery and Temporary Home for Children

Senate No. 650:

An act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to Andrew Mangold of Philadelphia the amount paid by him for his commission as Notary Public and making an appropriation therefor

Senate No. 651:

An act authorizing the appointment of a commission to revise and codify the present Anthracite Mining Laws defining its powers and duties and making an appropriation to defray the expenses of said commission

Senate No. 652·

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Institution for the Feeble Minded and Epileptic to be called the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble Minded and Epileptic and making an appropriation therefor" approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and three authorizing the Board of Trustees to enter into agreements respecting highways railways railroads and other means of travel within the lands of the said institution

Senate No. 675:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties or the town councils of the several boroughs of this Commonwealth or both to appro-

priate annually a sufficient sum of money to each post of the Grand Army of the Republic in their respective counties or boroughs to aid in defraying the expenses of Memorial Day" by requiring the commissioners to make the payments specified and fixing the maximum amount thereof

Senate No. 678:

An act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act for the appointment and maintenance of a board to be known as the armory board of the State of Pennsylvania and for the payment of its expenses and for providing managing and caring for armories for the use of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and making an appropriation for the same authorizing the State Armory Board to receive from counties cities municipalities and other sources donations or contributions for the purpose of this act" approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five fixing the salaries and providing for the payment of expenses of the members of the Armory Board

Senate No. 680:

An act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven and changing the election of the judges therein mentioned from the general election to the municipal election as now provided by law in accordance with the requirements of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

Senate No. 681:

An act to amend the first section of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act concerning the sale of railroads canals turnpikes bridges and plank roads' approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one extending the provisions of said act to coal iron steel lumber or oil or mining manufacturing transportation and telegraph companies in this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand seven hundred and seventy-eight as amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled 'A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act concerning the sale of railroads canals turnpikes bridges and plank roads' approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one extending the provisions of said act to coal iron steel lumber or oil or mining manufacturing transportation and telegraph companies in this Commonwealth' extending said act so as to embrace all sales made under and by virtue of a power to sell contained in any mortgage or deed of trust without any process or decree of a court in the premises" approved the thirty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven and as further amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act concerning the sale of railroads canals turnpikes bridges and plank roads' approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one extending the provisions of said act to coal iron steel lumber or oil or mining manufacturing transportation and telegraph companies in this Commonwealth' extending said act so as to embrace all sales made under and by virtue of a power to sell contained in any mortgage or deed of trust without any process or decree of a court in the premises' approved the thirty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven so as to give to sales or conveyances made under and by virtue of any process or decree of a district court of the United States the same force and effect which are by said act given to sales or conveyances made under and by virtue of any process or decree of any court of this State or of the circuit court of the United States" approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine so that said act shall apply also to sales and conveyances of material rolling stock and property whether located wholly or partly within this State and franchises and whether of a corporation of this State or of this State and any other State or States and shall prescribe the rights and powers of the corporation formed by the purchaser the issuance by it of stock and bonds and the number and election of directors

Senate No 704:

An act making an appropriation to the Beacon Light Mission near Bradford Pennsylvania

Senate No. 705:

An act providing for a survey of Pymatuning Swamp and an examination into the feasibility of constructing a reservoir therein to conserve the waters draining into said Swamp and making an appropriation therefor

Senate No. 706:

An act making an appropriation to the Bradford Hospital of the city of Bradford

Senate No. 707:

An act making an appropriation to the Kane Summit Hospital Association of Kane McKean county Pennsylvania

Senate No. 708:

An act making an appropriation to the Punxsutawney Hospital at Punxsutawney Jefferson county Pennsylvania

Senate No. 709:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Francis Hospital Pittsburg Pennsylvania

Senate No. 732:

An act to promote agriculture by protceting bees to provide for the inspection of apiaries to provide for the suppression of contagious or infectious diseases among bees and providing penalties for violation of this act

Senate No. 746:

An act making an appropriation to the Erie Home of the Friendless of the City of Erie Erie County Pennsylvania

Senate No. 753:

An act to reimburse Fidelity Trust Company of Philadelphia Trustee under the will of Richard Smith deceased for money erroneously paid by it and received by the State for taxes upon the investments held by said trustees and authorizing the State Treasurer to refund the sum of twenty-three thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight dollars and twelve cents ($23,828.12) for that purpose

Senate No. 754:

An act to reimburse Fidelity Trust Company of Philadelphia Trustee under the will of Sarah A Smith deceased for money erroneously paid by it and received by the State for taxes upon the investments held by said trustee and authorizing the State Treasurer to refund the sum of four thousand four hundred and thirty-two dollars and eighty cents ($4,432.80) for that purpose

Senate No. 755:

An act making an appropriation to the Christian Home for Women of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

Senate No. 756:

An act to amend section two of an act entitled "A supplement to an act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the township of Wilkes-Barre in the county of Luzerne" approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three authorizing the judges of the court of quarter sessions of said Luzerne county to appoint an additional director of the poor for boroughs of over eighteen thousand population when such boroughs or townships incorporated out of a part of any township or townships being a part of the Central Poor District of Luzerne county

Senate No. 760:

An act prescribing the time and manner of submitting to the people for their approval and ratification or rejection certain proposed amendments to the Constitution

Senate No. 781:

An act relating to the settlement and audit of the accounts of all officers elected or appointed of boroughs townships poor districts and school districts prescribing the time for such settlement and audits for the matters to be contained in the report of settlement and audit for the filing of said report in the office of the Clerk of Quarter Sessions and for appeals to the Court of Common Pleas and Superior and Supreme Courts

Senate No. 782:

An act authorizing the printing and binding of the annual report of the Commissioner of Health in two separate volumes

Senate No. 798:

An act making an appropriation to the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings for the purpose of reimbursing George Gray Barnard for moneys expended in excess of the contract price for the preparation transportation and delivery and setting in place at the State Capitol of certain groups of marble

Senate No. 799:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of a deficiency that has arisen in the payment of expenses incurred in the prevention and extinguishment of forest fires and also for the payment of such expenses that may be incurred to and including May thirty-first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

House No. 1:

"A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and nine and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and nine' approved the fifteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws eight sixty-four) providing for the salaries and ordinary expenses of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania for the six months ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for minor appropriation to the Executive Judicial and Legislative Department not provided for in the act to which this is a supplement and for certain deficiencies in appropriations made to several of the departments by said act"

House No. 2:

An act fixing the time when the term of office of judges of the Supreme Superior Common Pleas and Orphans' Court learned in the law shall commence and the time of the nomination and election of successors to judges of the Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts whose commissions expire in odd numbered years

House No. 3:

An act to fix the salaries of the Judges of the Supreme Court the Judges of the Superior Court the Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas and the Judges of the Orphans' Courts

House No. 4:

An act to amend section one of an act of Assembly approved the fourth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act creating in counties having a population of from three hundred thousand to one million a board to fix and determine the number and compensation of employes in all county offices boards bureau departments and divisions thereof prescribing the powers and duties of said board and regulating appeals from the decision thereof" so as to make it apply to counties containing a population of not less than eight hundred thousand nor more than one million four hundred thousand

House No. 5:

An act to amend section seven of an act entitled an act requiring counties now or hereafter containing a population of not less than seven hundred and fifty thousand and not more than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants to establish and maintain schools for the care and education of male children under the jurisdiction of the juvenile courts and conferring the powers and regulating the proceedings for the establishment maintenance and management thereof" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine so as not to require bonds issued thereunder to be issued in compliance with existing law governing the issue of bonds by County Commissioners for the erection or repair of public buildings

House No. 6:

An act authorzing the State Treasurer to refund to John Taylor the amount paid by him for his commission as a Notary Public

House No. 9:

An act to fix salary of court criers and tipstaves in judicial districts containing more than two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and less than one million inhabitants

House No. 11:

An act permitting the release on parole of persons acquitted on the grounds of insanity and regulating such releasing

House No. 15:

An act to quiet the title of real estate and to enable citizens of the United States and corporations chartered under the laws of this Commonwealth and authorized to hold real estate therein to hold and convey title to real estate which has formerly been held by corporations not authorized by law to hold real estate in Pennsylvania

House No. 16:

An act authorizing and directing the State Treasurer to refund to A Sidney Reynolds the amount erroneously collected from him as a State license fee as proprietor of a museum

House No. 18:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittsburg Hospital Sisters of Charity

House No. 20:

An act amending the second section of an act approved the first day of May A D 1907 entitled "An Act relating to the appointment of stenographers and assistant stenographers to report proceedings in the several courts of common pleas and orphans' courts courts of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery and courts of quarter sessions of the peace of this Commonwealth as well as before commissioners masters and special masters in chancery referees examiners auditors and other officers; prescribing their powers and duties and when such reports shall be evidence of the facts reported prescribing their compensation and allowances for expenses when the same shall be paid by the county wherein such stenographers or assistant stenographers are employed and when by the parties or such proceeding and repealing an act entitled 'An Act directing the appointment of official stenographers in the several civil courts of this Commonwealth authorizing the appointment of stenographers by examiners masters referees commisioner and auditors authorizing the appointment of assistant stenographers repealing 'An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation' approved May 15, 1874; repealing 'An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation' approved May 8, 1876, and repealing 'An Act defining the duty of court stenographers in the several counties in this State' approved June 10, 1881 approved the 24th day of May, 1887; but such repeal not to revive any law repealed by the said act of 24th of May, 1887" by requiring the judges of the courts of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery and of the courts of quarter sessions of the peace to employ the stenographer of the common pleas court to report the proceedings when requested by defendant or counsel and providing regulations for the furnishing of copies of testimony

House No. 21:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to prevent and insurance company organized under the laws of or doing business in Pennsylvania or any officer agent or representative thereof or any insurance broker from paying allowing or giving or any person from receiving as an inducement to insurance any rebate or premium payable or any other valuable consideration or inducement whatever not specified in the policy contract and prohibiting any insurance company its officers agents or representative from giving selling purchasing or offering to give sell or purchase as inducements to insurance or any connection therewith any stocks bonds or other securities of said insurance companies or other insurance companies or any dividends or profits to accrue thereon except as herein provided and to prevent any life insurance companies to date back policies not exceeding six months and in favor of individuals between insurants of the same class and equal expectation of life in the amount or payment of premiums or rates charged for policies of life or endowment insurance and fixing a penalty for any violation thereof" by extending its provisions to permit companies to date back policies not exceeding six months and fixing the maximum amount of capital stock which life insurance companies entitled to exemption thereunder can dispose of with policies of insurance

House No. 23:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class" approved the twenty-eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine as to townships of the first class providing for certain duties of the Secretary of the Board of Commissioners invalidating contracts hirings purchases or orders not provided for by or in excess of appropriations providing for inspection of the records and documents by taxpayers and the method of making contracts

House No. 25:

An act providing for the burial of indigent persons whose bodies are unclaimed and are unfit for anatomical purposes

House No. 28:

An act to carry into complete operation the amendments to sections eight and twenty-one of article four sections eleven and twelve of article five sections two and three of article eight section one of article twelve and sections two and seven of article fourteen of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania adopted November seventh one thousand nine hundred and nine preveting any hiatus in the terms of offices affected thereby fixing the time when the terms of certain offices shall hereafter begin validating the official acts of certain officers during their extended terms and defining the term "Public Officer" as used in this act

House No. 30:

An act relating to streets lanes and alleys that were originally laid out on plans of lots and which have been vacated as public ways and limiting the time within which actions may be brought to enforce private rights therein

House No. 31:

An act making an appropriation to pay to townships legally entitled to receive it fifteen per centum bonus authorized by the second section of an act approved April twelfth one thousand nine hundred and five to be paid to townships of the second class which abolish the work tax

House No. 32:

An act to amend an act to provide for the selection of sites and the erection of State Hospitals thereon for injured persons to be located within the bituminous and semi-bituminous coal regions of this Commonwealth to be called the State Hospital for Injured Persons within the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions of Pennsylvania and for the management of same and making appropriations therefor approved the fourteenth day of June eighteen hundred and eighty-seven and providing that in addition to injured persons any patients excepting those suffering from contagious diseases may be admitted and treated

House No. 34:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine' approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine as amended by an act approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one en-

titled 'An Act to provide increased revenues for the purpose of relieving the burdens of local taxation being supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine amending the first fourteenth sixteenth twentieth twenty-first twenty-fifth and twenty-sixth sections of an act supplementary thereto which became a law on the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine' and providing for greater uniformity of taxation by taxing all of the property of corporations limited partnerships and joint stock associations having capital stock at the rate of five mills on each dollar of its actual value' by relieving and exempting from the provisions thereof savings institutions having no capital stock" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws page two hundred and ninety-eight) by exempting savings accounts of less than one thousand dollars from taxation for State purposes

House No. 35:

An act to provide for the payment by the proper county of witnesses committed and held in default of bail to appear and testify on behalf of the Commonwealth

House No. 36:

An act to provide for the registration of conveyances or real estate in all counties of this Commonwealth with a population not to exceed four hundred thousand in order to facilitate the assessment of taxes therein in the name of the owner of said real estate and to ascertain the value of such real estate and providing compensation to the recorder of deeds of such counties for making reports thereof

House No. 39:

An act relating to streets lanes and alleys that were originally laid out on plans of lots and which have been vacated as public ways and limiting the time within which actions may be brought to enforce private rights therein

House No. 38:

An act to authorize County Commissioners to erect and maintain dykes banks causeways and sluiceways on any stream not navigable and affected by the tide for the economical protection of public property in their charge

House No. 41:

An act validating the service and return of subpoena heretofore made in certain proceedings in divorce and the proceedings based on such service or return

House No. 45:

An act relating to elections by surviving husbands or wives to take under or against the wills of decedents to the recording thereof and of final decrees where parties have failed or refused to elect when required so to do and forbidding payments to such parties until they have made and filed their elections

House No. 46:

An act authorizing the erection of workhouses jointly by two or more counties of this Commonwealth

House No. 47:

An act requiring owners lessees or operators of bituminous coal or clay mines to furnish the owners or lessees of adjoining coal or clay lands with maps of the mines and workings along the division line of such coal or clay lands and permitting the owners or lessees of such adjoining coal or clay lands to enter such mines and make surveys and to verify the accuracy of such maps

House No. 49:

An act providing for the sale of any personal property belonging to the Commonwealth which is or shall hereafter become unserviceable repealing section ten of the act of March twenty-six one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "An Act relative to public grounds and buildings defining the powers of the commissioners authorizing the Board of Commissioners to carry into effect the provisions of section twelve article three of the Constitution relative to contracts for stationery fuel furniture furnishings distribution of documents repairs alterations or improvements and other matters needed by the Legislature the several department boards and commissions of the State Government and Executive Mansion authorizing the appointment of a Superintendent and defining his powers authority and duties and providing for the appointment of subordinate officers required by this act and fixing the compensation of the same" relating to the sale of furnishings of the several departments the Senate Chambers the House of Representatives boards and commissions of the State Governments

House No. 50:

An act to enable city county poor ward school borough and township tax collectors to collect taxes for the payment of which they have become personally liable without having collected the same by the expiration of the authority of their respective warrants or by the expiration of their term of office and to extend the time for the collection of the same for a period of two years from the passage of this act

House No. 53:

An act regulating in criminal trials the cross-examination of a defendant when testifying in his own behalf

House No. 54:

An act fixing the pay and mileage of viewers and surveyors in proceedings for damages to real property taken by any railroad in this Commonwealth the same to be paid by such railroad

House No. 55:

An act fixing the salary of the private Secretary to the Governor of the Commonwealth

House No. 56:

An act authorizing counties containing over eight hundred thousand and less than one million four hundred thousand population to expend monies in cleansing improving or controlling streams and rivers lying wholly or partially within their respective boundaries and in the investigation of the condition of such streams and rivers for the purpose of improving navigation controlling floods or for other purposes

House No. 59:

An act to repeal an act approved the tenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to provide for the repair and maintenance or improvement by the proper township city or borough of turnpikes heretofore or hereafter appropriated or condemned or when any turnpike company or association has heretofore abandoned or may hereafter abandon its turnpike or any part thereof or when any turnpike company or association owning any turnpike has heretofore been dissolved or may hereafter be dissolved by proceedings under any existing laws of this Commonwealth"

House No. 60:

An act to amend an act providing for the depositing of money with the prothonotary or clerk of the several courts of this Commonwealth in lieu of the surety or sureties on bonds which are now required in certain civil actions in law and equity and the security for costs now required of non-resident plaintiffs and fixing the fees of said prothonotary or clerk approved the twenty-second day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine providing that the fees of said prothonotary or clerk shall be the same as provided by existing laws on all money paid into court

House No. 61:

An act to abolish the office of Assistant Chief Clerk of the Senate and providing for additional officers and employes of the General Assembly defining their duties and fixing their compensation also fixing the compensation of certain other officers now authorized by law

House No. 62:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to section eight article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

House No. 63:

An act creating the office of Second Assistant Deputy Attorney General in the Attorney General's Department and fixing the salary of said assistant

House No. 64:

A joint resolution expressing the wish of the citizens of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania that the Panama Canal be fortified

House No. 65:

An act making an appropriation to the State Hospital for Injured persons of the Treverton Shamokin and Mount Carmel coal fields situate in the township of Coal near Shamokin Northumberland County Pennsylvania

House No. 66:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled an act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes' approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for the dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural springs water" approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three and further extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manufacturing garden and horticultural implements raising and dealing in seeds plants bulbs and flowers and transacting a general horticultural business

House No. 67:

An act to permit the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to accept from the trustee of the James Buchanan Monument Fund under the will of Harriet Lane Johnston late of the city of Washington in the District of Columbia deceased the title in fee simple to certain lands in the county of Franklin on which is erected a monument marking the birthplace of the late James Buchanan, Fifteenth President

of the United States and committing the same to the care of the Department of Forestry

House No. 69:

An act to make unnaturalized foreign-born residents subject to taxation in the same manner as citizens of the Commonwealth

House No. 70:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act relating to roads and road viewers in the county of Dauphin" approved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred and sixty

House No. 71:

An act making an appropriation to pay the expenses for extinguishing forest fires which occurred in the interval between May thirteenth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine and June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

House No. 72:

An act validating the incurring of debt or increase of indebtedness of townships of the second class by its supervisors for the purpose of macadamizing or paving with brick any of the roads and highways building constructing repairing and maintaining permanent roads culverts and bridges purchasing machinery or lifting orders or payment of any contracts made therefor to an amount in the aggregate not exceeding two percentum upon the assessed value of the table property therein as fixed and determined by the last preceding assessed valuation thereof and all coupon bonds or other securities issued therefor and also assessments of annual tax for the payment of the principal and interest of such indebtedness represented by such bonds or other securities since the twentieth of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four

House No. 74:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act relative to the purchase of a law library for the use of the county of Dauphin" approved the twenty-seventh day of January one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five

House No. 75:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act providing for the election of a solicitor for Dauphin County" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy

House No. 77:

An act relating to the adoption of adult persons as heirs

House No. 78:

An act to protect the State Forest Reserves and providing punishment for the violation thereof

House No. 80:

An act requiring each and every director of a bank of discount banking company co-operative banking association trust company safe deposit company real estate company mortgage company title insurance company guarantee company surety and indemnity company and savings bank which has been or may hereafter be incorporated under the laws of this Commonwealth with the right to receive moneys on deposit to take an oath of office and prescribing the form thereof said oath to be filed with the Commissioner of Banking

House No. 83:

An act providing for the publication and distribution of a revised edition of the railroad map of Pennsylvania heretofore issued by the Department of Internal Affairs making an appropriation for the work of revising compiling and proof-reading and an appropriation for printing binding and mounting the same and for paper

House No. 84:

An act fixing the fee for service of jurors summoned by the sheriff of any county having a population of over one million four hundred thousand under writs of inquisition condemnation inquiry of damages et cetera

House No. 85:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the fourth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to fix the salaries of the deputy register clerks and employes in the office of the register of wills of any county of this Commonwealth having a population of one million or over" so as to make it apply to counties containing a population of one million four hundred thousand or over

House No. 86:

An act to amend section first of an act of Assembly approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received by the several prothonotaries of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth in counties having a population of over one million" so as to make it apply to counties having a population of over one million four hundred thousand

House No. 87:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the tenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to fix the salaries of the clerk deputy clerk court clerks and employes in the office of the clerk of court of oyer and terminer and quarter sessions of the peace of any county of this Commonwealth having a population of one million or over" so as to make it apply to counties having a population of one million four hundred thousand or over

House No. 88:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the thirty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act fixing the salary of the real estate assessors in counties having a population of one million or over" so as to make it apply to counties containing a population of one million four hundred thousand or over

House No. 99:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the tenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to fix the salaries of the miscellaneous clerks transcribing clerks and copyists in the office of the recorder of deeds of any county of this Commonwealth having a population of one million or over" so as to make it apply to counties having a population of one million four hundred thousand or over

House No. 90:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to fix the salary of the deputy recorder of deeds in the office of any recorder of deeds of any county of this Commonwealth having a population of one million or over" so as to make it apply to counties having a population of one million four hundred thousand or over

House No. 94:

An act providing for the payment by the proper county or by the treasurer of a city co-extensive with a county of the costs of appeal including printing of paper book in murder cases where counsel have been assigned to the defense of the prisoner

House No. 95:

An act providing that certificates of association and articles of incorporation may be acknowledged and sworn to before a justice of the peace

An act providing for the selection and purchase of the appropriation from the State Forest Reserve of a tract of land and the erection thereon of buildings for the Western Penitentiary making an appropriation therefor authorizing the removal thereto of the inmates of the said penitentiary and directing the sale of the site now occupied by the said penitentiary and the buildings and materials thereon

House No. 100:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes places of religious worship places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit and institutions of purely public charity" as amended by the first section of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act approved May the fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled 'An Act to exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes and places of religious worship places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit and institutions of purely public charity'" and as amended by section one of an act approved the twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to amend the act of the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and fifty-eight) entitled 'An act to exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes and places of religious worship places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit and institutions of purely public charity' so that it shall apply to hospitals universities colleges seminaries academies associations and institutions of learning benevolence and charity where the entire revenue is applied to the support of and to increase the efficiency and improvement thereof" by exempting any building owned by any religious society used exclusively as a parsonage

House No. 101:

An act to provide for the safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of this Commonwealth and to limit the hours of labor of hoisting engineers employed at or about the same

House No. 102:

An act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged by sheriffs in counties having a population of less than one hundred and thirty thousand in this Commonwealth and to provide for the taxation and collection of the same

House No. 103:

An act to amend section eleven of an act approved April fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three (Pamphlet Laws twenty) entitled "An Act to establish an Insurance Department" so as to permit either individual partnerships or corporations to be certified and licensed agents for the purpose of soliciting risks in this Commonwealth

House No. 104:

An act amending section eleven of an act approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two entitled "An Act relating to foreign executors administrators guardians and representatives of decedents and wards" by extending the provisions thereof to the assignment

and satisfaction of record of mortgage debts and indentures of mortgage and to the receipt of the interest thereon

House No. 106:

A joint resolution for the appointment of a commission by the Governor of this Commonwealth for the purpose of investigating and reporting upon both physical conditions and legal rights in the matter of surface support where anthracite coal has been removed or the right to remove said coal is vested in others than the owner of the surface and for the further purpose of suggesting new legislation relative to the same and making an appropriation to meet the expenses of said commission

House No. 108:

An act to amend section first of an act of Assembly approved the third day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties of the Commonwealth to erect or complete and maintain a suitable monument at the county seat of each county in memory of the soldiers and sailors of the late war' approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five so as to make it apply to counties containing a population of not less than eight hundred thousand nor more than one million four hundred thousand

House No. 109:

An act providing for the amendment of the pleadings in civil courts of common pleas in this Commonwealth and for the payment of costs when same is allowed

House No. 111:

An act to amend sections one two three and seven of an act approved the third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to amend sections one two three and seven of an act approved the third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled 'An Act amending sections one two three seven and fifteen article two of and act entitled 'An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith' approved June eighth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws page five hundred and thirty-five et cetera) increasing the number of inspectors and inspection districts providing for the examination of candidates for Dauphin County and providing for certain redistricting of inspectors' granting to the qualified electors of Sullivan Susquehanna and Wayne counties the right to participate in the election of mine inspectors of the second inspection district" so as to increase the number of inspection districts by making the counties of Susquehanna Wayne and Sullivan a separate district providing for the appointment of a board of examiners for said district and for the examination and election of an inspector therefor and for the appointment of an inspector therefor until such time as an inspector should be duly elected

House No. 114:

An act to validate bonds or other securities issued by and evidencing an increase of the indebtedness of any county city borough township school district or other mnuicipality or incorporated district of this Commonwealth issued since the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and prior to the passage of this act where the question of increasing the indebtedness thereof was submitted to a vote of the electors thereof and a majority of the electors thereof voted in favor of such increase of indebtedness but where the corporate authorities thereof did not prior to the submission of such question to a vote of the electors thereof by their ordinances or vote signified their desire to increase the indebtedness thereof and to validate such submissions and votes

House No. 116:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the better collection of collateral inheritance taxes" approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven which has been amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the better collection of collateral inheritance taxes' approved May sixth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven so as to include among the persons taking an estate or any part thereof to whom the act does not apply to children of a former husband or wife" approved the twenty-second day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five providing for the exemption of institutions of purely public charity not receiving State aid from the payment of said taxes

House No. 118:

An act providing a uniform rate of assessment and taxation for all real estate in cities of the second class

House No. 120:

An act authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to build bridges over any river not more than one thousand feet and not less than five hundred feet in width at localities not less than ten miles distant from the nearest public bridge over the same river in counties whose indebtedness increased by the cost of such proposed bridge would exceed the constitutional limitation of two per centum of their assessed valuation

House No. 121:

An act amending the first section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural associations paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid" by changing from four to three the required number of days for holding such exhibitions

House No. 122:

An act to authorize any territory that may be annexed to a city under existing laws to be added to an adjacent ward or wards or created into a new ward and providing for the election of officers and places of holding elections in new wards thus created

House No. 123:

An act prohibiting certain cruelty to cows and providing penalties for violation thereof

House No. 125:

An act entitled "An Act to provide for the destruction and to prevent the spread of certain noxious weeds making it the duty of owners of land upon which such weeds grow to cut the same so as to prevent their going to seed making it the duty of supervisors to cut or destroy such weeds on or along public highways and providing penalties for failure to comply with the provisions of the act"

House No. 126:

A supplement to section eighteen of an act entitled "An Act relating to roads highways and bridges" approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini eighteen hundred and thirty-six

House No. 127:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act relating to the competency of witnesses and to the rules of evidence in civil and criminal cases revising declaring and consolidating some of the existing acts and rules of law upon these subjects and also extending some of the provisions of the same" approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven so as to include directors or other officers of corporations or joint stock or other associations among those who may be compelled to testify as if under cross-examination by the adverse party in any civil proceeding as provided in the seventh section of said act

House No. 128:

An act to amend the fifteenth section of an act approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to provide for the protection and preservation of game game-quadrupeds and game birds and song and insectivorous and other wild birds and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions" by repealing the right to use bear traps

House No. 129:

An act fixing the time for the election of directors or overseers of the poor of the several poor districts of the Commonwealth and their terms of office and extending the terms of office of the directors and overseers of the poor now in office where such term will expire upon any day after the first Monday of January in even numbered years

House No. 131:

An act empowering the proper officers of the several poor districts of the Commonwealth in their discretion to appropriate money to corporations organized for the purpose of assisting relieving and giving medical care and attention to the pauper injured or sick

House No. 132:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to authorize the election of constables for three years in cities of the second and third class" approved the fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine to make the term of constables in said cities four years

House No. 137:

An act providing for the payment of the costs of proceedings and the expenses of maintaining prisoners committed to county prisons either for non-payment of fines or penalties imposed for or while awaiting a hearing upon any charge for the violation of any city or borough ordinance or any ordinance of townships of the first class by the city borough or township of the first class whose ordinances are alleged to have been violated or to which any such fines or penalties are payable

House No. 139:

An act enabling corporations not authorized by law to hold real estate in Pennsylvania to convey and make title to such real estate as may have been purchased and held by them prior to the passage of this act

House No. 140:

An act enlarging the powers of overseers of the poor in townships of the second class which constitute a separate poor district by requiring such overseers upon petition to care for and maintain cemeteries not kept for profit and the expense thereof to be paid from the poor fund of said township

House No. 141:

An act establishing in counties containing a population of from eight hundred thousand to one million four hundred thou-

sand a board for the assessment and revision of taxes for State and county purposes prescribing the method of their appointment their powers and duties fixing their salary to be paid by the proper county and abolishing the office of ward borough and township assessors in so far as respects the assessment of State and county taxes

House No. 143:

An act making an appropriation to Michael Zahniser late treasurer of Mercer County Pennsylvania to refund to him certain fees by him erroneously paid into the State Treasury

House No. 148:

An act to amend section thirteen of an act passed May eighteen one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three "An Act to establish a Medical Council and three State Boards of Medical Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Medical Council and said Board of Medical Examiners to provide for the examination and licensing of practitioners of medicine and surgery to and to make appropriation for the Medical Council" of May eighteen one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three providing that any student of medicine and surgery giving satisfactory evidence as to age preliminary education and good moral character and proper credentials signed by the dean of and with the seal of a reputable and legally incorporated school or college of medicine may be examined in certain subjects at the end of the two years' course or its equivalent

House No. 149:

An act to prevent the obstruction of inlets drains or sewers by butchers' offal garbage dead animals hair lime cement or substances that tend to fill and obstruct same declaring the construction of any inlet drain or sewer to be a misdemeanor and providing penalties for same

House No. 150:

An act directing the trustees of the Danville State Hospital for the Insane to connect the effluent of the sewage disposal plant with the sewer system of the borough of Danville and making an appropriation therefor

House No. 151:

An act to supplement an act voted passed by the General Assembly and approved March thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and five to prevent the introduction into and the spread of injurious insects in Pennsylvania to provide a method for compelling their destruction to authorize inspection of nurseries and to provide for certificates of inspection to provide for the inspection of apiaries and for the suppression of contagious or infectious diseases among bees and making appropriation therefor

House No. 153:

A further supplement to an act entitled "A supplement to the act of Assembly approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six relative to roads and bridges to authorize county commissioners to build bridges or furnish money to aid in building bridges the erecting of which would require more expense than it is reasonable one or two adjoining townships should bear in cases where the county commissioners do not deem it advisable to enter such bridges on record as county bridges" approved the eleventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine extending the same to bridges over railroads and canals

House No. 154:

An act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens and the proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this State

House No. 157:

An act relating to judgments obtained before aldermen and justices of the peace against counties cities boroughs townships school districts poor districts and other municipalities or incorporated districts requiring aldermen and justices of the peace to file transcripts of such judgments in the prothonotary's office within ten days from rendition of the same providing for the entry of record thereof by the prothonotary and for fees for services of the magistrate and prothonotary providing for certificates to be furnished by such magistrates of such judgments to taxpayers on demand and payment of a fee providing a penalty for violation of the act and methods of procedure to enforce the same

House No. 161:

An act authorizing the courts of this Commonwealth in cases where the jury have disagreed to certify the evidence so as to become part of the record and to enter judgment upon the whole record if either party was entitled thereto whenever a request for binding instructions has been reserved or declined by the trial judge and authorizing appeals from the judgment so entered and the entry of the proper judgment in the Supreme or Superior Court

House No. 162:

An act entitled an act to authorize the printing of subsequent editions of bulletins issued by the Department of Agriculture

House No. 163:

An act to enable counties to appropriate money or to issue bonds in aid of the construction by public authority and control of canals or waterways suitable for steamships steamboats barges or other vessels and providing for the procedure in such cases and to enter into contracts to that end with other counties and other public authorities of this or other States of the United States

House No. 167:

An act to prohibit the bringing into prisons of all weapons or other implements which may be used to injure any convict or person or in assisting any convict to escape punishment or the selling or furnishing of same to convicts to prohibit the bringing into prisons of all spirituous or fermented liquors drugs medicines poisons opium morphine or any other kind or charcter of narcotics or giving selling or furnishing of spirituous or fermented liquors drugs medicines poison opium morphine or any other character of narcotic or the bringing into or taking out letters notes money or contraband goods of any kind whatsoever and providing a penalty for the violation thereof

House No. 168:

An act regulating lateral railroads and providing for and regulating the taking of lands and material by the same

House No. 169:

An act to promote the consolidation of public schools

House No. 171:

An act amending section eighteen of an act entitled "An Act providing when how upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements and for the removal of nuisances the procedure upon claims filed therefor the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened and the manner of distributing the proceeds of such sales" approved June fourth one thousand nine hundred and one as the same was amended by an act entitled "An Act amending sections seventeen and eighteen of an act entitled "An Act providing when how upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements and for the removal of nuisances the procedure upon claims filed therefor the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened and the manner of distributing the proceeds of such sales' approved the fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine" by changing the method of service by advertisement upon writs of scire facias issued upon municipal and tax claims

House No. 172:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act creating a Bureau of Health in the Department of Public Safety in cities of the second class defining the powers and duties thereof and of the officers thereunder prescribing rules regulations and laws respecting the public health and authorizing and imposing fines penalties and punishments for violations thereof" approved June twenty-six one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five and to a supplement thereto approved March twenty-five Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three providing for the vacation or destruction of buildings dangerous to the public health authorizing and imposing fines penalties punishments and remedies for violations of this act and providing method of appeal

House No. 173:

An act amend the tenth and thirty-second sections of an act entitled "An Act providing when how upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements and for the removal of nuisances the procedure upon claims filed therefor the methods for preserving such claims the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened and the manner of distributing the proceeds of such sales" approved the fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one as said tenth section was amended by an act appproved the first day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven and further amended by an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine and as said thirty-second section was amended by an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven by providing for the filing of municipal claims where appeals are taken from the assessment for the recovery of which such claim is filed and changing the procedure for reviving and continuing the lien of municipal and tax claims and providing that tax and municipal claims shall not be divested by any judicial sale of the property liened where the amount of such tax or municipal claim is not definite or is not due and payable

House No. 174:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March one thousand nine hundred and one regulating the certification recording advertising and proof of passage of legislative acts of councils and prescribing the effect of the production thereof when required as evidence

House No. 175:

An act providing that where municipalities are vested with the power of acquiring property by condemnation proceedings for any purpose whatsoever that the title to be acquired by the said municipalities shall be the fee simple title thereof

House No. 176:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one authorizing cities of the second class to enact ordinances regulating in the interests of public safety health and convenience the movement of pedestrian animal and vehicle traffic of every kind in streets parks bridges squares and public places

House No. 178:

An act amending the sixth paragraph of section three of article nineteen of an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as the same was amended by an act approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one by providing for the issuing of funding bonds and making the same payable in annual installments

House No. 179:

An act to provide for the making of a new ordinance book and record of the ordinances of any borough in which the ordinance book thereof has become lost destroyed or so much worn or mutilated as to be unserviceable

House No. 183:

An act to empower any taxpayer of any township borough poor district or school district upon providing for costs to appeal in behalf of such municipality to the Court of Common Pleas of the proper county from the judgment of any justice of the peace or alderman against such municipality and to become a party to such suit

House No. 184:

An act making an appropriation to further carry into effect the provisions of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid"

House No. 188:

An act to amend section sixteen of an act entitled "An Act relating to lunatics and habitual drunkards" approved June thirteenth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six by making it the duty of the petitioner for the commission within thirty days after the filing of the report of the commissioner or commissioners finding the alleged lunatic or habitual drunkard to be a lunatic or habitual drunkard to cause a certified copy of said report to be filed and indexed (in the same manner as an original proceeding) in the Court of Common Pleas of every other county in this Commonwealth in which is situate any real estate the title to which may be affected by the findings in said re-report and providing that unless the same be so filed and indexed the record or record papers of said proceedings shall not be evidence in any court of this Commonwealth in any proceedings either at law or in equity touching or concerning the title to any real estate situate in any county or counties in which such certified copy of such report is not so filed and indexed provided that this provision shall be limited to the lands and tenements found by the Commissioner or Commissioners in obedience to the mandate of the fourth section of the act herein amended

House No. 189:

An act fixing the terms of the mayors and members of select and common councils in the several cities of this Commonwealth.

House No. 194:

An act providing for notification of taxables by tax collectors in boroughs and townships prescribing the contents of such notices and providing for the payment of the expenses thereof

House No. 195:

An act making an appropriation to W G Robertson J G Hayes P G McDonough John T Loftus David Stanford and M J Coleman the former Board of Examiners for Inspectors of Mines of Lackawanna County to pay for services rendered by said Board in one thousand nine hundred and seven

House No. 196:

An act requiring the payment of wages to be semi-monthly regulating same and providing penalties for violation thereof

House No. 197:

An act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund John H Reed the amount paid by him for his commission as notary public

House No. 199:

An act making an appropriation to Porter Lodge Number two hundred eighty-four Free and Accepted Masons of Catasauqua Pennsylvania for excess of tax erroneously paid to the Commonwealth

House No. 200:

An act making an appropriation for deficits to the Home for the Training in Speech of Deaf Children Before They Are of School Age at Belmont avenue and Monment Road Philadelphia

House No. 204:

An act providing for the election of Commissioners of townships of the first class of this Commonwealth and the filling of vacancies in the office of township treasurer and township commissioner in said township

House No. 205:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of a deficiency that has arisen under the provisions of the act of May thirteenth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine providing for the payment of expenses which may be incurred in the prevention and extinguishment of forest fires and also for the payment of such expenses that may be incurred under said act to and including May thirty-first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

House No. 206:

An act relating to receipts or certificates issued by the owners of bonded distillery warehouses special bonded warehouses and bonded warehouse established under the provisions of the revised statutes of the United States relating to distilleries providing that such receipts or certificates shall be in all respects valid warehouse receipts or certificates and providing for the payment of taxes storage and other charges or liens due thereon to the United States Government

House No. 208:

An act to amend section two of the act entitled "To authorize the appointment of a deputy and one clerk by the prothonotary of the Supreme Court of the Eastern District and also the appointment of a deputy by the prothonotary of the Supreme Court of the Middle District and fixing their salaries" approved the fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five

House No. 211:

An act making an appropriation to reimburse the Western State Penitentiary for gratuities and account of fire in laundry

House No. 214:

An act providing that no commission shall be allowed to county treasurers for receiving and disbursing moneys returned to the county by this Commonwealth which were collected by the county for the use of the Commonwealth and upon which the treasurer has already received a commission

House No. 215:

An act making an appropriation to the Armory Board of the State of Pennsylvania to meet deficiencies in maintenance insurance premium repairs to State armories and extra work on the Franklin Armory for the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

House No. 216:

An act to amend sections two and three of an act entitled "An Act creating the Department of State Police providing for the appointment of a Superintendent thereof together with officers and men who shall constitute the force defining their powers and duties and making an appropriation for the expenses connected therewith" approved the second day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five by fixing the salaries of the employes of the Department of State Police also the salaries of the officers and men of the State Police

House No. 218:

An act providing for the quadrennial inspection of boundary line monuments of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania their restoration protection and perpetuation as well as the method of changing their location also prescribing a penalty for mutilating removing or destroying any of the same and making an appropriation for inspection repair and new monuments

House No. 219:

An act to provide for the issuing of certificates of election to Senators and Representatives in the General Assembly of Pennsylvania authorizing the proper officers of the Senate and House of Representatives to procure seals and making an appropriation therefor

House No. 221:

An act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof

House No. 223:

An act to amend the tenth section of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the government payment of the interest upon the State debt receiving of proposals for the sale of the public works and for other purposes" approved the twenty-seventh day of July Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-two by adding the assessors to the board of revision in counties having less than one million and more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants

House No. 224:

An act requiring foundries to be provided with toilet room and water closet regulating same and providing a penalty for violation thereof

House No. 227:

An act authorizing county auditors of the several counties of this Commonwealth to employ counsel to advise them in their official capacity and providing that the compensation of such counsel shall be paid out of the funds of the proper county

House No. 228:

An act to amend the second section of an act approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act to designate a uniform date when the commissioners of the several counties shall issue their precepts to assessors to make the triennial assessments and the reassessment between the periods of the triennial assessment of property and fixing the time for the return thereof" by requiring assessors to make returns for reassessment not later than ninety days from the date of issuing the precepts

House No. 231:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act relating to damages for injuries producing death" approved the twenty-sixth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five so as to provide that certain surviving relatives of the deceased may recover damages whether such surviving relatives be citizens of this Commonwealth or not

House No. 232:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing and directing the Secretary of Internal Affairs to compile and publish connected warrantee tract maps of each of the several counties of this Commonwealth making an appropriation for the work of compilation and directing the manner of sale and distribution of the same" approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven so as to reduce the number of said maps hereafter published and limiting the free distribution of the same

House No. 233:

An act to validate certain elections held between the tenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five and the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine upon the question of increasing the indebtedness of counties cities boroughs townships school districts or other incorporated districts or municipalities of this Commonwealth all bonds issued pursuant to such elections and the indebtedness represented by such bonds

House No. 239:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act relating to the compensation of county commissioners auditors and township auditors" approved the sixteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy

House No. 243:

An act to fix the salary of county engineer in counties containing a population of more than eight hundred thousand and less than one million four hundred thousand

House No. 246:

An act permitting building associations or other corporations whose charters have expired or whose affairs have been wound up to satisfy mortgages

House No. 250:

An act to provide additional facilities and enlarge the rights of parties having private roads or hereafter applying for the same under the provisions of the act of fourth of April one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws sixty-five) and the act of the seventeenth of May one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and fifty-nine) so that in certain cases relating to mining operations tramways and other devices except steam locomotives for moving products may be placed on such private roads

House No. 253:

An act to amend section one of an act "Authorizing and empowering boroughs and incorporated towns to take use and appropriate private property for necessary public buildings and works within the corporate limits of such municipality and providing for the manner of ascertaining determining awarding and paying compensation and damages therefor" approved the tenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one so as to extend the same to townships of the first class

House No. 256:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act being a further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven amending the amendment of the supplement thereto which became a law on the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine which amendment herein amended was approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one relating to the tax on capital stock" approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three relating to taxing bonds mortgages and other securities

House No. 257:

An act authorizing boroughs to unite with boroughs or townships in constructing or acquiring and maintaining works for supplying water to such boroughs or townships

House No. 265:

An act relating to roads providing for the election and appointment of township supervisors in second class townships defining their powers duties and limitations relating to road tax and the expenditure thereof abolishing the work tax defining certain duties of the clerk of the court fixing penalties for violation of this act and making an appropriation to carry out its provisions

House No. 266:

An act providing for an association of township commissioners and township supervisors in the different counties of the State and providing for the expenses of such associations

House No. 267:

An act making an appropriation for the purpose of purchasing land for rifle range or land for permanent camping ground for Division Encampment or land for permanent camping ground for three separate Brigade Encampments either or all and providing for the care and preparation of same said purchase of land to be made under the direction of the State Military Board the title thereof to be examined and approved by the Attorney General and the purchase approved by the Governor and fixing the maximum average price per acre of such land as may be purchased providing that the title to all lands purchased shall be vested in the Commonwealth and land be used for military purposes under the control and direction of the Adjutant General and providing for the method of land purchased

House No. 272:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to create the Department of Public Printing and Binding and to carry out the provisions of section twelve article three of the Constitution in relation to the public printing and binding and the supply of paper and other materials therefor"

House No. 273:

An act to amend sections seven and twelve of an act entitled "An Act to encourage the propagation of fish and to regulate the catching taking and destruction of fish in the Delaware river below Trenton Falls within the jurisdiction respectively of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey and providing penalties for violation of its provisions and to repeal acts inconsistent therewith" approved May first one thousand nine hundred and nine

House No. 274:

An act empowering the commissioners of any first class townships of this Commonwealth without petition or property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof when said streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof do not exceed one thousand feet in length and connect two streets or thoroughfares theretofore paved and improved and providing for the assessment of a portion of the costs of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and the collection thereof

House No. 275:

An act to authorize municipalities to provide for the regulation and inspection of weights and measures and to provide punishment for the violation of such regulations

House No. 276:

An act amending section thirteen of the act of July ninth one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act relating to the service of certain process in actions of law and the effect thereof and providing who shall be made parties to certain writs" so far as it relates to the service of writs quo warranto

House No. 278:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to protect sheep and tax dogs in Lycoming and Columbia counties" approved March twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one so far as realtes to Columbia County

House No. 281:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fourth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act authorizing the board of county commissioners of the several counties of the State to furnish on petition appropriate metal markers for the graves of soldiers and sailors who served with honor in the military forces of the United States" as amended by an act approved the tenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act to furnish metal markers for graves of soldiers and sailors' approved the twenty-fourth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three providing that the county commissioners of the several counties of this State shall furnish markers for certain deceased soldiers and sailors" by extending its provisions to widows of soldiers and sailors

House No. 282:

An act amending section forty-four of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six entitled "An Act relating to the commencement of actions" as amended by an act approved the thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to amend section forty-four of the act of Assembly of this Commonwealth entitled

"An Act relating to the commencement of actions" approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six so as to make all the provisions of said act apply to certain actions ex delicto as well as to all actions ex contractu" by extending its provisions to foreign corporations

House No. 283:

An act to forbid the use of a gill net of more than thirty meshes deep in such parts of boundary lakes of more than five thousand acres as this Commonwealth has jurisdiction over and providing penalty and punishment for the violation of any provision of this act

House No. 284:

An act authorizing a married woman to make conveyances of real estate to her husband and validating all such conveyances heretofore made

House No. 290:

An act to authorize road supervisors to subscribe for not more than three publications whose main subject matter pertains to good roads and road building to be paid for out of township funds

House No. 291:

An act conferring authority upon the commissioners of the counties respectively within this Commonwealth to appropriate money for the maintenance of such indigent residents of the county as may be patients in the sanatorium of any society in the county which may have been duly incorporated for the treatment of residents of such county suffering from tuberculosis

House No. 292:

A joint resolution to provide for the granting of Brevet Rank to surviving officers of Pennsylvania troops of the Civil War

House No. 293:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act relating to the taxation of dogs in the township of East Nottingham in the county of Chester and providing for a decrease of the debt of said township and for the abolition of the sheep fund" approved the tenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three

House No. 295:

An act entitled "An Act to protect the dignity and honor of the uniform of the United States in the State of Pennsylvania and providing a penalty for any violation thereof"

House No. 299:

An act providing that all legal notices now required by law to be published in weekly newspapers may be published in daily newspapers

House No. 301:

An act amending and supplementing section one of an act entitled "An Act to provide revenue by taxation" approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine as the same was amended by an enactment of "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine" approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine as further amended and supplemented by "An Act to provide increased revenue for the purpose of relieving the burdens of local taxation being supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine amending the first fourteenth sixteenth twentieth twenty-first twenty-fifth and twenty-sixth sections of an act supplementary thereto which became a law on the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine and providing for greater uniformity of taxation by taxing all of the property of corporations limited partnerships and joint-stock associations having capital stock at the rate of five mills on each dollar of its actual value" approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one.

House No. 303:

An act relating to the time and manner of taking exceptions in any case civil or criminal in any court of record in this Commonwealth to the effect thereof to transcribing the evidence taken upon the trial of any case to the correction and perfection of such transcript for the purposes of review and providing that exceptions need not be taken where the decision of the court appears in the proceedings of a case.

House No. 304:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to increase the pay of jurors and witnesses in this Commonwealth" so as to make one general per diem rate of pay for jurors and witnesses.

House No. 306:

An act to amend the third fifth seventh twenty-fourth and twenty-seventh sections of an act approved the second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled "An Act defining and regulating escheats in cases where property is without a lawful owner and providing for more convenient proceedings relative to the same" so as to provide for the escheat of property held in trust or resulting from the investment of trust funds which property is or shall be without a lawful owner fixing the jurisdiction of the courts of this Commonwealth in cases of such escheats reducing the amount to be paid to informers and increasing the percentage to be paid to escheators

House No. 312:

An act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith

House No. 313:

An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith

House No. 315:

An act to provide for the better protection and preservation of game game-quadrupeds and game-birds and prescribing penalties for the violation of its several provisions

House No. 319:

An act to provide for the punishment of persons responsible for or contributing to the delinquency of children.

House No. 321:

An act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred and three providing for the employment of clerks stenographers and office assistants to facilitate the probation work of the juvenile court and for the fixing of the salary or compensation of such employes and the payment of the same out of the county treasury

House No. 323:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate the fees of tipstaves in judicial districts containing more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants" approved the fifth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three by further regulating the salary of tipstaves and court criers in judiciary districts containing more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and less than two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants

House No. 324:

An act to require fire drills in public schools

House No. 325:

An act for the protection of shade and fruit trees growing on or along any highway street or road

House No. 326:

An act to amend sections two and three of an act entitled "An Act defining and regulating escheats in cases where property is without a lawful owner and providing for more convenient proceedings relative to the same" approved the second day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine extending the same to other cases of escheat

House No. 327:

An act prescribing the number of fixtures for water supply for houses and other buildings occupied as dwellings in cities of the first class making violation of its provisions a misdemeanor and providing punishment for the same

House No. 328:

An act to amend the first and second sections of an act approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to authorize municipalities to unite in the construction of a sewerage system and to permit municipalities to form corporations for the purpose of constructing a sewage system" by including townships

House No. 329:

An act to reorganize the Department of Internal Affairs and to fix the number and salaries of officers clerks and employes therein

House No. 330:

An act to amend clause B of section two of an act approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled "An Act relating to the competency of witnesses and to the rules of evidence in civil and criminal cases revising declaring and consolidating some of the existing acts and rules of law upon these subjects and also extending some of the provisions of the same" so as to make the husband and wife a competent witness to testify for or against each other in support of a criminal charge of bigamy alleged to have been committed by or with each other

House No. 331:

An act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act authorizing the commitment of minors by magistrates justices of the

peace of certain charitable societies and providing for the method of such commitment and the cost of the visitation of such minors" approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three

House No. 335:

An act to encourage the breeding of horses to regulate the public service of stallions and jacks to prevent misrepresentation of same to require the licensing of stallions and jacks and to provide for the enforcement thereof

House No. 341:

An act to amend section one of an act approved June twenty-second one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven entitled "An Act to amend section four of an act approved June eighth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one entitled 'An Act to authorize the erection of a poorhouse in the township of Jenkins borough of Pittston in the county of Luzerne' approved May eighth one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven" allowing an increase in the amount of relief that may be granted to paupers not residing in the poorhouse in said district" authorizing an increase in the amount of relief that may be granted to paupers not residing in the poorhouse in said district

House No. 343:

An act authorizing water companies and certain commissioners of water works in cities of the third class to extend their pipes beyond the city limits and supply water to persons corporations and municipalities within the county and regulating the supplying of water

House No. 346:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to aid the Auditor General in the collection of taxes due the Commonwealth from corporations limited partnerships and joint stock associations" approved May twenty-fifth one thousand nine hundred and seven providing for personal liability of trustees assignees receivers or other non-judicial officers who fail to obey the provisions thereof

House No. 347:

An act to further amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof" approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and the amendment thereto approved the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven

House No. 350:

An act authorizing any justice of the peace alderman or magistrate on proof of demand and oath of any public officer or constable or any agent of any incorporated society for the prevention of cruelty to animals under laws of this Commonwealth or other peace officer of his belief that any act of cruelty to animals is being committed in any building barn or enclosure to issue a search warrant to any of said officers to make search of said premises and to forthwith arrest offenders found committing acts of cruelty to animals and bring them before said justice of the peace alderman or magistrate for trial providing for the care of animals so found to be neglected or starving and if necessary to remove them from the premises for that purpose the cost thereof to be paid by the owner authorizing a lien on said animals for expenses of keep and care or action against owner to recover same provided nothing in this act shall interfere with any properly conducted experiments or investigations under the authority of the faculty of a regularly incorporated medical college or university of this Commonwealth

House No. 353:

An act to promote the safety of travelers and employes upon railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains

House No. 356:

An act defining what shall constitute the offense of malicious injury to railroads providing a punishment therefor fixing the punishment in cases of loss of life as a result of such offense and repealing sections one hundred forty-two and one hundred forty-three of an act approved the thirty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty entitled "An Act to consolidate revise and amend the penal laws of this Commonwealth" and an act approved the twenty-sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one entitled "An Act defining the offense of the taking of human life through the wilful and malicious wrecking of cars and locomotives upon railroads in this Commonwealth"

House No. 358:

An act fixing the width of public highways where such highways are crossed above or below grade by the tracks of any railroad

House No. 360:

An act authorizing the release on probation of certain convicts instead of imposing sentences the appointment of probation and parole officers and the payment of their salaries and expenses regulating the manner of sentencing convicts in certain cases and providing for their release on parole their conviction of crime during parole and their rearrest and reconviction for breach of parole and extending the powers and duties of boards of prison inspectors of penitentiaries

House No. 365:

An act amending section four of an act entitled "An Act imposing additional taxes for State purposes and to abolish the revenue board" approved the thirtieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four

House No. 366:

An act making void the surveying or laying out of certain highways and sewers over private property in boroughs where the work has not been commenced within two years from passage of the ordinance

House No. 368:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of commissions of military State agents employed by the accounting officers to collect claims due the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania from the Government of the United States

House No. 372:

An act to amend section nine of an act entitled "An Act to encourage the propagation of fish and to regulate the catching taking and destruction of fish in the Delaware river below Trenton Falls within the jurisdiction of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey and providing penalties for violation of its provisions and to repeal acts inconsistent therewith" approved May first one thousand nine hundred and nine

House No. 377:

An act empowering the United States of America to acquire land in the State of Pennsylvania for national forest reserves by purchase or by condemnation proceedings and granting to the United States of America all rights necessary for control and regulation of such reserves

House No. 380:

An act empowering clerks designated by the recorder of deeds to administer oaths and affirmations except in counties having a population of one million three hundred thousand or more

House No. 383:

An act extending the powers of judges of courts of quarter sessions and of oyer and terminer in relation to releasing prisoners in jails and workhouses on parole

House No. 387:

An act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to John Heathcote a fee of twenty-five dollars paid for commission issued to E. H. Kratzer of Coatsville Chester county as notary public

House No. 388:

An act to regulate the use of firecrackers fireworks blank cartridges pellets tablets et cetera in any county of this Commonwealth and providing penalties for the violation thereof

House No. 389:

An act to restrain and regulate the sale and manufacture of certain fire creckers fireworks and certain explosive materials used in canes cannons pistols or any toy and providing penalties for the violation thereof

House No. 390:

An act authorizing the trustees of any State Normal School of the State of Pennsylvania to refund its bonded indebtedness at a lower rate of interest and to include in the reissue of bonds a limited amount of additional indebtedness contracted prior to the passage of this act for the erection of buildings or the making of other improvements

House No. 391:

An act to tax traction engines and providing that the same shall be assessed by the several assesors of the counties of this Commonwealth in the same manner as other articles of personal estate liable for taxation are assessed

House No. 392:

An act authorizing counties of this Commonwealth to pay the State taxes on bonds hereafter issued by them for the purpose of permanently improving any public road or highway in said counties

House No. 401:

An act providing for the examination licensure and registration of persons firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage and prescribing certain rules regulations and requirements for the construction of plumbing house drainage and cesspools in cities of the first class and imposing fines penalties and forfeitures for violation thereof

House No. 402:

An act to further amend the eighteenth paragraph of the second section of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four so as to compel corporations heretofore or hereafter incorporated for the purpose of the storage transportation and furnishing of water for manufacturing and other purposes and for the creation establishing furnishing transmission and using of water power therefrom to furnish such power for public purposes

House No. 404:

An act prohibiting pawnbrokers or any employee from making loans to or receiving pledges from minors under the age of sixteen years

House No. 405:

An act to regulate the temperature of milk and cream intended to be shipped sold or offered for sale

House No. 413:

An act to provide for the better collection of money and taxes due the Commonwealth and property belonging to or liable to escheat to the same

House No. 414:

An act authorizing and empowering commissioners in townships of the first class to enter into contracts with water companies for the placing of fire hydrants in any village in such township to purchase hose et cetera and to provide for the collection of funds for that purpose by levying a tax upon all owners of property in the district benefited

House No. 415:

An act to amend the sixth section of an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised" by providing that the court may direct that the board of such children be paid by the proper county

House No. 418:

An act authorizing boroughs to lay and maintain as public parks land heretofore acquired outside of the borough limits

House No. 420:

An act to provide for the payment for the maintenance and support of children or minors who have been or who may be sentenced by the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth where such minors have been committed to institutions outside this Commonwealth

House No. 421:

An act supplementing and amending section two of an act entitled "An Act concerning divorces" approved March thirteenth one thousand eight hundred and fifteen regulating the submission of issues of fact to a jury the appointment of masters in proceedings for divorce defining the powers of the court and the practice in relation thereto repealing an act approved March tenth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine

House No. 422:

An act fixing the compensation of the chief clerk and the five clerks in the Department of Mines

House No. 427:

An act repealing an act approved the tenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three entitled "An Act to fix the compensation of the assessors and assistant assessors in the County of Cumberland" An act approved the twenty-third day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five entitled "An Act increasing the compensation of assessors and supervisors in Lancaster and Cumberland counties" and the second section of an act which became a law on the first day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four entitled "An Act to increase the pay of the county commissioners county auditors assessors assistant assessors directors of the poor and house of employment jurors and witnesses in Cumberland county" in so far as they relate to the compensation of assessors and assistant assessors in Cumberland county

House No. 428:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act relating to motor vehicles regulating their speed upon the public streets and highways of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and the licensing of operators by the State Highway Department establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles regulating the service of process and of proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom prescribing the penalties for violations of the provisions of this act and providing for the disposition of fines imposed thereunder" by exempting hospital motor ambulances and motor fire engines and motor fire apparatus and requiring them to be furnished free of charge with registration certificates and number tags

House No. 433:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act fixing the salaries and providing for the expenses of county commissioners in counties of this Commonwealth approved the fourteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five

House No. 434:

An act to fix the salary of the coroner of any county of this Commonwealth having a population of one million or over

House No. 435:

An act defining and prohibiting pandering providing penalties for violation hereof and regulating the competency of certain evidence at the trial thereof

House No. 437:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to extend the provisions of an act entitled 'An act to increase the pay of county commissioners jurors and witnesses in certain counties of this Commonwealth' approved the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven to certain other counties of this Commonwealth" approved March tenth one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight in so far and to the extent that the same applies to the county of Lehigh

House No. 438:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act relating to the pay of jurors in the counties of Berks and Lehigh" approved March twenty-third one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five in so far and to the extent that the same applies to Lehigh county

House No. 439:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act regulating the pay of jurors in the counties of Berks and Lehigh" approved the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine in so far and to the extent that the same applies to the county of Lehigh

House No. 440:

An act to repeal the second section of an act entitled "An Act relating to the pay of the commissioners auditors and jurors of the county of Lehigh" approved the eighteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine

House No. 441:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to increase the pay of the county commissioners jurors and witnesses in certain counties of this Commonwealth" approved the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven in so far and to the extent as the same applies to the county of Lehigh

House No. 448:

An act authorizing and empowering the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings to rent offices and rooms outside of the Capitol building when necessary for the accommodation of any department board or commission of the State government

House No. 452

An act providing for the adjustment and payment of the claim of John E. Joos for publishing the mercantile appraiser's list of State taxes in Allegheny county for the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five

House No. 453:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act regulating the compensation of sheriffs for boarding prisoners confined in the county jail in the counties of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania which do not exceed fifty thousand population" by extending the provisions of the act to those having a population not exceeding eighty thousand and requiring the approval solely of the courts of quarter sessions

House No. 455:

An act fixing the compensation of the four clerks in the Department of Banking

House No. 458:

An act regulating the amount of liability a corporate surety may undertake in any single obligation

House No. 459:

An act relating to trust fund and property surety bonds given to secure same the payment of premiums thereon and the discharge of sureties thereunder

House No. 460:

An act providing for the payment of premiums on bonds required of public officers and for the discharge of sureties thereunder

House No. 478:

An act supplementary to "An Act for the taxation of dogs and the protection of sheep" approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three requiring all dogs to wear a collar to be provided by the owner together with a tag to be attached thereto showing payment of tax said tag to be provided by the county commissioners imposing certain duties upon constables tax collectors and county commissioners and providing for the killing of dogs whose owners fail to comply

with this act to which this is a supplement and providing penalties for failure to comply with the provisions of this act

House No. 479:

An act to authorize the appointment by county commissioners of assessors in counties having not less than two hundred thousand nor more than three hundred twenty-five thousand inhabitants prescribing their powers duties and procedure and fixing salaries thereof and providing for the abolition of the office of assessor now existing in said counties

House No. 480:

An act making valid certain bonds issued by municipal corporations and the indebtedness represented by such bonds issued and created in pursuance of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof" approved twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and the acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto

House No. 481:

An act creating a county sinking fund commission in the several counties of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and prescribing its powers and duties

House No. 482:

An act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the sprinkling of public streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof and assess the cost of the same to the owner or owners or occupiers of the property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same

House No. 483:

An act to provide for licensing and regulating private banking in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing penalties for the violation thereof

House No. 485:

An act to restrain and regulate the use of billiard tables pool tables and bagatelle boards or tables kept and maintained for the use of the general public for hire or reward in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth providing for the granting of licenses and providing for punishments for the violations of the provisions of this act

House No. 491:

An act providing a system whereby boroughs may build sewers grade sub-grade and pave streets and alleys pay the costs thereof by the issue of bonds and collect the same from the property benefited in instalments

House No. 492:

An act to amend section nine of an act entitled "An Act to encourage the propagation of fish and to regulate the catching taking and destruction of fish in the Delaware river above Trenton Falls within the jurisdiction respectively of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and of the State of New Jersey and providing penalties for violation of its provisions and to repeal acts inconsistent therewith" approved May eighth one thousand nine hundred and nine

House No. 494:

An act to amend the fifth section of an act approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food fish and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish-wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit to forbid the sale of unlawful devices for catching fish and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the cost shall be paid" by removing certain restrictions on fishing with nets

House No. 507:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act approved May the fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled 'An act to exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes and places of religious worship places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit and institutions or purely public charity'" hospitals universities colleges seminaries academies associations institutions of learning and benevolence by removing the exemption from certain lands therein exempted not necessary for the enjoyment of the same and providing for the taking of said land

House No. 508:

An act relating to taxation and bonus on capital stock

House No. 514:

An act to amend the tenth section of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the consolidation of boroughs and the government and regulations thereof" approved June sixth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three so as to allow the town council of a consolidated borough to select annually a borough treasurer and secretary and by providing for the biennial election of a high constable and the biennial election of auditors to serve two years

House No. 515.

An act to fix the number and compensation of the officers and employes in the Department of Public Grounds and Buildings

House No. 520:

An act regulating the construction and repair of highways over drains or culverts

House No. 521:

An act repealing rule thirteen contained in section twenty-one of an act approved the fourteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight entitled "A supplement to an act entitled "An Act appropriating ground for public purposes in the city of Philadelphia' approved the twenty-sixth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven

House No. 527:

An act to repeal the act in so far as it applies to Montgomery county entitled "An Act to increase the pay of jurors and witnesses in certain counties of this Commonwealth" approved the seventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven

House No. 528:

An act to repeal section two of an act entitled "An Act to increase the compensation of certain officers and of jurors and witnesses in the county of Montgomery" approved the fourteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four

House No. 529:

An act amending an act entitled "An Act to authorize the trustees of the Norristown Academy and the directors of common schools in the borough of Norristown to sell certain real estate and appropriate the proceeds for school purposes" approved March eighteen one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight

House No. 531:

An act authorizing and fixing the charges to be made for certificates and copies furnished by the Custodian of Public Records in the State Library

House No. 534:

An act fixing the salaries of the second assistant librarian and messenger in the State Library

House No. 538:

An act to repeal article one of the act approved April sixteenth one thousand eight hundred and fifty entitled "An Act regulating banks"

House No. 539:

An act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act increasing the salaries of tipstaves in the courts of any county in this Commonwealth having a population of not less than five hundred thousand" approved the thirtieth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five by changing the limit of population of such counties and increasing the minimum and maximum limits of said salaries

House No. 547:

An act to amend section two of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An act regulating the sale of milk and its fluid derivatives in cities of the first class providing for the licensing of those engaged in that business and providing penalties for the violation thereof" by providing for the revocation of the licenses of second offenders against the requirements of the Board of Health or against the laws or ordinances regulating or relating to milk or its fluid derivatives in such cities

House No. 549:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An act to amend an act entitled 'An act to amend an act entitled 'An act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes' approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs com-

panies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three' approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals food-stuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock" approved May twenty-eight one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business

House No. 550:

An act to prevent the issuing or transfer by any person other than a warehouseman or person controlling a place for storing of goods of any paper in similitude of a warehouse receipt and prescribing punishment therefor

House No. 553:

An act amending the first section of an act approved the fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act providing a fixed charge on lands acquired by the State for forestry reserves and the distribution of revenue so derived for school and road purposes" by providing for additional fixed charges on said land for county and poor purposes

House No. 556:

An act providing for an examination of the Panther Creek Valley Hospital providing for the transfer under certain conditions of the said hospital to the Commonwealth regulating said hospital in the event of such transfer and making an appropriation to carry out the purpose of this act

House No. 557:

An act to authorize the use of a haul seine in tide water streams wholly within this Commonwealth under certain conditions for the capture of carp suckers mullets and catfish and providing penalties for the violation of the act

House No. 559:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act making the wilful and malicious taking or removal of the waste or packing from out any journal-box or boxes of any locomotive engine tender carriage coach car caboose or truck used or operated upon any railroad whether the same be operated by steam or electricity a felony and providing penalties therefor" approved the tenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one so as to include brasses or the air appliances

House No 560:

An act authorizing the ascertainment award levy assessment and collection of the costs damages and expenses of municipal improvements including the opening widening straightening extending grading paving macadamizing curbing or otherwise improving of roads streets lanes alleys or parts thereof completed or in course of completion and also the costs damages and expense of the construction of any sewer or drain completed or now in process of completion providing for the ascertainment levy and collection of damages and benefits therefor from property peculiarly benefited where under existing laws or ordinances private property could not be assessed for such benefits and constituting such benefits a lien upon the property upon which they are assessed and authorizing the completion of such improvements now in progress

House No. 561:

An act to amend the third and fifth sections of an act approved the thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to further define the duties and powers of the State Livestock Sanitary Board to prevent the spread of dangerous contagious or infectious diseases among domestic animals to require reports to be made of the existence of such diseases to limit appraisements and payments for animals that it may be necessary to destroy to prevent the spread of disease to protect milk supplies from contamination to authorize co-operation with local boards of health and to prescribe penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" as amended by an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to amend sections three four and five and to extend the provisions of an act entitled 'An Act to further define the duties and powers of the State Livestock Sanitary Board to prevent the spread of dangerous contagious or infectious diseases among domestic animals to require reports to be made of the existence of such diseases to limit appraisements and payments for animals that it may be necessary to destroy to prevent the spread of disease to protect milk supplies from contamination to authorize co-operation with local boards of health and to prescribe penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof approved the thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five" by further regulating the appraisement of animals destroyed

House No. 562:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to increase the pay of jurors and witnesses in the county of Bedford" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four

House No. 563:

An act repealing section six of an act entitled "An Act relating to the levying of a school tax in the borough of Clearfield declaring West Creek Larrie's Creek and Trout Run public highways relating to the collection of taxes in Clarion county to the sale of a school house in Adams county legitimating Anna Matilda Bard of Lancaster county relating to an election district of Carbon and McKean counties" approved the fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two

House No. 565:

An act providing for the registration of bottles boxes syphons syphon-heads tins kegs cans soda-fountains cylinders of carbonic acid gas or other containers and forbidding the refilling of or dealing or trafficking in such registered bottles boxes suphons syphon-heads tins cans kegs soda-fountains cylinders of carbonic acid gas or other containers by persons other than the owners thereof without the written consent of the owner and imposing a penalty therefor providing for the issuing of process in the nature of search warrant providing what shall be prima facie proof thereof and providing that the delivery of said bottles boxes syphons syphon-heads tins cans kegs soda-fountains cylinders of carbonic acid gas or other containers shall not constitute a sale thereof

House No. 566:

An act to require fire drills in factories and industrial establishments where women or girls are employed providing for the promulgation of rules in respect thereto and providing penalties for the violation thereof

House No. 567:

An act amending the twentieth section of an act approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths and burial or removal permits requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics at the Capitol of the State as required to be established by the State Board of Health and to insure the thorough organization and efficiency of the registration of vital statistics throughout the State as provided in section seven of an act entitled 'An act to establish a State Board of Health for the better protection of life and health and to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in this Commonwealth' approved June third eighteen hundred and eighty-five and making an appropriation for establishing and maintaining such a bureau and providing certain penalties" as amended by an act approved the sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled 'An act to amend sections five nine fifteen nineteen twenty and twenty-five of an act entitled 'An act entitled 'An Act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths and burial or removal permits requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics at the Capitol of the State as required to be established by the State Board of Health and to insure the thorough organization and efficiency of the registration of vital statistics throughout the State as provided in section seven of 'An act to establish a State Board of Health for the better protection of life and health and to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in this Commonwealth' approved June third one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five and making an appropriation for establishing and maintaining such a bureau and providing certain penalties' which was approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five by extending the territory in which burial permits shall be valid providing for the issuance of burial permits without fees establishing a method for securing the given names of children making a uniform date for the returns of local registrars providing for certain fees in cities of the first and second class to be paid by the counties abolishing all other systems of registration of births and deaths" by changing the fees for birth and death certificates

House No. 568:

An act to require the owners of property abutting on sidewalks established by townships of the first class to keep said sidewalks in repair and clear of obstruction

House No. 572:

An act providing for the appointment of assistant district attorneys in the several counties of this Commonwealth having over three hundred thousand and less than seven hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants describing the powers duties and terms of office and fixing the salary of said assistants

House No. 573:

An act regulating the pay of election officers in all counties of this Commonwealth containing a population of not less than eight hundred thousand and not more than one million four hundred thousand

House No. 578:

An act permitting in certain cases imposition of costs upon the proper county in proceedings for the commitment of an alleged insane person

House No. 580:

An act to amend sections one three and five of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of miners in bituminous coal mines and anthracite collieries or breakers by regulating the ages at which said minors may be employed their hours of employment and to prescribe rules for the obtaining of employment certificates and providing penalties for violation of the provisions thereof" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by further regulating the ages at which minors may be employed inside coal mines or in the outside workings thereof or in coal breakers or washeries and by providing for the filing of proof of age by the employers of minors apparently under sixteen years of age employed in such establishments

House No. 587:

An act fixing the salary or compensation of the crier of the courts of quarter sessions of the peace and oyer and terminer and general jail delivery in the several counties of this Commonwealth having more than one million and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants

House No. 589:

An act to amend the second section of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of minors in certain employments regulating the ages at which said minors may be employed their hours of employment their protection against injury and to prescribe rules for the obtaining of employment certificates and providing penalties for violation of the provisions thereof" approved April twenty-nine Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine so as to exclude tanneries

House No. 590:

An act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to Fred Muster Superintendent of the Bear Company Berwick Pennsylvania the amount paid by him to cover fine imposed for alleged violation of the minor labor act of one thousand nine hundred and nine

House No. 591:

An act amending the first and second section of an act approved the fourteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to provide for the running relocating changing fixing and marking of county lines" by changing the number of surveyors on the commission

House No. 595:

An act to amend section first of an act of Assembly approved the twenty-eighth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering county comptrollers in counties containing a population of from three hundred thousand to one million to designate and appoint a solicitor prescribing the duties of said solicitor and fixing his term of appointment and salary" so as to make it apply to counties containing a population of not less than eight hundred thousand nor more than one million four hundred thousand

House No. 596:

An act to amend the twenty-eighth section of an act approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food fish and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and to regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit to forbid the sale of unlawful devices for catching fish and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid" by defining what are trout streams

House No. 597:

An act to authorize the school board of the school district of the Township of Wysox Bradford county Pennsylvania to convert taxes levied in the said district in one thousand nine hundred and nine and collected specifically for contemplated new school building which has been abandoned

House No. 598:

An act enabling the several boroughs of the Commonwealth to validate certain ordinances where the same have not been published according to law or where the proof of publication cannot be made

House No. 601:

An act regulating the exhibiting or using of moving pictures and stereopticon views providing for and regulating the examination and approval of moving picture films or reels and stereopticon views and fixing penalties for the violation of this act

House No. 602:

An act to authorize the printing of twenty-five thousand copies Bulletin Number One Hundred and Fifty-two issued by the Department of Agriculture and making an appropriation therefor

House No. 603:

An act to further amend the eighteenth section of an act entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner and staff of assistants and defining the powers and duties thereof authorizing the State Highway Department to co-operate with the several counties and townships and with boroughs in certain instances in the improvement of the public highways and the maintenance of improved highways providfor the application of counties and townships for State aid in highway improvement and maintenance providing for the payment of the cost of highway improvements made under the provisions of this act by the State the counties and the townships and making an appropriation for this purpose and providing a penalty for maliciously destroying improved roads" approved the first day of May Anno Domini nineteen hundred and five as amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner and staff of assistants and defining the powers and duties thereof authorizing the State Highway Department to co-operate with the several counties and townships with boroughs in certain instances in the improvement of the public highways and the maintenance of improved highways providing for the application of counties and townships for State aid in highway improvement and maintenance, providing for the payment of the cost of highway improvements made under the provisions of this act by the State the counties and the townships and making an appropriation for this purpose and providing a penalty for maliciously destroying improved roads' approved the first day of May Anno Domini nineteen hundred and five increasing the number of employes of the State Highway Department and fixing the amounts of their salaries eliminating from the items included in the expense of construction and from those covered by damages the cost of changes of grade extending the provisions of the act to incorporated towns increasing the percentage which may be paid to contractors in advance of the final completion of the work authorizing the setting of monuments and planting of trees along State highways prohibiting the construction of gas or water lines along State highways except under certain conditions and providing that the kind of roads to be built shall be decided by the State Highway Commissioner" approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini nineteen hundred and seven

House No. 605:

An act to provide for the surrender of franchises of Meadow Companies and the transfer of duties of said Meadow Companies to the respective cities of counties within which the lands governed by said Meadow Companies may lie

House No. 606:

An act authorizing and empowering the Department of Forestry to grant rights of way through State lands

House No. 608:

An act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject

House No. 611:

An act to provide for the establishment of a Bureau of Standards in the Department of Internal Affairs of Pennsylvania the appointment of a Chief of that Bureau prescribing his duties and fixing his salary authorizing the purchase of a set of standardized weights and measures for the use of the Bureau and making an appropriation therefor

House No. 612:

An act making it a misdemeanor to intimidate levy blackmail or extort money or other valuable thing or to attempt so to do from any person and providing punishment therefor

House No. 615:

An act to fix and regulate the compensation of directors of the poor of poor districts composed of several townships boroughs and cities situate wholly within any counties of this Commonwealth not exceeding five hundred thousand population

House No. 620:

An act to authorize the publication binding and distribution of one thousand (1,000) additional copies of Smull's Legislative Hand Book for the use of the State Railroad Commission the Water Supply Commission the Superintendent of State Police and the Commissioner of Health

House No. 621:

An act to provide that in every case where a bond has been or shall hereafter be filed in any court of record in this Commonwealth whether under the provision of any law or the order or decree of any court it shall be lawful for the principal surety or sureties or all of them jointly to present their petition to the said court at any time after a right of action shall have accrued upon such bond and that after notice to the parties in interest the court may enter an exoneretur upon the said bond unless action be brought within the time specified in this act

House No. 622:

An act dispensing in judicial proceedings to which a corporation is a party with proof of incorporation of either plaintiff or defendant when not put in issue

House No. 624:

An act requiring sheriffs receivers trustees assignees masters or other officers having charge of the sale of the property or franchises of corporations limited partnerships or joint stock associations to notify the Auditor General of such sale and to read at the sale a certificate to be furnished by him relative to liens for State taxes bonus and other public accounts settlements providing a fee for said officers and imposing a penalty for neglect or refusal to perform such duties

House No. 632:

An act regulating the lending of money upon personal property salaries and wages and fixing penalties for violation hereof

House No. 633:

An act to provide a standard of tests for illuminating oils to provide a penalty for violating the provisions of this act and repealing former acts

House No. 634:

An act prohibiting hospitals not having a medical college adjunct and other institutions receiving State aid from restricting pay patients in the selection of physicians and surgeons not connected with said institutions and providing a penalty therefor

House No. 635:

An act to safeguard life in the coal mines of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and to protect and preserve the property connected therewith by providing that all inside buildings shall be constructed of incombustible material and providing penalties for failure to comply with the terms of this act and making a violation thereof by mine superintendents a misdemeanor

House No. 639:

An act authorizing cities of the second class to regulate the production or emission of smoke from chimnies smokestacks or other source

House No. 640:

An act creating the office of Fire Marshal to be attached to the Department of Public Safety in cities of the first class prescribing his duties and powers and providing penalties for violations of the provisions of the act and providing for the method of appointment compensation and for the maintenance of his office

House No. 644:

An act to provide efficient and practical means for the prevention control and eradication of a disease affecting chestnut trees commonly called the chestnut tree blight providing for the destruction of trees so affected creating a commission to carry out the purpose of this act fixing penalties for violation of the provisions hereof and making an appropriation therefor

House No. 645:

An act appropriating for road reconstruction the sum of three hundred and thirty-six thousand two hundred and fifty dollars and four cents ($336,250.04) which has accumulated in the State Treasury pursuant to the provisions of the eighteenth section of an act entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner and staff of assistants and defining the powers and duties thereof authorizing the State Highway Department to co-operate with the several counties and townships and with boroughs in certain instances in the improvement of the public highways and the maintenance of improved highways providing for the application of counties and townships for State aid in highway improvement and maintenance providing for the payment of the cost of highway improvements made under the provisions of this act by the State the counties and the townships and making an appropriation for this purpose and providing a penalty for maliciously destroying improved roads" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five as amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner and staff of assistants and defining the powers and duties thereof authorizing the State Highway Department to co-operate with the several counties and townships and with boroughs in certain instances in the improvement of the public highways and the maintenance of improved highways providing for the application of counties and townships for State aid and highway improvement and maintenance providing for the payment of the cost of highway improvements made under the provisions of this act by the State the counties and the townships and making an appropriation for this purpose and providing a penalty for maliciously destroying improved roads' approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five increasing the number of employes of the State Highway Department and fixing the amount of their salaries eliminating from the time included in the expense of construction and from those covered by damages the cost of changes of grade extending the provisions of the act to incorporated towns increasing the percentage which may be paid to contractors in advance of the final completion of the work authorizing the setting of monuments and planting of trees along the State highways prohibiting the construction of gas or water lines along State highways except under certain conditions and providing that the kind of road to be built shall be decided by the State Highway Commissioner" approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and authorizing its apportionment by the State Highway Commissioner in accordance with the provisions of the ninth section of the act hereinbefore recited

House No. 646:

An act relating to milk providing for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating the sale of milk skimmed milk and cream providing penalties for the violation thereof and providing for the enforcement thereof

House No. 647:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to prevent and punish prize fights and boxing matches in the counties of Pike Schuylkill Luzerne Erie and Montgomery" approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six

House No. 652:

An act to repeal so much of an act entitled "An Act to prohibit the issuing of licenses to sell spirituous vinous malt or brewed liquors in the borough of Braddock borough of Sewickley township of Wilkins Versailles Penn North Fayette South Fayette Sewickley Leet and Kilbuck in the county of Allegheny approved the ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy" as relates to or affects the borough of Rankin formerly a part of the township of Wilkins in the county of Allegheny

House No. 653:

An act to repeal an act approved the third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two entitled "An Act to allow the voters of the townships of West Deer East Deer Pine Richland Harrison North Versailles South Versailles North Fayette South Fayette and Kilbuck in the county of Allegheny to vote for or against the issuing of licenses for the sale of intoxicating liquors within the said township" so far as its provisions relate to the said townships of Pine Harrison North Versailles North Fayette and South Fayette

House No. 655:

An act to provide for the taking of testimony to be used in any of the civil courts of record in this Commonwealth of witnesses residing in any other State or in any foreign country

House No. 659:

An act to amend section thirty-one of an act entitled "An Act relating to insolvency embracing among other matters voluntary assignments for the benefit of creditors forbidding also certain preferences providing for the distribution of insolvents estate and in certain contingencies relieving him and others liable with him from further liability for his or their debts" approved June fourth one thousand nine hundred and one

House No. 662:

An act relating to private sales of real estate ordered decreed or approved by the orphans' courts and providing a method of giving notice of such sales and validating such private sales of real estate heretofore made under the authority of the orphans' courts for the payment of debts

House No. 663:

An act supplementary to an act for the government of cities of the second class approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

House No. 665:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the paving curbing and macadamizing of streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same" approved April twenty-three one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine by fixing a different portion of the cost and expense which may be assessed against abutting property where the property on one side of the street or thoroughfare desired to be improved is exempt from assessment

House No. 666:

An act authorizing and empowering the several courts of common pleas of the Commonwealth upon cause shown to discharge lands bound by the lien of any sum or sums of money under the provisions of any last will and testament for the maintenance of a burial lot or lots and to appoint a trustee to hold said sum or sums of money for the purpose for which the land is or shall be charged by said last will and testament

House No. 668:

An act to punish the interference or the permitting of interference of unauthorized persons with the electrical conductors electrical appliances and machinery electric meters and other apparatus of companies using generating or supplying electricity for light heat or power and to punish any consumer of electricity for knowingly having in his possession or under his control any electric meter that has been tampered with or prevented from duly registering and providing penalties therefor

House No. 670:

An act to amend paragraph twenty-nine of the first section of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the publication binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth" approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five by providing for the publication binding and distribution of an increased number of copies of the report of the Highway Commissioner

House No. 671:

An act making an appropriation to refund to Jacob Beitzel of the city of York Pennsylvania certain moneys inadvertently and erroneously paid by him into the State Treasury for a distiller's license for a distillery heretofore and now known as the Hellam Distilling Company

House No. 673:

An act relating to the location construction and maintenance of viaducts and bridges in townships of the first class and adjacent territory empowering the board of commissioners of the several townships of the first class of this Commonwealth to construct or have constructed bridges or viaducts over rivers creeks streams railroads and private land or over and across railroads and any of them or over and across railroads for public highways and to procure locations therefor by purchase or condemnation proceedings whether the same be wholly within or partly within and partly without the township limits authorizing said townships to unite and enter into a contract or contracts with the county commissioners of the proper county and with railroad street railway and other companies and parties interested or with any of them for the erection construction and maintenance of said viaducts and bridges and for the payment of the damage caused by their location and erection and forbidding any railroad company to pass under or upon any such viaduct or bridge without contributing to the cost and maintenance thereof

House No. 676:

An act in relation to the appointment and salaries of the deputy sheriffs on duty in the court rooms of the courts of oyer and terminer and quarter sessions of the peace in counties containing a population of not less than seven hundred and fifty thousand nor more than one million two hundred thousand

House No. 677:

An act requiring the approval of the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania to any extension of the time within which the exercise of their charter rights under the existing law water or water power companies shall begin and complete their works and also providing for the annulment of charters of water or water power companies which shall not have begun or completed works within the time set by existing laws

House No. 690:

A joint resolution for the participation of the State of Pennsylvania in the Panama-Pacific International Exposition to be held in San Francisco in nineteen hundred and fifteen to celebrate the completion and opening of the Panama Canal and the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of the Pacific Ocean and providing for the appointment of a commission and making an appropriation to defray the expenses of the same

House No. 692:

An act regulating the pay of election officers in all counties of this Commonwealth containing less than eight hundred thousand population

House No. 695:

An act to prevent frauds against carriers of passengers for hire within this Commonwealth and prescribing penalties for the breach of the provisions hereof

House No. 697:

An act relating to coroners and the holding of post mortems in the several counties of the Commonwealth

House No. 700:

An act authorizing Peter F Reigle a resident of Spring township Snyder county Pennsylvania to bring suit and to recover against this Commonwealth in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county Pennsylvania any sum or sums of money which may be legally or justly due him from this Commonwealth for damage done to his property in fighting forest fires in said county in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten

House No. 701:

An act authorizing C L Francisco of Sayre Bradford county Pennsylvania to bring suit and to recover against this Commonwealth in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county Pennsylvania any sum or sums of money which may be legally or justly due him from this Commonwealth for advertising in the Sayre Times Record the constitutional amendments proposed and voted on in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine

House No. 702:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act relative to Berks County Prison and to discharged convicts" approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight

House No. 706:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway tollroad conduit tunnel mine coal-breaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipe line aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal millrace works for supplying water heat light power cold air or any other substance furnished to the public well for the production of gas oil or volatile or mineral substance or other structure or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved June the fourth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

House No. 715:

An act refunding twenty-five dollars to Frederick J Cuneo

House No. 716:

An act regulating the printing of the laws of this Commonwealth

House No. 717:

An act to amend the second section of an act approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act providing that the district attorneys in all counties whose population does not exceed one hundred and fifty thousand shall be paid a salary and fixing the same which shall be in lieu of all fees and in full compensation for their services and providing for the appointment of assistant district attorneys in said counties and for the compensation of the same and providing that the fees heretofore allowed the district attorneys upon indictments shall remain in amount as heretofore but shall hereafter be as part of the costs for the use and benefit of the proper county" by fixing the salaries of district attorneys in counties having more than thirty thousand but not more than forty thousand inhabitants

House No. 718:

An act to permit trustees executors administrators or receivers where an estate is without money or property to have appeals heard in the appellate courts upon filing typewritten copies of the names of the parties abstract of proceedings verdict questions involved history of the case report of the auditor or master charge of the court points and answers thereto assignments of error argument and certified record

House No. 722:

An act amending the twenty-first section of an act entitled "An Act relating to county rates and levies and township rates and levies" approved the fifteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four by authorizing the collector to deputize a constable or other officer to make the levy and sale or to arrest the delinquent for non-payment of taxes

House No. 723:

An act to provide for the payment of costs in cases of summary conviction had before magistrates aldermen and justices of the peace

House No. 724:

An act regulating the pay of election officers in all counties of this Commonweath containing a population of not less than two hundred and fifty thousand and not more than five hundred thousand

House No. 725:

An act to provide for the satisfaction of mortgages now or hereafter to be recorded in this Commonwealth when the original mortgages have been lost mislaid or destroyed

House No. 726:

An act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the appointment of policemen in the boroughs of this Commonwealth defining their powers and duties and providing for their compensation and discharge" approved June sixth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three by regulating the control of policemen when on duty

House No. 730:

An act making an appropriation for the protection of the monument erected by this Commonwealth at Cherry tree or Canoe Place Indiana County Pennsylvania

House No. 731:

An act prohibiting the making of appropriations by the General Assembly to unincorporated charitable reformatory or correctional institutions formed organized or established after the date of the approval of this act and making it unlawful for the Auditor General and State Treasurer to make payments of appropriations to such associations

House No. 732:

An act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to John Minsinberger the amount paid by him for his commission as a notary public

House No. 733:

An act authorizing cities of the first class to remit taxes owing by any hospital where a dispute has arisen as to the right of the city to assess and collect such taxes

House No. 737:

An act enabling the libellant in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion to testify to the fact of desertion and to the efforts made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and resume the marital relation

House No. 738:

An act to amend section nineteen of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offenses in regards to such elections" approved the tenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three authorizing the county commissioners of each county to construct a permanent election room or election house and for that purpose to purchase such real estate as they deem necessary

House No. 741:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane" approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by extending the time during which said appropriation shall be available

House No. 742:

An act providing a method for enforcing orders of maintenance and support in all cases where an order has been made for the support of a husband wife parent child grandparent or grandchild defining what constitutes contempt in such cases and punishment for contempt in such cases

House No. 744:

An act to amend the thirty-second section of an act entitled "An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway tollroad conduit tunnel mine coal-breaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipeline aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal millrace works for supplying water heat light power cold air or any other substance furnished to the public well for the production of gas oil or other volatile or mineral substance or other structure or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved the fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as amended by the second section of an act approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to amend section eleven and section thirty-two of an act entitled 'An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway tollroad conduit tunnel coal-breaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipe line aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal mill-race works for supplying water heat light power cold air or any other substance furnished to the public well for the production of gas oil or other volatile or mineral substance or other structure or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto' approved the fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one so as to change the form of the claim and writ of scire facias thereon" by providing for an amicable scire facias

House No. 745:

An act to confer power on the several orphans' courts having jurisdiction thereof when the balance for distribution in an estate after the debts are paid includes stocks bonds and other securities to make distribution of the same in kind to parties entitled thereto to authorize subsequent sales thereof and to validate such distributions heretofore made

House No. 747:

An act providing for the appointment of a commission to survey and ascertain the location of a military route or roads constructed and traversed by General Edward Braddock and General John Forbes in their respective military expeditions of one thousand seven hundred and fifty-five and one thousand seven hundred and fifty-eight and make a report thereon to the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in writing for publication and making an appropriation for the payment of necessary assistance and expenses incurred in the field and office work of the same

House No. 749:

An act to repeal an act entitled "A supplement to an act passed the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine relating to billiard rooms et cetera in the counties of Chester and Delaware extending the same to the Counties of Erie Crawford Venango Warren Tioga Potter and McKean" approved the sixteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six as far as said act relates and extends to Venango County

House No. 752:

An act providing for the appointment by the Court of Common Pleas of any county of auditors to audit settle and adjust the accounts of directors treasurer and tax collectors of any poor district composed of more than one municipality or municipal district wholly within but less extensive than said county the population of which poor district shall be not less than one hundred and fifty thousand and not more than three hundred thousand prescribing their powers duties and compensation the form contents filing and publishing of their report and providing for appeals to the Court of Common Pleas of such county and the Superior and Supreme Courts

House No. 754:

An act fixing the salary of the storekeeper in the office of the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings

House No. 755:

An act to fix the compensation and allowances for members of the General Assembly

House No. 756:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway toll-road conduit tunnel mine coal-breaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipe-line aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal millrace works for supplying water heat light power cold air or any other substance furnished to the public well for the production of gas oil or volatile or mineral substance or other structure or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved June fourth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

House No. 770:

A joint resolution constituting a commission to investigate and report to the General Assembly a plan for the segragation care and treatment of feeble-minded and epileptic persons within the Commonwealth and making an appropriation thereto

House No. 774:

An act creating a Bureau of Preliminary Professional Education with authority to determine the preliminary education of students desiring to commence and fully complete the study of medicine surgery pharmacy or dentistry providing for the number and term and appointment of its members defining the powers and prescribing the duties of said bureau authorizing rules and regulations therefor creating an appropriation for the maintenance thereof making the violation of the provisions of this act unlawful and prescribing the punishment therefor and repealing all laws inconsistent with this act

House No. 787:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act relative to the obstructing of the crossings of public roads by locomotives and cars" approved the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and forty-five by providing further that any member of the train crew shall be subject to said penalty

House No. 788:

An act authorizing the election in first class townships of an additional constable and fixing his term

House No. 794:

An act providing for and regulating the taking of land by condemnation proceedings to enlarge certain cemeteries now or hereafter incorporated

House No. 795:

An act to provide for the establishment of the Pennsylvania State Museum and the various Divisions thereof and to create a board of trustees for its government and control

House No. 817:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to section one of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania relating to taxation

House No. 825:

An act making an appropriation to pay the judgments obtained against the Commonwealth by Guiseppe Carragi Stefano Pagano Salvatore Bellavia Salvatore Stutto Francesco Cirranni Guiseppe Cirrania Cologero Arno Cologera Corriero Carlo Plumeri Michalena Mandrina Muzza and Felice Muzza and Michalena Mandrina Muzza and Felice Muzza executors of Mariassunto Acro Guercio

House No. 833:

An act to revive and continue in force the provisions of an act entitled 'An Act to extend the time during which corporations may hold and convey the title to real estate heretofore bought under execution or conveyed to them in satisfaction of debts and now remaining in their hands unsold" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight in so far as they relate to banking companies

House No. 851:

An act to provide for the support of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and Naval Force of Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and for the payment of an annual allowance to officers of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and Naval Force of Pennsylvania and for the purpose of placing five hundred thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary at the disposal of the Governor of the Commonwealth and making same available to pay expenses incident to actual service rendered by the National Guard of Pennsylvania under orders of the Governor in repelling of invasion subduing insurrection riot or disorder or to furnish the quota of volunteers from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania under a call made by the President of the United States

House No. 855:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to section seven article three of the Constitution of Pennsylvania so as to permit special legislation regulating labor

House No. 860:

An act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

House No. 861:

An act providing for and regulating the reporting to the State Department of Health by physicians of occupational disease and fixing penalties for violations hereof

House No. 862:

An act providing for the erection of memorial halls at the county seats in the different countes of Pennsylvania authorizing and directing the county commissioners of such counties upon petition of at least fifty citizens approved by two successive grand juries and the court of quarter sessions to purchase a plot of ground in such county seat and erect thereon a memorial hall in honor of the soldiers sailors and marines from such county who served in the army and navy in the war for the suppression of the rebellion and all other wars in defense of the United States flag and authorizing the levying of a tax to raise a fund to pay the purchase money of the ground and the expense of the erection of a memorial hall

House No. 871:

An act to provide for the better protection of the lives bodies and health of women and newborn children throughout the Commonwealth by regulating the practice of midwifery as performed by midwives and to provide for the licensing and registration of midwives in the State of Pennsylvania and to provide that the Medical Council of the State of Pennsylvania shall enforce the provisions of this act making an appropriation therefor and providing certain penalties

House No. 878:

An act providing for and regulating the purchase or condemnation of real estate by boroughs for the purpose of constructing wharves landing places and docks

House No. 903:

An act to provide for the disposition and payment of costs in all cases tried in the Juvenile Court

House No. 909:

An act making an appropriation to the Wyoming Valley Society for the Prevention and Treatment of Tuberculosis of Wilkes-Barre Pennsylvania

House No. 910:

An act making an appropriation to the United Charities of Hazleton Pennsylvania

House No. 911:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Middle Coal Field

House No. 912:

An act making an appropriation to the Almira Home of New Castle Pennsylvania

House No. 913:

An act making an appropriation to the Nanticoke Hospital Association

House No. 914:

An act providing for an examination of the Nanticoke Hospital of Nanticoke Luzerne county Pennsylvania providing for the transfer under certain conditions of the said hospital to the Commonwealth regulating said hospital in the event of such transfer and making an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this act

House No. 915:

An act making an appropriation to the Wilkes-Barre City Hospital

House No. 916:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittston Hospital Association

House No. 917:

An act making an appropriation to the Old Ladies' Home of Wissinoming Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 919:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia

House No. 920:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home and Maternity Hospital

House No. 921:

An act making an appropriation to the West Philadelphia Hospital for Women in the city of Philadelphia

House No. 922:

An act making an appropriation for the Friends' Home for Children Philadelphia Pennsylvania situate at four thousand and eleven Aspen street (West Philadelphia)

House No. 923:

An act making an appropriation to the Eastern State Penitentiary of Pennsylvania

House No. 924:

An act making an appropriation to the Women's Southern Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 925:

An act making an appropriation to the Union Home for Old Ladies of West Philadelphia

House No. 926:

An act making an appropriation to the Penn Asylum for Indigent Widows and Single Women located at Belgrade street and Susquehanna avenue Philadelphia

House No. 927:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Mary's Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 928:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Museum and School of Industrial Art of Philadelphia

House No. 929:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Aged of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 930:

An act making an appropriation to the Nazarene Home for the Aged at Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 931:

An act making an appropriation to the Samaritian Hospital of Temple University of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 932:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Blind

House No. 933:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Society to Protect Children from Cruelty of Philadelphia

House No. 934:

An act making an appropriation towards the maintenance of the Pennsylvania Nautical Schoolship located at the Port of Philadelphia

House No. 935:

An act making an appropriation to the Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial Commission for the balance required to reim-

burse the railroad companies for the transportation to the dedication of the Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial dedicated September twenty-seventh one thousand nine hundred and ten of such veterans of Pennsylvania regiments and other organizations as were entitled to be transported thereto

House No. 936:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Home Teaching Society and Free Circulating Library for the Blind

House No. 937:

An act making an appropriation to the Kensington Hospital for Women at Philadelphia

House No. 938:

An act making an appropriation to the Stetson Hospital of Philadelphia

House No. 939:

An act making an appropriation to the Northwestern General Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 940:

An act making an appropriation to the Chestnut Hill Hospital of Chestnut Hill Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 941:

An act making an appropriation to the Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial Commission for the purpose of having designed modelled made and erected on the State memorial or monument at Gettysburg dedicated September twenty-seventh one thousand nine hundred and ten bronze statues of President Lincoln Governor Curtin and of Major Generals Meade Reynolds Hancock Birney Pleasonton and Gregg and of completing the monument and correction of mispelled names or omissions on tablets grading and making a pavement around monument and expenses of commission

House No. 942:

A joint resolution providing for the appointment by the Governor of a commission to be known as the Pennsylvania State Vaccination Commission and defining its powers and duties and making an appropriation for the expenses thereof

House No. 943:

An act making an appropriation for the expenses required by an act entitled "An Act to provide for the continuance of the education and maintenance of the destitute orphans of the deceased soldiers sailors and marines and the destitute children of permanently disabled soldiers sailors and marines of the State" approved May twenty-fifth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine also making an appropriation to carry out the provisions of an act to provide for the education and maintenance of the children admitted to the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphans' Industrial School and the Soldiers' Ohphans' Schools approved May twenty-seventh one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three

House No. 944:

An act making an appropriation to St. Joseph's Hospital of Philadelphia

House No. 945:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Seamen's Fund Society of Philadelphia Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

House No. 946:

An act making an appropriation for the McKeesport Hospital McKeesport Pennsylvania

House No. 947:

An act making an appropriation to the Polyclinic Hospital of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House No. 948:

An act making an appropriation to the Nursery Home of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House No. 949:

An act making an appropriation to the Messiah Home Orphanage of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House No. 950:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Industrial Home at Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House No. 951:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless at Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House No. 952:

An act making an appropriation to the Sylvan Heights Home for Orphan Girls at Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House No. 953:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Lunatic Hospital for the Southern District of Pennsylvania located at Harrisburg

House No. 954:

An act to provide for the publishing of the proceedings of the dedication of the Pennsylvania Monument at Salisbury North Carolina erected under an act of the Legislature of Pennsylvania June thirteenth one thousand nine hundred and seven providing for the distribution and clerical work thereof and making an appropriation for the same

House No. 955:

An act making an appropriation to the Harrisburg Hospital of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House No. 956:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittendon Mission of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House No. 957:

An making an appropriation to the Good Samaritan Hospital of Lebanon Pennsylvania

House No. 958:

An act refunding to the trustees of the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane the sum of fifteen thousand dollars to liquidate outstanding bills against said institution

House No. 959:

An act amending the fifteenth section of an act approved the twenty-second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania and making an appropriation therefor" as amended by the first section of an act approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act amending section fifteen of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the chronic insane to be called the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania and making an appropriation therefor' approved the twenty-second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one so as to fix the maximum amount for maintenance weekly per capita" by increasing to three dollars and fifty cents the maximum amount per capita for weekly maintenance one dollar and fifty cents thereof to be paid by the county or poor district from which the patient shall have been received

House No. 960:

An act providing for the exhibition and celebration in Philadelphia to commemorate the fiftieth anniversary of the Emancipation Proclamation creating a commission to conduct same and making an appropriation therefor

House No. 961:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Institute for the Deaf and Dumb for maintenance and education of State pupils and also a special appropriation for one deaf dumb and blind pupil

House No. 962:

An act making an appropriation for the Cottage State Hospital Philipsburg Centre county Pennsylvania

House No. 963:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Training in Speech of Deaf Children before they are of School Age at Belmont Avenue and Monument Road Philadelphia

House No. 964:

An act making an appropriation to the Board of Commissioners of Navigation for the River Delaware and its Navigable Tributaries for two years from June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

House No. 965:

An act to provide for the payment of the expenses incident to the attendance of the Members of the Pennsylvania Legislature at the funeral of the Honorable J Calvin Meyer deceased

House No. 966:

An act making an appropriation to pay for the care treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane in the State and semi-State hospitals for the insane of the Commonwealth for the two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

House No. 967:

An act making an appropriation to pay for the care treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane in county and local institutions of the Commonwealth for the two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

House No. 968:

An act making an appropriation to cover the deficiencies incurred in the care treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane of the Commonwealth during the two years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and nine and ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

House No. 969:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Memorial Home at Brookville Jefferson county Pennsylvania

House No. 970:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Epileptic Hospital and Colony Farm Chester county Pennsylvania

House No. 971:

An act making an appropriation to the Beaver Valley General Hospital at New Brighton Beaver county Pennsylvania

House No. 972:

An act making an appropriation to the Rochester General Hospital at Rochester Beaver county Pennsylvania

House No. 973:

An act making an appropriation to the Beaver County Children's Home Association of New Brighton Beaver county Pennsylvania

House No. 974:

An act making an appropriation to the Sewickley Fresh Air Home in Beaver county Pennsylvania

House No. 975:

An act making an appropriation to the Passavant Memorial Homes for the Care of Epileptics at Rochester Beaver county Pennsylvania

House No. 976:

An act making an appropriation to the Adrian Hospital Association of Punxsutawney Jefferson county Pennsylvania

House No. 977:

An act making an appropriation to the National Farm School at Doylestown

House No. 978:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Christopher's Hospital for Children of Philadelphia

House No. 979:

An act making an appropriation to the Women's Homeopathic Association of Pennsylvania

House No. 980:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Infants

House No. 981:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged Couples of the city of Philadelphia

House No. 982:

An act making an appropriation to the Mount Siani Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 983:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Museums

House No. 984:

An act providing for the erection by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a statue in memory of General George Gordon Meade in the city of Washington and making an appropriation therefor

House No. 985:

An act making an appropriation to the Roosevelt Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 986:

An act making an appropriation to the Howard Hospital of Philadelphia

House No. 987:

An act making an appropriation to the Mount Pleasant Memorial Hospital Mount Pleasant Westmoreland county Pennsylvania

House No. 988:

An act making an appropriation to the Homestead Hospital Association of Homestead Pennsylvania

House No. 989:

An act making an appropriation to the Joseph Ratti Hospital located at Bloomsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 990:

An act making an appropriation to the Markleton General Hospital at Markleton Somerset county Pennsylvania

House No. 991:

An act making an appropriation for the Pennsylvania Oral School for the Deaf

House No. 992:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Home and Maternity Hospital of Scranton Lackawanna county

House No. 993:

An act making an appropriation to the Carbondale Hospital Association of the city of Carbondale

House No. 994:

An act making an appropriation for the Associated Charities and Humane Society of Lackawanna county Pennsylvania

House No. 995:

An act making an appropriation to the West Mountain Sanatorium of Scranton Pennsylvania

House No. 996:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittendon Mission of Scranton

House No. 997:

An act making an appropriation to the Hahnemann Hospital of Scranton Pennsylvania

House No. 998:

An act making an appropriation to the Taylor Hospital Association

House No. 999:

An act making an appropriation to the Mid-Valley Hospital

House No. 1000:

An act making an appropriation to the Benevolent Association's Home for Children of Pottsville Schuylkill county Pennsylvania

House No. 1001:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb

House No. 1002:

An act making an appropriation to the Elk County General Hospital of Ridgway Pennsylvania

House No. 1003:

An act making an appropriation to the Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic Home Department of Pennsylvania at Hawkins Station Allegheny county Pennsylvania

House No. 1004:

An act making an appropriation to the Suburban General Hospital of Bellevue Allegheny county Pennsylvania

House No. 1005:

An act making an appropriation to the Allegheny General Hospital of Pittsburg North Side Pennsylvania

House No. 1006:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Western Pennsylvania

House No. 1007:

An act making an appropriation to the Curtis Home for Destitute Women and Children of the city of Pittsburg State of Pennsylvania

House No. 1008:

An act making an appropriation to the Columbia Hospital at Wilkinsburg to be applied to maintenance and improvements

House No. 1009:

An act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital at Wilkes-Barre Pennsylvania

House No. 1010:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittendon Circle of Wilkes-Barre Pennsylvania

House No. 1011:

An act to provide for the publishing of the proceedings of the dedication of the Pennsylvania Monument at Cold Harbor Virginia erected under an act of the Legislature of Pennsylvania June thirteenth one thousand nine hundred and seven providing for the distribution and clerical work thereof and making an appropriation therefor

House No. 1012:

An act making an appropriation to the Girls' Training School one hundred and thirty-one East Third Street Williamsport Lycoming county Pennsylvania

House No. 1013:

An act making an appropriation to the Boys' Industrial Home at Williamsport Lycoming county Pennsylvania

House No. 1014:

An act making an appropriation to the Aged Colored Women's Home at Williamsport Lycoming county Pennsylvania

House No. 1015:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittendon Mission Williamsport Lycoming county Pennsylvania

House No. 1016:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless of the City of Williamsport Pennsylvania

House No. 1017:

An act making an appropriation to the Lewistown Hospital of Lewistown

House No. 1018:

An act making an appropriation to the Nason Hospital Association of Roaring Springs Blair County Pennsylvania

House No. 1019:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Danville Pennsylvania

House No. 1020:

An act making an appropriation to the Butler County General Hospital at Butler Pennsylvania

House No. 1021:

An act making an appropriation to the Latrobe Hospital Latrobe Pennsylvania

House No. 1022:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Cottage State Hospital at Connellsville Fayette county Pennsylvania

House No. 1023:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Joseph's Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1024:

An act making an appropriation to the Historical Society of Western Pennsylvania

House No. 1025:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Francis Hospital of Pittsburg

House No. 1026:

An act making an appropriation to the Presbyterian Hospital of Pittsburg

House No. 1027:

An act making an appropriation for the Dixmont Hospital for the Insane at Dixmont in the county of Allegheny

House No. 1028:

An act making an appropriation to the Salvation Army Rescue and Maternity Home of Bellevue Allegheny county

House No. 1029:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittsburg Home for Babies of Pittsburg

House No. 1030:

An act making an appropriation to the Institution of Protestant Deaconesses of Allegheny county Pennsylvania

House No. 1031:

An act making an appropriation to the Chartiers Valley General Hospital of Ingram Pennsylvania

House No. 1032:

An act making an appropriation to the Montefiore Hospital Association of Pittsburg

House No. 1033:

An act making an appropriation to the Home of the Good Shepherd of the County of Allegheny Troy Hill

House No. 1034:

An act making an appropriation to the Industrial Home for Colored Working Girls Pittsburg

House No. 1035:

An act making an appropriation to the German Home for Aged at Fair Oaks Allegheny county Pennsylvania

House No. 1036:

An act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1037:

An act making an appropriation to the Orphans' Asylum of the Holy Family located at Emsworth in the County of Allegheny

House No. 1038:

An act making an appropriation to the Protestant Home for Boys of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1039:

An act making an appropriation to Avery College Trade School of North Side Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1040:

An act making an appropriation to the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania located at Wernersville Pennsylvania to pay for the care treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane in said asylum for the two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

House No. 1041:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Widows and Single Women of Lebanon and Lebanon county

House No. 1042:

An act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburg

House No. 1043:

An act making an appropriation to the State Forestry Academy at Mont Alto Franklin county Pennsylvania

House No. 1044:

An act making an appropriation to the Todd Hospital at Carlisle Pennsylvania

House No. 1045:

An act making an appropriation to the board of trustees of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' and Sailors Home at Erie Pennsylvania for maintenance of said home and fixing the annual maximum per capita rate of maintenance and providing that all moneys received from the United States by the Governor on account of maintenance shall be paid into the State Treasury

House No. 1046:

An act making an appropriation for the refunding of fees paid into the State Treasury by applicants for a notary public commission when for any cause such commission shall not be received by the applicant and making an appropriation therefor

House No. 1047:

An act making an appropriation to the New Castle Hospital at New Castle Lawrence county Pennsylvania

House No. 1049:

An act making an appropriation to the Panther Creek Valley Hospital Coaldale Schuylkill county Pennsylvania

House No. 1050:

An act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools situate in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth to defray the expenses of erecting a refrigerating plant and the installation of a sewage plant for the boys' department at Glen Mills Delaware county

House No. 1051:

An act making an appropriation to the Medico-Chirurgical Hospital of Philadelphia

House No. 1052:

An act making an appropriation for the House of the Good Shepherd of Philadelphia situate at Thirty-fifth and Fairmount avenue

House No. 1053:

An act making an appropriation to the Woman's Hospital of Philadelphia

House No. 1054:

An act making an appropriation to the Hebrew Sheltering Home and Day Nursery for Children in the County of Philadelphia

House No. 1055:

An act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act for the compilation and publication of the laws of the Province and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania prior to the year one thousand eight hundred" approved the nineteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven continuing the commissioners appointed in accordance with the provisions of said act for the further period of two years and making an appropriation for the expenses therein referred to

House No. 1056:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Temporary Home of Philadelphia

House No. 1057:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Incurables Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 1058:

An act making an appropriation to the Midnight Mission of Philadelphia

House No. 1059:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Orthopaedic Hospital and Infirmary for Nervous Diseases

House No. 1060:

An act making an appropriation to the Wills Eye Hospital of Philadelphia

House No. 1061:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Protectory for Boys Protectory Station Montgomery county Pennsylvania

House No. 1062:

An act making an appropriation to the Catholic Home for Destitute Children Philadelphia

House No. 1063:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint John's Orphan Asylum Philadelphia

House No. 1064:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home Philadelphia

House No. 1065:

An act making an appropriation to the Hospitaal Department of the Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital of Philadelphia

House No. 1066:

An act making an appropriation to the Lying-In Charity Hospital Philadelphia

House No. 1067:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Aged one thousand eight hundred and nine (1809) Mount Vernon street Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 1068:

An act making an appropriation to the Chester Hospital at Chester

House No. 1069:

An act making an appropriation to the Downington Industrial and Agricultural School of Downington Chester county Pennsylvania

House No. 1070:

An act refunding to Margaret F D Leiper moneys mistakenly paid by her into the State Treasury

House No. 1071:

An act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

House No. 1072:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania at South Mountain Pennsylvania

House No. 1073:

An act making an appropriation to the House of the Good Shepherd in the city of Reading Pennsylvania

House No. 1074:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Hospital in the city of Reading Pennsylvania

House No. 1075:

An act making an appropriation to the Beulah Anchorage of Reading Reading Pennsylvania

House No. 1076:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Friendless Children in the city of Reading Pennsylvania

House No. 1077:

An act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital of Reading Pennsylvania

House No. 1078:

An act making an appropriation to the Reading Hospital in the city of Reading Pennsylvania

House No. 1079:

An act making an appropriation to the Berks County Tuberculosis Society for the erection of an additional hospital building and water plant on its grounds on Neversink Mountain Berks county and for maintenance of its sanatorium there

House No. 1080:

An act making an appropriation to the York Hospital and Dispensary of York city Pennsylvania

House No. 1081:

An act making an appropriation to the York Society to Protect Children and Aged Persons formerly the Christian Home of York Pennsylvania

House No. 1082:

An act making an appropriation for the providing and erection of armories throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the use of the National Guard of Pennsylvania said armories to be erected managed and cared for under direction of the State Armory Board also an appropriation for the care and management of armories erected or provided and to be erected or provided for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven necessary repairs and contingent expenses in maintenance of armories actual traveling expenses of members of State Armory Board clerical expenses of Board inspection expenses also an appropriation contingent upon fire or other cause and which may damage or destroy an armory or armories

House No. 1083:

An act making an appropriation to the Paradise Protectory and Agricultural School at Paradise York county Pennsylvania

House No. 1084:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Home of the city of York Pennsylvania

House No. 1085:

An act to provide for the payment of appropriations heretofore made or hereafter to be made by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to a corporation or corporations now or hereafter merged or consolidated

House No. 1087:

An act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of continuing and maintaining schools among the Cornplanter Indians of Warren county" approved the tenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five by increasing the annual appropriation

House No. 1088:

An act making an appropriation of two hundred dollars per year for a period of two years for the purpose of maintaining a public road through the Cornplanter Indian Reservation and the bridges on said road in Elk township Warren county Pennsylvania

House No. 1089:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Warren Pennsylvania

House No. 1090:

An act making an appropriation to the Warren Emergency Hospital of Warren Pennsylvania

House No. 1091:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Orphans' Asylum of Tacony Philadelphia

House No. 1092:

An act making an appropriation to The Berean Manual Training and Industrial School

House No. 1093:

An act making an appropriation to the Northern Home for Friendless Children of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 1094:

An act making an appropriation to the West Philadelphia General Homeopathic Hospital and Dispensary

House No. 1095:

An act making an appropriation to the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia for the maintenance of its hospital department and the construction of a building to provide for the maternity department of that hospital

House No. 1096:

An act making an appropriation to the Johnstown City Hospital

House No. 1097:

An act making an appropriation to the Conemaugh Valley Memorial Hospital at the City of Johnstown

House No. 1098:

An act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital of Johnstown located in the city of Johnstown Cambria county Pennsylvania

House No. 1099:

An act making an appropriation to the Christian Home of Johnstown Pennsylvania

House No. 1100:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Luke's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 1101:

An act making an appropriation for the Thaddeus Stevens Industrial School of Pennsylvania at Lancaster Pennsylvania

House No. 1102:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Friendless Children for the city and county of Lancaster Pennsylvania

House No. 1103:

An act making an appropriation to the Lancaster General Hospital

House No. 1104:

An act making an appropriation to the Easton Hospital at Easton Pennsylvania

House No. 1105:

An act making an appropriation to the Berwick Hospital Berwick Columbia county Pennsylvania

House No. 1106:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions of Pennsylvania located at Blossburg Tioga county

House No. 1107:

An act making an appropriation to the Union Zion Home and Hospital Lititz Lancaster county Pennsylvania

House No. 1108:

An act making an appropriation to the Topographic and Geological Survey Commission of Pennsylvania for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of an act entitled an "Act authorizing the Topographic and Geological Survey Commission of Pennsylvania to establish and maintain a topographic and geological survey of the State, fixing salaries providing for the printing and binding of the results of said survey and furnishing of supplies and stationery and making an appropriation therefor" approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

House No. 1109:

An act to provide for the making of facsimiles of ancient documents papers seals and arms belonging to the Commonwealth and making an appropriation therefor

House No. 1110:

An act making an appropriation to the Department of Forestry to be used in rebuilding the dam at Promised Land Pond in Pike county Pennsylvania

House No. 1111:

An act making an appropriation to the Columbia Hospital located at Columbia Lancaster county Pennsylvania

House No. 1112:

An act making an appropriation to the Bellefonte Hospital at Bellefonte Pennsylvania

House No. 1113:

An act making an appropriation to the Brownsville General Hospital at Brownsville Fayette county Pennsylvania

House No. 1114:

An act making an appropriation to the Williamsport Hospital of the city of Williamsport Pennsylvania

House No. 1115:

An act making an appropriation to Charity Hospital of Montgomery county Pennsylvania located at Norristown

House No. 1116:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Joseph's Protectory Norristown Pennsylvania

House No. 1117:

An act making an appropriation to the State Hospital for the Insane for the Southeastern District of Pennsylvania at Norristown Pennsylvania

House No. 1118:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of the annual fixed charge for school purposes on lands held for forest reserve

House No. 1119:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of services and expenses of fire wardens and those assisting in the extinguishing of forest fires

House No. 1120:

An act making an appropriation to the Pottstown Hospital Pottstown Montgomery county Pennsylvania

House No. 1121:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Industrial School formerly located at Paoli Chester county and now located at Eagleville Montgomery county Pennsylvania

House No. 1122:

An act making an appropriation for the purchase of lands by the Department of Forestry to be set aside and held as State Forest Reserves

House No. 1123:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of the annual fixed charge for road purposes on lands held for forest reserves

House No. 1124:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital

House No. 1125:

An act making an appropriation to the Colored Women's Relief Association of Western Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintaining the Davis Temporary Home for Colored Children and Day Nursery located at Pittsburg Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

House No. 1126:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital for maintenance

House No. 1127:

An act making an appropriation to enable the Secretary of Internal Affairs to purchase from the United States Government standard tests of weights and measures for use of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

House No. 1128:

An act making an appropriation to the General and Emergency Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1130:

An act making an appropriation to the Visiting Nurse Association located in North Side city of Pittsburg Allegheny county Pennsylvania

House No. 1131:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Humane Society

House No. 1132:

An act making an appropriation to the Allegheny Valley Hospital at Tarentum Allegheny county

House No. 1133:

An act making an appropriation for the Springdale General Hospital at Springdale Allegheny county

House No. 1134:

An act making an appropriation to the Ohio Valley General Hospital McKees Rocks Allegheny county Pennsylvania

House No. 1135:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Fairview Wayne county

House No. 1136:

An act making an appropriation to the South Side Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1137:

An act making an appropriation to Saint John's General Hospital of Allegheny City

House No. 1138:

An act making an appropriation to the Boys' Industrial Home of Western Pennsylvania located at Oakdale Allegheny county

House No. 1139:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home and Rescue Mission of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1140:

An act making an appropriation to the Western State Penitentiary

House No. 1141:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind at Pittsburg

House No. 1142:

An act making an appropriation to the Tuberculosis League of Pittsburg Pennsylvania for maintenance and improvement

House No. 1143:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1144:

An act making an appropriation to the George Junior Republic Association of Western Pennsylvania

House No. 1145:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittsburg and Allegheny Home for the Friendless situated in the city of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1146:

An act making an appropriation to the Woods Run Industrial House of Allegheny now North Side Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1147:

An act making an appropriation to the Eye and Ear Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1148:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittsburg Newsboys' Home of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1149:

An act making an appropriation to the St. Joseph's Protectory for Homeless Boys of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1150:

An act making an appropriation to the Roselie Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital of the City of Pittsburg

House No. 1151:

An act making an appropriation to the Chambersburg Hospital of Chambersburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1152:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Franklin county Pennsylvania

House No. 1153:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of a deficiency that has arisen under the provisions of an act entitled "An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania etc" approved the tenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and making an additional appropriation for expenses that may be required under the provisions of said act for the two years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

House No. 1154:

An act making an appropriation to defray the expenses incident to the dedication of the monument now being erected under the provisions of an act of Assembly approved May thirteenth, one thousand nine hundred and nine in the National Cemetery at Culpeper Virginia to the memory of the Pennsylvania soldiers buried therein

House No. 1155:

An act making an appropriation to Wyoming Valley Hospital

House No. 1156:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Home of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania

House No. 1157:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged and Infirm Women at Easton Pennsylvania

House No. 1158:

An act making an appropriation to the Easton Home for Friendless Children

House No. 1159:

An act making an appropriation to the Allentown Hospital Allentown Lehigh County Pennsylvania

House No. 1160:

An act entitled an act making an appropriation to the St Luke's Hospital located at South Bethlehem Pennsylvania

House No. 1161:

An act making an appropriation to the Hospital Department of the Jewish Hospital Association of Philadelphia

House No. 1162:

An act making an appropriation to the Gynecean Hospital in the City of Philadelphia

House No. 1163:

An act making an appropriation to the Home of Industry for Discharged Prisoners of the City of Philadelphia and State of Pennsylvania

House No. 1164:

An act making an appropriation to the Rosine Hospital of Philadelphia

House No. 1165:

An act making an appropriation to reimburse E C Rudolph of Big Run Pennsylvania for moneys expended by him in the suppression of a smallpox epidemic at Eleanora Jefferson County Pennsylvania

House No. 1167:

An act making an appropriation to the Waynesburg Hospital

House No. 1168:

An act making an appropriation to the Meadville City Hospital located at Meadville Crawford County Pennsylvania

House No. 1169:

An act making an appropriation to Spencer Hospital located at Meadville Crawford County Pennsylvania

House No. 1170:

An act making an appropriation to the Auxiliary of the Children's Aid Society of Western Pennsylvania located at Meadville Crawford County Pennsylvania

House No. 1171:

An act making an appropriation to the Titusville Hospital located at Titusville Crawford County

House No. 1172:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Hospital for the treatment and care of the criminal insane to be called the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane and making an appropriation therefor" approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini nineteen hundred and five directing the commissioners for the erection of said State Hospital for the Criminal Insane to surrender their trust to a board of trustees to be appointed by the Governor authorizing the said Board of Trustees to continue the erection and completion of the buildings of said State Hospital for the Criminal Insane and authorizing said Board of Trustees to receive at any time such numbers of criminal insane patients as can be accommodated in the buildings before the completion of the entire institution and further defining the powers and duties of said Board of Trustees

House No. 1173:

An act making an appropriation to the Commission of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Fairview Wayne County

House No. 1174:

An act making an appropriation to the Corry Hospital of the City of Corry Pennsylvania

House No. 1175:

An act making an appropriation to the Elmwood Home of Erie Pennsylvania

House No. 1176:

An act making an appropriation for maintenance and for the purchase improvement equipment and furnishing a building at the Renovo Hospital at Renovo Pennsylvania

House No. 1177:

An act making an appropriation to the Lock Haven Hospital

House No. 1178:

An act making an appropriation to the Greenville Hospital Greenville Mercer County Pennsylvania

House No. 1179:

An act making an appropriation to the Uniontown Hospital of Uniontown Fayette County Pennsylvania

House No. 1180:

An act making an appropriation to the Robert Packer Hospital

House No. 1181:

An act making an appropriation to the Providence Hospital of Beaver Falls Beaver County Pennsylvania

House No. 1182:

An act making an appropriation to the Shenango Valley Hospital of New Castle Pennsylvania

House No. 1183:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Timothy's Memorial Hospital and House of Mercy Roxborough

House No. 1184:

An act making an appropriation to the Garrettson Hospital of Temple University of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 1185:

An act making an appropriation to the American Oncologic Hospital at Philadelphia

House No. 1186:

An act making an appropriation to the American Hospital for Diseases of the Stomach of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 1187:

An act making an appropriation to the Frederick Douglass Memorial Hospital and Training School of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 1188:

An act making an appropriation to the Rush Hospital for Consumption and Allied Diseases of Philadelphia

House No. 1189:

An act making an appropriation to the Women's Medical College of Pennsylvania for use in the Hospital Department Philadelphia

House No. 1190:

An act making an appropriation to the Industrial Home for Crippled Children at Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1191:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittsburg Hospital Sisters of Charity of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1192:

An act making an appropriation to the Home of the Good Shepherd Lincoln avenue Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1193:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged and Infirm Colored Women Lemington avenue Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1194:

An act making an appropriation for the Irene Kaufman Settlement of Pittsburg Pennsylvania formerly known as the Columbia School and Settlement of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1195:

An act making an appropriation for the Sewickley Valley Hospital Association of Sewickley County of Allegheny Pennsylvania

House No. 1196:

An act making an appropriation to the DePaul Institute of Scott Township Allegheny county Pennsylvania

House No. 1197:

An act making an appropriation to the Northwestern Pennsylvania Humane Society of Erie Pennsylvania

House No. 1198:

An act making an appropriation to the Erie Home for the Friendless of the city of Erie Erie county Pennsylvania

House No. 1199:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home of Erie

House No. 1200:

An act making an appropriation to the Hamot Hospital Association of the city of Erie Erie county Pennsylvania

House No. 1201:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Vincent's Hospital Association of the city of Erie Erie county Pennsylvania

House No. 1202:

An act making an appropriation to the Clearfield Hospital Clearfield county Pennsylvania

House No. 1203:

An act making an appropriation to the Canonsburg General Hospital Association at Canonsburg Washington County Pennsylvania

House No. 1204:

An act making an appropriation to the J C Blair Memorial Hospital of Huntingdon Pennsylvania

House No. 1205:

An act making an appropriation to the Simon H Barnes Memorial Hospital of Susquehanna

House No. 1206:

An act making an appropriation to reimburse certain counties for monies paid to county agricultural asociations in excess of the State appropriation therefor

House No. 1207:

An act making an appropriation to the Maternity Hospital in the City of Philadelphia

House No. 1208:

An act making an appropriation to the Miner's Hospital of Northern Cambria at Spangler in Cambria county

House No. 1209:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon

House No. 1210:

An act making an appropriation for the maintenance of Mary M Packer Hospital Sunbury Pennsylvania

House No. 1211:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged Veterans and Wives located at Sixty-fifth and Vine streets in the City of Philadelphia

House No. 1212:

An act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital and School for Nurses in the City of Philadelphia

House No. 1213:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Pennsylvania

House No. 1214:

An act making an appropriation to the Monongehela Memorial Hospital Association of Monongehela City Pennsylvania

House No. 1215:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Reform School at Morganza Pennsylvania and granting its managers the authority to raze old buildings

House No. 1216:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Training School for Feeble Minded Children at Elwyn Delaware county

House No. 1217:

An act making an appropriation to the Washington Hospital Washington Pennsylvania

House No. 1218:

An act making an appropriation to the City Hospital Association of Washington Pennsylvania

House No. 1219:

An act making an appropriation to the Altoona Hospital Blair county

House No. 1220:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons at Mercer Pennsylvania

House No. 1221:

An act making an appropriation to the Grove City Hospital at Grove Ciy Pennsylvaania

House No. 1222:

An act making an appropriation to the Christian H Buhl Hospital of Sharon Pennsylvania

House No. 1223:

An act to amend section nine of an act entitled "An act to provide for the selection of sites and the erection of State hospitals thereon for injured persons to be located within the bituminous and semi-bituminous coal regions of this Commonwealth to be called the State Hospitals for Injured Persons within the bituminous and semi-bituminous coal regions of Pennsylvania and for the management of the same and making appropriations therefor" approved the fourteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven so as to authorize under certain contingencies the reception care and treatment of patients other than injured persons in said hospitals

House No. 1224:

An act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital Altoona Blair county Pennsylvania

House No. 1225:

An act making an appropriation to the Pottsville Hospital Schuylkill county Pennsylvania

House No. 1226:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Anthracite Coal Regions of Pennsylvania at Fountain Springs near Ashland Schuylkill county Pennsylvania

House No. 1227:

An act making an appropriation to the West Side Hospital Association of the city of Scranton

House No. 1228:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless of the city of Scranton

House No. 1229:

An act making an appropriation of twenty-one thousand dollars for the erection of a monument to Robert Morris in the city of Philadelphia and empowering the appointment of a commission to select a site and to build such monument and providing for the expenses of the said commission and dedication of monument

House No. 1230:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital of the Northern Anthracite Coal Region of Pennsylvania at Scranton Pennsylvania

House No. 1231:

An act making an appropriation to the Braddock General Hospital of the borough of Braddock Pennsylvania

House No. 1232:

An act making an appropriation to the Grand View Institution of Oil City Pennsylvania

House No. 1233:

An act making an appropriation to the Franklin City Hospital

House No. 1234:

An act making an appropriation to the Oil City Hospital of Oil City Pennsylvania

House No. 1235:

An act making an appropriation to the State Normal Schools of the Commonwealth

House No. 1236:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania at Polk Pennsylvania

House No. 1237:

An act making an appropriation to the DuBois Hospital of Du Bois Clearfield County Pennsylvania

House No. 1238:

An act making an appropriation to the Kittanning General Hospital at Kittanning Armstrong county Pennsylvania

House No. 1253:

An act making an appropriation to the Institute for Colored Youth at Cheyney Delaware county

House No. 1255:

An act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools situate in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth to defray the expenses of erecting an additional cottage and certain other buildings for the accommodation of the girls' department in their county home near Darlington Delaware county

House No. 1260:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to accept the grant of public lands by the United States for the endowment of agricultural colleges" approved April first one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three and making appropriations for carrying the same into effect

House No. 1261:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the University of Pittsburg for the extension of the buildings of the School of Medicine and the School of Mines for the erection of a building for the School of Dentistry for the general maintenance of the University construction of buildings and the purchase of equipment and for Hospital Clinic Mining Engineering Education Medicine and Observatory purposes

House No. 1262:

An act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the University of Pennsylvania

House No. 1263:

An act making an appropriation to the Temple University of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 1264:

An act making an appropriation to finance committee of the organization commission of the Twelfth International Congress of Navigation to help defray the expenses incident to the meeting of said congress to be held in Philadelphia in June one thousand nine hundred and twelve

House No. 1266:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medicinal preparations in the State of Pennsylvania" approved May twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven

House No. 1275:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home located at one hundred and thirty-nine Queen street Germantown Philadelphia

House No. 1278:

An act making an appropriation to the Sisters of Charity of Saint Catherin's Orphan Asylum of Reading Pennsylvania

House No. 1282:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Agricultural Experiment Station of the Pennsylvania State College Pennsylvania

House No. 1284:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Working Home for Blind Men for maintenance in handicraft employment

House No. 1290:

An act making an appropriation to the German Hospital of the city of Philadelphia

House No. 1293:

An act making an appropriation for the improvement of the State Canal Basins at the Port of Erie by dredging the said for widening the piers and bridge over the water channel between the said canal basins and erecting certain walls in the same for the protection of said State canal basins with harbor of Erie authorizing the appointment of a commission to make said improvements and providing for regulating the manner in which said basin shall be used by the public and kept in repairs

House No. 1327:

An act making an appropriation to the Colored Day Nursery of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1328:

An act making an appropriation to Carroll R Williams J H Shoemaker and A Morton Cooper of Philadelphia for services as attorneys for the Dairy and Food Commissioner and to A K Cassel of said city for services as special agent of the Dairy and Food Commissioner

House No. 1330:

An act making an appropriation to the Commission for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Hospital for the Treatment of the Insane under Homeopathic management to be called the Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane

House No. 1333:

An act making an appropriation to the German Baptist Home for the Aged of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 1364:

An act to authorize the purchase of historical works relative to the services of any regiment or battery or other unit of military organization of Pennsylvania Volunteers during the war for the suppression of the rebellion when same has been approved by the Governor Adjutant General and Auditor General making an appropriation for purchase of same and payment of expenses incurred or services rendered in examination and correction of said histories and providing for distribution of histories so purchased

ELECTION OF PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now proceed to the election of a President pro tempore, to serve until the next session of the Legislature, and that the clerks act as tellers.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I am directed by the caucus of the Republican members of the Senate to present the Honorable George M. Wertz, of Cambria County, as their candidate for President pro tempore of the Senate.

Mr. HERBST. Mr. President, I am directed by the caucus of the Democratic members of the Senate to present the Honorable Harvey Huffman, of Monroe County, as their candidate for President pro tempore of the Senate.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President. I move that the nominations close.

Mr. JAMISON. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The PRESIDENT. The roll will be called by the Chief Clerk.

The roll was taken as follows:

FOR MR. WERTZ.

Adams	Hays	Kurtz	Snyder
Alexander	Homsher	Manbeck	Sproul
Baldwin	Huffman	McConnell	Thomson
Buckman	Hunter	McIlhenny	Tustin
Catlin	Jamison	McNichol	Vare
Clark	Jarrett	McNichols	Weingartner
Cooper	Jones	Powell	Wilbert
Endsley	Keyser	Salus	Wolf
Fox	Kline	Shields	Crow
Gerberich,	Knapp		Pres. pro tem.

FOR MR. HOFFMAN.

DeWitt	Judson	Morgan	Washers
Hall	Martin	Nulty	Wertz
Herbst	Miller	Sones	

The PRESIDENT. The clerks agree in their tally and the result of the ballot is: Mr. Wertz receives thirty-eight votes and Mr. Huffman eleven votes. Mr. Wertz having received a majority of all the votes cast is declared elected President pro tempore of the Senate, to serve until the next session of the Legislature. The Chair appoints the Senator from Delaware, Mr. Sproul, and the Senator from Monroe, Mr. Huffman, as a committee to escort the President pro tempore elect to the Chair.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I have the honor to present the newly elected President pro tempore of the Senate, Hon. George M. Wertz, of Cambria County.

OATH OF OFFICE ADMINISTERED TO PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE.

The PRESIDENT. The oath of office will be administered to the newly elected President pro temproe by Hon. George Kunkel, President Judge of the Twelfth Judicial District.

And the oath of office was accordingly administered.

ADDRESS OF THE PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE.

Mr. WERTZ. Fellow Members of the Senate of Pennsylvania: I am without words adequate to express my feelings over the honor which has just been conferred upon me by you. I am aware that the position carries with it grave responsibilities, and mindful of the oath which I have just taken, I will endeavor throughout my official career, to so meet the exigencies of the position as to merit the approval of the members of this body.

The Chair awaits the pleasure of the Senate.

RESOLUTION THANKING HON. GEORGE KUNKLE, PRESIDENT JUDGE TWELFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT, FOR ADMINISTERING OATH OF OFFICE TO PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE.

Mr. KURTZ. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to offer a resolution at this time.

The PRESIDENT. Is there objection? The Chair hears none.

Mr. KURTZ offered the following resolution, which was twice read, considered and agreed to.

Resolved, That the thanks of the Senate be extended to the Hon. George Kunkel, President Judge of the Courts of Dauphin County, for his favor and courtesy in adminstering the oath of office to the newly elected President pro tempore, the Hon. George M. Wertz.

PRESENTATION OF TESTIMONIAL TO HON. WILLIAM E. CROW.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, It is certainly a pleasant privilege that I have at the close of this long and important legislative session to address you, Senator Crow, as the spokesman for our colleagues in the Senate of Pennsylvania. It is one of the rewards that comes of long service, and to me it is a pleasure indeed to have the honor of expressing to you, on behalf of my associates here, the appreciation in which you are held by every member, official and employee of this body. To-day, following the custom of the Senate, you are relinquishing the gavel of authority to your successor, and after having for two years directed the proceedings of this great legislative body, you are surrendering to another the responsibilites of the high place of presiding officer of the Senate of Pennsylvania

It is a great thing to have been, by the choice of your fellow Senators, the head of this upper chamber in the lawmaking body of this imperial Commonwealth, but it is a greater thing to have filled this great place so ably, so courteously and so thoroughly that you have earned and held the respect, affection and approbation of every man in the chamber.

The uncertainties of human affairs, the innovations of politics, and the problems of life, make it almost impossible that the same men who have been with you here during the session just closing shall ever again be assembled together, but let me say to you that wherever our inclinations or our fortunes may take us, we will ever remember with gratitude and high regard our association with you, and the kindness and thoughtfulness which have charcterized all of your personal and official relations with us, one and all.

As a mark of our respect and esteem, the members and officers of the Senate have procured a memento, which I am directed to present to you as a token of affection and regard, with the hope that it may be to you a pleasant reminder of your relations with us in the session of 1911, and to your wife, your children and your children's children a testimonial of the honor of your family name. Good friend, in behalf of the Senate I give you this, and with it earnest good wishes and highest regard.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, Senator Sproul and gentlemen of the Senate, I can scarcely be expected to say much on this occasion. I want to express to one and all my sincere appreciation not only for this beautiful and magnificent gift that has been presented, but for the many kindly expressions that have been made by the gentleman who has been elected as the spokesman on behalf of the Senate. Whether or not they are deserved is a matter for you to judge. When I took the office I pledged myself to discharge the duties of this position with fairness and with fidelity. I have endeavored to the very best of my ability to carry out that pledge. I want to thank the members of the Senate, one and all, without any regard to party or creed, for the uniform courtesies that they have extended to me during the trying hours of this session. For myself and for those who are nearest and dearest to me, who will have the privilege and pleasure of participating in the joys of the possession and use of this gift, I extend to you my sincere thanks.

Mr. NULTY. Mr. President, I want to say on behalf of my friends on this side of the body that we have been treated with respect and courtesy, and I move that a rising vote of thanks be extended to the retiring President pro tempore of the Senate.

Mr. HALL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was unanimously agreed to.

PRESENTATION OF GAVEL BY CHIEF CLERK TO HON. WILLIAM E. CROW.

Mr. FOX. Mr. President, I am requested by the Chief Clerk of the Senate of Pennsylvania as an expression of the devotion and regard which he has for the President pro tempore of this body who has just left the Chair to present to him this gavel. I do so with very great pleasure.

Mr. CROW. Mr. President, Senator Fox, and gentlemen of the Senate: Because of the close personal relationship that existed for so many years between the Chief Clerk of the Senate and myself, I can scarcely find language to express my appreciation of this gift. I will do so personally to him.

PRESENTATION OF TESTIMONIAL BY APPROBATION COMMITTEE TO HON. CHARLES H. KLINE.

Mr. BALDWIN. Mr. President and fellow Senators: As we arise at the closing hours of this session we realize fully that many warm friendships and pleasant associations have been formed. We have been meeting for the past five months. During this time it is possible that some contention and honest differences of opinion have arisen, but at this time when we are about to separate all differences and contentions are forgotten and pleasant memories and kind regards for our fellow Senators take possession of our mind. If I could say so and be modest, I would venture this assertion, that there is no legislative body that I would sooner be associated with than the fifty men who make up the Senate of Pennsylvania; they are congenial, agreeable, friedly, capable, the best fellows that I know. Of course, in our associations here we have become more intimately associated with certain Senators than with others. This may have come from our service on the same committees, but I think rather it comes from that natural cause that kindred spirits always get together. We realize that the most important work of this Senate is the work that is done in committees. It was my good fortune two years ago and at this session to serve upon the same committee as Senator Kline, of Pittsburg. We know that the duties and responsibilites of the Appropriation Committee are probably greater than those of any other committee in this Senate. Almost from the beginning of the session he has to begin to make his visitations over the State, and a little later he is holding hearings and conferences, studying, figuring and planning how to hand out this money to the different institutions that are so deserving of it. I want to say to the Senators that I believe at this session this duty has been even more arduous than in the past, for the reason that the Chairman of the Senate and House committees have tried to carry out the wishes of our Governor by keeping these appropriations within our revenues. That they have made honest, earnest, conscientious endeavor to do this we thoroughly believe, and I believe in a reasonable way that they have succeeded. It is my pleasant duty, and it has been suggested by some of the members of the Appropriation Committee at this time, upon the part of that committee to present to our very good friend Charley, the Chairman, a slight token of our esteem, our regard, our friendship and great affection. We know that he will not value it from any intrinsic value it has in itself, but from the esteem, friendship and regard of those members of the committee who present him with this gift.

I say to you gentlemen that none of us would think half as much of being a Senator of Pennsylvania if it were not for the friendships and associations. If it would not be out of place on the part of that Committee, I would like to quote a few lines from James Whitcomb Riley, as representative of our friendship to our good Chairman and also as a representation of my personal friendship for our Senator from Pittsburg.

When a fellow ain't got a cent
And is feeling kind of blue,
And the clouds are dark and heavy
And won't let the sunshine through,
It's a great thing, Oh, my brother,
For a fellow just to lay
His hand upon your shoulder
In a friendly sort of way.

It makes a man feel good,
It makes the teardrops start,
You sort of feel a flutter
In the regions of your heart.
You can't look up and meet his eyes,
You don't know what to say,
When a hand rests on your shoulder
In a friendly sort of way.

Oh, this world is a curious compound,
With its honey and its gall,
With its cares and bitter crosses,
But a good world after all;
And a good God must have made it,
Leastwise that's what I say
When a hand rests on my shoulder
In a friendly sort of way.

Senator Kline, on behalf of the Appropriation Committee take great pleasure in presenting these gifts. They represent our esteem, our regard and our friendship.

Mr. HALL. Mr. President, I believe it my duty to endorse everything that has been said by the gentlemen who have preceded me. In reference to Senator Crow and the Chairman of the Appropriation Committee. I want to say of Mr. Crow that he has been absolutely fair in all his treatment of this side of the Chamber. I agree with every thing that has been said. As for our Appropriation Chairman, Mr. Kline, he knows I am his friend. He has been fair with all of us, and I just want to add the testimony of his side of the House endorsing everything that has been said about both of them.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President and fellow members of the Senate: In the same language of the Honorable and esteemed Senator from Potter, as James Whitcomb Riley would say, "statement of this character kind of makes a fellow feel he has some friends after all," and I know that the members of the Senate of Pennsylvania appreciate what a gigantic task the Chairman of the Appropriation Committee has if he desires to do his duty, and that is, make the Senators of the Senate of Pennsylvania do their duty, that is, legislate, and not make a legislator as well as executive officer, of His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth. I assure you my friends, that if you have been cut and have not received the amount that you claim you should have received. I know that you fully appreciate the task, and further that you are broad enough as men of affairs to realize that we try to do the best we can, and when we do the best we can the world can ask no more, and, my friends, this is the way you show your gratitude to me for the work that I have tried to accomplish to the best of my ability. Let us always remember in walking down the pathways of this great life here below, that gratitude is the sweetest flower that buds, blossoms and spreads its perfume in the garden of the human heart; and further permit me to say that words are inadequate to express my appreciation of the token of honor and esteem in which I have been held this day, and, gentlemen, permit me to say in conclusion that I will cherish this magnificent token to my last days here on this earth below.

RECESS.

Mr. KEYSER. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take recess for five minutes.

Mr. HALL. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed the Senate will be in order.

NOTIFICATION THAT HOUSE IS READY TO ADJOURN.

Messrs. Ward, Keister and Flynn, a committee of the House of Representatives, being introduced, informed the Senate that the House of Representatives is now ready to adjourn sine die, and were extended the thanks of the Senate.

RECESS.

Mr. SPROUL. Mr. President, I move that the Senate do now take a recess for five minutes.

Mr. ADAMS. Mr. President, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

AFTER RECESS.

The PRESIDENT. The time of recess having elapsed, the Senate will be in order.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE TO WAIT UPON GOVERNOR.

Mr. KLINE. Mr. President, the committee appointed by the Senate to act with a like committee from the House of Representatives to wait on His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, desire to report that we have waited on His Excellency, the Governor of the Commonwealth, and he wishes to state that he has nothing further to present to the Senate at this time, and that he appreciates very much the many courtesies extended him during the session of 1911.

ADJOURNMENT SINE DIE.

The PRESIDENT. This being the date fixed by concurrent resolution for final adjournment, and the hour of twelve o'clock noon having arrived, I hereby declare the Senate adjourned sine die.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

THURSDAY, May 25, 1911.

The House met at 1 o'clock A. M.

The Speaker (JOHN F. COX) in the Chair.

Prayer by the Chaplain, Rev. W. C. Jones.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings. The Clerk proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings, when, on motion of Mr. HIBSHMAN the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

SENATE MESSAGE.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 265.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has insisted upon its amendments, non-concurred in by the House of Representatives, to House Bill No. 265, entitled:

An act relating to roads providing for the election and appointment of township supervisors in second class townships defining their powers duties and limitations relating to road tax and the expenditure thereof abolishing the work tax defining certain duties of the clerk of court fixing penalties for violation of this act and making an appropriation to carry out its provisions

and has appointed Messrs. Sproul, Thompson and Kline a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the House of Representatives (if the House of Representatives shall appoint such committee) on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

On motion of Mr. E. E. JONES,

The House insists on its non-concurrence in the amendments to said bill and

Ordered, That Messrs. E. E. Jones, Woodward and Freeman be a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) in relation to the differences existing between the two houses on said bill.

And that the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 378.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate insist on its non-concurrence in the amendments made and insisted upon by the House of Representatives to Senate Bill No. 378, entitled:

An act making an appropriation for the erection of a proper fence or coping and pavement to protect a monument erected near Petersburg Virginia by the Association of the Survivors of the Forty-eighth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers to commemorate the Battle of the Crater and providing for a Commission and the expenses thereof to erect the same

and has appointed Messrs. Kline, Baldwin and Kurtz a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the House of Representatives (if the House of Representatives shall appoint such committee) on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

On motion of Mr. KLUMPP,

The House insists upon its amendments non-concurred in by the Senate to said bill and

Ordered, That Messrs. Woodward, Klumpp and Whitman be a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (already appointed) in relation to the differences existing between the two houses on said bill.

And that the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

ADOPTION OF REPORT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 313.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has adopted the report of the committee of conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses on House Bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 313:

An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE ADOPTS REPORT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 479.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has adopted the report of the committee of conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses on House Bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 479:

An act to authorize the appointment by county commissioners of assessors in each legislative district and three assessors from the county at large in counties having not less than two hundred thousand nor more than three hundred twenty-five thousand inhabitants prescribing their powers duties and procedure and fixing salaries thereof

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the amendments made by the House of Representatives to House Bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 608:

An act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject

Said bill having been recalled from the Governor for amendment. The vote had on final passage and third reading on said bill were reconsidered in the House and the bill amended in which amendments the Senate has concurred.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILL RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 572:

An act providing for the appointment of assistant district attorneys in the several counties of this Commonwealth having over three hundred thousand and less than seven hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants describing the powers duties and terms of office and fixing the salary of said assistants

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 11, after the word "of" strike out the word "three" and insert in lieu thereof the word "two;" after the word "thousand" insert in lieu thereof the words "five hundred."

Line 14, after the word "thousand" strike out the word "five" and insert in lieu thereof the word "two;" strike out the figures "($2,500.00)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($2,200.00)."

On the question,

Will the House concur in said amendments?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—157.

Abbott	Dunn, H.	Kelly, M. C.,	Rhoads
Ailman	Dunn, J.	Kelsey,	Richards
Akers	Ehrhardt	Kinney	Rider
Allen	Eichenberger	Klingerman	Riebel
Auer	Ewing	Klumpp	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Knight	Robison
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Lafferty	Rockwell
Bartman	Flynn	Larkins	Roney
Bass	Frey	Light	Row
Bender	Gans	Lowe	**Rumsey**
Bentley	Geary	Magee	Sassaman
Bosher	Gilkeson	Mannion	Savidge
Bossert	Good	Martin	Schmidt
Boyd	**Gransback**	Marvin	**Schofield**
Brehm	Gray	**Matt**	**Scott, J.**
Breitinger	**Graybill**	**McArdle**	**Scott, S.**
Brennan	Grove	McClung	Shaffer
Campbell, J.	Guyaux	**McGowan**	**Shannon**
Campbell, W.	**Hafferty**	**McInerney**	**Sherwood**
Carroll	**Healey**	**McJunkin**	Shreve
Carter	**Hecht**	McKean	**Snyder, P.**
Clarency	**Henry**	McMullen	Speer
Cleary	**Herman**	McNichol	**Stein**
Clymer	Hess	Miller	Swan
Cole	**Hibshman**	Moore	Swartz
Connell	Hilton	**Morris**	**Tunis**
Conner, W.	Hoffman	Moses	Ulerich
Conrade	Hover	Moulthrop	Von Tacky
Cox, E.	**Hormell**	Neel	Wallace
Crum	Hough	**North**	Walnut
Currier	Howard	Perry	**Walton**

Curry	Hunter, R. P.,	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Dale	Irwin	Piper	Watts
Dallas	Jackson	Raesley	Whitman
Davis, A.	Johnson, C. V.,	Rath	Wilcox
Davis, W.	Jones, E. E.,	Reece	Wilson
Dearden	Keene	Reel	Woodward
Dershem	Keiser	Reeser	Young
Donahoe	Kelley, J.	Reno	Cox, J. F.
Donnally			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 154:

An act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens and the proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this State

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1, line 4, after the word "heretofore" insert the words "since the first day of July Anno Domini nineteen hundred and nine."

On the question,

Will the House concur in said amendments?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—150.

Abbott	Dunn, H.	Keister	Riebel
Ailman,	Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.	Robinson
Akers	Eichenberger	Kern,	Robison
Allen	Ewing	Kinney	Rockwell
Alter	Fahey	Klumpp,	Roney
Anderson	Fay	Knight,	Rumsey
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Lafferty,	Sassaman
Baldwin, R.	Ferguson	Larkins,	Savidge
Bass	Frey	Light,	Schad
Bender	Gans	Lowe,	Schmidt
Bentley	Geary	Magee,	Scott, J.
Bosher	Gilkeson	Mannion,	Scott, S.
Bossert	Good	Marvin,	Shaffer
Boyd	Gransback	Matt,	Shannon
Brehm	Gray	McAleer,	Sherwood
Breitinger	Graybill	McArdle,	Shoemaker
Brennan	Grove	McGowan,	Snavely
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McInerney,	Snyder, A.
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McKean,	Steese,
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McNichol,	Stein,
Carter	Henry	Miller,	Swartz
Clarency	Herman	Moore,	Townsend
Cleary	Hess	Morris,	Tunis
Cole	Hilton	Moses	Ulerich
Connell	Hobbs	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Conner, P.	Hoffman	North	Wallace
Conner, W.	Holland	Perry	Walnut
Cox, E.	Hoover	Piper	Walton
Crum	Hormell	Raesley	Ward, W., Jr.
Cumbler	Hough	Rath	Ward, W. B.
Currier	Hunter, J. N.	Reece	Watts
Curry	Hunter, R. P.	Reel	Welch
Dale	Irwin	Reeser	Wilcox
Davis, A.	Johnson, C.	Reno	Wilson
Davis, W.	Johnston,	Rhoads	Woodward
Dearden	Jones, E.	Richards	Young
Dershem	Jones, J.	Rider	Cox, J.
Donnally	Keely,		Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

Mr. WOODWARD called up the report of the committee of conference on Senate Bill No. 378.

The report as agreed upon was read as follows:

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON SENATE BILL NO. 378.

To the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned, committee of conference for the consideration of Senate Bill No. 378, entitled "An Act making an appropriation for the erection of a proper fence or coping and pavement to protect a monument erected near Petersburg, Virginia, by the Association of the Survivors of the Forty-eighth Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, to commemorate the Battle of the Crater, and providing for a Commission and expenses thereof to erect the same," beg leave to submit the following amended bill as their report:

CHARLES H. KLINE,
T. M. KURTZ,
FRANK E. BALDWIN,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

JAS. F. WOODWARD,
W. F. WHITMAN,
FRANK J. KLUMPP,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act making an appropriation for the erection of a proper fence or coping and pavement to protect a monument erected near Petersburg Virginia by the Association of the Survivors of the Forty-eighth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers to commemorate the Battle of the Crater and providing for a Commission and the expenses thereof to erect the same

Whereas The Association of the Survivors of the Forty-eighth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers of the late rebellion erected a monument near Petersburg Virginia to commemorate the Battle of the Crater and

Whereas Said monument has been put in place and properly dedicated and is in close proximity to a monument erected by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to commemorate the services of the Pennsylvania soldiers who constituted the third division of the ninth corps of the Army of the Potomac and

Whereas The said monument erected by the said Association of the Survivors of the Forty-eighth Regiment is not properly enclosed and needs a fence or coping and pavement to properly protect it and the Association of the Forty-eighth Regiment being too poor to provide the same therefore

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of four hundred and fifty-eight dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated for the purpose of constructing and erecting a suitable fence coping and pavement for the proper protection of the monument erected by the Survivors of the Forty-eighth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers at or near Petersburg Virginia to commemorate the Battle of the Crater

Section 2 That the Governor of Pennsylvania shall appoint three persons who shall serve as a commission and without pay to carry out the purposes of this act Provided however That the actual expenses of the said Commission shall be paid out of the said appropriation

On the question,

Will the House adopt the report of the committee of conference?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows: viz:

YEAS—165.

Abbott	Eichenberger	Kern,	Robison
Allman	Ewing	Kinney	Rockwell
Akers	Fahey	Klingerman,	Roney
Allen	Feeney	Knight,	Rumsey
Alter	Ferguson,	Kuhns,	Sassaman
Anderson	Fitzgerald	Larkins,	Schad
Baldwin, G.	Flynn	Letzkus	Schmidt
Baldwin, R.	Freeman	Lindsay,	Schofield
Bartman	Gans	Lowe,	Schultz
Bass	Geary	Magee,	Scott, J.
Bender	Gibson	Malie,	Scott, S.
Benson	Gilkeson	Martin,	Shadrach
Bentley	Good	Marvin,	Shannon
Billman	Gransback	Matt,	Shern
Bosher	Gray	McAleer	Sherwood
Bossert	Graybill	McClung,	Shoemaker
Boyd	Grove	McInerney,	Shreve
Brehm	Guyaux	McJunkin,	Snyder, A.
Breitinger	Halferty	McKean,	Snyder, P.
Brennan	Healey	McMullen,	Speer,
Campbell, C.	Hecht	McNichol,	Steese,
Campbell, J.	Henry	Miller	Stein,
Carroll	Hess	Mills,	Swan
Carter	Hibshman	Moore,	Swartz
Clarency	Hobbs	Morris,	Townsend
Clymer	Hoffman	Moses	Tunis
Cole	Holland	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Connell	Hoover	Neel	Von Tacky
Conner, P.	Hormell	North	Wallace
Conner, W.	Hough	Perry	Walnut
Cox, E.	Hunter, J. N.	Phillips	Walton
Cumbler	Hunter, R. P.	Pitchford	Ward, W., Jr.
Currier	Irwin	Raesley	Ward, W. B.
Dale	Johnson, C.	Rebert	Watts
Dallas	Johnson, D.	Reece	Welch
Davis, A.	Johnston,	Reeser	Whitman
Davis, W.	Jones, J.	Reno	Wilcox
Dershem	Keely,	Rhoads	Williams
Detzel	Keene	Richards	Wilson
Donnally	Keister,	Rider	Woodward
Dunn, H.	Kelly, M. C.,	Riebel	Young
Dunn, J.	Kelsey,	Robinson	Cox, J.
Ehrhardt			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILLS RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 860:

An act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

with information that the Senate has passed the same with amendments, in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read as follows:

Section 1, after line 44, add the following:

For the payment of the traveling and incidental expenses of the Governor from June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven to May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and the miscellaneous expenses incurred in the management of the Executive Mansion from January seventeenth one thousand nine hundred and eleven to May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and for the purchase and maintenance of an automobile the sum of seventeen thousand five hundred dollars ($17,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary to be expended at the discretion of the Governor

Line 63 strike out "inestigations" and insert in lieu thereof "investigations."

Line 73, strike out "ninght" and insert in lieu thereof "night."

Line 101, strike out "colletced" and insert in lieu thereof the word "collected."

Line 119 at the end thereof add the following:

For increase in salaries and expenses incident to the bill in the present sessions of the Legislature entitled "An Act fixing the number and salaries of clerks and other employes in the Department of the Auditor General and defining the duties of certain employes" if the same becomes a law two years the sum of fifty-five thousand dollars ($55,000)

Line 132, at the end thereof add the following:

For the payment of the salary of the Chief of the Bureau of Railways from the date of the approval of Senate Bill two hundred and thirteen to the end of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum of two hundred thirty dollars and fifty-five cents

Line 140 after the word "eighty" strike out the word "four" and insert in lieu thereof the word "seven;" after the word "thousand" strike out the word "six;" strike out the figures "($84,600)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($87,600)"

Line 141, insert at the end thereof the following:

For the payment of the salary of the Chief of the Bureau of Standards in the Department of Internal Affairs as provided for in House Bill number six hundred and eleven passed by the Legislature but conditional upon its approval by the Governor the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000) for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

Line 179 after the word "years" strike out the word "beginnin" and insert in lieu thereof the word "beginning."

Line 227, after the word "of" strike out the words "Revenue Commissioners" and insert in lieu thereof the words "Public Grounds and Buildings."

Line 231, after the word "of" strike out the word "six" and insert in lieu thereof the word "ten;" strike out the figures "($6,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($10,000)."

Line 233, after the word "of" strike out the word "four" and insert in lieu thereof the word "five," after the word "Thousand" strike out the words "four hundred."

Line 234, strike out the figures "($4,400)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($5,000)."

Line 236, after the word "watchman" strike out the words "and fireman;" after the word "of" strike out the words "forty-nine" and insert in lieu thereof the words "sixty-five."

Line 237, after the word "thousand" strike out the words "two hundred;" and strike the figures "($49,200)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($65,000)."

After line 237 insert the following:

For the payment of the compensation of such extra clerks as the State Treasurer may find it necessary to employ for the purpose of balancing and transferring accounts making new indices or for the purpose of rendering any other general assistance to the regular clerical force two years the sum of fifteen thousand ($15,000) dollars the necessity for the employment of extra clerical assistance and the monthly wages of all extra clerks employed to be determined and fixed by the State Treasurer

Line 251, after the word "of" strike out the word "two," insert the word "three;" strike out the figures "($2,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($3,000)."

Line 252, strike out "pantent" and insert "patent."

After line 254 insert the following:

For the payment of traveling expenses of the State Treasurer Cashier and Bond Clerk while on Departmental business two years the sum of two thousand ($2,000) dollars

Line 260, after the word "of" strike out the word "three" and insert in lieu thereof the word "four;" strike out the figures "($3,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($4,000)"

After line 260 insert the following:

For the payment of the costs of procuring bonds required to be given by employes of the Treasury Department to the State Treasurer for the faithful performance of their duties two years the sum of one thousand ($1,000) dollars

Line 288, after the word "district" strike out "atorneys" and insert in lieu thereof "attorneys."

After line 320 insert the following:

For the payment for two years of four clerks in the Banking Department for the period commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven one thousand six hundred dollars ($1,600) conditioned upon the approval by the Governor of House Bill number four hundred and fifty-five

For the payment of the salaries of two stenographers and typewriters two years the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000)

For the payment of the salary of the messenger two years the sum of two thousand four hundred dollars ($2,400)

For the payment of contingent expenses two years the sum of four thousand five hundred dollars ($4,500)

For the payment of employes and other expenses incident to the supervision of private banks as provided for in the act of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven entitled "An Act to provide for licensing and regulating private banking in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing penalties for the violation thereof" (this item to be contingent on the approval of the said act by the Governor) two years the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000)

For the payment of the salaries and expenses of the examiners two years the sum of one hundred and fifty-eight thousand dollars ($158,000)

Line 361 strike out "he" and insert in lieu thereof "the"

Strike out all of lines 375 and 376

Line 384 after the word "at" strike out "metings" and insert in lieu thereof the word "meetings"

Strike out at the beginning of line 391 "bres" and insert in lieu thereof "bers"

After line 498 insert the following:

ARMORY BOARD OF PENNSYLVANIA

For the payment of the salaries of the members of the State Armory Board as provided for in Senate Bill number six hundred and seventy-eight conditional upon its passage by the Legislature and approval by the Governor the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Line 507 after the word "of" strike out the word "twelve" and insert in lieu thereof the word "fifteen"

Line 508 strike out the figures "($12,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($15,000)"

Line 510 after the word "of" strike out the word "five" and insert in lieu thereof the word "eight"

Line 511 strike out the figures "($5,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($8,000)"

Line 514 after the word "examiner" insert "-in-chief"

Line 515 before the word "assistant" insert the word "three" after "examiner" insert "s one examiner of statements and four examiners"

Line 516 after the word "of" strike out the word "nine" and insert in lieu thereof the words "forty-two;" after the word "thousand" strike out the words "six hundred"

Line 517 strike out the figures "($9,600)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($42,000)"

Line 519 after the word "of" strike out the word "six" and insert in lieu thereof the word "eight;" strike out the figures "($6,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the word "($8,000)"

Line 521 after the word "of" strike out the words "twenty-nine" and insert in lieu thereof the words "seventy-seven;" after the word "thousand" strike out the words "four hundred"

Line 522 strike out the figures "($29,400)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($77,000)"

Strike out all of lines 523 and 524.

Line 525 after the word "of" insert "contingent expenses and for"

Line 527 after the word "of" strike out the word "fourteen" and insert in lieu thereof the words "fifty-two;" strike out the figures "($14,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($52,000)"

After line 527 insert the following:

FIRE MARSHAL

For the payment of the salary of the Fire Marshal two years the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000)

For the payment of the salary of the Chief Assistant Fire Marshal two years the sum of eight thousand dollars ($8,000)

For the payment of the salaries of the first and second deputy fire marshals two years the sum of twelve thousand dollars ($12,000)

For the payment of stenographers clerk hire and for traveling and contingent expenses two years the sum of forty thousand dollars ($40,000)

Line 545 after the word "of" strike out the word "three" and insert the word "four;" after the word "thousand" insert the words "eight hundred"

Line 546 strike out the figures "($3,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($4,800)"

Line 553 after the word "thousand" insert the words "four hundred;" strike out the figures "($2,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($2,400)"

Line 563 after the word "thousand" insert the words "four hundred;" strike out the figures "($2,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($2,400)"

Line 589 after the word "of" strike out the word "four" and insert in lieu thereof the word "five;" after the word "dollars" strike out the figures "($4,800)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($5,800)"

Line 600 after the word "thousand" insert the words "four hundred;" after the word "dollars" strike out the figures "($40,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($40,400)

After line 670 insert the following:

For the payment of the increase in salary of the storekeeper in the Department of Public Grounds and Buildings as provided for in House Bill number seven hundred and fifty-four conditioned upon its passage by the Legislature and approval by the Governor the sum of twelve hundred dollars ($1200) for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

Line 679 after the word "thousand" insert the words "four hundred;" strike out the figures "($2,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($2,400)"

After line 694 insert the following:

For the payment of the increase in salaries of the employes in the Department of Public Grounds and Buildings as provided for in House Bill number five hundred and fifteen passed by the Legislature but conditioned upon its approval by the Governor the sum of thirty-eight thousand six hundred and forty dollars ($38,640) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

Line 710 after the word "of" strike out the word "ten" and insert in lieu thereof the word "twenty"

Line 711 strike out the figures "($10,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($20,000)"

After line 747 insert the following:

For the payment of the rent of offices and rooms outside of the Capitol buildings when necessary for the accommodation of any department board or commission of the State government in accordance with the act of one thousand nine hundred and eleven and conditioned on the approval of said act by the Governor two years the sum of thirty thousand dollars ($30,00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

After line 764 insert the following:

For the payment of the deficiency in appropriation for the rental charges for telephone services for the two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum of two thousand and thirty-six dollars and seventy-seven cents ($2,036.77)

Line 792 after the word "of" strike out the words "one hundred" and insert in lieu thereof the words "one hundred and twenty-five"

Line 793 strike out the figures "($100,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($125,000)"

After line 822 insert the following:

For the payment of the cost of making fireproof the old Arsenal Building at Eighteenth and Herr streets Harrisburg Pennsylvani by the installation of reinforced concrete floors partitions and canvas bins and fireproof metal windows and wire glass the sum of twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars ($22,500.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of installing new driveways in the State Arsenal grounds the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Line 909 after the word "of" strike out the word "thirty" and insert in lieu thereof the words "forty-five"

Line 910 strike out the figures "($30,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the words "($45,000)"

Line 969 after the word "and" strike out the word "thirty" and insert in lieu thereof the word "sixty"

Line 970 strike out the figures "($130,000)" and insert in lieu "($160,000)"

After line 1032 insert the following:

For the payment of the salary of the treasurer and the clerk to the State Live Stock Sanitary Board of Pennsylvania as provided for in Senate Bill number four hundred and ninety-two conditional upon its passage by the Legislature and approval by the Governor the sum of thirty-eight hundred dollars ($3,800) for the two fiscal years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

Line 1056 after the word "hundred" strike out the words "twenty-five" and insert in lieu thereof the word 'forty"

Line 1057 strike out the figures "($125,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($140,000)"

Line 1059 after the word "of" strike out the words "seventy-five" and insert in lieu thereof the words "one hundred and fifteen"

Line 1060 strike out the figures "($75,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($115,000)"

Line 1073 after the word "of" strike out the word "ten" and insert in lieu thereof the word "five"

Line 1074 strike out the figures "($10,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($5,000)"

After line 1074 insert the following:

For the purpose of assisting in defraying the necessary expenses of protecting and improving lands purchased by the State Forestry Reservation Commission the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary being the unexpended balance remaining in the State Treasury in the special fund provided for in an act of Assembly entitled "An Act to limit the amount of money expended each year by the State Forestry Reservation Commission in the purchase of lands for the Commonwealth" approved the fifteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three

Line 1096 after the word "of" strike out the words "twenty-two" and insert in lieu thereof the words "twenty-four"

Line 1097 strike out the figures "($22,800)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($24,800)"

Line 1131 after the word "proper" insert "ly"

Line 1155 after the word "ninety" insert the word "three" strike out the figures "($90,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($93,000)"

Line 1257 after "et" strike out "ectera" and insert in lieu thereof "cetera"

Line 1283 after the word "of" strike out the word "thirteen" and insert in lieu thereof the word "sixteen"

Line 1284 strike out the figures "($13,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($16,000)"

Line 1285 after the word "the" and before the word "deputy" insert the word "first"

Line 1286 after the word "of" strike out the word "seven" and insert in lieu thereof the word "twelve"

Line 1287 strike out the words "two hundred" and strike out the figures "($7,200)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($12,000)"

Line 1288 after the word "the" strike out the word "Assistant" and insert in lieu thereof the words "Second Deputy"

Line 1289 after the word "of" strike out the word "six" and insert in lieu thereof the word "twelve"

Line 1290 strike out the figures "($6,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($12,000)"

After line 1290 insert the following:

For the payment of the salary of the Auditor two years the sum of six thousand ($6,000) dollars

For the payment of the salary of the Chief Engineer two years the sum of fourteen thousand ($14,000) dollars

For the payment of the salary of the Bridge Engineer two years the sum of seventy-two hundred ($7,200) dollars

For the payment of the salaries of the fifty Superintendents two years the sum of one hundred thousand ($100,000) dollars

Line 1299 after the word "of" strike out the word "twelve" and insert in lieu thereof the word "fifteen"

Line 1300 after the word "of" strike out the words "fifty-seven" and insert in lieu thereof the words "seventy-two;" strike out the words "six hundred"

Line 1301 strike out the figures "($57,600)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($72,000)"

Line 1304 after the word "of" strike out the word "three" and insert in lieu thereof the word "four"

Line 1305 after the word "of" strike out the word "ten" and insert in lieu thereof the word "fourteen;" after the word "thousand" strike out the word "eight" and insert in lieu thereof the word "four"

Line 1306 strike out the figures "($10,800)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($14,400)"

Line 1309 after the word "of" strike out the word "two" and insert in lieu thereof the word "four;" after the word "clerks" strike out the words "and stenographers"

Line 1310 after the word "of" strike out the words "forty-eight" and insert in lieu thereof the words "ninety-six"

Line 1311 strike out the figures "($4,800)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($9,600)"

Line 1312 after the word "of" strike out the word "two" and insert in lieu thereof the word "four;" after the word "stenographers" insert the words "or clerks"

Line 1313 after the word "of" strike out the words "four thousand" and insert in lieu thereof the words "ninety-six hundred"

Line 1314 strike out the figures "($4,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($9,600)"

Line 1316 after the word "thousand" insert the words "four hundred;" strike out the figures "($6,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($6,400)"

Strike out all of lines 1317 and 1318

Line 1320 after the word "the" and before the word "Deputy" insert the word "first"

Line 1321 after the word "Commissioner" strike out the word "and;" after the word "the" insert the words "second Deputy State;" before the word "Highway" strike out the word "Assistant"

Line 1322 after the word "Commissioner" insert the following: "the Chief Engineer the Bridge Engineer the fifteen Civil Engineers and the fifty Superintendents"

Line 1323 after the word "of" strike out the word "sixteen" and insert in lieu thereof the words "eighty-eight"

Line 1324 strike out the figures "($16,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($88,000)"

Line 1333 after the word "the" strike out the word "sectional" and insert in lieu thereof the word "National"

Line 1335 after the word "of" strike out the word "two" and insert in lieu thereof the word "three;" after the word "hundred" and insert in lieu thereof the words "and fifty"

Line 1336 strike out the figures "($200,000)" and inser in lieu thereof the figures "($350,000)"

After line 1368 insert the following:

For the payment of increase of salaries of Deputy Factory Inspectors as provided for in Senate Bill number three hundred and fifteen passed by the Legislature but conditioned upon its approval by the Governor the sum of twenty-four thousand six hundred ($24,600) dollars for the two fiscal years commencing June one one thousand nine hundred and eleven

Line 1428 after the word "of" strike out the word "four" and insert in lieu thereof the word "five"

Line 1429 strike out the figures "($4,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($5,000)"

Line 1431 strike out after the word "of" the word "two" and insert in lieu thereof the word "three;" after the word "thousand" strike out the words "eight hundred;" strike out the figures "($2,800)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($3,000)"

Line 1435 after the word "thousand" strike out the word "five" and insert in lieu thereof the word "eight"

Line 1436 after the word "of" strike out the word "twelve" and insert in lieu thereof the word "fourteen"

Line 1437 after the word "thousand" insert the words "four hundred;" strike out the figures "($12,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($14,400)"

Line 1439 strike out the first word in the line "two" and insert in lieu thereof the word "five;" after the word "of" strike out the word "nine" and insert in lieu thereof the word "twelve"

Line 1440 after the word "thousand" strike out the words "six hundred;" strike out the figures "($9,600)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($12,000)"

Line 1441 after the word "of" strike out the word "twenty" and insert in lieu thereof the word "sixteen"

Line 1442 after the word "thousand" insert the words "one hundred;" after the word "of" strike out the word "forty" and insert in lieu thereof the words "thirty-five"

Line 1443 after the word "thousand" insert the words "two hundred;" strike out the figures "($40,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($35,200)"

Line 1444 after the word "of" strike out the word "two" and insert in lieu thereof the word "one;" after the word "hundred" insert the words "and eighty"

Line 1445 after the word "each" strike out the word "seven" and insert in lieu thereof the word "nine;" after the word "hundred" strike out the words "and twenty"

Line 1446 after the word "of" strike out the word "two" and insert in lieu thereof the word "three;" after the word "and" strike out the words "eighty-eight" and insert in lieu thereof the words "twenty-four"

Line 1447 strike out the figures "($288,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($324,000)"

After line 1447 insert the following:

For the payment of the salaries of four first sergeants (each twelve hundred dollars per annum) two years the sum of nine thousand six hundred ($9,600) dollars

For the payment of the salaries of sixteen corporals (each nine hundred and fifty dollars per annum) two years the sum of thirty thousand four hundred ($30,400) dollars

For the payment of the salaries of four blacksmiths (each nine hundred and fifty dollars per annum) two years the sum of seven thousand six hundred ($7,600) dollars

For the payment of the increased salaries of reinlisted men in accordance with the act of one thousand nine hundred and eleven two years the sum of twenty-seven thousand six hundred and forty ($27,640) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

Line 1472 after the word "secretary" strike out the words "to the Commissioner of Health"

Line 1473 after the word "of" strike out the word "six" and insert in lieu thereof the word "seven"

Line 1474 strike out the figures "($5,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($7,000)"

Line 1495, after the word "of" strike out the word "six" and insert in lieu thereof the word "seven;" strike out the figures "($6,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($7,000)."

Line 1497 after the word "of" strike out the word "five" and insert in lieu thereof the word "six."

Line 1498, strike out the figures "($5,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($6,000)."

Strike out all of lines 1499, 1500 and 1501.

Line 1510, after the word "of" strike out the word "five" and insert in lieu thereof the word "six."

Line 1511, strike out the figures "($5,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($6,000)."

Line 1544, strike out the the figures "($3,600)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($3,000)."

Line 1613, after the word "the" strike out the words "Medical Inspector" and insert in lieu thereof the words "Chief of the Division."

Line 1614, strike out after the word "of" the word "six" and insert in lieu thereof the word "seven."

Line 1615, strike out the figures "($6,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($7,000)."

After line 1615 insert the following:

For the payment of the salary of the Lecturer and Manager of the Tuberculosis Exhibit two years the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000)

Line 1716, after the word "Charities" insert the words "the General Agent and Secretary thereof."

Line 1724, after the word "of" strike out the word "six" and insert in lieu thereof the word "seven;" strike out the figures "($6,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($7,000)."

Line 1742, after the word "for" insert the words "part of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and."

Line 1745, after the word "made" insert the words "monthly by warrant drawn by the Auditor General on the State Treasurer except in the case of associate judges who shall be paid."

Line 1762, after the word "Judges" strike out the word "two" and insert the words "for part of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and the two succeeding years."

Line 1784, after the word "twenty" strike out the word "eight" and insert in lieu thereof the word "nine;" after the word "thousand" strike out the word "two" and insert in lieu thereof the word "seven."

Line 1785, strike out the figures "($28,220)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($29,720)."

Line 1813, after the word "Court" strike out the word "two" and insert the words "for part of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and the two succeeeding years."

Line 1833, after the word "Philadelphia" insert the words "for part of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and the two succeeding years."

Line 1834, before the word "years" strike out the word "two"

Line 1843, after the word "Dauphin" insert the words "for part of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and the two succeeding."

Line 1844, before the word "years" insert the word "two"

Line 1847, after the word "the" strike out "salarires" and insert in lieu thereof the word "salaries."

Line 1850, after the word "thousand" insert the words "for part of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and the two succeeding years"

Line 1857, after the figures "($250,000)" insert the words "for part of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and the two succeeding years."

Line 1863, after the figures "(90,000)" insert the words "for part of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and the two succeeding years"

Line 1868, after the word "to" insert the words "each of."

Line 1872, strike out the first word in the line "one" and insert in lieu thereof the word "two;" after the word "thousand" strike out the words "nine hundred and twenty" strike out the figures "($1,920)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($4,000)."

Line 1881, after the word "Philadelphia" and insert the words "for part of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and the succeeding."

Line 1886, after the word "Allegheny" insert the words "for part of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and the succeeding."

Line 1892 after "wealth" insert the words "for part of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and the succeeding two years"

After line 1903 insert the following:

For the payment of the salaries of the presiding judge and judges of the County Court for the County of Allegheny the sum of fifty-one thousand dollars ($51,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the salaries of the judges as provided for in Senate Bill number ninety-six passed by the Legislature but conditioned upon its approval by the Governor the sum of seventy-two thousand dollars ($72,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the payment of the salaries of the judges of the Supreme Superior Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts who may resign or retire as provided for in Senate Bill numbber twenty passed by the Legislature but conditioned upon its approval by the Governor the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the eighteen months beginning January first one thousand nine hundred and twelve

After line 1921 insert the following:

For the payment of the salaries of the associate judges as provided for in Senate Bill number three hundred and ninety-seven passed by the Legislature but conditioned upon its approval by the Governor the sum of thirty-eight thousand four hundred dollars ($38,400) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the two years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

Line 2052 strike out "hnu" and insert in lieu thereof "hun"

Line 2056 after the word "of" strike out the word "six" and insert in lieu thereof the words "eight thousand;" strike out the last word in the line "eight"

Line 2057 strike out the first word in the line "hundred;" strike out the figures "($6,800)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($8,000)"

After line 2062 insert the following:

For the payment of a deficiency in the expenses of the Senate Appropriaion Committee for the session of one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum of seven hundred and eighty-six dollars and seventy-five cents ($786.75)

Line 2119 after the word "of" strike out the word "two" and insert the word "Three;" after the word "thousand" strike out the word "eight" and insert in lieu thereof the word "one"

Line 2120 strike out the figures "($2,800)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($3,100)"

Line 2121 after the word "thousand' insert the words "three hundred"

Line 2122 strike out the figures "($3,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the words "($3,300)"

After line 2123 insert the following:

To the Secretary of the Senate for the preparation of apportionment data and maps for the use of the General Assembly of one thousand nine hundred and thirteen the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

Line 2172, after the word "ending" strike out the words "January sixth" and insert in lieu thereof the words "May thirty-one

Line 2173, after the word "thousand" insert the words "three hundred"

Line 2174, strike out the figures "($3,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($3,300)"

Line 2230, after the word "nine" strike out "hundred" and insert in lieu thereof the word "hundred"

After line 2261 insert the following:

For the payment of the deficiency in the expenses of the House Appropriation Committee for the session of one thousand nine hundred and eleven the sum of four hundred thirty-two dollars and fifty cents ($432.50)

Line 2291, after the word "nine" strike out "hunderd" and insert in lieu thereof "hundred"

Line 2299, after the word "million" strike out the words "one hundred thousand"

Line 2300, strike out the figures "($15,100,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($15,000,000)"

Line 2328, after the word "of" strike out the word "two" and insert in lieu thereof the word "one;" strike out the figures "($200,000)" and insert in lieu thereof the figures "($100,000)"

Line 2479, after the word "the" strike out "Electorial" and insert "Electoral"

After line 2561 insert the following:

Section 29 For the payment of the balance of salary stationery and mileage for the session of one thousand nine hundred and eleven of Honorable J Calvin Meyer member of the House of Representatives from Centre County deceased the sum of six hundred ten dollars and forty cents ($610.40) or so much thereof as may be necessary to his legal representative the amount to be certified to the Auditor General by the Speaker of the House of Representatives paid by the State Treasurer upon warrant of the Auditor General

Section 40 For the payment of additional expenses including counsel fees of the Commission to Revise the Laws of the Commonwealth Relating to Corporations and Revenue and like expenses of said Commission from June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven if resolution authorizing its continuation

be approved by the Governor the sum of seventy thousand dollars ($70,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 41 For the payment of the expenses of the Commission authorized by concurrent resolution to Investigate the different Systems of Recording Deeds Mortgages and Insurance of Titles the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 42 For the payment of the expenses of the delegates attending the Conference with the States of Ohio West Virginia and Maryland upon the subject of a tax upon oil gas and bituminous coal as provided for in Senate Bill number two hundred and sixty-three conditional upon its passage by the Legislature and its approval by the Governor the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 43 For the payment of the expenses of the Commission to arrange for the unveiling exercises of the groups of statuary on either side of the main entrance to the Capitol as provided for in concurrent resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 44 For the payment of the official representatives of this Commonwealth to the Eighth International Congress of Applied Chemists which meets at the cities of Washington and New York authorized by concurrent resolution the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars

Section 45 For the payment of the expenses of the Commission authorized by concurrent resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives to Investigate Public Service Corporations in Pennsylvania the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

On the question,

Will the House concur in said amendments:

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—150.

Abbott	Fahey	Klingerman	Robinson
Akers	Fay	Klumpp	Robison
Allen	Feeney	Larkins	Rockwell
Alter	Ferguson	Leh	Roney
Baldwin, G.	Fitzgerald	Letzkus	Row
Baldwin, R.	Freeman	Light	Rumsey
Bartman	Frey	Lindsay	Sassaman
Bass	Gans	Magee	Savidge
Bender	Geary	Malie	Schad
Bentley	Gibson	Martin	Schmidt
Billman	Gilkeson	Marvin	Schofield
Blair	Good	McAleer	Schultz
Bosher	Gransback	McArdle	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gray	McClung	Shadrach
Brehm	Graybill	McInerney	Sherwood
Breitinger	Grove	McJunkin	Shreve
Campbell, C	Guyaux	McMullen	Snyder, P.
Campbell, W.	Halferty	McNichol	Speer
Carroll	Hecht	Miller	Steese
Carter	Henry	Mills	Stein
Clarency	Herman	Moore	Swan
Cleary	Hess	Morris	Swartz
Clymer	Hibshman	Moses	Townsend
Connell	Hobbs	Moulthrop	Tunis
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Neel	Ulerich
Conner, W.	Holland	North	Von Tacky
Conrade	Hoover	Perry	Wallace
Cox, E. R.	Hormell	Phillips	Walnut
Crum	Hough	Piper	Ward, W. Jr.
Cumbler	Howard	Pitchford	Ward, W. B.
Currier	Irwin	Raesley	Watts
Curry	Jackson	Rath	Welch
Dale	Johnson, C. V.	Reel	Whitman
Davis, A.	Johnson, D. D.	Reeser	Wilcox
Dearden	Johnston,	Reno	Williams
Dunn, H.	Keely	Reyburn	Wilson
Dunn, J.	Keene	Rhoads	Woodward
Ehrhardt	Keister	Richards	Young
Eichenberger	Kelley, J.	Riebel	Cox, J. F.
Ewing	Kelsey		Speaker.

NAYS—14.

Ailman	Dershem	Kern	Rider
Benson	Enbody	Knight	Scott, S.
Brennan	Kelly, M. C.	Matt	Snavely
Davis, W.			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative, and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

HOUSE BILL CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows:

HOUSE BILL NO. 861.

An act providing for and regulating the reporting to the State Department of Health by physicians of occupational disease and fixing penalties for violations hereof

With information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

BILLS SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER.

The SPEAKER announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 567:

An act amending the twentieth section of an act approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths and burial or removal permits requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics at the capital of the State as required to be established by the State Board of Health and to insure the thorough organization and efficiency of the registration of vital statistics throughout the State as provided in section seven of "An Act to establish a State Board of Health for the better protection of life and health and to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in this Commonwealth" approved June third one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five and making an appropriation for establishing and maintaining such a bureau and providing certain penalties as amended by an act approved the sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to amend sections five nine fifteen nineteen twenty and twenty-five of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths and burial or removal permits requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics at the capital of the State as required to be established by the State Board of Health and to insure the thorough organization and efficiency of the registration of vital statistics throughout the State as provided in section seven of 'An Act to establish a State Board of Health for the better protection of life and health the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in this Commonwealth' approved June third one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five and making an appropriation for establishing and maintaining such a bureau and providing certain penalties' which was approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five by extending the territory in which burial permits shall be valid providing for the issuance of burial permits without fees establishing a method for securing the given names of children making a uniform date for the returns of local registrars providing for certain fees in cities of the first and second class to be paid by the counties and abolishing all other systems of registration of births and deaths" by changing the fees for birth and death certificates

House Bill No. 794:

An act providing for and regulating the taking of land by condemnation proceedings to enlarge certain cemeteries now or hereafter incorporated

House Bill No. 795:

An act to provide for the establishment of the Pennsylvania State Museum and the various divisions thereof and to create a board of trustees for its government and control

House Bill No. 1171:

An act making an appropriation to the Titusville Hospital located at Titusville Crawford County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1260:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to accept the grant of public lands by the United States for the endowment of Agricultural Colleges" approved April first one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three and making appropriations fo rcarrying the same into effect

House Bill No. 1263:

An act making an appropriation to Temple University of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 744:

An act to amend the thirty-second section of an act entitled "An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effects of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway toll-road conduit tunnel mine coal-breaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipe line aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal mill-race works for supplying water heat light power cold air or any other substance furnished to the public well for the production of gas oil or other volatile or mineral substance or other structure or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved the fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as amended by the second section of an act approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to amend section eleven and section thirty-two of an act entitled 'An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway toll-road conduit tunnel coal-breaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipe line aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal mill-race works for supplying water heat light power cold air or any other substance furnished to the public well for the production of gas oil or other volatile

or mineral substance or other structure or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing penalties for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto' approved the fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one so as to change the form of the claim and writ of scire facias thereon" by providing for an amicable scire facias

House Bill No. 752:

An act providing for the appointment by the Court of Common Pleas of any county of auditors to audit settle and adjust the accounts of the directors treasurer and tax collectors of any poor district composed of more than one municipality or municipal district wholly within but less extensive than said county the population of which poor district shall be less than one hundred and fifty thousand and not more than three hundred thousand prescribing their powers duties and compensation the form contents filing and publishing of their report and providing for appeals of the Court of Common Pleas of such county and the Superior and Supreme Courts

House Bill No. 788:

An act authorizing the election in first class townships of additional constable and fixing his term

House Bill No. 723:

An act to provide for the payment of costs in cases of summary conviction had before magistrates aldermen and justices of the peace

House Bill No. 718:

An act to permit trustees executors administrators or receivers where an estate is without money or property to have appeals heard in the appellate courts upon filing typewritten copies of the names of the parties abstract of proceedings verdict questions involved history of the case report of the auditor or master charge of the court points and answers thereto assignments of error argument and certified record

House Bill No. 722:

An act amending the twenty-first section of an act entitled "An Act relating to the county rates and levies and township rates and levies" approved the fifteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four by authorizing the collector to deputize a constable or other officer to make the levy and sale or to arrest the delinquent for non-payment of taxes

House Bill No. 724:

An act regulating the pay of election officers in all counties of this Commonwealth containing a population of not less than two hundred and fifty thousand and not more than five hundred thousand

House Bill No. 743:

An act to exempt certain buildings from the provisions and requirements of the act of Assembly approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act amending section one of article three of an act entitled 'An Act for the better government of the cities of the first class in this Commonwealth' approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five regulating the construction alteration and ventilation of tenement houses and providing for the safety of the inhabitants thereof and providing penalties for the violation of the same" and of an act of Assembly approved the twelfth day of July Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act approved the third day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five entitled 'An act to amend an act entitled 'An act to provide for the better security of life and limb in cases of fire in hotels and other buildings' approved the eleventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine' extending the provisions thereof to buildings used in whole or in part for offices not of fire proof construction" and also an act of Assembly approved the twenty-fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act to further regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings and party walls in cities of the first class"

House Bill No. 104:

An act to amend an act approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two entitled "An Act relating to foreign executors administrators guardians and representatives of decedents and wards" by extending the provisions thereof to the assignment and satisfaction of record or mortgage debts and indentures or mortgages and to the receipt of the interest thereon

House Bill No. 702:

A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act relative to Berks county prison and to discharged convicts" approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-five

House Bill No. 700:

An act authorizing Peter F Keigle a resident of Spring township Snyder county Pennsylvania to bring suit and to recover against this Commonwealth in the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin county Pennsylvania any sum or sums of money which may be legally or justly due him from this Commonwealth for damage done to his property in fighting forest fires in said county in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten

House Bill No. 701:

An act authorizing C L Francisco of Sayre Bradford county Pennsylvania to bring suit and recover against this Commonwealth in the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County any sum or sums of money which may be legally or justly due from this Commonwealth for advertising in the Sayre Times Record constitutional amendments proposed and voted on in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine

House Bill No. 717:

An act to amend the second section of an act approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act providing that the district attorneys in all counties whose population does not exceed one hundred and fifty thousand shall be paid a salary and fixing the same which shall be in lieu of all fees and in full compensation for their services and providing for the appointment of assistant district attorneys in said counties and for the compensation of the same and providing that the fees heretofore allowed the district attorneys upon indictments shall remain in amount as heretofore but shall hereafter be as part of the costs for the use and benefit of the proper county" by fixing the salaries of district attorneys in counties having more than thirty thousand inhabitants but not more than forty thousand inhabitants

Whereupon,

The Speaker in the presence of the House signed the same.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Woodward, presents the report of the committee of conference on House Bill No. 1123.

The Clerk read the report as follows:

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1123.

To the members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned, committee of conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives, for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 1123, entitled "An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the annual fixed charge for road purposes on lands held for forest reserves," beg leave to submit the following as our report:

CHARLES H. KLINE,
T. M. KURTZ,
F. E. BALDWIN,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

JAS. F. WOODWARD,
FRANK J. KLUMPP,
W. F. WHITMAN,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act making an appropriation for the payment of the annual fixed charge for road purposes on lands held for forest reserves

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of forty thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated for the payment of the annual fixed charge for road purposes on lands held for forest reserves for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

On the question,

Will the House adopt the report of the committee of conference?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—158.

Abbott	Dunn, H.	Keister,	Richards
Allman	Dunn, J.	Kelley, J.	Riebel
Akers	Ehrhardt	Kelsey,	Robinson
Allen	Eichenberger	Kern,	Rockwell
Alter	Ewing	Klingerman,	Roney
Baldwin, G.	Fahey	Klumpp,	Rumsey
Baldwin, R.	Feeney	Lafferty,	Sassaman
Bartman	Ferguson	Larkins,	Schad
Bass	Fitzgerald	Letzkus	Schmidt
Bender	Freeman	Light,	Schultz
Benson	Frey	Magee,	Scott, J.
Bentley	Geary	Malie,	Scott, S.
Billman	Gibson	Martin,	Shudrach
Bosher	Gilkeson	Matt,	Shannon
Bossert	Good	McAleer,	Sherwood
Boyd	Grunsback	McArdle,	Shoemaker
Brehm	Gray	McClung,	Shreve
Breitinger	Graybill	McInerney,	Snavely
Caldwell	Grove	McJunkin,	Snyder, A.
Campbell, C.	Haggerty	McMullen,	Speer,
Campbell, W.	Halferty	McNichol,	Steese
Carroll	Hecht	Miller,	Stein,
Carter	Henry	Mills,	Swan
Clarency	Hess	Moore,	Swartz
Cleary	Hibshman	Morris,	Townsend
Clymer	Hobbs	Moses	Tunis
Cole	Hoffman	Moulthrop	Von Tacky
Connell	Hoover	Neel	Wallace

Conner, W.	Hormell	Newbaker	Walnut
Conrade	Howard	North	Ward, W., Jr.
Cox, E.	Hunter, J. N.	Phillips	Ward, W. B.
Crum	Irwin	Piper	Watts
Currier	Jackson,	Pitchford	Welch
Curry	Johnson, D,	Rath	Whitman
Dallas	Johnston,	Rebert	Wilson
Davis, A.	Jones, E,	Reece	Williams
Davis, W.	Jones, J,	Reel	Wilson
Dearden	Keely,	Reno	Woodward
Detzel	Donahoe	Reyburn	Cox, J. Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Woodward, presents the report of the committee of conference on House Bill No. 1201. The Clerk read the report as follows:

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1201.

To the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned, committee of conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives, for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 1201, entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the Saint Vincent's Hospital Association of the City of Erie, Erie County, Pennsylvania," beg leave to submit the following as our report:

CHARLES H. KLINE,
T. M. KURTZ,
F. E. BALDWIN,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

JAS. F. WOODWARD,
FRANK J. KLUMPP,
W. F. WHITMAN,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Vincent's Hospital Association of the city of Erie, Erie county, Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Saint Vincent's Hospital Association of Erie Erie county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purposes to wit

For the purpose of maintenance and paying the expenses incident to the typhoid fever epidemic the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars ($35,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the purpose of equipment of laundry the sum of five thousand dollars ($5000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of equipment of new addition to hospital the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 2 Before any of the moneys hereinbefore appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement in connection with the said institution shall be available the trustees or directors thereof through the proper corporate officers of the same shall under the corporate seal of the institution so asking for State aid file with the Auditor General's Department of the Commonwealth upon proper blanks to be furnished by the said department upon application therefor an obligation in writing duly acknowledged and to be duly recorded in the office for the recording of deeds in the county in which said institution is located and agreeing that whenever such building so erected enlarged extended or altered or such permanent improvements provided through State aid shall be converted to private uses or purposes or be conducted for private gain or profit or shall for any cause or for any reason whatsoever be abandoned or sold or transferred to any person or persons firm or corporation for any use other than that authorized by the certificate of incorporation under which the same is now held and operated all sums of money herein appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement to the institution hereinbefore referred to shall be refunded to the treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be collectible as obligations of like character are now collected And provided further That the amount so appropriated as aforesaid for permanent improvement be and the same is hereby made a non-interest bearing lien on the said premises for the use of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

On the question,

Will the House adopt the report of the Committee on Conference?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—157.

Abbott	Feeney	Klumpp	Robinson
Akers	Ferguson	Kuhns	Robison
Allen	Fitzgerald	Lafferty	Rockwell
Anderson	Freeman	Larkins	Row
Baldwin, R.	Frey	Leh	Rumsey
Bass	Gans	Letzkus	Sassaman
Bender	Geary	Lindsay	Savidge
Bentley	Gibson	Magee	Schmidt
Billman	Gilkeson	Malle	Schofield
Blair	Good	Martin	Scott, J.
Bosler	Gransback	Marvin	Scott, S.
Boyd	Gray	McAleer	Shadrach
Brehm	Grove	McArdle	Shaffer
Breitinger	Guyaux	McClung	Sherwood
Caldwell	Haggerty	McInerney	Shoemaker
Campbell C.	Healey	McJunkin	Shreve
Campbell, J.	Hecht	McMullen	Snyder, A.
Carter	Herman	McNichol	Snyder, P.
Clarency	Hess	Miller	Steese
Clymer	Hilton	Mills	Stein
Connell	Hobbs	Moore	Swartz
Conner, W.	Hoffman	Morris	Townsend
Conrade	Hoover	Moses	Tunis
Cox, E.	Hormell	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Cumbler	Hough	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Currier	Hunter J. N.,	North	Wallace
Curry	Hunter, R. P.,		Walnut
Dale	Irwin	Piper	Walton
Dallas	Jackson	Pitchford	Ward, W., Jr
Davis, A	Johnson, C. V.,	Rath	Ward, W.
Davis, W.	Johnston	Rebert	Watts
Dearden	Jones, E. E.,	Reece	Welch
Detzel	Jones, J. R.,	Reel	Whitman
Dunn, H.	Keene,	Reeser	Wilcox
Dunn, J.	Keister	Reno	Williams
Ehrhardt	Kelley, J.,	Reyburn	Wilson
Eichenberger	Kelly, M. C.,	Rhoads	Woodward
Ewing	Kelsey,	Rider	Young
Fahey	Kern	Riebel	Cox, J. Speaker
Fay	Klingerman		

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Woodward, presents the report of the committee of conference on House Bill No. 1186,

The Clerk read the report as follows,

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1186.

To the members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned, committee of conference in the part of the Senate and House of Representatives, for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 1186, entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the American Hospital for Diseases of the Stomach of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania," beg leave to submit the following as our report:

CHARLES H. KLINE,
T. M. KURTZ,
F. E. BALDWIN,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

JAS. F. WOODWARD,
W. F. WHITMAN,
FRANK J. KLUMPP,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act making an appropriation to the American Hospital for Diseases of the Stomach of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-four thousand dollars ($24,000) or so much there of as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the American Hospital for Diseases of the Stomach of Philadelphia Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purposes to wit:

For the purpose of maintenance the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For completion equipment and maintenance of laboratory and dispensary building the sum of fourteen thousand dollars ($14,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 2 Before any of the moneys hereinbefore appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement in connection with said institution shall be available the trustees or directors thereof through the proper corporate officers of the same shall under the corporate seal of the institution so asking for State aid file with the Auditor General's Department of the Commonwealth upon proper blanks to be furnished by the said department upon application therefor an obligation in writing duly acknowledged and to be duly recorded in the office for the recording of deeds in the county in which said institution is located agreeing that whenever such buildings so erected enlarged extended or altered or such permanent improvements provided through State aid shall be converted to private uses or purposes or be conducted for private gain or profit or shall for any cause or for any reason whatsoever be abandoned or sold or transferred to any person or persons firm or corporation for any use other than that authorized by the certificate of incorporation under which the same is now held and operated all sums of money herein appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement to the institution hereinbefore re-

ferred to shall be refunded to the Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be collectible as obligations of like character are now collected And provided further That the amount so appropriated as aforesaid for permanent improvement be and the same is hereby made a non-interest-bearing lien on the said premises for the use of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

On the question,

Will the House adopt the report of the committee of conference?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—156.

Abbott	Enbody	Keister	Rhoads
Ailman	Ewing	Kelley, J.,	Rider
Alter	Fabey	Kelly, M. C.,	Riebel
Anderson	Fay	Kern	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	Feeney	Kinney	Robison
Bartman	Ferguson	Klingerman	Rockwell
Bass	Fitzgerald	Knight	Roney
Bentley,	Flynn	Lafferty	Rumsey
Billman	Frey	Larkins	Sassaman
Bosher	Gans	Leh	Savidge
Bossert	Geary	Letzkus	Schmidt
Boyd	Gibson	Lindsay	Schofield
Brehm	Gilkeson	Magee	Scott, J.
Brennan	Good	Malle	Scott, S.
Caldwell	Gransback	Martin	Shaffer
Campbell, C.	Gray	Marvin	Shannon
Campbell, J.	Graybill	Maurer	Sherwood
Campbell, W.	Grove	McAleer	Shreve
Carter	Haggerty	McClung	Snavely
Clarency	Halferty	McInerney	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Healey	McJunkin	Speer
Connell	Hecht	McMullen	Stein
Conner, P.	Henry	McNichol	Swan
Conner, W.	Hess	Miller	Swartz
Conrade	Hibshman	Mills	Townsend
Crum	Hilton	Moore	Tunis
Cumbler	Hoffman	Morris	Ulerich
Currier	Holland	Moses	Wallace
Curry	Hoover	Moulthrop	Walnut
Dale	Hormell	Newbaker	Ward, W., Jr
Dallas	Howard	North	Ward, W. B.
Davis, A.	Hunter J. N.,	Perry	Watts
Davis, W.	Hunter, R. P.,	Piper	Welch
Dearden	Jackson	Pitchford	Whitman
Detzel	Johnson, C. V.,	Rath	Wilcox
Donahoe	Johnson, D. D.,	Rebert	Whitman
Donnally	Johnston	Reel	Wilson
Dunn, H.	Jones, E. E.,	Reeser	Woodward
Dunn, James	Keely,	Reno	Young
Eichenberger	Keene,	Reyburn	Cox, J., Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

BILLS SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER.

The SPEAKER. The Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passed both houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 942:

A joint resolution providing for the appointment by the Governor of a commission to be known as the Pennsylvania State Vaccination Commission and defining its powers and duties and making an appropriation for the expenses thereof

House Bill No. 949:

An act making an appropriation to the Messiah Home Orphanage of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1014:

An act making an appropriation to the Aged Colored Women's Home at Williamsport Lycoming county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1080:

An act making an appropriation to the York Hospital and Dispensary of York city Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1081:

An act making an appropriation to the York Society to Protect Children and Aged Persons formerly the Christian Home of York Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1084:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Home of the city of York Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1133:

An act making an appropriation for the Springdale General Hospital at Springdale Allegheny County

House Bill No. 1210:

An act making an appropriation for maintenance and for the construction of a building for contagious diseases at Mary M Packer Hospital Sunbury Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1233:

An act making an appropriation to the Franklin City Hospital

House Bill No. 1255:

An act making an appropriation to the House of Refuge situate in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth to defray the expense of erecting an additional cottage and certain other buildings for the accommodation of the Girls Department in their county home near Darlington Delaware County

House Bill No. 327:

An act prescribing the number of fixtures for water supply for house and other buildings occupied as dwellings in cities of the first class making violation of its provisions a misdemeanor and providing punishment for the same

House Bill No. 590:

An act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to Fred Muster superintendent of the Bear Company Berwick Pennsylvania the amount paid by him to cover fine imposed for alleged violation of the minor labor act of one thousand nine hundred and nine

House Bill No. 662:

An act relating to private sales of real estate ordered decreed or approved by the orphans' courts and providing a method of giving notice of such sales and validating such private sales of real estate heretofore made under the authority of the orphans' courts for the payment of debts

House Bill No. 731:

An act prohibiting the making of appropriations by the General Assembly to unincorporated charitable reformatory or correctional institutions formed organized or established after the date of the approval of this act and making it unlawful for the Auditor General and State Treasurer to make payments of appropriations to such associations

House Bill No. 747:

An act providing for the appointment of a commission to survey and ascertain the location of the military route constructed and traversed by General Edward Braddock and General John Forbes in their respective military expeditions of 1755 and 1758 and make a report thereon to the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in writing for publication and making an appropriation for the payment of necessary assistance and expenses incurred in the field and office work of the same

House Bill No. 754:

An act fixing the salary of the storekeeper in the office of the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings

House Bill No. 920:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home and Maternity Hospital Philadelphia

House Bill No. 944:

An act making an appropriation to St. Joseph's Hospital of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1293:

An act making an appropriation for the improvement of the State Canal Basins at the Port of Erie by dredging the said basins for widening the piers and bridge over the water channel between the said canal basins and erecting certain walls in the same for the protection of said state canal basins with harbor of Erie authorizing the appointment of a commission to make said improvements and providing for regulating the manner in which said basin shall be used by the public and kept in repairs

House Bill No. 1327:

An act making an appropriation to the Colored Day Nursery of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1028:

An act making an appropriation to the Salvation Army Rescue and Maternity Home of Bellevue Allegheny County

House Bill No. 1050:

An act making an appropriation to the House of Refuge situate in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth to defray the expenses of erecting a Hospital and Refrigerating Plant and the Installation of a Sewage Plant for the Boys' Department of Glen Mills Delaware County

House Bill No. 1064:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1071:

An act making an appropriation to the House of Refuge in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1129:

An act making an appropriation to the Improvement Children's Home of the City of Pittsburg

House Bill No. 1113:

An act making an appropriation to the Brownsville General Hospital at Brownsville Fayette County Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1141:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind at Pittsburg

House Bill No. 1216:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Training School for Feeble Minded Children at Elwyn Delaware county

House Bill No. 1229:

An act making an appropriation of twenty-five thousand dollars for the erection of a monument to Robert Morris in the city of Philadelphia and empowering the appointment of a commission to select a site and to build such monument and providing for the expenses of the said commission and dedication of monument

House Bill No. 1230:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital of the Northern Anthracite Coal Region of Pennsylvania at Scranton Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1328:

An act making an appropriation to Carroll R Williams J H Shoemaker and A Morton Cooper of Philadelphia for services as attorneys for the Dairy and Food Commission and to A K Cassel of said city for services as special agent of the Dairy and Food Commissioner

House Bill No. 1333:

An act making an appropriation to the German Baptist Home for the Aged of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1364:

An act to authorize the purchase of historical works relative to the services of any regiment or battery or other unit of military organization of Pennsylvania Volunteers during the War for the Suppression of the Rebellion when same had been approved by the Governor Auditor General and Adjutant General making an appropriation for purchase of same and payment of expenses incurred or services rendered in examination and correction of said histories and providing for distribution of histories so purchased

House Bill No. 1237:

An act making an appropriation to the DuBois Hospital of DuBois Clearfield county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1253:

An act making an appropriation to the Institute for Colored Youth at Cheyney Delaware county

House Bill No. 1261:

An act making appropriations to the trustees of the University of Pittsburg for the extension of the buildings for the School of Medicine and the School of Mines for the erection of a building for the School of Dentistry for the general maintenance of the University construction of buildings and the purchase of equipment and for hospital clinic mining engineering education medicine and observatory purposes

House Bill No. 1262:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the University of Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1264:

An act making an appropriation to the Finance Committee of the Organizing Commission of the Twelfth International Congress of Navigation to help defray the expenses incident to the meeting of said Congress to be held in Philadelphia in June one thousand nine hundred and twelve

House Bill No. 1275:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittendon Home located at one hundred and thirty-nine Queen Street Germantown Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1278:

An act making an appropriation to the Sisters of Charity of Saint Catharin's Orphan Asylum of Reading Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1282:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Agricultural Experiment Station of the Pennsylvania State College Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1284:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Working Home for Blind Men for maintenance in handicraft employment

House Bill No. 1290:

An act making an appropriation to the General Hospital of the city of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1330:

An act making an appropriation to the Commission for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Hospital for the treatment of the insane under homoeopathic management to be called the Homoeopathic State Hospital for the Insane

House Bill No. 1062:

An act making an appropriation to the Catholic Home for Destitute Children Philadelphia

Senate Bill No. 20:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the removal of judges of the Supreme Superior Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts permanently disqualified by reason of physical or mental disability to perform their judicial functions and duties with half pay for their unexpired terms and the filling of vacancies caused by such removal" approved May eleventh one thousand nine hundred and one so as to allow them full pay during the balance of their terms of office and half pay during the remainder of their lives if they have served twenty years continuously remain incapacitated but advise with their successor and colleagues so far as reasonably able to do

Senate Bill No. 25:

An act amending sections three eight and fourteen of "An Act to provide for licensing and regulating employment agencies in cities of the first and second class in this Commonwealth and providing penalties for the violation thereof" approved the twenty-fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven

Senate Bill No. 103:

An act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner two Deputy State Highway Commissioners chief engineer chief draughtsman superintendents of highways and a staff of assistants and employes defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of commissioner and deputies and other appointees providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county seats principal cities and towns and extending to the State line Describing and defining same by route numbers as the State highways of the Commonwealth Providing for the improvement maintenance and repair of said State Highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expense to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State Highways wholly and in part requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner Providing for the payment of damages in taking of property or otherwise in the improvement thereof Providing for purchase or acquiring of turn-pikes or toll-roads forming all or part of any State Highway and procedure therein Providing for work of improvement of State highways to be done by contract except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work be done by the State Providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads Defining highways and State-aid highways Providing method of application for State-aid in the improvement maintenance and repair of township or county roads and prescribing the contents of township county borough or incorporated town petitions Providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State county township borough or incorporated town and requiring contracts by counties townships boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same Providing for the minimum width of State highways and State-aid highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement providing for payment of cost of improvement and repairs. Providing penalty for injuring or destroying State highways Making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act

Senate Bill No. 127:

An act establishing in each county a Board of Viewers prescribing their duties providing for their appointment as viewers road juries juries of view and commissioners to view land and providing for the charges upon the respective counties in the matter of salaries costs and expenses thereof

Senate Bill No. 159:

An act to provide within the following boundaries namely On the west by the present eastern line of Capitol Park on the north by the southern line of North street on the east by the western line of the right of way of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and on the south by the northern line of Walnut street for the extension of Capitol Park in the city of Harrisburg and for the acquiring taking and condemnation of real estate in connection therewith and within said boundaries and for the demolition of the buildings and structures thereon and making an appropriation therefor and also for the expenses and cost in connection therewith

Senate Bill No. 225:

An act to amend the second section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled "An Act to authorize cities and boroughs to condemn property and rights inside and outside of their limits for the purposes of obtaining and supplying water" by fixing the number of the viewers at three

Senate Bill No. 277:

An act validating certain elections of counties cities boroughs townships school districts and other incorporated districts held pursuant to the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof" and the amendments thereto and invalidating bonds issued in pursuance of such elections

Senate Bill No. 287:

An act supplementing an act approved the fifteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic to be called the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic and making an appropriation therefor" by abolishing the Commission therein established providing for the completion of said institution regulating the powers of the Board of Trustees and repealing the tenth and seventeenth sections thereof

Senate Bill No. 297:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act relating to the settlement of public accounts" approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine by providing that the powers imposed shall be exercised by the concurrent action as a board of all the officers named and that said officers shall act in person and not by deputy

Senate Bill No. 298:

An act authorizing and empowering cities and boroughs in their corporate capacity to enact ordinances prescribing such reasonable regulations for the mining of coal beneath said cities and boroughs as may tend to prevent the settling or caving in of the surface

Senate Bill No. 299:

An act providing for the election of councilmen in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth and fixing the time and manner of the organization of the town councils therein

Senate Bill No. 316:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the better government of cities of the first class in this Commonwealth" approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five authorizing and establishing a Board of Recreation for the creation organization care management conduct and supervision of recreation facilities of cities of the first class except as herein provided

Senate Bill No. 318:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hunderd and one creating and regulating a city planning department giving it jurisdiction extending it over the city and for three miles beyond the city limits and regulating the laying out of plans of lots within the limits of the city

Senate Bill No. 354:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 379:

An act authorizing the Battlefield Commission of the Third Division Ninth Corps Army of the Potomac to purchase additional ground and authorizing the preparation and publication of a history of the proceedings incident to the erection and dedication of the monument at Petersburg Virginia including a history of the Pennsylvania regiments in said Division and making an appropriation therefor

Senate Bill No. 382:

An act to amend sections two three eight and thirteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the first and second class of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for the violations of its provisions" approved the seventeenth day of February Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six and sections five six seven ten fifteen and sixteen of said act as amended by the act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of the electors in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for violations of its provisions" approved June third one thousand nine hundred and seven by further defining "party" and who may be appointed registrars increasing the terms of commissioners changing the registration days and the form of register requiring all petitions to be under oath and empowering the chief clerk of the board of registration commissioners to administer oaths and providing for additional employes for said boards and fixing their compensation and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

Senate Bill No. 413:

An act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of game commissioners for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania defining their duties and empowering them to appoint game protectors" approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five providing for an increase in the number of game protectors as authorized by said section and authorizing the publication of reports and bulletins at public expense

Senate Bill No. 422:

An act providing for the method contents style reporting printing and binding of the Legislative Journal and the preparation printing and binding of the Journals of the Senate and House of Representatives authorizing the appointment of official reporters typewriters clerks and other employes providing for the making of an appendix and index the printing of wrappers or envelopes for mailing the Legislative Journal and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

Senate Bill No. 430:

An act amending section three of article one section five of article three sections sixteen seventeen and eighteen of article four section two of article six section one of article seven sections one and three of article eight and sections one and seven of article nine of an act entitled "An act providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class" approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine

Senate Bill No. 476:

An act authorizing poor districts to acquire lands supply erect and equip hospitals for the care and treatment of indigent persons afflicted with tuberculosis and providing for a per capita allowance by the State for the patients treated therein

Senate Bill No. 487:

An act permitting the substitution of other securities for those deposited with the State Treasurer to secure the Commonwealth against relief notes issued by certain banks of this Commonwealth and the furnishing of other security therefor

Senate Bill No. 524:

An act to authorize county commissioners to erect a bridge for pedestrians only in lieu of a wagon bridge legally authorized when in their judgment such bridge will sufficiently accommodate public travel

Senate Bill No. 532:

An act enabling the several boroughs of the Commonwealth to validate certain ordinances where the same have not been published according to law or where the proof of publication cannot be made

Senate Bill No. 543:

An act to amend the sixth section of an act entitled "An Act dividing the cities of this State into three classes regulating the passage of ordinances providing for contracts for supplies and work for such cities authorizing the increase of indebtedness and the creation of a sinking fund to redeem the same defining and punishing certain offenses in all of said cities and providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class" approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four providing that it shall be lawful for the councils of any city to pass ordinances defining the competency of workmen or laborers engaged in work for such city under contracts and prescribing the minimum wages to be paid and the maximum hours of employment of workmen or laborers so engaged and validating such existing ordinances

Senate Bill No. 546:

An act providing for the election of city assessors in cities of the third class fixing their term and the time for the completion of their annual and triennial assessments and the expiration of the terms of assessors and the expiration of the terms of assessors now in office

Senate Bill No. 547:

An act fixing the time for organization of the legislative departments of municipal governments and for the inauguration of mayors of cities

Senate Bill No. 551:

An act to regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings used for the exhibition of moving pictures in all cities of the first class providing for the enforcement thereof and fixing penalties for violation of the same

Senate Bill No. 554:

An act amending sections one four five and ten of an act entitled "An act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the third class of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for violation of its provisions" approved the fifth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six and sections three seven and twelve of said act as amended by the act entitled "An act amending sections three seven twelve and thirteen of an act entitled "An act to provide for the personal registration of electors in

cities of the third class of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for violation of its provisions' approved the fifth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six increasing the compensation of registrars in said cities and providing for an additional registration day" approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven by further defining who may be appointed registrars increasing their terms of office changing the registration days and the form of register providing further regulations for the registration of electors and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

Senate Bill No. 555:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend sections four seventeen eighteen nineteen twenty-one twenty-six twenty-nine thirty-three thirty-four and thirty-six of an act entitled "An Act to establish a Board of Wardens for the Port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotages and for other purposes therein mentioned" approved the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand eight hundred and three and vesting the authority over pilots and pilotages in the Bay and River Delaware in the Board of Commissioners of Navigation for the River Delaware and its navigable tributaries" approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred and seven and providing for the classification of pilots and regulating the qualifications of pilots and pilot apprentices.

Senate Bill No. 556:

An act providing for the compensation of district attorneys whose terms expired on the first Monday in January one thousand nine hundred and eleven but who by virtue of an amendment to article fourteen section two of the Constitution of Pennsylvania were required to serve an additional year

Senate Bill No. 565:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Hospital for the treatment and care of the criminal insane to be called the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane and making an appropriation therefor" approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five directing the commissioners for the erection of said State Hospital for the Criminal Insane to surrender their trust to a board of trustees to be appointed by the Governor authorizing the said board of trustees to continue the erection and completion of the building of said State Hospital for the Criminal Insane and authorizing said board of trustees to receive at any time such numbers of criminal insane patients as can be accommodated in the buildings before the completion of the entire institution and further defining the powers and duties of said board of trustees

Senate Bill No. 574:

An act providing for the protection of owners of animals or vehicles and providing penalties for the violation thereof

Senate Bill No. 579:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class" approved the twenty-eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine providing for advertisement by the county commissioners of population and of the intention to proclaim townships of the first class and prescribing certain conditions under which townships of the required population for townships of the first class shall retain or resume the governmental form powers and officers of townships of the second class

Senate Bill No. 600:

A supplement to an act of Assembly entitled "An Act to authorize co-operation of cities of the third class school districts thereof and incorporated library associations therein for the erection and maintenance of free public libraries" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and ninety) by authorizing school districts of cities of the third class to contract for the maintenance of free non-sectarian public libraries without guarantee therefor by the city and validating contracts heretofore or hereafter to be made without such guaranty

Senate Bill No. 604:

An act to protect trees and woodlands and providing punishment for the violation thereof

Senate Bill No. 606:

An act authorizing the granting of right of way over the forestry reserves in this Commonwealth for telegraph and telephone companies and for the transportation and marketing of timber bark gas oil and minerals from adjacent lands and authorizing the Forestry Commission to make such conditions regulations and restrictions as may be necessary for the protection of the interests of the Commonwealth and providing for the payment for said right of way

Senate Bill No. 619:

An act to quiet the title to real estate and to enable citizens of the United States and corporations authorized to hold real estate within this Commonwealth to hold and convey title to real estate which has been formerly held by or for corporations not authorized by law to hold the same

Senate Bill No. 627:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to authorize the appointment of short hand clerks for the courts of Allegheny county" approved the twelfth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven

Senate Bill No. 640:

An act relating to receipts or certificates issued by the owners of bonded distillery warehouses established under the provisions of the revised statutes of the United States relating to distilleries providing that such receipts or certificates shall be in all respects valid warehouse receipts or certificates and providing for the payment of taxes storage and other charges or liens due thereon to the United States Government

Senate Bill No. 641:

An act to provide for the incorporation and government of motor omnibus companies for the purpose of carrying passengers for hire within the cities of this Commonwealth

Senate Bill No. 652:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Institution for the Feeble Minded and Epileptic to be called the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble Minded and Epileptic and making an appropriation therefor" approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and three authorizing the Board of Trustees to enter into agreements respecting highways railways railroads and other means of travel within the lands of the said institution

Senate Bill No. 675:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties or the town councils of the several boroughs of this Commonwealth or both to appropriate annually a sufficient sum of money to each post of the Grand Army of the Republic in their respective counties or boroughs to aid in defraying the expense of Memorial Day" by requiring the commissioners to make the payments specified and fixing the maximum amount thereof

Whereupon,

The Speaker in the presence of the House signed the same.

SENATE MESSAGES.

AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has concurred in the amendments made by the House of Representatives to Senate bills numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

Senate Bill No. 267:

An act making appropriations to institutions not wholly managed by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania liens on the premises of such institutions for the use of the Commonwealth and providing for the collection thereof

Senate Bill No. 453:

An act to direct appeals to the Supreme Court from any decree of distribution wherein the fund for distribution is in excess of fifteen hundred dollars

Senate Bill No. 596:

An act providing for the liquidation distribution of assets and dissolution of corporations under the supervision of the Commissioner of Banking and repealing all acts of Assembly supplied hereby or inconsistent herewith

SENATE MESSAGES.

HOUSE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bills from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled as follows:

House Bill No. 862:

An act providing for the erection of Memorial Halls at the county seats in the different counties of Pennsylvania authorizing and directing the county commissioners of such counties upon petition of at least fifty citizens approved by two successive grand juries and the court of quarter sessions to purchase a plot of ground in such county seat and erect thereon a Memorial Hall in honor of the soldiers sailors and marines from such county who served in the army and navy in the war for the suppression of the Rebellion and all other wars in defense of the United States flag and authorizing the levying of a tax to raise a fund to pay the purchase money of the ground and the expense of the erection of a Memorial Hall

House Bill No. 749:

An act to repeal an act entitled "A supplement to an act passed the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine relating to billiard rooms et cetera in the counties of Chester and Delaware extending the same to the counties of Erie Crawford Venango Warren Tioga Potter and McKean" approved the sixteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six as far as said act relates and extends to Venango county

House Bill No. 833:

An act to revive and continue in force the provisions of an act entitled "An Act to extend the time during which corporations may hold and convey the title to real estate heretofore bought under execution or conveyed to them in satisfaction of debts and now remaining in their hands unsold" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight in so far as they relate to banking companies

House Bill No. 700:

An act authorizing Peter F Reigle a resident of Spring township Synder county Pennsylvania to bring suit and to recover against this Commonwealth in the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin county Pennsylvania any sum or sums of money which may be legally or justly due him from this Commonwealth for damages done to his property in fighting forest fires in said county in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten

House Bill No. 744:

An act to amend the thirty-second section of an act entitled "An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway toll-road conduit tunnel mine coal-breaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipe-line aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal millrace works for supplying water heat light power cold air or any other substance furnished to the public well for the production of gas oil or other volatile or mineral substance or other structure or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved the fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as amended by the second section of an act approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to amend section eleven and section thirty-two of an act entitled 'An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway toll-road conduit tunnel coal-breaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipe-line aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal millrace works for supplying water heat light power cold air or any other substance furnished to the public well for the production of gas oil or other volatile or material substance or other structure or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto' approved the fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one so as to change the form of the claim and writ of scire facias thereon" by providing for an amicable scire facias

With information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

Mr. WOODWARD called up the report of the committee of conference on House Bill No. 919.

The report as agreed upon was read as follows:

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 919.

To the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned, committee of conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 919, entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the Children's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia," beg leave to submit the following as our report:

CHARLES H. KLINE,
T. M. KURTZ,
F. E. BALDWIN,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

JAS. F. WOODWARD,
W. F. WHITMAN,
FRANK J. KLUMPP,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fifty thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Children's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purpose namely

For the purpose of maintenance the sum of fifty thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

On the question,

Will the House adopt the report of the conference committee?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—171.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kelley, J.,	Richards
	Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Riebel
	Ewing	Kent	Robinson
Alter	Fahey	Klingerman	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Fay	Klumpp	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Feeney	Knight	Roney
Bartman	Ferguson	Lafferty	Rumsey
Bass	Freeman	Larkins	Sassaman
Bender	Frey	Leh	Savidge
Bentley	Gans	Light	Schad
Billman	Geary	Lindsay	Schmidt
Bosler	Gibson	Magee	Schofield
Bossert	Gilkeson	Mannion	Scott, J.
Boyd	Good	Martin	Scott, S.
Brehm	Gransback	Marvin	Shadrach
Breitinger	Gray	McAleer	Shannon
Campbell, C.	Grove	McArdle	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Guyaux	McClung	Shreve
Campbell, W.	Hafferty	McInerney	Snavely
Carter	Hecht	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Henry	McMullen	Speer
Cleary	Herman	McNichol	Steese
Clymer	Hess	Miller	Stein
Connell	Hoffman	Mills	Swartz
Conner, P.	Hobbs	Moore	Townsend
Conner, W.	Hoffman	Morris	Tunis
Conrade	Holland	Moses	Ulerich
Cox, E.		Moulthrop	Wallace
Crum	Hormell	Newbaker	Walnut
Cumbler	Hough	North	Ward, W., Jr.
Currier	Howard	Phillips	Ward, W. B.
Curry	Hunter, R. P.,	Piper	Watts
Dale	Irwin	Pitchford	Welch
Dallas	Johnson, C. V.,	Rath	Whitman
Davis, A.	Johnson, D. D.,	Rebert	Wilcox
Dearden	Johnston	Reece	Williams
Dershem	Jones, E. E.,	Reel	Wilson
Detzel	Jones, J. R.,	Reno	Woodward
Donnally	Keene,	Reyburn	Young
Dunn, H.	Keister	Rhoads	Cox, J.
Dunn, J.			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

Mr. WOODWARD called up the report of the committee of conference on House Bill No. 1057.

The report as agreed upon was read as follows:

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1057.

To the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned, committee of conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 1057, entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Incurables, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania," beg leave to submit the following as our report:

CHARLES H. KLINE,
T. M. KURTZ,
F. E. BALDWIN,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

JAS. F. WOODWARD,
W. F. WHITMAN,
FRANK J. KLUMPP,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Incurables Philadelphia Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-five thousand ($25,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Philadelphia Home for Incurables for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the purpose of maintenance

On the question,

Will the House adopt the report of the conference committee?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—169.

Abbott	Curry	Hecht	Martin,
Akers	Dale	Henry	Marvin,
Allen	Dallas	Herman	Maurer,
Alter	Davis, A.	Hibshman	McAleer,
Anderson	Dearden	Hilton	McArdle,
Baldwin, G.	Dershem	Hobbs	McInerney,
Bartman	Donahoe	Holland	McJunkin,
Bass	Dunn, H.	Hoover	McMullen,
Bender	Dunn, J.	Hormell	McNichol,
Bentley	Ehrhardt	Howard	Miller
Blair	Eichenberger	Hunter, J. N.	Mills,
Bosher	Enbody	Irwin	Moore,
Bossert	Ewing	Johnson, C.	Morris,
Boyd	Fahey	Johnson, D.	Moses
Brehm	Fay	Johnston	Moulthrop
Breitinger	Ferguson	Jones, E.	Newbaker
Caldwell	Fitzgerald	Keene,	North
Campbell, C.	Freeman	Kelley, J.	Perry
Campbell, W.	Frey	Kelsey,	Phillips
Carroll	Gans	Kinney	Pitchford
Clarency	Geary	Klingerman,	Rath
Cleary	Gibson	Klumpp,	Ree
Clymer	Gilkeson	Knight,	Reel
Connell	Good	Kuhns,	Reno
Conner, P.	Gransback	Lafferty,	Reyburn
Conner, W.	Gray	Larkins	Rhoads
Conrade	Grove	Light,	Rider
Cox, E.	Guyaux	Lowe,	Riebel
Crum	Haggerty	Magee	Robinson
Cumbler	Halferty	Mannion,	Rockwell
Currier	Healey		

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

Mr. WOODWARD called up the report of the committee of conference on House Bill No. 1106.

The report as agreed upon was read as follows:

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1106.

To the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned, committee of conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 1106, entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Fields of Pennsylvania, located at Blossburg, Tioga county," beg leave to submit the following as our report:

CHARLES H. KLINE,
T. M. KURTZ,
F. E. BALDWIN,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

JAS. F. WOODWARD,
FRANK J. KLUMPP,
W. F. WHITMAN,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions of Pennsylvania located at Blossburg Tioga county

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the following sums or so much thereof as may be necessary are hereby specifically appropriated to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions of Pennsylvania located at Blossburg Tioga county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance of said hospital and the care of the sick and injured persons the sum of twenty-four thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of repairs and improvements to old building and grounds the sum of ten thousand dollars

On the question,

Will the House adopt the report of the conference committee?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—162.

Abbott	Fitzgerald	Knight,	Robinson
Akers	Flynn	Kuhns,	Robison
Allen	Freeman	Lafferty,	Rockwell
Anderson	Frey	Leh,	Row
Baldwin, G.	Gans	Letzkus	Rumsey
Baldwin, R.	Geary	Lindsay,	Sassaman
Bartman	Gibson	Lowe,	Schad
Bass	Gilkeson	Magee,	Schofield
Bender	Good	Malie,	Schultz
Bentley	Gransback	Mannion,	Scott, J.
Billman	Gray	Martin,	Scott, S.
Bosher	Graybill	Matt,	Shadrach
Bossert	Grove	McAleer,	Shaffer
Brehm	Guyaux	McArdle,	Shannon
Breitinger	Haggerty	McClung,	Sherwood
Brennan	Halferty	McGowan,	Shoemaker
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McInerney,	Shreve
Carroll	Henry	McKean,	Snavely
Carter	Hess	McMullen,	Snyder, A.
Clarency	Hibshman	McNichol,	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hilton	Miller,	Steese,
Connell	Hobbs	Mills,	Stein,
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Moore,	Swan
Conner, W.	Holland	Morris,	Swartz
Cox, E.	Hoover	Moses	Townsend
Crum	Hormell	Moulthrop	Tunis
Currier	Howard	Neel	Von Tacky
Curry	Hunter, J. N.	North	Wallace
Dale	Hunter, R. P.	Perry	Walnut
Dallas	Jackson,	Phillips	Walton
Davis, A.	Johnson, C.	Piper	Ward, W., Jr.
Dearden	Johnston,	Pitchford	Ward, W. B.
Dershem	Jones, E.	Rath	Watts
Donnally	Jones, J.	Rebert	Welch
Dunn, H.	Keene,	Reece	Whitman
Dunn, J.	Keister,	Reel	Wilcox
Ehrhardt	Kelley, J.	Reeser	Williams
Eichenberger	Kelly, M.	Reno	Wilson
Ewing	Kern,	Reyburn	Woodward
Fahey	Klingerman,	Richards	Young
Feeney	Klumpp,	Rider	Cox, John F.
Ferguson		Riebel	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

Mr. WOODWARD called up the report of the committee of conference on House Bill No. 1118.

The report as agreed upon was read as follows:

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1118.

To the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned, committee of conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 1118, entitled "An Act making an appropriation for the payment of the annual fixed charge for school purposes on lands held for forest reserves," beg leave to submit the following as our report:

CHARLES H. KLINE,
T. M. KURTZ,
F. E. BALDWIN,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

JAS. F. WOODWARD,
W. F. WHITMAN,
FRANK J. KLUMPP,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act making an appropriation for the payment of the annual fixed charge for school purposes on lands held for forest reserves

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of forty thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated for the payment of the annual fixed charge for school purposes on lands held for forest reserves for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

On the question,

Will the House adopt the report of the conference committee?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—150.

Abbott	Fahey	Kinney	Riebel
Akers	Feeney	Klingerman	Robinson
Alter	Ferguson	Kuhns	Robison
Anderson	Fitzgerald	Larkins	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Flynn	Leh	Roney
Bartman	Freeman	Light	Row
Bass	Frey	Lowe	Sassaman
Bender	Gans	Malie	Savidge
Benson	Geary	Mannion	Schmidt
Bentley	Gibson	Martin	Schofield
Blair	Gilkeson	Marvin	Schultz
Bosher	Good	McAleer	Scott, S.
Boyd	Gransback	McArdle	Shadrach
Brehm	Gray	McClung	Shannon
Brennan	Grove	McGowan	Sherwood
Caldwell	Guyaux	McInerney	Shreve
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McJunkin	Snyder, A.
Campbell, W.	Healey	McKean	Snyder, P.
Carter	Hecht	McMullen	Speer
Clarency	Herman	McNichol	Stein
Cleary	Hess	Miller	Swan

Cole	Hibshman	Mills	Swartz
Connell	Hobbs	Moore	Townsend
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Morris	Tunis
Conrade	Hoover	Moses	Ulerich
Cox, E	Hormell	Moulthrop	Wallace
Cumbler	Hough	Newbaker	Walnut
Currier	Hunter J. N.,	Neel	Walton
Curry	Hunter, R. P.,	Phillips	Ward, W., Jr.
Dale	Jackson	Pitchford	Ward, W. B.
Dallas	Johnson, C. V.,	Raesley	Watts
Davis, W.	Johnston	Rath	Welch
Dearden	Jones, E. E.,	Reece	Whitman
Detzel	Keely,	Reel	Wilcox
Donnally	Keene,	Reno	Wilson
Dunn, H.	Kelley, J.,	Reyburn	Woodward
Dunn, J.	Kelly, M. C.,	Richards	Young
Eichenberger	Kelsey,	Rider	Cox, J.
Enbody			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

Mr. WOODWARD called up the report of the committee of conference on House Bill No. 1147.

The report as agreed upon was read as follows:

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1147.

To the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned, committee of conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 1147, entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the Eye and Ear Hospital of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania," beg leave to submit the following as our report:

T. M. KURTZ,
F. E. BALDWIN,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

JAS. F. WOODWARD,
FRANK J. KLUMPP,
W. F. WHITMAN,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act making an appropriation to the Eye and Ear Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of forty-five thousand ($45,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Eye and Ear Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the purpose of maintenance.

On the question,

Will the House adopt the report of the conference committee?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—162.

Ailman	Dunn, H.	Kelly, M. C.,	Richards
Akers	Dunn, J.	Kern	Rider
Allen	Ehrhardt	Kinney	Riebel
Alter	Eichenberger	Klingerman	Robinson
Anderson	Ewing	Kuhns	Robison
Baldwin, G.	Fay	Lafferty	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Feeney	Larkins	Roney
Bartman	Ferguson	Leh	Row
Bass	Fitzgerald	Letzkus	Rumsey
Bender	Freeman	Light	Schad
Benson	Frey	Lindsay	Schmidt
Bentley	Gans	Magee	Schofield
Blair	Gibson	Malie	Scott, J.
Bosher	Gilkeson	Martin	Scott, S.
Bossert	Good	Marvin	Shadrach
Boyd	Gransback	Maurer	Shaffer
Brehm	Gray	McAleer	Sherwood
Brennan	Graybill	McArdle	Shoemaker
Caldwell	Haggerty	McGowan	Snavely
Campbell, J.	Halferty	McInerney	Snyder, A.
Campbell, W.	Healey	McJunkin	Speer
Carroll	Henry	McKean	Stein
Carter	Herman	McMullen	Swan
Clarency	Hibshman	McNichol	Swartz
Cleary	Hilton	Miller	Tunis
Clymer	Hoffman	Mills	Ulerich
Cole	Holland	Moore	Von Tacky
Connell	Hoover	Morris	Wallace
Conner, P.	Hormell	Moses	Walnut
Conner, W.	Hough	Neel	Walton
Conrade	[illegible]	North	Ward, W., Jr.
Cox, E.	Hunter, R. P.,	[illegible]ns	Ward, W. B.
Cumbler	Irwin	Piper	Watts
Currier	Johnson, C. V.,	Raesley	Welch
Curry	Johnson, D. D.,	Rath	Whitman
Dallas	Johnston	Rebert	Wilcox
Davis, A.	Jones, E. E.,	Reece	Williams
Davis, W.	Jones, J. R.,	Reeser	Wilson
Dearden	Keely,	Reno	Woodward
Dershem	Keister	Reyburn	Young
Donahoe	Kelley, J.,	Rhoads	Cox, J.
Donnally			Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

Mr. WOODWARD called up the report of the committee of conference on House Bill No. 1150.

The report as agreed upon was read as follows:

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1150.

To the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned, Committee of Conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 1150, entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the Roselia Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital of the City of Pittsburg," beg leave to submit the following as our report:

CHARLES H. KLINE,
T. M. KURTZ,
F. E. BALDWIN,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

JAS. F. WOODWARD,
W. F. WHITMAN,
FRANK J. KLUMPP,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act making an appropriation to the Roselia Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital of the City of Pittsburg

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of twenty-six thousand ($26,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Roselia Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital of the City of Pittsburg for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance the sum of fifteen thousand ($15,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of paying an account of debt incurred in erecting a building and equipping and furnishing a laundry and electric light and power plant and isolated rooms for the treatment of patients and sleeping rooms for servants and nurses the sum of eleven thousand ($11,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 2 Before any of the moneys hereinbefore appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement in conection with the said institution shall be available the trustees or directors thereof through the proper corporate officers of the same shall under the corporate seal of the institution so asking for State aid file with the Auditor General's Department of the Commonwealth upon proper blanks to be furnished by the said department upon application therefor an obligation in writing duly acknowledged and to be duly recorded in the office for the recording of deeds in the county in which said institution is located agreeing that whenever such buildings so erected enlarged extended or altered or such permanent improvements provided through State aid shall be converted to private uses or purposes or be conducted for private gain or profit or shall for any cause or for any reason whatsoever be abandoned or sold or transferred to any person or persons firm or corporation for any use other than that authorized by the certificate of incorporation under which the same is now held and operated all sums of money herein appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement to the institution hereinbefore referred to shall be refunded to the Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be collectible as obligations of like character are now collected And provided further That the amount so appropriated as aforesaid for permanent improvement be and the same is hereby made a non-interest bearing lien on the said premises for the use of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

On the question,

Will the House adopt the report of the conference committee?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—146.

Abbott	Ewing	Kelley, J.,	Reno
Allen	Fay	Kelsey,	Reyburn
Alter	Ferguson	Kern	Rhoads
Baldwin, G.	Fitzgerald	Klingerman	Rider
Bartman	Flynn	Klumpp	Riebel
Bender	Frey	Knight	Robison
Bentley	Gans	Lafferty	Roney
Blair	Geary	Larkins	Rumsey
Bosher	Gilkeson	Letzkus	Sassaman
Bossert	Good	Light	Savidge

Boyd	Gransback	Lowe	Schad
Breitinger	Gray	Malie	Schofield
Caldwell	Graybill	Mannion	Schultz
Campbell, O.	Guyaux	Marvin	Scott, J.
Campbell, W.	Haggerty	Matt	Scott, S.
Carroll	Halferty	McAleer	Shoemaker
Carter	Healey	McArdle	Snavely
Clarency	Hecht	McClung	Snyder, A.
Clymer	Herman	McInerney	Speer
Cole	Hess	McJunkin	Stein
Connell	Hibshman	McMullen	Swartz
Conner, W.	Hilton	McNichol	Townsend
Conrade	Hobbs	Miller	Ulerich
Cox, E.	Holland	Mills	Von Tacky
Cruin	Hoover	Moore	Walnut
Cumbler	Hough	Morris	Ward, W., Jr.
Curry	Howard	Moses	Ward, W. B.
Dale	Hunter J. N.,	Moulthrop	Watts
Dallas	Hunter, R. P.,	Newbaker	Whitman
Davis, A.	Johnson, C. V.,	North	Wilcox
Dearden	Johnson, D. D.,	Perry	Williams
Detzel	Johnston	Piper	Wilson
Dunn, H.	Jones, E. E.,	Raesley	Woodward
Dunn, J.	Jones, J. R.,	Rebert	Young
Ehrhardt	Keene,	Reece	Cox, J.
Enbody	Keister	Reel	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

Mr. WOODWARD called up the report of the committee of conference on House Bill No. 1178.

The report as agreed upon was read as follows:

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1178.

To the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned, committee of conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 1178, entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the Greenville Hospital, Greenville, Mercer county, Pennsylvania," beg leave to submit the following as our report:

CHARLES H. KLINE,
T. M. KURTZ,
F. E. BALDWIN,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

JAS. F. WOODWARD,
W. F. WHITMAN,
FRANK J. KLUMPP,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act making an appropriation to the Greenville Hospital Greenville Mercer county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of six thousand ($6,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Greenville Hospital Greenville Mercer county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purposes to wit

For the purpose of maintenance the sum of five thousand ($5,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purpose of making needed building improvements for laundry and nurses rooms the sum of one thousand ($1,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary

Section 2 Before any of the moneys hereinbefore appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement in connection with said institution shall be available the trustees or directors thereof through the proper corporate officers of the same shall under the corporate seal of the institution so asking for State aid file with the Auditor General's Department of the Commonwealth upon proper blanks to be furnished by the said Department upon application therefor an obligation in writing duly acknowledged and to be duly recorded in the office for the recording of deeds in the county in which said institution is located agreeing that whenever such buildings so erected enlarged extended or altered or such permanent improvements provided through State aid shall be converted to private uses or purposes or be conducted for private gain or profit or shall for any cause or for any reason whatsoever be abandoned or sold or transferred to any person or persons firm or corporation for any use other than that authorized by the certificate of incorporation under which the same is now held and operated all sums of money herein appropriated for the erection enlargement extension or alteration of any building or buildings or for any other permanent improvement to the institution hereinbefore referred to shall be refunded to the Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and shall be collectible as obligations of like character are now collected And provided further That the amount so appropriated as aforesaid for permanent improvement be and the same is hereby made a non-interest bearing lien on the said premises for the use of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

On the question,

Will the House adopt the report of the committee on conference?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz.:

YEAS—146.

Abbott	Fay	Knight	Roney
Allen	Ferguson	Lafferty	Row
Alter	Fitzgerald	Larkins	Sassaman
Baldwin, G.	Flynn	Letzkus	Savidge
Baldwin, R.	Freeman	Lindsay	Schad
Bartman	Frey	Magee	Schofield
Bender	Gans	Malie	Schultz
Benson	Gibson	Marvin	Scott, J.
Billman	Gilkeson	Maurer	Scott, S.
Bosher	Good	McAleer	Shadrach
Bossert	Gransback	McClung	Shaffer
Boyd	Gray	McInerney	Shannon
Breitinger	Graybill	McJunkin	Shoemaker
Caldwell	Guyaux	McKean	Snavely
Campbell, O.	Haggerty	McMullen	Snyder, A.
Campbell, W.	Halferty	McNichol	Snyder, P.
Carroll	Hecht	Miller	Speer
Carter	Herman	Mills	Stein
Clarency	Hess	Moore	Swan
Cleary	Hibshman	Morris	Swartz
Cole	Hobbs	Moses	Townsend
Conner, P.	Holman	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Conrade	Hormell	Newbaker	Von Tacky
Cox, E.	Hough	Perry	Wallace
Cumbler	Hunter J. N.,	Phillips	Walnut
Curry	Irwin	Raesley	Walton
Dale	Johnson, C. V.,	Rath	Ward, W., Jr.
Davis, A.	Johnson, D. D.,	Reece	Ward, W. B.
Davis, W.	Johnston	Reel	Watts
Detzel	Keely,	Reeser	Welch
Donahoe	Keene,	Reno	Whitman
Donnally	Kelley, J.,	Reyburn	Williams
Dunn, J.	Kelly, M. C.,	Robison	Wilson
Ehrhardt	Kern	Rider	Woodward
Enbody	Klingerman	Riebel	Young
Fahey		Richards	Cox, J.
		Rockwell	Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

Mr. ALTER called up the report of the committee of conference on House Bill No. 663.

The report as agreed upon was read as follows:

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 663.

To the members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned committee of conference on part of the Senate and House of Representatives, for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 663, entitled "An Act amending and supplementing article fourteen of an act entitled 'An Act for the government of cities of the second class' approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as same was amended and supplemented by an act approved the twentieth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one, by abolishing the present select and common councils, providing a new body to be known as the council, and fixing their terms of office and providing for the selection of members of council, prescribing the qualifications of members thereof, their powers and duties, and fixing their salaries," beg leave to submit the following amended bill as our report.

CARLES H. KLINE,
JAMES L. ADAMS,
JAMES P. M'NICHOL,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

GEORGE E. ALTER,
WILLIAM CONNER,
RICHARD J. BALDWIN,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act amending and supplementing article fourteen of an act entitled an act for the government of cities of the second class approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as same was amended and supplemented by an act approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one by abolishing the present select and common councils providing a new body to be known as the council and fixing their terms of office and providing for the selection of members of council prescribing the qualifications of members thereof their powers and duties and fixing their salaries

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That article fourteen of an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws twenty) as the same was amended and supplemented by an act approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws five hundred and eighty-six) and which as amended and supplemented by said act reads as follows

ARTICLE XIV

Councils

Section 1 The legislative power shall be vested in two bodies to be designated as the select and common council Every legislative act of the council shall be by resolution or ordinance and every ordinance or resolution except as hereinafter provided shall before it takes effect be presented duly engrossed and certified to the city recorder for his approval The city recorder shall sign the said resolution or ordinance if he approves it or return the same to the branch of council wherein such resolution or ordinance originated within ten days or at the next meeting of councils after ten days have expired if he do not approve it with the reasons therefor and if thereupon each branch of councils pass the same within five days of such veto by a vote of three-fifths of all the members elected to each branch it shall become effective as though the city recorder had signed the same It shall equally become effective if he should neglect to return the same within such ten days

Section 2 Nothing herein contained shall be construed to repeal sections one and two of the act of June fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled "An Act in relation to the government of cities of the second class" nor the act of May twenty-sixth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one entitled "An Act fixing the ratio of representation of common councils in cities of the second class"

Section 3 Members of select councils shall have been residents of the city for at least five years before their election and members of common councils shall have been residents of the ward which they represent for at least three years

The removal of any member of select council from the ward or of any member of common council from the ward he represents shall forfeit the membership of such person and his place shall be filled at the next regular municipal election occurring more than thirty days after such removal

Section 4 All sessions of councils and of all committees and sub-committees thereof shall be public No ordinance or resolution shall be passed finally on the day of its introduction except in case of public emergency and then only when requested by the city recorder and approved by the affirmative votes of all the members of councils

Section 5 All taxes shall be levied and appropriations made annually by general ordinances prior to the first Tuesday of February except such taxes as may be levied and appropriations as may be made to provide for the payment of the principal and interest of any bonds to be issued and except also in cases of emergency when on a certificate signed by the city recorder and controller that such emergency exists a special appropriation may be made to meet the same

Section 6 From and after the passage of this act no person shall be elected to the office of Select or Common Council in cities of the second class who holds any other office position or employment under the government of the United States or State of Pennsylvania the county in which said city is located or in such city except notary public or commissioner of deeds and if any person who shall hereafter be elected a Select or Common Councilman shall during the term for which he was elected accept or hold any office position or employment under the government of the United States the State of Pennsylvania the county in which said city is located or in such city except the office of notary public or commissioner of deeds he shall at once forfeit the office of Councilman and shall not hold such during the term for which he was elected and it shall be the duty of the City Recorder to order an election within thirty days of a Councilman to serve out the term remaining of the Councilman so forfeiting his office providing there shall be at least six months of said term remaining after said election so ordered by the Recorder shall be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows

ARTICLE XIV

Councils

Section 1 The Legislative power of cities of the second class shall be vested in one body which shall be known as the Council and which shall consist of not less than five members and an additional member for each seventy-five thousand inhabitants over two hundred thousand as shown by the last preceding United States decennial census up to five hundred thousand Said persons to be chosen in the manner and for the terms hereinafter set forth and the said Council shall by ordinance regulate their times and days of meeting and the mode of calling the same

Section 2 Immediately after the passage of this act the Governor shall appoint by and with the advice and consent of two-thirds of the Senate the members of Council who shall hold office until the first Monday of January Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and twelve At the general municipal election to be held in the present year in each city of the second class now existing and at the first municipal election occurring at least sixty days after any other city shall have entered said class there shall be elected the full number of Councilmen to which the city shall be entitled to serve from the first Monday of January following Said Councilmen shall meet and organize on said date and immediately thereafter divide themselves by lot into two classes the odd numbered to serve for two years and the even numbers for four years thereafter At each general election thereafter there shall be elected at large the number of Councilmen required to fill the places of those whose terms are about to expire to serve for four years and also to fill any vacancies caused by death resignation or removal occurring more than sixty days before such election to serve for the balance of the term of the member who has died resigned or removed

Section 3 Members of Council shall have been residents of the city for at least three years before their appointment or election they shall reside in the city during their term of office and shall not hold any other office position or employment under the government of the United States the State of Pennsylvania the said city or county in which it is situate during the terms for which they were elected except that of notary public commissioner of deeds officer in the National Guard of Pennsylvania officer or director in any national or State bank or trust company or membership on any commission for public works or improvements where such employment is without pecuniary compensation They shall not while members of Council hold any office position or employment in any corporation holding or applying for franchises from the city A member who has a personal or private interest in any measure or bill proposed or pending before the Council shall disclose the fact to the Council and shall not vote thereon nor take part in any discussion of the same Any Councilman violating any of the provisions of this section shall thereby forfeit his office

Section 4 Said Councilmen shall receive for their services during their term of service annual salaries to be fixed by ordinance payable in monthly installments Provided however the same shall not be less than two thousand dollars nor exceed six thousand five hundred dollars per annum and that Councils shall by the ordinance fixing said salaries provide for the assessment and retention therefrom of reasonable fines for absence from regular or special meetings of Councils or Councilmanic committees

Section 5 Upon the first Monday of January following each general municipal election the council shall organize by electing one of their number as president to serve for a term of two years Council shall have power to authorize by ordinance the appointment of such employes as may be necessary for the proper discharge thereof They shall also have power to fix from time to time the salaries of all city officials and employes who are not elected The salaries and emoluments of all such officers shall not be increased or diminished during their term of office They shall also provide by general rules for regular meetings and for the calling of special meetings when required and prescribe general rules not inconsistent with the law for the conduct of business All regular meetings of Council and all committee meetings shall be open to the public

Section 6 The appointments hereafter to be made of the heads of all executive departments of said city now by law authorized to be made by the mayor thereof shall be subject to the approval of said council to be evidenced by resolution which shall receive the affirmative votes of a majority of all the members thereof failing which approval the mayor shall again designate another person or persons to fill the position or positions as to which the former nominations have failed of approval until the nominations are made which are approved by Council in the manner above set forth

Section 7 The head of any department who shall be found guilty after due notice and hearing of any corrupt act or practice malfeasance mismanagement of his official duties extortion receiving any gift or present from any contractor or from any person seeking or engaging in any work for or furnishing material to the city or from any incumbent or occupant of or candidate or applicant for any municipal office and for wilfully concealing any fraud committed against the city may be removed from office by resolution which shall receive the affirmative votes of a majority of all the members of Council and the approval of the mayor or should the mayor fail to approve the said resolution within ten days after its passage and submission to him then the said removal may be effected by a resolution of Council which shall receive a two-thirds affirmative vote of all the members thereof Provided however that the procedure thus established shall not have a retrospective or retroactive effect but that the procedure by impeachment under existing laws shall be and remain in force exclusively as to any causes arising before the beginning of the terms of the Councilmen as herein provided In the event of such removal the vacancy thus arising shall be filled in the manner hereinbefore provided in the case of other vacancies A judge of the court of common pleas of the county in which such city is located to be chosen by the council shall preside at any hearing held under the provisions of this section and decide finally all question of law and question relating to the admission of evidence that may arise in the case He shall have the power to issue subpoenas for witnesses and compel their attendance by attachment and the production of books papers and documentary evidence required or called for by the said judge and council and to punish witnesses and others for contempt as fully as any court of this Commonwealth may lawfully do in any case

Section 8 Council and the mayor or either shall have the right to call for such information from every department either at stated intervals or from time to time as they or either of them may think proper and it shall be the duty of the head of each department upon request by either the mayor or the Council to furnish to either full access to the books and records of his department and as full information as to the operation of the same as the said mayor or council may require

Section 9 In the event of any vacancy occurring in said Council by death resignation or otherwise the same shall be filled by an election at which every member of Council and the mayor shall have one vote and the person receiving the majority of all votes cast shall be declared elected to serve in place of the members so dying resigning or otherwise vacating his position as member of council until the first Monday of January following the next general municipal election at which his successor could be chosen in accordance with the provisions of law governing municipal elections and as provided in section two herein

Section 10 Every legislative act of the Council shall be by resolution or ordinance and every ordinance or resolution except as hereinafter provided shall before it takes effect be presented duly engrossed and certified to the mayor for his approval The mayor shall sign the said resolution or ordinance within ten days if he approves it but if he shall not approve it he shall within said time return it with his objection to Council which shall at its next meeting after said return

consider it If upon reconsideration Council shall pass the ordinance or resolution over the veto of the mayor by a two-thirds vote of all the members thereof it shall be a binding ordinance or resolution of the city It shall become effective should the mayor fail to sign the said ordinance or resolution or return the same to Council with his reasons for disapproving the same within ten days from the time said ordinance or resolution has been delivered to him by the city clerk The mayor may disapprove any item or items (or part or parts of the same) of any bill making appropriations and the part or parts of the bill approved shall be the law and the part or parts disapproved shall be void unless repassed according to the rules and limitations prescribed above for the passage of resolutions and ordinances over the mayor's veto

Section 11 Conferences of the mayor and Council jointly for the purpose of discussion of the business or legislation of the municipality may be called at any time upon the request of either the mayor or Council

Section 12 All sessions of the Council and of all committees and sub-committees thereof shall be public No ordinance or resolution shall be passed finally on the day of its introduction except in case of public emergency and then only when requested by the mayor and approved by the affirmative votes of all the members of Councils present

Section 13 All taxes shall be levied and appropriations made annually by general ordinances prior to the first Tuesday of February except such taxes as may be levied and appropriations as may be made to provide for the payment of the principal and interest of any bonds to be issued and except also in cases of emergency when on a certificate signed by the mayor and controller that such emergency exists a special appriation may be made to meet the same

Section 14 All provisions in the existing laws referring to the select and common councils of said city and all powers rights and duties which by existing laws devolve upon the members of select or common councils shall be taken to apply to and be vested in the council created by this act as fully and to the same extent as though the present council were herein named in so far as the same are not inconsistent with the foregoing rights powers and duties And whenever any proportionate affirmative vote of each branch of councils as at present constituted is required under existing laws to ordain or enact any ordinance or resolution the same proportionate affirmative vote of the council hereby created shall be sufficient for the passage thereof

Section 15 This act shall not be construed to repeal an act of the General Assembly entitled "An Act prescribing the mode and manner of electing the clerks of the city of Pittsburg and defining their duties" approved March seventh one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three nor shall this act be construed to repeal any other general local or special act not inconsistent with the provisions hereof

Section 16 This act shall take effect at once and the members of said council immediately upon their appointment shall organize by the election of one of their number as president who shall serve until the first Monday of January in the year one thousand nine hundred and twelve

On the question,

Will the House adopt the report of the conference committee?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—153.

Abbott	Eichenberger	Kelley, J.	Robinson
Akers	Ewing	Kelsey,	Robison
Allen	Fahey	Kern,	Rockwell
Alter	Fay	Klingerman,	Roney
Anderson	Feeney	Klumpp,	Row
Baldwin, B.	Ferguson	Larkins,	Savidge
Bartman	Freeman	Leh,	Schad
Bender	Frey	Letzkus	Schmidt
Bentley	Gans	Lindsay,	Schofield
Billman	Geary	Malie,	Schultz
Boyd	Gibson	Marvin,	Scott, J.
Brehm	Gilkeson	McAleer,	Scott, S.
Breitinger	Good	McArdle	Sherwood
Caldwell	Gransback	McClung,	Shreve
Campbell, C.	Gray	McInerney,	Snyder, P.
Campbell, W.	Graybill	McMullen,	Speer,
Carroll	Guyaux	McNichol,	Steese,
Clarency	Haggerty	Miller,	Stein,
Cleary	Halferty	Mills,	Swan
Clymer	Hecht	Moore,	Swartz
Connell	Henry	Morris,	Townsend
Conner, P.	Hess	Moses	Tunis
Conner, W.	Hibshman	Moulthrop	Ulerich
Conrade	Hilton	Neel	Von Tacky
Cox, E.	Hobbs	North	Wallace
Crum	Hoffman	Perry	Walnut
Cumbler	Hoover	Phillips	Walton
Currier	Hormell	Piper	Ward, W., Jr.
Curry	Hough	Pitchford	Ward, W. B.
Dale	Howard	Rath	Watts
Dallas	Hunter, R. P.	Rebert	Welch
Davis, W.	Irwin	Reece	Whitman
Dearden	Jackson,	Reel	Wilcox
Dershem	Johnson, C.	Reno	Williams
Donahoe	Johnson, D.	Reyburn	Wilson
Donnally	Johnston,	Rhoads	Woodward
Dunn, H.	Keely,	Rider	Young
Dunn, J.	Keene,	Riebel	Cox, J.
Ehrhardt	Keister,		Speaker

NAYS—16.

Allman	Enbody	Kelly, M.	McKean,
Baldwin, G.	Herman	Knight,	Sassaman
Benson	Holland	Matt,	Shadrach
Davis, A.	Jones, J.	McJunkin,	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

Mr. WOODWARD called up the report of the committee on conference on House Bill No. 1215.

The report as agreed upon was read as follows:

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1215.

To the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned, committee of conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 1215, entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Reform School at Morganza, Pennsylvania, and granting its managers the authority to raze the old buildings," beg leave to submit the following as our report:

T. M. KURTZ,
F. E. BALDWIN,
Committee on the part of the Senate.
JAS. F. WOODWARD,
FRANK J. KLUMPP,
W. F. WHITMAN,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Reform School at Morganza Pennsylvania and granting its managers the authority to raze old buildings

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of two hundred fifty-one thousand five hundred dollars ($251,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Pennsylvania Reform School Morganza Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purposes namely

For the payment of salaries the sum of eighty thousand dollars ($80,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the resident physician medical attendance nurses bureau of parole and expenses of parole officers the sum of seven thousand three hundred dollars ($7,300) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the industrial school the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For library books and the cataloguing of same the sum of six hundred dollars ($600) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For payment of ice plant and the refrigeration of rooms additions and equipping new kitchen and officers' quarters building the sum of seven thousand dollars ($7,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For fire hydrants fire equipment and repairs to lines the sum of six hundred dollars ($600) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For painting and glazing and repairs the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars ($2,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For gymnasium equipment balcony and stairway erection of stage and inside finishing of gymnasium the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For steam heat improvements and sanitary plumbing the sum of three thousand ($3,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For extension of electric light plant the sum of four thousand dollars ($4,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the purchase of boilers for new power house laying lines installing of stokers and equipment doing cement work and the building of railroad trackage the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the completion of water plant laying new and repairing old lines the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the building and repairing of roads and brick pavements and the purchase of a road roller the sum of two thousand dollars ($2,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For insurance the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars ($2,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the building of two cottages for inmates the sum of sixty-seven thousand dollars ($67,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary which said sum shall be for the building furnishing and equipping the same complete

For the erecting and equipping of an industrial building the sum of fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

For the repairing and equipping of the administration building the sum of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

On the question,

Will the House adopt the report of the Conference Committee?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—147.

Abbott	Ewing	Larkins,	Rockwell
Akers	Fahey	Leh,	Roney
Allen	Fay	Letzkus	Row
Alter	Ferguson	Light,	Rumsey
Anderson	Flynn	Lindsay,	Savidge

Baldwin, R.	Freeman	Magee,	Schad
Bartman	Frey	Martin,	Schmidt
Bass	Geary	Marvin,	Schofield
Bender	Gibson	Matt,	Schultz
Bentley	Gilkeson	McAleer,	Scott, J.
Billman	Gransback	McClung,	Scott, S.
Bosher	Gray	McInerney,	Shaffer
Boyd	Graybill	McJunkin,	Sherwood
Brehm	Grove	McMullen,	Shreve
Breitinger	Haggerty	McNichol,	Snyder, P.
Campbell, C.	Halferty	Miller	Speer,
Campbell, J.	Hecht	Mills,	Steese
Carroll	Hess	Moore,	Stein,
Carter	Hibshman	Morris,	Swan
Clarency	Hobbs	Moses	Swartz
Cleary	Hoffman	Moulthrop	Townsend
Clymer	Hoover	Neel	Tunis
Connell	Hormell	North	Ulerich
Conner, P.	Hough	Perry	Wallace
Conner, W.	Hunter, J. N.	Phillips	Walnut
Conrade	Hunter, R. P.	Piper	Walton
Cox, E.	Irwin	Pitchford	Ward, W., Jr.
Cumbler	Johnson, C.	Rath	Ward, W. B.
Currier	Johnson, D.	Reel	Watts
Curry	Johnston,	Reeser	Welch
Dale	Jones, E.	Reno	Whitman
Dallas	Keely,	Reyburn	Wilcox
Davis, A.	Keene,	Rhoads	Williams
Dearden	Keister,	Richards	Wilson
Dunn, H.	Kelley, J.	Riebel	Woodward
Dunn, J.	Kelsey,	Robinson	Young
Ehrhardt	Klingerman,	Robison	Cox, J.
Enbody	Klumpp,		Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

Mr. RICHARDS called up the report of the committee of conference on House Bill No. 639.

The report as agreed upon was read as follows:

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 639.

To the Members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned, committee of conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 639, entitled "An Act authorizing cities of the second class to regulate the production or emission of smoke from chimneys, smokestacks or other source," beg leave to submit the following as our report:

DAVID A. WILBERT,
OSCAR E. THOMSON,
CHARLES H. KLINE,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

GEORGE W. RICHARDS,
H. A. McCLUNG,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act authorizing cities of the second class to regulate the production or omission of smoke from chimneys smokestacks or other source

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That cities of the second class shall have the power to regulate by ordinance the production or emission of smoke from any chimney smokestack or other source

On the question?

Will the House adopt the report of the conference committee?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—144.

Abbott	Ewing	Kern	Rhoads
Akers	Fahey	Klingerman	Richards
Allen	Fay	Klumpp	Riebel
Alter	Feeney	Kuhns	Robinson
Anderson	Ferguson	Larkins	Robison
Baldwin, R.	Fitzgerald	Letzkus	Rockwell
Bartman	Freeman	Light	Roney
Bender	Gans	Lindsay	Row
Benson	Geary	Magee	Sassaman
Bentley	Gibson	Martin	Savidge
Billman	Gilkeson	Marvin	Schad
Bossert	Gransback	McAleer	Schmidt
Brehm	Gray	McArdle	Schofield
Breitinger	Grove	McClung	Schultz
Campbell, C.	Guyaux	McInerney	Scott, J.
Campbell, W.	Halferty	McJunkin	Scott, S. B.,
Carroll	Hecht	McMullen	Shadrach.
Carter	Henry	McNichol	Sherwood
Clarency	Hess	Miller	Shreve
Cleary	Hibshman	Mills	Snyder, P.
Clymer	Hobbs	Moore	Speer
Connell	Hoffman	Morris	Stein
Conner, P.	Holland	Moses	Swan
Conner, W.	Hoover	Moulthrop	Townsend
Cox, E. R.	Hormell	Neel	Wallace
Crum	Howard	Newbaker	Walnut
Cumbler	Hunter, R. P.	North	Ward, W., Jr.
Curry	Irwin	Phillips	Welch
Dale	Jackson	Piper	Whitman
Dallas	Johnson, C.	Pitchford	Wilcox
Davis, A.	Johnson, D.	Rath	Williams
Dearden	Johnston	Reece	Wilson
Dunn, H.	Keely	Reel	Woodward
Dunn, J.	Keene	Reeser	Young
Ehrhardt	Keister	Reno	Cox, J. F.,
Eichenberger	Kelsey	Reyburn	Speaker.

NAYS—13.

Brennan	Donahoe	Jones, J.	Shannon
Cole	Herman	Kelly, M.	Swartz
Davis, W.	Hunter, J.	McKean	Von Tacky
Detzel			

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

Mr. WOODWARD called up the report of the committee of conference on House Bill No. 1018.

The report as agreed upon was read as follows:

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1018.

To the members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned, committee of conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives, for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 1018, entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the Nason Hospital Association at Roaring Spring, Blair couuty, Pennsylvania," beg leave to submit the following as our report:

CHARLES H. KLINE,
T. M. KURTZ,
F. E. BALDWIN,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

JAS. F. WOODWARD,
FRANK J. KLUMPP,
W. F. WHITMAN,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An act making an appropriation to the Nason Hospital Association of Roaring Spring Blair county Pennsylvania

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of fourteen thousand dollars ($14,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated to the Nason Hospital Association of Roaring Spring Blair county Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven for the following purposes namely

For the purpose of maintenance the sum of fourteen thousand ($14,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary

On the question,

Will the House adopt the report of the conference committee?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—152.

Abbott	Ehrhardt	Kern,	Richards
Akers	Eichenberger	Klingerman,	Riebel
Allen	Ewing	Klumpp,	Robinson
Alter	Fahey	Lafferty,	Robison
Anderson	Feeney	Larkins,	Rockwell
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Leh	Roney
Baldwin, R.	Freeman	Light	Row
Bartman	Frey	Lindsay	Savidge
Bass	Gans	Magee,	Schad
Bender	Geary	Malle	Schmidt
Bentley	Gibson	Martin,	Schofield
Billman	Gilkeson	Marvin,	Schultz
Bosher	Gransback	Matt,	Scott, J.
Boyd	Gray	McAleer,	Shadrach
Brehm	Grove	McArdle,	Sherwood
Breitinger	Guyaux	McClung,	Shreve
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McInerney,	Snyder, P.
Campbell, W.	Hecht	McJunkin,	Speer,
Carroll	Henry	McMullen,	Steese,
Carter	Hess	McNichol,	Stein,
Clarency	Hibshman	Miller,	Swan
Cleary	Hobbs	Mills,	Swartz
Clymer	Hoffman	Moore,	Townsend
Connell	Holland	Morris,	Tunis
Conner, P.	Hoover	Moses	Ulerich
Conner, W.	Hormell	Moulthrop	Wallace
Conrade	Hunter, R. P.	Neel	Walnut
Cox, E.	Irwin	North	Ward, W., Jr.
Crum	Jackson,	Perry	Ward, W. B.
Currier	Johnson, C,	Phillips	Watts
Curry	Johnson, D,	Pitchford	Welch
Dale	Johnston,	Rath	Whitman
Dallas	Jones, E,	Reel	Williams
Dearden	Keely,	Reeser	Wilson
Dershem	Keene,	Reno	Woodward
Detzel	Keister,	Reyburn	Young
Dunn, H.	Kelley, J.	Rhoads	Cox, J.
Dunn, J.	Kelsey,		Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

INVITATION TO MEMBERS TO ATTEND SCHUYLKILL COUNTY CENTENNIAL.

Mr. J. N. HUNTER presented the following communication:

Whereas, the county of Schuylkill was created in 1811, and since then its people developed its resources and promoted its industries, so that now it forms a large part of the industrial greatness of this Commonwealth; and

Whereas, its history in war and in peace is conspicuous in the annals of the patriotic records of this Commonwealth;

Therefore, the Centennial Association of the County of Schuylkill most respectfully invite and solicit the attendance of the members of the Legislature to the ceebration of the founding of the county of Schuylkill in 1811 during the week beginning July 2d, 1911, in the city of Pottsville.

J. H. ZERBY, Chairman.
WILLIAM H. ENT, Secretary.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Woodward, presents the report of the committee of conference on House Bill No. 1119.

The Clerk read the report as follows:

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1119.

To the members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned committee of conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives, for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 1119, entitled "An Act making an appropriation for the payment of services and expenses of fire wardens and those assisting in the extinguishing of forest fires," beg leave to submit the following as our report:

CHARLES H. KLINE,
T. M. KURTZ,
F. E. BALDWIN,
Committee on the part of the Senate.

JAS. F. WOODWARD,
FRANK J. KLUMPP,
W. F. WHITMAN,
Committee on the part of the House of Representatives.

An Act making an appropriation for the payment of services and expenses of fire wardens and those assisting in the extinguishing of forest fires

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the sum of sixty thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be and the same is hereby specifically appropriated for the payment of services and expenses of fire wardens and those assisting in extinguishing forest fires for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

On the question,

Will the House adopt the report of the committee of conference?

Mr. AILMAN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to know what kind of fire wardens these are that we are proposing to pay for before I would like to sanction the payment of this money. Not long ago we had a fire, and a gentleman met one of these wardens on a train, and this man said to him, "How do you go about putting out a fire anyhow?" The fire warden is the man who asked the question. The saw mill man didn't have time to explain the facts to the fire marshal, but while the warden was wondering how to put it out some one else was doing the work. Just a little while ago you killed a most practical measure for preventing forest fires. I think it a waste of state money when you refuse to hold corporations responsible or men who kindle fires or who are the cause of their being started, and then pay $60,000 to incompetent fire wardens to put fires out who don't even know how to do it.

On the question,

Will the House adopt the report of the committee of conference?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows viz:

YEAS—141.

Abbott	Geary	Mannion,	Row
Akers	Gibson	Marvin,	Sassaman
Allen	Gilkeson	McAleer,	Savidge
Baldwin, R.	Gransback	McArdle,	Schmidt
Bartman	Gray	McClung,	Schofield
Bender	Graybill	McGowan,	Schultz
Bentley	Grove	McInerney,	Scott, J.
Billman,	Haggerty	McJunkin,	Shadrach
Bosher	Halferty	McMullen,	Shaffer
Boyd	Hecht	McNichol,	Shannon
Brehm	Henry	Miller,	Sherwood
Carroll	Herman	Mills	Shoemaker
Carter	Hess	Moore,	Shreve
Clarency	Hilbishman	Morris,	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Hoffman	Moses	Speer,
Clymer	Holland	Moulthrop	Steese,
Cole	Hoover	Neel	Stein,
Conner, P.	Hormell	Newbaker	Swan
Conner, W.	Hough	North	Swartz
Conrade	Howard	Perry	Townsend
Cox, E.	Irwin	Phillips	Tunis
Cumbler	Jackson,	Piper	Ulerich
Curry	Johnson, C.	Pitchford	Von Tacky
Dale	Johnson, L.	Rath	Wallace
Davis, A.	Johnston,	Reel	Ward, W., Jr.
Dershem	Keene,	Reeser	Ward, W. B.
Dunn, J.	Keister,	Reno	Watts
Ehrhardt	Kelsey,	Reyburn	Welch
Eichenberger	Klingerman,	Rhoads	Whitman
Ewing	Klumpp,	Richards	Wilcox
Fahey	Larkins,	Rider	Williams
Fay	Leh,	Riebel	Wilson
Feeney	Light,	Robinson	Woodward
Freeman	Lindsay,	Robison	Young
Frey	Malie,	Roney	Cox, J.
Gans			Speaker

NAYS—17.

Allman	Dearden	Kelly, M.	Schad
Benson	Enbody	Knight,	Scott, S.
Bossert	Hobbs	Maurer,	Snavely
Brennan	Jones, J.	Reece	Walnut

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE ADOPTS CONFERENCE REPORT ON HOUSE BILL NO. 919.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has adopted the report of the committee of conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses on House bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 919:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE ADOPTS CONFERENCE REPORT ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1057.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has adopted the report of the committee of conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses on House bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1057:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Incurables Philadelphia Pennsylvania

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE ADOPTS CONFERENCE REPORT ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1201.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has adopted the report of the committee of conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses on House bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1201:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Vincent's Hospital Association of the city of Erie Erie county Pennsylvania

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE ADOPTS CONFERENCE REPORT ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1186.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has adopted the report of the committee of conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses on House bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1186:

An act making an appropriation to the American Hospital for Diseases of the Stomach of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE ADOPTS CONFERENCE REPORT ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1150.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has adopted the report of the committee of conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses on House bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1150:

An act making an appropriation to the Rosella Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital of the City of Pittsbburg

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE ADOPTS CONFERENCE REPORT ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1178.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has adopted the report of the committee of conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses on House bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1178:

An act making an appropriation to the Greenville Hospital Greenville Mercer County Pennsylvania

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE ADOPTS CONFERENCE REPORT ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1147.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has adopted the report of the committee of conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses on House bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1147:

An act making an appropriation to the Eye and Ear Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE ADOPTS CONFERENCE REPORT ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1119.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has adopted the report of the committee of conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses on House bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1119:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of services and expenses of fire wardens and those assisting in the extinguishing of forest fires

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE ADOPTS CONFERENCE REPORT ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1123.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has adopted the report of the committee of conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses on House bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1123:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of the annunal fixed charge for road purposes on lands held for forest reserves

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE ADOPTS CONFERENCE REPORT ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1118.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has adopted the report of the committee of conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses on House bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1118:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of the annunal fixed charge for school purposes on lands held for forest reserve

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE ADOPTS CONFERENCE REPORT ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1106.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has adopted the report of the committee of conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses on House bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1106:

An act making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions of Pennsylvania located at Blossburg Tioga County

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has concurred in the resolution from the House of Representatives, as follows:

In the House of Representatives, May 24, 1911.

Whereas, in consequence of the passage of the act entitled "An Act regulating the printing of the laws of this Commonwealth, which provides that the acts containing solely an appropriation shall be printed separately and apart from the volume containing the general laws, the demand for the volume containing said appropriations will be much less than the demand for the volume of the general laws;

Therefore, be it resolved (if the Senate concur), That the edition of the appropriation laws be limited to three thousand copies to be bound in cloth, and same shall be distributed as follows: Five hundred copies to the Senate, one thousand copies to the House of Representatives, and the remainder to the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

SENATE MESSAGE.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 483.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has insisted upon its amendments, non-concurred in by the House of Representatives, to House Bill No. 483, entitled:

An act to provide for licensing and regulating private banking in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing penalties for the violation thereof

And has appointed Messrs. Wolf, Baldwin and McConnell a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the House of Representatives already appointed on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE ADOPTS CONFERENCE REPORT ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1018.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has adopted the report of the committee of conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses on House bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1018:

An act making an appropriation to the Nason Hospital Association of Roaring Spring Blair county Pennsylvania

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE ADOPTS CONFERENCE REPORT ON HOUSE BILL NO. 1215.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has adopted the report of the committee of conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses on House bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 1215:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Reform School at Morganza Pennsylvania and granting its managers the authority to raze old buildings

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE ADOPTS CONFERENCE REPORT ON HOUSE BILL NO. 639.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has adopted the report of the committee of conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses on House bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 639:

An act authorizing cities of the second class to regulate the production or emission of smoke from chimneys smokestacks or other source

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE ADOPTS CONFERENCE REPORT ON HOUSE BILL NO. 663.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has adopted the report of the committee of conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses on House bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 663:

An act amending and supplementing article fourteen of an act entitled an act for the government of cities of the second class approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as same was amended and supplemented by an act approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one by abolishing the present select and common councils providing a new body to be known as the council and fixing their terms of office and providing for the selection of members of council prescribing the qualifications of members thereof their powers and duties and fixing their salaries

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE ADOPTS CONFERENCE REPORT ON HOUSE BILL NO. 378.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced informed that the Senate has adopted the report of the committee of

conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses on Senate bill numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

Senate Bill No. 378:

An act making an appropriation for the erection of a proper fence or coping and pavement to protect a monument erected near Petersburg Virginia by the Association of the Survivors of the Forty-eighth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers to commemorate the Battle of the Crater and providing for a Commission and the expenses thereof to erect the same

SENATE MESSAGE.

HOUSE BILLS CONCURRED IN BY SENATE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled, as follows, viz:

House Bill No. 787:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act relative to the obstructing of the crossings of public roads by locomotives and cars" approved the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and forty-five by providing further that any member of the train crew shall be subject to said penalty

House Bill No. 756:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway toll-road conduit tunnel mine coal-breaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipeline aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal mill-race works for supplying water heat light power cold air or any other substance furnished to the public well for the production of gas oil or volatile or mineral substance or other structure or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved June fourth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

House Bill No. 725:

An act to provide for the satisfaction of mortgages now or hereafter to be recorded in this Commonwealth when the original mortgages have been lost mislaid or destroyed

House Bill No. 733:

An act authorizing cities of the first class to remit taxes owing by any hospital where a dispute has arisen as to the right of the city to assess and collect such taxes

House Bill No. 726:

An act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the appointment of policemen in the boroughs of this Commonwealth defining their powers and duties and providing for their compensation and discharge" approved June sixth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three by regulating the control of policemen when on duty

House Bill No. 716:

An act regulating the printing of the laws of this Commonwealth

House Bill No. 817:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to section one of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania relating to taxation

House Bill No. 745:

An act to confer power on the several orphans' courts having jurisdiction thereof when the balance for distribution in an estate after the debts are paid includes stocks bonds and other securities to make distribution of the same in kind to parties entitled thereto to authorize subsequent sales thereof and to validate such distributions heretofore made

House Bill No. 507:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act approved May fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled 'An act to exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes and places of religious worship, places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit and institutions of purely public charity,'" hospitals universities colleges seminaries academies associations institutions of learning and benevolence by removing the exemption from certain lands therein exempted not necessary for the enjoyment of the same and providing for the taking of said land

House Bill No. 580:

An act to amend sections one three and five of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of miners in bituminous coal mines and anthracite collieries or breakers by regulating the ages at which said minors may be employed their hours of employment and to prescribe rules for the obtaining of employment certificates and providing penalties for violation of the provisions thereof," approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by further regulating the ages at which minors may be employed inside coal mines or in the outside workings thereof or in coal breakers or washeries and by providing for the filing of proof of age by the employers of minors apparently under sixteen years of age employed in such establishments

House Bill No. 353:

An act to promote the safety of travelers and employes upon railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains.

House Bill No. 737:

An act enabling the libellant in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion to testify to the fact of desertion and to the efforts made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and resume the marital relation

House Bill No. 1266:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medicinal preparations in the State of Pennsylvania" approved May twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven

Witht information that the Senate has passed the same without amendment.

SENATE MESSAGE.

AMENDED HOUSE BILLS RETURNED FOR CONCURRENCE.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, returned bill from the House of Representatives numbered and entitled, as ollows, viz:

House Bill No. 483:

An act to provide for licensing and regulating private banking in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing penalties for the violation thereof

With information that the Senate has passed the same with amendment in which the concurrence of the House of Representatives is requested.

The amendments were read by the Clerk as follows:

Section 1 line 9 after the word "from" strike out the words "a board consisting of the State Treasurer the Secretary of the Commonwealth the Commissioner of Banking hereinafter referred to as the Board."

Line 24 after the word "by" insert the words "a surety or" strike out the words "a surety company" and insert in lieu thereof the word "sureties;" and after the word "the" strike out the words "Commissioner of Banking" and insert in lieu thereof the word "Board"

Line 38 after the word "the" strike out the words "Commissioner of Banking" and insert in lieu thereof the word "Board"

Line 44 after the word "thereof" insert the words "or other securities"

Line 45 after the word "the" strike out the words "Commissioner of Banking" and insert in lieu thereof the word "Board"

Line 65 after the word "the" strike out the words "Commissioner of Banking" and insert in lieu thereof the word "Board"

Line 66 after the word "in" strike out the word "his" and insert in lieu thereof the word "its"

Line 77 after the word "the" strike out the words "Commissioner of Banking" and insert in lieu thereof the word "Board"

Line 90 strike out the word "Commissioner of Banking" and insert in lieu thereof the word "Board"

Line 91 after the word "by" strike out the word "him" and insert in lieu thereof the word "it"

Line 94 after the word "the" strike out the words "Commissioner of Banking" and insert in lieu thereof the word "Board"

Section 2 line 15 after the word "the" strike out words "Commissioner of Banking" and insert in lieu thereof the word "Board"

Section 3 line 3 after the word "the" strike out the words "Commissioner of Banking" and insert in lieu thereof the word "Board"

Section 4 line 2 after the word "the" strike out the words "Commissioner of Banking" and insert in lieu thereof the word "Board"

Section 8 line 1 after the word "bond" strike out the words "of a surety company"

Line 14 strike out the words "Commissioner of Banking" and insert in lieu thereof the word "Board;" after the word "form" strike out the word "a" and insert in lieu thereof the word "and"

Line 20 at the end thereof add the following Nor (five) to any individual partnership or incorporated association licensed under the laws of this Commonwealth to do a brokerage business holding a membership in a lawfully incorporated brokerage exchange and doing only such banking as shall be incidental to such brokerage business The books or records showing the deposit or account of any depositor with any individual partnership or unincorporated association filing a bond money or securities approved by the Board as provided in this section shall not be subject to any visatorial power inspection or examination by the Commissioner of Banking nor to examination or inspection or production in any department or agency of government State or municipal nor to inspection examination or production in any court in any judicial proceeding except in

cases of insolvency or bankruptcy or a judicial proceeding or investigation involving the rights and liabilities of a creditor or depositor nor (six) to any person firm partnership or unincorporated association now engaged in business as private bankers when such person firm partnership or unincorporated association and his or their predecessor predecessors or one or more of the members in such private banking institutions continuously and in the same locality have conducted the business of private banking for a period of seven (7) years prior to the approval of this act and such banking institution is not engaged in the sale as agent or otherwise of railroad or steamship tickets

Section 13 at the end of line 6 add the words "except as provided in section 8 of this act"

On the question,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Mr. ALTER. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House nonconcur in the amendments made by the Senate on this bill, and that a committee of conference be appointed.

Mr. SCHAD. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE.

The SPEAKER appointed Messrs. Alter, Schad and Swan a committee of conference to confer with a similar committee of the Senate (if the Senate shall appoint such committee) on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses in relation to said bill.

RECESS.

Mr. McNICHOL. Mr. Speaker, I move the House take a recess until 10.00 o'clock to-day.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. ULERICH in the Chair.

AFTER RECESS.

The SPEAKER. The time of recess having elapsed, the House will be in order.

Mr. E. E. JONES called up the report of the committee of conference on House Bill No. 265.

The report as agreed upon was read as follows:

To the members of the Senate and House of Representatives:

We, the undersigned committee of conference on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives, for the purpose of considering House Bill No. 265, entitled "An Act relating to roads providing for the election and appointment of township supervisors in second class townships, defining their powers duties and limitations, relating to road tax, and the expenditure thereof, abolishing the work tax, defining certain duties of the clerk of court, fixing penalties for violation of this act and making an appropriation to carry out its provisions," beg leave to submit the following as our report:

WM. C. SPROUL,
OSCAR E. THOMSON,
CHARLES H. KLINE,

Committee on the part of the Senate

E. E. JONES,
WILLIAM C. FREEMAN,
JAS. F. WOODWARD,

Committee upon the part of the House of Representatives.

An act relating to roads providing for the election and appointment of township supervisors in second class townships defining their powers duties and limitations relating to road tax and the expenditure thereof abolishing the work tax defining certain duties of the clerk of court fixing penalties for violation of this act and making an appropriation to carry out its provisions

Section 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the general supervision of road affairs in every township of the second class shall be in the hands of three qualified electors of such township who shall be styled township supervisors instead of road supervisors as under existing laws and who shall be elected as follows The term of all supervisors elected in the year one thousand nine hundred and eight shall expire the first Monday of December one thousand nine hundred and eleven The term of all supervisors elected in the years one thousand nine hundred and nine and one thousand nine hundred and ten shall expire the first Monday of December one thousand nine hundred and thirteen At the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven one supervisor shall be elected for four years to fill the term commencing the first Monday of December one thousand nine hundred and eleven at the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and thirteen two supervisors shall be elected for four years to fill the term commencing the first Monday of December one thousaand nine hundred and thirteen In case any supervisor shall have been heretofore appointed by any court to fill a vacancy the term of such supervisor shall expire on the first Monday of December one thousand nine hundred and eleven Provided however should the terms of two or all the members of any board of supervisors expire on the first Monday of December one thousand nine hundred and eleven then at the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven one supervisor shall be elected for the full term of four years and one or two shall be elected for a term of two years At each subsequent municipal election either one or two supervisors shall be elected for a term of four years the number to be elected alternating in the order hereinbefore provided for to the end that the number to be elected shall thereafter be uniform throughout the Commonwealth

Section 2 The township supervisors of each township shall meet at the place where the auditors of the respective townships meet to perform their official duties on the first Monday in December one thousand nine hundred and eleven and yearly thereafter and after being duly sworn or affirmed according to law to discharge their duties with fidelity a copy of the oath to be filed with the township auditors shall organize as a board by electing one of their number as chairman and shall appoint a treasurer and a secretary who may or may not be the same person and who may or may not be a member or members of the board but who shall not be a road master and the secretary shall perform all the duties heretofore performed by the township clerk which office is hereby abolished and the said secretary shall receive as compensation for his service such sum as shall be fixed by the township auditors and the treasurer shall receive as compensation for his services such sum as shall be fixed by the township auditors Provided That the combined amount paid to said secretary and treasurer shall not exceed two per centum of the money paid out by said treasurer The board shall proceed immediately to levy a road tax which shall not exceed ten mills on each dollar of valuation this valuation shall be the last adjusted valuation for county purposes and which shall be furnished to said township supervisors by the commissioners of the proper county Provided That a greater rate than ten mills and not to exceed ten additional mills may be levied by order of the court of quarter sessions of the peace of that county upon petition of the board of supervisors with their unanimous recommendation and upon due cause shown Provided however That the said road tax shall hereafter be collected in cash and no such taxes shall be payable in labor or worked out Each township shall receive annually from the State fifty per centum of the total amount of road tax collected by such township as shown by the sworn statement of the board of township supervisors contained in the annual report furnished to the State Highway Commissioner on or before the first day of January in each year as hereinafter provided for Provided That no township shall receive in any one year more than twenty dollars for each mile of township road in said township Provided That nothing in this section shall interfere with the State appropriation for maintenance of State or macadamized roads under existing laws Upon receipt of the sworn statement from the board of township supervisors it shall be the duty of the State Highway Commissioner to certify to the Auditor General the amount due the respective township and he shall draw a warrant upon the State Treasurer for the payment of the amount due said township under the provisions of the section to the treasurer of the board of township supervisors which shall be paid out of the moneys appropriated for that purpose Provided That all money appropriated under the provisions of this act shall be expended by the supervisors of the respective townships for the making of permanent improvements on the township roads according to plans and specifications furnished by the State Highway Department and under the supervision of the said State Highway Department such supervision to be without cost to the township Provided further that upon the neglect or refusal of the supervisors of any township to carry out the instructions of the State Highway Commissioner as aforesaid then the State Highway Commissioner shall withhold from said township so neglecting or refusing the amount to which it would otherwise be entitled for the year in which said neglect or refusal occurred Provided That the State Highway Commissioner shall furnish from time to time bulletins of instruction to each board of township supervisors for the building repairing maintenance and improvement of township roads and shall furnish any additional information when called upon so to do The State Highway Commissioner shall also furnish from time to time free of charge standards plans and specifications for permanent improvements in the building of culverts establishing of grades proper drainage and such other matters as he may deem essential That the State Highway Department shall furnish blanks to the township supervisors in which said supervisors shall make a sworn statement signed by a majority or all the members of the board that the money has been expended in building repairing maintaining dragging and improving the township roads according to the instructions standards plans and specifications submitted by the Highway Department as far as the available funds and local conditions make it possible

Section 3. It shall be the duty of the board of township supervisors immediately after their organization as a board to divide their township into one or more road districts and they may employ a superintendent for the entire township or a road master for each district whose duty it shall be to see that the work done on the roads in said township or district is in accordance with plans and specifications furnished him by the township supervisors to oversee the men employed while at work on the roads and keep the time of each man working under him and work himself if required by the supervisors and report to the township supervisors at least once a month or as often as they require the nature location and cost of the work performed Township supervisors may require the superintendent or road masters to give bond with approved security for faithful performance of their duties and if required by the board said superintendent or road masters shall make out their report under oath and said superintendent or road master shall at all times be subject to removal by the board of supervisors The township supervisors from time to time shall fix the wages to be paid per hour to the superintendent or road masters and laborers for work on the roads

and bridges Provided however That nothing in this act shall prohibit the board of township supervisors from making a contract for the improvement and keeping in repair of not more than ten miles of road no contract to extend over four years and no contract to be given unless approved of and signed by at least two of the board of township supervisors Every contractor for road work shall give bond for the amount of said contract and sign specifications furnished by the township supervisors for the building and care of such contract roads Provided also That nothing in this act shall prohibit the township supervisors from overseeing and working on the roads themselves in part or all of the roads in their townships instead of employing a superintendent or road masters The compensation of such supervisors when overseeing or working on the roads to be fixed by the township auditors at the annual meeting in December herein provided for Provided however that the rate per day shall not be less than one dollar and fifty cents nor more than three dollars

Section 4. The board of township supervisors shall have full control of the superintendent or road master and employment of laborers and is authorized also to purchase such material scrapers drags plows stone-crushers rollers and other road machines tools and property as shall in its judgment be necessary for making and repairing roads and bridges the same to be the property of the township used for the benefit of the township and to be properly taken care of by said board of township supervisors said township supervisors are hereby authorized to join with the township supervisors of one or more of the other townships or the proper authorities of boroughs in their respective counties in the purchase of such road making implements and machines as in their judgment may be too expensive to justify such purchase by said township alone the same to belong to such township or boroughs in proportion to the amount paid therefor by each and the right to use the same to be regulated by agreement to be made between said road supervisors or borough authorities at the time of joining in said purchase Provided That said joint ownership shall only continue during such period as may be agreeable to all of said joint owners and either board of township supervisors or borough authorities may at any time elect to sever said joint ownership as to any or all of said implements and machines In case terms cannot be amicably agreed upon either of said joint owning townships or boroughs may by its board of supervisors or proper borough authorities present its petition to the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace setting forth the facts verified by affidavit which court after notice and opportunity to be heard shall then make such order for the sale or disposal of said joint property as will be right and proper in such case

Section 5. The treasurer appointed by the board of township supervisors shall be required to give bond with at least two sufficient sureties to be approved by the auditors of the township conditioned that the said treasurer shall well and truly account for and pay over all moneys collected and received by him for road purposes according to law and such bond shall be filed with the township auditors He shall pay out moneys received by him as road taxes or from the State only on the written order of the township supervisors setting forth the purpose for which the order is given signed by two members of the board

Section 6 The supervisor of each township shall make or cause to be made a duplicate designating the amount of road tax levied against each taxpayer of the township and deliver the same to the township collector who shall after receiving said duplicate give notice thereof in the same manner as is now required by law in collection of State county and poor taxes and shall give him a warrant to collect the tax which shall be collected as follows namely To all taxpayers who pay their road tax to the collector before June first of each year an abatement of five per centum shall be made on all road taxes paid to the collector between June first and October first of each year the taxpayers shall pay the full amount of the road tax levied against them and on all road taxes remaining unpaid on the first of October in each year the collector shall add five per centum thereto as penalty for such delinquency and shall collect said penalty in addition to the tax levied said penalty to be his compensation for collecting said delinquent taxes The tax collector shall be allowed two per centum on all taxes collected on the duplicate previous to the first day of June in each year and five per centum on all taxes collected from June first to October first

The tax collector shall keep correct accounts of all moneys collected marking paid on his duplicate each taxables amount of tax and the date on which paid and said collector shall on the first of each month make a true and correct statement in writing to the secretary of the board of township supervisors for their use of all taxes collected during the previous month giving names of taxables and amount collected from each and the total amount received and said collector shall pay over on the first of each month to the treasurer all moneys collected during the previous months and take his receipt for same In case of the refusal or neglect of any tax collector to comply with the provisions of this act he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars or to be imprisoned for a term not exceeding one year both or either at the discretion of the court

Section 7 Supervisors shall meet for the transaction of business once a month at a time to be fixed by the board and the board shall be allowed for necessary expenses including office rent and stationery light and fuel to be paid out of the township road funds

Section 8 In all cases where a vacancy occurs in the board of township supervisors from any cause the court of quarter sessions of the peace of the proper county shall not less than ten days after the receipt of a petition signed by one or both of the remaining members of the board and not less than ten owners of real estate who are qualified electors of the township appoint a successor to fill the office for the unexpired term

Section 9 The board of township supervisors shall annually submit under oath to the board of township auditors a full and itemized statement of their accounts of the preceding year and the township auditors shall audit settle and adjust said accounts in the same manner and with effect as other accounts of township officers are audited and settled

Section 10 The board of supervisors of the several townships shall annually on or before the first day of January in each and every year make a sworn statement to the State Highway Commissioner on blanks furnished to them by the State Highway Commissioner of the whole amount of tax levied during the preceding year for road purposes and the total amount of road taxes collected during the year specifying in such report the amount expended for maintenance or repairs of roads for opening and building of new roads and for macadamizing or otherwise permanently improving roads and the number of miles thus made and the total number of miles of township roads in said township together with the names and addresses of the chairman and secretary of the board and such other matters and things as the State Highway Commissioner may require And it shall be the duty of the State Highway Commissioner not later than the first day of January of each year to forward the aforesaid blanks to the several boards of supervisors It shall be the duty of the clerk of courts in each county not later than the first day of December following every municipal election to certify to the State Highway Commissioner the names and postoffice addresses of all the supervisors and commissioners of the respective townships in said county The failure or neglect of any clerk of courts to furnish such list shall be deemed a misdemeanor which on conviction thereof shall be punishable by fine of not more than fifty dollars at the discretion of the court

Section 11 The board of township supervisors shall keep minutes of their proceedings and such books as they may find necessary in the performance of their duties all of which shall be open for the inspection of any taxpayer at all reasonable times and which shall be submitted for the information of the township auditors when said auditors meet to audit the accounts of the treasurer and other township officers and shall deliver such books papers and accounts to their successors

Section 12 It shall not be lawful for any township supervisor to be interested either directly or indirectly in any work done except as provided for in this act any purchase made or contract relating to roads and bridges nor to furnish any materials therefor Any person knowingly violating the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or to be imprisoned for a term not exceeding six months both or either at the discretion of the court

Section 13 If any township supervisor superintendent roadmaster or contractor employed to work on the roads bridges and highways of this Commonwealth shall violate any of the provisions of this act other than those otherwise provided for or shall fail or neglect or refuse to carry out the provisions of the same he shall upon conviction thereof pay a fine of not more than fifty dollars to be collected in the name of the township as other debts of like amount and paid to the township treasurer for the use of the road fund of said township

Section 14 The supervisors of the several townships of this Commonwealth elected or appointed in pursuance of this act shall have all the powers and shall perform all the duties imposed by the existing laws on supervisors of roads and bridges and highways and shall be subject to the same responsibilities and penalties as supervisors are now subject to except in so far as changed or supplied by the terms of this act

Section 15 Two shall constitute a quorum of the board of township supervisors

Section 16 The provisions of this act shall take effect the first Monday in December Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven when the current fiscal year shall end the township road accounts shall be settled and audited and on or before January first one thousand nine hundred and twelve such reports made to the State Highway Commissioner as are provided for in heretofore existing law which this act supplies Provided however That those sections of this act which provide for the election and appointment of township supervisors shall govern the election of supervisors at the municipal election in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven As this act goes in effect all acts or parts of acts general special or local inconsistent herewith or supplied hereby be and the same are hereby repealed however that the act entitled "An Act enabling the taxpayers of townships and road districts to contract for making at their own expense roads and paying salaries of township or road district officers and hereby preventing the levy and collection of road tax therein" approved June twelfth one thousand eight hundred and ninety three and the act entitled "An act to provide for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth making such improved roads and highways county roads authorizing the relocation opening straightening widening extension and alteration of the same and the vacation of so much of any road as may therefor become necessary authorizing the taking of property for such improvement and providing the compensation therefor and the damages resulting from such taking providing for the payment of the costs and expenses incurred in making such improvement and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said road and authorizing the levy of a tax to provide a fund for said purposes" approved the twenty-sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five also "An act to provide for the

classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class" approved April twenty-eighth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine also "An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class approved April twenty-eighth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine" approved the twenty-fourth day of May one thousand nine hundred and one also "An Act providing for the original location laying out and construction of public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth and for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways therein making such originally constructed or improved roads or highways county roads authorizing the relocation opening straightening widening extension and alteration of the same and the vacation of so much of any road as may thereby become unnecessary providing that the county commissioners of any county may prescribe rules regulating the use of roads constructed or maintained by the various counties and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing for the taking of property for such improvement the compensation to be paid therefor and the payment of damages resulting from such taking and the manner in which such damages may be determined providing for the payment of the costs and expenses of such construction or improvement and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said roads authorizing the levy of a tax or the issuing of bonds to provide a fund for the expense thereof prescribing a method for improving a county road lying with or traversing a borough and apportioning the cost of such improvement and authorizing the vacation of any county road" approved the eleventh day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven shall not be repealed or affected hereby

Section 17 The sum of one million dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated to carry out the provisions of this act for the two fiscal years beginning the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

On the question,

Will the House adopt the report of the conference committee?

Mr. AILMAN. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, I am very sorry to feel called upon to get up in these closing moments to make a speech on this conference report. All I want to say, to use a very slang expression, is that the farmers have been getting a very raw deal on the road question. In the last few months I have had it said to me, "You farmers went on and spent a million two hundred thousand dollars and have taken that money out of the Treasury, and you now come here and complain that you are not getting as much as you asked for."

If the township roads have received any such sum in the last two years or four years I would like to see the man who got it. If there is anybody here representing townships that have gotten one cent from the State for township roads in the last three years, I hope he will get up and tell it. I was at a great loss to understand what was meant, and I found out that it was because we had passed a deficiency appropriation for some six hundred thousand dollars to pay a debt that the State promised and contracted for, that you promised to us in the most sacred way you possibly could on the statute book of the Constitution, that every township that would abolish the road tax the sum of fifteen per cent. would be paid by the State Treasurer, but you did not do it, and we passed this appropriation to keep that promise. What would you think of me if I would deal that way with you in a store, and I would come to you and I would pay an old debt and you would want some little assurance as to the future, and I would rise up in my dignity and say, "Look what I paid you this morning!" Two years ago the Legislature took another step forward in the line of promises. I said "promises" because that is all the step forward they took. They promised us the sum of fifty cents on every dollar raised in the township, which would take at least one million and a half per year. We passed that in the House here. It went over to the Senate and they knocked half a million off and the Governor knocked another half million off, and that put us back just where we started, and you think us unreasonable when we come in here and insist that you keep your sacred promises. This was in 1909. The two bills are about the same. That bill promised three millions of dollars and this bill promises three millions of dollars. Our friends in the death chamber cut it down a half million dollars and the conference committee cut it to one million dollars, which is one-third of what you are not only morally but legally obligated to give us. If the party in power, the party in majority, can stand that I think we can, and you may consider that I speak with braggadocio, or whatever you please, but I stand here this morning and speak not alone for one farmer but for five hundred thousand of them. If you can afford it, we can afford to make it a campaign issue for the next two years, and we will preach this question from Dan to Bersheeba throughout Pennsylvania. Our Harrisburg friends are congratulating each other every time they meet in the last twenty-four hours on this beautiful park we are going to have here in the future. I like it just as much as anybody else. You have promised them a little appropriation of one hundred thousand dollars a year. Since you treated us this way on the road proposition, don't you be quite so rapid to spend that out of your own pocket, because it will not be available when you come to reach for it, and if they have deprived us of this money in the matter of roads they might deprive you of it on the Capitol Park scheme.

Mr. WOODWARD. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentlemen.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Juniata, Mr. Ailman, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. AILMAN. I will.

Mr. WOODWARD. Do you not know how much money has been appropriated for road purposes this year?

Mr. AILMAN. Yes, sir, I think so. I think three million dollars, under the Sproul bill. Two millions for the State roads and one million under the Jones bill.

Mr. WOODWARD. For the information of the gentleman from Juniata, Mr. Ailman, I would state that the appropriation this year for road purposes that will be taken from the current revenues during the next two years will amount to $6,500,000, and I also wish to inform the House that under the provisions of the Jones act $1,707,000 will be taken from the revenues during the next two years.

Mr. AILMAN. The House will of course understand that these millions they are going to pay are for old debts, for paying old debts and current expenses for the next two years. That is all we are getting out of the appropriations this year. In the General Appropriation Bill last night we appropriated two hundred and fifty thousand dollars for some road away down in the southern southwestern corner of the State. I do not know where it is or what it is for. Just what use that road is in the State I have not been informed, and I am too obtuse to see. It was said it was a national road, and that it was a permanent road, and that they will not have to make this appropriation again. If you have ever built any roads in your county that are peramanent I would like to see them, because the best of roads you ever saw wear out in a few years. If we are defeated in our efforts with the conference committee we will take it to the people and see what they have to say about it.

The question recurring,

Will the House adopt the report of the committee of conference?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—164.

Abbott	**Eichenberger**	Kelly M.	Rhoads
Ailman	Ewing	Kelsey	**Richards**
Akers	Fahey	Kern	Rider
Allen	**Fay**	Kinney	Riebel
Alter	Ferguson	Klingerman	Robinson
Baldwin, G.	Fitzgerald	Klumpp	Rockwell
Baldwin, R.	Flynn	Knight	Roney
Bartman,	Freeman	Larkins	Row
Benson	Frey	Light	Sassaman
Bentley	Geary	Lindsay	Savidge
Blair	Gibson	Magee	Schad
Bosher	Gilkeson	Mannion	**Schmidt**
Bossert	**Good**	Martin	Schofield
Brehm	Gransback	Marvin	Scott, J.
Breitinger	Gray	Matt	Shadrach
Brennan	Graybill	McArdle	Shaffer
Caldwell	Guyaux	McClung	**Shannon**
Campbell, O.	Haggerty	McGowan	Sherwood
Carroll	Halferty	McInerney	Shoemaker
Carter	Healey	McJunkin	Snavely
Clarency	Hecht	McKean	Snyder, P.
Cleary	Henry	McMullen	Speer
Clymer	Hess	McNichol	Stein
Cole	Hibshman	Miller	Swan
Connell	Hilton	Mills	Swartz
Conner, P.	Hoffman	Moore	Townsend
Conrade	Holland	Morris	Tunis
Cox, E.	Hormell	Moses	Von Tacky
Crum	Hough	Moulthrop	Wallace
Currier	Hunter, J.	Neel	Walnut

urry	Hunter, R.	Newbaker	Ward, W., Jr.
ale	Irwin	North	Ward, W. B.
allas	Jackson	Perry	Watts
avis, A.	Johnson, C.	Phillips	Welch
earden	Johnson, D.	Piper	Whitman
ershem	Johnston	Pitchford	Wilcox
etzel	Jones E.	Rath	Williams
onahoe	Jones, J.	Rebert	Wilson
onnally	Keely	Reece	Woodward
unn, H.	Keene	Reeser	Young
unn, J.	Keister	Reno	Cox, J.
hrhardt	Kelley, J.		Speaker

NAYS—0.

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON ACCOUNTS.

Mr. MOULTHROP, from theCommittee on Accounts, submitted the following report:

That they have examined and settled the accounts of the Members of the House of Representatives for their compensation, mileage and stationery during the present session of the year 1911, as per schedule annexed, viz.:

A. S. MOULTHROP, Chairman.
GEORGE SCHMIDT,
W. B. WARD,
J. W. ALTER,
SAMUEL PERRY,
HERMAN RATH,
JOHN SWAN, Jr.,
SAMUEL REEL,
H. K. BENDER,
P. J. GUYAUX, Jr.,
GEO. RAESLEY,
MICHAEL J. HEALEY,
ROBERT G. SAVIDGE,
M. F. SHANNON,
DAVID FITZGERALD,
WM. H. H. DAVIS,
HENRY C. SNAVELY,
J. C. IRWIN,
J. T. McMULLEN,
J. H. LIGHT,
JAS. A. STEESE,
CHARLES DEVENY ROW,
O. M. LETZKUS,
GEORGE W. SCHULTZ.

RECAPITULATION.

	Salary	Stationery	Miles	Mileage	Total
age 1	$49,500.00	$1,650.00	10,827	$2,165.40	$53,315.40
age 2	49,500.00	1,650.00	8,802	1,760.40	52,910.40
age 3	48,000.00	1,600.00	10,193	2,038.60	51,638.60
age 4	45,000.00	1,500.00	10,072	2,014.40	48,514.40
age 5	45,000.00	1,500.00	9,504	1,900.80	48,400.80
age 6	46,500.00	1,550.00	8,855	1,771.00	49,821.00
age 7	27,000.00	900.00	8,240	1,648.00	29,548.00
Total	$310,500.00	$10,350.00	66,493	$13,298.60	$334,148.60
peaker (Extra, 143 days)	143.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Grand Total	$310,643.00	$10,350.00	66,493	$13,298.60	$334,291.60

Member	Salary	Stationery	Miles	Mileage	Total
bbott	$1,500.00	$50.00	236	$47.20	$1,597.20
ilman	1,500.00	50.00	85	17.00	1,567.00
kers	1,500.00	50.00	308	61.60	1,611.60
llen	1,500.00	50.00	508	101.60	1,651.60
lter	1,500.00	50.00	520	104.00	1,654.00
nderson	1,500.00	50.00	376	75.20	1,625.20
aldwin, George A.	1,500.00	50.00	542	108.40	1,658.40
aldwin, R. J.	1,500.00	50.00	264	52.80	1,602.80
artman	1,500.00	50.00	188	37.60	1,587.60
ass	1,500.00	50.00	210	42.00	1,592.00
ender	1,500.00	50.00	250	50.00	1,600.00
enson	1,500.00	50.00	504	100.80	1,650.80
entley	1,500.00	50.00	562	112.40	1,662.40
illman	1,500.00	50.00	144	28.80	1,578.80
lair	1,500.00	50.00	620	124.00	1,674.00
osher	1,500.00	50.00	212	42.40	1,592.40
ossert	1,500.00	50.00	178	35.60	1,585.60
oyd	1,500.00	50.00	472	94.40	1,644.40
rehm	1,500.00	50.00	350	70.00	1,620.00
reitinger	1,500.00	50.00	220	44.00	1,594.00
rennan	1,500.00	50.00	210	42.00	1,592.00
aldwell	1,500.00	50.00	132	26.40	1,576.40
ampbell, C. N. C.	1,500.00	50.00	524	104.80	1,654.80
ampbell, James J.	1,500.00	50.00	208	41.60	1,591.60
ampbell, William J.	1,500.00	50.00	628	125.60	1,675.60
arroll	1,500.00	50.00	496	99.20	1,649.20
arter	1,500.00	50.00	500	100.00	1,650.00
larency	1,500.00	50.00	220	44.00	1,594.00
leary	1,500.00	50.00	364	72.80	1,622.80
lymer	1,500.00	50.00	278	55.60	1,605.60
ole	1,500.00	50.00	92	18.40	1,568.40
onnell	1,500.00	50.00	208	41.60	1,591.60
onner, Patrick	1,500.00	50.00	218	43.60	1,593.60
	$49,500.00	$1,650.00	10,827	$2,165.40	$53,315.40

Member	Salary	Stationery	Miles	Mileage	Total
onner, William	1,500.00	50.00	520	104.00	1,654.00
onrade	1,500.00	50.00	208	41.60	1,591.60
ox, Edwin R.	1,500.00	50.00	220	44.00	1,594.00
rum	1,500.00	50.00	760	152.00	1,702.00
umbler	1,500.00	50.00	20	4.00	1,554.00
urrier	1,500.00	50.00	350	70.00	1,620.00
urry	1,500.00	50.00	220	44.00	1,594.00
ale	1,500.00	50.00	56	11.20	1,561.20
allas	1,500.00	50.00	650	130.00	1,680.00
avis, Albert	1,500.00	50.00	274	54.80	1,604.80
avis, Wm. H. H.	1,500.00	50.00	190	38.00	1,588.00
earden	1,500.00	50.00	210	42.00	1,592.00
ershem	1,500.00	50.00	130	26.00	1,576.00
etzel	1,500.00	50.00	688	137.60	1,687.60
onahoe	1,500.00	50.00	230	46.00	1,596.00
onnally	1,500.00	50.00	76	15.20	1,565.20
unn, Horace B.	1,500.00	50.00	196	39.20	1,589.20
unn, James	1,500.00	50.00	332	66.40	1,616.40
hrhardt	1,500.00	50.00	274	54.80	1,604.80
ichenberger	1,500.00	50.00	220	44.00	1,594.00
body	1,500.00	50.00	240	48.00	1,598.00
wing	1,500.00	50.00	222	44.40	1,594.40
aney	1,500.00	50.00	240	48.00	1,598.00
ay	1,500.00	50.00	230	46.00	1,596.00
eeney	1,500.00	50.00	576	115.20	1,665.20
erguson	1,500.00	50.00	20	4.00	1,554.00
Fitzgerald	1,500.00	50.00	232	46.40	1,596.40

Flynn	1,500.00	50.00	225	45.00	1,595.0
Freeman	1,500.00	50.00	31	6.20	1,556.2
Frey	1,500.00	50.00	64	12.80	1,562.8
Gans	1,500.00	50.00	210	42.00	1,592.0
Geary	1,500.00	50.00	500	100.00	1,650.0
Gibson	1,500.00	50.00	188	37.60	1,587.6
	$49,500.00	$1,650.00	8,802	$1,760.40	$52,910.4

Member	Salary	Stationery	Miles	Mileage	Tota
Gilkeson	1,500.00	50.00	254	50.80	1,600.8
Good	1,500.00	50.00	204	40.80	1,590.8
Gransback	1,500.00	50.00	220	44.00	1,594.0
Gray	1,500.00	50.00	208	41.60	1,591.6
Graybill	1,500.00	50.00	86	17.20	1,567.2
Grove	1,500.00	50.00	84	16.80	1,566.8
Guyaux, Jr.	1,500.00	50.00	542	108.40	1,658.4
Haggerty	1,500.00	50.00	280	56.00	1,606.0
Halferty	1,500.00	50.00	494	98.80	1,648.8
Healey	1,500.00	50.00	260	52.00	1,602.0
Hecht	1,500.00	50.00	225	45.00	1,595.0
Henry	1,500.00	50.00	394	78.80	1,628.8
Herman	1,500.00	50.00	152	30.40	1,580.4
Hess	1,500.00	50.00	72	14.40	1,564.4
Hibshman	1,500.00	50.00	106	21.20	1,571.2
Hilton	1,500.00	50.00	230	46.00	1,596.0
Hobbs	1,500.00	50.00	300	60.00	1,610.0
Hoffman	1,500.00	50.00	54	10.80	1,560.8
Holland	1,500.00	50.00	538	107.60	1,657.6
Hoover	1,500.00	30.00	440	88.00	1,638.0
Hormell	1,500.00	50.00	600	120.00	1,670.0
Hough	1,500.00	50.00	500	100.00	1,650.0
Howard	1,500.00	50.00	388	77.60	1,627.6
Hunter, James N.	1,500.00	50.00	178	35.60	1,585.6
Hunter, Robert P.	1,500.00	50.00	462	92.40	1,642.4
Irwin	1,500.00	50.00	270	54.00	1,604.0
Jackson	1,500.00	50.00	658	131.60	1,681.6
Johnson, C. Victor	1,500.00	50.00	750	150.00	1,700.0
Johnson, D. D.	1,500.00	50.00	506	101.20	1,651.2
Johnston, James C.	1,500.00	50.00	218	43.60	1,593.6
Jones, Edward E.	1,500.00	50.00	350	70.00	1,620.0
Jones, John Robert	1,500.00	50.00	170	34.00	1,584.0
	$48,000.00	$1,600.00	10,193	$2,038.60	$51,638.6

Member	Salary	Stationery	Miles	Mileage	Tota
Keely	1,500.00	50.00	208	41.60	1,591.6
Keene	1,500.00	50.00	220	44.00	1,594.0
Keister	1,500.00	50.00	...	.....	1,550.0
Kelley, Joseph	1,500.00	50.00	138	27.60	1,577.6
Kelly, M. Clyde	1,500.00	50.00	498	99.60	1,649.6
Kelsey	1,500.00	50.00	256	51.20	1,601.2
Kern	1,500.00	50.00	224	44.80	1,594.8
Kinney	1,500.00	50.00	340	68.00	1,618.0
Klingerman	1,500.00	50.00	236	47.20	1,597.2
Klumpp	1,500.00	50.00	500	100.00	1,650.0
Knight	1,500.00	50.00	660	132.00	1,682.0
Kuhns	1,500.00	50.00	194	38.80	1,588.8
Lafferty	1,500.00	50.00	450	90.00	1,640.0
Larkins	1,500.00	50.00	574	114.80	1,664.8
Leh	1,500.00	50.00	194	38.80	1,588.8
Letzkus	1,500.00	50.00	500	100.00	1,650.0
Light	1,500.00	50.00	126	25.20	1,575.2
Lindsay	1,500.00	50.00	302	60.40	1,610.4
Lowe	1,500.00	50.00	446	89.20	1,639.2
Magee	1,500.00	50.00	490	98.00	1,648.0
Malie	1,500.00	50.00	500	100.00	1,650.0
Mannion	1,500.00	50.00	310	62.00	1,612.0
Martin	1,500.00	50.00	664	132.80	1,682.8
Marvin	1,500.00	50.00	570	114.00	1,664.0
Matt	1,500.00	50.00	286	57.20	1,607.2
Maurer	1,500.00	50.00	108	21.60	1,571.6
McAleer	1,500.00	50.00	210	42.00	1,592.0
McArdle	1,500.00	50.00	220	44.00	1,594.0
McClung	1,500.00	50.00	500	100.00	1,650.0
McGowan	1,500.00	50.00	148	29.60	1,579.6
	$45,000.00	$1,500.00	10,072	$2,014.40	$48,514.4

Member	Salary	Stationery	Miles	Mileage	Tota
McInerney	1,500.00	50.00	500	100.00	1,650.0
McJunkin	1,500.00	50.00	570	114.00	1,664.0
McKean	1,500.00	50.00	554	110.80	1,660.8
McMullin	1,500.00	50.00	268	53.60	1,603.6
McNichol	1,500.00	50.00	208	41.60	1,591.6
Meyer	1,500.00	50.00	302	60.40	1,610.4
Miller	1,500.00	50.00	244	48.80	1,598.8
Mills	1,500.00	50.00	500	100.00	1,650.0
Moore	1,500.00	50.00	220	44.00	1,594.0
Morris	1,500.00	50.00	208	41.60	1,591.6
Moses	1,500.00	50.00	340	68.00	1,618.0
Moulthrop	1,500.00	50.00	440	88.00	1,638.0
Neel	1,500.00	50.00	460	92.00	1,642.0
Newbaker	1,500.00	50.00	132	26.40	1,576.4
North	1,500.00	50.00	370	74.00	1,624.0
Perry	1,500.00	50.00	222	44.40	1,594.4
Phillips	1,500.00	50.00	280	56.00	1,606.0
Piper	1,500.00	50.00	220	44.00	1,594.0
Pitchford	1,500.00	50.00	322	64.40	1,614.4
Raesley	1,500.00	50.00	275	55.00	1,605.0
Rath	1,500.00	50.00	500	100.00	1,650.0
Rehert	1,500.00	50.00	99	19.80	1,569.8
Reece	1,500.00	50.00	300	60.00	1,610.0
Reel	1,500.00	50.00	400	80.00	1,630.0
Reeser	1,500.00	50.00	350	70.00	1,620.0
Reno	1,500.00	50.00	180	36.00	1,586.0
Reyburn	1,500.00	50.00	208	41.60	1,591.6
Rhoads	1,500.00	50.00	114	22.80	1,572.8

Richards	1,500.00	50.00	524	104.80	1,654.80
Rider	1,500.00	50.00	194	38.80	1,588.80
	$45,000.00	$1,500.00	9,504	$1,900.80	$48,400.80

Member	Salary	Stationery	Miles	Mileage	Total
Riebel	1,500.00	50.00	220	44.00	1,594.00
Robinson, V. Gilpin	1,500.00	50.00	226	45.20	1,595.20
Robison, C. W.	1,500.00	50.00	500	100.00	1,650.00
Rockwell	1,500.00	50.00	344	68.80	1,618.80
Roney, Jr.	1,500.00	50.00	215	43.00	1,593.00
Row	1,500.00	50.00	100	20.00	1,570.00
Rumsey	1,500.00	50.00	540	108.00	1,658.00
Sassaman	1,500.00	50.00	108	21.60	1,571.60
Savidge	1,500.00	50.00	220	44.00	1,594.00
Schad	1,500.00	50.00	500	100.00	1,650.00
Schmidt	1,500.00	50.00	215	43.00	1,593.00
Schofield	1,500.00	50.00	552	110.40	1,660.40
Schultz	1,500.00	50.00	268	53.60	1,603.60
Scott, John R. K.	1,500.00	50.00	225	45.00	1,595.00
Scott, Samuel B.	1,500.00	50.00	232	46.40	1,596.40
Shadraeh	1,500.00	50.00	346	69.20	1,619.20
Shaffer	1,500.00	50.00	184	36.80	1,586.80
Shannon	1,500.00	50.00	240	48.00	1,598.00
Shern	1,500.00	50.00	210	42.00	1,592.00
Sherwood	1,500.00	50.00	220	44.00	1,594.00
Shoemaker	1,500.00	50.00	430	86.00	1,636.00
Shreve	1,500.00	50.00	688	137.60	1,687.60
Snavely	1,500.00	50.00	52	10.40	1,560.40
Snyder, Artanus H.	1,500.00	50.00	260	52.00	1,602.00
Snyder, Plymouth W.	1,500.00	50.00	270	54.00	1,604.00
Speer	1,500.00	50.00	104	20.80	1,570.80
Steese	1,500.00	50.00	46	9.20	1,559.20
Stein	1,500.00	50.00	500	100.00	1,650.00
Swan	1,500.00	50.00	500	100.00	1,650.00
Swarts	1,500.00	50.00	120	24.00	1,574.00
Townsend	1,500.00	50.00	220	44.00	1,594.00
	$46,500.00	$1,550.00	8,855	$1,771.00	$49,821.00

Member	Salary	Stationery	Miles	Mileage	Total
Tunis	1,500.00	50.00	...	.....	1,550.00
Ulerich	1,500.00	50.00	410	82.00	1,632.00
Van Tacky	1,500.00	50.00	790	158.00	1,708.00
Wallace	1,500.00	50.00	600	120.00	1,670.00
Walnut	1,500.00	50.00	208	41.60	1,591.60
Ward, William, Jr.	1,500.00	50.00	238	47.60	1,597.60
Ward, William B.	1,500.00	50.00	262	52.40	1,602.40
Wasson	1,500.00	50.00	570	114.00	1,664.00
Walton	1,500.00	50.00	600	120.00	1,670.00
Watts	1,500.00	50.00	346	69.20	1,619.20
Welch	1,500.00	50.00	400	80.00	1,630.00
Whitman	1,500.00	50.00	814	162.80	1,712.80
Wilcox	1,500.00	50.00	708	141.60	1,691.60
Williams	1,500.00	50.00	844	68.80	1,618.80
Wilson	1,500.00	50.00	378	75.60	1,625.60
Woodward	1,500.00	50.00	560	112.00	1,662.00
Young	1,500.00	50.00	500	100.00	1,650.00
Cox, John F., Speaker	1,500.00	50.00	512	102.40	1,652.40
	143.00	.....	...	.....	143.00
Cox, John F., Speaker (Extra)	$27,143.00	$900.00	8,240	$1,648.00	$29,691.00

Resolved, That the Speaker of the House of Representatives draw his warrant on the State Treasury in favor of each of the above members for the sum opposite their respective names.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 627.

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I desire to offer a motion at this time.

The SPEAKER. The motion will be read by the Clerk.

The motion was read as follows:

Moved that the vote by which House Bill No. 627 (Senate No. 100), entitled:

An act providing for the appointment by the district attorney in counties having a population of over one million and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants of a chief county detective an assistant county detective and special county detective defining their duties fixing their salaries and authorizing the payment of the same together with necessary traveling expenses by the county

failed on final passage on Tuesday last be reconsidered.

Mr. ALLEN. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. ALLEN. Mr. Speaker, in order that there be no misunderstanding in relation to this bill, I desire to say just a word. In 1905 the Legislature of this Commonwealth passed a detective act which was applicable to Allegheny County alone. The limits of the county were fixed at from five hundred thousand to one million inhabitants. That act was passed based upon that population, and under the act a detective bureau was established whereby ten detectives were provided for such counties and at the counties' expense, and in 1907, on account of the increased population, an amendment was made to the original act, leaving the population the same but increasing the detective force from ten to fifteen. By the last census Allegheny County has exceeded the one million mark, so that to-day there is no law which provides for the maintenance or keeping of that detective bureau. Now the members of this House are perfectly familiar with the fact that we have passed many of these acts during this session in order that certain conditions could be met. Now in this case I want to be perfectly frank with the members of this House. I felt at the beginning of the session that this was not necessary, but I examined the law in relation to the matter and I find that it is, and that unless this bill is reconsidered the people in Allegheny County and the outlying districts will have absolutely no police protection, because we will have no provisions by which we can keep that force of men necessary for the preservation of place in that county. When we found that out we went to some of you personally in order to have your support in this matter. We come to you and asked you to allow us to have this bill reconsidered and pass it, because it does not cost the State one cent, but will be paid by the taxpayers of Allegheny County.

Mr. WOODWARD. Mr. Speaker, when this bill was first presented to the House I was under the impression that it provided simply for an increase in the detective force in Allegheny County, and I felt that it was unnecessary, but since Mr. Allen and Mr. Alter have discovered that Allegheny County will be without a detective force if this bill does not pass I withdraw my objections, and I now ask the members of this House to pass this bill.

Mr. MAURER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to interrogate the gentleman.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Allen, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. ALLEN. I will.

Mr. MAURER. Is it not a fact that there are vacancies now in your force that have not been filled?

Mr. ALLEN. There are two, and they have been vacant for some months. It was believed, Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, by the district attorney that, inasmuch as Allegheny County had passed beyond the one million mark, that it had no right to employ anybody else, because they had no law for it.

Mr. MAURER. I do not understand why if they have these vacancies for the last two months they do not make these appointments, and why they come here and ask for more. There seems to be something else back of it all and Mr. Allen's explanation was not satisfactory to me that the population would have anything to do with the law as it now stands.

Mr. McINERNEY. Mr. Speaker, as far as Mr. Allen's arguments are concerned it is just within the last few days that he has changed his mind. As far as Allegheny County is concerned I do not believe that they want this force there. We have to go over to Scranton whenever we need detectives and I ask the members of this House to vote this measure down.

Mr. ALLEN. In answer to the gentleman, I want to say that a wise man changes his mind sometimes, but a fool never.

Mr. ALTER. Mr. Speaker, I had hoped this session might adjourn without any further clashing of opinions on the part of the Allegheny County delegation. But this is a serious matter. The simple question before the House is just as it has been stated by my colleague, Mr. Allen.

Unfortunately we find ourselves in this position: That unless this bill which provides for an increase in our detective force, an increase which I believe to be justified and necessary, because I have confidence in the district attorney who says it is necessary, unless this bill passes then until the meeting of the next Legislature the county of Allegheny will be absolutely without a detective force. Now the gentleman from Philadelphia may not think that this is a matter of importance because in their city the city is practically the whole county and they can rely upon their city detective force, but in Allegheny County outside of the city we have a population of over five hundred thousand with no city detectives to look after it, and experience has shown that in the administration of justice these county detectives are an absolute necessity. Under the act of 1905 there were ten county detectives provided for and under the act of 1909 five additional. Because that act of 1909 applied to counties with a population between five hundred thousand and a million and because we have outgrown the one million class we now find ourselves in this position, that if we do not pass this bill every county detective will have to be discharged and until the next session we will have no county detective force. I hope in view of this question that the members who may have some doubt as to the necessity of the increased force as called for in this bill, will vote for the bill in order that we may overcome this difficulty. I also want to say to my friend from Berks that the county detective force of Allegheny County has never in this history of its existence been employed in connection with any strikes or labor trouble of any kind whatsoever. It is purely a detective force used in the administration of justice in the county of Allegheny.

The question recurring.

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—111.

Abbott	Eichenberger	Johnson, D.	Richards
Akers	Ewing	Johnston	Riebel
Allen	Fahey	Jones, E. E.	Robinson
Alter	Fay	Keely	Robison
Baldwin, R. J.	Freeman	Keene	Row
Bartman	Frey	Keister	Sassaman
Bass	Geary	Kelsey	Savidge
Bentley	Gibson	Kern	Schad
Blair	Gilkeson	Klumpp	Schmidt
Bosher	Good	Leh	Scott, S. B.
Bossert	Gransback	Magee	Shoemaker
Breitinger	Graybill	Marvin	Snyder, A.
Campbell, C.	Halferty	McAleer	Snyder, P.
Carroll	Hecht	McArdle	Speer
Carter	Henry	McClung	Stein
Clarency	Herman	McGowan	Swan
Clymer	Hess	McNichol	Townsend
Connell	Hibshman	Moore	Ulerich
Conner, P.	Hilton	Moulthrop	Wallace
Conner, W.	Holland	Neel	Walton
Conrade	Hoover	Newbaker	Ward, W. Jr.
Cumbler	Hormell	North	Welch
Currier	Hough	Pitchford	Wilcox
Curry	Howard	Rebert	Wilson
Davis, W. H.	Hunter, R.	Reece	Woodward
Dearden	Irwin	Reno	Young
Donnally	Jackson	Reyburn	Cox, John F.
Dunn, J.	Johnson, C.	Rhoads	Speaker

NAYS—48.

Allman	Ferguson	Klingerman	Rockwell
Baldwin, G. A.	Dunn, H.	Knight	Roney
Benson	Enbody	Light	Scott, J. R.
Boyd	Feeney	Malie	Shadrach
Brehm	Ferguson	Maurer	Shannon
Brennan	Gray	McInerney	Sherwood
Campbell, J.	Grove	McKean	Snavely
Cleary	Haggerty	McMullen	Von Tacky
Cox, E. R.	Healey	Miller	Walnut
Dale	Hoffman	Phillips	Ward, W. B.
Dallas	Jones, John	Piper	Watts
Davis, A.	Kelly, M.	Rath	Williams

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk return the same to the Senate with information that the House has passed the same without amendment.

BILLS SIGNED BY SPEAKER.

The Speaker announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bills had passeed both houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the titles were publicly read as follows:

House Bill No. 833:

An act to revive and continue in force the provisions of an act entitled "An Act to extend the time during which corporations may hold and convey the title to real estate heretofore bought under execution or conveyed to them in satisfaction of debts and now remaining in their hands unsold" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight in so far as they relate to banking companies

House Bill No. 860:

An act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

House Bill No. 861:

An act providing for and regulating the reporting to the State Department of Health by physicians of occupational disease and fixing penalties for violation thereof

House Bill No. 862:

An act providing for the erection of memorial halls at the county seats in the different counties of Pennsylvania authorizing and directing the county commissioners of such counties upon petition of at least fifty citizens approved by two successive grand juries and the Court of Quarter Sessions to purchase a plot of ground in such county seat and erect thereon a memorial hall in honor of the soldiers sailors and marines from such county who served in the army and navy in the war for the suppression of the rebellion and all other wars in defense of the United States flag and authorizing the levying of a tax to raise a fund to pay the purchase money of the ground and the expenses of the erection of a memorial hall

House Bill No. 919:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia

House Bill No. 1018:

An act making an appropriation to the Nason Hospital Association at Roaring Spring Blair county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1106:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions of Pennsylvania located at Blossburg Tioga county

House Bill No. 1118:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of the annual fixed charge for school purposes on lands held for forest reserves

House Bill No. 1119:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of services and expenses of fire wardens and those assisting in the extinguishing of forest fires

House Bill No. 1123:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of the annual fixed charge for road purposes on lands held for forest reserves

House Bill No. 1147:

An act making an appropriation to the Eye and Ear Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1150:

An act making an appropriation to the Rosella Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital of the city of Pittsburg

House Bill No. 1178:

An act making an appropriation to the Greenville Hospital Greenville Mercer county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1186:

An act making an appropriation to the American Hospital for Diseases of the Stomach of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1201:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Vincent's Hospital Association of the city of Erie Erie county Pennsylvania

House Bill No. 1215:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Reform School at Morganza Pennsylvania and granting its managers the authority to raze old buildings

House Bill No. 1266:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medicinal preparations in the State of Pennsylvania" approved May twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven

House Bill No. 154:

An act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens and the proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this State

House Bill No. 313:

An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith

House Bill No. 353:

An act to promote the safety of travelers and employes upon railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains

House Bill No. 479:

An act to authorize the appointment by county commissioners of assessors in each legislative district and three assessors from the county at large in counties having not less than two hundred thousand nor more than three hundred twenty-five thousand inhabitants prescribing their powers duties and procedure and fixing salaries thereof

House Bill No. 507:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act approved May the fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled 'An Act to exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes and places of religious worship places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit and institutions of purely public charity,'" hospitals universities colleges seminaries academies associations institutions of learning and benevolence by removing the exemption from all court houses jails poor houses and certain lands therein exempted not necessary for the enjoyment of the same

House Bill No. 572:

An act providing for the appointment of assistant district attorneys in the several counties of this Commonwealth having over three hundred thousand and less than seven hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants describing the powers duties and terms of office and fixing the salary of said assistants

House Bill No. 639:

An act authorizing cities of the second class to regulate the emission of smoke from chimneys and smokestacks

House Bill No. 608:

An act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject

House Bill No. 580:

An act to amend sections one three and five of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of miners in bituminous coal mines and anthracite collieries or breakers by regulating the ages at which said minors may be employed their hours of employment and to prescribe rules for the obtaining of employment certificates and providing penalties for violation of the provisions thereof" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by further regulating the ages at which minors may be employed inside coal mines or in the outside workings thereof or in coal breakers or washeries and by providing for the filing of proof of age by the employers of minors apparently under sixteen years of age employed in such establishments

House Bill No. 716:

An act regulating the printing of the laws of the Commonwealth

House Bill No. 725:

An act to provide for the satisfaction of mortgages now or hereafter to be recorded in this Commonwealth when the original mortgages have been lost mislaid or destroyed

House Bill No. 726:

An act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the appointment of policemen in the boroughs of this Commonwealth defining their powers and duties and providing for their compensation and discharge" approved June sixth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three by regulating the control of policemen when on duty

House Bill No. 733:

An act authorizing cities of the first class to remit taxes owing by any hospital where dispute has arisen as to the right of the city to assess and collect such taxes

House Bill No. 737:

An act enabling the libellant in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion to testify to the fact of desertion and to the efforts made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and resume the marital relations

House Bill No. 745:

An act to confer power on the several orphans' courts having jurisdiction thereof when the balance for distribution in an estate after the debts are paid include stocks bonds and other securities to make distribution of the same in kind to parties entitled thereto to authorize subsequent sales thereof and to validate such distributions heretofore made

House Bill No. 749:

An act to repeal an act entitled "A supplement to an act passed the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine relating to billiard rooms et cetera in the counties of Chester and Delaware extending the same to the counties of Erie Crawford Venango Warren Tioga Potter and McKean" approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six so far as said act relates and extends to Venango county

House Bill No. 756:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway toll-road conduit tunnel mine coal-breaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipe line aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal mill-race works for supplying water heat light power cold air or any other substance furnished to the public well for the production of gas oil or volatile or mineral substance or other structure or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved June the fourth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

House Bill No. 817:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to section one of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania relating to taxation

House Bill No. 787:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act relative to the obstructing of the crossing of public roads by locomotives and cars" approved the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and forty-five by providing further that any member of the train-crew shall be subject to said penalty

House Bill No. 663:

An act amending and supplementing article fourteen of an act entitled an act for the government of cities of the second class approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as same was amended and supplemented by an act approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one by abolishing the present select and common councils providing a new body to be known as the council

and fixing their terms of office and providing for the selection of members of council prescribing the qualifications of members thereof their powers and duties and fixing their salaries

House Bill No. 1057:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Incurables Philadelphia Pennslyvania

Senate Bill No. 100:

An act providing for the appointment by the district attorney in counties having a population of over one million and less than one milion five hundred thousand inhabitants of a chief county detective and assistant county detective and special county detectives defining their duties and fixing their salaries and authorizing the payment of the same together with necessary traveling expenses by the county

Senate Bill No. 681:

An act to amend the first section of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An act concerning the sale of railroads canals turnpikes bridges and plank roads' approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one extending the provisions of said act to coal iron steel lumber or oil or mining manufacturing transportation and telegraph companies in this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand seven hundred and seventy-eight as amended by an act entitled "An act to amend the first section of an act entitled 'A supplement to an act entitled 'An act concerning the sale of railroads canals turnpikes bridges and plank roads' approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one extending the provisions of said act to coal iron steel lumber or oil or mining manufacturing transportation and telegraph companies in this Commonwealth' extending said act so as to embrace all sales made under and by virtue of a power to sell contained in any mortgage or deed of trust without any process or decree of a court in the premises" approved the thirty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven and as further amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled 'A supplement to an act entitled 'An act concerning the sale of railroads canals turnpikes bridges and plank roads' approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one extending the provisions of said act to coal iron steel lumber or oil or mining manufacturing transporttion and telegraph companies in this Commonwealth' extending said act so as to embrace all sales made under and by virtue of a power to sell contained in any mortgage or deed of trust without any process or decree of a court in the premises' approved the thirty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven so as to give to sales or conveyances made under and by virtue of any process or decree of a district court of the United Staes the same force and effect which are by said act given to sales or conveyances made under and by virtue of any process or decree of any court of this State or of the circuit court of the United States" approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine so that said act shall apply also to sales and conveyances of material rolling stock and property whether located wholly or partly within this State and franchises and whether of a corporation of this State or of this State and any other State or States and shall prescribe the rights and powers of the corporation formed by the purchaser the issuance by it of stock and bonds and the number and election of directors

Senate Bill No. 756:

An act to amend section two of an act entitled "A supplement to an act to authorize the erection of a poorhouse by the township of Wilkes-Barre in the county of Luzerne" approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three authorizing the judges of the court of quarter sesions of said Luzerne county to appoint an additional director of the poor for boroughs of over eighteen thousand population when such boroughs have been incorporated out of a part of any township or townships being a part of the Central Poor District of Luzerne county

Senate Bill No. 263:

A joint resolution providing for the issuing of an invitation to neighboring States to a conference with respect to the taxing oil gas and bituminous coal

Senate Bill No. 267:

An act making appropriations to institutions not wholly managed by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania liens on the premises of such institutions for the use of the Commonwealth and providing for the collection thereof

Senate Bill No. 453:

An act to direct appeals to the Supreme Court from any decree of distribution wherein the fund for distribution is in excess of fifteen hundred dollars

Senate Bill No. 493:

An act giving additional protection to wild waterfowl of all kinds in this Commonwealth limiting the number of decoys that may be used by any one person at one time or by any number of persons acting together forbidding the shooting of wild waterfowl before sunrise and imposing penalties for violation of its provisions

Senate Bill No. 596:

An act providing for the liquidation distribution of assets and dissolution of corporations under the supervision of the Commissioner of Banking and repealing all acts of Assembly supplied hereby or inconsistent herewith

Senate Bill No. 678:

An act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act for the appointment and maintenance of a board to be known as the Armory Board of the State of Pennsylvania and for the payment of its expenses and for providing managing and caring for armories for the use of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and making an appropriation for the same authorizing the State Armory Board to receive from counties cities municipalities and other sources donations or contributions for the purpose of this act" approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five fixing the salaries and providing for the payment of expenses of the members of the Armory Board

Senate Bill No. 680:

An act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May one thousand nine hundred and eleven and changing the election of the judges therein mentioned from the general election as now provided by law in accordance with the requirements of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

Senate Bill No. 394:

An act to amend section eleven of an act entitled "An act relating to corporations and to estates held for corporate religious and charitable uses" approved the twenty-sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five

Senate Bill No. 760:

An act prescribing the time and manner of submitting to the people for their approval and ratification or rejection certain proposed amendments to the Constitution

Senate Bill No. 792:

An act authorizing the printing and binding of the annual report of the Commissioner of Health in two separate volumes

Senate Bill No. 781:

An act relating to the settlement and audit of the accounts of all officers elected or appointed of boroughs townships poor districts and school districts prescribing the time for such settlement and audits for the matters to be contained in the report of settlement and audit for the filing of the said report in the office of the clerk of Quarter Sessions and for appeals to the Court of Common Pleas and Superior and Supreme Courts

Whereupon,

The Speaker, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

BILL ON FINAL PASSAGE.

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I desire at this time to call up House Bill No. 378 (Senate No. 301), on yesterday's postponed calendar, entitled

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth allowing counties cities boroughs townships school districts or other municipal or incorporated districts to increase their indebtedness

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. S. B. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point.

Mr. S. B. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, my point of order is this, that we have no calendar nor no file folio of bills on our desks and cannot conduct legislative business.

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. It is my opinion that we are still acting upon the legislative day.

Mr. S. B. SCOTT. The gentleman is not correctly informed.

The SPEAKER. The Chair decides that the point of order taken by the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. S. B. Scott, is well taken.

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I appeal from the ruling of the Chair.

The SPEAKER. The Chair will vacate and will call Mr. Hecht to the Chair.

Mr. HECHT in the Chair.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. J. R. K. Scott, appeals from the decision of the Chair upon the point of order raised by the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. S. B. Scott;

On the question,

Shall the ruling of the Chair stand as the decision of the House?

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, in support of my appeal from the decision of the Chair upon the point of order that we are without a calendar and therefore not a legislative body I hold that the decision of the Chair is entirely illogical. This House adjourned at twelve o'clock last night and at one o'clock this morning reconvened for the last legislative day of this session. The resolution of the House was to adjourn this day, the twenty-fifth day of May. We are a legislative body. We are a legislative body for the transaction of legislative business. When we took our recess at five o'clock this morning until ten o'clock this morning, we did not adjourn, we merely took a recess in this present legislative day. We started at one o'clock this morning. When we left this legislative hall we left it while we were still acting in our legislative duties. We are on the same day in our calendar and bills. We come back here and proceed along with our legislative work and the point of order raised by the gentleman from the other side that we cannot proceed because there is no calendar upon the desks is not well taken. If our calendar has been removed in our absence, we don't know by whose hands, that fact does not alter the fact that we are still working in the same legislative day. I appeal from the decision of the Chair as being illogical. If such rules could exist there would be no security in the operation of the legislative body in the transaction of business. Mr. Speaker, and gentlemen of the House, the legislative calendar is still before the House and I therefore ask that the appeal that has been taken from the decision of the temporary Speaker of the House will be sustained.

Mr. S. B. Scott. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House——

POINT OF ORDER.

Mr. ALLEN. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman will state his point.

Mr. ALLEN. Mr. Speaker, my point of order is that this question is not debatable.

The SPEAKER. The Chair decides that the point of order taken by the gentleman from Allegheny is well taken.

Mr. S. B. SCOTT. I desire that the Speaker shall read rule three before making his decision.

The SPEAKER. The Chair withdraws his decision and recognizes the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. S. B. Scott.

Mr S. B. SCOTT. My colleague from Philadelphia has as usual made an elaborate speech, but missed the point. This is a new legislative day, May 25, the day upon which we adjourn. Now there never has been a calendar printed for May 25th. We, of course, can consider the conference committee reports, but that does not require a calendar, but when the calendar printed on the 24th day of May expired there can be called up no business because there is no calendar or no files on the desks. According to parliamentary ruling the position I have taken is impregnable

Mr. HOWARD. Mr. Speaker, I respectfully submit that this bill can be called up. We always have a right to refer for the information of the members to the location and the number of the bill on the previous day's calendar. Under the rules, we have a right to act on bills after those bills have been printed and put on our desks. I respectfully submit that we can act on this bill. This is a reconsideration of it. The members ought to have this bill on their desks. The bill was delivered and printed and was put on our desks. We had it to act upon and it is natural now to reconsider our vote on it. I think this bill is properly before the House.

Mr. RONEY. I submit that the gentleman cannot call up the bill at this time, unless the bill is actually on the desks of the members

Mr. STEIN. Mr. Speaker, it seems to me that these hair-splitting technicalities are entirely uncalled for. I am thoroughly informed myself on this matter and if the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. S. B. Scott, will take the trouble to send for the bill as others have done I think we can proceed in this manner. I am perfectly willing to furnish him with my copy of the bill.

The question recurring,

Shall the ruling of the Chair stand as the decision of the House?

The yeas and nays were required by Mr. S. B. SCOTT and Mr. WALLACE were as follows:

YEAS—66.

Abbott	Flynn	Marvin	Roney
Ailman	Gray	Matt	Row
Baldwin, G. A.	Graybill	Maurer	Sassaman
Benson	Hafferty	McAleer	Scott, S. B.
Bossert	Hess	McGowan	Shaffer
Boyd	Hilton	McJunkin	Shoemaker
Brehm	Hobbs	McKean	Snavely
Campbell, J.	Hoffman	Moulthrop	Snyder, A.
Carroll	Hunter, J.	Neel	Snyder, P.
Cole	Jones, John	Newbaker	Speer
Davis, W.	Keister	Piper	Swartz
Dearden	Kelly, M.	Reece	Von Tacky
Dershem	Kern	Rhoads	Wallace
Donahoe	Kinney	Rider	Walnut
Feeney	Knight	Robinson	Ward, W. B.
Ferguson	Light	Rockwell	Watts
Fitzgerald			Williams

NAYS—87.

Allen	Ehrhardt	Johnson, C.	Reyburn
Alter	Eichenberger	Johnston	Richards
Baldwin, R. J.	Ewing	Jones, E. E.	Riebel
Bartman	Fay	Keely	Robison
Bass	Freeman	Keene	Savidge
Bentley	Frey	Kelsey	Schad
Bosher	Gans	Klingerman	Schmidt
Breitinger	Geary	Klumpp	Schultz
Campbell, C.	Gibson	Larkins	Scott, J. R.
Carter	Gilkeson	Lindsay	Steese
Cleary	Good	Magee	Stein
Clymer	Gransback	McArdle	Swan
Conner, P.	Grove	McClung	Townsend
Conner, W.	Haggerty	McInerney	Tunis
Conrade	Healey	McMullen	Walton
Cox, E. R.	Hecht	McNichol	Ward, W. Jr.
Cumbler	Henry	Miller	Welch
Curry	Hoover	Moore	Wilcox
Dale	Hormell	Morris	Wilson
Davis, A.	Howard	Perry	Woodward
Dunn, H.	Hunter, R.	Phillips	Young
Dunn, J.	Irwin	Pitchford	Cox, John F. Speaker.

So the question was determined in the negative and the decision of the Chair reversed.

Agreeably to order,

The House resumed the final passage and consideration of House Bill No. 378 (Senate No. 301), entitled:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth allowing counties cities boroughs townships school districts or other municipal or incorporated districts to increase their indebtedness

The question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, this resolution which is now before the House is a resolution that was offered by Senator Tustin, of Philadelphia. It has passed the Senate and is now before the House for the purpose of amending a section of the Constitution allowing the borrowing capacity to be raised from 7 per cent. to 10 per cent. in the municipalities of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. After this resolution passes this House, if it should pass, it must come again before the next Legislature, and after having passed the Legislature it must be submitted to the people and they must pass upon it by their votes before it becomes a matter of constitutional amendment. When this resolution was originally before the House it was objected to by one of the gentlemen of the House on the grounds that it would cost the Commonwealth two hundred dollars for the purposes of advertising this constitutional amendment. That object is removed because in this present Legislature we have passed three or four resolutions for Constitutional amendments, all of which will be advertised at the time of this advertisement, and therefore the increased expense would be trifling, but Mr. Speaker, and gentlemen of the House, it would be unfair for the members of this House to vote down this resolution for two reasons: first, because it is good legislative practice to allow a resolution of this character to pass the first Legislature which gives the people notice for two years to decide whether or not they want the resolution passed by the second Legislature and then submitted to the people. The same thing was done almost unanimously. The resolution made a Constitutional change. This amendment was passed and due notice given to the people and when it came the second time to this House it met its defeat. No harm can come from this House passing this amendment, and I ask the members of the House to vote for this measure. A resolution offered by the gentleman from Allegheny recently applied to all of the districts outside of the city of Philadelphia. Now all that we ask in Philadelphia is to have the same question submitted to the people of that city to say whether or not Philadelphia wants the right to have her borrowing capacity extended from seven to ten per cent.

We are a progressive city. We are becoming one of the greatest cities of this nation and this legislation is a step in advance, a step in the right direction. We have been called upon editorially to pass this legislation which is almost unanimously supported by the press of Philadelphia and we have been abused by our refusal to pass it. I cannot understand the position of the gentleman from Germantown. I cannot understand if he is here to advance the interests of his constituents why he opposes this bill. He lives in a section where the man of wealth lives. They are the men who to a great extent will benefit by the advancement of the city of Philadelphia. He does not know the feeling of his constituents when he comes here opposing this measure. I also cannot understand the position of the young man from South Philadelphia, the section down along the wharves. There is a great deal of money spent in his district and I cannot understand why he should want to ask the members of this House to vote down this measure which means so much to his city. If there are two men in this House who ought to be glad to support this measure they are the gentleman from Germantown and the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Roney, and not the gentleman from the 14th ward, Mr. J. R. K. Scott, who gets none of the benefits of it.

Mr. R. J. BALDWIN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to interrogate the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. J. R. K. Scott.

The SPEAKER. Will the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. J. R. K. Scott, permit himself to be interrogated?

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. I will.

Mr. R. J. BALDWIN. I would like to know whether or not it is not a fact——

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. I thought the gentleman desired to interrogate me.

MR. R. J. BALDWIN. Maybe the gentleman from Philadelphia will be glad when I get through.. Isn't it a fact that all of the rural districts throughout the State of Pennsylvania, outside the city of Philadelphia, can borrow for municipal purposes and for county purposes sixteen per cent., while the city of Philadelphia is suffering from the condition of being allowed to borrow only nine per cent., with the extra two per cent. allowed for the School Code? If that is a fact, I think all of the rural members should support the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. J. R. K. Scott.

MR. S. B. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, in all my legislative experience I have never seen such an attempt to rush through a piece of legislation as has been done in this case. This thing has been on our calendar for weeks. When it came before us first we defeated it. It is now called up as a last dying attempt to get it past the House. Last night I feared just such an attempt and remained until the last. Otherwise I might have gone home, like many of the members did. Let us speak upon the merits of this bill for a moment. It is not true that this measure is demanded by the people of Philadelphia. We have the same borrowing capacity as the rest of the State, and a change is not necessary. I wish to call to the attention of the members of this House that should this amendment pass the borrowing capacity will be raised to thirty per cent.—ten per cent. for the city, ten per cent. for the school district and ten per cent. for county purposes, so that many municipal districts in this State would be bankrupt in a very short time. This Legislature has passed a resolution introduced in this House by the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Breitinger, which gave to the city of Philadelphia the unlimited power to borrow. If we pass this legislation we will be in the absurd position of passing one piece of legislation and in the same session passing other legislation which repeals the first.

MR. RONEY. Mr. Speaker, I desire to say that this particular resolution does not apply only to Philadelphia, but applies to every rural district. In regard to the argument that this was being passed for the purpose of municipal progress, I desire to say that I stand just as much as anyone for a city beautiful, but I don't want my city bankrupt. I want the city solvent and run on a good financial basis, which will not embarrass the good citizens of this municipality. The resolution which was offered by my colleague, Mr. Breitinger, provided for unlimited means for the borrowing of money for municipal improvements such as wharves, subways and so on, and I ask you to bear in mind in this case what this would mean to the taxpayers of Philadelphia. They would have to be taxed accordingly, and this would work a hardship on the property owners. We do not want this increased taxation. The people from my district do not want this borrowing power increased from seven to ten per cent., and I ask the members to vote against this bill.

MR. V. G. ROBINSON. Mr. Speaker, this question of this very constitutional amendment has been discussed before and voted down. As we are at the present time we have no calendar and we have no bills upon our desks. Is it just to the members of this House to require them to vote upon a question of this importance when we have neither calendar nor the bill from which to ascertain the matter upon which we are voting? I repeat, is it just that this bill should be brought out at this time to be disposed of? In the resolution that was introduced with respect to the other counties of the State and against which I attempted to say something, it at least had the saving clause in it that the resolution should not carry unless it was sustained by the vote of three-fifths of the electors, as I recall it. Is there any such provision in this resolution? The clock has been turned back, and we are beyond the period that has been fixed for adjournment, and it does seem unseemly that this matter should be pressed at this time, and therefore, Mr. Speaker, I move that the consideration of this bill be indefinitely postponed.

MR. DALLAS. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The SPEAKER announced that the noes appeared to have it. A division having been called for and less than the majority of the quorum having voted in the affirmative, the motion was not agreed to.

On the question recurring,

Shall the bill pass finally?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—72.

Abbott	Flynn	Keely	Row
Allen	Freeman	Keister	Savidge
Baldwin, R. J.	Frey	Kelsey	Schad
Bartman	Gans	Klingerman	Schofield
Bass	Geary	Klumpp	Scott, J. R.
Bosher	Gibson	McArdle	Steese
Breitinger	Gransback	McClung	Stein
Conner, P.	Graybill	McInerney	Swan
Conner, W.	Haggerty	McNichol	Townsend
Conrade	Halferty	Miller	Tunis
Cox, E. R.	Healey	Moore	Von Tacky
Cumbler	Hecht	Morris	Walton
Curry	Hoover	Perry	Ward, W. Jr.
Davis, A.	Howard	Phillips	Welch
Dearden	Hunter, R.	Pitchford	Wilcox
Ehrhardt	Irwin	Reyburn	Woodward
Fahey	Johnston	Richards	Young
Fay	Jones, E. E.	Riebel	Cox, John F., Speaker

NAYS—71.

Allman	Detzel	Kern	Robinson
Alter	Enbody	Knight	Rockwell
Baldwin, G. A.	Feeney	Light	Roney
Benson	Ferguson	Martin	Sassaman
Billman	Fitzgerald	Matt	Scott, S. B.
Blair	Gilkeson	Maurer	Shaffer
Bossert	Gray	McGowan	Shoemaker
Boyd	Grove	McJunkin	Snavely
Brehm	Herman	McKean	Snyder, A.
Brennan	Hilton	McMullen	Snyder, P.
Campbell, C.	Hobbs	Moulthrop	Speer
Campbell, J.	Hoffman	Neel	Swartz
Cleary	Holland	Newbaker	Ulerich
Cole	Hunter, J.	Piper	Wallace
Dale	Jackson	Reece	Walnut
Dallas	Johnson, C.	Reel	Ward, W. B.
Davis, W.	Jones, John	Rhoads	Watts
Dershem	Kelly, M.	Rider	

Less than the majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the negative.

RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE ON NON-CONCURRENCE IN AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 483 AND DISCHARGE OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE.

Mr. ALTER. Mr. Speaker, to save the time of preparing and presenting a conference report, I am authorized by my colleagues, the House conferees on House Bill No. 483, known as "the banking bill," to move that the vote by which the House refused to concur in the Senate amendments be reconsidered and the committee discharged.

Mr. SCHAD. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The question recurring,

Will the House concur in the amendments made by the Senate?

Agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, the yeas and nays were taken and were as follows, viz:

YEAS—141.

Abbott	Ewing	Keister	Rockwell
Allen	Fahey	Kelsey	Roney
Alter	Fay	Klingerman	Row
Baldwin, G.	Ferguson	Klumpp	Sassaman
Baldwin, R.	Flynn	Lech	Savidge
Bartman	Freeman	Lindsay	Schad
Bass	Frey	Magee	Schmidt
Bentley	Gans	Marvin	Schofield
Blair	Geary	McArdle	Scott, J.
Bosher	Gibson	McClung	Shadrach
Boyd	Gilkeson	McGowan	Shaffer,
Brehm	Good	McInerney	Shoemaker
Breitinger	Gransback	McJunkin	Shreve
Campbell, C.	Gray	McKean	Snavely
Campbell, Jas	Graybill	McMullen	Snyder, P.
Campbell, W.	Grove	McNichol	Steese
Carroll	Haggerty	Miller	Stein
Carter	Halferty	Moore	Swan
Clarency	Healey	Morris	Swartz
Cleary	Hecht	Moses	Townsend
Clymer	Henry	Moulthrop	Tunis
Cole	Hess	Noel	Ulerich
Connell	Hibshman	Perry	Von Tacky
Conner, P.	Hilton	Phillips	Wallace
Conner, W.	Hoover	Pitchford	Walnut
Conrade	Hough	Reece	Walton
Cox, E.	Howard	Reel	Ward, W., Jr.
Cumbler	Hunter, R.	Reno	Ward, W.
Currier	Irwin	Reyburn	Watts
Curry	Jackson	Rhoads	Whitman
Dale	Johnson, C.	Richards	Williams
Dunn, H.	Johnson D.	Rider	Wilson
Dunn, J.	Johnston	Riebel	Woodward
Ehrhardt	Jones, E.	Robinson	Young
Eichenberger	Jones, J.	Robison	Cox, John F.
Enbody	Keene		Speaker.

NAYS—11.

Brennan	Davis, W.	Martin	Scott, S.
Dallas	Hershem	Matt	Snyder, A.
Davis, A.	Knight	Maurer	

The majority required by the Constitution having voted in the affirmative, the question was determined in the affirmative and amendments concurred in.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

SENATE MESSAGE.

SENATE ADOPTS CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON SENATE BILL NO. 265.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, informed that the Senate has adopted the report of the committee of conference on the subject of the differences existing between the two houses on bill numbered and entitled as follows:

Senate Bill No. 265:

An act authorizing foreign corporations that is to say corporations joint stock companies partnerships limited partnership associations and all associations having any of the powers or privileges of corporations not possessed by individuals or partnerships organized under any laws other than those of this Commonwealth for certain purposes to own real estate in this Commonwealth necessary for their corporate purposes under certain conditions and validating such ownership now or heretofore existing and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

BILL SIGNED BY SPEAKER.

The Speaker announced that the Chief Clerk having reported that the following bill had passed both houses of the General Assembly, and the same being correct, the title was publicly read, as follows:

An act to provide for licensing and regulating private banking in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing penalties for the violation thereof

Whereupon the Speaker, in the presence of the House, signed the same.

RESOLUTIONS.

COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO WAIT UPON THE SENATE.

Mr. WM. WARD, JR., offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed to wait upon the Senate, and inform that body that the House is ready to adjourn at 12.00 o'clock noon, this day.

The resolution was twice read, considered and agreed to.

And the Speaker appointed Messrs. Wm. Ward, Jr., Keister and Flynn on said committee.

THANKING SPEAKER JOHN F. COX.

Mr. COLE offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the thanks of the House of Representatives be and is hereby tendered to the Honorable John F. Cox, Speaker of the House of Representatives, for the able and efficient and impartial manner in which he has presided over the deliberations of the House during the present session.

The resolution was twice read, considered and agreed to.

THANKING REPRESENTATIVES OF THE PRESS.

Mr. CARROLL offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the thanks of the House of Representatives be tendered to the representatives of the press for the faithful performance of their duties in reporting its proceedings to the public.

The resolution was twice read, considered and agreed to.

THANKING LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL REPORTERS.

Mr. WALLACE offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the House of Representatives extend its appreciation to the reporters for the Legislative Journal for the highly satisfactory way in which its debates and speeches of the body have been reported.

The resolution was twice read, considered and agreed to.

THANKING THE PAGES.

Mr. BLAIR offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the thanks of the members of the House of Representatives be tendered to the pages for their agility and fleetfootedness.

The resolution was twice read, considered and agreed to.

THANKING CHAPLAIN W. C. JONES.

Mr. HOLLAND offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the thanks of this Legislature be extended to the Rev. W. C. Jones for the strict attention to his duties and the kind thoughts expressed of our afflicted members, as well as all the members.

The resolution was twice read, considered and agreed to.

THANKING CLERKS AND OFFICERS.

Mr. WOODWARD offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the thanks of the House of Representatives is hereby tendered to the clerks and officers of the House of Representatives for the faithful and efficient performance of their duties.

The resolution was twice read, considered and agreed to.

SENATE MESSAGE.

RESOLUTION RELATIVE TO PRINTING OF THE JOURNALS.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows, viz:

In the Senate, May 25th, 1911.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That the Chief Clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives be directed to have the copy of the Journals of the two Houses of this session prepared and placed in the hands of the Superintendent of Public Printing within thirty days after the close of the session, and the Superintendent of Public Printing is hereby directed to have the said Journals printed, bound and delivered to the Chief Clerks of the Senate and House of Representatives within ninety days after receipt of the copy therefor.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

The resolution was twice read.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution?

It was agreed to.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE TO WAIT UPON THE GOVERNOR.

The Clerk of the Senate being introduced, presented the following extract from the Journal of the Senate, which was read as follows, viz:

In the Senate, May 25th, 1911.

Resolved (if the House of Representatives concur), That a committee of three be appointed to wait upon the Governor in conjunction with a similar committee (if the House shall appoint such committee), and inform him that the General Assembly will be ready to adjourn sine die this day at 12.00 o'clock noon.

Messrs. Kline, Kurtz and Miller have been appointed on behalf of the Senate.

Ordered, That the Clerk present the same to the House of Representatives for its concurrence.

The resolution was twice read.

On the question,

Will the House concur in the resolution?

It was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The Chair appoints as a committee to wait upon the Governor Messrs. Neil, Breitinger and Shaffer.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate accordingly.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON COMPARE BILLS.

Mr. HALFERTY, from the Committee on Compare Bills, reported having compared in conjunction with a similar committee on the part of the Senate, and found correct bills numbered and entitled as follows, viz:

House No. 1:

"A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and nine and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and nine' approved the fifteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws eight sixty-four) providing for the salaries and ordinary expenses of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania for the six months ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven for minor appropriations to the Executive Judicial and Legislative Department not provided for in the act to which this is a supplement and for certain deficiencies in appropriations made to several of the departments by said Act"

House No. 2:

An act fixing the time when the term of office of judges of the Supreme Superior Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts learned in the law shall commence and the time of the nomination and election of successors to judges of the Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts whose commissions expire in odd numbered years

House No. 3.

An act to fix the salaries of the judges of the Supreme Court the judges of the Superior Court the judges of the courts of common pleas and the judges of the orphans' courts

House No. 4:

An act to amend section one of an act of Assembly approved the fourth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act creating in counties having a population of from three hundred thousand to one million a board to fix and determine the number and compensation of employes in all county offices boards bureau departments and divisions thereof prescribing the powers and duties of said board and regulating appeals from the decision thereof" so as to make it apply to counties containing a population of not less than eight hundred thousand nor more than one million four hundred thousand

House No. 5:

An act to amend section seven of an act entitled "An Act requiring counties now or hereafter containing a population of not less than seven hundred and fifty thousand and not more than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants to establish and maintain schools for the care and education of male children under the jurisdiction of the juvenile courts and conferring the powers and regulating the proceedings for the establishment maintenance and management thereof" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine so as not to require bonds issued thereunder to be issued in compliance with existing law governing the issue of bonds by county commissioners for the erection or repair of public buildings

House No. 6:

An act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to John Taylor the amount paid by him for his commission as a notary public

House No. 9:

An act to fix salary of court criers and tipstaves in judicial districts containing more than two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and less than one million inhabitants

House No. 11:

An act permitting the release on parole of persons acquitted on the grounds of insanity and regulating such releasing

House No. 15:

An act to quiet the title of real estate and to enable citizens of the United States and corporations chartered under the laws of this Commonwealth and authorized to hold real estate therein to hold and convey title to real estate which has formerly been held by corporations not authorized by law to hold real estate in Pennsylvania

House No. 16.

An act authorizing and directing the State Treasurer to refund to A Sidney Reynolds the amount erroneously collected from him as a State license fee as proprietor of a museum

House No. 18:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittsburg Hospital Sisters of Charity

House No. 20:

An act amending the second section of an act approved the first day of May, A. D. 1907, entitled "An Act relating to the appointment of stenographers and assistant stenographers to report proceedings in the several courts of common pleas, orphans' courts, courts of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery and courts of quarter sessions of the peace of this Commonwealth, as well as before commissioners, masters and special masters in chancery, referees, examiners, auditors and other officers; prescribing their powers and duties, and when such reports shall be evidence of the facts reported; prescribing their compensation and allowances for expenses, when the same shall be paid by the county wherein such stenographers or assistant stenographers are employed, and when by the parties of such proceedings; and repealing an act entitled 'An Act directing the appointment of official stenographers in the several civil courts of this Commonwealth; authorizing the appointment of stenographers by examiners, masters, referees, commissioners and auditors; authorizing the appointment of assistant stenographers; repealing 'An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth, prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation' approved May 15, 1874; repealing 'An Act to authorize the appointment of stenographers in the several courts of this Commonwealth, prescribing their duties and fixing their compensation,' approved May 8, 1876, and repealing 'An Act defining the duty of court stenographers in the several counties in this State,' approved June 10, 1881,' approved the twenty-fourth day of May, 1887; but such repeal not to revive any law repealed by the said act of twenty-fourth of May, 1887," by requiring the judges of the courts of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery and of the courts of quarter sessions of the peace to employ the stenographer of the Common Pleas Court to report the proceedings when requested by defendant or counsel and providing regulations for the furnishing of copies of testimony

House No. 21:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to prevent any insurance company organized under the laws or doing business in Pennsylvania or any officer agent or representative thereof or any insurance broker from paying allowing or giving or any person from receiving as an inducement to insurance any rebate or premium payable or any other valuable consideration or inducement whatever not specified in the policy contract and prohibiting any insurance company its officers agents or representative from giving selling purchasing or offering to give sell or purchase as inducements to insurance or any connection therewith any stocks bonds or other securities of said insurance companies or other insurance companies or any dividends or profits to accure thereon except as herein provided and to prevent any life insurance companies to date back policies not exceeding six months and in favor of individuals between insurants of the same class and equal expectation of life in the amount or payment of premiums or rates charged for policies of life or endowment insurance and fixing a penalty for the violation thereof" by extending its provisions to permit companies to date back policies not exceeding six months and fixing the maximum amount of capital stock which life insurance companies entitled to exemption thereunder can dispose of with policies of insurance

House No. 23:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class" approved the twenty-eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine as to townships of the first class providing for certain duties of the Secretary of the Board of Commissioners invalidating contracts hirings purchases or orders not provided for by or in excess of appropriations providing for inspection of the records and documents by taxpayers and the method of making contracts

House No. 25:

An act providing for the burial of indigent persons whose bodies are unclaimed and are unfit for anatomical purposes

House No. 28:

An act to carry into complete operation the amendments to sections eight and twenty-one of article four sections eleven and twelve of article five sections two and three of article eight section one of article twelve and sections two and seven of article fourteen of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania adopted November seventh one thousand nine hundred and nine preventing any hiatus in the terms of offices affected thereby fixing the time when the terms of certain offices shall hereafter begin validating the official acts of certain officers during their extended terms and defining the term "Public Officer" as used in this act

House No. 30:

An act relating to streets lanes and alleys that were originally laid out on plans of lots and which have been vacated as public ways and limiting the time within which actions may be brought to enforce private rights therein

House No. 31:

An act making an appropriation to pay to townships legally entitled to receive it fifteen per centum bonus authorized by the second section of an act approved April twelfth one thousand nine hundred and five to be paid to townships of the second class which abolish the work tax

House No. 32:

An act to amend an act to provide for the selection of sites and the erection of State hospitals thereon for injured persons to be located within the bituminous and semi-bituminous coal regions of this Commonwealth to be called the State Hospital for Injured Persons Within the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions of Pennsylvania and for the management of same and making appropriations therefor approved the fourteenth day of June eighteen hundred and eighty-seven and providing that in addition to injured persons any patients excepting those suffering from contagious diseases may be admitted and treated

House No. 34:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine' approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine as amended by an act approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one entitled 'An act to provide increased revenues for the purpose of relieving the burdens of local taxation being supplementary to an act entitled 'An act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine amending the first fourteenth sixteenth twentieth twenty-first twenty-fifth and twenty-sixth sections of an act supplementary thereto which became a law on the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled 'A further supplement to an act entitled 'An act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine' and providing for greater uniformity of taxation by taxing all of the property of corporations limited partnerships and joint stock associations having capital stock at the rate of five mills on each dollar of its actual value' by relieving and exempting from the provisions thereof savings institutions having no capital stock" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws page two hundred and ninety-eight) by exempting savings accounts of less than one thousand dollars from taxation for State purposes

House No. 35:

An act to provide for the payment by the proper county of witnesses committed and held in default of bail to appear and testify on behalf of the Commonweath

House No. 36:

An act to provide for the registration of conveyances of real estate in all counties of this Commonwealth with a popuation not to exceed four hundred thousand in order to facilitate the assessment of taxes therein in the name of the owner of said real estate and to ascertain the value of such real estate and providing compensation to the recorder of deeds of such counties for making reports thereof

House No. 38:

An act to authorize County Commissioners to erect and maintain dykes banks causeways and sluiceways on any stream not navigable and affected by the tide for the economical protection of public property in their charge

House No. 39:

An act relating to streets lanes and alleys that were originally laid out on plans of lots and which have been vacated as public ways and limiting the time within which actions may be brought to enforce private rights therein

House No. 41:

An act validating the service and return of subpoenas heretofore made in certain proceedings in divorce and the proceedings based on such service or return

House No. 45:

An act relating to elections by surviving husbands or wives to take under or against the wills of decedents to the recording thereof and of final decrees where parties have failed or refused to elect when required so to do and forbidding payments to such parties until they have made and filed their elections

House No. 46:

An act authorizing the erection of workhouses jointly by two or more counties of this Commonwealth

House No. 47:

An act requiring owners lessees or operators of bituminous coal or clay mines to furnish the owners or lessees of adjoining coal or clay lands with maps or the mines and workings along the division line of such coal or clay lands and permitting the owners or lessee of such adjoining coal or clay lands to enter such mines and make surveys and to verify the accuracy of such maps

House No. 49:

An act providing for the sale of any personal property belonging to the Commonwealth which is or shall hereafter become unserviceable repealing section ten of the act of March twenty-sixth one thousand eight hundred and ninty-five entitled "An Act relative to Public Grounds and Buildings defining the powers of the commissioners authorizing the Board of Commissioners to carry into effect the provisions of section twelve article three of the Constitution relative to contracts for stationery fuel furniture furnishings distribution of documents repairs alterations or improvements and other matters needed by the Legislature the several department boards and commissions of the State Government and Executive Mansion authorizing the appointment of a superintendent and defining his powers authority and duties and providing for the appointment of subordinate officers required by this act and fixing the compensation of the same" relating to the sale of furnishings of the several departments the Senate Chambers the House of Representatives boards and commissions of the State governments

House No. 50:

An act to enable city county poor ward school borough and township tax collectors to colect taxes for the payment of which they have become personlly liable without having collected the same by the expiration of the authority of their respective warrants or by the expiration of their term of office and to extend the time for the collection of the same for a period of two years from the passage of this act

House No. 53:

An act regulating in criminal trials the cross-examination of a defendant when testifying in his own behalf

House No. 54:

An act fixing the pay and mileage of viewers and surveyors in proceedings for damages to real property taken by any railroad in this Commonweaalth the same to be paid by such railroad

House No. 55:

An act fixing the salary of the Private Secretary to the Governor of the Commonwealth

House No. 56:

An act authorizing counties containing over eight hundred thousand and less than one million four hundred thousand population to expend monies in cleansing improving or controlling streams and rivers lying wholly or partly within their respective boundaries and in the investigation of the condition of such streams and rivers for the purpose of improving navigation controlling floods of for other purposes

House No. 59:

An act to repeal an act approved the tenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to provide for the repair and maintenance or improvement by the proper township city or borough of turnpikes heretofore or hereafter appropriated or condemned or when any turnpike company or association has heretofore abandoned or may hereafter abandon its turnpike or any part thereof or when any turnpike company or association owning any turnpike has heretofore been dissolved or may hereafter be dissolved by proceedings any existing laws of this Commonwealth"

House No. 60:

An act to amend an act providing for the depositing of money with the prothonotary or clerk of the several courts of this Commonwealth in lieu of the surety or sureties on bonds which are now required in certain civil actions in law and equity and the security for costs now required of non-resident plaintiffs and fixing the fees of said prothonotary or clerk approved the twenty-second day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine providing that the fees of said prothonotary or clerk shall be the same as provided by existing laws on all money paid into court

House No. 61:

An act to abolish the office of Assistant Chief Clerk of the Senate and providing for additional officers and employes of the General Assembly defining their duties and fixing their compensation also fixing the compensation of certain other officers now authorized by law

House No. 62:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to section eight article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

House No. 63:

An act creating the office of Second Assistant Deputy Attorney General in the Attorney General's Department and fixing the salary of said assistant

House No. 64:

A joint resolution expressing the wish of the citizens of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania that the Panama Canal be fortified

House No. 65:

An act making an appropriation to the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Treverton Shamokin and Mount Carmel coal fields situate in the township of Coal near Shamokin Northumberland county Pennsylvania

House No. 66:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled an act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron

steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes' approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for the dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural springs water" approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three and further extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manufacturing garden and horticultural implements raising and dealing in seeds plants bulbs and flowers and transacting a general horticultural business

House No. 67:

An act to permit the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to accept from the Trustee of the James Buchanan Monument Fund under the will of Harriet Lane Johnston late of the city of Washington in the district of Columbia deceased the title in fee simple to certain lands in the county of Franklin on which is erected a monument marking the birthplace of the late James Buchanan, Fifteenth President of the United States and committing the same to the care of the Department of Forestry

House No. 69:

An act to make unnaturalized foreign-born residents subject to taxation in the same manner as citizens of the Commonwealth

House No. 70:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act relating to roads and road viewers in the county of Dauphin" approved the second day of April one thousand eight hundred and sixty

House No. 71:

An act making an appropriation to pay the expenses for extinguishing forest fires which occurred in the interval between May thirteenth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine and June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine

House No. 72:

An act validating the incurring of debt or increase of indebtedness of townships of the second class by its supervisors for the purpose of macadamizing or paving with brick any of the roads and highways building constructing repairing and maintaining permanent roads culverts and bridges purchasing machinery or lifting orders or payment of any contracts made therefor to an amount in the aggregate not exceeding two per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein as fixed and determined by the last preceding assessed valuation thereof and all coupon bonds or other securities issued therefor and also assessments of annual tax for the payment of the principal and interest of such indebtedness represented by such bonds or other securities since the twentieth of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four

House No. 74:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act relative to the purchase of a law library for the use of the county of Dauphin" approved the twenty-seventh day of January one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five

House No. 75:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act providing for the election of a solicitor for Dauphin county" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy .

House No. 77:

An act relating to the adoption of adult persons as heirs

House No. 78:

An act to protect the State Forest Reserves and providing punishment for the violation thereof

House No. 80:

An act requiring each and every director of a bank of discount banking company co-operative banking association trust company safe deposit company real estate company mortgage company title insurance company guarantee company surety and indemnity company and savings bank which has been or may hereafter be incorporated under the laws of this Commonwealth with the right to receive moneys on deposit to take an oath of office and prescribing the form thereof said oath to be filed with the Commissioner of Banking

House No. 83:

An act providing for the publication and distribution of a revised edition of the railroad map of Pennsylvania heretofore issued by the Department of Internal Affairs making an appropriation for the work of revising compiling and proofreading and an appropriation for printing binding and mounting the same and for paper

House No. 84:

An act fixing the fee for service of jurors summoned by the sheriff of any county having a population of over one million four hundred thousand under writs of inquisition condemnation inquiry of damages et cetera

House No. 85:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the fourth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An act to fix the salaries of the deputy register clerks and employes in the office of the register of wills of any county of this Commonwealth having a population of one million or over" so as to make it apply to counties containing a population of one million four hundred thousand or over

House No. 86:

An act to amend section first of an act of Assembly approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received by the several prothonotaries of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth in counties having a population of over one million" so as to make it apply to counties having a population of over one million four hundred thousand

House No. 87:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the tenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An act to fix the salaries of the clerk deputy clerk court clerks and employes in the office of the clerk of court of over and terminer and quarter sessions of the peace of any county of this Commonwealth having a population of one million or over" so as to make it apply to counties having a population of one million four hundred thousand or over

House No. 88:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the thirty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An act fixing the salary of the real estate assessors in counties having a population of one million or over" so as to make it apply to counties containing a population of one million four hundred thousand or over

House No. 89:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the tenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to fix the salaries of the miscellaneous clerks transcribing clerks and copyists in the office of the recorder of deeds of any county of this Commonwealth having a population of one million or over" so as to make it apply to counties having a population of one million four hundred thousand or over

House No. 90:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to fix the salary of the deputy recorder of deeds in the office of any recorder of deeds of any county of this Commonwealth having a population of one million or over" so as to make it apply to counties having a population of one million four hundred thousand or over

House No. 94:

An act providing for the payment by the proper county or by the treasurer of a city co-extensive with a county of the costs of appeal including printing of paper book in murder cases where counsel have been assigned to the defense of the prisoner

House No. 95:

An act providing that certificates of association and articles of incorporation may be acknowledged and sworn to before a justice of the peace

An act providing for the selection and purchase or the appropriation from the State Forest Reserve of a tract of land and the erection thereon of buildings for the Western Penitentiary making an appropriation therefor authorizing the removal thereto of the inmates of the said penitentiary and directing the sale of the site now occupied by the said penitentiary and the buildings and materials thereon

House No. 100:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An act to exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes and places of religious worship places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit and institutions of purely public charity" as amended by the first section of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act approved May the fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled 'An Act to exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes and places of religious worship places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit and institutions of purely public charity'" and as amended by section one of an act approved the twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to amend the act of the fourteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four (Pamphlet Laws one hundred and fifty-eight) entitled 'An Act to exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes and places of religious worship places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit and institutions of purely public charity' so that it shall apply to hospitals universities colleges seminaries academies associations and institutions of learning benevolence and charity where the entire revenue is applied to the support of and to increase the efficiency and improvement thereof" by exempting

any building owned by any religious society used exclusively as a parsonage.

House No. 101:

An act to provide for the safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of this Commonwealth and to limit the hours of labor of hoisting engineers employed at or about the same

House No. 102:

An act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged by sheriffs in counties having a population of less than one hundred and thirty thousand in this Commonwealth and to provide for the taxation and collection of the same

House No. 103:

An act amending section eleven of an act approved April fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three (Pamphlet Laws twenty) entitled "An Act to establish an Insurance Department" so as to permit either individual partnerships or corporations to be certified and licensed agents for the purpose of soliciting risks in this Commonwealth

House No. 104:

An act to amend an act approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two entitled "An Act relating to foreign executors administrators guardians and representatives of decedents and wards" by extending the provisions thereof to the assignment and satisfaction of record of mortgage debts and indentures of mortgage and to the receipt of the interest thereon

House No. 106:

A joint resolution for the appointment of a commission by the Governor of this Commonwealth for the purpose of investigating and reporting upon both physical conditions and legal rights in the matter of surface support where anthracite coal has been removed or the right to remove said coal is vested in others than the owner of the surface and for the further purpose of suggesting new legislation relative to the same and making an appropriation to meet the expenses of said commission

House No. 108:

An act to amend section first of an act of Assembly approved the third day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties of the Commonwealth to erect or complete and maintain a suitable monument at the county seat of each county in memory of the soldiers and sailors of the late war' approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five so as to make it apply to counties containing a population of not less than eight hundred thousand nor more than one million four hundred thousand

House No. 109:

An act providing for the amendment of the pleadings in civil Courts of Common Pleas in this Commonwealth and for the payment of costs when same is allowed

House No. 111:

An act to amend sections one two three and seven of an act approved the third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to amend sections one two three and seven of an act approved the third day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled 'An Act amending sections one two three seven and fifteen article two of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith" approved June eighth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws page five hundred and thirty-five et cetera) increasing the number of inspectors and inspection districts providing for the examination of candidates for Dauphin County and providing for certain redistricting of inspectors' granting to the qualified electors of Sullivan Susquehanna and Wayne counties the right to participate in the election of mine inspectors of the second inspection district" so as to increase the number of inspection districts by making the counties of Susquehanna Wayne and Sullivan a separate district providing for the appointment of a board of examiners for said district and for the examination and election of an inspector therefor and for the appointment of an inspector therefor until such time as an inspector should be duly elected

House No. 114:

An act to validate bonds or other securities issued by and evidencing an increase of the indebtedness of any county city borough township school district or other municipality or incorporated district of this Commonwealth issued since the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and prior to the passage of this act where the question of increasing the indebtedness thereof was submitted to a vote of the electors thereof and a majority of the electors thereof voted in favor of such increase of indebtedness but where the corporate authorities thereof did not prior to the submission of such question to a vote of the electors thereof by their ordinances or vote signified their desire to increase the indebtedness thereof and to validate such submissions and votes

House No. 116:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the better collection of collateral inheritance taxes" approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven which has been amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the better collection of collateral inheritance taxes' approved May sixth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven so as to include among the persons taking an estate or any part thereof to whom the act does not apply the children of a former husband or wife" approved the twenty-second day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five providing for the exemption of institutions of purely public charity not receiving State aid from the payment of said taxes

House No. 118:

An act providing a uniform rate of assessment and taxation for all real estate in cities of the second class

House No. 120:

An act authorizing the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to build bridges over any river not more than one thousand feet and not less than five hundred feet in width at localities not less than ten miles distant from the nearest public bridge over the same river in counties whose indebtedness increased by the cost of such proposed bridge would exceed the constitutional limitation of two per centum of their assessed valuation

House No. 121:

An act amending the first section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural association paying premiums on agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid" by changing from four to three the required number of days for holding such exhibitions

House No. 122:

An act to authorize any territory that may be annexed to a city under existing laws to be added to an adjacent ward or wards or created into a new ward and providing for the election of officers and places of holding elections in new wards thus created

House No. 123:

An act prohibiting certain cruelty to cows and providing penalties for violation thereof

House No. 125:

An act entitled "An Act to provide for the destruction and to prevent the spread of certain noxious weeds making it the duty of owners of land upon which such weeds grow to cut the same so as to prevent their going to seed making it the duty of supervisors to cut or destroy such weeds on or along public highways and providing penalties for failure to comply with the provisions of the act"

House No. 126:

A supplement to section eighteen of an act entitled "An Act relating to roads highways and bridges" approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini eighteen hundred and thirty-six

House No. 127:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act relating to the competency of witnesses and to the rules of evidence in civil and criminal cases revising declaring and consolidating some of the existing acts and rules of law upon these subjects and also extending some of the provisions of the same" approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven so as to include directors or other officers of corporations or joint stock or other associations among those who may be compelled to testify as if under cross-examination by the adverse party in any civil proceeding as provided in the seventh section of said act

House No. 128:

An act to amend the fifteenth section of an act approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to provide for the protection and preservation of game game-quadrupeds and game birds and song and insectivorous and other wild birds and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions" by repealing the right to use bear traps

House No. 129:

An act fixing the time for the election of directors or overseers of the poor of the several poor districts of the Commonwealth and their terms of office and extending the terms of office of the directors and overseers of the poor now in office where such term will expire upon any day after the first Monday of January in even numbered years

House No. 131:

An act empowering the proper officers of the several poor districts of the Commonwealth in their discretion to appropriate money to corporations organized for the purpose of assisting relieving and giving medical care and attention to the pauper injured and sick

House No. 132:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to authorize the election of constables for three years in cities of the second and third class" approved the fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine to make the term of constables in said cities four years

House No. 137:

An act providing for the payment of the costs of proceedings and the expenses of maintaining prisoners committed to county prisons either for non-payment of fines or penalties imposed for or while awaiting a hearing upon any charge for the violation of any city or borough ordinance or any ordinance of township of the first class by the city borough or township of the first class whose ordinances are alleged to have been violated or to which any such fines or penalties are payable

House No. 139:

An act enabling corporations not authorized by law to hold real estate in Pennsylvania to convey and make title to such real estate as may have been purchased and held by them prior to the passage of this act

House No. 140:

An act enlarging the powers of overseers of the poor in townships of the second class which constitute a separate poor district by requiring such overseers upon petition to care for and maintain cemeteries not kept for profit and the expense thereof to be paid from the poor fund of said townships

House No. 141:

An act establishing in counties containing a population of from eight hundred thousand to one million four hundred thousand a board for the assessment and revision of taxes for State and county purposes prescribing the method of their appointment their powers and duties fixing their salary to be paid by the proper county and abolishing the office of ward borough and township assessors in so far as respects the assessment of State and county taxes

House No. 143:

An act making an appropriation to Michael Zahniser late treasurer of Mercer county Pennsylvania to refund to him certain fees by him erroneously paid into the State Treasury

House No. 148:

An act to amend section thirteen of an act passed May eighteen one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three entitled "An Act to establish a Medical Council and three State Boards of Medical Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Medical Council and said Board of Medical Examiners to provide for the examination and licensing of practitioners of medicine and surgery to and to make appropriation for the Medical Council" of May eighteen one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three providing that any student of medicine and surgery giving satisfactory evidence as to age preliminary education and good moral character and proper credentials signed by the dean of and with the seal of a reputable and legally incorporated school or college of medicine may be examined in certain subjects at the end of the two years' course or its equivalent

House No. 149:

An act to prevent the obstruction of inlets drains or sewers by butchers' offal garbage dead animals hair lime cement or substances that tend to fill and obstruct same declaring the construction of any inlet drain or sewer to be a misdemeanor and providing penalties for same

House No. 150:

An act directing the trustees of the Danville State Hospital for the Insane to connect the effluent of the sewage disposal plant with the sewer system of the borough of Danville and making an appropriation therefor

House No. 151:

An act to supplement an act voted passed by the General Assembly and approved March thirty-one one thousand nine hundred and five to prevent the introduction into and the spread of injurious insects in Pennsylvania to provide a method for compelling their destruction to authorize inspection of nurseries and to provide for certificates of inspection to provide for the inspection of apiaries and for the suppression of contagious or infectious diseases among bees and making appropriation therefor

House No. 153:

A further supplement to an act entitled "A supplement to the act of Assembly approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six relative to roads and bridges to authorize county commissioners to build bridges or furnish money to aid in building bridges the erecting of which would require more expense than it is reasonable one or two adjoining townships should bear in cases where the county commissioners do not deem it advisable to enter such bridges on record as county bridges" approved the eleventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine extending the same to bridges over railroads and canals

House No. 154:

An act providing for the creation and regulation of municipal liens and the proceedings for the collection thereof in the several boroughs of this State

House No. 157:

An act relating to judgments obtained before aldermen and justices of the peace against counties cities boroughs townships school districts poor districts and other municipalities or incorporated districts requiring aldermen and justices of the peace to file transcripts of such judgments in the prothonotary's office within ten days from rendition of the same providing for the entry of record thereof by the prothonotary and for fees for services of the magistrate and prothonotary providing for certificates to be furnished by such magistrate of such judgments to taxpayers on demand and payment of a fee providing a penalty for violation of the act and methods of procedure to enforce the same

House No. 161:

An act authorizing the courts of this Commonwealth in cases where the jury have disagreed to certify the evidence so as to become part of the record and to enter judgment upon the whole record if either party was entitled thereto whenever a request for binding instructions has been reserved or declined by the trial judge and authorizing appeals from the judgment so entered and the entry of the proper judgment in the Supreme or Superior Court

House No. 162:

An act entitled an act to authorize the printing of subsequent editions of bulletins issued by the Department of Agriculture

House No. 163:

An act to enable counties to appropriate money or to issue bonds in aid of the construction by public authority and control of canals or waterways suitable for steamships steamboats barges or other vessels and providing for the procedure in such cases and to enter into contracts to that end with other counties and other public authorities of this or other States of the United States

House No. 167:

An act to prohibit the bringing into prisons of all weapons or other implements which may be used to injure any convict or person or in assisting any convict to escape punishment or the selling or furnishing of same to convicts to prohibit the bringing into prisons of all spirituous or fermented liquors drugs medicines poisons opium morphine or any other kind or character of narcotics, or giving or selling or furnishing of spirituous or fermented liquors drugs medicines poison opium morphine or any other character of narcotic or the bringing into or taking out letters notes money or contraband goods of any kind whatsoever and providing a penalty for the violation thereof

House No. 168:

An act regulating lateral railroads and providing for and regulating the taking of lands and material by the same

House No. 169:

An act to promote the consolidation of public schools

House No. 171:

An act amending section eighteen of an act entitled "An Act providing when how upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements and for the removal of nuisances the procedure upon claims filed therefor the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened and the manner of distributing the proceeds of such sales" approved June four one thousand nine hundred and one as the same was amended by an act entitled "An act amending sections seventeen and eighteen of an act entitled 'An act providing when how upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements and for the removal of nuisances the procedure upon claims filed therefor the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened and the manner of distributing the proceeds of such sales' approved the fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one approved May sixth one thousand nine hundred and nine" by changing the method of service by advertisement upon writs of scire facias issued upon municipal and tax claims

House No. 172:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act creating a Bureau of Health in the Department of Public Safety in cities of the second class defining the powers and duties thereof and of the officers thereunder prescribing rules regulations and laws re-

pecting the public health and authorizing and imposing fines penalties and punishments for violations thereof" approved une twenty-six one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five nd to a supplement thereto approved March twenty-five Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three providing for the vacation or destruction of buildings dangerous to the public ealth authorizing and imposing fines penalties punishments nd remedies for violations of this act and providing method of appeal

House No. 173:

An act to amend the tenth and thirty-second sections of an ct entitled "An Act providing when how upon what property nd to what extent liens shall be allowed for taxes and for nunicipal improvements and for the removal of nuisances the procedure upon claims filed therefor the methods for preserving such liens and enforcing payment of such claims the effect of judicial sales of the properties liened and the manner of distributing the proceeds of such sales" approved the fourth lay of June one thousand nine hundred and one as said tenth section was amended by an act approved the first day of May one thousand nine hnudred and seven and further amended by an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine and as said thirty-second section was amended by an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May one thousand nine hundred and seven by providing for the filing of municipal claims where appeals are taken from the assessment for the recovery of which such claim is filed and changing the procedure for reviving and continuing the lien of nunicipal and tax claims and providng that tax and municipal claims shall not be divested by any judicial sale of the property liened where the amount of such tax or municipal claim is not definite or is not due and pyable

House No. 174:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March one thousand nine hundred and one regulating the certification recording advertising and proof of passage of legislative acts of councils and prescribing the effect of the production thereof when required as evidence

House No. 175:

An act providing that where municipalities are vested with the power of acquiring property by condemnation proceedings for any purpose whatsoever that the title to be acquired by the said municipalities shall be the fee simple title thereof

House No. 176:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one authorizing cities of the second class to enact ordinances regulating in the interests of public safety health and convenience the movement of pedestrian animal and vehicle traffic of every kind in streets parks bridges squares and public places

House No. 178:

An act amending the sixth paragraph of section three of article nineteen of an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as the same was amended by an act approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one by providing for the issuing of funding bonds and making the same payable in annual installments

House No. 179:

An act to provide for the making of a new ordinance book and record of the ordinances of any borough in which the ordinance book thereof has become lost destoyed or so much worn or mutilated as to be unserviceable

House No. 183:

An act to empower any taxpayer of any township borough poor district or school district upon providing for costs to appeal in behalf of such municipality to the court of common pleas of the proper county from the judgment of any justce of the peace or alderman against such municipality and to become a party to such suit

House No. 184:

An act making an appropriation to further carry into effect the provisions of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to authorize county commissioners for the purpose of encouraging agriculture and the holding of county agricultural exhibitions to pay annually one thousand dollars to the incorporated agricultural exhibits holding an annual exhibition in the county providing for the filing of sworn statement by the claimant or claimants with the county commissioners relative to said exhibition and providing for the repayment to the county by the State of the sum so paid"

House No. 188:

An act to amend section sixteen of an act entitled "An Act relating to lunatics and habitual drunkards" approved June thirteenth one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six by making it the duty of the petitioner for the commission within thirty days after the filing of the report of the commissioner or commissioners finding the alleged lunatic or habitual drunkard to be a lunatic or habitual drunkard to cause a certified copy of said report to be filed and indexed (in the same manner as an original proceeding) in the court of common pleas of every other county in this Commonwealth in which is situate any real estate the title to which may be affected by the findings in said re-report and providing that unless the same be so filed and indexed the record or record papers of said proceedings shall not be evidence in any court of this Commonwealth in any proceedings either at law or in equity touching or concerning the title to any real estate situate in any county or counties in which such certified copy of such report is not so filed and indexed provided that this provision shall be limited to the lands and tenements found by the commissioner or commissioners in obedience to the mandate of the fourth section of the act herein amended

House No. 189:

An act fixing the terms of the mayors and members of select and common councils in the several cities of this Commonwealth

House No. 194:

An act providing for notification of taxables by tax collectors in boroughs and townships prescribing the contents of such notices and providing for the payment of the expenses thereof

House No. 195:

An act making an appropriation to W G Robertson J G Hayes P G McDonough John T Loftus David Stanford and M J Coleman the former Board of Examiners for Inspectors of Mines of Lackawanna county to pay for services rendered by said board in one thousand nine hundred and seven

House No. 196:

An act requiring the payment of wages to be semi-monthly regulating same and providing penalties for violation thereof

House No. 197:

An act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund John H Reed the amount paid by him for his commission as notaary public

House No. 199:

An act making an appropriation to Porter Lodge number two hnudred and eighty-four Free and Accepted Masons of Catasauqua Pennsylvania for excess of tax erroneously paid to the Commonwealth

House No. 200:

An act making an appropriation for deficits to the Home for the Training in Speech of Deaf Children Before They Are of School Age at Belmont avenue and Monument road Philadelphia

House No. 204:

An act providing for the election of Commissioners of townships of the first class of this Commonwealth and the filling of vacancies in the office of township treasurer and township commissioner in said township

House No. 205:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of a deficiency that has arisen under the provisions of the act of May thirteenth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine providing for the payment of expenses which may be incurred in the prevention and extinguishment of forest fires and also for the payment of such expenses that may be incurred under said act to and including May thirty-first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

House No. 206:

An act relating to receipts or certificates issued by the owners of bonded distillery warehouses special bonded warehouses and bonded warehouses established under the provisions of the revised statutes of the United States relating to distilleries providing that such receipts or certificates shall be in all respects valid warehouse receipts or certificates and providing for the payment of taxes storage and other charges or liens due thereon to the United States Government

House No. 208:

An act to amend section two of the act entitled "To authorize the appointment of a deputy and one clerk by the prothonotary of the Supreme Court of the Eastern District and also the appointment of a deputy by the prothonotary of the Supreme Court of the Middle District and fixing their salaries" approved the fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five

House No. 211:

An act making an appropriation to reimburse the Western State Penitentiary for gratuities and account of fire in laundry

House No. 214:

An act providing that no commission shall be allowed to county treasurers for receiving and disbursing moneys returned to the county by this Commonwealth which were collected by the county for the use of the Commonwealth and upon which the treasurer has already received a commission

House No. 215:

An act making an appropriation to the Armory Board of the State of Pennsylvania to meet deficiencies in maintenance insurance premium repairs to State armories and extra work on the Franklin Armory for the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

House No. 216:

An act to amend sections two and three of an act entitled "An Act creating the Department of State Police providing for the appointment of a Superintendent thereof together with officers and men who shall constitute the force defining their powers and duties and making an appropriation for the expenses connected therewith" approved the second day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five by fixing the salaries of the employes of the Department of State Police also the salaries of the officers and men of the State Police

House No. 218:

An act providing for the quadrennial inspection of boundary line monuments of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania their restoration protection and perpetuation as well as the method of changing their location also prescribing a penalty for mutilating removing or destroying any of the same and making an appropriation for inspection repair and new monuments

House No. 219:

An act to provide for the issuing of certificates of election to Senators and Representatives in the General Assembly of Pennsylvania authorizing the proper officers of the Senate and House of Representatives to procure seals and making an appropriation therefor

House No. 221:

An act to provide for the appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures providing for their compensation and expenses prescribing their duties prohibiting vendors from giving false or insufficient weights and fixing the penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof

House No. 223:

An act to amend the tenth section of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the government payment of the interest upon the State debt receiving of proposals for the sale of the public works and for other purposes" approved the twenty-seventh day of July Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-two by adding the assessors to the board of revision in counties having less than one million and more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants

House No. 224:

An act requiring foundries to be provided with toilet room and water closet regulating same and providing a penalty for violation hereof

House No. 227:

An act authorizing county auditors of the several counties of this Commonwealth to employ counsel to advise them in their official capacity and providing that the compensation of such counsel shall be paid out of the funds of the proper county

House No. 228:

An act to amend the second section of an act approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act to designate a uniform date when the commissioners of the several counties shall issue their precepts to assessors to make the triennial assessments and the reassessments between the periods of the triennial assessment of property and fixing the time for the return thereof" by requiring assessors to make returns for reassessment not later than ninety days from the date of issuing the precepts

House No. 231:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act relating to damages for injuries producing death" approved the twenty-sixth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five so as to provide that certain surviving relatives of the deceased may recover damages whether such surviving relatives be citizens of this Commonwealth or not

House No. 232:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act authorizing and directing the Secretary of Internal Affairs to compile and publish connected warrantee tract maps of each of the several counties of this Commonwealth making an appropriation for the work of compilation and directing the manner of sale and distribution of the same" approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven so as to reduce the number of said maps hereafter published and limiting the free distribution of the same

House No. 233:

An act to validate certain elections held between the tenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five and the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine upon the question of increasing the indebtedness of counties cities boroughs townships school districts or other incorporated districts or municipalities of this Commonwealth all bonds issued pursuant to such elections and the indebtedness represented by such bonds

House No. 239:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act relating to the compensation of county commissioners auditors and township auditors" approved the sixteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy

House No. 243:

An act to fix the salary of county engineer in counties containing a population of more than eight hundred thousand and less than one million four hundred thousand

House No. 246:

An act permitting building associations or other corporations whose charters have expired or whose affairs have been wound up to satisfy mortgages

House No. 250:

An act to provide additional facilities and enlarge the rights of parties having private roads or hereafter applying for the same under the provisions of the act of fourth of April one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws sixty-five) and the act of seventeenth of May one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and fifty-nine) so that in certain cases relating to mining operations tramways and other devices except steam locomotives for moving products may be placed on such private roads

House No. 253:

An act to amend section one of an act "Authorizing and empowering boroughs and incorporated towns to take use and appropriate private property for necessary public buildings and works within the corporate limits of such municipality and providing for the manner of ascertaining determining awarding and paying compensation and damages therefor" approved the tenth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one so as to extend the same to townships of the first class

House No. 256:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act being a further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven amending the amendment of the supplement thereto which became a law on the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine which amendment herein amended was approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one relating to the tax on capital stock" approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three relating to taxing bonds mortgages and other securities

House No. 257:

An act authorizing boroughs to unite with boroughs or townships in constructing or acquiring and maintaining works for supplying water to such boroughs or townships

House No. 265:

An act relating to roads providing for the election and appointment of township supervisors in second class townships defining their powers duties and limitations relating to road tax and the expenditure theerof abolishing the work tax defining certain duties of the clerk of court fixing penalties for violation of this act and making an appropriation to carry out its provisions

House No. 266:

An act providing for an association of township commissioners and township supervisors in the different counties of the State and providing for the expenses of such associations

House No. 267:

An act making an appropriation for the purpose of purchasing land for rifle range or land for permanent camping ground for Division Encampment or land for permanent camping ground for three separate Brigade Encampments either or all and providing for the care and preparation of same said purchase of land to be made under the direction of the State Military Board the title thereof to be examined and approved by the Attorney General and the purchase approved by the Governor and fixing the maximum average price per acre of such land as may be purchased providing that the title to all lands purchased shall be vested in the Commonwealth and land be used for military purposes under the control and direction of the Adjutant General and providing for the method of land purchased

House No. 272:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to create the Department of Public Printing and Binding and to carry out the provisions of section twelve article three of the Constitution in relation to the public printing and binding and the supply of paper and other materials therefor"

House No. 273:

An act to amend sections seven and twelve of an act entitled "An Act to encourage the propagation of fish and to regulate the catching taking and destruction of fish in the Delaware river below Trenton Falls within the jurisdiction respectively of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey and providing penalties for violation of its provisions and to repeal acts inconsistent therewith" approved May first one thousand nine hundred and nine

House No. 274:

An act empowering the commissioners of any first class wnships of this Commonwealth without petition of prop-ty owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise prove public streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof ien said streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof do not ceed one thousand feet in length and connect two streets thoroughfares theretofore paved and improved and pro-ding for the assessment of a portion of the costs of the me on the owners of property abutting thereon and the llection thereof

House No. 275:

An act to authorize municipalities to provide for the regu-tion and inspection of weights and measures and to pro-de punishment for the violation of such regulations

House No. 276:

An act amending section thirteen of the act of July ninth e thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act relat-g to the service of certain process in actions of law and e effect thereof and providing who shall be made parties certain writs" so far as it relates to the service of writs o warranto

House No. 278:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to protect sheep d tax dogs in Lycoming and Columbia counties" approved arch twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and sixty-e so far as relates to Columbia County

House No. 281:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the venty-fourth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine ndred and three entitled "An Act authorizing the board county commissioners of the several counties of the ate to furnish on petition appropriate metal markers for e graves of soldiers and sailors who served with honor the military forces of the United States" as amended an act approved the tenth day of April Anno Domini e thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to nend section one of an act entitled 'An Act to furnish etal markers for graves of soldiers and sailors approved e twenty-fourth day of April Anno Domini one thousand ght hundred and ninety-three providing that the county mmissioners of the several counties of this State shall rnish markers for certain deceased soldiers and sailors' extending its provisions to widows of soldiers and ilors

House No. 282:

An act amending section forty-four of an act approved e thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight ndred and thirty-six entitled "An Act relating to the mmencement of actions" as amended by an act approved e thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine ndred and five entitled "An Act to amend section forty-ur of the Act of Assembly of this Commonwealth entitled n Act relating to the commencement of actions' approved e thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight ndred and thirty-six so as to make all the provisions of id act apply to certain actions ex delicto as well as to ll actions ex contractu" by extending its provisions to reign corporations

House No. 283:

An act to forbid the use of a gill net of more than thirty eshes deep in such parts of boundary lakes of more than ve thousand acres as this Commonwealth has jurisdiction ver and providing penalty and punishment for the violation f any provision of this act

House No. 284:

An act authorizing a married woman to make convey-nces of real estate to her husband and validating all such nveyances heretofore made

House No. 290:

An act to authorize road supervisors to subscribe for not ore than three publications whose main subject matter ertains to good roads and road building to be paid for ut of township funds

House No. 291:

An act conferring authority upon the commissioners of he counties respectively within this Commonwealth to ap-ropriate money for the maintenance of such indigent resi-ents of the county as may be patients in the sanatorium f any society in the county which may have been duly ncorporated for the treatment of residents of such county uffering from tuberculosis

House No. 292:

A joint resolution to provide for the granting of Brevet ank to surviving officers of Pennsylvania troops of the ivil War

House No. 293:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act relating to the axation of dogs in the township of East Nottingham in he county of Chester and providing for a decrease of the ebt of said township and for the abolition of the sheep und" approved the tenth day of April Anno Domini one hou and eight hundred and seventy-three

House No. 295:

An act entitled "An Act to protect the dignity and honor of the uniform of the United States in the State of Pennsylvania and providing a penalty for any violation there f"

House No. 299:

An act providing that all legal notices now required by law to be published in weekly newspapers may be published in daily newspapers

House No. 301:

An act amending and supplementing section one of an act entitled "An Act to provide revenue by taxation approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine as the same was amended by an enactment of 'A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine" approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine as further amended and supplemented by "An Act to provide increased revenue for the purpose of relieving the burdens of local taxation being supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine amending the first fourteenth sixteenth twentieth twenty-first twenty-fifth and twenty-sixth sections of an act supplementary thereto' which became a law on the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation' approved the seventh day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine and providing for greater uniformity of taxation by taxing all of the property of corporations limited partnerships and joint-stock associations having capital stock at the rate of five mills on each dollar of its actual value" approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one

House No. 303:

An act relating to the time and manner of taking exceptions in any case civil or criminal in any court of record in this Commonwealth to the effect thereof of transcribing the evidence taken upon the trial of any case to the correction and perfection of such transcript for the purposes of review and providing that exceptions need not be taken where the decisions of the court appears in the proceedings of a case

House No. 304:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to increase the pay of jurors and witnesses in this Commonwealth" so as to make one general per diem rate of pay for jurors and witnesses

House No. 306:

An act to amend the third fifth seventh twenty-fourth and twenty-seventh sections of an act approved the second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine entitled "An Act defining and regulating escheats in cases where property is without a lawful owner and providing for more convenient proceedings relative to the same" so as to provide for the escheat of property held in trust or resulting from the investment of trust funds which property is or shall be without a lawful owner fixing the jurisdiction of the courts of this Commonwealth in cases of such escheats reducing the amount to be paid to informers and increasing the percentage to be paid to escheators

House No. 312:

An act to establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania together with the provisions by which it shall be administered and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing revenue to establish and maintain the same and the method of collecting such revenue and repealing all laws general special or local or any parts thereof that are or may be inconsistent therewith

House No. 313:

An act to provide for the health and safety of persons employed in and about the bituminous coal mines of Pennsylvania and for the protection and preservation of property connected therewith

House No. 315:

An act to provide for the better protection and preservation of game game-quadrupeds and game-birds and prescribing penalties for the violation of its several provisions

House No. 319:

An act to provide for the punishment of persons responsible for or contributing to the delinquency of children

House No. 321:

An act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several courts of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised approved the twenty-third day of April one thousand nine hundred and three providing for the employment of clerks

stenographers and office assistants to facilitate the probation work of the juvenile court and for the fixing of the salary or compensation of such employes and the payment of the same out of the county treasury

House No. 323:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate the fees of tipstaves in judicial districts containing more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and less than five hundred thousand inhabitants" approved the fifth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three by further regulating the salary of tipstaves and court criers in judiciary districts containing more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and less than two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants

House No. 324:

An act to require fire drills in public schools

House No. 325:

An act for the protection of shade and fruit trees growing on or along any highway street or road

House No. 326:

An act to amend sections two and three of an act entitled "An Act defining and regulating escheats in cases where property is without a lawful owner and providing for more convenient proceedings relative to the same" approved the second day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine extending the same to other cases of escheat

House No. 327:

An act prescribing the number of fixtures for water supply for houses and other buildings occupied as dwellings in cities of the first class making violation of its provisions a misdemeanor and providing punishment for the same

House No. 328:

An act to amend the first and second sections of an act approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to authorize municipalities to unite in the construction of a sewage system and to permit municipalities to form corporations for the purpose of constructing a sewage system" by including townships

House No. 329:

An act to reorganize the Department of Internal Affairs and to fix the number and salaries of officers clerks and employes therein

House No. 330:

An act to amend clause B of section two of an act approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled "An Act relating to the competency of witnesses and to the rules of evidence in civil and criminal cases revising declaring and consolidating some of the existing acts and rules of law upon these subjects and also extending some of the provisions of the same" so as to make the husband and wife a competent witness to testify for or against each other in support of a criminal charge of bigamy alleged to have been committed by or with each other

House No. 331:

An act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act authorizing the commitment of minors by magistrates justices of the peace of certain charitable societies and providing for the method of such commitment and the cost of the visitation of such minors" approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three

House No. 335:

An act to encourage the breeding of horses to regulate the public service of stallions and jacks to prevent misrepresentation of same to require the licensing of stallions and jacks and to provide for the enforcement thereof

House No. 341:

An act to amend section one of an act approved June twenty-second one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven entitled "An Act to amend section four of an act approved June eight one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one entitled 'An Act to authorize the erection of a poorhouse in the township of Jenkins borough of Pittston in the county of Luzerne' approved May eighth one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven" allowing an increase in the amount of relief that may be granted to paupers not residing in the poorhouse in said district" authorizing an increase in the amount of relief that may be granted to paupers not residing in the poorhouse in said district

House No. 343:

An act authorizing water companies and certain commissioners of water works in cities of the third class to extend their pipes beyond the city limits and supply water to persons corporations and municipalities within the county and regulating the supplying of water

House No. 346:

An act to amend an act entitled "An act to aid the Auditor General in the collection of taxes due the Commonwealth from corporations limited partnerships and joint stock associations" approved May twenty-fifth one thousand nine hundred and seven providing for personal liability of trustees assignees receivers or other non-judicial officers who fail to obey the provisions thereof

House No. 347:

An act to further amend an act entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof" approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and the amendment thereto approved the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven

House No. 350:

An act authorizing any justice of the peace alderman magistrate on proof of demand and oath of any public officer or constable or any agent of any incorporated society for the prevention of cruelty to animals under laws of the Commonwealth or other peace officer of his belief that an act of cruelty to animals is being committed in any building barn or enclosure to issue a search warrant to any said officers to make search of said premises and to forthwith arrest offenders found committing acts of cruelty animals and bring them before said justice of the peace alderman or magistrate for trial providing for the care of animals so found to be neglected or starving and if necessary to remove them from the premises for that purpose the cost thereof to be paid by the owner authorizing a lien on said animals for expenses of keep and care or action against owner to recover same provided nothing in this act shall interfere with any properly conducted experiments or investigations under the authority of the faculty of a regularly incorporated medical college or university of the Commonwealth

House No. 353:

An act to promote the safety of travelers and employes upon railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains

House No. 356:

An act defining what shall constitute the offense of malicious injury to railroads providing a punishment therefor fixing the punishment in case of loss of life as a result of such offense and repealing sections one hundred forty-two and one hundred forty-three of an act approved the thirty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty entitled "An Act to consolidate revise and amend the penal laws of this Commonwealth" and an act approved the twenty-sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one entitled "An Act defining the offense of the taking of human life through the wilful and malicious wrecking of cars and locomotives upon railroads in this Commonwealth"

House No. 358:

An act fixing the width of public highways where such highways are crossed above or below grade by the tracks of any railroad

House No. 360:

An act authorizing the release on probation of certain convicts instead of imposing sentences the appointment of probation and parole officers and the payment of their salaries and expenses regulating the manner of sentencing convicts in certain cases and providing for their release on parole Their conviction of crime during parole and their rearrest and reconviction for breach of parole and extending the powers and duties of boards of prison inspectors of penitentiaries

House No. 365:

An act amending section four of an act entitled "An Act imposing additional taxes for State purposes and to abolish the revenue board" approved the thirtieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four

House No. 366:

An act making void the surveying or laying out of certain highways and sewers over private property in borough where the work has not been commenced within two years from passage of the ordinance

House No. 368:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of commissions of Military State Agents employed by the account ing officers to collect claims due the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania from the Government of the United States

House No. 372:

An act to amend section nine of an act entitled "An Act to encourage the propagation of fish and to regulate the catching taking and destruction of fish in the Delaware river below Trenton Falls within the jurisdiction of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey and providing penalties for violation of its provisions and to repeal acts inconsistent therewith" approved May first one thousand nine hundred and nine

House No. 377:

An act empowering the United States of America to acquire land in the State of Pennsylvania for national forest reserves by purchase or by condemnation proceedings and

anting to the United States of America all rights necessary for control and regulation of such reserves

House No. 380:

An act empowering clerks designated by the recorder of eds to administer oaths and affirmations except in counties ving a population of one million three hundred thousand more

House No. 383:

An act extending the powers of judges of Courts of arter Sessions and of Oyer and Terminer in relation to leasing prisoners in jails and workhouses on parole

House No. 387:

An act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to John athcote a fee of twenty-five dollars paid for commission sued to E H Kratzer of Coatesville Chester County as tary public

House No. 388:

An act to regulate the use of firecrackers fireworks blank rtridges pellets tablets et cetera in any county of this mmonwealth and providing penalties for the violation ereof

House No. 389:

An act to restrain and regulate the sale and manufacture certain firecrackers fireworks and certain explosive marials used in canes cannons pistols or any toy and proding penalties for the violation thereof

House No. 390:

An act authorizing the trustees of any State Normal hool of the State of Pennsylvania to refund its bonded debtedness at a lower rate of interest and to include in e reissue of bonds a limited amount of additional indebtiness contracted prior to the passage of this act for the ection of buildings or the making of other improvements

House No. 391:

An act to tax traction engines and providing that the ame shall be assessed by the several assessors of the counes of this Commonwealth in the same manner as other rticles of personal estate liable for taxation are assessed

House No. 392:

An act authorizing counties of this Commonwealth to pay ne State taxes on bonds hereafter issued by them for the urpose of permanently improving any public road or highay in said counties

House No. 401:

An act providing for the examination licensure and registration of persons firms or corporations engaged or engaging in the business or work of plumbing or house drainage nd prescribing certain rules regulations and requirements or the construction of plumbing house drainage and cesspools in cities of the first class and imposing fines penalties nd forfeitures for violation thereof

House No. 402:

An act to further amend the eighteenth paragraph of the econd section of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the ncorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one housand eight hundred and seventy-four so as to compel corporations heretofore or hereafter incorporated for the purpose of the storage transportation and furnishing of water for manufacturing and other purposes and for the reation establishing furnishing transmission and using of water power therefrom to furnish such power for public purposes

House No. 404:

An act prohibiting pawnbrokers or any employe from making loans to or receiving pledges from minors under the age of sixteen years

House No. 405:

An act to regulate the temperature of milk and cream ntended to be shipped sold or offered for sale

House No. 413:

An act to provide for the better collection of money and axes due the Commonwealth and property belonging to or iable to escheat to the same

House No. 414:

An act authorizing and empowering commissioners in townships of the first class to enter into contracts with water companies for the placing of fire hydrants in any village in such township to purchase hose et cetera and to provide for the collection of funds for that purpose by levying a tax upon all owners of property in the district benefited

House No. 415.

An act to amend the sixth section of an act approved April twenty-third Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act defining the powers of the several Courts of Quarter Sessions of the Peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised" by providing that the court may direct that the board of such children be paid by the proper county

House No. 418:

An act authorizing boroughs to lay out and maintain as public parks land heretofore acquired outside of the borough limits

House No. 420:

An act to provide for the payment for the maintenance and support of children or minors who have been or who may be sentenced by the several courts of quarter sessions of the peace within this Commonwealth where such minors have been committed to institutions outside this Commonwealth

House No. 421:

An act supplementing and amending section two of an act entitled "An Act concerning divorces" approved March thirteenth one thousand eight hundred and fifteen regulating the submission of issues of fact to a jury the appointment of masters in proceedings for divorce defining the powers of the court and the practice in relation thereto repealing an act approved March tenth one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine

House No. 422:

An act fixing the compensation of the chief clerk and the five clerks in the Department of Mines

House No. 427:

An act repealing an act approved the tenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three entitled "An Act to fix the compensation of the assessors and assistant assessors in the County of Cumberland" An act approved the twenty-third day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five entitled "An Act increasing the compensation of assessors and supervisors in Lancaster and Cumberland counties" and the second section of an act which became a law on the first day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four entitled "An Act to increase the pay of the county commissioners county auditors assessors assistant assessors directors of the poor and house of employment jurors and witnesses in Cumberland County" in so far as they relate to the compensation of assessors and assistant assessors in Cumberland county

House No. 428:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act relating to motor vehicles regulating their speed upon the public streets and highways of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and the licensing of operators by the State Highway Department establishing the rights of motor vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles regulating the service of process and of proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom prescribing the penalties for violations of the provisions of this act and providing for the disposition of fines imposed thereunder" by exempting hospital motor ambulances and motor fire engines and motor fire apparatus and requiring them to be furnished free of charge with registration certificate and number tags

House No. 433:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act fixing the salaries and providing for the expenses of county commissioners in counties of this Commonwealth" approved the fourteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five

House No. 434:

An act to fix the salary of the coroner of any county of this Commonwealth having a population of one million or over

House No. 435:

An act defining and prohibiting pandering providing penalties for violation thereof and regulating the competency of certain evidence at the trial thereof

House No. 437:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to extend the provisions of an act entitled 'An Act to increase the pay of county commissioners jurors and witnesses in certain counties of this Commonwealth' approved the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven to certain other counties of this Commonwealth" approved March tenth one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight in so far and to the extent that the same applies to the county of Lehigh

House No. 438:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act relating to the pay of jurors in the counties of Berks and Lehigh" approved March twenty-third one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five in so far and to the extent that the same applies to Lehigh county

House No. 439:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act regulating the pay of jurors in the counties of Berks and Lehigh" approved the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine in so far and to the extent that the same applies to the county of Lehigh

House No. 440:

An act to repeal the second section of an act entitled An Act relating to the pay of the commissioners auditors and

jurors of the county of Lehigh" approved the eighteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine

House No. 441:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to increase the pay of the county commissioners jurors and witnesses in certain counties of this Commonwealth" approved the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven in so far and to the extent as the same applies to the county of Lehigh

House No. 448:

An act authorizing and empowering the Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings to rent offices and rooms outside of the Capitol building when necessary for the accommodation of any department board or commission of the State government

House No. 452:

An act providing for the adjustment and payment of the claim of John E Joos for publishing the Mercantile Appraiser's list of State taxes in Allegheny county for the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five

House No. 453:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act regulating the compensation of sheriffs for boarding prisoners confined in the county jail in the counties of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania which do not exceed fifty thousand population" by extending the provisions of the act to those having a population not exceeding eighty thousand and requiring the approval solely of the courts of quarter sessions

House No. 455:

An act fixing the compensation of the four clerks in the Department of Banking

House No. 458:

An act regulating the amount of liability a corporate surety may undertake in any single obligation

House No. 459:

An act relating to trust fund and property surety bonds given to secure same the payment of premiums thereon and the discharge of sureties thereunder

House No. 460:

An act providing for the payment of premiums on bonds required of public officers and for the discharge of sureties thereunder

House No. 478:

An act supplementary to "An Act for the taxation of dogs and the protection of sheep" approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three requiring all dogs to wear a collar to be provided by the owner together with a tag to be attached thereto showing payment of tax said tag to be provided by the county commissioners imposing certain duties upon constables tax collectors and county commissioners and providing for the killing of dogs whose owners fail to comply with this act to which this is a supplement and providing penalties for failure to comply with the provisions of this act

House No. 479:

An act to authorize the appointment by county commissioners of assessors in counties having not less than two hundred thousand nor more than three hundred twenty-five thousand inhabitants prescribing their powers duties and procedure and fixing salaries thereof and providing for the abolition of the office of assessor now existing in said counties

House No. 480:

An act making valid certain bonds issued by municipal corporations and the indebtedness represented by such bonds issued and created in pursuance of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof" approved twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and the acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto

House No. 481:

An act creating a county sinking fund commission in the several counties of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and prescribing its powers and duties

House No. 482:

An act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the sprinkling of public streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof and assess the cost of the same to the owner or owners or occupiers of the property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same

House No. 483:

An act to provide for licensing and regulating private banking in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing penalties for the violation thereof

House No. 485:

An act to restrain and regulate the use of billiard tables pool tables and bagatelle boards or tables kept and maintained for the use of the general public for hire or reward in cities of the first class in this Commonwealth providing for the granting of licenses and providing for punishments for the violations of the provisions of this act

House No. 491:

An act providing a system whereby boroughs may build sewers grade sub-grade and pave streets and alleys pay the costs thereof by the issue of bonds and collect the same from the property benefited in installments

House No. 492:

An act to amend section nine of an act entitled "An Act to encourage the propagation of fish and to regulate the catching taking and destruction of fish in the Delaware river above Trenton Falls within the jurisdiction respectively of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and of the State of New Jersey and providing penalties for violation of its provisions and to repeal acts inconsistent therewith" approved May eighth one thousand nine hundred and nine

House No. 494:

An act to amend the fifth section of an act approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to classify the fish in the waters within the Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect fish from being destroyed or injured by destrictive means to provide for the appointment of fish wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artifically propagated for profit to forbid the sale of unlawful devices for catching fish and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid" by removing certain restrictions on fishing with nets

House No. 507:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act to amend section one of an act approved May the fourteenth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled 'An Act to exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes and places of religious worship places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit and institutions of purely public charity'" hospitals universities colleges seminaries academies associations institutions of learning and benevolence by removing the exemption from certain lands therein exempted not necessary for the enjoyment of the same and providing for the taking of said land

House No. 508:

An act relating to taxation and bonus on capital stock

House No. 514:

An act to amend the tenth section of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the consolidation of boroughs and the government and regulations thereof" approved June sixth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three so as to allow the town council of a consolidated borough to select annually a borough treasurer and secretary and by providing for the biennial election of a high constable and the biennial election of auditors to serve two years

House No. 515:

An act to fix the number and compensation of the officers and employes in the Departmen tof Public Grounds and Buildings

House No. 520:

An act regulating the construction and repair of highways over drains or culverts

House No. 521:

An act repealing rule thirteen contained in section twenty-one of an act approved the fourteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight entitled "A supplement to an act amending an act appropriating ground for public purposes in the City of Philadelphia" approved the twenty-sixth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven

House No. 527:

An act to repeal the act in so far as it applies to Montgomery county entitled "An Act to increase the pay of jurors and witnesses in certain counties of this Commonwealth" approved the seventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven

House No. 528:

An act to repeal section two of an act entitled "An Act to increase the compensation of certain officers and of jurors and witnesses in the county of Montgomery" approved the fourteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four

House No. 529:

An act amending an act entitled "An Act to authorize the trustees of the Norristown Academy and the directors of common schools in the borough of Norristown to sell certain real estate and appropriate the proceeds for school purposes" ap-

proved March eighteen one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight

House No. 531:

An act authorizing and fixing the charges to be made for certificates and copies furnished by the Custodian of Public Records in the State Library

House No. 534:

An act fixing the salaries of the second assistant librarian and messenger in the State Library

House No. 538:

An act to repeal article one of the act approved April sixteenth one thousand eight hundred and fifty entitled "An Act regulating banks"

House No. 539:

An act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act increasing the salaries of tipstaves in the courts of any county in this Commonwealth having a population of not less than five hundred thousand" approved the thirtieth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five by changing the limit of population of such counties and increasing the minimum and maximum limits of said salaries

House No. 547:

An act to amend section two of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April one thousand nine hundred and nine entitel "An Act regulating the sale of milk and its flued derivatives in cities of the first class providing for the licensing of those engaged in that business and providing penalties for the violation thereof" by providing for the revocation of the licenses of second offenders against the requirements of the Board of Health or against the laws or ordinances regulating or relating to milk or its fluid derivatives in such cities

House No. 549:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes' approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate granite stone or rocks or for dressing polishing working or manufacturing the same or any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water' approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three' approved the nineteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one extending the same to companies formed for the purposes of manufacturing and selling chemicals foodstuffs cement and cement products and the quarrying of cement rock" approved May twenty-eighth one thousand nine hundred and seven extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture buying selling leasing using and operation of electrical apparatus and machinery and articles of every kind appertaining to or in any wise connected with the production use regulation control distribution or application of electricity or electrical energy or products for any use or purpose constructing acquiring using selling buying or leasing any works construction or plant or part thereof connected with or involving such use distribution regulation control or application of electricity or the control or use of electrical apparatus for any purpose and of producing furnishing and supplying electricity or electrical apparatus in any form and for any purpose and to carry on a general manufacturing business

House No. 550:

An act to prevent the issuing or transfer by any person other than a warehouseman or person controlling a place for storing of goods of any paper in similitude of a warehouse receipt and prescribing punishment therefor

House No. 553:

An act amending the first section of an act approved the fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act providing a fixed charge on lands acquired by the State for forestry reserves and the distribution of revenue so derived for school and road purposes" by providing for additional fixed charges on said land for county and poor purposes

House No. 556:

An act providing for an examination of the Panther Creek Valley Hospital providing for the transfer under certain conditions of the said hospital to the Commonwealth regulating said hospital in the event of such transfer and making an appropriation to carry out the purpose of this act

House No. 557:

An act to authorize the use of a haul seine in tide water streams wholly within this Commonwealth under certain conditions for the capture of carp suckers mullets and catfish and providing penalties for the violation of the act

House No. 559:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act making the wilful and malicious taking or removal of the waste or packing from out any journal-box or boxes of any locomotive engine tender carriage coach car caboose or truck used or operated upon any railroad whether the same be operated by steam or electricity a felony and providing penalties therefor" approved the tenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one so as to include brasses or the air appliances

House No. 560:

An act authorizing the ascertainment award levy assessment and collection of the costs damages and expenses of municipal improvements including the opening widening straightening extending grading paving macadamizing curbing or otherwise improving of roads streets lanes alleys or parts thereof completed or in course of completion and also the costs damages and expense of the construction of any sewer or drain completed or now in process of completion providing for the ascertainment levy and collection of damages and benefits therefor from property peculiarly benefited where under existing laws or ordinaances private property could not be assessed for such benefits and constituting such benefits a lien upon the property upon which they are assessed and authorizing the completion of such improvements now in progress

House No 561:

An act to amend the third and fifth sections of an act approved the thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An act to further define the duties and powers of the State Live Stock Sanitary Board to prevnt the spread of dangerous contagious or infectious diseases among domestic animals to require reports to be made of the existence of such diseases to limit appraisements and payments for animals that it may be necessary to destroy to prevent the spread of disease to protect milk supplies from contamination to authorize co-operation with local boards of health and to prescribe penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof" as amended by an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled 'An Act to amend sections three four and five and to extend the provisions of an act entitled 'An act to further define the duties and powers of the State Live Stock Sanitary Board to prevent the spread of dangerous contagious or infectious diseases among domestic animals to require reports to be made of the existence of such diseases to limit appraisements and payments for animals that it may be necessary to destroy to prevent the spread of disease to protect milk supplies from contamination to authorize co-operation with local boards of health and to prescribe penalties for the violation of the provisions hereof' approved the thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five" by further regulating the appraisement of animals destroyed

House No. 562:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to increase the pay of jurors and witnesses in the county of Bedford" approved the fourteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four

House No. 563:

An act repealing section six of an act entitled "An Act relating to the levying of a school tax in the borough of Clearfield declaring West Creek Larrie's Creek and Trout Run public highways relating to the collection of taxes in Clarion county to the sale of a school house in Adams county legitimating Anna Matilda Bard of Lancaster county relating to an election district of Carbon and McKean counties" approved the fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two

House No. 565:

An act providing for the registration of bottles boxes syphons syphon-heads tins kegs cans soda fountains cylinders of carbonic acid gas or other containers and forbidding the refilling of or dealing or trafficking in such registered bottles boxes syphons syphon-heads tins cans kegs soda fountains cylinders of carbonic acid gas or other containers by persons other than the owners thereof without the written consent of the owner and imposing a penalty therefor providing for the issuing of process in the nature of search warrant providing what shall be prima facie proof thereof and providing that the delivery of said bottles boxes syphons syphon-heads tins cans kegs soda fountains cylinders of carbonic acid gas or other containers shall not constitute a sale thereof

House No. 566:

An act to require fire drills in factories and industrial establishments where women or girls are employed providing for the promulgation of rules in respect thereto and providing penalties for the violation thereof

House No. 567:

An act amending the twentieth section of an act approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths and burial or removal permits requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics at the capital of the State as required to be established by the State Board of Health and to insure the thorough organization and efficiency of the registration of vital statistics throughout the State as provided in section seven of an act entitled 'An Act to establish a State Board of Health for the better protection of life and health and to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in this Commonwealth' approved June third eighteen hundred and eighty-five and making an appropriation for establishing and maintaining such a bureau and providing certain penalties" as amended by an act approved the sixth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to amend sections five nine fifteen nine-

teen twenty and twenty-five of an act entitled 'An Act entitled 'An Act to provide for the immediate registration of all births and deaths throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by means of certificates of births and deaths and burial or removal permits requiring prompt returns to the Central Bureau of Vital Statistics at the capital of the State as required to be established by the State Board of Health and to insure the thorough organization and efficiency of the registration of vital statistics throughout the State as provided in section seven of 'An Act to establish a State Board of Health for the better protection of life and health and to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in this Commonwealth' approved June third eighteen hundred and eighty-five and making an appropriation for establishing and maintaining such a bureau and providing certain penalties' which was approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five by extending the territory in which burial permits shall be valid providing for the issuance of burial permits without fees establishing a method for securing the given names of children making a uniform date for the returns of local registrars providing for certain fees in cities of the first and second class to be paid by the counties and abolishing all other systems of registration of births and deaths" by changing the fees for birth and death certificates

House No. 568:

An act to require the owners of property abutting on sidewalks established by townships of the first class to keep said sidewalks in repair and clear of obstruction

House No. 572:

An act providing for the appointment of assistant district attorneys in the several counties of this Commonwealth having over three hundred thousand and less than seven hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants describing the powers duties and terms of office and fixing the salary of said assistants

House No. 573:

An act regulating the pay of election officers in all counties of this Commonwealth containing a population of not less than eight hundred thousand and not more than one million four hundred thousand

House No. 578:

An act permitting in certain cases imposition of costs upon the proper county in proceedings for the commitment of an alleged insane person

House No. 580:

An act to amend sections one three and five of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of minors in bituminous coal mines and anthracite collieries or breakers by regulating the ages at which said minors may be employed their hours of employment and to prescribe rules for the obtaining of employment certificates and providing penalties for violation of the provisions thereof" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by further regulating the ages at which minors may be employed inside coal mines or in the outside workings thereof or in coal breakers or washeries and by providing for the filing of proof of age by the employers of minors apparently under sixteen years of age employed in such establishments

House No. 587:

An act fixing the salary or compensation of the crier of the court of quarter sessions of the peace of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery in the several counties of this Commonwealth having more than one million and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants

House No. 589:

An act to amend the second section of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of minors in certain employments regulating the ages at which said minors may be employed their hours of employment their protection against injury and to prescribe rules for the obtaining of employment certificates and providing penalties for violation of the provisions thereof" approved April twenty-nine Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine so as to exclude tanneries

House No. 590:

An act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to Fred Muster Superintendent of the Bear Company Berwick Pennsylvania the amount paid by him to cover fine imposed for alleged violation of the minor labor act of one thousand nine hundred and nine

House No. 591:

An act amending the first and second sections of an act approved the fourteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An act to provide for the running relocating changing fixing and marking of county lines" by changing the number of surveyors on the commission

House No. 595:

An act to amend section first of an act of Assembly approved the twenty-eighth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act authorizing and empowering county comptrollers in counties containing a population of from three hundred thousand to one million to designate and appoint a solicitor prescribing the duties of said solicitor and fixing his term of appointment and salary" so as to make it apply to counties containing a population of not less than eight hundred thousand nor more than one millon four hundred thousand

House No. 596:

An act to amend the twenty-eighth section of an act approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to classify the fish in the waters within this Commonwealth declaring which are game fish which are food fish and which are bait fish and to regulate the catching and sale and encourage the propagation of the same to protect the waters within this Commonwealth from unfair improper wasteful and destructive fishing and to protect fish from being destroyed or injured by destructive means to provide for the appointment of fish wardens and to declare their official powers and duties to encourage and regulate the propagation of fish within this Commonwealth and to regulate the free distribution of the same by the Department of Fisheries in the waters within the same to define powers and duties of the Department of Fisheries to regulate the sale and shipment of fish artificially propagated for profit to forbid the sale of unlawful devices for catching fish and to provide penalties and punishments for the violation of the provisions of this act and providing how and by whom the costs shall be paid" by defining what are trout streams

House No. 597:

An act to authorize the school board of the school district of the Township of Wysox Bradford County Pennsylvania to convert taxes levied in the said district in one thousand nine hundred and nine and collected specifically for contemplated new school building which has been abandoned

House No. 598:

An act enabling the several boroughs of the Commonwealth to validate certain ordinances where the same have not been published according to law or where the proof of publication cannot be made

House No. 601:

An act regulating the exhibiting or using of moving pictures and stereopticon views providing for and regulating the examination and approval of moving picture films or reels and stereopticon views and fixing penalties for the violation of this act

House No. 602:

An act to authorize the printing of twenty-five thousand copies Bulletin Number One Hundred and Fifty-two issued by the Department of Agriculture and making an appropriation therefor

House No. 603:

An act to further amend the eighteenth section of an act entitled "An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner and staff of assistants and defining the powers and duties thereof authorizing the State Highway Department to co-operate with the several counties and townships and with boroughs in certain instances in the improvement of the public highways and the maintenance of improved highways providing for the application of counties and townships for State aid in highway improvement and maintenance providing for the payment of the costs of highway improvements made under the provisions of this act by the State the counties and the townships and making an appropriation for this purpose and providing a penalty for maliciously destroying improved roads" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five as amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner and staff of assistants and defining the powers and duties thereof authorizing the State Highway Department to co-operate with the several counties and townships and with boroughs in certain instances in the improvement of the public highways and the maintenance of improved highways providing for the application of counties and townships for State aid in highway improvement and maintenance providing for the payment of the cost of highway improvements made under the provisions of this act by the State the counties and the townships and making an appropriation for this purpose and providing a penalty for maliciously destroying improved roads' approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five increasing the number of employes of the State Highway Department and fixing the amounts of their salaries eliminating from the items included in the expense of construction and from those covered by damages the cost of change of grade extending the provisions of the act to incorporated towns increasing the percentage which may be paid to contractors in advance of the final completion of the work authorizing the setting of monuments and planting of trees along State highways prohibiting the construction of gas or water lines along State highways except under certain conditions and providing that the kind of roads to be built shall be decided by the State Highway Commissioner" approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven

House No. 605:

An act to provide for the surrender of franchises of Meadow Companies and the transfer of duties of said Meadow Companies to the respective cities or counties within which the lands governed by said Meadow Companies may lie

House No. 606:

An act authorizing and empowering the Department of Forestry to grant rights of way through State lands

House No. 608:

An act to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations the registration thereof and service of process thereon and providing punishment and penalties for the violation of its provisions and repealing previous legislation on the subject

House No. 611:

An act to provide for the establishment of a Bureau of Standards in the Department of Internal Affairs of Pennsylvania the appointment of a Chief of that Bureau prescribing his duties and fixing his salary authorizing the purchase of a set of standardized weights and measures for the use of the Bureau and making an appropriation therefor

House No. 612:

An act making it a misdemeanor to intimidate levy blackmail or extort money or other valuable thing or to attempt so to do from any person and providing punishment therefor

House No. 615:

An act to fix and regulate the compensation of directors of the poor of poor districts composed of several townships boroughs and cities situate wholly within any counties of this Commonwealth not exceeding five hundred thousand population

House No. 620:

An act to authorize the publication binding and distribution of one thousand (1,000) additional copies of Smull's Legislative Hand Book for the use of the State Railroad Commission the Water Supply Commission the Superintendent of State Police and the Commissioner of Health

House No. 621:

An act to provide that in every case where a bond has been or shall hereafter be filed in any court of record in this Commonwealth whether under the provision of any law or the order or decree of any court it shall be lawful for the principal surety or sureties or all of them jointly to present their petition to the said court at any time after a right of action shall have accrued upon such bond and that after notice to the parties in interest the court may enter an exoneretur upon the said bond unless action be brought within the time specified in this act

House No. 622:

An act dispensing in judicial proceedings to which a corporation is a party with proof of incorporation of either plaintiff or defendant when not put in issue

House No. 624:

An act requiring sheriffs receivers trustees assignees masters or other officers having charge of the sale of the property or franchises of corporations limited partnerships or joint stock associations to notify the Auditor General of such sale and to read at the sale a certificate to be furnished by him relative to liens for State taxes bonus and other public accounts settlements providing a fee for said officers and imposing a penalty for neglect or refusal to perform such duties

House No. 632:

An act regulating the lending of money upon personal property salaries and wages and fixing penalties for violation hereof

House No. 633:

An act to provide a standard of tests for illuminating oils to provide a penalty for violating the provisions of this act and repealing former acts

House No. 634:

An act prohibiting hospitals not having a medical college adjunct and other institutions receiving State aid from restricting pay patients in the selecting of physicians and surgeons not connected with said institutions and providing a penalty therefor

House No. 635:

An act to safeguard life in the coal mines of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and to protect and preserve the property connected therewith by providing that all inside buildings shall be constructed of incombustible material and providing penalties for failure to comply with the terms of this act and making a violation thereof by mine superintendents a misdemeanor

House No. 639:

An act authorizing cities of the second class to regulate the production or emission of smoke from chimneys smokestacks or other source

House No. 640:

An act creating the office of Fire Marshal to be attached to the Department of Public Safety in cities of the first class prescribing his duties and powers and providing penalties for violations of the provisions of the act and providing for the method of appointment compensation and for the maintentnce of his office

House No. 644:

An act to provide efficient and practical means for the prevention control and eradication of a disease affecting chestnut trees commonly called the chestnut tree blight providing for the destruction of trees so affected creating a commission to carry out the purposes of this act fixing penalties for violation of the provisions hereof and making an appropriation therefor

House No. 645:

An act appropriating for road construction the sum of three hundred and thirty-six thousand two hundred and fifty dollars and four cents ($336,250.04) which has accumulated in the State Treasury pursuant to the provisions of the 18th section of an act entitled "An Act providing for the estaablishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner and staff of assistants and defining the powers and duties thereof authorizing the State Highway Department to co-operate with the several counties and townships and with boroughs in certain instances in the improvement of the public highways and the maintenance of improved highways providing for the application of counties and townships for State aid in highways improvement and maintenance providing for the payment of the cost of highway improvements made under the provisions of this act by the State the counties and the townships and making an appropriation for this purpose and providing a penalty for maliciously destroying improved roads" approved the first day of May A D 1905 as amended by an act entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An Act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner and staff of assistaants and defining the powers and duties thereof authorizing the State Highway Department to co-operate with the several counties and townships and with boroughs in certain instances in the improvement of the public highways and the maintenance of improved highways providing for the application of counties and townships for State aid and highway improvement and maintenance providing for the payment of the cost of and highway improvements made under the provisions of this act by the State the counties and the townships and making an appropriation for this purpose and providing a penalty for maliciously destroying improved roads' approved the 1st day of May A D 1905 increasing the number of employes of the State Highway Department and fixing the amounts of their salaries eliminating from the time included in the expense of construction and from those covered by damages the cost of changes of grade extending the provision of the act to incorporated towns increasing the percentage which may be paid to contractors in advance of the actual completion of the work authorizing the setting of monuments and planting of trees along the State highways prohibiting the construction of gas or water lines along State highways except under certain conditions and providing that the kind of road to be built shall be decided by the State Highway Commissioner" approved the 8th day of June A D 1907 and authorizing its apportionment by the State Highway Commissioner in accordance with the provisions of the ninth section of the act hereinbefore recited

House No. 646:

An act relating to milk providing for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by regulating the sale of milk skimmed milk and cream providing penalties for the violation thereof and providing for the enforcement thereof

House No. 647:

A act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to prevent and punish prize fights and boxing matches in the counties of Pike Schuylkill Luzerne Erie and Montgomery" approved the sixteenth day of March one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six

House No. 652:

An act to repeal so much of an act entitled "An Act to prohibit the issuing of licenses to sell spirituous vinous malt or brewed liquors in the borough of Braddock borough of Sewickley township of Wilkins Versailles Penn North Fayette South Fayette Sewickley Leet and Kilbuck in the county of Allegheny approved the ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy" as relates to or affects the borough of Rankin formerly a part of the township of Wilkins in the county of Allegheny

House No. 653:

An act to repeal an act approved the third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two entitled "An Act to allow the voters of the townships of West Deer East Deer Pine Richland Harrison North Versailles South Versailles North Fayette South Fayette and Kilbuck in the county of Allegheny to vote for or against the issuing of licenses for the sale of intoxicating liquors within the said township" so far as its provisions relate to the said township of Pine Harrison North Versailles North Fayette and South Fayette

House No. 655:

An act to provide for the taking of testimony to be used in any of the civil courts of record in the Commonwealth of witnesses residing in any other State or in any foreign country

House No. 659:

An act to amend section thirty-one of an act entitled "An Act relating to insolvency embracing among other matters voluntary assignments for the benefit of creditors forbidding also certain preferences providing for the distribution of insolvent's estate and in certain contingencies relieveing him and others liable with him from further liability for his or their debts" approved June fourth one thousand nine hundred and one

House No. 662:

An act relating to private sales of real estate ordered decreed or approved by the Orphans' Courts and providing a method of giving notice of such sales and validating suchm private sales of real estate heretofore made under the authority of the Orphans' Courts for the payment of debts

House No. 663:

An act supplementary to an act for the government of cities of the second class approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

House No 665:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the paving curbing and macadamizing of streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same" approved April twenty-three one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine by fixing a different portion of the cost and expense which may be assessed against abutting property where the property on one side of the street or thoroughfare desired to be improved is exempt from assessment

House No. 666:

An act authorizing and empowering the several courts of Common Pleas of the Commonwealth upon cause shown to discharge lands bound by the lien of any sum or sums of money under the provisions of any last will and testament for the maintenance of a burial lot or lots and to appoint a trustee to hold said sum or sums of money for the purpose for which the land is or shall be charged by said last will and testament

House No. 668:

An act to punish the interference or the permitting of interfence of unauthorized persons with the electrical conductors electrical appliances and machinery electric meters and other apparatus of companies using generating or supplying electricity for light heat or power and to punish any consumer of electricity for knowingly having in his possession or under his control any electric meter that has been tampered with or prevented from duly registering and providing penalties therefor

House No. 670:

An act to amend paragraph twenty-nine of the first section of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the publication binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth" approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five by providing for the publication binding and distribution of an increased number of copies of the report of the Highway Commissioner

House No. 671:

An act making an appropriation to refund to Jacob Beitzel of the city of York Pennsylvania certain moneys inadvertently and erroneously paid by him into the State Treasury for a Distiller's license for a distillery heretofore and now known as the Hellam Distilling Company

House No. 673:

An act relating to the location construction and maintenance of viaducts and bridges in townships of the first class and adjacent territory empowering the board of commissioners of the several townships of the first class of this Commonwealth to construct or have constructed bridges or viaducts over rivers creeks streams railroads and private land or over and across railroads and any of them or over and across them and across railroads for public highways and to procure locations therefor by purchase or condemnation proceedings whether the same be wholly within or partly within and partly without the township limits authorizing said township to unite and enter into a contract or contracts with the county commissioners of the proper county and with railroad street railway and other companies and parties interested or with any of them for the erection construction and maintenance of said viaducts and bridges and for the payment of the damage caused by their location and erection and forbidding any railroad company to pass under or upon any such viaduct or bridge without contributing to the cost and maintenance thereof

House No. 676:

An act in relation to the appointment and salaries of the deputy sheriffs on duty in the court rooms of the courts of oyer and terminer and quarter sessions of the peace in counties containing a population of not less than seven hundred and fifty thousand nor more than one million two hundred thousand

House No. 677:

An act requiring the approval of the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania to any extension of the time within which the exercise of their charter rights under the existing law water or water power companies shall begin and complete their works and also providing for the annulment of charters of water or water power companies which shall not have begun or completed works within the time set by existing laws

House No. 690:

A joint resolution for the participation of the State of Pennsylvania in the Panama-Pacific International Exposition to be held in San Francisco in nineteen hundred and fifteen to celebrate the completion and opening of the Panama Canal and the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of the Pacific Ocean and providing for the appointment of a commission and making an appropriation to defray the expenses of the same

House No. 692:

An act regulating the pay of election officers in all counties of this Commonwealth containing less than eight hundred housand population

House No. 695:

An act to prevent frauds against carriers of passengers for hire within this Commonewalth and prescribing penalties for the breach of the provisions hereof

House No. 697:

An act relating to coroners and the holding of post mortems in the several counties of the Commonwealth

House No. 700:

An act authorizing Peter F Reigle a resident of Spring township Snyder county Pennsylvania to bring suit and to recover against this Commonwealth in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county Pennsylvania any sum or sums of money which may be legally or justly due him from this Commonwealth for damage done to his property in fighting forest fires in said county in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten

House No. 701:

An act authorizing C L Francisco of Sayre Bradford county Pennsylvania to bring suit and to recover against this Commonwealth in the court of common pleas of Dauphin county Pennsylvania any sum or sums of money which may be legally or justly due him from this Commonwealth for advertising in the Sayre Times Record the constitutional amendments proposed and voted on in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine

House No. 702:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act relative to Berks County Prison and to discharged convicts" approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight

House No. 706:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway tollroad conduit tunnel mine coalbreaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipe line aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal millrace works for supplying water heat light power cold air or any other substance furnished to the public well for the production of gas oil or volatile or mineral substance or other structure or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved June the fourth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

House No. 715:

An act refunding twenty-five dollars to Frederick J Cuneo

House No. 716:

An act regulating the printing of the laws of this Commonwealth

House No. 717:

An act to amend the second section of an act approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act providing that the district attorneys in all counties whose population does not exceed one hundred and fifty thousand shall be paid a salary and fixing the same which shall be in lieu of all fees and in full compensation for their services and providing for the appointment of assistant district attorneys in said counties and for the compensation of the same and providing that the fees heretofore allowed the district attorneys upon indictments shall remain in amount as heretofore but shall hereafter be as part of the costs for the use and benefit of the proper county" by fixing the salaries of district attorneys in counties having more than thirty thousand but not more than forty thousand inhabitants

House No. 718:

An act to permit trustees executors administrators or receivers where an estate is without money or property to have appeals heard in the appellate courts upon filing typewritten copies of the names of the parties abstract of proceedings verdict questions involved history of the case report of the auditor or master charge of the court points and answers thereto assignments of error argument and certified record

House No. 722:

An act amending the twenty-first section of an act entitled "An Act relating to county rates and levies and township rates and levies" approved the fifteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four by authorizing the collector to deputize a constable or other officer to make the levy and sale or to arrest the delinquent for non-payment of taxes

House No. 723:

An act to provide for the payment of costs in cases of summary conviction had before magistrates aldermen and justices of the peace

House No. 724:

An act regulating the pay of election officers in all counties of this Commonwealth containing a population of not less than two hundred and fifty thousand and not more than five hundred thousand

House No. 725:

An act to provide for the satisfaction of mortgages now or hereafter to be recorded in this Commonwealth when the original mortgages have been lost mislaid or destroyed

House No. 726:

An act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the appointment of policemen in the boroughs of this Commonwealth defining their powers and duties and providing for their compensation and discharge" approved June sixth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three by regulating the control of policemen when on duty

House No. 730:

An act making an appropriation for the protection of the monument erected by this Commonwealth at Cherrytree or Canoe Place Indiana County Pennsylvania

House No. 731:

An act prohibiting the making of appropriations by the General Assembly to unincorporated charitable reformatory or correctional institutions formed organized or established after the date of the approval of this act and making it unlawful for the Auditor General and State Treasurer to make payments of appropriations to such associations

House No. 732:

An act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to John Minsinberger the amount paid by him for his commission as a notary public

House No. 733:

An act authorizing cities of the first class to remit taxes owing by any hospital where a dispute has arisen as to the right of the city to assess and collect such taxes

House No. 737:

An act enabling the libellant in all proceedings for divorce on the ground of desertion to testify to the fact of desertion and to the efforts made by him or her to induce the respondent to return and resume the martial relation

House No. 738:

An act to amend section nineteen of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the nomination and election of public officers requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several counties and punishing certain offences in regards to such elections" approved the tenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three authorizing the county commissioners of each county to construct a permanent election room or election house and for that purpose to purchase such real estate as they deem necessary

House No. 741:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane" approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by extending the time during which said appropriation shall be available

House No. 742:

An act providing a method for enforcing orders of maintenance and support in all cases where an order has been made for the support of a husband wife parent child grandparent or grandchild defining what constitutes contempt in such cases and punishment for contempt in such cases

House No. 744:

An act to amend the thirty-second section of an act entitled "An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway toll road conduit tunnel mine coal-breaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipe-line aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal mill-race works for supplying water heat light power cold air or any other substance furnished to the public well for the production of gas oil or other volatile or mineral substance or other structure or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved the fourth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as amended by the second section of an act approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to amend section eleven and section thirty-two of an act entitled 'An Act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway toll-road conduit tunnel coal-breaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipe-line aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal mill-race works for supplying water heat light power cold air or any other substance furnished to the public well for the production of gas oil or other volatile or mineral substance or other structure or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto' approved the fourth day of June one thousand nine hundred and one so as to change the form of the claim and writ of scire facias thereon" by providing for an amicable scire facias

House No. 745:

An act to confer power on the several Orphans' Courts having jurisdiction thereof when the balance for distribution in an estate after the debts are paid includes stocks bonds and other securities to make distribution of the same in kind to parties entitled thereto to authorize subsequent sales thereof and to validate such distributions heretofore made

House No. 747:

An act providing for the appointment of a commission to survey and ascertain the location of the military route or roads constructed and traversed by General Edward Braddock and General John Forbes in their respective military expeditions of one thousand seven hundred and fifty-five and one thousand seven hundred and fifty-eight and make a report thereon to the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in writing for publication and making an appropriation for the payment of necessary assistance and expenses incurred in the field and office work of the same

House No. 749:

An act to repeal an act entitled "A supplement to an act passed the thirteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine relating to billiard rooms et cetera in the counties of Chester and Delaware extending the same to the counties of Erie Crawford Venango Warren Tioga Potter and McKean" approved the sixteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six as far as said act relates and extends to Venango County

House No. 752:

An act providing for the appointment by the Court of Common Pleas of any county of auditors to audit settle and adjust the accounts of the directors treasurer and tax collectors of any poor district composed of more than one municipality or municipal district wholly within but less extensive than said county the population of which poor district shall be not less than one hundred and fifty thousand and not more than three hundred thousand prescribing their powers duties and compensation the form contents filing and publishing of their report and providing for appeals to the Court of Common Pleas of such county and the Superior and Supreme Courts

House No. 754:

An act fixing the salary of the storekeeper in the office of the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings

House No. 755:

An act to fix the compensation and allowance for members of the General Assembly

House No. 756:

An act to amend an act entitled "An act defining the rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating the effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor or materials to be furnished to any building bridge wharf dock pier bulkhead vault subway tramway toll-road conduit tunnel mine coal-breaker flume pump screen tank derrick pipeline aqueduct reservoir viaduct telegraph telephone railway or railroad line canal millrace works for supplying water heat light power cold air or any other substance furnished to the public well for the production of gas oil or volatile or mineral substance or other structure or improvement of whatsoever kind or character the same may be providing remedies for the recovery of debts due by reason of such contracts and repealing consolidating and extending existing laws in relation thereto" approved June fourth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one

House No. 770:

A joint resolution constituting a commission to investigate and report to the General Assembly a plan for the segragation care and treatment of feeble-minded and epileptic persons within the Commonwealth and making an appropriation thereto

House No. 774:

An act creating a bureau of preliminary professional education with authority to determine the preliminary education of students desiring to commence and fully complete the study of medicine surgery pharmacy or dentistry providing for the number and term and appointment of its members defining the powers and prescribing the duties of said bureau authorizing rules and regulations therefor creating an appropriation for the maintenance thereof making the violation of the provisions of this act unlawful and prescribing the punishment therefor and repealing all laws inconsistent with this act

House No. 787:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act relative to the obstructing of the crossing of public roads by locomotives and cars" approved the twentieth day of March one thousand eight hundred and forty-five by providing further that any member of the train-crew shall be subject to said penalty

House No. 788:

An act authorizing the election in first class townships of an additional constable and fixing his term

House No. 794:

An act providing for and regulating the taking of land by condemnation proceedings to enlarge certain cemeteries now or hereafter incorporated

House No. 795:

An act to provide for the establishment of the Pennsylvania State Museum and the various divisions thereof and to create a board of trustees for its government and control

House No. 817:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to section one of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania relating to taxation

House No. 825:

An act making an appropriation to pay the judgments obtained against the Commonwealth by Guiseppe Carraggi Stefano Pagano Salvatore Bellavia Salvatore Stutto Francesco Cirranni Guiseppe Cirrannia Cologero Arno Cologero Corriero Carlo Plumeri Michalena Mandrina Muzza and Felice Muzza and Michalena Mandrina Muzza and Felice Muzza executors of Mariassunto Acro Guercio

House No. 833:

An act to revive and continue in force the provisions of an act entitled "An Act to extend the time during which corporations may hold and convey the title to real estate heretofore bought under execution or conveyed to them in satisfaction of debts and now remaining in their hands unsold" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight in so far as they relate to banking companies

House No. 851:

An act to provide for the support of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and Naval Force of Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and for the payment of an annual allowance to officers of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and Naval Force of Pennsylvania and for the purpose of placing five hundred thousand dollars or as much thereof as may be necessary at the disposal of the Governor of the Commonwealth and making same available to pay expenses incident to actual service rendered by the National Guard of Pennsylvania under orders of the Governor in repelling of invasion subduing insurrection riot or disorder or to furnish the quota of volunteers from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania under a call made by the President of the United States

House No. 855:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to section seven article three of the Constitution of Pennsylvania so as to permit special legislation regulating labor

House No. 860:

An act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth interest on the public debt and the support of the public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven and for the payment of bills incurred and remaining unpaid at the close of the fiscal year ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

House No. 861:

An act providing for and regulating the reporting to the State Department of Health by physicians of occupational disease and fixing penalties for violations hereof

House No. 862:

An act providing for the erection of memorial halls at the county seats in the different counties of Pennsylvania authorizing and directing the county commissioners of such counties upon petition of at least fifty citizens approved by two successive grand juries and the Court of Quarter Sessions to purchase a plot of ground in such county seat and erect thereon a memorial hall in honor of the soldiers sailors and marines from such county who served in the army and navy in the war for the suppression of the Rebellion and all other wars in defense of the United States flag and authorizing the levying of a tax to raise a fund to pay the purchase money of the ground and the expense of the erection of a memorial hall

House No. 871:

An act to provide for the better protection of the lives bodies and health of women and newborn children throughout the Commonwealth by regulating the practice of midwifery as performed by midwives and to provide for the licensing and registration of midwives in the State of Pennsylvania and to provide that the Medical Council of the State of Pennsylvania shall enforce the provisions of this act making an appropriation therefor and providing certain penalties

House No. 878:

An act providing for and regulating the purchase or condemnation of real estate by boroughs for the purpose of constructing wharves landing places and docks

House No. 903:

An act to provide for the disposition and payment of costs in all cases tried in the Juvenile Court

House No. 909:

An act making an appropriation to the Wyoming Valley Society for the Prevention and Treatment of Tuberculosis of Wilkes-Barre Pennsylvania

House No. 910:

An act making an appropriation to the United Charities of Hazleton Pennsylvania

House No. 911:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Middle Coal Field

House No. 912:

An act making an appropriation to the Almira Home of New Castle Pennsylvania

House No. 913:

An act making an appropriation to the Nanticoke Hospital Association

House No. 914:

An act providing for an examination of the Nanticoke Hospital of Nanticoke Luzerne County Pennsylvania providing for the transfer under certain conditions of the said hospital to the Commonwealth regulating said hospital in the event of such transfer and making an appropriation to carry out the purposes of this act

House No. 915:

An act making an appropriation to the Wilkes-Barre City Hospital

House No. 916:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittston Hospital Association

House No. 917:

An act making an appropriation to the Old Ladies' Home of Wissinoming Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 919:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia

House No. 920:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home and Maternity Hospital

House No. 921:

An act making an appropriation to the West Philadelphia Hospital for Women in the city of Philadelphia

House No. 922:

An act making an appropriation for the Friends' Home for Children Philadelphia Pennsylvania situate at four thousand and eleven Aspen street (West Philadelphia)

House No. 923:

An act making an appropriation to the Eastern State Penitentiary of Pennsylvania

House No. 924:

An act making an appropriation to the Women's Southern Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 925:

An act making an appropriation to the Union Home for Old Ladies of West Philadelphia

House No. 926:

An act making an appropriation to the Penn Asylum for Indigent Widows and Single Women located at Belgrade street and Susquehanna avenue Philadelphia

House No. 927:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Mary's Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 928:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Museum and School of Industrial Art of Philadelphia

House No. 929:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Aged of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 930:

An act making an appropriation to the Nazerene Home for the Aged at Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 931:

An act making an appropriation to the Samaritan Hospital of Temple University of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 932:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Blind

House No. 933:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Society to Protect Children from Cruelty of Philadelphia

House No. 934:

An act making an appropriation towards the maintenance of the Pennsylvania Nautical Schoolship located at the port of Philadelphia

House No. 935:

An act making an appropriation to the Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial Commission for the balance required to reimburse the railroad companies for the transportation to the dedication of the Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial dedicated September twenty-seventh one thousand nine hundred and ten of such veterans of Pennsylvania regiments and other organizations as were entitled to be transported thereto

House No. 936:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Home Teaching Society and Free Circulating Library for the Blind

House No. 937:

An act making an appropriaation to the Kensington Hospital for Women at Philadelphia

House No. 938:

An act making an appropriation to the Stetson Hospital of Philadelphia

House No. 939:

An act making an appropriation to the Northwestern General Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 940:

An act making an aappropriation to the Chestnut Hill Hospitaal of Chestnut Hill Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 941:

An act making an appropriation to the Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial Commission for the purpose of having designed modeled made and erected on the State memorial or monument at Gettysburg dedicated September twenty-seventh one thousand nine hundred and ten bronze statues of President Lincoln Governor Curtin and of Major Generals Meade Reynolds Hancock Birney Pleasonton and Gregg and of completing the monument and correction of misspelled names or omissions on tablets grading and making a pavement around the monument and expenses of the commission

House No. 942:

A joint resolution providing for the appointment by the Governor of a commission to be known as the Pennsylvania State Vaccination Commission and defining its powers and duties and making an appropriation for the expenses thereof

House No. 943:

An act making an appropriation for the expenses required by an act entitled "An Act to provide for the continuance of the education and maintnance of the destitute orphans of the deceased soldiers sailors and marines and the destitute children of permanently disabled soldiers sailors and marines of the State" approved May twenty-fifth one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine also making an appropriation to carry out the provisions of an act to provide for the education and maintenance of the children admitted to the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphans' Industrial School and the Soldiers' Orphans' Schools approved May twenty-seventh one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three

House No. 944:

An act making an appropriation to St Joseph's Hospital of Philadelphia

House No. 945:

An act making an appropriatioin to the Pennsylvania Seamen's Fund Society of Philadelphia Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

House No. 946:

An act making an appropriation for the McKeesport Hospital McKeesport Pennsylvania

House No. 947:

An act making an appropriation to the Polyclinic Hospital of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House No. 948:

An act making an appropriation to the Nursery Home of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House No. 949:

An act making an appropriation to the Messiah Home Orphanage of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House No. 950:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Industrial Home at Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House No. 951:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless at Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House No. 952:

An act making an appropriation to the Sylvan Heights Home for Orphan Girls at Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House No. 953:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Lunatic Hospital for the Southern District of Pennsylvania located at Harrisburg

House No. 954:

An act to provide for the publishing of the proceedings of the dedication of the Present Monument at Salisbury North Carolina erected under an act of the Legislature of Pennsylvania June thirteenth one thousand nine hundred and seven providing for the distribution and clerical work thereof and making an appropriation for the same

House No. 955:

An act making an appropriation to the Harrisburg Hospital of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House No. 956:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittendon Mission of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House No. 957:

An act making an appropriation to the Good Samaritan Hospital of Lebanon Pennsylvania

House No. 958:

An act refunding to the turstees of the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane the sum of fifteen thousand dollars to liquidate outstanding bills against said institution

House No. 959:

An act amending the fifteenth section of an act approved the twenty-second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of site and the erection of a State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania and making an appropriation therefor" as amended by the first section of an act approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act amending section fifteen of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the chronic insane to be called the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania and making an appropriation therefor' approved the twenty-second day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one so as to fix the maximum amount for maintenance weekly per capita" by increasing to three dallars and fifty cents the maximum amount per capita for weekly maintenance one dollar and fifty cents thereof to be paid by the county or poor district from which the patient shall have been received

House No. 960:

An act providing for the exhibition and celebration in Philadelphia to commemorate the fiftieth anniversary of the Emancipation Proclamation creating a commission to conduct same and making an appropriation therefor

House No. 961:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Institute for the Deaf and Dumb for maintenance and education of State pupils and also a special appropriation for one deaf dumb and blind pupil

House No. 962:

An act making an appropriation for the Cottage State Hospital Phillipsburg Centre County Pennsylvania

House No. 963:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Training in Speech of Deaf Children before they are of School Age at Belmont Avenue and Monument Road Philadelphia

House No. 964:

An act making an appropriation to the Board of Commissioners of Navigation for the River Delaware and its Navigable Tributaries for two years from June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

House No. 965:

An act to provide for the payment of the expenses incident to the attendance of the Members of the Pennsylvania Legislature at the funeral of the Honorable J. Calvin Meyer deceased

House No. 966:

An act making an appropriation to pay for the care treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane in the State and semi-State hospitals for the insane of the Commonwealth for the two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

House No. 967:

An act making an appropriation to pay for the care treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane in county and local institutions of the Commonwealth for the two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

House No. 968:

An act making an appropriation to cover the deficiencies incurred in the care treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane of the Commonwealth during the two years commencing June first one thousand nine hundred and nine and ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

House No. 969:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Memorial Home at Brookville Jefferson county Pennsylvania

House No. 970:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Epileptic Hospital and Colony Farm Chester county Pennsylvania

House No. 971:

An act making an appropriation to the Beaver Valley General Hospital at New Brighton Beaver county Pennsylvania

House No. 972:

An act making an appropriation to the Rochester General Hospital at Rochester Beaver county Pennsylvania

House No. 973:

An act making an appropriation to the Beaver County Children's Home Association of New Brighton Beaver county Pennsylvania

House No. 974:

An act making an appropriation to the Sewickley Fresh Air Home in Beaver county Pennsylvania

House No. 975:

An act making an appropriation to the Passavant Memorial Homes for the Care of Epileptics at Rochester Beaver county Pennsylvania

House No. 976:

An act making an appropriation to the Adrian Hospital Association of Punxsutawney Jefferson County Pennsylvania

House No. 977:

An act making making an appropriation to the National Farm School at Doylestown

House No. 978:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Christopher's Hospital for Children of Philadelphia

House No. 979:

An act making an appropriation to the Women's Homeopathic Association of Pennsylvania

House No. 980:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Infants

House No. 981:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged Couples of the City of Philadelphia

House No. 982:

An act making an appropriation to the Mount Sinai Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 983:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Museums

House No. 984:

An act providing for the erection by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a statue in memory of General George Gordon Meade in the city of Washington and making an appropriation therefor

House No. 985:

An act making an appropriation to the Roosevelt Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 986:

An act making an appropriation to the Howard Hospital of Philadelphia

House No. 987:

An act making an appropriation to the Mount Pleasant Memorial Hospital Mount Pleasant Westmoreland County Pennsylvania

House No. 988:

An act making an appropriatio nto the Homestead Hospital Association of Homestead Pennsylvania

House No. 989:

An act making an appropriation to the Joseph Ratti Hospital located at Bloomsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 990:

An act making an appropriation to the Markleton General Hospital at Markleton Somerset County Pennsylvania

House No. 991:

An act making an appropriation for the Pennsylvania Oral School for the Deaf

House No. 992:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Home and Maternity Hospital of Scranton Lackawanna County

House No. 993:

An act making an appropriation to the Carbondale Hospital Association of the city of Carbondale

House No. 994:

An act making an appropriation for the Associated Charities and Humane Society of Lackawanna County Pennsylvania

House No. 995:

An act making an appropriation to the West Mountain Sanatorium of Scranton Pennsylvania

House No. 996:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittendon Mission of Scranton

House No. 997:

An act making an appropriation to the Hahnemann Hospital of Scranton Pennsylvania

House No. 998:

An act making an appropriation to the Taylor Hospital Association

House No. 999:

An act making an appropriation to the Mid-Valley Hospital

House No. 1000:

An act making an appropriation to the Benevolent Association's Home for Children of Pottsville Schuylkill County Pennsylvania

House No. 1001:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb

House No. 1002:

An act making an appropriation to the Elk County General Hospital of Ridgway Pennsylvania

House No. 1003:

An act making an appropriation to the Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic Home Department of Pennsylvania at Hawkins Station Allegheny County Pennsylvania

House No. 1004:

An act making an appropriation to the Suburban General Hospital of Bellevue Allegheny County Pennsylvania

House No. 1005:

An act making an appropriation to the Allegheny General Hospital of Pittsburg North Side Pennsylvania

House No. 1006:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Western Pennsylvania

House No. 1007:

An act making an appropriation to the Curtis Home for Destitute Women and Children of the City of Pittsburg State of Pennsylvania

House No. 1008:

An act making an appropriation to the Columbia Hospital at Wilkinsburg to be applied to maintenance and improvements

House No. 1009:

An act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital Wilkes-Barre Pennsylvania

House No. 1010:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenon Circle of Wilkes-Barre Pennsylvania

House No. 1011:

An act to provide for the publishing of the proceedings the dedication of the Pennsylvania Monument at Cold Harbor Virginia erected under an act of the Legislature Pennsylvania June thirteenth one thousand nine hundred and seven providing for the distribution and clerical work thereof and making an appropriation therefor

House No. 1012:

An act making an appropriation to the Girls' Training School one hundred and thirty-one East Third street Williamsport Lycoming County Pennsylvania

House No. 1013:

An act making an appropriation to the Boys' Industrial Home at Williamsport Lycoming County Pennsylvania

House No. 1014:

An act making an appropriation to the Aged Colored Women's Home at Williamsport Lycoming County Pennsylvania

House No. 1015:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Mission Williamsport Lycoming County Pennsylvania

House No. 1016:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless of the city of Williamsport Pennsylvania

House No. 1017:

An act making an appropriation to the Lewistown Hospital of Lewistown

House No. 1018:

An act making an appropriation to the Nason Hospital Association of Roaring Spring Blair County Pennsylvania

House No. 1019:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Danville Pennsylvania

House No. 1020:

An act making an appropriation to the Butler County General Hospital at Butler Pennsylvania

House No. 1021:

An act making an appropriation to the Latrobe Hospital Latrobe Pennsylvania

House No. 1022:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Cottage State Hospital at Connellsville Fayette County Pennsylvania

House No. 1023:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Joseph's Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1024:

An act making an appropriation to the Hostorical Society of Western Pennsylvania

House No. 1025:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Francis Hospital of Pittsburg

House No. 1026:

An act making an appropriation to the Presbyterian Hospital of Pittsburg

House No. 1027:

An act making an appropriation for the Dixmont Hospital for the Insane at Dixmont in the count yof Allegheny

House No. 1028:

An act making an appropriation to the Salvation Army Rescue and Maternity Home of Bellevue Allegheny County

House No. 1029:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittsburg Home for Rabies of Pittsburg

House No. 1030:

An act making an appropriation to the Institution of Protestant Deaconesses of Allegheny County Pennsylvania

House No. 1031:

An act making an appropriation to the Chartiers Valley General Hospital of Ingram Pennsylvania

House No. 1032:

An act making an appropriation to the Montefiore Hospital Association of Pittsburg

House No. 1033:

An act making an appropriation to the Home of the Good Shepherd of the county of Allegheny Troy Hill

House No. 1034:

An act making an appropriation to the Industrial Home for Colored Working Girls Pittsburg

House No. 1035:

An act making an appropriation to the German Home for Aged at Fair Oaks Allegheny County Pennsylvania

House No. 1036:

An act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1037:

An act making an appropriation to the Orphans' Asylum of the Holy Family located at Emsworth in the county of Allegheny

House No. 1038:

An act making an appropriation to the Protestant Home for Boys of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1039:

An act making an appropriation to Avery College Trade School of North Side Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1040:

An act making an appropriation to the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania located at Wernersville Pennsylvania to pay for the care treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane in said asylum for the two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen

House No. 1041:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Widows and Single Women of Lebanon and Lebanon County

House No. 1042:

An act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburg

House No. 1043:

An act making an appropriation to the State Forest Academy at Mont Alto Franklin County Pennsylvania

House No. 1044:

An act making an appropriation to the Todd Hospital at Carlisle Pennsylvania

House No. 1045:

An act making an appropriation to the board of trustees of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' and Sailors' Home at Erie Pennsylvania for maintenance of said home and fixing the annual maximum per capita rate of maintenance and providing that all moneys received from the United States by the Governor on account of maintenance shall be paid into the State Treasury

House No. 1046:

An act making an appropriation for the refunding of fees paid into the State Treasury by applicants for a notary public commission when for any cause such commission shall not be received by the applicant and making an appropriation therefor

House No. 1047:

An act making an appropriation to the Newcastle Hospital at New Castle Lawrence County Pennsylvania

House No. 1049:

An act making an appropriation to the Panther Creek Valley Hospital Coaldale Schuylkill County Pennsylvania

House No. 1050:

An act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools situate in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth to defray the expenses of erecting a refrigerating plant and the installation of a sewage plant for the boys' department at Glen Mills Delaware County

House No. 1051:

An act making an appropriation to the Medico-Chirurgical Hospital of Philadelphia

House No. 1052:

An act making an appropriation for the House of the Good Shepherd of Philadelphia situate at Thirty-fifth and Fairmount avenue

House No. 1053:

An act making an appropriation to the Woman's Hospital of Philadelphia

House No. 1054:

An act making an appropriation to the Hebrew Sheltering Home and Day Nursery for Children in the county of Philadelphia

House No. 1055:

An act supplementary to an act entitled "An Act for the compilation and publication of the laws of the Province and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania prior to the year one thousand eight hundred" approved the nineteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven continuing the commissioners appointed in accordance with the provisions of said act for the further period of two years and making an appropriation for the expenses therein referred to

House No. 1056:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Temporary Home of Philadelphia

House No. 1057:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Incurables Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 1058:

An act making an appropriation to the Midnight Mission of Philadelphia

House No. 1059:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Orthopaedic Hospital and Infirmary for Nervous Diseases

House No. 1060:

An act making an appropriation to the Wills Eye Hospital of Philadelphia

House No. 1061:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Protectory for Boys Protectory Station Montgomery County Pennsylvania

House No. 1062:

An act making an appropriation to the Catholic Home for Destitute Children Philadelphia

House No. 1063:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint John's Orphan Asylum Philadelphia

House No. 1064:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home Philadelphia

House No. 1065:

An act making an appropriation to the Hospital Department of the Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital of Philadelphia

House No. 1066:

An act making an appropriation to the Lying-in-Charity Hospital Philadelphia

House No. 1067:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Aged one thousand eight hundred and nine (1809) Mount Vernon Street Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 1068:

An act making an appropriation to the Chester Hospital at Chester

House No. 1069:

An act making an appropriation to the Downingtown Industrial and Agricultural School of Downingtown Chester County Pennsylvania

House No. 1070:

An act refunding to Margaret F D Leiper moneys mistakenly paid by her into the State Treasury

House No. 1071:

An act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

House No. 1072:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania at South Mountain Pennsylvania

House No. 1073:

An act making an appropriation to the House of the Good Shepherd in the City of Reading Pennsylvania

House No. 1074:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Hospital of the City of Reading Pennsylvania

House No. 1075:

An act making an appropriation to the Beulah Anchorage of Reading Pennsylvania

House No. 1076:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Friendless Children in City of Reading Pennsylvania

House No. 1077:

An act making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital of Reading Pennsylvania

House No. 1078:

An act making an appropriation to the Reading Hospital the City of Reading Pennsylvania

House No. 1079:

An act making an appropriation to the Berks County Tuberculosis Society for the erection of an additional hospital building and water plant on its grounds on Neversink Mountain Berks county and for maintenance of its sanatorium there

House No. 1080:

An act making an appropriation to the York Hospital Dispensary of York City Pennsylvania

House No. 1081:

An act making an appropriation to the York Society to Protect Children and Aged Persons formerly the Christian Home of York Pennsylvania

House No. 1082:

An act making an appropriation for the providing and erection of armories throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the use of the National Guard of Pennsylvania armories to be erected managed and cared for under direction of the State Armory Board also an appropriation for the care and management of armories erected or provided and to be erected or provided for the two fiscal years beginning January first one thousand nine hundred and eleven necessary repairs and contingent expenses in maintenance of armories actual traveling expenses of members of State Armory Board clerical expenses of Board inspection expenses also an appropriation contingent upon fire or other cause and which may damage or destroy an armory or armories

House No. 1083:

An act making an appropriation to the Paradise Protectory and Agricultural School at Paradise York County Pennsylvania

House No. 1084:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Home the City of York Pennsylvania

House No. 1085:

An act to provide for the payment of appropriations heretofore made or hereafter to be made by the Commonwealth Pennsylvania to a corporation or corporations now or hereafter merged or consolidated

House No. 1087:

An act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of continuing and maintaining schools among the Cornplanter Indians of Warren County" approved the tenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five by increasing the annual appropriation

House No. 1088:

An act making an appropriation of two hundred dollars per year for a period of two years for the purpose of maintaining a public road through the Cornplanter Indian Reservation and the bridges on said road in Elk Township, Warren County Pennsylvania

House No. 1089:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Warren Pennsylvania

House No. 1090:

An act making an appropriation to the Warren Emergency Hospital of Warren Pennsylvania

House No. 1091:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Orphan Asylum of Tacony Philadelphia

House No. 1092:

An act making an appropriation to the Berean Manual Training and Industrial School

House No. 1093:

An act making an appropriation to the Northern Home for Friendless Children of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 1094:

An act making an appropriation to the West Philadelphia General Homeopathic Hospital and Dispensary

House No. 1095:

An act making an appropriation to the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia for the maintenance of its hospital department and the construction of a building to provide for the maternity department of that hospital

House No. 1096:

An act making an appropriation to the Johnstown City Hospital

House No. 1097:

An act making an appropriation to the Conemaugh Valley Memorial Hospital at the City of Johnstown

House No. 1098:

An act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital Johnstown located in the City of Johnstown Cambria county Pennsylvania

House No. 1099:

An act making an appropriation to the Christian Home of hnstown Pennsylvania

House No. 1100:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Luke's Homeo-thic Hospital of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 1101:

An act making an appropriation to the Thaddeus Stevens In-strial School of Pennsylvania at Lancaster, Pennsylvania

House No. 1102:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Friendless hildren for the city and county of Lancaster Pennsylvania

House No. 1103:

An act making an appropriation to the Lancaster General ospital

House No. 1104:

An act making an appropriation to the Easton Hospital at aston Pennsylvania

House No. 1105:

An act making an appropriation to the Berwick Hospital erwick Columbia County Pennsylvania

House No. 1106:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State lospital for Injured Persons of the Bituminous and Semi-Bitu-minous Coal Regions of Pennsylvania located at Blossburg ioga County

House No. 1107:

An act making an appropriation to the United Zion Home nd Hospital Lititz Lancaster County Pennsylvania

House No. 1108:

An act making an appropriation to the Topographic and Geo-ogical Survey Commission of Pennsylvania for the purpose of arrying out the provisions of an act entitled "An Act author-zing the Topoghaphic and Geological Survey Commission of ennnsylvania to establish and maintain a topoghaphic and eological survey of the State, fixing salaries providing for the rinting and binding of the results of said survey and furnish-ng of supplies and stationery and making an appropriation herefor" approved the thirteenth day of May Anno Domini ne thousand nine hundred and nine

House No. 1109:

An act to provide for the making of facsimiles of ancient documents papers seals and arms belonging to the Common-wealth and making an appropriation therefor

House No. 1110:

An act making an appropriation to the Department of For-estry to be used in rebuilding the dam at Promised Land Pond in Pike County Pennsylvania

House No. 1111:

An act making an appropriation to the Columbia Hospital located at Columbia Lancaster County Pennsylvania

House No. 1112:

An act making an appropriation to the Brownsville General Hospital at Brownsville Fayette County Pennsylvania

House No. 1113:

An act making an appropriation to the Bellefonte Hospital at Bellefonte Pennsylvania

House No. 1114:

An act making an appropriation to the Williamsport Hospital of the City of Williamsport Pennsylvania

House No. 1115:

An act making an appropriation to Charity Hospital of Montgomery County Pennsylvania located at Norristown

House No. 1116:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Joseph's Protectory Norristown Pennsylvania

House No. 1117:

An act making an appropriation to the State Hospital for the Insane for the Southeastern District of Pennsylvania at Norristown Pennsylvania

House No. 1118:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of the an-nual fixed charge for school purposes on lands held for forest reserve

House No. 1119:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of ser-vices and expenses of fire wardens and those assisting in the extinguishment of forest fires

House No. 1120:

An act making an appropriation to the Pottstown Hospital Pottstown Montgomery county Pennsylvania

House No. 1121:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Indus-trial School formerly located at Paoli Chester county and now located at Eaglesville Montgomery County Pennsylvania

House No. 1122:

An act making an appropriation for the purchase of lands by the Department of Forestry to be set aside and held as State Forest Reserves

House No. 1123:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of the an-nual fixed charge for road purposes on lands held for forest reserves

House No. 1124:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsyl-vania Hospital

House No. 1125:

An act making an appropriation to the Colored Women's Relief Association of Western Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintaining the Davis Temporary Home for Colored Children and Day Nursery located at Pittsburg Pennsylvania for the two fiscal years beginning June first one thousand nine hundred and eleven

House No. 1126:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Penn-sylvania Hospital for maintenance

House No. 1127:

An act making an appropriation to enable the Secretary of Internal Affairs to purchase from the United States Gov-ernment standard tests of weights and measures for use of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

House No. 1128:

An act making an appropriation to the General Emer-gency Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1130:

An act making an appropriation to the Visiting Nurse Association located in North Side city of Pittsburg Alle-gheny county Pennsylvania

House No. 1131:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Penn-sylvania Humane Society

House No. 1132:

An act making an appropriation to the Allegheny Valley Hospital at Tarentum Allegheny county

House No. 1133:

An act making an appropriation for the Springdale Gen-eral Hospital at Springdale Allegheny county

House No. 1134:

An act making an appropriation to the Ohio Valley General Hospital McKees Rocks Allegheny County Penn-sylvania

House No. 1135:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Fairview Wayne county

House No. 1136:

An act making an appropriation to the South Side Hos-pital Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1137:

An act making an appropriatoin to Sant John's General Hospital of Allegheny City

House No. 1138:

An act making an appropriation to the Boys' Industrial Home of Western Pennsylvania located at Oakdale Alle-gheny county

Senate No. 1139:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crit-tendon Home and Rescue Mission of Pittsburg Pennsyl-vania

Senate No. 1140:

An act making an appropriation to the Western State Penitentiary

House No. 1141:

An act making an appropriation to the Western Pennsyl-vania Institution for the Blind at Pittsburg

House No. 1142:

An act making an appropriation to the Tuberculosis League of Pittsburg Pennsylvania for maintenance and im-provement

House No. 1143:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Hospi-tal of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1144:

An act making an appropriation to the George Junior Republic Association of Western Pennsylvania

House No. 1145:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittsburg and Allegheny Home for the Friendless situated in the City of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1146:

An act making an appropriation to the Woods Run Industrial House of Allegheny now North Side Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1147:

An act making an appropriation to the Eye and Ear Hospital of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1148:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittsburg Newsboys' Home of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1149:

An act making an appropriation to the St. Joseph's Protectory for Homeless Boys of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1150:

An act making an appropriation to the Roselia Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital of the City of Pittsburg

House No. 1151:

An act making an appropriation to the Chambersburg Hospital of Chambersburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1152:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Franklin County Pennsylvania

House No. 1153:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of a deficiency that has arisen under the provisions of an act entitled "An Act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals killed within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania etc" approved the tenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven and making an additional appropriation for expenses that may be required under the provisions of said act for the two years beginning June first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

House No. 1154:

An act making an appropriation to defray the expenses incident to the dedication of the monument now being erected under the provisions of an Act of Assembly approved May thirteenth one thousand nine hundred and nine in the National Cemetery at Culpeper Virginia to the memory of the Pennsylvania soldiers buried therein

House No. 1155:

An act making an appropriation to Wyoming Valley Hospital

House No. 1156:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Home of South Bethlehem Pennsylvania

House No. 1157:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged and Infirm Women at Easton Pennsylvania

House No. 1158:

An act making an appropriation to the Easton Home for Friendless Children

House No. 1159:

An act making an appropriation to the Allentown Hospital Allentown Lehigh County Pennsylvania

House No. 1160:

An act entitled an act making an appropriaiton to the St Luke's Hospital located at South Bethlehem Pennsylvania

House No. 1161:

An act making an appropriation to the Hospital Department of the Jewish Hospital Association of Philadelphia

House No. 1162:

An act making an appropriation to the Gynecean Hospital in the city of Philadelphia

Houpse No. 1163:

An act making an appropriation to the Home of Industry for Discharged Prisoners of the city of Philadelphia and State of Pennsylvania

House No. 1164:

An act making an appropriation to the Rosine Hospital of Philadelphia

House No. 1165:

An act making an appropriation to reimburse E C Rudolph of Big Run Pennsylvania for moneys expended by him in the suppression of a smallpox epidemic at Eleanora Jefferson County Pennsylvania

House No. 1167:

An act making an appropriation to the Waynesburg Hospital

House No. 1168:

An act making an appropriation to the Meadville City Hospital located at Meadville Crawford County Pennsylvania

House No. 1169:

An act making an appropriation to Spencer Hospital located at Meadville Crawford County Pennsylvania

House No. 1170:

An act making an appropriation to the Auxiliary of the Children's Aid Society of Western Pennsylvania located at Meadville Crawford County Pennsylvania

House No. 1171:

An act making an appropriation to the Titusville Hospital located at Titusville Crawford County

House No. 1172:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State hospital for the treatment and care of the criminal insane to be called the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane and making an appropriation therefor" approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five directing the commissioners for the erection of said State Hospital for the Criminal Insane to surrender their trust to a board of trustees to be appointed by the Governor authorizing the said board of trustees to continue the erection and completion of the buildings of said State Hospital for the Criminal Insane and authorizing said board of trustees to receive at any time such numbers of criminal insane patients as can be accommodated in the building before the completion of the entire institution and further defining the powers and duties of said board of trustees

House No. 1173:

An act making an appropriation to the Commission of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Fairview Wayne County

House No. 1174:

An act making an appropriation to the Corry Hospital of the city of Corry Pennsylvania

House No. 1175:

An act making an appropriation to the Elmwood Home of Erie Pennsylvania

House No. 1176:

An act making an appropriation for maintenance and for the purchase improvement equipment and furnishing building at the Renovo Hospital at Renovo Pennsylvania

House No. 1177:

An act making an appropriation to the Lock Haven Hospital

House No. 1178:

An act making an appropriation to the Greenville Hospital Greenville Mercer County Pennsylvania

House No. 1179:

An act making an appropriation to the Uniontown Hospital of Uniontown Fayette County Pennsylvania

House No. 1180:

An act making an appropriation to the Robert Packer Hospital

House No. 1181:

An act making an appropriation to the Providence Hospital of Beaver Falls Beaver County Pennsylvania

House No. 1182:

An act making an appropriation to the Shenango Valley Hospital of New Castle Pennsylvania

House No. 1183:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Timothy's Memorial Hospital and House of Mercy Roxborough

House No. 1184:

An act making an appropriation to the Garrettson Hospital of Temple University of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 1185:

An act making an appropriation to the American Oncologic Hospital at Philadelphia

House No. 1186:

An act making an appropriation to the American Hospital for Diseases of the Stomach of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 1187:

An act making an appropriation to the Frederick Douglass Memorial Hospital and Training School of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 1188:

An act making an appropriation to the Rush Hospital for Consumption and Allied Diseases of Philadelphia

House No. 1189:

An act making an appropriation to the Women's Medical ollege of Pennsylvania for use in the Hospital Department iladelphia

House No. 1190:

An act making an appropriation to the Industrial Home r Crippled Children at Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1191:

An act making an appropriation to the Pittsburg Hos- tal Sisters of Charity of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1192:

An act making an appropriation to the Home of the Good epherd Lincoln avenue Pittsburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1193:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged nd Infirm Colored Women Lemington avenue Pittsburg ennsylvania

House No. 1194:

An act making an appropriation for the Irene Kaufman ettlement of Pittsburg Pennsylvania formerly known as he Columbia School and Settlement of Pittsburg Pennsyl- ania

House No. 1195:

An act making an appropriation for the Sewickley Valley lospital Association of Sewickley County of Allegheny 'ennsylvania

House No. 1196:

An act making an appropriation to the De Paul Institute f Scott Township Allegheny County Pennsylvania

House No. 1197:

An act making an appropriation to the Northwestern 'ennsylvania Humane Society of Erie Pennsylvaina

House No. 1198:

An act making an appropriation to the Erie Home for the 'riendless of the city of Erie Erie County Pennsylvania

House No. 1199:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Critten- on Home of Erie

House No. 1200:

An act making an appropriation to the Hamot Hospital Association of the city of Erie Erie County Pennsylvania

House No. 1201:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Vincent's Hospital Association of the city of Erie Erie County Penn- sylvania

House No. 1202:

An act making an appropriation to the Clearfield Hospital Clearfield County Pennsylvania

House No. 1203:

An act making an appropriation to the Canonsburg Gen- eral Hospital Association at Canonsburg Washington County Pennsylvania

House No. 1204:

An act making an appropriation to the J C Blair Memorial Hospital of Huntingdon Pennsylvania

House No. 1205:

An act making an appropriation to the Simon H Barnes Me- morial Hospital of Susquehanna

House No. 1206:

An act making an appropriation to reimburse certain coun- ties for monies paid to county agricultural associations in ex- cess of the State appropriation therefor

House No. 1207:

An act making an appropriaation to the Maternity Hospital in the city of Philadelphia

House No. 1208:

An act making an appropriation to the Miners' Hospital of Northern Cambria at Spangler in Cambria county

House No. 1209:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Indus- trial Reformatory at Huntingdon

House No. 1210:

An act making an appropriation for the maintenance of Mary M Packer Hospital Sunbury Pennsylvania

House No. 1211:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for Aged Veterans and Wives located aat Sixty-fifth and Vine streets in the city of Philadelphia

House No. 1212:

An act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital and School for Nurses in the city of Philadelphia

House No. 1213:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Pennsylvania

House No. 1214:

An act making an appropriation to the Monongahela Me- morial Hospital Association of Monogahela City Pennsylvania

House No. 1215:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Reform School at Morganza Pennsylvania and granting its managers the authority to raze old buildings

House No. 1216:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Train- ing School for Feeble-Minded Children at Elwyn Delaware county

House No. 1217:

An act making an appropriation to the Washington Hospital Washington Pennsylvania

House No. 1218:

An act making an appropriation to the City Hospital Asso- ciation of Washington Pennsylvania

House No. 1219:

An act making an appropriation to the Altoona Hospital Blair county

House No. 1220:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons at Mercer Pennsylvania

House No. 1221:

An act making an appropriation to the Grove City Hospital at Grove City Pennsylvania

House No. 1222:

An act making an appropriation to the Christian H Buhl Hospital of Sharon of Sharon Pennsylvania

House No. 1223:

An act to amend section nine of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of sites and the erection of State Hos- pitals thereon for injured persons to be located within the bi- tuminous and semi-bituminous coal regions of this Common- wealth to be called the State Hospitals for Injured Persons Within the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions of Pennsylvania and for the management of the same and making appropriations therefor" approved the fourteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven so as to authorize under certain contingencies the reception care and treatment of patients other than injured persons in said hospitals

House No. 1224:

An act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital Al- toona Blair county Pennsylvania

House No. 1225:

An act making an appropriation to the Pottsville Hospital Schuylkill county Pennsylvania

House No. 1226:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Anthracite Coal Regions of Pennsylvania at Fountain Springs near Ashland Schuylkill county Pennsylvania

House No. 1227:

An act making an appropriation to the West Side Hospital Association of the city of Scranton

House No. 1228:

An act making an appropriation to the Home for the Friend- less of the city of Scranton

House No. 1229:

An act making an appropriation of twenty-one thousand dollars for the erection of a monument to Robert Morris in the city of Philadelphia and empowering the appointment of a commission to select a site and to build such monument and providing for the expenses of the said commission and dedi- cation of monument

House No. 1230:

An act making an appropriaition to the trustees of the State Hospital of the Northern Anthracite Coal Region of Pennsyl- vania Scranton Pennsylvania

House No. 1231:

An act making an appropriation to the Braddock General Hospital of the borough of Braddock Pennsylvania

House No. 1232:

An act making an appropriation to the Grand View Institu- tion of Oil City Pennsylvania

House No. 1233:

An act making an appropriation to the Franklin City Hospital

House No. 1234:

An act making an appropriaition to the Oil City Hospital of Oil City Pennsylvaina

House No. 1235:

An act making an appropriation to the State Normal schools of the Commonwealth

House No. 1236:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania at Polk Pennsylvania

House No. 1237:

An act making an appropriation to the DuBois Hospital of DuBois Clearfield County Pennsylvania

House No. 1238:

An act making an appropriation to the Kittanning General Hospital at Kittanning Armstrong County Pennsylvania

House No. 1253:

An act making an appropriation to the Institute for Colored Youth at Cheyney Delaware county

House No. 1255:

An act making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools situate in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth to defray the expenses of erecting an additional cottage and certain other buildings for the accommodation of the girls' department in their county home near Darlington Delaware county

House No. 1260:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to accept the grant of public lands by the United States for the endowment of agricultural colleges" approved April first one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three and making an appropriation for carrying the same into effect

House No. 1261:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the University of Pittsburg for the extension of the buildings of the School of Medicine and the School of Mines for the erection of a building for the School of Dentistry for the general maintenance of the University construction of buildings and the purchase of equipment and for Hospital Clinic Mining Engineering Education Medicine and Observatory purposes

House No. 1262:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the University of Pennsylvania

House No. 1263:

An act making an appropriation to Temple University of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 1264:

An act making an appropriation to finance committee of the organization commission of the Twelfth International Congress of Navigation to help defray the expenses incident to the meeting of said congress to be held in Philadelphia in June one thousand nine hundred and twelve

House No. 1266:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medicinal preparations in the State of Pennsylvania" approved May twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven

House No. 1275:

An act making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home located at one hundred and thirty-nine Queen street Germantown Philadelphia

House No. 1278:

An act making an appropriation to the Sisters of Charity of Saint Catherin's Orphan Asylum of Reading Pennsylvania

House No. 1282:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Agricultural Experiment Station of the Pennsylvania State College Pennsylvania

House No. 1284:

An act making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Working Home for Blind Men for maintenance in handicraft employment

House No. 1290:

An act making an appropriation to the German Hospital of the City of Philadelphia

House No. 1293:

An act making an appropriation for the improvement of the State Canal Basins at the Port of Erie by dredging the said for widening the piers and bridge over the water channel between the said canal basins and erecting certain walls in the same for the protection of said State canal basins with harbor or Erie authorizing the appointment of a commission to make said improvements and providing for regulating the manner which said basin shall be used by the public and kept in r pairs

House No. 1327:

An act making an appropriation to the Colored Day Nurse of Harrisburg Pennsylvania

House No. 1328:

An act making an appropriation to Carroll R Williams J Shoemaker and A Morton Cooper of Philadelphia for servic as attorneys for the Dairy and Food Commissioner and to K Cassel of said city for services as special agent of the Dai and Food Commissioner

House No. 1330:

An act making an appropriation to the Commission for t selection of a site and the erection of a State Hospital for t Treatment of the Insane under Homeopathic management be called the Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane

House No. 1333:

An act making an appropriation to the German Baptist Hon for the Aged of Philadelphia Pennsylvania

House No. 1364:

An act to authorize the purchase of historical works relati to the services of any regiment or battery or other unit military organization of Pennsylvania Volunteers during t war for the suppression of the rebellion when same has be approved by the Governor Adjutant General and Auditor Ge eral making an appropriation for purchase of same and pa ment of expenses incurred or services rendered in examinati and correction of said histories and providing for distributi of histories so purchased

Senate No. 2:

An act to amend an act approved April four one thousan eight hundred and thirty-one (Pamphlet Law four hundre and twenty-three) to provide for the erection of a hou for the employment and support of the poor in the coun of Schuylkill by creating a board of trustees of the insa for and in the county of Schuylkill and regulating same

Senate No. 3:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend an a entitled 'An Act designating the days and half days to observed as legal holidays and for the payment acceptan and protesting of bills notes drafts checks and other n gotiable papers on such days' approved the twenty-thi day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred an ninety-nine "further designating the days and half da to be as observed as legal holidays"

Senate No. 6:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act providing for t acquisition by the State of certain ground at Valley Forg for a public park and making an appropriation therefo approved the thirtieth day of May Anno Domini one thou sand eight hundred and ninety-three authorizing the Con missioners of Valley Forge Park to accept and administe trust funds and to enter into agreements respecting high ways railways railroads and other means of travel withi the said park to regulate the travel and traffic over t said roads and police the same

Senate No. 8:

An act repealing the act of May fifth Anno Domini or thousand eight hundred and sixty-four entitled "An A to increase the pay of jurors and witnesses in the count of Lancaster"

Senate No. 10:

An act to make uniform the laws of bills of lading an providing penalties for the violation thereof

Senate No. 12:

An act to make uniform the law to transfer of shares o stock in corporations

Senate No. 13:

An act to cede jurisdiction to the United States over th Hanover Public Road in the county of Adams leading t the scene of the cavalry fight

Senate No. 14:

To repeal an act approved the sixth day of April Ann Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven entitle "An Act fixing the compensation for the commissioners o the county of Bucks"

Senate No. 17:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for th incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" ap proved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thou sand eight hundred and seventy-four authorizing the inser tion of certain provisions in the charters of corporations fo the support of public worship and validating similar provi sions in charters already granted

Senate No. 20:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An A to provide for the removal of judges of the Supreme Su

erior Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts permanently disqualified by reason of physical or mental disability to perform their judicial functions or duties with half pay for their unexpired terms and the filling of vacancies caused by such removal" approved May eleventh one thousand nine hundred and one so as to allow them full pay during the balance of their terms of office and under certain conditions half pay during the remainder of their lives

Senate No. 23:

An act amending article two of an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as amended by the act approved the first day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by providing for the creation of an additional department to be known as the department of supplies supplementing said act so approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one by authorizing the creation of the department of supplies and defining the powers and duties of said department and amending section one of article fifteen of said act so approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as amended by the act approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one by providing that when a contract exceeds five hundred dollars notice to bidders shall be by advertisement instead of notice by advertisement being when the contract exceeds two hundred and fifty dollars and further providing that bids shall be opened by the Mayor and head of the proper department or either of them

Senate No. 24:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one providing for the levy collection and disbursement of taxes and water rents or rates and conferring certain powers and duties in reference thereto upon the city treasurer the board of water assessors and the collector of deliquent taxes

Senate No. 25:

An act amending sections three eight and fourteen of "An Act to provide for licensing and regulating employment agencies in cities of the first and second class in this Commonwealth and providing penalties for the violation thereof" approved the twenty-fifth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven

Senate No. 26:

An act amending paragraphs one and two of section three of articles nineteen of an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one as amended respectively by sections thirteen and fourteen of an act approved the twentieth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred one defining the subjects of taxation and providing for certain exemptions

Senate No. 27:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act creating a Bureau of Health in the Department of Public Safety in cities of the second class defining the powers and duties thereof and the officers thereunder prescribing rules regulations and laws respecting the public health and authorizing and imposing fines penalties and punishments for violations thereof" approved June twenty-six one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five and to a supplement thereto approved March twenty-five Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three providing for the vacation of destruction of buildings dangerous to the public health authorizing and imposing fines penalties punishments and remedies for violations of this act and providing method of appeal

Senate No. 30:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania so as to consolidate the Courts of Common Pleas of Allegheny County

Senate No. 31:

An act to enlarge the powers of constables in the service of summons issued by aldermen and justices of the peace

Senate No. 32:

An act to validate acts done and conveyances made by or to corporations after letters patent are issued and before the recording of their charters

Senate No. 34:

An act to regulate the amusement and places of public amusement in this Commonwealth by prohibiting any dramatic theatrical operatic or vaudeville exhibition or the exhibition of any fixed or moving pictures of a lascivious sacriligious obscene indecent or immoral nature or character and providing penalties for the violation thereof

Senate No. 36:

An act to refund to Elizabeth Steel Magee Hospital the collateral inheritance tax paid out of its funds by the estate of Christopher L Magee deceased

Senate No. 46:

An act providing for the protection of the public health and the prevention of fraud and deception by prohibiting the sale the offering for sale or exposing for sale or the having in possession with intent to sell of adulterated or deleterious sausage defining sausage and prescribing the penalty for the violation thereof

Senate No. 47:

An act to repeal section thirteen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the erection of a house for the employment and support of the poor in the county of Dauphin" passed the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred and six which section fixes the salaries of directors of the poor in said county

Senate No. 48:

An act repealing section two of an act entitled "An Act relating to the fees of the sheriff and the salaries of the directors of the poor of Dauphin county" approved the twenty-first day of February one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three which section fixes the salaries of the directors of the poor in said county

Senate No. 49:

An act to repeal an act entitled "A further supplement to an act to provide for the erection of a house for the employment and support of the poor in the county of Dauphin" passed the twenty-eighth day of March one thousand eight hundred and six approved the fifteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven which act fixes the salaries of the directors of the poor in said county

Senate No. 50:

An act to repeal section twenty-three of an act entitled "An Act supplementary to the resolution relative to the claim of Brown and Sawyers passed the thirty-first day of March one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six and for other purposes" approved the sixteenth day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight which section fixes the rate of mileage for county commissioners and directors of the poor in Dauphin county

Senate No. 51:

An act to repeal section three of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the compensation of certain county officers in the county of Dauphin" approved the third day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three which section fixes the salaries of the directors of the poor in said county

Senate No. 52:

An act amending the first section of an act approved the twenty-eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "A supplement to an act extending the jurisdiction of the courts of this Commonwealth in cases of divorce passed the twenty-sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred and fifty" by requiring the courts of common pleas to entertain jurisdiction in all cases of divorce and to enter a decree in certain cases

Senate No. 53:

An act authorizing counties to purchase or condemn public toll bridges crossing rivers rivulets streams or ravines within the limits of such county where the same connects different municipal divisions of such county when duly authorized thereto by the court of quarter sessions on petition of at least twenty taxpayers of such county and giving power to the counties to charge and collect tolls or rentals for the use of any such bridge from railway telephone and telegraph companies and other persons making a use thereof for other than ordinary foot and vehicle travel and providing for the preservation of existing contracts with such persons and their assignment to such county

Senate No. 54:

An act to amend an act approved May eighth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six entitled "An Act to establish a State Board of Agriculture" by adding one representative of the State Poultry Association and one representative of the State Bee-Keepers' Association to the State Board of Agriculture

Senate No. 55:

An act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to Walter C Morris of Allegheny the amount paid by him for his commission as Notary Public and making an appropriation therefor

Senate No. 56:

An act making an appropriation to the Saint Patrick's Orphan Asylum of Scranton Lackawanna county

Senate No. 58:

An act making an appropriation to the Bethesda Home

Senate No. 61:

An act making an appropriation to the North Pennsylvania General Hospital and Sanitarium located at Austin Pennsylvania

Senate No. 68:

An act making an appropriation to cover a deficiency in the item in the General Appropriation Act of the fifteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws nine hundred and six) making an appropriation to pay the tuition of students in State Normal Schools

Senate No. 69:

An act making an appropriation to the Westmoreland Hospital Association of Greensburg Pennsylvania

Senate No. 71:

An act making an appropriation to the Commissioners of Valley Forge Park

Senate No. 74:

An act making an appropriation to the Coatesville Hospital Coatsville Chester County Pennsylvania

Senate No. 75:

An act making an appropriation of ten thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary for the purpose of marking on the ground the site of the battle of Brandywine

Senate No. 76:

An act making an appropriation to the Benevolent Association's Home for Children of Pottsville Schuylkill County

Senate No. 77:

An act making an appropriation to the Home of Industry for Discharged Prisoners of the city of Philadelphia and State of Pennsylvania

Senate No. 78:

An act making an appropriation to the House of Good Shepherd Scranton Lackawanna County

Senate No. 79:

An act making an appropriation to the Chester County Hospital West Chester Chester County Pennsylvania

Senate No. 81:

An act making an appropriation to the Phoenixville Hospital at Phoenixville Pennsylvania

Senate No. 82:

An act making an appropriation for the refunding of collateral inheritance taxes erroneously paid from the estate of Mary S Lundy under the provisions of the acts of June twelfth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight and March twenty-fifth one thousand nine hundred and one

Senate No. 84:

An act making an appropriation to the Commonwealth Humane Society

Senate No. 89:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Jewish Sanitarium for Consumptives located at Eaglesville Montgomery County

Senate No. 90:

An act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to George T Ghriest of Allegheny the amount paid by him for his commission as notary public and making an appropriation therefor

Senate No. 91:

An act making an appropriation to refund to William G Walter money paid for notary public commission

Senate No. 92:

An act making an appropriation to refund to Alice A Trill money paid for notary public commission

Senate No. 93:

An act repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of an act approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged by justices of the peace aldermen and magistrates in this Commonwealth"

Senate No. 96:

An act increasing the number of Courts of Common Pleas in the county of Allegheny establishing therein a distinct and separate Court of Common Pleas and providing for the election and appointment of judges for said court

Senate No. 97:

An act relating to suits against corporations upon bonds in which they have become surety and the service of process in connection therewith

Senate No. 99:

An act to amend section seven of an act entitled "An Act relating to motor-vehicles regulating their speed upon the public streets and highways of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania providing for their registration and the licensing of operators by the State Highway Department establishing the rights of motor-vehicles upon the public highways with relation to other vehicles regulating the service of process and of proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom prescribing the penalties for violations of the provisions of this act and providing for the disposition of fines imposed thereunder" by striking out from section seven of said act the word hire wherever it may occur in said section

Senate No. 100:

An act providing for the appointment by the district attorney in counties having a population of over one million and less than one million five hundred thousand inhabitants of a chief county detective an assistant county detective and special county detective defining their duties fixing their salaries and authorizing the payment of the same together with necessary traveling expenses by the county

Senate No. 102:

An act regulating the compensation of court criers and tipstaves in counties containing more than ninety thousand and less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants providing for the payment of the same by the particular county and repealing an Act of Assembly entitled "An Act to regulate the fees of court criers and tipstaves of the courts in judicial districts containing more than ninety thousand and less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine"

Senate No. 103:

An act providing for the establishment of a State Highway Department by the appointment of a State Highway Commissioner two Deputy State Highway Commissioners chief engineer chief draughtsman superintendents of highways and a staff of assistants and employes defining their duties and the jurisdiction of the State Highway Department and fixing salaries of Commissioner and Deputies and other appointees providing for taking over from the counties or townships of the Commonwealth certain existing public roads connecting county seats principal cities and towns and extending to the State line describing and defining same by route numbers as the State highways of the Commonwealth providing for the improvement maintenance and repair of said State highways solely at the expense of the Commonwealth and relieving the several townships or counties from any further obligation and expenses to improve or maintain the same and relieving said townships or counties of authority over same requiring boroughs and incorporated towns to maintain certain State highways wholly and in part requiring the State Highway Commissioner to make maps to be complete records thereof conferring authority on the State Highway Commissioner providing for the payment of damages in taking of property or otherwise in the improvement thereof providing for purchase or acquiring of turnpikes or toll roads forming all or part of any State highway and procedure therein providing for work of improvement of State highways to be done by contract except where the State Highway Commissioner decides the work be done by the State providing aid by the State to counties and townships desiring the same in the improvement of township or county roads defining highways and State aid highways providing method of application for State aid in the improvement maintenance and repair of township or county roads and prescribing the contents of township county borough or incorporated town petitions providing for percentage of cost of improvement or repairs to be paid by State county township borough or incorporated town and requiring contracts by counties townships boroughs and incorporated towns with Commonwealth governing same providing for the minimum width of State highways and State aid highways and kind of materials to be used in the improvement providing for the payment of costs of improvement and repairs providing penalties for injuring or destroying State highways making appropriations to carry out the provisions of the act and providing for the repeal of certain acts relating to Highway Department and improvement of roads and of all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith and providing that existing contracts are not affected by provisions of this act

Senate No. 108:

An act requiring registration of titles to lands acquired by will or descent regulating the same and providing for the punishment of false registrations

Senate No. 109:

An act providing for the organization discipline maintenance and regulation of the organized militia of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania otherwise styled the National Guard of Pennsylvania authorizing the Governor to alter divide annex consolidate disband organize or reorganize any organization department or corps providing for admission of new organizations providing that certain privileges and exemptions from duty as jurors be enjoyed by members thereof or persons who have served therein also exemption from further military service of persons who have served therein except in case of war invasion or insurrection exempting members of the National Guard from service upon any posse comitatus authorizing general field and commission department or staff officers to administer oaths or affirmations in matters concerning National Guard service and authorizing commanding officers to administer oaths or affirmations in matters concerning National Guard service and authorizing commanding officers to administer oaths or affirmations in enlistments of recruits providing that persons who falsely swear or affirm to any oath or affirmation shall be deemed guilty of perjury and prescribing punishment therefor providing for annual allowances to be paid to organizations of the National Guard fixing rate per day for hire of horses fixing the per diem pay for officers and enlisted men of the National Guard providing for retirement of commissioned officers providing for a military board and fixing salaries of members thereof providing for holding of annual encampment and fixing maximum period of same fixing terms of commission of commissioned officers providing that no officer shall remain in command of the division for a longer period than five years providing that officers may be held supernumary fixing amount of bonds to be filed by certain officers providing for discharge of commissioned officers by the Commander-in-Chief and discharge of enlisted men by commanding officers authorizing the Adjutant General by permission of the Governor to sell or exchange military stores and directing payment into State Treasury of money received from sales so made prescribing the

inties of the Adjutant General authorizing commanding officers of troops under arms to arrest trespassers on parade or camp ground and to prohibit and prevent sale of spirituous liquors except by licensed houses within a radius of two miles of said parade or camp ground and providing that hucksters auction sales or gambling may be abated as a nuisance authorizing the Commander-in-Chief to fix an annual commutation for rifle practice providing that civil process shall not be issued or enforced against any person mustered into the service of this Commonwealth or of the United States during so much of the term as he shall be engaged in active service under orders nor until thirty days after he shall be relieved thereof providing that no officer or soldier shall be arrested upon any warrant except for treason or felony while in the performance of military duty providing for the appointment of courts of inquiry and courts-martial and the method of procedure of said courts of inquiry and courts-martial and fixing sentences that may be imposed or penalties inflicted or both providing for the punishment of certain offenses hereby declared to be felonies or misdemeanors

Senate No. 110:

An act regulating the number of employes in the Adjutant General's Department and in the State Arsenal fixing the annual salaries to be paid to each authorizing the Adjutant General to make the appointment of employes in the Adjutant General's Department and the State Arsenal and giving authority to make such assignments to duty and to change or alter such assignments as may in his judgment be necessary to subserve the interests of the Commonwealth fixing the salary of the Adjutant General and providing for payment of such salaries as now provided by law

Senate No. 116:

An act making an appropriation to the Northwestern Anti-Tuberculosis League of Bradford McKean county Pennsylvania

Senate No. 117:

An act appropriating the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars to the city of Philadelphia toward the erection of buildings for the care and maintenance of Feeble-Minded and idiotic persons in said city to be known as the Philadelphia Institution for the Feeble-Minded

Senate No. 118:

An act making an appropriation to the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia

Senate No. 120:

An act making an appropriation to reimburse Robert E Wible for money erroneously paid into the State Treasury and authorizing the State Treasurer to make such payment upon proper warrant of the Auditor General

Senate No. 122:

An act making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Westmoreland county at Greensburg Pennsylvania

Senate No. 124:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic at Spring City Pennsylvania

Senate No. 127:

An act establishing in each county a board of viewers prescribing their duties providing for their appointment as viewers road juries juries of view and commissioners to view land and providing for the charges upon the respective counties in the matter of salaries costs and expenses thereof

Senate No. 128:

An act providing that estates passing from an adopting parent to a legally adopted child or children shall not be subject to the collateral inheritance tax

Senate No 130:

An act to amend part of the first section of an act approved the eleventh day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one entitled "An Act to regulate and establish the fees to be charged by sheriffs in this Commonwealth and to provide for the taxation and collection of the same" by requiring sheriffs' fees for commission and for discharging prisoners to be paid by the county

Senate No. 133:

An act regulating the issuance of licenses to marry prohibiting the issuance of such licenses to certain persons regulating the time during which licenses shall be valid and the time when returns shall be made of marriages solemnized to the clerk of the Orphans' Court prescribing the duties of the clerk of the Orphans' Court and providing penalties for the violations of the provisions of this act

Senate No. 134:

An act validating affidavits acknowledgments and other notarial acts heretofore performed by notaries public of this Commonwealth within three months after the expiration of the time for which they have been commissioned to act

Senate No. 139:

An act to amend sections nine and ten of an act entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of osteopathy in the State of Pennsylvania to provide for the establishment of a State Board of Osteopathic Examiners to define the powers and duties of said Board of Osteopathic Examiners to provide for the examining and licensing of osteopaths in this State and to provide penalties for the violation of this act" approved the nineteenth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by providing a final date for the registration of certain practitioners of osteopathy by defining what constitutes a reputable school or college of osteopathy within the meaning of this act and by vesting in the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners authority to determine the reputability of osteopathic schools or colleges and the right to determine reciprocal relations between States

Senate No. 141:

An act providing for the original location laying out and construction of public roads or highways in the several counties of this Commonwealth and for the permanent improvement of certain public roads or highways therein making such originally constructed or improved roads and highways county roads authorizing the relocating opening straightening widening extension and alteration of the same and the vacation of so much of any road as may thereby become unnecessary providing that the county commissioners of any county may prescribe rules regulating the use of roads constructed or maintained by the various counties and prescribing penalties for the violation thereof providing for the taking of property for such improvement the compensation to be paid therefor and the payment of damages resulting from such taking and the manner in which such damages may be determined providing for the payment of the costs and expenses of such construction or improvement and in thereafter repairing and maintaining said roads authorizing the levy of a tax or the issuing of bonds to provide a fund for the expense thereof prescribing a method for improving a county road lying within or traversing a borough and apportioning the cost of such improvement and authorizing the vacation of any county road

Senate No. 145:

An act to amend the first section of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the licensing of buildings and other places in which theatrical operatic or circus performances are held and menageries or museums are exhibited and fixing the price to be paid for said licenses and providing for the licensing of circuses and menageries exhibiting in tents and enclosures of like character" approved the twenty-fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five as amended by an act approved the twenty-third of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven providing that in cities of the second class the owner or owners or lessee or lessees of a building the seating capacity of which does not exceed one thousand persons nor is less than four hundred persons shall pay an annual license of seventy-five dollars and where the seating capacity is less than four hundred persons shall pay thirty dollars

Senate No. 146:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the subgrading paving curbing and macadamizing of streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof assess the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon providing four-fifths of said owners petition councils for same and providing for the collection of the cost of same approved twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and thirty-two) providing that if the petition for said improvement has been verified by the affidavit of one or more of the petitioners notice may be given of the passage of the ordinance requiring said improvement and allowing an appeal therefrom by any person interested to any Court of Common Pleas of the county and if such appeal is dismissed or no such appeal is taken then all parties interested shall be estopped from denying that said petition was signed by the requisite number of owners representing the requisite number of feet fronting on the street to be improved

Senate No. 147:

An act creating a sinking fund commission in any county now or hereafter containing not less than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants prescribing its powers and duties and repealing acts inconsistent herewith

Senate No. 149:

An act repealing section seventy-four of an act entitled "An Act relative to the organization of the courts of justice" approved April fourteen Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four

Senate No. 153:

An act amending act twenty-fourth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven (Pamphlet Law page thirty-seven) by striking out the following "Provided That the provisions of this act shall not apply to counties of less than three hundred thousand inhabitants"

Senate No. 154:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to article nine section four of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania authorizing the State to issue bonds to the amount of fifty millions of dollars for the improvement of the highways of the Commonwealth

Senate No. 155:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to increase the pay of jurors and witnesses in this Commonwealth" so as to make one general per diem rate for jurors and witnesses in all the counties in the State

Senate No. 159:

An act to provide within the following boundaries namely On the west by the present eastern line of Capitol Park on the north by the southern line of North street on the east by the western line of the right of way of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and on the south by the northern line of Walnut street for the extension of Capitol Park in the city of Harrisburg and for the acquiring taking and condemnation of the real estate in connection therewith and within said boundaries and for the demolition of the buildings and structures thereon and making an appropriation therefor and also for the expenses and cost in connection therewith

Senate No. 160:

An act to amend the fifth and twenty-second sections of an act entitled "An Act relating to insolvency embracing among other matters voluntary assignments for the benefit of creditors and adverse proceedings in insolvency by creditors forbidding also certain preferences providing for the distribution of the insolvent's estate and in certain contingencies relieving him and others liable with him from further liability for his or their debts" approved the fourth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one by providing for publication and notice in a weekly and in a daily newspaper

Senate No. 162:

An act authorizing the proper authorities of adjoining boroughs to fix and determine the dividing line between said boroughs where the location of the same is uncertain and to change the dividing line between adjoining boroughs and providing the manner of procedure in such cases

Senate No. 164:

An act to provide for the appointment of five directors of the Middle Coal Field Poor District by the court of quarter sessions of Carbon county the continuance in office of the directors now serving for the filling of vacancies placing the affairs of the district under the supervision and control of the court of quarter sessions of Carbon county and making it lawful to erect new or additional buildings for said district after the approval of the court of quarter sessions of Carbon county

Senate No. 166:

An act empowering boroughs of this Commonwealth without petition of the property owners to grade pave curb macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof and assess a portion of the cost of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same

Senate No. 167:

An act relating to treasurer's sales of land for taxes making the prothonotary's certificate of acknowledgment endorsed on the deed or the record thereof when such deed has been recorded prima facie evidence of such acknowledgment

Senate No. 169:

An act authorizing the ascertainment levy assessment and collection of the costs damages and expenses in grading paving and curbing and laying sidewalks upon any street lane or alley or part thereof in townships of the first class completed now or in the process of completion where said improvements have been petitioned for by a majority of owners of real estate in interest and number abutting upon the line of such improvement

Senate No. 173:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the councils of incorporated boroughs to require the paving curbing and macadamizing of streets or thoroughfares or parts thereof and assess a portion of the costs of the same on the owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of the same" approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine so as to change the requirements of the petition for paving from two-thirds of the owners of property representing not less than two-thirds in number of feet of the properties fronting or abutting on the street or thoroughfare or the part thereof proposed to be paved to the owners of property representing not less than two-thirds in number of feet of the properties fronting or abutting on the street or thoroughfare or the part thereof proposed to be paved and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

Senate No. 175:

An act making it a felony to open any tomb vault or grave and remove clandestinely and body or remains therefrom and fixing the penalty for violation thereof

Senate No. 181:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to regulate the publication binding and distribution of the public documents of this Commonwealth" approved the second day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine

Senate No. 183:

An act making an appropriation to John J Devitt for mileage due him as a member of the Mine Inspector's Examining Board for the counties of Schuylkill Northumberland Columbia and Dauphin

Senate No. 185:

An act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to Richard J Baxter the amount paid by him for his commission as a Notary Public

Senate No. 190:

An act making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Polyclinic and College for Graduates in Medicines

Senate No. 192:

An act making an appropriation for the Pittsburg Sunshine Children's Home located at Pittsburg Pennsylvania

Senate No. 208:

An act to ascertain and appoint the fees to be received by the several prothonotaries of the courts of common pleas of this Commonwealth in counties having a population of over two hundred thousand and under one million and to provide the time of paying the same

Senate No. 211:

An act providing for the cancellation of certain liens bonds and mortgages now held by the Department of Internal Affairs for unpaid purchase money and interest on lands for which patents have been issued and which remain unsatisfied on the lien docket and other records of that department and providing for the forwarding by the Secretary of Internal Affairs of certified statements of the cancellation to the respective counties affected that such statements may be recorded in the counties where the land lies and that the record thereof or certified copies thereof shall be evidence where the said certified statement would be evidence

Senate No. 213:

An act abolishing the offices of Assistant and Assistant Superintendent of the Bureau of Railways in the Department of Internal Affairs creating the offices of Chief and Assistant Chief of the Bureau of Railways in said Department of Internal Affairs prescribing their duties and fixing their salaries and repealing all laws and parts of laws inconsistent herewith

Senate No. 216:

An act to amend the forty-seventh section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six entitled "An Act relating to roads highways and bridges" providing that the cost of construction maintenance and repair of county bridges which cross rivers or streams forming the boundary line between two counties or running between counties shall be paid for by said counties in proportion to the population of the respective counties provided this shall apply to counties having a population of two hundred thousand and under and in such counties three hundred feet (300) in length and over

Senate No. 222:

An act authorizing road supervisors in townships of the second class to aid in the construction of sidewalks along public highways through towns and villages in said townships

Senate No. 223:

An act authorizing companies or corporations having toll bridges across any rivers or streams in this Commonwealth whose travel has been diverted or taken away to close the same to public travel Provided that this act shall not apply to bridges in counties having a population of over one hundred and fifty thousand

Senate No. 225:

An act to amend the second section of an act approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven entitled "An Act to authorize cities and boroughs to condemn property and rights inside and outside of their limits for the purpose of obtaining and supplying water" by fixing the number of the viewers at three

Senate No. 226:

An act amending the first section of an act approved the twenty-fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight entitled "An Act to provide for appointing viewers to assess damages where streets and alleys are changed in grades or location in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth" by fixing the number of the viewers at three

Senate No. 227:

An act to amend an act approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act providing a mode by which the title to all estates and interests in lands in the State of Pennsylvania may be vested in the United States when no agreement can be made with the owners of the same for the purchase thereof" by fixing the number of viewers at three

Senate No. 228:

An act amending the first section of an act approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six entitled "An Act to authorize the acquisition by the several counties of this Commonwealth for the use of the county of bridges erected over rivers creeks and rivulets and for the abolition of tolls thereon" by fixing the number of the viewers at three

Senate No. 229:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act to provide for the vacation and closing of alleys lanes or passageways that are o

may hereafter become public nuisances and to compensate abutting property owners or others who may be damaged thereby and assess benefits if any there be" by fixing the number of the viewers at three

Senate No. 230:

An act to amend the fifteenth section of an act approved the eighth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "A supplemnt to an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the better government of cities of the first class in this Commonwealth' approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five creating a department of wharves docks and ferries for the improvement regulation and supervsion of the construction extension alteration maintenance and use of wharves piers bulkheads docks slips basins ferries harbors and harbor structures in cities of the first class and providing for the making and enforcements of rules and regulations and fixing certain penalties for violation thereof and providing for the acquisition of property by said cities by purchase and by condemnation for certain purposes" by fixing the number of the jury at three

Senate No. 231:

An act amending the first section of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six entitled "An Act relating to roads highways and bridges" by fixing the number of the viewers at three

Senate No. 232:

An act to amend section four of an act approved the fourth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to empower railroad companies to change the location and grade or either of bridges and their approaches belonging to bridge corporations to accommodate the location and construction of their railroad or the changing relocating widening straightening or improvement thereof" by fixing the number of the viewers at three

Senate No. 233:

An act amending the first section of an act approved the first day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three entitled "An Act empowering and directing the county commissioners of any county to purchase ground at the county seat for the erection thereon of such building or buildings as may be necessary for the accommodation of the courts and of the several officers of the county and for the reception and safe keeping of the records and other papers in charge of such officers and also such other building or buildings as may be necessary and proper for the purpose of a county jail or workhouse when occasion shall require the erection of such building or buildings and in case the said ground cannot be obtained by agreement with the owner or owners at a reasonable price in the estimation of said commissioners then to resort to condemnation" by fixing the number of the viewers at three

Senate No. 234:

An act to amend section forty-one of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" by fixing the number of viewers at three

Senate No. 235:

An act amending the first section of an act approved the twenty-second day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six entitled "A supplement to the act regulating boroughs" approved April third one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one by fixing the number of the viewers at three

Senate No. 236:

An act to amend an act approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act dividing the cities of this State into three classes regulating the passage of ordinances providing for contracts for supplies and work for said cities authorizing the increase of indebtedness and the creation of a sinking fund to redeem the same defining and punishing certain offenses in all of said cities and providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class" by fixing the number of the viewers at three

Senate No. 237:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the seventeenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five entitled "An Act to provide for the vacation and closing of alleys lanes or passageways that are or may hereafter become public nuisances and to compensate abutting property owners or others who may be damaged thereby and assess benefits if any there be" by fixing the number of the viewers at three

Senate No. 238:

An act amending the second third fourth and seventh section of an act approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to create a Legislative Reference Bureau in the Pennsylvania State Library authorizing the appointment of a reference director and subordinate officers defining their duties and fixing their compensation" by providing for additional permanent and emergency employes in the bureau and fixing their salaries increasing the salaries of the director and assistant director and increasing the powers and duties of the director

Senate No. 239:

An act to provide in cities of the first class for delivery tickets in the sale of anthracite coal and to authorize the designation of weighing scales and for the proper inspection thereof for weighing coal delivered to purchasers who receive the same by cart wagon or other conveyance and to compel the seller thereof to allow said coal to be weighed to provide for certificates of weight and the effect thereof as evidence to the weight of coal passing such scales and to punish for refusal of seller to allow coal weighed and to punish fraudulent weighing at such scales and to provide for the keeping of docket records thereof by magistrates or justices of the peace

Senate No. 244:

An act creating the office of first assistant city solicitor in cities of the first class and prescribing his powers and duties

Senate No. 247:

An act fixing the number and salaries of clerks and other employes in Department of Auditor General and defining the duties of certain employes

Senate No. 248:

An act making an appropriation to the fiftieth anniversary of the Battle of Gettysburg to further carry out the provisions of the act of Assembly approved May thirteenth Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine creating said commission and defining the duty thereof

Senate No. 249:

An act making an appropriation to the Frankford Hospital located in Frankford Philadelphia

Senate No. 251:

An act to authorize the completion of a dike or dikes for the protection of property adjacent to the Delaware River in Falls township Bucks county and the payment of all monies still due for work heretofore done on the said dike or dikes and making an appropriation therefor

Senate No. 255:

An act providing for a commission to examine and report on the propriety of the purchase by the Commonwealth of a certain tract of land in Jefferson Clarion and Forest counties and making an appropriation therefor

Senate No. 256:

An act making an appropriation for the improvement of the maritime port facilities of the State of Pennsylvania

Senate No. 257:

An act making an appropriation to the Coleman Home for Colored Boys located in the city of Pittsburg Allegheny county Pennsylvania

Senate No. 261:

An act relating to the right to practice medicine and surgery in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and providing a Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure as a bureau of the Department of Public Instruction and means and methods wherby the right to practice medicine and surgery and any of its collateral and minor branches may be obtained and exemptions therefrom and providing for an appropriation to carry out the provisions of said act and providing for revocation or suspension licenses given by said bureau and providing penalties for violations thereof

Senate No. 263:

A joint resolution providing for the issuing of an invitation to neighboring states to a conference with respect to the taxing of oil gas and bituminous coal

Senate No. 266:

An act in relation to the printing of appropriation bills in the pamphlet laws

Senate No. 267:

An act making appropriations to institutions not wholly managed by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania liens on the premises of such institutions for the use of the Commonwealth and providing for the collection thereof

Senate No. 268:

An act providing for the report to the Auditor General by the prothonotaries of the courts of common pleas of corporations incorporated by such courts

Senate No. 273:

An act to amend sections one four five and seven of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site for the erection of a State hospital for the treatment of the insane under homeopathic management to be called the Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane and making an appropriation therefor" approved the eighteenth day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one by vesting the appointment of the entire commission in the Governor and by requiring the approval of the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings to plans and specifications and to expenditures incurred by the commission and by authorizing the commission to turn over to a board of trustees buildings when completed

Senate No. 277:

An act validating certain elections of counties cities boroughs townships school districts and other incorporated districts held pursuant to the provisions of an act approved the twentieth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities to provide for the redemption of the same and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof" and the amendments thereto and invalidating bonds issued or authorized to be issued in pursuance of such elections

Senate No. 280:

An act to create a Bureau of Professional Education as a sub-department of the Department of Public Instruction to define the powers and duties of the said Bureau and to make an appropriation therefor

Senate No. 281:

An act to amend the fifth section of an act approved the fourteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act for the creation and government of a division of the State Library for the preservation of public records" by permitting the various State departments to deposit with the Division all papers not needed and authorizing county officers to turn over records to the Division and providing for their repair

Senate No. 283:

An act to repeal the act approved March twenty-fourth one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to amend the amendment approved the twenty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five to section two of an act entitled 'An Act to authorize cities of the first class to levy and fix a tax rate to fix the time of openng and closing tax duplicates to regulate the appropriations and expenditures of said cities and prescribing penalties for the violations of the said cities and prescribing penalties for the violations of the provisions of this act' approved the eleventh day of June Anno Domni one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine changing the date for opening and closing tax duplicates and placing the same in the hands of the collectors of delinquent taxes"

Senate No. 284:

An act to amend section sixteen of an act approved the eleventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two entitled "A further supplement to the act entitled 'An act for the regulation and continuance of a system of education by common schools' approved the eighth day of May one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four" by providing for and regulating the establishment and maintenance of industrial schools

Senate No. 287:

An act supplementing an act approved the fifteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and three entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State institution for the feeble-minded and epileptic to be called the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic and making an appropriation therefor" by abolishing the commission therein established providing for the completion of said institution regulating the powers of the Board of Trustees and repealing the tenth and seventeenth sections thereof

Senate No. 292:

An act authorizing the purchase of William Penn's own copy of the map which fixed the boundaries of the State of Pennsylvania in one thousand six hundred and eighty-five and making an appropriation therefor

Senate No. 293:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act relating to damages for injuries producing death" approved the twenty-sixth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five by providing that the domicile residence citizenship or nationality shall be no bar as to the right to recover and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

Senate No. 295:

An act to fix the number and salaries of officers clerks and employes in the State Treasury

Senate No. 296:

An act providing for the merger and consolidation of street railway and motor power companies

Senate No. 297:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act relating to the settlement of public accounts" approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine by providing that the powers imposed shall be exercised by the concurrent action as a board of all the officers named and that said officers shall act in person and not by deputy

Senate No. 298:

An act authorizing and empowering cities and boroughs in their corporate capacity to enact ordinances prescribing such reasonable regulations for the mining of coal beneath said cities and boroughs as may tend to prevent the settling or caving in of the surface

Senate No. 299:

An act providing for the election of councilmen in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth and fixing the time and manner of the organization of the town councils therein

Senate No. 303:

An act in relation to the appointment and salaries of the clerks of the Court or Courts of Common Pleas in counties containing a population of not less than seven hundred and fifty thousand nor more than one million two hundred thousand

Senate No. 305:

An act for the assignment of judges to districts other than their own for the purpose of expediting business with provision for their compensation

Senate No. 306:

An act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof

Senate No. 309:

An act to validate certain charters issued by the Governor of the Commonwealth to electric light companies for districts comprising two or more municipalities or townships under the thirty-fourth section of the act approved April twenty-ninth one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" and its supplements

Senate No. 314:

An act to amend the fifth section of an act approved the nineteenth day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four entitled "An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of Orphans' Courts and to establish a separate Orphans' Court in and for counties having more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof" as amended by an act approved the sixth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An Act to further amend the fifth section of an act entitled 'An Act relating to the organization and jurisdiction of the Orphans' Court and establishing a separate Orphans' Court in and for counties having more than one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants and to provide for the election of judges thereof approved May nineteenth Anno Domini eighteen hundred and seventy-four as amended by an act approved the twenty-ninth day of April Anno Domini eighteen hundred and ninety-seven fixing and determining the salaries of the assistant clerks of said court" by vesting the appointment of the first assistant clerk of said courts in the respective judges thereof and providing that this amendment shall not apply to counties having a population over five hundred thousand

Senate No. 315:

An act fixing the compensation of the deputy factory inspectors

Senate No. 316:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the better government of cities of the first class in this Commonwealth" approved the first day of June one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five authorizing and establishing a Board of Recreation for the creation organization care management conduct and supervision of recreation facilities of cities of the first class except as herein provided

Senate No. 318:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one creating and regulating a City Planning Department giving it jurisdiction extending it over the city and for three miles beyond the city limits and regulating the laying out of plans of lots within the limits of the city

Senate No. 319:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one creating and regulating a Forestry Department

Senate No. 320:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act for the government of cities of the second class" approved the seventh day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one creating and regulating an Art Commission and extending the police power in relation to things placed in streets or public places by public service corporations

Senate No. 323:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble Minded and Epileptic at Spring City Pennsylvania

Senate No. 334:

An act establishing the office of State Fire Marshal defining his powers and duties providing for his compensation and the maintenance of his office giving courts the power to punish witnesses for contempt of his authority and to review his orders and making it the duty of officers of public instruction and persons in charge of public or private schools to instruct children as to the dangers of fire and the prevention of fire waste

Senate No. 335:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to establish an Insurance Department" approved the fourth day of April one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three providing that all persons associations or corporations engaged in the business of fire insurance within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall report the total amount of risks covered by them in such Commonwealth and that rate making associations shall furnish data to the State Fire Marshal

Senate No. 347:

An act relating to sheriff's sales of land under writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas making the prothonotary's certificate of acknowledgment endorsed on the deed prima facie evidence of such acknwledgment

Senate No. 354:

A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania

Senate No. 355:

An act to enable certain counties to borrow appropriate and expend money for the cleansing improvement regulation or control of streams and rivers and the prevention and control of floods and for such purposes to enter into contracts with other counties and other public authorities of this or other States or of the United States

Senate No. 362:

An act relating to receivers' sales

Senate No. 373:

An act making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Treverton Shamokin and Mount Carmel coal fields situate in the township of Coal near Shamokin Northumberland county Pennsylvania

Senate No. 377:

An act making an appropriation to aid in the erection of a memorial in commemoration of the victory of Commodore Oliver Hazard Perry at the Battle of Lake Erie and the centennial celebration of that event and the northwestern campaign of General Williaam Henry Harrison in the War of One Thousand Eight Hundred and Twelve and to defray the expenses of the commission appointed by the Governor of Pennsylvania incurred in connection with said celebration and the erection of said memorial

Senate No. 378:

An act making an appropriation for a proper fence or coping and pavement to protect a monument erected near Petersburg Virginia by the association of the survivors of the Forty-Eighth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers to commemorate the Battle of the Crater and providing for a commission and the expenses thereof to erect the same

Senate No. 379:

An act authorizing the Battlefield Commission of the Third Division Ninth Corps Army of the Potomac to purchase additional ground and authorizing the preparation and publication of a history of the proceedings incident to the erection and dedication of the monument at Petersburg Virginia including a history of the Pennsylvania regiments in said division and making an appropriation therefor

Senate No. 380:

An act makng an appropriation for the Stroudsburg Hospital Stroudsburg

Senate No. 382:

An act to amend sections two three eight and thireen of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for the violations of its provisions" approved the seventeenth day of February Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six and sections five six seven ten fifteen and sixteen of said act as amended by the act entitled "An act to provide for the personal registration of the electors in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for violations of its provisions approved June third one thousand nine hundred and seven by further defining "party" and who may be appointed registrars increasing the terms of commissioners changing the registration days and the form of register requiring all petitions to be under oath and empowering the recorder of the Board of Registration Commissioners to administer oaths and providing for additional employes for said boards and fixing their compensation and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

Senate No. 383:

An act to amend section two of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the health and safety of minors in bituminous coal mines and anthracite collieries or breakers by regulating the age at which said minors may be employed their hours of employment and to prescribe rules for the obtaining of employment certificates and providing penalties for violation of the provisions thereof" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine regulating the time allowed for midday meal

Senate No. 388:

An act making an appropriation to reimburse certain counties and townships whose commissioners and supervisors have inadvertently failed to comply with the law governing State aid in the maintenance of highways and regulating the payments herein provided for

Senate No. 392:

An act permitting county treasurers not paid by salary to retain one-half of one per centum from moneys received from liquor license fees

Senate No. 393:

An act to amend the title the first section and the fifth section of an act of Assembly entitled "An Act requiring counties now or hereafter containing a population of not less than seven hundred and fifty thousand and not more than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants to establish and maintain schools for the care and education of male children under the jurisdiction of the juvenile courts and conferring the powers and regulating the proceedings for the establishment maintenance and management thereof" approved the first day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by extending said act to apply to counties having a population not less than three hundred thousand inhabitants nor more than one million two hundred thousand inhabitants and by making it incumbent upon the court to appoint managers whose terms shall commence upon the first day of July following approval hereof

Senate No. 394:

An act to amend section eleven of an act entitled "An Act relating to corporations and to estates held for corporate religious and charitable uses" approved the twenty-sixth day of April one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five

Senate No. 397:

An act regulating the salary and payment thereof of the Associate Judges of the Courts of this Commonwealth

Senate No. 398:

An act to amend section one of an act entitled "An Act to provide for reviewing the proceedings of township road commissioners laying out opening and vacating roads" approved the second day of July Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one providing for the trial of questions of fact by a jury in certain cases

Senate No. 399:

An act vesting in the mother in certain cases the right to the services of her child and the right to be compensated for the loss of such service

Senate No. 401:

An act to amend section ten of an act approved the twenty-ninth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two entitled "An Act relating to Orphans' Courts" so as to permit the accounts of guardians of minors' property therein mentioned and described to be examined and audited and the matters therein contained confirmed by decree of Orphans' Court with the same force and effect as the partial accounts of executors administrators and temporary trustees are audited examined allowed and confirmed

Senate No. 404:

An act making it a misdemeanor for an officer or employe of any employer of labor in Pennsylvania to solicit demand or receive directly or indirectly from any person or persons any moneys or other valuable thing for the purpose actual or alleged of either obtaining for the latter employment in the service of said employer or continuing in said employment and providing for the punishment thereof on conviction

Senate No. 409:

An act to authorize the publication of the report of the late Doctor Leonard Pearson upon the discovery and suppression of the outbreak of foot and mouth disease among cattle in Pennsylvania during the fall of one thousand nine hundred and eight as a bulletin of the Department of Agriculture and providing for the distribution of the same

Senate No. 411:

An act to amend section one and extend the provisions of an act entitled "An Act giving additional protection to the game of the State and wild birds within the limits of preserves created under the provisions of the act of May eleventh one thousand nine hundred and five and under the control of the Board of Game Commissioners and prescribing penalties for violation of its several provisions approved the fifteenth day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven"

Senate No. 413:

An act to amend section three of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the appointment of game commissioners for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania defining their duties and empowering them to appoint game protectors" approved the twenty-fifth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five providing for an increase in the number of game protectors as authorized by said section and authorizing the publication of reports and bulletins at public expense

Senate No. 417:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations" approved April twenty-ninth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four providing for the incorporation of trustees appointed or to be appointed under the terms of any will deed grant or gift creating a trust or trusts for the benefit of the people of any incorporated city of this Commonwealth for the advancement of learning science music art or of any one or more of said purposes in which representatives of said city may have part in the management with power to confer degrees in art pure and applied science philosophy literature painting music medicine law and theology and for the supervision and regulation of the same

Senate No 421:

An act authorizing the Secretary of Agriculture to prepare and publish a report on the insects of Pennsylvania and providing for the distribution of such report when published and making an appropriation therefor

Senate No. 422:

An act providing for the preparation contents style printing and binding of the Legislative Journal and the preparation printing and binding of the Journals of the Senate and House of Representatives authorizing the appointment of official reporters typewriters clerks and other employes providing for the making of an appendix and index the printing of wrappers or envelopes for mailing the Legislative Journal and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

Senate No. 423:

An act to provide for the printing of copies of Bulletin number one hundred and twenty-three of the Department of Agriculture entitled "Chestnut Culture" with additional matters changes and corrections

Senate No. 425:

An act making the appropriation of one thousand nine hundred and nine to the State Normal Schools available for permanent improvements thereto

Senate No. 427:

An act amending "An Act defining the powers of the several Courts of Quarter Sessions of the Peace within this Commonwealth with reference to the care treatment and control of dependent neglected incorrigible and delinquent children under the age of sixteen years and providing for the means in which such power may be exercised" approved April twenty-three one thousand nine hundred and three by empowering the court to enforce the order of support made upon the parent or parents of the child under the fourth section of said act in the manner provided by law in other desertion and non-support cases brought under the act of April thirteen one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven

Senate No. 430:

An act amending section three of article one section five of article three sections sixteen seventeen and eighteen of article four section two of article six section one of article seven sections one and three of article eight and sections one and seven of article nine of an act entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class" approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine

Senate No. 432:

An act making an appropriation to John H Pollard John J Devitt James J. McDonald David J. Davis Joseph J. Kenney and Frank G. Clemens the former Board of Examiners for Inspectors of Mines of Schuylkill County to pay for services rendered by said board in one thousand nine hundred and eight

Senate No. 434:

An act to provide that persons buying real estate in this Commonwealth from executors or trustees named in the last will and testament of any person dying testate and who hold the same in trust under the provisions thereof and who make sale of same under the power of sale in said last will and testament contained shall take title to said real estate free and discharged of any obligation to see to the application of the purchase money

Senate No. 437:

An act making an appropriation to complete the erection of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Trevorton Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields of Pennsylvania situate in the township of Coal Northumberland County Pennsylvania to equip and furnish the said hospital and to enable the commissioners to properly perform the duties assigned them under and by virtue of an act approved the thirteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven

Senate No. 442:

An act making an appropriation to the Industrial Home for the Dependent Adult Blind Citizens of the city of Pittsburg

Senate No. 443:

An act making an appropriation to refund Edwin C. Embardt money paid for notary public commission

Senate No. 444:

An act making an appropriation to refund to Walter Redding money paid for notary public's commission

Senate No. 445:

An act providing for and regulating the licensing of persons engaged in the business of receiving boarding or keeping of infant children under the age of three years for hire reward or otherwise in cities of the third class and authorizing the passage of general ordinances providing for and regulating the issuing of said licenses and imposing penalties

Senate No. 449:

An act to provide for the election of one person to fill the offices of prothonotary clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions and clerk of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and one other person to fill the offices of register of wills recorder of deeds and clerk of the Orphans' Court in counties now or hereafter containing over thirty thousand inhabitants and in which all of said offices are now or may hereafter be held by one person

Senate No. 453:

An act to direct appeals to the Supreme Court from any decree of distribution wherein the fund for distribution whenever any appeal from such decree involving the same question shall be cognizable by and taken to the said court

Senate No. 455:

An act authorizing the establishment and maintenance of psychopathic wards in certain hospitals providing for the regulation thereof the commitment of persons suffering with mental disorders to such wards and for the payment of the expenses of maintaining and treating persons committed thereto

Senate No. 458:

An act to provide for the incorporation of fire and marine insurance companies and for the regulation of home and foreign fire and marine insurance companies

Senate No. 459:

An act to provide for the incorporation of casualty insurance companies and for the regulation of home and foreign casualty insurance companies and providing penalties for the violation of any of the provisions of this act

Senate No. 460:

An act to provide for the incorporation of life insurance companies and for the regulation of home and foreign life insurance companies and providing penalties for any violation thereof

Senate No. 461:

An act designating the employes of the Insurance Department and fixing their salaries

Senate No. 462:

An act authorizing the Insurance Commissioner to proceed against and to take possession of any insolvent or delinquent company order or association transacting any class of insurance and prescribing the method by which such insolvent or delinquent companies orders or associations shall be dissolved and liquidated

Senate No. 463:

An act authorizing insurance and surety companies to make a deposit of certain securities with the Insurance Commissioner to enable them to do business in other States or with the United States Government and requiring the State Treasurer to hold all deposits so made in the name of the Commonwealth

Senate No. 464:

An act to provide a reserve for outstanding liability losses of insurance companies transacting the business of insuring any one against loss or damage resulting from accident to or injury suffered by an employe or other person for which the person injured is liable

Senate No. 466:

An act to establish an Insurance Department authorizing the appointment of an Insurance Commissioner and prescribing his powers and duties also providing for the licensing examination regulation and dissolution of insurance and surety companies and associations and for the licensing and regulation of insurance agents and insurance brokers also providing for the collection of fees and prescribing penalties for the violation of any of the provisions of this act and repealing existing acts

Senate No. 474:

An act to amend the first and section sections of an act approved the twenty-third day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine entitled "An act authorizing and requiring the county commissioners of each county in the State to appoint a sufficient number of suitable persons in each township and ward of their county at the expense of the county to look after bury and provide a headstone for the body of any honorably discharged soldier sailor or marine who served in the army or navy of the United States during the war with Spain or any preceding war and shall hereafter die in their county leaving insuffi-

ent means to defray the necessary burial expenses" by extending its provisions to all honorably discharged soldiers sailors and marines who shall die in their county and to all who were in active service in the militia of the State of Pennsylvania under and in pursuance of any of the proclamations issued by the Governor during the Civil War and not duly mustered into the service of the United States and shall hereafter die in their county or in any hospital asylum soldiers' home almshouse prison or house of detention in this Commonwealth or shall die beyond the State of Pennsylvania and shall have had legal residence within their county at the time of their death

Senate No. 476:

An act authorizing poor districts to acquire lands supply erect and equip hospitals for the care and treatment of indigent persons afflicted with tuberculosis and providing for a per capita allowance by the State for the patients treated therein

Senate No. 487:

An act permitting the substitution of other securities for those deposited with the State Treasurer to secure the Commonwealth against relief notes issued by certain banks of this Commonwealth and the furnishing of other security therefor

Senate No. 492:

An act amending section one of the act of May twenty-first one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five entitled "An Act to establish the State Livestock Sanitary Board of Pennsylvania and to provide for the control and suppression of dangerous contagious or infectious diseases of domestic animals" and providing for the organization of said board and fixing the salaries of the treasurer and clerk thereof

Senate No. 493:

An act giving additional protection to wild waterfowl of all kinds in this Commonwealth limiting the number of decoys that may be used by an one person at one time or by any number of persons acting together forbidding the shooting of wild waterfowl before sunrise and imposing penalties for violation of its provisions

Senate No. 504:

An act making an appropriation to the Agricultural and Mechanical Industrial School for Colored Girls and Boys of Jumonville Fayette county

Senate No. 524:

An act to authorize county commissioners to erect a bridge for pedestrians only in lieu of a wagon bridge legally authorized when in their judgment such bridge will sufficiently accommodate public travel

Senate No. 532:

An act enabling the several boroughs of the Commonwealth to validate certain ordinances where the same have not been published according to law or where the proof of publication cannot be made

Senate No. 543:

An act to amennd the sixth section of an act entitled "An Act dividing the cities of this State into three classes regulating the passaage of ordinances providing for contracts for supplies and work for such cities authorilizing the increase of indebtedness and the creation of a sinking fund to redeem the same defining and punishing certain offenses in all of said cities and providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the third class" approved the twenty-third day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four providing that it shall be lawful for the councils of any city to pass ordinances defining the competency of workmen or laborers engaged in work for such city under contracts and prescribing the minimum wages to be paid and the maximum hours of employment of workmen or laborers so engaged and validating such existing ordinances

Senate No. 546:

An act providing for the election of city assessors in cities of the third class fixing their term and the time for the completion of their annual and triennial assessments and the expiration of the terms of assessors now in office

Senate No. 547:

An act fixing the time for organization of the legislative departments or municipal governments and for the inauguration of mayors of cities

Senate No. 551:

An act to regulate the construction maintenance and inspection of buildings used for the exhibition of moving pictures in all cities of the first class providing for the enforcement thereof and fixing penalties for violation of the same

Senate No. 554:

An act amending sections one four five and ten of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the third class of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for violation of its provisions" approved the fifth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six and sections three seven and twelve of said act as amended by the act entitled "An Act amending sections three seven twelve and thirteen of an act entitled 'An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the third class of this Commonwealth to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities and to provide penalties for violation of its provisions' approved the fifth day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six increasing the compensation of registrars in said cities and providing for an additional registration day" approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven by further defining who may be appointed registrars increasing their terms of office changing the registration days and the form of register providing further regulations for the registration of electors and repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith

Senate No. 555:

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act to amend sections four seventeen eighteen nineteen twenty-one twenty-six twenty-nine thirty-three thirty-four and thirty-six of an act entitled 'An Act to establish a Board of Wardens for the port of Philadelphia and for the regulation of pilots and pilotages and for other purposes therein mentioned' approved the twenty-ninth day of March one thousand eight hundred and three and vesting the authority over pilots and pilotages in the bay and river Delaware in the Board of Commissioners of Navigation for the River Delaware and its Navigable Tributaries" approved the eighth day of June one thousand nine hundred and seven and providing for the classification of pilots and regulating the qualifications of pilots and pilot apprentices

Senate No. 556:

An act providing for the compensation of district attorneys whose terms expired on the first Monday in January one thousand nine hundred and eleven but who by virtue of an amendment to article fourteen section two of the Constitution of Pennsylvania were required to serve an additional year

Senate No. 565:

A supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Hospital for the treatment and care of the criminal insane to be called the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane and making an appropriation therefor" approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five directing the commissioners for the erection of said State Hospital for the Criminal Insane to surrender their trust to a board of trustees to be appointed by the Governor authorizing the said board of trustees to continue the erection and completion of the building of said State Hospital for the Criminal Insane and authorizing said board of trustees to receive at any time such numbers of criminal insane patients as can be accommodated in the buildings before the completion of the entire institution and further defining the powers and duties of said board of trustees

Senate No. 565:

An act to amend the sixth section of an act entitled "An Act to prevent the manufacture and sale of adulterated or misbranded drugs defining the word 'drug' prescribing penalties for violation of this act and the method of its enforcement" approved the eighth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine by providing for a laboratory and for the requisitions of office and laboratory supplies and equipment for said board

Senate No. 574:

An act providing for the protection of owners of animals or vehicles and providing penalties for the violation thereof

Senate No. 579:

A further supplement to an act entitled "An Act to provide for the classification of the townships of the Commonwealth with respect to their population into two classes and to prescribe the form of government for townships of each class" approved the twenty-eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine providing for advertisement by the county commissioners of population and of the intention to proclaim townships of the first class and prescribing certain conditions under which townships of the required population for townships of the first class shall retain or resume the governmental form powers and officers of townships of the second class

Senate No. 595:

An act to provide for the appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties of this Commonwealth having a population of more than two hundred and fifty thousand and less than one million and defining their qualifications powers and salary

Senate No. 596:

An act providing for the liquidation distribution of assets and dissolution of corporations under the supervision of the Commissioner of Banking and repealing all acts of Assembly supplied hereby or inconsistent herewith

Senate No. 598:

An act making State taxes unpaid bonus interest penalties and all public accounts a first lien upon the franchise and property of corporations companies associations joint stock associations and limited partnerships against which the same may be settled providing for enforcing the payment thereof and for the furnishing of certificates as to the existence of such liens upon application thereof and repealing

section four of the act approved April sixteenth one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven

Senate No. 600:

A supplement to an Act of Assembly entitled "An Act to authorize co-operation of cities of the third class school districts thereof and incorporated library associations therein for the erection and maintenance of free public libraries" approved the twenty-second day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one (Pamphlet Laws two hundred and ninety) by authorizing school districts of cities of the third class to contract for the maintenance of free non-sectarian public libraries without guaranty therefor by the city and validating contracts heretofore or hereafter to be made without such guaranty

Senate No. 604:

An act to protect trees and woodlands and providing punishment for the violation thereof

Senate No. 606:

An act authorizing the granting of right of way over the forestry reserves in this Commonwealth for telegraph and telephone companies and for the transportation and marketing of timber bark gas oil and minerals from adjacent lands and authorizing the Forestry Commission to make such conditions regulations and restrictions as may be necessary for the protection of the interests of the Commonwealth and providing for the payment for said right of way

Senate No. 614:

An act authorizing the appointment of a Commission to inquire into the causes and results of industrial accidents study advanced methods for safeguarding against the same and inquire into the subject of fair compensation for those injured or killed as a result thereof and making an appropriation for the expenses of said commission

Senate No. 619:

An act to quiet the title to real estate and to enable citizens of the United States and corporations authorized to hold real estate within this Commonwealth to hold and convey title to real estate which has been formerly held by or for corporations not authorized by law to hold the same

Senate No. 621:

An act regulating the appointment or election of deputy controllers in cities and prescribing their powers and duties

Senate No. 625:

A joint resolution for the appointment of a commission by the Governor of this Commonwealth for the purpose of investigating and reporting upon a proper and safe construction of buildings within the Commonwealth and to determine the strength and character of materials used therein and for the further purpose of adjusting the rights of owners in party walls erected as parts of buildings and for the further purpose of suggesting new legislation relative to construction of buildings and the codifying of existing legislation in regard to the same and making an appropriation to meet the expenses of said commission

Senate No. 627:

An act to repeal an act entitled "An Act to authorize the appointment of shorthand clerks for the courts of Allegheny county" approved the twelfth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven

Senate No. 640:

An act relating to receipts or certificates issued by the owners of bonded distillery warehouses special bonded warehouses and bonded warehouses established under the provisions of the revised statutes of the United States relating to distilleries providing that such receipts or certificates shall be in all respects valid warehouse receipts or certificates and providing for the payment of taxes storage and other charges or liens due thereon to the United States government

Senate No. 641:

An act to provide for the incorporation and government of motor omnibus companies for the purposes of carrying passengers for hire within the cities of this Commonwealth

Senate No. 649:

An act making an appropriation to the First Allegheny Day Nursery and Temporary Home for Children

Senate No. 650:

An act authorizing the State Treasurer to refund to Andrew Mangold of Philadelphia the amount paid by him for his commission as notary public and making an appropriation therefor

Senate No. 651:

An act authorizing the appointment of a commission to revise and codify the present Anthracite Mining Laws defining its powers and duties and making an appropriation to defray the expenses of said commission

Senate No. 652:

A supplement to an act entitled "An act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State institution for the feeble-minded and epileptic to be called the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic and making an appropriation therefor" approved the fifteenth day of May one thousand nine hundred and three authorizing the Board of Trustees to enter into agreements respecting highways railways railroads and other means of travel within the lands of the said institution

Senate No. 675:

An act to amend the first section of an act approved the twenty-first day of March Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven entitled "An Act authorizing the county commissioners of the several counties or the town councils of the several boroughs of this Commonwealth or both to appropriate annually a sufficient sum of money to each post of the Grand Army of the Republic in their respective counties or boroughs to aid in defraying the expenses of Memorial Day" by requiring the commissoners to make the payments specified and fixing the maximum amount thereof

Senate No. 678:

An act to amend section three of an act entitled "An act for the appointment and maintenance of a board to be known as the Armory Board of the State of Pennsylvania and for the payment of its expenses and for providing managing and caring for armories for the use of the National Guard of Pennsylvania and making an appropriaation for the same authorizing the State Armory Board to receive from counties cities municipalities and other sources donations or contribtions for the purpose of this act" approved the eleventh day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five fixing the salaries and providing for the payment of expenses of the members of the Armory Board

Senate No. 680:

An act to amend section two of an act entitled "An act to establish a county court for the county of Allegheny and prescribing its powers and duties regulating the procedure therein and providing for the expenses thereof" approved the fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven and changing the election of the judges therein mentioned from the general election to the municipal election as now provided by law in accordance with the requirements of the Constitution of Pennsylvania

Senate No. 681:

An act to amend the first section of an act entitled "A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act concerning the sale of railroads canals turnpikes bridges and plank roads' approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one extending the provisions of said act to coal iron steel lumber or oil or mining manufacturing transportation and telegraph companies in this Commonwealth" approved the twenty-fifth day of May Anno Domini one thousand seven hundred and seventy-eight as amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled 'A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act concerning the sale of railroads canals turnpikes bridges and plank roads' approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one extending the provisions of said act to coal iron steel lumber or oil or mining manufacturing transportation and telegraph companies in this Commonwealth' extending said act so as to embrace all sales made under and by virtue of a power to sell contained in any mortgage or deed of trust without any process or decree of a court in the premises" approved the thirty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven and as further amended by an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to amend the first section of an act entitled 'A supplement to an act entitled 'An Act concerning the sale of railroads canals turnpikes bridges and plank roads' approved the eighth day of April Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one extending the provisions of said act to coal iron steel lumber or oil or mining manufacturing transportation and telegraph companies in this Commonwealth' extending said act so as to embrace all sales made under and by virtue of a power to sell contained in any mortgage or deed of trust without any process or decree of a court in the premises' approved the thirty-first day of May Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven so as to give to sales or conveyances made under and by virtue of any process or decree of a district court of the United States the same force and effect which are by said act given to sales or conveyances made under and by virtue of any process or decree of any court of this State or of the circuit court of the United States" approved the twenty-seventh day of April Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and nine so that said act shall apply also to sales and conveyances of material rolling stock and property whether located wholly or partly within this State and franchises and whether of a corporation of this State or of this State and any other State or States and shall prescribe the rights and powers of the corporation formed by the purchaser the insurance by it of stock and bonds and the number and selection of directors

Senate No. 704:

An act making an appropriation to the Beacon Light Mission near Bradford Pennsylvania

Senate No. 705:

An act providing for a survey of Pymatuning Swamp and an examination into the feasibility of constructing a reservoir therein to conserve the waters draining into said swamp and making an appropriation therefor

Senate No. 706:

An act making an appropriation to the Bradford Hospital f the city of Bradford

Senate No. 707:

An act making an appropriation to the Kane Summit Hos-ital Association of Kane McKean County Pennsylvania

Senate No. 708:

An act making an appropriation to the Punxsutawney Hospital at Punxsutawney Jefferson County Pennsylvania

Senate No. 709:

An act making an appropriation to Saint Francis Hos-ital Pittsburg Pennsylvania

Senate No. 732:

An act to promote agriculture by protecting bees to pro-ide for the inspection of apiaries to provide for the sup-ression of contagious or infectious disaeses among bees nd providing penalties for violation of this act

Senate No. 746:

An act making an appropriation to the Erie Home of the Friendless of the city of Erie Erie County Pennsylvania

Senate No. 753:

An act to reimburse Fidelity Trust Company of Philadel-hia Trustee under the will of Richard Smith deceased for money erroneously paid by it and received by the State for axes upon the investments held by said trustees and auth-rizing the State Treasurer to refund the sum of twenty-three thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight dollars and welve cents ($23,828.12) for that purpose

Senate No. 754:

An act to reimburse Fidelity Trust Company of Philadel-hia Trustee under the will of Sarah A Smith deceased for money erroneously paid by it and received by the State for taxes upon the investments held by said trustee and auth-rizing the State Treasurer to refund the sum of four thou-sand four hundred and thirty-two dollars and eighty cents ($4,432.80) for that purpose

Senate No. 755:

An act making an appropriation to the Christian Home for Women of Pittsburg Pennsylvania

Senate No. 756:

An act to amend section two of an act entitled "A supple-ment to an act to authorize the erection of a poor house by the township of Wilkes-Barre in the county of Luzerne" approved the tenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three authorizing the judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions of said Luzerne County to appoint an additional director of the poor for boroughs of over eighteen thousand population when such boroughs have been incor-porated out of a part of any township or townships being a part of the Central Poor District of Luzerne County

Senate No. 760:

An act prescribing the time and manner of submitting to the people for their approval and ratification or rejection certain proposed amendments to the Constitution

Senate No. 781:

An act relating to the settlement and audit of the accounts of the officers elected or appointed of boroughs townships poor districts and school districts prescribing the time for such settlement and audits for the matters to be contained in the report of settlement and audit for the filing of said report in the office of the Clerk of Quarter Sessions and for appeals to the Court of Common Pleas and Superior and Supreme Courts

Senate No. 792:

An act authorizing the printing and binding of the annual report of the Commissioner of Health in two separate volumes

Senate No. 798:

An act making an appropriation to the Board of Com-missioners of Public Grounds and Buildings for the pur-pose of reimbursing George Gray Barnard for moneys ex-pended in excess of the contract price for the preparation transportation and delivery and setting in place at the State Capitol of certain groups of marble

Senate No. 799:

An act making an appropriation for the payment of a deficiency that has arisen in the payment of expenses in-curred in the prevention and extinguishment of forest fires and also for the payment of such expenses that may be in-curred to and including May thirty-first Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and eleven

COMMUNICATION FROM MR. WASSON.

The SPEAKER. The Chair desires to lay before the House the following telegram:

May 24th, 1911.

Speaker John F. Cox—

My Dear Friend:—I am still on the broad of my back. I realize that to-morrow is the day for final adjournment. To yourself, the desk force and all the members, I wish to say good-bye and wish you all Godspeed and good health.

(Signed) A. L. WASSON.

Mr. JOHNSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that this House extend its sympathy to Dr. Wasson.

Mr. SHREVE. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The Speaker (JOHN F. COX) in the Chair.

EXPRESSION OF SYMPATHY TO MR. SHERN.

Mr. JOHNSON. Mr. Speaker, I think that in this time of good fellowship, this House ought to send a word of greeting to our friend from Philadelphia, Mr. D. J. Shern, who has been suffereing from a serious illness.

Mr. J. R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

EXPRESSION OF SYMPATHY TO MR. LETZKUS.

Mr. ALLEN. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House extend its best wishes to the Honorable Oliver Letzkus.

Mr. KLUMPP. Mr. Speaker, I second the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE TO WAIT UPON THE GOVERNOR.

The committee appointed to wait upon the Governor and inform him that the General Assembly would adjourn "sine die" at twelve o'clock, noon, this day, reported that they had performed the duty for which appointed.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE TO WAIT UPON SENATE.

The committee appointed to wait upon the Senate and inform that body that the House was ready to adjourn "sine die" at twelve o'clock, noon, this day, reported that they had performed the duty for which they were appointed.

PRESENTATION ADDRESSES.

The SPEAKER. The business of this session has been concluded. The Chair turns over the subsequent ceremony to the honorable gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Harrison Townsend, who will take the Chair.

Chairman TOWNSEND. Gentlemen of the House, I thank you for this greeting. I had prepared an address to make to you gentlemen, but the time has gone by so fast that we have to cut our addresses short. We are here for a specific purpose to-day to do honor to the Speaker and the Clerks of the House who have been so faithful in the performance of their duty. We are all pretty tired. I only want to say that this is a time when we want to be generous and magnanimous and charitable and forget the imaginary slights that you may think have been put upon you. I feel that you all agree with me that this is the time to forget everything of that kind, and we are now here to give everybody, from the high office of Speaker down, the glad hand and say Godspeed. I want to say that this committee, of which I have the honor of being chairman, have a few gifts to present. I wish to say, also, that the speakers are limited to three minutes on account of the lateness of the hour.

I will call upon the gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. John R. K. Scott.

Mr. JOHN R. K. SCOTT. Mr. Chairman, Mr. Speaker, and members of the House of Representatives. I have been selected to present to you, Mr. Speaker, these tokens of our high respect and appreciation of you, as our presiding officer. Mr. Chairman, in presenting these gifts to the Honorable John F. Cox, who has acted as Speaker of this session, we but slightly voice our high respect, our high appreciation, our deep affection for the Speaker of this House. It but slightly bespeaks our great respect for his strong, manly fairness, his impartial decisions and deliberations over our body. This administration will pass down into time as an adminstration of progress. Mr. Chairman and gentlemen of the House, much of the merit of this administration belongs to the Speaker of this House, the Honorable John F. Cox. He has not passed through this session without criticism; no fearless man can pass through his life's work without criticism. Some of us appreciate him most highly; some don't, but as to the future, when we look back on his consistent course in this Legislature of the last session, they will find that he shines out strong in his legislative life, and that he has been the shining star of the session. His loyalty to the fearless, brave man who promised as a candidate to the people of Pennsylvania his

integrity, and who has shown to the people of Pennsylvania his breadth, his honesty and his character, the Honorable John K. Tener—because of the Speaker's loyalty to our chief executive, no other star that shines out in the legislative career of this session shines as brilliantly as that of the Honorable John F. Cox. His loyalty to his constituents, his loyalty to his home city, when his home city was attacked by those friends and enemies in their fight for what they thought was right for Pittsburg—it was the guiding hand, the strong, determined stand, the logical position of the Speaker of this House that brought the legislation that we have passed to-day for Pittsburg, which ought to make the Speaker of this House famous in the years to come in his home city of Pittsburg. Mr. Chairman, the loyalty of the members of this House to the Speaker is the cause of our high appreciation of him. When he goes back to his home city, to his neighbors, he may speak of the fact that those of us from another section of the State appreciate this manly man as we met him at the last session before this one. Last session we bade you our good-byes and gave you all our well wishes and we hoped that it might be to your honor and our joy to see you presiding over this great Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, as Governor, but such was not the case. We hope that when you leave us now you will advance onward in positions of honor, and that your people at home will appreciate you as you ought to be appreciated; that your people at home will hear the voices of this House proclaiming their high appreciation of your integrity, and that they will put into your hand greater honor and greater power. We hope, Mr. Speaker, that those who are dear to you will find happiness and long life, with you, and we hope that when you look at these little trifles that this House has presented to you, that you will appreciate them as being of some value, but not of as great value as our love for you.

The CHAIRMAN. The gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Dearden.

Mr. ROBERT R. DEARDEN. Mr. Chairman and fellow-members: Occasions like these are always full of tender pathos and sentiment. When men come together, to dwell together, as it were, along common lines, engaged in a common work, inspired by a common mission, especially if that mission be to subserve the interests of the people at large, it is full of meaning; and then when the hour of parting comes at last, when the hand grasp occurs, when the good-byes are recorded, then, it seems to me, that we strike just about the most beautiful side of our human nature—the tender side, the heart side. They find life full of pleasant memories, so many delightful spots and so many sweet cases; they find all that is sweet, even as we find it at our firesides, and whether it be along the lines of victory for some great cause or not, men are welded together, and when at last the hour has come for which they have looked so long, when the good feeling period has come, on an occasion like this, a man is to be very much pitied, in my estimation, whose heart would not be stirred. The associations we have formed here with one another we shall treasure among the most delightful of our lives. I have passed through many similar scenes like this in the legislative halls of this Commonwealth, and I want to say that some of the sweetest associations in my life have been formed in this legislative work. You who are here for the first time will especially remember things that have occurred that will be treasured, and in which you will rejoice. We came together here some five or six months ago all inspired, all realizing keenly how great were our responsibilities to ourselves and to our Commonwealth, and appreciating what was expected of us, and were ready for the fray. Here we are today with our record complete. I want to congratulate every man here among my fellow-members upon the part he has played in this splendid program. Mr. Chairman, I take great pleasure in seconding all that has been said by my good, big-hearted friend, Mr. John R. K. Scott, in paying tribute to the Speaker of this House. I may add just a word to what has already been so splendidly said. It is this: That, while I have not and many others have not always agreed with him or with his rulings, and sometimes rather questioned his apparent want of diplomacy, we have never yet failed to observe that the Speaker tried to do the best he could with the light he had. Mr. Speaker Cox, you have displayed a high order of ability in the chair. We well knew before you entered upon this second round of your administrative duties how able you are as a parliamentarian and as a presiding officer over a legislative body. We now want to congratulate you upon your success during the work of the past session. I hope that your coming days will be full of honor, and we hope for the welfare of your family also, and that is the sentiment of your friends who regard you so well. Mr. Speaker, we hope that prosperity may abide with you, and that your days may be long in the land and that you and yours may have a goodly heritage through all the coming generations, and forevermore.

Speaker JOHN F. COX. Gentlemen of the House, I have never before realized, as I do now, the absolute inadequacy of words to express the emotions of the heart. I am glad that I am limited in making my speech, because I cannot make a speech today. I am only here to thank you gentlemen for these gifts—for their intrinsic value, of course, but also for the seeming fitness of things—the things that are useful. I am here to thank you for the sentiment which prompted these valuable gifts. I appreciate very much more, however, to-day what has been said by the gentlemen who have acted upon your part to make this presentation. Of course, I had expected generous treatment from my distinguished colleague and Republican worker, the eminent gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. John R. K. Scott because we have stood shoulder to shoulder in these matters of organization and party question, and every one would naturally expect that he would say something kindly to me as we take our farewell to-day, but I also very much appreciate what has been said by that other distinguished gentleman, who has not agreed with me in questions of party policies—my old friend with whom I sat in this House a quarter of a century ago, the Honorable Robert R. Dearden, of Philadelphia. (Applause.) I accepted this position as Speaker of this House this time with some misgiving as to what would be the outcome of my administration. Two years ago I assumed the duty under favorable skies. There was no politics in it two years ago. We had a Governor who decried politics in matters of legislation and we have one of the same character now. I realized when I looked over this House and saw the Republican majority so divided, and the Democratic minority here was also divided, and when I saw within these walls those other independent political elements—the Socialist and the Keystoner—I felt then that it would be an herculean task to undertake to preside over your deliberations with perfect satisfaction. I have attempted to preside over the destinies of this House with the purpose of earning the approval of its members, and how far I have succeeded you well know. If I have made mistakes they have been mistakes of the head and not the heart. I can say truthfully that in matters of legislation I have known no party, no faction, and have ever attempted to serve the best interests of this great Keystone Commonwealth of ours. (Applause.) I take home with me the best wishes for all of you. I shall carry memories as long as I live in my heart of hearts. I thank you again, and I wish all of you long life and prosperity. (The Speaker was overcome with emotion, his eyes were filled with tears, and he closed his remarks amidst prolonged applause.)

The CHAIRMAN. The gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Eugene J. McAleer.

Mr. EUGENE J. McALEER. Mr. Chairman and gentlemen of the House. It gives me a great deal of pleasure and satisfaction as your representative to say a few words in your behalf to one of the officers of this House who has served all of us so well and so faithfully during this term. Of course, we all know that the Speaker deserves all that has been said in his behalf, but I don't know of a man connected with this House who has given to all of us as much satisfaction on at least three occasions as our friend—everybody's friend—Tom Garvin. He has always been genial and good humored, and nobody has ever seen a frown on his face. You may wonder why I have been selected, on behalf of our committee, to present this token to Tom Garvin. I will tell you why—I am the only man on the floor who has not asked for a verification of the roll call. Mr. Garvin, we esteem you, and we express our love and best wishes to you as long as you live.

Mr. Thomas H. Garvin. Mr. McAleer and gentlemen of the House, I certainly appreciate this gift very highly and accept it with the assurance that it will help to keep

ny mind on the members of the session of 1911, and I hank you.

Speaker JOHN F. COX. Gentlemen of the House, I desire to personally present this emblem to you, Mr. Garvin, n appreciation of your faithful service.

Mr. Thomas H. Garvin. Mr. Speaker, I thank you.

The CHAIRMAN. The gentleman from Elk, Mr. Flynn.

Mr. JOHN M. FLYNN. Mr. Chairman, it gives me great pleasure at this time on behalf of my fellow-members to bestow, as a slight token of esteem upon the worthy Resident Clerk of this House, the two paintings which we see before us. In doing so I feel that I hope of every member of this body, when I say that I hope, that he will live long to see them grace the walls of his home. During the strenuous days of this session it has been a pleasure to all of us to look upon his smiling countenance, and we would go to him for many favors which he has so cheerfully bestowed. The highest tribute which I can pay him at this time is the fact that, no matter how long his service here, I have always found that in the discharge of his duty as the Resident Clerk he has known no party, neither has he known friends or foes, but has treated all alike. It has been my experience, and I am sure it has been the experience of others, and it will be the experience of every member present, and will be in the days to come, to be able to vouch for this statement.

Mr. Charles Johnson. Mr. Chairman and gentlemen of the House, I thank you.

The CHAIRMAN. The gentleman from Juniata, Mr. Ailman.

Mr. JEROME T. AILMAN. Mr. Chairman and gentlemen, to me has been assigned the pleasant task of presenting a small token in the shape of a silver set to one of our good friends and fellow servants here. His neighbors and acquaintances call him the Honorable James Moore, but whom we know more familiarly and with no less respect and are pleased to call "Jim Moore." Mr. Moore has distinguished himself by serving in this House as a member for some three terms and for the last ten years has filled different places at the desk of this House. We owe him, not to disparage the merits of any other, as much, if not more, for the fact that the machinery of this House, is moved so smoothly. Everything seems to be in its right place at the right time, and if nobody else looked after it we knew very well that Jim Moore did and would. I can compliment you from the fact that you deserve the bright distinction of being one of the few men who can do things. I need not tell you that there is always a place for people who do things, and the better they can do some one particular thing the better the place. I don't know how the machinery of this House would run if the nestor of it should be taken out of it. Mr. Moore, we ask you to accept this token with fullest appreciation of the members of this House.

Mr. James Moore. Mr. Ailman and gentlemen of the House, I desire to show you that I fully appreciate this gift, not only for the gift itself, but much more for the sentiment that goes with it and I assure you that you have my heartfelt thanks.

The CHAIRMAN. The gentleman from Allegheny, Mr. Allen.

Mr. GEORGE W. ALLEN. Mr. Chairman and gentlemen of the House, the first time, a little less than five months ago, when I first entered this hall I saw something like a hundred and eighty-four new faces—the faces of members and the faces of a corps of officers, none of whom I knew before. To-day, after spending five or six months, and it seems almost like a dream, because in that time, friendship, and fraternal feeling has sprung up in the hearts of, I believe, almost each one of us for every other. The boys at the desk have all been accommodating and they all seemed to perfectly fit in their place and among those boys is one that for five years has served the interests of this body, always accommodating in anything that you asked for, and if you ask for anything he would know where to find it. This man is unassuming in his deportment and that endears him to everyone of us, and only on behalf of this House and in appreciation of his services, and out of respect for Mr. Meals, the assistant resident Clerk, I take pleasure in presenting to him a watch.

Mr. I. Dale Meals. Mr. Allen and gentlemen of the House, I accept this token with many thanks.

The CHAIRMAN. The gentleman from Lancaster, Mr. Hess.

Mr. AARON B. HESS. Mr. Chairman and gentlemen of the House, as I arise to take my place on this occasion I am profoundly impressed with the rapidity with which time is speeding by and with the brevity of life itself. A little more than four months ago this House assembled from every community of this Commonwealth. Many of us were strangers to each other and strangers to the duties that devolved upon us. As we paused to learn to know our duty to our fellows the cycle of time sped by so speedily that to-day almost without realizing, we are assembled to say good-bye and to move out along the paths we are wont to travel, and the legislative session of 1911 is but an experience and a memory. May I request you to pause and gaze with me upon the splendor of that memory? The pathway starting amid the winter snow and restlessness of anticipation, leads on into the beautiful valley many flowers of realization, of the grandest uplifts that come to human kind. It has been my experience and I am sure it has been yours that here and there, our lives have been touched by human kindnesses and the inspiration that arises from a thorough knowledge of one's fellows, and as we pause before parting and take a retrospective view the wealth of love and kindness that has been ours strews the path with roses, until we fancy we can see it continuing ahead of us until their fragance and its beauty shall have blended with life in a better world. It is eminently fitting and proper to close an experience such as this by some fitting expression of our appreciation of those about us, and it now becomes my very pleasant privilege to address my remarks to our genial Journal Clerk, Mr. J. E. Brackoney, of Allegheny. In him are combined not only a handsome face and figure, not only a genial and appealing disposition, but rare genius and strict attention to duty. In the midst of the crush of labor he has the rare facility of scattering his wit, which falls like a summer shower upon the thirsty plain, and I now ask him to accept at the instance of this House in whose behalf I present it, a silver coffee set. May he live to use it long.

Mr. J. E. Brackoney. Mr. Hess and gentlemen, I thank you.

The CHAIRMAN. Mr. Hecht, the gentleman from Philadelphia, was to present a token to Mr. De Pierro, but in his absence it gives me pleasure as chairman to present a hunting case gold watch to him.

Mr. Salvatore De Pierro. Mr. Chairman and gentlemen of the House, I thank you very kindly.

The CHAIRMAN. The gentleman from Dauphin, Mr. Tunis.

Mr. WILLIAM S. TUNIS. Mr. Chairman and fellow-members of the House. Being one who knows how to take orders, in this particular case I will take orders and confine my remarks to the limit—three minutes. I have been assigned a very pleasant duty in presenting to one of the employes of this House a small token. I desire to present to Mr. Henry B. Reilly a hunting case watch. No matter what we may forget about the session of 1911, we will never forget and always bear in mind the man, the ideal man who called the roll.

Mr. Henry B. Reilly. Mr. Tunis and gentlemen of the House, words cannot express my appreciation for this beautiful timepiece that you have presented to me. Whenever I look at this watch I will think of the members of the Pennsylvania Legislature of 1911.

The CHAIRMAN. The gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. Abbott.

Mr. EDWIN M. ABBOTT. Mr. Chairman and fellow-members. To me this is the most delightful part of this session—that fraternity and true brotherhood seems to exist between the members of this House and the employes. We are aware of the fact that each part is necessary in this great machinery, and I take great pleasure on behalf of your committee to present to our desk clerk, Mr. F. C. Beecher, this token by which he will be able to remember the members of the session of 1911.

Mr. F. C. Beecher. Mr. Abbott and gentlemen of the House, I wish to assure you that I appreciate this present and will always keep it and remember it as a valuable token. I will keep it as a valuable experience in this House.

The CHAIRMAN. The gentleman from Jefferson, Mr. Wilson.

Mr. HENRY L. WILSON. Mr. Chairman, gentlemen of the House and ladies and gentlemen, as this session has gone forward we have performed a great deal of work, and I wish to say as one of the members that I appreciate the work which has been done by those who have to keep up the Journal, and I wish to say that one of those who has done his share in this direction has earned the goodwill and approbation of the members of this House. I take great pleasure in presenting Mr. Harry Bonsall this gold watch.

Mr. Harry Bonsall. Mr. Wilson and gentlemen of the House, I thank you.

The CHAIRMAN. The gentleman from Warren, Mr. Schofield.

Mr. JOSEPH A. SCHOFIELD. Mr. Chairman and gentlemen of the House. The congenial task has been allotted to me to present to our competent, obliging, dignified and gentlemanly Sargeant-at-Arms a gift as a token of our friendship, esteem and regard. My selection is a peculiarly fitting one, inasmuch as I was born and lived for many years in the old Twentieth ward of Philadelphia, the ward in the City of Brotherly Love in which C. W. Wills resides. We have been together now, gentlemen, for five months; many warm and lasting friendships have been formed, precious memories have been instilled into our hearts which even time cannot efface. We have had disappointments, of course; life would not be worth living if all was sunshine, with no clouds, but regrets have been submerged into oblivion by the joys of good fellowship. Our great regret, however, must ever be that we are as ships that pass in the night, hail, pass and never meet again, and that the paths of many of us will diverge to-day never to be parallel again. All the world loves a man—a strong, self-reliant, manly man, a man who knows his duty and fearlessly performs it, and to show our appreciation of such a man I take unusual pleasure on behalf of the gentlemen of the House of Representatives in presenting to Geo. Wills, our Sargeant-at-Arms, a purse of money and traveling bag in which to carry it.

Mr. George B. Wills. Mr. Schofield and gentlemen of the House, I don't know how I can appreciate it, but every time that I grab that bag I will reflect back to the session of 1911, the same as I did for the token of 1909.

The CHAIRMAN. The gentleman from Indiana, Mr. Henry.

Mr. JAMES T. HENRY. Mr. Chairman and fellow-members, it has been so well said that the Speaker has ruled in this session with honesty of purpose and with justice and integrity, and we agree with every word that has been said in behalf of our honored friend, the Speaker of this House, but we must not forget that there was another smiling man, a tall, blue-eyed, silver-headed son of venus, who stood by that desk and told the Speaker when he had forgotten what the next thing was that had to be done. I take great pleasure on behalf of the members of this House to present this token of esteem to Mr. Lightner.

Mr. Jacob Lightner. Mr. Henry and gentlemen of the House, I hope this purse will contain enough to buy a few more smiles, and I thank you for it.

Mr. CHAIRMAN. The gentleman from Philadelphia, Mr. McNichol.

Mr. THOMAS F. McNICHOL. Mr. Chairman and members of the House, it has been said that the hour of parting has arrived. I feel safe in saying that there is a feeling of good fellowship, and this House appreciates valued assistance, but I feel that I have been honored when I have been selected to present this token of esteem to the chief of our fleet-footed pages. I am sometimes disposed to start in and become a boy again, and for that reason I take great pleasure in presenting this purse to the chief of our page boys, Mr. Seiler.

Mr. Clarence Seiler. Mr. McNichol and gentlemen of the House, I thank you for this gift.

The CHAIRMAN. I have been requested by the Committee on Education to call upon Mr. Ulerich to briefly address the House.

Mr. Ulerich. Mr. Chairman and members of the House, ladies and gentlemen, a few moments ago a gentleman of this House came to me and asked me to perform a duty—no I will not call it a duty, because it is a very pleasant service. I said no, and I thought that the end of the matter, but it seems he did not. Gentlemen of the House, at the beginning of this session one of the most important pieces of legislation that ever came up before a body of this character was introduced into this House, and our very excellent Speaker appointed a committee of men with a view of performing a duty that was assigned to them, and he appointed as chairman of that committee a western Pennsylvania man whom I knew exceedingly well because he served with me when I was the county superintendent of Westmoreland county. I have reference to legislation which we have commonly referred to as the School Code. Now as a member of that committee I was in a position to see the work that was done, and I consider the work of our chairman foremost in producing one of the most competent pieces of legislation that was ever brought to the attention of this House, and in behalf of the members of that committee I have great pleasure in presenting to you Mr. John S. Carroll part of that silver table service which you see on the table.

Mr. CARROLL. Mr. Chairman, members of the Educational Committee, members of the House of Representatives, and ladies and gentlemen, I feel as weak at this time and perhaps more weak than my brethren who came to you in their acceptance speeches. I want to say this to the members of the Educational Committee that my heart is full of gratitude and I want to thank you who labored so faithfully with me in my efforts to present to this House a School Code in such good form. I want to say to you that I certainly appreciate this gift. I appreciate not only its money value, but also what it signifies when it comes from the hearts of the people who made the gift, in order to show their appreciation of a service rendered. I want to say in behalf of the Committee on Education that I dare say it would be a difficult matter to get together a body of men who would be more zealous in order to make it a success. Whether I made errors in the management of the School Code I do not know, but the real credit of whatever good there is in it belongs to the hard and conscientious work of the members of that committee. I want to say to the members of this House, that I do not think it possible to gather together a body of men who would labor more consistently to accomplish a task than did this one. For almost ten weeks we labored night and day to bring about the desired result. I wish that every member of that committee who is present here now would stand up in order that the members of this House might see just who composed the committee that made possible the introduction of the School Code which was finally passed by the House.

Mr. Thomas H. Garvin. Mr. Speaker, I desire to present to you as Speaker of the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania, a gavel.

The Speaker (JOHN F. COX). I desire to thank you, but I may not be able to do so as I don't expect to be back again. In this connection, I desire to state that I have remembered our assistant clerk, Mr. Moore, with a chair, but that has been delivered at his home so that it cannot be presented in your presence. When I first came here and acted in the capacity of Speaker, I believed that Mr. Moore was the best parliamentarian in the State. That was my estimate of him two years ago. But since my experience of the session just passed I feel that I can pay a higher tribute to him and I am disposed to say at this time that I think he is the greatest parliamentarian in the United States.

The Speaker (JOHN F. COX) in the Chair.

ADJOURNMENT.

The Speaker (JOHN F. COX). This being the day and hour fixed by resolution of this House for adjournment I now declare the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania adjourned "sine die."

APPENDIX

TO THE

LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL

SESSION OF 1911

APPENDIX

TO THE

LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL

EPORT OF THE AUDITORS OF THE PHILADELPHIA SAVING FUND SOCIETY.

The subscribers, duly appointed by the President Judges the Courts of Common Pleas of Philadelphia County, to dit and settle the accounts of the Philadelphia Saving ind Society, under the provisions of the Third Section of fe Supplement to the Act incorporating the said society, pproved March 15, 1824, having been duly qualified, re-ectfully report:

That, in the performance of the duties assigned them, ey have audited and settled the books and accounts of ne Philadelphia Saving Fund Society for the year end-g the thirty-first day of December, 1909, and have ex-nined and ascertained the amount of the Bonds and Mort-ges, Real Estate, Public Loans, Railroad Loans and other idences of the property and effects of the said society. id agreeably thereto have made out the subjoined state-ent, which agrees with the books at that date, and ex-ibits the situation and condition of the said The Philadel-hia Saving Fund Society on the first day of January, 910.

WM. ROTH WISTER,
LUDDEN D. DAVIS,
WILLIAM DRAYTON,
Auditors.

ASSETS.

PUBLIC LOANS.

District of Columbia, 1924,		
Allegheny County, Pa., 1931, 3.65 per cent.	$1,000,000	$1,000,000
5 per cent.	43,500	43,500
Allegheny County, Pa., 1933-1938, 4 per cent.	727,000	727,000
Blair County, Pa., 1937, 4 per cent.	200,000	200,000
Columbia County, Pa., 1910-1919, 4 per cent.	38,000	38,000
Lackawanna County, Pa., 1922, 4 per cent.	68,000	68,000
Luzerne County, Pa., 1910-1933, 4 per cent.	945,000	945,000
Luzerne County, Pa., 1912-1927, 4½ per cent.	631,000	631,000
Venango County, Pa., 1915-1919, 4 per cent.	85,000	85,000
Washington County, Pa., 1910-1923, 4 per cent.	81,000	81,000
Westmoreland County, Pa., 1930, 4 per cent.	500,000	500,000
Wyoming County, Pa., 1910-1917, 3½ per cent.	16,000	16,000
York County, Pa., 1911-1928, 4 per cent.	128,000	128,000
Allegheny City, Pa., 1913-1937, 4 per cent.	778,500	778,476.52
Allegheny City, Pa., (School District) 1912-1938, 4 per cent.	136,000	136,000
Allegheny City, Pa., (School District) 1918-1928, 3½ per cent.	27,000	26,350.66
Allegheny City, Pa., (School District) 1938, 4½ per cent.	69,000	69,000
Altoona City, Pa., 1936, 4 per cent.	150,000	150,000
Altoona City, Pa., (School District), 1911-1933, 4 per cent.	142,000	142,000
Erie City, Pa., (School District), 1910-1932, 4 per cent.	108,000	108,000
Harrisburg City, Pa., 1911-1936, 4 per cent.	389,000	389,000
Harrisburg City, Pa., (School District), 1910-1936, 4 per cent.	90,500	90,500
McKeesport City, Pa., 1914-1939, 4 per cent.	200,000	200,000
Philadelphia City, Pa., 1910-1922, 3 per cent.	74,400	71,428.88
Philadelphia City, Pa., 1910-1934, 3½ per cent.	1,128,700	1,127,475.34
Philadelphia City, Pa., 1937-1939, 4 per cent.	9,610,500	9,610,500
Pittsburg City, Pa., 1910-1913, 5 per cent.	515,600	515,600
Pittsburg City, Pa., 1912, 7 per cent.	9,000	9,000
Pittsburg City, Pa., 1912-1927, 4 per cent.	705,200	705,200
Pittsburg City, Pa., (School District), 1910-1939, 4 per cent.	260,000	260,000
Pittsburg City, Pa., (School District), 1918-1938, 4½ per cent.	82,000	82,000
Pittsburg City, Pa., (School District), 1931, 3½ per cent.	7,000	6,478.83
Pittsburg City, Pa., (School District), 1939, 4¼ per cent.	43,000	43,000
Pittston City, Pa., (School District), 1914-1934, 4½ per cent.	45,000	45,000
Reading City, Pa., 1914-1928, 4 per cent.	96,000	96,000
Scranton City, Pa., 1910-1926, 4 per cent.	88,000	88,000
Scranton City, Pa., 1911, 4½ per cent.	10,000	10,000
Scranton City, Pa., (School District), 1917-1937, 4 per cent.	200,000	200,000
Wilkes-Barre City, Pa., (School District), 1915-1931, 4½ per cent.	150,000	150,000
York City, Pa., 1918-1933, 4 per cent.	115,000	115,000
Borough of Bethlehem, Pa., 1916-1920, 4 per cent.	83,500	83,500
Borough of South Bethlehem, Pa., 1919-1933, 4 per cent.	60,000	60,000
Borough of Butler, Pa., 1929-1933, 4 per cent.	25,000	25,000
Borough of Washington, Pa., 1918-1927, 4 per cent.	175,000	175,000
Borough of Wilkinsburg, Pa., (School District), 1914-1938, 4 per cent.	227,000	227,000
Abington Township, Montgomery County, Pa., (School District), 1938, 4 per cent.	60,000	60,000
Cheltenham Township, Montgomery County, Pa., (School District), 1912-1937, 4 per cent.	60,000	60,000
Upper Darby Township, Delaware County, Pa., (School District), 1911-1919, 4½ per cent.	60,000	60,000
New Castle County, Del., 1910-1911, 5 per cent.	12,000	12,000
Wilmington City, Del., 1910, 6 per cent.	2,000	2,000
Louisville City, Ky., 1923, 4 per cent.	25,000	25,000
Baltimore City, Md., 1916, 5 per cent.	77,200	77,200
Baltimore City, Md., 1926, 4 per cent.	8,000	8,000
Boston City, Mass., 1910, 4 per cent.	1,000	1,000
St. Paul City, Minn., 1917, 4½ per cent.	200,000	200,000

Woodbury City, N. J., 1911-1926, 4 per cent.	42,000	42,000
New York City, N. Y., 1916-1956, 4 per cent.	705,000	705,000
Toledo City, Ohio, 1919, 4½ per cent.	67,000	67,000
Zanesville City, Ohio, 1913, 4½ per cent.	45,000	45,000
	$21,626,600	$21,621,210.23

RAILROAD LOANS.

Alabama Central R. R. Co., (Southern), 1918, 6 per cent.	53,000	$53,000
Alabama Great Southern R. R. Co., (Southern), 1927, 5 per cent.	586,000	586,000
Allegheny Valley R. R. Co., 1910, 7 per cent.	400,000	400,000
Allegheny Valley Ry. Co., 1942, 4 per cent.	131,000	130,816.25
Allegheny & Western Ry. Co., 1998, 4 per cent.	103,000	103,000
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Ry. Co., 1995, 4 per cent.	1,100,000	1,096,500
Atlanta & Charlotte Air Line Ry. Co., (Southern), 1910, 4½ per cent.	1,583,000	1,582,930
Baltimore & Ohio R. R. Co., 1925, 3½ per cent.	4,500,000	4,185,000
Baltimore & Potomac R. R. Co., (Main Line), 1911, 6 per cent.	499,000	499,000
Baltimore & Potomac R. R. Co., (Tunnel), 1911, 6 per cent.	156,000	156,000
Beech Creek R. R. Co., (N. Y. Central), 1936, 4 per cent.	32,000	32,000
Brooklyn & Montauk R. R. Co., (Long Island), 1911, 5 per cent.	43,000	43,000
Brooklyn & Montauk R. R. Co., (Long Island), 1911, 6 per cent.	8,000	8,000
Camden & Atlantic R. R. Co., 1911, 5 per cent.	93,000	93,000
Camden & Atlantic R. R. Co., 1911, 6 per cent.	186,000	186,000
Canada Southern Ry. Co., 1913, 6 per cent.	167,000	167,000
Catawissa R. R. Co., 1948, 4 per cent.	582,000	582,000
Central of Georgia Ry. Co., (Mobile Div.), 1946, 5 per cent.	51,000	51,000
Charlotte, Columbia & Augusta R. R. Co., (Southern), 1910, 7 per cent.	130,000	130,000
Cleveland & Pittsburg R. R. Co., (Series A), 1942, 4½ per cent.	33,000	33,000
Columbus & Toledo R. R. Co., (Hocking Valley), 1955, 4 per cent.	535,000	535,000
Continental Passenger Ry. Co., 1959, 4 per cent.	280,000	280,000
Delaware River R. R. & Bridge Co., (Penna.), 1936, 4 per cent.	24,000	24,000
Easton & Amboy R. R. Co., 1920, 5 per cent.	753,000	753,000
Elmira, Cortland & Northern, R. R. Co. (Lehigh Valley), 1914, 5 per cent.	91,000	91,000
Elmira, Cortland & Northern, R. R. Co. (Lehigh Valley), 1914, 6 per cent.	40,000	40,000
Harrisburg, Portsmouth, Mt. Joy & Lancaster R. R. Co., (Penna.), 1913, 4 per cent.	215,500	215,500
Jefferson R. R. Co., (Erie), 1919, 5 per cent.	345,000	345,000
Jeffersonville, Madison & Indianapolis R. R. Co., (P. C. C. & St. L.), 1910, 7 per cent.	88,000	88,000
Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Ry. Co., 1997, 3½ per cent.	1,041,000	968,130
Lehigh Coal & Navigation Co., (R. R. Loan), 1914, 4 per cent.	962,300	962,300
Lehigh Coal & Navigation Ry. Co., (Gold), 1914, 4 per cent.	734,000	734,000
Lehigh Coal & Navigation Ry. Co., 1914, 1½ per cent.	564,042.09	564,042.09
Lehigh Coal & Navigation Ry. Co., 1924, 4½ per cent.	232,000	232,000
Lehigh Coal & Navigation Ry. Co., 1948, 4 per cent.	1,000,000	1,000,000
Lehigh Valley R. R. Co., 1910 7 per cent.	844,000	844,000
Lehigh Valley R. R. Co., 1923, 4½ per cent.	211,000	211,000
Lehigh Valley R. R. Co., 1923, 6 per cent.	372,000	366,375
Lehigh Valley R. R. Co., 1948, 4 per cent.	2,133,000	2,133,000
Lehigh Valley R. R. Co., Annuity, 4½ per cent.	5,000	5,000
Long Island R. R. Co., 1931, 5 per cent.	164,000	164,000
New York, Chicago & St. Louis R. R. Co., 1937, 4 per cent.	1,306,000	1,305,040
New York & Erie R. R. Co., 1919, 5 per cent.	846,000	846,000
New York & Erie R. R. Co., 1920, 5 per cent.	1,413,000	1,413,000
New York & Erie R. R. Co., 1923, 4½ per cent.	2,043,000	2,043,000
New York & Erie R. R. Co., 1928, 4 per cent.	224,500	223,913.85
New York & Erie R. R. Co., 1947, 4 per cent.	951,000	951,000
New York, Lackawanna & Western Ry. Co., 1921, 6 per cent.	213,000	213,000
Northern Central Ry. Co., 1925, 4½ per cent.	200,000	200,000
Northern Central Ry. Co., 1926, 5 per cent.	260,000	260,000
Northern Pacific R. R. Co., 1997, 4 per cent.	1,178,000	1,178,000
North Pennsylvania R. R. Co., 1928, 4 per cent.	100,000	100,000
North Pennsylvania R. R. Co., 1936, 4 per cent.	403,500	403,500
North Pennsylvania R. R. Co., 1953, 3.30 per cent.	2,765,000	2,488,500
Ohio Connecting Ry. Co., (P. C. C. & St. L.), 1943, 4 per cent.	908,000	907,914.17
Ohio & West Virginia Ry. Co., (Hocking Valley), 1910, 7 per cent.	136,000	136,000
Pennsylvania Company, 1921, 4½ per cent.	724,000	724,000
Pennsylvania R. R Co., 1919, 5 per cent.	1,800,000	1,798,750
Pennsylvania R. R. Co., 1923, 4 per cent.	63,000	62,937.50
Pennsylvania R. R. Co., 1943, 4 per cent.	22,000	22,000
Pennsylvania R. R. Co., £237,800 Stg., 1945, 3½ per cent.	1,155,748.90	1,074,846.48
Pennsylvania & New York Canal & R. R. Co., 1939, 4 per cent.	569,000	569,000
Pennsylvania & New York Canal & R. R. Co., 1939, 4½ per cent.	304,000	304,000
Pennsylvania & New York Canal & R. R. Co., 1939, 5 per cent.	310,000	310,000
Perkiomen R. R. Co., (Reading), 1918, 5 per cent.	22,000	22,000
Philadelphia, Baltimore & Washington R. R. Co., 1943, 4 per cent.	3,950,000	3,950,000
Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Co., 1920, 4 per cent.	490,000	490,000
Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Co., 1920, 5 per cent.	670,000	670,000
Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Co., 1920, 6 per cent.	754,000	754,000
Philadelphia & Reading R. R. Co., 1910, 4½ per cent.	27,500	27,500
Philadelphia & Reading R. R. Co., 1910, 6 per cent.	559,000	559,000
Philadelphia & Reading R. R. Co., £38,000 Stg. 1910, 6 per cent.	184,918.75	184,918.75
Philadelphia & Reading R. R. Co., 1911, 6 per cent.	2,159,000	2,159,000
Philadelphia & Reading R. R. Co., 1911, 7 per cent.	2,706,000	2,706,000
Philadelphia & Reading R. R. Co., 1933, 5 per cent.	531,000	531,000
Philadelphia & Reading R. R. Co., 1937, 4 per cent.	1,156,000	1,156,000
Philadelphia & Reading R. R. Co., 1941, 5 per cent.	79,000	79,000
Philadelphia & Reading R. R. Co., 1947, 4 per cent.	2,318,000	2,318,000
Philadelphia, Wilmington & Baltimore R. R. Co., 1910, 5 per cent.	26,000	26,000
Philadelphia, Wilmington & Baltimore R. R. Co., 1922, 4 per cent.	15,000	15,000
Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Ry. Co. (Series A), 1940, 4½ per cent.	1,000,000	1,000,000
Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Ry. Co. (Series B), 1942, 4½ per cent.	1,200,000	1,200,000
Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Ry. Co. (Series C), 1942, 4½ per cent.	69,000	69,000
Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Ry. Co. (Series D), 1945, 4 per cent.	764,000	764,000
Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Ry. Co. (Series F), 1953, 4 per cent.	2,403,000	2,403,000

Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Ry. Co. (Series G), 1957, 4 per cent.	457,000	457,000
Pittsburg, Virginia & Charleston Ry. Co., (Penna.), 1943, 4 per cent.	1,583,000	1,583,000
Reading Co. & Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron Co., 1997, 4 per cent.	712,000	699,088.75
Schuylkill River East Side R. R. Co., 1925, 4 per cent.	1,179,000	1,133,900
South Carolina & Georgia R. R. Co., (Southern), 1919, 5 per cent.	133,000	133,000
Southern Pacific R. R. Co. of Arizona, 1910, 6 per cent.	144,000	144,000
Southern Pacific R. R. Co. of New Mexico, 1911, 6 per cent.	17,000	17,000
Steubenville & Indiana R. R. Co. (P. C. C. & St. L.), 1914, 5 per cent.	413,000	413,000
Union Pacific R. R. Co., 1947, 4 per cent.	736,000	735,113.75
United N. J. R. R. & Canal Co., 1923, 4 per cent.	128,000	128,000
United N. J. R. R. & Canal Co., 1929, 4 per cent.	259,000	259,000
United N. J. R. R. & Canal Co., 1944, 4 per cent.	710,000	710,000
United N. J. R. R. & Canal Co., 1951, 3½ per cent.	1,000,000	930,000
Virginia Midland Ry. Co. (Southern) (Ser. B), 1911, 6 per cent.	184,500	184,500
Virginia Midland Ry. Co. (Southern) (Ser. D), 1921, 5 per cent.	11,000	11,000
Virginia Midland Ry. Co. (Southern) (Ser. E), 1926, 5 per cent.	23,500	23,500
Wabash R. R. Co., (Detroit & Chic. Ex.), 1941, 5 per cent.	354,000	354,000
Western North Carolina R. R. Co., (Southern), 1914, 6 per cent.	118,000	118,000
Western Pennsylvania R. R. Co., 1928, 4 per cent.	366,000	365,310.26
West Jersey & Sea Shore R. R. Co., 1936, 3½ per cent.	325,000	302,250
West Jersey & Sea Shore R. R. Co., 1936, 4 per cent.	859,000	858,800
Wilmigtnon, Columbia & Augusta R. R. Co., (Atlantic Coast Line), 1910, 6 per cent.	49,500	49,500
Railroad loans	$69,809,509.74	$68,899,381.89
Public loans	21,626,600.00	21,621,210.23
	$91,436,109.74	$90,520,592.12
Public loans as charged	$21,621,210.23	
Railroad loans as charged	68,899,381.89	
		$90,520,592.12
Bonds and mortgages		8,658,127.41
Real estate		245,000.00
Cash		5,663,968.59
		$105,087,688.12

LIABILITIES.

Due depositors	$95,513,598.76
Surplus or contingent fund	9,574,089.36
	$105,087,688.12

SIXTY-THIRD ANNUAL REPORT OF AUDITORS OF THE WESTERN SAVING FUND SOCIETY OF PHILADELPHIA.

ASSETS.

$732,000.00	Bonds and mortgages, first incumbrances	$731,550.00
600,000.00	City of Boston, reg. 3½'s, due 1930, $500,000, and 1940, $100,000	600,000.00
200,000.00	City of New York reg. 4's, due 1956	200,000.00
900,000.00	City of Philadelphia reg. 4's, due 1937-8, $600,000, and coupon 3½'s, due 1934, $300,000	900,000.00
1,300,000.00	City of Philadelphia reg. 3½'s, $250,000, and reg. 3's, $1,050,000	1,300,000.00
64,000.00	City of Harrisburg Public Impt. 3½'s, due 1918-19	63,920.00
100,000.00	City of Chicago Sewerage 4's, due 1911	100,000.00
100,000.00	City of Duluth Refunding 4½'s, $40,000, and Water and Light 5's, $60,000	100,000.00
70,000.00	City of Cincinnati Sinking Fund 5's, due 1910	70,000.00
200,000.00	City of Elizabeth, N. J., Adjustment 4's, due 1922	199,708.75
430,000.00	City of Jersey City 5's, $50,000, $65,000, $90,000, Refunding 4's, $100,000, Genl. 4½'s, $100,000, and Park 4's, $25,000	430,000.00
65,000.00	City of Orange, N. J., Water 5's, due 1912	65,000.00
50,000.00	City of Richmond, Va., reg. 5's, due 1921	50,000.00
145,000.00	City of Nashville Water 4½'s, $50,000, $25,000, Water 6's, $45,000, and Water 5's, $25,000	145,000.00
10,000.00	City of Reading, Pa., Refuding 4's, due 1919, callable	10,000.00
25,000.00	City of Camden, N. J., Refuding 4's, due 1919	25,000.00
17,000.00	City of Asheville, N. C., Street and Sewer 5's, 1911	17,000.00
800,000.00	Penna. Company, 4½%, due 1921, coupons, $392,000, reg. $108,000, and 3½'s, due 1916, drawable, $300,000	789,003.31
500,000.00	Lake Shore & Michigan Southern R. W., 1st Mortg. 3½'s, due 1997, $100,000, and 4's, due 1928, $400,000	499,250.00
100,000.00	Terminal R. R. Assn. of St. Louis, Consol. Mtg. 5's, due 1944	100,000.00
200,000.00	Ohio Connecting R. W., 1st Mtg. 4's, due 1943	200,000.00
157,000.00	McKeesport & Belle Vernon R. R., 1st Mortg. 6's, due 1918	157,000.00
550,000.00	Lehigh Coal & Nav. Co., Funding and Impt. Mtg. 4's, due 1948, $400,000, R. R. Mtg. 4's, due 1914, $50,000, and 1st Mortg. 4½'s, due 1914, $100,000	550,000.00
800,000.00	Penna. R. R. Consol. Mtg. 4's, $200,000; 5% Gold Notes, due 1910, $300,000, and Convertible 3½'s of 1915, $300,000	777,532.73
650,000.00	Penna. R. R., 1st Mtg. 6's of 1910, $100,000, Col. Trust 4½'s, due 1913, $300,000, Consol. Mtg. 5's, due 1919, Coupons, $100,000, and Reg. $150,000	643,375.00
700,000.00	Penna. Company, Guaranteed 3½% Trust Certfs, Series A, due 1937, $350,000, and Series B, due 1941, $350,000	691,773.40
75,000.00	Phila. Wil. & Balto. R. R., 4% Stock Trust Certfs., due 1921	71,750.00
110,000.00	New York Dock Co., 1st Mtg. 4's, due 1951, $55,000, and 550 shs. Preferred Stock, $55,000.	85,250.00
50,000.00	Long Dock Co. of N. J., Consol. Mtg. 6's, due 1935	50,000.00
125,000.00	Beech Creek Extension R. R., 1st Mortg. 3½'s, due 1951	112,469.50
25,000.00	Phila., Germanton & Chestnut Hill R. R., 1st Mtg. 4½'s, due 1913	25,000.00
50,000.00	New York, Lackawanna and Western R. R., 1st Mortg. 6's, due 1921	50,000.00
410,000.00	New York Central Lines, 5% Equipt. Trusts, due 1910 to 1919	408,000.00
200,000.00	Pine Creek R. W., 1st Mortg. 6's, due 1932	200,000.00
50,000.00	New York and Hoboken Ferry Co., Genl. Mtg. 5's, due 1946	49,876.25
46,000.00	Phila. & Balto. Central R. R., 1st Mortg. 5's, due 1911	46,000.00
50,000.00	United New Jersey R. R & Canal Co., Genl. Mortg. 4's	46,750.00
500,000.00	Phila., Balto. & Washington R. R., 4% Serial Bonds, due 1915-1923	491,631.76
204,000.00	Delaware River R. R. & Bridge Co., 1st Mtg. 4's, due 1936	204,000.00
100,000.00	Lehigh Valley R. R., 2d Mtg. 7's, due 1910	99,750.00
442,000.00	Pitts., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis R. W., Consol. Mtg. 4½'s, Series A and B, $380,000, and Series C, $62,000, due 1940-42	442,000.00
500,000.00	Pitts., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis R. W., Consol. Mtg. 4's, Series G, $300,000, due 1957, and Series E, 3½'s, due 1949, $200,000	483,250.00
150,000.00	Schuylkill River East Side R. R., 1st Mtg. 4's, due 1925	143,750.00
280,000.00	Phila. & Reading R. R., Consol. Mtg. 7's, $100,000, and 6's, $80,000, due 1911, and Impt. Mtg. 4's, due 1947, $100,000	279,875.00
500,000.00	New York Short Line R. R., due 1957	500,000.00
100,000.00	Reading Company, Jersey Central Collateral 4's, due 1951	94,439.00
200,000.00	Erie R. R., Prior Lien Mtg. 4's, due 1996	196,645.00
175,000.00	Susquehanna Coal Co., First 6's, due 1911	175,000.00
445,000.00	Phila. & Erie R. R., 1st Mtg. 6's, $195,000, and Genl. Mtg. 4's, $250,000, due 1920	445,000.00
200,000.00	Phila. & Reading R. R., Consol. Mortg. Extended 4's, due 1937	200,000.00
775,000.00	Allegheny Valley R. R., 1st Mortg. 7's, due 1910, $525,000, and Genl. Mtg. 4's, due 1942, $250,000	775,000.00

ASSETS.

184,000.00	Erie & Pittsburg R. R., Genl. Mtg. 3½'s, due 1940	172,700.00
100,000.00	New York, Lake Erie & Western Coal & R. R. Co., 1st Mtg. 6's, due 1922	100,000.00
227,000.00	Jefferson R. R., 1st Mtg. Extended 5's, due 1919	226,920.60
117,000.00	New York, Susquehanna & Western R. R. Terminal 5's, due 1943	117,000.00
100,000.00	New York & Erie R. R. 3d Mtg. 4½'s, due 1923	100,000.00
100,000.00	Hannibal & St. Joseph R. R., Consol. Mtg. 6's, due 1911	100,000.00
100,000.00	Mutual Terminal Co. of Buffalo, 1st Mortg. Sinking Fund 4's, due 1924	93,750.00
150,000.00	Chicago & Erie R. R., 1st Mtg. 5's, due 1982	150,000.00
150,000.00	Lehigh Valley R. R., Consol. Mtg. Annuity 6's	150,000.00
500,000.00	Western New York & Penna. R. R. 1st Mortg. 5's, due 1937	500,000.00
60,000.00	Belt R. R. & Stock Yard Co. of Indianapolis Consol. Mtg. 6's, due 1911	60,000.00
175,000.00	Steubenville & Indiana R. R., 1st Mortg. 5's, due 1914	175,000.00
300,000.00	Penna. Steel Rolling Stock, 3½% Trust Certificates, due 1911-12	289,731.00
65,000.00	Cincinnati, Dayton & Ironton R. R., 1st Mortg. 5's, due 1949	65,000.00
100,000.00	New York, New Haven & Hartford R. R., 6% Convertibles, due 1948	100,000.00
590,000.00	New York, Phila. & Norfolk R. R., 4% Stock Trust Certfs., due 1948, $500,000, and 1st Mortg. 4's, due 1939, $90,000	567,518.75
320,000.00	Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling R. W., 1st Mortg. 5's, due 1933, $220,000, and Genl. Mtg. 5's, due 1936, $100,000	320,000.00
25,000.00	West Chester R. R., 1st Mortg. 5's, due 1919	25,000.00
50,000.00	Tioga R. R., 1st Mortg. 5's, due 1915	50,000.00
200,000.00	Easton & Amboy R. R., 1st Mortg. 5's, due 1920	200,000.00
100,000.00	West Phila. Passenger R. W., Mortg. 5's, due 1926	100,000.00
211,000.00	Penna. Steel Co., Coke Oven, 1st Mortg. 4½'s, due 1912, $84,000, and 1st Mortg. 5's, due 1917, $127,000	211,000.00
50,000.00	Chicago & Eastern Illinois R. R. Consol. Mortg. 5's, due 1937	50,000.00
200,000.00	Norfolk & Western R. R., 1st Mtg. 6's, due 1931, $50,000; Impt. and Extn. Mtg. 6's, due 1934, $100,000, and New River Div., 1st Mtg. 6's, due 1932, $50,000	200,000.00
200,000.00	Pittsburg, Youngstown & Ashtabula R. R., Consol. Mtg. 5's, due 1927, $100,000, and Genl. Mtg. 4's, due 1948, $100,000	199,811.25
200,000.00	Central Pacific R. W., 3½% Mtg. Gold Bonds, due 1929	176,026.00
300,000.00	Chicago & Western Indiana R. R., Consol. Mtg. 4's, due 1952	277,075.04
100,000.00	Reading & Columbia R. R., 1st Mtg. 5's, due 1911	100,000.00
50,000.00	Camden & Atlantic R. R., Consol. Mtg. 5's, due 1912	50,000.00
330,000.00	Norfolk & Western R. W., 4% Equipment Trusts, due 1910, $10,000, Series E, due 1910, $100,000, Series G, due 1915, $100,000, and Series C, due 1913, $120,000	318,310.66
62,000.00	Greenbrier & New River R. R. 1st Mortg. 5's, due 1942	61,931.67
50,000.00	Northern Central R. W., Consol. Genl. Mtg. 4½'s, due 1925	50,000.00
300,000.00	Chesapeake & Ohio R. W., 4% Car Trusts, Series D, due 1911-12, $150,000, and Series G, due 1912-13, $150,000	293,052.50
50,000.00	Wabash R. R., 1st Mtg. 5's, due 1939	50,000.00
75,000.00	Jamaica & Brooklyn Road Co., 1st Mortg. 5's, due 1930	75,000.00
200,000.00	Choctaw, Oklahoma & Gulf R. R., Consol. Mtg. 5's, due 1952	200,000.00
250,000.00	Chicago, Hammond & Western R. R., 1st Mortg. 6's, due 1927	250,000.00
200,000.00	Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific R. W., Genl. Mtg. 4's, due 1988	200,000.00
140,000.00	St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern R. W., Consol. and Land Grant Mtg. 5's, due 1931	140,000.00
404,000.00	Balto. & Ohio R. R. (West Va. System) 4's, due 1941, $254,000, Prior Lien Mtg. 3½'s, due 1925, $50,000, and Pitts. Junc. and Middle Div. 3½'s, due 1925, $100,000	379,468.56
50,000.00	Norfolk & Southern R. R., 1st Mtg. 5's, due 1941	50,000.00
60,000.00	Central R. R. of New Jersey, Genl. Mtg. 100 yr. 5's, due 1987	60,000.00
300,000.00	Chesapeake & Ohio R. W., Consol. Mortg. 5's, due 1939, $200,000, and Potts Creek Branch, 1st Mtg. 4's, due 1946, $100,000	288,000.00
200,000.00	Greenbrier R. W., 1st Mortg. 4's, due 1940	190,750.00
100,000.00	Choctaw & Memphis R. R., 1st Mtg. 5's, due 1949	100,000.00
100,000.00	Penna. & Nth. Western R. R., Genl. Mtg. 5's, due 1930	100,000.00
30,000.00	Chesapeake & Ohio R. W., Special Car Trust 4's, Series B, due 1910-12	28,800.00
200,000.00	Penna. Steel Equipment 3½% Trust Certfs., due 1910	195,080.00
100,000.00	Shamokin, Sunbury & Lewisburg R. R., 2d Mtg. 6's, due 1925	100,000.00
154,000.00	Southern R. W., 4½% Equipt. Trust, Series L, due 1913, $48,000, and Series K 4's, due 1911 to 1915, $106,000	150,346.66
300,000.00	Norfolk & Western R. W., 4% Equipt. Trust, Series N, $50,000, and Series O and L, due 1911-12, $250,000	297,550.00
6,250.00	New York, New Haven & Hartford R. R. Co., Stock, 250 shs., 25% paid@125%	7,812.50
81,000.00	Chicago & Western Indiana R. R., Genl. Mtg. 6's, due 1932, drawable @ 105%	81,000.00
500,000.00	The Washington Terminal Co., 1st Mortg. 4's, due 1945	500,000.00
2,311,975.00	Temporary Loans with Collateral	2,311,975.00
274,985.71	Real Estate, Office Buildings and other properties	274,985.71
1,625,617.00	Cash	1,625,617.00
$28,705,827.71	Total assets at par, $28,705,582.71. Market value, $29,413,320.31. Cost as charged	$28,396,762.60

LIABILITIES.

Deposits to December 31st, 1909	$25,031,818.37		
Interest added for 1909	862,392.53		
Due depositors January 1st, 1910		$25,894,210.90	
Surplus or contingent fund		2,502,551.70	
			$28,396,762.60

CERTIFICATE OF AUDITORS.

The undersigned Auditors appointed by the President Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas of Philadelphia to audit and settle the accounts of The Western Saving Fund Society of Philadelphia for the year 1909, having been duly sworn according to law, faithfully so to do, certify that the assets of the said Society, at the close of business on the thirty-first day of December, 1909, have been examined and verified by them and that the cost thereof as set forth in the above schedule agrees with the books and the balance sheet of the Society. The amount due to depositors, including interest on the first day of January, 1910, and the surplus of contingent fund are correctly stated and in agreement with the books and the balance sheet.

Philadelphia, January 22, 1910.

E. B. COLAHAN, Jr.
JOHN C. HENCHLEY,
HENRY FLANDERS.

REASONS FOR PARDONS AND COMMUTATIONS, JANUARY 1, 1909, TO JANUARY 1, 1911.

COMMUTATION NO. 1—1909.

January 22, 1909.

His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery in and for the County of Philadelphia, at June Term, 1908, George Eells was convicted of the crime of murder in the first degree, and on October 29, 1908, he was sentenced to be hanged.

The applicant, George Eells, was born in Philadelphia, and is now 63 years of age. He is a veteran of the Civil War, and was for many years a police officer. Fifteen years ago he ceased to live with his wife and children, and lived with Ella Paschale, by whom he had three children. He supported both families, and was very devoted to the children

by the Paschale woman.

In May, 1907, this woman left him and the children and went to live in the house next door to Eells' house, with an aunt, one Mrs. Endress. A brother of Mrs. Paschale came to 330 Monroe street (Eells' house) to take care of the children. Eells accused the woman of intimacy with other men—particularly with one Frank Jewell, a man as old as himself, who was a brother of Mrs. Endress and the father of a certain Kate Jewell—and accused all these people of furthering that intimacy. They, on the other hand, were insulting and aggravating to him.

On Sunday evening, about 7 o'clock, March 29, 1908, Eells had just come off duty, and was in the parlor of his house. He was there seen by the brother of Mrs. Paschale, trying his revolver, which, as he told the witness, was out of order. He had done this a week previous. Having the weapon thus accidentally in his hand, he went out on the front door steps. At this moment Ella Paschale and Kate Jewell came out of the alley between the adjoining houses. Eells conceived the idea that they were going to meet Jewell. He spoke to them, and they made a taunting reply. He flared up, and fired at them; striking the Paschale woman under the eye, from the effect of which she died, and the Jewell woman in the neck, from which wound she recovered. Mrs. Endress then came out of the alley, and he fired at her, killing her. A fourth shot went wild. All the shots were fired in rapid succession; a fifth cartridge in the revolver was not fired. Eells was then seized by a bystander, gave up his weapon, and was taken in charge by the police. Eells promptly engaged counsel, but little seems to have been done in the way of preparing a defense, and the prisoner's witnesses were subpoenaed on the second day of the trial.

The Board is in receipt of the following letter from the Hon. Robert Ralston:

"Court of Common Pleas No. 5.
Philadelphia, Jan. 19, 1909.

To the Honorable, the Board of Pardons, Harrisburg, Pa.
(In reapplication of George Eells).

Sirs:—The prisoner was tried before me on June 23, 1908, for the murder of Ella Paschale, and convicted of murder of the first degree. The prisoner, at the time when he killed Ella Paschale, also shot and killed a Mrs Endress, and shot Kate Jewell in the neck. She recovered from the wound. The prisoner's defense was insanity, but the evidence fell short of establishing that the prisoner was insane.

The prisoner is a man about sixty-two years old. He had been on the police force for many years. On the trial, it appeared that the prisoner had left his wife some fifteen years ago, and had lived with Ella Paschale until some time in May, 1907, and had three children by her. Ella Paschale left him on account of quarrels she had with him, and went to live in the adjoining house. The prisoner became very jealous of her, and believed she was going with other men. His companions and those who came in contact with him, noticed a great depression of spirits and much worry about his domestic affairs. On the night when the crime was committed, the prisoner was in a state of jealous rage, which was the result of a long period of brooding over Ella Paschale. He apparently believed at the time, when he shot her, that she was going to meet another man. His motive for shooting Mrs. Endress and Kate Jewell appears to have been because Ella Paschale lived with them and they had taken her part.

The appeal for clemency, I understand, is based upon the man's age, his long and excellent record on the police force, and the fact that he had, by long brooding upon his troubles, gotten into a very depressed and excitable state of mind.

At the request of the prisoner's counsel, I have set forth the above facts for the information of the Board.

I am, with great respect,
Your obedient servant,
ROBERT RALSTON."

———I have written the above because I deem the present case one which should be submitted for the consideration of your Honorable Board.

ROBERT RALSTON."

The Board is also in receipt of the following letter from the Hon. Mayor Sulzberger with reference to the case:

Court of Common Pleas No. 2.
Philadelphia, Dec. 29, 1908.

To the Board of Pardons.

Gentlemen:—At the hearing of the rule for new trial in the matter of the conviction of George Eells, I sat with the trial Judge, the Honorable Robert Ralston, and with Judge Magill.

We all concurred in the propriety of the verdict and judgment of murder in the first degree.

Nevertheless, it was then and still is my impression, that the case was a proper one to present to the Board of Pardons, in order that it, as the proper tribunal, might investigate whether, under all the circumstances, there was room for grace by way of mitigating the severity of the punishment.

Very respectfully yours,
MAYER SULZBERGER."

In view of the fact that the applicant is of advanced age; that by long and faithful service he had established an excellent record as an officer; that being a policeman, he had the right to carry a weapon, which at the time of the shooting was accidentally in his hand; that by long brooding over his domestic troubles he had gotten into a very depressed and excitable state of mind—as set forth in the letter of the learned trial Judge—that there was no time for premeditation; and in the heat of passion, roused by the taunts and insults of the women, he fired the deadly shots—the Board respectfully recommends that the death sentence imposed upon the said George Eells be commuted to that of life imprisonment.

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

COMMUTATION NO. 2—1909.

January 21, 1909.

His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery in and for Fayette County, at June Term, 1907, William L. Cate was convicted of the crime of murder in the first degree, and on August 6, 1907, the defendant was sentenced to be hanged. The Supreme Court reversed the judgment of the court below, and a venire facias de novo was awarded. The case again came to trial, the defendant was convicted of murder in the first degree, and on October 20, 1908, was sentenced to be hanged. On December 7, 1908, application for commutation of sentence was filed.

The applicant is a native of Tennessee, and is now about fifty years old. He was occupied there as a miner and as a watchman. While engaged in the latter employment, during a strike he was twice assaulted; the first time receiving a serious injury to his forehead, and the second time receiving a serious injury to his head, just above the ear. These injuries made pronounced depressions in the skull, and from then Cate has been a continuous sufferer. Cate came to Pennsylvania in 1905, and in September of that year was elected as the police officer of Bellevernon. He was regarded as an efficient officer. On account of failing health, he resigned in October, 1906, and was succeeded by Thomas L. Guess, whom Cate had recommended for the place. Cate was afterwards, for a brief period, a policeman at Monessen. A recurrence of spells of epilepsy caused him to abandon this character of employment, and he sought and obtained work in the coal mines near Bellevernon.

On May 15, 1907, the day prior to the homicide, Cate, having suffered an epileptic attack, left his work about noon, went to his home in West Bellevernon, and remained there. All that night he walked the floor, suffering great pain. The next morning at about ten o'clock, having eaten no breakfast, he crossed the river to Bellevernon, and during the succeeding three hours drank from ten to fifteen ten-ounce glasses of beer. While there he had an altercation with a bartender, whose enmity he had incurred while he was a policeman. The bartender called Cate a vile name, which seemed to be the spark needed to blaze the embers of his rage, and he completely lost control of his passions. He went to his home, and it was proven that he was intoxicated. Securing a revolver, he returned to town and again made the rounds of the saloons. Because of his condition, he was refused further drinks, and, soon after two o'clock was arrested by Policeman Guess for drunkenness. Several of the State's witnesses testified that Cate was "very drunk." He was taken to the lockup, where, while being searched, he drew a revolver, and then shot Guess, the bullet entering the forehead.

Cate and Guess had always been friends, the former frequently assisting the latter in making arrests on Saturday nights, and at other times when unemployed. No motive for the homicide was apparent.

In support of the application for a commutation of sentence, nine of the trial jurors of the second trial unite in a petition praying that mercy be shown and that a recommendation of commutation of sentence be made.

The Hon. E. H. Reppert, one of the trial judges, has written the Board as follows:

"Uniontown, Pa., Nov. 16, 1908.

To the Honorable, the Board of Pardons, Harrisburg, Pa.

Dear Sirs:—Cate, in appearance and bearing, is a man of very inferior mental equipment, and was so found on an examination by disinterested representatives of the State Board of Charities, made by my request. His condition was further aggravated by his life and intemperate habits. At the time of the homicide he was quite drunk, the question for the jury being simply the degree to which his intoxication affected his responsibility for the act.

It might well have been a very serious question whether a verdict of second degree was not more in accord with a close analysis of the evidence. Under all the circumstances, it is my judgment that this application for a commutation to imprisonment for life is meritorious; and, in all probability, if the jury had possessed the power to render such a verdict, they would have so done.

Very respectfully yours,
E. H. REPPERT."

The Hon. Robert E. Umbel, the judge presiding at the second trial, writes the Board as follows:

"Uniontown, November 16, 1908.

To the Honorable, the Board of Pardons, Harisburg, Pa.

Gentlemen:—In re-application of William L. Cate for commutation of death sentence to life imprisonment, I beg to submit the following in his behalf, viz:

I endorse and approve the second reason urged in his petition. I have given this case much thought and careful consideration. It has been tried twice in the Oyer and Terminer of Fayette County, with the same result each time, and the juries trying the case under the evidence submitted could not be severely censured for the verdicts rendered, and in my opinion if a dozen trials should be had in this case, the result would unquestionably be either a verdict of murder in the first degree, or a verdict of not guilty on account of the defendant being irresponsible or insane at the time he fired the shot that killed his victim; which latter, in my judgment, is what the verdict should have been, and then, under the statute, we could have taken the necessary steps to have him confined for life. The means now urged and proposed will accomplish the same purpose, and perhaps more effectively and better for the protection of the community. I therefore join, with all the force my recommendation can carry, in the prayer of the defendant, that your honorable Board give his application favorable consideration.

ROBERT E. UMBEL."

The second reason of the applicant's petition, to which Judge Umbel refers, is as follows:

"He is a man, naturally, of low mentality and uneducated. He was injured twice on the head several years ago, which produced marked indentations in his skull, have so affected his brain as to make him a subject of epilepsy. The eight physicians called as witnesses in the case testified that, in their opinion, your petitioner, at the time he fired the shot that killed the deceased, was irresponsible. He is in poor health."

The Board is also in receipt of a letter from Thomas H. Hudson, the District Attorney of Fayette County, who represented the Commonwealth at both trials of Cate. The letter reviews the case at some length, and concludes as follows:

"I think the ends of justice, however, would be fully met by commuting his sentence to life imprisonment, and I most respectfully request your Honorable Board to make such commutation."

Because of the reasons presented in the letters of the trial Judges, and the recommendation of the District Attorney, the Board respectfully recommends that the sentence of death imposed upon the said William L. Cate be commuted to that of life imprisonment.

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

COMMUTATION NO. 3—1909.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Philadelphia County, at September Sessions, 1907, Raphael Perrie was convicted of the crime of murder in the first degree, and was by the said court thereupon, December 13, 1907, sentenced to be hanged.

Application was made to this board at the October Session for commutation of death sentence to life imprisonment, which application, after due consideration, was refused. Subsequently, at the January meeting of the board, an application was made for a rehearing in the case, which was allowed, and the case was again argued at the February meeting, when much additional new evidence was produced, thus convincing the board that sufficient doubt exists as to the guilt of the prisoner to warrant a recommendation of commutation of the death penalty to a sentence of imprisonment for life.

The homicide, of which the prisoner was found guilty, occurred on the evening of September 2, 1907, on Baynton Street, Germantown. Joseph Consoli, the deceased, engaged in an altercation with two brothers, James and Raphael Perrie. Four or five shots were fired, and Consoli was killed. James Perrie immediately absconded, and his whereabouts have been unknown to the police ever since. Raphael, the petitioner, was arrested, tried and convicted of the crime.

Since the previous application for commutation was heard affidavits have been secured from nine witnesses, who did not testify at the trial that it was James, and not Raphael, who had the revolver and fired the shots. Affidavits have also been produced from parties living in Lakewood, N. J., stating that James Perrie was at that place within a few days after the shooting, when he admitted that he was fleeing because of a crime he had committed in Philadelphia and with which his brother was charged.

The case as now presented to the board is of such a character as to warrant the belief that sufficient doubt exists of the applicant having been the one who fired the fatal shots, and the board is constrained to recommend to your Excellency the commutation of the sentence of death passed upon Raphael Perrie, the applicant, to that of imprisonment for life.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

COMMUTATION NO. 4—1909.

June 16, 1909.

To His Excellency, Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Oyer and Terminer of the County of Philadelphia, to No. 384, July Sessions, 1908, Robert E. Brown was, January 26, 1909, convicted on an indictment charging him with murder, and after refusal of a new trial was, March 8, 1909, sentenced to be hanged.

An application for commutation of sentence of death to that of imprisonment for life was filed with us April 12, 1909, and the same was fully heard and considered at the June meeting of the board.

After a careful consideration of the case as presented to us, and having special reference to a letter from Judge Charles B. Staples, of the Forty-third Judicial District, who specially presided at the trial, we recommend that the application for commutation be allowed.

The prisoner, Robert E. Brown, is a young man of about twenty-two years of age, comes from a good family, and prior to the commission of this crime seems to have borne a good reputation. The victim of the homicide was Mrs. Annie Casner, wife of George W. Casner. Before marrying Casner she and Brown were lovers, and were engaged to be married. A quarrel between them led to their separation, and soon afterwards Annie married Casner. Previous to the separation of Brown and the woman there had been illicit intimacy between them, and the woman became pregnant. At the instance of Brown, and, as he alleges, with the connivance of the husband, an abortion was performed. Mrs. Casner, after her marriage, resumed her intimate relations with Brown and finally left her husband. The intimacy between her and Brown was kept up from that on.

Brown being out of employment in the spring of 1908—he was a butcher by occupation—determined to enlist in the United States service. It is alleged that he had been endeavoring to persuade Mrs. Casner to return to her husband, which she declined to do. On the evening of the 24th of June, 1908, the prisoner met the woman on the street, late at night, and had an interview with her, wherein he endeavored to induce her to return to her husband, she resisting his importunity, and shortly after midnight, the woman persisting in her refusal to go back to her hus-

nd, and, according to defendant's statement, that he de-ed to keep her from going to the bad altogether while was away from her, and in order, as he avers, that he ght meet her in the future life, etc., he plunged a knife o her heart, from the effect of which she died almost stantly. Brown at once absconded, and soon afterwards is discovered at the house of a relative in the neighbor-od, gave himself up, and admitted the commission of the t.

On his trial the defense was insanity, the allegation be-z that by reason of brooding over his previous relations th the woman, their separation, etc., his mind became balanced to such an extent as to render him irrespon-ole for his acts.

The letter which Judge Staples addressed to the board plains the situation of the case as it appears before the ard, and it is on this letter mainly that we base our commendation for commutation. The letter is as fol-ws:

"o the Board of Pardons of the Commonwealth of Pennsyl-vania:

(In repetition of Robert E. Brown for Pardon).

Gentlemen:—I presided in the Court of Oyer and Terminer the City of Philadelphia at the trial of this case, in which e defendant, Robert E. Brown, was convicted of murder in e first degree.

Upon a motion for a new trial by the defendant, a rule was anted, and an argument was had in banc, Judges Ralston, artin and I sitting. It was the unanimous decision of that ourt that no error had been committed in the trial of the se, and that the defendant was justly convicted of the crime ith which he was charged, viz: murder in the first degree. hereupon he was called for sentence, and by me sentenced to hung.

In my charge to the jury I instructed them that if they ound from the evidence in the case that the defendant was sane at the time the act was committed, which resulted in e death of the girl killed, they should acquit him; but if they ould not so find from the evidence that they should then nsider whether or not he was guilty of murder in the first murder in the second degree, and, as I could see nothing in e evidence to warrant a verdict of murder in the second egree, I instructed that jury that, in my opinion, they should nvict him of murder in the first degree, if they found from e evidence beyond a reasonable doubt that he had killed er.

I felt it was my duty as judge to charge as strongly as I id, but at the time and since, I have felt that as a man, iewing the acts of a boy, that this is a proper case for par-on and commutation of the sentence of death to life imprison-ent. I do not have any doubt about the defendant's insanity. am clearly of the opinion that at the time he committed the ct he was sane; but from all the evidence in the case, and om the appearance of the defendant during the trial, and t the time of sentence, I am fairly convinced that he was ot accountable to that degree that a man ought to be in order to nflict the punishment of death for an act like that for which e was convicted.

I know it was a horrible crime, and I have no such mawky entimentality as would tend to make me reluctant to do my ull duty in a case which might result in the death punish-ent. But when I am confronted with the age of this boy nd his want of what I would consider strong mind, I think he ends of justice would be well subserved if his sentence ere commuted to life imprisonment; and, for these reasons, hereby recommend to your Honorable Board that if, after a areful consideration of the case, you think it advisable, the entence of death be commuted to that of life imprisonment.

Very respectfully yours,
CHAS. D. STAPLES, P. J.
April 6, 1909. 43rd Jud. Dist. Spec. Presiding."

In view therefore of the foregoing, we recommend that he sentence of death imposed upon the applicant, Robert E. Brown, be commuted to that of imprisonment for life.

Respectfully submitted.

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Board of Pardons.
Harrisburg, October 20, 1909.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Oyer and Terminer of the County of York, to No. 19 January Sessions, 1908, Henry Snyder was convicted, April 28, 1908, on an indictment charging him with the crime of murder. After refusing a motion for a new trial, the said Court, on January 9, 1909, sentenced the said defendant to be hanged. On appeal to the Supreme Court the judgment of the Court of Oyer and Terminer was affirmed, April 26, 1909. The date of execution was fixed for August 3, 1909, but a respite staying the execution until September 21 was awarded. On September 1, 1909, application for commutation was filed with this Board, and a further respite was awarded staying the execution until October 26, 1909.

The application for commutation was heard at the September meeting of the Board, and the case held under advisement until the October meeting; and now, after a thorough and exhaustive examination with regard to the facts and circumstances attending the prisoner's connection with this homicide, and a careful study and consideration of the record before us, we are of the opinion that the application merits our approval, and the Board therefore recommends that the sentence of death passed upon the applicant, Henry Snyder, be commuted to that of imprisonment for life.

The homicide for which the applicant was indicted took place under the following circumstances: The applicant, a young man between twenty-one and twenty-two years of age, with two companions, spent the evening of November 16, 1908, in the city of York. They were all country boys, living in the neighborhood of the village of Pleasureville, some five miles from York. While in York that evening these boys indulged in the use of intoxicants, Snyder drinking six glasses of beer between the hours of 8.30 and 10.30 o'clock. About half past 10 o'clock the three started for their homes in the country, all riding in one buggy. They took with them a quart of whiskey, which the three drank on their way to Pleasureville or within a short time after reaching that place, all within about an hour and a quarter. At Pleasureville these three boys met two other boys, who were neighbors and companions. These last-named two were William Hoover and Kerwin Hoover, brothers, several years younger than Snyder, being about seventeen and eighteen years old respectively. These two Hoover boys were the victims of the homicide. Shortly after this meeting at Pleasureville the first-named two companions of Snyder proceeded on their way, presumably to their homes, leaving Snyder and the two Hoover boys to go their way, which lay in a different direction. The first-named companions of Snyder did not see or hear anything of the fatal occurrence that happened within a few moments after the parting. Very soon after the separation and just after Snyder and the Hoovers had turned a corner in the road, four shots were fired in rapid succession, and about a minute later two more shots were heard. On the following morning the bodies of William Hoover and Kerwin Hoover were found lying in the road just beyond where they had turned off with Snyder. William had a bullet wound back of the right ear and Kerwin had a similar wound in the forehead. Both were unconscious when found, and both died soon afterwards without regaining consciousness.

Snyder was arrested the following day, charged with committing the homicide. He was tried on an indictment charging him with the murder of William Hoover, and although there were no witnesses to the killing, yet the defendant made certain confessions which fixed the deed upon him, and there is no doubt but that he committed the homicide. There is no evidence of any quarrel or altercation, and the actual happenings of this sad affair will never be known. Snyder himself is unable to give any explanation, and seems to have no recollection of what really did take place. He and the Hoover boys were the best of friends, the families living on adjoining farms, and, so far as is known, no possible motive for murder existed.

The following is a concise statement of the reasons advanced in support of the application for clemency:

1. Impaired mentality of prisoner, resulting from epilepsy and other causes.
2. Great intoxication of prisoner when the crime was committed.
3. The crime was committed on a sudden impulse, without consideration or reflection.
4. The prisoner, when the crime was committed, was less than twenty-two years old, and had a very good reputation for peace.
5. Public sentiment favors commutation of the sentence.

The report of competent and reputable physicians who examined this applicant bears out the allegations of impaired mentality of the prisoner to such an extent as to render him irresponsible. His family history shows there was a strong inherited taint of epilepsy and alcoholism. His father was an epileptic until about thirteen years of

age. His father had seven brothers and four sisters. One of these brothers was out of his mind at twenty-two years. He had one son who had St. Vitus' dance. Another of these brothers died young from spasms. A third brother was treated in the hospital of the University of Pennsylvania for mental trouble, and he had religious mania. One of the sisters had a child who had St. Vitus' dance. Another sister had a child who died from spasms, and a son who since the trial of this prisoner died a maniac in the State Asylum, and also a daughter who is an imbecile. The prisoner's mother is subect to sick headaches. She had a brother who died young, and another who is a heavy drinker. She has a sister who has a child who suffers with St. Vitus' dance, and a sister who died from spasms. The prisoner's brother Clarence had spasms twice. His paternal grandfather worked at a distillery, and was a steady drinker of whiskey for years. His paternal grandmother had sickheadaches a great deal, and in later life became feeble-minded. There were collaterals on both sides who drank to excess. The personal history of the prisoner, as detailed in this report, shows Snyder to have been an epileptic from infancy. His mind was weak. Although he went to school he could not learn, but was dull and stupid and could not make progress. He could not be trusted to undertake any work alone, but always had to be guided and overlooked. He was not in the habit of drinking, having been intoxicated but once prior to this fatal night, and that some three years before. During his youth he fell from a loaded wagon, and the wheels of the vehicle passed over his head, injuring him very severely and aggravating his mental weakness.

The conclusion of the report of Dr. George E. Holtzappel, which is concurred in by Dr. M. J. McKinnon, who was present at the examination, from which report we glean the foregoing information with regard to the family of Snyder, is in the following terms:

"In short, after a careful consideration of his antecedents, of his own history and of his own physical make-up, we have in him in brief a very marked neuropathic heredity. With the occurrence of both major and minor epileptic attacks until he was seventeen years of age and slight minor attacks since that time, with mental incapacity at school and at home, with an injury to his head, with a minor attack the evening before the alleged murder, and a large amount of beer and whiskey within a few hours before the tragedy of which he is charged—from my knowledge of this case and the natural disposition of epileptics under practically similar circumstances, I believe that Henry Snyder at the time of the tragedy was suffering from an irresistable epileptic impulsion, when he was not able to distinguish right from wrong, and that he is to-day a demented epileptic."

The friendly relations between Snyder and his victims and the entire absence of motive for murder remove the thought of premeditation and malice.

The fouth and fifth reasons above quoted are sustained by a large number of affidavits, letters and petitions on file with our record, showing that the sentiment of the community favors commutation of the death sentence by reason of weakness of mind of the applicant.

Therefore, for the reasons hereinbefore set forth we are of the belief that Executive clemency should be extended this prisoner to the extent of commuting the death sentence to that of imprisonment for life, and we therefore recommend that such commutation be granted the applicant, Henry Snyder.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

COMMUTATION NO. 6—1909.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Board of Pardons.
Harrisburg, October 20, 1909.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Oyer and Terminer of the County of Philadelphia, to No. 1, November Term 1907, Walter Hallowell was, on March 12, 1908, convicted on an indictment charging him with murder. On October 29, 1908, the motion for new trial filed on behalf of the prisoner was overruled, and the defendant was thereupon sentenced b the Court to be hanged. The Supreme Court of the Co monwealth, on March 1, 1909, affirmed the judgment the Court of Oyer and Terminer on appeal. On June 1909, application for commutation was filed with th Board, and this application was finally considered at th October meeting of the Board. Upon due examination int the merits of the case the Board recommends that the a plication be granted, and that commutation of death se tence to that of imprisonment for life be awarded th applicant, Walter Hallowell.

The applicant is a young man of about thirty-one thirty-two years of age. The victim of the crime was young woman named Anna Sabold, of about the same ag as the prisoner. These two persons had known one a other for a considerable time; there are allegations of th existence of an intimacy between them at one time, bu later on the woman seems to have rejected him. The hom cide was committed on the streets of Philadelphia, on th 14th of October, 1907, about 5.30 or 6 o'clock in the a ternoon. The weapon used was a pistol. The first sho slightly wounded the woman, and she fell to the pavemen then the assailant leaned over her and shot her agian a short range, and then threw the revolver at her. She die from the effects of the shooting within a few days. Th prisoner was apprehended immediately on the commissio of the act, and there is no doubt about his guilt.

The reason assigned in the application for clemency i that the prisoner was at the time of the perpetration of th murder, and is now, insane.

On the trial of the case there was medical testimony o both sides of the question of the prisoner's sanity; as wel as testimony of his strange actions and appearances; als of the fact of his having venereal diseases. It cannot b doubted that the actions of the man were peculiar in man respects, and there is grave doubt as to his responsibilit though the jury found him guilty of murder in the firs degree. He appears to be a degenerate, and his miserabl physical condition is largely the result of his unrestraine indulgences.

Judge Ralston, who presided at the trial of the prisone while asserting the correctness of the verdict, concludes tha his is a case where Executive clemency can be properl exercised. The following is a copy of the letter of th Judge, addressed to the Board:

"October 6, 1909.

To the Honorable, the Board of Pardons, Harisburg, Pa.
(In reHallowell).

Sirs:—I have been asked to express my opinion upon th propriety of extending clemency to the prisoner. Although h was properly convicted, nevertheless his mind was weak an his body shattered by disease—syphillis—he had no adequa motive for the killing, and his condition was very close to th line of insanity recognized by the law as an excuse for crim

After carefully considering the matter I have reached the con clusion that it is one in which your Honorable Board migh very properly commute the sentence of death to imprisonmer for life.

I am, Sirs, Very respectfully,
Your Obdt. Servant,
ROBERT RALSTON,
Trial Judge.

Upon a careful examination of the papers before us, an there appearing to be a serious doubt as to the prisoner' accountability owing to his impaired mentality, and havin due regard to the suggestion of the Trial Judge, we believ that it would be an act of wisdom, as well as of mercy, t extend clemency to this unfortunate convict, and we there fore respectfully recommend that the sentence of death im posed upon the applicant, Walter Hallowell, be commute to that of imprisonment for life.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.
ROBET McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

COMMUTATION NO. 7.—1909.

December 15, 1909.

His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Oyer and Terminer of the County of Clinton, to No. 1, January Term, 1909, Frank Letampo

vas convicted on an indictment charging him with murder, and, on April 28, 1909, was sentenced to be hanged. The victim of the homicide was Antonio Mazzani. Both parties were Italians. The murder occurred on the 22d day of November, 1908, in the borough of Renova, Clinton County.

The defendant has applied to the Board for a recommendation to Your Excellency that Executive clemency be accorded him in the commutation of the death sentence to that of imprisonment for life. At our meeting this day we gave a careful hearing to the application, and, after due consideration of the case, we find the application deserving of a favorable endorsement. We therefore recommend that the death sentence imposed upon the applicant, Frank Letampo, be commuted to that of imprisonment for life.

Letampo is now about forty-two years of age. He has been in this country since 1888, and is a naturalized citizen. He is a native of the Province of Salerno. He has lived in Clinton County and the borough of Renova for nearly twenty years, most of the time being in the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad. He is a married man, and has a family of two children, aged respectively nine and seven years. Several months prior to the homicide his wife deserted him, running away with another Italian, a Calabrian. Letampo naturally became suspicious of and inimical to all Calabrians. After his wife left him he and his two children lived with an Italian family in Renova by the name of Curzio; but some time in November, 1908, he had made arrangements with another family to keep house for him at his own house in another part of the town. On the evening of November 22, he, with this other man and woman went to the Curzio house to get the children and move to the Letampo home. At the Curzio place they found a party of Italians engaged in playing cards for drinks. Letampo did not take part in the game, and had nothing at all to do with the players. While he and his friends were there a dispute arose between two of the Italians engaged in the play, and a fight became imminent. The parties quarreling moved to another room, and as they were about coming together near the door leading to the yard Mrs. Curzio stepped between them and separated them. Mazzani passed out or was pushed out the door. Letampo was not a participant in this quarrel in any way, but was attending to his own affairs. He happened to be close by when Mazzani reached the outside of the house and just at that moment a shot was fired by some one, Mazzani was struck by the bullet and left the premises; he died from the effects of the wound within a few days. Mrs. Curzio testified that Letampo fired the shot. Mazzani made statements, which were received in evidence as dying declarations, that Letampo had shot him. Letampo has always stoutly maintained the contrary. It is a significant fact in this connection that another Italian, known to have an enmity against the man whom Mazzani was fighting, disappeared from the locality that night and has not been heard of since. The theory is advanced that this fugitive is the man who fired the shot, and that it was intended not for Mazzani, who was killed, but for the other man with whom he was contending.

After the shooting Letampo and his children and the man and woman who came with him went to Letampo's home, and they all retired to bed. Some time during the night Letampo was arrested, charged with the murder. No weapons were found on him, and he was not known to have had any weapon that evening. No motive whatever is ascribed for his killing Mazzani, other than his hatred for Calabrians in general.

Lack of motive, and the defendant's good reptation, are, in brief, the grounds of this application for relief. They make a substantial foundation on which has been built the structure of a strong plea for clemency.

In his present perilous position the defendant's good reputation proves itself to be of valuable assistance to him. The testimony of his neighbors, of his employers, of his fellow workmen, and of the citizens of Renova generally, is that he has been an exemplary citizen, quiet, industrious, inoffensive, peaceful and law abiding. Public sentiment seems to be overwhelming that the application should be favorably received. The letters and petitions filed with us show that the Judges of the Court, various county and borough officials, the foremen of the different departments of the Pennsylvania Railroad shops where he worked, and a host of neighbors and acquaintances, endorse his plea for commutation.

Judge Hall, who presided at the trial, writes as follows:

"Ridgway, Pa., Nov. 4, 1909.

To the Honorable, the Board of Pardons of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen:—In re application for Executive Clemency of Frank Letampo, convicted of murder in the first degree in Court of Oyer and Terminer of Clinton County at January Term, 1909, and sentenced to death April 28, 1909, I have the honer to report: That this defendant had been a resident of Renova, Pa., and vicinity for a period of seventeen years prior to the commission of the crime, during all of which time it is universally conceded that he was an honest, sober, industrious, law-abiding and in every way exemplary citizen.

A few months before the crime was committed a native of Calabria eloped with his wife, leaving him with two very small children, of whom he was excessively fond. He seems to have then reached the conclusion that all Calabrians were scoundrels, without any redeeming qualities, and that it would be for the good of society if they were exterminated. There is no doubt that this idea finally became with him an actual obsession.

On the night of the tragedy, the victim, who was a Calabrian, was drunk and offensive, and became engaged in a quarrel. Letampo had no acquaintance with him and no interest in the quarrel, and could have no motive in committing the crime, except the obsession to which I have referred.

There is a universal sentiment in Clinton County that this is not a case in which it is necessary or proper that the defendant should suffer the extreme penalty of the law, and that the ends of justice would be fully satisfied if his sentence were commuted to imprisonment for life, and as I personally fully agree with this opinion I recommend that the death sentence be commuted.

Very respectfully,
HENRY ALVAN HALL,
Trial Judge."

It would seem, therefore, from an examination of this record, and ascribing to the endorsements and recommendations the importance which their character merits, that the case is entitled to merciful intervention on the part of the Executive, and that the clemency sought can with propriety be granted. Accordingly we recommend that the sentence of death imposed upon Frank Letampo be commuted to that of imprisonment for life.

Respectfully submitted,
ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

COMMUTATION NO. 8—1910.

March 16, 1910.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Oyer and Terminer of the County of Blair, to No. 3, January Sessions, 1907, Rocco Cirrullo was convicted on an indictment charging him with murder. The verdict of the jury was rendered on the 24th day of April, 1907, and on the 5th day of August, 1907, the prisoner was sentenced to be hanged. An appeal to the Supreme Court was entered, but was not pressed, so that the judgment and sentence in the court below was not in any way disturbed.

An application for commutation of the death sentence was filed with this board November 11, 1907. The case was heard at the regular meeting in November, 1907, and held under advisement. At the following January meeting the application was refused, "with recommendation to the Governor not to issue death warrant for the present on the ground of present probable insanity." The case has been pending on our calendar up to the present time. No death warrant was ever issued.

At the meeting held this day the board took up the matter for final determination. After giving the application careful consideration, and believing, by reason of the reports of the alienists on file with the papers, that there exists grave doubt as to the prisoner's sanity, both at the time of the commission of the murder and at the present time, we have concluded to recommend that executive clemency be extended the applicant, Rocco Cirrullo, in commuting the sentence of death under which he now rests to that of imprisonment for life.

The homicide of which the prisoner stands convicted, the murder of his wife, Mary, occurred on the 27th day of December, 1906, at their home in the City of Altoona. The murder was unprovoked and brutal. While his wife was preparing their evening meal, Cirrullo picked up an ordinary table knife and, without warning, fell upon his wife

and cut her throat, from the effect of which assault she died soon afterwards. He then, apparently satisfied that he had done a proper act, deliberately gave himself into the hands of the police. He has been in confinement ever since. On his trial, the following April, the only defence advanced was an allegation of insanity. No expert testimony was offered in support of this defence. There was some testimony relating to certain peculiarities and of strange conduct from time to time on the part of the defendant and of hallucinations he entertained with regard to the chastity and faithfulness of his wife. These notions with respect to his wife, it appears, were entirely without foundation. Acting under the impulse of these hallucinations he committed the felony charged. The jury promptly rendered a verdict of first degree murder. Although an appeal to the Supreme Court from the judgment of the Court of Oyer and Terminer was entered, it was not prosecuted, there appearing to counsel not to be any reversible errors in the trial. Pending this appeal, however, an application was made to the Court of Oyer and Terminer for the appointment of a commission de lunatico inquirendo; whereupon the court suggested that an expert on insanity be called on to examine into the mental condition of Cirrullo, and Dr. Morris S. Guth, Superintendent of the State Hospital for the Insane at Warren, was notified. He made an examination of the prisoner and reported his opinion to the court. This opinion stated that Cirrullo was then "suffering from degenerative delusional insanity, and was at the time the murder was committed." This report bears date November 4, 1907. Soon after this date the application for commutation was filed. Judge Bell, who tried the case in the Oyer and Terminer, in transmitting to the board the report of Dr. Guth, in his discussion of the report, concludes as follows:

"The theory of the Commonwealth was that Cirrullo was feigning insanity, and nothing mentioned by Dr. Guth, as coming under his own observation, would be inconsistent with that theory. At the same time Dr. Guth is a most eminent alienist, and if his report would cause your Board to doubt as to the sanity of Cirrullo I would not interpose serious objections if you would commute this penalty to imprisonment for life. Doubt as to sanity would not warrant a jury in acquitting or finding a verdict of murder in the second degree, but might warrant the intervention of the pardoning power. But I do most earnestly protest against any mitigation of the penalty further than commutation to imprisonment for life. I regard Cirrullo as a most dangerous man to be at large, and if he were merely confined in an insane asylum he might be discharged or might escape. In my judgment he should at least be securely locked up for the remainder of his life."

After hearing the application in November, 1907, and while holding the case under advisement, the board requested Dr. Woodbury, the Secretary of the Committee on Lunacy of the Board of Public Charities, to make an examination of Cirrullo and report as to his mental condition. Complying with this request, Dr. Woodbury reported to the board, under date of December 10, 1907, as follows:

"* * * As the result of my examination of Rocco Circullo, I find that he is suffering with chronic delusional insanity with hallucinations of hearing, and is passing into dementia." *"

In view of this report the board at the following January meeting refused the application for commutation, but recommended that Your Excellency withhold the death warrant for the present on the ground of probable insanity.

In April, 1909, still having the case undisposed of, the board requested Dr. Woodbury to make a further examination of the prisoner under the hope of receiving additional information to assist in reaching a proper conclusion with regard to the application for clemency. This request was cheerfully complied with, and on May 14, 1909, Dr. Woodbury submitted his detailed report, concluding in the following language:

"My opinion is that the mind of Rocco Cirrullo has been clearing up during the past year, and is now nearly, if not completely restored; but his physical condition is bad, and he should be removed to more sanitary surroundings for further observation."

The case was still held under advisement.

Again in January, 1910, another request was made for Dr. Woodbury to examine the prisoner, with a view of enabling the board to decide finally what disposition should be made of the application for commutation that justice might be done the prisoner and the rights of the public be properly safeguarded. The report submitted in answer to this request bears date February 3, 1910. It gives full details of the examination of the prisoner on January 27, 1910. The doctor summarizes the result of his examinati as follows:

"Opinion: Rocco Cirrullo shows a decided degree of men enfeeblement, but at present has no active delusions or hall cinations. It is not possible to declare with certainty how mu of his present dementia is to be ascribed to the effects of clo confinement, without regular exercise or opportunity to co verse with others, and the monotony and poverty of his di during the last three years, and how much is due to the disea of the brain which produced the excited condition which w observed on my first visit. If due to the first cause, his r moval to more sanitary surroundings, and to a place where might meet with others who could understand his languag and where he would be more generously fed, might restore hi to his normal condition. The natural intellectual capacity this man, however, is low, and if compared with the averag he is sub-normal, although he cannot be classed as an imbecil He has sufficient intelligence, however, to do agricultural labo and if he regained his physical health, could probably wor for the State, and be made self-supporting, if an opportunit were offered.

On the second hypothesis—that his brain is the seat organic change, and that he is really suffering with organ dementia—the mental powers will continue to gradually weake more and more until he loses them entirely. The fact that h has made some improvement since the last examination, tha he has actually learned to read, that he reads with more un derstanding and with greater facility, that he answers que tions more intelligently, and that his behavior is exemplar as a prisoner, all lead to the conviction that whatever be th cause of his mental aberration, he is really making progres toward recovery of his normal intelligence.

Now, with regard to the moral part of his nature, and t the question whether or not he is a victim of moral insanity I would say that this part of the inquiry deserves due con sideration. Has he the average ability to discriminate be tween right and wrong, and what is the degree of his re sponsibility before the law? He belongs to a family who wer poor, and came from a locality having low standards of edu cation and morality. He never went to school, and grew u with few opportunities of mental and moral improvement. H does not appear to have had any adequate religious or ethica instruction, and exhibits no intelligent interest in the doctrine of his church. At the same time, his docility as a prisone and his ability to control his conduct and submit himself t discipline, would indicate that he is not morally insane, al though he may be exceptionally ignorant of his ethical re sponsibilities. A weakening of the moral powers, however, is constant attendant upon many causes of mental diseases, an this may be an early symptom of progressive insanity, espe cially in the form known as "dementia praecox," or early de mentia.

It may be stated in connection with the history of this pa tient, that sexual delusions, especially relating to the infidelit of a wife, are very common in the condition of paresis an dementia, and may be the first symptoms of mental alienation The dominant homicidal impulse naturally grows out of thi persistent delusion, and only needs a favorable opportunity, o slight provocation, to carry the thought out in violent deed The behavior of Cirrullo after committing the crime favors thi view and to satisfactorily explain his course of action through out the entire history of the case."

Having in mind these several reports of the experience alienists who examined Cirrullo, and who brought to bea on his condition their trained method of observation, i seems to the board that there is so much doubt with regar to the sanity and soundness of mind of this applicant tha it would be better to err on the side of mercy than to mak a mistake in enforcing from an unaccountable human be ing the penalty of death for the committing of murder. W therefore recommend that the sentence of death heretofor imposed upon the applicant, Rocco Cirrullo, be commute to that of imprisonment for life.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

COMMUTATION NO. 1—1909.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,

BOARD OF PARDONS.

Executive Department, January 20, 1909.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions in and for the County of Tioga, to No. 24, January Sessions, 1908, Daniel W. Ayers was indicted on a charge of maliciously breaking and entering into a building with intent to commit a felony and larceny. On arraignment the defendant pleaded guilty, and thereupon, March 6, 1908, was sentenced by the court to pay a fine of one hundred dollars to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and to undergo an imprisonment

in the Eastern Penitentiary for a period of two years and three calendar months.

An application for recommendation for pardon has been presented to the board, and upon hearing and after due consideration and mainly upon reasons founded upon feelings of mercy and humanity, the board unites in a recommendation that executive clemency be granted the prisoner.

The applicant is a resident of the City of Corning, State of New York. He is a man thirty-five years of age. Previous to the commission of the crime for which he is undergoing imprisonment he had borne a good reputation. He is married and has a family, consisting of a wife and six small children. His wife is twenty-five years of age, and his oldest child is seven years of age and the youngest eleven months. He was dependent upon the result of his daily labor for the maintenance of this large family, and he worked faithfully and diligently for their support. Shortly before the commission of this crime he met with an accident, which partly disabled him, and by reason of his inability to work his family became destitute and in great need. Under the stress of his depressed circumstances, seeing his family on the verge of starvation, he, in company with another man, came across the State line into Tioga County and broke into a store and stole a quantity of the goods there found. He was apprehended soon after, and his imprisonment followed as above detailed. His wife is in poor health, is entirely without means of support, and she and her six small children are now a charge upon the community in which she lives. Her statement under oath with regard to her condition of want and her helplessness has been presented to the board, and a large number of letters and recommendations on file with the application coming from members of her own community fully corroborate her statements. So that the case of the applicant seems to be a meritorious one, viewed from a humanitarian standpoint, and it will be a justifiable act of mercy to permit him to go back to his family and help take care of them. For this reason we recommend that executive clemency be extended to this applicant, Daniel W. Ayers, and that a pardon be granted him.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 2—1909.

January 22, 1909.

His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions of Allegheny County, at September Sessions, 1908, William Lindsay (with three others, named Jenkins, Ebright and Miller) was indicted on several charges of larceny, receiving, and entering. On being arraigned, he pleaded guilty, and on September 24, 1908, was sentenced to pay a fine of six and one-quarter cents, the costs of prosecution, and to undergo imprisonment in the Allegheny County Jail for the term of one year.

William Lindsay, the applicant, was employed as an engineer by Wildberg and Company. The three other men who were indicted at the same time, were employed as engineers by firms occupying premises in the same block.

During the flood of the spring of 1908 all of these men worked continuously for sixty hours in removing goods to places of safety, and during this strenuous labor each of the men appropriated a pair of gum boots, the property of Stewart and Brothers. An intimacy was thus formed which resulted in Stewart and Brothers' engineer giving the applicant eight pairs of shoes, and in the engineer of the Standard Manufacturing Company giving him a sink and two drain-boards; all of which things he took home, informing his wife that he had purchased them.

William Lindsay is 56 years of age; has a wife and family, and had never before been accused of any crime whatever. On the contrary, he has always been a steady, industrious and reliable workman, sober and law-abiding citizen, and a faithful husband and father. He worked nine years for Wildberg and Company, and was never absent, except on one occasion when he took a vacation of two weeks. Wildberg and Company have expressed their intention of putting him back to work immediately upon his release.

It may be well to state that the case was given far more importance than it deserved, by reason of the fact that some of the newspapers exploited it as a gigantic conspiracy to steal $50,000 worth of merchandise. It developed that the defendants had obtained, together, about $200 worth of boots, plumbing supplies, rugs and wall paper—most of which goods were returned to their owners.

The District Attorney of Allegheny County at the time of this transaction was Harry L. Goehring, Esq., and it will appear by the affidavits filed with the papers in the case, that he promised to do everything in his power to secure a pardon for the applicant. Mr. Goehring died on December 14, 1908.

The Hon. William A. Magee writes the Board:

"* * * Mr. Lindsay, prior to his sentence on this charge, bore a good reputation in the neighborhood in which he lived, and I think if his sentence were commuted at this time, he would make a good citizen henceforth, and the ends of justice would have been served."

In view of the facts and circumstances above stated, the Board respectfully recommends that a pardon may now issue to the said William Lindsay.

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor,
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth,
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General,
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 3—1909.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
Executive Department.
Board of Pardons.

Harrisburg, January 20, 1909.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—T. Edwin Atkinson, a young man twenty-one years of age, was indicted (under the name of Edward Atcheson) in the Court of Quarter Sessions of the County of Allegheny, to No. 725, June Term, 1908, on the charge of larceny. A plea of guilty was entered to the indictment before finding by the grand jury, and thereupon, August 14, 1908, this defendant was sentenced by the Court to pay a small fine and to undergo an imprisonment in the Allegheny County Workhouse for two years. A man by the name of Fred Huff, who was jointly charged and indicted with Atkinson, was at the same time sentenced to undergo an imprisonment of three months in the Workhouse.

The said Atkinson now applies for pardon, and the facts, as developed on an examination of the history of the case and of the records before us, abundantly warrant the Board in recommending that the application be granted.

The applicant was employed during the summer of 1908 by the Duquesne Warehouse Company at the Pennsylvania Railroad Terminal in the City of Pittsburg as a warehouseman, receiving reasonably good wages. Working with him there were two other men, Fred Huff, aged thirty-six years, and Tom Hamilton, aged forty years. The three men thus employed seem to have united in a system of theft of articles from the warehouse platform. Suspicion pointing to them, their houses were searched and a small quantity of the stuff was found in the possession of Atkinson, and the remainder of the stolen articles was found in the houses of Huff and Hamilton, the other two men, both of whom were married men. All three men were placed under arrest. When the case against Atkinson and Huff was called for trial Atkinson had no counsel, and no one of his family or friends was present. Immediately after he had entered his plea of guilty, a statement which has since been admitted to have been erroneous and unsubstantiated, was made to the Court by the detective who had accomplished the discovery of the culprits, that Atkinson was the principal offender, that he was a bad boy, and that his family desired him committed to prison. In the light of subsequent investigation this statement was found to be unwarranted in every particular. His co-defendant, Huff, was repre-

sented by counsel, and had members of his family present to look after his interests. Evidently through a misapprehension of the real state of affairs induced by the erroneous and mistaken statement above alluded to the Court sentenced the younger man, Atkinson, who really was the less guilty, to two years' imprisonment, and the older and more experienced man, Huff, who was without doubt the more guilty, to three months' imprisonment. Subsequently the third man, Hamilton, was, on a separate indictment, sentenced to one day's imprisonment.

That this applicant, Atkinson, thus through no fault of his own became the scapegoat, and is now undergoing an imprisonment of undeserved severity in view of the light sentences imposed on the other two culprits, is manifest; and this condition became appreciated by the trial Judge and by the District Attorney, both of whom have addressed the Board in writing, recommending that the Board take the proper action to relieve the prisoner of his unfortunate predicament.

Judge Cohen, who tried the case, writes:

"Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 11, 1909.

To the Honorable Board of Pardons of Pennsylvania:

(In re application of T. Edwin Atkinson for a pardon).

Gentlemen:—On August 14th, 1908, the petitioner above named was sentenced by me for two years to the workhouse on a charge of larceny. The prosecutor was the detective of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. The boy is twenty-one years of age, and had no counsel present. He was brought from jail, and pleaded guilty on an indictment that had not then been found by the Grand Jury, as provided for by a late act of Assembly. Subsequently his two co-defendants were sentenced, each being of mature years, the one to one day, and the other to three months. I am advised by Wm. Blikeley, Esq., our District Attorney, that he has interviewed Mr. Gobert, the company's detective, (who testified then) and he now says this boy was the least guilty of the three.

The discrepancy in the sentences, if he be correct, which I now have no reason to doubt, would seem to be harsh as against young Atkinson. I deem it therefore but just to acquaint you with these facts as they have been submitted to me. I. am, gentlemen,

Yours very truly,
JOSIAH COHEN.

Mr. Blakeley, District Attorney of Allegheny County, writes:

"January 11, 1909.

To the Honorable Board of Pardons, Harrisburg, Pa.

Honorable Sirs:—In the application of T. Edwin Atkinson, who pleaded guilty to a charge of larceny in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Allegheny County, I wish to state that I have examined into the facts in reference thereto, and find that this young man was sentenced to two years to the Allegheny County workhouse, and that two other defendants, namely, Thomas Hamilton and Fred Huff, equally, if not more guilty, received sentences of one day to jail and three months to the workhouse respectively.

I have personally talked to the prosecutor, who feels that the sentence was, under the circumstances, entirely too severe, and such is the belief of this office after investigation of the facts.

At the time that Atkinson was sentenced, it was made to appear to the court that he had been in trouble before, and that his family were not in any wise interested in him, and he labored under the additional disadvantage of not being represented by counsel. It now transpires that Atkinson had not been in trouble before, that his family was interested in him, and that his case was not properly presented to the court.

From my knowledge of the case I would ask that a pardon be granted this young man.

Yours very respectfully,
W. A. BLAKELEY.
District Attorney."

In addition, there are many letters before us from prominent people of his community, his former employers and others who knew him well, attesting the previous good character, respectable standing, etc., of the applicant, and these, together with the letters above set forth, and the facts as gathered from an examination of our record, convince us that this is a case peculiarly appealing to the Board for the exercise of its office and function, designed for ameliorating the hardship of unfortunate and unwarranted imprisonment by recommending to the Governor the granting of a pardon to the condemned sufferer. We therefore recommend that Executive clemency be accorded this applicant, T. Edwin Atkinson, and that a pardon be granted him forthwith.

Respectfully submitted,
ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor,
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth,
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General,
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 4—1909.

January 21, 1909.

His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery in and for the county of Philadelphia, at May sessions, 1905, Sarah Jones was indicted for the crime of murder. She was tried and convicted, and on May 28, 1906, was sentenced to be hanged.

On May 11, 1905, Sarah Jones was arrested and imprisoned charged with causing the death of the illegitimate child of her foster daughter by the administration of chloroform a few minutes after its birth.

At the December (1906) meeting of the Board the application for a commutation of sentence was heard, and there was then presented to the Board the following letter from the trial judge, the Hon. Robert Ralston:

"Court of Common Pleas No. 5,
Philadelphia, October 15, 1906.

To the Members of the Board of Pardons, Harrisburg, Pa.

Sirs:—Sarah Jones, an old woman of sixty-five years of age, was tried before me for the murder of the newly-born child of her daughter. It appeared at the trial that the prisoner discovered that her daughter was pregnant about one month before the birth of the child. She sent for a doctor, and tried to induce him to perform an abortion. This he refused to do, whereupon she sent for another doctor, for the same purpose, and he also refused. When the child was born the doctor handed it over to the prisoner, who put a handkerchief over its face and nearly smothered it. She asked the doctor to chloroform it. He refused and told her under no circumstances to think of such a thing. Within a short time after the doctor left, the child was chloroformed.

The prisoner was convicted of murder of the first degree, which I thought right at the time, and still consider a proper verdict under the circumstances. At the same time, immediately after the trial, I stated to counsel for the prisoner that I would intervene with the Board of Pardons for a commutation for these reasons: The woman is an old woman who has always led a perfectly respectable life. She is of a low order of intellect, and seemed unable to understand the difference between an abortion and the killing of the child immediately after it was born. Dr. Becker, a very reputable physician, testified that when he endeavored to explain to her the wickedness of an abortion, she could not appreciate it, and neither did she appear to understand the wickedness of killing a child immediately after birth.

As I said before, I think the woman was properly convicted, and that her conviction will serve as a warning to the community that women cannot kill newborn children with impunity. At the same time, this is a case where in my opinion clemency should be shown by the Board. If I had had any discretion in imposing sentence, I should have sentenced the prisoner to a comparatively short term of years. I feel so strongly in this matter that I have not hesitated to express my views to the Board.

I am, sirs, with great respect,
Your obedient servant,
ROBERT RALSTON,
Trial Judge."

In accordance with the recommendation of the learned judge, and chiefly because of the reasons given by him, the sentence of death was commuted to that of life imprisonment.

On January 11, 1909, an application for the pardon of the said Sarah Jones was filed. In support of this application, we are in receipt of the following letter from the Hon. Robert Ralston:

"Court of Common Pleas No. 5.
Judges' Chambers, Jan'y 16, 1909."

To the Honorable The Board of Pardons.

Sirs:—I wrote to your honorable Board on October 15, 1906, a letter in which I expressed my views of this case (in re application of Sarah Jones.) The prisoner has been in jail some four years—two years before trial, and two since. In my opinion, for the reasons stated in my letter, I think a full pardon might now be granted without detriment to the interests of justice.

I am, with great respect,
Your obedient servant,
ROBERT RALSTON."

The Board is also in receipt of the following letter in support of the application for a pardon:

"The Girard National Bank,
Philadelphia, Jan. 11, 1909.

Hon. M. Hampton Todd.

My Dear Mr. Todd:—I beg to appeal to you as one of the State Board of Pardons in behalf of poor old Sarah Jones, of Germantown. In so doing I need not say a word about her offence. We both understand it, and we regret and condemn it.

The very existence of the Board of Pardons, however, appeals to me in behalf of the prisoner—whose crime, I verily believe, was committed in a frenzied, half-crazed condition of mind—dangerous to the community only at that moment.

Mrs. Jones' long life in Germantown established her in the esteem of all her neighbors and the large circle of customers of her store. My daughter, Mrs. Deacon, speaks in highest terms of her, and pleads very earnestly for her pardon. I would ask it in the name of Mercy—of which we all stand in need—Mercy is my only plea.

Sincerely yours,
FRANCIS B. REEVES."

In consideration of the facts and circumstances above presented, and giving to the letters quoted full weight, the Board respectfully recommendns that a pardon may now issue to the said Sarah Jones.

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 5—1909.

January 26, 1909.

His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery for the County of Allegheny, at March sessions, 1907, the applicant, E. A. Hessler, pleaded guilty to an indictment charging him with the crime of arson. On May 31, 1907, he was sentenced to pay a fine of six and one-quarter cents, the costs of prosecution and to imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary for the term of five years.

The applicant is thirty-three years of age and is a native of the city of Eskilstuna, Sweden, where his parents and family now live. His surname is Hesselquist, but upon coming to America he took the name of "Hessler," on account of its being simpler. By profession he is a dentist, working at that business in and about New York and Pittsburg since 1900. He worked for Dr. J. L. De Roy, the prosecutor, in Pittsburg, from May 1906, until March, 1907, when, becoming erratic and irresponsible by reason of some mental or nervous trouble, he was discharged. On April 29, 1907, a fire was started by the petitioner in Dr. De Roy's offices. Detectives found him on the premises, and he was arrested.

The reason urged in support of the application for a pardon is that at the time of the commission of the crime the applicant was of unsonud mind and was suffering from such defects of reason as to render him legally irresponsible for his acts, the evidence of which is fully set forth in the depositions of Ola Buckey, R. H. Speare, Lewis M. Solomon and Lora B. Roberts. (Filed herewith.)

It is also urged that the applicant's parents are ready and willing to give him the care and assistance he needs should he be pardoned. The attorney of the applicant, U. G. Vogan, Esq., of Pittsburg, writes the Board under date of January 25, 1909:

"His parents, who employed me to take up Mr. Hessler's case, seem to me from my correspondence with them to be very straightforward, honorable people. They have placed in my hands funds sufficient to supply their son with present needs and to pay his transportation back to his home, in case a pardon is granted, and I have promised them that I will procure the necessary transportation, and have some one accompany Mr. Hessler to New York and see him safely on board ship. I give you my personal assurance that I will do this in case a pardon is granted, which I would feel in duty bound to do in any case, as that is the arrangement I have made with his parents."

The depositions above mentioned, as to the mental status of the applicant, are on file, but we quote material points from them as follows:

Ola Buckie: I know E. A. Hessler; saw him pretty nearly every evening for eight months. He was a strange fellow. His actions were queer. * * * * From his actions, conversation and manner I considered him irrational, and that he was not sound in his mind.

R. H. Speare: I knew E. A. Hessler for about a year before his arrest. He was working for Dr. DeRoy while I was there. For six months I saw him and talked to him every day. From the first, I always considered his actions somewhat strange. His conduct became more strange and erratic. He would ill-treat patients and order them out and insult them, without any provocation or cause. His mind seemed to be constantly wandering. * * * * From his actions, conversation, conduct and appearance I am satisfied that he was of unsound mind, and was not responsible for his actions.

L. M. Solomon, D. D. S.: I worked for Dr. DeRoy. Knew Hessler. He worked at the same place about five months, and I saw him every day. From the first his actions were strange, and his mental condition seemed to be getting worse. He would insult patients and engage in violent conduct without any cause. It was the general talk and conversation among his associates that he was of unsound mind. * * * * From his actions, conduct and appearance I do not consider him responsible for what he did.

Lora Roberts: I was private secretary for Dr. DeRoy. Hessler was working there when I came. He became violent and very irritable. * * * * I considered his actions and conduct towards the last very irrational, and I believe he was of unsound mind.

Dr. J. J. Mullen: I am a practicing physician. I have had special practice in the line of diagnosing and treatment of mental and nervous diseases. I am at present examiner of the Department of Charities. * * * * I know E. A. Hessler. I saw Hessler the morning after his arrest at the Central Police Station, and conversed with him, and from his conversation and actions and general appearance, discovered he was of unsound mind. I said at the time he was a proper person to be committed to an institution for the treatment of his mental condition. * * * In March, 1908, I examined him in the penitentiary. His liberty and proper treatment would be conducive to a recovery. His mental derangement is what is known as "neurestheniа," and is usually caused by overwork and too constant application of his mental faculties to any subject."

Because of the mental condition of the applicant as evidenced by the depositions presented and because of the promise of his attorney that the applicant will be at once sent to his home in Sweden, where he will be given proper care and treatment, the Board respectfully recommends that a pardon may now be issued to the said E. A. Hessler.

ROBERT E. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 6—1909.

January 23, 1909.

Hon. Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, for the City and County of Philadelphia, at March Term, 1897, the applicant, R. K. S. Allebach, was convicted of the crime of perjury, and on March 4, 1897, was sentenced to pay a fine of $250, the costs of prosecution, and to undergo imprisonment in the County Prison for the term of thirty days.

The petition of the applicant represents:

1. That the ends of justice have been fully served.
2. That he has been sufficiently and severely punished for his offense.
3. That no further public good can arise from the continuation of his punishment.
4. That the said act of perjury was committed entirely through inadvertence and erroneous advice, when the petitioner was a very young man, and that no person was directly or indirectly injured thereby.
5. That he is now actively engaged in business in the Borough of Phoenixville, Pa., and has large and important interests entrusted to him, and that these interests are greatly jeopardized by his inability to appear and to testify in controversies concerning them.

The act of perjury in this case consisted in swearing to a certain certificate necessary to be filed with the Governor of the Commonwealth in the organization of a Mutual Fire Insurance Company, which certificate contained certain false statements. On or before the 31st of March, 1895, the Wissahickon Mutual Fire Insurance Company was organized, and the petitioner, R. K. S. Allebach, was elected secretary. One of the requirements of the organization was the filing with the Governor of a certificate, signed by the officers and directors of the company, setting forth, inter alia, the names and residences of each subscriber, the amount of insurance each proposed to take, that the subscribers were actual owners of insurable property worth in each case more than the amount of the subscription * * * and that the said applicants for insurance had entered into an obligation to the said company to accept policies of insurance for the amount of their respective subscriptions.

It was necessary that the said subscriptions for insurance should aggregate more than $200,000. Subscriptions to the amount of more than $200,000 were actually received, but the said certificate set forth subscriptions over and above that amount which were not bona fide, in that the subscribers did not themselves own property worth more than the amount of their respective subscriptions.

The said incorporation could have been effected without the addition of said false subscriptions, so that no real harm was done, nor an illegal incorporation effected. In January, 1896, the applicant resigned as secretary of the company. In December, 1896, a suit was brought against the company for a fire-loss, upon which payment had been refused, and, at the same time, warrants on the charge of perjury were issued against all the officers and directors who had signed the certificate. The cases against the other officers and directors were not prosecuted, but that against the applicant was urged to trial.

In view of the circumstances of the case, however, the Judge before whom the case was tried, Hon. Charles B. McMichael remitted the sentence, but the applicant is now incompetent to testify as a witness.

Since the conviction, the applicant has lived an upright and honest life, is established in business, and has become a prosperous and successful business man. Important interests are entrusted to his care, and his affairs are greatly prejudiced and endangered by his inability to appear and testify in cases of controversy.

In support of the application for a recommendation of pardon, the Board is in receipt of numerous letters from professional and business men strongly urging the same, and also a petition signed by many of the professional and business men of Phoenixville, the residence of the applicant, praying that the applicant may be pardoned.

We quote:

"Judges' Chamber, United States District Court,
Philadelphia, June 5, 1908.

To the Board of Pardons:

Permit me to suggest the favorable consideration of the application of Reinhart K. S. Allebach for a pardon now pending before your honorable body. Some years ago he was convicted of an offense of which he was only technically guilty, and, as I understand it, was acting under advice of counsel at the time, although that was no excuse for the mistake he made. So far as I know him and can learn from those who know him best, he has always been a good citizen, and is now a reputable, industrious young man. I think this is a case where your favorable consideration of his pardon would be a just disposition of a meritorious case.

I hope it may receive your favorable consideration.

Very truly yours,
JAMES B. HOLLAND."

"Thirty-eighth Judicial District,
Aaron S. Swartz, P. J.,
Norristown, Feb. 3, 1908.

My Dear Mr. Allebach:—I realize your predicament, and should be glad to help you in any way I can. I have known you for many years, and your conduct ever since your trouble shows that you should be restored to the rights of full citizenship. Your efforts to live an honest and industrious life give the best evidence of your fitness to be restored to the rights you enjoyed before your fall.

I watched your career and success at Phoenixville for the past years with gratification.

Yours very respectfully,
AARON S. SWARTZ."

"Orphans' Court, 38th Judicial District,
Norristown, Feb. 6, 1908.

To the Board of Pardons:

Gentlemen:—Mr. R. K. S. Allebach, of Phoenixville, Pa., has petitioned your body to be relieved from the odium of a technical conviction of perjury some years ago in the courts of Philadelphia.

I desire to testify to his general good character as a citizen and business man, from about 1882 for a period of 12 or 15 years, when I saw him rather frequently and acted as his counsel in his business matters in this county.

There was nothing whatever in that time to show that he was dishonest, corrupt or criminal in any of his transactions which came to my notice. On the contrary, he was an upright, honest, fair, truthful, and candid in every way as the best citizen.

He has a splendid reputation to-day in the community where he lives and does business. The blot upon his name should be removed. I earnestly hope you will remove it.

Respectfully yours,
WILLIAM F. SOLLY."

In view of the facts and circumstances above set forth, and giving serious consideration and full weight to the words of Judge Holland, that "A favorable consideration of his pardon would be a just disposition of a meritorious case;" to those of Judge Swartz, that "Your efforts to live an honest and industrious life give the best evidence of your fitness to be restored to the rights you enjoyed before your fall;" to those of Judge Solly, that "It was a technical conviction of perjury, and the blot upon his name should be removed," and to the petition presented by the prominent and reputable business men of his place of residence—the Board respectfully recommends that a pardon may now issue to the said R. K. S. Allebach.

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor,
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth,
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General,
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 7—1909.

February 17, 1909.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of General Sessions of the County of Allegheny, No. 47, October Term, 1908, Mores Aranawitz was, on November 25, 1908, convicted on an indictment charging him with receiving stolen goods, and thereupon, December 5, 1908, was sentenced to pay a nominal fine, costs, and to undergo an imprisonment in the Allegheny County Workhouse for the term of six months.

An application for pardon has been made on his behalf, the grounds of the application being substantially: The severity of the sentence as compared with the gravity of the offense; the previous good character of the prisoner, and the extreme poverty and destitution of his family—consisting of a sick wife, and five children ranging in age from five to fifteen years, one of whom is a cripple.

After an examination of the record before the Board, and carefully considering the presentation of the case and all the circumstances attending it, the Board is of opinion that it is a case deserving a recommendation for Executive clemency.

The value of the stolen goods alleged to have been purchased by the prisoner did not exceed ten dollars, and the defendant, it is averred, was not acting for himself in buying the stuff, but bought it on behalf of certain junk dealers, who, possibly when the question of intent is considered were more guilty of an infraction of the law than this applicant, and who probably profited out of the transaction more than he did, and who afterwards fled the jurisdiction.

The crime consisted in buying from boys certain quantities of slag taken from the property of the Carnegie Steel Company at McKeesport. This slag was picked up from the dump by the boys, and on being remelted a certain amount of good metal was obtained from it. The practice of carrying away the slag proved to be a great annoyance to the company, and upon learning that this prisoner had bought some of this material from the boys and men who took it from the Company's property, they caused his arrest, and his conviction followed.

Owing to the extreme poverty of the family the wife and children have become a charge on the charitably inclined for the greater part, if not all, of their maintenance; and it seems, that in justice to the community thus forced to look after them, it will be not only an act of mercy to this unfortunate prisoner and his suffering family, but also a relief to the community in which they all live and wherein the prisoner had been well thought of, to pardon him from further imprisonment, especially as more than two months of the six months' term have already been spent in confinement.

We therefore recommend that a pardon be granted this applicant, Moses Aranawitz.

Respectfully submitted,
ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor,
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth,
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General,
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 8—1909

February 23, 1909.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—To No. 71 September sessions, 1908, in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Fayette County, Joseph M. Steele and H M Taylor were charged with selling liquor without

license, selling liquor on Sunday, furnishing liquor to minors and selling liquor as a druggist without a prescription of a registered physician—six counts in all. September 7, 1908, upon appearing in court the defendants waived the presentation of indictment to the Grand Jury and their finding, and entered a plea of guilty to the first count—selling liquor without license. Sentence was then suspended. On October 29, 1908, the defendant, Steele, was arrested on process returnable forthwith and committed to jail, and upon November 3, 1908, was sentenced on the first count in the indictment to pay a fine of five hundred dollars, costs, and be committed to the county jail for and during the period of one year.

An application for pardon was filed to the February meeting of the Board, and argument on behalf of the application was heard at length. The formal reason alleged in the application are:

1. The jail sentence was excessive.
2. He was not permitted to withdraw his plea of guilty and have the case tried on its merits.
3. Although charged upon six separate accounts, he pleaded to but one count, that of selling liquor without a license, and a fine, at the most, was the usual sentence, and the jail sentence was excessive in lieu of any testimony.
4. The demands of the law and the ends of justice have been fully met in this case without the imposition of additional confinement in jail.

After a diligent examination of the record before us and a careful consideration of the reasons advanced, the Board is of opinion that the grounds laid in the first, third and fourth reasons, viz., of excessive punishment, coupled with the fact of admitted good character, and the absence of criminal intent, are sufficient to justify a favorable recommendation for clemency. The article alleged to have been sold was a species of prepared malt, which, it appears, is a commodity commonly dealt in by druggists. The town of Fayette City, where the applicant conducted a drug store, however, was a prohibitory town, which probably lent color to the charge of infringement of the law, but as a number of other druggists in the same town were arrested at the same time charged with the same offense, and possibly all equally guilty, if there was any guilt, but none of them tried, much less punished, it seems that justice is pressing with unequal foot in demanding the maximum jail penalty from this defendant.

The imprisonment of nearly four months already endured by the applicant, and the payment by him of a large sum for costs, as well as the payment of the fine imposed, as we are informed are the facts, have in our opinion expiated the technical offense charged against him. The application is also supported with petitions signed by a large number of applicant's neighbors, attesting their indorsement of the averment of excessive punishment and belief that the applicant has already been sufficiently punished.

These foregoing reasons moving the Board, we recommend that a pardon be granted the applicant, Joseph M. Steele.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT E. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.

HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 9—1909

January 26, 1909.

His Excellency, Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the County of Philadelphia, on February 3, 1908, George Ginsburg was convicted of the crime of larceny. On the same day he was sentenced to confinement in the Pennsylvanina Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon.

George Ginsburg, the applicant, is about eighteen years of age. On the evening of the 19th day of October, 1907, he was on his way home from the theatre, in the city of Philadelphia, and stopped at the corner of Eighth and Market streets to wait for a car. His attention was called to two men loading bundles on an express wagon—one man throwing bundles to another who stood in the wagon. Insulting words passed between the applicant and one of the men; a fracas followed, and the police appeared and took the prisonr into custody. His opponent, in order to avoid the charge of assault and battery, justified his action by claiming that Ginsburg attempted to steal a bundle. The jury believed the expressmen, and the prisoner was convicted.

The reasons urged in support of the application are as follows:

It was a first offense, not heinous in character, in which previous good reputation would have warranted a suspension of sentence or a sentence of less severity.

His father and his brother are both under a doctor's care and are unable to work, and the prisoner's aid is needed in the support of the family.

The Warden of the Reformatory writes, that "during the ten months he has been here, he has made a perfect record for eight months, failing for one month in the second grade, and for one month in the first grade, in which he now is. Under our rules he can be released on parole in four months from this time (January 14, 1909), provided he has maintained a good record in the meantime."

The Hon. John M. Scott, of Philadelphia, writes the Board:

"Gentlemen:—I take pleasure in joining in the application for the pardon of George Ginsburg, 18 years, who prior to his conviction lived with his parents at 724 South street this city.

I believe the young man to have been punished severely for an offense which he, apparently, did not intend to commit. All his parents and family are reputable people, it would be wise to relieve him of the disgrace of a sentence as far as possible, so that he will lead a good life, as I am satisfied he will do."

Because of the previous good character of the boy and the fact that the offense was not of a heinous character, together with the fact that his aid is needed in the support of the family, and bearing in mind the severity of the punishment already inflicted, the Board respectfully recommends that a pardon may now be issued to the said George Ginsburg.

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.

HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 10—1909

April 21, 1909.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Oyer and Terminer of the County of Allegheny, to No. 30, June Term, 1890, Alexander Killen was convicted on an indictment charging him with murder in the first degree, and thereupon was, November 27, 1890, sentenced by the court to be hanged. An application was in due course made to the Board of Pardons for recommendation of commutation of death sentence, and on October 21, 1891, the board recommended to the Executive that such commutation be granted, and the Governor acted accordingly on their recommendation. The applicant has been confined in the Western Penitentiary ever since.

At the January meeting of this board an application for the pardon of this prisoner was made. The case was then heard, and it has been held under advisement until this meeting. Upon mature and careful consideration of the matter the board has decided to recommend to Your Excellency the granting of a pardon to the applicant.

An examination of the record in the case discloses that the board, upon whose recommendation the commutation was granted, had sufficient doubt of the participation of the prisoner in the actual commission of the offense to warrant its interference in the sentence of the court. Subsequent investigation has strengthened the belief of those who favored the commutation that their view of the case was correct, and they are now more than ever convinced that Killen was not connected with the crime as a principal. The judge who tried the case, Honorable Christopher Magee, writes a letter recommending the pardon of the prisoner. The fact that the prisoner has served a confinement of more than nineteen years, or about ten years more than the maximum term for murder in the second degree, less the commutation for good behavior; that he has reached the age of about sixty years, and with the assurance that the sentiment of the entire community is favorable to the pardon of this unfortunate man, and believing that, in view of the

grave doubt of his actual participation in the crime alleged, he has already by his long imprisonment expiated his offense against the law and that the ends of justice in his case have been met, the board is persuaded that it is proper in this instance to recommend that executive clemency be accorded the applicant and that a full pardon be now granted the prisoner, Alexander Killen.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO 11—1909.

April 21, 1909.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Oyer and Terminer of the County of Beaver, to No. 5, December Term, 1906, Andrew Morrow was indicted on a charge of burglary and larceny, and on December 17, 1906, entered a plea of guilty, whereupon he was sentenced by the court to pay a fine of one dollar and undergo an imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary for a term of six years.

An application for his pardon has been filed, and upon due consideration by the board we are of the opinion that the application is worthy of favorable action on our part, and we therefore recommend that a pardon be granted the applicant.

The applicant is a young man of about twenty-four years of age. Although of highly respectable parentage and of good family and surroundings, he unfortunately fell into bad company. At the time of the commission of the offense charged he was under the influence of liquor, and was in the companionship of several other young persons of perhaps more vicious tendencies than he himself is blamed with. He has already undergone an imprisonment of more than two years and four months.

The principal reason for clemency set forth in the application and advanced on the argument is the undue severity of the sentence imposed by the court. Upon this feature of the case there seems to be unanimity of opinion, both on the part of the judge who tried the case and the district attorney who prosecuted, as well as on the part of a large number of prominent members of the community in which the defendant lived and where the offense occurred. In addition to a large number of letters written by individuals and addressed to the board favoring this application, there is on file with our record a petition to the same effect signed by several hundred of the prisoner's neighbors and acquaintances.

The letter of the judge is as follows:

"Beaver, Pa., April 16, 1909.

To the Honorable, the Board of Pardons, Harrisburg, Pa.

Gentlemen:—I understand that the application of Andrew Morrow for a pardon has been renewed, and that a hearing will be had some time during the present month. I join in this application, and ask for the same favorable consideration at your hands.

When the application was before you some time ago I wrote a similar letter, in which I stated the circumstances which made it necessary, in my opinion, to impose one year more than the half of the maximum term provided by the act of Assembly under which the indictment in this case was drawn. I understand that the young man's conduct has been very good during his term of confinement, and that, probably, so far as reformation is concerned, the objects and purposes of the law in his case have been accomplished. I feel satisfied that in case of his discharge he will give no further trouble.

Yours truly,
RICHARD S. HOLT,
Judge 36th Judicial District of Penn."

The district attorney writes:

"Beaver, Pa., March 4th, 1909.

To the Honorable, the Board of Pardons, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I would like to again urge the pardon of Andrew Morrow. I wrote a letter about one year ago, suggesting that a pardon be granted at that time. I do think that this imprisonment has lasted now long enough and should be ended.

Yours very truly,
J. B. McGOUN.

This being the only crime with which this young man was ever charged, and having been committed while in bad company and under evil influence, and the previous record of the applicant appearing to be good and the punishment already undergone having, in the opinion of those in position to form a correct judgment, fully satisfied the ends of justice, and the board being convinced that the sentence imposed was too severe under the circumstances as now shown us, we respectfully recommend that executive clemency be extended in this case, and that a pardon be granted the applicant, Andrew Morrow.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 12—1909.

June 16, 1909.

To His Excellency, Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—On June 20, 1896, James B. Gentry was convicted in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of the County of Philadelphia, to No. 48, May Sessions, 1895, on an indictment charging him with the crime of murder, and thereupon was, on the 2d day of July, 1896, sentenced to be hanged.

The homicide occurred on the 17th of February, 1895; the victim was Margaret Drysdale, whose stage name was Madge Yorke.

Upon proper application to the Board of Pardons of this Commonwealth, and after due hearing, the said board, on April 20, 1897, for the reasons then submitted at length, which contained an extended history of the case and a full discussion of the circumstances surrounding the unfortunate affair, including what was then believed to be the defendant's impairment of mind, recommended to the Governor that the sentence of death imposed upon the prisoner be commuted to that of imprisonment for life; and on this recommendation the Governor of the Commonwealth, on the said 20th day of April, 1897, commuted said death sentence accordingly. The prisoner has been confined in the Eastern Penitentiary ever since. More than fourteen years have elapsed since the commission of the offense charged and the arrest of the defendant, during which time the prisoner has been in confinement.

On May 10, 1909, an application for the pardon of the said prisoner was filed, and on June 16, 1909, said application was heard by us; and after due, full and careful consideration by us the board unites in recommending that a pardon be now granted the applicant, James B. Gentry.

The formal reasons assigned for favorable action on this application are:

1. Because of the inability of the petitioner to procure witnesses from a foreign jurisdiction whose testimony would have reduced the grade of the offense to that of murder in the second degree.
2. Because of after discovered testimony relative to the condition of prisoner's mind at the time of the commission of the offense.
3. Because the petitioner has now served a term of imprisonment equal to the longest term which could have been imposed upon him had he been convicted of murder in the second degree, making allowance for commutation for good behavior.
4. Because petitioner's health is such as the result of his confinement, that further confinement will probably soon result in his death.

The first two reasons so assigned were in substance adopted by the board in 1897, when the commutation was recommended. Under the conditions as shown then the third reason above assigned now appeals with convincing force to this board, and in view of all the endorsements of the application and requests for our favorable consideration thereof, which appear among the records before us, we are of the opinion that this is a case worthy of our favorable action. The array of these endorsements and requests is quite remarkable and is entitled to special notice. There are letters from persons in almost all stations of life—officials, clergymen, prison visitors, business men, professional men, members of the jury, and from citizens of other States—and perhaps what is most unusual a petition signed by forty-nine of the fifty Senators and about one hundred and ninety of the members of the House of Representatives of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of 1909, showing a most widespread favorable interest in the application and a condition of public sentiment that speaks volumes; not a single voice has been raised in opposition.

We are persuaded, therefore, that we are justified to the ullest degree in recommending that executive clemency be xtended the prisoner, and that a full and entire pardon e now granted the applicant, James B. Gentry.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 13—1909.

June 17, 1909.

To His Excellency, Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace in and for the County of Clinton, to No. 12, October Sessions, 1908, John T. Kane was, January 21, 1909, convicted on an indictment charging him with embezzlement as a banker and embezzlement as agent, and on the same day was sentenced to pay a fine of $500, and undergo imprisonment in the County Jail for the term of eighteen months. He is now undergoing said imprisonment.

The prisoner now makes application for a pardon, basing the application on the following reasons:

1. Because the evidence does not show that the defendant sought to, or did receive personal benefit from the offence.
2. Because the money was not separated from the funds of the bank, but was used in its general business.
3. Because the evidence does not show any criminal intent.
4. Because the evidence was not sufficient to warrant a conviction under either count of the indictment.
5. Because further confinement of the convict would result in permanently destroying his physical and mental health.

This application was heard at length by the Board, and after due and careful consideration the conclusion has been reached that it is a proper case for favorable recommendation for Executive clemency, and we, therefore, recommend that a pardon be granted the applicant, John T. Kane.

The applicant was the cashier and manager of a private banking institution, with rather small capital, called the Bank of Renovo, doing business in the Borough of Renovo. Among its depositors, in April, 1907, was a certain Italian named Santonico, who had a credit to the amount of $300 or more. On April 22, 1907, Santonico drew his checks on the bank for the full amount of his deposit, with the intention of sending the greater portion of it to his home in Italy. At the suggestion of Kane, the money was left with him (Kane) for the purpose of transmission to Italy in due course through banking channels, and a receipt was given to Santonico to that effect. It transpired that at this time the balance to the Renovo bank's credit with its New York correspondent through whom the transmission was to be made, was not sufficient to cover the amount. The remittance to Italy, therefore, was not made. The money left with Kane by Santonico was used in the regular business of the bank. Shortly afterwards the bank, by reason of the stress of business, could not meet its obligations, and went into the hands of a receiver. The money was never sent to Italy. Upon learning that the remittance had not been made to Italy under the arrangement with him, Santonico caused the arrest of Kane on the charges above mentioned and the trial and conviction followed.

In making our favorable recommendation as above, the Board is influenced to a considerable extent by reason of the letter of Hon. Harry Alvan Hall, who tried and sentenced the prisoner, who bases his recommendation for our favorable action upon the certificate of three highly reputable physicians of his neighborhood, as to the prisoner's physical condition.

Judge Hall's letter and the physician's certificate are as follows:

"25th Judicial District of Pennsylvania.
Rigdway, Pa., May 4, 1909.

To the Honorable, the Board of Pardons of the State of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I append hereto a letter recently received by me from three reputable doctors of Lock Haven, Pa., in reference to the condition of John T. Kane now serving a sentence of eighteen months imprisonment in the common jail of Clinton County for embezzlement as an agent. Kane, while holding himself out as an agent to transmit money to Europe, received of Giovanni Santonico the sum of three hundred dollars to transmit to Italy, which he failed to transmit, and converted to the use of a bank in which he was a partner. The bank was insolvent, and subsequently closed its doors. He received a fair trial, and was properly convicted and sentenced to jail.

The three doctors who signed the enclosed letter are, in my mind, the ablest and most capable medical authorities in Clinton County. I do not think any of them would make a statement that he did not absolutely believe to be true. Dr. Ball is my own personal physician, and I have the utmost confidence in any statement that he makes. I may add to this that I have know Kane, the defendant, from his infancy. Some years ago he had a stroke of paralysis, and since that, owing to his physical condition, I have believed him incapable of transacting business.

It was not the intention of the Court to impose a death sentence on the defendant, and in view of the opinion of the doctors that the serving of the sentence imposed will seriously impair his health and perhaps result in his death, I feel it my duty to recommend his pardon.

He has a wife and three small children, aged eight, six and four years. He is a man of education and culture, and has always stood high in the community in which he lived.

Very respectfully,
HARRY ALVAN HALL,
President Judge 25th Judicial District."
Lock Haven, Pa., April 3, 1909.

The doctor's letter referred to is as follows:

"Hon. Henry Alvan Hall.

Dear Sir:—We, the undersigned, physicians of Lock Haven, Pa., have this day examined John T. Kane, now imprisoned in the jail at Lock Haven, and find him suffering with insomnia and progressive emaciation and showing marked signs of paresis. We believe that further imprisonment is seriously detrimental to him and may endanger his life.

Respectfully,
F. P. BALL,
R. B. WATSON,
GEO. D. GREEN."

In view of the foregoing, we unite in the recommendation that a pardon be granted this applicant, John T. Kane.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor,
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth,
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General,
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 14—1909.

June 17, 1909.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions of the County of Erie, to No. 26, February sessions, 1908, Martin J. Moran pleaded guilty to an indictment charging him with larceny by servant and employe, and thereupon, May 27, 1908, was sentenced to pay a fine of $25, and undergo imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary for two years and six months.

He has filed his application for pardon, and the same was considered by the Board at the June meeting; we recommend that a pardon be granted this applicant, Martin J. Moran.

The reasons laid in the application are in substance as follows:

(1) The previous good reputation of the prisoner;
(2) The small amount of fund appropriated to his own use, which was for the purpose of needed assistance to his family and without fraudulent intent;
(3) The length of time already served on this sentence;
(4) The imperative need of his family, who are in destitute circumstances and dependent upon the assistance of friends and neighbors;
(5) The favorable recommendation of the District Attorney who tried the case and of the Judge who presided at the trial

The following is copy of letter of the District Attorney, which is concurred in by Judge Walling:

"District Attorney's Office.
Erie County, Penna., May 6, 1909.

To the Honorable Board of Pardons of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Harrisburg, Pa.

Gentleman:—In connection with the application of Martin J. Moran for a pardon, I beg leave to submit the following: Martin J. Moran was arrested and bound over to the Quarter Sessions Court to No. 26 Feb'y Sessions, 1908, on a charge of embezzeling $104.05 from his employer, the Philadelphia Casualty Company. On December 5, 1907, he was released on his own recognizance for his appearance on the second Monday of February, 1908. He defaulted in his appearance, and after indictment found, a non omittas was

issued, and he was brought back from Rochester, N. Y., on a requisition which he contested. He was later charged with having, while in the employ of the Fidelity Accident and Protective Society, embezzled $110.75 belonging to that company, and held to answer to No. 16 May Sessions, 1908. On May 11, 1908, he entered a plea of guilty to both indictments, and on May 27, 1908, was sentenced in each case to two years and six months in the Western Penitentiary, the sentences to run concurrently. It was shown at the time that Moran's default came about largely through drinking.

I believe that under all the circumstances the sentence imposed by the Court was not excessive, and was fully warranted by the conduct of the defendant. The execution of the sentence, however, has imposed very great hardship upon the defendant's family, consisting of a wife and six children, five of whom are dependent, and as a result of the imprisonment of the husband and father the family have been during the past winter objects of charity for the bare necessaries of life. Moran is a man of intelligence and ability, and, as I understand, was before this delinquence a successful insurance solicitor, and provided well for his family. Owing to the hardship now imposed upon the family, I would be glad to see him released from further imprisonment to enable him to properly provide for his family, and with the hope and belief that the punishment already administered will be sufficient to insure the rectitude of his conduct for the future, provided that such a course meets with the approval of your honorable Board.

Yours very respectfully,
W. PITT GIFFORD,
District Attorney for Erie County."

"I fully concur in the above, and on account of the destitute condition of the defendant's family, would be glad to see him released from further punishment.

EMORY A. WALLING,
President Judge."

A number of other letters to the same effect are on file; and in view of these letters and suggestions and the reasons assigned we are constrained to recommend the pardon of this applicant, Martin J. Moran.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General,
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 15—1909

June 17, 1909.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions of the County of Philadelphia, to No. 67, February Sessions, 1908, Giovanni Vicere was, April 8, 1909, convicted on an indictment charging him with the sale of liquor without license, and was thereupon, on the same day, sentenced to pay a fine of $500 and undergo an imprisonment for the term of three months.

An application for the pardon of this prisoner has been made, and the case has been considered by the Board, and we recommend that a pardon be granted the applicant.

The term of imprisonment has expired within a few weeks, and there were evidently mitigating circumstances connected with the case which led the trial judge to address the Board in the terms of the following letter, addressed to counsel for the prisoner:

"Philadelphia, May 10, 1909.

John J. McDevitt, Jr., Esq., Attorney for Giovanni Vicere.

My Dear Sir:—You may say to the Board of Pardons that I would not have imposed the sentence of three months' imprisonment and the fine of $500 in the case of Giovanni Vicere if the law permitted me to give a less one. The minimum sentence for selling liquor without a license is a fine of $500, and an imprisonment of three months; so I could do nothing less. If I had had the power to sentence the defendant to an imprisonment of one month, I would have done so.

Yours very truly,
F. AMEDEE BREGY."

In view of this expression on the part of the trial judge, and considering the fact that the term of imprisonment has nearly expired, we unite in recommending that a pardon be granted this applicant, Giovanni Vicere.

Respectfully submitted

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 16—1909

June 17, 1909.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace in and for the county of Lawrence, to No. 34, March Sessions, 1908, Harry Mitchell entered a plea of guilty to a charge of burglary and larceny, waiving the finding of an indictment by the Grand Jury, and thereupon, February 28, 1908, was sentenced to pay a fine of $5.00 and undergo an imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary for a period of four years and six months.

An application has been filed for the pardon of this prisoner, the grounds of the application being that by reason of the enforced idleness of a large number of men in the city of New Castle in December, 1907, the defendant became associated with men of drinking habits, and, becoming intoxicated, committed the offense charged. All the stolen goods found in his possession were restored to the owners, and that under the circumstances of his entering a plea of guilty, etc., the sentence was excessive.

The prisoner seems to have been the victim of a series of unfortunate circumstances. It is quite apparent that he was not an habitual criminal. The ends of justice having in this case been met by the imprisonment already undergone, and in view of the favorable recommendations of the trial judge and of the district attorney, who are in position to thoroughly understand the situation and whose recommendations have been filed with us, we are of opinion that a pardon should be granted to the applicant, and, therefore, make recommendation to that effect.

The letter of the trial judge, Hon. William E. Porter, is as follows:

"New Castle, Pa., April 29, 1909.

To the Honorable Board of Pardons.

Gentlemen:—Being informed that an application will be made to you for the pardon of Harry Mitchell, who was convicted of burglary, I wish to state that from information I have received I believe the reformatory effect of imprisonment has been accomplished upon him. At the time of his sentence burglary was quite common in New Castle, and the severity of the sentence was somewhat increased in order that it might have a deterrent effect on others.

In view of these matters and the fact that he is the only support of his mother, who is quite old, I would recommend his pardon.

Yours truly,
WILLIAM E. PORTER."

The district attorney writes as follows:

"New Castle, Pa., May 5, 1909.

To the Honorable Board of Pardons, Harrisburg, Penna.

Gentlemen:—I have notice that an application has been made for the pardon of Harry Mitchell, and have been served with a copy of the reasons why said pardon should be granted.

Harry Mitchell plead guilty to the charge of burglary on February 28, 1908, and was the same day sentenced to serve an imprisonment of four and one-half years in the Penitentiary. The crime for which he was charged was committed on December 29, 1907.

I have known Harry Mitchell and his family for nearly all my life, having been raised in the same township with him, and he comes from a good family, who have always been law-abiding, and none of them were ever in any trouble before. Harry Mitchell is not strong intellectually, and at the time he committed this crime was out of employment, and had been drinking to excess. He has an aged mother depending upon him for support, and I am convinced that the Court, in passing sentence upon him, made his punishment too severe. This boy is not a professional criminal, and should not have been punished as one. I am thoroughly convinced that the punishment he has already received is sufficient to meet the ends of justice.

Yours truly,
CHAS. H. YOUNG,
Dist. Atty. for Lawrence Co."

In view, therefore, of what has been said, we recommend that a pardon be granted this applicant, Harry Mitchell.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 17—1909.

June 17, 1909.

His Excellency, Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions of the County of legheny, to Nos. 531 and 532, March Term, 1906, Er-sto Santarra was convicted on two indictments charging m with the crime of entering a building with intent to mmit a felony, larceny, etc., and he was thereupon, April), 1906, sentenced in each case to pay a fine of $50, and undergo an imprisonment in the Allegheny County Work-use for the period of four years, aggregating eight years prison.

An application has been filed for the pardon of this de-ndant, and the reasons are substantially, that the amount leged to have been stolen was small, and that under the rcumstances the sentence is unreasonable, unfair and un-st; that the defendant is not guilty of the crimes charged; at according to depositions submitted to the Board, the efendant establishes an alibi; that although some of the olen goods were found in defendant's house, they were the trunk of one of his boarders; prior good character the defendant; that the imprisonment already under-one is sufficient punishment, even if he did commit the imes alleged; that being without counsel at the trial, and ounsel being assigned by the Court, there was not suffi-ient time to prepare the defense.

An examination of the records before us convinces the oard that there is merit in the application, and that the easons alleged as a basis for our favorable consideration, re on the whole worthy of attention.

The prisoner is an Italian. At the time of the commis-ion of the alleged offense he lived at Sharpsburg. The ocality of the offense was DeHaven, some six miles distant. he burglary took place during the night of the 23rd of farch, 1906. The prosecution connected the defendant ith it by reason of the finding of defendant's identifi-ation card on the premises. This circumstance is ex-lained from the fact that several days previous the de-endant having been in an altercation on the highway with ertain other Italians, whose enmity in some way he had ained, left his identification card at the office of the Mag-strate on the hearing of the case growing out of this dif-iculty; and it is supposed that in some way this card came nto the possession of the real perpetrators of the crime. n support of defendant's alibi there were depositions of-ered establishing the following facts: On the night in uestion, viz., the night of the 23rd of March, 1906, de-endant's wife gave birth to a child, and the testimony of he wife and of the midwife is that the defendant was at is own home during the night. On the following morning, March 24, one or two of his boarders gave him certain rticles as presents in honor of the event of the birth of is son; these articles were among those alleged to have een stolen from the premises in DeHaven; other articles lleged to have been stolen were found in the room of the oarders, who threatened the defendant with death if he gave any information tending to associate them with the ommission of the burglary. The finding of defendant's ard, it seems, was the only evidence against the prisoner. All the stolen property was eventually recovered.

We are inclined to the belief that this prisoner was, even if not unduly convicted, at least sentenced rather too severely under the circumstances. His family is entirely destitute and has been subsisting on charity.

In view, therefore, of the punishment already undergone, of the previous good reputation of the prisoner, and the deplorable condition of his family, we feel that this case can properly be recommended for Executive clemency, and we, threfore, unite in recommonding that a pardon be granted the applicant, Ernesto Santarra.

Respectfully submitted,
ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor,
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth,

M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General,
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 18—1909.

June 17, 1909.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—Joseph Aiello, the applicant, was convicted of murder in the first degree in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Jefferson County, at December Sessions, 1896, and on the 25th day of December, 1896, was thereupon sentenced to be hanged. In June, 1897, an application was made to the Board of Pardons for a commutation of the sentence of death to that of imprisonment for life, which application was granted, and the applicant was committed to the Western Penitentiary where he has been confined since that time.

Application for full pardon was made at the June Sessions of the Board in 1908, and was then refused. On April 21, 1909, a rehearing was granted, and the application was argued and considered by the Board at the June Sessions, and the Board unanimously decided to recommend to your Excellency the issuance of a pardon for the applicant.

The circumstances attending the crime were as follows: Joseph Aiello, the applicant, and Louis Scalzi, the deceased, lived in adjoining houses in Walston, Jefferson County. On the morning of December 25, 1895, Aiello invited Scalzi and others living in the house to take dinner with him and his family. Before the dinner hour arrived, however, Scalzi became intoxicated and quarreled with some other Italians, but this quarrel was stopped by the intervention of Aiello and several others. Scalzi then went to his own house where he procured a large pair of shears with which he made an attack on his friends who had saved him in the fight. The parties present seized Scalzi and took the shears away from him and after trying to quiet him he retired a short distance from the house, where he remained an hour or more. Aiello, after eating his dinner, went away and was absent for some time. In the meantime, Scalzi returned to Aiello's house armed with a pick. At the door one of Aiello's little boys was standing; Scalzi thrust him out of the way in a rude manner so as to cause the boy to cry. He entered Aiello's house and made a general assault on the persons there with the pick, narrowly missing Aiello's wife, and inflicting a wound four inches in length on the head of one of the persons in the room. He was disarmed and returned to his own house, making threats of violence against everybody. When Aiello returned, he remonstrated with Scalzi, who immediately made an attack upon him. In the scuffle, Aiello picked up a knife lying on the table and struck Scalzi with it twice, causing his death in a short time.

In support of the application are letters from prominent attorneys of the county, who state they were not interested as counsel in the trial of the case, but that they heard all the evidence and are convinced that the verdict should not have been of a grade higher than that of murder in the second degree. The trial Judge writes as follows:

"The attached letter from Mr. Aiello explains itself. I have written him that I have no objection to favorable action by the Pardon Board on this application, but do not deem it proper for me to urge such action. There are some extenuating circumstances in Aiello's case, and if the Board deem them sufficient at this time to move them to favorable action, it will meet my approval. You may say this to the Board, as expressing my feeling in the matter, if you deem it of sufficient importance to make the statement.

Very truly yours,
JOHN W. REED,
President Judge."

The District Attorney who prosecuted the case, writes the following letter to the Board:

"I beg to respectfully suggest that I was District Attorney of Jefferson County when Joseph Aiello was convicted, and conducted said case for the Commonwealth. Upon being convicted, the defendant took an appeal to the Supreme Court, where I also represented the Commonwealth. The lower court being sustained, the defendant next appealed to your Honorable Board and the death sentence was commuted to life imprisonment. I did not appear before the Board of Pardons at that time because I believed, in view of all the circumstances, that this change in the sentence would be right. While Joseph Aiello was justly convicted and sentenced, I now respectfully suggest, that because of the circumstances connected with the homicide which kept me from opposing a commutation of the sentence, I now

state that if your honorable Board should grant him a complete pardon, I am of opinion that justice would be fully satisfied.

Very respectfully,
N. L. STRONG,
Ex-District Attorney."

In view of the facts that the deceased was the aggressor and the one responsible for the trouble, brought on by his intoxicated condition and quarrelsome nature, as evidenced by his assault on the family of the applicant; that he has now served a length of time equivalent to the maximum sentence for murder in the second degree, deducting the time allowed for good behavior, and with especial regard to the statements made by the trial Judge and the District Attorney, the Board unites in recommending that a pardon be now issued to the applicant, Joseph Aiello

Respectfully submitted,
ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor,
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth,
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General,
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 19—1909.

June 29, 1909.

To His Excellency, Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Oyer and Terminer of the County of Bucks at the February Sessions, 1907, Henry Throckmorton, in connection with Harry Johananges, was tried on a number of indictments charging them with burglary, felonious entry, larceny and receiving stolen goods, and was convicted on five separate indictments of felonious entry, larceny and receiving stolen goods. On February 28, 1907, the defendants were each sentenced to pay a fine of one dollar and undergo an imprisonment for five years in each case—the terms of imprisonment running concurrent.

The defendant, Throckmorton, has made application for pardon. His case was heard at the June meeting of the board, and after due consideration we are of opinion that the application is entitled to a favorable recommendation.

The prisoner, Harry Throckmorton, is a young man, and at the time of his conviction was only about seventeen years of age. His home is in Colorado. He left his home there in 1905, making his way to the Pacific Coast, where he shipped on a vessel that rounded Cape Horn, and some time in the early part of 1906 he reached the Atlantic Coast. He was big and strong for his age, and was rated an able seaman. He became a member of the Atlantic Coast Seamen's Union, and is in good standing and under good report from that organization. About the first of August, 1906, he reached Phifadelphia in his travels, and was there employed in turn on several vessels, always sustaining his good reputation. By the latter part of that year he had become acquainted with Johananges, the other defendant in the above cases. On November 21st these two defendants, while rowing up the Delaware River, along the lower part of Bucks County, approached a row of boat houses fringing the shore, which were then closed for the season. Moved by an impulse neither of them could explain, they broke open several of these houses, entered and ransacked them, and carried off some articles of personal property. On December 2d following the boys were arrested, and after a hearing were, in default of bail, committed to jail. Their trial and conviction ensued in the following February, so that this applicant has been in prison all told more than two years and a half.

Throckmorton's companion in this escapade appears to have had a bad record. It is alleged, and apparently with reason, that this bad companionship got Throckmorton into his present trouble. From evidence submitted to us in the shape of letters, affidavits, etc., Throckmorton himself enjoyed an excellent reputation prior to the time of this infraction of the law.

There does not appear to have been deliberate premeditation on the part of either defendant to commit a felony when they started out on the trip. Their act was more in the nature of a boyish prank, carried out on the spur of the moment, than of a thought-out design to break the law. Still there was technical guilt, and the defendants were properly convicted and sentenced. This was Throckmorton's first offense; his companion, however, had not the same good record.

The prosecutors in the several cases have asked our favorable recommendation of the application for pardon. They have been influenced no doubt by the age of the prisoner, his previous good character, his unfortunate alliance with another youth whose record with the police was bad, his being a stranger in these parts, the knowledge that his aged parents in Colorado are overwhelmed with grief at their son's fall, and the belief that these old people are in great need of their son's presence and services. It has been made to appear to us also that if released from prison this applicant will at once go to Colorado to the home of his parents.

The district attorney who prosecuted, and the judge who tried the case, both endorse the application. Many other letters and testimonials are on file, all favoring the applicant's release. The impression seems to be well-founded that there was on the part of Throckmorton a lack of criminal intent; that the term of imprisonment he has already suffered is sufficient punishment for his indiscretion; that the ends of justice have been fully met; that the public good does not demand his further confinement, and that more benefit would result to the prisoner, to society and to humanity, by restoring to the prisoner his liberty at this time than by exacting from him the full term of imprisonment. We also have the positive assurance that money is now in the hands of his counsel to pay for his transportation to Colorado to his parents' home immediately upon his release if pardon is granted him.

For these reasons, therefore, we recommend that executive clemency be accorded this prisoner, and that a pardon be now granted the applicant, Henry Throckmorton.

Respectfully submitted,
ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 20—1909

September 28, 1909.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions for the county of Allegheny, to No. 239, March Sessions, 1908, Alphonso Minnelli was convicted on an indictment charging him with felonious assault and battery upon the person of his wife, Mary Minnelli. He was thereupon, May 27, 1908, sentenced by the court to pay a fine of one hundred dollars and undergo imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary for the terms of three years.

The prisoner's application for pardon has been heard and considered by the Board at its meeting held this day, and a recommendation that the pardon be granted is herewith respectfully submitted.

The applicant is a young man of about 24 years of age, an Italian by birth, and, prior to the commission of the offense charged, was in the enjoyment of a good reputation. His marriage was opposed by the parents of his wife, mainly on account of the age of the girl, who was then about 17 years old. An elopement resulted. The young people set up their housekeeping, and lived happily for awhile. The opposition of the parents continued, and they would not receive the husband at their house. The daughter, however, did visit her parents. On February 16, 1908, after a visit to her home the wife told her husband that her parents' unfriendliness towards him still remained, but that she would go and live with them without him, or something to that effect. Minnelli evidently loved his wife, and the thought of her leaving him excited him to a great extent. He went into another room, where he had a pistol, and then came back to where his wife was and began shooting in an aimless manner towards the floor and towards the ceiling of the room. The wife rushed at him with uplifted hands, and one of the bullets struck her upon the finger, causing a slight abrasion of the skin. She fled from the house and raised an alarm. The husband was arrested, and his conviction and imprisonment followed.

It was the contention of the defendant that he did not ean to shoot his wife. The direction of the shooting ems to bear out this theory. Since the trial the wife d her parents have carefully considered the circum-ances and have made an examination of the premises here the shooting occurred, and appear to have satisfied emselves that from the marks of the bullets on the or and on the ceiling of the room the aim was not to-ard the wife at all, and that the defendant did not ean to do her bodily harm.

Further, the parents now have changed their feelings wards Minnelli, and are ready to receive him into their me, and are willing that he and his wife should live to-ther without any ouposition on their part.

Defendant has already undergone considerably more than year's imprisonment; assurances of his employment upon s liberation have been given by reliable people; he and s wife will be enabled to start afresh without disturbing fluences. The measure of good to the community and to e parties in interest will be greater if he were pardoned ow than would be any benefit to the public and to the me parties that could be expected if he served out his me.

After a careful consideration of all the facts and cir-umstances of the case we believe this to be a proper oc-asion for the exercise of Executive clemency, and we, herefore, recommend that a pardon in full be granted the pplicant, Alphonso Minnelli.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor,
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth,
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General,
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

No. 21—1909

September 28, 1909.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions for the County of Luzerne, to No. 27, June Term, 1908, Robert Castrelin was, on the 15th day of June, 1908, convicted on an indictment charging him with the commission of an aggravated assault upon the person of his wife, and he was, upon the same day, sentenced by the court to pay a fine of twenty-five dollars and undergo an imprisonment in the county jail for the term of two years.

An application for his pardon has been made, and the matter was this day heard and considered by the Board. After a careful examination into the facts as disclosed by the record and the statements made at the hearing, we recommend that a pardon be granted said applicant.

Casterlin and his wife were a mismated pair. They had frequent family difficulties of various sorts. Among other troubles, each accused the other of infidelity. There was a separation, and the parties lived apart for about a year. The husband endeavored to return to his home in April, 1908, but his homecoming was ont welcomed by his wife. A quarrel between them then and there ensued, in the course of which Casterlin struck and beat his wife. His arrest followed, and the conviction above mentioned resulted.

The defendant has served more than a year in prison. It is admitted by the prosecution that the sentence of two years was a bit severe under the circumstances of the case. Further, there has since been an agreement between this husband and wife whereby the wife acknowledges full satisfaction for all personal injuries received. Under the agreement provision has been made for future support of the wife. She thereore joins in asking that a pardon be granted her husband. The ends of justice, so far as she is concerned, have been met in full. The law has been vindicated by his conviction and imprisonment, and the public good will not suffer by the release of the prisoner a few months earlier than the expiration of the sentence imposed.

For these reasons we recommend that a pardon in full be granted the applicant, Robert Casterlin.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

No. 22—1908.

September 28, 1909.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions for the County of Blair, to No. 36, October Sessions, 1908, Frank Ferry, on October 8, 1908, entered a plea of guilty to an indictment charging him with larceny, entering with intent to steal and receiving stolen goods. He was on that day sentenced to the Huntingdon Reformatory, it appearing to the court that he was between the ages of 15 and 25 years. At the time of the commission of the offense charged the defendant was of the age of 16 years.

On the 15th day of June, 1909, the prisoner was removed from the Reformatory and committed to the Western Penitentiary. This transfer was made by reason of an infraction of the rules of the Reformatory under the following circumstances: The prisoner's conduct being good, he was assigned to work outside the enclosure of the institution, and on the 10th day of June last, while overcome with a feeling of homesickness and under an impulse to see his mother, he started across country to go to his home in the adjoining county. He was soon missed, was followed and overtaken and brought back, and was, within a few days, in pursuance of the rules of the institution, sent to the Western Penitentiary, where, it seems he will be held for a term of eighteen months.

An application for his pardon has been filed. At our hearing to-day the facts in relation to the case were heard at length, and after careful consideration we are convinced that this is a case that merits an interference with the stern enforcement of the law, and we therefore recommend that a pardon in full be granted the applicant.

This boy was not a hardened criminal. He has spent more than eight months in the Reformatory, and has been confined considerably more than three months in the Penitentiary. This incarceration has been a sufficient punishment for his offending. Moreover, it was shown that the boy was instigated to the commission of the thefts by persons of mature years, who profited by his peculations. The articles stolen were certain cans of lard, the property of prisoner's brother, who was in the meat selling business in the city of Altoona, and with whom the prisoner was employed. Three other dealers in the same line of business in that town in some manner induced this boy to take away from his brother's store surreptitiously at different times a number of cans of lard, which they, well knowing them to be stolen, bought from him at low prices, far below market value. The Police Departmene of the city, investigating the thefts, learned of the real state of affairs, and made arrest of the boy, as well as of these three guilty receivers of stolen goods. The boy not only admitted his guilt, but gave the authorities information and testimony which resulted in the conviction of the three men, each of whom was sentenced to imprisonment for comparatively short terms. The boy, their tool, and the victim of their cupidity, we find is liable to a long term of confinement. So far as known this was his first offense. He comes from a good family, and has a good home, with proper surroundings, awaiting him, and it seems a miscarriage of justice to force him to spend months in the Penitentiary, while the more guilty offenders had their punishment meted out by days' imprisonment.

The District Attorney of Blair county, the Chief of Police of Altoona, the county officials, members of the Legislature, members of the bar, and a host of neighbors of the boy, all of whom well understand the peculiar situation of affairs, joined in an application for the boy's pardon. Public interests will not suffer by his release, and his own future usefulness may be secured by his pardon.

After carefully considering all the circumstances of the case, we are convinced that this applicant should be released from confinement, and we therefore recommend that a full pardon be granted said applicant, Frank Ferry.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 23—1909.

September 28, 1909.

To His Excellency, Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Oyer and Terminer of the County of Jefferson, to No. 7, August Sessions, 1903, August David entered a plea of guilty to the charge of voluntary manslaughter on an indictment charging him with murder, and thereupon, on August, 1903, he was sentenced to an imprisonment of ten years in the Western Penitentiary, where he has been confined since that time. Under the operation of the Commutation Act he will be entitled to his discharge from imprisonment about March of next year.

An application for his pardon before that time has been made; a full hearing was given said application at the meeting of the board held this day. We recommend that the pardon be granted as prayed for.

The applicant is now about sixty-five years of age. Prior to the commission of the offence charged in the above indictment he bore an excellent reputation, never having had the least breath of suspicion of violation of law directed toward him. The homicide for which he has been imprisoned occurred in the heat of sudden passion, and evidently was unintended. It arose out of a dispute with a neighbor concerning the flow of water from the land of the prisoner to that of the neighbor, who was the adjoining land owner. The latter seems to have been the aggressor in the quarrel and to have brought on the dispute, and unfortunately he became the victim.

On examination into all the circumstances surrounding the case as developed before us, it has been made to appear that the length of time already served in confinement has answered the requirements of justice, and there is no further good to be expected from a prolonged imprisonment of the applicant.

The following testimonial in the nature of an address to the board, signed by upward of two hundred of applicant's neighbors, has been filed with us, and can be taken as an expression of the sentiment of the community where this unfortunate tragedy took place:

"To the Honorable the Board of Pardons, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

We, the undersigned, citizens of Jefferson County, Pennsylvania, residing at or near the village of Rathmel, the home of August David, do hereby certify that we are acquainted with and have known him for many years; that prior to the crime charged against him and for which said crime he is now serving a sentence of ten years in the Western Penitentiary of Pennsylvania, situate in the city of Allegheny, Pennsylvania, he was a man of temperate habits and good moral character; honest, industrious and highly respected by all his neighbors and friends, and under all the circumstances surrounding the case we can frankly say that by reason of his good behavior during his incarceration, and the time of his discharge from the said Western Penitentiary so near at hand, viz., on or about March, A. D. 1910, we feel that the ends of justice have been met, and that no harm to society or the community at large will be done if his pardon at this time should be granted."

Judge Boughton, who presided at the trial of the case, and who sentenced the prisoner, writes the following letter under date of May 18, 1909:

"To the Honorable the Board of Pardons, Harrisburg, Pa.

Gentlemen:—I am informed that an application is about to be made to your Honorable Board for a pardon for one, August David, convicted before me in the Courts of Jefferson County, of manslaughter. At the time of sentence I felt it necessary to impose quite a severe punishment for the reason, among other things, that homicide had become quite prevalent in Jefferson County. And I had in mind at the time one of the primary objects of human punishment, to wit, the deterring of others from the commission of like offences, deeming it at that time necessary for the publi good to impose a severe sentence.

Mr. David is an old man, and his wife, of course, like th wives of all other offenders, is suffering greatly by reaso of his incarceration. I desire to say that I have no objec tion to the granting of the pardon, and in fact feel tha no harm to society or the community at large will be don if such pardon should at this time be granted.

J. W. BOUGHTON, P. J."

In view of all the circumstances surrounding this case as appears from the record and from the statements made t us at the hearing, giving consideration to the address o applicant's neighbors and to the letter of Judge Boughton we recommend that a full pardon be granted the applicant August David.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 24—1909.

October 20, 1909.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery in and for the County of Fayette, at March Term, 1909, the applicant, Frank Cole, was indicted for the crime of murder. The defendant was arraigned for trial on March 19, 1909, pleaded not guilty, and by agreement of court and counsel was found guilty of the crime of voluntary manslaughter, and on the same day was sentenced to pay a fine of six cents, the costs of prosecution, and to undergo imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary for the period of two years.

Frank Cole, the applicant, was indicted for the felonious killing of one William Saunders, at Mt. Braddock, on February 13, 1909. He is twenty-six years of age and is unmarried. He made his home with his parents at Dunbar, and has always borne a good reputation for peaceableness and industry. He was quiet and retiring, due largely to defective hearing. He was a laborer in brickyards near his home.

On Saturday evening, February 13, 1909, Saunders invited Cole to his home to spend the evening. Saunders' family consisted of wife and two or three children, and they lived in a two-room company house—a veritable hovel. There was a two- or three-gallon keg of beer on tap, and both men drank freely. Nearby lived a Polish family, at whose house a Saturday night dance was in progress. Saunders borrowed Cole's shoes and went to the dance. He participated in the dance, played one of the musical instruments, and joined in the festivity. His wife went for him, and he then directed her to bring some beer. She returned with Cole to the dance, Cole having slipped on a pair of rubber shoes or boots of Saunders. Shortly all three returned to Saunders' house. Some offense was taken by Saunders at something Cole said or did, and took off Cole's shoes and threw them at him. As Cole started to put them on Saunders made an attack on him. Cole was struck some blows on the head, and in the ensuing scuffle secured a poker which was standing at the fireplace, and with it struck Saunders a blow upon the head, from the effects of which blow he died a few hours later. Cole, with his collar missing and his shirt in shreds, went to the Mt. Braddock engine house and surrendered himself to an officer. At the time of the trial it was but a question as to whether or not, under the circumstances, Cole had reasonable or probable means of escape. After consultation with the court and district attorney it was agreed that the jury should render a verdict of voluntary manslaughter.

In support of the application for pardon there has been presented to the board a letter from the Honorable J. Q. Van Swearingen, the trial judge, which we quote:

"Uniontown, Pa., October 4, 1909.

Board of Pardons, Harrisburg, Pa.

Gentlemen:—Frank Cole was tried before me in March, 1909, on a charge of murder, and after the testimony on the part of

the Commonwealth was closed, it was agreed by counsel and the Court that the jury should return a verdict of voluntary manslaughter, which was done. I did not consider the case a very serious one, but thought some punishment should be imposed, and therefore sentenced the defendant to two years in the penitentiary. Mitigating circumstances have become known since that time, and the conduct of the defendant has been such that I feel he has suffered sufficient punishment already, and I therefore join in the prayer that a pardon be granted.

Yours very respectfully,
J. Q. VAN SWEARINGEN.

I heartily concur in the above request for a pardon.
ROBERT E. UMBEL,
President Judge XIV Judicial District."

In further support of the application for a recommendation of pardon, there was presented to the Board the following letter from George Patterson, Esquire, Assistant District Attorney:

"Uniontown, Pa., October 4, 1909.

Board of Pardons, Harrisburg, Pa.

Gentlemen:—I desire to join in the application for a pardon for Frank Cole, convicted in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Fayette County of manslaughter. I tried this case, and am familiar with the circumstances and the testimony submitted at the time of the trial. I believe that the sixth reason submitted by the petitioner for a pardon is well-founded. Many facts have developed since the trial that lead me to this belief. The applicant has always born a good reputation in the community where he lived; and I believe the crime of which he was convicted was more the result of his condition at the time of its commission than any inherent wrong in the applicant himself. The case was a very close one between manslaughter and acquittal, and the prisoner himself agreed to a verdict of manslaughter after the Commonwealth's testimony had been presented.

Under all the circumstances of this case, I believe it is one deserving of clemency at your hands, and I most respectfully request that the prayer of the petitioner be granted, if it should meet with the approval of your honorable Board.

Very truly yours,
GEORGE PATTERSON,
Asst. District Attorney for Fayette Co.

In view of all the facts and circumstances surrounding this case, and giving due consideration and weight to the letters from the learned trial judge and the assistant district attorney, the board respectfully recommends that a pardon may now issue to the said Frank Cole.

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

No. 25—1909.

October 20, 1909.

His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions of Columbia County, at September Term, 1907, Fortunata Callabro and Antonio Callabro were convicted of the crime of keeping a bawdy-house, of selling liquor without a license, and of extortion and conspiracy to extort, and on September 5, 1907, Fortunato Callabro was sentenced to pay a fine of $500, the costs of prosecution, and to undergo imprisonment in the Eastern Penitentiary for the period of five years. Upon the same day Antonio Callabro was sentenced to pay a fine of $250, the costs, and to undergo imprisonment in the said institution for the term of two and one-half years.

The term of sentence imposed upon Antonio has been served by him, he having been released from the Penitentiary in August last.

Applications for recommendation of pardon were made by both of these prisoners a year ago. Careful consideration was then given the applications, and both were refused.

There seems to be some doubt as to the trustworthiness of some of the witnesses who testified for the prosecution—the principal of these being a man of the name of John Zangrone. This man was convicted at the same term of court, within a short time of the conviction of the Callabros, of the crime of impersonating an officer of the State Constabulary and of keeping a bawdy-house, and he was sentenced to eighteen months imprisonment in the penitentiary. After his own conviction, he admitted that his testimony in the Callabro case was false. Notwithstanding this, and eliminating this so-called false testimony, the Board was of the opinion that the defendants were guilty to a certain extent, and that they should serve a proper length of time in prison.

One of the defendants, Antonio Callabro, having served his full term of imprisonment, the Board believes that Fortunata Callabro should now be granted clemency, because he has suffered sufficient punishment for his violation of the law, and that he should be released from prison.

The Honorable Charles E. Evans, the trial Judge in the case cited, writes the Board, under date of October 20, 1908, as follows:

"26th Judicial District,
Charles C. Evans, Berwick, Pa.

To the Board of Pardons.

Dear Sirs:—The Callabros were undoubtedly convicted largely upon the testimony of John Zangrone. At the following session Zangrone was convicted of like charges.

There is considerable doubt in my mind as to whether Zangrone testified truthfully.

The Callabros have now served about 14 months.

They perhaps ought to be pardoned.

Very respectfully,
October 20, 1908. CHARLES C. EVANS."

In support of the application, letters have been received from substantial and worthy citizens and from municipal officials, asking that a recommendation of pardon be granted in this case. Among these communications are letters from the Chief Burgess of West Berwick, the President of Council, the Chief of Police, the Constable, the Overseers of the Poor, the School Directors, who certify that they are well acquainted with the petitioner and believe him to have been unjustly convicted.

In view of all the facts and circumstances connected with this case, and especially in view of the fact that the trial Judge expresses his doubt as to the truthfulness of the chief witness for the prosecution, the Board respectfully recommends that clemency may be extended, and that a pardon may now issue to the said Fortunata Callabro.

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

No. 26—1909.

November 3, 1909.

His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—At a Court of Quarter Sessions in and for the county of Luzerne, at April Term, 1909, Ferdinand Lamkin was convicted on an indictment charging him with the crime of statutory rape, and on May 1, 1909, was by the said court sentenced to pay a fine of $500, the costs of prosecution, and to undergo imprisonment in the Eastern Penitentiary for a period of seven years and six months.

Application for pardon was made at the September meeting of the Board, and the case was held under advisement until this time, pending the production of certain affidavits—which have now been furnished—and also by an investigation which convinces the Board that a pardon to this prisoner would now be proper.

The crime for which the prisoner was convicted was alleged to have been committed in January, 1908, on the person of his stepdaughter, Emma Beyers, then aged about eleven years. Her testimony was to the effect that the act was repeated many times, although she never told her mother until a year after the last occurrence.

No examination of the child's person was made by any physician until after the trial, conviction and sentence, when, at the instance of the prosecutrix, Mrs. Anna M. Bertels, Matron of the United Charities of Wilkes-Barre, the child was examined by Dr. G. F. Matlack, a physician who stands at the head of his profession in Wilkes-Barre, and who made the following report:

Commonwealth) In the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Luvs.) zerne County, Pennsylvania. No.....
Frank Lamkin) April Term, 1909.

I, the undersigned, physician of Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania, have, at the request of counsel for the above named defendant, this 5th day of May, 1909, made a thorough physical examination of the person of Emma Beyer, and find no traces of her having been ravished; on the contrary, I find her chastity unsoiled. Furthermore, I am firmly convinced that had she been ravished, earmarks of the deed would have been found upon her person. There are absolutely no signs of penetration; and

from my examination of this girl, I find that it would have been impossible for this child to have undergone the operation without intense pain and bleeding. Nay more, from a medical standpoint of view, no crime has been committed upon the person of Emma Beyer.

(Signed) G. F. MATLACK.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., May 5, 1909.

Mrs. Anna M. Bertels, the prosecutrix, has made affidavit as follows:

Commonwealth) In the Court of Quarter Sessions of
vs) Luzerne county. No.....April
Ferdinand Lamkin) Sessions, 1909.
Luzerne County, *ss*:

Mrs. Anna M. Bertels, being duly sworn according to law, deposes and says, that she was the prosecutrix in the case of the Commonwealth vs. Ferdinand Lamkin, and at the time of having the above named defendant arrested, she relied upon the statements made to her by the mother of Emma Beyer and by Emma Beyer herself, and that in pursuance of said information the defendant above named was arrested.

After the trial and conviction I was not satisfied as to the guilt of the defendant. I therefore took Emma Beyer, the girl who alleged that she was criminally assaulted, to Dr. G. F. Matlack, a very reputable physician of Wilkes-Barre, and had a personal examination made of her person; and, much to my surprise, I was informed by the doctor that the little girl had not been penetrated, and that the defendant was therefore innocent of the crime charged against him.

I most earnestly join in the petition that he be pardoned, as Matron of the Humane Society of Wilkes-Barre. I have always desired to see that only justice be done, and where I discover that I have been misinformed I never hesitate in so certifying. I am fully convinced that this defendant did not commit the crime of rape upon his stepdaughter, Emma Beyer.

ANNA M. BERTELS,

Matron of the United Charities of Wilkes-Barre, Pa."

Sworn and subscribed before me this 21st day of October, 1909.

ALEX. RICKETTS,

(Seal) Alderman.

My commission expires first Monday of May, 1910.

At the hearing of this case the statement was made that, some time previous to the bringing of the prosecution, Mrs. Lamkin had separated from her husband, and that she was endeavoring to procure a divorce, and this fact may have inspired the prosecution.

District Attorney Salsburg, who was present at the hearing, said that the medical examination was made by a reputable physician and that the statement was undoubtedly true. The trial Judge sentenced the defendant for seven years and one-half, which could be done legally only under the count of rape in the indictment.

From these facts it would therefore appear that the defendant was illegally sentenced. Inasmuch as the term has gone by and the court cannot grant a new trial, and the record showing no ground of appeal—that is, it does not show the material fact of the absence of penetration—there is no relief for this prisoner except through the action of the Pardon Board. He was legally convicted on the facts set forth before the court and jury, but under the undisputed facts—that is, the absence of penetration—coupled with the sentence, which could only be sustained if pentration had taken place—he is now undergoing an illegal imprisonment, and there can be no relief for this situation except an unconditional pardon

The Board therefore respectfully recommends that a pardon may now issue to the said Ferdinand Lamkin.

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor,
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth,
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General,
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 27—1909.

November 17, 1909.

His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Oyer and Terminer of the County of Lackawanna, to No. 4, April Term, 1902, Michael J. Davis was convicted, June 12, 1902, on an indictment charging him with murder, the jury fixing the grade of the offense as murder in the second degree. On June 14, 1902, the said defendant was sentenced to pay the costs and undergo imprisonment in the Eastern Penitentiary for a term of eighteen years.

An application for the pardon of this prisoner has been duly made; and after a full hearing and upon careful consideration of the case the Board is of the opinion that the application should be allowed, and we therefore recommend that a pardon be granted the applicant, Michael J. Davis.

The homicide in question took place in the village of Minooka, in the county of Lackawanna. It was the result of a drunken brawl in a saloon. Prior to the time of the commission of this crime the defendant had borne a good reputation. On the night of February 15, 1902, Davis having been drinking during the day, met the victim, a man by the name of King, in a saloon in company with several other men, all of whom were more or less under the influence of liquor. A dispute of some kind arose which ripened into a quarrel, and in the ecurse of a scuffle between Davis and King, Davis drew his revolver and fired several shots in the air; and the men getting into close quarters the weapon was discharged and King was struck and killed.

Although the jury fixed the grade of the crime at murder in the second degree, it appears to be the opinion of the officials engaged in the trial of the case that a verdict of manslaughter would have answered the ends of justice, and that therefore the prisoner has been sufficiently punished by the imprisonment already endured. Our examination of the record, and our inquiry into the circumstances of the case, backed up by the endorsement of a number of influential and responsible persons, well acquainted with the details of the occurrence and the character of the applicant, lead us to the same conclusion.

William R. Lewis, Esq., the District Attorney who tried the case, writes to the Board as follows:

"Board of Pardons, Harrisburg, Pa.

Gentlemen:—As District Attorney of Lackawanna County I had personal charge of the trial of Michael J. Davis, charged with the murder of Peter King.

Davis was found guilty of murder in the second degree, and was sentenced to eighteen years in the Penitentiary.

The crime was committed between the hours of 12.00 and 1 o'clock Sunday morning in a saloon in the village of Minooka, near this city.

Most, if not all, of the persons present at the time of the commission of this crime were more or less under the influence of drink. The evidence disclosed that the murdered man, King, had been drinking during the evening, and that Davis had been drinking in several saloons in the city of Scranton before his arrival at the place where the crime was committed. In fact, several persons present, upon being interviewed, informed me that their condition of intoxication was such that they could not tell what actually took place.

The crime was committed with a revolver. Davis, as I recall now, fired in all five shots, three of which entered the body of the deceased.

Immediately prior to the shooting some altercation had taken place between Davis and King about the service of a subpoena by Davis, acting as a constable, upon King. This service had taken place at some time prior to the killing.

I feel confident that if Davis had been entirely sober at this time this crime would not have been committed.

While I was at the time perfectly satisfied with the verdict of the jury in the case, a verdict of voluntary manslaughter would have been no miscarriage of justice.

Immediately after the conclusion of the trial, and before the jury had rendered its verdict, the trial judge, Honorable H. M. Edwards, expressed to me his opinion that the verdict would be voluntary manslaughter.

Before the commission of this offence Davis had borne a good reputation among his neighbors.

Very truly yours,

WM. R. LEWIS."

Honorable H. M. Edwards, who presided at the trial, writes:

"Board of Pardons, Harrisburg, Pa.

Gentlemen:—I have been asked to write a letter in regard to the case of Michael Davis, which comes before you.

I very seldom write letters in cases that come before the Board. I am willing to make an exception in this case. Davis was convicted of murder in the second degree, and I sentenced him, I think, to eighteen years. I believe now that the sentence was too severe. I would have been satisfied with a verdict of manslaughter. The homicide was the result of a bar-room brawl.

Yours truly,

H. M. EDWARDS, P. J."

In view of the circumstances as stated, and giving due heed to the opinions of the District Attorney and the trial judge, we respectfully recommend that the application in this case be favorably received, and that a pardon be granted the applicant, Michael J. Davis.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General,
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 28—1909

November 17, 1909.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions of the County of Philadelphia, to Nos. 27 and 28, August Sessions, 1908, Agnes Boland entered pleas of guilty to indictments charging her with the crime of larceny. She was thereupon sentenced the same day—August 11, 1908—to an imprisonment of three years in the Philadelphia County Prison.

She has filed her application for pardon, which application it has been made to appear to the Board should be favorably considered. We therefore recommend that a pardon be granted to the applicant, Agnes Boland.

The applicant is a young woman who came from Ireland in 1906, and soon thereafter obtained work in the carpet mills at Falls of Schuylkill, Philadelphia. Subsequently, upon the closing down of the mills, she went out to work as a domestic servant, first in the family of Mr. J. W. Craft, Philadelphia, and then in the family of Mr. Jacob Kirchberg, Philadelphia. While in the employment of these persons respectively she stole some articles of clothing and table wear, for which peculations she was indicted and convicted. When her case was called for trial she was without counsel, and the fact of there being two separate prosecutions gave the impression that she was a professional servant girl thief. Her sentence seems to have been meted out on this theory.

It has transpired, however, that this theory is entirely incorrect. These were her first offenses. Prior to their commission she had borne a good reputation. From letters submitted to the Board and from affidavits on file we are convinced that this prisoner is not a persistent criminal. Considering the facts as laid before us, we are of the belief that this prisoner has been sufficiently punished by the more than fifteen months' imprisonment which she has undergone, and we therefore recommend that a pardon be granted the applicant, Agnes Boland.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 29—1909

December 15, 1909.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace in and for the County of Fayette, to No. 10, September Term, 1906, James R. Smith was convicted on an indictment charging him with assault and battery, aggravated assault and battery and assault and battery with intent to kill and murder, and was thereupon, after refusal of a motion for new trial, sentenced—January 29, 1907—to pay a fine of six cents, costs, and undergo an imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary for the term of five years. He has served nearly three years of that sentence.

An application for pardon of the defendant was filed in October, 1907, which application was denied. Subsequently an application for a rehearing of the case was filed and allowed, and the case was again presented in due course at the regular meeting of the Board, held this day. After careful consideration of the case the Board is of opinion that a recommendation for Executive clemency can now properly be made, and we therefore unite in recommending that a pardon be granted the applicant, James R. Smith.

The applicant is a man of nearly sixty years of age. He was a resident of Fayette county, and at the time of the commission of the offense charged was possessed of considerable property. He had many peculiarities of disposition, and his natural weaknesses in this direction were aggravated by the use of intoxicating liquor. He was married, and had a family of chilldren, to whom, it is said, he was strongly attached. One of his daughters, when about the age of seventeen years, accepted the attentions of a young man by the name of William Wirsing, whose family lived in the neighborhood of the Smith family. Smith was much opposed to an alliance with Wirsing, but the young people persisted in their course. An elopement followed, and Wirsing and the daughter were maried before Smith could prevent it. This marriage took place on May 30, 1906. Wirsing and his wife returned to Fayette county and took up their abode with the husband's father, who lived a few miles distant from the Smith homestead. On or about the 5th of June following Smith wrote to his daughter, stating that he had forgiven her, and inviting her and her husband to visit her old home on the following 8th of June, where a dinner would be given her and her friends in honor of her marriage. In pursuance of this invitation Wirsing and his wife drove to the Smith home and entered the premises. Smith saw them coming. One of his spells seemed to be on him that day. He called out to them from an upstairs window, having a loaded rifle in his hands. Wirsing stepped out into the open and Smith immediately fired at him, the ball striking him on the hand and severing a finger. Smith then started downstairs. Wirsing and his wife ran out of the yard, and went down the street. Smith followed and fired three more shots, one of which took effect in Wirsing's elbow, disabling his arm. Smith was restrained by some of his friends, and soon afterwards was arrested on an information laid by Wirsing. His trial and conviction followed, Wirsing being the prosecutor.

Wirsing also began a civil suit for damages. This action was tried in the following September, and a verdict rendered against the defendant Smith in favor of the plaintiff Wirsing for forty-five thousand dollars damages. The amount of this judgment has been collected by the plaintiff, Wirsing. Wirsing and his wife are now living in the State of Florida.

At the time of the imposition of the sentence in the Quarter Sessions it was stated by the court that if the pending suit in the Common Pleas for damages was settled on an adequate basis within the term a portion of the time covered by the sentence, not exceeding one-half, would be remitted. This settlement was not then effected, and the civil action proceeded to trial. The prisoner has served more than one-half his term in the Penitentiary. The amount of the judgement which he has paid on the recovery against him in the Common Pleas Court is a greater sum than the case could have been settled for while the criminal trial was pending, at which time a settlement would have been productive of a material reduction of sentence in the criminal court. So that it is evident that the defendant has in reality received the full measure of punishment which, in the opinion of the court on the trial of the criminal case, his offense deserved.

Judge Reppert, who tried the Quarter Sessions case, writes the Board as follows:

"Uniontown, Pa., November 25, 1909.

To the Honorable the Board of Pardons, Harrisburg, Pa.

Gentlemen:—In the matter of the application of James R. Smith for a pardon I beg to submit the following:

The personal and family history of the applicant, by reason of acquaintance, has been known to me practically all my life. Allowance should be made for the influence of an environment, in many of its aspects unfavorable to the development of a sense of serious individual responsibility, especially when accompanied by the possession of large means, suddenly acquired late in life.

The applicant in all of his troubles has been averse to heeding the advice of those connected with him by friendly, professional or official relations. Many of his difficulties could have been avoided had his experience been broad enough to teach him to trust, rather than suspect others, in matters in which he was uninformed and they skilled.

At the time he was sentenced as a result of his unfortunate attack upon his son-in-law it was stated that in case a settlement of the civil action for damages then pending was made within the term, a portion of the time covered by the sentence, not exceeding one-half, would be remitted. This was not done, and the sentence stood as imposed; but a minor portion of this sentence remains to be served.

The civil action resulted in a large verdict against the applicant, considerably larger, I am informed, than the case could have been settled for at the time he was sentenced. This verdict has been paid.

The applicant's son-in-law and family have since moved to a distant State, and further trouble between these parties, resulting from the applicant's discharge, cannot reasonably be anticipated.

The applicant's family and his private affairs need his personal attention. He is undoubtedly devoted to his wife

and children, according to his light, and affectionate toward them, supplying their material wants generously. His personal attention to his business interests at this time might enable him not only to prevent further loss to his estate, but to replace, to some extent, the large expenditures, which he has been compelled to make.

Under all the circumstances, the authority of the law having been fully vindicated, I believe the demands of punishment have been met, and that the applicant's release should have a beneficial effect and accomplish more substantial good for the community than his further incarceration.

I trust your Honorable Board may see its way clear to recommend this application.

Very respectfully yours,
EDWARD H. REPPERT."

Judge Umble, of the same court, writes:

"December 14, 1909.

To the Pardon Board of the State of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I hereby endorse the letter of Judge Reppert herewith submitted for your consideration, in re the application for the pardon of James R. Smith, and join in his request and recommendation.

Yours very truly,
ROBT. E. UMBEL."

Judge Van Swearingen, the present judge of the same court, writes:

"Uniontown, Pa., December 13, 1909.

To the Board of Pardons, Harrisburg, Pa.

Gentlemen:—I am informed that an application is pending before your Board for a pardon for James R. Smith, who is now serving a sentence of five years' imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary for an assault, with intent to kill, upon his son-in-law, William S. Wirsing.

There was a civil suit for damages growing out of this same trouble in which Wirsing recovered a verdict of $15,000 against Smith, which has been paid. This, in itself, was quite a punishment. I was familiar with these cases at the time, though not then on the bench, and my knowledge of the facts leads me to the belief that the ends of justice have been met, and that sufficient punishment has been suffered.

Wirsing has moved with his family to Florida, and there is no possibility of further trouble between these parties, and I would respectfully recommend a pardon for the applicant.

Very respectfully,
J. Q. VAN SWEARINGEN."

Counsel who assisted the Commonwealth in the prosecution of the criminal case and who represented the plaintiff in the civil case, unite in asking for favorable considerationn of the application for pardon.

There are also other letters to the same effect on file with the Board.

In view, therefore, of all the circumstances shown by the record before us, and the condition as disclosed by the foregoing letters, we unite in the recommendation that a pardon be now granted this applicant, James R. Smith.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.

HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 30—1909.

December 15, 1909.

His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace in and for the County of Mifflin, to Nos. 21 and 22, May Sessions, 1908, Charles H. Bratton entered pleas of guilty on indictments charging him with the statutory crimes of forgery and embezzlement respectively. He was sentenced, August 11, 1908, in the embezzlement case to pay a fine of $222.42, costs, and imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary for the term of two years; and in the forgery case to pay a fine of $5, costs, and imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary for the term of three years to begin at the expiration of the term in the embezzlement case—aggregating five years imprisonment.

An application for his pardon has been made, and the case was heard at the regular meeting held this day. Upon giving a full and careful consideration to the application we recommend that a pardon be granted the applicant, Charles B. Bratton.

The applicant is a man of about thirty-five years of age, a resident of Mifflin county. He belongs to a highly respectable family and prior to the present difficulty bore an excellent reputation. He was in the newspaper business from 1899 until 1907, when he sold out and embarked in the florist business. While in the newspaper business his father and brother endorsed his note for $900, which was renewed from time to time. In 1907, when he sold out this business these endorsers, for some reason not disclosed, supposed that this note was paid out of the proceeds of the sale. As a matter of fact the newspaper business had proved a losing venture from the beginning, and Bratton in the end was largely involved. On the last renewal of this note he forged the endorsements of his father and brother. He also forged the names of his father and brother and of his mother-in-law on notes of smaller amounts on which he raised money. The aggregate of his forgeries amounted to $1,498. He was also the collector of the lodge of Royal Arcanum, and had used the funds of that society to the amount of $222.42 in the payment of his debts. It is admitted that all this money went to pay debts incurred in his unprofitable business. There is no charge of speculation, gambling or fast living.

Finding himself thus involved he made known the situation to his relatives, and they at once determined that he should be punished. They laid informations based on the forgery of their names, and the brother laid the information charging embezzlement of the Royal Arcanum funds. Under the pressure of his relatives' importunities the defendant entered pleas of guilty to indictments without the intervention of the grand jury, and was at once sentenced as before indicated.

It now appears that at the time of the sentence all the facts in the case were not known and understood by the Court and other parties in interest. There have been filed with this application letters from the trial Judge, the prosecutors and others concerned in the transactions, and from many others, uniting in the recommendation for pardon, on the ground that the defendant has been sufficiently punished, and that the ends of justice have been met. The Royal Arcanum Society never sanctioned the prosecution so far as they were concerned, and there is on file with us certificate of their formal action, under their seal, asking for the pardon of the applicant. The District Attorney says in his letter that in his opinion "the granting of the pardon would meet with the approval of a great many people in the county of Mifflin, perhaps the majority." Judge Woods, who imposed the sentence, writes as follows:

"December 3, 1909.

To the Board of Pardons, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—I have been served with a notice that an application would be made on December 15th to have Charles H. Bratton released from imprisonment.

I wish to say that I approve of this move and it would be satisfactory to me if you would favorably consider this application.

Mr. Bratten plead guilty, and at the same time sentence was imposed we did not have all the facts before us. I believe he has learned his lesson.

Yours very respectfully,
J. M. WOODS, P. J."

Under this condition of affairs, and with the additional information brought to the attention of the Board on the argument of the application and from an examination of the record, it has been made to appear to the Board that this is a case in which it is proper to recommend favorable action on the application. We therefore recommend that a pardon be granted to the applicant, Charles B. Bratton.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor,

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth,

M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General,

HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 31—1910.

January 19, 1910.

His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace in and for the County of Luzerne, to No. 454, January Sessions, 1909, Edward Salzinger entered a plea of guilty to an indictment charging him with (1) breaking and entering a

ding, and (2) larceny, without the submission of the bill f dictment to the grand jury; and thereupon, February 19, 9, was sentenced to pay a fine of one hundred dollars, s, and imprisonment in the Luzerne County Jail for one r and six calendar months.

On June 7, 1909, an application for pardon was filed, ch application was continued from time to time until the sent January meeting of the Board. The reason set forth he invocation for clemency is—the undue severity of the ishment imposed by the Court.

After carefully considering the facts as presented, and view of the letter from Honorable Henry A. Fuller, who tenced the prisoner, we find that the application is well nded, and we recommend that the pardon asked for be nted.

The applicant is a young man of about twenty-three years age. Prior to his arrest on this charge he had conducted self properly in all respects as a law-abiding person. Be- out of employment, and having a wife and baby to take e of, and being entirely destitute, he, in his desperation, ke into a moving picture show building and stole thirty- e dollars which he found there.

It seems to be the belief of those familiar with the his- y of the case and all its surroundings, that the ends of tice have been met by the imprisonment already under- ne, that the prisoner has paid an adequate penalty for his d deed, and that the interests of the public will not be dangered by the pardon of the applicant.

The letter of Judge Fuller referred to above is as fol- vs:

"January 17, 1910.

n. Hampton Todd, Attorney General.

My Dear Mr. Todd:—This may be considered as a semi- icial communication concerning Edward Salzinger, an appli- nt for pardon at your next meeting.

After careful thought and inquiry, I believe that his case rits favorable consideration. He has a wife and a baby, is roughly penitent, and has now a good opportunity for em- yment. By commutation his imprisonment would probably rminate in a couple of months any way, and I do not think at the ends of justice will be prejudiced by his present re- ase.

I have reached this conclusion after talking the matter over ry carefully with the warden, the prisoner, his wife, the Dis- ict Attorney who presented his case, and with others who are terested in the case.

Very truly yours,
HENRY A. FULLER."

In view therefore of the foregoing we recommend that a ardon be granted to this applicant, Edward Salzinger.

Respectfully submitted,
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth,
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General,
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 32—1910.

January 27, 1910.

His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions of the County of Chester, at August Sessions, 1909, to-wit, upon August 30, 1909, George P. Meyer, alias Charles E. Chambers, entered pleas of guilty to two indictments charging him with (1) forgery, and (2) false pretense, waiving the finding of bills by the grand jury. On the same day the Court sentenced the defendant on both bills to pay fine of $250, costs, and to undergo imprisonment in the Eastern Penitentiary for not more than ten years nor less than two years and six months.

An application for pardon has been filed, which the Board has duly considered, and, after investigating the circumstances attending the case, and in view of the attitude of the Trial Judge with regard to the application in a letter written by him to the counsel of the applicant, which has been filed with the papers, we have reached the conclusion that a merciful intervention on the part of the Executive in the way of granting a pardon to the applicant would be entirely justifiable. We therefore recommend that a pardon be now granted the applicant, George P. Meyer.

The applicant is a young man of about twenty-three years of age. There is no doubt of his guilt in the premises, although prior to these prosecutions he had led an upright life. Physically he is of a tubercular disposition. Within the past few months the disease, pulmonary tuberculosis, has been developing rapidly, and it is the opinion of competent physicians that it will terminate fatally within a short time. With this information brought to his attention, Judge Butler who sentenced the prisoner, wrote to the counsel for the applicant under date of December 13, 1909, the letter alluded to above, the closing sentence of which is as follows: "If the authority were vested in me, now that he is practically dying, I would allow him to go home."

Therefore, being persuaded that the sentiment underlying Judge Butler's letter is both reasonable and humane, and that the demands of justice are not being ignored (because the applicant has undergone about five months' imprisonment in the Penitentiary), and that the public interests will not be harmed by our favorable consideration of the application, we unite in recommending that a pardon be granted the applicant, George P. Meyer, alias Charles E. Chambers.

Respectfully submitted,
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth,
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General,
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 33—1910.

February 16, 1910.

His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace of the County of Allegheny, to No. 672, March Sessions, 1908, William Wortman entered a plea of guilty to an indictment charging him with embezzlement as a bank employe, waiving the formality of the finding of a bill by the grand jury. This plea was entered April 14, 1908, and on the same day the defendant was sentenced to pay a fine of 6 1-4 cents, costs, and undergo imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary for the term of five years.

His application for pardon was heard this day, and, upon due consideration the Board is of opinion that this is a proper case for the intervention of the pardoning power, and we therefore recommend that a pardon be granted this applicant, William Wortman.

The offense with which the defendant is charged is a serious one and the guilt of the offender is undisputed. He has served nearly two years in prison. Shortly after his imprisonment began he became afflicted with a disease which confined him to the hospital for a considerable period of time. A recent examination by competent medical gentlemen shows that he is afflicted with a cancerous stricture of the rectum, a disease which is pronounced incurable. It is the opinion of the physicians who made this examination that the patient is liable to die at any time.

Under these conditions, the Oakland Savings and Trust Company of Pittsburg, the bank in which Wortman was employed and whose funds he embezzled, and whose Vice-President laid the information against him, writes to the Board as follows:

"Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 1, 1910.

To the Honorable, the Board of Pardons, Harrisburg, Pa.

Sirs:—We desire to recommend to your Honorable Board for favorable action the application for pardon of William Wortman, a former employe of this bank. We believe that the ends of justice have been subserved and that Mr. Wortman has been sufficiently punished for the wrong he committed.

He is still a young man, and under ordinary circumstances, would, if released, make a good citizen. Under the extraordinary circumstances of his case, considering the nature of the disease from which he is suffering, we sincerely feel that further punishment by confinement is useless, and in the interests of humanity and to the end that the few remaining days of his life may be spent with his sorrying parents, it is the official action of this bank, the party most aggrieved by his crime, in praying your Honorable Board for extreme clemency in his case and in granting the pardon in which he and those near and dear to him so earnestly desire.

Respectfully submitted,
JOHN A. FLANNERY.
President."

In addition to this the President, the Vice President, and other officials of the bank, in their individual capacity, address the Board in the same strain. Many other prominent and influential persons, well acquainted with the circumstances of the case strongly endorse the application; so that it is quite apparent that there is a weighty public sentiment favoring the release of this prisoner from the bonds of his confinement.

Therefore, giving full consideration to all the circumstances of the case, and yielding to the belief that the punishment that has been meted out to this man has reached the measure that justice can properly demand from one whose physical dissolution seems to be approaching fast, we unite in recommending that a pardon be now granted this applicant, William Wortman.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth,
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General,
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 34—1910.

February 16, 1910.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Oyer and Terminer of the County of Philadelphia, to No. 289, May Sessions, 1908, Jay Hopkins was, on November 23, 1909, convicted on an indictment charging him with voluntary manslaughter in causing the death of John Magee, and was thereupon, December 3, 1909, sentenced to pay the costs of prosecution and undergo an imprisonment of six months in the County Prison.

At the January meeting of the board an application for pardon of said Hopkins was made. This application was duly considered and was then refused. An application for rehearing was filed, and the case was again, at the meeting held this day, duly given full consideration. We now unite in the recommendation that the application be allowed, and that a pardon be granted the applicant, Jay Hopkins.

On February 12, 1908, the day of the happening of the occurrence on which the prosecution was based, Jay Hopkins was a motorman on a Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company's car going east on Elmwood Avenue in the City of Philadelphia. When at a point half way between 73d and 72d Streets the car struck the rear end of a coal wagon, dragging it a short distance and throwing the driver, John Magee, out on the street, causing injuries from which Magee died before reaching the hospital. The coroner's jury acquitted Hopkins of blame, but afterwards a brother of decedent swore out a warrant on which the motorman was arrested. The case was not tried until November, 1909.

It is alleged on the part of the applicant that the collision between his car and the wagon was purely accidental and unavoidable; that his car was "drifting" on a down grade; that it was after night; that the lights on the street were bad; that there had been rain or snow and the rails were wet and slippery, and that altogether the accident was entirely beyond the control of the motorman. There was some dispute on certain of these phases of the case, and, in view of the verdict of the jury, if there was nothing else favoring the application, a recommendation for clemency would be of doubtful propriety, inasmuch as the punishment of this unfortunate man would serve as a warning and would likely have the effect of making motormen more careful. However, it appears that this particular motorman had the reputation of being a very careful and competent driver; he had been in the employ of the company for a long time, and had never before had an accident, and further the company had sufficient confidence in him to keep him at his regular work during the interval between the happening of this accident and the day of his trial, and it is stated that the company is now ready to reinstate him on his liberation from confinement.

After the happening of this accident and before his trial Hopkins married and started into housekeeping. His imprisonment has, of course, shattered his domestic arrangements. His wife, being without support, has been compelled to give up her home. She is in delicate health, and is now in an advanced stage of pregnancy. Being entirely destitute, she is dependent upon charitably disposed persons, and is likely to become a public charge.

Hopkins has spent more than two months in jail under his sentence. Under all circumstances of the case the conviction itself, coupled with this short imprisonment, seems to be a vindication of the law. The demands of justice have been met, and it may with safety be said that, apart from serving as a warning, no further good would be effected by compelling the applicant to remain in jail for more than three months longer when his release would be of so much benefit to his suffering wife. Therefore, actuated largely by feelings of mercy and humanity, we recommend that a pardon be now granted to this applicant, Jay Hopkins.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary Internal Affairs.

NO. 35—1910.

March 16, 1910.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Oyer and Terminer of the County of Lawrence, to No. 1, March Term, 1909, John Layton was convicted on an indictment charging him with larceny and receiving stolen goods. The said defendant was thereupon, March 20, 1909, sentenced to pay a fine of $5, costs and undergo imprisonment in the Allegheny County workhouse for two years.

On March 1, 1910, an application for the pardon of the said Layton was duly filed, and the same was heard at the meeting of the board held this day. Upon due consideration of the facts in the case, and having regard to the recommendation of the trial judge, the district attorney who tried the case, and the present district attorney in addition, also of the county detective who worked up the case, of the mayor of the City of New Castle, and of the prosecutor himself, all of whom are familiar with the details and whose views may be taken to reflect public sentiment, the board respectfully recommends that executive clemency be extended the applicant.

Layton is a man of about thirty-two years of age, a glass blower by occupation and reputed to be an industrious and capable workman; at the time of his getting into this trouble he was out of work through the stringency of the times. He is married and has two children, both of tender age. His wife, since his imprisonment, has become insane and is now an inmate of the Dixmont Asylum. His children are also a public charge.

The applicant was indicted jointly with Robert Reed, his father-in-law, and Jesse Reed, a nephew of Robert's. At the trial the other two defendants were acquitted, owing to the absence of positive evidence against them available at the time. Certain of the stolen articles were found in the possession of Layton, and there is no dispute as to his guilt. It developed, however, after the trial that the Reeds were equally guilty; and it is the opinion of those in the position to know and to form a proper judgment under the circumstances that the elder Reed was the instigator of the crime, and in all probability the ringleader in its perpetration.

In view of the letter of the district attorney who tried the case, which we quote below in full, it is not necessary to give a detailed account of the facts connected with the larceny. It has been made clear to us that the punishment of this applicant in the year's confinement in the workhouse since his conviction has satisfied the ends of justice, especially as his guilty companions have escaped punishment entirely.

The following is the letter of the district attorney who prosecuted the case:

"New Castle, Pa., Feb. 22, 1910.

To the Honorable, the Board of Pardons of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Sirs:—Having been notified that an application will be made to your Honorable Board on March 16, 1910, for pardon for John Layton, who was convicted of the crime of larceny and receiving stolen goods, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer of Lawrence County, at No. 1 March Term, 1909, I deem it my duty to make a statement to your Board regarding the case.

I was District Attorney at the time this case was tried, and the defendant was tried with his father-in-law, Robert Reed, and a cousin, Jesse Reed; the two Reeds were acquitted, for the reason that none of the stolen goods were found on their premises, and the reason for this was, as was afterwards learned, that Layton was first arrested, and the Reeds hearing

is made away with the goods which they had secreted be- they would be arrested and their house was searched. Court sentenced the defendant to two years imprisonment e Allegheny workhouse; shortly after sentence was im- , his wife became insane, and was committed to the In- Asylum at Dixmont, and is still confined in the asylum; had two small children at the time of his sentence, who being kept by the poor authorities, and the wife gave birth nother child in the insane asylum, which died recently. om what we have learned of the case since the defendant sentenced, I have come to the conclusion that the father- w, Robert Reed, was the leader, and that his son-in-law, Layton, who was out of employment at that time, and family in destitute circumstances, was induced to take in the larceny of these goods, which were principally ing and eatables. They broke into the residence of one Riblett, which was unoccupied at the time, and took some ed goods, some old clothing, and some other things to eat. my opinion, the sentence imposed by the Court, which done without the full knowledge of the facts, as was rwards developed, was too severe, and the ends of justice been met by the punishment already meted out to the ndant; the evidence discovered after the trial was the find- of some witnesses who saw Robert Reed, the father-in-law, ing some stuff near the residence of John Layton, which further investigation was found to be some of the goods n from the residence of Mr. Riblett, which proves conclu- ly that Robert Reed was connected with the case, and he, g the father-in-law of John Layton, and from the char- r of the persons, I am satisfied he would exercise consider- influence over his son-in-law.

Respectfully submitted,

CHAS. H. YOUNG,

District Attorney in trial in the case."

Judge Porter's recommendation is in the following form:

"New Castle, Pa., Feb. 23, 1910.

the Honorable Board of Pardons.

Gentlemen:—Regarding the application of John Layton, who, March 20, 1909, was sentenced to two years' imprisonment larceny, would say that on account of the very unfortunate dition of his family and his declared intention to improve conduct, I would recommend his pardon.

Yours respectfully,

WILLIAM E. PORTER, P. J.

The present district attorney coincides in the recommenda- n for our favorable action. Also, Mr. James C. Riblett, prosecutor, whose goods were stolen.

In view, therefore, of what has already been stated we ommend that a pardon be now granted the applicant, hn Layton.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.

HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 36—1910.

April 20, 1910.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions of the County of awrence, to No. 35, March Sessions, 1909, Henry Lewis unsley, waiving the finding of an indictment by the grand ury, entered a plea of "guilty" to an indictment charging im with larceny and receiving stolen goods, and he was, ebruary 9, 1909, sentenced to undergo imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary for the term of six years.

On April 4, 1910, an application for pardon was filed. hearing was given this application at our meeting this ay, and after due consideration of the case it is our opinion hat a recommendation for executive clemency should be ade.

The offence for which the applicant has been imprisoned as that of stealing chickens. It is admitted that the sen- ence was extremely severe, but the locality where the crime as committed had been greatly annoyed by numerous de- redations of this character, and a warning to law-breakers nd chicken thieves was sorely needed. The purpose of the eavy sentence seems to have had the desired deterrent effect. In the opinion of the trial judge and of the district ttorney who prosecuted the case and of officials and others having knowledge of the circumstances connected with the ase, and of the character of the defendant, as appears by letters addressed to the board, the imprisonment of the de- fendant has already been of sufficient duration to satisfy the ends of justice.

Judge Porter writes as follows:

"New Castle, Pa., April 8, 1910.

To the Honorable the Board of Pardons.

Gentlemen:—Being informed that Henry L. Gunsley is making an application to your Honorable Board for a par- don, I wish to say that I believe he has received sufficient imprisonment, and would recommend his pardon.

Very respectfully yours,

WILLIAM E. PORTER."

The district attorney who prosecuted the case writes:

"New Castle, Pa., April 1, 1910.

To the Honorable Board of Pardons of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Sirs:—I have received notice of the application of Henry Lewis Gunsley for a pardon, he having been charged of breaking and entering into chicken coops and stealing chickens therefrom, and was sentenced on two charges for a term equalling six years.

I was District Attorney at the time the petitioner was charged with these offences, and he entered a plea of guilty to two charges, and was sentenced to the long term of six years in the penitentiary, for the reason, as I under- stood it, that the Court desired to break up the practice in the community of chicken thieving.

I know nothing about the petitioner except what I learned when he entered his plea relative to the charges against him, but in view of the fact that he plead guilty I was convinced at the time, and I am still satisfied, that the punishment in his case was excessive, and in my opinion the ends of justice would be met by granting him a pardon at this time.

Yours very truly,

CHAS. H. YOUNG."

The present district attorney, Thomas W. Dickey, Esq., also writes that he believes that the defendant has been sufficiently punished, and he recommends his pardon.

It is plain, therefore, that the end desired to be accomplished by the severity of the sentence having been reached the public good will not be jeopardized by the release of this prisoner after having served a term which would ordinarily be regarded as sufficient punishment for this grade of offence. Under these conditions, and relying upon the opinion of the officials quoted, we recommend that a pardon be now granted this applicant, Henry Lewis Gunsley.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.

HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 37—1910.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace in and for the County of Northampton, to February Sessions, 1906, Edward Bruce entered pleas of "guilty" to three indictments, Nos. 42, 43 and 44, charging him with aggravated assault and battery, and to another indictment, No. 9, charging him with assault and battery and resisting an officer. On the three indictments first mentioned he was, February 16, 1906, sentenced to an aggregate imprisonment in the Northampton County Prison of ten years, and on the last mentioned indictment he was the same day sentenced to an imprisonment in said prison of four years, a total imprisonment of fourteen years, besides an aggregate fine of twenty-eight dollars, costs, etc.

An application for pardon was filed April 4, 1910, which was heard at our meeting this day. Upon giving the case full and careful consideration we are unanimously of the opinion that the application should be allowed, and that a pardon should be granted the said Edward Bruce.

Bruce is a young man of between twenty-seven and twenty-eight years of age. He was born and raised in the City of Seattle, Washington, being in part of Indian extraction. At the age of eighteen he came to Pennsylvania and attended school in the neighborhood of Easton. After completing his studies he took up his residence in the City of Easton, where he has relatives, and in March, 1905, he married an Easton lady of good family. They lived as husband and wife until December, 1905, when the assault upon the person of his wife, with which he is charged in the indictments, took place. After his arrest for this assault, which

took place on the 12th of December, his wife's father laid an information against the applicant, charging various other assaults on his wife, alleging that Bruce had inflicted torturing and cruel beatings upon her person. Considerable publicity was given to these charges and public sentiment became much inflamed against the defendant. A number of indictments were drawn. When his cases were called for trial the defendant chose, owing to the condition of public feeling, to enter pleas of guilty on the four indictments as before stated, which the court allowed, and the other indictments were not pressed. He was then sentenced on the four indictments to a term aggregating fourteen years. It afterwards developed that the charges against Bruce had been much magnified, and that the severe sentence had been imposed under a misapprehension of the facts. It further transpired that on the charge of resisting an officer the sentence imposed was in excess of that fixed by law.

In the course of time, as the real situation became better understood, public sentiment underwent a very radical change with regard to the defendant, and it has also been made plain to us that the belief now prevails that the applicant has already endured sufficient punishment. The public officials who took part in the trial now go on record to this effect, as well as many other prominent citizens of the locality. Judge Scott, who imposed the sentence, writes the board as follows:

"To the Honorable the Board of Pardons of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

I have received notice under the rule of an intended application for pardon of Edward Bruce, a prisoner now confined in the Northumberland County Prison, convicted by plea of guilty to various indictments upon which in the aggregate he was sentenced by me, February 16, 1906, to undergo imprisonment for fourteen years.

The design of this sentence at the time, in consideration of the Commutation Law of 1901, was to require him to undergo actual imprisonment for eight years before release. The complaints against him upon which sentence was passed were mainly aggravated assault and battery upon his wife to whom he had been married less than a year. Some indictments with other charges were non prossed by leave of court. Each of three out of four indictments upon which sentence was imposed contained three counts charging assaults at different dates, instead of preferring therefor separate indictments in each case, the defendant's counsel pleading to each count separately for independent sentence thereon, upon the non pros. of others, and acceptance by the District Attorney of a plea of not guilty upon others.

The defendant was of one-fourth Indian blood, and some of the offences as then charged partook of the character of Indian cruelties, but I have been convinced since then by those instrumental in the prosecution that under the strain of continued brooding upon her wrongs the young wife was led into exaggerated statements of her injuries when she was heard before the Court at the time sentence was passed. She fled to her father's house after some weeks of this treatment, with such detail of her suffering that his paternal sympathy naturally enough was aroused into such resentment also, that I am satisfied now their testimony heard by the Court alone and not tested by the cross-examination of a trial, nor explained then by the defendant himself, painted these various offences in too vivid colors.

The young wife was afterwards divorced, is now remarried, and lives in another State. The defendant himself lived on the Pacific Coast, where, I am assured, it is his purpose to permanently remain after his discharge from prison, and the father has no objection to his release.

His imprisonment now of four years and over I believe is sufficient punishment. But there is another reason for which I strongly recommend the pardon.

In passing these cumulative sentences upon separate counts in the four indictments, for the reasons stated, but usually inadmissible, the record shows that by some inadvertence sentence was imposed on both counts in indictment to No. 28 (No. 9 February Sessions 1906) when they both charged the same offence. The first count was for obstructing and resisting an officer in the execution of the process under which he was arrested, and the second for assault and battery upon him at the same time. It was taken as a separate offence of aggravated assault, same as in the other indictments, whereas it was but simple assault, and included in the first. This is a clearly erroneous addition of three years to any lawful sentence upon this indictment. It is too late for appeal, and now also beyond the power of correction here. (Mallory and Keating vs. Com., 57 Pa. 291.) My attention was not called to the mistake then or since, but it is apparent, and the only present redress is by relief from the Court of Pardons. With this term eliminated the aggregate of his sentence would be almost terminated.

HENRY W. SCOTT,
Pres't Judge 3d District.

March 19, 1910."

In view, therefore, of this condition of affairs brought out at the hearing and shown by the record to exist, it appears to the board that we can with propriety recommend the exercise of Executive clemency toward this applicant. Bei so convinced, we recommend that a pardon be now grant Edward Bruce, the applicant.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 38—1910.

May 4, 1910.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and for the County of Allegheny, to No. 60, November Se sions, 1908, James Kelly, alias Thomas Haley, was co victed on an indictment charging him with entering building with intent to commit felony, larceny and recei ing stolen goods, and was—on the 12th day of Novembe 1908—sentenced to pay a fine of 6 1-4 cents, costs, and u dergo imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary for t term of three years.

An application for pardon was filed March 5, 1910, a the same was heard at the March meeting of the Boar and has been held under advisement until to-day.

After carefully considering all the circumstances of t case we are of the opinion that the application should be a lowed and that a pardon should be granted the applica

The offense laid against this defendant was the enteri an unfinished building and stealing and carrying awa sixty feet of lead pipe of the value of $16.20. The a was done while the defendant was in a state of gross i toxication—in fact, while he was on a protracted spre He was under the influence of liquor to such a degree th upon sobering up he knew nothing of what he had done.

It appears that Kelly, apart from his habit of occasion spreeing, was an industrious and good workman. He about 26 years of age. He does not belong to the crimin class. No other infraction of the law has been record against him. In the light of these facts there is persu sive force in the reason on which this application for pa don rests, viz., that the sentence for three years in th penitentiary was unusually severe. Inasmuch as about on half of this sentence has been already served and und the commutation law he would be required to serve onl about nine months more, it may be said with truth that th ends of justice have been met by reason of the punishmen thus far inflicted.

The prosecutor, the owner of the property from whic the pipe was stolen, writes to the Board to the effect tha he did not anticipate such a lengthy sentence when he mad the information and that in his judgment the prisoner ha been sufficiently punished and should now be released. number of prominent residents of Allegheny county als addressed the Board in writing in support of the applic tion, expressing the belief that the imprisonment of th defendant has been long enough to accomplish all the goo that could be expected.

On these grounds, therefore, the Board bases its sug gestion for Executive clemency and its recommendatio that a pardon be granted the applicant, James Kelly, alia Thomas Haley.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 39—1910.

May 18, 1910.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Oyer and Terminer of the County f Luzerne, to No. 102, April Term, 1902, Victor Zorambo was indicted on a charge of murder. On May 2, 1903, he was convicted of murder in the second degree, and on May , 1903, he was sentenced to an imprisonment in the Eastrn Penitentiary for the term of twenty years.

On May 4, 1910, he filed his application for a pardon, having been in prison for more than eight years. This aplication was heard at our meeting held this day.

Full and careful consideration of this case leads us to he belief that the application should be allowed and that Executive clemency should be bestowed upon the applicant.

Zorambo is a Polander, and is now about thirty years of age. At the time of his arrest he was about twenty-two years old. He had not been in this country very long, and was not well acquainted with our language. The murdered man was another foreigner by the name of Sennick. The man who delivered the blow which deprived Sennick of life was named Lanouski. All the parties were workmen in the mines near West Pittston, Luzerne county. Lenouski and Zarombo were jointly indicted, but were tried separately. Convictions of murder in the first degree resulted in each case, but the judgment in Zarombo's case was reversed by the Supreme Court, and on the second trial the verdict was for murder in the second degree, and on this finding he was sentenced to imprisonment as above stated. Lanouski was sentensed to death and was hanged.

The allegations with regard to this homicide are briefly as follows: Lanouski was a boarder at Sennick's house. He was a man some ten years older than Zorambo, and appears to have borne a not very good reputation. He was criminally intimate with Sennick's wife, and there arose a desire on the part of these two intimates to get rid of Sennick. Lanouski knew that Sennick had saved about six hundred dollars. He formed a plan, possibly with the connivance of Mrs. Sennick, to rob Sennick of this money. He confided this intention to Zorambo, and urged him to take part in the robbery. This Zorambo refused to accede to. Another miner, named Polikitus, owed Sennick money for boarding. Lanouski suggested to Sennick that they two and Zorambo go into Polikitus' chamber in the mine and break open his box and steal his powder, supplies, etc. Thus Sennick would get even with Polikitus. At the same time Lanouski's suggestion to Zorambo was that Sennick being enticed into Polikitus' chamber in the mine be then and there killed and robbed of his money, which it was supposed he carried on his person. Zorambo persistently refused to agree to the murder. He did, however, go along with Lanouski and Sennick into the mine, where they broke open Polikitus' box and took his effects. On the way out of the mine Lanouski, with the axe which he carried and, it is claimed, altogether without the participation of Zorambo, struck Sennick from the rear and felled him. From the effects of this blow Sennick soon afterwards died. Suspicion attached to both Lanouski and Zorambo, as they had been seen with Sennick, and they were arrested.

Zorambo from the first protested his innocence of any part in the slaying of Sennick. He has persistently asserted his innocence down to the present time. Lanouski, on the afternoon before the day of his execution, confided to the counsel who had defended Zorambo that the latter would not at any time consent to the killing of Sennick, and that he had not taken any part, either by word or by deed in the fatal blow. It is admitted, though, that he was in the party that rifled Polikitus' box. As a matter of fact it may be stated in this connection that Lanouski did not find Sennick's money about his person.

B. R. Jones, Esq., the District Attorney who prosecuted the case, writes to the Board as follows:

"To the Honorable, the Board of Pardons of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—From 1901 to 1907 I was District Attorney of Luzerne County, and appeared for the Commonwealth in both trials of Victor Zorambo, as well as in the Lanouski trial.

Notice has been served upon me, in accordance with your rules, that an application has been made for the pardon of Zorambo. There has never been any doubt in my mind that whatever part Zorambo took in this killing he was induced to do so by Lanouski who was undoubtedly the instigator of the plot. Lanouski was at least ten years older than Zorambo, who at the time of his conviction was a young boy.

Lanouski was clearly a bad man. Zorambo appeared entirely different, and since his imprisonment has shown what he can do if given a chance, by industry and perseverance.

The Zorambo of to-day is an entirely different man from him whom we knew and tried in 1902 and 1903. I believe he has fully atoned for any participation he had in this crime, and I do not believe the interests of justice will suffer by his pardon. On the contrary, I feel that in his case they have been fully met with, and in view of his long imprisonment I can see no objection to his being granted a pardon, and I therefore respectfully commend his petition to your honorable Board for favorable action.

Very respectfully yours,

R. B. JONES.

Ex-District Attorney."

Judge Ferrisi who presided at the trial, and who sentenced the prisoner, writes as follows:

"Wilkes-Barre, Pa., May 16, 1910.

To the Board of Pardons, Harrisburg, Penna.

Gentlemen:—About eight years ago Victor Zorambo was tried before me for murder and convicted, the jury fixing the grade at second degree.

Under the testimony he should either have been convicted in the first degree or acquitted.

Such a conviction, however, would only be justified on the ground that the evidence, if believed, showed his complicity with one, Lanouski, in an attempt to rob. The killing was done by Lanouski, and I am satisfied that Zorambo had no intention to kill, and did not know that Lanouski had conceived such a design until the fatal blow was struck. He did participate in the attempt to rob, and did so intentionally, but I believe that the taking of life was foreign to his purpose. He was young, and it is quite probable that in consenting to be a party to the robbery he was influenced by Lanouski, a much older man. He had not at the trial the appearance of a vicious person, and I am told that his conduct since his incarceration would indicate a totally different natural disposition, and that if the indeterminate sentence act had been in force he would now be a suitable candidate for parole.

Under the circumstances my belief is that the interests of justice do not require his further imprisonment, and I recommend his pardon.

Respectfully yours,

GEO. S. FERRIS, Judge."

There are on file also letters from the private prosecuting counsel, from the county detective and his assistant, from the officials of the coal mine, from the counsel of Lenouski himself, and from many others familiar with the circumstances of the case and who attended the trial attesting their approval of the application and their appeal that it be favorably considered, all expressing the belief that Latouski was the prime offender and that Zorambo was really dragged along by him, showing that public sentiment preponderates in favor of the application. It is true that a protest has been entered by the present district attorney, but the same was not pressed very vigorously, and was stated to be rather a matter of formality.

In addition, the applicant has devoted himself so assiduously to self-improvement while in prison, that from being an uncouth, illiterate, ignorant boy, he has become proficient in the use of the English language to a remarkable degree, has learned two other languages besides his own, has become an excellent penman, has learned a trade, and has made himself of great service to the prison officials in many ways, and has shown great promise of becoming a useful citizen after his liberation.

With this presentation of conditions respecting this case, the Board is of opinion that a suggestion for Executive clemency should be made, and we therefore recommend that a pardon be now granted this applicant, Victor Zorambo.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.

HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 40—1910.

May 18, 1910.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Oyer and Terminer of the County of Luzerne, to No. 355, April Term, 1903, Guiseppe Mitchka was indicted on a charge of murder. On June 19, 1903, he was convicted of murder in the second degree, and on November 14, 1903, was sentenced to undergo an imprisonment in the Eastern Penitentiary for the term of nineteen years and six months.

An application for his pardon was filed May 4, 1910. This application was heard at length at our meeting this day, and after giving the matter full consideration we are of the opinion that a favorable recommendation for Executive clemency should be made, and we therefore unite in recommending that a pardon be granted the applicant.

The homicide for which this defendant was indicted, convicted and imprisoned, took place in the City of Pittston, Luzerne county, between 3 and 4 o'clock in the morning of March 15, 1903. The victim was Anthony McHugh, with whom the prisoner had no acquaintance.

The defendant is an Italian, and had been in this country less than a year at the time of his conviction, and was unable to speak or understand the English language. On the morning in question he had left his boarding house with the intention of taking a train for New York City, where he expected to be married in a few days. On his way through the city he fell in with a party of his countrymen who had made out to accompany him to the train. While passing quietly along Main street this party of foreigners, so far as is known quietly and peacably proceeding, met a party of American speaking men who had just come out of a saloon where they had been drinking, and who were all more or less under the influence of liquor. The testimony is to effect that this defendant and several other of his party passed this group from the saloon without anything unusual happening. However, as some of his companions, who were following up in the rear, came up to the group on the sidewalk there was some interception, and the Italians were forced and jostled into the street. It is said that one of them, Mike Chello, was gotten hold of, knocked down and beaten, and that he then drew a revolver and fired promiscuously into the crowd who had made the attack. One of his shots took effect in the body of Anthony McHugh, causing death. Chello was not apprehended, and has not been seen or heard of in that locality since that time. The defendant, according to his story, not knowing anything of this catastrophe, went on to the City of New York, purchasing his ticket at the railroad station in Pittston. It becoming known to the authorities soon afterwards that a foreigner had purchased a ticket to New York in a few days after the time of this tragedy, Mitchka was followed up and in a few days was arrested and brought back and placed in prison. His indictment and conviction followed soon afterwards.

It was earnestly contended before the Board that the defendant was unjustly convicted for a crime that was committed by another. It is a significant fact that Chillo suddenly disappeared, and has not been found. His whereabouts is altogether a mystery. There is some testimony that he was seen by someone of his countrymen immediately after this occurrence to whom he said that he had shot some one, and that he was going back to the old country as fast as he could go.

The District Attorney, who tried the case, in writing to the Board, says, after detailing at length the circumstances of the affair as the Commonwealth developed them on the trial:

"Wilkes-Barre, Pa., May 2, 1910.

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Pardons.

Gentlemen:—Upon the trial of the case the defendant's defense was an alibi. He admitted taking the train on the morning of the shooting, but stated that he had made arrangements some days prior thereto to leave on that train, and he was corroborated by a number of his neighbors and friends, and he insisted that he was not present at the time of the shooting and never knew of it until the date of his arrest. Some of the Italians who were present at the shooting testified that an Italian by the name of Mike Chello was the person who fired the shot. It was shown on behalf of the defendant that Chello, up to the date of the shooting, had resided in Pittston City, and that immediately after the shooting he disappeared and has never been seen or located since. A strong circumstance corroborating this theory of the defendant was the testimony of a man by the name of William Campbell, who was the mine foreman at No. 4 shaft in the City of Pittston, and the employer of Mike Chello. He was called for the defendant, and testified that Chello was in his employ and had worked on the 14th of March, the day before the shooting, described his appearance, his height and weight, which corroborated strongly in height and weight of the person identified by the English speaking people as the man who did the shooting; that he never reported for work after the 14th, never said he was going to quit work, never returned for his pay, although there was due him at that time $57.16, which is still in the hands of the company, unclaimed by Chello. Another witness for the defendant, Peter Decatto, testified that on the day of the shooting, in the neighborhood of 10 A. M., that he took the D. L. & W. train going from West Pittston to Shickshinny, which is located below Wilkes-Barre, and at Luzerne Borough, six or seven miles below Pittston City, and on the other side of the river, Mike Chello came into the train, and the witness said: "You are the man who did the shooting early this morning, where are you going?" and he said, "I am going to Newark, N. J." He was very much excited, and through his excitement boarded the wrong train.

The testimony o Decatto was not corroborated by any person. After the conviction and sentence of Mitchka I personally called upon the ticket agent at Luzerne Borough, and inquired from him if on the 15th of March 1903, he sold a ticket to any person from Luzerne to Newark, N. J. He looked up the records in my presence, and discovered that on that date he did sell one single fare ticket for Newark, N. J. This was to me a strong circumstance corroborating Decatto. This testimony was not produced upon the trial of the case, and therefore the jury never had any opportunity of passing upon it. To me this corroboration, together with the testimony of the mine foreman, Wm. Campbell, creates in my mind a reasonable doubt of the guilt of this young man, and I feel satisfied from my knowledge obtained through my connection with the case, as well as what I have since learned, that this is a case that ought to receive favorable consideration at this time at the hands of your Honorable Body. And as the prosecuting officer at that time, in view of this young man's youth and long imprisonment, I would earnestly urge favorable action on your part, in recommending him a pardon.

Respectfully yours,

B. R. JONES,

Ex-District Attorney."

Judge Halsey, who tried the case, writes at the bottom of this letter of Mr. Jones' as follows:

"I have read the foregoing letter of Mr. B. R. Jones, who was District Attorney at the time of the trial, conviction and sentence of Guiseppe Mitchka. His statement of the facts incident to the trial, conviction and sentence, are substantially the same as mine.

I have no personal objection against your Board acting favorably upon this application as recommended by Mr. Jones.

G. L. HALSEY,

May 5, 1910. Trial Judge."

The Chief of Police of the City of Pittston, who arrested the defendant, and who has made a thorough investigation of the case, also writes to the Board, closing his letter as follows:

"A review of all the notes of testimony at this time, some seven years after the trial, it appears to me as if this case is for the consideration of the Board of Pardons, and I join in recommending the pardon of Mitchka, as there is a doubt in my mind as to whether he was the one who acutally did the shooting on the night when Anthony McHugh was shot and killed.

Respectfully yours,

JOSEPH LOFTUS."

It thus appearing that there is considerable doubt as to the guilt of this defendant, and the public officials who had charge of the prosecution now expressing their belief that a mistake has been made in the conviction and sentence, the Board placing weight upon their views recommend that a pardon be now granted the applicant, Guiseppe Mitchka.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor,
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth,
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General,
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

No. 41—1910.

June 15, 1910.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace in and for the County of Philadelphia, to No. 385, October Sessions, 1909, John Wilcox and James Dulin were jointly indicted on a charge of (1) burglary, (2) entering in the night time without breaking with intent to commit a felony. A verdict of "guilty on the second count" was returned by the jury, and on October 27, 1909, the defendants were sentenced to the Huntingdon Reformatory.

An application for the pardon of Wilcox was duly filed May 2, 1910. The case argued at our May meeting, but has been held under advisement until this present June meeting. Having given the case full consideration and examination, we now recommend that a pardon be granted the applicant, John Wilcox.

The applicant is a young man between 19 and 20 years of age. His home is in Philadelphia, where he lived with his mother, his father being dead. He was regularly em-

loyed at work, and bore a good reputation. On one evening ast October he was on the streets of the city in company ith Dulin, the other defendant, who, it is represented, did ot bear a very good reputation. Owing to some suspicious ircumstances an attempt was made to arrest Dulin. Wilcox, hrough fright, it is alleged, jumped into an open cellar way, nd ran up into the house in an attempt to get out through he back yard. He was intercepted in the kitchen by the eople in the house, and before he could fully explain to hem his predicament the police officers came to the door nd stated that there was a thief in the house, and then nd there arrested him. His indictment and conviction followed.

Nothing was taken from the house, and no attempt to ake anything was charged by the owner of the premises. The boy was simply arrested "under suspicious circumtances," according to the statement of the officer. It is the pinion of the officials, and of the owner of the house that ne has paid the penalty for whatever wrong he has done, and that his imprisonment of nearly eight months has been a sufficient punishment. The Board, believing that the ends of justice have been met in this case, recommend that a pardon be now granted this applicant, John Wilcox.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor,
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth,
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General,

NO. 42—1910.

June 15, 1910.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace in and for the County of Philadelphia, No. 372, March Term, 1908, Thomas Delaney was tried on an indictment charging him with (1) assault and battery, (2) assault and battery with intent to ravish, and (3) rape. On March 5, 1908, he was convicted as indicted, and on March 23, 1908, was sentenced by the court to pay a fine of $500, costs, and to undergo an imprisonment in the County Prison for the term of eleven years.

On May 4, 1910, an application for pardon was filed. This application was fully heard at our meeting in May, but has been held under advisement until our meeting held this day. After giving the case a careful and exhaustive consideration we have reached the conclusion that a suggestion for Executive clemency should be made, and we therefore recommend that a pardon be now granted the applicant, Thomas Delaney.

The applicant is a man about thirty-nine years of age, unmarried and without a home. It is admitted that he has been more or less of a vagrant for some years past, and that he has even been in the clutches of the law on a totally different charge, and at a time some six or seven years prior to the date of the charge made in the present case. The prosecutrix is a woman of upwards of fifty years of age. She lived alone in a small house in an isolated place, with no immediate neighbors, but near a railroad track. It appears in the statements made in the papers before us that she is a person of weak mentality and of a highly nervous temperament. Her allegations with respect to the guilt of the defendant are unsupported by corroborative testimony, and some of her statements are shown to be at variance with actual physical facts. The offence is alleged to have been committed on the night of December 2, 1907. A warrant was sworn out December 16, 1907. The defendant was arrested March 2, 1908, and his trial took place within a few days thereafter. At the preliminary hearing and at the trial the prosecutrix identified the defendant, but in view of the light that has been thrown on the case in the argument before us this is apparently a case of mistaken identity. The counsel who represented the applicant before the board was the district attorney who prosecuted the case in court. His statement on file with the papers furnishes, in our opinion, sufficient grounds for our favorable recommendation of the application. A letter from the present district attorney, and one from the trial judge, both furnished on request from the board in our desire to reach a proper conclusion, substantially support the statement above alluded to. We quote in full the statement mentioned and the letters of the district attorney and of the judge.

"To the Honorable, the Members of the Board of Pardons of Pennsylvania.

Statement of I. A. Reed, Attorney for Thomas Delaney, Petitioner for a Pardon.

That Your Honors may properly understand my position in the foregoing application, I beg leave to make the following statement:

I was District Attorney of Schuylkill County at the time Thomas Delaney was convicted, and represented the Commonwealth at the trial of said cause. The testimony produced at the trial was that of the prosecutrix and M. S. Davies, Chief of Police at Pottsville. The latter merely testifying as to his efforts to locate the defendant after having been informed of the commission of the alleged crime. The testimony of the prosecutrix was very incoherent, she testifying to a different state of facts when upon the witness stand than the statement made to me just prior to the trial. While I am no expert on sanity or insanity I volunteer the statement that the prosecutrix is of unsound mind. Her testimony, manner of testifying, and conduct when upon the witness stand convinced me of this fact. So much so, that I then and there suggested to the trial judge that a verdict be directed for the defendant. After a brief consultation the trial judge decided to let the defence proceed and the case go to the jury. Upon cross examination of the defendant he could not account for his whereabouts on or before December 2, 1907, the time the alleged crime was committed, and I have no doubt the jury weighed this lapse of memory against him. Subsequent to the trial the prosecutrix made statements wholly at variance with her testimony. This, and the persistency with which the defendant maintained his innocence led me to make further inquiry. From the neighbors of the prosecutrix I learned that she is eccentric, as put by some, and childish, as put by others. Another fact that I discovered is that her testimony as to the distance the house is located from the railroad, and her ability to see by reason of the headlight of a passing locomotive was wholly faulty. She testified the house was fifteen feet from the railroad. The fact is the house is removed from the railroad about one hundred feet She testified further that the light of a passing engine "shone upon the fellow's face as he was coming in the window." This is a physical impossibility, the railroad being almost straight and the light could not strike the place designated by her.

From information gathered since the trial my doubt of the defendant's guilt has been resolved into the belief of his innocence. This is the reason of my appearance as attorney in his behalf.

The defendant is wholly without means, and to correct an injury, as I believe, inflicted under my administration as District Attorney, to restore the liberty to one who I believe is unjustly deprived thereof, I consented to give my services and to bear the small expenses incident to this application.

Respectfully submitted,

I. A. REED."

The letter of the present district attorney is as follows:

"Pottsville, Pa., May 14, 1910.

To the Honorable Board of Pardons, Harrisburg, Pa.

Gentlemen:—In reply to your communication, under date of 10th inst., requesting information concerning the case of the Commonwealth vs. Thomas Delaney, No. 372 March Sessions, 1908, an application for pardon in which said case will be heard before your honorable body on the 18th instant, I have to say:

At the trial of said case no testimony was taken by a stenographer. The defendant was represented by counsel appointed by the Court at the time of the trial, and the Commonwealth was represented by former District Attorney I. A. Reed, Esq., who now represents the defendant in the application for pardon. The only witness for the Commonwealth besides the prosecutrix, it appears from the records, was H. S. Davies, Chief of Police of the Borough of Pottsville, Pa.

I am unable to furnish you with any additional information, other than what is contained in the records of the case.

Personally, I believe there are good grounds for consideration in behalf of a pardon of this defendant.

Yours very truly,

W. F. LYONS,
District Attorney."

The trial judge writes as follows:

"May 25, 1910.

Honorable M. Hampton Todd, Attorney General, Harrisburg, Pa.

My Dear Sir:—Replying to yours of 18th instant, in re Commonwealth vs. Delaney, would say that there was practically no evidence in the case save that of a woman who swore positively to the commission of the crime, and the defendant, who swore just as positively the other way. Under this state of facts the case was eminently one for a jury, and was submitted to them by me in a charge to which counsel for defendant took no exceptions, declaring themselves satisfied therewith.

The Court was led to impose the severe sentence of eleven years by reason of the fact that the story told by the old lady presented a peculiarly aggravated case, and that the defendant had served five years before for highway robbery, in the perpetration of which the victim had been severely beaten.

I desire to interpose no objections to the extending of executive clemency to this defendant, however, should your Board

feel it to be a proper case under all the circumstances, and feel that it is not my province to attempt to influence the Board in any action in this matter

Yours respectfully,
H. O. BECHTEL, A. L. J."

Having this case placed before us with the views of the officials, as indicated in the foregoing papers, these officials being in position to know whereof they speak, we deem this a proper instance under all the circumstances for the interposition of the pardoning power, and we therefore recommend that a pardon be now granted the applicant, Thomas Delaney.

Respectfully submitted,
ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.

NO. 43—1910.

June 20, 1910.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions of the County of Philadelphia, No. 219, August Sessions, 1909, T. B. Donaldson was tried on an indictment charging him with (1) assault and battery, (2) aggravated assault and battery, (3) assault and battery with intent to ravish, and (4) rape. On August 10, 1909, the jury returned a verdict of "Guilty on Third Count;" that is, assault and battery with intent to ravish. On August 12th the court sentenced the defendant to pay the costs of prosecution and undergo imprisonment in the Philadelphia County Prison for the term of two years and six months.

On June 2, 1910, an application for his pardon was filed. Hearing was had at the regular meeting on the 15th, and the case held under advisement for a few days.

From the record before the Board and the argument adduced on behalf of the applicant, as well as from an examination into the merits of the case made since the day of meeting, it has been made to appear that this applicant has been sufficiently punished for any offence he may have committed. We therefore recommend that a pardon be now granted the applicant, T. B. Donaldson.

The applicant is a colored man of about thirty-nine years of age. He is a married man and is a resident of the City of Philadelphia, where he is engaged in business, and has been for some years past. He bears a good reputation for honesty and integrity in business dealings, and, apart from the charge in the present instance, his personal character has been without reproach. The prosecutrix is a young colored girl, stated in the indictment to be under the age of sixteen years. There was some testimony that she was about thirteen years old, and on the other hand there are allegations that she was at least sixteen years old, and probably somewhat older. Her story is that on a Sunday afternoon in August of last year, while she was in Fairmount Park, Philadelphia, in company with several other girls, the defendant met her, and after some talk between them, possibly a sort of a flirtation, he chased her and pushed her or laid his hands on her, and then upon the appearance of an officer he ran away. He was taken into custody, however, and on the information of the girl the indictment was framed charging him in the four counts above mentioned. While the verdict was on the third count, and the sentence graded accordingly, it would seem that, in the light of subsequent investigation, that a verdict for simple assault would have been more consonant with the facts. The character of the girl will not stand the scrutiny which a charge of this kind naturally suggests with regard to the prosecutrix, and which fairness to the defendant demands. It is to be feared that she has ventured beyond the protection of the shield of good repute. There is also reason to believe that the prosecution was not entirely free from a tinge of blackmail on the part of the prosecutrix and her friends.

The applicant has been in prison for more than ten months under this sentence. Having endured this length of confinement we believe that, under all the circumstances as they have been made to appear to us, he has paid the penalty for whatever transgression can fairly be imputed to him, and that no public interests will be placed in danger by his release from further confinement. We therefore recommend that a pardon be granted this applicant, T. B. Donaldson.

Respectfully submitted,
ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.

NO. 44—1910.

September 28, 1910.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace in and for the County of Luzerne, to No. 104, September Sessions, 1909, John Russ and Edward Griffin were indicted on a charge of breaking and entering and larceny. Griffin entered a plea of guilty on the joint indictment. Russ was convicted on trial, and on September 17, 1909, was sentenced to pay a fine of $15, costs, and undergo imprisonment in the County Prison for the term of eighteen calendar months. An appeal was taken to the Superior Court, and on 28th September the defendant was released on bail, but on May 10, 1910, on affirmation of the judgment of the lower Court, the defendant was committed to the County Jail to complete the remainder of the term of eighteen months.

An application for pardon was filed September 7, 1910. The case was duly heard and considered at the regular meeting of the Board held this day, the result of which is that the Board unite in recommending that the application for pardon be granted, and that a pardon now issue to the applicant, John Russ.

The applicant is a man of about 29 years of age. His family connection is good, and his reputation had always been of the best prior to this charge. He had been in business for himself in the City of Wilkes-Barre. The offense with which he is charged was the breaking into a tailoring establishment and the stealing of a quantity of cloth. Russ was convicted on the testimony of his co-defendant Griffin, who, it has been made to appear, bore a bad character and was at different times implicated in numerous other buglaries. Griffin's story is that Russ kept watch on the outside of the tailor shop while he broke in and stole the goods. Griffin was not sentenced on his plea of guilty in this case. There was no other testimony beside that of Griffin connecting the applicant with the crime. From what has been shown to us we are of the opinion that this applicant has, by his more than four month's imprisonment sufficiently atoned for his share in the law breaking charged against him.

Honorable G. A. Halsey, who was the trial Judge, writes to the Board under date of August 31, 1910, as follows:

"I have been asked to write you about John Russ, who was convicted in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Luzerne County over which I presided as Judge on the 17th day of September, 1909, of the crimes of breaking and larceny, and stentenced for the term of eighteen months' imprisonment in the Luzerne County Prison.

The principal in these offenses was Edward Griffin, and it was upon his testimony largely that Russ was convicted. It has become known since the trial of Russ that Griffin was engaged in a great number of burglaries in the adjoining county of Lackawanna. Then he escaped punishment for the commission of most of them because of the leniency of the Court, moved by the appeals of his mother. Russ was never in trouble before this offense. He has the most worthy and respected parents. He has now been in prison since the 4th of May, 1910, nearly four months, and it occurs to me that because of the prior good character of the prisoner, and the unquestioned bad character of Griffin, upon whose testimony he was convicted, that this is a proper case for mercy."

Letters of similar import from the Mayor of Wilkes-Barre, the Chief of Police, and various County officials, as well as from many other prominent citizens of that locality have been addressed to the Board.

In view therefore of the previous good character of the applicant, and of the imprisonment already measured out to him, and having reliance on the testimonials on file, we recommend that a pardon be granted this applicant, John Russ.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor,
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General,
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

No. 45—1910.

September 28, 1910.

His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Oyer and Teminer of the County of Luzerne, to No. 29, September Term, 1905, Guiseppe Bianco entered a plea of guilty to an indictment charging him with murder, and upon fixing the degree as murder in the second degree the Court, on September 14, 1905, sentenced the defendant to pay the costs and to undergo imprisonment in the Eastern Penitentiary for a period of eighteen years.

An application for pardon was duly filed June 2, 1910, which was heard at our June session, and the case has been held under advisement since that time. We now recommend that the application be allowed and that a pardon be granted the applicant.

The applicant is an Italian, and at the time of his conviction was 49 years of age. His home was in the town of Guardia, Naples, Kingdom of Italy. He had been in this country about a year and a half; he was unable to speak the English language; he had several sons who were merchants in the City of Pittston. He and his wife were visiting these sons, and it was at the home of one of them that the homicide occurred. The victim was his wife, Maraetta. The attack was unprovoked and is inexplicable. Without previous quarrel, so far as known, and without motive so far as discovered, after assisting his sons in work about their store during the whole day, he suddenly, in the presence of other members of the family, on the evening of July 5, 1905, produced a revolver and fired several shots, one or more taking effect on the body of his wife, which brought about her death.

The defendant made no attempt to escape and offered no explanation of his act. He was arrested while passing slowly up the street some distance from the scene of the shooting. At the trial a plea of "not guilty by reason of insanity" was entered, but, after the taking of some testimony, the plea was changed to that of "guilty" and the Court was asked to fix the degree.

The reasons advanced in support of this application for pardon are, in substance, that the prisoner was not guilty of any crime, because the homicide was committed while he was suffering under the influence of a spell of temporary insanity, and that his plea of guilty was entered under the advice of counsel, with the belief that the prejudice existing in the community against Italians was such that his safety would be more asssured by entering the plea of guilty. Stress is given to the allegation of temporary insanity.

An examination of the history of the applicant, as set forth in the papers, reveals certain facts which tend to sustain the insanity theory. The testimony along this line is epitomized by the Judge who tried the case, and who writes the Board as follows:

"Wilkes-Barre, Pa., June 11, 1910.

To the Board of Pardons of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In September, 1905, Guiseppe Bianco was tried before me on a charge of murder. The circumstances attending the trial were of such character as to impress the matter upon my mind rather more than ordinarily. His plea was "not guilty by reason of insanity." It appeared that Bianco, an Italian, living in Pittston, Luzerne County, had without apparent provocation and entirely without any motive, deliberately shot his wife—my recollection is, in broad daylight, in a store, and in the presence of a customer who had come in. There was no quarrel preceding the thing, no jealousy shown between them, no motive whatever for the crime, which, unless the man were insane, really possessed all the elements of murder in the first degree. In his defense testimony was introduced showing, first, a family history of insanity; for example, that his father had become insane in Italy during the latter portion of his life, and violently so, and that it had become necessary to confine and at times chain him; second, it was shown that Bianco himself while in the Italian army had suffered a severe case of sunstroke, and that after apparently recovering from this sunstroke, and before he had come to America, at all, he became seized with hallucinations and delusions which clearly pointed to the inception of his insanity. After he came to America his two sons prospered in the mercantile business, and both became prominent, influential merchants in the city of Pittston, where they both reside.

There was testimony also that for some time prior to the killing of his wife, Bianco had shown marked and increasing symptoms of insanity. For example, that he had been in the habit of standing out in a little open areaway, sometimes in the hot sunshine and at other times in the rain, bareheaded and alone, and with raised hands he would go through some species of incantation which attracted the attention of a number of witnesses who swore to his having done this sort of thing repeatedly. Later on he seemed to have become possessed with a mania for suicide, and so much so that his sons had him watched, and one day he endeavored to throw himself from the river bridge at Pittston, and the man who was following him and watching him seized him just as he was going over the railing. Only a short time before the killing, perhaps a little over a month, he cut his throat, and after the doctor had sewed up the wound and put bandages upon it, they were required to tie Bianco's hands in order to prevent him from tearing off the bandages and tearing open the wound.

Now, I am repeating these facts or testimony relating to these facts simply from the very vivid impression which the case made upon my mind at the time. I have not had the opportunity of looking at the portion of testimony which has been written out, but if the record is before you, I think you will find that I have stated pretty accurately, although in a general way and not much in detail, the testimony relating to this man's insanity. For some reason which I never was able to find out, after the impression had become fully rooted in my own mind, from listening to the testimony, that if I were a juror I should be certain to acquit the man on the ground of insanity, his counsel for some reason withdrew the plea of "not guilty by reason of insanity" and pleaded guilty to murder, and asked me to fix the degree. I expostulated with them and argued with them and told them that under the law as laid down by the Supreme Court I didn't see how it was possible for me to fix anything except murder in the first degree, and I think it was this burden of responsibility, perhaps, which rendered this case more vivid to my mind that it otherwise would have been. Having in mind all this testimony, because we took no additional testimony after the plea was changed, I made up my mind that I would not be responsible for hanging the man, and fixed the murder as murder in the second degree by main strength. I have no knowledge of the man's records since he has been confined, but I am firmly impressed with the idea that under the testimony at is was delivered in that case, if counsel for the defendant had stood fast to the plea which they entered in the first instance, no court would have sustained a verdict even of murder in the second degree or any other crime, because I was satisfied then, and I have learned of nothing since to change my mind, that at the time of the perpetration of this killing Bianco was an insane man to a degree which made him not liable to commit crime, and not able to appreciate the natural results of his act. I know, of course, that you will give this case careful and proper attention and I feel satisfied that if you go over the matter you will reach the same conclusion which I have and which I have endeavored to state to you in this letter.

As the trial judge, I, without further interest in the matter at all except to see justice done as between the Commonwealth and this man, I have no hesitation to say that I recommend to you, so far as my recommendation avails with you, that he receive a pardon.

I may say to you that I have offered his counsel, without any costs either for transportation or otherwise, to go to Harrisburg, and appear before your Board in order that you might interrogate me with regard to anything that you desired to know concerning the progress of this cause, but business engagements prevent my coming.

Yours very truly,

F. W. WHEATON.
Trial Judge."

And again, under date of June 27, 1910, after the presentation of the case to the Board, the same Judge writes, a second time, as follows:

"Wilkes-Barre, June 27, 1910.

Members of the Board of Pardon of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—The case of Guiseppe Bianco, convicted before me of murder in the second degree, in which on October 19, 1909, I wrote you a letter, has come back to me. I am asked now to give you a summary of my own opinion as to the advisability of pardoning this man, without going into the case, upon the theory that you understand the case thoroughly, and would like to have the opinion of the trial judge as to the advisability of pardoning him. I say to you without hesitation that from the information furnished me since the trial I can very truthfully recommend to you that this man ought to be pardoned.

Very truly yours,

F. W. WHEATON."

Subsequent to our June meeting, the Board directed its Secretary to request from the physician at the Eastern Penitentiary a report as to the present mental condition of the applicant. The following is a copy of the letter received in reply to that request:

"Philadelphia, June 22, 1910.

George D. Thorn, Esq., Secretary Board of Pardons, Harrisburg, Pa.

Dear Sir:—Replying to your communication as to the present mental condition of Guiseppe Bianco, sentenced by the Court of Oyer and Terminer, County of Luzerne, September 15, 1905, to a term of 18 years, for murder in the second degree, would state that since his admission to the Penitentiary he has been a well behaved prisoner whose actions and conversation are rational. I can find no signs of hallucinations, delusions or other evidence of insanity.

I believe his present mental condition to be normal.

Very respectfully yours,

H. W. HASSELL, M. D.,
Physician."

The present Mayor and the present Chief of Police of the City of Pittston, as well as the Mayor and the Chief of Police of that City at the time of the homicide, join in recommending the approval of the petition.

Under the conditions presented by the record before us, and impressed with the actualities of the case as brought to our attention on the argument of the application, and upon the statement by counsel that the prisoner, upon his release, will immediately return to his native country, we believe this to be a proper case for the exercise of executive clemency; and we therefore unite in recommnding that a pardon be granted to the applicant, Guiseppe Bianco.

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General,
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 46—1910.

September 28, 1910.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace in and for the County of Lawrence, to No. 18, December Sessions, 1907, Frank Mediote was convicted on an indictment charging him with perjury, and thereupon, December 10, 1907, was sentenced to pay a fine of $10, costs, and undergo an imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary for the term of five years and six months.

An application for pardon was filed August 29, 1910, and the same was duly heard at our regular September Session held this day. After due consideration of the case we are of the opinion that the application is entitled to our favorable recommendation, and we therefore recommend that a pardon be granted to the applicant, Frank Mediote.

The applicant is a foreigner, and at the time of the commission of the crime was about twenty-one years of age. His offense consisted in the giving of false testimony on the part of the defence on the trial of one Rosario Sergi, who had been indicted for murder, and who was convicted and afterwards hanged. This applicant has now served nearly three years of his sentence, which was almost the limit under the law. It has developed that the offence was not of such an aggravated character to warrant the severe penalty of such a long sentence. It did not result in frustrating the ends of justice, so that the prisoner is relieved of that aggravation. It is the opinion of the officials who took part in the prosecution of this applicant that the defendant has been sufficiently punished. The present district attorney writes under date of August 25, 1910, as follows:

"In the matter of the application of Frank Mediote for a pardon, I beg to say that I am acquainted with the facts surrounding this case, and believe that the ends of justice have been met and that the applicant has been sufficiently punished, taking into the consideration the curcumstances surrounding the case."

The district attorney who tried the case writes under date of September 17, 1910, as follows:

"*..*..*Mediote was sentenced on December 10, 1907, to imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary for a period of five years and six months, and prior to his sentence he was confined in the county jail for a period of almost three months. There was no excuse for his offense, and I have little sympathy for him, but it may be that he has suffered sufficient punishment since he has been confined in the penitentiary and jail for a period of almost three years."

The Trial Judge writes under date of September 8, 1910, as follows:

"Having been informed by his counsel that Frank Mediote is making application for a pardon, I desire to say that I now believe the prisoner has suffered sufficiently, and that his pardon is warranted.

Yours respectfully,

WILLIAM E. PORTER, P. J."

Besides these officials, whose views are entitled to our high regard, a large number of persons, as friends and neighbors of the applicant, all of whom apparently thoroughly understand the conditions of the case, endorse the application, so that we feel justified in recommending that a pardon be now granted to the applicant, Frank Mediote, for the reasons set forth.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 47—1910.

September 28, 1910.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace in and for the County of Fulton, to No. 6, March Term, 1910, Russel Sipes entered a plea of guilty to an indictment charging him with larceny, and he was thereupon, March 24, 1910, sentenced to imprisonment in the Pennsylvania Reformatory at Huntingdon, "the term of said sentence to be terminated by the Board of Managers of said Reformatory as directed by the act of Assembly."

On September 7, 1910, an application for pardon was duly filed. This application was heard and considered at the regular September Session of the board. We recommend that a pardon be granted the applicant, Russel Sipes.

The applicant is a young man of about twenty-one years of age. His offense consisted in the stealing of a beef hide of the value of about five dollars. It was his first offense. His reputation theretofore had been without spot. His family connection is good. He is not of the criminal class in any way. The imprisonment already endured, together with the attendant humiliation, etc., has, without doubt, worked out the object of the prosecution. When the sentence was imposed the court, counsel on both sides, and the family of the prisoner seem to have been led into the mistaken belief that a few months' confinement in the reformatory would, under the conditions of a satisfactory record there, entitle the prisoner to his parole. It appears, however, that the minimum term there is one year. The prisoner, according to the report from the institution, has made a perfect record while there. The district attorney of Fulton County writes the board under date of September 19, 1910, as follows:

"In the matter of the application for pardon of Russel Sipes filed with you and to be heard by your Honorable Board on the 21st instant, and in reply to your inquiry concerning the Commonwealth's understanding of the facts in the case and any suggestions that the Commonwealth's counsel might want to make, I beg to say:

That the young man was sentenced for the larceny of a beef hide of the value of about $5. The hide was returned to the party from whom it was stolen. The young man never denied the larceny, plead guilty, and threw himself on the mercy of the Court.

As the Commonwealth's Attorney I suggested a three or six months jail sentence, but it was the opinion of the trial judge, the young man's attorney, and also of his parents, that a sentence to the Huntingdon Reformatory would be more suitable. In discussing the reformatory sentence it seems that we were all under a misapprehension as to the rules governing same. We were of the opinion that if the young man would adhere strictly to the rules governing the institution that he would be paroled at the end of three or six months, but such does not seem to be the case. The young man was informed by the trial judge, myself, and his attorney, that he had a chance of parole in from three to six months.

Representing the Commonwealth, if the young man has anything like a perfect record to present to your Honorable Board from the institution to which he was sentenced, then I am free to say that in my opinion the ends of justice have been met, and that the young man has been already sufficiently punished, and would therefore recommend a pardon at your hands.

Yours very respectfully,

FRANK P. LYNCH,
District Attorney."

Very many other letters from residents of his home community testify to the young man's previous good character and the belief that he has been sufficiently punished, and ask that he be relieved from further confinement.

Believing therefore that the ends of justice have been reached, and for the reasons above set forth, we recommend that a pardon be now granted this applicant, Russel Sipes.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 48—1910.

November 16, 1910.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace of the County of Philadelphia, to No. 391, August Sessions, 1910, Louis Shallcross was indicted on a charge of larceny and receiving stolen goods, and on arraignment pleaded guilty. He was thereupon, on the 11th day of August, 1910, sentenced to pay the costs and undergo imprisonment in the county prison for the term of six months.

Application for pardon was duly filed November 2, 1910. The case was heard at our session held this day. We recommend that a pardon be granted the applicant.

The offence consisted in the picking up and carrying off a pair of shoes while walking through one of the large stores of Philadelphia. At the time of committing this act the applicant was under the influence of liquor. This appears to have been his first offence, and he is shown to have borne a good character previous to the commission of this unlawful act. He was not represented by counsel when his case was called for trial in court. He seems to have been in company with a man who was supposed to be a crook, and it was thought that the defendant himself was one of this undesirable class. Subsequent investigation, however, shows this to be an error. Under the circumstances of the case it is conceded that the sentence was severe, and having already served more than three months of the term, it is believed that the ends of justice have been met. Judge Staake, who imposed the sentence, writes to the board as follows.

"Philadelphia, November 1st, 1910.

To the Honorable, the Members of the Board of Pardons:

Gentlemen:—In the matter of the application for a pardon of Louis Shallcross, who pleaded guilty to an indictment for larceny and was sentenced by me August 11th, 1910, to six months in the county prison, I have no objection to the prayer of the petition being granted.

Indeed, in view of the representations made to me, I am satisfied that the interests of justice will best be served by this pardon.

Very respectfully yours,
WILLIAM H. STAAKE."

For these reasons, therefore, we recommend that a pardon be now granted the applicant, Louis Shallcross.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO 49—1910.

November 16, 1910.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace in and for the County of Allegheny, to No. 19, November Sessions, 1909, Robert McCrea was indicted on a charge of entering a building with intent to commit a felony, larceny and receiving stolen goods. A verdict of guilty was returned, and he was thereupon, on the 23d day of November, 1909, sentenced to pay a fine of six and a quarter cents, costs, and undergo imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary of not less than two years and six months or more than ten years.

Application for pardon was duly filed October 8, 1910. The case was heard at our meeting this day, and upon careful consideration of the same we recommend that a pardon be granted the applicant.

The offence complained of consisted of the alleged entering the boat house of a gunning club in an isolated locality and the taking and carrying away a quantity of loaded gunshells. Some of the stolen property was found on the defendant, but he strenuously denied having himself committed the theft, although he knew that the articles were stolen property. Nearly all the stolen property was restored to the owners. The prisoner has been in the penitentiary a year, lacking a few days, and was in jail for more than a month before the trial, so that he has undergone an imprisonment of more than thirteen months up to this time. The offence was not an aggravated one and the defendant is not an habitual criminal. It is the feeling of the prosecuting officer that the prisoner has attoned for his violation of the law and that no further good would result from his continued imprisonment. He, therefore, answers the board's inquiries as follows:

"October, 17, 1910.

Honorable Robert McAfee, Secretary of the Commonwealth, Harrisburg, Pa.

My Dear Sir:—My attention has recently been called to the application which has been made in behalf of Robert A. McCrea for a pardon from the sentence of Judge Carnahan, imposed a little less than a year ago. His application will come up before your Board at its next meeting.

I have gone rather carefully into the facts of this case, and feel satisfied that McCrea's punishment was entirely too severe. A year, under the circumstances, would have been more than sufficient. McCrea's mother, a widow, is now an old woman of 74 years, and is practically alone in the world. He himself is suffering from necrosis of the bone in one of his legs, and I am informed an operation will soon be necessary, and I think, from the standpoint of humanity that he should be released. He never had any trouble, prior to the prosecution of this case, which resulted out of the loss of some shells and ammunition from the headquarters of the Sewickley Gun Club.

I believe it would be only justice if the Board could see its way clear to grant McCrea a pardon. I make these statements to you after investigating the facts, and hope they will be presented to the Board as strongly as the circumstances will warrant.

Yours very truly,
WIILIAM A. BLAKELEY.
District Attorney."

In view therefore of the conditions thus presented we recommend that a pardon be now granted the applicant, Robert McCrea.

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 50—1910.

November 16, 1910.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace in and for the County of Philadelphia, to No. 666, April Sessions, 1910, Emil Graff entered a plea of guilty on an indictment charging him with unlawfully selling and having in his possession cocaine; and on June 17, 1910, he was sentenced to pay a fine of five hundred dollars, costs, and undergo imprisonment in the county prison for the term of one year. There were four bills of indictment, charging separate violations of the Act of Assembly regulating the sale of this drug. On the other three, verdicts of not guilty were taken.

On September 7, 1910, an application for pardon was filed. This application was heard at our September meeting, and has been held under advisement since then. Now, after giving the matter full consideration, the Board recommends that the prayer of the applicant be granted and that a pardon issue to the applicant.

Emil Graff has been a reputable druggist of the City of Philadelphia for a number of years, having conducted the business of a retail druggist there since March, 1881. During the early part of this year there was vigorous action

taken by the State Pharmaceutical Board to break up the illegal sale of cocaine in the City of Philadelphia. Among others charged with the offense was this applicant. It was shown that the drug has been procured at his store, contrary to the provisions of the Act, though possibly not from the defendant personally. Of all the convictions for the violation of the statute on this subject, it has been represented to us that this is the only case in which a jail sentence was imposed upon the defendant. From the numerous letters, petitions, etc., on file with this case, we are led to believe that the ends of justice have been met with the five months imprisonment endured by the defendant, and that it would be a justifiable act of clemency to grant a pardon to the applicant. Samuel M. Clement, Jr., Esq., the counsel taken by the State Pharmaceutical Board to break up the representing the State Pharmaceutical Board, addressing the Board under date of September 26, 1910, writes as follows:

"To the Members of the Board of Pardons of the State of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—In the matter of the application for pardon of Emil Graff, who entered a plea of guilty some months ago in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Philadelphia County to an indictment charging him with selling cocaine in violation of the act of Assembly, and who was sentenced by the Honorable Charles Y. Audenried.

I represented the State Pharmaceutical Examining Board, who instituted the prosecution. Dr. Graff has now been in prison several months, and I believe that he has been sufficiently punished.

The result desired by the Board in this prosecution has been obtained, that is, it has served as a warning to all the druggists of Pennsylvania that they must not sell cocaine in violation of the act of Assembly.

I think in fairness to Dr. Graff, I should state to the Board that he acknowledged his wrong and entered his plea of guilty. He avowed his purpose thereafter to strictly comply with all the laws of the Commonwealth relating to the sale of drugs, and no further complaints have been brought to the State Board concerning either of the stores owned by him.

If Dr. Graff is pardoned at this time, I believe it would be a just and merciful termination of the case, and I am convinced that he fully realizes the importance of managing his drug stores in such a way as to make a repitition of the offense impossible. Dr. Graff is well known in the drug business, and his conviction has served as an excellent example to all druggists.

Yours very truly,
SAMUEL M. CLEMENT, Jr."

The ends sought to be accomplished by the prosecution having apparently been obtained, we believe that no further good will result to the community by prolonging the imprisonment of the defendant. We therefore recommend that a pardon be now granted the applicant, Emil Graff.

Respectfully submitted,
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General,
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 51—1910.

November 16, 1910.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace in and for the County of Philadelphia, at the December Sessions, 1907, William Condon entered a plea of guilty to certain indictments charging him with fraudulently making several written instruments, and with perjury in connection therewith, and on the 2nd of January, 1908, he was sentenced by the Court to an imprisonment in the Eastern Penitentiary for the term of five years.

An application for pardon was filed March 8, 1909, which was from time to time continued, but was heard at a meeting held in the early part of the present year, and on May 4, 1910, the application was refused by this Board. A rehearing was granted, and the case was again heard at the September meeting of the Board, and it has been held under advisement by us since that time. Having given the case careful consideration we now recommend that a pardon be granted the applicant.

The charges complained of grew out of the giving of bail in certain criminal proceedings in the Courts of Philadelphia County. It appears that defendant's brother had on various occasions authorized the defendont to sign his (the brother's) name to bail bonds. In the particular case in question, however, this authority had not been expressly secured. The irregularity was in some way discovered, and the defendant was arrested and brought into Court, and sentence as above indicated.

When the indictments were called up in Court, the defendant was not represented by counsel. It is alleged in his behalf that he simply entered his plea of guilty, without disclosing to the Court that he had signed the bonds under what he supposed was lawful authority from his brother. It is contended on the part of the applicant that there was an absence of unlawful wrong-doing, and further that if the defendant had been legally and morally guilty of the offenses charged, the sentence imposed was more severe than the circumstances warranted, and was beyond the usual sentence in charges of this character.

In view of all the circumstances brought to our attention in the consideration of this case, and taking into consideration the fact that under the commutation Act the defendant's term of imprisonment would expire in about seven and a half months, we deem the request for clemency at this time a reasonable one, and we, therefore, recommend that a pardon be now granted the applicant, William Condon.

Respectfully submitted,
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth,
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General,
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

NO. 52—1910.

November 23, 1910.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace in and for the County of Tioga, to No. 12, September Sessions, 1907, William Williammee entered a plea of guilty to an indictment charging him with larceny and receiving stolen goods; he was thereupon, September 13, 1909, sentenced to pay a fine of one hundred dollars, costs, and undergo imprisonment in the Eastern Penitentiary for a term of not less than two years and six months and not more than ten years.

An application for pardon was filed November 3, 1910, which was heard at our November meeting. Upon giving the matter full and due consideration since the hearing, and taking into count all the circumstances attending the case, we look at this as an instance where executive clemency can be properly shown, and we therefore recommend that a pardon be granted the applicant.

The violation of law for which this defendant is undergoing punishment grew out of a horse trading operation. There was the usual bad end of the bargain, and it was Williammee's misfortune to get the worst of the deal. He was only a boy at the time, being under eighteen years of age. Feeling that he had been imposed on he undertook in his own way to get even. On the night of the Fourth of July, 1907, shortly after the date of the horse trade, there was a picnic somewhere in the neighborhood where he and his adversary lived. He had reason to believe that the man with whom he had traded horses would be there with his newly-acquired horse. Accordingly he himself went to the picnic, taking with him the horse then in his possession, the result of the previous trade. He saw in the horse sheds at the picnic grounds what he supposed was the horse he had traded off, he unhitched this horse, and drove off with it, thinking he had come into possession of his own, and leaving in its place the horse he had gotten in the trade—all this, of course, without the knowledge of the owner of the horse he was driving away. After going some distance from the picnic ground, along about midnight, he discovered that the horse he had taken was not the horse he had previously traded off, but an entirely different animal. Alarmed at the difficulty in which he found himself involved, he drove on some distance, and then abandoned the team by the wayside. The whole outfit was soon afterwards recovered by its real owner, who was afterwards reimbursed in full by Williammee's father for all damages sustained. The boy himself was thoroughly frightened at his predicament, and left the locality. He subsequently returned, and then was arrested

n the charge of larceny of the horse, buggy, harness, etc., nd his indictment and sentence followed as stated above.

The applicant has been in the penitentiary now for more han fourteen months. He was just twenty years of age vhen he was sentenced, and was under eighteen years when he offence was committed. He is of a good family and is not of the criminal class. This is believed to be the first time ie has been in trouble, and he is not likely to be a law-breaker again.

It was urged before us that the sentence was too severe nder all the circumstances and with a full understanding of he facts, especially in view of the absence of felonious ntent. There is considerable force in this position. Our ttention was further called to the misapprehension exist-ng in the minds of many persons with regard to the pro-visions of the Indeterminate Sentence Act of 1909 requir-ng the court to fix the minimum term of imprisonment when none is required by law. The notion seems to prevail that such minimum must be at least one-fourth of the maximum term.

Upon making inquiry of Judge Cameron, who imposed this sentence as to the sufficiency of the imprisonment already served by this applicant, the judge writes the board as follows:

"Wellsboro, Pa., Nov. 19th, 1910.

Commonwealth)
vs.) In the Quarter Sessions of Tioga County,
Williamee)

Hon. M. Hampton Todd, Philadelphia, Pa.

My Dear Sir:—When the above case was disposed of I was of the opinion that I could not sentence for a less term than one-fourth of the maximum.

I may have had in my mind the proviso to Sec. 5, instead of Sec. 6. Had I known I could legally have given a shorter term I would have done so.

Under all the circumstances, and especially considering his youth, I think it would be well to give him another chance.

Very truly,
DAVID CAMERON."

In view of all the conditions shown to attach to this case, and with the thought that the applicant has been sufficiently punished for his transgression, we recommend that a pardon be now granted to the applicant, William Williammee.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

No. 53—1910.

December 21, 1910.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace in and for the County of Allegheny, to No. 140, September Sessions, 1910, Patrick F. Mangan was indicted on a charge of felonious assault and battery, and upon the calling of the case in Court he entered a plea of "nolo contendere;" he was thereupon, October 1, 1910, sentenced by the Court to pay a fine of $100, costs of prosecution, and undergo imprisonment of six months in the county jail.

An application for pardon was duly filed December 12, 1910, and the case was heard at our regular meeting held this day. After considering the facts and circumstances connected with the matter, we are of the opinion that the application is well grounded and deserving of approval, and we, therefore, recommend that a pardon be now granted the applicant.

Mangan was a police officer of Stowe Township, Allegheny County, on August 5, 1910, and had been filling that office for about three years previous. On the evening of that day, while on duty and regularly patrolling his beat, it became necessary for him to order a crowd of young men of well known but bad tendencies and habits to disperse. This crowd had congregated at the corner of two important thoroughfares in the section of the Township known as West Park. The authorities had experienced considerable difficulty with this crowd of persons, who, it is alleged, were in the habit of insulting passers-by, both men and women, and, by their talk and conduct, making themselves obnoxious to decent people in general. One citizen, in writing to us in favor of this application, speaks of these men as "hoodlums" and "loafers." One member of the crowd, probably the leader, at all events the most determined and ill-disposed of the lot, refused to heed the request of the officer to move on. This man, by the name of Ernest Burkhart, it was shown, cherished some bad feeling toward Mangan, and had previously made threats against him, even going so far as to say that if Mangan continued to interfere with his, Burkhart's, unlawful practices "there would be one less policeman in that district," and that he would "make daylight show through him," or expressions to that effect. After ordering the crowd to disperse, as above stated, and noticing the attitude of Burkhart, Mangan telephoned to police headquarters detailing the situation. He was ordered by the Chief of Police to return to his post of duty and to disperse the crowd. In pursuance of this order, he again ordered Burkhart to move on. The latter making some motion which to the officer was indicative of reaching for his revolver, Mangan drew his own pistol, and, thinking his life was in danger, fired at Burkhart, wounding him so that he was confined to the hospital for about twenty days. Mangan was immediately taken into custody, and the next day an information was laid against him, and he was held for Court.

When the case was called for trial, the defendant, acting upon the advice of one of the Commissioners of Stowe Township, who had always been his friend and advisor, entered a plea of nolo contendere, having been led to believe that sentence would be suspended. This hope was not realized. On the contrary he was sentenced to both fine and imprisonment, as before stated.

It was shown to us that Mangan had been a most reliable and trustworthy officer. He had an excellent reputation for efficiency and attention to duty. He had never been charged with overstepping the line of proper observance, or with failure to do all that was required of him in any emergency. There is on file a petition signed by more than one hundred of the citizens of the locality, asking for favorable consideration of the application; also individual letters from the several officials of the Township, and from others, who are familiar with the whole situation, all attesting to Mangan's previous good record and expressing the belief that he has been sufficiently punished. No opposition to the application, on the part of the Commonwealth's officers, appears in any shape or form before us.

In view, therefore, of all that has been shown to us regarding the case, we respectfully recommend that a pardon be now granted the applicant Patrick F. Mangan.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.
ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

No. 54—1910.

December 21, 1910.

To His Excellency Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

Sir:—In the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace in and for the County of Luzerne, to No. 33, November Sessions, 1909, Fred A. Guard and Walter H. Roe were indicted on a charge of conspiracy. A verdict of guilty was rendered January 22, 1910. The verdict was accompanied with a recommendation "to the extreme mercy of the court." On January 29, 1910, the court sentenced the defendants to pay a fine of $300 and undergo imprisonment by separate and solitary confinement in the County Prison for the term of one year and six calendar months.

An application for the pardon of Fred A. Guard was duly filed June 1, 1910, which, on June 20, 1910, after hearing, was refused. On November 16, 1910, a rehearing was allowed, and the case was again heard and considered at our meeting held this day, and we are of the opinion that it would be proper to recommend that a pardon be now granted the applicant, Fred A. Guard.

For several years prior to 1908 Guard was a bookkeeper in the employ of the Black Diamond Knitting Mills Com-

pany, a corporation engaged in the manufacture of hosiery in the Borough of Nanticoke, Luzerne County. A part of the time he was manager of the concern. In 1908 Roe became the general manager of the company and Guard continued to be its bookkeeper. During Roe's incumbency as manager of this company he organized another similar corporation under the name of the Nanticoke Hosiery Company. He procured Guard to be interested in this second company. Both these defendants being both interested in each of these companies, a scheme was devised, ostensibly by Roe, by which some of the products of the Black Diamond Company were shipped on bills of lading of the Nanticoke Company, whereby the Black Diamond Company was defrauded to the benefit of the Nanticoke Company. After a time Guard left the Black Diamond Company and became the bookkeeper of the Nanticoke Company. Roe was afterwards discharged from the Black Diamond Company. The dishonest practice became known in some way, and both men were arrested and indicted for conspiracy to defraud the Black Diamond Mills Company.

Prior to the advent of Roe, Guard bore a good reputation, and was not known to have been engaged in any questionable practices, or even suspected of any wrongdoing. On the other hand, it is shown that Roe had been charged with dishonesty in the management of several hosiery mills prior to his coming to Nanticoke. It is fairly assumed on the part of Guard's friends that Guard was led into this scheme by Roe, and it is urged before us that the imprisonment of almost a year's duration which he has suffered is a sufficient punishment for his yielding to the importunities of an evil-minded and mercenary co-employe.

In commenting on this application for pardon Judge George S. Ferris, who tried the case and imposed the sentence, wrote to the board under the date of June 7, 1910, as follows:

"Gentlemen:—On January 22nd, last, Walter H. Roe and Fred A Guard were convicted of conspiracy to defraud. The verdict of the jury was accompanied by a recommendation to mercy. In the case of Roe there was nothing in the case to justify such a recommendation. In the case of Guard there was. The testimony to his previous good reputation was strong and convincing; and the other evidence, while warranting the conclusion of his complicity with Roe in the conspiracy, indicated, to my mind, that he was more weak than bad, and had allowed himself to be led by Roe into a fraudulent scheme which the latter concocted and was mainly instrumental in carrying out. Since the trial I have regretted that I did not give more weight to these considerations, and discriminate between these men in imposing sentence.

In the case of Roe I thing his sentence should stand; but I would not say that Guard should be punished more severely than he has already, and regard his case as a proper one for the exercise of clemency."

And again under date of June 18 Judge Ferris addressed the attorney general as follows.

"My Dear General:—In the case of Commonwealth vs. F. A. Guard, who was sentenced for conspiracy with Walter H. Roe, I stated in a former letter, in effect, that I thought Guard should have been sentenced for a less term than Roe, and I am under the impression that I added that, in my opinion, he had been sufficiently punished already. So far as punishment has for its purpose the reformation of the offender, I am disposed to adhere to that statement. I think that he has had his lesson, and, if released, would not be seen in the criminal court again as a defendant. But, in so far as punishment is intended to be an object lesson to others, I would not say that five months' imprisonment would be sufficient in his case, even considering the fact that Roe was the master mind of the conspiracy. Since receiving your letter I have examined my notes of testimony, and believe that in passing sentence Roe should have been given the term of eighteen months, which was imposed, and Guard a term of not less than nine months, or perhaps a year. I still think some substantial distinction should have been made between the two defendants, but do not consider five months a sufficient punishment, and would modify my former letter accordingly. I certainly do not wish to do anything that would tend to minimize the importance of this crime or discourage those who at their own cost seek to enforce observance of the law."

If Guard had been sentenced to one year's imprisonment his term, by operation of law, would have expired on November 29th last, so that it appears he has already served a term which now fully meets the sentencing judge's views.

Therefore, attaching due consideration to all the information before us concerning this application, we have reached the conclusion that this is a proper case for the exercise of executive clemency, and we accordingly recommend that a pardon be now granted this applicant, Fred A. Guard.

Respectfully submitted,

ROBERT S. MURPHY,
Lieutenant Governor.

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
M. HAMPTON TODD,
Attorney General.
HENRY HOUCK,
Secretary of Internal Affairs.

REPORT OF THE COMMISSION TO OPEN, COMPUTE AND PUBLISH THE RETURNS OF THE LAST GENERAL ELECTION FOR STATE TREASURER AND AUDITOR GENERAL, NOVEMBER 2, A. D. 1909.

Harrisburg, Pa., January 18, 1910.

Honorable Edwin S. Stuart, Governor of Pennsylvania.

Sir:—By direction of the Commission to open, compute and publish the returns of the last general election for State Treasurer and Auditor General, I have the honor to herewith transmit a copy of the proceedings of said Commission at their meeting held to-day in compliance with the provisions of the Act of General Assembly of this Commonwealth, approved the 9th day of May A. D. 1879, and request that you transmit the same to the General Assembly at their next meeting.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

GEO. D. THORN,
Secretary.

JOURNAL OF THE COMMISSION TO OPEN, COMPUTE AND PUBLISH THE RETURNS OF THE ELECTION FOR STATE TREASURER AND AUDITOR GENERAL.

Senate Chamber, Harrisburg, Pa., January 18, 1910.

The Commission to open, compute and publish the returns of the election for State Treasurer and Auditor General, held on Tuesday, November 2, A. D. 1909, constituted under the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, entitled "An Act to provide for the receiving, opening and publishing of the returns of the election for State Treasurer and Auditor General when elected at the same election," approved the 9th day of May, A. D. 1879, met this day at 12 o'clock M. in the Senate Chamber, agreeably to the provisions of the said Act of the General Assembly.

The Commission was called to order by the Honorable John F. Cox, who directed the reading of the Act of the General Assembly creating the Commission, and also the reading from the Journals of the Senate and House of Representatives, showing that the following members of the Senate and House of Representatives had been chosen as the members of the Commission, to wit:

MOSES SHIELDS,
FRANK E. BALDWIN,
CHARLES H. KLINE,
WEBSTER GRIM,
On the part of the Senate.
JOHN H. RIEBEL,
DAVID W. GRAYBILL,
WILLIAM H. OWENS,
GEORGE J. SCHAD,
GEORGE S. J. KEEN,
DAVID W. LEWIS,
On the part of the House of Representatives.

By direction of the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Honorable John F. Cox, the roll of the persons comprising the Commission was then called by the acting Secretary. Those answering to their names are marked by an (X), thus:

Edwin S. Stuart, Governor.

George Kunkel (X), Pres. Judge, Twelfth Judicial District.

William E. Crow, President pro tem. of the Senate.

John F. Cox (X), Speaker, House of Representatives.

Moses Shields (X), Frank E. Baldwin (X), Charles H. Kline (X), Webster Grim (X), on the part of the Senate.

John H. Riebel (X), David W. Graybill (X), William H. Owens (X), George J. Schad (X), George S. J. Keen (X), David W. Lewis (X), on the part of the House of Representatives.

On motion of the Honorable Moses Shields, the Honorable John F. Cox was elected President of the Commission.

On motion of the Honorable George S. J. Keen, the following persons were elected additional officers of the Commission:

Secretary, George D. Thorn.
Reading Clerk, W. Harry Baker.
Clerk, Clarence E. Seiler.
Sergeant-at-Arms, Thomas M. Jones.
Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms, David W. Wilbert.
Messenger, Frank C. Bowman.
Doorkeeper, Joseph Ripley.
Assistant Doorkeeper, Anthony Frenie.

The officers were then sworn to the faithful discharge of their duties by Honorable George Kunkel, President Judge of the 12th Judicial District.

On motion of the Honorable Webster Grim, three Tellers were appointed as follows:

Frank E. Baldwin,
George J. Schad,
David W. Lewis.

Honorable Lewis E. Beitler, Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth, being introduced, presented the returns of the general election held November 2, A. D. 1909, for State Treasurer and Auditor General.

On motion of the Honorable John H. Riebel, the following resolution was unanimously agreed to:

"Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed to ascertain and adjust the expenses of the Commission and to fix the compensation of the Secretary, clerks and other officers."

The President appointed as members of the said committee:

Messrs. John H. Riebel,
Webster Grim,
George S. J. Kean.

On motion of the Honorable David W. Graybill, the returns from the several counties of the Commonwealth, as delivered to the Commission by the Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth, were then opened and read.

The statement of the votes cast in the several counties, and the computation of the same, appears from the following statement which is hereto attached and made a part hereof, the same having been read by the Secretary and computed by the Tellers appointed by the President, to wit:

Frank E. Baldwin,
George J. Schad,
David W. Lewis.

TABULAR STATEMENT
OF
VOTES CAST FOR STATE TREASURER
IN THE
SEVERAL COUNTIES OF PENNSYLVANIA, AT THE GENERAL ELECTION HELD ON THE 2ND DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1909.

Counties.	Republican. J. A. Stober	Democratic. George W. Kipp.	Prohibition. Frank Fish.	Socialist. Ed. Moore.
Adams	2,012	2,610	122	21
Allegheny	51,062	16,757	2,541	3,768
Armstrong	5,222	2,975	294	101
Beaver	2,485	1,208	329	235
Bedford	3,275	2,498	479	173
Berks	8,392	13,284	350	880
Blair	5,015	2,814	654	883
Bradford	2,026	2,366	407	80
Bucks	5,994	4,299	180	85
Butler	1,875	1,603	490	66
Cambria	8,002	6,164	524	308
Cameron	284	208	28	20
Carbon	3,173	3,364	152	374
Centre	2,004	2,503	183	72
Chester	8,754	5,838	527	115
Clarion	1,441	2,301	251	107
Clearfield	3,960	3,869	593	540
Clinton	1,735	1,588	156	305
Columbia	1,749	3,162	232	75
Crawford	2,953	2,008	631	219
Cumberland	3,772	4,126	310	68
Dauphin	7,231	4,465	757	440
Delaware	8,341	3,029	415	127
Elk	961	1,896	111	41
Erie	4,287	2,109	763	439
Fayette	6,791	7,682	829	541
Forest	533	235	217	42
Franklin	2,912	2,427	248	154
Fulton	444	499	29	10
Greene	1,032	2,134	207	43
Huntingdon	2,241	1,242	244	54
Indiana	2,222	934	844	137
Jefferson	1,927	1,552	407	156
Juniata	1,131	1,216	60	27
Lackawanna	14,018	16,464	684	267
Lancaster	12,714	3,920	449	228
Lawrence	2,541	1,430	778	763
Lebanon	2,788	1,200	185	166
Lehigh	6,576	7,253	198	358
Luzerne	15,511	13,385	739	693
Lycoming	3,261	4,755	726	470
McKean	1,217	972	487	92
Mercer	2,475	2,180	686	268
Mifflin	846	907	109	66
Monroe	378	1,238	59	7
*Montgomery	9,744	6,170	365	298
Montour	568	939	74	21
Northampton	5,681	7,128	339	200
Northumberland	5,309	6,078	433	662
Perry	1,815	1,496	72	23
Philadelphia	153,047	50,406	2,156	3,598
Pike	223	407	12	4
Potter	961	936	268	101
Schuylkill	7,686	9,362	432	1,137
Snyder	1,595	750	79	22
Somerset	1,979	815	308	116
Sullivan	644	738	98	28
Susquehanna	1,965	1,334	367	28
Tioga	2,486	1,120	313	66
Union	1,297	893	97	16
Venango	1,848	1,015	1,040	162
Warren	1,640	757	549	75
Washington	3,967	2,937	1,349	335
Wayne	997	945	148	39
Westmoreland	12,593	10,765	1,748	979
Wyoming	730	760	87	16
York	6,292	8,688	416	310
Total	450,630	307,763	30,414	22,320

Scattering vote: Allegheny County, Jas. A. Gray, 25; Butler County, James A. Gray, 1; Cameron County, W. H. Howard, 1; Dauphin County, J. P. Koppenhaver, 1, Forest Strayer, 1, George Oyster, 1, Harrison Badhurst, 1; Mnotgomery County, William H. Berry, 3, Mary Shenkel, 1, Chas. Johnston, 1; Perry County, Charles Raffensberger, 1; Philadelphia County, Jas. Gray, 10, George Bush, 1, C. H. Rupp, 1; Washington County, S. G. Ailes, 1, J. R. Reed, 1; Wyoming County, scattering, 1. Total, 52.

Stober's plurality	142,867
Stober's majority	90,081
Total vote cast for State Treasurer...	811,179

*In Montgomery County the name of J. A. Stober was misspelled and returned as J. A. Strober.

TABULAR STATEMENT
OF
VOTES CAST FOR AUDITOR GENERAL
IN THE
SEVERAL COUNTIES OF PENNSYLVANIA, AT THE GENERAL ELECTION HELD ON THE 2ND DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1909.

Counties.	Republican. A. E. Sisson.	Democratic. James Woodward Clark.	Prohibition. C. W. R. Smith.	Socialist. William Parker.
Adams	2,012	2,594	122	23
Allegheny	46,446	17,854	2,522	3,790
Armstrong	5,168	2,979	306	93
Beaver	2,474	1,158	307	237
Bedford	3,261	2,486	481	171
Berks	8,234	13,239	302	890
Blair	4,883	2,803	678	906
Bradford	2,513	1,633	507	90
Bucks	5,998	4,256	185	79
Butler	1,855	1,598	498	67
Cambria	7,678	6,080	504	310
Cameron	287	202	20	19
Carbon	3,178	3,224	162	383
Centre	1,980	2,515	184	72
Chester	8,698	5,753	632	111
Clarion	1,422	2,311	256	103

Clearfield	3,839	3,891	620	519
Clinton	1,702	1,581	173	305
Columbia	1,681	3,165	245	66
Crawford	2,950	1,988	633	221
Cumberland	3,780	4,068	329	59
Dauphin	7,115	4,445	798	458
Delaware	8,339	2,897	484	124
Elk	982	1,827	111	40
Erie	4,763	1,785	757	410
Fayette	6,804	7,693	828	541
Forest	532	235	216	39
Franklin	2,873	2,435	250	151
Fulton	441	494	29	8
Greene	1,031	2,135	174	45
Huntingdon	2,197	1,249	269	54
Indiana	1,614	1,656	751	124
Jefferson	1,946	1,519	404	151
Juniata	1,119	1,203	73	25
Lackawanna	14,038	16,111	712	262
Lancaster	12,537	3,893	484	227
Lawrence	2,574	1,406	619	778
Lebanon	2,733	1,190	190	172
Lehigh	6,521	7,241	217	356
Luzerne	15,021	13,390	834	684
Lycoming	3,241	4,704	734	480
McKean	1,225	967	479	82
Mercer	2,487	2,119	687	274
Mifflin	840	917	99	69
Monroe	369	1,232	57	8
Montgomery	9,728	6,122	373	300
Montour	561	936	68	22
Northampton	5,613	7,098	358	209
Northumberland	5,210	6,101	439	669
Perry	1,794	1,486	75	25
Philadelphia	152,153	47,059	2,154	3,523
Pike	223	394	7	4
Potter	945	940	278	106
Schuylkill	7,458	9,225	606	1,136
Snyder	1,555	747	89	18
Somerset	1,984	772	308	123
Sullivan	659	693	100	29
Susquehanna	1,983	1,252	380	30
Tioga	2,445	1,109	316	65
Union	1,271	886	102	17
Venango	1,844	1,007	1,035	166
Warren	1,609	765	536	86
Washington	4,215	3,154	762	353
Wayne	1,058	814	163	39
Westmoreland	12,335	10,895	1,741	977
Wyoming	776	692	98	18
York	6,175	8,655	435	299
Total	442,975	278,923	30,345	22,290

Scattering vote: Allegheny County, W. H. Thomas, 29; Beaver County, W. H. Thomas, 1; Bucks County, W. W. Hall 1; Butler County, William H. Thomas, 1; Cameron County, John Howard, 1; Dauphin County, Charles Hoffman, 1, John Ruth, 1; Jefferson County, William Connely, 1; Philadelphia County, Wm. H. Thomas, 10, Jas. A. Gray, 2; Wyoming County, scattering, 1. Total, 49.

Sisson's plurality	164,052
Sisson's majority	111,368
Total vote cast for Auditor General	774,582

Messrs. Frank E. Baldwin, George J. Schad and David W. Lewis, the Tellers, reported the result as appears from the foregoing statements.

The following resolution was offered by the Honorable Moses Shields, read and agreed to, viz:

"Resolved, That the returns under seal, filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth, as provided by law, having been opened, computed and published according to law, in the presence of the Commission, the result just announced by the tellers shall be adopted as the report of the Commission.

The President of the Commission then announced, that J. A Stober, having received the highest number of votes cast for the office of State Treasurer, is therefore duly elected to said office; that A. E. Sisson, having received the highest number of votes cast for the office of Auditor General, is therefore duly elected to said office.

CERTIFICATE OF THE COMMISSION TO OPEN, COMPUTE AND PUBLISH THE RETURNS OF THE LAST GENERAL ELECTION FOR STATE TREASURER AND AUDITOR GENERAL.

Harrisburg, Penn'a, Jauanry 18, A. D. 1910.

CERTIFICATE.

We, the undersigned, members of the Commission constituted under the provisions of an Act of the General Assembly, entitled "An Act to provide for the receiving, opening and publishing of the returns of the election of State Treasurer and of the Auditor General when elected at the same election," approved May 9, A. D. 1879, do hereby certify that we met in the Senate Chamber, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, at 12 o'clock M. on the third Tuesday of January succeeding the last general election for State Treasurer and for Auditor General (January 18, A. D. 1910), and the returns of the election for State Treasurer and for Auditor General held on the second day of November, A. D. 1909, in the several counties of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, having been presented by the Secretary of the Commonwealth, we proceeded to open and compute the same, and upon opening and computing the same it appeared that of the whole number of votes cast at said election for State Treasurer—

J. A. Stober had four hundred and fifty thousand six hundred and thirty votes (450,630).

George W. Kipp had three hundred and seven thousand seven hundred and sixty-three votes (307,763).

Frank Fish had thirty thousand four hundred and fourteen votes (30,414).

Ed. Moore had twenty-two thousand three hundred and twenty votes (22,320).

James A. Gray had twenty-six votes (26).

W. H. Howard had one vote (1).

J. P. Koppenhaver had one vote (1).

Forest Strayer had one vote (1).

George Oyster had one vote (1).

Harrison Badhurst had one vote (1).

William H. Berry had three votes (3).

Mary Shenkel had one vote (1).

Chas. Johnston had one vote (1).

Charles Raffensberger had one vote (1).

Jas. Gray had ten votes (10).

George Bush had one vote (1).

C. H. Rupp had one vote (1).

S. G. Ailes had one vote (1).

J. R. Reed had one vote (1).

Wyoming County, scattering, one vote (1); and that of the whole number of votes cast at said election for Auditor General:

A. E. Sisson had four hundred and forty-two thousand nine hundred and seventy-five votes (442,975).

James Woodward Clarke had two hundred and seventy-eight thousand nine hundred and twenty-three votes (278,923).

C. W. R. Smith had thirty thousand three hundred and forty-five votes (30,345).

William Parker had twenty-two thousand two hundred and ninety votes (22,290).

W. H. Thomas had thirty votes (30).

W. W. Hall had one vote (1).

William H. Thomas had eleven votes (11).

John Howard had one vote (1).

Charles Hoffman had one vote (1).

John Ruth had one vote (1).

William Connely had one vote (1).

Jas. A. Gray had two votes (2).

Wyoming County, scattering, one vote (1).

In Testimony Whereof we have hereunto set our hands this eighteenth day of January, A. D. 1910.

GEORGE KUNKEL,
President Judge, Twelfth District of Pennsylvania.
JOHN F. COX,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
MOSES SHIELDS,
CHARLES H. KLINE,
FRANK E. BALDWIN,
WEBSTER GRIM,
Members of the Senate.
JOHN H. RIEBEL,
D. W. GRAYBILL,
WM. H. OWENS,
G. J. SCHAD,
GEO. S. J. KEEN,
DAVID W. LEWIS,
Members of the House of Representatives.

Attest:
GEO. D. THORN, Secretary.

The following communication was then read:

"HEADQUARTERS
REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE
329 SOUTH BROAD ST.,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

January 18, 1910.

Geo. D. Thorn, Esq., Secretary of the Commission authorized by law to compute the vote for Auditor General and State Treasurer.

Dear Sir:—The Commission to compute the vote for Auditor General and State Treasurer, of which you are the Secretary, is hereby notified that Hon. Jeremiah A. Stober, the Republican candidate for the office of State Treasurer at the general election held on November 2, 1909, died on January 10, 1910, as appears from the physician's certificate hereto attached.

Very truly yours,
W. R. ANDREWS,
Chairman.

Attest:
W. Harry Baker, Secretary."

PHYSICIAN'S CERTIFICATE.

State of Pennsylvania,
County of Lancaster, ss:

F. D. Zimmerman, M. D., being duly affirmed according to law, deposes and says that he is a practicing physician resident in the town of Schoeneck, County of Lancaster and State of Pennsylvania, and has been practicing medicine upwards of four years; that he was intimately acquainted with the late J. A. Stober, of Schoeneck, Lancaster County, Pennsylvania; that he was the attending physician of the said J. A. Stober; that the said J. A. Stober died on Monday, January 10, 1910, between the hours of 3 o'clock and 6 o'clock A. M., having been found dead in bed.

F. D. ZIMMERMAN, M. D.

Affirmed and subscribed to before me this 17th day of January, A. D. 1910.

(Seal.)

J. R. SHIRK,
Justice of the Peace.

My commission expires 1912.

On motion of the Honorable Charles H. Kline, the following resolution was read and agreed to:

"Resolved, That the communication from Republican State Chairman W. R. Andrews be received and filed, and the fact of the death of J. A. Stober, State Treasurer-elect, be set forth in the certificate issued by this Commission."

We, the undersigned, Members of the Commission to open, compute and publish the returns of the election for State Treasurer and Auditor General, constituted under the provisions of the Act of May 9, A. D. 1879, do further find that J. A. Stober, who received foun hundred and fifty thousand six hundred and thirty votes (the greatest number of votes cast for any of the persons voted for for the office of State Treasurer at the general election held on Tuesday, November 2, A. D. 1909), thereby becoming the State Treasurer-elect, died on January 10, A. D. 1910.

GEORGE KUNKEL,
Pres. Judge 12th Jud. District.
MOSES SHIELDS,
CHARLES H. KLINE,
FRANK E. BALDWIN,
WEBSTER GRIM,
Members of the Senate.
JOHN F. COX,
Speaker House of Representatives.
JOHN H. REIBEL,
D. W. GRAYBILL,
WM. H. OWENS,
G. J. SCHAD,
GEO. S. J. KEEN,
DAVID W. LEWIS,
Members of House of Representatives.

Attest:

GEO. D. THORN, Secretary.

The committee to fix compensation of the Members of the Commission, Officers, etc., reported that they had attended to their duties.

On motion of the Honorable Frank E. Baldwin, the following resolution was read and unanimously agreed to:

"Resolved, That the Secretary be directed to file the proceedings of this Commission in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and that the Governor be requested to transmit a copy of the same to the next Legislature for the purpose of having the same entered on the Journals thereof."

A motion was made by the Honorably Webster Grim that this Commission adjourn. Agreed to.

GEO D. THORN,
Secretary.

Filed in the office of the Secretary of the Comonwealth on the 18th day of January, A. D. 1910.

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

COPY OF PROCLAMATION OF THE GOVERNOR, OF THE SEVENTEENTH OF NOVEMBER, NINETEEN HUNDRED AND NINE, OF THE VOTE FOR AND AGAINST THE TEN PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION AND THE PROPOSED SCHEDULE FOR CARRYING THE AMENDMENTS INTO EFFECT, SUBMITTED TO THE PEOPLE ON NOVEMBER 2, A. D., 1909.

IN THE NAME AND BY AUTHORITY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, It has been certified to me by the Secretary of the Commonwealth, that it appears by the returns of the election held on Tuesday, the second day of November, A. D. 1909, as certified to him by the Prothonotaries of the several counties, the vote for and against the ten proposed amendments to the Constitution of Pennsylvania and the proposed schedule for carrying the amendments into effect, submitted to the people, was as follows:

On Amendment No. 1 (amend Section 8, Article IV), which reads as follows:

"He shall nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of two-thirds of all the members of the Senate, appoint a Secretary of the Commonwealth and an Attorney General during pleasure, a Superintendent of Public Instruction for four years, and such other officers of the Commonwealth as he is or may be authorized by the Constitution or by law to appoint; he shall have power to fill all vacancies that may happen, in offices to which he may appoint, during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session, he shall have power to fill any vacancy that may happen, during the recess of the Senate, in the office of Auditor General, State Treasurer, Secretary of Internal Affairs or Superintendent of Public Instruction, in a judicial office, or in any other elective office which he is or may be authorized to fill; if the vacancy shall happen during the session of the Senate, the Governor shall nominate to the Senate, before their final adjournment, a proper person to fill said vacancy; but in any such case of vacancy, in an elective office, a person shall be chosen to said office on the next election day appropriate to such office according to the provisions of this Constitution, unless the vacancy shall happen within two calendar months immediately preceding such election day, in which case the election for said office shall be held on the second succeeding election day appropriate to such office. In acting on executive nominations the Senate shall sit with open doors, and in confirming or rejecting the nominations of the Governor, the vote shall be taken by yeas and nays and shall be entered on the journal."

There were cast for its adoption.....165,741 votes
and against its adoption.....150,281 votes

Majority for its adoption..... 15,460 votes

On Amedment No. 2 amending Section 21, Article IV), which reads as follows:

"The terms of the Secretary of Internal Affairs, the Auditor General, and the State Treasurer shall each be four years; and they shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State at general elections; but a State Treasurer, elected in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine, shall serve for three years, and his successors shall be elected at the general election in the year one thousand nine hundred and twelve, and in every fourth year thereafter. No person elected to the office of Auditor General or State Treasurer shall be capable of holding the same office for two consecutive terms."

There were cast for its adoption.....164,352 votes
and against its adoption.....142,385 votes

Majority for its adoption..... 21,967 votes

On Amendment No. 3, amending Section 11, Article V., which reads as follows:

"Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, justices of the peace or aldermen shall be elected in the several wards, districts, boroughs or townships, by the qualified electors thereof, at the municipal election, in such manner as shall be directed by law, and shall be commissioned by the Governor for a term of six years. No township, ward, district or borough shall elect more than two justices of the peace or aldermen without the consent of a majority of the qualified electors within such township, ward or borough; no person shall be elected to such office unless he shall have resided within the township, borough, ward or district for one year next preceding his election. In cities containing over fifty thousand inhabitants, not more than one alderman shall be elected in such ward or district."

There were cast for its adoption.....162,689 votes
and against its adoption.....141,203 votes

Majority for its adoption..... 21,486 votes

On Amendment No. 4 amending Section 12, Article V), which reads as follows:

"In Philadelphia there shall be established, for each thirty thousand inhabitants, one court not or record, of police and civil causes, with jurisdiction not exceeding one hundred dollars; such courts shall be held by magistrates whose term of office shall be six years, and they shall be elected on general ticket at the municipal election, by the qualified voters at large; and in the election of the said magistrates no voter shall vote for more than two-thirds of the number of persons to be elected when more than one are chosen; they shall be compensated only by fixed salaries, to be paid by said county; and shall exercise such jurisdiction, civil and criminal, except as herein provided, as is now exercised by aldermen, subject to such changes, not involving an increase of civil jurisdiction or conferring political duties, as may be made by law. In Philadelphia the office of alderman is abolished."

There were cast for its adoption.....157,958 votes
and against its adoption.....142,336 votes

Majority for its adoption..... 15,623 votes

On Amendment No. 5 (amending Section 2, Article VIII), which reads as follows:

"The general election shall be held biennially on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each even numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day ,two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto; Provided, That such election shall always be held in an even numbered year."

There were cast for its adoption.....168,874 votes
and against its adoption.....140,837 votes

Majority for its adoption..... 28,037 votes

On Amendment No. 6 (amending Section 3, Article VIII), which reads as follows:

"All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day, namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day; two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto: Provided, That such election shall always be held in an odd-numbered year."

There were cast for its adoption.....162,117 votes
and against its adoption.....140,841 votes

Majority for its adoption..... 21,276 votes

On Amendment No. 7 (amending Section 14, Article VIII), which reads as ollows:

"District election boards shall consist of a judge and two inspectors who shall be chosen biennially, by the citizens at the municipal election; but the General Assembly may require said boards to be appointed in such manner as it may by law provide. Laws regulating the appointment of said board may be enacted to apply to cities only: Provided, that such laws be uniform for cities of the same class. Each elector shall have the right to vote for the judge and one inspector, and each inspector shall appoint one clerk. The first election board for any new district shall be selected, and vacancies in election boards filled, as shall be provided by law. Election officers shall be privileged from arrest upon days of election, and while engaged in making up and transmitting returns, except upon warrant of a court of record, or judge thereof, for an election fraud, for felony, or for wanton breach of the peace. In cities they may claim exemption from jury duty during their terms of service."

There were cast against its adoption.....194,810 votes
and for its adoption.....128,287 votes

Majority against its adoption..... 66,523 votes

On Amendment No. 8 (amending Section 1, Article XII), which reads as ollows:

"All officers whose selection is not provided for in this Constitution, shall be elected or appointed as may be directed by law: Provided, That elections of State officers shall be held on a general election day, and elections of local officers shall be held on a municipal election day, except when in either case, special elections may be required to fill unexpired terms."

There were cast for its adoption..... ..160,499 votes
and against its adoption.....140,303 votes

Majority for its adoption..... 20,196 votes

On Amendment No. 9 (amending Section 2, Article XIV), which reads as follows:

"County officers shall be elected at the municipal elections and shall hold their offices for the term of four years, beginning on the first Monday of January next after their election, and until their successors shall be duly qualified; all vacancies not otherwise provided for shall be filled in such manner as may be provied by law."

There were cast for its adoption.....161,184 votes
and against its adoption.....141,547 votes

Majority for its adoption..... 19,637 votes

On Amendment No. 10 (amending Section 7, Article XIV), which reads as follows:

"Three county commissioners and three county auditors shall be elected in each county where such officers are chosen, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven and every fourth year thereafter; and in the election of said officers each qualified elector shall vote for no more than two persons, and the three persons having the highest number of votes shall be elected; any casual vacancy in the office of county commissioner of county auditor shall be filled by the court of common pleas of the county in which such vacancy shall occur, by the appointment of an elector of the proper county who shall have voted for the commissioner or auditor whose place is to be filled."

There were cast for its adoption.....159,953 votes
and against its adoption.....140,476 votes

Majority for its adoption..... 19,477 votes

On the Schedule, or carrying the proposed amendments into operation, which reads as follows:

"That no inconvenience may arise from the changes in the Constitution of the Commonwealth, and in order to carry the same into complete operation, it is hereby declared that—

In the case of officers elected by the people, all terms of office fixed by act of Assembly at an odd number of years shall each be lengthened one year, but the Legislature may change the length of the term, provided the terms for which such officers are elected shall always be for an even number of years.

The above extension of official terms shall not affect officers elected at the general election of one thousand nine hundred and eight; nor any city, ward, borough, township, or election division officers, who terms of office, under existing law, end in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten.

In the year one thousand nine hundred and ten the municipal election shall be held on the third Tuesday of February as heretofore; but all officers chosen at that election to an office the regular term of which is two years, and also all election officers and assessors chosen at that election, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven. All officers chosen at that election to offices the term of which is now four years, or is made four years by the operation of these amendments or this schedule, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and thirteen. All justices of the peace, magistrates, and aldermen, chosen at that election, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen. After the year nineteen hundred and ten, and until the Legislature shall otherwise provide, all terms of city, ward, borough, township, and election division officers shall begin on the first Monday of December in an odd numbered year.

All city, ward, borough, and township officers holding office at the date of the approval of these amendments, whose terms of office may end in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of December of that year.

All judges of the courts for the several judicial districts and also all county officers, holding office at the date of the approval of these amendments, whose terms of office may end in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January one thousand nine hundred and twelve."

There were cast for its adoption.....147,162 votes
and against its adoption.....141,551 votes

Majority for its adoption..... 5,611 votes

Now therefore, I, Edwin S. Stuart, Governor of said Commonwealth, do issue this my Proclamation, hereby publishing and declaring the approval and ratification by the people of numbers one, two, three, four, five, six, eight, nine and ten of said amendments to the Constitution of Pennsylvania, and the said schedule for carrying the same into operation, and the rejection of said amendment number seven.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at the City of Harrisburg, this seventeenth day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nine and of the Commonwealth the 134th.

(Great Seal.) EDWIN S. STUART,

By the Governor:

ROBERT McAFEE,

Secretary of the Commonwealth.

REPORT OF TOLL ROAD COMMISSION, JANUARY 1, 1911.

OSCAR E. THOMSON, CHAIRMAN.

To the Governor, Members of the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

In compliance with the resolution approved the 7th day of April, 1909, by Governor Edwin S. Stuart, a copy of which is hereto attached, marked "Exhibit A," beg to report as follows:

Whereas, The demanding and exacting of toll from the traveling public is not in harmony with the spirit of present day progress; and,

Whereas, The payment of such tolls is burdensome to the public in the use of the highways; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we unanimously recommend that the Commonwealth acquire all such toll roads and abolish the payment of tolls thereon. And in order that this may be accomplished we offer and recommend the passage of the following bill marked "Exhibit B," which will be introduced at this session of the Legislature. We also attach herewith data collected from the Toll Road Corporations, et cetera, known as "Exhibit C."

Signed,

OSCAR E. THOMSON,
J. K. P. HALL,
FRANK P. BARNHART,
THOS. R. McDOWELL,
GEORGE HIBSHMAN.

EXHIBIT "A."

NO. 19.

In the Senate, March 23, 1909.

Whereas, It is manifest that public sentiment demands that in the march of progress all roads and highways within this Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be made free to all the people; and

Whereas, There are numerous roads and highways owned by individuals and corporations on which tolls are levied and which in many instances form connecting links with public roads and highways; and

Whereas, The levying of tolls is a burden upon those engaged in agricultural pursuits and others who are compelled to use such roads and highways in daily travel; and

Whereas, It is the widely prevailing belief that the time is come when the General Assembly should become informed as to what steps should be taken to afford relief to persons compelled to use such roads and highways; therefore, be it

Resolved, if the House concur, That a committee of five members of the General Assembly, three to be appointed by the Speaker of the House and two by the President of the Senate, to investigate and report to the next General Assembly on the advisability of abolishing toll roads in the several counties and recommend legislation with this end in view.

HARMON M. KEPHARD,
Chief Clerk Senate.
THOMAS H. GARVIN,
Chief Clerk House of Representatives.

Approved the 7th day of April, A. D. 1909.
EDWIN S. STUART.

EXHIBIT "B."

AN ACT

To provide for the condemnation and acquisition, at the cost of the Commonwealth, of toll roads (except toll roads owned or controlled in whole or in part by steam or electric railroads), for the use of the public, abolishing tolls thereon, providing for the repair and maintenance of the same, regulating the procedure in such cases, and making an appropriation therefor.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That when any toll road partnership, joint stock company or corporation has heretofore constructed and maintained any toll road on which the public travel, and such partnership, joint stock company or corporation is authorized to take tolls for the use thereof, and at least twenty residents and taxpayers of the county where such toll road is situated shall petition the Court of Quarter Sessions of Dauphin County (or if said toll road is located in two counties, then upon the petition, as aforesaid, of at least twenty residents and taxpayers of each county), representing that the said toll road is necessary for the accommodation of the public travel, and that the payment of tolls over such toll road is burdensome to the traveling public and the people of the city, borough or township where the same is located, praying that the same shall be taken for public use, free from tolls and toll gates, the said Court shall appoint three disinterested persons, none of whom shall be residents of the county or counties wherein such toll road is located, and one of whom shall be a civil engineer, to view the said toll road and assess the damages, if any, which such company may sustain by the taking of the same, and make report of these proceedings to the said Court of Quarter Sessions of Dauphin County at the next term thereof; Provided, however, That no toll road shall be taken over under the provisions of this act which is owned or controlled by any steam or electric railroad duly incorporated under the laws of this Commonwealth.

Section 2. The viewers so appointed shall give thirty days' notice to the Attorney General of this Commonwealth, to the partnership, joint stock company or corporation owning the toll road and to the county commissioners of the respective county or counties in which the said toll road is located, of the time and place appointed for the meeting of the viewers. They shall have authority to subpoena and compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of papers, and to hear and take testimony of witnesses in relation thereto, for and against the same.

Section 3. The viewers so appointed, or a majority of them, having performed their duties, as aforesaid, shall make report at the next term of said court, which shall state, First, who of them were present at the view; Second, whether they were severally sworn or affirmed; Third, whether the payment of tolls is an unjust burden on the traveling public and the people of the city, borough, or township where the same is located; Fourth, the amount of damage, if any, sustained by such partnership, joint stock company or corporation, by reason of the taking of the said toll road or toll roads.

Section 4. The compensation of the said viewers shall be paid at the rate of ten dollars per diem for each day employed, and in addition they shall also receive the necessary expenses incident to their duties as viewers; said expenses to be subject to the approval of the said Court of Dauphin County. Upon approval by the said Court the bills for per diem allowance and expenses shall be presented to the Auditor General, who shall issue a warrant upon the State Treasurer for the payment of the same, payable out of the appropriation made for the condemnation and acquisition of toll roads.

Section 5. Notice of the filing of the report of the viewers shall be given to the Attorney General, the county commissioners of the county or counties in which such toll road is located, and to the partnership, joint stock company or corporation owning the same, any of whom shall have the right to file exceptions thereto at any time within thirty days after receiving said notice, and it shall be the duty of the said Court of Quarter Sessions of Dauphin County after hearing, upon deposition or otherwise, as the said Court may direct, to determine all questions raised by said exceptions, whether or not the said toll road is necessary for the public accommodation, and whether or not the payment of tolls thereon is an unjust burden on the traveling public, and the people of the city, borough or township where the same is located; Provided, however, That any party aggrieved by the action of the Court may remove the proceedings to the Appellate Court by writ of certiorari within thirty days after nisi confirmation or disapproval, as the case may be; and Provided further, however, If an appeal on the assessment of damages shall be taken, as hereinafter provided, that then, in such case, the final approval or confirmation shall await the final determination of such appeal, by the lower court or by the Appellate Court, as the case may be.

Section 6. An appeal to the Court of Common Pleas of said Dauphin County, from the assessment of damages, may be taken by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, the county commissioners, or by the partnership, joint stock company or corporation owning the same, within thirty days after receiving notice that the said report has been filed, as aforesaid; and thereupon the Court shall award an issue, which shall be tried by a jury, according to the course of the common law, as regulated the existing statutes, and judgment entered on the verdict; and the record thereof shall be remitted to the said Court of Quarter Sessions, for further action upon the whole case; Provided, however, That said judgment shall be reviewable by the Appellate Courts, as in other cases; Provided, further, however, That the exceptions, if any, to the report of the viewers, as aforesaid, shall be finally determined by the said Court of Quarter Sessions, or the Appellate Court, as the case may be, before the appeal on the assessment of damages shall be determined.

Section 7. Upon the nisi confirmation of said report, no exceptions thereto having been filed, as herein allowed; or on the dismissal of said exceptions, and said dismissal being sustained by the Appellate Court, an appeal thereon having been taken, the said Court of Quarter Sessions of Dauphin County shall order and decree that the said toll road shall be taken for public use and forthwith be declared and taken as a State road, and the damages shall be payable out of the State Treasury on a warrant drawn by the Auditor General out of any moneys appropriated for that purpose, and all tolls for travel thereon shall then cease. The title to all realty acquired under the provisions of this act shall be vested in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Section 8. The repair and maintenance of the roads acquired by this act shall be under the control and supervision of the Highway Commissioner. All costs pertaining to the repair and maintenance of these roads shall be borne by the Commonwealth, and payment therefore shall be made upon warrant issued by the Highway Commissioner on the Auditor General and State Treasurer, payable out of the appropriation made to the said department for the building, macadamizing and repair of roads.

Section 9. The sum of two million ($2,000,000) dollars be and the same is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of paying for the toll roads acquired under this act.

REPORT OF THE JOINT COMMITTEE OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, TO CONSIDER AND REPORT UPON A REVISION OF THE CORPORATION AND REVENUE LAWS OF THE COMMONWEALTH, TO THE LEGISLATURE, PURSUANT TO JOINT RESOLUTION OF MAY 13, 1909.

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen: By concurrent resolution of your Honorable Bodies, approved by the Governor, May 13, 1909, P. L. 944, it was provided as follows:

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, MARCH 30, 1909.

A Concurrent Resolution Providing for the Appointment of a Joint Committee of the Senate and House of Representatives to Consider and Report Upon a Revision of the Laws of this Commonwealth Relating to Corporations and to Revenue; For the Employment of Counsel and Other Necessary Officers and Employees, and Giving it the Authority to Compel the Attendance of Persons and the Production of Books and Papers.

Resolved (if the Senate concur) That the President pro tempore of the Senate shall appoint three Senators, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall appoint three of its members, which shall constitute a joint committee, whose duty it shall be to consider the laws of this Commonwealth relating to corporations and to revenue and the practical working thereof, and to report to the next Legislature whatever changes may be deemed necessary therein, together with the draft of an Act or Acts of Assembly to accomplish said changes, and together with such recommendations as may be deemed necessary relative to the administration of existing laws or as to the enforcement of said suggested Act or Acts. Said committee shall have power to elect its own chairman, to sit after the adjournment of the Legislature, to employ legal counsel and such other officers and employees as may be needed to enable it to properly perform its duties as aforesaid; but its expenditures shall be limited to the amount provided therefor in the general appropriation bill to be passed at this session of the Legislature, and shall be paid out of the State Treasury upon vouchers signed by the Chairman of said Committee.

Said Committee shall also have power to issue subpoenas signed by its Chairman, requiring the attendance of persons and the production of books and papers, as in its judgment will assist in the performance of its duties as aforesaid.

Said Committee shall make a full report in writing to the Governor of the Commonwealth of its findings, with such recommendations as it may deem proper, six months prior to the meeting of the General Assembly in the session of 1911.

Approved the thirteenth day of May, A. D. 1909.
EDWIN S. STUART.

In compliance with the said resolution your committee has the honor to report:

Pursuant to the direction of the resolution your Committee, July 1, 1910, submitted a report to the Governor, and in it expressed the views of the Committee of the

proper course to be pursued in the performance of their duties and their action thereabout and it will not be amiss to repeat here.

After reciting the above Resolution the report proceeded:

It will be noted there are two subjects submitted for our consideration: Revenue and a Revision of the laws of the Commonwealth relating to Corporations, each of almost unlimited magnitude and of vital interest and importance to the people. For present consideration we will reverse their order in the Resolution.

The collection of revenue for the support of the Government is a problem the solution of which has enlisted the best efforts of man from the beginning of civilization, and divers are the methods which have been used in the belief or hope that satisfactory results would be attained; but whilst we have progressed in this, as in all else, and are nearer to the solution than ever before, there is much yet to be done to accomplish that uniformity and equalization contemplated by our Constitution and laws.

We have approached the performance of the work entrusted to us as respects State revenues fully appreciative of the fact, which is conceded by the best informed authorities upon the subject, that our "revenue laws have put us easily in the front rank of American Commonwealths," and yet we know that there is room for improvement, but just how changes can be made which will effect a closer approach to equalization upon and uniformity among all upon whom taxes should be imposed for the support of the Commonwealth and for its legitimate expenditures, is a subject of the gravest concern to those who would make the attempt.

This is not astonishing, for taxation is of all things a matter in which the people of a popular Government are least willing to depart from the long-accepted theories. They require first to be convinced. But as taxation is a complex subject, and not popularly entertaining, it is difficult to overcome the public fear of making bad matters worse by new departures.

A law which has not the support of the great body of public sentiment would not be wise or practical, and this is especially true of legislation relative to taxation.

To the end that the opinions of all our people should be had we have mailed upwards of forty-two thousand letters, substantially as follows:

Dear Sir:—The Legislature of Pennsylvania on May 13, 1909 (P. L., 944), adopted the following resolution:

"Resolved, That the President pro tempore of the Senate shall appoint three Senators and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall appoint three of its members, which shall constitute a Joint Committee whose duty it shall be to consider the laws of this Commonwealth relating to corporations and to revenue, and the practical working thereof, and to report to the next Legislature whatever changes may be deemed necessary therein, together with the draft of an Act or Acts of Assembly to accomplish said changes, and together with such recommendations as may be deemed necessary relative to the administration of existing laws or as to the enforcement of said suggested Act or Acts: * * *

"Said Committee shall also have power to issue subpoenas signed by its Chairman, requiring the attendance of persons and the production of books and papers, as in its judgment will assist in the performance of its duties as aforesaid."

The Committee is collecting data upon the formation, regulation and taxation of corporations and the appropriation of State Revenue for all purposes, in this State, in all of the United States, by the Federal Government, and by other nations. These subjects are being specially discussed and legislated upon at the present time throughout the world.

The Committee desires the co-operation of all interested in these subjects, and requests your opinion as to any defects in the present laws of the Commonwealth relating to the formation, regulation and taxation of corporations, associations, partnerships or individuals, the exemption of them or any of them from taxation, the appropriation of the revenue of the State, and any changes therein which you may think necessary.

You will notice that the Resolution requires a report of the Committee to be filed with the Governor in July, 1910, and we therefore request an early reply, as it is important that all suggestions be received for consideration prior to the public meetings which the Committee may hold. We should also be glad to have from you the names and addresses of any persons whom you may know who are specially qualified to give to the Committee information or assistance in the consideration of these most important subjects.

Very truly yours,
GABRIEL H. MOYER,
Secretary.

These letters were mailed to all of the individuals, institutions and associations and corporations in the State as follows:

National Banks,
State Banks,
Trust Companies,
Savings Institutions and Bankers in the State,
Members of the Lawyers' Club, and of the Law Association of Philadelphia, and
Members of the County Bar Associations and Representative Lawyers of Pennsylvania,
Newspapers in Pennsylvania,
Trade Journals,
Commercial Journals,
Medical Journals,
Dental Journals,
Legal Journals,
Members of the Pennsylvania Bar Association,
Trade Associations,
Business Associations,
Building and Loan Associations,
All Judges of all Courts,
Insurance Companies,
State Officials,
County Officials (every county),
Members of State Senate,
Members of House of Representatives,
Mayors of principal cities, boroughs, etc.,
Officials of Hospitals,
Homes, State Institutions, semi-State Institutions,
Manufacturing Companies,
Gas Companies,
Water Companies,
Land Companies,
Land Improvement Companies,
Homestead Companies,
Hotel Companies,
Miscellaneous Companies,
Brick Companies,
Clay Companies,
Stone Companies,
Slate Companies,
Quarry Companies,
Bridge Companies,
Turnpike Companies,
Brewing Companies,
Distilling Companies,
Coal Companies,
Coke Companies,
Coal Mining Companies,
Oil Companies,
Mining Companies,
Light, Heat and Power Companies,
Market Companies,
Railroad Companies,
Railway Companies,
State Grange,
Transportation Companies,
Ferry Companies,
Telephone Companies,
Telegraph Companies,
Fertilizer Companies,
Electric Light Companies,
Foreign Corporations registered with the Auditor-General.

And to thousands of representative citizens throughout the State known to us, or of whom we were informed, as being interested in the subjects involved.

In fact, every interest of the Commonwealth affected by the payment to, or expenditures by, the Commonwealth, or having to do with the creation and regulation of corporations was so recognized; and appreciation of this recognition was duly expressed in several thousands of communications containing opinions, suggestions and recommendations almost as varied as the number of writers, to all of whom we have replied, and with many of whom we have discussed the subjects written of to elicit the fullest exposition of their views.

We have also collected data upon both of the subjects—the formation and regulation of corporations and State revenues, from all of the United States, from the Federal Government and from Foreign Countries.

We have, after due notice published in all of the newspapers of the respective localities, held public meetings as follows:

In Philadelphia, at which were heard Committees and representatives from all Hospitals and all Charitable Institutions in that City and surrounding Counties, Medical Societies, semi-State Institutions, Educational Institutions, State Board of Public Charities, Philadelphia College of Physicians, Financial Institutions, Trust Companies, Section of American Bankers' Association, Real Estate Bookers' Association, Association of Life Insurance Presidents, Private Bankers' and Brokers' Associations, Board of Revision of Taxes, County Officials, Manufacturers' Club, Pennsylvania Manufacturers' Association, Pennsylvania Tax Reform Association, Corporations of all classes and representative men prominent in general activities, and county tax officials from Montgomery, Chester, Lancaster, Berks, Delaware and Bucks Counties.

In Pittsburg, Pa., at which were heard Committees and representatives from all Hospitals, Homes and all other Charitable Institutions in that city and surrounding counties, Manufacturers, Bankers, Trust Companies, Savings Institutions, Coal operators, Brokers and City officials, County officials, County Tax Revision Board, Lawyers, Committees of Allegheny County Bar Association, Real Estate Brokers, Single Tax Society, Educational Institutions, Chamber of Commerce, Board of Trade, Chamber of Commerce of McKeesport, Pa., Chamber of Commerce of N. S. Pittsburg, Insurance Companies, Allegheny County Laundrymen's Association, Manufacturers' Association, Corporations of all classes, the Mayor and representative men of that locality.

In Williamsport, Pa., at which were heard Committees and representatives from all Hospitals, Homes, and all other Charitable Institutions in Williamsport, Universities, Bar Association, Board of Trade, Financial Institutions, Business and Trade Associations, City and County Officials, Pennsylvania State Grange, Manufacturing Companies, Corporations of all

classes, Board of Assessors, Board of Revision of Taxes, Lawyers and representative men of the locality.

In Erie, Pa., at which were heard Committees and representatives from all Hospitals, Homes and all other Charitable Institutions in Erie and surrounding counties; Financial Institutions, City and County Officials, Manufacturers' Association, Board of Trade, Chamber of Commerce, Business Men's Association, Bar Association, Associated Charities, Manufacturing Companies, Corporations of all classes and representative men of the locality.

In Scranton, Pa., at which were heard Committees and representatives from all Hospitals, Homes and Charitable Institutions, City and County Officials, Board of Associated Charities, Board of Trade, Board of Control, Medical Societies, Bar Associations, Merchants' Associations, Public Service Corporations, Coal Companies, Financial Institutions, Brokers, Manufacturing Companies, Corporations of all classes and individuals who were the representative men of the locality.

These public meetings were given the widest publicity by the newspapers in the several localities, and were the subject of favorable editorial and news comment. We were cordially received in these several cities, and the interest of the people in our proceedings, and their knowledge and discussions of the subject considered, were remarkable and helpful.

As the State should not collect revenue in excess of its requirements and as there has been some criticism of appropriations to Hospitals, Homes and other Charitable Institutions not under State control (a total of $26,402,778.99, and for the years 1909-1910, $5,446,900), we have made inquiry, and are still investigating, as to the propriety of such appropriations and the methods of the disposition thereof. Much valuable information has been obtained which we believe will enable us to make recommendations to the Legislature which will be of benefit to the Commonwealth and to the institutions.

To the subject of the Revision of the corporation laws of the Commonwealth we have given much consideration. The Pennsylvania Bar Association and the County Bar Association and others believed to be specially qualified have been appealed to for cooperation, to the end that our present system of laws for the creation of corporations and their government may be improved. We have received many suggestions for amendments to present laws and for legislation covering subjects not heretofore included. These suggestions, like those affecting the State revenue, are many and varied, but we have deemed it unwise to attempt at this time to conclude our action thereon, believing that the importance of the subject justifies the use of all the time possible for their consideration, and we will, as soon as practicable, submit to you a report thereon.

We have concluded that in view of the magnitude of the subjects submitted to us a proper and comprehensive consideration thereof at this time would be not only impracticable, but, so far as to the attainment of beneficial results, impossible.

Before and at the time of the creation of this Committee there were pending in Congress several measures affecting both the subjects under consideration, notably the Act imposing an excise tax on corporations, joint stock companies, associations and insurance companies, which was approved August 5, 1909, and it was not until December 3, 1909, that the Secretary of the Treasury promulgated the regulations for the enforcement of that Act, and litigation thereunder is still pending.

This and other proposed Federal legislation and the discussion and litigation relating to the enforcement thereof have caused before and during the whole of the time of the existence of the Committee much unrest and anxiety among the corporations of this State, from which the largest part of the State revenues are derived. It is the consensus of opinion of those qualified to know, in which we concur, that it is for the best interest of the Commonwealth and for the general welfare of our people that there should be no haste in the filing of our conclusions until all possible investigation can be had. For these reasons and in view of the numerous recent requests for further hearings from associations and interests including nearly every business activity, we have deemed it wise to defer our findings and will present them to you at the earliest time practicable, in the meantime continuing our inquiry. We beg to direct your attention to the accompanying notes of testimony taken before us, and a summary thereof.

Respectfully submitted,

JAS. P. McNICHOL,
Chairman

WM. H. KEYSER,
WM. C. SPROUL,
JAS. F. WOODWARD,
D. HUNTER, JR.,
GABRIEL H. MOYER,
Vice-Chairman and Secretary

Since the making of the report to the Governor your Committee has given further publicity to the hearings and to the subjects of their labors in general. All the newspapers and journals of the State have been requested to give such notice and have generally complied. In all to date upwards of 82,000 letters requesting suggestions and advice have been sent to persons and corporations throughout the United States.

The result has been the receipt of a great number of briefs, drafts of Acts, tables of statistics from public officials, pamphlets and the like.

Various tax reform associations have furnished your Committee with the results of their work and have requested co-operation. By direct communication with the officials of the several States your Committee has been furnished with State publications of corporations and taxes, and much information as to the practical experience in the operation of laws of other States has been obtained.

Since the report of July 1, your Committee has held public meetings in Philadelphia and taken a large amount of testimony from those voluntarily appearing before them, which is transmitted herewith, together with that previously taken and submitted to the Governor.

In all 177 persons spoke at these hearings, gave their opinions and suggestions, and were questioned by your Committee and Council. They included representatives from tax reform associations, business men's associations, boards of trade, the Pennsylvania State Grange, factories, financial institutions, public service corporations, hospitals and various public officials, county commissioners and controllers, judges, county treasurers and professional men, such as lawyers, doctors, real estate brokers and interested citizens in general. Many thousands appeared as spectators, but affected by the subjects under consideration. Many important suggestions were made. Your Committee gave the utmost latitude for discussion and suggestion both at the public hearings and by means of letters and arguments submitted to it in written form, and the public hearings were a great practical success.

Counsel for the Committee attended all the hearings and aided in questioning those who appeared, and in general consulted with your Committee in all the steps taken and conclusions arrived at.

At a meeting of the International Tax Association, held in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, on September 2, 1910, Francis Shunk Brown, Esq., the Counsel of your Committee, attended as a delegate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, by appointment of the Governor, and obtained valuable information.

CORPORATION LAWS.

While most of the information and argument addressed to your Committee was on the subject of the revenue laws of the State, yet a great deal of material was gathered on the subject of the corporation laws generally which was entrusted to them by the Resolution.

Aside from the Acts applying specially to all varities of corporations, and particularly to railroad, insurance and banking corporations, some of which are incorporated under statutes existing prior to 1873, corporations of the class known generally as business corporations are incorporated in our State under the Act of April 29, 1874, and its very numerous amendments and supplements, which amount to the number of fifty-seven. In addition there are over a hundred other Acts which apply to the same subject.

It is an undoubted fact that in the thirty-six years during which the law has been in existence, in consequence of these supplements and amendments, the law has unavoidably fallen into a state of contradiction and confusion on many points (particularly by reason of subsequent amendments ignoring those previously made), and is in some other points not in accord with the modern trend of legislation. Many matters have been suggested as to which these laws may be improved, and these have commended themselves to your Committee. But they do not feel that the situation is one which calls for a piece-meal revision. The laws are familiar and have been construed on most moot points, so that their operation upon everyday matters is well understood. It is not deemed advisable to recommend any radical changes until a complete revision of the whole body of the law can be presented as a corporation code or system, and such few matters as need to be cleared up or supplied can be deferred until that time. Such changes from the settled policy of the State as are deemed presently advisable can be better made in this way, and be better fitted to the body of the existing law.

A uniform business corporation law is now under consideration by the Conference of Commissioners on Uniform State Laws. The first draft of such a law was made and printed in December, 1909, and presented for public discussion and your Committee has been much interested in its perusal. At the same time this is not the final draft of the law, some parts of it having since been further revised and furnished to your Committee; and a further revision is to follow. The Commissioners have themselves advised your Committee under date of October 21, 1910, to defer action in this regard. In view of the very general adoption of many of the laws recommended by this Conference, Pennsylvania having adopted the Negotiable

Instruments law (1901, P. L., 194) and the Warehouse Receipts law (1909, P. L., 19), your Committee feel that before a general revision of the corporation law is undertaken, the proposed uniform business corporation law should have careful consideration.

Following the report of a special committee, the Pennsylvania Bar Association, at its meeting in 1910, adopted a resolution for the appointment of a committee to draft and present an Act to the next Legislature for the appointment of a commission to revise and unify the statutes of the State. The majority of the Bar Association Committee has determined that the task of going over the whole statute law is too much to be done in the first instance, and has ecommended that a definite branch of the law be considered by such a commission to report to the Legislature of 1913, and that the branch of the law to be taken up should include, among other things, private corporations, meaning by this to exclude public service corporations, insurance companies and the like.

If your committee is continued it will co-operate with that of the Bar Association in the consideration of this most important subject. This action of the committees of the Bar Association successively narrowing the field of proposed statutory revision is another evidence of the very large nature of the task, which has made it impracticable, if not impossible, for your Committee, with the means at its disposal, to do aught but lay some of the ground for future work.

Your Committee, therefore, does not submit any recommendations with respect to the laws in general governing the organization and conduct of corporations. If the duties of the Committee be continued, as hereinafter recommended, this and other subjects not presently ripe for legislation can be investigated and considered and reported upon to the Legislature of 1913.

FOREIGN CORPORATIONS.

There is one branch of this law, however, which has an intimate relation to State revenue, and has been the subject of much legislation in other States, with the course of which this State has not kept pace, to wit: the treatment of foreign corporations. The law relating to foreign corporations in Pennsylvania is incomplete, and in some particulars unwise. Your Committee, therefore, submits drafts of proposed Acts with regard thereto (See pages 16 and 36), together with notes attached to each Act explanatory of the provisions thereof.

The first of these Acts is a general foreign corporation law relating to the subject of the registration of foreign corporations in order to bring them within the reach of the process of our courts for the benefit of our citizens who deal with them, and within the reach of our taxing authorities. While the existing laws provide for registration, designation of office and the appointing of agents for the serving of process, many corporations fail to comply with the law. It is ineffective in not providing a means of reaching the corporation which ignores the law and defies the penalties. It is well known that there are a great many such corporations. This proposed Act (see page 16), therefore provides for a means for regulating foreign corporations by designating a State officer upon whom process may be served, if the corporation fails to make a designation. This has been the law with regard to foreign insurance companies for many years in this State and it is a very common provision elsewhere. Its validity has been sanctioned by the Supreme Court of the United States as stated in the foot note to the Act. The Act also makes the modes of procedure uniform for all classes of foreign corporations.

Existing penalties by way of fine and imprisonment for failure to register have been preserved except the penalty added to the law by judicial construction, which declares contracts made by unregistered foreign corporations to be void and permits no recovery at law upon them, however just the claims may otherwise be. This drastic ruling has not been effective to compel compliance with the law by the smaller and more irresponsible corporations, and has been productive of great injustice in permitting the escape of the payment of just debts in a way which produced no State revenue (for the defect could not be cured by registering and paying taxes), and put money in the pocket of those with a sufficiently small conscience to permit them to make the plea. This was recognized by the Legislature of 1907 (P. L. 205), which passed an Act validating such contracts therefore made, on registering and paying taxes and penalties. The Act as drafted and submitted by your Committee makes this the law for the future, and will produce greater revenue for the State and at the same time do justice between private litigants. If the Legislature does not amend the general foreign corporation law by enacting this bill, it is recommended that they alter the existing law in this regard in accordance with the policy previously announced by it, and to accomplish this a draft of Act is submitted herewith, modeled on the law of 1907. (See page 36).

Foreign corporations which comply with our laws are permitted to hold real estate in Pennsylvania by the proposed Act. There have been numerous Acts permitting certain classes of foreign corporations to hold real estate. These Acts have been carelessly amended, so that there is much existing confusion in the laws, the opinion being that some Acts have been impliedly but unintentionally repealed by failure to refer to them in amending Acts. If the Legislature is of opinion that foreign corporations in general be not permitted to hold real estate, it is recommended that supposedly existing laws on the subject should be put in one enactment in order that the law may be clear and for that purpose a draft of Act is herewith submitted. (See page 36).

Other matters touched on in the general Act relate especially to foreign corporations doing their principal business here. Their foreign birth is an accident and their internal affairs should be subject to the jurisdiction of our courts, and they should be forbidden the Federal Courts as far as possible.

[The numbers in the text refer to the notes beginning page —.]

An Act to regulate foreign corporations, that is to say, corporations, joint stock companies, partnerships limited, partnership associations and all associations having any of the powers or privileges of corporations not possessed by individuals or partnerships organized under any laws other than those of this Commonwealth, doing business in this Commonwealth.

Section 1. Be it enacted, etc. A foreign corporation shall not do any business in this Commonwealth until said corporation shall have established an office and appointed an agent for the transaction of its business therein. (1)

Section 2. It shall not be lawful for any such corporation to do any business in this Commonwealth until it shall file in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the county in which its principal office is located, a copy of its articles of incorporation or of its charter or of the statute or legislative, executive or governmental acts or other instrument of authority by which it was created and all alterations and amendments thereof. (2) duly certified by the authorized officer of the government under the laws which such corporation was organized, (3) and in the office of the Secretary of the Commonmonwealth a statement under the seal of said corporation and signed by the president attested by the secretary thereof, showing the title and object of said corporation, the location of its principal office for the transaction of business in this Commonwealth and the name or names of its authorized agent or agents therein. (4) A fee of one hundred dollars ($100.00) for filing such statement shall be paid to the Secretary of the Commonwealth for the use of the State.

Section 3. Any person or persons, agent, officer or employee of any such foreign corporation who shall transact any business within this Commonwealth for any such foreign corporation without having complied with the provisions of this Act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by imprisonment not exceeding thirty days and by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars ($1,000), or either, at the discretion of the Court trying the same; (5) but the said person or persons, agent, officer or employe, shall not be personally liable for any acts done in the tranaction of business within this Commonwealth for such foreign corporation, except in the case of insurance companies. (6)

Section 4. If any foreign corporation shall do any business in this Commonwealth without having complied with the laws of this Commonwealth relating to the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations (7) all contracts relating to such business made or to be performed within this Commonwealth shall be void (8) and no action at law or in equity for any cause of action arising out of such doing of business shall be maintained by it in the Courts of this State, (9) but if any foreign corporation, prior to the commencement of an action on any contract made heretofore or hereafter without having so complied, or prior to the commencement of any other action, shall comply with said laws and shall also pay the bonus on its capital stock required by law and all State taxes for each year that it shall have done business in this Commonwealth, together with such interest and penalties thereon as shall have been settled against it by the officers of this Commonwealth, such contracts made prior thereto shall be validated and such foreign corporation may maintain action thereon and all other actions both at law and in equity in the Courts of this Commonwealth (10).

Section 5. The doing of business in this Commonwealth by any foreign corporation shall be taken to be its irrevocable assent to be sued in the Courts of this State upon any liability arising out of acts done in the course of such business, irrespective of whether such corporation be doing business in this Commonwealth at the time suit is brought. (11).

Section 6. If all the agents designated by any foreign corporation shall die or resign or be otherwise disqualified to act as the agents of the corporation under this Act, or if their authority to act as such be revoked, and such corporation shall not within thirty days thereafter designate a new agent or agents, (12) or if such corporation shall cease to maintain as one of its offices the place designated as its principal office, and shall not designate another office in place thereof, (13) or if any foreign corporation shall do any business within this Commonwealth without the provisions of this Act being complied with, (14) the said corporation shall be taken to have consented that the Secretary of the Commonwealth or his Deputy shall be its agent for the service of process, and that service upon him or his Deputy shall be as effectual as though served upon an agent specially designated by such corporation under this Act, (15) provided, that in case of service upon the Secretary of the Commonwealth or his Deputy such process shall also be served upon such foreign corporation, or upon the officers thereof wherever it or they may be found, whether in this Commonwealth or not, in the same manner as though found in this Commonwealth. (16) Such service may be made by any competent person and proof thereof made by his affidavit. Such service shall be made twenty days before any judgment in such suit shall be rendered. (17).

Section 7. Any foreign corporation may own or convey real estate within this Commonwealth as fully as any corporation might which was organized under the laws of this Commonwealth for a similar purpose (18), Provided, that such corporations, at the time of acquiring title to the real estate, shall have complied fully with the laws of this Commonwealth relating to the doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations, and provided further, that nothing in this Act shall be construed to exempt said real estate and such corporation from taxation as otherwie required by law.

Section 8. The non-compliance by a foreign corporation with the laws of this Commonwealth may only be taken advantage of with respect to real estate by the Commonwealth itself, (19) and before the same shall have come into the ownership of a purchaser for value in good faith. (20.)

Section 9. The title to any real estate in this Commonwealth now or heretofore held by, or in trust for, any such foreign corporation, is hereby confirmed to the same effect as if the said real estate had been purchased, held or owned under the provisions of this Act, upon the said corporation complying with the laws of this Commonwealth relating to the doing of business by foreign corporations and paying the bonus on its capital stock required by law and all State taxes for each year that it shall have done business in this Commonwealth, together with such interest and penalties thereon as shall have been settled against it by the officers of this Commonwealth. (21.)

Section 10. In all actions the compliance by a foreign corporation with the laws of this Commonwealth shall be taken as admitted unless the party asserting non-compliance shall put the same in issue by special plea of appropriate character; and when so put in issue the burden of proving compliance shall be on the party asserting the same, and the certificate of the proper public officers as to the facts connected with such compliance shall be proof thereof. (22.)

Section 11. The Courts of this Commonwealth, both at law and in equity, shall have jurisdiction over all matters concerning the internal management of any foreign corporation doing business in this Commonwealth, the principal office of which for the doing of its business with the public shall be in this Commonwealth ,whenever it shall appear that the judgment or decree of the Court can be enforced in this Commonwealth. (23.)

Section 12. If any foreign corporation which has its principal office for the doing of its business with the public within this Commonwealth shall, without the consent of record of the adverse parties, remove to a Federal Court any action pending against it in any Court of this Commonwealth, excepting in such cases as a corporation created under the laws of this Commonwealth may do so, or shall without such consent begin an action against a citizen of this Commonwealth in any Federal Court, or shall upon the request of the adverse party refuse to discontinue the same, such action on the part of the corporation shall forfeit its right to do any business in this Commonwealth, and it shall thereafter be deemed not to have complied with the laws of this Commonwealth. (24.) Such forfeiture shall be declared by proceedings in the nature of a writ of quo warranto on the suggestion of the Attorney General. (25.)

Section 13. The term "foreign corporation" as used in this Act shall be construed to mean all corporations, joint stock companies, partnerships limited, partnership associations and all associations having any of the powers or privileges of corporations not possessed by individuals or partnerships, (26) organized under any laws other than those of this Commonwealth.

Section 14. The provisions of this Act shall apply to foreign corporations of all kinds doing business within this Commonwealth, including those foreign corporations now doing business in this Commonwealth, which shall comply with the provisions of this Act within sixty days of its passage (27), and is intended to supply a uniform system as to them. All Acts or parts of Acts, general and special, and Acts applying to particular class or classes of foreign corporations and inconsistent with the provisions of this Act be and the same are hereby repealed. (28.)

Section 15. The following Acts and parts of Acts be and the same are hereby repealed as to all matters arising after the date of the approval of this Act. (29.) (30.)

So much of Section 3 of an Act entitled "An Act to facilitate the collection of debts against corporations," approved March 21, 1849 (P. L. 216), as reads as follows:

"And in the commencement of any suit or action against any such foreign corporation, process may be served upon any officer, agent or engineer of such corporation, either personally or by copy, or by leaving a certified copy at the office, depot or usual place of business of said corporation, and such service shall be good and valid in law to all intents and purposes."

Section 6 of an Act entitled "An Act relating to County Prisons, to the Foster Home Association, and Cawanesque Plank Road Company, to apportion the rent of wharves and docks in the port of Philadelphia, and relative to the service of process on foreign insurance companies and other corporations." Approved April 8, 1851. (P. L. 353.)

An Act entitled "An Act relative to insurance companies." Approved April 24, 1857. (P. L. 318.)

An Act entitled "A supplement to an Act in relation to insurance companies, approved April twenty-seventh, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven." Approved April 8, 1868. (P. L. 70.)

Section 12 of an Act entitled "An Act to establish an Insurance Department." Approved April 4, 1873. (P. L. 20.)

An Act entitled "An Act to prohibit foreign corporations from doing business in Pennsylvania, without having known places of business and authorized agents." Approved April 22, 1874. (P. L. 108.)

An Act entitled "An Act amending an Act, entitled "An Act to establish an insurance department,' approved the fourth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three." Approved June 20, 1883. (P. L. 134.)

So much of Section 7 of an Act entitled "An Act amending an Act, entitled 'An Act to further provide for the incorporation and regulation of mutual assessment corporations for the insurance of lives, supplementary to an Act, approved May first, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, entitled 'A supplement to Act to establish an insurance department,'" approved June 5, 1883 (P. L. 80), as reads as follows: "And it shall legally designate a person or agent residing in this State to receive service of process for said company, or in default of such designation, service of process may be made upon the Insurance Commissioner of this State, who shall be deemed its attorney for that purpose, and he shall immediately notify any corporation or association thus served."

Sections 1 and 2 of an Act entitled "An Act to authorize certain corporations, incorporated and existing under the laws of any other State of the United States, to purchase certain real estate at judicial sales, and to hold and convey the same under certain conditions." Approved May 23, 1887. (P. L. 176.)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend an Act, entitled 'An Act relative to insurance companies,' approved April twenty-fourth Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, to apply the provisions of said act to live stock insurance companies and to give jurisdiction to aldermen, justices of the peace and magistrates." Approved May 13, 1889. (P. L. 198.)

An Act entitled "An Act to provide for the person upon whom service shall be had by legal process in the case of fraternal beneficial and relief societies whose status is defined by the Act of Assembly, entitled 'An Act defining fraternal beneficial and relief societies and their status, authorizing them to create subordinate lodges and to pay benefits, upon the sickness, disability or death of their members, from funds collected by dues and assessments therein, providing for their registration in the office of the Insurance Commissioner, and requiring that they shall make annual reports to him, and exempting them from taxation and from the supervision of the Insurance Commissioner,' approved the sixth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three." Approved June 25, approved June 26, 1895. (P. L. 343), as reads as follows: 1895. (P. L. 280.)

So much of Section 2 of an Act entitled "An Act relative to bonds, undertakings, recognizances, guarantees and other obligations required or permitted to be made, given, tendered or filed with surty or sureties, and to the acceptance as surety or guarantor thereupon of companies qualified to act as such," approved June 26, 1895 (P. L. 343), as reads as follows: "And if such company is incorporated under the laws of any other State or country than this State, it shall, in addition thereto, file a power of attorney, appointing some resident of this State upon whom service process may be made as required by existing laws."

An Act entitled "An Act to extend for a further period of five years the time during which corporations incorporated and existing under the laws of any other State of the United States are now authorized by law to hold real estate heretofore purchased at sheriff's or other judicial sales." Approved June 8, 1897. (P. L. 136.)

So much of Section 3 of an Act entitled "An Act regulating foreign mutual savings fund or building and loan associations doing business within this Commonwealth, and prescribing an annual license fee to be paid by such associations," approved May 11, 1901, (P. L. 153), as relates to the service of process and the designation of an agent and service upon the Commissioner of Banking.

An Act entitled "An Act validating the title to real estate, taken and held by corporations of other States, without first having established known places of business and designated authorized agents for the transaction of their business within this Commonwealth." Approved April 25, 1907. (P. L. 105.)

An Act entitled "An Act validating contracts, bonds, or obligations made by corporations of other States, without first having established known places of business and designated authorized agents for the transaction of their business within this Commonwealth, and providing for the enforcement of the same." Approved May 23, 1907. (P. L. 205.)

An Act entitled "An Act relating to the service of legal process upon foreign insurance companies." Approved April 22, 1909. (P. L. 120.)

An Act entitled "An Act to enable foreign insurance corporations and joint stock companies to hold real estate in this Commonwealth." Approved June 1, 1881. (P. L. 38.)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing companies, incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron, steel or glass, to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments, and to take, have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes." Approved June 9, 1881. (P. L. 89.)

An Act entitled "A Supplement to an Act, entitled 'An Act authorizing companies, incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States, for the manufacture of any form of iron, steel or glass, to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments, and to take, have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes,' approved the ninth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, authorizing companies, incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States, for the conversion, dyeing and cleansing of cotton, and other fabrics, to erect and maintain buildings for such manufacturing purposes, and for offices and salesrooms, or either, and to take, have and hold real estate necessary and proper for such purposes." Approved June 25, 1885. (P. L. 179.)

An Act entitled "A Supplement to an Act, entitled 'A supplement to an Act authorizing companies, incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States, for the manufacture of any form of iron, steel or glass, to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments, and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes, approved the ninth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, authorizing companies, incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States, for the conversion, dyeing and cleansing of cotton, and other fabrics, to erect and maintain buildings for such manufacturing purposes, and for offices and salesrooms, or either, and to take, have and hold real estate necessary and proper for such purposes,' approved twenty-fifth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, conferring similar powers upon companies, incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of lumber and wood products, and pyroligneous acids, acetate of lime and charcoal, by the process of destructive distillation, or the preparation of cattle hair for use." Approved April 28, 1887. (P. L. 77.)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the establishment, maintenance and continuance of a ferry or for the maintenance and continuance of a bridge, between this State and any other State, upon or over any river flowing between said States, to erect and maintain piers and certain other buildings and structures ,to hold real estate in this State and to mortgage, lease or convey the same." Approved June 8, 1887. (P. L. 352.)

An Act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States, for the transportation of passengers and freight by steamboats or other vessels, on rivers or other waters between this State and any other State, to hold real estate in this State, and to lease, mortgage and convey the same." Approved the 17th day of April, A. D. 1889. (P. L. 35.)

An Act entitled "A Supplement to an Act, entitled, 'A supplement to an Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron, steel or glass, to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments, and to take, have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes, approved the ninth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States, for the conversion, dyeing and cleansing of cotton and other fabrics, to erect and maintain buildings for such manufacturing purposes, and for offices and salesrooms or either, and to take, have and hold real estate necessary and proper for such purposes, approved the twenty-fifth day of June, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, conferring similar powers upon companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of lumber and wood products and pyroligneous acids, acetate of lime and charcoal, by the process of destructive distillation or the preparation of cattle hair for use,' approved the twenty-eighth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, conferring similar power upon companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States, for the manufacture of carbon dioxide and magnesia and the products thereof, and compositions, articles and apparatus from and in connection therewith, and for the manufacture of cotton, velvet, and other fabrics, and for the manufacture of extracts out of wood, bark, leaves and roots, or any other extracts for tanning, cleansing, dyeing or other purposes." Approved the 30th day of April, A. D. 1891. (P. L. 39.)

An Act entitled "A Supplement to a supplement to an Act, entitled, 'A supplement to an Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron, steel or glass, to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments, to take, have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes,' approved the ninth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the conversion, dyeing and cleansing of cotton and other fabrics to erect and maintain buildings for such manufacturing purposes, and for offices and salesrooms, or either, and to take, have and hold real estate necessary and proper for such purposes, approved the twenty-fifth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, conferring similar powers upon companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of lumber and wood products and pyroligneous acids, acetate of lime and charcoal by the process of destructive distillation, or the preparation of cattle hair for use, approved the twenty-eighth day of April one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, conferring similar power upon companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of carbon dioxide and magnesia and the products thereof, and compositions, articles and apparatus from and in connection therewith, and for the manufacture of cotton, velvet and other fabrics, and for the manufacture of extracts out of wood, bark, leaves and roots, or any other extracts for tanning, cleansing, dyeing or other purposes,' approved the thirtieth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hunderd and ninety-one, conferring similar powers upon companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture or printing of wa l paper, lithographs or prints, and for mining and manufacture of clay into brick tile and various other articles and products produced from clay, and from clay and other substances mixed therewith." Approved the 8th day of June, A. D. 1893. (P. L. 389.)

An Act entitled, "An Act to amend an Act, entitled, 'An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron, steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take, have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes,' approved the ninth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate, granite, stone or rocks or for dressing, polishing, working, or manufacturing the same, or any of them, and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and se ling natural mineral springs water." Approved the 16th day of June, A. D. 1893. (P. L. 466.)

An Act entitled, "An Act to enable foreign corporations engaged in this State in the publication and sale of books, tracts, newspapers, etc., the net profits of which are by its charter or governing body required to be applied to religious and charitable uses, to hold real estate in this Commonwealth." Approved the 24th day of June, A. D. 1895. (P. L. 238.)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend an Act, entitled 'An Act to amend an Act, entitled, "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron, steel or glass, to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments, and to take have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes," approved the ninth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate, granite, stone, or rocks, or for dressing, polishing, working, or manufacturing the same, or any of them, and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water,' approved the sixteenth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three." Approved the 19th day of April, A. D. 1901. (P. L. 86.)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend an Act, entitled 'An Act to amend an Act, entitled "An Act to amend an Act entitled, 'An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron, steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments, and to take, have, and hold real esate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes,' approved the ninth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate, granite, stone or rocks, or for dressing, polishing, working, or manufacturing the same, or for any of them and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water," approved the sixteenth day of June Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three,' approved the nineteenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one; extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling chemicals, foodstuffs, cement and cement products, and the quarrying of cement rock." Approved the 28th day of May, A. D. 1907. (P. L. 266.)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend an Act, entitled 'An Act to amend an Act, entitled "An Act to amend an Act, entitled 'An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron, steel, or glass, to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments, and to take, have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes,' approved the ninth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate, granite, stone, or rocks, or for dressing polishing, working, or manufacturing the same, or any of them, and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water, approved the sixteenth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three," extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of manufacturing, supplying and sale of ice, approved the nineteenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one,' by extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture of paper, wood-pulp, or chemical fibre." Approved the 27th day of April, A. D. 1909. (P. L. 173.)

NOTES.

(1). This is taken from the first section of the Act of April 22nd, 1874, P. L. 108, but dropping the plural of the words "office" and "agent." The constitutional provision Article 16, Section 5, is "no foreign corporation shall do any business in this State without having one or more known places of business, and an authorized agent or agents in the same upon whom process may be served." The object of the constitution being to provide some one upon whom process may be served, one agent will do as well as several, especially since, under the service of process Act of July 9, 1901, P. L. 614, writs may be served outside of

e county where issued. The decisions of Wall Paper Com-ny's Appeal, 15 Superior Ct. 407, and Phoenix Silk Manufac-ring Company vs. Reilly, 187 Pa. 526, holding that there ust be an agent in each office where business is transacted— e failure to do so making void contracts entered into at an fice where there is no such agent—while required by the word-g of the former Act impose unnecessary acts on the corpora-on. The registered agent is for service of process and not ransaction of business. As provided in the second section, ore than one agent may be designated, but not more than one gent and one office need be.

(2.) The requirement that the charter of the foreign corpora-on showing the extent of its powers shall be recorded at some ntral place where those doing business with it in the State ay have access to it in order to determine the extent of its owers, assimilates the foreign to domestic corporations. The llowing States have such a requirement: Alabama, Alaska, rizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Maryland, Mas-achusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Mon-ana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, orth Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, outh Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Ver-ont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wy-ming (42.)

Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Delaware, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, Virginia, West Vir-ginia, Wyoming (13) also require the charter to be recorded t the principal place of business. This assimilates the for-ign still more to domestic corporations, and is convenient.

(3.) This is stated in general language so as to cover special ases, especially corporations from foreign countries.

(4.) This is taken from Section 2 of the Act of 1874. The orporation is required, however, to state only its principal ffice, for the reasons heretofore given. The agents may be nore than one, so that the contingencies of death, removal, tc., may be provided against if the corporation desires.

The requirement that the certificate be preserved for public nspection in each office, contained in the Act of 1874, has been stricken out. This was useless, as the object was service of process and not transaction of business, and the decision was that the certificate might be kept in the safe and need not be displayed. McManus Contracting Co. vs. McFadden, 33 Super-ior Court, 355.

(5.) This is taken from Section 3 of the Act of 1874.

(6.) Under the authority of Lasher vs. Stimson, 145 Pa. 30, the agent of a non-registered foreign corporation is personally liable on the contracts made for it on the ground that he im-pliedly warrants his authority, and can have no authority where he is not officially registered as the agent. This has been limited to cases where the other party did not know he was dealing with a foreign corporation. Stoner vs. Phillipi, 41 Superior Court, 118. The distinction is difficult to draw from the reasoning given for the decision in Lasher vs. Stimson, and as the corporation cannot set up its own failure to register to avoid its contracts, Swan vs. Insurance Co., 96 Pa. 37, the principal is really liable. The real difficulty is to have service of process on the principal. Where service can be ob-tained however, the other party obtains an opportunity to sue the very person with whom he contracted, and a rule making the agent personally liable is a harsh one, giving the other party more than he bargained for. It is, however, the statutory rule in Utah; and in Idaho and Virginia the officers are liable with the agents on contracts made before registration.

But this liability should be preserved as to foreign insurance companies. The public does not deal with them on the same footing of equality, and the agent should be personally liable if he assumes to deal on behalf of an irresponsible foreign company which has not provided for our citizens the security required by our law.

(7.) This language will cover failure to register with the Auditor General and to pay bonus, to make annual reports and to pay taxes as well as failure to register under the present Act.

(8.) As the law aims at the doing of business within the State, both the making and the performing of contracts without being registered should be "doing business" and this wording makes it clear that both are included.

The law previously was that such contracts were void. This was not because of any express provisions in the Statute of 1874, although such provisions occur in other States, to-wit: Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, Florida, Michigan, Minnesota (if suit removed to Federal Court), Mississippi, North Dakota Oklahoma, South Dakota and Wisconsin. (11.) It was the result of judicial construction of the effect of making the viola-tion of the Statute a misdemeanor. Delaware River Quarry, etc. Co. vs. Bethlehem & Nazareth Pass. Ry. Co. 204 Pa. 22; Pittsburg Con. Co. vs. West Side Belt R. R. Co., 154 Fed. Rep. 929.

The same conclusion has been reached in other States. Boulden vs. Organ Co. 92 Ala. 182; American Ins. Co. vs. Stoy, 41 Mich. 385; Cary-Lombard Lumber Co. vs. Thomas, 92 Tenn. 587.

On the other hand certain States, (Connecticut, Maine, Mary-land and Massachusetts), expressly provided that the contract shall not be void; and other States, including so radical a State as Kansas, follow the doctrine that the penalty imposed by the statute is the only penalty for failure to register, and the courts will not add a further one.

(9.) The denial of the right of an unregistered foreign cor-poration to redress in the State Courts is very common. The following States deny it in actions founded on contract: Ar-kansas, California, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nevada, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas and Vermont. (27.)

And the following in actions of tort: Arkansas, California, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nevada, New Jersey, North Carolina, Okla-homa, Oregon, South Dakota, Tennessee and Texas. (18.) Some States, (among others Hawaii, Iowa and Utah), deny to such corporations the benefit of the laws, which would seem to deny access to the State Courts, although it has been decided to the contrary, Booth vs. Weigand, 30 Utah, 135. In New York, Oklahoma and Texas, among other States, the statute requires that the corporation be registered at the time the contract is made and a subsequent registration will not cure the defect. The law was formerly to the contrary. Neuchatel Asphalte Co. vs. N. Y. 155 N. Y. 373. The weakness of this provision is that it does not prevent a suit in the Federal Courts having juris-diction in the State, Blodgett vs. Lanyon Zinc Co., 120 Fed. 893. Or in other Courts of another State, Allegheny Co. vs. Allen, 69 N. J. L. 270: 196 U. S., 458. If the contract is void where made, however, no suit may be brought on it in another State, Allegheny Co. vs. Allen, supra. The effective provision is that given here, to declare the contract void so that it may not be enforced anywhere and to forbid access to our Courts for all causes of action.

(10.) The object of all these provisions, however, is to force the foreign corporations to comply with our laws, both for pur-poses of taxation and to bring it within the reach of the process of our Courts. Provisions such as have just been reviewed, of course, operate very powerfully to both ends. But if the foreign corporation had not complied at the time it made a contract, and there is no way of curing the lapse, there is no incentive to the corporation to pay its taxes, and the result is not to benefit the State, but to benefit the other party to the contract. He may take the fruits of it and not pay anything, and this re-sults often in a very unjust enrichment of him who may himself be an unregistered foreign corporation. How unjust this is will be seen by the cases cited above. In the Delaware River Quarry case a recovery of nearly $30,000 for work done by a construc-tion company was refused, and in the West Side Belt Railroad Company case a recovery of over $325,000 was denied upon a claim so far meritorious that is was based on an award of the Railroad Company's engineer acting as arbitrator. By the pro-visions of this proposed Act the failure of the foreign corpora-tion to provide an agent for the service of process is met by appointing the Secretary of the Commonwealth such agent. The best way to compel the payment of tax would be to impose severe penalties for failure to do so, but permit relief upon full compliance with our laws. This is the policy of the Stamp Acts enacted by Congress. Documents coming within their pro-visions which were not stamped when executed might be stamp-ed on paying a small penalty. This is also the policy of the Pennsylvania Act of May 23, 1907, P. L. 205, which validated contracts entered into by unregistered foreign corporations upon registering and paying tax before suit was brought. By its provisions, however, it was retroactive only. The policy it in-dicates should be made permanent.

Your Committee feels that a change of the law in this regard is especially important, and submits herewith a draft of a sep-arate Act (see page 36) to accomplish it, which should be en-acted if for any reason the general foreign corporation law under discussion should not be approved.

(11.) The necessity of this provision is evidenced by such cases as St. Clair vs. Cox, 106 U. S. 350; Goldey vs. Morning News, 150 U. S. 518; Mutual Life Insurance Co. vs. Spratley, 172 U. S. 602; Conley vs. Mathieson Alkali Works, 190 U. S. 406; holding that it is necessary to jurisdiction over a foreign corporation that it shall be doing business in the State at the time suit is brought. But the corporation may be sued with its assent though it is not doing business, and the validity of such a provision as in this proposed Act to secure such assent is de-termined by such cases as Hill vs. Empire State Etc., Company, 156 Fed. Rep. 797; Home Ben. Soc. vs. Muehl, 109 Ky. 479; Germania Ins. Co. vs. Ashby, 112 Ky. 303; Groel vs. United El. Co. 69 N. J. Eq. 397; Mutual Reserve etc., Assn, vs. Phelps, 190 U S. 147. It is practically the law at the present time with regard to insurance companies. Act of April 4, 1873, P. L. 27.

(12.) The Act of 1874 contains no provisions for a substitu-tion of an agent in case the one appointed be, for any reason, disqualified. The service of process Act of April 3, 1903, P. L. 139, permits service of process by leaving at the place of busi-ness if the agent is not there during business hours. It has been decided that if the registered agent leaves the employ of the corporation as its commercial agent, and is not found at the place of business, the corporation nevertheless maintains him as its registered agent and complies with the law so long as his authority as registered agent is not revoked. De La Vergne Refrigerator Co. vs. Kolischer, 214 Pa. 400. But the agent may die, or he may want to sue himself, and if no provision for com-pulsory substitution is made the object of the law will be de-feated.

(13.) So, also, if the corporation shall cease to maintain the office designated process cannot be served by leaving, or should not properly be so served.

(14.) Equally important is a provision by which corporations which never comply with our laws and yet do business with us may be subjected to the process of our Courts.

(15.) Accordingly it is provided automatically in such cases that a public official shall be the agent. A similar provision is found in a great many of the States.

In some the Secretary of the State is designated as agent for service of process if the designated agent die or remove only:— Alabama, Arkansas, Idaho, Michigan, New Jersey, New Mexico, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Vermont, Washington. (11.)

In others the Secretary of State is the agent, but the party may serve any other agent at his option. This is the present law of Pennsylvania with regard to insurance companies. Act of April 4, 1873, Sec. 13 P. L. 27. So in Arkansas, Kansas, Maine, Massachusetts, Nebraska, Pennsylvania (ins.) and West Virginia. (7.)

In others the Secretary of State is the only agent for service of process on foreign corporations and no other agent may be served:—Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia (fraternal ins.) Kentucky (ins.) Minnesota (ins.) North Dakota and Wisconsin. (7.)

In others the Secretary of State is the agent if no appointment be made by the corporation:—Arkansas, California, Idaho, Louisiana, Nevada, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Oregon and Washington. (9.)

It seems wise to permit the corporation to designate its own agent so that notice may be more surely brought to it, but it is best to provide very fully for cases in which the corporation fails to comply with our law or to maintain its compliance.

The validity of the provision is attested by the case of Old Wayne Mutual Life Association vs. McDonough, 204 U. S. 8.

This sentence should be read in connection with Section 5 and would only authorize such service in suits growing out of business done within the State. Such service in other suits would be invalid, as the McDonough case decides The statute usually requires the corporation to file a power of attorney designating the State officer as its agent. Of that character is the Pennsylvania law as to insurance. It has been decided that on failure to file the power of attorney the State officer nevertheless becomes agent for service of process. McCullagh vs. Railway Mail Assn. 33 Pa. C. C. 529; Diamond Plate Glass Co. vs. Minn. M. F. I., 55 Fed. 27; Ehrman vs. Ins. Co., 1 M. F. Co. vs. Minn. M. F. I. Co., 55 Fed. 27; Ehrman vs. Ins. Co., 1 Fed. 471; Berry vs. Indemnity Co., 46 Fed., 439; Knapp vs. Natl. M. F. I. Co. 30 Fed. 607; Lathrop Co. vs. Interior Etc. Co., 150 Fed. 666. It seems simpler to make the designation of agent automatic.

It will be convenient at times to serve the Deputy, which must, however, be specially authorized. Reynolds vs. Heptasophs, 9 Dist. Rep. 622; McCann vs. Wayne Etc. Co. 10 Dist. Rep. 560.

(16.) The necessity of designating some known person as agent is that there may be somebody within the State upon whom the process of the Courts can be served. Such process does not run beyond the borders of the State, and the Courts have no jurisdiction upon such service. While this satisfies the technical requirement of the law, it is really a fiction, and justice is better served by actual notice outside of the State than by constructive notice in it. Therefore, to do justice and bring actual notice to the corporation, service is required also to be made outside of the State. The usual provision of the State Statutes is that the Secretary of State or State Auditor or Clerk of Court shall mail a copy of the process to the office of the corporation. These States are Alabama, Arkansas, Connecticut, Delaware, (ins.) Idaho, Kansas, Kentucky, (ins.) Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Nebraska, New Jersey, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oregon, West Virginia and Wisconsin. (17.)

Michigan requires the plaintiff himself to give mail notice. Other States require nothing to be done after serving the State officials. Mailing of notice, however, is not as accurate as actual service, and most of the statutes fail to provide for a case in which the location of the company's office is not known to the State official, and a still more difficult case where the company may have no office. It seems better to provide, as Maryland does, that there shall be actual service, and that this may be made as though the corporation was in the State, so that service may be made on an officer of the company or at the company's office as shall be most convenient.

(17.) Sufficient time should be allowed after this actual notice for the corporation to interpose a defense if it has any. The object is not to catch the foreign corporation napping(but to bring it within the jurisdiction of our Courts. Michigan and Mississippi require thirty days' notice, and Oregon forty days.

(18.) If we permit foreign corporations freely to do business in this State, we should permit them to own the necessary real estate and not drive them to subterfuges such as domestic holding companies and trusteeships. The Act of April 26, 1855, P. L. 329, forbade foreign corporations to hold real estate and provide for its escheat to the State. This disability, however, can be taken advantage of by the State only, taking proceedings to escheat; Leazure vs. Hillegas, 7 S. & R. 313, and in practice such proceedings are not taken by the Commonwealth. The only reported instance is Commonwealth vs. New York, Lake Erie and Western R. R. Co., 132 Pa. 591, overrulling the same case 114, Pa. 340, which failed. Exceptions have been created until in practice they are nearly as important as the principal law. Foreign corporations may purchase at judicial sales to protect liens, Act of May 23, 1887, P. L. 176. Special classes of foreign corporations have been permitted to hold real estate; Insurance companies, Act of June 1, 1881, P. L. 38; river transportation companies, Act of May 25, 1887, P. L. 35; ferry and bridge companies, Act of May 25, 1887, P. L. 269; corporations for manufacturing iron, steel, paper, wood-pulp, chemical fibre, glass, lumber, wood, cotton, velvet or other fabrics, for the dyeing, etc., of cotton and other fabrics, for the manufacture of certain chemicals, wood extracts, tanning extracts, for the manufacture of wall paper, etc., brick, etc., Act of April 27, 1909, P. L. 173, which is the final amendment of a long series of Acts of 1881, 1885, 1887, 1891 and 1893, for the quarrying of slate, granite and other rocks, the bottling of mineral spring water, the manufacture of ice, the manufacture of chemicals, foodstuffs and cement, Act of May 28, 1907, P. L. 266, which was a final amendment of a series of Acts enacted in 1881, 1893 and 1901; religious publication societies, Act of June 24, 1895, P. L. 238.

The provisions of these Acts have all been collected in one statute of which a draft is presented herewith. Owing to confusion in the various enactments as explained in a note to that draft it may be desirable to re-enact these statutes in case the provision now suggested is not approved.

The Legislature has also, by the Act of June 24, 1895, P. L. 264, validated all conveyances made by such foreign corporations before proceedings are begun by the State. This Act applies to future as well as past cases, and therefore makes unnecessary the very numerous retroactive validating Acts which have been passed by the Legislatures of 1861 1869, 1876, 1878 1881, 1887, 1891, 1897, 1903, 1907 and 1909.

The laws of the following States permit foreign corporations complying with the laws to hold real estate:—Arizona, Arkansas, Connecticut, Hawaii, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, (qualified) Massachusetts, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, (railroad and mfg. and in cities) Nevada, New Mexico, New Hompshire (mfg.) New Jersey, New Yerk, North Carolina, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Carolina, (less than 500 acres) South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, (Mfg. lim.) Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, (less than 320 acres). (30.)

Besides Pennsylvania only Nebraska makes prohibition the rule and permission the exception, and there the exception is a large one applying to railroad and all manufacturing corporations and the holding of real estate in towns. It is evidently aimed at farm land companies. Georgia fixed a maximum of 5,000 acres. The Act of Congress in force in the District of Columbia and in the former territories of New Mexico and Oklahoma forbids the holding of real estate by corporations where more than 20 per cent. of the stock is owned by aliens. This is also a statutory provision in Wisconsin.

The limit fixed in this Act is that imposed upon domestic corporations of the same kind.

(19.) This is the present law Leazure vs. Hillegas, 7 S. & R., 313. It seems wise to make the provisions in order that a contrary construction may not prevail.

(20.) This continues the policy of the present Act of June 24th, 1895, P. L. 264, which, however, is not expressly repealed.

(21.) If this is to be the policy of the State for the future, it should also be for the past, and it is in line with the numerous validating Acts already referred to.

(22.) The present rule is that the burden is on the foreign corporation to show that it has complied with the law, and is lawfully doing business in the Commonwealth, in all cases. As such proof in most cases will be a formal matter it tends to expedition and the avoidance of technicality, that a special issue should be made of failure to comply, and it is in harmony with the Act of June 24, 1885, P. L. 149, requiring an issue as to the existence of a corporation to be especially tendered.

But the burden of proof should be on the person having the affirmative of the issue.

(23.) Under the rule of Madden vs. Electric Light Co., 181 Pa. 617, and 199 Pa. 454; McClosky vs. Snowden, 212 Pa. 249, the Courts of one State will not hear causes involving the internal management of corporations of another State. This is because it involves dealing with the yaws of another State, because the decree would only take effect in this State and there would exist the anomaly of one result in one State where the corporation operated and another result in another State, and also because the enforcement of the decree would be difficult. This applies to corporate elections, the compelling transfer of stock by mandamus, improper conduct of officers, and kindred matters. But where a corporation is merely incorporated abroad, and comes into this State to do its principal business, so that its officers and stockholders and books are all here, convenience and justice to our citizens would lead us to grant relief in our courts, and not drive a citizen to what is but the nominal home of the corporation which may be on the other side of the Continent. The practical difficulties are not insuperable, and if in a particular case they become so, the Act, by its express provisions, will not apply.

(24.) Provisions are found in the statutes of many States to keep foreign corporations out of the Federal Courts. These States are Alabama, Indiana, Kentucky, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Carolina and Wisconsin. (8.)

A State statute cannot oust the Federal Court from jurisdiction of a particular case nor can it make the exercise of this right a penal offense. Insurance Co. vs. Morse, 20 Wallace, 445. But as the State may exclude foreign corporations at will, it may exclude them for invalid reasons, and a statute revoking the corporation's license to do business because it exercised its right of removal is valid. Doyle vs. Continental Ins. Co., 94 U. S. 535; Security Mutual Etc. Co. vs. Prewitt, 202 U. S. 246. Following the policy of permitting bona fide foreign corporations full privileges under our laws, but encouraging corporations that really intend to do business here to incorporate under our laws rather than the laws of other States, the restriction is only imposed on the latter class of corporations.

(25.) While other statutes do not require proceedings in Court it seems fairer to do this and notice and hearing is then provided for.

(26.) This definition so far as applies to the word "corporation" is in part taken from the Constitution of Pennsylvania, Article 16, Section 13, with the addition of some words to refer to particular classes of quasi corporations.

Complaint was made to your Committee of the difficulty of determining whom to sue in the case of certain foreign partnerships operating under a system of quasi incorporation unknown to our laws. Certain express companies are of this character. These, however, are such special cases that it is difficult to provide for them by any more general words than are here used.

(27). The retroactive feature of this Act may be valid under the decision of St. Mary's Petroleum Co. vs. W. Va., 203 U. S. 183, in consequence of the reserved power of the State to alter charters. Uniformity is so desirable that the attempt should be made to apply this Act to all.

(28). This section is so worded that Acts applying to service of process on foreign insurance companies, such as the Act of April 4, 1873, P. L. 27, foreign mutual benefit societies and other kindred special laws shall be superseded, and the same procedure applied to all foreign corporations. This is advisable unless there is a reason for special procedure with regard to a particular class of corporations, and this is not the case as to the matters covered by this Act.

(29). The repealing clause is also made special. There

ave been omitted, however, the various Acts validating conveyances of real estate made by foreign corporations which were forbidden to hold real estate. While the subject matter of these Acts is covered by the present Act, yet as they are monuments of title, it will be less disturbing to have them remain on the statute books.

(30). The subject of the domestication of foreign corporations as covered by the Act of June 9, 1881, P. L. 89, has not been covered in this Act, because it is so intimately connected with what should be required of domestic corporations that it seems inadvisable to recast the law at all until the subject of domestic corporations is covered. The object should be to make the foreign corporation comply with the same provisions as a domestic corporation.

The policy of requiring foreign corporations to give bail on appeal and security for costs has not been altered, as the protection of our citizens requires it. The same consideration applies to foreign attachment, in addition to the tendency to discourage thereby the practice of going abroad to incorporate.

Some States require an investigation of the financial standing of foreign corporations by the officer receiving the registration and the refusal of registry to those which are irresponsible and suggestions were made to your Committee that it be adopted by Pennsylvania. This is impracticable in a State so large as ours. It might lead to abuses, and seems premature until we so supervise our own corporations. For purposes of taxation reports of considerable fullness as to their assets, etc., are now made.

An Act validating under certain conditions contracts made by foreign corporations which shall have done or shall do any business within this Commonwealth without first having complied with the laws relating to foreign corporations.

Section 1. Be it enacted, etc., That whenever any foreign corporation shall have done or shall do any business within this Commonwealth, without first having complied with the laws of this Commonwealth relating to foreign corporations, all contracts entered into in the course of such doing of business shall be binding upon the parties thereto, and such corporation may enforce the same in the courts of this Commonwealth or any other court having jurisdiction: Provided, that prior to commencing a suit upon such contract, the said corporation shall have complied with the laws of this Commonwealth relating to foreign corporations: and, Provided further, that prior to commencing such suit accounts for bonus on capital stock and all State taxes for each year that it shall have done business in this Commonwealth shall have been settled against such corporation in the manner required by law, and paid by it, together with such interest and penalties thereon as shall be shown by such accounts.

NOTE.

This Act makes permanent the policy of the State indicated by the Act of May 23, 1907, P. L. 205, which was retroactive only; and also the Act of May 11, 1901, P. L. 172. It applies to a failure to register with the Auditor General as well as the Secretary of the Commonwealth, the principle applicable being the same. The considerations in its favor are given in connection with a similar section in the general foreign corporation law recommended by your Committee (Section 4). The passage of this Act, in addition to the general Act, is necessary in order to provide for cases arising under the laws now in existence.

An Act authorizing foreign corporations, that is to say, corporations, joint stock companies, partnerships limited, partnership associations and all associations having any of the powers or privileges of corporations not possessed by individuals or partnerships, organized under any laws other than those of this Commonwealth, for certain purposes, to own real estate in this Commonwealth necessary for their corporate purposes under certain conditions, and validating such ownership now or heretofore existing.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted, etc., that it shall be lawful for any foreign corporation organized for any one of the purposes set forth in Section 2 of this Act, upon complying with all the laws of this Commonwealth, to take, have and hold real estate in this Commonwealth to an amount necessary and proper for corporate purposes, and to erect and maintain buildings thereon, and to mortgage, lease or convey the same or any part thereof and otherwise deal with the same as fully as any corporation organized under the general laws of this Commonwealth for the same purpose, but not to any greater amount or of any greater income or value.

Sect. 2. The purposes referred to in Section 1 of this Act are as follows: Carrying on the business of insurance (1) for the manufacture of any form of iron, steel or glass (2), or for the conversion, dyeing and cleansing of cotton and other fabrics (3), for the manufacture of any form of lumber or wood or of pyroligneous acids, acetate of lime and charcoal by the process of destructive distillation, or the preparation of cattle hair for use (4), or for the establishment, maintenance and continuance of a ferry, or for the maintenance and continuance of a bridge between this State and any other State, upon or over any river flowing between said States (5), or for the transportation of passengers and freight by steamboats or other vessels, upon or over any rivers or waters, between this State and any other State (6), or for the manufacture of cotton or velvet, or other fabrics, or for the manufacture of carbon dioxide and magnesia and the products thereof and compositions, articles and apparatus from and in connection therewith, or for the manufacture of extracts out of wood, bark, leaves and roots, or any other extract for tanning, cleansing, dyeing, or other purposes (7), or for the manufacture or printing of wallpaper, lithographs or prints, and mining and manufacture of any clay into brick, tile and various other articles and products produced from clay, and from clay and other substances mixed therewith (8), or for the quarrying of slate, granite, stone or rocks of any kind, or for dressing, polishing, or manufacturing the same, or any of them, or for any mineral springs company incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral spring water (9), or for the publication and sale of books, tracts, newspapers, periodicals and such other business as is commonly connected with publishing and book selling, the net profits of which are by its charter or governing body required to be applied to religious and charitable uses (10), or for any company incorporated for the purpose of manufacturing, supplying or sale of ice (11), or for the manufacture of cement rock or for the manufacture and sale of chemicals, or the manufacture and sale of foodstuffs and eatables, cement and cement products, and the quarrying of cement rock (12), or for the manufacture of any form of paper, wood-pulp, chemical fibre (13).

Sect. 3. The said corporations shall be taxable in like manner as other foreign corporations and shall make like returns to the Auditor General, and the said real estate shall be taxable as other real estate.

Sect. 4. The title to any real estate in this Commonwealth now or heretofore or hereafter held by, or in trust for, any such foreign corporation is, upon complying with all the laws of this Commonwealth relating to foreign corporations, hereby confirmed to the same effect as if the said real estate had been purchased, held or owned under the provisions of this Act.

Sect. 5. The term "foreign corporation" as used in this Act means every corporation, joint stock company, partnership limited, partnership association, and every association having any of the powers or privileges of corporations not possessed by individuals or partnerships, organized under any laws other than those of this Commonwealth.

Sect. 6. The following Acts be and the same are hereby repealed, but no rights heretofore acquired thereunder shall be affected by such repeal.

(1). An Act entitled "An Act to enable foreign insurance corporations and joint stock companies to hold real estate in this Commonwealth." Approved the 1st day of June, A. D. 1881. (P. L. 38.)

(2). An Act entitled "An Act Authorizing companies, incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron, steel or glass, to erect and maintain building and manufacturing establishments, and to take, have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes." Approved the 9th day of June, A. D. 1881. (P. L. 89.)

(3). An Act entitled "A Supplement To an Act, entitled 'An Act authorizing companies, incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States, for the manufacture of any form of iron, steel or glass, to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments, and to take, have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes,' approved the ninth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, authorizing companies, incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States, for the conversion, dyeing and cleansing of cotton, and other fabrics, to erect and maintain buildings for such manufacturing purposes, and for offices and salesrooms, or either, and to take, have and hold real estate necessary and proper for such purposes." Approved the 25th day of June, A. D. 1885. (P. L. 179.)

(4). An Act entitled "A Supplement To an Act, entitled 'A supplement to an Act authorizing companies, incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States, for the manufacture of any form of iron, steel or glass, to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments, and to take, have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes,' approved the ninth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, authorizing companies, incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States, for the conversion, dyeing and cleansing of cotton, and other fabrics, to erect and maintain buildings for such manufacturing purposes, and for offices and salesrooms, or either, and to take, have and hold real estate necessary and proper for such purposes,' approved the twenty-fifth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, conferring similar powers upon companies, incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of lumber and wood products, and pyroligneous acids, acetate of lime and charcoal, by the process of destructive distillation, or the preparation of cattle hair for use." Approved the 28th day of April, A. D. 1887. (P. L. 77.)

(5.) An Act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the establishment, maintenance and continuance of a ferry or for the maintenance and continuance of a bridge, between this State and any other State, upon or over any river flowing between said States, to erect and maintain piers and certain other buildings and structures, to hold real estate in this State and to mortgage, lease or convey the same." Approved the 6th day of June, A. D. 1887. (P. L. 352.)

(6.) An Act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States, for the transportation of passengers and freight by steamboats or other vessels, on rivers or other waters between this State and any other State, to hold real estate in this State, and to lease, mortgage and convey the same." Approved the 17th day of April, A. D. 1889. (P. L. 35.)

(7). An Act entitled "A Supplement to an Act, entitled 'A supplement to an Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron, steel or glass, to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments,

and to take, have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes, approved the ninth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States, for the conversion, dyeing and cleansing of cotton and other fabrics, to erect and maintain buildings for such manufacturing purposes, and for offices and salesrooms or either, and to take, have and hold real estate necessary and proper for such purposes, approved the twenty-fifth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, conferring similar powers upon companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of lumber and wood products and pyroligneous acids, acetate of lime and charcoal, by the process of destructive distillation or the preparation of cattle hair for use;" approved the twenty-eighth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, conferring similar power upon companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States, for the manufacture of carbon dioxide and magnesia and the products thereof, and copositions, articles and apparatus from and in connection therewith, and for the manufacture of cotton, velvet, and other fabrics, and for the manufacture of extracts out of wood, bark, leaves and roots, or any other extracts for tanning, cleansing, dyeing or other purposes." Approved the 30th day of April, A. D. 1891. (P. L. 39.)

(8). An Act entitled "A Supplement To a supplement to an Act, entitled 'A Supplement to an Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron, steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments, and to take, have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacture purposes,' approved the ninth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United State for the conversion, dyeing and cleansing of cotton and other fabrics to erect and maintain buildings for such manufacturing purposes, and for offices and salesrooms, or either, and to take, have and hold real estate necessary and proper for such purposes, approved the twenty-fifth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, conferring similar powers upon companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of lumber and wood products and pyroligneous acids, acetate of lime and charcoal by the process of destructive distillation, or the preparation of cattle hair for use, approved the twenty-eighth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, conferring similar power upon companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of carbon dioxide and magnesia and the products thereof, and compositions, articles and apparatus from and in connection therewith, and for the manufacture of cotton velvet and other fabrics, and for the manufacture of extracts out of wood, bark, leaves and roots, or any other extracts for tanning, cleansing, dyeing or other purposes,' approved the thirtieth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, conferring similar powers upon companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture or printing of wall paper, lithographs or prints, and for mining and manufacture of clay into brick tile and various other articles and products produced from clay, and from clay and other substances mixed therewith." Approved the 8th day of June, A. D. 1893. (P. L. 389.)

(9). An Act entitled "An Act to amend an Act, entitled 'An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron, steel or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments, and to take, have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes,' approved the ninth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate, granite, stone or rocks or for dressing, polishing, working or manufacturing the same, or any of them, and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water." Approved the 16th day of June, A. D. 1893. (P. L. 466.)

(10). An Act entitled "An Act to enable foreign corporations engaged in this State in the publication and sale of books, tracts, newspapers, et cetera, the net profits of which are by its charter or governing body required to be applied to religious and charitable uses, to hold real estate in this Commonwealth." Approved the 24th day of June, A. D. 1895. (P. L. 238.)

(11). An Act entitled "An Act to amend an Act, entitled 'An Act to amend an Act entitled "An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron, steel or glass, to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments, and to take, have and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes," approved the ninth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate, granite, stone, or rocks, or for dressing, polishing, working, or manufacturing the same, or any of them, and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water,' approved the sixteenth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three," approved the nineteenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one." Approved the 19th day of April, A. D. 1901. (P. L. 86.)

(12). An Act entitled "An Act to amend an Act, entitled 'An Act to amend an Act, entitled "An Act to amend an Act entitled 'An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron, steel, or glass to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take, have, and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes,' approved the ninth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate, granite, stone, or rocks, or for dressing, polishing, working, or manufacturing the same, or any of them, and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water," approved the sixteenth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three,' approved the nineteenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one; extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of manufacturing and selling chemicals, food-stuffs, cement and cement products, and the quarrying of cement rock." Approved the 28th day of May, A. D. 1907." (P. L. 266.)

(13). An Act entitled "An Act to amend an Act, entitled 'An Act to amend an Act, entitled "An Act to amend an Act entitled 'An Act authorizing companies incorporated under the laws of any other State of the United States for the manufacture of any form of iron, steel, or glass, to erect and maintain buildings and manufacturing establishments and to take, have, and hold real estate necessary and proper for manufacturing purposes,' approved the ninth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, extending the same to companies formed for the purpose of quarrying slate, granite, stone, or rocks, or for dressing, polishing, working, or manufacturing the same or any of them, and to mineral springs companies incorporated for the purpose of bottling and selling natural mineral springs water, approved the sixteenth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three," extending the same to companies incorporated for the purpose of manufacturing, supplying and sale of ice, approved the nineteenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and one,' by extending the same to companies incorporated for the manufacture of paper, wood-pulp, or chemical fibre." Approved the 27th day of April, A. D. 1909. (P. L. 173.)

REVENUE LAWS.

The conclusions of your committee on this subject, as with reference to the corporation laws, are not at present of a character sufficient to make any extensive alteration in the present system. They are merely supplementary, extending it along the same principal lines as before in order to correct abuses, provide more revenue and equalize burdens. Striking changes, which may yet be necessary in the way of administration, require more mature deliberation than there has been time to give, and more information and data than are at present available.

Careful thought has been given, however, to many details in connection with

(A) The objects upon which State revenue is expended;

(B) The increase of State revenue;

(C) The change of the burden of taxation; and

(D) The more effectual collection of the revenue intended to be provided by existing laws.

(A) EXPENDITURES.

APPROPRIATIONS TO CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

Large amounts of money have been appropriated, as is well known for charitable institutions not controlled by the State. Auditors, sent by the State, see that the money is expended for the purposes for which it is appropriated, but there is no supervision of policy or management otherwise. Nor could there be—either the Trustees or the State must manage.

Pennsylvania has been a pioneer in this regard, and even now leads all States. Beginning in 1850, with $65,767.85 given to four institutions, in 1863 there was an appropriation of $146.800 to sixteen institutions. The amount has increased gradually to $421,008.50 to eleven institutions in 1873, to $1,228,276.20 to thirty-five institutions in 1887 (this of course, covering two years), to $3,024,025 to one hundred and forty-two institutions in 1901 (for two years), and to $5,446,900 to two hundred and forty institutions in 1909 (for two years). Since 1850 the total appropriation to homes and hospitals has been $26,402,778.99. The following table has been prepared by the State Board of Charities:

Summary of Appropriation to Charitable Institutions for Fifty-eight Years.

	First class.	Amount first class.	Second class.	Amount second class.	Total No.	Total amount.
1850,	3	$69,166 54	4	$65,767 85	7	$134,934 39
1851,	3	70,109 00	3	33,000 00	6	103,109 00
1852,	3	80,417 00	4	48,000 00	7	128,417 00
1853,	3	44,600 00	4	62,000 00	7	106,600 00
1854,	3	41,500 00	6	67,000 00	3	108,500 00
1855,	4	58,712 00	5	56,000 00	9	114,712 00
1856,	4	68,975 00	5	86,000 00	9	154,975 00
1857,	4	63,142 00	5	126,000 00	9	189,142 00
1858,	4	57,045 00	7	132,500 00	11	189,545 00
1859,	4	85,894 00	8	111,000 00	12	196,894 00
1860,	4	138,961 00	6	115,750 00	10	254,711 00
1861,	4	132,211 00	6	104,800 00	10	237,011 00
1862,	4	91,800 00	7	114,280 00	11	206,080 00
1863,	4	74,100 00	16	146,800 00	20	220,900 00
1864,	4	108,530 00	22	171,147 07	26	279,677 07
1865,	4	123,089 50	26	227,059 00	30	350,148 50
1866,	4	143,200 00	7	188,369 70	11	331,569 70
1867,	4	130,832 00	10	183,000 00	14	313,832 00
1868,	4	136,300 00	9	217,000 00	13	403,300 00
1869,	5	311,887 60	12	243,500 00	17	555,387 60
1870,	5	222,355 26	10	173,000 00	15	395,355 26
1871,	5	420,614 62	17	239,295 00	22	659,909 62
1872,	5	179,800 00	10	365,686 24	15	545,486 24
1873,	6	324,344 04	11	421,008 50	17	745,352 54
1874,	8	695,150 00	13	222,016 78	21	917,166 78
1875-77,	8	825,875 00	13	550,800 00	21	1,376,675 00
1877-79,	9	1,798,029 76	14	590,658 19	23	2,388,687 95
1879-81,	8	916,434 96	8	342,860 00	16	1,259,294 96
1881-83,	10	1,183,164 89	15	850,570 49	25	2,033,735 38
1883-85,	11	1,299,150 00	22	757,158 00	33	2,056,308 00
1885-87,	10	2,372,085 92	27	1,005,562 00	37	3,377,647 92
1887-89,	10	2,077,052 27	35	1,228,276 20	45	3,305,328 47
1889-91,	9	1,511,076 99	52	1,644,095 55	61	3,155,172 54
1891-93,	14	2,184,207 92	68	1,722,686 52	82	3,906,894 44
1893-95,	15	2,194,086 37	95	2,496,515 64	110	4,690,602 01
1895-97,	16	2,356,439 68	112	2,371,143 50	128	4,727,583 18
1897-99,	15	2,606,386 66	118	2,434,687 43	133	5,041,074 09
1899-01,	15	2,860,693 53	129	2,299,030 00	144	5,159,723 53
1901-03,	19	3,277,790 00	142	3,024,025 00	161	6,301,815 00
1903-05,	20	4,671,722 75	176	4,657,100 00	196	9,328,822 75
1905-07,	34	6,858,179 18	177	4,142,550 00	211	11,000,729 18
1907-09,	31	6,219,839 64	224	5,502,600 00	256	11,722,439 64
1909-11,	31	6,323,837 65	239	5,446,900 00	270	11,770,737 65
Total,	----	$55,458,788 13	----	$44,987,198 66	----	$100,445,986 79

The above statement does not include the special appropriations to the indigent insane. This is shown on the next page.

First Class—Includes State and semi-State institutions.

Second Class—Includes private institutions.

Summary of Appropriations for the Care and Treatment of the Indigent Insane.

Date.	Maintenance.	Date.	Maintenance.
1885 1886	$1,050,000 00	1899 1900	$1,700,000 00
1887 1888	900,000 00	1901 1902	1,800,000 00
1889 1890	800,000 00	1903 1904	2,000,000 00
1891 1892	900,000 00	1905 1906	2,100,000 00
1893 1894	1,015,000 00	1907 1908	2,500,000 00
1895 1896	1,000,000 00	1909 1910	3,000,000 00
1897 1898	1,450,000 00	Total,	$20,215,000 00

The total appropriation of Massachusetts in 1908 for charitable institutions and charitable work was $2,300,000. Other States making similar appropriations are Delaware, Illinois, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Mexico, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Oregon, Washington and Wisconsin.

New York appropriates no money to private charities. In 1909 it appropriated to State institutions $3,225,000, and to what are classified in Pennsylvania as semi-State institutions (blind and deaf and dumb institutions) $775,000. In the same class with New York are Arkansas, California, Connecticut, Idaho, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, Ohio, Oklahoma, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Vermont and Wyoming.

A brief outline of the general character of these institutions, which are in whole or in part supported by the State, and the sources from which they receive support may throw some light upon this inquiry.

As to the insane, there are six State hospitals, located at Harrisburg, Danville, Norristown, Warren, Dixmont and Wernersville.

These institutions contain 8,749 indigent patients. Except Dixmont, they are the property of the State, and receive patients from the districts in which they are located, except Wernersville, the Hospital for the Chronic Insane, which receives them from every part of the State. The cost of maintenance is divided. The county and poor districts from which an indigent patient is sent, pay to the institution, for each patient, $1.75 per week. The rest of the cost of maintenance and buildings is paid by the State. The entire cost of maintaining the insane in Pennsylvania is, approximately, $4,000,000 per year.

The other institutions of the State containing the indigent insane are what is known as County Care Institutions, and are in the following counties and cities:

Adams County Insane Hospital, Gettysburg.

Allegheny County Hospital, Woodville.

Pittsburg North Side City Home and Hospital, Hoboken.

Pittsburg City Home and Hospital, Marshalsea.

Blair County Hospital for the Insane, Hollidaysburg.

Chester County Hospital for the Insane, Embreeville.

Cumberland County Hospital for the Insane, Carlisle.

Elk County Asylum, St. Marys.

Erie County Home, Erie.

Franklin County Home, Chambersburg.

Jefferson County Asylum, Brookville.

Hospital for the Insane, Central Poor District, Retreat.

Lancaster County Hospital for the Insane, Lancaster.

Hospital for the Insane, Hillside Home, Clark's Summit.

Mercer County Hospital for the Insane, Mercer.

Philadelphia Hospital, Insane Department, Philadelphia.

Potter County Home, Coudersport.

Somerset County Hospital for Insane, Somerset.

Westmoreland County Home, Insane Department, Greensburg.

Blakeley Home, Lackawanna County, Olyphant.

These institutions are built by and are owned by the respective counties and cities in which they are located. They are maintained by the counties, the State contributing to the county, for each patient, the sum of $2.00 per week. The number in these institutions is 6,288, making the entire indigent population over 15,000.

All the State institutions are crowded, and Blockley, in the City of Philadelphia, is so over-crowded that it is filled to almost double its intended capacity.

Two new State hospitals for the insane are in course of erection; one for the criminal insane, at Farview, Wayne County, just fairly started, and one at or near Allentown, called the Homœopathic Hospital, which is approaching completion. By the time they are ready to receive patients, there will be enough surplus in the other State hospitals to fill every ward, and unless the Legislature, at the coming session makes provision for the erection of a new hospital or added wards to those in existence, there will not be, in a short time, sufficient hospital accommodations to care for the normal increase, which is about 600 a year. It is thus apparent that every session of the Legislature must provide for the care of at least 1,200 patients additional, either by building a new hospital or by adding wards to those already built.

The only possible alternative to this is the building of hospitals by the counties, under the County Care Act.

From present appearances, it does not look probable that many more counties will avail themselves of this Act. Two districts, Schuykill County and the Middle Coal Field Poor District, composed of parts of Carbon and Luzerne counties, have recently started proceedings looking to the erection of hospitals, and have submitted plans.

As to the weak-minded, there are three institutions devoted to their care, to wit: Elwyn, Polk and Spring City. The first named is not a State institution. It receives by appropriation a certain amount per capita for

750 patients. Polk has 1,543 patients and is a State institution. Spring City is a dual institution, for the weak-minded and epileptic. This institution is only partly finished, and contains 270 weak-minded and 87 epileptics.

Hospitals for the deaf, dumb and blind, as well as the oral schools for the deaf mutes, are not State institutions, nor under State control, though they are almost wholly maintained by the State by a per capita appropriation.

The only place for epileptics maintained by the State is Spring City, and two private institutions, one in the eastern part of the State, near West Chester, and the other in the western part of the State, and both receive State aid.

As to hospitals for the care of the sick and injured, these consist of institutions wholly supported by the State, viz: at Mercer, Blossburg, Hazleton, Phillipsburg, Scranton, Ashland and Connellsville.

The inmates number over 12,000, and the cost of their maintenance during the past year was $217,636.06.

The private hospitals receiving State aid number 142. Their total cost for maintenance last year was approximately $4,938,577.11. The number of indoor patients 70,394, and the aggregate number of free hospital days 1,394,982, the free dispensary service amounting to 689,023. The aid given to these institutions by the State for maintenance amounted to $3,768,500; for building, $651,500, approximately. A table giving this information in greater detail will be found eleswhere (see pages 69, 79).

There are also homes and kindred institutions. They are all private. Those that receive State aid are 97 in number.

The pauper class is cared for by the poor district—and always has been in this State.

The insane were formerly cared for in the poor districts with the other poor. The burden was then borne entirely by the county, city or poor district. After a while the State began to shoulder part of the burden by building and equipping the present State hospitals for the insane, heretofore referred to. They care for all indigent patients sent to them, charging the poor district $1.75 per week for each patient. Probably nearly 10,000 are cared for in this way. The other 5,000 or 6,000 are cared for in certain cities and counties which have erected hospitals for that purpose, the State contributing $2.00 a week for each patient's maintenance. There are a few in the poor houses— probably between 200 and 300—maintained entirely by the poor authorities. Counting buildings and maintenance, probably more than three-fourths of the cost of maintaining is borne by the State.

All of the weak-minded, who are in institutions, are supported by the State, as are epileptics, save a few in two small institutions, which receive State aid.

The cost of maintaining the criminals, like that of the poor, was formerly borne entirely by the county; but the State took upon itself a part of the burden by erecting what is known as the Eastern and Western Penitentiaries, to which certain classes of criminals may be sent, the counties from which they are sent paying the cost of maintenance, the State being at the cost of the buildings and their maintenance, and the officers and attendants. The State always pays the salaries of the Judges.

The indigent inmates of the blind, deaf and dumb institutions, and schools for oral teaching of mutes, are maintained substantially by the State. So are the inmates of the House of Refuge and Morganza—incorrigible boys and girls.

Hospitals for the sick and injured, and homes for the dependent and kindred institutions, except seven hospitals heretofore referred to, are supported in part by the State.

It will be thus be seen that while formerly none, or but very few of the dependent, defective, or criminal classes were supported by the State, she now supports wholly or in part all except the poor in almshouses and certain hospitals and homes supported by private charity. The appropriation for all charities, including those above named for the years 1909 and 1910, was $14,770,737 (see page 55).

In the public press and before medical societies there has been much talk of a general but very abusive character about the mismanagement of many of the privately managed institutions receiving State aid, particularly that they were managed in the interest of the private practice of the principal physicians and surgeons connected with them, both by way of self-advertisement and the treatment of private patients. In spite of the very full opportunity given to all persons to present their complaints specifically to your Committee either in person or by letter, no actual cases of abuse were revealed. The charges remain only general as before, and your Committee believes it is a possibility to be guarded against rather than a fact to be deplored and condemned.

Complaint was made that the existence of hospitals prevented any surgical practice by those not attached to any hospital because unattached surgeons were not permitted to perform operations in the hospitals. It was urged that it should be made a condition of State aid that they permit outside surgeons to come in. In view of the delicate nature of a surgical operation and the highly trained staff which is necessary during all stages of the case, it would not be possible to maintain the absolutely necessary discipline if an outsider attempted to fit himself to the system. With the best will in the world on both sides he would be so unfamiliar with the methods in use that there could not but be confusion. In a limited number of proper cases, however, your Committee is informed that the hospitals permit outside surgeons to come in, and a liberal rule in this regard should prevail.

It is a very generally held opinion—although in this instance also no specifications were made—that the number of institutions is too large, and that their number and location should be controlled in some way by the Board of Public Charities or other similar body. The objection to this is that it would operate as an unnecessary restriction upon private charity in the founding of new institutions, and the remedy for any supposed abuse in the way of starting unnecessary institutions with the expectation and demand that they shall be kept up by State aid is in the self-restraint of the Legislature in withholding appropriations from superfluous institutions, or, as is herein recommended, appropriating only for actual public work done.

Of the unwise appropriations of the past, however, specific instances were given as follows: That appropriations were made to hospitals before they were incorporated, or before a site was provided, without any provision by the hospital for maintenance, or before the hospital was open for patients, or before any considerable sum had been secured as an endowment from private sources. Cases were mentioned of appropriations to some institutions which were controlled by stockholders, though the declaring of a dividend was forbidden.

Many complaints have been received for a number of years on the policy of our State in this regard, not only from institutions that do not receive it, but from the public at large.

The objection is that the State money should only go in relief of the sick or the disabled poor, and that, as there is no rule by which the money is apportioned among the institutions, it may or may not be so used. A request is made by the institution. On this a recommendation is made by the Board of Public Charities, which, while giving the matter careful attention, has no fixed rule. On this the Legislature acts, changing in many instances the amount recommended by the Board of Public Charities, so that the recommendations of the latter have no practical utility. Here again there is no rule. At the end of the session the bounty of the Legislature having greatly exceeded the amount at its disposal, the Governor is called upon to cut all the appropriations to fit the Treasury. The result of these three operations, all proceeding without rule, without the opportunity for hearing in many cases, and without the balancing of conflicting claims, results in the disproportion evidenced by the figures already given. The relation between requests of the hospitals, the recommendations of the Board of Public Charities, the appropriations by the Legislature, and the final amounts approved by the Governor is shown by the following table:

	Amounts approved by Governor, 1907-08.	Amounts applied for by all institutions, 1909-10.	Amounts recommended by Board of Charities, 1909-10.	Amounts appropriated by Legislature, 1909-10.	Amounts approved by Governor, 1909-10.
State Institutions,	†$7,479,731 64	†$6,963,346 69	*$6,588,919 66	*$9,065,907 47	*$7,887,427 33
Semi-State Institutions,	1,240,108 00	1,620,150 00	1,526,550 00	1,463,523 33	1,436,410 32
Hospitals and Sanitaria,	4,757,100 00	11,392,730 88	5,356,050 00	6,431,228 86	4,724,500 00
Homes, etc.,	745,500 00	2,068,397 44	850,150 00	941,900 00	722,400 00
Totals,	$14,222,439 64	$22,084,625 01	$14,321,669 66	$17,902,559 65	$14,770,737 65

*These amounts include $3,000,000.00 for maintenance of indigent insane.
†These amounts include $2,500,000.00 for maintenance of indigent insane.

There is no doubt in the vast majority of instances that much public good has been done by the appropriations to privately managed charities. But there is no guarantee, and no way of guaranteeing that the money expended will go wholly to the benefit of needy persons who should legitimately be the object of State relief. Particularly is this so where money is appropriated for purposes of permanent construction and not for maintenance.

Since 1901 for building and betterment appropriations have been made amounting to $115,000 to the Free Hospital for Poor Consumptives at White Haven. This institution now refuses State aid for maintenance, and in consequence claims the right to, and does, refuse to receive free patients. Such a situation should be rendered impossible.

It is asserted that many institutions come into existence depending on State aid for the maintenance of that existence, and that this results in an unnecessary multiplication of institutions where one would serve, and the consequent idleness of part of their equipment. At times 3,000 hospital beds are vacant. Your Committee recommend that such appropriations be made only for maintenance, and that the sums should be apportioned to the free public aid given by the institution. In those rare cases where an appropriation for construction would be proper (as to supply a community needing and having no hospital and no other means of securing one) the grant of the State should be a lien on the ground and buildings so that if the institution cease to be privately maintained as theretofore, it might revert to the State, and be continued by it. The first precedent may be found in the grant to the Orthopedic Hospital of Philadelphia in 1871, and other precedents in many of the appropriation Acts of 1909, if not in other years. A draft of an Act to that end is submitted as follows:

An Act making appropriations to institutions not wholly managed by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, leins on the premises of such institutions for the use of the Commonwealth, and providing for the collection thereof.

Section 1. Be it enacted, etc., That any and all amounts hereafter appropriated by the Legislature of this Commonwealth for the erection, enlargement or alteration of any building or buildings, or for any other permanent improvement in connection with any institution not wholly managed by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, be, and the same are hereby made a non-interest bearing lien on the premises of the institution for which the appropriation is made.

Section 2. Within sixty days from the date of such appropriation the Auditor General is hereby authorized and required to transmit to the Prothonotary of the county in which such institution is located, to be by him entered of record, a certificate to the effect that the appropriation for which a lien is created by the first section of this Act, has been made to such institution. The amount of such appropriation shall be a lien from the date said certificate is so entered of record, and whenever the property of such institution shall be sold at a judicial sale the amount of such lien shall first be allowed and paid out of the proceeds of such sale before any judgment, mortgage or other claim which shall be entered of record or become a lien after the entry of record of said certificate.

Section 3. In all cases where any such institution shall cease to be used or fail to carry out the purpose for which it was organized, it shall be lawful for writs of scire facias in favor of the Commonwealth to issue on said liens and be prosecuted to judgment and execution in the same manner as such writs are ordinarily returnable.

In general, however, no appropriation should be made to any institution until it owns its site and its buildings are erected and equipped ready to begin business. Such an institution can properly be made an instrument of the Commonwealth for the help of the poor and a benefit to the State. This method will operate as a check upon unnecessary institutions more than any supervision by the Board of Public Charities in advance as a prerequisite to the granting of a charter.

There has been prepared by the Board of Public Charities for your Committee a table which shows as to most of the hospitals of the State (only those which did not make report being omitted) of free hospital days; that is to say, the total number of days that one free patient was treated by the hospital, and also the cost of each day of such treatment, the total cost of the free days, the State appropriation and the excess or deficiency of appropriation proportioned to the cost of free treatment and other valuable information.

Statement Showing Free Hospital Days, Cost per Diem, Etc., of Hospitals Not Under State Control, During the Fiscal Year Ending May 31, 1909, From Data Collected and Prepared by the Board of Public Charities.

	Free hospital days.	Cost per diem.	Total cost free days.	State appropriation.	Amount expended in excess of appropriation.	Amount of appropriation not expended.
Adrian Hospital, Punxsutawney,	15,850	$1 32	$20,922 00	$11,500 00	$9,422 00	
Allegheny General Hospital,	48,916	2 12	103,701 92	87,500 00	16,201 92	
Allentown Hospital,	14,471	1 30	18,812 30	11,000 00	7,812 30	
Altoona Hospital,	19,819	1 55	29,719 45	17,500 00	12,219 45	
American Hospital for Diseases of Stomach, Philadelphia,	489	2 75	1,344 75	5,000 00		$3,655 25
American Oncologic Hospital, Philadelphia,	4,349	3 39	14,743 11	10,000 00	4,743 11	
Barnes Memorial Hospital, Susquehanna,	619	2 19	1,355 61	1,500 00		144 39
Beaver County General Hospital, Rochester,	3,122	2 60	8,117 20	5,000 00	3,647 20	
Beaver Valley General Hospital, New Brighton,	3,532	2 73	9,642 36	9,000 00	642 36	
Bellefonte Hospital,	4,896	1 14	5,578 02	3,000 00	2,578 02	
Berwick Hospital,	867	2 20	1,775 40	1,000 00	775 40	
Bradford Hospital,	5,522	1 45	8,006 90	5,000 00	3,006 90	
Braddock General Hospital,	7,462	1 78	13,282 36	12,000 00	1,282 36	
Buhl Hospital, Sharon,	4,828	2 14	10,331 92	7,000 00	3,231 92	
Butler County General Hospital,	3,460	1 69	5,847 40	5,000 00	847 40	
Carbondale Hospital,	4,440	1 95	8,658 00	9,000 00		342 00
Chambersburg Hospital,	3,976	1 27	4,949 52	5,000 00	50 48	
Charity Hospital, Norristown,	9,336	1 54	14,377 44	9,000 00	5,377 44	
Chestnut Hill Hospital,	2,735	3 36	9,189 60			
Chester Hospital,	10,288	1 67	17,180 96	12,000 00	5,180 96	
Chester County Hospital, West Chester,	10,428	1 69	17,623 32	8,000 00	9,623 32	
Children's Homeopathic Hospital, Philadelphia,	23,150	1 12	25,928 00	15,000 00	10,928 00	
Children's Hospital, Philadelphia,	21,475	63	13,529 25			
City Hospital, Washington,	4,153	1 74	7,226 22	500 00	6,726 22	
Coatesville Hospital,	3,942	1 86	7,332 12	7,500 00		167 88
Columbia Hospital, Columbia,	2,638	1 42	3,745 96	4,000 00		254 04
Columbia Hospital, Wilkinsburg,	7,965	2 61	20,788 65	10,000 00	10,788 65	
Conemaugh Valley Memorial Hospital, Johnstown,	24,111	1 19	28,692 09	20,000 00	8,692 09	
Corry Hospital,	2,341	2 24	5,243 84	4,000 00	1,243 84	
Crozier Hospital, Chester,	1,058	1 49	1,576 42			
Douglass Memorial Hospital, Philadelphia,	2,361	2 03	4,792 83	6,000 00		1,207 17
Du Bois Hospital,	1,133	3 70	4,192 10	3,000 00	1,192 10	
Easton Hospital,	9,381	1 84	17,261 04	15,000 00	2,261 04	
Elk County General Hospital,	4,965	1 88	9,334 20	8,000 00	1,334 20	
Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital, Pittsburg,	7,244	2 36	17,095 84	12,500 00	4,555 84	
Fabiana Italian Hospital, Philadelphia,	1,100	90	990 00			
Franklin Hospital,	2,190	2 78	6,088 20	6,000 00	88 20	
Frankford Hospital,	11,710	1 99	23,302 90	12,500 00	10,802 90	
Garretson Hospital,	5,161	3 41	17,599 01	10,000 00	7,599 01	
General and Emergency Hospital, Pittsburg,	561	1 78	988 58	1,000 00		1 42
German Hospital, Philadelphia,	28,440	1 75	49,770 00	15,000 00	34,770 00	
Germantown Hospital, Philadelphia,	26,998	1 69	45,626 62			
Good Samaritan Hospital, Lebanon,	5,176	2 02	10,455 52	7,500 00	2,955 52	
Greenville Hospital,	690	2 10	1,449 00	2,500 00		1,051 00
Grove City Hospital,	887	2 73	2,421 51	1,500 00	921 51	
Gynecean Hospital, Philadelphia,	4,923	3 11	15,310 53	12,500 00	2,810 53	
Hahnemann Hospital, Philadelphia,	32,104	1 85	59,392 40	45,000 00	14,392 40	
Hahnemann Hospital, Scranton,	10,542	1 80	18,975 00	10,000 00	8,975 00	
Hamot Hospital, Erie,	9,803	1 97	19,311 91	12,500 00	6,811 91	
Harrisburg Hospital,	18,498	1 48	27,377 04	15,000 00	12,377 04	
Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital, Reading,	5,416	1 51	8,178 16	7,500 00	678 16	
Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital, Pittsburg,	30,630	1 69	51,764 70	35,000 00	16,764 70	
Homestead Hospital,	254					
Howard Hospital,	41,691	2 00	83,388 00	5,000 00	18,388 00	
Jefferson Medical College Hospital,	56,203	1 83	102,851 49	80,000 00	22,851 49	
Jewish Hospital, Philadelphia,		1 63		12,500 00		
Jewish Maternity Hospital,	4,490	1 00	7,184 00			
Johnstown City Hospital,	1,988	1 01	2,007 88	3,500 00		1,492 12
Kane Summit Hospital,	4,811	1 58	7,601 38	4,500 00	3,101 38	
Kensington Hospital for Women, Philadelphia,	3,646	2 21	8,057 66	7,500 00	507 66	
Kittanning General Hospital,	833	2 68	2,232 44	4,000 00		1,767 56
Lancaster General Hospital,	9,494	1 59	15,095 46	7,500 00	7,595 46	
Lewistown Hospital,	3,285	2 08	6,832 80	4,000 00	2,832 80	
McKeesport Hospital,	11,351	1 68	19,069 68	20,000 00		930 32
Maternity Hospital, Philadelphia,	2,018	1 01	2,038 18	2,500 00		461 82
Meadville City Hospital,	3,338	2 77	9,246 26	5,000 00	4,246 26	
Medico-Chirurgical Hospital,	15,202	1 95	29,760 90	60,000 00		30,239 10
Mercy Hospital, Philadelphia,	5,367	1 81	9,714 27	5,000 00	4,714 27	
Mercy Hospital, Pittsburg,	43,058	1 19	51,239 02	50,000 00	1,239 02	
Mercy Hospital, Wilkes-Barre,	15,459	1 87	28,908 33	10,000 00	18,908 33	
Methodist Episcopal Hospital,	17,974	2 53	45,474 22			
Monongahela Memorial Hospital, Monongahela,	2,424	1 42	3,442 08	5,000 00		1,557 92
Mount Pleasant Memorial Hospital,	4,231	1 75	7,404 25	7,000 00	704 25	
Mount Sinai Hospital, Philadelphia,	10,746	2 31	24,823 26	10,000 00	14,823 26	
Montefiore Hospital, Pittsburg,	6,777	2 29	15,519 33			
Nason Hospital Association, Roaring Springs,	5,209	1 36	7,084 24	5,000 00	2,084 24	
New Castle Hospital,	683	1 83	1,268 19			
North Pennsylvania General Hospital, Austin,	1,321	1 80	2,377 80	2,500 00		122 20
Northwestern General Hospital,	1,760	1 81	3,185 60			
Ohio Valley General Hospital, McKees Rocks,	3,501	1 63	5,706 63	5,000 00	706 63	
Oil City Hospital,	1,896	2 00	3,792 00	9,000 00		5,208 00
Packer Hospital, Sunbury,	3,592	1 89	6,788 88	7,000 00		211 12
Packer Hospital, Sayre,	7,793	3 42	26,652 06	12,500 00	14,152 06	
Passavant Hospital, Pittsburg,	4,172	2 12	8,844 64	2,500 00	6,344 64	
Pennsylvania Epileptic Hospital, Oakburne,	18,714	85	15,906 90	4,500 00	11,406 90	

Statement Showing Free Hospital Days, Cost Per Diem, Etc.—Continued.

	Free hospital days.	Cost per diem.	Total cost free days.	State appropriation.	Amount expended in excess of appropriation.	Amount of appropriation not expended.
nnsylvania Hospital, Philadelphia,	82,827	1 61	133,351 47			
oenixville Hospital,	10,922	1 38	15,072 36	7,000 00	8,072 36	
iladelphia Lying-in Charity Hospital,	5,206	2 52	13,119 12	9,000 00	4,119 12	
iladelphia Polyclinic Hospital,	14,054	1 48	20,779 92	22,500 00		1,700 08
iladelphia Orthopaedic Hospital,	18,494	1 99	36,803 06	12,500 00	24,303 06	
iladelphia Home for Incurables,	12,045	1 14	13,731 30	15,000 00		1,268 70
ittsburg Hospital (Sisters of Charity),	8,655	2 38	19,598 90	17,500 00	2,098 90	
ittsburg Hospital for Children,	13,239	1 48	19,593 72	10,000 00	9,593 72	
ittston Hospital,	7,629	1 43	10,909 47	9,000 00	1,909 47	
ottstown Hospital,	5,468	2 05	11,209 40	6,500 00	4,709 40	
ottsville Hospital,	22,403	1 34	30,020 02	20,000 00	10,020 02	
resbyterian Hospital, Philadelphia,	33,057	2 03	67,105 71			
resbyterian Hospital, Pittsburg,	4,883	2 23	10,889 09	12,500 00		1,610 91
atti Hospital, Bloomsburg,	1,406	1 82	2,558 92	1,500 00	1,058 92	
eading Hospital,	14,913	1 29	19,237 77	10,000 00	9,237 77	
eineman Maternity Hospital,	5,920	90	5,328 00	3,625 00	1,703 00	
ochester General Hospital,	3,122	2 60	8,117 20	5,000 00	3,647 20	
oosevelt Hospital, Philadelphia,	6,563	1 37	8,991 31	2,000 00	6,991 31	
t. Agnes' Hospital, Philadelphia,	18,811	1 86	34,988 46	25,000 00	9,988 46	
t. Christopher's Hospital, Philadelphia,	9,213	1 76	16,214 88	7,500 00	8,714 88	
t. Francis' Hospital, Pittsburg,	29,267	95	27,803 65	20,000 00	7,803 65	
t. John's General Hospital, Pittsburg,	14,573	1 28	18,653 44	12,500 00	6,153 44	
t. Joseph's Hospital, Philadelphia,	23,800	2 31	54,978 00	17,500 00	7,478 00	
t. Joseph's Hospital, Pittsburg,	5,040	2 10	10,584 00	5,000 00	5,584 00	
t. Joseph's Hospital, Reading,	26,934	1 05	28,280 70	7,500 00	20,780 70	
t. Luke's Hospital, Philadelphia,	8,045	1 59	15,205 05	10,000 00	5,205 05	
t. Luke's Hospital, Bethlehem,	16,278	2 09	34,021 62	15,000 00	19,021 02	
t. Mary's Hospital, Philadelphia,	8,810	2 16	19,029 60	5,000 00	14,029 60	
t. Timothy's Memorial Hospital,	13,436	1 73	23,244 28	10,000 00	13,244 28	
t. Vincent's Hospital Association, Erie,	10,743	1 70	18,263 10	7,500 00	10,763 10	
amaritan Hospital, Philadelphia,	24,629	1 70	41,809 30	20,000 00	21,860 30	
ewickley Valley Hospital,	2,853	2 35	6,704 55	1,250 00	5,545 55	
outh Side Hospital, Pittsburg,	4,252	2 07	8,801 64	45,000 00		36,198 36
penser Hospital, Meadville,	3,328	1 56	5,191 68	5,000 00	191 68	
uburban General Hospital,	1,629	2 72	4,430 88	1,000 00	3,430 88	
tetson Hospital, Philadelphia,	9,213	2 11	19,439 43	2,500 00	16,939 43	
aylor Hospital Association,	6,421	1 16	7,448 36	6,000 00	1,448 36	
itusville Hospital,	2,109	2 40	5,061 60	5,000 00	61 60	
odd Hospital, Carlisle,	921	2 88	2,652 48	2,000 00	652 48	
niontown Hospital,	19,385	1 50	29,077 50	12,500 00	16,577 50	
niversity of Pennsylvania Hospital, Philadelphia,	60,486	2 22	134,278 92	62,500 00	71,778 92	
arren Emergency Hospital,	4,551	1 80	8,191 80	6,000 00	2,191 80	
ashington Hospital,	4,857	1 61	7,819 77	5,000 00	2,819 77	
est Philadelphia General Homeopathic Hospital,	6,077	2 13	12,944 01	5,000 00	7,944 01	
est Side Hospital, Scranton,	6,267	1 55	9,713 85	6,000 00	3,713 85	
estern Pennsylvania Hospital, Pittsburg,	41,221	1 87	77,083 27	62,500 00	14,583 27	
est Philadelphia Hospital for Women,	10,804	1 43	15,449 72	5,000 00	10,449 72	
ilkes-Barre City Hospital,	25,249	1 64	41,408 36	17,500 00	23,908 36	
ills Hospital, Philadelphia,	22,630	1 61	36,434 30	15,000 00	21,434 30	
illiamsport Hospital,	22,516	1 23	27,694 68	20,000 00	7,694 68	
Women's Homeopathic Association Hospital, Philadelphia,	13,175	1 79	23,583 25	10,000 00	13,583 25	
Women's Hospital, Philadelphia,	19,284	1 79	34,518 36	20,000 00	14,518 36	
Women's Medical College Hospital, Philadelphia,	11,433	1 83	20,922 39	12,500 00	8,422 39	
Women's Southern Homeopathic Hospital, Philadelphia,	3,745	1 47	5,505 15	3,500 00	2,005 15	
Total,	1,563,740		$2,718,374 45	$1,527,875 00	$928,602 19	$88,301 40

NOTE.—Hospitals not shown herein failed to submit statistics.

Statement Showing Total Appropriations to the Various Hospitals, Not Under State Control, for Maintenance, Buildings, Improvements, Etc., to May 31, 1911, From Data Collected and Prepared by the Board of Public Charities.

	Maintenance.	Buildings.	Improvements, etc.	Total.
Adrian Hospital Association,	$148,000 00	$32,000 00	$13,000 00	$193,000 00
Allegheny General Hospital,	768,000 00	255,000 00		1,023,000 00
Allentown Hospital,	104,000 00	10,500 00		114,500 00
Altoona Hospital,	214,000 00	46,500 00	3,500 00	264,000 00
American Hospital for Diseases of Stomach, Philadelphia,	10,000 00	5,000 00		15,000 00
American Oncologic Hospital,	50,000 00			50,000 00
Barnes, Simon H., Memorial Hospital,	8,000 00	2,000 00		10,000 00
Beaver Valley General Hospital,	85,000 00	18,000 00	13,000 00	116,000 00
Bellefonte Hospital,	21,000 00	12,000 00	1,000 00	34,000 00
Berwick Hospital,	4,000 00			4,000 00
Braddock General Hospital,	50,000 00	5,000 00		55,000 00
Bradford Hospital,	93,000 00	72,000 00	5,000 00	170,000 00
Buhl, Christian H., Hospital,	89,000 00	33,000 00	5,000 00	127,000 00
Butler County General Hospital,	57,500 00	25,000 00		82,500 00
Canonsburg General Hospital,	7,000 00			7,000 00
Carbondale Hospital Association,	126,500 00	10,800 00	11,000 00	147,300 00
Chambersburg Hospital,	25,000 00			25,000 00
Charity Hospital, Norristown,	115,000 00	18,500 00	7,000 00	140,500 00
Chester Hospital,	138,000 00	28,000 00		166,000 00
Chester County Hospital,	97,000 00	5,000 00	2,000 00	104,000 00
Chestnut Hill Hospital,	1,500 00			1,500 00
Children's Homeopathic Hospital,	158,000 00	21,000 00		179,000 00
City Hospital, Washington,	11,000 00	9,000 00		20,000 00
Clearfield Hospital,	20,000 00	8,000 00		28,000 00
Coatesville Hospital,	50,000 00			50,000 00
Columbia Hospital, Columbia,	45,000 00	21,500 00		66,500 00
Columbia Hospital, Wilkinsburg,	50,000 00	25,000 00		75,000 00
Conemaugh Valley Memorial Hospital,	207,000 00	17,500 00	12,500 00	237,000 00
Corry Hospital Association,	47,500 00		14,000 00	61,500 00
Douglass, Fred., Memorial Hospital,	86,000 00	8,000 00		94,000 00
Du Bois Hospital,	28,000 00			28,000 00
Easton Hospital,	168,500 00	25,000 00		193,500 00
Elk County General Hospital,	53,000 00			53,000 00
Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital,	76,000 00	48,000 00		124,000 00
Frankford Hospital,	75,000 00	65,000 00		140,000 00
Franklin Hospital,	48,000 00	20,000 00		68,000 00
Garretson Hospital,	80,000 00	35,000 00		115,000 00
General and Emergency Hospital, Pittsburg,	4,000 00			4,000 00
German Hospital, Philadelphia,	217,500 00	76,600 00		294,100 00
Good Samaritan Hospital, Lebanon,	97,000 00	41,000 00		138,000 00
Greenville Hospital,	10,000 00			10,000 00
Grove City Hospital,	6,000 00			6,000 00
Gynesean Hospital,	218,750 00	52,000 00		270,750 00
Hahnemann Hospital, Philadelphia,	553,280 00	340,000 00		893,280 00
Hahnemann Hospital, Scranton,	76,500 00	35,000 00		111,500 00
Hamot Hospital Association,	133,059 96	6,000 00		139,059 96
Harrisburg Hospital,	46,000 00	9,500 00	5,000 00	56,500 00
Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital, Pittsburg,	719,639 28	310,000 00	7,500 00	1,037,139 28
Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital, Reading,	59,500 00		1,000 00	60,500 00
Homestead Hospital Association,	15,000 00	10,000 00		25,000 00
Howard Hospital,	57,000 00	10,000 00		67,000 00
Jefferson Hospital,	710,000 00	550,000 00	150,000 00	1,410,000 00
Jewish Hospital Association,	100,000 00	45,000 00		145,000 00
Johnstown City Hospital,	15,000 00			15,000 00
Kane Summit Hospital,	49,000 00	5,000 00	4,753 59	58,753 59
Kensington Hospital for Women,	65,000 00	15,000 00		80,000 00
Kittanning General Hospital,	32,000 00	7,000 00		39,000 00
Lancaster General Hospital,	89,000 00	60,000 00		149,000 00
Latrobe Hospital,	4,000 00			4,000 00
Lewistown Hospital,	24,000 00	12,000 00		36,000 00
Lock Haven Hospital,	53,000 00	20,000 00		73,000 00
Maternity Hospital, Philadelphia,	51,625 00	2,000 00		53,625 00
Meadville City Hospital,	75,500 00	3,000 00	27,500 00	106,000 00
Medico-Chirurgical Hospital,	765,000 00	615,000 00	210,000 00	1,490,000 00
Mercy Hospital, Pittsburg,	454,500 00	190,000 00	25,000 00	669,500 00
Mercy Hospital, Philadelphia,	20,000 00			20,000 00
Mercy Hospital, Wilkes-Barre,	93,000 00	30,000 00		123,000 00
Miners' Hospital of Northern Cambria,	13,000 00	3,000 00		16,000 00
Monongahela Memorial Hospital,	40,000 00	20,000 00		60,000 00
Mount Pleasant Memorial Hospital,	42,166 96	21,000 00		63,166 96
Mount Sinai Hospital,	50,000 00	5,000 00		55,000 00
McKeesport Hospital,	211,000 00	88,500 00		299,500 00
Nanticoke Hospital Association,	15,000 00	10,000 00		25,000 00
Nason Hospital Association,	40,000 00		1,000 00	41,000 00
North Pennsylvania General Hospital,	20,000 00			20,000 00
Ohio Valley General Hospital,	30,000 00	15,000 00		45,000 00
Oil City Hospital,	133,000 00	16,000 00	1,500 00	150,500 00
Packer Hospital,	82,000 00	9,000 00		91,000 00
Packer Hospital, Sayre,	99,000 00	24,591 76		123,591 76
Panther Creek Valley Hospital,	13,000 00	7,000 00	10,000 00	30,000 00
Passavant Hospital, Pittsburg,	10,000 00			10,000 00
Philadelphia Lying-in Charity Hospital,	113,500 00			113,500 00
Philadelphia Orthopaedic Hospital,	153,000 00	46,000 00	21,000 00	220,000 00
Phoenixville Hospital,	89,000 00	15,000 00	29,000 00	124,000 00
Pennsylvania Epileptic Hospital,	54,000 00			54,000 00
Philadelphia Home for Incurables,	95,000 00	5,000 00	10,000 00	110,000 00
Pittsburg Hospital for Children,	50,000 00			50,000 00

Statement Showing Total Appropriations to Various Hospitals, for Maintenance, Etc. —Continued.

	Maintenance.	Buildings.	Improvements, etc.	Total.
ttsburg Hospital (Sisters of Charity),	55,000 00	15,000 00	10,000 00	80,000 00
ttston Hospital Association,	123,500 00	27,000 00	11,500 00	162,000 00
olyclinic Hospital,	312,500 00	155,000 00		467,500 00
ttstown Hospital,	90,500 00	65,500 00		156,000 00
ttsville Hospital,	225,000 00		12,000 00	237,000 00
resbyterian Hospital, Pittsburg,	100,000 00	105,000 00		205,000 00
assavant Memorial Home for Epileptics,	23,000 00			23,000 00
tti. Jos., Hospital,	7,000 00	5,000 00		12,000 00
eading Hospital,	173,500 00	25,000 00	11,900 00	255,400 00
enovo Hospital,	1,500 00			1,500 00
ochester General Hospital,	37,000 00	15,000 00		52,000 00
oosevelt Hospital,	8,000 00			8,000 00
maritan Hospital, Philadelphia,	175,000 00	135,000 00		310,000 00
wickley Valley Hospital Association,	11,500 00	2,500 00		14,000 00
henango Valley Hospital,	136,826 68	35,500 00	12,000 00	184,326 68
outh Side Hospital, Pittsburg,	346,000 00	20,000 00		366,000 00
pencer Hospital,	72,500 00	22,500 00		95,000 00
tevens Hospital,	10,000 00			10,000 00
uburban General Hospital,	7,000 00		1,000 00	8,000 00
t. Agnes' Hospital, Philadelphia,	155,000 00	15,000 00		170,000 00
t. Christopher's Hospital for Children,	102,000 00			102,000 00
t. Francis' Hospital,	132,500 00	125,000 00		257,500 00
t. John's General Hospital,	104,000 00	40,000 00		144,000 00
t. Joseph's Hospital, Philadelphia,	160,000 00		34,000 00	194,000 00
t. Joseph's Hospital, Pittsburg,	20,000 00	25,000 00		45,000 00
t. Joseph's Hospital, Reading,	55,000 00	15,000 00		70,000 00
t. Luke's Hospital, South Bethlehem,	195,500 00	5,000 00		200,500 00
t. Luke's Hospital, Philadelphia,	85,000 00	45,000 00		130,000 00
t. Mary's Hospital, Philadelphia,	64,500 00	10,000 00	6,000 00	80,500 00
t. Timothy's Memorial Hospital,	116,000 00	16,000 00	8,500 00	140,500 00
t. Vincent's Hospital Association, Erie,	79,000 00		1,500 00	80,500 00
aylor Hospital Association,	22,000 00	27,500 00		49,500 00
itusville Hospital,	38,000 00	4,000 00		42,000 00
odd Hospital,	17,000 00	500 00		17,500 00
niontown Hospital,	104,000 00	43,000 00		147,000 00
niversity Hospital, Philadelphia,	800,000 00	390,000 00		1,190,000 00
niversity of Pittsburg Hospital,	135,250 00	182,000 00		317,250 00
Varren Emergency Hospital,	53,000 00	6,000 00		59,000 00
Vashington Hospital,	44,000 00	14,000 00		58,000 00
Waynesburg Hospital,	17,000 00			17,000 00
Wayne County Hospital Association,	10,000 00			10,000 00
Westmoreland Hospital Association,	130,000 00	15,000 00		145,000 00
Western Pennsylvania Hospital,	1,163,589 37	344,000 00	48,000 00	1,555,589 37
West Philadelphia General Homeopathic Hospital,	22,000 00	5,000 00		27,000 00
West Philadelphia Hospital for Women,	31,000 00	2,500 00		33,500 00
West Side Hospital Association, Scranton,	78,500 00	16,750 00		95,250 00
Wilkes-Barre City Hospital,	343,000 00	116,000 00	30,000 00	489,000 00
Williamsport Hospital,	212,000 00	99,000 00		311,000 00
Wills Hospital,	155,000 00	115,000 00		270,000 00
Women's Homeopathic Association Hospital,	134,300 00	75,000 00	2,400 00	211,700 00
Women's Hospital of Philadelphia,	164,000 00	20,000 00	32,500 00	216,500 00
Women's Medical College Hospital,	80,000 00	25,000 00		105,000 00
Women's Southern Homeopathic Hospital,	27,000 00			27,000 00
York Hospital,	99,000 00	36,000 00		135,000 00
Total,	$16,643,486 57	$6,074,241 76	$790,553 59	$23,508,281 92

The total amount appropriated to Homes, not under State control, for buildings and improvements from 1850 to the end of the fiscal year, May 31, 1911, is, approximately, $3,601,497.07.

NOTE.—The period of time covered by these appropriations varies with each institution. The Board has endeavored to secure accurate figures from the time each institution received its first appropriation down to the present time (May 31, 1909).

NOTE.—Hospitals not shown herein failed to submit statistics.

Statement Showing Value of Real Estate, Beds Occupied and Patients Treated in Hospitals not under State Control for Year Ending May 31, 1909, From Data Collected and Prepared by the Board of Public Charities.

	Value of real estate.	Number of beds for patients.	Number of indigent patients.	Number of dispensary patients.	Number of indigent patients treated free.	Number of indigent patients treated partly free.	Number of pay patients.	Average number of beds occupied during year.	Number of beds occupied May 31, 1909.
Adrian Hospital Association, Punxsutawney,	$65,000 00	72	686		545	22	119	57	6
Allegheny General Hospital, Pittsburg,	1,000,000 00	350	3,820	1,631	1,948	1,032	840	228	20
Allentown Hospital Association, Allentown,	88,900 00	104	1,186	348	843	43	301	67	7
Altoona Hospital, Altoona,	200,000 00	122	1,133	4,577	920	18	195	67	5
American Hospital for Diseases of Stomach, Philadelphia,	35,000 00	35	351	10,511	44	215	92	16	1
American Oncologic Hospital, Philadelphia,	51,840 55	22	110	3,154	41	61	8	15	1
Barnes, Simon H., Memorial Hospital, Susquehanna,	10,666 26	18	106	101	19	77	10	6	
Beaver Valley General Hospital, New Brighton,	50,000 00	55	418		98	246	74	19	2
Bellefonte Hospital, Bellefonte,	19,000 00	25	329		185	85	59	22	1
Berwick Hospital, Berwick,	600 00	18	103		53	6	44	6	
Bradford Hospital, Bradford,	117,091 54	85	983		307	38	638	49	4
Braddock General Hospital, Braddock,	90,000 00	70	658	96	180	109	369	37	3
Buhl, Christian H., Hospital, Sharon,	62,261 43	60	330	11	184		157	28	1
Butler County General Hospital, Butler,	59,806 27	45	536		208	67	261	17	2
Canonsburg General Hospital, Canonsburg,	12,000 00	15	92		20	4		8	1
Carbondale Emergency Hospital, Carbondale,	58,000 00	41	414	254	214	22	178	22	3
Chambersburg Hospital, Chambersburg,	37,277 44	40	317		118	132	67	25	1
Charity Hospital, Norristown,	98,000 00	52	520	475	446	7	67	24	3
Chestnut Hill Hospital, Philadelphia,	55,000 00	30	307	180	100	66	141	17	1
Chester Hospital, Chester,	70,011 12	82	879	3,595	667	122	106	38	3
Chester County Hospital, West Chester,	75,000 00	100	951		636	17	308	48	5
Children's Homeopathic Hospital, Philadelphia,	207,729 40	152	1,421	26,786	1,267	149	5	65	5
Children's Hospital, Philadelphia,	300,000 00	75	1,513	4,801	4,801			53	5
City Hospital, Washington,	37,600 00	46	613	9	264	122	227	16	2
Coatesville Hospital, Coatesville,	30,000 00	35	245		189	41	15	20	1
Columbia Hospital, Columbia,	55,000 00	58	171	570	570	83	88	21	1
Columbia Hospital, Wilkinsburg,		155	1,284		381		903	63	6
Conemaugh Valley Memorial Hospital, Johnstown,	100,000 00	131	1,925		1,149	79	697	102	10
Corry Hospital Association, Corry,	18,000 00	35	221	66	117		105	12	1
Crozier Hospital, Chester,		70	456	1,058					
Douglas, Fred'k, Memorial Hospital, Philadelphia,	100,000 00	21	207	2,669	207			15	1
Du Bois Hospital, Du Bois,	15,000 00	18	64		28	5	31	4	
Easton Hospital, Easton,	88,000 00	85	875	878	447	169	259	46	4
Elk County General Hospital, Ridgway,	65,800 00	40	353		47		306	29	2
Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital, Pittsburg,	60,000 00	42	1,328	16,216	291	408	629	38	4
Fabiana Italian Hospital, Philadelphia,		28	168	3,250	1,200	950		12	1
Franklin Hospital, Franklin,	32,248 12	30	189		65		124	9	1
Frankford Hospital, Frankford,	114,499 84	50	690	15,546	542	99	49	40	4
Garretson Hospital, Philadelphia,		28	463	1,642	300	35	128	17	1
General and Emergency Hospital, Pittsburg,		33	180		45	70	65	15	2
German Hospital, Philadelphia,	1,300,000 00	240	3,351	13,424	1,580	229	1,533	164	19
Germantown Hospital, Philadelphia,	210,000 00	150	1,640	4,697	1,367		273	84	9
Good Samaritan Hospital, Lebanon,	38,610 05	35	276	380	220	14	42	16	2
Good Shepherd Hospital, Radnor,	18,000 00	30	51		11	40		30	3
Greenville Hospital, Greenville,	1,500 00	20	132	4	41	14	77		
Grove City Hospital, Grove City,	10,000 00	15	103	5	29		79	4	
Gynecean Hospital, Philadelphia,	30,000 00	50	359	915	125	153	81	45	3
Hahnemann Hospital, Philadelphia,	1,057,000 00	244	2,325	14,741	1,632	685	876	166	15
Hahnemann Hospital, Scranton,	150,000 00	75	809	433	562	2	245	43	3
Hamot Hospital Association, Erie,	103,685 28	100	1,768		655	10	1,103	53	5
Harrisburg Hospital, Harrisburg,	175,000 00	104	1,364	6,247	927	20	417	65	6
Harrisburg Polyclinic Hospital, Harrisburg,			13	61	9	2	2	2	
Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital, Reading,	75,000 00	75	553	2,498	338	143	72	23	2
Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital, Pittsburg,	650,000 00	150	2,206	22,321	1,092	694	420	130	12
Homestead Hospital, Homestead,	14,000 00	20	86		12	3	71	7	1
Howard Hospital, Philadelphia,	125,000 00	57	920	41,872	135	15	470	40	4
Jefferson Medical College Hospital, Philadelphia,	1,235,000 00	338	5,044	34,549	3,140	711	1,193	230	23
Jewish Hospital Association, Philadelphia,	600,000 00	145	1,923	5,534	1,544	168	211	129	12
Jewish Maternity Hospital, Philadelphia,	12,000 00	22	347	307	347			9	1
Johnstown City Hospital, Johnstown,	20,000 00	21	4,077	12	1,988	539	1,550	18	1
Kane Summit Hospital, Kane,	18,450 25	56	459		191	256	12	22	2
Kensington Hospital for Women, Philadelphia,	90,000 00	40	437	627	159	210	68	30	2
Kittanning General Hospital, Kittanning,	20,000 00	25	149	1,236	47	1	101	6	
Lancaster General Hospital, Lancaster,	125,000 00	50	969	454	581	120	268	43	4
Lewistown Hospital, Lewistown,	60,531 00	36	274		150	17	107	13	1
McKeesport Hospital, McKeesport,	193,391 41	140	2,086		917	122	1,047	91	9
Maternity Hospital, Philadelphia,	40,432 46	22	105		65	40		14	1
Meadville City Hospital, Meadville,	35,000 00	32	417		30	279	108	16	2
Medico-Chirurgical Hospital, Philadelphia,	1,425,000 00	176	2,151	62,747	879	858	414	99	10
Mercy Hospital, Philadelphia,	10,500 00	19	395	686	247	35	113	15	1
Mercy Hospital, Pittsburg,	1,000,000 00	370	4,594	2,167	1,621	477	2,496	339	36
Mercy Hospital, Wilkes-Barre,	168,000 00	128	1,205	2,480	820	201	184	87	
Methodist Episcopal Hospital, Philadelphia,	477,500 00	115	1,305	7,767	570			74	8
Monongahela Memorial Hospital, Monongahela,	17,500 00	48	343		123	211	9	25	1
Mount Pleasant Memorial Hospital, Mt. Pleasant,	57,020 93	40	302	310	61	224	17	18	1
Mount Sinai Hospital, Philadelphia,	71,948 58	34	756	51,474	642	79	35	30	3
Montefiore Hospital, Pittsburg,	125,000 00	60	725	104	295	115	315	49	5
Nason Hospital Association, Roaring Springs,	20,000 00	40	334		179	76	79	20	2
New Castle Hospital, New Castle,	55,000 00	26	139		14	19	106	20	2
North Pennsylvania Gen. Hospital and Sanitarium, Austin,	15,000 00	25	206		57		172	13	1
Northwestern General Hospital, Philadelphia,	10,000 00	22	396	940	109	227	60	18	1
Ohio Valley General Hospital, McKees Rocks,	50,000 00	50	556	205	76	306	174	30	2
Oil City Hospital, Oil City,	66,660 74	58	437		106	3	328	23	1
Packer, Mary M., Hospital, Sunbury,	30,000 00	30	278	59	187	46	54	19	
Packer, Robert, Hospital, Sayre,	100,000 00	57	648	1,508	380	38	230	32	2
Passavant Hospital, Pittsburg,	200,000 00	80	1,203	1,103	147	112	944	56	6
Pennsylvania Epileptic Hospital and Colony Farm, Oakburne,	107,705 04	82	86		76	14	5	66	7

Statement Showing Value of Real Estate, Beds Occupied and Patients Treated, Etc.—Continued.

	Value of real estate.	Number of beds for patients.	Number of indigent patients.	Number of dispensary patients.	Number of indigent patients treated free.	Number of indigent patients treated partly free.	Number of pay patients.	Average number of beds occupied during year.	Number of beds occupied May 31, 1909.
Pennsylvania Hospital, Philadelphia,		315	4,331	44,597	4,127		204	235	241
Phoenixville Hospital,	75,000 00	55	595	527	420	63	112	42	39
Philadelphia Lying-in Charity Hospital, Philadelphia,	65,000 00	40	321	978	215	164	42	23	28
Philadelphia Polyclinic Hospital, Philadelpha,	319,061 33	108	1,549	104,599	989	157	403	64	55
Philadelphia Orthopaedic Hospital, Philadelphia,	265,000 00	118	617	19,077	252	106	259	99	106
Philadelphia Home for Incurables, Philadelphia,	231,973 50	147	147		133	106	8	147	147
Pittsburg Hospital (Sisters of Charity), Pittsburg,	410,000 00	100	1,161	1,052	399	112	650	61	64
Pittsburg Hospital for Children, Pittsburg,	20,000 00	48	355	2,839	355			43	41
Pittston Hospital, Pittston,	50,000 00	34	339	364	261	18	60	22	16
Pottstown Hospital, Pottstown,	65,000 00	32	282	1,112	213	13	57	17	16
Pottsville Hospital, Pottsville,	141,000 00	100	1,234	962	1,094	38	102	26	68
Presbyterian Hospital, Philadelphia,	310,350 00	237	2,652	5,995	1,127	437	962	145	144
Presbyterian Hospital, Pittsburg,	50,000 00	58	796		187	257	342	38	43
Ratti, Joseph, Hospital, Bloomsburg,	11,075 00	15	199	37	92	38	69	9	7
Reading Hospital, Reading,	82,578 06	63	907	3,322	658	45	204	55	48
Reineman Maternity (University of Pittsburg) Hospital, Pittsburg,	8,500 00	33	128		117	30	6		18
Rochester General Hospital,	41,300 00	36	284	26	81	166	37	14	14
Roosevelt Hospital, Philadelphia,		44	533	6,680	457	61	15	19	32
St. Agnes Hospital, Philadelphia,	555,000 00	243	2,464	8,859	1,357		1,107	127	131
St. Christopher Hospital for Children, Philadelphia,	60,000 00	50	911	19,542	751	160			21
St. Francis Hospital, Pittbsurg,	150,000 00	250	2,705	920	1,610	657	1,358	208	215
St. John's General Hospital, Pittsburg,	246,000 00	125	1,546	245	784		762	75	55
St. Joseph's Hospital, Lancaster,		93	1,033	458	516		517		
St. Joseph's Hospital, Philadelphia,	165,000 00	175	2,718	37,752	1,177	537	1,004	127	117
St. Joseph's Hospital, Pittsburg,	39,500 00	24	347	3,704	90	30	227	18	20
St. Joseph's Hospital, Reading,	260,000 00	135	983	908	730	63	190	99	87
St. Luke's Hospital, Philadelphia,	125,000 00	56	706	11,236	418	181	107	31	42
St. Luke's Hospital, South Bethlehem,	250,000 00	83	1,179	1,618	911	169	99	58	66
St. Mary's Hospital, Philadelphia,	162,000 00	143	1,858	6,335	1,618	140	100	83	65
St. Timothy's Memorial Hospital, Philadelphia,	188,897 33	75	899	1,316	733		166	44	35
St. Vincent's Hospital Association, Erie,	52,800 00	100	1,122	360	634	124	364		59
Samaritan Hospital, Philadelphia,	125,000 00	125	2,443	7,901	1,804	268	371	106	90
Sewickley Valley Hospital Association, Sewickley,	44,441 09	23	320	20	80	155	85	16	13
Shenango Valley Hospital, New Castle,	92,253 11	100	855		154	39	502	43	39
South Side Hospital, Pittsburg,	60,737 57	250	959	389	262	925	191		67
Spencer Hospital, Meadville,	38,500 00	40	476		140	177	159	20	21
Springdale General Hospital, Springdale,	1,500 00	12	130	12	30		100		9
Suburban General Hospital, Bellevue,	30,000 00	20	127	13	28	65	47	8	9
Stetson Hospital, Philadelphia,		58	827	7,589	335	77	415		35
Taylor Hospital Association, Taylor,	45,000 00	30	256	101	240	9	7	15	16
Titusville Hospital, Titusville,	28,170 53	25	168	7	48	19	101	10	9
Todd Hospital, Carlisle,	11,000 00	9	68	3	44	2	30	3	7
Uniontown Hospital, Uniontown,	102,000 00	87	875		430	360	85	50	53
University of Pennsylvania Hospital, Phialdelphia,	976,251 12	344	4,343	12,000	2,978		1,465	251	255
Warren Emergency Hospital, Warren,	94,725 00	73	465		140	220	105		21
Washington Hospital, Washington,	67,500 00	60	408		202	42	164	28	30
Westmoreland Hospital Association, Greensburg,	80,000 00	75	900		500			50	
West Philadelphia General Homeopathic Hospital, Philadelphia,	30,727 85	33	467	6,380	308	48	111	21	22
West Side Hospital, Scranton,	75,000 00	23	414	802	355	11	48	21	21
Western Pennsylvania Hospital, Pittsburg,	200,595 33	312	2,500		1,032	918	550	188	187
West Philadelphia Hospital for Women, Philadelphia,	81,283 67	50	550	2,250	1,152	149	1,499		17
Wilkes-Barre City Hospital, Wilkes-Barre,	176,044 42	130	1,747	692	1,144	355	248	87	78
Wills Hospital, Philadelphia,	161,950 00	110	889	17,146	889			62	70
Williamsport Hospital, Williamsport,	225,000 00	162	1,655	163	1,100	95	460	95	97
Women's Homeopathic Association Hospital, Philadelphia,	225,000 00	125	1,189	16,440	1,082	68	39	41	34
Women's Hospital, Philadelphia,	350,000 00	153	1,705	4,978	761	722	226	103	99
Women's Medical College Hospital, Philadelphia,	81,711 24	52	861	5,321	534	221	106	37	42
Women's Southern Homeopathic Hospital, Philadelphia,	19,700 00	39	408	1,995	169	170	69	24	21
York Hospital, York,	90,000 00	70	760	1,575	56	22	177	40	44
Total,	$21,807,551 15	12,045	137,472	756,963	82,870	20,541	40,799	7,184	7,296

NOTE.—Hospitals not shown herein failed to submit statistics.

The results shown by this table vary considerably. In the great majority of cases the cost exceeded the appropriation, the total cost of free days being $2,718,374.45 and the appropriations (to these hospitals) being $1,527,875. Only 21 hospitals received from the State more money than they expended in free treatment. As to some of these the excess was considerable in proportion to the amount of money appropriated. On the other hand, the excess of money spent in free treatment over appropriations varies greatly with the hospital. The Howard Hospital of Philadelphia, spent $83,388 in free treatment, and received only $5,000 from the State. The University of Pennsylvania Hospital spent $134,278.92, and received only $62,500. But as to thirteen hospitals the difference was less than $1,000. The table also shows an extremely varying unit of cost, running from $3.39 at the American Oncologic Hospital, Philadelphia, $3.70 at the DuBois Hospital, and $3.42 at the Packer Hospital at Sayre, to 63 cents at the Children's Hospital, Philadelphia, 95 cents at St. Francis Hospital, Pittsburg, and the like. This is the result of the higher cost of treating special diseases like cancer, and the greater cost of supplies in small hospitals in remote districts, as well as difference in equipment.

In estimating the cost of free hospital days an element must fairly be reckoned upon which does not appear in the reports to the Board of Public Charities. This is the expense of free dispensary work which in some hospitals is very much larger than the cost of treating patients in wards, which alone is taken in arriving at the cost of "free hospital days." For instance, it appears from the table (page 63), that the appropriation to the Medico-Chirurgical Hospital of Philadelphia, for the year ending May 31, 1909, was $30,239.10 in excess of the free hospital days. But this does not give a true idea of the charitable work of the hospital, as the partially free in-patients, accident, dispensary, electrical and X-ray patients are not included in this total. The total amount expended for charitable patients for the twelve months ending May 31, 1909, is $68,354.98. The Mount Sinai Hospital in Philadelphia, for example, for the year ending May 31, 1909, paid for free hospital days $24,823.26 and received a State appropriation of $10,000. It has only 34 beds, but its dispensary work extended to 51,474 patients. Methods of reckoning the cost of this work could be best determined by conference between the institutions involved and the Board of Public Charities, or the Department of State Charitable Institutions herein recommended (see page 99).

But even as to free hospital days, so called, the method of arriving at the cost varies with the bookkeeping methods of the institution. Owing to the inter-relation of expenses it is impossible to get an exact figure. Some institutions divide the total cost of maintenance by the number of hospital days, both pay and free, and get at the cost of free hospital days by multiplying the quotient by the number of free days. It is obvious that as the cost of pay patients is much greater than that of free patients the result considerably overstates the cost of free hospital days. Other institutions, notably the Jefferson Medical College Hospital, state separately the total cost of maintaining free hospital days by employing an arbitrary percentage method based, of course, upon general experience, but containing nevertheless an unascertainable element of error. This method recognizes that pay patients cost more than free patients. The remedy is in a uniform method of accounting, which can best be devised by the Board of Public Charities or proposed Department of State Charitable Institutions in conference with the institutions interested. The combined experience of all may give a percentage which will determine with fair accuracy the cost of free patients.

The State aid, therefore, to each private charitable institution should be in the form of a fixed sum for each day a free patient is treated therein, the sum to be specially determined for each institution according to its experience of cost in the past. The wide variation in the unit of cost above noted would prevent the use of an average unit, which would produce an even greater inequality than now exists. This sum also can best be fixed for each one by the State Department which shall have the supervision of charities in consultation with the institution (a similar work to that of which the result is given in the table already mentioned), and your Committee recommends that an application be required to be made to such Department for this purpose, and proper consideration and treatment thereof can then be had. As it is not possible to determine in advance how many free patients will be treated during the next two appropriation years, the sum should be calculated on the basis of the amount expended for the last two years. It will then operate as a reimbursement to the institution for money expended and this is in line with the present policy of all such appropriations, the law requiring that the money be spent and vouchers furnished before the State relief is given. The method is already provided by the Auditors of the State for checking the application of the money, and this work can be continued by the Department proposed. In order not to unduly increase appropriations to charity, only part of such cost should be assumed by the State, and your Committee recommends that State aid be confined to two-thirds of the sum so expended. Two-thirds of the cost of free hospital days in the hospitals reported to the Board of Public Charities is $1,812,249.62, and this exceeds the amount appropriated to those hospitals by only $284,374.62. It is the expectation of your Committee that the additional revenue necessary to make up this sum (to which must be added the additional sum which will go to the few hospitals not reporting) will be at hand.

As above shown the State bears part of the cost of maintaining the poor insane in local insane hospitals, as well as in State institutions. No State aid is extended to the sick poor in the institutions maintained by local public authorities.

Your Committee recommends that State aid should also be extended to these in the same way, that is, in proportion to free hospital days. Data are not available for determining the cost of this or the extent to which it would be possible with the existing revenue, but the principle is worthy of the earnest consideration of the Legislature.

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

It was the opinion of some expressed to your Committee that State charity could be better distributed through the means of State institutions than through aiding private charities. The practice of the States noted elsewhere in this report (page 48) shows that the Pennsylvania system in the extent to which it has gone, is the exception rather than the rule. Your Committee is of the opinion that there should be no radical change of our policy in this regard, and that the present system is the most efficient in the country.

Notwithstanding the failure of other States to follow to any extent along the lines of Pennsylvania, her system is, nevertheless, winning favor and has the approval of students of the subject. We may expect to see the system spread rather than to have it universally disapproved. The extent of the relief afforded may be seen from the table above (pages 46, 59). This immense amount of relief is of unquestioned advantage to the State. It is largely in aid of those to whom help in sickness is otherwise impossible. To withdraw it suddenly would be inhuman, and the State and county institutions are not equipped to either render the assistance or to bear the burden. If any change is to be made it should be by way of a very gradual reduction of the relief, say by reducing the proportion of the cost of free hospital days to which the State should contribute. Sudden readjustments of the ways in which the State money is expended are even more harmful than the sudden readjustment of the burden of raising it.

Yet there is no question that State institutions are necessary and that the first call upon the State Treasury for this purpose should be by those institutions which the State has undertaken, and which are dragging on unfinished and of no use. There are now four such in a partially finished state. The money which has been put into them has been idle, so far as actual help to anyone is concerned, from the date of the Acts creating them. These are the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble Minded and Epileptic, State Hospital for the Criminal Insane, State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Trevorton, Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields, and the Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane near Allentown. Of these the first (which is located at Spring City) has nearly 400 inmates, all males, and there is no provision for females, for which there is great need. This is only a small part of the accommodations intended to be afforded. The Rittersville Hospital is nearing completion. It was authorized in 1901,

and construction was commenced in 1904. The Commission has been insistent in their requests for money to complete, but it was diverted to other uses. In at least one case the appropriations for the construction of the Allentown Hospital asked for by the Commission for erecting it to enable it to complete it, and approved by the Legislature, have from the beginning been reduced by the Governor because, as stated in his veto reductions, there was not sufficient State revenue and this reduction was made though he had advocated in his message to the Legislature the completion of the institution, and recognizing the pressing need for the proper care of the insane, whilst at the same time there were approved large appropriations to institutions not under State control.

The Trevorton Hospital was given $60,000 by the Legislature of 1907, but only $30,000 was approved by the Governor. The Legislature of 1909 gave $75,000 for construction and $50,000 for maintenance and the Governor approved this for only $25,000 each. The work has therefore stopped for lack of funds. The Fairview Hospital was given $250,000 by the Legislature of 1909, and the Governor approved of only $100,000.

Your Committee earnestly urge upon the Legislature that sufficient moneys be appropriated at this session of the Legislature to at once complete these buildings and that this demand in its entirety be a preferred claim upon such part of the State revenue as should be devoted to charity. The appropriations at each session should be enough to carry on the work of each institution vigorously and continuously to the next session. Waste by deterioration and idle capital, to say nothing of the need of aid to the suffering, should not be permitted.

Secondary to these State institutions mentioned are local insane hospitals which receive State aid under the County Care Act, above mentioned. These deserve encouragement and it would be well to increase State aid to them and thus encourage further building, either by way of helping in erection or increasing the per capita cost of maintenance. The actual cost of maintenance is less than in State hospitals and the percentage of cures is greater as the patients have more out-door life and are more convenient to the visits of friends.

The weak-minded also need more State institutions than the three already mentioned. The institution at Spring City is intended for both weak-minded and epileptic. The Board of Public Charities has recommended, and your Committee endorses the recommendation, that this institution, which is nearing completion, be diverted solely to the care of the weak-minded and that provision be made elsewhere for the epileptic. Weak-minded persons who are scattered at large in great numbers (estimated at 18,000 in Pennsylvania) throughout the country are a menace to society and by themselves and their off spring recruit the largest part of the criminal and dependent classes.

The same conditions apply to the epileptic and an institution caring for 700 or 800 is now needed. In the insane hospitals, now overcrowded, are from 2,500 to 3,000 feeble-minded and epileptic people.

Tuberculous insane patients should be kept in a separate institution, and if the recommendation of the State Commissioner of Health be followed a hospital can be erected at Cresson upon ground already belonging to the State, in a particularly favorable locality.

Another need is the establishment of psychopathic wards attached to some of the large general hospitals in the cities where cases of neurasthenia, hysteria and other mental states not amounting to insanity, can be investigated and treated without the stigma attaching to residence in an insane asylum.

State institutions to take up the work of the local privately-maintained homes and refuges are also needed. There is no State institution for abandoned and neglected children or for wayward girls.

The cost of the principal additional State institutions needed is estimated as follows:

Hospital for the tuberculous insane, to be located at Cresson, $240,000.

Two psychopathic wards to be attached, one to a hospital in the East and the other to a hospital in the West, $80,000 each, or $160,000.

Farm Colony for Epileptics (the Spring City Institution to be devoted solely to the Feeble-Minded), $600,000.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

Part of the delay in the completion of State institutions may be traceable to the practice of creating a separate commission to build each institution. The object of this has been to commit such work to those most interested in the subject in the hope that the best results would be obtained, and whilst these commissions (of the present unfinished institutions) appear to have labored zealously, they have not been able to obtain the moneys to complete their several institutions. It appears to your Committee that if all of this work had been committed to the direction of one State Department, with power to appoint necessary architects, inspectors and employees, such Department representing the State directly would have secured the moneys needed and expedition in construction would have been obtained.

Your Committee therefore recommends that the commissions to erect the hospitals at Trevorton, Fairview and Spring City, be abolished and their power transferred to a State Department, and that the commission to erect the Homeopathic Insane Hospital near Allentown be given the sum necessary to complete immediately. The Allentown Hospital is so nearly completed that it can be finished by the present Commission before the Department could be organized. Acts to accomplish this are submitted herewith (see page 101).

The Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings, as now constituted by the organization of the Governor, Auditor General and State Treasurer, ex-officiis, has not the time and facilities for such a large work, in addition to the many duties of its members in their individual offices. The institutions are placed all over the State. The work really requires the attention of specialists in addition to the architect in immediate charge of each branch.

Much the same considerations apply to the Board of Public Charities as now constituted. Its members are business men serving gratuitously, and while their service has been devoted, they are scattered over the State, and it is a physical impossibility to give sufficient attention as a Board to the work now in hand. The work of erecting new buildings is not possible to them.

The Legislature of 1905 passed a well-considered bill creating a Department of State Charitable Institutions, which was vetoed by the Governor on the ground that it covered the same ground as the Board of Public Charities, which, nevertheless, was not abolished.

A comparison of the bill with the duties of that Board, and of the Committee on Lunacy, which is part of it, discloses that a great deal is omitted. The whole subject of lunacy, and the visitation of correctional and reformatory institutions, both State and local, would have remained to the Board. Your Committee believes that the best interests of the State would be served by entrusting all these matters to such a Department, and discontinuing the Board of Public Charities. No thought of inefficiency or wilful neglect enters into this recommendation. It is the product of the growth of our institutions to a point where a volunteer board has too much to do.

Accordingly the bill has been revised to include all the duties entrusted to the Board of Public Charities by the Act of 1869 (P. L. 90) and its supplements, and to the Committee on Lunacy by the Act of 1872 (P. L. 43), and its supplements, and the repeal of those Acts. The Committee on Lunacy, however, is to retain its membership of a lawyer and a physician with the addition of the Commissioners, and the aid of a Secretary. The administrative work will doubtless fall upon the official members, and at the same time the advice of the professional members will be available.

The Act revised as referred to, is submitted herewith (see page 105).

An Act to Abolish the Commission Created by an Act Entitled "An Act to Provide for the Selection of a Site and the Erection of a State Hospital for the Treatment and Care of the Criminal Insane, to be Called the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane, and Making an Appropriation Therefor," Approved May 11, 1905, and to Provide for the Completion of the Said Hospital by the Department of State Charitable Institutions, and Making an Appropriation Therefor.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted, etc., That the Commission created by the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Hospital for the treatment and care of the Criminal Insane, to be called the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane, and making an appropriation therefor," approved May 11, 1905, to select a site and build an institution for the treatment and care of the criminal insane of

the Commonwealth and certain other insane patients, be and the same is hereby abolished, to take effect one month after this Act goes into effect.

Sect. 2. The existing Commission shall within one month after this Act goes into effect, deliver to the Department of State Charitable Institutions all the records of its office and the tract or tracts of land and buildings in course of erection thereon, if any, selected for the said hospital. The said Department shall thereupon proceed to select such other suitable tract or tracts of land as may be necessary for the completion of said hospital and grounds; and said tract or tracts of land, so selected and the cost thereof, shall be approved in writing by the Governor before the purchase money shall be paid; and the deed or deeds for the same shall be taken in the name of the Commonwealth; but nothing herein contained shall prevent the said Department from receiving a deed to the Commonwealth, in fee, for any land donated for the purpose aforesaid. Said Department, subject to existing contracts of contractors and architects, shall proceed with the completion of the plan of said building or buildings and shall prepare such other plan or plans as may be necessary for the completion of said hospital, and shall have power to employ and fix the compensation of an architect and a superintendent of construction and such other persons as it may think necessary to employ to secure the proper and economical construction of said building or buildings. The money heretofore appropriated for the purchase of suitable lands for a site for said hospital and for the construction of the said hospital not heretofore expended and the money appropriated by this Act shall be expended under the direction of the said Department and shall be drawn from the Treasury as may be required for the erection and completion of said buildings and grounds on warrants signed by the Commissioner of State Charitable Institutions.

Sect. 3. Said Department of State Charitable Institutions, subject to existing contracts of contractors and architects, shall proceed to erect and complete said buildings, as soon as possible compatible with the economical, substantial and skillful execution of the work.

Sect. 4. Said Department of State Charitable Institutionsupon the completion of said hospital shall surrender its trust to "The Trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane."

Sect. 5. For the purpose of completing said hospital the sum of Six hundred thousand dollars is hereby appropriated annually for the years 1911 and 1912 to be drawn as herein before provided.

Sect. 6. All Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

An Act to Abolish the Commission Created by an Act Entitled "An Act to Provide for the Selection of a Site and the Erection of a State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic, to be Called the Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic, and Making an Appropriation Therefor," Approved May 15, 1903, and to Provide for the Completion of Said Institution by the Department of State Charitable Institutions, and Making an Appropriation Therefor."

Sect. 1. Be it enacted, etc., That the Commission created by the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic, to be called The Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic, and making an appropriation therefor," approved May 15, 1903, to select a site and build an institution for the care and maintenance of epileptics and idiots and feeble-minded persons of Eastern Pennsylvania, be and the same is hereby abolished, to take effect one month after this Act goes into effect.

Sect. 2. The existing Commission shall within one month after this Act goes into effect deliver to the Department of State Charitable Institutions all the records of its office and the tract or tracts of land and buildings in course of erection thereon, if any, selected for the said institution. The said Department shall thereupon proceed to select other suitable tract or tracts of land as may be necessary for the completion of said institution and grounds; and said tract or tracts of land, so selected, and the cost thereof, shall be approved in writing by the Governor before the purchase money shall be paid, and the deed or deeds for the same shall be taken in the name of the Commonwealth; but nothing herein contained shall prevent the said Department from receiving a deed to the Commonwealth in fee, for any land donated for the purpose aforesaid. Said Department of State Charitable Institutions subject to existing contracts of contractors and architects, shall proceed with the completion of the plan of said building or buildings, and shall prepare such other plan or plans as may be necessary for the completion of said institution, and shall have power to employ and fix the compensation of the superintendent of construction and such other persons as it may think necessary to employ to secure the proper and economical construction of said building or buildings. The money heretofore appropriated for the purchase of suitable land for a site for said institution and for the construction of the said institution not heretofore expended and the money appropriated by this Act, shall be expended under the direction of the said Department of State Charitable Institutions and shall be drawn from the Treasury as may be required for the erection and completion of said buildings and grounds on warrants signed by the Commissioner of State Charitable Institutions.

Sect. 3. Said Department of State Charitable Institutions shall proceed to erect said buildings and complete the same as soon as possible compatible with the economical, substantial and skillful execution of the work with such funds as may be appropriated, from time to time, by the Legislature.

Sect. 4. Said Department of State Charitable Institutions upon the completion of the said institution shall surrender its trust to "The Trustees of the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Eastern Pennsylvania."

Sect. 5. For the purpose of completing said institution the sum of Seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($750,000) is hereby appropriated annually for the years 1911 and 1912, to be drawn as hereinbefore provided.

Sect. 6. All Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

An Act to Abolish the Office of Commissioner Created by An Act Entitled "An Act to Provide for the Selection of a Site and the Erection of a State Hospital for Injured Persons to be Located at or Near Shamokin, in the County of Northumberland, to be Called a State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Treverton, Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields, and for the Management of the Same, and Making an Appropriation Therefor," Approved June 13, 1907, and to Provide for the Completion of the Said Hospital by the Department of State Charitable Institutions, and Making an Appropriation Therefor.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted, etc., That the office of Commissioners created by an Act entitled "An Act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Hospital for injured persons, to be located at or near Shamokin, in the county of Northumberland, to be called a State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Treverton, Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields, and for the management of the same, and making an appropriation therefor," approved June 13, 1907, to select a site and build a hospital for injured persons to be located at or near Shamokin, in the county of Northumberland, be, and the same is hereby abolished, to take effect one month after this Act goes into effect.

Sect. 2. The existing Commissioners shall within one month after this Act goes into effect deliver to the Department of State Charitable Institutions all the records of the office and the tract or tracts of land and buildings in the course of erection thereon, if any, selected for the said hospital. The said Department shall thereupon proceed to select such other tract or tracts of land at or near Shamokin in Northumberland county as may be necessary for the completion of the said hospital and grounds, which shall be approved by the Governor in writing, and the deeds for the same shall be taken in the name of the Commonwealth in fee. Said Department, subject to existing contracts of contractors and architects, shall proceed with the completion of the plan of said building or buildings, and shall have power to employ and fix the compensation of the superintendent of construction of said buildings and such other persons as they may think necessary to employ to secure the proper and economical construction of said building or buildings. The money heretofore appropriated for the construction of the said hospital not heretofore expended and the money appropriated by this Act shall be expended under the direction of the said Department and shall be drawn from the Treasury as may be required for the erection of said buildings on warrants signed by the Commissioner of State Charitable Institutions.

Sect. 3. Said Department of State Charitable Institutions shall proceed to erect and complete said buildings as soon as possible compatible with economical substantial and skillful execution of the work.

Sect. 4. Said Department of State Charitable Institutions upon the completion of said hospital shall surrender their trust to "The Trustees of the State Hospital of the Treverton, Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields of Pennsylvania."

Sect. 5. For the purpose of completing said hospital the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars ($75,000) is hereby appropriated annually for the years 1911 and 1912 to be drawn as hereinbefore provided.

Sect. 6. All Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

An Act Creating a Department of State Charitable Institutions and a Committee on Lunacy, Subject to the Department, defining the Duties of Eeach With Respect to State Institutions and Charitable, Reformatory and Correctional Institutions, Jails, Prisons, Alms, Poor and Work Houses, and the Treatment and Detention of the Insane, and Making an Appropriation Therefor; Regulating the Treatment and Detention of the Insane; and Abolishing the Board of Public Charities and the Present Committee on Lunacy.

Section 1. Be it enacted, etc., That there is hereby established a separate and distinct Department, to be known as the Department of State Charitable Institutions, the Commissioner of which said Department shall have charge of the erection of all new State institutions, and supervision of all charitable institutions, entirely or partly supported and maintained by State appropriations, as to their affairs of all kinds, and of reformatory and correctional institutions, hospitals and houses in which the insane are placed for treatment or detention, city and county jails or prisons, and alms, poor and work houses.

Section 2. The chief officer of the Department of State Charitable Institutions shall be denominated the Commissioner of State Charitable Institutions. He shall be appointed by the Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and shall hold his office for four years, and until his successor shall be duly qualified, and he shall receive an annual salary of six thousand dollars ($6,000), payable quarterly by a warrant drawn by the Auditor-General upon the State Treasurer. He shall appoint one deputy, who shall perform the duties attached by law to the office of Commissioner of State Charitable Institutions, during the absence or inability of the Commissioner, and such other duties as may be assigned him, whose salary shall be twenty-five hundred dollars ($2,500) per annum, payable in the same manner as that of the Commissioner, and shall give to the Commonwealth a bond in the penalty of ten thousand dollars ($10,000), with one or more sureties to be approved by the Governor, conditioned for the proper and faithful performance of his duties. The Commissioner shall also appoint three clerks, one of whom shall be a trained stenographer, at an annual salary of fourteen hundred dollars ($1,400) each, who shall discharge such duties as he shall assign them, and whose salary shall be paid monthly, by warrant drawn by the Auditor-General upon the State Treasurer. He shall also appoint one messenger, who shall receive a salary of nine hundred dollars ($900.00) per annum, to be paid in the same manner as the salaries of the clerks. The Commissioner of State Charitable Institutions may also, from time to time, appoint examiners, in such number as may be necessary for the proper conduct of the business of the Department, not to exceed six in number, who shall receive, when actually employed in making examinations of the affairs of the various institutions of the State, under the order of the said Commissioner, not to exceed eight dollars ($8.00) per day, and also actual expenses incurred in making such examinations; which compensations and expenses shall be paid by warrant drawn by the Auditor-General upon the State Treasurer. Within fifteen days from the time of the notice of their appointment, the Commissioner and his deputy shall take and subscribe the oath of office prescribed by the Constitution, and file the same

the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth; and the nmissioner shall also give to the Commonwealth a bond in the nalty of twenty thousand dollars ($20,000), with two or more ..ties to be approved by the Governor, and conditioned for the ithful performance of his duties.

Section 3. The Department shall be provided by the proper thorities, with suitably furnished offices at the State Capitol.

Section 4. It shall be the duty of the said Commissioner of ate Charitable Institutions to visit each of the said charitable, formatory or correctional institutions within the State, receivinate aid, and each of the city and county jails and prisons, and ms, poor and work houses, at least twice in every calendar year, d to examine into the condition of all buildings, grounds and her property connected with such institutions and of all matters lating to its management, financial or otherwise; and for such rpose he shall have free access to the grounds and buildings, all oks, papers, property and supplies, of any such institution; and l persons connected with any such institution shall give such formation and afford such facilities for such examination and quiry as the Commissioner may require. The examiners apnted by him shall have the same powers of investigation and ght of access in all of the said institutions under the control of ie Department. The Commissioner and Deputy Commissioner of ie said Department and the examiners appointed by its Comissioner, are each hereby authorized to administer oaths in camining any person or persons relative to any matters conected with the inquiries authorized by this Act.

Section 5. The said Commissioner of the Department of State haritable Institutions shall prepare a series of inquiries, with ecessary accompanying blanks, to the several institutions of harity, reformation and correction, in the State, and to those aving charge of the poor in the several counties thereof, and ny sub-division of the same, with a view to illustrate in his nnual report the causes and best treatment of pauperism, crime, isease and insanity; he shall also return and publish in his said eport all desirable information concerning industrial and maerial interests of the Commonwealth bearing on this subject.

Section 6. It shall be the duty of all persons having charge r oversight over the poor in any city or county of this State, r in any sub-division thereof, and all persons having charge or ontrol of county jails or prisons or work houses, and of all other ersons having charge or control over any other charitable, reormatory or correctional institutions not now by law required to nake an annual report of the condition of the same, to make eport, annually, to the said Commissioner of the Department of State Charitable Institutions at such time and in such manner as ie shall prescribe, of such facts and statements concerning the ame as he may require, and all charitable, reformatory and orrectional institutions now required by law to make annual eports, shall hereafter make and transmit the same to the said Commissioner on or before the first day of December in each ear.

Section 7. The statements required to be made by the inspectors, sheriffs or other person having charge of any penitentiary or jail within this State, under the provisions of the first section of the Act approved the twenty-seventh day of February, one housand eight hundred and forty-seven, entitled "An Act requiring inspectors of prisons, sheriffs, prothonotaries, and clerks of criminal courts and others to make annual returns to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and for other purposes" shall hereafter be made to the Department of State Charitable Institutions; and it shall be the duty of the inspectors, sheriffs and other persons having charge of any penitentiary or jail within this Commonwealth to keep the records of the penitentiary or jail in their charge after forms to be prepared for and furnished them by the said Department of State Charitable Institutions so that the information and statistics intended to be obtained under the first section of the Act of the twenty-seventh day of February, one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, and such other information and statistics as the said Department of State Charitable Institutions may deem necessary, may be presented with accuracy and uniformity.

Section 8. It shall be the duty of the said inspectors, sheriffs and other persons to make return of the statements required by the seventh section of this Act to the said Department of State Charitable Institutions within ten days after the first days of January, April, July and October, in each year if required by said Department, for each of which statements the officer making the same shall receive the sum of ten dollars, to be paid out of the county funds of the county for which said statement shall be made, and upon the neglect or refusal to make such statements in the manner and at the times required by this Act, such inspector, sheriff or other person so neglecting or refusing, shall forfeit and pay a fine of not more than $100.00 to be sued for and collected by the Commissioner in the name of the Department of State Charitable Institutions for the use of the Commonwealth.

Section 9. It shall be the duty of the Overseers and Directors of the Poor, or other persons having charge of the poor in the several counties, cities, boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth, and of all directors and managers of charitable and correctional institutions of the Commonwealth receiving State aid, to keep their records after the manner and in the form to be prescribed by the Department of State Charitable Institutions, and to make returns thereof to said Department at such times as they may direct; and in default thereof, the person or persons so offending shall forfeit and pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, to be sued for and collected by the Commissioner, in the name of the Department of State Charitable Institutions, for the use of the Commonwealth.

Section 10. That before any county prison or county almshouse shall be erected within this Commonwealth, the plan of construction of such prison or almshouse, drawn sufficiently in detail for clear comprehension thereof, shall be submitted by the Commissioners of the county in which the same is to be built to the Department of State Charitable Institutions, and shall be inspected and approved by said Department, and so certified by the Commissioner of said Department upon the plan, a copy of which shall be furnished by the Commissioners at the time of their submitting the original as aforesaid, and shall be signed by the Commissioner of the said Department, and shall be filed and remain in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth; and that so much of the first section of the Act of April eighth, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, as requires the report of plans of county prisons to be made to and approved by the Secretary of the Commonwealth, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Section 11. It shall also be the duty of the Commissioner to make a biennial report to the Legislature of all matters connected with his Department and said institutions and the financial management thereof as he may deem necessary, covering the two years ending November thirtieth preceding. He shall make like special reports to the Legislature when requested by either House or any Committee thereof, and like reports to the Governor on the first days of January and July in each year with such suggestions as he deems proper.

Section 12. All charitable institutions not wholly managed and maintained by the State desiring to receive State aid for construction, improvement or maintenance shall before the first day of October of each year immediately preceding the biennial session of the Legislature inform the said Commissioner, in writing of the sum asked to be appropriated therefor and the purposes for which required; together with such minutely detailed information under oath as he may require to determine the cost of free hospital, dispensary and all other kinds of service therein and the amount thereof during the two years then next preceding; provided that such information already furnished may be taken in whole or in part as the information now required. Upon the receipt thereof the Commissioner, after such investigation and consultation with the managers of such institutions as he may deem necessary, shall determine and advise the Legislature in his report of the said cost and the amount thereof according to the different kinds of service, and this shall form the basis of the appropriation to such institution for maintenance by the Legislature for the two following years.

Section 13. The Department of State Charitable Institutions shall have supervision over all houses or places in which any person of unsound mind is detained, whenever the occupant of the house or person having charge of the lunatic receives any compensation for the custody, control or attendance, other than as an attendant or nurse, and also of all houses or places in which more than one such person is detained with or without compensation paid for custody or attendance.

Section 14. The Commissioner of the Department of State Charitable Institutions, a member of the bar of at least ten years' standing and a practicing physician of at least ten years' standing shall act as a Committee on Lunacy, which Committee shall at all times be subject to the authority and control of the Department of State Charitable Institutions. The two professional members shall be appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate after the passage of this Act for a term of five years or upon any vacancies occurring by death or resignation for the unexpired term of such appointment, or on expiration of the term of service, and the Governor upon sufficient cause may in his discretion remove any member from the office. The Committee shall choose a Chairman from their number and a person to serve as Secretary for the current year and annually thereafter in November. Two members shall constitute a quorum of the Committee. The Secretary shall receive an annual salary of three thousand dollars, with necessary incidental expenses, to be accompanied with proper vouchers payable quarterly by the State Treasurer, and he may be removed at the pleasure of the Committee.

Section 15. The report of the said Committee on Lunacy shall be published annually with that of the Department of State Charitable Institutions.

Section 16. The Department shall have power, from time to time, with the consent of the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court and of the Attorney-General, to ordain rules and regulations on the following matters, so far as the same are not inconsistent with any laws of this Commonwealth then in force, and of any provisions of this Act:

(1). The licensing of all houses or places in which any person can be lawfully detained as a lunatic, or of unsound mind, upon compensation paid to or received by the owner or occupant of such house or place, directly or indirectly, for the care of such lunatic, and also of all houses or places in which more than one person of unsound mind is detained, or resides: Provided, That this clause shall not extend to any jail or prison: And provided also, That the Department, with consent as aforesaid, may, from time to time, exempt any particular hospital established by the State, or under any municipal authority, or any eleemosynary institution from the obligation to apply for or obtain a license, and no such institution now existing shall be required to take out a license until required to do so by the Department, with the consent aforesaid.

(2). Regulations to insure the proper treatment of persons detained in any house or place, whether licensed or not, that are subject to the provisions of this Act, and to guard against improper or unnecessary detention of such persons.

(3). Regulations of the forms to be observed warranting the commitment, transfer of custody, and discharge of all lunatics, other than those committed by order of a Court of Record, and as to these with the consent of the Presiding Judge of the Court under whose order the person is detained.

(4). The visitation of all houses or places licensed under this Act, or in which any persons are detained as lunatics, and of all persons detained therein.

(5). The withdrawal of such licenses, and the imposition of conditions under which they shall continue.

(6). Reports and information to be furnished by the manager or managers of all houses or places for the detention or treatment of the insane which are subject to the provisions of this Act, and by Boards of Visitors.

(7). Regulations as to the number of persons that may be detained, and the accommodations to be provided, and food, clothing, fuel to be furnished, in any house or building, subject to the provisions of this Act, the manner of such detention, and the restraints imposed, the means of communication by those detained, with relatives, friends and other persons outside the houses and places of detention.

Section 17. There shall be appointed Boards of Visitors of all houses or places, licensed under this Act, or in which any person of unsound mind is detained and for the care and custody of whom compensation of any kind is received or where

more than one such person is detained. One such Board shall be appointed in every county in which there is a house or place, subject to the provisions of this Act, of not less than three persons, and in each county where there are more than one such house or place, the number constituting the Board of Visitors of such county shall be increased in the discretion of the Committee on Lunacy.

Section 18. The members of the Boards of Visitors shall be appointed by the Department of State Charitable Institutions in each year, and shall continue until their successors are appointed, and the Department may remove the visitors, and fill vacancies in the office.

Section 19. Women may be appointed members of the Boards of Visitors, and at least once a year these Boards shall be filled so that members who have failed to act shall be removed.

Section 20. It shall not be lawful for any person or persons or corporations, not exempted from the obligation to obtain a license under this Act, to keep or maintain a house or place for the reception or custody of persons of unsound mind, without having received a license under this Act; nor when such license has expired or been withdrawn or suspended, and the manager and occupant of any such house, within which more than one person shall be detained, as being a person of unsound mind, for compensation received, and the manager and occupant of any such house or place wherein more than one person is received and detained, with or without compensation, and while there is no license in force authorizing the keeping of such a house or place, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 21. Any person having charge or control of any house or place subject to the provisions of this Act, used for the detention, care or custody of a lunatic, who shall violate or omit to observe any regulation of the Committee on Lunacy, authorized by this Act, after a copy of the same has been left at the said house or place or delivered to the person named in the license, or to the manager of such house, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor; and all common law rights of action or indictments are also reserved.

Section 22. The Department of State Charitable Institutions shall, from time to time, provide for an effectual visitation of all persons confined as insane in all places over which they are given jurisdiction by this Act, and an inspection of such houses or places of confinement, and of the mode of treatment of the insane.

Section 23. And the Department shall make rules to insure to the patients the admission of all proper visitors, being members of their family, or personal friends, agents or attorneys, and compel obedience to such regulations.

Section 24. The detention of any person as insane in any house or place, made subject to the provisions of this Act, without compliance with the requisitions of this Act, shall be a misdemeanor on the part of any person concerned in such detention, who has omitted or permitted the omission of any of the requirements, and the party aggrieved shall also be entitled to his action for damages.

Section 25. No verdict or judgment shall be entered in any action, nor shall any judgment be entered on any indictment for such detention, as against any person or persons who are subject to the regulations and provisions of this Act, who shall have complied with the requirements of this Act; unless the Judge, after trial and verdict, shall certify that there was proof, to his satisfaction, that the party charged acted with gross negligence or corruptly, or that he acted without reasonable or probable cause, or was actuated by motives other than the good of the person restrained .

Section 26. In all buildings or establishments where an insane person is detained, which are subject to the provisions of this Act, there shall be kept the following books, which shall be at all times open to the inspection of any member of the Committee on Lunacy, or the Board of Visitors of the proper county:

An admission book.

A discharge book.

A case book in which there shall be regularly entered all the facts, bearing on each patient and his case.

A medical journal in which there shall be, at least once a week, a statement written of all matters which are of special importance, bearing on the treatment and condition of the patients.

Section 27. No person shall be received as a patient for treatment or for detention into any house or place, where more than one insane person is detained, or into any house or place where one or more insane persons are detained for compensation, without a certificate signed by, at least, two physicians, resident in this Commonwealth, who have been actually in the practice of medicine for at least five years, both of whom shall certify that they have examined separately the person alleged to be insane, and after such examination had, do verily believe that the person is insane, and that the disease is of a character, which, in their opinion, requires that the person should be placed in a hospital or other establishment where the insane are detained for care and treatment, and that they are not related by blood or marriage to the person alleged to be insane, nor in any way connected as a medical attendant, or otherwise, with the hospital or other establishment, in which it is proposed to place such person.

Section 28. The certificate above provided for shall have been made within one week of the examination of the patient, and within two weeks of the time of the admission of the patient, and shall be duly sworn to or affirmed before anyone authorized to administer oaths by the laws of this Commonwealth, who shall certify to the genuineness of the signatures, and to the standing and good repute of the signers. And any person falsely certifying as aforesaid shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and also liable civilly to the party aggrieved.

Section 29. No person alleged to be insane shall be received into any house for treatment or for detention, unless at the time of such reception the person or persons, at whose instance the person is received, shall, by a writing signed, state that the person has been removed, and is to be detained at his or her request, under the belief that such detention is necessary and for the benefit of the insane person.

Section 30. There shall also be delivered to the person persons having the supervision or charge of house, a writte statement of the following facts relative to the person to detained, signed by the person or persons at whose instan the insane person has been removed and detained, or if t facts be not known it shall be so stated.

(1). The name.

(2). Age.

(3). Residence for the past year, or so much thereof is known.

(4). Occupation, trade or employment.

(5). Parents, if living.

(6). Husband or wife.

(7). Children.

(8). Brothers and sisters, and the residence of each of thes persons.

(9). If not more than one of these classes is known, th names and residences of such of the next degree of relative as are known.

(10). A statement of the time at which the insanity ha been supposed to exist, and the circumstances that induce th belief that insanity exists.

(11). Name and address of all medical attendants of th patient during the last two years.

Section 31. Should the person in charge of the house hav reason to believe that any of these statements have bee omitted through ignorance, and that the answers will b immediately furnished, and no reason existing to doubt th good faith of the parties, after inquiring of the person intende to be detained, it shall be lawful to detain the person allege to be insane for such further period as shall be necessary t obtain the said statements complete, but not exceeding seve days.

Section 32. Within twenty-four hours after any person received into any house for detention as an insane person, th person in charge there shall enter or have entered in a boo kept for that purpose all the facts stated in the certificate documents required to be exhibited at the time of receiving th patient, and shall file the originals and preserve them. Th regular medical attendant of the house shall, within twenty four hours after the reception of any patient, examine suc patient and reduce to writing the results of such examinatio and enter the same upon a book to be kept for that purpos together with the opinion formed from such examination, an from the documents received with the patient.

Section 33. In case the said medical attendant is of th opinion that a detention is not necessary for the benefit of th patient, he shall notify the person or persons at whose in stance the patient is detained, and unless such person shal without a delay not exceeding seven days, exhibit satisfactor proof of such necessity, the patient shall be discharged fro the house and restored to his family or friends.

Section 34. At the time of such examination, the medica attendant shall himself cause the patient distinctly to under stand, if he or she is capable of doing so, that if he or sh desires to see or otherwise communicate with any person o persons, means will be provided for such interview or com munication, and said attendant shall personally see that prope means are taken to communicate this fact to the person o persons indicated by the patient, and any proper person or per sons, not exceeding two, shall be permitted to have a full an unrestrained interview with the patient.

Section 35. The statements furnished at the time of th reception of the patient (and of the examination of the patien by the medical attendant of the house) shall be forwarded b mail to the address of the Committee on Lunacy, within seve days from the time of the reception of the patient, which sha by them be entered in a book which they shall keep for thi purpose, and at least once in six months there shall be a re port made by the medical attendant of the house, on th condition of each patient, together with such other matter relative to the case, as the said Committee may require; an at any time such report shall be made upon the request of th Secretary of the Committee on Lunacy.

Section 36. During the detention of any person as insane any medical practitioner designated by him, or by any mem ber of his family, or "near friend," with the sanction of Judge of a Court of Record of the county in which such in sane person resided at the time of his removal and detention shall be permitted, at all reasonable hours, to visit and ex amine the patient; and such medical attendant shall, unles objected to by the patient, be permitted by request of his o her family, or "near friend," and with the consent of th physician in chief of the establishment, to attend the patien for all maladies other than insanity, in the same manner a if the patient were in his own home.

Section 37. All persons detained as insane shall be furnishe with materials and reasonable opportunity, in the discretion of the superintendent or manager, for communicating, unde seal, with any person without the building, and such commun ication shall be stamped and mailed. They shall have the un restricted privilege of addressing communications, if they s desire, not oftener than once a month, to any member of th Committee on Lunacy.

Section 38. The provisions of this Act in respect of the ad mission or discharge of patients, shall not extend to insan criminals in custody. Such persons shall not be received ex cept when delivered by a sheriff of the county or his deputy together with an order of the Court of the county in which h was arrested or convicted, having jurisdiction of the offense under the seal of the Court and signed by a law judge. No shall such criminals be discharged from a hospital or othe place of detention for the insane, saving on a like order, an to the sheriff or his deputy producing such an order, and while detained as an insane person, such criminal shall be so kept a to insure his detention until duly discharged. Whenever an person detained in any goal or prison is insane, or in such a condition as to require treatment in a hospital for the insane it shall be the duty of any law Judge of the Court, unde

ose order the person is detained, upon application, to direct inquiry into the circumstances, either by a commission, or erwise, as he shall deem proper, with notice to the Com-ttee on Lunacy; and if the Judge shall be satisfied that the son confined requires treatment in a hospital, he shall reupon direct the removal of the said person from the gaol or rson to a State hospital, which order shall be executed by e sheriff of the county or his deputy, and the actual ex-ises of such removal, and the expenses of maintaining the rson in the hospital, shall be paid by the county liable for e maintenance of the said person in the gaol or prison from ich he is removed.

Section 39. The trustees, managers and physician of any hos-al, in which a criminal is confined by order of any Court, in which a lunatic has been committed after an acquittal crime, shall not discharge, release or remove the prisoner lunatic without the order of a Court of competent juris-tion; and in case such lunatic, whether a convict or ac-itted, is not set at large but is to be removed to any place custody other than a hospital, the order for removal shall be made without notice to the Committee on Lunacy, and ne given them to investigate the case, and be heard on the plication.

Section 40. All persons that have been detained as insane ther than criminal insane, duly convicted and sentenced by Court) shall, as soon as they are restored to reason and are mpetent to act for themelves, in the opinion of the medical tendant of the house, be forthwith discharged; and any per-n so detained shall, at all times, be entitled to a writ of abeas corpus for the determination of this question, and the hearing the respondent in that writ shall be required to ay the costs and charges of the proceedings unless the Judge all certify that there was sufficient ground, in his opinion, to arrant the detention, and put the petitioner to his writ; in se the discharged patient be in indigent circumstances, such rson shall be furnished with necessary raiment, and with nds sufficient for sustenance and travel to his home, to be harged to the county from which such patient was committed.

Section 41. The Committee on Lunacy shall be notified of ll discharges within seven days thereafter, and a record of he same shall be kept by the Committee.

Section 42. The Committee on Lunacy may, at any time, rder and compel the discharge of any person detained as in-ane (other than a person committed after trial and convic-ion for crime, or by order of Court). But such order shall ot be made, unless notice be given to the person having harge of the building in which the patient is detained, and to he person or persons at whose instance the patient is detained, nd reasonable opportunity given them to justify a further etention, and the Committee shall not sign an order of dis-harge, unless they have personally attended and examined he case of the patient.

Section 43. Persons voluntarily placing themselves in any of he houses provided for in this Act, and who may be suffering rom nervous diseases threatening mental disorder, may be re-eived for a period of one month or less, by an agreement, which shall also specify the time, signed by them at the time f admission, and they may renew said agreement at the end f one month, but no agreement shall be deemed to authorize heir remaining, unless signed in the presence of some adult ersons attending as a friend of the person applying in the resence of and also by the medical attendant.

Section 44. So much of the Act, entitled "An Act to provide for the admission of certain classes of the insane into hospitals for the insane, in this Commonwealth and their discharge therefrom," approved the twentieth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, number fifty-four, of the pamphlet laws of that year; as provides, "that insane persons may be placed in a hospital for the insane by their legal guardians, or by their relatives or friends in case they have no guardians, but never without the certificate of two or more reputable physicians, after a personal examination made within one week of the date thereof, and this certificate to be duly acknowledged and sworn to or affirmed before some magistrate or judicial officer who shall certify to the genuineness of the signature, and to the respectability of the signed," is amended, and the persons thereby authorized to place an insane person in a hospital, are required to observe the forms and conditions, required by this Act, in exercising the powers conferred by the said Act of the twentieth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, when the insane person is placed in any house, hospital or place, which is subject to the provisions of this Act.

Section 45. So much of said Act, as provides by section second "that it shall be unlawful, and be deemed a misdemeanor in law punishable by fine of not exceeding one hundred dollars, for any superintendent, officer, physician, or other employe of any insane asylum, to intercept, delay or interfere with, in any manner whatsoever, the transmission of any letter or other written communication, addressed to an inmate of any insane asylum to his or her counsel, residing in the county in which the home of the patient is, or in the city or county in which the asylum is located," is hereby amended so that the same shall extend to the superintendents, officers, physicians, servants or other employees of all hospitals, houses or places for the treatment or detention of the insane which are subject to the provisions of this Act.

Section 46. So much of the said Act as provides by section ten. "If the superintendent or officer of any hospital for the insane, shall receive any person into the hospital after full compliance with the provisions of this Act, no responsibility shall be incurred by them for any detention in the hospital," as applies to the superintendent or officers of any hospital house or place made subject to the provisions of this Act, is repealed and in place of the provisions of that Act, for the protection of such superintendents or officers, the provisions of this Act for that purpose are substituted.

Section 47. The managers and officers of any hospital or licensed house or place, shall not be liable to the penalties imposed by this Act, and shall be entitled to all the protection of this Act, in case of receiving for detention a lunatic, or alleged lunatic, without complying with the requisitions of the Act, if the judge trying the cause shall certify that the said officers and managers had good reason to believe that such receiving and detention were necessary for the safety of the lunatic, or other persons, and, that the delay required to comply with the requirements of this Act would have been injurious to the person detained or to other persons, and that there is no reason to believe that they, or any of them, were actuated by improper motives. And within forty-eight hours after any person is thus received, all the requisitions of this Act to authorize detention shall have been complied with, or the person discharged from custody, and the officers of the hospital, or place where such lunatic has been thus received, shall forthwith notify the Department of State Charitable Institutions of the facts connected with the reception and detention.

Section 48. Whenever any person shall be found by inquisition to be insane, the committee of the person or of the estate, and also the clerk of the court into which the inquisition has been returned, shall thereupon forthwith send to the Committee on Lunacy at their principal office, a statement in writing, signed by the committee of the lunatic, of the name, age, sex, and residence of the lunatic, and the residence of the committee, and upon any change in the residence or place of detention of the lunatic, shall forthwith notify the Committee on Lunacy of such change. The Committee on Lunacy, or any one or more of the members of the committee, shall have power to visit and examine the said lunatic, and authorize such visiting and examination by their secretary, or any board of visitors, or one or more members thereof, and by a physician, and the said committee are authorized to apply to any court, having jurisdiction over the committee, or to a Judge of a Court of Common Pleas, of the county in which the lunatic is a resident or detained, to make such orders for the maintenance, custody or care of the said lunatic, and for the care and disposition of the property of a lunatic, as the case may require. From any order final or otherwise, thus made, an appeal may be taken to the Supreme Court, but such appeal shall not be a supersedeas, unless so ordered by the Court making the order, or by a Judge of the Supreme Court, on application and a hearing.

Section 49. The Committee on Lunacy are hereby authorized and empowered to transfer any such indigent insane persons in county poor houses or almshouses or otherwise in the custody of the directors or overseers of the poor, to the State hospitals for the insane for care and treatment, and at its discretion to transfer any such indigent insane persons from the State hospitals or asylums to the poorhouses, almshouses or prisons of the several counties chargeable for the maintenance, or upon being satisfied that any of the State hospitals for the insane are overcrowded, to transfer patients or inmates from one State hospital for the insane to another. The costs of such transfer shall be paid out of the general appropriation for the care of the insane and upon certificate of the Committee on Lunacy that such transfer has been made, and of its cost. The municipalities or persons liable to the institutions to which the commitment was made shall, after this transfer, be liable to the hospital for the insane to which such transfer shall be made.

Section 50. The expense of the care and treatment of the indigent insane, in the State hospitals for the insane, is hereby fixed at the uniform rate of one dollar and seventy-five cents per week for each person, including clothing, chargeable to the respective counties or poor districts from which such insane shall come; and the excess over said one dollar and seventy-five cents shall be paid by the State, but in no case shall said excess exceed two dollars and fifty cents per week for each indigent insane person.

Section 51. Poor districts in this Commonwealth, which have supplied or may hereafter supply a hospital for the care and treatment of the indigent insane according to plans and specifications approved by the Department of State Charitable Institutions, which said insane hospital shall be provided with all the modern appliances for the treatment of the insane, with a medical superintendent of experience in the treatment of mental diseases and who shall be in actual practice for at least five years, in which the said insane are attended by trained and skilled nurses and in every way receive the same care and attention as they would receive in any State hospital for the insane, shall hereafter be entitled to the same allowance for the care and treatment for the indigent insane as is herein given to State hospitals for the insane.

Section 52. Any county, municipality, borough, or township of this Commonwealth, which now has, or may hereafter supply, erect and equip, a suitable institution for the maintenance, care and treatment of its indigent insane, upon plans and specifications approved in writing by the Department of State Charitable Institutions shall receive from the State Treasurer the sum of two (2) dollars per week for every indigent insane person of such county, municipality, borough or township, so maintained, who has been legally adjudged to be insane and committed to such institution, or who may be transferred from a State hospital for the insane to such local institution; Provided, That the Department of State Charitable Institutions shall be satisfied that the quality and equipment of such institution and the manner of care and treatment therein furnished is proper and suitable to the class or classes of the indigent insane so maintained, and shall so certify to the Auditor General before any such payment shall be made.

Section 53. Superintendent and Trustees of each of the State charitable, reformatory or correctional institutions, entirely or partially supported by State aid, shall, on or before the fifteenth day of May, August, November and February, if so directed by the Commissioner, cause to be prepared estimates, in triplicate, giving in minute detail all the expenses required for the institution for the ensuing three months, to be paid for out of moneys appropriated by the State; two of such triplicate estimates shall be sent to the Commissioner, and the other retained on file in the office of the institution. The Commissioner may cause such estimates to be revised, either as to quantity or quality of supplies, and the estimated cost thereof, and shall certify that he has carefully examined the same, and that the articles contained in such estimate, so approved

or revised by him, are actually required for the use of the institution; and shall, thereupon, present such estimate and certificate to the Auditor General. Whereupon the Auditor General shall authorize the Board of Managers or Trustees or other managing officers of such institutions to make drafts on him, as the money may be required for the purposes mentioned in such estimates, and such drafts shall be paid, on the warrant of the Auditor General, out of the funds in the State Treasury appropriated for the support of such institutions. In every such estimate there shall be a sum named, not to exceed 5 per centum of the amount drawn from the State during the preceding quarter, as a contingent fund, for which no minute detailed statement need be made. No expenditures shall be made from such contingent fund except in case of actual emergency, requiring immediate action, and which cannot be averted without loss or danger to the institution or the inmates thereof. The treasurer of such institution shall not pay accounts for goods furnished, and salaries of officers or employes, out of any moneys appropriated by the State, without the certificate of the Superintendent of such institution, and the approval of the Commissioner. Nor shall the treasurer of any such institution pay accounts for supplies furnished to officers or employes, out of such moneys, except on the certificate of the superintendent that the same are drawn from the ordinary supplies provided for the general use of the institution. No person other than patients, officers or employes of such institutions, and the families of the superintendent, medical officers or stewards, necessarily residing therein, shall be allowed rooms or maintenance in such institutions, except at a rate to be fixed by the Auditor General and the Commissioner, with the approval of the Governor.

Section 54. The treasurer of each charitable reformatory or correctional institution receiving State aid, shall, on or before the fifteenth day of June, September, December and March, make to the Commissioner a full and perfect statement of all receipts and expenditures of State moneys used, specifying the several items for the last preceding quarter, and such statement shall be verified by the affidavit of the treasurer, attached thereto, in the following form:

I..... treasurer of the ..... do solmenly swear that I have deposited in the bank all the moneys appropriated by the State, and received by me on account of such.....during the last quarter, and I do further swear that the foregoing is a true abstract of all such moneys received and expenses incurred by me, or under my direction, as such treasurer, during the quarter ending on the .....day of....., 19....

Section 55. There shall be attached to such treasurer's statement of State moneys so received and expended, the affidavit of the superintendent, steward, or other officer having like powers, to the effect that the goods and other articles therein specified were purchasedd and received by him, or under his direction, at the institution; that the goods were purchased at a fair cash market price, and paid for; and that he, or any person in his behalf, had no pecuniary or other interest in the articles purchased; that he received no pecuniary or other benefit therefrom, in the way of commission, percentage, deductions or presents, or in any other manner, directly or indirectly. He shall state the name or names of the person or persons, or firm or corporation, from whom said articles were purchased, and that the articles contained in such bill were received at the institution; that they conform in all respects to the invoice of goods received and ordered by him, both in quantity and quality. Such statement shall be accompanied by a voucher showing the payment of the several items contained in the statement, the amount of such payments, and for what the payments were made. Such vouchers shall be examined by the Commissioner and, if found correct shall be endorsed and forwarded by the Commissioner, with the statement, to the Auditor General, who shall have the power of final audit. If any voucher is found objectionable, for any cause whatever, the Commissioner or the Auditor General shall endorse his disapproval thereon, with his reasons therefor, and return it to the treasurer of such institution, who shall present it to the board of managers or trustees for correction, and immediately return it. If it is then in correct form, and satisfactory to the Commissioner and the Auditor General, it shall be filed. In the event that it is still unsatisfactory, to either the Commissioner or the Auditor General, the amount thereof shall be disallowed. All vouchers and statements shall be filed in the office of the Auditor General.

Section 56. All purchases for the use of the State charitable, reformatory or correctional institutions receiving State aid, and paid for with moneys appropriated by the State, shall be made for cash, and not on credit or time. Every voucher shall be duly filled up at the time it is taken; and with every abstract of vouchers paid there shall be proof, on oath, that the voucher was filled up and the money paid at the time it was taken. The board of managers or trustees shall make all needful rules and regulations to enforce the provisions of this section. The Commissioner, his deputy, any manager or officer, trustees or employe, of any such institution, shall not be interested, directly or indirectly, in the furnishing of any materials, labor or supplies for the use of any such institution; nor shall any manager or trustee act as attorney or counsel for the board of managers or trustees thereof. The Commissioner may arrange with the board of managers or trustees of any such institution under his control for the purchase, by contract, of such staple articles or supplies as may be found feasible to purchase for the use of such institution, or any of them. Such contracts shall be let only after advertisement has been made by the trustees, in accordance with the directions and subject to the approval of the Commissioner. The contracts shall be let to the lowest bidder, and executed by the president of the board of managers or trustees, subject to the approval of the Commissioner. Every bidder shall be required to file with the Commissioner a certified check, in the sum of five hundred dollars ($500) as a guaranty of good faith and his willingness to execute the contract if it should be awarded to him. In the event of the successful bidder failing qualify, in accordance with the provisions of this section, t amount of this check shall be forfeited to the Commo wealth, in a sum to be approved by the Attorney Gener for the faithful performance of his contract. Each of su institutions may manufacture such supplies and materials, be used in the institution, as can be economically and pro erly made therein, with the approval of the Commissione When requested by the Commissioner, the superintendent managers or trustees of such instituions, or any of the shall meet at the office of the Commissioner, at Harrisbur for the purpose of considering the feasibility of joint co tracts.

Section 57. The Governor, Auditor General, and Commi sioner of State Charitable Institutions, or a majority of su officers shall approve or reject all plans and specificatio for any new buildings, or for any unusual repairs or in provements for any State charitable, reformatory or corre tional institution, out of State moneys appropriated therefo and no such building shall be erected, or such repairs improvements made, until the plans and specifications ther for have been so approved. The contracts for such erectio repairs or improvements may be let by the board of ma agers or trustees to the lowest responsible bidder, aft thirty days advertisements in two newspapers of gener circulation in the county wherein said institution is locate but such contracts must be approved by the Governor, A ditor General, and the Commissioner, or a majority of the and, subject to such approval, such contracts may be subl A certificed check, drawn upon some legally incorporat bank or trust company of this State, shall, in all cases, required as an evidence of good faith, upon all proposals f buildings, repairs or improvements, to be deposited with t Commissioner, and in an amount to be determined by hi All contracts for the erection, repairs or improvements said institutions shall contain a clause that the contra shall be deemed executory only to the extent of the money available, and no liabilities shall be incurred by the Sta beyond the moneys available for the purpose.

Section 58. The board of managers or trustees of each the State charitable reformatory or correctional institutio receiving State aid, in addition to their other duties no required by law, shall visit and inspect the institution, f which it is appointed, at least monthly, and shall make written report, in duplicate, to the Governor and the Co missioners, within ten days of each such visitation, to signed by each member making such visitation. Such repo shall state, in detail, the financial condition of the institut visited, and such other matters appertaining to the manag ment and affairs thereof as, in the opinion of the boar should be brought to the attention of the Governor or t Commissioner and may contain recommendaitons as needed improvements or changes in the institution or i management.

Section 59. No money shall be paid on any contract f repairs, improvements or new buildings for any State chari able reformatory or correctional institution receiving Sta aid, until the voucher for the same shall be approved by t board of managers or trustees, and forwarded to the Co missioner, who shall, if he approve the same, endorse h approval thereon, and present the same to the Auditor Ge eral for his approval. If the account be approved, the Aud tor General shall draw his warrant to the order of the co tractor, who shall be paid by the State Treasurer out moneys appropriated for the repair and improvements such institution.

Section 60. No warrant shall be issued by the Audit General, and no money shall be paid by the State Treasure to the trustees or managers of any such institution excep upon a voucher signed by the treasurer of said institutio and duly approved by the Commissioner of State Charitabl Institutions.

Section 61. The sum of seventy-five thousand dolla ($75,000), or so much thereof as may be necessary, be, an the same is hereby specifically appropriated for the purpos of paying the salaries and expenses provided herein, th same to be on warrant drawn by the Auditor General on th State Treasurer, out of moneys not otherwise appropriate by law.

Section 62. That the Act entitled "An Act to create Board of Public Charities," approved the twenty-fourth da of April, 1869, and the several supplements and amendment thereto, are hereby repealed.

Section 63. That the Act entitled "An Act relative to th supervision and control of hospitals or houses in which th insane are placed for treatment or detention," approved th eighth day of May, 1883, and the several supplements an amendments thereto are hereby repealed.

Section 64. All Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent here with or supplied hereby be and the same are hereby re pealed.

(B) NECESSITY OF INCREASED STATE EXPENDITURE.

The demand for better roads comes from all classes o citizens, automobile owners, farmers and all others wh use the highways. It is elsewhere proposed that the tax o automobiles shall be applied to the maintenance of im proved roads. All the increased revenue that could b legitimately raised could be expended in this way wit benefit to the State.

The following table (see page 128) shows the improve and unimproved roads of the Commonwealth outside o Philadelphia. In spite of the amounts already spent it ap pears that only a beginning has been made.

Since the organization of the State Highway Departmen in 1903 we have spent $8,168,700 for the construction o

State highways with a total road mileage of 86,593. In the last five years New York State has spent $26,000,000, and the counties $10,000,000 on main highways, though its total road mileage is only 67,579 miles. In New Jersey $6,000,000 has been spent on road construction, of which the State's share was $1,550,000 upon a mileage of 14,842. Massachusetts in five years has spent $4,274,633 on a mileage of 17,145 and Maryland a total of $7,384,000 on a mileage of 16,000.

Mileage of Public Roads.

		Improved.	Unimproved.	Total.
1	Adams,	7.35	1,058.61	1,065.96
2	Allegheny,	289.01	1,384.29	1,673.30
3	Armstrong,	14.39	1,708.75	1,723.14
4	Beaver,	10.03	1,099.18	1,109.21
5	Bedford,	17.68	1,707.97	1,725.65
6	Berks,	131.00	2,293.10	2,424.10
7	Blair,	39.70	696.15	735.85
8	Bradford,	24.07	2,437.85	2,461.92
9	Bucks,	87.84	1,678.50	1,766.34
10	Butler,	15.57	1,815.86	1,831.43
11	Cambria,	10.21	1,143.74	1,153.95
12	Cameron,	1.59	148.74	150.33
13	Carbon,	12.17	500.18	512.35
14	Centre,	9.30	1,048.98	1,058.28
15	Chester,	170.09	2,366.02	2,536.11
16	Clarion,	6.73	1,367.22	1,373.95
17	Clearfield,	17.09	1,682.80	1,699.89
18	Clinton,	8.44	566.41	574.85
19	Columbia,	6.67	1,264.44	1,271.11
20	Crawford,	16.55	2,150.52	2,167.07
21	Cumberland,	13.28	1,212.30	1,225.58
22	Dauphin,	14.50	1,032.05	1,046 55
23	Delaware,	220.15	310.31	530.46
24	Elk,	5.50	537.39	542.89
25	Erie,	18.92	1,647.52	1,666.44
26	Fayette,	15.02	1,659.53	1,674.55
27	Forest,	3.79	370.66	374.45
28	Franklin,	58.25	1,175.41	1,233.66
29	Fulton,		683.41	683.41
30	Greene,	14.00	1,484.77	1,498 77
31	Huntingdon,	19.28	1,302.95	1,322.23
32	Indiana,	18.59	1,911.10	1,929.69
33	Jefferson,	9.81	1,210.15	1,219.96
34	Juniata,		771.95	771.95
35	Lackawanna,	5.00	744.01	749.01
36	Lancaster,	216.25	2,574.50	2,790.75
37	Lawrence,	9.36	855.76	865.12
38	Lebanon,	108.00	722.77	830.77
39	Lehigh,	25.52	1,175.22	1,200.74
40	Luzerne,	47.07	1,520.04	1,567.11
41	Lycoming,	15.60	1,655.38	1,670.98
42	McKean,	9.60	741.30	750.90
43	Mercer,	18.77	1,608.10	1,626.87
44	Mifflin,	6.66	499.79	506.45
45	Monroe,	20.53	941.69	962.22
46	Montgomery,	410.17	1,432.09	1,842.26
47	Montour,	1.94	355.85	357.79
48	Northampton,	26.30	1,047.16	1,073.46
49	Northumberland,	12.18	1,166.14	1,178.32
50	Perry,	1.55	997.35	998.90
51	Pike,	5.00	546.73	551.73
52	Potter,	11.09	1,124.15	1,135.24
53	Schuylkill,	10.42	1,353.27	1,363.69
54	Snyder,	2.05	785.80	787.85
55	Somerset,	10.93	2,147.01	2,157.94
56	Sullivan,	3.16	549.21	552.37
57	Susquehanna,		1,993.12	1,993.12
58	Tioga,	19.82	1,789.60	1,809.42
59	Union,	4.78	488.97	493.75
60	Venango,	10.63	1,154.92	1,165.55
61	Warren,	13.40	1,061.57	1,074.97
62	Washington,	22.07	2,165.35	2,187.42
63	Wayne,	1.51	1,436.21	1,437.72
64	Westmoreland,	24.70	2,737.29	2,761.99
65	Wyoming,	1.55	741.10	742.65
66	York,	18.44	2,653.60	2,672.04
	Total,	2,400.02	84,193.86	86,593.88

The extension of improved roads on anything like the scale thus suggested must be made on sound principles of financiering by the expenditure of capital rather than income. Capital can only be found by borrowing, as our municipalities freely do for like purposes. The Constitution severely limits the borrowing power of the State by providing (Article IX, Section 4):

"No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue, repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to pay existing debt; and the debt created to supply deficiencies in revenue shall never exceed, in the aggregate at any one time, one million of dollars."

Our neighboring States are helping out the construction of State roads by this means. New York authorized a bond issue of $50,000,000 for highway improvement in 1905 although the State was already heavily in debt. These bonds are being issued from year to year as authorized by the Legislature. Massachusetts has issued $1,820,000 of bonds since 1906, the proceeds going to road construction, and Maryland $6,000,000.

Your Committee is of opinion that our borrowing power should be enlarged to meet the demand and thus enable us to keep pace with our sister Commonwealths in this respect. Your Committee recommends and submits herewith a draft of a Joint Resolution to accomplish that purpose. (See page 130.)

A Joint Resolution proposing an amendment to Section Four, Article Nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Be it Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, that the following amendment to Section 4, Article 9, of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, be and the same is hereby proposed in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:

That Section 4 of Article 9, which reads as follows:

"No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State, except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue, repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to pay existing debt; and the debt created to supply deficiencies in revenue shall never exceed, in the aggregate at any one time, one million of dollars."

Be amended so that the same shall read as follows:

No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue, repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, construct and improve its public highways, or to pay existing debt; and the debt created to supply deficiencies in revenue shall never exceed, in the aggregate at any one time, one million of dollars.

Schools also demand increased expenditures. The State Normal Schools claim that they should receive more State money. The common school appropriations should be increased not only to give greater efficiency in the management of the schools, but to relieve the local taxes. One of the requests of the Pennsylvania State Grange to your Committee was for relief from the local taxation on real estate. Coupled with this was the request that the State pay the minimum wage to public school teachers for the minimum term. This would necessitate the expenditure of $40 per month for an average school year of 8 1-2 months nearly, for 35,111 teachers, or the sum of $12,537,740. If $50.00 per month were paid it would require $14,922,175. For the year ending June, 1909, the total paid by the State for this purpose was $905,025.55, and for the year ending June, 1910, the total was $966,756.10. The common school appropriation for each of the last two appropriation years was $7,500,000. If the State assumed these wages of school teachers it would mean an increase of from $5,000,000 to $7,500,000 per year, and this is too great a burden for the State to bear even with the increased revenue, this specific relief is not presently possible. But some substantial advance in that direction must shortly be made.

As elsewhere stated, money is needed for the completion of State institutions now under way. This has been repeatedly recommended by the officials having them in charge and has been recommended by the Governor. The sums needed may be repeated here:

Homeopathic State Hospital for Insane at Allentown, Completion	$ 663,000.00
Equipment	250,000.00
Miners' Hospital at Trevorton	150,000.00
Feeble Minded Institution at Spring City	1,500,000.00
Hospital for Criminal Insane at Farview	1,187,602.00

New institutions for the care of the State's insane, feeble minded or otherwise deficient persons, are recommended elsewhere by the Board of Public Charities as urgently needed. The sum required is estimated at $1,000,000.

The State debt is overbalanced by the amount in the Sinking Fund and has always been inconsiderable. In this happy condition of affairs the State has always been able to bring her receipts and expenditures approximately even (subject to the uncertainties of calculation of the revenues), as shown by the following table:

	Receipts	Expenditures	Surplus of Receipts over Expenditures	Excess of Expenditures over receipts
1905	$24,269,119.72	$26,930,538.67	.....	$2,661,418.95
1906	25,818,924.03	25,574,200.42	$ 244,723.61	.....
1907	27,027,132.72	24,589,725.79	2,437,406.93	.....
1908	25,852,548.95	29,197,654.15	.....	3,345,105.20
1909	29,101,183.70	30,021,773.57	.....	920,589.87
1910	28,946,424.43	27,657,399.88	1,289,024.55	.....

With this Showing, the balance being somewhat against the Commonwealth, the increased expenditures necessary can only eb met by increases in State taxation.

(C) CHANGE OF SUBJECTS OF TAXATION.

The present division of subjects of taxation between the State and the localities is an admirable feature which should be preserved. The changes which should be made are for the purpose of an increased revenue, and to equalize burdens among the members of the classes as now taxed. Among the many subjects of taxation suggested your Committee has given special consideration to the following:

DIRECT INHERITANCE TAX.

Pennsylvania was the first State in the Union to put in force an inheritance tax, and with the exception of a tax on bank dividends and on the recording of certain local papers, etc., (Acts of 1825-1826, Chapter 2), this was the first State tax of any kind in Pennsylvania; the Act first creating anything like a system of State taxation being passed in 1831. Our tax on collateral inheritances was introduced in 1826 and has remained in force with occasional amendments to the present day. The tax was placed at its present rate, at 5 per cent., in 1846. The whole subject was codified in 1887 by "An Act to provide for the better collection of collateral inheritance taxes." The policy thus begun in Pennsylvania in 1826 has spread through most of the States of the Union and has extended to direct as well as collateral inheritances.

Inheritance tax is no longer a mere theory, but an established fact, and it has come to stay. A State properly taxes a right of succession which its laws confer, and such duty should be paid to the State which protects the rights of property. Inheritances are now taxed to a greater or less extent in thirty-six States, and the tendency is to pass Acts taxing lineal as well as collateral heirs and at graduated rates. Twenty-one States of the Union tax both direct and collateral heirs, viz: Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Idaho, Illinois, Louisiana, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, New York, North Carolina, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin and Wyoming.

Fifteen States levy a collateral tax only, namely, Iowa, Kentucky, Missouri, New Hampshire, New Jersey, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Vermont and Virginia, all at a 5 per cent. rate; Maine, 4 per cent.; Maryland, 2 1-2 per cent. North Dakota, 2 per cent., and Texas from 2 to 12 per cent.

Only twelve States have no inheritance tax, namely, Alabama, Arizona, Florida, Georgia, Indiana, Kansas, Mississippi, Nevada, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Rhode Island and South Carolina.

The American Acts generally tax collaterals at the rate of 5 per cent. and lineals from 1-2 per cent. (Connecticut) to 3 per cent., (Louisiana), though Minnesota and Utah make no distinction between direct and collateral heirs. However, in all other cases in which direct heirs are taxed the rates are much lower and the exemption (except in Connecticut and North Carolina) much larger than for collateral heirs. Many States graduate the tax in more than two classes, according to the degrees of relationship between the decedent and beneficiary. In 1897 Pennsylvania enacted a direct inheritance tax law which exempted estates of $5,000 in value. In consequence of the grading effected by this exemption, the law was declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court and no attempt to impose it in any form has since been made. A table is submitted herewith (see page 152) showing the inheritance tax laws in force in the various States of the Union with respect to the rates and grading thereof both as to the degrees of relationship and the size of the estate.

Pennsylvania by taxing collaterals only seriously restricts its revenue-producing power. The New York inheritance tax (5 per cent. collateral and 1 per cent. direct) averages more than $5,000,000 a year, while in Pennsylvania the average annual receipts from our 5 per cent. collateral inheritance tax in the past five years has been $1,582,780.95.

Your Committee proposes a direct inheritance tax therefore of 1 per cent. upon all estates not subject to the collateral inheritance tax, and submits herewith a draft of an Act for that purpose (see page 141). The Act submitted is based very largely on the Acts now existing in this Commonwealth with reference to collateral inheritance taxes. For the sake of uniformity both are provided for by the same statute. In its preparation your Committee has aimed at the following:

1. A reasonable tax which will provide a fair revenue;
2. One that is definitely fixed and easily computed;
3. A tax avoiding double taxation, in the case of estates of citizens of those of our sister Commonwealths that provide a like exemption in favor of the estates of citizens of this Commonwealth.

A reference to the table annexed to this report (see page 152), will show the reasonableness of the tax (5 per cent. collateral and 1 per cent. direct) as compared with similar taxes in other States. Such an inheritance tax has many advantages and is not open to any serious objection. It is the price paid for the privilege given by law of taking by will or descent. It is a source of revenue which cannot be evaded, as the estates of decedents must be inventoried and administered. It is easily collected and one that equitably apportions public burdens in proportion to the ability to bear them. One cause of the great popularity of the inheritance tax is that it is imposed upon the person paying it at a time when he least feels the burden, and when he is receiving a benefit more or less unexpected and which he receives by virtue of State laws permitting the succession of property at the time of death. It is taking something from him before he gets it.

Your Committee is in hearty accord with the modern tendency of legislation to graduate the rate of the tax according to the size of the estate. This has been the policy of Pennsylvania from the beginning in one particular, as estates of $250 and less have been exempted by our collateral inheritance tax law. The Act of 1897 was in line with this policy. Inasmuch, however, as our Constitution forbids this grading, owing to the requirement in Article 9, Section 1, that taxes shall be uniform upon the same class of subjects, such a tax cannot now be levied.

Your Committee, therefore, recommends that a constitutional amendment be proposed permitting such a grading and submits herewith a draft of a Joint Resolution for that purpose (see page 150).

The amendment as drawn will provide for the grading in this manner of other subjects of taxation as well as inheritances, and will permit the exemption of small estates from all kinds of tax. It has been advocated, for example, that $500 of moneyed investments be freed from personal property tax. This, of course, is not now possible. The principle of graduation, that is, the laying of a larger percentage on a larger sum—seems to your Committee both just and expedient, especially as applied to inheritance taxes, in which a high progressive rate should tend to counteract the piling up of colossal fortunes, which experience has shown are not conducive to the public welfare.

They put into the hands of a very few an abnormal power over the many, which no matter how well disposed its possessors may be, can but be harmful to the social and political sovereignty of the people. There should be some remedy for such a condition where a few, a very few, comparatively, can have such power.

Your Committee in recommending the graduated taxes well know that the small percentage suggested will have little if any effect in securing a general distribution of these fortunes, but the suggestion is made in the hope that it will be the means of promoting discussion of this most important subject, with a probable beneficial result. The leading nations of continental Europe and the Provinces of Canada have graduated inheritance taxes Such a tax has been approved by modern economists and statesmen. Mr. Edwin R. A. Seligman, Professor of Political Economy and Finance in Columbia University, a

leading authority on taxation and a member of the New York State Commission of 1906, fully discussed this question in his work on Progressive Taxation, pages 213 and 215, with the conclusion "that the theory of progression is more applicable to the inheritance tax than to any other part of the fiscal system; and that * * * * * * * * * * * some scale of progression is both desirable and practicable (Essays on Taxation, Chapter 5—the Inheritance Tax, page 133)." The same authority says, "In the United States also, there is now a decided movement toward the progressive inheritance tax—and it is more than probable that progressive inheritance taxes will play by no means an insignificant role in the fiscal systems of the future" (Supra, pages 133, 135). Moreover, such a tax has been sustained by the United States Supreme Court which decided in Magoun vs. Trust and Savings Bank, 170 U. S. 283 (1898), that the progressive scale or principle of graduation in inheritance taxes was not in violation of the Fourteenth Amendment. Under this decision the principle of progression is applicable to the direct taxes as well. Partly as a consequence of this decision a number of progressive inheritance tax bills have been introduced and now many of our State statutes show graduated rates of tax. Ohio was the first State in the Union to apply this principle to the inheritance tax, but the tax now is in some degree progressive in sixteen States, as follows: California, Idaho, Illinois, Massachusetts, Minnesota, New York, West Virginia, and Wisconsin have progressive rates for both direct and collateral heirs. In Arkansas, Colorado, Nebraska, North Carolina, Oregon and South Dakota the progressive rates apply only to distant relatives and strangers in blood while in Washington and Texas they apply to all collateral heirs. However, our own Legislature is subject to the above mentioned restriction in Article 9, Section 1 of our Constitution, which as interpreted by our Supreme Court in Cope's Estate, 191 Pa. 1, decided in 1899, prevents the levying of such a tax in Pennsylvania without some such constitutional amendment as that proposed by your Committee.

Some States have got progressive taxation without constitutional amendments. In South Carolina, for example, where the State Constitution requires the Legislature to provide for a uniform and equal rate of assessment and taxation and prescribes regulations to secure a just valuation for taxation for all property, but provides "that the General Assembly may provide for a graduated tax on incomes" the South Carolina Supreme Court in Alderman vs. Wells, L. R. A. (N. S.) 864, in sustaining a graduated income tax which exempts incomes under a specified amount and increases the tax as the income reaches stated amounts above that sum, said, "It is impossible to conceive how a tax on incomes could be graduated without exempting some incomes or without making the tax higher on some than others." Many of the States have upheld the constitutionality of such a tax by declaring it to be a tax on the devolution of property. It is a tax not on wealth, but on the transfer of wealth. Thus the Louisiana inheritance tax was originally upheld by the Federal Supreme Court in Meger vs. Grima, et al., 8 Howard 490, as a simple regulation of inheritance.

Your Committee finds that other States than Pennsylvania have had constitutional troubles in the taxation of inheritances. One of the constitutional amendments adopted by New Hampshire in 1903 extended the permissible objects of taxation to include franchises and "property when passing by will or inheritance." In Minnesota the Supreme Court decided that a progressive inheritance tax passed by the Legislature in 1875 violated the constitutional requirement that all taxes must be "as nearly equal as may be," both by its $2,000 exemption and by its arbitrary schedule. In 1894, a constitutional amendment authorizing a tax either proportional or progressive, but not exceeding 5 per cent. on inheritances above a fixed amount, was adopted. The amendment which was in the form of a proviso added to the section enjoining equality of taxation, reads as follows: "And providing further, that there may be by law levied and collected a tax upon all inheritances, devises, bequests, legacies and gifts of every kind and description above a fixed and specified sum of any and all natural persons and corporations. Such tax above such exempted sum may be uniform or it may be graded or progressive, but shall not exceed a maximum tax of 5 per cent." in 1905, a progressive inheritance tax was enacted which was held by the Supreme Court of Minnesota in State ex rel Foote vs. Bazille, 6 L. R. A. (N. S.), 732, not to be contrary to the Constitution as above amended and was sustained, the Court saying, "The authority to make the tax graded or progressive was incorporated in the law advisedly, and in view of the well known and firmly established system of such taxation in force in this country based upon the wise and wholesome doctrine that ability to pay is the true basis for all taxation. Though it results in a measure in inequality, it conforms to a system sanctioned and supported by the authorities generally and is not repugnant to constitutional principles."

It may be added that the New Constitution of Oklahoma expressly authorizes progressive taxation of both direct and collateral inheritances. In addition to the effect of the amendment recommended by your Committee on the question of grading inheritance taxes, your Committee believes the amendment suggested to be in line with the thought that a Constitution should be a declaration of general principles rather than a specification of particulars. The wording will permit greater freedom to the Legislature in taxing other property in this way, if the advance of modern legislation, keeping pace with progressive civilization, makes it advisable.

While it remains the policy of the State to give aid to charity, it seems unnecessarily circuitous to levy a tax upon bequests for that purpose. To exempt such bequests merely means a gift in another form, and without the idle act of taking away and then giving again. The amount would not be large. For the years 1908, 1909 and eight months in 1910 in thirty counties reporting to your Committee, the tax on bequests to charity as shown by the local records amounts to $587,684.45. Such a concession has been long asked for by those interested in charitable work and it seems only just. The Constitution of the State permits the exemption from taxation of "institutions of purely public charity." The adoption of the same language as the measure of the actual exemption would exclude all gifts other than those going to the benefit of persons who must otherwise be the subject of State aid. Accordingly it is recommended that this exemption be granted and an Act accomplishing that purpose is submitted herewith (see page 150).

This exemption really forms part of the scheme of taxation of inheritances, but is put in the form of a separate Act in order that it may be considered separately for the convenience of the Legislature, and in order that any alterations which are deemed advisable may be conveniently made without affecting the general scheme of taxing inheritances by reason of creating unlawful exemptions in that Act.

An Act laying a State tax on estates passing either by Will or under the Intestate Laws of this Commonwealth or by deed, grant, bargain or sale, made or intended to take effect after the death of the grantor or bargainer and providing for the collection thereof.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted, etc., That all estates, real, personal and mixed, of every kind whatsoever, situated within this State, whether the person or persons dying seized thereof be domiciled within or out of this State, and all such estates situated in another State, territory or country, when the person or persons dying seized thereof shall have their domicile within this Commonwealth, passing from any person who may die seized or possessed of such estates, either by will or under the intestate laws of this State, or any part of such estate or estates, or interest therein, transferred by deed, grant, bargain or sale, made or intended to take effect, in possession or enjoyment after the death of the grantor or bargainer, to or for the use of father, mother, husband, wife, children, and lineal descendants born in lawful wedlock, children adopted according to law and their lineal descendants children of a former husband or wife, or the wife or widow of the son of the person dying seized or possessed thereof, shall be, and they are hereby made subject to a tax of one dollar on every hundred dollars of the clear value of such estate or estates, and at and after the same rate for any less amount, to be paid to the use of the Commonwealth; and all such estates passing to any other person or persons or to bodies corporate or politic in trust or otherwise shall be and they are hereby made subject to a like tax of five dollars on every hundred dollars; and all owners of such estates, and all executors and administrators and their sureties, shall only be discharged from liability for the amount of such taxes or duties, the settlement of which they may be charged with, by having paid the same over, for the use aforesaid, as hereinafter directed.

Sect. 2. Where a testator appoints or names one or more executors, and makes a bequest or devise of property to them, in lieu of their commissions or allowances, or appoints them his residuary legatees, and said bequests, devises, or residuary legacies, exceed what would be a fair compensation for their services, such excess shall be subject to the payment of the tax provided by this Act; the rate of com-

pensation to be fixed by the proper Courts having jurisdiction in the case.

Sect. 3. In all cases where there has been or shall be a devise, descent or bequest to take effect in possession, or come into actual enjoyment after the expiration of one or more life estates, or a period of years, the tax on such estate shall not be payable, nor interest begin to run thereon, until the person or persons, bodies corporate or politic liable for the same shall come into actual possession of such estate, by the termination of the estates for life or years, and the tax shall be assessed upon the value of the estate at the time the right of possession accrues to the owner as aforesaid: Provided, that the owner shall have the right to pay the tax at any time prior to his coming into possession, and, in such cases, the tax shall be assessed on the value of the estate at the time of the payment of the tax, after deducting the value of the life estate or estates for years: And, provided further, that the tax on real estate shall remain a lien on the real estate on which the same is chargeable until paid. And the owner of any personal estate shall make a full return of the same to the Register of Wills of the proper county within one year from the death of the decedent, and within that time enter into security for the payment of the tax to the satisfaction of such register; and in case of failure to do so, the tax shall be immediately payable and collectible.

Sect. 4. If the tax provided by this Act shall be paid within three months after the death of the decedent, a discount of 5 per centum shall be made and allowed; and if the said tax is not paid at the end of one year from the death of the decedent, interest shall then be charged at the rate of 12 per centum per annum on such tax; but where from claims made upon the estate, litigation, or other unavoidable cause of delay, the estate of any decedent or a part thereof cannot be settled up at the end of the year from his or her decease, 6 per centum per annum shall be charged upon the tax provided by this Act, arising from the unsettled part thereof, from the end of such year until there be default. Provided further, that where real or personal estate withheld by reason of litigation or other cause of delay in manner aforesaid from the parties entitled thereto, subject to said tax, has not been, or shall not be productive to the extent of 6 per centum per annum, they shall not be compelled to pay a greater amount as interest to the Commonwealth than they may have realized, or shall realize from such estate during the time the same has been or shall be withheld as aforesaid.

Sect. 5. The executor, or administrator, or other trustee, paying any legacy or share in the distribution of any estate, subject to the tax provided by this Act, shall deduct therefrom at the rate of one dollar or five dollars on every hundred dollars, as the case may be, as provided in Section 1 of this Act, upon the whole legacy or sum paid; or if not money, he shall demand payment of a sum, to be computed at the rate of tax chargeable thereon, upon the appraised value thereof, for the use of the Commonwealth; and no executor or administrator shall be compelled to pay or deliver any specific legacy or article to be distributed, subject to tax, except on the payment into his hands of a sum computed on its value as aforesaid; and in case of neglect or refusal on the part of said legatee to pay the same, such specific legacy or article, or so much thereof as shall be necessary, shall be sold by such executor or administrator at public sale, after notice to such legatee, and the balance that may be left in the hands of the executor or administrator shall be distributed, as is or may be directed by law; and every sum of money retained by an executor or administrator, or paid into his hands on account of any legacy or distributive share, for the use of the Commonwealth, shall be paid by him without delay.

Sec. 6. If the legacy subject to the tax provided by this Act be given to any person for life, or for a term of years, years, or for any other limited period, upon a condition or contingency, if the same be money, the tax thereon shall be retained upon the whole amount; but if not money, application shall be made to the Orphans' Court having jurisdiction of the accounts of the executors or administrators to make apportionment, if the case requires it, of the sum to be paid by such legatees, and for such further order relative thereto as equity shall require.

Sect. 7. Whenever such legacy shall be charged upon or payable out of real estate the heir or devisee before paying the same shall deduct therefrom the tax chargeable thereon and pay the amount so deducted to the executor; and the same shall remain a charge upon such real estate until so paid, and the payment thereof shall be enforced by the decree of the Orphans' Court in the same manner as the payment of such legacy may be enforced.

Sect. 8. Whenever any real estate of which any decedent may die is seized shall be subject to the tax provided by this Act, it shall be the duty of executors and administrators to give information thereof to the Register of the county where administration had been granted, within six months after they undertake the execution of their respective duties, or if the fact be not known to them within that period, within one month after the same shall have come to their knowledge; and it shall be the duty of the owners of such estates, immediately upon the vesting of the estate, to give information thereof to the Register having jurisdiction of the granting of administration.

Sect. 9. It shall be the duty of any executor or administrator, on the payment of the tax provided by this Act, to take duplicate receipts from the Register, one of which shall be forwarded forthwith to the Auditor General, whose duty it shall be to charge the Register receiving the money with the amount, and seal with the seal of his office and countersign the receipt and transmit it to the executor or administrator, whereupon it shall be a proper voucher in the settlement of the estate; but in no event shall an executor or administrator be entitled to a credit in his account unless the said receipt is so sealed and countersigned by the Auditor General.

Sect. 10. Whenever any foreign executor, or administrator, or trustee, shall assign or transfer any stocks or loans in this Commonwealth standing in the name of the decedent or in trust for a decedent which shall be liable for the tax provided by this Act, such tax shall be paid, on the transfer thereof, to the Register of the county where such transfer is made; otherwise the corporation permitting such transfer shall become liable to pay such tax.

Sect. 11. Whenever debts shall be proven against the estate of a decedent after distribution of legacies from which the tax provided by this Act has been deducted in compliance with this Act and the legatee is required to refund any portion of a legacy, a proportion of the said tax shall be repaid to him by the executor or administrator if the said tax has not been paid into the State or County Treasury, or by the County Treasurer, if it has so been paid.

Sect. 12. It shall be the duty of the Register of Wills of the county in which letters testamentary or of administration are granted to appoint an appraiser, as often as and whenever occasion may require, to fix the valuation of estates which are, or shall be, subject to the tax provided by this Act; and it shall be the duty of such appraiser to make a fair and conscionable appraisement of such estates; and it shall further be the duty of such appraiser to assess and fix the cash value of all annuities and life estates growing out of said estates, upon which annuities and life estates the tax provided by this Act shall be immediately payable out of the estate at the rate of such valuation: Provided, That any person or persons, bodies corporate or politic not satisfied with said appraisement shall have the right to appeal within thirty days to the Orphans' Court of the proper county or city, on paying, or giving security to pay, all costs, together with whatever tax shall be fixed by said Court, and upon such appeal said Courts shall have jurisdiction to determine all questions of valuation, and of the liability of the appraised estate for such tax, subject to the right of appeal to the Supreme or Superior Court as in other cases.

Sect. 13. The compensation of such appraisers shall be as follows, namely: For each and every day on which an appraiser shall actually be engaged in making appraisements of property subject to said tax, he shall receive the sum of two dollars: Provided, That if, in the discharge of his duties, it shall be necessary for him, the said appraiser, to travel from his place of residence to appraise property subject to said tax, he shall be allowed such actual necessary traveling expenses as he may incur, which expenses shall be itemized in a sworn statement to be returned to the Register and subject to the final approval of the Auditor General.

Sect. 14. When, by virtue of the complicated nature of an estate subject to the payment of the tax provided by this Act the interest of the Commonwealth shall require the appointment as appraiser of said estate, of a person possessed of expert or technical knowledge to ascertain the value thereof, reasonable additional compensation shall be allowed said appraiser for the exercise of such expert or technical knowledge, and in cases where, after the appointment of an appraiser to appraise the value of said estate, it shall appear that the proper appraisement of said estate will require the services of a person possessed of expert or tchnical knowledge whereof the appraiser appointed to appraise said estate is not possessed, he, the said appraiser, may employ the services of a person possessed of expert or technical knowledge to assist him in the appraisement of said estate, and for such services the person so employed shall receive reasonable compensation: Provided, That in all such cases the Register of Wills appointing the appraiser shall certify to the Auditor General that there is actual necessity for the appointment of an appraiser possessed of expert or technical knowledge, or that the appraiser already appointed to appraise the estate in question should be assisted by a person possessed of such knowledge, and no person shall be appointed as such expert appraiser, or as expert assistant to an appraiser, without the approval of the Auditor General of said appointment first had and obtained, nor shall any payment be made to any appraiser, or to any person employed by him, under this section, until an itemized statement of the services performed and the compensation recommended shall have been rendered, under oath or affirmation, to the Auditor General for his approval and shall have received the same: And provided further, That no clerk or other person employed in the office of a Register of Wills shall be appointed an expert appraiser of an estate subject to the payment of the tax provided by this Act nor as an expert to assist the appraiser of such estate

Sect. 15. It shall be a misdemeanor in any appraiser, appointed by the Register to make any appraisement in behalf of the Commonwealth, to take any fee or reward from any executor or administrator, legatee, devisee, next of kin, or heir of any decedent, and for any such offense the register shall dismiss him from such service, and, upon conviction in the Quarter Sessions, he shall be fined not exceeding five hundred dollars, and imprisoned not exceeding one year, or both, or either, at the discretion of the Court.

Sect. 16. It shall be the duty of the Register of Wills to enter in a book, to be provided at the expense of the Commonwealth, to be kept for that purpose, and which shall be a public record, the returns made by all appraisers under this Act, opening an account in favor of the Commonwealth against the decedent's estate, and the Register may give certificates of payment of such tax from such record, and it shall be the duty of the Register to transmit to the Auditor General, on the first day of each month, a statement of all returns made by appraisers during the preceding month, upon which the taxes remain unpaid, which statement shall be entered by the Auditor General in a book to be kept by him for that purpose. And whenever any such tax shall have remained due and unpaid for one year, it shall be lawful

r the Register to apply to the Orphans' Court, by bill or tition, to enforce the payment of the same; whereupon id Court, having caused due notice to be given to the owner the real estate charged with the tax, and to such other rsons as may be interested, shall proceed, according to uity, to make such decrees or orders for the payment of e said tax out of such real estate as shall be just and per.

Sect. 17. If the Register shall discover that any tax pro-ded by this Act has not been paid over according to law, e Orphans' Court shall be authorized to cite the executors administrators of the decedent, whose estate is subject to e tax, to file an account or to issue a citation to the execu-rs, administrators, or heirs, citing them to appear on a rtain day and show cause why the said tax should not be id, and when personal service cannot be had, notice shall given for four weeks, once a week, in at least one news-per published in said county; and if the said tax shall be ound to be due and unpaid, the said delinquent shall pay id tax and costs. And it shall be the duty of the Register, of the Auditor General, to employ an attorney of the roper county, to sue for the recovery and amount of such ax, and the Auditor General is authorized and empowered, settlement of accounts of any Register, to allow him costs f advertising and other reasonable fees and expenses, in-urred in the collection of the tax.

Sect. 18. The Registers of Wills of the several counties of his Commonwealth, upon their filing with the Auditor Gen-ral the bond hereinafter required, shall be the agents of he Commonwealth for the collection of the tax provided by his Act, and for services rendered in collecting and paying ver the same, the said agents shall be allowed to retain or their own use 5 per centum upon the tax collected, if the aid tax shall amount to a sum less than two hundred housand dollars in any year; or 4 per centum upon the said ax, if the same shall amount to two hundred thousand dol-ars and less than three hundred thousand dollars in any ear or 3 per centum upon the said tax, if the tax collected hall amount to three hundred thousand dollars or more in ny year.

Sect. 19. The said Register shall give bond to the Com-nonwealth in such penal sum as the Orphans Court of the ounty may direct, with two or more sufficient sureties for he faithful performance of the duties hereby imposed, and or the regular accounting and paying over of the amounts o be collected and received; and said bond, on its execution nd approval by the said Orphans' Court, to be forwarded o the Auditor General.

Sect. 20. It shall be the duty of the Register of Wills of ach county to make returns and payment to the State Treasurer of all the tax provided by this Act which he shall have received, stating for what estate paid, on the first Mondays of April, July, October and January, in each year; and for all taxes collected by him, and not paid over within one month after his quarterly return of the same, he shall pay interest at the rate of 12 per centum per annum until paid.

Sect. 21. The lien of the taxes provided by this Act shall continue until the said taxes are settled and satisfied: Pro-vided, That the said lien shall be limited to the property chargeable therewith: And provided further, That all said taxes shall be sued for within five years after they are due and legally demandable, otherwise they shall be presumed to have been paid and cease to be a lien as against any pur-chasers of real estate.

Sect. 22. In all cases where any amount of the tax pro-vided by this Act has heretofore been paid, or may hereafter be paid, erroneously, either with respect to the amount of the estate or the rate of the tax to the Register of Wills of the proper county, for the use of the Commonwealth, it shall be lawful for the State Treasurer, on satisfactory proof ren-dered to him by said Register of Wills of such erroneous payment, to refund and pay over to the executor, adminis-trator, person or persons who may have heretofore paid or may hereafter pay any of such tax in error, the amount of such tax thus erroneously poid: Provided, That all applica-tions for the repayment of such aforesaid tax, erroneously paid into the Treasury, shall be made within two years from the date of said payment, except when the estate, upon which such tax shall have been erroneously paid shall have consisted in whole or in part of a partnership, or other in-terest of uncertain value, or shall have been involved in liti-gation, by reason whereof there shall have been an overvalu-ation of that portion of the estate on which the tax has been assessed and paid, which overvaluation could not have been ascertained within said period of two years; then, and in such case, the application for repayment may be made to the State Treasurer within one year from the termination of such litigation, or ascertainment of such overvaluation.

Sect. 23. Property of a resident of the Commonwealth which is not therein at the time of his death shall not be taxable under the provisions of this Act if legally subject in another State or country to a tax of like character and amount to that hereby imposed, and if such tax be actually paid or guaranteed or secured in accordance with law in such other State or country; if legally subject in another State or country to a tax of like character but of less amount than that hereby imposed and such tax be actually paid or guaranteed or secured as aforesaid, such property shall be taxable under this Act to the extent of the difference be-tween the tax thus actually paid, guaranteed or secured, and the amount for which such property would otherwise be liable hereunder. Property of a non-resident decedent which is within the jurisdiction of the Commonwealth at the time of his death, if subject to a tax of like character with that imposed by this Act by the law of the State or country of his residence, shall be subject only to such portion of the tax hereby imposed as may be in excess of such tax imposed by the laws of such State or country: Provided, That a like exemption is made by the laws of such other State or country in favor of estates of citizens of this Commonwealth, but no such exemption shall be allowed until such tax provided for by the law of such other State or country shall be actually paid, guaranteed, or secured in accordance with law.

NOTES

Section 1 is based on the first section of the Act of May 6, 1887, relating to collateral inheritance taxes. The two hundred and fifty dollars exemption therein provided is dropped and estates passing to "father, mother, husband, wife, children, and lineal descendants born in lawful wed-lock, or the wife, or widow of the son" and "children of a former husband or wife" of the person dying seized hereto-fore exempt under Section 1, Act May 1, 1887, P. L. 79, as amended by the Act of April 22, 1905, P. L. 259, are made subject to a 1 per cent. tax. There is also added to this class "children adopted according to law and their lineal descendants." This changes the law as made by the decision in Com. vs. Nancrede, 32 Pa. 389. The change better accords with the spirit of the law and the provision in other States. The Constitutional provision, Article 9, Section 1, declaring that all taxes shall be uniform upon the same class of sub-jects, as interpreted in Cope's Estate, 191 Pa. 1, requires the elimination of the two hundred and fifty dollars exemption as to direct inheritances, and it has seemed to your Commit-tee, therefore, more consistent to likewise strike it out as to collaterals.

Sections 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12 are based on the like sections of the Act of May 6, 1887.

Sections 13 and 14 are based on Sections 1 and 2 of the Act of June 26, 1895, P. L. 325.

Sections 15, 16 and 17 are based on Sections 13, 14 and 15 of the Act of May 6, 1887.

Section 18 is based on Act of May 14, 1891, P. L. 59, which amended Section 16 of the Act of May 6, 1887.

Sections 19, 20 and 21 are based on Sections 17, 19 and 20 of the Act of May 6, 1887.

Section 22 is based on Act of March 25, 1901, P. L. 59, which amended Act of June 12, 1878.

Section 23 is based on Section 3 of the Massachusetts In-heritance Tax Act of June 12, 1909, P. L. 647. Its purpose is to prevent double taxation and while giving a proper share of the taxable estate to any State enacting a similar pro-vision, to relieve the estates of our citizens so far as they are taxed abroad in such States.

An Act to exempt from the payment of inheritance taxes bequests and devises to institutions of purely public Charity.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted, etc., That hereafter all bequests and devises to institutions of purely public charity shall be exempt from liability for inheritance taxes.

A Joint Resolution, proposing an amendment to Section One of Article Nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, relat-ing to taxation.

Sect. 1. Be it resolved, etc., That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof.

Sect. 2. Amend Section 1 of Article 9 of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:

"All taxes shall be uniform, upon the same class of sub-jects, within the territorial limits of the authority levying the tax, and shall be levied and collected under general laws; but the General Assembly may, by general laws, exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes, actual places of religious worship, places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit, and institutions of purely public charity," so as to read as follows:

All taxes shall be uniform upon the same class of sub-jects within the territorial limits of the authority levying the tax, and shall be levied and collected under general laws, and the subjects of taxation may be classified for the purpose of laying graded or progressive taxes, but the General As-sembly may, by general laws, exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes, actual places of religious worship, places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit, and institutions of purely public charity.

NOTE.

This form your Committee recommends for the purpose of freeing the Legislature to apply the principle of graduation as may be thought necessary, a freedom which most other States have. If it be thought well, however, to confine the present amendment to inheritance taxes the following alter-native is proposed:

All taxes shall be uniform, upon the same class of subjects, within the territorial limits of the authority levying the tax, and shall be levied and collected under general laws; but the General Assembly may, by laws, *provide for a uniform or graduated or progressive tax upon all states passing either by will or under interstate laws or by any instrument intended to take effect after death and exempt from taxation a fixed and specific amount of such estate* and public property used for pub-lic purposes, actual places of religious worship, places of burial not used or held for private or corporate profit and institutions of purely public charity.

Inheritance Tax Laws.

States.	Dates of earliest and most recent Act.	Lineal.		Collateral.		Special Features.
		Rates, per cent.	Exemptions.	Rates, per cent.	Exemptions.	
Alabama (1),	No law					
Alaska,	No law					
Arizona,	No law					
Arkansas,	1901—1909	1	5,000	2 — 6	1,000— 2,000	Graded and Prog've.
California,	1893—1905	1 — 3	4,000—10,000	1½—15	500— 2,000	Graded and Prog've.
Colorado,	1901—1909	2	10,000	3 —10	500	Graded and Prog've.
Connecticut,	1889—1907	½	10,000	3	10,000	Reciprocal.
Delaware,	1869—1909			1 — 5	500	Graded.
District of Columbia (14),	No law					
Florida,	No law					
Georgia,	No law					
Hawaii (14),	1892—1905	2	1,000	5	500	
Idaho,	1907	1 — 3	4,000—10,000	1½—15	500— 2,000	Graded and Prog've.
Illinois,	1895—1900	1 — 2	20,000 (2)	2 —10	500— 2,000	Graded and Prog've.
Indiana,	No law					
Iowa (13),	1896—1906			5	1,000	
Kansas,	No law					
Kentucky (13),	1906			5	500	
Louisiana,	1828(3)—1904	2	10,000	5	0	
Maine (13),	1893—1901			4	500	
Maryland,	1845—1880			2½	500	
Massachusetts,	1891—1909	1 — 2	10,000	3 — 5	1,000	Recip., Grad. and Prog've.
Michigan (13),	1893—1903	1 (4)	2,000	5	100	
Minnesota,	1875—1905	1½— 5	10,000	1½— 5	10,000	Progressive.
Mississippi,	No law					
Missouri (13),	1895—1899			5	0	
Montana,	1897	1	7,500	5	500	
Nebraska,	1901—907	1	10,000	2 — 6	500— 2,000	Graded and Prog've.
Nevada,	No law					
New Hampshire,	1878—1905			5	0	
New Jersey (13),	1892—1909			5	0	
New Mexico,	No law					
New York,	1885—1910	1 — 5	500— 5,000	5 —25	100— 500	Recip., Grad. and Prog've.
North Carolina,	1847—1909	¾	2,000	1½—15	2,000	Graded and Prog've.
North Dakota,	1903			2	25,000	
Ohio,	1893—1906			5	200	
Oklahoma (5-14),	No law					
Oregon,	1903—1909	1	5,000 (6)	2 — 6	500— 2,000	Graded and Prog've.
Pennsylvania,	1826—1905			5	250	
Porto Rico,	1901	1 — 3		3 — 9	200	Graded and Prog've.
Rhode Island,	No law					
South Carolina,	No law					
South Dakota,	1905	1	5,000 (7)	2 —10	100— 500	Graded and Prog've.
Tennessee,	1891—1893			5	250	
Texas,	1907			2 —12	500— 2,000	Graded and Prog've.
Utah,	1901—1905	5	10,000	5	10,000	
Vermont (14),	1896—1904			5	0	
Virginia (13),	1844—1909			5	0	
Washington,	1901—1907	1	10,000	3 —12(8)	0	
West Virginia,	1887—1909	1 — 3	10,000—15,000	3 —15	0	Graded and Prog've.
Wisconsin (13),	1868—1903	1 — 3	2,000—10,000	1½—15	100— 500	Grad., Prog've and Recip.
Wyoming,	1903	2	10,000 (9)	5	500	Graded and Prog've.
Alberta (10—14),	1903	1½— 5	25,000	10	5,000	Tax Lim., Grad. and Prog've.
British Columbia (14),	1894	½— 5	25,000	5 —10	5,000	Tax Lim., Grad. and Prog've.
Manitoba (14),	1893—1905	1 —10	25,000	1 —10	2,000	Tax Lim., Grad. and Prog've.
New Brunswick (14),	1892	1¼— 2½	50,000	5 —10	5,000—10,000 (11)	Tax Lim., Grad. and Prog've.
Nova Scotia (14),	1892—1901	2½— 5	25,000	5 —10	5,000	Tax Lim., Grad. and Prog've.
Ontario (14),	1892—1907	1 — 8	50,000	5 —10	10,000	Recip., Tax Lim., Gr., Prog.
Prince Edward Island (14),	1894	1½— 2½	10,000	2½— 7½	3,000	Graded and Prog've.
Quebec (14),	1892—1907	1 — 8	5,000	5—15(12)	1,000—10,000	Graded and Prog've.
Saskatchewan (14),	1903	1½— 5	25,000	10	5,000	Tax Lim., Grad. and Prog've.

(1) Alabama had an inheritance tax law in 1848: Constitution of 1901 says 2½% may be imposed, but Legislature never has passed statute. (2) This exemption applies to each person. (3) Applied to aliens only. (4) Applies to personal property only. (5) Constitution gives right to impose both lineal and collateral inheritance tax. (6) This applies to each person: estates of less than $10,000 are exempt. (7) To certain lineals an exemption of $20,000. (8) Foreign collaterals 25%. (9) To certain lineals an exemption of $25,000. (10) Ordinances passed by Northwest Territory. (11) To persons residing out of Province rate is doubled. (12) To persons residing outside of British Empire an additional 5%. (13) Subsequent legislation on inheritance tax laws not affecting rates and exemption herein given. (14) 1908 inclusive.

TAX ON AUTOMOBILES.

The present Act of 1909 divides automobiles into three asses. The first class (under 20 horse power), pays .00; the second class (between 20 and 50 horse power), ys $10.00, and the third class (over 50 horse power), ys $15.00. The number of automobiles registered to arly the close of the year 1910 is as follows:

hicles less than 20 horse power	755 at	$5.00	$3,775.00
hicles 20 horse power, but less than 50 horse power	20,304 at	10.00	203,040.00
hicles 50 horse power or more	12,273 at	15.00	184,195.00
Total	33,332		$391,010.00
In addition there was received:			
ealers' registrations	2,908 at	$5.00	$14,540.00
otor cycle registrations	3,808 at	2.00	7,616.00
hauffeurs' licenses	15,845 at	2.00	31,690.00
pecial juvenile licenses	684		
A grand total of	56,577		$444,856.00

New Jersey divides automobiles into three classes, the oints of dvision being at 10 and 30 horse power, and axes the classes $3.00, $5.00 and $10.00, respectively. Iassachusetts divides them into five classes with the points f division at 20, 30, 40 and 50 horse power and taxes them 5.00, $10.00, $15.00, $20.00 and $25.00, respectively. Connecticut divides them into five classes with the division at 0, 30, 35 and 40 horse power and taxes them $6.00, $10.00, 15.00, $20.00 and $30.00, respectively. All these States rovide that the money thus raised shall be at the disposition of the Commissioner of Highways, without further ppropriation to expend on the roads of the State.

This tax can be collected with absolute certainty. The utomobile is a luxury which can easily bear the increased ax and if the amount realized was expended in the improvement of the roads, the owners of the automobiles would be so benefited that they would doubtless cheerfully pay it. At the same time it would be a great relief to ocal communities which are put to additional expense in maintaining road surfaces injuriously affected by automobile traffic.

Your Committee therefore recommends the imposition of a tax of $25.00, $50.00 and $75.00 upon the respective classes of registration of vehicles as now established. This on the basis of 1910 would produce a revenue of

Under 20 horse power	$18,875.00
20 to 50 horse power	1,051,200.00
50 horse power or more	920,475.00
Total	$1,954,550.00

Under the present law this fund is paid to the State Highway Department "to be used for the improvement of the roads of this Commonwealth." It should also be available for maintenance of improved roads.

A draft of an Act to accomplish this change is accordingly submitted herewith (see page 157).

An Act to amend Sections 2 and 21 of an Act entitled "An Act relating to motor-vehicles: Regulating their speed upon the public streets and highways of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; providing for their registration, and the licensing of operators, by the State Highway Department; establishing the rights of motor-vehicles upon the public highways, with relation to other vehicles; regulating the service of process and of proceeding in actions for damages arising therefrom; prescribing the penalties for violations of the provisions of this Act, and providing for the disposition of fines imposed thereunder." Approved April 27, 1909.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted, etc., That Section 2 of an Act entitled "An Act relating to motor-vehicles: regulating their speed upon the public streets and highways of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, providing for their registration, and the licensing of operators, by the State Highway Department; establishing the rights of motor-vehicles upon the public highways, with relation to other vehicles; regulating the service of process and of proceedings in actions for damages arising therefrom; prescribing the penalties for violations of the provisions of this Act, and providing for the disposition of fines imposed thereunder." Approved April 27, 1909, which reads as follows:

Sect. 2. Application for the registration of motor-vehicles shall be made to the State Highway Department, or to a lawful agent appointed by the Highway Commissioner. The application shall contain the name, place of residence, and correct post-office address of the owner; with a brief description of the motor-vehicles, stating the name of the maker, the manufacturer's number, the character of the motive power, and the rated horse-power. The said application shall be made upon a blank provided for the purpose by the State Highway Department. It shall be signed by the owner, and be verified by oath or affirmation. Upon receipt of the application, and a fee of five dollars ($5.00) for motor-vehicles of less than twenty horse-power, ten dollars ($10.00) for motor-vehicles of twenty horse-power or more and less than fifty horse-power, and fifteen dollars ($15.00) for motor-vehicles of fifty horse-power or over, or in the case of a motor-cycle, two dollars ($2.00), the State Highway Department shall register the said motor vehicle or motor-cycle in a book to be kept for that purpose; and shall issue to the owner a registration certificate, and two (2) number tags having thereon the registration number, the figures of which shall be not less than five (5) inches in height, the maker's number of the car, the abbreviated name of the State, and the year: Provided, however, That non-residents of this Commonwealth shall be exempt for a period of ten (10) days from the provision of this section, if they have complied with the requirements of the State in which they reside, and display upon their motor-vehicle number-tags that indicate the State by which they are issued and their register number: Provided further, That this privilege shall not apply to residents of States which do not extend similar privileges to residents of this Commonwealth: Provided further, That motor-cycles under this Act, in lieu of the specific form of tag or tags as required herein, shall be required to have painted or attached on the rear mud-guard of such motor-cycle the registration number, in letters and figures of not less than three inches in height and not less than three-eighths of an inch in width, which shall be displayed in some conspicuous color or design other than that of which the said motor-cycle is painted; but no metal sign shall be required in order that the said letters and figures can be plainly readable. The manner of numbering said motor-cycles shall be regarded as a compliance with the terms of this Act, as though a tag or tags had actually been furnished and supplied by the said Highway Department. Any neglect or failure to carry out the terms or provisions of this section as to numbers shall be construed and regarded as a violation of this Act, with the same force and effect as though the provisions herein mentioned in regard to tag or tags had been violated.

"Applicants for registration or license who reside outside of this State shall, in addition to the above requirements, designate in their application a resident of this State as their authorized agent upon whom process may be served," be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sect. 2. Application for the registration of motor-vehicles shall be made to the State Highway Department, or to a lawful agent appointed by the Highway Commissioner. The application shall contain the name, place of residence, and correct post-office address of the owner; with a brief description of the motor-vehicle, stating the name of the maker, the manufacturer's number, the character of the motive power, and the rated horse-power. The said application shall be made upon a blank provided for the purpose by the State Highway Department. It shall be signed by the owner, and be verified by oath or affirmation. Upon receipt of the application, and a fee of twenty-five dollars ($25.00) for motor-vehicles of less than twenty horse-power, fifty dollars ($50.00) for motor-vehicles of twenty horse-power or more and less than fifty horse-power, and seventy-five dollars ($75.00) for motor-vehicles of fifty horse-power or over, or in the case of a motor-cycle, two dollars ($2.00), the State Highway Department shall register the said motor-vehicle or motor-cycle in a book to be kept for that purpose and shall issue to the owner a registration certificate, and two (2) number tags having thereon the registration number the figures of which shall be not less than five (5) inches in height, the maker's number of the car, the abbreviated name of the State, and year: Provided, however, That non-residents of this Commonwealth shall be exempt for a period of ten (10) days from the provisions of this section, if they have complied with the requirements of the State in which they reside, and display upon their motor-vehicle number-tags that indicate the State by which they are issued and their registry number: Provided further, that this privilege shall not apply to residents of States which do not extend similar privileges to residents of this Commonwealth: Provided further, That motor-cycles under this Act, in lieu of the specific form of tag or tags as required herein, shall be required to have painted or attached on the rear mud-guard of such motor-cycles the registration number, in letters and figures of not less than three inches in height and not less than three-eighths of an inch in width, which shall be displayed in some conspicuous color or design other than that of which the said motor-cycle is painted; but no metal sign shall be required in order that the said letters and figures can be plainly readable. The manner of numbering said motor-cycles shall be regarded as a compliance with the terms of this Act, as though a tag or tags had actually been furnished and supplied by the said Highway Department. Any neglect or failure to carry out the terms or provisions of this section as to numbers shall be construed and regarded as a violation of this Act, with the same force and effect as though the provisions herein mentioned in regard to tag or tags had been violated.

Applicants for registration or license who reside outside of this State shall, in addition to the above requirements, designate in their application a resident of this State as their authorized agent upon whom process may be served.

Sect. 2. That Section 21 of the said Act, which reads as follows:

"Sect. 21. The revenues derived from the registration of motor-vehicles, and from licensing operators thereof, under the provisions of this Act, shall be paid by the State Highway Department to the State Treasurer, to be used for the improvement of the roads of this Commonwealth," be, and the same is, hereby amended to read as follows:

Sect. 21. The revenues derived from the registration of motor-vehicles, and from licensing operators thereof, under the provisions of this Act, shall be paid by the State Highway De-

partment to the State Treasurer, to be used for the improvement of the roads of this Commonwealth and the maintenance thereof.

TAX ON ANTHRACITE COAL.

Many recommendations were made to your Committee, that a tax be imposed on some of the natural resources of the State, such as the gross production of mines, oil and gas wells. This was one of the requests of the State Grange. So far as these natural products come in competition with those produced by other States, it would be a considerable burden upon the operation of such industries in this Commonwealth to lay any tax. This would apply to oil, gas and bituminous coal. It would in the end be a tax upon the real estate from which such products were derived, and would be an exception to the general policy of the Commonwealth, not to tax real estate specifically for State purposes, but to leave it to bear the principal burden of local taxation.

As to anthracite coal, however, in which this Commonwealth has a practical monopoly, competition would not exist. Such a tax would be like the tax on gross receipts of transportation and other similar companies, a tax on business operations as to which there is more or less of a monopoly. Moreover, as the tax could be laid on the coal before it became the subject of interstate commerce, a large part of the burden would be passed on, if any change in price, to the citizens of other States. It is estimated that 80 per cent. of this coal goes out of the State.

At the meeting held at Scranton disinterested public men warmly advocated such a tax, and reference was made, among other considerations, to the number of accidents in the anthracite coal mines, which left a burden of disabled men, widows and orphans to fall upon State aid. The proportion is much greater in the anthracite regions, being for 1908, 618 fatal and 3,526 non-fatal accidents in the production of 70,238,530 tons of anthracite, to 531 fatal and 3,005 non-fatal accidents in the production of 118,313,525 tons of bituminous. The yearly averages in the anthracite mines up to 1907 showed deaths of 573, leaving 322 widows and 770 orphans; for the bituminous, 457 deaths, leaving 252 widows and 546 orphans.

The Department of Mines made the necessity of relieving this burden the subject of earnest comment in its report of 1907, advised a tax of three-fourths of a cent per ton on bituminous coal and one and one-half cents on anthracite, the sum realized to be applied to this specific purpose, and repeated the recommendation in 1909.

Your Committee therefore recommends the imposition of a State tax of 2 1-2 per cent. of the value of all anthracite coal at the mouth of the mine, as provided by the draft of an Act submitted herewith. (See page 165.)

The product of anthracite coal in this Commonwealth in the year 1908 amounted to 70,238,530 tons of the value of $153,917,458, and in 1909 to 80,223,833 tons of the value of $180,503,624. Upon the basis of the production of 1908 the tax would realize $3,847,936.45, and upon the basis of 1909 the sum of $4,512,580.60, and would form a very substantial addition to the State revenue. This would be at the rate of approximately 5 1-2 cents per ton, irrespective of size.

One especially interesting suggestion made was that the coal in situ be relieved of local taxation, and, a portion of the anthracite coal tax be returned to the counties to compensate for this. It is often the case that the surface is owned by one person and the coal by another, the division being horizontal instead of vertical. The coal is then assessed separately as real estate, and whether assessed this way or with the surface, the uncertainties of valuation owing to ignorance of the extent of the coal cause much difficulty and feeling between the taxing officials and owners. Instances may be found in the cases of Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railway Company's Assessment, 224 Pa. 240, where the court held that it was not uniform taxation to assess coal lands at a ratio of actual to assessed value different from other lands; and in Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Company's Assessment, 225 Pa. 272, the court condemned the unvarying use of the so-called "foot-acre" method, whereby all coal in place is valued according to a unit of cubical content, to wit, an acre of coal a foot thick, without regard to quality and accessibility, which greatly affect the actual value. Then again, the County Commissioners of the different counties adopt different values for the unit, Lackawanna county, $200; Luzerne county, $67 and like variations in other counties. These difficulties would be done away with by the method suggested. On the other hand, there are practical difficulties in local distribution, owing to local taxes for roads, schools, poor and the like in the subdivisions of the counties.

As the primary purpose of the tax at this time is the raising of State revenue, your Committee does not recommend that the system of local distribution be now put in effect. After the yield of the tax has been determined, and statistics have been gathered as to the amount and kind of local taxes to be displaced, a system may be established by which from an increase of the State tax the present local taxes may be supplied and discontinued. Information on these points is still being sought, and if proper data can be obtained and a practical scheme worked out before adjournment of the Legislature, further report on the subject will be made.

A somewhat similar suggestion as to timber was made, that is, to exempt it from taxes until fit for market. The situation is different. Timber land has no value apart from timber until it is cleared, and in many localities there would be little land left to pay the expenses of local government. The coal is always fit for market, and is always being mined and revenue realized. But we must wait for a revenue from timber in this way.

A draft of an Act laying an ad valorem tax on coal at the mouth of the mine is therefore submitted herewith (see page 165). An alternative is suggested in case it should be the opinion of the Legislature that it is more desirable to lay the tax at a flat rate per ton (see page 165). The tax according to value would be more uniform and the tax at a flat rate easier of ascertainment.

With respect to oil, gas and bituminous coal a tax of the same amount laid by all of the States in which they are produced which come in competition with the product of our State, without the necessity of a long haul to market, would so equalize conditions that there would be no unfairness. West Virginia in particular is seeking a proper method of taxing its oil and gas products. A conference between these States would be beneficial to all concerned, and your Committee recommends that an invitation be extended to them to meet delegates appointed by the Governor of Pennsylvania to discuss the subject, the expenses of the delegates to be provided for in the general appropriation bill. For this purpose the following Joint Resolution is proposed:

A joint resolution providing for the issuing of an invitation to neighboring States to a conference with respect to the taxing of oil, gas and bituminous coal.

Resolved, if the concur, That the Governor of the Commonwealth be requested to issue an invitation to the States of Ohio, West Virginia, and Maryland to participate in a joint conference with this State upon the subject of a tax of the same amount to be laid by each State upon oil, gas and bituminous coal, and upon the method of laying the same; and

Be it further Resolved, That upon the Governor of the Commonwealth receiving from the Governors of the States of Ohio, West Virginia and Maryland an indication of the willingness of their respective States to participate in such a conference the Governor be and he is hereby authorized to appoint three delegates to meet and confer with delegates from all those States when the same shall be designated, at a time and place to be mutually agreed upon; and,

Be it further Resolved, That the expenses of such delegates be paid out of a sum to be appropriated in the general appropriation bill and be drawn from the State Treasury upon the warrant of the chairman of the delegation, who shall be designated as such by the Governor.

An Act laying a State tax on anthracite coal and providing for the collection of the same.

Section 1. Be it enacted, etc., That hereafter every ton of anthracite coal of the weight of two thousand two hundred and forty pounds avoirdupois mined in this Commonwealth shall be subject to a State tax of five cents to be settled and collected as provided by law for other State taxes.

(Or as an alternative title and first section.)

An Act laying a State tax on anthracite coal and providing for the collection of the same.

Section 1. Be it enacted, etc., That hereafter every ton of anthracite coal of the weight of two thousand two hundred and forty pounds avoirdupois mined in this Commonwealth shall be subject to a State tax of two and one-half per centum of the value thereof at the mouth of the mine, to be settled and collected as provided by law for other State taxes.

Section 2. Every operator of an anthracite coal mine or mines in this Commonwealth shall report to the Auditor General in the month of January in each year hereafter the number of such tons of anthracite coal mined by such operator within the calendar year then next preceding; and the

value thereof at the mouth of the mine. Such report shall be in writing under the oath of the operator if an individual, or of one of them if more than one individual or of a principal executive officer of a corporation, limited partnership or joint stock association.

Section 3. If any such operator shall fail to furnish such report within the time required, it shall be the duty of the accounting officers of the Commonwealth to add 10 per centum to the tax for each and every year for which such report was not so furnished, which percentage shall be settled and collected with the said tax in the usual manner of settling accounts and collecting such taxes; and if any individual operator or the officers of an operator being a corporation, limited partnership, or joint stock association, or any of them, shall intentionally fail to make such report for three successive years, he or they shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of five hundred dollars and undergo an imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both or either, at the discretion of the Court.

Section 4. If the Auditor General or State Treasurer is not satisfied with the report so made, they are hereby authorized and empowered to make an estimate of the number of tons mined by the operator and to settle an account on the basis of such estimate for the taxes, penalties and interest due the Commonwealth thereon, with the right to the operator dissatisfied with any settlement so made to appeal therefrom in the manner provided by law; and if no such report is made the Auditor General and State Treasurer shall make an estimate and settle an account as aforesaid, from which settlement there shall be a right of appeal in the manner provided by law.

NOTE.

The classification of anthracite coal as distinguished from bituminous coal has been sanctioned by long existing legislation with reference to the different modes of inspection of bituminous and anthracite mines and the classification sustained in the case of Durkin vs. Kingston Coal Co., 171 Pa. 193.

By an Act of 1864, P. L. 218, a tonnage tax of 2 cents was put on the products of mines. This was amended by an Act of the same year, P. L. 988, continued by an Act of 1868, P. L. 108, and finally abolished by an Act of 1864, P. L. 68. The latter Act substituted a tax on the number of tons of coal mined or purchased by companies engaging in the mining or purchasing and selling of coal at the rate of 3 cents per ton. This was sustained as a tax on franchises or privileges of the company and the classification of these companies separately for purposes of taxation was approved in the case of Kittanning Coal Company vs. Commonwealth, 79 Pa. 103.

By the Act of 1879, P. L. 112, the tax was abolished as of July 1, 1881. It was held unconstitutional by the Supreme Court of the United States as to interstate tonnage by the case of Philadelphia & Reading R. R. Co. vs. Penna., 15 Wall. 232.

The method of report and settlement of the tax is based on the method with regard to capital stock tax of corporations.

MERCANTILE LICENSE TAX.

The largest number of protests made to your Committee against existing taxes is that made against the mercantile license tax. The principal complaint is that as a tax on gross sales instead of on profit, it bears on those who do a large volume of business in staple articles upon a small margin of profit. As the tax bears equally upon all of the competitors of such a merchant there is no preference of any one, and the tax can easily be allowed for as an item of expense of the business. The tax as now laid has the advantage of being easily and accurately ascertainable. To ascertain the amount of profit would necessitate far more inquisition than the present method, and this matter of prying into the affairs of merchants is even now a matter of complaint. The same difficulty of accurate estimate would be met with in any attempt to tax on the amount of capital involved in the business. The mercantile license tax has existed in this State continuously in various forms since the year 1821. It is not large in amount, being only one mill on retail dealers, one-half mill on wholesale dealers, and one-quarter mill on dealers at exchange. Business of all kinds has become so accustomed to the tax as to have adjusted itself thereto, and it seems only fair that the private business man should bear part of the burdens of the Government by which he benefits, when corporations are called upon to bear so much heavier burdens in the way of capital stock tax, and public service corporations bear in addition a gross receipts tax of eight mills upon the business which they conduct, which is also a tax upon privilege and is laid in the same way. It is proposed hereafter to impose a tax on manufacturing corporations also, as some of the merchants have suggested, so that this privilege will not escape. Money which is active in business and is thus being repeatedly turned over is specially fitted for taxation, and in all States is a special object of such taxation. If the money of the merchant is not taxed, a large amount will escape its share of the public burden. This is opposed to the principle of equalizing taxes on property of the same class so far as it is practical to subject it to successful taxation.

The cost of collecting this tax is not so large as might be supposed. The average cost for the year 1907 was 10.6 per cent., and for 1908, 10.5 per cent. One of the items in this cost is advertising of the mercantile tax lists, which is now made everywhere except at Philadelphia, although there is authority to order it there. This publicity is in line with the general movement for publicity in all tax matters, a striking instance of which is the provisions of the Federal Corporation Tax law. Many recommendations have been made with respect to real estate assessment, that lists be published of the values so that the conflicting opinions and interests of neighbors may produce greater equality in valuations. Your Committee thinks that if a list were published including not merely the names and classification but also the amount of business on which a tax is laid (which could be done at slight expense) the lists would be of great value in securing equalization.

They therefore recommend the enactment of the following Act:

An Act relative to Mercantile Appraisers' Lists.

Section 1. Be it enacted, etc., That hereafter the Mercantile Appraisers' Lists published in each county of the Commonwealth, in addition to the names and classification of each person subject to license, shall also give the amount of the gross volume of business transacted annually upon which the tax is assessed.

Your committee therefore recommended that the mercantile license tax be continued as now laid.

TAXES ON INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Insurance companies now pay the capital stock if they have capital stock, and the four mills tax on money at interest (except in such extraordinary cases as that of the Provident Life and Trust Company, elsewhere referred to), and an eight mills tax upon the premiums received for business done within the State. Foreign companies pay 2 per cent. of the premiums upon business done within the State. Some of the companies, and also the Insurance Commissioner, have advocated that the tax on premiums be increased and all other taxes abolished. This tax is like that on the gross receipts of certain public service corporations. It is very easy to ascertain and collect, as it falls upon all classes of companies alike, none is able, by reason of special circumstances or any concealment, to evade it. Such a tax would reach even the evasive Provident Life and Trust Company. It should extend to both foreign and domestic companies and all those in the insurance pusiness, except fraternal orders, which stand on a different basis, to wit, that of benevolence.

This, at the same time, would adjust the complaint which are made even by our own insurance companies of the excessive rate charged to foreign companies. The practical result is to bear hard upon our companies when they go abroad to do business, because they are met in the most important States with a retaliatory tax of the same kind, and hence do business there at a disadvantage with their competitors. Under the very stringent provisions of our law as to the registration and inspection and reserves of foreign companies, our citizens are as safe in dealing with them as with domestic companies, and both should do business upon the same basis.

It was represented by certain of the insurance companies that a tax of 2 per cent. on the gross premiums would yield a revenue which would be approximately equal to that derived from the present taxes, for which it is substituted. The suggestion of this tax, however, unites in the minds of the Committee with a demand for increased taxation upon the insurance companies. These companies have control of very large funds, and as such form a concrete body of wealth which is easily and efficiently taxed, and the burden of the tax thereby distributed over the portion of the community doing business with them, a class well able to bear it. In this respect they are analogous to banking institutions.

Your Committee, therefore, submits herewith a draft of an Act designed to accomplish the result suggested, and modeled upon the existing Act of 1895, imposing the tax at the rate of 3 per cent. (see page 170).

An Act to further amend Section 24, of an Act entitled "A further supplement to an Act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation,' approved the seventh day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine," approved the 1st day of June, Anno Domini 1889.

Section 1. Be it enacted, etc., That Section 24 of an Act entitled "A further supplement to an Act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation,' approved the seventh day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine," approved the 1st day of June, Anno Domini 1889, which as heretofore amended reads as follows:

"That hereafter it shall be the duty of the President, Secretary or other proper officer of each and every insurance company or association, incorporated by or under any law of this Commonwealth, except companies doing business upon the purely mutual plan without any capital stock or accumulated reserve, and purely mutual beneficial associations whose funds for the benefit of members, their families or heirs are made up entirely of the weekly or monthly contributions of their members and the accumulated interest thereon, to make report in writing to the Auditor General, semi-annually, upon the first days of July and January in each year, setting forth the entire amount of premiums and assessments received by such company or association during the preceding six months, whether said premiums and assessments were received in money or in form of notes, credits or other substitutes for money; and every such company or association shall pay into the State Treasury, semi-annually, on the last days of January and July, in addition to any other taxes to which it may be liable under the first and twenty-first sections of this Act, a tax of eight mills on the dollar upon the gross amount of said premiums and assessments received from business transacted within this Commonwealth: Provided, That said reports shall be made under oath or affirmation, and it shall be the duty of the accounting officers of the Commonwealth to add 10 per centum to the account of any company or association whose officers shall neglect or refuse for a period of thirty days to make said report, or to pay into the State Treasury the tax imposed by this section: And provided further, That hereafter the annual tax upon premiums or insurance companies of other States or foreign Governments, shall be at the rate of 2 per centum upon the gross premiums of every character and description received from business done within this Commonwealth within the entire calendar year preceding," be amended to read as follows:

That hereafter it shall be the duty of the President, Secretary or other proper officer of each and every insurance company or asssociation of every kind whatsoever and wheresoever incorporated, including stock and mutual companies, and mutual beneficial associations, doing business in this Commonwealth, to make report in writing to the Auditor General annually in the month of January in each year hereafter, setting forth the entire amount of premiums and assessments received by such company or association during the preceding calendar year, whether said premiums and assessments were received in money or in the form of notes, credits or other substitutes for money; and every such company or association shall pay into the State Treasury annually on the last day of January in each year a tax of three per cent. upon the gross amount of such premiums and assessments received from business transacted within this Commonwealth: Provided, That said report shall be made under oath or affirmation, and that it shall be the duty of the accounting officers of the Commonwealth to add ten per centum to the account of any company or association whose officers shall neglect or refuse for a period of thirty days to make said report or to pay into the State Treasury the tax hereby imposed: And provided further, That the tax hereby imposed shall be in lieu of any tax to which such companies might otherwise be liable under the first section of this Act, and in lieu of any tax to which it might otherwise be liable under the twenty-first section of this Act as respects so much of its capital as is invested in the business of insurance.

TRANSFER COMPANIES.

In connection with the gross receipts tax, it may be well to mention that companies transferring baggage and doing a like business do not pay the tax. It might be supposed that they were included in the term "express companies," upon which a special Act of 1899 imposes the eight mills gross receipts tax. But in practice the tax has not been collected from these companies, and as their business is exactly analogous to that of express companies and as they are an important class of public service corporations, your Committee recommends the imposition of the tax upon them, and submits herewith a draft of an amendment to the Act of 1899 above mentioned, to accomplish that end (see page 172).

An Act to amend Section 2 of an Act entitled "A supplement to an Act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation,' approved the seventh day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, amending and extending the provisions thereof," approved the 28th day of April, A. D. 1899.

Section 1. Be it enacted, etc., That Section 2 of an Act entitled "A supplement to an Act, entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation,' approved the seventh day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, amending and extending the provisions thereof," which reads as follows:

"Section 2. Every corporation, limited partnership, joint stock association, partnership firm or association of individuals, incorporated or unincorporated, engaged in the business commonly known as express business, shall pay to the State Treasurer, for the use of the Commonwealth, a tax of eight mills upon the amount of their gross receipts from express business done wholly within this State, the said tax shall be paid semi-annually upon the last days of January and July in each year; and for the purpose of ascertaining the amount of the same, it shall be the duty of the Treasurer, or other proper officer of the said corporation, limited partnership, joint stock association, partnership, firm or asssociation of individuals, to transmit to the Auditor General a statement, under oath or affirmation, of the amount of gross receipts of the said corporation, limited partnership, joint stock association, partnership, firm, or association of individuals, incorporated or unincorporated, derived from all sources ,and of the gross receipts from business done wholly within the State during the preceding six months ending upon the first days of January and July in each year; and if any such corporation, limited partnership, joint stock association, partnership, firm, or association of individuals, incorporated or unincorporated, shall neglect or refuse for a period of thirty days after such tax becomes due to make said returns, or to pay the said tax, the amount thereof, with an addition of 10 per centum thereto, shall be collected for the use of the Commonwealth as other taxes are recoverable by law. No other tax upon express receipts, or upon the privilege of transacting express business, shall be collected without further authority of law to be hereafter enacted: Providing, That this Act shall not be construed to repeal or take the place of the tax upon capital stock now imposed by law; but the tax on gross receipts hereby imposed shall be in addition to the tax on capital stock imposed by existing law upon any of the corporations, companies or associations hereby taxed," be, and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 2. Every corporation, limited partnership, joint stock association, partnership, firm, or association of individuals, incorporated or unincorporated engaged in the business of carrying baggage or persons or in the business commonly known as express business, or in any other business of a like character and commonly known as transfer companies, express companies and companies doing similar business, shall pay to the State Treasurer, for the use of the Commonwealth, a tax of eight mills upon the amount of their gross receipts from transfer, express and similar business done wholly within this State, the said tax shall be paid semi-annually upon the last days of January and July in each year; and for the purpose of ascertaining the amount of the same, it shall be the duty of the Treasurer, or other proper officer of the said corporation, limited partnership, joint stock association, partnership, firm, or association of individuals, to transmit to the Auditor General a statement, under oath or affirmation, of the amount of gross receipts of the said corporation, limited partnership joint stock association partnership firm or association of individuals, incorporated or unincorporated, derived from all sources, and of the gross receipts from business done wholly within the State, during the preceding six months ending upon the first days of January and July in each year; and if any such corporation, limited partnership, joint stock association, partnership, firm, or association of individuals, incorporated or unincorporated, shall neglect or refuse for a period of thirty days after such tax becomes due to make said returns, or to pay the said tax, the amount thereof, with an addition of 10 per centum thereto, shall be collected for the use of the Commonwealth as other taxes are recoverable by law. No other tax upon transfer, express and similar receipts, or upon the privilege of transacting transfer, express and similar business, shall be collected without further authority of law to be hereafter enacted: Providing, That this act shall not be construed to repeal or take the place of the tax upon capital stock now imposed by law; but the tax on gross receipts hereby imposed shall be in addition to the tax on capital stock imposed by existing law upon any of the corporations, companies or associations hereby taxed.

EXEMPTION OF SAVINGS INSTITUTIONS FROM FOUR MILLS TAX.

The Legislature of 1909, P. L. 298, exempted savings institutions not having a capital stock from the four mills tax on monied investments, with the proviso that this should not relieve from payment corporations which had issued loans free of tax. This Act is wrong in principle. These institutions are not charitable organizations. While few in number, they have the control of a great amount of money, the total deposits amounting (November 6, 1909, to $167,068,144.72), of which the Philadelphia Savings Fund Society alone had $92,259,930.43.

The passage of this Act was advocated on the plea that it would benefit the depositors in this class of depositories whose funds are largely made up of small savings. But the result intended has not been accomplished. While in theory a tax on the creditor, it really falls upon the debtor, and yet though exempt from the tax there has been no change influenced by the Act in the rate of interest demanded by these institutions since its passage.

Nor has the exemption benefited the depositors. The rate of interest paid (3.65 per cent.) is the same as before, and the money realized has gone to swell the already large surplus which is never divided, and for the Philadelphia Savings Fund alone amounted, on November 10, 1910, to $9,574,159.36.

If the interest charged was lower than the current rate (because of the exemption from the four mills tax), it

would appear to tend to favoritism in the granting of loans, and it could not be otherwise than a profitable abuse. Indeed, it is not difficult to conclude that the only material benefit because of this exemption will accrue to those corporations or other borrowers who are able, through their relations with the officials of the institutions, to do business with them and save the tax, and there can be no legal or moral reason for an exemption from which there could possibly flow such a preference.

If there could be a legal exemption from taxation of the man who has but small savings, one which could fairly tend to his thrift and uplift, your Committee would be only too glad to make a recommendation to that end, and in that spirit have elsewhere suggested the adoption of a Constitutional Amendment which will, if adopted, secure such a result (see page 150).

As this Act of May 1, 1909, P. L. 298, serves no useful purpose its repeal is recommended, and a draft of an Act therefor is herewith submitted (see page 176).

It may be well to call attention to the evils attendant upon the accumulations of reserve and surplus in institutions of this sort, and of insurance companies. This subject was very thoroughly exposed in the investigation of the the New York insurance companies in 1905; and the opportunities given to their managers for profit through the wielding of such sums, even in investing them with perfect safety. All the profits of our savings funds should go to depositors. But the margin between the rate of interest on investments and the rate paid depositors, permits the accumulation of a surplus, laid away under the guise of providing for the unlikely contingencies of a remote day, far beyond what appears to your Committee to be the necessity of the case. No case of actual abuse yet appears, but the best safety lies in fear, and your Committee will be gratified if their further investigations find a way of limiting these funds.

An Act to repeal an Act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an Act, entitled 'A further supplement to an Act, entitled "An Act to provide revenue by taxation," approved the seventh day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine,' approved the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, as amended by an Act approved the eighth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, entitled 'An Act to provide increased revenues for the purpose of relieving the burdens of local taxation, being supplementary to an Act, entitled "An Act to provide revenue by taxation," approved the seventh day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, amending the first, fourteenth, sixteenth, twentieth, twenty-first, twenty-fifth and twenty-sixth sections of an Act supplementary thereto, which became a law on the first day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, entitled 'A further supplement to an Act, entitled "An Act to provide revenue by taxation," approved the seventh day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine,' and providing for greater uniformity of taxation by taxing all of the property of corporations, limited partnerships, and joint stock associations having capital stock, at the rate of five mills on each dollar of its actual value, by relieving and exempting from the provisions thereof savings institutions having no capital stock," approved May 1, 1909.

Section 1. Be it enacted, etc., That an Act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an Act, entitled 'A further supplement to an Act, entitled "An Act to provide revenue by taxation," approved the seventh day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine,' approved the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, as amended by an Act approved the eighth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, entitled "An Act to provide increased revenues for the purpose of relieving the burdens of local taxation, being supplementary to an Act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation,' approved the seventh day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, amending the first, fourteenth, sixteenth, twentieth, twenty-first, twenty-fifth, and twenty-sixth sections of an Act supplementary thereo, which became a law on the first day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, entitled 'A further supplement to an Act, entitled "An Act to provide revenue by taxation,' approved the seventh day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine," and providing for greater uniformity of taxation by taxing all of the property of corporations, limited partnerships, and joint stock associations of its actual value," by relieving and exempting from the provisions thereof savings institutions having no capital stock," approved May 1, 1909, be, and the same is hereby repealed.

CAPITAL STOCK TAX ON MANUFACTURING CORPORATIONS.

There is a very general feeling throughout the State, to which the Pennsylvania State Grange gave particularly forceful expression, that manufacturing corporations, like other corporations, should pay tax upon the capital stock. This tax is imposed on the value of the assets as represented by the capital stock, but as it is not imposed upon other similar non-corporate assets, it is in effect a tax on the privilege of existing as a corporation. These corporations share, with others, this governmental privilege. The only ground for the exemption is the supposed encouragement that has thus been given to the location of manufacturing industries within the State. Primarily, however, the location of a manufacturing plant will depend upon the nearness to source of supply or to markets, or to supply of labor or the like, and the imposition of the tax, while a material element, is a minor one. Pennsylvania and New York alone treat manufacturing corporations differently from other general business corporations with respect to State taxes, and the pre-eminence of these States in that regard is largely due to natural advantages. New York exempts only those corporations which employ 40 per cent. of their capital in manufacturing within the State. Even a manufacturing State like Massachusetts does not so favor them. From the expression of opinions before it, your Committee believes that manufacturers themselves feel that as they have been exempt from 1885 on the theory of ,'infant industries," a small tax would be now not an appreciable burden. In order, however, that there need be no sudden readjustment of the conditions under which the manufacturer may conduct his business, in competition with like activities in other States, the tax ought to be a small one.

A change in the subject of taxation is often more oppressive than an existing unjust tax, because the incidence of the tax has been determined, consciously or unconsciously, and allowance for it has been made.

The capital stock of manufacturing corporations doing business in this State in 1905 (the last estimate available), amounted to $1,600,000,000, now, probably, $2,000,000,000. A tax of one mill on this latter amount would yield to the State the substantial sum of $2,000,000 per year, and your Committee recommends that it be laid.

A draft of an Act to accomplish this result is herewith submitted (see page 181).

By the same Act your Committee proposes to stop a gap in the existing law which the Legislature of 1907 made a possibly ineffectual attempt to fill. Companies doing an insurance business, as well as a general trust company business—notably the Provident Life and Trust Company, of Philadelphia—hold certain investments for their insurance department reserves. It was first decided at the suit of this company that these assets should not be reckoned as part of the capital stock, as they did not belong to the stockholders. (Com. vs. Provident Life and Trust Co., 9 District Rep. 479.) It was then attempted to impose the four mills tax on money at interest upon these assets; but this was successfully resisted on the ground that they were owned by the company in its own right and not as trustee for its policy holders, and hence exempt from the four mills tax, under the express wording of the Act of 1891, imposing the capital stock tax. (Provident Life and Trust Co. vs. Durham, 212 Pa. 68.) Accordingly the Act of 1907, P. L. 430, declared that the exemption should not extend to securities in which the stockholders did not have the entire equitable interest, thus attempting to exclude the shadowy borderland within which these $30,000,000 of assets fell.

But in giving a title to this Act a mistake was made. In the body of the Act the section intended to be amended was correctly quoted, and in the marginal note to the Pamphlet Laws it is correctly called the Act of 1893. But in the title, the Act to be amended is called the Act of June 27, 1879. The parent Act of all this series is an Act of 1879, which has long since been superseded. But it is the Act of June 7, not June 27. In spite of this the Court of Common Pleas No. 2, of Philadelphia, has decided that the assets in question (now amounting to fifty million dollars) do not come within the wording, at the same time declaring the title correct. Your Committee would recommend an alteration in the wording of the Act as in the draft submitted herewith, and also a correction of the title to meet a possible adverse decision by the Supreme Court, where the case is now on appeal.

Capital stock not invested in manufacturing is taxed at five mills, as heretofore.

ARTIFICIAL GAS COMPANIES.

Since the exemption of manufacturing companies from capital stock tax by the original Act of 1885 imposing this species of tax, gas companies have been exempt on the ground that they were manufacturing companies. Commonwealth vs. Allegheny Gas Co., 1 Dauph. 93; Commonwealth vs. Chester Gas Co., 5 Dauph. 121. At the same time it was held that their competitors, the electric light companies, were subject to this tax. Commonwealth vs. Northern Electric Light and Power Company, 145 Pa. 105. By the Act of 1889, the electric light companies were also subjected to the tax of eight mills on the gross receipts, which is laid on transportation companies of various sorts. As a result, the gas companies, many of which have a local monopoly unlike the electric light companies, are free from two taxes which their competitors bear. Your Committee is of opinion that the imposition of both these taxes on gas companies would equalize taxes on concerns which are legitimate competitors of one another, and at the same time would secure a substantial item of revenue. As long as the expense of electric light continues greater, and with the increased use of gas as domestic fuel, these companies will continue to thrive. The local monopoly given them by law makes them (like coal) a natural subject of taxation.

In the draft of the Act imposing capital stock tax on manufacturing corporations (see page 181) there has therefore been inserted, also, appropriate words to impose on artificial gas companies the regular capital stock tax of five mills.

An amendment to the Act of 1889, imposing the gross receipts tax on these companies, is also submitted herewith (see page 183).

An Act to further amend Section twenty-one of an Act entitled "A further supplement to an Act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation,' approved the seventh day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine," approved June 1, 1889.

Section 1. Be it enacted, etc., That section 21 of an Act, entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation,' approved the seventh day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine," approved June 1, 1889, which as heretofore amended, reads as follows:

"Section 21. That every corporation, joint stock association, limited partnership and company whatsoever, from which a report is required under the twentieth section thereof, shall be subject to and pay into the Treasury of the Commonwealth, annually, a tax at the rate of five mills upon each dollar of the actual value of its whole capital stock of all kinds, including common, special and preferred, as ascertained in the manner prescribed in said twentieth section, and it shall be the duty of the treasurer or other officers having charge of any such corporation, joint stock association or limited partnership, upon which a tax is imposed by this section, to transmit the amount of said tax to the Treasury of the Commonwealth within thirty days from the date of settlement of the account by the Auditor General and State Treasurer; Provided, That for the purpose of this Act, interests in limited partnerships or joint stock associations shall be deemed to be capital stock and taxable accordingly: Provided also, That corporations, limited partnerships and joint stock associations, liable to tax on capital stock under this section, shall not be required to make any report or pay any further tax on mortgages, bonds and other securities owned by them in their own right; but corporations, limited partnerships and joint stock associations holding such securities as trustees, executors, administrators, guardians, or in any other manner, shall return and pay the tax imposed by this Act upon all securities so held by them as in the case of individuals: And Provided Further, That the provisions of this section shall not apply to the taxation of so much of the capital stock of corporations, limited partnerships or joint stock associations, organized for manufacturing purposes, which is invested in and actually and exclusively employed in carrying on manufacturing within the State, except companies engaged in the brewing of distilling of spirits or malt liquors and such as enjoy and exercise the right of eminent domain; but every manufacturing corporation, limited partnership or joint stock association shall pay the State tax of five mills herein provided, upon such proportion of its capital stock, if any, as may be invested in any property or business not strictly incident or appurtenant to its manufacturing business, in addition to the local taxes assessed upon its property in the districts where located, it being the object of this proviso to relieve from State taxation only so much of the capital stock as is invested purely in the manufacturing plant and business: Provided further, In case of fire or marine insurance companies the tax imposed by this section shall be at the rate of three mills on each dollar of the actual value of the whole capital stock," be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 21. That every corporation, joint stock association, limited partnership, and company whatsoever, from which a report is required under the twentieth section hereof, shall be subject to and pay into the Treasury of the Commonwealth, annually, a tax at the rate of five mills upon each dollar of the actual value of its whole capital stock of all kinds, including common, special and preferred, as ascertained in the manner prescribed in said twentieth section; and it shall be the duty of the treasurer or other officers having charge of any such corporation, joint stock association, or limited partnership, upon which a tax is imposed by this section, to transmit the amount of said tax to the Treasury of the Commonwealth within thirty days from the date of the settlement of the account by the Auditor General and the State Treasurer: Provided, That for the purpose of this Act, interests in limited partnerships or joint stock associations shall be deemed to be capital stock, and taxable accordingly: Provided also, That corporations, limited partnerships, and joint stock associations, liable to tax on capital stock under this section, shall not be required to pay any further tax on the mortgages, bonds, and other securities owned by them, which form part of its capital stock surplus and undivided profits belonging to the whole body of stockholders or members as such; but corporations, limited partnerships, and joint stock associations, owning or holding such securities as trustees, executors, administrators, guardians, or in any other manner than as aforesaid, shall return and pay the tax imposed by this Act upon all securities so owned or held by them, as in the case of individuals; And Provided Further, That the capital stock of corporations, limited partnerships and joint stock associations organized for manufacturing purposes which is invested in and actually and exclusively employed in carrying on manufacturing within the State, except companies engaged in the brewing or distilling of spirits or malt liquors, and the manufacture of artificial gas, and such as enjoy and exercise the right of eminent domain, shall be taxed at the rate of one mill upon each dollar of the actual value thereof; but so much thereof as may be invested in any property or business not strictly incident or appurtenant to its manufacturing business shall be taxed at the rate of five mills upon each dollar of the actual value thereof: Provided further, In case of fire and marine insurance companies, the tax imposed by this section shall be at the rate of three mills upon each dollar of the actual value of the whole capital stock.

An Act to amend Section twenty-three of an Act entitled "A further supplement to an Act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation,' approved the seventh day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine," approved June 1, 1889.

Section 1. Be it enacted, etc., That Section 23 of an Act entitled "A further supplement to an Act entitled 'An Act to provide revenue by taxation, approved the seventh day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine," approved June 1, 1889, which read as follows:

"Section 23. That every railroad company, pipe line company, conduit company, steamboat company, canal company, slack water navigation company, transportation company, street passenger railway company, and every other company, joint stock association or limited partnership, now or hereafter incorporated or organized by or under any law of this Commonwealth or now or hereafter organized or incorporated by any other State or by the United States or any foreign Government, and doing business in this Commonwealth, and owning, operating or leasing to or from another corporation, company, association, joint stock association or limited partnership, any railroad, pipe line, slack water navigation, street passenger railway, canal or other device for the transportation of freight or passengers or oil, and every telephone or telegraph company incorporated under the laws of this or any other State of the United States and doing business in this Commonwealth, and every express company, incorporated or unincorporated, doing business in this Commonwealth, and every firm, co-partnership or joint stock company or association doing express business in this Commonwealth, and every electric light company, and every palace car and sleeping car company, incorporated or unincorporated, doing business in this Commonwealth, shall pay to the State Treasurer a tax of eight mills upon the dollar upon the gross receipts of said corporation, company or association, limited partnership, firm or co-partnership, received from passengers and freight traffic transported wholly within this State, and from telegraph, telephone or express business done wholly within this State, or from business of electric light companies and from the transportation of oil done wholly within the State; the said tax shall be paid semi-annually upon the last days of January and July in each year; and for the purpose of ascertaining the amount of the same it shall be the duty of the treasurer or other proper officers of the said company, firm, co-partnership, limited partnership, joint stock association or corporation to transmit to the Auditor General a statement, under oath or affirmation, of the amount of gross receipts of the said companies, co-partnerships, corporations, joint stock associations, or limited partnerships derived from all sources and of gross receipts from business done wholly within the State, during the preceding six months ending on the first days of January and July in each year; and if any such company, firm, co-partnership, joint stock association, association or limited partnership or corporation, shall neglect or refuse for a period of thirty days after such tax becomes due to make said returns or to pay the same, the amount thereof, with an addition of ten per centum thereto, shall be collected for the use of the Commonwealth as other taxes are recoverable by law: Provided, That in any case where the works of one corporation, company, joint stock association or limited partnership are leased to and operated by another corporation, company, association or limited partnership, the taxes imposed by this section shall be apportioned between the said corporations, companies, associations or limited partnerships in accordance with the terms of their respective leases or agreements, but for the payment of the said taxes the Commonwealth shall first look to the corporation, company, association or limited partnership operating the works, and upon payment by the said company, corporation, association or limited partnership of a tax upon the receipts as herein provided derived from the operation thereof, the corporation company, joint stock association, or limited partnership from which the said works are

eased, shall not be held liable under this section for any ax upon the proportion of said receipts received by it as rental or the use of said works."

be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 23. That every railroad company, pipe line company, conduit company, steamboat company, canal company, slack water navigation company, transportation company, street passenger railway company, and every other company, joint stock association or limited partnership, now or hereafter incorporated or organized by or under any law of this Commonwealth, or now or hereafter organized or incorporated by any other State or by the United States or any foreign Government, and doing business in this Commonwealth, and owning, operating or leasing to or from another corporation, company, association, joint stock association or limited partnership, any railroad, pipe line, slack water navigation, street passenger railway, canal or other device for the transportation of freight or passengers or oil, and every telephone or telegraph company incorporated under the laws of this or any other State or of the United States and doing business in this Commonwealth, and every express company, incorporated or unincorporated, doing business in this Commonwealth, and every firm, co-partnership, or joint stock company or association doing express business in this Commonwealth, and every electric light company, and every artificial gas company, and every palace car and sleeping car company, incorporated or unincorporated, doing business in this Commonwealth, shall pay to the State Treasurer a tax of eight millls upon the dollar upon the gross receipts of said corporation, company or association, limited partnership, firm or co-partnership, received from passenger and freight traffic transported wholly within this State, and from telegraph, telephone or express business done wholly within this State, or from business of electric light companies, or from business of artificial gas companies, and from the transportation of oil done wholly within the State; the said tax shall be paid annually in the month of January of each year for the last preceding calendar year; and for the purpose of ascertaining the amount of the same, it shall be the duty of the Treasurer or other proper officer of the said Company, firm co-partnership, limited partnership, joint stock association or corporation, to transmit to the Auditor General a statement, under oath or affirmation, of the amount of gross receipts of the said companies, co-partnerships, corporations, joint stock associations or limited partnerships derived from all sources, and of gross receipts from business done wholly within the State, during the preceding calendar year, and if any such company, firm, co-partnership, joint stock association, or limited partnership or corporation, shall neglect or refuse for a period of thirty days after such tax becomes due, to make said returns or to pay the same, the amount thereof with an addition of ten per centum thereto, shall be collected for the use of the Commonwealth as other taxes are recoverable by law: Provided, That in any case where the works of one corporation, company, joint stock association or limited partnership are leased to and operated by another corporation, cnmpany, association, or limited partnership, the taxes imposed by this section shall be apportioned between the said corporations, companies, associations or limited partnerships in accordance with the terms of their respective leases or agreements, but for the payment of the said taxes the Commonwealth shall first look to the corporation, company, association or limited partnership operating the works, and upon payment by the said company, corporation, association or limited partnership of a tax upon the receipts as herein provided derived from the operation thereof, the corporation, company, joint stock association or limited partnership from which the said works are leased, shall not be held liable under this section for any tax upon the proportion of said receipts received by it as rental for the use of said works."

LOCAL REAL ESTATE OF PUBLIC SERVICE CORPORATIONS.

By existing laws the real estate of railroad and other public service corporations which is necessary to their operation is not taxable locally, as other real estate. So far as the actual right of way of a railroad is concerned, this policy is unquestionably sound. The value of such a right of way is not the same as that of another piece of real estate of equal area. It is part of an integral system stretching in many cases across the State, and the valuation of a comparatively small section of it is not only beyond the capacity of the local assessor, but would result in unavoidable inequality and injustice in the conflict between various localities. For this reason other States which permit such a taxation also have machinery by means of State Boards of Equalization, which we have not, and the like, for adjusting the valuation among the several communities. This system has been the subject of much friction and litigation.

In Philadelphia and Pittsburg, however, by virtue of special Acts of long standing the real estate of railroads, which is not part of the right of way (except water stations in Philadelphia), has been subject to local taxation. The consequence is that such structures as passenger and freight depots, coal tipples, office buildings and the like, which can easily be valued as pieces of real estate, with the improvements thereon, apart from their connection with the actual line of tracks, have been taxed for general governmental purposes, and also for municipal improvements.

Under the present construction, the law universally permits local taxation of such property which is remote from and disconnected with the operation of the road. The same rule has been extended to gas, water, electric, bridge and numerous other public service corporations, and so far as concerns pipes, mains, wires, bridge structures and the like, your Committee feels that it should be maintained for the same reason.

Even the exemption of pieces of real estate which might stand alone, such as power houses and railroad stations, is attended with difficulty because a large part of their value depends on their connection with the system, and standing alone they may be worth little more than the ground.

Your Committee feels that the whole subject is attended with such difficulties of practical administration, when their great hope has been to reduce those difficulties, that they do not recommend any change in this regard at present. Other States and the United States are considering this matter. It would be better to get the full result of their deliberations and experience before moving ourselves. At the same time, an Act which is believed would accomplish the change is submitted herewith, with a note giving the history of the law and the reason for the language used, if the Legislature deem the change desirable and practical.

An Act to raise the revenue by subjecting to taxation certain real estate not heretofore taxable as such, or railroad companies, street railway companies, canal companies, brodge companies, gas companies, pipe line companies, ferry companies, electric light heat and power companies, water companies, telegraph companies, telephone companies, express companies, and other public service corporations of the same or other kinds.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted, etc., That all real estate of railroad companies, street railway companies, canal companies, bridge companies, gas companies, pipe line companies, ferry companies, electric light, heat and power companies, water companies, telegraph companies, telephone companies, express companies, and other public service corporations of the same or other kinds, which has not heretofore been taxable as such, except the right of way, road bed and superstructure of railroad companies, the tracks and right of way of street railway companies the bed, berme-bank and tow path of canal companies, such portion of the bridges of bridge companies as may be necessary to span the gap, the pipes or mains of gas companies and pipe lines companies, the poles and wires of electric light, heat and power companies, telegraph companies and telephone companies, and the pipes or conduits of water companies, is hereby made subject to taxation by counties, cities, boroughs, townships, school districts and other municipal corporations, the same as other real estate.

Sect. 2. All Acts or parts of Acts, general, special or local, inconsistent herewith, be and the same are hereby repealed.

NOTE.

By the long settled construction of the laws of the Commonwealth (particularly the Acts of 1834 and 1844), that part of the real estate of railroads which was indispensable to the proper exercise of the corporate franchises or reasonably necessary to the business of the corporation and which constitutes a part of its corporate machinery, was not taxable locally, because it entered into the value of its franchises as a whole and was taxable as such. Numerous decisions have pretty well settled what was and what was not within this principle. By these decisions practically the only property outside of Philadelphia and Pittsburg subject to taxation for local purposes was shops for original construction of rolling stock, warehouses, coal yards coal chutes, wood yards, houses used for boarding employes and buildings remote from the right of way used as general offices. By the Act of April 21, 1858, P. L. 385, Section 1, applying only to Philadelphia, "the offices, depots, car houses and other real property of railroad corporations ..... the superstructure of the road and water stations only excepted," were subjected to City taxation. An Act applying only to Pittsburg did the like for all "real estate" in the city. Act of January 4, 1859, P. L. 828, Sec. 3. In constructing the Philadelphia Act it has been held to exempt only the "road bed" or "right of way" under the word "superstructure," and all else, except water stations specifically mentioned, is liable for municipal assessment as well as taxes proper. Philadelphia vs. P. & R. R. Co., 177 Pa. 292. Accordingly the words so used are adopted by the proposed Act in order that the settled construction may be applied to the great variety of circumstances which may arise under the new law.

The same rule with respect to the taxation of the real estate of railroad companies has been held to apply to street railway companies, canal companies, bridge companies, gas and pipe line companies, electric light, heat and power companies, and water companies, and the real estate which has been deemed necessary to the proper exercise of their corporate franchises has been exempted from local taxation. Such exempted property included practically all the real estate of these companies, and the only real esate taxable was such as may be disconnected with the actual operation of the plant or property, as, for example, residences of officials or employes, mountain lands of water companies, tanks of pipe line companies, etc. Under the Act as prepared a great deal of the property of these companies will be houses of electric light companies, gas plants of gas companies, reservoirs of water companies, etc., and only the property

taxable, such as car barns of street raiyway companies, power houses of electric light companies, etc., and only the property specifically mentioned, such as rights of way, poles, wires, pipes, conduits, tracks, etc., will be exempt.

(D) COLLECTION OF REVENUE.

One of the most striking features of our present system of taxation is the much greater relative efficiency of the collection of taxes as compared with other States. The State taxes, such as collateral inheritance taxes, capital stock taxes and gross receipts taxes, are easy to get at because either the subjects of taxation are matters of inevitable public record, or the corporations paying the tax are compelled to record themselves in order to preserve their legal existence; and each individual taxable is therefore within reach of the Auditor General's office so that it may be compelled to render an account.

The principal exception is to be found in foreign corporations, and the foreign corporation law, herein suggested (page 16), will tend to force these to register in greater numbers than before. The greater powers of investigation given to the Auditor General by other Acts which your Committee recommends will also aid in this regard.

Another possible exception is found in those corporations which are chartered by the courts and are only required to record their charters locally. While most of these are not for profit (and are so classed in the books), yet some may engage in business occupations—as for example, baseball and exhibition companies—and these are now required by law to register with the Auditor General. But it is not necessary to their existence that they should do so. If the granting of a charter is reported by the Prothonotary of the court to the Auditor General—a means of checking like the report of judgments and mortgages recorded—the information will be in the hands of the State authorities and a means of compelling reports can be found. A draft of an Act to this end is herewith submitted (See page 193).

The same observations apply to the tax on corporate loans where the treasurer of the corporation is made the assessor and collector, although it is really a tax on the creditor of the corporation. He is required to deduct the tax from the interest paid the creditor, and the corporation is liable personally for his doing so. The same is done by treasurers of municipalities and the like who have no interest to fail in their duty. The law intends, under the name of "incorporated districts," that school districts should also make this return, and the Attorney General has so ruled (35 Pa. County Ct. Rep. 606). The Auditor General had not previously required this, and the reports are not even now actually made. To avoid misunderstandings by officials and tax payers an amendment to the law expressly including them is herewith submitted (see page 193). Even the dealer who pays a mercantile license tax is more within the reach of taxing officials than the ordinary tax payer because he must make himself known to the world, and his transactions are matters of record because of the necessities of his business.

In the matter of the general tax on certain personal property, the success of Pennsylvania has been so great as to win the praise of economists. Prof. Charles J. Bullock, of Harvard University, addressing the second International Tax Conference at Ontario, Canada, says of Pennsylvania: "The success achieved with imperfect laws and methods of administration has been little short of surprising, and should lead the candid student to revise his ideas of the impossibility of taxing intangible wealth."

But the imperfections which do exist are the same in kind as elsewhere. They are only less in degree. Your Committee has therefore given special consideration to this subject.

An Act providing for the report to the Auditor General by the Prothonotaries of the Courts of Common Pleas of corporations incorporated by such Courts.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted, etc., That the Prothonotary of each Court of Common Pleas in this Commonwealth shall report to the Auditor General each month the names of the corporations incorporated by the said Court, with the names and addresses of the directors thereof, and for so doing shall receive a fee of one dollar from each of such corporations.

An Act amending Section Four of an Act entitled "An Act imposing additional taxes for State purposes and to abolish the revenue board," approved the thirtieth day of April, A. D. 1864.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted, etc., That Section 4 of an Act entitled "An Act imposing additional taxes for State purposes and to abolish the revenue board," approved the thirtieth day of April A. D. 1864, which reads as follows:

"Sect. 4. That the Treasurer of each County and City, the burgess, or other chief officer, of each incorporated district, or borough of this Commonwealth, within ninety days after the passage of this Act, shall make return, under oath or affirmation to the Auditor General, of the amount of scrip, bonds or certificates of indebtedness, oustanding by said county, city, district, borough or incorporation, as the same existed on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and of each succeeding year thereafter, together with the rates of interest thereon, at each of those periods, under the penalty of five thousand dollars, the amount to be settled by the Auditor General, and the amount thereof sued for, and collected, as debts due by defaulting public officers are collected; Provided, That on the receipt of said returns, the Auditor General shall proceed to settle the accounts of each county, city and borough with the Commonwealth, fix the State tax due, and unpaid, and transmit notice of the amount, by mail, to officers making said returns; and that if the amount so found due shall not be paid within sixty days, the Attorney General shall sue and collect the same, with interest, from the date of such settlement; and hereafter it shall be the duty of the treasurer, of every county, city, borough and incorporated district, in this Commonwealth, to deduct the said State tax, on payment of any interest, or dividend, on debts due by the county, city, borough or incorporated districts, and pay the same over to the State Treasurer, within thirty days after the said interest, or dividend has fallen due."

Be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Sect. 4 That the treasurer of each school district, county and city, the burgess or other chief officer of each incorporated district or borough of this Commonwealth, within ninety days after the passage of this Act, shall make return, under oath or affirmation, to the Auditor General, of the amount of script, bonds, or certificates of indebtedness, outstanding by said county, city, incorporated district, school district, borough, or incorporation, as the same existed on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and of each succeeding year thereafter, together with the rates of interest thereon, at each of those periods, under the penalty of five thousand dollars, the amount to be settled by the Auditor General, and the amount thereof sued for, and collected, as debts due by defaulting public officers are collected; Provided, that on the receipt of said returns, the Auditor General shall proceed to settle the accounts of each county, city, incorporated district, school district and borough with the Commonwealth, fix the State tax due, and unpaid, and transmit notice of the amount, by mail, to officers making said returns; and that if the amount so found due shall not be paid within sixty days, the Attorney General shall sue and collect the same, with interest, from the date of such settlement; and hereafter, it shall be the duty of the treasurer of every county, city, borough, school district and incorporated district, in this Commonwealth, to deduct the said State tax, on payment of any interest, or dividend, on debts due by the county, city, borough, school district, or incorporated district, and pay the same over to the State Treasurer within thirty days after the said interest, or dividend, has fallen due.

COLLECTION OF PERSONAL PROPERTY TAX.

In the reports of all tax commissions and in the discussion of all tax reform associations, the most popular subject, and the one upon which there is the most universal agreement, is the difficulty of collecting the personal property tax. This tax has existed in most States (unlike Pennsylvania), in the form of a constitutional requirement of a uniform tax on all personal property according to value. The exemption of property difficult to reach was therefore impossible, and theoretically every chattel and every credit was taxed. Owing to the possibility of concealing personal property human nature has not resisted the temptation to do so, and the collection of the tax has in these other States been an utter failure not, yielding a tithe as much as is yielded by the tax on real estate, although the known value of personal property is much greater. The success of Pennsylvania is largely owing to the wisdom of that constitutional provision which permits the Legislature to single out for taxation such classes of personal property as it desires. For many years a tax has been more or less successfully collected in Pennsylvania directly from the taxpayer on what might be described generally as moneyed investments, these being specified by the statute as mortgages, notes, bonds, judgments, public loans, corporate bonds, accounts bearing interest and the like. By reason of a system whereby the Recorder of Deeds reports to the local assessors all mortgages recorded, and the Prothonotary all judgments, this class of securities is generally reached by the assessors and taxed. Real estate is successfully taxed because it is visible.

But a large part of the money at interest intended to be taxed is not reached, because there is no source of information except the honesty of the person making the return; and this universal experience proves to be insufficient. Stocks and loans of foreign corporations held by

esidents, and money invested abroad, on mortgage, for xample, come within this class, and your Committee does ot present any method for checking the returns in this egard, except by an increase of the investigating powers f the Auditor General as hereinafter discussed.

The class of investments represented by deposits in our anking institutions of all kinds which bear interest can e reached in the same way as corporate loans to resilents of Pennsylvania, to wit, by compelling the bank, rust company, savings institution or other depository to ssess and pay the tax, deducting it from the interest redited to the deposit; and this method has been strongly rged. It is the intention of the present laws that these noneys should be taxed so that no greater hardship will e experienced by the taxpayer, and a more efficient colection insured. The amount of deposits in State banking nstitutions on November 6, 1909, was as follows:

Savings institutions:	
Deposits subject to check	$ 1,531,616.07
Deposits on time	165,536,528.65
State banks:	
Deposits subject to check	40,170,050.96
Deposits on time	74,029,894.92
Demand certificates of deposit	634,601.39
Time certificates of deposit	8,374,210.64
Saving fund deposit	3,055,517.56
Trust companies:	
Deposits subject to check	268,611,490.03
Demand certificates of deposit	4,363,031.11
Deposits, special time	29,445,720.86
Time certificates of deposit	29,754,707.11
Deposits, saving fund	73,266,543.53
Total	$698,773,913.13

All of these, except some of the check accounts in banks outside of the large cities, draw interest, a tax of four mills would realize a sum approaching $2,795,095.65.

The best information to your Committee is that there is reported for taxation less than one-tenth of the moneys on deposit in the institutions above mentioned. The fact is that taxables have been informed by the taxing officials that such moneys are not within the law.

Such a system was actually provided by the old Act of April 30, 1864, P. L. 218, which first extended to corporations the method of tax collection theretofore employed with regard to municipal loans. It mentioned specifically interest paid to depositors as well as to bond-holders.

There are also to be considered deposits in National Banks in Pennsylvania which amounted, on September 1, 1910, to $675,173,053.00, but not much of which bears interest, and the Postal Savings Banks recently authorized by Congress.

The applicability of the law to these institutions created by the United States must be very doubtful. An Act of Congress (Revised Statutes, Section 5219), permits State taxation of the shares of National Bank stock in the names of the share-holders. Without permission it could not be done. The permission is so worded that it would probably not extend to deposits, and while the tax on deposits is not a tax on the bank, the imposition of the duty of assessing and collecting would be a burden which would interfere to some extent with its operations and with its attractiveness to customers. The Postal Savings Bank accounts are to draw 2 per cent. interest. As they would easily escape taxation by the failure of the depositor to return them they would have a great advantage over State institutions paying nominally 2 per cent., but really 1 6-10 per cent., because as to their depositors the tax would be enforced. The result, therefore, would bear hard upon the State institutions.

The principal reason moving your Committee to reject the proposition in its present form is the real injustice of the tax as now laid as applied to moneys on deposit. The tax is one of four mills on the property of the depositor. This is not burdensome as to securities where the rate is 5 per cent. or even 4 per cent., but where it is below that, especially where it is as low as 2 per cent., the tax lops off a great part of the income derived. In fact, it operates unequally in that respect, although it seems never to have been attached on that ground. Doubtless for this reason there has been such general acquiescence in the loose construction of the law which permits taxpayers to neglect to return these deposits for personal property tax. The same result has been reached in other States where all property is required to be taxed at the same rate and where the tax, if actually enforced, would eat up all the income. The fair method would be to impose a percentage tax upon the interest. Then the burden would be borne equally by all moneyed investments. The taxpayer would not have the same excuse for evasion and an efficient method of administering the law would not cause such practical injustice. The adjustment of a proper percentage, however, depends upon accurate information as to the various classes of securities now making up the property on which the personal property tax is levied, the amount of each and the rate of interest of each class.

This detailed information is not within the possession of the State's Departments and could only be got at by a prolonged research and tabulation in each of the counties. Returns are made to the Auditor General in a lump sum and even in the county the tax is assessed to each individual in the same way. The rates of interest likewise could only be ascertained by investigating the market. Your Committee has endeavored to obtain sufficient data upon which to base a recommendation as to the fair, proper percentage of interest to be charged. Each trust company, savings institution, bank or other depository in the State, upwards of twenty-three hundred in number, was requested to furnish the requisite information and many did, others did not. It was impossible from the information received to form a proper conclusion. In this and simiuar efforts your Committee has been hampered by lack of appropriation and hence is unable to suggest the proper rate for this tax so as not to lessen the present revenue derived. They propose, however, if continued in their duties to make this a subject of investigation in the expectation that a satisfactory result can be attained.

The Pennsylvania State Grange made earnest representations to your Committee upon the difference between the amount of tax paid by real and that paid by personal estate and corporate property in proportion to the estimated value of each class of property. But they advisedly did not recommend the adoption of the discredited system that all classes of personal property be taxed or that both real and personal property be taxed at the same rate. Such a system, or lack of system, results in even greater injustice to real estate because by reason of the escape of personal property, the real estate bears the burden in fact, though it is not intended to do so in theory. The best system of taxation is that where fact and theory most closely coincide, because property values then adjust themselves to a known rate of taxation which is actually collected. But where the tax on one class is not actually collected, the avoiding of taxes discriminates against the honest taxpayer and produces an uncertain effect with respect to the ultimate burden of the tax. It was testified by many of the witnesses before your Committee that residents of Philadelphia, for example, avoid personal property tax by claiming in Philadelphia that they reside in one of the counties in which her suburbs are located, and in that locality claiming that they live in Philadelphiafi or by some influence or other entirely avoiding the visit or action of the local assessor. Your Committee is of opinion that the greater centralization of the assessment of this tax would result in its more efficient collection according to law, and that this is the result to be sought.

This subject is one which your Committee thinks should receive its principal attention if continued as hereinafter recommended.

The State Grange presented a suggestion that the State should "give the local Governments authority to tax personal and corporate property in each unit of Government."

To give local Governments authority to tax personal property would again be a reversal of the settled policy of the State which was worked so satisfactorily. Most of the States suffer severely as to matters of administration from the attempt to give local assessors and authorities the valuation of corporate franchises and other intangible property. This results either in gross injustice to the corporations, necessitating an elaborate system of adjustment by a State Board of Equalization; or more often an under-valuation through the influence they may exert on an irresponsible local assessor. California, for example,

after investigation by a special and later by a permanent tax commission, has proposed an elaborate constitutional amendment to accomplish just what Pennsylvania has always done, to wit, commit the valuation of the State-wide property of the large public service corporations to officials with State-wide knowledge and power. So with regard to personal property in general. It has been the experience of all communities that this can best be done by State officials free from local influence and possessed of the utmost powers of investigation, and so far is it is now done by local assessors it is not done so thoroughly as it might be. This was practically the unanamous opinion of the county officials who appeared before the Committee. The under-paid, untrained local assessor depending for re-election on the votes of those whom he assesses has only the supposed advantage of greater knowledge of local conditions. Under the circumstances of modern life he will know comparatively little of his neighbors' affairs and will assess for the most part those with whom he has little if any acquaintance.

The Legislature of 1905 (P. L. 186), passed an Act giving the Auditor General large supervisory powers over local assessors with regard to the return of the personal property tax. This Act authorized the Auditor General to make a revised return of personal property tax for any taxable, when the local assessors, County Commissioners, or Board of Revision failed to do so. For this purpose he may examine the returns of mortgages recorded made by the Recorders of Deeds and of judgments made by the Prothonotary (which they are required to make to him also), and examine witnesses, etc. The County Commissioners and Boards of Revsion are required to file with him duplicate returns of personal property tax made by them. The Auditor General may then enforce the collection and employ counsel if necessary.

With regard to the practical enforcement of this Act, the Auditor General found that his clerical force and appropriation were not sufficient to do the work. and the Attorney General advised him (see 31 Pa. County Court Rep. 249), that no attempt could be made to enforce it until an appropriation was made. In fact, the Auditor General advises your Committee that the present force of his office is inadequate for the work committed to it independent of that Act. One corporation tax clerk with the assistance of the Chief Clerk, is required to handle the whole matter of settling corporation taxes, which for the year ending November 30, 1909, amounted to $17,256,332.25. This necessarily results in the unintentional evasion of taxes from mere lack of time for critical examination. It is quite impracticable, for example, to make any investigation outside of the office, though the law authorizes it. A proper equipment would result in increased revenue many times its cost.

Your committee accordingly recommends that the Auditor General be supplied with five additional clerks to attend to tax matters at salaries adequate to secure capable men, and a draft of an Act is submitted herewith. (See page 209).

The draft of another Act submitted below (see page 206) provides additional machinery by which the Auditor General, through expert accountants and counsel, as well as through the clerks regularly attached to his office, may investigate and supervise the return of the personal property tax along with property which should escheat and the like.

Quite as important is the investigation of corporations outside of the Auditor General's office in the field. This would include the searching out of corporations which make no report, and the investigation of the facts of reports.

These investigations would result in a very large amount of increased revenue, which has been estimated at $5,000,000. A specific instance of failure by corporations to report their assets properly for capital stock tax, or at least to report it uniformly, was brought to the attention of your Committee in the matter of valuation of real estate. Some companies report their real estate at the value of the local assessment; some at the value at which they carry it upon their books; some which have buildings which are theoretically subject to depreciation, have charged off upon their books an arbitrary sum each year, so that the book value shows a very large loss, when the actual value may have appreciated. A notable instance i the new building of the Girard Trust Company in Phila delphia. This cost millions of dollars, and yet it has a been charged to profit and loss, and is in a way treate by the company as advertising. The structure, howeve has an actual value, even though it be only the capitalize value of the advertising which accrues and should be i cluded in any valuation of its assets. Yet the Audito General for lack of facilities has no means of investiga ing all these innumerable cases and is forced to rely upo the face of the reports made to him by the corporation themselves.

There are now only four traveling auditors, whose tim is entirely taken up with the investigating appropriation to charitable institutions and the accounts of county off cers reporting to the Auditor General. This force shoul be largely increased.

Another Act forming part of the policy concentratin in the hands of the Auditor General the control of ta assessments is one submitted below (see page 209) whic puts under the supervision of the Auditor General th bringing of suit for the personal property tax and givin a right to assess it in another year than that for whic it is payable. The circumstances which make this Act ad visable are more fully explained in a note appended to th Act, and it will correct what has been a very grave abus in many cases which have not appeared in the report It was testified before your Committee by the Chairma of the Board of Revision of Taxes in Philadelphia that a least one case had occurred where a citizen had for year made a false return. It only appeared when his estat was inventoried at his death. On his heirs being confro ted with the false statements which he had made they vo untarily paid hundreds of thousands of dollars in taxe rather than have his conduct brought to light.

Although there are severe penalties for the taxable wh makes a false return and for the assessor who connive at it, it is remarkable that there has never been a pros cution for either of these offenses. There can be no doub that false returns are made, known to be such by the a sessor. If the officials would prosecute the offenders substantial increase of revenue would result, and thos who honestly bear the burden would be better satisfie In all of the discussions before your Committee the pri cipal objection to any of our tax laws was inequality i enforcement. President Hadley is quoted as saying, (an it expresses a great deal of sound tax economics):

"A tax which aims to be equal, but is ineffectual, produce a kind of inequality, tending to increase as time goes on, an worse than all other kinds; but a tax which aims to be effec tive, even in apparent disregard of equaliy ,tends by a constan process of economic adjustment to be more and more equal.

Your Committee was deeply impressed with the broa views expressed by the citizens who appeared before then All are willing to bear their share provided others sim larly situated do likewise, and such a result should l the earnest effort of all officials.

Your Committee believes that the centralization of th control of tax assessments is the principal remedy for th evils mentioned. Philadelphia and Allegheny countie have a step in the right direction in the system of appoin ment of assessors by the Board of Revision of the County This exists in Philadelphia by virtue of special Acts o 1865 and 1867 and in Allegheny by an Act of 1905. Afte a general investigation of the subject and conclusions o Tax Commissions of other States, your Committee agree with the conclusion of the Minnesota Legislative Refe ence Department in its Comparative Digest of State Legi lation relating to Permanent Tax Commissions. "Th tendency of recent legislation is apparently toward an i creased concentration in the hands of the State Tax Com mission of authority over local tax officers."

Greater intelligence, experience and fairness in admini tration as a result of this high-class work not exposed t local influence would prevent "tax dodging" and unequa valuation. The work should be centered in the hands o the Auditor General, who should have control of his agent in the various localities. Owing to the vast nature of th questions of policy involved and the innumerable detai necessary to consider in adjusting the old system to th new, it has not been possible for your Committee to pre sent a complete scheme for that purpose. They recommen however, most earnestly, that authority be given to co

tinue their labors with an adequate appropriation for clerical assistance and the advice of counsel, and if the authority be given they propose to make this one of their principal objects during the two years until the next meeting of the Legislature, giving it with this added assistance the same expenditure of time which they have gladly given during the past two years. At the same time your Committee can consider the other matters referred to at various places in this report which they have necessarily left unfinished for the reasons given.

It is therefore recommended that the Joint Resolution under which your Committee has acted be again adopted.

It has been suggested to your Committee that the City of Philadelphia furnished a community in which the system of State supervision of tax collection might well be put in operation as a test. The system exists there in part by reason of the fact that the Board of Revision of Taxes, existing under special Acts, appoints the assessors, who are salaried officers who should, because of the method of selection, be of a grade superior to the elected assessors throughout the State. The Board of Revision is appointed by the Judges of the county. If this appointment was entrusted to the Auditor-General, so that its members were responsible to him, and he could thus have their hearty co-operation in employing the supervisory powers over assessments given by the Act of 1905, and the powers of investigation and employment of assistants given him by other statutes suggested herewith, the proposed system would be in full force and could be there given a fair trial. Your Committee submits this to the Legislature for its consideration in case it should be deemed advisable to try it, but makes no recommendation upon the subject. In case the trial is to be made, a draft of an Act to that end is submitted herewith (see page 206).

An Act creating in counties containing more than 1,250,000 inhabitants a Board of Revision of Taxes for State and county purposes, and prescribing the powers and duties thereof.

Section 1. Be it enacted, etc., That in counties of this Commonwealth containing a population of more than 1,250,000 there is hereby created a Board of Revision of Taxes consisting of three persons. The members of the said Board shall be appointed by the Auditor General, and not more than two members of the Board shall be members of the same political party. Each member shall hold office for the term of three years, and the first members of the Board shall be appointed for the terms of one, two and three years respectively. The member whose term first expires shall be Chairman of the Board, and the member whose term last expires shall be Secretary of the Board. A majority of the Board shall constitute a quorum.

The salary of each member of the Board shall be $6,000 per annum payable by the county.

Section 2. The said Board of Revision of Taxes shall make all assessments and valuation of property, both real and personal, taxable for State and county purposes. They shall divide the county into convenient districts not exceeding the number of townships, or wards in cities which they may rearrange from time to time, and shall appoint for each district two assessors at a salary of $3,000 each per annum to be paid by the county, whom they may remove for incompetency or neglect of duty, and in each district one assessor shall be appointed from the political party polling the majority of votes in the county, and the other shall be appointed from among the other parties.

Section 3. The said Board of Revision shall issue their precept to the several assessors of the county in each year, requiring the assessors to return the names of all persons in their respective districts, and all property taxable by law for State or county purposes, together with a just valuation of the same in the manner prescribed by law, for the triennial assessment, and they shall receive the returns of the assessors.

Section 4. The Board shall have power to revise and equalize the assessments, by raising or lowering the valuations, either in individual cases, or by townships, cities, boroughs, or other political divisions of the county, to rectify all errors, to make valuations where they have been omitted, and to require the valuations where they have been omitted, and to require the attendance of the assessors, or other citizens, before them for examination, on oath or affirmation, either singly or together, with power to forfeit the pay of assessors ratably to their annual compensation, for each day's absence, when their attendance is required, and the said Board of Revision shall hear all the appeals and applications of the taxpayers, subject to an appeal from their decision to the Court of Common Pleas of the county, whose decision shall be final, and if the appeal to the Court shall be groundless, the appellant shall pay all the costs of Court; the County Commissioners shall have no power to correct or revise the taxes; the Board of Revision shall hear the taxpayers of the respective townships, cities, boroughs, or other political divisions of the county in succession, of which notice shall be given, as required by law, and the said Board of Revision shall, alone by a majority of them, exercise all the powers heretofore vested in the County Board of Revision in each of such counties; they shall meet as often as is necessary to despatch the business which their duties require of them, and shall hold stated meetings on the first Saturday of each month.

Section 5. The said Board of Revision of Taxes shall have general supervision of assessments and assessors in said counties and the collection of taxes therein, and the correction of all valuation and retusn thenefor; and they shall issue the precepts to, and receive the returns of, the assessors, procure the assessment books, and cause the duplicates to be made out and isssued to the officer or officers charged by law with the receipt of taxes, make the returns required by law to the State Revenue Board and have the exclusive custody and control of all books relating to the assessment of taxes, and keep them arranged according to townships, cities, boroughs, or other political sub-divisions of the county and dates; and also have the custody and control of the duplicates of surveys, when the same shall have been made by the Department of Surveys which may exist in said counties; they may issue certificates to show how property has been assessed, to be used with the same effect as the original books of assessment, as evidence in relation to the title of property; they shall report to the Councils of all cities in said counties, through the Mayor, the aggregate of the assessments, on or before the first day of November in each year.

Section 6. It shall be the duty of the Board of Revision immediately after the annual assessment in each year to classify the real estate so assessed in such a manner and upon testimony adduced before them, as to discriminate between the rural and built-up portions of said county, and they are hereby required to certify to the Councils of all said cities on or before the first day of November in each year, the valuation of the built-up portions, the valuation of the rural or suburban property, and the valuation of lands exclusively used for agricultural and farming purposes respectively.

Section 7. This Act shall go into effect the first Monday of January, 1912.

Section 8. All Acts and parts of Acts, general, local and special, inconsistent with or supplied by the provisions of this Act be, and the same are hereby repealed.

NOTE.

The Legislature of 1901 attempted to alter the mode of appointment of the Board of Revision of Taxes in Philadelphia by making them elective in counties co-extensive with the boundaries of cities of the first class. This was held unconstitutional. Blankenburg vs. Black, 200 Pa. 629. But counties may be classified by population for purposes of providing governmental machinery. Lloyd vs. Smith, 176 Pa. 213. It was decided in the case of Commonwealth vs. Collier, 213 Pa. 138, that the Act of 1905, P. L. 47, providing a special Board of Revision of Taxes for Allegheny County under a classification of counties between three hundred thousand and one million was constitutional, because the duties of the Board extended to State as well as county taxation, and the members were not county officers within the meaning of Article XIV, Section 4, of the Constitution, which provides "County officers shall be elected at the general elections."

In this proposed Act the phraseology of previous Acts has been substantially retained.

Your Committee believes that a State conference on taxation, to be participated in by public officials and representative citizens from all parts of the State, together with your Committee, would be of great value. It would be an extension of the public hearings already held. Your Committee, if continued in its duties, proposes to call such a conference, requesting the participation of the Auditor General, Attorney General and Secretary of Internal Affairs, the Mayor of each City, a representative of each Board of County Commissioners and Board of Revision of Taxes, all County Controllers, a representative of each Board of Trade in the several Cities of the State, a representative of each University or College in the State having a course in Economics or Finance, and others specially interested in such subjects.

The International Tax Association holds each year a conference similar to the one held this year at Milwaukee and attended by counsel for your Committee. The next one will be held at Richmond, Va., September 5, 1911. Your Committee, if continued, proposes to make provision for taking part in this conference and the one which may be expected to follow in 1912.

Uniformity of taxation is also one of the principal topics of investigation by the National Civic Federation which has in the last month organized a Pennsylvania Council. The co-operation of this Council with your Committee will be earnestly desired.

An Act authorizing the Auditor General to employ five clerks and making an appropriation therefor.

Section 1. Be it enacted, etc., That the Auditor General is hereby authorized and directed to employ five clerks to be known as Tax Clerks at an annual salary of Five thousand dollars each, whose duty it shall be to do such work in connection with any and all matters in any wise pertaining to State taxation and such other work of his office as the Auditor General may direct and for the payment of the salaries of the said tax clerks, two years, the sum of Fifty thousand dollars is hereby appropriated to be paid out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

An Act to provide for the better collection of money and taxes due the Commonwealth and property belonging to or liable to escheat to the same.

Section 1. Be it enacted, etc., That the Auditor General at his discretion shall have authority to cause to be commenced in the name of the Commonwealth in any Court of the Commonwealth having jurisdiction any appropriate suit at law or in equity for any money or taxes due the Commonwealth, or property belonging to or liable to escheat to the same, and a remedy by means of such suit is hereby provided whether it be now authorized by law or not, and any action at law or in equity, both by bill in the nature of a bill of discovery in equity or otherwise, which may be necessary for the ascertainment of the fact as to whether such money, taxes or property exists and is due the Commonwealth, whether the defendant or defendants therein have or have not made any or all reports thereof required by law.

Section 2. For the purpose of investigating the books, accounts, documents or papers of any person or corporation liable by law to make report to the Auditor General for the purposes of taxation or payment of bonus, the Auditor General may employ from time to time one or more expert accountants who shall have power to inspect the same and report thereon, and shall receive a reasonable compensation to be fixed by the Auditor General.

Section 3. For the purposes of prosecuting the actions hereby authorized, and aiding in the investigation of the facts connected therewith, the Auditor General may from time to time employ one or more counsel learned in the law who shall receive a reasonable compensation to be fixed by the Auditor General.

Section 4. If any person or corporation shall fail to comply with any summons of the Auditor General for the attendance of persons or for theproduction of books, accounts, documents or papers, or shall refuse to be sworn as a witness or refuse to testify fully as such, or if any person or corporation shall refuse to permit any person designated by the Auditor General to inspect books, accounts, documents or papers as required by law, the Auditor General may apply by petition in the name of the Commonwealth to the Court of Common Pleas having jurisdiction, and the Court shall make such order on reasonable notice to such person or corporation as shall compel compliance with the law, and the violation of such order shall be a contempt of such Court and punishable as such. The remedy herein provided shall be in addition to other remedies and penalties provided by law.

NOTE.

The existing powers of the Auditor General with regard to the investigation of facts and the employment of counsel are as follows:

Act of March 30, 1811, 5 Sm., 228, Stewart's Dig. 3676, (the fundamental law, giving the Auditor General settlement of accounts, under which all tax accounts are settled) which provides that he may "compel all persons in the receipt or possession of public moneys to render to him their accounts," and for that purpose he may force the attendance of witnesses and administer oaths and compel the exhibition of "all official or public books, accounts, documents, or papers, which have any relation to or connection with any public account." He may also proceed by commission with interrogatories.

According to the first part of the section this would include "all accounts between the Commonwealth and any person or persons, body politic or corporate, as well as those with the officers of the revenue," and other persons receiving public money.

By the fourth section any person attending and refusing to answer may be committted by the Auditor General. This may not be valid for lack of judicial power in the Auditor General.

By the thirty-first section, in order to secure the attendance of witnesses in relation to any public account already furnished or to be furnished, the Auditor General may issue a writ to the sheriff to summon the persons, and upon failure after thirty days to appear, may issue a writ of attachment commanding the sheriff to commit the person. The same objection applies to this.

Section thirty-two provides the same procedure for the production of books, etc., and there is a penalty on the sheriff and jailor for failing to obey the Auditor General's writs.

Commonwealth vs. Edgerton Coal Co., 164 Pa. 284, on page 303, refers to these powers of the Auditor General as very searching without any particular comment on the validity of the provisions or otherwise.

Act of April 26, 1855, Section 14, P. L. 332, Stewart's Dig., 389. When the Auditor General shall believe "that any property shall be defeasibly held * * * * or that the income of any corporation or association as aforesaid shall exceed the limit allowed by law," he may call for a return, and it be not made he may file a bill of discovery. This is the Act forbidding the holding of real estate by foreign corporations and would not apply to other cases of escheat.

Counsel to aid the Aoditor General in the performance of his duties may be employed under the

Act of April 17, 1861, P. L. 371, Stewart's Dig., 3682, authorizing the Auditor General or Attorney General to employ resident attorneys to assist at the trial of cases and prosecution of claims, for a "reasonable compensation as the circumstances would justify, or as may have been agreed upon" and shall be allowed by the Auditor General.

Act of April 7, 1870, Section 1, P. L. 57, Stewart's Dig., 3685, providing that where a debtor to the Commonwealth shall suffer a claim to be unpaid for 60 days, he shall pay a commission of 5 per cent. to counsel or attorney of the Commonwealth, in addition to other penalties, provided that no more than $7,000 be paid for professional services in any year and that the surplus be paid into the State Treasury.

Act of April 28, 1840, Section 23, P. L. 478, Stewart's Dig., 388, authorizing the Auditor General to take all such legal measures as may be by him deemed expedient, to recover all moneys due to the Commonwealth from any and every person or persons upon settlement of their accounts; and for this purpose he may employ "any attorney or counsel which he may deem necessary," who shall receive reasonable and just compensation.

This provision only applies after the settlement of accounts, and it does not permit expressly proceedings to get information on which to settle accounts, nor does the Act of 1861.

Act of April 21, 1857, Section 2, P. L. 266, Stewart's Dig., 371, requires the Auditor General and State Treasurer to place in the hands of the Attorney General for collection debts due the Commonwealth from all sources, unpaid for ten days and he shall proceed by suit to collect the same. The fifth section makes it the duty of the Attorney General to cause to be collected by law, all moneys appearing by the records of the Auditor General and State Treasurer.

By the Act of July 15, 1897, Section 2, P. L. 291, the Auditor Geenral may employ expert accountants to examine the accounts of county officers and all institutions receiving state aid in whole or in part," the compensation and expenses to be fixed by the Auditor General. He has no authority to appoint expert accountants for any purpose beyond this.

The Act of April 17, 1905, Section 1 (P. L., 186), gave the Auditor General exclusive power in the making of returns of personal property tax where no return was made by the taxable, or where the assessors or Board of Revision or County Commissioners made what he considered to be an improper return. The work was so vast, however, that it required an additional force of clerks and appropriation which were not then given and have not since been given, and the Act has therefore been a dead letter. This has been elsewhere referred to.

An Act to provide for the assessment and collection of taxes on personal property.

Section 1. Be it enacted, etc., That all taxes on personal property for the year 1911 and every year thereafter may be recovered by the Commonwealth by an action of assumpsit in any Court having jurisdiction, in addition to any other manner provided by law.

Section 2. Such actions shall be conducted under the direction of the Auditor General, and for that purpose he may employ one or more counsel at a reasonable compensation to be fixed by him.

Section 3. In all cases where no assessment for personal property tax shall have been made against a person or persons, corporation, limited partnership or joint stock asociation, liable therefor for any year, and in all cases where any false return or returns of such taxes shall have been made by any person or persons, corporation, limited partnership or joint stock association liable therefor, and no revision of such return shall have been made by any officer charged by law with such revision, the Auditor General may at any time within twenty-one years thereafter, make a return or revised and corrected estimated return thereof and proceed to the collection of the taxes as required by law.

NOTE.

This is designed to meet such glaring cases as those of which one came to light in the case of Schmuck vs. Hartman, 222 Pa. 190. In that case a taxable for the years from 1876 to 1884 made no return of personal property for taxation and from 1885 to 1907 returned amounts increasing from $4,080 to $6,000. At his death, by reason of the information disclosed by the inventory of his estate, the County Commissioners assessed taxes against him upon money at interest on mortgage in the State of Ohio, increasing from $30,000 in 1876 to $727,020 in 1907. The Court held that there was no authority of law to make an assessment for personal property tax in any year except that in which the liability arose, and that as liability to pay taxes does not arise from a contractual obligation there could be no action at law for them unless specially allowed. This reaffirmed the decision in Williamson's Estate, 153 Pa. 508, where a taxable made no return and was assessed a tax and penalty upon $67,500. The inventory of his estate at his death showed $2,500,000.

Obeying the principle of law that there should be an end to litigation, however, it is provided that where the taxing officers do make a revision of the return—presumably after investigation—the matter shall not be again reopened. The remedy in such cases lies only with the fidelity of the taxing officers.

AUDITOR GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

In investigating the work of the Auditor General's Department in the collection of taxes your Committee finds that it is hampered both by insufficient equipment for the work entrusted to it (as hereinbefore pointed out) and by inconveniences and abuses which have arisen through the attempt to apply old methods to new circumstances. The fundamental Act governing tax settlements and appeals is still the Act of 1811. Under it appeals to the courts may be made without many of the safeguards surrounding other litigation, and they are made with the greatest freedom. No affidavit is required (as is universal in other branches of legal procedure, even in the smallest cases) that the appeal is not intended for delay. A graver matter is that the reports to the Auditor General are not required to state details but only conclusions and a lumping figure in the report may conceal a claim for exemption from taxation which is not known to and not passed upon by the tax officials. Upon appeal the proceedings are de novo with the burden on the corporation or other appellant, and new questions are and may be raised which no opportunity was given to the Auditor General to consider. Freedom of appeal to our courts should be coupled with fairness and expedition, and the appeal should be a genuine

reconsideration of the Auditor General's conclusion, and not itself an original proceeding as to the matters at issue. With proper information before him that officer can arrive at the proper result and the collection of taxes be facilitated. Drafts of Acts to these ends are submitted herewith (see page 216).

Corporate bonds held by non-residents are not subject to taxation in Pennsylvania. In the case of negotiable bonds, which are somewhat difficult at times to trace, it is an easy matter for the corporation treasurer to include only those which he is quite certain without too much effort are held by residents, crediting them to non-residents when their whereabouts are not absolutely known. Nevertheless the burden is on him under the law to make adequate efforts to ascertain the whereabouts of all bonds, and in order to enable the Auditor General to judge of the adequacy of those efforts he should be required to give them in detail. A draft of an Act to compel this is submitted herewith (see page 217).

It appears that an existing law requires certain officials having the distribution of funds derived from the sale of corporate property to make certain that its State taxes are paid by receiving a certificate that the Auditor General has had notice thereof. This law is not generally observed for lack of a penalty on non-compliance, and because no question of title is involved. A compulsion of such compliance would result from the imposing of personal liability on such non-judicial officials as are charged with this duty, and a draft of an Act for this purpose is submitted herewith (see page 217).

A relatively small matter, yet one causing a great deal of difficulty to small corporation taxpayers who try to report their taxes without the aid of a lawyer (as they should be able to do), is the awkward wording of the Act of 1885 with regard to corporation loan taxes. The Act directs the Treasurer to deduct a tax of three (changed to four) mills "on every dollar of the interest paid." But it has been decided that the tax referred to is the tax of four mills annually on each dollar of the principal of the bond, and that the sum so calculated should be deducted from the interest (Delaware Division Canal Co. vs. Com., 123 Pa. 594; Com. vs. Wilkes-Barre, 8, Scranton Ry. Co., 162 Pa., 614), and not, as the language literally means, four mills on each dollar of the interest, the word "of" being properly read "off." The blanks used by the Auditor General print the Act only. They should also contain the explanation and thus avoid misunderstanding.

An Act regulating appeals from tax settlements of the fiscal officers of the Commonwealth.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted, etc., In every appeal from a tax settlement of the fiscal officers of the Commonwealth an affidavit of the parties appellant, or some one of them, or one of their chief officers or of their agent or attorney, shall be filed that said appeal is not taken for the purpose of delay, but because appellants believe they have suffered injustice by the settlement from which they appeal. Said affidavit may be made before anyone authorized to administer oaths.

Sect. 2. On any appeal from a tax settlement of the fiscal officers of the Commonwealth no matter shall be subject to review or correction that was not brought to the attention of said officers in the reports or affidavits relating thereto, filed with said fiscal officers by said parties appellant.

An Act regulating reports for the purposes of taxation by corporations, joint stock associations and limited partnerships, any part of the capital stock or indebtedness of which is not taxable under the laws of this Commonwealth.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted, etc., That hereafter it shall be the duty of the President, Chairman or Treasurer of any corporation, joint stock association or limited partnership required by law to make a report in writing to the Auditor General, and any part of the capital stock or indebtedness of which is not taxable under the laws of this Commonwealth, to add to said reports statements, under oath, setting forth in full the data on which exemptions from taxation under the laws of this Commonwealth are claimed, and otherwise to state specifically, under oath, all information necessary to determine the amount of exemption to which such corporation, joint stock association and limited partnership is entitled, and, in the case of companies operating partly in other States, and taxed on a mileage basis, to so state specifically the total mileage of said companies, as well as the mileage wholly within Pennsylvania, in order that the tax may be prorated according to such mileage.

Sect. 2. No report of any such corporation, joint stock association or limited partnership not containing such information as is herein provided shal lbe received or filed by the Auditor General.

An Act regulating reports for the purposes of taxation by corporations, any of the scrip, bonds, certificates or other evidences of indebtedness of which are held by residents of this Commonwealth

Sect. 1. Be it enacted, etc., That hereafter it shall be the duty of each Treasurer of any corporation required by law to make a return for tax on loans to the Auditor General of this Commonwealth, to report on oath specifically and in detail the facts showing the kind and degree of his efforts to ascertain the residence of the holders of the scrip, bonds, certificates or other evidences of indebtedness issued by said corporation in order that it may affirmatively appear in his return that he has used the utmost diligence to ascertain said residence, and that the manner in which he has discharged the duty imposed by law to ascertain the amount of the indebtedness of such corporation owned by residents of this Commonwealth shall affirmatively appear in his return.

Sect. 2. No report of any such corporation not containing such information as is herein provided shall be received or filed by the Auditor General.

An Act to amend an Act entitled "An Act to aid the Auditor General in the collection of taxes due the Commonwealth from corporations, limited partnerships, and joint stock associations," approved May 25, 1907.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted, etc., That Section 3 of an Act entitled "An Act to aid the Auditor General in the collection of taxes due the Commonwealth from corporations, limtied partnerships, and joint stock associations," approved May 25, 1907, which reads as follows:

"Sect. 3. No distribution of the proceeds arising from the sale of property of a corporation, limited partnership, or joint stock association, by a trustee, assignee, receiver, master or other official, shall be approved or authorized by the Court having jurisdiction unless there be filed therein a certificate from the Auditor General, under his hand and the seal of the Department, showing that notice of such sale was filed with him in accordance with the provisions of this Act," be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sect. 3. No distribution of the proceeds arising from the sale of property of a corporation, limited partnership, or joint stock association, by a trustee, assignee, receiver, master or other official, shall be approved or authorized by the Court having jurisdiction unless there be filed therein a certificate from the Auditor General, under his hand and the seal of the Department, showing that notice of such sale was filed with him in accordance with the provisions of this Act, and in case distribution is made without the filing of such certificate the trustee, assignee, receiver or other non-judicial officer shall be personally liable to the Commonwealth for the sums due to it.

UNIFORMITY OF REPORTS.

Complaints were made to your Committee with regard to the variation in the reckoning of the year, or division thereof, for which reports for purposes of taxation are required to be made to the Auditor General by various corporations and others. An outline of the existing law and the contrariety of provision on the subject will be found in a note to the Act submitted with this report (see page 219). The Auditor General's office has strongly recommended that all such reports be made for the same year. The calendar year recommends itself to your Committee as the most convenient natural division. It is the year provided by the Federal Corporation Tax Law, and it was testified before your Committee that the Interstate Commerce Commission, whose year now ends June 30, is likely to change its year to conform with the Federal tax year. The convenience and accuracy of such uniformity is so obvious that your Committee has no hesitation in following the suggestion and in recommending the enactment of the law to secure this end, of which a draft is submitted herewith (see page 219).

Of course, the alteration of the time of making report will result in the payment of all State taxes at the same time, and this will doubtless be a great convenience to the taxpayers and those having to deal with the Auditor General's Department.

An Act regulating the making of certain reports and statements to the Auditor General for purposes of State taxation.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted, etc., That all reports and statements required to be made by law to the Auditor General for purposes of State taxation by any person, persons, corporation, limited partnership or joint stock associations, shall be made in the month of January of each year, and shall cover the next preceding calendar year, and payment of all such taxes shall be made in the month of February then following: Provided, That the time of making such reports and statements by public officers shall remain as now provided by law.

NOTE.

The variety of the times at which reports are now required is shown by the following:

Premiums of insurance companies—Semi-annually on the first days of July and January. Act of June 28, 1895, P. L. 408.

Stock of trust companies—Annually on or before June 20. Act of June 13, 1907, P. L. 640.

Gross receipts of transportation and other companies—Semi-annually before July 31 and January 31. Act of June 1, 1889, P. L. 420, Sec. 23.

Bank stock—Annually on or before June 20. Act of July 15, 1897, P. L. 292. If 10 mills on the par value of the stock be paid before March 1, certain exemptions from taxation are secured. This will not be altered by the present act.

Capital stock—Annually in the month of November for the calendar year. Act of June 8, 1891, P. L. 229.

Corporate loans—Annually on the first Monday of November for the calendar year. Acts of June 30, 1885, P. L. 193, and June 8, 1891, P. L. 229.

Net earnings of certain corporations (applicable only to corporations without capital stock)—Annually on first Monday of November. Act of June 1, 1889, P. L. 420.

Matured stock of building associations—The law is indefinite, and they are heretofore made for the calendar year as soon after its close as convenient. Act of June 22, 1897, P. L. 178.

Gross receipts of private bankers—Annually on the first Monday of December, for year ending November 30. Act of June 27, 1895, P. L. 396.

Notaries Public—Annually on or before December 31. Act of May 20, 1865, P. L. 846.

Orders for wages—Annually on the first day of November. Act of June 24, 1901, P. L. 56, Sec. 1.

The times of payment directed by these Acts vary considerably with relation to the time of report. But the practice is common to await a settlement by the Auditor General and State Treasurer, and notice thereof, as interest does not begin to run until that time. This will doubtless continue to be done.

The proviso excepts the returns of public officers. The principal return is that of municipal loans, and these are now required to be made for the calendar year. The numerous other requirements for the return of petty taxes and license fees are too many and complicated to be changed by a general Act and they are therefore left untouched.

ESCHEATS.

Existing legislation in regard to escheats is only efficient after full information is given to the Auditor General. There is a large class of property, however, which is not reached and yet is particularly liable to escheat by reason of being overlooked by those settling estates. This is moneys deposited in banks, securities in safe deposit vaults and corporate stock and bonds. If this has no known owner—which is presumed from its lying unclaimed for a sufficient length of time—the benefit of it should go to the State and not to the institution into whose lap it thus falls by reason of the ineffectiveness of present laws. At the same time abundant opportunity and time should be offered to the real owner to reclaim it from the State if he appears. There are existing laws providing for the report to the State officials and the payment into the State Treasury of unclaimed bank deposits, but owing to the fact that there is no adequate penalty, the law is not fully observed. In the year 1909, for example, only $1,562.40, in 1908, $1,625.55 and in 1907, $2,583.97 was paid into the State Treasury by Savings Institutions, under the Act of 1872, with regard to unclaimed deposits. There must be much more than this.

Accordingly your Committee recommends the enactment of a bill, of which a draft is submitted herewith (see page 221).

An amendment is needed to the general escheat Act of 1889 to meet the defect pointed out in Bousquet's Estate, 206 Pa. 534, which strictly construed the description of an owner of property who has "been unknown for a period of seven years." The owner had been missing for many years, and the Court said that the owner of the fund had never been known. It was his present whereabouts that were unknown. Such an amendment is accordingly submitted herewith (see page 225).

An Act providing for the report to the Auditor General and escheat to the Commonwealth under certain conditions of deposits of money; deposits of money, stocks, bonds, notes papers and other securities and all other valuables of the same or any other kind for safe keeping; and stocks and dividends, and the principal and interest of bonds, notes, certificates and of all and any other kinds of indebtedness of corporations, limited partnerships and partnership associations; and providing for the enforcement of the same.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted, etc., That every bank, savings institution, trust company, safe deposit company and every person, firm and corporation receiving deposits of money, shall in the month of January in every year hereafter file with the Auditor General a report under oath of all deposits of money with the interest and profits accrued thereon which have not been increased or diminished or credited with interest in the pass book at the request of the depositor within seven years last preceding such report. Such report shall show the amount of such deposit of money, and the name and address of the depositor.

Sect. 2. Every person, firm and corporation in this Commonwealth receiving deposits of money, stocks, bonds, notes, papers and other securities or other valuables of the same or any other kind for safe keeping, shall in the month of January in every year hereafter file with the Auditor General a report under oath of all such deposits to which access has not been actually had by the owner or owners thereof within seven years last preceding such report. Such report shall give the names and addresses of the depositors, and the nature and amount of the deposit, if known.

Sect. 3. Every corporation, limited partnership and partnership association organized under the laws of this Commonwealth shall in the month of January in every year hereafter file with the Auditor General a report, under the oath of one of its executive officers having personal knowledge thereof, of the names and addresses of all stockholders to whom a dividend or dividends shall have been declared and who have not claimed the same for seven years next preceding, together with the amount of such dividend and the kind and number of shares on which the same shall have been declared; and also the names and addresses of all holders of bonds, certificates and of all and any other kinds of indebtedness of said corporations, limited partnerships and partnership associations who shall not have claimed for seven years next preceding the principal or interest due on the same, together with the amount of such interest and of the principal of such bonds, notes, certificates and other kinds of indebtedness. Should the names and addresses of said stockholders, holders of such bonds, notes, certificates and other kinds of indebtedness be known to the executive officers of any such corporation, limited partnership or partnership association a report shall nevertheless be filed as hereinbefore provided setting forth the amount and nature thereof and all other information in the possession of such corporation, limited partnership or partnership association, concerning said stocks, bonds, notes, certificates and other kinds of indebtedness.

Sect. 4. Such reports shall be preserved by the Auditor General in his office for public inspection, and he shall keep for public inspection an index of the names of all persons so reported to him, the amount and nature of the property involved, and the person or corporation reporting it.

Sect. 5. When any such deposit of money or unclaimed dividend or interest or principal of any bonds, notes, certificates and all or any other kinds of indebtedness of such corporations, limited partnerships and partnership associations shall have been so reported to the Auditor General for seven successive years, it shall, upon demand by him, be paid to the State Treasurer for the use of the State together with the interest and profits accrued thereon by the person, firm or corporation making such report; and a report of such payment shall be made to the Auditor General and be entered by him in said index.

Section 6. At any time within twenty-one years after such payment of a deposit of money, dividend, or interest or principal of any such bonds, notes, certificates, or other kinds of indebtedness of such corporations, limited partnerships and partnership associations to the State Treasurer, the person who would have been the lawful owners of such deposits, dividend, or interest or principal of any such bonds, notes, certificates or other kinds of indebtedness, had it not been so paid, or their legal representatives, shall receive the same out of the State Treasury out of moneys otherwise unappropriated, upon the warrant of the Auditor General on the State Treasurer, upon the production to the Auditor General of satisfactory proof of such ownership.

Sect. 7. When any such unclaimed stocks of said corporations, limited partnerships and partnership associations or any such deposit of money, stocks, bonds, notes, papers, other securities or other valuables of the same or any other kind for safe keeping, shall have been so reported to the Auditor General for seven successive years, the Auditor General shall thereupon appoint an escheator to conduct proceedings for the escheat of the same in the manner provided by law.

Sect. 8. No fee shall be paid to any informant for information leading to the escheat of any property which shall have been theretofore reported at any time under this Act.

Sect. 9. The failure to make any report required by this Act shall subject the person, firm, corporation, limited partnership or partnership association so failing to a penalty of fifty dollars a day, for each day such failure continues, to be recovered by the Commonwealth. The failure to pay to the State Treasurer any such deposit of money or dividend or interest or principal of any bond, note, certificate, or all or any other kind of indebtedness of such corporation limited partnership or partnership association upon demand shall render the person, firm, corporation, limited partnership or partnership association so refusing liable to an action by the Commonwealth to recover such deposit with interest at 12 per centum per annum.

Sect. 10. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to prevent the escheat of property to the Commonwealth in the way otherwise provided by law for lack of next of kin or a known owner.

Sect. 11. All the Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent with the provisions of this Act be, and the same are hereby repealed.

Sect. 12. The following Acts and parts of Acts be, and the same are hereby repealed.

An Act entitled "An Act requiring banks and other corporations to give notice of unclaimed dividends, deposits and balances in certain cases." Approved March 6, 1847. (Pamphlet Laws 222.)

Section 52 of an Act entitled "An Act regulating banks." Approved April 16, 1850. (Pamphlet Laws 477.)

Sections 2 and 3 of an Act entitled "An Act relating to unclaimed deposits in savings banks, and transfer of stock." Approved April 17, 1872. (Pamphlet Laws 62.)

An Act entitled "An Act relating to the return of moneys escheated to the Commonwealth." Approved June 4, 1885. (Pamphlet Laws 73.)

An Act entitled "An Act to amend the first section of an act, entitled 'An Act relating to the return of moneys escheated to the Commonwealth,' approved the fourth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, extending the same to certain other cases of escheat." Approved June 25, 1895. (Pamphlet Laws 283.)

NOTE.

Existing laws practically cover only bank deposits. They are as follows:

Act of March 6, 1847 (P. L. 222). applying to banks, savings institutions, loan companies and insurance companies, which declare dividends or profits among the stockholders and requiring publication in the newspapers of dividends unclaimed for three years, and not increased or diminished or receiving interest within three years. The penalty is personal liability by the cashier to the owner with 12 per cent. interest. Three years after the first publication the dividend shall escheat to the Commonwealth and the owner may claim it at any time thereafter. There is no further penalty for failure to publish and no penalty at all for failure to pay to the Commonwealth.

Act of April 16, 1850 (P. L. 477), requires the cashier of every bank to forward to the Auditor General a list of dividends and deposits unclaimed and not increased or diminished for three years. There is no penalty.

Act of April 17, 1872 (P. L. 62), requires a savings fund, savings institution or savings bank to pay to the State Treasurer deposits not demanded for thirty years, and permits the real owner to recover it from the State Treasury after that time by action in the Courts. There is no penalty for failure to make report, but small sums are paid.

The laws of other States are not very complete on this subject. The primary object seems to be publicity for the benefit of the owner or next of kin. New York, for example, has elaborate provisions for report to the Banking Commissioner and the indexing of reports as well as for publication. Maine and New Jersey. as well as New York, require newspaper advertising. None of these three provide for escheat to the State. Maine and Massachusetts only escheat deposits remaining unclaimed in the hands of receivers of a bank. Ohio has much the most complete system, providing for annual reports to the Probate Judge. which are recorded for public inspection; and after eight years the deposits are paid to the County Treasurer and may be reclaimed at any time on proof of ownership.

Sufficient publicity will be provided by the public reports in the office of the Auditor General duly indexed, to which all persons settling estates will naturally resort to look for unclaimed deposits. This. and the right to recover with a long period of limitation on the right, abundantly protect the depositors, and the State should have the benefit of money not so claimed.

An Act to amend sections Two and Three of an Act entitled "An Act defining and regulating escheats in cases where property is without a lawful owner, and providing for more convenient proceedings relative to the same," approved the second day of May. one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine; extending the same to other cases of escheat.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted, etc., That the second section of an Act entitled "An Act defining and regulating escheats in cases where property is without a lawful owner, and providing for more convenient proceedings relative to the same," approved the second day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, which reads as follows:

"Whensoever any money, estate or effects, shall have been or shall hereafter be paid into or deposited in the custody of any Court of this Commonwealth, or shall be in the custody of any depository, or of any receiver or other officer of said Court and the rightful owner or owners thereof shall have been or shall be unknown for the space of seven years, the same shall escheat to the Commonwealth, subject to all legal demands on the same."

Be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

Whensoever any money, estate, or effects, shall have been or shall hereafter be paid into or deposited in the custody of any Court of this Commonwealth or shall be in the custody of any depository or of any receiver or other officer of said Court, and the rightful owner or owners thereof shall have been or shall be unknown for the space of seven years, or shall have made no demand therefor for the space of seven years, the same shall escheat to the Commonwealth, subject to all legal demands on the same.

Sect. 2. That the third section of the said Act which reads as follows:

"Whensoever any trustee or other eprson is or shall be seized of any property or estate, real or personal, in a fiduciary capacity, and shall file an account of the same in any Court in this Commonwealth, and whensoever it shall appear that the cestui que trust or beneficial owner of said property or effects, or any part thereof, has been unknown for a period of seven years, and still remains unknown, then, and in such case, so much of said property or effects as belonged to said unknown cestui que trust, or beneficial owner, shall escheat to the Commonwealth, subject to all legal demands on the same."

Be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

It shall be the duty of every trustee, guardian, committee, executor, administrator, assignee, or other person acting in a fiduciary capacity, who shall be seized or possessed of any property or estate, real or personal, of which the cestui que trust or beneficial owner shall have been unknown to him for a period of seven years, and still remains unknown, or has made no demand for said property or effects for a period of seven years, to file an account thereof in the proper Court and so much of said property or effects as belonged to said cestui que trust or beneficial owner, and is not claimed at the audit of said account, shall escheat to the Commonwealth, subject to all legal demands on the same.

STATE EXPENSES.

A useless item of State expense which was constanely brought to the attention in examining the Appropriation Acts, is the printing thereof in full in the pamphlet laws for public distribution. All that is necessary for public information is the name of the Department or institution receiving the appropriation ,the amount received, the purpose in brief and the reduction of the appropriation by the Governor, if any. This information could easily be tabulated.

The result will also save bulk. Of the volume of 1909, containing 1,042 pages, fully one-third is taken up with printing and indexing these Acts, which contain 1,228 items.

Your Committee therefore proposes an Act for that purpose (see page 227).

An act in relation to the printing of appropriation bills into pamphlet laws.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted, etc., That hereafter the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall not furnish to the Public Printer for printing in the Pamphlet Laws the full text or appropriation bills, but shall furnish instead a tabulated list of said bills giving the date, the purpose of the appropriation, the amount thereof, and the amount approved by the Governor, and this table shall be printed in the Pamphlet Laws instead of the full text of such Acts as heretofore.

INCOME TAX AMENDMENT TO FEDERAL CONSTITUTION.

An amendment to the Constitution of the United States has been proposed to the States by Congress to meet the decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States that the income tax is a direct tax and must be apportioned among the States by population. The proposed amendment is:

"The Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes on income, from whatever source derived, without apportionment among the several States, and without regard to any census or enumeration."

Arguments against the approval of this amendment were made before your Committee, and others have been brought to its attention by the publis prints.

It is argued that this is a source of revenue which should be reserved for the States. It is also argued that it is a direct reversal of the policy of the Constitution which will produce the very evil intended to be guarded against to wit, the imposition of taxes by the more numerously represented States upon the wealthier States. As the constitutional requirement of uniformity would not apply to a tax levied under this amendment, Congres might go so far under the control of partisans as to direct the tax only at certain of the wealthy Eastern States by name, and exempt the others entirely. Under our system of equal representation by States in the United States Senate it is quite possible, if not probable, for the representatives of a minority to out-vote the representatives of the majority of citizens and still more so, to out-vote a preponderance of wealth. The States of New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio and Illinois contain approximately a third of the population and approximately three-fifths of the wealth. When the income tax was levied under the Act of Congress of 1861 the States of New York and Pennsylvania paid nearly half of the tax. It is argued that these possibilities are not merely speculative, and that in framing a constitution possibilities should be considered.

The intention of the Constitution was that the expenditures of the States should be met by direct levies of taxes on lands and accumulated property, and those of the Federal Government for the most part by indirect taxes. This in principle is the way in which the methods of raising revenue are divided between our Commonwealth and its subdivisions. There was reserved, however, to the Federal Government the power to lay taxes in case of need, but in order that it might not be exercised except on necessity, and, that the State might have opportunity to pay its quota without the interference of the Federal tax gatherer, it was directed that the tax be apportioned among the States according to population. This took the place historically of the requisitions on the States which were the inefficient means of raising revenue under the Confederation.

Such a need has never arisen, and never will. The indirect taxes can be extended sufficiently to meet all demands of a greatly extended Federal power. Internal revenue alone is capable of supplying it all. Forty-five years ago, when the wealth of the country was much less than now, it yielded $300,000,000 a year under the stress of war measures.

The wording of the proposed amendment, which permits the laying of an income tax on incomes "from whatever source derived" would permit the laying of a tax upon incomes from State securities, and thus reverse the wise settled policy of the present Constitution that the United States should not tax State agencies, and that the

eraumeeeeee cmf ywmfywp cmfwyp vbgkqj cmfwyprdluu State should not tax agencies of the United States. As "the power to tax is the power to destroy" and as there will be no requirement of uniformity or apportionment among the States, the Federal Government might coerce the States by taxing its State loans or the loans of its constituent municipal bodies out of existence, as has been done with State bank notes.

Unofficial reports disclose in audition that the amendment has been ratified by five States, as follows: Alabama, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi and Oklahoma. Three States, to wit, Massachusetts, New York and Virginia, failed to ratify the amendment, and in Louisiana it is to be submitted to a referendum vote in the year 1912.

Your Committee submits these observations as they have been given to it, but without recommendations, although it is not amiss to say that no representations in its favor have been made.

REQUESTS OF STATE DEPARTMENTS.

Your Committee requested the Attorney General, the Auditor General, the Secretary of the Commonwealth, the Railroad Commissioners, the Secretary of Internal Affairs, the Insurance Commissioner, the Commissioner of Banking, the Secretary of Agriculture, the Department of Health, the State Highway Commissioner, the Commissioner of Forestry, the Commissioner of Fisheries, the Factory Inspector and the Department of Mines, to suggest to the Committee changes of the laws desired by their Departments.

To this replies have been received as follows:

The Attorney General recommended, though not officially, "that the entire legal business of the Commonwealth should be in charge of the Attorney General's Department." It seems to your Committee that it insures promptness and avoids circuity of communication if those having charge of the legal work of each department should be under the control and direction of the State officer having charge of the prosecution of the work and in direct touch with him. The Attorney General being a co-ordinate officer of the government, there may well be a conflict of authority on matters of policy, which cannot be overcome. Your Committee assumes that in all matters of Governmental and public policy the Auditor General and the heads of all other Departments of State Government would, of course, seek the co-operation of the Attorney General and be guided by his advice.

The Attorney General also recommended that corporation taxes should have preference out of any fund arising through judicial sale, and that such sale should not be valid until a certificate has been filed that there were no unpaid taxes, or if the certificate should show that there were such taxes, they should first be paid. This seems to be covered by the Act of June 1, 1889, Sections 31 and 32, P. L. 437. The policy is the same as that in the Act of May 25, 1907, P. L. 250, referred to elsewhere. (See page 217).

The suggestion, however, unites with that of the Auditor General in a special communication to your Committee recommending that liens for State taxes be recorded only in the Department of the Auditor General. The Act of 1889, above referred to, says that State taxes shall be first paid out of the proceeds of judicial sale prior to other liens, although entered after the taxes accrued. This is the present system as to local real estate tax. But the Act present system as to local real estate tax. But the Act of April 16, 1827, P. L. 471, requiring the Auditor General to record settlements for the purpose of lien in the county as soon as possible, is still in force. (William Wilson, etc., Co's. Estate, 150 Pa. 285; Gladden vs. Chapman, 188 Pa. 586.) The result is that it is a great labor to file these liens in the proper county and to follow them up and beyond the strength of the Auditor General's force. It would greatly facilitate collection if the liens need appear of record only at Harrisburg, and this should be coupled with the utmost facilities for making and obtaining searches. Every corporation which mortgaged its property would be under compulsion from the mortgagee to keep up taxes, and the intent of the law would not be defeated by the provisions of an old statute. While this would be a reversal of the present system, it seems to your Committee that it would prove of great value and not inconvenient to those having to deal with corporations.

They therefore present a draft of an Act to accomplish this result. (See page 232.)

The Auditor General, in addition to matters elsewhere referred to, as to which his recommendations have in large part coincided with your Committee's own conclusions, has suggested that each assessor get a small fee, say five cents, for each person from whom he procured a return of personal property tax. It is thought that this would produce great diligence on his part. Your Committee feels that the diligence in this regard might be excessive and assessors tempted to secure returns from great numbers of persons who were known not to be taxable simply to claim the fee.

The Auditor General also suggested a stock transfer tax like that of New York. The volume of stock transfers in this State is, of course, not nearly so great as that of our sister State, and your Committee does not feel that the making of such transactions with us should be hampered in this way.

AN ACT RELATING TO TAXATION AND BONUS ON CAPITAL STOCK.

Sect. 1. Be it enacted, etc., That taxes or every kind, including taxes on loans and bonus on capital stock with interest and penalties thereon due from any corporation, limited partnership or joint stock association of any kind, whether foreign or domestic, to the Commonwealth shall be liens upon the real estate of such corporation, limited partnership, or joint stock association within this Commonwealth from the time of the filing of a settlement thereof in the office of the Auditor General. Such liens may be sued out by writ of scire facias and execution in the usual manner, and shall be first paid out of the proceeds of any judicial sale of such real estate before any taxes, municipal claims, mortgages, arrears of ground rent, judgments and all other liens and estates whatsoever and whether the same shall accrue before or after the filing of such settlement, provided such settlement shall have been on file and indexed in the Auditor General's office one week before such sale.

Sect. 2. Upon the judicial sale of the personal estate of any such corporation, limited partnership or joint stock association, such taxes and bonus shall be first paid out of the proceeds thereof before any and all other taxes, pledges, chattel mortgages, judgments, debts, liens and estates, whatsoever and whether the same shall accrue before or after the filing of such settlement: Provided, That such settlement shall have been on file and indexed in the Auditor General's office one week before such sale.

Sect. 3 The Auditor General shall keep an alphabetical index of the corporations, limited partnerships and joint stock associations against which such settlements shall have been filed, which shall be open to inspection by any person; and he shall, upon the written application of any person and the payment of a fee of twenty-five cents for the use of the State, furnish to such person a certificate showing whether any such settlements are on file in his office against any corporation, limited partnership or joint stock association, and if so, for what taxes or bonus, from what date and for what amount.

Sect. 4. Section four of an Act entitled "An Act relative to the distribution of money arising from sheriffs' and coroners' sales; and relative to the duties of the Auditor General and County Commissioners," approved April 16, 1827 (P. L. 471), be and the same is hereby repealed.

The Secretary of the Commonwealth recommended that "the present laws remain as they are so far as they affect this Department."

The Pennsylvania State Railroad Commission informed your Committee that it had not formulated any amendments to the corporation or revenue laws of the Commonwealth.

The Insurance Commissioner recommended that in place of the various taxes laid upon insurance companies and their estates, that an increased tax on the premiums be laid, and that this be extended to all companies except fraternal orders. This matter has been elsewhere discussed.

The Secretary of Agriculture recommended that "all property of every class, whether real or personal, should be made to bear an equal proportion of the burdens of taxation for State as well as local purposes." It seems to your Committee that so far as this is a suggestion that it should be attempted to tax all personal property alike, it is a step away from Pennsylvania's ancient and admirable system toward the system of which other States are gradually getting rid. As elsewhere noted it results only in real estate and the honest owner of personal property continuing to bear the burden, while the tax dodger escapes.

The Department of Forestry has no recommendations.

The Department of Fisheries recommended the imposition of a small license fee on several devices not covered

by the present fish code. These, however, were stated to be trifling and the Commissioner proposed to submit them to the Legislature in a separate communication.

The Factory Inspector recommends that all steam boilers in the State, except locomotive and boilers in private houses which carry a pressure under ten pounds, be subjected to State inspection and a charge made of $5.00 for internal examination and $3.00 for external examination, no boiler to be inspected more than once a year. He reports that there are in the State from 45,000 to 50,000 boiler sand and that the number is rapidly increasing; that the cost of inspection can be kept within $50,000 a year with a force of 25 inspectors to be made a part of his department without creating a separate department and the expense incident thereto. This would mean a substantial revenue to the State. The work is now being done by casualty companies, 97 per cent. of whom are foreign and the fees therefor are going out of the State. He has prepared an Act to accomplish this end. If the work now done by individuals can be as effectively done by State officials and will result in increase of the State revenue (of which the Committee is not informed, but assumes that the Factory Inspector believes it can) the bill should commend itself to your Honorable Bodies.

The Factory Inspector also recommends a tax on coal and oil. This matter has been discussed elsewhere.

The Department of Mines recommended that the coal industry be so taxed as to provide a fund to take care of the employes injured while at work and those dependent upon them. In discussing the laying of a tax on anthracite coal your Committee has indicated that the fund thus derived will work to this end by season of the increased aid to charities which can be given.

STATE CENSUS.

Without adequate facilities for collecting original statistical information upon the subjects of investigation, your Committe has been greatly hampered by the entire lack of such data as were needed gathered elsewhere. The Census of the United States was ten years old and deductions from such figures were only guesses. Even the information thus given was not at all of the character required. The Bureau of Industrial Statistics, admirable as its work is, covers only a small part of the field and is compelled to depend on information voluntarily given. Accurate and recent figures could nowhere be obtained, for example, as to the capitalization of manufacturing corporations in the State, the amount of local taxes raised on anthracite coal, the amount of estates which would be subject to direct inheritance tax, and dozens of other subjects of which your Committee sought to treat. Agricultural statistics which would be of great value are not obtainable.

Massachusetts takes a most thorough census every tenth year midway between the censuses of the United States and it has proved of the greatest value to the State. The machinery of her Census Bureau is made use of by the United States Census Bureau, and a compensation for it paid to the State, which goes very far toward reducing the net cost. Your Committee believes that a similar census would prove of the greatest value to this, much larger, wealthier, but surely less progressive State, and strongly recommends legislation to that end.

Owing to these difficulties your Committee is unable to present a comprehensive summary of the amount of taxation which it is believed will be raised as a result of the measures hereby recommended. In connection with some particular items an estimate is given, but this is as far as they can safely go.

Your Committee feels, on the whole, that to this point their work, under the circumstances which they have had to meet, has been in a large part preliminary only. Realizing the need, as stated, for more State revenue and for the correction of some abuses long complained of and very patent, they have submitted measures which they believe are conducive to those ends. Your Committee begs the earnest attention of the Legislature to its recommendations and confidently believes that your earnest interest and co-operation in the consideration of the subjects entrusted to them will be productive of results beneficial to the Commonwealth and her many activities.

Respectfully submitted,

JAS. P. McNICHOL,
Chairman;
WM. H. KEYSER,
WM. C. SPROUL,
JAS. F. WOODWARD,
D. HUNTER, JR.,
GABRIEL H. MOYER,
Vice Chairman and Secretary.

THE JOINT COMMITTEE OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA TO CONSIDER AND REPORT UPON A REVISION OF THE CORPORATION AND REVENUE LAWS OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

Philadelphia, Pa., January 28, 1910.

Public meeting of the Committee held at Room 496, City Hall, Philadelphia, Friday, January 28, 1910, at 11.00 o'clock A. M.

Present:—Hon. James P. McNichol, Chairman; Gabriel H. Moyer, Vice Chairman and Secretary; Wm. C. Sproul, William H. Keyser, James F. Woodward, David Hunter, Jr., of the Committee; Francis Shunk Brown, Esq., Counsel.

Mr. McNichol: This Committee was appointed by the State Legislature for the purpose of investigating the taxation laws and revenue laws and the expenditures of funds paid into the State Treasury. We have selected Francis Shunk Brown as the attorney representing this Committee. He has gone into this matter very thoroughly for the last three months, and he will detail to the ladies and gentlemen present the purposes and the program that has been arranged for the conduct of these meetings.

Mr. Brown: Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Committee, Ladies and Gentlemen: It is hardly necessary to tell an audience such as this of the causes which prompted the Legislature of Pennsylvania to provide for the appointment of the Committee which is sitting here to-day. The subject of taxation has been agitating not only all of the States of this Union, but all countries of the earth, and as many other States have been making a move towards the investigation of this subject, it was eminently fitting that the State of Pennsylvania should make a similar effort.

Mr. Chairman, I think it would be well to read the Act of Assembly at this point, so that everyone present may know the scope of this Committee's work.

"A concurrent resolution providing for the appointment of a joint Committee of the Senate and House of Representatives to consider and report upon a revision of the Laws of this Commonwealth relating to corporations and to revenue; for the employment of counsel and other necessary officers and employes, and giving it authority to compel the attendance of persons and the production of books and papers

"Resolved, That the President pro tempore of the Senate shall appoint three Senators, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall appoint three of its members, which shall constitute a joint committee whose duty it shall be to consider the laws of the Commonwealth relating to corporations and to revenue and the practical working thereof, and to report to the next Legislature whatever changes may be deemed necessary therein, together with the draft of an Act or Acts of Assembly to accomplish said changes, and together with such recommendations as may be deemed necessary relative to the administration of existing laws or as to the enforcement of said suggested Act or Acts. Said Committee shall have power to elect its own Chairman, to sit after the adjournment of the Legislature, to employ legal counsel and such other officers and employes as may be needed to enable it to properly perform its duties as aforesaid; but its expenditures shall be limited to the amount provided therefor in the general appropriation bill to be passed at this session of the Legislature, and shall be paid out of the State Treasury upon vouchers signed by the Chairman of said Committee.

"Said Committee shall also have power to issue subpoenas signed by its chairman, requiring the attendance of persons and the production of books and papers, as in its judgment will assist in the performance of its duties as aforesaid.

"Said Committee shall make a full report, in writing, to the Governor of the Commonwealth of its findings, with such recommendations as it may deem proper, six months prior to the meeting of the General Assembly in the session of 1911."

Now, this Act was approved May 13, 1909. Immediately thereafter this Committee proceeded to search for information. It has gathered data from all over the world; it has collected all of the laws from the different States of the Union; it has also collected the reports of commissions similar to this which have from time to time been appointed by these States, and has considered the result of their labors. We have delayed public meetings for the reason that the National Government, as you all recall, in the summer of last year, passed an Act which directly applied to the taxation of corporations, and it was deemed unwise by this Committee that there should be any further consideration or public consideration or agitation of this subject at that time or at least until the Secretary of the Treasury and other officials should have perfected some scheme so that we might know how it affected, directly or indirectly, the interests of our people. That was done in December of last year. In fact, we are still considering it, but I think it has gotten into such shape that this Committee is justified now to proceed with its public meetings and in the further performance of its duties.

Of course, you will all appreciate that the first thing to consider is that before the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania should levy taxes from her people, they should be in some way or other determined by the expenditures, the uses which are to be put these moneys, and the thought was that as the private hospitals or institutions not under State control, but receiving State aid, demand each year, say $10,000,000 and received, as I recall last year, $5,000,000, it would be a good starting place to determine and ascertain whether or not the State of Pennsylvania was properly appropriating these moneys. That is, whether or not if it was whether it was doing it in a way from which it was getting a return which would justify such an appropriation; in other words, whether these moneys were being used not in the way intended to be used. This is an investigation to determine whether the Commonwealth is getting a dollar's return for every dollar's expenditure, and if not, whether some scheme which would probably be more economical could be devised for obtaining the same results.

Now, I have sent, in the performance of the duty of this Committee, or the Committee has had sent out since December 1st, 23,000 letters. They have gone to all the National Banks, State Banks, Trust Companies, Savings Institutions, Bankers, The Lawyers Club, Philadelphia, Law Association, Philadelphia, Lawyers in Pennsylvania, Newspapers in Pennsylvania, Trade Journals in Pennsylvania, Commercial Journals in Pennsylvania, all County Bar Journals in Pennsylvania, Dental Journals in Pennsylvania, Legal Journals in Pennsylvania, all County Bar Associations in Pennsylvania, Pennsylvania Bar Association, Trade Associations in Pennsylvania, Business Associations in Pennsylvania, Building and Loan Asociations of Pennsylvania, all Judges of all Courts in Pennsylvania, Insurance Companies, State Officials, County Officials (every county) Members of State Senate, Members of House, Mayors of principal cities, boroughs, etc., Hospitals, Homes, State Institutions, semi-State Institutions, Manufacturing Companies in Pennsylvania, Gas Companies, Water Companies, Land Companies, Land Improvement Companies, Homestead Companies, Hotel Companies, Miscellaneous Companies in Pennsylvania, Brick Companies, Clay Companies, Slate Companies, Quarry Companies, Bridge Companies, Turnpike Companies, Brewing Companies, Distilling Companies, Coal Companies, Coke Companies, Coal Mining Companies, Oil Companies, Mining Companies, Light, Heat and Power Companies, Market Companies, Railroad Companies, Railway Companies, Transportation Companies, Ferry Companies, Telegraph Companies, Telephone Companies, Fertilizer Companies, Electric Light Companies. There is now being sent a circular letter to all foreign corporations doing business in Pennsylvania, in so far as they are registered with the Auditor General.

That letter recited the resolution in substance; and further:

"The Committee is collecting data upon the formation, regulation and taxation of corporations and the appropriation of State Revenue for all purposes, in this State, in all of the United States, by the Federal Government, and by other nations. These subjects are being specially discussed and legislated upon at the present time througnout the world.

"The Committee desires the co-operation of all interested in these subjects and requests your opinion as to any defects in the present laws of the Commonwealth relating to the formation, regulation and taxation of corporations, associations, partnerships or individuals, the exemption of them or any of them from taxation, the appropriation of the Revenue of the State, and any changes therein which you may think necessary.

"You will notice that the resolution requires a report of the Committee to be filed with the Governor in July, 1910, and we therefore request an early reply, as it is important that all suggestions be received for consideration prior to the public meetings which the Committee may hold. We should also be glad to have from you the names and addresses of any persons whom you may know who are specially qualified to give to the Committee information and assistance in the consideration of these most important subjects."

I might say that up to date the Committee has received approximately 5,000 replies to this communication, with all manner of suggestions for other laws covering all subjects which are included in the general scheme of the Commonwealth's taxation, and, personally, I have been very much gratified by the interest that the people of this Commonwealth have taken in this subject. That is just merely preliminary to our meeting to be considered to-day and for general information. I assume the first one to call in order would be to hear from our State Board of Charities, as being the supervisory body of these institutions, and I would call upon the Secretary, who is here to represent them, Mr. Bromley Wharton.

Mr. Wharton, do you wish to make any preliminary statement or remarks? If not, I have some questions I would like to ask you.

Mr. Wharton: I would be glad to answer any questions.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Upon what does the State Board of Charities make its recommendations to the Legislature for appropriations to institutions not under State control?

A. Upon the reports which we gather from those institutions, of which I have a copy. This report shows the financial statement, the number of hospital days, free hospital days, based upon the free work done by the hospital.

Q. What investigation is made by the Board itself in addition to the report which you receive; what do they do to verify this?

A. The Legislature of 1907 gave the Board of Charities two assistant general agents. Those two men in connection with the Secretary and General Agent visit these institutions, sometimes two and three times a year when it is necessary to verify the reports furnished yearly at the end of the fiscal year, May 31, to the Board.

Q. What has been the result of the personal investigations which have been made by the Board as to the use of the State's money given these institutions?

A. On the whole, I would say it was wisely used, exceedingly so.

Q. How about economically used; does that "wisely" include economically?

A. Yes, I would say economically.

Q. Has your experience in these investigations prepared you to make any suggestions as to the consolidation of any of these institutions, whether that could be wisely done in the way of economy?

A. Well, I think that depends on the localities. I think in some of the larger cities the consolidation of some of the hospitals would be beneficial.

Q. Would that in any way diminish the advantages which the people would receive because of the accessibility of the several hospitals which might be consolidated?

A. That, of course, would depend on circumstances. There are cases where two large hospitals are near each other; they might be consolidated. I do not mean where they are far apart.

Q. How many hospitals have they in the State of Pennsylvania, if you recall, 154 or something like that?

A. One hundred and forty-seven, receiving State aid.

Q. In how many counties?

A. Sixty-seven.

Q. In how many counties?

A. Sixty-seven—147 hospitals, 93 homes. Of course, I am not going into State institutions.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. How many State institutions?

A. Twenty-four.

Q. Located where?

A. Insane: Norristown, Danville, Warren, Harrisburg.

Q. Can you have those scheduled for us?

A. Yes, sir, we can do anything you want, I will submit that.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. What counties have no hospitals? About how many, not to go into details, because you have the table?

A. Eighteen.

Q. There are eighteen counties in this Commonwealth that either have no hospitals or have no hospitals receiving State aid?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. How are the people there provided for?

A. By the nearest hospital. For instance, Adams County, I will give you this as an illustration, the nearest hospital is the Todd Hospital in Carlisle, Cumberland County, and in Bucks County the nearest hospital would be Frankford, on the outskirts of Philadelphia, and the Norristown Hospitals; Cameron County would be Elk County; Carbon would be Wilkesbarre and Allentown. I have all these worked out for you.

Q. What is the proportion of the amount that these several hospitals receive from private sources as compared with the State aid?

A. Well, I have to quote here. I will take some of the big Philadelphia hospitals and some of the hospitals outside. I will submit this to you: Take May 31, 1908, to May 31, 1909, one year, take the Jefferson Hospital. From their reports I take these figures: Their receipts from all sources would be $211,481; the State contributed to that for one year $80,000, leaving a balance of $131,481. The University Hospital receives $198,864; of that the State contributed $62,500, leaving a balance of $136,364.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. Have you anything there that shows the amount received from donations?

A. Yes, sir, I can give you that.

Q. Not from the pay of patients?

By Mr. Brown:

Q. I presume in your items of receipts there would be interest on the investments?

A. Yes, sir.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. Pay patients, too?

A. Pay patients, yes. The University Hospitals, from donations for current expenses, $8,376.89. I have got this in detail for every hospital in the State.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. How did that proportion compare with the other sections of the State? I mean, do the other institutions throughout the State receive private donations that compare to the same proportion as those two institutions you have mentioned.

A. Yes, sir, all through the State they receive private donations, from fairs, entertainments and various other ways and means of raising money. In looking over it I see the donations are given of all other hospitals.

Q. The donations from the State have been annually increasing as I understand. Have the private donations been increasing in like ratio? In other words, has the State appropriation tended to a diminution of the gifts from private donations either during life or by will?

A. Yes, I would say they have, for the reason that if I have so much money given to me you are not likely to give me the same amount of money. In Pittsburg, however, within the last few years, in making our recommendations to the Legislature, in many cases they have said if the Legislature will give us so much they would duplicate it. I refer to the South Side Hospital particularly, to which a great deal of money has been given, and I find that often to be the case where we have made a recommendation that they have duplicated the amount, even giving more than the Legislature has given.

Q. How does it apply to other sections of the State?

A. Some other sections have done the same way. Elk County particularly comes to my mind, where the Hills have given a great deal of money.

Q. Have you made any investigation to ascertain whether or not the increase in the request for appropriations has been in

proportion to the accretion of the capital of the Commonwealth?

A. No, sir, not particularly.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. Can you furnish us with a list of endowment funds of these several institutions?

A. I think I can; yes, sir.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. How do other States provide for the institutions?

A. There are thirty-four States, from what I gather, that only contrioute to the State institutions; out of the total thirty-four contribute to the State institutions make appropriations to State institutions only.

Q. Have you attempted or has your Board attempted to ascertain the reason for this?

A. No, we have not.

Q. Why the State of Pennsylvania should be an exception to the general rule?

A. We have not. To-day the condition that is confronting us in this State is different. Pennsylvania is a big workshop, with its factories, its mines and mining interests. When we consider that in Allegheny County there are 60,000 employed in the mine and steel district, it requires hospitals.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. Has not the State provided hospitals of that character for such people?

A. Not in Allegheny County.

Q. Has it inaugurated the system within the last four years?

A. Yes.

Q. Under State supervision?

A. Yes, sir.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. The Miners hospitals?

A. Miners' hospitals.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. What is your thought as to that system in comparison with the one in operation in Philadelphia?

A. They are necessary, there is no doubt about it.

Q. I mean as to the management and efficiency of the same?

A. The management and efficiency of the State hospitals we consider very good.

Q. How could you give any comparison to the system in operation in Philadelphia? Have you made any observation of it in person?

A. No, sir.

Q. Do you not think that that would be information which the Legislature should have when it is considering this subject?

A. Undoubtedly. While we have this many hospitals concentrated throughout the city, in the mining regions they do not always cover the amount of ground we care for.

Q. Well, they will eventually do that when we give them sufficient money?

A. Take Jefferson County, Punxsutawney, through the soft coal region, we have not any mining hospital right there. Near there there is a private hospital.

Q. You gave us a receipt of the different hospitals in Philadelphia. Is there incorporated in that all the money these hospitals receive outside of private donations, private rooms and things of that kind?

A. That is for maintenance. I am not discussing the buildings at all.

Q. Jefferson Hospital receives $211,000?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Of which $80,000 comes from the State?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Do you want us to believe that $131,000 is all that the Jefferson receives from all sources outside of private subscriptions?

A. That is all the receipts that I have here.

Q. Well, I know, but how thoroughly have you gone into the receipts?

A. Well, I can only take this that has been given to me under oath.

Mr. Brown: Mr. Potter is here representing the Jefferson Hospital.

Mr. Wharton: For instance, from patients, I will give you the detail of the total which you hold in your hand:

From Patients full paid	$71,403
From Patients part paid	12,691
From State appropriation	80,000
From municipal appropriation, annual	375
From donations for current expenses	5,654
From investments for income	13,754
From nurses for service	5,342
From all other sources	7,094
From sale of drugs	15,166

Making a total of $211,481 for that year, leaving a deficit for the year of $1,403.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. Nurses are paid for by the patients of the hospitals?

A. Yes, sir, but they may have nurses outside.

Q. Principally hospital nursing?

A. Yes, sir.

By Mr. Hunter:

Q. Do you know whether or not any of the institutions receive aid from the counties in which they are located?

A. In this case I have before me, the Municipal, the City of Philadelphia gives $375 for the ambulance, and in some cases I can tell you that. I will submit this to you. In some cases I find they give a small amount. It is very small.

Q. Do you think the county should contribute to the support of these hospitals?

A. Yes, where they can, but there are so many counties in debt, the taxes, county taxes, and township taxes are so high, and road taxes and so on, they do not have the money to do it. The State being out of debt, they look to the State to help them.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Mr. Wharton, in your opinion is there any necessity for the construction of State institutions additionally, and if so, for what purpose?

A. I think there is, especially for the insane. We have over 16,000 insane in Pennsylvania. We are overcrowded in Philadelphia County. We are overcrowded in State institutions and it is of great importance to have these institutions completed that are under way. For instance, Allentown, which should be completed at once, and in Southwest Pennsylvania Dixmont is overcrowded.

Q. When was Allentown commenced; 1901, was it not?

A. 1901 or 1902.

Q. And it is not finished yet?

A. Is not finished yet, and in my opinion, if it is of importance, the system of giving small amounts to hospitals, instead of giving the amount necessary to complete it and have the thing done, of every session of the Legislature, giving a couple hundred thousand dollars, it is all wrong. For instance, at Allentown we are commencing to repaint and varnish some of the rooms anyway before the buildings are ready

Q. Is it your opinion, assuming that the State has not sufficient to do both at the same time, that the construction of the State institutions should be preferred?

A. Absolutely. They should take care of the State institutions first, and then after they have done that give them what they need.

Q. Does the State ever give to the State institutions all that is needed for the completion of its buildings?

A. Not in my recollection.

Q. In other words, it has been pared down at the request of private institutions?

A. It has always been pared down to some extent.

Q. You have been asked by Mr. Hunter, of the Committee, about the counties, why the counties cannot support the institutions; I am asking the result of your investigaton as well as your personal opinion?

A. So far as my investigation has gone, the counties are mostly in debt. It is very hard to get the County Commissioners to take care of the almshouses and the jails proper. I am having a great deal of trouble to get attention and money for the almshouses and jails. When it comes to a hospital, they will not listen to such a thing.

Q. In other words, the demands of patients for rooms in those institutions, almshouses, exceeds the supply. You think the State institutions should be completed first?

A. I do.

Q. And would the completion of the State institutions have affected the appropriations for these several institutions in the last five years, if you can give it to me off hand without hunting up data?

A. I do not think it would affect them very much, to some extent it might, probably a small amount, but if it was divided up equally it would have not been a great hardship. I think we could have built Allentown and completed Spring City without great hardship.

Q. Has the investigation of the Board been in the direction of determining whether or not these institutions are using the State economically; in other words, getting a dollar for a dollar?

A. We have been in regards to State institutions sometimes; we thought they were extravagant. I have often asked them whether they had to do this or that and asked for explanations. You know every institution has its own Board of Directors and they are managed independently, that is to say each institution buys for its own institution. It is a thing we have not gone into very carefully.

Q. You have not considered whether or not it would be better for the State of Pennsylvania to purchase the several supplies which these institutions use in large quantities and then disribute them among all on requisition according to their needs?

A. I should think it would be a good business policy, it looks that way. If we could buy 15 or 20 carloads of flour, instead of buying a few hundred barrels, you might get it a great deal cheaper.

Q. Has the Board made any investigation to ascertain as to the prices paid and made a comparison as to whether or not that could be done, or is that your personal opinion?

A. It is my personal opinion. We have not gone into the question of contracts.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. Has the State Board of Charities taken up the question as to whether a central board having supervision over all of these State institutions would be able to more economically run those institutions?

A. We have never taken that question up.

Q. Do you not think it is the duty of the State Board of Charities to recommend to the Governor and State Legislature such things as that?

A. I have never considered it in that way, Senator.

Q. I know, but this is an age of consolidation wherein one central office is used for the distribution of all the paraphernalia and matters of that kind in government?

A. It might be. Of course, we have discussed the thing among ourselves, but we have never made any recommendation.

Q. Is not that the condition of the State of Pennsylvania today, an accumulation of thoughts and ideas without any centralization?

A. Yes, it is. There is something in what you say.

Q. And there has been no attempt to remedy that by suggestion from the State Board of Charities; the Legislature is pretty sure to act upon suggestions from people in those positions, and they have failed to furnish those in the last five or six years in my knowledge, and now we are asking for those thoughts?

A. It is the first time in my knowledge that the Legislature has ever asked for their opinion.

Q. Would it not be the thouht of a man engaged in a work of that kind that he would be apt to give the bet ideas or thoughts without having to be called?

A. My idea and recommendation has never been seriously considered.

Q. Possibly because it was not very seriously made.

A. I beg your pardon. I think the recommendations we made at the last session of the Legislature was seriously made.

Q. The last vital suggestion made by yourself was the economical management of the whole proposition?

A. We have never had any time to discuss it; the bills we proposed were never heard.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Your supervisory board visits these institutions and reports whether or not the moneys which they request are sufficient amounts or proper amounts, and they are to approve or disapprove them?

A. Yes sir. We make our recommendations under the Act of 1869 to the Legislature. We are to report to the Legislature. As I told you, the basis of everything is these reports we get.

Q. Suppose the institution wants $50,000 for maintenance and $50,000 for buildings, and one or two thousand dollars for fire appliances and a sewer disposal plant and a half dozen other things, what does the Board do to ascertain whether those items are proper on which they could make a recommendation to the Legislature?

A. We discuss that with people who come before us; we interrogate them and then we send an agent, and members of the Board, if there is any question. go to the institution, or we have reports as to the necessity of these things before us, and then we recommend to the Legislature, not always what they ask for.

Q. No, I notice in the Markleton Free Hospital they asked for $30.000 maintenance and $5,000 for buildings, and the application was disapproved. Taking that for a concrete illustration, what was the cause of your disapproval of their application?

A. In that case we thought it was a tuberculosis institution, and as Dr. Dixon and the Department of Health have taken care of that class, we did not approve it. It afterwards turned out that it was a general hospital, and we recommended some $5,000.

Q. What do you do in cases of institutions reporting deficits; I notice a number of institutions report deficits; some are approved and some are disapproved; in other words, they have overrun the appropriations?

A. As a rule we do not make any recommendations for deficits. There may be one or two isolated cases.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. What effort do you make in cases of State institutions receiving their appropriations and having a deficiency at every session of the Legislature, to find out whether that deficit is a proper one?

A. Up to the last session there was always a deficiency bill. We never opposed those bills, because as a rule we thought they were proper. The insane hospitals particularly, they have been all right, because the population has been increasing right along In the private institutions you refer to?

Q. I refer to the State institutions?

A. Yes, the State institutions, we never have opposed any of those.

Q. Do you not think the Legislature should be informed as to what brought about the deficiency, and the calmulations of the authorities based on their reports? They come into the Legislature with $85,000 or $100,000 deficiency in a period of two years?

A. Well, if you remember for some years the maintenance of the insane hospitals have been about $2,000,000, and we increased that $500,000 and we found that was not sufficient. I went before the Committee, I think the Chairman of the Appropriation Committee will bear me out, and they increased it to $3,000,000.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. I notice in reading your report and considering the report of the Board that the per capita cost seems to vary in each institution. Have you endeavored to ascertain why that is?

A. In the larger hospitals greater population is probably the chief thing. In the country it varies in the different localities. I find in the mining regions those things are higher.

Q. Take, for instance, the Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind at Overbrook. I notice the cost of maintenance is $2.70 per capita, and at a similar institution for the blind at Pittsburg it is $3.50 per capita; they are both in cities?

A. Yes sir. I cannot explain that.

Q. I notice also in some of your recommendations you attach a condition recommending the appropriation, providing the institution itself raises so much. Why is that done for some and not for others; is there any general actuating motive or principle?

A. There is. In some cases we think they have not done as much for private charity as they ought. We know the locality; the community is rich enough to do something for that hospital and very often we put that proviso on.

Q. Then you do consider the element of private contribution in recommending the appropriation?

A. Yes, certainly we do, and where a hospital has done a great deal towards private charity we consider it.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. That pertains to hospitals largely?

A. I am considering private hospitals.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. Is it not a fact in nearly all cases they are very anxious to load the burden of taxation and burden of supporting hospitals on the State, and exonerate themselves thereby?

A. Yes, in many cases.

Q. You will find that pretty generally true?

A. Yes, sir.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. To what do you attribute that, purely self-preservation?

A. I think so.

Q. To let somebody else carry the load?

A. It is probably a human trait.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. You do not want us to infer that that is the general condition?

A. Oh, no.

Q. The manner in which you treated it might lead the people to believe that was a general condition?

A. Very often in some towns doctors may have a private hospital, and the doctors may have a disagreement and they go out and start another hospital.

Q. In other words, it is a disagreement amongst the medical fraternity?

A. Sometimes.

Q. Is it a gentleman's agreement?

A. A gentleman's agreement.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. In your opinion does that element figure very largely in the matters in this Commonwealth?

A. No, not exactly.

Q. As I understand you, they are isolated cases?

A. They are isolated cases.

Q. Is there anything else you want to say for the benefit of the Committee?

A. I will hand over some statements to you.

By Mr. Sproul:

Q. I would like to ask Mr. Wharton one question. Is it your opinion that the general result of this system as practiced in Pennsylvania has led to as good or better care of the worthy and deserving poor in the hospitals and institutions of the State, than in other States which do not make these appropriations?

A. In my slight experience in other States, I think our system is better.

Q. Do you not think they are better cared for in Pennsylvania than in other States?

A. I do.

Q. You think there are more facilities and more provisions for taking care of poor people, especially considering the large proportion of the population of this State which is engaged in what you call precarious occupations?

A. Yes, sir, I do, and I think it is less trouble to get a worthy man in an institution. There is less red-tape about it. I think there is more charity. I wanted to submit this, the amount of maintenance expended from June 1, 1907, to May 31, 1908. That is the maintenance entirely.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. Mr. Wharton, I think if you will get up a statement with the recommendations of the Board of Charities and give us their ideas and views, what they would suggest and recommend in that particular line of work, it will give us the information we are seeking and we will not have the trouble of hunting through memoranda and papers of that kind to get an outline of what we want.

A. I did not know exactly what you wanted.

Q. We think the Board of Charities should at least be able to give us some recommendations on which we would base our report?

A. We would be very glad, indeed, to do it. That is all I have to submit.

DR. CHARLES C. HARRISON, University of Pennsylvania, called.

Mr. McNichol: What do we understand the Doctor is going to speak about?

Mr. Brown: The thought is this, these gentlemen have been invited here to-day to consider the subject from the standpoint which I indicated in my brief opening, and I propose, with the approval of the Committee, to ask questions similar to those asked of Mr. Wharton, to get their views and their judgment. These men asked here to-day are representative citizens of this Commonwealth, and I think we are entitled to have the benefit of their best judgment and their experience.

Dr. Harrison: Have you any questions you desire to ask me?

Mr. Brown: Do you desire to say anything preliminary?

Dr. Harrison: No, sir, I would be very glad to answer any question, to save the time of the Committee.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Do you think the State of Pennsylvania should appropriate money for institutions not under her control? That is a very comprehensive question, now.

A. I think it ought to do so, under very wise discretion and knowledge of each case.

Q. Take, for instance, the one that is nearest to your heart, take the University of Pennsylvania. Do you think the State of Pennsylvania should appropriate money to various institutions, and if so, why?

A. Of course, there is a moral reason and a legal reason why the State of Pennsylvania should contribute to the support of the University of Pennsylvania. The very first Constitution of the State provided that one or more institutions of learning should be supported and maintained by the State of Pennsylvania. That was as early as '76 and the State of Pennsylvania. That was as early as '76 and State in the Union which has such a provision in its Constitution. Further than that, while the organic relation between the University and the State has not been so close that it is a State controlled institution, by the courtesy of the University the Governor of the Commonwealth has from the beginning been an ex-officio trustee of the University and we have been obliged to make our returns to every session of the Legislature of our needs, so that they might be supplied by the Legislature.

Q. Is it your thought, speaking from a constitutional standpoint, that that assistance which was originally given when our institutions were in their almost primeval conditions, certainly elementary conditions, should be continued now when the people are so prosperous?

A. I think that is a question which lawyers will have to answer. We are advised by the highest counsel of the State of Pennsylvania, as I recall, that the State of Pennsylvania is under legal obligations to the University of Pennsylvania.

could not as a layman answer that question. You can answer that question.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. Under legal obligations or moral obligations?

A. I think, Mr. McNichol, under legal obligations to the University of Pennsylvania. I believe the highest legal authority in the Commonwealth would say that the State of Pennsylvania is legally bound to maintain the University.

Q. Would it be possible to have that opinion filed with the Committee?

A. I think it would.

Q. We would like to have it.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Take the next reason, as to the utility of the institution and its part in promoting the welfare of our people as a reason for it, what is your thought on that?

A. Well, the answer which I would make to that question would be this: There are now at the University of Pennsylvania 5,033 students; of that number about 3,500 come from the State of Pennsylvania.

Q. Including Philadelphia?

A. From the State of Pennsylvania. Of the total number at the University, which is now 5,033 students, under 500 instructors—3,500 or precisely 3,495. I say in speaking round numbers—3,500 come from the State of Pennsylvania. I cannot say that this year every county in the State of Pennsylvania, every one of the 67 counties is represented in the University, but last year all but one county in Pennsylvania was represented at the University. I infer that this year every county has been represented, because there is a very large increase in ratios.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. Are there any free scholarships granted by the University?

A. Dr. Smith, who is here, has a list of the scholarships; he has that in detail and will leave that with the Committee; he has full information upon that point. I would like to say this briefly, taking as little time as possible, that I think it is well understood, of course, without my trying to explain it, that almost every interest, every human interest in which this Commonwealth is concerned, has its origin in the work which is done at the University of Pennsylvania, and that the 5,000 young men who are working there do represent all the interests in life which the Commonwealth enjoys. That is, you may take the scientific work they are doing, or the chemistry, or the engineering, or the work they are doing in their preparation to become teachers, and there are great numbers of those, or the work they are doing in preparation for admission as members of theb ar or medicine. That is, you can hardly conceive of any one of the activities of the Commonwealth whose origin has not been at the University of Pennsylvania.

Q. Assuming that there is not sufficient revenue to properly provide according to the requests of these several institutions, and there is admitted that there should be additional State institutions or the finishing of present State institutions, which do you think should be preferred; have you given that subject any thought, any serious thought, I mean, for the purpose of public expression? If you have not, I cannot expect you to answer it.

A. I have not given the subject thought. Of course, naturally, the State would, in my judgment, be called upon to complete the institutions which it has under its own control and which it had understaken to erect and maintain. There is another question involved in that, of course.

Q. Those of the insane, indigent, the weak minded, and similar institutions?

A. It seems to me in any case where the dependent classes of the Commonwealth are involved, that they should have a prior claim upon the Commonwealth.

Q. Have the State appropriations, from your experience tended to diminish private contributions?

A. Well, I would rather speak conservatively of the University of Pennsylvania.

Q. I will not say private contributions, but I would say the contributions which you have been able to get?

A. I have a statement during the past thirteen years of the relation of the State aid and private gifts to the University of Pennsylvania.

Q. How does that compare generally?

A. During the last thirteen years, that is, from 1894 and 1895 to 1907 and 1908—I have not taken the last legislative grant which has been just coming in—the State of Pennsylvania contributed towards the educational work of the University of Pennsylvania. I mean outside of its hospital work, and when I say educational work I include also the veterinary department, which is almost a State institution and should be so considered, the total of $693,000 in round numbers. The total of gifts and bequests at the same time for educational purposes was about $6,500,000, so that the relation of the State aid educationally to the University of Pennsylvania and the relation of private gift has been about ten per cent., but this entirely excludes any computation of the income from investments or the income from tuition fees.

Q. Those are direct contributions?

A. Those are, absolutely, made current by the University.

Q. You have mentioned about the money which has come in. We have received a number of letters complaining about the time of the year when the State appropriations are available?

A. We have no complaint to make about that at all. I have the hospital figures also.

Q. To what uses are the State moneys put by your institution; haae you any special account?

A. They are applied precisely for the purposes for which application was made. That is, during the last session of the Legislature a grant was made of $130,000, for two years, for the current expenses of the University, including equipment. We have not drawn upon that fund yet; it will be drawn upon and applied for the purposes for which it was made. Another grant was made for the veterinary department, which will be applied to that department.

Q. What do you include in current expenses?

A. Anything excepting the building account.

Q. The maintenance?

A. The maintenance of the University, what we call the general maintenance of the University.

Q. Is there any limitation upon the access that charity patients have to your institution?

A. There is none, Prof. Smith, who is in charge of that, is prepared to answer you any question on that point, and he can answer any question in relation to internal management better than I can.

Q. Have you given any thought to the question of whether or not it would be better for the State of Pennsylvania to purchase the supplies which these institutions use and then distribute them on requisition; take, for instance, flour, sugar, salt and staple articles?

A. Those are bought under the direction of the hospital, and Mr. McFadden can answer that question better than I can.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. What is your appropriation for 1909 and 1910?

A. The last session of the Legislature made an appropriation of $480,000, and that was divided in three departments; $150,000 given for educational purposes, of which $20,000 was for the library of the University, and $130,000 for maintenance, that was $150,000, and $130,000 was given to the veterinary department, making $280,000, and $200,000 to the University Hospital, making $480,000.

Q. What was your appropriation for 150 years up to within ten years ago?

A. Well, until about 15 years ago we received very little.

Q. About $30,000, was it not?

A. No, more than that. In 1838 the Legislature of Pennsylvania made a grant for five years of a thousand dollars a year to the University, but it only paid $500 of its last payment, so that as a matter of fact we received $4,500 for the $5,000 which was granted. I would like, Mr. Chairman, to put you in mind of this fact, that these gifts which I have stated here, which, added to the hospital gifts, make nearly $8,000,000 in the last fifteen years, are really gifts to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and just in so far are additions to the Treasury of Pennsylvania, because none in the audience or community will say that if the University of Pennsylvania did not exist the State of Pennsylvania would not itself maintain the University, just as all the States to the west of us do. That would certainly cost the State during every legislative period $2,500,000, so, looking at this question of the contributions to the University of Pennsylvania, which has this relation organic to the State, I think it ought to be upon the minds of every one in this audience and the Committee that they are gifts to the Treasury of the Commonwealth.

By Mr. Sproul:

Q. Have you any information with you which will show how the donations which are given by the State to the University of Pennsylvania compare with the appropriations made by other States to their principal educational institution?

A. Mr. Sproul, compared with the State to the west of us particularly—and that is one of the great dangers which the University of Pennsylvania is encountering at this time, that is, while the University is entirely out of debt, and we do not owe a dollar, we need millions of dollars to do things which we are not able to do because we have not the money and the State has not given us the money. More money has been raised by private gift to the University of Pennsylvania in the last fifteen years than has been raised for any single public purpose within the State of Pennsylvania since the landing of William Penn. That is the record which the University wishes to present to you to-day. But the States to the west of us, beginning with Ohio, are giving a million of dollars where the State of Pennsylvania gives this University $100,000. The appropriations of the State of Illinois are two and one-half millions of dollars for educational purposes, where we get $150,000.

Q. The University of Illinois?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. They have a number of colleges in Illinois?

A. Yes, sir.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Assuming all these millions are needed, and the State of Pennsylvania cannot under her present taxing system collect them, have you folks given any thought to any method by which the State can raise these additional sums? Do you think there should be a more stringent application of the law of taxation of personal property?

A. I think that is a very fair question. I think it is a question which the economsts ought to meet.

Q. The question is now, if these moneys are all needed, how are we to get them; are we to enforce more stringently our laws for the collection of personal property tax, tax manufacturing companies, are we to go out and tax as they are doing in England, everything that is in sight and more? We would like to get the thought of your department, of your University, on that subject.

A. If you would like our views, we will submit them to you.

Q. I speak upon the subject of the tax on personal property as one directly interested on the subject. Is there anything else you desire to say?

A. Not unless you have a question to ask me.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. You made a statement a moment ago that the State of Pennsylvania contributed $100,000 towards the University of Pennsylvania, and that as compared to other Commonwealths west of us, it is quite a small amount?

A. Yes.

Q. Do those same Commonwealths contribute anything towards private charity?

A. I am not able to answer that question. I do not believe that there are as many charitable gifts by the Legislature as

there are in the State of Pennsylvania, but I am pretty well occupied and I have not had very much time to go outside of my work.

Q. Does the State of Ohio have a University maintained entirely by the State?

A. I think, practically. I heard that question asked at a meeting in New York a few months ago, and the President of the University stated that it was supported by the State entirely.

Q. It is not as large as yours?

A. Not as large as ours, but growing very rapidly; but the total of private gifts to the University since its inception had not exceeded $100,000.

Q. Practically a State institution, pure and simple?

A. Absolutely, yes, sir.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. Would it be well, from a financial standpoint of view, to consolidate the educational features of the Commonwealth by centralizing our appropriations in one State instituton, rather than handing it out to State colleges and places of that kind; in other words, you could handle all of the business that would be necessary if the Legislature deemed it wise to make an appropriation covering all that you need or anybody claimed you performed, which the State college is practically undertaking to divide from its infancy, practically a young institution?

A. Of course; the State College is the agricultural and grain college of the State, but I would rather speak for the University.

Q. We are now getting down to what would be the best method of carrying these things out at the least possible cost?

A. There are undoubtedly too many institutions in the State of Pennsylvania; very many too many.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Coming down to our own home, what is your thought about consolidating any institutions here in Philadelphia? Could they be consolidated and not use their usefulness?

A. I think there could be consolidation to a certain extent, which would be most economical and very fruitful in results in every way. I do not think you want to lose sight of the fact that there ought to be a certain amount of competition.

Q. Do you or do you not think that the medical men, for instance, and those who are especially interested in these institutions, should get together and see if they cannot devise some way or make some suggestions as to a more economical use of the State money appropriated to those institutions?

A. I believe there could be a saving of money, and an increase in efficiency, in standard, too, but at the same time I think there ought to be more than one institution, because, if there is only one institution, that institution may not keep up to the highest state of efficiency all the time.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. It would be a harder problem to consolidate all the medical institutions under one head, don't you think?

A. I heard of that question, the suggestion that it would be beneficial to make a consolidation, in the minds of certain men, and steps might be taken towards that end. I think the question might arise as to how the Legislature would regard a question of that kind.

By Mr. Sproul:

Q. It would be hard to reconcile the doctors, too, would it not?

A. Of course, many institutions exist not for the sake of the community, but for the sake of the physicians. That is perfectly true, as we all know.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Is there any way of obviating that question or ameliorating it; have you given any thought as to how it could be lessened?

Mr. McNichol: I do not think that is a fair question.

Dr. Harrison: I want to speak for the University, and I do not wish to speak concerning any institution.

Q. Is there anything more you wish to say, Doctor?

A. Not unless I am asked a question. We have nothing else to offer unless we are asked. If I have satisfactorily answered the questions which the Committee has asked me, the University will rest its case now.

DOCTOR SMITH, University of Pennsylvania, called.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. For what purposes are the moneys of the State used by the University of Pennsylvania?

A. The largest sums have been given to its hospital.

A. And how is it used, for what purposes?

A. I think I shall have to refer that question to Mr. McFadden.

Q. Hape you any special thought of your own which you wish to express here on this subject?

A. You asked Provost Harrison a question in regard to what the University was doing in the way of free scholarships, and as I happen to know something about that gift of the University to the State, I handed to him this morning, and he has asked me to present it to you. It is briefly this: That this year there are in the University of Pennsylvania 307 students whose tuition is remitted. There are to-day 91 students holding senatorial scholarships. There are 13 holding gubernatorial scholarships, making a total of 104 students under those lists. The University has given, in addition, 49 scholarships to the high schools of this State, to the High Schools at Harrisburg, Altoona, Johnstown, and three schools in Pittsburg, Scranton, Erie, Wilkes-Barre and so on. Then there are a number of scholarships, or a number of students, who have free tuition because of a needy students' aid fund, which is provided for by the University. I think when you come to consider the appropriations of the State to the University, you should not lose sight of what the University is giving to the boys of this State in the way of free tuition. Multiply 307 by 150 and you know exactly what we are giving this year in the way of free tuition. Of course $150 is the lowest tuition fee, $200 being the fee in the schools of engineering, in the medical school and other departments; law is $150, I think.

Q. Has the University kept any record of what becomes of all these boys after they leave; do they stay in Pennsylvania and does the State of Pennsylvania receive the benefit of their education, or do they go elsewhere and go to the whole country.

A. The whole country benefits by it.

Q. Can you give us any idea of what percentage of them will stay in Pennsylvania?

A. I cannot off-hand, but I could furnish you this information.

By Mr. Sproul:

Q. There are Pennsylvania boys who receive the education?

A. Yes.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. Before you leave the Legislature and this Committee wants to know your views as to the economical question in regard to the appropriation being distributed throughout the State to several institutions and the present subject—concentration of its appropriations to one main institution; have you any views on that subject as to the benefit that would be derived by the whole State?

A. I do not think I am prepared to speak on that. I would rather speak for the University.

Q. It is simply because you do not want to interfere with the other institutions?

A. No; I am not sufficiently well acquainted with what they are doing.

Q. We will come back to this proposition. The University of Pennsylvania does not have different branches of her institution separated into different parts of the City of Philadelphia or throughout the State of Pennsylvania?

A. No.

Q. Will you tell us why?

A. Well, we think that the dental department, for example, prospers better when it is under the wing of an educational department such as the college; that independent institutions in veterinary medicine and in medicine have all found it to their advantage to come in contact with the collegiate department. They are all seeking that help, and the independent institution is slowly disappearing.

Q. And all those branches of the University feel it beneficial to come under the wing of the main body?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. And that applied to the State of Pennsylvania would be beneficial?

A. I would say so, yes sir.

MR. McFADDEN, University of Pennsylvania, called.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Can you tell us how the appropriation of the State to the University is expended?

A. If it is given for maintenance it is expended for maintenance, an if it is given for building it is expended for building.

Q. What does maintenance include?

A. It includes everything except buildings and repairs.

Q. The purchase of supplies.

A. The purchase of supplies.

Q. In your opinion, would it be more economical for the supplies to be furnished by the State and distributed among the several institutions on requisition?

A. I do not think so.

Q. You think you can buy as closely in the quantities in which you buy as a State officer could in larger quantities?

A. I do not know that we buy any cheaper, but we can use the goods more beneficially. Under our system we have a contract every three months, make a new contract every three months, except those things like green goods in the market, and we take each day the supply to the hospital. Our refrigerator only holds enough for one day's use and there is no extravagance and the thing is empty at night.

Q. Do you hold the same opinion the Provost has expressed, that the University is needing not only what she has received, but should receive millions more?

A. Yes. sir, certainly.

Q. That is your thought?

A. Certainly.

Q. Assuming that this State cannot pay these millions or appropriate these millions on present revenues, is it your thought that other measures should be adopted for the collection of more revenue?

A. I have not given that sufficient thought. I think the State is entitled to take care of its hospitals and take care of the citizens of the State.

Q. You consider that a pressing claim and a moral obligation on the State to do it?

A. I think the State has taught the citizens of Pennsylvania to expect that assistance.

Q. You consider it a high moral obligation on the part of the Commonwealth to do that for the people?

A. Absolutely. As long as they taught the child, the child must be maintained.

Q. Have you given any thought as to a more stringent enforcement of the collection of personal taxes?

A. No, I have not.

Q. Or the taxing of the subjects for the purpose of raising revenue?

Mr. Potter: I would like to say, Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Committee, Mr. Counsel and Ladies and Gentlemen, just a few words in a general way about all hospital work in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. I have had some experience in other States, notably in Missouri, where I have a married daughter living, and I know that the system of Pennsylvania of taking care of her sick and poor is being seriously thought of being followed in other States, and I think in a general way that there is an evolution going on all over the world, or what might be called a trend towards socialism. All we have got to do is to look at the old age pension law in England and the budget discussions there to-day to know that this is the time when those that have money are going to be compelled to look after those that have not, and I believe myself that the present conditions

existing in Philadelphia, in Pennsylvania, of supporting the University of Pennsylvania, while there may be some reforms instituted, I believe in a general way it is the system that is more apt to be followed by other States, and I would extremely regret seeing this State go away from it. But what I am here for to-day is not to speak for the general hospital work; that I have no doubt will be amply and ably agitated by the different representatives here. What I would like to say is upon a subject which has not yet been discussed, and that is the question of medical education in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and if it is your desire I will either answer questions on that line or proceed. I believe medical education in Pennsylvania to-day can only be supported in one of two ways. It is a well-known fact, gentlemen of the Committee that Pennsylvania has been a medical center since Revolutionary days. Our prestige to-day is being seriously threatened, and threatened in the direction of New York, of Chicago, of Baltimore and of Boston, and it is due to this fact, that the cost of medical education has become so tremenduously expensive that it has appealed to the multi-millionaires of this country who have given millions of dollars to those cities for medical education, and Pennsylvania has got to be kept in the running or our young men are going to leave Pennsylvania where they have been getting their medical education, and going to those cities who offer special facilities it is utterly impossible for us to offer, and I want to say I am not speaking for my own institution. I am speaking for every medical teaching institution in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and I particularly include the University, the Hahnemann, the Medico-Chirurgical, the Western Women's, and the institution over which I have the honor to preside. This has got to be solved in one or two ways. The fees from the students are not sufficient. Medical education has increased tremenduously in cost, because it is absolutely vital in the education of students that they shall have hospital experience. The greatest living authority to-day is Dr. Osler. Dr. Osler says the student of medicine should be thrown into the hospital during his junior and senior years. Therefore they cannot get that hospital practice unless we have the facilities, and I am happy to say that as a result of the increased interest in taking care of the hospitals of the State—I say without contradiction that the sick and the poor can get better hospital treatment in the State of Pennsylvania than in any other Commonwealth in the United States. Now, it is absolutely necessary for this hospital practice for the medical students. We will either have to go to the multi-millionaires and ask them to give us their millions of dollars to keep us in proper competition with our rival cities, or the State will have to help us out. I have never gone before any Legislature in the position of a suppliant or asking for alms, I have always gone in the feeling of mutual agreement, that it was just as much to the interest of the State to help us, as it was for us to ask the State to help us in the matter of medical education. I do not know of any way of helping my fellow men better than in taking the young men of the country and educating them to go out and administer to sick and suffering, and at the same time in getting that education by administering to the sick and suffering in the hospitals of this great Commonwealth, in this great City.

By Mr. Brown.

Q. What is the average number of your students who stay in the several counties of this Commonwealth?

A. The great bulk of the mare from Pennsylvania, but of course our students are from every State in the United States also, and we have them from different parts of the world. Pennsylvania is celebrated all over the world as a medical center.

Q. Your thought is that while the money is directly appropriated to Jefferson, for instance, several counties are benefited because of the location in their midst of men specially skilled by reason of their instruction here?

A. Not only that, Mr. Brown, but also you will find all over this State that in complicated cases where the family physician is doubtful, they will send them down to the City or they will ask the City doctor to go there in consultation, but those cases will be sent to the hospitals here.

Q. Has there been any special improvement in the medical profession throughout the State, say within the last fifteen or twenty years, which you could in any way attribute to the benefits received from State appropriations?

A. There is no question about it. There is no profession that has increased proportionately more than the medical and surgical profession has.

Q. You think part of this might be properly attributed to the appropriation from the State, the additional help given?

A. I know it. I know in this great new hospital there is to be a tablet placed in the very center of it to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, to the Legislature of Pennsylvania, who made possible this new hospital. I know it is almost directly to the State aid of these institutions that they are in the splendid condition they are in to-day.

Q. What is your thought, assuming that the State of Pennsylvania is to-day not able to pay these large sums to these institutions, or larger sums, what is your thought as to the levying of additional taxes, or enforcing the present laws more stringently, the collection of personal property and other taxes; I am asking you as a business man?

A. I did not come here prepared to answer any questions of that character, but I should say one of the laws that ought absolutely to be insisted upon is the collection of the tax on personal property. I agree with Benjamin Harrison, who said that the meanest citizen and most unpatriotic was the man who did not pay his personal property tax, as he was the man that had means enough set aside to invest outside of his regular business, and I think those taxes ought to be collected, if they are not. I only infer from what you said that possibly they are not collected.

Q. Assuming that they are not, do you think the demand or requirements of your and similar institutions justifies the strict enforcement of those laws relating to them?

A. I do.

Q. That is your thought as a business man. How is the State money spent in your institution?

A. We have never received any moneys except for maintenance, and in the earlier part of these proceedings I remember the Chairman asked the question as to whether $231,000 was all the money that had been received by Jefferson. Not at all. That is all the money that has been received for the support and maintenance of the hospital. That does not include any donations for construction or for buildings or anything like that.

Q. Have you given any thought as to whether or not the supplies common to these several institutions could not be more economically bought by one person and distributed among them, like the Pennsylvania Railroad, for instance, has a purchasing department which purchases supplies for all its stations; would not such a scheme as that be practicable?

A. I do not know that I am prepared to answer that for this reason, that in the special institution that I am connected with, a teaching hospital, doctors have such a variety of desires in their purchases and the different minutiae that enters into the purchases of a teaching hospital that it would not be practicable to have it bought by somebody who is not an expert, and while it might be a good thing for general hospitals, I do not know that it would be a good thing for teaching hospitals, unless some arrangement might be made for purchasing.

Q. Has the appropriation of State moneys tended to lessen the interest of the institutions towards obtaining private subscriptions?

A. I do not think I can answer that. I know there has been a great deal of money raised by personal donations, I do not think that could ever be thoroughly answered unless the State aid ceased and we were up against it and had to do it. It would take princely donations to do it.

Q. Do you think those interested in the institution make the same effort to obtain gifts that they would otherwise have made if they had not the State aid?

A. I can say this, so far as the people interested in the institution are concerned, they give just as liberally now, receiving the State aid, as they would if they did not—as if the State did not give a dollar.

Q. How about the free beds in your institution?

A. It is almost absurd. Almost every bed in this place is free. The percentage of free beds has increased tremendously, so that the only charge we ever make there for anybody that can afford to pay is forty cents, or a dollar a day, but if they cannot it is free anyhow. I know we have often gone to the extent of having committees getting up little entertainments, all the time trying to get money. Even with the liberal State aid we are getting, we cannot make both ends meet.

Q. Do you not think it is probable that the authorities in the institutions are lax in making collections, due to the charity laws or State aid received?

A. It has not been our experience.

Q. Is it not probable that patients who might be able to pay, but have not paid and have been discharged, that the hospital might have said, "We will just charge that up to charity cases?"

A. There might be something in that. I believe it is better to have a hospital abused in that respect, than not to be in a position to treat the poor when they come in, and I do not think there is anything like the abuse that is generally supposed, because there is pretty thorough supervision anyhow.

Q. Supposing the State has not sufficient revenue to construct her State institutions and at the same time give as she is giving to private institutions, which do you think should have the precedence?

A. The first thing you ought to look after your insane, but I think the very next pressing thing is to look after the sick poor.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. Has your hospital a heavy endowment fund?

A. Not as heavy as we would like to have it, but we have got pretty close to $400,000 in our endowment fund.

Q. You have had that for some years?

A. Yes, and adding to it constantly. I do not believe there is a single institution going before the Legislature for State aid that would not feel better if they did not have to do it, but we see it is a necessity.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Do you think the State of Pennsylvania exercises a proper supervision over your institution to see that the money is properly expended?

A. I think our friend Wharton is very zealous.

Q. I asked this for the purpose of drawing you out, not that I have any opinion or belief on it.

A. We live in the glare of publicity all the time, so far as that is concerned.

By Mr. Brown:

CHARLES D. BARNEY, called.

Q. Do you desire to make any preliminary remarks before I ask you a few questions?

Mr. Barney: Nothing except that I would like to say Mr. Potter stole most of my ideas, but I do wish to lay emphasis on one idea he expressed, so far as the State of Pennsylvania giving money to the indigent poor is concerned, I do not think they ought to take the back track on that, because the other States do not do it as we have done, and we will be a lesson to the rest of the United States and perhaps the world. Let us keep on in the good work and they will come into line finally, because there is no question about the wisdom and Godliness of it.

Q. Assuming that we ought to keep on, of course that means additional expense, because the population is constantly increasing, what do you think about advisability or the justice of the State levying additional revenues for this purpose?

A. I think they will have to do it. I think we have got very wise men at Harrisburg who can easily take care of that.

I say so far as the taxes are concerned there will be no trouble about that, the wiseacres at Harrisburg can easily handle that. They are there for that purpose and can easily do it.

Q. Take the personal property tax, do you think this additional money should be raised by a more stringent enforcement of that law?

A. I do. I would raise the money in any way, and have an income tax if necessary.

Q. Then you think the end would almost justify any means?

A. I do by all means.

By Mr. Sproul:

Q. Do you think a tax on stock transactions would be——

A. I used to be in the stock business, I do not know much about it now. Yes, I would tax stocks.

Q. Is the New York tax a hardship?

A. It is considered so by them over there, but they hate to give up. I do not think it would be for us, we are more liberal.

Q. It would not be so hard?

A. No, I think you could levy a tax on that.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. You stand on a very broad platform on the subject of revenue?

A. I was brought up in this school, never mind what the taxes are; spend the money; the more money you spend, the more you will have to spend.

Q. Have you given any thought to the question of the consolidation of these institutions at all, whether or not they could be consolidated without lessening their usefulness?

A. I do not see why we ought to consolidate.

Q. You could consolidate, but the others would not?

A. The others can very easily, I am told. I believe in consolidation. I think the doctors should consolidate.

Q. You believe that in union there is strength?

A. I do, indeed.

By Mr. Sproul:

Q. The doctors and preachers would oppose it?

A. Well, they are amenable to reason.

Q. The lawyers are not?

A. Well, lawyers can be handled when we get them on the operating bench or table.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. That is about the only place you can handle them?

A. Well——

By Mr. Brown:

Q. What do you think about the purchase of supplies; do you think that it could be done more economically by a central bureau?

A. My present view is that it could not.

Q. It could not?

A. No. I think if you have a State purchasing agency you would have an awful howl, and the whole thing would mean graft.

Q. You speak of graft. Would there be any more danger of that from one man, than there would be with all these 147 institutions; do you not think there would be more opportunity for grafting among 147 than there would be with one?

A. I do not say that there would be graft. There would be more accusations of graft. The institutions who did not know anything about it would be up in the air. As to the other question about there being graft in our institutions, I cannot conceive of that going on to any great extent, because in all our institutions we have some of the best men in the community on the board and they are able to take care of affairs, and they certainly know a good thing when they see it, and if they have a steward or purchasing agent making a lot of money, it don't take a long time time to find it out.

Q. My thought was perhaps the various supplies could be purchased more cheaply by one man than by having 156 different institutions doing it?

A. I do not think so. You have had one expression to this effect that estimates are given out or bids received for the supply of staple articles and all that sort of thing in such quantities as they can use. If you buy a larger quantity and it goes to waste or is destroyed, there is no economy in that. I think the thing is all right. There is a movement on foot in New York now for the hospitals to consolidate as a purchasing agency among themselves for the supply, for instance, of gauzes and things like that that do not spoil. I just learned about it yesterday, and we have been discussing that a great deal and are going to take it up and find out what is in it. If they are going to make anything by the arrangement we are going to be in it over here, all the hospitals.

Q. Like the Pennsylvania Railroad?

A. You say the Pennsylvania purchasing agent. He does not buy for the Reading or for any other railroad. He buys for that railroad. We thought of joining together and exchanging views and buying a whole lot of flour to distribute around among ourselves, we know what this one pays for flour or another one pays for flour or sugar, but there is competition in the sales among the sellers that will fix all that. There would not be anything saved by buying a great deal, I do not think.

Q. Assuming there is not enough money for the State institutions and these private institutions, what is your idea as to who should receive the precedence?

A. The State institutions, by all means.

MR. HENRY F. WALTON, President Medico-Chi. Hospital, called.

Mr. Walton: Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen: I cannot too strongly endorse what Colonel Potter has said with regard to the charitable side of the teaching institutions of the city. I, as President of the Medico-Chirurgical Institution for the past two years, have had an opportunity to know the good side of the charity dispensed by the State of Pennsylvania. Everyone knows the interest that I take in the disposal of the State's money to the various charitable institutions of the State. I want to say that I consider the worthy sick poor are as much entitled to the charity of the State as I do the indigent or poor insane.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. Do you consider that the worthy sick poor receive the consideration from the hospitals such as you are referring to, as well as they do from the municipal institutions?

A. County almshouses—outside of the large cities—I do not consider they do, no, sir. I do not consider that the county poorhouses in the State of Pennsylvania outside of the large cities extend the proper treatment, surgical treatment, and the proper medical care that is given and administered by such hospitals as we have in Philadelphia and as can be found in other counties.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Why is that?

A. Simply because they do not have the facilities.

Q. Suppose the State of Pennsylvania were to establish a central or easily accessible hospital with local dispensaries in every county throughout the State?

A. Now you are talking. I have thought about that subject.

Q. What effect would that produce?

A. That is a very serious subject for thought and consideration.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. Suppose the State of Pennsylvania came to the County of Philadelphia for financial support?

A. They do come, sir. I should like to think about that subject a little more. I want to say this, it has always been my thought that where the counties throughout the State have sent their patients to Philadelphia institutions, like our teaching institutions especially, for treatment, that the money appropriated to those counties for the maintenance of their patients should be handed over to these institutions here in Philadelphia. I mean by that that to-day perhaps not every county is represented in a bed in the Medico-Chi, and in the Jefferson and in the University Hospitals, but nearly all of them all the time are represented there. The peculiar and severe cases which are sent to us from the various counties throughout the State, and which we always accept, the majority of them are too poor to pay us anything, and where they are maintained in our institution out of the appropriation given to us by the Legislature, plus the private charity, and the county that sends the patient there is free from his expense, we should get the money that is appropriated to the county.

By Mr. Sproul:

Q. They are maintained under a State appropriation?

A. Yes, they are entitled to the ratio we are entitled to per capita, except that we, as a teaching institution here, have a greater burden to bear than the other institutions which do not have the educational opportunities attached to them.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Why should not the counties be required to have a hospital and then receive aid from the State?

A. I will say it is a question whether it is not less expensive to have them sent here. For instance, I will illustrate: A man in the Pennsylvania Steel Works, at Steelton, is injured by an explosion and he is taken to one of the hospitals; say, for instance, at Harrisburg; the Harrisburg Hospital thinks the oculist at the Medico-Chirurgical can do that man some good. The man works for a dollar a day and he has a big family of children. He goes to the 'phone and telephones us and we tell him to send him down. He notifies our hospital that he will send him down on the next train. Our ambulance is at the station to meet him and we take him in and take care of him and give him treatment. Still the county that gets an appropriation from the State is not charged with the man's maintenance, it comes off of us. Now, I only do this to illustrate the terrible expense which is attached to the running of our institution as compared with the other smaller institutions. We are supposed to administer our charity in Philadelphia. Well, we do not do anything of the kind. We do not go out of the State, it is true. I was asked this morning to take a man in from New Jersey, a very serious case. I told them I did not see how we could afford to do it. These are questions which ought to be considered, and I am in favor of the most strict observations by the State or control of the State over its institutions, so far as the expenditure of the State money is concerned, whether by the State Board of Charity or by the establishment of a bureau at Harrisburg, or whatever it may be. I agree with what has been said here to-day, and my report on my investigation of the insane institutions of the State will show you that there are not two of them that are maintained and have the same cost per capita of maintenance; there are no two of them that keep the same set of books; there are no two of them that pay the same money for clothing or supplies. They are all run upon a different basis, and I think that the State cannot be too strict in the control of the expenditure of this money. I would be very glad for the State to come into our institution and if there is any grafting going on over there I want to know it, and I think I would know it. We maintain to-day at the Medico-Chirurgical Hospital one of the lowest costs per capita for the maintenance of patients of any institution in the country, and I want to say to you, Mr. Brown, that if you will travel over the United States and visit the hospitals and insane asylums and public institutions as I have done, you will be very proud to find that there is not a single one of them that I have ever visited that I did not find the graduates in medicine coming from one of the four or five colleges in Philadelphia. In fact, in some of them all their doctors are from Philadelphia institutions. I say to you very frankly, that I, as President of the Medico-Chirurgical Board, intend at the next session of the Legislature to ask for an appropriation toward the educational side of our institution. As Col. Potter has told you, I know of no institution whose student body, the income from which maintains it, in the country to-day, and we cannot subject ourselves and the position we occupy as connected with that institution in worrying almost every day and trying to get somebody to

contribute some money to help us keep it in a proper condition and pay our expenses.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Have you made any investigation in other States as to how they do this?

A. Yes, and I want to say the system in Pennsylvania is admired by every State in the Union. I do not know of a single State that does not administer charity in this way, except where they give as a reason that they are too poor to do it. You make better citizens; you raise the standard of our people by administering this charity through the State to your people. The State of Pennsylvania is a rich State, and you gentlemen, members of the Legislature, will have no trouble to raise increased revenues if you want to do it, in my judgment. I should think a good while before I would vote for a bill to tax the manufacturing companies in the State of Pennsylvania, the manufacturing concerns, and I might say if you will turn back to the files of the session of 1905 you will find a bill there that I helped to prepare putting four mills tax on coal, which will greatly increase the revenues of the State. Let some of our natural resources help to pay this increased revenue and give increased privileges to our people. I did not come here to express any certain opinion upon this subject, but by reason of my official association with gentlemen who are my colleagues, by reason of my public service at Harrisburg, I must confess I have formulated some opinions on some of these questions. I should be very glad to have you come over and visit our institution, and any suggestions you might make would be gladly received, but I should hate to see the time come when Pennsylvania should suddenly withdraw her support from the maintenance of these great charities.

Q. Should the State institutions in course of construction wait while these appropriations are made?

A. Not at all, sir, it is not necessary. State institutions are well cared for. I believe a greater improvement has been made in the building, in the course of treatment, maintenance, and in everything connected with her State institutions during the past three years, than has been made in any ten previous years. I know what I talk about.

Q. Do you think it is wise to have them—take, for instance, the Allentown Insane Asylum, started in 1901—wait while other institutions receive appropriations, the reason being given that there is not enough money to go around, or should that institution have been completed long since, say within the first two years?

A. I do not think it is a good reason.

Q. You think that should have been finished first?

A. I think, in the first place, if that institution had been so constructed that when it was half finished it could have been used, and then when the other quarter is put on that could have been used, and so on until it was completed, it would have probably been the better way to have constructed it, but in view of its peculiar construction and these plans having been adopted years ago, I do not see that the State could have done anything else except what she has done in that regard. I am Chairman of the Commission and Senator Sproul is the Treasurer of the Commission for the construction and erection of the criminal insane institution at Fairview, 27 miles north of Scranton. I am also a member of the Board of Commission for the construction of the Home for Feeble Minded and Apoplectic at Spring City. After the work had proceeded on that institution for two and one-half years I prepared an Act of the Legislature, a proposed Act which was passed, which put the State in possession of that institution. The Commission is still in existence. The Board of Trustees was appointed by Governor Stuart soon after his inauguration, and that institution, which is over half completed has been occupied and is occupied to-day and contains 500 feeble minded and apoplectic children of the State. It will not be completed for perhaps two or two and a half years. That was at my suggestion. There was some little complication there, but it was easily overcome. Both Boards are now in control and are working in harmony, and I think the institution will reflect great credit and honor on the State.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. Don't you think, Mr. Walton, that in these enlightened days it is almost criminal that an operation of that kind should take almost ten years to complete it?

A. Yes, undoubtedly it is, but appropriations have come in so slowly and the plans of the institution were such that no part of the building could be used until it was completed.

Q. Are there any operations which would take two years to complete, which involve the expenditure of a million dollars? I think it is a shame that there should be such a delay in completing a structure so badly needed by the State.

A. If you will pardon me, you know how things were done before you and I went to Harrisburg.

Q. No, I do not. That is what I am trying to find out, how they were done.

A. So far as this consolidation of these smaller hospitals is concerned, I think it would be wise——

Q. Before we get to consolidation, let us get to the main proposition. Do you think, as an experienced legislator, that a commission to point out the site and for the erection of these hospitals and things of that kind is the proper method to solve construction?

A. If you will read——

Q. You have got the law with you, but I am asking your experiences of six or eight years?

A. No. I recommended on my report in the criminal insane matters the creation of a department at Harrisburg to supervise all bureaus and boards of charities.

Q. Appointed by the Governor?

A. If you will read my report you will find the Act I drafted in that report. There were five Acts drafted during the Session of 1907; four of them were passed and one was not. I do not think that Act came out of Committee.

Q. Do you not think that the department for construction of public buildings, appointed by the Governor, with the same facilities and powers as the Secretary of State and things of that kind would be the proper and business-like method to do it?

A. I think a great deal of improvement can be made on the present method.

Q. If we had our institutions under course of construction all completed, that would practically take care of all the wants and necessities from the standpoint of the different counties concerning these different institutions, and they would be under the administration of the State?

A. Yes, sir. I want to say in regard to these smaller hospitals, I think if some arrangement could be made by which they would be willing to amalgamate with the larger institutions, and especially the teaching institutions, that they could be handled and the same number of beds maintained at a much cheaper cost per capita.

Q. We would be pleased if you would give us some suggestions as to what would be a proper restriction to be placed upon ambitious doctors who desire to have hospitals under their care?

A. I think you ought to have a law on the statute books; I think the Legislature should pass a law which shall provide that no hospital shall be organized in the future and receive State aid, except under certain conditions. Now, what those conditions should be I am not prepared to say, but I mean to say that you should put upon the books a law which will be a notice to the medical fraternity, or to any other element, which for financial reasons might want to start an institution, that certain things must be complied with before State aid can be given, and I think in that way you would prevent the formation and the organization of these institutions, a good many of which are simply brought together for the gratification of a few professional men.

By Mr. Sproul:

Q. Would you vest that authority in a board?

A. I would rather talk with you on the side about that. I do not want to express my views publicly here to-day unless I got your advice upon the subject. You have had almost as much experience with these institutions as I have, and while you feel, I presume, that something should be done—I do—I would rather sit down and discuss it with you before I give you any definite idea of what I think you ought to do.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. You are occupying a different position from what we do; you have been on the inside of the matter and we are only on the outside; we want to know your opinion?

A. Fortunately, or unfortunately, I have to be on both sides.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Do you not think these institutions should get together wherever they can and try to formulate some scheme tending to benefit the public and in the line of economy?

A. Yes. I believe the State could save a lot of money if some system is adopted. In other words, I think if we can run a hospital bed for $2.02 per capita cost of maintenance a year, I do not see why the rest of them should not do it. The smaller ones, of course, cannot do it because they cannot buy in quantties as we do; we buy in quautities. I cut out the market business in our institution and save 20 per cent. by it. Our superintendent does not go to market, he buys wholesale.

Q. You have done a little figuring on it. What have you figured out that the State of Pennsylvania could save by purchasing these supplies through a State officer?

A. I would not like to name the figure, but I think by buying in a quantity you can buy cheaper. For instance, we can take a half of beef over in our institution and hang it up; we pay eight cents a pound for it. We are careful of it and use every particle of that beef. We have got it in cold storage and we can keep it there as well as any other person who has got the same facilities, and we have it carved up and served until it is all used. But here is a small hospital that has to go out and buy the fillets of beef and they must buy in small quantities; they have to go in the market and buy, not having the cold storage facilities.

Q. Have you learned in your investigation that some of these hospitals, because of the time of year they receive the State money, go into debt for these things?

A. Sure.

Q. And await the appropriation by the State?

A. Yes, sir, very often.

Q. Does that mean increased expense?

A. I do not know of any single instance in my experience where we ever voted a dollar to an institution that incurred a debt except one. I think we helped to pay one mortgaged debt of one poor institution. Outside of that the State institutions come in, and, of course, we had to pay their debts.

Q. I am referring now to the incurring of the obligations before the stated periods, before they received their money from the State?

A. They certainly do. For instance, we get our money every three months from the State. We must pay our bills and send the receipted vouchers to Harrisburg before we get that money, and the consequence is we have not got money enough. We put up security and pay it and pay 5 per cent. additional. We are paying all the time interest on money we borrowed to tide us over until we got the quarterly remittance from the State. I think the State of Pennsylvania is big enough to trust these institutions for three months. I do not believe there is very much graft in all these institutions. That is my opinion about it. I think there are a good many mistakes made in the administration in the affairs of some of the institutions, but I really think they could handle their money better by having the money advanced for the payment of their bills, without necessitating the borrowing of money.

Q. There is no law with regard to that. Is not that just a rule of the Auditor General for his convenience?

A. Yes, the Auditor General thinks he ought to have the receipted vouchers before he pays the money.

Recess until 2 o'clock P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Committee met at Room 496, City Hall, Philadelphia, at 2 o'clock P. M. Present as before.

DR. LAWRENCE FLICK, President, White Haven Sanatorium Association, called.

Dr. Flick: Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen:—I would like to say, briefly, that so far as the information which I have been able to gather enables me to judge, we have in Pennsylvania an almost perfect system of public charity, and adequate laws to administer that charity, but we have not, perhaps, got the machinery to administer it as perhaps we would like to have it administered. Our Constitution undoubtedly countenances the idea of providing charity for the indigent, and I believe under our Constitution the hospitals are entitled to State aid, and the Legislature has made laws in creating the State Board of Charities should be made perfect, but unfortunately the laws which are on the statute books cannot be enforced because we have not the proper machinery for enforcing them. I would be exceedingly sorry if anything were done to change the system in Pennsylvania. I think it one of the things of which Pennsylvanians have reason to be proud that they have such a system. I do think we should find, however, a way of getting the proper control and inspection over the administration of our charities, and if you gentlemen can devise a more perfect system of control, I do not believe there is anything else to be done to make our system as perfect as it can be made.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. You have been in charge of an institution for the care of the afflicted. From your experience in the conduct of that institution, what remedy have you to recommend?

A. Well, the remedy I have to suggest is that we have a State Board of Charities, or State Department of Charities, which will give the control and supervision which the law contemplates. There are some little details in the administration of State aid which, I think, are a little indefinite. One was referred to this morning, namely, that bills have to be paid in advance and receipts presented before the management of an institution can get the assistance given by the State. That becomes exceedingly embarrassing to an administration that wishes exactly to do the right thing. In the first place, it necessitates borrowing money to pay the bills, and in that way it puts the institution to an unnecessary expense. In consequence, it does not enable the management of an institution to use its resources to the best advantage.

Q. Have not the managers of these institutions had practically unlimited sway in their conduct; I mean they have not been substantially interfered with, either by the State Board of Charities or by any other institute, have they?

A. I do not think they have been interfered with enough by the State Board of Charities. I do not think the institutions get enough supervision. I think there should be machinery in the State Board of Charities which would enable that Board to know accurately what is done in every hospital in the State, and how it is done, and as the law says, whether that hospital is administered for the best interests of the entire State. I think if that were done, we have got that supervision. I think it would be much easier for the institutions who wish to conduct their institutions in an economical and honest way. It would give them the supervision that perhaps doctor their reports and do not always show on the surface what they are doing.

Q. What would be their object in doing that, to increase the contributions from the State?

A. I was looking over the Auditor-General's report this morning, or the report of the State Board of Charities, and I noticed in one place where the report gave the cost of maintenance of a State institution at $8.90 a week. I then turned over to another table to satisfy myself whether that really was inaccurate, that report in the other part of the book, and I found that that institution had 129 beds, with an average of 124 free days, and had resources of $80,000. Now, it don't take much figuring to show that those two tables do not correspond. In other words, in one place it was reported that maintenance was $8.90 a week, and in the other, if that report was correct, it would be about $12 or $15 a week. Now, as I say, we want accurate data and we want accurate supervision and business management of our institutions, and that is what the law contemplates in the State Board of Charities.

Q. Is the State Board of Charities in a position to give such supervision?

A. No, sir, it is not.

Q. From your acquaintance with it?

A. It is not.

Q. It has abundance of law, has it not?

A. It has abundance of law, but apparently no machinery and apparently no money to do it with. That is just a characteristic of the whole subject.

Q. Has not the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania a right to rely on these institutions, that they will deal in good faith in the use of these moneys? Should there be a still closer espionage, as has been suggested, to watch these different institutions in the use of this money that is appropriated in pure charity?

A. You and I know human nature well enough to know that it is business. People will sometimes do things with the very best intentions and have the very best purposes in view which do not come out as expected. I do not believe there is any dishonesty in the management of our hospitals. I do not believe there is any intentional misrepresentation. I take no stock in the statements made about graft, but I do believe that through ignorance and through the desire of the management of institutions to do a great deal and make a good showing in their particular institution, that business methods are forgotten and money is sometimes expended in a way which it had better not have been, and there is where we need the State Board of Charities' absolute control, and to put business methods into the way of doing things. You have confidence in the management of your business and your employes, and yet you make rules in the conduct of your business which makes it an impossibility for them to do wrong, not because you do not trust them, but because you want methods which make wrong impossible.

Q. "Lead us not into temptation?"

A. That is what we want. Let us have rules and business in the administration of our charity, which makes wrong impossible and economy absolutely necessary, and I believe we have plenty of money—we are spending plenty of money to take care of every sick person in Pennsylvania. Right here I want to direct attention to one thing, that in spite of the fact we are spending from five to six million dollars annually for public charity in the care of sick and the various things that come from sickness, we exclude from our hospitals, almost absolutely, certain diseases, which are the greatest menace to the welfare of the community of any disease we have to deal with. I do not think that hospitals, especially which get State aid, should make provision for every poor man or woman who needs assistance, irrespective of the disease from which he is suffering.

Q. Whether contagious or otherwise?

A. Whether contagious or otherwise. It is up to the hospital at this present day of scientific advancement of medicine to make such provisions in hospitals that there is no danger from contagion. The acutely contagious diseases we cannot take care of in a hospital.

Q. What do you mean by acutely contagious diseases?

A. Such as smallpox and measles, but there are other contagious diseases, such as syphilis, tuberculosis and gonorrhoea, that can be taken care of.

Q. Can those be treated in the hospitals?

A. In a hospital that has been made properly for those diseases, not in the wards. We have evidence of a practical character that this thing can be done. The Pasteur Institute, in Paris, has done this in the asylums of Paris for many years, and done it successfully. If they can do that in Paris, we can do it here in Philadelphia. As I say, when the State is spending the amount of money we are spending for the care of the sick poor, we should spend it for those who are suffering from diseases which are a menace to the public. That, to my mind, is the chief reason why the State can give aid to protect the well against the sick.

Q. You think it is not vitally necessary that the State should especially assist institutions for the treatment of tubercular trouble, for instance?

A. I think it would be better if the State was not to do that. In the present state of public opinion it is necessary, but it would undoubtedly be much more economical and much better for the traveling public at large if all tubercular diseases were taken care of at public hospitals. According to the State Board of Charities we have from three to five thousand vacant beds every day of the year. If we could use those vacant beds, in which we have an investment of from three to ten million dollars, and they could be used without danger to anyone, for the care of the poor consumptives, we could stamp out tuberculosis in Pennsylvania in ten years, at an outlay of from five to ten million dollars; whereas at the rate we are going now it will cost us from fifty to a hundred million dollars, and take many years.

Q. Could that be done and not in any way impair the use of the hospital for the treatment of other diseases?

A. Not at all.

Q. How do the medical fraternity feel on the subject, is there any concensus of opinion, or is this simply your personal view?

A. I am afraid I stand in a very small minority, but I believe I can satisfy any reasoning person who is willing to be satisfied.

Q. How long have you been engaged in the treatment of tuberculosis?

A. Twenty years.

Q. Of course you consider yourself an expert on the subject?

A. I am willing to consider myself an expert so far as I follow my own reasoning, and so long as I can see that two and two makes four I am willing to say it is four.

Q. Is there any other place outside of Paris, and in Paris—to what extent is this confusion or commingling of patients suffering from different kinds of contagious diseases?

A. The Pasteur Institute is for the study of diseases, and for the reason that they have all kinds of diseases, and they take all forms of contagious diseases, they have demonstrated the fact that it can be done successfully without endangering anyone.

Q. That is, all under the same roof?

A. All under the same roof.

Q. Has it ever been attempted in this country?

A. It has not; but formerly, before we were so much afraid of tuberculosis, every hospital, to some extent, did take consumptives, and I think very likely without any danger to anyone else. They did not take them under the most scientific methods, but we can nowadays take tuberculosis in every hospital by simply going to the trouble of having a separate department, without any danger to anyone else. That is as cleverly demonstrated scientifically as can be.

Q. Would that require separation?

A. It would require separation.

Q. Nurses and all?

A. A separate department of nurses.

Q. Would it not necessitate a change in the hospitals?

A. Any of our large hospitals in Philadelphia have the resources. Any hospital that has a hundred beds or attendants would not be put to any extra expense. Small hospitals would be put to a relatively small expense, which, however, com-

pared with the cost itself to the Commonwealth, would be nothing.

Q. You are reported as having stated before the general meeting of the medical society, in September, 1909, "State appropriations should be made to all hospitals on the basis of private resources, etc." What was your thought you had in mind on that?

A. My thought is this, the best way you can judge the good work which a hospital does is in the support which it gets from its neighbors. If you have a hospital doing certain work in a certain community, and it is getting liberal support that is evidence that it is doing good work and it is the best criterion you have as to the merits of that hospital. For every dollar which the Commonwealth spends in a certain defined community, for the care of the sick, enough people in that locality will be interested in the success of that institution to contribute liberally to the support of that instituion also. That, I think, is the history of at least every institution of which I have any knowledge. Now, in the different parts of the Commonwealth, say two counties or three counties, if the population of the counties is not large enough, if the counties would combine to have a hospital and give their support to that hospital, and the State gives encouragement, just as we do with the tariff, put a bonus upon their good work, and do that all through the Commonwealth, and give support to those institutions in comparison to what they do themselves and the expense to which they can demonstrate the usefulness of their institution, the State would save a great deal, because the people themselves would be encouraging the charity, and the State would simply give enough to help out the requirements of that locality.

Q. You are also quoted as saying, "Strange to say, if all the money expended," etc. Is that based upon statistics, your statement there?

A. I think I could furnish statistics to support that.

Q. For Pennsylvania?

A. For Pennsylvania. I think they are supplied. You take the mortality from tuberculosis and fever alone, and the sickness caused by it would constitute at least one-third of all the suffering of humanity in Pennsylvania, and if you add the other two you will probably make it a good deal more than 15 per cent.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. What would be your idea of State aid, based upon per capita?

A. I think it would be a much fairer system than we have now. I do not know that it would be the best system, but it is the system adopted in a good many States.

Q. You think it would be an improvement over the present system?

Q. Very little improvement.

Q. What is your ground for that statement?

A. It would compel all hospitals to go on a common basis in their expenses. In other words, if a hospital found it could get, say, $7, $9 or $10 a week for each patient per capita, if they went above that they would have to find the means to raise the money, it would be the way of telling the very thing that was discussed here this morning, a common standard of expense. We have hospitals that run along very successfully on $7 and $9 a week. The Phipps Institute for five years—for seven years—has averaged a little less than $9 a week, and includes in that scientific work; not teaching work, because I do think the teaching institution requires a higher standard, but on a business basis the Phipps Institution has been able to do good work on less than $9 a week. If the State would make the per capita $2, it would enable the State institutions to get down as near as possible to a common basis. I think that would be a great advantage. I think if a per capita arrangement was made, there should be a class for educational institutions by themselves; they have to have a higher basis.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. You think they should be preferred?

A. I think they should be preferred, and I do say, as was said this morning, that the State of Pennsylvania has so far maintained a very enviable reputation, and I think every Pennsylvanian must be most ambitious to maintain that position, and unless we do give our institutions State support, I do not believe it can be possible to maintain the position which Pennsylvania has maintained in that regard.

Q. Your thought, as I understand, was that the State Board of Charities should be the supreme arbiter of what should be allowed?

A. It has the authority, but give it machinery.

Q. What do you mean by machinery?

A. Create a State Board of Charities which will have enough clerks or enough arms to reach out over this entire Commonwealth and gather the information which is necessary to base a judgment on.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Would you advocate a salaried board?

A. Yes, sir; I would, indeed. I think the most economical thing this Commonwealth can do would be to create a Department or Board of Charities which will absolutely carry out the law and spend the money necessary to do that. I think you can concede the whole question to them. Make it a business proposition. Somebody referred to the State Board of Charities this morning. The State Board of Charities do a good work, but they have not the employees and money to do things. You give us in Pennsylvania a State Board of Charities or Department of Charities, and equip it in such a way that it can get the necessary information, and it will get it and you have got the whole control. You have got plenty of laws, and I am satisfied, as was said this morning, that if the State Board of Charities were so equipped that it could seek information authoritatively and give the facts behind it to the Legislature, that the Legislature would do what the State Board of Charities would suggest.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. Why would you transfer it to the State Board of Charities, why not put it in the Health Department of the State?

A. That would be a most unfortunate mix-up.

Q. Why?

A. The Department of Health has enough to do as it is. I think the Legislature has already made a very serious mix-up.

Q. That is from your standpoint?

A. I believe they have from the standpoint of political economy. In other words, matters of health and health departments and health boards are of such recent origin that none of us probably have yet got the right standard or idea of what such a thing ought to be, and if we take the knowledge we can glean from the world, so far as that experiment has been made, we have to reach the conclusion that the Department of Health should be a judicial department, and should be as free as possible from all sources of serious complications with the people with whom it has to deal. I would like to tell you a little story which I told at a meeting not long ago, which illustrates my point. This may be all falsehood, and I am not willing to stand for the truth of the story, but it illustrates the very point I make. Up in the interior of our State, last summer, I happened to visit and was spoken to by a couple of medical men who were very much distressed about the State Dispensary in their district, and felt that they were very seriously and unjustly dealt with. They were so much agitated over it that one of the young men, who felt himself most particularly unfairly dealt with, said he would come down to the State Medical Society and put in his complaint and see whether the State Medical Society could not do something to give him relief, and I really think he had a pretty good story, and I think he had pretty good ground for feeling aggrieved, but before he left home he was called in by the man on whom he depended for bread and butter, from whom he draws a salary, who said to him, "Now, you go down to Philadelphia and keep your mouth shut. I have been pushed very hard for a bacteriological sewage plant here lately, and I am the only one who has been pushed for that in this community, and I have been talking about it, and no one else wants it, and I don't want to have a sewage plant if nobody else does." That illustrates my point. The Department of Health dispenses charity, and gives free milk and ice, and runs hospitals and dispensaries, and therefore apportions out certain good things to the people, and at the same time it is supposed to be a judge and pass judgment at certain times upon what shall be done. The two things do not fit together at all.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. It has all the clerks and stenographers necessary?

A. Those might as well be put in the Department of Charities and the two things kept distinct and separate, as they are all the world over. Pennsylvania is the only State where these are mixed up.

Q. I think with the capability of Dr. Nixon all would be in safe hands?

A. I do not think the capabilities or honesty or good intentions of any man will suffice, when you put into his jurisdiction two conflicting duties.

Q. One is really a supervision over expenditures, a sort of clerical position?

A. It does not work out in practice and I do not believe it ever will. Moreover, the Legislature has controvened the laws of this Commonwealth, without any doubt, so far as I am able to judge right along.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. You think there ought not to be any general appropriation laws?

A. The Constitution says there should not, but leaving out the question of the Constitution, the law on our statute books certainly contemplated that public charity shall be expended under the supervision and direction of the State Board of Charities with the Legislature. The State Board of Charities was not consulted about the appropriation ror the Department of Health for work which is supposed to come under the work of the Department of Charities, and I do not believe would have answered if they had been consulted. Therefore, in the spirit of the law it is against the laws of this Commonwealth that that work should be put in the Department of Health.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. As Chairman of the Appropriation Committee, I consulted and was in consultation every day with the State Board of Charities and their agent, and we consulted with the Attorney-General and he said it was all right.

A. I consulted with the Attorney-General and he told me that has been going for forty years and it was not up to him to stop it. He did not say to me it was constitutional.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. It was not up to him to pass upon the constitutionality of it, was it?

A. He did not think so.

Q. What is the objection to the State Board of Health doing this work; are they not doing good work?

A. I think they are doing good work, but the goodness of a work is not always sufficient excuse for the method of doing it. I think the method of doing the work in the tuberculosis field is a very much more expensive method than the method recommended by the State Board of Charities years ago. Some people have said this is a personal matter with me. It is not, absolutely not. I withdrew White Haven from State appropriation because I wanted to remove my own personality from the subject. When I first started out in the work of fighting tuberculosis I was in favor of a State hospital for tuberculosis, and I worked very hard for that for some years. We then found the State Board of Charities in its judgment, and based upon its experience, was opposed to a State hospital for the treatment of tuberculosis, and they said to us we would get up private corporations throughout the State, that the State would be glad to make appropriations to those private corporations for the work, and that is why the plan which was originally advocated by the Pennsylvania Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis was changed and the State's private corporations in different parts of the State were established. Those private corporations in different parts of the State were doing excellent work and doing it in the

most economical manner possible. They were, moreover, educating the entire State of Pennsylvania, and Pennsylvania is the best educated State in the whole Union, on the subject of tuberculosis. The change which was made in 1905 of practically taking away from the private societies that has been established throughout the State, the State support, and concentrating all that work in the Department of Health, was, in my judgment, a serious blunder and which will cost this Commonwealth many millions of dollars. I may be mistaken, but I have studied the subject of tuberculosis and its administration and that is my judgment.

Q. How is it done in other States?

A. In other States, some of the States have appointed commissions to study the subject, and they have got up such institutions as they recommend.

Q. What has been the result of the work of the commissions, have they distributed themselves throughout the State as contemplated by you?

A. Yes, the best work done by any state is Massachusetts. She has proceeded along that plan and has created State hospitals, and it is the only State in the Union so far which has recommended at the present time a means of not only caring for the early cases, but caring for the advanced cases, and with the general recommendation that the proper thing for the Commonwealth to do in the grapple against tuberculosis is to provide beds for the advanced cases in order to stamp out the disease. It has appropriated money for two hospitals for advanced cases, and it is the only State in the Union which is approaching that subject in the proper way. In Pennsylvania we have no provision for the advanced cases, except that made by the Phipps Institute and White Haven; the much maligned City of Philadelphia is doing the best work for the prevention of tuberculosis of any city in the country, because it has concentrated its efforts on the advanced cases among the poor, and Philadelphia in consequence of that one thing, I believe, will be the first city in the Union to win out in stamping out the disease of tuberculosis.

DR. O. J. SNYDER, called.

The proposition under discussion is first whether the State should make appropriations for the support of institutions and hospitals not under its control, and secondly, if so, whether such hospitals should be connected or identified with schools or colleges of therapeutics or be independent of them. This carries with it the acknowledgment or recognition of the obligation that the State should give support to institutions of that character, but with the implication that when the State does render such assistance that it should have control of them. It would be a change from the present policy of rendering support under which the State has now no directing power over the expenditure of moneys thus appropriated. In substance—it reduces itself to a change not so much in principle as in method of execution. While there may be occasion for change of method in the directing of the expenditure of moneys appropriated for such purposes, yet we are of the conviction that such institutions should not go wholly into the hands of municipal and State regulation and management.

The one great incentive that fosters progress and stimulates growth is rivalry or competition. There are several schools or sects contending for supremacy in the therapeutic field, and this very condition of rivalry for public endorsement and patronage is what has more than anything else developed or has resulted in their present high standing. To remove this element of rivalry would be depressing the spirit that induces advancement. We, therefore, urge that the State continue its appropriations for institutions and hospitals that are not directly under its complete domination. It may be advisable to devise a new method of determining what amount should be appropriated to the various institutions, based upon a basis of merit. For instance, we might suggest in this connection that the amount of appropriation be determined by the number of inmates in the hospital or students at the college, and also that the financial officer of such institutions be appointed by the State, and be amenable to the State, and render to it correct and comprehensive reports of the work that is being done, and that such reports serve as the basis for further appropriations.

The further question as to whether hospitals should be connected with or divorced from schools of therapeutics is another serious and important proposition. It is very difficult and expensive to equip schools of therapeutics sufficiently and to an extent that will make it possible to furnish the most advanced and best possible instruction to the students. The character of the instruction of a medical student is quite different from that presented to a student qualifying for the practice of law, or for the ministry. Instruction for those vocations does not require the laboratory equipment, nor the clinical experience that is essential for the thorough instruction of the medical student. For the technical instruction of the medical student an extensive and expensive laboratory, in practically every department of his course of study, is a requisite, and as for clinical instruction, there must be opportunity for him to do practical work in a hospital under the supervision of clinical instructors. It would be quite impossible for any medical school to provide all of these extensive necessities without aid from other sources than the mere tuition money obtained from the students. If medical schools had to depend wholly upon the tuition money of the students, the tuition charges would have to be so high as to practically bar all but the very wealthy from its doors, neither would it be wise or safe to depend upon endowments or contributions from private sources.

The matter of affording opportunity with the best possible and most competent instruction in the healing art is a serious and important matter for the State. The health and life of its citizens depend in a large measure upon the intelligence of the physicians of the State, who direct the sanitary regulations and all matters relating to the health and the very life of the citizens. The State should, therefore, lend every possible aid towards the establishment of the best possible schools of therapeutics. As clinical experience and hospital instruction is so imperative to the best training it is but natural that ample provision should be made for the support of a good hospital in connection with every reputable and approved college that provides training in the healing art. It is not necessary to furnish statistics to show that those States that do give support along these lines have the best medical schools, and the best sanitary conditions, and it is logical and consistent to contend that a hospital is quite an indispensable part of a medical college equipment for instruction. We, therefore, contend that it is to the direct interests of the State to encourage education in therapeutics, and, therefore, it should render all possible support towards the establishment and maintenance of the necessary requirements for such purposes.

JOHN CADWALADER, President Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Blind, called.

Mr. Cadwalader: I do not know that I can volunteer very much information. I am now speaking primarily in the interest of an institution with which I have been associated for four years, the Institution for the Instruction of the Blind in Pennsylvania. It is an institution which has some notoriety. Its working and its position, I think, is not much understood. In addition to the questions you gentlemen are now considering, I think it holds a distinct position from institutions which are considered under the light of charities. The work of the instruction for the blind ought not to be classified among the charities refusing State aid. In my judgment it comes distinctly under that educational class. We offer practically the only fully equipped school for educating blind persons, and upon the principle of the right of education of every citizen, we alone can furnish to that citizen what is the essential to make himself sustaining in life. The work was originated with a man of great philanthropic character, rather well-known in Philadelphia, Mr. Robert Vaux, who was the father of the late Richard Vaux, who took great interest in this subject, which was then being started in Europe, who asked a gentleman who was going abroad to make a study of the question so far as it had been pursued there, and he brought back with him the information and a gentleman, a German, from Berlin, came out who had some education in the training of the blind. The outgrowth of that was that the institution here was the first that was conceived. The institution in Boston and one in New York were all started within a very few months. That work progressed practically without any State assistance and there is no assistance in the sense of State aid furnished to-day to the institutions. If any of you gentlemen have visited the present institution at Overbrook, it is an institution I should like you very much to see, because it is recognized as the most complete institution for the instruction of the blind in the world. We have had endorsements from the best authorities in Europe and also in this country. In the early stages of my connection with the institution I followed the course of saving the legacies, and the only State aid given to them is a fund per capita for instructing the poor blind of the State. The present appropriation—for a great many years it was $300—it was cut down and now it has reached $275 again. There never has been a year in which the cost per capita of the pupils was under $400. The State has never furnished the actual cost.

By a Member of The Committee:

Q. The State gets the advantage of the endowments, just as to the other pupils?

A. The money has been carefully husbanded. O course, it stands as somewhat in the way. There is a large amount of people who would perhaps seek private education there. We have private pupils, but they are not inclined to send their children, especially the younger ages, to an institution where they are so much mixed up, both races and classes. I think that is where we gain enormous benefit by the pupils being known. I think I ought to state for the information of your committee, without taking too much time, an instance which I think may appeal to you as an extraordinary case. About ten years ago there was a young Italian working in a quarry near Philadelphia. A premature blast almost blew him to pieces, blew an arm out, his eyes out, and he was wounded in a great many other places, and he lingered for quite a while, nine or ten months, in the hospital without an expectation of recovery. He did, however, recover, and the hospital sent to our institution to know whether we could possibly do anything for him. He could not speak English. We tried, at all events. In less than five years that young man completed his education there. He is one of the most thoroughly educated men, he is a good Latin scholar, and he acquired a good knowledge of English. His efficiency has made him extraordinarily useful. Under those conditions he was of great use to blind persons. Under the census of the United States the name and residence of every blind person is given, and that man has visited, without any escort, alone, every blind person in sixty counties of Pennsylvania. He gets out at a station and walks up a county road and inquires whether "So and so" lives there. He then instructs that man in what is possible. If he is not hopeless of the future, or good results would follow from education, he urges him to take it, and of course the influence of a man in his condition is simply remarkable. He has brought into the institution a great many. He knows the advantages they will gain. This was so remarkable that the Governor of New Jersey requested that we send him into that State. He has done the same work there and been publicly thanked, and also in Philadelphia he has done the same thing. That man was a most hopeless case. He was a goat herder in the mountain districts behind Naples, absolutely without any education or advantages of any sort. He is now a man of great ability. That is one instance among others.

I think in these appropriations a distinction should be drawn absolutely between the moneys appropriated for educational purposes exclusively and those which are in the most strict sense charitable. Those pupils—there would be an attempt to send them into the public schools, some of

them do get a sort of preliminary training, but with great difficulty. They interfere with the schools, they are not able to advance to any great extent, but the great number of our graduates—it is not a home, it is not an asylum, but unfortunately people call it an asylum—there is no essential of an asylum about that—they come here and get their regular diplomas at the end of the school term, but that educational work should not be classified with the charitable fund. It seems to me that it would be very proper to charge it to the school receiving State appropriation. The appropriation has never taken the form of assistance to this institution in forty years that I have been connected with it.

By a Member of The Committee:

Q. Is not an appropriation made, a per capita appropriation for the care and teaching of the blind?

Mr. Brown: Yes.

By a Member of The Committee:

Q. The various institutions doing that work?

A. There may be of some separate. I know of none except the Pittsburg Institution. There has been of comparatively late years the Institution in Pittsburg, and that is the Western. It is only a specified appropriation of so much per capita. Of course, if the students are not there we do not get it, and we have to certify each term the amount.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Have you given any thought to the question of the applicability of that system to the other hospitals, the per capita system; how would it work? I think it is the only proper way for the purpose of estimating the proper amount, and I should suppose that hospitals would be very glad to have it?

Q. On the same basis?

A. On the same basis.

Q. Is your institution purely charitable?

A. No, we take pay patients.

Q. Yes, but all your money goes without any profit to stockholders or anybody?

A. Absolutely.

Q. Your officers are all salaried?

A. Yes, paid teachers. The directors have no interest except as a public charity. It has been one of the most successful, and the Board, I might state, have had a great many things to contend with in the years of its existence. For instance, it requires a great deal of medical treatment. We have specialists on the throat and eye. Of course, the great majority of blind persons are blind from congenital causes and they have that difficulty to contend with, and we have paid physicians in the institution. We have a very excellent infirmary, and we have also a separate building for contagious diseases exclusively, and I was interested in what Dr. Flick said in regard to that. Notwithstanding we have entire isolation, both in construction and treatment and everything, the State Health Department last year, when there was an epidemic of scarlet fever and diphtheria, they enforced us to have them quarantined, and they carted them out to the Municipal Hospital, and some of the attendants even got it in going there. I think that was an error of judgment there, but we take every precaution in that way and we have had as an incident to our institution.

Q. As I recall, yours and the ward at the Philadelphia Hospital and the ward at the Wills Eye Hospital are the only ones for contagious diseases in Philadelphia, is that correct?

A. Having separate buildings?

Q. Yes, buildings for contagious diseases?

A. We constructed that in our new buildings. We felt i was important to keep the pupils there if we could, and so we constructed it with the greatest provision. I do not think many institutions have it.

Q. Let me ask you as a man of affairs, assuming that all these things requiring these vast millions are meritorious, and the present revenues are not sufficient, what is your thought about the right or the justice of the State in levying dues for this purpose?

Q. Is not an appropriation made, a per capita appropriation for the care and teaching of the blind?

Mr. Brown: Yes.

A. My view on the subject is that the public moneys ought as far as possible to be applied strictly to public uses. I rather regret any tendency to put at the disposal of any body of men, legislative or other, general funds in which more or less the distribution is dependent upon more or less interest or pressure. I think the distribution should be, as clearly as possible, defined by law. I think it would lead to economy and justice.

Q. Assuming that the custom or concensus of opinion is that these moneys as distributed now are properly distributed, and they are not sufficient for the increased need, do you think in your judgment that the State would be justified in levying an additional tax, for instance, a strict enforcement of the law relating to personal property tax?

A. Assuming that the expenditure is right and meets with the approval of the people, why, of course, I am like any other good citizen, I approve of getting the money to apply to it.

Q. Do you think the uses expressed here to-day are such?

A. I think there is bound to be a great many of them. We have the Pennsylvania Hospital for the Blind which has never sought aid of the State. It stands pre-eminent at the head, and there are absolutely none superior to it in the world, and it has never had a dollar of State appropriation in a hundred years.

Q. The Episcopal Hospital has not either?

A. The Episcopal Hospital I do not think has ever either. It is supported with relation to the church.

Q. The Presbyterian Hospital has not either, has it?

A. I thought it was—showing that it was not absolutely a necessity. I think I have known what has been done by the State Board of Charities, and I am surprised to hear such criticisms. I think the State Board has done what has been wise to do. I never noticed them to fail. I think they have succeeded. They send notices to you to come before them and they have been a very intelligent body of men, and they can receive the information upon which to act much better than a great corps of specialists going into the work. It does not appeal to me. I think you will have to have in the State Board of Charities a man who can see the things and the special way of dealing with each institution. These boards are full of men who are there by a variety of causes, and I do not believe if the Legislature would go into the institutions of this City and this State that they will find a more careful supervisor, economical and everything else, anywhere.

Q. Or philanthropic?

A. Almost exclusively philanthropic. There are possibly infirmities, but they are so general they do not enter into the general subject. That is not the principle on which our institutions have been running, and I think it is a very unfair way to look on our institutions, which stand as high as any in the world. Anything that we can do for the development of the blind we do. The son of Mr. Campbell, late of the Royal Institution at London, came out and made an address and spoke of the enormous advances in which everything was administered.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. As a business proposition what would you say as to a central purchasing station for the supplies?

A. I think that comes under the main difficulty. The supplies are radically different under different conditions, with different bodies. I do not think they will gain much in that. I have had the experience of supplying an institution where we had to make purchases under the Government of the United States, where everything was to be bid for and contracted for. I think in four years I do not recall a single instance in which the bids did not vary 100 per cent. You gentlemen, of course, are familiar with that. The Senator knows how impracticable it is for men to look at the same thing in the same way. Take an institution like ours; the diet system is of very great importance. We have got more or less invalids, our physicians suggest many changes of diet, one of the greatest things in maintaining the health, and that is not consistent with the general purchasing of supplies. They tried it for a month or two and changed it.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. Did I understand you to say that the cost of educating a pupil is $400?

A. Yes, sir, that is the actual cost. I mean to say that is food, a proportionate amount of clothing, and the attendants.

Q. That is the full cost of educating and operating?

A. Yes.

Q. And the State is only paying at the rate of———

A. Two hundred and seventy-five dollars, and that only within the last two years.

Q. Was there any protest made to the Committee for a higher amount?

A. Yes, the Board of Charities recommended $300 of their own motion.

Q. Did the faculty of the institution make any protest?

A. No, we have never made any special claim, because it is entirely a function for the State. If the State does not feel that they are getting anything, it is not so very important to the institution.

Q. Are the pupils of the State getting the same attention as the private pupils?

A. Two hundred and seventy-five dollars, and that only within the last two years.

Q. How many pupils are there?

A. It is limited by the appropriation, 175.

Q. How many have you altogether?

A. Two hundred and ten, I think. It is not desirable to enlarge on that, and that is one of the reasons we aided in the establishment of the western institution. It is not desirable to have very large institutions.

Q. Then if it were not for the endowment fund of the institution and careful husbanding of the bequests and donations made the institution would not be able to take care of these students at the price the State pays?

A. It never has been. Of course, there is a great deal we could do if we had more money, because the field of broadening blind pupils' activities is wonderful.

By Mr. Brown.

Q. I notice your per capita is $275 a year as against $350 for the western institution at Pittsburg. Have you folks ever made a comparison?

A. No, the whole institution is out of the State. They built their buildings, and I suppose they have not got other private resources. I think it is run entirely on the State funds. It has always been very much larger than ours.

HON. E. L. TUSTIN, representing Hahnemann Hospital, called.

Mr. Tustin: Mr. Chairman and Members of the Committee, Ladies and Gentlemen: In a large industrial State like Pennsylvania, I do not think the right of the State to the appropriation of moneys for charitable institutions will ever be questioned. It seems to me the question is not so much what we appropriate, but the care we take of it after it is appropriated, and as a trustee and active manager of one of the hospitals of Philadelphia, I have found out that while the State Board of Charities may do a good work, they have their limited powers, their powers are decidedly limited, and outside of hearing you before a meeting of the Legislature once in a while as to your wants, we see very little of them during the intervening time. It seems to me the Legislature of Pennsylvania that appropriates so much money for charitable institutions ought to add to their Appropriation Committee a provision for a standing committee to meet between the sessions of the Legislature, to which all questions of complaint could be referred, and who will have a supervisory oversight of the expenditure of the vast amount of money which they appropriate year after year. I do not mean to say that they ought to take the same position of the State Board of Charities. They represent the people of Pennsylvania

in the apprpriation of a large amount of money and they ought not to appropriate the money, in my opinion, and then simply forget all about it.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. Might that not be done by the Department of Health, or under its supervision?

A. I think it would be better to do it under the supervision of the Legislature, for the reason that we are all human, and every institution would know that the Appropriation Committee of the Legislature was keeping a supervision over that institution and would be more careful to bring that institution up to the very highest standard, because they would know that the men over them who were looking after the appropriation and the expenditure of the money would probably be among the number who would vote for the future maintenance of the hospital. The consequence would be that the institutions who receive State aid would be more apt to bring up the efficiency of their institutions. I think there should be appointed a Committee who would meet once or twice between the sessions and have a detailed report from the agents or the State Board of Charities should be re-organized, they should have more power and a greater appropriation and have more agents or else the Committee from the Legislature should take this out of their hands. I think the Committee from the Legislature, even if the State Board of Charities were continued, would have a splendid effect upon the eleemosynary and charitable institutions of the State. Ithink the mere fact that this money is given they think there is no other Legislature to meet for two years now to look after them, but the State Board of Charities, and the State Board of Charities, as I said before, is limited in its machinery and there should be an investigation and this report given up to your Committee, and then future Legislatures will know how much to appropriate. The Appropriation Committee at the present time meet and I do not think the people of Pennsylvania have any idea of the work the Appropriation Committee does at Harrisburg. They meet by day and sometimes by night and hear this testimony, but they can not get the same amount of testimony they could if they had a permanent committee. I hope your Committee will take up that subject, as to whether it will be wise to have such a committee appointed between the meetings of the Legislature and have that supervision.

Q. Are you an officer of the Hahnemann Hospital?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Is your thought the result of your experiences there or with other institutions that they ought to have this supervision?

A. Mr. Barney, Maule, Perkins and I have been active there as managers between the meetings of the Board of Trustees, and I have taken a considerable interest in it. I have appeared once before the State Board of Charities, and I have seen nothing but the auditor who comes once in a while to audit our books. Our superintendent gets bids for all the supplies that go in there every three months, and I think the institution is managed as well as it could be managed, yet I believe the supervision would be a good thing.

Q. I can not understand why it is you suggest this additional supervision, why it should be necessary in view of the fact that these are public moneys and appropriated purely for charity.

A. That is just the reason, because they are public moneys and appropriated for charity, it ought to be done.

Q. It seems to me if they do not consider the source it comes from, they would consider how it was to be used. I can not conceive——

A. I think you are entirely right.

Q. You say on our Boards are prominent representative business men, and I can not understand exactly the reason for the suggestion that they should be so carefully scrutinized.

A. It is not a question of scrutinizing the gentlemen who are on the Board of Managers of these institutions. You know very well and I know very well that they take no active part in the manangement of the affairs whatever.

Q. Should they not be men who will take an active interest, not for the purpose of seeing their names in print, but for doing the service for which they are appointed?

A. I think that is the ideal position.

Q. Is it not possible to scrutinize its management to see that the moneys are properly used?

A. I think if they have men on the Board of Trustees who will lay aside their private business and devote their time to it, it will; otherwise it would not.

Q. Would not the Legislative Committee have to be provided with more authority than the State Board of Charities?

A. It ought to be provided with more machinery than the State Board of Charities, and I think they will do a better work.

By a Member of the Committee

Q. How many free beds are there in your institution wherein the public get the benefit of all this appropriation?

A. The public get the benefit of all the beds in our institution if there is a demand for it.

Q. By "demand" you mean if there is room for them?

A. I mean to say that if the public make a demand at any time, and no case is ever refused that comes to the hospital.

Q. Provided there is an empty bed?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. How often does it occur that those beds are not empty in all institutions?

A. I do not know about all institutions. So far as our institution is concerned we are located in a neighborhood where we have around us a great many working men who work hard for a daily wage, who are just as good as any other citizens in any other part of the country, but they have not succeeded in saving up very much money. They have sickness in their families and we have a great many accident cases from the Reading Railroad, Baldwin's, etc.

Q. That is they come in and go out continually?

A. Yes, but if a man comes into our dispensary who ought to be in the hospital, he is put in the hospital.

Q. How many private rooms have you in the hospital?

A. I can not answer that question. Mr. Barney can answer you.

Mr. Barney: Free beds, 187; private rooms, 51.

Q. Are you familiar with conditions in West Philadelphia?

A. I am.

Q. The Philadelphia Hospital. If the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania perpetuated the hospital and gave it one-half the support which it is giving private institutions throughout the State, do you think you would be able to provide for the poor of the City more effeciently than you are now?

A. I don't think we could do as well as we do it now, because the poor of the City would have to congregate in one place.

Q. Isn't it practically where they are congregated, 90 per cent. of them?

A. You mean at the West Philadelphia Hospital?

Q. In comparison with the population of your hospital, as compared with the West Philadelphia Hospital?

A. No, because the objection is this, whether wisely or unwisely, the idea of going to the West Philadelphia Hospital or Almshouse is very repugnant to a great many people, whereas going to a private hospital is not so repugnant and they are perfectly willing to go there. I do not believe it would be wise to take our hospitals from the different locations throughout the City, a large City like this, and combine them in one place.

Q. I am not in favor of taking them from the several locations; I believe in our paying a little more attention to our own institutions than what we have been paying in the past.

A. I do not think anybody would object to that.

Q. That is where it would not hurt the private institutions which are interested?

A. I think we all agree on that.

DR. WILLIAM B. HACKENBURG. President Jewish Hospital, called.

Dr. Hackenberg: I appear solely as a representative of a hospital. My connection with the Jewish Hospital for 45 years, and 34 years as President of it, and I simply want to address you upon the relative matter of appropriations for hospitals, in its general sense. Hospitals and other public institutions for the care of the sick and wounded, for the homeless, for the aged and infirm, poor and orphan asylums must be regarded as necessary and important objects for the proper government of all communities, more especially those of large cities and towns. I contend that it is a part of the obligation due to the people that proper provision for the care of these dependent classes must be made, either by wholly supporting them from State or mumnicipality funds or by assisting such private institutions that are organized for that purpose; if these private, or we may call them semi-public institutions, did not exist it is very certain that the different State governments as well as every large city would be enormously taxed for the support and care of these dependent people, therefore appropriations from public funds to assist in their support are just and right and thereby lessen the greater tax that would be necessarily levied for such purposes.

It has been said that there is danger of these appropriations being abused. While they may sometimes be disproportionate, I will venture the assertion that rarely, if ever, are they diverted from their proper use.

From a pamphlet recently published entitled "The Appropriation of Public Funds for the Support of Voluntary Hospitals," by S. S. Goldwater, of New York, I find that in 35 States and in the District of Columbia of this country and in the provinces of Alberta, Manitoba, New Brunswick, Quebec, Nova Scotia and Ontario, either State or municipal appropriations are made to private hospitals for the partial maintenance of free beds and the care of the indigent sick; they are alloted either in yearly gross sums or by per diem payments or by yearly contracts for each free patient and by irregular donations.

In this State our Legislature has thoughtfully and liberally given yearly appropriations and I can safely assert that had it not been for this aid some of our City hospitals as well as in other cities of this Commonwealth would either have been compelled to close their doors entirely or largely curtail the admission of free patients. I am also safe in asserting that every large hospital in this City has for a long time yearly shown a deficiency of income (some of them with State aid) to meet their current expenses. It is a well-known fact that in an up-to-date, well-managed hospital proper requirements for its work never cease, but I feel satisfied that they are as economically managed as these constant necessities for the proper care and treatment of the sick and wounded will permit. It must also not be overlooked that these State appropriations to hospitals are of much value to the public in aiding a large number of young men and women in securing a scientific education for the prevention and cure of disease. Many of our hospitals maintain Nurses' Training Schools in which young women are fitted to become professional nurses and are enabled after a three or more years education to enter the corps of assistants to the physician and surgeon in their work of relief and cure of disease and injury, earning for themselves a good and remunerative return for their services.

Equally as great advantages are given to the medical student by assisting him in his collegiate studies with the opportunity of a practical medical and surgical knowledge of diseases and study of their prevention and cure, by attending at different hospital operating rooms the ward study of medical cases and their open clinics.

Surely under all these conditions for the relief and care of the indigent sick, the educational advantages to the two classes of men and women for a professional training it cannot be charged that the funds of the Commonwealth are misapplied, uselessly or recklessly spent in appropriating money for the furtherance of this public work in the partial support of hospitals and other cognate institutions.

It may be possible that the lump appropriation is not always the best, some institutions at times may receive more than they are justly entitled to, while others receive less in pro-

portion to the number of free patients treated in the institution.

For instance, I have in mind a hospital in this City receiving State aid in which about two thousand house patients were treated; nearly 1,600 were free, being about 80 per cent. of the whole number, who received an aggregate of 40,000 days support. This is only a fair sample of the work or many large hospitals in Philadelphia, and this institution was $15,000 short of enough income to meet its ordinary expenses.

It seems to me that a more equitable plan might be arranged for State help to our hospitals and other charitable institutions, that would be safeguarded for the State and fair for the recipient, for instance, a per capita allowance for each day's support of indigent or worthy non-paying patients, or a diem amount for the total number of days furnished to free patients to be paid monthly or quarterly. A similar system controlled by proper rules and conditions has been found to work well in New York, Massachusetts, District of Columbia and other places.

An appropriation for a certain number of free beds I do not think would be a good plan and would be liable to serious abuse: while in some institutions those free beds might be constantly filled, in others they might be frequently without occupants. This would be unjust to the crowded house and an imposition upon the State.

All institutions receiving State aid should at the end of their fiscal year render a sworn itemized statement similar to that rendered yearly to the State Board of Charities to the Auditor General of its financial affairs for the year, number of free beds, how many were occupied, total number of days support to free patients, and such other information to verify its claim for State aid already paid for the year and that could be used as a basis for the following prepared by a competent hospital authority in connection with the Auditor General's office or the State Board of Public Charities.

I can safely say that all appropriations by the State for hospitals and cognate institutions I am perfectly satisfied have been properly used. The institutions are all economically managed. The Board of Trustees of every similar institution, I believe, serves without any compensation or expectation of fee or reward.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Is that generally true?

A. I think it is, with the exception of possibly the Secretary. He is generally a paid officer with a small salary.

Q. So far as your knowledge goes, no officer or President of any Board of Trustees of any hospital in this City receives any salary?

A. So far as I know, no officer receives any compensation excepting the Secretary. I have yet to hear of the first case of a paid officer.

If I may be pardoned for introducing a matter that possibly may look like rather a private matter—I do not consider it a private matter—a remark has been made here with regard to the care of tubercular patients. I want to say that the hospital over which I have the honor to preside for many years, seven or eight or ten, has tubercular patients in its general ward. Since 1890 it has had a separate department, a separate building under the management of the Board with a separate corps of nurses and staff to take care of it, and it has now 39 or 40 beds in it occupied all the time, with from forty to fifty applications for admission. I only say this because the remark has been made here to-day that there is no general hospital in Philadelphia taking tubercular patients.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Has there been any infection of patients in the other wards?

A. Not to my knowledge.

Q. Covering a period of how many years?

A. We had in the general ward up to 1890, I suppose, possibly more or less for twenty or twenty-five years.

Q. What about the question of supplies, do you think the supplies could be furnished more cheaply by purchasing them through a central bureau?

A. That is a very serious question. I have looked into that question quite seriously. They have taken the matter up in the City of New York, and I will give you the particulars of that in a few minutes, but it seems to me that if a system of that kind was adopted it would be a serious injury to the quality. I think the quality would be seriously affected. In hospital supplies as a rule large hospitals or fair-sized hospitals generally buy in large quantities, and I am very well satisfied the system adopted in other hospitals is very much as our own, and they buy in such a quantity as to warrant the prices being put down to the very lowest margin. We have a Supply Committee which asks for bids and they buy generally in very large quantitties, quantities to last a year, and they get very low prices, I am satisfied as to that. As to our marketing, we have in connection with our hospital twenty acres of ground and we raise much of our produce, a great saving to the institution, and I think that the other supplies are bought at the very lowest market prices, and I doubt very much that if a commission, which would necessarily be a paid one—the expert superintendent would be paid, the buyers, who necessarily would be experts, would have to be paid, and all the expenses of running the institution would have to be paid, and these supplies are different from a railroad; in the railroad the man who buys oil does not buy railroad ties, and they have experts or supervisors for those different departments. If you had a central depot for the purchase of supplies it would be a very expensive institution to run, if you had experts for all the departments you had, like the purchase of instruments, which are a very delicate instrument, they would not want to go to anybody else than their own experts.

Q. They could be gotten on requisition?

A. Yes, but it would be a very difficult thing to get the quantities they wanted.

Q. It would be cheaper to buy a car load than it would be to buy in small quantities, would it not?

A. Not in all cases.

Q. Not referring to surgical instruments?

A. No. I think that during the year the car load would not be any cheaper than possibly five or ten bolts of muslin would be. Of course, a great deal of this whole business is confidential.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. Is there a teaching class connected with your institution?

A. Yes, sir, we have 52 nurses.

Q. I mean any class for the doctors?

A. The clinics, we have the surgeon who is operating who explains his cases as he goes along with them. As a rule we do not have large classes at all operations, as we are a distance from the City, about five miles, but we have at times a number of students and visitors there.

Q. People come there from different colleges?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. How about the nurses?

A. The nurses have lectures every afternoon from the chief nurse, and lectures three or four times a week from the members of the staff, from the house and visiting staff.

Q. Their tuition is free?

A. They are not paid. No member of the consulting staff is paid.

Q. How long do they have to serve?

A. About a month at a time. For instance, the lecturer on surgery will have two or three lectures a week for two or three months. The different subjects will be taken up at different times.

Q. Do you get any returns from those nurses that are occupied in attending some of the patients there?

A. No, sir. We pay them a sufficient amount to pay for their uniforms.

Q. Don't you have any private patients there that you collect from?

A. Yes, sir. We have a private building with about thirty-eight beds in it.

Q. Part of the bill of that patient is for nursing?

A. We do not always have our own nurses, and not always private nurses. We furnish about one nurse for four patients, is our average. When they have outside nurses they bring them in.

Q. When they furnish the nurses——

A. We do not charge for them.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Is there any money appropriated by the State used for any other purpose than charity?

A. Nothing under the sun. We had sixteen hundred free patients last year out of 2,000 patients.

HENRY CATTELL, Editor Medical Notes and Queries, called.

ies, called.

Mr. Cattell. Mr. Chairman and gentlemen of the Committee, Ladies and Gentlemen: The hospital was originally founded for the poor. It has become a refuge for the rich, for this reason——

Mr. McNichol: Will you enumerate as you go along those hospitals which you place in that category?

Mr. Cattell: I think you could start with nearly every hospital and put it in that category. I would not like, without going into detail, but practically all the hospitals—

Mr. McNichol: All the hospitals of the type we have in Philadelphia?

Mr. Cattell: Of the type of private hospitals that is receiving State aid, those with which I am familiar, originally intended for the poor, have now very largely become the refuge for the rich, and it is the great middle class, to which I belong, that do not receive benefit from these State appropriations.

Mr. Sproul: Is there any objection to the rich taking this advantage of these things if they can take care of the poor as well?

Mr. Cattell: When Socialism comes into power, then, perhaps, the poor and the rich will be taken care of alike, but as I understand there is not sufficient funds to do things as they should be done in the State of Pennsylvania.

By Mr. Sproul:

Q. As I understand, the rich pay for what they get in the institutions?

A. The rich do not pay for what they get.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. They are getting the benefit of these appropriations we have been making to these institutions?

A. You must divide the appropriations into buildings, construction, new equipment, and into maintenance. Now, let us take without mentioning ——

Q. We want you to particularize, because we have an opportunity to go after these particular places. If you are going to speak in generalities, we might just as well have your paper filed here and go over it ourselves.

A. I would not like to mention one hospital when there are so many.

Q. Mention all of the hospitals that you have. Just take the curtain off and let us look in?

A. Let us then take the appropriation for the erection of the new clinical wing of the University of Pennsylvania. I do not know the figures in regard to that.

Q. Mr. Brown can give you those figures possibly.

Mr. Brown: For new buildings for 1909-'10, $165,000. For 1910-'11, $165,000. University of Pennsylvania Hospital Building. Is that the item you refer to?

Mr. Cattell: If that refers to that special new wing.

Mr. Brown: It does not say.

Mr. Cattell: The amount is indifferent. Let us say the cost of that new wing is $100,000.

Mr. Brown: I will give it to you exactly. Is that the item?

Mr. Cattell: No, it is the wing right next to the Pepper Library. It was dedicated last fall.

Mr. Brown: No such appropriation apparently.

Mr. Cattell: It was State money used for that purpose.

Mr. Brown: There are only three items for which they asked, maintenance, $150,000; buildings and gymnasium, $125,000; nurses' home, $75,000. The State Board of Charities approved $150,000 for maintenance; buildings, $50,000, and nurses' home, $50,000, and the appropriations in 1910-'11 were $330,000. They overlap, $165,000 for 1910 and $165,000 for 1910-'11.

Mr. Cattell: It is immaterial as to the amount. Let us say the appropriation is given for construction, $100,000. That first of all would be used for teaching purposes, a large portion of it, and the second portion of it will be used for clinical examination in diagnosing diseases. Now, it is the rich that causes the demand for these diagnoses, and not so much the poor. Therefore, the building is used first for teaching, second, largely for the diagnosing of the diseases of the sick rich—and not for the poor—and this cost is not charged up properly. Now, to illustrate, the way the account is sometimes kept, a bed is endowed for $5,000; the income from that sum is supposed to be sufficient to pay for the patient—it is not quite; that patient pays seven dollars, that goes into that bed, and another seven or eight dollars, or whatever the maintenance may be, is collected from the State. In other words, so far as the bookkeeping is concerned, at least so far as I can make it out, the income from that bed, so far as the hospital is concerned, is three-fold; first, from its endowment; second, from the State, and, third from the patient.

By Mr. McNichol: Does that condition exist in the University of Pennsylvania?

A. I asked to have access to the books of the University with my private accountant and they have very politely refused me.

Q. Was that equally true of the Jefferson?

A. I will make no specific charge in regard to that thing. I know it is true with regard to some of the hospitals as they exist in Philadelphia to-day.

Q. You made an attempt at several of the hospitals——

A. I made an attempt at several of the hospitals to get information and I have been very politely denied access to the books with expert accountants to go over them.

Q. And you make the statement that those hospitals receive a revenue in three ways: from an endowment——

A. Yes.

Q. That is by private subscription?

A. Yes, an endowment. Sometimes they pay as high as five or seven dollars, and they can charge that up to the State.

Q. That is the condition in Philadelphia?

A. It is to-day.

Now, to continue this thought, I personally do not believe that the present method of distributing the State funds in Philadelphia is conductive to the best interests of the public. I believe the number of medical schools should be reduced, and I have outlined personally a little scheme to that effect. I believe the number of hospitals should be reduced. I believe greater efficiency can be maintained by the reduction of the number of hospitals, with larger central hospitals, and smaller branches, so everybody can be taken care of.

Q. What do you mean by "everybody taken care of?"

A. Both the rich and the poor should be taken care of.

Q. You mean the patients?

A. Yes. For instance, what is the purpose of equipping every hospital with an X-ray plant, when if there was a good X-ray plant in one of these hospitals that would be sufficient, and the money saved could be used in strengthening other institutions? I therefore believe that any appropriation which can be made to these hospitals should be greatly reduced until the year 1915, when only two or three of the teaching institutions should have appropriations, and I firmly believe that the question of the appropriation should be used as a means for bringing the hospitals together if they would not get together and unite, as well as the medical schools.

Q. Have you ever tried to bring the medical men together?

A. Yes, sir, and there is a meeting to-night of one of the medical schools to consider that very question.

Q. Of a medical school?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Have you been successful?

A. I would not like to say I have.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Are you on the staff of any medical school?

A. No, but I have been on the staff of one.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. Which institution have you been connected with?

A. I have been connected with the LaFayette College, which does not receive State aid, and I have been connected with the Presbyterian, Blockley, Pennsylvania University, and various other hospitals, some eight or ten more, I believe, and therefore, following out this line of argument that if there be any money that the State can appropriate to take care of the poor in Philadelphia, that money should go to strengthening these institutions such as Blockley and the Municipal Hospital, and that other money should go toward establishing more institutions throughout the State of Pennsylvania, which are sadly needed, and that money should be used in some such manner by the State, money which goes to the schools at the present time.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Do you believe these institutions are accumulating funds at the expense of the State, by fraud?

A. I would not like to call it by that name. It is done more through carelessness than anything else.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. Do you mean this method of collecting in three different ways for that endowment bed is done in an honorable way?

A. The amount of the State appropriation depends upon the number of patients that they can show they have treated. If the patient costs twelve dollars and if the patient pays five dollars, there is a deficit of seven dollars. It is a question of bookkeeping of what to do with that five dollars.

Q. That fund has been provided for by this endowment. You would not say a business man would be justified in charging up against an account that he has already been paid for?

A. If you do not keep one set of books for your pay patients and one for your free patients, I do not see how any man can tell how much of that has been used for the free and how much for the paid patients. When the resident physician charges up his dinner and that is charged up to the maintenance of the State, then you must admit that they are not charging up to the State the care of the poor. Take a hospital which has a resident physician entirely devoted to the pay patients, is that food which goes into that resident physician's mouth charged up to the State or not? Those are things I believe should be looked into by the State.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Could not that be done by a per capita charge?

A. Yes, that is a solution of the problem. There should be a minimum and a maximum charge.

Q. Which could be agreed upon between the hospitals at the beginning of the year?

A. Some of us are agitating at the present time that the hospitals get together and promise not to ask for any more money from the Legislature than the State Board of Charities themselves suggest the hospitals should have. In other words, sometimes the State Board of Charities will recommend, say, $30,000, and then the influence will be such that a hospital will get $40,000 or $50,000 or $60,000.

Q. Is it your idea that these figures or accounts are juggled in such a way that the hospital shall get more from the State for what purpose, to take care of the poor or give additional comforts to the sick rich?

A. The hospitals are unfortunately at times run for the medical staff as well as for other people.

Q. By the way, who does run the hospital, the boards of trustees and managers, or the doctors?

A. Sometimes the doctors, and sometimes the others.

Q. Are not the doctors generally the overwhelming influence?

A. No, I think the Board of Managers of many of the hospitals.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Are they salaried? The statement was made this afternoon of Directors received a salary?

A. Well, I have heard it whispered that when a certain hospital became an educational institution one of the members would then ask for a salary.

Q. There is is no such case that you know of, is there, of a Board of Trustees drawing salary?

A. I do not know of any case. I know where they have asked for it, but I do not know where they have gotten it.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. You do not mean to intimate that there are any improper methods used in doing these things; it is the improper way of keeping books and a lack of judgment, as I infer?

A. I would not like to accuse anybody specifically of any illegal act or thing in these matters, unless I had the absolute proof thereof.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. If they are doing what you charge them with doing, they are doing an illegal act. They are not using the money for the purposes for which the Legislature has appropriated it, to wit, taking care of the poor; that is true, is it not?

A. Yes, that is true.

Q. That is your charge?

A. That is the question for investigation by your Committee, or any other committee appointed by the Legislature.

Q. You say that exists in Philadelphia?

A. I say that exists in Philadelphia to-day, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Do you know that notwithstanding the amount of an appropriation made for the purpose of maintainence to an institution can not be drawn upon in excess of the actual cost of maintaining that institution, and that no moneys can be taken from the State Treasury until after the Auditor General has audited the accounts for any certain quarter and that it would be impossible for an institution to accumulate moneys—that is an institution that was receiving State aid to accumulate any money beyond the actual cost of keeping the patient?

A. That is true, indeed, and every hospital has other sources of income from which it draws the interest, and you can not differentiate between what goes to the free and what goes to the pay patient. Suppose the accounts are presented, supposing there is $200,000 appropriated and $125,000 is drawn from the State. The bills are made out so as to show the $125,000 that was expended from the State. These others are mere private citizens.

Q. You are casting a reflection upon the audit made by the State?

A. It is a reflection on no one. It is a reflection on the loose methods in vogue, because they are mixed up with the pay patients and you can not differentiate. It is utterly impossible.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. It is not the loose method of securing the appropriation, it is the method of carrying out the provisions of the appropriation?

A. Of the law.

Q. Your idea is, boiled down, that the hospital should keep a separate account of the State appropriation divorced entirely from any private funds that may be given to that hospital?

A. It is more radical than that—the hospital not controlled by the State should not receive anything from the State.

Q. It practically excludes everything except——

A. Everything except some two or three teaching hospitals, which absolutely require the State's money, and strengthening existing hospitals for the poor, which are to be found in the City of Philadelphia and elsewhere.

Q. You would enumerate as the teaching hospitals which ones?

A. I would include the University, Medico-Chi., Jefferson, Temple, the Samaritan, and the Women's Hospital.

Q. You would not help us very materially——

A. I would reduce its medical schools to two or three; I would have Jefferson and Medico-Chi unite, and go right down the list.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Is it not very strange that after all these years and with all the efforts of physicians and ministers and those especially interested in this work, that they have not devised some way by which this could be absolutely and fairly done?

A. No more strange than that the Sugar Trust and the Standard Oil Trust or any of those things have not yet devised means whereby certain things could be prevented.

Q. You can not put doctors and ministers who are engaged in the distribution of sweet charity in the line of men who are managing Standard Oil and the Sugar Trust.

A. I think human nature is the same.

Q. I cannot understand it. These men and women do care for the sick and the poor, and are engaged in the noble work of saving lives and fighting disease, and are giving up hours and hours of their time.

A. And they are getting their money out of the private patients in the rooms.

A. And the students get the benefit of their clinical knowledge from that, and these people go all over the universe to help the poor sick?

A. I firmly believe, as I stated before my view of the teaching hospitals, but the number of teaching hospitals should be reduced.

Q. What about the people who cannot come to the hospitals? You are going to reduce 129 square miles of territory for miles around, where there is no hospital. Where would you put your two hospitals to serve this vast number of people?

A. I suggested there should be eight to twelve large hospitals in the City of Philadelphia, and numerous small hospitals as demanded.

Q. No State hospitals?

A. I believe they should be under State control.

Q. What do you mean by "under State control," do you mean under State management?

A. Under State or City management.

Q. You think that can be done more economically than it can be done under private management?

A. Undoubtedly.

Q. Do you figure voluntary contributions an element in this problem?

A. There will always be hospitals that will be under endowment and private gift, such as the Presbyterian, University of Pennsylvania, Episcopal, Pennsylvania and hospitals of that sort, which will take care of the people, so that there will always be a number of pay hospitals which will run——

Q. You think under the adjustment there will be a survival of the fittest?

A. There will be a reduction in the number of hospitals; say there are 52, down to 25 or 26 or 27, and the efficiency of the 25 or 26 or 27 that remain will be very largely increased over the efficiency of some of the hospitals that now exist, in my opinion.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. Your Committee are anxious to have your information, if it is possible to secure it, as to what channels you consider these appropriations have been secured and the graft that is supposed to be paid in securing those appropriations. If you do not want to give it publicly, we would be glad to have it privately.

A. That is a very large question and a question I have given due consideration to, and a question I have certain information upon that I should be glad to furnish the Committee either publicly or in private.

Q. We would be glad to have it either way you consider proper to give it. We would like to have it, if it is possible to get it

A. I will see that you are put in possession of certain abuses that have crept into the State appropriation, and what I mean by that is the legal evidence in regard to the matter. I would consider this was not the proper place to blast a reputation or make political capital or anything of that sort out of any statement that might be made.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. It would be a very good place to do it, doctor, because you have made your charges here.

Mr. McNichol: No, he made his charges elsewhere.

A. Any statement I have made, we are all here for the common interest of the State of Pennsylvania and the City of Philadelphia, and whatever we may think differently in regard to some things, we want to do the right thing for the State of Pennsylvania.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Suppose we put it in concrete form. You made an address before the Medical Society?

A. Yes.

Q. Wherein after reading a paper this language among other was used: "For the guidance of hospitals," etc., "devote 10 to 20 per cent. of any appropriation which you may receive to political purposes and charge the amount so expended up to legal and miscellaneous expenses. Have plenty of private rooms and permit 50 per cent. of these to be occupied free of charge by politicians and their friends, and allow the other half of the rooms to be taken exclusively by the pay patients of the medical and surgical staff of the hospital which receives the appropriation." Now, that statement was made before a large body of medical men?

A. Yes.

Q. Who certainly would be the leaven which would spread it throughout the Commonwealth and the universe. It seems to me if you have any evidence which will justify that statement, which is certainly most comprehensive, that this Committee should have the benefit of it. I do not mean to say that if you knew that somebody said to John Jones or to me, "I will give you ten dollars to get an appropriation," that that means that, but if you know of any system that is so pernicious as to justify the use of that language, I think this Committee ought to have it.

A. I have already told you I would be glad to put the Committee in the way of getting certain information. We all understand the difficulty we have, when we have such able lawyers as we have in the State of Pennsylvania, to get the kind of knowledge —

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. You say you will put us in the way of getting the information?

A. Yes.

Q. Aren't you possessed of that information?

A. I have some of it in my possession.

Q. Will you not furnish this Committee with that information?

A. I will furnish the Committee with it

Q. We want what you have.

A. I told you before I would be glad to furnish you that information which I have in my possession.

Q. Will you furnish that to Mr. Brown?

A. I shall be glad to do so.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Have you any of it with you?

A. I haven't the information in such shape that I would be prepared to furnish it at the present time.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. With the names of the men and institution involved?

A. With the names of some.

Mr. McNichol: We want to serve notice upon you that we intend to furnish them with the information, which will require you to substantiate your evidence.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Are there no poor served in Pennsylvania, for all of our millions?

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. I would like to ask the doctor what type of politicians?

A. Permit me to simply read an extract from the report of the Pennsylvania Hospital, and I think you will find it there, whichever one is in power.

Q. That is hard to discriminate.

A. This remark is taken from the report of the Pennsylvania Hospital when they attempted to obtain their million dollar endowment, and I hope the Committee will ask some of these gentlemen also to give information as to where they obtained their personal knowledge in order to make such statements.

A. How long ago has that been?

A. This was in 1907, two years ago. "Theoretically, the idea of receiving State appropriation is beautiful, but practically the institution is called upon to pay in one way or another the consideration for which the State funds are appropriated to it. Failure to do this, or political heterodoxy, as viewed by the party which may for the time being hold the reins of government, results either in the curtailment of the appropriation or in its entire refusal, whilst the assertion of political freedom and independence of thought on the part of even of a single member of the managing body may result in the harshest criticism and most unjust strictures on the part of those to whom is intrusted the supervision of State appropriations by the institutions to which they are given."

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Who signed that, is there any name attached to that?

A. I have the original in my possession, among my other papers.

Q. And that was issued for the purpose of soliciting private contributions?

A. That was issued for the purpose of soliciting private contributions of a million dollars.

Q. The Pennsylvania Hospital, was it not?

A. Yes.

Q. Was it upon that that you based this article or this criticism?

A. No, that is only one of many.

Q. Were the others similar to that?

A. Some of it was a great deal more specific.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. Do you know that in the Pennsylvania Hospital that the medical men are required to take a residence there, even though they have wives and children residing in other sections of the town, for the purpose of registering and voting in that particular locality; do you know that that exists?

A. No, I do not.

Q. You never made any effort to investigate that?

A. I could not make an effort to investigate something about which I knew nothing.

Q. You are familiar with Pennsylvania Hospital rules; has that condition never been brought to your attention?

A. I know some of the rules of the Pennsylvania Hospital.

Q. Do you know that there are twenty-five or thirty votes in the Pennsylvania Hospital from all sections of the town, men residing in the northeast and northwest, that are you voting down at Pennsylvania?

A. I know more about the conditions down at Blockley.

Q. With the idea that the doctor will furnish Mr. Brown with those facts——

A. I shall be glad to furnish Mr. Brown with everything I have.

Mr. Brown: I want to say you will have to bring something more than that if you want it considered.

Mr. Cattell: I would suggest that Mr. Brown be put in possession of the names of the people who signed that, besides my own.

DR. ALICE M SEABROOK, representing Women's Hospital, Philadelphia, called.

Dr. Seabrook: I have been very much interested in all that has been presented to you to-day, because it is right in the same line with our own work. I have two or three things I would like to present to you. A great deal has been said about the different costs per capita of the patients, and I think when you want to get at that you want to take into consideration the fact that there are just about as many different ways of computing that cost per capita as there are institutions. Some will include all the expenses, repairs and help, heat and light, and everything of that sort is included in it, and so if you want to get at the thing definitely and accurately, in regard to the per capita cost of patients, we would have to have a uniform system of accounting, in which every institution would include the same things in the cost on which they would base their charge. I am not recommending anything, but I do know that in the American Hospital Association that question has been discussed and threshed out a great deal during the last few years, and a committee was appointed to draft a system of uniform accounting, and that is in use in many of the larger hospitals in New York City, and if any of you gentlemen want to inform yourselves upon that, a note to the Superintendent of the Presbyterian Hospital, Dr. C. Irvin Fisher, would give you the result of a great deal of labor that was put upon that.

Now, personally, from my experience in hospitals, I think I should like to have the appropriations made on the number of days that we treated patients. I think we would like to stand by that and have the appropriation made upon that basis.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. That is, the number of days?

A. On the number of days that we treat free patients or part pay patients.

Q. At so much per patient?

A At so much per patient, yes, sir.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. How do you distinguish the partially paid patients?

A. In our hospital, we count those as part pay who pay anything between fifty cents per week up to the cost of their maintenance, which is about twelve dollars per week, the actual cost of their maintenance. All those who pay what it costs the hospital are put on the list of full paid patients; those which are only paying part of their cost are put on the list of part paid. I have been told—I do not know how true this is—that in some hospitals patients that only pay two or three dollars a week are not counted as part paid patients, that they are counted as free patients, and the amount, whatever they pay in is put down to the list of donations or contributions.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Do you know of any institution where that is done?

A. I do not. I have been told that. I say, we always count it as being credited up against the name of the patient, so you may know exactly whether they have made any return or not. The question of endowed beds coming in, we have 260 in the hospital, and we have about 98 that are used as free beds often. We not only use all these endowed beds for free patients, but we see to it that all money that comes to us from the State and contributions for that purpose are used for the people who maintain them, but always the demand for help outruns the amount we have. We are also teaching. We have public clinics to which students may come, and we have a class running from 54 to 60 nurses in the hospital, who are taught, thoroughly trained and sent out.

By Mr. Brown:

Q From what part of the State do those nurses come?

A. We have them from Canada to Florida, and from Missouri to Massachusetts.

Q. Your students go where?

A. Medical students are from the Women's Medical College, usually, and they go out all over the country. We have them from all foreign countries as well as our own city here and from our own State. Of course, there is always the one thing that is looked out for especially, and that is that free patients are not from outside of our own State. There is a good deal of stress brought to bear upon us, sometimes, from our sister State across the river. People over there often make strong pleas to have free patients admitted, but unless they have some one to come forward and bear their expenses we do not admit them.

Q. Do you not take them in for clinical purposes sometimes?

A. Not if they are free. They have to pay something for their care. There is an exception, we have one or two beds endowed by people outside the State, and it is definitely stated that they are for the benefit of people coming from certain sections of the country, and, of course, those people receive that.

FRANCIS A. LEWIS, representing the Episcopal Hospital, called.

Mr. Lewis: I have only a few words to say The Episcopal Hospital does not receive State aid, never asked for it and does not want it, but, on the other hand, if we do not ask for appropriations from the State, we do not think it is quite right that we should be asked to make appropriations to the State, and what the Episcopal Hospital wants, and I believe the Pennsylvania, although I do not speak for it, is to endeavor to draw the attention of the Committee to the advisability and propriety of abolishing the collateral inheritance tax on bequests to institutions of purely public charity. You exempt their real estate, their investments are exempted from the State tax, and it seems hardly fair to us if we are left a legacy of a couple of hundred thousand dollars, as we were last year, and obliged to pay $10,000 to the State of Pennsylvania, which the State distributes to some other charity, which the testator did not intend should be done. Now, if that money were needed for paying the expenses of the State government, I think it would be one thing, but I do not think we ought to tax any institution of purely public charity—I mean the University libraries or anything now exempt by law—that we ought to tax the bequests which are made to us and take the money out of one pocket and simply hand it over to another. That is all I desire to call the attention of the Committee to.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Your policy, as I take it, would be to reduce the revenue of the Commonwealth. What would you say if we took it off of that and put it on coal?

A. You know we are always in favor of taking it off of one and putting it on another. I have always been in favor of a tax on coal.

Q. What would you say to taxing manufacturing corporations?

A. Well, with all due respect to you, I am not a business man. I was a lawyer once, but I am interested chiefly in the charities of the city at the present time.

Q. Well, as a man of affairs?

A. I should think it was very doubtful policy, so far as I have been able to look into the matter.

Q The money you would lose by taking the tax off of such as you have just mentioned, where would you expect to make up that deficiency or loss which the Commonwealth would suffer thereby?

A. Well, I tried to get some statistics as to what it amounted to. I do not believe it is a very vast sum, and I believe if you could not tax coal or anything else to make it up, it would only be fair not to have quite so much money to appropriate to those institutions, because I think a testator ought to have an opportunity of giving his money to whom he pleases, and, as I said before, if the State does not need the money for its absolute expenses, I do not think it ought, morally speaking, to take money that is left to the Pennsylvania Hospital, and give it to some other hospital which it was not intended. When it comes to the question of gifts, I think the intention of the donors ought to be preserved.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Mr. Lewis, the fact that your hospital does not ask for State appropriations, has that ever been the subject of discussion by you and your officers?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Do you think these other institutions are benefited by State aid, when you have been able to operate without State aid and prosper?

A. Well, in the first place, we have been in existence for a very considerable length of time. The Episcopal Hospital was founded in the early fifties, and a great deal of money has been given to it. The endowment fund now reaches $100,000 a year, and the expenses of the institution about $160,000. We get something from the churches by their Thanksgiving Day collection. We get something from the Board of Missions, and while we have a deficit, it always happens, taking five year periods, that we always have more money than we had five years before, so we do not worry so.

Q. How about your free service?

A The service is mostly free. I should think the income from patients was less than $20,000 a year.

Q. When you speak of donations, are those voluntary or gotten by individual effort?

A. You mean to build up that endowment fund?

Q. Yes.

A. A great deal was given, a great deal more was left. It is an institution that always appealed a great deal to people, because it is right up in the middle of the mill district. We have more dispensary patients there than any other hospital in the world, except Guy's Hospital in London. Of course, the accident cases are enormous. Those young surgeons who graduate from the various hospitals here would rather get into the Episcopal because they get a chance, on account of its being right up in that district, to see the accident cases.

Q. How are they able to get along without State aid, and the other hospitals require it?

A. I say, the Episcopal can do it very largely by reason of its endowment. It is supported in a very great measure by the wealthy. I think there are too many hospitals in the City of Philadelphia, and I think if the State is going to aid them, and I am not clear on the question of policy at all, I think they ought not to aid any institution that cannot pay at least two-thirds of its expenses from other sources. I do not care whether it is by endowment, or subscription, or what it is. Hospitals are like churches—there are too many of them—and small churches and small hospitals are no particular good You had a great deal better take the large hospitals in Philadelphia, and situated in different parts of the city, and if people want to get up a new hospital, then let them add a ward to that. There are a great many people who want to give their names to an institution, and when they give their name they do not give anything else, except the building. We have a large amount of territory up there, a large amount of ground, and they expect us to exist in new buildings where people do not provide sufficient money to run the building. Somebody wants to put up a building and put his name on it, and then the institution gets started the best way it can. I do not think that is good policy. I think the State, in making its appropriations, ought to very closely draw the line as to what the institution does for itself.

Q. Then you are assuming a correlative obligation on the part of those interested in the hospital, an obligation on the part of the State to take care of its poor or sick?

A. Undoubtedly. I think it is the duty of the neighborhood, of the city, to look after its poor, and I think it is also possible—I am not going into that question—but I think it ought to be very carefully done, and I think it ought to be done in some proportion with what the institution does for itself. I came chiefly to direct the affairs of the Legislature to what I think is an injustice, that those institutions that receive bequests which are purely of a charitable character should be obliged to pay out some of it to the Commonwealth.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Would you exempt savings funds from paying any tax?

A. You exempted your savings funds from the State tax, as I understand.

Q. Yes.

A. But we are exempt so far as—all charitable institutions do not have to pay the State tax. I have not given that subject any very great thought, but I am very much interested in the charities in Philadelphia, and I think per-

haps there are too many of them, but, at the same time, I want to get this other thought in your minds, that where people are at least kind and willing to give them money in their wills, that they may have the benefit of it, no matter what religion or denomination they belong to, or whether thy do not belong to any denomination, if people are willing to leave money to build up charities and institutions of this City, I think the money ought to go where they intended.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. Will you not try and hand up some paper and file it with us, giving us your ideas?

A. Yes, there was a bill introduced at the last Legislature, at the instigation of the Pennsylvania Hospital, which was not passed, but it was drawn, and we did all we could to get it passed. I suppose if I were to send Mr. Brown a copy of that——

Q. That will give us an idea of what you want?

A. Yes, sir.

DR. ROSENGARTEN, representing the House of Refuge, called.

Dr. Rosengarten: Ours is rather an exceptional case. There are practically but two institutions of that kind, one in the West and one in the East. The one in the West was the outgrowth of this one of ours, which is eighty years old. It is a public institution, and it is cared for under that head. The question whether institutions ought to be State or semi-State institutions is pretty well exemplified in the two cases. They have less ground than we have down at the Mills, and their cost of maintenance per capita is about 53 per cent. more than that of the parent institution at Glen Mills. The difficulty is to draw the line. The old House of Refuge was the first in the State, began in 1826 or 1827, and then the city contributed to its support, and then the State gave a per capita allowance, and then there were changes made, and for a long while they had one-half of the State and one-half of the City, at a rough estimate, and then the City, only a few years ago, had a careful estimate made, and the result was that the Legislature made an agreement by which there is a per capita for every child sent to the institution. The State pays, roughly, one-half of the maintenance.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Does that make up the difference in cost?

A. Yes.

Q. As against the amount the county pays?

A. Yes, practically. It has been suggested that the per capita tax rule is the best for both State and counties, for in that case there would be returned and charged for exactly the number of beneficaries. As it is now, it is only up to the county. We send to each county, Philadelphia and all counties in the Eastern half of the State, we send a statement to the end of the year, showing the per capita, either increased or reduced, based on the cost for the year. If the State had a similar arrangement, I think it would be much better, as they do at a great many institutions. I think they are all paid a per capita allowance, so that there is no asking for any sum other than just what you are entitled to on that basis. The question of appropriations for bu..dings is, of course, a different one. The large advantage, I think it is fair to claim for the House of Refuge in the East, is that it has been—easily 75 per cent. of the buildings and ground have been provided by private gift. When the House of Refuge was removed from Twenty-second and Poplar, the Boys' House, at Twenty-first, the property was sold and that produced a considerable sum, and from the accretion of years—they had bought additional property, and finally they got in all, I think, $250,000 for that property, and then they got in subscriptions about $500,000, and that has all been expended at Glen Mills, and there is now about a population of 900 there, and we are still like Oliver Twist—asking for more. There is need for more buildings. Then the girls' house, which was in the City, has now been removed to the country. Alfred C. Harrison gave us a farm, roads, power plant, just as he gave on the other side of the road, at Glen Mills, a gymnasium and a number of other things that represent a very large sum of money. Indeed, that is not the only thing, because when he gave a gymn. he added to it a liberal endowment the income of which maintains it, so that the gymn. and swimming pools and all those luxuries do not cost the institution, or the county, or the State, a cent. The State exacted from us, that if they gave us $125,000, that we raise a like amount, and that, I think, has been more than met. We are still needing, of course, very many more buildings, and I suppose in time, just as at Glen Mills, some will be the gift of private individuals, just as the chapel, work house, shop and hospital and things of that kind, were really the gift of private individuals. That is the advantage of having this semi-private management. You can interest an individual in an institution that is run by individual effort and management. I do not suppose there is any case on record where a State institution is receiving a benefaction from an individual.

The appeal we make to you gentlemen is that the State shall be liberal in its gifts for maintenance, and generous in its gift for buildings, and we will try as far as we can to utilize those funds and do the best we can with them. I think your own knowledge of Morganza will show you that it is better for an institution of this kind, so far as possible, to be managed by individuals, rather than by a State commission.

By Mr. Brown.

Q. Such an institution would normally be under State control; is that not so in other States?

A. I think there is no rule on the subject.

Q. I think it is, to a certain extent, a reformatory institution?

A. It is that, and I think there should be a large measure of State supervision. I welcome it. If the State would take it out of private hands and make it public, I think some of us would be relieved after a good many years' service, and more or less gratefully.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Where did the suggestion come to you from that you should raise a like amount?

A. I think it was made in the Appropriation Committee. We went there and asked boldly for $150,000 to begin work at Darlington.

Q. Wasn't that embodied in your bill?

A. It was embodied and added to the bill, I think. It was put in as a rider, and we submitted and went out and did it. You see this work is a State work; the children are sent to us by the judges.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. You receive no pupils except those sent by the courts?

A. That is all.

Q. You have heard these gentlemen express their opinions about the great need of the institutions of the State's appropriation to those institutions. Do you share that feeling?

A Yes, I do, very strongly. I may say first of all as to State aid, it does seem to me a hardship that institutions which are purely charitable should be obliged to pay collateral inheritance tax.

Q. Assuming that these appropriations are proper, is it your thought that the Legislature would be justified in increasing the revenues of the Commonwealth by levying additional taxes, or by a more stringent enforcement of existing laws?

A. The purpose of taxation is the distribution of money and charity, and part of the work of the State undoubtedly is the care of the sick and poor and injured and defective classes.

Q. I am asking you now because I know of your large experience. Have you given any thought to the subject, for instance, of our State roads. There was a bill passed at the last Legislature at the request of the Governor for five million dollars for State roads, which was vetoed because there was not sufficient money to give to the institutions and do that work, too. Is not such a demand as that a reasonable one on the part of the people of the Commonwealth, and ought they not to be considered in the distribution of the State's money?

A. Yes, but should they not be based upon the principle that where the gift was so much the county and the individual should give so much in proportion?

Q. Assuming that there is not enough to give to these hospitals—ten million dollars were asked for at the last session, and five million for the road—do you think the Legislature should levy sufficient money to pay for these things?

A. It is a very difficult question, because we have grown up under a system of self-help. So many of our institutions were based upon gifts and grants. The State has come to their aid later and that is a very difficult question; they have come only to supplement the individual grants and gifts. Now, the rule abroad is that nearly all the institutions are absolutely State institutions, and in the Western States nearly all the institutions are State institutions.

Q. You are a member of boards governing such institutions. Is it your thought that the State could do any better than you gentlemen are doing it?

A. I should doubt it, although I would be very glad to see a representative of the State—the State is represented on our board by the fact that three of the representatives are appointed by the Board of Judges, the City is supposed to be represented by two appointed by the Mayor, so that in that respect both the City and the State are represented on the board, and the others are represented by the contributors.

MR JAMES NOLAN, representing St. Joseph's Hospital, Reading, Pa., called.

Mr. Nolan: There are one or two points which occurred in this morning's testimony which I wish to refer to, and one was that Mr. Brown had put the question to quite a number of people here as to what economies could be effected by the State buying the supplies instead of the hospitals or their management contracting them. I cannot talk as a matter of course for the hospitals in general, but of my own in particular I am satisfied they can and do buy goods cheaper than the State can furnish them. The reason is obvious. There is sympathetic feeling in the hearts of the store-keepers for the hospitals and other charitable institutions, and as a matter of fact I believe that in many cases they sell their goods to those institutions at cost and below, and sometimes almost to the extent of making them a donation. In that way I think a change to the State furnishing these goods would work a hardship, and I think it would be to the injury of the institutions themselves.

Now, in the matter of the need for more revenue, I am satisfied that the enforcement of the four mill tax rate in the proper way would bring a great deal more revenue to the State. I am almost sure that there is a very heavy percentage of that four mill tax that is not collected.

Q. How is that brought about?

A. It is brought about by people evading collection largely. There are people who come under my observation who buy bonds in other States and neglect to make a return.

Q. You mean they deliberately perjure themselves?

A Yes, sir. They do not perjure themselves because they do not make any return.

Q. That would be another way of whipping the Devil around the stump?

A. That is about it. They will leave the assessor find out what he can in the court house as to what money they have and then he assesses the usual penalty and they escape scot-free on a great deal of their investment. Often lots of people the assessor does not reach and could not reach, and they purposely do not make any return. They are never called upon

to do it. I think a strict enforcement of the four mill tax would bring an increased revenue to the State.

MR. JOHN T. LEWIS, Jr., representing the Pennsylvania Hospital, called.

Mr. Lewis: I represent an institution that was established in 1851, and as we have never called upon the State for any moneys except at its foundation, two thousand pounds, and a few years afterwards two thousand pounds, that is all the money the Pennsylvania Hospital has ever received from either the State or the city, and all we are interested in is that when we are left contributions or legacies from our friends, those legacies are charged, of course, five per cent. collateral inheritance tax, and the hospital would be very much relieved if that could be taken off or the hospital relieved of paying that money.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. That is similar to the claim of the Episcopal Hospital?

A. It is very much the same. In 1909 we received a legacy of over $200,000. That made a payment of some $10,000, and that is quite an onerous charge upon us. We have beds for nearly three hundred persons in the City Hospital, and we take care of 450 insane in West Philadelphia. The expenses of the hospital are something over $400,000. I am sorry to say we do not always get through at the end of the year with any sort of a balance. Last year we were behind, and if anything can be done to relieve them of the trouble of the collateral inheritance tax, it would be very pleasant.

I should like to say another thing. A moment ago it was said here that there were married doctors and others in the hospital, under the ordinary term called colonization. There are no doctors living in the hospital except unmarried doctors, and they serve there for two years. They are young men who have just graduated from the University or other medical colleges here; and they are received for two years and receive no pay. They are boarded and taken care of and they live there all the time. There are eight of those. There is one what we call a chief resident physician who receives a salary. There are one or two in the laboratory receive a salary, but other than that they do not. Of course, the nurses and all those people receive salaries.

Q. What is the length of time for which they serve?

A. Two years They are elected every three months in turn and they eat there.

Q. They are all single men?

A. They are all single men. While it is not a condition that they should be single, it is a condition that they should live in the hospital, and the attending physicians, of course, are physicians of longer standing and they live at home and attend the hospital and the patients there, but they only come at certain hours in the day, or when they are sent for. There are some ten of those in the City Hospital and over in West Philadelphia there are——

Q. You have eight internes and how many——

A. Eight internes and one chief resident. None of them are married.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. You have never applied for State aid, have you?

A. We have never applied for State aid.

Q. Dr. Cattell read a paper here to-day, which appears to have been issued by your hospital.

A. I heard him read it. There was a paper issued some three or four years ago, two or three years ago, and I cannot say whether what he says is in it or not. I do not remember.

Q. If you have never applied for State aid, you would not know what was necessary for such an application, I presume?

A. No, we have never applied for State aid.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. Those post-graduates or students there, are they residents of Pennsylvania?

A. There are no post-graduates; it is entirely a hospital.

Q. Well, the internes, or those who are taking care of the sick, are they residents of the State of Pennsylvania, or from outside of the State?

A. The internes?

Q. Yes.

A. They may be either. Most of them—they are nearly Pennsylvanians; very often the majority of them are Philadelphians. We have had them from outside of Pennsylvania. I think there is no one there now, though, I am not certain In running over the names I am not certain. We have no post-graduates. These men are all graduates.

Q. That is an extraordinary condition to have twenty-five or thirty men registered from a hospital?

A. No, they are orderlies who are there to assist the female nurses.

Q. It does not exist in any other institution outside of Blockley, in Philadelphia?

A. I do not know how many orderly assistants they have; they are for certain things the female nurses cannot attend to in a hospital.

Q. They certainly cannot attend to having their votes registered?

A. No, I think you will find, and if you wish I will give you——

Q. It is immaterial.

A. I have heard it before, it is not the first time I have heard it.

Q. It is something for you to look after?

A. No, I think I can say positively, I think I know how it is managed; I have been there a good many years myself

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Have you an endowment fund—you have, of course?

A. We have an endowment fund.

Q. And that is the reason why you have not applied for State aid?

A. That is the reason why we have not applied for State aid.

Q. And your hospital is practically free, too?

A. It is entirely free. We have some rooms where persons who require certain conditions and medical attendance can have it, but I do not think they pay for what they get, I may say.

Q. The difference between you and the other hospitals asking for State aid is in the endowment?

A. I think it is on account of the endowment, yes. We would like to have more money, but they have never done it, and they do not want to do it. They would rather live on their own fat; if there is any fat.

Q. Are you connected with any other hospital?

A. No, sir.

Q. How much experience have you had in hospitals, how many years have you been connected with them?

A. About twenty-two years.

Q. Do you think the other hospitals could do as well as you are doing without State aid?

A. I am not prepared to say that. I do not know the conditions.

Q. It is a case of the individual after all?

A. That is all.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. Will you have your secretary file with Mr. Brown some information in regard to the collateral inheritance tax?

A. Yes, sir.

MRS. A. C. LACEY, representing Old Ladies' Home, called.

Mrs Lacey: I only have to say for our institution that it is non-sectarian; we take in all denominations, or whether they have any denomination or not; we draw the line simply at color. We existed eleven years without State aid, but it was very poor existence. In 1885 Governor Pattison gave us $2,500 to pay off the second mortgage, which I myself paid off, although I was at that time secretary and am now treasurer of that institution, and have been all the years since it has been in existence. We have received about $62,000 from the State, and I can safely guarantee that it has all been accounted for in the maintenance of our home, and without State aid we would be very materially crippled. Still, I suppose, by hard work we could probably get along without it, but it would be a back-bending expedition all the time. We have been very kindly taken care of by many people who have left us money. We have an endowment fund; my books will show there probably $70,000; I do not know exactly how much it is without looking up, but we have always bid the auditor welcome; he has had access to our books, and at any time the Legislature wants to send anybody to my books, if they will come to my house they are perfectly welcome to see how we dispose of the funds they have given us.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. What ages do you take in?

A. They must be 65 when they come in and we now have one hundred and fifty-five under our care. With them we we have a corps of employes with a housekeeper and night nurse and helpers, I think, amounting to about twenty. There is no one paid who comes there to do any work excepting the doctor; we pay him because he has to be called very frequently to see old people who have reached sixty-five; they are not well, any of them, and he comes at any time. Other than that there is no officer paid, unless they would say that my pay of $10.00 a year for my car expenses there to the home came under that head. I have been treasurer since 1894. We do not owe any money; we have no mortgage. The second mortgage, that money was gotten for, paid that off, and we have no debts on the institution. We have a good property well taken care of, and we have this little endowment fund, not very much but at the same time we manage to get along and our folks, I guess, are about as well taken care of as any charitable institution in the City. We never hear very many complaints. It is hard to bring together old people and make them assimilate. Last year we had $10,000 and this year $5,000, and I think if the Legislature looked into the books they would find that was all used in maintenance.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. It did not cost you anything to secure that appropriation, did it?

A. Not one penny. I have always had the greatest deference paid me. The account goes in not later than the twelfth of the month. I wait because our institution is a small one, and I have received my money returned to me in thirty-six hours, and I have no complaint whatever to make. Henry F. Walton once presented our bill for us, and the gentleman who represents our district from Wissinoming, and we had no trouble. Once I went to the Committee and asked them and they gave us $10,000 towards building an old building, not in the regular way, and they gave us $10,000 and that we accounted for in a separate way to the Legislature We would be very sadly crippled if we would lose the appropriation now

DR. J. M. BALDY, representing Gynecean Hospital, called.

Dr. Baldy: It seems almost like carrying coals to Newcastle to say anything more on the subject, and it seems to me, as a general proposition, that the information asked by the Committee is on two points, first, as to the advisability of keeping up the appropriation to the State charities, and, second, as to the best methods of doing it. I concede in answering the first, that it is a great moral question. There is no legal obligation on the State to educate its citizens; there is no legal obligation that it shall take care of its sick, but I cannot see the good of a sick or dead educated man or woman. It seems to me if it has a moral obligation to educate its citizens, that the State has a moral obligation to look after its sick and protect its well from infection from such as are sick.

There is a small coterie of men in the profession who are opposed to the appropriation. The vast bulk are almost a unit, the professional men and hospital managers are in favor of the system of appropriation. It has been said that hospital managers are not paying much attention to and are not managing the hospitals properly, and I have noted that about three-fourths of the gentlemen here are among the better class and busiest and most influential medical men in the city of Philadelphia, and that has been my experience

for some twenty odd years; that is the class of men who manage the institutions. There can be no question whatever, that in the general statement it is perfectly true, that there is a most careful handling of State funds in all these institutions; there is a most careful accounting to a responsible Board, and those Boards do overlook—maybe they do have a superintendent who takes the details off their hands, but that superintendent and every other responsible servant under them reports to them periodically and they know where the money goes and what it is spent for, and they know also that not a penny of it is spent in any way except for what it has been appropriated.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. You differ from Dr. Cattell?

A. Absolutely; flat-footedly. I have heard these rumors of graft and mismanagement for twenty years, and I have never seen any foundation for it. I have gone to Harrisburg for twenty years, and I have even had my friends in the Legislature refuse to dine with me, and I have yet to hear or know of a man among my friends who were lobbying for hospital appropriations say anything even approaching a hint, and I know most every prominent medical man in town intimately.

Q. What is your association throughout the State, Doctor?

A. Almost general. My practice takes me almost over the State.

Q. What is the opinion of these men as you go from place to place, in regard to appropriations?

A. Many of these institutions could not live and never could have been brought to the perfection they are to-day had it not been for the State's generosity. You have had a speaker, the last one, in which State aid has been absolutely necessary for the building of that institution and keeping it on the foundations which it has. Further than that, I venture to say—and I will make the statement well within the limits—that the State aid, if it were withdrawn to-day, from twenty-five to fifty per cent of your hospitals would instantly go out of existence for lack of support.

Q. Are they all needed?

A. In the State itself generally, yes. There are some exceptions. In the larger cities I think there are too many hospitals. That is well indicated by the fact of the number of beds that are vacant. That is a problem that has been tried to be dealt with by several gentlemen on the floor, an idea it is almost impossible to deal with. Amalgamation and association is very well theoretically, but you, gentlemtn, are faced with the fact that there are a certain number of institutions, and these institutions have been established for various sundry reasons and to take care of different types and varities of illness. Some of them are large and have teaching appliances; some of them are small and have no real teaching appliances, but as a matter of fact the physicians teach in all the hospitals so far as they are able to do it; they use very largely of their material for clinical material. I do not believe you can get medical men or get Boards of Managers to wipe out of existence certain types of institutions. Take the Wilis Eye Hospital and Orthopedic Hospital as special hospitals; take the Gynecean Hospital for gynecological cases. Take the Children's Hospital for children's diseases, and I could go on and enumerate a dozen others, all representing different types, and I doubt very much whether you could get in any way, shape or form the gentlemen who have devoted their lives to building up these institutions, and by so doing educating the profession, not only of Philadelphia, but of the country and the world, in the advance practices of their specialties. I doubt if you could get them to consider wiping out the work of a lifetime by consolidating with some institutions in which their individuality would be wiped out. When they started there was a great necessity for such work in the community in the teaching of the profession, not only in this City, but of the country and of the world. Many of these institutions, take the Gynecean Hospital, for instance, when that hospital was instituted there was no special hospital in this State for special gynecean work and the mortality was from 30 to 50 per cent. The Gynecean Hospital was the first, and was quickly followed by other hospitals of a like type, the specialists pushed their work and developed it, with the result that with the aid of the State the mortality is down to 2 or 3 per cent., and not only in that institution but in almost all other institutions in the State. In other words, they have been the means in fifteen or twenty years of developing a branch of surgery which is the most important of all the branches of surgery, and have been the means of educating the profession to a standard which was never dreamed of as a possibility, and never could have been done without State aid, and those institutions to-day largely are still needed for the greater and advanced work. You have heard Mr Walton speak of the bad cases sent in to us from the country, and these institutions are needed for just that class of cases. The general practitioner can handle the majority of cases, but they come to a class of cases that they dare not touch, that they want to come to the hands of men who are experts in institutions that are devoted to that, and these institutions, all of them, have their necessity and their use in those directions.

As a matter of fact, that brings me to another point, that the education that the State aid has given by the development of the different institutions throughout the whole country. Fifteen or twenty years ago it was a rare surgeon in the State of Pennsylvania who could even do an average amount of modern surgery. To-day there is not a community that has not an expert, or two or three experts, all due to the education furnished by institutions which were put on their feet and allowed to develop their work, and largely, if not almost altogether, by State aid, and it would have taken a hundred years to have accomplished what was accomplished in fifteen or twenty years had the State not stepped in with its assistance. Many of these institutions will go out of existence if the State aid is withdrawn, and I take it that the community is warranted in taking care of its sick by educating its physicians, as it is in its general education.

Here is a little squib I wish to read, because it brings out four things the State has developed and done, and each and every one of them is a warrant for the aid the State has appropriated:

"By its appropriation to hospitals Pennsylvania has aided materially in placing in all regions prompt medical and surgical relief at the disposal of those requiring it. Rare now is the spectacle of a crushed and dying man being carried for miles in a jostling wagon or freight car, in order to reach a place where an appropriate operation could be performed or the merciful ease preceding the longed-for and inevitable death obtained. Good nursing, good physicians and surgeons and good hospital accommodations are now found in nearly all centres of population in Pennsylvania. The rich as well as the poor receive benefit from this improvement in the local appliances for meeting medical emergencies. The local practitioners of medicine have, with greater opportunity for seeing unusual cases, become more advanced thinkers and more experienced operators and prescribers. Even laymen realize the change and expect the local doctor to be familiar with the improvements and advances of modern medical science. The charitably inclined have been increased in numbers and greatly broadened in view by association with hospital matters in their own towns."

By Mr. Brown:

Q. From your observation and experience, has there been any improper use made of the hospital service? I mean, that due to State aid, by the physicians themselves?

A. Never, that I know of.

Q. I mean, have they used those institutions for the promotion of their own personal interests?

A. Never.

Q. Directly or indirectly?

A. I do not believe they have done it directly or indirectly. I have known physicians to do this; take a town, for instance where there is a quarrel. The doctors go out and form another hospital; that, you might say, was unnecessary, but as for using the money for improper purposes after they have gotten it, I do not know of a single instance of my own personal experience, nor have I ever had it intimated to me.

Q. Do they take these things and use them for their own personal use?

A. Almost every physician has a private room. That is an aid to the State. Those patients get the benefit of that advancement in that hospital and the skilled work that can be given to them. They pay more in dollars and cents than would doubly support them. They bring money into the institution, and where those rooms have been used in that way it gives the institution an additional income and helps to pay for the free wards.

Q. What is the reputation of the physicians for using these

A. If any of them did and it was known to the Board, the Board would report them.

Q. Has the medical profession ever considered it from that point of view?

A. The medical profession would not countenance any such man.

Q. Have any charges ever been made?

A. Whispering have not been considered sufficient to discuss.

Q. I mean these doctors prominently connected with our hospitals; have they been charged with it?

A. None that I know of. I have heard whispers under the breath in one or two cases over a course of twenty years. It is absolutely absurd to say that because there may be one case, or a dozen cases, that the general proposition is one of rottenness.

Q. So far as your experience has gone, the whole thing is clean?

A. I should say the State money has been absolutely and cleanly spent to a penny, that it goes back to the very purpose for which it is appropriated.

ADJOURNED until Friday, February 4, 1910, at 11.00 A. M.

Public meeting of the Committee held at Room 496, City Hall, Philadelphia, Friday, February 4, 1910, at 11 o'clock A. M.

Present: Hon. James P. McNichol, Chairman; Gabriel H. Moyer, Vice Chairman and Secretary; Wm. C. Sproul; William H. Keyser; James F. Woodward; David Hunter, Jr., of the Committee; Francis Shunk Brown, Esq., Counsel.

THEODORE M. ETTING, ESQ., Children's Aid Society, called.

Mr. Etting: Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen: I would like to say a few words as to the general purposes of the Children's Aid Society, in order that the Committee may be fully inforrmed as to that subject. Our work is limited to a class of children who but for our assistance would become a direct charge upon the State, and would, we think, almost invariably drift into the criminal classes. Our assistance is rendered to foundlings, to dependent orphans, children who, through the cruelty of parents are having their chances in life blighted, or to children who were abandoned by their parents, and in some instances through our intervention the help of juvenile delinquents, all of whom are removed from the immediate surroundings with which they are confronted to various homes scattered through eastern Pennsylvania. We operate through 20 counties. The furthest county west at the present time is Huntington, although I believe we have had and have at the present time applications as far west as Blair. The same work is in a general way done for Western Pennsylvania by a society of the same kind having its headquarters in Pittsburg. We have been working since 1882 or 1883. We have during that time expended about $875,000, and in the same time we have had about $175,000 from the State of Pennsylvania.

Our system of operation is this, that we have homes selected in the various counties through rigid investigation, and the children as fast as they can without undue expense be transported to those homes, are sent there and are treated just as other children are in that locality. They are not allowed to be worked in those homes to their own detriment. That is to say, the person with whom they are boarded (in some instances they are kept without board) cannot utilize their services in any way so as to deprive them of the advantages of a public school education. These children are all compelled to go to the public schools, and we receive constant reports from the superintendent of the schools as to the progress they are making. They dress like other children. They have no badge put upon them which prevents them from having a fair chance in life and their environment is changed from that which they were formerly surrounded with to one that gives them as fair a chance as any other boy in that locality.

The society is absolutely non-sectarian and the only endeavor in that respect which is made is this, that the child is placed in a home where the religious teaching is that under which the child was born. We get in every instance, at intervals of time, reports from the teacher, I mean the religious teacher of the child, so that we are kept in touch with both phases of the situation, the progress the child is making in school and in religious development. Then from time to time we visit the children through our paid inspectors. In a general way that is the scope of the work in which we are engaged.

Circumstances have within the last two or three years singularly favored development, I am sorry to say, at an expense which has compelled us to spend at least a certain portion of money which we had laid by. The situation is this. There is situated at 1506 Arch street an office which is known to all of the poor of Philadelphia coming within the class of cases which I am speaking, a woman who has been deserted by her husband, a child left a charge upon the community, or where anyone knows of cruelty that is practiced upon a child, or various cases that fall within this description. There is an office which is practically not only our office but which is a clearing house for cases of this kind. That is technically known as the Children's Bureau. It is maintained at the cost of three societies. One is the estate of Henry Seibert, who left a considerable sum of money, I think about $1,000,000 or more, which his trustees are devoting to the establishment of a village in one of the neighboring counties in which children of this class are taught trades. That constitutes one factor in this Bureau. Another factor is the Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Children. The third is the Children's Aid Society. Every case of this kind can be investigated at that bureau. It is in touch with all hospitals, and with all of the child saving work in eastern Pennsylvania. If the child, after full investigation is deemed to be a child that is worthy of this assistance, then the next step is to determine by some personal investigation of the child itself how we can best utilize the advantages which are within the control of these societies. We have, in order to make this effective, a child's shelter which is situated on Fifteenth street near Pine, in an office adjoining the building of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, which accommodates a certain number of children. Then we have temporary shelters in selected homes, and then we have The Seibert Institution. In that way during a period of 30 or 60 days we can get some notion of the child. We can get some notion of its healthfulness and its possibilities, and we have the child inspected by a doctor. If there is any trouble about its teeth affecting its health, we have that corrected. At the end of that time the child is either sent to the Children's Aid Society, and in that event is sent to one of these homes scattered through the eastern part of the State, or if it is not fit for that we send it to a hospital if that is required, or if necessary, and if it is a juvenile delinquent of a very extreme class we send it to an institution of that nature, but in a general way our effort is to avoid as far as possible in the case of small children, institutions. I say this in no spirit of hostility to any existing institution for the betterment of children because we believe they have their usefulness, but in a general way we believe that a juvenile delinquent, or a child who, through misfortune and not through its own fault, has been brought into this condition, ought to have just as fair a chance of moral training as your child or mine, and we think it ought not to be condemned and thrown amongst a class of children, many of whom are worse than itself, and thus exposed to that kind of influence. We think it ought to be given a chance in another environment, and the children grow up as I say, in these homes. The success of the endeavor, which has now been tested for some 30 odd years of experience or thereabout, has been remarkable.

As an illustration (I am not at liberty to give names), but such is the reputation which the society has made that within the last eight or ten years we have had applications of a nature that I will indicate. For example, a professor in one of the leading universities in this country, a university that has a world wide reputation, lost a child. His home was so saddened by the want of child life that he desired to have some child, and preferred to take a child so as to associate charity with it. He sent to us, and that child will now grow up under circumstances and conditions that may make any possibility in life open to it. That is only one of many instances, which I think it would be in the power of our society to furnish.

I would like to say something in connection with this Children's Bureau which we have recently established here. I am informed by persons who were present (I was not present myself) at a meeting held in Washington, before the end of Mr. Roosevelt's administration, of workers from all parts of the country interested in child work, and which met at the White House, that the system that we have established in Philadelphia of a clearing house which is conducted, as I told you, at 1506 Arch street, was regarded as the greatest advance in that kind of work that is in existence anywhere in the United States.

So much for the purposes and enlargement which has marked the progress of this society. We have generally 1,500 to 1,800 children in our care. I want to say a word on the general subject which is occupying your attention and care, and which is most interesting, that is, the extent to which aid should be given by the State to undertakings of a private nature. With great respect to your opinion, and with great deference in view of my own limited knowledge of the subject, I want to give you a thought which is present in my mind, because I have thought much about it, and if it be worth anything it is at your service. My own view is that the State of Pennsylvania has no right whatever to tax its corporations or private citizens for any purpose other than one which the State ought to undertake directly, but that if you bring any particular charity within the line of cases which the State ought itself to take care of, then you are far better off if you can utilize private assistance and the endeavors of private people to supplement the State work. By way of illustration I take our own society and I hope that in taking our own society as a text I am not pleading for its benefit alone. Its work the State of Pennsylvania ought to undertake without the intervention of any society, were it not for the fact that I think it can be readily demonstrated to your satisfaction that if the State were directly to undertake this work, the work would be conducted at much greater expense, and probably not so well as it is when conducted through private agencies. I mean to say that my own interest in this work has largely grown out of the very noble administration of the work which I see conducted principally by woman. It is essentially the kind of work that a woman is much better fitted for than a man. Our board, which at present has about 18 members, is mainly composed of women. We have four or five men on the board, who take care of the business end of the administration, and who are there to advise the ladies in connection with that work, but it is a kind of work that particularly appeals to feminine instinct, and if in connection with that you utilize men in different departments, then you do it much better than if you confide the entire work to men. If this society did not exist these children, instead of going, I think perhaps to the extent of 80 per cent., into the useful classes and filling your work shops and your homes, would drift into the criminal classes almost invariably. They come to us with bad blood in their veins. They are illegitimate offspring, or come of unhappy marriages, desertion on the part of the husband, generally accompanied by drink, or else they come as children who have committed petty crimes. Those children would first be a charge upon their respective communities, and in the second place by heredity, if it were not for the change of environment, they would almost certainly eventually fill your jails, so that, inasmuch as the advance of thought has imposed upon the State a duty of this nature, the State must of necessity take care of them. It must take care of them either as youths and give them the chance of their life-time, or it must take care of them as criminals when they grow into manhood or womanhood. Therefore I say that this class of cases presents a work which the State ought to take upon itself directly, were it not for the fact that through the intervention of individuals in all large communities you can obtain very material assistance in money, very much better assistance through private efforts than you could through any system of government administration. When you come to administer the State's assistance then my thought is that you must first select not necessarily cases in which the work is done directly by the State, because while I have not the slightest intention of saying a word in disparagement of the way in which State work is undertaken, it may easily be that there are classes of cases in which the State has not directly interested itself which are quite as meritorious and which ought quite as much to be a charge upon the State as the cases in whose favor the State has already intervened.

For example, take the case of these children as opposed to the insane. If you could imagine a condition of things under which it would be necessary for the State to so husband its resources as to say that it would give to neither class, that they must both go, or else that one or the other must go, the economy of life, the protection of the State from invasion, or the husbanding of its resources for work, should all be in favor of the child. I do not wish you to withhold your bounty from the old or from the insane, but if you had to choose between the two, as a practical question, as Judge Johnson said to me some time ago, the last time I appeared before the State Board of Charities, when I said, "The great advantage that this society has in coming before you is its hopefulness," and he said, "Yes, it is the only hopeful one. The rest is simply a question in my judgment of amelioration, but here you have a chance of absolute cure in the great majority of cases." Therefore my thought is that you should not ignore existing institutions, and the necessity of giving them aid, but if they come within the class whose work the State ought to do directly, of course, you ought to take care in giving them assistance that the assistance which the State gives supplements private efforts. You never ought to give them so much money as to deter people from contributing, or allow them to sit quietly by and trust to the State. You ought to compel the people in all instances to help themselves.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. What percentage of effort do you think private parties should make in proportion to the contribution of the State?

A. To answer that would require someone who had studied the whole subject better than I have. Mr. Carnegie, who has studied this subject very carefully, I think requires half. The State ought to require much more than half. I can only say that in our case that it cost us $100,000 in round numbers to maintain this work.

Q. You get $30,000 from the State?

A. We get $15,000 a year from the State, but I want to be frank with you. That is not all that we get. We get some assistance through the County Commissioners, the exact amount of which I cannot tell you, but generally it is about $1.50 a week for each child. I think in some cases a little more and in some cases a little less, whereas I think we calculate it

costs us about $2.50 for each child. In other words, we have no child that is not absolutely maintained through the help of private effort.

Q. What is your limitation as to age?

A. We have no limitation as to age.

Q. You do not take them beyond 21?

A. No. I mean no limitation of age less than that of majority.

Q. Do you take them as early as four years?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Is there any other institution in Philadelphia doing similar work?

A. No, sir, not that I know of. I think I am correct in that.

Q. Do the societies in Pittsburg, Meadville, Greenburg and Chambersburg do work similar to this?

A. The society in Pittsburg does. There are a number of county societies that do, so far as their means and opportunities exist.

Q. You have spoken about supervision of these children after they leave your care?

A. While they are in our care.

Q. When you place these children out in homes you have spoken of supervision. What has been your experience, if any, as to complaints of ill-treatment of the children, or anything that would be derogatory to their welfare?

A. I could not give you absolute figures. They are very rare—so rare that I doubt if we have ever tabulated them.

Q. You applied to the State Board of Charities for an appropriation of $40,000 for two years, $20,000 a year?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. They cut that down to $35,000. What reason was given you for that reduction, if any? Why did they cut your annual appropriation from $20,000 to $17,500?

A. They said they had to endeavor to bring their recommendation within the amount of money available.

Q. It was a case of money altogether, and not a case of merit?

A. Not at all.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. How much salary do you pay out yearly to officers?

A. We have a superintendent.

Q. What is the total amount you pay yearly in salaries?

A. This gentleman who is now our superintendent we selected after going all over the country. We brought him here from the West, and the society as a society has never paid a penny of his salary. It has been paid by friends of the society who guarantee his salary.

Q. I understand you have expended in 30 years $875,000.

A. Yes.

Q. Of which the State gave you how much?

A. $139,000 is the correct figure.

Q. Then in point of fact the total amount received from private sources was in the neighborhood of $740,000?

A. No, sir, it does not represent so much as that, because we have received through the Poor Boards of these various counties some money which could be worked out.

Q. Could you give us approximately about how much?

A. In no instance does the sum that we get from the Poor Board pay. It is not enough to pay for the child.

Q. I want to get just what has been the real private charity you have received during those years?

A. I will see that you have that.

Q. Is it less than $15,000 a year. I am talking about private assistance you receive outside of the State and the Poor Boards?

A. No, I think it would greatly exceed that.

Q. Say $500,000 in 30 years?

A. Yes, from private sources. I think so.

Q. That is rather a limited amount of charity in a great city like this from the potential men we have around town, do you not think?

A. It is so. I have no desire to say anything derogatory to private charity, because I think there is a great deal of it here, but if you will look over the list of persons who give to private charities, apart from sectarian charity, you will see the same names repeated over and over again.

Q. We do not want to say anything slightingly about those people, but if there is such a deficiency in the giving of this money for charitable purposes, do you not think the Legislature should be given some assistance in devising a plan by which they can be made to give what they should give?

A. I think so, if you can devise such a plan.

Q. If we call on gentlemen like you, who are familiar with these conditions, to give the information you desire, we may be able at the next session of the Legislature to devise some plan.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. That is, assuming there is an obligation on our people to take care of their helpless poor, whether or not if that is not voluntarily done it should not be done by the Legislature in the levying of a fair revenue to produce the results?

A. I think it should.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. In your experience of 30 years you do not hesitate a moment to say the State should take care of her poor, more especially children?

A. Not for an instant. I think there is necessarily room for improvement, as will be found in the study of all conditions. I think there is room for improvement in the administration, as to selecting between something Mr. Brown is interested in and something I am interested in, but after considering this question of State aid very carefully I give my opinion for what it may be worth, that I should be extremely sorry to see State aid withheld from proper subjects for bounty.

Q. You are also extremely interested in seeing those people who have been shirking their responsibilities in that direction forced to contribute?

A. Undoubtedly.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Has your society made any investigation as to the preventive usefulness of this society? In other words, by its activity to what extent it has relieved hospitals, asylums and so forth, of boys and girls who would naturally become charges if it had not been for the efforts of your society?

A. In almost every instance they would be.

Q. Your charges would ultimately be driven or would drift into those institutions?

A. Undoubtedly.

Q. The State would have to take care of them in any event?

A. Undoubtedly.

Q. At an enlarged expense, besides losing their usefulness as good citizens?

A. Undoubtedly. We get some instances to which I might refer. Children come to us through the courts. We get what are called support orders, but a support order is rarely worth more than 25 to 50 per cent. of the order as given, because the person upon whom the support order is made loses his job, or is a worthless fellow generally, and shirks it.

Q. Has your investigation shown to what extent these boys and girls develop and get on as citizens?

A. Since I have been president of the society there has been no table of that sort compiled. I do not know what opportunity we would have of compiling it, but Mrs. James Biddle, who was my predecessor as president of this society, and who understood this work far better than I do and far better, I think, than any person of my acquaintance, gave me the average of 85 per cent.

Q. 85 per cent. developed to the good?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. And 15 to the bad?

A. Yes.

Q. Of the 15 to the bad have you any idea as to the very bad, I mean those that ultimately go into the criminal class?

A. I have not. I do not know really where Mrs. James Biddle got her figures from.

Q. It would be very interesting from a sociological point to have those statistics.

A. Of course, it is very difficult to keep tabs. The children are passing in and out of our care, and the period when a woman goes to the bad is so hard to fix. We lost sight of them. We have had numerous successes and have sent some people to the Legislature.

Q. You have had considerable experience in these institutions. What is your thought as to the standard of efficiency of these institutions as compared with those in the conduct of ordinary human affairs, business matters?

A. I do not know anything about institutions other than this. I am very much more interested in questions of the disposition of the money, I mean to say in the general thought of what is best for the State, that I am about these institutions.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. The Commission would like to know just what the salary list of this society. Give it to us in total.

A. The total is $11,000.32 out of a total batch of $95,339.

Q. How is the batch made up?

A Board paid out for children, $51,000; clothing, $13,000; traveling expenses and transportation of children in placing them, $7,000. We have no building to maintain. The other items are rent, light and heat. It ought to be stated in regard to this salary, that the fact that the society cares for 1,400 or 1,500 children on this plan is only possible because we have a corps of 12 or 14 trained agents who travel through about 40 counties of eastern Pennsylvania, finding these homes and selecting them most carefully. Mr. Brown inquired as to complaints. Our safeguard is that every home, before a child goes in it, is seen by a trained agent who goes all over the situation and makes out a report. That is filed in the office in writing. This has previously been covered by an application blank and four references from reputable citizens of that county. The economy of the plan is that we do spend something for salaries. If an examination is made by experts of the placing out work for children the test of efficiency is, do they have a corps of trained agents to make the plan efficient? There ought to be a law prohibiting the placing of children in family homes except by persons who are making a special study of it. In other words, it should not be carelessly done.

Q. How many trained agents have you?

A. Fourteen.

Q. What compensation do they receive?

A. An average of $35 a month and traveling expenses, up to $50. It is not enough, but all we are able to pay at the present time.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. What is the membership of your society?

A. There are about 1,200 contributors, and they give a total of about $17,000 or $18,000 a year.

Q. Out of the 1,200 you get $17,000 a year?

A. Seventeen thousand dollars a year. Then ye get annually money from other sources. For example, we got $7,000 last year from a fair that was held for our benefit. Then, so far as our experience goes, we can count on about $7,000 a year from legacies. We have never been able to husband our legacies. We spend them as they come. It is the only way we can live. We do not like to do it.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Have you made any calculation as to how much money would be required to allow this society to develop into the greatest efficiency?

A. No.

Q. You get $35,000 from the State in two years, $17,500 a year. How much could you use a year?

A. I think Mr. Brown has raised a very interesting question. We have not yet covered all counties in Pennsylvania. We only organized in Lebanon a week or two ago. Country counties are asking us to organize this work. I think the Commission would be interested to know that we have covered eight or nine new counties in the past two years, and are trying to develop the principle of self-support in every one of those counties.

A gentleman in Williamsport has contributed several hundred dollars to get the work started there. They are raising $3,000 in Williamsport to help to get the thing started there. We feel very strongly that people who are able to contribute ought to be compelled to first. State aid should be an encouragement and a supplement to private charity. I think an analysis of our report, which we shall be very glad to submit, will show interesting things on that score. We collected last year $6,000 from parents in support of their children. We try to be very careful on that point.

Q. You collected from the parents of children?

A. From parents of children in our care.

Q. What kind of parents were they?

A. They are men who have in many instances lost their wives by death, whose wages are $8 or $10 a week, who cannot get a housekeeper and maintain a home, and who have one or two children. They do not want to give up the children. They come to us. They are not able to pay for full support, but pay $1.50 or $1.75, and sometimes only $1 a week. It costs us about $2.50.

Q. They are children of what type of men?

A. Men who are working as day laborers.

Q. What did you say the wages of a day laborer were?

A. It is not as much as that in some instances, $7, $8 and $9 a week. We study every case, go over it with the man in a sympathetic manner, to see what he can do. I am speaking of a well disposed man who really wants to keep his children. We go over the case carefully and sympathetically to see what we can do, and we do not make the children a partial charge on charity unless we are sure that is the thing to do. In addition to that they have court cases in which a judge makes an order against a man who is able to contribute in the judgment of the court. Those cases are committed under order of court. Those orders are almost never paid in full, because when a man is in court and an order is made he is not usually a very hopeful subject. Our figures have been worked out. It runs several thousand dollars every year short. Private charity has to supplement that. An analysis of our figures would show that we try to put the support on the parents or relatives when there are any. The local Poor Boards in cases of almshouse children pay $1.75 a week. The other $.75 comes out of our general fund, so this appropriation is distributed over 25 or 30 counties. It is not a Philadelphia matter. While I am on that point, I believe that a reform in this direction would indicate that the appropriation should cover a larger area. In other words, the children's aid societies at Franklin County, Westmoreland County, and at Meadville, referring to what you said a week ago about the possibility of consolidation, should be asked to join the Pittsburg headquarters, which federates 25 counties out there. The counties at this end should come in the eastern society of Pennsylvania, and then the Legislature and the State Board of Charities will know exactly whom they are to hold responsible for the placing out work of children in this State.

Q. What would you say to putting the institution under the supervision of the State Board of Charities with the right to employ just such persons as you have?

A. That is done in Indiana.

Q. Would not that be a more business-like way of conducting a matter of that kind?

A. It is a matter well worthy of consideration. The Chairman will recall this was up at the last session of the Legislature, and I think it is a matter very well worthy of consideration, how there might be more concentration and placing of responsibility on a small number of agents instead of creating a large number of new ones.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Do you think that would discourage private charity?

A. In Indiana private charities go on and do another class of work, adapt themselves to changed conditions.

Q. In harmony with the State?

A. In hamrony with the State.

Q. How many dependent children have you?

A. 1481 on the first day of February.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. In eleven counties?

A. In the eastern district.

Q. How many in Philadelphia?

A. I suppose about two-thirds of the whole number. We are organizing this work now in the other counties.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. In how many counties is this work organized?

A. 21 or 22 at the present time is the number for whom we actually have children. Blair County has recently applied. The whole Juniata Valley district is now included in our society. We are trying to spend the money in an economical way by drawing on local resources. I can only say I think I myself sent out 14,000 or 15,000 or perhaps 20,000 appeals a year, which I sign with my own name, after most careful selection of neighborhoods, to get aid. It is pretty difficult to get any more money than we receive. Several thousand letters were sent out to business men of the city telling them what we had in the way of State aid, putting the problem before them. We wanted to get support. The State appropriation did not cover it. We try to be very frank about that and educate our contributors.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. The trouble is that too many independent organizations are embarked in the same mission.

A. That is one reason we tried consolidation.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Has any reason been given to you why the philanthropists of our district should not appreciate the importance of an institution like this, for the purpose you have indicated?

A. I do not know of any. We have been in successful operation since 1883 and can show most hopeful results. It would be a matter of great gratification if any of you gentlemen went to 1506 Arch street and saw exactly what the system is there, how carefully every child is cared for and his or her case opened to inquiry.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. If we had fewer coming out parties and things of this kind and more attention to charity, there would be much more efficient results?

A. I quite agree with you. There is one thing I think ought to be mentioned at this point. Our society and the western society of the same nature would welcome a movement on the part of the State Board of Charities or the Legislature to fix a high standard, below which no society that receives children is allowed to fall; to know that there is a stricter supervision and stricter accounting on the part of stricter accounting on the part of every institution that places out children, setting a standard below which State aid would not be given. There is an opportunity for the State to improve the efficiency of the agencies by making that condition, saying to them, "You must raise a certain amount from private sources or we cannot give you this donation." That would put a spur to the local community. They would see, as some philanthropists have done, in giving large benefactions. I commend that thought to you for what it is worth.

Q. Will you have that thought boiled down to a short brief and give it to us?

A. Yes.

CAMUEL M. CLEMENT, Jr., Temple College, called.

Mr. Clement: I presume you gentlemen sitting here, constituting the Legislative Commission, are after knowledge and light on the general subject of the State's revenues, how they can be raised, and how applied after they are raised, and in that connection I would like to call your attention to an institution of Pennsylvania which has never been recognized by the legislative powers. There was established about 25 years ago in Philadelphia a brain factory. A big, broad, man, who was a humanitarian in every sense of the word, conceived the idea that the greatest asset that this Nation had or this Commonwealth had, was the young men and young women who were growing up into manhood and womanhood, and his thought was that he could not do a better thing for the Commonwealth than to start a series of educational courses for the young women and young men of this Commonwealth. As I say, he started 25 years ago with seven men in his own study. He has worked from that time to this, until now he has 3,600 students. He has 252 instructors. He has grown from no asset to assets amounting to almost $1,000,000 in property, and all this has been the work of one big, broad man in Philadelphia, and not one dollar of aid has he ever received from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The young women and young men that he undertakes to educate are the young men and women who, by reason of their pecuniary condition, have been unable to finish their courses in the public schools or in the colleges, young men and young women who are forced by the necessity of their families to go out and earn a living for their old mothers and fathers, for brothers and sisters. They get along to be 17, 18 or 19 years of age, and they realize that in this age of competition their chances are not as good as those of young women and men who have been well educated, so they come to Dr. Conwell and pay to him what they can afford in order that they shall not be objects of charity, and they are taught not only the elementary rudiments of education, but they are taught the higher arts and sciences. We have a medical school and a law school. We have a dental school. We have a domestic science school. In fact, we have every branch that can be conceived for the betterment of the condition of the young men and young women of this City.

It occurs to me that the great State of Pennsylvania should realize that this is an asset that they can well afford to invest in. There is not anything that will perpetuate the great name of Pennsylvania better than to educate young men and young women so they can go out and be more useful to themselves and to their Commonwealth. It seems to me that it would be very appropriate for this Commission to go back and to report to the House of Assembly that if we have not revenue enough to encourage the education of the young men and young women in Pennsylvania, then we should raise the revenue. If necessary we should put a tax upon gas companies in Pennsylvania. We should put a tax upon water power companies in Pennsylvania. We should make corporations that receive special privileges pay for them, in order that the State might have money enough to educate the young men and women of this State. We might put a few more mills on the brewers and a few more mills on the distillers and so on. We could very well afford, all of us, to contribute of our earnings for this very worthy purpose. We might even make the lawyers pay a certain percentage of their earnings to the State for the privilege of practicing here, in order that they might help some poor brother who has not money enough to be educated to be a lawyer.

I call your attention to these facts because the man who dropped the acorn 25 years ago from which has sprung this magnificent oak, is to-day on his sick-bed and has been for many weeks. His time has almost worked out. He has given his time and his money until he is almost exhausted. The president of this university himself, considering the money that he has given and the interest on that money in the last 25 years, has given to his university himself $1,000,000. He has spent one-half his time in the last 25 years on sleeping cars, going about in this great United States lecturing to raise money for this university. It is hard to understand in these selfish days how a man could be willing to give up everything in life for that magnificent principle, but he has. I heard him say before the Board of Directors not long ago, "Gentlemen, I want to say sincerely that if I could lay down my life to-day, and by laying down my life I could insure the perpetuation of this magnificent work for the young men and young women of this Commonwealth, I would be willing to die to-day," and I believe every word of it.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. What is the difference between the position of Temple University and the University of Pennsylvania, in your mind, as respects an appropriation from the State?

A. With respect to an appropriation from the State, I would say that the University of Pennsylvania has no greater claim upon the revenues of the State of Pennsylvania than has the Temple University. I want to say, with great respect to the University of Pennsylvania, because I graduated there myself in 1897, that they do good work, but as regards the poor people of this Commonwealth their usefulness is infinitesimal as compared with the great work of Temple University, and the Temple University is as much entitled to the taxpayers' money for their wonderful work as is the University of Pennsylvania, or the State College at Bellefonte, or the Western University in Allegheny.

Q. What restrictions, if any, do you place upon admisison to Temple University?

A. We place no restriction, excepting that the young man or young woman who applies there must be of good moral character.

Q. Earnest and honest, I suppose?

A. We want to encourage industry and thrift, and we care not whether it is Jew or Gentile. We care not for their creed or their race or their politics. We ask them to go there and come within the influence of that magnificent environment, and we are sure that they will go out a credit to their university and to their State. Among other things that they are taught there is a reverence for their State, respect for the officials of their State. They are taught that the great Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is not a bad place, but it is a good Commonwealth. They are taught that the City of Philadelphia is not a sunken city, but they are taught that Philadelphia is one of the most magnificent municipalities in this great country, and when the boys and girls leave Temple University, they leave it with great respect and reverence for their City and their State.

Q. What has been the outcome or result of the activity of Temple University?

A. The result has been this: That in 25 years we have graduated 60,000 young men and young women.

Q. In what different branches?

A. In all the branches, from an elementary education up to doctors of philosophy, ministers of the gospel, doctors of medicine, dentists and lawyers. There is not any branch you can think of that we have not, and I want to tell you that of the young men who have graduated from Temple University in medicine, but one man in the nine years the medical school has bene in operation, has failed to pass the State Board examination, and I want to know if there is another medical school in all these United States that has a higher average than that.

Q. Why have you not had State aid?

A. We have not had State aid because Dr. Conwell is one of those men that would rather go on and work until he died in the cause than go before the Legislature and assert his rights. He is a modest man. He is a man that is unwilling to force his claims, very much to the detriment of the University.

Q. Laying aside the personality of the founder, do you consider the institution would have been more useful if it had during all these years received State aid?

A. That is a question impossible to answer. I take it upon the same theory that a man who has earned $1,000 and spent $500 for charity would have done better if he had had an income of $10,000. Then, perhaps, he might have spent $5,000 for charity. It all depends on conditions. It is absolutely impossible to take a retrospective view and answer a question of that kind satisfactorily, I think.

Q. Are there possibilities for usefulness of this institution beyond that which they have been able to satisfy?

A. Yes. We have to-day about 3,600 students. We have a magnificent property that we have bought from our collections, at Broad and Brown, and we have applications for the education for at least 10,000 young men and young women a year.

Q. Why do they not go to other institutions?

A. Where are they?

Q. Are they of sufficient means to go to the University of Pennsylvania?

A. They are not; because the young men and young women who go to our university work during the day to support their families, and we educate them at night. If you know of any other university where they do like work we would be glad to send them 3,000 students a year.

Q. How do results from your institution compare with results from other institutions?

A. I would refer you to the State Board of Law Examiners to find out our average there. It is as high as any law school in the country, and our medical school is higher than any other medical school.

Q. Do your other departments keep apace?

A. Absolutely. We take young children when they are hardly able to walk, in the kindergarten, from poor families who cannot afford to educate and keep them at home. When the mothers go out working all day, we keep the little ones in there, care for them in the kindergarten and nursery, and try to help their mothers in their education and in a moral sense.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Coming back to the question of raising revenue, what would you say as to taxing manufacturing corporations?

A. I would say this, that if it is necessary, and revenue cannot be raised in any other way, I would say tax manufacturing industries. First, I would exhaust all other means of taxation, because the theory of not taxing manufacturing companies is because we want to encourage industries of this kind in this Commonwealth, but that was the old theory, and I think now that the manufacturing industries are developed the case is changed. It is something like the tariff. There was a time when it was necessary for us to have a high protective tariff to build up weak industries. Those weak industries have developed into gigantic trusts. They do not need any more protection, and we should remove the tariff. The same principle could be applied to manufacturing industries. No doubt, when the framers of the Constitution said manufacturing corporations should not be taxed, it was to encourage those industries, but do they need that encouragement now? Take the manufacturing industries of this Commonwealth and you will find that they are wonderfully rich. Take, for instance, the steel corporations. Why should not the Carnegie Steel Company, and why should not the Cambria Steel Company and the Pennsylvania Steel Company, and other manufacturing corporations pay their share of the taxes of this Commonwealth?

Q. What would you say as to taxing our natural resources?

A. When you say natural resources——

Q. I refer to coal, for instance?

A. Coal, lumber and materials of other kinds. Of course, as I am told, lumber is becoming very scarce in Pennsylvania, it would hardly be fair to tax it unless it is upon the theory of preservation, but it seems to me coal should be taxed, because I believe that the coal in the earth in the first instance belongs to the people of the country. Someone has been given special rights and special privileges for the mining of that coal. That is all right, and those vested interests should not be disturbed; but those vested interests, when they can afford it, should give of their means to the State, in order that the State may extend its arms of charity to the people in the Commonwealth who are less fortunate.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. What protection would you give to the consumer if you taxed coal?

A. Natural competition is the only protection the consumer has. We were told that after the tariff bill was passed, of course, poor people would benefit, because the price of the necessities of life would be less, but we find they go steadily up.

Q. Will you give us any data on that that will be substantial, except newspaper reports?

A. If you will go to market for me next Friday night——

Q. I pay a market bill every week.

A. The trouble is, you pay it without investigating the cost of it. If you put a basket on your arm and went to market as I do, and bought eggs and butter where you could buy them cheapest, you would realize that every day prices are going up.

Q. We are forming alliances now to abstain from eating those high priced articles and get back to natural conditions.

A. We have to eat something, and I am tired of Mother's Oats. I do not want to take up any more of your time. I have given you the best thought I had on this subject.

Q. Will you compile your thoughts into a brief and file them with Mr. Brown for the information of the Committee?

A. I will be very pleased to do that. It just occurred to me you might be interested, especially the Chairman, in an editorial that appeared in the North American on January 29th. Sometimes the North American does print good things. I do not know whether you gentlemen read it or not. I believe your distinguished counsel has at times read it, but if you will take the trouble to read the editorial of the twenty-ninth of January in the North American, which is entitled "Philadelphia's Best Factory," you will have a great deal of light on the subject that I have been discussing, very much better and very much more accurate than I could give it to you, and after having read that I am sure you would go back to the House of Assembly fully convinced that this great institution, founded by Dr. Conwell, is the best asset that Pennsylvania has, and you will give to her bountifully from your treasury every year.

DR. W. P. WILSON, Philadelphia Museum, called.

Dr. Wilson: Mr. Chairman:—I represent the Philadelphia Museums, an institution which is somewhat peculiar in its character, not a private institution, as it has on its Board the Governor, the Superintendent of Public Instruction of the State, and the State Commissioner of Forestry. At least, the Superintendent of Public Instruction and the State Commissioner of Forestry were put on on account of the educational work which the institution was doing. It also has the Mayor of Philadelphia, the Presidents of Select and Common Councils, the President of the Public Board of Education, and the Superintendent of Public Instruction, active on its board. I should say that the President of the Board of Education and Superintendent of Schools, also the Superintendent of Public Instruction and Commissioner of Forestry, are frequent attendants on its Board.

It is a peculiar institution, in that it started out to aid the manufacturers and commerce of the State, and to do that it found a most effective way in lines of education, and it began soon after its organization to plan out a systematic work in the State to educate the children in lines of commerce and the industries and this is the only State in the Union that is doing that sort of work. It has been for a number of years circulating collections in the State, in the schools, large collections in the higher schools, to stimulate industry and stimulate knowledge of geography and commerce in general. Large collections have gone to over 1,500 schools in the State. At the present time it is circulating smaller collections, with cabinets, so that the schools are not compelled to provide cabinets. It has already prepared 300 of these and sent them out and is preparing 600 more. They are designed to reach the ungraded country schools in remote districts, and there are about 18,400 of those ungraded schools.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. How much State aid do you receive?

A. We have received on an average since the institution began $20,000 a year. In some years we have received very much more than that.

Q. How much from the City of Philadelphia?

A. On an average we have received from the City since our organization $75,000 a year.

Q. How long is that?

A. We have been organized about 13 or 14 years. We have had from private individuals since we have been organized an average of $35,000 a year. That comes from the manufacturers and others who vigorously use the institution.

Q. Your plea is that this aid should be continued?

A. It is that it is a very essential thing for the State.

Q. Do you receive any aid from the United States Government?

A. At one time we received $350,000 for a special purpose.

Q. How long ago was that?

A. That was in 1897. It was received for permanent buildings for the museum. Three hundred thousand dollars of it was asked at that time for that purpose and $50,000 for putting in objects which would be interesting to commerce.

Q. The Commission has no disposition to have you discontinue your argument, but in as much as no special plea is made for discontinuing the aid, the Commission feels perfectly satisfied with what you have said and has no fault to find with the work you are doing.

A. I ought to say one word, that the output of the manufacturing interests of this State is $2,000,000,000 annually at the present time. It has doubled in the last few years. This line of education has its greatest importance in that way, the manufacturing interest being four times what the mining interest is or what the agricultural interest is. I want to say just one word further, that there are other States agitating this method of procedure. Illinois, Ohio and Wisconsin are all considering the question of doing just what we are dong, and they send here to see how we are doing it. Within the last fifteen days I have been called to an educational conference in Massachusetts, in which the Chamber of Commerce, which is now reorganized and has over 5,000 members, through one of its educational committees called 17 presidents of colleges and universities together for conference with the business men. The whole consideration was on the organization of an institution similar to the Philadelphia Museums, to do educational work in the State, industrial education. That continued over the day and evening, and last Friday had a second session. I was called again. That is the most active work that is being done outside of the State of Pennsylvania. I should be pleased to give you gentlemen a report, which I am sure you have no time for here.

Q. File it with Mr. Brown.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. How far do you ascertain the condition of labor in the respective countries as compared with the condition of labor in the United States?

A. We have never specially taken up that question. We have taken up several questions of investigation in foreign countries, but not that.

Q. You have exhibits from all over the world?

A. We have.

Q. Manufactures of all kinds?

A. Manufacturing exhibits and others.

Q. Do you go into the cost of those particular things in those countries?

A. Wherever we get manufactures we get prices and conditions of production; that is, the price it is sold at on the market or that it is exported at. That we have to get.

Q. What is the cost paid to labor employed in putting together that particular product?

A. That we have never gone into.

Q. Do you not think that is essential for the information to the general public?

A. It is a good thing for the general public.

Q. Comparison as to how much the profits of our manufacturers are as compared to those in other countries?

A. It would be a good thing. We have gone very extensively into the question of prices which the Germans and English and others get for their exported products, and labor, of course, is an essential part of that, but we have not gone into the labor detail itself.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. To what extent does the United States Government do this work?

A. Very little.

Q. Through its consular offices?

A. It is very limited for this reason; that if we take such a country as Germany, a decree was published in Germany, four years ago, to give our consuls no information whatever where it could be kept from them.

Q. You think this service can be done better by an institution like yours than by the State directly?

A. If an institution like the Department of Commerce and Labor wishes to write to anybody, except their consuls, to get information, they must do it through the Secretary, and it becomes a very formal matter. I would like to state that I have had an appeal within the last three months from the Department of Standards, in Washington, to get them wools in four or five different countries that they might standardize them for the benefit of wools coming into the country. They did not choose to go out through the Secretary of Agriculture, because it would become a formal government matter, and we are in touch with chambers of commerce all over the world, and could simply write to Cape Town and get the specimens they wanted from there, and to New Zealand and get them from there, and from Australia, and from Argentina, the four or five places where they wanted them, without any formality whatever, because those countries have all sent us large collections, Argentina 250 fleeces at a time, to exhibit for the benefit of the wool trade, and in many ways we can do that sort of work in a way that has no official touch to it whatever, and get accurate information. We can write to a chamber of commerce in Germany, and get information which it would be perfectly impossible for the Government to do without detectives.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. You have had applications for those educational exhibts from almost all counties in the State?

A. We had.

Q. Do you not spend quite a large part of your State appropriation in sending out those educational exhibits?

A. We do.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. Does the United States Government compensate you for securing those samples they ask for?

A. They pay all expenses. We charge nothing. We have a large clientele all over the world of colonial houses, and we do all services for nothing for those colonial houses, because it leads them to come to us for all kinds of manufactures in this country, and we can tell them with whom to make their connection, which is a great asset.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. You give preference to Pennsylvania institutions?

A. Always.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Have you any data as to the educational benefit from the circulation of those exhibits?

A. I have probably 200 letters from educational people in the State.

Q. Showing the work was a leaven for the benefit of the institutions?

A. I have letters saying that now that they are working with them they could not do without them in the schools. I could present a great stack of letters of that kind.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. What would be your thought of the consolidation of that particular feature of your work with the University of Pennsylvania, with you in charge?

A. That really is something I would not like to discuss.

Q. Have you had your mind made up as to what would be the result, whether beneficial or detrimental? We do not want you to say anything before this Committee except merely for information.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Eliminating your personality?

A. I have never thought of the possibility.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. You are satisfied with your present boarding house?

A. I am. I have never thought of the possibility of the University taking up commercial work and that line of education particularly.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. In the next two or three months will you give it some thought and let us have your views on it?

A. I will try to do so in the next few weeks if you desire.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. In that connection also let us have your thoughts as to combining it with the Bureau of Industrial Statistics in the office of the Secretary of Internal Affairs at Harrisburg.

A. Yes, sir. It is something, of course, I have not thought of for a moment.

Mr. McNichol: Do not get out of your own town. Remain in the confines of Philadelphia.

The Witness: I have had overtures recently to get out, not only from the South, but from New York and Boston, but I believe Pennsylvania is the foremost State in the Union. It is the largest by all odds in manufacturing, and I have had a feeling that we have helped it along a great deal in the last few years.

DR. GEO. W. MacLAUGHLIN, Penna. Seamens Friend Society, called.

Dr. MacLaughlin: Mr. Chairman, we do not like to monopolize your time, therefore I would like to be as brief as possible, for your time must be exceedingly valuable, I take it. I represent the Pennsylvania Seamen's Friend Society, which was organized in 1843 and incorporated by the Legislature that you gentlemen represent in 1846. Some of the grandest men Philadelphia ever possessed were its original incorporators. The purpose of the organization was the preservation and elevation of the men of the ocean. That involves millions of men who have no similar characteristics in the world. The remarkable thing is that greater attention has not been aroused to protect the carriers of the cargoes as they sail the circle of the globe. The revenues of your country are gathered from these identical men, whose exposure, both physical and moral, is unequalled by any other class of men in the world. The society, therefore, started in some time ago, and it has done its level best. Specifically it organized a large home at 422 S. Front street, a very fine building. Dr. Weir Mitchell was down to see us some time ago, and I was amazed that so remarkable a character would be interested, a Philadelphia man, a man of high intelligence. He said he came to view our home, which he did. That home will accommodate 40 to 50 men at one time. Dismiss from your minds the idea of anything contracted or small or indifferent about it. There is no such home in Philadelphia. There are plenty of homes to accommodate sailors, and they are accommodated in various ways, perhaps, as you may readily imagine, in any direction that their fancies might lead them . Our home is very select and very carefully conducted. We have never had a bar connected with it in 66 years. We did not think that was at all wise.

I wish you could be there and see those good fellows. If a shipwrecked crew is brought to that home, as I have met them many times, I do not profess to be much of a woman, though a fellow is liable to shed a tear now and then when he is not, to see eight or ten men come into your office, broken all to pieces. "Boys, you look to me as though you were wrecked yourself." Cowed, broken in spirit. Oh, how touching! What do we do? We have been doing it all these years I challenge any organization in Philadelphia to surpass the proposition I make to you now. We fit them out with warm underclothes, a full suit of clothes, shoes and stockings. That is the kind of charity that is wanting nowadays. Can we be at a loss when we tell you that the home has accommodated 50,000 men? Think of that. They are men who have come and gone like the waves of the sea. It is an institution which contains the elements of a hospital. I have been listening to this hospital story. It was a very worthy one. If a seaman is taken sick in that home we have a visiting physician. What does the public know about that? We have not gone to the house top. A prescription is furnished by that physician. We pay the bill and take care of that physician. Can you think of anything more complete than that. This has been done for 60 years. How much do these gentlemen know about our Philadelphia work in that direction. I say to you in the most positive and manly way that the overlooking of this important class of men is a thing the English understand infinitely better. They protect their sailors. You can go over the globe and you will find that English organizations are in the large ports of the world. New York has come to it with an institution that has cost $450,000 or $500,000. You are aware of that, **perhaps.**

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. Money appropriated by the State of New York?

A. No, sir. I am not sure but what some money has been given to it, but there was a very nice, handsome woman, handsome in the sense of the gift, that handed over several hundred thousand dollars, and they were worthy of it, and if you believe me I have been in the work 27 years. I have a passion and an ambition that Philadelphia will have a handsome house for those splendid men who bring in the cargoes here out of which your Government lives. It is the revenues that support the American Government. You know that, Mr. President. Mr. Sproul knows that. He belongs to that valuable port of Chester. He ought to know a great deal about the thing I am talking about and I am sure he does.

Along with that we have a large plot of ground at Mt. Moriah Cemetery, beautifully enclosed with marble, and all the requisites, so that when a poor fellow dies in our home or in a hospital, far from his dear friends, it is touching. I have looked into the coffin of those men, and said, "Ah, your dear friends do not know anything about this," and we have them carried and placed in that large and valuable piece of ground conveyed by the Cramps. They did the handsome thing for us, and I secured it all. My dear Committee, this home of ours has been doing a splendid piece of work that Philadelphia does not know. I venture to say this Committee knows very little about this class of work. I am sure of it, because you must come in contact with it. You must make yourself conversant with the facts. These men come ashore. They are boys, and yet grand fellows. They come ashore here and will be taken care of by men and women without any embarrassment at all, for what they are worth. We propose to help them with a nice home, handsomely equipped with nice rooms. Any one of this Committee might take a room there. We have accommodated, as I told you, some 50,000 men. In the past year, up to this time I think it is 658, and some hundred lodgers. It is something different from anything in Philadelphia, entirely different. Along with this arrangement we have what is known as a system of libraries we send on shipboard, which originated about the time of the breaking out of the Rebellion, and these libraries, some 30 volumes in a case, placed on ships, of which there were some 4,052 containing over 7,000 volumes. Have we not been spending money? We have not come as mere beggars. Oh, no, we are standing up magnificently for a class of men that the public seem to know little about and care less. I organized, some eight or nine years ago, a free school for instruction in navigation which is at the home in one of the rooms, under the care of one of the most careful teachers of navigation that you could find here or anywhere else. I went to Washington and consulted with two of the Secretaries of the Navy. They were delighted with the idea. It seems to be something new. You may know how much they were delighted when I got two of them at two different times to come to Philadelphia and make addresses at our anniversary. I am sure you will agree that there must have been something in it to have brought two such men from there.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. What State appropriation do you get?

A. I am almost ashamed to tell you, it is so small—$4,000 for two years.

Q. What is your total revenue?

A. We have revenue coming from rentals and private subscriptions and all that. This school has received within eight years, I think it is, some 250 odd scholars. Every one that has appeared before the Government Inspector at Ninth and Chestnut streets has passed, and that Government Inspector complimented me by saying, "You must have a very valuable teacher. We have passed them all, and to pass the examination for a Government certificate a man has to understand his subject or he won't get the certificate." There has never been one turned down. Can I say anything more remarkable in favor of one feature of our work?

I could wish, indeed, that we had a greater amount of money, but we have been a little modest. One of your legislators said to me, "Why don't you apply for more money?" They might have thought I was a weak fellow, but I think it was more modesty than weakness. It has occurred to me that a little more openness of movement in that direction might be beneficial for us. I want everyone of you gentlemen to come and see us at 422 S. Front Street, an elegant building, where we will treat you handsomely indeed, and have you dine with us.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Do you take care of any others than sailors?

A. No, sir, it is absolutely and distinctly a sailor's house. We could not afford to open the house for promiscous people. It would not be safe. I think you will agree with me on that. Would you like to have our reports?

Mr. Brown: Leave those with me. I will be very glad to have them.

The Witness: I am so proud of my own State, in which I was born, that I do not like anything mean about it. I would like to have a sailors' house that is big.

Q. As good as anybody else or better?

A. Yes, sir, just as big as you are and everybody else connected with you. You may think I am very earnest and intense. If you think so, pardon me. It is the intensity that I have for my work.

DR. N. F. MOSSELL, Frederick Douglass Memorial Hospital, called.

Dr. Mossell: Mr. Chairman, I am very pleased to have the opportunity of speaking with your permission. I represent the Frederick Douglass Memorial Hospital. We represent a hospital managed largely by our colored citizens, the first hospital in Pennsylvania that our people have assumed the responsibility of directing, and the second one in the United States; in fact, the largest and best equipped hospital now managed by colored people anywhere in the world. We have always felt that when our work was properly presented we would not have any serious difficulty in having aid. Most of you know that we, by reasons of race variety, have embarrassments. Our nurses who wish to be trained, and we have a large and increasing number of intelligent colored women who make excellent nurses, find it practically impossible to get in other hospitals—a very unfortunate thing. The same thing is true along other lines. I would draw no lines, either in race or religion. We would feel ashamed to ask for State aid if anybody that came in there and needed it was refused by reason of race. We have an institution that cost us $100,000 to erect. The State Legislature has been good enough to give us, up to this time, $8,000 on that building. The Legislature was kind enough to vote us considerably more than that, but the Governor in his judgment decided that the State revenues would not permit it, and we were cut down.

In regard to the effect that aid has on people that give, I can say that already our people have been encouraged to give by reason of the aid. Our people alone have raised in the neighborhood of $40,000 for that institution and it has taught them to give in lines that they never had been known to give before. It has taught them a lesson of giving that they would not otherwise have had the opportunity to learn.

We have, in connection with that institution and hope to develop in conection with it in the next year a post-graduate school. We have numbers of physicians here. We have probably forty-five in the town here, and numbers of them come here from the southern section of the country, wishing to take post-graduate courses, and cannot be admitted, and we hope to be able to give them that institution we, in a private way, might have been cause physicians are broad-minded gentlemen, and both white and colored physicians are connected with the institution.

We are oppressed considerably by reason of debt, and it has been a matter of 14 years' hard work to put the institution where it is, a matter of a great deal of personal sacrifice. With half the energy expended in building that instruction. We are fortunate in that respect, being a great deal better off, a great many of us who are assoicated with the work. I do not wish at all to make a long speech and take up your time, because most of the points have been thoroughly covered. We have been treated kindly by the State Board of Charities, as a rule, and I have always felt that they ought to be encouraged in their work, that is, the State Board of Charities, because they give more time, and I am glad to see this inclination on the part of the authorities of the State to look into the matter so that they can give to those institutions that deserve by reason of really merited consideration.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Is there any distinctive institution in the country for the education of colored men as physicians?

A. There are a number of them, one in Nashville, Tenn., one in North Carolina, and there is the Howard University at Washington.

Q. That has a medical course?

A. They have medical departments. Numbers of those men finish their courses and want post-graduate courses and cannot get them.

Q. Do any colored men attend the medical schools here?

A. Yes, sir. I think there is no medical school in town that refuses them any course.

Q. They have no embarrassment?

A. They only have embarrassment in post-graduate work. There is an institution in the City that refuses them admission in post-graduate, the only one here, unfortunately. It is a very unfortunate thing. In regard to the amount of aid given by the State to institutions I think that the amount ought to be governed by the ability of the people behind the institution to help it. There could be no hard and fast rule that the institution shall get so much if the people raise so much. I think their capacity to raise ought to be considered.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. What would be your idea of the percentage of relative contribution from the two sources. For instance, you asked the last Legislature for $20,000 for maintenance and $60,000 for building. Were your people in condition to have raised a similar amount if that had been appropriated to you?

A. We did raise about $35,000 of that building money, but that was a special effort. We raised in the last two years that much money.

Q. What reason was given for disapproving your application for maintenance, or reducing it from $20,000 to $5,000, and your building from $60,000 to $10,000?

A. I could not say that. Those things occur. I could hardly say.

Q. Was the question of necessity an element in the consideration?

A. I presume so. I did not go into that matter. I noticed that, but I could not say exactly about that. I presume they did not know we had the capacity of doing the work we are doing. We were in a small building. We just moved out of the small building about eight months ago. They did not suppose in that building we could use that much money.

Q. How has your debt been accumulated?

A. By reason of the large building we have just put up, the $100,000 building. We are carrying those mortgages now.

Q. Have you pressing need for such a building?

A. Yes, sir. We have now a capacity of the institution according to its equipment of about 60 beds, and about 40 of those are filled at this minute, and we have only been in the new building a short time.

Q. How much of that money have you raised yourself?

A. Between $30,000 and $40,000.

Q. It was to pay off the balance of that you have asked this aid from the State?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Are you growing all the time?

A. All the time growing.

Q. How do your nurses get employment, readily?

A. They are employed. As a matter of fact, we have graduated only a limited number in those 14 years. They are in demand in different States, in charge of little institution hospitals in the South and different places. That robs us of the

use of them here in town. They go to take charge of institutional work.

Q. Are they employed among your own people and others, too?

A. Others, too.

Q. In general use?

A. In general use.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. What is your view as to raising revenue from any source if it becomes necessary?

A. I very thoroughly agree to take your time in going over the matter with the gentlemen who represented Temple University, and who spoke about his ideas of raising revenue. I concur exactly on the lines he went over.

Q. A wholesale raise all along the line?

A. If there is a necessity for it. Due consideration ought to be paid as to not giving money to people who have large resources and could raise the money. I think the whole idea is to help the poor. We use that system in admitting people to the hospital. We do not take anybody in there in a free bed if they can pay. A lot of them can pay something. We let them pay from $2 a week up to the regular $7 a week, and we ask them what they are abe to pay. If they belong to a sick benefit society that money was put there for that purpose. We let them pay some of it. It costs us $2 and some odd cents a day to maintain a patient. It has been costing that. I do not know what we may be able to manage the larger building for, because we have not been a year in the larger building. I think the same system we used in the hospital ought to be used by the Legislature in regard to giving out benefit to each institution .

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Are you familiar with the other institutions of Philadelphia where your people are exclusively cared for? Take the Old Folks' Home on Powelton avenue and institutions of that character. Have you visited them?

A. I have been here 28 years. I graduated from the University of Pennsylvania, and I know all the institutions in the City.

Q. What is your opinion as to the use of the State's money in those institutions?

A. I do not think the Old Folks' Home has ever asked for any. I have no knowledge of any institution that is receiving State aid that is not applying it properly.

Q. Are you speaking for your people now as a representative man? Have you any thought as to how your people can be benefited in any way through these institutions or similar institutions?

A. Just as I have described; they feel that their work and service and the taxes that they pay entitle them to some return. They feel that they are excluded from a number of institutions which have appeared before you, and still their moneys are used as if they pay taxes, and those that pay rent pay taxes.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Do those institutions get State aid?

A. Sure. I do not speak with any feeling against any other charity, but you must know how we feel on a matter like that; that we feel keenly we are constantly suffering?

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. You have referred to a particular institution that refuses admission to colored men for post-graduate work. What institution is that?

A. The Polyclinic Hospital.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. All the others do admit them?

A. All the medical schools. There is but one post-graduate school in Pennsylvania. It is a matter of hardship because the same thing is true of one in Chicago and the one in New York.

Q. The Polyclinic is the only one here that has a post-graduate?

A. It is the only one here. There are only three such schools that I recall in the United States, and all three of them refuse them post-graduate instruction.

Mr. Brown: Suppose you submit to me any further thoughts you may have on this general subject. I will be very glad to receive it, wherein you think anything can or should be done for the benefit of the people whom you specially represent here to-day.

DR. M. G. LIPPERT, Phoenixville Hospital, called.

Dr. Lippert: Gentlemen of the Commission: You have heard, so far, chiefly representatives from Philadelphia institutions. I appear before you as the representative of a modest country hospital, that of Phoenixville, about 28 miles up the Schuylkill River. I have a few thoughts jotted down on paper, and I believe it would be best for me to read those thoughts and will not consume very much time. It will preserve the continuity of my ideas better, as I am not a professional speaker. All parties interested, either directly or in a general way, as citizens seem to be agreed that a different method or system is indicated in determining appropriations for State aid to hospitals and other charitable institutions not directly under State control. It has been suggested to base the measure of this support on the amount of charity work annually done by these institutions. This seems to me the most equitable and just method of apportioning the amount at the disposal of the State for charitable institutions. Another suggestion made here last week was to make the amount of State aid in some measure commensurate to the amount of the donations received by an institution during the biennial period on the ground that such voluntary support may be taken as the measure of confidence, popularity and appreciation which the institution enjoys within the community. This suggestion, I confess, does not altogether appeal to me, for the reason that it favors the institutions located within a wealthy constituency and discriminates against that in a community not so blessed. In other words, it gives to the rich and withholds from the poor. To illustrate: I represent an institution located in a manufacturing community, where by far the great majority of the people are wage earners, in addition to which we draw from a farming population for miles around. Neither of these classes is among the wealthy. In fact, we have only a very small minority of well-to-do people among our constitutents, who, apparently from motives of selfishness, or a lack of liberality and charitableness, fail to contribute to the extent that they should. For this reason our donations as shown in our maintenance reports may not compare favorably with those of our more fortunately situated sister institutions, although our hospital is perhaps as much appreciated as any of them and has the moral support at least of the entire community.

That our people appreciate their hospital is shown by the fact that our Women's Auxiliary has, during the last 11 years, raised upwards of $24,000, which has been used for improvements and extensions as well as furniture, etc., but this strain on the resources of our people on the other hand has told on the contributions for maintenance; hence, I say, our reports for maintenance do not show very large donations. I, therefore, contend that the amount of donations received by an institution is not necessarily a criterion of the measure of its appreciation by its constitutents, and to base the measure of State aid thereon might work great havoc and injustice to the same.

Alleged Graft. Certain charges were made at last week's session relative to graft in connection with appropriations to certain City hospitals. While I have no knowledge as to any favors asked of and rendered by City hospitals in return for appropriations made to them, I will say that, until I see some tangible proof to that effect I should be inclined to doubt said statements. In our own case, that of a country hospital, during the 10 years that I have been connected with it as its financial secretary, handling every dollar coming in and going out, there has never been the slightest misapplication of a penny even, nor has there ever been the slightest suggestion from any source of any fee, political tribute, or other graft in any way, shape or form. This statement I cannot make too emphatic. Nor do I flatter myself that our institution forms an exceptional case in this respect, but I believe that the great majority of institutions are honestly managed and free from all taint of graft, the managers or trustees as a rule being chosen from the very best and most representative element in the communities. If any criticism attach to the management of some of the country hospitals at all, it may be due, sometimes, to their mistaking their scope and, as was said by Dr. Flick, last week, their wanting to do too much, or too many things, and thus spending money unwisely, but there is even in these cases no suspicion or intimation of dishonesty; at the most it could be characterized only as an error of judgment and mistaken zeal. In order to counteract such a course it would, in my opinion, be wise to place all hospitals receiving State aid under the control of a supervising body, which by personal contact with and inspection of the institutions and from comparison of their work and expenditures as shown in their reports, could readily see where one or the other of them goes too far in one, or branches out in the wrong direction, and at once call a halt. Advice and suggestions from such a body, if properly qualified, would be invaluable to these hospitals and should be hailed by all of them. The proper body, in my opinion, to have this supervision would be the State Board of Charities, consisting, as it does, of men who have through long years of service become experts, as it were, in this particular line of public service, whereas, i. e,. the members of the Legislature are more or less handicapped by the diversified character of their legislative duties and business.

It might be necessary to enlarge the powers and the machinery of the Board of Charities in order to enable it to perform these duties efficiently and intelligently. If additional legislation be needed to that end it should by all means be enacted.

DR. ROBERT C. MOON, Penna. Home Teaching Society for the Blind, called.

Dr. Moon. Mr. President and Gentlemen of the Commission: I will not trespass long upon your time in making a few remarks in reference to the institution which I have the honor to represent, the Pennsylvania Home Teaching Society for the Blind. On Friday last I had the pleasure of listening to the address of Mr. John Cadwalader, in which he gave a most interesting account of the history and progress of the Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind, now located at Overbrook. That institution and the State Institution for the Blind in Pittsburg provide instruction for about 450 young blind persons. No person is eligible for admission to these schools if over 21 years of age. The work of the Pennsylvania Home Teaching Society and Free Circulating Library for the Blind, which I have the honor to represent, is the complement of the work carried on in those two institutions, as it deals principally with the adult blind scattered throughout the State.

It will be well to mention that the blind population of Pennsylvania is about 6,000—four-fifths of whom are over 21 years of age and consequently not eligible for admission into these institutions. Those who become blind in adult life have no means of receiving instruction in reading excepting through the teachers provided by this "Pennsylvania Home Teaching Society for the Blind," and as a rule they need a more easily felt type than the dotted types taught to children in the schools. For the adult blind the type invented by my father, Dr. William Moon, of Brighton, Eng., is the most simple and most easy of acquirement.

Upon losing his eyesight my father realized that the adult blind needed such a type, and endeavored to provide it for them, and afterwards lived for more than fifty years to see

his invention in use in every quarter of the globe. It was found to be as necessary for the adults as the Braille for the children.

On visiting this country in 1882 my father introduced into Philadelphia the plan of home teaching of the blind which he had employed successfully for 27 years in London, for he had found that most of the blind in adult life must be visited in their homes if they are to be taught to read.

The plan thus introduced into Philadelphia of providing teachers to search out the blind and teach them to read in their homes proved from the outset very successful, and the society then formed also provided a free library of embossed books for the use of its readers.

For 16 years the work of home teaching and lending of books was carried on by Mr. John P. Rhoads, treasurer of the Bible Society in Philadelphia, but in 1898 the society was reorganized and Judge William N. Ashman became its president. In 1901 it was incorporated under the title of Pennsylvania Home Teaching Society and Free Circulating Library for the Blind. From the time of reorganization in 1898 it has enjoyed the cordial co-operation of the Trustees of the Free Library of Philadelphia, where the books of the Home Teaching Society for the Blind are deposited, and from which the circulation is directed. The Free Library bears the expense connected with the circulation of the books in the city of Philadelphia, and the Pennsylvania Home Teaching Society for the Blind is responsible for the clerical and other expenses connected with the circulation of books throughout the State of Pennsylvania.

Four teachers are employed by the Pennsylvania Home Teaching Society for the Blind, two of whom are totally and one partially blind. Three of the teachers are located in Philadelphia and one in Pittsburg. During the past 28 years hundreds of the blind in Pennsylvania have been taught to read, and thousands of volumes of books in raised types have been loaned to the blind of all ages, many of whom have been very advanced in years. During the last year 17,422 embossed books were circulated, and 157 new readers were enrolled. Blind persons in sixty-two of the sixty-seven counties of Pennsylvania have at some time or other received books on loan, but there is a great need of more teachers and more books in the various types for the blind.

The Legislature of Pennsylvania has cordially recognized and approved the good work which is being done by this society, and began five years ago to extend to it State aid, which has been generously continued until the present time. Without such aid from the State so much could not have been accomplished, and it is to be hoped that the Legislature may see fit still further to increase its support so that ere long not a blind person in Pennsylvania may remain unvisited and untaught if he be capable of receiving instruction. One illustration from a letter may show you the appreciation which the blind have of the work which is being done for them. One man writes from Frankford, "I want to express my gratitude to you for sending Mr. Moore to me as a teacher." I may tell you Mr. Moore is a blind teacher too. "I am blind and before he came I was very much discouraged. After learning to read I came in touch with the outside world again, and have thus been enabled to spend many happy hours which would otherwise have been gloomy." In another note he says, "Last Thursday evening I read the Scriptures at the watch night services. I read the first sixteen verses of the 5th chapter of Matthew."

By Mr. NcNichol:

Q. Do you not think this work should be incorporated in the school work of Pennsylvania?

A. I certainly think it belongs to it. If it could be incorporated and carried on in the same direction that it has been carried on, I think it would be an excellent thing.

Q. It should be part of the educational field of the State?

A. I have always thought so.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Do you receive money from private contributions?

A. We received altogether about $4,000 a year, of which now the State is giving us $3,000. I may say since we have received assistance from the State we have been more cordially helped by the community generally, and I am in the hope that the proportion given by the charitable public will be greater and greater every year. It has been undoubtedly a strength to us that we have received State aid.

Q. Do you not think that the care of it as part of the school system would be more effective, in that it would be more thoroughly done because there would be no limitation based practically upon the money which would be used for that purpose?

A. It is rather different in some respects from ordinary school teaching, because the teachers must be sent to the houses. Blind adults will not go into the schools. That has been tried, and they will refuse to go out of their houses. It has been tried for the last 50 years and it always fails. The blind must be reached in their homes.

In conclusion I venture to say that there is no work more economically conducted and none is yielding more abundant fruit for so small an expenditure of money than the Pennsylvania Home Teaching Society and Free Circulating Library for the Blind, and I hope that the State will more and more foster the work which it has helped to care for during the past five years.

H. FRANK ESCHELMAN, Lancaster, Pa., called.

Mr. Eschelman. Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Committee: On the question of the revenue laws, and on how to make the revenue go as far as it can possibly be made to reach, I was advised by counsel for the Committee I would be heard, among other things. One of the important points, as it was developed in the county of Lancaster, and which came under my notice as Controller of that county, was how to make the money at interest pay its share of the public revenues. We had no difficulty in taxing land, because there it is and it cannot get away, and a man cannot lie about it, except to try to undervalue it, and the assessor has his opinion as to its value, but when you come to the question of money we experience a great deal of difficulty concerning certain securities, and therefore the Commissioners of Lancaster County took charge most largely and turned their attention to the taxing of land and the proper value at which land should be returned and left to the controller pretty largely to devise schemes and methods by which the money at interest could be brought forth and taxed. The chief weakness which we found there was that those securities which were not of record were very poorly returned or reported. Of course, as to judgments and mortgages of record our system of bookkeeping is quite complete, and we keep very careful track of those. One particular branch of money at interest which we found great difficulty with was certificates of deposit, for two reasons; first, that considerable doubt existed as to their taxability; secondly, that persons who carried them returned to the assessors that they did not have them. Therefore we devised means to try and get this branch of money wealth as well as the others, because we took the view that they are taxable.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. You refer to deposits?

A. Time deposits.

Q. That are not in any active use?

A. Yes, sir, time deposits—deposits that pay interest. Trust companies issue certificates stating that you will be paid 4 per cent. interest on the money.

Q. Suppose a business man has an account in a trust company and that is an active account on which he gets 2 per cent., would you incorporate that in the computation?

A. We have not been collecting taxes on that. These are investments and they are a very large branch in Lancaster County. The first thing we did was to compel the assessors to return the affidavits which they took from the holders of certificates of deposit, to return all affidavits they took concerning moneys at interest.

Q. How are your assessors appointed?

A. They are elected.

Q. By the people?

A. Yes, sir.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. When you say affidavits you mean the Auditor General's report?

A. Yes, sir, what they denominate the lilac blanks, so the Auditor General, with whom I have had considerable correspondence, informs me. There seems to be no law at present to require assessors to return those blanks, those affidavits which the taxable is supposed to sign and affirm to before the assessor.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. You can go after them and collect them?

A. I do not mean that. I mean to say there is no law to compel assessors, when they have collected them, to hand them into the county, and the only way in which the Controller could get at that was that under the Controller's Act of 1835 he is first given the powers that County Auditors have. That gives them the power to issue subpoenas, but he is given power in a certain section of that Controller's Act to require such testimony as he may desire in auditing the bills, and therefore I found it wise to issue a circular to our assessors stating to them that I would require, as part of the testimony and as part of the evidence upon which I would approve their bills, the production of their affidavits.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. How many counties in the State have Controllers?

A. Until the late Act, only those which had over 150,000 people.

Q. In these counties where there are no Controllers the law would make no provision for the returns?

A. No. The only provision it would make would be such power as County Auditors would have to compel the same thing. There is now, of course, a county controller's Act relating to counties having 90,000 people. To go back to this first point, it seems to me that the Legislature ought to help out and pass a law that assessors shall bring in their affidavits. We have had some difficulty. A few of the assessors declared they would not do it. They carried out their declaration until it came to the point of having me approve the warrant for their money, and then they gracefully went home, got them, brought them back, and I approved their bills. I think it would help out if the law required them to hand them in. I do not suppose in cities of the first class it would be necessary. We found that a great benefit for this reason. The assesors simply did not take them. They did not affirm the taxables and largely made up their books from what was on the former book, and until we pinned them down to the point of disclosing to the Controller and the Commissioners the affidavits they took we had difficulty in getting at this money.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. What was the result from your investigation as to increased return?

A. In a minute I will come to that. That is one necessity. We feel it as produced a good result.

Q. Have you drafted or thought of any draft of a bill?

A. No, I have not.

Q. Will you kindly give us your ideas and file them with us?

A. Yes, sir, I will. Now the second point. What I have been speaking of now refers to all taxable moneys, but coming down to this question of certificates of deposits, we have about eight million dollars worth of money on certificates of deposit in Lancaster county. It is a large amount of our taxable money, but how to get at it is the question. Trust companies, of course, say that they are not taxable in the holders' hands. They go so far as to say they make a return direct to Harrisburg, therefore the assessor is not permitted to ask the holder of the certificate to disclose it. I will try

to show the Committee a minute later that they are taxable, and what we need is to know how the assessor shall get knowledge of where these certificates are, because any wealth that you can wrap up into a little wad and put down in your pocket, and then are willing to tell an untruth about, the assessor cannot get it. I suggest there ought to be a law by which trust companies would be required to keep a register, this register to contain separate compartments or portions for each township, and the name of the person to whom the certificate is issued ought to go under its compartment under the proper township, and the assessor of that township should have the right to go in and look at that register and there he could see how many residents of his township held such certificates. But we come upon a great difficulty there, and that is this: The assessor would necessarily be compelled to take an obligation against disclosing to any one but the County Commissioners, or the proper officers, the certificates issued by those trust companies.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Do you not think it would be a very much easier plan to tax the banks two mills say upon their certificates of deposit, and have them deduct that from the amount paid in interest to depositors, and prevent having in Lancaster say 75 assessors going into the bank and monkeying around in there? I should not think that would be very agreeable.

A. The only objection that I could find to that was, I presume if the bank or trust company would make that return, Harrisburg would get it all and the county would never get any.

Q. Make it returnable the same as personal property?

A. If that were true it is a much better plan, but if you follow up nearly all the laws which require the moneys to be accounted for directly in Harrisburg, our counties never get any of them, while the State graciously gives us back a large part.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. That four mill tax you would collect on certificates of deposit, the State would get that, would it not?

A. The State gets it but returns to the townships three-quarters.

Q. I have the same thought that Senator Sproul had in mind, that an account should be returned.

A. That would be much superior to what I am suggesting, but I much fear the county would not get it. I much fear the law would not be passed that way, because nearly every one of those laws in which there is an account direct to Harrisburg they keep it.

By Mr. Sproul:

Q. You are representing the county?

A. I am representing the county first and foremost. So long as I am Controller I think it is my duty. Another thing I found to be of value, and that was that I required assessors also to make a short summary of their work. I addressed to them a circular letter, the lower part detachable, upon which I asked them to return to me far purposes of auditing (I had to put everything under that guise, for that is the only power I had) the amount of certificates of deposit, the amount of judgments at interest and mortgages at interest, foreign stocks, and all other moneys, the total return from all sources, the total number of persons who returned money at interest, the number of voters in the district, and the number of affidavits or blanks that they put out, and sign it, simply for the purpose of classification and gathering statistics, and of keeping them constantly under the impression that we are watching and try to do all we can on that line. I found that produced very good results. They tear that off and bring it in filled up, and tell us where the increase had been, and so forth. One more thing along that line. We are face to face with quite a serious difficulty. I have just stated in Lancaster county, where we have about $27,000,000 at interest now, $27,500,000 returned, levied for the assessment of 1910, we have fully $9,000,000 of certificates of deposit, but the Act of 1907 provides that if the trust company shall pay a tax of five mills on the capital stock, the surplus and the undivided profits added together and divided by the shares of stock, that the shares, the surplus, the deposits and the undivided profits bear no other tax. There we have the word "deposits" in the Act of 1907. Therefore it would seem that that large amount of money is to go untaxed because the law provides that the trust companies shall return only three items, capital stock, surplus and undivided profits. I took that up with the Auditor General, and he and I came to the conclusion that that meant, that it shall not be taxed in the hands of the trust company, but did not mean that the holder of the certificates shall not pay a tax on that, the same as he pays on a note or any other security that he holds. But there is considerable danger in that thing. Counsel for some of our trust companies advise me that means that neither the holder nor any one else shall pay tax on that. Mr. Hensel, counsel for the Lancaster Trust Company, advises his trust company it means the view we take of it. I submit that Act ought to be amended so as to drop that disturbing word out of it.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. You say Mr. Hensel takes the view you take of that?

A. Mr. Hensel takes our view.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. It has never been legally determined that they were not taxable.

A. No, it has not. The only distinction is that which the Auditor General draws. It means it shall not be paid out of the trust company, but does not say the holder shall not pay. I have looked over the reports of the Banking Commissioner, and there a special deposit, or deposit bearing interest are not separated from deposits generally, and I have of our leading trust companies just these few figures. The People's Trust Company have deposits subject to check, $275,000, but deposits drawing 4 per cent. interest on which they have issued certificates, $2,209,000.

By a Member of the Committee.

Q. Time certificates?

A. Time certificates.

Q. Are they not specified in the trust company's report?

A. They are not. They are stated just as deposits. Therefore it would look as if they were all deposits subject to check, which of course is not the fact.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. They return generally so as to avoid the very thing you think ought not to be avoided, payment of taxes on interest bearing deposits?

A. I presume so. We have several other trust companies. The Lancaster Trust Company has a capital stock paid in of $250,000, undivided profits, $255,000, surplus $750,000, making $1,055,000 on which tax is paid, but $3,186,462 of these certificates on which no tax is paid. The result is, summing up all our trust companies that the five leading trust companies of Lancaster county pay taxes on $2,640,000 and do not pay taxes on $7,639,000. That great sum of money lies there untaxed, and we have difficulty in getting holders to return it.

Q. What proportion of that is returned?

A. I had an excellent opportunity of determining to what extent holders of certificates returned the certificates they held. Our City Saving Fund and Trust Company failed some time ago, and when the question came of an audit being held $450,000 worth of certificates of deposit were handed in, on which the holders should get their dividends. I went to a great deal of trouble. I took up every one of those certificates and traced down the township in which the holders lived, and I found that $22,000 is all that had ever been returned by those certificate holders out of $450,000, 5 per cent.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. The rest of them were wilful perjuries?

A. The rest they wrapped up in their pockets.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. They had not been asked by the assessors?

A. That is true. The fault is not altogether with the people. The assessors were never required heretofore to account for those affidavits. Now when we compel them to bring them in and lay them down, and count them over and show a fair proportion of taxables in the township have signed affidavits that they did or did not have money, it is really marvelous the result, which I shall show in a minute. I also discovered that of about $8,000,000 of certificates of deposit in money held among our people, we only got a few hundred thousand until I started this method of trying to get all that we could. The result of this was that we thought we were the richest county in the State, but we had to yield to Montgomery as to money at interest. Of course, Montgomery has a great many suburban Philadelphians with large money. I think they have $35,000,000 to $38,000,000. We have only got up to $27,500,000. Lancaster county had at interest in 1907, or on the returns for 1907, $21,966,000. In 1908 it had only grown a little, $22,400,000. Then I began this work. I came in in 1908 and tried to find additional money for the special purpose of saving real estate, and by putting in partial operation the system I have now raised it from $22,400,000 to $25,200,000 for the year 1909, the assessments taken in fall of 1908. While the figures are not entirely compiled for 1910, yet by those blanks which have been returned I have been able to find out with substantial accuracy that we will have $27,500,000 in 1910.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. That represents certificates of deposit exclusively in your county?

A. Largely so. It represents all money at interest, but I find that as to judgments and mortgages there is not very much increase, because Lancaster city has taken to building a great deal and we spend $1,000,000 or so in building every year.

Q. Can you give us a comparison on certificates of deposits as compared for three years?

A. I cannot exactly give that, but I can say in a general way that three-quarters of this increase of $5,000,000 in two years came from certificates of deposit. We have had a very general return of them this last year.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. These people have all been represented by counsel in your district?

A. A good many of them have and a good many have not. Those two ideas, the one of requiring them to set forth, as the lilac blank does require them, and return to be a summarized statement of certificates of deposit set out specially, has brought them out. The other thing was requiring the affidavits. It is remarkable how lax assessors were as to having the man sign the affidavit that he did or did not have money. Assessors have come to me and told me, "Some of those conscientious people we have there, who do not take an oath but take an affirmation, come to them weeping and crying afterward." One assessor came in and said that such a person had come to him and told him, "I thought of the story of Ananias and Sapphira. I could not sleep. I thought I would come back and tell you I had $3,000 more," and so it goes. The result of this is I have in a corner of the Controller's office a pile of those lilac blanks, all labeled and carefully tied up. We have looked over a great many of them. I am going to look over more. We have left them under the impression that we are going through the whole business. At the end of the year they may have them if they want them. I have perhaps half a ton. The Auditor General said he was sending me 20,000 specially this year because he thought we would need more from what we were doing.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Is there any reason known to you why any other Controller, or any other County Auditor, or any other official performing a similar function to that which you perform, should not do the same thing you have done in this direction?

A. No. I think, as I understand the duties of the office, it is the duty of the County Controller to do every possible thing.

Q. There has been no attempt by anybody to restrain you by law?

A. No. They swear a good deal and threaten, but there has never been a mandamus or anything else in fact. I usually prepare myself. I usually am ready for it.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. That increase from $22,000,000 to $27,000,000, the increase of about $5,000,000, was due, you think, to this system of inquiry and making the assessors live up to the letter of the law?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. That $5,000,000 has been principally gained from the return of these certificates of deposit?

A. Yes, sir, and any other unrecorded securities. That is where it came from.

Q. How about bonds and stock certificates of corporations outside of Pennsylvania?

A. We are doing considerable in that line. They are being set forth. I think they are being pretty fairly returned. Of course, there is not such a large number of those. Lancaster county took a spasm of investing in gold fields in the western part of the United States, and they usually sign the form on the back of the lilac blank now which says they are worthless. The Auditor General and I have been taking up between ourselves the question of what shall be done with stocks in which the corporation, being a non-Pennsylvania corporation, does part of its business in the State and part out of the State, has one unit as they call it operating in the State and one unit outside the State, whether it shall be accounted for at Harrisburg or not, and we promise ourselves we shall try to take up that question

Q. You mean a corporation chartered under the laws of this State?

A. No, the laws of another State. If it is chartered under the laws of this State we have no trouble, because that is attended to at Harrisburg. There is another question. I do not know whether it is desired I shall speak upon it, touching the question of revenue. It is not a question how to produce revenue, but a question of conservation of it when it is produced. I might say something that could be done by the Legislature with relation to dismissed cases, discharged cases by magistrates. There are certain things there by which considerable money is wasted. I do not know whether I should take five or ten minutes upon that or not.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. That is a county matter?

A. Yes, sir, it is a county matter. I am very much concerned about that Act of 1907, because of the word "deposits" in there. There is strong grounds for argument that that means that the holder shall not pay a tax upon his deposit, and that would knock a big hole in our finances because those certificates are nearly one-third of our whole money at interest.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. You think that Act should be either amended or repealed at the next session of the Legislature?

A. I think if the word "deposit" was amended out of that it will be fine.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Then would you not get into the question of deposits which were used by the company in its own business, in the way of discounts, or banking, or in loans where it goes out again?

A. That might be specified, time deposits, deposits bearing interest.

Q. In active accounts, where there is no right to draw a check at sight?

A. Yes, sir.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. You live in the interior of the State. What is the sentiment, what have you heard and what are your views, with reference to raising revenue, for instance, taxing manufacturing corporations?

A. I think the sentiment, as I gather it, is that there should not be much, if any, additional taxation on manufacturing plants.

By another Member of the Committee:

Q. They pay nothing but local taxation?

A. No.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. You think there should be no revenue raised by that method for the use of the Commonwealth?

A. The view of our people is, I think, that there are sufficient laws now to raise revenue, so far as we are concerned.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Do you mean sufficient laws to raise revenue, or laws to raise sufficient revenue?

A. Sufficient laws to raise sufficient revenue. It is a question of carrying them out. We are getting along with a two and one-half mill tax very nicely, but I am bound to say, if we had not discovered $4,000,000 or $5,000,000 extra to tax we would have been compelled to go back to three mills. There is one thing I very much hope the Legislature can correct, and that is this. On the question of the State building roads, we have this difficulty. There were built in Lancaster County some $30,000 worth of those roads, or our share of that, and two of the townships refused to pay their share. The result was that when we went to Harrisburg they took $10,000 out of our money and kept it there. The law provides as to the State building roads; the State pays three-quarters, the county one-eighth and the township one-eighth, but it provides that if the township refuses to pay its one-eighth they may take that one-eighth out of the county's money, any county money it has in hand, and the county in its turn must sue the township. There is no law specifying how that shall be done. We presume it is on the principle of subrogation, but our County Solicitor is wrestling with that question as to how to sue those two townships for $10,000. If that were made clear that the county shall then have recourse to the township to recover, it would be a wise thing and would help us out of some difficulty.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. You said there is no law compelling the assessor to return the blank?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Does not the Act of 1889 provide that upon failure or refusal of a taxable to return, that it is the duty of the assessor to make a return for him?

A. I did not mean that. I meant to say there is no law which requires the assessor to give up his blanks after he has them and leave them in charge of the County Commissioners.

Q. If it is the duty of the taxable to make a return which return must be made to the assessor, and it is the duty of the assessor upon failure of the taxable, to make a return for him, both should go to the County Commissioners?

A. But the law extends only so far, as I understand it. After the assessor either takes the sworn return or makes one himself for a person who refuses to make it, the blanks are legally his own property.

Q. I think that is a distortion. Surely the law does not enact a vain thing. There must be some use of that blank or the law would not require it. After the County Commissioners give the blank to the assessor and the assessor gives it to the taxable, it is the duty of the assessor to fill that up if the taxable does not answer in ten days. It is his duty to make a return for him and add a penalty. He returns them to the County Commissioners for inspection to see whether any improper return has been made?

A. He returns his book, but I do not know about the affidavits. At least they have never, up to two years ago, been handed in to the County Commissioners.

Q. There has never been any legal proceeding to compel them to do it?

A. I think not.

Q. I am satisfied they could be compelled.

A. We have them this year.

Q. When County Commissioners turn over their guide books to the assessors, those guide books contain lists of judgments and mortgages which have been respectively returned by the Prothonotary and Recorder of Deeds for the respective counties?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. What is done to check that up?

A. Our clerks in the County Commissioner's office very carefully make out the book which you have spoken of, and I send one of my clerks to make a list of them also for myself, and when the assessor comes back with his affidavit I compare what he has returned with what stands in the book, and ask him to explain why he did not get this one.

Q. He is charged with what is on the book and credited with what he produces?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Suppose he does not return according to your book, what further investigation is made to ascertain whether or not he has returned all taxables?

A. The only further investigation is that my stenographer takes testimony in all these matters, and when an assessor comes in and I find there is $3,000 of judgment or mortgage on the book and he makes no return of it, I put him on oath and ask him why he makes no return. He states in his testimony that that has been satisfied, or that half of it has been paid, or whatever explanation he can give. I keep those minutes as notes for my annual audit and report to the court.

Q. Are taxables ever required to produce any receipts of acquittances for any part of judgments or mortgages appearing on the guide books, or do you simply take the word of the taxable?

A. He takes the taxable's oath. That is about all.

Q. That is all that satisfies the record against him of the existence of a judgment or a mortgage?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Do you think the law is sufficient in that respect to protect the Commonwealth?

A. I think not. I think there might be something done there, requiring those who hold such evidences of record to put partial payments on record. That might help it out. There is such a law, but there is no law to compel mortgagor, for instance, when a certain amount has been paid, to put a note on the margin of the record.

Q. What efforts do you make to get at females?

A. The same efforts as to the males.

Q. The assessors' list would not show taxable females in every case, would it? In collecting the personal property tax how would you get the list? There are wealthy women in your community. How are their names given to the assessor?

A. As to mortgages and judgments, of course, they are of record. As to the others they do the same as they do with reference to men. They simply must go around with the lilac blanks, and put them on oath as to each of the items that are set forth against them.

Q. How is that list made up? How do you include women with men?

A. There is no such list. We cannot get at an unrecorded list. There is nothing to show such a list.

Q. Is this, which appears to be a very active movement on your part for collection of State revenue, influenced in any way by complaints of land owners?

A. To a certain extent. It was prompted primarily by the fact that prices have gone up very much, insanity is growing very greatly, and we found we needed considerably more revenue. Then we cast around how to get it. We knew very well if we added half a mill tax it would mean our heads all off.

Q. You mean on land?

A. Land tax. We were not willing to raise the county rates, so there was nothing to do but find money honestly somewhere else. That is what prompted me to go into it, and the County Commissioners approved it, and that is what is at the base of it, aside from the desire to do our duty

Q. You compel the assessors to return all blanks?

A. Every one, yes. I do not approve their bills unless they return about four-fifths as many blanks as there are voters in the district. I have them set forth in this blank the number

f voters. They have a number of blanks. The law perhaps night require every one to sign one whether he has money or ot, but the assessors come in and say, "I have been assessor en or fifteen years. I know those fellows do not have any noney. They have not anything." So we make a little lee-way here, but I leave them under the impression that everybody hould return. I will leave with the Commission if they desire t, several copies of a circular letter of eight pages which I cirulated among the assessors, also of four pages of instruction, 5,000 of which I sent around at my own expense to instruct the ax-payers.

Q. Has there been any substantial attempt, either in your wn county or any other county, so far as you know, to enforce he penalties which the law provides for failure to return, improper returns, or collusion between the assessor and the taxble?

A. Not one.

Q. How do you account for that?

A. I have set it forth there in horrible terms in that circular o the assessors. I have told the assessors, which I mean to arry out, that if they will report any genuine case to me I will eport it to the District Attorney very quickly. I do not know ow to account for it.

Q. You do your best to get all you can, and let the others rop?

A. Yes, sir. You can create too much antagonism. Here is copy from the Auditor General. If you will notice, under miscellaneous" subhead C, that instruction which used to read certificates bearing interest," or something of that sort, is hanged to the specific statement of "certificates of deposit n trust companies." He wrote me he changed that on my uggestion. I am glad he did, because the assessors always aid that did not mean certificates of deposit.

Q. What check do you have on corporations that do not report o the Auditor General? Do you attempt to check them up in any way?

A. Not particularly. I am devising ways to do that and hope o spend time this year on that.

Q. What they do not report to the Auditor General they ought o report to the county?

A. That is the law. It has been so decided.

Q. There is sufficient law for that?

A. Yes, sir, there is sufficient law for that. If they do not eport to Harrisburg, then the assessor goes for them.

Q. On general principles they must pay tax in some place?

A. Somewhere. I think they are catching them pretty generally. I do not know any in our county that do not report except our traction company.

Q. Are your people generally satisfied with the present taxation against banks and saving institutions and trust companies?

A. I think so.

Q. The method of collecting it and all?

A. I think there is no complaint as to that. I think that is quite satisfactory all around.

Q. Is there any interchange of mortgages between counties, as required by the Act of 1889, where County Commissioners are required to transmit a statement of mortgages owned by nonresidents to the Commissioners of counties where the mortgages are domiciled?

A. I think that is pretty generally attended to.

Q. You receive those?

A. Yes, sir, we receive them from various counties.

Q. Have your trust companies ever claimed certificates of deposit to be in the "bonds, mortgages and certificates of indebtedness" class?

A. No, they have not. They simply have said that they pay he tax on everything and that is the statement they used, which is not true.

Q. Without specifying items of everything?

A. Without specifying. They forget the time certificates. Our hree leading trust companies, their stock is about 500 per cent., nd they are not old, either.

Q. What are they paying, par $100?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. And selling at 500?

A. Yes, sir. Stocks at 50 are selling at 250, and I think one 70.

Q. What dividends are they paying?

A. I do not know that exactly.

Q. If they are 500 they must be paying 20 per cent. dividends?

A. They are paying fine dividends. I think you are about ight. Of course, it is to their interest to tell holders of certifiates that they need pay no tax out of their interest, because he minute the holder knows he must do that he has so much ess interest, and he takes his money out of the trust company nd buys stocks.

By a Member of the Committee:

A. A man who makes a misstatement would not be a very oyal citizen of his State?

A. Decidedly not.

Q. They know that they are placing a wrong construction on the word "deposits?"

A. It is a very dangerous word in the Act of 1907. It gives hem sufficient to stand on, yet there is that large sum of noney bearing interest that is not taxed anywhere if that onstruction is right, which amounts in Lancaster county o a little over one-fourth of all our taxable personal property.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. In this Commonwealth there are a large number of worthless obligations which are not taxable?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Is anything done in your county to see whether they re worthless or not?

A. No, there is not up to this time.

Q. Have you anything to suggest in that line, as to how hat could be done?

A. I suppose the Controller's office could increase its activty and look after that and ascertain the truth.

Q. Do you know what amount it would be in Lancaster county, as compared with the general return?

A. We were stung pretty hard not so long ago in investing in gold mines and various things like that in the western part of the United States.

Q. You think there was a fair return made of that?

A. Yes, sir, practically all worthless. They make affidavit on the back that they are worthless. That seems to be as far as we can go just as present. The Controller's office can be made an office of wonderful efficiency which would need increased force.

Q. Have you anything to suggest to ascertain these taxable securities, moneys at interest, promissory notes, articles of agreement, and a hundred other things the law covers, besides the machinery which it now furnishes?

A. No.

Q. Some States have people out specially for that business, going around from county to county, trying to discover these things?

A. Of course, our assessor is specially for that. He is specially to quiz men and find out.

Q. He depends largely on what a man says. He does not look at them except directly?

A. And what a man's neighbors tell him.

Q. Does he inquire among the neighbors?

A. Yes, sir, he inquires among the neighbors. In a rural place that is pretty generally known. I can understand in a big city that one man does not know another man's business and it would be hard to get at. I think that the thing which would work more good than anything else would be three or four genuine prosecutions. That would bring the returns.

Q. To what do you attribute the fact that there have not been any in this Commonwealth on that subject?

A. That must be attributed to the disinclination of one man to sue his neighbor, and I suppose the fear of action for malicious prosecution if the case were not made out. We have this condition in Lancaster County. There is an absolute recklessness with regard to arresting a poor fellow in the gutter and our magistrates arrest hundreds of them. We had in 1908, when I took office, 2,700 discharged cases.

Q. What do you arrest them for?

A. They arrest them for anything. I cut that down to about 1,900. I refused to pay costs in those cases. Therefore magistrates became more careful as to taking them. But when it comes to arresting a man of means, a man who has money, that is the very class here. You would have to arrest the man who has money and does not return it. It is a very different proposition. One neighbor is not going to do it to another.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Probably on the principle that people who live in glass houses should not throw stones?

A. Probably.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. You think we have machinery enough?

A. I think so. The fact is the Lancaster County plant has too much machinery.

Q. What is the sentiment with respect to taxing land and taxing mortgages on land?

A. There is a great deal of opposition to that. They cite it as the most virulent kind of double taxation, which no doubt it is. We cannot get along without it. No doubt that is odious, where a man has a $15,000 farm and an $11,000 mortgage on it.

Q. I have received quite a number of letters and the Committee have received quite a number of letters protesting against taxing these deposits on the ground that they are held by estates, poor people, and all that. What character of people in your county hold certificates?

A. I made a list of people who pay taxes on money in Lancaster County, and in 1908 $25,000,000 was all held by 6,190 persons. It was an aggregate of $4,000 each.

Q. It would not be the very poor?

A. No. They are large ones, certificates of $15,000 or $20,000. We have just been making the assessors come in and show me. They have got $40 and $50. It does make you feel a little ashamed of yourself, but at the same time I believe young fellows who have saved $100 or $200 like to see it in the book, to let people know they are beginning to earn and save money up. There are others who do not like to return $40 at interest, or $50 or $100. The tax is proportionate and it sometimes looks hard but it is the law. I was surprised that the whole $25,000,000 was held by 6,000 people.

Q. You have already spoken about the sentiment of your county on taxing manufacturing corporations?

A. Yes, sir. Manufacturing coroporations are received with much favor, and we are willing to do everything we can for them.

Q. Your land owners are entirely satisfied to have them exempt?

A. Our land owners are only dissatisfied with one thing. That is, that in Lancaster City, perhaps three or four squares from the main part of the city, they are only taxed for about one-fourth the value, while real estate in the county is taxed three-fourths. We have gone up about an average of $500,000 in each ward.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. That is generally true, is it not?

A. Very true.

Q. In nearly every county?

A. Yes, sir. For instance, one of our trust companies had $29,000 in a property, and I spoke to the County Solicitor. He forgot he was a County Solicitor and said, "That property in the corner there we have $29,000 in, and I was mortally afraid we were going to lose it. The other day I was

offered $82,000 for that property." That is a fair sample. It is that way all over the heart of the town.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. How are your people on the mercantile tax?

A. They are practically indifferent on that. I think they are willing to pay mercantile tax. I do not find much opposition to it. While there is every consideration shown to manufacturing business concerns, most of our people believe the mercantile tax is right.

Q. Does the enforcement of the law have a tendency to drive tax payers out of your county?

A. Yes, sir, it has had this tendency to make those who had large moneys on deposit buy Pennsylvania stock that they did not need to reckon with us.

Q. Has it caused any of them to remove to other counties?

A. No, you could not get a Lancaster County man to go.

Q. I have received letters. They say men of large wealth have migrated from county to county for the purpose of avoiding this?

A. We have the garden spot of the world and are going to stay there.

Q. Suppose you had a lower rate than four mills, would that have a tendency to increase the income, or do you think four mills is fair?

A. No, four mills is low enough. We would not increase the income by reducing it. I am sure of that.

Q. When a return is made to you (and when I say you I mean a County Commissioner or any official in Pennsylvania standing in the same position as you are in), which you are satisfied is not a true return, what is done with that?

A. I send him back. We had a case like that in which a doctor of some prominence had been returning $33,000 or $34,000. I was very sure he had over $100,000 at interest. When the assessor came in with that I sent the assessor a special letter. I told him I wanted to find the money. The doctor refused to make the affidavit and told the assessor to make it out according to his best judgment, as the law empowered him to do, and he came in with $77,000. I told the man. The man never appeared on the appeal day to object to it. There is $10,000 or $15,000 more there.

Q. Do you have many of those cases?

A. Quite a number.

Q. The presumption, you think, is in favor of an honest return.

A. Yes, sir. The people of our county that hold most of this money are Mennonites and Dunkers and other plain sects, because the other class of people have their money in business. Most of our farmers belong to those non-resistent churches, and I will take their oaths. If they go on oath I feel positive it is about right.

Q. What is the sentiment, if any, in your county as to the local taxation of corporations, whether or not—I refer now to public utility corporations?

A. Those that are not private, you mean?

Q. Not private?

A. We think they ought to be taxed. Our county has suffered from that quite considerably. The York Haven Power Company escaped local taxation and the township in which the power company is located loses a great deal of money for its road and other local purposes, and the McCall Ferry Dam Company, which is about a $20,000 plant, or will be when completed, escapes, and our sentiment there is very strongly that they ought to contribute.

Q. What about the time of the return to the Commonwealth- Is that complained of; that the time of the return should be changed to the end of the year?

A. It ought not to be changed, I think, for this reason: It will give the assessors an opportunity to bring in more days. When I first took office I thought that assessors were overpaid. I am since of an entirely different opinion.

Q. I am referring to corporate returns?

A. I know of no complaint as to that.

Q. What becomes of the time money at interest? When treasurers of corporations return now their money at interest, what becomes of the money from the first Monday of November until the 31st day of December?

A. Corporations that return to us locally?

Q. Yes.

A. The treasurer of a corporation reports on the first Monday of November debt of the corporation owned by residents of the Commonwealth. The courts have decided the settlement is made for a year. What becomes of the difference between the first Monday of November and the 31st day of December?

A. We do not find that that question arises, because all corporations we have made their settlement at Harrisburg. We never have anything to do with it.

Q. Railroads companies do not pay any local tax?

A. No. We get practically nothing from corporations because they are nearly all Pennsylvania corporations that are in operation.

Q. Do you make any investigation to determine whether or not the property of corporations, take railroad companies for instance, and the others, electric light and trolleys and others in your county, are using properties purely for their corporate purposes?

A. Yes, sir, some investigation. I think they are.

Q. You keep watch on them to see that they are, because otherwise they would not be exempt?

A. No, we watch that too closely. There is only one. It is our largest traction company, about a $12,000,000 or $13,000,000 concern. That we want to take up this year. It is our whole traction system, in fact.

Q. The same answer would apply to water companies and all that sort of thing?

A. Yes, sir.

WILLIAM A. MATTERN, Reading, called.

Mr. Mattern: I am not here with any statistics, but am ready to furnish any memoranda as desired. I did not know I was to go until last evening about five o'clock the Controller told me to make a trip to Philadelphia this morning. Then I had to hurry up and come down here, but our predicament is on the same line as Mr. Eschelman's.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Who is the Controller of Berks county?

A. A. L. Rhoads.

Q. You are clerk to the Commissioners?

A. I am clerk to the Commissioners and have been working in that office for the last five years. In regard to catching people that move from one district to the other, since I am chief clerk of the office I have devised a plan I think works all right. As long as they live in the same district the assessors know them, but after they move from one district to the other I tell the assessor to report to me into what district they moved. Then I take up that report and send the sheet to the assessor in the district to which the party had removed. In regard to checking up those lilac slips we check up every slip that comes to our office. We require the stubs and require the blanks and the others to be returned by the local assessor to our office and check them up. We do that before the assessor leaves the office. The only trouble we have is we have some kick coming from those people that deposit money in banks on books. That comes under accounts and it is taxable.

By a member of the Committee:

Q. Subject to check?

A. Not subject to check.

Q. You mean time certificates of deposit?

A. Time certificates of deposit. The banks advise them not to return them.

Q. You have the same difficulty Mr. Eschelman complained of?

A. Precisely. We cannot get the information from the banks and trust companies that do it. They say they protect their depositors; it would spoil their business if they let us know.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Do you know of any reason why they should not return the amount of money so on deposit, pay the tax themselves, and deduct it from the interest which they pay the depositor the same as is done in every other case?

A. Not at all. That is the instruction, that any individual that can tell them the bank in which he had a deposit deducts the State tax from his interest, he was exempt from it, otherwise he had to make a return to the local assessor.

Q. None had it deducted?

A. None had it deducted. In most cases we have not so much difficulty in country districts as we have in the city, where they are in close contact with banks and lawyers.

Q. Is your experience similar to that of Mr. Eschelman in all respects of which he spoke?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Have you any other suggestion to make than he has made, to try to remedy conditions or help out the situation in the collection of these taxes?

A. I know we had trouble. We had a woman there that did not make any affidavit. Then we had to put 50 per cent. on. We did that the first year, and she would not make affidavit the next year. I told the assessor, "You had better make your estimate higher." Then it ran up to $601,000 for one year.

Q. What did it commence with?

A. He commenced with $100,000.

Q. And ran up to $600,000, and then the return was made?

A. Yes, sir. The next year I told him he had better make the estimate higher. Then he made it $400,000. The next year she swore to $601,000.

Q. Have you many of those in your county who do not make out a return?

A. I have 50 in one ward. I have 50 papers that did not make a return. I do not know what to do with them.

By a member of the Committee:

Q. Your city assessors are appointed in Berks county?

A. No, sir, they are elected by the people.

Q. All assessors are elected?

A. Yes, sir. I had a controversy with one of them that refused to go after secret societies. I gave instructions that orders of that class should make return the same as individuals. He said he had a letter from the Auditor General's department making it discretionary for him to do it or not do it. I told him I could not see that the State Department leave this for one man and make all the others do it.

H. FRANK ESCHELMAN, recalled.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Before you leave the room I should like to know what success you met with in having moneys returned held by secret organizations in your county?

A. We have not raised that question. They have been returning them pretty generally. We have not had any difficulty in that line.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Is there any reason why these banks and trust companies should not make returns of all these moneys on certificates of deposit, and themselves deduct the State tax from the interest which they pay the depositor?

A. I think not.

Q. And directly account to you?

A. I have just cited that their stock is away up at 500 per cent. I have suggested to them that that looks to me as if they could pay 4 1-4 per cent. and then deduct it.

Q. Have you ever made such a suggestion?

A. Yes, sir, I have made the suggestion.

Q. Has there been any objection on account of the exposure of depositors or interfering with business in any way?

A. Yes, sir, they are very jealous as far as that is con-

cerned. The plan suggested by Mr. Sproul is a good one. The county needs it three-fourths.

Q. Suppose the treasurer of a trust company reports on oath that there is so much money on certificates of deposit of his company, why would not that be about as near as you can get it? That would not require exposure of depositors?

A. No, and then settle direct.

Q. Settle direct and deduct the tax from the interest?

A. It is the very best plan. I have always been very fearful that the Legislature—that the county would not get back its three-fourths of this tax on stock, and all that sort of thing. When it is sent to Harrisburg that is the last of it. We only get three-fourths of what we collect.

Q. If it is of such advantage to the county, why not have a provision that the county would collect it? Let the treasurer of the corporation pay it to the county, instead of the depositor doing that?

A. That would be very good.

Q. You are trying to get all the personal property you can so as to lighten the land tax?

A. That is it exactly. That is what my circular states. Land ought to be relieved, especially when there is a mortgage on it and there is a tax on the mortgage and the land both.

WILLIAM A. MATTERN, recalled.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. What is your experience about the sentiment of your people on the exemption from taxation of public utility corporations?

A. We are getting some tax from railroad and other corporations that do not use it for special purposes. We had trouble with the traction company. They usually hire it out to some employe and say they do not get any rent. I do not know for what purpose it is but that is the case.

Q. Why do you not tax that? That is not exempt.

A. We had it taxed, and then they made an appeal. Lawyers came and finally one property I allude to was exonerated. We had it taxed and tried to hunt them up all we possibly can

By a Member of the Committee.

Q. Was the appeal made to court?

A. No sir, only the County Commissioners at the time the Tax Collector wanted to make settlement.

Q. The County Commissioners exonerated the Company?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Are they of the same political party?

A. No, sir, a different political party. I can say for the County Commissioner's office of Berks county that very little politics is played in it. It is fair and square. The result of my stand with that assessor was that $80,000 were returned to me in the office in one day of secret societies. After he had received a second instruction from the Auditor General he said he was guilty and had to go out, and I had $80,000 returned in one day.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Do you think the present laws are sufficient for the collection of taxes?

A. If properly enforced, with the exception of some words that would make it more plain.

Q. What do you mean by that?

A. The same way Mr. Eschelman said, in the Act of 1907, they are not quite as plain as they ought to be. You have a shield behind some of the words.

Q. What do you do to take up your guide books?

A. We take the lilac slips as they are returned by the assessors and check them off in the transcript books. After that we take the mortgage book and check them up and make the assessor account for any difference right in his presence.

Q. As to insolvent and worthless obligations?

A. They usually return them on the back as Mr. Eschelman said, make the statement on the back without any further investigation.

Q. Do you think further investigation would develop that they were not so?

A. In some instances it might; in other instances it might not.

Q. How do land owners in your county feel on this subject?

A. In some districts they complain. My study of the method of taxation is this: I believe our assessment is not quite what it ought to be in regard to land. I base it on local taxation. In some townships the tax rate is high. With about the same expenditure at other places it is low. Where there is a high valuation of land the tax is low; where there is a low valuation it is high. Therefore, I say in some parts the taxation is not what it ought to be.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. How does the assessed valuation in country districts on farms compare with city valuations?

A. I think on an average it is higher than city property. The oath binds the assessors to assess them at what they think it would sell for at a bona fide sale with full public notice Properties are sold away up.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. What, from your experience, are the usual methods of avoiding a proper return for payment of tax?

A. I had an experience just the other day. A fellow came in and said to me, "I have money on deposit. Must I pay tax?" I told him, "If you get interest on it and have it in on time you have to pay a tax. If you have it subject to check and draw a check sometimes you do not pay tax on it." He said, "I will get my certificate of deposit and deposit subject to check." That is what he told me.

Q. Deposit it subject to check and never use the check?

A. He never uses a check. He gets 2 or 3 per cent. interest. When you come to those banks and ask them they say they have to protect their depositors.

H. FRANK ESCHELMAN, recalled.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. We have received a number of letters on the subject of taxing inheritances. Has there been any discussion in your county on that subject? I mean direct inheritances.

A. That subject has not been raised in our county, though I have heard some not inconsiderable sentiment in favor of its being done. Our Orphans' Court business is very large and it would amount to considerable money.

WM. A. MATTER, recalled.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Have you any suggestion to this committee as to how the law could be bettered in any respect, either as to the class of subjects to be taxed or the class of subjects to be exempt, or the method of collection or exemption?

A. The only thing, I think, perhaps, might be bettered, of which I heard a good bit of talk in our neighborhood, was those small depositors that simply put in their savings. Limit that to a cetrain amount and exempt that, and after they get up to a certain amount let them pay tax on it.

Q. Have you anything else to suggest?

A. No, sir.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Your city is quite a manufacturing district?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. What sentiment, if any, is there with regard to taxing manufacturing corporations?

A. I think they are satisfied. People at large are satisfied with the tax they pay.

Q. Manufacturing purposes?

A. You hear some kick and some are complaining about ills, but they are not ready to give a remedy to cure those ills.

Q. What I meant was this. What would you say, as a man of affairs in your county, taking into consideration the fact now that we are endeavoring to raise more revenue in the Commonwealth? What would you say as to taxing manufacturing corporations as a method of raising additional revenue?

A. I have not given that any thought, and really do not know what manufacturing concerns pay to the State.

Q. They pay tax for local purposes but pay nothing to the Commonwealth?

A. They should be on an equal footing with an individual to my estimation.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Is there any agitation or any talk in your community on that subject?

A. About railroads you hear some.

Q. They want railroads taxed locally on property in the district?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. But not manufacturing corporations?

A. I do not hear much along that line. The only thing you hear about railroads running through townships and not paying local tax.

Q. How about the mercantile tax there?

A. I do not hear very much about that.

Q. There is no objection to that law?

A. No.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. The merchants are all prosperous and willing to pay their share of taxes?

A. Some go out of business, then they do not come around any more.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Do you have any false returns of personal property?

A. Not that we find out.

Q. What do you do when you find a flagrant case?

A. We investigate and try to find out. We had some cases.

Q. Suppose you found a case that you knew was not true, what would you do?

A. We ought to prosecute.

Q. What do you do?

A. We have not done anything in that line.

Q. Do you not think one prosecution in five years would work wonders?

A. Sure, it would bring the others to terms certainly.

Q. Suppose you prosecute one man, what would be the result of it?

A. I think it would bring the others to terms.

Q. You mean all taxables? It ought to be notice to everybody and they would have to make return and get some result?

A. Yes, sir. A letter I received from Harrisburg worked wonders. I simply published my letter in the paper. Not being personal, I took out names. I wrote to Harrisburg, and put my answer that I got from the State Department, and gave my suggestion, and that worked wonders in the line of secret societies making their return.

Q. There is not much use of printing these dire threats unless something is done?

A. Surely you have to act.

Q. It is fair to assume that in all the thousands of taxables in every community somebody does not make a true return, but makes one which is palpably untrue?

A. Yes, sir .

Q. Yet so far as you know none have been prosecuted?

A. Not in our county that I know of. I am connected with the office there for five years.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Would this have any effect upon a prosecution? For instance, if you had say 12 or 15 cases before you of that character, and you were to arrive at the conclusion that some one of those 15 should be prosecuted, to set an example, would the fact that the party in question might be of the same polit-

ical party as the Commissioners have any effect in bringing such a prosecution?

A. I do not think it should have.

Q. But would it have?

A. Not in our county.

Q. You think not?

A. No, sir, not under the present Board of Commissioners. I can say that for them. I am there to abide by my oath, and am a respecter of every one that comes in, no matter what party he is.

Q. Under those conditions would it not be a good thing to give it a trial?

A. Certainly it would.

Q. Supposing you try it?

A. I did not find such a case.

Q. Do you mean to say you have not such a case existing in the county?

A. Not to our notice.

Q. Have you been active in trying to find out whether there is such a case?

A. I think as active as any other county in this State.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Do you make any effort to find promissory notes, articles of agreement and other things not reported?

A. Yes sir.

Q. How do you do that?

A. Articles of agreement and such things are reported to us from the Prothonotary's office.

Q. I mean unrecorded articles?

A. We have to go on the person's affidavit, otherwise we cannot find them unless we get it from hearsay. We got $7,000 for hearsay the other day. A woman bragged to a neighbor she did not pay any tax on $7,000, and we just notified the assessor and he went and hunted it up, and we got a return of $7,000.

Q. Could similar information from other people be obtained by any official employed for that purpose?

A. Undoubtedly. They could keep tabs on it and get information sooner than others could if they would make it a business.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. The trouble is in country districts assessors are fearful of being ousted from office at the close of their term when they are candidates for reelection. That is the reason they do not do their full duty. Is not that the fact?

A. My experience is assessors will always try to take the triennial assessment for fear at the next election, and in nine cases out of ten it holds good, if they make a slight mistake this will work against them.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Do you think it would better collection if the State appointed an official, some stranger, to go into the district?

A. I believe it would.

Q. He could get personal advice from the County Commissioners?

A. From the County Commissioners' office, with the papers and other credentials on file, and from personal investigation.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. What would you say as to the method of electing assessors or having them serve? Do you think it would change conditions if they would be appointed instead of being elected? If the Judge were to appoint assessors in your county would that change conditions, do you think?

A. Perhaps they would not be so fearful to avoid their duties and come nearer to the standard. I know in some townships of our county the woodland was not assessed up to two years ago. They had the acres down but no valuation to it, only two townships in the county.

Q. Are you as strict in your supervision of assessors as Mr. Eschelman says he is?

A. I require every name the law requires me to get. I will not accept their books and do not pay them in full until I have it. We have two assessors now, in the Fifth and First Wards. We tabbed up with the tax collector. One of them had omitted 40 properties and some papers, and we just sent the book back and have $137 of his money until we get it correct. The other one omitted 120.

WILLIAM M. HAGGINBOTHAM, Norristown, Pa., called.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. You heard Mr. Eschelman testify?

A. Part of it.

Q. Are your thoughts similar to his on the general subject?

A. On the general subject, yes. As far as Montgomery county is concerned, it is perhaps a little different from Lancaster county, as the Commissioners have the control, and whatever the Treasurer does he does through the Commissioners. In other words, the Commissioners dump their duplicates over on the Treasurer, charge them up to him, and it is up to him to collect. We have no Controller in Montgomery. Of course, we hear people say different things at different times.

Q. What do they do in the way of filling up the guide books?

A. That question comes directly under the head of the Commissioner's office. We do not bother much with that. I hear a great deal of complaint from assessors. I hear a great deal of complaint from common people, or what I term the working classes, people who say they are paying the bulk of the tax, and I believe they are.

Q. Do you know what is done in that county for the collection of tax on money at interest?

A. No, that is not under my charge at all. The Commissioners have all of that. The only thing I know about it is what is charged to me. The Commissioners have absolute control of that.

Q. How is the sentiment in your county, on the general subject of taxation, as to additional articles which should be taxed or those exempted?

A. The sentiment so far as I can ascertain is this, that the corporations should pay their pro rata share of tax.

Q. Do you mean manufacturers of all kinds?

A. All kinds of corporations. That has come to me in the last few days, and I find that the sentiment is running that way. To what extent I cannot say because I have not got out far enough on the subject.

Q. You do not know the proportion of personal property in your county as compared with realty?

A. No, I have not got that point.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. What have you got to say regarding equalization of taxation in your county?

A. It is not equal at all.

Q. What do you mean by that?

A. I mean that the average workman who owns his property, and perhaps has paid $1,600 to $1,800 for that property, is assessed from $1,600 to $1,800 for that property. We go down the road a little further and find a property perhaps is classed at $100,000, and they are assessed from $18,000 to $25,000.

Q. And cost how much to build?

A. Take the ground alone without any building and it is worth all of $100,000. I can name several.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Why have not the assessors returned that properly?

A. That is a question I am unable to answer.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Are your asessors appointed?

A. They are elected.

Q. What would you say if your assessors were appointed by the courts of your county, would that make a change?

A. I am not able to answer that. I do not know.

Q. Is it not a fact that elective officers in many instances fail to do their duty because of the fact that they are afraid that they will be removed from office and may not be re-elected?

A. That is correct. Very often people in their own locality are not careful enough in the selection of their candidate.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Why could not this service be done better by State officials without any connection whatever with the locality? They would not have local knowledge that local men would have, but acting in concert with the County Commissioners, why could not a State official do the work more effectively?

A. I cannot agree with you on that. I do not believe there is a locality in the State of Pennsylvania or the county of Montgomery that has not good people, competent to do it, provided the people will elect them.

Q. A man from outside the county could certainly see, without any local knowledge, that a property worth $100,000 was worth more than $18,000?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. It does not require any special skill for that, and if money at interest was reported direct from trust companies and banks there would not be any difficulty there?

A. I do not believe there would.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. To whom are these assessors responsible?

A. To the County Commissioners only.

Q. Are they here?

A. Yes, sir. I would also say while here, as far as the mercantile tax is concerned, we believe that is about as equal a tax as we have, and there is very little complaint on that, only by a small minority of poor shopkeepers. I do not think there is anything to be improved on the mercantile so far as our office is concerned.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. How about the property of public utility corporations, what is the sentiment of your county on that?

A. I cannot answer that.

JAMES KREWSON, called.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. What have you to say? You heard what Mr. Hagginbotham said with reference to returns made by your assessors of property owned by wealthy residents of your county.

A. I live in one of the wealthiest districts of Montgomery county, that is Cheltenham. We have properties or palaces there. I suppose they cost considerably over half a million dollars. You would naturally say a house that has cost $500,000, and I know some of them cost a great deal more than that, should be assessed at $300,000. Does that strike you as being the right figure, Mr. Brown?

By Mr. Brown:

Q. You assess for three-fifths?

A. Something like that.

Q. Sixty per cent. to 75 per cent?

A. Seventy-five per cent. When one of those wealthy gentlemen comes from Philadelphia, as they do come out, in my neighborhood they buy a farm that has a nominal value as a farm for a number of years. They spend an immense amount of money on that place. If later on the head of that family dies, or they lose a portion of their wealth, and that estate is brought under the hammer, it does not bring half and in some cases only 25 per cent. of what was originally expended on it. I could give you one instance half a mile above me, where I was told a man had made an outlay of $400,000, and it was sold not a great while ago for $100,000. That is an example. I contend that the wisest man in every township should be assessor, or one of the wisest men. Too often he is a political follower or hanger-on. I think in my own township of Cheltenham we have one of the most just assessors that there is in the whole State of Pennsylvania. I have done all I could in my weak way at various times to have him reinstated, and yet he increased the valuation of my little farm $150 an acre this year. That does not look as if he were inclined to favor those who boost him. There is one thing about assessors' pay I think you gentlemen should take up. Take our first-class townships in the lower end of Montgomery, which really is a suburb of Philadelphia. Those men are

getting $5 a day. All through the upper end of the county in the poor districts they are getting $2 a day.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. The present law is $2.50 a day, is it not?

A. They were all elected under the old law.

Q. Is it not a fact that the last Legislature raised the salary of assessors to $2.50 a day?

A. Yes, sir. Does it seem reasonable to you, gentlemen, that for an important position like that you want a $2 man. He has to take a horse or hire a horse and drive out through these various townships. My idea of an assessor is that he should receive just compensation. Near the City properties are constantly fluctuating in value. In our large and wealthy township it takes good care to assess them properly. In the upper township where there is but little change in land values the time of the assessing should be limited. There should be a law not only to increase the pay of those assessors in the outlying townships, but also to limit them according to the mileage of the roads or according to the value of those townships. It has been said that the rural districts are assessed higher than those near the cities. I think you all agree to that. My friend, Mr. Saylor, comes from the upper end of the county. I believe there are farms assessed there for more than they would bring under the hammer. It is too often the case.

Q. Let us come down to the tax on personal property. How many taxables are there in your county?

A. I could not tell you that.

Q. About how many?

A. I have no statistics.

Q. How do you know how many blanks to get from the Auditor General?

A. We have a bookkeeper there.

Q. Your bookkeeper figures those?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. You are supposed to get a blank for every taxable in the county?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Including women?

A. Those who have property, yes, sir.

Q. Those blanks you get and you turn them over to the assessor with a guide book showing the judgments and mortgages?

A. They are issued from our office.

Q. Those are given to the assessors?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. What do you do to check up the assessors in the performance of their duties?

A. You mean as to mortgages, bonds and so on?

Q. Mortgages and bonds and bringing back those blanks sworn to?

A. That is a difficult matter. It may surprise you gentlemen to know that I asked a question only this week of a man who has been identified with our court house for a number of years. I said, "What percentage do you suppose we get of the actual moneys that should be returned on bonds, mortgages and such things?" He said, "I doubt if we get over 25 per cent."

Q. Why not?

A. How are you going to get at it?

Q. What do you do with the returns? Do you compel each assessor to—you give him a blank for every taxable?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. It is his duty either to return that blank or account for it, is it not?

A. I believe in many cases they simply ignore it.

Q. He has to return that blank?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. If the taxable does not return it, it is his duty to make a return for him, is it not?

A. That is his duty.

Q. What do you do if he does not return them?

A. I will tell you what the assessor does in my district.

Q. Do not take your district particularly. Take your practice as County Commissioner. What is the practice in your county as to supervision of the County Commissioners over your assessors?

A. I could only speak of our local affairs.

Q. Take your county?

A. I will take my township.

Q. Take the blanks that are given to each taxable in Cheltenham Township?

A. If our assessor thinks a man has not given him a just return, or makes no return, I have known him in some cases to put down $100,000. If that man does not make a kick next year he added $50,000 more on.

Q. If he puts $100,000 on a man in Cheltenham Township, whom you know from ordinary reputation is worth $5,000,000 why does he not put him down for $5,000,000?

A. I cannot tell as to that.

Q. Suppose you have men in Cheltenham Township that are worth millions, multi-millionaires. What is the use of putting them down at $100,000 as a starting point? Why not put a sum something near what you have every reason to believe is their limit?

A. I will give you an instance. There is one wealthy man living near Ogontz, who lives in one of our so-called palaces. I doubt whether any of you gentlemen know his name. Of course, I would not mention it. He claims a residence and all property interests in Philadelphia. He claims he makes a return in Philadelphia, yet he lives here summer and winter.

Q. Do you return him to our Board of Revision of Taxes?

A. I want to know what to do in a case like that?

Q. The law says you must transfer them if you know of mortgages and things like that.

A. How should we compel an investigation to be made in Philadelphia?

Q. The law does not compel you to do that. It does as to mortgages and some few securities. You think the law should be made so when a man tries to dodge you in your county you should notify the county where he claims a residence to look out for him?

A. I should think so.

Q. Do you go any further and investigate whether he does return in this county?

A. I do not know as we have.

Q. Why do you not do that?

A. I want to know what the law is in that case?

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Do you not think it is your duty, outside of the law?

A. I should think it would be. This is a sample case. I venture to say there are hundreds of them right around the suburbs of Philadelphia.

Q. Would it not pay Montgomery County to employ someone to do just that sort of work?

A. There is no question about that.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Where does this gentleman vote?

A. I believe he votes in Philadelphia to-day. He formerly voted in Ogontz.

Q. He voted there until you got after him about taxes?

A. I guess that is it.

Q. Then he migrated?

A. I guess that is it.

Q. For tax purposes?

A. Very likely.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. If he is reputed to be worth $5,000,000 he would escape taxation entirely if he made no return in Philadelphia? So far as you know he has made no return in Philadelphia?

A. That is very true, although I do not assume he is worth $5,000,000.

Q. Assuming he is worth $500,000, he would escape taxation simply because the Commissioners of Montgomery County do not manifest enough interest to see whether he was making a return in Philadelphia County?

A. I think that is right.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. In a case of that kind why do you not raise the issue right in your own county, and let him furnish proof he is a resident of Philadelphia, in other words, put him on the defensive? That is what the law contemplates?

A. I presume so. I am afraid the statutes are not well defined. I do not want to hunt trouble.

Q. Is that just one swallow that does not make a summer, or is that just the general condition there?

A. That is the condition. Then again, corporations who pay State tax a certain portion of that should be recovered or collected by the township or county in which such franchise exists. We will take now, for instance, the power house at Ogontz. I live near there. I have been told it cost about half a million dollars. As township or county officials we do not derive one penny of revenue. It goes to the State. Of course, we get 75 per cent. of the State money back that comes directly by taxation, but not by the corporate tax. Someone mentioned the fact that it would be the proper thing for the assessor to have a term of three or four years and not to succeed himself. It is very true that our treasurers in former years would leave all the low men who pay nominal tax go, because they needed their vote to reinstate them. I think that rule would apply to assessors also. An assessor's inclination is to be a little lax in making an assessment.

Q. Is not the whole system lax?

A. I am afraid so.

Q. Its enforcement?

A. That is not up to county officials, that is up to the State authorities.

Q. Do you make any attempt to get this money on deposit by certificate?

A. No, sir.

Q. Have you any idea how much money in Montgomery County is deposited in your trust companies and banks by certificates?

A. I have not the least idea. I would oppose any measure that would tax a building and loan association, or even a lodge, because that is a beneficial society.

Q. I am talking now of money at interest. You heard Eschelman say what he had done in his county.

A. I only heard part of Mr. Eschelman's talk. I did not hear it all. Of course, our banking institutions pay their corporate tax.

Q. What about money of depositors at interest?

A. It goes back on to the borrower's shoulders.

Q. I mean, suppose you deposited money in a trust company, and they give you for $10,000 a certificate of deposit, in which they agree to pay 3½ per cent. Do you mean to say you ought not to pay tax on that money at interest?

A. That is very frequently the poor man's saving.

Q. Do you think that would be so in a rich county like Montgomery?

A. To a certain extent it is. I am director of a trust company at Jenkintown which is a poor man's institution. Out of 2,800 depositors, 2,100 of them are savings accounts. That represents the poor man's savings. The other is working capital of the middleman, farmers, and so forth.

Q. So you think it would bear unusually heavy on that class?

A. I do.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Do you not think the trust company might pay that tax?

A. You mean directly to the State as corporate tax?

Q. Yes, and have it returned on the three-quarter basis as at present the law is?

A. All those things are oppressive to the borrower and the poor man.

Q. The trust company is a flourishing institution, is it not?
A. Surely.
Q. You have had dividends?
A. No, sir. Our institution is only six years old. We are making money, I heard one year, more than any other institution outside of the two great cities of Philadelphia and Pittsburg, yet we have never declared a dividend. We are adding it all to surplus.
Q. How much is you surplus?
A. In six years $115,000.
Q. You made more money than any other bank or trust company outside of the large cities?
A. Yes, sir.
Q. Why should it not be fair that you should pay tax to the State of Pennsylvania, and not put it on the shoulders of your certificate holders?
A. You mean on net revenues?
Q. I mean to say, why would it not be a fair proposition and a square deal to the State to have the trust Company pay a small tax on all certificates, and on all moneys held in the form of certificates of deposit?
A. I thought you were alluding to net earnings each year?
Q. No. I refer to this. Take a savings funds account of $50, drawing 3½ per cent. interest for one year. Why should not the trust company pay a tax, say of four mills, on that $50 certificate of deposit, without putting it on the shoulders of the holder of that certificate?
A. Perhaps that would be just, but the bulk of your taxation should come from manufacturers, and bondholders that are not hunted up as they should be. I am well aware of the fact that the revenues that support the State Government come from our great corporations, something like $17,000,000 a year or $18,000,000 derived from that source. That nearly runs the Government of the State, does it not?

By Mr. Brown:
Q. No, it does not. It may make the appropriations to State institutions, but it does not provide for the charities and one hundred and one other things.
A. There are so many of those things that come back on the wage-earners' shoulders after all. If the assessor increases the valuation of a man's house he immediately raises the rent on his tenant. It is not a hardship to the owner of the house.
By a Member of the Committee:
Q. How many wage-earners are stockholders in your company?
A. I think a good many of them. We are all men in very moderate means. I am a laboring man myself.

By Mr. Brown:
Q. What dividends could you have declared if you had not put this money to surplus or undivided profits? What were the dividends you passed?
A. I do not just care to declare that. We want to make the institution absolutely safe. Every dollar up to this time, never a director picked up a dollar off the table when we were in session.
Q. You would have done it if you had not put it to surplus?
A. Yes, sir.
Q. Should not companies that earn more than 6 per cent. pay this tax without the depositors paying it?
A. That is a fair proposition. If they earn over 6 per cent. perhaps that is a fair proposition.
Q. You think under those circumstances that they should pay a tax of four mills on moneys deposited there?
A. A limited tax, ever bearing in mind it is the savings of poor people. If the income tax bill had passed last year you did not intend to impose any taxation on the building and loan associations? I believe that was the wording of it?
By a Member of the Committee:
Q. How would the taxing of direct inebritances affect matters in your county?
A. I do not know.
By Mr. Brown:
Q. It would drive out all these people?
A. It might and might not. I know some wealthy people in this city who are living in my neighborhood. One gentleman within a few hundred feet of this building says, "I am warning my wealthy associates not to come into Montgomery County, to keep away from Montgomery County."
Q. Where does he say they ought to go?
A. I do not know. I do not think it would be in Philadelphia County.
Q. You think if this was done by the State they could not migrate from county to county. It would catch them some place?
A. You mean the triennial assessment?
Q. I mean the assessment of money at interest. If it was done by the State a man could not in one county say he was assessed in another county, because he would have but one place to respond to, and that would be the State officials?
A. You want to enact some drastic measures by which you can catch those people. Their money must be in evidence somewhere. It may not be done within the limits of Montgomery County, it may not be done in Philadelphia, but it must be done. You must make the assessment in a general way.
ADAMS F. SAYLOR, Norristown, Pa., called.
Mr. Saylor: I come from an upper township.
By Mr. Brown:
Q. Your people do not migrate?
A. They do migrate to Pottstown, but so far as the assessors are concerned, I think that they should not be returned. They should have, say a four years' term, and after that there should be a law made that they could not succeed themselves in office. I believe that would help our assessments a great deal.
Q. How does the element of personal friendship enter into this with assessors and taxables?
A. I do not know. I have not heard much of that. We have four first-class townships in Montgomery County, Lower Merion, Cheltenham, Abington and Springfield. They are our first-class townships. Of course, the assessors in those townships get $5 a day. That is a good job.
Q. Do you think they work any harder than the man who gets $2?
A. Not as hard.
Q. Then it would be a mistake to pay them more?
A. I do not believe they work as hard, because I often read in the paper where a man in Cheltenham or Lower Merion buys a property for $150,000. I go and look him up in the office and find he is assessed about $18,000, $20,000 or $25,000. That is not right.
Q. Why do you not go after the assessor for making a false return? He knows that is a false return. It is highly penal. Such a man could be brought to book. Is it not strange that in all this thing nobody prosecutes this man?
A. I have not been long in office, only about a year. It takes a little while to learn the ropes of this thing. We had an assessor appointed in one of the wards of Pottstown, and he went and made an assessment last spring, and of course, he asked a man how much money he had. He said he had something like $2,800. "Is that all?" "Yes." Said he, "Are you willing to swear that is all you have?" "No, I have a couple of thousand more, but the other assessor did not swear us." Out of that ward we got $37,000 more.
Q. Would not that same result come generally from the county if the Commissioners were careful to supervise all this work?
A. I think it would.
Q. Why do not the County Commissioners do that? What is the use of complaining about these things when you have in your own hands the remedy for it?
A. We should. It takes a while to learn these things, but we are getting on to that gradually.
JOHN F. KENNY, Media, Pa., called.
Mr. Kenny: I think I have very little to say. I think the argument of Mr Eschelman, of Lancaster County, covered the whole thing pretty much. In our county, Delaware, there is a strong sentiment, I think, in favor of the taxation of railroad property. As to the taxation of manufactures, the sentiment is very much against it because we are a manufacturing county and we see the advantage of having factories in our county. In regard to returns from personal property, this year the Commissioners have required the return to be made by every person as near as it could possibly be done, but the Ananiases are not all dead. The law, I think, is all right as it stands. I do not see any objection to the law. The difficulty is in enforcing it. It has been suggested here that the Commissioners could oversee the returns from the county, but they do not know the people of the county.
By Mr. Brown:
Q. They could know whether or not all the blanks sent out—they could get a blank for every taxable from the Auditor General?
A. They do that, but how can they know whether the returns are correct?
Q. They know whether all returns are made?
A. Certainly, they know the returns are made.
Q. Is it not fair to assume that the County Commissioners of your county would have some general knowledge of the people in that county, and when they saw a man return $10,000 money at interest and they knew he had $100,000 or $500,000, that they would stop, look and listen at such a proposition?
A. They could know a case of that kind.
Q. Do they examine these returns at all?
A. Yes, sir, they examine the returns, but they do not know anything about the personal property a man has. The law is weak in one respect, I think, that is that it does not fix a penalty on a man who does not make a return. It fixes a penalty on the man who makes a false return.
Q. But the assessor can fix a penalty on him, because he adds 50 per cent. and he can put in the amount?
A. There is no penalty in that. It does not amount to anything because the assessor only guesses.
Q. But suppose I do not return, the assessor adds 50 per cent. to what he thinks I should return. Suppose it is $100,000. You would very soon bring that man to book?
A. The Commissioners add 50 per cent. to the assessment of the assessor.
Q. The penalty is added?
A. The assessor has no means of knowing what he has.
Q. He makes a guess. You heard them say how they added on $100,000 and then the person sent in and he paid on another $100,000?
A. I think there ought to be a penalty imposed on persons who make no return. There ought to be some provision made that they can be sent for and sworn by the Commissioners, or somebody else, put on their oath. There is no doubt the county of Delaware, I do not believe, gets half the personal tax we ought to get. I think we receive about $44,000 personal tax. It ought to be two or three times that. It is a little like the tax of $1 on dogs. Nobody owns a dog when the assessors go around, and there are thousands of them the next day. I think Mr. Eschelman covered the whole ground entirely. I was going to state, if he had not stated it, that I think the certificate of deposit is money loaned the same as money loaned on mortgages.
Q. What is the sentiment of your county as to whether any other thing should be taxed?
A. No, except railroad property and certificates of deposit. There is a general impression there that they ought to be taxed. It would seem as fairly taxable property as anything else.
Q. You think the laws are sufficient to raise sufficient income providing they are properly enforced?
A. Providing they were properly enforced the income would be three or four times what it is.
Q. Did you hear Mr. Eschelman tell the methods he uses?
A. Yes, sir.
Q. Why would they not be good in your county?
A. I do not know. They might work in some cases. There is no way of getting at the unrecorded loans that I see. Records of real estate are all plain. Anybody can get at those. As to those that are not of record it is almost impossible and pure guess-work. We find some that are omitted and put them on the list, generally without any complaint.

Then again parties will come, like the gentlemen spoke of awhile ago, and say they live somewhere else.

Q. You do not notify the county where they say they live of that?

A. We notify them and they notify us. There was one party I believe had $500,000 one year and next year he said his residence was in Maine; that he had a shooting box up there.

Q. He resided in Maine but he lived here?

A. Yes, sir.

Adjourned until February 18, 1910, 11 A. M.

Philadelphia, Pa., February 18, 1910.

Public Meeting of the Committee held at Room 496, City Hall, Philadelphia, Friday, February 18, 1910, at 11 o'clock A. M.

Present: Gabriel H. Moyer, Vice-Chairman and Secretary, presiding; William C. Sproul, William H. Keyser, James F. Woodward, David Hunter, Jr., of the Committee; Francis Shunk Brown, Esq., Counsel.

DR. GEORGE STRAWBRIDGE, called.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Commission: I am here on rather a sad sort of an errand. To be a little personal, I have been in practice here in this city for forty years. I started at twenty-five, and I am now sixty-five, so you see I have been practicing forty years. I started at the Episcopal Hospital, and have since been connected with the Presbyterian University, Wills Hospital and the Pennsylvania Eye and Ear Infirmary. I am forty years practicing and still practicing.

I am here practically as a self-appointed representative of the profession here in Philadelphia. This is my position, self-appointed; I want that distinctly understood.

The position of the profession here in town is getting desperate. It is getting worse and worse year by year; and unless some change is made I should say fully one-half of the doctors will have to go into other businesses—fully one-half. The practice of the medical profession is getting less and less year by year, and I see nothing ahead of them but hard, hard times.

Now, naturally, the first thing that would come up would be to combine all of the institutions of the medical profession in this city, for two reasons; there are too many practicing doctors—I should say about four times too many for the need of the community; and there are too many hospitals. So you have the profession hindered both ways. There are too many people in the hospitals in this city who should largely be in the hands of the practitioner as they were in days gone by. These are the conditions confronting us, and, as I say, the condition gets worse every year. I don't suppose there is any difference of opinion amongst the profession at all as to the conditions. Most doctors simply say the case is hopeless. There is no remedy; that is about the feeling throughout the city. That is why I appear before you, to present this aspect. As far as I know this aspect has not been presented to you at all by anybody up to the present time. Other aspects have been presented as to the needs of the hospitals, etc., but as to these conditions as far as I know, not a word has been said up to this moment.

Now, if what I state is correct (and I am very sorry to say it is correct) we are naturally seeking about for a remedy (which the medical profession should not be compelled to do in this rich municipality); therefore, after a thorough consideration of the situation, I beg to make the following suggestions:

As I said before, there are at least four times too many doctors for the needs of the community. There are five medical schools in this city—imagine, five medical schools in a city of less than two million people—why the whole thing is absurd, simply ridiculous. Everybody says we want the best here, the very largest college and university and the best people, and they are seeking the very opposite way to get the very best.

If you ask me what I consider to be the best university in the entire world and the one admittedly the best, there is only one answer, the University of Berlin. The University of Berlin has nearly fifteen thousand students in it. It has over three thousand foreign students and the majority of these are Americans; then come the English next, and then the Russians and the Turks. There are nearly three thousand foreigners with nearly fifteen thousand clientele. That, gentlemen, is the very first university in the whole world. The first in everything. Why is it the very first? Because everything is done to make it the first. There is only one—there are not five. Everything is consolidated. The Government is interested in it and all the people of Germany are interested in it. There is the very first university in the whole world.

Naturally, at my time of life, when I am rounding up things and when I have the least interest in accumulating any store, the thought comes up whether, here, in this country, we are not good and old and big enough now to plan first-class things; and I think we are. There is no doubt in our minds (I mean my own) that the medical schools should enter into a consolidation. The five medical schools can see that. We could bring all into a consolidation under the head of the University of Pennsylvania and make it one of the greatest universities in the country. There is no reason why all five should not enter into the consolidation. The Hahnemann institution could easily be consolidated by having in the university a chair of homoeopathy.

By the Chairman:

Q. Do you think the Hahnemann and the rest of the medical institutions could be so cosolidated in the manner you suggest?

A. Without the slightest trouble. The County Medical Society recently passed a resolution to call in the homoeopaths into consultation, that is, for the allopaths to call the homoeopaths.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Does that custom exist in the hospitals

A. I was just going to touch upon that subject in a minute. Consolidation is unquestionably the remedy. In that way, if everything was combined in one, if everything was consolidated into one that way, the next question would be which should be at the head of the consolidation. It should be the University of Pennsylvania. I don't think anybody would doubt but what that was the proper head. It is the greatest source of learning in this city, and in every way it has the advantages with it; it has all the departments in it, and it is the sort of a house it should be if immediately required to consolidate with and absorb these other schools.

By the Chairman:

Q. Provided, of course, the other schools would be willing to consolidate?

A. I was going to touch on that in another minute. I may say, for your information, that the feeling among them now is most friendly. When I was a young man it was different. I heard a gentleman talking about Dr. Dever, who, perhaps, is one of the best surgeons in the city——

By Mr. Brown:

Q. My understanding is that your thought is that whether they wanted to come together or not, that probably the withholding from them of State appropriations would induce them——

A. I was going to touch upon that; if the State says, we have no more such moneys for you——

Q. Unless you get together?

A. Yes. I say give the university enough money to make it first-class, which would not be quite as much as that which has been made out to all the others, and in that way you would see what an enormous credit to this part of the country this would be. Someone has asked about the excess hospitals. Whenever a medical school starts it has to have a hospital to provide patients for the school attached. Every medical school must have a hospital. If the consolidation were effected, you would have the five hospitals in one. The hospitals for these institutions would be cut down to one by the consolidation.

Q. Does the location of the hospital have anything to do with it? Could they use the one hospital just as readily?

A. As far as hospital treatment is concerned.

Q. There is no advantage in having them scattered over the city?

A. No.

Q. The five you speak of are what?

A. The University of Pennsylvania, Medico-Chirurgical, Jefferson, Hahnemann and Women's.

Q. Why don't you ask the Polyclinic to come into the consolidation.

A. The Polyclinic is not a medical school—it has no power to issue diplomas. I think the Polyclinic has been rather anxious for some year or two for some sort of a consolidation.

Q. That is a post-graduate hospital?

A. Yes. You would have five hospitals cut out. No homoeopathic hospital is necessary, no women's hospital or college is necessary. Women are admitted everywhere. It is well known that this going to the hospital has been a perfect fad for the last fifteen years. If we get anything the matter with us we go to the hospital. That is the place for us. I have been sick a number of times and have had two or three operations performed upon my person. Have I ever gone to the hospital? No. Why? Because I have a home, which to me is superior to the hospital. If I am sick I want to be home. I don't care to go to the hospital where a man must be subjected to the sights and scenes of hospital life. You couldn't get me there. You lie ill in your room and are compelled to listen to the piercing screams of some poor unfortunates recovering from the effects of ether. You cannot get away from it. From my standpoint, the hospital is only adapted to the people who have no home—no good home. If they live, say at a boarding house, then the hospital is for them. I know where a person has a good home, they would be better off in sickness than in a hospital. If you ask the doctors on that point there will be some little hesitation. You can easily understand the advantage of a large, busy surgeon to have about one hundred patients packed into one hospital. It concentrates his work and enables him to handle them.

Q. You think it is monopolistic?

A. Absolutely.

Q. How is the State of Pennsylvania to destroy that?

A. Suppose you don't appropriate to these hospitals?

Q. Don't you think the money of the State is being used properly?

A. No. A certain few particular doctors and specialists reap the benefit of it. This practice makes it hard for the practitioner to get along and bring about the conditions I have spoken of.

Q. The strength of the few against the many?

A. Yes.

By the Chairman:

Q. Do you know of any concrete case?

A. I have one in my mind at this minute, but I don't think it is fair to mention any names. These people are all friends of mine. I know a very concrete case.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. In other words, if they did not have such unlimited facilities in the hospitals a patient would be treated at home by his own physician?

A. Yes.

Q. Then the hospital service would be left for the poor sick

A. Yes, people who have no homes.

Q. And no other means by which they could get the proper treatment?

A. That is it. These conditions would bring back an enormous quantity of practice into the hands of the practitioner.

Q. Is there any concensus of opinion among the physicians of this City on this subject generally?

A. Yes, all of them say there is no practice and that is on

account of the hospitals. These gentlemen who are in the hospitals would not be so positive in their declarations.

Q. That has an effect upon the general practitioner who is not within the hospital practice?

A. Undoubtedly so. He is out of work, has nothing to do and is discouraged.

By the Chairman:

Q. You have heard, undoubtedly, of repeated efforts to have a bill passed in the Legislature to establish one Board?

A. No, I have not kept close touch upon these things.

Q. That would be in line with your argument that all the boards should be eliminated and consolidated into one medical board

A. Yes, and if I may say so, if such a thing is done, the University should be selected as the official head of the consolidation and the State should be represented in the Board of Trustees of the University.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. She has no connection now, that is, except in theory?

A. Yes, that is all she can do, and that means practically very little.

Q. Your thought is that if we had such an institution here, there would not be so many students of this country go to Berlin?

A. Yes. I was three years abroad myself. I was over to Berlin and Vienna and also Heidelberg and I know all these places. What I am saying is not theory. I have no axe to grind. I am still active in practice, and spend the good money that I get out of it.

Q. Why is it that the medical profession cannot get together in a body and recommend this consolidation such as you have suggested?

A. The local jealousies have been getting greater. There is better progress within the last year or two, though.

Q. Do you think, as a medical man of the Commonwealth, that the State of Pennsylvania could fairly withhold appropriations from these several institutions unless they get together into one?

A. I think fair notice could be given to these institutions with an unnatural growth and give them a fair idea of things.

Q. You don't think the time is ripe now for it?

A. I would have a definite plan, and work upon this plan.

By the Chairman:

Q. Do you think an institution like the Jefferson, if the State appropriation were withdrawn (I have particular reference to the Jefferson) that the Board of Trustees and the management would refuse to enter into the consolidation. Do you think it would practically put the Jefferson out of commission?

A. I think it would.

Q. If they would not receive any State appropriation?

A. Yes, unless they had an enormous support by citizens.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Have you gathered any information or data as to whether or not these different State appropriations have tended to minimize the providing of provisions of the several institutions?

A. No, I do not think I can give any information on that point.

Q. Have you anything else on your mind, Doctor, that would probably be of use or benefit to the Committee?

A. No, I think this, in a general way, is all I have to say.

Mr. Brown:

Have the gentlemen of the Commission any further questions to ask Dr. Strawbridge?

The Chairman:

I be lieve that is about all, Mr. Brown.

Mr. Brown:

Mr. Chairman, the next gentlemen from whom we shall hear is Mr. Simon Gratz, President of the Board of Revision of Taxes of the County of Philadelphia. (Mr. Brown addresses Mr. Gratz.)

Mr. Gratz, of course you are aware of the purpose of the appointment of this Committee, which is to consider a revision of the corporation and revenue laws of the Commonwealth; that is, to determine, and gather such information as they can as to whether or not every dollar to which the Commonwealth is entitled she is receiving and as to whether or not every dollar she is paying out is being wisely expended. We have heard a good deal as to a large portion of that outgoing, and I think the Committee would like to hear from you as to whether or not the Commonwealth is receiving all she is entitled to receive in the matter of the personal property tax that is collected by the county of Philadelphia, of which the Commonwealth receives one-fourth and of which the county receives three-fourths. If you have any suggestions to offer as to defects in the present laws or amendments thereof, we would be very glad to hear from you.

Mr. Simon Gratz:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Commission: This is a very troublesome subject, as you very well know. If all men were truthful and honest, the law would be, as it stands to-day in regard to the assessment of the personal tax, entirely satisfactory. But, unfortunately, there is a failing in human nature with which we are all familiar, and a great many people resort to any means, reputable or otherwise, to evade the process of the law. I think I can say that, in the main, the law is fairly and fully enforced in Philadelphia.

Every man or woman who presumably has anything that is subject to taxation, judging from his or her mode of living, is served with a blank form of return. If the return is made to us, of course it is accepted. If the person in question fails to make a return, then there is an estimate, and 50 per cent. is estimated. I do not say that in every case or in an exceedingly large percentage of the cases in which the estimates are made that the money is collected, because the assessors, like some members of the Board of Revision of Taxes, are at times bad guessers. But there is one portion of the law that we do not attempt to enforce, because it would be almost impossible to do so; that is, the return of that portion of money at interest which is comprehended in deposits at banks, savings funds, trust companies, private bankers, etc., on which interest is paid, but which we cannot trace, and which, if we did trace, would be a most difficult matter to collect. For instance, I suppose that a great majority of house servants in Philadelphia have accounts at some of the saving funds where they deposit their earnings. It would be manifestedly impossible for us to get any returns from them if the tax should be collected. So that on accounts bearing interest from 2 to 3 1-2 per cent., or maybe 4, there is absolutely nothing collected.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Mr. Gratz, have you ever made any estimate of the amount of money deposited?

A. No, but it would be a great amount. The only instance I know of in which a man voluntarily made a return of money deposited in any banking house in Philadelphia was that of a man whose residence was out of town and who spent a part of his time in Philadelphia. He came into the office one day and said: "I want to make a return of $200,000 deposited in a banking house upon which I am getting 3 per cent. I think, under the law, I ought to return it for taxation." I said, "Yes, under the strict letter of the law, you should unquestionably return it." He said, "Well, I am ready to return it." He then informed me that he had it there for years and intended to allow it to remain there if he didn't want to invest it. He said if he got 2.1 per cent. it was enough for his needs.

I know of some cases in which 4 per cent. has been allowed. Saving funds all allow 3.65 now. It is a question whether it would be wise to enforce the collection of the tax on these amounts of moneys at interest. If that should be your conclusion, there is, in my opinion, only one way to do it, and that would be to require these corporations, or firms, or individuals to deduct from the interest they allow the tax, whatever it might be, and annually, at the proper time, make a return to the Board of Revision of Taxes, in order that it might be included in the returns of the Revision Board to the State and that the City might ultimately get its three-fourths of the amount. There is practically no other way to reach it.

Mr. Brown:

Q. Is that an absolutely practical way?

A. Yes. I don't say anything as to the wisdom of doing it.

Q. Assuming it was a law, then the way you suggest would be a practical one?

A. Yes, I cannot think of any more practical way.

Q. Would you do that upon all moneys deposited upon which they accumulate interest?

A. I think it would have to be uniform. I think from the amount of interest computed, or paid to any person, by any corporation or firm in the banking business, there should be deducted, at the close of the year (or any time) 4 per cent. of the amount paid, and that returned to the Board of Revision of Taxes.

Q. When you say 4 per cent. you mean four mills?

A Yes, four mills. I don't know whether all of you know how very easy we are here in the imposition of taxes. I have had a good many visits from taxing authorities in different parts of the country. One of the last was a man who is at the head of the Tax Board in the State of Ohio. He said to me, "How much do you tax mortgages here?" I said, "Four mills." He said, "You mean 4 per cent., don't you?" I said, "No, four mills." He said, "In my place it is 4 per cent." I said, "Do you mean to tell me you get 4 per cent?" He said, "Yes, we get 4 per cent." He said, "What a nice place Philadelphia is to live in. I would like to live in Philadelphia if the taxes are so small." Whether or not it would be a hardship to enforce this tax, or the payment of this tax, I do not say.

Q. Is there any reason in your mind, Mr. Gratz, why one species of money at interest should not pay the same tax as another species of money at interest?

A. No. Of course, it would be pretty hard on the man whose money was deposited and only bringing him 2 per cent. to pay four mills, but you couldn't escape it.

Q. If he prefers to live on his money, as your client from out of town——

A. Delaware county.

Q. At 2.1 per cent. it is not fair?

A. Yes.

Q. Your thought would be as to the poor people who make these deposits in order to get a return for their money? You think it would be a hardship upon them?

A. Yes.

Q. Have you ever given the matter of the average of deposits in Philadelphia any thought, Mr. Gratz?

A. I simply know they are enormous.

Q. I mean the average deposits?

A. No. I have not.

Q. Suppose the average was one thousand, two or four That would not apply to the very poor, would it? Because a person having, say four thousand dollars on deposit at interest could probably——

A. It would not surprise me at all if the average of those of the servant folks is one thousand.

Q. Would you consider them the very poor people of the community?

A. They get 3.65 interest. I was going to say that. I have said at times to treasurers or trustees of trust companies, "Can you use to your pecuniary advantage all the moneys you have on deposit?" The answer was, "Yes indeed we can, and get 4 1-2, 5 and 6 percent.

Q. You speak about giving a list to the assessors of those who are presumably taxable. What do you do in the way of checking those returns up?

A. The assessors all have what we call personal blotters. They go out on the street and go from house to house. Of course, if they come to an alley that is inhabited, say by Dagoes, who earn, perhaps, a dollar a day out on the street, they pass that by; but they would not pass your house or mine, because we look as if we did have something.

Mr. Brown: They would probably stop at my house under a false presumption.

Mr. Gratz (continuing): They leave a blank at all houses in which there is any reason to suppose the occupant is of sufficient means to have anything at all subject to taxation.

I want to call your attention to the lax enforcement of the law in some other localities. We have, at times, been informed (I mean the Board of Revision of Taxes) by the Board of Revenue Commissioners and sometimes by the Auditor General, that Philadelphia and Pittsburg were the only counties in which a fair enforcement of the law was attempted. In a great many counties of the State they don't attempt to enforce it. I know of one adjoining county, in which several of my friends live, who are very rich men, and they have often told me that they never received a blank and never were asked to make a return, and, therefore, never did it. They have escaped the tax in the past years and expect to escape it in the future.

What stirred me up to write a letter to the present Auditor General was a piece of information which I received from one of the assessors. A man residing in Philadelphia, who had a country home in an adjoining county, last fall was served with a blank. He had been making his return in Philadelphia. He said to the assessor, "I am not going to return anything more in Philadelphia; I am going to make my return in—naming the county." The assessor said, "Why do you do that?" he said, "Because the clerk there allows me 5 per cent. discount on my taxes, and you don't allow any discount here." The assessor said, "Has he a right to do that?" He said, "I don't know anything about that, but he does it." After getting that piece of information I wrote a letter to the Auditor General, of which letter this is a copy:

November 16, 1909.

Hon. Robert K. Young,
Auditor General,
Harrisburg, Penna.

Dear Sir:

We have recently learned certain facts in connection with the assessment of the State tax on personal property which we think of such importance as to warrant us in communicating them to you.

A number of our most wealthy Philadelphians have country residences in adjoining counties—principally Montgomery and Delaware— and elect to vote there, in order that they may make affidavit that they are non-residents of this City and thus avoid returning their taxable personal property to our assessors.

In a large number of these cases, when the individuals have been asked why they did not make their returns here, and thus aid the City trearusy, the answer has been: "We are not asked to make any returns in Montgomery (or Delaware) county. No blank for returns is ever served on us by the assessors." Or, in some cases, the answer was: "I let the assessors estimate me, and their estimate is greatly below what it would be in Philadelphia."

An additional reason for fixing their residence so that they may make their returns outside of Philadelphia has lately come to light. Two men who had, for years past, been in the habit of making their returns to our assessors, have, this year, made affidavit of non-residence here; and have given as their reason, that the collectors of the State taxes assessed against them in the adjoining counties always allow a deduction of 5 per cent. where the bills are paid promptly. I do not know what authority they have for doing this; but I do know that all the facts above stated unite to lessen, to a great extent, the total amount of State tax to be returned to you by this office on July 31st of each year.

Very truly yours,

(Not signed)

(Written on the letter head of the Board of Revision of Taxes, Philadelphia.)

Q. Have you any thought as to the amount of these taxes that are evaded by these quondam citizens of Philadelphia?

A. I have no knowledge at all.

Q. I assume the amount is of sufficient size to justify the writing of that letter?

A. My personal belief is that the amount is pretty large, but I have no absolute knowledge.

Q. What was Philadelphia's share last year of the personal property tax? As I recall it, the total returned to the Commission was a little over three million dollars. Can you recall what Philadelphia's share was?

A. I think I have a memorandum (reads from paper). The City got three-fourths of the tax on $568,786,796.

Q. That is about one and a half million dollars?

A. But that included fifty-one million assessed against the Provident Trust Company, which you know about, which has not been paid?

Q. Yes.

A. Take off fifty-one millions and there is five hundred and twenty million about, the City getting three-fourths.

Q. Let me ask you this: When these people that you know go to another county, couldn't you inform the adjoining county? Why should not the Auditor General be notified that certain people claimed a residence in Montgomery or Delaware county, so that the Auditor General could keep some check on them and require the County Commissioners to make the proper returns?

A. It would be impossible for the Board of Revision of Taxes here to notify the county assessors of Delaware or Montgomery county or any other county, but while a man says he is not a resident of Philadelphia, but resides in Delaware county, we could not give his address.

Q. There is no law compelling you to-day to do it?

A. No.

Q. You were speaking of returns. Has there ever been any attempt in this county to prosecute anybody for making false returns?

A. Never.

Q. Why is that? I cannot find a case in the Commonwealth. Why is that?

A. Well, I will tell you. I know of some cases that came near to it—not quite to the point of prosecution. I have in mind three instances—of men who were worth over a million dollars and some three or four, who year after year made a sworn return that they had no taxable property. They were reputable men—believed to be so—and no one questioned the truth of their returns. The first one who died, we will say, was Mr. A. When the inventory of his estate was filed it showed a million dollars that was placed in mortgages, and five hundred thousand or so (maybe a million) in stocks and bonds of corporations outside of Pennsylvania. I was astounded and I thought it could scarcely be possible that a man of his reputation would make false returns, and so notoriously false. I could have found some means of explaining to myself the false statement in regard to the taxable stocks and bonds. I had the clerks bring me the returns that were made by him during the last five years of his lifetime, and I sent for his executor (who, by the way, happened to be a member of his family). I spread out before him these returns, and he held up his hands in horror. "What are you going to do about it?" he said. I said, "I want you to pay the taxes for all these years—during the years this was taxable. If you do that I will be satisfied. You are not to blame." He said, "Of course you don't want to pain the family by giving any public expose of this?" I said "Not at all." He said, "You don't want to blacken his memory." I said, "No." The full amount of the tax was paid for all the years.

Another case: A man who was not only as well known as the first one I have mentioned, but was a pillar of the church. The case was precisely the same.

Q. You don't say where the pillar was located, Mr. Gratz?

A. No. This was even a worse case than the other. His son-in-law was sent for. He said "My, I will do anything you want done." I said "We want the whole amount paid up." Of course, that was the thing to do—to get the money for the City.

Q. Why shouldn't there be some provision for the collection of such tax as the collection of the collateral inheritance tax?

A. No reason in the world.

A. And yet there is none for it at the present time?

A. No.

Q. Have you had no trouble in these cases?

A. No.

Q. Have you any idea as to the number of these. Have your inquiries led you into any means of ascertaining this?

A. I have kept a pretty close watch. No, there is no trouble in collecting where a person during his lifetime has made false returns. The personal representative or members of his family are always too glad to do anything to save him from reproach.

By the Chairman:

Q. Do these cases frequently occur?

A. Very seldom.

Q. You spoke about making no returns. Did he make any return of the mortgages?

A. No mortgages.

Q. Were the mortgages recorded?

A. That was before we got the records from the Recorder of Deeds. That could not happen now. The Recorder of Deeds sends us a transcript, but they evade that. They don't give correct addresses.

Q. That is assuming that when the mortgagee records his mortgage he gives his correct address. If he gives it as Kalamazoo, Michigan, you couldn't help yourself?

A. No.

Q. Does Senator Vare's bill cover that?

A. Yes, to a certain extent. Human invention cannot devise a law which will make all men honest. It is impossible I should say this for your general information. In the course of a year a vast number of people come into the office of the Board of Revision of Taxes, and they talk about taxation and other things. I have never heard anyone say that he was not entirely satisfied to pay a tax on his personal property, or even pay a larger tax, if all people who were in the same position could be made to do it; but they say—and very justly—"I don't want to pay a tax on my personal property when my neighbor pays nothing on his."

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Have you ever had any complaints from land owners who seek to relieve the burden upon them by insisting upon a more rigid enforcement of the collection of the personal property tax?

A. No.

Q. We have some letters upon the subject of local taxation of public utility corporation property. Have you given that subject any thought, Mr. Gratz?

A. Only as far as municipal taxation.

Q. Only as to the Commonwealth and City revenues. I assumed that if all this property were local property of the public utility corporations, it should be taxed locally, or do you think that would be an attempt on the part of the State to impose too heavy a burden?

A. You know, Mr. Brown, as well as I do, that not by any statute law, but by a decision of the Supreme Court, certain portions of the real estate of public utility corporations have been exempted; for instance—power houses, telephone exchanges—not to mention, perhaps, some lesser im-

provements in that connection. My own personal opinion is that they should be taxed.

Q. You tax the Pennsylvania Railroad Company locally on what, in Philadelphia?

A. Locally on its station.

Q. That is, Broad street, West Philadelphia—all stations?

A. Yes, everything except road beds and water stations.

Q. Where is the distinction of law that taxes one corporation and exempts other public utility corporations from paying a similar tax upon similar conditions?

A. The Supreme Court saw fit to do it.

Q. Is there any reason why this, as far as you know, should not be done?

A. I see no reason whatever.

Q. I gather your thought that you think it should be done. Have you been able to gather any sentiment as to taxing other subjects than those now taxable?

A. Do you mean for State purposes?

Q. Yes.

A. There is a great diversity of opinion.

Q. You are a sort of a clearing house. I thought you probably had gathered some sentiment as to this? That is, manufacturing corporations and others?

A. All the manufacturers would protest against any taxation of the State of their capital. They would insist that they could not live and thrive if such a tax were imposed. I feel very kindly to the manufacturers, but I confess I see no reason why they should be favored to too great an extreme. They are favored in the matter of local taxation—always have been and are still—in this respect: That their machinery absolutely escapes taxation (I am speaking of machinery as a fixture, and that is the most valuable part of a plant). It has been the case here, from time immemorial, not to include that, and we follow the custom down to date.

Q. What about taxing inheritances? Have you gathered any thought on that—direct inheritances?

A. I am not going beyond the provision of the present laws.

Q. I am speaking now of the taxing of direct inheritances?

A. No, I haven't thought of that.

Q. Are you able to give any thought upon the subject of taxing other subjects not now taxed?

A. You mean for State purposes?

Q. Yes.

A. I confess it has never occurred to me to give any general thought of the whole subject, so far as State tax goes. I have had in mind, more frequently the subject of municipal taxation, because the City of Philadelphia needs a larger revenue than it gets, and I have often thought that if some method of raising the revenue by taxation could be devised, it would be a fine thing.

Q. It is your thought that the burden upon real estate in this city has about reached the limit?

A. Yes. The burden that is placed upon real estate is exceedingly heavy.

Q. Where is the city to obtain her additional revenue unless it is derived from these other taxes?

A. Undoubtedly, in a great many places, goods in the process of manufacture are taxed for municipal purposes. Goods for sale and in stock are taxed. Just take these two articles alone; consider what an immense amount would be subject to taxation if all the goods that are on sale in the stores were subject to taxation.

Q. Someone has suggested that automobiles and other luxuries should be taxed heavily—some suggest as high as fifty to one hundred dollars a year.

A. You tax carriages for hire, and why should not automobiles for hire be equally taxable? There is no reason for the discrimination. Councils have a right, I think, under the general law, to make automobiles taxable if they wanted to. It was suggested here the other day.

Q. A rigid enforcement of the law in one county would drive taxpayers, or tax dodgers, to other counties to evade it?

A. No, I hardly think it would. If a very rich man has a town house along the main line, and he happens to be fortunate enough to escape the tax in the county, and is a voter in the adjoining county, I don't think he would pull up stakes and go into some other county.

Q. Could the State collect those taxes more efficiently through collectors, who were independent of the local color—men who had no local associations? It has been suggested that the assessor is a little tender because he is following the lines of his next election?

A. You are speaking now of other counties than Philadelphia?

Q. Yes.

A. I think the assessor should be appointed, not elected.

Q. By whom? The Auditor-General?

A. Where there is a Board of Revision, the Board would be the proper body to appoint them. If there is no Board of Revision, then some other authority.

Q. You don't think the Auditor-General could come into this county and appoint collectors.

A. No.

By the Chairman:

Q. What would you say if the Court were to appoint the assessors for the various townships in the several counties of the Commonwealth, excepting the counties of Philadelphia and Allegheny, for instance?

A. You would probably get a pretty good set of men that way.

Q. In your judgment, would that be an improvement over the present method?

A. I think almost any method would be an improvement over the one which prevails in making them elective. Just as long as that system is operative, the men who are candidates for re-election are going to favor voters.

Q. The present length of the term of assessors is three years, and the compensation is fixed by an Act of Assembly passed at the last session of the Legislature at two dollars and a half per day. What would you say if this compensation was increased to five dollars per day?

A. Well, I don't think two and a half dollars per day is sufficient.

Q. Do you think five dollars a day would be sufficiently attractive for a man to accept the job?

A. Five dollars a day in the country would be equivalent to ten dollars a day here.

Q. Suppose the term was four years instead of three and he should not be permitted to succeed himself, what would you say?

A. That would be an improvement.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Have you any other thought on the subject?

A. Not that I know of.

Q. How is the examination made to determine whether or not the assessor accounts for all of these blanks that are given to him?

A. They don't account for any particular number of blanks.

Q. I mean, suppose an assessor has in his district ten thousand presumable taxables and sends these blanks to the people, what check is there when he gets them back? Does he account for every one of them?

A. Yes, when he serves the blank he marks on his blotter "Blank served," such and such a date. The blank has a printed notice on it that unless the return is made within ten or fifteen days (that is January 10) from the day of service of the blank, that the person to whom it is served will be estimated, and the penalty will be attached.

Q. And they do estimate?

A. Yes.

Q. In a case where you get a false return, where you know it is false, why shouldn't the officials of the several counties know of such a case? Why shouldn't you follow that up to make an example of somebody? Wouldn't one example do more good than all the laws you could pass?

A. Yes, it would prevent them, probably, from doing the same thing.

Q. In other words, it is generally assumed that the rules governing taxing are different from any other class in the community. A man who dodges taxes does not think he is doing wrong, and a prosecution of a flagrant case would bring about a correction and prevent a great many cases of tax dodging?

A. The law does not provide enough.

Q. What, for making false returns?

A. Yes, it does not send a man to prison.

Q. It provides a fine of five hundred dollars and seven years in prison, under the Act of '79, as I recall. Where the assessor fails to make a return, five hundred dollars and five years. Neglect of it in any respect, five hundred dollars fine and one year in prison. It seems to me these laws are drastic enough.

A. They are very drastic. But the trouble would be to get the evidence which would enable you to say the return was false.

Q. I say, only a flagrant case, where there is no question about it.

A. For instance, I have heard of a man, who happened to be a friend of mine, who owned a couple of million dollars of mining stock and didn't return any. I went to him and said, "You can't afford to do this; you should make a return of that mining stock." He said, "Why, is that taxable?" I said, "Of course, it is." It was the stock of a company organized in one of the far Western States. He said "I never thought of that. I will return it next year." They like to forget if they can—in regard to their taxable property.

Q. I refer to the failure of those who boast about it?

A. I don't think they boast about it. A man may boast that he has never been served with a blank—that he is fortunate in that respect. A man who makes a false return is never going to brag about that.

By the Chairman:

Q. If the Board of Revision of Taxes has reason to believe that a false return has been made, the blank is placed in the hands of the assessor, returned to him and asked to pass upon it again and make a better return. That is the method under the law?

A. Yes, they are often sent back, and the man who owns one thousand dollars of taxables puts down fifty dollars, and we have no means of knowing the truth.

Q. For instance, who estimates under the law?

A. The assessor.

Q. He makes the estimates and has the power to add 50 per cent.?

A. The Board of Revision is required by law, in the City of Philadelphia, to add fifty per cent. We had an illustration of that in the case of a man leaving an estate of twenty millions. That was about fifteen or eighteen years ago. The assessor had been estimating him at fifty thousand dollars taxable personal property. I sent for the assessor, after the death of the man and the filing of his inventory, and said to him, "How in the world did you come to do a thing like this?" He said, "He told me he didn't know how much he had and couldn't make a sworn return, as he really didn't know how much he had that was taxable, but was sure it was not in excess of fifty thousand dollars." We had it placed on our books and made an estimate of three to four millions to cover during the current year, and after the man's death his executor disputed it and went to court and we lost it. The court said that the action of the Board of Revision in estimating him at fifty thousand was conclusive.

Q. Why don't they take higher sums?

A. If the Board of Revenue would give the people credit for taxes they are imposing that are not collectible, there would be no trouble. The State charges the City of Philadelphia with every penny standing on its books on the thirty-first of July, and I think they should at least give you credit if you notified afterwards that one million dollars of the tax proved uncollectible. So, in the case of the State, we have to be careful not make the estimates too great.

Q. That benefits the taxpayers who dodge taxes?

A. I will tell you how it is done. A man declines to make a return, and if the assessor isn't a pretty good

guesser, he will go to me and say, "How much should I estimate?" Well, we will start it at a comparatively small figure, adding the penalty. If that is paid, there will be a very great increase the next succeeding year; but we have had a considerable number of cases, pretty large estimates, and in no one of them, for a series of years, has the city collected one penny of the money. You cannot get any money from the State, and, therefore, in the case of the State, we have to be reasonably careful in making these estimates. You can see what it would be.

By the Chairman:

Q. If tax dodging is as prevalent in Philadelphia County as we have just heard, how would a prosecution brought ever get past the grand jury or past the petit jury. Would it be all right to have them brought before the grand jury?

A. I suppose the presumption is that probably they might be. I didn't say tax dodging was so very prevalent in Philadelphia.

Q. I presume it is prevalent?

A. It is the world over.

Q. It seems to be contagious?

A. Yes. The law is pretty fairly enforced in Philadelphia. The trouble is in the adjoining counties, where they have been too lax. I happened to say to one of the Commissioners of Montgomery County, and after the session was adjourned I said to him, "Why can't you notify the Board of Revision of people who have country places in your county who claim residence in Philadelphia?" He said, "We have lots of them." I said, "The same people tell our assessors they are residents of your county and not residents of Philadelphia." He promised to send me a list, but I have not received it as yet.

Mr. Brown: He is probably thinking it over.

Mr. Brown: Mr. Chairman, Mr. Albright, of the Pennsylvania Tax Reform Association, has something to say.

Haines D. Albright, Tax Reform Association of Pennsylvania: Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Commission: What I have to say is somewhat technical and I have therefore reduced it to writing for your convenience and for mine. I am, however, willing to answer any questions concerning what I have written here.

The Tax Reform Association of Pennsylvania consists of a number of Pennsylvania real estate owners and business men whose property interests are large and important and who are convinced that general business prosperity is more effectively helped or hindered by the manner in which the tax burden is adjusted than by its size. While we cannot fail to appreciate the need for more public revenue, we know that the most important part of the work of this Commission is not so much to devise a way to get more money as it is to discover how to get sufficient public revenue in ways which will not check business prosperity.

The Tax Reform Association of Pennsylvania desires to assist in promoting the evolution of a system of State and local taxation which will not hamper productive business activity. It therefore respectfully suggests and recommends:

First: That no additional taxes be imposed upon manufacturing companies.

Second: That the State taxes upon mortgage debts, stocks, bonds, money at interest and other forms of movable personal property be abolished.

Third: That cities, counties and boroughs be given a degree of local option as to the manner and subjects of taxation for local revenues.

Fourth: That certain technical devices for promoting equality of real estate assessments, the value of which have been amply demonstrated, be made compulsory throughout the Commonwealth.

PROPOSED SUPER TAX ON MANUFACTURING COMPANIES.

The income producing utility of land is almost entirely dependent on the presence of an active, prosperous population. Real estate owners are therefore most substantially, though indirectly, interested in having the tax burden so adjusted as to attract rather than repel manufacturing enterprises which furnish a profitable, nearby market for most of their farm produce, rent paying tenants for many of their dwelling houses, and the most liberal purchasers of the merchandise of retail storekeepers. The presence of the property and activities of Pennsylvania manufacturing companies in this way contributes hundreds of millions of dollars to the source of the incomes of the owners of neighboring Pennsylvania real estate; and for farmers and other thus benefited real estate owners to seek to subject Pennsylvania manufacturing companies to even a small handicap would be as unwise and self-injurious as killing geese which lay golden eggs.

Manufacturing companies pay the same direct taxes upon the value of the real estate which they hold and the personal property which they own as is paid by other citizens. They are all exposed to close competition; even in their own immediate neighborhood they must sell in competition with goods manufactured elsewhere. They almost always sell in a State-wide market; generally in a Nation-wide market; often in a world-wide market. Any tax which they must pay in excess of those levied upon their competitors, is, to that extent, a business handicap, and even a small special or super tax upon them will bear so heavily upon some of them as to either destroy or drive them, together with the benefits which they incidentally confer upon neighboring real estate, into another taxing district, which, though it may raise a larger amount of taxes, does so in a manner which does not hamper production of the wealth out of which all taxes and all incomes are paid.

THE TAXATION OF CONCEALABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY

We suggest the abolition of the taxes upon mortgage debts, stocks, bonds, money at interest and other forms of movable personal property.

First: Because the burden of such taxation is usually shifted from those intended to be taxed, to wit, the owners of the property taxed, to other persons who have already paid their just share of taxes. This is the case with the tax on loans secured by mortgages of Pennsylvania real estate. This mortgage tax is added to the rate of interest paid by the borrowing real estate owner to the money-lender (5.4 per cent. is the prevailing rate, the four-tenths being the tax). If the money-lender is a resident of this State and gives his correct address to the Recorder of Deeds at the time the mortgage is recorded, the information is communicated to the tax assessors of the district in which the money-lender lives, and he is compelled to pay the tax which he has collected from the borrower over into the public treasury, but as some money-lenders give incorrect addresses, and many actually live outside the State, this tax, which is shifted to real estate owners and, ultimately paid by them, costs them much more than it profits the public treasury.

A second reason for abolishing these taxes is that they never can be collected with anything like practical equality. A large proportion of those liable can always succeed in evading payment, and the burden is therefore most unequally and unjustly distributed. Such property does not lie out of doors, in full view of all men, as land does. Its ownership and its very existence can therefore be concealed and, most frequently, is not generally known. Mr. Eshelman, the Controller of Lancaster County, who testified two weeks ago, told how he had investigated the ownership of the certificates of deposit presented to the receivers of an insolvent local trust company and found that only 5 per cent. of them had been assessed for taxation. This testimony is in harmony with the facts disclosed by many other investigations in widely dissimilar places, and, indeed, with the universal experience of mankind. In every country and in all ages taxes upon property which could be concealed have been paid only by the trustees of widows and orphans and by comparatively few conscientious persons.

A third reason for favoring the abolition of taxes upon concealable property is that they operate as a strong inducement to the commission of perjury, and make false swearing so common as to appear innocent, thus weakening respect for law and for the sanctity of an oath. The great mass of men know that such tax laws are not uniformly applied; that evasions are numerous and common, and that the administrative factors are unable to circumvent evasions. They, therefore, omit from their tax returns all reference to their not generally known possessions and swear to the returns with consciences which are not visibly troubled. One of the speakers of the Louisville Session of the International Tax Conference, speaking of this well-known fact, said that it "by no means implied an inherent dishonesty in the average citizen. The average man believes in fair play and is usually willing to perform his part, where fair play is the established order of the day, but where his confidence is shaken, he meets kind with kind, unfairness with unfairness. If frankness with the authorities as to his actual possessions means injustice to himself he will protect himself by silence, evasion, and even perjury." The tax upon concealed property is really a tax upon conscience. A strong and frequently effective temptation to suppress that instinct for morality which should be the most precious possession of a Commonwealth.

A fourth reason for favoring the abolition of taxes upon movable personal property is because the economic effect of drastic efforts to collect taxes upon this kind of property is to induce citizens of the State to send their money into other States.

When George Vanderbilt acquired the great Biltmore estate in North Carolina, it is said that he forbade trapping and shooting, and that in a short time the birds and deer came to know that Biltmore was a safe place for them to be, and they came there in great flocks. Monied capital, which is the life blood of business and the necessary tool of modern industry, is quite as responsive to such inducements. In these days of close competition and convenient facilities for the transmission of intelligence and the transportation of persons and property, monied capital flows from place to place with great facility, and if Pennsylvania will altogether cease trying to ferret out and tax it, it will flow into this State even as the birds of the South flock to Biltmore.

In 1871 Thomas Cochran, Esq., who was then President of the Board of Revision of Taxes of Philadelphia County, in a paper which he read before the Social Science Association, pointed out that "There is nothing that will so silently, yet certainly, dry up the cources of prosperity of a community as taxation injudiciously imposed." He illustrated the proposition by relating how a tax on auctioneers, 1 per cent. higher than New York levied on East India goods, had transferred from Philadelphia to New York an auction business, which in the first quarter of the nineteenth century was the most important in the country. Mr. Cochran said it was no wonder that goods were consigned to New York instead of to Philadelphia, though for many years much of the foreign shipping that sailed into New York was owned in Philadelphia and that this law remained long enough (30 years) to permanently injure us.

In New York the assessors are required to ferret out and assess the machinery, credits, materials on hand and stock in trade of manufacturers. Many of the towns of New Jersey have advertised the fact that they make exceedingly low assessments of the personal property and plants of manufacturers, and have in this way induced many of the larger New York factories to move into New Jersey so that there are now few large plants in New Yerk City except those which need water terminal facilities or have other special reasons for remaining. The greatest amount of manufacturing in New Yerk City now

n the clothing and allied trades where the machinery is in ted buildings and not assessable as real estate and when essed as personal property, usually escapes taxation be- se of the offsetting of debts.

'oncerning this exodus of manufacturing plants from New rk City to New Jersey, Hon. Michael Coleman, for twenty rs Deputy and Commissioner of Taxes in the City of New rk, testified as follows before the Joint Commission of the ate and Assembly in 1893:

'In 1869, along the easterly and western shores there were e factories employing at one time one hundred thousand led workmen. The first case that came up was the Singer wing Machine Company. For three years they conferred th the Department as to what their taxes would be. Finally ey moved to New Jersey and from that time up to the pres- t they have been going almost every year, and to-day there only one large establishment that was here at that time, d that is Hoe's establishment."

OCAL OPTION AS TO THE MANNER AND SUBJECTS OF LOCAL OPTION

The science of local taxation is now in process of develop- ent, and, in order that its growth may be facilitated and e effects of various policies demonstrated by actual exper- nce, it is desirable that local taxing districts shall have a degree freedom to make proper classification of subjects of taxation, id authority to choose for themselves, for purposes of their vn local taxation, the class or classes of subjects which to em shall seem wisest. They would, of course, be required obey the constitutional requirements that "all taxes shall uniform upon the same class of subjects within the territor- l limits of the authority levying the tax and shall be levied id collected under general laws." And they shall be restrict- l in their choice of subjects to those not exclusively reserved r State taxation. Cities, counties and boroughs ought, how- er, to be expressly authorized to classify the various items hich constitute real estate, as, for example, mineral rights, rface site value, dwelling houses, factory structures, trees nd fences; and should be expressly authorized to determine, y popular vote which class or classes should be taxed for cal purposes.

A good illustration of the practical educational value of local xpermiments is the impetus which Pennsylvania's liberal olicy towards manfacturing has given to movements for the nprovement of the tax laws of other States. Students of axation are almost everywhere exhibiting an interest in the rowth of our manufactures, which growth they attribute to ur wise policy of not imposing super taxes on them, and are ontrasting the folly of their own States which tax the stock n trade, materials on hand, and machinery of manufacturers; with the wisdom which Pennsylvania has shown in raising he bulk of her local city and county revenue by direct tax- tion on real estate.

The result of the experiment, made possibly by the local ption which is possessed by the several States of the Union, will be to eventually perfect the tax laws of all the States; y the well known evolutionary process of the survival of the ittest, and in the same general way, successful city and country xperiments will enlighten and inform other nearby cities and ounties of this Commonwealth and thus enable us to con- inue to keep our light shining a little in front of the next.

DEVICES FOR SECURING EQUALITY IN THE ASSESSMENT OF REAL ESTATE.

Real estate is not only the chief subject of local, City and county taxation in this State, but it is also the foundation to which the burden of indirect taxation gravitates and is even- tually shifted. In order that the directly imposed portion of this burden shall not be so distributed as to oppress the weak and discourage honest enterprises, it is essential that real estate assessments be equal, that is, that each property be assessed at the same percentage of its actual value as is other property. To accomplish this the assessors must not only be competent and disinterested; they must also record their work in forms which will disclose inequalities; and these itemized records ought to be printed and published in convenient sized pamphlets so that the assessors, and officials who supervise the assessors' work, may have the benefit of the intelligent criticism of the largest possible number of interested citizens.

In the tax assessment records of the Pennsylvania cities of Pittsburg, Easton and Chester, are set down not only the as- sessors' opinions of the lumped value of each parcel of real estate, but also their separate estimates of the site value of each parcel of land. In Schuylkill County the value of the mineral rights, of the artificial improvements, and the site of the surface area, are all separately set forth. This method of bookkeeping is no hardship to a competent assessor. The only additional work it requires if him is the manual labor of writing down a figure which he already has in mind, for when he decides upon his valuation of a parcel of real estate, he necessarily considers the advantages of the location and de- cides on the site value of the land, as well as the cost and character of the artificial improvements, and the extent to which their presence increases the value of the property as a whole. If any assessor fails to make these calculations he is neglecting his duty, and if any assessor is unable to make them he is not a competent man for the position.

A separate statement of the site value of land is now re- quired in all the cities and boroughs of New Jersey, Massa- chusetts, Minnesota, Indiana and North Dakota; in several of the Canadian provinces and in all the largest ten cities of the United Stated, except Philadelphia. The tax lists are print- ed and published in Ohio, New York City, Chicago and a num- ber of New Jersey cities and towns. The Department of Taxes and Assessments of New York City has also published an atlas containing land value maps of every parcel of land in the city limits. These maps contain the estimated value per foot front of a normal sized lot in the center of every block and from these estimates the valuation of particular parcels of land is calculated by means of various formulas which have been worked out by real estate experts.

In order to ascertain the opinions of tax assessment officials who have practical first hand knowledge of the utility of keep- ing records of the value of the land as well as the lumped value of the properties as a whole, the Tax Reform Associa- tion of Pennsylvania addressed a circular letter requesting information and opinions from the chiefs of real estate tax assessment departments of every important city where we knew the plan to be in operation. We received replies from Thomas G. Mahon of the Board of Assessors of Pittsburg; James C. Forman, Assessment Commissioner of Toronto, Can- ada; G. L. Fort, City Assessor of Minneapolis, Minn.; S. J. Hill, City Assessor of Fargo, N. D.; Frank S. Crane, Chairman of the Board of Assessors of Springfield, Mass.; Robert L. Volk, Clerk of the Commissioners of the Assessment of Taxes in the City of Trenton, N. J.; Wm. P. Richards, the Assessor of the District of Columbia; Henry W. Buxton, Clerk of the Board of Equalization of Taxes of New Jersey; J. P. McLeod, Assessment Commissioner of Hamilton, Canada; Martin J. Ryan, Assessor of Buffalo, N. Y.; Frank B. Schutz, Tax Com- missioner of Milwaukee, Wis.; Walter H. Nevills, Chairman of the Board of Assessors of Yonkers, N. Y.; William J. Rear- don, Clerk of the Board of Assessors of the City of Lowell, Mass.; Washington Dodge, Assessor of San Francisco, Cal.; Stephen Grant, Assessment Commissioner of London, Ontario; Oscar Leser, President of the Appeal Tax Court of the City of Baltimore, and Lawson Purdy, Esq., President of the Depart- ment of Taxes and Assessments of New Yerk City.

These letters are now in the possession of the Finance Com- mittee of the Councils of Philadelphia. We have printed ex- tracts from them in a pamphlet, copies of which will be fur- nished to the members of the Committee. These officials, all of whom have had opportunities to observe the effects of the separate valuation of land in actual practice, are unani- mous in recommending it. They say that it conduces to equal- ity; makes the assessors more careful, and simplifies the work of correcting errors and revision generally. Mr. Purdy, the Chief of the New York Department, whose letter is a typical one, says:

"The separate statement of the value of land in the assess- ment of real estate was ordered by an amendment to the Charter enacted in 1903. It has met with universal approval. I have yet to hear any criticism. It conduces to accuracy on the part of the assessors, and it greatly aids our Board in considering applications for the reduction of assessments. We always ask the applicant whether he objects to the value placed on the land or the value placed on the buildings. The answer to this question raises the proper issues. In the event that the building is assessed higher than others of like class, it is easy to grant redress. If we find that the entire class to which the building belongs is over assessed, relief is given in the particular case and corrections are made wherever prac- ticable, and appropriate instructions are issued for the assess- ment for the following year.

"I have not the slightest doubt that the separate statements of the value of land is absolutely essential to the proper con- duct of an assessing department and that the widest possible publicity is of great value.

"I have been frequently informed by real estate men and lawyers that the work of the Department grows in public favor and esteem every year. At one time it was common to hear the remark that assessors merely guessed at values. To-day it is very generally understood that assessments are the result of careful system and the public is proportionately generally better satisfied."

The reason the plan conduces to equality is because it makes comparisons easy and instructive. Land valuations when they are separately set down can be compared with the valuations of neighboring land, because the price for a lot of land as sold is a good indication of the value of neighboring land, al- though it furnishes no clue to the value of a neighboring build- ing. Buildings can be compared with similar buildings in other neighborhoods. Where the valuations of land and buildings are lumped together intelligent comparisons become impos- sible.

There is to-day a growing, world-wide appreciation of the fact that the laws which most intimately affect business pros- perity for good or evil are those laws which you are now engraded in studying and improving—the laws which desig- nate the manner in which the State and local public revenues are obtained. We believe, therefore, that the work of this Commission is the most important public work now being performed in this Commonwealth.

If we bear in mind the extent of our area, population and accumulated wealth, the $115,000,000 which we annually raise by State and local taxation does not appear to be such a very great sum, but this sum could be so injudiciously imposed as to repel and drive away the valuable business enterprises and thus dry up the sources of our prosperity, or, on the other hand, the General As- sembly may adjust it in a sensible, businesslike way, so that the burden will not impede the triumphant progress of our "Ship of State" any more than does the ballast which is always carried by vessels that are built to win great races. Misplace your ballast and you will wreck the ship. Place it judiciously and she will stand up against a gale.

Q. Didn't you get yourself down almost to the single tax idea?

A. I don't think so.

Q. Don't you limit yourself practically to the tax on land, because you exempt manufacturing interests and the money at interest and mortgages, and by a process of elimination you exempt practically everything except land.

A. The single tax idea is that the unimproved land should bear the whole burden of taxation. My theory and the theory of Benjamin Franklin is that it does bear the whole burden of taxation, but my proposition is that we should

distribute it in such equal manner as the law now requires. Equality of assessments are now required by law, but the trouble is the machinery for bringing it about is imperfect.

Q. Before we get away from the question of real estate, let us get down to the subject as to what other subjects should be taxed according to the ideas of your association besides real estate.

A. Our idea is that the State should derive its revenue from sources independent of those which are used to raise local revenue—entirely independent.

Q. Such as what

A. Such as taxes on mineral land, railroads and public service corporations—telephone and telegraph lines. Accurate assessments of mineral lands are impossible by the assessors chosen in the present manner. Such properties should be assessed by experts who are paid salaries high enough to command the services of men with the requisite technical knowledge and skill, and they should be employed, not for a few weeks at the triennual assessment, but continuously, to put a value upon the mineral properties of the State, and the State's own treasury ought to profit by that taxation, independent of the local government. The mineral rights that lie beneath the surface—I think taxation of that sort of property ought to go into the State treasury.

Q. Take a county like Schuylkill, where it is largely a mining section, how would the county itself be supported if it gave to the State all the income from this source?

A. The fact that there are minerals beneath the surface does not detract anything from the usefulness of the surface. I think the counties should be permitted to derive their support from whatever source they pleased.

Q. Would you let them tax manufacturers and money at interest

A. I would let them do any thing they wanted to do. I know they would learn by experience that it would be an unwise thing to do.

Q. You don't mean to argue that these subjects should be exempt from all tax, and that it should be limited to real estate?

A. I think the local government should be free to raise their local revenue in any way that seemed wisest to them, but I think there should be a general law providing an up-to-date method of valuing real estate, as is done in New Jersey; that is, requiring tax bills to be itemized, and requiring the valuation of the land to be set forth separately, so that we can compare them when we fail to see inequalities.

Q. How would you value the property of public utility corporations which extend from one county to another. What standard would there be for valuing that property?

A. The property of public utility companies ought to be taxed as a going concern, and not by the local tax districts through which they extend. It is proper that the State should derive the revenue, and that they should be a subject of State taxation. What you want to get at is what that property is worth as a whole going concern. Some indication of what it is worth is what it sells for; the parts into which it is divided, or what the stock sells for. The value of the stock and securities is evidence of what the property is worth.

Q. You have given this subject considerable thought; what is the consensus of opinion to-day—that the tax should be based upon the ability to pay?

A. In a sense that is true.

Q. I am asking as the result of your reading and your observation; that it should be based upon ability to pay independent of any particular class of property?

A. A just rule would be that the people should pay taxes in proportion to the benefits which they derive from the treasury into which they pay taxes.

Q. Then the personal property tax would be elementally an honest and just one?

A. If it were paid by the owner of the property, but it is not. When you tax a man who owns a million dollars worth of mortgages you are not taxing him, you are taxing the real estate owners.

By the Chairman:

Q. That isn't generally true throughout the Commonwealth, is it?

A. I think so.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. I think it is largely true in the city of Philadelphia more than in the counties. My experience has been in the counties that the lender is the man who pays the tax.

A. It affects the money market, which is determined by competition. A tax on mortgages affects the amount of money available to the borrower. Money is fluid, and will flow from those places where the lender has to pay to places where he can make the borrower pay the tax.

By the Chairman:

Q. In Lebanon County the tax isn't taken into consideration in making a loan. The man who desires to invest his money in mortgages simply does so because he is attracted by the higher rate of interest, and while there may be several isolated cases, I think it is pretty generally true throughout the Commonwealth that the man who invests his money—that is to say, the mortgagee—pays the tax, and not the mortgagor.

A. It is this way: The amount of interest which I charge is as much as I can get, and the amount which I pay is as little as I can. The effect of the tax is on the money market. A tax of four mills will diminish the amount that is offered, and will thus affect the rate of interest paid by the borrower, and the result is that the people who borrow money pay about five mills more than they would otherwise have to pay.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. It was argued here that you don't get a fair return of personal property. I call your attention to the fact that in Pennsylvania last year there was more than a billion dollars of personal property returned and money at interest and six hundred thousand dollars of corporate bonds etc., and that the taxable real estate of the Commonwealth was a little over two billions. Would that in any way alter your opinion that one-half of the value of the real estate had been returned for taxation?

A. There is no doubt but what you can raise money from personal property, but the point is it is not equally raised. When you get at the actual facts, as Mr. Eschleman did in the case of the defunct trust company, you find that only 50 per cent. is returned for taxation. Mr. Eschleman is evidently an efficient and energetic public official, but if he succeeds in doing in Lancaster what he is trying to do, he will be accomplishing a very great injury to Lancaster County. He will drive all the moneyed capital out of the county. Lancaster County can easily transfer its money to New York banks. The reason that more money is not driven out of the State is the fact that the law is not enforced.

Q. I understand the money he is after is the inactive money, not the money that is put into enterprises, but the money that is deposited and liable to lie there, drawing 2 or 3 per cent.

A. The money that is drawing two or three per cent. is not lying there idle. That money is being used to further the interests of the trust company. It is in circulation. It is not lying in idleness.

Q. Suppose that same money is being used by a particular trust company, promoting the business of the company and that trust company is able to pay 30 per cent. per year dividend on that money. Do you consider it fair that it should get 30 per cent. on the money that is deposited?

A. The reason why trust companies and banks are able to earn 30 per cent. is because the taxation of such institutions makes it unprofitable for the little ones that would be the most useful in the country districts, and enables the large ones to monopolize the business. If you remove all taxes from monied capital, institutions of that sort will spring up all over the State. They will be as numerous as they are in Scotland, Canada and other countries where they are not taxed. They will be a great convenience to these people and will facilitate business and help the general prosperity of the country.

Q. How are you going to reach these institutions. Certainly these companies that are able to earn 30 per cent.—a trust company that handles other people's money that is able to earn 30 per cent.—is not like a manufacturing corporation. Is it your thought that that company should pay the same tax as other people pay?

A. That company should pay tax on the same basis as other citizens pay on the real estate they own, and on their personal property they own. You cannot pick out the ones that earn 30 per cent. and subject them to a different tax from what you impose on those which earn the ordinary rates of profit. The tax must be uniform. The fact that some institutions do make these extraordinary profits simply proves that they are exceptionally well managed, and it is a proper recompense which they should have for a great service rendered to the general community, because the function of a bank is to loan money to people in the community at times when they need it; put it in the hands of those who have use for it. That is a very important function, and it is a very desirable thing to have institutions of that sort. I know of a case right here in the city of Philadelphia, in the southern section, where a small trust company was opened, and the business men of the neighborhood had a celebration and called out the band. It was such a good thing for them, even in the city of Philadelphia. There are many, many country districts that would be immensely benefited by the establishment of such institutions, that cannot possibly carry on business because on account of the tax no matter how slight it is, it is the difference between profit and loss.

By the Chairman:

Q. Wouldn't you be charged with having a great many wildcat institutions under those conditions?

A. No, I don't think so.

Q. Under your theory, if you had a dozen springing up all around that one place, wouldn't there be a tendency toward demoralizing the financial interests of that community?

A. I don't think so; not where such institutions spring up in response to a demand for their services. Where you give them an artificial stimulus it might have that effect but where they are the natural outcome of a local demand for their services, their growth would be normal and healthy. They ought to be permitted to do business wherever they find business profitable, and I think you ought to permit sound and substantial institutions to have branches.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Your folks appreciate that the demand for land—the constantly increasing demand for land—increases its value. The supply and demand governs this as well as everything else. That creates in a way a land monopoly. You tax that. That is a natural condition, or a social condition. What is the difference between that and the manufacture of oil? Of course, the demand regulates the prices, but it all tends to a monopoly in oil. Why shouldn't the manufacturer of the oil pay just as much for his artificial monopoly in proportion as the man who owns his land pays for his natural monopoly?

A. We are not asking you to tax monopolies.

Q. I don't mean to tax monopolies, but the increase in values. What is the difference in your mind between a natural increase of the land and an artificial increase of the manufactured article?

A. The value of anything is determined by supply and demand—the desire of the buyer to get a thing, and the difficulty in getting it elsewhere, and by the desire of the seller to get what he gets in exchange. That is what de-

mines the value of everything. The law of this State ·s that people shall pay taxes in proportion to the value their real estate, and I am proposing a way to enforce · law. For example, suppose I own a lot in Philadel-ia and it has one hundred thousand dollars added to its lue by public improvements, paid for out of the public asury. Why shouldn't my assessments be increased one ndred thousand dollars? If the general improvement of community makes my property more valuable, my point that the law requires that I should pay tax on my prop-y in proportion to its value. If by reason of a boulevard a parkway or a subway or any public improvement my operty is increased in value, the assessor should take tice of this increase, and should assess my property at e same percentage of its value as they assess the dwell-g houses occupied by poor people. The point is that here a way in which you can do that better than the way we e now doing—a way in which these inequalities will be mediately disclosed. We do not contend that these in-ualities are due to fraud or crookedness. It is simply at the method of doing business is not up-to-date.

Q. Your thought is by adopting these systems that have en in use in other cities and States, that you will thereby ssen the need for additional revenues from productive terprises?

A. Exactly.

Q. I am satisfied we are coming to just what you say. there any other thought in your mind now?

A. I have here a copy of the tax law of Ohio, which quires that these tax lists should be published, the same it is published in New York, New Jersey, Chicago, etc. his is the form that is used in Woodbury and Passaic, ew Jersey; this is what they use in New York City, and is is the form which we have proposed for use here in hiladelphia (producing forms).

Q. Is there any city where this local option method has een adopted as a means of levying taxes?

A. No city of the United States that I know of.

Q. I mean in this country?

A. In the extreme northwestern Canadian provinces of lberta and Saskatchewan they have a great degree of cal option, but it is the general practice throughout anada to separately value the land and improvements. p in some of those northwestern Canadian provinces the ate of tax on the improvements differs from the rate of ax on the land. Up in Easton, Pennsylvania, a local ordi-ance provides that to the value of the land should be dded, in the case of factory buildings, not less than one-alf of the value of the structure, and in the case of dwell-ngs not less than three-fourths. I do not know what their uthority is for doing that, but I have the ordinance on my esk and that is what it provides.

Q. There is no system in existence in this country, I ean locally, where any county has been authorized to ay what taxes shall or shall not be levied?

A. Not that I know of.

Q. That is the thought of your association?

A. Yes, sir. We offer it as a suggestion, which the Committee may take for what it is worth. I might state hat Mr. Shearman says: "If anything in human experi-nce as applied to methods of taxation is settled, it cer-ainly is the fact that taxation upon personal property ever can be made a success."

Q. Isn't it the general opinion of experts on this subject hat Pennsylvania has a better system of taxation than ny other State?

A. Pennsylvania is in the forefront of the United States. The tax system in Pennsylvania is better than any other State in this Union. Out in Ohio the Constitution requires ll property to be taxed at the same rate. If you pay 4 er cent. on real estate, you must pay it on mortgages. The consequence is that almost everybody out there lies o the assessor as to the amount of their personal property, nd nobody pays a tax except the trustees of widows and rphans, on personal property, and a few inexperienced r extremely conscientious people. A tax like that would e unbearable, and if it were enforced people would mi-rate immediately. How would you lend money at 4 per ent. if you had to pay all the income you got in taxes? n Pennsylvania a larger portion of taxes are actually aised from real estate than in any other place. Here we lo favor manufacturing enterprises. Our tax laws in this State are unquestionably better than those in any other State, but other States are coming up. They are profiting y our example, and are changing their laws to make them ike ours. Now, we have got to move on and make our aws a little better yet. That is the reason why we are head—because we do raise a large proportion of our taxes rom real estate; because we don't attempt to tax much ersonal property other than mortgages and judgment ebts, the ownership of which can be traced by means of he records of the Prothonotary and of the Recorder of eeds.

Q. Isn't the percentage of taxable personal property in Pennsylvania so far ahead of other States as to enable hese tax experts to come to the conclusion that Penn-ylvania has shown that you can practically tax wealth in ts intangible form?

A. Pennsylvania has shown that by the exceedingly low ate we have here as compared with other States you can et more money by a low rate than by a high rate. The eason why we do reach so much of it is because our rate s much lower than other States impose, and because the ersonal property which we attempt to tax is the kind whose ownership is a matter of public record. For exam-le, take the enterprises which you reach through the orporation itself, and the mortgages and judgment debts, tc., which you reach through the public records. Our axes on concealable personal property are comparatively armless, because no serious attempt is made to enforce hem. I think Mr. Gratz said here to-day that he only knew of one man in all his experience who voluntarily came in and returned for taxation the stock of foreign corporations—only one man here in Philadelphia. That law is a dead letter.

Q. That is no reason why it should not be done if it is inherently right?

A. That is no reason why it should not be done, if it is inherently right, but human nature is as it is, and you should take into consideration the limitations of human nature and try and build up your institutions according to the material out of which they must be constructed. An engineer in planning a building takes into consideration the amount of stress and strain which the materials available will bear. Institutions which would be adequate for a society consisting of angels would not do for mere mortal men who are not always actuated by altruistic motives.

By the Chairman:

Q. Why would it be impossible to tax personal property?

A. For the reason—— Just let Mr. Shearman answer that question. I will read what he says. He say: "If anything in human experience as applied to methods of taxation is settled, it certainly is the fact that taxation upon personal property never can be made a success. Taxes can be raised from personal properties, no doubt, for large amounts are thus raised; but that they cannot be levied with any reasonable approach to accuracy or equality is demonstrated not only by conclusive reasoning, but by the more conclusive fact that they never have been thus levied. It is not for want of earnest and long sustained effort that the failure of this system of taxation has come to pass. For centuries the effort has been made, and for at least six centuries it was backed by all the power of a Government which commanded the whole civilized world, and which armed its tax gatherers, not with the paltry weapons of oaths and penalties, but with the more substantial powers of indiscriminate search, the lash, the rack, the thumscrew, the gridiron, and the cross. The Roman Empire fell to pieces under the pressure of this vain effort to reach personal property by taxation. The same thing was attempted at a later period in dealing with the Jews. It failed with them. They could be robbed and murdered, but they could not be regularly taxed.

"That which all the tremendous power of Rome in its grandest days failed to accomplish, that which the infernal tortures of Spain could not accomplish, when it beheaded hundreds, burned thousands, and massacred tens of thousands, letting loose a brutal soldiery in a vain struggle to tax the Netherelands, American farmers are still apparently convinced that they can accomplish by distributing blank forms, and administering long oaths, and threatening penalties of 50 per cent. How far they have succeeded, Governors, assessors and Tax Commissions in New York, Ohio, Maryland, West Virginia and many other States have set forth again and again, lamenting the utter failure of the system.

"Gibbon mentions, quite as a matter of course, that fathers murdered their children, on a large scale, principally as a result of fear of the tax gatherers, that racks and scourges were freely used, that the approach of the tax gatherers 'was announced by the tears and terrors of the citizens,' and that false returns were punished with horrid deaths, as being both 'treason and sacrilege.' Savigny shows that the decurions, who governed the cities and were held responsible for the taxes, often sold themselves into slavery to escape the dreadful burden, but were dragged back to scourge their fellow subjects. Even a Massachusetts farmer could ask no greater efficiency than this."

This is simply an example of the fact that you cannot do it, and where you must rely only on the oaths of the man who owns the property, where he is the only person who knows what it is and where it is, if he can escape the tax by concealing it, he will conceal it, particularly if he knows that other people are doing the same thing.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. We have experienced in Pennsylvania that there is one-half as much personal property returned as there is real estate, showing there must be some honest people. Of course you are looking backward. I think we ought to look forward. Mr. Shearman is taking the dark side of the picture instead of the bright. Our people in Pennsylvania seem willing to pay the tax, and you experts are trying to find out why it is that our people seem willing to pay these large sums in tax on personal property. Of course, some do not pay it.

A. Mr. Gratz said there was only one man who voluntarily returned his foreign stocks. The taxes which you do collect are taxes on property the ownership of which can be traced, like mortgages, judgment debts and taxes on stocks collected by the corporation itself.

Q. Isn't the keynote to the whole situation, that when the people are satisfied that every man is contributing his share, they will all do it?

A. When they are satisfied that every other man is paying it, they will all pay it, but they will never be satisfied.

Q. Don't you in stating your position in regard to contributing towards the support of the State, think that men generally are honorable, because it seems to me if men are honorable they will pay their share providing the other fellow pays his?

A. Where men feel that they are asked to pay taxes which the majority are evading they feel that they are unjustly treated, and to protect themselves from the injustice they will meet kind with kind, and they will often go so far as to commit perjury. They feel like the man when asked by a highwayman to show his money, he will lie to the highwayman if by so doing he can get out of giving it up.

Q. Every man ought to contribute his share towards the support of the State, that is correct, isn't it? and wholesale exemptions are vicious?

A. Yes, but there is no legal or moral obligation, on manufacturers, for example, to assume a super tax, a tax which they pay in addition to the tax paid in common with other people.

Q. I am assuming the tax must be equal?

A. There are some subjects you cannot possibly tax with any degree of equality, and the wise thing to do is to tax those subjects which can be reached, that is to say, of which a very large proportion can be reached, and not to tax the kind that can be moved away.

Q. Let me give you a concrete illustration. You remember, probably, that this matter was all considered by Voltaire. Voltaire had a little farm, and his annual income was forty crowns, and they came to him and said, "Here, we have got you; we will tax you twenty crowns. Alongside of him lived a wealthy fellow whose income was a thousand crowns a year, and he paid no tax. When the man complained to him, he said, "Of course, I don't pay any tax; I am not a land owner; you are. You own the land, and you are in a different class from me." Suppose this man with his thousand crowns got his income from money deposited in a trust company, inactive money, not invested in manufacturing, but deposited in a trust company. Why should he be exempt, and the little farmer, his next door neighbor, be made to pay his tax?

A. He is not exempt. I do not propose that he should be. My proposition is that the man with the large income—what does he do with his income?

Q. He drives around in Voltaire's story with eighteen horses attached to a gilded coach.

A. Everything he consumes and uses in the process of spending his money comes out of the land, and the price that he pays for it includes the taxes that are paid on the land.

Q. Look at the personal benefit he gets out of it independent of that which he distributes around the neighborhood?

A. The system of taxation ought to reach the man, and my contention is that your system does not reach him. The taxes which are imposed upon his money are collected by him from the people to whom he lends his money. That is, these taxes enable him to get a higher rate of interest. These taxes which he collects he does not always pay over to the public treasury. If his voting residence is in New Jersey, he puts the money in his pocket and the effect of your tax on his money is to enable him to tax borrowers for his own private benefit.

WILMER W. CORNELL, County Treasurer of Bucks County, called.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Have you any suggestions to make, Mr. Cornell?

A. I haven't any suggestions to make. I came to hear.

Q. What is your experience there as to the collection of personal property tax, moneys and interest, etc.?

A. There is a great deal that we do not get. It is not assessed.

Q. Why is that?

A. I think that is the fault of the assessors.

Q. What do you do to check them up?

A. Well, I really do not know. I have not been in the office long enough to know much about it.

Q. You have not got worked in yet?

A. No.

Q. Who is there here from your county who is familiar with it?

A. The Clerk of the Commissioners. He has been in office four or five years.

Q. Mr. Cadawallader?

A. Yes.

Mr. Brown: Suppose we ask Mr. Cadawallader some questions?

W. CADWALLADER, Clerk of the County Commissioners of Bucks County, called.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Have you any suggestion to make to us as to any amendments to the present laws as to the collection of State revenue?

A. Nothing new at all. I am very much impressed with some ideas that have been suggested here that I have listened to, among them the appointment of the assessors by some authority other than having them elected. I think that is a great wrong to the assessment of taxes, particularly.

Q. You think better results would be obtained from some other method of selecting assessors, so as to divorce them from their relations to the people?

A. Very much so. I think it is a very strong sample of favoritism.

Q. What do you do to check up the assessors after you give them their guide books?

A. That is, when their returns come in?

Q. Yes?

A. We have them return all blanks, all their slips that are given them, and affidavits from all the taxpayers.

Q. Suppose the taxpayer does not make the affidavit; what do you do then? Do you follow them up?

A. Well, in some cases where they won't make any affidavit they make an estimate. They either make an affidavit to having no property, or they make an affidavit as to what they have. If they refuse to make an affidavit to any amount and won't make an affidavit to having none, they make an estimate.

Q. Do you suppose if these men were paid more you would get better results from the assessors?

A. Not if we had to take the same men.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. If they were appointed by the Court and their compensation doubled and the appointment for four years, what do you think would be the effect?

A. I think the effect would be to get better men in many instances and much better results.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Do you know of any case where they claim residence in other counties?

A. We have, yes. That matter was spoken about by Mr. Gratz, I think. I have in mind just one particular instance. He spoke of the taxpayers wanting to be assessed in the county in which they had their summer home. We have quite a good many people in our county who have summer residences there and live in the winter time in the City here, and I have in mind one of our assessors who is rather more diligent than some others we have. He made an effort to follow some of those fellows, and they made no return to him as they would not make any return to him, saying they claimed residence in the City, and in fact the never voted in our county. He followed them to the City and made inquiry and could not find they were assessed or paid any State taxes here. It seemed to me they were evading it at both ends.

Q. You never reported any of those things to the Auditor General, I find, none of the counties?

A. No.

Q. Why ought that not to be done?

A. I don't know any reason why it should not.

Q. Do you think it would be more effective to have the collections made through the Auditor General's office, to have State collectors go around from county to county and do it?

A. The collection of the taxes, I think, is—I cannot see where there is any great advantage to be derived from changing—

Q. I mean the assessing?

A. That is where the main trouble lies, it seems to me. I do not know that the assessment of property could be done better by people outside of the community than it could by people living in the community.

Q. Providing they did their duty?

A. Providing they were the class of men who would do their duty and were fearless of being put out of office; and then the people in many districts seem to not make any effort—good people in the district—make no effort to elect a first-class man to the office of assessor. If they can get a fellow who will assess their property of all kinds just exactly as they want it, it don't make any difference if he is the lowest bidder there is in town, he will suit them first rate, and they will elect him, one right after the other.

Q. The method of selection is not proper in such case?

A. No.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Have you ever attempted to prosecute anybody for making a false return?

A. Not to my knowledge.

Q. Not in the history of Bucks county?

A. I won't say that.

Q. To your knowledge?

A. Not to my knowledge.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Have you any suggestions to make to the committee as to any improvements that could be made? How long have you been in this position?

A. About four years.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Would not such a prosecution have a very salutary effect?

A. I haven't much doubt of that.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. What is your personal property return from Bucks County?

A. About $46,000, the State tax is, I think.

Q. That is as to the receipts?

A. That is the receipts.

Mr. Cornell: Between eleven and twelve millions?

Mr. Cadwallader: Something like that.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. What is the sentiment, if any, regarding the taxing of manufacturing corporations in your county?

A. Well, we haven't many of those—that is, to any great extent, and we do not hear much. I haven't much knowledge on the subject, and I do not hear much. The tax on automobiles is very much discussed.

Q. They favor taxing automobiles?

A. Very much so.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. You do tax some of them up there on general principles?

A. Well, that has been done, and very probably overdone in that line. I am not sure about that. I do not know whether that is very generally approved in the way it has been done at all times.

Q. Have you ever gathered the sentiment in your county as to things that should not be taxed and other things that should? I mean in your general talk. You people come and go and they must talk that over with you about these subjects?

A. Well, you mean for State purposes?

Q. State purposes?

A. The taxation of anything that is not being taxed at present, you mean?

Q. Yes?

A. I have never heard of any——

Q. Or that things now taxed should be exempt?

A. No, I don't think people— I have heard no sentiment or no complaint on that score. The inequality of the assessment of properties, people come in constantly and complain "Now, here I have got to pay State tax on so much money and Mr. So-and-So doesn't." He has sworn in an affidavit that he has none.

Q. When a man comes in and informs you that he knows some person has more money that he returns, he makes his return, does he, so as to give you no chance to increase your estimate?

A. Yes. I have known instances where they made no return at all, and swore in an affidavit that they had nothing. People come in and say they have no mortgages, or judgments, or bonds, or something of that kind, and they often swear to holding mortgages or securities of some kind that are valueless. A great many of them make that item quite large.

Q. Insolvent debtors?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. You have no way of finding out?

A. I cannot get at that. I do not know how, at least.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Would it not be well for the State to maintain a corps of officers to look after that?

A. According to that, I think I would.

Q. Some central head where all reports could be looked into and inspectors sent into each district?

A. That, I think, would be a good thing. I have no doubt at times there is a great deal of wrong done there.

Q. You were talking a moment ago about the inequality of taxes. Has this thought ever been expressed to you in talking to people over in Bucks county, the taxing of a mortgage on a piece of land and the taxing of the land also?

A. Yes, that has also been spoken of.

Q. How would you avoid that?

A. I never heard any good theory advanced to avoid it. It is generally objected to by the land owner paying taxes on the full valuation of his property, when he only has a very small interest financially in it. He probably has made a very small payment on a property of very considerable value.

Q. I suppose his argument would be that he should be exempt from paying taxes on that portion of the mortgage?

A. That is his argument, and he is the complainer.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. He is not supposed under the law to pay the tax. The tax is supposed to be paid by the man who owns the property and gets the interest?

A. He owns the property.

Q. Then the tax on the property, that he pays also, and he pays a tax on the mortgage that the mortgagee should pay?

A. That is what he claims to pay. He does not object to paying the State tax on the mortgage; that rate is not high and he doesn't object to that, but it is to paying taxes on the entire value of his property at the present rates.

GEORGE. ALLEN, County Commissioner Delaware County, called.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. You are County Commissioner of Delaware County?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. You have heard the talk on these several subjects; have you any suggestions to make to the Committee?

A. I have been down here for five years, and I have had mostly charge of it from the office. I have been there every day and haven't missed a day for five years and I have taken this up very carefully, and the only thing that I see to make the people pay is to give the power to the Commissioners to arrest every man that don't make a return, to make it compulsory, because if a man down in one of our wards, we don't know him, he might have a small house and he might have ten or fifteen thousand dollars, and it is up to the Commissioners to put 50 per cent. on him, and he might not think he has a cent, or he returned nothing. There is ten or fifteen thousand dollars gained there. The assessor ought to sit in certain places and make the people come to him and make a return right there to him. If I understand the Act right there are no provisions for the assessor to return the blanks to the Commissioners.

Q. What are they supposed to do with them?

A. I don't know.

Q. Mr. Eschner said the other day there are blanks printed and given out——

A. Supposing the assessor said, "I got the blanks and the law don't require me to fetch them to you," and he wouldn't fetch them to you, we have to send a man for them.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Have you ever come across a case like that?

A. No.

Q. They all return the blank sheet?

A. They all return it, but if it would be compulsory on the Board of Revision of Taxes, which we always get sworn down in Delaware County; we always take under the act of 1838 and get sworn in as the Board of Revision of Taxes, and if they were compelled to arrest every man or woman that had any money out at interest and did not make a return, I think you would get a great deal more money in the county of Delaware or any other county; I know we would.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. There is the trouble. You would have to know something about people before you could take such drastic action against them.

A. The only thing, that they did not make that return.

Q. Failure to make the return?

A. Failure to make the return and make an affidavit.

Q. How would a law which gave the County Commissioners the right to have these taxables come before them and be put under oath and cross-examine them be received in your county?

A. If that were given to the Board of Revision of Taxes, let the Board of Revision of Taxes sit at certain places, and let the assessors sit at certain places and make the people come there.

Q. How would such a law be received in your county; do you think your people would acquiesce in such an act?

A. I should think so. I do not see why one man that comes to the assessor and gives a return willingly, who takes an oath to the amount of money he has, and others who may have money escape. If it is compulsory to arrest a man for not making a return you surely would have a return from every man in the county.

Q. Have you many men in your county who claim residence elsewhere?

A. Some of them are going to do this; going to claim they make a return and then before the appeal draw their money out of bank and then claim they have no money, but we are rid of those fellows.

Q. The payment by the bank of the average deposit of such a man would reach that, would it not?

A. Yes, that would, but if every man would be compelled to make that return, I think we would get a great deal more revenue.

Q. Are there any other weak spots in the law that you think might be strengthened a little?

A. I don't see anything the matter with the law, if you make the people make their returns. If everybody would make a return it would be compulsory upon them.

Q. You have never had any prosecutions in your county for failure to make proper returns, or anything of that kind?

A. It would be hard to get at it. I don't see how we could get at it.

Q. Do you have any means of getting any information by which you could help the assessors to locate the people, the taxables. Do you make any independent inquiries yourself?

A. Yes, we go around. In the Recorder of Deeds' office a whole lot of those mortgages are indexed in there and returned and they are only for five or ten days.

Q. Your returned judgments and like that you get; I do not mean that. You are a man of affairs in your county, and you have general information about the people in your county. Do you give any suggestions to your assessors as to the liability in your opinion of certain people who pay taxes?

A. Yes, everyone we possibly can, but there are a whole lot of them you think wouldn't have any money that have money, and there are a lot of people that haven't any money that you think have money out at interest and don't make any return at all. If the assessor makes the return he makes a return of nothing, thinking they have nothing.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. What is your idea about the selection of assessors?

A. I should think the assessors should be appointed by the Board of Commissioners, for this reason: they have charge of the taxes and I think they would pick out people capable of doing that; they have the handling of all the taxes and they would know the people and use good judgment in that. If the court appointed them, they might appoint some very intelligent men, but not capable of estimating on real estate, and one thing or another, like that, and not have a man to assess in his own district.

Q. They might be, in a measure, influenced by an appeal from one of their appointees?

A. I think it would be a good idea. Two or three times we have taken it out of the assessor's hands and went around and done it ourselves.

Q. Was there any difference substantially in the result?

A. We raised about eleven million dollars in assessment over their heads. We are doing it now to-day. I left the Board down at Leiperville to-day to come up here.

ADJOURNED until Friday February 25, 1910, at eleven o'clock A .M.

Public meeting of the Committee, held at Room No. 496 City Hall, Philadelphia, Pa., February 25, 1910, at 11 o'clock A. M.

Present: Gabriel H. Moyer, Esq., Chairman pro tem., William H. Keyser, Esq., William C. Sproul, Esq., James F. Woodward, Esq., David Hunter, Esq., of the Committee, Francis Shunk Brown, Esq., Counsel.

Mr. Brown: It is hardly necessary to state the purposes of the meeting, as we are all familiar with them, and we might just as well proceed to hear those who are here to help us. Mr. Frank H. Caven, president of the Real Estate Brokers' Association, of this city, is present, and we would be glad to hear from him.

Mr. Caven: We thank you very much for being accorded the privilege of coming before you. We come as representatives of the Philadelphia Real Estate Brokers' Association. Our members in turn represent the owners of about 100,000 properties in this city, and by reason of said ownership we are taxpayers. Our Legislative Committee, Mr. Dallam acting as chairman thereof, has prepared certain thoughts upon the question of taxation, and with your permission Mr. Dallam will now present the same. It has been approved by our Association.

Mr. David E. Dallam: I would rather speak extemporaneously, but rather than take up the time of the Committee I have put this in writing.

At a special meeting of the Philadelphia Real Estate Brokers' Association, held on February 23, 1910, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

"Whereas, The Association is gratified at the receipt of an invitation for its officers to appear before the Joint Committee of the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania on Revenue, etc., and are pleased to accept the same; and

"Whereas, the laws concerning the revenue of the State and the counties are so allied that whatever effects the revenues of the State may affect the revenues of the county; and

"Whereas, The existing laws now limit the authority of a county to raise money practically only by taxes upon real estate, it is the opinion of this Association that the taxes upon real estate in the county of Philadelphia have reached such a limit that any increase of the same would be most unfair and unjust until all other species of property are equally taxed; therefore be it

"Resolved, That the officers of the Association and the Committee on Legislation be, and are hereby instructed to

appear before the said Joint Committee on February 25, 1911, or any subsequent date, and to urge upon the same the adoption of the following suggestions as to the changes in the tax laws of the Commonwealth:

"First. State taxation to be limited strictly to the taxation of foreign and domestic corporations. Counties to have no right to tax corporations as such, but to have the authority to tax the physical property of such corporations situate in their respective counties. All other taxation now made and collected by the State, including collateral inheritance tax, is hereafter to be made and collected by and for the benefit of the counties wherein the same may be collected. If the taxation of corporations is insufficient to meet the necessities of the State, then the State to make direct taxation upon each county, to be a certain percentage of the amount of taxes collected by said county under the foregoing authority.

"Second. All property, real and personal, shall be taxable by the counties in which the property is situated and located. Real estate exemptions shall be limited to burial lots in which interments have actually been made, and to religious, charitable and educational institutions, in proportion as they are free. All personal property to be taxed, except merchandise in process of manufacture or held for sale by licensed manufacturers or dealers. Furniture, pictures, horses, carriages, automobiles, books and furnishings to be assessed against the person in possession of the same, but each individual taxpayer might be allowed an exemption of, say, $1,000. Where the personal property consists of stocks or bonds of a corporation which pays taxes direct on the same to the State, such stocks or bonds shall be exempt from county taxation, as also mortgages on real estate where such real estate is taxed at its full value by the county in which it is situated.

"Third. Each and every individual, firm, limited partnership and corporation engaged in a legitimate business or profession, having an office or place of business for the transaction of the same, shall pay a license to the county in which said office is located."

My associates and myself appear before you as a Committee from the Philadelphia Real Estate Brokers' Association, of which Mr. Frank Caven is President, and I am Chairman of the Legislative Committee. The present Association is only of about two years' standing ,but we have to-day about 160 members, each of whose first requirement is that he shall be a licensed real estate broker. We claim we represent the payers of at least 100,000 tax bills for the year 1909, and more than that number for the year 1910. We acknowledge primarily that we are more interested in taxation in the City of Philadelphia than in the State, but in the resolution which I present, we show that we do not wish to deprive the State of its right to collect taxes, but we wish to increase the sources from which the county may be able to raise money for its own purposes. Following out this idea, our Association passed the following resolutions, which I will now read:

Taking up the first resolution, I would say that in our Association of 160 members, we have, of course, various ideas as to how our views can be put into effect. Personally, I have my own views, and the other members of the Committee may have their views, but we don't desire to take the time of your Committee in expressing our individual opinions unless you shall request it, but the resolution as offered covers the whole ground. We don't wish to deprive the State of its revenues, but personally I feel confident that if the taxes on corporations, foreign and domestic, are made uniform, equitable and fair, that there will be enough money raised by the State direct from them for all State purposes. The duty of a State is simply to protect life, liberty and property, and although we have gone beyond that and have assumed a series of what I call "State Socialism," that is, public education, State supervision of health and the care of the indigent and defective classes, being very generous in appropriations to that end, yet, I still think, that under the proper law, the State will have money enough from its corporation tax to pay all its expenses. If it has not, then it can make its direct tax upon each county, each county paying its proper share, being a certain percentage of what each collects for its own purposes. Personally, I am a firm believer in the home rule and ability of each county to determine what are the best subjects within its borders from which to raise revenue. As a Philadelphian, I don't think I know enough about the minerals in Carbon or Schuylkill counties, or the oil in Venango county, as to the best means of raising taxes on the same, but I prefer to lease that to the citizens of those counties, and all our Association asks you is that Philadelphia may be allowed to tax property within its borders in an equitable and just way, as it may see fit, and we stand ready, if the State revenues are deficient, to make such deficits in a just proportion.

Now, as to the second suggestion we make. Give us the right to tax personal property, and in that way we will have more than enough money for our purposes, so that we will even be able to reduce our taxation on real estate.

Our third resolution, which we propose, increases the number of licenses. I see at once the means of raising for the County of Philadelphia at least two million dollars additional income. At present, licenses are only required from tavern keepers, brokers and storekeepers. No professional man pays a license; no manufacturer pays a license. Personally, I cannot recognize why a real estate broker should pay $100 per annum, whereas a lawyer, who has four times the income, pays nothing. Nejther can I recognize why a manufacturer who, in the general opinion of the public, makes more money than the dealer, is exempt from a tax, whereas the dealer, who only sells the goods, is compelled to pay one. I disagree with Mr. Albright, who spoke here last week, that a tax on manufacturers would drive manufacturers away, and quote the example of New York City. In answer to that, I say, that instead of the manufacturers in New York City decreasing, they have increased, and to-day that city, in spite of its large taxes, is the largest manufacturing city in the country. I don't propose an extravagent license tax, but a minimum one, and the greater number of taxpayers the less in proportion each would bear. There is nothing in this idea that taxing manufacturers drives them away. When a manufacturer locates in a place, there are three questions to be considered. The importance of these questions varies with each man's particular business. They are labor, transportation facilities, and rent. A large manufacturer, located in the Philadelphia district, told me that they brought in seven tons of crude material to one of finished material that they put out, and therefore transportation with them was a first importance. With another manufacturer, labor would be of first importance. A certain manufacturer, who left this city because he could get cheaper rent in a neighboring town, says he has never regretted anything so much in his life as his moving because he has one continual trouble with his labor. The question of taxes on a manufacturing plant is not one-tenth of the rent, and it is the last thing they consider. To-day Pennsylvania is the best labor market in America. Along the Deuaware we have the cheapest land along the Atlantic seaboard. Courtauld & Co., the English crepe manufacturers, after having examined every town from Fall River along the coast as far south as Savannah, have located at Chester, where, I think, they paid for land $600 per acre and have any quantity of unskilled labor at their command. There is no reason, therefore, why manufacturers should be exempt from a tax if it is a minimum one, as I propose it should be.

In the second resolution, in which I except from taxes, as personal property, merchandise in process of manufacture and in stores, which property was suggested to be taxed by Mr. Gratz, I do so because if a merchandise dealer or manufacturer pays a fair license, which license, of course, can be computed on the amount of his sales or the amount of capital invested, that license tax would represent the property in his possession, so, therefore, there should not be a double tax. In the same way I exempt mortgages upon property which has paid a full tax to the county, for the simple reason that that is double taxation.

Now, the experience of the tax office and trust companies, who have more experience with estates than the ordinary broker, is that of invested capital in the City of Philadelphia, about one-fifth is in real estate; four-fifths in personal property, and of that four-fifths in personal property, fully 80 per cent. is in stocks and bonds of Pennsylvania corporations. This would leave only about one-fifth of invested capital in the State of Pennsylvania invested in outside corporations.

The rates of interest on good securities in other States have so declined that a man can invest his money onw in Pennsylvania and obtain for it the equal income that he could in any other place except in speculative securities in the mining States. Therefore, in taxing personal property, instead of having four pages of questions to answer, we could simply put one question to the taxpayer and ask him to swear to the same, the same as we now ask him to swear to four pages; this one question would be, What was your income for the last year from all property you have outside of Pennsylvania? Except in the case of a very rich man, this amount would be found to be comparatively small, and a man, with a point blank question put to him under oath, is not apt to perjure himself for the small amount of money which the truthful answer to such a question would compel him to pay. The great objection to personal returns is the publicity it gives to one's private business. Personally, I am optimistic, and believe that 95 per cent of the world are honest and truthful, but everyone hates to disclose his private affairs, but if the State properly taxes all State corporations and those were exempted from taxation in the counties, the one question I have put above I think will be nearly always answered truthfully by the taxpayer.

I would like to go beyond the authority vested in me by the resolution and suggest personally to your committee, if possible, to formulate one uniform method of assessment and collection of taxes throughout the State. You, gentlemen on the Committee, from what I call the "rural counties," know the difficulty which we, as residents in Philadelphia have, being unacquainted with local laws which are so different throughout the various counties, that it is impossible for us, by correspondence with one officer of the county, to obtain a tax bill on a country property which covers all the taxes therein levied. We have to write to the county collector, the township collector, the borough collector and the school tax collector, and possibly others. I ask that you in your report to the State you urge a suggestion that some plan be proposed by which all taxes payable in a county shall be payable through one collector, and that one person, presumably the County Treasurer, be the only party to have the authority to lien for the non-payment of taxes or commence proceedings for the collection of the same.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. When you refer to the local real estate corporations, what have you in mind that is not taxable, the local real estate? You request that all local real estate or corporations should be taxed locally?

A. Yes, we tax them for you, we tax physical property, as they are doing now. We do not tax anything but the real estate.

Q. What is there not taxed that you would tax now?

A. I do not see that there is—what I am looking at primarily is the State should tax every corporation. Now, in the first place, we set forth that the charter charges of manufacturing corporations eliminated——

Q. Yes, but not its local real estate?

A. No, not its local real estate.

Q. Now, direct your mind to the tax of local real estate of corporations?

A. Yes, very good. We tax that now. In the first place we want to raise money for the State. That is the first question.

Q. Now, with railroad companies, they pay tax on all their real real estate in Philadelphia except their water tanks and their roadway?

A. Yes, I suppose they pay on the terminal. They do not pay on the ground.

Q. They pay on everything but the roadway and the water tanks.

A. Does the tax on terminal cover that?

Q. Yes.

A. That is all right. We do not complain of that.

Q. The telegraph companies are not exempted, and the trolley companies pay on everything but their power plant and roadway. Would you tax them?

A. No, I would not tax that. I cannot follow your thought. Primarily, you want to get State taxes. Now, tax them. In the first place, that opens a discussion on the question of what is a corporation. What is the object of incorporating? There are only two objects that I know, that is insuring lives and public utilities that the individual cannot do. You tax them for that incorporating. You give them more than you give me. I am talking about State tax. You get your money from the State tax and give us the right to tax personal property here, and we will get our income.

Q. I am not talking about personal income. I am asking you what real estate corporation that is not now taxed, you would tax locally?

A. If they do not tax them now, it is their error. I understand that with the exception of one or two, we already tax the real estate corporations.

Q. Then there is now nothing——

A. Certainly not; I am not complaining of that.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. What do you understand the State returns are from the counties now?

A. Three-fourths of what you get. You get $4,000,000 and return $3,000,000.

Q. That would not make a very great difference, then, in your receipts. Where would you get the two millions of dollars out of the license tax?

A. Out of the license tax we would get $2,000,000 at once.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Just one other thought on taxation of personal property. You speak of taxing that locally?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Then you say in another section there that you would not tax locally what the State already taxes?

A. Of course, we ought not to do that.

Q. What personal property is there you would tax locally that the State does not tax?

A. In the first place, give us our license tax——

Q. Do not wander from my question. I am talking about the personal property?

A. I am talking about personal property in storehouses and warehouses. I am opposed to what Mr. Gratz says.

Q. Then the personal property that the State does not tax, that you would have taxed, would be the goods in the stores?

A. No, I except that. The personal property we would have taxed is the furniture, pictures, paintings, and so on, and put back the Act of '88. That would accumulate at an enormous extent. We have houses in which there are $200,000 worth of personal property; the State gives them protection.

Q. Another subject would be automobiles?

A. Of course, we only tax now carriages for hire.

Q. What other personal property have you in mind?

A. That covers it. Then we tax personal property held by corporations, here, for instance, taking your banks, you tax them for their life, we tax them for the physical property.

Q. You tax them anyhow?

A. No, we do not. We do not tax their investments.

Q. You are going to tax their security and investment?

A. Undoubtedly.

Q. I understood you to-day you would not tax locally what the State taxes generally?

A. No, the State won't do it, if you give it to the State.

Q. You tax them on their charter privileges?

A. We cannot tax them as a corporation; we tax them on their property.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. But in order to get all of the personal property tax instead of three-fourth?

A. To delegate to the county, and let us tax in the county what we think proper.

Q. Have that right reserved unto each county?

A. Of itself. If you cannot get enough out of the direct taxation of corporations, then you appeal to us. You say, "We want 5 per cent. of the tax you collected last year."

Q. Instead of the revenue flowing directly into the State Treasury, you would have it flow indirectly from the county tax?

A. Yes. There is only one system of taxation here.

Q. How would the State derive its revenue?

A. From equal taxation in all corporations.

Q. It would not appeal to the counties at all?

A. No, not until you are short.

Q. Until the State is short?

By Mr. Brown:

Q. In other words, the Board of Revenue Commissioners would not have to act until there was a State deficit; then they would make requisition on the counties, instead of doing as they do now?

A. It gives us one set of collectors.

Q. Any other personal property?

A. Anything we could find. That is for the county to determine.

Q. Everything we want to tax. If Venango County wants a half a cent tax that is their business.

Q. Any other thought, Mr. Dallam?

A. Not unless there is something that requires an explanation.

SAMUEL G. DIEHL, Philadelphia, called.

Mr. Diehl: I am not a member of the Real Estate Brokers' Association, although I am a broker. In the early part of last year I was Chairman of the Pension Committee for the purpose of paying pensions to Emergency Men. I had an interview with the Governor, and he said he was in favor of the bill which I proposed to the Legislature, but he said: "Where are you going to get the money to pay the pensions?" So I commenced to look around, and I hit upon a plan, and my plan is, I might say, revolutionary in regard to the past collection of taxes for State purposes. In my investigations I found from the Census Report of the United States, published in 1907, that the assessed value of the real estate in the State of Pennsylvania in 1904 amounted to $3,476,000,000. Now, my idea was to place a State tax upon that assessed value of real estate, a small amount, say one and one-half mills. One and a half mills on that amount of money would produce $5,214,089. Then I propose to do away with the mortgage tax, four-tenth of 1 per cent. The tax received by the Treasurer of the State of Pennsylvania in 1908 amounted to $4,209,000. I could not find how much of that money belonged to the tax on mortgages., There was no way to find out. The Board of Revision kept no account, but they said they thought about seven-eighths of it came from the tax on mortgages. That would be $3,806,204, leaving an increase in the State Treasury of $1,531,835. Now, out of that $4,209,000 collected by the Treasurer he returned to the counties $3,392,128. Now, taking three-fourths of the $5,214,000 which would be raised by the tax on the assessed value, you return to the counties $3,910,566, or an increase of $618,438 is returned to the counties. Now, there are a number of people who own property in the State of Pennsylvania who do not pay a cent towards the revenues of the State. For instance, there was one of our citizens who died recently, leaving about $40,000,000, and most of that property was in real estate clear of incumbrances; about $10,000,000 of it, I think, is in the city of Philadelphia. That does not pay one cent to the State of Pennsylvania, not a penny. Now, then, other gentlemen, or one other gentleman, if you take for example, owns ten million dollars' worth of property and he is not able to keep that clear of incumbrance, and he is compelled to mortgage it for 60 per cent. of its value, and he pays four-tenths of 1 per cent. upon that six millions of dollars, which amounts to $24,000 a year. Of course, the State says that the owner of property or the man who borrows the money is not to pay the tax, but the man who loans it, but we real estate brokers know in the majority of cases the man who borrows the money pays the State tax.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. That is pretty generally true in the city, is it not?

A. Yes, sir. Now, my idea was to tax that ten million dollars' worth of property value one and one-half mills, which would produce $15,000, that is the clear ten millions, and tax the other the same, which would produce $15,000; the State would get $30,000, and the man who paid his four-tenths on the six millions would save $9,000. He would pay $15,000 instead of $24,000. Therefore, every man who had his property mortgaged for 60 per cent. of its value would save money. A great deal of the property is mortgaged for more than 60 per cent. of its value. I know some that is mortgaged for 80 per cent. of its value, and of course the man who has property mortgaged for a larger proportion of its assessed value saves more money.

Now, in regard to the city, if a man's property is assessed for 60 per cent. of its value at the present rate of tax, if it is mortgaged for two-thirds of its value with the city tax at $1.50, a man would have to pay $1,766.67. Now, under my plan of taxing the assessed value and making the city rate $1.60, which is ten cents more than it is to-day, the man would save $16.67, because under the old way he would pay $1,766.67, and under the new way he would pay $1,750, and if he was taxed 60 per cent. he would pay under the old way $740 and under the new way $750, or ten dollars; if it is mortgaged for 70 per cent. of its value, he now pays $1,780, and under the new way he would pay $1,750. He would save money.

Now, the assessed value of Philadelphia for 1909 is $1,356,869,000 odd dollars. At $1.50 it would produce $20,353,000 odd dollars. Under the $1.60 it would produce $21,709,915, an increase of $1,456,000. Now, taxing the real estate, you can always get your money. In taxing personal property you do not always get it, because a great many who ought to pay four-tenths do not pay it. There seems to be no way by which you can make everybody pay a tax, but in taxing real estate you can make everybody pay.

Q. What is your authority for that statement?

A. Well, my authority is that if you take—we know I don't know that it is an authority, but we know that we feel sure that there are a lot of people in the State o Pennsylvania who do not pay that four-tenths of 1 per cent. tax.

Q. Is there no way of enforcing the payment?

A. I do not know of any law to enforce it. You cannot put a man in prison for debt. Many years ago when I was a young man I was Internal Revenue Collector in the Second District, and we had an income tax. We felt that 80 per cent. of those returns were perjuries. We felt certain that the people did not make the lawful returns. The assessor, when he knew and had the facilities to know, he could add what he thought the man had failed to do, and sometimes we did add 50 per cent., and it was paid without a question.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Why didn't you add 50 per cent. more?

A. We could not do that without we had positive assurance. One prominent man made a return and the assessor

knew it was wrong, and he added 50 per cent., and it was paid without any question.

Q. Have you talked this over with your associates?

A. I have submitted this to a number of men, real estate men and others, and they all thought it was a good idea.

Q. Did they own real estate?

A. Yes, they own real estate. I myself own real estate and it is clear of incumbrance. I would pay more under this plan than I do pay now. I do say a man who is worth ten millions of dollars and does not pay a cent to the State ought to pay something, and the State would be the gainer in every instance. I do not know any reason why the State should not tax real estate, and as I showed you, the tax if it was done in that way, the tax in Philadelphia on men whose properties are mortgaged, the only man whose tax would be increased would be the rich, and they are the men you want to pay the tax.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. Is it your thought that real estate should be taxed both for State and local purposes?

A. Yes.

Q. A double system of taxation.

A. Yes, and do away with the mortgage tax, and by doing that the taxpayer does not pay any more money. In fact, I think sixty times out of a hundred he would not pay as much, taking the tax at $1.60.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Your contention is that the land owner should pay the tax to the State and county. That is your thought?

A. Yes. You see in this way we would raise over a million dollars for the city annually, a million and a half nearly, and also for the State. My contention, on account of the pension was that I could see where I could collect three million dollars for the State and without increasing the tax on the necessaries of life. It has been proposed here by some that a tax should be put on corporations who manufacture gas and water, and a bonus on coal. We all know that if we put a tax on coal for five cents, the consumer would pay twenty-five cents more a ton, and if we tax water or gas companies, they are going to raise the rates and the consumer will pay it. In this case the rich man who owns the property will pay the tax.

Q. The poor man also?

A. To-day the poor man pays more.

Q. Tax both the rich and the poor alike?

A. Here is a man owns a house assessed for $2,000. He is paying to-day to the city $30 taxes, and he has got his mortgage for 80 per cent. of its value, and he is paying the State $6.40 tax. He is paying $36.40. Now, under my plan, if the city tax would be ten cents more, or $1.50, he would pay $32.00 to the city and he would pay $3.00 to the State, or $35 instead of $36.40, and the man who owned the $2,000 house would be saved $1.40 a year, and the State of Pennsylvania and Philadelphia would be getting a million and a half more money. On the personal property, such as bonds and stocks, etc., I would raise the tax on those, I think, because if you raise the tax on those there would be more money for mortgages and you get the mortgages at a lower rate.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. What would the citizens of the State of Pennsylvania do if you raised the rate on the bonds?

A. He would sell their bonds and stocks and put them on his mortgages, where it would be less. They would not have to pay any tax on mortgages. You know the man who pays on his bonds is the rich man, and he is the man who ought to pay the most tax.

Q. Wouldn't your plan have a tendency to block the State's progress and the upbuilding of any credit by having a system of taxation such as you suggest on real estate?

A. I don't think so.

Q. You think it would not?

A. I don't think so.

Q. That men would still be as apt to invest in real estate as they are under the present system of taxation?

A. I think they would. I don't see any reason why they would not. Another thought and that is this, if a man makes an improvement that is a benefit to the city or increases the value of the surrounding country, he should not be taxed for that at once; he should have some credit. In other words, for the addition he put on there he need not pay taxes for five years.

Q. That is a single tax idea?

A. Not at all. What I mean by that is this: I have a property and spend $50,000 on it and make it a credit to the city of Philadelphia—His Honor wants to make the city beautiful—I should have some credit, more than the man who lives next door to me and does not do anything.

Q. Doesn't it increase the value of your property?

A. Yes, because I put value on it.

Q. Thereby increasing the value of your property, should you not pay an additional tax because your property is worth more than it was before you made the improvement?

A. I don't know that it is worth any more—it might not be worth any more than the amount of improvement I put on it, but I am taxed for that amount of improvement. It keeps people from improving their property.

Q. The present system of taxation?

A. Yes, because they have to pay for that improvement. Now, I want to say something about appropriations to hospitals. I am a trustee of a hospital in the City of Philadelphia, and I believe in hospitals, but I agree also with what Mr. Strawbridge stated the other day that hospitals ought to be concentrated, that there are too many. I know some institutions where the Board of Directors could not get together, and they do not agree, one part goes off and starts another hospital, and they haven't any money, and they ask the State to give them money to help them run it. If there were four or five general hospitals like the Pennsylvania or the Jefferson, the University of Pennsylvania, the Hahnemann, and if they want branch hospitals, we could have branches of the Hahneman or the Pennsylvania under one management. But now we have a whole lot of hospitals gotten up by different people, all doing some good. I have one in mind now that has bought a property in one of our best streets in the city of Philadelphia: it asked for a contribution to a building fund last year which was stricken out by the Governor; instead of going where they could buy property cheap they buy it on the principal street in Philadelphia; they paid 40,000 odd dollars for the land; they have got $5,000 in the treasury; they haven't got a building on the property. They placed upon their Advisory Board one of the leading members of the Senate of Pennsylvania, with the hopes of getting the means to build, I suppose. I think the State of Pennsylvania should not furnish money for building hospitals, because if the people cannot supply the buildings, the State should not do it. They ought to furnish so much per capita for people in those hospitals treated there.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Unless the State would get title to the property?

A. Unless the State would get title to the property, yes.

Q. Under those conditions you would not think so much of it?

A. I do not think there ought to be so many hospitals. We have got five or six on Broad street, some of them very close together.

Q. Are you in favor of consolidation?

A. I am in favor of consolidation. I think they would do better work under one management.

MR. L. G. FOUSE, President of the Fidelity Mutual Life Insurance Company and representing the Association of Life Insurance Presidents, called.

Mr. Fouse: In this dual capacity I am trying to take a broad view of the subject, and I desire to be understood at the outset that we are not here to ask immunity from taxation, but we are here to ask a redistribution, and more on the line of fairness and equity. If any business is entitled to exemption, I think we might claim that the business which reduces taxation for the maintenance of a population and which encourages thrift to uplift, is, of course, the business that ought to be exempt, but in view of the fact that the State has to be supported and something has to done, we are perfectly willing to concede that the life insurance companies should make their fair and proper contribution to the support of the State, but when enterprises are considered by the State as a proper subject of exemption, such as a building and loan and such as savings banks, which is all right—we have no quarrel with it, if the State can do it, but we do say this, that if the individual who deposits his money and can withdraw it at will for his own benefit can be exempt from taxation, that the man who comes forward frankly and absolutely agrees to put aside a sum of money merely in order that his wife and his children, when the lamp of life goes out, shall not become a charge upon the public, we say that those people are just as much entitled to consideration as the man who makes a deposit for selfish purposes and motives. I will not take up your time, but it might be of some interest just merely to refer to it, to history in this connection. About the year 1500 it was considered a high crime to be a pauper—ears cropped, imprisonment and eventually death ensued. That resulted in England in the investigation on the line of encouraging self-dependence and thrift, so as to do away with pauperism as much as possible, but they happened to strike the wrong lead. They started the poor rate proposition, so that parishes were taxed for the maintenance of the poor. This became such a burdensome thing that finally Parliament took it up in the early part of the Nineteenth Century and make an investigation covering several years, when expert testimony was produced, and the conclusion reached—Sec. 821—that life insurance, friendly societies and kindred organizations operated to reduce the poor rate, a burden upon the public, to the extent of millions and millions per annum. What was done as a result of that? They simply turned around and enacted laws to encourage such organizations, to help them to exist, and the income tax which prevails in Britain had this modification made: that if a man takes one-sixth of his income and invests it in life insurance, that that one-sixth shall be exempt from the income tax. That was done because of the uplift, of the help that it was to the Nation in doing away with pauperism and dependence, because it made it, therefore, to some extent, an independent people. There was a time, as we are told, in history when the windows were taxed because of admitting light and air. That belonged to the dark ages, and if there is anything that belongs to the dark ages, it is taxing that which helps people to become thrifty and independent, and that is what life insurance is assumed to do, and that is what it expects to do. The insurance reform of recent years has awakened public conscience to a very great extent. I think that people are now beginning to know that they pay the tax, that the companies are not something entirely independent of the people, that there could be no life insurance at all unless the people paid premiums, and the tax comes out of the premiums, and therefore they have got to pay it. That is primarily a very important consideration for everybody to give due and proper thought to that subject, to appreciate the fact that the individual policy holder has to pay the tax, and those who do not invest their money in that line are exempt from taxation, because they have no interest in it.

Now, in that connection, Pennsylvania has a population of over seven millions. The tax imposed on life insurance companies exceeds one million dollars a year. It is the amount of money that goes into the State Treasury, from whom? From the whole people? Oh, no. Only from those who carry policies of life insurance in a certain class of companies; less than a half million of people pay three-fourths of the one

million tax, and the other is paid by a class known as the industrials, who pay the other quarter, of $250,000, making an aggregate of over a million.

Now, in addition to that fact, which shows that only a very small proportion of the population pays that life insurance tax, comes a further discrimination which is most unfortunate and does not help the situation at all. One thing is a discrimination against mutual companies. A mutual company is required to pay a tax of four mills on its investment. If it is a stock company it simply pays a tax of five mills on the value of its capital stock, and the capital stock may be anywhere from a hundred thousand dollars to three hundred or five hundred thousand dollars, but it is the market value of a stock that is taxed. Now, the result is: take a company like the Penn Mutual; they have returned for taxation personal property to the amount of $6,069,475, or, in round figures, $240,000. Now, suppose it was a stock company instead of a mutual company, what would they pay? Five mills on the thousand dollars of stock, and it would be a mere picayune, instead of the $240,000. That is a discrimination that is most unfair and should be corrected, if that system is to be continued, the four mills tax, by taking the mutual companies less the reserve liability accumulation, so that they would be taxed more nearly akin to the capital of stock companies. That is a mere suggestion, but I should like to see that entire portion of the tax wiped out and another matter substituted, as I will tell you later.

Now, another feature that is a discrimination is that a large proportion of those doing the business of life insurance under various titles are exempt from any tax. That does not seem right to me. I do say that if it is proper to tax one class of companies it ought to be proper to tax another class of companies doing practically the same business. Perhaps not in the same way, but meeting with the same result in the end.

Now, there is another discrimination, which is, to my mind, inexcusable, and, according to the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States a few days ago, it is a question whether it is legal and proper, and that is the discrimination between the domestic or home companies and the companies of other States. In the case of Alabama it has been held that the discrimination was not only unfair but unconstitutional. We tax Pennsylvania companies eight mills. That is what Pennsylvania companies are supposed to pay.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. On the gross receipts?

A. Eight mills on the premium.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. And if they have capital stock?

A. That is an additional tax, that is a personal property tax, the capital stock proposition, but I am now addressing myself to another classification of tax, premium tax. Get that separate in your minds. Now, Pennsylvania imposes eight mills, but if a company is domiciled in some other State and comes in here to do business, there is 2 per cent. placed on them, so that the companies of other States are discriminated against to that extent.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. That is done, I presume, to protect home companies?

A. Well, it don't protect them, as I will show you later. Now, because of the retaliatory provisions, and this is not the age in which a retailiatory spirit should be encouraged at all, under the retaliatory provisions of the States the result is that a Pennsylvania company which leaves the border of its own State has got to pay to all other States just the kind of tax that we impose in Pennsylvania on the companies of those States, so that we are individually paying a great deal more tax to the other States than we are paying to Pennsylvania. As the number of companies in Pennsylvania is increasing all the while, it is a matter of considerable importance, aside from the constitutional question involved, as to whether it is right and proper to have such a discrimination between the home companies and the companies emanating from other States. My own opinion is that that is not good business and it is not justice, and I say that as a Pennsylvanian interested in my home State more than I am anywhere else, but as I stated before, I am here in a dual capacity, not only representing the company with which I am connected, but also representing the other life insurance companies in the Life Insurance Presidents' Association.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. What State has, in your opinion, the best law on this subject?

A. Well, we have in our discussions sort of agreed that New York, since the amendments have been made and changes made, comes as near right, because there it is 1 per cent., and it is 1 per cent. to all. They are all treated alike, no matter where you are from, it is 1 per cent., a premium tax of 1 per cent.

Q. What was the cause of this change in our law; who is responsible for that?

A. I do not know.

Q. Is it not you insurance people?

A. Oh, no; insurance people have had very little to do with the revenue acts, and in former times it kept them busy to know when the revenue laws were being considered, and so far as I am concerned—in fact, I did not know it until after it had become a fact—and it has been this way for years, goes back some twenty years or more, and there has been no change. New York formerly did not have any tax at all on premiums. They had other devices for taxing insurance companies in a moderate way, but in recent years they have changed that and have adopted the 1 per cent. premium tax in lieu of all other forms of tax, and it is agreed between the members of our association that that is a fair, equitable basis of taxation, because the State is burdened, of course, with the expense of supervision, which is highly proper and it is highly proper that the contribution should be made towards it, but supervision will represent perhaps less than a hundred thousand dollars, while in Pennsylvania the companies pay over a million dollars, so that there is a profit there to the State of over $900,000, and it is converting life insurance, which is supposed to promote independence, into a revenue agency for the support of the State, and I do not believe that was ever intended to be, and it certainly is not good public policy.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. What, in your judgment, would be the loss of revenue to the Commonwealth were a law enacted reducing the percentage?

A. I do not believe that it would reduce the revenue, if you take all classes of companies and apply that 1 per cent. to all, which I do not think would be seriously objected to, because the large number of companies that now pay nothing would be required to pay the one per cent., and it would be applied to all fraternal organizations just the same, apply it to all I do not think it would reduce the revenue to the State but very little, if at all. There is no way of exactly computing that, but that is my best judgment.

Q. But you made a statement a moment ago that the State was exacting from the insurance companies revenue approximating $900,000 that was a revenue unjustly raised, as you seemed to think?

A. Yes, as I view it, of course——

Q. What would become of that amount of money if a new law were to go into effect?

A. It would go into the State Treasury, as it does now.

Q. As you say under the present law we are exacting from the policy holders a sum of aggregating, for example——

A. Over a million dollars.

Q. And the State turning this law into a revenue raiser, as you term it——

A. Yes.

Q. I say if a new law, such as you propose, on the 1 per cent. basis were to go into effect, would the revenue be approximately the same as at presen?

A. I have stated that it would be, if you make it apply to all companies.

Q. Fraternal organizations as well?

A. Everything; not discriminate between them.

Q. Do you think that could be easily accomplished?

A. That is another question. That is up to you gentlemen.

Q. Do you recall a fraternal organization measure that was before the Senate and House at the last session?

A. I believe they will oppose any legislation that imposes a burden upon them. So far as that is concerned, I think that goes without saying, but when you consider a nominal premium tax and the method of doing business that they pursue, it will be so small comparatively that they will not look upon it as they would the 2 per cent. which now obtains and which has to be paid by all companies of other States in Pennsylvania, and we have to pay outside of Pennsylvania because Pennsylvania imposes that upon the other companies.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Is this State tax the highest rate?

A. There are a few States that exact two and a half.

Q. On foreign or domestic companies?

A. All alike. This discrimination as between the foreign and home companies is a very rare proposition. I cannot just at this minute tell you what States they are, but I do not think there are more than three in the entire forty-six States.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. There was an attempt in the last Legislature to remedy this, was there not?

A. I think the last Legislature had a bill before it, which was supposed to correct very much of the crude legislation in Pennsylvania, but it failed, but whether it touched the revenue, which is a different law in the State and not a part of the insurance law, is a matter I am not prepared to answer.

Q. I think it did have reference, among the other things, to the legislative clause you speak of here, and that met with a great deal of opposition in the House.

A. It did.

Q. You are familiar with the vote on the bill, are you not?

A. Yes.

Q. And the principal ground of opposition seemed to be that it would embody, as you state, fraternal organizations who pay a sick benefit. Now, the life insurance companies do not presume to py any sick benefits, and fraternal organizations do, which would affect quite a few families throughout the State.

A. They do not all do it.

Q. Embracing them all as one class of organizations.

A. I think I should discriminate between the life insurance, fraternal orders and the sick benefit societies myself.

Q. For instance, the Royal Arcanum and Modern Woodmen, do they have a sick benefit feature in their policies?

A. They have it in the lodges. For instance, a lodge can give sick benefits, but it is not a part of the policy contract, I do not think.

Q. They have a death benefit feature, have they not?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. That is their strong asset?

A. That is their principal business, but the lodge can include or exclude the sick benefits, just as they like. It is not an essential part of the functions of the order.

Q. But if they have such a feature embodied in their policy, Mr. Fouse, how could you reach them for the purpose of taxation as you have just stated a moment ago?

A. Well, in an off-hand manner, I would say this, that a 1 per cent. of the premiums that they collect is almost infinitesimal, it is so small that I do not believe it would

necessary to discriminate, but if I did discriminate I would make a provision exempting the sick benefit feature any order from the taxation, because it is only an agency that can be used or not as they see fit, but sick benefits is in itself a thing that ought not to be taxed, I agree.

Q. I bring this out at this time because of the very serious opposition that this proposed piece of legislation met with in both the Senate and House, and simply, I take it, on account of the fact that it would apply to any fraternal organizations who now have embodied in their policies a sick benefit feature.

A. Yes.

Q. Now, according to your argument, for instance, the Modern Woodmen and Heptasophs and Royal Arcanum, if they have a sick benefit feature in their policies, it would be exempt from taxation and, of course, the State of Pennsylvania would lose revenue through the proposition.

A. I would only exempt that one branch of it, the sick benefit branch.

Q. Then they have separate policies?

A. Yes, I know the Royal Arcanum have, because I have been a member of that for some time. I know they have it as a matter belonging to the lodge itself. That is, you can take it or not, as you like.

Q. That is optional?

A. Yes, and because of its being optional it could be set aside, and only the death benefit part of it be subject to the insurance tax on 1 per cent. With those features that I have given, which I will just hurriedly run over again, the discrimination between mutual and stock companies, it does not strike me as proper and right and that that should be corrected; that a discrimination between organized companies of other States is not right, and that should be corrected; that the discrimination in favor of the various fraternal insurance orders, that is not right, and that by taking them all and placing them on a proper basis and doing equity and justice it would not be necessary to make it so burdensome on a few, because it is a distribution among many. Of course, it is not an easy problem.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. If it is not too much trouble or would necessitate too much labor, could you have some memoranda made, showing what the experience of other States has been?

A. Yes.

Q. And submit it to the Committee?

A. I can and would be glad to do it.

MR. WILSON H. BROWN, representing the Manufacturers Club of Philadelphia, called.

Mr. Brown: Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen: I want to begin by saying that the manufacturers, as represented by the Manufacturers' Club, are satisfied with the taxes that are imposed upon them at the present time. I see that that occasions a little ripple of laughter from my friend David Dallam. We are satisfied, because we feel that we are entitled to some credit for having made the business of Mr. Dallam and the business of the City of Philadelphia and development of the City of Philadelphia what it is. I know it has been an old story that without the manufacturers the City of Philadelphia would not be as great as she is. That has been told and told so often that some people begin to look upon it as a joke, but if you gentlemen will go back into the history of Philadelphia and pick that out and compare the development of the city and the development of the manufacturers, you will find they run right on a parallel. The State of Pennsylvania has within her limits to-day manufacturing corporations with a total capitalization of $1,955,000,000. That capitalization has represented in increase of 35 per cent. in the past five years, a greater increase as shown by the census of 1900 than any other State in the Union. Why is this? Years ago the State of Pennsylvania realized the necessity of developing her natural resources, realized that she had natural resources which manufacturing alone could develop and which would eventually make the State great, and she passed laws exempting manufacturers from taxation. The only tax that was imposed upon a manufacturing corporation is a tax upon its capital stock. Following our example you will find throughout the country if you travel this great country as I have, along the railroads you will find the communities advertising free factory sites. Why? Simply to get the manufacturers there to develop their country, and it is that policy that has caused the great progress of this country. The manufacturers of the State produce annually about twice as much as the total agricultural product and the products of our mines. In round figures the census of 1905 says that in the State of Pennsylvania the value of the products of manufacturing was $1,955,000,000. For the same period the total product of farms was $431,000,000, and the total mineral product was $657,000,000. I realize that the State of Pennsylvania either through insufficient taxation or unwise expenditure of the public funds has to meet the question of a probable deficiency, and yet I say to you gentlemen that the manufacturers, as represented by the Manufacturers' Club, are willing to stand any just share of their burden of taxation that may be determined. They feel to-day that they are in a position, facing, as they do, the Federal corporation tax, that they would be at a disadvantage if the tax upon manufacturing corporations was increased. Some of you gentlemen know that the bills introduced in the State Legislature last year were opposed by the manufacturing interests of the State very largely, and reasons were then given before the Judiciary Committee as to why they should not be increased. I emphatically say to you gentlemen that the manufacturers feel that any increase of taxation on manufacturers or any taxation placed upon manufacturing in the State would be placing the State of Pennsylvania in a point of retroaction; that the Manufacturers' Club feel that if you commence to tax your manufacturers, you will take the first step towards stopping the development of the State. You will be driving manufacturers to other States in the vicinity where they can have better conditions and be freer of taxation. The Manufacturers' Club of Philadelphia, who I represent, have had no formal meeting to consider this subject, but a number of the gentlemen who represent the Club on its Legislative Committee have met and requested that I place before you as the opinion of the Manufacturers' Club just what I have stated here.

In the course of conversation, as to meeting the condition which you gentlemen have to meet, raising taxation, and the various opinions expressed, I recall very distinctly that one gentleman said, "Why don't you tax automobiles? Why don't they tax automobiles, they don't seem to pay any tax?" I said "I don't believe the Manufacturers' Club should go there and express themselves as favoring the taxing of any specific thing." "Well," he says, "I own three of them and I will pay and I think it would only be right to pay one dollar per horse power per year for owning those automobiles." That is only the personal opinion of one member, and I am not authorized here to say or suggest to you any method of raising the revenue of the State.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Assuming that the other taxables are being sufficiently taxed to-day and there is need for more revenue for the purpose of our State institutions, erecting State institutions for the insane and criminals and helpless poor and all that, what is your thought on that? Do you think these other taxables should have their burdens increased, or that the manufacturers should aid in that? Now, I am simply asking this because this Committee is in receipt of dozens and dozens of letters suggesting the taxing of manufacturing corporations and giving the reasons of the writers why it should be done. Have your folks given that any thought?

A. We have simply dealt with the question generally. There is not one of them that is in favor of any tax being placed upon manufacturers.

Q. And there is not one of them that would shirk his obligation to his State for the support of her institutions?

A. No.

Q. Now, do you not think there ought to be some thought given to the general subject, because every one on whom the tax is levied is objecting to it?

A. Surely.

Q. Do you not think there should be some thought given as to how a general plan can be worked out—just some general plan by which general conditions can be improved? Because as I understand you, you represent a very large portion of the life of the Commonwealth?

A. I am speaking for the Manufacturers' Club, which does not include all the manufacturing interests of the city.

Q. You represent two billions of property to-day?

A. Yes. Remember that the manufacturers have large investments upon which they are paying local tax, their factories; they are paying the local tax on that.

Q. We have exempted their machines and everything except the shell of the building?

A. The building and the ground is the only thing that is taxed.

Q. Have you looked into it in other States, what other States are doing in this direction? I have. There are very few States in the United States that are exempting manufacturing corporations?

A. Very few of them. In New York they have a one and one-half mill tax on their product, I believe. There are otner States that have only the capital tax. New Jersey, one-tenth of 1 per cent., New Yerk one-fifth.

Q. Is it not a fact that Pennsylvania is the only State in the Union to-day that practically exempts them?

A. I believe she is. The solution of that question you put to me, I think, would be better solved, rather than placing upon the manufacturers a tax such as was contemplated last year, which was what you may call a mixed tax made up of a tax upon all their liabilities—that is, a tax on all moneys they owed, including mortgages, an annual tax on that, and I think a fair tax would be a yearly capital tax. That would be the fairest way.

By Mr. Moyer.

Q. Capital stock tax?

A. A capital stock tax.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Do you thing a tax of one mill would drive the manufacturers to other States?

A. I do not. In speaking for the Manufacturers' Club, I do not know as we could carry the endorsement of that unanimously, but I think we would have a larger number of our manufacturers, if that was decided to be their share of the burden, who would not oppose it.

Q. That would make it according to that approximately nineteen million dollars?

A. Yes. The tax bill last year, you may recall, involved practically about 10 per cent. tax upon the capital stock per annum.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. The same as you tax a distilling company ten mills?

A. I am not mixed on it. You had three or four items taxed. You duplicated the tax. It was duplicated three or four times over.

Q. There were a number of bills presented to the Legislature?

A. You had one bill there.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. Whose bill was that, do you recall?

A. I do not recall it. I have it over at my office.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Have you folks made any effort to gather the sentiments of the State on the subject, outside of your own individual efforts?

A. No, we have not.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. What, in your judgment, should be the basis of corporate existence? For instance, in granting charters to manufacturing corporations for profit? I want to make myself

clear. Of all the letters that have been sent out by this Commission, there has one come to me recently that contained this thought, that the basis of corporate existence should be cheapness of output when delivered to the consumer. What do you think of that?

A. That would be the basis of their corporate existence?

Q. Qualifications to incorporate by the State of Pennsylvania?

A. Well, that is such an extreme idea that I have not given it any thought. I would not endorse it at the beginning. How would you determine it? Who would determine it?

Q. I merely wanted to throw it out for what it was worth.

A. I never heard of it before.

Q. And then he goes on to say that the cost—if the corporation management shall increase ever so little the cost to the consumer, a receiver should be appointed and the corporation dissolved, and in that way you would solve the question of high living?

A. Well, I can say frankly I dont' believe the idea would be endorsed by the Manufacturers' Club.

Q. As their representative, I wanted you to express an opinion on that.

Mr. Dallam: May I ask Mr. Brown a question?

Mr. Moyer: Certainly.

Mr. Dallam: Prof. Thompson asked me last night why New York, with all its tax on manufacturers, was now the largest manufacturing city in the country, and it far outstripped us.

Mr. Brown: Do you ask me that question?

Mr. Dallam: Yes.

Mr. Brown: In answer to that, according to the statistics what makes her the largest manufacturing city, simply a duplication of manufacturers from Philadelphia and other parts of the country.

Mr. Dallam: They claim not.

Mr. Brown: And they take credit for the whole of that which is largely manufactured here, or in fact, in some other part of the country and sent there, because she is a great distributing center.

Mr. Dallam: That was the accusation before the census of 1910.

Mr. Brown: That is a correct statement, as I gather it. You take New York City, we will send goods over there worth $1.50 from Philadelphia. Some little fellow has a shop where he runs thirty or forty small sewing machines. They manufacture that cloth up and he adds to that cloth probably in his labor value to the amount of fifteen to twenty cents, per yard, and he puts that out as his product. That is a duplication. That is what makes New York a great manufacturing State. She does not compare with Pennsylvania in any particular in the basic manufacture where the true value is put into the goods. There is where it comes from, Pennsylvania.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. I assume the subject has been considered from the viewpoint of what is beneficial to Pennsylvania?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Entirely independent of the one of selfishness?

A. That is the viewpoint we take.

Q. The concensus of opinion of manufacturers, as I understand you, is that the subject should be let alone insofar as it applies to manufacturers?

A. Yes, sir, because it is a broad, deep subject, and when you go back to the bottom of the thing you will find out the manufacturing industries are the bone and sinew and backbone of all your income in the State of Pennsylvania.

Q. What is your distinction between a store like Lits' and a manufacturer across the street that employes the same number of men?

A. Distinction in what way?

Q. Why should one pay tax and another not, from your standpoint?

A. They are not producers. A manufacturer is a producer and produces your raw material. That place does not produce anything. It is simply a market place where you employ people to stand and sell the wares that are produced. We produce the raw material.

MR. CHARLES S. PRIZER, representing Federal Furnace League, called.

Mr. Prizer: I come here this morning representing a large manufacturing industry in Philadelphia; also an organization of the manufacturers of warm air furnaces, known as the Federal Furnace League. I am also a member of the Manufacturers' Club, and speaking for myself personally, I cannot agree with Mr. Brown that I consider that it would be a good or acceptable thing to tax the capital stock of manufacturing corporations one mill or any other rate. I was very much impressed by the remark made by counsel during the session this morning to the effect that in considering the subject of taxation for the State of Pennsylvania the whole matter should be considered from the broadest business standpoint, the intimation being, as I understood it, to get down to the fundamental principles which underlie the subject of taxation and merely that part of the subject of taxation known as the incidents of taxation. Now, we are opposed to the taxing of manufacturing corporations by the State, because we think that while that tax in itself might be small, in principle it is a wrong thing to do. As has been shown in your meetings previous to this, Pennsylvania has made a greater progress in manufacturing during recent years than any other State in the Unted States. Pennsylvania has the distinction of being one of the few States in the United States which exempts manufacturing corporations from State tax practically. Those two facts, it seems to me, go together. Personally I am acquainted with several corporations whose offices are in New York and whose plants are in Pennsylvania, and I think in a number of those cases the plants are located in Pennsylvania because Pennsylvania is a better place to have a manufacturing plant than some other States.

Now, while a tax on the capital stock, or upon th revenues, or upon the goods of manufacturing corpora tions, or upon their incomes, would undoubtedly be un welcome to manufacturers of this State on the princip that every man who is about to be taxed does not wis to be taxed, yet a little thought makes it perfectly plai to us that taxes of that kind are not actually paid by th manufacturers themselves. In computing cost of manufa turing our goods we count in as one of the primary cos the tax we pay, just as much a part of the cost of th goods as what we pay out for labor. That cost goes t determine the selling price we make upon our goods, an you may be certain that if you tax manufacturing cor porations in Pennsylvania at higher rates than they ar now taxed, or put additional burdens upon them, thos taxes will be borne eventually by the consumers of th goods. In fact, I suppose that your investigations thu far have carried you along in the subject of taxation fa enough for you to realize that there are a large numbe of taxes which are not paid by the nominal taxpayer, bu are paid by somebody else

Now, the vice of taxation upon the manufacturing com panies is that they cost the community too much. If yo levy a tax upon us for five thousand dollars, we put it int the primary cost of our goods, and we must have a retur upon that investment, just the same as we have a retur upon every other investment, and we must add to tha tax cost our profit, and that tax goes on down to the job ber and the retailer and the consumer, and this tax whic has netted to the State $5,000, less its cost of collectio costs the citizens of this Commonwealth, who pay it, prob ably seven or eight thousand dollars, and that is the vic of your taxing manufacturing processes or mercantile pro cesses.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. How about a tax on the earnings

A. A tax on the earnings will be treated in exactly th same way. If our earnings are taxed, we will put ou taxes as of 1909, into our costs accounts for 1910. We wil put our taxes of 1910 into our costs for 1911.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. What becomes of the tax on your part that is no strictly pertinent or incidental to the manufacturing busi ness? Do you keep a separate account of that?

A. We charge all taxes into our manufacturing accounts or into our commercial accounts. We keep costs in tw divisions.

Q. Suppose, for instance, a corporation owns stocks bonds, mortgages, and other things that are taxable. D you mean to say the tax they pay the Commonwealth o those is put into the costs of the sales?

A. It certainly is. That is, any corporation must charg all those into its costs, including interest.

Q. That is an incidental on your investment; you hav already made that and set it aside?

A. If we own an investment, I withdraw that. Manu facturing corporations, as a rule, make few investments o that kind. We make none. We own lots of property tha we are compelled to take for certain reasons, but get ri of it as soon as possible. We do not own bonds, stocks o securities for the purpose of investment.

Q. To what do you attribute the location of manufac turing industries in Pennsylvania—not exclusively to th exemption from taxation; there must be other favorabl conditions here?

A. I consider the exemption from taxation a favorabl condition towards the tendency to increase the manufac turing resources of this State. The great resources of thi State, of course, are the primary reason for the locatio of the manufacturing interests in this State. One of th speakers adduced low wages as a reason for locating i this State. My own observation is to the contrary. I d not think manufacturing is most profitably conducted, tak ing the United States as a whole, in those sections wher wages are lowest, but quite the contrary; and as to you question, I believe the greatest reason for our manufactur ing prosperity, relatively speaking, in Pennsylvania, is th resources of the State in coal and in iron.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Proximity to raw materials?

A. Proximity to raw materials is one powerful factor, o course.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. Do you think the exemption from taxation would no weigh in the mind of a man who was seeking to establish a business in Pennsylvania or any other State?

A. It certainly does, and many small towns that do not give formal exemptions have understandings with manufacturers that they shall treat them generously in the matter of taxation. I know that to be the case in a number of cases where there is no formal provision for exemption; it is a tacit understanding.

Q. And exemption from the Commonwealth would also add to the sum total of the investment, would it not?

A. Yes. Now, anything that tends to make manufacturing more prosperous, or brings more of it into the State, creates a value which you can get in a very much better way for the purposes of taxation than you can by imposing taxes of the kind that have been considered, viz.: tax upon the capital stock of corporations. You increase the manufacturing in Pennsylvania and you increase the land values of Pennsylvania, real estate values, and create a fund there that is the best in the world to go to for purposes of revenue, in my judgment.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. You mean you can more easily lay your hands on it?

A. You can more easily lay your hands on it. Not only that, the daily occupation of a people in the State, their general prosperity, their working and producing together and co-operating, are elements in the value of real estate. When you attempt to tax personal property, you do a thing which is an insult, always, to the underlying common

sense of all men. There has been advocated here this morning the taxation of pictures, etc., and all personal property. Just as though that had not been tried in this world millions of times and always with failure attending it. Up to the present time, I venture to state that attempts to tax people according to their wealth has never yet succeeded.

Q. By wealth what do you mean?

A. According to the individual wealth of the subject of taxation.

Q. That means money at interest, mortgages and like security a man may have.

A. If a man is worth $50,000, and you try to get at him to tax that, because he is worth that, I do not care what general form it is in, but the attempt to tax personal property has always been a failure.

Q. Suppose I told you that in Pennsylvania one-half of the personal property tax reached is equivalent to one-half the value of real estate in the State, wouldn't you think that a pretty fair result?

A. Yes, but I consider it a failure. I consider that it is a fight upon veracity, and it is a bad method of taxing and it is a failure at that. I will lead you to many good citizens in Philadelphia who do not pay upon their personal property fairly, and never will

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. Who perjure themselves?

A. You can have it as you will, but that has always been the state of affairs that has followed attempts of that kind. A man buys a piece of furniture or a picture, and feels that the State has no right to go and take part of that value from him, and I agree that that is not the thing for it to do.

Q. But there was, in a part of the gentleman's argument, a clause referring to the taxation of furniture, there was an exemption feature?

A. Well, what of it?

Q. Well, I speak of it as——

A. As exempting the man of small means?

Q. Yes.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Mr. Prizer, as I understand you, you drift back practically to a land tax?

A. Well, I don't consider——

Q. I mean exclusive land tax?

A. A purely land tax I do not consider is a peculiar issue with this Committee or this State at present. I am speaking of taxes on real estate.

Q. We are exempting manufacturing corporations, moneys at interest, personal property; there is nothing left; by the process of elimination you are down to the real estate?

A. I consider that the fairest possible tax, and I consider that if we raise every dollar of our local county and State revenues from a tax upon real estate, we would tax the people of Pennsylvania more justly and fairly than we tax them under the present system or under the variations that have been proposed here to-day. We would reach them more fairly, because a tax upon real estate would be distributed. Nobody lives without using some location, and every man pays and contributes his part to a real estate tax, and I think when you work it out with a fairness that is absent from attempts to tax people upon all kinds of property—the current idea among many people is that every man should pay according to what he is worth; this has never been accomplished and it is not fair; if it could be accomplished, and men who by industry and thrift accumulate a little fortune ought not to be fined by the State for doing that, but the real estate tax is an entirely different proposition.

Q. Supposing a farmer, by industry and thrift, takes a farm worth ten dollars an acre and makes it worth $150 an acre. You think he ought to be taxed for his industry and thrift?

A. Well, if you come down to that, I don't think he ought to be taxed.

Q. If you are going to tax him on the original value, how do you distinguish between the natural value of real estate and what might be called social value, that is, value that has been contributed by the community and with which the owner has had nothing to do?

A. That question answers itself. You have stated the two kinds of value, one of social value and the other an improvement value, contributed by the owner or occupier.

Q. You would not tax him for that?

A. Well, if I personally had my own way, I would not tax him on the things he has placed there by his industry and thrift; but to answer your question directly, it is simply a matter of assessment. The City of New York assesses the social value of land, as you have termed it, separately from the value of improvements, and it may be interesting—I do not know whether it has been stated here before—for you to know that the value of their land inside of Greater New York, the assessed valuation is greater than the assessed value of the whole of the real estate of Pennsylvania. Some gentlemen referred to the alleged fact that New York City was a much greater manufacturing city than Philadelphia, but it is not, in proportion to population. Even taking the explanation given by Mr. Brown, in proportion to population Philadelphia is a much greater manufacturing city than New York City is, but there is no difficulty in distinguishing between those values. Of course, these are fundamental matters. No manufacturer or no citizen of Pennsylvania, who has given any thought to the subject of taxation, expects this Committee to map out some ideal system of taxation and follow it; but it does seem to me that the Committee should consider the general principles that underlie taxation and should bend their efforts in the direction of those methods rather than the other way, and these discussions which have arisen can, I think, be useful, and it is very gratifying to see that this Committee is disposed to study the fundamental principles of taxation.

C. STUART PATTERSON, ESQ., President, Western Savings Fund Society, called.

Mr. Patterson: I desire to say I am not appearing here on my own notion. I am here because I received a very courteous letter from the Vice-Chairman, asking me to come, and therefore I at once responded, and I am ready to answer any questions that may be asked me.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Mr. Patterson, I presume your Board has given some serious thought to the general law of Pennsylvania regulating yours and similar institutions?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Have you any suggestions to make as to the amendment of those laws? I am referring to the formation and regulation, independent of the question of revenue?

A. No. I think that we have ample legislation in this State on the subject of savings funds. The older savings funds are organized under charters which carefully define the powers of the Board, and then there is, as you know, a later savings fund statute providing for the general organization under that statute, with carefully guarded provisions with regard to the limits of investment. I do not think I have any suggestion to make on that subject.

Q. Coming down to the question of revenue, it has been suggested in one of our earlier meetings that the State was not receiving proper revenue from money deposited with your institutions; in other words, that thousands evade the tax. I refer now to deposits that are represented especially by certificates of deposit?

A. Well, we issue no certificates of deposit, and the same thing applies with regard to all the other savings funds not having capital stock, and we also limit the amount of deposits that may be made during a given time. Our general rule is that more than a thousand dollars can not be deposited by one depositor in the course of a year, and that rule is pretty rigidly adhered to. There are cases, of course, of widows, and people who do not know how they ought to invest their money who are occasionally allowed to put in sums a little in excess of that. We have in the Western Savings Fund 54,822 depositors, with $25,894,000 on deposit, and the average credit to the depositor is $460.50, and 23,442 depositors have less than $100 to their credit; and the same thing is very nearly true of other savings funds. There are in Pennsylvania nine savings funds without capital stock. All the assets are held in trust for the depositors, and the directors receive no compensation for their services, and they give a great deal of time to it.

Q. Have you made any return of the average amount of deposits to-day, say a thousand, how many would be in that class?

A. We report to every session of the Legislature detailed statements on that subject, and I would be glad to furnish to the Committee a copy of our last report. In fact, we not only make it to every session of the Legislature, but we forward it annually to Harrisburg, and I will take pleasure in sending that to the Committee.

Q. What is the opinion of your Board as to the wisdom of taxing those depositors a four mills tax?

A. I think it would be a very great mistake. The object of the whole savings fund system is to encourage thrift, to induce wage-earners to put aside something for the rainy day and thereby to acquire a stake in the community, and to make themselves better citizens. I will undertake to say that in the crowds that have been roaming the streets, more especially in the northern part of the City, the last few days, assaulting property and firing upon the police, you could not find one savings fund depositor.

Q. Is your opinion the same for those who have large sums on deposit? I do not mean as to the last remark, but I mean as to exemption from taxation?

A. Well, of course——

Q. Say the one who has $10,000?

A. Wherever a man is using the savings fund as a means for investment it would be very desirable that they should be reached for taxation, but I do not see how you are going to make a discrimination of that sort, and the cases are so rare and the amounts are so small, generally speaking, that I think the effect of taxing as money at interest sums on deposit in the savings funds would be very bad. In the first place, you have got to deal with an enormous number of individuals if you are going to do that thing. In Pennsylvania, to-day, there are nine savings funds without any capital stock, and their depositors numbered on the first of January 450,521.

Q. And their aggregate deposits were how much?

A. The aggregate deposit in all the savings funds was $170,000,000.

Q. That practically pays no tax, unless the individual depositor chooses to return it?

A. Remember, that the savings funds pay now under the existing law 3 per cent. on their net income.

Q. I do not mean them, I mean the depositors?

A. The depositor himself pays no tax upon that at all.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. Their money invested in securities and bonds and things of that kind pays the tax?

A. Of course, the institution pays the tax.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. Provided they make a return thereof?

A. The individual depositors pay no tax at all. The institution pays.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. The law contemplates they should pay a tax on their deposits. The law contemplates, I assume, all money at interest should pay a tax?

A. I never have believed the existing law contemplates it. I do not think that money on deposit at a bank, evidenced solely by a credit on the books of the bank and by a credit upon the depositor's pass book, is within the contemplation of the statute money at interest.

Q. Notwithstanding it does bear interest at a fixed sum?

A. Notwithstanding it does bear interest at a fixed sum, a sum that may be changed from year to year.

Q. Do you think that because they have the return of the savings fund——

A. I think the tax which the savings fund pays and which a National or State bank pays upon its deposits covers that.

Q. Have you given any thought to the Act of May 1, 1909?

A. Yes, I have given a great deal of thought to it. I had the honor of appearing in support of that bill before the Committee of the House of Representatives when the bill was under consideration, and I also had the honor of appearing before the Governor in support of it. I gave a great deal of thought to it, and the argument in support of it, and which convinced the Governor and the Committee and also convinced the Senate, was this that deposits in savings funds without capital stock ought to be encouraged by the State. Anything which induces a wage earner to save money is of benefit not only to him, but of benefit also to the State. It makes him a better and more useful citizen. Then I drew the attention of the Committee and the Governor to the fact that under the then existing law trust companies and savings funds with capital stock paid very much less pro rata tax than savings funds without capital stock. Savings funds without capital stock then paid a tax of four mills on their investment and other investments in the bonds of companies paying a capital share tax to the State, and they also paid the 3 per cent. earnings tax, and I gathered a discrimination from the last report of the banking department. There is a savings bank with a relatively small capital stock, upon which dividends aggregating 100 per cent. for the year 1907 were paid to the snare-holders. Under the then legislation that corporation could have elected and it could now elect to pay in lieu of all other taxes ten mills on its capital stock amounting to $102. Assuming that any other savings bank having no capital stock had exactly the same line of deposits and the same line of investments, the savings bank without capital stock would pay $4,574.31 for the four-mill tax, and in addition thereto a tax of 3 per cent. upon its net earnings, whatever those net earnings might amount to. There was a concrete instance of injustice. Then attention was also called to the fact that the savings depositors ought to be put upon exactly the same plane as building and loan investors. They are investments of the wage-earning classes in the same way and looked at in the same way, and then we will have taxation on savings banks. Those were the considerations which induced the Legislature to pass that Act of 1909, and then induced the Governor to sign it.

Q. Supposing the Reading Railroad were to issue twenty-five millions of bonds and say nothing in the bonds or in the resolution authorizing the issue of the bonds, about the tax, and they would be bought by your savings fund, who would pay any tax?

A. Well, under the law of 1909 we would not pay any four-mill tax on that.

Q. And the railroad would not, either; who would pay the tax?

A. I wasn't looking at it from the point of the railroad.

Q. I draw your attention especially to this Act?

A. I think you will find, Mr. Brown, a provision that was put in to meet that very question.

Q. There was a provision put in, but it was put in against my judgment at the time and I have never seen any reason to change it. That is the reason I am calling your attention especially to it. As I understood the Act in this specific instance, unless the Company agrees to issue them clear and free, or agrees to pay it, there is no liability on anybody. The word "amendment" is used in the Act. If they simply issue the bonds and say nothing about the tax, then nobody pays it?

A. I have a very distinct recollection that that was put in in that way at the express request of the Auditor General of the Commonwealth.

Q. The Attorney General?

A. The Auditor General, I think. I know they formulated it. They spoke to me about it and I said I thought it ought to be put in so the State would get its tax out of somebody.

Q. Your thought is in such an instance as I have given that the company or the fund should pay the tax?

A. I think they should. I think that is fair. I do not think the savings fund ought to pay it.

Q. It ought to be paid to the State?

A. Yes.

By a Member of the Committee:

Q. You are interested in a great many different lines of large enterprises giving attention to the matter of revenues and things of that kind, and I would like to know, and I think the Commission would like to hear from you, some expression regarding the tendency of the Federal Government to get more close direct taxation, to a certain extent invading the prerogatives of the State. I would like to hear your views on that matter?

A. I am very willing to talk frankly on that subject. I believe firmly that the Government of the United States is exactly that which the Supreme Court characterized it, it is an indestructible union of indestructible States, and I believe the States are just as important as the Union of the States. I think nothing could be more dangerous than to break down the State Governments, and I believe firmly that if Federal aggrandizement goes on as it has been going on of late years, our danger will be that of centralization. I think the framers of the Constitution clearly intended that the General Government should have recourse to indirect taxation, and that the States should have the field of direct taxation, only to be invaded in cases of absolute necessity. I think every lawyer will agree on that proposition. Now, the income tax amendment in its present shape is certainly open to the objection that was so forcibly put by the Governor of New York. If that amendment is adopted as it has been sent to the States it necessarily will empower Congress to tax incomes derived from bonds issued by States, and bonds issued by sub-divisions of States, and I think the effect of that would be very bad. Now, the income tax of itself—and exactly the same remark is applicable to the four-mill tax in this State, the personal property tax—the income tax in itself is an unequal and unjust tax, and any tax is unequal and unjust which depends upon a return to be made by the individual taxpayer. Every man in this room knows that all men are not equal in honesty and in truthfulness, and it is certainly a fact that under every income tax and every personal property tax wherever imposed there is a necessary inequality of burden-bearing against the man who makes an honest and truthful return, and I think that a much better practical result will be obtained by imposing a tax otherwise. I have always believed that the policy of Pennsylvania in taxing profit-earning corporations was a very sound policy. I think that when men combine together under a corporate organization they get certain practical results therefrom which are of great value to them. They get, in the first place, a security in the shape of shares which are readily transferable, very much more transferable than an interest in a partnership; they get exemptions from individual and personal liability, and they get, in the third place, the privilege at death of passing under their will something which can be readily transferred without that necessity which exists in the case of partnership accounts. I think, therefore, that every corporation ought to pay to the State for those privileges.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. Including manufacturing corporations?

A. Yes, I think—— I don't think manufacturing corporations ought to be absolutely exempt. They get those valuable privileges.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. In arriving at the value of a corporation's stock today we are supposed to include all assets. What is your thought upon the subject of taxing or levying a tax on all the assets of a corporation?

A. I think the ideal way of doing that would be this way, and it is a plan which has received the approval of the Supreme Court of the United States, I think, in two, and I think in three different cases. If you take the total value of the capital stock, you add to that the par value of the company's bonds and other liabilities; you then get at that which represents all the property of the corporation, and then in order to guard against double taxation, you deduct investments in the shares of other corporations paying a tax to the State, and if you deduct investments in patent rights, which under the law you cannot touch, I think you would then get at the fair value of the corporate property in the easiest possible way.

Q. And you would in doing that exempt local property, local real estate, from State taxation, and let the counties collect that?

A. Well, you have got to keep a revenue for the counties, and that is another deduction that ought to be made. You are perfectly right. That deduction ought to be made, because the real estate under a well-settled policy of the State pays a tax to the county.

Q. You were speaking about your objection to the personal property tax on account of the failure of the taxable to return it?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Suppose, for instance, we take certificates of deposit returned by the corporation itself; we would relieve the taxable from that?

A. The tax is not open to the objection that I have stated wherever you can tax it at its source, but the objection I have is to taxation based upon a return to be made by the individual.

Q. Not an objection to the taxing of the thing, but the way it is taxed?

A. No, the way in which it is done.

Q. While we have you here, we do not want to impose upon you, but we would like to have your thought on the subject of the appropriation of the State's money for institutions; have you given that much thought?

A. Yes, I have given a good deal of thought to that, a great many years ago, and my views are pretty radical upon that subject. I have always been of the opinion that the State of Pennsylvania ought not to appropriate one dollar to any institution that is not absolutely and entirely controlled by the State. I do not think the State has any right to take the money of the taxpayers and give it to institutions, however meritorious, which are not public institutions.

Q. Are you prompted to that opinion simply from a legal standpoint or from your experience?

A. Oh, no, not from a legal standpoint in any way.

Q. The State, of course, you assume has the right to do it?

A. The State has unquestionably a legal right to do it. You know in the Constitutional Convention of '73 the subject was under consideration and there was a very earnest effort made there to take the power away from the Legislature, and the argument which prevailed was that these institutions are relieving the State by performing a duty which otherwise the State itself would have to perform.

Q. The Committee has had several letters from different sections of the State advocating the issuing of State bonds. Of course, it would require an amendment to the Constitution, for the building of highways and other State improvements, rather than collecting it by current revenue control. What is your thought on that?

A. I should be very sorry, indeed, to see the State issue those bonds. I do not believe in incurring a capital liability on the part of the State, wherever it is possible to do it by the sub-divisions of the State that are more immediately and directly benefited.

Q. Even though it may be for a permanent improvement?
A. Even though it may be for a permanent improvement.

Recess until 2.30 P. M.

Philada., Pa., Feb. 25, 1910.

The session was re-convened at 2.30 P. M.

MR. J. M. WILCOX, representing the Philadelphia Saving Fund Society, was called.

Mr. Wilcox: Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Commission: I am here in much the same position as was Mr. Patterson, at the invitation of the Commission. I will be very glad to answer any questions you wish to propound.

Mr. Brown: Mr. Wilcox, you heard what Mr. Patterson said before the Commission this morning about the taxing of deposits. Have your folks given any thought to the taxing of the deposits of your depositors?

Mr. Wilcox: Well, yes; but it has never been discussed by the Board. Personally, I have always been under the impression that saving fund deposits were subject to taxation.

Mr. Brown: Do you know whether or not your depositors have returned these deposits for taxation?

A. That I don't know. Some may have been returned to us; but I imagine a vast number of depositors have not returned them, becouse that is probably all they have.

Q. What would be the objection of the saving fund itself returning these—say, taking the average for the year, and then paying in a lump sum to the State the four-mills tax on your deposits drawing interest?

A. Well, there would be the objection on the part of a general policy to not disclose anything about our business or the business of our depositors; and the same argument would apply to that as has applied to the exemption of the four mills tax; it would so hinder us that we would be very much confined in our investing. That was the main reason on which the four mills exemption was granted, apart from the consideration that the class of people who use a saving fund are the people that you need to increase thrift, and a great amount of them have their all in the saving fund.

Q. What is the amount of your deposits?
A. Something over ninety-five millions now.
Q. Do you carry a surplus?
A. Yes, about nine millions.
Q. What is the object of the surplus?
A. Simply to fortify the institution in case of trouble.

By a Member of the Commission:

Q. Against loss in investments?
A. Yes.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. What is the average of your annual deposits?
A. The average of our deposits at the beginning of this year was $358.70.
Q. That is the average annually?
A. Yes, sir; distributed among over two hundred and sixty-five thousand accounts.
Q. Have you any suggestions to make as to any inadequacy in the present laws?
A. No. We think when the last Legislature exempted us from the payment of the four mills tax, it did all we could ask.
Q. What does this exemption of the four mills tax save you annually?
A. The last tax we paid amounted to between sixty and seventy thousand a year.

By the Chairman:

Q. What had you paid prior to that?
A. It varied from sixty to seventy thousand. It all depended on the character of investments.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. That exemption has gone to the benefit of whom, Mr. Wilcox?
A. To the benefit of the depositors, because we were enabled to put up the rate of interest payable to depositors. Within the last four years we put the rate up from 3 to 3.65 per cent.
Q. Did you make any increase after the exemption of this tax?
A. We made an increase, January 1, 1909, from three fifty to three sixty-five.
Q. You heard Mr. Patterson's remarks relative to the Act of May, 1909. Do you place the same construction upon that act as he does
A. I am not sure I understand Mr. Patterson's construction of the act. My understanding is that under the act of 1885 it was made the duty of the treasurers of private corporations to deduct the tax in cases where interest is paid to residents. Of course, they never have done it in cases of non-residents. The Act of 1909 applies to us in the same clause—not as non-residents, but simply on the broad ground of general policy, as residents—but we do not have to pay the tax. It seems it is a matter of personal opinion whether the Act of 1885 applies to corporations like a railroad company—whether they should compute the interest and deduct the tax. Of course, I really don't see the object of putting that clause in the Act of 1909, unless it was meant by implication to exempt them——
Q. Your society has not taken the position that they can invest in bonds irrespective of the tax?
A. We do not consider the tax, no.
Q. You don't see any advantage in buying taxless bonds?
A. No. It was not in order that we would be enabled to buy some of the various bonds issued by municipalities of this Commonwealth which were not taxables that it was necessary to get the exemption, but that we were practically precluded from buying these bonds. All that Mr. Patterson has said about the property or advisability of the exemption of saving fund deposits from the four mill tax I think we would heartily endorse on general principle; not because we wish to avoid the tax, but it is just a question as to whether it is not advisable to encourage thrift.
Q. Who are your largest depositors, Mr. Wilcox?
A. Our deposits run this way: According to a statement given out the first of January, 1908—but I have some data here (reads): We had two hundred and sixty-five thousand accounts. Those of one thousand dollars and over amounted to 14,987 at the end of 1909; two thousand dollars and over, 3,752; three thousand dollars and over, 1,467; four thousand, 601; five thousand, 316; six thousand, 146; seven thousand, 81; eight thousand, 45; nine thousand, 41; ten thousand, 27; ten thousand is the limit of deposit that anyone can make in the institution. That is by a resolution of the board. Under our charter we are not allowed to take more than five hundred dollars from any one individual in any one year; so that, to accumulate a fund of ten thousand dollars would take somewhere between nineteen and twenty years, owing to the accumulation of interest.
Q. Do these accounts over two thousand dollars represent what might be termed the poorer class?
A. There are 3,752 of two thousand and over.
Q. Whom do they represent?
A. It would be hard to say. I think many of them belong to the housekeeping class—some who take in boarders. Many are women depositors and a number are well-to-do people. The latter would come in the higher classes, say seven, eight, nine and ten thousand dollars. Most people when they get a deposit amount to five hundred dollars or over draw it out to get better investments. That is always our advice to them.
Q. Your object is the promotion of thrift?
A. Yes. We would rather confine our business to the poor people who need a saving fund.
Q. What amount has your society received in the way of unclaimed deposits?
A. Since the formation of our society we have paid over to the State somewhere between thirty and forty thousand dollars in unclaimed deposits, although there is a general impression that we have a vast accumulated fund there.
Q. Yes, I remember the litigation you had.
A. Under the law, we pay over to the State every year all deposits unclaimed for the preceding thirty years. Of course, we are getting in a larger class of depositors all the time. As soon as ten years elapse we begin a systematic search in order to locate our depositors.
Q. As I understand it, you advertise for the depositors?
A. Not only that, but we employ counsel to make searches and hunt up clues to locate our depositors.
Q. Is that observed by other similar institutions?
A. I think so, but I do not think it is to the extent that we do.

By the Chairman:

Q. Of the sixty or seventy thousand dollars saved annually by the exemption of the four mills tax, what per cent. reverts to the benefit of the depositors?
A. You might say all of it. It was not so much to us at one time as it is now, when it is of value to us for investment, or when it was, when, in very exceptional cases, we could go out of the city and buy outside securities. In looking ahead, we saw that in ten or eleven years a great many very high rate securities would be paid for; they would mature, and we would either have to take a new bonus at a very much higher rate or take the money and reinvest it. It was a great deal easier when we were exempted by the Legislature, because we could give our depositors 3.65; and we don't see why we cannot be exempted indefinitely.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Has the Commission any more questions?

The Chairman:

A. No, sir.

GEORGE STEVENSON, of the Private Bankers' Association, spoke as follows:

Mr. Chairman and Gentleman of the Commission: As was stated this morning by one of the gentlemen who spoke, I am not here to ask for any exemption on account of the private bankers and brokers, but simply to ask that they be treated exactly as all other business men are treated. While I represent in my authority simply the Private Bankers' and Brokers' Association of Philadelphia, having no delegated authority from anybody else outside of the city, I have been on this question for our people here so long that I am sure our interests are all one.

The bankers and brokers have for years been singled out by legislative enactments for special taxation, to which any of our unincorporated private brokerages have been subjected.

At one time there were on the statute books five different acts of the Legislature which made us liable to pay about 12 per cent. income tax after we had taken out our licenses.

The Act of 1841 classified a license tax of $100 on us as bankers and as exchange brokers. As you know, the business of a broker and the business of a private banker can hardly be separated. We then had to pay a 3 per cent. tax at the beginning of the year in the matter of licenses under the Act of 1850. The assessors, in order to get at it, would figure on the amount we made the year before; and every year we would have to go to them and tell them that, if they would guarantee us that we would make the same money in the present year that we did in the last year, we would not hesitate to pay it, but that we did not think it was right for us to be compelled to pay the 3 per cent. for the coming year, because we might die; but they enforced that, although they did not enforce it to the fullest extent.

Then there were the Acts of 1861, 1868 and 1879, all of which required us to make a sworn statement to the Auditor General and pay 3 per cent. of our net income. The first acts existing were either repealed or changed. The Act of 1868 added something to the list of those who were taxable and the Act of '89 added some more.

We had these questions up several years ago before a committee in the House of Representatives, and also at another time when it met in the Senate chamber, and also again

before a Tax Commission that was formed here and of which Mr. Patterson was one of the members. In all these cases, both before the Committee of the House and the Tax Commission, this was cited as an injustice; and in all these cases they incorporated in their report a paragraph which was intended to relieve us of these. The Tax Commission passed an act suggesting that, so far as we were concerned, we should pay a tax for license at the commencement of the year, and that we should pay no other tax. That passed the House of Representatives and it finally passed the Senate. Eventually, after working a number of years, we secured the repeal of the license tax of four mills, but we now pay, under the Act of 1907, a graded license tax of five, ten, fifteen, twenty—up to one hundred dollars. Now, we have to pay this income tax, which nobody else pays in the State except ourselves, but they did make it 1 per cent. upon our gross. Now, to-day, we are paying a license tax the same as everybody else, but we are also compelled to pay a tax of 1 per cent. on our gross receipts. I think it is very unjust that we should have to do it when nobody else does. No sooner is the return made than it is spread out in the newspapers, which, you can understand, is a very serious thing for the business, more especially if each year is better than the year before. Then, in addition to that, within the last four or five years we have had to make a return of our personal property. So, if the personal property tax, the four mills tax on money at interest, and the others are enforced, there is no question but what we would have to close up shop, simply because, as you are aware, the four mills tax is from 8 to 10 per cent. income tax on our money coming in, while the rate for money is from 4 to 5 per cent. In our business our earnings are largely from money at interest, and it comes from money at interest largely which is not our own It would be impossible for us to resume the return. It might at some time of the year catch us with a large amount of securities passing through our hands on which we may not have had interest for more than twenty-four years. Now, if that was the time we had to make the return, we would have to pay the four mills tax.

I had these questions up before and I propounded them to persons whom I thought might assist me, but they all said they could not answer the questions.

Take a case like this: Take a man with $100,000 capital in his business. If he borrows $300,000 from someone to loan to somebody, he has to pay the four mills tax on the $300,000, when he only owns but $100,000. The comparison could be made much wider than that. There are a great many questions I could propound to you. The nature of our business is such that all, or a very large amount, of our profits came from money which we loan, and if we have to pay the four mill tax that is more than the profit on the whole thing. With these taxes, the rates for money and the rates for loans being low, after we take out our expenses there is nothing left.

It seems to me that the Legislature should class us the same as everybody else, making us pay a license tax, but not compel us to pay taxes that nobody else is required to pay. This is the burden of our argument.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. What has been the cause of the addition of this tax upon your class?

A. The first tax?

Q. All of them.

A. The first tax was passed away back about forty years ago, I think. I can see no reason for it. I have heard reasons suggested, but I cannot say. There was a suit brought about forty years ago before the Supreme Court to have it set aside, but I believe the decision was against us and we have had to pay it ever since. The reason for the enforcement of the four mills tax against us in the last year arose out of a decision of the Supreme Court in a very peculiar case; but, of course, it would be very unwise for me to question the decision of the Supreme Court. There was a case where a banker had a ten thousand dollar mortgage at 5 per cent. and sought to be excused from payment of the four mills tax because he paid a 3 per cent. income tax. The Court made the argument that the four mills tax was forty dollars, while the 3 per cent. income tax would amount to one dollar and fifty cents. I believe they had the privilege of carrying it to the Supreme Court, and it was argued that where a man had a mortgage of ten thousand dollars and received five hundred dollars, he should pay forty dollars. What he objected to was that he paid not only 3 per cent. on that, but 3 per cent. on every cent he made. That was the reason is was enforced.

MR. J. HAMPTON BARNES spoke as follows, under interrogatory of Mr. Brown:

Q. Do you think the tax on trust companies to-day is as heavy as it should be, Mr. Barnes?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. What about the trust companies that are earning 3 per cent. dividends. Do you think the State would be justified in levying additional tax upon trust companies, assuming that they could or are able to earn dividends of that size?

A. As I understand it, the basis of the taxation is the property owner, and that is the business on which the trust companies are now taxed.

Q. What is your thought on the return by the companies of the deposits for which certificates have been issued so as to secure the payment of the tax?

A. There are practically no certificates issued now. The deposits of a trust company are payable on demand and not on time. They have the seme relation to the depositor that his bank book has—merely a form showing that he has placed money in the hands of others who are accountable to him.

Q. That is an evidence of money bearing interest?

A. No more than a bank book is.

Q. Why should not such money at interest be taxed just the same as money that is invested in a mortgage?

A. That is a question I cannot discuss. The usual answer is that it is current money and not money invested. One's bank account is subject to draft, and it may belong to you or it may belong to the depositor, or it may be money for which he is accountable to others, and he could not be said to own any property in the sense that is should be taxed.

Q. There seems to be a general complaint in the City that on money at interest some want two weeks time when they ought to pay it right away. That is what we are trying to ascertain—whether or not that could be effectively and fairly done?

A. Your rate advances and creates principal nearly always, and until the balance is found you could not say what represented the property of the hundreds of persons.

Q. Why couldn't the company return the average deposits to him and then deduct the tax before paying him the interest?

A. It might be so with an individual who kept up his personal account and did not carry on a business. If he made collections and deposits from time to time, it would only be the difference between his transactions or, in other words, his profits, which would represent something that should be taxed.

Q. Is there any difference in saving fund deposits and those of a trust company?

A. I am not very familiar with saving fund organizations.

Q. We would be very glad to hear any thought you may have on the subject.

A. I have none that I think would be of value to you.

By the Chairman:

Q. Mr. Barnes, I understand you are a lawyer?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. You are called upon in your capacity to make up the reports for the tax year?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Would you find it more advantageous to have that report made up at the close of the year and have it close the 31st of December, instead of the beginning of November?

A. Yes, it would be more advantageous to have the fiscal year end with the tax year.

Q. So that the treasurers of corporations would be better able to ascertain the profits for the year, when closing December 31, than they could otherwise, because many corporations have their business close on the 31st of December?

A. That is true.

Q. Then you think that would be a commendable change in the law?

A. I think so.

MR. HENRY B. BARTOW, of the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank, called.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Is there any thought you have as to any changes in the laws?

A. I don't think it would be practical to tax certificates of deposit. They are in and out and bearing interest at the same time and the depositor can come in and take the money out and invest it, and that money should not be taxable.

Q. Are there many of these deposits in your bank?

A. We have fourteen to fifteen million deposits and only fifteen thousand certificates of deposit.

Q. Is the average about the same as other banks?

A. Well, averaging the Philadelphia National Banks, their certificates of deposits won't amount to twelve thousand.

Q. They are infinitesimal?

A. Yes.

Q. Is there any other feature of the State laws relating to National banks that you think should be gone into?

A. I think not.

Q. You think this is the consensus of opinion among the National banks?

A. We pay four mills, which I think is a fair return.

Q. And that is what they all think?

A. I cannot speak for others; I am only speaking for our institution.

Q. Our object is to get the thought of those who are interested. I thought the opinion of your folks would be a fair criterion.

A. I have never heard, but I would be glad to get the Secretary of the Clearing House, Mr. Boyd, to write you on the subject.

Mr. Moyer, Chairman:

On the question of certificates of deposits, I assume that in the City of Philadelphia there is not a great deal of that done with the banks and trust companies; that is done principally through the saving fund societies.

Mr. Brown:

I think you will find this done in the trust companies.

Q. Take the Girard Trust Company, for an illustration?

A. The amount of certificates of deposit is six thousand in round figures. Then there are others of course, that are higher.

By the Chairman:

Q. Do you mean six thousand certificates?

A. Six thousand dollars.

Q. It is not done with money on two weeks' notice?

A. No.

Q. Do the State officials ever make any special effort to ascertain if the returns made by the banks are true?

A. We are examined by the National Bank Commission

Q. I know, but do the State officials ever make any efforts to prove the correctness of the reports made?

A. They take our return as we file it—they accept it.

Q. That is the way with all the banks?

A. Yes sir

Mr. Brown:

Have any of the gentlemen of the Commission any questions to ask Mr. Bartow?

Mr. Moyer, the Chairman:

No.

ADJOURNED 3.30 P. M. Next meeting to be held in Pittsburg, Penna., on March 24, 1910.

Public meeting held at the Chamber of Commerce, Keenan Building, Pittsburg, Pa., Morning, March 24, 1910.

Meeting called to order by Vice Chairman Gabriel H. Moyer, at 11.15 A. M., March 24, 1910.

Vice Chairman Moyer: Gentlemen:—This Committee was created by the last Legislature for the purpose of holding hearings and making certain recommendations to the next Legislature as the result of those hearings, to see what could be done to revise the present taxation laws wherein they are defective. We have selected as our counsel Francis Shunk Brown, of the Philadelphia Bar, who will outline the work of this Commission more fully.

Mr. Brown: Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen:—As you have stated, this Committee has been appointed for the purpose of considering the regulation of corporations, and also the collection, taxation and appropriation of State moneys. The Committee organized shortly after the adjournment of the last Legislature in June last, and it was deemed expedient at that time to commence active work for the reason that the Government had been passing Federal laws covering the same subject as was in the purview of this resolution. Nothing was done until in January or December, when the Secretary promulgated laws and regulations for the collection of the taxes. It was then considered wise to proceed with our hearings so that the sentiment of the people who testify could be had on this subject. I think, if I mistake not, that this is the first, probably not— committee of the Legislature which has gone about from place to place for the purpose of gathering information, which would be of benefit in framing any new laws which would be proposed to the General Assembly.

We have met in Philadelphia and had several meetings there, and we have had before us practically all the interests concerned. We first called the charitable institutions and hospitals to ascertain from them whether or not it is wise for the State of Pennsylvania to appropriate money to take care of institutions not under her control.

We also called before us the manufacturing interests, banks, trust companies, practically every activity that there was in that city. We are here to-day and to-morrow and as long as may be necessary to gather from the people here their thoughts and views upon these subjects. There seems to be an impression that this Committee was appointed for the purpose of increasing the revenues of the State, in other words to increase the funds of the State. It was simply to consider the present laws as to the formation and regulation of corporations, whether our laws were sufficiently liberal, or whether they should be corrected as to the formation, regulation and taxation, and not for the purpose of finding more subjects upon which taxes should be levied. Now, as I say, we are here in your midst for the purpose of asking your assistance and co-operation, so that this Committee may give to the next Legislature your views on the subject. You gentlemen are fully aware that these subjects are being considered all over the world to-day for the purpose of treating with these matters, and Pennsylvania is simply in line with the progressive movement that is being made in this direction.

We will be very glad to hear from those who are especially qualified and interested to speak upon the subjects involved in this resolution.

Mr. Chairman, I have no list except ten or twelve who have written to me expressing a desire to be heard, and I presume until we get formally going, we will have to do the best we can. Mr. Frank Stephens, who represents the Single Tax Society of Pennsylvania, is here and desires to be heard, and I suggest we hear Mr. Stephens first, and take up the others later.

Frank Stephens, representing the Single Tax Society of Pennsylvania: Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Commission: The Commission has to do with the consideration and reporting upon the corporation laws of this State and its taxes, and will not have gone very far in its great work without hearing the complaint that the present taxation laws are unduly burdening real estate owners. I wish to ask the privilege of speaking to you about that, and then briefly about those taxes that are proposed to relieve real estate owners.

I desire then, gentlemen, to take so much of your time as may be necessary to speak of this complaint, that real estate is already overburdened, to speak upon the subject of property taxation, and what has been considered in that regard and suggested by the Single Tax Society of Pennsylvania.

The Auditor General in his last report has called attention to two things relating to overburdened real estate at the present time, under the present law ,and many proposals have been made to lessen that to the last General Assembly in its last session. There were many propositions offered to effect a change in this regard. The Pennsylvania State Grange called for the equitable taxation of personal and corporate property, and the complaint was made that under the present system of real estate owners are annually robbed of about $35,000,000, and that this policy of the State has driven from the State over one hundred thousand farmers, from twenty-two counties. If that is so, it is a very serious matter. We are not here to contend that the farmer is not handicapped. But we think there are other elements entering into it.

The Grange brings for the illustration of the hardship of the present law. We may suppose naturally that this illustration is as strong as any the Committee can show.

Take two citizens of the Commonwealth. A buys a home for $1,000, and is required to pay a tax from $20 to $30 for the support of the schools, roads, poor, etc. B invests his $1,000 in personal property, bonds and mortgages, and is taxed $4 for the support of the State, and nothing for the home government, the benefit of which he enjoys equally with the other.

Presumably these citizens are each worth one thousand dollars, and live substantially on the same plane. B, the $1,000 bondholder, it may be assumed, rents from X a house worth $1,000 in which to live; for this house the landlord, X, charges rent, which rent includes, $20 to $30. A and B, therefore, pay equal sums in support of the home government. We might contend that B in paying to the government at Harrisburg the four mills tax, is paying that much more than A pays, but this is not true. B does not actually pay the $4, although he appears to do so. He lent his $1,000 on mortgage to a widow, on a little house assessed at $1,000. B would be satisfied with 5 per cent. net, but as the State penalizes him four mills for helping the widow, he adds that charge to the interest rate. The widow therefore pays him 5.4 per cent., and he pays the State four-tenths. Finally, the burdens are thus adjusted: A pays $30, B pays $30, and the widow pays $34.

Thus the State of Pennsylvania, indirectly, unintentionally, but surely, mulcts the widow of an extra $4 yearly. Why? Not because the State has done her a service, but because B has done so. Four dollars will buy sixty-five pounds of sugar, which is the widow's forced contribution in excess of that made by A and B. Let us see what becomes of the $4. It goes to Harrisburg, but in due time the State Treasury returns $3 to the county, according to the Act of June, 1891, for the equalization of taxation and the relief of local taxation in real estate. Actually, therefore, the widow pays $1 to support the State Government, while A, B and X pay nothing. Furthermore, the widow's $3 return to relieve the unincumbered dwelling owned by A and X. So the State tax on mortgage is a tax upon her poverty to relieve their prosperity.

Consider further, X, the landlord of B, himself lives in his own house assessed for $5,000, though he owns several houses whose total assessment is $20,000. It might be thought that he would pay $600 in taxes, yet he actually pays only $150 on the house which he occupies. The balance, $450, of his tax bill of $600 is paid by his various tenants, concealed in their several monthly rents. Each tenant contributes taxes to the county in proportion to the value of the real estate actually occupied.

Consider further: one of the X properties is occupied by Mrs. Blank, who takes boarders. The boarders are charged alike for food, but the charges for lodging vary. A $1,000 clerk pays high for the second floor front, but a seamstress pays low for an attic room. X, the owner, does not actually pay the tax upon that house, nor does the landlady, Mrs. Blank, pay it; it is paid by the various tenants in proportion to the value of the real estate occupied by each. As with merchandise, so with real estate, the consumer, tenant, pays all charges, including interest, profit and taxes. It follows therefore that if all local taxes were drawn from real estate each citizen, owner, tenant or sub-tenant would contribute in proportion to the value of the real estate actually occupied by him or her, whether that real estate were a house or only a room in a house. Every person uses real estate, must use it, and, unless he is a criminal or a pauper, must pay the taxes upon it. Furthermore, people in general live on a plane befitting their means; it follows, therefore, that an equitable real estate tax for all purposes would approximate with reasonable closeness to that plausable formula of taxation laid down by Louis Blane, viz.: "From each according to his ability." Nevertheless, our school of thought improves upon that formula. The great law of Nature is, "Service for service," and the State is not absolved from natural law. The most modern justification for taxation is by the benefit received theory. Purdy explains it concisely thus: "There is no reason why different principles should be advanced to justify payments to the State from those which justify business dealings between man and man. All ordinary business dealings are based on the exchange of equivalents. The storekeeper does not grade his prices according to the income of the purchaser, but exacts the payment in proportion to the value of the article sold. This is the natural principle to be applied in the affairs of State, and each taxpayer should be called on for the equivalent of the pecuniary benefits he receives from the State—no more or less."

Concerning this pecuniary benefit I shall speak later.

The study of the incidence of taxation and its effect is limitless. I can touch only a few subjects, first asking attention to recent proposals for increasing State revenues. As a means towards such increase, and the relief of real estate locally, it was proposed to increase taxes upon mortgages, money at interest, banks and savings funds having capital stock, and upon ordinary business corporations; also upon manufacturing corporations whose capital stock is now exempt except as regards its real estate locally. Let us consider whether such proposals are politic: afterwards, if they are possible.

A mortgage is practically a partial title paper to real estate. The real estate itself being taxed, it would appear to be unjust to tax also the paper title. It is unquestionable that the tax is almost invariably shifted to the borrower. It imposes, therefore, double taxation; and incumbered property pays more than a free one. The impropriety of taxing mortgages annually has been acknowledged by New York State, which in 1906 abolished the annual tax, substituting a recording tax of five mills, paid once for all. Nor are mortgages taxed in Baltimore.

Defining the word "capital" as wealth used in business for profit, it is an axiom of political economy that taxes upon capital are shifted, will not stay put, and are finally borne by consumers. Note the advertisements of mortgages at 5.4 per cent. The report on taxation, 1871, to Philadelphia City Councils, refers to mortgage agreements, that the borrower shall pay all taxes levied upon the principal, interest and rents. The Act of June 1, 1889, made it unlawful to require borrowers to pay the tax. Therefore, since that date no law-abiding citizen has required the borrower to pay the tax; he has simply raised the rate of interest enough to cover the tax, and then has himself paid the

tax to the State. The Assembly of 1889 might just as effectively have passed a bill requiring the Susquehanna River to run northwest instead of southeast.

A bill to increase the tax upon mortgages and money at interest might justly be entitled "A bill to decrease the supply of capital." The Wells report to the New York Legislature, referring to the days when mortgages in some counties of Pennsylvania were exempted from taxation, said: "The influence of the exemption has been most beneficial to the districts affected by it, so much so, to use the words of one conversant with the question, 'that if it were possible to take in, as from an eminence, a view of the whole State, the counties in which mortgages were exempt from taxation would be as readily distinguished from the others as would be a field of luxuriant wheat or corn from a field of scrub oak or brush wood.'"

Vice Chairman Moyer:

Q. Mr. Stephens, you refer in your argument—you state that the State returns $3 out of $4 to the several counties in this Commonwealth. Do you think that under the law that that really works a hardship on the several communities affected?

A. In what regard?

Q. By referring to the several counties, taxes raised—

A. It can't refund any more than it gets from the several counties. As I understand, the State collects and refunds about nine millions of dollars. I mean collects about that and refunds about seventeen millions to the different counties.

Q. What would you say as to a man having all his money invested in real estate, and his neighbor having all invested in personal property—what obligation his neighbor who has no money invested in real estate—what obligation is he under to the State?

A. His money is invested either in business or in real estate values; that is where these investments go. If you tax these real estate values, then these investments of his are paying revenues to the Government of the State directly and not indirectly

Q. Suppose he has $100,000 invested in a business having no form of taxation, is it fair that a man should be relieved from paying any tax?

A. It is absolutely fair from our point of view, because believing that these things that are right are the only things that pay in the community, and we believe that the only tax levied upon real estate is a tax that is levied upon a certain privilege which the Government gives and takes which he can pay with no loss to himself. We believe it is no function of the Government to find out how much a man has, or say a man shall not have any more than this or that, and that we will take this much from him, and it seems to us wholly misleading in this connection.

A bank is a labor saving invention, a blessing to any community, a clearing house to a neighborhood, and, as most of the transactions of banks are accomplished by credits and debits, a bank is the bookkeeper for a neighborhood. Why tax a blessing? Why not invite it? If banks make money, they do it by giving service. The present four mill tax does not sound big, but if my bank, with $100,000 capital, has earned 6 per cent., it is an income tax of 6 2-3 per cent.

Mr. Brown:

Q. Mr. Stephens, taxation should be based on the production that a man has?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. What is the difference in production of a man who owns a house and his next door neighbor who does not own any property, but has the same values in securities?

A. He must live somewhere, and where he lives there he is paying.

Q. He is living in this house next door that is taxed, provided he is a boarder, and is paying probably $4 or $5 a week——

A. Because he is already paying for the production in the rent he pays, and where he pays for board, he is charged for what the owner of the house is paying.

Q. Do you say tax should be on the land?

A. All of it.

Q. How do you value land for taxation—putting it to natural or social value?

A. It would have its worth in the market, let the market determine that. Such a valuation is made to-day by every assessor. He says this land is worth so much, in other words, it will be commensurate with its rental value. This land will rent for so much and that rent is at the present rate of interest .

Q. Do you know that in Pennsylvania to-day there is a billion and a half of intangible assets taxed?

A. Yes, sir, I have heard that.

Q. The total value of real estate in Philadelphia to-day is about three millions of dollars?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Now, isn't it a fact that those who think like you have about come to the conclusion that in view of the experience of Pennsylvania, there is no reason why they should not tax the intangible as well as the tangible property of Pennsylvania, because she has reached one-half of them and the percentage is increasing far away ahead of real estate?

A. Is it so that she has reached one-half of them?

Q. One half of it.

A. Your assumption is: if these figures are correct, or that says you have a return for personal property to the extent of one-half the real estate value, but that does not prove that it is to the extent of one-half the true personal valuation. Our claim is that no power in the world can say what the true value is.

Q. Pennsylvania has certainly surprised all other Commonwealths; isn't that a fact?

A. I can't give you any information from other States.

Q. Let me ask you how would you tax this lot with a house off it?

A. I would tax it at exactly the same amount whether the owner used it or kept it.

Q. What amount would you tax it at in comparison with the lot next door with a twenty-story building on it?

A. How?

Q. Would you tax it the same?

A. Yes, sir. A real estate man in estimating these values, estimates the value of the improvement so much according to the value of the land, as distinct from the land.

Q. How can he estimate the improvement without any improvement on it?

A. Then he doesn't have to estimate it. He always estimates the value of the land as a separate item.

Vice Chairman Moyer:

Q. What do you think of the present liberal policy of the State appropriating about fifteen millions of dollars for the support of the public schools of this Commonwealth bi-annually, about seven millions of dollars for charitable institutions and several millions for the purpose of maintaining better road systems? Do you believe that that liberal policy could be maintained by taxing real estate alone in the Commonwealth?

A. I believe it would far exceed—I believe that the maintenance of these roads is a State function—I mean a Government function. I don't believe it is the function of the State to give to private institutions.

Q. You mean charitable institutions?

A. Yes, sir. But there is no question in my mind if such an assessment were made on the system that is in use in so many places now, as Massachusetts, New York, New Jersey, Ohio, and the principal cities of this country, it would bring up the revenues of this State.

Q. Your argument is that the present system is faulty because of its inequity?

A. Yes, and that that is the essential part of it.

Mr. Hunter: We would be very glad to take you into our consideration if you would submit a brief. Is that your thought, Mr. Brown?

Mr. Brown: Yes.

Mr. Stephens: While it appears to us that taxes upon personal property are in their nature unwise and inequitable, let us consider the possibility of collecting them equitably. It is, of course, possible to collect from a person property which is a matter of public record, such as the capital stock of corporations, mortgages, judgments, etc. Pennsylvania collects large sums from such evidences of property, yet our methods are so clumsy and puerile that evasions are coming. They will increase if the temptation be increased. Of course, a bank cannot escape an increase upon capital stock, but if the burden becomes discouraging there will be fewer banks. It would require a large clerical force to audit the taxes upon mortgages and money at interest, but if the work could be done successmully, then either the rate of interest would be permanently stiffened, or else such capital would flow to neighboring States, where it would be free from espionage.

Mr. Brown:

Q. Has your society endeavored to secure the consensus of opinion of the land owners on this subject?

A. No, sir .

Q. Do you think you voice fairly the consensus of opinion of the land owners of this Commonwealth?

A. Not for a moment.

Q. They are practically unanimous against it?

A. I never saw a body of people who were not practically unanimous against putting tax on them—the privilege they receive from the State. They try to shift the burden upon somebody else.

When Benjamin Franklin was examined before the British House of Commons relative to taxation, he was asked, "Do not they as much as possible shift the tax off from the land to ease that, and lay the burden heavier on trade?" He answered, "I have never understood it so. I never heard such a thing suggested. And, indeed, an attempt of that kind could answer no purpose. The merchant or trader is always skilled in figures and ready with his pen and ink. If unequal burdens are laid on his trade he puts an additional price on his goods, and the consumers, who are chiefly land owners, finally pay the greatest part, if not the whole."

From the dawn of time men have evaded the tax upon personalty. What is the remedy? There is none. Ten thousand Governments have attempted the impossible; none have succeeded. When English tax collectors, to induce correct returns, courteously pulled the teeth of the Jews, did they succeed? A previous witness has quoted Gibbon, who tells of the rack and the scourge and horrid deaths, those persuasive but fruitless methods of the Roman tax gatherer. Josephus tells us of a tax gatherer who, to induce correct returns, beheaded 20 leading citizens. Have any such Governments succeeded. From the horrible terms of Lancaster county to the horrid deaths of Rome, every device has failed. Everything and everywhere. You tell us this is ancient history. I call modern witnesses. The present Mayor of New York City a few weeks ago characterized the operation of the general property tax law as grotesque, calling for the abolition of the law. The State of New York is financially prosperous only because its outrageous laws taxing personal property are systematically despised and evaded, except, alas, by the widow and orphan, whose legacies are taxed in the Orphans' Court. Upon them, says Purdy, "The cruelty is sometimes heartbreaking."

I don't want to claim everything for single tax. I would call your attention to these quotations from certain authorities; for instance, William Penn; he says in a certain discussion of his that: "If all men were so far tenants to the public that the superfluities of gain and expense were applied to the exigencies thereof, it would put an end to taxes, leave never a beggar, and make the greatest bank for National trade in Europe."

Public attention has recently been called to Franklin's letter in 1768 to Dupont, whose name is borne by the powder works in Delaware, where Dupont died. Benjamin Franklin was an able speaker and a single taxer. In this letter Franklin declared his adherence to the new French doctrine known as the "impot unique," the one tax, after developed and preached by Henry George under the name of Single Tax. Franklin, as I have already said, was a single taxer. At the settled age of 62, Franklin claimed that he was perfectly charmed with it because it was such a mixture of goodness and wisdom, and that he hoped it would increase and grow until it should govern the whole race.

In conclusion, this matter will either be a tax of labor or what labor does, or of privilege and the many privileges that the State gives to any individual, the privilege of certain land that in reality was not made by any man and that no man has any title to it.

I thank you very much.

DR. SAMUEL B. McCORMICK, Chancellor of the University of Pittsburg.

Mr. Chairman: As I understand Mr. Brown and the Committee, the purpose is two or three fold of this Committee. From your statement one is with reference to the classes of institutions which are the recipients of this tax, which is levied upon various interests of the State.

I represent, speaking entirely upon that point—I represent the University of Pittsburg. It is well known that in the State of Pennsylvania there are two two Universities; one in the city of Philadelphia and the other in the city of Pittsburg—these two apart from the State School at State College, and that these institutions have been receiving some support from the State on the ground of public utility by service to the State; and the justification for this lies both in the fact that these institutions are doing charitable work, and that they are doing an educational work, which can be done alone by institutions of this kind and under the support of the State. It is well known that in many of the States of the East, all States in the South and West, very large appropriations are made to what is called the State University, sometimes including all educational interests, and sometimes standing by itself, with the State's School mechanical and agricultural, as well as the larger department of education in the normal schools; sometimes these are all together in one, sometimes separated in three. In the State of Pennsylvania, it has come about in the process of time that two universities were found to be necessary, and these were established in a great distance one from the other—in philadelphia, I think, about 1740, and the University in 1787. This is because of the fact that the natural features of the State practically demand that there shall be two institutions instead of one. And it is to be remembered that the appropriations are to be made to these institutions, excepting the State School, which stands by itself, because of the fact that they do serve the State. They are not colleges, nor in either case is any of the money appropriated used for the college of this University, it is used properly with reference to that part of the institutions that serve the State.

Now I wish to call attention, in the very briefest form, to the work which the University of Pittsburg—and it is exactly the same as in the Eastern part of the State—which the University of Pittsburg is doing. In the first place, I wish to mention the local charitable work that has been done. I want to call attention to three of these things, and these really are matters of information, not only to your Committee or Commission, but to the community itself, because so much of this work is done without the general public knowing it. First of all I want to refer to the dental school, and there are very few people who realize how essential the dental school is to the health and wellbeing of the community. With reference to the infirmary at the dental school—the clinic, we call it—there were three thousand patients, charity patients, treated last year. At the present time the charitable institution, or say the dental school, is doing work for the children of the Industrial Home for Cripples, the Home of the Good Shepherd, Pittsburg Free Dispensary, as well as the public schools in the poorer districts of the city. And in these institutions free attention is given to the teeth and instruction in regard to them. In one institution a room has been fitted up for this class of patients, and a chair has been installed in another. Now, the faculty, in addition to all this, is arranging to extend the work to all public schools who are not able to pay for it. Now, not only that, but all over Western Pennsylvania there are difficult cases, and often-times charitable cases, where the patients are unable to pay and the school of dentistry receives these people from all over the county from points 150 miles from the city, and many interesting cases which I have in mind have been attended to absolutely free of charge. And this work will go right on so as to cover all parts of this work, which must be done on a charity basis. I speak rapidly, and I speak with reference to this thing which is least thought of. I suppose there are no two men who know anything about the tremenduous important work that has been done and is being done by the University of Pittsburg. I am sure the University of Philadelphia is doing for the public along this line. Now, in the next place, we have the Kaufmann Clinic in connection with another department of the University. Many things have been added during this year that have increased the usefulness of that department. A resident physician has been employed and a large number of daily prescriptions are given, and 650 patients are treated monthly absolutely without a penny of expense on their part, mostly people who are unable to entirely take care of themselves along this line.

Then, with reference to the maternity hospital; a building has been erected, and many, many things have been done, and a resident physician has been employed, and the fourth year students in the medical department are put in there on duty in the hospital, and I do not need to describe that all these patients are charity patients. I do not think there are more than 2 per cent. that are anything else but charity patients, and when we stop to think, gentlemen, there are five thousand children, babies, in the city of Pittsburg, delivered without a physician at all, with no service, or simply the services of a midwife, and think of the facilities that we have at our disposal for doing this work, only able to do a little part for these unfortunate persons, just a few hundredths of all that five thousand, we can see how essential is this maternity hospital, and the kind of work that it is doing. And now something must be done for the city of Pittsburg to bring up a number that are to be cared for properly. A great work must be done, and it can only be done through the service of the State. Now, those are some of the features of the work, done on a charitable basis, of the Infirmaries of the State. It is a fundamental charity work, a work that is limited only by the amount of money that is at our disposal for this purpose.

Vice Chairman Moyer:

Q. Have you an endowment?

A. It is practically nothing. It is so inadequate—it is a mere trifle, comes from friends' gifts.

Now, with reference to the work indicated which is done in the—I have no doubt at all the same thing is true of the University of Pennsylvania. The work done in the University is for the entire community, which is not a local work. None of the appropriation ever goes to our college. It goes to aid the several lines of professional education which the University supplies in the matter of law, medicine, pharmacy, dentistry, engineering. I refer now to that part of the work of instruction for teachers which is not done by normal schools. In all these, as well as economics, it is done for the entire Western part of the State, having no reference at all to any local duty.

I will refer to one or two things. The University has been organized completely in separate schools, eleven in all: the college proper one, and our observatory as two, which is entirely scientific: there are only four studies there; omitting those two, we have the graduate school for the entire State, we have the engineering school which is for the entire Western part of the State, school of mines, school of education, school of economics, medicine, law, pharmacy and dentistry, making nine in all, nine departments of the University, but are serving not only local interests but interests of the State, and rendering that service to the State which is the basis upon which appropriations are made by the Legislature for educational purposes.

In our economic school we have developed a system, which is designed to meet the needs of young men who cannot spare the time during the day, and Philadelphia has passed us in that, for they have been at it longer than we, by rendering a service to the State in this way in the evening work and this is true also in the department of education, which is of infinite value. The practical value of that work among young men cannot be over-estimated. In the development of the University along these several lines we have brought students from every part of the Western part of the State of Pennsylvania. Some twelve or fourteen hundreds—I don't remember exactly whether it was twelve or fourteen hundred—of students will be or have been enrolled in the University this year; all, with the exception of about one hundred and fifty, covering these departments which belong to the entire State—the departments which are of public benefit.

Now, it is for this reason, and for the additional reason that such universities, expensive as they are, cannot possibly be maintained by private beneficence, such as Chicago and Leland Stanford, which have some one person who is able to furnish the enormous sum of money required. It is because of the absolute necessity of these institutions and the community that the University of Pennsylvania—the two of them—have heretofore asked and have very generously received the aid of the State. It would be a public calamity, when we come to think of what poorly educated physicians mean to a community, poor dentists, poor men along all these lines, poor engineers to do our work, poor teachers in our high schools, and when we consider what poorly educated men in these things mean in the community we can see how absolutely necessary these two institutions are to the State. The other one I do not speak of, because it rests on a different basis.

I call your attention to a final thought—that is, these institutions are necessary in large cities because it is only in large cities that they can have the surroundings to do their work. In our medical department it is the big clinic that makes it so valuable to the students. The economic conditions around the engineer—we are familiar with the fact that Pittsburg is the greatest center of engineering in the world, such conditions furnish tremendous liberality for that kind of work. These two institutions have been established in Pittsburg and Philadelphia not because they were the first two large communities in history, but because they furnish the environment for such institutions. That is the general scheme. I have covered it rapidly, so that I may not unduly take your time. That is, in general, the organization, and the work that we are doing: first, fundamentally, charitable; and, secondly, educational for the whole community, not part, this is essentially fundamental to the well-being of the State.

I will be very glad to answer questions.

Mr. Brown:—You have spoken of the benefit resulting to the whole community—what do you mean? What is the extent of the community?

A. From the mountains west, that is the community in general.

Q. I ask you if your graduates come from all over the State?

A. I can say they do. I do not mean to say that—we represent a dozen States for that matter, and students come from every part of the State of Pennsylvania and from other

States also. Of course, when you get those who come from other States out, you still have the major portion of them. The students mostly come from the western end of Pennsylvania, but in addition to that, some come from all over the State of Pennsylvania.

Q. What is your thought as to what extent the State of Pennsylvania should appropriate money to support your University?

A. If to the furthest possible limit to enable the University to do its work.

Q. Well, has the receipt of State appropriations tended to diminish the private contribution to your University?

A. On the contrary, just the opposite of that. It is true, besides, that the larger appropriation of the State of Pennsylvania increases the amount of private gifts. That not only has been so, but is bound inevitably to be so, but the State and private are both essential to keep pace with the work.

Q. What portion do the private bear to the State appropriations?

A. Pretty fair pace. They go a little differently but pretty nearly equal in the last four years. Last year, for instance, we raised between $250,000 and $300,000 for the University, and the appropriation for the two years was $325,000. That will give you a good idea. This year we are trying to raise an equal amount of $250,000; that, of course, would mean that the private would be much in excess of the State appropriation.

Q. Do you feel you have attained your limit on private appropriations?

A. We hope to increase that very much, and we shall get it very much larger after awhile. Sometime we may get to a place where the people will become particularly generous, and we could lessen the amount, but not without decreasing the efficiency of the kind of service rendered by this University. The time will never come, I think, when the State should not make its appropriation to this work. It is the work for the State so directly that the health of the State is involved in it. All these things are so essentially important to the health of the State that the State should support the work of the University. I am not speaking for the main college, that is a matter for private individuals. But those things that involve professional education, wherein a man practices on the people, wherein the public welfare depends on the knowledge and skill of the practitioner, this is our thought: that the State should make its contribution, and I think that is so, gentlemen, and I trust it will never be lost sight of for the University of Pennsylvania and Pittsburg, and the necessity of having the State's direct interest in the institution.

Vice-Chairman Moyer:

Q. Does the State hold title to this property?

A. No, except in both cases the State appropriated the charter; in 1787 the State chartered the Pittsburg Academy. In 1819 the State chartered the University of Pittsburg, University of Western Pennsylvania, and gave in that act, or supplemental act, the ground upon which it should be built, which, as it happened, was the park in Allegheny, which at that time the rights of the lot holders were such that they were not willing to surrender up the ground, and the State commuted the original grant to money. And it will be seen that the State of Pennsylvania not only chartered but established the University of Pittsburg.

Q. What would be your thought of the consolidation of these universities?

A. That cannot be on account of the natural features of Pennsylvania.

Q. What kind of an obligation do you think rests upon the State?

A. That is an obligation, I would say, as the corporation is in both cases a direct charter of the State, it is not under a general law, it does not hold title to these buildings, but the State is back of the organization, I understand.

Q. Only so far as it appropriates money for its maintenance?

A. I mean, in the matter of creating it, and, therefore, being back of it, it is purely, not directly, under some general law, it is under the direct act of the Legislature itself. These universities have been brought into existence, but that is merely managing for the State, no individual can ever claim title in these institutions. The State is managing these institutions through the Board of Trustees, which it has created. The obligation is just what I referred to, the obligation to the public health. These institutions were created directly by the State of Pennsylvania. The State has its own institution, managed by Boards of Trustees, which are under the direction of the charter, and the State, by its own men, controls them, and the work that they are doing is purely for the well-being of the community, and it is on that ground, I think, it is necessary for the State to appropriate money for these institutions.

Q. There is a great deal of discussion favorable to withdrawing State appropriations to our institutions?

A. I should think that would be very unfortunate if that should be done. These hospitals are created not for any private interests—I refer to the real hospitals—I don't refer to private hospitals, but I refer to hospitals that are managed by a Board of Trustees, who have no private interest in them, and the experience of the past has shown that the poor and unfortunate are cared for only through public aid. If you were to throw it over upon private beneficence, it would be done, there is something in the nature of man which responds to any demand made upon him, but it would not be done as it is being done to-day. It would be one of the most unfortunate things that would ever happen anywhere if that help should be withdrawn from those hospitals which are properly chartered and have no personal or private interest in them. The argument is still more profound, because these institutions are serving their community. Their whole reason is for the service they can render to increase the knowledge, not only educationally, but turning out skilled men and women in these several departments, and without them the community would just go down, down, down, down. The State has a direct obligation. It cannot discharge that obligation without distributing its money equitably. It is your place to make it as equitable as possible.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Is there any reason why there should not be a consolidation of these hospitals? Could better results be obtained by having fewer and each better qualified?

A. I have never given thought to that. Hospitals should be in different parts of the city.

Q. That is included.

A. Yes, for the reason there is also, in a city located like this, centers of population that require hospitals, and I would imagine that our relation to these hospitals is very close, you understand, because of the essential between the two.

Q. Does your university use these hospitals for clinic purposes?

A. Yes, sir, practically all of them, that is one thing that makes the special department of our university almost of priceless value to the vicinity, because of the facilities it has for teaching these young men, the very best that can be gotten in the State of Pennsylvania.

Q. I ask you this question because I have received a number of letters saying that there are too many of these hospitals.

A. You will have to get some person better posted on that. That may be true for the moment, and not for the future. There may be at any particular moment an increase, but a community like this will soon catch up to the overflow.

Q. Do these institutions, so far as you know, give preference to any class of physicians?

A. Not that I know of.

Q. Complaint was made in Philadelphia that preference was shown to some physicians?

A. I do not think that that is true in this community. It has never come to my ears.

Q. How do you keep tab on the State money?

A. Every dollar of it, in all institutions—in our institution?

Q. Yes.

A. Every dollar of it. The auditor comes there four times a year and goes over the accounts.

Q. How about the present method of payment, are you handicapped?

A. No, sir.

Q. I have letters suggesting that there should be a State Board, which should purchase all supplies in bulk and then furnish these supplies upon requisition, the idea being that the State could buy them more cheaply than institutions?

A. That might be. That would be a matter of experience. Let each individual institution get under the direction of the State and take its place and get the lowest price. The things are not—there is not very much profit in them.

Q. Get a dollar's worth for every dollar expended?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Under the present system—assuming the merits of distribution of charity in the way you are putting it—assuming that certain State institutions which should be built, ought the State to first finish these before she distributes this money to private institutions?

A. My theory is better go right on doing part and gradually working up.

Q. Do you think the greatest good and the greatest work could be accomplished under the present system?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. You do not use ahead?

A. Oh, no.

Vice-Chairman Moyer:

Q. Isn't it necessary?

Mr. Woodward:

Q. The auditor comes generally each quarter?

A. That is true about that. I think that is true.

Mr. Brown:

Q. Knowing the character of these institutions, is there any reason why they shouldn't have the money paid just as well in advance as in the end?

A. So far as I know, there is no reason at all.

Q. Do these men serve without pay?

A. Absolutely so, and that is one of the marvels—rendering service without absolutely a penny of pay—not a penny, directly or indirectly, which is one of the greatest things in the world.

Q. Have you folks made any effort to ascertain the difference in price paid for your supplies as compared with the price paid by others?

A. We watch it very carefully in our hospitals.

Q. By equitable proportions to each institution?

A. Yes, sir. It is like doing all the work at home before you do work in a foreign county.

Q. Suppose I say that in thirty-four States in the Union not a dollar is contributed, and in ten, one of which is New York, no money is appropriated for private institutions, and Pennsylvania is practically exclusive in that, what conclusion would you draw from that?

A. One conclusion would be, that it is about time that Pennsylvania began to toot her own horn.

Q. That it is about time the other States are getting in?

A. Yes; they are beginning to see the necessity for doing these things, and even old New England is waking up. I have been in the Middle West and West, part of my life—Colorado and Missouri—and I am not very old yet; there is a good deal of reflection on Pennsylvania along certain lines. I want to tell you that there is a whole lot of things in which Pennsylvania is so far ahead of the others that it is about time people were making them known, and that is one of them, Mr. Brown. It would be almost impossible to have all these things universally established. That

would not be reasonable, you could not expect that. But the tremendous work that Pennsylvania is doing along certain lines, is, in my opinion, it is about time the rest of the country was thinking about getting in the same band wagon.

Q. You think that the money appropriated for charity is fairly expended?

A. Yes; that is just what I mean.

By Vice-Chairman Moyer:

Q. So far as you know?

A. Yes, sir; so far as I know that is true. It certainly would be possible, with the large amounts of money appropriated—it would be possible—it would be impossible that some would not be misappropriated and misspent, you cannot get perfection anywhere, but I think most of the institutions are managed in the best manner, and Pittsburg here demonstrates these features, and for the most part, I should say they are wisely and economically handled.

Q. Assuming that these monies are all wisely expended, and that the State is in need of more funds, do you think that these people, the representative business men of this city, that they would be willing to have the taxables increased?

A. I do not know. I never asked them that question.

Q. If the State performs these services, do you think more revenues should be raised for these purposes?

A. I presume that would be true. I think it is fundamentally necessary. I do not know any more important matter before us than the matter of taxation—than the matter of proper, wise, just and equitable administering of the laws of taxation. But, on the other hand, the causes for which this money is given are so eminently necessary and good, that I feel that good men everywhere would be ready to respond to proper taxation to support it. That would be my idea in that matter. I have never been a single taxer, and am not up on it, I want to ask Mr. Stephens this question: If this lot here is compared with a corresponding lot about twenty miles from Pittsburg on a farm, what is it that gives this lot its larger social value if he disregards the buildings altogether?

By Mr. Stephens:

A. That which gives it land value is not anything which the owner of that land has done. It is not the building on that particular plot that gives it value. If the building were entirely torn down, the value of the land would remain. Therefore, the value of that lot, which makes it more valuable than the one twenty miles hence, is the social value.

By Dr. McCormick:

Q. But, Mr. Stephens, that social value is made by the very thing that you disregard.

Mr. Brown: In other words, he is taxing the social value; his idea is, that if we took that off there would be no occasion to tax anything else.

Here recess was taken until 2 o'clock.

Public meeting, Pittsburg, Pa., afternoon, March 24, 1910.

And now, the hour of 2 P. M. having arrived, the Commission met pursuant to adjournment.

A. M. IMBRIE, representing the Allegheny County Bar Association, spoke as follows:

The Bar Association received a communication from your Committee, which was sent to several other people. This communication was referred to the Legislative Committee, of which I have the honor to be Chairman. The Committee is composed of Mr. Hall, Mr. Delzell, Mr. Miller and Mr. Acheson. We took the matter up and came to the conclusion that in view of the great subject, the question of taxation would be discussed by other people. We dropped that and didn't consider it. We were more concerned about matters relating to corporations, which we took up—not many of them—but what we have are simply some suggestions to the Committee for the correction of some errors and troubles which naturally arise; and in order that you may have it in full, these are the subjects that were assigned to the different members: To W. S. Miller, Esq., the subject of requiring the production to the Auditor General of proper evidence of valuable assets representing the stock and bonds of a foreign corporation, before allowing it to do business within the State; to M. W. Acheson, Esq., was referred the question of the proper recording of the charters of foreign corporations; to William S. Dalzell, Esq., was referred the subject of having something in the name used by a foreign corporation within the State of Pennsylvania to indicate the state of its incorporation, also the subject of service upon joint stock companies, limited or joint partnerships organized under the laws of certain States; to William M. Hall, Esq., was referred the question of amendments to the laws of taxation of corporations.

The subject assigned to Mr. Miller was discussed by him, using as a basis the Act of 1901, which is an act that requires the payment by foreign corporations of certain large bonuses, and further prescribes the terms in which foreign corporations make application at Harrisburg. That being prescribed by the terms of the statute, of course the Auditor General has nothing at all to do with it. Now the fifth paragraph of that act is described as follows:

"The amount of its bonded indebtedness."

which only calls for the statement that the bonded indebtedness is a certain amount. That amount may mean something, and it may mean nothing, but it goes there on the records. I will give you a practical suggestion of the case when I have finished. This letter of Mr. Miller's suggests that that should be amended as follows:

"The amount of its bonded indebtedness and how said indebtedness was incurred and created, and whether for money, labor or services or property, and if for labor, services or property, a full description of such property, labor or services,"

the idea being to place on record actually what this indebtedness represents, which is not required at the present time.

The seventh clause is as follows:

"The amount of capital paid in."

That may mean something or may mean nothing. Mr. Miller suggests that this be amended as follows:

"The amount of capital paid in, and how such payment was made, and whether such payment was made in money or property actually received or services rendered, stating the amount of money so paid, if any; the character and description of the property used in making such payment, if any; and the value thereof and the labor and services rendered for such payment, if any; and the price thereof."

If a corporation makes a return to the Auditor General, representing its capital as five hundred thousand dollars, if the Auditor General finds out that such is not the case, and finds out exactly what that amount is, it would be a very great protection to every citizen in the Commonwealth who had business dealings with that corporation. Then in addition to that, this would follow:

"The amount of capital stock issued and whether such stock was issued for money, property, labor or services, and the description, character and value of such money, property, labor and services."

Then there should be added to the ninth clause a section that would provide that the Auditor General should have the authority to make an examination of the condition of the corporation with reference to its stock and bonded indebtedness, and if after such examination he was convinced that it did not represent a true valuation, he would thereupon refuse to allow it to do business in the State of Pennsylvania. The clause reads as follows:

"That if upon investigation of such report to the Auditor General, it shall appear to him that the indebtedness of such foreign corporation has not been incurred or created in good faith, or for value received, or that the capital claimed by it to be paid in has not been fully paid in good faith, or that the capital stock issued has not been issued in good faith, and for money, property, labor, or services of the value represented by such stock, the Auditor General shall refuse to issue to said foreign corporation a certificate that it has complied with the laws of this Commonwealth, and such foreign corporation shall not be entitled to engage in, or carry on, business within this Commonwealth until it has complied with all the requirements and provisions of this act."

The second subject arises from the effect that a failure to record the certificate of incorporation or the permit to a foreign corporation granted by the State, in the county in which its business is carried on, shall not forfeit the right of such corporation to maintain suits. That is done under the present law, and a foreign corporation is prohibited from doing business in the State of Pennsylvania. Exactly what that term means is a matter of very great discussion and of many decisions in our courts. A corporation will come in and make a contract to erect a building. After it has finished its work often some dispute arises, and the party who gets the benefit of that work—and I will give you a practical illustration shortly—availing itself of this condition, says, "You are not authorized to do business in the State of Pennsylvania." The corporation comes into court, and the court desides against it, and it loses that whole contract.

On this question of authorziing a corporation to do business in the State of Pennsylvania, without any investigation being made of its bonded indebtedness, stock and capital—some years ago there was a corporation organized under the laws of the State of New Jersey. First it went into a neighboring State and bought real estate, for which it paid less than fifteen thousand dollars. It gave a purchase money mortgage for some ten or twelve or fifteen thousand dollars, and then went to New York and gave a mortgage for five hundred thousand dollars, which represented its capital stock of five hundred thousand dollars. It was placed on record, all the property which they had, and which cost between ten and fifteen thousand dollars. Bonds were issued and placed in the market, and quoted in the stock market, and these bonds were run up to a hundred and five or a hundred and ten. A financial institution, supposing that it was all right that these were the true values, loaned a large amount of money. After these people got the bonds disposed of the bank had the bonds and the other people had the money. Now if such an arrangement was made, and the Auditor General had the authority to investigate these corporations, he would have found the conditions that existed, and then not allowed them to do business in the State, and such a thing would not have happened, which cost somewhere between fifty and a hundred thousand dollars.

Now, as an illustration of the other point: I think it was a Delaware corporation, erected a plant for a party here in Allegheny County. It spent large sums of money, and after the thing was completed there was still a balance due of twenty-five or thirty thousand dollars. A dispute arose about the payment. Suit was brought in the United States Court. The defence was set up that it was doing business in the State of Pennsylvania without having been properly registered. It has been advised by its own counsel that it was not doing business under that statute. The Court decided that it was, and while they had gotten a verdict of between twenty-five and thirty thousand dollars—for the amount still due—the Court directed that the verdict be entered for the defendant. Now it has been suggested that that works a very great hardship to a corporation that of necessity comes into the State of Pennsylvania in a single transaction, and through a failure to properly register loses the amount of the contract that is justly due it. And we have suggested that that may be remedies by the imposition of a penalty, heavy if you want, to take it out of the hands of some one to take advantage of and actually pilfer from those who have done the work.

By Mr. Cox:

Q. What purpose would the foreign corporation have in not complying with the law?

A. They are here only for a single contract in Pennsylvania, and do not see the necessity of registering, and a great many do not know or suspect that there is such a statute here.

Q. You refer to the Michigan cases?

A. No, I think the case came from Buffalo, and was tried in the United States Court, where twenty-six thousand dollars was actually cut out.

Q. There was a case from Michigan tried?

A. Yes, sir. I had a concrete example of my own. A client of mine came from a sister State and had a claim of some twenty-five thousand dollars, and there was a little dispute, and I advised a settlement at a loss rather than risk the Courts.

By Mr. Brown:

Q .Don't you think in the first case it was the carelessness of the trust company in not making an investigation?

A. You can put it that way if you want. It is true, but here is a case if the Auditor General had the authority and had taken the trouble to make an examination, he would have found a five hundred thousand dollar mortgage on a piece of property that cost less than fifteen thousand dollars, and would have thereby protected the citizens.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. Do you know any good reason why a foreign corporation should not be permitted to hold property in the State

A. No, sir.

Mr. Brown: I think the trouble is that there are some difficulties about the present law on the subject. The several Acts of 1881, 1887, 1891and 1893 prohibiting the manufacture of certain things and withheld certain rights from them, and one of the reasons why the Governor did not sign the latest bill drafted on the subject was because it did not clear things up.

Mr. Imbrie: A client of mine in Youngstown, came over in to Lawrence County, and bought a large amount of limestone property. After they were is possession—never supposing that there was anything els than that they had a perfect right to hold the property—after taking title he heard about this statute and sent his attorney to Pittsburg to see me, and make an examination to see what could be done. As long as the thing was in that shape he could not get the stone out. There was a way—the only possible way would be to make a conveyance to some one that could hold it in this State. We should have passed an act which would allow foreign corporations to hold real estate in this State.

Mr. Brown: I think it would be highly helpful if your association would do something in this matter.

Mr. Imbrie: I can see no reason why a foreign corporation once registered should not be a citizen, and prevent the necessity of a foreign attachment against them, considering them as non-residents. I see no reason why they should not be. The Auditor General could find out whether they were the real thing or not. If such an examination as suggested were to be made, you could depend on your records.

Mr. Brown:

Q. Your idea is to place them on the same standing as a domestic corporation?

A. Yes, sir.

Mr. Brown: I think that would give them a power which they ought not to have.

Mr. Moyer:

Q. This proposed legislation would cure it?

A. Yes, sir.

Mr. Browns: My idea is this: If those specially qualified in this matter would give their ideas in some concrete form and if we got it from several sources, then we will be able to get the best out of it.

Mr. Imbrie: That is what we tried to give you on this particular subject.

Mr. Brown: You are going to draft the act?

Mr. Imbrie: I am not certain about that. It would be a good deal of work. However, I will refer it to the Committee.

Mr. Cox: It would not be difficult to embody the suggestions in an act.

Mr. Moyer: If your Committee holds stock in these foreign corporations, I venture to say that we will have some semblance of an act.

Mr. Imbrie: Our association has instructed the Legislative Committee to render any possible assistance we can.

The next question with reference to foreign corporations is that of the registering or the recording of the charter. A domestic corporation, desiring to do business in Allegheny County, is required to record its charter here. This is not required of foreign corporations. They register at Harrisburg.

If a domestic corporation does business in the City of Pittsburg, and a man wishes to know anything about that corporation, he can, in a half an hour, go to the Recorder's Office and find out the condition of that company, and what it is authorized to do. It seems there ought to be no distinction between a foreign and a domestic corporation with reference to the recording of the charter, and Mr. Acheson's letter suggests an act requiring foreign corporations doing business or owning property in Pennsylvania to record their charters in every county where the corporation owns land or has an office; if in Pittsburg, it should be recorded here. Wherever its principal office or place of business is, it ought to have its charter recorded in that county.

The next point which came up for discussion is this: a foreign corporation may execute an agreement or enter into a contract, and yet there is nothing in this, or anything that the paper may contain, to indicate the State under which its acts—under whose laws. Now, that can be cured at the time of the registering of the company by stating this: "The State of New York," if it was organized there, or the "State of New Jersey," if organized there. So that every contract which it makes will show exactly from which State it comes. To give an example of that: Not very long ago a client of mine was very anxious to find out about the organization of a certain company. It was with the very greatest difficulty that I ascertained in what State it was organized. It took about three weeks. I finally did get the information that it was organized in the State of Iowa. If that company had been required to add to its signature that it was organized under the laws of the State of Iowa, or organized in the State of Iowa, that difficulty would have been done away with.

Mr. Cox:

Q. Doesn't the certificate at Harrisburg disclose that, if you write there?

A. But this company was not even registered in Harrisburg ,although it had made a contract here. I take it that if our own State would require this, it would only be a short time until the other States adopted it, and every contract made would indicate the State from which the company comes.

There is one other point. There are certain partnerships and joint stock associations, etc., doing business in this State, and who obstruct the administration by technical objections. I refer to certain express companies—the Adams Express Company and, I believe, the United States Company, which are simply partnerships. In one instance, I think, three suits were brought against the Adams Express Company before one was finally gotten that would hold.

If there was a law requiring partnerships that were organized under a special law of the State of New York or the State of Colorado, to register the same here in our own state, that would protect the citizens from this difficulty in obtaining service ,or in bringing suit, and not being able to get service at all. In Mr. Dalzell's letter on that point he has suggested some method by which that can be remedied. He suggests that there ought to be a provision of law with regard to them, to the effect that no foreign joint stock company, limited or joint partnership, or other unincorporated society or association, shall do any business with this Commonwealth until it shall have established an office or offices and appointed an agent or agents for the transaction of business. And, further, that it shall not be lawful for any such joint stock association, etc., to do any business within this Commonwealth until it shall have filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth a statement showing the title under which it does business, the character of its organization, the location of its office or offices, and the name or names of the authorized agent or agents within the State of Pennsylvania upon whom service can be had. And, further, that when said joint stock association, partnership, etc., shall have so designated its title, or the name under which it is to do business, it shall be sufficient for the purpose of maintaining litigation against it to name it as defendant under its registered name; and no reference shall be necessary to any individuals who may be partners in such association, whether such partners be residents of Pennsylvania or elsewhere.

Since our report was prepared, there was a communication sent to the Committee with reference to public service corporations. I have simply attached that here. We have not discussed it, nor do I propose doing so. It is a very large subject, into which I don't care to go. I will leave it with your Secretary.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Have you any information or any views, as to the length of time elapsing between the application and the granting of the charter? Other States do it practically all at once and we take several weeks.

A. I do not see how any particular advantage accrues by all this delay. I can give you an example of that. Some clients of mine desire to enter into a contract. They did not want to do it individually, or as individuals. They wanted a corporation organized at once. I left here that night and went to Jersey City, arriving there the next morning, and that evening I left Jersey City with a charter in my pocket. I came home here, and the next day the transaction was closed.

Q. You could just as easily have domesticated that corporation in another week?

A. Yes, sir. I can see no advantage coming from this publication, or of this delay after the application is presented. I don't know that any corporation was ever knocked out by any person appearing against them after the fact was advertised that "A" & "B" so-and-so were going to Harrisburg to make an application there for a charter.

Mr. Cox: Some of our street railway companies were.

Mr. Imbrie: I am speaking of joint business corporations. In regard to public service corporations, I think the law is very good. Of course ,it prevents the incorporation of passenger railways and street car companies, without regard to the needs of the public.

E. Z. SMITH ,Esq., representing the Board for Assessment and Revision of Taxes, Pittsburg, Pa., spoke as follows:

I represent here the Board for the Assessment and Revision of Taxes of Allegheny county. My special capacity is Chairman of the Board, and I speak for it. I do not desire to present myself here as an expert in the matter of taxation, as my experience only extends to the time that I accepted the appointment—three years ago—yet in three years we have had opportunity to observe some of the phases of the assessment of taxation under the present laws of Pennsylvania, and one or two phases of that subject I would like to present here. As to the taxation of real estate, the present system in Pennsylvania is a good one, and it has been proved by many, many years of experience that it is a good one. I believe that real estate in Pennsylvania, under the present system, is fairly equitably taxed.

I listened with a great deal of interest to Mr. Stevens, the President of the Single Tax Society of Pennsylvania. I don't

confess any allegiance to that doctrine, which is only so far a doctrine. But there were some things he said to which we will all agree, and one was that the main object in taxation was equality and certainty. A little investigation will show what interest the people take in the equality of taxation. They do not always know what the taxes are for. They do not know whether they are too great or too little for the object intended, but they are quite willing to pay their shares, provided they are not more than their neighbors; so we have in our office, in which we do a very large business, we have continually the experience of a man coming in to examine his real estate assessment in the office, and their investigation goes this far: "What is my neighbor assessed on this side of me, and on that side of me, and across the street, and around the corner? Is it the same as mine? If so, I am satisfied." And he is, and he goes away satisfied that he is assessed equably with his neighbor. He is not a real estate expert, and could not compare his property with a city lot nor a city lot with a rural lot, but he knows what he paid for it, and if he believes he is treated with equality, he goes away satisfied. And, as I said before, generally speaking, the taxation of real estate in the State of Pennsylvania is fairly equable and equably administered. It now comes to the very question that he raised here—the other subject that I wish to speak about to you, and discuss with you—and that is the matter of the taxation of personaly property. This is a much more difficult matter. The question is how we can obtain equality, and how can we obtain certainty.

We cannot obtain equality unless every man who owns taxable securities and mortgages, bonds, or stock, or moneys at interest in savings banks—unless every man is taxed. And you and I know that every man is not taxed. I have had this matter frequently under discussion with the head clerk or what we call our State Department. Our board is a State Board, or at least the Supreme Court has so decided. I don't know whether you know the law that constituted us. The Board was constituted by the Legislature to assess for county taxation, and also personal property for State taxation, under the four mill revenue act. The act provided that the Board should be appointed by the Common Pleas judges of the county and it was a question whether or not the act was constitutional. I believe the Bar was practically unanimous that it was not, and the Supreme Court was just as unanimous that it was, and as they had the last say, it so happened, and that is the reason this present Board exists.

But, as I began to say before my explanation of the Act governing us, in conversation with the chief clerk of our department—and he has been in that office for many years, and long before we took hold—I asked him as to his opinion of the amount of personal property that escaped taxation under the present Act, and he said about one-third. That, as you understand, is merely a matter of guesswork. There is no such machinery at the disposition of the assessor to enable him to ascertain just the amount of personal property in this county. In the first place, we know we do not get a return from all owners of personal property, and in the second place the returns are not always correct or honest. More than once, when one of the men who had been returning for some time a certain amount of money passed to the Great Beyond, and when we come to have a return from the executor of the estate, we find that it far exceeded the amount ever returned by the decedent. Again, we know there are a number of people who are not assessed, because ,plainly speaking, they cannot be caught under the present machinery. If methods can be devised by which every man who is subject to taxation as to this clesss of property, can be assessed, then it becomes an equitable law in its action, and a certain law in its action so far. I must confess when it comes to that point I cannot offer you many suggestions. We have under the system here a great many assessors. We have the best men we can get at three dollars a day to do the work. As to this particular act of personal taxation, we try to make this impression on our assessors, each of them individually, before they go out that there is a great deal of personal property in the county that is neither returned nor taxed, and that we look to them to see that this is corrected. In our preliminary journal, in which we take the occupation tax and some others, we say in that preliminary pournal, "You are not called upon to make assessment on real property. Not only are you to collect the names for the occupation tax, but you are to find out in every way you can the names of the people who have, or you have reason to think, have, personal property, and you are to serve these people at the proper time with notices from this office, and you are to find out and see if they make returns; and if they do not make returns, you are to report it to this office, and we will make the assessment authorized by law," and so it is followed out. This is what we do and we do it with all the vigor we are capable of, and yet we know a very large amount of personal property owned in Allegheny county, taxable under the revenue act, is not assessed, and no tax is paid. How much there is of it is a matter of great conjecture. I asked the head clerk what his opinion was, and he said that he believed at least one-third of the property that was taxable escaped taxation. And he is a man familiar with the work, and most faithful and competent as Mr. Cox, who knows him personally will testify.

By Mr. Hunter:

Q. Is an individual, say holding ten thousand dollars worth or any amount of corporation bonds or securities—is he required to make a return to you or to your Board of those holdings, provided he knows that the corporation issuing those securities pays the tax?

A. He is not obliged to return them for taxation, unless they are stocks or bonds of a foreign corporation that come under the Taxation Act. Under the Act authorizing a four-mill revenue tax every man is supposed to make a return.

Q. Provided he knows the company paid the tax on them?

A. No, he is not obliged to return them. Every citizen may make a return ,because it is the duty of the assessor to serve them with notices to make returns. Of course, laws are sometimes so stringent that they cannot be carried out. It is plain that it is impossible to get a return from every citizen.

Q. He is obliged to make that return?

A. He is obliged to make a return. He is not obliged to return anything not taxable. He would have to fulfill under the law, and if he had no other taxable property he would not have to.

Q. You say that a certain party had, during his lifetime, made certain returns, and after his death you discovered he was the possessor of a larger amount. Don't you think it was possible he was doing all he thought was right and required at the time, due to the fact that the securities which he didn't return were taxed and the taxes paid by the corporation that issued them?

A. Any man might be mistaken?

By Mr. Cox:

Q. Is he allowed to inquire into the fact of whether they are so taxed by the State, the stock of a corporation? What I want to get at is whether he has a right to consider the question of double taxation, the man making the return? If I have ten thousand dollars' worth of bonds, have I a right to inquire whether they are taxed by the State, in addition to the tax by the county?

A. Undoubtedly. He is the judge of that.

Q. He is the judge of that?

A. Yes, sir.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. Isn't he generally a poor judge?

A. Generally.

Q. And he doesn't pursue the inquiry further?

A. No, sir. I merely stated that as a fact. It has developed in that way, where personal taxes are levied after a man has died, and his estate is found to hold more personal property than he returned. I merely stated that as one instance.

By Mr. Cox:

Q. You have no remedy?

A. As to what should be done I must confess to be at a loss.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Mr. Smith, you say the taxable is obliged to make a return. You don't mean that there is a legal application which is enforced? He is not obliged to do it?

A. He is obliged by law.

Q. You cannot force him?

A. No, sir.

By Mr. Cox:

Q. You add 50 per cent. for that?

A. The law provides that. It is a double duty—one of the assessors and one of the assessed. It is a duty laid on him to make a return, and it is the duty of the assessor to make him make a return.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. How do you start with the returns, how do you know the number? I mean, how do you know the number that goes to each one?

A. That is a matter that is governed largely by the experience we have gained of the number of people in every district.

Q. You get so many blanks sent to you?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Then those are given to the assessors?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. What check do you keep on the assessor to see that he either brings back the return of the taxable, or accounts for it?

A. We don't check.

Q. Why don't you?

A. For this reason: we know that there are a certain number of taxables of this class.

Q. Suppose he doesn't bring them back? You issue so many blanks?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. He brings back a portion of them. Why shouldn't he account for the balance?

A. Well, in this county—take, for instance, an assessor in a district in which there are ten or fifteen thousand citizens, nine-tenths of whom own no property at all, would be served with notices and cannot be made to make returns. The law provides—it is required that every man shall be served, but if nineteen out of twenty have no property at all, the assessor would be doing nothing at all but chasing men who had no property at all, to get them to make returns.

Q. You say that one-third are escaping; taxables to the extent of one-third are not paying taxes?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. What check is made of the returns of the assessors to see just who these people are?

A. We have the names of every property owner, about every property holder, and owner of personal property—every man with real estate. Outside of this we have no check, because a great many of them have no permanent residence. And a great many are not known to the assessor except by name or reputation, and just the instructions which we give to them, to get in everybody they can, or have reason to think are the holders of property. The alternative is to absolutely serve everybody with a notice, and to take a return from everybody. I mean to serve everyone in the county with a blank, and have every man make a return, whether or not he owns any taxable property.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. As I understand it, there is no penalty?

A. Nothing, except the assessor can go ahead and make an assessment, and add 50 per cent. to it.

Q. How are your assessors chosen?
A. By our Board.
Q. They are pretty faithful?
A. In a large degree, yes, sir. We have attempted, and I think succeeded, in organizing a thorough body of district assessors. There are weak spots, but the personnel of the Board has improved.
Q. What are they paid?
A. Three dollars a day.
Q. Do you consider that enough for a good man?
A. In some places, yes, and in some, no. It is not enough in a city, but in the country districts it is. You can get a good man to give his time in the country for that amount, but not in the city.
Q. Are you aware of the fact that in rural districts assessors are elected?
A. Yes, sir.
Q. Do you think that the assessors should be appointed by the courts in the county in which they serve and paid five dollars a day, their term to be four years, and only permitted to serve one term? Do you think that would remedy it?
A. It would undoubtedly remedy the general administration of the taxation system to have more permanence of the assessor in his office.
Q. This is what I have in mind, that a few of the assessors frequently make no returns because of the fact that it might handicap their re-election. I mean in the rural communities?
A. I wouldn't like to give an opinion on that. In our county we have rural, suburban and city communities, and deal with all classes, and as I said, I think we get fairly good assessors in the rural communities for three dollars a day. It is difficult to get the right kind in large boroughs and cities for three dollars, men competent to assess very large property holdings. For instance, in a ward in the city where there is property of the value of thirty or forty or fifty millions of dollars, it would be evident to you you can't get a man for three dollars a day to assess that, and it requires a great deal of work on our part, not so much in the country or rural districts as in the large boroughs and cities.
By Mr. Cox:
Q. Do you think that to increase the Board would help matters?
A. No, sir.
By Mr. Hunter:
Q. Under your present system you appoint assessors for temporary service only?
A. We appoint assessors during good behavior.
Q. What length of time?
A. Well, lasts to the end of our term.
Q. Do I understand that he is constantly employed?
A. Only when necessary.
Q. How long is that?
A. During the triennial assessment, from the middle of June—about six months' work.
Q. In what length of time?
A. Six months every year in a large district, and in some places not more than two.
Q. It is of a temporary character?
A. Yes, sir.
Q. That would mean that the personnel of the office of the assessors would be changed almost every year?
A. No, sir.
Q. Isn't that the case?
A. No, sir. I said we appointed the assessors practically during good behavior, as long as our term would last. We say to them, "if you are satisfactory to us, you will continue to be our assessor on that district as long as we hold office. If not, we will get another." These assessors are chosen from all classes, and work as long as necessary. Most of them have other employment. Some have other occupations, and some don't have to work, and some don't work, and so forth.
Q. Would that indicate that the assessors, as appointed by you, are what you might term two dollar men?
A. Not at all. We have a class of men that I think are better than the average.
Q. Do you mean those in the boroughs and cities?
A. In the country districts you can get a farmer for three dollars a day to do the work, and get a good man, but when you came to the boroughs and cities, where the rents and cost of living are higher, it is harder work, and you cannot get a good man.
By Mr. Moyer:
Q. At one of the hearings held in Philadelphia we had Simon Gratz, the president of the Board in Philadelphia, with us, and he made the statement that millions of dollars were not being returned for taxation, property owned by suburban residents living in New Jersey, or Delaware or adjacent counties, and that there was no way of telling why they were not returned. Does that prevail here?
A. Not to any appreciable extent, for the reason that local conditions are different here than they are in Philadelphia. There are possibly a few persons whose residence is not fixed. We have some here who made or inherited their pile, and will want a residence in Pittsburg—do not live here, but in Florida, or New York, or Colorado. A great many of those, in order to preserve their residence, make their returns here.
By Mr. Brown:
Q. Tax dodging is not prevalent?
A. No, sir.
By Mr. Cox:
Q. What per cent. is actually lost?
A. That is a mere matter of conjecture. I gave you our chief clerk's opinion on that.
Q. What would that amount to in dollars and cents?
A. The amount of the property returned for taxation here is about a hundred and eighty millions of dollars. It has been about that. It has been increasing slightly each year, except in the last year, and I would be inclined to agree with the chief clerk that we don't get more than one-half of the amount.
Q. It ought to be about two hundred and sixty millions?
A. Yes, sir. If we got two hundred and fifty millions we would get very nearly all we would be entitled to.
Q. What would the loss be in dollars and cents?
A. Take the $180,000,000 at four mills, and that would be $720,000. I believe the delinquent tax office shows only a loss of 2 per cent., and that is a very significant fact when you consider that the machinery for the collection is dificient. There is no law, and they have no legal remedy if the man refuses to pay his taxes. This is about the size of it. The total tax is about $720,000, and that is sent to the State. They keep $180,000, and the rest is sent back to Allegheny County.
Q. About a loss of about half a million?
A. Say about $200,000. That is mere conjecture, because there is no way of determining how many are not returned and how many make a false return.
By Mr. Moyer:
Q. During your three years have you ever had a case of a man whom you had every reason to believe was falsifying has returns?
A. Yes, sir.
Q. What efforts have you made to prosecute him?
A. We don't prosecute him, because we can't be sure about it, but if we have any good reason to think that that is the case, we revise his return and put it at the place where we think it ought to be.
Q. Do you think an arrest or two might have a wholesome effect?
A. It might. The law is indefinite, and the remedies are not strong. When there is doubt in the office of the Delinquent Tax Collector to enforce the payment of taxes, we are not going to arrest a man for making a false return. We believe that if a man does not make the proper return, and we do make what we consider the proper return, and add to that 50 per cent., that it brings him to time.
Q. The Commission has had a good deal of testimony along this line, and nowhere has there been an example made of a man who falsifies his return.
A. It places the assessors in a peculiar position, but I don't think the Board would hesitate on that account if they thought they had the power.
By Mr. Brown:
Q. Are interest bearing deposits assessed here?
A. Yes, sir, those bearing interest in savings accounts.
Q. In trust companies and banks?
A. As far as we can.
Q. What measure of success have you had in that direction?
A. Well, we get a good deal. A great many make returns and a great many do not.
Q. How would it be to amend the law and compel the trust company to pay the taxes and deduct it from the interest?
A. I don't know how it would be exactly. It has come to our knowledge time and time again, and I have called bank officials to account for it—that they and their cashiers have influenced depositors not to make a return of the deposits in savings accounts, saying that if they didn't make a return they wouldn't be taxed. If that is the case, I believe the remedy you proposed would be a good one.
Q. Do you think there would be anything unfair about it?
A. No, sir. The objection of the banks is as to giving information as to the private deposits. I myself think it would be a good remedy, and would go far toward relieving the situation.
Q. Have you any information as to the character of these people who have these accounts, whether they are the richer or poorer people?
A. All classes, Mr. Brown, I do not think that you could classify them. I think it is a matter of individual conscience, or knowledge or ignorance of the law. There are the three classes.
Q. Have you, in the performance of your duty, obtained any information as to the taxation of corporations?
A. I think the sentiment would be against it.
Q. Have you made the same inquiry with regard to an inheritance tax?
A. I think there would be no objection—not to a just one.
Q. What would you say as to the taxation of other articles besides those already taxed—say, for instance, automobiles? Some people think there ought to be a tax on them to be used for the development of the State's highways. One man said he would pay a hundred dollars a year, and that others ought to do the same thing.
A. I could not answer that.
Q. What is the sentiment of this community as to the mercantile taxes?
A. I think there is a strong sentiment against it.
Q. What is the reason?
A. Well, the average merchant is taxed very well on other classes of property, and there is no reason why he should be taxed on his business when others are not, and the tax does not fall equably.
Q. Does the method used by your Board tend to drive taxables from this county to residences elsewhere
A. I do not know of any such case.
Q. Do you think a lower late would produce more income?
A. I doubt it.
Q. The rate is not too high?
A. No, sir.
Q. What would you say as to the taxing of public service corporations? Did you look into that?
A. It is the custom of our assessors to examine every piece of property owned by the public service corporations

whether it is needed for their actual operations, and if not we put it on the tax rolls. We make as strict an investigationtion as we can, and we always get an application for the exemption of this, that and the other property.

By Mr. Hunter:

Q. I want to ask a question about the appointing of the assessors. I was wondering what you would think about the question of using a smaller number of assessors, and giving them permanent employment, whether they would become more efficient than if employed only temporarily?

A. In answering that I would say that anything in that direction would be for the betterment of the service. As you know, in Philadelphia the assessor is a permanent institution; the assessors, I believe, are appointed by the Board there. They are permanent officers, are salaried officers, and go on assessing all the time. I think that is the proper way. I think the assessors should be more permanent. The difficulty in Allegheny County and the other counties is the triennial assessment of all the real estate, and the third year is a very strenuous year for the assessor and for everybody connected with the assessor's office, and if that is the case we could have larger districts and have permanent assessors, and could get much better men.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Are they influenced by local associations? What would you say about taking a man from one district and working him in another where he is not so well known? What would you say about changing them around?

A. We always take a man from the district in which he lives to work in that district, on account of his knowledge of values there.

Q. It has been suggested that these assessors should be State appointments, and sent as strangers into a locality, so as not to be influenced by local influences.

A. I do not think that would do, because there you have the old case of the revenue collectors. The men that live in the districts have a knowledge that no stranger can have, especially in the rural districts—which no stranger could get. As I said before, the triennial assessment could be done away with, and the continual assessment would be the proper thing. I think the triennial assessment is an obsolete institution. It throws all the work into six months of each three years, and throws such an amount of work upon the Board and the assessors that the work cannot be done with care and in the careful manner in which it shauld be done. Our Board has been working since the twentieth of December, since we took up this matter, and has worked every day since then, practically, until a week ago. To do it right is a difficult matter.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. You have the entire county of Allegheny County?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. What is the assessed valuation of the realty?

A. A little over one billion.

Q. What is the valuation of the personal?

A. One hundred and eighty million last year.

Q. That, in your judgment, is a fair valuation of the worth of Allegheny County?

A. Not as to the personal property.

Q. How much personal property do you think is escaping taxation?

A. As I say, Mr. Moyer, I said our chief clerk gave it as his opinion that one-third is not taxed—is escaping taxation.

By Mr. Cox:

Q. If you knew where it was you would go after it?

A. Yes, sir. Guessing at it, I would say that we don't get at least 25 per cent., perhaps more. Supposing we get ninety thousand or one hundred thousand of these blanks from the Auditor General, and we distribute ninety thousand to our assessors, to be used under our direction; we get thirty thousand returns out of these: twenty thousand return property for assessment, and ten thousand return nothing. Of the twenty thousand returned, we get about a hundred and eighty-six million dollars worth of property for assessment. Two-thirds of this one hundred and eighty-six millions of dollars' worth of property returned for taxation in Allegheny County consists of mortgages. You will see that we get practically all of the mortgages, because they are a matter of record, and the Recorder is bound to certify to them ,and we can watch them closely. The other one-third is composed of such elements as the law includes —money at interest, and I do not think we get anything like all of that. That is money held on notes by private individuals, and moneys in savings banks bearing interest, articles of agreement for the sale of land, and that all depends upon the conscience of the owner and the persistence of the assessors, the amount of that we get.

But returning to the question of the taxation of mortgages, I was interested this morning by the argument of the man who thought that the taxation should be levied upon the real estate alone. I believe that everybody should be taxed upon everything that they own, and equably taxed, and it is the effort of our Board to see that they are. But I do not believe that under our present system that we are getting equality in this matter of taxation—that at least one-third of the taxable property is not taxed. There you have a case of where two-thirds are paying taxes, willingly or unwillingly, upon personal property, and one-third are not. You can see if that case were applied to the ownership of real property there would be no equality if two-thirds were taxed and one-third were not. But I think so far as the taxation of real property is concerned the tax is equable, and, the reason that is not the case in regard to personal property is because of the vagueness of the laws and that people don't pay those taxes. It is very evident that that law doesn't work entire equality if a number who own personal property are taxed, and only a portion owning property are not taxed. The question has been raised very often and discussed; that is, the question of the taxing of invested capital, and in some of the items that are taxed I do not believe it reaches the party intended. I don't believe, and I think I express the sentiment of the majority of thinking people in Pennsylvania that are concerned in this matter, I do not believe that the man who lends money on a mortgage is paying the four mills tax, even after he write the check. I have said to people who complain of this personal tax, and wanted a reason for it, I gave them the argument that Mr. Brown stated here this morning that everything that is taxed is rated so that those who have only personal property should bear the burden with those who own real estate. There are a great many men who have money loaned on mortgages who do not pay a cent towards the sustaining of the burdens of government. I believe that the expression and the opinion of almost every man who knows about the borrowing and lending of money will sustain that opinion. We know how many mortgages there are with 5.4 per cent. interest. It does not mean that the rate of interest is 5.4 but it means that the rate of interest is 5 per cent., and that that four mills is added on there to pay the taxes. So the borrower pays that in his interest. If that is the case, what is the result? The man that borrows the money is not only paying the taxes on the property, but upon the very mortgage he had to put upon it in order to allow him some years to pay his debt. I want you to consider it, because it is a very grave question of equality between man and man.

I met a man from New York, Lawson Curdy, President of the Board of New York, who had the whole State of New York and the assessment for New York under his control. We discussed this very matter. He said just about what I have been saying to you ,and I was taking the opposite side, because I expressed the opinion you expressed this morning——

Mr. Brown: That does not express my personal opinion. I just tried to draw an opinion from the speaker.

Mr. Smith: I expressed that opinion so frequently that I almost believed it myself, yet I believe that the man who borrows money is paying taxes levied upon the man who lends the money, and this is a double taxation, which ought not to be.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Why shouldn't the State of Pennsylvania tax the unencumbered as well as the encumbered real estate? You say that the encumbered man pays double taxes, one on the land and a tax to the State. Why shouldn't the man who is unencumbered pay taxes on his land? Why shouldn't the man who is unencumbered pay a tax to the State?

A. I don't see why he shouldn't.

Q. The encumbered man does?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. If the mortgagor does not actually pay the tax, and is paid on his real estate and on the other—first assume that he is.

A. Yes, sir, we will assume that he does not pay the tax, and the law intends that the tax should be paid by the lender and not the borrower, not only upon the property, but upon everything else.

By Mr. Cox:

Q. What portion goes to the State?

A. One mill. Four mills go to the State and three mills are returned. The amount of money that comes to Allegheny County is about a half a million of dollars, about three-fourths of seven hundred and twenty thousand dollars, and it relieves the taxes of Allegheny County to that extent, but at whose expense? So that the people who are paying that tax, if the borrower pays it, a certain portion is paying it to the State and paying it to the county.

Q. How does the three-fourths compare with the amount levied on real estate? What is the amount levied?

A. I could not tell you that exactly; about $4,000,000. We get about a half a million from the tax on personal property.

Q. Half a million?

A. Yes, sir, half a million.

Q. So you get about one-eighth of the tax on real estate in Allegheny County from personal taxes?

A. Yes, sir. If what has been stated is true, that tax is paid by a few—that five hundred thousand dollars—is paid by the borrower to relieve the many, those who do not borrow.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. Isn't it a fact that the act states that all money at interest bearing 5 per cent? You could not separate a mortgage from a certificate of deposit, or a judgment of record?

A. I think it applies to all. If the fact is so, that the borrower pays the tax, I believe he does it in all cases. I believe he pays it on notes and every loan, because the rate of interest will justify that, the supply and demand of money, and I think the rate now is the normal rates plus four mills.

Q. Provided it is under 6 per cent.?

A. Yes, of course.

By Mr. Cox:

Q. Then there is no crime committed if you do not collect the entire amount of the tax?

A. No, no crime, because the taxation act does not make it a crime.

Q. Do you mean that that one-third is one-third of the entire personal property in Allegheny County, or that you lose one-third of what is returned?

A. I mean one-third of the personal property we don't assess.

Q. That would be one-half as much more than you really have returned?

A. That would depend on which way you figured. We probably have about $250,000,000 of personal property in this county. It is a mere conjecture, but a large amount escapes taxation.

Q. You lose about one-half?
A. No, I wouldn't say that. I say we ought to have about one-third more than we have. It is a mere matter of conjecture.

DR. MOYER, representing the Mercy Hospital, of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, spoke as follows:

I have here a statement relative to the Mercy Hospital, which I wish to file with your Commission.

By Mr. Brown:
Q. Do you get State aid?
A. Yes, sir.
Q. How much?
A. Ninety-seven thousand dollars the last time.

By Mr. Moyer:
Q. What do you think about the State withholding appropriations from private charities not controlled by the Commonwealth?
A. I think the State ought to have control.
Q. That the title of the property should be vested in the State?
A. I think they ought to have the control of it.
Q. How could the State have absolute control of a property in which it had no title or interest? How could it ever acquire that property?
A. I don't know that the control—I have not given that very much consideration. There ought to be someone held accountable for the use of the money, the way it is used.
Q. The traveling Auditor General calls at your hospital?
A. Yes, sir.
Q. And audits the accounts?
A. Yes, sir.
Q. Do you keep a list of all the distributions of State money?
A. Yes, sir.
Q. Is the management obliged to borrow money until the voucher comes from the State?
A. Usually; not always.
Q. How do you manage to pay your bills? Have you a sufficient fund to do that?
A. Yes, sir.
Q. Have you an endowment fund?
A. No, sir. I have a copy of the report to the Board of Charities here. We were established in 1848; value of the real estate one million dollars; amount of indebtedness, fixed, $63,000, current, $24,465.66; a corporation; no endowment; officers, M. N. McMullian, president; J. D. Callery, secretary; F. H. Skelding, treasurer; services all gratuitous, number of buildings 5; number of beds for employes, 250; number of beds for patients, 350, for medical cases not limited, for maternity cases only emergency cases admitted; number of cases treated during the year: in patients, 4,594; dispensary or out patients 2,167; number treated free, 1,621; number partly free, 477; number full pay, 2,494; number of days hospital treatment (in patients only), 123,005; number of days free treatment, 43,058; per cent. of free treatment, over 33 1-3 per cent.; average number of beds occupied by patients during the year, 339; average cost of patients per day, $1.19. Owing to the advanced cost of living the average cost per patient per day was $1.71 during the last quarter.

By Mr. Cox:
Q. How many actual free beds have you set apart in your hospital?
A. None set apart as free beds; the estimate here is that one-third of the patients treated during the year were free patients. There are no separate wards.
Q. No preference given as between the paid and the other patients?
A. Not in the wards. Private room patients are expected to pay for their additional comforts.
Q. Do you charge anything for ward patients?
A. Yes, sir; if they are able to pay, they pay a dollar a day.

By Mr. Moyer:
Q. How do you ascertain whether they are able to pay?
A. We find out where they come from and their business.
Q. Do you have many patients in your hospital from adjoining States?
A. Not a great many; some from West Virginia and Ohio.

By Mr. Cox:
Q. Usually surgery cases?
A. Yes, sir.

By Mr. Woodward:
Q. Did you ever refuse any case brought to you?
A. Never on account of non-payment except infectious diseases. We are not allowed to receive them.
Q. You would not refuse a case on account of their inability to pay?
A. No, sir.

By Mr. Brown:
Q. What have been your private contributions as compared with the State?
A. I don't know how much.
Q. Proportionately?
A. I do not think they amount to very much.
Q. You mean the private contributions doesn't amount to very much?
A. It does not amount to anything like that of the State.
Q. You get more from the State?
A. Yes, sir.
Q. Hasn't the State appropriation a tendency to diminish these private donations?
A. No, sir.
Q. Does your management make any special effort to obtain private contributions?
A. They endeavor to get contributions whenever they can.
Q. How much did they get the last year?
A. I don't know.
Q. You are getting thirty thousand dollars from the State for two years, 1909 and 1910?
A. Ninety-seven thousand dollars was the last amount we had appropriated.
Q. What have you raised during that time by private contributions?
A. I don't know, but I don't think it is very much. I cannot give you the figures.
Q. In other hospitals in the city they can perform the same services?
A. I think our daily expense is lower than any other in the city.
Q. Could not the public be better served by combining the hospitals?
A. I do not think they would. I don't think the management can be any better.
Q. You are non-sectarian?
A. Yes, sir.
Q. You have a school for nurses?
A. Yes, sir.
Q. How many do you graduate in a year?
A. A training school for nurses and the number admitted is 71. A common school education is required; the term is three years, and there were graduated in the last year eight.
Q. You say eight in the last year?
A. Yes, sir.
Q. Is that better than the average?
A. It is a little more than that number about eight or ten or twelve.
Q. And this money appropriated by the State is used in the manner in which it should be used?
A. Yes, sir.
Q. And the officers of the institution are not paid for their services?
A. No, sir.

By Mr. Hunter:
Q. Don't you think that probably owing to the appropriation received from the State, there might be some laxity in getting it from those able to pay?
A. No, we are careful about that; we are careful all the time to get money to pay the bills. Very few get away without paying that are able to pay.

OLIVER McCLINTOCK, ESQ., Pittsburg, Pa., spoke as follows:

I did not intend to talk when I came here, but I was interested in the meeting. All that I have to say is as to the merchant. Merchants as a class, retail merchants, are very heavily burdened with taxes and something ought to be done to relieve it. We seem to be fair game for every tax that comes along.

By Mr. Moyer:
Q. If the merchants were relieved from that tax, what would you say, for instance, to placing a tax of one mill on manufacturing corporations?
A. I would not be able to say positively on that, because I realize it is a complicated problem. The thing to be striven for is equality of taxation. As to the taxes on mortgages being paid by the man in debt and in trouble that is true.
Q. How could you cure that unless you relieved all forms of personal property from taxation?
A. It is because I realize how complicated it is that I think that any man that speaks upon the question should have made a study of it. I didn't come here for that purpose, and would not like to give an opinion.

By Mr. Brown:
Q. Have you any associations in this city—a merchants' association?
A. I belong to the Chamber of Commerce.
Q. Any others?
A. Yes, sir, several. I understand the Pittsburg Board of Trade is to be represented here.
Q. If there is any association of that kind that you think we ought to hear, we would like to hear it.
A. I think probably they will be represented here.

D. J. STEWART, representing the Homeopathic Hospital of Pittsburg, spoke as follows:

I see a couple of friendly faces, and make bold to come here. They have seen me in Harrisburg hunting for appropriations. I can say to you that I am intensely interested in that institution—worked for it by day and dreamed of it by night. I do not come here to make any plea for cash at this time, but we had an invitation to come before you, and as our dear president died in December, this duty fell to me. I want to feel that I have done my duty towards the institution, and I wanted to meet you gentlemen, for perhaps you may see me later in Harrisburg when I come to solicit for money. I think I have been successful in that line among friends, and reasonably so with the gentlemen of the Appropriation Committee.

By Mr. Moyer:
Q. Then you wouldn't favor withholding appropriations from private institutions not under State control?
A. No, I would not, because it would drive some of them out of existence.
Q. Wouldn't it be better if it would?
A. I would not be unkind enough to reflect on any other charitable institution.
Q. Taking the State as a whole, has it ever been brought to your notice that there are certain institutions posing as charitable institutions, organized simply for the purpose of getting money from the State?
A. Not to my personal knowledge.
Q. The auditor sent out by the State examines the accounts of all hospitals, and we propose to account for every cent they receive from the State, and Mr. Brown has asked all representatives of hospitals whether they received much assistance from outside contributions.
A. I have nothing to conceal; we do. My efforts have been so consistent that my friends have avoided me. I tell them my years are getting fewer, and that I want them to contribute before I die.

By Mr. Hunter:

Q. What is the value of your new property?
A. We paid $135,000. I don't know exactly what we have expended on that building, but it would be over $300,000 dollars.
Q. Is it paid for?
A. So far as we have gone. We had an old institution in the city here, and to secure funds to build the new one we mortgaged the old one, to erect the new building. We didn't get the appropriation we had hoped for, and the buildings were not fully carried out. The front building—we had to introduce into that all the mechanical part of the institution, which we had expected to put in another wing. The mechanical department of that hospital, the heating and ice plants, and other machinery, is costing us in the neighborhood of one hundred and ten thousand dollars. Practically all the money that building represents has been contributed. Then we get from the State—I don't recall just how much we get from the State. We did at one time get seventy thousand dollars, and at another ninety or a hundred thousand dollars.
Q. Then you raised about one-half of what it cost?
A. Yes, sir, and we are getting it all the time. We are not permitted to pay any back bills for expenses with the money we get from the State. During the last period of two years previous to this we fell behind $23,000 and of that amount we got in debt for groceries and supplies during the panic. We have succeeded in begging enough of that amount so that to-day we are in debt only $6,000 of that amount. We raised about $16,000 or $17,000, and every day we are getting rid of that.
By Mr. Moyer:
Q. As a solution, if the State should withhold its appropriations from private charities, what would you say as to this: to have set apart moneys based upon the number of inhabitants of each county, and divide it up, say about a million dollars in Allegheny County, and let all appropriations be fixed by an Act of Assembly; what do you think about that?
A. There is among a certain class of people, a great fascination in hospital work. Men and their families become interested in it. They secure contributions that if they were not interested in the management of the hospital actively I do not believe would be tendered to the hospital. We have people—there is a certain pride among them to see who can secure the largest contributions towards the institution. We would lose that if it were entirely a State institution.
Q. You said you did not feel like making any unkind remarks or casting any reflections upon other institutions. What are your views about the consolidation of the hospitals—reducing the number?
A. There are a great many, and it is a great tax, not only on the State, but also on the people; but they are helping on all sides, and I think our citizens here are openhanded enough to give regardless of the institution. If the hospitals were consolidated, the patients that were injured on the South Side or the East End or in other places would have to be taken too far for treatment, but I presume that you mean there would be branch institutions under a central head.
Q. Yes.
A. I am afraid the public at large would lose interest in it under those conditions.
By Mr. Woodward:
Q. Instead of a number of the board of managers interesting their families and friends, there would be a fewer number interested? It would reduce the numbers that were interested?
A. That is what I think.
By Mr. Moyer:
Q. Are the board and president in your institution paid for their services?
A. The president in our institution pays money out of his own pocket.
Q. None receives a salary?
A. Oh, no. I have been connected with the hospital for twenty years and I have never got a cent of salary. It has cost me five hundred dollars since the first of January and there are others that have done the same.
Q. My line of examination was just following out the idea that the presidents were paid?
A. I don't know of any. I never heard of one in any institution that was paid. We pay the superintendent and the working force and the nurses. I presume the nurses get the same in other institutions as in ours. They get eight dollars the first year, ten the second and twelve the third.
Mr. Moyer: We are not sitting as a Board of Charities or Appropriations. We are trying to remedy some of the conditions.
Mr. Stewart: I am interested in the Children's Hospital, too. It is getting along finely. They have a small endowment. The Homeopathic Hospital has a fair endowment. If I could live long enough I would like to see the day that hospital would be supported on the interest of the endowment. This may sound like a plea for cash, but I didn't come here with that intention.
Q. You are familiar with a number of the other hospitals in this city?
A. Reasonably so.
Q. In your judgment are they wisely and economically managed?
A. Yes, sir.
Q. And that no unwise expenditure of the State money is being made.
A. Not that I know of; not wilfully.
By Mr. Hunter:
Q. You have a pretty vigorous system of collection; do you vigorously collect the money.
A. We get what we can from the patients. We had yesterday in the down-town hospital fifty-six patients. We are moving out to the new one, and we are trying to make this one an emergency hospital. Of the fifty-six patients forty were altogether charity.
Q. Do you follow closely and vigorously and work hard to make collections from those you care for and treat?
A. Yes, sir.

G. C. URQUHART, Esq., representing the Pennsylvania Lines West of Pittsburg, spoke as follows:

The General Counsel for the Pennsylvania Lines handed me the circular the Commission sent out, and in response to that invitation he requested that I come before the Board and give them the benefit of any ideas that I might have in regard to the revision of taxes in the State. I have nothing to say about the method or system, but rather prefer to leave that to others. But there is one thing in regard to the system of taxation in Pennsylvania that I have not heard touched on in any of the discussions, and that is the manner of collection, and the system of accounting and the keeping of the records in Pennsylvania. You know we have a different collector in nearly every borough and township. As a fair example of that, the Pennsylvania Lines West of Pittsburg, which has a large amount of mileage within the State, in seven different counties, is obliged every year to pay out three hundred and twenty-five different bills, whereas if we had the Ohio and Indiana system in Pennsylvania, we could pay the money direct to the County Treasurer.
By Mr. Moyer:
Q. Do you mean on the depots and so forth?
A. Property and rights of way.
Q. Any realty used in the operation of the railroad is exempt from taxes?
A. Yes, sir. It takes three hundred and twenty-five bills to pay our taxes in Pennsylvania, whereas in the States of Ohio and Indiana about nine vouchers would pay that.
Q. How is that done?
A. In the States of Ohio and Indiana—I think it would be a great help to you gentlemen if you would slip out there and have a little talk with the State Auditor in Ohio and Indiana—and you would get some valuable information. In Ohio all the taxes are collected by the County Treasurer, and the County Auditor keeps the books of all the collections and all levies, and the funds are carried in accounts and accredited to the different officials.
Q. We have no County Auditor?
A. No, but I thought that you probably might want to consider some question of that sort.
Q. Your proposition would be to create the office of County Auditor?
A. The name would not make any difference. It would be very convenient for a large corporation. In the State of Ohio we are in fifty-seven of the fifty-eight counties.
By Mr. Woodward:
Q. How are the bills sent?
A. Very seldom sent; we have to go after them. It seems to be quite a habit for the tax collector to wait until the 5 per cent. has been added.
By Mr. Moyer:
Q. That is only human?
A. Yes, sir. In the State of Ohio they have a very complete system of preparing tax bills. After that work is done in the office of the Treasurer, prior to the time of the collecting of taxes, and the amounts are sent out to the owners, and the property owner goes to the office and all his bills are handed to him, and he pays his bills, and the coupons are torn from the receipts and put in the drawer and used for the purpose of checking. In Allegheny County, when you go to the window and want to find out about your property, if it is in one ward you go to one window, or if it is in a borough you go to another window, and so on.
By Mr. Woodward:
Q. If there is a line you have to wait your turn?
A. Yes, sir.
By Mr. Moyer:
Q. What is this taxable property?
A. Real estate and things not used in the operation of the road.
Q. How is the value determined?
A. By the local assessors, the same as any other property owner.
Q. Have you anything to do with the filling out of these blanks, as required by the Auditor General?
A. No, sir.
Q. Have you heard any complaint, or any expression that it would be more handy if the returns were made at the close of the year instead of the first Monday of November?
A. I believe I have heard the Accounting Department speak of that, to have to concur in time with the report of June 30, as required by the Interstate Commission.
Q. June 30th or December 31st?
A. Yes, sir.
Q. That would be the capital stock tax year?
A. Yes, sir.
By Mr. Brown:
Q. How would it do for the different tax collecting officials to certify a tax to the County Commissioners, or to the Auditor General, and have the Auditor General send you a bill?
A. That is practically the method in West Virginia. Railroad property is assessed by a Board of Public Works. The Board of Public Works receives reports from the different counties, and when the reports are all in the taxes are compiled and a complete bill made against the corporation—railroads I am referring to—and those bills paid direct by the corporation for all its property in the State to the State Treasurer, and the State Treasurer certifies certain money back to each taxing district in the county.
Q. How would you get a revision in case you wanted an appeal. You would have to go back to the original tax levying official?
A. Yes, sir. So far as corporations are concerned, the matter is handled by a State Board. For instance, in West

Virginia, a railroad is valued on its tangible property. The very instance I speak of, if there is any appeal as to the valuation it has to be done then and there, before they certify their official values.

By Mr. Hunter:

Q. What is your opinion as to the present method of assessing valuations?

A. I have no complaint to make about that.

Q. You find them fair, do you?

A. Usually so; usually, a little personal talk with the local official and resorting to maps and other things will show him his mistake.

Q. Where do you find that trouble, generally?

A. Mostly in the assessor, in determining to his satisfaction the proportion of the ground owned by the company, used for railroad purposes, that would come under the general corporation tax. We have no complaint on that ground. We have had very good results.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. Are you obliged to pay any tax other than the capital stock tax in the States of Ohio and Indiana?

A. In the State of Ohio we pay a tax of fifteen thousand dollars a year, which is fixed, and divided among the railroads of the State, in proportion to their property there.

Q. Fifteen thousand dollars is your tax?

A. No, that is the total. We pay a tax in the State of Ohio—a direct tax—a tax on real and personal property. Indiana is the same way, only two taxes, a tax on real and a tax on personal property.

Q. A tax on real and a tax on personal property?

A. Yes, sir. We have no capital stock tax in Ohio and Indiana.

Q. Instead, they assess the tangible assets?

A. Yes, sir. In the States of Ohio and Indiana all stock is subject to a tax for State purposes. In Pennsylvania we don't pay a State levy.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. As I understand it, the railroads in Pennsylvania are fairly well satisfied with the present tax law?

A. I believe they are.

Q. As I understand it, it is only the annoyance in making the payments?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. You will find that is going to be a very difficult thing to correct. The local authorities are very jealous of their prerogatives.

A. I realize it would be a hard matter to correct. I felt that I would like to call the attention of the Commission to it, and I have never seen or heard it discussed.

Here the Commission adjourned to meet Friday, March 25, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M.

Public meeting, Pittsburg, Pa., morning March 25, 1910.

And now, Friday, March 25, 1910, the hour of 10 o'clock A. M. having arrived, the Commissisn met, pursuant to adjournment.

JAMES A. BEAVER, ESQ., representing the Pennsylvania State College, spoke as follows:

If your solicitor will indicate what you would like to hear I will give you any information in my power. So far as I know, I appear here by the direction of the president of the Pennsylvania State College, the college having been summoned, or an intimation made, that the Committee would be glad to hear from its representatives as to the relation which it bears to the State. If you wish information on that subject, I will be glad to give you what I know. It is peculiar, absolutely unique. It has a relation to the State that no other institution in the United States has, educational, charitable, or any other sort. I do not think that this has ever been quite understood by our legislative authorities. In the constractual relations, and those of the State to the United States, and the State and the college, it is absolutely unique. Then I might have a suggestion or two to make as to its maintenance, growing out of the contract which the State made with the United States and with the college. If Mr. Brown will interrogate me and guide me in what you want to hear, I will be glad to give you any information that I have.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. I assume from what you say that it is proper for the State to appropriate money for the support of such institutions?

A. It is not only proper, but an absolute contract that it will do it.

Q. Where is the State benefited by the maintenance of such an institution?

A. From the same point of view that the State is benefited by the maintenance of a system of education. The Constitution, you know, provides for the maintenance of a thorough system of education, under the Act of 1854, relating to what we call high schools. The question has been raised as to whether there was a high school until 1885, until the law of that year was passed. Under the law of 1854, which authorized the establishing of schools in the different counties, we have had high schools in Pennsylvania, but it was the United States Government that really started the idea of the education of the industrial classes for the pursuits and professions of life.

In 1853 Governor Bigham called the attention of the Legislature to the condition of our agriculture, and suggested that we have a State Chemist appointed to make some analysis of the agricultural conditions, and an analysis of the soils. Judge Watts and Robert A. Walker, and men of that class, took that idea up, and in 1853 had a charter granted by the Legislature for the Farmers' High School of Pennsylvania. Inside of a year, in 1855, a new charter was granted, under which the Farmers' High School of Pennsylvania was organized. General Irwin, of Center County, gave two hundred acres of land to the college, and the people of Center County gave twenty-five thousand dollars, on the condition that the institution would be located in Center County. Probably a dozen other people made offers of farms, and the people of Blair County and other counties made offers of ground on condition that it would be located in their several counties. Governor Pollock, then Governor of Pennsylvania, and several of the trustees of the Farmers' High School were appointed a Commission to go over the State and determine where the institution should be located. After visiting the State, thirteen different locations were considered, but they finally determined on Center County, and they finally decided to accept the two hundred acres of land donated by General Irwin and the twenty-five thousand dollars given by the citizens of Center County to be used towards the erection of the buildings. In the original act of incorporation, the Commonwealth authorized the Agricultural Society of Pennsylvania to donate as much as ten thousand dollars to this institution, which it did. Elliott Cresson, of Philadelphia, was the first private contributor outside of Center County, and he gave five thousand dollars. Subsequently the Legislature appropriated fifty thousand dollars towards the erection of the buildings. The State gave in the neighborhood of one hundred thousand dollars for the erection of the buildings, and the people throughout the State gave about a like sum. That ushered in the Farmers' High School of Pennsylvania.

In 1862, under the leadership of Governor Morrell ,then in the lower house of Congress, and with the co-operation of James T. Hale, a member of Congress and also a trustee of the Farmers' High School, what was called the Morrell Land Grant Act was passed, and it was signed by Lincoln on the second day of July, 1862. The object of the institutions organized under that Act is fully set out in the Act itself. The Act appropriated and set apart thirty thousand acres of land for each Member of Congress and Senator in Congress. Pennsylvania, by that Act, secured seven hundred and eighty thousand acres of land. And the Legislature of Pennsylvania, which was in session in April, 1863, had before it that Land Grant Act, and an offer of the United States of seven hundred and eighty thousand acres of land on condition that it would erect and maintain at least one institution whose principal object should be without excluding the other studies, to teach such branches as related to agriculture and the mechanical arts, in such a way as to provide the industrial classes with the pursuits and professions of life. If you have ever seen a better scheme of education, I would like to see it. The industrial classes, mark you—not a high school education—but an education that would fit the industrial classes for the various pursuits and professions of life. A profession in that day was understood to be either theology, law or medicine. That was about the run of professional education. Now, instead of dealing with the professions that deal with the degenerative side of humanity, our professions are looking to the constructive side of humanity, and the engineer is the great man of to-day. We don't deal with the degenerative man, but the engineer deals with the building up of things, and it is under this act of Morrell's, and the educational side of our whole make up that has been established under that Act, that the engineer has become the great man of to-day, and has made our industrial life and our ordinary life what it is. Take that light, for instance, that comes from this bill, and comes from the education of the industrial classes —that arises out of this Land Grant Act. Now, the United States said to the State of Pennsylvania, we will give you seven hundred and eighty thousand acres of land, on condition that you erect, maintain and support an institution of this kind, and the Legislature, on the first of April, 1863, in an Act of Assembly, which I will read here, says: "We will do that." Seven hundred and eighty thousand acres of land would be worth at least nine hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars. Here was practically a million dollars thrown into the lap of Pennsylvania on condition that it should maintain an institution. Then the Legislature turned around and said to the Trustee of the Farmers' High School that this college was along the very lines of what Morrell said in this Act that they were to do, this Act that was passed on the second day of July, 1862. It said to them, "You are already teaching agriculture, you simply have to enlarge along the mechanical arts side, and this college, for which the State of Pennsylvania contributed a hundred thousand dollars and the people of the State a like amount, why not just take that institution and meet the requirements of this Land Grant Act?" and the Trustees said, "Certainly, you take it, and give us the benefit of the grant." In 1863 the Legislature passed this act:

> "Whereas, by an act of Congress, passed the second day of July, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, two, a grant of land was made to the several States and Territories which may provide colleges for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanical arts, equal to thirty thousand acres for each Senator and Representative in Congress to which the States are respectively entitled by the apportionment under census of 1860, which Act of Congress requires that the several States, in order to entitle them to the benefit of the said grant, should, within two years from the date of said act, express their acceptance of the same; and
>
> "Whereas, the Legislature of Pennsylvania has already shown its high regard for the agricultural interests of the State by the establishment of the Agricultural College of Pennsylvania, by making liberal appropriations thereto; therefore,
>
> "Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in joint assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same. That the Act of Congress of the United States, passed the second day of July, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, entitled "An Act donating lands to the several States and Territories which may provide colleges for the benefit of agricul-

ture and the mechanical arts,' be and the same is hereby accepted by the State of Pennsylvania with all its provisions and conditions, and the faith of the State is hereby pledged to carry the same into effect."

Accepts the Act of Congress with all its conditions and provisions, and pledges the faith of the State to carry it into effect. If you can find any other such enactment by the State of Pennsylvania in regard to any other institution in the State of Pennsylvania, I have never seen it. And I would be willing to leave it to any lawyer if that was not a contract between the State of Pennsylvania and the United States Government. And the Legislature in this act said further: "We can meet the requirements of this act by taking this college; and by the addition of the instruction in the mechanical arts, we can meet the requirements of this act, and we will pledge the faith of the State to carry out all of its conditions and provisions." Now the Act of Congress requires that no part of the income of this land grant shall ever be used directly or indirectly, in any manner whatever, in the erection, maintenance or repair of any building or buildings. What then? Why, of course, the State having pledged its faith to carry out the provisions of the Act of Congress, is bound to maintain the buildings. Now what follows? I said we had seven hundred and eighty thousand acres of land, sixty thousand less than New York. New York had two more representatives than we had. We have twenty-four Representatives and two Senators and they had twenty-six Representatives and two Senators. Under the provisions of the Land Grant Act no State was allowed to locate this land outside of itself. Of course, Pennsylvania having no land within its borders, it could not locate anywhere. So it was with all the States outside of the Southern States, which were in rebellion. Thirty thousand acres of land was granted to each State for each Representative and Senator in Congress. This act also provided for a Commission to consist of the Governor, Surveyor General and the Auditor General, who should attend to the disposition of this land grant. Our Commission consisted of Governor Curtin, Campbell, and I have forgotten the name of the Auditor General. They put the land on the market and sold it for an average of fifty-three cents an acre, less than one-half of what the United States was getting for their land which they were selling in quarter sections. It really should have amounted to about nine hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars, and it actually yielded about three hundred and ninety thousand and some hundred dollars. Campbell made a report after the thing was closed up. I knew him very intimately. He was humiliated at the way things turned out. He made a report to the Legislature. He said that this thing was a sacrifice. He said we have in the neighborhood of three hundred and ninety thousand dollars, and he suggested that we put it into United States bonds. He also suggested that the Legislature authorize the Commission to sell the bonds, and turn the money over to the Treasurer of the State of Pennsylvania, and that the State should give to the Agricultural College of Pennsylvania its bond for five hundred thousand dollars, and in that the Land Grant Act requires each State to maintain the fund which it receives from the Land Grant Act at least 5 per cent. interest, I suggest that the State makes its bond bearing 6 per cent. interest for fifty years, the interest in the meantime to be paid to the Agricultural College of Pennsylvania. There is the foundation of the endowment of the Pennsylvania State College, to which the United States contributed in the neighborhood of four hundred and six thousand dollars, and the remaining ninety-three thousand and some hundred dollars was simply a gratuity on the part of the State of Pennsylvania in keeping their contract made with the United States. Instead of giving their bond for the amount received from the Land Grant Act, and at 5 per cent., the State gave its bond for five hundred thousand dollars at 6 per cent., and the State College receives every year from that thirty thousand dollars, fifteen thousand dollars semi-annually on that bond for its maintenance. From 1887 the State gave irregularly to the college at different times. One time, shortly after it took the college, it provided for the payment of a mortgage of eighty thousand dollars, which was necessitated by the erection of the old main hall. Two sets of contractors broke up in the construction of that building. One end of the building was erected, and students were received in 1859. War came along, and building material advanced, and the building, instead of costing ninety thousand dollars, cost nearly two hundred thousand dollars. It required a mortgage of eighty thousand dollars, bearing 7 per cent. interest, and it cost fifty-six hundred every year to keep that mortgage alive. Finally it was paid by the State. Since that time there have been a half dozen acts passed by Congress, one called the Hatch Act, which gave fifteen thousand dollars a year for the purpose of making experiments in agriculture, and in order to meet the requirements of this bill, the trustees of the college conveyed to themselves, and to the institution one hundred acres of land, to be set apart under this trust, that it should be held inviolably sacred, for all times, for the purpose of the Hatch Act, under which the State, and through the State the college was to receive fifteen thousand dollars a year for experiments, and that makes the experiment station of Pennsylvania, and the State College holds that one hundred acres in trust, inviolably in trust, for meeting the requirements of the Hatch Act, and it has so held it, and is bound to for all time. They could not sell it, it is held in trust for that purpose, and as a result of that the Legislature said that the income of this act was to go to the Agricultural College of Pennsylvania. In the meantime the section in the Morrell Land Grant Act, which compelled the land grant colleges to give instruction in the mechanical arts and agriculture, compelled the college to enlarge its sphere, and instead of being the Agricultural College of Pennsylvania, confining its time and attention to agriculture, it took up mechanical arts, and has grown into one of the greatest schools in the United States. It is third in its number of students in the United States, and there are more State College men within a radius of a hundred miles of Pittsburg, giving their time and attention to the mechanical arts, and building up your industries, than from any other institution in the United States. I can summon two hundred by telephone that are located in this vicinity, New Castle, Youngstown, Cleveland, etc., and some of the best engineers you have in the various departments of your industrials come from State College. We had a man a few years ago who had a great reputation at the college for flunking. He came to be known as "Flunky so-and-so." He could not get along in his studies, and he finally hit on metallurgy. He found his notch. He could control the college students and get anything from them he wanted. He was not much of a success there at school until he took up metallurgy. When he graduated, and he did graduate in that branch without any trouble, he came here and became assistant superintendent of one of your largest furnaces. He worked as assistant superintendent for a number of years. The superintendent there died, and the thing ran along under "Blank's" management. He could control the men, and he was a master in connection with the workings of the furnace, and he made a record on that furnace that broke the record of the world. He was wearing himself down, and had all the responsibility, and he asked the concern to appoint a superintendent, and they appointed him, and he has been there ever since, and making good. I could tell you of others, and could name them. It is just such work as that that resulted from the extensions of the colleges as required by the Land Grant Act, because it required that all these colleges not only should give instructions in agriculture, but also in the mechanical arts. The Morrell Acts says that they shall fit the industrial classes for the various pursuits and professions of life. You must keep that in mind all the time. Now, the Legislature of Pennsylvania, of course, in order to meet the requirements of the Act of Congress, had to have a college, because that is the fundamental question in the Morrell Act, and they said to the trustees of the Agricultural College of Pennsylvania, "Here is this college we have helped you to build, let us take it," and the trustees said, "Certainly," and in the Act of 1863, they said, "We pledge the faith of the State to maintain this college under the Act of 1862. That meant exactly what was in the minds of the trustees of the college, and they said, "When we have the State of Pennsylvania pledging its faith to maintain this institution, it has got to be maintained if there is anything in the faith of the State." That constituted the contract between the United States and the State of Pennsylvania, and the State of Pennsylvania and the college. Now, it is true that this was never considered as a contract in the ordinary sense. It was not considered a contract under which the college could sue the State, but the Legislature, in carrying out the pledge of faith of the State of Pennsylvania, must determine just how far it is to be carried out. The trustees of the college come regularly before the Legislature with the budget, sometimes running as high as three million of dollars, sometimes less, and they generally get about one-tenth of what they ask for. We have a great number of students there now, and the board is considering the question of limiting the freshman class of the coming year to five hundred. Last year it was four hundred and thirty-five.

Mr. Brown: The Legislature of Pennsylvania in the session of 1909 appropriated a certain amount for two years for the maintenance of the Department of Engineering, and also an amount to make good certain payments. The Governor cut both these appropriations, and gave as his reason the insufficiency of State revenue, the lack of sufficient funds being caused by appropriations to institutions not under State control. In your opinion, should that college, the State College, be taken care of before any money was appropriated to institutions not under State control?

A. Yes, sir, I think it should because of the contract.

Q. Entirely independent of the contract, do you think it should?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Entirely independent of the legal obligation—take the moral obligation?

A. Yes, sir. I got a notice the other day from a little fellow named A. Solomon Silverstein, informing me that I was elected an honorary member of the Cosmopolitan Club of the State College, composed of men from nearly every country, graduates from State College. Here were boys from Cuba, Porto Rico, and from all over the world, and they got up a little club. It was signed by A. Solomon Silverstein, secretary. A few years ago, before Dr. Sparks came to the college, having been president of the Board of Trustees, I was asked to occupy the president's chair. I spent most of my time there during my vacation. Miss Smithsky, the president's secretary, told me of a young fellow from Philadelphia, who prepared at the Brown Training School, who was there with only three dollars in his pocket to get an education. I sent for the boy and looked him over, and made up my mind he was going to make good. I said to her, "You tell this boy to go to McAllister Hall and board three weeks at my expense." She told him the next day, and he would not go. He said, "I have a job now." He never took the three weeks' boarding. He had a job in the dairy building, giving so many hours a day there. He is now in his third year—a bright young fellow. He worked in the day and is studying at night, and he is going to be one of the educated men of this State. I was sitting in the office one day when a fellow came in. He said, "I have a suit of clothes and twenty dollars, and of course that isn't going to pay for my books, boarding and so forth. What am I going to do?" I said, "Over there at McAllister Hall the people will give you a table to serve if you can bring twelve people there, and you will get your board." He said,

"I am a stranger, I don't know a soul here." Dr. Welsh became interested in the case, and said he would see what he could do. He sat back and said, "Will you pare potatoes?" The boy said, "I will do anything that is decent and honorable to get an education." Dr. Welsh said, "You pare potatoes two hours a day and you will get your board." And he did that, and now he is away up in his class. I know three fellows that have two rooms together, and every evening at eight o'clock they shut up shop and press trousers at ten cents apiece, and are going through college in that way.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. I assume that it is your opinion, if there is not sufficient revenue that this institution should be favored?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. All of its immediate needs should be satisfied?

A. Yes, sir, and as a matter of fact the contract comes first.

Q. Assuming the revenue was not sufficient, do you think the State would be justified in increasing her list of taxables?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. You think a State should increase the taxables in order to take care of these institutions?

A. I have had that in mind for a number of years, and a great many of the States are setting the example. In one State they laid a tax of one mill for the support of their land grant college. Probably ten or twelve States have levied a tax of one-tenth of a mill for the support of the land grant colleges, in accordance with the contract which they had made with the United States to support at least one college, whose principal object shall be to give instruction in the sciences that relate to agriculture and the mechanical arts.

Q. Your idea is that in such institutions those who take a course in those branches should be cared for, and the State should provide sufficient money?

A. No, I don't think that the State should say, "You go there and we will board you." The college endeavors to provide for them. I know of two hundred fellows that are going through college on two hundred dollars a year.

Q. Where is the State limited in its obligation under the contract of the grant?

A. It is not limited.

Q. It should take care of this institution?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. And that should be done even to the withholding of their support for institutions not under State control?

A. Yes, sir. I never went that far in my personal relation to this thing. When I was in the executive office I had the same trouble. I was confronted with so many millions of appropriations and so many millions less of revenue, and it had to go around. I worked it out this way, that no charitable institution should lack funds to carry out its work. There is a hospital here, the West Penn Hospital. They had so much to pay a mortgage, so much for maintenance and so much for improvements. I told James B. Scott, who came to see me with reference to this appropriation, that they were not to turn a patient away from the institution. I told him how much they would be allowed, and when we had talked it over he said it was reasonable, and they would have to be satisfied. We have built a stone-like structure out of concrete, and we have one of the best chemistry lecture rooms in the United States. A few years ago our mining department became so pushed for room that something had to be done. We could not wait until the Legislature met. We solicited funds. We came to Pittsburg and a half dozen people gave a thousand dollars. One man gave twenty-five hundred dollars. We put up a hemlock building, and whilst it is a miserable affair, yet it serves the purpose, and will until we can get something better.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Do these men stay mostly in the State of Pennsylvania?

A. They go wherever the inducement is greatest. A man interested in mining will go to Nevada or Colorado, or sometimes to Mexico. There is a great demand for instructors in this branch, and we are every year sending men all over the country to fill these places. One man is at the head of the experimental station in Oklahoma, and a man by the name of Fields has been connected with the Agricultural Department for some time. As I said before, I could summon two hundred men by telephone within fifty miles of Pittsburg, and that will give you some idea of the influence that the men of this institution are exerting upon the industries and institutions of this Commonwealth.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. I understood you to say that you have students from almost every section of the world?

A. A few.

Q. Do they pay the State College a tuition fee?

A. Not now. We used to charge one hundred dollars for people outside of Pennsylvania, but that led to a good many complications, and we stopped that.

Q. Based upon the fact that the State of Pennsylvania maintains this institution, don't you think that the students there should be confined to citizens of the Commonwealth?

A. The college has never encouraged students from outside of the State to become enrolled there. The college is so well known, and particularly in agriculture the standing of the college is such that it draws students from every State. To have such a rule would result in people coming into the State and locating somewhere, and making their declaration of citizenship, and say I am a citizen of such and such a place, or town or borough, and then become a student at the college. He would have a right to become a citizen, and then would have the right to become a student. I have a list here of the students from the several counties in Pennsylvania. Allegheny leads with 95, Philadelphia next with 87, and Center county next with 70. And so it is all down the list, and every county is represented but Pike county. That will give you some idea of th representation throughout the State.

By Mr. Hunter:

Q. Assuming that the State would appropriate all th funds that you would ask for, would the number of stu dents at your college increase with greater rapidity tha it has in the past?

A. I don't know that it would. I don't think we coul keep up with the increase. The town is endeavoring t take care of the students so far as lodging is concerne We don't have college dormitory buildings. If we did w would get fifty dollars for every room, and that would b an income. That would be one way to provide for thi institution, and one of the best ways. If we had dormi tory buildings to accommodate a thousand men we woul derive a nice income from them, and the State could no put the money anywhere to better advantage.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. I am not quite clear as to what your test of citizen ship is. You said that if a boy declares himself a citize of the State of Pennsylvania, he can be enrolled as a stu dent at State College. Is that test a mere declaration?

A. Citizenship depends upon the intention. If a ma declares his intention to become a citizen, he becomes voter, because it requires citizenship to become a voter, an so in a certain time he becomes a charge upon the distric into which he comes, and that district is bound to suppor him, and so it is all the way through in regard to the rec ognition of citizenship.

Q. You would think it would be all right then, inasmuc as the State appropriates money for the maintenance o this institution and this established contract entered int with the United States Government, that the student bod should be confined to the State.

A. If you look at it from that point of view I think i would be all right. At other institutions, such as Cornell students from Pennsylvania pay a fee to go there.

Q. They pay a tuition fee?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. You refer not to the Cornell University, but to th agricultural school.

A. It is a part of the Cornell University, and also a State institution. I wish we had had a Cornell in Pennsylvania. We would have had a million dollars out of th land grant. Cornell bought the land from the State, and located it himself, because the State couldn't locate it. He held the land and sold it at a good price. He never sold an acre for less than ten dollars, and some of it as high as twenty-five. The college was to pay Cornell for what he had put into it, with interest at 6 per cent., and the proceeds of the sale of the land were to go to the Agricultural College and Cornell University. If we had had someone here to take this seven hundred and eighty thousand acres of land and locate it in the timber lands of Wisconsin and some of the other States, and held it for us to be disposed of in the same way, we would have gotten enough out of it so that we wouldn't have to bother the State.

Q. It seems to me, inasmuch as you made this statement here that the board of trustees was thinking of limiting the freshman class to five hundred on account of there being so many enrolled, that there should be no difficulty in coming to the conclusion that State College should confine its students to those who are citizens of the Commonwealth.

A. We would have to go further. Say we limit the number of students coming to our college to five hundred per year. We would have to go further and say they will be admitted from the counties of Pennsylvania in proportion to their population, if they claim the right to them. That would be necessary, and indeed originally that was the case. If Center county would say we want more than our proportion, the trustees would say, "No, you can only have your proportion, according to the population, of the number enrolled.

Q. What in your judgment should the State do with charitable institutions over which it has no control, and the title to his property is not vested in the State in its relations to these institutions? Should it continue appropriating to such institutions?

A. That is a very broad question. Of course, Pennsylvania does more of that than any other State. At least it did when I made a study of it, and I never could quite make up my mind that the State of Pennsylvania could shut up its bowels of compassion.

Q. At the time you were Governor did it ever strike you that there were too many hospitals?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. What would you say as to a consolidation of hospitals?

A. I suppose I made as many enemies as anyone possibly could by vetoing bills for hospitals. I have gone through hospitals that had a hundred vacant rooms, and again into others that had not only every bed occupied, but the operating tables. They had a patient sleeping on the operating table because there was no bed. The hospitals for the insane and our miners' hospitals are such institutions. The State has paid for them and has the title to them, and is under obligation to maintain them. A great many of these private hospitals are coming in and saying, "We will build a hospital and help maintain it, but we want help from the State." Why shouldn't we give the help to the hospital rather than build it and own it? It can't be used for any other purpose. The State rather gains by it rather than loses. I remember during my term in the executive office that the Legislature appropriated a certain amount for three miners' hospitals. I appointed three of the keenest men I knew of in Pennsylvania to build them. After they reported to me what they could do with the appropriation, and had located the three places for the buildings, I said it wouldn't do, that there would have to be four, and they would have to build them out of this appropriation. I told them if they could not do that they would have to go to the several communities in which they

are located and say that they must help finish them. They had assurances from the different communities that such would be the case, and they did build the four hospitals, one at Mercer, one in Philadelphia, one in Center county and one in ————————, four regions in which hospitals were needed. We cannot hustle these men injured in mines all over the State. There must be some place near where the injured can be taken, and you know that question of taking care of the diseased and injured is just as important as the question of education. Where you can get a community to help build an institution and help the State pay for it, it looks like a good proposition.

Q. And the title is vested in the State?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. And the State should take care of its own?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Did you ever come across a concrete example where money appropriated for maintaining a hospital was ever misused? Was that ever brought to your attention?

A. Oh, yes, all sorts of questions of that sort. I never found a well authenticated case in which the accusation was made absolute. I think in the main our hospitals are thoroughly well managed, but, of course, I haven't very much knowledge on that subject.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Assuming there is a great necessity for insane asylums, do you think it is proper for the State and wise, to delay in the erection of those institutions, because she has not money to do it and appropriate to institutions not under State control? Shouldn't she build her own institutions first?

A. I was on the commission for building the hospital for the insane at Warren. There were only three of us, and you can get along with a commission of three. I said, "Gentlemen, we are building for a thousand years. A State does the most economical thing when it builds the most reliable buildings, buildings of stone, iron and concrete, and we will put the best that can be put into this building." I believe we did it. We ran along for about ten years building it, but when it was built it was there for all time. We had the best builders we could get in Pennsylvania.

Q. Was it not possible to erect it in less time?

A. It could not have been erected properly in less than five.

Q. So that for five of those ten years that institution could have been used?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Before you finished the institution you were paying for repairs and up-keep?

A. No, I don't think so.

Q. Did you have that brought to your attention as to other buildings?

A. Yes, sir. The one at Norristown was built about the same time, and before they had finished it, they had to go over it. If you visit the two institutions you will see the difference. I do not believe there is any economy in building for the State in a cheap way.

Q. We have had several letters complaining that the State institutions should be finished first.

A. If you put it on the ordinary business proposition that a man should take care of his own first, then I think it would be the thing to do. But humanity demands sometimes that we sacrifice self and help the other man.

Q. Do you think that would apply to the case where the insane are concerned? Why should the insane be allowed to roam at large for want of proper quarters, while these moneys are being distributed to these institutions?

A. That is true, and where the insane patient can be taken care of in the first instance and probably restored, you cannot spend too much.

Q. Would the same apply to the feeble minded?

A. Not so much in that case when their ailment is permanent, but when a man can be restored it is the only proper thing to do. We have erred in the direction of spending more money on our so-called insane patients; not strictly so in the ordinary sense, they have got beyond that. They have got to the point where nothing can be done for them, and they cannot be restored. But the others, and the chances are that seven in ten can be restored, should be taken care of. I became interested in the question of the larger counties maintaining their own hospitals for the insane, and a great many of them are doing it and doing it well, some of them perhaps not so well. Just before I give way to Dr. Sparks, who can tell you of the relations of Pennsylvania to the other States, there are two ways that the State College can be maintained without trespassing upon any other educational institution. I believe in the largest possible appropriations to our educational institutions. I do not believe that Pennsylvania can expend too much in that direction. I would rather spend money in developing minds that will have a tendency towards benefiting the Commonwealth, than upon minds that can never do anything.

Q. But each man, of course, must be taken care of?

A. Yes, sir, just the same as you provide for your paupers and your children that go to school. When you look to the welfare of the State, the thing is to take care of the coming man, not the man gone, although you must take care of him, because the dictates of humanity compel it. Dr. Atherton was a wonderfully far-sighted man in his day. He had a bill introduced to lay a special tax of one-tenth of a mill, or one-half or one-fourth, or whatever it may be, to be set aside for meeting this distinct engagement with the United States of America and the Pennsylvania State College, that is to meet the pledged faith of the State of Pennsylvania, which has never been given to any other institution, and which has been given in pursuance of the contract which the State made with the United States. It said, "Here we have a college. We pledge you that, and pledge to maintain it in order to meet the requirements of the Morrell Act." That is one of the most remarkable things in the history of this country. Abraham Lincoln, when McClellan was on the banks of the James, when there never was a darker day in the history of the United States, signed this Land Grant Act, and I believe that in time to come that Act will be as much spoken of to the credit of Lincoln as the Emancipation Proclamation. The Emancipation Proclamation only released a race of slaves, while this bill paved the way for the development of the industrial classes in the United States, on whom the welfare and the perpetuity of the United States depends. I don't know whether it is within the province of this Committee, but there are one or two ways through which this institution can be provided for. About twenty other States have provided a special tax. Probably one-tenth of a mill would be sufficient. It takes about a half a million dollars. It takes about four hundred and seventy-five thousand or five hundred thousand dollars a year to meet the requirements. Nearly a hundred thousand comes from the United States, thirty thousand we get from the Land Grant Act, and fifteen thousand from the Hatch Act And Morrell, after this Land Grant Act went into effect, and after the Southern States that had been in rebellion came back into the Union, because they were shut out by the Act of 1862, and yet needed it as badly as we did, had a second Act passed to cover their cases, by which the United States gave twenty-five thousand. It began with ten thousand, and afterwards went to twenty-five thousand, to all of the States for the education of the industrial classes along this line, and the State of Pennsylvania directed that should go to State College. Now we need upwards of four or five hundred thousand dollars for maintenance, without any question of building. The Governor of Pennsylvania was at Pennsylvania Day, and when he made a little address, I had an arrangement with him, by which we would slip out, and I got a carriage and drove him around the school. We went through the agricultural building and the dairy building, and when he came out, he stood on the steps of the agricultural building, looking towards the Nittany Mountains, and said, "I will tell you what you need here. You need twenty million dollars, and I am afraid you will get it." I said we didn't want it this year, but would before we got through with this institution if it is to compete with other institutions, and so we will. We have an offer of a million to go into an engineering building. The gentleman has stated that he wants to do that more than I want it, but he has got to make his million first. These great industries that are building up in Pennsylvania, and building up Pennsylvania, must be provided for. Here is this question of mining, and providing for the safety of the men. It is being shown now to the people how mining can be done in safety, and how safety is to be brought about, and the loss of life reduced, and it is so in the other departments. We have a class in agriculture in Greenville in which the farmers of that locality are being instructed as to farming. In Altoona the Pennsylvania Railroad is building a building for the instruction of the employes, and we send a professor there every week. We have a class in Williamsport and one in Altoona in which instruction in the mechanical arts is being given, and if we had the amount necessary, we could cover the State with institutions of this kind, where we could be training the men for the work they have to do.

In addition to this fraction of a mill tax, there is another way. This institution is really the head of the school system. We are endeavoring to have the superintendents of instruction bring their high schools to the point where their graduates can be admitted to the State College. Suppose you appropriate seventeen millions of dollars to common schools. A simple way would be to provide that one-tenth should go to the maintenance of the State College, and that would remedy the whole difficulty, and would not make a particle of difference, except on paper, to the State of Pennsylvania. The schools of Pennsylvania would not know the difference when their warrants came to be paid to them, if one-half of a million were put into this out of their appropriation. Of course, I know what that means to the Legislature. The average Legislature gets its orders, but just a little provision of that kind would not make a particle of difference so far as the people are concerned. To my mind that is the simplest and easiest way, and in the next two years, when you come to appropriate twenty millions of dollars to common schools, just say that one-twentieth of that shall be for the maintenance of this institution. I believe that either one of these two things will make it easy to provide for this institution, if we are to do what every other State is doing for their land grant colleges.

DR. SPARKS, representing State College, spoke as follows:

Governor Beaver has been connected with the college for over twenty years, and he has covered the ground very fully. There is something connected with the administration of the college which he has covered, especially the point which I hoped he would, that the taxes as collected from the people of the State should be invested in the college, and the returns go to the State at large in the way of these experiment training classes. We are starting weekly schools in Greenville, in which seven or eight counties are represented. Our mining work is especially extensive, and all that work we think belongs to a tax-supported institution. The great difficulty we have experienced is in getting the results of our experiments to the people. We tried the pamphlet form with the farmers, but you and I know that the farmer is a busy man, and you cannot picture him in the evening reading a pamphlet—he wants to go to bed. In the winter he is engaged, and all during the summer the farmer has no time to read them. It is the same way in the shops. This summer we intend having a session for teachers, of six weeks' duration. It is to be supported out of the general funds, and we intend giving instruction in agriculture, horticulture, and the domestic sciences—such work as has not been done in any other institution, and in that way give the country districts the same training as in the cities. The trouble heretofore has

been that the teachers were not fully capable of teaching the practical side. We propose first to instruct the teachers in this practical education. For five years we are not expecting any results. Then at the end of that time you will be able to see what we have done.

By Mr. Hunter:

Q. There seems to be some doubt in the minds of many people as to State College being a State institution.

A. I see that State College is classified among private institutions receiving State help. I cannot understand how that is, but that has been the classification. As to whether or not it is a State institution would depend upon the title in which the property is vested, and also the method in appointing trustees. There is a wide difference in the appointing of the trustees and the holding of the title. It is vested in the Board of Trustees in this State. In some of the Western States it is vested in the State. The Auditor General of the State is made the holder of the title. Our trustees are appointed partly by the college and partly by the sessions of the college. That same thing holds good in many States. In the Western States the Board of Trustees is appointed by the Governor. In some States, New York and Maryland, I think, the board itself appoints its members. In this State we are as nearly ideal in that respect as in any other State. We have a certain number appointed by the Governor. It is a question whether he appoints a sufficient number.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. What proportion does he appoint?

A. Eight out of thirty-one.

Q If he were to appoint seventeen out of that thirty-one wouldn't that settle the question?

A. That would give the political parties control of the board. That is just what happened in Oklahoma. The Democratic party, when it gained control, removed the Board of Trustees and the whole faculty. That might be a drawback, but I cannot see that it would make any difference in the efficiency of the board.

Q. Could not these appointments be permanent?

A. There should be some course like that. Oklahoma is practically an experiment station for the United States at the present time.

By Mr. Hunter

Q. What are your methods of purchasing supplies?

A. We prepare a schedule the same as the State of Pennsylvania. Bids are taken on that the same as is done in the State. The schedule will be ready very soon for supplies from the first of July, for one school year. Bids shall be asked for, and the contract for furnishing them let to the lowest bidder. That is for the common supplies. We have to buy large quantities of chemicals, and supplies of that nature, and on them we cannot take bids until we come to the specific purchase. We have a book that shows at the end of each month the supplies used. That system has been used for a number of years.

Q. You still use that system?

A. Yes, sir.

W. S. MILLER, representing the Pittsburg Board of Trade, spoke as follows:

I will only take a few minutes of your time. Mr. Chalfant, our legal representative, is here and he will take up the subject of the mercantile tax. If you will permit, I will tell you about the Pittsburg Board of Trade. It is an organization in the East End, has its own location, and has over twelve hundred members. It has done a great deal of good work. It has improved and widened some of the streets in the East End, and it was through its work that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company got rid of the old station and built a new one at East Liberty, and the organization is working hard to get a new freight station. The influence of the Board of Trade is extending all over the city and even through the State. It is located in the center of the dwelling population of the city of Pittsburg. It is not a limited body, as you see. It is a business concern, but has a legislative committee We have followed its suggestions as to the means of having a foreign corporation make a report to the Auditor General as to the stock which it claims to have paid up, and if it was paid in good faith, as well as the bonds, whether or not they are fictitious. We want you to have an act passed that will put these foreign corporations on a plane with the home corporations. We have found here in Pittsburg agents selling stock to our people. They go around to our dwellings and get the women to subscribe for stock in fake concerns, in which they claim the stock has been paid for. We have tried to break this up and check it all we can. One man reported that Mrs. ———— was going into the oil business. An agent had sold her some stock. We made an investigation of the corporation, and found that the three millions of capital stock claimed to have been paid in was issued under the Arizona Corporation Act, and the paid in stock was simply that. They had contracts for oil and gas, and the consideration which they agreed to pay was to come out of the proceeds of the oil when it was obtained. The fact of the matter is, that the paid up capital stock was simply nothing, merely a fake concern, and the investigation of our board in the East End, of course, showed that up. I found business men in the city of Pittsburg, who had taken stock in that company, and they thought they had a wonderful company on account of the capital stock paid up. Now, we have another suggestion, which I think is proper and ought to be attended to. I am going to leave this paper with you. I will read it to you:

"That a failure to record the articles and certificate of incorporation in the county in which its business is carried on shall not forfeit the rights of said corporations to maintain suit or suits, but that suitable penalties shall be provided for such failures, with a further provision that a suit cannot be maintained until the corporation has recorded its articles and certificate of incorporation in the county in which its principal place of business is located."

Just an illustration of that. After you take out your charter, and pay the bonus, and have everything all right, but you fail to record your charter in this county, if the place of business is in Alleghyeny county, you forfeit all the right of your company to maintain a suit. A short time ago an action was brought here in Pittsburg for over three hundred thousand dollars by a contracting company. When the case came to trial they were unable to say that the charter had ever been recorded. They had neglected that. Thy had influence enough to go to Harrisburg last winter and have a bill passed validating all acts done under that charter. But, then, a company of men, or a small company that is not able to secure such an act would lose this money. We think it is too great a penalty. We suggest a penalty sufficient to cover the circumstances—whatever the Legislature may think right.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. What do you think right?

A. I think a fine of one thousand dollars would be about right.

Q. What are to become of the people who do not know that they are not incorporated until they have recorded the charter?

A. They must present that to the Secretary of the Commonwealth; and another act is that it must be recorded in the county where its place of business is, so that the people may have knowledge of who the corporation is. They know it is a corporation, but do not know where or under what laws it was incorporated. We make this suggestion to you, and there should be some kind of a penalty for a corporation that makes this mistake. We allow foreign corporations to come in and do as they please. They should have to do the same thing as domestic corporations.

Q. You would allow the foreign corporation to own real estate in Pennsylvania?

A. Yes, sir. We ought to allow them to do that after the corporation has honestly shown it is an honest corporation, that the stock is paid up, and what property it has. They should be permitted to hold real estate. In fact, nearly all of these manufacturing concerns that have come in from other States have tried to have acts passed permitting them to hold real estate. While Governor Pennypacker was in the chair, one company succeeded in having an act passed permitting it to hold real estate but the Governor vetoed the bill, and they have to hold that property in the name of an individual. It ought to be held in the name of the foreign corporation. Then you could reach it. You could tax it, and you could get service. As it is now I don't see how you could do it. The Board of Trade is more interested in the question of the mercantile tax than in the question to which I have referred, and passed this resolution:

"Whereas, The direct State tax now levied on the business of wholesale and retail merchants, commonly known as the Mercantile License Tax, has been found to be unjust and inequitable, and the cost of advertising and maintenance of the office necessary to enforce the collection thereof is excessive and burdensome to the people; be it

"Resolved, That we recommend the repeal of all acts of Assembly relating to said mercantile license tax in so far as the same apply to wholesale and retail vendors of, and dealers in, ordinary goods, wares and merchandise."

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. Of course, you understand this mercantile tax question. I want to ask you a question relative to it. You are at the head of this Board of Trade, and act for it, and a man of experience. If you abolish the mercantile license tax, what would you say as to taxing manufacturing corporations?

A. This tax question I don't know anything about. Mr. Chalfant has had occasion to study it.

Q. You certainly have an opinion. What would you say as to taxing manufacturing corporations? Don't you think they ought?

A. I think they ought to be taxed.

Q. You think they are better able to pay a tax?

A. Yes, sir.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. I wish to ask you why shouldn't they pay something towards the State expenses?

A. I see no reason. There is another matter, and that is the taxing of churches. I do not see why churches should not be taxed. Why shouldn't a church in the South Side and in the East End pay taxes when they own valuable property, and when only probably one-tenth or one-twentieth of the people go to church?

Q. You think the people that don't go to church ought to be taxed?

A. You do tax the people that don't go to church. Why should we protect a special lot of rich people, who have more than one or two million dollars in church property in the East End, and tax the poor people?

Q. The theory is we are all expected to go to church, and the burden is equal upon all of us.

A. I do not think that more than one-tenth of the population, or one-twentieth of them are church members.

Q. That undoubtedly applies to Pittsburg. It does not apply to Philadelphia.

ATTORNEY CHALFANT, representing the Pittsburg Board of Trade, spoke as follows:

I do not intend to make a speech nor to enter into a lengthy discussion on this subject. I presume we will have to do away with the subject of levying taxes on church property for some time. There is only one question which I desire to present. You have heard the resolutions. It is a very simple matter to have a resolution passed that way. You have probably found out in this investigation that you have been making, that the

nly popular tax is the tax the other fellow has to pay. While do not say that is true throughout the State, it certainly is ue here. I have not been able to find a single business man n favor of the mercantile license tax. There may be some, but I ave not found a single man in favor of it. There are several easons. The cost of collections is excessive and the main- enance of this office force, known as the Mercantile Appraiser's ffice. I think you are all familiar with this species of taxa- ion. There are different Acts that apply to different parts of he Commonwealth. I can only speak for Allegheny county. will simply present the views as presented to me. We have ere our Mercantile Appraiser's Office, whose duty it is to evy and collect the taxes. The costs of that, as I understand the Auditor-General's report, is about 11 or 12 per cent. of the ross collections, the cost of collection. I got those figures rom his report. But when we go back of that we find this, hat the figures do not tell the truth. I do not mean that the Auditor-General's report is not correct. If we go back of hat report we find very often that the wholesale or retail nerchant has paid fifty cents for having his business assessed. So he is paying that and the expense of maintaining that busi- ness, and the expense of collection. We have a system in this county of advertising. What I am saying will not meet with he approval of the press. We advertise in this City. Do you dvertise in Philadelphia?

Mr. Brown: Yes, we do.

Mr. Chalfant: The appraiser goes to every store and makes a personal investigation of just what his business is and every- hing connected with the store. After all this is done, and he merchant knows his assessment and tax, we take all the moneys collected and pay for advertising in five or six differ- ent papers in several publications of the papers, and we have to pay for the privilege of telling man what he already knows, and for the rest of us not concerned in it, we buy the papers, and when we are going home in the cars we take out the news section of the paper and throw the rest away. It adds to the worry of the street car conductors and the street cleaners, It might be right to do this advertising, but I believe that it is just so much of the people's money thrown away. Then there is the expense of the legal department, to which the State appropriate five thousand dollars to be applied for counsel. It would hardly be right to say anything about that office. It may be that five thousand dollars is not too much to apply for the furnishing of legal advice for that office. That is one of the points suggested by the business men. Another point is the manner of taxing. Why should we find this circum- stance, and it is the point suggested by the chairman of the Pittsburg Board of Trade, that the taxes are not equitably assessed. We find a man selling a certain class of goods. He is taxed a mercantile license. Next door to him is a manu- facturer, manufacturing the same class of goods and selling them, without paying any mercantile license. I see no reason why the manufacturer should not be taxed. If we are going to levy a tax on the wholesale or retail vendor of merchandise, it seems to me that the manufacturer should be taxed likewise. As it stands now, this tax is unjust to the merchants. After such taxing as the State does they are turned over to the tender mercies of the Mercantile Appraiser to exact from them, together with the tax already pand, an additional tax. That is the experience here. After they have paid a tax, they pay another tax for the privilege of doing something for which they have already paid. I believe, however, that a species of taxation, a level tax, will meet with the approval of the peo- ple of Pennsylvania. As it stands now, I do not think it is either equitable or just.

H. S. KEIL, representing Jones & Laughlin, spoke as follows:

I want to express my appreciation of the manner in which this Committee has listened to the addresses that have been made. I just want a minute of your time. Mr. Oliver is pres- ent with us this morning, and I have the report of Jones & Laughlin Steel Company, which I represent. This report sug- gests a continuance of the excluding of firms engaged strictly in manufacturing from taxation. Mr. Oliver's brother, I un- derstand, was instrumental, in 1885, in having manufacturing corporations excluded from taxation for State purposes. We have had a number of prominent manufacturers in Pennsyl- vania, that you all know, but I do not think that any one of them has done what H. W. Oliver has done, in this one act of having the manufacturing corporations exempted from tax- ation for State purposes, for that helped to make them what they are to-day. I do not think that any little amount of taxes that the State of Pennsylvania could get would make up for the loss of pre-eminence of Pennsylvania in a manufacturing way. The Jones & Laughlin Steel Company is willing to pay a large amount of freight to bring its ore twelve hundred miles to manufacture here in Pennsylvania. I think it would be a mistake to put a tax on the stock of manufacturing cor- porations, in view of the history of the advantage it has been to the State. I dislike exceedingly to pit one concern against another. We have paid a mercantile tax for a good many years. A merchant takes his money and invests it in a stock of goods, and puts it in a store, and you put no local tax on that stock. Mr. Oliver takes his money and puts it into a man- ufacturing concern, and his machinery is taxed for local pur- poses and the other is not. We do pay on what is not employed strictly for manufacturing purposes. We have a large number of other companies in which we have stock. We pay a tax on that for local purposes, so that the State tax is not the end of it by a good deal, and hardly the beginning. A railroad com- pany pays taxes on its capital stock, and claims exemption from local taxes on its right-of-way and all of its property used for railroad purposes. When we pay our State tax, it is not a beginning of what we have to pay to the State, county, townships and other municipalities. There is another point that I wish to speak about, and that is double taxation. Some- time ago we were compelled to incorporate a coal company, owning about twenty-five thousand acres of coal. We could not locate in Pennsylvania because we could not hold real estate. We were compelled to pay a tax in Maryland and in Pennsylvania because we built a road to carry the coal mined in New York on the north and Maryland on the south, and it would be in Pennsylvania. Manufacturers could locate here, and could just as easy locate elsewhere, but they prefer to locate here on account of the liberal terms offered. We are compelled to pay a tax on that because the capital of the Jones & Laughlin Company invested in that is not employed in manufacturing. The Pennsylvania cor- poration pays the capital stock tax. It is not capital employed in manufacturing, and we are liable to the State of Pennsyl- vania because it is a foreign corporation.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. You assume that the State of Pennsylvania holds the pre- eminent position of manufacturing because of the exemption from taxation?

A. Yes, sir. We not only extend this establishment here, but other corporations come in and locate within the boundaries of our State.

Q. My understanding is that nearly every other State ex- cept Pennsylvania taxes corporations?

A. Yes, sir. Taxes are a burden as stated in my written report, and boroughs and other municipalities have offered to let corporations locate within their borders and be exempt from taxes for a number of years.

By Mr. Hunter:

Q. The question of natural resources does not apply to Penn- sylvania as it used to?

A. No, sir; and a manufacturing corporation could locate outside of Pennsylvania if it wanted to. In years gone by it was generally understood that Pennsylvania had all the na- tural resources necessary for manufacturing purposes. Now, the developments in later years have practically deprived them of that—the developments in other States.

Q. The other States are in as good condition as Pennsylvania for manufacturing purposes?

A. Yes, sir. But we would rather haul our ore here and manufacture than haul our coal to some other State.

Q. Isn't it true that some of the large mill interests are building closer to the ore?

A. I don't know whether their locating in other States is on account of the ore interests. But, of course, that would have something to do with it. The State of Pennsylvania could well afford to pay the taxes to get them to locate in the State of Pennsylvania.

Q. Assuming that the State of Pennsylvania require more revenue for the support of her institutions for the insane and other legitimate outlays. Assuming that the other taxables were carrying the whole burden, don't you think these manu- facturing interests should help?

A. No, I think not. Manufacturers then will be driven to the inconvenience of moving their plants to States where they won't be taxed. We do help. My impression is that we have reached about the limit.

Q. That the manufacturer is paying as much as he ought to pay to have his business continue in its present healthy condition?

A. Yes, sir.

JOHN J. JACKSON, representing the Westinghouse inter- ests, Pittsburg, Pa., spoke as follows:

On account of it being near the time for adjournment, I will read my report here to save time.

(Report read and filed.)

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. Isn't it a fact that a charter from the State of Penn- sylvania or New York is accounted as worth as much as ten charters from other States?

A. I don't know.

Q. Would you, as a manufacturer, incorporate under the laws of Arizona, or Nevada, or Delaware, or North or South Dakota, or any of these States?

A. Perhaps not.

Q. Don't you think that a charter from the State of Penn- sylvania, with its safe and sane policy, that that is recog- nized by a manufacturer to be of considerable value?

A. Yes, sir. But I would not like to make the statement that a charter, in my mind, would be worth as much as ten or twelve from other States.

Q. Don't you think that the fact of the charter being so valuable to the manufacturing concerns they should help bear the burden of the State expense?

A. I think that any other policy than that in use at pres- ent might, perhaps, drive us into such States as New York and West Virginia.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Do you think that your views fairly represent the views of the manufacturing interests of this City?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Assuming that the burdens of the present taxables are sufficient, and there is a need of more revenue, is it your view that manufacturing corporations should not be taxed?

A. I think the manufacturers in Pennsylvania are under all the taxation they can bear. If you put another tax on them, I think it will react, and will come back upon the very good people of Pennsylvania and other citizens, and it is a matter that should not be allowed to be done, to put another tax on manufacturers.

Q. We have received many letters from all manner of interests in Pennsylvania, asking why manufacturers are not taxed. That is the reason I am directing the attention of manufacturers to that point. Mr. Wilson H. Brown, of Philadelphia, said that they had come to the conclusion that no such tax of one mill would have to be levied on manu- facturing interests, and that they thought it might be an entering wedge that might be used for the purpose of mak- ing the tax larger; but if they thought it would be stopped at one mill, it would be satisfactory.

. If we were to pay more taxes in Pennsylvania you going to put us in a position where we cannot com- e with the competitors in any other State.

). I said that I thought that should be considered by the gislature, that the case should be presented in such a that they could take whatever action they thought best.

. I think we are paying as much if not more taxes than should.

Mr. Moyer: As Mr. Brown said, this matter has been ely discussed, and, of course, the function of this Com- ttee is merely a matter of hearing what the views of s Commonwealth are, and boiling that down to a fine nt.

F. HECKERT, representing the St. Francis Hospital, nade the following statement:

A legislation should be enacted regulating a charge for employes of corporations. Governor should accept ap- opriation bills as passed, or make personal investigation hearing or visit before modifying same. Theory of ap- opriation through Charity Board approved.

Here the Commission took a recess until 2 o'clock.

Public Meeting, Pittsburg, Pa., afternoon March 25, 1910.

AMUEL W. BLACK, representing Real Estate Dealers, Pittsburg, Pa.:

In order to save your time and mine, I have prepared a per, and I would like to suggest or ask your Secretary to ad it. (Paper read as follows):

The assessment made for the county is used also for the roughs and townships in levying their local taxes. The ty has assessors of its own, appointed by the Mayor.

I ask that the law regarding the Board of the Assess- ent and Revision of Taxes for State and county purposes r counties of 300,000 to 1,000,000 population, which is now force only in Allegheny county, be changed, giving the ounty Commissioners, Controller and Treasurer the ap- ointing power, and thus taking away from the Judges of ie Common Pleas Court.

This law was created four or five years ago, taking away rom the County Commissioners the work of revising and djusting the tax assessments, because the County Com- issioners were burdened with too much work.

Having a Board of Assessment and Revision of Taxes ith the power that they now have of selecting and ap- ointing assessors all over the county, is a good one, for here is no reason why an equitable assessment should not e made if the Board of Assessment, etc., is careful and ses good judgment in selecting the assessors to do the ork, and as the Board can revise the tax assessments any nd every year at their discretion, they have ample time o travel all over the county and see for themselves any roperties that may be wrongly assessed; also they have mple time to go into the different districts and consult ith the citizens regarding the capability of the assessors hey may have in that district.

I think $4.00 or $5.00 per day for the assessors would be etter than their present compensation, $3.00 per day.

In taking away the power of appointing this Board from he Judges of the Common Pleas Court, I would give as a ery good reason the judgment that has been shown by hem in having on the present Board one member who is ver 80 years old, another member who is 75 years old. his, in my humble opinion, is ridiculous on the face of t. It is hardly to be expected that men of that age can ravel around and over this large county and see for them- elves why their assessors are making this or that assess- nent, and qualify themselves to give better judgment when ppeals are made by property owners, and see for them- elves whether the assessors are making assessments too low, for it is my experience in 32 years of active real estate work in this City and county, that there are more errors and greater ones in the assessments being too low than be- ing too high. I agree heartily with the President of the Board of Assessment and Revision of Taxes, Mr. E. Z. Smith, that it is the unequal assessment that property own- ers object to, that is to say, they do not relish paying on a high valuation of their property when their neighbors across the street may be assessed a low valuation.

The County Commissioners always have at least one of their three members representing the minority party on their Board, and as the County Controller and Treasurer, as well as the Commissioners, are elected by the people every three years, it behooves them to be careful in ap- pointing the tax revision board, which, to my mind, is the most important to the people of the county.

The Judges are elected for a ten year term, and in this county are too numerous to form an effective appointing power, there being 12 of them.

I had the pleasure and honor of originating and prepar- ing this law, creating the Board of Assessment, etc.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Mr. Black, does that express the sentiment of the real estate brokers and agents of this city?

A. I think so.

Q. You think it would. Have you talked around among them to ascertain the consensus of opinion upon this sub- ject, or is it your own individual opinion, based upon per- sonal experience?

A. No, it is common talk all over this county that the Judges have made a very poor selection in appointing these two old men. I have great respect for old age, but I don't want it in public offices so important to the people as that office is.

Q. Have you a real estate brokers' or agents' association in this city?

A. No, I am sorry we have not.

Q. Has there been any concerted effort on the part of the brokers and agents to reform this present Board?

A. No, there is not.

Q. As I understand you, your only objection is that there happen to be on this Board two men you think have gone beyond the years of successful effort?

A. Yes, and the fact that the Judges appointed them when the law was created, and then reappointed them after three years' experience with them.

Q. You don't mean that you object because they reap- pointed them because they have had experience?

A. I object to them appointing them after three years added to that great age.

Mr. Brown: Are there any other questions?

Mr. Hunter: Mr. Black, don't you think it would be im- possible for these three or four men to adjust all these troubles, and investigate the properties in question all over the county?

A. No, as I have stated in that paper, the Board has three years to make the assessment, and make changes any time during that three years, and they have ample time to go around all over the county and see for themselves not only the properties in question, but the assessors who have gone before them, and they must see that some of them are incom- petent.

Q. Don't you think that incompentency arises from the fact that their services are of a temporary character rather than continued?

A. I put the blame on the Board in having incompetent men—the Board has absolute power to select a man in any district. They are not elected by the people, these assessors, these district assessors. They are appointed by this Board.

Q. Their wages and length of service are fixed by law?

A. There are always men willing to serve.

Q. Their wages are fixed by law?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. And their length of service is fixed by law?

A. I think, as I stated in that paper, that $4.00 or $5.00 a day would be better than $3.00 a day, and when I prepared this law I took that into consideration, and added 50 per cent. to what they were getting, the old assessors.

Q. In other words you think the work is of such character and importance that it would require $5.00 men rather than $3.00 men?

A. Yes, sir.

Vice Chairman Moyer: I understand that Mayor Magee is here, and desires to be heard with reference to certain legis- lation or Acts of Assembly with reference to the State Rail- road Commission.

Mayor William A. Magee: Mr. Brown, one of the City so- licitors, is here, and he will address you upon that subject. He will speak for the city administration. There are one or two things that I would like to bring before the Commission in relation to local taxation. I wish to recommend that all classification of real esate be avoided. That is to say, I favor but one kind of assessment, to asses every piece of real estate in full without regard to its character or its location. We find in making tri-annual assessment in the City of Pittsburg this year that there was great difficulty in doing justice to people in all parts of the city. In this City we find a very great inequality in classifications. The Act of Assembly in relation to second class cities provides and designates three classes: One is called built-up, one rural, and one agricultural. I sup- pose the reasons for these classifications on certain kinds of property receive more or less of the municipal expenditures in the neighborhoods in which they are located, and, therefore, there should be an unequal contribution from the various pieces of property to the city expenditures. Now, I believe economically, every piece of property will find its own level, that is to say, a piece of property on Herron Hill should pay on its full vaule, just the same as a piece of property on Fifth avenue or Smithfield street, because that value is fixed not only because it is an inconvenient place to get to, or it is an unde- sirable place to live, and the purposes which it would be used for, but by reason of these very facts there must necessarily be less money expended on it than on other places more highly favored, and therefore, I think the subject will adjust itself. Then I believe that if it can be done lawfully and constitu- tionally, that there ought to be but one board of assessors in a large city and county. We have in this county a great num- ber of assessors. We have in this county the Board of Re- vision of Taxes, composed of three Commissioners who are ap- pointed by the Courts. They in turn select local assessors who are appointed for a few months in the year to make as- sessments. Now, the City of Pittsburg has its own Board of Assessors, composed of nine persons. We ought to have, in my opinion, one Board of Assessors first for the county, and then for the city, boroughs, townships and all various gov- ermental jurisdictions, that would, no doubt, produce a just assessment upon all properties. The Board of Assessors in Pittsburg and the Board of Revision of Taxes in the county do not operate in the same way. In the county the asses rs are appointed by the Board of Revision making original as- sessments, and the Board of Revision is just what its name implies, it is a supervisory and an appellate body; they only sit upon the work passed upon by the general assessors; whereas, in the City of Pittsburg, nine assessors make original assessments, so that they are both original assessors and re- visionary or appellate body. Now that system works all right in Pittsburg, I mean the plan of it; but I believe the other system is the better one, and the other system, I believe, is generally followed in most communities in the United States. Now, the county system, which is a general one, I say is open to this objection: that the assessors appointed by the Board of Revision, I believe, in many cases are not competent to do this work. I believe there are men who look upon this employ- ment as merely for the emolument that is in it, and I believe they are men of considerable age, men who are not engaged generally in regular occupation, and perhaps have no other ex- perience in this matter than what they have obtained in this work.

The ideal system, to my mind, would be, if possible, to have men who would know something about real estate. That is, men who have been engaged for some time in real estate business. That may not be possible in all cases. I want to say too, for the benefit of those local assessors, many of these assessors in the course of time will acquire such a knowledge of property in their locality that they do make very good assessors and assessments. I believe the proper way to make assessments is to have the original assessments made, and then allow the Board of Reviion to come in and consider the subjects on appeal.

Now, another matter in relation to local taxation: I have found since I have been in office—I am of the opinion that public utility corporations of all kinds, taxation to that extent, calls for a remedy. I believe that they ought to pay their fair share of the burden of taxation. In the City of Pittsburg that is to say the old City of Pittsburg, which consists of about three-fourths of the Greater City, by reason, I think, of special Act of Assembly, the city can assess the property of railroad corporations and all public utility corporations, except the right-of-way of railroad companies, street railway companies, and on the wire, conduits, etc., pipes, mains, of other kinds of public utilities.

Now, over on the North Side, which was the old City of Allegheny, we are not authorized to assess any property belonging to and used by corporations unless it may be property that is not actually used in the conduct of the business of the corporation. A piece of vacant ground for instance, or a piece temporarily unused, I think we can assess that, but the stations and depots and shops and rolling stock of the railroad company, and street railway companies on the North Side, we cannot assess them, the Supreme Court has told us that; as to rights-of-way on the North Side and in the old City of Pittsburg, we can assess them. I think there is ten millions worth of property probably, of corporations, in the City of Pittsburg that is unassessable, upon the theory that these corporations to-day pay tax to the State. The theory upon which they pay taxes to the State—I am speaking of transportation companies—is that we cannot assess any of their business, except business that is entirely carried on in the State of Pennsylvania. Interstate commerce cannot be taxed. The result of it is that the State of Pennsylvania gets a very small tax comparatively upon business corporations of that kind. The City of Allegheny gets nothing; the City of Pittsburg gets only a part, probably about only half, in my opinion, of what it ought to be so that in trying to distribute the burden of taxation of these corporations to the State and to the counties and to the cities, it seems to me that by reason of legislaive construction, a corporation of this kind ought to pay what I claim is its fair share of taxation.

I am sorry to say, gentlemen, I intended to get some data on this point; I would have liked to submit some figures to you, and to have quoted some Acts of Assembly on the points I desire to make.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Mr. Mayor, isn't is a fact that all the railroad properties are taxable except the rights-of-way?

A. I make the distinction on the North Side nothing is taxable; in the City of Pittsburg all property is taxable except the rights-of-way.

Q. You think the property on that side should be put on the same footing as Pittsburg?

A. And I think all property and rights-of-way should pay a local tax.

Q. All utility corporations?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. You have no heat and power companies?

A. We have some heat and power companies.

Q. Telephone and telegraph and everything?

A. Yes, gas companies and water companies.

Q. In Philadelphia our real estate assessments are paid by the year. Do you think that system here would be a benefit?

A. I am not acquainted thoroughly with it. I think that would be the one I would recommend. I think there is in fact more need of that in Allegheny county than in Philadelphia county. The Board of Assessors in the City of Pittsburg do their work very satisfactorily. Mr. Purdy, the head of the Tax Commission in New York, who is one of the leading authorities upon the tax subject, said that we had the cheapest form of assessment and one of the most efficient in the United State, in Pittsburg, so I would not ask that the Board of Tax Assessors of Pittsburg should be revised alone; I only say they ought to get a more comprehensive plan to assess all kinds of real estate for govermental purposes. If I would discuss the City of Pittsburg, I would say, leave it as it is, but the system of Philadelphia seems to me to be the logical one, but not necessarily the best one, maybe our system in this city is just as good as the Philadelphia system. I believe there ought to be a clear distinction drawn between the boroughs and townships of the county and the City of Pittsburg, but I prefer a comprehensive statement whereby everybody in the county, every piece of property in the county, will be passed upon by the same board.

Q. That would apply to the assessment of personal property as well as realty?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Mayor, you have evidently been giving some thought to this subject, upon the idea of getting all that the Commonwealth and city is entitled to in the way of taxation. What is the sentitment of this city, as far as you have been able to learn it, as to the increasing of the list of taxable subjects. Is it the thought here that everything here that is being taxed ought to be taxed?

A. My own opinion is that automobiles should pay a tax. The license tax is practically nothing, and the method of collection of that tax, I think, is a gross injustice to the man who is honest enough to pay it. We have an Act of Assembly that prohibits municipalities from levying any tax on automobiles. The State is paid a license fee of from six to ten dollars, or eight dollars—something like that, according to the size of the machine—upon automobiles, but it does not provide any method for the collection of it. Now, of course, that tax is levied not for revenue purposes, it is memely a registration tax for identification, and it is totally inadequate to begin with, but the machinery provided for the collection of it is practically nothing, and therefore, I say, it cannot be enforced, in my opinion. We have an Act of Assembly covering cities of the second class—that has been repealed by this Act of Assembly. We have an ordinance that has been repealed that allowed us to collect this tax. The amount was only $13,000 a year—that much last year—a comparatively small part, I believe, of what property of that kind ought to pay, I think we collected from automobiles last year. Our police held up automobiles that did not have licenses on, and ran down cases in which licenses were not attached, and we compelled the payment of that tax. This year we got nothing. The State Highway Commission tells me that we at least ought to collect that tax for the State; no doubt, theoretically speaking, he may be absolutely correct. There would be comparatively little interest in the office on this subject, because the revenue does not come to the City of Pittsburgh, his employer, but would go to the State. And officers of the law are men like anyone else, they are going to work for their employer, and I am of the opinion that there is being comparatively little of that tax paid under compulsion. The force is not behind the power to do the work.

Q. Is it the thought of the people of this city that moneys at interest should be taxed?

A. I have not heard much discussion of that, Mr. Brown, but my opinion is that most money at interest pays tax on it.

Q. You speak about taxing these public utility corporations. Have you in mind to what extent the taxes should be?

A. I think rights-of-way should be appraised and assessed the same as any real estate. I believe rolling stock of railways should be taxed the same as real estate, and everything else. I believe that they receive the benefit of the expenditure of public moneys.

Q. Would you have that done locally, or take a railroad like the Pennsylvania Railroad—would that be done locally?

A. Each county should pay it.

Q. I suppose it would be certified by the County Commissioners to Harrisburg, and collected for the whole county?

A. No, no, sir—the County Treasurer—I think that might be done. Let it be distributed to the various municipalities.

Q. The thought was expressed by railroad officials here that there were too many to account to, that it involved a separate department for paying taxes.

A. I believe it would work to their benefit. I forgot to mention that I found out that the burden of school taxes in certain localities is much more than those localities can bear, especially in Allegheny county. We have about five or six boroughs in the City of Pittsburgh that have been annexed, after becoming insolvent. The Borough of Sheridan last year had a tax assessment of thirty-nine mills, which was 3 9.10 per cent. of the value of the property. A very small part of that went to pay expenses of the City of Pittsburgh. About thirteen mills went to pay interest on the sinking fund and obligations of the old borough indebtedness, while thirteen mills went to pay school tax, and eight mills went to the expenses of the City of Pittsburgh. This is about—I am not sure exactly of my figures, but I know the total was thirty-nine mills. Now, Esplen, Montooth, Elliott, West Liberty—those four boroughs all came in about the same shape as Sheridan. The difficulty in these places is that the taxable property and real estate runs from about $600,000 in the lowest case, to $3,000,000 in the highest case. Now the school tax upon these places is so enormous by reason of extravagance or improper management of their affairs, that they are so burdened now that the growth of these communities is absolutely stopped, and I think will be until these old debts of the old boroughs are wiped out; Mr. Morrow and I devised a plan to reduce the old floating indebtedness, and we made a material reduction in their taxation. None of the boroughs will pay as much as thirty mills, we have reduced them from 20 to 30 per cent. each by cutting down the old borough obligations; the tax levy has been cut down for these purposes one-half to two-thirds, making a reduction of 20, 25 or 30 per cent. in all these cases. I say there ought to be a general school tax for all these purposes. Property down town here pays one-fourth, one-half and three-quarters of a mill, that is to say, five cents on a hundred dollars. There are comparatively few children in these localities, and the burdens of school tax do not fall upon that class of property. The burdens of education in the State should be put upon all property generally.

Q. That is in one county, for instance?

A. I would say in certain jurisdictions—yes, a whole county or a whole community. There is another thing——

Q. Mayor, that is what the school code in the last Legislature attempted to accomplish.

A. Now, Pennsylvania is strictly a manufacturing State. The City of Pittsburgh is peculiarly situated. With all our natural resources here, we do not have the amount of manufactures that we really ought to have and should have. It is partly due because, manufacturers tell me, certain class of workmen do not want to live in the locality of Pittsburgh. There are some other reasons, too, but the objection I hear more than anything else is our taxes. Competitive communities which are near Pittsburgh, such as West Virginia, Ohio and Indiana, appeal more strongly to new manufacturing enterprises, because of their methods

taxation. Out in Indiana about twenty years ago owners land cut there started a policy of giving free taxation of nd, free fuel in some cases, to induce manufacturers to cate there. We haven't anything of that kind here. It ould have some effect upon manufacturing enterprises. own in Ohio there is a large number of thriving cities hich were no size at all a few years ago, that have been etting all the small, new manufacturing plants. There is ery little development for a number of reasons, one rea- on is that of our taxes. I have no recommendations to ake upon the subject, but there ought to be no classi- cation at all. I believe the State ought to favor manu- acturing corporations. I will make that one exception to hat I said before. I think there is one kind of property nat ought to be given encouragement not only to locate ere, but remain here. It is a very serious problem to Pitts- urgh how it can maintain its supremacy in manufactur- ig.

Q. Then you would do that not as against but in com- arison with public utility corporations, which you have poken of?

A. I don't believe they need encouragement.

Vice Chairman Moyer: I would suggest that the Mayor file brief, because that would be of valuable service.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Do you think other classes of real estate represented n the City of Pittsburgh would be willing to have this pref- erence, which you say should be shown?

A. I believe the enlightened people would strongly support hat.

Q. In Philadelphia we are compelled to tax all real estate nd property, except that which is exempt from real estate axation.

A. At least during the past year, we have strictly followed he duties of assessors as laid down in the Act so plain, nd we undoubtedly have made mistakes about things. We ave not attempted to do this here, which we think ought o be done by law.

Q. We have received numerous letters from all over the Commonwealth, suggesting that manufacturing corporations ought to pay additional tax—in other words, that the Act of 1885 should be removed?

A. That would ruin us.

Q. I was asking some manufacturers about that this morning. I think the manufacturers of this city, this city be- ing distinctly a manufacturing city, that the manufacturers here ought to bestir themselves and present their views to this Commission, so that the matter may be thoroughly ex- hausted.

A. I think it ought to be done in the interest of the people and in the interest of the manufacturing corporations.

Samuel W. Black: After hearing the Mayor I heartily agree with him, but I think a Board of Assessors would be better for the city and county—one board—and I would like to make just one suggestion, that instead of the treasurer of the county being on that board, to appoint the Board of Assessors, that the Mayor be substituted in place of the Treasurer—the Mayor of the city be substituted in place of the County Treas- urer.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Who appoints your local Board of City Assessors?

Mr. Hunter: The Mayor appoints the City Board, the Court appoints the County Board.

Mr. Black: Now, there is no reason, in my mind, why one Board of Assessors should not make the assessment for the city as well as the county.

Mr. Moyer: That is the way we do in Philadelphia. We have one board there.

Mr. Black: I would like to add that to my paper.

Mr. Moyer: That will be made part of the record.

DR. MATILAND ALEXANDER, representing the Allegheny General Hospital.

Mr. Chairman, I do not know that I have anything very definte to suggest. I was asked by the Board to appear and present the Board's views concerning the present system that State money is turned over to semi-charitable institutions, like the Allegheny General, and I think we find from our ex- perience that there ought to be only three questions which would be involved in the granting of that money by the State: first, the amount of work, charitable work done; and secondly, the way in which the fund is administered to get the greatest amount of efficiency from it; and thirdly, the locality in which the hospital stands, in relation to the cost of its maintenance. I think that would sum it up. I think this lies at the very basis of the whole thing.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Doctor, you have ten or twelve hospitals in the City of Pittsburg?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Do you think that the public welfare would be as well served by the consolidation of some of these hospitals?

A. I think, Mr. Brown, that hospitals ought to be placed according to geographical need.

Q. Well, in these days of automobile ambulances and such facilities for the quick movement of patients, don't you think there could be a less number and still the efficiency not be seriously crippled?

A. Are you talking about this city?

Q. Yes.

A. No, sir, I don't think so in this city.

Q. How many vacant beds have you in the hospitals of this city?

A. I don't know.

Q. Suppose I would tell you that there were five thousand vacant beds in the hosptials of this State, would that lead you to believe that there might be some consolidation?

A. Yes, sir, I believe so.

Q. All of you operate practically on the same plan—non- sectarian—those that receive State money?

A. I don't know all that, Mr. Brown, whether they are or not. I cannot say.

Q. Do you think money ought to be appropriated by the State constructive work?

A. I would say it depended very largely upon the situation of the hospital and the resources behind it.

Q. Take a city like Pittsburg?

A. In some cases, yes, I do.

Q. Do you think the public welfare cannot be as well served?

A. You are talking about new hospitals now?

Q. Yes, constructive work, now hospitals?

A. If you are speaking about new hospitals, I would say yes, I think we have enough; if you are speaking about im- provements, I would say we ought to have some State aid for it.

By Vice-Chairman Moyer:

Q. Do you believe, doctor—do you believe that the present system of appropriating our State money is a efficient one?

A. About as efficient as can be gotten.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. What proportion of money have you collected from private sources as compared with money received from the State in the last five years—say the last two years?

A. In the fiscal year just closed we received $82,236; we raised for our maintenance the same amount within just a very few dollars, and raised outside that something like $36,000 for new work.

Q Suppose you had not received this $82,000, what would have been the result?

A. A shut down on the charity patients.

Q. Do you make any distinction between charity and paid patients?

A. No, sir.

Q. What is your endowment fund, doctor?

A. Twenty thousand dollars.

Colonel Albert J. Logan, representing the West Penn Hospital: Mr. Brown, what is it you want from me?

Mr. Brown: Colonel Logan, you heard the questions asked of Dr. Alexander.

Col. Logan: I would like you to repeat them.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Of course, you have no doubt the State of Pennsylvania should appropriate money to institutions under her conrtol.

A. I believe that the State should appropriate money to such institutions as the West Penn and other hospitals, which as- sist in taking care of the unfortunate wards of the State. I believe the State could get very good results by doing so. I believe the best system—in my opinion, the best results—could be obtained by the maintenance of an appropriation based on the number of charity patients that has been taken by the hospitals during a period—per capita basis.

Q. Has the receipt of State money tended to diminish your private contributions?

A. No, sir, I don't think so—I don't think it has in our hos- pital. The West Penn Hospital has been receiving about $5,000 a month or $60,000 a year for the past three, or four, or five years, and I believe our expenses run along about $12,000. The difference is made up by the receipt from our endowment, or from the paid patients and contributions.

Q. How many vacant beds does your hospital average dur- ing the year?

A. Well, I can't tell you on an average. We probably now have very few, probably in the neighborhood of twenty a day.

Q. Does that condition exist so far as you know in other hospitals in this city?

A. I cannot answer that. The use of beds in the hospital varies much according to the condition of health in the com- munity. A few years ago when the typhoid fever was so bad here we were overcrowded. Sometimes running down, prob- ably not over 60 percent. of the beds being occupied—65 per cent. along in there, and then of course it changes in course of time. You made some reference, I believe, to Dr. Alexander about the consolidation of hospitals.

Q. That is the sentiment of Philadelphia. A good many hospitals are there, and it was thought some could be con- solidated without detracting from the public welfare.

A. I believe my opinion is—to a limited extent—that might be done.

By Mr. Woodward:

Q. Would not joint administration lessen the cost of main- taining these patients in these institutions?

A. It depends upon the size of the hospital. I think you can get a hospital too big for the management, and it cannot be properly taken care of. After you reach a certain size it goes beyond the power of a man, and after awhile it comes down to where a man who is on the ground all the time cannot take care of these institutions, and it goes beyond his reach if it is too large. I believe there is a large number of small hospitals throughout the State, that it costs too much to main- tain the number of patients they have. I believe the doctor's suggestion that the cost of maintenance can be reduced in that way, and I believe a fair-sized hospital is most economi- cal to run. We have the West Penn Hospital, and our cost of maintenance is about $1.80 per day per head, although this present month we have struck our lowest mark, $1.57, the lowest we have had since my connection with the hospital. I wish to say, Mr. Brown, that if the system can be established by which a proper check can be made by putting on all these institutions a check on the patients they are taking care of, that the fair way for all is to pay on a per capita basis. I am not much in favor of the State furnishing the buildings and furnishing the maintenance and having private individ- uals run it, so when we get away from that basis, and that plan will work out, I believe we would get better results of either one—have either one or the other furnish the building, and in my plan the State would pay the board of the patients that are sent in there that needs to be paid for, and it would

remove the much-talked-of—and I don't believe much in the idea that so many are turned away from the hospitals in the city—worthy cases—but it would certainly—this would be an incentive to take that case—it would have an assurance that it would be more likely to take care of the case.

By Vice-Chairman Moyer:

Q. Do you believe the State should appropriate money to private institutions for permanent improvements and buildings?

A. No, sir. I think that that system has been in vogue and has done some good, but it seems to me that the State should have an equity for whatever the State puts up money for. Now, whether that equity can be brought together in a satisfactory way to the State is a question in my mind. That is why I suggest that idea that private institutions furnish their own equipment and buildings, there would be better results arrived at.

Q. Then your views are that the State should not appropriate money to private institutions over which it has no control for permanent improvements?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. But the State should appropriate such money for maintenance only and on a per capita basis?

A. Yes. I want to say, however, that since the State has established this system of building up hospitals and appropriating money for equipment, that it would be very unjust and injurious to the institutions now in existence if the State would suddenly chop off that system. If my plan is adopted it ought to be arrived at at some gradual basis, and not have the result of closing up some of the well-established institutions.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Suppose that the State cannot appropriate to the city of Pittsburg all the money needed by your several institutions, don't you suppose you could get together and decide to drop out some of them without detracting from the public welfare. There are 12 hospitals in the city of Pittsburg, each receiving State aid. Now, assuming it is impracticable for the State to appropriate moneys which you all have asked, and which it is presumed you need, but is able to contribute toward six or seven, being a less sum in the aggregate than that demanded by 10 or 12, do you think it is possible for your hospitals to get together and lessen your number, say to six?

A. I don't believe it is. I don't see how you could do that very well. The hospitals are located throughout the city, and I think wisely so, to have them located geographically in Pittsburg. Now we have certain hospitals in the lower part of the North Side, the Allegheny General in the center, and then out this district the West Penn, in the Penn avenue district the St. Francis, and on out further the Pittsburg Hospital, on the other side the Mercy, and on the other side of the river the South Side Hospital. It is hard to get about here, so that I believe that that would hardly apply in Pittsburg. Furthermore, I don't think that so far as hospitals are actually concerned that we are very much overbuilt in regard to numbers in the city of Pittsburg. The capacity in our hospital—I think we have quite a sufficiency for the time, but there are no new hospitals that I know of projected now to begin, and with our growing community I do not think there will be much opportunity to consolidate the places in Pittsburg. Now, if the per capita basis were used it would enable you to know about the time each hospital would get its share of what the State would appropriate, and then, of course, it would be time to take care of the deficiency on that account.

Mr. GEORGE B. LOGAN, representing the Presbyterian Hospital, North Side, Pittsburg.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. You think, of course, that the State should appropriate money to such hospitals as yours?

A. Yes, sir, for both building purposes and maintenance. The State has given us money to finish about one-third, possibly more than that, but we shall need more money than can be raised among the citizens here.

Q. Why is it that these moneys cannot be raised in a community like this. These hospitals that take care of the helpless sick, why is it in a city like this more money cannot be raised from the people?

A. The people of Pittsburg are called on for all kinds of charity, and people seem to flock to Pittsburg whenever they want any money, and I think they find the people here as liberal as anywhere.

Q. You say you can't—what effort is made?

A. Go among the people and solicit it.

Q. What answer do they give?

A. That they give to this, and give to that, and haven't anything left.

Q. Do you think equally good results could be obtained by consolidation?

A. No, I do not.

Q. What is the nearest hospitals to yours?

A. The Allegheny General is about a quarter of a mile.

Q. About three squares here?

A. Four.

Q. Is there any reason why your hospital or the other could not fulfill all needs in that locality?

A. It could if made large enough.

Q. A larger hospital would be better able to take care of the sick?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Do any of your hospitals here have tubercular wards?

A. No, sir.

Q. Why not?

A. I don't know.

Q. They have made no effort to take care of tuberculosis?

A. I can't answer for all the hospitals.

Q. Is there any reason so far as you know?

A. There is a special hospital here. I listened yesterday to one of the men here—you have got to pay money out before you get money from the State to pay your debts. It is a great inconvenience to the trustees who have to go int a bank and give their own personal endorsement before the can get money to pay their bills.

By Mr. Woodward:

Q. It is an expensive proposition, too?

A. Yes, and I don't see why the Auditor could not pa some of it.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Mr. Logan, from communications we have receive there seems to be a general sentiment that there is to much money given by the State to these institutions.

A. I agree with what Colonel Logan said about the pe capita basis.

Q. Have you ever considered the amount of money tha should be appropriated to treat tubercular patients?

A. We have no facilities for such; we have no room i our institution:

By Mr. Hunter:

Q. Very few of them have.

A. Very few. In Pittsburg there is an institution espe cially for it.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Dr. Flick testified that there was no reason why a hospitals should not have special wards to treat tubercula patients, or did not see any reason for it.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. Mr. Logan, you spoke a moment ago about having som unfinished buildings. Do you believe it is the State's dut to give you some money to finish them, or do you think i is the State's first duty to take care of its own unfinishe insane asylums and other buildings, for the care of th wards, generally called the unfortunate wards of the Com monwealth. Don't you think it is the first duty of th Commonwealth to take care of its own?

A. Do you mean a purely State institution?

Q. Yes, one under State control exclusively.

A. I think in regard to our institution, the State havin begun to help us, and having only half of the institutio finished, it would be bad faith if they did not help u finish it.

Q. What obligation rests upon the State, only good will

A. Just the fact that they have led us to believe that w could get State aid. For instance, last year the Legislatur appropriated for building purposes $60,000, and the Governo had to cut down all appropriations, and he cut it in hal and we only got $30,000 instead of $60,000.

By Mr. Hunter:

Q. Mr. Logan, I believe you are a trustee of the Associate Charities here?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. I am of the opinion that we should hear a few word on that subject, and tell us of the plan of your work an the purpose of it.

A. The Associated Charities is a sort of clearing hous through which the charities come together and try to d their work to the best advantage.

By Mr. Woodward:

Q. The object is to see that these places are not abusin their privileges?

A. Each institution and each association work in connec tion with each other, and their work lies in one direction rather than cross purposes. I think it is an excellent thin when we get it going here.

MR. FRANCIS J. TORRANCE, representing the State Board of Charities:

I came here to listen rather than to make any speech on the subject. But to begin with, on the question of State appropriations for maintenance, we have very pronounced views, as set forth in our report to the Legislature. I will read an extract from that report, as follows:

"Under the item 'Homes' our recommendations show a decrease from that of the previous session of the Legislature. While the appropriations of public funds to private and semi-private charities is an interesting question, it should be borne in mind that these institutions relieve suffering humanity and that they represent the true spirit of charity, and further, that they directly or indirectly relieve the State's institutions. The questions of the State's contributions to homes and hospitals (other than State institutions) for the treatment of patients or inmates is an important one, and one to which this Board has given earnest consideration. We have endeavored to formulate some plan by which such cases might be treated in private institutions on a per capita basis for free patients or inmates cared for, or for a free bed capacity, but, so far, we have been unable to find any arbitrary or fixed rule that would work fairly and equitably in all cases. The ideal condition, or plan, would be something similar to that by which the insane, deaf and dumb, or the blind are now being considered, but, as the circumstances and conditions of each institution are so different, we have taken up each one separately, and made the recommendations accordingly, taking into consideration all the conditions entering into a proper examination of each institution."

Now, that is my view as expressed and approved by the Board of Public Charities in their message sent to the Legislature two years ago, and on which, as far as we know, we have not changed our views. The grave question of that is the abuse of State moneys in these institutions as well as in other institutions, and the tendency to abuse the use of State moneys. On the question of State appropriations to these institutions, Mr. Brown, that is a grave proposition. It has become a custom because it was begun in that way, particularly in late years we have recommended in making our recommendations to the Legislature that the State's appropriation would be safeguarded in that a reversionary provision should be made to care for money given out of the State Treasury for these private institutions, in which title is vested in a Board of Trustees.

Now as to a question which you asked this morning, in which I was very much interested, Mr. Brown, we have very pronounced views as to taking care of the insane patients, as parents should take care of children; and we have set that forth in our annual message to each session of the Legislature, requesting or rather suggesting as follows: "Institutions owned and controlled by the State, and Dixmont Hospital." We make this provision for Dixmont in that the property there is not vested in the State, but is regarded as a State boarding house, used by us in taking care of insane wards. Our second consideration is for "institutions for dependent and delinquent classes, recognized as wards of the State, but owned and conducted by private corporations." Third, "private charities of all other kinds."

Now, my views on the subject generally are those that I have expressed in my messages and letters to the Legislature and to the Governor. I would be very glad to answer any questions.

By Vice-Chairman Moyer:

Q. Mr. Torrance, what do you think of appropriating money to private institutions for permanent improvements?

A. Where it can be safeguarded or reversionary—that would be in the shape of a benefit.

By Mr. Woodward:

Q. There is such a provision in all of the Acts passed at the 1909 session?

A. Yes, sir.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Mr. Torrance, what supervision does your Board make as to the use of the moneys the State appropriates? How do you know whether they are expended properly or not?

A. Well, in such Acts as provide for supervision, such as special Acts which provide for supervision by the Board of Charities, or its secretary, the only knowledge we have is that which we may obtain under the Fifth Section of the Act of 1869, which gives the Board power to investigate the conduct of the institution.

Q. I am familiar with the legislation upon that subject, but I want to know what you really do?

A. We have a general agent and commissioners.

Q. What has been your experience as to the expenditure of public money; in other words, do you think money has been used to special advantage by public institutions?

A. My own experience has been, I find very little misuse of it, I would say none, but some will be through the lack of proper knowledge on the part of the trustees or superintendents of institutions where money might have been saved by the use of other materials or different methods in construction.

Q. Does your Board make any comparison of prices paid by these different institutions? Do you ascertain from these institutions in the different localities how much they pay for a barrel of flour?

A. Yes, we have. These institutions come before us with reference to money required and we can compare their expenditures per capita, for the service rendered with other institutions under similar conditions; that is, in the same neighborhood. When it shows that the per capita of maintenance of one institution is greater, we begin to analyze the cause of that, putting, as it were, the superintendent or representative on the witness stand, to make good their statements as to the cost of maintenance. Then we depend pretty largely on the Auditor General's office or the Traveling Auditor for the information which we obtain from time to time.

Q. Have you made any investigation as to the cost of staple articles used by certain institutions?

A. No, not in a general way; but in a specific way, wherever the question arose as to the cost of maintenance.

Q. Do you think it would be advisable for the State to have a central purchasing body—do you think with reference to that, that a central purchasing body could or could not purchase supplies more cheaply and then distribute them by requisition to the different hospitals of the Commonwealth?

A. That might apply—that is quite possible as to clothing and bed linen, table linen and articles of that kind.

Q. Flour, sugar, salt?

A. I would say as to food products and articles of that kind for general consumption, that question has been before our Board and the question then arose as to possible loss by shrinkage and things of that kind, which led us to drop all recommendations of that kind. But as to the other, there is a possibility there. There is also in this question the local interests as against it. Where it is possible to have the provisions supplied in the community in which the institution is located, we believe it is best on the theory that they get more or less local help by this practice.

Q. That is, private contributions?

A. Yes. That money as far as possible, all things being equal, should again return to the people who have contributed it.

By Mr. Hunter:

Q. Do you find that there is any loss to institutions receiving State aid in the matter of collections?

A. Mr. Hunter, we have that in nearly all occasions. We are in a mill district, a man comes in with the intention of staying a couple of weeks and he pays ten, twelve, or fourteen dollars, and he stays three, four, five or possibly six weeks. Now, we have that man's account on our books, and we are doing the best we can to collect it, that is about as good an answer as I can give.

Q. In consequence of the aid rendered by the State, in providing better hospital conditions throughout the State, and many of which are incomplete, do you consider the State under any moral obligation to these institutions?

A. No, I do not, Mr. Hunter, I think that theory has been rather abused, and with reference to the question which Mr. Brown put to one of the previous representatives as to whether we had too many hospitals in most every community, with reference to the City of Pittsburg as the city now exists we have 2,200 beds. We have about 1,200 of these in the hospitals ossupied, that would be 55 to 60 per cent. Since that report was made to me and tabulated there have been a number of institutions finished, and there are a number on the way. Now, we all agree that when you are running an institution of any kind to its fullest capacity and under the supervision of proper management, you are running it most economically. We all know that an institution built and provided to take care of, say, three hundred patients, is going to lose money when it is using only half of its capacity. Now, if a hospital is erected in a community where there is an institution provided with three hundred beds, and prepared to take care of three hundred people, it is just the same as any other occupation, creating competition, and the Board of Charities has endeavored to prevent that duplication of institutions.

By Mr. Woodward:

Q. Don't you find that a number of the new hospitals, especially in the smaller communities, are organized and brought about through quarrels among physicians?

A. No doubt about that.

Q. Then the State is asked to assist them in maintaining two institutions where one would suffice?

A. Yes, sir.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Then why don't your board say so and stop that?

A. I can show you a number of applications that this Board turned down, and yet they got the money.

Q. You say they got it?

A. Yes, we disapproved of their application because we didn't believe that the institution was necessary in that community, or that the hospital was not needed at all, and could be taken care of otherwise.

Q. Is there any reason in your opinion, why certain hospitals could not be consolidated?

A. I don't know that there should be any reason why they should not do it.

Q. If it withheld appropriations under your report, they would probably consolidate, anyhow?

A. I think they would. We have endeavored to enable institutions to do this. Now, the same condition exists in the homes, while on the subject. We have in this neighborhood—not just in the immediate city, but in this district—five, I think, institutions for the care of unfortunate girls and women, and I believe that they could be properly cared for in three institutions. Now, in that work I tried to get, myself, the institutions in this neighborhood to unite or consolidate. I would not say I would put them all in one, but I think two or three at the outside would be able to do the work.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. Mr. Torrance, what would you say as to recommending to the Legislature something like this—have a paid Board of Charities of sufficient compensation to devote their time entirely to this proposition, increasing their powers so as to supervise these institutions, inasmuch as the State has been spending money for their maintenance and the upkeep of their buildings?

A. That would be a very delicate question for me.

Q. Assuming that the present body would be wiped out of existence?

A. Well, then, it would be a department of the State, the same as any other department of the Commonwealth Government. The question would then arise as to the cost of it as compared with the present method. As it is now, the administration of charity, under the law of '69, is comparatively inexpensive. It would, I think——

Q. And comparatively ineffective also?

A. Yes, ineffective in this way, that we haven't the mandatory or compulsory powers to enforce.

Q. You are shorn of your power?

A. Yes. Going back a few years sixty years for that matter, in 1850, when the Board of Charities was organized, there were some institutions having expenditures of $134,000. In the last biennial period there were 256 institutions receiving State aid under the jurisdiction of the Board of Charities. They received in the two years, from time to time, $722,000. Aside from that there were about 200 institutions, such as orphan asylums and homes for girls, which receive no appropriation, but still come under the same supervision. It is only two years since the Legislature gave the two assistants which I asked for in previous years, and they have done a great deal—

Q. How many institutions are there receiving State aid?

A. Two hundred and fifty-six.

Q. Two hundred and fifty-six, that is allowing a couple of days to each one?

A. Yes, sir.

By Mr. Hunter:

Q. How many not receiving State aid?

A. Possibly 200.

By Mr. Woodward:

Q. Would you think more assistants would better the service?

A. There is no doubt of that.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. What direct influence have these assistants had?

A. Very largely in the manner in which the books were kept. We have had a great deal of trouble of getting reports from the smaller institutions.

Q. Has it resulted in any economy at all?

A. I think it has. It has pointed out dangerous conditions in smaller institutions, county homes, etc., where there was not proper protection against fire, and where there was not proper protection against elevator accidents, and things of that kind.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. Notwithstanding the fact, Mr. Torrance, of your recommendations, the Legislature would do just exactly as it pleases regarding the matter. Your body can only recommend?

A. Yes, sir, that they have done. Now, while on the subject, there is, I think, another recommendation to the Legislature, being two bills I had introduced, one for the removal of the pentitentiary, and another for the removal of the Western Pentitentiary, of its reconstruction, which would be of economical character, but worthy of this Commission's consideration. I also entered another bill, and that was for the establishment of workhouses through the counties similar to the one we have here. It is a sort of a boarding house for the criminal class of several counties under a specific act. Instead of sending the offenders to the local jail or penitentiary, they have been sent here, and the institution, to a certain extent, is self-sustaining. Now, my recommendation was that the counties might have an institution similar to that of the Allegheny county workhouse, and let the counties, I think, if not able to contribute to the building at all, let them agree by proper legislation to pay so much for the board of their prisoners.

By Mr. Woodward:

Q. That is for short-term prisoners?

A. Yes, and in that way it would relieve the State of what I think will be quite necessary within the next decade, and that is building one additional penitentiary, or building an addition to the present penitentiaries.

By Mr. Hunter:

Q. Do you think our present Western Penitentiary is well located?

A. Every high river we have we get in there, necessitating the removal of the machinery from the lower story of the building. Another thing that is a recommendation for this plan is the very satisfactory result we have have had in Allegheny County. The same allowance is made for the board of their insane, and have a proviso that they would have an equipment and treatment equal to that in the State institutions at Dixmont, Harrisburg, Norristown, and Warren, and that has induced the counties to put up a better class of county homes, and that has resulted also in taking care of a very considerable percentage of our insane. Our insane population of the State is about fifteen thousand at the present time, and we have not sufficient capacity for them.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. How many are we caring for?

A. We have an insane population in the institutions of fifteen thousand.

Q. How many outside the State institutions are being cared for?

A. From what I can gather, Mr. Brown, there is possibly 20 or 25 per cent. outside. Mr. Boyle thinks the population is not so large, possibly not more than 10 per cent. not being cared for. But that does not alter the fact that they are supposed to be cared for. Dixmont was to take care of five hundred patients and already has a population of six hundred. They had at the last time I was there about nine hundred, now if you crowd nine hundred people to where five hundred were intended you are doing a detriment to the people who are in that institution.

Q. You believe that the State should finish State institutions before approaching to private institutions?

A. Yes, sir. We have $13,000 invested at Allentown, and it isn't of any use to us until it is finished. Now what I say to you of Dixmont is true almost to the same extent of the other five hospitals, that is, Norristown, Warren, Harrisburg, Danville and Wernersville.

By Mr. Woodward:

Q. While you are speaking of Dixmont institution, a couple of years ago I was on the Commission investigating the insane, and we suggested to that institution that they ask for money to relieve their crowded condition there, and they informed the Commission that they did not want any more State patients; that they intended to cut loose from the State, and have Dixmont become a private institution, and since then, I understand, they have decided not to do that.

A. Since that time, Mr. Woodward, Dixmont has separated from the West Penn Hospital, and has its own charter and is a corporation.

Q. Do you know if they are willing to build up yet?

A. Yes, sir, I think they are.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Mr. Torrance, have you folks made any calculation as to what it would cost to finish the institutions now under construction—about how much?

A. Well, I would hardly attempt to say. There is Allentown, Spring City, and Fairview (?). I suppose it would take a million and a half or two millions.

Q. For the present institutions?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. How much would it cost to build institution to properly care for the insane that are uncared for by these institutions?

A. That would only be a guess on my part. We are sadly in need of more institutions. I have brought here with me Mr. Boyle, who is familiar with these lunacy questions. On the whole I think the State will rank with any of the other Commonwealths in the care of its charities.

Q. Is the Board of Charities prepared to recommend that the State shall not give any more money to those institutions which are not under her control?

A. That is the policy of the Board.

Q. What would become of all these private institutions?

A. That would be a very sad thing for them, and for the community if they are essential.

Q. Do you think from your experience that they would be able to provide for them locally?

A. Some of them would.

Q. How about the general welfare of the community?

A. I think it would be bad.

Q. Which would be the worst now, to allow those people to go uncared for, or to go on and appropriate money to these institutions and have it used that way?

A. There is not only the economical question to be considered there, but the question of the welfare of the State that arises, and it would be pretty hard for anyone to say.

Q. Which would result in the greatest good to the greatest number?

A. Here is a class of people, some are and some are not citizens, there are criminals, and the insane wards and other people being cared for, sick, crippled, injured, etc. Now, we believe in the doctrine of the submerged tenth, we had better take care of our own people. That is a pretty hard question to answer.

Q. Well, I suppose those in prison would rather be abandoned?

A. I suppose they would. If you would go into an institution such as we have in this State, and find them at night sleeping on the floors, and you will be almost unable to walk through the corridors for fear of tramping on them, you will realize what necessity there is for the care of them.

Q. Well, it certainly has gotten to be a critical situation from my point of view, and that is the reason we are trying to see if there is not some way to help them?

A. Of course, there is this, that the institutions are further advanced than they were three or four years ago, and it won't be so hard in the future, in my mind, if the Board of Charities should not be continued, and there is not this duplication of which we in our judgment and experience believe to be impossible in these private charities. Then if this is adopted, there will be plenty of revenue without any burden on the taxpayer for these institutions.

PATRICK C. BOYLE, of the Board of Charities:

Mr. Torrance has told you that we have made the endorsement which would require that there be built another institution for the care of the insane. Mr. Torrance has just spoken to you that Allentown has been in process of construction for almost ten years—seven or eight years. That they have very few people there, and it will be some years before they can take care of the number cared for in either of the other five institutions. At the other five institutions there is an overcrowding fully exceeding 50 per cent. of their capacity. That means that we need at the present time two whole institutions to take care of the overflow.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. And Allentown could have been finished in two years, or four years at the outside?

A. If sufficient money had been appropriated.

By Mr. Woodward:

Q. Do you find that patients are as well taken care of in the county institutions as they are in State institutions?

A. In most of the counties they are better taken care of. Woodville stands at the top, and is in excellent condition. And if the chronic insane were taken out of the State institutions and put in the county homes there would be an instant relief from the pressure. The State would pay $2.00 per week to the counties for the care and maintenance of the chronic insane.

Q. The people whom you think should be placed in the county home, and not in insane asylums, they are helpless but not violent?

A. Yes, sir, absolutely so. Take the case of the insane asylums and the State hospitals, those that we have now would be sufficient for many years to come if the counties would do their share of the work, but, unfortunately, many of them are not able.

Q. The theory being that the counties should take care of their own?

A. Yes.

By Mr. Hunter:

Q. Mr. Boyle, wouldn't it be a good idea for the counties to club together for the purpose of this kind, as stated by Mr. Torrance?

A. Oh, yes, it would be a grand thing, and for the adjoining counties.

Q. That is, to properly care for them?

A. Oh, yes. Now Hollidaysburg, Blair County, is in position to do that. They have a proposition, I think, from one or two counties. Clearfield wanted to send their chronic insane over there to the insane department of that county. That is one instance where it might be done. They are doing that in some of the Western States.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. They are doing that in New York also. In recent years in the State Legislature there has been considerable effort put forward to have the public school system supported entirely by the Commonwealth. The chief objection to that is that it takes away responsibility from the counties, and that the school would not be as satisfactory as it is to-day?

A. It might not be as satisfactory.

Mr. Woodward: Mr. Torrance, as a result of these charities, what would you think of an act that would provide against any institution receiving State aid unless they were organized specially by the State?

Mr. Torrace: I would think very well of it.

Mr. Woodward: Provide for the incorporation of such institutions by special act?

Mr. Torrance: Yes?

Mr. Woodward: You couldn't incorporate them very well by special act?

Mr. Torrance: It would be for State and educational purposes.

Mr. Boyle: I will submit a brief to the Commission.

EUSTACE S. MORROW, Controller of the City of Pittsburg:

I say that I can only endorse what the Mayor has said, with some emphasis. I don't believe in wiping out entirely

all classifications, because I think an evil would be worked, but I believe in a modified classification of real estate in a city like Pittsburg, and possibly Philadelphia. I want to say, too, that an injury has been done by the passage of the automobile act. We license vehicles. There is quite a complaint that automobiles go free when they have to pay a tax.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Why don't your city authorities tax them? You have under your police power the right to put a tax on them, and it does not interfere with the State authorities at all?

A. We had an ordinance, but the Attorney General held that the ordinance of 1909 wiped out the right of the city to levy any license.

Q. On automobiles?

A. Yes. There is one more thing I would like to say, I mean in relation to State tax. I think it is wrong for the State to tax municipal bonds. A municipality is the child of the State, and I think the State might leave the municipality go free.

Q. You don't have any trouble in floating your bonds?

A. Oh, no, our credit is good, but still we have complaint when making taxation.

Q. Your bonds are all issued tax free?

A. No. Oh, no, no, no. We find a ready market in the East for our bonds. I want to say I fully endorse what Mayor Magee has said regarding manufacturing interests. You take manufacturing interests out of the city——

Q. Why do they go out of Pittsburg?

A. Our expenses are very heavy, and our tax rate may be very heavy. If the State would give us the power to modify the tax on manufacturing corporations—take Jones & Laughlin's interests on both sides of the river—great, large mills—why, they would have to get out of town if we taxed them to the full value of the ground.

Q. That is the disadvantage of being in a city?

A. There is no disadvantage of being in a city.

Q. Does not that condition exist all over the county?

A. That is true, but still we want to keep the manufacturing interests.

Q. Are there any other features of our present laws that you can think of that ought to be amended?

A. I can't think of anything now.

Q. Your city gets three-fourths of the personal property tax?

A. Oh, no, the county does—I don't know anything about the county. I don't know how much they get. We have no personal tax, but business tax.

PETER WITT, of Cleveland, Ohio.

I came to deliver a lecture here last night, and my friend, George, asked me if I wouldn't come over here and give you my views of the Ohio laws that you may steer away from the mistakes made in the State of Ohio. Of course, the question of taxation has never been reduced to a scientific basis and, of course, we do not have the ideal one, either. When you talk of personal property taxation here, it means something entirely different to me from what we have in the State of Ohio, and I very much fear that I might get into trouble if I would give you the benefit of a few thoughts on the subject. Of course, on the general subject of taxation I presume Ohio is the most backward of any State in the United States. From 1836—from that day to this—very few changes have been made. In 1851, when the present Constitution of Ohio was adopted, it was provided that all property, both real and personal, should be taxed at its full and true value, and that lands and buildings should be taxed once in ten years, except railroad property. It is provided that all persons shall make a return of all personal property owned by them. There is an exemption of one hundred dollars on household effects.

In the City of Cleveland we have over two hundred million dollars on deposit, yet the tax return says there is only a million there. We have our assessors, and of course, they are very good assessors in most instances. We send them out to make an equitable return when the owner refuses to make it. While the average assessor can readily distinguish the difference between a fifty cent chair and furniture like this (meaning furniture in Chamber of Commerce room), he would hardly be able to make a fair valuation on furniture he would see in this room.

W. D. George: I might say I am in the real estate business here in Pittsburg, and after hearing for two days what has been said on the subject of taxation, I feel like saying something myself. This question of classification to which Mayor Magee has spoken of to-day, is the first time his Honor has publicly expressed his opinion on the subject. We have been watching with a great deal of interest that law. We have three classifications: there is agricultural, rural, and full valuation, and the result of it as it has been administered here in Pittsburg is that we find the finest homes in Pittsburg, on Fifth avenue Morewood avenue, and those high-priced residence districts, all in the district, all assessed at the rural classification—two-thirds taxes on them—and yet we come into Lawrenceville and lower Allegheny and the South Side, and in the very nature of things, the whole location is utilized for building purposes and under the laws it comes in for the full classification.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Do these rural districts have the same facilities for schools?

A. Yes, sir, ordinarily. Not only that, but we go out further and we find a district out there where a chap is going on, holding on to the property as against the growth of the community and it is either taxed as agricultural, which is one-half, or at the most rural, which is two-thirds, holding back for development, which the city should try to discourage; but when a builder or some other person goes out there and builds a house on it, immediately the tax goes up, and as a result of that condition of affairs here in Pittsburg, so much of our community is engaged in speculating in land instead of using it. Manufacturers come here! You see manufacturers won't come to Pittsburg? Why don't they come? Because the land values are so high that they can't come, owing to speculation, and if they do come, they can't get their men in. Rents are so high. And they can go out in Ohio or some place else and can locate there to better advantage—manufacturing is cheaper and living is cheaper.

Now, that law allowing the classification of real estate should unquestionably be done away with. That is working a great inequality in all communities, and is working into the hands of the people who are holding the land out of use. Of course, I, as a single taxer, would go further and the man who has some legitimate use, would have something for the community, and I would think he is a good citizen, he is the man we want to attract here.

My Mr. Brown:

Q. Is there enough land in Pittsburg to supply the demands of manufacturing corporations?

A. Right up along the railroad there you see the number of people who are absolutely sitting there just waiting until the interest or the necessity of the railroad will require that property for legitimate use. Over on the South Side, when the Wabash attempted to force an entrance into town, $1.00 a square foot was the price for that land, and manufacturers couldn't afford to utilize that land very well, but the people held on to it until it developed and the Wawbash paid $6.00 a square foot for the same land within a year after it had been sold for $1.00 per foot.

Q. How can you distinguish between a monopoly of land and something else?

A. There are two values to land, you will find, and that is the use value—that is, the value which any person can pay for it and legitimately use it—and then there is the other value, which is the speculative value—the value which a man gets on a piece of property when he says, "Within ten years somebody will have to have this land for some purpose, and I will sit on it awhile until he has to have it and have to pay me enough to give me a profit on it." I would tax it and make him use it, and it would do away with unequal assessments. I challenge any man to go out under present conditions and value real estate. People are coming in and asking me to set a value on real estate. The value has been inflated to such an extent because of speculations that it is away beyond the price that anybody can legitimately use it for.

Q. Are the assessors assessing it at the inflated values?

A. Yes, sir, they are. They overlook the question that so much of our value of real estate is speculative value. Over on the North Side, they are selling real estate for less than its assessed value, and if any plot of real estate had to be sold in Pittsburg at public sale, in the down-town sections, you could not get the assessed value for it. You are speaking of personal property tax. Mr. Smith said that they actually collected two-thirds of all the personal property which is subject to taxation. You go up to his office and ask his chief man what proportion of the property which they get for taxation they get from the records of the county and what proportion is handed in on these personal returns. The chief clerk tells me, and he is the man who knows—he tells me that at least two-thirds of it is property which is handed in from the records. That is the mortgage tax. Now, a big proportion of that tax is the mortgage tax. There is no question about that, and that is the tax on the poor, unfortunate people who have to pay because they are in debt. I own a piece of property, and I own it clear. My neighbor owns a piece of property and it is mortgaged and he pays the same tax, and the mortgage tax on top of it; but the money at interest in these trust companies here——

Q. You mean moneys at interest?

A. I am speaking about the personal property tax which the State collects. Allegheny county collects $800,000. That is a fair reversion of taxable property, even if two-thirds of it is collected.

WILLIAM N. McNAIR, Attorney-at-Law.

With the permission of the Committee it will take only a few words to explain some data prepared by Mr. Hardy. Mr. Hardy will explain the data which he has prepared.

Mr. Hardy: I separated the real estate from the improvements in 1909. The real estate amounted to $696,200. In the year 1909, I did the same thing. The value of the real estate amounted to $1,422,880. That was in the Second Ward of the Borough of Carnegie. The Second Ward has a population of 4,500. What I would think we should recommend especially would be the abolition of classification. A piece of ground laid out should not be assessed any more than a piece of ground not laid out. It should all be assessed at the same basis.

The fundamental maxim laid down by authorities on taxation, that the subjects of every State ought to contribute to the support of the Government as nearly as possible in proportion to the revenue which they respectively enjoy under its protection. The persons who enjoy the greatest revenue by reason of the protection of the State, its industries and progress are those who own land. Especially in the large centers of population in this State, lands are increasing in value and the owners thereof are receiving constantly increasing revenue and they ought to be made to contribute to the support of the State in proportion to this increase.

Ernest Selfer: My borough is right on the edge of the City of Pittsburg. Every man in that borough is supposed to pay an occupation tax of so much a head. Now those men are compelled to pay this tax. They look across to the city where there is no tax and some of them move into the city to escape that tax. As a citizen of the State I think that this is inequitable. I think that the city should be compelled to collect that tax, or else the tax should be taken off altogether.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. Is it poll tax?

A. Occupation tax. The trouble now is that every man in the borough pays borough tax, as well as the school and poor tax. If he gets a heavy bill of taxes, he thinks he can move across the line and not pay it. If there is any revision of the tax law, I think that should be taken up.

Q. Doesn't that show laxity on the part of the city officials?

A. I don't know that.

Q. If the city does not collect the tax and it is the law, where does the responsibility lie?

A. If that is the law, the city should be forced to collect it.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Do you think anybody moves from your borough to the city to escape that tax?

A. I think some of them go. If you go on the other side you don't have to pay it, and if you stay in the borough you have to pay that tax.

Adjourned at 5.30 P. M. to meet at 10.00 A. M. Saturday morning.

PUBLIC MEETING, PITTSBURGH, PA.,

MORNING MARCH 26, 1910.

C. E. Brown, Assistant City Solicitor of the City of Pittsburgh: Gentlemen, as the law officer of the city, having charge of street railway matters, my attention has been called somewhat closely for the past months to that question in particular, and in relation to the public service corporations of the municipality in general.

With your permission I would like to give a brief sketch of our department, or our system here, so that you will understand how I have arrived at the conclusions I come to.

First, the street railway company was chartered in 1859. They were, of course, horse car companies. The ordinances at that time contained conditions which were then thought to be applicable to corporations of that kind, particularly requirements as to keeping the streets clean and in repair. There were some 17 companies chartered by the Legislature between the years 1859 and 1874. Eight of those companies never built lines, but were abandoned. Two of them were subsequently merged or sold to other companies. Seven of these charters are in existence to-day and the present company claims right under them.

From 1874 to 1887 there were possibly some eight or ten companies chartered under the Act of 1879, which authorized the formation of railway companies in cities of the second and third class. The Act was subsequently declared unconstitutional, but practically all of these companies availed themselves of the Act of 1859 and are in existence to-day.

Eighteen hundred and eighty-seven marked the transition from the old horse line to the cable system. A number of traction companies were organized under the Traction Motor Power Act, passed that year. The theory of the Act was that companies organized under it were organized merely for the manufacture and supply power to the street railway companies. In other words, it did not grant any subsequent franchises to companies organized under it. There had to be in existence a company organized under some other law which made the contract with the traction companies organized under the Act of 1887. The method was for the old company to lease the lines to the traction company. That also marked the first outburst of modern ideas on capitalization. The old companies did not have more than $100,000, while most companies were organized at approximately $1,000,000 and in some instances, of course, more than that, and bonded in some cases for an equal sum. The capital stock represented, of course, the good will and franchises, and was exchanged for the stock of the old company for the franchises. From 1887 for a few years the street railways operated principally by cable power, and in 1889 the first General Act was passed in this Commonwealth authorizing the formation of street railway companies. That marked the beginning of electric street railways and also marked a further increase in the method of capitalization. Under the latter Act, the Act of '89, a large number of companies were organized, possibly there had been as high as 200 in this county organized under that Act. Naturally competition arose, and after competition, consolidation, and the companies here were gathered under two large companies, the Consolidated Traction Company and the United Traction Company. Between them they controlled about 130 subsidiary companies, including in these the old companies that have the Legislative charters. Of course, every leaf or every turning over was made a further occasion of the increase of the capital, each one representing generally a number of different profits, brokers' profits, constructors' or contractors' profits, and so on. You are probably familiar with that to some extent.

The ordinances of the city that were granted to each company from 1887 on were of different character from what had been granted to the early companies. They were either in every case practically in perpetuity or for the terms of the company's charter, which was usually for 999 years. They were without compensation to the city and without condition as to operation. The result of this matter of operation would not be hard to foresee. It did result in the gathering together of all these properties ultimately under one company, the Pittsburg Railways Company, which is a company what we call an omnibus charter, a charter of 1881, giving the company practically every known power to transact business. This Pittsburg Railways Company, on the other hand, is merely a holding or operating company, and its stock is held by the Philadelphia Company, which is also a company having one of these omnibus charters; and that company owns or controls the heating or lighting utilities of this neighborhood, practically all of them. There are one or two other small lighting companies, but the Philadelphia Company does most of the natural and lighting business. The result has been that the Pittsburg Railways Company has not had sufficient new capital to keep its equipment up to date, having, and it has now, arrived at the point where it finds what it should have for use as available working capital tied up in these stocks and securities that have been issued from time to time in the past. And another thing most of the people have agreed generally that is the keynote of the present situation, that if the Company had an opportunity of increasing its capital stock we should not be facing the present situation. I need, I suppose, not enlarge on the details of that situation, and I do not think this is the time or the place to make an harangue as to the wrongs the community has suffered at the hands of this corporation. You all know that the service is not what it ought to be; the company's officers even admit that. That naturally brings up the questions of remedy, if one can be provided. As I have mentioned, the city is practically without remedy. The only franchises which contain conditions of any kind are those to the earlier companies, having legislative charters. Those conditions were inserted with a view to conditions widely different to what they are now. Consequently we must turn to the State if we are to secure any remedy for present conditions, and when we do that we, of course, come to the Railroad Commission Act of 1907.

Now, in discussing this Act, I do not wish to be considered as offering criticisms upon the Commission or even upon the attitude of the Pittsburg Railways Company toward that Commission. The City of Pittsburg has an action pending before the Commission, and it would be ungracious for me to say the proceeding would not result in helping the city, but I do want to call your attention to things that I consider defects in the Act, and some powers which I think require to be amended or supplemented. In the first place, the Act applies only to common carriers, telephone and telegraph companies. I think it ought to be made to include all public utility corporations. You can see that the question of heating and lighting is very closely associated with the street railway matter. We suppose, and I think it is a matter of fact, that the Philadelphia Company relies very largely upon the profits of its lighting and heating companies to offset the loss arising from the operation of the street railway company. The consequence of that, these rates are put up to the highest possible point, and now we hear threats of the rate of gas going higher. I have heard that they are to be raised on the first of May. Consequently, I say that this ought also to be a subject of State regulation.

Now, gentlemen, in arriving at my knowledge of the facts which I have presented to you, I was put to a great deal of difficulty, for various reasons. One was this State Street Railway Act of 1889, by which corporations are not required to register their charters in the county in which they do business. Consequently, I had to go to Harrisburg whenever I wanted any information as to their charters. Then there are a number of other matters that are infinitely connected with the organization and operation of these corporations that are not matters of public record, and that ought to be. This brings me to another recommendation, and that is, that these corporations should be required to file with some officer of the county or municipality where they do business certified copies of their charter, ordinances, extensions, leases and agreements and instruments generally of all kinds on which they rely for the exercise of any right within that district. In that way it would be possible for the officers of the city to be informed of the various privileges relative to the right and liabilities of the party, and we would not be in the position where we are now where it has taken us practically a year to get at the facts of the situation. It seems to me, to refer to the Act of 1907, that the vital defect in the Act is that the decrees of the Commission are not made mandatory. In other words, the Commission is merely a body to inquire and recommend. It is provided in the Act that if the corporation shall not obey the recommendations of the Commission, that then they shall certify the statement of the facts to the Secretary of Internal Affairs or the Attorney General. Now, these officers have full power to act in case the corporation is violating the law, and the evasion or disobedience of the Commission's decree is not necessarily a violation of the law—of course, it may be, or may not. If it is a violation of the law, we have already a remedy. If it is not, the city or Commonwealth are without remedy. I think in this matter that we might copy after the Massachusetts law. In stating this question I have referred principally to the laws of Massachusetts, for the reason that they are the outgrowth of forty years' experimenting upon this subject. They have had a Railroad Commission for over forty years. They are the result of that period. And in Massachusetts the decrees of the Commission in certain cases are made mandatory through the imposition of penalty. I refer particularly to the provision in their code by which they can impose a penalty upon any corporation failing to provide additional rolling stock when ordered by the Commission. I think a penalty would be a very proper and very wise means of arriving at the result of compelling the corporations to obeyance. I might also say that in New York they have a penalty and the results have been that the companies have not sought to delay or avoid or disobey the decrees of this Commission. There are a number of other features, which I think might be incorporated in our laws relating to this matter—the matter of real estate valuation and also the valuation of franchises is important. For instance, in this city, while the company issue some transfers, it by no means will provide an adequate system, or the system which it ought to provide. If we had a means of putting a regulation in the franchises it would enable us to meet their plea that they

could not issue transfers because they cannot make money or profit. The question of transfers is also another one—of course the Commission has power to deal with that as with other matters. Whether or not the City ought not to be empowered to deal with some of these questions is a matter of great deal of doubt. Personally, I think they ought to be left to the Commission, if the powers of the Commission are enlarged. In my conversations with other men, they seem to be in favor of municipal rule of transportation, which would have power to make certain regulations. That is a matter of detail which would be considered in dealing with this question.

I think in my communications with this body I referred to some other matters. Yes, the matter of the issuance of securities is one that should be under the jurisdiction of the Commission. At present our Commission has power to inquire into the issuance of securities if they deem it advisable. In Massachusetts all new securities must be authorized by the Commission, and there is a provision that they shall not be issued unless the Commission finds it to be necessary. You can readily see if we here had some such provision at present what it would have saved us now and what such a provision will probably save us in the future.

In connection with that the Massachusetts laws also provide that the Commission must give its consent to all leases and agreements by any and all corporations. I might give you one or two instances to show you how that has been abused in the past. First, the Pittsburgh & Birmingham Passenger Railroad Company, going over the river to the South Side on the Smithfield street bridge—the original lease of the Passenger Railroad to the Traction Company in 1887 provided for a rental of $12,000 a year. The lease of the traction company—United Traction Company—made some five or six years later was at a rental of over $150,000 per year. That, of course, was partly justified by the changes in the system of operation, but not by any means to that extent. That went on in the case of all these corporations. And these rentals which are being paid to-day are one very large source of trouble to the companies to-day.

The grade crossing is another matter that has given the city a great deal of trouble. The Pittsburgh Railways Company interposes the plea that the number of crossings at grades of the steam railroads interferes with the operation of its cars. The city has practically no power to deal with these questions except by agreement between the railroad and the city, and the street railway. The Act of 1901 is not applied to a city of the second class, and the Act of 1871 does not apply to crossings of steam railroads. Our trouble has been to get the Pittsburgh Railways Company to stand its proper share of expense to abolish these crossings. In the State of Massachusetts that has been worked out satisfactory, the law specifies the portion of expense which shall be borne by the various corporations and the municipal districts. Some such system as that would speedily do away with these crossings which are present to-day.

The matter of an uniform system of accounting is one which the Commission should be compelled to require of all such corporations. Without this it is really impossible to tell what these corporations are doing and in many cases what would be fair or unfair regulation. That is, of course, connected with the valuation of physical properties and franchises and I think is in accordance with the most modern thought on this subject. In Massachusetts also they have provided for a periodical inspection of equipments, rights-of-way, bridges, and so forth of such corporations by some officer of the Commission. Personally, I am inclined to think that is not so important as the other matters, although I might say that at least in one respect—that is, if we had that provision here—we would have probably done away with the inadequate methods which the company use here, which is really a disgrace.

These complete my suggestions, gentlemen, for the present. The subject is a large one, and I have not yet had time to go into it as thoroughly as I wish to, but it seems to me that some provision along the lines that I have indicated should be adopted. They have been adopted in other places, notably, as I have stated, in Massachusetts and also New York, Wisconsin, Illinois, Ohio, and I think possibly in Michigan, of course, in a number of Western States. Other States are considering them. I see that the State of Maryland is at present holding hearings before some Commission similar to your body on this subject. The State of California, I believe, is contemplating taking such steps. Now, in many other places they have a means of dealing with these corporations which we have not. I doubt if there is any place in the country where the grants of the municipality to these corporations were of the same kind as those made in this city during the years 1887 and 1897. They deprived the city practically of any power to protect itself at all. Now, if they need this method of State regulation in other places where the municipalities have reserved some right of protection, much more do we need it here. As I have said, this is not the place or the time to indulge in the recital of the wrongs which this community has suffered at the hands of the public service companies, and the Pittsburg Railways Company, but we do feel that we have suffered and are suffering to-day a great and grevious wrong; that this is not a question entirely of policy, but there is a moral aspect to it, and that we come to you asking you to exercise the State's power, which the State has, of supervising these corporations and compelling them to do their duty.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. You tax in the City of Pittsburg what of these corporations?

A. I want to speak about that. We tax the real estate of these corporations in the old city.

Q. What do you tax in the new city?

A. We do not tax them in the Greater city. The Supreme Court has already decided that we are not entitled to tax their real estate on the North Side.

Q. The Supreme Court reversed your lower Court?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Your local Court decided for you and the Supreme Court reversed it?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. What other tax do you levy upon them?

A. Practically nothing. In 1893 the City passed an ordinance levying a license tax which netted it in the neighborhood of $20,000 a year. In 1896 that was amended by raising the amount, and the company contested the validity of the new ordinance and the Court held that it was invalid in that it was an attempt to impose a property tax and not a license tax. We received some $20,000 from the North Side company. Aside from the real estate tax which the City receives and the amount which I cannot give you, that $20,000 per year is all that we are receiving to-day.

Q. Under the Constitution the City has the right to levy a license tax upon these corporations before they allow them to operate within their limits?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Then your criticism is one of the City of Pittsburg and not the corporation?

A. It is attributed to the officers of the City of Pittsburg who at that time had the power with these franchises. However, that was brought about, though, we are confronted, as I say, with a condition, and not a theory, and if it is possible to remedy that condition we do not think we should be made to suffer for the acts of the Trustees of the city at that time.

Q. And as a lawyer you will appreciate that that became part of the contract between the city and the corporations?

A. There is enough proper things to bring about that abrogation.

Q. Do you think Pennsylvania has the right to set aside or abrogate this contract between the corporations and the City of Pittsburg?

A. I think that Pennsylvania has the right to pass a law along the lines I have indicated in my address, looking to the regulation of these corporations in these matters. That has been very largely thrashed out.

Q. How about the underlying securities, now?

A. That is one that I have not given much attention to. Some of the persons that I have talked with about that feature think that a plan can be devised for handling these securities, that is the provision of a fund from the surplus earning, if there should be any, looking toward the gradual and ultimate retirement of the water in the securities.

Q. Now, are the earnings of those corporations sufficient for the creation of such a fund?

A. They are said not to be, but that is a matter on which we lack at the present time sufficient information, and that merely emphasises a point that I want to make, and that is, that municipalities and the State in dealing with these questions are handicapped by lack of sufficient knowledge of conditions. If these companies were compelled to adopt a uniform system of accounting, and make full and complete report, we could then tell whether they were telling the truth or not about their profits, and have some idea of what they are working on.

Q. Do you think they have a right to increase the price of gas and other public utilities for the reason that the railways company is being run at a loss?

A. I think that is the present situation.

Q. That they are at present running the railways at a loss?

A. At a loss in this way: take, for instance, one of the underlying companies, the Citizens' Passenger Railway Company. That company was leased first to the Citizens' Traction Company, then the Citizens' Traction and its companies leased to the Fort Pitt Traction Company, and that in turn was leased to the Consolidated Traction Company, and the Consolidated Traction Company was leased to the Pittsburg Railways Company. The stock of the Pittsburg Railways Company is held by the Philadelphia Company, and that in turn is held by a San Francisco Company. The point I make is this: The Consolidated Traction Company and the United Traction Company own a great portion of the stock of these underlying companies which receive these dividends and rentals, and in that way it would easily be possible for the company to make a showing that it was being operated at a loss, if the full details of all these transactions were not given, by which it would be possible to analyze the thing, and find out just where the money was going.

Q. Are you familiar with the Philadelphia agreement between the city of Philadelphia and its transit company?

A. No, I am not. I have heard of that agreement.

Q. How could the State of Pennsylvania, under the present Constitution, give the Commission mandatory powers?

A. That is a question which I am not just prepared to answer. I intend to take that up and to follow your suggestion of submitting a brief as to proposing a bill along these lines, but I might say this: that in my view of the case the Commission would not be a court having the present powers of the courts of the Commonwealth.

Q. But if it has any one power it would come within the prohibition?

A. I should think not.

Q. What would be the mandatory power in your mind that should be given to the State Commission?

A. The power to compel corporations to supply additional rolling stock, and to issue transfers. Suppose, instead of making it mandatory, you should agree that way—accomplish that end by imposing a penalty for violation?

Q. How are you going to enforce a penalty without going into court?

A. You, of course, have to go into court to enforce the penalty as you do in any other case.

Q. You would give the Commission that power and the court would have power to enforce it?

A. That was my notion. Other things have arrived at this. It is a serious and complicated matter and one on which I am not prepared to speak with any degree of assurance yet. I believe there is a way of accomplishing it in this State.

Q. How does your local company feel as to the subject of a municipal bureau?

A. I don't know, Mr. Brown, how they feel about that. A municipal bureau such as I have had in mind, whose powers would be limited to gathering and compiling statistics and information and keeping track of the railroad companies in the city. I think that the company would not oppose it. They might feel that we ought not to have a municipal commission or board with any powers of regulation.

Q. How would they feel about the State having a board with the powers you suggest?

A. I suppose they would be against it.

(Mr. Brown will submit a brief.)

A. C. CANFIELD, representing Allegheny County Laundrymen's Exchange.

To the Joint Committee of the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

Gentlemen: In answer to your invitation of March 11, to meet your Committee in Pittsburg to give you our ideas and data on any tax that we may be interested in, would say, we come as representatives of the Allegheny County Laundrymen's Exchange in regard to the capital stock tax of five mills on corporations, as passed under the act of 1885 and supplements thereto. We are not objecting to the tax, as we believe that any concern incorporated should be willing to pay the Commonwealth for the privilege that they receive, but we do think that all corporations should be taxed alike, and that there should be no exemption whatever under the tax. We believe that if all corporations were taxed under the act, that the tax, being five mills, would be reduced a very large per cent. We see no reason that manufacturers should be exempt from this corporate tax and laundries covered by it. Are not our modes of operation the same. In fact, at least 50 per cent. of our output is paid for in labor, and the laundries of Allegheny County spend more than a million dollars every year in labor. Our work is carried on by machinery the same as manufacturers and our city and county tax us the same as manufacturers on this machinery. If we are not manufacturers, why should we be taxed for this machinery? In our business in Allegheny County in normal times we employ between three thousand and thirty five hundred skilled employes. We use during the year several hundred carloads of coal, or its equivalent in gas, in our power plants. The work of the laundries in Allegheny County is a performance of part of the labor of the households of the communities in which they are located, and any tax on this labor is one that tends to make the cost of home greater and increase the living expenses of the people of the community, as to-day the work of a laundry in absolutely necessary and its work cannot be performed in the individual homes of the people of the communities.

When you consider these facts, gentlemen, we appeal to you and ask that we either be put on the same basis as manufacturers or that the manufacturers bear their share of the tax and therefore reduce it very largely from what it is now.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Your contention is that the various manufacturing companies should be—your protest is because the other corporations are not in the same position as you? They produce something for the general wealth of the community?

A. Are we not doing that, too? They buy coal and use coal, but in addition to that we do something. It seems to me that the question is on the tax. They receive certain privileges and certain benefits by this corporate tax. They should be as able to pay it as we are. I see no reason why one concern should pay that tax and some others not. It seems to me that when a tax is levied and it is a corporate tax, it should apply to all corporations.

Q. What is the sentiment in this community on this subject?

A. I have never taken up the subject, for the reason that this is a manufacturing community and naturally they will not take up anything that will interfere with them. In Ohio the corporate there is one-half of one mill instead of five mills. For instance, last year we paid the Commonwealth about $750, and yet with all the millions invested in this county, in manufacturing, or the same tax, they paid nothing on their capital stock.

Q. Does this tax bear heavily upon your interests?

A. As I say, last year we paid $750, which I believe was a very heavy tax.

Q. You think that is out of proportion, do you?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. What do you think would be a fair tax?

A. I wouldn't object to one mill.

Q. You wouldn't object to paying the same tax if the others pay the tax the same as you?

A. No, we do not. I remember some years ago the Park Steel Company had 12 million dollars worth of property, and they did not pay a cent of capital stock tax. They were only three squares from us, and we paid $350. We were employing at that time more hands than they were in proportion to the capital invested. I understand their labor was only perhaps 10 per cent. of their entire output. We use machinery the same as manufacturers.

Q. You don't think that the same factory with the same machinery and the same people making shirts would be in any different position than you laundering shirts?

A. I don't see a great deal.

Q. Considering the welfare of the community?

A. I do not.

Q. You would impose a similar tax on all corporations?

A. Well, what I think is right is that a tax be imposed on all corporations, and if we couldn't have it that way we would like to be put in the same class as manufacturing corporations.

Q. You are satisfied with the present rate?

A. No, if you put up the tax on manufacturing corporations, it would be reduced very much.

Q. Can you give us the sentiment of your people regarding the appropriations of money to hospitals and private institutiins?

A. As far as I know there is no objection to it.

Q. Do you think the State money is wisely used?

A. So far as the matter has been discussed they all think that way.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. Do you think there are too many hospitals in this city?

A. I think not. I do not think there are enough.

Q. It has been said that there are 1,000 unoccupied beds in the hospitals—what would you say as to such conditions?

A. I don't believe that condition exists all the year around, but I have been informed by physicians that there were times when they could not properly take care of poor people that sought entrance to the hospitals. Of course, when the weather is mild, there is not as much demand for hospitals as there is during the winter months. I do not think Pittsburg has any too many hospitals.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Do the factories, as a rule, contribute to the hospitals?

A. That I couldn't tell you.

LEE S. SMITH, President of the Chamber of Commerce of Pittsburg.

Gentlemen: So far as the Chamber of Commerce is concerned, it has not said much on this subject, it is a subject which will require a great deal of deliberation. We realize that it is most important and we hope at an early date to have a meeting and give a report to the Commission. We asked the Commission to come here and learn as much as they could.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Mr. Smith, does the Chamber of Commerce represent all the manufacturing interests of the City of Pittsburg?

A. I think so.

Q. What other interests?

A. Manufacturing, mercantile, professional, we have no limitations, lawyers, ministers and merchants and everybody else.

Q. Is it your thought that your association will take some definite action on the subject?

A. I think, yes. I would say, Mr. Brown, that the Chamber of Commerce of Pittsburg devotes its time to civic and public affairs instead of commercial. It is not a trade organization as most organizations of the same name are. We try to help the City Government.

Q. We have received a number of letters from all over the State, other than manufacturing interests stating that manufacturing corporations ought to be taxed. In other words, that the exemption under the Act of 1885 ought to be removed.

A. Yes.

Q. Now, I hoped when we came here that there would be some definite position taken by the manufacturers here, so as to give the Commission some information and data which they could take into consideration with the other sentiment that has been sent from all over the State.

Meeting adjourned at 12.30 P. M. Hearings closed at Pittsburg.

Public meeting of the Committee held in the Government Building, Common Pleas Court Room, Williamsport, Penna., on Friday morning, April 8, 1910 ,at 10 A. M.

Present:

Present: Gabriel H. Moyer, Vice Chairman, Secty, Presiding; William H. Keyser, James F. Woodward, of this Committee; Francis Shunk Brown, Esq., Counsel.

The session was given up to the State Grange. The State Grange was represented in the session by State Master W. T. Creasy, Leonard Rhone, of Centre Hall; W. F. Hill, of Huntingdon; E. B. Dorset, of Mansfield; J. T. Ailman, of Thompsontown; A. W. Dennison, A. Kely, and George Mcscrip, of Towanda; John A. McSparran, of Furniss, Lancaster County, and A. Nevin Detrich, of Chambersburg.

The Chairman:

The general purposes of this Committee for which is was created have been fully set forth in the circular letter sent out by the Committee and which many of you have received, We hardly think it necessary that anything more may be said in this connection. We will proceed to hear the State Grange of Pennsylvania. We understand they are quite numerously represented to-day.

By Mr. Creasy:

Mr. Chairman, and gentlemen of the Commission:

I take great pleasure in introducing to you the Hon. Leonard Rhone, of Centre Hall.

Mr. Leonard Rhone:

Mr. Chairman, and gentlemen of the Committee of the Senate and House of Representatives of Pennsylvania: We appear before you as a Committee of the Pennsylvania State Grange, to represent and set forth certain conditions that confront the farmers and real estate owners of the State of Pennsylvania, which were brought about by revenue laws enancted by the Commonwealth, from time to time, as the conditions of the Commonwealth require. In the progress of development, legislation is likened unto most any business —conditions that suited thirty years ago do not apply now, Consequently, the Commonwealth must remodel its laws so as to comply with the needs and necessities of the Commonwealth.

That I may not take up too much of your time this morning in presenting our side of the case, we have prepared a statement in writing of the conditions as we find them, taken

from State reports; and I would ask Mr. James McSparran, of Lancaster County, to read that report before we proceed to make our argument.

Mr. James McSparran (reading):

We, farmers and citizens of Pennsylvania, appointed a committee by the Pennsylvania State Grange, Patrons of Husbandry, authorized to address your honorable Committee herewith set forth certain discriminations and hardships imposed upon real estate, farm, and home owners by the unequal and unjust tax laws of Pennsylvania which exact from real estate appraised for taxation at $4,209,076,056 a tax of $77,568,406 annually, or an average of 18 mills on the dollar, while under the authority of the same laws only $22,184,129 are collected from personal and corporate property which is appraised at $7,109,086,575, or an average tax of only 3¼ mills on the dollar.

In addition to the foregoing discrimination against real estate, cited, the counties are required to pay direct to the State $9,539,311 (Report of Auditor General, page 2).

It may be contended by some that real estate is undervalued for taxation. So is personal and corporate property to a much larger extent, as indicated by the statistical reports of the Commonwealth.

This subject was fully investigated by the Pennsylvania Tax Conference a few years ago. A complete record was made from the books of the County Commissioners of the assessed value of real estate for taxation and what lands actually sold for in the market which clearly indicated that real estate was assessed for fully 75 per cent. of its selling price in the several counties of the State, while personal and corporate property, according to the statistical reports of the State and taxes collected, are not asssesed at more than 50 per cent. of their market value.

Take, as an example, the appraised market value of manufacturing plants in Pennsylvania, which is stated at $1,126,406,543 (Report of Secretary of Internal Affairs, 1908, part 3, page 301), while its estimated appraised value for taxation is only $155,088,250, and taxes paid $948,351 (Report Auditor General, 1908, page 214); so that if there is any under-valuation of property for taxation it applies more forcibly to personal and corporate property than it does to real estate.

When the Legislature enacted laws changing the financial policy of the State, it exempted personal and corporate property from local taxation and made it taxable wholly for the support of the Department of State, and then in return made real estate taxable wholly for county, city and local governments.

When this policy was inaugurated by the State, the wisest statesmen did not foresee the enormous growth of the value of personal and corporate property, which now has reached the prodigious sum of over $7,109,086,575.

In the race of development, personal and corporate property has outstripped real estate by over $2,900,000,000.

During the same period the taxes on real estate have increased to $77,568,406, while on personal and corporate property the taxes have fallen behind real estate more than $55,000,000.

We might cite numerous cases of how the discrimination affects the home owner, but we will give only a few illustrations of the situation.

Take two citizens of the Commonwealth; one buys a home for $1,000 and is required to pay a tax from $20 to $30 for the support of schools, roads, poor, etc. The other invests his $1,000 in personal property, bonds and mortgages, and is taxed $4 for the support of the State and nothing for the home government, the benefit of which he enjoys equally with the other.

This unjust discrimination is authorized by the laws of Pennsylvania, a republic that counsels its people, "To love mercy and do justice." We, therefore, appeal to your honorable Committee of our State Government to carefully investigate this complaint of the farmers, home-owners and tenants of Pennsylvania.

RECAPITULATION.

HOW THE TAX ACCOUNT STANDS IN PENNSYLVANIA.

The aggregate appraised value of real estate in Pennsylvania is $4,209,076,056.

The taxes paid by real estate is $77,568,406.

Average rate of taxation on real estate, 18 mills.

Appraised value of personal and corporate property, $7,109,086,575.

Taxes paid on personal and corporate property, after deducting commissions, licenses and other miscellaneous sources of income, amounting to $9,539,311.49, leaves a tax on personal and corporate property of only $16,313,237.

Average rate of taxation on personal and corporate property, 3¼ mills.

If personal and corporate property were taxed at the same average mill rate as real estate would be taxed under an equitable arrangement, crediting licenses, fees, commissions, etc., to personal property amounting to $9,539,311.49, personal property would be required to pay $68,461,641, instead of $16,313,237, so that an average rate of 10 mills would provide all the revenues necessary to administer all the divisions of the State Government.

Crediting to personal and corporate property commissions, licenses, and other miscellaneous sources of income, amounting to $9,539,311.49, would make a total of $78,000,952 as the share of personal property.

If taxes were collected equitably real estate would be required to pay only $46,092,836, instead of $77,568,406, or a saving to the real estate owners annually of $31,475,570.

The real estate owners are, annually, grossly robbed of $31,475,570. Fourteen millions of this amount is directly extorted from the farmers and seventeen millions from residents in cities and towns, whether they be owners or tenants. It is this policy of the State that has driven away from the farms and rural communities, according to the last census report, over one hundred thousand people from twenty-two counties of the State.

To correct these discriminations against the farm and home owners of Pennsylvania, we respectfully insist that the State either assume a larger proportion of the cost of local governments or give the local governments authority to tax personal and corporate property in each unit of government.

The State could, without any deteriment to its own finances, remit to the counties the $9,539,311 now collected by the State from the counties. And in all justice, the State should pay the minimum wages of public school teachers for the minimum term, which would assist the local governments upwards of $14,000,000. And could further relieve the local governments by appropriating a minimum sum per mile to the counties and townships for road purposes equal to 100 per cent. of the road taxes paid in each township, limiting the amount to twenty-five ($25.00) dollars per mile; and relieve the counties and townships of the partnership business in constructing State roads. Let the State assume, with the aid of the National Government, the entire construction of inter-State and inter-county roads.

If there is not sufficient revenues for the State Government, an additional tax of one mill could be placed on all personal and corporate property (without any hardship), with a small tax on the gross productions of mines, oil and gas wells, and similar enterprises.

Besides, there are numerous other sources from which revenues might be derived, such as manufacturing companies.

If the State treated the agricultural class with justice and equity, the farmers would be contented in their vocation, and Pennsylvania would have more prosperous and happy agricultural communities, which are the mainstay of the prosperity of our Commonwealth.

In proof of the correctness of the foregoing statements, we herewith submit a tabular statement drawn from the official reports of the State Government.

Respectfully submitted,

WILLIAM T. CREASY,
LEONARD RHONE,
W. F. HILL,
S. S. BLYHOLDER,
A. M. CORNELL,
JOHN A. McSPARRAN,
THOS. SHARPLESS,
H. G. TEAGARDEN.

A tabulated statement of the appraised value of real estate, corporate and personal property for purposes of taxation; amount of taxes paid and average mill rate of each subject, with a statement of the actual cost of State, city, county, borough and township governments of Pennsylvania for 1908, latest reports available. Compiled under the direction of the Legislative Committee of the Pennsylvania State Grange from the official State reports of the Auditor General, State Treasurer, Secretary of Internal Affairs, Commissioner of Banking and Insurance Commissioner, citing the volume and pages from which the facts are drawn. By Leonard Rhone, Past Master of the Pennsylvania State Grange. This tabulated statement will be used in our argument.

MR. LEONARD RHONE, addressing the Committee:

Mr. Chairman: The appraised value of the capital stock of corporations, banks and personal property has been taken from the report of the Auditor General of the Commonwealth, and there should be no question as to the correctness of the statement along that line, because, being computed by the Auditor General, the accounting officer of the State, they should be undoubtedly correct. We have taken the amount of tax paid as reported by the Auditor General, and computed the mill rate. This is not the method of the State in collecting the tax, because, taken in the case of the corporation, the tax is five mills upon the appraised value of the capital stock and four mills upon the assessed, so that the mill rate, as computed here, is simply taking the amount of capital stock and the tax paid. We do this so as to be able to make an intelligent comparison with the methods by which real estate is appraised and assessed. Some of this property, such as railroads and other great corporations, we have taken the statement from the report of the Secretary of Internal Affairs, as to capital stock represented in these great industries that are reported by volume 4 of the report of the Secretary of Internal Affairs. Therefore, they are presumed to be correct. The taxes, as I have said, were taken from the report of the Auditor General, and the mill rate computed. As to the capital stock of national banks, we have taken the statement from the report of the Comptroller of the Currency. As to the amount of tax paid in the State of Pennsylvania, we have taken the statement from the report of the Auditor General and computed the mill rate; the same with savings funds, State banks and other private institutions. As to insurance companies, we have taken the capital stock from the report of the Insurance Commissioner, and the amount of tax paid from the Auditor General's report, and computed the mill rate; so, in our statement, these are not mere assertions, but they are confirmed by these reports.

The value of the personal and corporate property, as you will observe from the report, as read, aggregates over seven billions of dollars. This was not the condition in seventy-four, at the time of the adoption of the new Constitution. Prior to that time all real estate was assessable for State purposes, and the laws then were changed so as to exempt real estate from taxation for the State and exempting personal property from taxation for local government, and at that time the conditions were nearly equal, and there was no hardship. This is where the argument comes in; what suited thirty or forty years ago does not apply to-day no more than changes apply in manufacturing or any other industries. Therefore, the policy of the State is hardship after hardship to the real estate owners.

Where is there any reason if a man has a thousand dollars invested in a house, that he should pay twenty, or thirty, or forty dollars tax; and another man in the same town who has his thousand dollars invested in bonds and mortgages and only has to pay a tax of four dollars? The person who invests his money in a home, helps to build up the town, making it habitable, supports the schools, the streets and the poor, is more important to that community than the man who loans his money. I know of persons who draw salaries of five thousand dollars a year who are assessed at five hundred by the County Commissioners—put in that class. Attorneys who possibly have an earning of from five to ten thousand a year are assessed in the class of two hundred and fifty dollars. Then, other attorneys who are just starting in business, they are assessed in the same way. There is no justice in that condition. It is a discrimination in favor of the strong against the weak. And at all events, it is the business of the Commonwealth to see that justice is done between its citizens and its industries. It is as important to the prosperity of our State that we should have prosperous farms, prosperous manufacturing plants and prosperous enterprises of other kinds, as it is to have these great moneyed institutions that are making an average of 7 per cent. on their capital, when the farmer cannot earn on an average, down on his farm, more than 3 per cent. This is the condition that confronts them. It occurs to us to urge the government to so change these conditions as to enable us to keep our people on the farms.

What is the condition to-day at the death of the head of a family because of these hardships? The estate is sold to strangers, and the widows and orphans are driven out to become clerks in your City, and to seek positions of that kind, because they cannot hold the homestead and they have not sufficient earnings ahead to engage in business themselves. This side of the question should be looked into as well as the other side, and we hope that your Honorable Committee will inquire into this statement, provided to us by the State Reports and showing that we have made no misrepresentations.

We are here as business men, not as reformers. We do not claim the world is all wrong. We are here simply as business men to ask you to correct what is wrong and make it possible for these homesteads of Pennsylvania to continue to their descendants from generation to generation, and we will have the most prosperous and happy Commonwealth of any State in this great Union.

Take the State of New York—take the railroads of Pennsylvania that run from Pennsylvania into New York State—when they cross the line they are assessed at $15,000 per mile and three tax levies upon the same roads that don't pay anything to the local Government. They are taxed for the support of the State and the county and for the townships and the boroughs. If these large concerns of capital, who are running the transportation business of our country, can do this in New York they certainly should be able to do it here in Pennsylvania. Take people who live on the line between Pennsylvania and New York. I have been told that the tax on Pennsylvania farms is fully 50 per cent. greater than in New York. If you cross to the State of Ohio the same condition prevails.

Then, again, as to manufacturing plants. Where is the constitutionality of exempting the capital stock of a manufacturing company when the Constitution of the Commonwealth clearly states that the tax shall be uniform upon the same class of subjects? And yet, under the laws of Pennsylvania, they exempt one of the most prosperous enterprises and one of the largest and greatest enterprises that we have in our State from taxation on its capital stock. If they can pay this tax in New York—if manufacturing companies can pay this tax in New York, why are they so prosperous in New York? It is true we have not any of the small manufactories that they have in New York of agricultural implements, but the great iron and steel industries are all nearly centralized in Pennsylvania, and we feel proud that we have such prosperous business conditions along that line. But where is the necessity of men accumulating their millions and then giving them away for libraries or building auditoriums for great institutions? They are simply appropriating our money; they have failed to pay that which they should to the State from which they derive their authority. It is the business of the Commonwealth to see that these wrongs are corrected.

When we buy a reaping machine that might cost sixty dollars, until it reaches the consumer, the farmer, we must pay one hundred and twenty dollars; so it takes 100 per cent. of the amount to put this machine into the market. This is altogether unnecessary, because the manufacturers could adopt a more liberal, more business-like method of reaching their consumer; and this applies to the whole matter throughout. It is these wrongs that we ask you to correct. There is a great deal we could add to the subject, but I stand here as a farmer to insist upon a correction of these outragous impositions upon agricultural people for the last thirty years. I have never engaged in any other enterprise, and I would not be here to-day if it was not to plead the case of these people. If they are not accomplished students in the art of public speaking and public reading, they are good citizens and useful citizens, necessary to the Commonwealth. Weed out the farmer and what would the great State of Pennsylvania be? Consequently, we ask you to look carefully into the welfare of these people and try to retain them on their farms. People of the rural districts, it is said, are generally driven to the city because of the higher salaries they get there; but the one great cause is, as I have said, that the parents of these young men and these young women have not been able to earn enough to start them up in business; and when the head of the family dies, the homestead goes into the hands of strangers, and thus good citizens—these useful people to the several communities, are driven out. Who takes their places? Capitalists buy these farms at 50 per cent, of their worth and they put on these farms mostly people from Germany or from Holland, and these industrious and enterprising people who come from foreign countries. A very few have Irish and Italians on their farms, but Germans invariably—Pennsylvania is made up of German stock. It becomes us as a State to see that these people are protected in their rights. If there is any slavery more detestable than the Southern slavery—that is to say, to the negroes of the South, it is this slavery to the Pennsylvania farmer. Consequently, we ask you to stop this condition of things.

I thank you for the opportunity of appearing before you. There are others in the Committee who wish to be heard.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Mr. Rhone, we have been informed that the appraised value of the manufacturing plants in Pennsylvania aggregates about three billions. You fix the figures at $1,126,000,000. That would give you a little higher figure to start with. Is the trouble with the present laws the failure to enforce the law? Take, for instance, the collection of the personal property tax?

A. That is one of the laws we try to enforce. I don't believe in talking of our public servants as being rascals. I thing, as a rule, that our public officers try honestly to enforce the laws as they find them.

Q. Take the personal property tax. Is it the failure to collect more or the failure of the people to report more?

A. That might be.

Q. Isn't the present law sufficient? We have a law taxing personal property. You think the State should appropriate money to the counties?

A. Yes.

Q. If the present laws for taxing personal property were enforced (I assume they are all thoroughly enforceable) there would be more income received?

A. There is the corporations.

Q. Let us take the personal property tax. Have you anything to suggest as to a better method of compelling our people to report the moneys they have at interest? Have you anything to suggest as to how we could increase the present property return?

A. I don't question it at all. I have shown you in the case of manufacturing companies, the appraised value as given by the report of the Secretary of Internal Affairs and the value upon which the counties are——

Q. How can you enforce the present laws more effectively so as to obtain a fairly average return of personal property?

A. Require the stamp of the assessor upon papers to make the interest collectible, and it will bring forth every dollar.

Q. Have you gentlemen given any thought as to the method of appointing or electing assessors in the several districts—whether they should be elected by the people or subject to local interests, or appointed by the State?

A. We, as American citizens, prefer to select our own people.

Q. Some of the County Commissioners who appeared before us objected to that. They say these men are subject to local influence, and in order to secure their next election, would make trifling returns. We heard them from Delaware, Montgomery, etc.

A. I believe the people locally can select people among them that are just as honest as anyone, and just as capable of making honest returns and assessments. If you require the stamp of the assessor on the paper they will bring forth every dollar. It is always the small fellow that we want to extort more from. When the railroad companies are rated at four hundred millions of dollars, why don't you get after them and compel them to make a proper return of their capital? We are not after the little fellow. We think the people who have their millions of capital should pay as much on the dollar as those who have a few thousands.

Q. You tax trackage, and water tanks, and everything, according to your idea?

A. No, not necessarily. You can simply increase the rate of tax upon the capital stock and the rate of tax upon their gross receipts within the Commonwealth, or, if you can increase it on all bonds, without any change of laws.

Q. The present law does take into consideration all these different elements in fixing the appraised value?

A. The capital stock of a corporation is no measure of the value of the property. Many of these corporations are down for as much as their original capital is worth.

Q. Your thought is to tax their property, independent of everything?

A. Yes, just the same as you tax the farmer.

Q. Are you folks favorable to taxing mortgages?

A. We feel that all classes of this kind should be taxed equally all the way through. When the owner buys a farm and mortgages it, the part the owner has bought and paid for should be taxed to the owner, and the other to the mortgagee.

Q. The theory is that it is taxed to the mortgagee. We were told in Philadelphia that if we taxed the manufacturer they would simply add the tax on the article and the farmer and everyone else would have to suffer it. Take your harvesting machine, for instance, for which you pay one hundred and twenty dollars, when it costs sixty. Don't you suppose the anmufacturer added his tax on that?

A. That is taken for granted that when you ask this tax the burden is shifted to somebody else.

Q. Your thought is that if a tax is put upon the manufacturing plants the farmer is willing to take his chances as to the ultimate result?

A. Surely. We are not afraid to meet these people and fight it out if you will give us the opportunity. Tax manufacturing plants as you tax other corporations and personal property. Place sufficient additional tax upon personal and corporate property to bring it upon an equality with the mill rate on real estate, and we are satisfied.

Q. What about taxing other articles that you have not mentioned here that are not already taxed?

A. There are some thirty thousand business enterprises making returns to the Commonwealth. We cannot go behind the records of the Commonwealth, because if we do we are simply guessing at it.

Q. What is your thought as to appropriations of money to institutions not under control of the State? There is a very large outlay in this connection?

A. It is a large outlay and it is a source from which cities absorb a surplus from the State Treasury. The people in the country have no hospitals, scarcely, to draw money from the State for that purpose. It is true that certain hospitals will need certain assistance locally, and we think as a rule it is no more than charitable to take care of the unfortunate. But here is the condition that is not just. Take the great railroads and manufacturing plants; they furnish more people for the hospitals than all the other people in the Commonwealth put together; and they should especially pay for the people they maim and put in hospitals.

Q. We have listened to very eloquent addresses of gentlemen who say land is the only thing that should be taxed?

A. Yes.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. What is your thought regarding the tax on other natural resources? For instance, take coal?

A. That question has just been decided by the Supreme Court of the United States in Texas gas. They put a gross income tax on their oil wells. It was carried into the Supreme Court, and the Supreme Court permitted the Commonwealth of Texas to levy a gross income tax on oil wells and gas wells. You could do the same with mining companies.

Q. Is the Grange in favor of placing a tax upon coal?

A. Yes; a gross income tax.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. About taxing inheritances, Mr. Rhone—direct inheritances—what is your thought upon that subject?

A. I am not sufficient of a lawyer to know whether that could be done.

Q. Whether it should be done; whether it is advisable to do that?

A. I think we have had laws on the statute books of the State to the effect that men of means of the Commonwealth leaving large amounts—over a certain amount—are liable to taxation for State purposes.

Q. Now, as to the question of assessment, Mr. Rhone, does the——

A. The ssessors never ask the question, "What does your farm bring in?" That question we are never asked; they come on your farm and appraise it at what they think it ought to be assessed at.

Q. What is your experience of the fairness of these assessments?

A. That is a question upon which there has been a great deal of discussion. No doubt some assessors will show favoritism to their friends. In my experience, there is no gross discrimination as to farmers shown. Take my farm and that of my neighbor. They are about the same number of acres and are assessed at the same valuation.

Q. Have you made any inquiry as to whether or not this same spirit has been shown respecting the taxation of personal property?

A. I do not know that it is not.

Q. As far as your experience goes, there has been no preference shown an individual?

A. No, there is more discrimination in the valuation of real estate in cities than there is in rural communities, because in rural communities everybody knows what his neighbor's property is assessed at. In the city a whole block may be assessed lower than another block and nobody knows it but the officers, and if they are a party to it, of course, they will not reveal it. We have more discrimination in cities along that line than we have in the country.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. From your experience, do you find that the general run of assessors in the rural districts or communities do their duty?

A. Yes; and I don't think there is a better business man or farmer in Center county, where I live, than the assessor of our township. I believe he is conscientiously honest in the transaction of his business.

Q. That is, the assessors of your county, so far as your personal knowledge is concerned?

A. Yes.

Q. The testimony before this Committee has been to the effect that the assessors have been wilfully neglectful of their duty. That has been very strongly brought out.

A. That is along the very line of the County Commissioners driving after the small fellow. Why don't you drive after these large corporations?

By Mr. Brown:

Q. You would not call a man who has fifteen, twenty or forty millions a small man, would you?

A. No, sir.

Q. Suppose you were told that a man who has ten millions of personal property was omitted by the assessor, what would you say?

A. I would say the assessor certainly grossly neglected his duty and would be liable to be arraigned before Court.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. The testimony of the County Controller of Lancaster was to the effect that in that county about five millions failed to be returned at all for the purpose of taxation?

A. That might all be.

Q. Where would the fault lie?

A. It might lie in two places, one the local assessor and the other the County Commissioners. The County Commissioners might indicate to the assessors what they wanted them to do. The assessors, who depend upon their political support, are simply influenced by these interests.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. What means would you suggest to compel these people to pay the tax on their moneys at interest?

A. Put the assessors stamp to it, and then they can collect the interest as soon as it is returned. The United States Government did that during the war.

By Mr. Brown:

Mr. Brown: Have you gentlemen of the Committee any more questions to ask Mr. Rhone?

(No further questions.)

HON. GEORGE MOSCRIP, having been introduced to the Committee by Mr. Creasy, addressed the body as follows:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Committee: This matter of taxation—of getting equal taxation in Pennsylvania—is one that is affecting the people who own real estate more, perhaps, than anybody else.

One of the methods that has been suggested to help equalize taxation is the passage of an act to pay the minimum salary for the minimum term in the matter of school teachers. If you remember, a few years ago somebody out in Erie County discovered an act that would make all the schools be paid for by the corporations. On second thought, I think the people who exploited that idea, however, found it is not quite a practical thing. But it is a practical thing that we pay all the people who serve every district under a State law. If we should pay the minimum salary for the minimum term, every district would come in in the same way, so that it is a fair proposition.

Now, as to the justice of a law of this kind. If we stop to consider, we believe that all property should help to support the common school, and the owner of corporate property has exactly the same use of the schools as the owner of real estate; yet, in the State of Pennsylvania, the real estate people pay mostly all for the support of public schools. For instance, for the last year—the year ending June 1, 1909—the entire cost of the public schools for the year was $38,523,925.39. Now, then, the corporations, whom you have been told have over seven billions of property, paid 7½ millions of that thirty-eight millions and the real estate people paid the other thirty-one millions. Now then, these people have exactly the same interest in the common schools that the people on the farms have. The share of the State tax of the cities and boroughs is about forty millions—the owners of the farms about thirty millions; that makes up seventy millions of this property that goes for the support of schools, etc. Now, suppose we could do something that would regulate this matter so that the corporations would pay more than the seven and one-half millions. Now, then, if we should pass a law making the minimum salary for the minimum term paid for by the State, we would just lift that much money now over the heads of the real estate owners on to the corporations; and then that, anyway, would not be one-half.

I took a little trip up to the State of New York recently, and I found in one district—in one township—in New York State that a railway was assessed at three hundred thousand and for all local taxes. That is a great help to the district. I don't like their entire system as well as I do our own system. In our system the State taxes are divided up and the State revenues are as nearly equal as possible; but in that case, if no railroad was in the township they would have to pay a larger tax. I noticed that in districts where no railroads were the tax was much higher. Where the railroads were, they taxed locally.

There are in the State of Pennsylvania 34,706 teachers. If we should pay these teachers for the seven months—the minimum term—if we should pay these teachers for the minimum term at the minimum salary that would run approximately forty-five dollars a month, possibly in a few exceptions a little more than that. That would take $10,932,390. Now, in the city of Philadelphia there were 4,457 teachers last year, and their minimum salary is fifty dollars a month, and this fifty dollars a month would mean a revenue to the city of Philadelphia from the State of $1,559,950. It would give Philadelphia much more money than it is getting now. They get about $900,000.

There is another phase, and that is this: We have throughout the State of Pennsylvania a good many districts that are unable to maintain the minimum term for the reason that the tax limit is 13 mills and these districts are so poor that the tax only continues the term of six months. I say this is a shame to the State of Pennsylvania; it is a disgrace to the State of Pennsylvania that we should not give the opportunity of the minimum term to the poorest districts of the State. If we pass this law it will provide for these districts—I know it would. I know the poorest districts of Bradford County would be well provided for.

Now, there is another class of people that the gentleman who has preceded me has told you about: That is the farmer. I know what the city man's idea is of the farmer. They think it is the fellow they meet at the State Fair—at the County Fair, perhaps up at the front. Don't you know that the average country farmer is the fellow who gathers his family about him and pulls his feet under the table? Take any ordinary township, this is the condition Now, then, the minimum salary for the minimum term would provide for every such district. They would only have to pay the tax for water power, repairs, etc., and the teachers, which is the main expense, would all be paid for him, because the salary is the minimum salary in these districts.

Now, could you do anything better—could this Commission do anything better than to recommend that this law be passed that would touch so many people, and so many people who need it? While you are doing this you will be doing good to every citizen in the Commonwealth. As I

say, you will give the city of Philadelphia six hundred thousand dollars of State money. Now, when you give to the city of Philadelphia six hundred thousand dollars of the State money, you are doing something for the home-owners of the city of Philadelphia. It was thought at the session of the last Legislature that it would be the proper thing to build a State highway from Philadelphia to Pittsburg, sixty feet wide. I ask you in all consciousness whether they could not better support a measure that would give their citizens the benefit of six hundred thousand dollars of tax lifted off their homes? Someone told me that every road that goes out of Philadelphia that is worth mentioning is a macadam road. If that is so, who will be benefited by these roads in Philadelphia. Men who do not own a horse or an automobile cannot get any benefit from it, but every man who owns a home would get the benefit of a law of this kind. I think we cannot do this Commonwealth any more good than by passing a law of this kind, which will touch every county, and, therefore, of proportionate benefit to all the counties.

The teachers' wages in the State were about eighteen millions of dollars, so you see a large share of this thirty-eight millions is for teachers' wages. But you must remember, the State already provides for its schools. They talk about the magnificent appropriations; you can see it all in capitals the way they pronounce the word "magnificent;" but, nevertheless, gentlemen, if we compare the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania with other States, our appropriation is not large; if we compare it with New Jersey, it is not large.

As I stated, seven million five hundred thousand was paid by the corporations and the rest was paid by the real estate owners—over thirty-one millions of dollars.

In the way I have suggested, all the ordinary districts where there is no high school and where they only have the seven months' terms, would be well provided for. Where there is a term of longer than seven months, that would be paid for by the local authorities; and where the teachers are paid more than forty dollars a month, that would be provided by the local authorities; so it is manifestly fair. The schools are for everybody, and everybody should share in the expense. I believe this Commission cannot do a better thing than to recommend an equalization in this matter. These schools are for everybody, and all should share in the expenses; and if you pass this law, you go that far toward this proposition.

When the appropriation is made, what should it be for? For some particular thing which touches the few and does not touch the many? Now, in the case of charities, that is all right. When you appropriate money for roads, should it be appropriated for localities, or should the money be appropriated under a State highway law? The State highway law says there shall be money appropriated to every county in the State according to the miles of roadway. Where the money is appropriated, there is where it should go. If it is right for the State to pay entirely for a road for the few of the other counties, isn't it right that they should pay for every locality in the State? That would be a step toward the equalization of taxation.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. All that would require more revenue

A. Yes.

Q. And that revenue is to be gathered in the way indicated by Mr. Rhone?

A. Now, a word about that. The fact is potent here to every person and to this Commission that seven and a half billions of property only pays about one-third of what is required for taxation in the State of Pennsylvania. They get all the protection of the State; these corporations enjoy the privileges of police protection that is paid for by the State; and yet you must figure that a little over seven millions of tax is paid by the corporations and the balance of about seventy millions have been paid by the real estate owners. Now, the real estate owners in the boroughs and cities, what do they own? Homes. Is there any income from their homes? None at all. And yet they are taxed in my own county over 3 per cent. in some districts. I want to say, gentlemen, that the matter of just and equal taxation is one of the most difficult matters that has ever confronted mankind in the State of Pennsylvania. Take the manufacturing corporations. But I would like to say that when you get a Commission made up of men like this Commission, it seems there should be some method adopted within the Constitution to make a concern with a large income pay a large tax. I would like to recite one instance along this line: I think it was in 1897 that a bill was passed taxing all trust companies four mills on the dollar, but at the end of the bill they made a little provision that instead of the computation that it would take to find the actual value of these shares, they could just pay 10 mills on the par value of these shares. Now, a certain trust company in Pittsburg made its report in 1908 with a capital stock of fifteen hundred thousand dollars and that fifteen hundred shares at one hundred dollars a share. The surplus was something like twenty millions and the undivided profit was nine hundred and ninety-seven thousand; and the method of computation suggested was that they add the fifteen hundred thousand and the surplus and the undivided profits together and divide by the number of shares and get the value of a share. That is what that would show. If they had followed this they would have paid into the State one hundred and five thousand dollars. But they did not: When a bank can make so much money that they can divide twenty-four millions it is about time they should be gone after. I have no excuse to make for men who do not return their property. The way to tax them is to make them surrender their money for every dollar of it.

JOHN A. McSPARRAN, of Furniss, Lancaster county, Pennsylvania.

There are three general principles that underlie taxation that we feel are applied in Pennsylvania and which should be remedied by a law on our statute books. The first of these is that the Pennsylvaina tax laws are in a class by themselves. They tax what is specified and what is not specified goes untaxed. It is a proposition that should be evident to everyone that those who enjoy the benefits of government should help pay for the government, and that, as a consequence, all classes of property should assist in the payment of the burdens of government; and that, if there are to be any exemptions, those exemptions should be stated in a bill, and that all other property should be subject to taxation. That our laws hav a great weakness in this respect has been brought out particularly this morning. As it is to-day, the burden of proof rests as to that with the assessor. If a question is raised as to whether or not that particular class of property is liable to taxation, it is up to the assessors to show that it is; and he must have the moral courage, as well as the information, to show that, while possibly not just mentioned exactly, yet it would come under some of the heads mentioned by the bill. If our assessors did not have upon them the burden of proof to assess that property, it would be up to the owner of the property to show that his property came within the limits of that exemption. As a consequence there would be a great deal of work taken off the duties of the assessor in meeting these desires and these attempts on the part of the owners of the different classes of property to escape taxation. This is in operation in other States of our Union. All property is supposed to bear the burdens of the government and is taxed unless exempted; and it should be so in the tax laws of Pennsylvania. Those that have the exemption that are unconstitutional should be wiped out. Our Constitution reads, Article 9, Section one: "All taxes shall be uniform upon the same class of subjects." Now, our tax laws in Pennsylvania have exempted large associations of capital, etc., by certain laws and they exempted them when they were not specified in the exemptions written in our Constitution. Then, in Section two, it reads: "All laws exempting property from taxation other than the property above enumerated, shall be void. Yet, there are on the statute books of Pennsylvania these illegal exemptions of property as laws of this State. Now, any tax law, no matter how it is constructed, must of necessity observe the constitutional provisions of the State; and yet this has not been done. That is one of the leaks in regard to the collection and equalization of taxatian in Pennsylvania. The instance that has been cited with regard to the bank is only another instance that applies along this line.

These great corporations escape these taxes largely because they are large enough and sufficiently well organized to thoroughly enter into the meaning of the benefits of an exemption of that kind, while the small manufacturing concern has the greater proportion of its capital invested in its plant, has spent more upon the ground—often times in the building itself than is taxed for local purposes and the outcome of that exemption has been that the little manufacturing concern of Pennsylvania has been paying more taxation in proportion than the big corporations; and our laws have to say largely just as in the bank question. The little bank that has no surplus cannot take advantage of the exemption; for if it did, it would pay a greater amount than it did under the law; but the large institution can take advantage of it; and the Constitution says that taxation shall be uniform on the same class of subjects. There you can easily see that there are great leaks in taxation that are simply outrageous in their injustice.

By the Chairman:

Q. A Judge of Dauphin declared that Act constitutional?

A. Yes, but why was an exemption ever put in there upon which the question of constitutionality would have to be passed at all? If it is right to collect four mills from a little bank, it is right to collect four mills from a bank that does its business by the millions. Why was it ever put in there? The Constitution plainly stated that the tax shall be uniform on the same class of subjects. That exemption was evidently put in there to favor the big corporations, because it could not favor the little one. It was either put in there by mistake or it was put in there to favor the larger corporations; and you can get on which ever horn of the dilemma you please. You take this question of the great capital invested in manufacturing. That capital is oftentimes invested in manufacturing in a place that receives the development that it does because of the gifts of the Almighty to that particular section; as a consequence the development of that business is a natural development of that section. Yet our law enables businesses of that kind that have a tremendous capital, that are doing a tremendous business and have a simply fabulous income, to be exempt from taxation, when they are taking the raw materials that God Almighty has placed in the hills of Pennsylvania and are working them over and charging the people of Pennsylvania and the rest of the world exorbitant prices for these gifts of the Almighty.

By the Chairman:

Q. Why do you suppose that law was passed?

A. If there was any real theory it was perhaps that it would encourage manufacturing in Pennsylvania. But these manufacturers cannot leave Pennsylvania. There was no need for any such condition. Where would they go? The minute they crossed the line of Pennsylvania in any direction they would not only be up against a State tax, but a local tax also. Now, why would they go out of the State—why would they jump out of one State and go into another that was further away from the raw material and where they would have to pay more taxes? I don't think they could move. They couldn't go into New York; they couldn't go into any State in the Union that I know of except Pennsylvania and Delaware; and they would be crowded if they would attempt to go into Delaware.

Then the proposition is that corporate property should be taxed upon its value. Now, this is the principle upon which the farmers of this country are taxed. The question

arose a while ago as to whether or not property mortgages should be taxed; that it made a double tax upon the same money. Any man that goes into business and borrows money, does it with the idea that he will not only make enough out of that money to pay the interest on it, but he also expects it to be an asset in his business; and as a consequence it is not a double tax entirely upon the money, because there are two profits there; it has two earning capacities—one for the man who loans the money, and it is supposed, also, if the borrower uses good business sense, he borrows with the idea of making for himself an increment also. The great injustice is not from the fact that the farmers of Pennsylvania are taxed double, or rather those who borrow money are taxed on the mortgage indirectly, but it is from the fact that from any other business in the State that borrows immense amounts of capital that in the determination of the value of the capital stock that that tax is subtracted. For instance, if a railroad owns four millions of capital stock; its bonded indebtedness is thirty-nine hundred thousand; under the present law it is at the discretion of the Auditor General who can take into consideration the value of the stock. He may deduct that whole thirty-nine hundred thousand dollars from the four million which will leave one hundred thousand, when the value of the plant is four million. Now, there is the rank injustice of the whole situation. When they come upon the farms of Pennsylvania and assess that farm they get the property value of that farm without any regard to how much money that farmer is bringing in on his investment, without any regard to how much capital that man may have buried. They simply take the value of that place as nearly as they can upon the basis upon which they are levying the assessments. When it comes to these immense corporations, they carefully consider these things and give them the opportunities necessary to procure these advantages that come from the finding out of the value of the capital stock.

Now, in Pennsylvania, steam railroad companies have an aggregate appraised value of capital stock, funded debt, current liabilities reported to the State, $4,456,455,599. There is a four mills tax upon the debt and eight mills upon the gross receipts. That ought to bring into the State somewhere between four and eight mills, when the facts of the case are that it brings in two and eight-elevenths mills. That is a leakage that is simply beyond all reason and beyond all defense. There is no reason why that tremendous amount of property should not be so handled that it would give somewhere near the amount the law expects of it. It is entirely too little. It does not bring out that which the law says it should bring out. The reason possibly is this: The value of these corporations is gotten from the Secretary of Internal Affairs. These corporations make a return to the Secretary of Internal Affairs upon the value of the corporations; but when the authorities come to assess the taxables of the corporations, then these figures are put up possibly by a different set of men for that purpose, and, as a consequence, there is a different report made when the question of tax is raised from that which is made when the Secretary of Internal Affairs asks the value of the property. Then there is another thing—take a bond held by interests not within the State. It is at the same time a part of that property or a part of the working value of that property, and while you may tax the bond that is held by some other foreign country, you cannot allow the value of that bond upon that property as a part of the value of that property. That property can pay it just as the farmers pay it. They don't come to the farmers and ask where that money is held, whether or not it is within the confines of the State. It is simply a question of arriving at the value of that property and then putting the valuation upon it. It should be so in all classes of property, in all affairs, and it is to make manifest these general complaints that we want to place this system before you to-day, and for which we are making our argument. That there may be a general uniformity in the whole tax system of Pennsylvania of such relation to the property of the State that the burden of proof will not be thrown upon the officer of the law, but that it will be thrown on the property owner to show what he has and what should be taxed and what should not be taxed.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. You would tax the gross value of these corporations? That is your thought?

A. Yes.

Q. That is what the law contemplates now. Your complaint is that it is not fully carried out?

A. That is my complaint.

Q. You would exempt the bonds and other evidences of debt from taxation, and compel the corporations to pay a tax on all its assets of every other kind. That would include assets by money raised on bonds. In that case you would not tax the same bond?

A. No. It would also be fair that where the returns of that property are locally taxed, that the assessment they pay for local tax be deducted from the gross.

Q. The Pennsylvania and Reading Railroad companies do that?

A. Well, I see different authorities on that.

Q. We tax the Pennsylvania Railroad in Philadelphia for everything except the water tanks and road-beds?

Q. What law do you do that under?

A. A special Act of Assembly.

Q. Was it earlier than 1899?

A. Yes, before that; Act of 1859. Your idea is to tax every one locally throughout the county?

A. Not necessarily locally.

Q. Your thought is that the appropriation should come back to the county?

A. Yes.

By the Chairman:

Q. What do you think about county option? For instance, public utility corporations to tax real estate; should that be optional?

A. I don't see why. It is not optional with the farmer, and why should it be optional with these concerns that are making large percentages. You can get money to go into these things quicker than you can get it to go into the farms of Pennsylvania, and if these people can get this money—borrow by the millions or tens of millions, why is there any reason that they should come to the people of Pennsylvania and ask for option on the question of taxation? Taxation is for the support of the government in which every man, woman and child and every class of people are interested. There is nothing exempted from the benefits of government. Why, then, should they ask for any exemption. The tax law simply says we need so much money from the State and they should get it in a uniform way. That is what we are here to-day for, to get rid of these specialties—to get rid of these deficiencies in the law. Our own township officers never raise the question, they——

Q. The authorities assess your farms a great deal higher than they do in the towns; is that true?

A. I think, possibly, it is.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. These folks argue they are producers, that they employ hundreds of people and these people spend their money buying from the farms and help increase the value of the farms?

A. Well, that is true; but when you talk of the question of production, then we have the floor absolutely. The American farmer produces more than all the corporations in the country. There is no productive class like the farmer.

By the Chairman:

Q. There must be people provided to take the farmers' products?

A. Yes, but there is no reason why provisions should be made so that they get all and the farmers get nothing to raise his crops. They take from the farmers—the very people who produce these things for the people to eat. There is a gas company that claims an exemption as a manufacturing company, while an electric light company has to pay a tax. There are two rival companies—light and heat—yet one is taxed and the other is not.

Q. I imagine that is because the gas is used so much as a fuel?

A. No more than electricity will be.

Q. Prior to the time electricity was discovered—I imagine no man in his sane mind could say to-day that gas companies should pay their pro rata share of the tax. The reason for that is, no doubt, that it took the place of coal for heating, etc., before electricity was discovered and that was probably the reason why the law so indicated?

A. Well, of course, I would not attempt to say what the reason was.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. We have had one or two single tax advocates that have advocated that land should be taxed for all State purposes for State revenue and it should be left to the counties to tax any property they saw fit. You must tax land for all State purposes and allow the counties the right to tax anything for all purposes. That permission would also give them the right of exemption also from county purposes?

A. Mr. Creasy, my study has developed that Pennsylvania is considered by tax experts to be the furthest advanced in the system of taxation, from a viewpoint of fairness, of any State in the Union. How does it appeal to you?

By Mr. Creasy:

Well, we get more money from personal property and money at interest than any other State.

JUDGE A. W. DENNISON, Pennsylvania State Grange.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Commission:—I was asked by the Master of the State Grange this morning to sort of wait until last and pick up the odds and ends. I noticed when the rest of them got through with the argument that there was not very much odds and ends to pick up. I had jotted down a few items that I thought I would call your attention to, and one by one I have checked them all off until they are all marked off.

As I understand the scope of this investigation, you are to consider and then make recommendations to the next Legislature as to what laws they can pass within the Constitution that will tend to equalize taxation; and you cover several different subjects. One is the formation or creation of corporations.

Representing the State Grange and the farmers and the laboring men of the State of Pennsylvania, I would not care to go into a discussion of the question, except to say that there is no antagonism by the farmers against the creation of corporations, or, I may say, the creation of a trust, provided that they will obey the laws just like you ask a private citizen to obey the law, and that they will not use the great power that the great combination of wealth gives them to take advantage of the small interests and the private citizens of this Commonwealth.

That subject would be treated, perhaps, in the second scope of your investigation, which is the regulation of corporations. How you should regulate them under the State laws. Because it is clear that they have no existence until they are created by the Legislature; and the same power that creates them can regulate them.

The thing that interests us farmers and laboring men of Pennsylvania, so far as you tax corporations and the subject of their taxation, simply relates to the question of equalization of taxation. Now the State of Pennsylvania to-day sets aside practically seven billions of dollars of the wealth of this Commonwealth and says to the localities, "Keep your hands off that!" They say, "We'll tax that exclusively for State purposes." "We will not only tax that seven billions

which your localities cannot touch, but we will come into your county and tax every writ that is issued, every will that is made, every deed that is recorded." And they say to the localities, "Keep your hands off; we'll attend to this." Then they took the license fees of wholesale and retail liquor dealers, but have recently said we could have some of this, and so we get some. Now, in doing all that, they raise something like twenty-five million a year. They say to us localities that we can take about four billions of real estate and tax it for local purposes, and we can have the retail liquor license fees; and in the State we get about two and a half millions out of that. They say we can tax mules and horses, and we get something like a half million out of that. Then they say further, we can tax occupations, salaries and emoluments of office, and we get perhaps nearly two and a half millions out of that. On that four billions from the real estate we collect seventy-seven and a half millions for use locally. Then the State steps in and they raise so much off their seven billions that they cannot possibly spend it. They give some back again. They even give us something to run our hospitals all over the State. But it is apparent to you at once when we take eleven billions of dollars worth of property that is assessable in the State of Pennsylvania, to take and set aside seven billions out of the eleven, while sixteen to eighteen millions is what they raise from other sources, and then take four billions and raise seventy-seven and a half millions, there is some gross inequality. There is something wrong somewhere. Now, that is what the Grange asks—what we believe to be fair and right; that some change be made—either by saying to these localities that they can tax some of these enterprises, or, if you maintain the system that you have, that you try to put them on an equality so that the farmers and the home owners need not pay a much higher rate than the other interests. I will submit to you that the interests that only pay an average of three mills make their money much easier than the home owners who must pay on an average of eighteen mills—six times as much, and money harder to get.

The next question is, how will you do that? If you do that you must raise more State revenue and appropriate it in such a way as will relieve local taxation. There is no other way I know to do it. How would you raise more State revenue? We have a school house in our township, and as a member of the School Board I voted to raise the levy five mills. We had to do it. I didn't do that because I have any antagonism against the taxpayers, or because I wanted to wrong the taxpayers of our township, because my own tax was included in that; but we had to have money, and the only way I knew to do it, was to raise the levy. The same thing can be done in the levies that we make against the corporations if you propose to pursue that policy. The township School Board makes a levy for school purposes. The County Commissioners make it for county purposes. The Legislature fixes a rate of levy for State purposes. That rate of levy has been fixed at various amounts on personal property and on banks at four mills, and on other corporations at five mills. If you are going to raise more money it seems to me that you must raise your levy. I don't see any other way to do it. Now, another thing I want to call your attention to if you pursue that policy—that you will watch that money very closely, or you can never get it to where it will be of any benefit to the local taxpayer. You will find out when you get it to the Legislature that there is a great many things ready to reach their hands in and get that money. They will think the State officers are not paid enough salary; they will want to get a little more for that. They want a public park; they will want money for that. They want a road from Philadelphia to Pittsburg; they will want money for that. And from some letters I have gotten from the Good Roads Association, I think they are trying to get all the money they can and put it on the roads. So the danger of this system lies in the fact that you will have to make some special effort to keep that money within the lines that you contemplated when you started out, and put it in such a place that it will surely lower local taxation.

Now, it seems to me that the Grange has suggested a good way to do it. In the first place, as Brother Moscrip suggests, the minimum salary for the minimum term of the school teacher. Then another good way would be to go into the road districts and appropriate enough money to pay for one-half of the repairs on the roads not to exceed twenty-five dollars per mile in each road district. For instance, if there is one thousand dollars to be spent on a road, let the road district raise five hundred of it and the State raise five hundred. Then another way in which they could help the localities would be to let the State build and maintain and repair all the macadam roads and stick to the policy of putting them in every county. I was told last session down there what you fellows got to do that on. Then there is another way to lessen local taxation, and that is permitting the counties to retain every dollar in the county that they collect there. I mean by that, on personal property and licenses.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Where would the State get any money?

A. The State under the present laws would get all except about five or six million dollars that it gets now; and if you raise the rate of levy that would give it much more. When I speak of the counties retaining the tax, I am not speaking of the capital stocks; I am not speaking of the tax on bonds; I am not speaking of the tax on gross receipts; but I am speaking of the tax on personal property and the licenses we collect in each county. In the whole State of Pennsylvania, it would amount to perhaps four or five millions of dollars. We collect now something like nine to ten millions of dollars, and the county retains three-fourths on the tax of personal property. What we advocate is that we retain all of it and that we retain all license fees, mercantile and otherwise. There is nine or ten million raised in the counties that way, and we are only asking that the counties retain the balance of it.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. Some reference has been made to the fact that the State is not a good housekeeper. What assurance would the State have, under a law of this kind, that the county would be a good housekeeper?

A. Well, I will say to Brother Moyer that my experience is that you will find just as much honesty in the country as you will find in the cities; just as honest officials in the country as in the cities; just as honest officials in our court house as in the Capitol building.

Q. The inference has gone forward that the moneys of the State are not wisely expended; that the officials who have charge of this money are not doing their duty.

A. Well, that appears to be true. But I see no reason why the counties should not have a chance to spend the money or steal a little of it if they want to the same as the State officials have to spend or to steal millions. As to that matter, I am a good deal like Mr. Rhone. I think a big majority of the people of the capital building and a big majority of the people of the counties are absolutely and strictly honest. But I also believe that in any building, in any county, in any State, that there are a few thieves who try to crawl in there and get hold of things, and if the people permit them to do so, they are liable to suffer. But because they do that, there is no reason why a general charge of dishonesty and incompetency should be put up against the balance of mankind who try to be honest and try to do right.

By Mr. Brown

A. I think that the status of civic integrity is higher in Pennsylvania than any other State in the Union; as high, at least, as any State in the Union, and I think we should all appreciate that and take it at one hundred cents on the dollar.

Mr. Moyer:

Q. You would be in favor of the paying of this money over to the Commonwealth and then having it returned again?

A. No sir. The only reason there could be for that is that the State might perhaps be able to get a better report, a more uniform report, or maybe get industries reported that might not be reported by the county; then, the county might afterwards be able to get hold of these interests and corporations within the State. So, I agree with you there. Now, there is one thing I realize; when you commence to talk about that you will strike a very delicate question. That question is, "Shall we tax manufacturing corporations in the State of Pennsylvania?" You are all cognizant of the fact that the United States Government levies a tariff on all manufactured articles, and we all know and realize it; we believe in it and we defend it; but we know positively and absolutely that the manufacturers are the only ones that receive any benefit from it directly. The protection enables them to sell their products without competition from cheaper stock so they can get a higher price. I may say further that we believe in our corporations; the State could scarcely do without them, but we believe in homes; we believe in our farms. We believe in railroads and all other corporations, in that manufacturers hire men, they employ labor; and the railroads employ labor. So do the farmers employ labor when they can get it; but they cannot get the best men because these corporations that we are favoring step in and say, "Come down and work for me and I will give you lots better wages than that farmer can pay."

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Suppose the manufacturing concern who seduces the farmers employes does not pay 3 per cent. of the money invested in the corporation, would you be in favor of taxing that corporation?

A. Under the Constitution of the State of Pennsylvania I would tax that corporation just exactly the same as I would tax a corporation that is engaged in the iron and ness in the State of Pennsylvania, that make millionaires out of almost every man that touches their stock, because the Constitution says that the tax shall be uniform upon the same class of subjects. We have farmers in our locality who, for some reason or other, cannot make both ends meet. They don't make 3 per cent. or any other per cent., and can scarcely clothe their families; yet we make them pay their taxes just the same as the home-owner or anybody else.

Now, there is another thing to be considered and that is, if you tax them, at what rate will you tax them? The same rate you tax other corporations, or the rate you tax banks, or a lower rate?

At the last session of the Legislature, I introduced a bill doubling the rate of levy and requiring manufacturing corporations to pay the same tax as other corporations. If I invest my property in a farm, or in a manufacturing corporation, or in a bank, or in anything else, I should have a perfect right to get the same treatment under the law, and should pay the same rate of taxation, no matter where I invested the property. After a more extensive study of the question, I became convinced that this would raise an immense amount of money, more than would be necessary to equalize the rate between corporations and individuals, and I secured an amendment to the bills in the Ways and Means Committee, so as to provide for an increase of one mill upon the rate now in force and one mill upon the capital stock of corporations—manufacturing corporations; exempting them from the assessed value of any part of their property which would be subject to local taxation. For instance, a corporation having a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars and twenty thousand so invested in real estate as to be taxed locally—take the twenty thousand out of the hundred thousand, and only tax them on the eighty thousand, and one mill on that. These bills as amended were reported out of the Committee, but were recommitted for argument.

Mr. Brown:

Q. Your figures would bring to the State a little over a quarter of a million?

A. Just the manufacturing corporations?

Q. Yes.

A. Yes. These bill would have brought about a seven million dollar increase. It seems to me something of that kind ought to be done.

By Mr. Moyer:

Haven't the manufacturers of the State of Pennsylvania declared their willingness to pay a one mill tax?

By Mr. Brown:

That is, provided the State requires more revenue.

By Mr. Dennison:

That is exactly the bill I had in the Legislature. That will explain a question that was asked Mr. Rhone by Mr. Brown. I believe you stated that some one had fixed the value of manufacturing corporations in Pennsylvania at three billions of dollars?

By Mr. Brown:

Yes.

By Mr. Dennison:

Now then, the value that Brother Brown must take is here from the report of the Secretary of Internal Affairs. It is requested that they report in the industrial statistics. In 1907, I think, twenty-two hundred corporations reported out of a total of seven thousand. Thus it was a little less than one million, and you can readily see why they reported that much, when, at the same time, where is the billions in this? I would not be surprised to know it was a whole lot more. I think if you will levy a tax of one mill on manufacturing corporations and turn it over to the Auditor General, or State Treasurer, and they would issue a report, that we could find out something about the value of these manufacturing corporations and then, instead of raising a million, we would possibly raise three or four. You cannot tell.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. That ought to raise about three millions?

A. Yes. Now, there is another thing that was discovered and which I have had in mind for some time and that is the illustration of a certain trust company in Pittsburg. It is the clause at the end of the law that says they can pay the ten mills on the par value of their stock that permits the large banks to pay so little tax. I particularly make the illustration that they paid fifteen thousand on about twenty-six and a half millions of dollars of capital or actual value, and if they had paid the same rate that an ordinary bank pays they would have paid one hundred and five thousand; and if they had paid the same rate that the county taxpayers do, they would have paid six hundred and eighty thousand dollars. And they paid fifteen thousand. Now, I fully grant you that the Supreme Court declared that Constitutional, but I believe that if it was my case, I would ask for a referee.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. That does not exempt them from taxation on their bonds. It only exempts them from local taxation. I cannot understand how they got off with fifteen thousand. They must have had a peculiar line of securities.

A. Let me call your attention to the fact that they pay local taxation on their real estate, and they didn't pay another cent of local taxation, and when they paid that fifteen thousand dollars on their capital stock they included the whole twenty-six millions of dollars; and they didn't have to pay another cent.

Q. The local assessor should have gone after them.

A. The local assessor has nothing to do with the case. The only thing the local assessor can assess is the real estate and the bank building. That is all the local assessor can assess. When you come to assess the capital stock or to assess the indebtedness, the State says to the local assessor: "Keep your hands off; we will take care of that." They pay ten mills on the par value of the stock and the State does not ask them to pay more. But, understand, this is a trust company. They reported in 1908, in the Bank Commissioner's report, something like $36,000,000.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. The ten mills does not release them from local taxation. The trouble is the local assessor does not go after the four mills tax.

A. I want to call your attention to the fact that the whole banking law provides that they shall pay four mills on the value of their capital stock, to be ascertained by adding the capital stock, the surplus and undivided profits; that when they pay four mills, the law says they are exempted from local taxation except upon their building, and says identically the same thing when they pay the ten mills—that they are exempted from local taxation.

(Reads banking law, and instructs stenographer not to put in the record.*)

By Mr. Brown:

Q. The assessor should say what is paid and what is not paid. There ought to be a way to check it up.

A. I have nothing to say about the duties of the local assessors and whether they are performed or not; but I do say this: I would have those gentlemen pay the four mills on the actual value of their stock by adding it all together. If they pay the ten mills, they pay it on the par value of the stock. I am talking about money going into the State Treasury. Even though the Supreme Court has decided that to be constitutional you will agree with me that it is neither fair, just or right. While they may have a right to do that under the Constitution, I shall ask the Legislature to do what is right and just, even though they have a right under the Constitution to do an injustice.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. That comes back to the tax on the actual value of their property?

A. There is another thing I want to call your attention to. This is not a new question. The people have been after this for years. There was a time when the Republican Party did not like things, and they called a special session in 1906 and perhaps you were a member of it. They recommended the Governor to issue another call in order to permit them to take up four different subjects, and one of them was the return of all personal property—but I will read to you:

First. To provide for the retention by the respective counties of this Commonwealth of all personal property and license taxes now paid by them to the State.

Second. To enable trolley roads in this Commonwealth to carry freight.

Third. To provide a system of taxation in this Commonwealth that shall be uniform and equal on all classes of property to the end that the railroad companies shall pay the same tax on the dollar of value as the farmer, the business, the laborer, and the mechanic.

Fourth. To revise and reform the general election laws of the Commonwealth. This resolution was vetoed by the Governor, giving as his reason that while of interest and importance, they were subjects for general Legislation and could be better presented at a regular session. The Legislature has been repeatedly asked to do these things, but, I suppose, perhaps, because it is easier to let the thing run along than change it, they have not done it. The Legislature can afford to be fair and just to its citizens, and when you do that you have their respect and you have their support. It seems to me that now the time is ripe, now that this Commission has been formed, to rectify these wrongs, and do justice between the citizens of the State and the corporations of the State. In making these recommendations, we are not asking for charity; we are not asking for special favors; we are simply asking for justice and a square deal.

By Mr. George Moscrip:

A gentleman in Tioga County asked me to submit this proposition to your honorable body: They have there a building known as "Merker Block." They have incorporated and say they have to pay a local tax on Merker Block, and have no use for it for manufacturing purposes or any other purpose. I didn't know whether you had heard of this case or not. The point is whether it is just to impose a tax on the case of this concern. I think the rate should be nominal. They pay twenty-five and one-half mills.

By Mr. Brown:

Mr. Creasy, what is your thought upon taxing manufacturing corporations? You have had quite an experience. Do you think that would have an injurious effect upon the State revenue?

By Mr. Creasy:

I think the manufacturing corporations, as a rule, would submit to a tax of one mill, because it is evident to all these big interests that are interested in the betterment of Pennsylvania and its schools and roads, that we must have more revenue. I believe they would not object to a one-mill tax, provided it was economically spent, and distributed with good judgment. For the purposes of building better roads, I think the manufacturers would reap a benefit indirectly that would more than compensate the amount paid.

Mr. Brown: There is no doubt of the general sentiment in Pennsylvania for better roads.

Mr. Creasy: That is why we are speaking of distributing this money to these counties. It would put at least forty-five hundred men to work making good roads. We believe these forty-five hundred men would build more good roads in ten years than the State could by the very best management in twenty or thirty years. We are all interested in good roads. The township authorities could fix up these roads a great deal cheaper than the State could. Let the State take hold of the macadam roads. These roads come through our townships and our people are not able to take care of them, because the township is too poor to take that up.

Mr. Brown: Do you figure in your assessment of additional revenues the need for additional State institutions for the care of the insane men and women? From letters received by us, there seems to be a need for more institutions of this kind.

Mr. Creasy: I think one thing should be changed and that is this: Whenever a plan is perfected to build an institution, it should not be allowed to run along for years before the Legislature appropriates sufficient money to complete the building contemplated. I think every Legislature should appropriate the money to finish its own buildings, so that the next Legislature would not be hampered by appropriating money that should have been appropriated by the former Legislature.

Adjourned until two o'clock.

Public Meeting, Williamsport, Pa., April 8, 1910.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Meeting called to order at two o'clock P. M., present as before.

Mr. McLaren: I enjoyed the talk this morning, and I thought we had a lot of good speakers on the subjects I did not know much about.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. What other defects have you noticed in the present law as to the collection of personal tax?

A. I think the law is a good one. I believe the greatest difficulty is in enforcing the law.

Q. What do you do to check up the returns of the assessors? Do you give your guide books to the assessors?

A. No. The assessors are furnished with all the information we can get. That is, the judgments and mortgages from the records here.

Q. You give them the blank returns the Auditor General furnishes?

A. No, the blank returns are delivered first by the assessors from house to house, and everybody is supposed to

make the return, whether they have anything or whether they have not. If they have not, of course, they state that and swear to it. They don't all do that, however.

Q. What check do you put on the assessors? Do you make them account for every one of these returns you give them?

A. No, we haven't.

Q. For every blank?

A. No, they are just given to them. The State sends us a great many more than we need, and we have not been, in fact, very careful as to how many the assessor gets.

Q. You depend entirely on the assessor for the returns?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Do you ever do any investigating to ascertain whether or not returns are correct?

A. Yes, we have in some instances here, we have imposed the penalty in a number of cases. If the assessor comes in with knowledge that seems to be substantial, we have imposed the penalty, and I find that if this done pretty generally the people, of course, eventually will come in. When the penalty amounts to as much money as they have out at interest, of course, they are coming in then. Now, we are doing that.

Q. What do you do to reach moneys on deposits evidenced by certificates of deposits in your trust companies and banks?

A. Well, I think the assessors have just been relying on the individuals to tell them the truth.

Q. How would it do to have the banks and trust companies to make a return of all the moneys at interest?

A. I think that would be very good. I think it would help the assessors and the county.

Q. Have you any idea of the amount of personal property in this city that does not pay any State tax?

A. No.

Q. Do you think it is a considerable amount?

A. I wouldn't be surprised but what it is.

Q. What is the sentiment here on the subject of taxing manufacturing corporations? You heard our friends, the Grangers, this morning?

A. Yes. In fact, I never heard that discussed at all.

Q. Have you heard the taxpayers suggest any other subjects of taxation?

A. No. I have heard suggestions of probably some improvement on the system of the assessors. In fact, I have got two or three ideas of my own.

Q. What are they?

A. Well, now, the first one, of course, I don't suppose it would be constitutional, but if it is you probably have heard of it before, and that is to make every person his own assessor. Of course, this would have to be worked out and graded, because if it were not the big property owner would have it on the little fellow every time, as he usually has. Now, this is just as a suggestion. You are sworn and you make your own asessment. If, within sixty or ninety days, or any period that your Legislative Committee or any Committee who might have that in charge, say within ninety days, if he is offered a bona fide offer of cash within ninety days after the assessment, with possibly 10 per cent. added, he has got to sell.

Q. Some States have that now.

A. I did not know that.

Q. For some kinds of property.

A. Of course, the big fellow would have the advantage of the little fellow, because lots of people would buy homes ranging from five to ten thousand dollars, and they could get that for them, and manufacturing establishments in the city would not have as many mortgages.

Q. What is your feeling about the character of the assessors you would get under the present system? Do you think they fairly assess the property?

A. The system is not very good at the best. The whole system, it seems to me, is not good. Here is another idea I have for the county to elect three county assessors, we have three city assessors here, and I believe they could more nearly get the correct value of property than having an assessor in every township in the county. Of course, it would take three assessors or five assessors possibly a year or more to get overt he county to do the work in the beginning, but after we have it once done I believe three good men would come nearer to equalizing the values of property a good deal nearer than under the present system.

Q. Do you think that you would get better assessors by having them appointed by the Judges than by electing them?

A. Elect them as we do here. Let the people elect three county assessors, and let the people of Williamsport elect three city assessors for city purposes. If it operates well in the city why not in the county?

Q. What amount of personal property do you return here in the county from Wiliamsport, can you recall?

A. You mean as compared with the county outside of the city?

Q. No, how much in the county.

A. I cannot state that, I forget just what that is. You mean personal tax?

Q. Yes.

A. I am afraid to make a statement. In the county, you mean?

Q. Yes.

A. I do not know. Twelve or fifteen or sixteen millions, somewhere along there, it seems to me.

Q. Do you think the present laws are all right, only they need greater enforcement?

A. Yes, I think the greatest difficulty is that the laws are not enforced. I think the present system of having a different assessor in every township is bad. They are often under the influence of one or more men, and sometimes the assessors are honest and their judgment is poor; they may be honest, but have very poor judgment.

Q. What about their compensation. Don't you think if you paid a little more you would get a better qualified body of men to do the work?

A. In the townships?

Q. Yes, sir.

A. I don't believe that would make much difference in the townships. I have another word. As I understand the business of this Committee is to——

Q. The thought is that if you are not justified in spending the State's money for certain purposes, you are not justified in collecting it, not to pass upon individual cases or anything

A. What I am going to mention, we are troubled with people coming in, every week, sometimes almost every day, wanting to know when we are going to pay bounty. It seems to me that if the State has a bounty on certain noxious animals and that is to encourage the killing of them, then it seems to me we ought not to depend upon appropriations to pay them. It seems to me the Commissioners of all the counties ought to have the right to pay as they go along, and send their report to the Treasurer once a month or once each quarter. I tell people I believe the Committee at the next session of the Legislature will appropriate enough money to do it. That is all I can tell them. I try to keep them in a good humor.

Judge W. B. Crocker: As a lawyer, I may state, from the principle, I can see no reason why surplus income should not e appropriated, a portion of it, for public and social purposes, as well as the surplus income of private corporations or individuals, but the State Supreme Court decided that an income of 6 per cent. was not an unreasonable income. It would amount to about the same thing. * * *

I do not see why public service corporations are entitled to any more consideration than any others.

Q. Have you in your mind any company earning over 6 per cent. to-day?

A. Oh, yes. One water company I represent earns, I think, to-day 7 1-2 per cent.

Q. Have you allowed for betterments there at all?

A. We do not deduct wear and tear, because there is not enough wear and tear in the present system, but whatever wear and tear there is we charge to expenses, and there is some goes into our sinking fund.

Q. Is that allowing for addition development, too.

A. We charge that to improvement or maintenance account whenever we make extensions, and they are not very heavy, sometimes not over three hundred dollars a year.

Q. How could that be determined unless you had a public utilities commission, or something of that kind, to say how you should keep your accounts and should be appropriated for one and what for another?

A. There wouldn't be any objection to that. If it was done uniformly that would be the way of arriving at it. One thought occurred to me in listening this morning, and that is on the question of local taxation, of taxing mortgages as well as the land, or else deducting from the assessed value the market value. I do think agricultural lands are taxed more in proportion to their actual value than larger and more valuable holdings of real estate.

Q. That is the fault of the assessors, it is not the fault of the law?

A. In a sense it is the fault of the assessor. The act of '95 tended to equalize assessments in Williamsport. We increased the valuation by half a million. We found the sentiments of the assessors was that the interests of those owning these properties and engaged in business connected with them could not stand higher taxation, so that it was a matter of what you might call financial sympathy, but three years ago the assessors were instructed to assess the lands and the buildings separate, and the result was that we increased our valuation from nine to thirteen millions, and at the same time the tax rate was lowered three mills, so we got the same revenue, but it does seem a hardship to make the mortgagor pay the tax on the real estate and also the four mill tax upon the mortgage.

Q. Of course, the theory of the law is that he does not pay the tax; the land owner pays that.

A. Under that tax law, if you remember, a great many arguments were made about imposing a State tax upon the mortgagor. I think practically that is the result of it.

Mr. Ryder. I just want to speak on State roads, but, as I understand it, this is on legislation for roads and everything else. It sort of made me laugh this morning when I heard the gentleman ask whether we believe the State a good housekeeper or not. I think the State is the best housekeeper in the world. We have grievances up in this section of the State. I suppose they have them all over the State. We are led to believe that we get so much money from the State, so much in repairing roads, and when the time comes we don't get it. Now, our township, is a case——

Mr. Brown: This Committee hasn't anything to do with this.

Mr. Ryder: Are you working on legislation.

Mr. Brown: No, only on the formation and regulation of corporations, and revenue for State purposes. I assume if the State can she ought to help out in the building of roads.

Mr. Ryder: We believe in State aid, all right enough, but we believe in getting it, but we don't believe in taking only promises for it. That is all we get up in this section.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. What is the reason—because there isn't enough money to go around?

A. I don't know.

By the Chairman:

Q. How many miles of State road have you in Lycoming County?

A. We have in our township 2.7 miles of road, cost $57,800. That is the question I want to speak on. That is, if you are looking for legislation to remedy these things; that is, if you are interested in this subject. The State claims we are in partnership with the State. I don't find any way where we are, only in paying. The State goes on and builds this road. The State goes on and takes

this money, without considering the township's rights at all, takes this money from the county. There is a piece in the paper last night about it. While the township is willing and ready to pay it, it never had a word to say about it. There is $57,800 for 2.7 miles of road. Then the State goes to work and promises the supervisors 15 per cent. for maintenance. Now, I have a letter in my pocket from the State Highway Department; if the gentlemen care to hear it I will read it to you. This may not concern you about paying the 15 per cent., but the township pays $4,000 for repairing the road and got back from the State $540. But the State goes on and simply confiscates this money and keeps it and doesn't pay the township what it owes it.

Q. What remedy do you suggest?

A. Why I mean to say that when the State passes a law that it is going to pay 15 per cent. bonus, I mean it should pay it.

Q. Your thought is to turn the money into the county and then have the county build its own roads?

A. That isn't the question. The State has promised the township 15 per cent. bonus for all the cash they raise. Many of the supervisors calculated on that certain amount of money in their work, and have worked accordingly. Now, the State doesn't pay it. Now, are the supervisors all to appear as liars or fools before the public? The State owes the township now between three and four thousand dollars on that 15 per cent. bonus alone. We have told our people we are going to get this money. Where is it?

Q. They took it out of the township's share and paid for the road with it, didn't they?

A. No, they took this money off of the county. The county didn't pay the expenses for the township at all. Our township is well able to pay for its own bills, but the State refuses to pay its own bills under the present laws. The State simply confiscates the money that belongs to the County Commissioners. It is taking it, but refuses to pay to the townships what it owes the townships. I am ready to answer any question in regard to that if you want to ask any.

Mr. Brown: I think I understand your position. It is hardly within the purview of this Committee to help you any.

The Chairman: The resolution under which we were created was simply to look toward the revision of the corporation and revenue laws of the State. We find that complaint pretty general along the line.

Mr. Klein: As a native American, Pennsylvania born, and one who is rather proud of it, I am ready at any time to declare that Pennsylvania gives more to schools and charitable institutions than most of the States in the Union; and one of the things that has bothered me sometimes, is how do the cities and boroughs get back any portion of the taxes that go from them locally? That is, as a public utilities corporation. It is true we get it back in public charities and schools, and that sort of thing, but I haven't had a chance to talk with my attorney and don't know whether I am asking a foolish question or not, but is there any provision for the cities and boroughs of the interior getting back some of the taxes for their own benefit that comes from public utilities, anything of that kind? Is there any legislation covering that?

Mr. Brown: You are getting it for the schools and charities.

Mr. Klein: Yes.

Mr. Brown: Well, those things you would have to support yourself if the State did not get you the money. That is why it is handed back to you. That is why it is divided proportionately, so that each county gets its share.

Mr. Klein: But we have no voice.

Mr. Brown: The law gives them a voice by representation. Of course, that comes back according to your needs, for your State institutions, etc., and you have an opportunity of sending your people to the State institutions for care. That is why that is handed back to you. The counties get a certain amount of money that way. Of course, you get it back indirectly by State Government and the protection you have there. Everything goes back except what is used by the State for proper purposes, for support and maintenance.

Mr. Klein: But the city has no voice. Many of them are struggling with an indebtedness, and along comes the State and puts a tax on them, and they are not in shape to pay it. There is no way of getting a portion of the tax on public utilities corporations and other corporations which are controlled for a particular purpose?

Mr. Brown: No, I know of none.

Mr. Klein: That is what I thought. Now, as a merchant, I object to the State mercantile tax that we pay to the Commonwealth. We also pay a State tax for the same purpose. This relates to firms or partnerships. Now, many merchants, individual merchants and firms take out charters, and their object for doing that is to better protect their business in case of death, to give favored and desirable employees an interest in the business; and it makes a better proposition in many ways than a firm or a partnership. They have to pay for a State tax, a city tax and a corporation tax. Is there any provision for separating that tax, those funds that we raise? Say, for instance, a manufacturer is exempt; he pays no tax, but there is a merchant——

Mr. Brown: They pay tax on everything except their capital stock. They pay tax on bonds, and everything of that kind.

Mr. Klein: It always looked to me as though the merchant is taxed two or three times for the same thing.

Mr. Brown: In the first place your corporation does not have to incorporate. You ask the State to give you a franchise, which exempts you from personal liability for debts; it is a special privilege. We don't have a franchise tax in Pennsylvania. Some States have an additional tax. The next is your mercantile tax.

Mr. Klein: That goes to the Commonwealth?

Mr. Brown: Yes, that goes to the Commonwealth, and you have your local tax, that is a police tax, for local protection that you get. You think that is double taxation or treble taxation; one tax ought to cover it all?

Mr. Klein: Yes.

Mr. Brown: Well, there has been opposition to a mercantile tax. That is, a State mercantile tax. There is a great deal of opposition to that.

Mr. Klein: You see, it is really three taxes. You pay taxes to the Commonwealth once for a mercantile license, and then you pay it again for the city, and in case you are a corporation you have to pay so much tax.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. You think that is an undue burden on the merchants?

A. I never had it entirely clear in my mind that it was not a double taxation for the same purpose.

Q. Has it ever occurred to you that it was unfair as compared to what other people pay? In other words, do the merchants think they are paying more than their share of the tax?

A. I don't know, sir. I can't answer that.

Q. In other words, each man ought to pay his share?

A. You can't run the Commonwealth without it.

Q. Now, let us get down to it. Do you merchants think you are paying more than your share of that tax?

A. This is my private opinion. I haven't talked with any merchants. I have been out in the State for two months, but knowing that the Commission was here I just ran in to hear what was said. I made no preparation for it. I can't help but feel that in paying a mercantile tax and then paying the city again for mercantile purposes, and then paying the State again, if you choose to incorporate—the firms that are in partnership don't pay that. It seems to me it is a matter that would require considerable investigation. I know several concerns that are incorporated for the purpose I have stated, to divide it among their employees and give them additional credit, and all that.

A. They pay just the same as a man pays for a special privilege, and any other man who gets a special privilege from the Commonwealth pays for it.

A. That additional price or tax they pay for perpetuating their business, giving to the employees shares of stock, and so on.

Q. And exemption from individual liability for debts, and so on.

Public Meeting of the Committee held in the Chamber of Commerce, Erie, Penna., on Friday A. M., April 15, 1910, at 11 o'clock.

Present: Gabriel H. Moyer, Vice-Chairman and Secretary, presiding; William H. Keyser, James F. Woodward, David Hunter, of the Committee; Francis Shunk Brown, Esq., Counsel.

Auditor General-Elect Sisson sat with the Commission.

The Chairman: The purposes for which this Commission was created have been clearly defined in the circular letter which you have all no doubt received. We, therefore, shall not waste any time in making any extended remarks on that point. We are here for the purpose of gathering data and suggestions for legislation to revise our tax laws wherein they are defective; and for that purpose we shall be very glad to hear the views of the gentlemen who have been asked to appear before us. Mr. P. J. Barber is here, representing the Erie Lithographing Company, and we would like to hear from him.

MR. P. J. BARBER, Erie, Pa.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Commission: I did not come here prepared to say anything; I came prepared to listen. As I understand the situation, you are gathering suggestions as to methods of taxation.

Sometime ago, when I was a candidate for the Legislature, I noticed the mercantile tax was under discussion; and, like a great many other men who were candidates, I was approached upon that subject as to where I stood on the matter of repealing of the mercantile tax, and, of course, without giving it any investigation, I didn't want to be put on record until I had looked upon the subject more thoroughly and satisfied myself that the mercantile tax was necessary to provide revenues for the State of Pennsylvania. I am in favor of repealing any taxation that is unjust, that is class legislation, so as to speak; and I so informed this gentleman who approached me on the subject—that I would investigate it, and if, in my judgment, it was objectionable, I would be the very one to vote for repeal.

The question of tax is, of course, one that touches everyone who is interested in any property; and they are, naturally, of the opinion that all tax should be avoided if possible to do so. This is naturally very much the same in one business as it is in another. Our firm, of course, pays a small State tax something like seventy-six dollars. We pay a county tax of three to four hundred dollars annually.

Mr. Moyer:

Q. You are a Pennsylvania corporation?

A. Yes, sir. The consensus of opinion was, as I gleaned it, that the State has too much revenue. Now, of course, we all know the Commonwealth is a good thing; but wherever a tax is unequal, I should always be in favor of repealing it or reducing it to the minimum. I believe that (speaking for our firm) they are very well satisfied, as there has been no complaint from the officers of the company up to the present time about the treatment they are receiving from the State; and while that continues, I have no hesitancy in saying that you will hear no objections from us.

If I knew something specific that you had in mind, I might be able to discuss it; but I notice in your call for

the meeting that you are interested in corporations, or the regulation of corporations and appropriations of money to institutions not under State control, and the assessment and collection of taxes in Pennsylvania.

By the Chairman:

Q. Are you connected with the hospitals here?

A. Not in a specific way. I am interested in the Bureau of Charities and some other institutions.

Q. Associated Charities.

A. Yes; that is an organization composed of the various charitable institutions here—locally.

Q. Our counsel, Mr. Brown, will probably give you a line of thought in that connection.

A. I am a great believer in appropriating all the money a State possibly can for the care of its poor and its hospitals, because the hospitals are not equipped as they should be. Both hospitals in this city need a great deal more money than they are getting. They are doing a great work and the city is growing. I don't believe the appropriations to the both hospitals have grown with the city, and with the needs of the city. The appropriations have not been sufficient for the needs of these institutions, and that is proven by the fact that private individuals are called upon yearly to pay a great deal of money that should be paid by the State. This makes a double burden upon the taxpayers. And when, as a rule, the people who are liberal are men of means who are liable to taxation, I believe it is unfair—always has been. This is the position I have taken on that subject.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Are you a manufacturing corporation?

A. Yes; we manufacture in that we print.

Q. Are you exempted from the State tax on stock?

A. Yes.

Q. Are you under the manufacturer exemption law?

A. Yes.

Q. Have you ever made any effort to gather the sentiment of manufacturing corporations as to the fairness of the levy of a tax upon the capital stock of such corporations, assuming that the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is not to-day collecting sufficient revenue to properly support her charitable and other similar institutions and to provide for the usual State outlays?

A. No. This matter didn't come to me really in time to give much thought to that. I have not given the thought to it I would like to in order to clearly state my opinion on that question.

Q. Do manufacturing corporations, so far as you have been able to gather the sentiment, feel that the burden is sufficiently heavy upon them?

A. There does not seem to be any opposition to the taxes as they are levied at the present time, excepting the merchants.

Q. That is the mercantile tax?

A. Yes, that is the only objection I have heard.

Q. I am speaking now of the capital stock. That is the only thing that the manufacturing corporations are exempted from?

A. I don't see where they would have any objection to the exemption.

Q. In answer to that question in Philadelphia, a member of the Manufacturers' Club replied that they had canvassed the subject and had come to the conclusion that if the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania intended to continue in her liberal appropriations to charitable institutions, and more money were needed for the building of roads, that the manufacturing interests represented there would not be dissatisfied with a levy of say one mill.

A. That is the amount of the Federal tax.

Q. And basing it on the manufacturers of the Commonwealth, which aggregates say, three billions, it would produce a revenue of about three millions. Is there any sentiment like that in this district here?

A. I know of none. I suppose the proper man from whom to get your information would be the secretary of the Manufacturers' Association; and I am disappointed not to see him here.

Q. I understand he will be here at two o'clock this afternoon.

A. He would have that data. I am only speaking from my individual experience. I have heard no adverse criticism.

By the Chairman:

Q. What is your private opinion regarding the taxing of capital stock of manufacturing corporations—say one mill?

A. My individual opinion would be that if it were used to relieve the burden or individual subscriptions to the hospitals and institutions of that kind, it would be rather a relief than a burden, because it would distribute it among many, whereas now it is confined to a few men who are liberally inclined.

Q. Do your manufacturing corporations contribute to the hospitals?

A. Yes, nearly every one when called upon for money on charitable appeals and things of that kind every year. I would rather see even one-half mill or one-quarter mill or something of that sort put on the manufacturer, making it general.

Q. Do you think appropriations of State money has a tendency to diminish private contributions?

A. Yes, it has a tendency.

Q. Are the hospitals eager to get private contributions at the same time they are receiving State aid?

A. That is a question I would not care to enter into, because that would be criticising gentlemen who are interested in the institutions. I would rather have men who are more interested in that to answer that question.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. This is only among ourselves. Could the money given to the hospitals here be used to better advantage if given to one—a combination of hospitals?

A. No, I don't think so.

Q. There has been a complaint in Philadelphia and Pittsburg that it is too generally distributed; that if the money was given to one, better service would result to the people.

A. That would depend on local conditions. In this city one hospital is under the auspices of the Catholic Church, and there is another institution. I believe it is perfectly fair to give both of these hospitals all the money they can use for the benefit of charity patients.

Q. Are the beds well filled here?

A. I think so. I have an idea they are sometimes overcrowded. I know some people have been denied admission, even those who have been willing to pay for beds. I know of several instances. As an officer of one of the fraternal orders I had occasion to visit both hospitals very often; and I know at times it was very hard for us to get patients admitted when we were willing to pay. I think this is one of the things the State could do that would be appreciated in Erie.

Q. I gather your thought that the State should be liberal in her appropriations to these philanthropic institutions?

A. Yes.

Q. Assuming the money would be properly expended, and the revenues of the State were sufficient to satisfy these demands, it is your thought that every taxable could be included?

A. Yes.

Q. What other taxables could be returned?

A. That is a question I would rather some one else answer.

Q. Some say do away with all these private institutions, and you will find others that say give more to them?

A. I would do away with some of the rest of these things if I were going to do away with anything. When these things are here we must take care of them. If the present has no need, we must take care of them for the future. It seems to me that the city of Erie is not asking for as much as they are entitled to in the way of hospitals. I think if a tax were levied upon some of those that are now exempted, it would not be unjust at all.

Q. We would like to hear about the taxing—about the sentiment as to taxing public utility corporations, railroad and others?

A. The Treasurer is here, and the Controller and the Mayor of the city.

Mr. Brown: We are here to gather information about the subject of the formation and regulation of corporations, State revenues, the collection of money by the Commonwealth and the appropriation of that money. The reason we asked about the hospitals is that if it is not right to appropriate money to institutions not under State control, it is not right to tax private people for these charitable institutions. If you have any thought, Mr. Mayor, as to whether the law is defective, we shall be glad to hear from you as to any suggestions you may have to offer?

The Mayor: An officer I would like you to hear on that is the City Solicitor. You are on the question of taxing public utility corporation property?

Mr. Brown: We are here to gather the views of the people here whether this should be taxed locally.

A. Well, on that point—that was brought out at the last conference of the first-class cities last summer. We think in Erie that we get a much larger amount of tax out of that character of property than they do in most third-class cities. We follow the law as closely as we can, and we are strict about our exemption—as to what is clearly exempted—and on property held by public utility corporations, we fight it out with them. The result is that we are getting a much larger amount of tax than most third-class cities. I don't know that we are getting as much as we should get. There is some certain property that is absolutely essential that is exempted under the law.

Q. Is it your thought that that should not be exempted? Some of the counties state that while it should be taxed there should be some equitable basis of taxation. Others say it should be taxed locally?

A. That class of property is given fire protection, police protection, light, water; it is given everything that the city has to give in the same measure that every other class of property is given. For that reason, if for no other reason, I should think it should bear the same proportion of taxation that any other piece of property would.

Q. How about the return of the personal property tax in this county, the money at interest, for instance; is that fairly returned?

A. I think it is pretty closely watched. There is a general impression around that the returns are very fair.

Q. Have you any other thought or suggestion?

A. No, not just now. How long will you be in session?

Q. All day.

A. I would like to bring the City Solicitor here. He would probably have something that would be of advantage to you.

Q. We would be glad to hear from the City Solicitor.

A. The Treasurer is here. He is very familiar with the tax assessment here; and the Controller is here, who is very familiar with the tax levy. If there are any questions you would like to ask them, I know they would be pleased to have you do so, and they will give you very direct answers.

Q. I would like to ask the Treasurer about the collection of taxes. He sends out blanks from the Auditor General here.

By the Treasurer:

A. They come direct from Harrisburg.

Q. You don't send them out?

A. You mean who gets the list?

A. Yes.

A. They keep a record, I think, when the corporation takes out a charter.

Q. I mean the blank for the return of money at interest, for interest.

A. I thought you meant corporations.

By Marvin Griswold:

Q. Do I understand that this Commonwealth is looking after revising the whole system of State taxation?

By Mr. Brown:

A. We are here to consider any subject relative to the collection of State revenue.

Mr. Griswold, Griswold Mfg. Co.: I am interested in manufacturing corporations exempted from taxation on capital stock in Pennsylvania. I think we should collect a tax on loans and deduct that from—for instance, we have a bond issue and deducted that from the interest. It seems to me it would be a hardship upon the borrowing concern that has to borrow the money, and it seems to be much more equitable if we didn't have that tax on the loan but could put it on the capital stocks.

Q. In other words, not the tax loan, but exempt the bond and tax the capital stock?

A. Yes, that would strike every manufacturing corporation equally, and would tend to keep the corporations from inflating their value of capital stock. It would make them give what it is actually worth. The tax would be more apt to bring out the true value. They would not capitalize good will perhaps as heavy as they have been. The borrowing concern who is borrowing the money makes the bond issue, while the man who loans the money is supposed to pay the indebtedness tax; and corporations can borrow money cheap when they have to pay a four mills tax; and this they take into consideration when they make a loan.

Q. How would it do to tax the gross value of all assets of the corporations—upon all their indebtedness?

A. If you tax the gross value, that is the gross value of the corporation, it would include the indebtedness. The net value in some corporations does not amount to anything. You would be taxing a dead wall. If you get away with taxing the gross value of the capital. It would be a good proposition. A small tax on a corporation would bring in a good deal more money than a four mill tax on loans. We have to make out a detailed report to the Auditor General where we ask for exemption in taxation, and answer a great many questions required in filling out that report. We should simply make affidavit that we are a manufacturing corporation——

Q. That report is to make sure that you should be exempted, and the thought of the return is that something might turn up in that report that will prove somebody not exempted?

A. I have looked over these blanks.

Q. It would simplify the returns if we took just the gross assets—wouldn't that be easier than the way it is done now?

A. Include the stock, though. You know what capital stock is. We have a number of interests say that the easiest way to get away from taxation was to become incorporated. There is too much given here. An exemption here and an exemption there—now, if you take the gross value of the assets of a corporation and levy a small tax on that, then it does away with all this These assets include the bonded debt, moneys borrowed, moneys at interest, etc. If you tax the gross assets you are taxing everything, for instance, building, machinery, stock in process of manufacture, and one may estimate it at 100 per cent. more than the next man.

Q. But under the law the Auditor General has a right to send around his own auditor who may make his own appraisement. The thought is that one man may be a sort of a watchman over the other man's business. As to the advertising of the assessments, if these were all published, every man would know what the other man' property was assessed.

Mr. Brown: Do you pay a mercantile tax?

A. No.

Mr. Moyer, the chairman:

I would like to ask the Treasurer a few questions as to the money at interest and the return thereof. How are your assessors selected here?

By City Treasurer Pinney:

A. Elected.

Q. By the people?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. How many?

A. Three.

Q. Do you receive the money collected from the various sources of the county?

A. No, sir, I am the City Treasurer.

Q. Do you collect any State tax at all?

A. No.

Q. Aside from the revenue derived from your licensed places?

A. That is all.

Q. We should have the County Treasurer here as to moneys at interest. As a man of affairs and holding public office here, Mr. Treasurer, what is your view regarding the appropriation of money to private institutions where the title of the property is not vested in the Commonwealth?

A. Well, of course, hospitals and things of that kind, I think, it is right for the State to help these along. People of that kind should be taken care of by the State.

Q. Your view would be that the liberal policy that has been established by the State be continued?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. And increased if possible?

A. Yes. Now, for instance, the Hamot Hospital; they want a building with forty or fifty more rooms, and they haven't enough money to build. We took an old lady to that hospital a few days ago and failed to get a bed for her; and we had to put a cot up and wait a few days until we could move her over to a room where somebody went away. I think both hospitals should have more money.

Q. Why shouldn't the city itself help such institutions?

A. These hospitals take everybody. If a person is hurt in some other State or city and brought into Erie, they are taken to these hospitals.

By a Member of the Commission:

Q. People from Ohio, for instance?

A. They are from lots of places; and they are as welcome as any other. We take them from all over the United States.

By the Chairman:

Q. And supported by the State's revenue?

A. Yes sir.

Q. Do you think it is policy to continue to take care of the sick and injured from all parts of the United States by State appropriations?

A. Yes, if they come into the town and have no place—no home to go to—let them go to the hospital. The city should not take care of these cases.

Q. Mr. Brown, you have the data, in reference to the State of Ohio. Does the State of Ohio appropriate money to private charities?

By Mr. Brown:

There is no institution in Ohio supported that is not under State control. There are very few States in the Union that do. You might say that none of them do—that is, the majority of them don't. There are thirty-four that make no appropriation and nearly all the balance of them do it in a modified way.

JUDGE J. B. CESSNA, Erie, Pa.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Commission:

I have been asked to say a word upon the line of business spoken of.

I was born in Pennsylvania, but have lived in the West for twenty-five or thirty years, so you young people are entirely too young to be remembered by me.

I want to speak in reference to the equalization of taxation; on that thought and that line. I believe that real estate is taxed too heavily and that there is a discrimination as to the burden on real estate that is not imposed upon such corporations as railroads. I have been paying taxes in Erie for twenty-five years or thirty-five years, and I have a right to speak on that subject. What I want to direct your attention to is (and I believe I am correct in saying) that Pennsylvania real estate pays a tax of twenty-five mills on the dollar, while railroads pay five mills on the dollar. I think that is correct. I have given the matter some thought some years ago. Now, in Philadelphia and Pittsburg, and, I think, in Harrisburg, there they are taxed on real estate; by the authority of an act of Assembly passed prior to our Constitution, they are taxed on real estate. They are not taxed on real estate in Erie, Pennsylvania, and there is no good reason to be given why that should be; they are not burdened too much and it is right and proper that they should pay that tax. If they put a tax by authority of a special act of Assembly in Philadelphia, Pittsburg, and, I think, Harrisburg, on real estate, why shouldn't the real estate in Erie and other parts of the State pay the same kind of a tax? Why don't the railroads pay a tax on real estate in Pennsylvania? Can you find any statute exempting them? No. My recollection of reading the decision of the authorities is that it comes through judicial interpretation. Now, I don't believe that decision was made in any State in the Union outside of Pennsylvania. This has been handed down and for that reason we give them the distinction of exemption on their property. I think I am right in saying that it is not a statute, but that it comes through judicial interpretation. I think the time has come when this should be changed; that the railroads should pay taxes on their property in an equitable way; not to make it partisanism, but let them pay the same as you and I pay; because taxation should be equal on all property. It is wrong to tax one man's property and not another's. Other States tax railroads. Out in Nebraska they tax them there. About five years ago they increased the tax, taxing all property at a certain rate. They increased the tax on the Union Pacific Railroad between ninety-eight and one hundred thousand dollars. They are all satisfied and everything works harmoniously. So it is right to tax them. Other States tax them. I am not an enemy of railroads. I am no Populist—never adopted that theory; but I do believe that taxation should be equal on all property, corporate or personal; that we would secure better taxation throughout the State; it would be equalized, as it should be. The parties who are making the money and increasing their wealth—the corporations that are increasing their wealth are better able to pay taxes than you or I. They get the benefits, as suggested by our Acting Mayor—they are protected by the city in the police service, fire department; but what do they pay to the City of Erie? Of course, this is all right and proper and we should be commended for it; but it should not stop there. If their tax is not equal to the burden you and I pay, then it should be made equal by law, if necessary, so as to bring equal taxation to every taxpayer. What would we do without railroads? They are necessary to the State. We could not live without railroads; they are a blessing to the State, but in certain ways they can be an injury. If they are allowed to escape taxation while unjust taxes are imposed upon you or me, it is a wrong to the citizens of our State. I would ask Mr. Brown, on the left, if I am correct as to railroads in the State of Pennsylvania?

Mr. Brown: We tax all except roadbeds and water tanks.

Judge Cessna, continuing: I think that is a thought that is worthy of investigation. I did not know your Commission would be here until last night. I sincerely hope the investigations of your Commission will result in great benefit along these lines. We have come into a period where we cannot do without these corporations, and if they are properly encouraged that is all that should be done. They should not be encouraged to the sacrifice of our citizens.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. You don't agree with some of the single taxers that land should bear all the taxation?

A. No, sir; I do not.

MAJOR BROWN, called: It was not my intention to come here to address this assembly; but I happened to meet some of my old friends on the train who invited me to come to this hearing to-day. I have made something of a study in the long years gone by of the question of State taxation. I have no

criticism to make upon the policy that underlies taxation for State revenue. I believe it is the best that exists in any State in the Union. And just here let me refer to a statement of the gentleman who has just taken his seat. He says that railroads pay a five mills tax on their capital stock. They pay a five mill tax upon the assessed valuation of their capital stock. Take, for instance, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company that has a capitalization of, I think, about four hundred millions of dollars. That stock may be worth twice its par, and, if so—and the markets show that sales of stock have been twice its par—then the return to the Auditor General would necessitate the fixing of the valuation of that stock for the purpose of taxation according to its last sale. In other words, it is not five mills on the par, but on the assessed valuation. Then in addition to that, the public utility corporation pays a four mills tax on its bonded indebtedness. Take, for instance, the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad—it has forty millions of capital stock and, I think, one hundred and fifty millions, or upwards, on bonds. So, you see, it is paying a good deal more than five mills on its assessed valuation of capital stock. Then, in addition to that, the law requires it to pay eight mills tax on its gross receipts. So the statement of the gentleman is hardly fair to public utility corporations. There may be a disparity and discrimination between them, but bear in mind that the farms and houses in the State are assessed according to the enterprise, the honesty and the prejudice, very largely, of the assessor, in no county of the Commonwealth in real estate assessed within 75 per cent. of its actual value (there may be exceptions) and in some counties of the Commonwealth it is not assessed more than 22 per cent. of its actual value. That is because the laws are not properly executed—the law requires that it should be assessed at its actual valuation or as nearly so as possible.

Now, as to taxing manufacturing corporations. I happened to be a member of the Legislature in 1885 when the law was passed repealing the tax on manufacturing corporations—the capital stock of manufacturing corporations. I voted against it. It was passed ostensibly for the purpose of encouraging manufacturing interests in Pennsylvania, which was most laudable; but I argued that the manufacturing corporation of Pennsylvania was greatly benefited by the tariff, and that it should not escape its share of the burden of public tax. I did not think it should be assessed as high on the capital stock as a public utility corporation, because public utility corporations are generally exempted from local taxation, while a manufacturing corporation is not. But when you consider that the hospitals are largely filled as a result of injuries that occur in manufacturing interests of Pennsylvania, it would seem fair—there is some justification, rather—in the proposition that a small millage should be put upon the manufacturing corporation of Pennsylvania. Probably one mill would be justifiable.

By Mr. Brown, counsel:

Q. What was it before?

A. The millage on the capital stock of corporations was the same as other corporations. The act of 1885 simply did away with the millage upon the assessed valuation of the capital stock of manufacturing corporations.

Q. It has been suggested that the manufacturing corporations should be exempted because they are producers. Someone has answered that the Standard Oil, as well as a manufacturing corporation, is a producer which is largely helped by nature, the same as the farmer and other interests. Is there anything in that?

A. Your suggestion is as to whether on account of their being producers and adding to the commerce of the State, that they should have favoritism with reference to the millage?

Q. Yes.

A. I say yes, most decidedly; but even putting a one mill tax upon them for the purpose of helping to maintain our charities would still be discrimination in their favor, because other corporations pay a five-mill tax upon the assessed valuation.

The gentleman has referred to the fact that in the City of Philadelphia and in the City of Pittsburg the railroad corporations pay a local tax upon the property which they own outside of the road-bed. This is a special law; but it must be remembered in considering this question as to the justness of putting more tax upon public utility corporations that they are especially reserved by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania as a subject of taxation. That seems to have been a fixed policy of the Legislature of this Commonwealth to reserve public utility corporations—all classes of public utility corporations. Now, where does your money come from by which your charities are supported? By which your hospitals are maintained? By which your roads are built? By which your local taxation is realized, in that the State appropriates at least one-third of the expense of maintaining the public school system of Pennsylvania? It comes out of the public utility corporation almost in its entirety. That should be considered. I don't think it would be fair to increase the millage upon the assessed valuation of the capital stock of these corporations, because it is only a few years ago that it was three mills; then it was increased to four mills and now it stands at five. When you come to consider the other taxes they have to pay—the eight mills tax upon the gross receipts, the four mills tax upon bonds, they are not escaping taxation by any means.

There is one thing, however, that ought to be considered by you gentlemen who represent the State of Pennsylvania in the halls of the Legislature, and that is the question of taxation of the bonded indebtedness of corporations. The law, as I stated, provides for a four mill tax. But here is a corporation that may have ten millions of dollars of capital stock and ten millions of dollars of bonded indebtedness. If these bonds are owned in the State of New York, which is the great financial center of the country, why, these bonds escape taxation under the Interstate Law. Is there any way, in fairness to other corporations whose bonds are owned in the State of Pennsylvania and who have to pay a four mills tax upon the value of these bonds, that you can get at in some system, some scheme of legislation, to secure to the State of Pennsylvania some revenue from the bonds of corporations that are owned outside of the State of Pennsylvania? To me, that is the greatest problem that exists in the taxation question to-day.

Q. You would add the bonded indebtedness to the capital stock and consider it all assets?

A. That would be all right provided the Federal Courts did not say it was beating the devil around the stump. I think the suggestion is a good one—whether it would stand the test is another question.

Another thing. I think the Legislature made a mistake when it passed a law by which the corporations can reduce their capital stock to the minimum or increase it, or reduce their bonded indebtedness or increase; that is, you can make your bonded indebtedness as much as you please without reference to the capital stock. I think there is a means of the corporation escapting taxation.

Q. By bonds owned outside of the State?

A. Yes.

Q. What is your thought about appropriations of money to institutions not under State control?

A. I am one of those who believe there is more good derived from a thousand dollars appropriated to private charities than there is to public charities.

Q. As far as you know, this is the general sentiment among people to whom you have talked?

A. I think it would be a great mistake to do anything that would impair the usefulness of private charities. In making appropriations to private charities, the State ought to take a mortgage the same as they do on a normal school property, so the State will be protected. The State should be protected and the way to protect it is by taking a mortgage for the money appropriated.

MR. J. J. DESMOND, Erie, Pa., called.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Commission: About the only thing I can say is that I don't believe, as a manufacturer, that there are any manufacturers in the State (if there are it is a very small percentage) who find any fault with the present taxation, or even with a one mill tax; I know we should not. But what they do strongly object to is the Federal tax and having the details of their business made public—the system of giving out a statement that gives our competitors practically a complete knowledge of our business operations. So far as the one mill tax is concerned I think it should be larger. For our part, from our standpoint, the manufacturer should pay it, and would willingly do so.

By the Chairman:

Q. On the capital stock?

A. So far as the capital stock is concerned, it has been brought out by Mr. Brown that it is very easy to evade that tax, if they make it strictly on the capital stock. Take our own case. Our capital is two hundred thousand dollars; our surplus and undivided profits are six hundred and twenty-five thousand more; well, the tax would only be one-third of one mill in that case.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. On the value of your assets?

A. Yes. I believe very strongly in the income tax. That is a thing that would tend to prevent the spread of Socialism.

Q. Gross or net income?

A. I mean net income. The man who has an income is the man who can afford and ought to pay his share of protection. The more he has the more protection he gets.

Q. Does that follow?

A. I say the greater his income the more he has to protect; and if the Government is simply an institution to protect property, preserve property and law and order every man can help support it according to his ability to pay. The man who is getting one dollar and fifty cents to two dollars a day is paying perhaps proportionately one hundred times more than the man who has an income of fifty to one hundred thousand dollars a year. I believe it is that inequality that is propagating Socialism.

Q. How would you work out this problem? What is your thought on public utility corporations?

A. The income tax idea is that the man getting a big income or a small income should be taxed according to the income in proportion. The Senator from Philadelphia brought up the question coming up on the train of the impossibility of collecting that or getting a return for it. If there is a penalty put on it, it is just as easy to get that information as it is to prevent burglary. The man who dodges his tax is stealing and dodging his share of Government expense.

Q. Do you find in your experience that many do evade it, or is the disposition generally to respect the law and make a fair return?

A. I believe generally it is intended to respect the law among what you might call the little people or little class. After a man gets control of a good deal of money he becomes money mad and will do anything to dodge the expenditure of it. Just to pile it up he would do anything within the law.

Q. Have you ever given any thought on the subject of inheritance tax, direct inheritance to reach that class of men of which you are speaking now?

A. I strongly believe in that. I know of the case—when we bought the property from the heirs of the man who established our business the inheritance tax was 5 per cent.

Q. That is a collateral tax?

A. Yes—the heirs were well able to pay it; they had done nothing to accumulate the money.

Q. I assume they would be equally as well able to pay the direct inheritance tax?

A. Yes, just as well. The money in four cases out of five—the money that goes to the children—goes very rapidly after they get it.

Q. What is your thought about roads—building of highways?
A. I am a crank on roads.
Q. Do you think they should be built?
A. Yes.
Q. Do you think the State should build them?
A. I think the present law is an excellent one—that the ate puts a portion of the money up as against the counps or districts that are willing to show their interest in by putting up a portion. I have this to say, that I think he macadam roads are a failure; but this is a detail.
Q. What about the public schools? It has been advanced hat the State of Pennsylvania should contribute to each unty the minimum salary for the minimum term of the hool teacher.
A. Nothing should be cut off from the public schools.
Q. How about charitable institutions?
A. I think the State should be very liberal with these stitutions in the extreme, but should have a string to so it does not get into the hands of private individuals cliques. I have a case in mind where there is a great al of factional feeling and the control of the institution practically in the hands of one man; but I believe this uld be overcome.
Q. How would it do to make a per capita appropriation, t the State pay to each institution a per diem amount; ouldn't that obviate a great deal of this trouble?
A. Yes.
Q. We have been told that upwards of ten thousand beds institutions in Pennsylvania are empty every day. I esume a per diem would obviate a great deal of that.
A. Yes, it would.
By the Chairman:
Q. What would you say to this proposition: That each unty take care of its own unfortunate people, the same s it does of its paupers?
A. It would not be a broad way of looking at it. There e some counties more able to divide the responsibility p. We are dependent one upon the other. The county at may not be able to take care of its own insane and s paupers would have an infinitesimally small percentage the population, and I believe that is why the State vides these things up and makes them equitable.
In speaking, I digress a great deal from the original oint. One strong point I wanted to make was the obction to the publicity, which is the odious part of the ederal tax.
Q. I don't think Pennsylvania has been offensive in that ay.
A. I would say so with the Auditor General. The blanks ey send out have questions that we don't want to answer.
Q. Our intention is to take that up with the Auditor eneral and see if that cannot be simplified. Let me ask ou while you are on your feet—about the time of return?
A. It would be much more convenient if we made the eturn the first of February instead of the first of Decemer. Now about taxation. I believe there are a number f concerns like us. We have one tannery in Corry and ne in Spring Lake; we have it because it makes a different rade of leather. It is under another name. We own the tock. I believe so long as it is a manufacturing concern t should be taxed on these shares of stock, as we hold hem as part of our assets and ought to be taxed the same s we are taxed.
By Mr. Brown:
Q. As one of your assets?
A. Yes; that is all used in manufacture. In our last reort, I believe, they put that in as a separate item, not as sed in manufacture, and it actually is.
Adjourned until two o'clock P. M.
The Commission reconvened at Erie April 15, 1910, two . M., the same members present, and Mr. Moyer, as previously, presiding.
Mr. Moyer: As I understand it, we have with us this fternoon the Clerk of the County Commissioners, who has indly consented to come here and give us some informaion which we are seeking. We are especially concerned vith reference to the returns that are being made by peole who have money at interest. Mr. Robinson, we will e very glad to hear from you. Step, forward, please.
MR. J. A. ROBINSON, Clerk of the County Commissioners.
Q. You mean the money at interest held by taxpayers to e returned for State purposes?
Mr. Moyer: Yes.
By Mr. Brown:
Q. Mr. Robinson, what is done with the blanks which are furnished by the Auditor General for the purpose of securing returns of property taxable for State purposes?
A. They are sent out with the assessors.
Q. How do you make up your list?
A. We give them mortgage books with the mortgages and udgments in there for the two offices, and also furnish hem with a blank and book with the rest of their paraphernalia.
Q. Do you furnish them with a list so as to get at those axable?
A. We instruct them to give a paper to every taxable.
Q. What do you mean by "every taxable?" Everyone on the assessors' lists?
A. Yes.
Q. What do you do to check these up?
A. In what way?
Q. Do you demand a return of these blanks, or a reason for not receiving any return?
A. Yes, sir.
Q. Suppose they don't return them?
A. That is left a great deal with the assessor. When he knows a man has not got anything he don't get his paper.
Q. Suppose a man has something and the assessors do not make a return, is there any effort on the part of the County Commissioners to follow that up?
A. Yes, sir.
Q. Do you scrutinize the return?
A. Yes.
Q. Do you think all taxables are gotten?
A. No.
Q. Where is the leak or trouble?
A. I think it is in the assessors' carelessness.
Q. Attributable to what—the character of the assessor?
A. Well, yes. The first thing, I think the assessors should be appointed by the County Commissioners. They elect people that are not capable, poor penmen. When a man gets past doing anything else they elect him assessor. I think it should be our best men.
Q. How about the pay—do you think it is sufficient? What do your assessors get?
A. Two dollars and a half per day.
Q. Do you think that is sufficient to obtain the services of competent men?
A. No. That is too much for a good many of our assessors, though.
Q. What return is there made of moneys at interest by certificate of deposit in your banks and trust companies?
A. Well, some return and some don't. We cannot tell; we have no way of knowing.
Q. Can you tell us about what amount in Erie the last year?
A. On certificates of deposit?
Q. Yes.
A. No; I cannot tell you.
Q. What leads you to believe that there is money at interest not returned by the assessors?
A. Well, it is only a supposition.
Q. Have you ever made any attempt to tax anyone that did not make a return—make an estimated return?
A. We have had the assessors estimate them.
Q. With what result?
A. We got our money.
Q. Did you ever raise the estimate the next year?
A. Yes. It is this way. We estimate them at a certain amount, when we start, and then we add 50 per cent. The next year we will take that amount, with the 50 per cent. added, and estimate again.
Q. Then you get near to what the real sum is?
A. Yes.
Q. To what extent is that done?
A. Maybe two or three in a district.
Q. Have you any suggestion to make as to how that difficulty could be avoided?
A. No; I don't know.
Q. Very few prosecutions, I guess, for failure to make proper returns. Have you any in this county?
A. No, I think not.
Q. Have you any idea as to moneys at interest in banks and trust companies, which is evidenced by certificates of deposit not returned?
A. No.
Q. How would it do to have returns made by the treasurers of trust companies and banks? Do you think that would obviate the trouble?
A. Possibly.
Q. Is there any objection to that so far as you can see?
A. No.
By Mr. Moyer:
Q. Making inquiry as to the tenure of office: Do you believe the assessors, if under the elective system, should be elected to succeed themselves?
A. Well, it would take an assessor about three years to learn all the ropes.
Q. That is what I am driving at. Isn't it a fact that for instance, an influential man might live in a district or township, and might have sufficient influence with the assessor to have him defeated if he didn't make what he thought was a proper return of his property—it might have an effect upon the assessor's judgment?
A. Yes; that is possible. I suppose the next man would be just as liable, perhaps.
Q. That would be a question for the electors of the district to determine.
A. Yes.
By Mr. Woodward:
Q. For which reason you think they should be appointed rather than elected?
A. Yes, sir. Then the commissioners have some authority. We elect our collectors in townships; that, I think, is better than appointing. In cities of the third class, the collectors are appointed; but the assessors should be appointed by the Commissioners. I think it would be bette to appoint the assessors and elect the collectors.
By Mr. Hunter:
Q. Why not appoint both?
A. It would be all right. We have a good set of collectors in the city.
Q. You appoint them?
A. Yes.
Q. Do you find they work all right?
A. Yes.
Q. They work on a commission?
A. Yes. It isn't every man that makes a good collector.
Q. That is more reason why they should be appointed?
A. Well, yes. You ought to do the same way with the assessors?
By Mr. Brown:
Q. Have the County Commissioners ever made any effort to ascertain from the trust companies and banks as to the probable amount of money at interest by certificates of deposit
A. I think not.
PRESIDENT DAVENPORT, of the Manufacturers' Association, called.
Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Commission: I have just been elected president of the Manufacturers' Association about fifteen minutes ago and I have hardly entered

upon my duties. I think it entirely proper to call upon our secretary, Mr. Himrod, to be our spokesman in the issue. Others here may offer what they wish, in addition to what Mr. Himrod has to offer. Mr. Himrod will give some points here which we wish to cover.

SECRETARY RAY HIMROD, of the Manufacturers Association, called.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Commission: Pennsylvania is now a good manufacturing State. Now, everything that is done to increase the expenses of the manufacturers will tend to decrease their enlargement, and will keep others from coming into the State. Their advantage to the State is that they bring more money from outside into Pennsylvania than any other business, and they distribute their payrolls among a large number of people.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. You don't think the manufacturers in Pennsylvania would add the tax to the profit and the people would have to pay it anyhow?

A. No, I do not; because they would drive business to other places. I have known of cases where the fraction of a cent was enough to lose business for us. One suggestion was to make a tax on the business of manufacturers of a fraction of one mill. I think, in this case I had in mind, it was something like one-half cent, and we lost the business. Competition is very close in a great many lines of manufacture. One very large plant is considering enlarging their plant here. If you increase the cost of manufacture that would be a reason for forcing them away from here.

By Mr. Hunter:

Q. That difference in the success or failure to get the business was on the dollar or on the hundred pounds?

A. On the 100 pounds.

Q. That would represent a good many hundred dollars.

A. I don't know. At that time it was on the average rate.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. The point was made this morning by a manufacturer eengaged in the tanning business, from Corry—Mr. Desmond, I think it was—No, it was Major Brown, who said, in his opinion, because of the fact that the State appropriates liberally to these charitable institutions and private hospitals throughout the State, the manufacturers get the benefit of these, inasmuch as these private charities accept injured employes; and in that way the manufacturers should contribute a share toward maintaining them, so that the State might continue its liberal policy? What do you think about that?

By President Davenport:

A. When a corporation is incorporated in this State they pay a tax on their capitalization. As far as the matter of the charitable institutions receiving State aid is concerned, I think, upon investigation, you will find that the corporations of this State contribute more as individuals—as companies—to the support of these institutions in the various parts of the Commonwealth than the State does itself. I don't see any argument, so far as that goes. It is a great good to the public to have these corporations. They cannot exist without the corporations; and anything we can do to invite corporations to come into the State seems of material benefit to the State in every way, instead of taking any measures that would prevent them from establishing themselves within our Commonwealth. It seems to be we ought to go very slowly in regard to further taxation, especially in view of the fact that the national corporation law has just gone into effect.

Mr. Himrod: I would like to read a letter I have received from Mr. P. D. Wright, President of the Reed Manufacturing Company, of Erie, which is addressed to the Manufacturers' Association, touching upon the matter of corporation tax in the matter of making reports. (Reads):

"The writer would like to see the laws with respect to corporations so altered that the yearly report which they require gives only such information as is necessary to determine the amount of the tax due. The corporation and loan reports, as required now, necessitate giving information which is not necessary to determine the amount of tax due, and we would like to see all this unnecessary information, which is required by the present form, eliminated.

Yours very truly,

(Signed) P. D. WRIGHT,
President.

February 14, 1910.

Mr. EDWARD C. MOORE, Treasurer, Erie City Iron Works, called.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Commission: I would like a little information, if you can give it to me. I just made a note here that was brought up just before we came in. Has this Commission any data as to the agerage age of these corporations incorporated under the act of '73?

Mr. Brown: We have not.

Mr. Moore: You take these corporations that have been incorporated under the act of '73 to date. A number of the old ones have been increasing their capital. I was trying to arrive at an average of the original charters and increases. I suppose it would be safe to say it is not over ten years. If you figure on that basis, one-third of 1 per cent. over a business of ten years, it would probably be a pretty fair item.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Three mills on the capital stock?

A. Yes.

Q. You tax manufacturing corporation stock three mills?

A. I am just trying to figure how much time that would cover. Someone estimated it was ten years. My idea was to see how heavily we are taxed. There is no way to tell unless you could strike an average, how much we are paying per annum toward the support of the State.

Q. The only way wou are paying toward the support of the State is you are paying the interest on your loans and not paying any tax on capital stock. You pay the tax on your loans and your local taxation.

A. I understand that, but I mean you are paying, originally, one-third of 1 per cent.——

Q. You are talking about a bonus?

A. Yes; I am trying to divide it up into annual tax. There is another matter. You haven't given us much time. It was only yesterday noon that we ehard of this meeting in Erie. We would have had time had we reported at the Philadelphia meeting.

Q. Did you folks get letters some time ago from us?

A. I had one some time ago saying you would hold a meeting in Philadelphia.

Now about the foreign corporation law. You gentlemen are posted on that. How does ours compare with others States?

By Mr. Brown:

Practically the same as other States have. Some make them a better show-down than we do here.

Mr. Moore:

I have a letter here in which I have some suggestions that I wanted to bring out. I have often wondered just how our State arrives at this in connection with foreign corporations "doing business" here. We go further than some States in claiming what constitutes "Doing business" in Pennsylvania, our courts holding, we believe, that even selling by traveling salesmen is "doing business" in this Commonwealth, but do we get the full benefit of this in our tax returns?

Q. They must have an office.

A. If an Ohio corporation, for instance, files papers here and pays in one-third of 1 per cent. on capital actually employed in the State, what provisions have we for a follow-up system of securing larger returns on their second and future business? Our system may be complete, but it does seem as though if we are taxing foreign corporations for capital employed, we might, to work to advantage on other State's plan of taxing them, on "business done." The Pennsylvania corporations pay heavily for any little privilege in our sister States, and a little retaliation might hasten the day when we could all incorporate under Federal law, pay a substantial tax to Washington and let them divide a portion on some equitable basis with the several States and keep the balance to apply on an automobile for Speaker Cannon. We all have a lot to learn about Corporation laws, and not being an attorney, I may be away behind in the procession; I may be very narrow and very prejudiced in my views; but, after twenty-five years in the manufacturing business I am prepared to state that I consider that the man, or set of men, who rake up enough funds to start a real live manufacturing corporation, are public benefactors.

By Mr. Brown:

We are not as strict as we should be. There is no question but that we should follow the foreign corporation. Have you made any investigation as to the foreign corporations around here?

A. I know what the other States are. We are paying in Texas, as close to a thousand dollars a year for doing the same as we do in Illinois for three a year. We are paying in New York three to four hundred dollars a year for doing the same as we do in Ohio and pay five to ten dollars.

Q. You think Pennsylvania should be more strict as to foreign corporations?

A. Yes, sir. I have no doubt you could get an enormous amount out of that. People are coming in here and doing a million dollars worth of business, and because you can's say "Mr. Man, you have some property here," they escape taxation. Now Texas, of course, we wouldn't want to follow. If a director in a Pennsylvania corporation looks out of the window of a Pullman running through Texas, the State officials immediately wire for a sworn statement of his company's capital and surplus and soak them a tax all the way to one-fifth of 1 per cent.

They are too radical. We all feel the same about Texas as Sherman, and we all know what Sherman said about Texas. He said if he owned Hell and Texas, he would rent Texas and live in Hell; and Texas has been trying to get even with us ever since. They say, "If you cannot live in Texas, you have to pay your taxes just the same," so they let us live up here in "Hell" and tax us just the same, even though we cannot live in Texas.

Q. Do you think it is wise for Pennsylvania to follow the same policy?

A. No, but we can learn from Texas. They have a tax that runs from one-seventieth to one-fifth of 1 per cent. on capital and surplus. New York arrives at the amount of capital invested and business done in their State, and putting this against the total investment and business done elsewhere, calls this the pro rata share of foreign corporations stock on which they may be entitled to a tax. Taking the corporation's net worth, they then assess you 1½ mills on the dollar of such part as the above plan shows to be taxable. Both New York and Texas' taxes are annual, and based on sworn statements furnished March 1st of each year.

I am thoroughly convinced that this same plan would net a big income to Pennsylvania. If we are still short and still have that "itchy" feeling for the corporation scalp, we should then investigate the proposition of taxing surplus of our home corporations. One concern has 1,000,000 capital and 1,000,000 surplus; it derives all the benefits of our corporation laws and pays to the State $3,333.34 for its charter. Another corporation capitalizes its surplus and pays the State just double this amount. I believe we could license the surplus at one-third of 1 per cent. and then if the capital is ever increased, see that the corporation is not charged a second time with this portion of the tax. Are you familiar with New York affairs along this line?

Q They get quite a good deal out of Pennsylvania corporations. There is no doubt there will have to be a regulation of the subject of foreign corporations.

y Mr. Hunter:

About that surplus, it might be found in manufacturing rners in certain lines, and you might fail to find it in milar concerns i nidentically the same lines, but not as fficient management as the others?

A. The State is giving them the same advantages to pay e lower tax. You have the records. You will find a whole t of concerns with as much surplus as they have capital. you have a right to demand something of them on that pital you certainly have a right to reach that surplus. I n speaking now of the surplus invested—I mean money ght in the business—money invested right in the business. Take my own concern, for instance; we have a two illion capital and a half million surplus. If I thought ou were going to tax that surplus, I would go back to the ffice and make a dividend, maybe. At the same time, if e should ever increase our capital to three millions, you ould get a whack at that surplus. Why not get it now?

Q. You don't think there would be any attempt to evade e surplus, do you?

A. No, our books would show that we were bankrupt if e did. In order to carry on business, we have to have a rplus. If we would wipe out the surplus the statement ould look like thirty cents. I think the manufacturing rporations are public benefactors. They furnish a market r the farmer and furnish a market for labor, and are ot getting the credit that is due them. I think that when few men rake up money enough to start a manufacturing ncern they are benefitting the whole community.

y Mr. Brown:

Q. How do you differentiate between a manufacturer emoying a thousand men and a department store across the reet employing a thousand men. What difference is ere?

A. I don't know how you mean. They pay a mercantile x which is probably as heavy.

Q. They both pay the mercantile tax. What is the difference between a department store that is taxed, and a manufacturer across the street who does not pay a tax on the pital stock?

A. A department store is doing a local business and competing only with the department store across the street, but e manufacturer is competing with manufacturers in other tates, and if you soak him too hard he has to get this ack out of his customers. You have to treat the manufacturers different from the stores, the competition is so uch greater. But I think you should investigate that corporation—foreign corporation.

Q. We are investigating it in every State.

A. I have looked over the Pennsylvania laws at different mes. Other States just laugh at us. If we step into New ork and take a fifty thousand dollar contract we have got pay something for doing that business. They stick you n that; they stick you on bank accounts. They do everything in New York to arrive at the extent of your business side that State line. If a concern's agent happens to be New York, they come back at you——

Q. You do not think the adoption of such a policy would nd to keep out corporations which may be beneficial?

A. No, I think Pennsylvania is such a market that these llows have got to come here to sell, and they wonder hy they are not charged a little for that privilege. Take building and construction company that gets a five hunred thousand dollar contract in Pennsylvania. What is it oing to cost them? They are going to make returns and ay they haven't any investment in Pennsylvania, and you on't get a cent out of that foreign construction company. a Pennsylvania construction company goes over to New ork, they make that company pay a tax on their contract.

Q. What, in your opinion, is the fairest State in the eatment of foreign corporations?

A. I haven't had time to look into that.

Q. I mean from your experience?

A. I couldn't answer that now. I have been up against in a dozen different States and there are some of them at don't get enough. I might say that Illinois charges ou three dollars for filing papers and Ohio charges ten ollars?

Q. Are you deterred from going into New York to do usiness because of the method of taxation?

A. No; we haven't thought that thing out. The business has increased there and the question is up as to hether or not it pays us.

Q. It isn't a prohibitive tax.

A. No; other folks have to pay the same tax.

Q. From outside the State?

A. Yes.

Q. Are you able to compete with people in New York aying this tax?

A. Yes.

Q. You don't think if Pennsylvania would adopt such etition she would get?

A. I think it should be followed up very closely; and ven if we got the smallest tax it would be a big thing or the State when you come to consider the amount of usiness done here by outside corporations.

And then, the last point I made about the surplus. I ink we are paying enough, but if we are not, it seems at is the fairest way.

Q. Get after the companies able to have a surplus?

A. Yes. If I am doing business here, there is no reaon why I should pay twice as much as you in the State.

Q. If the State wanted to collect sufficient revenue to eet her ordinary needs and make appropriations to the hilanthropic institutions, have you any suggestions to ake as to where she should get it?

A. Well I have given you the foreign corporations. They ould amount to an enormous sum.

Q. It wouldn't be injurious to our people here in the atter of competition?

A. I don't believe so.

Q. I wish you would write us as to your personal experience along the lines you have indicated in the various States, etc.

A. I shall be glad to.

Q. Of course, what you write will be considered confidential.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. If the State should adopt a policy such as you suggest, of following up the foreign corporations, do you see any reason why the foreign corporations should not be permitted to hold real estate in Pennsylvania?

A. No, I don't know why. There is no reason why they should not be allowed to hold real estate. It is something you can get at. If they hold real estate you can say, "You certainly have got something here."

Q. You think it would be well to encourage them to do it, so we could get at it?

A. Yes.

Mr. Van Cleet:

We had an experience where three-twentieths of one cent per pound spoiled the business for us on a whole batch of 100 tons. That three-twentieths of one cent per pound was the entire profit on the whole batch. The point I want to bring out is that a small tax might tend to drive the manufacturing corporations out of the State. I believe it would drive business out of the State.

By Mr. Brown:

Some say in Philadelphia that the additional taxation would drive manufacturers out of Pennsylvania, while others seem to think that this is of small importance—that the natural advantages, closeness of raw material, market, and one hundred and one other elements are a good deal more considerable than that of taxation.

By Mr. Brown:

Mr. Himrod, what is your thought as to the time of return?

A. At present it is the first Monday of November. The new United States law is January 1. It would simplify matters for all manufacturers if the time could be made the same as the United States law. It would give more figures and less estimates.

By Mr. Van Cleet:

May I take issue with the gentleman? We could not make honest returns on January 1. We don't have everything ready. There are a large number of manufacturers who could not make an honest return on January 1, except very wealthy concerns.

J. C. THOMAS, County Solicitor, Erie, Pa., called.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Commission: As I understand it, this Commission is here to inquire into taxation in general.

By Mr. Brown, for the State of Pennsylvania.

Mrs. Thomas. Oftentimes our work has suggested the thought to me that it is very foolish that we have to cart all the money collected in Erie county for purposes of taxation down to Harrisburg, and then cart back three-fourths of it to Erie County. It comes at a time when the County Treasury is low. We go down there with four-quarters and leave one-quarter there and bring back three-quarters.

Q. You mean simply return one-quarter that the Commonwealth is entitled to?

A. Yes. Now, as to the taxation, I noticed the board here asked Mr. Robinson if the County Commissioners performed their duty in following up the assessors to see if they made returns. I would like to ask the Board if the Auditor General's office carries out its duties in collecting the tax on corporations in Pennsylvania. In other words, I would say to this Board that in the City of Erie there is a corporation whose returns, according to the affidavit one file in the Auditor General's office, is less than four thousand dollars. As a matter of fact that corporation owns real estate at least six hundred thousand dollars worth; and yet the Auditor General has not collected the tax.

Q. Has anybody been informed of that?

A. The Auditor General has been informed. Now as to the Commissioners carrying out their duties: It is a fact, I believe, that there are many men in Erie County that are sending their money out of this State to other States and are not paying taxes on it, and I believe they are liable for the taxation. I don't think the assessors get him. That State of affairs should be remedied.

Q. What is your thought about it?

A. I never thought about it. I know it is done right along.

Q. Don't they make any return at all?

A. Well, there are cases——

Q. Why can't the assessors take those men and make returns for them? You say there are a large number. They could estimate them and then add 50 per cent. How is he going to get away from that? The assessor has a right under the law to guess at it. The law compels him to make a return for the man if the man does not make a return himself.

A. The trouble is to get them to do it.

Q. There is law enough to do it. If he makes a return and you put the penalty on, the man has to come to the front, don't he. Then, if he comes to the front you have a chance to examine him under oath.

A. That is probably true. Our assessors are elected and they cater to the wishes of the people and politics figure in it.

Q. The law should be made a little more drastic in some way to compel them to do it.

A. Yes. As a matter of fact the assessors should be appointed by the County Commissioners and the collectors also should be appointed. It seems the County Commissioners would be the proper board to do it. If they didn't

return properly then, the County Commissioners could call the assessors up and say, "you are not performing your duty; if you don't we will have you before the court for non-performance of duty." The way it is now, they are elected by the people and they owe nothing to the County Commissioners. They say, "I am elected by the people of Springfield Township."

Q. What does the assessor get for doing the work?

A. He gets a percentage of the taxes.

Q. Then he has to get his overtime from somebody?

A. The County Commissioners.

Q. Suppose the County Commissioners would say we will not pay you unless you have done the work as the law says you should do it. Don't you think that would make them hump themselves a little?

A. He would get his fee if he had served the time.

Q. Not if he had not performed his duties faithfully?

A. He might be discharged from office, but he would have to be paid for twenty days at two dollars a day, and I am inclined to think he could recover this twenty days' fee, because he put in twenty days' actual service.

Q. Wouldn't the discharge have its effect on some other assessor?

A. That is true; but we cannot reach them now.

By Mr. Hunter:

Q. You cannot discharge them now?

A. Not unless we could show non-performance of duty.

Q. Isn't it a case of mere laxity of duty?

A. I do not think you can enforce the system as long as they are elected. I don't believe you could get the service under the elective system that you could if they were appointed by the County Commissioner.

City Treasurer Pinney: The Commissioners could say, "I will get you appointed for a hundred dollars; that's another thing.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Some state the judges should appoint them?

Mr. Moyer: The judges pass upon liquor license applications, which are not directly within their other functions, and it seems a safe place to lodge that power. Others suggest that the County Commissioners should have the power to appoint them. The Poor Assessor gets too much money for his work and the good assessor does not get enough. The suggestion has been thrown at several meetings that five dollars a day would be a fair compensation for a first-class man. Do they work more than twenty days?

A. No. Mr. Robinson can give you the data.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. What do any of them do when not working?

A. I don't know; not much, I guess.

By Mr. Hunter:

Q. Wouldn't it be much better, then, to employ fewer men and give them permanent employment?

A. Well, that would probably be all right in cities.

Q. Why wouldn't it be better in counties, too?

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Wouldn't it pay the county to pay a man by the year to do the work properly?

A. I think it would. You take a man that is made assessor. He can give up a position that he may have and then go back again to it when he gives up the job of assessor which has taken maybe a hundred days. The city assessors, it takes them the whole year; they get around, get their reports in and then it is time to run for the next year.

Q. How does the city assessor compare with the county assessor's work?

A. The county assessor works for thirty days; then they make their report. They don't get very good pay. I suppose they are farmers who don't do very much during the winter, in December and January.

Q. Someone advocated in Philadelphia that the State collect all these taxes from all the counties and distribute them around among the counties afterward.

A. There are a great many people in Erie that would like to come into the City Treasurer's office and pay the county, school and State tax at one time, and then have the County Treasurer send a check to the County Commissioners for the amount of the county tax, the School Commissioners for the school tax, etc.

Q. That is as a convenience for the taxpayer?

A. Yes.

Mr. Moyer: The amount of money that it would take for a larger salary, that is, for the assessment, would be more expensive under the system suggested, for instance, if they were paid a fixed salary by the year; and yet, it is a fact also, that that would be more than made up by the return because of more faithful service. Don't you think so?

A. Yes, it might be. They don't pay enough so a man can give his whole time to it for that work; they ought to pay a man so he could live. Take in the City Treasurer's office. The City Treasurer has to pay 3 per cent. out of his own pocket for collecting delinquent taxes. I don't know why it should not be right for the city to pay that. He has to put out about one hundred dollars to collect delinquent taxes.

Acting-Mayor Cochran: When the Treasurer, Controller and myself came up we were under a misapprehension and we came over with facts and figures; more figures than anything else. I spoke of the assessment of the property of public utility corporations and the levying of taxes on that property as discussed at a meeting of the third class cities along in 1909. I went back to the office and found I had a report of that session and I am going to give you this if you care to have it.

Mr. Brown: We have a copy, thank you.

Mr. Barber: You have gone over the tax question thoroughly. Now, as to what Mr. Pinney says about the collecting of the State, school and county tax at one time. It is not so many years ago when the State tried to collect the school tax. That was taken out of the hands of collectors, and I want to call your attention to the fact that when the tax was aken out of the hands of collectors and they wanted people to come to the School Board office to pay the tax, they were shy about ten thousand dollars; and since they have put it in the hands of collectors to collect it from year to year, the delinquent taxes has been very small. If they all had to come to City Hall to pay the tax I think you would be out some of the tax. These collectors go to a house sometimes twelve or fifteen times before they get the money. If they didn't go, they wouldn't get their money. They have an occupation tax, and if they don't pay the occupation tax, they can arrest them, and somebody has to pay their board while they are in there. They don't do that very often, because it would not pay to do that. I don't think you could improve the Erie system by making any change. I think it is good the way it is.

Mr. Brown: I am satisfied with Erie so far as I have seen of it. An interesting fact about this matter is that a great many people have the idea that the powers of this commission are inquisitorial and they are afraid of it. The commissioners who collect the tax are always willing to be heard, as they like to complain about ohw hard it is to get the money from taxation; so we never have any trouble in getting the commissioners and solicitors and county treasurers and city treasurers to come before us; but we have great trouble in getting the people here who pay the taxes, because they have to pay it.

We are very thankful to you gentlemen for your kindness in coming here. We have had a very good meeting.

This commission is not going to do anything rash. We are here to listen to advice and make our report to the Governor the first of July, this year.

Adjourned.

Public meeting of the Commission held in the Lackawanna County Court House, Scranton, Penna., April 16, 1910, being called to order by the Chairman at 10 A. M.

Present: Gabriel H. Moyer, Vice-chairman and Secretary, presiding; William H. Keyser, James F. Woodward, David Hunter, of the Committee; Francis Shunk Brown, Esq., Counsel.

Senator Edw. F. Blewitt sat with the Commission.

By the Chairman:

Gentlemen, this Commission was created by the Legislature in 1909. The purposes for which it was created have been clearly set forth in a circular letter, which I presume the most of you have received and with which you are familiar.

I may say here that it is not the business of this commission to pry into the private affairs of any corporation. We are simply here seeking testimony and to receive such suggestions and recommendations as we can gather from the views of the citizens of the Commonwealth, and to listen to such views as are expressed by the gentlemen who appear before us. It is our duty to make a report to the Governor of the Commonwealth during July of the present year, and we shall make such recommendations as we may see fit and as will be for the betterment of the people of the Commonwealth.

I understand Mr. Mark K. Edgar is present representing the Board of Trade, and desires to make a statement.

By Mr. Mark Edgar:

Gentlemen of the Committee of the Legislature: The Scranton Board of Trade have received two or three different communications relative to the formation and the purposes of this Commission of the Legislature, and have been very much interested in the program of work outlined in that connection.

The matter has been referred to the Committee on Legislature and Taxes of the Scranton Board of Trade, and they have already had two meetings for the purpose of going over these matters and laws of particular interest to this community for the purpose of making recommendations to this committee. But, owing to the short notice of this committee received as late as half past four yesterday afternoon, we were taken unawares in the matter, and are not able to make any recommendations here this morning. The chairman of the committee is in New York City at the present time, and it is doubtful, even if he was here, whether or not he would be in a position to make any recommendation here this morning.

However, it is the purpose of the Scrainton Board of Trade to submit certain recommendations to this committee, which they will have to do later on.

I thank you, Mr. Chairman, for the privilege of making these remarks this morning.

The Chairman: It has been suggested that the gentlemen in the audience desiring to be heard will please send his card up, as we have no means of becoming acquainted with you.

MR. S. S. JONES, of Carbondale, Pa.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Committee:—I might say, first, that we are glad you took the pains to come into this locality and give us an opportunity to be heard.

I am here representing on of the first hospitals in this part of Pennsylvania. At no time have we been able to pump out of the State Treasury as much money as we have actually needed. We have made one or two trips to Harrisburg to meet the Committee on Public Charities to endeavor to make them understand just the difficulties we were laboring under.

We have realty and property that represents an outlay of more than eighty thousand dollars. Of that entire sum, about one-quarter has been contributed by the State from time to time. We are receiving at the present time ten thousand dollars a year for maintenance. Our maintenance account has run a little over fourteen thousand dollars for the past two years; the deficiency we have made up by such contributions we managed to get out of the people and out of entertainment. But this does not cover the caretaking of the realty. During the last three months we have been obliged to do repairing to the extent of about three thousand dollars, and we have about as much more to do. We have done this without the funds in sight, and we have trusted to some other scheme by which we can get money enough to take care of it.

It seems along the line of taxation I have nothing to say, unless it was to have a commission to take care of assessments and taxation throughout the entire State.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. The title of this realty of the Hospital is vested in whom?

A. Vested in the Board of Directors.

Q. Do you think the State of Pennsylvania should continue its liberal policy of making appropriations to private charities where title of the property is not vested in the Commonwealth?

A. Under some conditions, yes. But I would rather be in favor of having the State take over the property or take over a general oversight of the institution. If that could not be done, then I would be in favor of having a local commission; that is, a commission made up of a number of local men who could familiarize themselves with the work, but also inform themselves as to the difficulties we have in raising funds among our people.

Q. What is your hospital?

A. The Emergency Hospital.

Q. What would you say to a consolidation of some of your hospitals?

A. I believe that would be a practical plan. We have managed our hospitals along the most economical lines.

Q. Where would you consolidate your hospitals?

A. I don't know that I could exactly answer your question. We take care of a district that extends forty miles east and thirty miles west. We are the center of a very large district. There are four railroads and we have to take care of the accident cases of these railroads. There are forty or more collieries where accidents are occurring weekly; and we take care of these. Last year we had four hundred and eighty-two people at our little hospital.

By Mr. Hunter:

Q. Do the local collieries contribute to the support of the institution?

A. The Delaware and Hudson have contributed three hundred dollars a year.

Q. About how much would you spend on their cases?

A. I cannot give you that definitely—about thirty or forty dollars a week.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. On that one company?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. How many other companies are there?

A. Three others.

Q. Do the others contribute at all?

A. They are not contributors.

Q. How much are you doing for them?

A. Well, perhaps one-third for each of the other companies.

Q. Suppose you would put them on a per capita basis, the State paying you so much a day for each indigent patient, instead of paying you a lump sum?

A. That is the basis now. They pay at the rate per week.

Q. Suppose they paid for each patient by the day; would that make any substantial difference?

A. I suppose it would.

Q. How are your beds? Practically filled the year around?

A. Some part of every month they are filled.

Q. Does the State appropriation eliminate private contributions in any way?

A. I cannot say it does, but it is a rule that any emergency case is cared for without charge.

Q. Do you think the State's giving money to the institution is an incentive for others to help?

A. Not always. The institution is looked upon as public property—it is ours and we have a right to go there.

Q. Do you think you would get as efficient management under the State as you are getting under your local interests and local help?

A. I think we would get along very much better if the hospital would do the work it is intended to do.

Q. You don't think the supervision under a Board of Charities is sufficient to produce the efficiency that should be——

A. Well, for the reason that these gentlemen come around once a year and spend an hour with us and we don't have a chance to become acquainted with them.

By Senator Blewitt:

Q. Does your institution publish an annual report?

A. Yes.

Q. Would you mind seeing that the commissioners get a copy of it?

A. I will see that they do.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. I understand you are a former member of the Legislature?

A. I was a member a long time ago.

Q. Assuming that the State has insufficient revenue for the purpose of continuing its policy to care for the building of public roads, and for the appropriation of moneys to private charities and for the purpose of taking care of the poor people of the Commonwealth and the unfortunate people, and that more revenue is required, what would you say as to the advisability of taxing the natural resources of the Commonwealth? For instance, levying a tax upon coal?

A. Well, I am governed in making answer to that question by a selfish reason, by the interest I have in maintaining our local institutions. Inasmuch as land owners, corporations and individuals are expected to contribute a large share of the State's revenue, I should say that everything that is taxable should bear a reasonable amount of taxation.

Q. What would you say, for instance, of a small millage form of taxation being placed on manufacturing corporations on their capital stock?

A. I cannot answer that question because I am not familiar with profits along that line.

Q. Under the exemption Act of Pennsylvania, they are exempt from paying any capital stock tax. You are a member of the Board of Trustees?

A. Yes.

Q. As a manager of that hospital you take in injured persons. If an employe of a manufacturing corporation were injured, you certainly would not close the doors upon that employe?

A. No.

Q. Assuming that the manufacturing corporations, through their employes, received treatment at such hospitals, isn't it a fact that they should bear their just share of raising revenue of the Commonwealth so that the State may continue its policy of giving appropriations to these private charities?

A. I believe that is correct, if it can be equalized in some way, so that each would pay their share. As it is now, we receive occasional contributions from some of the small manufacturing concerns; but the amount is not in any way adequate to the services we give.

Q. Very small in comparison?

A. Yes. Another thing that is peculiar. We take care of everybody or every accident case. If a stranger is taken sick in the State, we take care of them, without charge. I have often said to a patient about the time he was discharged, "While you are here as an emergency case at the expense of the State of Pennsylvania, or an institution of Pennsylvania, there is no reason why you should not contribute what you feel you were able to contribute. Well, I have done that hundreds of times, and I never received but two contributions—one was ten dollars and the other was five. People expect to be taken care of without charge in institutions of this kind. They are things we have to work against. We take care of wealthy people who are able to contribute, but they don't feel called upon to do so. We are opposed to take care of all accident cases. We take up a collection (at least we try to) asking the men to contribute a day's wages. Aside from the first two, we have not been able to collect 8 per cent. of the approximate amount earned.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. I suppose if the State did not appropriate money, these people would feel bound to pay. They would assume that there would be no other means of support of the institution?

A. Well, that would be pretty hard, I suppose. I don't know what would become of the institution if the State did not contribute as liberally as it is appropriating now. It is contributing perhaps 70 per cent. of the cost of the caretaking of the patients.

By Mr. Hunter:

Q. You state the State contributes ten thousand dollars per annum towards the maintenance of your institution?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. How do you make up the other four thousand?

A. Yes, our pay patients last year brought us approximately twelve hundred dollars.

Q. Leaving twenty-five hundred dollars to make up?

A. Yes, or thereabouts.

Q. Your institution is practically a free institution?

A. Yes, it certainly is. We take care of the deserving and the undeserving.

Q. If you continue to receive ten thousand dollars from the State, don't you think you would be able to collect a considerable amount from your patients?

A. We have not been able to. We have had a deficiency every year that has accumulated, now reaching approximately fifteen thousand dollars.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. How many free beds do you have?

A. Forty-three or four.

Q. Always filled?

A. Of course we cannot say they ar ealways filled because they are divided into surgical and medical wards, and sometimes there are two or three empty beds in those wards.

By Mr. Hunter:

Q. At times they are all filled?

A. Yes. More than that, we have had as high as fifty-three beds and had to use the sitting room to put up cots.

JUDGE H. A. KNAPP, Scranton, Pa., called.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Commission: I certainly appreciate the privilege of being permitted to address the gentlemen of the Committee on the visit of the Commission to Scranton, although I was not aware of the coming of the gentlemen until yesterday.

I suppose one of the questions to be considered by this Commission is that of State appropriations which are made to charitable institutions in this vicinity. In addressing myself to you, I wish to be very brief, indeed, and do not desire to take up too much of your time.

I, perhaps unfortunate for myself, have been to a certain extent associated and connected with two or three of the charitable institutions here, and have, from time to time, appeared before committees of the Legislature which have come to Scranton, and, also, at their sittings in Harrisburg. I have formed a very definite opinion in regard to the conducting of the charitable institutions in this vicinity.

As to the charitable institutions in this section, I think we have much wiser, and economical, and careful, and efficient management by the directors and officers that are chosen to manage them.

In regard to the question as to whether or not it is advisable to continue to appropriate money to charitable institutions that are not under State control, I don't know that my opinion would have much weight; but I should say that if there is any question on the part of the State as to that, there would be no objection so far as these institutions here are concerned to have the State assume control. I mean by that by the appointment of such officers and directors as they do in other institutions. The State appoints members of the Board of Directors of the State Hospital here which is under State control; they are local men; and there would not be the slightest objection so far as charitable organizations are concerned, to the appointment of a local board here to conduct these organizations. I think I can speak for almost all of the officers and directors of the organizations here in this matter. I know I would be immensely relieved if some one

could be appointed to take my place as President of the Board of Associated Charities, Director of the Consumptive Hospital upon the Hill, and as a member of the Board of the Home for the Friendless. If the State would fill these three offices it would remove a great load from my mind.

By Mr. Woodward:

Q. That is, obligate the State to support these institutions in their entirety?

A. I don't know as to that. I can only speak for the three I have mentioned. None of these three have ever received one-half of their revenues from the State, although the Home for the Friendless has been more liberally helped by the State in the two past years of the Legislature; but, yet, it has spent as much derived from private sources as it has received from the State. That is in this latter time. In previous time, it received nothing from the State. So that by careful and economical management and by the charitable inclination of the people it has created a fund out of which it has built a large, fine and handsome building worth I don't know how much—several hundred thousand dollars. It is true, during the last two sessions of the Legislature they have been quite liberal, because they had to build an extension and had to make extensive repairs to the old building, and so they received, I think, at the last Legislature, eighteen thousand dollars for two years; and the Leegislature before, I think sixteen thousand dollars; prior to that they never received anything more than about three thousand dollars for two years. Now, these three institutions I speak of have always put as much from their private sources toward their expenses as they have received from the State; and I can say of these institutions that they are carefully, economically and efficiently managed; and I believe the State would be at liberty to appoint a member or members of the Boards of Directors, and they would be welcomed on the part of those who are now in charge.

Now, I think it would be an unwise move if the State were to discontinue appropriating money to these charitable institutions. They have been allowed to grow up here fostered by the State; they have served a useful purpose; and to withdraw suddenly and entirely the support of the State from these institutions would certainly break them up, destroy them. The people here are supporting them liberally and to the utmost of their resources. If the need for that was doubled, I think the Committee can readily see it would be too much. Most of these charities would go by the Board. They would have to be closed up and they would be withdrawn from their useful work. The sentiment that seems to be springing up and seems to be growing in some quarters of the State do no longer appropriate sums of money to charitable institutions not under State control, I hope will not become the prevailing sentiment, because I think it would be, as far as this particular city is concerned, a public calamity.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Your thought is that if there is not sufficient revenue collected for the purpose of maintaining these institutions as they are maintained, and also for the normal increase annually, that additional revenue should be collected by the State?

A. Well, now, in regard to that, I think the very greatest care should be exercised in extending this to new institutions. I can see that the encouragement given by the State by appropriating a sum of money to an institution, will induce somebody else to say, "Let us start a new hospital; the State will sooner or later contribute to the support of it." Now, perhaps the startling rapid growth of these things should be checked. We ought to be very careful in taking on new objects, so people would not be encouraged to start these new charities. Then I think that very great care should be taken that the appropriations are not larger than are actually needed. I don't think they should be allowed to grow. I think ten or fifteen years ago the State of Pennsylvania was exceedingly liberal to its charitable organizations.

Q. Isn't there a normal increase in the needs?

A. Yes, I think so.

Q. Would a per capita basis do? Let the State pay so much a day for the maintenance, care and support of its patients?

A. I think the State would be paying even more money than now if they did.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. Wouldn't it be more equitable?

A. Yes, possibly so.

Q. That would be the result sought by the per capita basis. The complaint seems to be in certain sections that more money is being appropriated than in others, some of the counties getting more than they really should.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Would it be possible to consolidate the hospitals in the city of Scranton. It has been suggested that there are too many hospitals, and that one hospital could be better qualified to do the work, better appliances, better facilities, etc., than by distributing the money between three or four hospitals.

A. I am not intimately connected with the hospitals to make my opinion very heavy. The Lackawanna Hospital is an institution of the State, and the Hahnemann Hospital has a different school of medicine. I am not connected with either one. No doubt the Committee will hear representatives from these institutions. The West Side Consumptive Sanitarium I am a director of, but that you see is a consumptive hospital, and the only objection we have had was that none of the other institutions, or hospitals I should say, would take consumptive patients at all.

Q. Why shouldn't they take them? Why shouldn's there be a consumptive ward in the hospitals?

A. That is a question of hospital matters on which my judgment would not be good. As the Committee knows that in the first instance the treatment of consumption requires some altitude. It requires the patient to get out of the city; it requires pure air—purer than you get in the cities; it requires special treatment in the way of diet, etc. Whether it is possible or whether it is not, the fact remains that it was impossible to get consumptive patients admitted into any hospital in Scranton, and the consequence was that these consumptive people were obliged to stay home and the disease was spreading rapidly until some of the people here decided it was about time there was a place where consumptives could be sent for treatment, so they purchased a piece of land on the top of the West Mountain about four or five miles from where this Committee is now seated. The air is fine; it has a grand altitude; it is several hundred feet higher than the city and the air is absolutely pure; and there we have maintained it from that time, year after year, for the good and benefit of our city, asking State aid every time, but not receiving it until last Legislature, when they were given the sum of five thousand dollars for two years. That is not more than two-thirds of what is expected there. The people admitted are poor almost altogether, none paying the amount it costs to keep them there, because the diet of milk and eggs is an expensive diet. They keep there on an average of twenty-five patients, and they have cured many and have improved many. Some have gone there so low that there was absolutely no chance for them. The result, on the whole, has been good. It has been demonstrated that it is a beautiful and magnificent charity, but it needs the State aid. It needs more.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Assuming there is an absolute need on the part of these meritorious institutions for more money than the State is now collecting; do you think the list of taxables should be increased for that purpose?

A. That is a subject that I have not considered.

Q. You have to look at both sides of the matter.

A. This is a matter I have given so little thought that my opinion would not be worth anything.

By Mr. Hunter:

Q. Each one of these institutions you have mentioned, I assume, has its individual superintendent, its own clerical force, engineer, etc. Why can't they be under the control of one man, these several institutions, one superintendent to care for all of them, with a slightly increased salary?

A. You see you get back into the hospitals again; I don't know anything about the hospitals with the exception of the consumptive hospital; they pay one lady there who is a trained nurse. She is engineer, bookkeeper, superintendent and everything. She stays there the year round and takes care of the place. There could not be any more economical management than there is there. The Home for the Friendless is different; they have a matron and a hundred people under her; old ladies and children; that is the kind of people they take there—old ladies without homes and children without homes, from Scranton and various parts of Lackawanna county. She is absolutely necessary there; nobody could take her place there. There is no expense there that is not absolutely necessary. The only other institution I am familiar with is the Board of Associated Charities, and that is quite a different thing altogether. It could not be in any way consolidated with or come under the same management or connected with the Home for the Friendless or one of these other hospitals. It has its office here in the city. It is a Board of Associated Charities, and Dr. Israel is here, who is secretary of the Board; and I hope the Committee will hear him.

By Mr. Woodward:

Q. It is made up of the various charities throughout the city?

A. Yes, a sort of a clearing house for the Associated Charities. It has a wide-awake officer who is always on the job; she is an officer appointed a police officer by the city, and she is out on the streets of the city from early in the morning until late at night. When she sees poor children on the streets, and when she sees anything out of the way on the streets, or neglected girls, it has her most constant attention. Wherever these are observed they are helped by being sent to these various charities. It is a sort of a clearing house. I think most any man in Scranton would tell the Committee that this has been the source of an immense amount of good.

DR. ISRAEL, Secretary Board of Associated Charities, Scranton, called:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Committee: I hardly think it necessary for me to take up your time. I may say that the Board of Associated Charities was established seventeen years ago. It is a sort of a clearing house such as can be effective in ministering to the miserable condition of the submerged people of the city, are association ministers to all those who are seeking to reclaim their lives, whether men, women or children. She investigates parents whose daughters are brought here from the country and she keeps her hands on all those things through the advice of counsel, a board composed of fifteen men made up of the representative Christian bodies of the city. In this way we try to keep, and I think we have succeeded in keeping, a very large part of the misery of the city under control, at least to a certain extent. We are now progressing in the development of a home for boys. We have five or six that we are now taking care of by boarding them; there are forty to fifty that we have now arranged for, and we have rented an institution in which we hope to open a boarding house for boys to tend toward the salvation of what we might call the submerged ones of our community.

I am a representative of another institution which I think demands a great deal of attention from the Legislature; that is in connection with the Oral School, of which I wish to speak. This teaches the deaf mutes how to speak. The school is under the control of the State insofar as they appoint the representatives of the directorship. But we have received so little that we have not been able, except in occasional years, to meet the running expenses of the institution. I think this institution that is directly

interested in the educational part of the work of the State should be receiving a certain sum, considerably beyond what it is receiving to-day.

By Mr. Hunter:

Q. I am of the opinion that this associated charity is a most excellent work. I don't think they have gone far enough with their work. Why couldn't they, instead of stopping at the aid of those who require it, go further, and see that the State, who is a large contributor to these institutions, and other individuals who contribute, are protected also? It seems to me, if they would have representatives to this Board of Associated Charities—a member of two from each of these several institutions, they could get together and jointly determine the amount of help required from the State, and have it properly distributed.

A. We would be delighted to do that, if the scope of the Associated Charities could be made as broad as that.

By Mr. Woodward:

Q. Do you think you could get the Associated Charities to do this?

A. That is a question; there is no objection on our part.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Why shouldn't these people get together and determine the best distribution of the State's money?

A. That is something I have not brought up. It seems ideal if it can be done. Would your appropriations then be so much, to be divided among these institutions in accordance with the judgment of the representatives of the institutions?

By Mr. Hunter:

Q. That would be in line with my idea. I mean to have representative citizens of a community to determine jointly what was required in their community for the several institutions, and go before the State authorities at the proper time. I think that would be much stronger than a representative committee from the individual institutions, because they have their own ends to answer, or their axe to grind, and are trying to get as much for their own institution as they can.

A. Might I ask if it would make any difference in the main. The Boards of the institutions that are represented here to-day are representative men of this community. You have the leading business and traveling men, in every respect, in the community. If these men would get together wouldn't it result in each institution being represented by these men, putting in the same claim, feeling the needs of the case, as they do. They could simply combine the amounts in presenting them to you in combination, rather than for the individual institution.

Q. Not all. Some of them; in the case of an institution asking too much. In other words, I think the effect would be a more equitable distribution of the funds.

A. I believe that could be met without the slightest trouble.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Have you given any thought to the comparative cost of these different institutions?

A. As a whole?

Q. I mean severally, as to the cost of supplies. Some one has suggested that considerable money could be saved by having a State department to buy the supplies for all the institutions on requisition. It has been suggested that the State could buy 25 per cent. cheaper than the institutions?

A. I don't suppose where things are bought they are bought as low as they might be in much larger quantities at wholesale. One-half of the things that are used are given them by the merchants. They stop there and just leave the things and don't ask any pay. The home has been established so long that it just lives in the eyes of all the people.

Q. If you bought your supplies outside you would probably drive these people from doing this?

A. That is what I think.

JUDGE EDWARDS called.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Commission: I wish to bid you good morning, as I am very glad to see you here. I didn't know you were in session until this morning. I was under the impression that you were to be here at 1 o'clock this afternoon, and it was only by the merest accident that I heard you were in Court No. 2. A gentleman called at the office a while ago and said: "What is going on in Court No. 2? The room is full of people, and there are five very good looking men on the bench." I came here and found the Commission. I am very glad to see you here and glad to see you going around the State to see if you can devise some reasonable way, some satisfactory way to solve the problem you have before you. I think you have the heartiest sympathy of all the thoughtful people in this State in the effort you are making.

I don't know what line your investigation will take up here, but the first thing I want to impress upon you is (and my knowledge is confined to Lackawanna County, as to the charitable institutions of this county) that your efforts should be not to diminish in any way the appropriations made for charitable institutions in this county, but to devise some means by which you can have more money from this State in order to increase the appropriations for the hospitals and other charitable institutions of this city.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. To which I suppose, you would add the public schools and building of roads?

A. Well, the public schools, by all means; but not the building of roads. The roads will be for the future; the charitable institutions are for the present, as are the public schools. I am in favor of good roads and all that. How will you get more money? I don't know. If I was a member of this Commission, that would be my great ambition—to devise some satisfactory way by which the revenue of this rich State could be increased. Very likely you gentlemen have some plan, some suggestion along that line. Shall we put a tax on coal, for instance? Well, I don't know. I thought maybe my friend Judge Knapp, who represents most of the coal interests in this county, would say something about that. I see no objection whatever in taxing the coal and riches that come out of the land of this county and using that money for the support of the community and charitable associations and institutions of this county. I know of no reason. There is no constitutional objection. It would be a tax that would be easily devised and the least felt tax of any I know of. I have always thought there should be a tax of so much, if only one cent a ton or two cents a ton, and that money should be appropriated, not for roads and public schools, if you please, but should be appropriated to the needs of these charitable institutions which have been made necessary on account of the taking out of these riches from the very earth. There is where a part of this money should come from.

Q. What is the general sentiment in this community in this respect?

A. About the same, as I make it. Everybody, except the owner of the coal beds. They are pretty reasonable, too. I think they would come along. The coal corporations in this county I know as well as I do anybody in the county, and they are charitable men, liberal men, and I think they would come along.

Q. Why shouldn't these interests get together and suggest to this Committee what they think would be a fair tax for this purpose—not leave it to the Committee to guess; we should then have the benefit of every thought on that subject?

A. The difficulty would be that it is pretty hard to get a body of men together to get them to agree as to a system by which you can take money out of their pockets.

Q. The Manufacturers' Association of Philadelphia sent a representative before us, who said: "Assuming that there is not sufficient revenue, that there should be more for this purpose, and there should be a tax of one mill on the capital stock and that this tax would be satisfactory to them. Why don't some of these other interests come forward and offer to pay their shares of the burden?"

A. I think the suggestion is a very good one. Of course, my suggestion is not of a general character; it is in regard to the money received from such a tax; I want the money that would be received from a tax on the tonnage of coal in the anthracite and bituminous regions appropriated for charitable purposes, because it is that character of industry that has made these institutions necessary in this county.

I am president of the West Side Hospital Association, and I am now going to the other side of that. I only use this as typical of the hospital in this city and county. They are all alike. I don't want you to run away with the idea that the people of Scranton are not taxed to the utmost in support of charities in this city. They have their hands in their pockets all the time. There is hardly a day, and I know not a week, that the best people of the city are not called upon in one direction or another. Let me give you an illustration, and the reason I mention it is the condition of the West Side Hospital. It is on the west side of the river. Four years ago the State of Pennsylvania, seeing the character of the old building that was there, appropriated eight thousand for the purpose of starting a new building. We built it, and it cost us forty thousand, and we still have the building up there, and it is one of the best hospitals according to size in the State of Pennsylvania. We never would have put that forty thousand dollar building up there unless, four years ago, the Legislature hed given us eight thousand dollars to start a new building. We would not have assumed the responsibility, but we thought it safe to assume it, because, when the Legislature met they gave us twenty to twenty-five thousand dollars to pay upon that building; but the Governor had to use his blue pencil and strike it out. We never would have put up that building unless it was that the eight thousand had been appropriated. There is a population there of forty thousand, almost one-third the population of this entire city. Ninety-five per cent. of the people over there are wage-earners and widows and orphans. Whatever money we get we get from private patients. We only got about fifteen thousand for two years, and still we have had as high as forty-seven, forty-eight and fifty patients there at one time. According to my records, we got about five hundred dollars a quarter from private patients, and used all of it to maintain the others. Ninety-five per cent. of the patients in the West Side Hospital are charity patients; they haven't a cent of money, and, therefore, there is no use in talking about their being able to pay.

Q. Why wouldn't a county like Lackawanna take care of its own?

A. You give us the revenue from this county and we will take care of the charities of this county—yes, and of Luzerne with it. Give us the money we pay the State and we will take care of five counties, of five aggregations of charitable institutions, such as we have in Lackawanna County.

Q. A poor county that has not such revenue cannot take care of its own. The State ought to take care of its own?

A. Undoubtedly. Let me make one suggestion, which I like very much. It would be a good idea to have some board put here in Lackawanna County consisting of seven, or nine, or eleven men—some odd number that shall be a kind of a clearing house as to how the appropriations for the charitable institutions in Lackawanna County shall be distributed. The only way I can see in which you can do that is, just as soon as the Legislature meets next winter, have a bill offered in the House and Senate and passed to appoint such men, whom shall sit permanently.

Q. That would be more effective than the Board of Charities?

A. The State Board of Charities is no use to us up here.

Q. Have you given any thought to this subject? Suppose the State of Pennsylvania has not enough revenue to finish her State institutions; should she do that first, or should she appropriate to institutions not under State control?

A. Well, you certainly cannot cut off the appropriations to these hospitals that have been living on State aid.

Q. What is your thought—is Pennsylvania practically the only Sttae in the Union that appropriates money to institutions not under her control?

A. I think so. It is one of the proudest tiaras in the crown of Pennsylvania that she does take care of her charity patients and poor people. It is a great honor to the State of Pennsylvania, and I don't want them to fall down upon it.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. What do you think about the question of consolidation of hospitals?

A. Well, if it is under control of the State it would not be as convenient. You talk about the State buying the being furnished with the supplies upon requisition. I never heard of the State buying anything cheap, or putting up a cheap building. The management of the West Side Hospital makes requisition quarterly and gets bids from wholesale houses, and I imagine we can buy as cheap as the State—cheaper. I don't see how consolidation is going to help them. The expenses of these different hopsitals are very small, comparatively, the moment you get outside of Philadelphia. I know in our own county everything is run on a very economical schedule, and we are putting our time and money and best judgment into these institutions in order to produce the best results. You wouldn't thing of consolidating all the management of the hospitals in Scranton?

Q. Isn't it a fact that there are too many hospitals in Pennsylvania to-day?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. The complaint seems to be general where there are two or three or four doctors not getting along very well, they meet and form a medical organization and call on their influential friends to have an appropriation given them to start a hospital?

A. Yes, that is right

Q. That is the complaint that is coming to this Committee.

A. Isn't there an authoritative body that has a right to decide whether any body of men or any hospital organization has a right to go ahead and build any kind of a building without permission?

By Mr. Woodward:

Q. They take out the contract and go ahead without consulting the State Charities or any other Board. Some of them overlook the fact that they should make application through the State Board of Charities, and later on to the Legislature to ask its members to appropriate money——

A. It should be that nobody could start a new building of any kind without first having the permission after investigation of an authorative board representing the State.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. If the State appropriates money for the purpose of erecting buildings where the title is not vested in the Commonwealth shouldn't the State have prior lien?

A. It has under the act.

By Mr. Woodward:

Q. Wouldn't it be a good idea if each community would erect its own building and then the State assist in the support of the work after the building had been erected by the people of the various local communities? It would tend to eliminate the criticism you make.

A. Under power of some board——

By Mr. Brown:

Q. If they didn't get the preliminary authority they couldn't erect the building?

A. Yes, that would be a good idea.

Q. Have you given any thought to the taxing of manufacturing corporations? What is the consensus of opinion in this community as to taxing the manufacturing corporations?

A. I have no knowledge at all. I think it would be proper to levy a particular per ton tax on all coal mined for the support of the charitable institutions. You will have to depend upon men who have devoted their time to the science of taxation. It is not a thing that can be considered off-hand. It stands to reason that every coal land owner and miner should at least provide for the consequences of mining it. I have always been in favor of the English act by which all corporations are obliged to care for their own employes and pay for all damages arising from accident, so long as the negligence on the part of the person hurt is not of a gross character.

Mr. Moyer: Before Judge Knapp leaves the room I would like to have an expression of opinion from him regarding his views of the taxation on coal, or the natural resources of the Commonwealth—on coal and oil?

Judge Knapp: You can readily understand my situation in regard to that. I am a practicing attorney here and have all kinds of clients. I would have to be excused on that account.

Judge Edwards: I would make a suggestion that if there is any way you can get the heads of the coal companies together that they will, no doubt, fall into the requirements of the Legislature.

Mr. Brown: This Commission has got the power of the Legislature to subpoena, produce books and papers and go to the outermost limit. We have yet to issue the first subpoena. It seems to me they should all come forward and say what should be done for the common good.

A. I don't suppose they have had an opportunity.

Q. We sent out nearly forty thousand letters to every interested in Pennsylvania, every one; we asked them to give suggestions so as to give all interests an opportunity to present their views. We have probably received four or five thousand replies.

A. They might have such a letter drafted before the Committee in Harrisburg. I have no doubt they will be there.

SENATOR EDW. F. BLEWITT.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Commission: Judge Edwards talked on the very lines I wished to speak about; that is, the taxation of coal.

As you are aware, in the anthracite regions that begins down in Dauphin county very close to the capital and runs a distance of twenty miles from here—they mine during the year sixty millions of tons of coal. Most of that coal is taken out of this State; it is sold in New York, in the East, a little in the South, some in the Northwest; but it is a product that leaves here and goes outside of the State.

To my mind, a tax of two, three, four or five cents a ton would not be an improper one. In the first place, the people of the Commonwealth would not have to pay for it; it would be the persons on the outside. All this is familiar to residents of the anthracite regions.

Now, there are a great many things about our hospitals that might be explained .

In the mining of this sixty-six million tons of anthracite coal in this district, there are killed during the year in the neighborhood of six hundred people who leave many wives and hundreds of orphans. These widows and orphans are in most instances helpless. There is no remedy for them; the State does not provide anything for them and the result is the little boys and girls you find in the mills and the factories, and who are under age, and in many instances, where their mothers swear they are are there as a consequence of this condition.

If we could arrange to tax five cents a ton, that would be in the neighborhood of three millions of dollars for the State.

Every day, night and Sunday, they are taking the coal from this Lackawanna Valley, and the county of Lackawanna; this is going on for twenty-four hours in the day with the result that within the lifetime of the youngest man in this room, we will be denuded of coal in this county and we will have nothing left here except a few little manufacturing plants here and there, and because they cannot get coal, even they will go away, too. I urge this committee strongly to put a tax on coal, not only anthracite, but bituminous. We can go further than the coal; we go to the oil. In the State of Pennsylvania, the oil derricked runs away up into the hundreds of millions of dollars and Pennsylvania doesn't get the benefit of a cent of it.

I owe money myself on property, about six thousand dollars. I am paying four mills on that six thousand dollars to the State of Pennsylvania and there is no reason why a poor man should have to pay that four mills. Why doesn't those other interests pay that that are taking all their money away from us? Why don't you tax them and relieve the poor man who buys a home? Instead of my paying 6 per cent. on my loan, shouldn't I pay only 5 6-10 per cent.? Let the one who is reaping the benefit of our valleys here pay for it. I think the sentiment of this valley from one end to the other is that a tax on coal would be just. Besides, it would not be a tax on the corporation; it would be too small. Going outside of these valleys are one hundred and sixty-six millions of bituminous coal and sixty-six millions of anthracite coal. Now, suppose we have a tax on that of two cents a ton; there is an income of four millions of dollars. The State of Pennsylvania is not in debt; it does not owe a dollar. It is the only State in the Union that is not in debt. At the last Legislature, we provided for everything. It is a fact that our hospitals do not receive what they really should. I am speaking of my own district in comparison with other sections of the State. Talk about amalgamation of hospitals. That is out of the question in this section of the State. Hospitals are to be considered local in the sense that Judge Edwards was talking about the West Side Hospital, removed from here about a mile. Over there they have a population of about forty thousand; the mines are back of it. Now, when a man is injured in the mines you cannot rush him over these hills and across this hill here to get his wounds taken care of, because it means his death; but you have to send him to the hospital close by the very breakers or mines in which the accident occurs. You must have one in the industrial section. It is this way in Philadelphia; almost every two or three blocks there is a hospital in the industrial section. It is different entirely in the Schuylkill district in Lackawanna county. I don't know every hospital in the State, but I know this: that it is a fact that, in my opinion and in the opinion of others that is well founded, that a great deal of this money is misapplied. But it is not in this section of the State. We have an institution record here in our hospitals that it not followed by the other parts of the State.

I went to the Governor a few years ago and had appointed twenty-five leading citizens of Lackawanna county on the Hospital Board, of which Dr. Israel is a member; it is composed of ladies and gentlemen. We have met and organized and have some notes on each hospital in this district. In their capacity they are going around, and they take one hospital one month and one the next and so on, and it is a continous performance until they visit every hospital in this district. I hope at the meeting of the next session, when our members of the Legislature are asked to present bills to the Legislature, they will have their report ready. I know they will. The personnel of [illegible] members is sufficient guarantee. They will tell us what they should be given for these hospitals. The appropriations to hospitals as given by the Legislature are wrong. There is something wrong with the principle. Some of them get larger appropriations by political stamina; others from some other source. There is no uniformity. Then again, I am deadly opposed to giving any appropriation to any hospital except under special stipulation. For instance, if the State gave the Hahnemann Hospital, one of the institutions of our city, fifty

ousand dollars for maintenance for two years, I would make lien against the property; and if, after the Auditor General ıd gone over the books and satisfied himself that the money as judiciously expended and for the purpose for which it was ven, I would remove that lien; that would cut off any misapication of funds.

Now, as to the mercantile tax. The mercantile tax is, in a ay, a fair one. In the first place, let me give you an instance. man came to me the other day and said: "I am worth five ındred thousand dollars all in real estate; John Smith has ve hundred thousand dollars in his store. All he has to pay a two hundred dollar mercantile tax. Do you think that is quare?" I put this same proposition up to this committee. ow, I believe a great wrong is done in the application of the ercantile tax on the small merchant. We have in this valley ien who are bereft of their limb, or widows, or some persons ho are unable to go out and earn a livelihood, who start a ttle store, maybe, for their little orphans, but they are put ı the mercantile list and have to pay their tax. I think that : entirely unjust and improper. I think the law should be ıanged so as to eradicate such a system.

As to the propriety of taxing the larger corporations that ave all their money invested in them, I think it would be a ood idea to make the tax larger. The tax should be equalized. he burden should not be all on real estate.

By Mr. Woodward:

Q. How about manufacturing corporations?

A. I think the manufacturing corporations should pay their ax. Now we have a way in Scranton, and in some of our borugh towns, that when a manufacturing company comes into ur midst, we give them relief for ten years from the payment f taxes. I think when any manufacturing company exceeds his it is making money for its stockholders and should bear its urden of the tax—its full proportion. I feel that we should qualize the taxation, no matter which way it runs.

In the matter of taxation, I don't know whether it would ome within the scope of this Committee or not, but I want o speak in the matter of the election of assessors. We have xamples here in Scranton. Certain people of influence take nore pains over the election of a tax assessor than they do a President of the United States. If we had the whole seven assessors of Lackawanna county elected by the people, it would e the best way.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. You mean by the people at large?

A. Yes, I think they should elect our assessors; let them be esponsible to the people and not to any board or anything lse.

Q. You would not favor appointing them by the County Commissioners?

A. I would not; no.

Q. That has been suggested in several counties—to have them work directly under the County Commissioners.

Judge Edwards:

I hope the present gentlemen who will be in the next Legislature will support Senator James' bill on that question of assessing.

JOHN J. DURKIN, County Commissioner, called.

Gentlemen of the Commission:—As far as the hospitals are concerned, I don't know a thing about that. Upon the taxes and that sort of thing I have had some experience. I cannot see why a corporation should get out of paying on its building. Take the traction company, the telephone company, the electric light company; they buy a lot, or buy a building, and after they buy it is exempted from taxation. I cannot see why they should not pay a just amount. The same way with railroad companies, and then, again, the banks.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Is that the sentiment of the people that the public service corporations should pay a tax for local purposes?

A. Yes. The banks used to make a return to the County Commissioners of the money on loan. We don't get that any more. Of course, we lose that amount of money. And then, these other institutions, they used to make a return of the money. We don't know anything about that. We were down to Harrisburg one time and asked for the State books of this section, but we didn't get them—we wanted to get——

Q. How long has that been?

A. About four years ago. And then the express companies: I think the law should be changed on that. If they have twenty or thirty head of cattle, we cannot assess that twenty or thirty head of cattle; they are exempted. I think that is a very queer law.

Q. How do you follow up your assessors? Do you give your assessors guide books?

A. Yes, what we call a blotter.

Q. You give them the blanks that the Auditor General furnishes you?

A. That is, the State tax blanks?

Q. Yes. How do you know how many to give them?

A. We get it from the record of deeds and mortgages.

Q. How do you check them up?

A. When they come in.

Q. Yes.

A. By a book.

Q. Suppose you find many of them are not returned, do you make any search for them?

A. Yes, we send out notices for them to make their returns or we will estimate them.

Q. What is your thought on the money on interest as evidenced by certificates of deposit in the trust companies and banks?

A. Don't have any.

Q. None here?

A. No.

Q. Don't your individual taxables return any of that?

A. Only trust companies.

Q. How would it do to have the treasurer of the trust company make a return of that?

A. That is included in their return to the State.

Q. How much money do you presume there is in Scranton on deposit in trust companies and banks evidenced by certificates of deposit?

A. More than a million dollars.

Q. You don't get any of that?

A. No.

Q. What is you thought about the appointing or electing assessors?

A. I think it should be done by the County Commissioners. I think in the body of seven there should be three of one party and four of another party—a majority and minority representation.

Q. What is your thought?

A. I think we would get better results.

Q. You mean, for instance, the Democrats to assess the Republicans and the Republicans to assess the Democrats?

A. Yes.

Q. Wouldn't you get the same results if you sent them from different localities from which they resided?

A. Possibly.

Q. How about the compensation? Are they paid enough to get the best class of men available?

A. Now?

Q. Yes.

A. No.

Q. What do you pay?

A. Two fifty a day.

Q. How many days in the year are they employed?

A. There is no regular time.

Q. About how many?

A. I should say all over the county probably 100 days.

Q. Your thought is to have seven employed the year around at an annual salary?

A. Yes.

Q. You would get a better class of men?

A. Yes.

Q. Do you find much favoritism among these assessors?

A. Yes, all over the county. Here and there is an honest assessor. Two-thirds of them are dishonest.

Q. Have you ever done anything in the way of checking them up?

A. Yes.

Q. Ever have any prosecutions?

A. No, we never went that far.

F. W. FLEITZ, ESQ., called.

I cannot say anything to this Commission until I know what your purpose is and what you are investigating.

Mr. Moyer: We are revising the revenue and corporation laws where they may prove defective.

General Fleitz: In the first place, this entire question of taxation in the State of Pennsylvania is a very large one.

What should be done in Pennsylvania?

There should be a new, complete, act passed, embodying the entire system of taxation, both for State and for local purposes; or two acts passed, one for the State and one for local taxation.

As it is now, we have on the statute books the act of eighty-seven, the act of eighty-nine, the act of ninety-one, the act of ninety-three, also the act of eighty-five; these are five acts covering the corporation tax of the State. The unfortunate part of it is that there is included in the act of eighty-five what is known as the personal property tax, which was originally a State tax and is still, so-called, a State tax. My distinguished friend, Senator Blewitt, just alluded to the amount of money he was paying to the State. A great many talk about that tax as they would a State tax. It is not a State tax; it is a local tax. In other words, 75 per cent. of it is returned to the various counties from which it emanates. It passes through a lot of hands, and any considerable amount of money that passes through a great many hands is apt to stick more or less along the line. So this leaves the State only about 16 per cent. of the entire amount collected; then it has been demonstrated that about 80 per cent. escapes taxation under the laws, so the personal property tax should be eliminated as a State revenue altogether.

There should be a general act passed designating the subjects for taxation. There should be a tax for State purposes that would include all the subjects which the Legislature thinks should pay tribute to the State. There should be no direct tax levied by the State. Probably an indirect tax falls with less severity than any other tax we can levy. Of course, it should include the most notable illustrations of unfairness, such as in the case of the gas companies. The gas companies pay no tax. The electric light companies pay a tax on their capital stock and a gross receipt tax. There is no reason why a gas company should not pay a tax upon its property and assets. This has just been left out either unintentionally or designedly for a great many years.

In the new Revenue Act, which should be framed by this Commission, upon its recommendation the bonus subject should be entirely changed. The courts of this State, by a process of reasoning that I have never been fully able to understand, have held that a bonus is not a tax, although it is included in the provisions of a bill entitled "An Act to provide revenue by taxation," and it has gone through for the last twelve years, based on the old decision that a bonus is a price paid for a privilege. If a bonus is not a tax, what is it? It is levied and collected under the sovereign power of the State to derive revenue for its own expenses and to assist its people.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. The bonus is primarily supposed to be an evidence of good faith?

A. The bonus is a price paid for a privilege. In its inception, the idea of a bonus was a sum required to be paid by foreign people coming in, as contradistinguished from a tax levied upon our own people. They were called bonus

laws. That ought to be included in the general scope of taxation.

Let me point out the inequality of the bonus laws. In 1901, the Legislature passed an act. Prior to that time domestic corporations paid a bonus as of 1-4 or 1-3 of one per cent. In 1901 I assisted in drawing up a bonus tax which would require foreign corporations to pay the same bonus that our own corporations paid. That act was handled until its language was so ambiguous that the courts held that the bonus did not apply to any corporation which had come into the State prior to its passage. It went further in the case of the American Car and Foundry Company, and held that it would not apply to any increase of capital brought into the State by corporations in the State at the time of the passage of the act. In the case of our own corporations, under the act of eighty-seven, every increase corporations, under the act of eighty-seven, every increase they make of their capital stock they pay a bonus. Under the act of ninety-one, these other corporations can bring into the State more than a million dollars and pay no tribute to the State.

Q. How are you going to get around that?

A. By passing an act requiring a bonus on any additional capital brought into the State by foreign corporations now in or hereafter coming into the State.

The trouble with the whole taxation is this: The courts have held that the authority of the Legislature is supreme and is the expressed will of the people in regard to taxation; but that authority should be expressed in such clear language that there can be no mistake as to the intention of the Legislature. Every dicision is in favor of the person upon whom the tax is levied. The courts have adopted the idea that they can do nothing except when they are expressly warranted by the letter of the law. So on with the whole subject of taxation the same way.

If such an act were passed it would wipe the slates of all unconstitutional laws, eliminate all objectionable and inconsistent systems and reach all the subjects legitimately requiring a tax, and that might or might not include manufacturing corporations. Senator Blewitt has said it would fall with severity upon small corporations. It should be borne by the big corporations.

There is another point I wish to speak upon. That is this tax on coal. This is an old subject. During the twenty-three years I have been connected with the Legislature that has come up time and time out of mind. We have tried to find some way of putting into force the creation of a fund to take care of the disabled miners and the widows and orphans of those killed in the mines. The distribution of money derived in this way, to the relief of the miners and their widows and orphans, would conflict with the provisions of the Constitution, which directs that pensions shall only be granted to those having been in the military service. If anyone can point out to me how this can be done without amending the present Constitution, I would like to have him put his finger on it. I have never been able to find it.

Q. Don't you think the moral obligation for such an appropriation would cause the money to be appropriated for the purposes indicated by Senator Blewitt?

A. We have tried to make that argument in the Legislature. We have tried to get them for twenty years to take into consideration the peculiar situation in these regions with reference to the liability of men being killed or injured in the mines. I think the Legislature has pretty fairly recognized that—recognized it in the erection of State hospitals. There are three hospitals now in the anthracite regions for the express purpose of taking care of the miners but they cannot do it all. There are also hospitals in the bituminous regions for the same purpose. I think the State has done wonderful work.

I think there should be some changes made in the corporation statutes of the State. I think also that the personal property tax should be given by the Legislature to the local authorities.

By Mr. Woodward:

Q. In other words, you would like to have the counties collect the four-fourths instead of three-fourths?

A. Yes. That system is best that leaves the levying and collection of the tax within the immediate vicinity of the taxpayers. The home rule, if you please, in taxation is most equitable and just.

Q. Do you think the counties would get as much under the present system if left to themselves than if left to the supervision of the State?

A. Yes. In the first place the local assessor sends out these bulletins under the direction of the County Commissioners—these pink slips. The local assessor sends out his slips; some are filled out—in the majority of cases not. Then he makes such returns as he thinks are fair. The city authorities have no voice in levying the tax.

Q. What could be done that would serve the purpose more effectually?

A. Put that tax in the hands of the County Commissioners. Let them appoint the necessary assessors. There should be local assessors. These local assessors should be the men to assist in collecting the tax against land and the tax against personal property.

Q. You think they would take more interest if they knew they were to get it all?

A. Positively, yes. Ninety-five per cent. of the people pay directly to the State. There is less moral obligation. The people look upon a State tax just as they do upon a corporation tax, a good thing to evade if they get a chance. The whole idea is wrong, but it is true. If a fellow can beat the State out of a tax he will do it every time, but he looks upon his local tax in a different light. I will venture to say that in this county of Lackawanna, or in Philadelphia county, and, in fact, every county of the State, at least 60 per cent. of the personal property escapes taxation entirely. compare it with what it was last year. Then we take

property is taxed. These local assessors report from the County Commissioners to the County Treasurer, and the ing it up. The only way we have there is to take it and

Q. Suppose I say they collect two billions of personal tax. Wouldn't you say it reached a sufficiently large

A. It should be collected in a different way. In the first place, I don't believe over 40 per cent. of the personal amount to justify the collection of it?

report is sent on to Harrisburg. There is no way of checkinto consideration whether stocks and bonds were higher than last year. If the report is too low, we increase it and send it back to the County Commissioners. Now, I have in mind the case of a certain county in Pennsylvania where we had positive knowledge that certain private banks were not returning their mortgages and judgments. I heard at that time they had upwards of three millions, so we abitrarily put three millions and a half of additional personal property tax on the returns of that county, and we went into court and sustained it. We arbitrarily placed it on them without an assessment being made. We just happened to know that fact. So, the whole subject of personal property taxation should be turned er to the counties—the assessment, levying and collecting, and shoulh not be under State control at all.

Now, as to the taxes of corporations, whether too high or too low, that is a question that should be determined by the necessity for revenue. The revenues of the State have been increasing constantly. In 1889, when Governor Stone took office, the Treasury of the State was depleted and the appropriations made and due amounted to a considerable sum, more than the money then on hand in the State Treasury, and the State could not meet its current debts. The Treasurer issued two and a half millions of bonds, and since that time there has been no change in the revenue laws of the State—no beneficial changes, yet the revenues have increased. We have increased the appropriation to common schools from ten to fifteen millions; the appropriations to charitable institutions have crept up from one and a half to something like six millions; ten millions have been spent on good roads; thirteen millions have been spent on the new Capitol; two and a half millions of bonds paid for, and we have got in the Treasury upwards of eight or nine millions of dollars. I fail, for my part, to see any occasion for changes in the State revenue at all. I think there ought to be a new taxation law in order to equalize the taxation.

In 1890, I was secretary of that energetic commission known as the Grange Tax Commission of Pennsylvania, and we held our meetings as you gentlemen are holding them now. Different interests in Pennsylvania came forward and gave their testimony and they all had different ideas. After they had presented their points, it occurred to us that the whole thing was a fight of local taxation for local purposes of corporate property. The theory was that all property in the State, the corporate as well as the so-called common property, should be subject to taxation for local purposes. The question was thoroughly considered. There was some objection raised that if you tax a corporation generally for local purposes, that it would be unfair to tax them again for State purposes. We found, upon investigation, that the counties that would profit by that arrangement were the big, prosperous counties of the Commonwealth. Counties like Lackawanna and Philadelphia would have a large, juicy plum, and the revenue of the State would be diminished. I think we should be a little careful. It is a good suggestion that the real estate should bear a proportionate share of local taxation. In addition to that there must be, for State purposes, a State tax upon the property and assets.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. That would include real estate?

A. That is the theory. There is a great mistake in the minds of some lawyers that these corporations have a tax on capital stock. It is clear to the gentlemen or the Commission and you, and, in fact, anyone who has given this subject some thought, that the tax upon corporations is levied upon the property and assets of the corporations, and we only take the capital stock as a fair standard of measurement of the value of the assets. The tax is levied on the property and assets. The capital stock is a thing that passes from hand to hand, and we use that as a standard of measurement.

Now, about the subject of hospitals; I have known a great deal about that, particularly for the past few years. I am connected with three hospitals and have a general interest.

Every hospital in this valley is doing a good work, and every hospital has used and is using to the best advantage every dollar it is getting or had gotten from the State.

Some member of the Commission spoke about too many hospitals. There cannot be too many hospitals if well managed. But, in the main, the State of Pennsylvania should not put money into building hospitals at all except those under the State control. It should, however, be more liberal in appropriations for the maintenance of the indigent. The charitable people of this vicinity are burdened to death trying to take care of a very large number of absolutely necessary charities.

By Mr. Woodward:

Q. Have you any idea what proportion of the money necessary to run your institutions here is collected by subscription?

A. In the State hospital, very little. The State hospital, because it belongs to the State, is looked upon as a relief from local charity. I know that has been the case here. The people who go there, in the main, are poor, ignorant foreigners, without money, friends or relatives; therefore, local interest does not attach to them as it does to the local charities.

The Hahnemann Hospital collects about 65 to 70 per cent. of the money they use for maintenance. The reason for that is that the Hahnemann happens to be located in this section of the city and is supported very largely by wealthy class of people. They are interested in it and are doing a great work with it. The same thing is true of the Sanitarium up on the hill. These are two things that appeal to the charitable people of this city particularly. Now, the Taylor Hospital down in the mining section has a very hard time to raise money for the hospital, but they have different affairs and struggle very bravely to raise money. It is only fair to say that they are doing all they can. But I wanted to suggest one thing. The appropriations to the various hospitals should be based on maintenance at a certain fixed rate per patient, and bear some relation to the number of free patients treated in the hospital during the preceding two years.

By Mr. Woodward:

Q. Why shouldn't it be based on the charity patients alone?

A. I mean the charity patients. If the State would adopt a plan of paying 75 per cent. of the actual cost of the indigent treated in these hospitals, it would be a good thing. Have the superintendent of the hospital make a quarterly return as to how many free patients there were treated in his hospital; have the Auditor General approve these vouchers and pay them the pro rata. However, this would be the difficulty. A little hospital in an isolated location could not possibly, no matter how efficiently managed, take care of the patients at the same per capita as a large hospital. If you would fix a certain rate, as the State does with its indigent insane, to apply all over the State, it would be more or less of a hardship on certain small hospitals where the cost is greater.

By Senator Blewitt:

Q. What would you have the State pay annually for the indigent?

A. Seventy-five per cent. of the actual cost.

Q. Why not all?

A. For this reason: Just as soon as the State takes care of these, the charitable people will cease to have an interest in them. So far as the charitable work is concerned, it becomes a State institution and not a local institution. If the State would take care of the entire amount, I think it would take the incentive away from the charitable people to contribute toward the support of the institution. You know, in charitable work, the man who gives five dollars will have a keener interest than the fellow who gives nothing. He will watch that hospital, and will keep in touch with it.

Q. The State supplies a certain percentage of the total amount now?

A. That is true, but some institutions get 80 per cent. of their entire cost of maintenance; others get 25 to 30 per cent. The one getting 25 to 30 per cent. may be doing a great deal more charitable work in proportion to the number of people in its wards than the one getting 80 per cent.

Q. Is your idea to have a local board cover these institutions?

A. No, it would lesson the interest. The people back of the Hahnemann, for instance, are people who have a general interest in charitable work. They are people of considerable means and they have taken hold of the work and have made a great success of it. If you take it out of their control and put it on a common basis with the other hospitals in the county, it would lessen their interest.

Q. Talking of the Hahnemann Hospital, at the last session the House appropriated, I think, twenty-five thousand to be used for the building which is now there—plastering it and doing some other work. But the Governor vetoed it. What is your idea as to the State giving money to build hospitals in which they have no ownership?

A. My idea has been against that for the last twenty years.

Q. You would limit the appropriations to maintenance only?

A. I would do this. I would adopt this rule. I think there should be some notice, some time given these institutions. The State has adopted a course which has amounted to a custom, and to stop it suddenly would work a great injustice; if the State would adopt a hard and fast rule of this kind now, it would work a great injustice to this class of people; it would perhaps be fatal to them. I think there should be some notice given that the next Legislature, for instance, would try to take care of these things incurred, but afterward no other improvements would be paid for by the State, but that 75 to 80 per cent. of the cost of maintenance of the indigent would be given them.

Q. How would you bind the succeeding sessions of the Legislature to a proposition of that kind?

A. You couldn't bind them, but if there was a hard and fast rule to that effect, say after the next Legislature, it would then be comparatively easy for you gentlemen to say, "That is against the rule; it cannot be done."

Q. What advantage is it to the State to own these buildings?

A. None. Take the hospital at White Haven conducted by Dr. Flick. I was one of the earliest advocates for that appropriation to the "Free Hospital for Poor Consumptives." (That is the style and title of the institution.) The State paid one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars, not for maintenance, but for building and making that spot a sanitarium and hospital. Finally there was a conflict between Dr. Flick and the politicians, and the result was that at the last session he refused to accept State aid and said, "We'll run this on a free basis. Here is one hundred and twenty-five thousand they put in our plant; it is true they paid us for maintenance—in all about four hundred thousand dollars. We will just appropriate this plant with its one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars of State money and run it ourselves and give out the statement that the politicians have been so objectionable to Dr. Flick that they crippled his work." Who is going to stop them?

By Mr. Woodward:

Q. The reason Dr. Flick gave me for withdrawing his application was that he was making application for three hundred thousand and two hundred thousand dollars of this was to go into a building, and the Committee on Charities refused to recommend that. They did, however, recommend the amount necessary for maintenance. He said he would decline any appropriation unless it gave him the full amount asked for.

By Mr. Fleitz:

A. I asked him to admit a man, and he wrote back that he would not violate his rules for any politician in the State. I think it would work out best on the equitable basis of distributing the appropriation for maintenance of the indigent after the next session of the Legislature when you should clean up the hospital question completely.

MR. C. L. S. TINGLEY, Secretary and Treasurer, Scranton Street Railway Company, called.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Committee:—I have already written the Committee giving my views on this subject of taxation, but some one telephoned me that they would like to have me up here.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. The thought was that even though you had written the Committee at quite some length, the courtesy was due you to give you an opportunity to appear before us and present whatever views you might have to give. Your criticism appears principally to be on a different time of return?

A. Yes, that is owing to the numerous reports that are asked for by the State bodies. It practically demands the time of one or two men in a corporation such as ours to do nothing but make out State returns. Now, if all the reports could be based upon a uniform year it would facilitate matters very much, and, I think, it would answer the same purpose.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. What time would you suggest?

A. I would suggest either the calendar year or the Government fiscal year, which is June 30.

Q. What is your folks' thought on local taxation?

A. That it would be a good thing if a certain amount of taxation on corporations could be levied by local authorities.

Q. So you could divide the tax up between the State and the county?

A. Yes. It is the public impression that the local authorities get no benefit from the tax levied on corporations, and the argument always is that we get all these valuable franchises and pay nothing for them. Now, if this arrangement could be made so the local authorities would get directly, instead of indirectly, some of the tax we are compelled to pay, I think it would be a good thing.

There was one subject brought up this morning by a gentleman speaking about hospitals, as to contributions from the corporations to support hospitals. I would say here, in speaking for our own corporation, that it is our practice to pay for every patient that we send to a hospital; so that our emergency cases are not charity cases.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Do you know any reason why all corporations should not do that?

A. I don't.

Q. Do you think it would be an unusual burden upon them?

A. Of course, I cannot speak for the mining corporations, but for our corporation it would not be an unusual burden. In addition to paying for our cases, we give a small contribution to the hospitals.

By Mr. Woodward:

Q. Do you know what charge they make for the care of your accident cases?

A. I cannot answer that off hand; it depends largely upon the nature of the accident—how serious a character; whether an operation is required or not.

By Mr. Fleitz (addressing Mr. Tingley): —

Q. Wouldn't it be better to have all corporation reports filed on the thirty-first of December, because the Government reports are now required to be filed on that date? I only mention that because at a recent conference of the State officials the question was taken up. Inasmuch as the Government has passed this corporation tax and requires them to make their reports on the thirty-first of December, don't you think it would be better for the State to change theirs to that date?

A. I would answer that as far as the railway company is concerned the reports are too voluminous.

Q. Let me tell you that there is a movement to have these two reports co-extensive, being approved by the corporations themselves, from the standpoint that it is better to have the tax report made at the same time it is made to the Treasury Department for the simple reason that you can check it up. The fiscal year of the State begins the first Monday in January. The corporation reports are required on the first of November for the tax and the first of January for the bonds and evidence of indebtedness; and on June 30 for the Department of Internal Affairs.

A. I think it would be better for them all to be at one time. The calendar year would be very much better for the reason that these reports to the Secretary of Internal Affairs have to be made up in the summer time, which is the busiest season of the year for us; it is also vacation period. It would be very much easier for us and more convenient if we could make them up in the winter time, when business is more or less slack and the force is not on vacation.

By Mr. Fleitz (addressing the Commission):

One more suggestion—with reference to the State Board of Charities; something to take its place.

I am thoroughly of the opinion that the State Board of Charities is of small use to the Commonwealth. I don't say, of course, that this arises out of the inability of the men composing the Board.

By Mr. Woodward:

Q. Would you be in favor of a salaried Board that would give all of its time?

A. Yes, a Commission, with one man to be known as Superintendent of Charities, to be elected by the people or appointed. I believe the entire charities of the State, such as the insane asylums, and the building of State buildings in various places should be put into a Department of Charities, the head to be appointed by the Governor or elected by the people, who will exercise and assume control of these matters, as the Auditor General does the tax gathering of the Commonwealth, with sufficient force of men, who would have the purchasing of supplies, letting contracts, with entire supervision and control of the money in the institution—that is, the money appropriated to the institution. Have some one big enough to have supervision and control of all this money that is appropriated in enormous amounts to these institutions. I think that certainly deserves the closest thought of your Commission. I think this Board of Charities should be wiped out. There should be traveling auditors and legislation requiring that each institution shall be visited regularly and a public accountant employed in order to keep a perfect track of it in each institution.

By Mr. Brown:

Q There are so many of them that it would require a good deal of time?

A. As it is now, what is the result? The Auditor General's office has to check them up with an insufficient force of men, and the result is they cannot give it the time.

Adjourned at one-thirty P. M.

Public Meeting, May 13, 1910, 11 A. M., 496 City Hall, Philadelphia.

Present: James P. McNichol, Esq., Chairman; Gabriel H. Moyer, Esq., Vice Chairman; James F. Woodward, Esq., and William H. Keyser, Esq., of the Committee; Francis Shunk Brown, Esq., Counsel.

The meeting was called to order by the Chairman.

Mr. HARRY J. SHOEMAKER, representing the Pennsylvania Manufacturers' Association, called:

Mr. Shoemaker: Our speaker just this moment stepped out, and in his absence I would say that the gentleman who speaks for our association represents the Pennsylvania Manufacturers' Association, a concern consisting of upwards of seventy-five manufacturing interests in our State, and employing upward of 30,000 men, and it is constantly growing. Mr. Samuel Roberts, of Norristown, president of the Grater-Bodey Lumber Company, has been appointed one of the speakers representing our association this morning before your Committee, and Mr. Joseph S. Rambo, also of Norristown, the head of the Hosiery Manufacturers' Association of Pennsylvania, will ask to say a few words before you.

Our association appointed a committee of eight members to appear before you to-day, but the notice was so very short, unfortunately, and it was impossible for them to come. I have a telegram from our Erie representative saying that the Erie association was heard before you while you were at Erie, and they would only refer to the conference held at that place as to what their sentiments would be. They could only repeat what was said at that time, and could not possibly get away.

Mr. SAMUEL ROBERTS, of the Manufacturers' Association, called.

Mr. Roberts: Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Committee. At a meeting of the Manufacturers' Association, of which I am a member, last night there were two of us delegated to come before you and present our side of the case as we see it. I do not suppose you want very much time taken up, and I do not propose to take up very much of your time. I am not a talker. I am just a plain, ordinary business man, more given to work than to talk.

We feel, all of us, and we represent an association there that comprises practically all of the manufacturing interests in Montgomery County and vicinity, that at this time in our history is one of the worst times to talk about putting any additional tax upon the manufacturing interests. You know as well as we do that we have the national tax to contend with, which has not been decided one way or the other, whether we have to pay it or not. We have had an additional burden put upon us by reason of the employers' liability legislation, which makes each manufacturer carry a heavy liability policy, or practically be at the mercy of every accident that may happen. We feel that now, above all times, would be the worst time possible to put any additional tax upon corporations or manufacturing industries.

It seems to be the favorite howl and talk of the public to-day: "Soak the corporations." I say to you that 90 per cent. of the corporations in the association of which I am a member have formed corporations, not for any benefit that might be received from legislation, but simply for the benefit of maintaining and continuing their business, so that if any one partner died his business might be carried on, and that has been practically the only reason why 70 to 80 per cent. of the manufacturers have incorporated. We do not receive any more benefit than a partnership does—really less. We are taxed and they are exempt under the national tax, and we feel that a tax at this time would be a very unjust and burdensome load to put upon us. We have practically made the country what it is to-day. The manufacturing industries of Pennsylvania are the backbone and have caused the growth and the stand that Pennsylvania has in the country to-day, and I believe that if you unjustly tax the corporations—I believe first that they are taxed practically all they can stand or bear—and if you put any more tax on them you will not only keep prospective manufacturing industries from coming here, but eventually may drive some of the present ones that are here out of the State. That is a surmise, of course.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. What would you suggest in lieu of a tax on manufacturers?

A. As to increase of revenue, do you mean?

Q. As to ways and means to secure more revenue.

A. Well, the suggestion that you have brought forth yourself is a suggestion that one of our members brought up in our association, and I think it is a very good one, to tax the man that runs the automobile. We all have automobiles; every one in our association last night has a machine, and every man in it would be perfectly satisfied to pay a fair tax, if the money went to the maintenance of the roads.

Q. That is only getting at the small end of the capabilities of the big fellow, who is able to pay more in another direction. He takes the surplus out of his earnings from his manufacturing industries and buys an automobile.

A. How can you get at the large man without hitting the small man?

Q. We have let the small man pay about 95 or 98 per cent. We want to get at the big fellow who is running off to Europe every year and spending enormous amounts in Europe and Paris, and see if we can't get some of it back here.

A. Mr. Chairman, if you can get at any law that will tax the man who is perfectly able to pay it and making undue profits in some cases, then it would be just. But you cannot get at the big fellows without hurting the little ones. Maybe you will get at two or three who have a lot by singeing and hurting the little fellows.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Assuming that we have sufficient revenue as it is, how do you discriminate between the corporation not a manufacturer, and the corporation that is a manufacturer? Why should a manufacturing corporation be exempt and the other taxed? For instance each employing the same number of men and located, for instance, one across the street from the other?

A. I do not exempt them. You mean the corporation——

Q. We all know manufacturing companies pay every tax except a tax on capital stock; they do not pay as dealers; they are exempt from license tax and on capital stock. Why should the manufacturing corporation be exempt from these two taxes, when the other corporation directly across the street, employing the same number of men and having the same amount of capital invested in its plant, is not exempt?

A. I do not grasp the idea that you are getting at. Do you mean the difference between a partnership and a corporation?

Q. No, not at all. I am discriminating between a corporation other than a manufacturing corporation, and a manufacturing corporation. All other corporations pay a tax on

A. Both employ the same number of men and produce the same results.

Q. What do you mean by "produce the same results?" Of course, they do not produce the same result. One may manufacture the stock and the other sell it.

A. Any corporation employing the same amount of capital and the same number of men ought to be on the same level.

Q. And you would make no difference between them?

A. No, sir.

Q. Suppose, there is a corporation across the street from Lit Brothers, a manufacturing corporation. Your opinion is that the manufacturing corporation should be taxed the same as the other?

A. No, because the manufacturing concern is producing, and the other concern is simply a seller of some one else's production made all over the country and brought in here.

Q. For instance, the seller doesn't receive one-half of the net income from the business he does, as compared with the manufacturer; you still think the manufacturer should be exempt?

A. I certainly do.

Q. In other words, one man gets 10 per cent. as a result of his labor and investment and enterprise and pays a tax on that, you think that the manufacturer who gets the same as a result of his enterprise and thrift should not pay anything.

A. That manufacturing concern across the street from Lits is making it possible for Philadelphia to go there and buy stuff from Lits, and because he is giving employment to hundreds of men. If there is any one concern in the country that ought to be taken care of and not loaded up with taxes, it is the manufacturing industries of this State, because they have made the State and are making it to-day.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. Hasn't the State made the manufacturer?

A. I don't think so.

Q. You don't want us to believe you people are responsible? Don't you think the State Government has taken care of them for the last twenty-five years?

A. I think they have, but I think the manufacturers have taken care of the State more than the State has taken care of them. The manufacturing industries of the country have made the government of the State possible.

Q. Very few manufacturers of the State have gone to the wall by reason of not getting compensation for their work?

A. Possibly, not in the last ten years.

Q. Less than any other State in the Union?

A. Yes. I don't think the manufacturers have any reason to complain about legislation in the past. They are not taking that view of it here. They are simply trying to take care of their interests in the future.

Q. In other words, they have got a good thing and don't want it disturbed?

A. In some cases they have. I will be frank and say to you it is possible, but I don't believe if you take the manufacturing industries right straight through, 75 or 80 per cent. of them have just got a bare living out of their industries, and the other 20 per cent. may be making enormous profits. If you could get at the man who was making abnormal profits without hurting the other fellow, it would be a good thing to do.

Q. That is what we are depending on you gentlemen to furnish the information and show us how to do it.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Mr. Brown, representing the Manufacturers' Association, appeared before us and said if the State was not collecting sufficient revenues at present, he thought the manufacturing interests of the State would be willing to be subjected to a tax of one mill. He said he had conferred with the interests represented there, and he thought they would be entirely satisfied, and on the basis of three billions of stock it would bring a revenue of three millions to the Commonwealth. Have your folks given that any thought?

A. Yes.

Q. I am not assuming that there is any necessity for additional revenues, but assuming that there is, what would be your thought?

A. That very question was talked over, because we had heard rumors about there being a one mill tax put on, and it was discussed among us, and we are all adverse to it. We do not want any more tax. It is natural and we are looking at it from our view of the case. We do not want any more tax, and we feel we are justified in asking you not to put any more tax on us. We feel there is no just reason why you should do it. There is a law in Montgomery county to increase the valuation of property; every manufacturing concern in our county has had his property pushed up from 20 to 25 per cent. local tax. We have got that to contend with and the national tax, and the most expensive tax of all, we have got to contend with and maintain, I believe, it is the liability insurance we have to carry in order to protect ourselves. It is not only one, but it is the culmination of all these taxes that make us come here and protest.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. You mean the liability law as represented by the State or national law?

A. The State and the national, both.

Q. Where do you get any hardship from that?

A. It means we have got to carry the insurance to protect ourselves.

Q. You naturally would carry the insurance anyway?

A. We did not, a great many of us, until about five years ago.

Q. And then, in the last five or six years the protection to labor has increased for the benefit of the working man, and rightfully so.

A. I grant you that, but it is a tax nevertheless. I do not object to that liability law.

Q. It is only a tax in case you are going on and paying it, but suppose something happened in the meantime and you didn't have that insurance, then your tax would be much greater, wouldn't it?

A. In former years the laws were not as severe on the liability as they are to-day, and consequently there wasn't as much chance for a man to recover.

Q. We are trying to do for the little taxpayer what we have done for the working man and broaden the scope of our protection.

A. We are not here to protest against the liability law, because we believe in it.

Q. I believe it is one of the best pieces of legislation that has ever been passed.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. How do you distinguish between the manufacturer and the middle man? Is the middle man to-day in this State in any better condition to pay tax than the manufacturer is?

A. I couldn't answer that question.

Q. Have you folks made no investigation along that line?

A. I don't think we have. I couldn't answer that intelligently.

Q. Of course, the middle man does pay a mercantile tax?

A. Yes. We pay ourselves part of the mercantile tax, but I couldn't answer that question at all, because I am not posted on that.

Q. Have you ever given any thought as to other taxables, assuming that there is not sufficient revenue for the proper needs of the Commonwealth?

A. Well, isn't there sufficient?

Q. I am assuming now that there is not. Have you ever talked among yourselves as to the right or propriety of the State appropriating to State institutions not under her control?

A. Yes. I did not catch your idea. That was discussed also last night.

Q. What is the consensus of opinion?

A. Against that.

Q. Why.

A. Because there is a great many of these concerns you are carrying on and building up and up, and they may take that thing over sometimes after while and run it for their own interests. There is nothing to stop them.

Q. You think the State isn't getting a proper return?

A. The State should have some ownership in every building they appropriate money to.

Q. How far has that been discussed in your association?

A. Not very far. We just took that up on the side last night. That was one of the chief objections, and there was about ten or fifteen minutes' discussion on that very question, and White Haven was one of the institutions mentioned very prominently in the talk as being an institution that had been well taken care of by the State.

Q. Has there been any discussion among you as to other directions in which in your opinion money could be saved?

A. I suppose you mean—

Q. Without imposing any tax upon you, or which you would not think it proper or fair should come out of your pockets? Have you given any thought to that?

A. Well, no, I don't think we have. It was the appropriations to State institutions that we talked of more than anything else.

Mr. JOSEPH S. RAMBO, representing the Montgomery County and State Manufacturers' Associations, called.

Mr. Rambo: I represent the Montgomery County Manufacturers' Association, the same as Mr. Roberts, and incidentally the State Manufacturers' Association. I am sorry our president, Mr. Grundy, is not here to-day. I think he could represent the State affairs much better than myself.

The question was asked a while ago of Mr. Roberts of the difference between the merchant corporation and the manufacturing corporation. Well, the manufacturing corporation is a benefactor. It brings money from a distance into the town, and the merchant corporation takes it out. He absorbs it and puts it in bank and puts it in circulation outside of town. That is the principal difference between the two I see. Besides that, if a manufacturer's business goes bad, his plant depreciates; his money is all tied up in machinery, and his plant depreciates from 50 to 75 per cent. pretty near at once. If a merchant goes bad, his stock is all good merchandise usually, except possibly a little old stock, and you can generally get about one hundred cents on the dollar.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. You think there is a greater risk in manufacturing?

A. Considerably greater. Besides that, I think the profits are very much less.

Q. The questions I have asked have been indicated, a great many of them, from letters received by the Committee. For instance, a number of corporations have written to this Committee that they thought there was an unfair discrimination is taxing them and exempting the manufacturer. That is the reason I am asking the manufacturers why they should be exempt?

A. I heard you ask the question and thought I would answer it. There are very few of us manufacturers who are making big money. There is a few, of course, who do make big money, and you would be taxing 90 per cent., or maybe 95 per cent. that have a struggle to get along in order to get the other 10 per cent., and it would be unfair. Besides every community is hunting for manufacturers. Why? Because they are benefactors to any community.

Q. Have your folks made any comparison between the relative results of other interests and yours?

A. No, we did not go into that particularly.

Q. Because from the letters we have received it would seem that the manufacturer was probably considered the most prosperous in the community?

A. We do not have to go far to change your views on that. There are very few manufacturers become very wealthy, and I dare say 25 per cent., or maybe a greater per cent., fail entirely before they die. We can look all around us here and see merchants springing up like mushrooms, millionaires. You do not see manufacturers doing that. There are very few of them ever become millionaires.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. Will you give us a list of the manufacturers in the last ten or fifteen years, a sort of a synopsis of their financial condition?

A. The manufacturers who have failed?

Q. Yes, those who have been prosperous and those who have passed out by reason of failure?

A. I don't know as I want to point out all those who have been prosperous. There is very few, it seems to me. I can point out failures in my own town there. There are only two left of wool manufacturers in my own town, out of about twelve or fifteen which started there since I did in the last twenty or twenty-five years.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. To what do you attribute that? They have had this exemption you have had, and the same facilities you have had; why is that?

A. Yes. Well, it is hard for me to attribute it——

Q. They have not left Pennsylvania because they have been too heavily taxed?

A. No, they haven't. They haven't gotten any results, either because of management, or something or other. Most of them seemed to be business people, but there wasn't enough in the business for them to get along on. As I said, only about 10 per cent. of the manufacturers do make much money; a few of them get wealthy, and the rest of them seem to hang on.

Q. How about the middleman to whom the manufacturer sells and who handles his goods; is he in a better condition?

A. The jobber?

Q. Call him the jobber?

A. He doesn't have his money tied up in machinery and plant like that. Of course he has a big building sometimes in the center of a city, which usually improves, but his merchandise he buys and sells and it doesn't depreciate like machinery in a manufacturing plant. He gets fair returns. Perhaps he has lots of competition. I don't think the jobber or the middle-man has as good a time of it as the retailer. Just taking it from a general viewpoint, the retailer seems to be more prosperous right along.

Q. Have those with whom you associate given any thought as to what taxables should be added to the present list, assuming there is not sufficient revenue?

A. We did not take anything up except automobiles. I proposed that some time ago. Mr. Wilson Brown, of the Manufacturers' Club, spoke of it at the last meeting here, I think, some time in April. I was sick at the time. I think we should make the license on automobiles about a dollar per horse power. It is a luxury and everybody that runs an automobile has such large expenses otherwise that they wouldn't feel that.

Q. I presume for additional revenue that would be a very small drop in a very large bucket?

A. It has been estimated it would raise a million dollars or more. That would go a good way towards good roads. It ought to go to the Road Department, I think.

Q. One of the principal demands has been from the State Grange people, who think larger sums should be given for school purposes?

A. Farmers are more prosperous than the manufacturers. The farmers are not taxed much, and they are more prosperous to-day than the manufacturers. They are not as large producers. The manufacturers are producing more to-day than the farmers in dollars and cents.

Q. The farmers will show you they are assessed out of proportion, and produce statistics to show that the farmer pays a higher rate than any other interest. They gave us those figures, and I would be pleased to give you a copy of it.

A. They are the most prosperous of any class of people to-day, I think. Now, you asked a while ago about the class of manufacturers who might be taxed. I would not want to suggest that there is particularly, but the only manufacturer who is sure of making any amount of money is one who is manufacturing a patented article, or something of that kind, and has a monopoly, and there isn't so many of those, I don't suppose.

Q. They work under patents?

A. Yes.

Q. They have exclusive rights, those people?

A. Yes. They can get their profits, where those who have plenty of competition can't get them.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. What do you think the State's attitude should be towards its private charities in this Commonwealth, with reference to continuing appropriations?

A. Well, as Mr. Roberts stated, we talked over that matter last night, and we were all of one opinion, that the State should not, when they didn't have the money to spare, appropriate money to charitable institutions in which they did not have some control or some ownership. If they had plenty of funds, it would be a different thing.

Q. You think, therefore, the title to the property should be vested in the Commonwealth?

A. If they want money from the Commonwealth. At least they ought to have credit to the extent of the amount they appropriate.

Q. That seemed to be the opinion of the gentlemen who were assembled together last evening; is that your thought?

A. Yes.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. As a matter of information, the average rate of tax on real estate in Pennsylvania is estimated to be eighteen mills, and the average rate of tax on personal property is three and a quarter mills. That is, six times as much?

A. There are lots of corporations besides the manufacturing corporations that are not as good to the State as others. Every community is after manufacturers. They give them inducements to come there, and after they get them there then if they are successful the community is successful. I think as the State has made these inducements, which I think other States do to get manufacturers, they ought to encourage them instead of trying to discourage them.

Q. The thought is this, that they, having been exempted since 1885, are in a position to-day to help the State; that is the consensus of opinion of those who have written us?

A. There might be a few, a small percentage, that are in shape to be taxed, but I do not see how you can discriminate. Besides that, all these are propositions to tax manufacturers or manufacturing corporations. They leave out the individual and the partnerships, who are just as able and just as good competitors as we are. They make just as much money as the corporations, and perhaps more, and not only that, but in taxing the corporations you tax a lot of small stockholders, and in leaving out the partnerships or individuals who are competitors they have the whole concern themselves, and they are left exempt in this National Tax Bill, and it has been talked the same way in proposed bills in the State. It is a discrimination against the fellow who incorporates his business; sometimes they incorporate as a matter of necessity; they don't have money enough, and the manufacturer gets several people together with small means. There is no reason why they should be taxed, and the other fellow who has plenty of money to run his business will be exempt.

Q. You would distinguish between competitive businesses?

A. Yes. You dare not discriminate against them. It is unfair and unjust.

Q. I mean between them, and not against them.

By Mr. Woodward:

Q. You said you believe the charitable institutions who receive State aid should not receive it unless the State held title to the property?

A. Well, held title to it to the extent to which they receive State aid.

Q. Do you think that would be a good thing for the State to take title and continue to support these institutions?

A. Well, I haven't looked into that. You can answer that question. I think this is a matter for the State to look into.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Why can't your Pennsylvania Manufacturers' Association look at this subject from all viewpoints and give us the benefit of their judgment, not from the interest of the manufacturer or the middle-man or from any other person with selfish interests, but from the interest of what is best for all people of the Commonwealth? Why should not all these interests do that?

A. Well, you naturally think we come here in behalf of our own interests, but at our meeting last night and the way I have felt right straight along has been in the general interest of the Commonwealth. I am sincere in what I say. I am not looking at the matter in a selfish way entirely.

Q. Your thought is that no matter what money may be needed, that under no circumstances should manufacturers be taxed; I mean the capital stock?

A. Yes, I think it would be a great mistake to tax the manufacturers, because, as I said before, they are great benefactors to any community, and you want to encourage them rather than discourage them.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. On that score you don't want us to believe the manufacturing corporation is invited into a community for the benefit which is going to accrue to that community, do you?

A. I certainly do.

Q. Isn't it a fact that men who embrace that particular line of business with their capital, do so for the profits that are in it?

A. I admit that.

Q. Isn't that true in every business?

A. Yes, the men who embrace that business now are not going in it for fun, of course.

Q. You don't want us to believe a man puts a million and a half in a manufacturing plant for the purpose of the benefits largely that are going to accrue to the inhabitants of Philadelphia or any other community?

A. I don't say that.

Q. You are talking about what benefits accrue to the particular community?

A. The man who goes in a business goes in it for his own gain always, but when he does that he benefits the community and the community needs him as much as he needs the community.

Q. And the community recognizes that and deals with him accordingly?

A. They are bidding for them all the time. We hear of them doing it.

Q. They are remote spots and the conditions are not favorable, but you take a city like Philadelphia, those men are seeking Philadelphia, and not Philadelphia seeking them. I know if I had $500,000 to invest in a manufacturing business, we would get the most desirable spot productive of the most beneficial results.

A. How would you get that desirable spot?

Q. By having competent men to locate us in a spot that would have all the facilities that would be necessary to properly conduct that business.

A. Isn't it a fact that if you had a hundred thousand dollars to put into a large manufacturing plant, and you let it be known, that different sections of Philadelphia would be after you to get it?

Q. Yes, but I would locate in that section wherein I would be told by a man who would be competent to tell me, where I could produce my goods for the least cost and sell it for the largest profits. The manufacturer does not go to the community unless he finds favorable conditions.

A. Certainly, he is looking out for his own interest, too. I am making the point that the communities are seeking manufacturers, and why? Because they are benefactors, they bring money to the communities.

Q. Those communities are seeking them because they have no other facility by which they can develop the growth of their community, but the manufacturer seeks the community that has got desirable conditions.

A. When you come to a city like Philadelphia it is quite different from towns like Norristown or towns a great deal larger all through the State.

Q. I agree with you.

A. I will give you an instance right in my own town, and I dare say there are hundreds of towns in the State doing the same thing. We have been asked to bid for different manufactories there, I suppose a half dozen times at least within the last year, and we have always made an effort to get them, because we think they are benefactors. Not only the business men are seeking them, but the manufacturers themselves, for the benefit of the town and the community. That is the general thing everywhere.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. That would not be governed by any State tax; that would be governed by the local tax?

A. That is not considering any tax at all. That is showing manufacturers our benefactors to any community and every community wants them. What I want to say along that line is that we should not discourage them by trying to tax them and drive them out of the State. There are not such big profits in manufacturing as some people try to make the public believe there are.

By Mr. Moyer:

Q. The State's resources would have something to do with locating the plant?

A. The State's resources?

Q. Yes, the natural resources of the Commonwealth?

A. Sometimes in certain things, if a man is using any large amount of fuel he would want to get near a coal mine, providing he couldn't get a freight rate as cheap as he could up near the mine.

Q. Take the large steel corporations in the Western part of the State, the statement was made at Pittsburg that they would likely locate in the State of West Virginia or some other nearby State if they were taxed, because of the accessibility of fuel.

A. Fuel and waterways and things like that, where they have lots of freight like a steel plant, but there are different States have those facilities.

A. I haven't given that any consideration, but we naturally think so.

Q. You get better returns?

A. Yes, but there are plenty of towns in Pennsylvania besides Norristown.

Q. I mean anywhere in Pennsylvania?

A. Yes.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Norristown is all right, from your point of view?

A. Yes, I like Norristown. I have no objection to it.

Mr. Shoemaker: There is one other gentleman on this Committee who would like to ask for your consideration. You have been exceedingly kind.

Mr. ROBERT A. GARTWAITE, Treasurer of the J. Ellwood Lee Manufacturing Company, of Conshohocken, called.

Mr. Gartwaite: I would just like to supplement Mr. Rambo's remarks in regard to manufacturing concerns leaving the State and going into other towns and boroughs. I have an instance in our own concern. We have just had an offer to go to New Brunswick, New Jersey, and to go to Illinois and be given ground free if we would bring out plant there, and although there are only about five or six thousand people in Conshohocken, the Borough Council got together and requested us to remain in Conshohocken. We employ about five hundred people, and it would undoubtedly be a great loss to the town if we were to leave. While you say that the people do not seek the manufacturers, I think we can take exceptions to that, in that these people have kept right after us to stay in Conshohocken, and the only reason we stay there is simply because it is the home of the company, and we do not get any better facilities than we would if were over in New Brunswick, New Jersey. Of course, you say a place like Philadelphia might be more attractive, but in a large majority of cases you will find the manufacturer can go to any place—he doesn't have to be in a large city if he is on a good railroad and can get a good siding and reasonable freight rates; it doesn't matter whether there are twenty thousand or a hundred thousand people in the town he is located in, because the manufacturer produces and he has to ship his products any way and is not dependent upon the surrounding people and the city in which he is located for his support.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. How about his help? Do you mean to say you could retain your help as easily in a town of five thousand inhabitants as you could in a town of a hundred thousand?

A. I mean to say you can go to a town of five thousand people with such a plant as ours and get plenty of help.

Q. And retain them?

A. Yes. We have no unions out there and everything goes along very smoothly, and, in fact, people are coming all the time from other places wanting to locate there. Also, I think that a great many Senators and the people at Harrisburg are under the impression that manufacturers are, as you say, bloated bondholders. I think you will find, as Mr. Rambo said, that 75 to 80 per cent. are just struggling along for an honest profit. Take our big corporations, such as the Steel crowd and the Standard Oil bunch, you will find they are men who have made money out of the manufacturing, probably, but the rest of the people have made their money in banking and have worked until they have become very wealthly. The story of the manufacturers going to Europe and Paris and spending money made in this country, I think is greatly exaggerated.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. What would you term Carnegie—a bloated bondholder or banker? What category would you put him in?

A. He is a millionaire.

Q. And Rockefeller?

A. He is a millionaire.

Q. What do you find the people taking passage to Europe, such as Gary?

A. The Steel crowd, I admit, and the Standard Oil crowd are the millionaires who have been manufacturers, but the majority of the rest of them have made their money out of railroads and stocks and bonds, such as the Vanderbilts and the Goulds and Astors.

Q. I think you should furnish a list of statistics as to the standing of the manufacturers?

A. I say the people in general throughout the State think the manufacturers are making immense profits where in reality they are only making a legitimate honest profit, 75 per cent. of them.

Q. We do not believe that. You are only quoting some of the Democratic newspapers here in the city. We would like for you to give us the facts to disabuse the minds of the people?

A. You must admit a great many people in the country have made their money——

Q. I have been trying to figure out and discover how they did make it. I haven't been able to make it out how a system that our people would lose the benefit of com- they did do it.

A. If you make a tax that would take in all that crowd you will be doing something.

Q. We are after them.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. How do you distinguish in the illustration I gave to Mr. Roberts, between taxing a man on one corner, having the same amount of capital invested, and not taxing the manufacturer across the street?

A. I think if you place the manufacturer on one corner and a merchant on the other corner——

Q. I am assuming each gets the same result, the net earnings at the end of the year and the net result, charging off everything you would ordinarily charge off to profit and loss in the manufacturing and mercantile business, and each man has made exactly the same from his business. Why would you tax one and not the other?

A. Because the merchant was probably benefiting from more than the one concern across the street.

Q. The net result is the same?

A. What I mean is that he is selling more than that one company's product, and therefore he is benefiting from more than one manufacturing concern, and if the manufacturer closes down probably that concern would go on, because it takes many more people to manufacture goods than it does to sell it.

Q. You don't think a man should pay tax according to his ability to do so?

A. I think the manufacturers of this State are taxed enough, and I think with this new National Government tax going into effect it is going to be very hard. I know it is going to be hard in our case, and we sell to State institutions such as hospitals.

Q. We have had one manufacturer here who said it didn't make much difference; he would simply add it on to the price of his product, and it didn't make any difference to him.

A. But if you place a manufacturer on one corner and a merchant on the other, both employing the same number of help, and both making the same percentage of profit, you will find that the merchant is making his profit out of more than one concern; therefore he is benefiting probably from four to five manufacturers throughout the United States.

Q. What is the net result to the Commonwealth?

A. Well, of course, if they both pay taxes, the Commonwealth would get it from both sources, but it would be harder on the manufacturer.

Q. I mean outside of the tax. What is the difference in the general net result to the Commonwealth outside of the question that one pays and the other does not pay; how is the Commonwealth benefited? Isn't the man on the corner with the store——

A. Don't you think there should be some distinction between a manufacturing man who is producing and the merchant who is selling the product?

Q. That is what I am trying to find out from you?

A. I certainly do. I think the man that is producing and is really keeping the town together should be given more credit and should be exempt from certain taxes, than the man who is simply a merchant and buys and sells goods from probably five or six different concerns throughout other different States. The merchant could go out of business, but it wouldn't hurt the town. If the manufacturer went out of business it would hurt the town materially.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. Very few manufacturers who went out of business had a profitable investment. In your recollection can you give us any idea of the number of manufacturers who went out of business and who had a profitable investment?

A. He would be foolish if he did.

Q. Consequently his business would become a sort of burden upon him and fail to produce proper revenue, and that would be the cause of putting him out of business?

A. He would go out of business if he didn't make a profit.

Q. If he is not making good returns for the amount of money invested, very few of them neglect to change their location.

A. I don't quite agree with you there. As I said, the community, from the fact that it is a community, does not benefit the manufacturer to any great extent, because his product is sold probably hundreds of miles from where he is located.

Q. The cost of production is largely taken into consideration in locating a plant, isn't it?

A. You can go to any town, and if you are in a town of 5,000 for instance, where we are, we could go over to New Brunswick and get the same labor facilities we have now.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. But you have to pay a tax there, just the same as you are now?

A. Yes. This National tax which is going into effect doesn't affect partnership concerns. It will affect us to a great extent, and if, as you say, you can pass some law which will take in concerns such as the Standard Oil and the United States Steel Trust you will be doing something, but the poor people who are only making ten or twelve thousand dollars a year are going to be taxed, so it runs up, you know.

By Mr. Woodward:

Q. Do you think the State ought to continue the policy of appropriating money to private charities?

A. I think they should when they retain an interest in the property, but there are a great many people that are living off the State who are connnected with these private charities, no doubt. But I think if you discontinue your appropriations to the State organizations I think we, for one, would go out of business, because our business is largely selling to the State hospitals, and they are the only hospitals that pay.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. That is the trouble. Take this proposition and you go on and talk about it, and you get right back where you started from. You try to leave out the links in the chain and when you leave out one the thing falls apart.

A. If you retain an interest in every public charity to which you appropriate money, of course you are not losing anything.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. Would it be necessary for our State hospitals to purchase the articles that you supply from you people alone? Are there no other persons in the business that would be able to furnish them?

A. Yes.

Q. That is a sort of an inducement why you don't leave Pennsylvania?

A. I should say so. They buy even now too much from out of the State.

Q. Are you trying to show Pennsylvania why they should buy more of you?

A. No. That argument we used about ten years ago to no effect.

By Mr. Woodward:

Q. If we would continue to appropriate these moneys, your concern then would not object to paying one mill tax?

A. The money we would get from the State hospitals, the interest on it, probably wouldn't pay the one mill tax.

Q. You probably would charge the State one mill extra?

A. Because the hospital goods we sell them is sold at very nearly cost in the first place, and in the second place it goes to pay a few salaries.

By Mr Brown:

Q. Let me ask you on that line: You sell a number of hospitals?

A. We sell the State hospitals.

Q. Do you sell a number of them?

A. We sell quite a few throughout all the States.

Q. I understand that they buy the goods at a very slight profit to you?

A. A very slight profit; they get the best wholesale prices.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. You also sell to private institutions?

A. Yes; and we sell to dealers.

Q. And I understand the State gets the best price——

A. The best price obtainable.

Q Not only here, but other States?

A If the State buys $20 worth of cotton a year, they get the same piece of cotton as the man who buys $10,000 worth. That is a fact.

Mr. Rambo: I just want to answer a question in regard to the eighteen mills and the three and a quarter mills. Mr. Brown asked me about the difference, and in looking over it it looks to me as though we pay the eighteen and the three and a quarter.

Mr. Brown: Providing you pay on the real estate and at the same time pay the other.

Mr. Rambo: We pay on the real estate. The question has been asked several times about manufacturers going out of business, and so on, and to name some. I did not name any particular ones, but I know there must be eight or ten, as I said, inmy own line, right in my own town, that have gone out of business.

Mr. Brown: That is a case of drying up, as it were.

Mr. Rambo: I can name three ironmasters who died poor in my own town.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. What was their age when they died; how old were they when they died?

A. That doesn't make any difference. I don't know anything about that.

Q. Oh, yes, it does.

Mr. Brown: We have the representative of the Philadelphia Real Estate Brokers' Association here, Mr. D. E. Dallam.

Mr. Dallam: I only received notice of the meeting yesterday, so I am not prepared. I am a very poor speaker and may make a rambling speech.

Mr. Brown: You gentlemen may not have had but a few minutes' notice, but you have been thinking over the subject for months.

Mr. McNichol: What is Mr. Dallam going to talk about?

Mr. Brown: Mr. Dallam is going to talk on the subject of adding to the list of taxables.

Mr. McNichol: For the purpose of reducing the burden on real estate?

Mr. Brown: Yes; along the line of contribution to the general revenue.

Mr. Dallam: We are all selfish, and therefore we speak to selfish interests. First, as I said before, we are entirely interested in city tax. The position is this: The city of Philadelphia must have additional income, and under the present law, as I said before, practically all the city has is a right to tax real estate. Now, we want, therefore, the taxing powers of the city enlarged or some of the taxes collected in the County of Philadelphia to be diverted to city purposes. Of course, people say to me: "You have a very low tax in Philadelphia." Yes, I grant you. The City of Philadelphia collects less money really than any other large cities in comparison, without throwing any bouquets, but what we ask is an equitable apportionment of the taxes.

Now, the tax per capita, for instance, if there is a hundred dollars to be raised and there are one hundred people to pay it, that is ten dollars a head, but where out of the hundred people you make ten pay it, we do object. That is the way it is. Now, of the accumulated capital of the City of Philadelphia only one-tenth of it is in real estate, and yet that one-tenth practically pays all our city tax. Of course, the other nine-tenths part of it pay the State tax. We want that diverted.

Now, at the present time I say without contradiction, and I have been at it for forty years, that we are paying more today out of our net return from our real estate for taxes than ever before. We are paying—at least 25 per cent. of our net revenue goes to the city tax, and in New York, which collects over 125 millions, the highest rate I can find on Broadway is 18 per cent. Therefore, we say that this has practically stopped the purchase of real estate in Philadelphia for investment. Parties are buying now for some special purposes, either for homes or some factory sites or to increase a man's business, or speculators, with the hope of unloading on somebody else. We claim personal property ought to bear its particular share of tax, and if any increase is made we think it should be put upon something else besides real estate. If there is any increase to be made, we want it put upon somebody else. Mr. Brown asked me particularly about a mercantile tax. Now, we nave here what we call practically a license. We have three of them, we have the liquor license, brokers' license and mercantile license. We ought to have here all that combined I am suggesting these other ways of avoiding taxing us—we ought to have an occupation tax, and that was covered by the third resolution of the Real Estate Brokers' Association presented here on February 25, which reads:

"Each and every individual, firm, limited partnership and corporation engaged in a legitimate business or profession, having an office or place of business for the transaction of the same, shall pay a license to the county in which said office is located."

The first thing would be for the city or the county to have a registration of every person engaged in any capacity, except as an employe. Now, if nothing else, they should be registered. Now, the question is if we take that mercantile tax as it is——

Mr. Brown: Let me interrupt you there. Would it be on gross receipts?

Mr. Dallam: I am talking of registration. We will come to how to collect it afterwards. First, we have the registration of every person. Now, at present the little woman at the corner who sells tobacco and candy must pay $2.50 when she opens her doors, and the manufacturer on the other side of the street doesn't pay a cent and the doctor or dentist who lives adjoining this little woman, who has probably three or four thousand dollars a year income, he don't pay a cent. The question is why shouldn't they all be registered, and if we tax everybody and everything in that way, then we will get a lower tax among us all. As I say, instead of ten people paying the tax a hundred will pay the tax, and it will be diminished on all of us.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Why should the real estate broker pay a tax and the lawyer not pay one?

A. I have asked that question, but that hurts the professional feelings.

Q. What is the reason for it?

A. There is no reason for it. I do not employ a cent of capital. Of course, I have my own capital. It doesn't require a cent of capital for you to put your house in my hands for sale, and I secure a purchaser for it and get a hundred dollars for it. As I said in my address before the Brokers' Association, one-half of the real estate is sold by the lawyers and trust companies that don't pay a cent, and until the act of 1895—I went to the Legislature at Harrisburg and I applied for the repeal of the act of 1862, and the Legislature of 1895 repealed it. I cite here as an exact case, yesterday I bought a property for a corporation. I was told it was worth $75,000, and I charged them $750. A lawyer sold it and charged them $800, and under the act of 1862, which was repealed, we, as real estate brokers, were compelled to make a return of that sale and pay $22.50, and the lawyer did not pay anything to the State. We pay one-half of one per cent. upon our gross receipts without allowing anything for our office expenses, which may in some offices run one-half—we pay one-half of 1 per cent. and do not object to paying it, but I think the lawyer should pay his share as well as I do.

Now, you ask me the concrete question as to what tax would be just. Those that are older than I am—I am old enough—but those older gentlemen know the United States in 1862 passed an internal revenue tax, and after consideration they fixed upon one dollar a thousand as a just charge upon a man's savings, and we were then compelled to go down and make an affidavit as to our active sales for the preceding year. There is no reason why every manufacturer or man who sells his goods and every retailer and wholesale dealer should not pay the same. The retailer pays fifty cents to-day and the wholeseler pays a dollar. Who can tell the difference when a man has a sign out, "Wholesale and Retail Dealer?" I think they should pay a dollar and everybody pay it, the manufacturer included.

As regards professional men, taken off on the second of May, there are 659 people in the five professions, architects, dentists, doctors, engineers and lawyers. Those men are in the Philadelphia directory. None of them pay a cent.

Q. Why wouldn't you include there every man who doesn't work for another?

A. I pick them out merely to show the number. They were easy to count. I think our resolution is very plain: "Each and every individual, firm, limited partnership and corporation engaged in a legitimate business or profession, having an office or place of business for the transaction of same, shall pay a license to the county in which said office is located." Now, if we do that we will get a great deal of money.

As regards the amount we will get on this mercantile tax from manufacturers, you asked me that question. I have not yet been able to find any one in the association who is able to tell me the output of Philadelphia. According to Mr. he and I went over it, the output of the City of Philadelphia manufacturers in 1876 was over $500,000,000. That would be $500,000. Now, according to my estimate, the best I can find out, the output of the City of Philadelphia manufacturers is about $900,000,000. That would be $900,000 simply at one mill.

Q. What answer have you got to make to the manufacturers that that is a prohibitive tax?

A. If the manufacturer can not make as much or more than the wholesale dealer he is going out of business. They are not in business for fun. If the business is not profitable they fail. It is like any other man—they are looking out for their own interest. I think if they can't pay one-tenth of 1 per cent. on the sales, because that is what it amounts to—they pay 1 per cent. to the broker who sells goods for them, and 1 per cent. to the merchant—if they can't pay one-tenth of 1 per cent. on the sales, I don't think the business is worth carrying on. We people in the City of Philadelphia whom I represent, we are simply selfish, we do not want any more tax placed upon us; we are paying enough. We are paying more than we ever did,

and I think if the State will divert that tax, that will divert $900,000, because the City of Philadelphia must have about $5,000,000 more added to its income. You may juggle figures and re-assessments and all that rigamarole, you can't get out of it. I don't think it is fair.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. How do you make your calculations of that $5,000,000 more for current revenue? Give us the facts. On what basis do you make that assertion?

A. If you will talk to any of the operative builders——

Q. I am talking to Mr. Dallam, who has made the assertion that no matter how you juggle figures, the City of Philadelphia must have five millions more added to its income, and when a man makes that assertion he must have some ground for making it?

A. That is arbitrary. It is arbitrary with me. I will take the responsibility for it. I have had property in the lower part of town and I was asked how much it would require to put a main sewer there, and they say three or four hundred thousand dollars. I will say to you in Richmond street we cannot do any building whatever north of the gas plant until we get our main sewers in, and it will take almost three hundred thousand dollars to main sewer those streets.

Q. How many streets are there?

A. About five or six of them.

Q. You do not consider a main sewer is a question that affects the current revenue of the city?

A. No, but ——

Q. Let us get down to the question of current revenue of our city?

A. I am speaking entirely from the standpoint of the real estate builder.

Q. I am looking from the viewpoint of the five millions additional that would be required to run the current expenses of the City of Philadelphia, and I am hunting for information from just such men as you as to what you include in that item that you say represents the five millions of dollars?

A. Don't interrupt me until I get through. It all comes in the word "running the city." You may run the city with one amount of money, and somebody else might run it with another amount of money, but the way I want to run it is this: I want, when the operative builder sees a piece of ground, and he says, "I can use it, I can get a sewer——"

Q. I just want to check you up as you itemize. You don't mean to have this committee believe that the installation of sewers or opening of streets should be considered in the item of current expenses?

A. Oh, no, not that.

Q. Give us your idea.

A. That is my way of counting it.

Q. No, as a practical man you wouldn't put it that way. A sewer is a permanent improvement. I want to get from you, Mr. Dallam, wherein you have the facts that it requires five millions of dollars additional to run the current expenses of the City of Philadelphia?

A. I put it in this way, and I think you will agree with me. Mr. McNichol, that we can spend it very advantageously no matter where we get it; I don't dispute it for a moment, we could spend five millions of dollars very advantageously, yet before it can be spent——

Q. On what?

A. Main sewers and opening the streets.

Q. Let me ask you a question. Instead of requiring money for additional current expenses, as you say we do, is not the trouble in Philadelphia that we are operating under a constitutional provision passed thirty or forty years ago, and under which no business of an up-to-date character is being conducted?

A. What do you mean—the pay-as-you-go bill?

Q. We pay as we go every day. In other words, if you have a permanent investment or improvement to make, the city has the right to have the borrowing capacity to put that permanent improvement in at once?

A. If you put it that way, yes.

Q. Would you, as a business man, operate your financial conditions as you did thirty years ago?

A. I don't know as I exactly would. I would have to do it more economically.

Q. You are not operating to-day as you did thirty years ago?

A. I don't know but I am.

Q. You have advanced with the conditions and with the times; your production has advanced in that respect?

A. Yes.

Q. The trouble with Philadelphia as a business proposition, and you will admit it, is that the borrowing capacity is limited to 7 per cent. and it should be 10 or 12 per cent., so that when the growth of the city requires a permanent improvement to be made in the City of Philadelphia, it should not be compelled to wait two or three years for it?

A. I want the money. I don't care how you get it. Interest items are a very small item. I don't care where you get it, we want five million dollars additional money for this year, and last year, and so on. You may take it out of a public loan for current expenses.

Q. Should it be taken out of current improvements?

A. We perfectly agree with you, that a permanent improvement like a thirty-foot sewer should be taken out of a permanent loan, but I know we don't get the money and we don't get the improvements, and therefore the real estate fraternity know we have to submit to more taxes.

Q. I will give you one reason why you haven't got it. To our regret, we for once in our lifetime listened to the voice of a reformer, and in doing that the City of Philadelphia has got to suffer for two or three years until we get ourselves up-to-date and in condition as other cities.

A. Other States allow 10 per cent., we know, and the New York people have complained that having left it at 10 per cent., they are now going to get an act passed to draw special bonds against special improvements. Their necessities have outgrown their income, yet they get thirty millions a year out of New York City, and we only get twenty-five millions.

Q. If we had sixty millions of bonds we could take care of every permanent improvement and complete everything in the City of Philadelphia for the next thirty years.

A. We have got to have the money. You remember that the moment we get a main sewer and we open up a street, a piece of property which I sell a man for six thousand dollars an acre and which at that time is probably taxed at forty thousand dollars, the moment his houses are built it is taxed for $250,000 and the city gets that much revenue back.

Q. Yes, but you wouldn't think it was a fair proposition to make the people of to-day pay an additional tax to build that sewer?

A. No, certainly not. That is a different question. When I say we must have——

Q. Just a common sense question?

A. Certainly.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. Have you made a comparison between the proportions of the net income taken from the real estate owner in New York and in Philadelphia?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. And it is 25 per cent. in New York and 18 per cent. in Philadelphia?

A. Oh, no. Twenty-five per cent. of our annual revenues.

Q. Isn't it because our houses are two-story houses, and most of the houses there are three-story?

A. Yes.

Q. It cost just as much to pave the street and light the street here in the City of Philadelphia, where we have two-story houses, as it does where they have three-story houses?

A. In a New York block the same size houses have a two-million dollar assessment, and it will just cost the city as much to maintain that street as it would a block in which the assessment was more, but my point is this, that the taxes have grown so high that we get to-day less percentage from our houses than we ever did, and that is now about 25 per cent. of our net income, and in New York the maximum amount is only 18 per cent.

Q. You folks have advocated a tax on art, pictures, and so on. Do you think that is the consensus of opinion?

A. Our consensus of opinion is to tax everything in sight.

Q. You think the man who owns a two or three story house, or any other house, would be better satisfied if his personal property therein is taxed?

A. The first idea of taxation is to exempt necessities as much as possible and tax luxuries as much as they will bear. Therefore, when we in our resolution suggested an exemption to a householder of a thousand dollars, we thought that would exempt three-quarters of the ordinary housekeepers, but the man who chooses to decorate his house with fine art and paintings and other bric-a-brac, we thought he should pay for that luxury. The same way I first proposed a tax on automobiles. As I said, a man drives up to my house in an automobile that cost $4,000 on which he doesn't pay any tax, whereas, if I sell a man a $4,000 house he pays $60 a year. The man with the luxury gets off free.

Q. Probably if he had not had the automobile he would not have come to your place and you would not have induced him to spend a hundred thousand dollars in some other place.

A. In the Ohio Tax Law, 1910, they tax everything there.

Q. How much of that do they collect? We had a man before us out in Pittsburg, an expert from Ohio, and they practically admitted that they couldn't collect anything of their personal tax; it was a dead letter, and he came to advise us to exempt all personal property?

A. That is the law of Ohio, 1910. The table that goes with it shows the amount of the collection and assessment. As to the way of collecting those things, that, of course, is a matter for quibble. Most of it, we know, is an income tax, and we can't get it, and the way to collect is to assess an approximate estimate. In the way the broker makes a return, it is a very fair way, and that is, he swears whether he has made over ten thousand dollars and less than twenty thousand dollars. Any man is perfectly willing to say that. Or, if he has made over twenty thousand dollars, he is perfectly willing to say, but what they do object to is to specifying the exact amount.

Q. That is graduated between lump sums?

A. Yes.

Mr. Brown: We have the Board of Mercantile Appraisers here on an invitation, and the Chairman, Mr. Van Valkenburg, has spoken to me and suggested that the information could be gotten from Mr. Ransley, as he is probably more experienced than some of the others.

Murdock Kendrick: I represent the Board in their disagreements, which are very few, with the taxables, and we came here in response to an invitation from the Counsel or Secretary of your Commission. We did not know just what you wanted. We have not formulated any particular ideas. We are spending most of our time in enforcing the law as it exists at the present time. We have statistics here which will give you the amount we have collected during the last three years, the amount it cost to collect, etc. It was suggested by your counsel that they would like to know what experiences the appraisers found in going around, as to the agreeableness or disagreeableness of their visits. I can say, because I have been present during the ten days during which we have had appeals from the assessments, that out of 50,000 assessments there were during those ten days not more than 500 who presented themselves to make appeals from the bills that they had received, and in at least half of those cases they were where the taxables had refused to make returns in accordance with the law, and the appraisers when there was

a failure to make a return always solved the doubt in favor of the Commonwealth and rated them a little higher than they thought perhaps they were actually entitled to, in order to bring the taxable to make a return.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. You say there were 50,000 taxables?

A. Yes, sir, and possibly out of that number 500 actually came in in the ten days fixed for appeals, appeals from the ratings that had been given, and at least half of those were not where the Board refused to accept the return, but where no returns were made to the Board, in accordance with their duties under the law they had to rate them.

Q. You want to know what the Committee want, and Mr. Brown can give you an idea of what the meeting is for and why the Mercantile Appraisers were called here.

Mr. Brown: I might say that there has been an agitation in this State for many years, and at the last session of the Legislature it took an acute form in a united opposition to continuance of the levying of the mercantile license tax, and we have received so many letters—in fact out of the 50,000 letters sent out throughout the State covering all the subjects which this Committee has been appointed to investigate, a very large number of them have been in opposition to the mercantile license tax, and in every class practically there has been opposition to it, and the thought is that we should gather and get all the information possible as to the fairness of the tax, and as to whether or not it is one that should be repealed. It is in that spirit of gathering information on the subject that we have invited these gentlemen here to-day, so we can have the benefit of their judgment. That is the general thought.

Mr. Kendrick: I would say to the Commission in response to that that the first argument that might be made is a historical argument, that it has been one of the oldest taxes in continuous existence in this Commonwealth for almost a hundred years. It seems to me the logical conclusion to be drawn from the last argument we heard on behalf of the real estate brokers must be an income tax is the fairest tax, and while I am only expressing my own opinion, I trust sincerely that this Commission in making its report will consider seriously the advisability of framing an income tax and also an inheritance tax. I speak with regard to that for myself. But the mercantile tax laws as now enforced have, I think, all the good features of the income tax, without having the bad feature in the income tax, which is the inquisitorial tendency. We do not ask each dealer just what he makes each year. We ask him what his gross sales are, and on his gross sales, irrespective of profits, a certain percentage is taxed.

By Mr. McNichol:

Q. Is that percentage fixed by law?

A. Yes, one mill on retailers and one-half a mill on wholesalers, and the reason for that is that, as a rule, the retailer makes a larger percentage on the amount of goods sold than the wholesaler; as a general business proposition the wholesaler has to sell twice as much goods in order to get the same profit that the retailer does. The percentage of the retailer is greater. That is, classifying all retailers. The Acts draw a distinction between what is a wholesaler and what is a retailer.

Q. You do not mean to tell this Committee that the wholesaler makes less than the retailer?

A. Percentage, yes, sir, and that is the theory on which these Acts were framed, and I believe it to be true, and I think that as a general business proposition you will find that the wholesale merchant does not get as large a commission or percentage of profit as the retailer does—the gross, I mean. The Act makes that distinction and also defines what a retailer and what a wholesaler is. The wholesaler is one who sells to somebody else not the consumer, and the retailer is one who sells to the consumer only.

Mr. Brown: Another thing, probably, Mr. Ransley or one of the appraisers would be better qualified to speak about it, but we find in a number of the letters that there is no opposition to the tax, but they complain largely outside of the city that all in the same class are not taxed; in other words, that the tax does not operate equally on all. They say, "We are glad to pay our tax providing the other fellow in the same business pays his share."

Mr. Kendrick: Of course, we cannot speak for anybody outside of the County of Philadelphia, but so far as the County of Philadelphia is concerned, I can assure this Commission that the law is equally administered as to all persons of the same class. It may be that an appraiser when he has a whole district without any supervision other than the County Treasurer might make exceptions, but whether through ignorance or mistake or otherwise there are exceptions made, that would not affect the wisdom of the law, but only the propriety of its administration.

Mr. Brown: If you want to answer for the whole Board as to the practical workings of it, I will go on and ask you some questions.

Mr. H. C. Ransley: I will answer any question you want to ask. My experience has been, so far as being a mercantile appraiser, that we have also received many letters from time to time, as you have complained, that people have not been assessed, where the man or the firm making the complaint says that they have been assessed, but that their competitors have not. We have made an investigation of those facts as complained of in the letters, and every time, so far as the district that I have in hand is concerned, I have found that those complaints were false. The appraiser to a great extent has his own district positively in charge. He is responsible for his district. I have never investigated any other complaints but those being made of the district that I have in charge, and it is fair to presume that the complaints that you have received have no more foundation than the complaints that I have investigated in the city, that they are not made on facts. In the first place taxes of any kind are not popular with the people, and therefore complaints will be made from time to time. In other words, I believe that the great bulk of your letters complaining are not really founded on facts, judging from the experience that I have had.

Q. How do you start out to make your appraisements; what is the first step?

A. The first step is to send out——

Q. In the first place, there are five in your Board.

A. Five members on the Board.

Q. Five mercantile appraisers?

A. And each member has a clerk.

Q. What is the first thing you do towards getting a list of taxables?

A. We send out about the first of the year, usually the last two or three days in December, a blank form requesting all those who are——

Q. How do you get the names of those to whom you send the blank form?

A. From the previous assessment that has been made in the year previous.

Q. You take that from the book that is furnished to the City Treasurer; a complete list.

A. No, we take that from our own canvass that has been made.

Q. Why don't you take it from the return which has been made to the City Treasurer?

A. Because we take all our own street books and perfect the State book according to our street book, our street book being at all times recognized as the book of original entry, and therefore should be the reliable book.

Q. Does your street book tally with the City Treasurer's book for the preceding year?

A. I may state it does.

Q. That is the idea?

A. It must do so.

Q. Because the City Treasurer's book is made up from the street book?

A. Which is the book of original entry.

Q. And from this street book you send the preliminary notice?

A. Yes.

Q. What is the next step?

A. We will have probably 20 per cent., 20 to 30 or 35 per cent. of the people will make sworn returns. Those who do not make returns, it is then the duty of the appraiser to call upon them.

Q. Isn't it the duty of the appraiser to call on all of the taxables?

A. Why should he call upon the man who has made sworn returns? That would be merely interfering with his day's business.

Q. How do you know whether the man who makes the return has made a correct return, unless you go into his place and take a look yourself?

A. Well, as we go around——

Q. What I ask you has been suggested by these different things?

A. As we go on the street of the man who has made a return the appraiser naturally will size up the business. If he has been in the district any length of time he is more or less familiar with the size of the business, the depth of the store, the stock carried, and so on. He must have been at some time in that store. He will then find out whether—that is, he will judge whether that return is low or not. If it is low, it is customary for the appraisers to mark "Low Appraisement," and next year when returns are made again and sworn to, to refuse to accept them until an investigation is made or an explanation made.

Q. What is your next step? From the street books you send a notice, and then those that do not reply you visit?

A. We call on them, not only getting the old appraisements, but all new appraisements.

Q. How do you get new appraisements?

A. By visiting them, being upon the street, by the actual street canvass from house to house.

Q. So by that means none can escape?

A. Absolutely none, providing the appraiser is diligent.

Q. Well, have you folks ever had any complaints that the appraiser had not been diligent?

A. As I say, we have received letters just the same as you have, complaining; say, for instance, John Jones writes that so-and-so in the same neighborhood has never been appraised and has boasted that he has never been appraised. I have investigated those complaints in the district which I have and found in every case they were not true.

Q. What is your next step?

A. Then after the returns are completed, and under the law they must be completed before the first of May, then we have a hearing. There are appeals to be made where any one claims that the appraisement is exhorbitant, or that error or a mistake has been made. They then appear before the Board and have a hearing. They are sworn to the facts, and probably we will have no more than 10 or 12 per cent. of the entire appraisement appear for a hearing complaining as to the appraisement. After the hearing the books must be written up, one copy going to the City Treasurer and the other going to the Auditor General. These copies, as I said before, are exact copies of our street book, which is the book of original entry.

Q. Since the passage of the act of 1897, providing for the licensing of brokers, has there been any diminution in the revenues?

A. Yes, there has been, to my mind, that is, from certain firms, individuals or corporations, but in its decreasing for

one year, which was the returns for 1908, I am satisfied that to a great extent that is traceable to what was called the rich man's panic. Many business men complained of a falling off of the business. Being engaged in a little business myself, I am satisfied that that was true. Again, the next act that went into effect relative to brokers had a tendency to cut down the returns of that year. That is, as to the money paid into the State. For instance, many people who had formerly been classified as wholesalers—I won't say many, but some that were classified as wholesalers, under the new act claimed that they were brokers.

Q. Have you made any general reclassification since that act, so as to put the brokers all in one class, and the wholesalers who were formerly doing the same business back where they were?

A. What is that, Mr. Brown?

Q. I say have you separated and taken all of the wholesalers who were doing a brokerage business, and made any separation so as to bring the brokers directly under the act of 1907?

A. We always separate the brokers in our returns to the Treasurer and Auditor General.

Q. Has that been done on the request of those doing a brokerage business, or just done by the Board since the act?

A. We believe entirely by the Board at a hearing.

Q. I just wanted to find out the concensus of opinion or sentiment of the people in regard to whether they should be considered brokers or doing a wholesale business?

A. I believe the Board decided what they believe was the true interpretation of the act.

Q. Have you folks given any thought as to the lessening of the cost of collection of these taxes, as to whether or not that cost can be lessened and still produce substantial results?

A. In the first place, the figures I have had access to show that it cost about 10 per cent. to collect the tax. I doubt very much if it could be reduced.

Q. Isn't it a very large sum for the collection of what is practically fixed by law?

A. When I say 10 per cent. that is for the entire State. In the City of Philadelphia I think it is about 8 per cent., between 8 and 9 per cent. We have tried and tried and gone to extremes in the matter to reduce the cost of collection. We have done everything in our power to prevent cases going to the magistrates to be sued out where we knew the State could not collect. While a man might be liable under the act, it appeared ridiculous to us that we should sue out that individual when he had not enough goods to pay the Magistrate's costs, and therefore could not pay anything to the State. We would only add to the cost, and it has been the determination of the Board for years to cut that down as far as possible. In other words, where we find that the stock is not sufficient to warrant the payment of the Magistrate's fees and so that they can collect the tax as charged by the State, we do not sue it out. I am satisfied we are right in doing that, because the Magistrate's costs would be added to the State's costs.

Q. How do you fix your classification tax; how do you determine that?

A. As wholesalers?

Q. Yes?

A. That is fixed by law.

Q. You get 62 1-2 cents for each classification?

A. For each classification with the exception of brokers, and the broker pays 75 cents.

Q. How do you fix that; from what list is that made up? Is that from your returns to the Treasurer or your street books?

A. That is from the returns to the Treasurer.

Q. Not from your original street book?

A. No.

Q. That would be for every one who would be properly classified?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. You are sure of that return?

A. Yes, sir.

Mr. Kendrick: They make two returns—one to the Treasurer and one to the Auditor General.

Mr. Brown: I understand that. But I want to find out where—complaint has been made that there is more money paid for classifications than there were classifications.

A. It would not be possible. I could not be.

Q. That is the reason I am asking you what list you make up your classification from. Is it from the street book——

A. We also pay according to the returns made to the City Treasurer and the Auditor General. As I say, those returns are copied from the book of original entry, the street book.

Q. Have you folks given any thought to the difference in the cost of collection of that mercantile tax and the real estate tax? I want to get your thought on it. Why should here be a difference between collecting this mercantile license tax and in the State tax?

A. Well, in the first place, the printing will enter into the expense to a great extent.

Q. The what?

A. The printing, which is done by the State. That, of course, will be charged up. Now, as I say, the State cost—I think I am right when I say it runs to 10 per cent. Now, that, of course, will include the printer's bill, which must of necessity run into big figures. Again, outside of the County of Philadelphia all appraisements must be advertised. That again runs into big figures.

Q. You don't do that here?

A. Understand under a special act Philadelphia does not publish the appraisements, on account of a special act.

Q. That is the distinction——

A. That would cut it down in the State. I am satisfied I am right when I say it would probably cut down the expense 2 per cent.

Q. We have a number of letters which say the reason given for the abolition of this tax is that there is such a great disparity between that and the real estate cost. The Receiver of Taxes adds about 90-100 of 1 per cent., and the cost of the revision is very small, too.

Mr. Kendrick: It doesn't cost any more to collect the tax from John Wanamaker or Lits than it does from a small cigar man on the corner, but there are a great many people who pay a much smaller tax than the ordinary householder, and that is the reason that the percentage of collection is greater.

Mr. Ransley: The volume is greater.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. But both are fixed. The storekeeper who pays a tax on his house, that is fixed, and if he is taxable under the mercantile law, it is fixed there, so why should there be a disparity in the cost of the collection of the tax, he being severally assessed by different assessors, and the money for which practically goes to the same destination?

A. The salaries paid to the appraiser of real estate is not as much in the first place ts that paid to a mercantile appraiser, but still there are more in number of the real estate assessors.

Q. That wouldn't affect the percentage?

A. That is my impression off-hand, Mr. Brown.

Mr. Brown: The taxes on real estate are much larger than the taxes on personalty. It is the personalty that is in question here. I wish you folks would give a little thought to that, Mr. VanValkenburg, because we have a number of letters about that.

Mr. ValValkenburg: I would like to ask you if there has been any complaint as to the burden of this tax upon anybody?

Mr. Brown: Not so much that, but that some paid and some do not. That seems to be the complaint throughout the State on all taxes. Everybody seems to be willing to do it, providing the other fellow pays his share.

Mr. VanValkenburg: Mr. Dallam made a remark comparing the manufacturer with the little shopkeeper. The only burden under this tax is upon the little shopkeeper that does a gross business of from one hundred to a thousand dollars a year, and that is the criticism of the act, if any, but in actual practice of collecting this or making these appraisements we find in my district particularly, little shopkeepers or little candy stores that don't do a gross business of $250 a year, and maybe not a hundred dollars. We are obliged to appraise them, and the lowest tax is $2.60.

Mr. Brown: I suppose you have complaints from those more than the large ones?

Mr. VanValkenburg: That is where the burden is. Of course, they submit, but they have the real burden. We find no complaint from the wholesaler and retailer who pays one dollar upon every thousand dollars of business done.

Mr. Brown: Will you folks prepare, or have prepared, Mr. VanValkenburg, a memorandum showing the changes since the 1907 law, that is the reclassification from the 1907 law? For instance, take 1907, a man would have been taxed for $100,000 or $50,000, and he comes in under the 1907 law part for brokerage and part for the other. Will you have a table made showing that difference, and also showing the relative appraisements, say for 1908, 1909 and 1910? The thought is to see just how in the volume of business this tax has worked.

Mr. VanValkenburg: With reference to the Brokers' act, I can give you off-hand and very briefly: In 1907, that was before the act went into effect, we collected under the old Brokers' act $21,515. In 1908, when the new act goes into effect $30,190. In 1909, which was based upon 1908 business, which was a very bad year, it was $33,365, and no increase in the wholesale or retail.

By Mr. Brown:

Q. That shows they were drifting from the wholesale and other classes into the broker class?

A. Well, yes. No decrease, however. In fact, there was an increase of over $50,000 in 1907 and 1908.

Q. In the aggregate?

A. Yes.

Q. That is, you got more brokers?

A. Under the retail and wholesale, so there is an increase under the Brokers' Act, an increase in three years, except 1908 there was a slight decrease, due to the panic year, I think, but the two years indicate an increase rather than a falling off.

Q. You evidently have that table already prepared?

A. Yes, sir, I have that. I have three years.

Q. Now, if we can have the other, so that we can make some comparison there between 1908, 1909 and 1910, the increase or reduction——

A. I think this will be of some value to you. Just one other thing I think of that is in favor of this act, and that is it is not subject to the fluctuations a corporation tax is. You are absolutely sure of one million dollars from this source every year, and that will surely increase unless it is in the case of a panic such as we passed through a year ago.

Q. Mr. VanValkenbprg, how much do you depend upon the return of the taxable?

A. Well, that is in some cases a farce and a joke.

Q. In other words, do you take his word?

A. Well, each appraiser is qualified to administer an oath, and they are supposed to make these returns under oath. In our experience we find people do not think much about an oath. They swear to most anything. That is, a certain class.

Q. If it is a good tax, of course, the law ought to be enforced?

A. Yes.

Q. What have you to suggest as to a better method of enforcing that law?

A. Well, I haven't any. I think if the appraiser does his work properly he should go on the premises, and if he has any doubt make the appraisement himself.

Q. Do you folks do that?

A. Yes, sir.

Q. Is that very offensive to the people?

A. Not at all.

Mr. Kendrick: Not to the guilty.
A. In fact, they expect us. They don't make the return.
Q. Do you examine into their books at all?
A. Yes.
Q. In other words, you do everything you think ought to be done to get a proper return?
A. Yes.
Q. In looking over the returns to the Auditor General my thought was that there seemed to be a small return for pool tables and bowling alleys, and things of that sort. Are all pool tables and all those things outside of social clubs, saloons and all——
Mr. Kendrick: Most of them are in saloons, and the saloonkeeper comes up and swears he does not keep it for profit or charge anything. The nearest decision we have in favor of fixing the tax is the decision that says where a man put up a sign "Pool Room. Games must be settled for immediately afterwards," and the method of settling was for the loser to buy drinks for the participants, the saloonkeeper was held liable for the tax of keeping shuffle boards and pool tables. This year it is thought they will assess all keepers of pool tables or shuffle boards.
By Mr. Brown:
Q. Mr. VanValkenburg, under what class do you head the men who are known as loan sharks, and usurers. We have some communications about those, that they are taxed and are exhibiting their certificates from the Board as an authority to go on and do business. What is the thought of the Board on that subject?
A. I don't think that. We were charged with that, and it isn't true. The appraisers are supposed to have personal knowledge of every appraisement of every man, and every appraisement he makes. I am sure that for the last three years this Board has not issued any license for loan sharks. The reports given me will show that.
Q. Has there been an increase in the number of appraisements each year?
A. Yes.
Q. Greatly increased each year?
A. Yes, sir.
Q. And does that increase in amount, too?
A. Yes, sir.
Q. More appraisements and more revenue?
A. Yes, and more money. I think this would be a proper suggestion from our standpoint. I think the manufacturers should pay a tax. I think the time has arrived when they should be taxed.
Q. You mean you think the manufacturers should pay——
A. A mercantile tax, yes, sir. It could be done with the same force and under the same act. Of course, we do have a great many manufacturers on our list.
Q. Have you talked any with manufacturers? You get around among them. What is the thought that you get?
A. I am unfortunately over in the center of opposition to that, and I hear more of that end of it than I do the other side, but I believe generally the manufacturer is willing to pay a tax.
Q. As you folks go around have you had any suggestions from the people who pay this tax as to what others should do? Complaints that they are paying more than their share? I mean to gather the general thought on the subject?
A. No, unless that it would be that the manufacturer should pay. That, of course, we hear all the time. They don't see why the manufacturer should be exempt.
Mr. Brown: I may ask you for further information, if you will grant me the courtesy. I will write you a letter, as I read over the correspondence I have gotten, and I may want data to check up those things.
Mr. Moyer: Did you go into the matter of complaint about the expense of collecting this mercantile tax?
Mr. Brown: I have asked a number of questions and I can ask Mr. VanValkenburg whether or not the collection can be less expensively done.
Mr. Moyer: What are the advantages of advertising, if any, in the State?
Mr. Brown: I only asked him about the local situation here.
Mr. Moyer: That seemed to be the chief complaint all over the Commonwealth, that the machinery for the collection of this tax was so expensive. Many people seemed to think the advertising ought to be cut out.
Mr. VanValkerburg: I don't think, as a matter of fact, that that amounts to very much, simply a report written in a country newspaper, and you know what that is, perhaps $75.
Mr. Brown: I stopped on my way in here this morning to ask the City Treasurer if he had any memoranda or tables showing the cost to the State, and he handed me something I think you had prepared there.
Mr. Kendrick: The report from the Auditor General's office shows that. It cost us 8.9 per cent. last year, and in addition to that percentage there is a certain amount of fees which goes into the City Treasury which was not made in the report, and which would reduce that. That is the fee which goes to the city which is supposed to pay the State Department of the City Treasuer's office.
Mr. Moyer: The chief complaint at Pittsburg, in Allegheny County, they had advertised, and they said the bill for that was enormous.
Mr. VanValkenburg: That is a very bad situation out there. They are under a special act and there should be some legislation, and the bill was prepared last year similar to our special act here, but it wasn't passed.
Mr. Moyer: The most of the complaints came in from the merchants of that locality, who said they did not object to paying the tax, but what they did object to was so much of this tax was paid to support the machinery for the purpose of collection.
Mr. VanValkenburg: That is a very bad showing out there, and it makes a bad showing in the State.
Mr. Brown. It raises the average.
Mr. VanValkenburg: Yes, but we feel here the actual expense will not exceed 6 per cent.. and that is about as cheaply as the tax could be collected.
This Board has made every effort to hold the social clubs. We believe there are people engaged in the retail business conducting a meeting house for pool and billiard players, and we have also tried to hold the express companies, wherever they have an office.
Mr. Brown: We would be glad to receive any suggestions you may wish to make in order to make the law more effective.
Mr. Kendrick: We will confer and communicate with you.
Mr. Carroll: I happened to be in office at the time the act of 1900 went into effect and I have been there ever since, about half of that time as a clerk, and the other half as an appraiser, and I find the people are satisfied with the present act, more so than they were with the old act. Some of the larger firms pay more than they did under the act of 1900, but at the same time they are satisfied to this extent that they brought every person in. There are no exemptings. In the previous act there was an exemption clause. I feel satisfied the present act is satisfactory to the business men, and in my going around during the last ten years I find, as a rule, they are satisfied, with the exception of the agitators, and they aren't satisfied. When the matter is properly explained to the business man he is satisfied. I think the majority of them are satisfied with the tax at the present time, providing it is properly administered and properly collected. I find very little fault with the average business man who keeps any kind of books at all. As a rule, no complaint at all. But take it in the district I have, there are a great many small storekeepers, lots of them don't speak the English language. They don't keep books at all. They have one song they sing; they take in so much a week and they don't give any different from that. The appraiser in the majority of instances like that has to use his own discretion by visiting the place. Not in all cases is the affidavit of the person taken. The appraiser knows in lots of cases they are not making a proper return and he refuses to take it. It is as I say only by a personal visit that you can really do your duty properly, and I think the act as it stands at the present is not unpopular with the business men, except when the agitators misrepresent things to them.
Mr. Brown: Mr. Kendrick has said that 1 per cent. appeal to the Board. How many go on to the court and are decided?
Mr. Carroll: None at all, except——
Mr. Kendrick. There were only three appealed to court last year.
Mr. Brown: Do they express any dissatisfaction or say it is the amount they object to?
Mr. Kendrick: Perhaps one out of a hundred come in, but it is our opinion that the great majority of them go out with smiles on their faces.
Mr. Carroll: When a man swears he did $3,000 a year business, after a personal visit to that man he will not hesitate to tell you he takes in from $125 to $200 a week, and will also swear to that, and that appraiser has to use his discretion. That is a sample of what you get sometimes, but you don't get it from a man who keeps books.
By Mr. McNichol:
Q. How do you make your classifications in the larger cases?
A. We take into consideration the location, character of business, how much of a return they made before that. We find little fault with the people who keep books. It is a business proposition with them. The people of foreign nationality who do not keep books, we have trouble with them.
Q. Do they swear to the return in the larger cases?
A. Oh, yes, Also I would like to say this: In some cases it may be a new business, and a man may be in business a month or two, and therefore he can't make a return for a whole year. It is within the discretion of the appraiser to rate that man counting up twelve months the amount of business he might have done in twelve months, and the amount is figured out. Of course, if he had been in business twelve months, he could make the proper return for the full year.
Q. What information do you generally require to classify under the mercantile act and the subsequent act of 1907, known as the Broker's Act?
A. Well, that matter, of course, has been gone into by Mr. Kendrick and Mr. Ransley in regard to that. Since that time there has been a different classification made of quite a number of people.
Q. A large number?
A. Yes, sir.
Q. Especially among the large people?
A. Some of them only made a return as a wholesale dealer, but since that time they have been classified as a broker and also sometimes as a wholesale dealer.
Q. How often have they been classified as both?
A. I couldn't tell you off-hand.
Mr. VanValkenburg: There was no falling off under the Retail Venders' Act. There was an increase in two years, and also an increase under the Broker's Act.
Mr. McNichol: The Board would not recommend the repeal of the Brokers' Act?
Mr. VanValkenburg: It would not, no, sir. There are features, I think, but on the whole it is a very good act.
Adjourned to meet at the call of the Chair.

Public meeting of the Commission held in Room 496, City Hall, Philadelphia, on Tuesday, October 4, 1910, at 11 A. M. Present: James P. McNichol, Chairman; William H. Keyser, James F. Woodward, William C. Sproul, of the Commission; Francis Shunk Brown, Esq., Counsel.

Meeting called to order by the Chairman.

Mr. Brown:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen: For the information of those present who have not attended any of the previous meetings of this Committee, it might be well to inform them of the reason why we are here.

This Committee was appointed by a joint resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth, to constitute a Joint Committee composed of three members of the Senate and three members of the House, for the purpose of considering a revision of the revenue laws of this Commonwealth, together with a consideration of certain proposed amendments in the general corporation laws of the Commonwealth.

In pursuance of that duty, the Committee has visited Pittsburg, Williamsport, Scranton, Erie, and we nave had several meetings here in Philadelphia for the purpose of ascertaining from our people who are interested their views upon the subjects outlined. For this purpose we have heard representatives from all business interests and all tax paying interests, our g to give the people of the Commonwealth who pay the taxes an opportunity to present their views of the reasonableness and fairness of the methods of the taxation systems of the Commonwealth. As we have gone around we have had suggestons—a hundred of them—yes, a thousand of them—from all interests. Some of these interests are represented here to-day. We have invited here to-day representatives of the railroad companies, of banks, saving funds, trust companies, insuiance companies and other interests, for the purpose of ascertaining from them their views as to whether or not the present taxation system of Pennsylvania is fair and equitable, and if not, wherein it is not so, that we might have the benefit of their suggestions, that when we make our report to the Legislature, the proper consideration might be given their suggestions.

As the Pennsylvania Railroad Company is probably the largest taxpayer of the Commonwealth, we would request Mr. Nichols to appear for them.

Mr. H. S. P. Nichols, representing the Pennsylvania Railroad Company:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Commission: I am here to represent the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to-day.

Mr. Brown:

In the first place, Mr. Nichols, has your company any suggestion to make as to any proposed amendments to our laws or any changes which they would consider beneficial? If so, we should be glad to hear them.

Mr. Nichols. I cannot, as you suggest, state definitely any suggestions that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company may have to make with reference to any proposed changes in the taxation system of Pennsylvania, but I will say, in behalf of the company, that we are perfecly willing—and we consider it our pleasure, as well as our duty—to co-operate with this Committee in suggestions it has to make with reference to any changes it has to suggest or any changes in the method of taxation it might suggest. If this Committee will, at any time, intimate to the company exactly along what lines they want an expression of the views of our company, I will say now to the Committee that an executive officer of the company will present to them in writing the views of the company along the lines suggested by the Committee.

Mr. Brown: It has been suggested that the taxation of railroad companies and transportation companies, in fact, all corporations, but especially transportation companies, should be on the basis of gross receipts. Direct your attention to furnishing this Committee your views as to how such a tax would operate from the standpoint of the company as well as that of the State, and if such a tax, in the opinion of the company, would be considered a fair method.

It has also been suggested that there should be a local tax on the real estate of transportation companies. The counties complain that they do not get the benefit they are entitled to from the inclusion of the real estate values in the valuation of the capital stock, and that they should tax this real estate locally; and the thought is by some that that valuation should be deducted as an item from the valuation of the capital stock.

Mr. Nichols: They get it on the real estate located in the county, and all these counties also get taxes from the company in the matter of the distribution of the school fund.

Mr. Brown: But they think that ought to be done locally. They would tax the water tanks and road-beds locally. There have been suggestions that the values of real estate as included in the capital stock valuation have not been the full values of the real estate as compared to similar real estate in these several localities.

Mr. Nichols: You are speaking of real estate, as I understand you, that is used in connection with the railroad—not real estate not used in connection with the railroad—not real estate not used in connection with the railroad purposes?

Mr. Brown: Yes.

Mr. Nichols: That is taxed in Allegheny and Philadelphia counties.

Mr. Brown: There has been another suggestion: That there ought to be an assessment of the total valuation of all assets, irrespective of liabilities. The farmers claim that their debts are not allowed for in the assessment of their real estate, and hence there should not be any abatement or reduction allowed to anybody else.

Mr. Nichols: That is along the lines suggested by the Supreme Court that they cannot be deducted, but are to be taken into consideration.

Mr. Brown: Yes. The Supreme Court decided you can consider debts, but not deduct them. It has also been suggested that a corporation should pay a tax on all bonds, whether owned by the residents or otherwise. In other words, there should be no preference shown as against the non-resident; but that the company should pay the tax on all bonds and should be assessed against them as such.

Mr. Nichols: I understand from that that they should pay a tax on all loans they might issue?

Mr. Brown: Yes.

Mr. Nichols: Irrespective of who may own them.

Mr. Brown: The contention is that with many corporations in Pennsylvania there is little or no effort made to ascertain the residence of the bondholders, and many large amounts go untaxed.

Mr. Nichols: I assume you gentlemen want a legal opinion on that?

Mr. Brown: One gentleman, when he appeared before us, claimed that liabilities represent assets. They are supposed to represent the actual value of the company and are embodied in their assets, hence should be taxable as such and should not be deducted.

Mr. Nichols: We will see that answer is made to these various questions that have been suggested. I don't think the Committee would expect that I would be able to give at once an answer to questions which have not been fully considered. These matters have been the subject of legislation for sixty years, and I would not want to say that our company could do it in a day.

The Chairman: I thought you had kept your business up-to-date?

Mr. Nichols: Yes; but this is new business. The other is old business.

Mr. Brown: Is there an objection to the toll-paying custom in our present laws?

Mr. Nichols: Yes.

Mr. Brown: We would like to have your views also on the time of return. There have been many suggestions that the fiscal year should be the calendar year. Give us you views on that.

Mr. Nichols: There might be a difficulty there owing to the fact that the Interstate Commerce Commissioners require our accounts to be made up to a certain date. That would have to be taken into consideration.

Mr. Brown: I think there is a movement to make them agree with that.

Mr. Nichols: That would be subject to the future orders of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Mr. Brown: Your company is supposed to return all property under its control?

Mr. Nichols: Yes, it appears on the returns furnished the Auditor General. It appears exactly just as stock is owned and controlled by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

Mr. McNichol: We are referring to public railways under the control of the railroad company.

Mr. Nichols: They will appear that way. We make that return and it appears exactly what these companies are. We have furnished it to the Auditor General and can furnish it to this Committee, and thus it will appear before you what the facts are.

Mr. Brown: You understand what I mean by toll?

Mr. Nichols: Yes, sir.

Mr. Brown: Is there anything else on your mind, Mr. Nichols?

Mr. Nichols: No, sir. But if you will make any suggestions to the Pennsylvania Railroad, we will be very glad to take the matters up and give such information as requested.

Mr. McNichol, Chairman: Thank you, Mr. Nichols.

Mr. Brown: We would be pleased to hear from Mr. W. R. Taylor, Vice President of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company. Mr. Taylor, have you any suggestions to offer as to any changes in the present taxation methods? If so, we would be pleased to hear them.

Mr. W. R. TAYLOR, Vice President of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Commission: My people expect me to bring to them the suggestions and plans of this committee, and the company will consider and stand willing to give you any information we have and to make any suggestions we think proper.

Mr. Brown: I presume you are not in a position to answer as to whether or not the company has any suggestions to make as to the taxation system?

Mr. Taylor My people do not understand that the Committee has any definite plan, and any suggestion they wish to make to the company will receive consideration. If you submit the plan as outlined to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, I am sure my people will be glad to investigate it and give you their views and furnish you with any information we may have.

Mr. Brown: Is your company satisfied with the present methods of taxation?

Mr. Taylor: Now, I wouldn't express any opinion on that subject either. I am merely here for the purpose of obtaining the views of the Committee so we can make our answer to them. We have received one communication from the Committee in regard to our real estate and are engaged in making up a statement such as you desire.

Mr. Brown: That is in reference to the suggestion made by the farmers as to the subject of local taxation?

Mr. Taylor: Yes, the first communication. We have here a return that our three companies made to the Auditor General last year—the Reading Company, the Railway Company and the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company.

Mr. Brown: So far as I know, we have received no complaints from the railroad companies that the present taxation system was not fair so far as they are concerned.

Mr. Taylor: Well, I don't know.

Mr. Brown: I presume unless complaints are heard we are to consider them as satisfied.

Mr. Taylor: I guess they are like every other taxpayer. They all think they are paying too much taxes.

The Chairman: Mr. Taylor, how long will it take to answer the questions?

Mr. Taylor: On the subjects that Mr. Brown presented to Mr. Nichols?

The Chairman: Yes.

Mr. Taylor: Well, at least a couple of weeks. A week or ten days probably at least.

The Chairman: I just asked the question so it would guide us.

Mr. Taylor: If these questions are submitted to our people they will take them under consideration immediately.

Mr. Brown: We communicated with all railroads and other taxable interests in Pennsylvania as soon as the Committee was appointed. We have heard from some. It was done in the hope that those interested in taxation would come forward and give us their views on the subject.

Mr. Taylor: I don't think our company ever received a communication that would warrant them in coming forward.

Mr. Brown: We have Mr. George S. Garrett, of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company here. Perhaps he has some suggestions to make.

Mr. Taylor: What I have said about the Railroad Company will apply to the others.

Mr. Brown: Then we will excuse Mr. Garrett.

Mr. J. F. SCHAPERKOTTER entered appearance for the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company.

Mr. Brown: We will now be pleased to hear from the United States Express Company. I believe they are represented today by Mr. W. W. Callin. We would like to hear from Mr. Callin.

Mr. W. W. CALLIN, Attorney for United States Express Company:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Commission: I am here to represent the United States Express Company.

Mr. Brown: Is your company satisfied with the present system of taxation in Pennsylvania?

Mr. Callin: I don't know of any objection we have. I would not like to commit the company on that.

Mr. Brown: Are you familiar with the subject of taxation of your company?

Mr. Callin: To a certain extent, yes.

Mr. Brown: Have you your return with you?

Mr. Callin: Yes, sir.

Mr. Brown: May I see it, please?

Mr. Callin: (Hands Mr. Brown returns).

Mr. Brown: Is it for 1909?

Mr. Callin: There is 1909 and 1908 together.

Mr. Brown: You don't have capital stock. You have interest?

Mr. Callin: Yes, only interest. The company is not incorporated.

Mr. Brown: Your interest represents ten millions?

Mr. Callin: Yes.

Mr. Brown: What is the total value of the assets of the company as represented by business in Pennsylvania?

Mr. Callin: Do you mean real and personal property?

Mr. Brown: Yes, assets in Pennsylvania.

Mr. Callin: It comes to approximately one hundred and fifty thousand.

Mr. Brown: What is your bonded debt in Pennsylvania for which you get reduction?

Mr. Callin: None at all.

Mr. Brown: Have you any suggestions to make at all to the Committee?

Mr. Callin: I have none at all. I expected the Committee would have questions that perhaps we might be able to take up.

Mr. Brown: We invited you down here to get information as to the present system and get suggestions from you as to any changes you thought proper.

Mr. Callin: I don't think any have been thought of along that line.

Mr. Brown (referring to paper): Does that show the total amount of business done in Pennsylvania?

Mr. Callin: No, this just shows the gross earnings annually.

Mr. Brown: What does that amount to?

Mr. Callin: The tax for the last half of the year 1910 is three thousand five hundred and fifty-four and for the first half three thousand five hundred and forty-four—about seven thousand dollars for the year.

Mr. Brown: What does that represent in property?

Mr. Callin: That is hard to say.

Mr. Brown: What is the gross profit? What is the profit resulting from your business in Pennsylvania?

Mr. Callin: The books of the company are not kept in such a way that you can separate the expense of doing business in any one State.

Mr. Brown: How does that compare with the mileage in Pennsylvania—compare with the mileage elsewhere?

(No answer).

The Chairman: What is the approximate amount?

Mr. Callin: As I stated before, the books of the company are kept and the business is done in such a way that it is impossible to state the profits for one State. The best we can do is to approximate this—take the gross business throughout the country as a basis. We have had great difficulty in separating these.

The Chairman: What is the percentage of business done in Pennsylvania of the whole business?

Mr. Callin: I have not the gross earnings report here, and I cannot tell you off-hand.

The Chairman: It looks like a small return to the State, just in a casual way of looking at it?

The Chairman: What is the net profit of the company on the whole of its business?

Mr. Callin: A little less than 63 per cent. The gross business was a little over seventeen million and the net was four hundred and forty-five thousand.

The Chairman: Do you mean to say that is all the profit the express company paid?

Mr. Callin: Yes, net profit in operation.

Mr. Brown: What is the net profit on the whole business done?

Mr. Callin: That is the total business done.

Mr. Brown: The only way you can get the amount of business done in Pennsylvania is by comparing the total amount of business done with what is done here. How about finding out from the dividends paid?

Mr. Callin: You cannot tell by the dividends paid because they are paid largely out of surplus investments. The earnings or operation would not suffice to pay them.

Mr. Brown: Are you required to pay anything on your surplus?

Mr. Callin: No, we don't pay any tax on our surplus. The return here to the State shows that the personal property in use in the business, by which is meant stocks and bonds of the company, amounts to about eight millions of dollars.

The Chairman: You don't want to say that the United States Express Company cannot give us a signed statement of their business in Pennsylvania?

Mr. Callin: We cannot give a precise account of the expense of doing business in the State.

The Chairman: Would it be possible for us to enter the United States Express Company's place and ascertain for ourselves?

Mr. Callin: Yes. We would be very glad if you could ascertain it. We have been trying to get a line on that for some time.

The Chairman: The Pennsylvania business is as profitable as any business that the company conducts, isn't it?

Mr. Callin: That is a matter for the company to determine.

The Chairman: Who would be the man to get that information from?

Mr. Callin: Mr. Edward Platt, the treasurer of the company.

The Chairman: Mr. Brown, will you kindly make a note of that name?

Mr. Brown: How do you fix the gross earnings for Pennsylvania?

Mr. Callin: Take the waybills and count the earnings as shown on the face of the waybills.

Mr. Brown: You don't make any comparison for the number of miles?

Mr. Callin: Do you mean the mileage proportion?

Mr. Brown: Yes.

Mr. Callin: No.

No further questions by the Committee.

Mr. SAMUEL T. BODINE, First Vice President and General Manager, United Gas Improvement Company, called.

Mr. Bodine: Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Commission: In the notice I received requesting my presence here, you stated that it had been suggested to this Committee that the total value of the assets of corporations of the class the United Gas Improvement Company is in should be a basis or subject of taxation and that real estate should be taxed locally.

That is exactly the state of affairs so far as we are concerned. We are taxed upon the market value of our stock for the year, which I think is a fair representation of the value of the assets. It is a larger value than we carry on our ledger.

This is subject to the following exemptions: Amount of capital invested in actual tangible property and real estate outside the State of Pennsylvania, amounting to about two millions of dollars; amount invested in patents necessary for the conduct of the business, about fifty thousand dollars; investment in the stock of other corporations of the State of Pennsylvania, about two million six hundred thousand dollars; invested in the Philadelphia Gas Works, about twenty millions of dollars— that is made up by the common stock of the Equitable Gas Light Company, three million two hundred thousand, and investment for betterment, in addition to that, seventeen millions, making the total of about twenty millions. That reverts to the city at the end of the lease, and we have to recover it out of the price of gas year by year.

So far as we are concerned, we are undoubtedly satisfied with the method of taxation, although there are one or two amendments in matters of detail that might be made.

The tax year in the State of Pennsylvania is a very awkward year. That was made, I believe, when the Legislature met in the middle of December, with the idea that they would have to have these reports to get the amounts available for appropriation. But most of the corporations, particularly since the Federal tax, have adopted the calendar year. It is impossible for us to give a report to the Auditor General when he asks us for our profits for the period covered, but if it was for the calendar year, we would be delighted to state that in detail.

There is another question which I think is important. It is a matter of contention between a representative of our company and the Auditor General; and that is, whether the market value of the stock should be taken as an average for the whole year or simply the market value during the first fifteen days of November. The Auditor General takes the point of view that whichever happens to be the higher figure is the figure for taxation, and we take the other view.

For 1909, our return would make our tax to the State three hundred and nine thousand five hundred dollars for the year. The Auditor General claims three hundred and eighteen or nineteen thousand. We paid the three hundred and nine thousand on account and submitted the other question to the Dauphin County Court for decision.

If you have any detail questions, Mr. Doutherk, the secretary of the company, is here. He has charge of our taxation matters.

Mr. Brown: Why should a corporation that has investments in the stock or other corporations be relieved from paying a tax on these investments, because the other corporations pay a capital stock tax?

Mr. Bodine: Because it would be double taxation.

Mr. Brown: If I own a farm and have a mortgage on it, I pay a tax on the mortgage. If I borrow money from a trust company and am using that money in a dozen different ways, I pay a tax on all of it. Why should a cor-

poration be relieved of that tax? In other words, you have stock in a company that pays 10 per cent. That corporation pays a tax on its capital stock, and why should you be relieved from paying a tax on the 10 per cent. that you receive?

Mr. Bodine: If it was in the same State (in the State of Pennsylvania), it would be paying twice on the same property. I am only a layman, I am not a lawyer; but I have always been instructed by members of your profession that double taxation is unconstitutional.

Mr. Brown: What is your thought on taxing a corporation on its bonds, representing money on loan?

Mr. Bodine: I think that is exactly the same thing. That debt has to be paid.

Mr. Brown: But what it represents has gone into the corporation and the corporation has used?

Mr. Bodine: Yes; but that does not apply to us.

Mr. Brown: I am only asking you gentlemen, as you represent a large corporation. You speak of paying a local tax. Your company does not pay a local tax on operating plants?

Mr. Bodine: We pay taxes on a valuation of seven hundred and ninety-one thousand dollars in the City of Philadelphia.

Mr. Brown: In addition to the gas companies?

Mr. Bodine: They belong to the City of Philadelphia.

Mr. Brown: Any property independent of that belonging to the city?

Mr. Bodine: We have none outside of that belonging to the City of Philadelphia.

Mr. Brown: Any operating works of your own at all?

Mr. Bodine: No, sir.

Mr. Brown: So far as you know, do the operating plants of gas companies pay a tax on their real estate?

Mr. Bodine: They do not.

Mr. Brown: It has been suggested they should pay a tax on real estate and deduct from the valuation in the item of capital stock?

Mr. Bodine: Gas companies are manufacturing companies and I think they should be free from the tax.

Mr. Brown: Why should the manufacture of gas be exempted and the manufacture of electric light pay a tax?

Mr. Bodine: I think it has been held that the electric light companies are in a different class from the gas companies. I don't think there is any more reason why an electric light company should pay a tax than a gas company. I don't think the gas company should pay as large a tax as the electric light company, because they get a higher rate per unit of light than the gas companies, and they embark in business with the knowledge that they would be taxed and were able to regulate their prices accordingly.

Mr. Brown: Is there any reason why gas companies should not be included with the other manufacturing companies?

Mr. Bodine: I see no reason why they should not.

Mr. Brown: Do you think they should be included in the same class as electric light companies?

Mr. Bodine: No, I do not think they should.

Mr. Brown: You think they should be subject to a lower rate?

Mr. Bodine: Yes, for the reasons I have given.

Mr. Brown: In estimating the value of the capital stock of the companies owned by the United Gas Improvement Company, is your opinion that the real estate is valued at its fair valuation and so included in the capital stock?

Mr. Bodine: Yes.

Mr. Brown: You pay local tax on everything except what is used in the manufacture of gas?

Mr. Bodine: Now you are getting back to the United Gas Improvement Company. The U. G. I. pays local taxes on all real estate it owns which is not used for the purposes of the Philadelphia Gas Works. They pay taxes on the building at Broad and Arch streets, assessed at seven hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars; the building at Broad and Tasker streets and one up in Kensington, which are leased to the Philadelphia Department for office purposes. They pay taxes on a certain portion of land in West Philadelphia which they had to buy in order to get that on which we built our new gas holder and distributing department. So much has gone into our report to the Controller of the City of Philadelphia. We pay taxes in Philadelphia of seven hundred and ninety-one thousand dollars on real estate; five mills tax on the capital stock, which amounts to three hundred and nine thousand five hundred dollars.

Mr Brown: How do you get the estimate of your valuation, by sales of capital stock? Do you keep a record?

Mr. Bodine: Yes, from daily official reports of the Stock Exchange.

Mr. Brown: That you furnish the Auditor General?

Mr. Bodine: Yes, in the shape of an affidavit of myself as Vice President, and the Treasurer and Assistant Treasurer.

No further questions by the Committee.

Mr. Brown: We would be pleased to hear from Colonel Beath, President of the United Firemen's Insurance Company.

COLONEL ROBERT B. BEATH, President of the United Firemen's Insurance Company:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen:—First, a word on behalf of my colleagues in the business, who have received the request of the Committee in regard to taxation.

Rather than enter into new and unknown measures of taxation we are satisfied with the present tax on the capital stock and on the premiums. It is, of course, understood that increased taxation must come from the insured in the matter of premiums.

We are prepared to give you any figures you may require, but I may say to the Counsel of the Committee that these figures can be found in the Insurance Commissioners' reports on file. They are easy of access and you have these for all the companies in the State of Pennsylvania, with the exact figures given in detailed reports made to the departments on the 31st day of December of each year.

Mr. Brown: What is your thought on the discrimination made against fire insurance companies? Mr. Fouse says that a discriminatory tax has militiated against doing business in other States?

Mr. Beath: I do not understand Mr. Fouse's application on this as applied to fire companies. It would only affect us seriously if the tax on other State companies should be increased.

Mr. Brown: That is the retaliatory tax?

Mr. Beath: The so-called reciprocal tax. In other words, if you increase the tax on outside companies, it comes back at us by way of retaliation in about thirty States of the Union, the principal ones being New York, Illinois and Massachusetts.

Mr. Brown: Do these thirty States include all in which the most of the insurance business is done?

Mr. Beath: Yes. Some of the others don't amount to much. Some years ago, on that account, the tax in Pennsylvania on outside companies was reduced from 3 per cent. to 2 per cent. I think I have the figures then prepared on this point.

Mr. Brown: Your thought is what? What should be the tax?

Mr. Beath: They should stand just where they are today. We should make our returns on the present well established basis. If you take the gross assets as a basis of taxation it would include the premiums outstanding, which would amount to hundreds of thousands of dollars in this State alone. Then the premium on stocks and bonds and accrued interests on stocks and bonds—these necessarily go into our assets and swell them to that extent. They are all available, coming in afterward. In order to get at that properly, you would have to take the report and eliminate these three items, and then you have the net assets of the company; but this will change year by year and month by month, you might say. This is easily measured by our business. When it comes to a question of assets, I think it would be bad policy to change the present system.

Mr. Brown: As to foreign companies?

Mr. Beath: Yes.

Mr. Brown: You would put the tax on gross premiums and eliminate the capital stock tax?

Mr. Beath: That would apply only for the Pennsylvania companies, but how it would work out would require some figuring.

Mr. Brown: You have nothing to tax outside other than the premiums?

Mr. Beath: We have the capital stock tax valued by the Auditor General.

Mr. Brown: Isn't that more equitable?

Mr. Beath: Yes.

Mr. Brown: Have you any objection to talking with your interests in Pennsylvania to get the consensus of opinion on the subject?

Mr. Beath: I will be pleased to do so and report later.

Mr. Brown: Thank you.

No further question by the Committee.

Mr. Brown: We would be pleased to hear from Mr. Porter, of the American Fire Insurance Company.

Mr. CLARENCE E. PORTER, President of the American Fire Insurance Company.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Committee: I think General Beath has pretty thoroughly covered the ground. One thought I would add, however, is that the more you burden us with tax, the more it will come back on the public.

Mr. Brown: Isn't that so with every tax, as a rule?

Mr. Porter: No, because we furnish an indemnity that effects commercial credit. In our line of business we stand good in case of public loss. If you increase your tax, then you will simply place it back on the public to pay for it.

Mr. Brown. Are you satisfied with the present laws?

Mr. Porter: I feel that you are taxing the companies at the present time on everything that is taxable. To increase the tax, taking into consideration the effect of the retaliatory laws, would make a tremendous burden on the Pennsylvania corporations.

Mr. Brown: I think Mr. Fouse suggested we might increase on the local companies and reduce on the foreign of this county look upon that as a State tax which they companies; and the balance of the trade would be with the foreign companies.

Mr. Porter: Well, that would be a matter of competition. I don't know what things are, offhand.

Mr. Brown: If the present laws are harmful to the local companies there ought to be some remedy for it. Have you folks an association here?

Mr. Porter: No, except we meet from time to time in Colonel Beath's office. We can get the officers together and talk over the matter. We will be very glad to co-operate with you, I am sure, in giving you any information you desire.

Mr. Brown: We would be very glad to have any information you can give.

Mr. Brown: We have the vice president of the Fidelity Trust Company with us. We shall be pleased to hear from him.

Mr. WILLIAM GEST, Vice President of the Fidelity Trust Company.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen: On receipt of the first communication from this Committee, our company addressed a letter to this Committee, which stated as fully as necessary the position of the company as to the present taxation. I have the letter here and will read it if you desire.

Mr. Brown: Mr. Gest, what was the amount of deposits of the Fidelity Trust Company for 1909?

Mr. Gest: I cannot tell you. The present amount of deposits is twenty-seven millions. That is probably somewhat above the average.

Mr. Brown: What proportion of that amount bears interest?

Mr. Gest: I guess almost all.

Mr. Brown: All bearing interest at what rate?

Mr. Gest: Some, almost all, at 2 per cent.; some, possibly at 3 per cent.

Mr. Brown: What proportion of that, in your opinion, pays tax to the Commonwealth; I mean on which the tax is paid by the depositor?

Mr. Gest: I am only speaking for the company as far as the law goes; anything else I may say is my own opinion. I do not know how much of this deposit pays a tax.

Mr. Brown: Can you make an approximation?

Mr. Gest: No. Do you mean whether the depositors return it?

Mr. Brown: Yes.

Mr. Gest: I have no way to know whether any depositors make any returns or not.

Mr. Brown: We are preparing a table showing the total amount of wealth and the total amount returned for taxation. I was told by the president of a trust company that this was not returned for taxation? taxation?

Mr. Gest: I believe it is a general rule. It is generally regarded that they are not included in that tax—that that tax is intended to catch investments. Of course, these deposits are fluctuating and it would not be right to return them for the whole year, when they would be there for a year and maybe only for a day. These deposits often represent money used in the course of business and money withdrawn for investment, and if you tax these deposits for the whole year, and then tax the investments into which they find their way, it will be unjust.

Mr. Brown: The man who gets 2 per cent. pays the same tax as a man who gets 3, 4, 5, 6 or 7. It has been suggested that you make a tax on the amount of interest paid?

Mr. Gest: My own personal thought is that such a law would be subject to the same objections that would be brought against an income tax.

Mr. Brown: What do you think of a law requiring the treasurer of a trust company to pay a return to the Commonwealth as a tax on the interest the company has paid to its depositors?

Mr. Gest: You didn't put that question. I thought you meant requiring the individual to make the return. If you make the trust company or depository the agent of the Commonwealth you will be involved in a number of difficulties, and it would most certainly result in a very large withdrawal of money.

Mr. Brown: Where would that go to?

Mr. Gest: New York or Camden A great amount, in my opinion, would go to New York. Certainly a great corporation which puts its money at interest would rather go to New York where there is no tax, than here where there is a tax. A great many of these large corporations have deposits in both places, and there is no doubt that should there be a tax of this kind our share of the deposits would be withdrawn. I think such a tax as that is impractical.

Mr. Brown: How about moneys evidenced by certificate of deposit issued by the company?

Mr. Gest: I think he should return it as money at interest.

Mr. Brown: Suppose he does not return it? Why not have the company return it and pay it for him?

Mr. Gest: Because they are temporary certificates. In Philadelphia there are not very many of them issued. Our company has no certificates of deposit outstanding whatever, and we haven't issued any for some time.

Mr Brown: There has been considerable criticism along these lines as we have gone around the State. We have been told that there is ten millions of dollars in Lancaster County trust companies on which no return is made for taxation?

Mr. Gest: A tax on moneys at interest or on income will always be evaded by unscrupulous people. It is inherent and will never be obviated.

Mr. Brown: How does the Fidelity Company fix the value of its stock?

Mr. Gest: We return under the act of 1909, in which the tax is based upon the value of the capital stock, surplus and undivided profits.

Mr. Brown: How is the real estate valued in that?

Mr. Gest: The real estate is included in the general assets and therefore results in double taxation on that.

Mr. Brown: The real estate is, of course, included in that valuation?

Mr. Gest: Yes.

Mr. Brown: Is that valuation revised in any way by the Commonwealth, or is the valuation taken as final?

Mr. Gest: I don't know how far they have revised it. They have the right to revise it.

Mr. Brown: How would it be to tax your property locally and deduct that as an item in the valuation of the capital stock?

Mr. Gest: I think that would be an entirely just reduction.

Mr. Brown: You see no reason why they should not be taxed locally, provided that deduction is made?

Mr. Gest: No.

No further questions by the Committee.

Mr. EDWARD SYDENHAM PAGE, Secretary of the Girard Trust Company, called.

Mr. Brown: Have you any suggestions to make to the Committee as to a tax on trust companies, banks, saving institutions, etc.?

Mr. Page: No. I think I agree with what Mr. Gest has said. I think what we want is some positive basis as we have now—the book value of the stock—capital, surplus and undivided profits. In our mind, to tax the total assets would take in the deposits, which, in view of the fact that they are not under our supervision, are likely to be drawn out at any time. If the tax on these is made, we may be called upon to pay a tax largely in excess of what we are getting the use of.

Mr. Brown: How do you fix the value of your real estate?

Mr. Page: Generally speaking, our real estate is on our books at its assessed valuation.

Mr. Brown: City assessment?

Mr. Page: Yes.

Mr. Brown: What proportion is that in comparison with the real value? Take your new building, for instance?

Mr. Page: The property is assessed at two millions and a half. That doesn't take in the cost of the building itself. That is charged off as we built the building.

Mr. Brown. Take your building—what is the total value of your property thereat Broad and Chestnut to-day—at the last time you made the return?

Mr. Page: What, the stone building?

Mr. Brown: Yes. Have you your last return to the Commonwealth?

Mr. Page: Yes.

Mr. Brown: May I see it (looking over return)? I notice your building is returned February 18, 1910, real estate at two millions eight hundred and ninety-six thousand five hundred and forty-six dollars. What real estate does that cover?

Mr. Page: That covers our property Broad and Chestnut and also certain properties we have foreclosed on mortgages that go back over twenty-five years ago.

Mr. Brown: Can you give us any idea as to the real value of that property?

Mr. Page: I can give you an idea of that at Broad and Chestnut. The ground cost in the neighborhood of two and a half million of dollars and we put the building there, costing a million and a half dollars.

Mr. Brown: That is four millions?

Mr. Page: Yes.

Mr. Brown: What is the real value of that corner?

Mr. Page: It depends on what you want to——

Mr. Brown: What you carry on your books?

Mr. Page: At its assessed valuation?

Mr. Brown: The building itself as profit and loss?

Mr. Page: Yes. In making our return to the State we take the valuation as shown on our books.

Mr. Brown: Why don't you include the total value of the property? Why don't you return to the State the total value of that property, instead of returning the land less the buildings?

Mr. Page: In the judgment of our board, they don't think it a tangible asset. If the Girard Trust Company got into difficulties and wanted to realize on the building, there would be no buyer for it. It is more or less ornamental.

Mr. Brown: Wouldn't that apply to almost any other building? For instance, John Wanamaker's building?

Mr. Page: John Wanamaker is an individual, and here we are taking care of the depositors and stockholders.

Mr. Brown: You are doing that for profit the same as John Wanamaker is selling goods for a profit.

Mr. Page: Yes.

Mr. Brown: If the real estate of corporations now included in the capital stock was taxed locally it would be taxed for a higher sum and the counties that get the money would get a higher sum out of it—the counties would get an additional benefit?

Mr. Page: I understand what you say, but I don't think that is possible. The City of Philadelphia—does it not assess its tax for the county's use?

Mr. Brown: Yes.

Mr. Page: And if they thought that property was not a fair valuation at two and a half millions after the real estate tax was deducted from the State tax (the capital stock tax) they would increase our——

Mr. Brown: But it is not assessed as high as it ought to be, because it is taken into consideration with numerous other items, whereas, if separated, it would be its full value. In other words, in Philadelphia they would get the benefit of five millions of dollars and the State would lose the tax on the two million eight hundred and ninety-six thousand.

Mr. Page: That is something we would not like to consider. The company in making returns, make the returns on its book values, taking the price of its securities and real estate at which it is carried on its books. In other words, if we bought a bond at one thousand dollars, we would return it at that. We don't re-appraise it. We just take our values which we think are approximate. We don't mark it up or mark it down—except in 1907, when we marked down quite extensively. Therefore, these returns show our book value, based on the book value of our securities.

We consider the building at Broad and Chestnut as more or less monumental in character, and while it cost quite considerable amount of money, we couldn't realize that amount on it. In view of the fact that we are returning our book value, all we can do is to take the figures that our assets represents, and add them together.

Mr. Brown: I wish you would give us your thought on whether or not it would be practicable to levy a tax on the gross receipts and eliminate the capital stock; whether or not it would be a practicable method for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to levy a tax on the gross receipts on companies such as yours. Mr. Gest, I would like you to give that some thought, too. Of course, I don't want your answer now. (Addressing Mr. Page): Do the trust companies have an association in Pennsylvania?

Mr. Page: No.

Mr. Brown: You get together, don't you?

Mr. Page: Yes. The tax used to be based on the earnings. The book value you don't seem to think is the right way?

Mr. Brown: Any question I ask here is simply from suggestions made throughout the State by others.

Mr. Page: To me, the book value is a very fair way to get at it. If the books of companies were regulated, the stockholders would get book value.

Mr. Brown: If you sold your building at Broad and Chestnut, the stockholders would get their share of the four millions and not the two millions, which is the value on the books?

Mr. Page: Yes.

Mr. Brown: What is your thought of the treasurer of your company being made the agent of the State to return the tax on moneys at interest?

Mr. Page: My thought is that it is not a good thing.

Mr. Brown: Why do you think these moneys should not bear their share of the tax?

Mr. Page: Because I don't consider a depositor as having money at interest.

Mr. Brown: What is the difference between a man who deposits money in your company and gets 3 per cent. and a man who owns a Goverment bond and gets 3 per cent?

Mr. Page: Unless it is some special arrangement, he gets 2 per cent.

Mr. Brown: The average depositor.

Mr. Page: Yes.

Mr. Brown: Why shouldn't that money bear its share of the tax the same as any other interest money?

Mr. Page: Well, simply upon the theory that it is income.

Mr. Brown: All interest is income.

Mr. Page: You would then be taxing income.

Mr. Brown: Isn't all interest income?

Mr. Page: Not the amount on deposit. The amount on deposit largely represents income. If you are going to tax a deposit that is made up of income, then you have an income tax.

Mr. Brown: Why shouldn't moneys received by me, for instance, coming from an income, pay a tax just as much as from somebody else who has loaned money to somebody else and gets the interest?

Mr. Page: Because I think the loan is a fixed investment.

Mr. Brown: Isn't the income he gets from the trust company a great deal more certain than anything he would get from some solvent debtor where he might have to sue to recover?

Mr. Page: If a man chooses to leave his income on deposit in the trust company, he will get 2 per cent. But on the other hand, he may take it out any moment if he wants to use it. I think if they are going to be taxed on their deposits a great many of the people would not bother about making a return and would put their money in a national bank, which does not pay interest on the deposits.

Mr Brown: Are there many that don't pay interest on deposits?

Mr. Page: I don't know that. I was just throwing out that idea. There are a great many individuals that bank in the national banks, because they are accommodated in other ways than getting interest. I should think that might be a means of shifting the deposits without gaining anything for the State.

Mr. Brown: How about the time of return? Is that satisfactory to your company?

Mr. Page: Yes.

Mr. Brown: You pay prior to the 1st of March and get the benefit of that?

Mr. Page: Yes.

Mr. McNichol: As your association has taken up the question as to the revision of the system for the betterment of conditions—have you given it any thought in the last few years, as to whether you are carrying sufficient burden in the way of payments to the State, or whether there should be some correction in the laws, in your opinion, wherein you would have a more equal distribution than now exists?

Mr. Page: We feel that we are taxed sufficiently. I mean our capital stock tax of fifty thousand and our real estate tax of some thirty-five or forty thousand. I think that is quite an amount to pay in taxes.

Mr. McNichol. You men are in a position to aid the Legislature in revising or equalizing the burden. A great many people believe they are unduly or unjustly taxed. People in your atmosphere believe the same way. We find that the man who is paying rent is being taxed unjustly to the extent that those who are doing a large business are only paying a small proportionate share of the burden. The time is coming when these things have to be corrected, and it is from you gentlemen that the Legislature looks for information which will enable them to bring about satisfactory results.

Mr. Brown: Take your company, for instance; what dividend did your company pay in 1909?

Mr. Page: They paid 30 per cent.

Mr. Brown: 30 per cent. dividend?

Mr. Page: Yes.

Mr. Brown: Assuming that the State of Pennsylvania needs more money for roads, needs more money for her public schools and other public utilities—assuming she needs that, we would like to have thought from you gentlemen as to whether or not there should not be some contribution from such companies towards making up the sufficient sum?

Mr. Page: In the way of taxes?

Mr. Brown: Yes, by additional taxation.

Mr. Page: We are assessed a State tax to take care of the roads and streets.

Mr. Brown: I am speaking about building public highways and State roads and public schools, which is a State institution. We would like to have a thought from you gentlemen as to whether or not you should not help, and if not, why not. If you have an association in this city in which all the institutions are represented, we should like to have the consensus of thought upon it.

Mr. McNichol: We have got to pass upon the question of an income tax, that question that has occupied the thought and mind of the people for years. Don't you think it is up to you gentlemen to help the Commonwealth by furnishing such information and suggestions as you can?

Mr. Page: I think it would be a good thing. If our company can be a help to you, I know they will be glad to assist you.

Mr. McNichol: We would like to have these suggestions from men who come in contact with that particular line of work. We want to be fair to everybody and we want to get the best suggestions possible.

Mr. Brown: Will you be on hand to-morrow, please, Mr. Page?

Mr. Page. Someone from our company will be present.

Mr. M. T. DALY, President of the Continental Title and Trust Company, called.

Mr. Brown: Mr. Daly, have you any suggestions to make to this Committee as to the present system of taxation? If so, we would be glad to have you make them.

Mr. Daly: Well, we were complaining some years ago because the companies were taxed on the selling value or market value of their stock, and it was the consensus of opinion that that was a very unfair standard. It meant in some cases that the stock was above par and in other cases the sales were below the book value, because people had some doubts as to the future earning capacity of that particular company.

I remember one year, when there were very few shares of our stock offered for sale, and when a small lot was offered a man who wanted to piece out his holdings, he bought it at a figure in excess of the market value. That man for that year determined the assessable value of our assets for the purpose of taxation.

Mr. McNichol: He was figuring on the future?

Mr. Daly: Yes; and he was one man against a hundred. We were entirely at the mercy of the one man for that year's taxes.

Mr. McNichol: You are figuring on the book value?

Mr. Daly: Yes. The bankers and business men interested in the business appealed to the Legislature because this plan of assessing became burdensome and oppressive. As I say, they appealed to the Legislature and there was a conference, which resulted in the book value being accepted as the proper standard for assessment. That is the standard to-day, and it is the proper standard.

Mr. Brown: What about real estate——

Mr. Daly: There has been some question suggested as to the undervaluation of real estate.

Mr. Brown: Or the undervaluation of any other estate?

Mr. Daly: That is fully answered by the fact that a man going to a national bank in order to borrow to the utmost of his ability will hardly be accused of underestimating his assets, but he will probably state everything he has in order to get as full a value as he can.

So, with a trust company, it would be manifestly to its interest to make as good a showing as possible, because the public is usually influenced by the strength of a company based upon its capital and surplus.

I think it is fair to assume that every company put in that position would put its best foot forward in the swelling of its assets and would not undervalue any of its assets.

Mr. McNichol: What is the dividend paid to your stockholders?

Mr. Daly: Six per cent. on the money paid in.

Mr. McNichol: How about surplus?

Mr. Daly: Our capital paid in is five hundred thousand dollars and we are a few dollars short of three hundred thousand. Our stock is selling at forty-seven and forty-eight.

Mr. McNichol: How many years organized?

Mr. Daly: Twelve years organized. That money has been earned. We started in with no surplus, and what we have done since has been earned. That is why I think that the present method of valuing is a fair one.

As to the question of valuing real estate separately, as suggested by Mr. Brown—take our own particular case, for instance. We carried for some time some real estate which was valued by the city at probably one-quarter of what we valued it on our books. We finally sold it at our own value. Now, if that were taken at the city valuation, the returns to the State would be much less than the valuation based on our book value. So, if you are going to value the real estate separately, you may gain and you may lose.

Mr. Brown: The suggestion is this: As the item of real estate now is not given serious consideration by the State authorities in the value of the capital stock, it would be in the future if it was assessed by the local authorities locally?

Mr. Daly: I doubt if there is very much difference. That would involve another point, and that is, how would encumbered real estate be valued? Trust companies are usually unwilling owners of real estate except that needed for their offices, and when they get it encumbered it would not be fair to disregard the encumbrances in assessing State taxes. Take, for example, a hundred thousand dollar property subject to a fifty thousand dollar mortgage?

Mr. Brown: That is not carried as one hundred thousand dollars worth of real estate with fifty thousand dollars against it?

Mr. Daly: That would be carried on the books at fifty thousand dollars.

Mr. Brown: The contention is that if that one hundred thousand were taxed locally, it would be taxed at one hundred thousand, and there would be no rebate for the fifty thousand?

Mr. Daly: You would increase our burden by this method. Of course, there are various plans that could be adopted which would be fair, and all that we ask is a fair plan.

Mr. Brown: The contention is that the one hundred thousand should be taxed just the same as one hundred thousand dollars that any other person has, whereas, in the value of

the capital stock, it is assessed at fifty thousand. Why shouldn't the "A" trust company pay the same tax as I pay?

Mr. Daly: You don't pay a State tax on your property—

Mr. McNichol: If I engage in business, I have to pay a tax. You are taking the question of separating your individual ownership, and denying the right, in the management of your business, of the State to tax, and that you should bear an equal burden. The argument is as to the individual payment of taxation. That is the thing we have got to unravel?

Mr. Daly: If you are taxing a business, there is some system of taxation for that. We are not saying the State has not a right to tax, but the question is as to the fairness of the method to be adopted. A company having only 40 per cent. equity in real estate should not pay State taxes on that real estate on a 100 per cent. basis of valuation. We are doing business on capital stock, assets and earnings. Tax us what is fair on these. If we own 40 per cent. of real estate and somebody else owns 60 per cent. of it, and you charge us with 100 per cent., that will be a burden.

By a Member of the Committee: Most of the real estate held by trust companies, outside of their official buildings, are sort of unwilling assets?

Mr. Daly: Yes; the most of it we are obliged to take in business transactions, that come to us loaded with encumbrances.

By a Member of the Committee: To avoid these troubles, what would be your view in regard to putting the trust companies under gross income tax, rather than book value?

Mr. Daly: I don't know. I don't think that would be fair either. If any income is to be taxed in the business, it should be the net income. The amount of money you are obliged to pay out——

By a Member of the Committee: It is the same as the running expenses of any other business, isn't it?

Mr. Daly: A banking company is somewhat different from other businesses. On the money you take in deposit, you are asked to pay interest. We have to pay 2 per cent. on check accounts and 3 per cent. on ten-day accounts. This is about the most we can do consistent with good banking methods. Some of the saving funds have raised their percentage to three sixty-five. I don't know whether or not any of the trust companies tried to follow their example, but a great bulk of the well-managed trust companies would prefer a loss of deposits and a loss of business rather than do anything that would have an injurious effect on the business.

Mr. Brown: Why should they be favored over any other taxpayers?

Mr. Daly: Taxation, as I say, should not be burdensome. Every company should contribute a fair share. Take the case Mr. Gest mentioned about deposits going to another city. I know of a case of a woman who went between New York and Philadelphia, and who made an investment here and lived here for awhile. She had a twenty thousand dollar mortgage here. She said she didn't think she would stay here because she would have to pay a State tax. She said she would go to New York to live and make her home there.

Mr. McNichol: Is it not true that 85 per cent. of the money in Philadelphia is sent over to New York, anyhow?

Mr. Daly: I cannot say that.

Mr. McNichol: Do you know if any part of your company's money is sent over there for investment?

Mr. Daly: No, we sent no money there.

Mr. McNichol: It is a general belief that big money was made in New York for the past ten years on account of the big demand for large amounts of money?

Mr. Daly: I don't think in that time we have sent any money at all over there. We have been able to invest our money here.

Mr. McNichol: But this has been done?

Mr. Daly: Yes.

Mr. McNichol: Is it a fact that taxation drives out investors?

Mr. Daly: Yes, and a general depression of business. There was a time when you couldn't give money away, and in New York, at that time, they were willing to pay a fair return.

Mr. Brown: Let us have your thought on companies that pay high rates of dividend. Shouldn't they be taxed on the gross receipts?

Mr. Daly: The net income would be fairer.

Mr. Brown: Why not gross receipts. The operating expenses are the same. Wouldn't it reach these companies that pay 20 and 25 per cent. dividend, to make them pay proportionately with the companies that pay, say 6 per cent.?

Mr. Daly: No, sir; for you would get the same result. I think the fairer way would be the net income.

Mr. Brown: That would involve a whole lot of figuring, and sending a man to your company to go into your affairs?

Mr. Daly: You would have to do that to get the gross income. You would have to go into our affairs and see what our receipts were from each particular source.

Mr. Brown: The Commonwealth would have to pass upon whether you had too many clerks, or whether this was fair, or that was unfair——

Mr. Daly: In other words, the accounting officer would say, "You are not running this business right. John Brown is doing a great deal more business than you are and in a better way." And then you are getting into the inquisitorial. I think the net income represents the very best judgment and the very best knowledge of those in charge of the company.

Mr. McNichol: Can you enlighten this Committee as to a comparison of the laws of this State and the laws of New York?

Mr. Daly: I don't think they tax deposits in New York. I think that non-residents investing money here in mortgages and things of that kind should pay the same tax that residents do. I do believe there are some people who loan money here, and by living outside of the State escape the taxation. Then, another example shows the danger of legislation against the non-resident. In Jersey, it is a difficult matter to foreclose a mortgage. I had a mortgage down there in the hands of one of the ex-Judges, and it took six or eight months to foreclose. The same thing could be done here in probably three months. In speaking of the matter, I was told that this slow procedure was for the benefit of the debtor and as most of the lenders were non-residents, the Legislature did not favor them. That condition made it difficult to get outside money for New Jersey mortgages. In the particular case I have in mind, the debtor was for several months trying to place the mortgage. You can go to Atlantic City to-day and get 6 per cent. without any trouble for money or good mortgages.

Mr. Brown: You think there should be some short-cut for collection?

Mr. Daly: I am speaking of people outside the State, and of the danger of drastic legislation against them.

Mr. McNichol: Is your company engaged in the surety business, Mr. Daly?

Mr. Daly: No, we are not doing a surety business regularly, and what business we are doing is going security for persons, acting in a fiduciary capacity, and in these cases moneys must be deposited with us. We take no risks whatever.

W. U. HENSEL, of the Lancaster Trust Co., Lancaster, Pa., called.

Mr. Brown: Mr. Hensel, we would be pleased to hear any suggestions you may desire to make to the Committee.

Mr. Hensel: I think as far as the Lancaster Trust Co. is concerned, we are satisfied with the present method of taxation; but, before going into that, I would like to say to the members of this Commission, with all due deference, but they are misinformed when they are told that there are ten millions of dollars on certificates of deposit in Lancaster banks that go untaxed.

Mr. Brown: Mr. Eschelman said this, I believe, at one of our meetings in Philadelphia.

Mr. W. H. Keller: We pay no interest on certificates subject to check. The only interest we pay is on the certificates of deposit, and the whole issue of these in all the trust companies does not amount to ten millions of dollars; and a great proportion of the certificates out are returned for taxation. The assessors in the different townships have gone to every person and asked them if they had certificates of deposit, and the proportion is considerably over 50 per cent. that are returned for taxation. We pay 4 per cent. on certificates of deposits left with us for a year; for six months, we pay 3 per cent. Some pay only 3½ for a year and these investments are regarded as permanent investments and a great proportion are returned for taxation

Mr. Brown: You don't pay on two weeks' notice?

Mr. Keller: In trust companies I know if the deposit is drawn out at the expiration of the certificate, they pay the interest earned at the termination of the certificate.

Mr. Brown: Is there any rule for that in Lancaster as distinguished from any other city?

Mr. Keller: It seems to be the practice there .

Mr. Brown: Is there any reason why you should not pay a tax on your real estate?

Mr. Keller: We pay a tax on our real estate. Our real estate is carried on our books at what it cost, which is approximately what it is worth. We pay local tax on that in the valuation of our capital stock.

Mr. Brown: Have you any suggestions to make to the Committee as to any amendments to the present laws?

Mr. Keller: None, except I think we all feel—all the trust companies feel—that it would be a great injustice to tax the gross income or the net income either. Again, we do not all operate our institutions for the same cost, and as long as the running charges are not the same, it seems to me a gross income tax would be an unequal method of taxing these institutions. I would think the present method of taxing the value of the stock would be the most satisfactory and equitable way of getting at it.

Mr. Brown: Has any of the Committee any further questions to ask Mr. Keller?

No further questions asked by the Committee.

Mr. HENSEL, of the Lancaster Trust Company, called:

Mr. Hensel: I think the stock of trust companies ought to be taxed on just what it is worth in the hands of its holders. It certainly ought to tax its debts.

Mr. Brown: You are satisfied with the present laws?

Mr. Hensel: I think the present law is a very good one in that respect.

JAMES AYLWARD DEVELIN, President of the Mortgage Trust Company, Philadelphia, called.

Mr. Develin: I do not know that it is practically worth while for me to go into the special business, the nature of the business of the Mortgage Trust Company, which it is specially engaged in. So far as I know there are only two companies engaged in the special business of selling or issuing debenture bonds that are secured by mortgage.

Most of the companies have been obliged to take real estate outside of the State, which we think ought not to be taxed in our capital stock.

Mr. Brown: You are satisfied with the present laws?

Mr. Develin: I was satisfied better with the old law. I thought that the valuation, which was ascertained partly by the market price of the stock, was the better way to get at it than the book value, as under the present law, because I thought that introduced the element of abliity to pay the tax; that net income was affected in that way, because the market value of the stock fluctuated largely, according to the profits of the company, and that in turn decided or determined to a certain extent at least the ability of the company to pay the tax. In the case of our company we felt the hardship of the book value method, because we owned a large amount of real estate situated outside of the State, and which was of very uncertain value. Whether or not the present law is the best method of

determining generally, I am not prepared to say. Perhaps it is, but in my own case and in the case of companies engaged in a similar business, I think, in fact it is a hardship. We also pay a tax upon our debentures, and I think, but I am not sure of this, that the companies who do not issue debentures, but do practically the same business, escape taxation. I am not sure about that.

Mr. Brown: They ought to be included in the same class with you?

Mr. Develin: Yes. Well, I do not say that. I do not want to bring that burden upon anybody else, but that we are better satisfied with the old law, and for that reason we made an attack—it was our company, I believe, whose name was used in the attack upon the act of 1907, which changed the basis of taxation, although perhaps they were one of the smallest concerns.

WM. H. KINGSLEY, representing the Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company, called.

Mr. Kingsley: Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen: I am not going to take very much of your time this morning. Since I have been listening to all that has been said, I believe that our grievance is monumental. I have learned a good deal about taxation, and a great deal of the taxation as related to the condition under which the capital stock of these companies is fixed, and objection has been raised to that system. The Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company stands almost alone as a company, having no capital stock. It operates its business solely on a mutual basis. Its so-called assets to the extent of 95 per cent. of their amount are in reality liabilities. They are trust obligations that are being held for two or three hundred thousand people all over the country, returnable to them in the event of death and in the event of a lapse of time, and withdrawable almost as blank balances or any deposit may be. It has been argued that some relief should be afforded the companies who are forced to pay on the average market value of their stock during the year just preceding the levy. I would like for a moment to point out what happens to us, because we have no capital stock on which to pay dividends. We are obliged to pay a four mill tax on our entire taxable assets. Other companies in the same line of business, having a capital, received the benefits of the method of taxation, and we are placed to a disadvantage which last year resulted in our company paying more money for taxation than its entire administration expenses. We do not consider it an equitable basis, and we believe the attorney for the Committee was in error when he said the Pennsylvania Railroad Company was the largest taxpayer in Pennsylvania, because we think we have that distinction in so far as it relates to the four mill tax, and we do not want to be selfish and hold it any longer. We would like very much indeed to have some relief from the position in which we are placed. I think there is one other company you referred to this morning, the Fidelity, which, in a measure, is in the same class, but in being a larger company it does not suffer quite so much. It appears to us that we have been taxed from every possible angle. In the first place, the premium is ascertained when its amount is ascertained when the policy is issued; we are immediately taxed eight mills. The next day that premium is transferred into an investment, in order to carry out the terms of the policy, and that is taxed four mills as a personal possession. Then along comes the Insurance Company of the State which supervises us, which is entirely proper, and which was the purpose for which taxes were originally collected from insurance companies, and we pay for that supervision. They then value our policies at the rate of one-half cent per thousand dollars. So, as I stated before, our taxes last year were one hundred and thirty-seven dollars more than our entire administration expenses.

Member of the Committee: What was your total tax?

Mr. Kingsley: Our total tax paid was $520,777.

A Member of the Committee: How does that compare with the tax on similar companies in other States?

Mr. Kingsley: It is very much more heavy and burdensome and the rate of tax imposed by other States upon insurance companies, even where it is lower than Pennsylvania, has been recently lessened, because they have appreciated the power and force of the argument that has been made against tax levy on insurance companies. We accumulate money for the benefit of a man who can withdraw it, and perform a greater function than a saving fund, because we have the element of life insurance, and we feel there should certainly be no discrimination as between a Mutual Life Insurance Company and a fraternal organization, which does not serve its members as well as the old line life insurance companies or saving funds, in that it only returns the money which is deposited——

A Member of the Committee: Neither of which is taxed.

Mr. Kingsley: Neither of which is taxed. This is a subject which has been before the members of the insurance fraternity for some years, and organizations have gone back to the original belief that the purpose of taxing insurance companies is to provide funds for its supervision. We have gone somewhat into statistics, and we find that a drug store doing a business of $64,000 a year, pays a tax of $1. Our tax on $64,000 a year business is $1,280. A grocery store doing a business of $61,800 pays a tax of $70.00, and we pay a tax of $1,239. A retail drug store doing a business of $342,000, pays $639, and we pay $6,840 on the same amount of business, and a wholesale implement house doing a business of $464,000 pays $283, and we pay $9,280. We realize the fact that insurance companies, in common with all other beneficiaries of the State's protection, should pay a fair proportion of the expenses of the Government, both local and State, but I think you gentlemen must agree that in comparing the situation of a mutual company with that of a stock company there is a great injustice and burden placed upon the mutual company, for which it is very desirable to seek relief. Of a great deal more than our share, in contributing to tax revenue, but we believe that if the mutual life insurance companies were taxed upon their surplus, you would come nearer having an equitable basis than under the present system, and in that way perhaps bring about an anomalous position with the stock company, because it is the surplus accumulated by the company which gives market value to its stock. It is all net profit. It is the surplus alone which reflects the value of the stock in the market, and in that way you could perhaps take, the surplus of a mutual life insurance company and regard it in the same light you would the market value of a stock company, and tax it on that basis.

Mr. Brown: Do you carry a surplus in addition to your reserve? Do you make a distinction between them?

Mr. Kingsley: We carry both. Our reserve is made by the laws of the State. They require us to maintain a reserve, say 3 1-2 per cent. If we earn 4 per cent. we pay a four-mill tax, which is equivalent to one-tenth of 1 per cent. If you have any considerable number of investments of that sort, you haven't enough margin to properly conduct your business.

Mr. McNichol: Have you made any attempts to remedy the condition?

Mr. Kingsley: Without being offensive to the Legislature, we have spoken to some of the members, and they have always said it was a condition which should be looked into and should be remedied, and we pinned our faith to that and in the meantime have paid our tax under protest, to protect what we thought was our position, in the event of the Legislature taking proper action.

Mr. Brown: Mr. Fouse addressed the Committee on this subject several weeks ago, and he seemed to share the same opinion.

Mr. Kingsley: I have not consulted Mr. Fouse about it. In fact, I did not know he had been before the Committee. While it won't disturb the revenue of the State, at the same time you want equity, and there are not many mutual life insurance companies in the State, and the other States do not treat them as we are treated in Pennsylvania.

Mr. Brown: How about the tax on foreign insurance companies?

Mr. Kingsley: You are coming to the point of premium collections. We have the same retaliatory law which they mildly call a reciprocal law, where as we tax so will they tax.

Mr. Brown: Is that beneficial to our home companies?

Mr. Kingsley: Well, we would have to study that out. I would not want to answer that off-hand

Mr. Brown: I always thought it was.

Mr. Kingsley: I believe it would be, and we believe the support from the insurance companies should come from that direction, from the collection of premiums, from the vitals of the business, rather than the residuum. We are compelled to maintain the reserve which you spoke of a little while ago, and we are merely custodians of those funds, and they change every day and pass out into the hands of those for whose benefit they are accumulated, just as the deposit of a bank would be.

FRANK R. SHATTUCK, representing the Postal Telegraph Company, called.

Mr. Shattuck: I came here on behalf of the Postal Telegraph Company, which received itself and through these numerous light companies a great many requests—they are all along the line that has been mentioned here—as to whether or not the tax ought to be on the actual value of the property. I have had considerable experience in looking into the returns and making them for the Postal Company and others, and I am emphatically in favor of the present situation. Of course, if any method of fixing the tax on capital stock, the judgment of individuals must come into play, but where you get the actual figures of the gross income and expenses and other figures which go to make market value, you can do it better with those figures than if the judgment of people was passed upon the value of a telegraph line. It is almost impossible actually to fix what its value is. Good will enters into it; whether or not you have paid damages as an additional servitude, and it has been held in our Superior and Supreme Courts that you can institute such proceedings at any ime if the property has not been condemned actually. By reason of these decisions it is an existing liability really. But rights-of-way and the right to go into the highway, which exists, I take it, upon the part of companies which have accepted the Post-roads Acts of Congress, and not upon the part of those who have not, to the same extent, you could not properly value a telegraph line. Different companies desire different kinds of wire and will equip it more expensively than others. Telephone lines would come within the same definition. It is my judgment that there would be trouble existing between the taxing officers and the companies, and more dissatisfaction than exists now, if the tax was levied on the value of a telegraph or telephone line The present system is working very well, I think. There is very little trouble in regard to it. The stock is fixed at the market value, just the same as stock of other corporations, taking all the factors into consideration that they have to report upon. I do not know of any dissatisfaction on the part of any of the companies in regard to the present system.

Mr. McNichol: Would it be possible for the telegraph companies to consider paying an additional tax?

Mr. Shattuck: Well, frankly speaking, I do not think the telegraph and telephone companies are overtaxed by the State. I am opposed to the numerous methods indulged in by cities and boroughs and first-class townships all over the State. I do not really conceive they are overtaxed. They might stand some more.

Mr. Brown: What is the dividend of the Postal Telegraph Company, say for the past year?

Mr. Shattuck: You see, I cannot answer those questions, for the reason that there is no Postal Telegraph stock in the market, and there is no American District Telegraph Stock in the market; there is no Commercial Telegraph stock in the market, or any stock of any corporation which is generally known as

a Postal Telegraph or a Commercial Cable Company. All of that stock is held by the Mackey Companies of Boston, which also hold the stocks of a great many other corporations. It is only within the last six months that it has sold ten millions of dollars worth of American Telegraph and Telephone Company, the Bell parent company. That Mackey Company owns a great many corporation stocks, and it owns practically all of the stocks of these companies, and they are known as Postal Companies, Commercial Cable Companies, Pacific, and others.

Mr. Brown: Would a tax on inter state messages be objectionable, and if such a tax were levied, would it be added to the tax on the customers?

Mr. Shattuck: I do not think you possess the power to levy a tax on interstate messages, because a telegraph message has been held to be interstate commerce.

Mr. Brown: I say inter state. I say what would be the objection to a tax on messages within the State, and if such a tax were levied, would it be added to the charge to the customer?

Mr. Shattuck: Well, the objection to levying a tax is the same one every man has. He hates to pay any tax. He does not amble forward and ask to pay the tax. Whether or not it would be added to the message, I do not know.

Mr. Brown: Do you recall that there was a bill in the last Legislature to tax messages? Do you recall that?

Mr. Shattuck: I recall it.

Mr. Brown: I thought probably your companies had given some consideration to that and come to some conclusion about it?

Mr. Shattuck: Of course, speaking generally, it would depend on perhaps, a meeting between the Postal Telegraph Company and the Western Union officials. Generally speaking, the regular ten-word rate is in a certain amount, say twenty, twenty-five, thirty or thirty-five cents. Of course, extra words bring it into pennies, but a tax on messages, I take it, would be in pennies, and for that reason it might not be added on.

Mr. Brown: And again it might?

Mr. Shattuck: Again it might, and as a result, of course, it might be worse for the public. Now, they have a law of that kind down in Maryland. I don't know. It made the operator stamp the hour that the message was delivered for transmission, and putting a tax on it also. The result was that it cost the public more in the long run than it otherwise would have, because they added it on in different ways, charging them for messenger service and so on. Of course, I could not answer for what the executive officers of those two corporations might do. I know their general feeling is against taxation, and I believe if they were taxed they would certainly give it earnest consideration as to whether or not the public should pay.

Mr. Brown: Well, the presumption is against the public.

Mr. Shattuck: They have no other source of telegraphing practically then with one or the other of these corporations, and therefore so long as they serve the public equitably in the way of making charges, there is no complaint on the part of the public.

Mr. Brown: It might resolve itself into the upper and nether mill stone?

Mr. Shattuck: I really think it would. That is my personal opinion, but I am not able to speak for the executive officers.

Mr. Brown: Mr. Shattuck is the only man who has come before us asking to be taxed. Do you wish to ask him any questions?

Mr. Shattuck: I say I do not think they are overtaxed in the State?

Mr. Brown: It is the borough tax and license, and one and a hundred other things?

Mr. Shattuck: It is the boroughs and first-class townships that I have made complaint about. I do not know as it would produce a great deal of extra income even if they were taxed a reasonable amount more. I do not think the income to the State from telephone and telegraph companies is very much.

Mr. McNichol: Not half as much as it should be.

Mr. Shattuck: I would not want to see it doubled, but take an ordinary fair raise of 10 per cent. or something like that, I do not think it would amount to much in dollars and cents.

WILLIAM H. KELLER, of the People's Trust Company, Lancaster Pa., called.

Mr. Keller: I do not know as I have anything special to say.

Mr. Brown: I invited the Lancaster Trust Company, because Mr. Eschelman came here and stated that they had a grievance, and it was out of courtesy to Mr. Eschelman.

Mr. Keller: I can corroborate what Mr. Newman stated to you, that the amount that was placed on deposit is entirely too high. We do not pay any interest on anything except certificates of deposit, and that while these certificates of deposit are all fixed for a certain time, yet the universal custom has been to pay them on presentation, and if we did not pay them there would be a run on the bank That has been the custom. They are paid. The only result is that if they are presented at less than six months, they lose their interest. If they are presented after six months or over they get 3 per cent., and if they are allowed to remain in for a whole year they get 4 per cent. I think a trust company and a bank are in a different situation from any other class or corporation. Their business is borrowing and lending money, and therefore their assets are in proportion to their net capital stock. The great bulk of the assets of a bank or trust company are really liabilities. We do not believe there could be any fairer method of determining the tax than that which is determined now. Previous to the act of 1907 there was nearly always previously continuous friction between the Auditor General and the different banking institutions as to the exact market value of the capital stock. Taking their book value, there can be none. It is shown on the books, and there can be no falsification. It has worked very well, and we think any change from it would be a mistake.

Mr. Brown: Do you change the value of your real estate from year to year?

Mr. Keller: The value of the real estate is changed from year to year as there are additions to it.

Mr. Brown: If your real estate appreciates in value do you change that on your books?

Mr. Keller: Not on the books, unless there has been some material change, like a building added or something of that kind. It is generally carried at the cost, but I may say the cost of nearly all banking institutions in Lancaster is away ahead of the assessed value.

Mr. Brown: How about the selling value of the building?

Mr. Keller: The selling value is somewhat less than the amount that is carried on the books, because the banking houses are, as a rule, rather nice institutions. They are well built and look well, and I doubt if they were exposed to public sale whether they would bring—unless there had been a material increase in the ground—as much as they actually cost with their fixtures.

Mr. Brown: And at what they are carried on your books?

Mr. Keller: Yes. And as Mr. Newman has said, we are all taxed locally, of course. We pay our tax to the county, and to the city, and to the school district, on the assessed valuation of our real estate, in addition to paying State tax.

HARRY L. LEAM, representing the Shamokin Trust Company, called.

Mr. Brown: Have you any suggestions to make to us?

Mr. Leam: Well, I think the present law is pretty good. I do not think you can get a fairer or more equitable way of arriving at the tax value than the actual book value.

Mr. Brown: Do you carry your real estate on your books at its assessed valuation?

Mr. Leam: The only thing we have charged off on the real estate is for furniture and fixtures. The rest we carry at exactly what we paid for it.

Mr. Brown: As it increases in value, do you keep pace with the valuation from year to year?

Mr. Leam: No, we have not increased the value. We are paying just like the other trust companies, we are paying a borough and county, poll and school tax, of course, and also paying to the State.

Mr. Brown: How about your moneys at interest?

Mr. Leam: We do not issue certificates of deposit. We pay interest on the time they deposit at the rate of six months or longer, we pay 3 per cent.

Mr Brown: They are not taxed?

Mr Leam: No.

Mr. Brown: The depositors as a rule do not pay the tax?

Mr. Leam: That I do not know.

Mr. Brown: You never heard any complaint?

Mr. Leam: No. I believe this, in regard to the suggestion that was made here, that if they were to appoint the trust companies as officers to return to the State what moneys are there, I think it would cause no end of trouble. To begin with, money that has to be with us six months before we pay any interest, very often it is there six months and one day and taken out. If we returned it to the State, how would we collect it?

Mr. Brown: You pay, for instance, $10,000 a year in interest, and if you paid that tax on it, you deduct it from your depositors' accounts?

Mr. Leam: How would you do that? A large portion of the accounts we have the preceding year are checked out.

Mr. Brown: Whey you pay the interest, there is a time when you pay interest

Mr. Leam: Yes.

Mr. Brown: When you pay interest, deduct the tax. Let the thing be contemporaneous?

Mr. Leam: I believe that would result in driving a lot of depositors away from the bank.

Mr. Brown: Where would they go to?

Mr. Leam: They would go to the savings funds.

Mr. Brown: Tax the savings funds the same?

Mr. Leam: That is what they would do undoubtedly, if you put the tax on you are speaking of.

Mr. Brown: Is there any reason why saving and trust deposits should not be taxed the same as a bank or trust company?

Mr. Leam: I do not see any reason. I think they should be put on an equal basis.

Mr. Brown: So if they were, it would be rather foolish to——

Mr. Leam: Certainly. It would also act against the banks in another way, or the trust companies. It would result in a good many using the old stocking, instead of the bank. A good many would hoard it at home.

Mr. Brown: You think they would rather lose it altogether, rather than to pay the 3 per cent. extra tax?

Mr. Leam: Yes, they take chances. Lots of them are taking chances now. That I know.

FRANCIS N. WHITNEY, ESQ., Tax Attorney for the Western Union Telegraph Company, called.

Mr. Whitney: On behalf of the Western Union, I read the notice that was sent to Col. Fowler, and it speaks of taxing real estate locally. Now, if it is contemplated by this Commission to alter the tax laws of the State of Pennsylvania so as to place upon the local assessor the power to attempt to value telegraph property, it will simply mean a chaotic condition. There is no assessor that is intelligent enough to tax a railroad locally, or a telegraph company or express company locally.

Mr. McNichol: How is it possible for any business man to value his plant and show appreciation and fix a value on it, if it would not be possible to do that, and why is it not possible to value a pole or a wire as a part of the plant?

Mr. Whitney: As a whole, yes, but not in short sections. I mean taking the boundaries of a borough, or a township, or a county, and attempting to make a good many bites at one cherry.

Mr. McNichol: Take the county of Philadelphia.

Mr. Whitney: The county of Philadelphia, the property as a whole here might be valued and might come pretty near its value. Of course, the element of depreciation would enter largely and that would be the stumbling block, as to the amount of depreciation. I think myself that the scheme provided by the State for taxing the property as a whole,

taking its capital stock at its average value for a year, arrives at the value of the property and you tax every element in that.

Mr. Brown: In the valuation of capital stock, of course, it included all the assets?

Mr. Whitney: Everything. You take into consideration every element that is taxable.

Mr. Brown: How is it possible for one man practically today to tax the value of all the real estate of the Western Union in Pennsylvania?

Mr. Whitney: He does not do it.

M.. Brown? He takes your word?

Mr. Whitney: He doesn't do it, no. I do not mean that. It isn't necessary to value its tagible property under the existing law. For that reason I believe the present law is preferable by far to any law that would require a tangible valuation. I think when you come to make a tangible valuation for ad valorem assessment, you are going to have a ——

Mr. Brown: What does your return to the State of Pennsylvania include?

Mr. Whitney: We return all miles of line in the State, the total miles for the system, $99,817,100 of capital stock, and we give the average price of the stock for the last fifteen days in November, and the highest and lowest for the year preceding the first Monday in November. Then it is upon those stock valuations that the capital of the company is valued. That is, the capital outstanding is a little over ninety-nine millions of dollars, and then that amount is apportioned to the State of Pennsylvania on the mileage ratio.

Mr Brown: And that is all the State gets?

Mr. Whitney: No, they pay on gross receipts.

Mr. Brown: If I understand, like all transportation companies, you pay a gross receipt tax?

Mr. Whitney: Yes.

Mr. Brown: And there is no attempt to get at the real value of the physical property?

Mr. Whitney: I don't see how there can be.

Mr. McNichols: Why couldn't it be done? You have got your accounts of what you paid for lumber and poles?

Mr. Whitney: That is true.

Mr. McNichol: You have got your labor account of your men for construction.

Mr. Whitney: Yes.

Mr. McNichol: What is the difference——

Mr. Whitney: If the State was to make the valuation——

Mr. McNichol: We are talking about your valuation and submitting it to the State, and if the State wants to investigate that proposition that is their business.

Mr. Whitney: That is not what I understood this Commission to be after. It was what was taxable locally.

Mr. McNichol: You say it would be impossible to tax it locally?

Mr. Whitney: I think it would. I don't think the ordinary assessor has intelligence enough to value a railroad or telegraph line. You get all kinds of value. We have them in New York State, and we have a frightful condition there. We have there an assessment by the State Board of all lines that occupy the highways, and all the rest of the property is assessed by the local assessor, and we have all kinds of valuations and all kinds of trouble.

Mr. McNichol: What do you pay in to the State of Pennsylvania in the way of tax?

Mr. Whitney: On the Western Union or on its allied lines?

Mr. McNichol: On the whole system?

Mr. Whitney: I cannot give you that. I do not know the gross amount. We pay our gross earnings tax and on intrastate business. The last six months' bill was paid a few days ago, and it was on intra-state business about $120,000, not quite $120,000; I think $116,000 or $118,000.

Mr. Brown: How does the valuation of the capital stock compare with the real physical value of your property?

Mr. Whitney: I do not know that we ever made an inventory of the property in Pennsylvania. Our books are not kept by State lines at all; they are kept as a whole, or in some instances the expense and repairs accounts are kept by districts; they are made up of railroad routes. Nearly all of the lines of the Western Union are on right-of-way of railroads.

Mr. Brown: At present your stock is practically fixed on the market value?

Mr. Whitney: Yes; which I think is a fair way of assessing the value of the property. Of course, it is taxed every year, and if that price is high one year and low the next, while the physical property does not vary in cost, to that extent it is a fair way to equalize it with other property.

Mr. McNichol: How long has that system been in vogue?

Mr. Whitney: As long as I know, and that is——

Mr. McNichol: Do you think it is fair that the Western Union or any other corporation should be permitted to go on under conditions existing thirty-five or forty years ago, and avoid the increased responsibility and duties devolving puon every citizen?

Mr. Whitney: We do not avoid it, because we pay upon our increased mileage and increased returns—increased receipts.

Mr. McNichol: On a basis formed thirty-five or forty years ago. Isn't it out of all proportion and ridiculous at this present day? That is what the Legislature is confronted with. Men who are occupied in laborious work, and are having their rental increased 35 or 50 per cent., when in point of fact a corporation is allowed to go on and run on the same system they were run years ago. You wouldn't say you are conducting your business with the public as your conducted it thirty years ago?

Mr. Whitney: No, I don't think we are.

Mr. McNichol: You have made improvements and your income is much larger, the receipts being that much more?

Mr. Whitney: Our income has kept pace with the expenditure.

Mr. McNichol: The State of Pennsylvania is trying to adjust conditions.

Mr. Whitney: I hope when they do adjust them, they won't go out of the frying pan into the fire, and get back to the local assessor. We have kept pace with the others by paying on the increased mileage and increased investment.

Mr. McNichol: And every increase you add to it means that much increase of income to your stockholders?

Mr. Whitney: Which we have paid on.

Mr. Brown: How much is the dividend in your company?

Mr. Whitney: Last year the dividend was 3 per cent.

Mr. Brown: Twenty-five years ago it was what?

Mr. Whitney: Twenty years ago it was 5 per cent.

Mr. Brown: What is charged off before that dividend is fixed? How large do you put the surplus or undivided profits, for instance?

Mr. Whitney: The company has no surplus account as generally understood. Their surplus has been invested from time to time in the extension and building of new lines. The construction of new lines does not come in as an operating expense.

Mr. Brown: So the net results to your stockholders are only 3 per cent.

Mr. Whitney: Three per cent. the last three years, I think, since the strike of 1907. Prior to that it was 5 per cent. for twenty years.

Mr. Brown: How is that compared to the Postal?

Mr. Whitney: I don't know anything about the Postal. I do want to impress upon this Committee the fact that we have a burden, a very great burden, in the State of Pennsylvania—pole tax, wire tax, license tax, and things of that kind, and it has been extended now to townships, but fortunately the Legislature saw fit in 1905 not to send us to a jury, but it left the Court of Common Pleas to determine the rate, which makes it a very fair way of determining.

Mr. Brown: How is our tax compared with New York, the net results to the Company?

Mr. Whitney: It is a New York company, and of course, they have to pay there a tax on their capital stock, an excise tax, as it is called, which is similar to the gross receipts here, and franchise tax for doing business, and then we have a special franchise, right of occupancy of streets.

Mr. Brown: That is the same thing you pay the boroughs and townships in Pennsylvania for?

Mr. Whitney: They levy a pole tax. In the City of Philadelphia we have a pole tax and wire tax, and recently under an ordinance of June last a conduit tax; that is, the conductors and conduits.

Mr. Brown: You are satisfied with present conditions, as I understand you??

Mr. Whitney: Yes I think it is a fairer way to estimate the tax.

Mr. McNichol: Can your company stand an additional burden?

Mr. Whitney: We are paying 3 per cent. now. The gross receipts for the preceding year ending June 30, 1909, were about thirty million dollars, and the operating expenses were over twenty-five million. We have $38,500,000 of bonds, and of course, that is a fixed charge. The interest on those bonds varies from 4 to 5 per cent.

Mr. McNichol: You do make the interest and enough to pay 3 per cent. on the sock?

Mr. Whitney. Yes.

Mr. McNichol: Quite a profitable company for the bondholders.

Mr. Whitney: For the bondholders, yes.

Mr. Brown: Does that stock represent actual cash to the company?

Mr. Whitney: Yes, property, not actual cash, because in some instances the old telegraph companies organized in this State—the Erie, Delaware River and Suspuehanna, Philadelphia and Wilkesbarre, some of the old companies were purchasd by stock of the Western Union at different times, and those pay capital stock tax. I am very anxious to avoid the local assessors.

WALTER C. SINGER, representing the Erie Railroad, enters his appearance.

Public meeting of the Committee held at Room 496, City Hall, Philadelphia, Wednesday, October 5, 1910, at eleven o'clock A. M.

Present: James P. McNichol, Esq.. Chairman; Wm. C. Sproul, Wm. H. Keyser, James F. Woodward, of the Committee; Francis Shunk Brown, Esq., Counsel.

Mr. Brown: As the Committee is aware, we have invited here to-day probably a hundred to one hundred and ten of representative men and women of Philadelphia and this section of Pennsylvania, who are payers of large sums in taxes to the State of Pennsylvania, for the purpose of obtaining from them their views upon the property of the State of Pennsylvania ratifying the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the United States authorizing the Federal Government to tax incomes, and a similar invitation has been extended to all banks, savings institutions, trust companies, and like institutions, which represent a large amount of capital, all of which would be subject to that tax if this amendment were adopted. We have also with us to-day the representatives of the various Legislative Committees, who have asked for an audience or hearing for the purpose of protesting against the continuance of the mercantile tax law. If it is your pleasure, we will take the Legislative Committee first. Mr. Lord, is there anyone present who will speak for the association as an association?

Mr. Lord: No, sir; we will file a brief.

Mr. Brown: I will commence with the Philadelphia Commercial Exchange.

MR. SAMUEL L. McKNIGHT, President of the Philadelphia Commercial Exchange, called.

Mr. McKnight: I shall not inflict upon you any lengthy argument in addition to the brief which has been filed in behalf of the association which I represent, but I beg permission to advance one or two suggestions that would seem to be pertinent to the occasion. The Act to provide revenue by imposing a mercantile tax on venders of or dealers in goods, wares or merchandise, does not seem from its phraseology to have been especially aimed at the branch of business in which my colleagues and myself are engaged, but it has seemed to strike our trade with more than ordinary force. Let me illustrate briefly my meaning by first pointing out that some of the members of the Commercial Exchange are brokers, some are wholesalers and some are retailers.

The Act provides that each retail vender shall pay an annual mercantile license tax of two dollars, and one mill additional on each dollar of the whole volume, gross, of business transacted annually. Each wholesale vender shall pay an annual mercantile license tax of three dollars, and one-half mill additional on each dollar of the whole volume of business transacted annually. Each dealer in or vender of goods, wares or merchandise at any exchange or board of trade shall pay a mercantile license tax of twenty-five cents on each thousand dollars' worth, gross, of goods so sold.

Mr. Brown: He pays a tax of three dollars?

Mr. McKnight: Yes. This seems to be an unfair discrimination against the wholesaler and retailer, who pay respectively twice and four times as much as those who deal upon the Exchange or Board of Trade. Actually, however, the dealer upon the Exchange or Board of Trade who pays twenty-five cents is usually a broker, who sells to a wholesaler (that pays fifty cents) and the latter in turn sells to a retailer, who pays one hundred cents upon the $1,000, thus making three taxations upon the same article.

I am not here to protest against the broker or dealer upon an exchange or board of trade paying but twenty-five cents upon the $1,000, as against the higher rates charged to our other branches of membership, but I would protest against the three assessments upon the one transaction, which under the present law must be paid if the law is observed. The broker, selling upon commission, which may not amount to more than $2.50 or $5.00 at the utmost, can scarcely afford to give one-tenth or one-twentieth of his earnings to the State for the privilege of conducting his business lawfully; and the jobber upon the floor of an exchange, who would be ranked as a wholesaler, could as illy afford to pay the same proportion of his gross earnings, even if his figured profit should be twice that of the broker, his rate being also double. it would also seem undue discrimination to charge the small dealer or retailer, handling his merchandise by the petty quantity, a still higher or again doubled rate, for the privilege of doing business. I would again insist that it is unjust to make three handlers of a car of grain or feed, the broker, wholesaler and the retailer, each contribute a tax to the State, based upon the gross price of the article handled.

The theory of taxation that is based upon the gross volume of sales seems to me to be entirely wrong. It is an incentive to concealment of figures, or, if the books of the merchants are to be investigated under the law, an undue prying into their business and its extent. It strikes unequally because it penalizes with an extra tax the dealers in merchandise, while permitting those who do not handle merchandise an immunity that is prejudicial to the former. The dealings upon the floor of our exchange are in actual commodities, and every transaction would have to pay its share of the tax.

If the State needs the money which this form of taxation now provides, it would seem to me that an equal sum could be raised in a much more equitable manner. Our members do not object to contributing their proper quota to the expense of conducting a government, but they believe the mercantile tax should be based upon a fixed annual payment according to the nature of the business done, that is, so much per annum for a broker, so much for a wholesaler and so much for a retailer. The latter takes the greater risk of the three, and should not be compelled to pay the highest rate for the privilege of doing business, and no law is just that would place three rates of taxation upon the same article and collect all three upon that article.

Let me briefly explain why the tax is especially severe upon our trade, when compared with the ordinary or average business affected by the tax. The merchant in other lines buys a thousand dollars' worth of goods, or something that he wholesales or retails for a thousand dollars, and his profit is from 10 to 25 per cent., certainly not less than 10. That means a profit of not less than $100. If a wholesaler, he pays fifty cents tax, or if a retailer one dollar, out of a profit of from $100 to $250. But in handling grain, where a man works upon a fraction of a cent per bushel, or at most a cent a bushel, and a thousand dollars does not represent more than a thousand bushels of wheat, or fifteen hundred bushels of corn, or sixteen hundred bushels of oats, the profit in handling a thousand dollars' worth of goods or grain is not more than from ten to twenty dollars.

Yet the grain man is charged fifty cents, if a wholesaler, or one dollar, if a retailer, upon his ten or twenty dollars profit, as compared with the same charge to other merchants upon a profit of from one hundred to two hundred and fifty dollars, or more than ten times as heavy a rate for the privilege of doing business.

I would like to file a brief, and in this connection we also claim under the present Federal laws any tax placed upon interstate sales is illegal.

Mr. Brown: As I understand, you do not object to the tax, but you think there should be a separate class made of those in your business?

Mr. McKnight: I object to it on account of it being on the gross sales, more than any thing else. If it was put upon the profits of the business, that would be fair.

Mr. Brown: Would not a tax put upon the profits involve a lot of clerical work and examining, and all that sort of thing, more so than just lumping it all and taking the gross sum?

Mr. McKnight: That is right, but you can see where it affects the different lines of profit, and in our line of business we think it is unconstitutional in a certain sense, although I am not a lawyer. I buy a carload of wheat from a dealer in the country; he pays a tax on it. I sell it to a miller, and you put a tax on it which I have to pay. The miller turns it into flour and sells me the flour back, and he does not pay any tax at all. And then I sell it to a small dealer and he pays a double tax on it, the same lot of stuff, and in this case the miller is exempt. I think we ought to abolish the whole thing.

Mr. Brown: In what way would the brokers and the men in your class of business pay their contribution to the State in the way of revenue?

Mr. McKnight: We pay a regular tax for doing business. Of course, my argument here shows we are willing to pay a certain share of it. We ought to be taxed on the profit of our business, what we make on it, rather than on the gross sales.

Mr. Brown: A license tax such as you suggest, charging one class so much and another class so much, that wouldn't hardly be fair, if one man did ten times the business another did?

Mr. McKnight: I don't see how you are going to get at it any more fairer, because the difference in profits is so great. We sell large quantities of stuff and it runs into money very quickly, but the profits on it are very small necessarily.

Mr. Brown: Will your association, through your counsel, prepare such a bill as you think will be equitable?

Mr. McKnight: Yes, we can do that.

Mr. Brown: And will you give us some data upon which you base the support of such a bill, such a proposed act? You folks must have the figures which show what is done in these different classes, or they are available, and we could appreciate the receipt of that, which would be a help to us.

Mr. McKnight: The difficulty is in getting the figures. It is so hard to get at it on that account, although the license tax would be the easiest.

Mr. Brown: Is this tax highly burdensome upon your members?

Mr. McKnight: It is upon the very large dealers, because they work on such a small margin of profit.

Mr. Brown: Take, for instance, a man who would make a net income of $10,000 a year, what would be his tax payment to the Commonwealth? Would it be burdensome to him, the tax that he has to pay?

Mr. McKnight: Well, I couldn't answer that, because I don't know how much business he did to make the $10,000. Some men might only sell a small amount.

Mr. Brown: Take your own individual case. Has the tax been a burden to you?

Mr. McKnight: Not particularly, it hasn't; no. Only nobody likes to pay taxes to any extent.

Mr. Brown: As a general proposition they do not. I don't like to ask gentlemen who come here personal questions as to their incomes, and all that, but it seems to me if a man could tell us what his income is and then say "I pay a tax of so much, and that in my opinion is excessive," then we would have something to judge from.

Mr. McKnight: The chairman of my Committee is more familiar with figures than I am. I would like you to ask him a few questions—Mr. Warner.

MR. GEORGE M. WARNER called.

Mr. Warner: In answer to your question to Mr. McKnight I want to say this tax is exceedingly burdensome. Take my own case. Before it was construed so as to eliminate business which we call interstate business, some years ago, personally I returned everything, whether it was interstate or intrastate, I returned everything. Then we found through the Mercantile Appraiser's office here that they considered that the law—the Federal law—would not allow them to tax interstate business. Consequently they eliminated interstate business from our assessments, which, of course, reduced the burden, but we rest on the general proposition that it is unfair to tax any business on the basis of its gross sales, because I may be doing a business of $500,000 and making only $5,000, and another man may be doing a business of $50,000 and make $10,000.

Mr. Brown: Why the difference?

Mr. Warner: The difference is in the nature of the business.

Mr. Brown: In the methods or the conduct of the business?

Mr. Warner: I suppose John Wanamaker's are ten times what mine are, on the amount of money I handle. I claim the State has no right to tax me because I am doing a large business, no right to tax me on my gross sales.

Mr. Brown: Would not a tax on the net sales involve the examination of the methods and conduct of business, and prying into business men's affairs?

Mr. Warner: I grant you your point in so far as it might affect some men, but there would be no more prying into my business to get my income than there would be to get my gross sales. I can give it to you off the book.

Mr. Brown: Suppose you come to a person who is not so willing to give it to the assessor, he is compelled to obtain it, and it would involve considerable knowledge of bookkeeping, wouldn't it?

Mr. Warner: I don't see how it would, because he would guess at the gross sales right along. Many of them do. I think the law in its present state fosters iniquity. I think it is born in sin and conceived in iniquity, in one sense.

Mr. Brown: Does every business house keep an account of its gross sales?

Dr. Warner: I doubt if 20 per cent. of the people who make this return do it, except at a guess. I have done it carefully on my books, adding them up every year and am still doing it, but it is an unjust burden on us who make an honest return. The whole thing itself is an injustice.

Mr. Brown: Why do you say that? Wherein is the injustice, assuming every man is expected to pay his share, whatever that share may be, towards the expenses of his Government and the support of society.

Mr. Warner: I am willing to do that and to do it, but I contend it is not justice to tax my gross sales without any reference to what my profit is out of those gross sales; that in the grain business, like the stockbrokers, we handle enormous amounts of money for a very small margin, and yet we are taxed on our gross sales. The law seems to discourage industry altogether; the more business you do the more you must pay, without any reference to whether you are making a profit out of it or not.

Mr. Brown: Take your own case, if you choose to say what your income from your business has been and what tax you pay, or, if you do not care to give your own personal experience, say what the result of your talk with your fellows engaged in this particular business has been. What proportion do they pay in tax?

Mr. Warner: I don't object to telling you, if I could give it exactly from memory. Some years ago when we were returning interstate business as well as other business, I paid a tax of about $45.00 on a net income of about $2,000. Now, I pay a tax of, say $22 or $23, but my net income has been very greatly reduced. It was cut in half last year. I don't mind telling it at all. My net income was just cut in half last year, owing to the dull times, and yet the law takes no cognizance of that at all. The law says if you double your sales and halve your income you must pay us twice to support you; that is, to take care of you.

Mr. Brown: Can you say from any communications you have had with those in the same line of business what their feeling is?

Mr. Warner: I judge they would not very much differ from that. We all suffered last year and the year before, and I guess all of these gentlemen are suffering from dull times, but we hold to the principle that a tax on the gross sales is not a correct principle. I do not see how the gentlemen of this Committee can sustain it.

Mr. Brown: You think a tax on net incomes is the fair way to get at it?

Mr. Warner: I think that is just and fair. I am in favor of an income tax all over the country, from Maine to California, and from Minneapolis to Florida; it is the only just thing, and everyone ought to be made to make an honest return. If we are going to make an honest return of our gross sales we will of our income, and any man representing the State can come down and look at my books and see what my income was last month or last year. We think if we are making a large revenue, we should pay a correspondingly large tax, but if that revenue is reduced, then the tax should be reduced.

Mr Brown: Do you think the State ought to tax a house that has been vacant for years and no income secured from it?

Mr. Warner: I do not think so.

Mr. Brown: You thing all unproductive real estate should be exempt from taxation?

Mr. Warner: I would not call that fair, but I am not in the real estate business.

Mr. Brown: I assume the burden should be placed somewhere? How would you do in a case like that, where a man owns real estate and gets no rent from it, should he pay a tax or be exempt?

Mr. Warner: I think he should pay a small tax. He has the property and the possibility of income from it. I think he ought to pay a small tax on it. I think it should be graded.

Mr. Brown: I am trying to get your thought. Suppose a man who has a house next door to you is unable to rent it, and you living in the next adjoining house with an income, why would you tax the one and exempt the other?

Mr. Warner: Well, I think a man who has a large amount of real estate should pay some tax on it, whether the property is productive or not, because he takes up ground that belongs to his fellows, but that is a very different thing from the grain business.

Mr. Sproul: You state you are in favor of an income tax?

Mr. Warner: Yes.

Mr. Sproul: Now, would you have that income tax levied by the Federal Government and collected by it, or reserved to the State for its income?

Mr. Warner: Well, Mr. Sproul, I am not quite enough of a lawyer nor a Theodore Roosevelt to answer that question. I think it would be better for the State to collect that.

Mr. Brown: Mr. Roosevelt has answered that he thinks the Federal Government should get everything in sight, the inheritance tax and the income, too.

Mr. Warner: Please repeat that question.

Mr. Sproul: You said you favored an income tax, and we wondered whether you meant that you wanted it collected by the Federal Government for Federal purposes, or if the State should reserve the income tax for its own support?

Mr. Warner: At first blush I should say the State had better collect its own income tax. I think that is more in accordance with American institutions.

Mr. WILLIAM A. HUEY, representing the Philadelphia Commercial Exchange, called.

Mr. Huey: As one of those who pays taxes, that is a tax that I never understood right. You have heard our members of the Committee here explain themselves in reference to it, and I do not wish to go over the same ground they have covered, but I think the State could devise some other form of taxation that would accomplish the purpose without inflicting upon us a tax which I think is not right. Now, the line of business I am engaged in, I think, is bearing what I would term excessive taxation, when you consider how it is earned, and it never gets rid of this tax until it is used up or consumed. If there could be a law framed that would get at the income of our business, I should think that would be a fair law.

Mr. Brown: The net income?

Mr. Huey: The net income. I am one of those who make returns on my gross sales, I believe, to the dollar. Our chairman said he did not think there were over 20 per cent. that paid taxes, but I do say I take my monthly sales and make returns. In the last year I have lost some accounts. The State has got its tax from me. As my accounts are largely credit, I run the risk of losing accounts at times, like all other business men.

Mr. Brown: Your tax you pay is what proportion of your net income?

Mr. Huey: I am not figuring on the net income. I am figuring on the gross sales.

Mr. Brown: Suppose you were taxed on your net income, what proportion of your net income is your tax?

Mr. Huey: I am taxed on it all.

Mr. Brown: I know, but what percentage?

Mr. Huey: That I would have to consider to see what I can afford to pay.

Mr. Brown: What are you paying?

Mr. Huey: I am not paying on my income.

Mr. Brown: You are paying on your gross sales?

Mr. Huey: Yes, sir.

Mr. Brown: No matter what you pay, it is a certain proportion of your net income?

Mr. Huey: Yes, I understand that, but you asked me to say off-hand what I should pay. That is not a question for me to say . There are some businesses that run on a very small margin. Other businesses can afford to pay more.

Mr. Brown: You think it ought to be classified?

Mr. Huey: Well, I think if it is an income tax it should be classified.

Mr. Brown: You said the tax was burdensome and unfair and all that. What proportion of your net income is your tax; is it 1 per cent.?

Mr. Huey: Well, I would have to go to my figures——

Mr. Brown: You do not know?

Mr. Huey: I am obeying the law, as far as I know, and paying my tax according to the law, and as to the net income, as I say, I would have to figure it. I don't know that. I lose bills every year.

Mr. Brown: It is our business to know just how this tax is burdensome and unjust. If a man doesn't know just how much he pays and what proportion his payment is to his net income, it is pretty hard for us to conclude whether it is fair or unfair.

Mr. Huey: Wouldn't you think it is unfair to tax a merchant for a bill he loses, that he can't collect? Wouldn't you consider that is an unjust tax? That is the present law, as I understand it. Don't you think that is an unjust tax?

Mr. Brown: What my personal thought may be does not cut much figure in it. What I asked is the result of inquiries and suggestions that have been made to us as we have traveled over this State. It has been advocated that the State ought to tax not only on the sales, but the stock in the stores. The farmers think the State ought to tax the stocks in the stores; that while a man may own a half million dollar stock and pay no tax on it, yet the man who owns a half million dollars worth of real estate does pay a tax on it.

Mr. Huey: I can't give you any more light than I have. I am in favor of an income tax.

Mr. Brown: Net income tax?

Mr. Huey: Yes. And whether the State collects it, or the National Government, that is a question for you legislators to consider, but I think the State ought to consider about her finances. We are all interested in the development of our State, and we ought to look after the interests of the State.

Mr. McNichol: What is the custom in other States in regard to taxing members of your association?

Mr. Huey: I do not know, sir. Some States have no law such as we have here, I understand, the State of New Jersey, for instance. We sell goods in Trenton, we ship goods from the West and we deliver in any State where we can secure a customer. Our chairman has said that would be interstate business, and that is not taxable, which I believe is right. As to the other State laws, I am not acquainted. It is only what I do with the goods after I get them.

Mr. McNichol: Don't you think that it would be wise for you gentlemen to find out what the custom is in other parts of the country and let us have your information?

Mr. Huey: As it is now, I couldn't tell you.

Mr. McNichol: How much tax do you think you are paying?

Mr. Huey: On the business I am handling?

Mr. McNichol: Yes.

Mr. Huey: Well, in the volume of my business it doesn't pile up as high as grain. For instance, I am a wholesale dealer in hay, and in seasons I do a large business, yet it don't figure largely, but some years are higher than others.

Mr. McNichol: That is true in all business, is it not?

Mr. Huey: Yes. I should say somewhere from fifty to sixty dollars, I think I paid last year.

Mr. McNichol: What was your profit at the end of the year on all that business?

Mr. Huey: Well, now, I would have to go into figures. I have accounts laying over which ought to be paid, and I can't tell when I close my year's business whether they are going to be paid or not.

Mr. McNichol: Give us the accounts that have been paid. How much of a profit have you made in the conduct of your business whereon you paid the fifty or sixty dollars tax?

Mr. Huey: I couldn't do it off-hand.

Mr. McNichol: Well, about? Five or six thousand dollars?

Mr. Huey: Oh, gross, I should say more than that.

Mr. McNichol: Considerably more than that?

Mr. Huey: Yes, but it is the expense of doing it.

Mr. McNichol: Do you think that is an unjust burden?

Mr. Huey: It is the expense of doing that kind of business.

Mr. McNichol: We all have expenses in conducting our business. We find that if we buy hay or feed we have to pay an enormous price for it.

Mr. Huey: And we have to pay for it long before we get it. We get our draft long before we see the goods. There is this much about it. I spoke to one of our merchants about this matter—more than two-thirds of my business is commission, I suppose—and one gentleman said to me, "You are paying too much." He says, "You ought only to pay on your net income from your commissions, you don't own these goods." "You see, you have a law that is unfair." I never thought of that, and I guess that gentleman was right. You see you have a law that wants looking into very much, this present law.

Mr. McNichol: I think you gentlemen are the ones who should look into this, where the defects are, and give us your ideas of where it should be corrected. We would like to have that information from you gentlemen, in regard to the custom in other parts of the country.

Mr. N. B. KELLY, representing the Philadelphia Chamber of Commerce, called.

Mr. Kelly: Counsel representing the Philadelphia Chamber of Commerce is detained in Court to-day, and therefore could not be present. Mr. Shoemaker, who is the chairman of the Philadelphia Drug Exchange Committee, will answer for the Chamber of Commerce as well as the Drug Exchange. I would like to say that the Chamber of Commerce membership is not opposed to the mercantile tax if it is equitably distributed throughout the State? We think these legislators in devising a law for the levying of taxation should secure revenue sufficient to run the State. We think also that the legislators in making those laws should consider the laws of other States, taking into consideration the competition that our merchants and manufacturers have to contend with by reason of the State laws throughout the country. Take, for illustration, in the State of Pennsylvania, the manufacturing corporation is first taxed by the State Government; he is again taxed by the State of Pennsylvania for his charter, if he secures his charter through the State of Pennsylvania, and if he does his business from some place other than his office he is again taxed a mercantile license tax, which to my mind is very unfair and not in accord with the laws of many other States. My experience has been in traveling throughout this country that the States try to encourage industrial institutions to do business within their States, and I think the State of Pennsylvania is as well able to do as much for its merchants and manufacturers as any State in the Union.

Take, for instance, the State of Louisana. The State of Louisiana has passed a law exempting manufacturers from taxation for a period of ten years, for the purpose of inducing manufacturers to come to that State and locate. There are other States that offer even greater inducements.

Mr. McNichol: When was that law passed?

Mr. Kelly: I think it was passed in 1893.

Mr. McNichol: How many manufacturers have they secured by the passage of such a law?

Mr. Kelly: Oh, you can go through the country——

Mr. McNichol: We just want to know what the result has been from a beneficial standpoint?

Mr. Kelly: I think it has been very beneficial to the State of Louisiana and has induced a number of manufacturers to locate there. I think the statistics will show the manufacturers of Louisiana have increased very materially in the last ten years. The latest industrial statistics are not yet published, but from advance information that I have had as a result of my connection with the Census Department, I may state that they have very materially advanced.

Mr. McNichol: Do you want this Committee to believe that advancement has not been indicated in Pennsylvania in the promotion of industrial interests?

Mr. Kelly: I don't want you to believe that, no, sir, but I do want you to believe that there are inequalities in the law for taxing corporations in Pennsylvania, a mercantile house doing business, that should be eradicated.

Mr. McNichol: Have you got a table of such conditions?

Mr. Kelly: I haven't it here before me, but I think you will have the facts before you get through with this investigation. I want to speak in a general way by saying that I believe the State of Pennsylvania is in a better position to encourage its merchants and manufacturers possibly, than any other State in the Union, and I think it is the desire of the legislators to do that, but I think you will find upon investigation that there are inequalities at the present time that should be eliminated or some system of taxation made by the next Legislature that will equitably tax all of the interests concerned.

Mr. McNichol: You are in a better position than any other man, I suppose, to tell us the industrial increase in the last ten years?

Mr. Kelly: I think it has been in the State of Pennsylvania, as well as a great many Western States. I don't think the State of Pennsylvania will show the same proportion of increases in its manufactures as some of the other

Mr. Brown: Is there any State that has a larger increase, except the State of New York?

Mr. Kelly: You have got to take, of course, into consideration, the population of your States. I can't compare the State of Pennsylvania with Massachusetts or Ohio. I have got to compare it with——

Mr. Brown. You don't think the city of Philadelphia, that is a hundred and some miles from the sea, can be compared with a city that lies on the sea?

Mr. Kelly: I don't consider that, because we are a hundred miles from the sea, that we are inferior to New York in any particular. I think we have an advantage over New York in a great many particulars, due to our more economic cost of transportation, which New York has not got.

Mr. Brown: That would not make in any way a discrimination against manufacturers?

Mr. Kelly: No, sir, I don't think so. I don't take any exception to anybody so far as Pennsylvania has to do business in competition with New York.

Mr. Brown: Why has the city of New York taken this long stride ahead of Philadelphia in your opinion?

Mr. Kelly: I wouldn't like to go into that now. You have a committee appointed for the purpose of investigating that point. I don't care to inject that into this proposition. I want to say very emphatically that the State of Pennsylvania is in a position to compete with any State in this Union from a manufacturing or mercantile standpoint, if we are accorded the same privileges accorded by other Staes.

Mr. Sproul: Don't you think our laws, so far as they relate to manufacturers and also the license tax on merchants, are more liberal than in New York?

Mr. Kelly: In some respects, yes, and in other respects, no.

Mr. Sproul: What do you mean by that?

Mr. Kelly: Taking for illustration the tax on manufacturing corporations——

Mr. Sproul: We have no State tax on manufacturing corporations.

Mr. Kelly: We have to make returns to the State based on the sales of our manufacturing corporations.

Mr. Sproul: But you pay no tax on them. You make returns of your business, but you don't pay any tax as a manufacturing corporation.

Mr Kelly: No, but you do tax the manufacturing corporation indirectly.

Mr. Sproul: If he pays local tax, to be sure.

Mr. Kelly. And he pays the local tax in my line in an equitable way. If he does his business through his warehouse or through his mill he pays no tax, but if he does it through his warerooms he pays his tax. Why should he do that? He doesn't do that in the State of New York.

Mr. McNichol: Why does he have a salesroom?

Mr Kelly: Simply as a matter of convenience.

Mr. McNichol: Oh, no. He has it for the purpose of advertising and bringing trade to that business.

Mr Kelly. Not at all. I don't agree with you. I will give you a concrete proposition. Here is a manufacturer who has a mill at Twelfth and Snyder avenue; he manufactures dress goods at Twelfth and Snyder avenue and sends them up to Kensington to be dyed, and then instead of sending them all the way back to Twelfth and Snyder avenue he sends them to his office, which is 209 Chestnut, and he distributes those goods from the office or those warerooms.

Mr. McNichol: That is where his people come to inspect them.

Mr. Kelly: His business is practically all done by salesmen. He doesn't sell his goods through the store

Mr. McNichol: It is convenient for him to have that central office.

Mr. Kelly: It is only convenient to this extent, that instead of having to establish his office where his mill is located and taking up the land there perhaps for his office, he has it located at a central point where it is more convenient to him and more convenient for his purposes of doing business. I don't think that is a fair tax I think that is perhaps one of the inequalities of the taxing of manufacturing corporations which should be adjusted. I have no complaints to make, as I say, about the State of Pennsylvania taxing its merchants, manufacturers and corporations, provided it is done in an equitable way, and I think the State of Pennsylvania, as I said before, is better equipped than any State in the Union to take care of its citizens, and I think it is the desire of the legislators of the State themselves, so far as my experience has gone in representing the Chamber of Commerce, to be fair to these manufacturers, and I think you want pointed out to you those inequalities so they can be adjusted.

Mr. Brown: What is there in our law that has given the preference to New York City in manufacturing?

Mr. Kelly: I brought out one of the inequalities to you. Mr. Shoemaker will go into this matter in detail You take your rate of taxing corporations as compared with some of the other States; take New Jersey for illustration. They encourage corporations to take out charters in New Jersey, yet a man would rather take out a charter in Pennsylvania than in New Jersey.

Mr. CLAYTON F. SHOEMAKER, Chairman of the Committee on Legislation, Philadelphia Drug Exchange, called

Mr. Shoemaker: It is not my intention this morning to appear as a representative of the Chamber of Commerce, although I am a member of that association, but in the absence of Mr. Kelly's colleague I wish to file this brief in behalf now of the Philadelphia Drug Exchange and likewise of the Philadelphia Chamber of Commerce. It is not my intention to go into detail on the subjects which are included in my brief, but I wish to say a few words in regard to a few the subjects which have been brought out here this morning thus far.

In the first place, I want to allude to the subject of sales made in interstate commerce. I was informed some time ago by a distinguished attorney of Philadelphia that he had officially advised his clients that it was not legal on the part of the State of Pennsylvania to impose this tax upon interstate transactions, and he had advised them not to pay it, and some of his clients were not paying it. I was not aware that the Board of Appraisers had officially accepted any ruling of that kind, and I don't think that is generally understood by merchants in this State or city I think they understood they were to pay the tax on all transactions whether interstate or otherwise. The question has been raised this morning in regard to the custom in other States, and I have included that in my brief, but so long as it has been brought up here I would like to say a few words in regard to it.

Now, I want it distinctly understood that so far as the people for whom I speak are concerned, they do not oppose this tax because of individual hardship, or because of the tax of their particular line of business, but they oppose it on the broad ground that it is an occupation tax. It is an occupation tax, pure and simple, a tax upon the occupation of a merchant. When these gentlemen may in a little while ask me what sort of a tax I propose shall take the place of it, I do not believe there is any tax necessary to take its place, but if there is the merchants of this State will not complain if physicians and lawyers and all other people who earn money in this State are taxed.

Br. Brown: Why shouldn't they?

Mr. Shoemaker: Then we will pay our part uncomplainingly.

Mr. Brown: Is there any reason in your mind why they should not? I have never heard any.

Mr. Shoemaker: I am not representing them. I am only standing here for the mercantile community, to protest against what they consider an unequal tax.

Now, revert.ng to the subject of what has been done in other States. About four years ago the subject was being discussed, and I wrote to the State Government of every State in the Union, and I found there were only seven States in the whole Union which imposed a mercantile tax, and those States were unimportant States—Delaware, Connecticut and far Western States who needed the money. New York doesn't impose a mercantile tax. Neither does New Jersey nor Ohio. If they are not required to pay a tax on intrastate commerce then that robs that argument of a good bit of its force. Now, the question has been asked as to what sort of a percentage——

Mr Brown: Is the tax that is exacted by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania an important element in this question of competition? The total mercantile tax collected in Pennsylvania, say for last year, was about a million dollars.

Mr. Shoemaker: Yes.

Mr. Brown: From all over the State. Do you consider that item of a million dollars is an important element in this matter of competition? I am talking about what was collected by the Mercantile Appraisers throughout the Commonwealth. Has that item of one million dollars so collected a substantive effect on this matter of competition between the merchants of this State and other States.

Mr. Shoemaker: When you ask that question I will say in reply that that particular question comes up every now and then with a good deal of force. Now, you gentlemen do not realize what the condition of a wholesale merchant is.

Mr. Brown: Let me interrupt. Can you recall any important business transaction that has ever been had by the members of your association in which this element of taxation ever entered, as to the fixing of prices or as to doing business with any one?

Mr. Shoemaker: We frequently, when a very close piece of business comes up, because at times a thing will come up, although our expenses of doing business are from 12 1-2 to 13 1-2 per cent., we very often turn over an important transaction which has to be handled at, maybe, 1 per cent or 2 per cent.——

Mr. Brown: But do you figure the tax?

Mr. Shoemaker: I just want to tell you if you are figuring on turning over a big deal at 1 per cent., then you have got to think quite seriously about the mercantile tax, and you do think about it.

Mr. Brown: What is the total amount of business done by these different interests?

Mr. Shoemaker: In the City of Philadelphia?

Mr. Brown: The tax is a million dollars.

Mr. Shoemaker: The figures will show that. So that, as I said before, it has always been my feeling and understanding that the merchants generally, Philadelphia and the balance of the State, really have returned the amounts of their gross sales regardless of interstate commerce.

The question has likewise been brought up in regard to what percentage of profits was squandered in this way Of course, you gentlemen will understand that the profits in a wholesale business, for example, and the profits in a manufacturing line are very different, varying in the same line on account of different surroundings, and different conditions, different questions, different kinds of management, and so on, but in a general way I should say that the mercantile tax might easily constitute from 3 to 5 per cent. of the net income by the merchant.

Mr. Brown: How does this tax bear upon you personally? Of course, all my questions, you understand, are not for prying. I am simply trying to get the fact.

Mr. Shoemaker: It is a hardship, because a good deal of our business is done at a very small profit, and we have to average up on the profits. We sell some things very close, and some things we make a better profit on.

Mr. Brown: Is it not a fact that men in your line of business are, on the average, as prosperous as those in any other line of business in our city?

Mr. Shoemaker: No, sir.

Mr. Brown: With the same capital?

Mr. Shoemaker: I want to say right here, I have had a good deal of experience in this thing That is an exploded idea. People have the idea that the drug business is a mine of wealth, and I want to say that my individual and personal knowledge has been such that it makes me weep salt-water tears to find that a wholesale merchant in another business was making a net profit of nearly double ours.

Mr. Brown: He is a fellow-member in the Chamber of Commerce with you?

Mr. Shoemaker: I can't help that.

Mr. Brown: When you are fixing a price in your business, do you mean to say a small item of tax is considered?

Mr. Shoemaker: When we fix a general price, if we are going to buy a thing for sixty cents a dozen and sell a quarter of a dozen at a time, or sell for seventy-five cents, it has no bearing on that, but when a man comes to me and says he wants to buy $5,000 worth, and you don't have to move it, and he says he will pay you 1 per cent., then the question is whether you want to take that transaction and pay the mercantile tax, and you have to think about it on that occasion every time.

Mr. Brown: I am trying to learn just what proportion this mercantile tax bears to your business?

Mr. Shoemaker: You have our figures there.

Mr. Brown: The argument has generally been advanced throughout the State that it is what the lawyers call too small to bother with, that there is no reason why the great State of Pennsylvania should concern herself with it. You gentlemen say it is not so little, that it is an important factor. I am trying to find out how important a factor it is.

Mr. Shoemaker: One of the most objectionable features is the unjust character of the thing in another direction. The wholesaler buys goods out of a diminished profit, by the fierceness of competition, and he is obliged to pay so many hard dollars he feels he ought not to be obliged to pay or asked to pay, unless a lawyer pays the same thing, but the objection on the part of the small dealer is more forcible.

Mr. Brown: You would all be satisfied if we lawyers and doctors paid substatially the same tax?

Mr. Shoemaker: I think we will all be satisfied. I would be. If all the wage earners were compelled to pay the same tax, and the State needed it, I would not object to paying it in that way. I do not think any fair-minded man would.

Mr. Brown: It is the inequality that bothers you?

Mr. Shoemaker: The inequality of the thing. I want the Committee to distinctly understand I do not stand here and weep, I do not plead the baby act, I do not talk about personal hardship or the inequalities of my business, or anything else. It is simply the character of the tax, the inequality of the system.

Mr. McNichol: How many men are engaged in the drug business, in your particular line of business?

Mr. Shoemaker: Wholesale or retail?

Mr. McNichol: Wholesale?

Mr. Shoemaker: The number of houses or men?

Mr. McNichol: Houses?

Mr. Shoemaker: Most of the business is done here by five wholesale houses. There are two or three smaller ones.

Mr. McNichol: What was the total amount of your business for the year 1909?

Mr. Shoemaker: Well, the total amount of the business was more than half a million.

Mr. McNichol: What was your profit after all expenses were paid?

Mr. Shoemaker: I decline to state that here.

Mr. McNichol: What was your tax that you paid to the State for your mercantile apportionment?

Mr. Shoemaker: I don't remember the exact amount. I think it was three hundred dollars, or something of that kind.

Mr. McNichol: On a business of $500,000?

Mr. Shoemaker: Yes.

Mr. McNichol: Don't you think that business man should bear some burden other than what you claim the wage-earners should bear?

Mr. Shoemaker: I am not talking about that. I am not talking about the men who carry the hod.

Mr. McNichol: I am talking about the wage earner, get ting down to some basis?

Mr. Shoemaker: If you wish me to say whether the merchants should be exempted or should not be subject to a thing which a lawyer or physician pays, I say in reply I do not think anything should be asked of him that should not be aked of the other, and I say it on the broad ground that in the first place the merchant—the dangers of his occupation are not to be compared with the others.

Mr. Brown: You think a merchant can't collect his accounts as easily as a lawyer can collect his fees?

Mr. Shoemaker: No, it isn't that; but the lawyers and physicians have nothing at risk except their health. The merchant has his entire capital at risk. and he doesn't know when the tide of business may set against him and he may be fairly wiped out. I just want to say that when bad years come we don't make anything. Two years ago we paid our mercantile tax when we didn't make our expenses. That is a hardship.

Mr. McNichol: You do not mean to tell me, as a practical business man of years of experience, that if you find in your wholesale business one year a depreciation that you would shut your eyes to the opportunity of the next year in making good that depreciation?

Mr. Shoemaker: I am not taking into consideration, as I said before——

Mr. McNichol: We are taking up a business proposition now.

Mr. Shoemaker: Certainly, I should look at it in the way you state.

Mr. McNichol: And every business man does the same thing?

Mr. Shoemaker: Of course.

Mr. McNichol: Has the wage earner that opportunity?

Mr. Shoemaker: Well, we don't ask the ordinary wage-earner to pay it.

Mr. McNichol: Don't you think that we who have opportunities that are beyond the scope of the ordinary every-day wage earning proposition, should bear our proportionate share of the burden in the State of Pennsylvania and the City of Philadelphia?

Mr. Shoemaker: I don't admit the scope.

Mr. McNichol: What is your reason for it? We cannot sit here and take your views in a geneal way without some foundation to place them on?

Mr. Shoemaker: So far as I see it, the situation is simply this: The question for this Committee to decide is whether it is absolutely necessary for the State to have this revenue. If it is necessary, then I say that the lawyer and physician should be taxed. If it is not necessary, then the merchant should be exempt. That is the position I stand on.

Mr. McNichol: We go farther than that. We are met on the other side by men who are paying taxes, whether they have earning power or not, on real estate and property and things of that kind.

Mr. Shoemaker: I pay my taxes on my real estate.

Mr. McNichol: You men who are engaged in business come along and give us a general proposition, without giving us any facts or figures or any foundation on which to base an argument to meet the proposition advanced by the other people, and if we brought both people here in argument, it would take months and months to overcome their differences of opinion.

Mr. Shoemaker: Permit me to ask you why the State of Pennsylvania should impose a tax which New York does not impose?

Mr. McNichol: I think, in answer to that question, without being familiar with all the details of taxation in New York, that the business man in Philadelphia has much more preference as to the burdens he carries in comparison with New York, largely in his favor.

Mr. Sproul: New York imposes a great many taxes we do not impose.

Mr. Brown: New York taxes dozens of items that Pennsylvania does not attenmpt to, and they make the same complaint over there.

Mr. McNichol: If you gentlemen have the information, that is what we are after. If Mr. Kelly has that information and would let us have it, we would like to familarize ourselves between now and the meeting of the Legislature so we can correct those abuses.

Mr. Kelly: You, as the Chairman of the Investigation Committee, are in a better position to obtain the details than we are. If you haven't that information and cannot get it, we will get it for you.

Mr. McNichol: In my business I don't wait for any Legislative Committee or anybody else to secure the information I am seeking. I have it in my possession. Now, if you gentlemen are oppressed by the laws of the State of Pennsylvania, I think it is your duty to give us that table?

Mr. Shoemaker: It isn't so much a question of the particular line of business as it is a question of taxation by the State of Pennsylvania. First of all, what is necessary for the State, and secondly, how the best interests of the State shall be served. Now, we have not touched on an income tax, but here I am an employe and own bonds or stocks in a corporation, and I pay a tax on it. I have life insurance policies and I pay tax on them. That all goes into the coffers of the State of Pennsylvania. Indirectly I am paying taxes just as much as this gentleman is. The question is whether your system is correct or not. I do not think it is.

Mr. McNichol: Have you made an investigation of it?

Mr. Shoemaker: I certainly have.

Mr. McNichol: We would like to have your information, if you would give it to us?

Mr. Mr. Brown: You mean the whole system—the system as a whole?

Mr. Shoemaker: I think there are inequalities that should be eliminated and should be worked out. I think the principle of the tax of the citizens of the State of Pennsylvania, through either corporate or mercantile interests, should be, first of all, based on the amount of tax that is required to run the State, and then an equitable standard of taxation so it taxes everybody.

Mr. Brown: Supposing I were to tell you that the consensus of opinion at the International Tax Conference, which met at Milwaukee, where forty States were represented, that the textwriters on the subject conceded that Pennsylvania to-day is far ahead of any State in the country, would that have any effect upon your opinion?

Mr. Shoemaker: I would be glad to furnisn the Committee with the information that I have.

Mr. Brown: And in other States——

Mr. Shoemaker: I won't promise for other States.

Mr. C. STUART PATTERSON, representing the Western Saving Fund Society, called.

Mr. Patterson: I am here ready to answer any questions or give any information in my power. What would you like me to speak about?

Mr. Brown: I outlined at the opening of our meeting that we had requested representative citizens to appear here and give us their views upon the propriety of the State of Pennsylvania ratifying the proposed amendments to the Constitution of the United States authorizing the Federal Government to tax incomes from whatever source derived, and you are here in response to that invitation.

Mr. Patterson: I am very strongly of the opinion that the State ought not to ratify that amendment. In the first place, you have got to remember that we have to deal with State taxation and with United States taxation. The income tax ought to be reserved to the States. The difficulty about an income tax in general is this, that wherever the collection of the tax depends upon a return to be made by the individual taxpayer, that tax operates equally against people who make honest returns. Unfortunately, we all of us know that everybody is not at exactly the same point of honesty; certainly not so far as regards the tax question, and therefore where the individual is to make his return, the person who makes an honest and full return will pay a larger proportion of the tax than the person who does not. That is an objection to the income tax in general.

The income tax for that reason ought to be reserved for merchants, and be a part of a general taxing system. In the next place, as I said before, the income tax ought to be reserved to the States. The Constitution, as construed by the Supreme Court, has established that. Now, this amendment is objectionable upon two grounds. Even if the power ought to be given to the Government of the United States, it ought not to be given by the adoption of the pending amendment. In the first place, the language of the amendment subjects to taxation income from whatever source derived. Therefore, the bonds of the State of Pennsylvania and the bonds of all agents, municipal and otherwise, of the State of Pennsylvania, would be subject to taxation, and the fact of that taxation would necessarily interfere with the sale of such bonds. That is one point. There is another point that ought to be borne in mind, and that is this: The income tax is a direct tax. All direct taxes are subject, under the present Constitution, to the requirement of their apportionment among the States. All direct taxes are subject to the requirement of uniformity. The amendment proposes to relieve the imposition of the income tax from the requirement of apportionment, but it does not and they cannot change the nature of the tax. It cannot convert a direct tax into an indirect tax, and if it could it does not purport so to do. Therefore, if the power be given by this amendment to the United States, they will take the power without any limitation either as to the apportionment or as to the uniformity, and therefore it would be perfectly competent for the Government of the United States under that amendment to impose a greater tax upon the citizens of one State than upon the citizens of another State, or upon the citizens of one part of the country than upon the citizens of another part of the country, and with the sectional feeling that exists between the East and the West, who is going to guarantee that there may not be, with the dominant Western party in possession of the Government of the United States, taxes imposed upon the East at a greater rate than the tax imposed upon the West?

Mr. Brown: What is the general impression among financiers as to the result which you have just suggested?

Mr. Patterson: That I am not able to say, because I have not discussed it with anybody at all, but I think as a lawyer you will see the force of that objection.

Mr. McNichol: As a lawyer, would that be held constitutional?

Mr. Patterson: The proposition is that an amendment to the Constitution shall be adopted, which would specifically authorize that very thing, and the Supreme Court would be bound by the amendment.

Mr. McNichol: They could assess the Western portion of the country at a particular income tax rate, as against a larger income tax in the Eastern part of the country?

Mr. Patterson: Unquestionably. There is no doubt about it, under the wording of the amendment.

Mr. Brown: In other words, they could include some and exclude others?

Mr. Patterson: They may.

Mr. Brown: And would it not normally bear more heavily upon the Eastern States, the collection of such a tax?

Mr. Patterson: Yes. We have the evidence of that with regard to the income tax of 1861. If you will permit me, I will give you the exact figures as to that. Under the income tax of 1861 and its supplements, where the amount exempted was $600, the tax was paid by 460,000 persons, and when the amount exempted under the supplement was $1,000, the tax was paid by less than 250,000 persons. The State of New York paid nearly one-third of that tax, and the States of New York and Pennsylvania paid nearly one-half of the total collection in the country, and an income tax would now, of course, as your counsel has said, bear most heavily upon the Eastern States. But the main point I would like to impress upon the Committee is this: The great danger that we have got at the present time is the consolidation of the States into one government. The great reason for the prosperity of this country has been that we have had in the different States local self-government, and if you are going to give the whole power of taxation to the Government of the United States, it inevitably will result in consolidating everything into one aggregate government and doing away with the State Governments, and doing away with and impairing the prosperity of the country.

Mr. Brown: In other words, they could tax the citizens of our Commonwealth and of our different political subdivisions as they might see fit?

Mr. Patterson: Yes.

Mr. Brown: And practically, if they so chose, tax us out of existence?

Mr. Patterson: The power to tax is the power to destroy. There is no limit other than the will of the taxing power. I think the answer to that, Mr. Chairman, is simply to quote a word from the somewhat famous letter written by Junius to Sir William Blackstone, in which Junius said: "Laws are made not to trust to what men will do, but to guard against what men may do." That is the whole object of law. The whole object of law is not to trust the individual, but to establish a rule which protects the community by putting a limitation upon the actions of everybody. This is civilization. That is all I have to say.

Mr. SAMUEL DICKSON, called.

Mr. Brown: We have invited, as I outlined, the representatives here of those who are directly interested in the question as to whether or not the State of Pennsylvania should ratify the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the United States, authorizing the Federal Government to tax incomes from whatever source derived, and also as to the levying of a direct inheritance tax, and I have no doubt the Committee would be glad to hear your views on those subjects.

Mr. Dickson: I represent the Clearing House and the Fourth Street National Bank, and also Drexel & Company. They have no particular direct interest, other than as citizens in general, in the income tax, and I am not authorized to speak on behalf of any officer or stockholder of those institutions in reference to that. I heard some of Mr. Patterson's remarks, and I think that one point that he made ought to be decisive against the proposed amendment giving Congress the power. That is, that it would be a tax that would operate most unequally and unfairly upon the people of the country. It would be paid practically by New York, Pennsylvania and the New England States,

while the majority of the members of Congress are probably from west of the Alleghenies and it would be a tax imposed by the votes of the legislators whose constituents would not feel the tax. Of course, there would be no check upon them in the amount which they would impose, nor is it necessary, because it is always competent for Congress, if it needs the money, to raise not merely by the duties on imports, but also by excise tax, stamp tax, and otherwise. Of course, the income tax has been introduced particularly of late years abroad. Formerly when it was imposed from time to time in England it was always on something that was temporary, and they either reduced or repealed if from time to time. All European countries, I believe, now are compelled to revert to income tax. Certainly we are not required to do that with the Federal Government, because they have all the money they really need, and there is no reason why Pennsylvania, which has ample revenue, should resort to that. In addition to that, we know how it was in our own country when we had the income tax. It was one of the most odious and objectionable taxes we had, as Mr. Patterson pointed out, and the honest man pays a great deal more than the dishonest man, relatively, But it operates unfairly upon the people where they have got the capital invested, and it is very hard and unfair on them.

Mr. Brown: Right there, the fact that these people have capital invested is one of the reasons why they think you and I should be taxed and their tax should be reduced.

Mr. Dickson: Their capital remains, whereas the lawyer or the doctor has simply his own person. While he has a capital, it is made up of expenditures over many, many years of expenditures. A medical man to-day, in order to qualify himself, not only spends four or five years in a medical school, but he has a training in hospitals which occupies four or five years more, and he is pretty well along in life before he is able to begin his practice, and he represents really a very large expenditure. No lawyer ever thinks of charging off a certain per cent. to represent what is a depreciation by reason of advancing years, or anything of that kind. He never does it. I doubt if he ever does get his capital back in that way. But I do not propose to discuss that question. At the meeting of the Clearing House, I understood there were a number of banks represented there, but they all agreed that this was not a matter the Clearing House had anything to do with, that it is not within the scope of their authority, and it was the informal expression of opinion that they generally feel that they would rather bear with the laws they have than fly to others they know not of. They are quite content with things as they are. First, we are accustomed to this particular method, and, secondly, we would not care to be subject to any other.

Mr. Brown: Would you care to give us your views upon the subject of taxing direct inheritances?

Mr. Dickson: I am not prepared to discuss that. I think there is one law which you would find strictly unpopular.

Mr. Brown: Assuming that direct inheritances are taxed to-day in practically every nation on earth, and in, say, twenty-five States of this Union, what would be your thought on that condition?

Mr. Dickson: I should not be convinced by that, no. I think, of course, if it were a matter of absolute necessity, the people should have to submit to it, but it is a great hardship, it seems to me, when the head of a family is taken away, that those who are dependent upon him and who enjoy the benefit of the income he is able to earn, are to be subjected to a large reduction from their inheritance. Of course, you will remember that the collateral inheritance tax, which is never paid, I think, thankfully or gratefully by the one who has to pay it, was the result of the great disasters which followed at that time the enormous expenditure of the State in public works—canals, bridges, toll-roads, turnpikes, and matters of that sort, so they incurred a debt of something like forty millions of dollars, and then when the depression and disaster followed the panic of 1837 and along in the early forties, it was impossible to create a revenue to pay the interest, and Pennsylvania was very unjustly charged with repudiating it. It was obliged to. The income did not yield what it had been yielding before in good times, what it was expected to yield, and at that time they created the collateral inheritance tax. The act of 1844 imposed it. Except in emergencies, I do not think there ought to be a direct inheritance tax.

Mr. Brown: Why should there be a distinction between the collateral and the direct?

Mr. Dickson: Because the collaterals, as a rule, get something from the testator who was not the principal source of support, whereas if you tax the children of a man when he dies, they are deprived of his earning power, and you know how it has been with members of our bar, where men engage in the active practice and earning large incomes, with large families, have been obliged to spend their entire income, and they are stricken down in the prime of life and their children are deprived of a means of education.

Mr. Brown: The law does not impose any legal obligation upon you or me to provide for our children after death. The only obligation is that we cannot exclude our widows. Why should the State do more than the testator himself, or the decedent himself, is required to do?

Mr. Dickson: It is true that it has not been necessary to impose a legal obligation of that kind. In France they do. Very wisely they provide that the father shall not devise or bequeath away more than one-half of his estate, as the children have a vested interest in his estate. I think it was a very wise law. Hitherto with us the possibility of earning a livelihood has been so good and the means of providing for one's self have been so abundant, that we have not found it necessary to resort to that kind of legislation. You remember Dr. Franklin in his day pointed out what was a very remarkable difference between conditions here and abroad, and that was that a widow with a family of children was the most marriageable of women, because a man could marry her and then he would have his wife's children to help carry on the business or do the work for him. Actually in those days children after they passed the age of five or six or seven years were an asset instead of a liability, but unfortunately that is not so to-day.

Mr. Brown: It has been presented to us that the social element which has tended to contribute so largely to the large fortunes should have some consideration at least at the death of the recipient of those benefits. Mr. Carnegie has said that at least 50 per cent. of these great fortunes should go back to the State, and a man who has been reported to be so penurious, Russell Sage, has said that a large percentage of these large fortunes should go back to the State to represent the social liberty.

Mr. Dickson: In the case of Russell Sage, his widow has been using his estate to better advantage than almost any right person that I know of in this country.

Mr. Brown: And many of the States of the Union provide for this direct inheritance tax to go to the universities, in direct recognition of their services. Why should not Pennsylvania, assuming there is great need for more income for legitimate purposes, such as building roads and improving the school system etc., levy a direct inheritance tax for those purposes?

Mr. Dickson: As I say, large inheritances, of course, could afford it, but then they do bear their portion of taxation on property of different kinds, and it is certain to be a hardship on the average, and you have got to be governed by averages. It would be a great hardship on the average family, who are deprived of the support they have been having.

Mr. Brown: You are a man of large affairs and represent very large interests. Assuming that there is need for more revenue and that the present taxables are taxed to the limit, what is your thought upon the propriety of the State levying such a tax? Do you feel it is unreasonable?

Mr. Dickson: I am going to simply say this, it is a subject which I have only given superficial consideration to, and my impressions have been from the circumstances which have come to my observation, and the cases under my observation have been those where the inheritance tax would have been a very great hardship. I am not prepared to say that, taking it by and large, it would be so, or any other tax, but I think that on the whole it would be an unjust and unfair tax, for a man pays his tax during his lifetime, and if the property does come into the hands of his children they will have to pay his tax after they inherit it.

Mr. Brown: You think a man ought to accumulate to-day a large furtune and transmit that to others, probably years and years to come, who have no part or parcel in it and make no contribution to the State, whereas he probably in amassing that fortune has used the resources of the State which can never be returned to her?

Mr. Dickson: Your question is a double-barreled one. I think you are dealing with very large fortunes. Now, the number of very large fortunes is not so very great. Really, I think a law which might be modified to advantage is the spendthrift law. I think it is a great mistake and a great misfortune to allow these great fortunes of many, many millions to be put in trust and held practically intact, and to foster absenteeism, which is becoming quite as bad as it was in Ireland. Undoubtedly Ireland did suffer from the fact that the landlords took their rents and spent them in London. Now, with us, we know where the fortunes are supposed to be measured by the hundreds of millions, and where children are able to live not merely in idleness, which perhaps is no great difficulty with the State, and they are probably better off than if they were at work, but where they are able to set such examples of extravagance as to endanger the community very much—Newport.

Mr. Brown: They are a menace?

Mr. Dickson: They are a menace. If you will direct your attention to modifying the law of special trusts, then you can depend upon their coming back in a comparatively short time.

Mr. Brown: We are trying to gather information upon this, and, of course, there are numbers of interests that insist upon this direct inheritance tax being levied. That is why we are making this inquiry here.

Mr. McNichol: Then you believe, Mr. Dickson, that we should look for our tax in other directions without the direct inheritance tax?

Mr. Dickson: Yes, sir. Really, Mr. Chairman, I think you should look rather to the reduction of the expenditures. I think you have enough sources of taxation now to raise enough revenue, and I think if the affairs of the State were economically administered, you would have all the income we need. There is one line of expenditure as to which the State of Pennsylvania has been rather niggardly, and that is in regard to its institutions of learning. Now, the State of Michigan has maintained the University of Michigan year after year, no matter what the condition of the State has been, and has been making a full appropriation to carry on that great university, one of the greatest in the country. The University of Pennsylvania has received now and then a petty appropriation to pay for part of the expenses of building a hospital ward, or something of that kind.

Mr. McNichol: Wherein have you the knowledge that there should be a curtailment of expenses in any particular direction?

Mr. Dickson: I only know generally from reading the newspapers, and, of course, the newspapers are not satisfied with anything, we know.

SAMUEL B. SCOTT, Esq., representing Germantown Business Men's Association, called.

Mr. Scott: The Germantown Business Men's Association is one of the constituent members of the United Business Men's Association. I only want to make two points about the mercantile license tax, which have already been brought out here more or less in detail, but as I am not a merchant, but simply a lawyer, I cannot speak as a witness, as some of these other men have done, but simply present two of the theoretical and general objections to the mercantile license tax. The first objection is on the ground of its discriminatory nature. That is to say, the objection which you have heard urged here against the merchants paying tax, while other forms of business activity, from the professions to manufacturing corporations, are

exempt. Now, in the long run, it is undoubtedly true that if you tax anybody unjustly, some how or other they will succeed in throwing the burden to somebody else, but in the long run, in the course of decades or hundreds of years, it is probable the thing will work itself out more or less adequately, but in the meantime you who have been discriminated against, have suffered. There seems to be an idea prevalent, which I think is a totally false economic idea, that there is some particular virtue in the economic function of manufacturing, which should get special consideration from the State. My belief is that that everything which is necessary for society to-day is necessary, and that one is no more necessary than another, and that the economic work of vending wares is exactly as important to a community as that of manufacturing wares, and that the exemption not only from mercantile tax, but from even a capital stock tax, which is granted in favor of the manufacturer, is a totally unwarranted, uneconomic discrimination in his favor. That is the theoretical base upon which all these objections which you have heard voiced by different individuals here is finally founded. I think when you are considering the general scheme of taxation it ought to be directed as far as possible towards eliminating the questions of discrimination which are not based upon real economic foundations.

The second general point is that it is the wrong method of taxation to tax industry as against property. The objection I think you have mentioned as having been made by the State about the stocks of stores not having been taxed, whilst that is well taken, each merchant ought to be taxed not upon his business, not upon the amount of business which he does, but upon the amount of property or capital which he has invested. It is no more difficult to ascertain the value of the property of a corporation.

Mr. Brown: He is taxed that now, if he is a corporation?

Mr. Scott: Yes, if he is a corporation. The question if he is a corporation adds a totally new subject of taxation, which on a mercantile business is a third tax. First, his local and real estate; second, his capital stock tax to the State, and, third, on top of all that, his mercantile license tax. For the moment I am leaving out the question of whether or not he is a corporation, because I think that is an addition and does not touch the economics. It has been brought out here by the men who are more intimately in touch with the facts that a tax on gross sales is a very inequitable method of arriving at the tax upon a man's property. The theory of the law was that if you took his gross sales you got a pretty accurate estimate of how much he is worth, but it has been shown that enormous sales may go on and with enormous profits, and with no capital whatsoever. For instance, take the broker. Suppose I was to make a contract with a large mining firm for half a hundred thousand tons of coal, and I should get a large consumer and negotiate that contract. I have no capital involved whatsoever. I might make a very large profit, if I was fortunate in making a good turn; I might make ten cents a ton and I might not make such a great profit, but out of that enormous difference the mercantile license tax takes no account whatever.

Mr. McNichol: Why shouldn't he pay something, say a mercantile tax to the State?

Mr. Scott: Because I think he only ought to pay on the money which he finally succeeds in making and saving. I don't think as a general proposition that man's efforts should be taxed. He may have started as an office boy and gradually by his industry and efforts got himself in such a position.

Mr. McNichol: Those are remote conditions.

Mr. Scott: Those are only illustrations, perhaps inadequate ones, but the general proposition I am trying to lay down is that the tax ought to be on property, and not on man's efforts.

Mr. Brown: You don't believe men's efforts alone produce results in business, do you? Are you not forgetful of the social feature of it? A man may have a monopoly of the business and manufacturers are compelled to buy from him. He may be specially favored in a hundred ways.

Mr. Scott: That is the principle upon which public franchise taxes are estimated, but the ordinary business man who enters in open competition with every other business man—some men are more successful, usually because they are better men—if his success is so great that he accumulates property, tax him on it. If he spends it, somebody else gets it and is taxed on it.

Mr. Brown: Wouldn't you do that, if you taxed net income instead of gross sales?

Mr. Scott: Net income is only palliative. It is what the merchants have suggested as better than gross sales. I don't think it comes up to the requirements of the theory. What you ought to tax is the value that man has used in his business. Not necessarily money, but whatever he has.

WELLINGTON M. BERTOLET, Esq., representing the Pennsylvania Retail Coal Merchants' Association, called.

Mr. Bertolet: We are opposed to the mercantile tax. In the first place, we are speaking for the Pennsylvania Retail Coal Merchants' Association, a body of about seven hundred and fifty retail coal merchants, of whom one hundred and ten are doing business in the City of Philadelphia. These men, we estimate, handle approximately two millions tons of anthracite coal per year, at an estimated sale value of ten millions of dollars, on which they are paying the one mill tax under the mercantile license tax law, as well as the individual license tax of $2.00 These men, in the first place, appreciate the fact that the mercantile license act is a revenue act, pure and simple, but at the same time it has not been made clear to us that as a revenue measure it is at all necessary. We assume that the Legislature does not wish to tax anybody unless they need the money for revenue purposes, and an examination of the Auditor General's report for 1909 seems to show that the debt of Pennsylvania is small, and what small debt we have is more than covered by our sinking fund, and moreover that at the end of the fiscal year of 1909 there seems to have been a balance of six millions of dollars in her treasury, which is the case of the four or five years previous. So if it turns out to be the fact that we have enough revenue in our treasury without the mercantile license tax, without the $1,200,000 which was paid in last year under this act, it seems to me there ought to be a very good reason why a tax of this kind should be discontinued.

Mr. McNichol: Do you think it is a wise policy to spend from five to seven years in the construction of roads and buildings, when there is not enough money in the State Treasury to complete them? As a business man, you would not enter into an enterprise unless you had the money to do it with?

Mr. Bertolet: I might borrow it.

Mr. McNichol: Well, you would borrow it, but the State doesn't have access to that borrowing proposition, because the Constitution prohibits it. If you were barred from borrowing money, you would have to go in some other direction.

Mr. Bertolet: Yes.

Mr. McNichol: What about the roads? You see if we allowed our conditions to exist in Pennsylvania to-day, which is practically worse than any other State in the Union, almost, if we allowed them to continue for a period of years——

Mr. Bertolet: I think if the people of Pennsylvania want their roads, they ought to tax their people for roads, but the question is whether the mercantile license tax law is the proper method to do it. I am taking the report of the Auditor General to show that as the finances of the State to-day are considered, we do not need any more revenue for our current expenses.

Mr. McNichol: But the Constitution prohibits the Legislature from borrowing any money for any improvements. Where are you going to get the money? That is what we want to hear from you gentlemen; how we are going to get the money.

Mr. Bertolet: We desire to show that the mercantile tax law is not the best method of getting it, and I am speaking merely for the retailers, and I think it ought to be pointed out that the retail end of the mercantile business has been paying three-fourths of this tax. I am reading from the Auditor General's report of 1909, and I find the retailers paid $908,000 of that tax that year, whereas the wholesalers paid $314,000, and the brokers $48,000. We cannot understand why any distinction of that sort should be made between the retailer in business and the wholesaler. We think that the majority of this tax, if it is to be imposed at all, should be imposed upon the men who have the least risk in business, and at the same time are generally understood to make the greatest net profit. It seems to me that it is well understood, and it is borne out by the reports of Bradstreet and Dun, that the retailer in business to-day undergoes the greatest risk of any branch of business, and at the same time his percentage of profit is the smallest. I think you gentlemen will agree with me that the retailer to-day who makes a profit of 10 per cent. is doing a good business and it is exceptional. Therefore, why should the retailer be asked to pay a mill on the gross volume of business, whereas the wholesaler pays one-tenth. Therefore, we say this measure is unequal in that respect.

Another point we wish to make is that the retailer stands as a distributor between the wholesaler and the public. He is the man who is compelled to supply the public with the necessaries of life, and therefore he must incur all the risk of credit, which naturally comes by supplying that class of people. In the second place, we take exception to this measure because it taxes the gross volume of business. To take an isolated instance I was connected professionally with a small corporation who did a business of $43,000 in the year 1908. That year that business lost $1,200, and still they paid their mercantile tax of $43.00, plus the $2.00 in fees. That is an illustration to show exactly what happened to a losing retailer under this act, and we think if this tax is necessary at all it should tax the net income and not the gross volume of business. It seems to me it is not an answer to that proposition to say that the net profit is more difficult to determine. It is not any more difficult than the present method of going into a man's books. Under the mercantile license act if the mercantile appraiser is not satisfied with the return, he can call the merchant before the County Treasurer and open his books and show up his private affairs just as much as if he required a report upon the net income. We do not desire to shirk necessary taxation, but if the tax is necessary we feel the act should be so amended as to tax only the net income or net profit of the business, rather than the gross sales. We have some objection to this act on the score of its administration. A careful study of the cost of collection under this act seems to show that it cost about 10 1-2 per cent. of the amount collected to bring in this $1,200,000 to the State. We are astounded to find that the $156,000 which it cost to collect this tax, $67,000 last year were spent in advertising the mercantile list in the newspapers of the State.

Mr. Brown: Outside of Philadelphia?

Mr. Bertolet: Outside of Philadelphia, which, I believe, gets along without any advertisement. I cannot understand what good advertisements of that character do. It serves no notice to the public. The only good that the public can gain from a list of that sort is that there are twenty coal merchants in Reading, etc., and it does not do the merchants any good. They have no advertisement to gain. In fact, to us it seems the only persons who are benefited by that tremendous expenditure of over one-third of the cost of collecting this tax are the newspapers themselves, and we feel that this act, if it is to remain in force, should be amended, and furthermore, as a general proposition, representing these business men, we feel that beyond the desire to increase our taxes for the purpose of building roads or making other public improvements, there are opportunities (as this $66,000 item) to gain revenue by retrenchment.

Mr. Brown: How are you to do that, unless you cut off the appropriations to the hospitals and other charitable institutions? Are you in favor of that?

Mr. Bertolet: I am certainly in favor of curtailing appropriations to charitable institutions other than those fully controlled by the State.

Mr. Brown: Take the schools. The Superintendent of Public Instruction says there is need for the expenditure of from twelve to fifteen millions of dollars more for the payment of teachers' salaries. Now, that would only bring her school

system up to date. What is your thought on that? Do you think that we ought to bring the school system up to what it is in other places, and furnish the money?

Mr. Bertolet: I think we ought to bring it up to the quality of other States, but I don't see how that method would do it. I think the appropriation for the schools is going to be made. My only criticism is that large appropriations seem to be made to semi-public hospitals, you might call them; hospitals which are governed by business men, which are not under the control of the State, and my experience has been that a good business man who is on the board of directors of a hospital will make it a matter of personal interest to go to Harrisburg and appear before a committee in order to get an appropriation for that hospital. It is a matter of business pride.

Mr. Brown: And then he goes out in the community and raise how much money to help it?

Mr. Bertolet: He may go out and help raise some money, but on the other hand he may not appear at the hospital to find out how that money is being spent. The Auditor General's report shows the tremendous cost of semi-public institutions, as compared with purely State hospitals. I think he goes into the question of clothing the inmates and all that, and it shows by careful business management the cost of conducting these institutions could be lessened. It seems to me that is a method of retrenchment, and it doesn't necessarily follow from that argument that we object to the support of charitable institutions by the State, but if the State is going to support them, it seems to me it is the duty of the State to see that they are properly managed. I have a short brief I would like to file.

Mr. McNichol: If you have any particular information that any particular institution is not being properly managed, I would like to have it.

Mr. Bertolet: I haven't it I have only gathered it from general information.

Mr. John Cadwalader, Jr.: I have asked permission of Mr. Brown to read a letter my father sent. He takes a great deal of interest in this matter, and asked me to read it, and with your permission I will do so.

York Harbor, Maine, October 4, 1910.

Mr. Francis Shunk Brown, Esq.,
Room 496, City Hall,
Philadelphia.

Dear Sir:—

I regret extremely that my absence prevents my being present to-morrow at the public meeting to be held by the Committee you represent, in regard to the ratification by Pennsylvania of the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the United States authorizing the taxation of income from whatever source derived.

I trust the Committee will report adversely on this question.

The wisdom of the framers of the Federal Constitution was nowhere more clearly shown than in the provisions relating to taxation. Realizing the great importance of avoiding a conflict and duplication of Federal and State authorities, the provision for an exclusive source of revenue for the Federal Government, the first paragraph of the 8th Section of Article 1 provides that Congress shall have the power to lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excise to pay debts and provide for the common defense and general welfare of the United States And by the second paragraph of Section 10, Article 1, it is provided that no State shall, without the consent of Congress, lay any imposts or duties on imports or exports. The fourth paragraph of Section 9, Article 1, which provides that no capitation or other direct tax shall be laid unless in proportion to the census directed to be taken, gives the power then absolutely necessary to lay an income tax; but in such a way that the States would be called upon to make their pro rata contribution, and thus avoid the confusion and injustice that will arise if this power of levying direct taxes and especially the direct tax known as an income tax is devolved upon Congress. The wisdom of separating the subjects of taxation for the different communities entitled to lay taxes has been recognized by our State with admirable results. The relief of all real estate from taxation for State purposes and placing that all-important source of revenue under the control of the various counties by which a just and equal appraisement and rate can be secured by those directly interested has been most advantageous. The exclusive power to raise revenue by taxing imports for the Federal Government can be exercised in a manner to secure a greatly increased revenue above that now secured by Act of Congress The suggestion that it is important for the purpose of obtaining necessary revenue for the Federal Government that the enormous centralized power of levying taxes upon individuals be given to it is antagonistic to every theory upon which the separation of State and Federal authority is based. The equal representation of any State in the United States Senate at once becomes entirely unjust and unreasonable. Four States, New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio and Illinois, contain about one-third of the whole population and probably more than three-fifths of all the taxable wealth of the United States. If direct taxation of the people of these four States is to be left to Congress, except as now provided, then their representation of but eight Senators will be grossly insufficient to protect their proportionate rights from unequal legislation. It is remarkable that this subject of taxation of incomes should have become so widely considered as a proper power for the Federal Government when no important State has ever exercised it within their own bounds, though free to do so. While it is a relief to have the proper method of securing constitutional powers obtained by an amendment to the instrument rather than by a strained interpretation or misinterpretation of the plain language used therein, it seems to be the result of mere sensational excitement rather than of sober thought that this amendment has been proposed. Theoretically there is much to be said in favor of such taxation. Practically it it is not only almost impossible to have an equitable bases for the tax, but from its necessarily inquisitorial character nothing could be more offensive. In England the returns are strictly confidential. In this country the prevalent thought in regard to the tax is publicity. In our city real estate pays a tax equal to about 30 per cent upon the annual productiveness, either actual or estimated. It can hardly be contended that this is not an extreme burden. If a Federal income tax is to be added to this the loss of taxing value to the community will, of course, follow, and general derangement of revenue will follow. The great objection to the amendment is the great addition to centralization of power in the United States Government and the surrender by the States of their sovereign power of taxation to an extent they are not carefully considering. That so-called socialism is at the bottom of the movement is evident, and it appears very attractive to a class to imagine that they will not bear the burden. It is always difficult to instruct the average citizen so that he can understand that all burdens of taxation are shifted from one class to a lower until finally resting upon the lowest, which cannot transfer it

I have written this without time even to read it over, and it is necessarily crude, but I wish, however imperfectly, to express my earnest hope that Pennsylvania will reject a measure so injurious to her best interests as well as the best interests of every other State.

Very respectfully yours

JOHN CADWALADER.

Mr. Brown: In that connection I might read two letters which may be of interest to the Committee, one from Mr. John G. Johnson, and one from Mr. Jos. G. Rosengarten

September 30, 1910.

Francis Shunk Brown, Esq., Counsel, Joint Committee of the Senate and House of Representatives of Pennsylvania.

Dear Mr. Brown:—

I beg to acknowledge receipt of yours of the 29th of September.

I tried to find, but have failed, a paper signed by several New York lawyers, which was addressed to the New York Legislature in opposition to the adoption of the Income Tax Amendment to the Constitution of the United States. It very clearly puts the points of objection.

I regret I cannot be present at the meeting of the Committee; but I think the imposition of an Income Tax is very greatly to the prejudice of Eastern interests.

It will serve to inaugurate socialistic or semi-socialistic plans and principles.

I see no reason why the Constitution of the United States, which was worked out by men who thoroughly understood the needs of the Nation, should be altered in this respect.

Very sincerely yours,

JOHN G JOHNSON.

October 1, 1910.

Francis Shunk Brown, Esq.,
Counsel for Pennsylvania Committee on Corporation Revenue Laws.

Dear Sir:—

Yours of September 27th, inviting me to attend your meeting on October 5th, is at hand. Absence from Philadelphia will prevent my doing so. Let me, however, make my earnest protest against any favorable action by your Commission on the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the United States authorizing the Federal Government to tax incomes from whatever source derived. It is high time that the States should conserve their own resources and maintain the exclusive right to tax incomes, wherever necessary. The expenditures of the Federal Government have increased, are increasing and ought to be diminished. To do that effectually the best course is to limit its sources of revenue, not to enlarge them by an income tax. That should be reserved for the States. Then, for example, the State of Pennsylvania could surrender its tax on personal property to the cities, just as it has given them the tax on real estate. Municipal expenses must and ought to increase to meet the proper demands of our urban population for proper outlays for improvements, e. g., better water supplies, better water fronts, better sanitation, and other such needs of our great and growing cities. Our rural population, too, ought to get the personal taxes within their counties for better roads, better schools and better sanitation through modern methods The State of Pennsylvania can now meet all just demands with the income from taxes on corporations, franchises, etc., easily raised and steadily increasing. All other taxes are needed by and ought to be given to counties and cities and the use of such income strictly supervised by competent State inspectors. The improved sanitation by the Health Department of the State shows what State experts could do for roads and other needs of rural districts. The Federal Government ought to limit its growing expenditures, and the best way to do that is to limit its revenue. The tariff is and should be its main supply, and by maintaining, or, if need be, increasing the present rates of duty on imports, domestic manufactures and commerce will be increased and the country enriched from its own resources, and not impoverished by importation of articles that can be grown or made here. To amend the Constitution so as to allow the Federal Government to levy an income tax would weaken the resources of the States and lessen their ability to provide for the just demands and pressing needs of their population. A Federal income tax means an increase of Federal taxgatherers, now an unpleasant feature of our daily life. The methods of collecting State and county and city taxes are now familiar and easily applied. Any change back to the Federal income tax of war times could only be justified, but until that unhappy state of affairs arises, let us restrict Federal revenues to Federal needs and keep an income tax for the States.

Very truly,

J. R. ROSENGARTEN.

Mr. CHARLES L. FLUCK, President Northwest Business Men's Association, called.

Mr. Fluck: Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Commission: I have been asked to represent the Northwest Business Men's Association in opposition to the mercantile tax.

Through no fault of mine, I am not in a position to hand a brief to this commission to-day, but I have the thoughts and suggestions which have been thrown out by some of the questions that I believe the Commission is anxious to know. They can have them for what they are worth. And, in stating that the Northwest Business Men's Association is comprised of a membership of something like three hundred and fifty business men of Northwest Philadelphia, I believe their opposition would be the same as mine, personally, in this respect: That if the payment of the mercantile tax is necessary to maintain our schools, asylums, or our homes and institutions, then we do not object to paying that tax.

But we believe that the tax is not necessary to maintain these institutions.

The gentleman who preceded me spoke on the question of Treasury balance, and I will not worry the Commission by going over that thing again, because that it the position I was going to take.

Now, Mr. Counsel, and gentlemen of the Commission, in relation to the mercantile tax, I wish to present to you my process of reasoning. This is the point:

I, to-day, might be a mechanic; that is, I might make my living by some kind of labor. If, to-morrow, I got into the business of selling merchandise, although I apply the same industry in making my livelihood, my standing so far as the State is concerned, would be entirely changed; because the State, which did not tax me for my industry in making my living in a mechanical way, would immediately step in and say, "We are going to tax you now because you are in business." I submit, gentlemen, that if I have stepped out of the mechanical field into the business field, the State gives me no more protection, it gives me no more privileges, than I had when I was a mechanic. I may be called upon to devote a great deal more industry and time and work to make my living in the selling merchandise business, either wholesale or retail; and yet the State comes along and says, "We need some of that money to maintain the State." That is the position that every business is taking on the question of the mercantile tax—that it is an unjust levy; that he is not getting any more than a man who is not doing business as far as the State is concerned in the shape of privileges.

Now, if, instead of an individual going into business, I combine with three, or four, or five other men and apply to the State for a charter to engage in a mercantile business, I am then getting a special privilege from the State; in the fact that the minute we become an incorporated body in the transaction of business, my personal responsibility ceases.

Now, in the nature of corporations, there are two classes of corporations. That is, the State will grant incorporation to men who want to get clearly into the mercantile business. They do not give it to them as an exclusive privilege for going into that particular business. But there is a class of people who have gone to the State and have become incorporated to do certain things, and to do these same things, the State of Pennsylvania will not give the same privilege to any other group of men. By that, I mean particularly, as an example, the corporations such as the street railway companies of the City of Philadelphia. That is, the State will charter a combination of men, making them an incorporated body, to relieve them of personal responsibility, but it will not give the same right to any other group of men. That is an exclusive privilege.

The question I want to ask this Commission now, is this: Why not determine where the revenues of the State shall come from, beginning at the point of asking the question, Who are the specially benefited people in the State? Who are the people that have received benefits greater than any other individual or any other corporation in the State of Pennsylvania. Why don't these people who have received exclusive privileges also be made to bear the burden, if necessary, to a reasonable degree in replacing the revenues that are unjustly imposed upon us as small business men?

I want to give you just one example of what I mean. For instance, a great many years ago there was a company incorporated—a concern known as the Ridge Avenue Passenger Railway Company; its authorized capital stock was seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars—fifteen thousand shares at fifty dollars a share. There was paid in on that stock four hundred and twenty thousand dollars, or twenty-eight dollars a share. That concern—that is, the property of that concern (and the only property it has remaining to-day, gentlemen) is the exclusive right that the State gave it to run a street railway on Ridge avenue. It has no property of its own at all so far as rolling stock is concerned; it has been leased, and leased, and leased. That property to-day is bringing one hundred and eighty thousand dollars a year on those fifteen thousand shares of stock, and the business proposition is worth three millions of dollars. In other words, the condition of affairs is that the company has been given an exclusive right to do a certain thing and the State protects it in that privilege; it was originally authorized to be capitalized at seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars, only four hundred and twenty thousand ever paid in on it, but it is worth to-day three millions of dollars.

Mr. Brown: What is it taxed at, Mr. Fluck?

Mr. Fluck: I cannot give you tax figures. They pay a tax on capital stock the same as others.

Mr. Brown: It is taxed away above the money you say is paid in?

Mr. Fluck: Yes. I only question this point. Since May I have been trying to get some Government reports to be able to answer such questions as you have put at me—to be able to come here and give you the necessary proof of what I may say.

Mr. Brown: I think this was all published some time ago by the Transit Company?

Mr. Fluck: I am not speaking about the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company. I am talking about the people who own the franchises for Ridge avenue. These are the people you are not getting at. I say there is something that calls for correction, and it is in the value of the capitalization. For instance, the enormous difference in the value of the capitalization—between the seven hundred and fifty thousand authorized capitalization, of which four hundred and twenty thousand dollars was paid in, and the three millions of dollars that the proposition is worth to-day on a 6 per cent. basis.

Mr. McNichol: Are you in business, Mr. Fluck?

Mr. Fluck. Yes.

Mr. McNichol: How long have you been in business?

Mr. Fluck: About fourteen or fifteen years.

Mr. McNichol: What was the capitalization of your business at the start?

Mr. Fluck: It was very small—it was nothing.

Mr. McNichol: Approximately—ten dollars, a hundred dollars, a thousand dollars, or what?

Mr. Fluck: Nothing.

Mr. McNichol: What would you sell it at to-day?

Mr. Fluck: I would sell it at a figure that I would not care to mention here to-day, but a great deal more than nothing.

Mr. McNichol: Will you tell us what brought about that enormous increase of to-day over fifteen years ago in your business?

Mr. Fluck: I will say that it was through no exclusive privilege given to me by the State of Pennsylvania.

Mr. McNichol: Getting back to Mr. Carnegie, how can you get at him? He has derived all the benefits of the times, the demand for a particular material and things of that kind, without the question of exclusive privilege. A man who has a particular business is going to make his future by his exclusive industry?

Mr. Fluck: Yes, but Carnegie had opposition, and he has it to-day and should have it. I have had opposition in all the years that this thing has been brought about. That is what my business represents to-day as compared to years ago—my industry, my hard work.

Mr. McNichol: Isn't it true that the Ridge avenue line has had competition and opposition for years and years up to the time—a certain period—when they consolidated?

Mr. Fluck: No. There was no opposition on Ridge avenue.

Mr. McNichol: But there was, until the Union Traction Company, I think it was, opened these lines. I remember the railway situation there?

Mr. Fluck: Yes, but Mr. McNichol, the opposition I mean is this: That no other group of men will get from the State of Pennsylvania the right to run a railway on Ridge avenue.

Mr. Brown: It would be inconsistent to run two. How do you distinguish between your individual efforts and the united element in the running of a business? No matter how hard you work, if the State of Pennsylvania did not build schools and churches, and do all sorts of other things to bring the people here to buy your goods, you would not profit. Shouldn't you make some contribution on that account?

Mr. Fluck: I have stated, Mr. Brown, that I am willing to make that contribution. I stated that, personally, if the payment of the mercantile tax was necessary to maintain our schools, asylums, homes, and other institutions, I am willing to pay it. But I believe the State is going about placing its hands in the pockets of some merchants throughout the State of Pennsylvania for various sums running from five, ten and twenty dollars, when they are overlooking certain people that have obtained exclusive privileges from the State, and could easily bear the burden that the small men are called upon to bear.

Mr. Brown: You mean those with these exclusive privileges are not paying their share to-day. They all say they are. You would be surprised to read some of the complaints filed. The small men demand a tax from every man in the Commonwealth, and they would put them in jail for not paying it.

Mr. Fluck: Mr. Brown, the position I am taking is one that I have clearly set forth, and I am clearly trying to set forth that you gentlemen are looking for places to place burdens that other people object to.

Mr. Brown: As I understand you, your thought is those with exclusive privileges should bear the burdens. Are you figuring in that the element of convenience to the public? If you didn't have a traction company in Philadelphia it would not amount to shucks. If you hadn't the Ridge avenue line, a large portion of Philadelphia, for instance, would be inaccessible.

Mr. Fluck: If we hadn't the Ridge avenue line we would have had a better one long ago.

Mr. Brown: The higher you tax them, the more you may have. Is that your idea?

Mr. Fluck: There are certainly people to-day who are doing nothing for the community.

Mr. McNichol: Have you knowledge to that effect?

Mr. Fluck: They exist as a corporation.

Mr. McNichol: Can you give us the corporation you especially refer to?

Mr. Fluck: I will do it willingly.

Mr. McNichol: We will be glad to have you file your proof

Mr. Brown: Do you consider the mercantile tax as bothersome to the merchants to-day?

Mr. Fluck: Undoubtedly.

Mr. Brown: Is it an element you fix in doing business, and competition with others?

Mr. Fluck: No.

Mr. Brown: It is a diminutive tax, isn't it?

Mr. Fluck: Yes, it is so small it is bothersome. I, as a small man, will say the mercantile tax I pay is, for instance, twenty dollars a year. I don't object to paying that. But when the State comes along any says they want that twenty dollars from me when it is clear that they do

not absolutely need it, and if they do need it, there are other sources of revenue where people have gotten exclusive privileges from the State which I have not, I feel like saying that that twenty dollars is unjustly taken out of my pocket.

Mr. Brown: As a matter of fact, outside of the corporations which are exempted, there is no advantage in a corporation except if suit is brought——

Mr. Fluck: That is right

Mr. Brown: Is it not so that a corporation offers no advantage to a man who goes into the corporation except for his interest fixed by his shares of stock?

Mr. Fluck: Yes.

Mr. Brown: Is that any special advantage over the other man in the same line of business?

Mr. Fluck: I won't argue that.

Mr. Brown: Do you consider a corporation any better (being a corporation) than the individual who does the same business?

Mr. Fluck: There is the advantage in the fact that he is relieved from personal responsibility.

Mr. Brown: The officers are sued if it amounts to anything?

Mr. Fluck: I won't argue that. There are some corporations in the State of Pennsylvania which have been greatly benefited by the State. These stockholders have been greatly benefited; they are enjoying exclusive privileges which mean millions of dollars a year to them

Mr. McNichol: Don't you refer to fifty years ago?

Mr. Fluck: The conditions are so to-day.

Mr. McNichol: Where are they now—the conditions to which you refer as to the Ridge avenue line?

Mr. Fluck: I am not asking this Commission to correct the conditions, but I am suggesting to this Commission that there are to-day in existence certain corporation bodies which are enjoying exclusive privileges from the State of Pennsylvania, and which, under the circumstances, I don't believe are bearing their share of the burden.

Mr. Brown: I think it is true that Pennsylvania, with possibly a few corrections here and there, is taxing its corporations fairly cnosidering the franchises. It is included in the capital stock. The Pennsylvania Railroad pays a tax, in the capital stock, of four-fifths of 1 per cent. on the gross receipts, and is locally taxed on its buildings. What more tax would you put on them?

Mr. Fluck: I must confine myself to the street railway conditions, because I have not been able to get statistics together to make argument except along these lines.

I am willing to state that the greater part of the revenue comes from the tax on corporations. I have before me the platform of the Republican party, the governing party of Pennsylvania in the year 1909, which brings that out very clearly

Mr. Brown: The governing expenses of the State of Pennsylvania are as low as any State in the Union. Do you know that?

Mr. Fluck: I am on this statement now, and that statement is a good, strong statement.

Mr. McNichol: We want you to give us your views and file your papers and we will take the matters up. When it comes to a question of politics, we will adjourn from this building and take up the matter in another room.

Mr. Fluck: I only wish to read this statement.

Mr. McNichol: We ask you to give your views and file your papers and we will be glad to take them up.

Mr. Fluck: The mercantile tax represents one million dollars, which represents one-twenty-eighth of the revenue of the State of Pennsylvania at the present time, and my position is that the one-twenty-eighth of the revenue of the State of Pennsylvania is placed upon people who are getting no special consideration from the State and should not be called upon to pay that tax.

Mr. Brown: Don't you get the same consideration from the State that I would get if I had money at interest on which I paid a tax If I pay four mills—two-fifths of 1 per cent. on my money at interest—what more benefit do I get than you?

Mr. Fluck: I am not talking about that.

Mr. Brown: You say you do not reap any benefit from the State, and hence you should not pay a tax.

Mr. Fluck: Why should I pay this special tax which is imposed upon me? Why should it be imposed upon me?

Mr. Brown: You get the united benefit which must be figured in other men's individual efforts. A man living on an island means nothing, but in the city of Philadelphia he has all manner of possibilities. That element should be considered in systems of taxation.

Mr. Fluck: I am willing to pay for that element if I am in a location which has great possibilities. My place in which I do business is already taxed by the city of Philadelphia.

Mr. McNichol: For which it gives you greater returns than any other section of the country Isn't that so, Mr. Fluck?

Mr. Fluck: I believe, Mr. Chairman, that we have the greatest city in the country.

Mr. McNichol: And you are glad to be in business here?

Mr. Fluck: I expect to stay here in business.

Mr. Brown: Does your business give a fair return, so far as a small business is concerned?

Mr. Fluck: I have no complaint to make with the return from my business; but I do complain that the State of Pennsylvania comes to me and says to me, "We want you to pay a tax," and I believe that it is an unjust tribute that I am paying to the State of Pennsylvania. If there are people who have received a great deal more from the hands of the State than the small business man, those people should be willing to bear the burden.

Mr. McNichol: What is your business?

Mr. Fluck: The drug business.

Mr. McNichol: Can you tell us the volume of your business for the year 1909?

Mr Fluck: I will tell you privately. It is none of the public's affairs. I would state that some of the arguments that have been presented against the mercantile tax were intended to demonstrate the extent of dishonesty. I don't know that anybody has ever been dishonest in making a return of the volume of his business. I will say for myself that when the mercantile assessors come along, I carry my books out before them, and they have the privilege of computing the columns for themselves; and I believe the majority of the small merchants do the same. If this Commission wants the volume of my business, they can readily ascertain it at the office where my returns are made.

No further questions by the Commission.

Mr. Brown: I believe we have with us Mr. Purvis, of the Philadelphia Saving Fund. We would be pleased to hear from him.

Mr. G. COLESBERRY PURVIS, of the Philadelphia Saving Fund.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen:—I believe that everybody should pay a tax. The only question is, how to make it fair, so as to have it fall in an equitable manner. Therefore, I am not here to say anything against the tax of the Philadelphia Saving Fund, although I represent two hundred and seventy-two thousand of the wage earners of Philadelphia—the working people—who gather together a large sum of money, averaging about four hundred dollars apiece; and we pay a 3 per cent. tax on the net earnings.

What I am here to say is that we are glad to pay that tax, for we represent these wage earners. As I said before, everyone should pay a tax, and I say that the tax law should be as it stands to-day.

Mr. Brown: It has been suggested that the deposits in your saving fund should pay a four mill tax.

Mr. Purvis: The answer to that is that the Legislature at their last session repealed that tax for the very reason that it was unjust—they relieved us of that tax. We pay this one tax, now, of 3 per cent.

Mr. Brown: Why should the depositor in your institution who received interest be exempted from the payment of a tax on that interest, when the depositor in some other institution of another character has to pay a tax on the moneys which he has at interest?

Mr. Purvis: This is a tax on savings. In reference to that, if you take the Act of Assembly literally, it would apply to all deposits of savings funds, banks, trust companies and banks of every form; but there has been, from the time of the enactment of that act, the consensus of opinion that the Legislature did not intend to include money that was moved backward and forward, that was here to-day and to-morrow might be drawn out. In reviewing that law, Mr. Eastman, in his tax book, says that while it is within the letter of the law, he does not believe it was intended by the Legislature, and, consequently, I may add here, there are very few returned.

Mr. Brown: Why shouldn't they be returned?

Mr. Purvis: Suppose we give the return of tax, and the next day they draw it out—then it is not paid until the following August?

Mr. Brown: Suppose the treasurer of your institution pays the tax based on the average deposits. That is, you pay the interest on the deposits, and then take it from the depositors again.

Mr. Purvis: That is just the tax the Legislature has removed from us.

Mr. Brown: I am asking now why, in justice to all who are not depositors and who pay taxes, you should be exempted?

Mr. Purvis: For the reason that we pay one tax of 3 per cent.

Mr. Brown: You pay that tax?

Mr. Purvis: Yes.

Mr. Brown: As an incorporated society, you pay that?

Mr. Purvis: Now, you take the annual savings banks; with a tax of 1 per cent. on the surplus, I don't think that would be as good as the 3 per cent. on the net earnings, because there is the investment, and it might not be the surplus that it ought to be applied to. Then you take, as was suggested in your circular—suppose you put a tax on the assets. You must recollect that the great bulk of our assets are composed of bonds, on which the corporation has already paid a tax, so that you would be imposing another tax again when they are considered as assets of the savings bank.

There are only nine savings banks without capital stock. We pay the depositors' tax and expenses and all the rest; whatever is over goes to surplus and deposits. There are only nine savings banks in Pennsylvania without capital stock, which represent, in the city of Philadelphia, over three hundred and fifty thousand of the wage earners—that means about one-quarter of the population represented by the depositors.

Mr. Brown: What do the deposits amount to?

Mr. Purvis: One hundred and eighty-seven millions in the whole State. They are subject to this 3 per cent. tax. Now, what I suggest is that the tax as it stands is a perfectly just and right one; and the wage earners, whom we represent, are taxed as high as working people ought to be.

Mr. Brown: Mr. Purvis, what is your thought on the income tax?

Mr. Purvis: An income tax, I think, if it could be fairly taxed, is the fairest tax in the world.

Mr. Brown: By the Federal Government or reserved by the State?

Mr. Purvis: I think it should be reserved for the State. There is a reason. I think the present tax on the corporations is the proper tax for the Federal Government. A corporation is a modern institution in which you have gathered together the stockholders from whom you get the income tax, and those are the ones who can afford to pay it. It seems

to me that when you tax a corporation, or the stockholders, you have gotten at it in the fairest way.

Mr. Brown: What is your thought on the direct inheritance tax, Mr. Purvis?

Mr. Purvis: I would exempt small estates if it could legally be done. Then have a trifling tax regulated as the estate increased in amount. I see no reason why it could not be done.

Mr. McNichol: What would you call a small estate, Mr. Purvis?

Mr. Purvis: I would say I would not tax anything under ten thousand dollars.

Mr. McNichol: How about ten thousand dollars for a man with four, five or six children?

Mr. Purvis: I would raise it.

Mr. McNichol: In other words, you would exempt large families.

Mr. Purvis: I would if it could be legally done. I think everyone should bear his burden according to his ability.

Mr. McNichol: How about the State providing a bounty for the raising of children? It would give a deserved measure of relief to those who are doing their duty to the State and society generally.

Mr. Brown: I see no reason why that suggestion should not be adopted, Mr. Chairman. Mr. Dooley says the State taxes dogs, and he sees no reason why bachelors should not be taxed.

Mr. McNichol: I believe in people going along and enjoying the pleasures of life, and where a man has a certain amount of money distributed between too many people, there would not be much in it for any one of them.

Mr. Purvis: There is another thought I want to throw out, which, I suppose, would not be met with favor, and yet, at the same time, it would count, I think. We tax in the collateral inheritance tax, 5 per cent. on all legacies. Wouldn't it encourage legacies to hospitals and homes if they were made free from the collateral tax? We tax these legacies, and yet they are all in relief of the State. They are all in aid of the State, and the State taxes them. All these moneys go to support and build up things that the State would otherwise have to build and maintain. If it was freed from that, wouldn't it encourage legacies?

Mr. Brown: We have a brief on that subject, Mr. Purvis. No further questions by the Commission.

Mr. McNichol: It is the desire of the Commission at this time to have lunch. If there are any gentlemen who desire to be heard, we shall be glad to return this afternoon for that purpose.

Mr. Brown: Well, Mr. Chairman, there are quite a number to be heard.

Mr. McNichol: We will then adjourn until two-thirty this afternoon.

Adjourned at one-thirty P. M.

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS OF THE PHILADELPHIA SAVING FUND SOCIETY.

The subscribers, duly appointed by the President Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas of Philadelphia County, to audit and settle the accounts of The Philadelphia Saving Fund Society, under the provisions of the Third Section of the Supplement to the Act incorporating the said Society, approved March 15, 1824, having been duly qualified, respectfully report:

That, in the performance of the duties assigned them, they have audited and settled the books and accounts of The Philadelphia Saving Fund Society for the year ending the thirty-first day of December, 1910, and have examined and ascertained the amount of the bonds and mortgages, real estate, public loans, railroad loans, and other evidences of the property and effects of the said Society, and agreeably thereto have made out the subjoined statement, which agrees with the books at that date, and exhibits the situation and condition of the said The Philadelphia Saving Fund Society on the first day of January, 1911.

WM. ROTCH WISTER,
LUDDEN D. DAVIS,
WILLIAM DRAYTON,
Auditors.

ASSETS.

PUBLIC LOANS.

	Par Value.	As Charged.
District of Columbia, 1924, 3.65 per cent.	$500,000.00	$500,000.00
New York State, 1960, 4 per cent.	600,000.00	600,000.00
Allegheny County, Pa., 1913, 5 per cent.	43,500.00	43,500.00
Allegheny County, Pa., 1933-1938, 4 per cent.	822,000.00	821,992.50
Blair County, Pa., 1937, 4 per cent.	200,000.00	200,000.00
Columbia County, Pa., 1911-1919, 4 per cent.	30,000.00	30,000.00
Lackawanna County, Pa., 1922, 4 per cent.	68,000.00	68,000.00
Luzerne County, Pa., 1911-1933, 4 per cent.	937,000.00	937,000.00
Luzerne County, Pa., 1912-1927, 4½ per cent.	631,000.00	631,000.00
Venango County, Pa., 1915-1919, 4 per cent.	85,000.00	85,000.00
Venango County, Pa., 1920-1928, 4¼ per cent.	175,000.00	175,000.00
Washington County, Pa., 1911-1931, 4 per cent.	152,000.00	150,819.45
Westmoreland County, Pa., 1930, 4 per cent.	333,000.00	333,000.00
Wyoming County, Pa., 1911-1914, 3½ per cent.	8,000.00	8,000.00
York County, Pa., 1911-1928, 4 per cent.	128,000.00	128,000.00
Allegheny City, Pa., 1914-1937, 4 per cent.	778,500.00	778,476.52
Allegheny City, Pa. (School District), 1912-1938, 4 per cent.	136,000.00	136,000.00
Allegheny City, Pa. (School District), 1918-1928, 3½ per cent.	27,000.00	26,350.66
Allegheny City, Pa. (School District), 1938, 4½ per cent.	69,000.00	69,000.00
Altoona City, Pa., 1936, 4 per cent.	150,000.00	150,000.00
Altoona City, Pa. (School District), 1911-1933, 4 per cent.	142,000.00	142,000.00
Chester City, Pa., 1915-1925, 4½ per cent.	58,000.00	58,000.00
Erie City, Pa. (School District), 1911-1932, 4 per cent.	106,000.00	106,000.00
Harrisburg City, Pa., 1911-1936, 4 per cent.	389,000.00	389,000.00
Harrisburg City, Pa. (School District), 1911-1937, 4 per cent.	179,500.00	179,500.00
McKeesport City, Pa., 1914-1939, 4 per cent.	200,000.00	200,000.00
Philadelphia City, Pa., 1911-1922, 3 per cent.	78,000.00	74,697.21
Philadelphia City, Pa., 1911-1934, 3½ per cent.	1,018,900.00	1,017,356.52
Philadelphia City, Pa., 1937-1940, 4 per cent.	9,450,500.00	9,450,500.00
Pittsburg City, Pa., 1911-1934, 4 per cent.	1,082,800.00	1,082,788.89
Pittsburg City, Pa., 1912, 7 per cent.	15,000.00	15,000.00
Pittsburg City, Pa., 1912-1913, 5 per cent.	520,600.00	520,600.00
Pittsburg City, Pa. (School District), 1911-1939, 4 per cent.	252,000.00	252,000.00
Pittsburg City, Pa. (School District), 1918-1939, 4½ per cent.	216,000.00	216,000.00
Pittsburg City, Pa. (School District), 1931, 3½ per cent.	7,000.00	6,478.83
Pittsburg City, Pa. (School District), 1939, 4¼ per cent.	43,000.00	43,000.00
Pittston City, Pa., (School District), 1914-1934, 4½ per cent.	45,000.00	45,000.00
Reading City, Pa., 1914-1928, 4 per cent.	96,000.00	96,000.00
Scranton City, Pa., 1911-1914, 4½ per cent.	60,000.00	60,000.00
Scranton City, Pa., 1911-1926, 4 per cent.	87,000.00	87,000.00
Scranton City, Pa. (School District), 1917-1939, 4 per cent.	300,000.00	299,607.78
Scranton City, Pa. (School District), 1928, 4½ per cent.	5,000.00	5,000.00
Wilkes-Barre City, Pa. (School District), 1915-1935, 4½ per cent.	230,000.00	230,000.00
York City, Pa., 1918-1933, 4 per cent.	115,000.00	115,000.00
Borough of Bethlehem, Pa., 1916-1920, 4 per cent.	83,500.00	83,500.00
Borough of So. Bethlehem, Pa., 1919-1933, 4 per cent.	60,000.00	60,000.00
Borough of Butler, Pa., 1929-1933, 4 per cent.	25,000.00	25,000.00
Borough of Washington, Pa., 1918-1927, 4 per cent.	175,000.00	175,000.00
Borough of Wilkinsburg, Pa. (School District), 1914-1938, 4 per cent.	227,000.00	227,000.00
Borough of Wilkinsburg, Pa. (School District), 1924-1940, 4¼ per cent.	73,000.00	73,000.00
Abington Township, Montgomery Co., Pa. (School District), 1938, 4 per cent.	60,000.00	60,000.00
Cheltenham Township, Montgomery Co., Pa. (School District), 1912-1937, 4 per cent.	60,000.00	60,000.00
Upper Darby Township, Delaware Co., Pa. (School District), 1911-1919, 4½ per cent.	60,000.00	60,000.00

	Par Value.	As Charged.
New Castle County, Delaware, 1911, 5 per cent.	2,000.00	2,000.00
Chicago City, Illinois, 1912-1915, 4 per cent.	26,000.00	26,000.00
Louisville City, Kentucky, 1923-1947, 4 per cent.	275,000.00	273,125.00
Baltmore City, Maryland, 1916, 5 per cent.	77,200.00	77,200.00
Baltimore City, Maryland, 1926-1957, 4 per cent.	813,000.00	813,000.00
St. Paul City, Minnesota, 1917, 4½ per cent.	200,000.00	200,000.00
Woodbury City, New Jersey, 1911-1926, 4 per cent.	42,000.00	42,000.00
New York City, New York, 1911, 4¼ per cent.	500,000.00	500,000.00
New York City, New York, 1912-1956, 4 per cent.	2,594,500.00	2,593,278.45
New York City, New York, 1913-1917, 4½ per cent.	203,000.00	203,000.00
New York City, New York, 1915, 7 per cent.	178,000.00	178,000.00
Toledo City, Ohio, 1919, 4½ per cent.	67,000.00	67,000.00
Zanesville City, Ohio, 1913, 4½ per cent.	45,000.00	45,000.00
	$26,415,500.00	$26,404,771.81

RAILROAD LOANS.

Alabama Central R. R. Co. (Southern), 1918, 6 per cent.	$53,000.00	$53,000.00
Alabama Great Southern R. R. Co. (Southern), 1927, 5 per cent.	624,000.00	624,000.00
Allegheny Valley Ry. Co., 1942, 4 per cent.	1,239,000.00	1,238,815.97
Allegheny & Western Ry. Co., 1998, 4 per cent.	104,000.00	103,999.94
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Ry. Co., 1995, 4 per cent.	1,100,000.00	1,096,500.09
Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co. of South Carolina, 1948, 4 per cent.	84,000.00	83,043.42
Baltimore & Ohio R. R Co., 1925, 3½ per cent.	4,500,000.00	4,185,000.00
Baltimore & Potomac R. R. Co. (Main Line), 1911, 6 per cent.	508,000.00	508,000.00
Baltimore & Potomac R. R. Co. (Tunnel), 1911, 6 per cent.	159,000.00	159,000.00
Beech Creek R R. Co. (New York Central), 1936, 4 per cent.	45,000.00	44,998.33
Brooklyn & Montauk R R. Co. (Long Island), 1911. 5 per cent.	43,000.00	43,000.00
Brooklyn & Montauk R R. Co. (Long Island), 1911, 6 per cent.	8,000.00	8,000.00
Camden & Atlantic R. R. Co., 1911, 5 per cent.	93,000.00	93,000.00
Camden & Atlantic R. R. Co., 1911, 6 per cent.	186,000.00	186,000.00
Canada Southern Ry. Co., 1913, 6 per cent.	219,000.00	219,000.00
Catawissa R. R. Co., 1948, 4 per cent.	582,000.00	582,000.00
Central of Georgia Ry. Co. (Mobile Division), 1946, 5 per cent.	64,000.00	64,000.00
Central Pacific Ry. Co., 1949, 4 per cent.	1,083,000.00	1,068,110.26
Chesapeake & Ohio Ry. Co., 1939, 5 per cent.	224,000.00	224,000.00
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy R. R. Co. (Illinois Division), 1949, 4 per cent.	310,000.00	310,000.00
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry. Co., 1989, 4 per cent.	1,250,000.00	1,250,000.00
Chicago & St. Louis Ry. Co, 1915, 6 per cent.	81,000.00	81,000.00
Cleveland & Pittsburg R. R. Co. (Series A), 1942, 4½ per cent.	34,000.00	34,000.00
Columbia & Toledo R. R. Co. (Hocking Valley), 1955, 4 per cent.	535,000.00	535,000.00
Continental Passenger Ry. Co., 1959, 4 per cent.	280,000.00	280,000.00
Delaware River R. R. & Bridge Co. (Penna.), 1936, 4 per cent.	24,000.00	24,000.00
Easton & Amboy R R. Co., 1920, 5 per cent.	784,000.00	784,000.00
Elmira, Cortland & Northern R. R. Co. (Lehigh Valley), 1914, 5 per cent.	96,000.00	96,000.00
Elmira, Cortland & Northern R. R. Co. (Lehigh Valley), 1914, 6 per cent.	40,000.00	40,000.00
Harrisburg, Portsmouth, Mt. Joy & Lancaster R. R. Co. (Penna.), 1913, 4 per cent.	215,500.00	215,500.00
Jefferson R. R. Co. (Erie), 1919, 5 per cent.	369,000.00	369,000.00
Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Ry. Co, 1997, 3½ per cent.	1,041,000.00	968,130.00
Lehigh Coal & Navigation Co. (R. R. Loan), 1914, 4 per cent.	966,300.00	966,300.00
Lehigh Coal & Navigation Co. (Gold), 1914, 4 per cent.	745,000.00	745,000.00
Lehigh Coal & Navigation Co., 1914, 4½ per cent.	568,042.09	568,042.09
Lehigh Coal & Navigation Co., 1924, 4½ per cent.	252,000.00	252,000.00
Lehigh Coal & Navigation Co., 1948, 4 per cent.	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Lehigh Valley R. R. Co., 1923, 4½ per cent.	215,000.00	215,000.00
Lehigh Valley R. R. Co., 1923, 6 per cent	375,000.00	369,375.00
Lehigh Valley R. R. Co., 1948, 4 per cent	2,133,000.00	2,133,000.00
Lehigh Valley R. R. Co., Annuity, 4½ per cent.	6,000.00	6,000.00
Lehigh Valley Ry. Co. of New York, 1940, 4½ per cent.	710,000.00	710,000.00
Long Island R. R. Co., 1931, 4 per cent.	10,000.00	9,914.44
Long Island R. R. Co., 1931, 5 per cent.	184,000.00	184,000.00
New York, Chicago & St. Louis R. R. Co., 1937, 4 per cent.	1,340,000.00	1,339,038.33
New York & Erie R. R. Co., 1919, 5 per cent.	855,000.00	855,000.00
New York & Erie R. R. Co., 1920, 5 per cent.	1,451,000.00	1,451,000.00
New York & Erie R. R. Co., 1923, 4½ per cent.	2,066,000.00	2,066,000.00
New York & Erie R. R. Co., 1928, 4 per cent.	231,500.00	230,867.89
New York & Erie R. R. Co., 1947, 4 per cent.	951,000.00	951,000.00
New York, Lackawanna & Western Ry. Co., 1921, 6 per cent.	213,000.00	213,000.00
Norfolk & Western Ry. Co. 1996, 4 per cent.	402,000.00	401,425.72
Northern Central Ry. Co., 1925, 4½ per cent.	200,000.00	200,000.00
Northern Central Ry. Co., 1926, 5 per cent.	270,000.00	270,000.00
Northern Pacific Ry. Co., 1997, 4 per cent.	1,178,000.00	1,178,000.00
North Pennsylvania R. R. Co., 1928, 4 per cent.	200,000.00	200,000.00
North Pennsylvania R. R. Co., 1936, 4 per cent.	403,500.00	403,500.00
North Pennsylvania R. R. Co., 1953, 3.50 per cent.	2,770,000.00	2,492,602.17
Ohio Connecting Ry. Co. (P., C., C. & St. L.), 1943, 4 per cent.	912,000.00	911,914.17
Pennylvania Company, 1921, 4½ per cent.	915,000.00	915,000.00
Pennsylvania R. R. Co.,, 1919, 5 per cent.	1,801,000.00	1,799,750.00
Pennsylvania R. R. Co., 1923, 4 per cent.	63,000.00	62,937.50
Pennsylvania R. R. Co., 1943, 4 per cent.	22,000.00	22,000.00
Pennsylvania R. R. Co., £237,-800,1945, 3½ per cent.	1,155,748.00	1,074,846.48
Pennsylvania & New York Canal & R. R. Co., 1939, 4 per cent.	574,000.00	574,000.00
Pennsylvania & New York Canal & R. R. Co., 1939, 4½ per cent.	306,000.00	306,000.00
Pennsylvania & New York Canal & R. R. Co., 1939, 5 per cent.	500,000.00	500,000.00
Perkiomen R. R. Co. (Reading), 1918, 5 per cent.	25,000.00	25,000.00
Philadelphia, Baltimore & Washington R. R. Co., 1943, 4 per cent.	3,950,000.00	3,950,000.00
Philadelphia & Erie R R. Co., 1920, 4 per cent.	519,000.00	519,000.00
Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Co., 1920, 5 per cent.	670,000.00	670,000.00
Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Co., 1920, 6 per cent.	754,000.00	754,000.00
Philadelphia & Reading R. R. Co., 1911, 6 per cent.	1,005,000.00	1,005,000.00
Philadelphia & Reading R. R. Co., 1933, 5 per cent.	531,000.00	531,000.00
Philadelphia & Reading R. R. Co., 1937, 4 per cent.	1,168,000.00	1,167,998.83
Philadelphia & Reading R. R. Co., 1941, 5 per cent.	109,000.00	109,000.00
Philadelphia & Reading R. R. Co., 1947, 4 per cent.	2,328,000.00	2,328,000.00
Philadelphia, Wilmington & Baltimore R. R. Co., 1917, 4 per cent.	36,000.00	36,000.00
Philadelphia, Wilmington & Baltimore R. R. Co., 1922, 4 per cent.	54,000.00	54,000.00

	Par Value.	As Charged.
Philadelphia, Wilmington & Baltimore R. R. Co., 1926, 4 per cent.	24,000.00	24,000.00
Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Ry. Co. (Series A), 1940, 4½ per cent.	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Ry. Co. (Series B), 1942, 4½ per cent.	1,200,000.00	1,200,000.00
Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Ry. Co. (Series C), 1942, 4½ per cent.	178,000.00	178,000.00
Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Ry. Co. (Series D), 1945, 4 per cent.	767,000.00	767,000.00
Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Ry. Co. (Series F), 1953, 4 per cent.	2,406,000.00	2,406,000.00
Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Ry. Co. (Series G), 1957, 4 per cent.	567,000.00	563,761.11
Pittsburg, Virginia & Charleston Ry. Co. (Penna.), 1943, 4 per cent.	1,633,000.00	1,633,000.00
Reading Co. & Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron Co., 1997, 4 per cent.	722,000.00	709,088.75
St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Ry. Co., 1933, 4 per cent.	1,348,000.00	1,338,128.65
Schuylkill River East Side R. R. Co., 1925, 4 per cent.	1,179,000.00	1,133,900.00
South Carolina & Georgia R. R. Co. (Southern) 1919, 5 per cent.	244,000.00	244,000.00
Southern Pacific R. R. Co. of California, 1912, 6 per cent.	157,000.00	157,000.00
Southern Pacific R. R. Co. of New Mexico, 1911, 6 per cent.	17,000.00	17,000.00
Steubenville & Indiana R. R. Co. (P., C., C. & St. L.), 1914, 5 per cent.	589,000.00	589,000.00
Union Pacific R. R. Co., 1947, 4 per cent.	801,000.00	800,118.75
United New Jersey R. R. & Canal Co., 1923, 4 per cent.	129,000.00	129,000.00
United New Jersey R. R. & Canal Co., 1929, 4 per cent.	259,000.00	259,000.00
United New Jersey R. R. & Canal Co., 1944, 4 per cent.	710,000.00	710,000.00
United New Jersey R. R. & Canal Co., 1951, 3½ per cent.	1,000,000.00	930,000.00
Virginia Midland Ry. Co. (Southern) (Series B), 1911, 6 per cent.	224,500.00	224,500.00
Virginia Midland Ry. Co. (Southern) (Series C), 1916, 6 per cent.	1,000.00	1,000.00
Virginia Midland Ry. Co. (Southern) (Series D), 1921, 5 per cent.	17,100.00	17,100.00
Virginia Midland Ry. Co. (Southern) (Series E), 1926, 5 per cent.	44,800.00	44,800.00
Virginia Midland Ry. Co. (Southern) (Series F), 1931, 5 per cent.	3,000.00	3,000.00
Wabash R. R. Co. (Detroit & Chicago Extension), 1941, 5 per cent.	350,000.00	350,000.00
Washington Terminal Co., 1945, 4 per cent.	447,000.00	446,993.06
Western North Carolina R. R. Co. (Southern), 1914, 6 per cent.	133,000.00	133,000.00
Western Pennsylvania R. R. Co., 1928, 4 per cent.	388,000.00	387,308.65
West Jersey & Sea Shore R. R. Co., 1936, 3½ per cent.	325,000.00	302,250.00
West Jersey & Sea Shore R. R. Co., 1936, 4 per cent.	960,000.00	959,800.00
West Shore R. R. Co., 2361, 4 per cent.	431,000.00	431,000.00
Railroad loans	$71,324,990.99	$70,384,359.51
Public loans	26,415,500.00	26,404,771.81
	$97,740,490.99	$96,789,131.32
Public loans as charged	$26,404,771.81	
Railroad loans as charged	70,384,359.51	
		$96,789,131.32
Bonds and mortgages		8,615,344.13
Real estate		205,000.00
Cash		5,976,858.67
		$111,586,334.12

LIABILITIES.

Due depositors	$101,326,993.82
Surplus or contingent fund	10,259,340.30
	$111,586,334.12

SIXTY-FOURTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE AUDITORS OF THE WESTERN SAVINGS FUND SOCIETY, OF PHILADELPHIA.

ASSETS.

$751,100.00	Bonds and mortgages, first incumbrances	$750,650.00
600,000.00	City of Boston, reg. 3½'s, due 1930, $500,000, and 1940, $100,000	600,000.00
200,000.00	City of New York, reg. 4's Corp. Stock, due 1956	200,000.00
900,000.00	City of Philadelphia, reg. 4's, due 1937-38, $600,000, and Coupon 3½'s, due 1934, $300,000.	900,000.00
1,300,000.00	City of Philadelphia, reg. 3½'s, due 1911-12, $250,000, and reg. 3's, due 1913-19, $1,050,000.	1,300,000.00
64,000.00	City of Harrisburg, Pa., Public Impt. 3½'s, Cpn. due 1918-19	63,920.00
100,000.00	City of Duluth, Cpn. Refdg. 4½'s, due 1914, $40,000, and Cpn., Water and Light 5's, due 1926, $60,000	100,000.00
200,000.00	City of Elizabeth, N. J., Cpn., Adjustment 4's, due 1922	199,708.75
100,000.00	City of Baltimore, reg. Annex Impt. 4's, due 1952	99,937.50
430,000.00	City of Jersey City, N. J., Cpn. Water 5's, due 1921, $50,000; reg. City Hall 5's, due 1923, $65,000; reg. assm't 5's, due 1923, $90,000; reg. Ref. 4's, due 1935, $100,000; Park Gold 4's, due 1927, $25,000; reg. General 4½'s, due 1927, $100,000	430,000.00
65,000.00	City of Orange, N. J., Cpn. Water Works 5's, due 1912	65,000.00
50,000.00	City of Richmond, Va., reg. Funding 5's, due 1921	50,000.00
194,000.00	City of Nashville, Cpn. Water Works 4½'s, due 1918-22, $25,000, $50,000, Cpn. Water 6's due 1915, $94,000; Cpn. Water 5's, 1921, $25,000	194,000.00
10,000.00	City of Reading, Pa., Cpn. Refdg. Water Works 4's, due 1919	10,000.00
25,000.00	City of Camden, N. J., Cpn. Refdg. Water Works 4's, due 1919	25,000.00
17,000.00	City of Asheville, N. C., Cpn. Street and Impt. 5's, due 1911	17,000.00
500,000.00	Penna. Co., Cpn. Mtg. 4½'s, due 1921, $392,000; reg. Mtg. 4½'s, due 1921, $108,000	500,000.00
500,000.00	Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Rwy., reg. 1st mtg. 3½'s, due 1997, $100,000; Cpn. 25 yr. 4% Gold Bonds, due 1928, $100,000	499,250.00
100,000.00	Terminal R. R. Assn. of St. Louis, Cpn. Cons. mtg. 5's, due 1944	100,000.00
200,000.00	Ohio Connecting Rwy. Cpn. 1st mtg. 4's, due 1943	200,000.00
158,000.00	McKeesport & Belle Vernon R. R. Cpn., 1st mtg. 6's, due 1918	158,000.00
750,000.00	Lehigh Coal & Nav. Co., Cpn. Funding and Impt. 4's, due 1948, $400,000; reg. R. R. Loan Ext'd, due 1914, $50,000; reg. 1st mtg. 4½'s due 1914, $100,000; Cpn. Coll. Tr. 4½'s due 1930, $200,000	750,000.00
1,032,000.00	Penna. Co., Cpn. 3½% Gtd. Tr. Cfs. Loan of 1901, due 1916, $332,000; reg. Gtd. 3½% Tr. Ctfs. "A," due 1937, $350,000; Cpn. Gtd. 3½% Tr. Ctfs., due 1941, $350,000	1,011,637.40
1,050,000.00	Penna. R. R. Reg. Cons. mtg. 4's, due 1948, $200,000; Cpn. Convert. 3½%, due 1915, $300,000; Cpn. Coll. Tr. 4½'s, due 1913, $300,000; $100,000; Cons. mtg. 5's, due 1919, Cpn. $100,000, reg., $150,000	1,031,657.73
75,000.00	Phila., Wilmington & Balto. R. R., 4% Stock Tr. Ctfs. reg., due 1921	71,750.00
110,000.00	New York Co., Cpn. 1st mtg. 4's, due 1951, $55,000; 550 shs. pfd. stock, $55,000.00	85,250.00
50,000.00	Long Dock Co. of N. J., Cpn. Cons. Mtg. 6's, due 1935	50,000.00
125,000.00	Beech Creek Extension R. R., Cpn. 1st mtg. 3½'s, due 1951	112,469.50
25,000.00	Philada. Gtn. & Chestnut Hill R. R., reg. 1st mtg. 4½'s, due 1913	25,000.00
50,000.00	N. Y., Lackawanna & Western R. R. reg. 1st mtg. 6's, due 1921	50,000.00
200,000.00	Pine Creek Rwy. 1st mtg. 6's reg., due 1932	200,000.00
710,000.00	New York Central Lines, reg. Equipt. Tr. of 1907, due 1911-19, $310,000; reg. 4½% loan of 1910, due 1915-24, $400,000	705,259.37
50,000.00	New York & Hoboken Ferry Co., Cpn. Genl. Mtg. 5's, due 1946	49,876.25
50,000.00	Philada. & Balto. Central R. R., reg. 1st mtg. 5's, due 1911	50,000.00
50,000.00	United N. J. R. R. & Canal Co., reg. Genl. Mtg. 4's, due 1923	46,750.00
500,000.00	Philada., Balto. & Washington R. R., reg. 4% Serial Bonds, due 1915-23	491,631.76
204,000.00	Delaware River R. R. & Bridge Co., Cpn. 1st mtg. 4's, due 1936	204,000.00
942,000.00	P., C., C. & St. Louis Rwy. Cons. mtg. 4½'s, "A" and "B" Cpn., due 1940-42, $380,000; 4½'s "C," due 1957, $300,000; 3½'s Ser. "E," 1949, $200,000	925,250.00

ASSETS.

150,000.00	Schuylkill River, East Side R. R., reg. 1st mtg. 4's, due 1925	143,750.00
330,000.00	Philada. & Reading R. R., Cons. mtg. 7's reg., due 1911, $150,000; cons mtg. 6's, due 1911, $80,000; reg. Impt. Mtg. Ext'd 4's Cpn., due 1947, $100,000	329,875.00
500,000.00	New York Short Line R. R., reg. 1st mtg. 4's, due 1957	500,000.00
100,000.00	Reading Co., Jersey Central Coll. Tr. 4's, Cpn., due 1951	94,439.00
200,000.00	Erie R. R. Prior Lien 4's, Cpn., due 1996	196,645.00
175,000.00	Susquehanna Coal Co., reg. 1st mtg. 6's, due 1911	175,000.00
300,000.00	Long Island R. R., Cpn. Unified mtg. 4's, due 1949	284,562.50
445,000.00	Philada. & Erie R. R., 1st mtg. 6's, Cpn., due 1920, $195,000; genl. mtg. 4's, reg., due 1920, $250,000	445,000.00
775,000.00	Allegheny Valley R. R., genl. mtg. 4's, reg. due 1942	775,000.00
200,000.00	Atlantic City Rwy., 1st mtg. 5's, Cpn., due 1919	200,000.00
200,000.00	Philada. & Reading R. R. Cpn., cons. mtg. ext'd 4's, 1st series, due 1927	200,000.00
184,000.00	Erie & Pittsburg R. R., genl. mtg. 3½'s, Cpn., due 1940	172,700.00
100,000.00	N. Y., Lake Erie & Western Coal & R. R. Co., Cpn. 1st mtg. 6's, due 1922	100,000.00
227,000.00	Jefferson R. R. Cpn., 1st mtg. ext'd 5's, due 1919	226,920.60
130,000.00	N. Y., Susquehanna & Western R. R. Terminal Cpn. 5's, due 1943	130,000.00
150,000.00	N. Y. & Erie R. R., Cpn. 1st mtg. 4's, due 1947, $50,000; Cpn. 3d mtg. 4½'s, due 1923, $100,000	150,000.00
100,000.00	Hannibal & St. Joseph R. R., Consol. mtg. 6's, due 1911	100,000.00
100,000.00	Mutual Terminal Assn. of Buffalo, 1st mtg. S. F. 4's Cpn., due 1924	93,750.00
150,000.00	Chicago & Erie R. R., Cpn. 1st mtg. 5's, due 1982	150,000.00
150,000.00	Lehigh Valley R. R., cons. mtg. annuity 6's, reg.	150,000.00
500,000.00	Western New York & Penna. R. R., Cpn. 1st mtg. 5's, due 1937	500,000.00
60,000.00	Belt R. R. & Stock Yard Co. of Ind., Cpn. 1st mtg. cons. mtg 6's, due 1911	60,000.00
175,000.00	Steubenville & Indiana R. R., reg. 1st mtg. 5's, due 1914	175,000.00
300,000.00	Penna. Steel Rolling Stock, reg. 3½% Tr. Ctfs., due 1911-12	289,731.00
65,000.00	Cin., Dayton & Ironton R. R., 1st mtg. 5's, Cpn., due 1941	65,000.00
100,000.00	N. Y., New Haven & Hartford R. R., reg. convert. 6's, due 1948	100,000.00
600,000.00	N. Y., Phila. & Norfolk Rwy., Cpn. 4% Stock Tr. Ctfs., due 1948, $500,000; 1st mtg. 4's, Cpn., $100,000	577,400.00
320,000.00	Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling Rwy., Cpn. 1st mtg. 5's, due 1933; Cpn. genl. mtg. 5's, due 1936	320,000.00
25,000.00	West Chester R. R., reg. 1st mtg. 5's, due 1919	25,000.00
50,000.00	Tioga R. R., Cpn. 1st mtg. 5's, due 1915	50,000.00
200,000.00	Easton & Amboy R. R., reg. 1st mtg. 5's, due 1920	200,000.00
100,000.00	West Philada. Pass. Rwy., Cpn. 5% mtg. Bonds, due 1926	100,000.00
211,000.00	Penna. Steel Co., Coke Ovens, Cpn. 1st mtg. 4½'s, due 1912, $84,000; reg. 1st mtg. 5's, due 1917, $127,000	211,000.00
50,000.00	Chicago & East'n Ill. R. R., Cpn. Genl. Cons. Mtg. 5's, due 1937	50,000.00
200,000.00	Norfolk & Western Rwy., Cpn. 1st mtg. 6's, due 1931, $50,000; Cpn. Impt. and Ext. Mtg. 6's, due 1934, $100,000; New River Div., 1st 6's, Cpn., due 1932, $50,000	200,000.00
200,000.00	Pittsburg, Youngstown & Ashtabula R. R., Cons. mtg. 5's, Cpn., due 1927, $100,000; genl. mtg. 4's Cpn., due 1948, $100,000	199,811.25
200,000.00	Central Pacific Rwy., Cpn. 3½% mtg. Gold Bonds, due 1929	176,026.00
300,000.00	Chicago & Western Indiana R. R., cons. mtg. 4's, Cpn., due 1952	277,075.04
100,000.00	Reading & Columbia R. R., reg. 1st mtg. 5's, due 1912	100,000.00
50,000.00	Camden & Atlantic R. R., reg. cons. mtg. 5's, due 1911	50,000.00
220,000.00	Norfolk & Western Rwy., Cpn. 4% Equipm't Tr., Ser. "C," due 1913, $120,000; Cpn. 4% Equipm't Tr., Ser. "G," due 1915, $100,000	210,376.66
62,000.00	Greenbrier & New River R. R., Cpn. 1st mtg. 5's, due 1942	61,931.67
50,000.00	Northern Central Rwy., Cpn. con. genl. mtg. 4½'s, Ser. "E," due 1925	50,000.00
300,000.00	Chesapeake & Ohio Rwy., Cpn. 4% Car Trusts, Ser. "D," due 1911-12, $150,000; Cpn. 4% Car Trusts, Ser. "G," due 1912-13, $150,000	293,052.50
50,000.00	Wabash R. R., Cpn. 1st mtg. gold 5's, due 1939	50,000.00
75,000.00	Jamaica & Brooklyn Road Co., Cpn. 1st mtg. 5's, due 1930	75,000.00
300,000.00	Choctaw, Okla. & Gulf R. R., Cpn. cons. mtg. 5's, due 1952	300,000.00
250,000.00	Chicago, Hammond & Western R. R., Cpn. 1st mtg. 6's, due 1927	250,000.00
200,000.00	Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Rwy., Cpn. genl. mtg. 4's, due 1988	200,000.00
140,000.00	St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Sthn. Rwy., Cpn. Cons. and Land Grant mtg. 5's, due 1931	140,000.00
650,000.00	Balto. & Ohio Rwy. (P., L. E. & W. Va. System), Cpn. reg. mtg. 4's, due 1941, $500,000; (Pitts. Jc. & Mid. Div.), Cpn. 1st mtg. 3½'s, 1925, $100,000; Cpn. prior lien mtg. 3½'s, due 1925, $50,000	606,941.06
50,000.00	Norfolk & Southern Rwy., Cpn. 1st mtg. 5's, due 1941	50,000.00
60,000.00	Central R. R. of N. J., reg. genl. mtg. 5's, due 1987	60,000.00
300,000.00	Ches. & Ohio Rwy., Cpn. 1st con. mtg. 5's, due 1939, $200,000; Potts Creek Branch, Cpn. 1st mtg. 4's, due 1946, $100,000	288,000.00
200,000.00	Greenbrier Rwy., Cpn. 1st mtg. 4's, due 1940	190,750.00
100,000.00	Choctaw & Memphis R. R., Cpn. 1st mtg. 5's, due 1941	100,000.00
100,000.00	Penna. & Northwestern R. R., Cpn. genl. mtg. 5's, due 1930	100,000.00
48,000.00	Southern Rwy., 4½% Equipt. Tr., Cpn., Ser. "L," due 1913	47,471.04
100,000.00	Shamokin, Sunbury & Lewisburg R. R., Cpn. 2d mtg. 6's, due 1925	100,000.00
20,000.00	Ches. & Ohio Rwy., Cpn. Spec. Car Trust 4's, Ser. "B," due 1911-12	19,200.00
50,000.00	Chicago & Alton R. R., Cpn. 5% Car Trusts, Ser. "G," due 1918-19	49,195.00
100,000.00	Vandalia R. R., Cpn. cons. mtg. 4's, Ser. "B," due 1957	96,125.00
374,000.00	Norfolk & Western Rwy., Cpn. 4% Equipt. Tr., Ser. "N," due 1912, $50,000; Ser. "L" and "O," due 1911-12, Cpn., $324,000	370,643.50
321,000.00	Southern Rwy., Cpn. 4% Equipt. Tr., Ser. "K," due 1911-15, $171,000; 4½% Equipt. Tr., Ser. "N," Cpn., due 1913	314,741.13
200,000.00	Ogdensburg & Lake Champlain Rwy., Cpn. 1st mtg. 4's, due 1948	184,000.00
18,750.00	New York, New Haven & Hartford R. R., 250 shs. stock (3d instalment paid)	23,437.50
76,000.00	Chicago & Western Indiana R. R., Cpn. genl. mtg. 6's, due 1932	76,000.00
500,000.00	The Washington Terminal Co., Cpn. 1st mtg. 4's, due 1925	500,000.00
2,187,400.00	Temporary loans with collateral	2,187,400.00
486,681.97	Real estate, office buildings and other properties	486,681.97
1,920,732.55	Cash	1,920,732.55
$30,418,664.52	Total assets at par, $30,418,664.52. Market value, $30,941,834.05. Cost, as charged	$30,068,363.23

LIABILITIES.

Deposits to December 31, 1910	$26,482,433.99	
Interest added for 1910	911,490.80	
Due Depositors, January 1, 1911	$27,393,924.79	
Surplus or contingent fund	2,674,438.44	
		$30,068,363.23

CERTIFICATE OF AUDITORS.

The undersigned Auditors appointed by the President Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas of Philadelphia to audit and settle the accounts of The Western Saving Fund Society of Philadelphia for the year 1910, having been duly sworn according to law, faithfully so to do, certify that the assets of the said Society, at the close of business on the thirty-first day of December, 1910, have been examined and verified by them, and that the cost thereof, as set forth in the above Schedule, agrees with the books and the balance sheet of the Society. The amount due to depositors, including interest, on the first day of January, 1911, and the surplus or contingent fund, are correctly stated and in agreement with the books and the balance sheet.

Philadelphia, January 28, 1911.

JOHN C. HINCKLEY,
E. B. COLAHAN, Jr.,
HENRY FLANDERS.

REPORT OF CHARLES F. WRIGHT, STATE TREASURER, TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF PENNSYLVANIA, IN RESPONSE TO RESOLUTION OF FEBRUARY 7, 1911.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,

Treasury Department, Harrisburg, February 8, 1911.

To the Speaker and members, House of Representatives, State of Pennsylvania, Harrisburg, Pa.:

Gentlemen:—I have received from Hon. Thomas H. Garvin, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives, a copy of resolution passed by you on the seventh day of February, 1911, as follows:

"Whereas, the compromise of the suits to recover the millions of money fraudulently taken from the Commonwealth in the building and furnishing of the Capitol involves the payment of a small part thereof and the discontinuance of pending civil proceedings, and it not being known who furnished the money to accomplish this result of this monumental scandal:

Therefore, be it resolved, That the House of Representatives hereby request that the Attorney General, Auditor General and State Treasurer report to this House within ten days the names of the persons who paid the money to the State in settlement of the Capitol civil suits and the amount paid by each, so far as such information may be in possession of said officials."

In compliance with your request I take pleasure in transmitting herewith a copy of the report of the Honorable Attorney General, dated January 10, 1911, which accompanied the settlement referred to.

Second — Copy of final decree of Court of Dauphin County, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania vs. H. Burd Cassel et al.

Third—Copy of final decree of Court of Dauphin County,

On the day that the decrees were satisfied of record in the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County, I placed on record in the equity docket of said court at the direction of the Attorney General and in accordance with terms of the decrees, my receipts as State Treasurer for $200,000 and $1,100,000, respetively, which amounts were paid in two checks. First—Certified check of John G. Johnson, Esq., drawn on the Land Title and Trust Company of Philadelphia for $1,275,000. Second—Certified check of Messrs. Simpson, Thatcher & Bartlett, drawn upon the Chase National Bank of New York for $25,000, the above checks being payable to me as State Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

This furnishes all the information in my possession.

Very respectfully,

CHARLES F. WRIGHT,
State Treasurer.

No. 453 Equity Docket.

No. 46 Commonwealth Docket, 1910.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County, Pennsylvania.

Sitting in Equity.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
vs.
Frank G. Harris, et. al.

Final Decree.

And now, January 10, 1911, the above cause coming on to be heard and the stipulation dated on the 10th day of January, 1911, signed by the solicitors and counsel of the respective parties thereto having been filed in the cause, it is, on motion of the Attorney General of the Commonwealth, ordered, adjudged and decreed as follows:

First—The demurrers filed in said cause by the following sureties, namely—

(a) Commonwealth Trust Company,
(b) Harrisburg Trust Company,
(c) Annie E. Barr and The Lancaster Trust Company, Executors of the Last Will and Testament of Sam Matt Friday, deceased,
(d) John M. Froelich,

are sustained and the bill is dismissed as to each of said demurrants without costs.

Second—The demurrers heretofore filed in the said cause by

(e) Frank G. Harris,
(f) E. B. Hardenbergh,
(g) William P. Snyder,
(h) W. Roger Fronefield, Executor of the Last Will and Testament of William L. Mathues, deceased,
(i) James M. Shumaker,
(j) Joseph M. Huston,
(k) The Commonwealth Title Insurance & Trust Company, Dimner Beeber and Perdo G. Salome, Executors of the Last Will and Testament of John H. Sanderson, deceased.

are overruled.

Third—The Commonwealth Title Insurance & Trust Company, Dimner Beeber and Pedro G. Salome, Executors of the last Will and Testament of John H. Sanderson, deceased, shall forthwith surrender to the Auditor General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for cancellation the followings warrants now in their hands payable to the order of John H. Sanderson and particularly described in the 34th paragraph of said bill, namely—

Warrant No. 18372 dated January 2, 1907 for $21,712.
Warrant No. 18373 dated Januuary 2, 1907 for $32,829.49.
Warrant No. 18374 dated January 2, 1907 for $26,350.
Warrant No. 18375 dated January 2 1907 for $17.987.70.
Warrant No. 18376 dated January 2, 1907 for $10,000.20.

aggregating the sum of $108,879.39.

Fourth—The defendant Joseph M. Huston shall forthwith surrender to the Auditor General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for cancellation Warrant No. 18371 dated January 2, 1907, for $50,000 payable to his order and particularly described in the 36th paragraph of the said bill.

Fifth—The loss and damage sustained by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, plaintiff herein, by reason of the matters and things alleged in said bill inequity is hereby, in accordance with the aforesaid stipulation filed in the cause, ascertained and assessed in the sum of one million one hundred thousand dollars, in solido, against the defendants Frank G. Harris, E. B. Hardenbergh, William P. Snyder, W. Roger Fronefield, Executor of the last Will and Testament of William L. Mathues, deceased, James M. Shumaker, Joseph M. Huston and The Commonwealth Title Insurance & Trust Company, Dimner Beeber and Pedro G. Salome, Executors of the last Will and Testament of John H. Sanderson, deceased, and they are ordered forthwith to pay this sum to the State Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Sixth—This decree to be satisfied of record upon the payment of the said sum of $1,100,000, the delivery of the hereinbefore recited warrants and payment of the record costs.

No. 452 Equity Docket.

No. 45 Commonwealth Docket 1910.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County, Pennsylvania.

Sitting in Equity.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
vs.
H. Burd. Cassel, et. al.

Final Decree.

And now, January 10, 1911, the above cause coming on to be heard and the stipulation dated the tenth day of January, 1911, signed by the solicitors and counsel of the respective parties thereto having been filed in the cause, it is on motion of the Attorney General of the Commonwealth ordered, adjudged and decreed as follows:

First—The demurrers filed in said cause by the following sureties, namely—

(a) Commonwealth Trust Company,
(b) Harrisburg Trust Company,
(c) Annie E. Barr and the Lancaster Trust Company, Executors of the last Will and Testament of Sam Matt Friday, deceased.
(d) John M. Froelich,

are sustained and the bill is dismissed as to each of said demurrants without costs.

Second—The demurrers heretofore filed in said cause by

(e) H. Burd Cassel, E. L. Reinhold and E. B. Reinhold,
(f) Penn Construction Company,
(g) Frank G. Harris,
(h) E. B. Hardenbergh,
(i) James M. Shumaker,
(j) Joseph M. Huston,
(k) William P. Snyder,
(l) W. Roger Fronefield, Executor of the last Will and Testament of William L. Mathues, deceased,

are overruled.

Third—The bill as to T. Larry Eyre and his sureties, William P. Snyder and the estate of Sam Matt Friday, deceased, is dismissed without costs.

Fourth—The loss and damages sustained by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, plaintiff herein, by reason of the matters and things alleged in said bill in equity is hereby in accordance with the aforesaid stipulation filed in the cause ascertained and assessed in the sum of two hundred thousand ($200,000) dollars, in solido, against the defendants H. Burd. Cassel, E. L. Reinhold, E. B. Reinhold, Penn Construction Company, Frank G. Harris, E. B. Hardenbergh, James M. Shumaker, Joseph M. Huston, William P. Snyder and W. Roger Fronefield, Executor of the last Will and Testament of William L. Mathues, deceased, and they are ordered forthwith to pay this sum to the State Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Fifth—This decree to be satisfied of record upon the payment of said sum of $200,000 and payment of the record costs.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Office of the Attorney General.

Harrisburg, Pa., January 10, 1911.

To the Auditor General and State Treasurer of Pennsylvania:

Sirs:—I, M. Hampton Todd, Attorney General, hereby report the following payments this day made into the State Treasury through the legal proceedings instituted by this Department:

First——The sum of two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000) being the amount paid to the Commonwealth by H. Burd Cassel, E. L. Reinhold, E. B. Reinhold, the Penn Construction Company, Frank G. Harris, E. B. Hardenbergh, James M. Shumaker, Joseph M. Huston, William P. Snyder and W. Roger Fronefield, as Executor of William L. Mathues, deceased, pursuant to the decree of the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County at No. 452, Equity Docket and No. 45 Commonwealth Docket, 1910, as the loss and damage sustained by the Commonwealth by reason of the matters and things set forth at length in the bill in equity filed at said numbers.

Second—The sum of one million one hundred thousand dollars ($1,100,000) being the amount paid to the Commonwealth by Frank G. Harris, E. B. Hardenbergh, William P. Snyder, W. Roger Fronefield, as Executor of William L. Mathues, deceased, James M. Shumaker, Joseph M. Huston and the Commonwealth Title Insurance & Trust Company, Dimner Beeber

and Pedro G. Salome, as Executors of John H. Sanderson, deceased, pursuant to the decree of the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County at No. 453 equity docket and No. 46 Commonwealth Docket, 1910, as the loss and damage sustained by the Commonwealth by reason of the matters and things set forth at length in the bill in equity filed at said numbers.

Total, $1,300,000.

Treasury Department, Harrisburg, Pa., Jan., 10, 1911.

Received the amounts above reported by the Attorney General, as more fully and at large appears by my receipt entered on the record of the above mentioned cases in the Equity Docket of the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County.

(Signed) C. F. WRIGHT,
State Treasurer.

Registered and Countersigned
(Signed) A. E. SISSON, Auditor General.

REPORT OF COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE CERTAIN POOR-HOUSES.

February 8, 1911.

To the Senate of Pennsylvania:

Your Commission, appointed pursuant to the provisions of your resolution of 5th April, 1909, and the Act of 15th May, 1909, Section 24 (P. L. 911), to investigate into the past and present conduct, management and affairs of the poor-houses located in the townships of Roxborough, Bristol, Germantown, Oxford and Lower Dublin, in the County of Philadelphia, respectfully reports that:

Your Commission held meetings on June 12, 1909, June 25, 1910, September 20, 1910, and November 29, 1910. On the first day of December, 1910, it proceeded to a physical examination of the poor-houses included in its investigation, and on the 4th, 10th and 18th days of January, 1911, held meetings in Philadelphia, at which twenty-four witnesses were examined. On the 24th day of January, 1911, your Commission met at Harrisburg to discuss and agree upon this report.

I. PHYSICAL CONDITIONS OF POOR-HOUSES.

1. BRISTOL.

Your Commission finds that there is not, and probably never was, a poor-house in the Township of Bristol, although there still are distinct and separate guardians for the relief and employment of the poor, with power to levy taxes and administer outdoor relief. The erection of a poor-house was provided for by the second section of the Act of 27th March, 1823, P. L. 114, but this section was repealed, apparently before any building had been done, by the Act of 3d March, 1829, P. L. 47, and there has been no subsequent legislation to authorize its construction.

2. GERMANTOWN, ROXBOROUGH, OXFORD AND LOWER DUBLIN.

Your Commission found the poor-houses in Germantown, Roxborough and Oxford and their grounds all in excellent condition as far as cleanliness and comfort are concerned, and nothing but commendation can be expressed for the care taken of the institutions and of their inmates. The Germantown Poor-house is located at Rittenhouse Street and Pulaski Avenue, and has about twelve acres, the property being worth, according to the report furnished to the State Board of Charity, $150,000. The Roxborough Poor-house is located on East Shawmont Avenue, Roxborough, and has about forty acres, the property being worth, in the opinion of the President of the board, $50,000. The Oxford Poor-house is located on Cottman Street, at Pennypack Creek, has one hundred and thirty-five to one hundred and fifty acres, and is carried on the books of the institution at $100,000.

II. CONDUCT, MANAGEMENT AND AFFAIRS OF POOR-HOUSES.

The poor-houses in each instance are managed by directors, called in Bristol guardians, and in Germantown and in Roxborough managers, elected by popular vote. Many of these directors were examined by your Commission, and although criticisms are made hereinafter as to their methods of conduct and management, your Commission was impressed with the earnestness and interest displayed by these gentlemen, most of whom receive no, and the others very meager, compensation.

After careful consideration your Commission has been forced to the conclusion, however, that the existence of these separate poor-houses and of the present system of conducting and administering them, has caused certain results, which are to be deplored.

These results are, firstly, lack of efficiency in administration; secondly, possibility of excessive poor taxes; thirdly, lack of economy in the care of the poor, and fourthly, laxity in conduct of affairs.

1. LACK OF EFFICIENCY IN ADMINISTRATION.

Except in Bristol, Germantown, Roxborough and Oxford and Lower Dublin the indigent of the City of Philadelphia are cared for in the almshouse at Blockley, erroneously called "The Hospital for the Indigent," which is under the jurisdiction of the Director of the Department of Public Health and Charities. Its average daily population during the year 1910 was twelve hundred and seventy-five.

In the excepted townships the poor-houses are under the jurisdiction of bodies, or, as we shall term them hereafter, boards of directors composed of twenty members. The total population of the three houses at the time of the meetings was one hundred and fifty-four.

It needs no argument to show the manifold advantage of a single executive, having undivided responsibility, and establishing uniform rules. There thus can be secured, for example, uniformity in the requirements for admission to the poor-house, in the insistance upon the performance of work by the inmates, and in the enforcement of contribution by the relatives of the paupers to the support of the paupers. These are three very important matters, in which there is room for substantial improvement in one or more of the poor-houses.

2. POSSIBILITY OF EXCESSIVE POOR TAXES.

The poor rate has been fixed by the directors of the poor in Roxborough, Bristol, Germantown and Oxford and Lower Dublin at five per cent., but it is interesting to note that there seems to be a wide discretion vested in the directors as to what the rate shall be. The Act of 27th March, 1823, P. L. 114, applicable to Bristol, provides (Section 5) that the guardians, with the approbation of any two justices of the peace in Philadelphia County, may lay a tax up to 50 cents per $100 on all real and personal estate in the township. In Oxford and Lower Dublin the directors similarly may levy up to 75 cents on the $100 (Act of 11th April, 1807, P. L. 259). In Roxborough the Act of 16th May, 1878, P. L. 53, makes the rate the same as in the City of Philadelphia. In Germantown the matter apparently still is controlled by the Act of 9th March, 1771, 2 Biorens Laws 1, Section 4, of which fixes a maximum of three pence on the pound (over $1 on the $100), assessable as many times a year as necessary. Merely to mention the existence of so unrestricted a power is to point out the necessity of correction.

3. LACK OF ECONOMY IN THE CARE OF THE POOR.

While the municipal almshouse at Blockley always is filled to its capacity, the poor-houses under investigation were found to be less than one-half full. At Oxford and Lower Dublin the house has a capacity of one hundred and fifteen. At present there are sixty-four inmates, and the steward testified that in five years the maximum had been sixty-eight. At Germantown the capacity is one hundred and fifty. There are now seventy-two inmates, and the superintendent testified that there had been one hundred and thirty-five five or six years ago, and as few as sixty-eight. At Roxborough the house can hold sixty-five to seventy. There are now eighteen inmates, and the superintendent testified that that was the greatest number in nine years. The minimum was ten people. These figures show that there is a waste of space and an extravagance of so-called "overhead" charge, for it would cost little more for salaries and no more for capital investment if the houses were filled.

At the same time it is only fair to say that the per capita cost of maintenance in the various institutions is not excessive. The fact is that there are so many ways of calculating this elusive figure by including or excluding certain items of cost that it is difficult to compare results. At Blockley the per capita weekly cost of maintenance was figured at $2.02 for males and $2.17 for females in 1909, and at $1.90 for males and $2.19 for females in 1910. The State Board of Charities, however, figured the cost in 1909 at $3.66. The Germantown board calculated the average weekly cost per capita at $2.32 in 1908, and at $3.73 in 1909, a difference explicable only by the fact that different methods of computation were used in the two years. Both Dr. Neff, Director of the Depart-

ment of Public Health and Charities, and Mr. Bromley Wharton, General Agent and Secretary of the Board of Public Charities of Pennsylvania, testified to your Commission that the cost of maintenance at a central institution would be less than at the separate institutions. Dr. Neff stated that he had not modified the views expressed by him in his report to the Mayor for the year ending December 31, 1907, in which he said (pp. 24, 25):

"The per capita cost of maintenance of inmates in the Philadelphia Hospital for the Indigent is less than half that required for maintenance in these separate homes. From an economic, as well as administrative standpoint, it is respectfully recommended that all of the poor should be in one institution and under one management."

A large part of the revenue collected by the local poor boards goes to the maintenance of the insane of the township at the Philadelphia Hospital for the Insane, and at Norristown. This money, of course, is administered solely by the authorities of those institutions, just as money paid for the support of the insane from any part of Philadelphia. The cost in the separate poor districts of collecting this money, which, as stated, is paid over for administration by other people, is an uncompensated waste. In Oxford and Lower Dublin for the year ending April 15, 1909, $7,135.56 was applied for this purpose, and for the year ending April 15, 1910, $7,233.40, being in each case almost twenty-five per cent. of the entire amount disbursed. In Germantown for the year 1909 the item amounted to $10,099.33, which was over twenty-five per cent. The figures for 1910 are not available as yet. In Roxborough the amount was about fifteen per cent. of the entire receipts.

It may be noted here as an indication of the necessary lack of economy in the operation of separate institutions, each containing few people, that there is no resident physician, and when the inmates become ill (not, of course, in trifling cases) it is necessary to send them to the general hospital. Where physicians are called in there is separate expense on each occasion. At Oxford and Lower Dublin for the year ending April 15, 1910, $610 was paid for physicians' services. At Blockley, as was testified by Doctor Sykes, the chief resident physician, there is no extra expense at all for the medical care of over twelve hundred people, for the reason that an interne from the hospital is deputized to do this work.

The most important thing to be noticed, however, is that there does not seem to be any care taken to keep the expenditures within the income. The most flagrant offender in this regard is Oxford and Lower Dublin. For the year ending April 15th, 1909, the income, exclusive from loans from bank was $26,450.62. During the same period, the expenditures, exclusive of notes, were $30,555.77, and for the year ending April 15th, 1910, the receipts, exclusive of money received from the city for land condemned, and, of course, not an ordinary receipt, were $26,455.70. During the same period, the expenditures, exclusive of notes and mortgages, which similarly are not current expenses, were $31,392.61. The necessary result of a continance of such financial management is obvious. In the case of Roxborough, the expenditures for the year ending March 25, 1909, exceeded the income by about $500, almost ten per cent. of the total receipts. For the year ending March 24, 1910, the expenditures exceeded the recipts by almost $1,500.00, more than twenty-five per cent. of the total receipts. In the case of Germantown, for the year ending January, 1909, which is the last report available, the receipts seem to have been slightly in excess of the expenditures.

III. LAXITY IN CONDUCT OF AFFAIRS.

The last-mentioned remarks as to the making of expenditures in excess of income indicate that there is more or less unbusiness-like management of the finances. As a matter of fact, there is no budget prepared in any of the districts, and no apportionment of the expenditures to any particular months. In other words, the entire year's income could be spent in a single month. In addition to this, there is no limit on the amount which each director may expend on outdoor relief during any month, and if directors were extravagant, it readily can be seen how disastrous the result might be. The evils resulting from this unsystematic course, which is common to all the townships, are admitted, and the directors have assured your Commission of their intention to remedy them

More serious, however, than the possible harm from the foregoing considerations, are the instances of actual improper disbursements, authorized, no doubt, without any improper motives.

Most conspicuous of these disbursements is the money spent by the Oxford and Lower Dublin and by the Germantown board, for the purpose of defeating the legislation introduced in your honorable body at the session of 1909, looking to the abolition of the separate poor-houses in Philadelphia County. In the case of Oxford and Lower Dublin, $600 of the money raised for the poor was authorized to be spent, and apparently was spent, in attorneys' fees, paid, it may be assumed, for the purpose of investigating the power of the Legislature in the premises, and inducing it not to exercise the power if it had it. In the case of Germantown, $800 was authorized to be paid to the salaried solicitor of the board, to be used as he might deem most effective to defeat the threatened legislation. The solicitor testifies that he was not otherwise restricted in the use of the money, but the money was used for the purpose of having a special train and transporting to Harrisburg, free of cost, such residents of Germantown as were willing to go to Harrisburg and enter their protest against abolishing the poor-house, and your Commission believes that it was understood by the directors, when the appropriation was made, that the money was to be employed in this manner.

The use of funds for such a purpose certainly was not intended, and if it was not illegal—as to which it is unnecessary for your Commission to make a finding—it was a most reprehensible proceeding, as it must have, on the theory that the Legislature would not otherwise give proper weight to all aspects of the question of abolition. The action becomes much more flagrant from the fact that the expenditure is not revealed in an intelligible manner in the financial statement of the Germantown Board of the year 1909, a criticism which does not apply to the Oxford and Lower Dublin Board.

The Oxford and Lower Dublin Board, however, is open to serious criticism for its continued purchases of poor-house supplies from directors. In the case of Germantown and Roxborough, there are local acts, expressly prohibiting such dealings under penalty of $100 fine. (See Acts of 10th April, 1836, P. L. 152, section 3, and 20th June, 1839, P. L. 337, section 16.) There does not seem to be any special Act applicable to Oxford and Lower Dublin, but the general act of 15th May, 1874, P. L. 180, makes it unlawful "for any director of the poor, in any county of this Commonwealth where said office exists, to be concerned or personally interested in any contract for furnishing supplies for the maintenance of the poor, or for the construction or improvement of property under their control." Irrespective of any statute, the impropriety of having a director sell supplies to a Board of which he is a part, is evident, except in the rarest cases of unforeseeable emergency. The sales by the directors of the Oxford and Lower Dublin township could not come under this head. It may be said that counsel for the Board admitted the wrong, and promised that it would be discontinued.

In the case of Roxborough, there was also an increase of the salaries of the President and Treasurer of the Board, not sanctioned by any resolution in the minute book of the Board.

In the case of this Board, there was also a failure on the part of the Treasurer to give any bond, in plain violation of the law, which requires the treasurer to give security to double the amount of the tax assessed in the township (see Act of 8th April, 1833, P. L. 353, extending to Roxborough the provisions of the Act of 31st March, 1809, P. L. 139, applicable to Germantown, and see section 5 of this latter Act.

In very few cases, either in Roxborough or Oxford and Lower Dublin, did the minute books show that the officers had been sworn, as required by law, and in the case of Germantown, the bond of the Collector of Taxes was not entered up in the Prothonotary's office, as required by Section 6 of the Act of June 20, 1839, P. L. 337, a neglect which results in depriving the township of the security intended by that Act to be given to it.

Another instance of the failure to observe the strict letter of the law is the payment by the steward of the Oxford and Lower Dublin poor-house of small wages to inmates of that institution. It was never intended that paupers, fed,

clothed and sheltered at the expense of the tax-payers, should be entitled to be paid for work which they did, unless the value of the work exceeded the cost of their maintenance. For this reason the poor-house acts provide that paupers shall be charged a fair price for the relief received by them and credited with a just and liberal allowance for any work done (see Act of 9th April, 1828, P. L. 250, Section 3, making such provision for Oxford and Lower Dublin). The steward testified that no charge at all was made against the inmates for the relief received by them.

Your Commission calls attention to the foregoing instances of the failure strictly to obey the law, not because of any serious consequences suffered by reason thereof, or even of any grave dangers threatened on account of them. They do show, however, the danger inherent in the conduct of affairs where, as in the case of at least two of the Boards, the directors are re-elected term after term, until they come to feel as if they were subject to no superior authority, and to act in the untechnical and informal way in which an ordinary business man handles his own business

Your Commission recommends the passage of an act repealing the existing legislation for the care of the poor of Bristol, Germantown, Oxford and Lower Dublin and Roxborough, and the transfer of all the property, belonging to the present directors of the poor thereof, to the City of Philadelphia. In order that there may be accommodations for the inmates of these poor-houses, your Commission suggests that the Act be not passed until the Director of the Department of Public Health and Charities certifies that there is room in the Hospital for the Indigent to provide such persons with accommodations equally as comfortable as their accommodations now are. It may be remarked that the poor-houses themselves could be used admirably by the City of Philadelphia for the care of indigent children, and perhaps for the treatment of certain diseases. It may also be suggested, although perhaps beyond the scope of the investigation which your Commission was directed to make, that an act be passed, making it unlawful for any agency of the State to expend its revenues for the purpose of defeating or securing the passage of legislation applicable to such agency.

Attached hereto is a transcript of the testimony taken by your Commission.

CLARENCE WOLF,
Chairman.

EDWIN H. VARE,
MILES C. ROWLAND,
EDW. F. JAMES,
WILLIAM C. McCONNELL.

MEETING OF THE COMMITTEE OF THE SENATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

(Poor Boards Investigation.)

Philadelphia, Pa., January 4th, 1911.

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MEETING OF THE COMMITTEE OF THE SENATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, APPOINTED PURSUANT TO RESOLUTION OF APRIL 5, 1909.

Philadelphia, Pa., January 4, 1911.

Meeting held at the office of the Chairman, Hon. Clarence Wolf, Empire Building, Thirteenth and Walnut Streets, at 2 o'clock P. M. Wednesday afternoon on the above date, pursuant to notice.

Present:
Hon. Clarence Wolf, Philadelphia, Chairman.
Hon. Edwin H. Vare, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.
Hon. Edward F. James, Hazleton, Pennsylvania.
Hon. William C. McConnell, Shamokin, Pennsylvania.
Hon. Miles C. Rowland, Rowland, Pennsylvania.
Asa Rute, Sergeant-at-Arms, Hazleton, Pennsylvania.
Morris Wolf, Esq., Counsel for Committee.
Mr. Elmer Schlichter, Secretary, Philadelphia.

Of Germantown Poor Board:
James F. Friel, Esq., Solicitor.
John F. Rausenberger, Superintendent.
William H. Coupe, Manager.
William Wilkie, President.
James J. Finn, Secretary.
Walter Bowditch, Treasurer.

Of Oxford and Lower Dublin Poor Board:
George K. Hoff, President.
Amos C. Shallcross, Treasurer.
Linwood T. Holme, Secretary.
Samuel F. Kelly, Superintendent.

Of Roxborough Poor Board:
George C. Bowker, Esq., Counsel.
Nathan Jones, President.
W. W. Umsted, Secretary.
John Brookley, Superintendent.

The Chairman. As the gentlemen here present have been notified of this meeting, and the purpose for which it has been called, there hardly seems any necessity for any further remarks on the part of the chair, and we will therefore proceed with the business in hand. Mr. Shallcross, of the Oxford and Lower Dublin Poor Board, has requested the privilege of being first called, and with the approval of the other members of the committee we will examine him first.

OXFORD AND LOWER DUBLIN POOR BOARD.

Amos C. Shallcross, called, sworn by the Chairman, and examined as follows:

Mr. Wolf. You are the Treasurer of the Oxford and Lower Dublin Poor Board, are you not?
Mr. Shallcross. Yes, sir.
Mr. Wolf. What is your residence?
Mr. Shallcross. 8139 Franklin Avenue.
Mr. Wolf. When were you elected Treasurer?
Mr. Shallcross. Some years ago.
Mr. Wolf. That was the first time?
Mr. Shallcross. Yes, sir.
Mr. Wolf. When were you last re-elected?
Mr. Shallcross. April, 1910.
Mr. Wolf. I suppose that you have charge of the financial affairs of the poor-house?
Mr. Shallcross. Yes, sir.
Mr. Wolf. And are familiar with its income and its expenses?
Mr. Shallcross. Yes, sir.
Mr. Wolf. I asked you to bring with you your books, did you bring them?
Mr. Shallcross. Yes, sir; all I have.
Mr. Wolf. What do they consist of, Mr. Shallcross?
Mr. Shallcross. Here they are, sir.
(Books produced by Mr. Shallcross.)
Mr. Wolf. These consist of a cash book and a ledger?
Mr. Shallcross. Yes, sir.
Mr. Wolf. Mr. Shallcross, what are the sources of your revenue?
Mr. Shallcross. The source of our revenue is derived from three wards of the city, the Twenty-third, the Thirty-fifth and the Forty-first wards, and, of course, some revenue derived from a farm and from farming products returned by the steward.
Mr. Wolf. Have you any revenue other than the taxes you collect from those wards and what is made on your farm?
Mr. Shallcross. Except we have some outside sick and poor, and we help them by relief, several of them.
Mr. Wolf. Do you still get any part of the dog tax?
Mr. Shallcross. No; we don't have any dog tax.
Mr. Wolf. Can you, by reference to your books, tell me what the income from the tax was in 1909, for instance?
Mr. Shallcross. I can't tell exactly. Mr. Wolf, have you one of these printed pamphlets? I think that would show that. (Pamphlet produced.) That tells the whole story. It was $21,561.48 from the tax duplicate, and then from the delinquent taxes $2.137.67.
Mr. Wolf. That is, for the year ending ——?
Mr. Shallcross. That is for last year.
Mr. Wolf. Ending April 15, 1910?
Mr. Shallcross. Yes, sir.
Mr. Wolf. For the year ending April 15, 1909, the tax duplicate was what?
Mr. Shallcross. Tax duplicate for the year 1908, $19,493.10; tax duplicate for the year 1909, $1,810.74, and from delinquent taxes, $2,216.49.
Mr. Wolf. How are these taxes collected?
Mr. Shallcross. Collected by the collectors; we have two collectors; one collector collects in the district north of what we call Bridge Street and running up to Poquessing Creek, and the other for the balance of the territory.
Mr. Wolf. What do you pay your tax collectors?
Mr. Shallcross. Six per cent.
Mr. Wolf. On the amount collected?
Mr. Shallcross. Yes, sir; except the collector of delinquent taxes; he gets 10 per cent.

The Chairman. They pay 6 per cent. for the collection of the tax and 10 per cent. for the delinquent taxes?
Mr. Shallcross. Yes, sir.
Mr. Wolf. At what rate do you tax the land?
Mr. Shallcross. Seven cents.
Mr. Wolf. Is that fixed or does it vary each year?
Mr. Shallcross. It varies; it has been that way for some time; it really hasn't been quite enough to carry out the demands of the institution; it ought to be more.
Mr. Wolf. How is the amount of the tax rate determined?
Mr. Shallcross. That is determined by the board.
Mr. Wolf. By your board?
Mr. Shallcross. By the Board of Directors.
Mr. Wolf. Do you happen to know what the maximum charge is?
Mr. Shallcross. I don't know exactly, but you have a right to charge a large sum; I don't know exactly what it is.
Mr. Wolf. Your tax depends on the assessments as furnished by the Board of Revision of Taxes, is that right?
Mr. Shallcross. Yes.
Mr. Wolf. They furnish you a tax duplicate?
Mr. Shallcross. No, we have to have a man there to make them out at the tax office.
Mr. Wolf. When do you begin to collect your taxes?
Mr. Shallcross. Just as soon as the books are out, some time about the first of February or March. It depends on the time you get the books out.
Mr. Wolf. How much have you collected of the taxes since April 15, 1910, can you tell by reference to your books?
Mr. Shallcross. April 15, 1910?
Mr. Wolf. Yes, the bulk of them comes in between then and August?
Mr. Shallcross. The bulk of the tax comes in between December and January.
Mr. Wolf. I would like to know how much you have got?
Mr. Shallcross. (Referring to book.) Here is how it is received (indicating book).
Mr. Wolf. Your property is tax free, is it not?
Mr. Shallcross. Yes.
Mr. Wolf. Do you know what it cost you?
Mr. Shallcross. The property?
Mr. Wolf. Yes.
Mr. Shallcross. I think the main building cost about $25,000.
Mr. Wolf. Do you know when it was built?
Mr. Shallcross. I think it was built about '65.
Mr. Wolf. Do you carry on your books what I might call a "property account," showing the present value of your property?
Mr. Shallcross. We usually do it, yes, at the end of the year.
Mr. Wolf. The report doesn't show it; can you tell me at what you carried your property at the close of last year?
Mr. Shallcross. That book should show it, farm and improvements, stock, and so forth.
Mr. Wolf. These two printed reports that I have, one marked "Accounts of the Directors of the Poor and House of Employment for the Township of Oxford and Lower Dublin, for the year ending April 15, 1909, and the other for the year ending April 15, 1910," are taken from your books?
Mr. Shallcross. They are taken from the Secretary's book.
Mr. Wolf. Does he also keep a financial account?
Mr. Shallcross. Yes.
Mr. Wolf. Isn't it checked up with your books?
Mr. Shallcross. Yes, it is all checked up, and when these books are audited it is at the same time.
Mr. Wolf. And those books, as far as you know, are correct?
Mr. Shallcross. Yes, sir.
Mr. Wolf. They balance up with your books?
Mr. Shallcross. Yes, sir.
(Mr. Shallcross submits for the information of the committee two printed pamphlets of the Oxford and Lower Dublin Poor Board, one each for the year 1909 and 1910, which said pamphlets are marked "Exhibit No. 1" and "Exhibit No. 2," for identification.)
Mr. Wolf. Your expenditures consist of, I suppose, salaries, of cost of maintenance of inmates, and of the cost of maintenance of insane patients?
Mr. Shallcross. Yes, at Norristown.
Mr. Wolf. And what else?
Mr. Shallcross. In the city.
Mr. Wolf. And miscellaneous expenses?
Mr. Shallcross. Yes.
Mr. Wolf. What salaries do you pay?
Mr. Shallcross. I get one hundred dollars as Treasurer.
Mr. Wolf. Who else?
Mr. Shallcross. The Secretary gets one hundred dollars.
Mr. Wolf. Do you know what other salaries are paid?
Mr. Shallcross. The Steward gets six hundred dollars.
Mr. Wolf. The auditors get how much?
Mr. Shallcross. Five dollars apiece.
Mr. Wolf. The Solicitor gets how much?
Mr. Shallcross. One hundred dollars.
Mr. Wolf. And the physician is paid how much?
Mr. Shallcross. Paid according to the districts.
The Chairman. Do your physicians do any outside work outside of the institution?
Mr. Shallcross. Yes, indeed.
The Chairman. Is this charge in here (indicating phamphlet) "physician's services" so much, it was only done for the institution, or whether that was done and they did outside work, too?
Mr. Shallcross. They do the work by the case, some of them won't undertake to do it.
Mr. Wolf. How are your provisions supplied, do you have bids for the lowest—for the materials that your institution needs—do you advertise for bids?
Mr. Shallcross. Yes, for meats and things like that.
Senator James. What salary do you pay the matron?
Mr. Shallcross. I really don't know. Eight dollars per week, and the superintendent gets six hundred dollars a year.
(Mr. Shallcross was thereupon excused and retired).
GEORGE K. HOFF, called, sworn by the Chairman, and examined as follows:
Mr. Wolf. What is your residence?
Mr. Hoff. No. 7800 Frankford Avenue.
Mr. Wolf. You are President of the Oxford and Lower Dublin Poor Board?
Mr. Hoff. Yes, sir.
Mr. Wolf. And have been for how long?
Mr. Hoff. I think that I was elected president on the 19th of June, 1902.
Mr. Wolf. When were you last re-elected?
Mr. Hoff. In the April meeting.
Mr. Wolf. Do you remember the date?
Mr. Hoff. April, 1910.
Mr. Wolf. Of what offices does the Board consist?
Mr. Hoff. The president, myself; the treasurer is Amos C. Shallcross, the gentleman that has just left, and the secretary, Linwood Holme. Our solicitor is Henry K. Fries.
Mr. Wolf. Are there any other members of the Board?
Mr. Hoff. No, not positively of the Board. We elect the physicians, they are elected by the Board, and the steward is elected by the Board.
Mr. Wolf. Of how many does the Board consist?
Mr. Hoff. There are positively eight. This is the Board (indicating pamphlet).
Mr. Wolf. Who are the members of the Board?
Mr. Hoff. There are four directors and they are changed each year, two elected above the township line and two below the township line. The present directors are: Lower Dublin, Benjamin Benner and John Biddle; Delaware, George Nicoll and George K. Hoff; Oxford, Casper M. Titus and Thomas Jackson; Frankford, Linwood T. Holme and Frank J. Martin.
The Chairman. The same Board as in 1910?
Mr. Hoff. Yes. In 1909 it was different. Horace Shallcross died in 1909 and Jackson took his place.
Mr. Wolf. Your Board meets monthly, does it not?
Mr. Hoff. Yes, sir.
Mr. Wolf. Just state how the work of relief is administered by the Board?
Mr. Hoff. The outside relief?
Mr. Wolf. Both. In the first place, you have outside relief and inside relief, is that right?
Mr. Hoff. Persons that get into trouble they are sent there by the different directors of the different districts and we take care of them until they are fit to come out, and if any one knew he could enter in there, of course we have to take care of them, and some people come there, especially women—maternity cases—they are sent there, and our matron takes care of those cases.
Mr. Wolf. What is the capacity of your poor-house, and the location?
Mr. Hoff. It is on Cottman street, Thirty-fifth Ward, bounded on one side by the Pennypack Creek and on the other side by properties belonging to the gentleman that was sitting here, Mr. Shallcross, and on the lower side I don't know who owns the farm, and we have a right of way out Cottman street—we are not exactly on Cottman street.
Mr. Wolf. How much acerage have you?
Mr. Hoff. Between one hundred and thirty-five and one hundred and fifty acres.
Mr. Wolf. What do you consider the property is worth today?
Mr. Hoff. On the book there it says one hundred thousand dollars.
Mr. Wolf. Is that, in your opinion, a fair estimation of the value?
Mr. Hoff. I am not in that business. If I had the means I would like to give one hundred thousand dollars for it.
Mr. Wolf. As a matter of fact, it is worth at least that much would you say?
Mr. Hoff. Certainly.
Mr. Wolf. What is the capacity of the poor-house?
Mr. Hoff. Our people in the poor-house beside—we have hired help of course. The inmates would run, I think, anywhere from fifty-five to seventy, according to the time of the year; sometimes we have a little more than that; then we have quite a number to the Philadelphia Hospital and we pay for them, and then we have in Norristown forty-five, and of course we have to be very careful of our outside relief. Every case is thoroughly investigated.
Mr. Wolf. How much do you pay at Norristown for each patient?
Mr. Hoff. One dollar and seventy-five cents appropriated by the State isn't it? We pay $1.75, that would be three dollars and fifty cents we call it.
Mr. Wolf. What I am interested in getting is what is the capacity of your poor house—how many people you can accommodate?
Mr. Hoff. I don't think we could any more than what we have got, unless some additions were made.
Mr. Wolf. You think you could not accommodate any more now?
Mr. Hoff. We have had more than we have got there now.
Mr. Wolf. How many more?
Mr. Hoff. I suppose since I have been in the Board—of course we have a report over every day of the inmates and the books will tell the total.
Mr. Wolf. Which books?
Mr. Hoff. The secretary's books.
Mr. Wolf. Are you able to accommodate all the people who apply there?
Mr. Hoff. Not always.
Mr. Wolf. Ordinarily is your place more than adequate?
Mr. Hoff. I will answer that question by saying that we have got along tolerably, but if we took everybody that come in it

would take a large institution, but all the cases are thoroughly investigated.

The Chairman. In other words, you believe that you take care of all that it is absolutely necessary to take care of?

Mr. Hoff. Yes.

Senator James. Within your district?

Mr. Hoff. Yes, sir, I have been a director for eighteen years next spring, and I assure you that I would not have given my time to it unless I felt that I am doing some good. We can take a man and give him a dollar or one dollar and fifty cents a week, and a man that comes in there loses his vote, and that bridges over a man in distress.

Mr. Wolf. Do you know how many people from your district are at Blockley?

Mr. Hoff. No, sir, I couldn't tell, I think about fifty.

Mr. Wolf. Do you send them to Blockley or do they go there in preference to applying to your place?

Mr. Hoff. We haven't got any hospital up there, and when we get a case that requires a hospital case we send them there, and if the police picks a man up and we are notified by Boland we take care of them.

Mr. Wolf. If a man from your district requires relief he is supposed to get it from you and not from Blockley?

Mr. Hoff. That is all right, only relief from sickness or if a person goes there instead of Norristown.

The Chairman. In other words, you are running a poor-house and not a hospital?

Mr. Hoff. That is right, we can't afford to run a hospital.

Mr. Wolf. But no person in your district goes to Blockley if you can accommodate him, is that right?

Mr. Hoff. That is right, and then we have other parties to help, too.

(Mr. Hoff was thereupon excused and retired).

LINWOOD T. HOLME, called, sworn by the Chairman and examined as follows:

Mr. Wolf. You are the Secretary of the Oxford and Lower Dublin Poor Board?

Mr. Holme. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. What is your address?

Mr. Holme. No. 1416 Orthodox Street.

Mr. Wolf. For how long have you been Secretary?

Mr. Holme. Two years.

Mr. Wolf. Re-elected in April, 1910?

Mr. Holme. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. You have in your custody the minute book of the directors?

Mr. Holme. Yes.

Mr. Wolf. Did you bring them with you?

Mr. Holme. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. Will you produce it, please?

(Book produced by Mr. Holme and submitted to the Committee).

Mr. Wolf. This contains a record of all your meetings for the last three years?

Mr. Holme. About three years it is stated there.

Mr. Wolf. I understand from the Treasurer that you also keep some financial record of the institution?

Mr. Holme. It is in the book, in the minutes.

Mr. Wolf. That is, a record of the bills which are approved at the meetings?

Mr. Holme. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. You keep a record of that?

Mr. Holme. Yes.

Senator James. You receive the moneys from the collectors?

Mr. Holme. Yes.

Senator James. And then you turned them over to the Treasurer?

Mr. Holme. We both are there, and the money given to the Treasurer, and before we disburse the Treasurer gives me an account of what is received.

Senator James. And they are put in the minutes?

Mr. Holme. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. Does the Treasurer pay out on warrants or what?

Mr. Holme. On orders drawn on the Treasurer and signed by the President.

Mr. Wolf. In what name is the bank account kept?

Mr. Holme. Oxford and Lower Dublin.

Mr. Wolf. In what bank?

Mr. Holme. Second National Bank, he is a director of that bank.

The Chairman. In the admission of people to the institution have you any forms whereon the application is made?

Mr. Holme. No, we have not. I think that would be a good thing to have. We use one of our forms for the outside relief and he fills that in.

Mr. Wolf. I suppose that at the meetings a report is made of the persons admitted, is that correct?

Mr. Holme. Yes, sir.

(The Chairman shows to the witness a copy of a form used by the Germantown Poor Board).

The Chairman. Do you believe that that method is better than the method you have?

Mr. Holme. Certainly. We have about fifty men and ten or twelve women and that makes the men's house full, but the women don't occupy much of the house.

(Mr. Holme was thereupon excused and retired).

SAMUEL F. KELLY, called, sworn by the Chairman, and examined as follows:

Mr. Wolf. You reside and are the steward of the Oxford and Lower Dublin Poor-house, is that right?

Mr. Kelly. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. Will you give us a short description of what that house consists of—the number of floors, and so forth?

Mr. Kelly. It is a three-story building, composed of second and third floors and divided up into two sections, men's wing and women's wing, the men's the same size as the women's.

Mr. Wolf. For how many people does the house furnish accommodation?

Mr. Kelly. Fifty men on the men's side, and if the men and women were equally divided we could accommodate one hundred and fifteen.

Mr. Wolf. You have fifty men and how many women?

Mr. Kelly. Fourteen.

Mr. Wolf. You have as much room for the men as for the women?

Mr. Kelly. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. In other words, your house is not more than two-thirds full?

Mr. Kelly. About that.

Mr. Wolf. Do you remember any time when it was entirely full?

Mr. Kelly. No, sir, but the highest is about sixty-eight.

Mr. Wolf. That is the amount you have now?

Mr. Kelly. At the present time sixty-four.

Mr. Wolf. How long have you been there?

Mr. Kelly. Five years the first of April.

Mr. Wolf. And there has never been over sixty-eight people?

Mr. Kelly. That is the highest since I have been there.

Mr. Wolf. Are many applications for admission made directly to you?

Mr. Kelly. Once in a while there may be a stranger from the district may come in or call around wanting to know how he could get admission, but they are usually strangers and don't know the rules.

Mr. Wolf. You have no right to admit any inmates?

Mr. Kelly. No, sir.

Mr. Wolf. When applicants are admitted what do you get to show that they have been admitted?

Mr. Kelly. A note from the director with his signature.

Mr. Wolf. And when they are admitted do you keep any record of who they are and their ages and the reason for the admission?

Mr. Kelly. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. A permanent record?

Mr. Kelly. We have a register there.

Mr. Wolf. Will you tell me how the institution is conducted as far as the buying of supplies are concerned?

Mr. Kelly. That is given out. We give out the business for six months' supplies at a time, for meat, provisions and bread, and so forth, and that is advertised in our district only.

Mr. Wolf. How do you order then?

Mr. Kelly. Just at a Board meeting in April and October.

Mr. Wolf. But how do you get your supplies? Do you personally give a written order to the people to whom the contracts are awarded?

Mr. Kelly. The Secretary does that.

Mr. Wolf. When you want meat how do you get it?

Mr. Kelly. On this order—from the man who gets the contract.

Mr. Wolf. And you approve the bills?

Mr. Kelly. Yes, I O. K. the bills, all bills and everything that is received.

Mr. Wolf. Do you pay any bills?

Mr. Kelly. No sir.

Mr. Wolf. They are all paid by the Treasurer.

Mr. Kelly. All paid by the Treasurer.

Senator James. What proportion does your farm supply in your necessaries?

Mr. Kelly. Potatoes and vegetables.

Senator James. Practically all you need?

Mr. Kelly. Yes, sir, that is in the vegetable line, of course I mean.

Mr. Wolf. Do you sell any of the farm products?

Mr. Kelly. Yes, we average somewhere around two thousand dollars a year.

Senator McConnell. What proportion of your inmates work at the farm?

Mr. Kelly. About one-third.

Mr. Wolf. What does the other two-thirds do?

Mr. Kelly. They are not able to work.

Mr. Wolf. What is the average age of your inmates?

Mr. Kelly. About sixty.

Mr. Wolf. What proportion of the inmates have their support contributed to by relatives?

Mr. Kelly. No, sir, not any.

The Chairman. In other words, after they have landed there you are left to take care of them?

Mr. Kelly. Yes.

Mr. Wolf. And you get no contribution from them?

Mr. Kelly. Not unless it is a soldier that gets a pension and they come there in preference to going to the Soldier's Home.

Mr. Wolf. Do you ever discharge them?

Mr. Kelly. Yes, sir, they are discharged and they leave on their own account to get positions.

The Chairman. That is, they come in there in the winter and go out in the spring?

Mr. Kelly. Yes, sir.

The Chairman. In other words, birds of passage, some of them?

Mr. Kelly. Just so.

Mr. Wolf. Is there sufficient work for those who are able to work?

Mr. Kelly. Yes, we could keep them busy chopping wood but there are more disabled than able to work.

Mr. Wolf. What work do the women do?

Mr. Kelly. They are not much good for anything.

Mr. Wolf. Is their average age greater than the men?

Mr. Kelly. Yes, we have some as high as ninety years old

Mr. Wolf. Do you admit any more than the women who are not able to work?

Mr. Kelly. Yes, not many women, because they don't come there, they don't come there unless no one wants them, and that is when they come there.

The Chairman. But isn't it a fact that a women is less liable to go to the poor-house? In other words she don't lose her nerve as quickly, isn't that true?

Mr. Kelly. Yes, that is what we find, a woman can get a position anywhere.

The Chairman. Don't you believe that a woman will be more careful about going to the poor-house than a man?
Mr. Kelly. Yes, it is up there.
Mr. Wolf. The proportion of men and women there shows that?
Mr. Kelly. Yes, sir.
Senator James. What is the value of the farm product that you raise and use?
Mr. Kelly. We use in the house about one thousand dollars worth.
Senator James. And you have an annual income of what?
Mr. Kelly. Three thousand dollars I think it is.
Mr. Wolf. Have you anything to do with the outside relief?
Mr. Kelly. No, sir, none whatever.
Mr. Wolf. Under whose supervision is that?
Mr. Kelly. Each director looks after his own district, and they apply to him, and he investigates the case when they come to him.
Mr. Wolf. You handle no money at all?
Mr. Kelly. Only what I receive from the produce sold off the farm, and that is turned in to the Treasurer at each Board meeting.

GEORGE K. HOFF, heretofore sworn, recalled.

Mr. Wolf. Is there any apportionment among the different directors of the amount which each one may expend on outside relief?
Mr. Hoff. Do you mean a specific sum?
Mr. Wolf. I mean are they limited as to the amount that each one may expend in that way?
Mr. Hoff. No, I would tell you if it was. We have been trying to get that straightened out for quite a while, but it is a difficult matter to straighten that. In Frankford there are a great many people to be looked after, and of course they have got to have a little something to keep them out of the poor-house, and of course their bills in Frankford and Tacony would be larger than they would be up above.
Mr. Wolf. What is there to limit the amount that any director might spend that way?
Mr. Hoff. We have reports and one form, and the idea about the thing is not to get in—
Mr. Wolf. Do you appropriate a specific amount at your meetings to be spent by all the directors for a month?
Mr. Hoff. We do not.
Mr. Wolf. Would there be anything to prevent any one director from incurring an expense which the poor-house couldn't meet?
Mr. Hoff. Yes, sir.
Mr. Wolf. What?
Mr. Hoff. For the simple reason that it is very seldom that it will get over two dollars a week to any person.
Mr. Wolf. Is there anything else to prevent them?
Mr. Hoff. There is an understanding, but a person can do things that you don't expect them to do.
Mr. Wolf. Do they get the money first, or spend it and then ask for the money from the Board?
Mr. Hoff. It is given in orders—orders on the stores. A person coming into distress for outside relief he gets an order for things, and then the store-keepers are instructed by all the directors, I suppose; I know they are by myself, to give them victuals which will last them the longest, and they are not to get anything like forty-five cents a pound for coffee, and things like that.
Mr. Wolf. Is there any restriction as to which particular dealers shall be given orders?
Mr. Hoff. No, sir. It is in the discretion of the directors—wherever they can do the best—they are sort of apart, and then these orders come in over every day, and the bills are handed to the directors and an order drawn, and there is no money paid except on the Treasurer's check.
Mr. Wolf. The minutes will show the amount thus given on the order of each particular director during each particular month?
Mr. Hoff. Yes, sir, it is on the books.
(Mr. Hoff was thereupon excused and retired).

ROXBOROUGH POOR BOARD.

NATHAN L. JONES, called, sworn by the Chairman, and examined as follows:
Mr. Wolf. What is your residence?
Mr. Jones. No. 5639 Ridge Avenue, Roxborough.
Mr. Wolf. You are the President of the Roxborough Poor Board?
Mr. Jones. I am.
Mr. Wolf. And have been since when?
Mr. Jones. For three years.
Mr. Wolf. When last were you re-elected as President of the board?
Mr. Jones. In March of 1910.
Mr. Wolf. Just tell the composition of your board and who the officers are?
Mr. Jones. Myself as President; Harry A. Markley, Treasurer, and William Umsted, Secretary.
Mr. Wolf. Are there only three members of the board, Mr. Jones?
Mr. Jones. Three members of the board, that is all, sir.
Mr. Wolf. How often do you meet?
Mr. Jones. The second Thursday of each month.
Mr. Wolf. You have a poor-house located where?
Mr. Jones. East Shawmont Avenue, Roxborough.
Mr. Wolf. Your relief is that furnished in the poor-house and that called outside relief?
Mr. Jones. Yes, sir.
Mr. Wolf. How is the outside relief administered?
Mr. Jones. By the Board of Directors. The township of Roxborough has a population of about twenty-five to twenty-seven thousand.
Mr. Wolf. What wards does it comprise?
Mr. Jones. Part of the Twenty-first, and Manayunk is the boundary line, and the district is divided into three sections; Mr. Markley takes one, Mr. Umsted one, and myself the other.
Mr. Wolf. How is the relief administered by those gentlemen?
Mr. Jones. You mean as to application, and so forth, sir?
Mr. Wolf. Yes.
Mr. Jones. Persons in distress apply to the overseers of the poor, and after an investigation the overseers give them an order on the various grocery stores in their district.
Mr. Wolf. Is there any apportionment of the money to be spent among the three members?
Mr. Jones. No, for this reason, that my own district will have two-thirds of the entire ward.
Mr. Wolf. Do expenditures have to be approved by the board at its meetings?
Mr. Jones. Every month; yes, sir.
Mr. Wolf. How?
Mr. Jones. The orders issued are presented with the grocery bills every month, and the bills are not paid until signed by the Secretary and President and checks sent out by the Treasurer.
Mr. Wolf. What is the method of admitting to the poor-house itself?
Mr. Jones. The applicant will make an application to one of the members of the Board of Directors and they investigate the case, and if found worthy of admission they will receive a letter from that director admitting them to the institution, with the age, nationality and religion attached to the letter.
Mr. Wolf. I assume there is no discrimination made for any reasons?
Mr. Jones. Not in the least. There is no discrimination made either in politics or religion. In the outdoor relief two years ago we had a very severe panic, and the factories were closed, and while the members of the board were composed of protestants, ninety-three per cent. of those receiving relief were catholics, and the board is run for charity, and charity alone.
Mr. Wolf. Do the admissions to the poor-house have to be approved by the directors at their meetings?
Mr. Jones. Yes and no. They are all admitted once a month, and then admitted subject to approval.
Mr. Wolf. Have you a printed form of application?
Mr. Jones. We have.
Mr. Wolf. How much land have you?
Mr. Jones. Forty acres about.
Mr. Wolf. Have you any idea of the present value of your property?
Mr. Jones. I should say our institution is worth $50,000. The ground is worth probably $1,000 an acre and the building $10,000 I should judge. Of course, building operations are a little more expensive than formerly.
Mr. Wolf. How many could you accommodate?
Mr. Jones. Sixty-five to seventy.
Mr. Wolf. How many are there now?
Mr. Jones. Eighteen, equally divided between men and women.
Mr. Wolf. What proportion of your expenditure goes for outdoor relief and what for the support of your poor-house?
Mr. Jones. That question could be better answered by the Secretary, but we have in Blockley at the present time seven, and we have in Norristown eleven; we pay Blockley one dollar and seventy-five cents a week and at Norristown one dollar and seventy-five cents for ten per week each and five dollars for one, which is an alcohol case, that is special treatment.
Mr. Wolf. Have you a printed report?
Mr. Jones. The Secretary has the printed report.
(Mr. Jones was thereupon excused and retired.)

WILLIAM W. UMSTED, called, sworn by the Chairman, and examined as follows:
Mr. Wolf. Where do you live?
Mr. Umsted. Wissahickon Avenue and Lincoln Drive, Twenty-first ward.
Mr. Wolf. You are the Secretary of the Roxborough Poor Board?
Mr. Umsted. Yes.
Mr. Wolf. And have been since when?
Mr. Umsted. 1899, April 1st.
Mr. Wolf. Do you keep the minutes of the Poor Board?
Mr. Umsted. I do, yes.
Mr. Wolf. Did you bring them with you?
Mr. Umsted. Yes, sir. (Books produced by the witness and submitted to the committee.)
Mr. Wolf. This minute book runs from when?
Mr. Umsted. From 1906 to the present time.
Mr. Wolf. At the meetings the various bills which are authorized are included in your minutes?
Mr. Umsted. Yes, sir.
Mr. Wolf. And bills are paid by the Treasurer on whose order?
Mr. Umsted. Order of the President and Secretary on orders
Mr. Wolf. You sign the orders as well as the President?
Mr. Umsted. Yes, sir; the checks and orders correspond.
Mr. Wolf. In what bank do you keep your funds?
Mr. Umsted. Manayunk Bank.
Mr. Wolf. In what name?
Mr. Umsted. I suppose the Poor Board. I will ask him.
Mr. Wolf. Have you a copy of your printed report?
Mr. Umsted. It is all in there (indicating minute book heretofore produced). The last one is last March. (Copies of the printed report of the Treasurer are pasted in the minute book.)
Senator McConnell. That contains the farm products and the value of them?
Mr. Umsted. Yes, and the receipts from the farm.
Mr. Wolf. What rate do you collect from the real estate?
Mr. Umsted. We have city rates, suburban and farm.

Mr. Wolf. How many cents per hundred?
Mr. Umsted. I think about five cents.
Mr. Wolf. Do you know how the money is collected?
Mr. Umsted. Yes.
Mr. Wolf. How?
Mr. Umsted. By the tax receivers of Philadelphia, sir, that is how.
Mr. Wolf. You don't have local tax collectors?
Mr. Umsted. No, sir; he collects our taxes, and then I go there and get a warrant with the receipt for it at the chief clerk of the tax office.
Mr. Wolf. As I understand from Mr. Bowker the poor tax in Roxborough is collected by the city and then an appropriation is made by councils to the Receiver of Taxes, which enables him to pay over to your board the amount which has been collected from Roxborough?
Mr. Umsted. No, council don't make any appropriation. I go every year and draw it.
Mr. Wolf. If you will notice, Mr. Bowker, by reference to the act of 16th of May, 1878——
Mr. Bowker. This one and the Germantown was incorporated under the same provision——
Mr. Wolf (continuing). Pamphlet Law 1853, you will find it is collected in that way.
Mr. Wolf. When do you get your money from the city?
Mr. Umsted. About February. They are making up the duplicate book now.
(Mr. Umsted was thereupon excused and retired.)

NATHAN L. JONES, heretofore sworn, recalled.

Mr. Wolf. What is the rate for your poor-house?
Mr. Jones. Five per cent. on full city assessments, two and a half on farm, and three and a third on suburban.
Mr. Wolf. Is the rate constant or does it vary?
Mr. Jones. Constant; it is the rate established by council, and the city collects it for us and turns it over to us.
Senator McConnell. And you are not obliged to pay anything for the collection of the taxes?
Mr. Jones. That is all.
The Chairman. It is just handed over to you net?
Mr. Jones. That is all.
Senator Vare. Who turns it over, the Receiver of Taxes?
Mr. Jones. The Receiver of Taxes.
(Mr. Jones was thereupon excused and retired.)

JOHN BROOKLEY, called, sworn by the Chairman, and examined as follows:

Mr. Wolf. You reside at and are the superintendent of the Roxborough poor-house?
Mr. Brookley. Yes, sir.
Mr. Wolf. How long have you been superintendent?
Mr. Brookley. Nine years.
Mr. Wolf. What salary do you receive?
Mr. Brookley. Four hundred and twenty-five dollars a year.
Mr. Wolf. Your wife is the matron?
Mr. Brookley. My wife is the matron.
Mr. Wolf. She receives what salary?
Mr. Brookley. One hundred dollars a year.
Mr. Wolf. Just give us a brief description of the poor-house itself and how many stories it is?
Mr. Brookley. Four stories, stone building, and it has got twenty-three rooms.
Mr. Wolf. How many people can it accommodate?
Mr. Brookley. About sixty-five, somewheres around there
Mr. Wolf. Equally divided among men and women? Are your accommodations for men and women equal?
Mr. Brookley. Yes, sir.
Mr. Wolf. How many are there now?
Mr. Brookley. Eighteen altogether.
Mr. Wolf. How many men and how many women?
Mr. Brookley. Nine men and nine women.
Mr. Wolf. What is the maximum number of inmates that you have had in your time?
Mr. Brookley. Eighteen has been the highest.
Mr. Wolf. Any less?
Mr. Brookley. There have been as low as ten.
Mr. Wolf. What is the average age of the men?
Mr. Brookley. Well, they are from sixty-two to eighty-eight.
Mr. Wolf. What is the average age of your women?
Mr. Brookley. Fifty-five to eighty-eight.
Mr. Wolf. What proportion of the men work?
Mr. Brookley. There are only two working.
Mr. Wolf. What work is there for them to do?
Mr. Brookley. Sift ashes and work around on the farm, and help to collect corn and pick potatoes—anything. They help all around.
Mr. Wolf. Do you raise enough produce to supply your house?
Mr. Brookley. Oh, yes.
Mr. Wolf. More than enough?
Mr. Brookley. Yes, I sell a lot.
Mr. Wolf. You admit the inmates on orders from the directors?
Mr. Brookley. Yes.
Mr. Wolf. Do you keep any record of the inmates?
Mr. Brookley. Yes, sir.
Mr. Wolf. Have you a permanent register?
Mr. Brookley. Yes, sir.
Mr. Wolf. Showing what?
Mr. Brookley. I don't know. I don't attend to the books at all. My wife attends to that.
Mr. Wolf. How do you get your supplies?
Mr. Brookley. We go to the grocery stores and the butcher comes to the place.
Mr. Wolf. And then you present orders?
Mr. Brookley. No, sir.
Mr. Wolf. How does the board know what bills you have unpaid?
Mr. Brookley. The butcher and the grocery men send the bills there.
Mr. Wolf. Do you advertise for bids for supplying your house?
Mr. Brookley. No, sir.
Mr. Wolf. At any time during the year?
Mr. Brookley. No, sir.
Mr. Wolf. Are you sure of that?
Mr. Brookley. Not that I know of.
Mr. Wolf. Do you handle any money?
Mr. Brookley. Yes, I do. I sell the products of the farm.
Senator James. How much stuff do you sell, Mr. Brookley?
Mr. Brookley. I couldn't say.
Senator James. How much, approximately?
Mr. Brookley. About eight hundred dollars worth.
(Mr. Brookley was thereupon excused and retired.)

NATHAN L. JONES, heretofore sworn, recalled.

Mr. Wolf. Do you know whether you advertise for supplies for the poor-house at the beginning of the year?
Mr. Jones. No, they don't advertise, but the Treasurer goes to Finley, Acker & Company and Martindale and gets the bids from them.
(Mr. Jones was thereupon excused and retired.)

GERMANTOWN POOR BOARD.

William Wilkie, called, sworn by the Chairman, and examined as follows:

Mr. Wolf. What is your residence?
Mr. Wilkie. 54 West Chelten Avenue.
Mr. Wolf. You are the President of the Germantown Poor Board?
Mr. Wilkie. Yes, sir.
Mr. Wolf. And have been for how long?
Mr. Wilkie. Since last February.
Mr. Wolf. Were you connected with them before that?
Mr. Wilkie. No connection whatsoever.
Mr. Wolf. What wards are covered by your district?
Mr. Wilkie. Twenty-second ward.
Mr. Wolf. Only the Twenty-second ward?
Mr. Wilkie. Only the Twenty-second ward.
Mr. Wolf. Will you please tell us the composition of your board, who are on the board?
Mr. Wilkie. Myself as President; William E. Murphy, Vice-president; Walter Bowditch, Treasurer; Thomas J. Finn, Secretary; Directors, William H. Coupe, Charles Still, Jr., Pringle Borthwick, Matthew Adam and Charles C. Russell, nine of us.
Mr. Wolf. Where is your poor-house?
Mr. Wilkie. Rittenhouse and Pulaski Avenue.
Mr. Wolf. How much ground have you?
Mr. Wilkie. I guess about twelve acres.
Mr. Wolf. What do you suppose the value of the property is?
Mr. Wilkie. When we sent a report to the State Board of Charity it was $150,000.
Mr. Wolf. And that is a fair value?
Mr. Wilkie. A fair value; it may bring more and it might bring less.
Mr. Wolf. Your work consists, I suppose, of relief in the poor-house and outside?
Mr. Wilkie. Yes, both.
Mr. Wolf. How is your outside work conducted?
Mr. Wilkie. In nine parts; we have nine districts and each director has a district, and a director investigates every case of the outdoor relief as it comes in to him, and he goes and sees that everything is all right before he gives any relief, and we only give relief when that slip is filled out. (Paper indicated.)
Mr. Wolf. In other words, you file an order?
Mr. Wilkie. They file a form of application before the relief is given.
Mr. Wolf. And on the strength of that form or application you investigate it?
Mr. Wilkie. Yes, sir.
Mr. Wolf. And you give an order?
Mr. Wilkie. Yes, sir.
Senator McConnell. On whom?
Mr. Wilkie. On the merchants in the neighborhood in the district.
Mr. Wolf. And those orders are presented and approved at your meeting?
Mr. Wilkie. At the monthly meetings by the Committee on Accounts.
Mr. Wolf. How about admissions to the poor-house?
Mr. Wilkie. That is all the same; it has to be filled up—that is an application—and the order given.
Mr. Wolf. Do you know what proportion of your money is spent for indoor relief and what proportion for outdoor?
Mr. Wilkie. No, I haven't gone so deep into that.
Mr. Wolf. Is there any limitation put on the amount of the orders which may be given by any particular director?
Mr. Wilkie. No, sir; there is no limitation. A director is supposed to use discretion and not to use too much money, for we have to stay within our income.
Mr. Wolf. Do you have bidding at the beginning of the year for the supplies?
Mr. Wilkie. Generally the merchants send you in bids so that you can choose the best out of them.
Mr. Wolf. Do you have competitive bids?
Mr. Wilkie. Yes, and every alteration and everything that is done on the place is done by bids.
Mr. Wolf. But you don't have bids for the supply of your outside relief?
Mr. Wilkie. No, sir; we could hardly get a bid for a dollar or anything of that kind when it is a case of extreme dis-

tress, and when we get to the point that they need food and groceries we give it to them.

Mr. Wolf. How do you collect your taxes?

Mr. Wilkie. Why, we have to give a tax collector five per cent. on the amount collected.

Mr. Wolf. And the delinquent tax collector?

Mr. Wilkie: The tax collector collects five per cent. on the taxes.

Mr. Wolf. And how about the delinquent?

Mr. Wilkie. He collects the delinquent and gets twenty-five per cent., but we have a penalty of forty per cent. on all delinquents.

Mr. Wolf. You are sure that the tax collector gets five per cent?

Mr. Wilkie. He gets seven.

Mr. Wolf. Is that rate variable or fixed?

Mr. Wilkie. The same this year as it was last year.

Mr. Wolf. How do you know what the assessed value is on which the tax is collected?

Mr. Wilkie. We prepare a book and compare it with the book in City Hall, and that is where we get our information; the assessors fix the valuation and the tax collector has to have an office where it is convenient to receive the taxes, and he pays everything out of that percentage—he rents his own office and everything.

Senator Vare. He rents his own building and pays everything himself?

Mr. Wilkie. Yes.

Senator Vare. You are elected for one year?

Mr. Wilkie. Three years.

Senator McConnell. You are elected President for one year?

Mr. Wilkie. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. But a director for three years?

Mr. Wilkie. For three years.

(Mr. Wilkie was thereupon excused and retired.)

WALTER BOWDITCH, called, sworn by the Chairman, and examined as follows:

Mr. Wolf. What is your residence?

Mr. Bowditch. No. 423 High Street, Germantown.

Mr. Wolf. You are the Treasurer of the Germantown Poor Board?

Mr. Bowditch. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. And have been so since when?

Mr. Bowditch. Since last February.

Mr. Wolf. The financial management of the institution is under your supervision?

Mr. Bowditch. I just keep a book of each fund as it comes in.

Mr. Wolf. How far back does that record go?

Mr. Bowditch. About three years, but that is only for my term that I know about.

Mr. Wolf. Mr. Bowditch, you heard what Mr. Wilkie said about the collection of your taxes?

Mr. Bowditch. Yes.

Mr. Wolf. Can you add anything to that?

Mr. Bowditch. No, sir.

Mr. Chairman. How much does it cost you to collect your tax in round figures?

Mr. Bowditch. That is something I couldn't tell you.

Senator Vare. Something about two thousand dollars a year, I think it is.

The Chairman. They are obligatory?

Mr. Bowditch. In what way?

The Chairman. They have to be paid?

Mr. Bowditch. Yes, but there are some that you couldn't lien them.

The Chairman. About ninety per cent. of your taxes comes in voluntarily?

Mr. Bowditch. Yes, sir. This new tax collector has an office where it is convenient for people to come, and he takes out of his pocket stamped envelopes, and from this on if he is tax collector there will be very little delinquency.

Senator Vare. This tax collector furnishes the people with an office where they can go and pay their taxes in the heart of Germantown on the Main Street.

The Chairman. But it strikes me as being rather an excessive charge. I don't think so much of the five per cent. as I do of the twenty-five per cent. because it is an awful rate to pay.

Mr. Bowditch. Answering that question, we have paid five per cent. once when the Republican Organization lost control of the Board, we then had the City Party and the tax was lowered on the collection of the tax to five per cent. and it was raised again to seven per cent.

The Chairman. Before they won out?

Mr. Bowditch. Yes, sir.

The Chairman. That doesn't practically demonstrate anything.

Mr. Friel. Assuming that a property is worth about two thousand dollars, which would be about the average run, and that the amount of the tax would be one dollar, now supposing the tax collector has several hundreds of those to collect, you can just imagine how often he has to go back to that place for the purpose of collecting one dollar, and he makes twenty-five per cent. on that.

Senator McConnell. Do you add a penalty?

Mr. Bowditch. Yes, sir, forty per cent.

Senator Vare. Who is the delinquent tax collector?

Mr. Bowditch. D. J. McCarthy.

Senator Vare. What business has he?

Mr. Bowditch. I believe that is all he does at the present time. He was a milkman.

Mr. Wolf. What is the name of the present tax collector?

Mr. Bowditch. Thomas F. Watson, Haines Street and Germantown Avenue.

Mr. Wolf. You furnish a bond?

Mr. Bodwitch. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. In what amount?

Mr. Bowditch. Twenty-five hundred dollars.

Mr. Wolf. You are sure it is approved by the Board?

Mr. Bowditch. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. Are any of the directors paid a salary?

Mr. Bowditch. I get a salary as Treasurer.

Mr. Wolf. What is the salary?

Mr. Bowditch. One hundred and fifty dollars.

Mr. Wolf. A year?

Mr. Bowditch. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. In what name is the fund deposited?

Mr. Bowditch. In the name of the Managers for the Relief and Employment of the Poor of the Township of Germantown, in the Germantown National Bank.

(Mr. Bowditch submits for the information of the Committee a printed pamphlet of the Managers for the Relief and Employment of the Poor of the Township of Germantown, for the year 1909, and marked "Exhibit No. 3," for identification).

Mr. Wolf. From how many pieces of property is your tax collected?

Mr. Bowditch. From forty thousand pieces of property.

Mr. Wolf. You publish a printed statement of your financial transactions during the year?

Mr. Bowditch. Yes, I think it is in the book. (Indicating).

Mr. Wolf. This is the book for 1909, is that correct?

Mr. Bowditch. So far as I know, yes, that is correct.

Mr. Wolf. Has the statement for 1910 been prepared yet?

Mr. Bowditch. Not yet.

Mr. Wolf. When are the books audited for the purpose of preparing that statement?

Mr. Bowditch. In February.

Mr. Wolf. Have you worked out any figures which will show the average cost per inmate for support.

Mr. Bowditch. You will see that in that report to the State Board of Charity.

Senator James. Who appoints the auditors and how do you audit and settle your acounts?

Mr. Friel. There is an act of Assmbly providing for the method by which the auditors are elected and the duties are defined by the act of 1905, and there were two acts, one an act to make the acts of Assembly relating to auditors to apply to incorporated poor districts, and therefore the act of Assembly, which you will find on page 392, applies to this and you can see just how comprehensive and thorough an audit must be to comply with that.

The Chairman. Were you the Treasurer of this Board when there was a bill up at Harrisburg two years ago, which was introduced to abolish the poor-house?

Mr. Bowditch. No, sir, at that time I was in Jamacia and I wasn't the Treasurer at that time to the best of my knowledge.

The Chairman. You were not?

Mr. Bowditch. No, sir, I wasn't. I was preceding that.

(Mr. Bowditch was thereupon excused and retired).

JAMES J. FINN, called, sworn by the Chairman, and examined as follows:

Mr. Wolf. What is your residence?

Mr. Finn. No. 340 East Armat Street, Germantown.

Mr. Wolf. You are the Secretary of the Germantown Poor Board?

Mr. Finn. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. And have been since when?

Mr. Finn. February, 1910.

Mr. Wolf. You are also one of the directors of that Board?

Mr. Finn. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. You keep the minutes of the meetings?

Mr. Finn. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. In a minute book?

Mr. Finn. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. Have you got it here?

Mr. Finn. No, sir, because I did not understand that you would want it, but I will deliver it at any place you want.

Mr. Wolf. That contains a correct account of the meetings?

Mr. Finn. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. And it runs back from what time?

Mr. Finn. For years, but of course from February, 1910, is my beginning.

Senator Vare. That is the book you have on the table up there?

Mr. Finn. Yes, sir.

Senator McConnell. Who was Secretary of the Board in 1909?

Mr. Finn. S. Mendelson Meehan.

The Chairman. Who was counsel of the Poor Board in 1908?

Mr. Finn. Paul Reilly.

Mr. Wolf. How often does your Board meet?

Mr. Finn. The last Wednesday of each month.

Mr. Wolf. Where?

Mr. Finn. At the poor-house, located at the corner of Rittenhouse Street and Paulaski Avenue. Our system of account is very clear, all bills coming in are gone over by the Committee on Accounts, and from that they reach the Secretary, and the Secretary draws an order, and the order countersigned by the President and returned to the Treasurer, and then the Treasurer issues the check.

(Mr. Finn was thereupon excused and retired).

JOHN F. RAUSENBERGER, called, sworn by the Chairman, and examined as follows:

Mr. Wolf. You reside at and are the Superintendent of the Germantown Poor House?

Mr. Rausenberger. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. Where is it located?

Mr. Rausenberger. Rittenhouse and Poulaski Avenue, Germantown.

Mr. Wolf. Give us a general description of the house itself?

Mr. Rausenberger. Well, the house is a three-story building facing the north with a wing on each end, one for the men and one for the women.

Mr. Wolf. How old is the building?

Mr. Rausenberger. The original building was builit in '63 and the addition was built in '83.

Mr. Wolf. How many acres of land have you?

Mr. Rausenberger. About twelve acres.

Mr. Wolf. For how many have you accommodations?
Mr. Rausenberger. We could accommodate one hundred and fifty inmates, and I should say ninety men and sixty women.
Mr. Wolf. How many have you now?
Mr. Rausenberger. Seventy-two. Forty-seven men and twenty-three women and two children.
Mr. Wolf. Have you at any time had more than that?
Mr. Rausenberger. Yes.
Mr. Wolf. What is the maximum?
Mr. Rausenberger. The largest number was about five or six years ago. That winter there were one hundred and thirty-five, but from that time to the present it has simply dwindled down to the present number, seventy-two.
Mr. Wolf. Has there ever been less than seventy-two?
Mr. Rausenberger. Yes, sir.
Mr. Wolf. What is the minimum?
Mr. Rausenberger. I should say sixty-eight.
Mr. Wolf. How long have you been superintendent?
Mr. Rausenberger. Ten years.
Mr. Wolf. What is your salary?
Mr. Rausenberger. One thousand dollars a year.
Mr. Wolf. Have you a matron?
Mr. Rausenberger. Yes, sir.
Mr. Wolf. What is her salary?
Mr. Rausenberger. Three hundred dollars.
Mr. Wolf. What is the average age of your inmates?
Mr. Rausenberger. I should say about sixty-five.
Mr. Wolf. Men and women?
Mr. Rausenberger. Yes, sir.
Mr. Wolf. What proportion of the men are capable of doing work?
Mr. Rausenberger. If you would ask them, not any, to be candid with you.
The Chairman. How many can you coax to work out of what you have?
Mr. Rausenberger. Senator, about a dozen.
Mr. Wolf. What can they do?
Mr. Rausenberger. Weed the garden and pick up truck.
Mr. Wolf. Do you raise any quantity of vegetables, Mr. Rausenberger?
Mr. Rausenberger. All the vegetables we use, with the exception of potatoes, we buy our potatoes.
Mr. Wolf. Is there any other work than the gardening that the men can do?
Mr. Rausenberger. Chop wood or whitewash, or clean around, or anything that we can get them to do.
Mr. Wolf. How about the women?
Mr. Rausenberger. They are generally unable to do anything.
Senator McConnell. They are generally too old?
Mr. Rausenberger. Yes sir.
Mr. Wolf. Do the relatives of any of your inmates contribute to their support?
Mr. Rausenberger. I know of only one.
Mr. Wolf. Do you sell any of your produce?
Mr. Rausenberger. No, sir.
The Chairman. In your experience as superintendent of the poor-house don't you find that after they get in there that they try to get away from them—the relatives?
Mr. Rausenberger. Yes, children will desert parents and parents desert children.
The Chairman. Don't you think in your opinion, as the superintendent of a poor-house of this kind, that some measure should be adopted to compel these people to care for their parents?
Mr. Rausenberger. Yes, sir, we have laws for that, but it doesn't seem to help in the matter at all.
The Chairman. There are laws, but do you think the laws are far-reaching enough?
Mr. Rausenberger. No, sir, they are not. There are certain influences brought to bear that you drop it; it is a hard question to solve.
Senator James. As a matter of fact, when a man enters a poor-house doesn't it create a wonderful change in him and doesn't he lose all ambition to work?
Mr. Rausenberger. Yes, sir.
Senator James. And even if he is strong enough doesn't he say that he is not fit to work and quit?
Mr. Rausenberger. Yes, sir.
The Chairman. And a man will give up quicker than a woman?
Mr. Rausenberger. Yes, sir, every time, and a woman can find employment and wipe dishes and pare potatoes, and answer the door bells; and a man, if you get him to sift ashes, and do all he can do in a half hour, that is all he will want to do.
(Mr. Rausenberger was thereupon excused and retired).
Adjourned subject to the call of the Chairman.

MEETING OF THE COMMITTEE OF THE SENATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

(Poor Board Investigation).

Philadelphia, Pa., January 10th, 1911.

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MEETING OF THE COMMITTEE OF THE SENATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, APPOINTED PURSUANT TO RESOLUTION OF APRIL 5th, 1909.

Philadelphia, Pa., Jan. 10th, 1911.

Meeting held at the office of the Chairman, Hon. Clarence Wolf, Empire Building, Thirteenth and Walnut Streets, at 2 o'clock P. M., Tuesday afternoon on the above date pursuant to call.

Present:
Hon. Clarence, Wolf, Philadelphia, Chairman,
Hon. Edward F. James, Hazleton, Pennsylvania,
Hon. William C. McConnell, Shamokin, Pennsylvania,
Hon. Miles C. Rowland, Rowland, Pennsylvania,
Asa Rute, Sergeant-at-Arms, Hazleton, Pennsylvania.
Morris Wolf, Esq., Counsel for the Committee,
Mr. Elmer Schlichter, Secretary, Philadelphia.

Of Germantown Poor Board:
James F. Friel, Solicitor,
Pringle Borthwick,
S. Mendelson Meehan,
Paul Reilly.

Of Roxborough Poor Board:
Harry A. Markley, Treasurer,
George C. Bowker, Esq., Solicitor.
Henry K. Fries, Esq., Solicitor, Oxford and Lower Dublin Poor Board,
Dr. Joseph S. Neff, Director of Bureau of Health and Charities,
Dr. Henry Sykes, Chief Resident Physician, Philadelphia General Hospital,
Mr. Walter B. Bedloe, Chief Clerk, Bureau of Health and Charities,
Mr. Samuel Loughlin, Superintendent, Bureau of Health and Charities,
Mr. Bromley Wharton, Secretary State Board of Charities,
Mr. James F. Morrison, Chief Clerk, Receiver of Taxes.
Meeting called to order by the Chairman.

HARRY A. MARKLEY, called, sworn by the Chairman, and examined as follows:
Mr. Wolf. Where do you live?
Mr. Markley. Manatawna Avenue, Roxborough.
Mr. Wolf. You are treasurer of the Roxborough Poor Board?
Mr. Markley. I am.
Mr. Wolf. And have been so for how long?
Mr. Markley. Six or seven years.
Mr. Wolf. Did you bring with you the books of accounts of directors?
Mr. Markley. Yes, I have the books. (Books produced).
Mr. Wolf. It has on the back of the book "Treasurer's Report No. 2, Overseers of the Poor of Roxborough," is that correct?
Mr. Markley. That is correct.
Mr. Wolf. Mr. Markley, how long have you been treasurer?
Mr. Markley. I will have to refer to the book to tell you. (Referring to book) Since February, 1907.
Mr. Wolf. Have you a bond?
Mr. Markley. No, sir.
Mr. Wolf. You are not under bond?
Mr. Markley. No, sir, never.
Mr. Wolf. In what bank do you deposit the funds of the poor?
Mr. Markley. Manayunk Bank, and we have eight thousand dollars in the Manayunk Trust Company in the form of certificasts if you wish to see them. (Papers produced and handed to the Chairman).
Mr. Wolf. What interest do you get?
Mr. Markley. Three and a half per cent. Two bonds for four thousand dollars each.
Senator James. You mean you have a surplus of eight thousand dollars that you keep there?
Mr. Markley. Yes, sir.
The Chairman. And you receive what rate of interest?
Mr. Markley. Three and a half per cent.
The Chairman. You have been receiving that three and a half per cent. right along?
Mr. Markley. Yes, ever since I have been there.
Mr. Wolf. Will you tell me what the salary of the president was in 1907 and 1908?
Mr. Markley. Fifty dollars I rather think it was.
Mr. Wolf. You can ascertain it by referring to the book, can't you?
Mr. Markley. (Referring to Book) Fifty dollars, yes, sir.
Mr. Wolf. What was the salary of the treasurer in the same year—your own salary?
Mr. Markley. One hundred dollars.
Mr. Wolf. That was for 1907 and 1908?
Mr. Markley. Yes, sir.
Mr. Wolf. What was the president's salary in 1908 and 1909?
Mr. Markley. One hundred dollars.
Mr. Wolf. And your salary was how much?
Mr. Markley. Raised to one hundred and fifty dollars in 1909-1910.
Mr. Wolf. Was there any authority for raising this salary?
Mr. Markley. No more than the authority of the Overseers, that was the only authority for raising them.
Mr. Wolf. Was there any resolution?
Mr. Markley. Sure I think so, they are in that book, or should be at least.
Mr. Wolf. Will you look in your account for October 21st, 1909, and tell me what the item of traveling expense $125.00 is?
Mr. Markley. One hundred and twenty-five dollars traveling expense.
Mr. Wolf. What was that for?
Mr. Markley. Traveling to attend the convention at Bradford.
Mr. Wolf. You are sure that is what that is for? Wasn't

there a separate payment for that—for attending the convention?

Mr. Markley. No, sir, I don't remember at all.

Mr. Wolf. Will you turn to October 9th, 1909, and explain to me what the item "extra expenses and outside relief, $275.00" is?

Mr. Markley. That was spent for outside relief.

Mr. Wolf. You have no further itemization of it than that?

Mr. Markley. No, sir.

Mr. Wolf. You can't give me any further information as to what it covered?

Mr. Markley. No, sir. I can't.

Mr. Wolf. As a matter of fact, do you know whether outside relief was ever covered at any other period by a general appropriation of that kind?

Mr. Markley. No, I don't know.

Mr. Wolf. Turn to your account of December, 1909, all your ordinary outside relief expenses are there, are they not?

Mr. Markley. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. So this must have been an extraordinary expense of some kind?

Mr. Markley. Yes.

Mr. Wolf. And at this time you don't remember what it is?

Mr. Markley. No, sir, I don't remember it at all.

Mr. Wolf. On August 11th, 1910, there is a further entry "outside relief charities $125.00," have you any idea what that was?

Mr. Markley. Yes, that was for relief expended through the lower part of Roxborough by our president.

Mr. Wolf. What is the president's name?

Mr. Markley. Nathan L. Jones.

Mr. Wolf. Do you remember any other time when outside relief was covered by a general appropriation like that during that year?

Mr. Markley. No, sir.

Mr. Wolf. That was not your usual method of doing it?

Mr. Markley. No, sir, that was allowed for the purpose of extending relief to certain parties in the lower end of the ward.

Mr. Wolf. Did you get any account from him in the way in which he expended it?

Mr. Markley. No, sir.

Mr. Wolf. Will you turn to September 8th, 1910, and look at the item "traveling expenses $150.00" and tell me what that is?

Mr. Markley. Traveling expenses to Williamsport and what we spent there.

Mr. Wolf. Is there any itemization of that?

Mr. Markley. No, sir.

Mr. Wolf. Do you know whether that was approved in advance?

(Question withdrawn).

Mr. Bowker. That was at the convention in Williamsport?

Mr. Markley. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. What is your business?

Mr. Markley. Purveyor in the Bureau of Water.

Mr. Wolf. Are you any relation to John Markley?

Mr. Markley. Yes.

Mr. Wolf. What?

Mr. Markley. His son.

Mr. Wolf. Your Poor Board bought supplies of John Markley?

Mr. Markley. Yes, but I am not interested in it in any way shape or form.

Mr. Wolf. Did you keep any vouchers for your expenses other than of what you paid out?

Mr. Markley. I paid nothing out only by orders.

The Chairman. And the only orders that you have no vouchers for—?

Mr. Markley. (Interrupting) No, I don't say that I have an order for everything I paid out.

(Mr. Markley was thereupon excused and retired).

S. MENDELSON MEEHAN, called, sworn by the Chairman, and examined as follows:

Mr. Wolf. Mr. Meehan, I show you a book marked "Minute Book, Managers of the Poor, Germantown, 1902," and ask whether that was the book in which yon kept the minutes of the Poor Board of Germantown during the time in which you were secretary?

Mr. Meehan. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. I suppose that the record herein contained is a correct statement of what was done at the meetings?

Mr. Meehan. To the best of my knowledge and belief.

Mr. Wolf. I turn to the meeting headed "Germantown, February 24th, 1909," and read this: "The solicitor suggested the appointment of a committee for the consideration of the subject of the movement to abolish the poor districts. Mr. Borthwick moved that a committee of five be appointed for this purpose. Carried. The president named the following committee: Borthwick, Russel, Dirvin, Meehan and Still," and ask whether that is correct?

Mr. Meehan. I believe so.

Mr. Wolf. You were a director of the poor at this time?

Mr. Meehan. A manager.

Mr Wolf. Elected as such when?

Mr. Meehan. In 1907; my three years' term expired February, 1909.

Mr. Wolf. I show you a sentence at the conclusion of the minutes of February 24th, 1909, as follows: "See minutes of special meetings March 21-23 following those of March 31," and ask whether that is in your handwriting?

Mr. Meehan. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. I show you in the minutes of March 31st, 1909, an entry under the head of expenditures "Paul Reilly, Harrisburg expenses, extra ord, $800.00, ditto, ditto, ditto, $50.00," and above the word Harrisburg "traveling" crossed out, and ask whether that expenditure was approved at that meeting?

Mr. Meehan. I believe so.

Mr. Wolf. Do you remember why you crossed out the word "traveling?"

Mr. Meehan. I believe because there were other expenses incidental to that apart from railroad fares.

Mr Wolf. Do you remember whether any statement was presented to you of the way in which the money was expended?

Mr. Meehan. I don't recall.

Mr. Wolf. I now show you the minutes of the meeting of March 21st, 1909, on the margin of which are the words "out of position, see previous minutes for date," and ask how it happened that the minutes of March 21st appear after the minutes of March 31st

Mr. Meehan. Some of those minutes were entered by someone acting as my secretary. I think it was merely a mistake not getting that into the natural order

Mr. Wolf. Do you remember the meeting of March 31st, 1909?

Mr. Meehan. I don't remember it by date.

Mr. Wolf. This is in your handwriting? (Book shown to Mr. Meehan.)

Mr. Meehan. No.

Mr. Wolf. In whose handwriting is that?

Mr. Meehan. Some one acting for me, but this date is mine

Mr. Wolf. Were you present at the meeting when this resolution was passed: "Upon motion it was resolved that the treasurer is directed to pay to Paul Reilly, solicitor, eight hundred dollars expenses in the matter of protest against bills to abolish this corporation, and the president and the secretary of the meeting are directed to issue the necessary order for payment to the treasurer. On motion, resolved that the board go to Harrisburg in a body on Tuesday, March 23d, 1909, to attend hearing before Senate Committee to protest against bills to abolish this corporation," were you present at that meeting?

Mr. Meehan. I believe not.

Mr. Wolf. Do you remember whether there was such a meeting?

Mr. Meehan. No

Mr. Wolf. Did you go to Harrisburg on March 23d?

Mr. Meehan. Not with the body, I came there from another direction on my own business.

Mr. Wolf. Were the other directors there?

Mr. Meehan Some of them there.

Mr. Wolf. Was Mr. Still there?

Mr. Meehan. I haven't any personal recollection, but I think he was.

Mr. Wolf. Was Mr. Borthwick.

Mr. Meehan. I don't remember.

Mr. Wolf. Was Mr. Pullinger.

Mr. Meehan. I think so I was there for such a short time that I did not have opportunity to mingle with most of the people.

Mr. Wolf. Mr. Adams, do you remember if he was there?

Mr. Meehan. I can't recall.

Mr. Wolf. Do you remember whether Mr. Dirvin was there?

Mr. Meehan. No.

Mr. Wolf. Or Mr. Coupe?

Mr Meehan. I don't recall.

Mr. Wolf. As secretary it was your duty to send out notices of special meetings, was it not?

Mr. Meehan. Yes.

Mr. Wolf. Do you remember sending out notices of the special meetings of March 21st and 23d?

Mr. Meehan. I don't recall.

Mr. Wolf. Were you present at the meeting of March 23d to the best of your recollection?

Mr. Meehan. I don't remember it by date.

Mr. Wolf. Nor at the meeting at which it was resolved to borrow ten thousand dollars and at which it was resolved to pay Paul Reilly, solicitor, fifty dollars, expenses of protest against pending legislation?

Mr. Meehan. I don't think I was there. I always acted as secretary when I was there in that capacity.

(Mr. Meehan was thereupon excused and retired).

PRINGLE BORTHWICK, called sworn by the Chairman, and examined as follows:

Mr. Wolf. What is you address?

Mr. Borthwick. No. 8018 Germantown avenue.

Mr. Wolf. You were treasurer of the Germantown Poor Board from what time to what time?

Mr. Borthwick. From February, 1909, to February, 1910.

Mr. Wolf. Were you present at the meeting at which it was resolved to pay Mr. Reilly eight hundred and fifty dollars for his expenses at Harrisburg?

Mr. Borthwick. I was present at the meeting, I think it was eight hundred dollars the first time.

Mr. Wolf. You voted for that?

Mr. Borthwick. I did.

Mr. Wolf. Do you remember whether any statement was presented as to the purpose for which this eight hundred dollars had been spent?

Mr. Borthwick. Yes, the order was drawn for the money, because it was really spent to be drawn in favor of Mr. Reilly to pay the expenses of the delegation to go to Harrisburg.

Mr.Wolf. Was any statement ever rendered at the meeting to your recollection showing the way in which the eight hundred dollars was spent?

Mr. Borthwick. I couldn't say positively whether there was or not. There was a statement rendered and there was some money refunded not a very great amount, but there was some.

Mr. Wolf. How much, can you tell?

Mr. Borthwick. I couldn't tell you, but I recollect entering it in the books, something.

Mr. Wolf. Did you go to Harrisburg on March 23d?

Mr. Borthwick. I did.

Mr. Wolf. Which other members of the committee do you remember being there?

Mr. Borthwick. Mr. Pullinger, Mr. Coupe, Mr. Adams, Mr. Still, Mr. Russell, Mr. Dirvin, and Mr. Meehan was there for a short while, but he didn't go along with the others.

Mr. Wolf. How long did you stay, do you remember.

Mr. Borthwick. I was there the entire day, that is, from the time the train got to Harrisburg until we left in the evening.

The Chairman. Did you have a special train?

Mr. Borthwick. I think it was a special train, I think it was because there seemed to be all the people from our neighborhood that was on it.

Mr. Wolf. Do you remember what you did when you got home from there? Did you go home?

Mr. Borthwick. Yes, we got home quite early.

Mr. Wolf. Did you have a meeting then?

Mr. Borthwick. Yes, we had a meeting at the poor-house before we went home.

Mr. Wolf. And at that meeting it was resolved to borrow ten thousand dollars?

Mr. Borthwick. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. Were you in debt at this time?

Mr. Borthwick. I don't know that we were really in debt, but before the following meeting came around we would be in debt, there were several odd bills coming due.

Mr. Wolf. Do you remember a meeting which was held two days before that at which a resolution was passed to pay Mr. Reilly eight hundred dollars expenses?

Mr. Borthwick. Yes, I remember that.

Mr. Wolf. Was that meeting held in the evening?

Mr. Borthwick. In was in the evening.

Mr. Wolf. Were notices sent out of it?

Mr. Borthwick. I think so. Nearly all the meetings were called by special notice.

Mr. Wolf. You voted in favor of the resolution of March 21st to pay Mr. Reilly the eight hundred dollars expenses?

Mr. Borthwick. I did.

Mr. Wolf. And do you remember whether any itemized account was ever given of the purpose for which the eight hundred dollars was spent?

Mr. Borthwick. I can't remember of any itemized account, no, sir.

Mr. Wolf. Later that year some of your members went to the State Convention at Bradford, did they not?

Mr. Borthwick. Yes.

Mr. Wolf. Do you remember what you paid for that convention?

Mr. Borthwick. I think it was three hundred dollars.

Mr. Wolf. That you charged as traveling expenses?

Mr. Borthwick. Yes, sir, traveling expenses.

Mr. Wolf. Did you prepare the report which was presented January 1st, 1910—the treasurer's report?

Mr. Borthwick. I don't think I did.

Mr. Wolf. You were the treasurer at that time?

Mr. Borthwick. Yes, I was the treasurer.

Mr. Wolf. I show you the report as stated in the minutes of January 26th, 1910, and ask if you will show me under what head the eight hundred dollars spent at Harrisburg is charged? (Book shown witness.)

Mr. Borthwick. I don't see it here.

Mr. Wolf. It must be there some place on your book or your books wouldn't have balanced, is that correct?

Mr. Borthwick. That is correct.

Mr. Wolf. Look again and see if you can find any heading under which that payment was included.

Mr. Borthwick. It may be under this "extraordinary expense."

Mr. Wolf. What is the amount of that?

Mr. Borthwick. Eleven thousand seven hundred and seventy-three dollars and twenty-four cents. But I would not be positive of that. I didn't make up that report and therefore I can't answer.

Mr. Wolf. You were a manager of the poor in January, 1909?

Mr. Borthwick. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. Did you prepare the report that was presented to the meeting then?

Mr. Borthwick. No, sir.

Mr. Wolf. Who prepared your reports?

Mr. Borthwick. I think all the reports were prepared by the secretary.

Senator McConnell. You mean Mr. Meehan?

Mr. Borthwick. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. According to the statement presented January 27th, 1909, the average weekly cost per capita of maintaining your inmates was $2.32, do you remember whether that is correct or not?

Mr. Borthwick. I believe that is correct.

Mr. Wolf. Now on January 26th, 1910, one year later, the average weekly cost per capita is $3.73, do you think that is correct?

Mr. Borthwick. I believe that is correct.

Mr. Wolf. Can you account for the fact that it increased about theirty-three and a third per cent.?

Mr. Borthwick. The only reason that I know of is the different secretaries in making up these reports they would put in items that another secretary would not consider a proper thing to have there, that is the only reason.

Mr. Wolf. In other words, you think the cost per capita is a matter of book keeping by the secretary?

Mr. Borthwick. I think so.

Mr. Wolf. Was Mr. Reilly present at those three meetings which I have referred to, the two special meetings and the one at which the payments were authorized?

Mr. Borthwick. He was, yes, sir.

(Mr. Borthwick was thereupon excused and retired).

PAUL REILLY, called, affirmed by the Chairman, and examined as follows:

Mr. Wolf. Where do you live?

Mr. Reilly. No. 430 East Mount Airy Avenue, Philadelphia.

Mr. Wolf. You are an attorney and was solicitor for the Managers of the Poor Board of Germantown from what time to what time?

Mr. Reilly. I can't recall just exactly the period when it commenced. I know that it was closed in February, 1910. February three years, I think, previous to that.

Mr. Wolf. Were you the solicitor at the time of the agitation about the abolition of the poor-house?

Mr. Reilly. I was.

Mr. Wolf. And were you present at the meeting March 31st, 1909, at which a payment of eight hundred and fifty dollars was ordered to be made to you for Harrisburg expenses?

Mr. Reilly. I won't exactly say the date, but eight hundred and fifty dollars was paid to me by the Managers of the poor.

Mr. Wolf. And you were present at the meeting at which that was authorized?

Mr. Reilly. I was present at the meeting of March 31st when the payment was first authorized of eight hundred dollars and at the other meeting when the ten thousand dollars was borrowed.

Mr. Wolf. And the additional payment of fifty dollars?

Mr. Reilly. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. Did you render a statement to the Managers as to the way in which that money had been expended?

Mr. Reilly. I didn't directly let them know just exactly what the money had been spent for, but at the time it was paid to me and the resolution was passed authorizing the payment it was paid to me on the basis that it was to be paid to me as a fee or compensation to conduct the objection, but I promised them nothing at all as to what I should use it for or anything except for the general purpose of preventing the abolition of the almshouse.

Mr. Wolf. In other words, it was practically paid to you without any restriction on you as to the use that you should make of it in that connection?

Mr. Reilly. Except that it should be used for the service of the corporation in preventing this legislation being passed, or of enforcing it if it was passed.

The Chairman. But the eight hundred dollars was not paid to you for your own benefit?

Mr. Reilly. Yes.

The Chairman. As a fee?

Mr. Reilly. That was my compensation, without any obligation as to how I should use it. In other words, when the amount was paid to me there was no guarantee that I should take a delegation to Harrisburg. That money was my own to do whatsoever I pleased with it or to hold it in abeyance until some future action was necessary.

The Chairman. But actually the true purpose of the appropriation of that money was to have you to go to Harrisburg and present before the Senate Committee as strong a protest as it was possible for you to do, was not that the idea?

Mr. Reilly. That was left to my discretion.

The Chairman. Was it so generally understood?

Mr. Reilly. The night this appropriation was made, I think it was March 31st, there was a meeting in Carnegie's Hall in Germantown of a business men's association or something of that sort and it was subsequent to that that we went to the almshouse and held the meeting where the eight hundred dollars was appropriated—I think it was Saturday—and at the time I gave them no assurance that I was going to use it for that purpose. However, the following day I did explain the purpose, having in the interim made arrangements with the Pennsylvania Railroad for several extra cars on one of their trains.

Mr. Wolf. Then it was for expenses?

Mr. Reilly. The eight hundred dollars was paid to me for my compensation, if I chose to use it that way or any other purposes of my own they couldn't complain anything about it, because there was no understanding beyond that.

Mr. Wolf. Wasn't your compensation fixed at the time of your election for a definite sum?

Mr. Reilly. They had an arrangement whereby they appropriated to the solicitor one hundred and fifty dollars a year, but while I was solicitor I spent more than one hundred and fifty dollars a year in doing things for them. I did not regard it at all as compensation for any extraordinary items that might come up out of the usual routine of business.

Mr. Wolf. Did you at any subsequent meeting present a statement of the use to which you had put the tight hundred dollars?

Mr. Reilly. No, I did not present a statement, but there was some small amount left of the money handed to me that I did not use fully for the purpose of protesting against this legislation, and then I received from quite a number of men the amount of their fare to Harrisburg, and when I received it I remitted it to them and paid it to them.

Mr. Wolf. We understand that at the time the money was paid to you, however, you were not limited in any way as to the use it was to be put to in the method of opposing the bills?

Mr. Reilly. I simply receipted for it and told them that they should appropriate the money for protesting against it; I received it as such.

Mr. Wolf. At that same meeting, Mr. Reilly, it was "resolved that the board go to Harrisburg in a body on Tuesday, March 23, 1909, to attend hearing before Senate Committee to protest against bills to abolish this corporation?"

Mr. Reilly. I think that is true, and it recalls to my mind that at the time they appropriated the eight hundred dollars the Managers did not have any expectation that there were going to be any payments by me out of that money, and that was supposed to be an entirely different thing.

Mr. Wolf. And no appropriation was made for that?

Mr. Reilly. Not at that time, no.

Mr. Wolf. As a matter of fact, did you pay the expenses in going in a body in attending the hearings?

Mr. Reilly. I don't remember whether I did or not. So far as paying the expenses, I did not pay anything except the railroad fares.

Mr. Wolf. On March 23rd an additional payment of fifty dollars was authorized to you, was that in the same manner, without any statement as to the purpose?

Mr. Reilly. I did not explain to them any more than I said it was expenses.

Mr. Wolf. Didn't they want to know why eight hundred dollars wasn't sufficient,,

Mr. Reilly. No.

The Chairman. It wasn't their own money?

Mr. Reilly. Yes, it was.

Mr. Wolf. How did you fix originally the eight hundred dollars?

Mr. Reilly. I don't know just exactly now how I fixed on eight hundred dollars, but the reason why I fixed on it was to take the delegation up there and I calculated on how big a delegation I had and how much for railroad fare, I just estimated it and that is what I really had in mind, but I did not tell them until the negotiations were done, but I will say that as far as the managers appropriating the money is concerned they did it absolutely on my advice. They were bothered about the thing and they came to me about it, and I told them that they were justified, as they were the trustees of this corporation.

Senator McConnell. How was this sum of money actually spent?

Mr. Reilly. It was actually expended for paying the fares of citizens of that particular district to take them to Harrisburg to appear before the committee.

Mr. Wolf. In protesting?

Mr. Reilly. Yes, it was only the money of the people who went there, they were the people who supported the institution.

Mr. Wolfe. The payment of car fare only?

Mr. Reilly. The payment of car fare only.

(Mr. Reilly was thereupon excused and retired).

BROMLEY WHARTON, Secretary and General Agent of the State Board of Charities, called, sworn by the Chairman, and examined as follows:

Mr. Wolf. Where do you live?

Mr. Wharton. My residence is in Philadelphia, 2220 Locust Street.

Mr. Wolf. How long have you been the General Agent and Secretary of the Board of Charities?

Mr. Wharton. Since January, 1907.

Mr. Wolf. Have your duties been such as to direct your attention to the district poor houses in Philadelphia in any way?

Mr. Wharton. Under the act of 1869 it is my duty to visit them and under the act of 1874 we have a board of women visitors who visit them oftener, and the act of 1907 gives me two assistants and they go once a year.

Mr. Wolf. Will you state to this Committee your thought regarding the advisibility of continuing the existence of these poor-houses, from the standpoint of economy and efficiency, or any other standpoint that you think is relevant thereto?

Mr. Wharton. Answering that by comparison, you will have to take my average weekly cost per capita and then take the general conditions as you find them. The only thought that I had about the matter was that the Germantown Poor House might very well be used for children from Blockley, that has often occurred to me. Here is a table that I will submit to the Committee. Blockley had one hundred and fifty-two children in September, 1910. Now Blockley is overcrowded and Germantown has fifty-nine adults, and I think if something could be worked out and the children separated it might be a very good thing. As far as the others are concerned, Roxborough is nothing more than a farm house and it has a capacity of fifteen on September 30th, 1910; Oxford and Lower Dublin has fifty-nine. So far as their physical condition is concerned, they are not in good physical condition. As to whether or not it would be cheaper I don't know, yet I think that it would be.

Mr. Wolf. Do you think that there is any reason why the relief which is administered by these poor-houses could not be administered equally well by the general almshouse?

Mr. Wharton. I think it could if the general almshouse had the room.

Mr. Wolf. And if the children were taken from the general almshouse it would have the room?

Mr. Wharton. Really that should be done under the law.

The Chairman. In the care of the poor at Bleckley you not alone administer bed, clothing and food, but you also administer to their physical condition? In other words, if they get very sick you do not have to send them away from Blockley?

Mr. Wharton. Oh, no.

The Chairman. Whereas at these institutions they have no hospital, is that true?

Mr. Wharton. That is true, to the best of my belief I don't think that there is a hospital and I don't think they have any hospital at all.

The Chairman. And if a contagious disease should take place at any one of these poor-houses they would have to send them away?

Mr. Wharton. They would have to be sent to the Municipal Hospital or something like that.

Mr. Wolf. In your experience in the direction or supervision of poor people, can you suggest to the Committee any reason why district poor-houses are an advantage over a general poor-house?

Mr. Wharton. I don't think that they are, if the general poor-house is properly conducted. I don't think it could be done as cheaply, because you have a lot of people together and you can take care of a couple of thousand people cheaper than you can a couple of hundred. The only advantage that you have at Roxborough and Upper Dublin is that they are up in the county, and there are disadvantages to that. The last time I tried to go there it was a snowy day and it was very hard to get there. There are certain average cost per capita that I have, and I will submit the average cost per week of ten other counties. You will notice that Allegheny County at Woodville is a good deal higher than the pauper department in Philadelphia here and there we have had to figure the insane as well. They don't keep insane in the other county districts. I have taken some of the counties around Philadelphia and then I have taken some counties west, as you will find in the papers. The act that I have referred to says that two or more counties can establish an industrial home for children, and so forth.

The Chairman. What act is that?

Mr. Wharton. Act of June 13th, 1883, P. L. 111.

Mr. Wolf. Have you any printed reports?

Mr. Wharton. Yes, Pennsylvania Report of the Board of Public Charities and Committee on Lunacy, 1908.

Mr. Bowker. In estimating the cost of maintentnce do you fix any value on the cost of the buildings and improvements in which they are housed?

Mr. Wharton. No, we take what is called maintenance.

Mr. Bowker. But you have tremenduously expensive buildings and grounds, haven't you?

Mr. Wharton. Yes.

Mr. Bowker. And you have got to get the money either from the city or other sources to build, haven't you?

Mr. Wharton. Yes.

Mr. Bowker. What would the cost of maintenance be, the interest on that plus the other expense?

Mr. Wharton. As a state official we can't figure that out. We mean clothing and food, and in the statement which the Roxborough Poor-house submits to the Board of Public Charities they include the following under their maintenance items: salaries, wages and labor including medical attendance, provisions and supplies, fuel and light, clothing including shoes, furniture and bedding and other dry goods, medicine and medical supplies, ordinary repairs, traveling expenses, incidental expenses.

Mr. Wolf. And it is on the basis of these so-called maintenance items that you estimate the per capita cost?

Mr. Wharton. Yes.

Mr. Wolf. You don't take into consideration, either in estimating for the poor-houses or for the Philadelphia Hospital, any so-called poor charge?

Mr. Wharton. No, sir, that is the way we arrive at all of the State institutions as to what maintenance consists of.

The Chairman. In other words, they don't charge interest on capital account?

Mr. Wharton. No, sir.

Mr. Bowker. As far as the maintenance is concerned I don't think that the surplus earned on the farm is deducted, because they are adding to that surplus ten thousand dollars.

Mr. Wharton. To get the cost per capita per week we divide the number of days, three hundred and sixty-five days, into the days of support, then divide that quotient into the total current expenses and divide the quotent by fifty-two weeks to get the cost per week.

Mr. Friel. Is that based upon the number of inmates in the institution or upon the number of people that you are benefiting?

Mr. Wharton. We take the general number of inmates only.

Mr. Friel. Not for maintenance expense at Norristown?

Mr. Wharton. No, sir.

Mr. Bowker. If the Committee approves I would like to submit a statement showing how our estimates are made up as corresponding with those made up by the State, because we have a lot of items in there which would materially reduce the cost of maintenance per week as compared with the Philadelphia Hospital.

Mr. Friel. I should be glad also to have permission to do the same thing.

(Counsel for the poor-houses of Roxborough and Germantown ask permission to submit statements showing their computation per sapita cost of maintenance, which the Chairman of the Committee said that he would be very glad to receive).

(Mr. Wharton was thereupon excused and retired).

DR. JOSEPH S. NEFF, called, sworn by the Chairman and examined as follows:

The Chairman. You are the Director of the Bureau of Health and Charities of Philadelphia?

Dr. Neff. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. Where do you live?

Dr. Neff. No. 1914 Chestnut Street I think is the number, the Aldine Hotel.

Mr. Wolf. Are questions concerning the care of the indigent poor of Philadelphia within the jurisdiction of your department?

Dr. Neff. Yes.

Mr. Wolf. Have you given any thought to the question of the relative advisability of the general almshouse and district almshouses as applied to this city?

Dr. Neff. About two years ago I did, not since.

Mr. Wolf. State your general conclusions as to the applicability to Philadelphia.

Dr. Neff. I made a report to the Mayor of the year ending 1908 in which I formulated these opinions, and the result was that they are considered to be beneficial from the standpoint of the municipality, that the city should care for its indigents under one department, and that was a matter of opinion, of course, and another matter of opinion was that it would do away with two separate classes of citizens as far as taxation was concerned.

Mr. Wolf. You mean as to paying the taxes separately?

Dr. Neff. Yes, the taxpayers are taxed in those districts one dollar and fifty cents less a certain number of cents and they have to collect for their own poor, and the other class of taxpayers pay one dollar and fifty cents.

Mr. Wolf. From an administrative standpoint are they of any advantage over a general poor-house—the district poor-houses—from the standpoint of administering the affairs of the poor people?

Dr. Neff. I think so.

Mr. Wolf. You think there are advantages?

Dr. Neff. Advantages of administration to have the entire city under one head.

Mr. Wolf. Have you changed in any way the views contained in the report to which you have referred?

Dr. Neff. I am of the same opinion yet.

Mr. Wolf. Do you think the three district poor-houses could be used by the city for any purpose other than the one for which they are now being used?

Dr. Neff. I do.

Mr. Wolf. For what purpose?

Dr. Neff. I was egotistical enough to mention in that report for what specific purposes the properties should be put to, but the city has use for all the ground it has and very much more ground than it now has, and if the city has the ground owned by the separate poor boards I think the city could put them to good uses.

Mr. Wolf. As a general almshouse under your jurisdiction?

Dr. Neff. Yes.

Mr. Wolf. Is there any reason why the people cared for now in the district poor-houses could not be cared for by the general almshouse?

Dr. Neff. None excepting crowding. I don't know how the people are kept there, but I presume they have more space per capita than we have in the city almshouse to-day. At this time it was supposed that a new building could be erected if an appropriation should be made, and if that money was used for the erection of a home for the indigent they would be as well cared for as anywhere else.

Mr. Wolf. Do you think there are advantages in their care in the district houses which they could not have in a large enough general house?

Dr. Neff. No, sir.

Mr. Wolf. Do you think the fact that it is in a special neighborhood makes it more advantageous than to have them scattered?

Dr. Neff. Except air space, that is all. Of course the more grounds you have for the inmates the better care you can give those inmates.

Mr. Wolf. As a matter of fact have you at Blockley people who come from the districts in which these poor-houses are located?

Dr. Neff. At the present time?

Mr. Wolf. Yes.

Dr. Neff. I don't know of any. They would not be in there if I could help it. There are none in the almshouse proper.

Mr. Wolf. Have you the right to refuse to admit people from those districts?

Dr. Neff. I think so, sir. That is a legal question, is it not?

Mr. Wolf. What is your position?

Dr. Neff. My position has been that the taxes raised in Germantown and else where should be sufficient to take care of those people and that it is unfair to the general taxpayers. There are peculiar circumstances existing, but as a rule I would decline to admit to the almshouse in Philadelphia any cases belonging to those three territories.

Mr. Wolf. There have been other territories than the three almshouses now existing?

Dr. Neff. I can only answer that question—you mean before the act of 1854?

Mr. Wolf. Yes.

Dr. Neff. I don't think so, but I am not prepared to answer that question.

The Chairman. Did you hear the suggestion of Mr. Wharton in relation to the fact that it would be a good idea to take the children from the almshouse and place them in another place?

Dr. Neff. That would be an admirable idea.

The Chairman. You are aware that the poor-house of Germantown would hold upwards of two hundred and fifty. Would that take care of the children that you have at the almshouse?

Dr. Neff. We are not supposed to have any children at the almshouse at all.

The Chairman. That you have at the almshouse at the present time I mean?

Dr. Neff. I think that in the almshouse proper I would say that I don't believe we have any children.

The Chairman. How many in the Philadelphia Hospital?

Dr. Neff. One hundred and fifty to two hundred. We have to keep children and we have them in the hospital, that come in with their mothers, that are sick, but they are not in the almshouse.

The Chairman. But you have one hundred and fifty to two hundred?

Dr. Neff. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. If those three houses were put under your jurisdiction and you were permitted to send there the poor from any district in Philadelphia could you use the three houses which are only about half full?

Dr. Neff. Yes, sir, very advantageously in my judgment.

The Chairman. Would you have any difficulty in filling them?

Dr. Neff. No, sir.

Mr. Wolf. Have you figured out the cost of maintenance in the almshouse?

Dr. Neff. Take the figures for 1909, they are not separated in the different institutions. You mean the net figures?

Mr. Wolf. Yes.

Dr. Neff. We have a little income at times. The net figures are different for males and females. We have figuresd one dollar and eighty-nine cents a week for males ad two dollars and seventeen cents for females. Now the discrepancy is in the fact that we don't buy coal for the males so that there is an error there; they are kept in a building belonging to the Commercial Museums and they buy the coal for heat, light and power in that building, and a fair figure would be two dollars and seventeen cents, and the city pays it but not through this department. We don't charge up repairs to the indigent wards; we charge everything, including repairs to the building, and we don't pay repairs to the Commercial building.

The Chairman. But actually the cost would be about the same?

Dr. Neff. That would be about the same.

Mr. Wolf. For the purpose of clarity you might tell us just what buildings you have for the care of the different indigent people?

Dr. Neff. We have one large section called the Commercial Museums' building for the males and we have our own building for the females.

Mr. Wolf. What do yo ucall the buildings?

Dr. Neff. Blockley, that is the way it is commonly called.

Mr. Wolf. Then the Philadelphia Almshouse is Blockley?

Dr. Neff. Well, Blockley is the nickname used for many years past covering all that property in West Philadelphia. We have the Philadelphia Hospital for the Insane, the Almshouse, and the Philadelphia General Hospital, and those three institutions are termed Blockley, and come under the Bureau of Charity.

Mr. Wolf. But the hospital is not especially for the poor?

Dr. Neff. No, sir, nor the insane hospital either, but the almshouse being in the same grounds it is called the almshouse hospital, which is a misnomer.

The Chairman. Have you any paid patients?

Dr. Neff. Very few.

Senator McConnell. You have a report for 1909?

Dr. Neff. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. And the 1910 report is not ready yet?

Dr. Neff. No, sir, but it will be ready in about two weeks. I think those four pages will answer the purpose that you want.

Mr. Wolf. What is the institution at Byberry?

Dr. Neff. It is an adjunct to this institution.

Mr. Wolf. That does the same work.

Dr. Neff. We have an eight hundred and seventy-five acre farm and we use that as an overflow from the crowded condition in Philadelphia and some of the milder cases of insane are employed on the farm.

Mr. Wolf. You could take care of all the people in these district poor-houses at Byberry if you had the buildings?

Dr. Neff. Yes, we could.

Mr. Wolf. Has an appropriation been asked for?

Dr. Neff. We have $696,000 for the building of the home for the almshouse.

Mr. Wolf. Where would that be?

Dr. Neff. Any place but Byberry.

Mr. Wolf. You think that you would have poor-houses in outlying districts, for instance, at the Oxford and Lower Dublin?

Dr. Neff. No, sir. Perhaps I did not make myself clear, why I said not Byberry was because if that is to be the ultimate destination of the insane you don't want an almshouse there, because pauperism is the stigma of Philadelphia to-day.

(Dr. Neff was thereupon excused and retired).

SAMUEL LOUGHLIN, called, sworn by the Chairman, and examined as follows:

Mr. Wolf. Where do you live?

Mr. Loughlin. Administration Building, Thirty-fourth Street, below Pine, Philadelphia.

Mr. Wolf. What is your position?

Mr. Loughlin. Superintendent of the Bureau of Charities.

Mr. Wolf. You prepare the reports of the Bureau of Public Health and Charities so far as they concern the institutions?

Mr. Loughlin. Blockley, yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. And the figures there (indicating) are correct to the best of your knowledge?

Mr. Loughlin. Correct, yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. Have you a simiar schedule for the year ending 1910, yet?

Mr. Loughlin. It is not completed.

Mr. Wolf. When is it likely to be completed?

Mr. Loughlin. Possibly in ten or fifteen days, that depends when the Comptroller will do certain things in order to settle our accounts; they could be completed up to December 1st.

Mr. Wolf. Will there be some material difference?

Mr. Loughlin. Well, there is a slight difference, a slight difference in population and expense, and a great difference in the increase of the amount of money received.

Mr. Wolf. Is there any substantial difference in the average cost of maintenance?

Mr. Loughlin. It would be very slight and from what I understand it would run very close to 1909.

Mr. Wolf. As the hospital for the indigent or almshouse?

Mr. Loughlin. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. Is the average cost likely to be the same?

Mr. Loughlin. The two previous ones are in connection with the whole institution.

Mr. Wolf. Now, speaking of the cost of maintenance of the inmates made for the indigent, have you any reason to believe that the cost of maintenance is materially different from what it was last year?

Mr. Loughlin. There would be a slight difference, the increased cost of maintenance would be increased.

Mr. Wolf. By what reason?

Mr. Loughlin. Of wood, and so forth, that we supply.

Mr. Wolf. When you prepare that statement will you give it to us?

Mr. Loughlin. Yes, sir.

(Mr. Loughlin was thereupon excused and retired).

JAMES F. MORRISON, called, sworn by the Chairman, and examined as follows:

Mr. Wolf. What is your residence?

Mr. Morrison. No. 810 South Third Street, Philadelphia.

Mr. Wolf. What is your official position?

Mr. Morrison. Chief Clerk, Department of Receiver of Taxes.

Mr. Wolf. How long have you been in the office of the Receiver of Taxes?

Mr. Morrison. Twenty years.

Mr. Wolf. In what wards is the poor tax assessed separately from the rest of the city taxes?

Mr. Morrison. Twenty-second, Forty-second, Twenty-third, Thirty-fifth and Forty-first wards.

Mr. Wolf. Will you state to the Committee whether or not that is an easy and economical method of collecting the poor tax?

Mr. Morrison. Very awkward.

Mr. Wolf. Why?

Mr. Morrison. It makes certain divisions of the Receiver of Taxes. There is a poor tax collector in Germantown and one in Frankford, and, I think, perhaps elsewhere. We have no connection with them in any way at all, they make no report to the Receiver of Taxes.

Mr. Wolf. Would it be easier for you to compute the amount of taxes due if it were all included in the one assessment?

Mr. Morrison. Very much easier. For instance, the city tax rate is one dollar and fifty cents, the suburban rate is one dollar per hundred valuation, and the farm rate is seventy-five cents; for the wards that I have just mentioned the city rate is one dollar and forty-five cents, the suburban rate is ninety-six and two-thirds, and the farm rate is seventy-two and a half cents, and there is some little difficulty in mental arithmetic when you get into those things.

Mr. Wolf. Does that necessitate extra collectors?

Mr. Morrison. I think it does. We seem to think that we have a most perfect system in the tax office. We have proved wards.

Mr. Wolf. I suppose that there is an unnecessary expense in the keeping of the assessment books for one thing, isn't there?

Mr. Morrison. I presume they have the same entry in the office of the Revision of Taxes in making up the books. The multiplication has to be made there in each district.

The Chairman. It necessarily must be very difficult and throw a great deal of work on the Receiver of Taxes, having now six figures to figure instead of three?

Mr. Morrison. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. If the taxes in those wards were collected by the Receiver of Taxes as the other wards are, do you think it would cost you more to do than it does now?

Mr. Morrison. Yes, and in addition to that it would be a great relief to the taxpayers.

Senator McConnell. In what way?

Mr. Morrison. For instance, a party owns a property in the Tenth Ward, one in the Twentieth, one in the Twenty-fifth, one in the Twenty-second and one in the Twenty-third, he pays most of the taxes to the Receiver of Taxes at the City Hall, but on those located in the wards where these poor boards are he has to pay the five, ten or fifteen cents to them, and if he should happen to go delinquent it costs him money.

The Chairman. Forty per cent.?

Mr. Morrison. Two hundred and forty per cent.

Senator McConnell. And it would not cost the city any more to cover those districts?

Mr. Morrison. I think it would cost less and it would minimize the work of the office in entering the bills.

Mr. Wolf. In other words, you think that the Receiver of Taxes could collect the taxes without it costing any more than it does now?

Mr. Morrison. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. And save what the collectors of taxes get in those wards?

Mr. Morrison. Providing the Board of Revision of Taxes would make the tax rate the same as in other wards. The Twenty-first ward has a different system and we collect the full rate there and then we divide it up with them.

Mr. Wolf. That is Roxborough?

Mr. Morrison. Yes, sir, Councils make an appropriation yearly and the Comptroller approves the bill for the Overseers of the Poor of Roxborough, and Councils make an appropriation of about forty-five to forty-six hundred dollars, and we draw a warrant and they go away happy, and in that way we collect the taxes of Roxborough, and as I understand it, the Roxborough Poor-house is only open to one part f the citizenship of that borough.

Senator McConnell. To a part only?

Mr. Morrison. Yes. A man living on the east side of the street may go to Roxborough Poor-house, but the poor fellow on the west side must go to Blockley, because he is not in that district. I am under the impression that Leverington Street divides the thing, but I am not sure as to the dividing line, but that could be gotten from the books of the Roxborough people.

Mr. Wolf. But in your mind would it be both economical and convenient to collect the poor tax by the city?

Mr. Morrison. Yes, and it would be of very great advantage to the taxpayers. For instance, a taxpayer lives at Chelton Avenue and Germantown Avenue, the poor tax collector is eighty hundred and something Chestnut Hill, he writes his check and sends it to us at one dollar and forty-five cents and then he must hunt up the other chap and send his taxes to him, and there is a very good salary attached to the tax collector of Germantown—it is worth about three or four thousand dollars a year.

(Mr. Morrison was thereupon excused and retired).

DR. HENRY SYKES, Chief Resident Physician, Philadelphia General Hospital, called, sworn by the chairman, and examined as follows:

Mr. Wolf. Where do you live?

Dr. Sykes. I live at the Philadelphia Hospital.

Mr. Wolf. Is the hospital the institution which takes care of the poor of Philadelphia.

Dr. Sykes. I have nothing to do with the indigent except to supply medical attention. The home for the indigent is separate from the Philadelphia General Hospital, but we have an interne whose duty it is to visit the female department, and they go to both, and our indigent patients have a doctor to see them every day and they are on call in case one should be sick.

The Chairman. You do that right from the hospital?

Dr. Sykes. Yes, in case they are sick.

Mr. Wolf. How far apart are they?

Dr. Sykes. The women right in the same grounds and the men on the other side of the street.

Mr. Wolf. One hundred yards away?

Dr. Sykes. Not that far.

Mr. Wolf. You have nothing to do with the conduct of the poor-house?

Dr. Sykes. Nothing except supply the medical attention.

Mr. Wolf. Do they require much medical attention?

Dr. Sykes. Yes, we have quite a considerable amount of attention to give them. We have a doctor to go over there twice a week and he is over there for a day dressing different sores of these different people. There is one thing that I want to tell you, we have to take these cases from the outlying districts whenever they get sick, and we get an order from the Board of Guardians from those districts and then they pay the Philadelphia Hospital to take care of them. In the case of consumption or erysipelas we have to take care of them.

The Chairman. In other words, all they do is to house the people of their districts when they are not sick?

Dr. Sykes. Yes, sir.

The Chairman. And when the poor fellow gets any further he has to go into the Philadelphia General Hospital?

Dr. Sykes. Yes.

(Dr. Sykes was thereupon excused and retired).

HENRY K. FRIES, sworn by the Chairman, and examined as follows:

Mr. Wolf. What is your residence?

Mr. Fries. No. 1350 Orthodox Street, Frankford.

Mr. Wolf. You are, I believe the solicitor for the Board of Poor Directors for Oxford and Lower Dublin?

Mr. Fries. Yes.

Mr. Wolf. And have been so since when?

Mr. Fries. I don't recall distinctly, I should say about four or five years, perhaps longer; it has been for some time.

Mr. Wolf. Do you remember the agitation in the early part of 1909 concerning the abolition of the poor-houses?

Mr. Fries. Yes, sir, that is the last session of the Legislature.

Mr. Wolf. Yes.

Mr. Fries. Yes, I do, very well.

Mr. Wolf. Do you remember that a special meeting was called at the end of March, 1909, at the residence of Mr. Hoff at your request to consider ways and means for defeating that bill?

Mr. Fries. Yes, I know that a meeting was called, I don't know just at whose request it was called, but there was such a meeting to discuss what we should do in the matter.

Mr. Wolf. Were you present?

Mr. Fries. Yes.

Mr. Wolf. At the meeting a resolution was passed, was it not, ordering a payment of six hundred dollars, five hundred dollars to pay an attorney and one hundred dollars for general expenses pertaining to the protest against this bill?

Mr. Fries. That is my impression, I think those figures are right, and I would like to say that we called that meeting and there were several citizens members of the community, and the matter was discussed by such institutions as the Frankford and Twenty-Third Ward Business Men and so on, and the community thought—as we got the drift of their opinion—that in view of the fact that that was an old institution prior to the consolidation of 1854 and that the district had refused to go into the consolidation with the city unless we should be allowed to maintain certain institutions, and the provision of that act was that those institutions should never be abolished except by vote of that district, we felt that it was not only our duty but our privilege to take such appropriate steps to oppose such action by the Legislature within reason, and to state the result of that meeting to the Legislature. Mr. Bell was retained as counsel along with myself, and we did go to Harrisburg and we had to investigate the law and the different questions bearing upon the organization and the rights of those institutions, and there were various actions taken by counsel, and so on, in connection with that matter.

Mr. Wolf. And do you remember whether or not the sum of five hundred dollars was paid to Mr. Bell?

Mr. Fries. That is my impression.

The Chairman. How much more did it cost?

Mr. Wolf. One hundred dollars for general expenses.

Mr. Fries. That was about the sum spent I think, but I have not looked ta the figures for two years.

Mr. Wolf. Had the matter been called to your attention by any one connected with the Poor District of Germantown?

Mr. Fries. I haven't any recollection of anything of that kind.

(Mr. Fries asked permission of the Chairman to present on behalf of the Poor Directors of Oxford and Lower Dublin, a statement of the cost of maintenance of that institution, which permission the Chairman granted).

(Mr. Fries was thereupon excused and retired).

Adjourned to meet at the office of the Chairman, Wesdnesday, January 18th, 1911, at 2 P. M.

POOR BOARD'S INVESTIGATION.

Philadelphia, Pa., January 18, 1911.

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POOR BOARD'S INVESTIGATION.

Philadelphia, Pa., January 18th, 1911.

Meeting held at the office of the Chairman, Hon. Clarence Wolf, Empire Building, Thirteenth and Walnut Streets, at 2 P. M., on the above date, pursuant to notice.

Present:

Hon. Clarence Wolf, Chairman,
Morris Wolf, Esq., Counsel for Committee,
Mr. Elmer Schlichter, Secretary.

Of Roxborough Poor Board:

Nathan L. Jones, President,
George C. Bowker, Esq., Counsel.

Oxford and Lower Dublin Poor Board:

George K. Hoff, President,
Linwood T. Holme, Secretary,
Casper M. Titus, Director,
Frank J. Martin, Director,
Samuel Kelly, Steward,
Henry K. Fries, Esq., Counsel.

Germantown Poor Board:

Matthew Adam.

Meeting called to order at 2.10 P. M., by the Chairman.

LINWOOD T. HOLME, heretofore sworn, recalled.

Mr. Wolf. You were present at a meeting of the Board on March 31st, 1909, at which it was decided to appropriate six hundred dollars for opposing the bills to abolish poor-houses at Harrisburg?

Mr. Holme. Yes, sir.

Mr Wolf. You voted for that resolution?

Mr. Holme. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. At that time, by the way, there was a deficit in your account, was there not?

Mr. Holme. That might have been, I can't recall.

Mr. Wolf. What is your business?

Mr. Holme. I am in the grocery business.

Mr. Wolf. Under what name?

Mr. Holme. Holme Brothers.

Mr. Wolf. Anybody else in that business?

Mr. Holme. One brother.

Mr. Wolf. What is his name?

Mr. Holme. Richard T.

Mr. Wolf. Has Holme Brothers been supplying or furnishing supplies to your poor district?

Mr. Holme. Not by contract. When there is anything needed between boards in a small way they perhaps would call at my place and get it.

Mr. Wolf. As a matter of fact, have you any idea how much goods you sold to the poor board during the year of 1910?

Mr. Holme. I have not, no, sir.

Mr. Wolf. I will read you the statement of them according to the minutes, and ask whether, as far as you know, they are correct: January 20th, 1910, Holme Brothers, $85.50; February 1st, 1910, Holme Brothers, $77.29; March 17th, 1910, Holme Brothers, $83.69; April 21st, 1910, Holme Brothers, $69.16; May 19th, 1910, Holme Brothers, $62.87; June 16th, 1910, Holme Brothers, $59.76; July 21st, 1910, Holme Brothers, $82.94; August 16th, 1910, Holme Brothers, $36.76; September 15th, 1910, Holme Brothers $56.62; October 20th, 1910, Holme Brothers, $116.65; November 20th, 1910, Holme Brothers, $97.20; December 15th, 1910, minutes incomplete. In each case these figures are marked for supplies, are they correct to the best of your knowledge?

Mr. Holme. To the best of my knowledge they are correct.

Mr. Wolf. What was your position on the board during the time these supplies were furnished?

Mr. Holme. Secretary.

Mr. Wolf. And this minute book from which I have read the figures is your record?

Mr. Holme. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. During what period has Holme Brothers been supplying goods to the poor district—for how long?

Mr. Holme. More or less since I have been a member of the board.

Mr. Wolf. In making up your appropriation for each meeting I see that according to the minutes a gross sum is given to each one of the directors; is that correct?

Mr. Holme. The Directors bring in a bill for all the goods supplied, that is to save work for the secretary and treasurer; the bills that are given to him are bunched together and a statement made up from it, and the total amount of it given to the Finance Committee for auditing, and if they find those bills correct they authorize an order drawn on the treasurer to pay those bills, and the order drawn is for a lump sum.

Mr. Wolf. Are those bills kept?

Mr. Holme. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. Who has them?

Mr. Holme. I have them.

Mr. Wolf. Are they entered on the books?

Mr. Holme. Yes, each one.

Mr. Wolf. We will take the last minutes which you have complete, that of November 20th, 1910, I see, for instance there that an order was drawn to you for $413.28, one of the items of which is this: "Holme Brothers, relief, $87.75," now where is there any further items?

Mr. Holme. The bill is itemized on the bunch of bills that is given to the committee.

Mr. Wolf. Is there any record kept of that bunch of bills?

Mr. Holme. I don't exactly know what you mean.

Mr. Wolf. Is there any way in which you can tell what the $87.75 is for?

Mr. Holme. Yes.

Mr. Wolf. Where is that?

Mr. Holme. A bill presented at the meeting.

Mr. Wolf. Who keeps the bill?

Mr. Holme. I do, as secretary.

Mr. Wolf. Have you them here?

Mr. Holme. No, but the bills are pinned together and added up.

Mr. Wolf. I understand then that when, for instanse an order is made to pay Mr. Martin $103.00 for the relief of Frankford that you have an itemized bill showing what the item is?

Mr. Holme. Yes.

Mr. Wolf. And that you keep those bills?

Mr. Holme. Yes.

Mr. Wolf. And that you have what it is for?

Mr. Holme. Yes, sir, we heard that another institution did that so as to save trouble for making out an order for every little grocer or butcher that furnished things like that, and that director is responsible for that amount of money, and those bills are all tacked together in one bunch.

Mr. Wolf. During the time that you were secretary your poor district borrowed money from A. C. Shallcross, is that correct?

Mr. Holme. He was authorized as treasurer to supply the money.

Mr. Wolf. Well, on the 17th of June, 1907, I notice an entry that you paid notes of Mr. Shallcross amounting to about ten thousand dollars, was that money loaned by Mr. Shallcross?

Mr. Holme. That I couldn't say positively; he as treasurer furnished the money.

Mr. Wolf. Do you know where he got it?

Mr. Holme. I couldn't exactly tell that, whether it was his own personal money, or whether the money of the Second National Bank. I don't know.

Mr. Wolf. Did the board pay wages to the inmates of the poor-house who did work there?

Mr. Holme. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. How long has that been done?

Mr. Holme. I guess that has always been done.

Mr. Wolf. Did you charge them for the cost of maintaining them?

Mr. Holme. No. The way that is done is if the steward thinks a certain man does work, and does it faithfully, that he should receive a small compensation, and he pays him. I think the highest paid is one dollar a week.

Mr. Wolf. During the year from April, 1909, to April, 1910, do you know whether your expenses were running over your income?

Mr. Holme. They may have been a little over, but one reason about that is that our money comes in at so irregular a time, and we have to take money at one time and then straighten up another.

Mr. Wolf. As a matter of fact, in the year from April 1, 1909, to April 1, 1910, your expenses were about five thousand dollars greater than your income, weren't they?

Mr. Holme. That I could not tell.

Mr. Wolf. Will you look at the statement in your book and tell me.

Mr. Holme. (Referring to book.) That seems to be wrong.

Mr. Wolf. For the year ending April 15, 1910, you received from land damages nineteen thousand dollars which you took in as a receipt?

Mr. Holme. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. At the same time you paid off notes and mortgages amounting to $12,831.79?

Mr. Holme. Yes, sir; that is right.

Mr. Wolf. The difference between them was extraordinary receipts, was it not, and that represented the balance between what you had gotten for your land and the notes you paid off?

Mr. Holme. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. That amounts to about sixty-two hundred dollars?

Mr. Holme. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. And at the end of the year your balance was $1,231.31?

Mr. Holme. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. In other words, about five thousand dollars less?

Mr. Holme. Yes, sir.

The Chairman. Five thousand dollars of the capital account was used in the maintenance, is that right?

Mr. Holme. That is the way it looks.

Mr. Wolf. Is that correct?

Mr. Holme. I guess those figures are right, but not being an expert at figures I kept the account from month to month.

Mr. Wolf. Do you have any religious discrimination at your home?

Mr. Holme. No, sir.

Mr. Wolf. Do you have any religious services?

Mr. Holme. Yes, twice a month.

Mr. Wolf. For which the board has authorized a payment?

Mr. Holme. Of five dollars a month.

Mr. Wolf. When are those services held?

Mr. Holme. I couldn't say whether it was the first or the middle.

Mr. Wolf. On what day?

Mr. Holme. Sunday.

Mr. Wolf. By whom?

Mr. Holme. We have a Baptist clergyman that comes twice a month.

Mr. Wolf. Have you ever been present at the services?

Mr. Holme. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. Would you say that the services are entirely undenominational?

Mr. Holme. Entirely so; yes, sir. For instance, I went there one Sunday afternoon, and it was the date of the services, and I stayed there.

(Mr. Fries, counsel for the Oxford and Lower Dublin Poor Board, requests permission to ask the witness a few questions, which permission was thereupon granted by the Chairman.)

Mr. Fries. You have been asked about the deficiency for the year ending 1910; isn't it a fact that certain floating indebtedness was paid off in the year's expenses?

Mr. Holme. That I couldn't say, Mr. Fries, because it might be in this twelve thousand dollars or notes and mortgages.

Mr. Fries. Were they not certain special improvements made during that year?

Mr. Holme. Yes, sir; we had a laundry put in which the steward thought it would be convenient to have, and I think that was during the year.

Mr. Fries. In the first place, I want to call your attention to the notes and mortgages, $12,831.79; what does that item refer to, and explain to this committee the payment of that twelve thousand dollars during that year?

Mr. Holme. That was a note that we had been carrying for eighty-five hundred dollars; I can't tell the exact time, but there was a resolution passed by the board that we were to borrow four thousand dollars for improvements we put in; we put in a heating plant and that was eighteen hundred dollars; we put in electric lights—we used to use lamps—and we painted the institution, especially the outside, and that all came to twenty-eight hundred dollars, and we had only borrowed four thousand dollars, and twenty-eight hundred of that is included.

The Chairman. However, that doesn't get away with the proposition of having received nineteen thousand dollars and paying off $12,831.79; there is a difference between your surplus and the amount expended of pretty near five thousand dollars, and it doesn't make any difference what the improvements consisted of.

Mr. Fries. But that was a floating indebtedness that was created years before and was wiped out as soon as we found that we were in funds.

The Chairman. But you want to show that the amount, between those two amounts, is the difference in the treasury of five thousand dollars, which you used during that year?

Mr. Fries. That item of credit of twelve thousand dollars showed that we had extraordinary expenses during that period.

The Chairman. You must have run back five thousand dollars and have taken it out of the nineteen thousand dollars, and taken it out of your receipts?

Mr. Fries. That is true, but that doesn't show in the way of a floating indebtedness.

Mr. Fries. There is another question that I want to ask you. There is an item of $7,233.40 paid to Norristown Hospital for insane patients, which is charged up to the Oxford and Lower Dublin Institution; doesn't that include more that a year's bill for that institution?

Mr. Holme. Yes, sir; our bill is about four thousand dollars each year.

The Chairman. Then you actually was not showing a true balance the year before—you were carrying that along as an indebtedness?

Mr. Holme. Yes, sir.

Mr. Fries. Won't you explain the fact and the way the money comes into the institution? Do people pay evenly throughout the year, or almost altogether at the end of the year?

Mr. Holme. There may be no money paid during this month, and perhaps during the year may be two hundred dollars from the collectors, and during December, perhaps, we would get three thousand dollars, and I suppose at the next meeting there will be about four thousand dollars paid in.

Mr. Fries. So that during the year to get revenue to run the institution—how do you get your money?

Mr. Wolf. We have gone over that already.

Mr. Fries. I beg pardon, I did not know that.

Mr. Wolf. I see that you charge for the board of the insane and the Philadelphia Hospital a little over seventy-one hundred dollars, do you not?

Mr. Holme. I guess that is right.

Mr. Wolf. I also see that that year you had a deficit of $5.15, although you borrowed $29,100 and paid only $25,000; in other words, there was a deficit of over four thousand dollars, wasn't there?

Mr. Holme. That is right. Wouldn't that be what Mr. Fries spoke about going over from year to year, and then you must remember that that note was discounted many times.

Mr. Wolf. As a matter of fact how long have you been running back each year?

Mr. Holme. Mr. Chairman, since the outside relief has gotten so heavy that has been our greatest trouble. It is the outside relief. We seem to think we must help the outside poor, and it makes our bills count up, and if it wasn't for what we give outside we would have a much nicer financial statement.

(Mr. Holme was thereupon excused and retired.)

FRANK J. MARTIN, called, sworn by the Chairman, and examined as follows:

Mr. Wolf. Where do you live?

Mr. Martin. 5000 Tacony Street.

Mr. Wolf. You are a director of the poor board of Oxford and Lower Dublin?

Mr. Martin. I am.

Mr. Wolf. How long have you been such?

Mr. Martin. One term of two years. I am now on my second term, previous to that I served two years, which is one term, and then I went from that into the school board for a couple of terms, and back into the poor board again.

Mr. Wolf. What is your business?

Mr. Martin. Grocer.

Mr. Wolf. Have you supplied any groceries to the poor board?

Mr. Martin. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. During how long a period?

Mr. Martin. Well, perhaps a few times during the past six months, as near as my memory serves me, that has been for a few things that the steward has asked me to furnish during the contract periods.

Mr. Wolf. In September, according to the minute book, you supplied $77.86 worth of supplies, and in October, $38.12 worth; in November, $98.17 worth; are those figures correct to the best of your information?

Mr. Martin. I presume they are.

Mr. Wolf. There was no concealment of the fact that you were supplying those things?

Mr. Martin. No, sir.

Mr. Wolf. Just to make it complete, in November you are said to have supplied $41.58 worth of things, is that correct as far as you know?

Mr. Martin. I presume it is.

Mr. Wolf. How do your present directors at the meetings make the statement of the amount for which you desire a warrant? I see each meeting that you give a lump sum for what they call "relief;" in what form do you present your bill for that?

Mr. Martin. I present it in this way: I perhaps will give a number of orders on a coal merchant for relief for those who have no coal, the worthy poor that live in our district, and he presents his bill itemized, which he furnishes to me—a quarter of a ton to Mrs. So and So, giving the names and addresses, and then I have a list of the relief for groceries and food, which is rendered in the same way; Mrs. Smith, one dollar; Mrs. Jones, two dollars, as the case may be.

Mr. Wolf. And do you bring all those bills to the meetings?

Mr. Martin. I give every one of those names and the amounts, but not the items that each bill calls for.

(Mr. Martin was thereupon excused and retired.)

CASPER M. TITUS, called, sworn by the Chairman, and examined as follows:

Mr. Wolf. Where do you live?

Mr. Titus. Tacony, 6944 Torresdale Avenue.

Mr. Wolf. How long have you been a director of the Poor Board of Oxford and Lower Dublin?

Mr. Titus. I think about twelve years, as near as my memory serves me.

Mr. Wolf. What is your business?

Mr. Titus. Blacksmith, horseshoer and wagon builder, and general repairer.

Mr. Wolf. Have you done any work for the Poor Board?

Mr. Titus. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. According to the minute book you were paid July 15, 1909, $25.80 for horse shoeing and wagon repair; on August 19, 1909, $4 for manure; on December 16, 1909, $24 for wagon repairs; on September 15, 1910, $15.75 for shoeing; are those items correct?

Mr. Titus. I believe they are. They sound all right to me.

Mr. Wolf. Were you a director of the board during the time that the bills were paid?

Mr. Titus. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. There was no concealment of the fact that you were doing the work?

Mr. Titus. None whatever. I am not the only man that does horse-shoeing for the institution. I simply do what they have to do done in the case of an emergency, and in all it won't amount to more than eighty or ninety dollars a year.

(Mr. Titus was thereupon excused and retired).

SAMUEL KELLY, heretofore sworn, recalled.

Mr. Wolf. Will you please state the system that you use in paying the inmates of the home for work that they do, Mr. Kelly?

Mr. Kelly. We only pay one, that is, a permanent position, the assistant cook, and one that takes care of the bed, and the barber, and just the ones that work steadily all the time, from two dollars a week to fifty cents. We have only seven people that we pay.

Mr. Wolf. Then the maximum payment would be how much per week?

Mr. Kelly. It would average about forty dollars a month.

Mr. Wolf. Do you make any charge against those people for the cost of their maintenance?

Mr. Kelly. No, sir.

Mr. Wolf. How many are there who are paid?

Mr. Kelly. Seven.

Mr. Wolf. And those seven are supported entirely by the institution?

Mr. Kelly. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. They pay nothing for board or lodging?

Mr. Kelly. No, sir. They are our own inmates.

Mr. Wolf. What are the names of those who are on your roll and are paid, can you give them to me?

Mr. Kelly. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. Who are they?

Mr. Kelly. Charles Stoker, two dollars a week; James Kendrick, two dollars a week; Viola Jones, she gets two dollars a week; James Royal, the barber, one dollar a week; Mike Morgan, he looks after the heater and he gets one dollar a week, and the man who feeds the pigs, Joseph Peak, he gets one dollar a week, and John Hague, fifty cents a week.

(Mr. Kelly was thereupon excused and retired).

GEORGE K. HOFF, heretofore sworn, recalled.

Mr. Wolf. Can you tell us anything about the transaction which resulted in Mr. Shallcross having notes amounting to ten thousand dollars?

Mr. Hoff. Well, I think I can. I will give you a truthful statement. I have been in that board a great many years and ever since I have been in the board, as our attorney will tell you, there has been no penalty for not paying the taxes, and the first six or seven or eight months in the year if we do not borrow this money on notes we wouldn't have any money to pay out. That has been the course of procedure ever since I have been in the board. It was when I went there and it has been carried on in that way years before I went into the board.

The Chairman. You just use it to tide you over?

Mr. Hoff. Yes sir, and sometimes those notes had to be renewed until the latter part of the year when the money came in.

Mr. Wolf. When you borrowed money, Mr. Hoff, did you borrow it from Mr. Shallcross personally? Was it Mr. Shallcross who loaned you the money?

Mr. Hoff. The notes were drawn in favor of Mr. Shallcross.

Mr. Wolf. What interest was paid on the notes?

Mr. Hoff. It is right in the book. I think six per cent.

Mr. Wolf. Has the institution been run at a loss as long as you have been familiar with it?

Mr. Hoff. We do so much outside relief that it did get a little behind, but I have seen the time when they were pretty well caught up. Sometimes people would be out of work for a week or two, and we would give them a dollar or two to tide them over, and that is what we would do.

Mr. Wolf. As a matter of fact, you don't at any time put any limit on the amount which may be spent during any month for outside relief?

Mr. Hoff. No, sir.

Mr. Wolf. I mean you do not make up a budget, for example, to find out what your probable income will be and then apportion the amount which you will spend?

Mr. Hoff. We have never done it, but we have thought of doing it.

Mr. Wolf. It would be advisable, would it not?

Mr. Hoff. It would, yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. You have paid off the second mortgage on your property, haven't you?

Mr. Hoff. There is one mortgage of ten thousand dollars, I believe that is all against the place.

The Chairman. You still owe ten thousand dollars?

Mr. Hoff. Yes, there is a statement of that in the account.

(Mr. Hoff was thereupon excused and retired).

(Mr. Fries, Counsel for the Oxford and Lower Dublin Poor Board, requests permission to make a statement, which permission was granted by the Chairman).

Mr. Fries. I would like to say that ever since the year 1907, known as the "panic" year, our district being markedly a manufacturing district, there has been an unusual demand for outdoor relief, and there has been a slight deficiency during those years, and last year a more substantial one. We felt that we could meet those conditions of affairs because we had an award of nineteen thousand dollars from a road jury, but prior to this year the Finance Committee went over that proposition and made a recommendation to the Board which will be acted upon to-morrow evening, to confine our expenses entirely within our revenue and to make up our fixed charges for running expenses so as to bring it within our income—in other words to make our revenue and expenses balance one another. Now there is another matter that I wish to mention, and that is as to the borrowed money: So far as the notes are borrowed from Mr. Shallcross, while he has had entire charge of it, as appears on the books in connection with him, the loans are actually negotiated at the Second National Bank, Frankford, and there is where the money comes from, and Mr. Shallcross is merely the go-between in arranging that matter.

The Chairman. But don't you think it is rather a bad method that your people can go and actually distribute relief without any limitation? Now, suppose that you had a man who was inclined to give away say two or three hundred dollars a month, you would have to pay it, according to the methods you have heretofore in vogue.

Mr. Fries. That institution out there, Senator, is an old institution and the directors, without any recompense whatever, have devoted their time to the management of that institution, and they have always been men of standing and integrity in the community, and only such have been elected for those positions, and they investigate each particular case that comes to them. We have been allowed a very large discretion as to the granting of relief to the needy and distressed, and the question of outdoor relief is a peculiar one, and it has been carried on out there for over one hundred years, and the people look upon us as a fixed institution, and we feel that it does a great deal of good, and we have very often to tide over people who are temporarily out of work and prevent them from becoming a charge on the community, and in that district out there everybody knows everybody else, and most of us know—who have lived there all our lives—more than half the inmates of that institution. The older people, most of them, have known better days, and we feel that we are doing a little bit more for them than is being done in any other locality or institution, and while I appreciate that they have quite a large discretion as to how much they should be allowed to expend on this work, yet you would be surprised at the discussions that take place at the meetings, and if a director's bills are large his attention is called to it and he is asked why the bills should not be cut down.

The Chairman. I have no doubt that the directors work for the benefit of the community, but the method is wrong, and you may get there some day a man who is not honest and then what would happen?

Mr. Fries. We have had over one hundred years of clean record, and I think that a man who would use his office out there unfairly would not last very long in that institution, because our institution out there has been carried on largely independent of political influence, that is to say, there has never been very much politics in the board of directors, and as long as a man performs his duties faithfully he is continued term after term, and we are not interfered with by political influence or anything of that kind.

Mr. Wolf. As a matter of fact, isn't it true that the furnishing of supplies to the board by members of the board is directly contrary to law?

Mr. Fries. That is a very difficult question to approach. That question has been raised once or twice. A proceeding was brought before Magistrate Isenbrown in which there was a man arrested and the director was discharged as there was really nothing in the charge. And there was an application at one time to the Attorney General of the State, and I think in that case District Attorney George S. Graham was deputized to investigate the matter, but there it was held that a director could furnish incidental matters to the institution as a matter of convenience, and things of that sort. You see, our mass of supplies are advertised for and we have contracts and things of that sort, but there is the matter of furnishing outside relief, temporarily, to some one particular person in a hurry in order to prevent dire distress, and the amounts as furnished by the directors are very trifling, as for instance in the Frankford district.

The Chairman. But it is something that should be absolutely defined. For instance, a man supplying one hundred dollars' worth of stuff—that amounts to nothing, but suppose some day these men that you speak of be not men of probity and you had somebody that would "work" your institution, don't you think that would be bad

Mr. Fries. I concede your point entirely, but that is a matter that has been in existence for years, that is to say, this temporary matter of furnishing certain supplies upon certain occasions and giving out orders, but I can't see how it can be very much abused, and I know that our institution would be quite willing to rearrange anything of that sort so as to make it free from criticisms of that kind. In Mr. Holme's district there are twenty-five to forty grocers who furnish the bulk of supplies and use it in other districts.

NATHAN L. JONES, heretofore sworn, recalled.

Mr. Wolf. We examined the treasurer of your board at the last meeting and tried to get some explanation of certain items which appeared in your books, the explanation perhaps can be supplemented by you. In the first place, I see that the salary of the president has been increased from fifty dollars to one hundred dollars, is that correct?

Mr. Jones. That is right.

Mr. Wolf. And of the treasurer from fifty dollars to one hundred and twenty-five dollars, is that correct?

Mr. Jones. Yes.

Mr. Wolf. There does not seem to be any resolution authorizing that increase?

Mr. Jones. That was a mistake of the secretary in not putting that down. It was passed at the annual meeting in March, 1909.

Mr. Wolf. By whom?

Mr. Jones. The Board of Directors.

Mr. Wolf. There is an item in this book on October 21, 1909, "Traveling expenses $125.00," can you tell me what that was?

Mr. Jones. I presume that was expenses to the Bradford convention.

Mr. Wolf. That was always paid from the poor board receipts?

Mr. Jones. Yes, sir.

Mr. Wolf. There is another item on December 9, 1909, "extra expenses of outside relief, $275.00," can you tell me what that is?

Mr. Jones. I may not be able to tell you the item, but the general extraordinary outdoor relief is of that character. For instance, we hear of a case of distress from a physician or clergyman or somebody else of reputation that somebody is temporarily out of employment—people who have not received assistance from the overseers of the poor and who would not if they knew that it came from that source, and some of those people are poor but proud, and when they get the relief they never know where the relief comes from, and an order is drawn for it. And here is a case in point: A short time ago my attention was called to the case of a poor girl who was about to become a mother, and two physicians were sent for and they refused to go on account of the poverty of the family, and when it was brought to us we sent our physician, and when he got there he found the hand of the child protruding from the mother's womb, and it took that physician probably six or eight weeks to get her around, but of course the child died.

Mr. Wolf. I understand that the ordinary outside relief expenses, but I find no entry on the books containing any lump sum not itemized any further than "extra expenses and outside relief, $275.00?"

Mr. Jones: That is the character of the relief so that no one coming in contact with the books whether it was done for such a case as this young girl, as we think there would be too much stigma attached to these people if it became known.

Mr. Wolf. Is there any way in which it would be possible to scrutinize that expense of $275.00?

Mr. Jones. When the bills are presented they are itemized and an order drawn on the treasurer for that amount.

Mr. Wolf. I see an item on September 8th, 1910, "traveling expenses, $150.00," is that also for attendance at the convention?

Mr. Jones. Partially so, and part of it is steward's and matron's traveling expenses. The matron and the steward in making up their traveling expenses it used to be charged to "household accounts." For instance, taking patients to

Blockley and to Norristown, and making purchases for the institution, such as shoes—that used to be charged to household accounts, but during the last two years that was charged to traveling expenses and that brings down our per capita to where it belongs.

Mr. Wolf. Do you have religious services at the home?

Mr. Jones. Not regularly. For instance a Baptist minister may go there once a month and have services.

Mr. Wolf. Do you pay any minister for the services?

Mr. Jones. No, sir, they are only too glad to go without compensation.

Mr. Wolf. You have kept at the Manayunk Trust Company on deposit the sum of about seven thousand dollars?

Mr. Jones. About eight thousand I think.

Mr. Wolf. For several years uninvested, haven't you, Mr. Jones?

Mr. Jones. I am glad you ask that question. That was a legacy left from the old board of directors before I became a member, and part of that was from the sale of goods to the Park, and we put that in the Manayunk Trust Company and it draws three and a half per cent. and where the remaining four thousand dollars come from I do not know.

(Mr. Bowker, of counsel for the Roxborough Poor Board, requests permission to ask the witness a few questions, which permission was granted by the Chairman).

Mr. Bowker. If any of your people die you bury them yourself?

Mr. Jones. Yes, sir, we do.

Mr. Bowker. Where?

Mr. Jones. Leverington Cemetery, Roxborough.

Mr. Bowker. I want to call your attention to this fact: I talked with Mr. Wharton after the last meeting and he took the entire expense of the institution in estimating the per capita cost of maintenance. In other words, he included the cost of outdoor relief and the cost of maintenance in Norristown and Blockley, which of course wasn't paid out on the same basis as the per capita cost at the Philadelphia Hospital. In other words, the per capita cost per week at Roxborough would be very much less, because he has included in it the items for outdoor relief, and the Philadelphia Hospital amount in the neighborhood to $2,595.71 in a total of $6,447.62, which should not have been in there. I asked him after the meeting if that was included and he said it was, and of course in getting at the estimated cost of maintenance there is only one way to do it, and that is to use the same figures in all cases.

MATTHEW ADAM, called, sworn by the Chairman, and examined as follows:

Mr. Wolf. Where do you live?

Mr. Adam. No. 300 East Bringhurst Street, Germantown.

Mr. Wolf. Were you the secretary of the Germantown Poor Board?

Mr. Adam. No, sir. I acted as secretary I think at one meeting.

Mr. Wolf. The meeting at which you acted as secretary was a special meeting called to approve a payment made to Mr. Reilly for expenses incurred in opposing legislation at Harrisburg, is that correct?

Mr. Adam. No, it was not a meeting called to approve that. I think it was the meeting that made that appropriation.

Mr. Wolf. Will you give us as accurately as you remember it a statement of the purposes for which Mr. Reilly stated that money was asked?

Mr. Adam. Well, as near as I can remember the movement to abolish the poor-house caught us by surprise and we did not know what steps we were going to take to fight it, and after discussing the matter amongst the directors we appropriated the sum of eight hundred dollars and turned it over to Mr. Reilly to use it as he thought best.

Mr. Wolf. You placed no restriction upon him as to the manner in which it should be used?

Mr. Adam. No, we did not.

Mr. Wolf. And he did not make any declaration as to the manner in which he was going to use it?

Mr. Adam. No, sir, he did not, but I think that the money was used to take a delegation to Harrisburg.

Mr. Wolf. You did not get any itemized statement of the way in which the money had been expended?

Mr. Adam. We did not get any statement, but we knew exactly what it was spent for.

Mr. Wolf. As a matter of fact, how did you select the people who were sent up to Harrisburg?

Mr. Adam. We issued invitations to them.

Mr. Wolf. In those invitations you offered to pay their expenses?

Mr. Adam. We did not offer to pay their expenses, I do not know exactly or don't exactly just recollect how it was worded, but we sent cards out to a number of people asking them if they would be willing to go to Harrisburg on a certain date, with the intimation that transportation would be furnished to them.

The Chairman. Mr. Adam, have you a copy or can you procure for this Committee a copy of the card which you issued?

Mr. Adam. No, sir, I don't think I could. I think they were taken up on the train.

(Mr. Adam was thereupon excused and retired).

REPORT OF DELAWARE RIVER TOLL BRIDGE COMMISSION TO THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA.

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Gentlemen:—Under Act of March 15, 1909, Pamphlet Laws of 1909, page thirty-four, the undersigned were created a Commission.

"To act with a commission on the part of New York and a commission on the part of New Jersey, or either of them; whose duty it shall be to proceed to ascertain the number of bridges crossing the Delaware River between the States of Pennsylvania and New Jersey, and between the States of Pennsylvania and New York, or either of them; the number of which are vehicle and foot bridges, or both; which such vehicle and foot bridges can collect tolls, under their charters, for the transportation of freight, merchandise, vehicles, animals or persons, and, if so, to designate the same; and to ascertain the probable value of all bridges entitled to collect tolls, the probable price for which such toll bridges can be purchased—with a view of purchase—and report their findings to the Legislature of Pennsylvania; and if such toll bridges cannot be purchased at a price consistent with their value, in the opinion of said Commission, to ascertain the probable cost of condemning the same for State purposes—and to report their findings to the Legislature of Pennsylvania; and to ascertain those bridges, whether vehicle or foot, or both, which are already free from toll charges, by whom owned and how maintained; and to ascertain if any charters exist for bridges that are not now actually constructed or in course of construction—and to report their findings to the Legislature of Pennsylvania."

The Commission appointed in accordance with said resolution therefore have the honor to report:

That on the 24th day of June, 1910, the members of said Commission, appointed by the Hon. Edwin S. Stuart, Governor of the Commonwealth, met in the City of Philadelphia, and organized by electing Alfred Marvin, Chairman, Miles C. Rowland, Secretary, and Clarence J. Buckman, Treasurer.

That on the 21st day of July, 1910, the said Commission met in the City of Port Jervis, New York, together with Hon. Winslow M. Mead, the Deputy Superintendent of Public Works of the State of New York, representing the State of New York under a Commission similar to that under which this Commission is acting on the part of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The said joint commissions made a personal tour of inspection of the bridges crossing the Delaware River between the State of New York and Pennsylvania, beginning at the New York and New Jersey State line at Port Jervis, New York, and Matamoras, Pennsylvania, and ending at Hancock, Delaware County, New York, beyond which village the Delaware River is wholly within the State of New York.

That on the 30th day of August, 1910, the said Commission met in the City of Trenton, New Jersey, together with the Commission on behalf of the State of New Jersey, similar to that of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and the said joint commissions made a personal tour of inspection of the bridges crossing the Delaware River, between the States of Pennsylvania and New Jersey, beginning with the lower bridge connecting the City of Trenton, New Jersey, with the Borough of Morrisville, Pennsylvania, and ending at Milford, Pennsylvania.

That this Commission has had correspondence with the various corporations owning the said bridges, and from information received and personal inspection report their findings as follows:

1. That the total number of bridges crossing the Delaware River between the States of Pennsylvania and New Jersey is sixteen, and between the States of Pennsylvania and New York is eleven, making a total of twenty-seven. That the aggregate length of the said twenty-seven bridges is eighteen thousand and twenty-eight (18,028) feet.

2. That the number of said bridges which are vehicle and foot bridges is twenty-seven.

3. That the number of said bridges which can collect tolls under their charters for the transportation of freight, vehicles, merchandise, animals or persons, is twenty-seven, and are as follows:

1. Trenton Delaware Bridge Company, connecting Morrisville Borough, Bucks County, Pennsylvania, and City of Trenton, Mercer County, New Jersey, length 980 feet. Estimated number of people served 92,000.

2. Trenton City Bridge Company, connecting Morrisville Borough, Bucks County, Pennsylvania, and City of Trenton, Mercer County, New Jersey, length 1050 feet. Estimated number of people served 92,000.

3. Yardleyville Delaware Bridge Company, connecting Borough of Yardley, Bucks County, Pennsylvania and village of Wilburtha, Mercer County, New Jersey. Length 906 feet. Estimated number of people served 5,000.

4. Taylorsville Delaware Bridge Company and Washington's Crossing Delaware Bridge Company, connecting village of Taylorsville, Bucks County, Pennsylvania, and the village of Washington's Crossing, Mercer County, New Jersey. Length 885 feet. Estimated number of people served 1,500.

5. New Hope Delaware Bridge Company, connecting Borough of New Hope, Bucks County, Pennsylvania, and City of Lambertville, Hunderton County, New Jersey. Length 1030 feet. Estimated number of people served 12,000.

6. The Center Bridge Company connecting village of Center Bridge, Bucks County, Pennsylvania, and Borough of Stock-

ton, Hunderton County, New Jersey. Length 840 feet. Estimated number of people served 5,000.

7. Lumberville Delaware Bridge Company, connecting the village of Lumberville, Bucks County, Pennsylvania, and village of Raven Rock, Hunderton County, New Jersey. Length 710 feet. Estimated number of people served 1,500.

8. Point Pleasant Delaware Bridge Company, connecting the village of Point Pleasant, Bucks County, Pennsylvania, with the village of Byram, Hunderton County, New Jersey. Length 894 feet. Estimated number of people served 4,000.

9. Alexandria Delaware Bridge Company, connecting the village of Uhlertown, Bucks County, Pennsylvania, and the Borough of Frenchtown, Hunderton County, New Jersey. Length 966 feet. Estimated number of people served 5,000.

10. Milford Delaware Bridge Company, connecting the village of Upper Black Eddy, Bucks County, Pennsylvania, and the village of Milford, Hunderton County, New Jersey. Length 678 feet. Estimated number of people served 1,500.

11. Reigelsville Delaware Bridge Company connecting the village of Reigelsville, Bucks County, Pennsylvania, and the village of Reigelsville, Warren County, New Jersey. Length 600 feet. Estimated number of people served 3,000.

12. President Managers & Company for erecting a bridge over the River Delaware at the Borough of Easton, connecting the City of Easton, Northampton County, Pennsylvania, with the City of Phillipsburg, Warren County, New Jersey. Length 550 feet. Estimated number of people served 60,000.

13. Columbia Delaware Bridge Company, connecting the Borough of Portland, Northampton County, Pennsylvania, and the village of Columbia, Warren County, New Jersey. Length 800 feet. Estimated number of people served 9,000.

14. Belvidere Delaware Bridge Company, connecting the village of Riverton, Northampton County, Pennsylvania, and the Borough of Belvidere, Warren County, New Jersey. Length 650 feet. Estimated number of people served 20,000.

15. Dingman's Choice and Delaware Bridge Company, connecting the village of Dingman's Ferry, Pike County, Pennsylvania, with the village of Laytons, Sussex County, New Jersey. Length 544 feet. Estimated number of people served 2,500.

16. The President Managers & Company for erecting a bridge over the River Delaware near the town of Milford, connecting the Borough of Milford, Pike County, Pennsylvania, and township of Montague, Sussex County, New Jersey. Length 530 feet. Estimated number of people served 3,000.

17. Barret Bridge Company, connecting Borough of Matamoras, Pike County, Pennsylvania, and City of Port Jervis, New York. Length 620 feet. Estimated number of people served 20,000.

18. Pond Eddy Bridge Company, connecting village of Flagstone, Pike County, Pennsylvania, and village of Pond Eddy, Sullivan County, New York. Length 526 feet. Estimated number of people served 2,000. This bridge is owned by the township of Lumberland, Sullivan County, New York, and is free from toll.

19. Barryville and Shohola Suspension Bridge Company, connecting the village of Shohola, Pike County, Pennsylvania, and village of Barryville, Sullivan County, New York. Length 496 feet. Estimated number of people served 4,000.

20. Highland and Lackawaxen Bridge Company connecting the township of Lackawaxen, Pike County, Pennsylvania, and township of Highland, Sullivan County, New York. Length 600 feet. Estimated number of people served 3,000.

21. Narrowsburg Bridge Company, connecting township of Damascus, Wayne County, Pennsylvania, and village of Narrowsburgh, Sullivan County, New York. Length 252 feet. Estimated number of people served 10,000.

22. Milanville Bridge Company, connecting village of Milanville, Wayne County, Pennsylvania, and village of Skinners Falls, Sullivan County, New York. Length 468 feet. Estimated number of people served 2,700.

23. Cochecton Bridge Company connecting the village of Damascus, Wayne County, Pennsylvania, and village of Cochecton, Sullivan County, New York. Length 369 feet. Estimated number of people served 2,700.

24. Callicoon Bridge Company, connecting township of Damascus, Wayne County, Pennsylvania, and village of Callicoon, Sullivan County, New York. Length 940 feet. Estimated number of people served 4,000

25. Little Equinunk Bridge Company, connecting township of Manchester, Wayne County, Pennsylvania, and township of Freemont, Sullivan County, New York. Length 380 feet. Estimated number of people served 250.

26. Lordville and Equinunk Bridge Company, connecting village of Equinunk, Wayne County, Pennsylvania, and village of Lordville, Delaware County, New York. Length 364 feet. Estimated number of people served 3,000.

27. Chehocton Bridge Company, connecting township of Buckingham, Wayne County, Pennsylvania, and village of Hancock, Delaware County, New York. Length 400 feet. Estimated number of people served 8,000.

4. That the probable value of all the said bridges entitled to collect tolls (exclusive of the Pond Eddy Bridge) is $1,500,000.

5. That the probable price for which said toll bridges (exclusive of the Pond Eddy Bridge) can be purchased or condemned is $1,500,000.

6. That the only bridge which is already free from toll charges is the Pond Eddy Bridge connecting the village of Flagstone, in the County of Pike, Pennsylvania, with the village of Pond Eddy in the County of Sullivan, New York, and is owned by the Township of Lumberland, Sullivan County, New York, and maintained by said Township, said Township having purchased the same in the year 1893, paying therefor the sum of $28,900 and issuing bonds therefor of which $21,000 remains outstanding.

7. That no charters exist for bridges crossing the Delaware River which are not now actually constructed or in the course of construction.

From such findings, the following facts and deductions appear:

That as intercourse between townships and counties is free and uninterrupted, so should free ingress and egress to and from our Commonwealth be free and uninterrupted and without charge, let or hindrance.

We are in an era of great public road improvement and with the probability of a public highway system within our confines leading from one end of the State to the other. The public generally should have free access in coming into and going from our borders, and to accomplish this the toll bridges must be abolished.

There are, generally speaking, some four hundred thousands of people affected daily by the toll charges on the several bridges above mentioned, all of whom contribute sooner or later to a toll or charge for the use of these structures.

The whole State is benefited by the taxes paid by these toll gathering corporations, whose charters are a gift from the people. This tax in the first instance comes directly from those locally situated and contributing in tolls, yet, only those few who contribute and are locally affected bear this great burden, that their tolls may pay a revenue to the whole State in corporate tax. While this tax in tolls is most burdensome to those in the locality where these bridges are situated the State's finances, as a whole, would not be perceptibly diminished. Should the appropriation hereinafter asked for be made, these franchises would be surrendered to the people and the State's revenue in this respect would of course be cut off.

While the local tax in tolls, a most direct one, paid by those using the structures would be diffused in other channels and the equalization of tax be borne more equally and proportionately by the whole Commonwealth.

Franchises are issued by the State, County or Municipality in the first instance as an aid to an enterprise or an improvement, in most cases freely given by the people. As the enterprise grows or the improvement becomes permanent and self-supporting, then such franchise should revert to the public. In this we are borne out by the act in recent years of the corporate tax upon such franchises. Going a step further, when such enterprise or improvement has outgrown its original purpose, i. e., that of giving life or impetus to the project and the State's revenue becomes a matter so small as to be insignificant, in that a certain section of the country bears the whole burden of sustaining such enterprise to the bnefit of its whole people. If an adjustment of such burden and return cannot be placed on an equitable basis then, so soon should the State absorb the inequality and assume the individual capacity of its subjects, so that all may be taxed in proportion, or that such tax be dispensed with and every one of her subjects have a free and untrammeled right to her bounty. This logic cannot be supported by a tax or toll paid by only a portion of the Commonwealth's subjects to a corporation whose franchise, the life of which was given by the Legislature. Such a franchise, once born, cannot be withdrawn except by voluntary surrender or condemnation for State purposes.

We therefore recommend that the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania appropriate a sufficient sum of money to the Department of Public Grounds and Buildings for the express purpose of purchasing one-half ownership in fee in such bridge properties and declaring the same henceforth free of toll or charge for foot, animal or vehicle passage.

And further, inasmuch as the Township of Lumberland, Sullivan County, New York, in 1893 purchased the Pond Eddy Bridge and made it free for all time from toll charges and paid therefor the sum of $28,900, therefore we recommend that the State of Pennsylvania reimburse the said Township of Lumberland $14,450, being one-half said purchase price, together with the legal rate of interest which such bonds carry.

All data, in connection with the investigation of your Commission, is submitted to the Legislative Reference Bu-

reau together with a copy of this report, in order that the same may be permanently preserved.

Respectfully submitted,
ALFRED MARVIN,
MILES C. ROWLAND,
CLARENCE J. BUCKMAN,
Commissioners.

REPORT OF DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK, PITTSBURG, PA., FOR THE YEAR 1909.

ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTH SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT OF THE DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK, JUNE 1, 1909, PITTSBURG, PA.

LIABILITIES

Amount due Depositors, June 1, 1909	$25,478,416.46
Amount due Dividend	489,754.34
Amount due Contingent Fund	776,172.77
Amount due Surplus	232,622.21
Total Liabilities	$26,976,965.78

ASSETS

Loans on Bonds and Mortgages	$8,508,816.20
U. S. Government Bonds	2,400,000.00
Philadelphia City Bonds	1,150,000.00
City of Pittsburg Bonds	2,089,300.00
City of Allegheny Bonds	503,500.00
City of Reading Bonds	100,000.00
Allegheny County Bonds	830,452.08
Washington County Bonds	382,000.00
Sub-District School Bonds	116,100.00
District School Bonds	379,700.00
Borough Improvement Bonds	972,350.00
Railroad Bonds	2,931,425.00
Street Railway Bonds	525,000.00
Miscellaneous Bonds	718,469.01
Loans on Collateral	2,958,527.75
Real Estate	99,072.35
Real Estate Bank Property	300,000.00
Interest Due	14,458.48
Cash in Banks and on hand	1,997,794.91
Total Assets	$26,976,965.78

Present Number of Depositors, 50,183, averaging $517.47 each.

S. C. McCANDLESS,
Treasurer.

Pittsburg, June 1, 1909.

The undersigned Auditing Committee respectfully report that they have examined the assets of the Bank and find them to correspond with the foregoing report.

JAMES McAFEE,
RALPH H. BINNS,
F. B. NIMICK,
WM. M. REES,
Auditing Committee.

Pittsburg, June 15, 1909.

The Trustees have declared a dividend of two (2) per cent. for the last six months, ending May 31st, 1909, payable forthwith. If not drawn, will bear interest from June 1, 1909.

ONE HUNDRED AND NINTH SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT OF THE DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK, DECEMBER 1, 1909, PITTSBURG, PA.

LIABILITIES

Amount due Depositors, December 1, 1909	$25,801,660.90
Amount due Dividend	495,248.21
Amount due Contingent Fund	776,172.77
Amount due Surplus	240,152.53
Total Liabilities	$27,313,234.41

ASSETS

Loans on Bonds and Mortgages	$8,612,079.87
U. S. Government Bonds	2,400,000.00
Philadelphia City Bonds	1,400,000.00
City of Pittsburg Bonds	2,646,400.00
City of Allegheny Bonds	503,500.00
City of Reading Bonds	100,000.00
Allegheny County Bonds	830,452.08
Washington County Bonds	367,000.00
Sub-District School Bonds	116,100.00
District School Bonds	376,300.00
Borough Improvement Bonds	1,150,150.00
Railroad Bonds	2,922,675.00
Street Railway Bonds	458,000.00
Miscellaneous Bonds	685,066.50
Loans on Collateral	2,589,090.75
Real Estate	103,214.84
Real Estate Bank Property	300,000.00
Interest Due	20,454.28
Cash in Banks and on hand	1,732,751.09
Total Assets	$27,313,234.41

S. C. McCANDLESS,
Treasurer.

Pittsburg, December 1, 1909.

The undersigned Auditing Committee respectfully report that they have examined the assets of the Bank and find them to correspond with the foregoing report.

JAMES McAFEE,
JOHN BINDLEY,
WM. M. REES,
T. H. B. McKNIGHT,
Auditing Committee.

Pittsburg, December 14, 1909.

The Trustees have declared a dividend of two (2) per cent. for the last six months ending November 30, 1909, payable forthwith. If not drawn, will bear interest from December 1, 1909.

LIST OF DEPOSITORS, OF THE DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK OF PITTSBURG, WHO HAVE NOT MADE A DEPOSIT WITHIN TWO YEARS, AND WHOSE DIVIDENDS, WHICH HAVE NOT BEEN ENTERED UPON THEIR PASS BOOK, AMOUNT TO AT LEAST FIVE DOLLARS. THIS STATEMENT IS PUBLISHED ANNUALLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CHARTER.

A

44697	Algeo, Samuel S.	$25 85
56706	Adams, Celia	41 03
58838	Aha, Jonas J.	802 32
61072	Anderson, Rebecca	844 95
89370	Arnold, Maggie F., trustee	307 52
96650	Allison, John R.	72 02
99658	Allen, Edward	268 68
103148	Archer, Thomas	2,890 52
105839	Adamson, James	62 64
107702	Aufhammer, John N.	2,846 42
182318	Arter, Winfield S., trustee	39 26
182319	Arter, Winfield S., trustee	39 00
195518	Adolph, Rosalie	743 55
264250	Altenbaugh, Frank W.	43 36
267583	Acheson, Ethel, trustee	32 30
267878	Anderson, Katherine, trustee	30 88
283871	Andro, Mary	125 27
198615	Allison, John R., in trust	36 07
199577	Allen, Wm. K.	255 45
206183	Armstrong, Maggie E.	163 11
207239	Amsler, Bertha	41 53
209889	Ambler, Mary E.	559 39
235266	Austin, Chas. H.	261 69
235381	Aufderheide, Maggie C.	111 14
294425	Arnfeld, Carrie J.	112 17
303352	Armstrong, Robert J.	215 75
242820	Abel, Clara E.	82 28
246631	Atkinson, Annie	292 37
272670	Aliverti, Paul	402 02
273682	Anderson, Henry M.	67 62
274842	Ault, Etta	98 66
275555	Anderson, Minnie	77 [illegible]
276070	Anderson, Margaret A.	42 53
279723	Anderson, Elmer E.	113 75
280338	Alberter, Catherine	203 81
299627	Aitken, Jno. J.	767 75
117407	Ayers, Susie E.	149 36
119030	Austin, Mary A.	2,168 89
120128	Aiken, Grace C.	94 75
138784	Ashcraft, Hester	74 52
139573	Ardary, Alice S., trustee	229 15
141281	Aikins, Kate S.	5,833 80
243129	Aaron, Laura	444 58
276079	Adam, Mike	46 44
280779	Adams, Martha J.	417 32
286911	Adair, Bertha I.	46 11

B

1438	Barth, Elizabeth	193 84
3891	Bailey, William	2,513 41
13770	Butler, Henry S.	21 08
14429	Barr, Elizabeth J.	36 57
16255	Burns, Hillery R.	16 73
17087	Bruce, Mary J.	25 11
20783	Ball, John	35 01
21897	Bunton, Wm.	3,503 76
25348	Bailey, Catherine G.	978 29
31783	Barr, Nancy	352 54
50015	Byram, Eliza P.	30 91
51616	Browne, Hannah E.	80 34
52716	Buchleidner, Anna	755 78
55967	Bender, Catharine	906 60
57667	Barclay, Elizabeth A.	541 20
59414	Beavan, John	43 75
66971	Barry, Margaret	634 04
68727	Bailey, Virginia	819 91
69461	Baxter, Elizabeth W.	1,190 27
69475	Baxter, Margaret T.	1,262 43
71879	Brewer, Ella	111 36

80300	Bennett, Geo. H.	1,768 39
81661	Brown, John	80 92
85646	Bennett, Kate A.	724 89
86096	Bird, Sannie G.	43 62
86723	Boyd, Lizzie L.	914 42
91262	Blackburn, David B.	92 09
102109	Black, Margaret	61 39
166633	Beckett, Fanny D., trustee	34 68
166823	Buckley, Mary	166 21
168902	Beck, Henry, trustee	17 25
169788	Baur, Margaretha	79 53
170542	Bennett, Susan A.	2,675 55
170802	Berg, W. Edward	516 07
172388	Buka, Daniel	304 48
178078	Bowden, Emily	17 80
179894	Bittner, Mary, administratrix	30 19
183617	Bingler, Mabel L., trustee	37 22
184676	Brockbank, Agnes	284 47
186041	Bunn, Sarah A.	44 66
186951	Buettner, Mary K.	661 44
187399	Beltz, Chas., trustee	90 60
189293	Bonawitz, Minnie M.	277 73
189859	Black, Sarah L.	2,308 74
191522	Blackmore, Matilda W.	227 34
194338	Bray, Rose	355 04
262600	Burke, John	476 95
264073	Barelli, Martino	63 84
265583	Bachrach, Henry	50 72
266099	Bakan, Jeromina	637 37
267510	Bowden, Frederick	30 48
267511	Bowden, Emily, trustee	30 48
267886	Bell, Laura V.	80 91
268072	Beeson, Doris H.	72 01
268482	Blake, Annie	120 48
269689	Bucher, Amelia E.	33 79
269690	Bucher, Clara E.	26 97
270674	Burns, Alfred M.	290 94
283889	Bozykorska, Anastarja	132 41
251457	Bingler, Mary, trustee	21 31
253508	Brett, Fred	633 15
253525	Bucnina, Stif	519 66
185864	Boyd, Lizzie, trustee	20 06
153964	Berry, S. Jane	277 72
157084	Barrett, Al.	18 19
158388	Bright, Jane	19 28
159331	Barnes, Lulu	62 11
162104	Booth, Ida C.	152 53
163681	Beachey, Frank T.	831 64
164791	Becker, George	58 36
164899	Black, John	99 98
198407	Burke, Wm. T.	73 24
201853	Brennan, Matt	18 39
204564	Brennen, A. Jesse	97 78
208175	Brown, Porter S., in trust	39 37
209893	Brady, Sadie E.	301 62
210006	Boyer, Mary A.	80 88
211546	Binns, Edward H., in trust	133 83
212642	Blum, Christian P., in trust	29 06
215063	Blanchard, Chas. A.	295 75
217360	Blair, Samuel	87 61
218039	Broadhead, Franklin G.	1,438 65
232295	Bartels, Emma	118 23
232531	Burrells Mary E.	198 19
233483	Bauman, William	2,048 19
235474	Bates, Annie	1,292 69
236520	Brown, Benjamin F.	699 44
237635	Boon, George C.	26 06
237875	Beeson, Wallace E.	124 46
238016	Burns, Josephine, in trust	39 19
238360	Barrett, Kate, in trust	31 52
239926	Birmingham, James	64 06
240348	Blackburn, Olive	62 78
240674	Balderston, Henry	132 09
292264	Brown, Robert	453 39
292826	Bollitski, John	559 95
294290	Bragdon, Elizabeth S.	67 08
295735	Braun, Magdalena	111 83
249866	Boyle, Chas. F.	230 43
242963	Boyd, David S., Ex. trustee	130 61
242964	Boyd, David S., Ex. trustee	130 61
242965	Boyd, David S., Ex. trustee	130 61
242966	Boyd, David S., Ex. trustee	130 61
242967	Boyd, David S., Ex. trustee	130 61
242968	Boyd, David S., Ex. trustee	130 61
243078	Black, Sarah L., trustee	685 45
243343	Bauer, Catharine M.	673 68
243554	Boylan, Mary	1,175 10
244084	Boggs, Niman, trustee	68 19
247053	Bonmartini, Benigne	539 53
248088	Buckley, Minnie H., trustee	26 76
250743	Blattan, Philip	61 06
271057	Bozyhowski, John	1,202 09
271286	Brown, Eliza J.	142 12
271798	Bolinger, Mary	180 73
272341	Rechtel, Sadie M.	111 44
273093	Beares, Beatrice	24 43
274367	Brick, Mary E.	927 45
274930	Brey, Joseph	37 06
275143	Bierman, Morris	405 15
276013	Brennan, Margaret	1,411 08
276081	Buckner, Thornton	200 78
277716	Bower, Louisa	235 95
279014	Bernhardt, Wm. F.	431 82
280777	Burrows, Agnes J.	142 73
287094	Burgwin, A. P., trustee	210 18
296636	Barton, Anna Wilson	66 32
297362	Balazs, Jozef	122 19
298421	Boswell, Noah	249 11
299302	Bogorski, Ignatus	121 01
299386	Baker, Elizabeth	108 91
300010	Brietman, Minnie	109 32
300381	Blain, Frank	327 96
111753	Burns, Pat	916 93
114070	Benton, Kate P.	96 97
117070	Bowman, Charley A.	37 98
120755	Brehm, Albert L.	36 89
122056	Bennett, Mary	52 71
124825	Bennett, Margaretta D.	45 97
126723	Boltren, Francenzo	45 66
130687	Boyd, Sadie E., trustee	78 90
130875	Barnes, Marie W.	1,501 74
134212	Benser, Henrietta	5,899 95
140849	Bookleiner, William	512 15
142531	Boardman, Thos	98 19
143008	Buchan, Lizzie S.	60 74
143223	Boyd, Isabella, trustee	72 71
144370	Brookfield, Mary V.	598 87
145529	Brown, Mary A.	331 20
147975	Berger, Mary	771 33
148960	Beadling, John W.	62 05
150160	Buchanan, Amanda	222 40
150319	Boak, Nana M.	96 84
111216	Burton, Nellie F.	10 74
124377	Bennett, Lizzie	86 21
221510	Brown, Chris.	162 99
223533	Boulds, Richard	150 80
225852	Blanc, Jean	392 17
227237	Benter, Annie	427 12
229234	Brown, Edward, trustee	83 00
229543	Bain, Alvina	55 51
221836	Blakeley, William A.	167 55
302004	Brehler, Martin	217 15
302133	Blackmore, James P., in trust	108 57
303411	Bole, George W.	1,078 85
218869	Barger, T. Elmer E., trustee	25 03

C

38386	Cochran, Sarah	21 47
44256	Craig, Jos. W.	56 48
45307	Cooper, Sidney, admr.	3,056 63
50492	Corbett, Mary A.	510 30
57288	Cameron, Mary	337 36
62661	Cooper, Henry	103 73
63414	Cromlish, Wm. L., trustee	247 57
68534	Cooper, Margaret J.	186 83
68704	Crosby, Hannorah	1,387 50
76261	Cooper, Fred M.	76 21
83293	Carse, Kate	2,185 74
92463	Cook, John W., trustee	59 78
93391	Carr, Mary L.	85 12
97047	Cooney, Mary C.	1,829 54
98506	Croft, Harry F.	45 15
105025	Cameron, Lucy	74 48
106392	Carse, Lizzie H.	1,424 23
108568	Campbell, John	22 05
110153	Clark, Mamie B.	949 67
171086	Crytzer, Lottie	222 98
173353	Canning, George E.	25 08
179859	Cooper, Sidney	1,708 62
180280	Crawford, Wm. A.	22 11
180902	Costello, Margaret	672 83
225923	Carson, Emma C.	114 38
227113	Connare, James	720 43
227772	Craig, Fay E., trustee	76 47
229004	Connors, James	620 88
230518	Creazzi, Giovanni	471 76
230893	Caplan, Fanny	689 95
94525	Cunningham, Sadie, in trust	13 92
98933	Crawford, John S., in trust	11 23
178797	Crawford, Wm. A., in trust	31 63
182036	Cavanaugh, Mary	76 59
184166	Curran, Kate	115 35
184794	Clifford, Frank D., trustee	100 14
186837	Croco, Annie, trustee	89 66
189584	Clarke, Wm. J., trustee	54 20
192179	Crawford, Delia	269 13
192220	Carnahan, Thos. D., trustee	75 80
195572	Carson, Flora A.	1,008 60
261553	Clark, A. Russell	129 28
262104	Conway, John	1,383 90
262446	Carroll, Edward F., trustee	43 62
264368	Cochran, Gertrude	25 67
264904	Crilly, James	648 89
266319	Comstock, Mary Jane	641 35
266708	Choma, Barbara	139 48
267779	Crawford, Richard	122 22
268077	Carr, George	1,306 50
268568	Carter, Emma, trustee	135 94
269018	Corwin, Margaret J.	127 07
269191	Cochrana, Margaret L.	52 18
269208	Cain, Robt. E., guardian trustee	99 88
269257	Carlson, Valla	63 51
270430	Cooksey, Thos. R.	604 09
270898	Cowan, Letitia W., trustee	76 60
281118	Christy, John D.	422 40
283092	Cadger, Agnes F	154 47
284609	Coleman, Lizzie E.	277 75
253199	Concannon, Delia	33 24
254766	Carr, Katie	558 03
258962	Clarke, Mary S.	255 51
260637	Corwin, Edgar J., trustee	26 65
260899	Covert, Mary Jane	358 81
154780	Casey, Margery	122 33
156269	Cook, Kate	38 20

158445	Conlon, Thomas	782 66
162058	Connelly, Mary C.	1,427 54
164689	Chambers, Lon	228 05
165916	Conley, Maggie	534 27
198912	Craig, Katherine, in trust	51 76
200987	Cooper, John A., in trust	32 29
204367	Connell, Eva M., in trust	72 30
204855	Cohen, Jacob	149 94
205605	Caldwell, Wm. J.	129 06
208770	Cain, Patrick J.	126 22
209054	Collins, John C., in trust	120 37
210664	Cullinan, Michael P., in trust	75 01
212851	Cullen, Terence	38 91
213530	Conway, Cornelius A.	21 59
214602	Collins, Emma D.	263 23
214771	Campbell, Rosanna	331 21
219055	Czarnecki, Amelia, in trust	36 89
220783	Costello, Annie, in trust	169 01
231050	Coll, Mary	229 77
233837	Costello, Nellie	724 98
234676	Cogan, M. Jessie	280 51
236424	Cowan, Letitia W., in trust	96 71
236566	Cline, Jessie E.	111 27
238319	Clutz, Harvey A.	208 48
239934	Crable, Victor L., in trust	2,335 74
240699	Carylile, Mary	254 35
240724	Colaneri, Simone	203 09
294812	Connolly, Coleman	56 97
301197	Colives, William	108 91
236129	Cullen, Mary, trustee	50 54
292421	Collins, Daniel J.	234 75
303445	Coyne, Barbara	161 80
241740	Clark, Margret	41 18
275025	Conger, Ela	231 73
278278	Crable, Victor L., trustee	551 30
279278	Conicannon, Michael	680 55
279442	Campbell, Martha J.	548 46
286105	Carlan, Isabella	446 78
288325	Cain, Patrick	508 58
290745	Campbell, Josephine	332 64
297246	Carlberg, Anna S.	110 40
297944	Carter, Mary Susie	152 75
111637	Carey, Teresa	669 91
112535	Clawson, Thomas S.	67 37
114251	Cain, Annie	25 79
118316	Clarke, William A., trustee	107 52
118567	Calvin, Mary A.	1,032 10
120535	Cosgrave, Fannie	137 58
122841	Connolly, Martin	648 21
125750	Cavanaugh, Ellen	3,035 48
126956	Cope, Frank L., trustee	28 84
129650	Canavan, James, trustee	67 52
132776	Czarnecki, Amelia, trustee	98 13
136927	Cooper, Wm. M.,	189 44
146357	Carson, Sarah L.	155 37
149112	Carnahan, Thos. D., trustee	228 05
149113	Carnahan, Thos. D., trustee	228 05
149969	Coleridge, Jos.	56 59
150141	Cort, John C., trustee	239 15
246371	Carter, John A., trustee	28 96
246372	Carter, John A., trustee	28 96

D

17515	Devan, Mary	27 25
19709	Davis, Lizzie J.	45 57
21407	Denniston, Letitia	84 33
33858	Devreaux, Thomas	19 61
43571	Dinker, Wm. A., trustee	21 29
51808	Donnelly, Patrick	228 06
55657	Deane, Nathaniel C., trustee	45 28
59445	Doyle, Alice	1,079 80
63699	Danford, Homer A.	10 93
66087	Douglass, John H.	112 52
66378	Doran, Bridget	57 60
75260	Daily, John S.	20 06
76497	Duncan, Maggie	1,848 63
76586	Davis, Anna V.	156 00
78513	Dedig, Gertrude	906 52
85638	Davis, Myron C., trustee	83 92
106131	Dugan, Wm. W.	76 66
106295	Dwire, Margaret	292 58
107113	Davis, Lilla W.	51 76
109624	Daly, Kate	130 75
169285	Dunn, Bella A.	33 71
169732	Davis, Frances R.	95 04
172199	Dalhamer, Samuel	913 73
173295	Dugan, Jane	16 88
173850	Dietz, Mary	49 19
174700	Dougherty, Margaret E.	1,528 87
175951	Davies, John C., trustee	16 39
176315	Dickey, Wm. W., trustee	40 02
178654	Dillon, Letitia	399 06
178942	Davis, Chas., trustee	799 25
180655	Donohue, Maggie	203 75
223538	Davis, Wm.	53 09
224946	Davis, Emma E.	313 55
226730	Deering, Albion G.	31 82
225988	Donahue, Elizabeth	495 74
229713	De Armit, Eugene S.	76 54
230348	Devito, James	56 60
230494	Davis, Frank C., trustee	34 91
230855	Dunlevy, Rachel J., trustee	56 35
184069	Donahue, Edward J., trustee	18 81
187701	Dixon, Catherine, trustee	40 49
264549	Dodds, Elizabeth	35 64
265939	Descamps, Juvenal	62 92
266668	Duffy, Mary	83 98
268590	Daviss, David J.	166 81
269792	Davage, Thomas	30 84
251096	Diamond, Jos. J., trustee	31 44
252649	Doake, Mary Ann	1,447 76
159363	Durkin, Lizzie M.	185 72
165228	Dickson, Burd B. E.,	161 44
197284	Davidson, Jane	16 73
198226	Duncan, Mary E.	564 94
201292	Davis, John T., in trust	26 63
204821	Dunn, Mary	262 53
204910	Dauer, Mary	262 98
208199	Davis, Maria S.	693 52
208435	Davis, Chas. G., in trust	75 32
216269	Doyle, Mary	58 81
233077	Daltz, August	59 30
235585	Dolan, Mary A.	69 80
237493	Dewalt, John	1,935 65
237825	Dayen, John	138 65
291623	Dietz, Julia	113 72
291882	Diedonis, Jurgis	534 98
294496	Duff, James E.	336 72
302391	Donovan, James J.	113 47
302544	Dindinger, Maria	108 24
241659	Denk, John	689 40
243081	Drum Lillian	164 43
249654	Drum, Martha	157 62
250279	Dudas, Juli	2,967 51
250555	Donnelly, Mary	371 06
271803	Dimling, Emma, trustee	38 81
272790	Duffy, Mary E.	269 95
274300	Dobie, John	366 45
279028	Dunlap, Nancy, trustee	126 00
279695	Doring, Margaretha	230 32
279983	Dearth, Walter	354 30
280912	Dinkel, Margaret	482 76
296408	Dunseath, William H.	234 14
296693	Dugan, Katie	83 32
115939	Dugan, Peter	14 39
124047	Davidson, Ellen A.	338 74
128514	Dewar, Margaret J. B.	333 54
128867	Darr, Geo. W., trustee	75 51
131210	Dixon, Angelica P.	264 61
141340	Derry, Ellen	1,457 73
141874	Davis, Myrt	648 49
141969	Davis, Lizzie, trustee	17 73
143999	Davidson Margaret M.	40 35
147051	Dempsey, Katie	786 74
149129	Dando, Rachel H.	123 90
149723	Dickey, Wm. W., trustee	70 84
131747	Doyle, Edward	26 73
242302	Diven, Annie B., trustee	52 84
249468	Downing, Nellie	28 88

E

3566	Evans, Clara F.	36 11
31664	Evans, David W.	45 65
36238	Ellis, Eugene	24 87
54235	Evans, Cadwallader, trustee	25 35
91931	Edwards, George B., trustee	38 67
103123	Edwards, Richard	346 53
172955	Evert, Henry C., trustee	73 62
176638	Evans, Effie M., trustee	31 92
226151	Ehrentraut, Caroline	22 07
227810	Eyman, Thomas W.	589 64
81547	Ewing, Mary J.	232 64
186396	Eberhardt, Wilhelmina C., trustee	55 44
191713	Erkel, Frances	637 26
266172	Enscoe, Thos. H.	577 26
269113	Eakin, Frank J., trustee	50 07
282934	Erving Rowland H., trustee	264 65
252676	Everette, Nan E.	59 24
254742	Erhart, Josef	26 35
161161	Elliot, Tillie	53 15
196764	Ewing, Elizabeth J.	38 55
197577	Elmore, James	1,414 02
205070	Ellermeyer, Mary, in trust	102 99
210906	Evans, Thomas	1,246 94
212125	Evans, Henry S.	70 69
232236	Evans, Olive R.	35 08
295179	Eaton, Allen M.	55 87
245848	Eckbreth, Mary, trustee	63 46
272701	Evans, Alice, trustee	186 25
273657	Evans, Stif	448 36
296418	Ewing, Cora E.	110 70
134464	Edmundson, Phebe	1,372 81
136145	Earley, Katie	133 42
288925	Ellis, Julia	54 43

F

32014	Foster, Thomas	29 58
32133	Fitler, Lizzie C.	19 70
40321	Fines, Elizabeth, trustee	39 12
53850	Foster, Charles F.	23 98
60558	Fisher, Maize	155 04
69021	Fidell, George	1,140 04
69470	Foster, Rachel G.	52 39
77104	Fanning, Wm. J.	1,111 93
85853	Freese, Wm.	30 21
93760	France, Arthur L., trustee	193 03
98951	Frohring, John N.	1,232 26
108704	Faulk, Walter	836 80
166066	Fleuder, Mary E.	1,973 94
166208	Ferson, John L., trustee	135 20
167865	Freese, Carrie E., trustee	73 68
168002	Fundenberg, Walter H., trustee	61 38
169673	Friend, James W., trustee	20 72
171470	Fleming, Martin J.	86 57
175863	Farley, Geo. M., trustee	23 22
177569	Frasher, John D.	46 17
179371	Fulton, Louis B., executor	350 21
180685	Fugassi, Kunigunda	258 19
226689	Franklin, Kate	620 56
185660	Fleehsig, Robert	1,125 85

186329	Follett, Florence, trustee	104 54
188309	Ferree, Robert B., trustee	77 66
188777	Findly, John	387 94
190475	Fogg, Rebecca B., trustee	67 34
190593	French, Jean P.	197 36
261148	Fink, Elizabeth, trustee	273 38
266777	Ford, Richard	44 15
268605	Feilen, Peter	605 39
269960	Finley, James	158 71
258551	Faubel, Mary	46 95
254164	Fogg, Lewis W., trustee	87 91
156773	Frosch, Margaretha, in trust	97 96
157702	Flaherty, John	36 56
158815	Forsyth, Luella M.	1,104 06
164185	Foster, Wm. H., in trust	64 43
199745	Feucht, Gottfried	854 88
200382	Frazier, Wm.	111 61
205807	Fehl, Elizabeth	28 43
209354	Frey, Robert H., in trust	28 78
213655	Ford, John	112 12
231510	Freebing, Fred L.	659 96
232245	Fry, Jane	241 38
233068	Fox, Agnes	212 38
233275	Fox, Lizzie	717 94
233798	Forsythe, Etta	703 45
233948	Farley, Catherine	401 83
239316	Fogg, Rebecca Barclay, in trust	68 78
293457	Fisher, Emma	563 06
301466	Faubel, Helen G.	125 27
301553	Foster, John R.	108 91
302253	Farkas, Maria	432 96
242002	Finucane, Catherine	87 12
271130	Fleming, Geo. W.	818 91
271563	Fulton, Mary A.	469 51
271706	Fortunato, Nicola	288 87
272152	Fair, Mary	124 78
275639	Foley, Mary A.	184 72
280070	Fast, Ada M., trustee	96 85
280855	Flavin, Maggie	133 08
287031	Fry, Samuel	662 42
290715	Ferguson, Grizella N.	41 02
296009	Felty, Samuel J.	574 23
297293	Finnerty, Katie	111 07
297885	Franz, John	580 09
298106	Forquer, Clara M.	77 24
300076	Frank, Sue V.	546 60
300514	Ferguson, John	655 36
300519	Flagg, Lucius C. S., trustee	125 69
112040	Forsythe, Margaret W.	111 11
112605	Fug, David	26 65
115216	Fleming, Michael	1,482 74
115584	Freese, William, trustee	117 57
119316	Fetyer, Eli R.	15 22
128135	Fogg, Rebecca B., trustee	99 26
128415	Flaherty, Josie	21 11
129917	Fleming, Charlotte	953 22
130469	Fulford, Mary M.	648 74
137614	Fry, Catherine B.	811 99
138388	Fishbach, Charles	494 42
138971	Finley, Michael G., trustee	79 71
143573	Fogg, Rebecca B., trustee	113 89
146429	Fisher, Andrew, trustee	89 71
146856	Ford, William W.	61 26
149025	Freese, Carrie E., trustee	86 23
149743	Fox, James	28 29
134950	Foxall, Geo W.	11 58
149398	Ferson, John L., trustee	132 50

G

10648	Gregory, Jas. B.	83 01
19769	Grove, Mary	27 34
36202	Gibson, Anna	319 07
42435	Gilmore, Mary J.	78 47
45486	Gray, Rachel H.	124 65
61085	Gallagher, Hugh	1,788 88
61193	Glenn, Wm., Jr.	37 13
69032	Glass, Jennie B., trustee	84 61
75303	Geiser, Christian	18 39
83740	Genter, Wm. S.	11 27
95663	Graham, Nettie McK., trustee	242 37
102552	Gibson, Lizzie	64 04
103393	Gibson, Mattie A.	44 56
105026	Garland, Eliza M.	123 26
106174	Guthrie, Florence H.	3,566 73
167615	Gray, Margaret	152 15
169035	Garland, Eliza, trustee	274 54
171408	Graham, Jane J.	244 76
173036	Geiger, Lydia	450 63
175984	Gies, Lilly A.	77 65
179458	Guthrie, Annie S.	131 89
180185	Gunderman, Lester S.	107 35
180446	Gormley, Elizabeth, trustee	174 15
180447	Gormley, Elizabeth, trustee	194 33
221869	Gould, Mary A., trustee	19 24
223426	Grimm, Bertha M.	446 59
225512	Giver, Mary	75 69
226377	Gusky, Mark J., trustee	143 02
226457	Gilman, Nickolas P.	715 78
226994	Geist, Luella	94 20
80276	Gatens, Edward T.	15 43
223862	Gould, Charlotte A., in trust	20 47
184474	Gilliland, Josephine	446 24
184704	Garland, Eliza M., trustee	300 11
185553	Gollo, Emilia	151 59
188643	Galligan, Lizzie	120 01
261725	Gardner, James, trustee	89 86
262350	Gandet, Sara	126 35
262648	Gavin, Michael	160 64
267352	Gannon, Margaret, trustee	70 22
267839	Gulyasay, Michal	1,455 28
270145	Gianni, Francesco	581 23
270219	Gibson, Thos. D.	417 93
270345	Gable, Wm., administrator	142 34
253763	Graham, Mary	616 76
255236	Graham, Nora	70 54
155057	Gray, William	2,064 76
156740	Groetzinger, Harry E.	96 55
156741	Grotezinger, Willie D.	60 14
158708	Gallagher, Mary A.	82 05
159786	Graham, Sarah M., in trust	80 72
163442	Gilliland, Robert McC.	731 51
163546	Gibson, Sophie	232 40
197500	Gardiner, Laura	1,171 62
198398	Green, Margaret J.	40 41
199962	Gloekler, Bernhard	50 78
203198	Graham, Robert F.	246 72
203401	Gusky, Mark J., in trust	154 21
205523	Gillespie, Ann, in trust	31 83
207925	Grzeczka, Andy	16 45
212584	Gray, Chambers, in trust	28 77
218116	Guswaska, Mary	383 78
219059	Gibson, Ellen	392 12
234180	Goddard, Bertha A.	140 56
234871	Gongaware, Mary C., in trust	146 61
238369	Graff, Ruth, in trust	138 92
292026	Gallinis, William	340 06
303470	Gray, Thomas	134 84
153968	Graves, Alice	19 10
160802	Gaus, Robbie A.	36 35
200612	Gannestad, Thor.	303 07
242621	Griffiths, Jane E. J.	34 80
243161	Grupp, Katharina, trustee	72 35
243162	Grupp, Katharina, trustee	61 57
244310	Grooms, Jessie	351 21
244855	Grimes, Wm.	298 82
245823	Griner, Kate	622 63
248601	Graham, Charles R.	129 66
249473	Gilda, Margaret	191 21
273135	Gunn, Zero	158 33
274365	Groetzinger, Robert	111 10
277399	Giles, Gurgis	615 28
277670	Glass, Philip	354 26
287342	Gormly, Wm. M., trustee	1,430 12
297980	Gailes, Frank	276 17
300710	Grasul, Lizzie	275 44
115300	Gardner, Powhattan	215 48
117807	Goehring, Nancy L.	223 47
128172	Greenbaum, Abe, trustee	164 87
133883	Gladden, Sarah A., trustee	56 37
134697	Griffiths, David	338 53
135801	Graham, Annie	57 32
136514	Guilder, John, trustee	85 10
138357	Goetz, Katharina	260 87
141219	Gorman, Patrick	3,402 36
143451	Gray, Geo. C. F., trustee	361 99
145240	Golden, Katharine B., trustee	37 21
149432	Grier, Robt. J., trustee	82 98
129825	Gregg, Agnes L.	53 61

H

78132	Herron, Richard G., Jr.	12 74
10214	Hartung, Jacob	19 04
22401	Herbster, Karl	4,434 73
23738	Hasson, Samuel L. C.	54 61
32680	Hearn, Eliza O.	17 02
35464	Horsley, William	242 33
39622	Hogan, Bridget	134 52
43651	Holdship, Fred	66 46
47358	Haines, Sarah E.	2,315 81
48695	Hays, Wm. H., trustee	921 69
49096	Howard, A. Chambers	129 98
50689	Herron, Margaret	22 77
52833	Hussey, Clara E.	215 28
54172	Hanaghan, Mary	638 74
63249	Hays, Kate C.	222 33
64296	Hanna, Willie	282 15
66436	Houston, Sadie M., trustee	66 51
71288	Hurst, Teresa	222 44
77099	Hays, John A.	15 47
77917	Hardiman, Ellen	14 07
79936	Hermann, John E.	101 87
92476	Hatch, Bessie F.	87 54
93634	Holzinger, Jacob	1,490 19
103266	Hahn, Simon	471 74
167988	Hunziker, Ida	12 00
173696	Haslett, Walter N., trustee	73 08
175426	Haworth, Jehu F.	170 26
178182	Hodgson, Mary	215 84
178949	Hamilton, Mary L	192 37
179660	Harmes, Maud	189 49
24808	Hiller, Frances A.	552 02
224856	Haddock, Lizzie C., trustee	94 07
226623	Hughes, Kate E.	234 64
227725	Haines, Catherine	276 81
228990	Helbling, Mary C.	153 02
230827	Hughes, Jennie	1,447 53
191307	Horne, Bernard S., trustee	87 48
191656	Hirsch, Franziska	318 72
193223	Heckard, Lida	321 66
193863	Held, Hattie E.	1,693 42
195785	Heinrich, Mollie	1,083 89
262339	Harper, Jane	124 16

264878	Hild, John	1,534 03
265428	Hoyt, Martha C.	73 11
265554	Hendler, Veronica, trustee	37 74
265700	Hampshire, Edith, Admx.	79 48
265746	Hunziker, Henry, trustee	81 52
266129	Howe, Mary, trustee	42 53
251934	Hamilton, Ellen M.	40 03
253854	Haffey, Margaret	571 86
254088	Heyl, John W.	736 22
254409	Hanlon, Mary	119 00
257216	Hayes, Kate	78 71
257278	Hall, Sadie	712 57
258074	Harris, Clement	650 04
157896	Harvey, Kate S.	204 30
162077	Hallas, Daniel	130 64
196231	Hamilton, Isabella	1,395 60
196232	Hamilton, Margaret	2,019 83
196795	Hunt, Cora F., in trust	63 61
198073	Hamilton, Anna B.	314 85
201389	Hoge, Wm. A.	24 59
202687	Huzele, Chas.	695 05
203261	Huebner, Wm.	475 69
203406	Harper, Mary, in trust	76 90
205195	Henry, Mary R., in trust	118 27
209073	Heath, Martha A., in trust	40 94
215757	Harley, Cass, in trust	61 02
219828	Hunter, Margaret	414 80
233057	Haney, Lizzie	76 02
235043	Hill, Margaret T.	287 95
238910	Hyatt, Lizzie	28 59
292751	Harper, John	197 68
292986	Hildebrand, John L.	83 73
294037	Hoffman, Louise B.	123 84
303121	Hegerich, Adam	674 30
165366	Huffman, James C.	17 59
239513	Hobbs, Della, trustee	44 92
295620	Hackett, Martin J.	99 06
241885	Hauck, Ida	161 10
244417	Herman, Martha, trustee	32 03
244416	Herman, Martha, trustee	32 03
247237	Henke, Katie A.	121 88
248137	Harkins, Isabella	114 84
248604	Holloday, Chas. H.	81 89
249889	Herman, Martha, trustee	31 93
271597	Hampsey, Alexander P., trustee	34 75
271774	Helm, Elizabeth, J.	83 49
277703	Hohman, Fred	90 41
	J.	83 49
278755	Hays, Maud C.	249 71
280245	Hunter, Minnie B.	193 14
287246	Hughes, Seffie Jane	58 09
296748	Hankewin, Orsula	166 70
296932	Hammerle, Wm.	55 45
298397	Heim, Mary	662 42
111073	Hagerty, Jerry	4,280 16
114232	Hamilton, Louis H.	57 27
114772	Hays, Wm. H., trustee	133 37
114981	Hickman, Wm. S.	80 67
133241	Haag, Annie M.	269 96
139166	Haines, Sarah E., trustee	95 58
139168	Haines, Sarah E., trustee	97 74
139169	Haines, Sarah E., trustee	53 90
142127	Haley, Mary, trustee	62 48
143543	Hayes, Wm. H., trustee	246 42
144023	Hoffmann, Johanna M.	216 34
147479	Hirsch, Mary	503 58
149143	Hastings, James B.	121 14
149191	Hanley, Michael A.	192 96
150165	Hoffman, Agnes	1,535 69
150238	Hume, John H.	347 17
279430	Hohmann, Mary	72 52

I

177224	Ingersoll, Margaret	479 02
223391	Ingham, Geo. R., trustee	28 26
270692	Irvine, Sarah	377 93
208902	Ingham, Geo. R., in trust	43 41
292472	Izett, William	396 71
205179	Ilkovits, Tillie	47 05
242691	Irwin, Nora, trustee	52 10
277131	Ivanoff, Mike	502 04
137076	Ingham, Mattie Y.	110 43
138117	Irwin, Frank	289 70

J

6438	Jordan, John	507 54
8796	Jarvis, Washington	71 33
17696	Jones, Willie H.	18 20
40948	Jones, Herman	18 33
45098	Johnson, John	63 89
60281	Johnston, Sarah N.	345 59
77162	Johnston, Robert	4,532 69
77178	Jones, John G.	74 10
83769	Jones, Robert L.	47 45
96467	Jackson, Annie	2,062 87
100428	Jackson, Sarah	305 77
166571	Jansen, Carrie	129 83
221430	Johnson, Samuel C., trustee	28 82
229071	Jenkins, Richard	71 00
261651	Jeffcoat, Emily, trustee	75 54
269252	Jones, Mary M.	47 47
270348	Jobe, Elmer H.	309 43
270411	Johnston, Jane	97 27
270834	Jacobs, Henry E.	797 72
283229	Jankowski, Josef	933 19
255685	Johnston, Mary Bell	1,326 81
258665	Jakub, Ani	476 34
260348	Jackson, Mary	52 11
260873	Janulis, Stany	42 11
199915	Joyce, Maria	65 28
200891	Johnston, Annie B	517 65
203372	Johnson, Louisa	121 48
204315	Johnson, Anna E.	117 73
211562	Johnson, Annie S.	426 96
211944	Jones, Elizabeth	426 82
219423	Jones, Charles H.	417 87
234738	Jones, Charles L., in trust	280 51
234739	Jones, Charles L., in trust	140 15
239598	Jeckel, Elizabeth	109 32
239892	Jensen, Frances	878 38
301666	Jukanckas, Antanas	760 19
244506	Jennings, Louis H., trustee	40 77
249820	Jones, Anna, trustee	29 91
249907	Johnston, Elizabeth S., trustee	170 35
299233	Johnson, Augusta	61 43
113576	James, John, Jr.	53 71
132185	Johnson, Lelia E, trustee	98 79
132210	Jones, Geo.	255 28
133684	Jillson, Nellie W.	1,050 73
140972	Jones, M. Lizzie	13 38
147137	Jacobs, Geo. D., trustee	72 90
150482	Jacobs, Benjamin N., trustee	105 03
150945	Jackson, Clara	18 62

K

11598	Kerr, James M.	33 70
17483	Kaiser, Jacob	123 45
17498	Kirby, Araminta	16 60
17548	Kirkland, Joseph	394 83
19703	Kountz, Catherine M.	148 37
20488	Knox, Rebecca H.	3,057 79
28953	Keife, Anna M.	62 70
29598	Kohler, Karl	68 22
40 73	Keppert, Annie	18 96
56830	Killkelly, Sarah H., trustee	44 31
75881	Kane, Florence N.	45 93
80162	Kelly, Rosa	767 20
89683	Kennedy, Lizzie	1,399 23
97394	Krepp, Peter	1,602 86
101424	Kuhn, Nancy	238 96
101707	Kim, Lizzie	309 95
104571	Kenna, Bernard P.	516 23
166492	Klein, Wm., trustee	25 36
171323	Kennedy, Eliza A.	106 93
172955	King, Bessie A., trustee	28 43
180255	Kennedy, Sarah	166 33
266608	Kunkle, Emma	66 97
191733	Krause, J. F. Ernestine, trustee	96 46
195987	Kidd, Amanda H.	1,187 70
264269	Kidd, Jesse A.	32 12
266881	Kaesm, Joseph	237 39
268611	Kerr, Stella M.	317 39
270093	Kohlhammer, Edward J., trustee	67 99
270347	Kearins, Matthew	312 67
282404	Knoche, Albert	371 73
254874	Klemen, William W.	331 93
260830	Kelly, Daniel	166 76
264738	Knepper, Annie	308 22
162436	Kirk, Margaret	319 62
163020	Kenney, Jane	622 79
164296	Keenan, Susan	79 63
196760	Kuhn, Kate A.	856 49
197703	Kavanaugh, Delie	870 34
200877	Kerr, Martha McD., in trust	31 00
203443	King, Thomas N., in trust	147 21
204373	Koehler, Rosa	298 36
209439	Kessler, Wm. E.	52 47
212558	Kohn, Janosz	502 91
233665	King, Festus M., in trust	89 85
233879	Kohler, Joseph	424 27
234281	Kilgore, John	70 19
235849	Kerr, Wm., Jr.	27 08
240586	Kalafud, Mary	77 05
292009	Kerr, Sarah J.	413 78
301431	Koller, John	544 79
295828	Kelsky, Annie	112 15
243811	Kennedy, Lucretia	61 48
247430	Kohne, Anna M.	425 44
250232	Kimble, Dubie, trustee	53 21
250621	King, Mary I.	167 29
273907	Kerbert, James	1,243 30
275510	Kremin, Barbara	352 93
275950	Keller, Agnes	107 63
288061	Keogh, Mary	296 50
290170	Kaminsky Antoinette	68 42
297972	Kohler, Marie	60 53
298586	Krizenamkas, Aurint	110 40
298992	Kaprae, Sophie	307 95
299930	Kotzlam, Joseph S.	399 99
112252	Knauss, Mattie, trustee	74 51
112965	Kirk, Mabel	354 70
119970	Kilgore, Mary E., trustee	78 91
122276	Kefover, Jennie C., trustee	243 90
124787	Kuntz, Christina	23 57
124794	King, Sarah C., trustee	271 92
130879	Kieley, Abbie	133 70
134589	Knauss, Mattie L.	138 25
136684	Kidd, Emma	403 24
136923	Kunze, Henry A., trustee	11 66
147440	Kitchen, Sarah J.	86 39
147441	Kitchen, Mary A.	208 33
149000	Kingan, Margaret, trustee	79 64
250862	Keller, Morris	1,291 13
272073	Kelly, Mary	45 31

L

7398	Leech, Annie	23 65
20069	Leek, Mary, executrix	688 21
20332	Leek, Mary	1,021 09
26602	Little, Mary	23 19

33912	Lewis, Robert H., trustee	44	27
35914	Long, Matilda P.	1,524	62
46238	Libengood Jacob, trustee	94	72
48174	Lind, Anna	138	04
53493	Lewis, Josephine C.	71	75
54137	Leslie, Jennie	94	66
65820	Lux, John	777	84
72524	Laughlin, Robert	30	07
77991	Leufestey, Geo.	840	31
80362	Laughran, Mary	413	62
84876	Liggett, Thomas, trustee	93	20
91491	Lacey, Ellen	1,728	07
92711	Lash, Calvin	2,993	01
107286	Limberg, Adam W. T.	29	09
170891	Lydick, Virginia B.	625	54
179062	Lows, Wm. E., trustee	33	84
221767	Loveland, Francis A., trustee	52	16
221768	Loveland, Francis A., trustee	32	50
221769	Loveland, Francis A., trustee	32	50
228702	Lash, Eliza E.	289	06
229648	Leight, Elsie	401	28
229988	Lee, Ida M.	50	12
87776	Lyons, Joanna	19	20
181257	Louis, James	118	98
189415	Laufman, Julia W., trustee	77	31
208515	Leitch, Jos., Jr.	307	24
263528	Lysle, Cora	129	30
264580	Luther, Alice	77	80
268954	Lorchinger, Jacob	312	57
269876	Loouolo, Generoso	114	84
281791	Lanesky, Jack	314	64
283764	Limegrover, Julia E.	59	45
253029	Lamb, Sarah, trustee	120	05
255603	Lieb, Bessie	66	08
261201	Listman, Clara	118	84
151158	Lagard, Jennie F., in trust	39	44
197877	Lambert, Rose	78	61
198140	Lyle, Bessie H.	38	81
198141	Lyle, Edith R.	57	93
202157	Lundy, Thomas	75	69
205238	Large, Samuel S.	111	38
209435	Lyons, Sarah G., in trust	50	10
209611	Langdon, Eli N.	80	38
212257	Le Comte, Ralph M.	254	29
212894	Logan, Katherine	174	68
213939	Lemdrum, Clara M.	73	32
231999	List, A. Rebecca	365	90
233381	Law, Bessie L.	141	91
234025	Lauderbaugh, Charles	110	22
235444	Lysle, George B.	368	73
237494	Lindsay, Hannah L., in trust	165	81
292403	Loutzenhiser, Henry A., in trust	553	19
293601	Lauder, Elva	654	48
302030	Litch, Thomas K.	445	54
204242	Lamb, August J., Jr.	82	15
292729	Langdon, Mary	45	13
241270	Lemmon, Frank S., trustee	93	67
241467	Liston, Alice, executrix	449	91
242322	Latimore, Wm. J.	195	97
242893	Lewis, Claud G.	33	58
249575	Lohley, Joseph	110	90
250252	Lewis, Lizzie	792	14
271108	Lanesee, Francis L.	214	77
273880	Lautenschlager, Bertha, trustee	151	37
274240	Larva, Annie	124	26
279532	Lindner, Kate, trustee	117	01
280284	Long, Mary E.	618	73
290368	Lyons, Julia	63	52
298721	Loos, Margaret	247	05
297663	Leyman, Mollie B.	182	81
113802	Love, Mary H.	58	61
114516	Lowry, Daniel	1,569	16
125581	Lindley, Mary A., trustee	129	75
145034	Lietz, Huldah	1,376	24
148356	Lietz, Joseph, trustee	96	74
148880	Lemmon, Frank S.	108	24
279273	Linton, Samuel A., trustee	29	01

M

10008	Mehary, Margaret	193	88
46769	Moore, Wm. F.	20	41
49158	Mangan, Lawrence P.	5,855	53
49450	Miller, Sue G.	107	84
52657	Meier, Adam	283	02
53052	Marshall, Frederica E.	131	43
56147	Maltby, Albert	17	38
56435	Miller, Grafton	25	30
57475	Mischbaugh, Wm.	1,807	80
60244	Meighan, James	1,324	86
66090	Morrison, Elizabeth	2,297	32
68902	Mousfield, Martha	93	87
70354	Marshall, Mary A.	42	51
74390	Myler, Mary B., trustee	105	43
80102	Mechling, Herman C., trustee	36	65
81100	Martin, Martha J.	326	19
82914	Marshall, Davis J.	30	73
83849	Maguire, Annie S.	21	65
84602	Miller, Geo. P.	193	41
84682	Mahaffey, Jas. A., trustee	59	13
84799	Miller, Wm. N.	128	22
100064	Myler, Wm. A., trustee	118	72
110702	Miller, Park H.	414	48
166513	Moreland, Andrew M.	174	15
166703	Moore, Lewis M., in trust	35	02
167161	Myers, Emery, trustee	320	91
172222	Maude, De Ette	193	56
174269	Murray, Mary E.	3,811	46
175725	Madden, Catherine	555	19
176699	Moxon, Geo. E., Jr.	964	34
221809	Morrison, Wm. H., trustee	46	66
222911	Martin, Geo. S., trustee	62	18
84375	Madden, Nathan	12	65
87847	Murray, James	12	00
93750	Miller, Jennie	14	13
173153	Manning, Frank B.	14	96
182116	Moore, Emma K., trustee	360	72
182666	Morgan, Wm. Thos., trustee	67	77
184128	Miller, Carrie C.	455	04
187653	Myers, Emery, trustee	213	48
188279	Mack, Wm.	33	43
188321	Myer, Marie, trustee	44	37
190343	Merriman, Bella	102	95
191065	Miller, Mary K.	53	41
191518	Maning, Mary C., trustee	41	74
193152	Muldoon, Annie	111	02
262656	Morris, David B.	25	81
263480	Meals, Floyd J.	331	88
263700	Martinko, Steve	39	39
264019	Marquarding, Emma	108	24
264736	Malcolm, Hill	126	68
624746	Mangold, John F.	1,260	65
265862	Mahony, Katie O.	636	17
266738	Morran, Annie	318	86
267633	Melzer, Ida	260	78
270344	Mowry, Julia L.	544	95
251634	Morrow, Bridget J.	101	63
252920	Murphy, Mary	145	39
256855	Merritt, Norene	143	47
258913	Mahey, William H., trustee	27	83
260940	Mahon, Sarah, trustee	55	80
154110	Morow, George B.	53	52
157685	Magee, Hannah M., in trust	147	78
197367	Meyer, Edward C.	73	77
198123	Metcalf, Agnes M., in trust	59	21
198685	Matson, Eugene G.	2,130	86
201243	Meyers, Martha L.	296	19
201410	Mulligan, James	1,511	66
202317	Myers, Hannah	441	85
202760	Mawhinney, Margaret G.	345	58
205328	Moloney, Patrick	238	40
206726	Murray, Matilda W.	22	84
209291	Mozee, Annie	25	35
212449	Miller, Lena	254	20
216379	Militzer, Mary S.	17	47
216742	Marzo, George	160	07
217268	Murphy, Mary J., in trust	64	98
218477	Miller, Margaret	452	35
218753	Montreville, Sarah A.	54	89
232120	Morrison, Annie S.	219	56
234849	Maloney, John	267	85
236234	Murray, Mary	281	52
236273	Miller, August	42	05
237909	Minech, George	307	91
240541	Merrick, G. Roswell	275	03
295227	Macafee, Nellie E.	111	83
295558	Maits, Chas. Buckley	151	42
206476	Meister, Henrich	45	28
243187	Mikus, Bernhard J.	732	36
244858	Mack, Mary	4,011	86
245169	Mulvaney, Mary	71	43
250027	Minsinger, Mary	190	30
271959	Muller, Anna G.	35	47
272292	Madden, James	1,895	08
274054	Marshall, Elmira H.	49	62
275069	Michele, Eugenio	86	95
277568	Moneco, Gaetno	404	66
278183	Moan, John J.	182	78
279663	Mankiewicz, Frank	834	22
280094	Maravich, Mike	247	11
286540	Mannion, Cummin	58	56
299767	Muller, Anna	1,082	49
300354	Moore, Margaret	110	40
12022	Macrum, Natalie	183	32
113563	Mershon, Edward N. B.	4,859	95
113851	Minor, Samuel D.	10	50
113861	Mallinee, Earl G.	72	32
118310	Mogan, Mary A.	993	52
118732	Milla, Samuel	39	06
120232	Mahaffey, James A., trustee	49	42
20343	Martin, Rufus, trustee	70	65
120596	Miller, Sarah B., trustee	67	27
122513	Martin, John	106	25
127621	Miller, Augusta, trustee	20	34
129785	Myer, Peter	42	61
130113	Martin, Robt. A.	115	21
130741	Meade, Mary A.	1,030	22
131332	Mowry, Louisa	789	59
132387	Macfarlane, Samuel S., trustee	811	31
139575	Marley, Margaret	403	73
135808	Melrath, Annie	36	29
136004	Marlin, Ella M.	120	38
138403	Main, Robert	65	92
139430	Maharrie, Elizabeth M.	220	43
140940	Miller, Zachary T., trustee	410	41
145287	Mayer, Emily Jane	383	71
147482	Mock, Lyman E.	289	60
147732	Miller, Augusta, trustee	18	85
148569	Moeller, John	404	67
148846	Means, Thos. H., trustee	226	39
148847	Means, Geo. W., trustee	146	48
149532	Marlin, Benjamin M., trustee	117	36
198600	Monro, William L.	18	44
274387	Munroe, Pat	598	76

Mc

290167	McMeakin, Kate	496	03

15439	McKim, Alexander	661 12
26687	McFarland, Missouri	138 28
190587	McGrath, Mary	64 67
38798	McGinley, Elizabeth, administratrix	119 85
43164	McNulty, Patrick	20 36
49188	McCormick, Catherine	331 76
57656	McNulty, Peter J.	17 17
60683	McKee, Annie	20 77
62485	McKenna, Ellen	302 02
69426	McGraw, Alice	275 28
69437	McCombs, William	108 48
70241	McCoy, Mary E., trustee	50 73
82377	McClure, Leander	128 56
88459	McGaw, John B.	65 93
91287	McIntyre, John	1,185 01
102610	McCallen, Annie J.	225 20
109948	McMurtry, Julia, trustee	86 10
167685	McBride, John J.	2,072 49
171190	McAuley, Maggie M.	268 50
178319	McConnell, Thos., executor	131 48
179049	McGinness, Wm. C.	419 07
179784	McCabe, John, trustee	558 92
180412	McAuley, Elizabeth	70 96
221038	McConnell, Mary J., trustee	72 15
221039	McConnell, Mary J., trustee	17 25
223411	McComb, Geo. A.	180 63
225002	McCoy, James	441 60
225071	McGrath, Hannah	395 17
229471	McHugh, Cecilia	365 35
185625	McClintock, Thompson, trustee	117 17
187451	McCartney, Jennie, trustee	50 30
187452	McCartney, Jennie, trustee	50 30
189659	McMahon, Susan	646 46
190587	McGrath, Mary	64 67
193663	McDonough, Mary	807 58
195091	McCrery, Charles	128 19
195313	McBride, William W., trustee	249 13
261117	McClaren, Johanna	2,134 75
262477	McMahon, Lizzie	85 51
262598	McDonald, Malcolm, trustee	129 65
265552	McGaw, Jane	449 11
266833	McGinniss, John	284 72
267512	McLaughlin, Mary A.	87 43
270209	McGlenn, Mary Dell	923 54
283420	McBride, Henry E.	419 33
252324	McNerney, Emma	114 12
257980	McVey, Ernest	297 55
258110	McDonald, Elizabeth J.	504 98
259201	McCarthy, Mary	63 24
153333	McCarthy, Edward	139 81
156640	McKown, Mary B., in trust	46 17
157653	McAllister, Mary	171 55
160412	McGathen, John	73 46
162961	McLaughlin, Annie	146 36
163232	McDonough, John	467 06
197540	McDowell, James D.	130 65
197774	McGinnis, John A., in trust	123 27
198492	McFarland, Ada C., in trust	45 67
201674	McDermott, Mary J.	969 56
205834	McWilliams, Frances E.	89 30
208708	McCulloch, Mary D.	75 42
208803	McLean, Janet	980 51
209585	McCulloch, John A., in trust	333 45
212331	McBride, William Wilson, in trust	167 17
213270	McChesney, Sarah E., in trust	57 74
214293	MacDonald, Florence R.	66 92
232987	McCarty, Robert E.	27 30
234589	McCain, Samuel H., in trust	580 77
234901	McClelland, Joseph A.	701 50
240104	McKee, Harriet B.	54 99
240825	McNaught, Jos. Y., in trust	138 15
292540	McBride, James W.	631 76
301408	McDonald, Kenneth	217 89
301875	McChesney, Sarah E., in trust	108 57
235575	McGlenn, Alma R.	51 02
242629	McCague, Elizabeth	25 67
243064	McManus, Emma	138 15
243722	McLaughlin, Dominick	4,529 15
243938	McConnell, Jennie E.	193 94
244190	McGregor, Wm. J.	143 08
244480	McHugh, Michael	293 31
245906	McCabe, Anna M.	1,438 67
246418	McGrogan, James	141 48
248108	McCombe, Mary Jane	2,293 66
249325	McGranahan, Grace G., trustee	137 63
250237	McHugh, Mary	69 43
271972	McGlennon, Annie	72 74
272184	McClintock, M. McC., trustee	153 81
277001	McNary, Philip James	521 72
280784	McDonnell, Catherine	108 54
290704	McCloskey, Hugh A.	690 49
298909	McIntyre, Annie	81 85
300428	McCready, John	103 79
113277	McCutcheon, Elanorah	920 87
114271	McLean, Harry	122 52
114485	McKelvy, John	86 21
115069	McBride, Ellen	107 34
115714	McConnell, Lon	18 06
117002	McCabe, Ida	389 66
117047	McCabe, Mary J.	2,587 34
119935	McKenna, Nellie	421 67
127539	McCormick, Mary, trustee	137 63
128677	McCaffrey, Jas.	1,412 98
132884	McWilliams, Annie	1,246 90
136565	McNally, Annie	250 58
138258	McClintock, Thompson, trustee	58 70
141412	McKelvy, John A.	78 75
141446	McPherson, Lilly B., trustee	67 32
142224	McGerrity, Joseph	38 95
143313	McGarland, Missouri, trustee	196 16
147880	McDermott, Irene E.	80 61
149380	McCabe, Mary	768 87
149779	McNulty, Edward	16 81
150243	McLure, Louise	90 74
112325	McElroy, Annie G.	14 96

N

34075	Newlin, Mary	81 55
76309	Neale, Jas. B., Jr.	60 51
90829	Nickel, Elizabeth U.	134 29
265234	Newman, Frank R.	148 30
252248	Neal, S. Forrester	645 93
212949	Nickel, Emma C.	39 46
214472	Nonemaker, Louise	998 70
246774	Niele, Ida M.	53 59
274554	Nee, Bridget	107 19
275056	Noethling, Katie, trustee	30 88
278704	Neumann, Frederick	413 92
298764	Nyberg, Hannah	87 61
299505	Newell, Mary B.	109 65
299865	Nardi, Achille	60 05
122829	Norris, Maggie L., trustee	10 10
129042	Nevergold, Lottie	20 29
131716	Neibel, Selcunda	257 94
139511	Nelson, Ruth	13 32

O

2552	Oltman, John D.	135 98
46699	O'Reilly, Jeremiah	24 73
51871	O'Donnell, Kate	1,465 41
54177	Owen, Ida M.	118 81
56971	Ogden, Annie G.	66 61
59929	O'Connors, Mary	418 43
77789	O'Connor, Bridget	345 22
167913	O'Halloran, Patrick	63 04
168016	O'Connell, Nora C.	3,472 71
179612	O'Brien, Lizzie	565 85
221405	O'Toole, Maud B., trustee	23 65
265570	O'Brien, Mary	67 56
270487	Olnhauser, Ralph E.	123 01
285025	O'Brien, Margaret	81 16
256950	O'Neill, Annie	54 62
206489	Owston, Matilda, in trust	28 35
206664	Ord, Mary, in trust	22 31
206963	O'Connor, Sarah	364 04
232173	O'Neil, Jennie	1,060 53
239268	Ott, Elizabeth	554 70
293606	O'Boy, Annie	259 64
243912	O'Malley, Bessie	45 68
245191	Opel, Johann	199 23
245869	Oxford, Lina	178 40
249784	Ostrowske, Rukey	609 27
272647	Oertel, Carrie	111 56
274286	Ochsen, Simon	362 71
114835	Oakford, Jennie E.	19 04
136935	Ogden, Charles H., trustee	182 66

P

538	Porter, Mary B.	2,041 36
13230	Peffer, Caroline	5,077 63
18769	Poland, Agnes	803 20
29362	Peace, Samuel	47 90
74996	Price, James	982 49
81819	Puuschke, Wm.	253 56
87673	Pollitt, Wm. W.	1,827 44
89109	Pondexter, Harriett A.	24 49
94647	Pope, Virginia B.	272 59
95182	Popp, John H., trustee	70 03
167725	Patterson, Mary A.	938 57
177083	Patterson, Marie	49 84
180470	Patton, Jennie	619 43
222004	Pasquier Ben	515 40
225928	Porter, Jennie D., trustee	36 01
228458	Pickersgill, Frederick, trustee	70 06
230221	Penrose, Nannie D.	70 80
182048	Phillips, Philip S.	123 23
261269	Paul, Lulu	340 06
263613	Pascasia, Luciele	35 50
263614	Pascasia, Rosie, trustee	216 51
265983	Phillips, Anna K. B. S. M.	50 92
282392	Patterson, Elizabeth	163 85
284407	Patterson, Lizzie B.	354 96
252800	Parker, Franklin B.	61 49
161362	Papencordt, Katie, in trust	68 38
196522	Phillips, Daniel	1,055 24
197331	Poole, Ann	228 44
198661	Pearson, Wm. N.	456 37
203873	Pryor, Will	57 18
236734	Painter, Ned H.	505 30
291820	Parson, Annie	56 80
291854	Papijak, Mike	349 20
292454	Power, Ellen	200 75
210543	Pearce, Emma J.	37 36
243345	Pickett, Ella	92 66
244409	Popinkis, Mary	371 06
246634	Pudzinoelis, Kazimier	1,689 15
246915	Porter, James	118 14
248180	Parks, Isaac Woodward, trustee	112 84
275414	Powell, Ella	217 72
277633	Pulari, Annie	153 57
275622	Ploss, Wm. E.	43 17
280382	Porter, Emma M.	242 11
297450	Perchment, Emma	1,107 69
114303	Proctor, Ella	60 14
125800	Patton, Kate	213 83
123578	Permar, Mary D., trustee	175 63
125800	Patton, aKte	213 83
130140	Patterson, Sadie	17 06

136758	Purcell, Thomas J., trustee	64 64
138070	Pearsall, Walter	49 79
139410	Pickering, Thomas, Jr.	29 29
140809	Peterson, Marcus M.	45 12
143171	Proudfit, Melzie K.	15 16
144526	Pollitt, Wm., trustee	19 04
149117	Patterson, Frank	1,585 88
150742	Purcell, Thomas J., trustee	41 78
150743	Purcell, Thomas J., trustee	42 99
279426	Pryor, Thomas	63 19

Q

42692	Quinn, Jennie B., trustee	59 38
42693	Quinn, Jennie B., trustee	58 86
52854	Quilter, Bridget	93 99
110108	Quinter, Nellie	489 44
270129	Queenan, Patrick	291 58
296242	Quinn, Catherine A.	1,207 43

R

8847	Richardson, Fannie	32 38
12786	Reiff, John	24 42
31541	Rhodes, Margaret V.	79 24
39221	Richardson, Emmeli	690 32
43450	Riemann, Christ	1,368 85
50137	Racy, Milly	3,440 15
65317	Reed, Nancy	1,693 46
80364	Ross, Martha J.	1,731 86
83311	Robinson, Alpheus	130 04
86629	Reichenbach, Augusta	2,512 11
96566	Rutledge, Theresa	1,743 74
96580	Rosser, Rebecca J.	123 88
97618	Riordan, Thomas	29 39
98401	Reno, Maggie	18 40
105232	Rook, Charles A., trustee	943 69
109474	Riddle, Mary A.	318 92
175771	Rust, Charles H.	16 74
175973	Riddle, Geo. W., trustee	1,437 83
224158	Roth, Dora	151 13
224863	Rehorrst, Karoline	409 90
226232	Robinson, Annie	220 80
226986	Reese, Anna, trustee	131 45
229224	Repiddy, Theresa	1,057 59
181500	Ross, Charles	83 70
182615	Riddell, Jennie	760 89
184453	Rodgers, Margaret Jane	482 64
190988	Rattigan, Peter A., trustee	41 47
192267	Reed, William D.	43 18
194273	Rouser, Rachel	119 90
263389	Richardson, Ida	45 39
267496	Rowley, Emma	59 08
268680	Reed, Anna E.	301 72
270024	Richardson, Eugenia H., trustee	107 70
281490	Rudesell, Grace A.	56 75
281787	Reid, Robert	1,192 11
282244	Rudaitis, Veronica	365 62
285938	Rothaus, Fannie	323 92
251118	Rychlik, Jan	649 55
252770	Rossiter, Anna E.	555 50
254431	Ruvon, Barbara	131 28
157028	Reiss, Margaretha	603 02
157758	Reitz, Wm. C., trustee	34 34
162205	Robinson, Mary	341 49
196106	Reno, Lizzie B., in trust	133 12
197267	Robertson, John L.	33 70
203345	Rook, Charles A., in trust	351 18
203886	Redman, Lela M.	142 25
203946	Rogers, Nora	135 38
204794	Roose, Oella C., in trust	191 73
209414	Ramsbottom, Elizabeth H.	160 81
216221	Reuber, Thekla	215 84
219797	Rutherford, Sarah	1,572 09
219837	Robson, Marcella L.	158 81
234440	Ramaley, Samuel G., in trust	131 96
235541	Rehbeck, Caroline	284 24
239070	Robinson, Ada M.	97 57
293479	Raisbeck, Lillian	172 44
294268	Rosenthal, Simon M.	61 15
164726	Richmond, Fannie G.	17 70
294043	Rau, George W.	225 20
242135	Rowley, Sue E.	182 22
243126	Rodgers, Margaret	127 84
244912	Remaley, Stella S.	175 36
245201	Richards, Irene	90 04
271939	Rodgers, John	461 22
275457	Reynolds, Alice L.	252 00
276806	Reese, Annie, trustee	126 65
278216	Reutter, Kate	172 58
279881	Ramsey, Robert	364 79
280109	Remaley, John F.	41 98
289251	Rimkerce, Adam	1,261 36
289917	Rice, Jeannette	953 34
299275	Renschgai, Paul	327 96
299702	Rosenbaum, Alice A.	76 54
112114	Robertson, Hugh B.	2,913 94
115736	Robb, Bridget	66 13
121226	Rose, Elizabeth M., admx	96 82
121286	Rodgers, Elizabeth B. C., trustee	178 40
128129	Ross, George C.	84 13
129189	Ross, Ada McC	75 08
135206	Reed, Jennie L.	338 74
136124	Ritchie, James M., trustee	846 53
138171	Reno, Annie W., trustee	36 82
143955	Reiter, Robert J., trustee	23 38
144903	Ronzer, William A., trustee	872 89
148848	Richards, Walter, trustee	93 00
149429	Roberts, Elizabeth G. P.	12 99
149765	Rodgers, Sallie A., trustee	183 50
113706	Raith, Louise	16 81

S

7962	Seiler, Philippina	34 41
22028	Smith, Robert S.	71 47
23768	Smeaton, Samuel K.	990 25
29980	Simpson, Benjamin L.	17 18
42886	Snyder, Mary E.	20 74
44304	Stroup, Estella M., trustee	21 08
45323	Spahr, William J.	112 64
49665	Shine, Patrick	538 93
57780	Smith, Horace P., trustee	31 73
58699	Shriver, William R.	628 77
60207	Stiefel, Elizabeth, trustee	3,211 81
63239	Sands, William M.	40 19
70693	Smith, Beckie J.	12 66
76619	Stewart, James W.	70 69
82110	Sands, Jean S., trustee	189 79
83111	Seibert, M. Tillie	2,040 86
83807	Shields, Maggie	208 22
86110	Stucke, Agnes	112 39
90037	Scott, Elizabeth	69 80
98602	Stuart, Alice J., trustee	19 93
105644	Scott, Rachel	75 55
106989	Swisshelm, William	357 39
107432	Stevenson, Archy A.	195 09
108537	Stevenson, David A., trustee	90 35
109212	Scofield, Nancy J.	40 08
110872	Sullivan, Michael A.	21 81
167369	Speer, John D., trustee	40 72
167802	Smith, Fanny E.	191 15
170899	Starke, Ottilie M.	1,003 58
171201	Stuchell, John E.	131 66
171367	Shook, Addison A.	165 39
171631	Stephens, Sarah Ann	138 90
172806	Simmons, Williams S.	86 03
173367	Sonn, Susannah	1,785 49
178467	Shelton, Esther	880 35
180249	Schies, Barbara	254 14
221949	Scull, Sarah S.	1,651 47
222736	Scott, Susan	148 77
223895	Sykes, Annie E.	81 49
225518	Scull, Isabel	718 20
225797	Sowden, Rose	51 72
227579	Smith, Geo. B., trustee	42 66
230548	Stewart, Levi J., trustee	40 04
230812	Schuster, Lottie	752 80
183901	Schaub, Caroline, trustee	17 31
187479	Sutmeyer, Henry W., trustee	40 49
188745	Sproul, Frank P.	47 75
191575	Snyder, William	2,736 92
192138	Slentz, Bella	857 84
193442	Stewart, Mary	182 08
193865	Snyder, Margaret J.	1,205 29
263911	Stewart, Agnes	118 33
264381	Sickman, Elizabeth	1,217 52
264923	Strickler, Ella	112 87
265206	Scott, Isaac N.	61 57
265307	Saylor, Elizabeth	53 48
266328	Smith, Margaret	31 49
266967	Steinrok, Adelaide G., trustee	75 86
268312	Sefton, Mary A.	1,635 24
268800	Schrier, Mary	284 75
269795	Sachs, Libby	653 03
269963	Spelker, Georgia McI., trustee	98 61
270609	Stone, Jennie S.	217 63
283643	Schmidt, George, trustee	35 58
283733	Scoullar, Marian	81 49
254027	Scocofski, Walert	1,168 17
254821	Severns, Alive	35 71
255502	Summers, Dovey	143 98
260695	Shiring, Frank J.	29 39
158743	Spivey, Charles S.	27 43
161053	Scaife, Annie H., in trust	589 39
163399	Sutter, George S.	1,489 48
165484	Schwartz, Caroline	26 38
165833	Schaum, David L.	15 76
199611	Schoeb, Barbara	71 90
200223	Smith, Jennie	229 13
200705	Snively Maria E.	57 96
201525	Soltis, Andy	1,266 04
203918	Sager, Lena, in trust	71 53
204587	Smith, Mollie, in trust	70 26
205178	Spengler, A. C., executor	58 56
205186	Schmidt, Margaret D.	75 36
208613	Smyth, Margaret	361 36
208804	Schairer, Geo. C., in trust	61 05
209172	Shrum, Estella	268 74
214112	Schafer, John	1,991 38
214269	Schmitz, Charles E., in trust	22 05
214548	Schwartz, Jennie, in trust	72 65
215045	Strub, Mary	1,790 79
215852	Sullivan, Katie A.	63 76
215978	Starz, Barrett	498 10
216486	Smith, Philip W.	845 26
232760	Stewart, Rose	28 20
233344	Schnupp, Lillie	384 90
233398	Sefton, Lillie	387 04
234157	Shapira, Albie	55 49
234446	Scott, Renwick	61 14
235285	Schulz, August	90 63
235339	Schmidt, Emelie	76 82
236204	Smith, Lizzie B.	370 26
240504	Smathers, Susan	660 54
291888	Stratton, Robert John	70 21
293357	Schmidt, Geo. P.	58 87
294431	Soltes, Elizabeth	166 90
294792	Stephans, Elizabeth	84 13
301492	Smith, Robert S., in trust	326 88

154976	Saltz, Mary	16 23
198595	Soisson, John F., trustee	206 03
238000	Stewart, Lizzie	797 20
241469	Sprung, Anni	172 80
241548	Stotler, John B.	2,297 98
241901	Simpson, George	468 66
241930	Sanborn, Gertrude D.	249 10
242413	Stech, Amos, trustee	183 63
243914	Stuch, Betsy	1,152 39
245306	Sullivan, Timothy	774 26
245579	Sarensen, Mads	372 04
246976	Schuring, John L.	175 18
247969	Smith, Georgana H., trustee	73 48
247970	Smith, Georgana H., trustee	73 48
247971	Smith, Georgana H., trustee	73 48
248071	Scott, Harry C., trustee	33 00
248547	Strub, Kate	64 52
248792	Schaff, Thomas, trustee	39 30
249545	Steele, Martha	107 62
274763	Schlotboner, Max	2,558 81
275914	Skinner, Mary, trustee	248 79
277049	Straube, Edmund	126 28
279907	Seifrt, Erhardt H.	100 70
280159	Seel, Martin	886 19
280283	Schwartz, Maggie M.	618 73
280711	Sellers, Edna M.	144 31
280938	Schuster, Lina	229 69
289679	Sonn, Philip, Jr.	2,297 32
289964	Schlenke, Frank	286 43
289998	Schindehutte, Wm. H.	229 70
297153	Schlotterbeck, Emil T.	1,111 39
297204	Smit, Agnes	221 68
298837	Strunz, Heleene	222 25
298914	Sluka, John	306 30
299446	Shea, Mary	109 65
114484	Shane, Catharine E.	585 99
119605	Smith, Chas. W., trustee	248 66
122948	Stoerckel, Mary	834 54
125652	Schnider, Katharina	479 92
126548	Snyder, Antis L.	75 48
127137	Stratton, Fannie	384 77
128339	Spittal, Mary	576 57
130064	Shaddle, Ida E.	198 30
135520	Simes, Abram	11 72
136800	Sullivan, Katie	16 85
137588	Spence, Prudence	100 18
139547	Smith, Chas. L., trustee	36 34
139571	Stevenson, Will A.	3,575 73
139615	Sleeth, Jennie F.	63 78
139897	Stephan, Carline	1,141 13
140326	Stritmater, Carrie	86 48
140974	Spitteler, Maria J.	170 41
141087	Simpson, John G., trustee	110 50
141262	Shireman, Margaret A.	308 06
141366	Schreiner, Harry	94 14
146105	Schack, Mary, trustee	38 77
147124	Spencer, Nellie E.	726 07
149321	Schlelein, Sadie S.	330 91
149354	Stevenson, Lena	166 19
150041	Smith, Eliza	75 59
132685	Schrapfer, Christian, trustee	85 00
294609	Szenko, Majk	442 36

T

21122	Thomas, Wm. H.	13 94
46228	Theis, Matilda	39 00
62031	Torsney, Frank	24 31
66513	Thompson, Christiana C.	460 40
75470	Thompson, Elizabeth	44 04
89151	Turner, George	31 90
99248	Trieber, Emma	1,973 86
102625	Thomas, Wm. L.	122 54
108822	Thompson, Martha	2,563 05
109008	Thompson, Annie, administratrix	645 63
166731	Thomas, Flora	163 05
170810	Thomas, Hannah	33 97
222498	Trunzer, Wm.	1,366 47
224524	Thompson, Elizabeth, trustee	20 59
225958	Toole, Bridget	97 74
226028	Thomas, Susie	1,136 70
227374	Thompson, Newton H.	153 00
230616	Tuohy, John	51 14
102174	Trieber, Robert L., in trust	138 57
175880	Templeton, Annie	30 78
184803	Tonnurell Bertha	129 89
193340	Taylor, John H.	1,225 35
262885	Tobin, Markle	672 86
266433	Tomasheitz, Veronika	134 24
267671	Turner, George W.	218 80
284475	Turner, Sarah	86 87
260309	Thompson, John H., trustee	51 19
155963	Thompson, Jane	60 60
201921	Theiss, Anna	844 58
213060	Taylor, Thomas	37 00
236885	Thompson, Sarah	66 16
240535	Trimble, Margaret S.	397 39
291519	Tibbs, Maria E.	169 02
294022	Thomas, Andrew, executor	821 37
241807	Tyree, Frances	71 13
247712	Trichlinger, Jos. C., trustee	135 39
249157	Taylor, Emma J.	231 47
250485	Tyler, Hattie A.	670 54
273023	Thompson John W., trustee	130 65
275375	Titley, Minta M., trustee	43 13
288291	Thompson, Martha	1,573 71
288428	Tucker, William, trustee	63 53
289092	Truitt, Ira	349 70
290675	Turner, Etta H.	91 25
297724	Tyliszczak, Teodor	110 73
298158	Tichonski, Wanio	219 21
128288	Tieman, Samuel S.	727 78
135602	Trainor, Thomas J.	225 09
136020	Troy, Patrick J.	722 20
141623	Tetley, James B., trustee	59 87
145675	Taudte, Harry W., trustee	48 49
149052	Titzell, Geo. G., trustee	50 60
117751	Teece, Geo., administrator	52 66

U

228179	Underwood, Sarah Jane	288 04
229260	Uhlenburg, Sophia A., trustee	44 15

V

30632	Varner, Henry	46 38
72447	Van Kirk, Theophilas K.	2,797 42
176749	Very, Frank W., trustee	16 68
262051	Voller, Joseph A.	56 03
251415	Vogan, Matilda, trustee	72 22
252935	Viducci, Guiseppe	367 47
259629	Volke, Barbara H.	131 52
154194	Vandergrift, Elizabeth, in trust	58 77
159740	Vogel, Karl	1,061 84
249996	Vasbinder, John H.	40 24
249997	Vasbinder, Wm. F.	132 12
279112	Vandersaal, Carolyn E.	61 34
288620	Vialekis, Stanis	509 15
114726	Verner, Sarah N.	55 20

W

14735	Wachob, Thompson, trustee	23 19
15184	Whitehead, Mary	17 16
17321	Watt, James	5,757 26
24820	Watkins, Thos.	107 97
25769	Wesley, Harry, trustee	24 09
28601	Welshhaus, Ida	49 07
29025	Wilson, Henry	57 58
35115	Welphy, Jane	20 86
36625	Wood, Samuel, Jr.	42 53
45603	Wilson, Agnes	435 88
58949	White, Wm.	1,875 35
63701	Wilson, Isabella	72 99
68099	Wilmot, Prudence R.	726 74
69423	White, Olive J.	53 48
70224	Welsh, Laura C.	14 53
71741	Williams, Annie E.	503 13
73643	Walter, Amelia	163 80
86023	Wall, James B.	32 88
87395	Whiteley, Alfred	13 54
88723	Wilson, Lizzie J.	122 72
88902	Ward, Lizzie B., trustee	43 96
88903	Ward, Lizzie B., trustee	43 96
88905	Ward, Lizzie B., trustee	68 42
88906	Ward, Lizzie B., trustee	72 88
90421	Williams, Samuel D.	14 20
98879	Wolff, Gottfried	15 27
103395	Wright, Mary A.	95 02
104601	Webster, John	55 26
105935	Wilsher, Wm.	308 13
109598	Waldberger, John A.	61 13
110554	Weil, A. Leo, trustee	168 01
167856	White, Rosa, trustee	23 66
167863	Wilby, Martha, trustee	26 37
168451	Walsh, James P., trustee	102 36
170102	Wilson, Alma, trustee	104 11
173280	Welsh, Jennie	26 80
176139	Watt, Wm. P., trustee	24 40
177199	Wood, Gertrude St. J., trustee	329 30
180209	Weir, David M.	1,232 65
223924	Wickham, Walter M.	713 09
224331	Wright, Joseph	346 27
227718	Wayland, Mary L.	40 61
227966	Weller, Lucy	66 26
229264	Wernert, Mary A.	49 58
230101	Williams, Mary Jane, trustee	65 25
92589	Welfer, John	53 87
181948	Walsh, Hannah, trustee	129 90
183280	West, Margaret C.	53 36
186086	Welsh, Margaret	180 50
187151	Watters, Octavina L.	81 67
189928	Weber, Mary, trustee	83 48
262721	Wenger, J. Adam	147 53
265353	Wintersgill, Mary L.	282 11
268181	Woods, Julia	173 90
268803	Werle, John	285 21
269809	Wilson, Mary	405 57
281813	Waiterkunis, Tonj	120 19
282466	Wallace, Jennie	839 25
282556	Walsh, Ellen	2,390 12
251402	White, Clara V.	315 34
270345	Wockenfirss, Henriete	142 34
155243	Winniski, Charles	25 13
160232	Wurzell, George W., in trust	80 51
163590	Williams, Davis	25 67
199465	Walsh, Ellen	113 09
199465	Walsh, Ellen	241 41
201178	Wick, Horace D.	245 82
201239	Wewel, Theresia	135 31
207550	Williams, Ida, in trust	184 86
210244	Wright, Wm. J., in trust	71 73
211762	Weir, Myra	150 71
212070	Wilson, Robert L.	1,275 85
212834	Williams, John G., in trust	104 10
212835	Williams, John G., in trust	96 62
213337	Wainwright, Samuel J., in trust	148 79
213338	Wainwright, Samuel J., in trust	148 79

215229	Walter, William	591 81
216930	Wallace, Daniel H., in trust	407 37
217875	Welsh, Michael C.	498 78
218469	White, Emma A.	653 10
219172	Werner, Regina	196 30
219680	Winter, Wm. E., Sr., in trust	264 99
219804	Williams, Nathan Stone, in trust	53 80
235757	Wurthner, Annie	27 26
237976	Walter, Henry J.	343 33
292420	Waiczis, August	337 10
303266	Wedechis, Frank	118 65
201601	Wittmann, Emma, trustee	230 65
243962	Walker, Emma G.	274 07
246473	Ward, Jacob A.	318 98
247262	Wilby, Martha	278 67
247288	Wilson, N. Jennie	298 73
248963	Welsh, Mary	142 68
249618	Wolkosky, Tibri, trustee	33 55
249619	Wolkosky, Tibri, trustee	33 55
271849	Wildman, James	571 50
272764	Weir, Annie J.	85 95
274149	Wassum, Annie	121 64
288617	Wasko, Paul	115 55
296498	Weisser, Sophia	661 21
297141	Williams, Elizabeth	104 43
297473	Winter, Elizabeth, trustee	55 23
297591	Wyatt, Mary	445 25
298960	Ward, Lizzie	109 99
119096	Whiteside, Mattie P.	585 56
119389	Wallace, Mary G.	56 54
121273	Wheeler, Louisa	19 40
122204	Wilson, William J.	129 24
122930	Williams, Alma	239 11
123884	Ward, Michael H.	23 14
128597	Wallace, Mary E.	2,078 81
132708	Wilke, Ernest, trustee	74 14
140110	Woodman, Cornelia McC.	5,513 44
141265	Warden, William, trustee	1,587 99
142185	Wasserman, Rosi	1,420 90
142308	Witherow, Carrie A.	190 97
143164	Ward, Ella E.	57 55
145920	Wyman, Martha P., trustee	205 92
146552	Weisbora, Mary A.	115 01
148189	Wallace, Jennie P.	64 08
148331	Wolf, Isaac Jackson	1,478 12
149405	Wandless, Eleanor, trustee	39 83
150462	Wohlgemuth, Charles	20 47
114800	Woods, Robt. A.	43 78
125284	Ward, Lizzie B., trustee	43 96
246332	Wakefield, Wesley S., trustee	38 06
290212	Wills, Frank A.	114 41

Y

76159	Young, Parthenia	24 16
100982	Yoest, Lorenz	2,292 96
227812	Yonik, Peter	1,162 02
269873	Yatowski, Wiktor	126 55
258748	Yarnell, Kate	129 76
213545	Youngsley, Rosa	41 41
286137	Yolton, Virginia	76 08
132925	Young, Sadie, trustee	44 95
132586	Young, Miriam T.	28 97

Z

113115	Ziegler, Conrad, Jr.	168 56
225031	Zeman, David, trustee	143 91
187385	Zoffer, Henry, trustee	128 69
270892	Zielenbach, Andrew	208 14

S. C. McCANDLESS,
Treasurer.

Pittsburg, January 1, 1909.

REPORT OF DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK, PITTSBURG, PA., FOR THE YEAR 1910.

ONE HUNDRED AND TENTH SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT OF THE DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK, JUNE 1, 1910, PITTSBURG, PA.

LIABILITIES

Amount due Depositors, June 1, 1910	$26,553,629 41
Amount due Dividend	509,021 14
Amount due Contingent Fund	776,172 77
Amount due Surplus	248,699 16
Total Liabilities	$28,087,522 48

ASSETS

Loans on Bonds and Mortgages	$8,695,779 62
U. S. Government Bonds	2,400,000 00
Philadelphia City Bonds	1,400,000 00
City of Pittsburg Bonds	2,643,400 00
City of Allegheny Bonds	403,500 00
City of Reading Bonds	100,000 00
Allegheny County Bonds	830,979 50
Washington County Bonds	367,000 00
Sub-District School Bonds	116,100 00
District School Bonds	520,300 00
Borough Improvement Bonds	1,157,050 00
Railroad Bonds	3,180,565 00
Street Railway Bonds	458,000 00
Miscellaneous Bonds	703,621 50
Loans on Collateral	2,516,740 75
Real Estate	134,470 71
Real Estate Bank Property	300,000 00
Interest Due	14,873 80
Cash in Banks and on hand	2,145,141 60
Total Assets	$28,087,522 48

S. C. McCANDLESS,
Treasurer.

Pittsburg, June 1st, 1910.

The undersigned Auditing Committee respectfully report that they have examined the assets of the Bank and find them to correspond with the foregoing report.

JOHN BINDLEY,
G. HARTON SINGER,
FRANK B. NIMICK,
F. S. GUTHRIE,
Auditing Committee.

Pittsburg, June 14, 1910.

The Trustees have declared a dividend of two (2) per cent. for the last six months ending May 31, 1910, payable forthwith. If not drawn, will bear interest from June 1, 1910.

ONE HUNDRED AND ELEVENTH SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT OF THE DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK, DECEMBER 1, 1910, PITTSBURG, PA.

LIABILITIES

Amount due Depositors, December 1, 1910	$27,063,441 97
Amount due Dividend	519,236 31
Amount due Contingent Fund	776,172 77
Amount due Surplus	258,574 15
Total Liabilities	$28,617,425 20

ASSETS

Loans on Bonds and Mortgages	$8,832,148 23
U. S. Government Bonds	2,400,000 00
Philadelphia City Bonds	1,400,000 00
City of Pittsburg Bonds	2,643,400 00
City of Allegheny Bonds	303,500 00
City of Reading Bonds	100,000 00
Allegheny County Bonds	830,979 50
Washington County Bonds	352,000 00
Sub-District School Bonds	116,100 00
District School Bonds	802,900 00
Borough Improvement Bonds	1,215,850 00
Railroad Bonds	3,183,565 00
Street Railway Bonds	488,000 00
Miscellaneous Bonds	679,681 50
Loans on Collateral	2,457,422 75
Real Estate	143,930 35
Real Estate Bank Property	300,000 00
Interest Due	12,037 57
Cash in Banks and on hand	2,355,810 30
Total Assets	$28,617,425 20

S. C. McCANDLESS,
Treasurer.

Pittsburg, December 13th, 1910.

The undersigned Auditing Committee respectfully report that they have examined the assets of the Bank and find them to correspond with the foregoing report.

G. HARTON SINGER,
D. C. NOBLE,
F. S. GUTHRIE,
S. BAILEY, JR.,
Auditing Committee.

Pittsburg, December 13, 1910.

The Trustees have declared a dividend of two (2) per cent. for the last six months ending November 30, 1910, payable forthwith. If not drawn, will bear interest from December 1, 1910.

LIST OF DEPOSITORS OF THE DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK OF PITTSBURG, WHO HAVE NOT MADE A DEPOSIT WITHIN TWO YEARS, AND WHOSE DIVIDENDS, WHICH HAVE NOT BEEN ENTERED UPON THEIR PASS BOOK, AMOUNT TO AT LEAST FIVE DOLLARS. THIS STATEMENT IS PUBLISHED ANNUALLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CHARTER.

A

25647	Aul, John	$23 94
25792	Anderson, Alex. H., executor	209 15
44697	Algeo, Samuel S.	27 93
54102	Albree, Martha	151 75
58838	Aha, Jonas J.	868 42
61072	Anderson Rebecca	914 55
63744	Atchison, Diana, trustee	39 04
78477	Aultman, Mary F.	267 08
84247	Anderson, William	189 04
89137	Arbuckle, Margaret	5,319 27
89370	Arnold, Maggie F., trustee	332 82
95871	Angney, Mary E.	12 52
96651	Allison, John R.	77 92
99658	Allen, Edward	290 80
107702	Aufhammer, John W.	3,081 02
181303	Allison, Lula	202 08

182318	Arter, Winfield S., trustee	42 46
182319	Arter, Winfield S., trustee	42 18
189024	Adams, Birdie	18 47
299162	Anderson, Gottfrid	119 01
299627	Aitken, John J.	830 99
316125	Anderson, Sopha O.	109 65
138576	Abbiss, James	476 42
141281	Aikens, Kate S.	6,314 64
148043	Allen, Amy	77 78
148629	Agnew, Agnes	2,034 15
150178	Aufderheide, Lillie	31 00
175167	Allison, John Y., trustee	75 08
177032	Anderson, Mary	17 41
178908	Atkins, Frank E.	28 46
212369	Adams, Laura A.	27 72
217343	Aston, Annie C., trustee	60 53
226140	Acton, Annie	30 31
151333	Albright, Louisa	122 77
157676	Altenhof, Louise M.	46 98
158158	Alles, Christian	362 72
159428	Austen, Maria B., trustee	181 84
198615	Allison, John R., trustee	39 01
208926	Adams, Augusta	1,053 23
209889	Ambler, Mary E.	605 45
266028	Allish, Peter	763 66
267583	Acheson, Ethel, trustee	34 92
276070	Anderson, Margaret A.	46 01
240746	Anzlut, Giuseppina, trustee	20 68
256468	Adams, Maggie	21 22
259229	Amendolara, Pasquale	971 38
260143	Arrott, Lyde R., trustee	20 75
301931	Alshouse, Bella S.	168 95
304425	Adams, Cathrin	121 58
242820	Abel, Clara E.	89 02
244652	Anderson, Morna E.	54 95
247761	Acton, George H.	36 45
283871	Andro, Mary	135 55
287897	Askew, Wm. P.	57 19
289424	Anderson Phillip	133 32
291549	Aikins, Joseph K., trustee	59 60
289723	Abercrombie, Charles	165 32

B

1438	Barth, Elizabeth	209 76
3891	Bailey, William	2,720 55
8215	Bryant, George	99 58
13770	Butler, Henry S.	22 78
16255	Burns, Hillery R.	18 07
17087	Bruce, Mary J.	27 15
20596	Brunner, Peter	1,758 50
20783	Ball, John	37 87
31034	Boston, Wm. J.	86 97
31783	Barr, Nancy	381 56
41138	Bennett, Richard	17 24
44836	Bigham, Charles G.	158 25
51616	Browne, Hannah E.	86 92
56421	Blair, Matilda C.	154 59
59414	Beavan, John	47 31
61161	Berryhill, Emma	427 28
61771	Brown, Caroline A.	120 33
63654	Beck, John	1,177 00
66854	Bradshaw, Florence R.	425 06
68727	Bailey, Virginia	887 47
71183	Becker, Charles	35 28
71879	Brewer, Ella	120 50
72646	Breeze, Mollie P.	186 45
74179	Blair, Margaret	1,685 97
75930	Brickell, William D.	1,494 09
77188	Bray, Ellen	11 81
79743	Brunner, Emilie, executrix	184 44
80300	Bennett, Geo. H.	1,914 11
80862	Butler, Elizabeth	618 72
81661	Brown, John	87 54
82036	Birch, Matthew	290 28
85646	Bennett, Kate A.	784 61
86096	Bird, Samuel G.	47 18
92565	Bryce, Chas. K., executor	277 49
95632	Brown, David H.	123 74
99209	Boyd, Jennie	2,898 31
102109	Black, Margaret	66 41
104279	Burton, Job, executor	208 27
107209	Bennett, Sarah	79 24
110094	Brown, Lewis M.	1,104 06
181745	Brennan, Mary E.	396 75
186218	Becker, Charles	594 51
186794	Bernon, Mary	1,187 77
187162	Barrett, Eva May, trustee	365 23
187990	Bigley, Ursula, trustee	54 32
190085	Boyer, Samuel T., trustee	101 79
193203	Bosworth, Elizabeth F.	131 91
194415	Brown, Mary	15 99
195902	Bowie, Mary R., trustee	95 49
298041	Bailey, Nancy J.	328 56
298759	Bryson, Kate	129 16
300070	Baker, Lovisa Blanche	111 34
300381	Bloric, Frank	354 96
300988	Brennan, Maria	704 51
316995	Blum, Jennie	87 13
318822	Brosie, Caroline	80 89
216978	Berry, James C.	348 39
218499	Braun, Henry J.	274 33
219570	Bier, Jennie H., trustee	79 99
221510	Brown, Chris	176 37
221836	Blakeley, Wm. A.	181 31
222408	Beatty, Sarah M.	1,245 87
222839	Bauer, Charles F., executor	174 74
224683	Borland, Selina S.	166 75
227002	Burket, Mae E.	82 83
229087	Bulger, Florine	187 86
229554	Bauks, John S.	1,022 00
311770	Balazs, Mike	447 47
312557	Bolam, Charles	1,100 91
313201	Burke, Annie	56 00
314574	Birch, Samuel B.	220 73
314828	Byrne, Mary C.	82 78
315517	Brown, Ellah	59 04
131050	Bryan, Wm. J.	10 53
111216	Burton, Nellie F.	11 58
120376	Beals, Richard	67 23
122367	Bright, William	22 07
126723	Boltieri, Franceszo	49 38
128728	Barbush, Anna	406 11
130301	Boardman, Ada	116 60
133248	Bieser, Anna W.	29 28
136891	Bauer, Amalie W.	168 04
142531	Boardman, Thomas	106 27
144370	Brookfield, Mary V.	648 19
147975	Berger, Mary	834 87
148119	Bier, Charles E., trustee	131 91
149215	Buckley, Timothy C.	2,200 83
150319	Boak, Nana M.	104 76
150697	Brown, Robert L., trustee	259 26
166467	Belles, Victor V., trustee	126 94
168902	Beck, Henry, trustee	18 63
169666	Bartberger, Emma C.	118 89
169788	Baur, Margaretha	86 05
171907	Bode, Friedricke	427 11
172388	Buka, Daniel	329 54
172648	Brown, Annie B.	2,164 84
175964	Bedient, Maggie, trustee	126 22
176627	Bowser, Cora E., trustee	71 04
177643	Bricker, Nancy	1,833 99
179894	Bittner, Mary, administratrix, c. t. a.	32 65
211545	Binns, Edward H., trustee	144 81
211546	Binns, Edward H., trustee	144 81
211857	Berninger, Rose	149 02
211932	Blair, Annie	481 01
212333	Bowman, Thos. F.	102 26
212642	Blum, Christian P., trustee	31 42
213342	Beaty, Eliza J.	80 29
214760	Boyce, Laura E., trustee	98 52
215063	Blanchard, Chas. A.	320 07
215674	Bevington, Mary D.	187 12
216580	Binns, Edward H., trustee	47 50
151914	Buchannan, Eliza	620 06
152015	Barclay, John	52 16
155490	Bedilion, Emma L.	11 68
156459	Breckbill, Maggie	34 71
157084	Barrett, Al.	19 65
157388	Bright, Jane	20 84
160755	Blackham, John R.	297 26
161097	Barr, Alfred H.	198 16
161582	Burry, Christ H.	43 10
162104	Booth, Ida C.	165 05
198414	Bennett, Elizabeth	16 72
199917	Bausman, Anna M., trustee	37 94
199925	Barnett, Mary W.	35 46
200203	Blair, Ella M.	1,542 57
201770	Bunion, Nora	17 17
201853	Brennan, Mat.	19 87
201971	Bell, John F.	314 47
204564	Brennen, A. Jessie	105 78
205767	Brookfield, Elizabeth	105 89
208249	Beatty, Emma J.	369 00
209563	Bassett, Charles W., trustee	66 05
261629	Brown, Fred. G., trustee	70 48
262600	Burke, John	516 23
263563	Battles, John, trustee	41 48
264073	Barelli, Martino	69 06
265583	Bachrach, Henry	54 84
266060	Bradley, Hannah	86 91
266099	Bakan, Peromina	689 89
267482	Bernhardt, Susanna	485 54
267886	Bell, Laura V.	87 53
268482	Blake, Annie	130 36
269289	Bean, Mary	173 98
269300	Banks, Susan M.	66 10
270110	Brandt, James B., trustee	46 18
270149	Barger, Mary A.	138 72
270879	Brown, Thos. M., executor	2,164 84
272023	Bechtold, Caroline E.	333 28
272185	Brooks, Lizzie N.	833 14
272321	Bailiff, Sarah	347 23
272093	Beares, Beatrice	26 39
273124	Brukner, Mari	159 21
273306	Bolton, Robert B.	6,301 51
274877	Berry, William Joseph	351 98
274927	Brown, Nellie	654 21
276925	Basso, Louisa	235 67
277498	Bradshaw, Florence K., trustee	67 22
277609	Blice, Anthony	529 39
306279	Budris, Tony	224 16
307011	Buckley, Jeremiah D.	81 60
308818	Burgo, Angela	113 29
283483	Bauman, William	2,216 99
234524	Bryan, James	28 92
235136	Bender, Nanna B., trustee	60 80
238016	Burns, Josephine, trustee	42 37
239926	Birmingham, James	69 30

1234	Boner, Maggie	655 90
2674	Balderston, Henry	142 95
457	Bingler, Mary, trustee	23 03
1262	Brennan, Annie	37 23
3361	Brennen, Margaret	365 34
1776	Beringer, William, trustee	61 72
826	Blank, Bridget	117 62
1066	Buka, Simean	64 97
3386	Breslin, James	1,123 39
1754	Bone, Margaret, J.	176 86
132	Breitenbach, Anna	149 02
1338	Bradley, Ada May, trustee	80 84
2846	Barton, Mary	2,135 42
2100	Blake, Amelia P., trustee	192 02
1205	Birk, Amelia	275 97
2676	Butler, Ella Irene	124 19
2789	Bittner, Suse	307 58
3651	Barth, Frances	528 76
4172	Balzer, Anna E.	68 49
1984	Boggs, Ninian, trustee	73 77
1275	Bier, Jr., C. F. Louis	303 26
3088	Buckley, Minnie H., trustee	28 92
1203	Baetz, Robt. W., trustee	70 12
1464	Beadle, Mary	329 18
5515	Burns, Wm. M.	51 33
1011	Barnhart, Effie Belle, trustee	57 67
1242	Boardman, John	72 73
1406	Boyd, John T., trustee	34 47
1515	Burns, Wm. M.	51 33
3889	Bozykorska, Anastasja	143 29
4123	Byers, Mathilda K.	216 06
5001	Baker, James	2,204 15
1190	Brend Edith Miriam	271 35
1659	Burgy, Emil	665 33
3137	Burkhart, Julia	162 96
3415	Blattner, Maria M.	99 32
3633	Blackburn, Nellie	945 14
4494	Barnowski, Mary	58 38

C

1327	Cooper, Charles A.	64 96
8386	Cochran, Sarah	23 19
1716	Clark, B. M., adm.	1,132 22
1824	Culbert, Ann	964 18
5314	Cutler, Patrick	180 30
3640	Cochran, Alex. G., trustee	428 87
8377	Carpenter, Mary K.	770 10
1312	Coleman, Andrew O., adm	206 06
4609	Carpenter, James McF., trustee	405 07
7288	Cameron, Mary	365 12
1074	Cruikshanks, Thomas	5,270 50
2661	Cooper, Henry	112 23
3356	Clark, Amelia	1,381 71
5920	Carrigen, William	10 51
8534	Cooper, Margaret J.	202 19
8560	Connell, Mary	656 09
8704	Crosby, Hannah	1,501 84
9992	Clark, Mary	411 92
1018	Cook, Horace C.	6,774 99
1164	Church, Henry C., trustee	14 32
7403	Conrad, Geo.	52 76
7274	Cummins, Stephen	134 34
8262	Carnahan, Kate C.	67 98
9767	Collier, Martha S.	1,171 62
2153	Challinor, Amy H.	79 63
2463	Cook, John W., trustee	64 66
3391	Carr, Mary L.	92 10
4525	Cunningham, Sadie, trustee	15 02
5382	Carpenter, James McF., trustee	255 80
6013	Crombie, Helen E.	51 79
7047	Cooney, Mary C.	1,980 32
8933	Crawford, John S, trustee	12 11
9432	Conway, Bridget	455 06
5025	Cameron, Lucy	80 58
8568	Campbell, John	23 83
4794	Clifferd, Frank D., trustee	108 33
6102	Cassidy, Annie	70 83
6837	Croca, Annie, trustee	97 02
7910	Cruikshank, Frank, trustee	85 39
9348	Cotter, Richard	1,338 52
9584	Clark, Wm. J., trustee	58 64
1557	Cusick, Thomas	328 33
1914	Cavanaugh, Annie	305 10
7246	Carlberg, Anna S.	119 46
7944	Carter, Mary Susie	165 29
1313	Colvin, Elizabeth S., trustee	259 21
4251	Cain, Annie	27 87
7690	Corless, Mary A.	844 76
2841	Connolly, Martin	701 61
3380	Cochran, Elizabeth R.	407 19
6904	Cupples, Sarah S.	36 21
8774	Clay, Alice	250 79
0069	Conway, Mary	118 17
2574	Connelly, Katie	1,487 35
9259	Craig, Henrietta B.	36 93
9714	Campbell, Florence	103 65
0213	Carpenter, Jas. McF., trustee	119 66
1730	Campbell, Ida A. trustee	158 89
9969	Coleridge, Joseph	61 21
6299	Clark, Lizzie J.	566 12
7136	Coakley, Daniel	179 33
7342	Crawford, Jane B., trustee	191 63
7470	Campbell, Ida A., trustee	86 00
7550	Clark, Dora, trustee	133 58
9621	Carson, Annie M.	204 84
1539	Coyle, Margaret	42 13
2217	Cunningham Kate	432 65
4890	Cook, James M., trustee	266 38
6808	Cruikshank, Frank, trustee	111 15
963	Connolly, James	466 26
178010	Culhane, Annie	299 27
211588	Cowell, Margaret	299 27
212851	Cullen, Terence	42 07
214602	Collins, Emma D	284 89
215458	Cluley, Frank J., trustee	82 19
215960	Crawford, Sadie	1,255 92
217228	Connolly, Maggie	208 27
218133	Cleer, Nicolas	58 14
218794	Clarke, Wm. J.	469 53
218816	Coulson, Emily L., trustee	52 81
223161	Childs, W. St. Clair	85 36
223472	Cox, Frank	187 59
225771	Clarke, Wm.	106 58
227130	Cromie, Maggie	112 60
230893	Caplan, Fanny	746 77
311107	Crozier, Blanche W., guardian trustee	335 96
154019	Cook, Robert M.	13 81
154780	Casey, Margery	132 37
156269	Cook, Kate	41 30
161676	Cochrane, George A., Jr.,	15 84
162058	Connelley, Mary C.	1,545 18
162554	Call, Wm. N. H.	2,348 24
163253	Craig, Charles L.	66 59
163924	Chalfant, George N.	156 32
164823	Coor, Ellen	187 96
165430	Crooks, Rose	1,870 46
165904	Challinor, James F., trustee	201 60
196731	Cox, Ann	33 54
196885	Clute, Eleanore	92 25
197151	Coulter, Richard D.	39 08
197755	Collins, Rosalind P., trustee	150 51
200793	Clarke, Herbert B.	1,451 41
204367	Connell, Eva M., trustee	78 22
204855	Cohen, Jacob	162 24
205348	Cummins, John C	1,048 47
205605	Caldwell, William J.	139 66
208022	Colling Elizabeth	491 20
261052	Cain, Patrick, trustee	63 53
261953	Clifford, Frank D.	25 91
261949	Cole, Annie E., trustee	41 11
261950	Cole, Annie E., trustee	35 77
262739	Cooper, Mary Ann	333 78
265906	Courtney, Annie G.	885 26
267436	Costello, James	235 88
270429	Carnegie, John	248 89
272532	Carey, Laura	72 87
273330	Carrick, Frank	206 64
273557	Call, Margaret	51 60
273799	Caldwallader, William, trustee	33 15
276677	Carroll, Ellen	371 06
277486	Callaghan, Winnie	282 30
277563	Conway, John	55 51
278796	Corbett, Bessie H.	300 68
307793	Calabrese, Thomas	342 32
231050	Coll, Mary	248 67
232606	Cohen, Annie E., trustee	18 09
233827	Costello, Nellie	784 70
234676	Cogan, M. Jessie	303 59
234927	Croco, Isaac W., trustee	43 88
235593	Crick, Birdie	39 44
236376	Cunningham, Sallie, trustee	38 91
238548	Callaghan, Bridget	217 23
239001	Clark, Margaret	341 90
239673	Curran, Peter A., trustee	17 78
240699	Carylile, Mary,	275 27
240724	Colaneri, Simone	219 81
251896	Curtis, Frank H., trustee	21 11
255034	Clarke, William A., trustee	40 10
258962	Clarke, Mary S.	276 53
260542	Craven, Marie, trustee	35 38
302995	Cadwallader, Mary L.	141 45
253199	Concannon, Delia	35 94
241740	Clark, Margaret	44 54
246371	Carter, John A., trustee	31 30
246372	Carter, John A., trustee	31 30
247822	Cook, Wm. H., trustee	91 13
247860	Cameron, Jennie C.	212 68
250625	Campbell, Ida A., trustee	58 20
281367	Cohen, Katie	218 79
281733	Connolly, Coleman	59 98
282423	Comer, Bridget	56 70
282582	Cookes, Lizzie	1,129 83
283057	Cunningham, Martha C.	104 87
283499	Childs, Thomas Howe, trustee	121 48
284105	Conway, Michael	240 83
284609	Coleman, Lizzie E.	300 59
286923	Chleba, Mary	124 62
289027	Conroy, David S.	150 50
289377	Cook, John A.	424 64
289538	Callmann, Kate	109 72
290029	Cuneo, Salvatore	139 88
292421	Collins, Daniel J.	254 07
293495	Conway, Pat	79 80

D

8680	Dougherty, Edward	655 26
17515	Devan, Mary	29 45
21407	Deniston, Letitia	91 25
33858	Devereaux, Thomas	21 17
42317	Damon, Isaac T.	4,651 92
43571	Dinker, Wm. A., trustee	23 01
51898	Donnelly, Patrick	246 84
58122	Dickson, George	15 54
63699	Danford, Homer A.	11 79
66087	Douglass, John H.	121 76
66378	Doran, Bridget	62 30
75260	Dailey, John S.	21 68
76334	Dummett, Mary I.	333 79
84345	Davis, David	606 33
86606	Davis, Charles J.	13 21
91847	Doak, Elizabeth	280 81

91910	Duff, Mary E.	225 20
92220	Dumling, Katherina	1,161 52
92802	Dimling, Emma, trustee	92 85
93997	Dilworth, Wm. B.	15 02
95143	Dain, Albert E.	12 41
95527	Dilworth, Mary E.,	12 72
99,325	Dougherty, Ann J.	1,148 26
106295	Dwire, Margaret	316 66
109624	Daly, Kate	141 49
184069	Donahue, Edward J., trustee	20 31
185141	Dowling, Dora E.	141 71
185511	Donahue, William	3,686 38
186408	Doak, Robert	850 70
186419	Dobie, Mary R.	24 02
188032	Davies, Louisa, trustee	158 64
190422	Driscoll, Julia A.	472 38
191744	Davis, Lizzie A.	31 31
194065	Duff, Elsie C.	467 55
195867	Duranter, Viliad	254 63
111488	Dolan, John P.	11 47
112813	Drenner, Sadie, trustee	54 44
115939	Dugan, Peter	15 53
118499	Dippel, Kattie T.	80 80
124509	Dougherty, Annie	1,507 67
128514	Dewar, Margaret J. B.	361 00
128867	Darr, Geo. W., trustee	81 71
129950	Donnelly, Allen G.	302 56
131747	Doyle, Edward	28 89
140865	Debold, John	36 78
140976	Dickson, Hannah B.	749 05
141875	Davis, Myrt	702 38
147051	Dempsey, Katie	851 54
169285	Dunn, Bella A.	36 45
169732	Davis, Frances R.	102 82
173295	Dugan, Jane	18 22
173850	Dietz, Mary	53 23
175502	Dickson, Annie C.	411 12
175951	Davies, John C., trustee	17 71
176630	Duncan, Chas. E.	4,531 71
178943	Davis, Chas., trustee	865 11
180655	Donohue, Maggie	220 49
218868	Donaldson, Annie F., trustee	158 33
218965	Davies, Ann	88 69
219822	De Main, Jane	23 19
220443	Dumstrup, Clara	172 72
220823	Dambach, Edward, trustee	242 45
221937	Doerr, Margaretha	192 24
222948	Doran, Margaret	144 40
224257	Davies, Robert H.	288 06
224946	Davis, Emma E.	339 35
224959	Dittmer, Emma	646 17
225930	Deveraux, Anne	694 19
226730	Deering, Albion G.	34 40
226862	Duffy, John	54 70
227797	Dugan, James	160 36
229380	Donahue, Thomas	667 42
230855	Dunlevy, Rachel J., trustee	60 95
311029	Doerfer, Della E.	382 70
312846	Dugan, Julia C.	109 57
158147	Daugherty, Willis C.	15 12
159475	Dewalt, Mary, trustee	609 83
162246	Donner, Agnes J.	116 57
163269	Dewar, Margaret J., trustee	28 97
165228	Dickson, Burd B. E.	174 70
165899	Donahue, Kate	59 34
196088	Davis, Wm. H.	406 17
197284	Davidson, Jane	18 07
201198	Dixon, Charles H., trustee	279 17
201292	Davis, John T., trustee	28 79
204821	Dunn, Mary	284 13
206081	Donaldson, Mary B., trustee	72 86
208435	Davies, Chas. G., trustee	81 48
265133	Delany, Francis	630 42
288277	Downey, Mary A., trustee	34 25
268590	Davies, David J.	180 51
271803	Dimling, Emma, trustee	41 97
272706	Dougherty, Patrick J.	1,261 38
272993	Donnelly, James	170 71
274300	Dobil, John	396 61
277066	Dancho, Mike	835 23
279165	Dickson, Mary B., trustee	1,820 44
279166	Dickson, Mary B., trustee	2,885 31
279836	Douglass, Alda B.	110 98
309274	Donich, Frank	458 53
310708	Dravo, Horace G., trustee	163 02
233172	Deflin, Frank Karl, trustee	17 55
234851	Diehl, Anna Mae	228 98
236257	Davis, Agnes T., trustee	155 21
237825	Dayen, John	149 20
260554	Davies, Louisa, trustee	89 73
242993	Davis, Margaret	116 76
243192	Dauber, Mary	444 25
248341	Dilworth, John C., trustee	80 67
248983	Dumkroff, Scharlotte	459 02
249468	Downing, Nellie	31 22
249668	Doyle, Mary F., trustee	130 74
250480	Davis, Agnes T., trustee	46 43
250555	Donnelly, Mary	401 62
282717	Denlinger, Nan M.	78 35
283584	Dzunda, Anna	479 45
283738	Davis, Agnes T., trustee	40 71
283880	Davies, Elizabeth	385 46
291143	Doyle, Bridget	392 56
291446	Deichman, Mark W.	55 92

E

31664	Evans, David W.	49 37
36238	Ellis, Eugene	26 87
54060	Evans, George	3,439 83
54235	Evans, Cadwallader, trustee	27 39
81547	Ewing, Mary J.	251 78
86694	Evert, Henry	14 71
91931	Edwards, Geo. B., trustee	41 83
100650	Emery, George T., trustee	40 11
103123	Edwards, Richard	375 05
110765	Evans, Owen A.	3,027 44
194649	Enscoe, Isabella G.	33 78
316135	Elvove, Etta	164 52
317100	English, Katie J.	659 21
134464	Edmundson, Phebe	1,485 93
138077	Ellison, Ellen	32 29
172955	Evert, Henry C., trustee	79 66
212125	Evans, Henry S.	76 47
214346	England, Thomas	36 51
218473	Escher, Marie T.	28 71
226151	Ehrentraut, Caroline	23 83
227810	Eyman, Thomas W.	638 20
231030	Eagon, Patrick F., trustee	160 37
230193	England, Walter	303 37
312748	Eastley, Carrie	222 58
214578	Elsman, Mary	166 10
315496	Ewing, Charley M.	131 09
141154	Ehrler, John B.	10 13
222449	Eyrich, Martha C., trustee	45 02
200520	Eberhardt, Wm., trustee	80 37
203791	Eburg, Chas. G.,	586 28
205070	Ellermeyer, Mary, trustee	111 48
210906	Evans, Thos.	1,349 68
268070	Edwards, Ada	379 08
269113	Eakin, Frank J., trustee	54 19
231848	Easter, Wm.	223 27
237101	Ellis, Allen T.	105 13
303202	Elterich, Theodore J., trustee	214 46
304357	Emery, Chas. W.	1,472 48
241007	Elterich, Elsie L.	394 99
283355	Eckles, Tabitha	131 01
283855	Epstein, Rose	254 13
291165	Eckles, Maggie, trustee	154 57
291166	Eckles, Maggie, trustee	105 19
295179	Eaton, Allen M.	60 42
284316	Eichert, John, trustee	48 13

F

32014	Foster, Thomas	31 95
32133	Fitler, Lizzie C.	21 23
38450	Foster, Andrew	1,184 80
47934	Fox, John W.	250 43
53850	Foster, Charles F.	25 90
69470	Foster, Rachel G.	56 66
76526	Furlong, Ellen	181 80
77104	Fanning, William J.	1,203 50
93760	France, Arthur L., trustee	208 83
94035	Fetterman, Agnes M.	180 80
95659	Frankhouser, John J.	931 80
102620	Ford, John D.	312 40
104565	Finkelstein, Samuel	11 80
107372	Fairchild, George M.	75 70
110336	Fanning, John A.	618 20
186843	Ford, Maria	441 60
189935	Fischer, Wm., trustee	31 40
194669	Fogerty, Aney	400 20
194769	Ferry, Bertha G.	16 10
298106	Forquer, Clara M.	83 50
299840	Fee, Lawrence	842 30
318315	Fehrenbach, Klara	216 40
90506	Feeney, Bridget	64 70
112040	Forsythe, Margaret W.	120 20
112605	Fug, David	28 80
115216	Fleming, Michael	1,604 90
119316	Fetzer, Eli R.	16 40
128415	Flaherty, Josie	22 80
132976	Forquer, Clara	131 40
137091	Flinn, James, trustee	50 40
144416	Fitzgerald, Mary	3,379 40
149025	Freese, Carrie E., trustee	93 20
149743	Fox, James	30 50
166476	Finnety, Effie	158 70
167865	Freese, Carrie E., trustee	79 70
168815	Felix, Otto F., trustee	143 50
171470	Fleming, Martin J.	93 60
173280	Faulk, Elizabeth B.	54 50
174207	Fillman, Lester B.	532 90
213655	Ford, John	121 30
214512	Foley, John	87 70
215210	Ferry, Ella M., trustee	53 70
216661	Fay, Hannah	589 90
219224	Fletcher, Lizzie	155 90
220949	Ferrel, Pauline E., trustee	32 00
223930	Friesell, Wm. H., trustee	32 40
225915	Frosch, Anna M.	55 50
226689	Franklin, Kate	671 60
227803	Fiore, Nicolino, trustee	38 20
229704	Forster, Wm. L.	2,940 60
229967	Fisher, George, trustee	30 40
221072	Fraser, Ella M.	22 00
154155	Frame, Alexander J.	1,399 10
157702	Flaherty, John	39 50
200925	Flick, William	3 637 70
202321	Fleming, Mary C.	32 90
205807	Fehl, Elizabeth	30 70
206037	Fisher, Gertrude E.	27 60
209345	Filler, Daniel U.	141 00
209354	Frey, Robert H., trustee	31 10
209930	Fritz, Blanche E.	685 30
261148	Fink, Elizabeth, trustee	295 80
268340	Finnerty, Patrick	2,829 60
268005	Feilen, Peter	655 20
268952	Flaherty, Ellen	765 60

75502	Fox, Maria H.	166 99
76843	Fahl, Margaret	198 43
78610	Fryer, William J., trustee	29 04
96730	Fisher, Alice	671 01
83515	Freebing, Rebecca J., trustee	19 26
87593	Foley, Annie	108 24
92665	Farrell, Mary Ann	412 48
94491	Finegold, Bessie	423 62
97089	Fryer, Mamie	75 77
97104	Ford, Dora G.	393 80
93232	Frederick, J. Ellsworth	797 81
81959	Farmer, Franklin A., trustee	100 07
43817	Fife, Eliza J.	154 25
45499	Fraser, Ella M., trustee	24 00
45884	Fierst, Martha	289 72
81790	Fox, Thomas H.	51 97
83744	Faulds, Margaret Cuthbert	72 18
87037	Faltmarch, Louisa	542 49
89868	Featherstone, Georgine	330 54
00723	Finn, Margret	119 05
01966	Ferrel, George W.	133 72
03095	Fignor, Wasco	583 48
03096	Fignor, Mary	350 65
03737	Flagg, Lucius C. S.	78 60

G

10648	Gregory, James B.	89 83
15719	Gaffney, John	5,066 44
19769	Grove, Mary	29 54
36203	Gibson, Anna	345 33
42435	Gilmore, Mary J.	84 91
50821	Graff, Harriet M.	16 71
61193	Glenn, William, Jr.	40 15
64687	Gardner, Mary J.	85 58
69632	Glass, Jennie B., trustee	91 55
75303	Geiser, Christian	19 87
80276	Gatens, Edward T.	16 67
85928	Gibson, Wm. J.	90 68
96866	Gensenleiter, Edwin, trustee	189 79
97493	Graham, Harry A.	9 57
98128	Gamwell, Roland G.	212 75
02552	Gibson, Lizzie	69 28
02664	Glenn, Frank D.	32 74
03393	Gibson, Mattie A.	48 20
04629	Gilliland, Nannie C.	70 24
05026	Garland, Eliza M.	133 38
84704	Garland, Eliza M., trustee	324 83
85553	Gollo, Emelia	164 03
87031	Gray, Guy McC.	623 77
87139	Greenall, Josiah	1,518 08
92403	Gould, Anna A.	205 16
94735	Grater, Albert	74 79
94740	Gestner, John, trustee	93 32
97813	Giles, Silva	94 88
98080	Glenn, Millie	220 80
98456	Galiardi, Ray D.	78 78
98775	Ginther, George H., trustee	81 71
99852	Geer, Maude DeForest	226 89
17572	Godkin, John	217 15
12235	Graff, Katie	853 23
15300	Gardner, Powhattan	233 20
15865	Griffiths, Mary J.	342 53
20323	Gothlin, Oliver P., trustee	28 46
26634	Gillespie, David L.	55 95
28172	Greenbaum, Abe, trustee	178 41
42890	Gibson, Mary S.	218 37
48401	Geim, Filamena	1,722 47
50750	Gould, Martha M., trustee	46 06
67453	Gearing, Edward F., trustee	66 68
69035	Garland, Eliza, trustee	297 14
71055	Green, Mary Belinda	1,700 04
71408	Graham, Jane J.	264 88
71855	Gaskill, Harriet A.	442 59
74979	Guy, Ella S., trustee	43 70
75583	Grella, Louis	21 20
80446	Gormly, Elizabeth, trustee	188 47
80447	Gormley, Elizabeth, trustee	210 33
11797	Gardner, Annie	72 84
11965	Guth, Clara B.	613 13
12327	Galey, Ida C., trustee	15 90
13510	Green, Bertha May, trustee	24 82
18116	Guswaska, Mary	415 38
18330	Gessner, Frank F.	42 31
25335	Geisler, Margaret	46 66
26457	Gilman, Nicholas P.	774 74
27447	Gleason, Julia A.	90 52
29381	Goff, Bertha N.	72 22
14582	Graham, Lillian M.	130 07
14968	Gaffey, Bridget	193 18
15292	Giblim, Kate G.	275 09
51049	Graham, Louise, trustee	252 46
52539	Gaskill, David A.	195 62
53054	Greer, Maggie C., trustee	62 69
53968	Graves, Alice	20 64
56740	Groetzinger, Harry E.	104 47
56741	Groetzinger, Willie D.	65 06
56780	Gilliland, Walter A.	278 84
63935	Glenn, Joseph E.	281 03
64203	Greene, Ellen C., trustee	57 59
64204	Greene, Ellen C., trustee	57 62
96546	Graham, Louise, trustee	186 43
97420	Griffith, Samuel A.	170 85
99835	Greaser, Alice, trustee	62 57
00612	Grannestad, Thor.	328 65
02759	Garver, Milton, trustee	25 45
03004	Goodman, Benjamin, trustee	136 51
205523	Gillespie, Ann, trustee	34 41
208949	Gerwood, Ada L.	57 94
261725	Gardner, James, trustee	97 22
264216	Getty, Mary E.	628 76
267253	Gillespie, Wm. A., trustee	54 48
269227	Gurczewski, Jan.	221 45
274365	Groetzinger, Robert C.	120 22
275257	Greb, Charles, Sr., trustee	36 40
307444	Grega, Anna	679 27
309096	Griebel, Annie	51 00
275256	Greb, Charles, Sr., trustee	36 35
236478	Geisler, Joseph	162 98
304695	Given, Martha A., trustee	2,754 39
242621	Griffiths, Jane E. J.	37 62
244634	Glenn, Almeda M.	93 01
244855	Grimes, Wm.	323 40
245823	Griner, Kate	673 91
282618	Gioletto, Lina, trustee	35 38
287000	Garda, Mary	245 23
287342	Gormley, Wm. M., guardian trustee	1,547 96
287832	Grabioffsky, Joe	1,086 69
288654	Green, Joseph B.	93 59
288770	Griswold, Emma D.	511 79
289269	Graff, Margaret L.	107 55

H

10214	Hartung, Jacob	20 58
13281	Heilman, Henry	75 45
23738	Hasson, Samuel L. C.	59 05
24837	Hutchinson, Aggie S.	2,867 65
26793	Hatfield, Jane	30 22
32680	Hearn, Eliza O.	18 40
34986	Henning, Matthew F.	18 56
35464	Horsley, Wm.	262 29
36758	Hutchison, Sophia C.	158 51
42030	Hutchison, Richard A.	1,493 48
49096	Howard, A. Chambers	140 64
50010	Huttelmeier, Tillie	16 49
50679	Herlehy, Maggie	2,456 83
50689	Herron, Margaret	24 61
52720	Houston, Sadie M.	293 55
52833	Hussey, Clara E.	232 98
56284	Hamilton, Samuel	15 26
61522	Husler, George M.	5,256 65
62444	Hall, John D.	15 08
63431	Hartigan, John	117 12
64296	Hanna, Willie	305 37
66436	Houston, Sadie M., trustee	71 95
70940	Hannigan, John	2,187 87
71288	Hurst, Teresa	240 74
71460	Hosack, Geo. Z.	144 11
77099	Hays, John A.	16 71
78132	Herron, Richard G., Jr.	13 74
79936	Herrmann, John E.	110 21
88406	Hemenhouse, Chas. J. H.	215 98
89155	Hussey, Harriet A., trustee	63 17
91361	Hogue, Clara	685 76
92476	Hatch, Bessie F.	94 72
102603	Hosack, George Z., trustee	67 45
104383	Helbig, Johann A.	5,224 40
183935	Huggins, Curtis G., trustee	20 90
185104	Hemer, Conrad, trustee	39 12
186268	Hopkins, Janius A.	167 44
186427	Howser, Alice I.	404 03
186487	Heiman, Bertha	16 15
186631	Holmes, Annie	584 93
190155	Hamilton, Gertrude, trustee	75 66
191307	Horne, Bernard S., trustee	94 66
191811	Hultz, John P. trustee	305 04
194683	Hull, Mary C., trustee	32 60
296856	Hollander, Ida H.	126 51
296932	Hemmerle, Wm.	59 97
300462	Hagmeier, Albert J.	1,167 80
300540	Heginbotham, John	242 08
316059	Harris, Andi	548 39
316320	Horner, Anna R.	217 80
317052	Henderson, David	86 65
114232	Hamilton, Louis H.	61 95
114981	Hickman, Wm. S.	87 27
123002	Hausmann, Conrad	3,012 63
124268	Havden, Margaret B.	111 08
132940	Hessler, Kate B.	145 48
133134	Hosack, Geo Z., trustee	72 89
135164	Humphreys, Wm. G.	73 47
140223	Harris, Elizabeth	220 80
144023	Hoffmann, Johanna M.	234 14
147479	Hirsch Mary	545 04
148724	Hendler, Veronika, trustee	56 48
148830	Hoseltine, Elizabeth N., trustee	28 60
166638	Hanlon, Wm. W.	45 05
167328	Hofstoll, Ada	487 24
167988	Hunziker, Ida	12 96
168218	Hutchinson, Katherine	17 24
171913	Hunt, Cora F.	27 29
173896	Haslett, Walter N., trustee	79 08
174295	Harris, Herbert A., trustee	19 80
175140	Harrison, Robert B., trustee	172 88
175426	Haworth, Jehn Fred	184 26
172419	Haering, Annie, trustee	27 18
178182	Hodgson, Mary	233 60
178258	Hazlett, Blanche L.	42 59
180453	Henry, John S., Jr., trustee	51 14
211405	Hartley, Violet B., trustee	64 45
213790	Hartley, John	333 93
14089	Heginbotham, Ida V.	368 73
215757	Hurley, Cass, trustee	66 02
216069	Hickman, Maria S.	82 78

216238 Heidrich, John Q. 36 78
216855 Hendren, Samuel 60 65
218097 Hunter, Sarah F., trustee 264 38
219109 Hockenberger, Lillie 292 94
220481 Herrchen, Teresia, trustee 194 61
220482 Herrchen, Teresia, trustee 193 14
220662 Holland, Maggie 202 44
221217 Hendler, Veronika, trustee 19 19
224856 Haddock, Lizzie C., trustee 101 77
225763 Humbert, A. Clara, trustee 176 97
225764 Humbert, A. Clara, trustee 208 99
226256 Haney, Clara M., trustee 30 72
226899 Hillman, Charlotte 69 52
230827 Hughes, Jennie 1,566 81
311152 Holland, Clarence W. 274 98
311153 Holland, G. Lawrence 276 44
312379 Hanlin, Grace M., trustee 54 86
312621 Hoerner, Elizabeth 276 19
315478 Hillo, Faries A. 330 12
315709 Haggstrom, August L. 1,096 83
155267 Hood, James A, trustee 39 05
156156 Herzog, John G., trustee 108 35
156968 Hays, Clara 538 81
159681 Hayden, Clara 183 39
160783 Henry, Sidney S. 53 69
161301 Honickel, Theresia 114 84
162077 Hallas, Daniel 141 36
165346 Hershman, Alden B. 584 48
165366 Huffman, James C. 18 99
196232 Hamilton, Margaret 2,186 29
196795 Hunt, Cora F., trustee 68 81
198073 Hamilton, Anna B. 340 77
201389 Hoge, William A. 26 59
105195 Henry, Mary R., trustee 127 99
207922 Hederich, John 512 39
210096 Hoeveler, Erasmus, trustee 252 26
265554 Hendler, Veronika, trustee 40 82
265746 Hunziker, Henry, trustee 88 20
268718 Harrison, Anna S. 67 90
271597 Hampsey, Alex. P., trustee 37 57
271936 Hentschel, John 380 03
272429 Haberlin, Robert 522 09
273403 Harris, Libby, trustee 295 05
275077 Hausman Bennie 242 34
277491 Heckler, Geo. W., trustee 32 15
278523 Hynes, Christ 297 98
278755 Hays, Maud C. 270 23
280491 Harris, Sarah F. 66 02
263497 Hurley, James 159 67
233057 Haney, Lizzie 82 26
240318 Holmes, Carson 168 91
251707 Hillman, John, Sr. 434 81
252001 Hughes, Jennie, trustee 295 04
252002 Hughes, Jennie, trustee 164 15
253714 Harbison Mary 619 88
257216 Hayes, Kate 85 15
258883 Hershberger, Alice, trustee 47 58
260271 Hand, Elizabeth M., trustee 22 49
305043 Harley, Margaret L. 612 81
239059 Harrison, Donna 21 68
260224 Hunter, James S., trustee 24 58
242603 Hill, Orah B. 297 43
242835 Harmon, Edwin L., trustee 383 12
243472 Hansel, James N. 1,405 27
244866 Halfast, Edson Arba 295 73
245071 Hopkinson, Jennie 263 71
246719 Harrison, Robert T., trustee 121 60
248604 Holloday, Charles H. 88 59
249810 Hazlett, Wm. C. 908 88
250691 Halam, Chas. 62 28
284051 Hard, Eliza 1,082 42
285556 Hunter, Cornelia C. 55 02
292221 Hughes, Patrick 75 69
292504 Hodil, Percy S. 248 89
294413 Hageman, Mary R., trustee 72 26

I

14412 Irwin, Sarah F. 817 61
122242 Irvin, Wm. J. 444 39
223557 Irwin, Sarah 97 34
223391 Ingram, George R., trustee 30 54
208902 Ingham, George R., trustee 46 97
205958 Irwin, Samuel 1,019 62
292472 Izett, William 429 35

J

6130 Johnston, Robert 414 46
6438 Jordan, John 549 34
17696 Jones, Willie H. 19 66
38493 Joyce, Kate 359 62
38616 Johnson, Thomas H. 23 03
40948 Jones, Herman 19 81
41570 Joseph, Meyer 74 68
45098 Johnson, John 69 11
60280 Johnston, Hannah E. 39 67
60281 Johnston, Sarah N. 341 55
71372 Johnston, Ned 259 11
77178 Jones, John G. 80 18
83175 Johnson, Mary L. 46 95
83769 Jones, Robert L. 51 33
96467 Jackson Annie 1,972 61
182048 Jacobs, B. M., adm. 133 35
187311 Jackson, Mary G. 27 28
189785 Johnson, Alma 137 40
194562 Jonhston, Harriet B. 312 54
296182 Jacques, Robert 69 28
296338 Junda, Andi 549 94
296965 Josberger, Cora, trustee 42 01
120664 Jones, Eliza J. 153 55
125702 Jenkins, James 368 84
130968 Jones, Robert J. 89 2
132210 Jones, George 276 2
140075 Johnson, Ella 1,245 5
140972 Jones, M. Lizzie 14 4
150945 Jackson, Clara 20 1
166571 Jansen, Carrie 140 4
167018 Jones, Edith E. 232 1
171311 Jacobs, Meyer N., trustee 454 5
173781 Johnston, Thos., adm. 101 2
178685 Jones, Ephraim W. 126 9
179113 Jones, Samuel 236 9
180268 Jones, Silas A. 362 8
221541 Jones, Anna P. 54 5
224012 Jackson Raphael, trustee 326 3
228876 Joseph, Milton C. 115 6
313545 Johnson, Helda 55 5
315892 Josczak, Barbi 109 6
165699 Jenkins, Elizabeth 583 9
199915 Joyce, Maria 70 6
202774 Jordan, Bella 893 5
203372 Johnson, Louisa 131 4
204686 Jones, Rachel S. 498 0
210815 Jeney, Mary 112 5
262753 James, Oliver H. 76 1
264691 Jones, Francis 1,038 7
272538 Jones, William J., trustee 22 8
307464 Joyce, Annie 66 6
232440 Jones, Martha, trustee 53 1
232494 Jones, Elizabeth E. 119 5
233527 Jones, Wm. M. 1,126 1
255685 Johnston, Mary Bell 1,436 1
260348 Jackson, Mary Ann 56 3
302563 Jacobs, Nathan B. 41 1
304678 Joyce, Bridget 118 8
283763 Jennings, Magaret 197 1
2295634 Johnston, Lynn 56 7

K

11598 Kerr, James M. 36 4
17483 Kaiser, Jacob 133 3
17498 Kirby, Araminta 17 9
17548 Kirkland, Joseph 427 3
20488 Knox, Rebecca H. 3,309 7
25598 Kohler, Karl 73 8
40173 Keppert, Annie 20 4
43713 Kolzam, Mary 1,978 4
57356 Kirkwood, Mary E. 154 3
58999 Kenny, Teresa M. 15 3
89683 Kennedy, Lizzie 1,514 5
91468 Kelley, Lillian H. 239 1
91908 Keating, Hugh W. 140 7
101424 Kuhn, Nancy 258 6
101707 Kim, Lizzie 216 4
104571 Kenna, Bernard P. 558 7
185275 Kirchner, Andrew D. 145 9
186535 Kelley, Annie, trustee 84 5
193220 Kelly, Annie M. 828 6
195537 Kennerdell, Harriet 87 1
296597 Knowles, Morris, trustee 241 3
297057 Kirchner, Frank S. 214 9
299905 Kenworthy, Frank, trustee 115 3
299930 Kotzbaur, Joseph S. 367 9
318559 Keller, Marion E. 582 1
112252 Knauss, Mattie, trustee 80 1
112253 Knauss, Mattie, trustee 53 1
112965 Kirk, Mabel 383 3
119839 Kaercher, Alvena C. 208 3
121049 Kress, Rosie 1,184 1
123077 Kelly, Floyd 315 1
124787 Kuntz, Christina 25 1
130879 Kieley, Abbie 144 1
136684 Kidd, Emma 436 1
140764 Keene, Charles J. 451 1
142264 Kemp, Alice S. 672 1
142546 Kelly, Margaret 2,969 1
148341 Kaplan, Joseph A. 3,769 1
166186 Kerrigan, Frank J., trustee 32 1
169817 Kidd, Edwin, trustee 19 1
171211 Kearney, Mary J. 702 1
172995 King, Bessie A., trustee 30 1
175990 Kelly, Annie, trustee 84 1
176463 Kellemann, Margaret 439 1
177700 Kerrigan, Frank J., trustee 38 1
211158 King, Annie 22 1
212558 Kohn, Janosz 544 1
220224 Klipp, Lon 790 1
222166 Kaylor, Frances 806 1
222461 Kline, George 133 1
224953 Keifer, Phoebe M. 77 1
226608 Kunkle, Emma 72 1
227303 Klass, Maria, trustee 190 1
311200 Karoelkolski, Costant 672 1
311614 Kerr, John 66 1
312369 Kramer, Anthony E., trustee 54 1
314387 Kirby, Mary 65 1
163020 Kenney, Jane 674 1
164296 Keenan, Susan 86 1
196759 Kuhn, Mary M. 845 1
196760 Kuhn, Kate A. 927 1
197703 Kavanaugh, Delie 942 1
199950 Kerr, Jas. W. L., trustee 55 1
200877 Kerr, Martha McD., trustee 33 1
201258 Kohout, Joseph 336 1
210115 Keenan, Mary P. 32 1
273252 Kerila, Juli 447 1
276178 Kinczus, Apolinary 33 1
277193 Kyle, Josephine 84 1
306688 Kratt, Olga 1,033 1
307274 Knowles, Morris, trustee 228 1
307680 Krumholz, Simon 280 1

233620	Kern, Moritz	37 81
234281	Kilgore, John	75 95
235468	Kaplan, Joseph A., trustee	1,308 78
237197	King, Ellen	244 26
240586	Kalafud, Mary	83 37
255668	Kovalcik, Andro	674 33
301518	Kline, Clara B.	99 46
304146	Kelso, Edith McCrum	243 65
305017	Kooby, August	809 35
242846	Keefer, Iantha D.	146 73
243266	Kent, John F.	27 84
243420	Kline, Adelaide T. Price	124 40
244841	Kearney, Owen	1,315 67
246832	Kelly, Daniel B., trustee	84 88
247875	Kindall, Isaac H.	599 29
249398	Kelley, Hannah, trustee	87 20
250326	Kaufhold, Christina E.	655 19
250862	Keller, Morris	1,397 53
281901	Kaskjaljo, Andj.	75 75
282369	Kilcullen, Michael J.	346 29
286715	Kellett, Cecelia	78 19
288084	Kacinowski, Stanislaw	1,082 42
293966	Kelly, Annie	1,047 90
295828	Kelsky, Annie	121 35

L

7398	Leech, Annie	25 57
26602	Little, Mary	25 07
27680	Louder, Charles	47 19
38898	Lorch, Sarah	2,066 48
42180	Lister, Sarah	2,510 84
49345	Ley, Harry S.	1,296 48
53493	Lewis, Josephine C.	77 63
59162	Love, Rebecca R.	8,954 91
59440	Lloyd, Mary K.	148 40
66310	Liesch, Maria	81 21
75524	Laughlin, Robert	32 48
77991	Linfestey, Geo.	909 55
80962	Laughran, Mary	447 66
87776	Lyons, Joanna	20 86
97315	Love, Sarah J.	1,905 87
100912	Ludwig, Sophie	113 05
181100	Lambert, George	71 28
183215	Lea, Frank H., trustee	199 40
184859	Lowry, Anne L., trustee	151 16
187110	Loughridge, Jennie M.	83 88
187403	Leffler Margaret	3,101 54
298721	Loos, Margaret	267 39
298848	Levin, Rose	112 60
300378	Lipcsak, Peter	938 56
318054	Lavezzoli, Lui	216 48
318746	Lynch, Charlotte S	107 85
107286	Lindberg, Adam W. T.	31 65
111495	Lea, Wm. N.	11 47
113802	Love, Mary H.	63 39
170891	Lydick, Virginia B.	677 06
172961	Lewis, Robert P., trustee	27 19
175431	Lehm, Elizabeth	453 45
179062	Lowe, Wm. E., trustee	36 58
176304	Lee, Wm. G.	73 16
212257	Le Comte, Ralph M.	275 21
213853	Laird, Margaret G.	24 32
216920	Lawson, Abner F., trustee	67 57
221363	Lamb, Thomas, trustee	45 33
222459	Long, Ed. M., trustee	52 35
222679	Leech, Margaret M.	711 60
223050	Lewis, Abe	782 51
224024	Laverty, Mary E.	131 12
224988	Little, Albert L.	54 28
225186	Loop, Rachel	22 88
229648	Leight, Elsie	434 32
229988	Lee, Ida M.	54 25
311085	Linton, Jennie	133 57
314496	Lobaugh, Wm. L.	69 28
314782	Leslie, Charles W.	437 28
153051	Logan, Lizzie M., trustee	23 53
153808	Lawrence, Annie L.	65 89
160141	Long, Jennie, trustee	195 65
161111	Leacy, Margaret	159 38
161437	Logan, Jennie F.	205 08
199643	Leahy, Ida	681 90
202157	Landy, Thomas	81 89
204097	Lamb, Elbridge H.	41 36
204242	Lamb, August J., Jr.	88 89
207893	Loney, Annie	387 96
264580	Luther, Alice	84 16
276433	Lynch, Hannah	1,030 83
277855	Lenkner, Elizabeth	65 44
278122	Lightner, Mary F.	917 54
280585	Layton, Louisa R.	552 02
306793	Leshco, Susie	450 05
307199	Leszopetrick, Paul	238 46
307612	Liebchek, Ella	114 05
309205	Long, Daniel	101 63
237212	Logue, Charles M., trustee	31 43
240502	Leitzell, Mary A., trustee	91 27
240503	Leasgang, Susie	494 73
255516	Lavene, Wm.	207 54
259111	Lyons, Mary Helen	115 16
301042	Lloyd, Elizabeth H.	38 62
302030	Litch, Thomas K.	482 22
302842	Lee, Catherine, trustee	85 52
305332	Lutton, Amanda A.	230 30
305208	Lee, Joseph A.	138 68
241467	Liston, Alice I., executor	486 95
242893	Lewis, Claud G.	36 30
245008	Lundy, Sadie A.	298 94
248923	Lee, Edwin R., trustee	58 82
249575	Lohle, H. Joseph	120 00
282042	Lynn, James	52 62
282899	Lewis, Thos. T.	129 26
283494	Lenz, Ludwig	1,182 64
283814	Linkesh, John	147 56
284799	Lukasz, Joe	387 79
291993	Lane, Catherine, trustee	675 66
292973	Leslie, Helen M.	1,222 91

M

3263	Morris, Wilmar W.	960 89
30517	Murphy, Mary E.	17 24
36191	Miller, Amelia J.	2,104 39
36279	Mowry, Annie	1,010 47
37681	Marshall, Sarah E.	3,742 31
49450	Miller, Sue G.	116 68
52657	Meier, Adam	306 32
53052	Marshall, Fredericka E.	142 23
55182	Martin, Willis E.	20 11
56147	Maltby, Albert	18 78
56392	Moore, Mary E.	15 21
56435	Miller, Grafton	27 34
57252	Maloney, Mary	1,930 64
57475	Mischbaugh, Wm.	1,956 76
57749	May, Celia	159 80
60244	Meighan, James	1,434 02
68902	Mansfield, Martha	101 55
70354	Marshall, Mary A.	45 99
74090	Miller, Emma W.	435 20
75568	Murray, John S.	374 80
80102	Mechling, Herman C., trustee	39 63
82849	Maguire, Annie S.	23 39
84375	Madden, Nathan	13 65
84602	Miller, Geo. P.	209 33
84682	Mahaffey, James A., trustee	63 97
89178	Moeller, Peter A.	12 00
93750	Miller, Jennie	15 25
94239	Moody, Lucy B.	207 98
95892	Maginn, John H.	81 93
96187	Morris, Alvin R.	1,908 81
106245	Malcolm, Mary	440 31
109753	Mason, Sarah	11 56
110310	Muzio, Guiseppe	100 83
184417	Morris, Wm.	449 48
188321	Meyer, Marie, trustee	48 01
190343	Merriman, Bella	111 39
191518	Manning, Mary C., trustee	45 14
192202	Marshall, Robt. S.	70 53
193390	Morrow, Bessie G.	755 22
193483	Mathieson, Robert	1,704 58
194313	Munn, Mary, trustee	2,466 90
194382	Mouchan, Michael	35 50
195143	Merriman, James E.	567 14
296351	Machen, Henry, Jr.	86 59
297962	Moody, Joseph	431 39
299190	Martin, Mari	1,137 68
300419	Meier, John	188 50
297163	Moore, Elizabeth	47 98
113563	Mershon, Edward N. B.	5,260 53
113851	Minor, Samuel D.	11 32
113861	Malfinee, Earl G.	78 24
118732	Miller, Samuel	42 24
118979	Munson, Olivia B., trustee	27 82
119200	Murdock, Florence S.	25 66
120232	Mahaffey, James A., trustee	53 46
122513	Martin, John	114 97
123582	Madden, James, administrator	1,748 84
128600	Monro, Wm. L.	19 92
129785	Myer, Peter	46 09
130741	Meade, Mary A.	1,115 10
132575	Marley, Margaret	436 97
133491	Mitchell, Margaret M. M.	71 30
139601	Muth, Carl, trustee	257 27
144929	Mahaffey, James A., trustee	28 03
145287	Mayer, Emily Jane	415 32
145784	Metcalf, Alice W., trustee	255 53
146884	Miller, Julius P., trustee	41 30
148569	Moeller, John	437 97
150638	Moore, Ida L., trustee	265 70
166703	Moore, Lewis M., trustee	37 88
168367	Munson, Olivia B. McK., trustee	26 54
169954	Maeder, Albert L.	108 47
169955	Maeder, Willie	105 45
172222	Maude, De Ette	209 48
175473	Moye, Chas. J., trustee	92 02
176699	Moxen, Geo. E., Jr.	1,043 80
178456	Mohr, George	649 45
179195	Midnight, John H., trustee	16 73
180144	Munn, Mary	811 57
180864	Maeder, Bertha	533 49
211973	Metcalf, Alice W., trustee	176 31
212250	Meiss, Gustav	87 27
212449	Miller, Lena	275 12
214258	Milligan, Grace	87 26
214293	MacDonald, Florence R.	72 38
216377	Miller, John W.	693 37
216379	Militzer, Mary S.	18 87
218161	Marks, Mary Ann	661 61
218361	Messenger, Hazel H.	28 89
218753	Montreville, Sarah A.	59 37
219513	Murray, Hannah S. C.	97 14
221534	Mohn, Jacob L., trustee	53 37
222541	Moyer, Edward T., trustee	72 91
223713	Moren, Marie A.	244 15
225215	Moran, Michael	42 55
225587	Meikel, Wilhelminia	218 03
227221	Mackay, Annie	518 63
229490	Miller, Roxie M.	1,031 46
229585	Mack, Hannah G.	1,421 24
311201	Mickel William, trustee	109 15
313242	Mellon, Mary	111 50
315673	Martin, Cathren E.	403 78

147732	Miller, Augusta, trustee	20 35
151423	Munson, Olivia M., trustee	28 69
151200	Mackey, Catherine N.	262 76
151833	Marlin, Harry A., trustee	55 56
154110	Morrow, Geo. B.	57 83
154905	Martin, Anna P.	230 97
156702	Maguire, Sarah J.	161 65
157697	Miller, Wm. H.	107 42
197367	Meyer, Edward C.	79 81
198123	Metcalf, Agnes M., trustee	64 05
198636	Middleton, Annie	709 33
199798	Morris, Lizzie M.	1,327 43
200454	Moore, Joseph H., trustee	325 59
201410	Mulligan, James	1,636 22
201769	Monaghan, Mary	219 98
201889	MacDonald, Margaret, trustee	34 92
202830	Monaghan, Bridget	77 08
203045	Mantz, Mary L.	1,155 66
207849	Metcalf, Alice W., trustee	200 84
209291	Mozer, Annie	27 39
261356	Menges, Chas. J., trustee	171 09
261357	Menges, Chas. J., trustee	174 16
262656	Morris, Davis B.	27 89
262727	Mulieri, Guiseppe N.	1,521 62
263700	Martinko, Steve	42 59
264736	Malcolm, Hill	137 08
272330	MacIntyre, Annie McL.	759 03
274054	Marshall, Elmira H.	53 66
276497	Maxson, James R.	2,525 12
277762	Murphy, James S.	82 14
278980	Marchant, Alfred	288 34
280262	Miklias, Stif	807 30
280484	Mulligan, James H., trustee	39 44
306646	Mitchell, Maggie	135 75
309290	Morrow, May	121 11
232120	Morrison, Annie S.	237 60
232469	Miller, Emma V.	304 40
238107	Murray, Thomas, trustee	44 91
240541	Merrick, G. Roswell	297 67
240762	Micklas, John	664 38
255829	Monro, George N., Jr.	144 96
256555	Merritt, Norene	155 27
259796	Moore, Andrew P.	469 14
260940	Mahon, Sarah, trustee	60 36
304776	Moran, Joe D.	615 76
238070	Mulert, Justus, trustee	48 33
241028	Manzo, Antonio	943 68
241241	Maloney, Patrick F.	500 93
241895	Matthews, Maggie J., trustee	46 02
243562	Melvin, James	242 36
243715	Mitchell, Gertrude E.	133 17
243967	Murphy, Daniel	563 06
245054	Metzger, Viola L. DuBarry, trustee	97 64
247246	Moore, Emma J.	973 18
247398	Miller, Thos. Jefferson, trustee	37 12
248155	Mathews, Margaret, trustee	38 55
249357	Mulligan, James H., trustee	45 14
250038	Martin, Maggie	252 73
281750	Maguire, Leata	103 21
282843	Musgrave, Joseph, administrator	112 60
284426	Morris, Lizzie	109 41
284928	Marsh, Elizabeth	535 37
286187	Milk, Marie	244 28
286951	Martinson, Martin	677 43
289035	Mathews, John C.	1,441 03
289204	Martinkosta, Frances	328 20
289255	Munster, Anna C., trustee	36 54
209784	Miller, Sarah R.	50 26
291049	Montgomery, Annie D.	132 51
292523	Majni, Mari	164 38
284937	Munroe, Mary	108 24

Mc

15439	McKim, Alexander	715 58
22178	McRoberts, Maria L.	79 03
28130	McNally, Bridget	105 12
31537	McWilliams, Maggie, trustee	16 66
43164	McNulty, Patrick	22 00
49188	McCormick, Catherine	359 08
52588	McJunkin, Alexander	16 49
56468	McClaren, Elizabeth	131 94
60683	McKee, Annie	22 45
62485	McKenna, Ellen	326 90
67209	McGrady, Bridget	5,773 27
68913	McMarlin, William	713 08
69167	McNally, Annie	63 14
70241	McCoy, Mary E., trustee	54 85
70946	McNish, Janet	1,955 36
77001	McDermott, Patrick	19 41
77810	McKee, Nancy A.	6,863 80
82377	McClure, Leander	139 12
89730	McKee, Ella, trustee	33 61
91287	McIntyre, John	1,282 65
92289	McMasters, Jennie K.	104 22
101272	McLay, John	1,842 18
103179	McConnell, Ella	190 27
109261	McCluskey, Mary	180 24
109434	MacGonigle, Robert G., trustee	14 00
182089	McDonnell, Henry	311 67
1849.?	McKenna, Frank E.	337 34
186420	McFadden, Marion L.	24 02
187419	McFadden, Allen	1,200 41
189659	McMahon, Susan	699 72
189904	McCarthy, Bridget	121 00
190587	McGrath, Mary	69 95
192582	McGinley, Chas.	173 65
192932	McDonald, Ione F.	2,320 52
193663	McDonough, Mary	874 10
194280	McPherson, Robert J.	189 09
300428	McCready, John	112 29
300822	McAuley, Blanche	41 33
112325	McElroy, Annie G.	16 14
114485	McKelvy, John	93 27
115010	McDonald, Mary A.	87 04
115714	McConnell, Lou	19 52
117048	McGonnigle, Peter	134 68
124595	McNeise, Howard	22 21
127538	McCormick, Mary, trustee	148 95
141446	McPherson, Lilly B., trustee	72 84
142010	McDonald, Hannah	110 40
142224	McGerrity, Joseph	42 11
145366	McClure, Margaret J.	60 54
147880	McDermott, Irene E.	87 21
149316	McBride, Wm. C., trustee	402 24
149380	McCabe, Mary	832 19
149779	McNulty, Edward	18 15
150364	McFarland, Wm.	320 98
170682	McCoy, James P.	595 32
176294	McDowell, Jean W.	148 05
178319	McConnell, Thos. E., executor	142 28
179049	McGinnis, Wm. C.	453 57
179449	McCarnish, Mary B.	194 55
179599	McFarland, Geo. M.	657 95
180412	McAuley, Elizabeth	76 76
213270	McChesney, Sarah E., trustee	62 46
217151	McCrumb, Sarah A., trustee	23 72
218319	McConnell, Julia H.	1,250 24
218496	McCloy, Samuel	156 66
219433	McCivern, Willie	36 44
219677	McCleary, Sarah E.	409 41
221039	McConnell, Mary J., trustee	86 63
222746	McGinley, James	67 00
225071	McGrath, Hannah	427 73
226126	McMillin, Hester B.	17 13
226347	McLean, Ella L.	299 00
228559	McCandless, Ida Bole	53 82
230121	McClure, Sadie L.	275 81
313681	McConnon, Annie	444 51
145945	McElroy, Roberta C.	10 43
152751	McNally, Sarah	286 94
153333	McCarthy, Edward	151 29
156640	McKown, Mary B., trustee	49 95
159953	McComb, Viola	86 95
162333	McClure, Annie	6,992 88
196154	McCall, Clinton W.	1,120 74
200269	McCaffrey, Alicia	38 48
202026	McKee, Annie M. V.	32 97
203402	McCafferty, John	112 94
203666	McCutcheon, Anna A.	169 46
205442	McClaren, Joe A., trustee	63 75
205462	McEwen, Margaret A., trustee	65 00
208708	McCulloch, Mary D.	81 60
208803	McLean, Janet	1,061 31
208994	McCaffrey, Mary, trustee	80 58
209585	McCulloch, John A., trustee	360 89
269630	McCloskey, John	52 22
277313	McDonald, Jos.	219 54
280505	McNulty, Lydia	217 77
307294	McKelvey, Sophia	57 15
232987	McCarty, Robert E.	29 50
235744	McClane, Martha, trustee	32 13
236109	McBride, Margaret	111 91
236978	MacCluskey, Estella Wath	221 82
240104	McKee, Harriet B.	59 49
240217	McCandless, Ida Bole, trustee	44 66
240367	McNutt, Robert W.	1,465 37
253150	McCarren, Annie M.	482 60
256976	McDermott, Margaret	34 52
257803	McLaughlin, Mary A.	712 51
258720	McClory, Lizzie	521 41
259201	McCarthy, Mary	68 42
260618	McCain, Grace A., trustee	38 88
301024	McClure, Agnes J.	195 33
301408	McDonald, Kenneth	235 81
301875	McChesney, Sarah E., trustee	117 47
304453	McColgin, Ann Maria	57 26
241614	McMonigel, Mary	184 03
242001	McLean, Kate	563 06
244190	McGregor, Wm. J.	154 82
244692	McHugh, John	232 23
249209	McConnel, George M., trustee	54 47
249233	McAllister, Margaret	59 02
249325	McGranahan, Grace G., trustee	148 95
249450	McClashan, James	538 34
282274	McKee, Matilda	68 75
282897	McDonough, Barbara	136 39
283298	McDonald, Liza	122 98
283420	McBride, Henry Elliott	453 85
285228	McGraw, Alice	1,049 07
286731	McCully, Dean	31 48
289209	McDade, Isabel	37 30

N

25241	Noble, Daniel C.	478 26
76309	Neale, James B., Jr.	65 45
96142	Noon, John	322 43
187654	Nicholson, Carrie E.	40 49
297744	Nolte, Nellie	487 63
316484	Neumeyer, Mary	109 32
317809	Nichnis, Adam	271 27
111840	Newell, John, trustee	421 02
139511	Nelson, Ruth	14 38
147890	Nee, Daniel	19 54
212949	Nickel, Emma C.	42 68
312331	Norton, Tillie	61 47

313076 Neuman, Rose Marchand 395 16
159512 Noble, Mary L., trustee 85 38
160761 Neeson, Annie J. 26 72
205192 Neison, Cora M. 220 80
265234 Newman, Frank R. 160 50
268833 North, Clem 103 93
274554 Nee, Bridget 115 99
235344 Novak, Mary 1,006 91
252248 Neal, S. Forrester 699 11
253741 Newby, Elizabeth 658 18
258319 Nilsson, Nils A. E. 299 15
242099 Noll, Julia A. 157 34
243729 Noonan, Carrie 317 25
287218 Nelson, John O. 200 83

O

46699 O'Reilly, Jermiah 26 73
51871 O'Donnell, Kate 1,586 17
59929 O'Connors, Mary 452 89
69149 O'Malley, Kate 1,379 42
100449 O'Neill, Lawrence 11 56
296114 Oldenski, Adam 237 92
300120 O'Callaghan, Felix J. 475 10
318625 O'Neill, Patrick J. 107 85
114835 Oakford, Jennie E. 20 58
145576 O'Malley, Sadie 643 45
167913 O'Halloran, Patrick 68 20
168003 Oesterling, Bertha M. 1,949 19
217977 O'Toole, Mary 319 46
218147 O'Toole, Katie 206 80
221405 O'Toole, Maud B., trustee 25 57
227462 O'Donnell, Mary, trustee 98 91
199507 Oberheim, Margretha E. 55 20
279812 O'Reilly, Alice 114 09
309254 O'Toole, Mary 344 56
231969 O'Connor, Katie 152 97
232173 O'Neil, Jennie 1,147 91
260352 O'Brien, Jos. A. 138 68
245183 O'Conners, Mary 269 82
245191 Opel, Johann 215 63
245962 Oliver, Ellen 77 76
248422 O'Neill, Geo. L. 1,578 74
281586 O'Connor, Jennie S. 1,583 39
286594 O'Connor, Bridget 217 28
290476 O'Malie, Patrick 56 30
293606 O'Boy, Annie 281 00

P

538 Porter, Mary B. 2,209 60
29362 Peace, Samuel 51 78
41056 Parsons, Alfred J., trustee 18 42
55058 Pfister, Martin 15 85
60760 Porterfield, Louis C. 15 25
61069 Patterson, Harriet A. 146 62
69691 Patch, Mary E. 244 51
72692 Patterson, Theresa 459 42
73524 Pope, Catharine 4,203 66
74996 Price, James 1,063 45
89109 Poindexter, Harriet A. 26 45
104273 Powers, Hannah 1,090 71
109779 Packer, Maria E. 9 04
183521 Pettit, Sarah V., trustee 43 69
194310 Petterson, Anna 735 48
112426 Prescott, Carrie W. 155 41
114303 Proctor, Ella 65 06
120138 Patton, Kate 557 80
121784 Partingdon, Josie 352 05
125800 Patton, Kate 231 41
130140 Patterson, Sadie 18 44
139410 Pickering, Thomas, Jr. 31 67
143171 Proudfit, Melzie K. 16 38
144526 Pollitt, William, trustee 20 58
169043 Pitcairn, Jas. R., trustee 40 98
175971 Patterson, Wm. C., trustee 26 61
180684 Preston, Mary 2,264 69
215862 Patterson, Minnie B., trustee 40 17
216896 Patterson, Effie F., trustee 15 63
217053 Pugh, Belle 60 37
222004 Pasquier, Ben 557 84
224561 Partington, Josie, trustee 74 23
224562 Partington, Josie, trustee 83 61
224866 Pilgrim, Henry F. 2,186 30
225382 Pearsall, Samuel E. 54 13
225662 Parsons, Mary Jane 134 78
228458 Pickersgill, Frederick 75 80
229466 Philips, Mary A., trustee 29 27
230221 Penrose, Nannie D. 76 60
230970 Pearce, Tillie 131 79
140809 Peterson, Marcus M. 48 80
216568 Pinkerton, Mary L. 31 68
156394 Peterson, John T. 5,561 81
160801 Porter, Johanna 99 32
161362 Papencordt, Katie, trustee 73 98
196005 Patterson, John H., trustee 13 43
196419 Pick, August 1,683 03
197331 Poole, Ann 247 24
203873 Pryor, Will 61 86
204823 Penman, Letitia A. 1,183 11
210543 Pearce, Emma J. 40 40
265983 Phillips, Anna K. B. S. M. 55 04
272105 Patterson, Lena E. 70 41
276180 Pliska, Stanj 400 47
208155 Pierce, Nellie 164 27
231330 Paerson, Charley, trustee 26 91
234854 Patterson, Elizabeth 187 34
235152 Pearce, Anna L. 1,342 18
236734 Painter, Ned H. 546 92
238267 Port, John Q., trustee 22 58
238268 Port, John Q., trustee 19 97
253826 Phillips, Griffith 56 80
254565 Powell, George E. 90 27
302040 Pavlukanis, Tony 225 20
242900 Putzki, Bertha 401 73
243605 Paerson, Charley, trustee 17 56
246634 Pudzuwelis, Kazimier 1,828 35
250331 Peterson, Peter 72 73
250397 Pfeiffer, Eva Maria 109 93
282392 Patterson, Elizabeth 198 66
283502 Pfeifer, Susi 55 51
284029 Piroth, Carolina 165 74
284573 Popoffa, Aggie 108 24
204887 Pease, Harry E. 475 71
288544 Paulin, Stella 1,143 99
294024 Petrone, Nicola 72 23
292130 Piper, Barbara 36 49

Q

52854 Quilter, Bridget 101 67
220834 Queen, Daniel, trustee 94 26
255665 Quinn, Mary A., trustee 28 43
270129 Queenan, Patrick 315 58
287688 Quinn, Thos. J. 41 12

R

8825 Reager, Carrie 64 72
8847 Richardson, Fannie 35 02
12786 Reiff, John 26 38
31541 Rhodes, Margaret V. 85 74
37461 Rittiger, Caroline 346 89
39221 Richardson, Emmeli 747 20
43450 Riemann, Christ 1,481 65
50466 Rosser, Richard 1,209 94
56873 Rodebeck, Eliza 15 35
62251 Rask, Bennett, trustee 45 79
62252 Rask, Bennett, trustee 34 00
68241 Reichenbach, Mary E. 1,191 95
69246 Roll, Lizzie 862 20
69781 Ramsey, Henry 156 06
73423 Reynolds, Harry H., adm'r 474 24
83311 Robinson, Alpheus 140 72
90927 Rodgers, Jas. P. 1,603 04
96566 Rutledge, Theresa 1,887 44
97114 Rattigan, Nicholas 9 26
97618 Riordan, Thomas 31 76
98401 Reno, Maggie 19 88
181500 Ross, Charles 90 56
183863 Romke, Martha O. 18 22
184287 Reese, John H., trustee 177 11
191766 Russell, Robert M., trustee 162 10
191767 Russell, Robert M., trustee 144 85
192267 Reed, William D. 46 70
192860 Rosenzweig, Regina 220 80
194243 Rose, Phoebe 192 47
194667 Robinson, Agnes I. 551 40
296959 Rice, Annie 47 33
96580 Rosser, Rebecca J. 134 04
112114 Robertson, Hugh B. 3,154 10
115736 Robb, Bridget 71 55
121226 Rose, Elizabeth M., adm'x 104 74
121287 Rodgers, Elizabeth B. C., trustee 193 06
131745 Reitz, Wm. C., trustee 59 55
141732 Reid, David 1,453 39
144249 Rees, Elizabeth E. 566 80
144903 Rouser, Wm. E., trustee 944 81
166765 Roberts, Mary 750 94
169733 Rolfe, H. Dana, trustee 118 90
174976 Runge, Jos. W., trustee 92 24
174977 Runge, Jos. W., trustee 92 24
175092 Renier, Mollie 108 35
175771 Rust, Charles H. 18 08
178569 Robb, John M., trustee 491 34
218624 Robb, Esther E., trustee 491 34
218624 Robb, Esther E., trustee 19 33
219027 Robb, Sarah H. 105 66
219837 Robson, Marcella L. 171 85
224158 Roth, Dora 163 57
226972 Russell, Caroline O. F. 280 33
229224 Repiddy, Theresa 1,144 73
311044 Rea, Frank 474 06
313179 Riegler, Mary E. 171 55
313411 Ross, Bessie E. 60 93
H. 111 07
315026 Rhodes, Lucy B. 110 40
143955 Reiter, Robt. J., trustee 25 26
148875 Reiter, Robt. J., trustee 16 90
153261 Reed, Maria 1,312 23
155900 Ryan, George W. 123 19
157758 Reitz, Wm. C., trustee 37 14
159201 Roller, Robert L., trustee 57 92
162205 Robinson, Mary 369 61
197267 Robertson, John L. 36 44
198097 Rutherford, John F., trustee 73 68
199385 Roberts, Emma R. 16 59
202984 Rodgers, Mary W. 219 59
203946 Rogers, Nora 146 50
204794 Roose, Oella C., trustee 207 49
208673 Rusha, George E. 30 47
209304 Roycroft, Roberta S., trustee 16 77
210860 Rafferty, Mary 19 34
263389 Richardson, Ida 49 11
263468 Reno, Benj. M. 598 68
263487 Ross, Frances E. 62 43
264517 Repta, Lizi 908 61
269100 Redmond, Annie 918 88

271387	Reiter, Geo. W., trustee	64	33
271388	Reiter, Geo. W., trustee	69	78
271939	Rodgers, John	499	20
274092	Roncaglione, Martino	222	36
277707	Redmond, John	122	41
277929	Rumbaugh, Geo. W.	1,404	42
278041	Ralston, Grace M.	300	37
278179	Rosser, Rebecca J., trustee	44	18
279881	Ramsey, Robert	394	83
309084	Rattigan, Annie	114	06
310835	Robb, George	394	83
164726	Richmond, Fannie G.	19	12
235715	Rogers, Caleb	539	19
240357	Ramsay, Dr. Daniel S.	33	18
251118	Rychlik, Jan	703	05
259737	Ross, Hattie C., trustee	111	50
259738	Ross, Hattie C., trustee	64	85
301275	Rystivey, Wasko	301	51
303486	Ramsey, Janet	313	29
305779	Rudolph, Eva Jane	576	15
242192	Reed, John	441	29
243954	Randolph, Hattie	171	18
245201	Richards, Irene	97	42
246289	Robb, Josephine S., trustee	68	55
250210	Rhall, Wm.	582	88
250433	Reiner, Elizabeth	217	77
281490	Rudesill, Grace A.	61	39
282244	Rudaetis, Veronica	395	70
282477	Roeper, Minnie O.	86	38
282583	Rimmel, John B., executor	84	34
284752	Roach, Michael D.	2,007	78
285938	Rothaus, Fannie	318	18
288958	Rienan, Mina	591	66
289251	Rimkeice, Adam	1,365	70
290513	Reynolds, Lorena	34	34
294268	Rosenthal, Simon M.	66	15
295469	Rader, Rosie	160	33
295501	Russo, Ferunata	231	01

S

7962	Seiler, Philippina	37	21
29980	Simpson, Benjamin L.	18	56
32638	Smith, Bessie	6,513	68
40556	Suckling, Annie E.	395	93
42886	Snyder, Mary E.	22	40
44055	Seibert, Elizabeth J.	4,130	75
44304	Shoup, Estella M., trustee	22	78
45302	Scaife, Charles C.	939	77
45393	Spahr, Wm. J.	121	88
49123	Smyser, Helen P.	57	59
49665	Shine, Patrick	583	29
50028	Steenson, Thomas K.	75	85
50940	Smith, John K., trustee	14	69
37780	Smith, Horace P., trustee	34	29
58699	Shriver, Wm. R.	680	5[illegible]
314045	Reynolds, Wm.		
60718	Swearer, Henrietta	75	20
63239	Sands, William M.	43	45
68989	Sione, Maggie, trustee	59	82
70693	Smith, Beckie J.	13	66
72620	Smith, William H.	900	85
74923	Schmitt, Francis, administrator	549	51
75562	Smith, John K., trustee	11	01
82110	Sands, Jean S., trustee	205	39
82111	Sands, Jean S.	27	68
83111	Siebert, M. Tillie	2,209	04
83807	Shields, Maggie	225	34
86110	Stucke, Agnes	121	61
90037	Scott, Elizabeth	75	52
90751	Stotler, Mary	433	17
91884	Smith, Theresia	637	04
94751	Shook, Ella I.	55	20
100644	Stahl, Charles	1,808	25
106989	Swisshelm, Wm.	386	81
108268	Schneider, Ferdinand	112	25
109086	Sutton, Francis A.	53	42
109212	Scofield, Nancy J.	43	34
109542	Shuman, Thomas	794	83
110227	Seibert, Ella L.	885	29
110872	Sullivan, Michael A.	23	57
110914	Sample, Harry E.	50	06
181882	Stewart, Jean M., trustee	60	23
181975	Schmidtchen, Mary	369	30
185286	Scherf, Martin, executor	23	37
186340	Streng, Anna	390	17
187065	Smith, Clara P., trustee	292	50
187471	Skelding, Francis H., trustee	281	29
187479	Sutmeyer, Henry W., trustee	43	79
187898	Schuster, John	1,087	21
189060	Stevenson, James B., trustee	106	45
192223	Standard, Jane H.	211	43
193186	Scott, Lizzie F.	108	30
195082	Shanahan, Denis, trustee	89	12
296885	Stewart, Wm. E.	55	20
297204	Smith, Agnes	239	92
297387	Soltesz, Andy	229	52
297933	Sicsak, Mikolaj	1,653	75
298659	Seidenschneider, Isadore	162	10
399202	Sakolsky, Morris	952	87
300547	Skarla, Pete	142	21
300925	Smith, Wm. A.	117	85
300972	Senko, Mike	125	39
316283	Stewart, Jay V.	75	61
317719	Stewart, Laura M.	75	99
296364	Slaney, Mary J.	30	00
114721	Schulz, Frederick	1,410	83
119605	Smith, Chas. W., trustee	269	10
122615	Sweeney, Louis	2,581	84
127137	Stratton, Fannie	416	45
135114	Schondelmeyer, John J.	1,701	41
136800	Sullivan, Katie	18	19
137138	Stone, Kate L.	1,232	78
141262	Shireman, Margaret A.	333	42
142283	Strauss, Olevia	84	37
143066	Steinbrink, Sophia M.	139	54
144164	Smith, Winfield W.	1,419	85
146105	Schack, Mary, trustee	41	93
150760	Stofiel, Lillian McC., trustee	35	42
166857	Stakeley, Wm. H.	77	08
168854	Sell, John S.	285	76
169523	Shriver, Harry A.	1,336	96
300110	Quinn, Marie W.	92	78
171501	Simpson, Harriet	781	56
171953	Sterling, Jannie	1,392	60
172323	Stroud, Alberta L.	92	88
172806	Simmons, William S.	93	09
172965	Schewe, Fredericke	1,436	45
174393	Stuckeman, Sophia, trustee	42	13
174411	Spechalz, Josephina	394	22
174611	Shaughnessy, John	471	90
174850	Schott, Arthur C. V., trustee	27	34
174950	Smith, Etta	189	87
175250	St. Clair, Chas. C., trustee	35	49
175803	Swanger, Lincoln	341	94
175985	Shoup, Elvira	55	82
177003	Schoeneck, Philip C., Jr., trustee	84	91
177342	Sayers, Elizabeth M.	196	22
177717	Schmidt, Frederick	412	78
212244	Smith, Emma, trustee	49	11
212857	Smith, Charles S.	21	14
213791	Smalley, Robert E.	74	08
214269	Schmitz, Charles E., trustee	23	83
214548	Schwartz, Jennie, trustee	78	61
214554	Schuck, Mary	401	84
217659	Schmitt, Charles	648	80
218586	Smith, M. Harry	78	99
218589	Stephenson, Harriet J., trustee	121	22
218620	Staples, Sarah E.	54	63
218820	Shuman, Emma V.	245	03
218937	Sellers, Harry C.	102	54
219583	Stiff, Robert	368	52
219601	Smith, Caroline	382	41
222377	Snyder, Michael A., trustee	122	25
223184	Simmonds, Ella	16	89
223334	Stolzenbach, Amelia C., trustee	119	44
224539	Seely, Sarah J.	197	63
225207	Stranahan, Edith	306	98
225779	Slocum, Harry E.	70	85
226966	Sproul, Lydia J.	76	77
227579	Smith, Geo. B., trustee	46	14
228501	Sword, Alexander, trustee	27	63
229410	Showalter, Walton E.	169	67
311105	Schneider, Elizabeth	224	45
311106	Saur, David	334	28
311482	Schatzman, Kate M., trustee	48	22
311953	Spencer, Kate A.	78	26
312855	Scott, Jane	111	50
313204	Schaffer, Joseph A.	111	50
313730	Schuchert, Madg.	220	06
314931	Schwartz, S. Eva	82	78
315104	Stanchak, Mike	331	20
315864	Sarver, Lewis	219	33
132879	Spect, Wm. T.	55	33
135520	Simes, Abram	12	64
139615	Sleeth, Jennie F.	69	00
151389	Stewart, Tilla	712	81
152399	Siedle, Wm. R., trustee	88	50
154976	Saltz, Mary	17	53
155421	Steck, Martha D., trustee	88	18
158743	Spivey, Charles S.	29	65
161053	Scaife, Annie H., trustee	637	95
163684	Stevenson, James B., trustee	155	57
163685	Stevenson, James B., trustee	114	96
196509	Skillen, Edith	49	32
199611	Schoeb, Barbara	77	78
200223	Smith, Jennie	247	99
200720	Schwartz, Carrie M.	1,020	10
201525	Soltis, Andy	1,370	38
201896	Scully, Kate	1,231	93
203628	Smith, Wm.	576	44
203827	Sullivan, Bridget	200	28
204358	Sell, Kate E.	137	61
205392	Smith, Maggie	835	34
262709	Shantz, Lettie M.	216	29
265307	Saylor, Elizabeth	57	84
266966	Steinrok, Adelaide G.	28	84
266967	Steinrok, Adelaide G., trustee	82	06
266969	Sutch, Minnie R., trustee	100	03
268557	Smyth, John	999	18
269384	Scheffel, Henry G.	968	51
269850	Schaeffer, Charles M., trustee	53	63
276314	Scully, Margaret	103	96
277140	Simott, Jane F.	312	23
277231	Stark, Charles	25	81
277398	Stanelis, Dominiks	81	21
279362	Smith, Jas. H., trustee	52	55
279711	Starch, Elizabeth	578	56
279860	Staley, Catherine	397	05
279907	Seifert, Ehrhardt H.	108	94
306450	Simaytis, Justinas	215	39
307182	Saldnk, Frank	280	02
310946	Schorr, Clara	223	84
231054	Spellman, Henry J.	620	38

236204	Smith, Lizzie B.	400 74
239835	Sparks, Elizabeth E.	74 80
252267	Salusek, Mari	102 95
256273	Simpson, James	716 67
256480	Sargent, Harry	20 81
258414	Schock, William L.	412 54
260695	Shiring, Frank J.	31 77
261333	Seitz, George	236 64
262019	Sanonis, Stan	228 99
263176	Smith, Rachel C.	277 03
263681	Sheraden, Annie	44 28
265579	Sarensen, Mads	402 68
266009	Stewart, Hannah	111 80
266976	Schuring, John L.	189 58
268547	Strub, Kate	69 80
269439	Stephan, Margaret	56 30
269586	Schultz, Marie A.	629 96
269636	Shrier, Maggi	166 97
269815	Smith, Sidnie D.	136 17
281127	Scaife, Mary M.	342 77
282215	Stewart, Sophia	70 76
282400	Smith, Stewart O.	77 92
282994	Smalko, Mary	195 93
283509	Stroszeneuther, Barbara	84 58
283643	Schmidt, George, trustee	38 48
285172	Szwejkowiis, Powilas	1,017 16
285390	Stuart, Sarah	146 23
287034	Schuster, Mary	116 55
288797	Sieber, Anna M.	662 38
288964	Siletta, Maria	92 98
289679	Sann, Jr., Philip	2,486 66
290196	Sherer, Clyde Crawford	28 19
292205	Stubenrauch, Christina	58 60
290813	Shimp, Sarah J.	669 73
290986	Smith, Loella B., trustee	34 78
293826	Stewart, Jessie	229 96

T

21122	Thomas, William H.	15 04
30028	Todd, Wm. J.	71 66
46228	Theis, Matilda	42 18
63033	Thomas, Richard L.	12 75
75470	Thompson, Elizabeth	47 62
89151	Turner, George	34 48
105124	Thompson, Helen	2,714 31
105538	Thomas, Daniel D.	808 13
181271	Thompson, Rosa	19 93
186953	Thompson, Mattie J.	57 77
187797	Traut, Louisa	397 89
190251	Thompson, Anna	2,674 13
297724	Tyliszczak, Teodor	119 81
117751	Teece, Geo., administrator	56 94
128288	Tieman, Samuel S.	787 74
140416	Thomas, Jane	205 41
168889	Thomas, Ida S.	381 05
170040	Tucci, C. Dominick	20 51
175880	Templeton, Annie	33 28
213060	Taylor, Thomas	40 02
214125	Taylor, David B., trustee	95 78
215418	Thorn, Sophie, trustee	82 03
217432	Teuteberg, Emma	80 55
225958	Toole, Bridget	105 74
227374	Thompson, Newton H.	165 60
311137	Taylor, Emma M.	561 19
315792	Thornberry, Martha J.	219 33
158670	Thompson, Richard W., trustee	216 97
162349	Turney, Jacob M.	1,433 05
164523	Thompson, Isadore E.	123 49
165409	Thomas, Mollie M., trustee	68 97
199629	Tener, Geo. E., trustee	28 42
210779	Thomas, Charles, trustee	18 10
262885	Tobin, Markle	728 30
266433	Tomasheitz, Veronika	145 26
269798	Toole, Mary	352 61
272504	Trawatha, Annie	465 48
273023	Thompson, John W., trustee	141 37
275373	Titley, Minta M., trustee	26 61
275374	Titley, Minta M., trustee	33 25
275375	Titley, Minta M., trustee	46 63
276734	Thomas, Lizzie	78 18
280327	Thomas, Albert J.	1,310 71
306809	Tankert, August	457 91
307173	Tomih, Ali	552 02
310769	Treanor, Nellie	73 14
223967	Theis, William, trustee	44 64
234110	Thompson, Mary	44 00
236885	Thompson, Sarah	71 58
239092	Trimble, Sara	127 54
256121	Thomas, David	288 75
245067	Telton, Laura	41 48
286387	Turczynsky, Kostanty	773 90

U

228179	Underwood, Sarah J.	311 74

V

22271	Verner, Morris S.	57 07
30632	Varner, Henry	50 18
82178	Vogt, John	45 32
181841	Valter, Wilhelm	656 28
176749	Very, Frank W., trustee	18 02
314330	Vladar, Anna	286 62
154194	Vandergrift, Elizabeth, trustee	63 57
154195	Vandergrift, Elizabeth, trustee	58 10
306355	Voelker, Harry A.	114 84
308225	Varley, Myles	119 19
233340	Vincus, Pavil	3,256 01
240454	Valentine, Mamie	32 52
252935	Viducci, Guiseppe	397 71
304255	Vaughan, Frances	165 29
248583	Vilkifsky, Samuel, adm.	776 25
249996	Vasbinder, John H.	43 52
281518	Van Kirk, Annie D.	612 30
283254	Venglascik, Meri	280 94
288157	Vinsky, Charley	881 12

W

14735	Wachob, Thompson, trustee	25 07
15184	Whitehead, Mary	18 54
21001	Wylie, D. Newton, trustee	15 98
22946	Williams, Charles H.	21 21
24820	Watkins, Thomas	116 83
25769	Weisley, Harry, trustee	26 05
29025	Wilson, Henry	62 28
35115	Welply, Jane	22 54
45603	Wilson, Agnes	471 76
55313	Wines, Thomas	15 95
58949	White, Wm.	2,029 91
62998	Woods, Mary E.	1,231 93
63701	Wilson, Isabella	78 95
71741	Williams, Annie E.	544 57
71814	Wilson, Ada I.	30 81
74392	Wilson, Laura A.	27 88
79266	Williams, Della B.	585 11
84579	Wagner, H. B., executor	236 94
86023	Wall, James B.	35 54
88723	Wilson, Lizzie J.	132 80
88902	Ward, Lizzie B., trustee	47 52
88903	Ward, Lizzie B., trustee	47 52
88905	Ward, Lizzie B., trustee	74 02
88906	Ward, Lizzie B., trustee	78 84
89313	Winfield, Fannie K. McKee	66 78
90421	Williams, Samuel D.	15 34
95207	Wright, Mary R. D.	390 79
95860	Wittish, Rosa	574 43
98879	Wolff, Gottfried	16 49
103395	Wriht, Mary A.	102 80
105935	Wilsher, William	333 40
106906	Welfer, George, trustee	61 43
106986	Whitaker, Chas. H.	624 49
107120	Walther, Caroline	538 35
109598	Waldburger, John A.	66 13
181896	Wilson, Isabella	153 61
187151	Watters, Octavina L.	88 35
192019	Watkinson, Peter	247 01
192172	Whitehill, Catherine, trustee	100 63
297473	Winter, Elizabeth, trustee	59 75
299858	Wallace, James M., executor	33 21
316659	Wilson Daft	59 24
317034	Werner, Fred	108 91
317448	Wright, Thomas	217 15
317058	Werner, John	108 91
114800	Woods, Robt. A.	47 34
120584	Walton, Mima L.	754 57
121273	Wheeler, Louisa	20 96
122930	Williams, Alma	258 77
123884	Walton, Mima L.	754 57
121273	Wheeler, Louisa	20 96
122930	Williams, Alma	258 77
123884	Ward, Michael H.	25 02
125008	Welsh, Mary E.	2,249 47
125284	Ward, Lizzie B., trustee	47 52
141265	Warden, Wm., trustee	1,718 85
144184	Wilson, Annie	112 60
146968	Weber, Peter, trustee	63 34
149095	Walton, M. Agnes	125 65
149405	Wandless, Eleanor, trustee	43 07
150027	Williams, Mary E., trustee	22 31
150462	Wohlgemuth, Charles	22 11
150808	Williams, W. Harry, trustee	93 84
167149	Whitehouse, Wm.	1,873 84
168451	Walsh, James P., trustee	110 76
170102	Wilson, Alma, trustee	112 67
173820	Welsh, Jennie	28 96
212124	Warren, Olivia C., trustee	15 90
212834	Williams, John G., trustee	12 66
212835	Williams, John G., trustee	104 54
213338	Wainwright, Samuel J., trustee	160 99
213705	Wenzel, Wm.	496 95
215196	Ward, Mary	232 96
215808	Wylie, Margaret	314 01
215895	Wieseckel, Jos. R.	447 68
216930	Wallace, Daniel H., trustee	440 91
217875	Welsh, Michael C.	539 84
218370	Walker, Rebecca W., trustee	18 06
218371	Walker, Rebecca W., trustee	18 15
218920	Weiss, John G.	87 28
219208	Wehr, Susanna	1,742 04
219617	Welsh, Maggie	1,270 20
221922	Wilson, Alonzo L.	103 82
223191	Weber, Jane E., trustee	64 25
223924	Wickham, Walter M.	771 83
227718	Wayland Mary L.	43 93
227966	Weller, Lucy	67 36
229548	Whysall, Kate B.	138 42
229696	White, Margaret	42 44
230579	Weigand, Josephine	900 88
314241	Walsh, Mary	775 39
315076	Werner, Mary	246 57
129578	Wilson, Chas. A., trustee	10 63
139902	Moernli, Anna Marie	10 53
155243	Winniski, Chas.	27 17
155809	Ward, Mary	118 26
159110	Werner, Jos. A., executor	1,288 98

160389	Williams, Ruth L.	99 09
162697	Williams, Wm. S., trustee	54 89
197597	Worden, Charlotte	452 35
199392	Wylie, Rosa J.	222 25
200014	Weibel, Mary F.	84 03
200103	Walberg, Ida M.	201 57
201178	Wick, Horace D.	266 02
201714	Wadsworth, Nannetta	367 91
201862	Wolfe, W. W., adminstrator	90 08
205212	Williams, Thomas J., trustee	38 53
205847	Williams, Rosaline A., trustee	41 99
206608	Wood, Washington, Jr.	831 67
207550	Williams, Ida, trustee	200 06
210854	Walther, Hannah	71 30
264319	Walker, James W., trustee	45 61
265353	Wintersgill, Mary L.	305 33
268481	Woods, Julia	188 18
271871	Williams, Elizabeth	199 86
272302	Walton, Carrie M., trustee	33 56
274149	Wassum, Annie	131 64
275185	Woodring, Mary K.	722 32
279327	Williams, Lizzie	521 85
307555	Wilson, Mary	87 09
309169	Wagner, Mary Jane	118 61
309479	Werdebaugh, Matilda	337 41
235757	Wurthner, Annie	29 46
237106	Walters, Mary Agnes, trustee	54 32
237107	Walters, Mary Agnes, trustee	119 45
251996	Williams, Jennie H.	19 13
253072	Wallace, Kate	365 62
258168	Wilson, Wm. J., trustee	58 49
303229	Wiernik, Agnes	67 85
304027	Wallace, Flora	58 09
304020	Welsh, Mamie	46 17
243730	Weil, Jennie	147 50
243962	Walker, Emma G.	296 63
247262	Wilby, Martha	301 59
248875	Winkelboss, Robert	46 39
250895	Warner, Josephine Coles	151 89
282466	Wallace, Jennie	908 41
282587	Ward, John B.	63 67
284349	Wallace, Elizabeth R.	142 97
285520	Walsh, Margaret, trustee	129 26
285521	Walsh, Margaret, trustee	129 26
286635	Washington, John A.	112 21
288825	Werdebaugh, Fannie M.	1,306 92
288878	Walker, Riddle J.	300 82
290212	Wills, Frank A.	151 45
292420	Wiaczis, August	364 84
293684	Wilson, Rebecca E., trustee	42 56
288300	Wagner, Barbara	31 86

Y

66035	Young, William	862 16
70545	Young, Henry	220 40
92569	Young, Mary E.	287 38
184361	Young, Lizzie A.	902 61
132586	Young, Miriam T.	31 31
140873	Young, Betsy M.	684 98
214900	Young, Emma	160 52
160121	Young, Samuel M., trustee	78 93
205364	Young, Lizzie	627 75
269873	Yatowski Wiktor	136 95
252364	Yourpal, Frank	341 87
255203	Young, William A.	1,105 81
281804	Yuszku, Mikoden	67 10

Z

190104	Zwick, Margaret	61 06
225031	Zeman, David, trustee	155 71
315848	Zimmer, Emma, trustee,	104 19
308220	Zak, Frank	159 84
305309	Zelder, Laura	137 56
245290	Zellers, Wm. C., trustee	100 95
282506	Zimanty, Kazimir	234 66

S. C. McCANDLESS,
Treasurer.

Pittsburg, January 1, 1911.

REPORT OF A. E. SISSON, AUDITOR GENERAL, TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF PENNSYLVANIA IN RESPONSE TO RESOLUTION OF FEBRUARY 7, 1911.

To the Honorable the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania.

Replying to the request submitted to me in the form of a Resolution of the House of Representatives, passed February 7, 1911, and reading as follows:

"Whereas, The compromise of the suits to recover the millions of money fraudulently taken from the Commonwealth in the building and furnishing of the Capitol involves the payment of a small part thereof and the discontinuance of pending civil proceedings, and it not being known who furnished the money to accomplish this result of this monumental scandal;

"Therefore be it resolved, That the House of Representatives hereby requests that the Attorney General, Auditor General and State Treasurer report to this house within ten days the names of the persons who paid money to the State in settlement of the Capitol civil suits and the amount paid by each, so far as such information may be in possession of said officials."

To make answer as follows:

My understanding of the facts of the case are as they are set forth by the Attorney General in his report to the House of Representatives in response to the above resolutio and my personal knowledge "as to who paid money to t State and the amount paid by each," consists of the fo lowing facts only:

Upon being informed by the Attorney General that a se tlement of the suits in question was about to take pla and my presence in connection therewith was desired, I, company with the State Treasurer, appeared in t Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County January 10, 1910, when in the case of Commo wealth of Pennsylvania vs. H. Burd Cassel, et No. 452, Equity Docket, being No. 45 Commonweal Docket, 1910, a decree was entered by said court in fav of the Commonwealth in "the sum of two hundred thousa ($200,000) dollars, in solido, against the defendants Burd Cassel, E. L. Reinhold, E. B. Reinhold Penn Constru tion Company, Frank G. Harris, E. B. Hardenbergh, Jam M. Shumaker, Joseph M. Huston, William P. Snyder and Roger Fronefield, executor of the last will and testament William L. Mathues, deceased," and they were order forthwith to pay the same to the State Treasurer of t Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, said decree to be satisfi of record upon the payment of the said sum of $200,0 and payment of the record costs.

And in the case of Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Frank G. Harris, et al, the same being No. 453 Equi Docket, and No. 46 Commonwealth Docket, 1910, a dec was entered by said Court providing, among other thing

"Third. The Commonwealth Title Insurance & Tru Company, Dimner Beeber and Pedro G. Salome, executors the last will and testament of John H. Sanderson, decease shall forthwith surrender to the Auditor General of t Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for cancellation the f lowing warrants now in their hands payable to the ord of John H. Sanderson and particularly described in the 34 paragraph of said bill, namely—

Warrant No. 18372 dated January 2, 1907, for $21 712.
Warrant No. 18373 dated January 2, 1907, for $32,829.4
Warrant No. 18374 dated January 2, 1907, for $26.350.
Warrant No. 18375 dated January 2, 1907, for $17,987.7
Warrant No. 18376 dated January 2, 1907, for $10,000.2

aggregating the sum of $108,879.39.

Fourth. The defendant Joseph M. Huston shall fort with surrender to the Auditor General of the Commonweal of Pennsylvania for cancellation Warrant No. 18371, dat January 2, 1907, for $50,000, payable to his order a particularly described in the 36th paragraph of the said bi

Fifth. The loss and damage sustained by the Commo wealth of Pennsylvania, plaintiff herein, by reason of t matters and things alleged in said bill in equity is hereb in accordance with the aforesaid stipulation filed in t cause, ascertained and assessed in the sum of one milli one hundred thousand dollars, in solido, against the fendants Frank G. Harris, E. B. Hardenbergh, William Snyder, W. Roger Fronefield, executor of the last will a testament of William L. Mathues, deceased, James M. Sh maker, Joseph M. Huston and The Commonwealth Title surance & Trust Company, Dimner Beeber and Pedro G. S ome, executors of the last will and testament of John Sanderson, deceased," and they were ordered forthwith pay said sum to the State Treasurer of the Commonweal of Pennsylvania—and said decree to be satisfied of reco upon the payment of the same, and the delivery of the s warrants as directed in said decree and the payment of t record costs.

And immediately following the decrees so entered aforesaid suits, and in conformity therewith a certif check signed by John G. Johnson for $1,275,000, and certified check signed by Simpson, Thacher & Bartlett, torneys of New York City, for $25,000, both of said chec being payable to Charles F. Wright, Treasurer of the Co monwealth of Pennsylvania, were delivered to the s Charles F. Wright, as Treasurer as aforesaid, who thereup entered his receipts therefor of record in said cases, und the direction of the Attorney General, and the proce thereof was duly covered into the treasury of the Comm wealth.

At the same time said checks were delivered as aforesa the warrants mentioned in the aforesaid decree and abo set forth, were delivered by the attorneys for said The Co monwealth Title Insurance & Trust Company, Dimner Beeb and Pedro G. Salome, executors of the last will and tes

ment of John H. Sanderson, deceased, and the attorneys for Joseph M. Huston, to me, as Auditor General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for cancellation, in accordance with said decree, which said warrants were duly receipted for of record in said case by me, as Auditor General as aforesaid, under the direction of the Attorney General, and duly cancelled and filed in the Department of the Auditor General.

As to who contributed the money conveyed to the Commonwealth through the aforesaid checks I know nothing except what may be surmised from the facts above set forth.

Respectfully submitted,

A. E. SISSON,

Auditor General of Pennsylvania.

Harrisburg, Pa., February 15, 1911.

REPORT OF JNO. C. BELL, ATTORNEY GENERAL, TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF PENNSYLVANIA IN RESPONSE TO RESOLUTION OF FEBRUARY 7, 1911.

To the Honorable, the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania:

Replying to the request submitted to me in the form of a resolution of the House of Representatives, passed February 7, 1911, and reading as follows:

"Whereas, The compromise of the suits to recover the millions of money fraudulently taken from the Commonwealth in the building and furnishing of the Capitol involves the payment of a small part thereof and the discontinuance of pending civil proceedings, and it not being known who furnished the money to accomplish this result of this monumental scandal;

Therefore, Be it Resolved, That the House of Representatives hereby requests that the Attorney General, Auditor General and State Treasurer report to this house within ten days the names of the persons who paid money to the State in settlement of the Capitol civil suits and the amount paid by each, so far as such information may be in possession of said officials."

I have the honor to report as follows:

The equity cases growing out of the charges of fraud in connection with the furnishing and equipment of the new Capitol Building were terminated on the 10th day of January, 1911, prior to my induction into the office of Attorney General. These civil cases were instituted and terminated under the administration of my predecessor in the office of Attorney General, the Honorable M. Hampton Todd.

In the biennial report of the said Honorable M. Hampton Todd for the last two years of his administration I find the following history of the institution, progress and termination of the sases in question:

CIVIL CAPITOL CASES

In addition to the criminal prosecutions above referred to the Attorney General's Department instituted civil proceedings on March 7, 1910, for the purpose of compelling restitution of the moneys fraudulently paid out of the State Treasury under the guise of contracts and invoices for the furnishings and equipment of the Capitol Building. These civil proceedings were in the form of bills in equity against the contractors and the State officers and employes implicated in the frauds. The sureties of certain State officers were also made parties defendant.

Two bills of equity were filed, the first at No. 452 Equity Docket, C. P. Dauphin County, against H. Burd Cassel, E. L. Reinhold and E. B. Reinhold, partners doing business under the firm name of Pennsylvania Construction Company, and later incorporateed under the corporate name of Penn Construction Company, the said Penn Construction Company, a corporation; Frank G. Harris, E. B. Hardenbergh, T. Larry Eyre, James M. Shumaker, Joseph M. Huston, William P. Snyder, W. Roger Fronefield, executor of the last will and testament of William L. Mathues, late of the Borough of Media, County of Delaware and State of Pennsylvania, deceased; the Commonwealth Trust Company, a corporation; the Harrisburg Trust Company, a corporation; Annie E. Barr and the Lancaster Trust Company, a corporation, executors of the last will and testament of Sam Matt Fridy, late of the County of Lancaster and State of Pennsylvania, deceased, and John M. Froelich, defendants.

And the second at No. 453 Equity Docket, C. P. Dauphin County, against Frank G. Harris, E. B. Hardenbergh, William P. Snyder, W. Roger Fronefield, executor of the last will and testament of William L. Mathues, late of the Borough of Media, County of Delaware, State of Pennsylvania, deceased; James M. Shumaker, Joseph M. Huston, the Commonwealth Title Insurance and Trust Company, a corporation; Dimner Beeber and Pedro G. Salome, executors of the last will and testament of John H. Sanderson, late of the City and County of Philadelphia and State of Pennsylvania, deceased; the Commonwealth Trust Company, a corporation; the Harrisburg Trust Company, a corporation; Annie E. Barr and the Lancaster Trust Company, a corporation, executors of the last will and testament of Sam Matt Fridy, late of the County of Lancaster and State of Pennsylvania, deceased, and John M. Froelich, defendants.

The bill against Cassel et al. was based upon the transactions connected with the awarding of a contract to the Pennsylvania Construction Company for furnishing the new Capitol Building with metallic furniture, and the bill against Harris et al. was based upon the circumstances attendant upon the awarding of a contract to John H. Sanderson for furnishing and equipping the building with furnishings and fittings exclusive of metallic furniture, both of said bills containing allegations of fraud in the performance of the respective contracts.

The object sought to be attained by each bill was to compel the respective defendants to account for and pay back to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania the difference between the real value of furniture and equipment supplied for the new Capitol Building and the amount paid out of the State Treasury therefor upon the numerous fraudulent bills rendered under the respective contracts.

In the bill against Harris et al the Commonwealth also sought to compel Architect Huston and the executors of John H. Sanderson's estate to surrender up for cancellatin certain outstanding warrants upon which payment had been refused.

All of the defendants in these civil cases filed demurrers to the bills, with the exception of T. Larry Eyre, who filed an answer. These demurrers were argued at length before the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County in September, 1910.

Upon being advised by counsel for the defendants that the defendants were desirous of effecting a settlement of the civil cases by paying such amount in cash as might be finally agreed upon and surrendering the outstanding warrants issued to John H. Sanderson and Joseph M. Huston, upon which payment had been refused, as above noted, the Attorney General's Department instituted a careful inquiry for the purpose of ascertaining how much money it would be possible to collect by legal process against the surviving defendants and the estates of the deceased defendants.

The greater part of the illegal payments were made to John H. Sanderson, the principal contractor, who died in the city of New York, and whose estate, consisting largely of securities, was in the possession of persons other than his executors under a claim of title thereto. The Commonwealth, of course, could not question this title until after a decree had been obtained against Sanderson's executors.

After a thorough investigation of the ability of the defendants in the bills to pay, the Commonwealth fixed $1,300,000.00 as the amount in cash which would be accepted in settlement of the civil cases, the payment of this amount in cash to be accompanied by a surrender of all outstanding warrants, amounting in the aggregate to $158,879.39. Upon being advised that the defendants were ready to pay said amount and surrender said warrants decrees were entered on the motion of the Attorney General by the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County, based upon stipulations signed by counsel for the Commonwealth and for the defendants, by which decrees it was directed that the demurrers filed by the sureties in both cases should be sustained and the bills dismissed as to the sureties; that the demurrers filed by the contractors, State officers and employes or their legal representatives should be overruled; that the bill in which T. Larry Eyre was a defendant should be dismissed as to him upon his answer; that in the case growing out of the metallic furniture contract, H. Burd Cassel, E. L. Reinhold, E. B. Reinhold, the Penn Construction Company, Frank G. Harris, E. B. Hardenbergh, James M. Shumaker, Joseph M. Huston, William P. Snyder and W. Roger Fronefield, as executor of William L. Mathues, deceased, should pay to the State Treasurer the sum of $200,000.00; that in the case growing out of the Sanderson contract

Frank G. Harris, E. B. Hardenbergh, William P. Snyder, W. Roger Fronefield, as executor of William L. Mathues, deceased, James M. Shumaker, Joseph M. Huston and the Commonwealth Title Insurance and Trust Company, Dimner Beeber and Pedro G. Salome, as executors of John H. Sanderson, deceased, should pay to the State Treasurer the sum of $1,100,000.00; that the executors of Sanderson should surrender to the Auditor General for cancellation five warrants, payable to the order of the said Sanderson, amounting in the aggregate to $108,879.39, and that Architect Huston should surrender to the Auditor General a warrant payable to his order for the sum of $50,000.00. Upon the entering of said decrees, the above-mentioned sum of $1,300,000.00 was forthwith paid over to the State Treasurer and the above-mentioned warrants were surrendered to the Auditor General for cancellation. In addition to surrendering said warrant for $50,000.00, Architect Huston executed a release to the Commonwealth for additional commissions claimed by him in the sum of $65,000.00.

The net results of the civil cases may be summed up as follows:

Amount of cash settlement	$1,300,000.00
Restitution in cash by Charles G. Wetter	14,000.00
Warrants surrendered by Sanderson's executors	108,879.39
Warrant surrender by Huston	50,000.00
Claim of Payne & Co. for extras disallowed by Commonwealth	55,000.00
Amount repaid by Sanderson on furniture sold prior to 1904	2,860.68
Release by Architect Huston of additional commissions claimed by him	65,000.00
Total	$1,595,740.07

An examination of the decrees entered by the court, as above stated, shows that the loss and damage sustained by the Commonwealth was ascertained and assessed in solido against the defendants named in the respective decrees, with the effect that each defendant named in a decree was liable for the whole amount ascertained by the decree, and payment by one or more would be payment for all. It further appears from the record of these cases that the counsel for the respective defendants named in the decrees, by signing the stipulations upon which the decrees were entered, agreed that their clients were liable to have the said decrees entered against them by reason of the matters and things charged against them in the bills.

I have inquired of the said Honorable M. Hampton Todd and Deputy Attorney General Cunningham as to their knowledge, if any, relative to the amounts contributed by the several defendants named in the respective decrees to the total amounts assessed therein and whether each defendant contributed to said amounts, and am informed that neither of them has any knowledge as to the exact amounts contributed by the respective defendants in the bills or whether each defendant named in the decrees contributed some portion of the total amounts.

I am also informed by them that to the best of their knowledge the amounts fixed by the several decrees were made up entirely by contributions (though in what amounts they do not know) from the persons named as defendants in the bills, which contributions were placed by said defendants in the hands of John G. Johnson, Esq., of counsel for the executors of the estate of John H. Sanderson. Attorney General Todd and Deputy Attorney General Cunningham further inform me that the decrees were satisfied of record upon receipt by the Attorney General's Department of a certified check, signed by the said John G. Johnson, Esq., for $1,275,000.00, and a certified check signed by Simpson, Thacher & Bartlett, attorneys, of New York city, for $25,000.00, both of said checks being payable to Charles F. Wright, Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvanina, in accordance with the terms of said decrees, and upon receipt of the abovementioned outstanding warrants, amounting in the aggregate to $158,879.39. On the following day the usual settlement and report was made by the Attorney General's Department to and with the State Treasurer, as appears from the records of the Attorney General's Department.

JOHN C. BELL,
Attorney General.

Attest:
J. E. B. CUNNINGHAM,
Deputy Attorney General.

Harrisburg, Pa., February 14, 1911.

REPORT OF THE COMMISSION TO REVISE AND CODIFY THE ELECTION LAWS OF PENNSYLVANIA APPOINTED UNDER A JOINT RESOLUTION OF MAY 13, 1909, MADE TO THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY AT THE SESSION OF 1911.

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly:

The Commission to Codify and Revise the Election Laws of Pennsylvania appointed by the Governor of the Commonwealth in pursuance of a joint resolution approved the thirteenth day of May, A. D. 1909, herewith presents the following report:

The Commission was appointed late in December, 1909, and organized and commenced its work about January 1, 1910. Power was given to the Commission to appoint one or more attorneys, a Secretary and stenographer. It appointed one attorney, Ralph B. Evans, Esq., of Philadelphia, and a Secretary, William H. Hay, Esq., of Philadelphia. It did not appoint a stenographer, but relied upon the efficient services of its Secretary with the aid of such occasional stenographic help as he needed.

By the terms of the joint resolution the Commission was directed:

First.—To report a codification of the election laws as they now are.

Second.—To report separately the amendments or changes recommended.

The codification of the existing laws has been completed and is presented herewith in printed form. Owing to the number of statutes relating to elections and the numerous changes which have from time to time been made, the work was one of much labor and considerable difficulty. It has been performed by the Commission's counsel under the direction and supervision of the Commission.

With regard to the plan of this code, the Commission after careful consideration concluded to retain the exact language of the existing unrepealed statutes except in so far as it was absolutely necessary to reconcile statutes of different dates with each other.

It would have been possible to have written a code in original language embodying all the unrepealed provisions of the existing law. Such a code would probably have been more concise, and from a literary standpoint, more desirable. Every change of language in familiar laws, however, involves the risks of omissions, of ambiguities and of consequent litigation, and these dangers, in the judgment of the Commission, outweighed the merits of conciseness and literary merit. The code which has been prepared consists, therefore, of the various sections of existing laws arranged under appropriate headings and carefully indexed. It is a real code properly arranged and subdivided according to subjects and not a mere collection of statutes, but it follows the exact language of existing statutes except in those instances where a change of language was imperatively demanded to make provisions of different dates harmonize with each other. It has been so arranged that it may be enacted as a statute or used as an official guide and index of the law. It has a table of contents and an index. If printed by the State for the use of its officers, the Commission recommends that under each heading, in advance of the provisions of the code, there should be printed the constitutional provisions relating to the subject. The Commission adopted this plan in the preliminary copies made for its use in the other branch of its work and found it most useful.

With regard to the second branch of its work, namely: the recommending of changes or amendments, the Commission first divided the subject into five divisions, viz.:

Registration,
Methods of Nomination,
Form of Ballot,
Conduct of Elections,
Election Contests.

In the examination of each of these subjects the Commission adopted three methods, viz:

First.—The study of the election laws of Pennsylvania, past and present.

Second.—The gathering of information as to election laws in other States and countries.

Third.—The ascertainment, through public meetings and otherwise, of the views and wishes of the electors.

In the course of its work the Commission rented an office in Philadelphia and through its Secretary collected, arranged and analyzed the election laws of other States and countries. The Commission also held public meetings both at Philadelphia and Pittsburg, which were attended by many citizens who gave the Commission the benefit of their views. The Commission, through its Secretary and the various members individually, corresponded with many persons who, because of their experience or ability, might be able to aid the Commission's labors. The information thus obtained was carefully collated and arranged by the Commission's Secretary and counsel and made the subject of discussion at the meetings of the Commission.

Although many questions have been discussed at the meetings, in no instance have the members divided in opinion on party lines, and it is evident to the Commission that most of the questions relating to election laws on which opinion is divided are not partisan questions in which one party so arrayed against another, nor even questions on which the men of practical experience in actual political work are arrayed against men who study politics from the outside, but rather questions on which citizens of all political opinions differ as to practical methods and results.

For the information of the many citizens of the Commonwealth who have aided the Commission by their suggestions, it should be said that every suggestion has been carefully considered by the Commission. The fact that any suggestion has not been adopted or is not discussed in this report does not indicate that it has been neglected. Many of these suggestions were made from a consideration of local abuses or needs and, owing to the constitutional requirements of uniformity in election laws the Commission found that, although useful in some localities, they could not be adopted without inconvenience in others. Some suggestions could not be adopted without amendment of laws not relating to elections, and the Commission was unwilling to widen an already broad field for discussion. Some suggestions the Commission did not think it wise to recommend at this time, and others, although perhaps not without merit, were of so little importance compared to the amendments reported that it was not deemed desirable by reporting them to add to the task of the General Assembly in considering the subject of the report.

In no case, however, has a suggestion been disregarded without careful consideration.

The existing election laws show that the General Assembly has not been neglectful of the subject. There is a good system of registration in the cities, also a regulation of primaries, a modern form of ballot, laws requiring the publication of expenses and stringent laws punishing fraud. Whether all of these have been improvements is a subject on which opinions may differ, but the statutes providing for them show a constant effort on the part of the General Assembly to improve the laws in accordance with modern ideas.

In dealing with the subject of amendments, the Commission became convinced that it was not wise to group together in one act all the amendments which it suggested. The various subjects of legislation with regard to election laws bear no necessary relation to each other. For example, the adoption of a suggested amendment to the registration system would not necessarily depend upon the adoption of an amendment to the method of nomination. The Commission therefore has grouped its suggested amendments into different acts, each dealing with its own subject so that each may be intelligently considered and discussed on its own merits.

In some cases where the members of the Commission were not entirely unanimous as to which of two suggested amendments was the better, the course has been adopted of submitting alternative acts.

The Commission was directed to report to the session of the Legislature which commenced in January, 1911.

The work of the Commission is not wholly completed. It has completed the Code of existing laws, and it has completed the acts containing the amendments which it would suggest on the two subjects of Registration and Methods of Nomination.

It has under preparation Acts which will contain suggested amendments upon the other branches of election law.

To avoid delay the Commission presents this report of its work to date and will, when its work is completed, present a further report as to the subjects of the Form of Ballot, the Conduct of Elections and Election Contests.

REGISTRATION.

With regard to Registration, there seems to be a practical unanimity of opinion that in the large cities of the Commonwealth the Registration System already in force has been efficient in lessening the opportunities for fraud and eliminating contests at the polls, and these advantages more than counterbalance the fact that it keeps away from the polls some intelligent citizens who are too busy or too careless to register. With regard to registration in the cities of the third class, there seems to be much difference of opinion. Some of the smaller cities consider that it is an unnecessary expense and an irritating and undesirable feature of the law. Others regard it as a wise precaution against fraud. The facts seem to be that in the smaller communities of the Commonwealth it is not needed, while in the larger communities it is useful. The constitutional requirement of uniformity which allows classification only as to cities, produces an anomalous condition of affairs. There are large boroughs and small cities. Some of the cities are smaller in population than the larger boroughs. For example: Corry and Monongahela, both of which are cities, have only a little over 5000 population each, while Norristown and Shenandoah, both of which are boroughs, have over 20,000 population each. A less onerous system of registration is needed in the smaller cities, and while on account of the constitutional provision referred to it is impossible to draft a special registration system for boroughs the larger boroughs can avail themselves of the system by becoming cities.

The Commission recommends certain amendments to the existing laws relating to assessors, and registration in townships and boroughs. These suggestions are embodied in five separate acts (see Appendices A, B, C, D and E). The purposes of these amendments are briefly:

1. To abolish all assssments, registries, returns, etc., that were made necessary only by the February election.
2. To establish uniform terms for registry assessors, and provide a uniform method of filling vacancies.
3. To make a uniform system of returns by tax collectors in townships, boroughs and cities of the third class.

The Commission has also drafted an act (see Appendix F) designed to give the cities of the third class a system of registration less onerous than the system of personal registration now applicable to cities of the first and second classes, but more efficient than the system prevailing in other parts of the Commonwealth.

This act combines some of the features of both systems, Personal rgistration is done away with, but in lieu thereof the assessors' lists are revised and corrected by two registrars appointed by the County Commissioners, who sit for that purpose at designated times before election. The lists so made up serve the same purpose as the registers in cities of the first and second class, and the presence of an elector's name upon this list is made a prerequisite to and conclusive of his right to vote.

Some amendments of the minor details of the present registration system in cities of the first and second class have been suggested by the Boards of Registration of Philadelphia and Pittsburg, and by other citizens. Such as in the judgment of the Commission are desirable have been embodied in a separate act, which is presented with this report. (See Appendix G.)

These amendments concisely stated are:

1. The changing of the dates of registration to conform to the Constitutional Amendment abolishing the February election.
2. A change in the form of register, by providing a column for noting the date of the payment of tax, and also by numbering the lines of each page for convenience in reference.
3. Defining the method of proving the payment of tax.
4. Requiring all petitions to be under oath and empowering the chief clerk of the Board of Registration Commissioners to administer such oath.

METHODS OF NOMINATION.

In this Commonwealth as in other States of the Union, candidates for public office are nominated by voluntary groups of citizens called parties, who are supposed to be united together by a common adherence to certain principles

or common support of certain candidates. Originally these parties were not interfered with in any way by the Commonwealth. Only after the candidates were nominated for any office by the respective parties did the Commonwealth conduct and regulate the public election for such office. From time to time the Commonwealth also passed laws to punish bribery in securing party nominations and to punish fraud on the part of officers conducting party primaries, but each party was left entirely free to prescribe its own rules of membership and its own methods of nomination. The method of nomination usually employed was by the election of delegates who met in convention and nominated the candidates.

Owing to the growth of population, especially of urban population, the more systematic organization of parties, the indifference of busy and prosperous citizens to politics, and their neglect to take any part or interest in the nominating machinery or work of their respective parties, the power of party organizations came often to be wielded by a small group of men, who might or might not be fairly representative of the entire body of citizens who constituted the party. To remedy the evils arising from this condition, various plans have been suggested, but the one which has met with the most popular favor throughout the United States is to have the State take charge of the nominating machinery of the parties and to simplify that machinery by direct nomination by the voters instead of indirect nomination by delegates selected by the voters. Statutes embodying to a greater or less extent these two features have been passed in many States of the Union.

In Pennsylvania, the General Assembly, in 1906, enacted what is known as the Uniform Primary Act, which provided that the nomination by all parties should be made at one primary to be conducted by the Commonwealth and that nominations for all offices, except those to be voted for by electors of the State at large should be made directly and not through delegate conventions.

This statute has now been in operation nearly four years. One of the most difficult tasks of the Commission has been to ascertain the feeling of the electors towards this Act and the system it established. The Commission found that opinions with regard to it varied widely and the difference of opinion did not seem to be coincident with any lines of party or locality or intelligence. It seems to be generally agreed that the system has not to any very great extent remedied the evils it was designed to remedy and it has developed some evils of its own.

Briefly stated, the arguments for and against it are as follows:

It is claimed in support of it:

1. That it has encouraged the ordinary citizen to attend the primaries and restored his confidence in their efficacy as an expression of the will of the majority.

2. That it prevents the leaders of the party organizations from dictating nominations against the real wishes of a majority of the members of the party.

3. That any defects which it has can be remedied by amendment and that sufficient time has not elapsed since its adoption to give it a fair trial.

It is claimed against the system:

1. That it puts the State to great and unnecessary expense.

2. That it gives opportunity for the capture of a party nomination by a rival party.

3. That it leads to the multiplication of parties, the confusion of issues and to political manipulation by party leaders or clever demagogues.

4. That it removes a valuable check on bad nominations, viz., the fear that if an exceptionally bad nomination is made a rival party at a later primary may take advantage of this fact and make an exceptionally good one.

5. That it does not secure any better candidates than the old system and makes it more difficult to fix the responsibility for their choice.

The members of the Commission are unanimous in believing that the Uniform Primary System now in force is based upon an unsound theory. A healthy, vigorous party is essentially a voluntary association of citizens which should be free to pass upon the qualifications of its own members, adopt its own rules and depend for its success upon the principles which it advocates and the candidates it suggests. The most salutary political condition of any community is not to have many parties nominating candidates at the expense of the State, but to have few well-organized parties who compete with each other, so that the issues may be distinct and the candidates few in number. The holding of party primaries on different dates often stimulates one party to take advantage of the mistakes of the other by nominating better candidates, and the fear of this result sometimes prevents the nomination of unfit candidates by the party first holding its primaries. In many cases the selection of candidates by small bodies of representative delegates gives opportunity for deliberation for ascertaining and exposing the demerits of a candidate or for sounding public opinion which the present system lacks. The Uniform and Direct Primary system is based upon the theory that the nomination of candidates is part of the election machinery of the State. It tends to weaken party organization and lessen party responsibility; to make the formation of new parties easy and to make candidates not so much the deliberate choice of well-organized party groups as the representatives of shifting groups of citizens acting together because of some sudden wave of popular impulse or the clever manipulation of some candidate.

The Commission believes that the better system is to leave the nominations to be made by the parties themselves in their own way, interfering only to the extent necessary to prevent bribery, fraud and disorder and imposing upon parties the risks and responsibilities that are certain to ultimately follow bad nominations.

While the Commission is unanimous in the belief that the Uniform Primary System is not founded on a sound theory, it has not overlooked the fact that the system was adopted in this Commonwealth as the result of a popular movement for direct expression of popular will which has taken various forms over the whole United States and which as not yet expanded its force and that there is a wide diversity of opinion as to its merits or demerits. In view of these facts the Commission has drafted and attached to this report two alternative bills.

The first of these (see Appendix H) simply amends the present system in the following particulars:

1. By providing for one primary each year instead of two, to be held in the even-numbered years or General Elections on the first Saturday in May and in the odd-numbered years or Municipal Elections on the fourth Saturday in September.

2. By providing that the written acceptance of the candidate shall accompany every petition to place his name upon the primary ballot.

3. By providing that no name shall be placed upon the ballot of more than one party without the consent of the party committees.

4. By providing for the withdrawal of candidates.

5. By changing the provisions of the present law regarding the opening of the ballot box and recounting the vote.

6. This bill also modifies the provisions of the present law as to the method of determining the standing of a party as respects its right to take part in the primary. This change is made on account of certain alterations in the form of ballot and method of making the returns which the Commission has under consideration and which will be embodied in its final report.

The second or alternative bill (see Appendix I) retains the form of the present law, with the amendments above suggested, but with the following additional changes:

1. It permits the parties to hold their primaries on different dates.

2. It leaves to each party to determine whether it shall adopt the direct or indirect method of nomination, or a combination of both.

3. It provides for the holding of the primaries by officers chosen by the party, but under the same duties and penalties as election officers under the present law.

4. It provides that the qualifications of voters shall be determined by the rules of the party holding the primary.

5. It provides for the payment of the cost of holding the primary by the party instead of by the State.

It is hoped that the framing and presentation of these two alternative bills will lead to such a thorough and intelligent discussion of the subject throughout the Commonwealth that it may be readily ascertained which system meets with the approval of a majority of the citizens.

As has already been stated, the Commission is not yet ready to report on the other branches of its work, but expects to be able to present its final report on these at an early date, and at this session of the Legislature.

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APPENDIX A.

REGISTRATION IN BOROUGHS AND TOWNSHIPS

Amendment to act of June 16, 1891, P. L. 298.

Commission's Codification, page 4, Section 16.

Proposed amendments: (1) Increase term of Registry Assessors from two to four years; for the sake of general informity to secure more experienced officials, to render less frequent elections necessary and to make terms uniform with real estate assessors.

(2) Empower County Commissioners to fill vacancies instead of the Court, because commissioners fill vacancies in office of real estate assessors, and all duties of registry assessors are under direction of commissioners.

An act to amend section one of an act approved the sixteenth day of June, A. D., 1891, entitled "An act to authorize the election of assistant assessors, for the purpose of registration of voters, in the townships and boroughs containing more than one election district wherein but one assessor for valuation resides," by enlarging the term of assistant assessors, providing for their election every four years, and changing the power of filling vacancies from the court of quarter sessions to the county commissioners.

Section 1. Be it enacted, etc., that section one of an act approved the sixteenth day of June, A. D. 1891, entitled, "An act to authorize the election of assistant assessors, for the purpose of registration of voters, in the townships and boroughs containing more than one election district wherein but one assessor for valuation resides," which reads and provides as follows, to wit:

"Section 1. Be it enacted, etc., that the qualified voters of every election district in boroughs and townships in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania wherein more than one election district is authorized and where but one assessor for valuation of taxable property resides in the borough or township having more than one election district, shall on the third Tuesday of February, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, and annually thereafter, elect a properly-qualified person for assistant assessor in each of said election districts, who shall perform all the duties relating to elections now required to be performed by assessors in boroughs and townships having but one election district.

"In case of a vacancy in said office, the court of quarter sessions, or any judge of the said court of the same county, shall appoint a person to fill such vacancy," be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows, to wit:

Section 1. Be it enacted, etc., that the qualified voters of every election district in boroughs and townships in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, wherein more more than one election district is authorized, and where but one assessor for valuation of taxable property resides in the borough or township having more than one election district shall at the municipal election on the Tuesday after the first Monday of November, nineteen hundred and eleven, and quadrennially thereafter, elect a properly-qualified person for assistant assessor in each of said election districts to serve for four years, who shall perform all the duties relating to elections now required to be performed by assessors in boroughs and townships having but one election district. In case of a vacancy in said office, the county commissioners shall appoint a person to fill such vacancy.

APPENDIX B.

REGISTRY ASSESSMENTS IN BOROUGHS AND TOWNSHIPS AND IN CITIES OF THE THIRD CLASS.

Amendments to the act of June 25, 1895, P. L., 296 (No. 212).

Commission's Codification, page 2, sections 4 and 5.

Proposed amendment: (1) to extend to the cities of the third class the operation of the act now relating to townships and boroughs; because it is proposed to relieve the cities of the third class from the necessity of personal registration; there will then be no public record of what voters have qualified themselves by paying the necessary state or county tax within two years. This return by the tax collectors to the county commissioners will supply that record; and enable the registrars to complete their voting list for the election officers.

An act to amend the title and sections one (1) and two (2) of an act approved June 25, A. D. 1895, entitled "An act requiring tax collectors of townships and boroughs of the Commonwealth to give a numbered tax receipt from a book to be furnished by the county commissioners, containing a correspondingly numbered stub, and requiring a sheet setting forth name, amount of tax paid and number of receipt to be sent, twenty days before each election, to the county commissioners for public inspection, and to provide for punishment of tax collectors violating the provisions of this act."

Section 1. Be it enacted, etc., that the title of an act approved June 25, A. D. 1895, which title is as follows: "An act requiring tax collectors of townships and boroughs of the Commonwealth to give a numbered tax receipt from a book to be furnished by the county commissioners containing a correspondingly numbered stub, and requiring a sheet, setting forth name, amount of tax paid and number of receipt to be sent, twenty days before each election, to the county commissioners for public inspection, and to provide for punishment of tax collectors violating the provisions of this act," be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

"An act requiring tax collectors of townships, boroughs and cities of the third class of the Commonwealth to give a numbered tax receipt from a book to be furnished by the county commissioners containing a correspondingly numbered stub, and requiring a sheet, setting forth name, amount of tax paid and number of receipt, to be sent, twenty days before each election, to the county commissioners for public inspection and to provide for punishment of tax collectors violating he provisions of this act."

Section 2. That section 1 of said act, which reads as follows: "Section 1. Be it enacted, etc., that tax collectors of townships and boroughs of the Commonwealth furnish each person on the payment of taxes, with a numbered receipt setting out date, name of tax-payer, amount of tax and district in which tax-payer is assessed, from a book to be furnished by the county commissioners containing a stub, that on the stub a memoranda shall be made in ink of the number of the receipt, the date, name of tax-payer, amount of tax and district in which tax-payer is assessed," be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Section 1. Be it enacted, etc., that tax collectors of townships, boroughs and cities of the third class of the Commonwealth furnish each person, on the payment of taxes, with a numbered receipt, setting out date, name of tax-payer, amount of tax and district in which tax-payer is assessed, from a book to be furnished by the county commissioners, containing a stub, that on the stub memoranda shall be made in ink of the number of the receipt, the date, name of tax-payer, amount of tax and district in which tax-payer is assessed."

Section 3. That section 2 of said act, which reads as follows: "Section 2. That twenty days before each election the tax collector of townships and boroughs shall send a sheet to the office of the county commissioners containing the number of each receipt issued, date of payment, name of taxpayer, amount of tax and district in which taxpayer is assessed for the period since the last report. The first report shall be for taxes received on and after June first, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five," and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 2. That twenty-five days before each election the tax collector of townships, boroughs and cities of the third class shall send a sheet to the office of the county commissioners containing the number of each receipt issued, date of payment, name of tax-payer, amount of tax and district in which taxpayer is assessed for the period since the last report. The first report shall be for taxes received on and after June first, one thousand nine hundred and eleven."

APPENDIX C.

REGISTRATION OF VOTERS IN CITIES OF THE THIRD CLASS.

This act supplies parts of the fifteenth section of the Act of 1874, P. L. 39, and Act of 1874, P. L. 44, Sec. 1.

Commission's Codification, page 3, Secs. 8 and 9.

Proposed change: To extend the term of registry assessor in cities of the third class from two to four years; because this is uniform with the term of the real estate assessor, who is frequently the same person as the registry assessor in his election district; it makes the term uniform with registry assessors in boroughs and townships and with the terms of county commissioners, who revise and regulate the work of the registry assessors.

A complete new act is more desirable than to cite for amendment parts of two separate acts.

An act fixing the term of registry assessors or assessors to perform only duties incident to the holding of elections and registration of voters in cities of the third class at four years.

Section 1. Be it enacted, etc., That at the municipal election to be held on the Tuesday after the first Monday of November, nineteen hundred and eleven, and quadrienially thereafter, at the November municipal election, there shall be elected in each election district or precinct in all cities of the third class in the Commonwealth, a properly qualified person for registry assessor, to perform only such duties as are now and as heretofore have been required by law of assessors, registry or assistant assessors, incident to the holding of elections and registration of voters.

Section 2. That the term of such assessors shall begin on the first Monday of December following their election and shall continue for four years.

Section 3. The compensation of such assessors shall be the same as now fixed by law.

Section 4. That all laws inconsistent with this are hereby repealed.

APPENDIX D.

REGISTRATION OF VOTERS BY REGISTRY ASSESSORS IN ALL ELECTION DISTRICTS.

Amendment to Section 1 of the Act of May 29, 189[illegible] P. L., 134.

Commission's Codification, p 6, section 20.

Purpose of Amendment: To dispense with registry in December—no longer necessary, because February elections are abolished. It also fixes the first Saturday of May as the time to begin his work—as in every odd numbered year that will be the day of the Spring Primary, which will be a convenient time and place for the beginning of the registry of voters.

An act to amend an act approved May 29, 1891, amending an act approved January 30, 1874, the former being entitled "An Act to amend sections one, two and three of an act, entitled 'A further supplement to the act regulating elections in this Commonwealth,' approved the thirteenth day of January, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, changing the time and manner of making the registry of voters and the duties of registry assessors," by abolishing the December registry.

Section 1. Be it enacted, etc., That so much of section 1 of an act, approved May 29, 1891, entitled 'An act to amend sections one, two and three of an act entitled 'A further supplement to an act regulating elections in this Commonwealth,' approved the thirteenth day of January, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, changing the time and manner of making the registry of voters and the duties of registry assessors," which reads as follows:

"Section 1. That for the purpose of making the original annual assessment and registration of voters in each of the election districts of this Commonwealth, it shall be the duty of each of the assessors, who are required to perform any of the duties incident to the holding of elections and the registration of voters in the different election districts of this Commonwealth, to visit in person each and every dwelling house in his district on the first Monday in May and on the first Monday in December of each year, or as soon thereafter as may be possible and practicable, when all of said dwelling houses cannot be personally visited by him on the said first Monday of May and on the first Monday in December," shall be and is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 1. That for the purpose of making the original annual assessment and registration of voters in each of the election districts of this Commonwealth, it shall be the duty of each of the assessors, who are required to perform any of the duties incident to the holding of elections and the registration of voters in the different election districts of this Commonwealth, to visit in person each and every dwelling house in his district on the first Saturday in May, or as soon thereafter as may be possible and practicable, when all of said dwelling houses cannot be personally visited by him on the said first Saturday of May.

APPENDIX E.

ASSESSMENTS OF VOTERS BY REGISTRY ASSESSORS

See Act of May 16, 1895, P. L., 75, Sec. 3.
Commission's Codification, page 9, section 26.
Proposed Amendment: To strike out the December Registry—because of the abolition of the February Election.

An act amending an act approved May 16, 1895, entitled "An act to amend sections two and three of an act, entitled 'A further supplement to the act regulating elections in this Commonwealth,' approved the twenty-ninth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, changing the time and manner of making the registry of voters and the duties of registry assessors."

Section 1. Be it enacted, etc., That section 3 of an act approved May 16, 1895, entitled "An act to amend sections two and three of an act, entitled 'A further supplement to the act regulating elections in this Commonwealth,' approved the twenty-ninth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, changing the time and manner of making the registry of voters and the duties of registry assessors," which reads as follows:

"Section 3. After the assessments have been completed on the sixty-second day before the third Tuesday of February, and on the sixty-second day before the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each year, the assessor shall, on the following day, make a return to the county commissioners of the 'Original Registry List' thus revised and completed, and the county commissioners shall thereupon proceed to make out a complete list in alphabetical order of all persons so returned as taxables in said election district, and furnish the same together with the necessary election blanks to the officers of the election in such election district on or before seven o'clock in the morning of the election, and no man shall be permitted to vote at the election on that day whose name is not on said list unless he shall make proof of his right to vote as hereinbefore required. 'The Original Registry List, as returned to the county commissioners preceding the November election, shall be returned to the county commissioners to the assessor before the first Monday of December, which shall be used by said assessor to make his original registry list for December, as heretofore provided," shall be and is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 3. After the assessments have been completed on the sixty-second day before the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each year, the assessor shall, on the following day, make a return to the county commissioners of the "Original Registry List" thus revised and completed, and the county commissioners shall thereupon proceed to make out a complete list in alphabetical order of all persons so returned as taxables in all and every election district in the townships and boroughs of this Commonwealth, and furnish the same, together with the necessary election blanks, to the officers of the election in such election district, on or before seven o'clock in the morning of the election; and no man shall be permitted to vote at the election on that day whose name is not on said list, unless he shall make proof of his right to vote as hereinafter required.

APPENDIX F.

REGISTRATION IN CITIES OF THE THIRD CLASS.

This act contemplates that in cities of the third class the registry assessors shall make the original canvas and registry of voters after the usual Spring changes; the same as is provided for boroughs and townships in Secs. 20, 21, 22 and 23 of the Code. Sections 24, 25 and 26 of the Code, relating to boroughs and townships, are superseded and supplied by this act, which prescribes more rigid regulations for registration in cities of the third class; but abolishes and obviates the necessity of personal attendance upon the registrars.

See Acts of 1906, P. L., 63, and 1907, P. L., 251. To be repealed and supplied by this law.

An act to provide for the revision of the registration of voters in cities of the third class; by registers appointed by the county commissioners; and prescribing penalties for their violation or neglect of duty and for other misconduct.

Section 1. Be it enacted, etc., That the county commissioners of each county in which are located cities or a city of the third class, shall not later than September 1, 1911, and thereafter not later than September 1st, every fourth year, being the year succeeding a Gubernatorial election, appoint two registrars for each election precinct in such city or cities, to serve for a term of four years, and until their successors are duly qualified. The said registrars must be duly qualified electors of the precinct or ward for which they are appointed, and must have been residents of the city in which said precinct or ward is situated for a period of two years before their said appointment, and of the precinct or ward for one year immediately preceding the same. They must be sober and judicious persons, of good moral character, able to read intelligently and to write legibly. One of the said registrars shall be a member of the party polling the highest vote within the election precinct or ward at the last preceding Presidential election and the other shall be a member of the party polling the next highest vote. It is the intent of this act that at all times the Board of Registrars shall be, as nearly as may be, evenly divided in political faith, and, therefore, if it appear that at any time, by reason of a change in political affiliations or because of error in the appointment, the Board is not so evenly divided, any ten electors of the district may file a petition with the county commissioners, setting forth the facts, and praying that the changed or erroneous appointments may be revoked and another appointment made instead. The county commissioners shall grant a public hearing, and if they find the facts to be as represented, they shall give the relief asked for. No person who holds, or is a candidate for, a public office shall act as registrar.

Section 2. The county commissioners shall also be empowered to remove any of the said registrars for misconduct or malfeasance in office.

Section 3. The names of two suitable persons to be registrars shall be suggested to the county commissioners, by petitions duly filed for each precinct or ward, by the party representatives of the two leading parties of the precinct or ward. The petitions shall be signed by five electors of the district, and shall set forth the names, addresses, occupations and political affiliations of the persons suggested. The signers of the petitions shall swear to the truth of the facts set forth therein. The petition shall remain on file, open to the public inspection, at least ten days before the persons named therein shall be appointed, except in cases where a vacancy occurs in the office of registrar within ten days of a registration day, when the appointment can be made without such delay. If no petitions are filed, the county commissioners may appoint. No appointment shall be made unless the person who desires to be appointed personally appears before the county commissioners and satisfies them of his qualifications. In case of reappointment, however, it shall not be necessary for him to appear before them.

Section 4. At least one week's notice of the time and place of the examination of the suggested registrars shall be given by the county commissioners, in the daily press; and any elector may appear, either in person or by counsel, and object to the qualification of any applicant. If the persons nominated are found not to be properly qualified, the county commissioners may decline to appoint them; and the party authorities of the precinct or ward may then suggest another name, or other names, for the said place or places, and failing to do so the commissioners shall appoint.

Section 5. The registrars shall receive a compensation of five dollars a day, for the time actually spent in the work of registration.

Section 6. The registrars of each election district shall meet at the polling-places thereof, on the seventh Tuesday and third Saturday preceding every November election, and shall remain in open session, from eight ante meridian to one post meridian, two to six post meridian, and from seven post meridian to ten post meridian, of each registration day.

Section 7. They shall, at the first of such meetings herein provided for, viz.: on the seventh Tuesday before the November election, obtain and receive from the county commissioners, who shall deliver to them the "Original Registry List" provided for in the laws regulating the assessment of voters by the assistant or registry assessors. They shall

proceed to make out two complete lists in alphabetical order of all persons returned thereon as legal voters; noting their reported place of residence, street and number.

Section 8. They shall, at each of said meetings, revise and purge said lists by adding thereto any names of qualified electors—proved by the written affidavits of two qualified electors—who have been omitted therefrom; and they shall strike from the list the names of such persons as shall be proved, to their satisfaction, by the affidavits of at least two qualified electors of the precinct or ward, to have died, or removed from the district, since the original registry.

Section 9. They shall obtain and receive from the county commissioners and the county commissioners shall deliver to them the originals or copies of the tax collectors' reports provided for by the laws of this Commonwealth to be made by the tax collectors for their election districts for the two preceding years; and therefrom they shall obtain the information and record opposite each voter's name the date of his last payment of a State or county tax.

Section 10. Parties or bodies of electors, who are now, or hereafter may be, entitled to have watchers at the general election, shall be allowed to appoint not more than three electors of the precinct or ward to act as watchers in each place of registry, without expense to the county, on each registration day. No more than one watcher from such party shall be allowed in the registry place at any one time. Each watcher shall be provided with a certificate from the county commissioners, stating his name and the party or policy he represents. Watchers shall be entitled to be present during all of the public sessions herein provided for, and shall be required to show their certificates when requested to do so. They shall have the power to challenge.

Section 11. At the end of each day's registration the registrars shall compare the two registers, so kept, and cause any errors in either of them to be corrected by aid of the entries in the other, so as to make the same agree, where there is any difference between them. The registrars shall then sign their initials on the line immediately under the last names registered, under each letter, in both books, together with the date. At the close of the registrations, the registrars shall sign a certificate, the form of which shall be printed on the last page of the registers, setting forth the number of persons added to the "original registry" on each day, and the number of names which have been stricken out, if any.

Section 12. If any citizen shall object to the action of the registrars in accepting or rejecting any claim for registration, or to any record or act of registration, he may file his petition with the county commissioners, setting forth the ground of his complaint, within five days. If the complaint is to the acceptance of a claim, notice to the claimant shall be given by leaving a written or printed notice at his place of residence, as given by him to the registrars and recorded on the registers. When such petitions are filed the county commissioners shall fix a time and place for hearing them, sufficiently in advance of the election to enable the same to be heard and disposed of prior thereto, and to have a review thereof by the courts. Such hearing shall be public, before the county commissioners, and the registers of voters may be amended, either by the insertion of a new name or the cancellation of a name already on the registers, or otherwise, as the county commissioners may order. The county commissioners may enforce their orders as herein provided, or may make the amendments themselves or by their clerks.

Section 13. Any elector who is not satisfied with the decision of the county commissioners, may petition the Court of Common Pleas, or any judge thereof at chambers, setting forth the reasons why he feels that injustice has been done, and thereupon the said Court of Common Pleas or judge may, in its or his discretion, allow an appeal from the decision of the county commissioners. And the court, after a public hearing, may reverse, affirm, or alter the decision of the county commissioners. Said appeals must be made not later than five days preceding the election.

Section 14. The county commissioners shall supply to the registrars the blank books, forms and other supplies prepared for their use, before the first registration day. On registration days, and during the time from one such day to another, until the close of the registration period, the said registrars shall have the custody and control, and shall be charged with the safe-keeping, of the registers in which they have made entries, together with all affidavits, forms and so forth, which have been taken in duplicate, as hereinbefore provided, the county commissioners shall furnish to the election officers and they shall return them to the county commissioners on the Monday after the third Saturday before the November election.

Section 15. On or before seven o'clock on the morning of election day the county commissioners shall furnish the two lists of the completed registry of voters to the officers of the election in their respective election districts.

Section 16. No person who appears on said lists to be a legally qualified voter shall be subject to challenge; and the vote of each person on said list shall be accepted by the election officers.

Section 17. No person who does not appear on said list to be a legally qualified elector shall be permitted to vote.

Section 18. After the election, the election officers shall deposit one of the registry lists with the voters' list in the ballot box; the other registry list shall be returned to the county commissioners, and the registers shall deliver all affidavits, vouchers, unused forms and other papers to the county commissioners, who shall retain them for one year at least except in cases of contested elections, when they shall be under the control and abide the order of the court hearing the contest.

Section 19. The county commissioners of each county, upon proper vouchers, shall provide for the payment of the registrars provided by this act. They shall furnish proper rooms for the accommodation of themselves and their records. They shall also prepare and have printed, at the expense of the county, all the registers, affidavits, blanks, blank books and stationery required by the provisions of this act, or which are reasonably necessary to carry out its provisions, and shall provide for their proper distribution to the registrars. It shall also be their duty to see that the polling places are open and in proper order for the use of the registrars.

Section 20. The two registers shall be used at elections by the election officers, in the place of the ballot check-list and the voting check-list. One of the said registers shall be marked "ballot check-list," and the other shall be marked "voting check-list." The ballot check-list shall be returned to the county commissioners and the voting check-list shall be deposited in the ballot box.

Section 21. Any registrar wilfully violating any of the provisions of this act; or wilfully registering any false statement, or any elector as qualified whom he knows not to be qualified, or excluding from the registry any voter whom he knows to be qualified, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than thirty days nor more than a year, and a fine of not less than one hundred dollars ($100) and not more than one thousand dollars ($1,000) and in addition thereto he shall be deprived of the right of suffrage for a term of four years from the date of his sentence.

Section 22. Any elector who shall wilfully make any false affidavit or statement to any registar, with intent to procure the registration of an elector not qualified or to exclude or prevent the registration of an elector who is qualified, shall be deemed to have committed perjury and shall be punishable as other perjury is punished, and in addition thereto he shall be deprived of the right of suffrage for a term of four years from the date of his sentence.

Section 23. All laws, acts of assemblies or parts of such acts inconsistent herewith or conflicting with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Section 24. The act of assembly approved March 6, 1906, P. L., 63, entitled "An act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the third class of this Commonwealth, to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities, and to provide penalties for violation of its provisions," is hereby expressly repealed.

Section 25. The act of assembly approved May 25, 1907, P. L., 251, entitled "An act amending sections three, seven, twelve, thirteen of an act entitled 'An act to provide for the personal and registration of electors in cities of the third class of this Commonwealth, to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities, and to provide penalties for violation of its provisions," approved the fifth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six; increasing the compensation of registrars in said cities and providing for an additional registration day, is hereby expressly repealed.

APPENDIX G.

PERSONAL REGISTRATION IN CITIES OF THE FIRST AND SECOND CLASSES.

Amendments to act of 1906, P. L. 49, and act of 1907, P. L 395.

Commission's Codification, sections 29 to 54.

Purpose of Amendments: (1) To change the registration days to conform to the Constitutional Amendment abolishing the February election. (2) To change the form of register. (3) To define the method of proving the payment of tax. (4) Requiring all petitions to be under oath and authorizing the Chief Clerk of the Board of Registration Commissioners to administer such oaths.

An act to amend an act entitled "An act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth, to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities, and to provide penalties for violation of its provisions," approved the seventeenth day of February, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six, by changing the registration days; by changing the form of the register; defining the method of proving the payment of tax; requiring all petitions to be under oath and empowering the chief clerk of the Board of Registration Commissioners to administer such oaths.

Section 1. Be it enacted, etc., That section two of an act entitled "An act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth, to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities, and to provide penalties for violations of its provisions," approved the seventeenth of February, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six, which reads as follows:

"Section 2. 'Commissioners,' as used herein, has reference to Registration Commissioners; 'oath' includes affirmation, and 'swear' includes affirm, wherever used. All references to public officers or municipal authorities, where not otherwise specified, shall be understood to refer to the authorities of the proper county or judicial district. 'Party,' as used herein, polled two per centum of the vote cast in any city or election district for the candidate receiving the largest vote therein. 'Register' means the book containing, or to contain, the registry list of electors, prepared by the registrars. 'General election' means the election held in November,'" be amended to read as follows:

Section 2. "Commissioners," as used herein, has reference to Registration Commissioners; "oath" includes affirmation, and "swear" includes affirm, wherever used. All references to public officers or municipal authorities, where not otherwise specified, shall be understood to refer to the authorities of the proper county or judicial district. "Party," as used herein, has reference to a political party which, at the last election, polled two per centum of the vote cast in any city or election district for the candidate receiving the largest vote therein. "Register" means the book containing, or to contain, the registry list of electors, prepared by the registrars.

Section 2. That section six of said act as amended by section two of an act approved the third day of June, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and seven, which reads as follows:

"Section 6. The registrars of each division shall meet at the polling-place thereof on the ninth Thursday, seventh Tuesday, and fifth Saturday preceding every November election, and on the fifth Saturday preceding every municipal election and on the day of the Spring primary, and shall remain in open session from seven ante meridian to ten ante meridian, and from four post meridan to ten post meridan, of each registration day. They shall, on said days, receive personal applications from persons who claim that they are entitled to be registered. They shall have power to administer oaths, shall examine said applicants under oath, and shall record on the register the names of those whom they shall determine to be qualified, as hereinafter provided. Two weeks' notice of the registration days shall be given by the commissioners, by publication in two daily newspapers in the city, and by posting notices at the polling places. Electors who did not register at fall registration may register at Winter or Spring registration and the list shall become of no validity at the beginning of the period of fall registration next succeeding that at which the registers were opened. The old registers shall be preserved by the commissioners for at least two years after the year in which they are in use," be amended read as follows:

Section 6. The registrars of each division shall meet at t polling-place thereof on the ninth Thursday, seventh Tuesda and fifth Saturday preceding every November election, a on the fifth Wednesday preceding every primary, and sh remain in open session from seven ante meridian to ten ar meridian, and from four post meridian to ten post meridian, each registration day. They shall, on said days, receive p sonal applications from persons who claim that they are titled to be registered. They shall have power to administ oaths, shall examine said applicants under oath, and sh record on the register the names of those whom they sh determine to be qualified, as hereinafter provided. Two wee notice of the registration days shall be given by the comm sioners, by publication in two daily newspapers in the c and by posting notices at the polling-places. Electors who not register at fall registration may register at Spring regist tion, and the list shall become of no validity at the beginni of the period of fall registration next succeeding that at wh the registers were opened. The old registers shall be preserv by the commissioners for at least two years after the year which they are in use.

Section 3. That section seven of said act as amended section three of said act of June third, 1907, which reads follows:

"Section 7. Every person claiming the right to vote m appear in person before the registrars, in the district in wh he lives, on one of the days prescribed by law, and answ the questions put to him by them. These answers must recorded, on a single line, in two registers, which shall h the following form. The size and character of the s register shall be determined by the Secretary of the Comm wealth, and the form thereof shall be furnished by the s Secretary to the respective commissioners.

Surname	Christian Name	Occupation	Present Residence		
			Street Number	Lodger, Lessee or Owner	Room or Floor Occupied
1	2	3	4	5	6

Length of Residence		Place of Residence at time of Last Registration				Place of Birth	Naturalization Papers Produced, Yes or No	No. of Affidavit of Naturalization of Father, if Taken	Tax Receipts Produced, Yes or No
In State	In District	State	City	Street and Number					
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

No. of Affidavit of loss, if taken. If under 22 years of age write "Age"	Personal Description				Signature at time of Registration or of Voting
	Color	Approximate Age	Tall, Short or Medium	Approximate Weight	
17	18	19	20	21	22

	If Challenged, No. of Challenge Affidavit	VOTED These columns are for use at election and are not to be filled in by Registrars				
		November Election	Winter Primary	February Election	Spring Primary	Special Elections
	23	24	25	26	27	28

Immediately above the form shall be printed the following instructions: The applicant must be sworn, or affirmed that the information given by him in reference to his right to be registered shall be the truth. Any wilful false statement constitutes perjury, and is punishable as such.

Every register shall be indexed alphabetically from A to Z. The answers of the applicants shall be recorded, in their presence, in both registers, in the following manner: In the first column shall be entered the surname of the applicant, in the order of his appearance at the polling-place, on the page bearing the index letter of his surname; in the second column shall be entered his Christian name or names; in the third column, his occupation; in the fourth column, the street and number of his residence; in the fifth and sixth columns, whether he a lodger, lessee, or owner, and, if he is a lodger or is lessee a portion only of a house, the location or number of the ro or floor which he occupies; in the seventh and eighth colun shall be entered the length of his residence in the State district respectively; in the ninth, tenth, eleventh, and twel columns, the location of the house from which he last regist ed, giving State, city, street, and number, respectively, the year in which he is so registered; in the thirteenth colu the State or territory of the United States, or the foreign co try, where he was born; in the fourteenth column, wheth being foreign born, he produces his naturalization papers; the fifteenth column, the number of the affidavit of naturali

.on of his father, if taken; in the sixteenth and seventeenth columns, the manner in which he complies with the law relating to the payment of taxes as a qualification of the right to ote, whether by the production of his receipt or by making affidavit; if the applicant is less than twenty-two years of age, he word "age" shall be recorded in said column; in the ighteenth, nineteenth, twentieth, and twenty-first columns, his ersonal description, designating whether white or colored, his pproximate age, height, and weight; in the twenty-second olumn, in the register marked "voting check-list," he shall be equired to sign his name if able to write; if he alleges inabil-ty to write, a record of the fact shall be made in the same column; and unless due to some apparent physical infirmity, he hall be required to make affidavit of his inability to write; n the twenty-second column in the register marked "ballot heck-list," he shall, if challenged on election day, be required o sign his name; in the twenty-third column shall be entered the number of the challenge affidavit of every person who is required to take said affidavit; in the twenty-fourth, twenty-fifth, twenty-sixth, twenty-seventh, and twenty-eighth columns the election officers shall record, in one register, the obtaining of the ballot, and, in the other, the casting of the vote of the registered elector at the general, municipal, primary, or special elections, as hereinafter provided, or as may hereafter be provided by law," be amended to read as follows:

Section 7. Every person claiming the right to vote must appear in person before the registrars, in the district in which he lives, on one of the days prescribed by law, and answer the questions put to him by them. These answers must be recorded, on a single line, in two registers, which shall have the following form. The size and character of the said register shall be determined by the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and the form thereof shall be furnished by the said Secretary to the respective commissioners.

Surname	Christian Name	Occupation	Present Residence		
			Street and Number	Lodger, Lessee or Owner	Room or Floor Occupied
1	2	3	4	5	

Length of Residence		Place of Residence at time of Last Registration				Place of Birth	Naturalization Papers Produced, Yes or No	No. of Affidavit of Naturalization of Father, if Taken	Tax Receipt Produced, Yes or No
In State	In District	State	City	Street and Number					
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

No. of Affidavit of loss, if taken. If under 22 years of age write "Age"	Date of Payment of Tax.	Personal Description				Signature at time of Registration or of Voting
		Color	Approximate Age	Tall, Short or Medium	Approximate Weight	
17	18	19	20	21	22	23

If Challenged, No. of Challenge Affidavit	VOTED These columns are for use at election and are not to be filled in by Registrars			
	November Election	Fall Primary	Spring Primary	Special Election
24	25	26	27	28

Immediately above the form shall be printed the following nstructions: The applicant must be sworn, or affirmed, that he information given by him in reference to his right to be registered shall be the truth. Any wilful false statement constitutes perjury, and is punishable as such.

Every register shall be indexed alphabetically from A to Z. The lines of each page shall be consecutively numbered in both margins, beginning with the number one at each alphabetical division of the register. The answers of the applicants shall be recorded, in their presence, in both registers, in the following manner: In the first column shall be entered the surname of the applicant, in the order of his appearance at the polling-place, on the page bearing the index letter of his surname; in the second column shall be entered his Christian name or names; in the third column, his occupation; in the fourth column, the street and number of his residence; in the fifth and sixth columns, whether he is a lodger, lessee, or owner, and, if he is a lodger, or is lessee of a portion only of a house, the location or number of the room or floor which he occupies; in the seventh and eighth clumns shall be entered the length of his residence in the State and district, respectively; in the ninth, tenth, eleventh, and twelfth columns, the location of the house from which he last registered, giving State, city, street, and number, respectively, and the year in which he is so registered; in the thirteenth column, the State or territory of the United States, or the foreign country, where he was born; in the fourteenth column, whether, being foreign born, he produces his naturalization papers; in the fifteenth column, the number of the affidavit of naturalization of his father, if taken; in the sixteenth and seventeenth columns, the manner in which he complies with the law relating to the payment of taxes as a qualification of the right to vote, whether by the production of his receipt or by making affidavit; if the applicant is less than twenty-two years of age the word "age" shall be recorded in said column; in the eighteenth column, the date of payment of tax; in the nineteenth, twentieth, twenty-first and twenty-second columns, his personal description, designating whether white or colored, his approximate age, height, and weight; in the twenty-third column, in the register marked "voting checklist," he shall be required to sign his name, if able to write; if he alleges inability to write, a record of the fact shall be made in the same column; and unless due to some apparent physical infirmity, he shall be required to make affidavit of his inability to write; in the twenty-third column in the register marked "ballot check-list," he shall, if challenged on election day, be required to sign his name; in the tweney-fourth column shall be entered the number of the challenge affidavit of every person who is required to take said affidavit; in the twenty-fifth, twenty-sixth, twenty-seventh, and twenty-eighth columns the election officers shall record, in one register, the obtaining of the ballot, and, in the other, the casting of the vote of the registered elector at the general, municipal, primary, or special elections, as hereinafter provided, or as may hereafter be provided by law.

Section 4. That section eight of said act, which reads as follows:

"Section 8. Every person who possesses the qualifications of an elector, as provided in the Constitution and laws of this Commonwealth, or who by continued residence in his election district will obtain such qualifications before the next ensuing election, shall be entitled to be registered; but no person shall be registered unless at least three of the registrars determine that he is so qualified," be amended to read as follows:

Section 8. Every person who possesses the qualifications of an elector, as provided in the Constitution and laws of this Commonwealth, or who by continued residence in his election district will obtain such qualifications before the next ensuing election, shall be entitled to be registered; but no person shall be registered unless at least three of the registrars determine that he is so qualified. When the person offering to register

claims the right on payment of tax, the receipt for such tax, if signed by the proper officer, shall be evidence thereof; if such person is unable to produce such receipt, then the payment of the tax may be proved by the oath of such person, stating when, where and to whom such tax was paid, and that the receipt therefor has been lost, destroyed or is inaccessible.

Section 5. That section ten of said act as amended by section five of the said act of June third, 1907, which reads as follows:

"Section 10. On the registration day preceding the February election the registrars shall, in addition to the registration of electors, strike from the list the names of such persons as shall be proven, to their satisfaction, by the affidavits of at least two qualified electors of the ward, to have died, or removed from the district, since the last registration. The registrars shall record, on blank forms provided for that purpose, the names and previous places of registration, giving wards and districts, of all persons registered by them on said day, who give, as such place of previous registration, a place in the same city, and shall forward the same to the commissioners for their information. Thereafter, upon the return of the registers to the office of the commissioners, it shall be their duty to examine the same, and, wherever registered persons have given as their last place of registration another election district in the same city, to strike said name from the register of said district, of prior residence, and to note thereon the reason for so removing the name. At any time between the November election and the next registration day, or between the February election and the tenth day prior to the Spring primary, any registered elector who has removed from one election district to another in the same city, sixty days prior to the February election or sixty days prior to the Spring primary, may apply at the office of the commissioners and have the registry of his name transferred from the district from which he has removed to the one in which he has taken up his new residence. It shall be the duty of the commissioners, upon satisfactory proof of the elector's identity, to strike his name from the register in the district from which he has removed, to examine him in the regular way as to his qualifications, and, if his answers are satisfactory to register him in the district to which he has removed," be amended to read as follows:

Section 10. On the registration day preceding the Spring primary the registrars shall, in addition to the registration of electors, strike from the list the names of such persons as shall be proven, to their satisfaction, by the affidavits of at least two qualified electors of the ward, to have died, or removed from the district, since the last registration. The registrars shall record, on blank forms provided for that purpose, the names and previous places of registration, giving wards and districts, of all persons registered by them on said day, who give, as such place of previous registration, a place in the same city, and shall forward the same to the commissioners for their information. Thereafter upon the return of the registers to the office of the commissioners, it shall be their duty to examine the same, and, wherever registered persons have given as their last place of registration another election district in the same city, to strike said name from the register of said district, of prior residence, and to note thereon the reason for so removing the name. At any time between the general election and the tenth day prior to the Spring primary, any registered elector who has removed from one election district to another in the same city, two months prior to the Spring primary, may apply at the office of the commissioners and have the registry of his name transferred from the district from which he has removed to the one in which he has taken up his new residence. It shall be the duty of the commissioners, upon satisfactory proof of the elector's identity, to strike his name from the register in the district from which he has removed, to examine him in the regular way as to his qualifications, and, if his answers are satisfactory, to register him in the district to which he has removed.

Section 6. That section thirteen of said act, which reads as follows:

"Section 13. At the end of each day's registration the registrars shall compare the two registers, so kept, and cause any errors in either of them to be corrected by aid of the entries in the other, so as to make the same agree, where there is any difference between them. All of the registrars shall then sign their initials on the line immediately under the last names registered, under each letter, in both books, together with the date. At the close of both fall and winter registrations, the registrars shall sign a certificate, the form of which shall be printed on the last page of the register, setting forth the number of persons registered on each day, and the number of names which have been stricken out, if any," be amended to read as follows:

Section 13. At the end of each day's registration the registrars shall compare the two registers, so kept, and cause any errors in either of them to be corrected by aid of the entries in the other, so as to make the same agree, where there is any difference between them. All of the registrars shall then sign their initials on the line immediately under the last names registered, under each letter, in both books, together with the date. At the close of both fall and spring registrations, the registrars shall sign a certificate, the form of which shall be printed on the last page of the register, setting forth the number of persons registered on each day, and the number or names which have been striken out, if any.

Section 7. That section fifteen of said act as amended by section six of said act of June third, 1907, which reads as follows:

"Section 15. If any citizen shall object to the action of the registrars in accepting or rejecting any claim for registration, he may file his petition, duly sworn to by said citizen, with the commissioners, setting forth the ground of his complaint. If the complaint is to the acceptance of a claim, notice to the claimant shall be given by leaving a written or printed notice at his place of residence, as given by him to the registrar and recorded in the register. When such petitions are filed the commissioners shall fix a time and place for hearing them, sufficiently in advance of the election to enable the same to be heard and disposed o prior thereto, and to have a review thereof by the courts Such hearing shall be public, before the commissioners, an the register of voters may be amended, either by the inser tion of a new name or the cancellation of a name alread on the register, or otherwise, as the commissioners ma order. The commissioners may enforce their orders a herein provided, or may make the amendments themselve or by their clerks. All such applications for correcting th register must be made not later than fifteen days prior t an election.

The applicant, or any elector who is not satisfied wit the decision of the commissioners, may petition the cour of common pleas, setting forth the reason why he feels tha injustice has been done, and thereupon the said court o common pleas may, in its discretion, allow an appeal to i from the decision of the commissioners. The said cour may then fix a day for a public hearing, of which notic shall be served by the petitioner upon the commissioner and upon the person or his attorney who opposed his con tention before the commissioners, together with a copy o the petition, at least five days before such public hearin may take place, proof of which must be exhibited to th court. The said court, after such public hearing, may re verse, affirm, or alter the decision of the commissioners Said petitions for appeals must be filed not later than te days preceding an election.

Any qualified elector who was too ill to appear at th polling-place on all of the registration days, or who wa unavoidably absent from the county on all of said days may present his petition to the commissioners at any time up to two weeks before the general election, setting fort the facts of his illness or unavoidable absence, and settin forth in detail, the information required to be recorded i the register, and praying that his name may be added t the register in the proper division. After this petitio shall have remained in the office of the commissioners, ope to public inspection for at least two days, hearing shal be granted; the petitioner shall personally appear, and i the facts are proven, to the satisfaction of the commis sioners, to be as reported, they shall order the name o the petitioner to be inserted on the register in the prope place. This hearing shall be public; and any qualifie elector shall have the right to challenge and to requir proper proof of identity, as in the case of registry befor the registrars. If any person is not satisfied with th decision of the commissioners, he may appeal to the cour of common pleas, as in other cases. The commissioner shall also have power to investigate, on their own motion any irregularities in registration, and shall have powe to summon witnesses, to examine them under oath, and t require the production of the books and papers of th registrars," be amended to read as follows:

Section 15. If any citizen shall object to the action o the registrars in accepting or rejecting any claim for regis tration, he may file his petition, duly sworn to by said citi zen, with the commissioners, setting forth the ground o his complaint. If the complaint is to the acceptance of claim, notice to the claimant shall be given by leaving written or printed notice at his place of residence, as give by him to the registrar and recorded in the register. Whe such petitions are filed, the commissioners shall fix a tim and place for hearing them, sufficiently in advance of th election to enable the same to be heard and disposed o prior thereto, and to have a review thereof by the courts Such hearing shall be public, before the commissioners, an the register of voters may be amended, either by the inser tion of a new name or the cancellation of a name alread on the register, or otherwise, as the commissioners ma order. The commissioners may enforce their orders a herein provided, or may make the amendments themselve or by their clerks. All such applications for correcting th register must be made not later than fifteen days prior to a election.

The applicant, or any elector who is not satisfied with th decision of the commissioners, may petition the court o common pleas, setting forth the reason why he feels tha injustice has been done, and thereupon the said court o common pleas may, in its discretion, allow an appeal to i from the decision of the commissioners. The said cour may then fix a day for a public hearing, of which notic shall be served by the petitioner upon the commissioner and upon the person or his attorney who opposed his con tention before the commissioners, together with a copy o the petition, at least five days before such public hearin may take place, proof of which must be exhibited to th court. The said court, after such public hearing, may re verse, affirm, or alter the decision of the commissioners Said petitions for appeals must be filed not later tha ten days preceding an election.

At any time up to two weeks before any election o primary any qualified elector who was too ill to appear a the polling place on all of the registration days precedin such election or primary, or who was unavoidably absen from the county on all of said days may present his petitio to the commissioners, setting forth the facts of his illnes or unavoidable absence, and setting forth in detail th information required to be recorded in the register, an praying that his name may be added to the register in th proper division. After this petition shall have remaine in the office of the commissioners, open to public inspec tion, for at least two days, hearing shall be granted; th petitioner shall personally appear, and if the facts ar proven, to the satisfaction of the commissioners, to be a reported, they shall order the name of the petitioner to b inserted on the register in the proper place. This hearin shall be public; and any qualified elector shall have th right to challenge and to require proper proof of identity as in the case of registry before the registrars. If an person is not satisfied with the decision of the commis sioners, he may appeal to the court of common pleas, a

in other cases. The commissioners shall also have power to investigate, on their own motion, any irregularities in registration, and shall have power to summon witnesses, to examine them under oath, and to require the production of the books and papers of the registrars.

Section 8. That section sixteen of said act as amended by section seven of said act of June third, 1907, which reads as follows:

"Section 16. The two registrars designated to keep the two registers shall obtain, at the office of the commissioners, the blank books, forms, and other supplies prepared for their use, before the first registration day in the fall, and before the winter and spring registration days, and shall have the same at the polling-place on said days. On registration days, and during the time from one such day to another, until the close of the fall registration period, the said registrars shall have the custody and control, and shall be charged with the safe-keeping, of the registers in which they have made entries, together with all affidavits, forms, et cetera, which have been taken in duplicate, as hereinbefore provided. During the same periods, the other two registrars shall be charged with the safe-keeping of the street lists which are in course of preparation by them. At the close of the registration, and before twelve o'clock noon on the following day, the two registrars who have been charged with the keeping of the registers shall deliver the same, together with one street list, all affidavits, vouchers, unused forms, et cetera, to the registration commissioners, at such place as may be designated by them. The said papers and books shall remain on file at a place designated by the commissioners, open to public inspection, under proper regulations for their safe keeping; subject, however, to the further provisions of this act. The registration commissioners shall have power to appoint a chief clerk, and fix his compensation, at a sum not exceeding two thousand five hundred dollars per annum; a stenographer, who shall act as clerk, at a compensation not exceeding twelve hundred dollars per annum; and not more than fifteen clerks, for such time as may be necessary, at a compensation not exceeding three dollars per diem, for the time actually employed; and an attorney, whose compensation shall not exceed two thousand dollars per annum.

The county commissioners of each county, upon proper vouchers, shall provide for the payment of the commissioners, counsel, registrars, and other officers or clerks provided by this act. They shall furnish proper rooms for the accommodation of the commissioners and their records. They shall also, at the direction of the commissioners, prepare and have printed, at the expense of the county, all the registers, street lists, affidavits, blanks, blank books, and stationery required by the provisions of this act, or which, in the judgment of the commissioners, are reasonably necessary to carry out its provisions, and shall provide for their proper distribution to the commissioners and their registrars. It shall also be their duty to see that the polling-places are open and in proper order for the use of the registrars. They shall also deliver the two registers to the election officers, in the manner in which they are or may be required to deliver other election materials for use on election day," be amended to read as follows:

Section 16. The two registrars designated to keep the two registers shall obtain, at the office of the commissioners, the blank books, forms, and other supplies prepared for their use, before the first registration day in the fall, and before the spring registration day, and shall have the same at the polling-place on said days. On registration days, and during the time from one such day to another, until the close of the fall registration period, the said registrars shall have the custody and control, and shall be charged with the safe-keeping of the registers in which they have made entries, together with all affidavits, forms, et cetera, which have been taken in duplicate, as hereinbefore provided. During the same periods, the other two registrars shall be charged with the safe-keeping of the street lists which are in course of preparation by them. At the close of the registration, and before twelve o'clock noon on the following day, the two registrars who have been charged with the keeping of the registers shall deliver the same, together with one street list, all affidavits, vouchers, unused forms, et cetera, to the registration commissioners, at such place as may be designated by them. The said papers and books shall remain on file at a place designated by the commissioners, open to public inspection, under proper regulations for their safe-keeping; subject, however, to the further provisions of this act. The registration commissioners shall have power to appoint a chief clerk, and fix his compensation at a sum not exceeding two thousand five hundred dollars per annum; a stenographer, who shall act as clerk, at a compensation not exceeding twelve hundred dollars per annum; and not more than fifteen clerks, for such time as may be necessary, at a compensation not exceeding three dollars per diem, for the time actually employed; and an attorney, whose compensation shall not exceed two thousand dollars per annum. All petitions provided for by this act shall be sworn to by at least one of the petitioners, and the chief clerk shall have power to administer such oaths.

The county commissioners of each county, upon proper vouchers, shall provide for the payment of the commissioners, counsel, registrars, and other officers or clerks provided by this act. They shall furnish proper rooms for the accommodation of the commissioners and their records. They shall also, at the direction of the commissioners, prepare and have printed, at the expense of the county, all the registers, street lists, affidavits, blanks, blank books, and stationery required by the provisions of this act, or which, in the judgment of the commissioners, are reasonably necessary to carry out its provisions, and shall provide for their proper distribution to the commissioners and their registrars. It shall also be their duty to see that the polling-places are open and in proper order for the use of the registrars. They shall also deliver the two registers to the election officers, in the manner in which they are or may be required to deliver other election materials for use on election day.

APPENDIX H.

UNIFORM PRIMARIES.

Amendments to act of 1906, P. L. 36, and act of 1907, P. L. 199.

Commission's Codification, sections 78 to 115.

Purpose of Amendments: (1) To change the dates of holding the primary. (2) To require the candidate's consent to any petition to place his name on the ballot. (3) To prevent a candidate from running on more than one ballot. (4) To provide for the withdrawal of candidates. (5) To define the right of a party to take part in the primary. (6) To provide a more effective method of securing a recount.

An act to amend an act entitled "An act providing a uniform method of electing certain party officers and delegates to State and National conventions and of making nominations for certain public offices; providing for the payment of the expenses of the same; making certain violations thereof misdemeanors, and prescribing penalties for the violation of its provisions," approved the seventeenth day of February, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six, by providing for one primary each year in place of two; fixing the times for holding the same; defining the method of ascertaining the vote cast by a party for the purpose of determining its right to take part in a primary; providing that the signed consent of the candidate shall accompany every petition to place his name upon a primary ballot; providing that no candidate's name shall be printed upon the ballot of more than one party except with the consent of every such party; providing for the withdrawal of candidates, and requiring the Courts of Common Pleas to direct the County Commissioners to open the ballot boxes and recount the votes upon petition alleging specific fraud.

Section 1. Be it enacted, etc., That section two of an act entitled "An act providing a uniform method of electing certain party officers and delegates to State and National conventions and of making nominations for certain public offices; providing for the payment of the expenses of the same; making certain violations thereof misdemeanors, and prescribing penalties for the violation of its provisions," approved the seventeenth day of February, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six (Pamphlet Laws, page 36), which reads as follows:

"Section 2. From and after November first, one thousand nine hundred and six, two primaries shall be held each year, in every election district of this Commonwealth in which nominations are to be made or delegates or party officers elected, as herein provided. One shall be held on the fourth Saturday before the February election, to be known as the Winter primary, the other shall be held on the first Saturday of June—except in years when a President of the United States is to be elected, in which it shall be held on the second Saturday of April,—to be known as the Spring primary.

Delegates to State and National conventions, except delegates-at-large to National conventions, which shall be elected by the State convention, shall be elected at the Spring primary, throughout the Commonwealth, by any party or body of electors one of whose candidates, at either the general or February election preceding, polled two per centum of the largest entire vote cast in the State for any candidate at the last general election. Candidates for all offices to be filled at the general election, with the exception of those nominated by National or State conventions, shall be nominated at the Spring primary. Candidates for all offices to be filled at the February election shall be nominated at the Winter primary, and such party officers as are provided for by the rules of the several political parties to be elected by vote of the party electors, shall be elected at either or both primaries, by any political party or body of electors one of whose candidates, at either the general or February elections preceding such primary, polled two per centum of the largest entire vote cast, in the political district in which nominations are to be made or candidates elected, for any candidate at the last general election.

No delegates to State or National conventions, or officers of parties, shall be elected, or candidates for the public offices herein specified be nominated, in any other manner than as set forth in this act: Provided that nothing herein contained shall prevent the nomination of candidates for borough or township offices, or other offices not herein specifically enumerated, in the manner provided by existing laws; or any association of electors, not constituting a party, from nominating candidates by nomination papers, as is provided by existing laws.

This act shall not apply to the nomination of candidates for Presidential electors, or to the nomination of candidates to be voted for at special elections to fill vacancies; but it shall not be construed to prevent the nomination of Presidential electors at primaries, if the rules of the respective parties so provide," be amended to read as follows:

Section 2. A primary election shall be held in each year in every election district in which nominations are to be made for delegates or party officers elected as herein provided, for the following purposes:

a. The election of delegates to State and National conventions (except delegates at large to National conventions which shall be elected by the State convention) by any party or body of electors which at either the general or municipal election preceding polled two per centum of the largest entire vote cast in the State for any candidate at the last general election.

b. The nomination of candidates for all offices to be filled at the November election (except those nominated by National and State conventions) by any political party or body of electors which at either the general or municipal election preceding polled two per centum of the largest entire vote cast in the political district in which nominations are to be made

or candidates elected, for any candidate at the last general election.

c. The election of such party officers, by any party as defined in paragraph b, as are provided for by the rules of the party to be elected by vote of the party electors.

Such primary shall be held in even numbered years on the first Saturday of May, to be known as the Spring primary, and in odd numbered years on the fourth Saturday in September, to be known as the Fall primary.

The vote polled by any party shall be the largest vote polled by any candidate of such party who was not the candidate of any other party, or in case of no such candidate, then the straight party vote.

No delegates to State or National conventions, or officers of parties, shall be elected, or candidates for the public offices herein specified be nominated, in any other manner than as set forth in this act: Provided, that nothing herein contained shall prevent the nomination of candidates for borough or township offices, or other offices not herein specifically enumerated, in the manner provided by existing laws; or any association of electors, not constituting a party, from nominating candidates by nominating papers, as is provided by existing laws.

This act shall not apply to the nomination of candidates for Presidential electors, or to the nomination of candidates to be voted for at special elections to fill vacancies; but it shall not be construed to prevent the nomination of Presidential electors at primaries, if the rules of the respective parties so provide.

Section 2. That section three of said act which reads as follows:

"Section 3. On or before the ninth Saturday preceding the Spring primary, the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall send to the county commissioners in each county a written notice, setting forth the number of Congressmen and officers of the Commonwealth, not nominated by State conventions, to be elected or voted for therein at the next succeeding general election.

On or before the same date the chairman of the State committee of each party shall send to the county commissioners a written notice, setting forth the number of delegates to be elected in such county to the State and National convention of such party.

On or before the ninth Saturday preceding each primary, the chairman of the county committee of each party shall send to the county commissioners of such county a written notice, setting forth the names of all party offices to be filled by election at the ensuing primary.

Upon receipt of such notices, and beginning within one week thereafter, such county commissioners shall publish the number of delegates to be elected to the State and National conventions of each party, together with the names of all offices for which nominations are to be made or candidates for the party offices to be elected, within the county, at the ensuing primary, at least once each week for three successive weeks, in two newspapers of general circulation published within the county, wherever such course is possible. Such newspapers, so far as practicable, shall be representative of different political parties," be amended to read as follows:

Section 3. On or before the ninth Saturday preceding the primary, the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall send to the county commissioners in each county a written notice, setting forth the number of Congressmen and officers of the Commonwealth, not nominated by State conventions to be elected or voted for therein at the next succeeding general election.

On or before the same date the chairman of the State committee of each party shall send to the county commissioners a written notice, setting forth the number of delegates to be elected in such county to the State and National convention of such party.

On or before the same date the chairman of the county committee of each party shall send to the county commissioners of such county a written notice, setting forth the names of all party offices to be filled by election at the ensuing primary.

Upon receipt of such notices, and beginning within one week thereafter, such county commissioners shall publish the number of delegates to be elected to the State and National conventions of each party, together with the names of all offices for which nominations are to be made or candidates for the party offices to be elected, within the county, at the ensuing primary, at least once each week for three successive weeks, in two newspapers of general circulation published within the county, wherever such course is possible. Such newspapers, so far as practicable, shall be representative of different political parties.

Section 3. That section five of said act which reads as follows:

"Section 5. The names of candidates shall be printed upon the official ballot of a designated party, upon the filing of petitions, signed by qualified electors of the political district division within which the nomination or election is to be made, setting forth that the signers thereof are members of the party designated.

The said petitions, in the case of candidates for Congress or for State offices, shall be filed, at least four weeks prior to the primary, with the Secretary of the Commonwealth; and in all other cases shall be filed at least three weeks prior to the primary, with the county commissioners of the respective counties.

The number of signers shall be as follows:

1. Candidates for nomination for members of Congress, Judges of the various courts, and State Senator, two hundred qualified electors.

2. Candidates for nomination for members of the State House of Representatives, and for offices to be voted for by the entire county, fifty qualified electors.

3. Candidates for nomination for all other offices, for delegates to State and National conventions, and for party offices, ten qualified electors," be amended to read as follows:

"Section 5. The names of candidates shall be printed upon the official ballot of a designated party upon the filing of petitions signed by qualified electors of the political district or division within which the nomination or election is to be made, setting forth that the signers thereof are members of the party designated and accompanied by the signed consent of the candidate, duly acknowledged in the manner provided for the acknowledgment of deeds: Provided, that after a petition has been filed to place the name of a candidate upon the ballot of any party, no petition shall be filed to place his name upon the ballot of any other party, unless he shall first withdraw as a candidate of such first party, or unless such petition shall be accompanied by the written consent of every party whose nomination he seeks, signified by the certificate of the chairmen of the respective party committees for the political district for which such nomination is to be made, that such committee consents thereto.

The said petition in the case of candidates for Congress, or for State offices, shall be filed at least four weeks prior to the primary with the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and in all other cases shall be filed at least three weeks prior to the primary with the county commissioners of the respective counties.

The number of signers shall be as follows:

1. Candidates for nomination for members of Congress, Judges of the various courts and State Senators, two hundred qualified electors.

2. Candidates for nomination for members of the State House of Representatives and for offices to be voted for by the entire county, fifty qualified electors.

3. Candidates for nomination for all other offices, for delegates to conventions and for party offices, ten qualified electors.

Any person for whom a petition has been filed as aforesaid may at any time up to ten days before the primary withdraw his name with the same effect as if such petition had never been filed, by filing in the office in which such petition was filed his written withdrawal, duly acknowledged in the manner provided for the acknowledgment of deeds.

Section 4. That section eleven of said act which reads as follows:

"Section 11. The ballot-boxes, lists of voters (a copy of which shall be posted outside of the polling-place), and other records shall be delivered into the custody of the officers who now are, or hereafter may be, required by law to keep similar records of election.

Upon the closing of the polls at such primary election, the election officers shall forthwith proceed to open the ballot-boxes and take therefrom the ballots, and first count the number cast for each party, and make a record thereof; and then count the vote cast for the different persons named upon said party ballots; and, when said count is finally completed, they shall ceritfy, in due and proper form, to the number of votes cast for each person upon the respective party tickets. They shall then replace the ballots, counted and canvassed, in the boxes, and lock the same. They shall then place the returns of votes and the register of voters, aforesaid, for each party, in separate envelopes, and seal the same; which said envelopes shall, on or before noon of the Tuesday following, be deposited by the judge of election in person, or by registered mail, with the county commissioners, who shall on the succeeding day, at noon, publicly commence the computation and canvassing of the returns, and continue the same from day to day until completed; and for that purpose to have the right to petition the Court of Common Pleas for the use of its processes to enforce the provisions of this act in relation to the returns of the election officers.

Upon petition of ten qualified electors, of any county, setting forth that fraud has been committed in any election district of said county, together with a statement of the reasons why such an assertion is made, it shall be the duty of the county commissioners to open the ballot-box of the said district and to recount the votes. Any person aggrieved by any decision of the county commissioners relative to the counting of the votes may appeal therefrom to the Court of Common Pleas of the proper county, whose duty it shall be to hear said appeal, and to make such decree as right and justice shall require: Provided, however, That in case of a contest of delegates to a State convention, such contests shall be determined by the State convention, according to the rules of their respective parties. Contests of primaries shall be originated and conducted as in the case of elections.

The county commissioners shall make the proper certification of returns of votes cast for the candidates for nomination of members of Congress or for State offices to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, who shall tabulate the same, and shall certify to the county commissioners the result of the computation of the vote for such offices, at least forty days prior to the election," be amended to read as follows:

Section 11. The ballot-boxes, lists of voters (a copy of which shall be posted outside of the polling-place), and other records shall be delivered into the custody of the officers who now are, or hereafter may be, required by law to keep similar records of election.

Upon the closing of the polls at such primary election, the election officers shall forthwith proceed to open the ballot-boxes and take therefrom the ballots, and first count the number cast for each party, and make a record thereof; and then count the vote cast for the different persons named upon said party ballots; and, when said count is finally completed, they shall certify, in due and proper form, to the number of votes cast for each person upon the re-

spective party tickets. They shall then replace the ballots, counted and canvassed, in the boxes, and lock the same. They shall then place the returns of votes and the register of voters, aforesaid, for each party, in separate envelopes, and seal the same; which said envelopes shall, on or before noon of the Tuesday following, be deposited by the judge of election in person, or by registered mail, with the county commissioners, who shall on the succeeding day, at noon, publicly commence the computation and canvassing of the returns, and continue the same from day to day until completed; and for that purpose to have the right to petition the Court of Common Pleas for the use of its processes to enforce the provisions of this act in relation to the returns of the election officers.

Upon the sworn petition of ten qualified electors of any county setting forth any specific act of fraud which upon information they consider reliable they believe has been committed in any election district of said county, the Court of Common Pleas of said county shall order the county commissioners to open the ballot-box of such district and recount the votes, such recount to be conducted in such manner and under such conditions as the court shall prescribe. Any person aggrieved by any decision of the county commissioners relative to the counting of the votes may appeal therefrom to the Court of Common Pleas of the proper county, whose duty it shall be to hear said appeal, and to make such decree as right and justice shall require: Provided, however, That in case of a contest of delegates to a State convention, such contests shall be determined by the State convention, according to the rules of their respective parties. Contests of primaries shall be originated and conducted as in the case of elections.

The county commissioners shall make the proper certification of returns of votes cast for the candidates for nomination for members of Congress or for State offices to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, who shall tabulate the same, and shall certify to the county commissioners the result of the computation of the vote for such offices, at least fourteen days prior to the election.

APPENDIX I.

SEPARATE PARTY PRIMARIES.

Amendment to Act of 1906, P. L. 36, and Act of 1907, P. L. 199.

Commission's Codification, Sections 78 to 115.

Purpose of Amendments: (1) To allow parties to hold their primaries on different dates. (2) To leave to the party to determine whether it shall nominate directly or indirectly. (3) To permit each party to select its own officers for the conduct of its primary, and to determine the qualifications of its members. (4) To place the cost of the primaries upon the parties.

An act to amend an act entitled "An Act providing a uniform method of electing certain party officers and delegates to State and National conventions and of making nominations for certain public offices; providing for the payment of the expenses of the same; making certain violations thereof misdemeanors, and prescribing penalties for the violation of its provisions," approved the seventeenth day of February, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six, by providing for separate primaries for each party, conducted by officers selected by the party; permitting parties to determine what candidates they shall nominate thereat; defining the method of ascertaining the vote cast by a party for the purpose of determining its right to nominate by primary; requiring certain expenses incident thereto to be paid by the several parties; providing that the signed consent of the candidate shall accompany every petition to place his name upon a primary ballot; providing that no candidate's name shall be printed upon the ballot of more than one party except with the consent of every such party; providing for the withdrawal of candidates, and requiring the courts of common pleas to direct the county commissioners to open the ballot boxes and recount the votes upon petition alleging specific fraud.

Section 1. Be it enacted, etc., That section two of an act entitled "An Act providing a uniform method of electing certain party officers and delegates to the State and National conventions and of making nominations for certain public offices; providing for the payment of the expenses of the same; making certain violations thereof misdemeanors and prescribing penalties for the violation of its provisions," approved the seventeenth day of February, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six (Pamphlet Laws, page 36) which reads as follows:

"Section 2. From and after November first, one thousand nine hundred and six, two primaries shall be held each year, in every election district of this Commonwealth in which nominations are to be made or delegates or party officers elected, as herein provided. One shall be held on the fourth Saturday before the February election, to be known as the Winter primary; the other shall be held on the first Saturday of June—except in years when a President of the United States is to be elected, in which it shall be held on the second Saturday of April—to be known as the Spring primary.

Delegates to State and National conventions, except delegates-at-large to National conventions, which shall be elected by the State convention, shall be elected at the Spring primary, throughout the Commonwealth, by any party or body of electors one of whose candidates, at either the general or February election preceding, polled two per centum of the largest entire vote cast in the State for any candidate at the last general election. Candidates for all offices to be filled at the general election, with the exception of those nominated by National or State conventions, shall be nominated at the Spring primary. Candidates for all offices to be filled at the February election shall be nominated at the Winter primary, and such party officers as are provided for by the rules of the several political parties to be elected by vote of the party electors, shall be elected at either or both primaries, by any political party or body of electors one of whose candidates, at either the general or February elections preceding such primary, polled two per centum of the largest entire vote cast, in the political district in which nominations are to be made or candidates elected, for any candidate at the last general election.

No delegate to State or National conventions, or officers of parties, shall be elected, or candidates for the public officers herein specified be nominated, in any other manner than as set forth in this act: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall prevent the nomination of candidates for borough or township offices, or other offices not herein specifically enumerated, in the manner provided by existing laws; or any association of electors, not constituting a party, from nominating candidates by nomination papers, as is provided by existing laws.

This act shall not apply to the nomination of candidates for Presidential electors, or to the nomination of candidates to be voted for at special elections to fill vacancies; but it shall not be construed to prevent the nomination of Presidential electors at primaries, if the rules of the respective parties so provide," be amended to read as follows:—

Section 2. Nominations may be made by any political party which at the election next preceding polled at least two per centum of the largest entire vote for any office cast in the State, or in the political district or division thereof for which said party desires to make nominations in such manner not inconsistent with the provisions of this act as such party may determine. The vote polled by any party shall be the largest vote polled by any candidate of such party who was not the candidate of any other party, or in case of no such candidate, then the straight party vote.

A primary is any election held by a political party, as aforesaid, either for the election of delegates, or the nomination of candidates by direct vote of the party electors. Every such primary shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of this act, except primaries held for the nomination of candidates to be voted for at special elections to fill vacancies.

Primaries shall be held at such times not later than the fourth Saturday in September, in each year as the party shall elect, Provided, That all of the primaries of one party throughout the State shall be held on the same day.

Section 2. That section three of said act, which reads as follows:

"Section 3. On or before the ninth Saturday preceding the Spring primary, the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall send to the county commissioners in each county a written notice, setting forth the number of Congressmen and officers of the Commonwealth, not nominated by State conventions, to be elected or voted for therein at the next succeeding general election.

On or before the same date the chairman of the State committee of each party shall send to the county commissioners a written notice, setting forth the number of delegates to be elected in such county to the State and National convention of such party.

On or before the ninth Saturday preceding each primary, the chairman of the county committee of each party shall send to the county commissioners of such county a written notice, setting forth the names of all party officers to be filled by election at the ensuing primary.

Upon receipt of such notices, and beginning within one week thereafter, such county commissioners shall publish the number of delegates to be elected to the State and National conventions of each party, together with the names of all offices for which nominations are to be made or candidates for the party offices to be elected, within the county, at the ensuing primary, at least once each week for three successive weeks, in two newspapers of general circulation published within the county, wherever such course is possible. Such newspapers, so far as practicable, shall be representative of different political parties" be amended to read as follows:

Section 3. Any party desiring to hold a primary in any county or division thereof shall, through the chairman of its county committee, on or before the ninth Saturday preceding the date of such primary, send written notice to the county commissioners of the date upon which it is proposed to hold such primary, together with a list of delegates and party officers to be elected and candidates to be nominated thereat.

Upon receipt of such notices, and beginning with one week thereafter, the county commissioners shall give notice of the date of such primary and of the delegates and party officers to be elected and candidates to be nominated thereat by publication at least once a week for three successive weeks in two newspapers of general circulation published within the county, whenever such course is possible.

Section 3. That section five of said act which reads as follows:

"Section 5. The names of candidates shall be printed upon the official ballot of a designated party, upon the filing of petitions, signed by qualified electors of the political district division within which the nomination or election is

to be made setting forth that the signers thereof are members of the party designated.

The said petitions, in the case of candidates for Congress or for State offices, shall be filed, at least four weeks prior to the primary, with the Secretary of the Commonwealth and in all other cases shall be filed, at least three weeks prior to the primary, with the county commissioners of the respective counties.

The number of signers shall be as follows:

1. Candidates for nomination for members of Congress, Judges of the various courts, and State Senator, two hundred qualified electors.

2. Candidates for nomination for members of the State House of Representatives, and for offices to be voted for by the entire county, fifty qualified electors.

3. Candidates for nomination for all other offices, for delegates to State and National conventions, and for party offices, ten qualified electors," be amended to read as follows:

Section 5. The names of candidates shall be printed upon the official ballot of a designated party upon the filing of petitions signed by qualified electors of the political district or division within which the nomination or election is to be made, setting forth that the signers thereof are members of the party designated and accompanied by the signed consent of the candidate duly acknowledged in the manner provided for the acknowledgment of deeds, Provided, That after a petition has been filed to place the name of a candidate upon the ballot of any party, no petition shall be filed to place his name upon the ballot of any other party, unless he shall first withdraw as a candidate of such first party, or unless such petition shall be accompanied by the written consent of every party whose nomination he seeks, signified by the certificate of the chairmen of the respective party committees for the political district for which such nomination is to be made, that such committee consents thereto.

The said petitions in the case of candidates for Congress, or for State offices, shall be filed at least four weeks prior to the primary with the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and in all other cases shall be filed at least three weeks prior to the primary with the county commissioners of the respective counties.

The number of signers shall be as follows:

1 Candidates for nomination for offices to be filled by voters of the State at large, five hundred qualified electors.

2. Candidates for nomination for members of Congress, Judges of the various courts and State Senators two hundred qualified electors.

3. Candidates for nomination for members of the State House of Representatives and for offices to be voted for by the entire county, fifty qualified electors.

4. Candidates for nomination for all other offices, for delegates to conventions and for party offices, ten qualified electors.

Any person for whom a petition has been filed as aforesaid may at any time up to ten days before the primary withdraw his name with the same effect as if such petition had never been filed, by filing in the office in which such petition was filed his written withdrawal duly acknowledged in the manner provided for the acknowledgment of deeds.

Section 4. That section seven of said act which reads as follows:

"Section 7. The county commissioners shall prepare, and furnish to the election officers for use at the primaries as many official ballots of each party as are equal to double the total number of votes cast for any candidate of said party, within the election district, at the last general election: Provided, That the county commissioners shall furnish such additional number of ballots, in any election district, as may be requested in writing by the chairman of the county committee of any party; such requests must be filed with the county commissioners two weeks before the primary

The county commissioners shall also furnish one-fourth as many specimen ballots as the whole number of official ballots, to be printed on colored paper, and to be of the same size and form as the official ballot, for the use of the electors at the polls.

The official ballots shall be bound, in books of one hundred each, in the same manner as ballots at elections; and shall be delivered to the officers of election in the same manner as ballots are or hereafter may be required by law to be delivered to officers of election, for use at elections.

The county commissioners shall prepare, and furnish to the election officers, at the primaries, such ballot-boxes, properly numbered for each election district, list of voters, forms, blanks, return sheets, blank books and other supplies as they are, or hereafter may be required to furnish, by law, to said officers for use at elections, and shall deliver them in the same manner as at elections. The said supplies shall have printed upon them appropriate instructions, and shall be in appropriate form for use at the primaries. They shall also provide for the opening of the polling places, for the compensation of the owners thereof, shall see that they are in proper order, and provided with voting-booths, as at elections," be amended to read as follows:

Section 7. The county commissioners shall prepare and furnish to the election officers, for use at the primaries, as many official ballots as are equal to double the total number of votes cast for any candidate of the party holding the primary within the election district at the last general election: Provided, That the county commissioners shall furnish such additional number of ballots in any election district as may be requested in writing by the chairman of the county committee of such party; such requests must be filed with the county commissioners two weeks before the primary.

The county commissioners shall also furnish one-fourth as many specimen ballots as the whole number of official ballots, to be printed on colored paper, and to be of the same size and form as the official ballot, for the use of the electors at the polls.

The official ballots shall be bound in books of one hundred each in the same manner as ballots at elections, and shall be delivered to the officers of election in the same manner as ballots are, or hereafter may be required by law to be delivered to officers of election for use at elections.

The county commissioners shall prepare and furnish to the election officers at the primaries such ballot boxes, properly numbered for each election district, lists of voters, forms, blanks, return sheets, blank books and other supplies as they are or hereafter may be required to furnish by law to said officers for use at elections, and shall deliver them in the same manner as at elections. The said supplies shall have printed upon them appropriate instructions, and shall be in appropriate form for use at the primaries. They shall also provide for the opening of the polling places, for the compensation of the owners thereof, and shall see that they are in proper order and provided with voting booths as at elections.

Section 5. That section eight of said act which reads as follows:

"Section 8. The primaries shall be conducted by the regular election boards, duly elected under existing laws, who shall receive one-half the compensation for their services that they receive at elections. Inspectors of elections shall have the right to appoint clerks to assist them, as at elections, who shall receive one-half the compensation that clerks receive for such services at elections. Vacancies on election boards shall be filled in the manner now provided by law. Before entering upon their duties the election officers and clerks shall be sworn, as is now required by law.

The polls shall be open between the hours of two post meridian and eight post meridian: Provided, That all persons licensed to sell liquors, either at wholesale or retail, or as bottlers, shall be compelled to keep their places of business closed, on said days for holding said primary elections, only between the hours of one o'clock post meridian and nine o'clock post meridian.

Primaries shall be conducted in conformity with the laws governing the conduct of general elections, in so far as the same are not modified by the provisions of this act or are not inconsistent with its terms: But, provided, That no elector shall be permitted to receive any assistance in marking his ballot, unless he shall first make an affidavit that he cannot read the names on the ballot, or that by reason of physical disability he is unable to mark his ballot," be amended to read as follows:

Section 8. Primaries shall be conducted by election officers appointed or elected by the party holding the primary, in the manner provided by the rules of such party. Before entering upon their duties such officers shall be sworn in the manner now required by law in the case of election officers at elections.

The polls shall be open between the hours of two P. M. and eight P. M.

Primaries shall be conducted in conformity with the laws governing the conduct of general elections in so far as the same are not modified by the provisions of this act, or are not inconsistent with its terms provided that no elector shall be permitted to receive any assistance in marking his ballot, unless he shall first make an affidavit that he cannot read the names on the ballot, or that by reason of physical disability he is unable to mark his ballot.

Section 6. That section nine of said act which reads as follows:

"Section 9. The county commissioners shall keep an accurate account of the entire expense of holding such primaries, including the preparation and delivery of supplies, voting materials, et cetera, and the total amount shall be paid, in the first instance, by the county treasurer, upon the order of the county commissioners. As soon as convenient thereafter, the county commissioners shall prepare an itemized statement of the amount so paid, verified by oath, and send the same, accompanied by the receipted vouchers, to the Auditor-General, who, if he finds the same correct, shall draw a warrant on the State Treasurer, for the proper county, for the amount so approved, which shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of the money in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated," be amended to read as follows:

Section 9. Upon receipt of notice from any party of its intention to hold a primary, the county commissioners shall furnish to the chairman of the county committee of such party an estimate of the approximate cost of conducting such primary, which sum shall be deposited by the party with the county commissioners not less than two weeks prior to the date of such primary. The county commissioners shall keep an accurate account of the entire cost of holding such primary, including the preparation and delivery of supplies, voting materials, etc., and the total amount shall be paid in the first instance by the county treasurer, upon the order of the county commissioners. Within one week after the primary, the county commissioners shall prepare and send to the chairman of the county committee an itemized statement of the cost of conducting the primary, verified by oath and accompanied by the receipted vouchers. If the amount deposited by the party shall exceed such cost, the county commissioners shall send with such statement a warrant upon the county treasurer for such excess, and if the cost shall exceed the amount of the deposit, the party shall pay such difference to the county commissioners. If any party shall fail to make such payment at least two weeks prior to the date of election, the county commissioners shall not print the names of the candidates of such party upon the ballot.

Section 7. That section ten of said act which reads as follows:

"Section 10. The qualifications of electors entitled to vote at a primary shall be the same as the qualifications of electors entitled to vote at elections, within the election district where the primary is held. Each elector shall prove his qualifications and his identity in the same manner in which electors in the election district in which he offers to vote are, or hereafter may be, required by law to prove their qualifications or identity, on election day.

Each elector shall have the right to receive the ballot of the party for which he asks: Provided, That if he is challenged, he shall be required to make oath or affirmation that, at the next preceding general election at which he voted, he voted for a majority of the candidates of the party for whose ballot he asks.

Upon executing such affidavit the voter shall be entitled to receive the ballot for which he has called, and to cast his vote according to law," be amended to read as follows:

Section 10. The qualifications of electors at primaries shall be determined by the rules of the party holding the primary, and it shall be the duty of the chairman of the county committee of such party to furnish to the election officers before the opening of the polls a copy of the party rules, containing the qualifications of voters at primaries: Provided, That no person may vote at the primary of more than one party in the same year.

Section 8. That section eleven of said act which reads as follows:

"Section 11. The ballot-boxes, lists of voters (a copy of which shall be posted outside of the polling place), and other records shall be delivered into the custody of the officers who now are, or hereafter may be, required by law to keep similar records of election.

Upon the closing of the polls at such primary election the election officers shall forthwith proceed to open the ballot-boxes and take therefrom the ballots, and first count the number cast for each party, and make a record thereof; and then count the vote cast for the different persons named upon said party ballots; and, when said county is finally completed, they shall certify, in due and proper form, to the number of votes cast for each person upon the respective party tickets. They shall then replace the ballots, counted and canvassed, in the boxes, and lock the same. They shall then place the returns of votes and the register of voters, aforesaid, for each party, in separate envelopes, and seal the same; which said envelopes shall, on or before noon of the Tuesday following, be deposited by the judge of election in person, or by registered mail, with the county commissioners, who shall on the succeeding day, at noon, publicly commence the computation and canvassing of the returns, and continue the same from day to day until completed; and for that purpose to have the right to petition the court of common pleas for the use of its processes to enforce the provisions of this act in relation to the returns of the election officers.

Upon petition of ten qualified electors, of any county, setting forth that fraud has been committed in any election district of said county, together with a statement of the reasons why such an assertion is made, it shall be the duty of the county commissioners to open the ballot box of the said district and to recount the votes. Any person aggrieved by any decision of the county commissioners relative to the counting of the votes may appeal therefrom to the court of common pleas of the proper county, whose duty it shall be to hear said appeal, and to make such decree as right and justice shall require: Provided, however, That in case of a contest of delegates to a State convention, such contests shall be determined by the State convention, according to the rules of their respective parties. Contests of primaries shall be originated and conducted as in the case of elections.

The county commissioners shall make the proper certification of returns of votes cast for the candidates for nomination for members of Congress or for State offices to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, who shall tabulate the same, and shall certify to the county commissioners the result of the computation of the vote for such offices, at least forty days prior to the election," be amended to read as follows:

Section 11. The ballot-boxes, lists of voters (a copy of which shall be posted outside of the polling place), and other records shall be delivered into the custody of the officers who now are, or hereafter may be required by law to keep similar records of election.

Upon the closing of the polls at such primary election, the election officers shall forthwith proceed to open the ballot-boxes and take therefrom the ballots and then count the vote cast for the different persons named upon said ballots, and when said count is finally completed, they shall certify in due and proper form to the number of votes cast for each person. They shall then replace the ballots counted and canvassed in the boxes and lock the same. They shall then place the returns of votes aforesaid in an envelope and seal the same, which said envelope shall, on or before noon of the day following be deposited by the judge of election in person, or by registered mail, with the county commissioners, who shall on the succeeding day, at noon, publicly commence the computation and canvassing of the returns, and continue the same from day to day until completed, and for that purpose shall have the right to petition the court of common pleas for the use of its processes to enforce the provisions of this act in relation to the returns of the election officers.

Upon the sworn petition of ten electors of any county setting forth any specific act of fraud which upon information which they consider reliable they believe has been committed in any election district of said county the court of common pleas of said county shall order the county commissioners to open the ballot-box of such district and recount the votes, such recount to be conducted in such manner and under such conditions as the court shall prescribe. Any person aggrieved by any decision of the county commissioners relative to the counting of the votes, may appeal therefrom to the court of common pleas of the proper county, whose duty it shall be to hear such appeal and make such decree as right and justice shall require; Provided, however, That in case of a contest of delegates to a convention, such contest shall be determined according to the rules of the party. Contests of primaries shall be originated and conducted as in the case of elections.

The county commissioners shall make the proper certification of returns of votes cast for the candidates for nomination for members of Congress, or for State offices to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, who shall tabulate the same, and shall certify to the county commissioners the result of the computation of the vote for such offices at least fourteen days prior to the election.

Section 9. That section twelve of said act as amended by section one of an act approved the twenty-second day of May, Anno Domini one thousand nine-hundred and seven (Pamphlet Laws, page 199), which reads as follows:

"Section 12. Candidates for offices of the Commonwealth, to be voted for by electors of the State-at-large, shall be nominated by the State conventions, for which delegates are elected in accordance with the terms of this act. The delegates who receive a plurality of the vote of party electors at the Spring primary shall be the duly elected delegates to the respective State and National conventions.

Candidates for nomination, as provided herein, who receive a plurality of votes of any party at a primary meeting, shall be the candidates of that party, and it shall be the duty of the proper officers to print their names upon the official ballots, for use at the election, as is now or hereafter may be required by law.

Candidates for party officers who receive a plarality of the votes cast for such candidates, shall be the party officers of such party.

In case of a tie, the candidates receiving the tie vote shall cast lots before the county commissioners or the Secretary of the Commonwealth, as the case may be, and the one to whom the lot shall fall shall be entitled to the nomination or election.

Vacancies happening or existing after the date of the primary may be filled in accordance with the party rules, as is now or hereafter may be provided by law," be amended to read as follows:

Section 12. Candidates for nomination who receive a plurality of votes of any party at a primary shall be the candidates of that party, and it shall be the duty of the proper officers to print their names upon the official ballots for use at the election as is now, or hereafter may be required by law. Nominations made otherwise than by primary shall be certified in the manner now provided by law.

Candidates for delegates who receive a plurality of the votes cast for such delegates shall be the duly elected delegates of such party.

Candidates for party offices, who receive a plurality of the votes cast for such candidates shall be the party officers of such party.

In case of a tie, the candidates receiving the tie vote shall cast lots before the county commissioners or the Secretary of the Commonwealth, as the case may be, and the one to whom the lot shall fall shall be entitled to the nomination or election.

Vacancies happening or existing after the date of the primary may be filled in accordance with the party rules as is now, or hereafter may be provided by law.

Section 10. That section thirteen of said act which reads as follows:

"Section 13. Each candidate shall be entitled to have two watchers at the primaries, as at elections, only one of whom shall be entitled to be within the polling-room at one time. Their rights, duties and methods of appointment shall be as at elections. Each party or candidate may, at any time before the primary, present a petition to the court of common pleas of the proper county, setting forth the fact that it or he has reason to believe that in a certain district or districts fraud or unfair methods may be attempted; and if, upon a consideration of the facts presented in said petition, the court shall be of the opinion that said application is made in good faith, the said court shall appoint an overseer for said petitioner or petitioners, who shall be entitled to remain within the polling-place during the casting and the counting of the ballots," be amended to read as follows:

Section 13. Each candidate shall be entitled to have two watchers at the primaries as at elections, only one of whom shall be entitled to be within the polling-room at one time. Their rights, duties and methods of appointment shall be as at elections. Each candidate may at any time before the primary present a petition to the court of common pleas for the proper county, setting forth the fact that he has reason to believe that in a certain district or districts fraud or unfair methods may be attempted, and if upon a consideration of the facts presented in said petition the court shall be of the opinion that said application is made in good faith, the court shall appoint an overseer for said petitioner or petitioners, who shall be entitled to remain within the polling place during the casting and counting of the ballots.

Section 11. That section fourteen of said act which reads as follows:

"Section 14. Any person who votes or attempts to vote at a primary, knowing that he does not possess the qualifications of a voter at such primary, as indicated by this act, or who shall vote or attempt to vote more than once at a primary or who shall have unlawfully in his possession an official ballot, outside the polling-place, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, in the discretion of the court. No police officer in commission, whether in uniform or in citizen's clothes, shall be within one hundred feet of a polling place during the conduct of a primary election, unless in the exercise of his privilege of voting, or for the purpose of the serving of warrants or the preserving of the peace.

Any election officer who permits a person to vote at any primary, with the knowledge that such person is not so entitled to vote, or refuses to permit any lawfully entitled elector to vote at such primary, with the knowledge that such person is so entitled to vote, or who refuses to permit him to receive the party ballot for which he asks, after having executed the affidavit herein provided, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding five years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Any election officer or clerk who shall be guilty of any wilful fraud in the conduct of his duties at a primary, or who shall make a false return of the votes cast at such primary, or who shall deposit fraudulent ballots in the ballot-box, or who shall certify as correct a return of ballots in the ballot-box which he knows to have been fraudulently deposited therein, or who shall write false names in the lists of voters for the purpose of concealing the deposit of such fraudulent ballots or of aiding in the perpetration of such fraud, or who shall conspire with others to commit any of the offenses herein mentioned shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo imprisonment not exceeding five years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Except as modified by the terms of this act, election officers shall be subject to the same pains and penalties for violations or neglect of their duties at a primary as they are or hereafter may be subject to for violation or neglect of such duties at elections. In all other respects, officers officiating at primaries shall be subject to the pains and penalties provided by law for offenses committed at primaries. The existing laws relating to bribery at primaries shall continue in force, and shall apply to bribery at primaries as provided by this act," be amended to read as follows:

Section 14. Any person who votes, or attempts to vote at a primary, knowing that he does not possess the qualifications of a voter at such primary, as determined by the party rules, or who shall vote, or attempt to vote at the primary of more than one party in the same year, or who shall have unlawfully in his possession an official ballot outside the polling place, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, in the discretion of the court. No police officer in commission, whether in uniform or in citizen's clothes shall be within one hundred feet of a polling place during the conduct of a primary election, unless in the exercise of his privilege of voting, or for the purpose of the serving of warrants, or the preserving of the peace.

Any election officer who permits a person to vote at any primary, with the knowledge that such person is not so entitled to vote, or refuses to permit any lawfully entitled elector to vote at such primary, with the knowledge that such person is so entitled to vote, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding five years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Any election officer or clerk who shall be guilty of any wilful fraud in the conduct of his duties at a primary, or who shall make a false return of the votes cast at such primary, or who shall deposit fraudulent ballots in the ballot box, or who shall certify as correct a return of ballots in the ballot box which he knows to have been fraudulently deposited therein, or who shall write false names on the lists of voters, for the purpose of concealing the deposit of such fraudulent ballots, or of aiding in the perpetration of such fraud, or who shall conspire with others to commit any of the offences herein mentioned, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding five years or both, in the discretion of the court.

Except as modified by the terms of this act, the election officers shall be subject to the same pains and penalties for violation or neglect of their duties at a primary, as they are, or hereafter may be subject to for violation or neglect of such duties at elections. In all other respects, officers officiating at primaries shall be subject to the pains and penalties provided by law for offences committed at primaries. The existing laws relating to bribery at primaries shall continue in force, and shall apply to bribery at primaries as provided by this act.

CODIFICATION OF THE ELECTION LAWS OF PENNSYLVANIA, REPORTED TO THE LEGISLATURE OF 1911 BY THE COMMISSION APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR UNDER AUTHORITY OF A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION APPROVED MAY 13, 1909, TO CODIFY AND REVISE THE ELECTION LAWS.

A CODIFICATION OF THE ELECTION LAWS OF PENNSYLVANIA AS THEY NOW ARE, EXCEPT AS NECESSARILY MODIFIED BY THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS OF 1909.

I. QUALIFICATION OF ELECTORS.

A.—GENERAL PROVISIONS.

In all elections hereafter the certificate of naturalization, if genuine, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts mentioned therein; and where the person offering to vote claims the right on the payment of tax, the receipt for such tax, if signed by the proper officer, shall be the evidence thereof; if such person does not produce such receipt, then the payment of the tax may be proved by the oath of such person, or other evidence, stating when, where and to whom such tax was paid. (Act 1874, Sec. 3, P. L. 45.)

It shall be the duty of the Councils of the City of Philadelphia to fix the amount of county tax to be assessed personally and annually on the qualified electors of the said city, at a rate sufficient to provide for the payment of all election expenses in said city, and no part of said tax assessed and collected shall be applied to any other purpose; and the said Councils shall appropriate annually a sufficient sum for said purposes. And the city commissioners shall furnish all the books, blanks, stamps, stationery and materials necessary for the purposes of this Act, which shall be paid out of the appropriations to be made as aforesaid: (Act 1869, Sec. 41, P. L. 65.)

The assessors of the City of Philadelphia shall not assess any poll or other personal tax for election purposes, but all such tax shall be assessed, in the several election divisions in the said city, by the canvassers of said divisions, and shall be paid to the receiver of taxes of the said city, or to his agents specially appointed by him to receive the same: Provided, That owners of real estate or personal property, who shall have paid a State or county tax upon the same, within two years of any election, which shall have been assessed at least sixty days before such election, shall not be required to pay any additional tax to entitle them to the privilege of electors. (Act April, 1870, Sec. 4, P. L. 54.)

Tax collectors of townships and boroughs of the Commonwealth shall furnish each person, on the payment of taxes, with a numbered receipt setting out date, name of taxpayer, amount of tax and district in which taxpayer is assessed, from a book to be furnished by the county commissioners containing a stub. On the stub a memoranda shall be made in ink of the number of the receipt, the date, name of taxpayer, amount of tax and district in which taxpayer is assessed. (Act 1895, Sec. 1, P. L. 296.)

Twenty days before each election the tax collector of townships and boroughs shall send a sheet to the office of the county commissioners containing the number of each receipt issued, date of payment, name of taxpayer, amount of tax and district in which taxpayer is assessed for the period since the last report. (Act 1895, Sec. 2, P. L. 296.)

The commissioners are hereby directed to have such reports of taxpayers bound and kept for public inspection. (Act 1895, Sec. 3, P. L. 296.)

Any tax collector failing to comply with the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, to be fined not more than two hundred dollars, or imprisoned not more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court. (Act 1895, Sec. 4, P. L. 296.)

B. ASSESSORS.

There shall be elected in each election district, except in boroughs and townships, a properly qualified person for assessor, who shall serve for two years. (Act 1874, Sec. 15, P. L. 39.)

The assessors so elected shall be assessors only to perform such duties as are now required by law of assessors incident to the holding of elections and registration of voters, and the office of assessor for the purpose of valuation with all the duties incident thereto shall continue and remain as now provided by law. (Act 1874, Sec. 1, P. L. 44.)

The qualified voters of every borough and township in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall vote for and elect a properly qualified person for assessor in each of said districts, who shall serve for four years. (Act 1889, Sec. 1, P. L. 7.)

When any borough has been or shall be divided into wards, the qualified voters of each of such wards shall severally elect a properly qualified person as assessor for said ward, who shall likewise serve for four years. (Act 1889, Sec. 1, P. L. 133.)

The assessors elected in Townships and Boroughs shall perform all the duties of assessors under the laws of this Commonwealth, as well those relating to elections as to the valuation of property. (Act 1889, Sec. 2, P. L. 133.)

If the electors of any district shall fail to choose an assessor at the time appointed by law, or if any person elected to such office shall neglect or refuse to serve therein or if any vacancy shall happen therein, by death or otherwise, the commissioners of the county shall appoint a fit person to fill the office, who shall have the

same powers, be subject to the same penalties, and receive the same compensation, as if he had been elected in manner aforesaid. (Act 1834, Sec. 87, P. L. 553.)

Whenever the commissioners of any county shall, under existing laws, appoint a person to fill the office of assessor, such person shall serve until the next election for assessors, as provided by this act. (Act 1889, Sec. 4, P. L. 7.)

The assessors shall each receive the same compensation for the time necessarily spent in performing the duties hereby enjoined as is provided by law to assessors making valuations, to be paid by the county commissioners as in other cases. (Act 1874, Sec. 18, P. L. 40.)

The qualified voters of every election district in boroughs and townships in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, wherein more than one election district is authorized, and where but one assessor for valuation of taxable property resides in the borough or township having more than one election district shall elect a properly qualified person for assistant assessor, in each of said election districts, to serve for two years, who shall perform all the duties relating to elections now required to be performed by assessors in boroughs and townships having but one election district. In case of a vacancy in said office, the court of quarter sessions, or any judge of the said court of the same county shall appoint a person to fill such vacancy. (Act 1891, Sec. 1, P. L. 298.)

The prothonotary of the court of common pleas of every county within this Commonwealth shall, within fifteen days after the township elections, in each year, are returned into his office make out, certify and deliver, under his hand and seal of office, to the commissioners of his proper county, a list of the names of the persons elected to the offices of assessor and assistant assessor, and the names of the wards, townships, incorporated districts and boroughs, within their respective counties, for which they were respectively elected; and shall be allowed therefor the usual fees for equal or similar services, to be paid out of the county treasury. (Act 1840, Sec. 9, P. L. 686.)

It shall be the duty of said assessors respectively in boroughs and townships to attend at the place of holding every general, special or township election, during the whole time said election is kept open, for the purpose of giving information to the inspectors and judge, when called on, in relation to the right of any person assessed by them to vote at such election, or such other matters in relation to the assessment of voters, as the said inspectors or judge, or either of them, shall from time to time require; for which attendance said assessor shall be entitled to the sum of one dollar per day, to be paid as officers of election are paid by law; and when the township is divided for which said assessor is elected, he shall attend at the election district in which he resides, and is entitled to vote. (Act 1839, Sec. 59, P. L. 531.)

The assessors shall have the power to administer oaths to any person claiming the right to be assessed, or the right of suffrage, or in regard to any other matter or thing required to be done or inquired into by any of said officers, under this act; and any wilful false swearing by any person in relation to any matter or thing concerning which they shall be lawfully interrogated by any of said officers or overseers, shall be perjury. (Act 1874, Sec. 17, P. L. 40.)

C. ASSESSORS' LISTS. REGISTRATION OF VOTERS IN BOROUGHS AND TOWNSHIPS.

For the purpose of making the original annual assessment and registration of voters in each of the election districts of this Commonwealth, it shall be the duty of each of the assessors, who are required to perform any of the duties incident to the holding of elections and the registration of voters in the different election districts of this Commonwealth, to visit in person each and every dwelling house in his district on the first Monday in May and on the first Monday in December of each year or as soon thereafter as may be possible and practicable, when all of said dwelling houses cannot be personally visited by him on the said first Monday in May and on the first Monday in December, and to make a list in a book prepared for that purpose by the county commissioners, of all the qualified electors that he shall find, upon careful and diligent inquiry, to be bona fide residents of his district, together with the date when such dwelling house was visited by the assessor, entering them in such book in the order in which such dwelling houses are visited; and the qualified electors in each dwelling house, being grouped together, and if in a city or town, the names of the qualified electors shall be grouped together by streets, alleys or courts, and the persons so found to be legally qualified electors shall forthwith be assessed; the assessor shall, in all cases, personally ascertain by careful and diligent inquiry of the voter or of some known resident of the election district in which the voter claims the right to vote, upon what ground each person so assessed claims to be a legally qualified voter. (Act 1891, Sec. 1, P. L. 134.)

The list thus prepared shall be designated and known as the "Original Registry List." It shall be the duty of the said assessor to enter in said "Original Registry List" the names of the male citizens, twenty-one years of age and upwards, claiming to be qualified voters in the election district of which he is the assessor and opposite each of said names state whether said citizen is or is not a housekeeper, and if he is, the number of his residence in cities or towns where the same are numbered, with the street, alley or court in which situated, and if in a city or town where there are no numbers, the name of the street, alley or court on which said house fronts; also the occupation of the person at the date of such assessment, and where he is not a housekeeper, the occupation, place of boarding and with whom at the date of his assessment; and if working for another, the name of the employer; and write opposite each of said names the word "voter." (Act 1891, Sec. 1, P. L. 134.)

Where any persons claims to vote by reason of naturalization, he shall exhibit his certificate thereof to the assessor, unless he has been for two consecutive years next preceding, a voter in said district; and in all cases where the person has been naturalized, the name shall be marked with the letter "N;" where the person has merely declared his intentions to become a citizen and designs to be naturalized before the next election, he shall exhibit the certificate of his declaration of intention and the name shall be marked "D. I.;" and where the person shall be entitled by existing laws to be naturalized without making a declaration of his intentions to be naturalized, and intends to be naturalized at least one month before the next general election, the name of such person shall be marked "I. N.;" where the claim is to vote by reason of being of the age of twenty-one years and under twenty-two, as provided by law, the word "age" shall be entered, and if the person has moved into the election district to reside since the last general election, the letter "R" shall be placed opposite the name. (Act 1891, Sec. 1, P. L. 134.)

It shall be the duty of the said assessor to forthwith make a copy of the said original list, with the observations and explanations required to be noted as aforesaid, to be made out as soon as practicable. It shall be his duty on or prior to the Fourth Monday of May and on or prior to the second Monday of December in each year, to place a copy on the door of, or on the house where the election of the respective district is required to be held, and retain the original list in his possession for the inspection, free of charge, of any person resident in the said election district who shall desire to see the same; and it shall be the duty of the said assessor to assess, from time to time, on the personal application of any one claiming the right to vote, the name of such claimant, and mark opposite the name "C. V.," and immediately assess him, noting as in all other cases his occupation, residence, the date of his assessment, whether a boarder or housekeeper; if a boarder, with whom he boards, and whether naturalized or designing to be, marking in all cases opposite the name the letter "N.," "D," or "I. N.," as the case may be; if the person claiming to be assessed, be naturalized, he shall exhibit to the assessor his certificate of naturalization; and if he claims that he designs to be naturalized before the next ensuing election, he shall exhibit the certificate of his declaration of intention, if such previous declaration is required by the laws of the United States. (Act 1895, Sec. 1, P. L. 75.)

It shall be the duty of the said assessor to be present at the election house of the said election district, during the two secular days next preceding the day fixed by the 26th section of this Code for returning the list to the county commissioners, from ten ante meridian to three post meridian, and from six post meridian to nine post meridian, of each of said days, for the purpose of hearing and acting upon applications to be made under the provisions of this section, or relating to names upon said list, or that are sought to

be placed thereon, or struck therefrom; and it shall be his duty to correct said original list by adding thereto upon personal application the names of persons entitled to vote not already thereon, and by striking therefrom fictitious names, or names of persons who may have died or removed from said district; and in all cases it shall be the duty of the said assessor to enter in his book, opposite the name of each voter, the name or names of the person or persons, together with the residence of the same, who shall furnish information as to the residence and qualifications of each voter who has been assessed, or as to the persons whose names shall be stricken from said original list; and the said original list shall be open for inspection by any qualified elector of the county or ward in which the election district is situated, as well as by the persons claiming to be registered; and the court of common pleas of the proper county, or any law judge thereof at chambers, on the application of any qualified elector of the ward or county under oath, which oath may be made at any time before the day of election, shall call the assessor and the complainant before it or him by citation or rule to show cause, and shall hear the parties and dispose of the subject in a summary manner, as to law and justice shall belong, and shall, if need be, order the assessor to correct the registry accordingly, and the said court or judge may enforce such order by attachment as in proceedings for contempt. (Act 1895, Sec. 1, P. L. 75.)

It shall be the duty of the assessor in all voting districts or precincts of this Commonwealth where temporary voting places are or may be established, to be present at his place of residence in said election district or precinct during the two secular days next preceding the day fixed by the 26th section of this Code for returning the list to the county commissioners from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m. and from 6 p. m. to 9 p. m. of each of said days, to perform all the duties as set forth in the 24th section of this Code. (Act 1893, Sec. 1, P. L. 455.)

After the assessments have been completed on the sixty-second day before the third Tuesday of February, and on the sixty-second day before the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each year, the assessor shall, on the following day, make a return to the county commissioners of the "Original Registry List" thus revised and completed, and the county commissioners shall thereupon proceed to make out a complete list in alphabetical order of all persons so returned as taxables in said election district, and furnish the same, together with the necessary election blanks, to the officers of the election in such election district, on or before seven o'clock in the morning of the election; and no man shall be permitted to vote at the election on that day whose name is not on said list, unless he shall make proof of his right to vote as hereinafter required. "The Original Registry List," as returned to the county commissioners preceding the November election, shall be returned by the county commissioners to the assessor before the first Monday of December, which shall be used by said assessor to make his original registry list for December as heretofore provided. (Act 1895, Sec. 3, P. L. 78.)

On the day of election any person whose name shall not appear on the registry of voters, and who claims the right to vote at said election, shall produce at least one qualified voter of the district as a witness to the residence of the claimant in the district in which he claims to be a voter, for the period of at least two months immediately preceding said election, which witness shall be sworn or affirmed and subscribe a written or partly written and partly printed affidavit to the facts stated by him, which affidavit shall define clearly where the residence is of the person so claiming to be a voter; and the person so claiming the right to vote shall also take and subscribe a written or partly written and partly printed affidavit, stating, to the best of his knowledge and belief, when and where he was born; that he has been a citizen of the United States for one month and of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; that he has resided in the Commonwealth one year, or, if formerly a qualified elector or a native born citizen thereof, and has removed therefrom and returned, that he has resided therein six months next preceding said election; that he has resided in the district in which he calims to be a voter for the period of at least two months immediately preceding said election; that he has not moved into the district for the purpose of voting therein; that he has, if twenty-two years of age or upwards, paid a State or county tax within two years, which was assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election. The said affidavit shall also state when and where the tax claimed to be paid by the affiant was assessed, and when and where and to whom paid; and the tax receipt therefor shall be produced for examination, unless the affiant shall state in his affidavit that it has been lost or destroyed, or that he never received any; and if a naturalized citizen shall also state when, where and by what court he was naturalized, and shall also produce his certificate of naturalization for examination. But if the person so claiming the right to vote shall take and subscribe an affidavit that he is a native-born citizen of the United States, or, if born elsewhere, shall state the fact in his affidavit, and shall produce evidence that he has been naturalized, or that he is entitled to citizenship by reason of his father's naturalization, and shall further state in his affidavit that he is, at the time of making the affidavit, of the age of twenty-one and under twenty-two years; that he has been a citizen of the United States one month, and has resided in the State one year; or, if a native-born citizen of the State and removed therefrom and returned, that he has resided therein six months next preceding said election, and in the election district two months immediately preceding said election, (and) he shall be entitled to vote, although he shall not have paid taxes. The said affidavits of all persons making such claims and the affidavits of the witnesses to their residence shall be preserved by the election board, and at the close of the election they shall be inclosed with the list of voters, tally-list and other papers required by law to be filed by the return judge with the prothonotary, and shall remain on file therewith, in the prothonotary's office, subject to examination as other election papers are. If the election officers shall find that the applicant possesses all the legal qualifications of a voter he shall be permitted to vote, and his name shall be added to the list of taxables by the election officers, the word "tax," being added where the claimant claims to vote on tax and the word "age" where he claims to vote on age, the same words being added by the clerks in each case, respectively, on the lists of persons voting at such election. Provided, That in case any person is allowed to vote at an election, who is not registered, but makes an affidavit which by reason of the failure to fully observe the requirements of this section is insufficient, in any contest growing out of said election it shall be lawful to correct any mistakes or supply any deficiencies in such affidavit, so as to show that the said person was in fact a qualified voter; but this shall not apply to non-registered voters who make no affidavit, or one which makes no attempt to comply with the law. (Act 1899, Sec. 1, P. L. 254.)

It shall be lawful for any qualified citizen of the district, notwithstanding the name of the proposed voter is contained on the list of resident taxables, to challenge the vote of such person, whereupon the same proof of the right of suffrage, as is now required by law, shall be publicly made and acted on by the election board, and the vote admitted or rejected, according to the evidence. Every person claiming to be a naturalized citizen shall be required to produce his naturalization certificate, at the election, before voting, except where he has been for five years consecutively a voter in the district in which he offers his vote; and on the vote of such person being received, it shall be the duty of the election officers to write or stamp on such certificate the word "voted," with the day, month and year; and if any election officer or officers shall receive a second vote on the same day, by virtue of the same certificate excepting where sons are entitled to vote, because of the naturalization of their fathers, they and the person who shall offer such second vote shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be fined or imprisoned, or both, at the discretion of the court; but the fine shall not exceed five hundred dollars in each case, nor the imprisonment one year. The like punishment shall be inflicted, on conviction, on the officers of election who shall neglect or refuse to make, or cause to be made, the indorsement required as aforesaid on said naturalization certificate. (Act 1874, Sec. 11, P. L. 36.)

The provisions of Sections 27 and 28 shall not apply in cities of the First, Second and Third Class in so far as they conflict with the provisions of Sections 29 to 77 of this Code.

D. PERSONAL REGISTRATION IN CITIES OF THE FIRST AND SECOND CLASSES

"Commissioners," as used herein, has reference to Registration Commissioners; "oath" includes affirmation, and

"'swear'' includes affirm, wherever used. All references to public officers or municipal authorities, where not otherwise specified, shall be understood to refer to the authorities of the proper counties or judicial district. "Party,'' as used herein, has reference to a political party which, at the last election, polled two per centum of the vote cast in any city or election district for the candidate receiving the largest vote therein. "Register'' means the book containing, or to contain, the registry list of electors, prepared by the registrars. (Act 1906, Sec. 2, P. L. 49.)

The Governor of the Commonwealth shall, not later than June 15, in every third year appoint a Board of Registration Commissioners for each of said cities (of the first and second classes), consisting of four duly qualified electors of said city, not more than two of whom shall be members of the same party. The commissioners shall hold office for a term of three years, or until their successors qualify. Any commissioner may be removed for cause, by the Governor. Any vacancy in a Board of Commissioners shall be filled by the Governor, within ten days after the vacancy occurs, and the person appointed to fill such vacancy shall hold office during the remainder of the term of the commissioner in whose place he was appointed. All appointments shall be so made that at no time shall more than two commissioners belong to the same party. Commissioners in cities of the first class shall receive a compensation at the rate of three thousand dollars per annum; in cities of the second class, at the rate of two thousand dollars per annum; said compensation shall be paid by the treasurer of the proper county. (Act 1906, Sec. 3, P. L. 49.)

In the case of consolidation of two or more cities, under the laws of the Commonwealth, the Boards of Registration Commissioners of said cities, provided for and appointed in accordance with an act, entitled "An Act to provide for the personal registration of electors in cities of the first and second classes of this Commonwealth, to make such registration a condition of the right to vote in such cities, and to provide penalties for the violations of its provisions," approved the seventeenth day of February, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and six, shall remain in office and continue their functions until the expiration of the term for which they were appointed, each Board of Registration Commissioners remaining in charge of the municipal territory for which it was appointed. (Act 1907, Sec. 1, P. L. 394.)

As soon after their appointment as may be, the commissioners shall organize by selecting a chairman and a secretary, who shall not be members of the same party. The concurrence of three commissioners shall be necessary to any affirmative action, except as may be otherwise provided herein. The commissioners shall keep a record, in permanent form, of all their proceedings. Their records shall be open to the public at all reasonable times; and they shall make an annual report to the Governor. They shall have power to administer oaths. (Acts 1906, Sec. 4, P. L. 50.)

The commissioners shall, not later than August fifteenth of each year, appoint four registrars for each election district, as herein provided. The registrars must be duly qualified electors of the said district, and shall have been residents of the city for a period of two years, and of the ward for one year, immediately preceding their appointment. They must be sober and judicious persons, of good moral character, able to read intelligently and to write legibly. Two of the registrars shall be members of the party polling the highest vote within the election district at the last preceding election, and two shall be members of the parties polling the next highest number of votes. The commissioners shall provide at all times a Board of Registrars not more than two of whom shall be of the same political faith. If, therefore, it appears at any time that, by reason of a change in political affiliations or because of error in the appointment, a Board is not so divided, any ten electors of the ward may file a petition with the commissioners, setting forth the facts, and praying that one or more of the appointments may be revoked, and that other appointments may be made. The commissioners shall grant a public hearing, and if they find the facts to be as represented, shall give the relief asked for; but no registrar shall be removed merely because his party, at an election following his appointment, has polled a less number of votes in the district than two other parties. No person who holds, or is a candidate for, public office shall act as registrar. Two of the said registrars, one of whom shall be of the majority party, shall be designated by the commissioners to have charge of the voting check list, as hereinafter provided. (Act 1907, Sec. 1, P. L. 395.)

The names of four qualified persons shall be suggested to the commissioners, by petitions duly filed, for each district—two by the party polling the highest vote in the district at the last preceding election, and two by the party or parties polling the next highest number of votes,—by the district executive committees, if such exist; and, if not, by the ward executive committees, if such exist; and, if not, by the city committees. These petitions shall be signed by five electors of the ward, and shall set forth the names, addresses and occupations and political affiliations of the persons suggested. At least one of the signers of the petitions shall swear to the truth of the facts set forth therein. The petitions shall remain on file, open to the public inspection, at least ten days before the person named therein shall be appointed, except in cases where a vacancy occurs in the office of registrar within ten days of a registration day. If no petitions are filed, the commissioners may appoint without regard to party and if the persons suggested by petition are unfit shall have power to appoint others of whom they have knowledge. No appointment shall be made unless the person to be appointed has personally appeared before the commissioners, and has satisfied them of his qualifications; but in case of a reappointment, it shall not be necessary for the person so reappointed to be summoned. At least one week's notice of the time and place of the examination, for each ward or election district, of those persons who have been suggested by petition, or are under consideration, for appointment as registrars in such ward or election district, shall be published by the commissioners in at least two daily newspapers in the city. Any elector may appear in person, and first being duly sworn (and), show wherein any person, so under consideration, does not possess the qualifications of a registrar. If the persons nominated are found not to be properly qualified, the commissioners may decline to appoint them; and the district executive committee, ward executive committee or city executive committee shall then suggest other names as aforesand. (Act 1907, Sec. 1, P. L. 395.)

No person shall be appointed a registrar unless the appointment is approved by three commissioners: Provided, That if two commssioners have concurred in approving four persons, successively, to fill one position, and the other two commissioners have concurred in objecting to said persons, the commissioners first referred to may approve four other names; and from these eight, all having been suggested by petition, the other two commissioners must select the registrar. (Act 1907, Sec. 1, P. L. 395.)

The commissioners shall have power to summon any person whom they desire to interrogate, and all persons testifying before said commissioners shall be first duly sworn by said commissioners. Any person so appointed a registrar must perform his duties as prescribed by this act, unless excused therefrom by the commissioners, for cause shown. The registrars shall receive a compensation of ten dollars per day, for the time actually spent in registration. (Act 1907, Sec 1, P. L. 395.)

The registrars of each divsion of cities of the first and second classes shall meet at the polling-place thereof on the ninth Thursday, seventh Tuesday, and fifth Saturday preceding every November election and on the day of the Spring primary, and shall remain in open session from seven ante meridan to ten ante meridan, and from four post meridian to ten post meridian, of each registration day. They shall, on said days, receive personal applications from persons who claim that they are entitled to be registered. They shall have power to administer oaths, shall examine said applicants under oath, and shall record on the register the names of those whom they shall determine to be qualified, as hereinafter provided. Two weeks' notice of the registration days shall be given by the commissioners, by publication in two daily newspapers in the city, and by posting notices at the polling-places. Electors who did not register at Fall registration may register at Spring registration, and the list shall become of no validity at the beginning of the period of fall registration next succeeding that at which the registers were opened. The old registers shall be preserved by the commissioners for at least two years after the year in which they are in use. (Act 1907, Sec 2, P. L. 398.)

Every person claiming the right to vote must appear in person before the registrars, in the district in which he lives, on one of the days prescribed by law, and answer the questions put to him by them. These answers must be recorded, on a single line, in two registers, which shall have the following form. The size and character of the said register shall be determined by the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and the form thereof shall be furnished by the said Secretary to the respective commissioners.

Surname.	Christian Name.	Occupation.	Present Residence.		
			Street Number.	Lodger, Lessee or Owner.	Room or Floor Occupied.
1	2	3	4	5	6

Length of Residence.		Place of Residence at time of Last Registration.				Place of Birth.	Naturalization Papers Produced, Yes or No.	No. of Affidavit of Naturalization of Father, if Taken.	Tax Receipts Produced, Yes or No.
In State.	In District.	State.	City.	Street and Number.					
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

No. of Affidavit of loss, if taken. If under 21 years of age write "Age."	Personal Description.				Signature at time of Registration or of Voting.
	Color.	Approximate Age.	Tall, Short or Medium.	Approximate Weight.	
17	18	19	20	21	22

	VOTED. These columns are for use at election and are not to be filled in by Registrars.				
If Challenged, No. of Challenge Affidavit.	November Election.	Winter Primary.	February Election.	Spring Primary.	Special Elections.
23	24	25	26	27	28

Immediately above the form shall be printed the following instructions: The applicant must be sworn, or affirmed that the information given by him in reference to his right to be registered shall be the truth. Any wilful false statement constitutes perjury, and is punishable as such. (Act 1907, Sec. 3, P. L. 399.)

Every register shall be indexed alphabetically from A to Z. The answers of the applicants shall be recorded, in their presence, in both registers in the following manner: In the first column shall be entered the surname of the applicant, in the order of his appearance at the polling-place, on the page bearing the index letter of his surname; in the second column shall be entered his Christian name or names; in the third column, his occupation; in the fourth column, the street and number of his residence; in the fifth and sixth columns, whether he is a lodger, lessee, or owner, and, if he is a lodger or is lessee of a portion only of a house, the location or number of the room or floor which he occupies; in the seventh and eighth columns shall be entered the length of his residence in the State and district, respectively, in the ninth, tenth, eleventh and twelfth columns, the location of the house from which he last registered, giving State, city, street and number, respectively, and the year in which he is so registered; in the thirteenth column, the State or territory of the United States, or the foreign country, where he was born; in the fourteenth column, whether, being foreign born, he produces his naturalization papers; in the fifteenth column, the number of the affidavit of naturalization of his father, if taken; in the sixteenth and seventeenth columns, the manner in which he complies with the law relating to the payment of taxes as a qualification of the right to vote, whether by the production of his receipt or by making affidavit; if the applicant is less than twenty-two years of age, the word "age" shall be recorded in said column; in the eighteenth, nineteenth, twentieth and twenty first columns, his personal description, designating whether white or colored, his approximate age, height and weight; in the twenty-second column, in the register marked "voting check-list," he shall be required to sign his name, if able to write; if he alleges inability to write, a record of the fact shall be made in the same column; and unless due to some apparent physical infirmity, he shall be required to make affidavit of his inability to write; in the twenty-second column in the register marked "ballot check-list," he shall, if challenged on election day, be required to sign his name; in the twenty-third column shall be entered the number of the challenge affidavit of every person who is rquired to take said affidavit; in the twenty-fourth, twenty-fifth, twenty-sixth, twenty-seventh and twenty-eighth columns the election officers shall record, in one register, the obtaining of the ballot, and, in the other, the casting of the vote of the registered elector at the general, municipal, primary or special election as hereinafter provided, or as may hereafter be provided by law. (Act 1907, Sec. 3, P. L. 399.)

Every person who possesses the qualifications of an elector, as provided in the Constitution and laws of this Commonwealth, or who by continued residence in his election district will obtain such qualifications before the next ensuing election, shall be entitled to be registered; but no person shall be registered unless at least three of the registrars determine that he is so qualified. (Act 1906, Sec. 8, P. L. 56.)

Any person claiming the right to register may be challenged by a registrar, or by any qualified elector of the election district. Any person so challenged shall answer the questions of the challenge affidavit, as herein specified; and after his answers have been recorded, he shall sign, if able to write, and swear to their truth. He shall also make affidavit, at the same time, to the truth of his answers as recorded in the register, if able to read, and which he shall be deemed to have examined or have had the same read to him. The affidavit of all persons so registered shall, at the close of each day of registration, be numbered and filed. The challenge affidavit shall be in the following form:

No.....

.....Election Division, ...Ward.

City of .....
State of Pennsylvania, } ss:
County of .....

What is your full name?.....
Are you married or single? .....
If married, where does your family reside?.....
.....
If single, where do your parents reside?.....
.....
Where did you actually reside immediately prior to taking up your present residence? .....
.....
Give your residences for last four months,.....
.....
What is the name of your present employer?.....
.....
Where is his place of business?.....
.....
What is the name of your last employer?.....
.....
Where is, or was, his place of business?.....
.....
Have you read the information given by you as recorded in the register?.....

I, the undersigned, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have read the information recorded opposite my name in the register of the .....Division of the .....Ward, on page....., and that said information, as well as that recorded in this affidavit, is the truth.

.....and subscribed
this.....day of..... 19.....
(Signature of Applicant.)

....
Registrar.

Registrar's Description of Applicant.

Distinguishing marks, ...
Other peculiarities, ...
Color of hair, ...
.....
.....
.....
.....
Registrars.

The challenged applicant shall produce such further proof as the law requires challenged persons to produce on election day, and it shall be the duty of the registrars to require it before permitting him to be registered. All persons claiming the right to vote by reason of naturalization shall be required to produce the proper naturalization papers, or a certified copy thereof, before they shall be registered; but no such person shall be required to produce his papers a second time in the same district, unless he is challenged; Provided, That any person claiming citizenship by reason of the naturalization of his father, may be registered either by the production of his father's papers or a certified copy thereof, or by making affidavit that his father was naturalized at a time when he, the applicant, was less than twenty-one years of age, and that he is unable to produce his father's papers. Whenever the applicant is rejected, after a portion of the record has been filled in, a line shall be drawn through the record already made, and the registrar shall note on said line the reason for the rejection, and shall add his initials thereto. All affidavits and vouchers shall be executed in duplicate, one being delivered into the custody of each registrar who has charge of the registers. (Act 1907, Sec 4, P. L. 407.)

On the Spring registration day the registrars shall, in addition to the registration of electors, strike from the list the names of such persons as shall be proven, to their satisfaction, by the affidavits of at least two qualified electors of the ward, to have died, or removed from the district since the last registration. The registrars shall record, on blank forms provided for that purpose, the names and previous places of registration, giving wards and districts, of all persons registered by them on said day, who give, as such place of previous registration a place in the same city, and shall forward the same to the commissioners for their information. Thereafter ,upon the return of the registers to the office of the commissioners, it shall be their duty to examine the same, and, wherever registered persons have given as their last place of registration another election district in the same city, to strike said name from the register of said district, of prior residence, and to note thereon the reason for so removing the name. At any time between the November election and the tenth day prior to the Spring primary, any registered elector who has removed from one election district to another in the same city, sixty days prior to the Spring primary, may apply at the office of the commissioners and have the registry of his name transferredfrom the district from which he has removed to the one in which he has taken up his new residence. It shall be the duty of the commissioners, upon satisfactory proof of the elector's identity, to strike his name from the register in the district from which he has removed, to examine him in the regular way as to his qualifications, and, if his answers are satisfactory, to register him in the district to which he has removed. (Act 1907, Sec. 5, P. L. 410.)

Parties or bodies of electors, who now are, or hereafter may be, entitled to have watchers at the general election, shall be allowed to appoint not more than three electors of the ward to act as watchers in each place of registry, without expense to the county, on each registration day. No more than one watcher from such party shall be allowed in the registry place at any one time. Each watcher shall be provided with a certificate from the county commissioners, stating his name and the party or policy he represents. Watchers shall be entitled to be present during all of the public sessions herein provided for, and shall be required to show their certificates when requested to do so. They shall have the power to challenge. (Act 1906, Sec. 11, P. L. 58.)

No more than six electors, other than the registrars and the watchers herein provided for shall be allowed in the registry room at any one time. (Act 1906, Sec. 12, P. L. 58.)

At the end of each day's registration the registrars shall compare the two registers, so kept, and cause any errors in either of them to be corrected by aid of the entries in the other, so as to make the same agree, where there is any difference between them. All of the registrars shall then sign their initials on the line immediately under the last names registered, under each letter, in both books, together with the date. At the close of both Fall and Winter registrations, the registrars shall sign a certificate, the form of which shall be printed on the last page of the register, setting forth the number of persons registered on each day, and the number of names which have been stricken out, if any. (Act 1906, Sec. 13, P. L. 58.)

The two registrars who have not charge of the registers shall, at both registrations, prepare two "street lists" of all names which are registered. These lists shall contain the names of the electors and their addresses, in the order in which their residences appear upon the streets of the district. (Act 1906, Sec. 14, P. L. 58.)

One of said street lists shall be hung outside of the polling-place and shall remain in that position until the next election. The other shall be returned to the office of the commissioners, and at least one hundred exact copies of it shall be printed in pamphlet form and shall be ready for distribution at least three weeks before election day. (Act 1906, Sec. 14, P. L. 58.)

If any citizen shall object to the action of the registrars in accepting or rejecting any claim for registration, he may file his petition, duly sworn to by said citizen, with the commissioners, setting forth the ground of his complaint. If the complaint is to the acceptance of a claim, notice to the claimant shall be given by leaving a written or printed notice at his place of residence, as given by him to the registrar and recorded in the register. When such petitions are

filed the commissioners shall fix a time and place for hearing them, sufficiently in advance of the election to enable the same to be heard and disposed of prior thereto, and to have a review thereof by the courts. Such hearing shall be public, before the commissioners, and the register of voters may be amended, either by the insertion of a new name or the cancellation of a name already on the register, or otherwise, as the commissioners may order. The commissioners may enforce their orders as herein provided, or may make the amendments themselves or by their clerks. All such applications for correcting the register must be made not later than fifteen days prior to an election. (Act 1907, Sec. 6, P. L. 411.)

The applicant, or any elector who is not satisfied with the decision of the commissioners, may petition the court of common pleas, setting forth the reason why he feels that injustice has been done, and thereupon the said court of common pleas may, in its discretion, allow an appeal to it from the decision of the commissioners. The said court may then fix a day for a public hearing, of which notice shall be served by the petitioner upon the commissioners and upon the person or his attorney who opposed his contention before the commissioners, together with a copy of the petition, at least five days before such public hearing may take place, proof of which must be exhibited to the court. The said court, after such public hearing, may reverse, affirm, or alter the decision of the commissioners. Said petitions for appeals must be filed not later than ten days preceding an election. (Act 1907, Sec. 6, P. L. 411.)

Any qualified elector who is too ill to appear at the polling-place on all the registration days, or who was unavoidably absent from the county on all said days, may present his petition to the commissioners at any time, up to two weeks before the general election, setting forth the facts of his illness or unavoidable absence, and setting forth in detail, the information required to be recorded in the register, and praying that his name may be added to the register in the proper division. After this petition shall have remained in the office of the commissioners, open to public inspection, for at least two days, hearing shall be granted; the petitioner shall personally appear, and if the facts are proven, to the satisfaction of the commissioners, to be as reported, they shall order the name of the petitioner to be inserted in the register in the proper place. This hearing shall be public; and any qualified elector shall have the right to challenge and to require proper proof of identity, as in the case of registry before the registrars. If any person is not satisfied with the decision of the commissioners, he may appeal to the court of common pleas, as in other cases. The commissioners shall also have power to investigate, on their own motion, any irregularities in registration, and shall have power to summon witnesses, to examine them under oath, and to require the production of the books and papers of the registrars. (Act 1907, Sec. 6, P. L. 141.)

The two registrars designated to keep the two registers shall obtain, at the office of the commissioners the blank books, forms, and other supplies prepared for their use, before the first registration day in the Fall, and before the Spring registration day, and shall have the same at the polling-place on said days. On registration days, and during the time from one such day to another, until the close of the Fall registration period, the said registrars shall have the custody and control, and shall be charged with the safe-keeping of, the registers in which they have made entries, together with all affidavits, forms, et cetera, which have been taken in duplicate, as hereinbefore provided. During the same periods, the other two registrars shall be charged with the safe-keeping of the street-lists which are in course of preparation by them. At the close of the registration, and before twelve o'clock noon on the following day, the two registrars who have been charged with the keeping of the registers shall deliver the same, together with one street list, all affidavits, vouchers, unused forms, et cetera, to the registration commissioners, at such place as may be designated by them. The said papers and books shall remain on file at a place designated by the commissioners, open to public inspection, under proper regulations for their safe-keeping; subject, however, to the further provisions of this act. The registration commissioners shall have power to appoint a chief clerk, and fix his compensation, at a sum not exceeding two thousand five hundred dollars per annum; a stenographer, who shall act as clerk, at a compensation not exceeding twelve hundred dollars per annum; and not more than fifteen clerks, for such time as may be necessary, at a compensation not exceeding three dollars per diem, for the time actually employed; and an attorney, whose compensation shall not exceed two thousand dollars per annum. (Act 1907, Sec. 7, P. L. 414.)

The county commissioners of each county, upon proper vouchers, shall provide for the payment of the commissioners, counsel, registrars, and other officers or clerks provided by this act. They shall furnish proper rooms for the accommodation of the commissioners and their records. They shall also, at the direction of the commissioners, prepare and have printed, at the expense of the county, all the registers, street lists, affidavits, blanks, blank books, and stationery required by the provisions of this act, or which, in the judgment of the commissioners, are reasonably necessary to carry out its provisions, and shall provide for their proper distribution to the commissioners and their registrars. It shall also be their duty to see that the polling-places are open and in proper order for the use of the registrars. They shall also deliver the two registers to the election officers, in the manner in which they are or may be required to deliver other election materials for use on election day. (Act 1907, Sec. 7, P. L. 414.)

Any person whose name is on the register shall be entitled to vote at any general, special, primary, or municipal election, unless it shall be shown to the satisfaction of the election officers that he has become disqualified since registration. Provided, That if a special election shall intervene between rigistration day and the next general or municipal election, the presence of the name of an elector on the list shall only be prima facie evidence of his right to vote. If his name is not registred he shall not be entitled to vote at any election. Before receiving his ballot every voter shall satisfy the election officers of his identity, and, if challenged, by signing his name in the place provided for that purpose, if able to do so, and by the production of such other evidence as is or may be required by law. (Act 1907, Sec. 8, P. L. 416.)

The two registers shall be used at elections, by the election officers, in the place of the ballot check-list and the voting check-list. One of the said registers shall be marked "Ballot check-list" and the other shall be marked "Voting check-list." After the polls are closed the names checked as having voted in the said two registers, shall be immediately counted, and the result announced before the ballot-box is opened. The two registers shall be immediately sealed in an envelope, and shall be returned to the custody of the commissioners when the ballot-box and other election returns are delivered to the proper officers. (Act 1907, Sec. 8, P. L. 416.)

E. PERSONAL REGISTRATION IN CITIES OF THE THIRD CLASS.

The county commissioners of each county in which is located cities or a city of the third class, shall not later than June fifteenth, in every year, appoint two registrars for each election precinct or ward to serve for a term of three years, and until their successors are duly qualified. The said registrars must be duly qualified electors of the precinct or ward for which they are appointed, and must have been residents of the city in which said precinct or ward is situated for a period of two years before their said appointment, and of the precinct or ward for one year immediately preceding the same. They must be sober and judicious persons, of good moral character, able to read intelligently and to write legibly. One of the said registrars shall be a member of the party polling the highest vote within the election precinct or ward at the last preceding election and the other shall be a member of the party polling the next highest vote. It is the intent of this act that at all times the Board of Registrars shall be, as nearly as may be, evenly divided in political faith, and, therefore, if it appears that at any time, by reason of a change in political affiliations or because of error in the appointment, the Board is not so evenly divided, any ten electors of the district may file a petition with the county commissioners, setting forth the facts, and praying that the changed or erroneous appointments may be revoked and another appointment made instead. The county commissioners shall grant a public hearing, and if they find the facts to be as represented, they shall give the relief asked for; but no registrar shall be removed merely because his party, at an election following his appointment, has polled a less number of votes in the district than some other party.

o person who holds, or is a candidate for, a public office, ·all act as registrar. (Act 1906, Sec. 1, P. L. 63.)

The county commissioners shall also be empowered to re-ove any of the said registrars for misconduct or malfeas-.ce in office. (Act 1906, Sec. 1, P. L. 63.)

The names of two suitable persons to be registrars shall suggested to the county commissioners, by petitions duly ed for each precinct or ward, by the party representatives the two leading parties of the precinct or ward. The titions shall be signed by five electors of the district, and all set forth the names, addresses, occupations, and politi-l affiliations of the persons suggested. The signers of the titions shall swear to the truth of the facts set forth erein. The petition shall remain on file, open to the pub-inspection, at least ten days before the persons named erein shall be appointed, except in cases where a vacancy curs in the office of registrar within ten days of a registra-on day, when the appointment can be made without such lay. If no petitions are filed, the county commissioners ay appoint without regard to party. No appointment shall made unless the person who desires to be appointed per-nally appears before the county commissioners and satis-s them of his qualifications. In case of reappointment, owever, it shall not be necessary for him to appear before em. (Act 1907, Sec. 1, P. L. 251.)

At least one week's notice of the time and place of the xamination of the suggested registrars shall be given by ie county commissioners, in the daily press; and any elector ay appear, either in person or by counsel, and object to ie qualification of any applicant. If the persons nomi-ated are found not to be properly qualified, the county ommissioners may decline to appoint them; and the party uthorities of the precinct or ward may then suggest another ame, or other names, for the said place or places. (Act 907, Sec. 1, P. L. 251.)

The registrars shall receive a compensation of five dollars day, for the time actually spent in the work of registra-on. (Act 1907, Sec. 1, P. L. 251.)

The registrars of each precinct or ward shall meet in the olling-places thereof, on the ninth Tuesday, seventh Tues-ay, and third Saturday preceding every November election, nd on the third Saturday preceding every Spring Primary; and shall remain in open session from eight ante meridian to one post meridian, two to six post meridian and from seven post meridian to ten post meridian, of each registration day. They shall, on said days, receive personal applications from persons who claim that they are entitled to be registered as voters. They shall have power to administer oaths, shall examine said applicants under oath, and shall record on the registers the names of such persons as are qualified to vote as herein provided. Two weeks' notice of the registration days shall be given, by the registrars posting notices at the polling-places. (Act 1907, Sec. 2, P. L. 253.)

Every person claiming the right to vote must appear in person before the registrars, in the precinct or ward in which he lives, prior to every November election; unless he is prevented by sickness or necessary absence from the city from apparing before the said registrars to be registered in person. In either of these cases, it shall be his right, at any time, to present his petition to the county commissioners; and in case they shall refuse to order his name placed on the registration list, the said petitioner may appeal to the court of common pleas of the district in which he resides, if the said court is in session, or, if not in session, to any judge thereof; whereupon the said court shall grant a rule upon the said county commissioners to show cause why the name of the said person should not be placed upon the registers; and the said court, or judge thereof, shall fix a day certain for the return of the said rule, at which time the parties can be heard; and upon the return of the said rule, upon a hearing duly had, if the said court or judge shall be satisfied that the facts set forth in the petition are true, and that the applicant was preveted by sickness or necessary absence from the city from appearing in person before the registrars and being registered, and is qualified to vote, the rule may be made absolute; and the registrars shall be directed to place the name of such person or persons upon the registers. (Act 1906, Sec. 4, P. L. 65.)

Every person appearing before the registrars, after being sworn, shall answer the questions put to him by them. These answers must be recorded on a single line, in two registers, which shall have the following form. The size and character of the registers shall be determined by the county commissioners:

Surname	Christian Name	Occupation	Present Residence		
			Street and Number	Lodger, Lessee, or Owner	Room or Floor occupied
1	2	3	4	5	6

Length of Residence		Place of Residence at time of last Registration				Place of Birth	Naturalization Papers produced, Yes or No	Tax Receipts produced, Yes or No
In State	In District	State	City	Street and Number	Year			
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15

No. of Affidavit of loss, if taken. If under 22 years of age, write "age".	Personal Description				If Challenged, No. of Challenge Affidavit	Voted		
	Color	Approximate Age	Tall, Short, or Medium	Approximate Weight				
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24

Immediately above the form shall be printed the following instructions: The applicant must be sworn or affirmed that the information given by him in reference to his right to be registered shall be the truth. Any wilful false statement constitutes perjury, and is punishable as such. (Act 1906, Sec. 4, P. L. 65.)

Every register shall be indexed alphabetically from A to Z. The answers of the applicants shall be recorded in their presence, in both registers, in the following manner: In the first column shall be entered the surname of the applicant, in the order of his appearance at the polling-place, on the page bearing the index letter of his surname; in the second column shall be entered his Christian name or names; in the third column his occupation; in the fourth column, the street and number of his residence; in the fifth or sixth columns, whether he is a lodger, lessee or owner, and, if he is a lodger or is lessee of a portion only of a house, the location or number of the room or floor which he occupies; in the seventh and eighth columns shall be entered the length of his residence in the State and district, respectively; in the ninth, tenth, eleventh and twelfth columns, the location of the house from which he last registered, giving State, city, street and number, respectively, and the year in which he so registered; in the thirteenth column, the State or territory of the United States, or the foreign country, where he was born; in the fourteenth column, whether, being foreign born, he produces his naturalization papers; in the fifteenth and sixteenth columns, the manner in which he complies with the law to the payment of taxes as a qualification of the to vote, whether by the production of his receipt or g affidavit; if the applicant is less than twenty-two ge, the word "age" shall be recorded in said col- e seventeenth, eighteenth, nineteenth, and twen- ns. his personal description, designating whether ored, his approximate age, height and weight; y-first column shall be entered the number of affidavit of every person who is required to it; in the twenty-second, twenty-third, and twenty-fourth columns the election officers shall record, one register, the obtaining of the ballot, and, in the othe the casting of the vote of the registered elector at the ge eral, municipal or special election, as hereinafter provide (Act 1906, Sec. 4, P. L. 65.)

Every person who possesses the qualifications of an ele tor, as provided in the Constitution and laws of this Cor monwealth, or who by continued residence in his electio precinct or ward will obtain such qualifications before th next ensuing election, shall be entitled to be registered. (A 1906, Sec. 5, P. L. 68.)

Any person claiming the right to register may be cha lenged by a registrar or by any elector of the precinct ward. Any person so challenged shall answer the questio of the challenge affidavit, as herein specified; and after h answers have been recorded, he shall sign and swear, or a firm, to the ir truth. He shall also make affidavit at th same time, of the truth of his answers as recorded in th registers, and which he shall be deemed to have examine or had read to him. The affidavits of all persons so regi tered shall, at the close of each day of registration, be nu bered and filed. The challenge affidavit shall be in the fo lowing form:

Number.....
.....Election precinct, ...Ward.
City of.....
State of Pennsylvania, } ss:
County of.....
What is your full name?.....
Are you married or single?.....
If married, where does your family reside?.....
If single, where do your parents reside?.....
Where did you actually reside immediately prior to takin up your present residence?.....
Give your residence for the last four months,.....
What is the name of your present employer?.....
Where is his place of business,.....

What is the name of your last employer?.....
Where is, or was, his place of business?.....
Have you read, or had read to you, the information given by you as recorded in the register?.....

I, the undersigned, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have read, or had read to me, the information recorded opposite my name in the register of the.....precinct of the.....ward, on page....., and that said information, as well as that recorded in this affidavit, is the truth.

.....and subscribed,
this.....day of.....190..
(Signature of applicant.)

.....
Registrar.

Registrar's Description of Applicant.

Distinguishing marks, ...
Other peculiarities, ...
Color of hair, ...
.....
.....
.....
.....
Registrars.

The challenged applicant shall produce such further proof as the law requires challenged persons to produce on election day, and it shall be the duty of the registrars to require it before permitting him to be registered. All persons claiming the right to vote by reason of naturalization shall be required to produce the proper naturalization papers, or a certified copy thereof, before they shall be registered; but no such person shall be required to produce his papers a second time in the same precinct or ward unless he is challenged. Whenever the applicant is rejected, after a portion of the record has been filled in, a line shall be drawn through the record already made, and the registrars shall note on said line the reason for the rejection, and shall add their initials thereto. (Act 1906, Sec. 6, P. L. 69.)

On the registration day preceding the Spring Primary, the registrars shall, in addition to the registration of electors, strike from the list the names of such persons as shall be proven, to their satisfaction, by the affidavits of at least two qualified electors of the precinct or ward, to have died, or removed from the district, since the last registration. (Act 1907, Sec. 3, P. L. 254.)

Parties or bodies of electors, who are now, or hereafter may be entitled to have watchers at the general election, shall be allowed to appoint not more than three electors of the precinct or ward to act as watchers in each place of registry, without expense to the county, on each registration day. No more than one watcher from such party shall be allowed in the registry place at any one time. Each watcher shall be provided with a certificate from the county commissioners, stating his name and the party or policy he represents. Watchers shall be entitled to be present during all of the public sessions herein provided for, and shall be required to show their certificates when requested to do so. They shall have the power to challenge. (Act 1906, Sec. 8, P. L. 70.)

No more than six electors, other than the registrars and the watchers herein provided for, shall be allowed in the registry room at any one time. (Act 1906, Sec. 9, P. L. 70.)

At the end of each day's registration the registrars shall compare the two registers, so kept, and cause any errors in either of them to be corrected by aid of the entries in the other, so as to make the same agree, where there is any difference between them. The registrars shall then sign their initials, on the line immediately under the last names registered, under each letter, in both books, together with the date. At the close of both Fall and Winter registrations, the registrars shall sign a certificate, the form of which shall be printed on the last page of the registers, setting forth the number of person registered on each day and the number of names which have been stricken out, if any. (Act 1906, Sec. 10, P. L. 70.)

If any citizen shall object to the action of the registrars in accepting or rejecting any claim for registration, he may file his petition with the county commissioners, setting forth the ground of his complaint, within ten days. If the complaint is to the acceptance of a claim, notice to the claimant shall be given by leaving a written or printed notice at his place of residence, as given by him to the registrars and recorded on the registers. When such petitions are filed the county commissioners shall fix a time and place for hearing them, sufficiently in advance of the election to enable the same to be heard and disposed of prior thereto, and to have a review thereof by the courts. Such hearing shall be public, before the county commissioners, and the registers of voters may be amended, either by the insertion of a new name or the cancellation of a name already on the registers, or otherwise, as the county commissioners may order. The county commissioners may enforce their orders as herein provided, or may make the amendments themselves or by their clerks. All such applications for correcting the registers must be made not later than ten days prior to an election. (Act 1906, Sec. 11, P. L. 71.)

The applicant, or any elector who is not satisfied with the decision of the county commissioners, may petition the court of common pleas, setting forth the reasons why he feels that injustice has been done, and thereupon the said court of common pleas may, in its discretion, allow an appeal to it from the decision of the county commissioners. And the said court, after a public hearing, may reverse, affirm or alter the decision of the county commissioners. Said appeals must be made not later than five days preceding an election. (Act 1906, Sec. 11, P. L. 71.)

The registrars shall obtain, at the office of the county commissioners, the blank books, forms and other supplies prepared for their use, before the first registration day, and shall have the same at the polling-place on the said day. On registration days, and during the time from one such day to another, until the close of the registration period, the said registrars shall have the custody and control, and shall be charged with the safe-keeping, of the registers in which they have made entries, together with all affidavits, forms, and so forth, which have been taken in duplicate, as hereinbefore provided. At the close of the registration, and before twelve o'clock noon of the following day, the registrars shall deliver the registers, together with all affidavits, vouchers, unused forms, etc., to the offices of the county commissioners and the said papers shall remain there on file, open to public inspection, under proper regulations for their safe-keeping; subject, however, to the further provisions of this act. On Saturday or Monday prior to the Spring Primary, the said registrars shall obtain from said office, each, the register kept by him, together with a sfficient number of blank forms and other supplies, and shall have the same at the polling-place for use on the registration day; and, as before, shall be charged with the safe-keeping of said records before noon of the day following the registration day. (Act 1907 Sec. 4, P. L. 254.)

The county commissioners of each county, upon proper vouchers, shall provide for the payment of the registrars provided by this act. They shall furnish proper rooms for the accommodation of themselves and their records. They shall also prepare and have printed, at the expense of the county, all the registers, affidavits, blanks, blank books, and stationery required by the provisions of this act, or which are reasonably necessary to carry out its provisions, and shall provide for their proper distribution to the registrars. It shall also be their duty to see that the polling-places are open and in proper order for the use of the registrars. They shall also deliver the two registers to the election officers, in the manner in which they are or may be required to deliver other materials for use on election day. (Act 1907, Sec. 4, P. L. 254.)

Any person whose name is on the register shall be entitled to vote at any general, special, municipal or primary election, unless it shall be shown to the satisfaction of the election officers, that he is no longer a resident of the election district in which he is registered: Provided. That if a special election shall intervene between registration day and the next general or municipal election, the presence of the name of an elector on the list shall only be prima facie evidence of his right to vote. If his name is not registered he shall not be entitled to vote at any election. Before receiving his ballot every voter shall satisfy the election officers of his identity, and, if challenged, by signing his name in the place provided for that purpose, if able to do so, and by the production of such other evidence as is or may be required by law. (Act 1907, Sec. 5, P. L. 256.)

The two registers shall be used at elections by the election officers, in the place of the ballot check-list and the voting check-list. One of the said registers shall be marked "ballot check-list," and the other shall be marked "voting check-list." After the polls are closed the names checked as having voted, in the said two registers, shall be immediately counted, and the result announced before the ballot box is opened. The two registers shall then be immediately sealed up in an envelope, and shall be returned to the custody of the county commissioners when the ballot box and other election returns are delivered to the proper officers. (Act 1906, Sec. 13, P. L. 72.)

II. METHODS OF NOMINATION

A. UNIFORM PRIMARIES

A primary election shall be held in each year in every election district in which nominations are to be made or delegates or party officers elected, on the first Saturday of June, except in years when a President of the United States is to be elected, in which it shall be held on the second Saturday of April, for the following purposes.

a. The election of delegates to State and National Conventions (except delegates at large to National Conventions, which shall be elected by the State Convention) by any party or body of electors one of whose candidates at either the general or municipal election preceding polled two per centum of the largest entire vote cast in the State for any candidate at the last general election.

b. The nomination of candidates for all offices to be filled at the November election (except those nominated by National and State Conventions) by any political party or body of electors, one of whose candidates at either the general or municipal election preceding polled two per centum of the largest entire vote cast in the political district in which nominations are to be made for any candidate at the last general election.

c. The election of such party officers, by any party as defined in paragraph b, as are provide for by the rules of the party to be elected by vote of the party electors. (Act 1906, Sec. 2, P. L. 36.)

No delegates to State or National Conventions, or officers of parties shall be elected, or candidates for the public offices herein specified be nominated, in any other manner than as set forth in sections 78 to 115 of this Code: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall prevent the nomination of candidates for borough or township office, or other offices not herein specifically enumerated, in the manner provided by section 116 of this Code; or any association of electors, not constituting a party, from nominating candidates by nomination papers, as is provided by existing laws. (Act 1906, Sec. 2, P. L. 36.)

This act shall not apply to the nomination of candidates for Presidential electors, or to the nomination of candidates to be voted for at special elections to fill vacancies; but it shall not be construed to prevent the nomination of Presidential electors at primaries, if the rules of the respective parties so provide. (Act 1906, Sec. 2, P. L. 36.)

On or before the ninth Saturday preceding the primary, the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall send to the county commissioners in each county a written notice, setting forth the number of Congressmen and officers of the Commonwealth, not nominated by State conventions, to be elected or voted for therein at the next succeeding election. (Act 1906, Sec. 3, P. L. 37.)

On or before the same date the chairman of the State committee of each party shall send to the county commissioners awritten notice, setting forth the number of delegates to be elected in such county to the State and National Convention of such party. (Act 1906, Sec. 3, P. L. 37.)

On or before the same date the chairman of the county committee of each party shall send to the county commissioners of such county a written notice, setting forth the names of all party offices to be filled by election at the ensuing primary. (Act 1906, Sec. 3, P. L. 37.)

Upon receipt of such notices, and beginning within one week thereafter, such county commissioners shall publish the number of delegates to be elected to the State and National Conventions of each party, together with the names of all offices for which nominations are to be made or candidates for the party offices to be elected, within the county, at the ensuing primary, at least once each week for three successive weeks, in two newspapers of general circulation published within the county, wherever such course is possible. Such newspapers, so far as practicable, shall be representative of different political parties. (Act 1906, Sec. 4, P. L. 37.)

Official primary ballots for each party shall be prepared by the county commissioners. These ballots shall be printed on white paper of uniform quality, shall be uniform in size, style of printing and general appearance. (Act 1906, Sec. 4, P. L. 37.)

The ballot for each party shall be in the following form:

.....PRIMARY BALLOT

.....Party.)

(Name of.....Ward, City of.....

.....District, ...State of Pennsylvania

County of.....day of.....190.

Primary held on the.....

Make a cross (X) in the square to the right of each candidate for whom you wish to vote. If you desire to vote for a person whose name is not on the ballot, write or paste his name in the blank space provided for that purpose.

DELEGATES TO STATE CONVENTION..

(Vote for.....)

John Doe (Favors Thomas Smith for Governor)....

Richard Roe, ...

John Stiles (Favors Henry Jones for Governor)....

MEMBER OF CONGRESS.....DISTRICT.

(Vote for one.)

John Doe, ...

Richard Roe, ...

John Stiles, ...

STATE SENATOR.....DISTRICT.

(Vote for one.)

John Doe, ...

Richard Roe, ...

John Stiles, ...

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

(Vote for one.)

John Doe, ...

Richard Roe, ...

John Stiles, ...

PARTY COMMITTEEMEN.

(Vote for ....)

John Doe, ...

Richard Roe, ...

John Stiles, ...

(And on the back of such ballot shall also be printed in prominent type the name of the party.) (Act 1906, Sec. 4, P. L. 37.)

The ballot shall vary in form only as the names of offices and candidates may require. The names of the candidates shall appear in alphabetical order under the respective offices. The voter may designate his choice, as is indicated by the instructions shown on the form of ballot above set forth. (Act 1906, Sec. 4, P. L. 37.)

Each candidate for delegate shall have the right, by filing a request with the county commissioners, to have printed at the right of his name upon the official ballot, in the space provided for that purpose, the name of the candidate whom he will support in the convention. (Act 1906, Sec. 4, P. L. 37.)

The names of candidates shall be printed upon the official ballot of a designated party, upon the filing of petitions, signed by qualified electors of the political district division within which the nomination or election is to be made, setting forth that the signers thereof are members of the party designated. (Act 1906, Sec. 5, P. L. 39.)

The said petitions, in the case of candidates for Congress or for State offices, shall be filed at least four weeks prior to the primary, with the Secretary of the Commonwealth; and in all other cases shall be filed, at least three weeks

prior to the primary, with the county commissioners of the respective counties. (Act 1906, Sec. 5, P. L. 39.)

The number of signers shall be as follows:

1. Candidates for nomination for members of Congress, Judges of the various courts and State Senator, two hundred qualified electors.

2. Candidates for nomination for members of the State House of Representatives, and for offices to be voted for by the entire county, fifty qualified electors.

3. Candidates for nomination for all other offices, for delegates to State and National conventions, and for party offices, ten qualified electors. (Act 1906, Sec. 5, P. L. 39.)

The Secretary of the Commonwealth, immediately after the filing of the said petitions with him, shall forward to the county commissioners of each county a correct list of the candidates of each party for the various offices, as contained in such petitions. (Act 1906, Sec. 6, P. L. 39.)

The county commissioners shall have on file in their office, at least one week preceding the primary, open to public inspection, forms of the ballots with the names printed thereon, which shall be used in each election district within such county. (Act 1906, Sec. 6, P. L. 39.)

The county commissioners shall prepare, and furnish to the election officers for use at the primaries, as many official ballots of each party as are equal to double the total number of votes cast for any candidate of said party, within the election district, at the last general election: Provided, That the county commissioners shall furnish such additional number of ballots, in any election district, as may be requested in writing by the chairman of the county committee of any party; such requests must be filed with the county commissioners two weeks before the primary. (Act 1906, Sec. 7, P. L. 39.)

The county commissioners shall also furnish one-fourth as many specimen ballots as the whole number of official ballots, to be printed on colored paper, and to be of the same size and form as the official ballot, for the use of the electors at the polls. (Act 1906, Sec. 7, P. L. 39.)

The official ballots shall be bound, in books of one hundred each, in the same manner as ballots at elections; and shall be delivered to the officers of election in the same manner as ballots are or hereafter may be required by law to be delivered to officers of election, for use at elections (Act 1906, Sec. 7, P. L. 39.)

The county commissioners shall prepare, and furnish to the election officers, at the primaries, such ballot-boxes, properly numbered for each election district, lists of voters, forms, blanks, return sheets, blank books and other supplies as they are, or hereafter may be, required to furnish, by law, to said officers for use at elections, and shall deliver them in the same manner as at elections. The said supplies shall have printed upon them appropriate instructions, and shall be in appropriate form for use at the primaries. They shall also provide for the opening of the polling-places, for the compensation of the owners thereof, shall see that they are in proper order, and provided with voting booths, as at elections. (Act 1906, Sec. 7, P. L. 39.)

The primaries shall be conducted by the regular election boards, duly elected under existing laws, who shall receive one-half the compensation for their services that they receive at elections. Inspectors of elections shall have the right to appoint clerks to assist them, as at elections, who shall receive one-half the compensation that clerks receive for such services at elections. Vacancies on election boards shall be filled in the manner now provided by law. Before entering upon their duties the election officers and clerks shall be sworn as is now required by law. (Act 1906, Sec. 8, P. L. 40.)

The polls shall be open between the hours of two post meridian and eight post meridian: Provided, That all persons licensed to sell liquors, either at wholesale or retail, or as bottlers, shall be compelled to keep their places of business closed, on said days for holding said primary elections, only between the hours of one o'clock post meridian and nine o'clock post meridian. (Act 1906, Sec. 8, P. L. 40.)

Primaries shall be conducted in conformity with the laws governing the conduct of general elections, in so far as the same are not modified by the provisions of this act or are not inconsistent with its terms: But, provided, That no elector shall be permitted to receive any assistance in marking his ballot, unless he shall first make an affidavit that he cannot read the names on the ballot, or that by reason of physical disability he is unable to mark his ballot. (Act 1906, Sec. 8, P. L. 40.)

The county commissioners shall keep an accurate account of the entire expense of holding such primaries, including the preparation and delivery of supplies, voting materials, et cetera, and the total amount shall be paid, in the first instance, by the county treasurer, upon the order of the county commissioners. As soon as convenient thereafter, the county commissioners shall prepare an itemized statement of the amount so paid, verified by oath, and send the same, accompanied by the receipted vouchers, to the Auditor General, who, if he finds the same correct, shall draw a warrant on the State Treasurer, for the proper county, for the amount so approved, which shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of the money in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated. (Act 1906, Sec. 9, P. L. 41.)

The qualifications of electors entitled to vote at a primary shall be the same as the qualifications of electors entitled to vote at elections, within the election district where the primary is held. Each elector shall prove his qualifications and his identity in the same manner in which electors in the election district in which he offers to vote are, or hereafter may be, required by law to prove their qualifications or identity, on election day. (Act 1906, Sec. 10, P. L. 41.)

Each elector shall have the right to receive the ballot of the party for which he asks: Provided, That if he is challenged, he shall be required to make oath or affirmation that, at the next preceding general election at which he voted he voted for a majority of the candidates of the party for whose ballot he asks. (Act 1906, Sec. 10, P. L. 41.)

Upon executing such affidavit the voter shall be entitled to receive the ballot for which he has called, and to cast his vote according to law. (Act 1906, Sec. 10, P. L. 41.)

The ballot-boxes, lists of voters (a copy of which shall be posted outside the polling-place), and other records shall be delivered into the custody of the officers who now are, or hereafter may be, required by law to keep similar records of election. (Act 1906, Sec. 11, P. L. 41.)

Upon the closing of the polls at such primary election, the election officers shall forthwith proceed to open the ballot-boxes and take therefrom the ballots, and first count the number cast for each party, and make a record thereof; and then count the vote cast for the different persons named upon said party ballots; and, when said count is finally completed, they shall certify, in due and proper form, to the number of votes cast for each person upon the respective party tickets. They shall then replace the ballots, counted and canvassed, in the boxes, and lock the same. They shall place the returns of votes and the register of voters, aforesaid, for each party, in separate envelopes, and seal the same; which said envelopes shall, on or before noon of the Tuesday following, be deposited by the judge of election in person, or by registered mail, with the county commissioners, who shall on the succeeding day, at noon, publicly commence the computation and canvassing of the returns, and continue the same from day to day until completed; and for that purpose to have the right to petition the court of common pleas for the use of its processes to enforce the provisions of this act in relation to the returns of the election officers. (Act 1906, Sec. 11, P. L. 41.)

Upon petition of ten qualified electors, of any county, setting forth that fraud has been committed in any election district of said county, together with a statement of the reasons why such an assertion is made, it shall be the duty of the county commissioners to open the ballot-box of the said district and to recount the votes. Any person aggrieved by any decision of the county commissioners relative to the counting of the votes may appeal thereform to the court of common pleas of the proper county, whose duty it shall be to hear said appeal, and to make such decree as right and justice shall require: Provided, however, That in case of a contest of delegates to a State convention, such contests shall be determined by the State convention, according to the rules of their respective parties. Contests of primaries shall be originated and conducted as in the case of elections. (Act 1906, Sec. 11, P. L. 41.)

The county commissioners shall make the proper certification of returns of votes cast for the candidates for nomination for members of Congress or for State offices to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, who shall tabulate the same,

and shall certify to the county commissioners the result of the computation of the vote for such offices, at least forty days prior to the election. (Act 1906, Sec. 11, P. L. 41.)

Candidates for offices of the Commonwealth, to be voted for by electors of the State at large, shall be nominated by the State conventions, for which delegates are elected in accordance with the terms of this act. The delegates who receive a plurality of the vote of party electors at the Spring primary shall be the duly elected delegates to the respective State and National conventions. (Act 1907, Sec. 1, P. L. 199.)

Candiates for nomination, as provided herein, who receive a plurality of votes of any party at a primary meeting, shall be the candidates of that party, and it shall be the duty of the proper officers to print their names upon the official ballots, for use at the election, as is now or hereafter may be required by law. (Act 1907, Sec. 1, P. L. 199.)

Candidates for party offices, who receive a plurality of the votes cast for such candidates, shall be the party officers of such party. (Act 1907, Sec. 1, P. L. 199.)

In case of a tie, the candidates receiving the tie vote shall cast lots before the county commissioners or the Secretary of the Commonwealth, as the case may be, and the one to whom the lot shall fall shall be entitled to the nomination or election. (Act 1907, Sec. 1, P. L. 199.)

Vacancies happening or existing after the date of the primary may be filled in accordance with the party rules, as is now or hereafter may be provided by law. (Act 1907, Sec. 1, P. L. 199.)

Each candidate shall be entitled to have two watchers at the primaries, as at elections, only one of whom shall be entitled to be within the polling room at one time. Their rights, duties and methods of appointment shall be as at elections. Each party or candidate may, at any time before the primary, present a petition to the court of common pleas of the proper county, setting forth the fact that it or he has reason to believe that in a certain district or districts fraud or unfair methods may be attempted; and if, upon a consideration of the facts presented in said petition, the court shall be of the opinion that said application is made in good faith, the said court shall appoint an overseer for said petitioner or petitioners, who shall be entitled to remain within the polling-place during the casting and the counting of the ballots. (Act 1906, Sec. 13, P. L. 43.)

No police officer in commission, whether in uniform or in citizens clothes, shall be within one hundred feet of a polling place during the conduct of a primary election, unless in the exercise of his privilege of voting, or for the purpose of the serving of warrants or the preserving of the peace. (Act 1906, Sec. 14, P. L. 43.)

B. NOMINATIONS BY CONVENTIONS AND BY NOMINATION PAPERS.

Any convention of delegates, or primary meeting of electors, or caucus held under the rules of a political party, or any board authorized to certify nominations representing a political party, which, at the election next preceding, polled at least two per centum of the largest entire vote for any office cast in the State, or in the electoral district or division thereof for which such primary meeting, caucus, convention or board, desires to make or certify nominations, may nominate one candidate for each office other than offices for which nominations are regulated by Sections 78 to 115 of this Code, which is to be filled in the State, or in the said district or division, at the next ensuing election by causing a certificate of nomination to be drawn up and filed as hereinafter provided. Every such certificate of nomination shall be signed by the presiding officer and the secretary or secretaries of the convention, or primary meeting, or caucus, or board, who shall add thereto their places of residence, and shall be sworn or affirmed to by them before an officer qualified to administer oaths, to be true to the best of their knowledge and belief, and a certificate of the oath shall be annexed to the certificate of nomination: Provided, That if any political party has by its rules provided for a registration of candidates for nominations, and at the time limited for such registration, or at any subsequent time, by reason of withdrawal or other cause there shall be no more candidates for any office registered or remaining than are to be elected to such office, the person or persons so registered or remaining shall be deemed the nominee or nominees, with the same effect as if he or they had been nominated by a convention or primary meeting, or caucus, or board. And one or more or all the officers of the committee of such political party with which such registration shall be made, or the officer with whom it is made, shall make a certificate of such nomination in the same manner and with the same effect as if there had been a nomination by a convention or primary meeting or caucus or board. (Act 1897, Sec. 1, P. L. 179.)

Nominations of candidates for any public office other than candidates of political parties for offices for which nominations are regulated by sections 78 to 115 of this Code, may also be made by nomination papers, signed by qualified electors of the State, or of the electoral district or division thereof for which the nomination is made, and filed in the proper office as provided in Section 119 of this Code. Blank forms for making such nomination shall be furnished by the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and no other form than the ones so prescribed shall be used for such purpose. Where the nomination is for any office to be filled by the voters of the State-at-large, the number of qualified electors of the State signing such nomination paper, shall be at least one-half of one per centum of the largest vote for any officer elected in the State at the last preceding election at which a State officer was voted for. In the case of all other nominations the number of qualified electors of the electoral district or division, signing such nomination paper, shall be at least two per centum of the largest entire vote for any officer elected at the last preceding election in the said electoral district or division for which said nomination papers are designed to be made. Each elector signing a nomination paper shall add to his signature his place of residence and occupation, and no person may subscribe to more than one nomination for each office to be filled. The signature to each nomination paper and the qualification of the signers shall be vouched for by the affidavit of at least five of the signers thereof, which affidavit shall accompany the nomination paper: Provided, That if five of the electors composing any political body making a nomination by nomination papers shall file with the prothonotary of the county in which the nomination paper or papers are to be filed an affidavit setting forth that they have adopted a certain political appellation to designate their policy, subject to the limitations of this act regarding the selection of names, that thereafter such political body shall have the exclusive right to use the said name or appellation for the election for which such nomination or nominations are made, provided that a certificate from the prothonotary setting forth such a compliance with the act be filed with the nomination papers filed by such political body. (Act 1897, Sec. 1, P. L. 223.)

All certificates of nomination and nomination papers shall specify: One (1). The party or policy which such candidate represents, expressed in not more than three words; in the case of electors of President and Vice-President of the United States, the names of the candidates for President and Vice-President shall be added to the party or political appellation. Two (2). The name of each candidate nominated therein, his profession, business or occupation, if any, and his place of residence, with the street and number thereon, if any. Three (3). The office for which such candidate is nominated: Provided, That no words shall be used in any nomination papers, to describe or designate the party or policy, or political appellation, represented by the candidate named in such nomination papers as aforesaid, identical with the words used for the like purposes in certificates of nominations made by a convention of delegates, or primary meeting of electors, or caucus held under the rules of a political party, or any board authorized to certify nominations, representing a political party which, at the last preceding election, polled two per centum of the largest vote cast: And provided further, That any objections filed to a nomination certificate or paper on account of the party or political appellation used therein, or involving the right as defined by Sections 116 and 117 of this Code, to file such certificate or paper, shall be decided by the court of common pleas on hearing as hereinfter provided. (Act 1897, Sec. 2, P. L. 224.)

Certificates of nomination for candidates for the offices of presidential electors and members of the House of Representatives of the United States and for State offices in cases where nominations to such officers may by law be made by certificate of nomination or nomination papers, including those of judges, Senators and Representatives, shall

be filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth at least forty-two days before the day of election for which the candidates are nominated, and nomination papers for candidates for the said offices shall be filed with the said Secretary at least thirty-five days before the day of such election. Certificates of nomination and nomination papers for candidates for all other offices in cases where nominations to such offices may by law be made by certificate of nomination or nomination papers, except township and borough offices, shall be filed with the county commissioners of the respective counties at least twenty-eight and twenty-one days, respectively, before the day of election. Certificates of nomination and nomination papers for candidates for township and borough offices, and election officers and school directors in the same shall be filed with the county commissioners at least eighteen and fifteen days, respectively, before the day of election. In determining or reckoning any period of time mentioned in this act, the day upon which the act is done, paper filed or notice given, shall be excluded therefrom, and the day of election shall be included in the calculation or reckoning. (Act 1897, Sec. 3, P. L. 225.)

It shall be the duty of the officer or officers to whom any nomination certificate or paper is brought for the purpose of filing, to examine the said certificate or paper, and if it lack sufficient signatures or be otherwise manifestly defective, it shall not be filed, but the action of said officer or officers in refusing to receive a certificate or paper, may be reviewed by the court of common pleas of the county upon an application for a mandamus to compel its reception as of the date when it was brought to the office. All nominations, certificates and papers which have been filed shall be deemed valid, unless objections thereto are duly made, by writing filed in the court of common pleas of the county in which the certificate or paper objected to has been filed, and with the officer or officers with whom such certificates have been filed, and within the following periods:

First. In the case of certificates and papers filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth, at least thirty-five days before the day of election, in the case of certificates of nomination, and at least twenty-eight days before the day of election, in the case of nomination papers.

Second. In case of other certificates and papers, except those designed for borough and township officers, at least eighteen days before the day of election.

Third. In the case of other certificates and papers, designed for borough and township officers, at least twelve days before the day of election. In case the court is in session, one or more judges thereof shall proceed to hear such objections, without unnecesary adjournment or delay, and shall give such hearing precedence over all other business before him or them. With respect to certificates and papers filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth, such objections shall be heard, and finally determined, at least sixteen days before the day of election. In case the court is not in session, any judge thereof, on the presentation to him of the certificate of the prothonotary that such objecions have been filed, as aforesaid, shall proceed to hear such objection as aforesaid. No objection, of any nature whatever, shall be filed unless accompanied by proper proof of service of notice of the proposed objection upon at least one of the candidates named in the certificate or paper objected to, nor shall any objections be heard in the absence of any of the said candidates without proof of service or notice of the hearing upon them. If the court decide that the certificate or paper objected to was not filed by parties entitled, under this act, to file the same, it shall be wholly void; but if it be adjudged defective only, the court shall indicate the matters as to which it requires amendment, and the time within which such amendment must be made; and every certificate or paper, amended after the time when the names therein contained have been sent to the sheriff, shall be subject to the provisions of this act concerning substituted nominations. In case the objections filed to any nomination are not sustained by the court, the petitioner or petitioners shall be liable for and shall pay the whole of the costs of such proceedings, including all witness fees. The officers with whom nomination certificates and papers have been filed shall permit the political parties, or bodies, who have filed them, to amend them of their own motion, at any time prior to the printing of the ballot. (Act 1903, Sec. 1, P. L. 224.)

Any person whose name has been presented as a candidate may cause his name to be withdrawn from nomination, by request in writing signed by him and acknowledged before an officer qualified to take acknowledgments of deeds, and filed in the office where his nomination certificate or paper is on file fifteen days, or in the case of township and borough elections twelve days, previous to the day of the election; and no name so withdrawn shall be printed upon the ballots. (Act 1893, Sec. 7, P. L. 421.)

Where any office not in court of record shall for any cause become vacant after the time for making nominations for such office shall have elapsed, or when a writ for a special election to supply a vacancy shall direct such election to be held at a date which would prevent the making of nominations in time to comply with section 119 of this Code, nominations for the office to be filled may still be made in accordance with sections 116 and 117 of this Code, but in other respects the provisions of section 126 of this Code shall apply to such nominations. (Act 1893, Sec. 7, P. L. 421.)

All certificates of nomination and nomination papers when filed shall be open under proper regulations to public inspection, and shall be preserved not less than two years in the offices where they have been filed. (Act 1893, Sec. 8, P. L. 421.)

The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall, fourteen days at least previous to the day of any election of United States or State officers, or for the adoption of amendemtns to the Constitution of this Commonwealth, transmit to the county commissioners and the sheriff in each county, in which such election is to be held, duplicate official lists, stating the names and residences of, and parties or policies represented by, all candidates whose nomination certificates or papers have been filed with him as herein provided for such election, and have not been found and declared to be invalid as provided in section six, and to be voted for at each voting place in each county, respectively, substantially in the form of the ballots to be used therein; duplicate copies of the text of all proposed constitutional amendments to be voted upon at such election. The county commissioners of each county shall also send to the sheriff of their county, at least ten days prior to the day of any general election, an official list, containing the names and party or political appellations of all candidates whose nomination certificates or papers have been filed with the said commissioners, as herein provided for such election, and to be voted for at each voting place in the county, substantally in the form of the ballots to be used therein. (Act 1903, Sec. 1, P. L. 338.)

In case of the death or withdrawal of any candidate nominated as herein provided, the party convention, primary meeting, caucus or board, or the citizens who nominated such candidate, may nominate a substitute in his place, by filling in the proper office at any time before the day of election, a nomination certificate or paper which shall conform to all the requirements of this act in regard to original certificates or papers: Provided, That if the said convention or citizen shall have authorized any committee, or if any executive committee of any political party be authorized by the rules of said party, to make nominations in the event of the death or withdrawal of candidates, the said convention shall not be required to reconvene nor the said citizens to sign a new nomination paper, but the said committee shall have power to file the requisite nomination certificate or paper, which shall recite the facts of the appointment and powers of the said committee (naming all its members), of the death, or withdrawal of the candidate, and of the action of the committee thereon, and the truth of these facts shall be verified by the affidavit annexed to the certificate or paper of two members of the committee, and also of at least two of the officers of the convention who made affidavit in support of the original certificate, or two of the citizens who made affidavit to the original paper: And provided also, That in case of a substituted nomination paper not filed by a committee, but signed by citizens, it shall only be necessary that two-thirds of the signers of the said paper shall have been signers of the original paper. (Act 1893, Sec. 11, P. L. 424.)

All substituted nomination certificates or papers may be objected to as provided in section 120 of this Code, and if a substituted certificate or paper be filed after the last day for filing the original certificate or paper, objections must

be made within four days after the filing, and no objections as to form and conformity to law shall be received after the time set for printing the ballots. (Act 1893, Sec. 12, P. L. 424.)

As soon as any substituted candidate shall have been duly nominated, his name shall be substituted by the proper officers in the place of that of the candidate who has died or withdrawn so far as time may allow, and in case a substituted nomination be filed with or transmitted to the county commissioners after the ballots have been printed, the said commissioners shall prepare and distribute with the ballots suitable slips of paper bearing the substituted name, together with the title of the office, and having adhesive paste upon the reverse side, which shall be offered to each voter with the regular ballot and may be affixed thereto. (Act 1893, Sec. 12, P. L. 424.)

III. FORM OF BALLOT.

When Presidential electors are to be voted for, the names of candidates for Presidential electors shall be arranged in party groups, as represented in the several certificates of party nomination and nomination papers, and the groups shall be printed upon the ballot in order of the vote obtained in the State, at the last Presidential election, by the parties nominating, beginning with the party which obtained the highest vote: Provided, That in the case of political parties not represented on the ballot in the last Presidential election, the order of arrangement shall be alphabetically. (Act 1903, Sec 2, P. L. 340.)

At the head of each group of candidates shall be printed the appropriate party name or political appellation, together with the surnames of the candidates of such party for President and Vice-President, underneath which shall be printed the names of the appropriate candidates for Presidential electors. (Act 1903, Sec. 2, P. L. 340.)

At the right of the space containing the surnames of the candidates for President and Vice-President, and their party name or political appellation, there shall be a square, of sufficient size for the convenient insertion of a cross-mark (X), and at the right of the name of each candidtae for Presidential elector, there shall be a similar, but smaller, square. (Act 1903, Sec. 2, P. L. 340.)

The names of candidates for all other offices shall, in all cases, be arranged under the title of the office for which they are candidates, and be printed in the order of the votes obtained for the head of the respective tickets of the parties or bodies nominating at the last Presidential election, beginning with the party obtaining the highest vote: Provided, That in the case of parties not represented on the ballot at the last Presidential election, the name of the nominees of such parties shall be arranged alphabetically, according to the party name or political appellation. At the right of the name of each nominee, or candidate, shall be printed the name or appellation of the political party presenting or nominating him, and at the right of such party name, or political appellation, there shall be a square of sufficinet size for the convenient insertion of a cross-mark. (Act 1903, Sec. 2, P. L. 340.)

Whenever any candidate shall receive more than one nomination for the same office, his name shall be printed once, and the names of each political party, so nominating him, shall be printed to the right of the name of such candidate, arranged in the same order as candidates' names are grouped, that is to say, in the order of the votes obtained by such party at the last preceding Presidential election, beginning with the party obtaining the highest vote. If such candidate shall be nominated by any political party not represented on the ballot in the last Presidential election, the name of such party shall follow the other names, and be arranged alphabetically, according to the party name or appellation. At the right of every party name, or political appellation, shall be a square, of sufficient size for the convenient insertion of a cross-mark. (Act 1903, Sec. 2, P. L. 340.)

There shall be left, at the end of the groups of candidates for Presidential electors, and of the list of candidates for each different office (or under the title of the office itself for which an election is to be held, in case there be no candidates legally nominated therefor), as many blank spaces as there are persons to be voted for, for such office, in which space the voter may insert the name of any person whose name is not printed on the ballot as a candidate for such office, and such insertion shall count as a vote, without the cross-mark as hereinafter mentioned. (Act 1903, Sec. 2, P. L. 340.)

Whenever the approval of a constitutional amendment, or other question, is submitted to the vote of the people, such question shall be printed upon the ballot in brief form, and followed by the words, "yes" and "no," and if such question be submitted at an election of public officers, it shall be printed after the list of candidates. (Act 1903, Sec. 2, P. L. 340.)

The ballots shall be so printed as to give to each voter a clear opportunnity to designate his choice of candidates by a cross-mark (X), in a square of sufficient size at the right of the name of each candidate, and inside the line enclosing the column, and, in like manner, answers to questions submitted, by similar marks, in squares at the right of the words "yes" and "no," and on the ballot may be printed instructions how to mark, and such words as will aid the voter to do this, as "mark one," "mark two," and the like. Provided, That a voter may designate his choice of an entire group of candidates for Presidential electors by one cross-mark (X), in a large square, which shall be placed at the right of the names of the candidates for President and Vice-President, at the head of such group, and such mark shall be equivalent to a mark against every name in the group: Provided further, That each voter may have the opportunity of designating his choice for all the candidates, as nominated by one political party, there shall be printed on the extreme left of the ballot, and separated from the rest of the ballot by a space of at least one-half inch, a list of the names of all the political parties or groups of nominees, represented on such ballot and presenting candidates to be voted for at such election. Such names shall be arranged in the order of the votes obtained, at the last Presidential election, by the candidate at the head of the respective tickets of the parties or bodies nominating, beginning with the party that received the highest vote cast. Following the names of such political parties, shall be the names of the parties or principles not presented on the ballot at the last Presidential election, arranged alphabetically, according to the party name or political appellation. A square, of sufficient size for the convenient insertion of a cross-mark, shall be placed at the right of each party name or appellation. Every mark within such square shall be equivalent to a mark against every name designated by that political appellation, or party name, including candidates nominated by more than one party, or group of citizens. (Act 1903, Sec. 2, P. L. 340.)

At the head of every ballot shall be printed the following instructions:

To vote a straight party ticket, mark a cross (X) in the the square opposite the name of the party of your choice, in the first column. A cross-mark in the square opposite the name of any candidate, indicates a vote for that candidate. (Act 1903, Sec. 2, P. L. 340.)

All the ballots used at the same voting place at any election shall be alike, and shall be at least six inches long and four inches wide. They shall be printed with the same kind or kinds of type (which shall not be smaller than the size known as "brevier" or "eight-point body"), upon white paper without any impression or mark to distinguish one from another, and of sufficient thickness to prevent the printed matter from showing through. Each ballot shall be attached to a stub or counterfoil, and all the ballots for the same voting place shall be bound together in convenient numbers in books in such manner that each ballot may be detached and removed separately. (Act 1893, Sec. 15, P. L. 426.)

On the back of each ballot, or on the right hand side of the back, if the ballot is printed in two columns, there shall be printed as a caption, "official ballot for," followed by the designation of the voting place for which the ballot is prepared, the date of the election and a fac-simile of the signatures of the county commissioners of the respective counties who have caused the ballots to be printed. When it is shown by affidavit that mistake or omission has occurred in the publication of names or description of candidates, or in the printing of the ballots, the court of common pleas of the district or county, or any judge thereof, may upon the application of any qualified elector of the district or county require the county commissioners to correct the mistake or omission, or to show cause why they should not. (Act 1893, Sec. 15, P. L. 426.)

IV. CONDUCT OF ELECTIONS

A. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

Special elections, and all elections for city, ward, borough and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be regulated and conducted in like manner as general elections, and by the same officers, who shall perform the same duties and be subject to the same penalties as are provided for general elections, unless otherwise provided for in this act. (Act 1874, Sec. 23, P. L. 42.)

The first Tuesday after the first Monday of November of each year is hereby designated as a legal holiday, and shall, for all purposes whatever as regards the presenting for payment or acceptance, and as regards the protesting and giving notice of dishonor of bills of exchange, checks, drafts and promissory notes, made after the passage of this act, be treated and considered as the first day of the week, commonly called Sunday, and as public holidays, and all such bills, checks, drafts and notes, otherwise presentable for acceptance or payment on said day shall be deemed to be payable and be presentable for acceptance or payment on the secular or business day next succeeding such holiday. (Act 1897, Sec. 1, P. L. 188.)

From and after the passage of this act it shall not be lawful for any voter in this Comonwealth, except when in actual military service of this State or the United States, at any election authorized by law, to cast his ballot at any polling-place outside the lawfully designated election district in which he is domiciled. (Act 1893, Sec. 1, P. L. 107.)

No body of troops in the army of the United States or of this Commonwealth shall be present, either armed or unarmed, at any place of election within this Commonwealth, during the time of such election, Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to prevent any officer or soldier from exercising his right of suffrage in the election district to which he may belong, if otherwise qualified according to law. (Act 1839, Sec. 95, P. L. 541.)

It shall be the duty of the sheriff of every county, at least ten days before any general election to be held therein, except borough and township elections, to give notice of the same by advertisements in at least three newspapers, if there be so many published in the county, two of said newspapers representing so far as practicable the political party which at the preceding November election cast the largest number of votes, and the other one of said newspapers representing so far as practicable the political party which at the preceding November election cast the next largest number of votes, and in addition thereto the sheriff of every county shall, at least ten days before any general election to be held in cities of the first, second and third classes, give notice of the same by proclamation posted up in the most conspicuous places in every election district in said cities of the first, second and third classes and in every such advertisement or proclamation.

I. Enumerate the officers to be elected and give a list of all the nominations made as provided in this act and to be voted for in such county, and the full text of all constitutional amendments submitted to a vote of the people, but the proclamation posted in each election district need not contain the names of any candidates but those to be voted for in such district.

II. Designate the place at which the election is to be held.

III. He shall give notice that every person, excepting justices of the peace, who shall hold any officer or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judciary Department of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district, is, by law, incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no inspector, judge or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for except that of an election officer. (Act 1895, Sec. 1, P. L. 392.)

It shall be the duty of the sheriff of every county in this Commonwealth to give notice of the general election by publication of the same once a week in not more than four weekly or daily newspapers, published in the county, one of said newspapers to be published in the German language, in counties where such newspaper is published, the first insertion to be at least twenty days before the time such election is to be held; in counties of the Commonwealth where no newspapers are published, the sheriff of any such county shall give notice of such general election by posters, to be posted in at least three public places in each election district and at the place where such election is to be held. (Act 1885, Sec. 1, P. L. 144.)

In all cases where a sheriff is directed to perform any duty by the provisions of this act, and said sheriff is absent from the district, or there is any vacancy in said office, the duty directed to be performed by the sheriff shall be done and performed by the coroner of the proper county, who shall be entitled to the same fees and subject to like penalties. (Act 1839, Sec. 96, P. L. 541.)

The constable or constables of every township within this Commonwealth shall give public notice of the township elections, by ten or more printed or written advertisements, affixed at as many of the most public places therein, at least ten days before the election, and in every such advertisement they shall enumerate, designate and give notice as sheriffs of counties in cases of general elections are directed, by section 143 of this Code, and in case of the neglect, refusal, death or absence of the aforesaid constable or constables, the duties herein enjoined on them shall be performed by the supervisors or assessors of the proper township, but said supervisors or assessors of the proper township shall not be required to give more than five days' notice. (Act 1840, Sec. 2, P. L. 684.)

It shall be the duty of the high constable of each borough to give notice of the annual elections of said borough, by setting up six advertisements in the most public places in said borough ten days previous thereto. (Act 1834, Sec. 14, P. L. 167.)

B. ELECTION DISTRICTS.

The several courts of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth shall have authority, within their respective counties, to divide townships into two or more election districts, so as to suit the convenience of the inhabitants thereof. (Act 1876, Sec. 1, P. L. 178.)

Upon application by petition of twenty electors of the township, to said court of quarter sessions, for the purpose of dividing any township into election districts, said court shall appoint three impartial men to inquire into the propriety of granting the prayer of the petition, and it shall be the duty of the commissioners so appointed, or any two of them, to make a plot or draft of the proposed new election district or districts, if the same cannot be fully designated by natural lines or boundaries, all of which they or any two of them, shall report to the next court of quarter sessions, together with their opinion of the same. (Act 1885, Sec. 1, P. L. 149.)

When a report has been made by said commissioners, it shall be confirmed nisi by said court, which confirmation shall become absolute, unless exceptions be filed to the same, not later than the third day of the next term of said court; and should exceptions be filed as aforesaid, they shall be diposed of, on evidence, as said court shall deem just: Provided, That if desired, a review may be had, if, in the opinion of the court, it may be necessary to secure a fair adjudication of the same; said review to be asked for before the report has been absolutely confirmed, however. (Act 1876, Sec. 3, P. L. 178.)

Upon the petition of a majority of the qualified electors voting at the last general election in each of two or more adjoining election districts in any township, borough or city, the same may be consolidated into one election district by the court of quarter sessions of the city or county in which they are located. (Act 1895, Sec. 1, P. L. 377.)

Upon application by petition of freeholders, as provided for in section 151 of this Code, for the purpose of annexing one election district or township to another, the court of quarter sessions shall appoint viewers or commissioners, as provided for in sectinon 149 of this Code, whose duty it shall be to view the premises and make a draft of the townships or election districts proposed to be consolidated or annexed, and make their report at the next court of quarter sessions after their appointment; and if the said commissioners or a majority of them shall report in favor

of the annexation or consolidation of the two townships or election districts, the said court shall confirm the same nisi, and order a special election to be held in each of the townships or election districts, at a time to be fixed by said court, not more than sixty days from the confirmation nisi, to vote upon the question of annexation; and if a majority of the qualified voters of each of said townships or election districts shall vote in favor of the annexation or consolidation of the said townships or election districts, the said court shall order and decree such consolidation or annexation of the said townships or election districts; and the place of holding elections of the townships or election districts so consolidated shall be at the usual place of holding elections in the more populous of the two townships or election districts so consolidated. Provided, That the court of common pleas shall have power to adjust the indebtedness of the said townships incurred prior to their consolidation, in such a manner that only the property within the old territorial limits of each township shall be liable for such indebtedness: And provided further, That in any case where a majority of voters in each of any two townships have heretofore voted in favor of annexation or consolidation of such townships, such annexation shall be legal and valid, as if done under the provisions of this act. (Act 1876, Sec. 5, P. L. 179.)

The compensation of said commissioners shall be the same as that now paid to road viewers, and to be paid in the same manner. (Act 1876, Sec. 6, P. L. 179.)

In all cases of the division or creation of election districts by the court of quarter sessions of any county in this Commonwealth, the said court shall order the costs and expenses thereof to be paid from the treasury of the proper county; and on such order being made, the county commissioners shall draw their warrant for the payment of the same. (Act 1875, Sec. 1, P. L. 29.)

In all cases in which new townships, boroughs or election districts shall be erected, or two or more election districts consolidated, or the bounds of any election district changed the court of quarter sessions erecting or changing the same shall fix the places for holding the elections, which shall continue to be the place for holding elections until the same shall be changed according to the provisions of said act; and the said courts shall also appoint the officers for holding the first election in any township, borough or election district so erected. (Act 1855, Sec. 1, P. L. 5; Act 1893, Sec. 2, P. L. 107; Act 1895, Sec. 2, P. L. 377.)

It shall be lawful for the court of quarter sessions of the proper county at any time for any reason that may seem proper to the court upon a petition of at least ten qualified electors of any election district, and upon such notice to the county commissioners as the court may direct, to change the polling-place of said district: Provided, however, That the court may, in its discretion, direct that an election shall be held to settle the question as to where said polling-place shall be located. (Act 1893, Sec. 1, P. L. 106.)

It shall be lawful for the county commissioners of any county of this Commonwealth, at any time at least three weeks prior to any general, municipal, township or special election, for any reason that may seem proper to the county commissioners, upon a petition of at least ten qualified electors of any township election division to change the polling place of said township or election division: Provided, however, That the said county commissioners may, in their discretion, direct that an election be held to settle the question as to where the said polling-place shall be located. (Act 1903, Sec. 1, P. L. 187.)

In cases where five (5) responsible citizens of any election district shall appear before any law judge, of any county in this Commonwealth, in chambers, there being no court sitting, and state on oath, that owing to fire or impossibility to obtain the room, or any other unavoidable cause, the election cannot be held in their district, at the place designated by the sheriff's proclamation, the judge shall have power to designate some other convenient place, and shall at once notify the constable of the district, who shall notify the election board and the citizens of the district and he shall receive for the same the like fee as for notifying the voters of an election: Provided, That this change shall not be made within less than three days of the election, except in cases where the building in which the election was to be held is destroyed by fire: Provided further, That this act shall not apply to cities of the first class. (Act 1883, Sec 1, P. L. 124.)

It shall be lawful for the Governor of this Commonwealth, on the representation of the board of health, or of the municipal authority of any city, borough, town or incorporated district in this Commonwealth, that from the prevalence of any malignant or contagious disease, in such city, borough, town or district, the lives of the electors may be in danger by attending at the places fixed by law for holding elections within the same, to direct the sheriff of the proper county to give notice that the election for such city, borough, town or district, will be held at such place within the limits, or in the neighborhood of the same, as he, the Governor, may judge most safe and convenient; and it shall be the duty of such sheriff to give public notice of such place, in the manner hereinbefore required, at least seven days before the day of election, under the same penalty as is hereinafter provided. (Act 1839, Sec. 94, P. L. 540.)

No public election shall be held in any room any part of which is used for the sale of liquors, if it be possible to obtain another room for that purpose in the vicinity, and it shall be the duty of the court of quarter sessions, or any law judge thereof, to inquire, upon the petition of five or more citizens resident in the election district, whether any such rooms are now designated as polling-places, and in such cases to select other places for holding the election. (Act 1887, Sec. 2, P. L. 126.)

C. ELECTION OFFICERS.

The general, special, city, incorporated district and township elections, and all elections for electors of President and Vice-President of the United States, shall be held and conducted by the inspectors and judges elected and by clerks appointed as hereinafter provided. (Act 1839, Sec. 14, P. L. 522.)

All persons acting as judges and inspectors of the general election in the city and county of Philadelphia may be re-elected, any law to the contrary notwithstanding. (Act 1851, Sec. 6, P. L. 726.)

There shall be elected in each election district in the State, one person as judge and two inspectors, to conduct the elections for two years. (Act 1874, Sec. 15, P. L. 39.)

Each of such qualified citizens shall vote for one person as judge, and also for one person as inspector of elections, and the person having the greatest number of votes for judge shall be publicly declared to be elected judge, and the two persons having the greatest number of votes for inspectors shall in like manner, be declared to be elected inspectors of elections. (Act 1839, Sec. 4, P. L. 519.)

In all election districts where a vacancy exists by reason of the disqualification of the officer, or by removal, resignation, death or other cause, in an election board heretofore elected or appointed, or that may hereafter be elected or appointed, the judge or judges of the court of common pleas of the proper county, upon proof furnished that such vacancy or vacancies exist, shall at any time before any general, municipal or special election, appoint competent persons, who shall be of good character and known in the district where the vacancy occurs, to fill said vacancies to conduct the election in said districts; and in the appointment of the inspectors in any election district both shall not be of the same political party, and the judge of election shall in all cases be of the political party having the majority of votes in said district as nearly as the said judge or judges can ascertain the fact, and in the case of the failure of said judges of the court to act on the selection of inspectors, the political majority of the judges shall select one of such inspectors and the minority judge or judges select the other. (Act 1897, Sec. 1, P. L. 38.)

In all township elections of this Commonwealth for judges of the general and township elections where a tie shall exist in said election for judges, the inspector who shall have the highest number of votes in said election shall appoint a judge for that purpose. And where ties shall exist in said election for two inspectors, the two candidates who received the same number of votes for inspector shall determine by lot which of them shall be the majority inspector, and the other candidate shall be the minority inspector, and the person so determined to be the majority inspector shall appoint a judge of elections

in case of a tie vote for judges. (Act 1897, Sec. 1, P. L. 78.)

The inspectors and judges, chosen as aforesaid, shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding the election in the district to which they respectively belong, before seven o'clock in the morning of the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each and every year; and each of said inspectors shall appoint one clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of such district. (Act 1839, Sec. 15, P. L. 522.)

In case the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend on the day of any election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for judge at the next preceding election, shall act as inspector in his place; and in case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend, the person elected judge shall appoint an inspector in his place; and in case the person elected a judge shall not attend, then the inspector who received the highest number of votes shall appoint a judge in his place; and if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward or district, for which such officer shall have been elected, present at the place of election, shall elect one of their number to fill the vacancy. (Act 1839, Sec. 16, P. L. 522.)

In case any clerk appointed under the provisions of this act, shall neglect to attend at any election during said year, it shall be the duty of the inspector who appointed said clerk (or the person filling the place of such inspector) to forthwith appoint a suitable person as clerk, qualified as aforesaid, who shall perform said duties for the year. (Act 1839, Sec. 17, P. L. 522.)

The court of common pleas of Philadelphia county is hereby vested with power to settle summarily any question that may arise concerning the officers to conduct said elections, and also to direct, according to the true intent and spirit of this act, which set of election officers shall act as aforesaid in any case of exigency which may arise or exist, not provided for by this act; and any vacancy that shall exist and continue for half an hour after the earliest time fixed by law for opening polls shall be filled in the manner now provided by law. (Act 1854, Sec. 31, P. L. 38.)

Whenever thirty citizens of any ward, in the City of Philadelphia, shall present a petition to the court of common pleas of the said city, setting forth that in any election division of said ward the inspectors of election are of the same political party, and have been chosen or elected in violation of the spirit and intention of the several acts of Assembly regulating elections, verified by the oath or affirmation of any two of them, it shall be the duty of the said court to grant a rule on the officers returned, chosen or elected for such division to show cause, if any they have, why the selection of such election officers should not be set aside; and if, upon the investigation of the matters set forth in the said petition, they shall be found to be true, it shall be the duty of said court to set aside the selection of such officers, and to appoint a judge, and two inspectors to serve in such election division for the next election and until others are duly elected or chosen; said appointments may be made from any part of the ward in which such election division is located; and the officers so appointed shall have and exercise the same powers and duties, and be liable to the same penalties as officers elected by the qualified voters now are. (Act 1866, Sec. 1, P. L. 969.)

All judges, inspectors, clerks and overseers of any election shall, before entering upon their duties, be duly sworn or affirmed in the presence of each other. The judge shall be sworn by the minority inspector, if there shall be such minority inspector, and in case there be no minority inspector, then by a justice of the peace or alderman; and the inspectors, overseers and clerks shall be sworn by the judge. Certificates of such swearing or affirming shall be duly made out and signed by the officers so sworn, and attested by the officer who administered the oath. If any judge or minority inspector refuses or fails to swear the officers of election in the manner required by this act, or if any officer of election shall act without being first duly sworn, or if any officer of election shall sign the form of oath, without being duly sworn, or if any judge or minority inspector shall certify that any officer was sworn, when he was not, it shall be deemed a misdemeanor, and upon conviction, the officer or officers so offending shall be fined not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisoned not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the court. (Act 1874, Sec. 9, P. L. 34.)

The following shall be the form of oath or affirmation to be taken by each inspector, viz: "I, (A. B.) do —— that I will duly attend to the ensuing election during the continuance thereof, as an inspector, and that I will not receive any ticket or vote from any person, other than such as I shall firmly believe to be, according to the provisions of the Constitution and the laws of this Commonwealth, entitled to vote at such election, without requiring such evidence of the right to vote as is directed by law, nor will I vexatiously delay or refuse to receive any vote from any person who I shall believe to be entitled to vote as aforesaid, but that I will in all things truly, impartially and faithfully perform my duty therein, to the best of my judgment and abilities; and that I am not, directly nor indirectly interested in any bet or wager on the result of this election." (Act 1839, Sec. 19, P. L. 523.)

The following shall be the oath or affirmation of each judge, viz: "I, (A. B.) do —— that I will as judge duly attend the ensuing election during the continuance thereof, and faithfully assist the inspectors in carrying on the same; that I will not give my consent that any vote or ticket shall be received from any person other than such as I firmly believe to be, according to the provisions of the Constitution and laws of this Commonwealth, entitled to vote at such election, without requiring such evidence of the right to vote as directed by law, and that I will use my best endeavors to prevent any fraud, deceit or abuse, in carrying on the same by citizens qualified to vote, or others, and that I will make a true and perfect return of said election, and will in all things truly, impartially and faithfully perform my duty respecting the same, to the best of my judgment and abilities; and that I am not, directly or indirectly, interested in any bet or wager on the result of this election." (Act 1839, Sec. 20, P. L. 523.)

The following shall be the form of oath or affirmation to be taken by each clerk, viz: "I, (A. B.) do —— that I will impartially and truly write down the name of each elector who shall vote at the ensuing election, which shall be given me in charge, and also the name of the township, ward or district wherein such elector resides, and carefully and truly write down the number of votes that shall be given for each candidate at the election, as often as his name shall be read to me by the inspectors thereof, and in all things truly and faithfully perform my duty respecting the same to the best of my judgment and ability; and that I am not, directly or indirectly, interested in any bet or wager on the result of this election." (Act 1839, Sec. 21, P. L. 523.)

In addition to the oath now prescribed by law to be taken and subscribed by election officers, they shall severally be sworn or affirmed not to disclose how any elector shall have voted, unless required to do so as witnesses in a judicial proceeding. (Act 1874, Sec. 9, P. L. 34.)

It shall be the duty of the said clerks forthwith to make out two copies of the forms of each of the said oaths or affirmations, which shall be severally subscribed by each of the inspectors, judges and clerks, and the said oaths or affirmations shall be certified under the hands of the persons by whom they shall be administered. (Act 1839, Sec. 22, P. L. 524.)

Every inspector and judge of election shall have full power and authority to administer oaths or affirmations to any and all persons requiring, or offering to be sworn or affirmed, in relation to the right of any person to vote at any election, authorized to be held under any law of this Commonwealth, and generally, shall in the exercise of the duties of their office as inspectors or judge, have the same power to administer oaths or affirmations required, or authorized to be administered by the provisions of this act, as justices of the peace have by the laws of this Commonwealth, and a violation of such oath or affirmation shall be subject to the same fines and penalties which are or may be inflicted by law, for a violation of such oath or affirmation, when administered by a justice of the peace. (Act 1840, Sec. 14, P. L. 687.)

The judges of the elections, within the limits of their respective wards, districts or townships, shall have power

and are hereby required to decide on the qualifications of any person claiming to vote at any election, whenever the inspectors thereof shall disagree upon the right of such person to vote, but not otherwise; and the inspectors thereof shall, upon such decision, forthwith receive or reject the vote of such person, as the case may be. (Act 1839, Sec. 6, P. L. 520.)

On the petition of five or more citizens of any election district, setting forth that the appointment of overseers is a reasonable precaution to secure the purity and fairness of the election in said district, it shall be the duty of the court of common pleas of the proper county, all the law judges of the said court, able to act at the time, concurring, to appoint two judicious, sober and intelligent citizens of the said district, belonging to different political parties, overseers of election to supervise the proceedings of election officers thereof, and to make report of the same as they may be required by such court. Said overseers shall be persons qualified to serve upon election boards, and shall have the right to be present with the officers of such election, during the whole time the same is held, the votes counted, and the returns made out and signed by the election officers; to keep a list of the voters, if they see proper; to challenge any person offering to vote, and interrogate him and his witnesses, under oath, in regard to his right of suffrage at said election, and to examine his papers produced; and the officers of said election are required to afford to said overseers so selected and appointed, every convenience and facility for the discharge of their duties. And if said election officers shall refuse to permit said oversers to be present, and perform their duties as aforesaid, such officer or officers shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be fined not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisoned not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the court. Or, if the overseers shall be driven away from the polls by violence or intimidation, all the votes polled in such election district may be rejected by the proper tribunal trying a contest under said election, or a part or portion of such votes aforesaid may be counted, as such tribunal may deem necessary to a just and proper disposition of the case. (Act 1874, Sec. 4, P. L. 33.)

The pay of the judges and inspectors, and several clerks to each election board, at all elections hereafter to be held within this Commonwealth, for the conduction of the same, shall be three dollars and fifty cents, at each election so held, without regard to time, to be paid by the treasurer of the proper county on orders to be drawn upon him by the commissioners, which allowance shall be in full for their services and expenses other than the mileage hereinafter allowed, and in lieu of all kinds of refreshment which may have been customary to provide, and no such expense for refreshment shall be paid or allowed by the commissioners of any county. Provided, That the provisions of this section shall not repeal any special act now in force in any of the counties of this Commonwealth, and shall not apply to any city co-extensive with a county, and shall not alter or affect in any manner the compensation of return judges as fixed by existing laws. (Act 1903, Sec. 1, P. L. 220; Act 1839, Sec. 92, P. L. 540.)

Constables, supervisors or assessors as the case may be, of any ward, township, incorporated district or borough, shall be allowed and paid out of the county treasury, upon orders drawn by the county commissioners, two dollars for advertising ward, township, district and borough elections; and for attending general, special, township, ward or borough elections in addition to the mileage allowed by law, three dollars; which sum shall include pay for serving notices in writing to the persons elected at such special, township, ward or borough elections: Provided, That where any such election be held in any township, ward or borough, in which there are more than one election district or precinct, and a deputy constable is appointed to attend elections held at each of such districts or precincts, said deputy constables shall each receive the sum of three dollars. (Act 1899, Sec. 1, P. L. 32; Act 1840, Sec. 11, P. L. 687; Act 1899, Sec. 1, P. L. 3.)

D. DISTRIBUTION OF BALLOTS AND VOTING.

All ballots cast in elections for public officers within this Commonwealth shall be printed and distributed at public expense as hereinafter provided. The printing of the ballots and of the cards of instruction for the elections in each county, and the delivery of the same to the election officers as hereinafter provided, and all other expenses incurred under the provisions of this act, shall be a county charge, unless herein otherwise provided, the payment of which shall be provided for in the same manner as the payment of other election expenses. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Commonwealth to prepare forms for all the blanks made necessary or advisable by this act, and to furnish copies of the same to the county commissioners of each county, who shall procure further copies of the same at the cost of the county and furnish them to the election officers or other persons by whom they are to be used, in such quantities as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this act. (Act 1893, Sec. 1, P. L. 419.)

The county commissioners of each county shall cause all the ballots to be used therein to be printed. The said commissioners shall ascertain the office to be filled and shall be responsible for the accurate printing of the ballots in accordance with this act, and for the safe-keeping of the same while in their possession, or that of their subordinates or agents. (Act 1893, Sec. 13, P. L. 424.)

A record of the number of ballots printed and furnished to each voting place shall be kept and preserved by the county commissioners of the several counties. (Act 1893, Sec. 15, P. L. 426.)

The county commissioners of each county shall provide for each election district in which an election is to be held, one set of such ballots of not less than seventy-five for every fifty and fraction of fifty voters therein, as contained upon the assessor's list. They shall also prepare full instructions for the guidance of voters, as to obtaining ballots, as to the manner of marking them and the method of gaining assistance, and as to obtaining new ballots in place of those accidentally spoiled; and they shall respectively cause the same, together with copies of sections 271, 272, 280, 296, 299, 311 inclusive of this Code, to be printed in large clear type, on separate cards to be called Cards of Instruction. They shall also, in addition to the number of tickets required to be printed for general distribution, have printed five hundred official and one hundred sample ballots for every five thousand voters within the county, which tickets shall be kept at the office of the commissioners for the use of any district or districts, the tickets for which may be lost or destroyed. They shall also cause to be printed on tinted paper and without the fac simile endorsements, copies of the form of the ballot provided for each voting place at each election therein, which shall be called Specimen Ballots, and at each election they shall furnish to each voting place, together with the ballots to be used there, a sufficient number of cards of instruction and specimen ballots for use as required in section 198 of this Code. They shall also provide for each election district other than districts in cities of the first, second and third class, at every election therein, two copies of the assessor's list of voters, and shall deliver the same as such lists are now delivered, one copy to be called the "ballot check-list," for the inspectors in charge of the ballots, and the other copy to be called the "voting check-list," to be used in marking the name of those who have voted. (Act 1893, Sec. 16, P. L. 427.)

They shall also cause to be delivered to one of the inspectors of every election district, within their respective counties, a sufficient number of boxes to contain the tickets (unless the same has already been provided for said township), blank forms of election oaths, tally-papers and returns made out in a proper manner and headed as the nature of the election may require. (Act 1840, Sec. 7, P. L. 686.)

At township elections, they shall, in addition to the foregoing, deliver to the aforesaid inspectors a sufficient number of blank forms of certificates of election for each person elected to any office voted for at township elections. (Act 1840, Sec. 7, P. L. 686.)

All the duties imposed by this act upon county commissioners shall be performed, in the city of Philadelphia, by the city commissioners. (Act 1874, Sec. 24, P. L. 42.)

The ballots, together with the specimen ballots and cards of instruction printed by the county commissioners as herein provided, shall be packed by them in separate sealed packages with marks on the outside clearly designating the election districts for which they are intended and the number of ballots of each kind enclosed. (Act 1893, Sec. 17, P. L. 427.)

They shall then be sent by the county commissioners of the respective counties to the judges of election at the several voting places so as to be received by them on the Saturday or Monday before election. The respective judges of election shall on delivery to them of such packages, return receipts therefor to the commissioners, who shall keep a record of the time when and the manner in which the several packages are sent, and shall preserve for the period of one year, the receipts of the said judges of election. (Act 1893, Sec. 17, P. L. 427.)

The commissioners of any county may, if they prefer, instead of sending the packages to the judges or any number of them in the manner aforesaid, notify the judges of the election districts for which the said commissioners are required to provide ballots, to come to the said commissioners' office on the day before the election, at a time specified, and it shall be the duty of each of the said judges to come to the said office at that time, and there on presentation of his certificate of election as judge, to receive and receipt for one package of ballots, specimen ballots and cards of instruction, for use in his election district. He shall keep the said package sealed and shall be responsible for the safekeeping thereof until the ballots are used at the election. In case a judge of the election is prevented by illness from performing the duties aforesaid, he shall depute one of the inspectors to act in his place. (Act 1893, Sec. 17, P. L. 427.)

In case the ballots to be furnished to any voting place in accordance with the provisions of this act shall fail for any reason to be duly delivered, or in case after delivery they shall be destroyed or stolen, it shall be the duty of the judge of election of such voting place to cause other ballots to be prepared substantially in the form of the ballots so wanting, and upon receipt of such other ballots from him, accompanied by a statement under oath that the same have been so prepared and furnished by him, and that the original ballots have so failed to be received, or have been so destroyed or stolen, the election officers shall cause the ballots so substitutued to be used in lieu of the ballots wanting as above. It shall be the duty of the county commissioners of each county to mail complete specimens of the ballots and other necessary papers by registered letter to the judge of elections of each election district, at least four days before the election, to enable him to comply with the directions of this section. (Act 1893, Sec. 18, P. L. 427.)

The county commissioners of each county shall provide for each election district therein, at each election, a room large enough to be fitted up with voting shelves and a guard rail as hereinafter provided. If in any district no such room can be rented or otherwise obtained, the said commissioners shall cause to be constructed for such district a temporary room of adequate size to be used as a voting room. They shall also cause all the said rooms to be suitably provided with heat and light, and with a sufficient number of voting shelves or compartments at or in which voters may conveniently mark their ballots, with a curtain, screen or door at the upper part of the front of each compartment, so that in the marking thereof they may be screened from the observation of others, and a guard rail shall be so constructed and placed that only such persons as are inside said rail can approach within six feet of the ballot-box and of such voting shelves or compartments. The arrangement shall be such that neither the ballot box nor the voting booths shall be hidden from view of those just outside the said guard rail. The number of such voting shelves or compartments shall not be less than one for every seventy-five names on the assessor's lists; but shall not in any case be less than three for the voters qualified to vote at such voting place. No person other than the election officers and voters admitted as hereinafter provided, shall be permitted within the said rail, except by authority of the election officers for the purpose of keeping order and enforcing the law. Each voting shelf or compartment shall be kept provided with proper supplies and conveniences for marking the ballots. (Act 1893, Sec. 19, P. L. 428.)

The supervisors, road commissioners or other officers having in charge the constructing and keeping in repair the public roads in any township in this Commonwealth, are hereby authorized, at their option, to cause a suitable lot of ground to be procured and cause a suitable building to be erected thereon for a town house in which to hold elections, store road machinery, hold meetings of township officers, and for other township uses. (Act 1895, Sec. 1, P. L. 324.)

The commissioners of the several counties of this Commonwealth are hereby authorized and empowered to fix the compensation for lights, rent and fuel for election purposes, in each and every township, borough, ward and election district in the respective counties, which said compensation shall be fixed and established at least once every three years, by resolution duly entered upon the minutes of said commissioners; and the said expenses shall be paid (on bills certified by election officers) by said respective counties, according to the compensation so ascertained and entered upon said minutes, and not otherwise. (Act 1876, Sec. 1, P. L. 136.)

At all elections held under the laws of this Commonwealth the polls shall be open at seven o'clock a. m., and closed at seven o'clock p. m. (Act 1874, Sec. 5, P. L. 34.)

At the opening of the polls in each voting place the seals of the packages shall be publicly broken and the said package shall be opened by the judge of elections. The cards of instruction shall be immediately posted at or in each voting shelf or compartment provided in accordance with this act for the marking of the ballots, and not less than three such cards and not less than five specimen ballots shall be immediately posted in or about the voting room outside the guard rail; and such cards and specimen ballots shall be given to any voter at his request. (Act 1893, Sec. 20, P. L. 429.)

At the opening of the polls it shall be the duty of the judge of election to designate one of the inspectors whose duty it shall be to have charge of the ballot check list, and the other inspector shall have charge of the voting check list. (Act 1874, Sec. 8, P. L. 34.)

Any person desiring to vote shall give his name and residence to one of the election officers in charge of the ballots, who shall thereupon announce the same in a loud and distinct tone of voice, and if such name is found upon the ballot check list by the inspector or clerks in charge thereof, he shall likewise repeat the said name, and the other shall be allowed to enter the space enclosed by the guard rail, unless his right to vote be challenged. No person whose name is not on the said list, or whose right to vote shall be challenged by a qualified citizen, shall be admitted within said guard rail until he has established his right to vote in the manner now provided by law, and his name, if not on the check lists, shall then be added to both lists except in cities of the first, second and third classes, where, if his name is not on registry list, he shall not be entitled to vote. As soon as a voter is admitted within the rail the election officer having charge of the ballots shall detach a ballot from the stub and give it to the said voter, but shall first fold it so that the words printed on the back and outside, as provided in section 138 of this Code, shall be the only wording visible and no ballot shall be voted unless folded in the same manner. Not more than one ballot shall be given to a voter except as provided in section 208 of this Code. As soon as a voter receives a ballot the letter "B" shall be marked against his name on the margin of the ballot check list; but no record of the number of the ballots shall be made on the said lists. Besides the election officers and such supervisors as are authorized by the laws of the United States or overseers appointed by the courts of this Commonwealth, not more than four voters in excess of the number of voting shelves or compartments provided, shall be allowed in said enclosed space at one time. (Act 1893, Sec. 21, P. L. 429.)

On receipt of his ballot, the voter shall forthwith, and without leaving the space enclosed by the guard rail, retire to one of the voting shelves or compartments, and draw a curtain, or shut the screen or door, and shall then prepare his ballot as follows: (Act 1903, Sec. 3, P. L. 343.)

If he desires to vote for every candidate of a political party, he may make a cross-mark in the appropriate square, opposite the name of the party of his choice, in the straight party column on the left of the ballot, and every such cross-mark shall be equivalent to a vote for every candidate for the party so marked. (Act 1903, Sec. 3, P. L. 343.)

If he desires to vote for an entire group of Presidential electors, he may place a cross-mark in the appropriate square, at the right of the name of the party of his choice. It he desires to divide his vote among candidates from different groups of Presidential electors, he shall make a cross-mark in the appropriate square, to the right of the name of each candidate for Presidential elector for whom he desires to vote: Provided, That a mark in the straight party col-

umn, opposite the name of the party of his choice, shall also be counted as a mark for each Presidential elector nominated by such party. (Act 1903, Sec. 3, P. L. 343.)

He may vote, according to the above provisions, for the candidate of his choice for each office to be filled, according to the number of persons to be voted for by him for each office, or he may insert in the blank space provided therefor, in accordance with section 133 of this Code, any name not already on the ballot. And in case of a question submitted to the vote of the people, he may mark in the appropriate margin or space a cross (X), opposite the answer which he desires to give. In all cases where, by existing laws, a voter is entitled to cast more than one vote for a single candidate he shall place in the appropriate square, instead of a cross (X), a number, which shall indicate the number of votes to be counted for the candidate whose name is so marked. (Act 1903, Sec. 3, P. L. 343.)

Before leaving the voting shelf or compartment the voter shall fold his ballot, without displaying the markings thereon in the same way it was folded when received by him, and he shall keep the same so folded and deposit it in the ballot box without undue delay, and shall quit the enclosed space immediately thereafter. (Act 1903, Sec. 3, P. L. 343.)

If any voter declares to the judge of election that by reason of any disability he desires assistance in the preparation of his ballot, he shall be permitted by the judge of election to select a qualified voter of the election district to aid him in the preparation of his ballot, such preparation being made in the voting compartment. (Act 1893, Sec. 26, P. L. 432.)

It shall be the duty of each inspector who shall receive the ticket of an elector to call out aloud the name of such elector, which shall be entered by the clerks in separate lists, and the name shall be repeated by each of them, and the inspector shall insert the letter V in the margin of the alphabetical list, opposite the name of such elector, and if such elector shall have been sworn or affirmed, or produced a certificate or other evidence as before provided, of having been naturalized, the inspector shall also note the same on the margin of such list; and where proof of residence is made, shall also note the name of the person making such proof. (Act 1839, Sec. 70, P. L. 534.)

No person other than the election officers shall take or remove any ballot from the voting place. If any voter inadvertently spoils a ballot he may obtain another upon returning the spoiled one. The ballots thus returned shall be immediately canceled and at the close of the polls shall be secured in an envelope, sealed and sent to the proper office, as required by law in the case of ballots cast. (Act 1893, Sec. 25, P. L. 432.)

No voter shall be allowed to occupy a voting shelf or compartment already occupied by another, except when giving the help allowed by section 206 of this Code, nor to remain within said compartment more than three minutes, in case all such compartments are in use and other voters are waiting to occupy the same. No voter not an election officer shall be allowed to re-enter the enclosed space after he has once left it, except to give help as hereinafter described. Every voter's name shall be checked on the voting check-list by the officer having charge thereof, as soon as he has cast his vote in the manner provided in section 207. It shall be the duty of the judge of election to secure the observation of the provisions of this section, to keep order in the room in which the voting is held and to see that no more persons are admitted within the enclosed space than are allowed by this act. Each party which has by its primary meeting, caucus, convention or board, sent to the proper office a certificate of nomination, and each group of citizens which has sent to the proper office a nomination paper shall be allowed to appoint three qualified electors who must be three electors resident of the division in which they are authorized to act as watchers in each voting place without expense to the county, one of whom shall be allowed to remain in the room outside of the enclosed space. Each watcher shall be provided with a certificate from the county commissioners, stating his name, the names of the persons who have appointed him and the party or policy he represents; and no party or policy shall be represented by more than one watcher in the same voting room at any time. Watchers shall be required to show their certificates when required to do so. Until the polls are closed, no persons shall be allowed in the room outside of the said enclosed space except these watchers, voters not exceeding ten at any one time who are waiting their turn to prepare their ballots, and peace officers when necessary for the preservation of the peace. No person when within the voting room shall electioneer or solicit votes for any party or candidate nor shall any written or printed matter be posted up within said room except as required by law. When the hour for closing the polls shall arrive all persons within the enclosed space who have received ballots but have not yet deposited them, shall be required to mark and deposit their ballots forthwith, but no other person shall be allowed to vote. (Act 1903, Sec. 1, P. L. 213.)

If a voter has marked his ballot otherwise than as directed by this act, so that for any reason it is impossible to determine the voter's choice for any office to be filled, his ballot shall not be counted for such office; but the ballot shall be counted for all other offices for which the names of candidates have been properly marked. (Act 1903, Sec. 4, P. L. 345.)

No ballot without the official endorsement shall, except as herein otherwise provided, be allowed to be deposited in the ballot-box, and none but ballots provided in accordance with the provisions of this act shall be counted. Ballots not marked, or improperly or defectively marked, shall be endorsed as defective, but shall be preserved with the other ballots. If any ballot appears to have been obtained otherwise than as provided in this act, the judge of elections shall transmit such ballot to the district attorney, without delay, together with whatever information he may have tending to the detection of the person who deposited the same. (Act 1903, Sec. 4, P. L. 345.)

No list or memorandum of the names of voters, except such lists as are expressly authorized by law, shall be made within the voting-room by any person or officer, but watchers may keep their poll-books and challenge lists.

E. CANVASSING THE VOTE.

After the closing of the polls and before the ballot-boxes are opened, all the lists of voters shall be placed in separate sealed covers properly marked, and the stubs of all the ballots used, together with all unused ballots and the ballot check-list, shall also be enclosed in a sealed package properly designating the voting place, which package shall be sent to the proper office as required by law in the case of the ballots cast, and neither the said package, nor the said lists of voters shall thereafter be opened except by the return judges, or in case of a contest, or upon the order of a court of competent jurisdiction. (Act 1893, Sec. 24, P. L. 431.)

The election officers only shall remain in the voting-room within the guard-rail, and shall there at once proceed to count the votes. Such counting shall not be adjourned or postponed until it shall have been fully completed. The officers in charge of the voting check-list shall, in the presence of the other officers and watchers, count in a distinct and audible voice the names checked on the said list, and announce the whole number thereof; and the list of voters, the stubs of ballots used, and all unused ballots, shall then be sealed up, as required by section 213. The ballot-box shall then be opened by the inspectors, the ballots taken therefrom, and audibly counted, one by one, by them, and when the count is completed, the whole number of ballots cast shall be announced; and the counting of the number of votes received by each person voted for shall then proceed. The judge, in the presence of the inspectors, shall read aloud the name or names marked or inserted upon each ballot, together with the party name, or political appellation, under which each vote was cast, and the answers marked thereon to the questions submitted, if any; and the clerks shall each carefully enter each vote as read, and keep account of the same in tally papers prepared for the purpose. It shall be unlawful for either judge or inspectors while counting the ballots or the votes thereon, to have in his hand any pen, pencil, or stamp for marking ballots. (Act 1903, Sec. 5, P. L. 346.)

All ballots, after being removed from the box shall be kept within the unobstructed view of those present in the voting-room, so that they may be able to see all the marks on each ballot, but out of their reach, until they are placed in the ballot box as required by law. The total vote, as soon as counted, shall be publicly announced. (Act 1903, Sec. 5, P. L. 346.)

It shall be the duty of the police officers, constables and deputy constables, now required by law to be present at the polls, to remain in the voting-room, but outside of the guard-rail, while the votes are being counted, and preserve order therein. No person, except the said peace officers, when necessary for the preservation of the peace, or persons acting by their authority, shall enter into the space within the guard-rail, or converse with any election officer, in any way, after the polls are closed and until the counting of the votes has been completed. (Act 1903, Sec. 5, P. L. 346.)

As soon as the count shall be finished, the tickets, list of taxables, one of the lists of voters, one of the tally-papers and one of the certificates of the oath or affirmation taken and subscribed by the inspectors, judges and clerks, and one of the triplicate returns, shall all be carefully collected and deposited in one or more of the ballot-boxes; and such box or boxes, being closely bound round with tape, shall be sealed by the inspectors and judge of the election, and together with the remaining ballot-boxes, shall within one day thereafter be delivered by one of the inspectors to the nearest justice of the peace, who shall keep such boxes containing the tickets and other documents (said justice of the peace to receive the sum of three dollars per year, for all services rendered in the care of the ballot-box or boxes placed in his custody, said sum to be paid by the county treasurer upon an order drawn by the county commissioners) to answer the call of any persons or tribunal authorized to try the merits of such election. (Act 1903, Sec. 1, P. L. 217; Act 1909, Sec. 1, P. L. 425.)

If any justice of the peace shall refuse to receive any ballot-box delivered to him, as is hereinbefore provided, or having received the same, shall neglect the safe-keeping thereof, he shall, on conviction of any such refusal or neglect, be fined in any sum not less than one hundred, nor more than one thousand dollars. (Act 1839, Sec. 127, P. L. 547.)

Whenever a place has been or shall be provided by the authorities of any city, county, township or borough, for the safe-keeping of ballot-boxes, the judge and minority inspector shall, after the election shall be finished, and the ballot-box or boxes containing the tickets, list of voters and other papers, have been securely bound with tape and sealed, and the signatures of the judge and inspectors affixed thereto, forthwith deliver the same, together with the remaining boxes, to the mayor and recorder of such city, or in counties, townships or boroughs, to such person or persons as the court of common pleas of the proper county may designate, at the place provided, as aforesaid, who shall then deposit the said boxes and keep the same to answer the call of any court or tribunal authorized to try the merits of such election. Whenever the election officers of any election district shall require the election boxes of such district to hold any election which by law, they are or shall be required to hold, they shall keep the same securely in their possession without opening, until the morning of such election, and until they shall severally be sworn or affirmed not to disclose how any elector shall have voted, and after being so sworn or affirmed, they shall open the said boxes and burn and totally destroy all the ballots and other papers which they shall find therein, before proceeding to hold such election. Act 1909, Sec. 1, P. L. 425.)

The commissioners for the City of Philadelphia shall provide a fireproof room, or vault, in the public buildings of the said city, or some other suitable place, at which the judge of the elections, after the closing of the polls and the requirements of the law have been complied with, shall forthwith there deliver to the mayor and prothonotary of the city of Philadelphia the said ballot-boxes; the said room or vault shall not be accessible to any other person than the mayor and prothonotary aforesaid, who shall be present and receive, at the said room, or vault, the ballot-boxes from the judges as aforesaid. The mayor and prothonotary aforesaid shall not take or open, nor permit to be taken, or opened, any ballot-box deposited as aforesaid, for the space of one year after the same has been therein deposited, except when they shall be called upon by some court or other tribunal authorized to try the merits of such election; and after such trial or investigation it shall be the duty of the mayor and prothonotary aforesaid to have said box or boxes returned and deposited as aforesaid. (Act 1861, Sec. 11, P. L. 577.)

The election officers shall make a full return of the votes cast in triplicate, with a return sheet in addition, in all of which the votes cast for each candidate by each political party or body of which such candidate is the nominee, as the same shall appear upon the ballots cast, shall be given after his or her name, first in words and again in figures, and shall be signed by all of said officers and certified by overseers, if any, or if not so certified, the overseers and any officer refusing to sign or certify, or either of them, shall write upon each of the returns his or their reasons for not signing or certifying them. The vote, as soon as counted, shall also be publicly and fully declared from the window to the citizens present, and a brief statement showing the votes received by each candidate shall be made and signed by the election officers as soon as the vote is counted, and the same shall be immediately posted up on the door of the election house for information of the public. The triplicate returns shall be enclosed in envelopes and be sealed in presence of the officers, and one envelope, with the unsealed return-sheet, given to the judge, which envelope shall contain also one list of voters, tally-paper and oaths of officers, and another of said envelopes shall be given to the minority inspector, and the third of said triplicate returns shall be placed in the box and sealed up with the ballots as hereinbefore provided. All judges living within twelve miles of the prothonotary's office, or within twenty-four miles, if their residence be in a town, village or city upon the line of a railroad leading to the county seat, shall, before two o'clock post meridian of the day after the election, and all other judges shall, before twelve o'clock meridian of the second day after the election, deliver said return, together with the return-sheet, to the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the county, which said return-sheet shall be filed, and the day and hour of filing marked thereon, and shall be preserved by the prothontary for public inspection. At twelve o'clock on the said second day following any election, the prothonotary of the court of common pleas shall present the said returns to the said court. In counties where there is no resident president judge, the associate judges shall perform the duties imposed upon the court of common pleas which shall convene for said purpose; the returns presented by the prothonotary shall be opened by said court and computed by such of its officers and such sworn assistants as the court shall appoint, in the presence of the judge or judges of said court, and the returns certified and certificates of election issued under the seal of the court as hereinafter provided; and the vote as so computed and certified shall be made a matter of record in said court. The sessions of the said court shall be open to the public. And in case the returns of any election district shall be missing when the returns are presented, or in case of complaint of a qualified elector under oath, charging palpable fraud or mistake, and particularly specifying the alleged fraud or mistake, or where fraud or mistake is apparent on the return, the court shall examine the return, and if in the judgment of the court it shall be necessary to a just return, said court shall issue summary process against the election officers and overseers, if any, of the election district complained of, to bring them forthwith into the court, with all election papers in their possession; and if palpable mistake or fraud shall be discovered, it shall, upon such hearing as may be deemed necessary to enlighten the court, be corrected by the court, and so certified; but all allegations of palpable fraud or mistake shall be decided by the said court within three days after the day the returns are brought into court for computation; and the said inquiry shall be directed only to palpable fraud or mistake, and shall not be deemed a judicial adjudication to conclude any contest now or hereafter to be provided by law. Nothing in this act shall require the returns of township or borough officers to be made to the court as directed in this section; but all returns of the election of township and borough officers shall be made as hereinafter provided. In counties where there are three or more judges of said court learned in the law, at least two judges shall sit to compute and certify returns, unless unavoidably prevented. If any of the said judges shall himself be a candidate for any office at any election, he shall not sit with the court, or act in counting the returns of such election, and in such case the other judges, if any, shall act; and if in any county there shall be no judge qualified to hold the said court, under the provisions of this act, present and able to act, then, and in every such case, the register of wills, the sheriff and the county commissioners of the proper county shall be and constitute a board

who, or a majority of whom, shall have and exercise all the powers and perform all the duties vested in, or required to be performed by the court of common pleas of such county, by and under the provisions of this section; but none of the said officers shall act as a member of such board when himself a candidate for any office at the election, the returns of which the said board is required to count under the provisions of this section. The returns required by this act to be presented by the prothonotary of the courts of common pleas of Philadelphia and Allegheny, respectively, shall be presented to such two or more of the judges of the several courts of common pleas of said counties, respectively as the judges of said courts, or a majority of them, may designate to perform the duty of receiving, computing and certifying said returns. (Act 1909, Sec. 1, P. L. 425; Act 1903, Sec. 5, P. L. 346.)

The officers and assistants appointed by the court shall, in the presence of the judges, make out returns in the manner hereinafter directed, which shall be signed by all the judges present, and attested by said clerks; and it shall not be lawful for said judges or clerks, in casting up the votes which shall appear to have been given, to omit or reject any part thereof, except where, in the opinion of said judges, such certificate is so defective as to prevent the same from being understood and computed in adding together the number of votes; in which case, it shall be the duty of said clerks to make out a true and exact copy of said paper or certificte, to be signed by said judges, and attested by said clerks and attached to, and transmitted with said return (where the same is directed to be transmitted) to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and the original paper shall be deposited in the prothontary's office, and by said officer copied and transmitted, with the return of said election, to the Secretary aforesaid.

I. Duplicate returns of all the votes given for every person and persons, who shall have been voted for, for any office or station, which the electors of the county are entitled to choose of themselves, unconnected with any other county or district.

II. Like returns of all the votes given in the county, for every person voted for as Governor.

III. Triplicate returns of all the votes given for any person voted for in the county, as electors of President and Vice-President of the United States. (Act 1839, Sec. 79, P. L. 537.)

Said returns shall in every case state the number of votes cast for each candidate by each political party of which such candidate is a nominee. (Act 1903, Sec. 5, P. L. 346.)

It shall also be the duty of the return judges, in every case, to transmit to each of the persons elected to serve in Congress, or in the Senate, or in the House of Representatives of this Commonwealth, a certificate of his election, within five days after the day of making up such return. (Act 1839, Sec. 83, P. L. 539.)

When the returns shall be completed, the president of the board of judges aforesaid shall forthwith lodge one of each of such returns in the office of the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the county; and in the case of an election of electors for President and Vice-President of the United States, one other of the returns in the same office; and the other duplicates shall be transmitted as follows, viz:

I. In case of a Governor, the remaining duplicate shall be inclosed in an envelope, directed to the (President) of the Senate, and indorsed according to the fact, which having been sealed, shall be inclosed in another envelope, sealed and directed to the Secretary of the Commonwealth; and the same shall forthwith be placed, by the said president in the nearest post office.

II. In case of electors of President and Vice-President of the United States, and of members of the House of Representatives of the United States, and of county officers to be commissioned by the Governor, the remaining duplicate shall be inclosed in an envelope, sealed and directed to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and in like manner placed, by the said president in the nearest post office.

III. In case of the election of a Senator or Senators of this Commonwealth, the same shall be enclosed in an envelope, sealed and directed "To the Senate of Pennsylvania," and in case of the election of a member or members of the House of Representatives of this Commonwealth, the same shall, in like manner, be enclosed in an envelope, sealed and directed "To the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania," and each of said returns shall be enclosed in an envelope and directed to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and in like manner placed, by said president, in the nearest post office. (Act 1839, Sec. 80, P. L. 537.)

In case of election of county commissioners and county auditors, one copy of the return of election shall be enclosed in an envelope sealed and directed "To the Commissioners" of the proper county. (Act 1840, Sec. 8, P. L. 686.)

When two or more counties, or parts of two or more counties, are connected for the election of any officer, the courts of such counties, or parts of counties, comprising the district, shall each appoint a return judge, resident within such district, to meet within seven days after the day of election of such officer, at such place as is required by law, or if no place of meeting is designated by law, at such place within such district where the returns of the election of such officer shall, by law, be directed to be filed, to compute and certify the vote of such district, and it shall be the duty of the return judges, in such case, to transmit to the person elected, one of the triplicate returns as such officer's certificate of his election, within five days after the day of making up such return. All officers provided for by this section shall be compensated as like officers are paid by existing laws. (Act 1909, Sec. 1, P. L. 425; Act 1903, Sec. 5, P. L. 346.)

The judges of the several counties having met as aforesaid, shall cast up the several county returns, and make triplicate returns of all the votes given for such office, in said district, and of the name of the person or persons elected, and one of said returns for each office shall be deposited in the office of the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the county in which they shall meet, and another shall be, by said judges, deposited in the nearest post office, sealed and directed to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, in the manner directed in Section 224, and the third shall be transmitted to the person elected as his certificate of election (Act 1839, Sec. 82, P. L. 538; Act 1909, Sec. 1 P. L. 425.)

All returns of the election of township and borough officers shall be enclosed in a sealed cover, directed to the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the proper county and shall by some one of the election officers be delivered into his office within three days of such elections and filed therein. (Act 1909, Sec. 1, P. L. 425.)

The judge, inspectors and clerks of each election district of any borough, ward or township in the counties of this Commonwealth, which shall have been divided by the court into separate election districts, shall make out a complete return of all the votes given at any borough, ward or township election, designating the number of votes each person received: and the judge and inspectors shall appoint one of their number for return judge, to meet the other return judge or judges of the said borough, ward or township in said county, at the oldest election place, on the third day after any borough, ward or township election, and then add together the number of votes given for each person voted for, and make out the returns, as the nature of the election may require, complying in all respects with the provisions of existing election laws; and, after the performance of said duties appoint one of their number, by consent or lot to deliver the full returns to the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the said county. (Act 1860, Sec. 1 P. L. 609; Act 1909, Sec. 1, P. L. 425.)

As soon as the election for inspectors and judges of election shall be finished, the inspectors and judges of such election shall make out a certificate of election, for each person chosen as an inspector, judge or township officer, which certificate shall be delivered to the person so chosen, or left at his usual place of abode by the constable of the proper ward, township, district or borough within five days after such election. (Act 1840, Sec. 1, P. L. 683.)

Every judge of election shall be allowed six cents per mile for each mile necessarily traveled in delivering the return of the township election of his proper township, to the prothonotary of the court of common pleas; said mileage to be computed circular, and paid out of the county treasury on orders drawn by the commissioners in the usual manner: Provided, That no compensation shall be paid where the return is not delivered within the time prescribed by law: Anr provided further, That return judges shall be allowed daily pay at the rate of two dollars per day for making

returns of township elections. (Act 1895, Sec. 1, P. L. 290; Act 1909, Sec. 1, P. L. 425.)

Every return judge shall be allowed out of the treasury of his proper county the sum of ten cents for every mile he shall necessarily have traveled in going to the place appointed by law for the meeting of return judges, and in returning thence to his own house (Act 1839, Sec. 93, P. L. 540.)

Whenever the returns of an election for Governor shall not be received from any county by the Secretary of the Commonwealth before the election of Governor shall be published, every such return so delayed shall be considered as void, unless the election be contested, in which case such returns shall be allowed to be of the same validity, and liable to the same exceptions, as other returns received in due time. (Act 1839, Sec. 91, P. L. 540.)

It shall be the duty of the prothonotary of every county to whom the return of any election shall be delivered by th ejudges as aforesaid, where said judges are required to send a copy of said return to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, to make out a copy of such return, certified under his hand and official seal, and forthwith to transmit such copy, under a sealed cover to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, by placing the same in the nearest post office. It shall also be the duty of the prothonotary of every county to record all the election returns in a book to be procured for that purpose; and to lay the returns of the election of county commissioners and county auditors, and of all township officers, before the court of quarter sessions of such county. (Act 1839, Sec. 84, P. L. 539.)

It shall also be the duty of every prothonotary to give a certified copy of the list of voters and other papers deposited in his office by the judges of an election, to any person applying for the same, on payment of the usual fees, as in other cases. (Act 1839, Sec. 85, P. L. 539.)

If the returns of any elections, which by this law are directed to be transmitted to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, shall not be received within fifteen days after the same are required to be deposited in the post office, it shall be the duty of said Secretary to forthwith notify the prothonotary of the proper county to transmit, without delay, a certified copy of such returns. (Act 1839, Sec. 86, P. L. 539.)

It shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, on the receipt of the returns of the election of any township or county officer, who is by law to be commissioned by the Governor to forthwith lay the same before him: and on the first Tuesday of January, in each ward every year, as soon as the Senate shall convene, all returns of the election of Senators for that year to the President of the Senate. (Act 1839, Sec. 87, P. L. 539.)

It shall be the duty of the said Secretary, between the hours of eleven o'clock a. m., and one o'clock p. m., of the first Tuesday in January, of each and every year, to take into the hall of the House of Representatives, the several returns of the elections of members of said House. (Act 1839, Sec. 88, P. L. 539.)

It shall be the duty of the said Secretary, within five days after the meeting of the General Assembly, to deliver to the President of the Senate the returns of the election of Governor received by him from the several counties of this Commonwealth. (Act 1839, Sec. 90, P. L. 540.)

Whenever the Legislature shall not be assembled, and a State Treasurer or Auditor General shall have been elected at the preceding annual election, the Governor, the president judge of the Twelfth Judicial District, the President pro tem. of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, four members of the Senate, and six members of the House of Representatives, to be selected in the manner hereinafter provided, shall meet in the Senate chamber, at Harrisburg, at twelve o'clock noon, on the third Tuesday of January, succeeding each election of a State Treasurer or Auditor General, and they, or a majority of them, being so convened, shall proceed to open, compute and publish the returns of the election for State Treasurer and Auditor General, and shall file in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth a certificate, signed by each of them, setting forth the aggregate number of votes received by each person voted for at such election; the Governor shall, within ten days thereafter declare by proclamation the name of the person elected to each of said offices. (Act 1879, Sec. 1, P. L. 51.)

The four members of the Senate and six members of the House of Representatives aforesaid, shall be selected by each House proceeding, at twelve o'clock noon on the last Tuesday of the regular session proceding, the annual election at which any State Treasurer or Auditor General is to be elected, to choose by viva voce vote, the number of members aforesaid, each Senator being entitled to vote for but two members, and each member of the House entitled to vote for three members, and the four Senators and six Representatives receiving the highest number of votes shall be the persons named in the first section of this act. (Act 1879, Sec. 2, P. L. 51.)

It shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, on receiving the returns of the election of electors, to lay them before the Governor; who shall enumerate and ascertain the number of votes given for each person so voted for, and shall thereupon declare, by proclamation, the names of the persons duly elected; and shall cause a notification of his election to be delivered to each person so chosen, on or before the last Wednesday in the month of November next after such election. (Act 1839, Sec. 29, P. L. 525.)

The electors chosen as aforesaid shall assemble at the seat of government of this Commonwealth, at twelve o'clock of the day, which is or may be directed by the Congress of the United States, and shall then and there perform the duties enjoined upon them by the Constitution and laws of the United States. (Act 1839, Sec. 30, P. L. 525.)

If any such elector shall die, or from any cause fail to attend at the seat of government at the time appointed by law the electors present shall proceed to choose viva voce a person to fill the vacancy occasioned thereby, and immediately after said choice the name of the person so chosen shall be transmitted by the presiding officer of the college to the Governor, whose duty it shall be forthwith to cause notice in writing to be given such person, and the person so elected (and not the person in whose place he shall have been chosen) shall be an elector, and shall with the other electors perform the duties enjoined on them as aforesaid. (Act 1839, Sec. 31, P. L. 525.)

Every elector aforesaid shall receive from the State Treasury the sum of three dollars for every day spent in traveling to, remaining at and returning from the place of meeting aforesaid, and shall be entitled to mileage at the rate of three cents per mile to and from their homes, to be computed by the ordinary mail route between their homes and the place of meeting aforesaid. And the contingent expenses of the electoral college, not exceeding one hundred dollars in amount, shall likewise be paid by the State Treasurer, in both cases upon warrants drawn by the presiding officer of the college. (Act 1893, Sec. 1, P. L. 129.)

It shall be the duty of the Governor, on the receipt of the returns of the election of members of the House of Representatives of the United States as aforesaid, by the Secretary of the Commonwealth, to declare by proclamation the names of the persons so returned as elected in the respective districts; and he shall also, as soon as conveniently may be thereafter, transmit the returns so made to the House of Representatives of the United States. (Act 1839, Sec. 25, P. L. 524.)

F. DUTIES OF PEACE OFFICERS.

It shall be the duty of every mayor, sheriff, deputy sheriff, alderman, justice of the peace and constable or deputy constable of every city, county and township or district within this Commonwealth, whenever called upon by any officer of an election, or by any three qualified electors thereof, to clear any window, or avenue to any window, at the place of the general election, which shall be obstructed in such a way as to prevent voters from approaching the same, and on neglect or refusal (so) to do, on such requisition, said officer shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor in office, and on conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than one hundred and not more than one thousand dollars. And it shall be the duty of the respective constables of each ward, district or township wthin this Commonwealth to be present in person, or by deputy, at the place of holding such elections in said ward, district or township, for the purpose of preserving the peace, as aforesaid. (Act 1839, Sec. 111, P. L. 543.)

It shall be the duty of every peace officer, as aforesaid, who shall be present at any such disturbance at an election as is described in this act, to report the same to the next

court of quarter sessions, and also the names of the witnesses who can prove the same; and it shall be the duty of the said court to cause indictments to be preferred before the grand jury against the persons so offending. (Act 1839, Sec. 112, P. L. 544.)

It shall be the duty of the several courts of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth, at the next term of said court after any election shall have been held under this act, to cause the respective constables in said county to be examined on oath, as to whether any breaches of the peace took place at the election within their respective townships, wards or districts; and it shall be the duty of said constables respectively to make return thereof as part of their official return at said court. (Act 1839, Sec. 114, P. L. 544.)

It shall not be lawful for the sheriff of any county coextensive in boundaries with any city of the first class, to appoint any deputies to be present and act as such, for preserving the peace, or for any other purpose, at any election polls within said cities of the first class. (Act 1877, Sec. 1, P. L. 36.)

1. ELECTION CRIMES AND PENALTIES.

A. OFFENCES AGAINST PERSONAL REGISTRATION LAWS.

Any person who wilfully disobeys a lawful order of the registration commissioners shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars. (Act 1906, Sec. 18, P. L. 61.)

A registrar who intentionally registers or permits to be registered a person not lawfully entitled to be registered, or who intentionally refuses to register a person lawfully entitled to be registered, or who intentionally assists in preventing such person from being registered, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding five years, or both, at the discretion of the court. (Act 1906, Sec. 18, P. L. 61; Sec 14, P. L. 73.)

A person who applies for registration knowing that he is not entitled to be registered, or who falsely personates another in an application for registration, or who knowingly offers false naturalization papers or a fraudulent tax receipt to establish his claim to be registered, or who personates another, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced for every such offense to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding three years, or both, in the discretion of the court. (Act 1906, Sec. 18, P. L. 61; Sec. 14, P. L. 73.)

A registrar who inserts, or intentionally permits to be inserted, a name on the registry list without a proper application in person, during the hours of registration, on a registration day, on the part of the person registered, or without requiring the proper evidence of the right of the applicant to be registered; or who alters any registry list after the entry has been duly made, except upon an order of the court or of the commissioners; or who makes any entry therein at any time other than during the hours of registration, and in the presence of the other registrars; shall be guilty of a misdemeanor; and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding five years or both, in the discretion of the court. (Act 1906, Sec. 18, P. L. 61; Sec. 14, P. L. 73.)

Any election officer who refuses the vote of a registered elector, except on satisfactory evidence that he has since registration become disqualified under the laws of this Commonwealth, or who knowingly accepts the vote of a person not registered in accordance with the provisions of this act, or claiming to be a registered voter, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding five years, or both in the discretion of the court. (Act 1906, Sec. 18, P. L. 61; Sec. 14, P. L. 73.)

Any commissioner, registrar, or other officer, upon whom a duty is laid by this act, who shall wilfully refuse to perform his said duty shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the court. (Act 1906, Sec. 18, P. L. 61; Sec. 14, P. L. 73.)

Any wilful false statements made, under oath, by any person, in relation to any matter or thing concerning which he shall be lawfully interrogated by the registrars, shall be perjury, and any persons, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, in the discretion of the court. (Act 1906, Sec. 18, P. L. 61; Sec. 14, P. L. 73.)

B. OFFENSES AGAINST THE UNIFORM PRIMARY LAW.

Any person who votes or attempts to vote at a primary, knowing that he does not possess the qualifications of a voter at such primary, as indicated by this act, or who shall vote or attempt to vote more than once at a primary, or who shall have unlawfully in his possession an official ballot, outside the polling place, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, in the discretion of the court. (Act 1906, Sec. 14. P. L. 43.)

Any election officer who permits a person to vote at any primary, with the knowledge that such person is not so entitled to vote or refuses to permit any lawfully entitled elector to vote at such primary, with the nnowledge that such person is so entitled to vote, or who refuses to permit him to receive the party ballot for which he asks, after having executed the affidavit herein provided, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding five years, or both, in the discretion of the court. (Act 1906, Sec. 14, P. L. 43.)

Any election officer or clerk who shall be guilty of any wilful fraud in the conduct of his duties at a primary, or who shall make a false return of the votes cast at such primary, or who shall deposit fraudulent ballots in the ballot box, or who shall certify as correct a return of ballots in the ballot box which he knows to have been fraudulently deposited therein, or who shall write false names in the lists of voters for the purpose of concealing the deposit of such fraudulent ballots or of aiding in the perpetration of such fraud, or who shall conspire with others to commit any of the offenses herein mentioned, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo imprisonment not exceeding five years, or both, in the discretion of the court. (Act 1906, Sec. 14, P. L. 43.)

Except as modified by the terms of this act, election officers shall be subject to the same pains and penalties for violations or neglect of their duties at a primary as they are or hereafter may be subject to for violation or neglect of such duties at elections. In all other respects, officers officiating at primaries shall be subject to the pains and penalties provided by law for offenses committed at primaries. The existing laws relating to bribery at primaries shall continue in force, and shall apply to bribery at primaries as provided by this act. (Act 1906, Sec. 14, P. L. 43.)

C. OFFENSES OF ELECTION OFFICERS.

If any person elected to serve as inspector or judge as aforesaid, and having received due notice thereof, shall neglect or, without good cause, refuse to attend on the day of election at the time appointed by law, he shall in every such case forfeit the sum of twenty dollars. (Act 1839, Sec. 99, P. L. 541.)

If any inspector, judge or clerk, as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to take upon himself the duties of such office, he shall forfeit and pay the sum of fifty dollars; or having entered upon the same, shall afterwards neglect or refuse to perform the duties thereof according to law, he shall forfeit and pay the sum of one hundred dollars for every such offense. (Act 1839, Sec. 100, P. L. 541.)

If any clerk of an election shall presume to act in such capacity before taking and subscribing the oath required by this act, he shall, on conviction, be fined in any sum not less than fifty, nor more than two hundred dollars. (Act 1839, Sec. 101, P. L. 541.)

If any judge or minority inspector refuses or fails to swear the officers of election in the manner required by this

act, or if any officer of election shall act without being first duly sworn, or if any officer of election shall sign the form of oath, without being duly sworn, or if any judge or minority inspector shall certify that any officer was sworn, when he was not, it shall be deemed a misdemeanor, and upon conviction, the officer or officers so offending shall be fined not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisoned not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the court. (Act 1874, Sec. 9, P. L. 34.)

If any inspector, judge or clerk, as aforesaid, shall be convicted of any wilful fraud in the discharge of his duties, as aforesaid, he shall undergo an imprisonment for any term not less than three, nor more than twelve months, and be fined in any sum not less than one hundred dollars, nor more than five hundred dollars, and shall be, for seven years thereafter, disabled from holding any office of honor, trust or profit in this Commonwealth, and shall moreover be disabled, for the term aforesaid, from giving his vote at any general or special election within this Commonwealth. (Act 1839, Sec 102, P. L. 541.)

If any election officer shall refuse or neglect to require such proof of the right of suffrage as is prescribed by this law, from any person offering to vote, whose name is not on the list of assessed voters, or whose right to vote is challenged by any qualified voter present, and shall admit such person to vote, without requiring such proof, every person so offending shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be sentenced, for every such offense, to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court. (Act 1874, Sec. 12, P. L. 37.)

If any inspector or judge of an election shall knowingly reject the vote of any qualified citizen, or knowingly receive the vote of any person not qualified, or conceal from his fellow officers any fact in the knowledge of which such vote should by law be received or rejected, each of the persons so offending shall, on conviction, be punished in the manner prescribed in Section 282 of this Code. (Act 1839, Sec. 103, P. L. 542.)

If any judge of an election, inspector, clerk or other person, before the poll shall be closed, shall unfold, open or pry into any ticket, with a design to discover the name of any candidate therein, every person so offending shall, on conviction, be fined in any sum not less than fifty, nor more than one hundred dollars, and imprisoned for any time not less than one, nor more than three months. (Act 1839, Sec. 105, P. L. 542.)

Any clerk, overseer or election officer, who shall disclose how any elector shall have voted, unless required to do so as a witness in a judicial proceeding, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, in the discretion of the court. (Act 1874, Sec. 19, P. L. 40.)

Any assessor, election officer or person appointed as an overseer, who shall neglect or refuse to perform any duty enjoined by this Code, without reasonable or legal cause, shall be subject to a penalty of one hundred dollars; and if any assessor shall knowingly assess any person as a voter who is not qualified, or shall wilfully refuse to assess any one who is qualified,, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor in office, and on conviction be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, at the discretion of the court, and also be subject to an action for damages by the party aggrieved. (Act 1874, Sec. 19, P. L. 40.)

If any election officer or assessor of poll taxes shall become intoxicated during any of the time in which he shall be engaged in the performance of his duties, he shall, on conviction, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and be sentenced to an imprisonment of thirty days, and to pay a fine of twenty dollars and the costs of prosecution, both or either, at the discretion of the court. (Act 1887, Sec. 1, P. L. 126.)

D. MISCELLANEOUS OFFENSES.

If any person shall fraudulently alter, add to, deface or destroy any list of voters made out as directed by this Code, or tear down or remove the same from the place where it has been fixed, with fraudulent or mischievous intent, or for any improper purpose, the person so offending shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, at the discretion of the court. And if any person shall, by violence or intimidation, drive, or attempt to drive from the polls any person or persons appointed by the court to act as overseers of an election, or in any way wilfully prevent said overseers from performing the duties enjoined upon them by this act, such person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, at the discretion of the court. (Act 1874, Sec. 19, P. L. 40.)

Any printer employed by the commissioners of any county to print any official ballot, or any person engaged in printing the same, who shall appropriate to himself, or give or deliver or knowingly permit to be taken any of said ballots by any other person than such commissioners, or their duly authorized agent, or shall wilfully print, or cause to be printed any official ballot in any other form than that prescribed by such commissioners, or with any other names thereon, or with the names spelled otherwise than as directed by them, or the names or printing thereon arranged in any other way than that authorized and directed by this Code, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to undergo an imprisonment for not more than five years, or both, at the discretion of the court. (Act 1893, Sec. 34, P. L. 435.)

Any person other than an officer charged by law with the care of ballots, or a person entrusted by any such officer with the care of the same for a purpose required by law, who shall have in his possession outside the voting room any official ballot, or any person who shall make or have in possession any counterfeit of an official ballot, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment for not more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court. (Act 1893, Sec. 35, P. L. 435.)

It shall be unlawful for any officer or any member of any committee or organization of any political party, or any candidate for office nominated by any political party or nomination papers, or for any person in behalf of said committee, organization or candidate to pay or furnish the money to pay, or in any way to become responsible for the payment of the fees and expenses directly or indirectly incurred by an ailen in attending upon any court for the purpose of and in obtaining his naturalization papers. (Act 1893, Sec. 1, P. L. 36.)

Any person violating the provisions of the preceding section of this Code, shall upon conviction in a summary proceeding before any city magistrate, alderman or justice of the peace, who are hereby given jurisdiction to try said offenders in a summary way, for each offense, pay a fine of fifty dollars, which, when collected, shall be paid into the county treasury of the county wherein the offense was committed. (Act 1893, Sec. 2, P. L. 36.)

If any person convicted in the manner prescribed in the preceding section of this Code and sentenced to pay a fine or fines shall refuse or fail to forthwith pay said fine or fines and costs to the city magistrate, alderman or justice of the peace before whom he is convicted, or give satisfactory security to be approved by said magistrate, alderman or justice of the peace to pay the same within ten days, he shall be committed to county jail, there to be held one day for every five dollars of the fine or fines which he has been sentenced to pay: Provided, however, That said imprisonment shall not prevent the collection of said fine or fines and costs by legal process. (Act 1893, Sec. 3, P. L. 36.)

If any prothonotary, clerk, or deputy of either, or any other person, shall affix the seal of any court to any naturalization paper, or permit the same to be affixed, or give out, or cause or permit such naturalization paper to be given out, in blank, whereby it may be fraudulently used, or furnish a naturalization certificate to any person who shall not have been duly examined and sworn in open court, in the presence of some of the judges thereof, according to the act of Congress, or shall aid in, connive at, or in any way permit the use of any fraudulent naturalization certificate, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor; or if any one shall fraudulently use any such certificate of naturalization, knowing that it was fraudulently issued, or shall vote or

attempt to vote thereon, or if any one shall vote or attempt to vote on any certificate of naturalization not issued to him, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor; and either or any of the persons, their aiders or abettors, found guilty of either of the misdemeanors aforesaid, shall be fined in a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars, and imprisoned in the proper penitentiary for a period not exceeding three years. (Act 1874, Sec. 20, P. L. 41.)

Any person who, on oath or affirmation, in or before any court in this State, or officer authorized to administer oaths, shall, to procure a certificate of naturalization for himself or any other person, wilfully depose, declare or affirm any matter to be fact, knowing the same to be false, or shall in like manner deny any matter to be fact, knowing the same to be true, shall be deemed guilty of perjury; and any certificate of naturalization issued in pursuance of any such deposition, declaration or affirmation, shall be null and void; and it shall be the duty of the court issuing the same, upon proof being made before it that it was fraudulently obtained, to take immediate measures for recalling the same for cancellation. And any person who shall vote or attempt to vote on any paper so obtained, or who shall in any way aid in, connive at, or have any agency whatever in the issue, circulation or use of any fraudulent naturalization certificate, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall undergo an imprisonment in the penitientiary for not more than two years, and pay a fine not more than one thousand dollars, for every such offense, or either, or both, at the discretion of the court. (Act 1874, Sec. 21, P. L. 41.)

If any person, upon any false representation, or by the production of any forged, false or spurious naturalization certificate, or upon any certificate not duly issued according to the act of Congress, shall cause his name to be placed, or shall attempt to have his name placed, upon any extra assessment list for election purposes, or upon any list of qualified electors authorized or required to be made by any law of this Commonwealth, or shall vote or attempt to vote at any general or presidential election, every such person, on conviction thereof, shall be adjudged guilty of a high misdemeanor, and shall be sentenced to imprisonment in the jail of the proper county for a term not less than twelve months, and every person who shall aid or abet any other person in any such false representation or attempt shall, on conviction thereof, be adjudged guilty of a high misdemeanor, and suffer the like penalty. (Act 1869, Sec. 38, P. L. 64.)

It shall not be lawful for any assessor to assess a tax against any person whatever, within sixty-one days next preceding the annual election in November; any violation of this provision shall be a misdemeanor, and subject the officer so offending to a fine, on conviction, not exceeding one hundred dollars, or to imprisonment, not exceeding three months, or both, at the discretion of the court. (Act 1874, Sec. 18, P. L. 40.)

A voter who shall allow his ballot to be seen by any person, with the apparent intention of letting it be known how he is about to vote, or shall cast or attempt to cast any other than the official ballot which has been given him by the proper election officer, or shall falsely declare to a judge of election that, by reason of any disability, he is unable to mark his ballot, and on that account desires assistance in marking it, or shall wilfully violate any other provision of this Code; or any person who shall interfere with any voter when inside said enclosed space or when marking his ballot, or who shall endeavor to induce any voter before depositing his ballot; to show how he marks or has marked his ballot; or any helper who shall attempt to who shall mark a ballot in any other way than that requested by the voter whom he is assisting, or who shall disclose to any one the contents of any ballot, which has been marked with his help, except when required so to do in any legal proceeding, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not to ceed one hundred dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment for not more than three months, or both, at the discretion of the court. (Act 1903, Sec. 6, P. L. 348.)

If the commissioners of any county shall wilfully omit to insert in the list of taxables, delivered by them to the inspectors, as before directed, the name of any person duly assessed and returned to them by the assessor, they shall, on conviction thereof be fined and severally pay any sum not less than fifty nor more than one hundred dollars. (Act 1839, Sec. 98, P. L. 541.)

If the commissioners of any county shall add or knowingly permit to be added, the name of any person to the list of taxable inhabitants furnished them by the assessor, and shall return such name to the inspectors of election, each commissioner concerned therein shall, on conviction thereof, be fined in any sum not less than fifty nor more than two hundred dollars. (Act 1839, Sec. 107, P. L. 542.)

If the constables or supervisors of any township, ward or district shall neglect or refuse to perform the duties herein required of him or them, they shall respectively, on conviction, be fined in any sum not less than fifty nor more than one hundred dollars. (Act 1829, Sec. 97, P. L. 541.)

It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to pay or cause to be paid any occupation or poll tax assessed against any elector, except on the written and signed order of such elector authorizing such payment to be made, which written and signed order must be presented at least thirty days prior to the date of holding the election at which such elector desires to vote. It shall be unlawful for any officer, clerk or other person authorized to collect taxes and receipt therefor, to receive payment of or receipt for any occupation or poll tax assessed for State or county purposes from any person other than the elector against whom such tax shall have been assessed, except upon his written and signed order authorizing such payment to be made. It shall be unlawful for any person to vote or attempt to vote at any election upon a tax receipt obtained in violation of this act. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof in the court of quarter sessions of the proper county, be punished by imprisonment in the county prison for a term of not less than twenty days nor more than six months, in the discretion of the court, or by such fine not exceeding two hundred dollars, as said court shall impose. (Act 1897, Secs. 1, 2, 3, 4, P. L. 276.)

It shall be unlawful for any committee, or member thereof, directly or indirectly, to demand of any public officer, subordinate or employe, holding any office or position of honor, trust or profit in this Commonwealth, or otherwise engaged or employed in the service of this State, or from any officer, subordinate or employe, in any way engaged or employed in the service of any city or county of this State any assessment or percentage of any money, property or their equivalent in anything of value, with the understanding, either expressed or implied, that the same may or shall be used for any political purpose whatsoever.

Any person or persons violating any of the foregoing provisions of this section, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not to exceed one hundred dollars. (Act 1883, Secs. 1 and 2, P. L. 96.)

It shall be unlawful for any officer of this Commonwealth or of any county thereof, or for any mayor or head of department or other officer of any city of this Commonwealth, to make or cause or knowingly permit to be made any assessment upon the pay, wages or salary of any officer or employe appointed by or holding office or employment under him for any political or party purpose whatsoever, or to make or cause or knowingly permit to be made any demand for the payment or gift of any money or other valuable thing to any committee, organization or person for use in any manner for any political or party purpose: Provided, however, that nothing in this act contained shall prevent any officer, or other employe appointed as aforesaid, from making a voluntary contribution to any committee or organization for legitimate political and campaign purposes.

Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof in the court of quarter sessions of the proper county, be punished by imprisonment in the county prison for a term of not more than one year, and by fine of not more than one thousand dollars, either or both, as the said court shall impose. (Act 1897, Secs. 1 and 2, P. L. 275.)

No officer, clerk or employe, under the government of any city of the first class within this Commonwealth, shall directly or indirectly, demand, solicit, collect or receive, or be in any manner concerned in demanding, soliciting, collecting or receiving any assessment, subscription or contribution, whether voluntary or involuntary, intended for any political purpose whatever.

Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, and forfeit his office. (Act 1906, Secs. 1 and 2, P. L. 29.)

If any candidate for any office within this Commonwealth shall, directly or indirectly, give, offer or promise to give, or procure any other person to give, offer or promise to give, to any elector, any gift or reward in money, goods or other valuable thing, or any security for the payment or the delivery of money, goods or other valuable thing, or any office, emolument or employment, on condition, express or implied, that such elector shall cast, give, retain or withhold his vote, or use his influence at a nominating election or delegate election, or cast, give or substitute another to cast or give his vote or use his influence at a nominating convention, for or against the nomination of any particular candidate for nomination, so as to procure such person to be voted for, at any election to take place, the person so hiring, procuring, influencing, abetting, endeavoring or offering, either directly or indirectly through others, their aiders or abettors, to procure the person to be voted for by such electors, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding three hundred dollars and be imprisoned for a period not exceeding three months. (Act 1881, Sec. 1, P. L. 70.)

If any elector authorized to vote at any public election afterwards to take place within this Commonwealth for any office, shall, directly or indirectly, accept or receive from any person desiring to be nominated as a candiate for office, or from the friends of any such person, any gift or reward in money, goods or other valuable thing, or any office or employment, under an agreement or promise, express or implied, that such elector shall give or withhold his vote for the nomination of such a person as a candidate for office at such election, or shall accept or receive the promise of any person, that he shall thereafter receive any gift or reward in money, goods, position or other valuable thing, if he will vote for the nomination of such a person as a candidate for office, and shall thereafter vote for the nomination of such person, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall pay a fine, not exceeding three hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for a term of time not exceeding three months. (Act 1881, Sec. 2, P. L. 71.)

If any elector shall, directly or indirectly, offer to give his vote or his influence, at any nominating election, delegate election or nominating convention, to any person desiring to be nominated as a candidate for office, or to the friends of any such person, in consideration, that for such vote or influence, he is to receive any gift or reward in money, goods or other valuable thing or any office or employment, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall pay a fine, not exceeding three hundred dollars and undergo a period of imprisonment not exceeding three months. (Act 1881, Sec. 3, P. L. 71.)

In all cases where a person is elected or chosen, or shall act as a delegate to a convention to make nominations for offices, and shall receive, accept or solicit any bribe in money, goods or thing of value, or any office or position, as an inducement to make or join in any nomination for any person to be voted for as an officer or candidate for office, or shall in like manner and for like reason, agree to abstain from voting for any particular person, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction, shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than one hundred dollars, and be imprisoned not exceeding three months. (Act 1881, Sec. 5, P. L. 71.)

Any person elected, chosen or acting as a member of the county or executive committee of any party, or as a judge of a return-board to count up and cast the vote polled at the primary election, held to make nominations for office, or any person appointed a clerk of such return-board, who shall directly or indirectly accept, receive or solicit money, office, appointment, employment, testimonial, reward or other thing of value, or the promise of all or either of them, to influence his vote or action in the discharge of, performance or non-performance, of any act, duty or obligation pertaining to such office, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than one hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for a time not exceeding three months. (Act 181, Sec. 6, P. L. 72.)

Any person or persons who shall directl yor indirectly by offer or promise of money, office, appointment, employment, testimonial, reward or other thing of value, or who shall by threats or intimidation, endeavor to influence a member of a county or executive committee of any party, a judge or clerk of any return-board, in the discharge, performance or non-performance of any act, duty or obligation pertaining to such office, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine of two hundred dollars and to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding six months. (Act 1881, Sec. 6, P. L. 72.)

Any person who shall give or promise or offer to give to an elector any money, reward or other valuable consideration for his vote at any election held for the purpose of voting on an amendment to the Constitution, or any other public purpose, or for withholding the same, or who shall give or promise to give such consideration to any other person or party for such elector's vote, or for the withholding thereof, and any elector who shall receive or agree to receive, for himself or for another, any money, reward or other valuable consideration for his vote at such election or for withholding the same, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars and undergo imprisonment not exceeding one year. (Act 1889, Sec. 1, P. L. 162.)

Any person who shall directly or indirectly, give, or offer to give any such gift or reward to any such elector, with the intent to induce him to vote for any particular candidate or candidates at such election, or shall, directly or indirectly, procure or agree to give any such gift or reward to such elector, with the intent aforesaid, or shall, with the intent to influence or intimidate such elector to give his vote for any particular candidate or candidates at such election, give, offer or promise to give to such elector, any office, place, appointment or employment, or threaten such elector with dismissal or discharge from any office, place, appointment or employment, public or private, then held by him, in case of his refusal to vote for any particular candidate or candidates at such election, the person so offending shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction, be sentenced to an imprisonment not exceeding two years. (Act 1869, Sec. 51, P. L. 396.)

Any person or persons who shall, directly or indirectly, by offer or promise of money, office, appointment, employment, testimonial, or other thing of value, or who shall, by threats or intimidation, endeavor to influence any member of the General Assembly, State, county, election, municipal or other public officer, in the discharge, performance or non-performance of any act, duty or obligation pertaining to such office, shall be guilty of the offiense of corrupt solicitation, and liable to indictment for a misdemeanor; and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, and to undergo imprisonment not exceeding two years, at the discretion of the court. (Act 1874, Sec. 1, P. L. 115.)

If any person shall embezzzle or unlawfully deface, alter, change, substitute or destroy any ticket, list of voters, tally-paper or certificate, taken or made at any election, as aforesaid, he shall, on conviction, suffer imprisonemnt for a term not less than twelve months, nor more than three years, at the discretion of the court, and be fined in any sum not less than one hundred, nor more than one thousand dollars. (Act 1839, Sec. 106, P. L. 542.)

Any person who shall falsely make or wilfully deface or destroy any certificate of nomination, or nomination paper, or any part thereof, or any letter of withdrawal, or file any certificate of nomination, or nomination paper, or letter of withdrawal, knowing the same or any part thereof to be falsely made, or suppress any certificate of nomination or nominating paper, of any part thereof, which has been duly filed, or forge, or falsely make the official endorsement on any ballot, or wilfully destroy or deface any ballot, or wilfully delay the delivery of any ballots, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment for not more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court. (Act 1893, Sec. 32, P. L. 434.)

Any person who shall, prior to an election, wilfully deface or destroy any list of candidates posted in accordance with the provisions of this Code, or who, during an election, shall wilfully deface, tear down, remove or destroy any card of instruction, or specimen ballot, printed or posted for the

instruction of voters, or who shall, during an election, wilfully remove or destroy any of the supplies or conveniences furnished to enable a voter to prepare his ballot, or shall wilfully hinder the voting of others, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment for not more than three months, or both, at the discretion of the court. (Act 1893, Sec. 31, P. L. 434.)

If any person shall prevent, or attempt to prevent any officer of an election under this Code, from holding such election, or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, or shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty; or shall block up or attempt to block up the window, or avenue to any window where the same may be holden; or shall riotously disturb the peace at such election; or shall use or practice any intimidation, threats, force or violence, with design to influence unduly, or overawe any elector, or to prevent him from voting, or to restrain the freedom of choice, such person, on conviction, shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any time not less than one, nor more than twelve months. And if it shall be shown to the court, where the trial of such offense shall be had, that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward, district or township where the said offense was committed, and not entitled to vote therein, then, on conviction, he shall be sentenced to pay a fine not less than one hundred, nor more than one thousand dollars, and be imprisoned not less than six months, nor more than two years. (Act 1839, Sec. 110, P. L. 543.)

Any person who shall, on the day of election, visit a polling-place in any election district at which he is not entitled to vote, and shall use any intimidation or violence for the purpose of preventing any officer of election from performing the duties required of him by law, or for the purpose of preventing any qualified voter of such district exercising his right to vote, or from exercising his right to challenge any person offering to vote, such person shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, at the discretion of the court. (Act 1874, Sec. 19, P. L. 40.)

If any person not qualified to vote in this Commonwealth, agreeably to law (except the sons of qualified citizens), shall appear at any place of election, for the purpose of issuing tickets, or influencing the citizens qualified to vote, he shall, on conviction, forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars for every such offense, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months. (Act 1839, Sec. 121, P. L. 546.)

Any person who shall unlawfully strike, wound or commit any assault and battery upon the person of any elector, at or near any election poll, during the holding of any election, shall be deemed guilty of a high misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, he shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars, or more than five hundred, and be imprisoned for a term not less than three months, or more than one year. (Act 1870, Sec. 9, P. L. 55.)

If any person not qualified to vote at a general election, shall vote at a nominating election held by any political party, or if any person shall procure, advise, or induce such disqualified person to so vote, or if any person shall vote at more than one election district, or otherwise vote more than once on the same day for the nomination of a candidate, or shall fraudulently vote more than one ticket for the same candidate at the same time, or if any person shall advise or procure another so to do, he or they shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction, shall be fined, not exceeding the sum of two hundred dollars, and imprisoned for a term of time not exceeding three months. (Act 1881, Sec. 4, P. L. 71.)

Any person who shall furnish or supply to any elector of this Commonwealth, at any of the polls or voting places, any ballot or ticket falsely representing it to contain names not thereon, with the intent and purpose of defrauding said voter out of his express choice, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor; and on conviction, shall pay a fine not to exceeding one hundred dollars, or imprisonment not to exceed one year, one or both, or either, at the discretion of the Court: Provided, this section shall apply to both general and primary elections. (Act 1883, Sec. 1, P. L. 92.)

If any person not a citizen of this Commonwealth, shall vote or attempt to vote, at any special, general or presidential election, held in this Commonwealth, he shall be guilty of felony, and on conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, and undergo an imprisonment by separate or solitary confinement at labor, not less than two, nor more than five years. (Act 1870, Sec. 6, P. L. 54.)

If any person shall, through solicitation, invitation or device, persuade or prevail on any person, not a citizen of this Commonwealth, to vote, or attempt to vote, at any special, general or presidential election in this Commonwealth, or shall, by any means, aid, encourage or abet any such attempt, the person so offending shall be guilty of a felony, and on conviction, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, and undergo an imprisonment, by separate or solitary confinement at labor, not less than two, nor more than five years. (Act 1870, Sec. 7, P. L. 54.)

If any person not by law qualified, shall fraudulently vote at any election within this Commonwealth, or being otherwise qualified, shall vote out of his proper district, or if any person, knowing the want of such qualification, shall aid or procure such person to vote, the person or persons so offending shall, on conviction, be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding five years. (Act 1897, Sec. 1, P. L. 261.)

If any person shall vote at more than one election district, or otherwise fraudlently vote more than once on the same day, or shall fraudulently fold and deliver to the inspector two tickets together, with the intent to illegally vote, or shall vote the same, or if any person shall advise and procure another so to do, he or they so offending shall, on conviction, be fined in any sum not less than fifty, nor more than five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding five years. (Act 1897, Sec. 1, P. L. 257.)

If any person shall knowingly publish, utter or make use of any forged or false receipt or certificate, with intent to impose the same upon or deceive any inspector or judge, at any election as aforesaid, such person shall, on conviction, be fined in any sum not less than fifty or more than five hundred dollars, and suffer imprisonment not less than six months nor more than two years. (Act 1839, Sec. 125, P. L. 546.)

Any public officer upon whom a duty is imposed by this Code, who shall negligently or wilfully fail to perform such duty, or who shall negligently or wilfuly perform it in such a way as to hinder the objects of this act, or who shall negilgently or wilfully violate any of the provisions thereof, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment for not more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court. (Act 1893, Sec. 33, P. L. 434.)

If it shall be made to appear to any court of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth, that any riot or disturbance occurred at the time and place of holding any election under this act, and the constables who are enjoined by law to attend at such elections have not given information thereof, according to the provisions of this act, it shall be the duty of said court to cause the officer or officers, so neglecting the duty aforesaid, to be proceeded against by indictment for a misdemeanor in office, and on conviction thereof, the said officer shall be fined in any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars. (Act 1839, Sec. 113, P. L. 544.)

It shall not be lawful for any person or persons keeping a public house or drinking place, either licensed or unlicensed, to sell spirituous or malt liquors as a drink, to sell, furnish or give away, to be used as a drink, any spirituous or malt liquors, wine or any other intoxicating beverage, on any part of any day set apart, or to be set apart for any general or special election, by the citizens in any election district or division within this Commonwealth, where an election is in progress during the hours when, by law, in said district, the election polls are required to be kept open.

Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be subject to imprisonment in the

jail of the proper county, for a term of not more than one hundred days, and in addition to the above, shall also be subject to a fine of not more than five hundred dollars and costs, at the discretion of the court. (Act 1872, Secs. 1 and 2, P. L. 24.)

It shall be the duty of the constables of the several townships, wards and boroughs of this Commonwealth, under the same penalties as mentioned in the preceding section, to make return to the next court of quarter sessions of the proper county of the name or names of any person or persons offending under said section: Provided, nothing herein shall prevent any other person or persons from prosecuting for such offense. (Act 1872, Sec. 3, P. L. 24.)

If any person shall lay any wager or bet, or make any promise or engagement for the payment of money or the transfer of any other valuable thing dependent on the event of such election (held under the Constitution or laws of the United States or Constitution and laws of this Commonwealth), or on the success of any candiate or candidates nominated for public office, he shall, on conviction thereof in any court of quarter sessions or other court having similar jurisdiction, be adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined in any sum not exceeding the whole amount of the sum betted by all the parties to the wager, nor less sum than twenty dollars. (Act 1817, Sec. 2, P. L. 204.)

If any person or persons shall make any bet or wager upon the result of any election within this Commonwealth or shall offer to make such bet or wager, either by verbal proclamation thereof, or by any written or printed advertisement, challenge or invite any person or persons to make such bet or wager, upon conviction thereof, he or they shall forfeit and pay three times the amount so bet or offered to be bet. (Act 1839, Sec. 115, P. L. 544.)

It shall be the duty of the several constituted authorities having care and charge of the poor in the respective counties, districts and townships of this Commonwealth, knowing or being informed, under oath, of any person or persons having made any bet or wager of any land, goods, money or thing of value, on the result of any election within this Commonwealth, or deposited the same in the hands of any person within their respective counties, districts or townships, to bring suit in the name of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the use of the poor of such county, district or township, against such depositee or stakeholder, where said bet is deposited in the hands of a third person; or against the party winning said bet, when the same is not deposited, for the recovery of the amount so bet; and if, on the trial, it shall be made appear, that said lands, goods, money or thing of value was bet on the result of any election within this Commonwealth, said guardians, directors or overseers of the poor shall be entitled to recover the amount or value thereof for the use of the poor, from said stakeholder, or person winning said bet, where there is no stakekholder: Provided, said suit is brought within two years from the time of making said bet. And the stakeholder is hereby prohibited, during said time, to pay over the amount so bet to either of the parties, and shall be liable for the same, whether such bet is paid over or delivered to the parties, or either of them, or not, and the party winning shall in like manner be liable to the payment of the whole amount so bet, where the same is received by him; and said bet, or the value thereof, may be recovered as debts of like amount are by law recoverable. And if said guardians, directors or overseers of the poor shall neglect or refuse to bring such suit, they shall be guilty of a misdemeanor in office, and on conviction, shall be fined in any sum not less than the amount so bet, nor more than double the amount. (Act 1839, Sec. 118, P. L. 545.)

Whoever writes, prints, posts or distributes, or causes to be written, printed, posted or distributed, a circular or poster, cartoon or other written or printed paper which is designed or tends to injure or defeat any candidate for nomination or election to public office, by reflecting upon his personal character or political action, unless the same shall be published in a newspaper avowedly responsible therefor, or unless there appears upon such circular, poster or paper, in a conspicuous place, either the names of the chairman and secretary, or at least the names of two officers of the political or other organization issuing the same, or the name of some duly registered elector with description of his election district, as responsible therefor, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in jail not exceeding six months, or both, and if the statements are untrue the person so offending shall also be deemed guilty of libel and may be prosecuted in the civil or criminal courts, or both, thereof. (Act 1895, Sec. 1, P. L. 389.)

It shall not be lawful for any political organization to parade through the streets of the city of Philadelphia after dark, within ten days next preceding any general election.

Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty dollars, and an imprisonment not exceeding sixty days. (Act 1867, Secs. 1 and 2, P. L. 1129.)

No officer, clerk or employee of any city of the first class, or of any department, trust or commission thereof, shall be a member of, or delegate or alternate to, any political convention, nor shall he be present at any such convention except in the performance of his official duty. No officer, clerk or employee of any city of the first class, or of any department, trust or commission thereof, shall serve as a member of, or attend the meetings of, any committee of any political party, or take any acttive part in political management or in political campaigns, or use his office to influence political movements, or influence the political action of any other officer, clerk or employee of any such city, department, trust or commission. No officer, clerk or employee of any city of the first class shall in any way or manner interfere with the conduct of any election, or the preparation therefor, at the polling place, or with the election officers while counting the vote or returning the ballot boxes, books and papers to the place provided by law for that purpose, save only for the purpose of marking and depositing his ballot as speedily as it reasonably can be done or be within any polling place, or within fifty feet thereof, except for purposes of ordinary travel or residence, during the period of time beginning one hour pre ceding the opening of the polls for holding such election and ending with the time when the election officers shall have finished counting the votes, and have left the polling place for the purpose of depositing the ballot boxes and papers in the place provided by law for that purpose, excepting only officers of the Bureau of Police, who may temporarily approach or enter the polling place in order to make any arrest permitted by law, or for the purpose of preserving order, and in such case only long enough to accomplish the duties aforesaid, after which the said officers shall at once withdraw. Any officer, clerk or employee of any city of the first class, or any department, trust or commisson thereof, violating any of the provisions of this section shall be immediately dismissed by the mayor, or by the head of the department, trust or commission in which he is employed. (Act 1906, Sec. 2, P. L. 20.)

XI. REGULATION OF ELECTION EXPENSES.

The term "candidate for nomination," as used herein, shall include all persons whose names are presented for nomination to public office at any primary meeting, caucus, or convention, whether or not such persons are actually nominated thereat.

The term "candidate for election," as used herein, shall include all persons whose names are printed as candidates on the official ballots, or on any official sticker, used at any election; and also all persons voted for, for any public office, who shall receive at least ten per cent. of the highest vote received by the successful candidate for such office, but whose names were not printed on the official ballots.

The term "candidate," as used herein, shall, unless especially restricted therein, include both candidates for nomination and candidates for election.

The term "public officer," as used herein, shall include every public office to which persons can be elected by vote of the people, under the laws of this Commonwealth.

The term "political committee," as used herein, shall include every two or more persons who shall be elected, appointed or chosen, or who shall have associated themselves or co-operated, for the purpose, wholly or in part, of raising, collecting or disbursing money, or of controlling or directing the raising, collection or disbursement of money, for election expenses.

The term "election expenses," as used herein, shall include all expenditures of money or other valuable things in furtherance of the nomination of any person or persons as candidates for public office, or in furtherance of the election of any person or persons to public office, or to de-

feat the nomination or election to public office of any person or persons. (Act 1906, Sec. 1, P. L. 78.)

Every political committee shall appoint and constantly maintain a treasurer, to receive, keep and disburse all sums of money which may be collected or received by such committee, or by any of its members, for election expenses; and unless such treasurer is first appointed, and thereafter maintained, it shall be unlawful for a political committee or any of its members to collect, receive or disburse money for any such purpose. All money collected or received by any political committee or by any of its members, for election expenses, shall be paid over and made to pass through the hands of the treasurer of such committee, and shall be disburesd by him; and it shall be unlawful for any political committee or any of its members to disburse any money for election expenses, unless such money shall have passed through the hands of the treasurer. (Act 1906, Sec. 2, P. L. 78.)

No person who is not a candidate, or the treasurer of a political committee, shall pay, give or lend, or agree to pay, give or lend, any money or other valuable thing, whether contributed by himself or by any other person, for any election expenses whatever, except to a candidate or to a political committee; and no officer of any corporation, whether incorporated under the laws of this or any other State or any foreign country, except corporations formed for political purposes, shall pay, give or lend, or authorize to be paid, given or lent, any money or other valuable thing belonging to such corporation to any candiate or to any political committee, for the payment of any election expenses whatever. (Act 1906, Sec. 3, P. L. 79.)

No candidate, and no treasurer of any political committee, shall pay, give or lend, or agree to pay, give or lend, either directly or indirectly, any money or other valuable thing for any nomination or election expenses whatever, except for the following purposes:

First. For printing and traveling expenses, and personal expenses incident thereto, stationery, advertising, postage, expressage, freight, telegraph, telephone and public messenger service.

Second. For dessimination of information to the public.

Third. For political meetings, demonstrations and conventions, and for the pay and transportation of speakers.

Fourth. For the rent, maintenance and furnishing of offices.

Fifth. For the payment of clerks, typewriters, stenographers, janitors, and messengers, actually employed.

Sixth. For the employment of watchers at primary meetings and elections, to the number allowed by law.

Seventh. For the transportation of voters to and from the polls.

Eighth. For legal expenses, bona fide incurred, in connection with any nomination or election. (Act 1906, Sec. 4, P. L. 79.)

Every candidate for nomination at any primary election, caucus, or convention, whether nominated thereat or not, shall, within fifteen days after the same was held, if the amount received or expended shall exceed the sum of fifty dollars, and every candidate for election, and every treasurer of a political committee, or person acting as such treasurer, shall, within thirty days after every election at which such candidate was voted for, or with which such political committee was concerned, if the amount received or expended shall exceed the sum of fifty dollars,—file with the officers hereinafter specified a full, true and detailed account, subscribed and sworn or affirmed to by him, before an officer authorized to administer oaths, setting forth each and every sum of money contributed, received or disbursed by him for election expenses, the date of each contribution, receipt and disbursement, the name of the person from whom received or to whom paid, and the object or purpose for which the same was disbursed. Such account shall also set forth the unpaid debts an obligations of any such candidate or committee for election expenses, with the nature and amount of each, and to whom owing. In the case of candidates for election who have previously filed accounts as candidates for nomination, the accounts shall only include contributions, receipts and disbursements subsequent to the date of such prior accounts. If the aggregate receipts or disbursements of a candidate or political committee, in connection with any nomination or election, shall not exceed fifty dollars, the treasurer of the committee or candidate shall, within thirty days after the election, certify that fact, under oath, to the officer with whom the statement is filed, as hereinafter provided. (Act 1906, Sec. 5, P. L. 79.)

Every such account shall be accompanied by vouchers for all sums expended exceeding ten dollars in amount. It shall be unlawful for any candidate, or treasurer of a political committee, or person acting as such treasurer, to disburse any money received from any anonymous source. (Act 1906, Sec. 6, P. L. 80.)

Every such account, concerning expenses incurred by, or in regard to, candidates for offices to be voted for by the electors of the State at large, shall be filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth; and every such account, concerning expenses incurred by, or in regard to, candidates for other offices, shall be filed with the clerk of the court of quarter sessions of the several counties where such candidates may respectively reside: Provided, That if any account concerns expenses in regard to candidates who do not all reside in the same county, such accounts shall be filed in each county in which any such candidate (not being a candidate for an office to be voted for by the electors of the State at large), resides. (Act 1906, Sec. 6, P. L. 80.)

It shall be unlawful to administer the oath of office to any person elected to any public office until he has filed an account as herein required, and no such person shall enter upon the duties of his office until he has filed such account, nor shall he receive any salary for any period prior to the filing of the same. (Act 1906, Sec. 7, P. L. 80.)

All such accounts shall be open to public inspection in the offices where they are filed, and shall be carefully preserved there for a period of two years. (Act 1906, Sec. 8, P. L. 81.)

Within twenty days after the last day for the filing of any account required by this act, any five electors of the State, or of the political division thereof concerning which any such account has been filed, may present a petition to the court of quarter sessions of the county in which the office where such account has been filed is situated, praying for an audit of such account. The court shall thereupon direct the officer or officers with whom such account has been filed to certify the same to the court for audit, and may, in its discretion, require security to be entered for costs. The court may, in its discretion, appoint an auditor to audit said account; but the fees of such auditor shall not exceed the sum of ten dollars a day for each day actually engaged. The court or auditor shall fix a date, as early as may be convenient, for the audit; at which time the person by whom such account has been filed shall be required to be present in person, to vouch his account, and answer, on oath or affirmation, all such relevant questions concerning the same as may be put to him by the petitioners or their counsel. The auditor shall issue subpœnas to all parties whom the petition or the accountant may require to give evidence concerning such account, and he shall determine, subject to exception, all questions as to the admissibility of evidence, and shall file a copy of the evidence with his report. If, upon the audit, the court shall decide that the account was false in any substantial manner, or that any illegal election expenses were incurred, the costs of said audit shall be paid by the acountant; but otherwise, by the petitioners. (Act 1906, Sec. 9, P. L. 81.)

The decision of the court upon the audit shall be subject to appeal; but if the court shall decide that any candidate who has been elected has incurred any illegal election expenses, or has consented to the incurring of any illegal election expenses by any person or committee, the court shall certify its decision to the Attorney General, who shall thereupon cause a writ of quo warranto to be issued; and if, upon proceedings under such writ of quo warranto, it shall be decided that the candidate in question has incurred any illegal election expenses, or has consented to the incurring of any illegal election expenses by any person or committee, his election shall be declared void and his office vacant: Provided, that in the case of candiates elected to the office of Senator or Representative in the General Assembly, the decision of the court shall be certified to the President of the Senate or to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, as the case may be: And provided further, that in the case of any candidate elected to the office of member of the House of Representatives of the United States, the decision of the court shall be certified to the Governor of this Commonwealth, who shall

transmit the same to the Speaker of the said House of Representatives. (Act 1906, Sec. 10, P. L. 81.)

If the court shall decide, upon the audit, that any person, whether a candidate or not, has incurred illegal election expenses, or has otherwise violated any of the provisions of this act, it shall certify its decision to the district attorney of the county in which such person may reside, and it shall thereupon be the duty of such district attorney to institute criminal proceedings against such person. (Act 1906, Sec. 11, P. L. 82.)

No person shall be excused from answering any question, in any proceedings under this act, on the ground that such answer would tend to incriminate him; but no such answer shall be used as evidence against such person in any criminal action or prosecution whatever, except in an action for perjury in giving such testimony. (Act 1906, Sec. 12, P. L. 82.)

The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall, at the expense of the Commonwealth, furnish to the county commissioners blanks, in the form approved by the Secretary and Attorney General, suitable for the statements hereinbefore required. On the receipt of the list of candidates for public offices, before a caucus or primary, or upon the filing of a nomination, before municipal election, the county commissioners shall transmit to the candidate or candidates put in nomination, or at said primaries, and to the treasurers of political committees, the blanks above described. Upon the filing of a nomination for a State or National election, the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall transmit to the candidate or candidates put in nomination, and to the treasurer of the political committees, the blanks above described. To any person required to file a statement, such blank shall be furnished upon application therefor. (Act 1906, Sec. 13, P. L. 82.)

Any person who shall incur any illegal election expenses, or otherwise violate any of the provisions of this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor; and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars or more than one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment for not less than one month or more than two years, either or both, at the discretion of the court. (Act 1906, Sec. 14, P. L. 82.)

ELECTION CONTESTS.

The several classes of election which may be contested in this Commonwealth are hereby distinguished and designated as follows, to-wit:

I. The Governor and Lieutenant Governor of the Commonwealth.

II. Electors of President and Vice-President of the United States, and all officers of this Commonwealth (except Governor and Lieutenant Governor), who now are or hereafter shall be required to be elected by the qualified voters of the State at large.

III. The judges of the several courts of record, to be learned in the law, other than judges of the Supreme Court.

IV. All other officers (excepting members of the General Assembly), whether elected by the qualified voters of counties, cities, townships, boroughs, wards, school districts or any other division of the State. (Act 1874, Sec. 1, P. L. 208.)

Contested elections of Governor and Lieutenant Governor shall be tried and determined by a committee to be selected from both houses of the General Assembly, and formed and regulated in the following manner: (Act 1874, Sec. 20, P. L. 213.)

Upon the petition in writing of at least one hundred qualified electors of the Commonwealth, accompanied by the affidavit, taken and subscribed by at least twenty of the petitioners, before some person having authority to administer oaths, that the facts set forth are true to the best of their knowledge and belief, and a certificate from the prothonotary of the county or counties where the petitioners reside, that they are all qualified electors, being presented to the President of the Senate, within ten days from the organization of the Legislature next succeeding the election complained of, he shall immediately give information thereof to both houses; such petition being read in each house, shall be laid on the table, without any question taken thereon, until the two houses shall proceed thereon, in manner following: (Act 1874, Sec. 21, P. L. 214.)

The Senate and House of Representatives shall, on a day and hour to be agreed on between them, which day shall be within five days of the reception of the petition, as aforesaid, convene in the hall of the House of Representatives, where the petition shall be read by the Clerk of the Senate; the names of the members of each house shall then be called over by the respective clerks, and a quorum of each house being present, a joint committee shall be formed as follows:

I. The names of all the Senators present, except the President pro tempore, shall be written on distinct pieces of paper, as nearly alike as may be, each of which shall be rolled up and put into a box by the clerk of the House of Representatives, and placed on the Speaker's table.

II. The Clerk of the Senate having shaken and intermixed the said papers, shall draw them out one by one, and put them alternately into three boxes, also placed on the Speaker's table.

III. When the whole number shall be thus distributed, the Clerk of the House of Representatives shall shake and intermix the papers in each box, and shall draw alternately from each box the papers so rolled up, and shall deliver them singly to the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

IV. The Speaker of the House of Representatives shall open the said papers singly, and read aloud the name on each, and then deliver the papers singly to the President of the Senate, who shall place them openly on the table.

V. A member of each house, to be designated by the respective presiding officers, shall take down in writing the name so called, and shall each of them repeat aloud the name so written, until the number of twelve names be drawn out and written down. (Act 1874, Sec. 22, P. L. 214.)

The like proceeding shall then be had for drawing twenty-five members of the House of Representatives for the purpose: Provided,

I. That the duties herein enjoined upon the Clerk of the House of Representatives shall be performed by the Clerk of the Senate.

II. That the duties enjoined upon the Clerk of the Senate shall be performed by the Clerk of the House of Representatives.

III. That the duties hereinbefore enjoined upon the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall be performed by the presiding officer of the Senate.

IV. That the duties hereinbefore enjoined upon the President of the Senate shall be performed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, whose name shall not be placed in the box. (Act 1874, Sec. 23, P. L. 214.)

If any objection be made by either of the parties to any member so drawn by lot, such member shall be discharged and another name be drawn to supply the place, and so on until the whole number of twelve Senators and twenty-five members of the House of Representatives shall be completed; and in all cases the members drawn in place of those objected to, shall be in like manner liable to be set aside, and others shall be drawn in their places; but if so many be set aside by reason of objections, as aforesaid, that there shall not remain more than the number aforesaid, then no further objection shall be admitted. (Act 1874, Sec. 24, P. L. 215.)

When the number aforesaid shall be completed, the Clerk of the House of Representatives shall draw out, one by one, the names of the remaining members of the Senate, and deliver them singly to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, who shall unfold and read them aloud; and the Clerk of the Senate shall, in like manner, draw out the names of the remaining members of the House of Representatives, and deliver them singly to the Speaker of the Senate, who shall unfold them and read them aloud; and if any unfairness or mistake shall then be discovered therein, the whole proceedings shall be set aside, and the same shall be renewed in manner and form hereinbefore directed; but after the committee is sworn, no objection for such cause shall be received. (Act 1874, Sec. 25, P. L. 215.)

When the proceedings aforesaid shall be concluded, a list of the twelve members of the Senate and a separate list of the twenty-five members of the House of Representatives, so drawn, shall be given to each of the parties, who shall immediately withdraw to some adjoining room, with a clerk or member appointed by the joint vote of members

present, where they will proceed to strike off alternately the names upon such list, until the number shall be reduced to four members of the Senate and nine of the House of Representatives. (Act 1874, Sec. 26, P. L. 215.)

On the parties withdrawing to form such select committee, the members of both houses shall continue convened, and the members whose names shall have been drawn out of the boxes shall not depart the conference room without leave, until the time and place for the meeting of the select committee shall be fixed as hereinafter provided. (Act 1874, Sec. 27, P. L. 215.)

Within one hour from the time of withdrawing as aforesaid, the parties shall deliver to the presiding officer of the Senate the names of the said four members of the Senate and nine of the House of Representatives remaining on the list, who shall then respectively take an oath or affirmation, to be administered by the presiding officer of the Senate, to try the matter of the petition and to give a true judgment thereon, according to the evidence, unless the committee shall be dissolved. (Act 1874, Sec. 28, P. L. 215.)

The time and place for the meeting of the select committee so appointed, shall then be directed by the joint vote of the members of both houses, which time shall be within forty-eight hours of the appointment. (Act 1874, Sec. 29, P. L. 216.)

If any person appointed a member of such select committee shall, at the time of such appointment, swear or affirm that he cannot, without great inconvenience, serve on such committee, he shall be excused, and in such case another shall be substituted. But if any member of such committee shall neglect to attend upon the committee, his name shall be reported in writing to the house of which he shall be a member, and unless satisfactory reasons be given for his non-attendance, he shall be reprimanded by the presiding officer of the house of which he is a member. (Act 1874, Sec. 30, P. L. 216.)

The select committee so chosen shall be presided over by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, who shall decide questions regarding the admissibility of evidence, and he shall, upon request of the committee, pronounce his opinion upon other questions of law involved in the trial; but he shall not have a vote on the final determination of the case. Immediately after the appointment of the select committee aforesaid, the presiding officer of the Senate shall notify the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court thereof, and he shall immediately attend the meetings of the committee, as the presiding officer thereof. (Act 1874, Sec. 31, P. L. 216.)

The select committee shall sit from day to day, Sundays excepted, at such hours as shall not interfere with their attendance in the Legislature; but, unless nine of their number be present, the committee after waiting one hour, shall adjourn to the next day; and if the number of the committee shall unavoidably be reduced to less than nine members, and shall so continue for the space of three days, Sundays excepted, the committee shall be dissolved, and there shall be another chosen in manner aforesaid: Provied, That when the two houses shall stand adjourned for more than three days, the committee may adjourn to the same time. (Act 1874, Sec. 32, P. L. 216.)

The select committee shall have power to send for persons, papers and records, and to compel the attendance of and examine all witnesses who may come before them, upon oath or affirmation, which the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, or clerk of the committee, may administer in their presence, and to decide not only on the validity of such contested election, but also which of the candidates had the greatest number of legal votes. (Act 1874, Sec 33, P. L. 216.)

When it is proven to the satisfaction of said committee that any person, not a legally qualified voter, voted at any such contested election, it shall be lawful for said committee to compel said voter to disclose, under oath, for which of the respective candidates he voted; but when the committee examines the witness on oath as to the person or persons for whom he voted, and said witness, on such examination, discloses the names of the persons for whom he voted at such election, he shall not afterwards be presented for, having illegally voted at such election. (Act 1874, Sec. 34, P. L. 216.)

The doors of the room in which the select committee shall meet shall remain open during the examination of witnesses, but may be shut at any other time; all determinations required to be made by such committees shall be by a majority of the whole number appointed; and as soon as the committee shall have agreed upon the same, two reports thereof shall be made in writing, one of which shall be delivered to the presiding officer of the Senate, and the other to the Speaker of the House of Representatives; which reports shall be entered on the Journals of the respective houses, and shall be final and conclusive. (Act 1874, Sec. 35, P. L. 217.)

If the committee, or a majority thereof as aforesaid, shall report that either of the candidates had the greatest number of legal votes, and ought to be admitted to the office, such candidate shall thereupon be entitled to such office. (Act 1874, Sec. 36, P. L. 217.)

If the committee, or a majority thereof as aforesaid, shall report that such election or return is invalid, a new election shall take place on the day of the general election ensuing, agreeably to the Constitution, of which the presiding officer of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives shall immediately give notice, by their joint writ directed to the sheriffs of the respective counties; and the sheriffs of the respective counties shall give due notice thereof according to law. (Act 1874, Sec. 37, P. L. 217.)

Cases of the second class shall be tried and determined by the Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County; and for the purpose of hearing and determining the complaint in the petition in such cases, the Court of Common Pleas of the Twelfth Judicial District shall notify to sit with it, on the hearing of such complaint, two president judges, learned in the law, residing nearest to the courthouse of the said judicial district; and the judges so notified shall appear and sit as part of the said court on the hearing, trial and determination of such petition. (Act 1874, Sec. 3, P. L. 209.)

After the hearing of the said case, the said judges shall without unnecessary delay, decide which of the candidates voted for received the greatest number of legal votes, and is entitled to the office; which decision shall be entered of record to the case in the said court, and a certified copy thereof shall, within five days from the rendering thereof, be delivered to the Secretary of the Commonwealth; whereupon the person who, by the decision of the court, shall appear to have received the largest number of votes, shall be entitled to the office, and be commissioned accordingly. (Act 1874, Sec. 4, P. L. 209.)

Contested elections of president or additional law judges of any of the judicial districts of this Commonwealth, shall be tried and determined before the court of common pleas of the county where the person returned as elected shall reside in manner following. (Act 1874, Sec. 5, P. L. 209.)

Upon the petition in writing of at least fifty qualified electors of the district for which the person whose election is contested was returned as elected, accompanied by the affidavit of not less than ten of such petitioners, being presented in due form to the Attorney General of the Commonwealth, complaining of an undue election or false return of any president or additional law judge of any judicial district of the Commonwealth, the Attorney General shall immediately notify the Governor thereof, who shall, without delay, direct the three president judges residing nearest to the courthouse of the county composing the district, or if more than one county composes the judicial district, then those nearest the courthouse of the most populous county of the district, to convene, without delay, the court of common pleas of such county, and proceed to hear and determine the complaint of the said petition; and after such hearing the said judges shall, with no unnecessary delay, decide which of the candidates voted for received the greatest number of legal votes, and is entitled to the office; which decision shall be entered of record to the case in said court, and a certified copy thereof shall, within five days from the rendering of such decision, be transmitted to the Secretary of the Commonwealth; whereupon the person, who, by the said decision, shall appear to have received the largest number of votes, shall be entitled to the office, and commissioned accordingly: Provided, No order shall be taken on such petition, unless it shall be presented to the Attorney General within thirty days after the election complained of. (Act 1874, Sec. 6, P. L. 209.)

In any contested election of any president or additional law judge in any judicial district, where there is more than one court of common pleas, the court of the next highest number to the court for which the person whose election is

contested is returned as elected, if there be one higher, and if not, the one next lower, shall perform all the duties required of the three president judges, as prescribed in the foregoing section. (Act 1874, Sec. 7, P. L. 210.)

When the election of a judge of the Supreme Court, or a judge of any subordinate court of record, required to be learned in the law, shall be contested, if the trial and determination of such election contest shall involve the true construction of any provision of the Constitution, or if the decision shall depend on any question arising upon the Constitution, an appeal shall lie from the decision of the court or judges empowered to try such contested election to the Supreme Court. (Act 1878, Sec. 1, P. L. 204.)

Such appeal may be taken by any person whose right to the office was tried and determined, or by any person aggrieved by the decision, within thirty days after the decision of the judges shall have been entered of record to the case in the court of common pleas. The appeal shall be filed in the prothonotary's office of the proper district, but may be heard by the said Supreme Court in any district; and it shall be the duty of said court to hear and decide the same, without delay. (Act 1878, Sec. 2, P. L. 205.)

To this end it is hereby made the duty of the judges in the court of common pleas trying such election contest to, first, find separately an explicitly the facts deemed by them material to the decision, and also such other facts as any party to the contest may request them in writing to ascertain; and to, second, answer such points of law as may be submitted to them. (Act 1878, Sec 3, P. L. 205)

The said Supreme Court, having decided the constitutional question involved in such election contest, shall thereupon proceed to decide and declare which of the candidates voted for received the greatest number of legal votes and is entitled to the office, and shall cause their decision to be certified to the Secretary of the Commowealth; whereupon, the person who, by the decision of the said Supreme Court, shall appear to have received the largest number of legal votes, shall be entitled to the office and be commissioned accordingly. (Act 1878, Sec. 4, P. L. 205.)

Contested elections of Senators and members of the House of Representatives shall be tried and determined by the court of common pleas of the county where the person returned as such shall reside, in the manner following. (Act 1874, Sec. 11, P. L. 211.)

Upon petition in writing of at least twenty qualified electors of the Senatorial district, in case of a Senator, and of the county, in case of a member of the House of Representatives, complaining of an undue election or false return of any Senator or Representative, the court, if in session, or the president judge thereof, if in vacation, shall immediately appoint a suitable time for the hearing in open court of such complaint; and if the court is not in session, the president judge to whom such complaint is made, shall direct the court to convene for that purpose, notice of which shall be given to the person returned, at least ten days before such hearing, but no order shall be taken on such petition, unless it be accompanied by the affidavit of at least five of the petitioners, taken before a person qualified to administer oaths or affirmations, setting forth that the facts there stated are true to the best of their knowledge and belief, and unless such petition shall be presented within thirty days of the election complained of. On the trial of contested elections of Senators and members of the House of Representatives, the petitioners complaining of the election, and the person returned as elected, shall be the parties thereto. (Act 1874, Sec. 12, P. L. 211.)

The court of common pleas to which a petition shall be presented, as aforesaid, contesting the right of a Senator or member of the House of Representatives to the seat for which he may have been returned as elected, shall have authority to compel the attendance of any officer of the election complained of, and of any person capable of testifying concerning the same; and also to compel the production of all books, papers, tally lists, tickets, ballot boxes and all other documents which may be required at such hearing, in like manner and to the same extent as in other cases litigated before such court; to appoint commissioners to take testimony, and to proceed without delay, postponing for the purpose, if necessary, all other business, to the hearing and determination of such case. (Act 1874, Sec. 13, P. L. 211.)

After the hearing, as aforesaid, the court shall, without unnecessary delay, decide which of the candidates voted for received the greatest number of legal votes, and is entitled to the certificate of election. (Act 1874, Sec. 14, P. L. 212.)

The Secretary of the Commonwealth shall, on the day of the meeting of the next General Assembly, or, if in session, then immediately upon its reception, deliver to the Speaker of the proper house the certified copy of the decision of the court aforesaid; any claimant to a seat in either branch of the Legislature, who shall feel aggrieved by the decision of the court in his case, may present his petition to the proper house, within ten days after the meeting of the Legislature, or within ten days after the decision shall have been made in his case, if the Legislature shall then be in session, putting forth his claim to the seat; which petition shall have appended thereto the affidavit of the petitioner, setting forth that he verily believes that he was duly elected to the seat, and that the statements set forth in his petition are just and true, to the best of his knowledge and belief; and said petition shall also be signed by at least twenty qualified electors, of the proper county or district, at least five of whom shall make affidavit that the facts set forth in said petition are true, to the best of their knowledge and belief; such petition, when presented, shall be referred to a standing committee on elections, which committee shall proceed to hear the claims of the contestants and respondent, and report the facts and a resolution exxpressing the decision of the committee for the consideration of the house; and the vote of the proper house on the claims of the contestants and respondent shall be final: Provided, That no resolution deciding such question shall be adopted unless it shall receive the votes of a majority of all the members elected to the house considering the same. (Act 1874, Sec. 15, P. L. 212.)

Cases of the fourth class shall be tried and determined by the court of quarter sessions of the peace of the county in which the election contest shall be held. (Act 1874, Sec. 16, P. L 212.)

The proper court or judge shall have power to compel the attendance of any election officer, or other person, as a witness, and may also compel the production of all books, papers, tally lists, returns of election, other documentary or record evidence, at discretion, for use on the trial, and may issue subpoenas and attachments, for these purposes, as in other cases of proceedings in the courts of this Commonwealth; and all such books, papers documents, ballots, boxes and records shall be returned to the proper custody. Certified copies of all election papers, assessments, registers of votes and records, duly authenticated by the person having custody thereof, shall be competent evidence, and prima facie proof of their contents; but the party against whom the same shall be produced shall have the right to compel the attendance of the person who certifies them, for cross-examination. Examiners, to take and report evidence, may be appointed; and reasonable notice of the time and place of taking the same shall be prescribed by the court, or judge, and served upon the opposite party. (Act 1874, Sec. 8, P. L. 210.)

Hereafer in all contested elections, except of Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, electors of President and Vice-President of the United States, and all other officers of this Commonwealth who now are or hereafter shall be required to be elected by the qualified voters of the State at large, the time to be consumed in taking testimony in court or before an examiner or examiners appointed for that purpose shall not exceed ninety days in any one case, no matter whether such testimony be taken in court or before an examiner or examiners, or partly in court and partly before an examiner or examiners, and said testimony shall be taken in the following order, to wit: A period of time not exceeding forty days shall be allowed the contestant for this purpose; a succeeding period of time not exceeding forty days shall be allowed for said purpose to the person returned as elected; and the contestants may take testimony in rebuttal during ten days, immediately succeeding the time allowed the person returned as elected for taking testimony; and for any testimony taken after the limit of time herein fixed, no contest court shall have the power to charge any costs to any district, county, city, township, borough, ward, school district or municipality, nor shall they be under any liability for the payment of the same, but the said court may order the contestant, petitioners or

person returned elected, to pay the costs, as in its discretion it is deemed just and proper. (Act 1899, Sec. 1, P. L. 103.)

Provided, That no costs shall be paid out of the treasury of any district, county, city, township, borough, ward, school district or municipality in any such contest until the same has been finally determined; and no costs, accruing or chargeable in any case after the limit of time herein fixed, shall be paid by the proper district, county, city, township, borough, ward, school district, or municipality, nor shall they be under any liability for the payment of the same. (Act 1899, Sec. 1, P. L. 103.)

Witnesses and officers shall be paid the same fees as are now or hereafter shall be fixed by law for similar services in the county in which the trial shall be held, but witnesses whose votes are shown to be illegal shall receive no witness fees or mileage. (Act 1899, Sec. 1, P. L. 118.)

In contested elections of president or additional law judges, and of county, borough, township, municipal officers, or school directors, or school controllers, if the contestant or contestants fail to establish his or their right to the office to which he or they claimed to have been elected, the petitioners and each and every of them shall be jointly and severally liable for all the costs, and the same may be collected as debts of like amount are by law collectible, or payment thereof may be enforced by attachment. In case the contestant or contestants establish his or their right to the office in either of the above named cases, the costs shall be paid by the proper district, county, borough, township, municipality or school district. Whenever a petition to contest an election in any of said cases shall be presented to the court, it shall be the duty of said petitioners within ten days thereafter, to file a bond signed by at least five of the said petitioners in such sum as the said court, or any judge thereof during vacation, shall designate, with sureties to be approved by the said court or judge, conditioned for the payment of all costs which may accrue in said contested election proceeding, in case the said petitioners by decree of said court shall be adjudged liable to pay said costs, and if the said bonds shall not be filed, as herein provided, the said petition to contest the election shall be dismissed. (Act 1899, Sec. 1, P. L. 118.)

In contested elections of electors of President and Vice-President, and State officers whose jurisdiction extends over the State, and Senators and members of the House of Representatives, if the court or judge shall decide that the complaint is without probable cause, the petitioners and every of them shall be jointly and severally liable for all the costs, and the same may be collected as debts of like amount are by law collectible, or payment thereof may be enforced by attachment. In contested elections of electors of President and Vice-President, and State officers whose jurisdiction extends over the State, and Senators and members of the House of Representatives, as aforesaid, in which the court or judge shall not decide that the complaint is without probable cause, the Commonwealth shall be liable for all costs, and the same shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of any moneys not otherwise appropriated, on bills certified to be correct by the proper court or judge, upon examination and approval of the Auditor General. (Act 1899, Sec. 1, P. L. 118.)

Whenever, in contested elections of president or additional law judges, and of county, borough, township or municipal officers, if any court or judge shall have heretofore decided, or shall hereafter decide, that the complaint was not, or is not, without probable cause, the said court or judge is hereby authorized, and shall apportion all the costs among the proper districts, counties, cities, townships, boroughs, wards, school districts or municipalities of the whole district in which contest is had, in such way as said court or judge shall think just; and to compel by order the payment of such amounts so apportioned to each by the properly constituted authorities of each other of the proper districts, counties, cities, townships, boroughs, wards, school districts or municipalities, as the payment of debts by the same can now be enforced. (Act 1876, Sec. 1, P. L. 148.)

The proper court or judge shall have power to appoint phonographic reporters, if necessary, to take the testimony, and may order printing of such matters as may be necessary during the trial; and all bills for such reports and printing, certified to be reasonable and correct by the court or judge, shall be a part of the costs, and collectible as other costs in the case: Provided, that all printing required in cases of the second and third classes, shall be done by the State Printer, at contract prices; and in all other cases, the prices to be paid for such reporting and printing shall be fixed in the order providing therefor, and no more than the amount thus fixed shall be paid in any case. (Act 1874, Sec. 10, P. L. 211.)

No judge shall sit on the trial of a case in which he shall be a party. In any case where, by reason of incompetency or any disability to act, there shall be no law judge of the district in which any contest shall arise present, and able as well as qualified to act, the judge, learned in the law, residing nearest the court house of the county in which, by the provisions of this act, the trial in any such case is required to be had, except in cases otherwise provided in this act, shall preside on the trial, and shall have and exercise all the powers and authority, and discharge all the duties, granted to or imposed upon the regular judges of the said courts, in cases wherein they are qualified and required to act by the provisions of this law. Any law judge, who is hereby authorized to preside in any such case, and any president or other judge, learned in the law, of the proper court, shall have full power to hold any of the said courts, by this act required to try any such contested election case, without the assistance of the associate justices, or either of them, of such courts, not learned in the law. And all of the said courts and judges, hereby required to try any contested election case, shall have plenary power to make, issue and enforce all necessary orders, rules, process and decrees, for a full and proper understanding and final determination and enforcement of the decision of every such case, according to the course of practice in similar cases, under the laws of this Commonwealth, or which may be necessary and proper to carry out the provisions of this act. (Act 1874, Sec. 17, P. L. 212.)

The commencement of procedings, in every case, shall be by petition, which shall be made and filed, as herein required, within thirty days after the day of election; the petition shall concisely set forth the cause of complaint, showing wherein it is claimed the election is undue or illegal, and after filing, shall not be amended, unless such amendment shall be allowed by the proper court or judge, after notice to the other party and hearing; and if allowed, reasonable time shall be given to answer. In cases of the second class, the petition shall be signed by at least one hundred qualified electors who voted at the election contested; in cases of the third class, by at least fifty such electors; and in cases of the fourth class, by at least twenty-five; and shall be verified by at least five of the petitioners, by affidavit taken and subscribed before some person authorized by the laws of this Commonwealth to administer oaths, setting forth that they verily believe the facts stated therein are true, that according to the best of their knowledge and belief, the election was undue or illegal, and the return thereof not correct, and that the petition to contest the same is made in good faith. The petition shall be presented to the court or law judge having jurisdiction, except where otherwise provided in this act; and, if it shall be adjudged sufficient it shall be filed of record in the proper court, and thereupon a time shall be fixed for hearing. Notice of the filing of the petition, with a copy thereof, shall be served upon the person whose right of office shall be contested, together with a rule to answer at the time fixed for hearing; which notice, copy and rule shall be served such length of time before the day fixed for hearing, as the said court or judge shall require, not exceeding forty days, in cases of the second and third classes, and in all other cases, not exceeding thirty days. (Act 1874, Sec. 18, P. L. 213.)

In trials of contested elections, and in all proceedings for the investigation of elections, no person shall be permitted to withhold his testimony upon the ground that he may incriminate himself, or subject him to public infamy; but such testimony shall not afterwards be used against him in any judicial proceeding, except for perjury in giving such testimony. (Act 1874, Sec. 19, P. L. 213.)

Whenever it shall appear by the returns of election laid before the Governor, by the Secretary of the Commonwealth, as now required by law, that any person has been duly elected to the office of prothonotary, clerk of the courts, recorder of deeds or register of wills, judge, or any other officer receiving a commission from the Governor, in any of the several counties of this Commonwealth, it

shall be the duty of the Governor to issue a commission to such person, notwithstanding that the election of such person to any or either of said offices may be contested, in the manner now provided by law: Provided, that whenever it shall appear by the decision of the proper tribunal having jurisdiction of such contested election, that the person to whom said commission shall have issued, has not been legally elected to the office for which he has been commissioned, then a commission shall issue to the person who shall appear legally elected to said office; the issuing of which commission shall nullify and make void the commission already issued, and all power and authority under said commission first issued, shall thereupon cease and determine: Provided further, that this act shall not in any manner affect any contest now pending. (Act 1889, Sec. 1, P. L. 60.)

Whenever in any contested election the tribunal trying the case shall decide that the ballots used in one or more election districts were, by reason of the omission, addition, misplacing, misspelling or misstatement of one or more titles of offices, or names of candidates, or parties or policies represented by them, so defective as to the office in contest as to be calculated to mislead the voters in regard to any of the candidates nominated for said office, and that the defective condition of the said ballots may have affected the result of the entire election for said office, the said tribunal shall declare the election to be invalid as regards the said office, and shall report their decision to the proper officer or officers who are now by law authorized to fill vacancies occurring in such office, who, upon receipt of such notice, shall without delay proceed to appoint a suitable person or persons to fill the vacancies thus created, and the person or persons so appointed, shall continue in office until the next election succeeding his appointment at which such office is now by law required to be filled. (Act 1897, Sec. 1, P. L. 23.)

Whenever the election of any officer shall hereafter be contested before the court of common pleas of the city and county of Philadelphia, the court shall upon the application of any citizen, appoint a receiver, to take, receive and hold, during said contested election, and until the final determination thereof, all the fees, perquisites and emoluments of the office so contested; and the said court shall require security to be entered by him, in such sums as they shall deem proper, conditioned for the faithful performance of all orders and decress of said court; and they may, at any time, order additional security to be entered, or remove said receiver, and from time to time appoint another receiver, as may be necessary. (Act 1867, Sec. 1, P. L. 1123.)

Upon the final determination of said contested election, or sooner, if thereto required by said court, the receiver or receivers so appointed, shall file his or their accounts, and the same may be examined and settled by said court, or be referred to an auditor or master, for that purpose; and the amount ascertained to be in the hands of said receiver or receivers, shall, after deducting such charges as may be allowed by said court, be paid over to the person or persons, and in the proportion said court shall decree. Provided, that any (person) aggrieved by the final decree upon said receiver's account may appeal therefrom, as in other equity proceedings. (Act 1867, Sec. 2, P. L. 1123.)

The said court shall, for the purpose of carrying this act into execution, have all the power of a court of equity, in cases where receivers are appointed by said courts, and may, in their discretion, order investments to be made of any funds in the hands of said receiver or receivers in the debt of the United States, of this State, or of the City of Philadelphia. (Act 1867, Sec. 3, P. L. 1123.)

The said court of common pleas for the city and county of Philadelphia shall have power, whenever necessary for the determination of the same, to issue commissions to places outside of the State, and to appoint an examiner or examiners to take testimony within the State, and to make all needful rules relative to the examination of witnesses, the closing of the testimony and other matters, as in equity proceedings; and the examiner and examiners so appointed, shall have power to issue subpœnas, and to compel the attendance of witnesses by attachments, and upon failure of any witness to testify as required by said examiner or examiners, the court may attach for contempt, as in other cases. (Act 1867, Sec. 4, P. L. 1123.)

The said court of common pleas of the city and county of Philadelphia may, upon final decree, enter a judgment for costs, either in whole or part, against the county, the petitioners or the respondent; or they may apportion the said costs, in equal or unequal parts, between the county, the petitioners and the responent, as to them may seem just. (Act 1867, Sec. 5, P. L. 1123.)

The final decrees of the said court, upon contested elections, may be enforced by injunction, attachment and sequestration; and their judgments as to costs may be enforced, if against the county, by mandamus execution, and if against parties, by execution and attachment. (Act 1867, Sec. 6, P. L. 1123.)

REPORT OF COMMISSION TO SELECT A SITE AND ERECT A STATE INSTITUTION FOR FEEBLE MINDED AND EPILEPTIC IN EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA.

The Commission appointed and designated under the Act of Assembly, approved the 15th day of May, A. D. 1903, to select a site and erect a State Institution for the Feeble Minded and Epileptic in Eastern Pennsylvania, makes the following report:

This Commission, as its title implies, was created by the Act of May 15, 1903, Pamphlet Laws, p. 446, for the purpose of selecting a site and erecting a State institution for the care and treatment of the feeble minded and epileptic in the eastern counties of Pennsylvania.

The first duty of the Commission after its organization was to procure an available site. In order to do this an advertisement was inserted in various prominent newspapers in the district in which the institution was to be established, asking that available tracts of land be submitted for consideration. In response to this advertisement a number of properties were offered, situate in various localities in Eastern Pennsylvania. The Commission, after visiting and considering all the sites submitted, finally selected a tract at Spring City, East Vincent Township, Chester County, Pennsylvania. Options were obtained on the several farms comprised in this tract of about two hundred and eighty-eight acres.

After the options were obtained and before taking title the site was inspected by the then Governor of Pennsylvania (the Hon. Samuel W. Pennypacker). He approved in writing of the action of the Commission in selecting a site, as well as the price paid for the same.

The site chosen is most accessible by railroad facilities to the counties in Eastern Pennsylvania, and has, in addition to the railroad accommodations, wharfage facilities on the canal of the Schuylkill Valley Navigation Company. A portion of the tract on which the buildings are erected commands a view of many miles over the Schuylkill Valley. The land is good and arable and well adapted to the preservation of health and the maintenance of the inmates of the institution. It has an adequate supply of good water and natural facilities for drainage from the institution buildings. The entire tract can be cultivated, portions of it being well adapted to the raising of stock, while the bottom lands along the Schuylkill River and Canal are well adapted for the raising of small fruits, vegetables, etc.

The cost of the land was thirty-four thousand dollars, being an average cost of one hundred and eighteen dollars per acre. Title to the tract was taken in the name of the Commonwealth on the 5th day of August, A. D. 1904, and was properly insured by the Land Title and Trust Company of Philadelphia. The deeds and title insurance policies were delivered to the Auditor General of Pennsylvania and receipted for by him.

In November, of 1908, a small tract of eleven acres with the house and barn, was purchased by the Commission for the price of seventeen hundred dollars. As soon as practicable after its purchase title was taken to this tract in the name of the Commonwealth, the title being properly insured by the Land Title and Trust Company of Philadelphia. This tract is contiguous to the other land already purchased by the Commission. The site at present comprises three hundred and four acres of land, according to recent surveys.

There were several good, substantial farm houses, with necessary outbuildings, on the tract when purchased by the Commission, and these the Commission rented on short term leases. This served two purposes: First, it enabled the Commission to insure the buildings against loss by fire, as vacant farm properties are not insurable. Secondly, the

Commission received a small revenue from the rents and the buildings were kept in better repair than if allowed to remain idle. The Commission each year sold the standing hay and the fruit.

Having secured a site the Commission began to consider plans for the new institution. Philip H. Johnson, of Philadelphia, was selected to fill the position of architect. In order to qualify themselves to pass judgment upon the plans submitted by the architect, and in order to obtain the necessary information as to the character of the new structures, a personal investigation was made in connection with the architect of two of the most modern nearby institutions devoted to the care of the feeble minded and epileptic. The Ohio State Institution was examined, as was also the up-to-date and thoroughly modern institution at Polk, in Western Pennsylvania. A close inquiry was made into the plans, construction and management of these several asylums, and the knowledge acquired was of much service to the members of the Commission when called upon to examine the plans prepared by the architect.

A general plan of the institution, together with detailed plans of several of the buildings, was submitted by the architect for the consideration of the Commission. In order that the Commission should get the very best advice obtainable, it sent one of its members, a physician, who had made a study of institution work, with a complete copy of the plans and specifications, which he submitted to the following well known authorities on all matters pertaining to the building, managing and maintaining of asylums for feeble minded, epileptic and idiotic persons:

Former Superintendent Brockway of the Elmira Reformatory, of New York. Mr. Brockway was at that time one of the foremost authorities in the United States in all matters pertaining to institutions of the character of the Spring City Institution. Mr. Brockway carefully examined the plans and pronounced them to be better fitted for the purposes of an institution of this character than any plans he had ever seen.

The plans were then submitted to Franklin H. Briggs, Superintendent of the State Industrial School, of New York. They were also approved by Dr. Briggs.

They were also submitted to Dr. Anna Warnecke, resident physician of the New York Custodial Asylum, at Newark, New York. She also fully approved of them, as did likewise C. W. Winspear, superintendent of this institution.

The plans were also approved by Joseph F. Scott, Superintendent of the New York State Reformatory, at Elmira, New York, and J. J. MacDonnell, assistant superintendent of the same place.

They were likewise approved by Dr. Bernstein, Superintendent of the State Institution for Feeble Minded, at Rome, New York. This institution is similar in its character and purposes to the institution at Spring City.

Dr. Everett Flood, Superintendent of the Massachusetts State Institution for Epileptics, at Palmer, Massachusetts, also examined the plans and gave his unqualified approval of them.

The plans were also approved by Dr. J. M. Murdock, Superintendent of the Western Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble Minded and Epileptic, at Polk, and also by Dr. W. P. Spratling, Superintendent of the Craig Colony, of New York, which is the largest institution for feeble minded and epileptic in the world.

All these gentlemen made careful examinations of the plans and offered many suggestions as to improvements, which in every instance where they were considered proper and beneficial were adopted by the Commission.

The Commission has written endorsements of the plans of the Spring City institution from all of the experts above mentioned.

The plans and specifications were also submitted to the then Governor of Pennsylvania, the Hon. Samuel W. Pennypacker, and were approved by him. Especially were the specifications subjected to close scrutiny by the Governor, and some suggestions were made by him as to changes. These suggestions were acted upon by the Commission and the specifications changed to meet the Governor's views.

The specifications were also submitted to Hampton L. Carson, Esq., Attorney General for the Commonwealth. Mr. Carson, after a careful examination of the specifications, approved of them.

The plans when thus prepared by the Commission were approved in writing by the State Board of Public Charities, as required by the Act of May 15, 1903, after which the plans were finally adopted by the commissioners.

The Act of May 15, 1903, appropriated the sum of fifty thousand dollars for the purpose of purchasing a site and preparing the plans.

The Act approved May 11, 1905, Pamphlet Laws, p. 425, appropriated the sum of five hundred thousand dollars to the Commission for the purpose of its appointment. With this sum the Commission began the erection of the buildings. Recognizing the urgent need of an institution of this kind in Eastern Pennsylvania the Commission decided to erect custodial and dormitory buildings; first, so that a working institution could be erected and turned over for the use of the Commonwealth at the earliest possible moment.

It was also thought advisable for the same reasons to invite bids for several completed buildings rather than to commence the construction of all the buildings shown upon the plans. Accordingly advertisements were inserted in twenty prominent newspapers, printed in the State of Pennsylvania, inviting proposals for the erection and completion of buildings, known as School Building Q, Industrial Building R, Dormitory Building T, Dining-room Building N, Kitchen Building G and Teachers' Building P, as shown on the plans of the institution. The proposals were opened on the day named in the advertisement in the reception room of the Governor's office, at Harrisburg, in the presence of the Governor and the public. Proposals were submitted by Payne & Company, Doyle & Doak, John R. Wiggins & Company, McCall & Company and Mitchell Bros., all of Philadelphia. John R. Wiggins & Company were found to be the lowest bidders, they agreeing to finish the work for the sum of $412,400, and the contract was accordingly awarded to them.

Subsequently a formal agreement was entered into by the builder and the Commission, and security was given by the builder for the faithful performance of the work in accordance with the plans and specifications.

Ground was broken on the 2d day of June, A. D. 1906, and the work was steadily pushed from that day until the final completion of the building on the 11th day of October, A. D. 1907.

In view of the urgent need of this institution the Commission thought it best to turn over the buildings completed, and therefore immediately requested the then Governor of Pennsylvania, the Hon. Edwin S. Stuart, to appoint a Board of Trustees, as provided for by the provisions of the Act of May 15, 1903.

The Board of Trustees, consisting of nine gentlemen, were appointed by the Governor, and this Commission upon completion of the buildings in October of 1907 offered to turn them over to this Board of Trustees.

The Commission were advised that the buildings then erected, together with the old buildings when changed and repaired, would accommodate at least five hundred inmates.

The buildings completed, to wit: Buildings G, N, P, Q, R and T were turned over to the Board of Trustees appointed by the Governor on the 22d day of May, A. D. 1908, after having been fully and carefully examined by experts employed by the Board of Trustees and found to be in perfect condition.

In this connection it is well to note that this Commission has erected and turned over an institution to the State for use and occupancy in the shortest possible time that the same could have been done under present conditions.

The Act of 1903 appropriated the sum of fifty thousand dollars for the purpose of purchasing a site and preparing the plans.

The Act of 1905 appropriated the sum of five hundred thousand dollars towards the erection of the buildings.

It was not until 1907 that an act appropriating money to maintain and furnish the institution was passed, and by the time this money was available, to wit: In the fall of 1907, the buildings were ready for occupancy and were offered to the Board of Trustees, who did not, however, accept the same until the 22d day of May, A. D. 1908.

The Act of 1907 appropriated the sum of three hundred thousand dollars to the Commission for the purposes of their appointment. Advertisements were again inserted in

number of prominent newspapers throughout Pennsylvania, asking for proposals for the erection and completion of Buildings U, V and F on the plans of the institution, with connecting corridors. Buildings U and V are custodial buildings, having facilities for housing as well as educating the inmates. Each building will accommodate one hundred inmates.

Building F is a dining-room building, which will accommodate five hundred inmates, and in connection with the dining-room of similar dimensions, previously constructed, gives dining-room facilities for one thousand inmates, which will be sufficient for the completed institution.

Proposals were submitted by a number of contractors and were opened in the presence of the public. John R. Wiggins & Company, of Philadelphia, were found to be the lowest bidders, they agreeing to do the work for two hundred and fifty-one thousand five hundred and four dollars. Work was steadily pushed on these buildings until they were finally completed in December of 1908, and were turned over in perfect condition and receipted for by the Board of Trustees on the 2d day of April, A. D. 1909.

The Act of May 15, 1909, appropriated the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars to this Commission for the purpose of its appointment. With this sum the Commission is constructing Building K and connecting corridors. The bids submitted by several contractors, after proper advertisement had been inserted in prominent newspapers of Pennsylvania, were opened in the presence of the public and the contract was awarded to John R. Wiggins & Company, they being the lowest bidders. This contract was awarded on the 15th day of November, A. D. 1909, John R. Wiggins & Company agreeing to construct Building K for the sum of $123,985.

Building K is a custodial building, corresponding in general appearance and dimensions with the other custodial buildings of the group. The building is now under roof and should be completed and ready for occupancy by March 1, 1911.

The Commission did not undertake to furnish the institution, as it considered it the duty of the trustees to do so. The Act of 1907 appropriated a sufficient sum for the trustees to furnish the building, and this work they accomplished.

In addition to the contracts above mentioned, a number of contracts were let by the Commission for the erecting of connecting corridors, laying of water pipes, the erection and completion of the sewerage disposal plant, the purchase of laundry machinery, gas and electric fixtures and also contracts for the necessary grading about the site.

On April 11, 1907, a contract was awarded to John R. Wiggins & Company for the construction and completion of corridors connecting Buildings N and T. The cost of these corridors was twenty-two thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars.

On October 15, 1908, a contract was let to John R. Wiggins & Company for the construction and completion of Building E with connecting carridors. Building E is a small one-story structure, which is being used for a staff dining-room, and is large enough to accommodate the entire staff when the institution shall have been completed.

Both of these contracts were let to John R. Wiggins & Company after proper advertisement in each case, they being the lowest bidders.

On July 5, 1907, a contract was let to McCormack & Company, of Philadelphia, for laying pipes, connecting the institution buildings with the mains of the Home Water Company, of Royersford. This contract was awarded after inviting proposals from several other contractors. The amount of the contract was nineteen hundred and thirteen dollars and forty cents.

The Commission also awarded contracts for grading to McCormack & Company. These contracts, as well as contracts for the installation of laundry fixtures and the installation of gas and electric fixtures, were all awarded to the lowest bidders.

On April 5, 1907, a contract was awarded to McCormack & Company, of Philadelphia, for the erection and completion of a sewerage disposal plant for the institution.

This contract was awarded after due advertisement to McCormack & Company, they being the lowest bidders. The amount of the contract was twenty-seven thousand six hundred and fifty-six dollars. The sewerage disposal plant was completed within the prescribed time and is now in use. It was carefully examined by the State Board of Health and was approved in writing in accordance with the law by Samuel P. Dixon, Commissioner of Health for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

The Commission at first proposed to build a reservoir and pumping station and to supply the institution with water from artesian wells to be dug on the premises.

Before proceeding to do this work, however, the Commission entered into negotiation with the Home Water Company, of Royersford, with the result that an ample supply of good and pure water was obtained for the institution at a lower cost than the Commission could supply the institution by erecting a pumping station and building a reservoir.

The Home Water Company, of Royersford, has agreed to supply the institution with water at six cents for each thousand gallons under fifty thousand gallons used daily, and five cents per thousand for each thousand gallons used in excess of fifty thousand gallons used daily.

The buildings completed, or nearly completed, in this institution comprise about one-half of the buildings shown on the general plan of the institution at Spring City, approved by the State Board of Public Charities. These buildings are all of the best design for the use of such an institution. They are without expensive architectural ornaments and have no large or costly administrative accommodations. They are all of fire-proof construction and are thoroughly modern in every respect.

The Act of 1903 creating the Commission provided that the Commission should erect an institution to accommodate not less than five hundred inmates or patients. This Commission had completed buildings in October of 1907, which in their best judgment would accommodate at least five hundred inmates. These buildings were offered to the Board of Trustees appointed by the Governor and were finally accepted by them on the 23d day of May, A. D. 1908.

Every contract awarded by the Commission was awarded only after proper advertisement had been made inviting proposals, and in every respect was a contract awarded to the lowest bidder, and the bids were invariably opened in the presence of other bidders and in the presence of the public.

This partially completed institution was turned over to the Board of Trustees, in view of the urgent need of such accommodations as the buildings when completed would afford. With the old buildings remodeled and with the new buildings completed and turned over, and which will be completed and turned over to the trustees before the first day of June, 1911, this Commission believes that the State of Pennsylvania will have at Spring City an institution which will house not less than seven hundred and fifty inmates.

This opinion, as to the number of people being accommodated, is based upon the air and floor space which each of the buildings completed or in the course of completion afford. In the last analysis the question of the number of inmates to be cared for in any institution is a matter of individual judgment with the superintendent and Board of Managers of the institution. The conducting of an asylum of any kind is simply a question of good and profitable housekeeping. One superintendent will care for one hundred patients in a given space, while another will care for one hundred and fifty in the same space, each obtaining equally good results. As the superintendent and Board of Managers of any institution are the responsible persons and those to whom the State looks for the proper care of the unfortunates under their charge, as well as the economical expenditure of money appropriated for that purpose, they should be permitted to conduct the institution in their charge in their own way and in a manner which appears best to them.

The buildings heretofore completed and turned over to the Board of Trustees were not adapted for the care of both sexes, as they are not sufficiently far apart for such accommodation.

With the completion, however, of custodial Building K we believe that two hundred females can be provided for in that institution.

The number of inmates, however, that can be properly, conveniently and profitably housed in this institution, as

we have above stated, depends upon the judgment of the superintendent and the Board of Trustees.

The buildings erected and in the course of erection constitute about one-half of the institution, as shown on the general plan submitted and approved by the State Board of Public Charities.

The Commission is informed that the sum of one million five hundred thousand dollars will be necessary to complete the institution, as shown on the plan above mentioned, and it is recommended to the Legislature that this sum, to wit: one million five hundred thousand dollars be appropriated to such persons or department of this Commonwealth as it may deem advisable for the purpose of completing this institution, which when finally completed will accommodate fifteen hundred inmates and will greatly relieve the congested condition of other such institutions.

All of which is respectfully submitted,

JNO. M. SCOTT,
HARRY F. WALKER,
WALTER WILLARD,
DR. THOMAS C. FITZSIMMONS,
ALEXANDER KNIGHT,
THOS. E. MULLEN.

SCHEDULE NO. 1.

Date.	Grantor.	County.	Township.	Acres.	Perches.	Price per acre.	Total amount paid.
1898							
June 13	County Treasurer,	Clinton,	Beech Creek,	415			$30 70
June 13	County Treasurer,	Clinton,	Beech Creek,	415			30 70
June 13	County Treasurer,	Clinton,	Chapman,	312	67		40 74
June 13	County Treasurer,	Clinton,	Chapman,	1,091			136 25
June 13	County Treasurer,	Clinton,	Chapman,	1,099			137 27
June 13	County Treasurer,	Clinton,	Chapman,	1,090			136 23
June 13	County Treasurer,	Clinton,	Chapman,	326	91		122 43
June 13	County Treasurer,	Clinton,	Chapman,	350			115 33
June 13	County Treasurer,	Clinton,	Chapman,	400			170 40
June 13	County Treasurer,	Clinton,	Chapman,	460			34 80
June 13	County Treasurer,	Clinton,	Chapman,	312			46 28
June 13	County Treasurer,	Clinton,	Chapman,	164	93		30 64
June 13	County Treasurer,	Clinton,	Chapman,	171			19 41
June 13	County Treasurer,	Clinton,	Chapman,	200			29 07
June 13	County Treasurer,	Clinton,	Chapman,	200			29 06
June 13	County Treasurer,	Clinton,	Grugan,	411			76 02
June 13	County Treasurer,	Clinton,	East Keating,	900			132 97
June 13	County Treasurer,	Lycoming,	Cummings,	330			60 05
June 13	County Treasurer,	Lycoming,	Brown,	106			12 94
June 13	County Treasurer,	Pike,	Blooming Grove,	439	100		59 73
June 13	County Treasurer,	Pike,	Dingman,	230			34 12
June 13	County Treasurer,	Pike,	Greene,	439	100		76 66
June 13	County Treasurer,	Pike,	Porter,	410	117		56 59
July 11	County Treasurer,	Clearfield,	Pine,	353			65 49
July 30	County Treasurer,	Pike,	Blooming Grove,	402	120		55 17
July 30	County Treasurer,	Pike,	Blooming Grove,	405	105		55 57
July 30	County Treasurer,	Pike,	Delaware,	443	125		61 73
July 30	County Treasurer,	Pike,	Dingman,	401			63 54
July 30	County Treasurer,	Pike,	Dingman,	415	15		65 66
July 30	County Treasurer,	Pike,	Dingman,	415	15		65 68
July 30	County Treasurer,	Pike,	Porter,	402	72		55 47
July 30	County Treasurer,	Pike,	Porter,	415	15		57 14
July 30	County Treasurer,	Pike,	Porter,	415	15		57 14
Sept. 13	County Treasurer,	Elk,	Benezette,	990			163 87
Sept. 13	County Treasurer,	Elk,	Benezette,	790			133 36
Sept. 13	County Treasurer,	Elk,	Benezette,	200			39 17
Sept. 20	County Commissioners,	Elk,	Porter,	298	89		43 70
Sept. 20	County Commissioners,	Elk,	Porter,	415	15		59 60
Sept. 20	County Commissioners,	Pike,	Porter,	400	150		57 64
Sept. 20	County Commissioners,	Pike,	Porter,	415	15		59 79
Sept. 20	County Commissioners,	Pike,	Porter,	386	126		55 81
Sept 20	County Commissioners,	Pike,	Porter,	402	72		57 81
Sept. 20	County Commissioners,	Pike,	Porter,	358	80		51 92
Sept. 20	County Commissioners,	Pike,	Porter,	402	72		56 21
Sept. 20	County Commissioners,	Pike,	Porter,	402	72		57 51
1900							
Mar. 27	Charles B. Staples, Trustee,	Pike,	Lehman-Porter,	4,428	103	$2 00	8,857 28
Mar. 27	Max Strauss, et ux.,	Pike,	Greene-Lehman,	725	80	2 00	1,451 00
Mar. 27	Arthur Lederer, et ux.,	Pike,	Lehman-Porter,	343	25	2 00	686 31
Mar. 27	Arthur Lederer, et ux.,	Pike,	Porter,	204	40	1 25	255 31
Mar. 27	James C. Smith,	Clinton,	Beech Creek,	415		2 00	830 00
April 3	Jacob B. Westbrook,	Pike,	Dingman-Porter,	867		50	433 50
April 3	Sarah C. Westbrook,	Pike,	Dingman-Porter,	660	136	50	330 43
April 20	John E. Potter,	Pike,	Westfall,	420			50 49
April 16	S. P. Wolverton, et al,	Centre,	Burnside, Snowshoe,				
		Clinton,	Beech Creek,	12,001	113	2 00	24,003 41
May 1	S. P. Wolverton, et al,	Centre,	Snowshoe,	802		2 00	1,604 00
May 21	Abigail A. Willis,	Pike,	Porter,	833		2 00	1,666 00
May 29	D. R. Fullerton and H. H. McGee,	Cameron,	Grove,				
		Clinton,	West Keating,	4,760		1 00	4,760 00
May 29	Heirs of Arlo Pardee,	Clinton,	Beech Creek,				
			Chapman,	22,830	80	2 00	45,661 00
July 6	D. R. Fullerton,	Clearfield,	Karthaus,	3,928	42	1 00	3,928 25
July 25	Mary E. Hughes,	Pike,	Blooming Grove,	1,009	10	75	756 82
July 30	A. W. Lee and Thos. W. Wallace,	Clearfield,	Pine,	1,573	70	1 50	2,360 15
July 30	Thos. L. Wallace,	Clearfield,	Pine,	1,980		1 50	2,970 00
Aug. 8	James Holden,	Pike,	Dingman,	442	48	1 00	442 30
Aug. 8	John C. Westbrook,	Pike,	Lackawaxen,	424	100	1 00	424 62
Aug. 8	Arthur Lederer,	Pike,	Lackawaxen,	910	157	1 00	911 00
Aug. 8	E. T. Riviere,	Pike,	Dingman-Porter,	1,152	138	1 25	1,441 07
Aug. 8	E. T. Riviere,	Pike,	Lackawaxen,	419	69	1 00	419 43
Aug. 8	E. T. Riviere,	Pike,	Porter,	255	140	1 50	383 81
Aug. 23	Calvin M. Bower,	Centre,	Burnside,	2,170	15	2 00	4,340 18
Sept. 18	William P. Humes, et al.,	Clearfield,	Huston-Pine,	2,837	15	1 50	4,255 64
Sept. 18	E. T. Riviere,	Pike,	Porter,	302	113	1 25	378 38
Sept. 20	County Commissioners,	Pike,	Porter,	120	40		18 86
Sept. 20	County Commissioners,	Pike,	Porter,	175			26 26
Sept. 20	County Commissioners,	Pike,	Blooming Grove,	397	123		55 17
Oct. 3	Mortimer T. Elliott, et al.,	Clinton,	Gallagher, Pine Creek,				
		Lycoming,	Watson,	1,795		1 00	1,795 00
Oct.	F. E. Watrous, Ex.,	Tioga,	Elk,	990		1 00	990 00
Oct. 11	Hoover, Hughes & Co.,	Clearfield,	Huston-Sandy,	3,806	64	1 50	5,709 60
Nov. 14	Exrs. Aaron Beck, Dec'd,	Pike,	Blooming Grove, Greene-Porter,	4,175	18	2 00	8,350 22
Dec. 29	E. T. Riviere,	Pike,	Porter,	439	141	1 25	549 85

SCHEDULE NO. 1.—Continued.

Date.	Grantor.	County.	Township.	Acres.	Perches.	Price per acre.	Total amount paid.
1901							
Jan. 3	George Mann Peck,	Pike,	Westfall,	1,144	91½	1 00	1,144 56
Jan. 10	Barclay Bros. (J. C. Smith),	Centre,	Burnside,	848	163	2 00	1,698 00
Jan. 10	Arthur Lederer (Staples),	Pike,	Porter,	475	28	2 00	950 35
Jan. 10	James E. Robbins,	Clinton,	Grugan-Noyes,	4,030	8	2 00	8,060 10
Jan. 30	John G. Love,	Centre,	Curtin,	1,245		2 00	2,490 00
Feb. 8	Pulaski T. Hyatt,	Centre,	Haines,				
		Mifflin,	Armagh,				
		Union,	Hartley,	3,946	123	1 00	3,946 77
April 24	L. M. Impson,	Clearfield,	Karthaus,	200		1 00	200 00
May 1	Harry G. Clay and Effingham B. Morris,	Cameron,	Grove,				
		Clinton,	West Keating,	1,980		1 00	1,980 00
June 12	Geo. W. Hoover,	Clearfield,	Huston,				
		Elk,	Horton,	1,283		1 50	1,924 50
July 16	Jacob Z. Long and Robt. Cook, Jr.,	Centre, $25.00 deducted for survey.	Burnside,	431	80	2 00	838 00
Sept. 17	C. W. Bull, Ex. J. Reinhaus,	Pike,	Palmyra,	1,089	39	1 25	1,361 56
Sept. 17	E. T. Riviere,	Pike,	Milford,	399	80	1 00	399 50
Oct. 3	R. P. Northrop and W. C. Kittridge,	Wyoming,	Eaton,	1,176	144	2 00	2,353 12
Oct. 3	Edwin F. Peters,	Pike,	Porter,	417	132	1 00	417 76
Nov. 26	A. R. Spicer,	Tioga,	Morris,	3,891	106	3 00	11,675 00
Dec. 2	Fred C. Leonard, Atty. in fact,	Potter,	Homer-Keating,				
			Portage-Summit,				
			Sylvania,	21,585	112	1 50	32,378 35
Dec. 9	Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,	Clinton,	Noyes,	257	98		132 33
1902							
Jan. 8	Estate Ario Pardee,	Mifflin-Snyder,		14,613	57	3 00	43,840 07
		Union,	Porter-Morris,				
			Spruce Creek,				
Jan. 15	David G. Alsop and H. A. Mumper,	Huntingdon,	Franklin-West,	7,183	126.4	2 75	19,755 22
			Logan,				
			Chapman,	1,053		1 50	1,579 50
Jan. 15	Catharine Reichard,	Clinton,	Haines,	2,991	53	1 00	2,991 33
Mar. 18	William E. Smith,	Centre,	Leidy-Chapman,	990		2 00	1,980 00
Mar. 18	R. D. Peck and Philip Keller,	Clinton,	Lehigh,	2,853	147	1 25	3,567 40
Mar. 26	William McMurtry,	Lackawanna,	Porter,	50		2 00	100 00
Mar. 26	Edwin Drake,	Pike,	Blooming Grove,	2,969	134	2 25	6,682 13
Mar. 26	John C. Westbrook,	Pike,	Menallen,	558	40	2 00	1,116 50
April 25	James J. Dull,	Adams,	Letterkenny,	427	52	1 50	640 98
May 7	William P. Mackey,	Franklin,	Franklin-Spruce,				
May 7	P. B. Crider & Son,	Huntingdon,	Creek-Barree,	5,445	85	3 00	16,336 57
			Armagh,	286		1 75	500 50
May 7	F. W. Culbertson,	Mifflin,	Armagh,	47	80	1 00	47 50
		Mifflin,	Chapman,	132		1 25	165 00
May 7	William Daugherty,	Clinton,	Potter-Spring,				
May 8	Cyrus Gordon,	Centre, $27.00 deducted for timber cut.	Walker,	3,480	62	2 50	8,673 97
May 12	Rich. Dale and Anna D. Toland,	Franklin,	Greene,				
			Southampton,	4,960	109	3 00	14,882 05
May 21	Lorenz T. Hertline,	Clearfield,	Karthaus,	355	85		500 00
May 26	Barclay Bros.,	Cameron,	Grove,	11,068	45	1 10	14,675 11
June 3	Estate of Ario Pardee,	Union,	Hartley,				
		Centre,	Haines,	1,652	64	3 00	4,957 20
June 3	George W. Paxton,	Adams,	Menallen,	440		1 75	770 00
June 9	Geo. Weymouth and Richard W. A. Jameson,	Clinton,	Lamar,	379	73	2 00	758 90
June 9	James C. Quiggle, Atty. in Fact for Cordelia Quiggle,	Clinton,	Wayne,	661		2 00	1,322 00
June 9	Thomas W. Myton,	Huntingdon,	West,	567	98	2 25	1,277 13
June 9	Robert S. Barker and Philip Keller,	Clinton,	Wayne-Lamar,	730	120	2 00	1,461 50
June 9	William E. Smith,	Snyder,		112		1 00	112 00
June 9	County Treasurer,	Pike,	Blooming Grove,	179			18 41
June 9	County Treasurer,	Pike,	Porter,	442	64		41 62
June 9	County Treasurer,	Pike,	Porter,	120			18 44
June 17	J. G. Dillin,	Franklin,	Letterkenny,	1,375	126	2 00	2,751 57
June 17	Charles C. Mauger,	Pike,	Westfall,	439	137	1 10	483 84
June 27	E. Waterman Dwight,	Adams-Franklin,		17,935	139		61,725 55
July 7	Exrs. C. L. Pattison,	Clinton,	Noyes,	1,245		2 00	2,490 00
July 9	Carson R. Quiggle,	Clinton,	Wayne,	138	139	2 00	277 73
July 15	Monroe H. Kulp & Co.,	Centre,	Miles,				
		Union,	Hartley-Lewis,				
			West Buffalo,				
			White Deer,	10,859	158	2 75	29,864 97
July 15	Josephine E. Reed, Julia Ann Scott and Louis A. Scott,	Clinton,	Wayne,	401	120	2 00	803 50
		Dauphin,	Jackson,	2,348	128	1 50	3,523 20
July 21	Richard Budd,		Jackson,	1,004	125	1 50	1,507 17
July 21	Mary H. Barrett, Exr., Rev. S. A. Heilner, Ex. Estate S. H. Barrett,	Dauphin,	Greene,	Taxes,			11 25
Aug. 7	Rich. Dale and Anna D. Toland,	Franklin,	Crawford,	216		2 00	432 00
Aug. 14	R. W. A. Jameson,	Clinton,	Cass-Union,	3,837	59		11,000 00
	P. F. Duncan and Wm. Wills,	Huntingdon,	Crawford-Wayne,	2,244	56	2 00	4,488 70
Aug. 26	Jacob Quiggle and Robt. C. Quiggle,	Clinton,	Letterkenny,	380	92	1 50	570 87
Sept. 9	Jacob M. Rexroth,	Franklin,	Cummings,	1,000		2 00	2,000 00
Sept. 9	L. D. Hewitt,	Lycoming,	Cummings,	1,378	35	1 50	2,067 38
Sept. 9	Solomon Siegel,	Lycoming,	Burnside,	2,793	106	2 00	5,587 32
Sept. 9	City of Philadelphia, Trustee Elias Boudinot, Dec'd,	Centre,	Crawford,	75	40	2 00	150 50
Sept. 10	Rufus A. Overdorf and Jacob Overdorf,	Clinton,	Franklin,	300			800 00
Sept. 17	Martin Carbaugh,	Adams,	Mid. Smithfield,				
Sept. 22	Julia R. Cutler, Ex. August Cutler, Dec'd,	Monroe,	Porter-Price,	4,772	32	2 00	9,544 40

SCHEDULE NO. 1.—Continued.

Date.	Grantor.	County.	Township.	Acres.	Perches.	Price per acre.	Total amount paid.
Sept. 22	John A. Gardner,	Cumberland,	Dickinson,	860		1 80	1,548 00
Sept. 24	Howard Cessna,	Bedford,	Colerain,				
			Southampton,				
			Cumberland Val.,	4,568	2		11,000 00
Sept. 24	William Naugle,	Adams,	Hamiltonban,	21	97	3 25	70 22
Sept. 24	John Calimer,	Adams,	Hamiltonban,	51	57	2 50	128 39
Oct. 1	Christian Wagaman,	Adams,	Hamiltonban,	23	100	2 75	64 97
Oct. 2	Edwin Drake,	Pike,	Porter,	50		2 00	100 00
Oct. 8	J. Preston Thomas,	Juniata-Mifflin,		7,608	57	1 75	13,314 62
Oct. 13	Harvey Kauffman,	Adams,	Hamiltonban,	75	128	3 50	265 30
Oct. 13	John A. Fetterolf and Henry A. Fetterolf,	Snyder,	Adams,	13	127	2 00	27 59
		Snyder,	Adams,	78	88	1 25	98 19
Oct. 17	Isaiah Sprenkle,	Adams,	Hamiltonban,	35	83	3 25	115 43
Oct. 17	Wesley Patterson,	Adams,	Hamiltonban,	22	104	2 00	45 30
Oct. 17	Robt. Rosenberry,	Franklin,	Letterkenny,	217	15	1 50	325 64
Oct. 17	William Whitmer & Sons Co.,	Centre,	Potter,	654	70	3 00	1,963 97
Oct. 21	Frank W. Stewart,	Huntingdon,	Barree-West,	770	62	2 25	1,733 37
Oct. 21	J. Edgar Irwin, Guardian Samuel H. Irwin,	Huntingdon,	Barree-West,	770	62	2 25	1,733 37
Nov. 5	Samuel Christ,	Clinton,	Gallagher-Grugan,	5,011	14	2 50	12,527 72
Nov. 11	Oscar Mitchell,	Clearfield,	Pine,	1,980		3 00	5,940 00
Nov. 11	James C. Smith,	Clinton,	Beech Creek,	415		2 00	830 00
Dec. 3	Estate Daniel Sheff,	Clinton-Lycoming,		9,471	143	1 75	16,575 81
Dec. 3	William Whitmer & Sons Co.,	Mifflin,	Armagh,	5,129	4	3 00	15,387 08
Dec. 10	Walter Gathers, County Treasurer,	Cameron,	Gibson-Grove,	Taxes.	Bar	clay,	1,153 87
Dec. 11	Mary Jane Bennett,	Pike,	Blooming Grove,	211	42	1 50	316 89
Dec. 11	H. H. Mullin,	Cameron,	Grove-Shippen,	2,930	90	1 48½	4,351 89
Dec. 11	Barclay Brothers,	Cameron,	Gibson,	467		1 10	513 70
Dec. 11	D. R. Pursley,	Union,	Hartley,	279	70	2 00	558 88
Dec. 11	George M. Brown,	Potter,	Abbott-East,	13,117	96	1 50	19,676 40
			Fork-Summit,	500			1,600 00
Dec. 23	James M. Weaver and Lewis D. Orndorf,	Centre,	West Branch,				
			Haines,	549	131	1 50	824 73
			Washington,	31	58	1 50	47 04
Dec. 23	Sarah C. Provard,	Franklin,	Dingman,	10		2 00	20 00
Dec. 23	Edwin Drake,	Pike,					
Dec. 31	M. G. Brumbaugh,	Huntingdon,	Lincoln-Penn,				
			Tod,	1,696	128	3 00	5,090 40
1903							
Jan. 8	Caledonia Mining and Mfg. Co.,	Adams,					
			Franklin,				
			Menallen,				
			Greene-Guilford,	13,706	66	3 50	47,972 44
Jan. 19	David Gring,	Huntingdon,	Logan-West,	3,140	5	2 75	8,635 60
Jan. 19	Howard Cessna,	Bedford,	Southampton,	778	42	2 53	1,969 00
Jan. 19	Howard Cessna,	Bedford,	Southampton,	400	10	2 50	1,000 16
Jan. 21	L. T. Brandon, L. D. Herritt and J. F. Torbett,	Clinton,	Wayne,	433	120	2 00	867 50
Jan. 21	George H. Kauffman,	Adams,	Hamiltonban,	48	116	3 00	146 17
Feb. 2	R. W. A. Jameson and A. F. Jameson,	Union,	West Buffalo,	305		3 50	1,067 50
		Union,	West Buffalo,	858		2 55	2,187 90
Feb. 18	E. T. Riviere,	Pike,	Blooming Grove,	283		1 00	283 00
		Pike,	Porter,	830	104	1 25	1,038 32
		Pike,	Porter,	518	140	1 85	959 92
Feb. 18	Arthur Lederer,	Pike,	Porter,	255	67	2 00	510 84
			Blooming Grove,				
Feb. 18	D. R. Pursley,	Union,	Porter,	595	90	1 85	1,101 75
Feb. 24	Michell Bricker, Sheriff,	Mifflin,	Lewis,	252	2	1 75	441 02
Mar. 4	George W. Pearson,	Pike,	Armagh,	322	18		400 00
Mar. 4	A. M. Smith and P. F. Rigel,	Snyder,	Blooming Grove,	415	15	2 00	830 18
Mar. 10	Samuel Vennie, Jr.,	Pike,	Spring,	391	115	1 85	724 68
Mar. 10	Mrs. Gus Hoehne,	Pike,	Dingman,	415	15	2 00	830 19
Mar. 10	Thomas J. Stahle,	Adams,	Blooming Grove,	100		2 00	200 00
May 5	William Whitmer & Sons Co.,	Mifflin,	Franklin,	82	4	3 00	246 08
May 11	Jennie R. Kendig,	Huntingdon,	Armagh,	4,612	119	3 00	13,838 23
May 15	Leonard Harrison,	Tioga,	Cass-Union,	300		2 50	750 00
			Delmar-Elk,				
May 19	S. W. Rutherford,		Morris,	4,143	154	2 50	10,359 90
June 16	Monroe H. Kulp, Gilbert C. Kulp and D. C. Kaseman,	Snyder,	Adams-Centre,	1,006	85	2 60	2,616 98
		Lycoming,	Washington,	3,617	99	2 50	9,044 04
June 24	Jacob Quiggle and Robt. C. Quiggle,	Clinton,	Wayne,	409	68	2 00	818 85
July 2	Logan Iron and Steel Co.,	Huntingdon,	Jackson,				
		Mifflin,		8,600	55	2 50	21,500 80
July 7	Boyd A. Musser and Jas. H. Carl,	Centre,	College,	606	40	2 75	1,667 19
July 20	William Whitmer & Sons Co.,	Mifflin,	Armagh,				
		Snyder,	West Beaver,				
		Union,	Hartley,	7,204	100	3 00	21,073 87
Aug. 6	George B. Wiestling Estate,	Franklin,	Quincy,	7	153		5,685 01
Aug. 7	Allen P. Pearley and Estate of William Howard, Dec'd,	Clinton,	Chapman-Leidy,				
		Potter,	Stewardson,	13,498	139	1 50	20,248 30
Aug. 7	J. W. Mather,	Tioga,	Shippen,	990		1 75	1,732 50
Sept. 28	Wallace Gakle,	Clinton,	Beech Creek,				
			Noyes,	150		3 00	450 00
Sept. 28	Mary I. C. Schlichter, Admx.,	Franklin,	Letterkenny,	220	158	1 50	331 46
Sept. 28	E. Waterman Dwight, Trustee,	Franklin,	Washington,	209	134	3 75	786 89
Sept. 28	C. L. Pattison Estate,	Clinton,	Chapman,	867	28	1 00	867 17
Sept. 28	John C. Westbrook,	Pike,	Blooming Grove,	117		2 25	263 25
Oct. 6	J. N. Beetem,	Franklin,	Greene,	50		1 50	75 00
Oct. 20	Benjamin Friedley,	Adams,	Hamiltonban,	31	11	3 00	93 21
Oct. 20	Hiram Miller,	Monroe,	Price,	146	38	2 00	292 47
Oct. 20	George C. Shaffer,	Monroe,	Barrett,	411	54	1 75	719 84
Oct. 20	Joseph Henry Feltham,	Monroe,	Barrett,	62	117	1 75	109 78

SCHEDULE NO. 1.—Continued.

Date.	Grantor.	County.	Township.	Acres.	Perches.	Price per acre.	Total amount paid.
Oct. 20	George H. Metzger,	Monroe,	Barrett,	229	83	1 50	344 25
Oct. 21	Kulp Lumber Co.,	Mifflin-Huntingdon,	Jackson,	8,839	135	3 85	34,033 48
Nov. 17	U. B. Russell,	Potter,	East Fork,				
			Summit,	200		1 50	300 00
Nov. 17	U. B. Russell,	Potter,	East Fork,				
			Summit,	143		1 50	214 50
Nov. 17	William Beyer,	Clinton,	Chapman,	628	72	1 00	628 72
Nov. 17	David C. Pursley and Flavius J. David,	Clinton,	Chapman,	522		2 00	1,044 00
Nov. 17	H. H. Sanderson,	Pike,	Dingman,	415	15	1 50	622 65
Nov. 17	William Boyer,	Clinton,	East Keating,				
		Cameron,	Grove,	990	90	1 50	1,485 90
Nov. 17	J. C. & H. R. Hill, Attys. for Cora L. Weed,	Lycoming,	Cummings,	788	85	2 00	1,577 00
Nov. 17	J. C. & H. R. Hill, Attys. for Anson Underwood,	Lycoming,	Cummings,	27	60	1 25	34 25
		Lycoming,	Cummings,	101	11	2 00	202 10
Nov. 17	J. C. & H. R. Hill, Attys. for Samuel Wilson,	Lycoming,	Cummings,	238	41	2 00	476 50
Nov. 17	J. C. & H. R. Hill, Attys. for Samuel Wilson,	Lycoming,	Cummings,	151	115	1 25	189 69
Nov. 23	J. C. Currans, John A. Kint and Wm. M. Kint,	Adams,	Hamiltonban,	77	3	2 50	192 50
Dec. 2	Logan Iron and Steel Co.,	Huntingdon,	Jackson-Miller,				
		Mifflin,	Brown,	2,752	116	2 50	6,881 80
Dec. 9	John A. Hughes,	Adams,	Hamiltonban,	134		3 00	402 00
Dec. 14	Lawrence & Watts,	Pike,	Westfall,	400	140	1 00	400 90
1904							
Jan. 26	Wm. Whitmer & Sons Co.,	Mifflin,	Armagh,	7,287	57	3 00	21,862 00
Jan. 26	Wm. Whitmer & Sons Co.,	Huntingdon,	Jackson,				
		Centre,	Harris,	10,223	48	3 75	38,337 30
Jan. 28	J. Newton Peck,	Potter,	Sylvania-Wharton,	7,168	48	1 50	10,752 48
Mar. 1	Wm. Whitmer & Sons Co.,	Centre,	Gregg-Potter,	3,019	34	3 00	9,057 60
Mar. 1	Barker & Keller,	Clinton,	Lamar,	401	120	2 00	803 80
Mar. 4	John B. Coulston,	Potter,	East Fork,				
			Stewardson,	4,662	144	1 50	6,994 32
April 26	Mrs. Mart T. McCarthy,	Huntingdon,	Penn,	312	128	1 50	469 92
May 19	U. B. Russell,	Cameron,	Grove,	556	88	1 50	834 88
May 19	Estate Wm. Thomas, Dec'd,	Union,	Hartley,	652	85	2 25	1,468 12
May 19	P. M. Shoemaker,	Franklin,	Letterkenny,	211	128	1 50	317 76
May 19	Samuel B. Walters,	Adams,	Menallen,	66	40	3 00	198 00
May 20	C. H. Duttera,	Adams,	Franklin-Menallen,	1,296	94	3 50	5,838 00
May 26	Alanson Johnson,	Union,	Hartley,	30		2 75	82 50
May 26	John N. Pontius,	Union,	Lewis-W. Buffalo,	62	121	2 50	156 80
May 26	Edward M. Westbrook,	Pike,	Delaware,	402		1 25	502 50
June 1	J. Preston Thomas,	Mifflin-Juniata,		800	40	1 75	1,400 00
June 7	Penna. Joint Lum. and Land Co.,	Clinton-Lycoming,					
		Tioga,		46,830	112	2 50	117,076 75
June 16	County Treasurer,	Pike,	Lehman,	50			8 75
July 25	Boyd H. Musser and Jas. H. Carl,	Centre,	Benner-College,	330	120	2 75	909 52
July 25	Wm. H. Sloan,	Lycoming,	Brown-Cummings,	1,122	43.7	2 00	2,244 40
July 25	Wm. H. Sloan,	Lycoming,	Brown-Cummings,	Interest			19 75
July 25	James M. Wolf,	Lycoming,	Cummings-Watson,	944	51	2 00	1,888 00
Aug. 9	Creon B. Farr,	Tioga,	Chatham,				
			Middlebury,	3,143		2 25	7,071 75
Aug. 16	Mrs. Nettie A. B. Weitz,	Pike,	Greene-Palmyra,	5,772	62	2 00	11,544 00
Aug. 16	John C. Nary,	Adams,	Hamiltonban,	13	131	3 00	41 25
Aug. 30	George W. Hoover,	Lycoming,	Plunkets Ck.,	5,903	41	1 75	10,330 25
Aug. 30	J. Burns White,	Franklin,	Greene,	21	40	2 00	42 00
Aug. 30	J. Burns White,	Franklin,	Greene,	119		2 50	297 50
Aug. 30	George W. Skinner,	Fulton,	Todd,	3,746	73	2 00	7,492 00
Sept. 2	J. Preston Thomas,	Mifflin,		297	13.6	1 75	519 72
Sept. 12	H. Russell Hill,	Lycoming,	Cummings,	625		1 75	1,093 75
Sept. 12	Cyrus Bumgart,	Centre,	Penn,	85		2 00	170 00
Sept. 12	Andrew Harter,	Centre,	Penn,	85		2 00	170 00
Sept. 12	Green Decker,	Centre,	Gregg-Potter,	91	80	1 75	160 00
Sept. 19	John Goss,	Franklin,	Hamilton,	177	112	1 50	266 00
Sept. 19	John T. Riggeal,	Adams,	Hamiltonban,	20	54	3 00	61 00
Oct. 12	George W. Armstrong,	Clinton,	Noyes,	641	121		2,800 00
Oct. 12	John T. McCormick,	Clinton,	Greene,	1,301	40	3 14	4,085 50
Oct. 12	A. D. Updegraff,	Lycoming,	Cummings,	50		2 00	100 00
Oct. 17	George W. Skinner,	Franklin,	Metal,	879	132	2 00	1,759 00
Nov. 1	John A. Pugh,	Franklin,	Hamilton,	103	144	1 50	155 16
Nov. 11	Wm. C. Heinle,	Centre,	Rush,	867	146	2 75	2,386 75
	Wm. C. Heinle,	Centre,	Rush,	433	153	1 25	542 12
Nov. 16	Wm. Whitmer & Sons Co.,	Centre,	Haines-Penn,	2,049	55	3 00	6,148 50
	Wm. Whitmer & Sons Co.,	Mifflin,	Armagh,	24,590	128	3 00	73,772 00
Nov. 22	Wm. Whitmer & Sons Co.,	Huntingdon,	Jackson,				
		Centre,	Harris,	1,020	13	3 75	3,825 00
Dec. 6	Samuel Wilson, Exr.,	Lycoming,	Cummings,	100		2 00	200 00
Dec. 6	James M. Wolf,	Lycoming,	Cummings,	1,146	80	2 00	2,293 60
Dec. 6	John O. Brown,	Lycoming,	Cummings,	152	152	2 00	305 00
Dec. 6	Josiah F. Terwilliger,	Pike,	Shohola,	410	48	1 50	615 72
Dec. 6	Wm. H. Kline,	Snyder,	Spring,	77	29	2 00	154 58
Dec. 6	James Carey, Jr.,	Franklin,	Washington,	64	80	2 50	161 00
Dec. 19	Harvey E. Pugh,	Franklin,	Hamilton,	133	105	1 50	200 32
Dec. 21	A. C. Hopkins,	Centre,	Rush,	433	153	1 50	650 12
	A. C. Hopkins,	Centre,	Rush,	433	153	1 75	759 62
	A. C. Hopkins,	Centre,	Rush,	867	146	2 00	1,735 00
1905							
Jan. 3	J. Roman Way,	Clearfield,	Huston,	2,070	29	2 25	4,657 50
Jan. 3	E. T. Riviere,	Pike,	Blooming Grove,				
			Lehman,	1,159	7	1 75	2,028 32
	E. T. Riviere,	Pike,	Lackawaxen,	401	6	1 50	601 59
	E. T. Riviere,	Pike,	Porter,	401	20	1 85	742 85
	E. T. Riviere,	Pike,	Dingman,	403	90	1 75	796 75
	E. T. Riviere,	Pike,	Delaware,	406	76	1 00	406 76

SCHEDULE NO. 1.—Continued.

Date.	Grantor.	County.	Township.	Acres.	Perches.	Price per acre.	Total amount paid.
Jan. 12	Samuel J. Havice,	Mifflin,	Armagh,	286	127	2 50	716 98
Jan. 12	Charles G. Van Valkenberg,	Tioga,	Delmar-Shippen,	60	112	2 50	151 75
Jan. 31	John S. Fry,	Franklin,	Hamilton,	284	85	1 50	426 80
Feb. 6	Ida May Wagner,	Mifflin,	Decatur,				
		Snyder,	West Beaver,	572	142	1 50	859 34
Feb. 7	James M. Wolf,	Lycoming,	Cummings,	272	87	1 50	408 81
	James M. Wolf,	Lycoming,	Cummings,	330	32	2 00	660 40
Feb. 9	U. B. Russell,	Cameron,	Portage,				
		Potter,	Portage,	1,166		1 25	1,457 50
Feb. 9	John E. Baker,	Adams,	Hamiltonban,	63	58	2 00	126 72
Feb. 13	Walter Cessna,	Bedford,	Colerain,	517	73	2 50	1,293 64
	Walter Cessna,	Bedford,	Southampton,	986	82	2 00	1,973 00
Feb. 13	Rebecca Wrean,	Lycoming,	Brown,	540		2 50	1,350 00
Feb. 17	C. LaRue Munson,	Cameron,	Grove,				
		Clinton,	East Keating,	2,147		1 50	3,220 50
Feb. 17	G. W. Reed,	Mifflin,	Armagh,	264	94		650 00
Mar. 9	Est. C. L. Pattison, Dec'd,	Potter,	Homer,	294	9	1 50	441 08
Mar. 29	John Goss,	Franklin,					
April 10	Harry A. Metcalf, et al.,	Adams,	Hamiltonban,	12			28 80
April 12	J. G. Moyer,	Snyder,	West Beaver,	320	80	2 25	721 13
April 17	Henry S. Weaver,	Franklin,	Greene,	125	147	3 00	377 75
May 24	Penna. Joint Lum. and Land Co.,	Cameron,	Grove,	137		2 00	274 00
May 24	T. W. McNew,	Franklin,	Greene,	14	157	3 50	52 43
June 1	Mrs. C. A. Lamborn and George M. Bilger,	Clearfield,	Pike-Pine,	4,417	139	2 50	11,044 67
June 7	Daniel Smith,	Franklin,	Letterkenny,	219	30	1 50	328 78
June 9	Penna. Joint Lum. and Land Co.,	Cameron,	Gibson-Grove,				
		Cameron,	Lumber-Portage,				
		Clearfield,	Covington,				
		Clearfield,	Karthaus,				
		Clinton,	East Keating,	49,596	104	2 00	99,193 30
		Potter,	Portage-Wharton,				
June 21	Samuel A. McClintoc,	Mifflin,	Armagh,	43	92	2 00	87 15
July 31	Wm. Whitmer & Sons Co.,	Mifflin,	Armagh,	220		3 00	660 00
Aug. 11	David Knepper,	Franklin,	Quincy,	84	3	1 50	126 03
Aug. 21	F. W. Culbertson,	Mifflin,	Bratton-Granville,	606	103	2 00	1,213 28
Aug. 21	L. Bird,	Clearfield,	Huston,	520	120	1 25	650 94
Sept. 6	Reichley Bros. & Co.,	Centre,	Harris-Potter,				
		Huntingdon,	Jackson,	5,964	134		14,545 89
Sept. 8	John W. Naugle,	Adams,	Hamiltonban,	5		5 00	25 00
Sept. 20	John F. Cole,	Adams,	Menallen,	440		2 25	990 00
Oct. 5	William R. Keefer,	Franklin,	Letterkenny,	88	48	1 50	132 45
Oct. 16	George W. Paxton,	Adams,	Menallen,	687	70	1 75	1,203 02
Oct. 16	Michael and John D. Aumiller,	Snyder,	Spring,	224	70	1 25	336 66
	Michael and John D. Aumiller,	Snyder,	Spring,	147	124	1 75	258 00
Oct. 16	Est. of John B. Selheimer, Dec.,	Mifflin,	Armagh,	260	24	2 50	650 38
		Mifflin,	Wayne,	123	130	3 00	371 44
		Mifflin,	Wayne,	16		3 00	48 00
		Mifflin,	Wayne,	398	35	2 25	895 99
		Pike,	Porter,	830	30	2 25	1,867 92
Oct. 27	August Mercier,	Lycoming,	Gamble,				
Oct. 28	George W. Hoover and Chas. Bartles,		Plunkets Ck.,	4,597	137	2 35	10,804 96
Nov. 1	David R. Pursley,	Union,	Hartley,	165	124	3 00	497 32
Nov. 21	Wm. Wagaman,	Adams,	Hamiltonban,	13	110	3 00	41 06
Nov. 22	John K. Reish,	Union,	Hartley,	617	76	2 50	1,543 60
	John K. Reish,	Union,	Lewis,	1,136		2 25	2,556 00
	John K. Reish,	Union,	West Buffalo,	572	103	2 00	1,145 29
Nov. 22	E. T. Peters,	Pike,	Westfall,	145	25	1 75	254 02
Dec. 1	Jackson W. Christman,	Clinton,	Gallagher,	943	67	2 25	2,122 69
1906							
Jan. 15	Thomas M. Stevenson,	Clinton,	Castanea,	225	140	2 00	451 75
Jan. 15	Robert Paige,	Union,	Lewis,	35		2 50	87 50
Jan. 31	Logan Iron and Steel Co.,	Huntingdon,	Jackson-Miller, Shirley-Brady, Lack,				
		Juniata,	Armagh-Brown,				
		Mifflin,	Bratton-Wayne,	16,153	86.6	3 50	56,537 39
Feb. 5	Anna M. Spring,	Pike,	Blooming Grove,	38	60.6		50 00
Feb. 5	E. T. Riviere,	Pike,	Dingman,	300		2 00	600 00
	E. T. Riviere,	Pike,	Dingman,	100	47	2 50	250 73
	E. T. Riviere,	Pike,	Porter,	200	67	1 75	350 73
	E. T. Riviere,						
Feb. 5	John L. Barnes, Exr. and Trustee of C. Long Estate,	Cumberland,	Porter,	100	58	2 50	250 91
	John L. Barnes, Exr. and Trustee of C. Long Estate,	Franklin,	Southampton,				
	John L. Barnes, Exr. and Trustee of C. Long Estate,	Franklin,	Southampton,	438	105	1 50	657 98
Feb. 13	John C. Coffman,	Adams,	Southampton,	409	101	2 50	1,024 08
Feb. 21	Flavius B. Fuller,	Cumberland,	Hamiltonban,	8	95	3 00	25 78
Feb. 21	John Henry Cauffman,	Adams,	Southampton,	733	78	2 50	1,833 72
Feb. 21	G. W. Reed,	Mifflin,	Hamiltonban,	32	63	2 50	80 98
Feb. 21	C. H. Duttera,	Adams,	Armagh,	23	138	3 00	71 59
Mar. 5	Reichley Bros. & Co.,	Centre,	Menallen,	464	146		1,362 89
		Huntingdon,	Harris,				
Mar. 5	Elias Moser,	Mifflin,	Jackson,	151	104	2 25	341 21
Mar. 19	P. J. Wagaman,	Adams,	Armagh,	388	136	3 00	1,166 55
April 9	Frank Fielding,	Clearfield,	Hamiltonban,	15	75	3 50	54 14
April 9	Susannah Graham,	Mifflin,	Pine,	990		2 50	2,475 00
April 9	Hamilton McLoughlin and Mary Rogers,	Pike,	Bratton,	297	50	2 00	594 63
April 9	D. H. Patterson, Agt. for Fraker & Comerer,	Fulton,	Lackawaxen,	200	110	2 00	401 37
April 9	D. H. Patterson, Agt. for John C. Greaff, Estate of,	Fulton,	Todd-Dublin,	453	59	2 25	1,020 08
			Todd-Dublin,				

SCHEDULE NO. 1.—Continued.

Date.	Grantor.	County.	Township.	Acres.	Perches.	Price per acre.	Total amount paid.
	John K. McCullough, Northern Trust Co., Exr. Geo. M. Lynn,	Fulton,	Todd-Dublin,	798	17	2 25	1,795 74
	John K. McCullough, Northern Trust Co., Exr. Geo. M. Lynn,	Fulton,	Todd-Dublin,	843	46	2 00	1,686 58
April 30	Samuel W. Rutherford,	Union,	Hartley,	499	158	3 00	1,499 96
April 30	Jonathan Louchbaum,	Adams,	Franklin,	113	101	2 50	284 08
May 16	E. T. Riviere,	Pike,	Porter,	130	61	1 50	195 57
May 16	August Mercier,	Pike,	Porter,	516	101	3 50	1,808 21
May 16	Wilhelm Hildebrand,	Pike,	Porter,	258	104	3 00	775 95
May 21	Frank H. Taylor,	Mifflin,	Brown,	407	54		1,000 00
May 21	Samuel W. Rutherford,	Union,	Hartley,	184		3 00	552 00
June 11	Wm. Whitmer & Sons Co.,	Centre,	Harris,	151	40	3 00	453 75
June 19	John N. Pontius,	Union,	Lewis,	652	10	2 50	1,630 15
June 29	Est. of Augustus W. Cutler,	Monroe,	Price,	384	47	2 00	768 59
July 6	Logan Iron and Steel Co.,	Huntingdon, Mifflin,	Jackson, Menno,	523	108	3 50	1,832 86
July 6	Wm. P. Campbell,	Huntingdon,	Jackson,	524	137	3 50	1,837 00
July 6	Geo. W. Hoover and Chas. Bartles,	Lycoming,	Washington,	95		75	71 25
July 6	Heirs of Walter Wagaman,	Lycoming,	Plunkets Ck.,	1,103	120	2 00	2,207 50
July 13	James E. Rounsville, A. B. Moore, Guardian, Willis A. and Thompson Rounsville,	Adams,	Hamiltonban,	6		4 00	24 00
Aug. 2	Est. Howard Spencer,	Potter,	Portage,	3,904		1 50	5,856 00
Sept. 4	James H. Carl,	Centre,	Burnside,	433	163	2 50	1,085 05
Sept. 4	Mary C. Holmes, Exrx.,	Centre,	Burnside,	434		2 25	976 50
Oct. 11	Cyrus Gordon,	Clinton,	Leidy,	2,374	68	1 50	3,561 64
Oct. 11	Harry W. Meetch,	Clearfield,	Pine,	3,552	4	2 50	8,880 06
Oct. 11	H. T. Hall,	Franklin,	Fannett,	2,962	129	2 75	8,147 72
Oct. 11	A. J. Bailey,	Clinton,	Chapman,	378	111	2 00	757 39
Oct. 11	Albert W. Johnson,	Potter,	Wharton,	97	130	2 50	244 53
Oct. 11	John Bowden,	Union,	Hartley,	111		2 00	222 00
Oct. 11	James Lauver for Estate Isaac Lauver,	Centre,	Burnside,	411		1 00	411 00
Oct. 18	Wm. H. Brown, Elizabeth, Elizabeth, Jr., G. M.; W. H. Keller and Bertha Bingham and Annie Carskadden,		Hamiltonban, for quieting title lands from John E. Baker,				121 00
Oct. 26	David R. Pursley,	Clinton,	Leidy,	997	80	1 50	1,496 25
Nov. 7	C. J. Goodnough,	Clinton,	Leidy,	996	93	2 00	1,993 16
Nov. 19	Wm. P. Mitchell,	Cameron,	Shippen,	990		1 50	1,485 00
Nov. 19	Morris Mfg. Co.,	Clinton,	Beech Creek,	100		2 00	200 00
Nov. 19	Monroe H. Kulp & Co.,	Tioga,	Delmar-Duncan, Morris,	7,044	64.2	2 50	14,088 80
		Centre,	Miles,				
		Clinton,	Crawford-Green,				
		Lycoming,	Washington,				
		Union,	Hartley-Lewis, West Buffalo, White Deer,	13,765	4.4	2 25	30,971 31
Dec. 18	M. Edward Shaughnessy and Williard O. Shaffer,	Union,	Hartley,	338	68	2 50	846 06
1907							
Jan. 5	R. H. Ahles,	Monroe,	Price,	150		1 75	262 50
Jan. 16	David C. Galer,	Union,	Hartley,	160	145	2 00	321 81
Jan. 22	Wm. Whitmer & Sons Co.,	Centre,	Haines-Potter,				
Jan. 22	Stewart Wilson,	Mifflin,	Armagh,	5,202	60.2	3 00	15,607 13
Feb. 12	Pius Bingham,	Huntingdon,	Jackson,	94	40	3 00	282 75
Feb. 12	Kate M. Long,	Adams,	Hamiltonban,	16	154	3 75	63 61
Feb. 26	Samuel Grove and W. H. Clever,	Centre,	Burnside,	400	110	1 00	400 69
Feb. 26	Logan Iron and Steel Co.,	Cumberland,	Hopewell,	444	36	2 00	888 45
Feb. 26	Michael Zeek,	Huntingdon,	Shirley,	897	70	3 50	3,236 32
Mar. 6	Linda A. Stafford,	Franklin,	Letterkenny,	56	70	1 50	84 66
Mar. 6	John Liggett,	Pike,	Milford,	399	80	1 50	599 25
Mar. 6	Joseph Johnson,	Clinton,	Beech Creek,	100		2 00	200 00
April 3	Wm. B. Meetch,	Franklin,	Greene,	85	115	1 50	128 58
April 23	George W. Skinner,	Perry,	Jackson-Madison, Toboyne,	9,613	18	2 75	26,436 06
		Franklin,	Peters,				
April 23	Perry Lumber Co.,	Fulton,	Todd,	622	101	2 75	1,712 23
April 23	Harry W. Meetch,	Perry,	Toboyne,	4,488	26	2 25	10,098 36
April 23	J. H. Ward,	Perry,	Toboyne,	1,234	113	2 25	2,778 09
May 6	Albert Wilson,	Huntingdon,	Jackson,	168	64	2 50	421 00
May 8	Howard Cessna,	Lycoming,	Cummings,	490	111	1 75	858 72
May 8	Oliver W. Carson and Jas. M. Wolf,	Bedford,	Cum. Valley, Southampton,	2,475	39	2 25	6,176 80
May 24	Wm. Whitmer & Sons Co.,	Lycoming,	Cummings,	300	44	1 50	450 41
May 24	Wm. Howard White, Trustee Est. of Wm. W. Killett,	Mifflin,	Armagh,	329	147	3 00	989 76
July 2	Wood & Childs,	Potter,	Portage,	2,188	96	1 50	3,282 90
July 15	Philip B. Fish,	Lycoming,	Brown,	3,795		2 85	10,815 75
July 15	Joseph M. Lambert,	Pike,	Porter,	219	62	2 00	438 77
July 15	Simon P. Miller,	Lycoming,	Limestone,	114		2 00	228 00
Sept. 23	Wm. M. Grove,	Monroe,	Mid. Smithfield,	165		1 50	247 50
Oct. 29	Fred Brown,	Centre,	Potter,	5		4 00	20 00
Oct. 29	Hamlin & Forrest,	Tioga,	Morris,	311		2 00	622 00
Oct. 29	E. J. Rogers,	Clearfield,	Karthaus,	1,779	32	1 75	3,113 60
Oct. 29	Benjamin DeGroat, Jr.,	Cameron,	Grove,	230	86.4	1 25	288 18
Nov. 25	James B. Weed & Co.,	Pike,	Blooming Grove,	63	136	2 50	159,63
		Clinton,	Chapman,				
		Potter,	Abbott,				
Nov. 25	E. T. Riviere,	Pike,	Stewardson,	13,065	81	2 00	26,131 01
			Blooming Grove,	165	156	2 50	414 94

SCHEDULE NO. 1.—Continued.

Date.	Grantor.	County.	Township.	Acres.	Perches.	Price per acre.	Total amount paid.
Nov. 25	Wm. B. Meetch,	Perry,	Jackson-Madison,	238	40	2 75	655 19
Dec. 17	J. W. Van Dyke,	Lycoming,	Limestone,	380	8.9	2 50	950 14
Dec. 17	J. C. Bucher,	Cumberland,	Dickinson,	186	110	2 50	466 72
1908							
Jan. 13	George Franklin McGee,	Franklin,	Fannett,	139	124	2 50	349 44
Feb. 14	James O'Brien,	Cameron,	Grove,	350		1 50	525 00
Mar. 10	George Williams,	Huntingdon,	Jackson,	23	40	2 50	58 13
Mar. 17	Samuel K. Cleaver,	Cumberland,	Dickinson,	189	72	2 50	473 63
April 1	Wm. Carbaugh and Philip Wagaman,	Adams,	Hamiltonban,	10	71.6	4 00	41 78
April 7	John Heilman,	Tioga,	Morris,	990		2 25	2,227 50
April 7	Rufus R. Peachey,	Huntingdon,	Jackson,	57	126	3 00	173 36
May 4	A. C. Gee,	Lycoming,	Cummings-Mifflin,	328	57	1 75	574 62
May 25	Wm. P. Mitchell, Agt.,	Potter,	Abbott-E. Fork, Stewardson,	14,948	40	2 25	33,633 56
May 27	A. B. Dunsmore, Atty. for Russell Estate,	Tioga,	Elk-Morris,	4,640		2 50	11,600 00
June 1	Robert B. Warner,	Cameron,	Shippen,	713	32	1 00	713 20
June 23	Mrs. Daisy Stitzell,	Perry,	Toboyne,	33	23	2 50	82 86
June 23	Levi P. Hoover,	Perry,	Toboyne,	37	53	2 50	93 33
June 25	Monroe H. Kulp & Co.,	Snyder,	Beaver-Franklin, Perry-Spring, Washington, West Perry,	2,812	146	2 50	7,032 28
June 25	Exrs. Richard Budd,	Snyder,	Beaver-Franklin, Perry-Spring, Washington, West Perry,	2,160	26	2 50	5,400 41
June 30	Kulp Lumber Co.,	Huntingdon,	Jackson,	400		3 85	1,540 00
July 3	William Staake,	Franklin,	Fannett,	100		3 00	300 00
July 27	J. W. Christman,	Clinton,	Gallagher,	676	35	2 25	1,521 49
Aug. 3	Penna. Joint Lum. and Land Co.,	Tioga,	Shippen,	282	26.6	2 50	705 41
	Penna. Joint Lum. and Land Co.,	Cameron,	Grove-Lumber,	418			836 00
Aug. 3	Manor Real Estate Trust Co.,	Clinton,	Gallagher,	1,028		1 50	1,542 00
Aug. 7	Nettie A. B. Weitz,	Pike,	Greene-Palmyra,	819	40	2 00	1,638 50
Aug. 7	Wm. Whitmer & Sons Co.,	Centre,	Haines-Harris, Miles-Potter,	3,328	99.9		11,485 87
Aug. 7	Charles M. Fry,	Mifflin,	Armagh,				
Aug. 18	Sophia R. George,	Perry,	Toboyne,	217	80	2 50	543 75
Sept. 1	Minerva McQuay,	Perry,	Toboyne,	210	155	2 25	474 68
Sept. 1	David Sheaffer,	Perry,	Toboyne,	40	6	2 50	100 10
Sept.	Harry W. Meetch,	Perry,	Toboyne,	46	97.9	2 50	116 53
Sept. 15	Oscar Mitchell,	Clearfield,	Karthaus,	378	60	2 25	561 72
Sept. 15	Sheridan P. Beaston,	Clinton,	West Keating,	2,200		2 50	5,500 00
Sept. 23	Fred C. Leonard and W. I. Lewis,	Perry,	Toboyne,	82	121	2 50	206 89
Sept. 30	A. N. Crandall,	Potter,	Stewardson,	100		2 25	225 00
Oct. 6	Joseph Kelley,	Potter,	Portage,	250		2 50	625 00
Oct. 21	Tazewell T. Thomas, Atty.,	Mifflin,	Armagh,	740	67	4 00	2,691 68
Nov. 9	W. H. Snyder,	Clinton,	Leidy,	3,462	72	2 25	7,790 51
Nov. 9	Chester L. and Eliz. Schoonover,	Clinton,	Shippen,	70		3 50	245 00
Nov. 9	James M. Wolf,	Tioga,	Cummings,	230	12	2 50	575 19
Nov. 9	Ella R. Cummings,	Lycoming,	Chapman,	134	86	1 50	201 81
Nov. 10	John F. Foles, James and W. J. Murphy,	Tioga,	Morris,	899	80	2 25	2,023 88
Nov. 18	Mary W. Mehaffey,	Clinton,	Leidy,	547	86	2 00	1,095 08
Nov. 18	Geo. W. Hoover and Chas. Bartles and Carrie B. Updegraff,	Lycoming,	Lewis,	267	17	2 75	734 54
Nov. 18	Payne, Cochran & Co. and Elias Deemer,	Lycoming,	Lewis,	2,339	101	2 75	6,433 99
Nov. 19	John L. Hall,	Lycoming,	Cogan House, McIntyre,	1,420	86	2 75	3,906 48
Nov. 19	Lycoming Tim. and Lum. Co.,	Centre,	Lewis,	2,833	159	2 75	7,793 48
		Clinton,	Burnside, Beech Creek, Noyes,	12,948	12	2 50	32,370 19
Nov. 19	Lycoming Tim. and Lum. Co.,	Clinton,	Beech Creek,	415	16	2 50	1,037 75
Dec. 4	James O'Donel,	Perry,	Toboyne,	14	123	2 75	40 62
Dec. 9	Commonwealth Trust Co. of Harrisburg,	Perry,	Toboyne,	358	51.2	2 75	985 38
Dec. 15	Samuel D. Gettig,	Centre,	Burnside,	433	163	2 00	868 04
Dec. 17	James B. Weed & Co.,	Clinton,	Chapman,	271	149	2 00	543 86
Dec. 22	Harry B. Mingle,	Clearfield,	Girard,	8,563		2 00	17,126 00
Dec. 28	James O'Donel,	Perry,	Toboyne,	21	156	2 50	54 94
Dec. 28	John A. Leigh,	Perry,	Jackson,	5	91	2 00	11 14
Dec. 30	Jonathan Barrick,	Perry,	Jackson,	49	59	2 00	98 74
Dec. 30	Laura Lay Hege,	Perry,	Jackson,	29	24	2 50	72 87
Dec. 30	Herman Oppel, Agt. for Hedwig Agnes Oppel,	Juniata, Mifflin,	Lack, Wayne,	1,289	145	2 50	3,224 76
1909							
Jan. 4	Herman Oppel, Agt. for heirs A. W. Oppel,	Juniata,	Lack,	184	122	4 25	785 24
Jan. 12	James W. Crawford,	Clinton,	Gallagher, Woodward,	2,462	18	2 00	4,924 23
Jan. 12	Dents Run Coal Co.,	Clearfield,	Girard-Goshen,	4,076		2 25	9,171 00
Jan. 13	Penna. Joint Lum. and Land Co.,	Cameron, Clearfield, Elk,	Gibson, Covington-Goshen, Benezette,	20,730		1 00	20,730 00
Jan. 19	F. J. David and John Bowden,	Clinton,	Leidy,	203	76	1 50	305 21
Jan. 25	Thomas J. David and H. T. Hall,	Clinton,	Leidy,	490	17	2 00	980 21
Jan. 27	John M. Troxel,	Clearfield,	Pine,	176	120	2 75	486 06
Jan. 27	D. R. Fullerton, Jas. Mehaffey and H. H. McGee,	Clearfield,	Pine,	530	40	2 75	1,458 19
Jan. 27	Robert McCullough,	Lycoming,	McHenry,	2,127	34	2 00	4,254 42
Jan. 28	James B. Weed & Co.,	Lycoming,	Brown,	2,149	66	2 00	4,298 82

SCHEDULE NO. 1.—Continued.

Date.	Grantor.	County.	Township.	Acres.	Perches.	Price per acre.	Total amount paid.
Jan. 28	J. D. Westover,	Perry,	Toboyne,	286	154	4 50	1,291 33
Jan. 28	Oscar Mitchell,	Clearfield,	Pine,	150		2 50	375 00
Feb. 4	George W. Daniel,	Potter,	Stewardson,	137	80	2 00	275 00
Feb. 11	J. Harry Lauver, Agt.,	Clinton,	West Keating,	500		1 50	750 00
Feb. 11	Wm. H. Ettinger,	Snyder,	Adams,	55	50		275 00
Feb. 25	Mary E. Gutshall,	Perry,	Toboyne,	61	107	2 50	154 17
Mar. 11	John F. Foley,	Clinton,	Leidy,	200		2 00	400 00
Mar. 25	Ira J. and Lindley E. Parker.	Lycoming,	McHenry,	854	130	2 25	1,923 33
Mar. 29	Louis P. Sprout,	Clearfield,	Pike,	309	108	2 50	774 18
April 1	T. B. Field & Son,	Tioga,	Elk,	100		2 25	225 00
April 12	Wm. P. Mitchell, Agt.,	Potter,	Abbott-E. Fork, Stewardson,				
April 23	Byers-Allen Lumber Co.,	Somerset,	West Branch,	25,882	124	2 25	58,236 24
		Westmoreland,	Jenner-Lincoln, Jefferson, Ligonier-Cook,	8,532	90	5 00	42,662 81
April 30	Joseph Swartz,	Cumberland,	Upper Mifflin,	269		2 75	739 75
May 4	H. H. Mullin,	Cameron,	Shippen,	1,061		2 50	2,652 50
	H. H. Mullin,	Cameron,	Shippen,	328		1 75	574 00
	H. H. Mullin,	Cameron,	Shippen,	1,229		2 00	2,458 00
	H. H. Mullin,	Cameron,	Shippen,	736		1 50	1,104 00
May 5	U. B. Russell,	Potter,	Stewardson,	230		1 25	287 50
May 18	D. L. Deane, Atty.,	Tioga,	Morris,	378	65	2 25	851 42
May 19	D. L. Deane, Atty.,	Tioga,	Morris,	252	65	2 25	567 92
May 19	B. A. Gee,	Potter,	Wharton,	50		2 50	125 00
May 24	S. P. Miller,	Monroe,	Price,	75		2 50	187 50
May 24	Adm. Estate Jessie M. Shaffer,	Perry,	Jackson,	67	99½	2 75	185 96
	Adm. Estate Jessie M. Shaffer,	Perry,	Jackson,	127	117	3 75	478 98
May 24	A. K. Bryner,	Perry,	Jackson,	127	117	3 75	478 98
May 24	Mary A. and L. D. Showvaker, Adms.,	Perry,	Toboyne,	177	86	4 25	754 58
May 24	R. W. A. Jamesom,	Clinton,	Lamar,	227	84	2 00	455 05
May 24	S. J. Lebo, Exr.,	Lycoming,	McHenry,	116	30	4 00	464 75
May 24	Harry W. Meetch,	Perry,	Toboyne,	263		2 25	591 75
May 25	James C. Cole, Pres.,	Adams,	Franklin,	622	16	4 50	2,799 45
May 26	Wm. Mitchell, Agt.,	Clinton,	Leidy,	6,386	100	2 00	12,773 25
May 26	Exr. Estate Samuel Wilson,	Lycoming,	McHenry,	1,045		2 00	2,090 00
July 12	Ernest H. Green,	Tioga,	Morris,	154		2 00	308 00
July 23	Abraham Slutter,	Lackawanna,	Lehigh,	424	80		775 00
Aug. 20	Maggie DeGroat,	Pike,	Blooming Grove,	38	155	2 50	97 42
Aug. 20	Charles L. Darlington,	Perry,	Toboyne,	381	80	2 25	858 38
Aug. 20	James M. Harris, Agt. to Heirs James D. Harris, Dec'd,	Lycoming,	McHenry,	1,123	25	2 00	2,246 31
Aug. 27	Amelia Ulrich,	Centre,	Haines,	70	25	2 00	140 31
Aug. 27	Exr. Estate Samuel Wilson, Dec.,	Lycoming,	McHenry,	659	141	2 00	1,319 76
Sept. 28	Chas. Bartles and Asher D. Updegraff,	Lycoming,	Plunketts Ck.,	629	140	2 50	1,567 19
Oct. 7	A. W. Colcord,	Cameron,	Grove,	303		1 50	454 50
Dec. 13	R. H. Thompson,	Clearfield,	Pine,	416	75	2 00	832 94
Dec. 13	George L. McCallum,	Potter,	East Fork,	50		2 00	100 00
Dec. 17	Stephen J. Lebo,	Clinton,	Gallagher,	304		3 50	1,064 00
Dec. 21	Wm. J. Kessler,	Perry,	Toboyne,	193	47	3 00	579 88
1910							
Jan. 26	Margaret J. Moyer, Pruella B. Strausser and Victoria M. Harrison,	Snyder,	West Beaver,	575	131	3 00	1,727 46
April 27	Charles Bartles and Asher D. Updegraff,	Lycoming,	Plunkets Ck.,	135		2 50	337 50
May 11	Adm. Jessie M. Shaffer, Dec'd,	Perry,	Jackson,	167		2 75	459 25
May 17	J. Wm. Kepler,	Huntingdon,	Franklin,				
		Centre,	Ferguson,	904	76	5 00	4,522 37
May 20	James C. Monn,	Franklin,	Guilford,	16	43	2 50	40 67
July 12	John A. Wagner,	Mifflin,	Decatur,	180	60	1 50	270 56
Sept. 19	Wm. Whitmer & Sons Co.,	Union,	Hartley,				
		Centre,	Miles,	790	21	2 50	1,975 33
Sept. 22	W. K. Swetland,	Potter,	Portage,	1,931	60	2 25	4,345 59
Nov. 1	Thomas W. Moore,	Clearfield,	Union,	229	146	2 00	459 83
Nov. 1	Henry J. Rahorn,	Clinton,	Gallagher,	99	150	4 00	399 75
Nov. 1	Andrew B. Couch,	Perry,	Jackson,	140	70	1 75	245 77
Nov. 1	E. T. Riviere,	Pike,	Dingman,	412	80	2 00	825 00
Dec. 14	C. D. Minehart and John A. Kell,	Franklin-Perry,	Toboyne,	393	94	2 00	787 18
Dec. 14	John E. Lehman,	Perry,	Tyrone,	330	54	2 75	908 43
Dec. 14	Chas. G. Corbin,	Mifflin,	Bratton,	407	94	2 50	1,018 97
Dec. 14	Chas. Bartles and Geo. Hoover,	Lycoming,	Armstrong-Brady, Washington-Clinton,	5,016	118	2 75	13,796 03
Dec. 14	D. S. McNitt,	Perry,	Toboyne,	5,156	40½	2 25	11,601 56
Dec. 14	Luke Whittaker,	Pike,	Porter,	154	50	5 00	771 56
1911							
Jan. 18	T. Z. Minehart,	Perry,	Fannett,	666	19	2 00	1,332 25
Jan. 18	T. Z. Minehart,	Franklin,	Toboyne,	380	34	2 00	760 41
Jan. 18	Kulp Lumber Co.,	Mifflin,	Armagh,	965	110	3 85	3,717 90
Jan. 18	Kulp Lumber Co.,	Huntingdon,	Jackson,	200		3 85	770 00
Jan. 18	John J. Tyler,	Perry,	Madison,	1,057	84	2 25	2,379 43
Jan. 25	John S. Harding and Henry M. Harding,	Lackawanna,	Lehigh,	260		2 00	520 00
Mar. 13	Jacob G. Tomb,	Lycoming,	Brown,	440		1 75	770 00
Mar 13	John R. Thompson,	Clinton,	Greene-Lamar, Logan,	3,711	80	2 50	9,278 75
Mar. 30	Joseph Kengel,	Clinton,	Wayne,	53		2 50	132 50
April 20	Henry E. Zerbe,	Clinton,	Crawford,	474	27	1 75	829 80
				943,000	14.3		$2,119,569 62

SCHEDULE NO. 2.

In reply to the third paragraph of your resolution, relative to the operation of sawmills by the Department of Forestry, the number of mills, names of those in charge, the cost of the work, and the price received for the product, beg leave to report as follows: In June, 1909, a sawmill, shingle mill, lath mill and an engine were purchased for use on the Mont Alto reserve. The primary reason for procuring this outfit, as in the other case we mention, is for the making of improvement cuttings in the State forest. The lands purchased for forest reserves are clothed with various kinds of timber. Some contain brush, others young growing stands, while still others contain some overmature and defective timber, which must be removed in order to make way for the growing of the valuable even-aged stand. The purpose of employing a saw mill in this work was that the removal of wood in the process of improvement cutting makes the woods better than when the State bought the land; and certain of the product may be worked up by a saw mill into merchantable stuff, which will sell in the market for a greater price than if cut into cord wood by hand and sold as cordwood.

Mr. Lewis E. Staley, a forester in the employ of the department, is in charge of the work of improvement cutting on the Mont Alto division of the South Mountain reserve, is a graduate of the State Forest Academy, a practical sawmill man as well as a forester, and has had charge of the operation of that mill.

A statement of the operation of the Mont Alto mill under Mr. Staley's charge is as follows:

Expense of operation	$2,117 45

RECEIPTS.

86,614	Bd. ft. lumber	$1,670 24
483	Posts	79 31
9	Telephone poles	11 25
476½	Cords wood	754 68
95,590	Shingles	430 64
47,608	Plastering lath	198 29
	Miscellaneous	35 66
		$3,180 07
	Net Profit	$1,062 62

It will be seen from the above that the operation of the mill at Mont Alto has produced a profit to the State of $1,062.62, and in addition has been the means of advancing improvement work much more rapidly and satisfactorily than could otherwise have been done; and as a result of this work the forest is now in the best condition for the rapid and successful production of first-class timber. The timber removed in the process of improvement cutting was such as no local lumberman would undertake to remove and manufacture; and the character of the work, because of the scattered nature of the trees and the area from over which they had to be gathered, made the cost of operation more expensive than any lumberman would agree to assume. However, under the operation of the State it has been conducted at a profit both from a money point of view and from the point of view of improvement to the woods.

Had the material comprehended in the above statement been cut by hand with the use of axe and saw and reduced to cordwood it would have produced approximately 735 cords at a cost of $928.75. At the price at which cord wood is sold in that part of the State, averaging $1.75 per cord in the woods, and depending upon the condition and species of the wood, it would have produced a gross return of $1,286.25. This would have shown a profit in operation of only $357.50. If the whole product could have been sold as cordwood and then compared with the return of operation of the sawmill, there is shown a loss to the State of $705.13: but a large part of such wood cut into cordwood is not salable in that region and would have remained on hand, gradually deteriorating, so that the loss to the State would have been even greater that the amount stated. The proceeds received from this operation have been paid into the State Treasury.

In December, 1910, this mill was moved to the Caledonia division of the South Mountain reserve, was set up on State land, and the operation of the mill began the latter part of January, 1911. This operation is in charge of Robert G. Conklin, a forester in the employ of the department and a graduate of the State Forest Academy. The operation here has not been continuous, having frequently been intermitted as occasion demanded.

Twenty years ago, when the stand of white pine and hemlock was cut off these lands by the then owner, there were left remaining upon the ground numerous trees of these species and a few others, standing in such localities that they could not be removed by the methods of lumbering in vogue at that time and at a profit. The trees were mature then and have been gradually declining ever since. Unless they are removed now and as much derived from them as can be made, the State will suffer the loss of these trees. They are scattered over a rather wide area in swampy and on rocky places, and their inaccessibility made profitable lumbering of these trees impossible when the general stand was cut twenty years ago, and of necessity makes their lumbering at this time higher in price than if they were situate under better conditions.

The purpose here is likewise to improve the character and condition of the woods. In so doing these old and declining trees must be removed and the young even aged stand encouraged to come on.

A statement of the expense incurred in this part of the operation to April 24, 1911, is as follows:

Cutting	$329 09
Hauling	592 95
Sawing Lumber	300 15
Sawing lath	137 50
General expenses (setting mills, covering, etc.)	182 98
Repairs and usable supplies	260 88
	$1,803 55

A statement of the product derived from this operation is as follows:

FINISHED PRODUCT.

Lath	55,000	
Cull lumber	7,000	bd. ft.
White pine (in bds.)	20,631	bd. ft.
Hemlock (bill stuff)	53,790	bd. ft.

PRODUCT CUT, BUT NOT HAULED.

Lath (in bolts)	12,000	
Lath (in logs)	45,000	
White pine	42,659	bd. ft.
Hemlock	13,882	bd. ft.
Chestnut	1,350	bd. ft.
Pin oak	2,697	bd. ft.
Yellow pine	1,228	bd. ft.

At the very low price prevailing in that region for product of the above character, this material is worth at least $3,500.00, consideration being taken of the fact that additional expense must be incurred in hauling and sawing the unfinished product and in ascertaining the profit, this expense is not to be deducted therefrom, having been allowed for in the calculation. The above operation, therefore, to date shows an approximate profit in excess of $1,600.00, and in addition there is removed from the forest a growth which is deteriorating in quality, encumbering the ground and hindering the production of young even-aged stand. Many of the trees thus removed were dying, some were already dead and others would soon follow.

There still remains standing on the stump about 50,000 board-feet of overmature hemlock which should be cut to complete this operation and to improve the general condition of the woods where growing. Had the whole product been sold at a stumpage price, the best possible return which might have been derived for this material would have been $716.23, calculating the stumpage price at $5.00 per thousand, and in so doing taking into consideration the fact that the material is widely scattered and after cutting and manufacture there remains a haul of seven miles to the railroad. By selling at stumpage prices the State, therefore, would have incurred the additional loss of nearly $900.00 which it made and saved for itself by reason of the sawmill operation.

Of the above finished product at Caledonia all is on hand and ready for sale and delivery except one bill of 7,077 bd. ft. of hemlock, which has been sold, and for which the price paid and collected is $141,54.

The cost of the above milling outfit was as follows:

Engine	$765 00
Sawmill	295 00
Shingle mill	240 00
Lath mill	200 00
Belts and bolts	42 70
Saw, 56 in.	95 00
Freight	9 60
Sawdust elevator	30 00
Shafting	15 17
Emery wheel and boxing	13 51
Total cost of outfit	$1,601 38

Against the above investment there is shown profit as follows:

Mont Alto operation	$1,062 62
Caledonia operation to date	1,600 00
Total proceeds from operation of mill	$2,662 62
Cost of the mill	1,601 38
Net profit	$1,061 24

It will thus be seen that the State has gained the sum of $1,061.24 by reason of owning and operating one sawmill outfit, using material which is unsalable in the form of cordwood, besides improving the condition of the woods. In the short time in which the State has owned the outfit it has more than paid for itself and this by reason of casual operation only. Had the operation of the mill been continuous it is certain that a much larger profit would have resulted.

The above excellent showing, under the circumstances, is attributable to one fact—the combination of practical business principles in an unfavorable situation joined with the science of practical forestry as taught in the State Forest Academy at Mont Alto.

In a portion of the State forest in Clearfield county there are at least 325,000 feet of dead and dying hemlock and yellow pine, all of which is rapidly deteriorating and will soon become a total loss. To save some of this value to the State, the department has entered into a contract with Mr. Joseph Lerock to cut, skid, saw and deliver to Clearfield all of the material of this character found on the area mentioned. The delivery to Clearfield involves a haul of 8 miles. The contract provides that Mr. Lerock shall receive $11.00 per thousand feet, board measure, for hemlock, and $11.50 per thousand feet for yellow pine delivered at Clearfield, and that everything realized above this price in the sale of the finished product will be profit to the State. By reason of the price prevailing in that region for manufactured material of this character a substantial profit will be made without any outlay whatever for expense of operation. Mr. Lerock has just started work and no sales have yet been made.

Mr. William F. Dague, a forester in the employ of the department and a graduate of the State Forest Academy at Mont Alto, is in charge of the southern portion of the Clearfield county reserve and of this work.

SCHEDULE NO. 3.

PERSONS EMPLOYED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF FORESTRY WITH SALARIES ATTACHED.

	Monthly Salary.
George H. Wirt,	$175 00
E. A. Ziegler,	150 00
I. T. Worthley,	125 00
Robt. G. Conklin,	100 00
W. H. Kraft,	100 00
Wm. L. Byers,	100 00
John E. Avery,	100 00
Lewis E. Staley,	100 00
Paul H. Mulford,	100 00
John L. Witherow,	100 00
T. Roy Morton,	100 00
Horace C. Evans,	100 00
W. Bard Conklin,	100 00
Tom O. Bietsch,	100 00
Wm. F. Dague,	100 00
H. E. Bryner,	100 00
F. H. Dutlinger,	100 00
John A. Bastian,	75 00
Harry E. Elliott,	75 00
Geo. A. Retan,	75 00
R. Lynn Emerick,	75 00
Alfred E. Rupp,	75 00
John L. Strobeck,	75 00
W. Elmer Houpt,	75 00
Homer S. Metzger,	75 00
John R. Williams,	75 00
Carl L. Kirk,	75 00
John W. Seltzer,	75 00
Harry J. Mueller,	75 00
Harry A. Thomson,	75 00
A. C. Silvius,	75 00
Raymond B. Winter,	60 00
Walter D. Ludwig,	60 00
D. Kerr Warfield,	60 00
John W. Keller,	60 00
Alfred W. Bodine,	60 00
H. Lawrence Vail,	60 00
Frank D. Jerald,	60 00
C. C. Miner,	60 00
Geo. W. Armstrong,	60 00
A. L. Shoemaker,	50 00
Adam Kamp,	50 00
Howard P. Seese,	55 00
Hiram A. Rake,	60 00
Altamus Rake,	45 00
Edgar Wilson,	50 00
Ferdinand Frank,	50 00
Stewart Albert,	45 00
Martin Cortright,	40 00
A. A. Bennett,	50 00
B. F. Hassler,	55 00
James E. Carbaugh,	40 00
C. B. Lerew,	35 00
Jos. O. Boggs,	50 00
David Knepper,	75 00
John Bricker,	35 00
John Shaffer,	30 00
Harry L. Thomas,	35 00
F. J. Sylvester,	50 00
S. H. Lightner,	50 00
G. C. Deter,	50 00
J. W. Amig,	50 00
John M. Stever,	40 00
Jas. H. Howard,	30 00
W. H. Harpster,	45 00
G. Edw. Ross,	60 00
Eli Stayrook,	45 00
J. H. Sparks,	50 00
Jas. Middleswarth,	65 00
Conrad Orth,	55 00
G. H. Pidcoe,	50 00
S. L. Mull,	50 00
R. M. Crum,	50 00
William Wirth,	50 00
Frank Johnston,	45 00
Herman N. Hart,	50 00
F. P. Sundy,	50 00
L. C. Wykoff,	45 00
A. M. Wilson,	40 00
T. L. Swartzell,	50 00
David Libby,	50 00
Henry C. Cox,	50 00
F. X. Drachbar,	40 00
Chas. L. Braucher,	50 00
Walter L. Kauffman,	50 00
Robert Reitz,	45 00
Joseph Kissel,	40 00
D. R. Harbeson,	50 00
Leroy Koontz,	45 00
J. V. Carlin,	45 00
D. K. Meredith,	40 00
John Monsell,	40 00
J. H. Green,	50 00
M. A. Fourness,	45 00
L. T. Newman,	40 00
M. N. U. L. Brooks,	40 00
E. T. Riviere,	40 00
Geo. M. Lipp,	45 00
Herman A. Oppel,	40 00
Frank A. Gibboney,	40 00
Delos E. Cooper,	50 00
Chas. Middleswarth,	40 00
Wm. H. Ettinger,	30 00
John Liggett,	50 00
G. C. Spiegel,	45 00
Thos. J. Temple,	45 00
E. N. Jenckes,	50 00
Harry A. Reitz,	40 00
Harry H. Keil,	45 00
John Nelson,	45 00
Samuel H. Lebo,	30 00
Howard E. Wells,	45 00
Wm. C. Huff,	40 00
Fred P. Miller,	50 00
Wm. S. McCoy,	40 00
Wm. G. Taylor,	45 00
Oran Snyder,	35 00
Wm. F. McKinney,	35 00
H. J. Dean,	35 00
James Winters,	30 00
Milton Keeney,	30 00
Robert Thompson,	50 00
Robert Schwab,	45 00
Howard J. Boop,	35 00
Harry B. Perry,	35 00
Joseph Manley,	35 00
G. Frank Mohler,	40 00
Charles Perry,	30 00
Harry L. Stull,	30 00
Chas. Leonard,	30 00
Albert Reed,	30 00
James McElwee,	30 00
J. E. Yeager,	30 00
Frank Brown,	30 00
Chas. C. Furry,	30 00
John H. Shoemaker,	30 00
J. H. Cauffman,	40 00
John L. Carbaugh,	35 00
Harry W. Staley,	35 00
Wm. Wagaman,	35 00
James Martin,	35 00
Edward Carbaugh,	35 00
W. W. Martin,	35 00
Wilson R. Barndt,	35 00
Wesley Hackett,	40 00
Wm. F. Schrimshaw,	35 00
C. H. Buckius,	100 00
A. Elwyn Strode,	25 00
S. T. Moore,	150 00
Ivy M. Luft,	50 00
Caroline L. Leonard,	25 00
Free Conklin,	40 00
B. J. Gutknecht,	45 00
D. C. Bittinger,	40 00

State Forest Academy.

John C. Adams,	75 00
William Netosky,	100 00
Sarah E. Conklin,	60 00
Mattie E. Heefner,	40 00

	Per Week.
Sarah C. Henley,	5 00
Margaret Bricker,	3 00

SCHEDULE NO. 4.

PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF FORESTRY.

SLATE RUN DIVISION, LYCOMING COUNTY RESERVE. PAY ROLL OF F. D. JERALD, MONTH OF MARCH, 1911.

Name of Employee.	Hours.	Rate.	Amount.
Ed. English,	25	17½	$4 37

AUSTIN DIVISION, TIOGA COUNTY RESERVE. PAY ROLL OF A. C. SILVIUS, MONTH OF MARCH, 1911.

M. M. McCloskey,	19½	18	$3 51
Geo. Stuckey,	68	18	12 24
Geo. Geer,	68	18	12 24
L. W. Robbins,	25	18	4 50
Wm. Tompkins,	68	18	12 24
H. L. Button,	68	18	12 24
Wm. Tompkins, Jr.,	68	15	10 20
Isaac Stuckey,	68	18	12 24
Frank Vancuren,	65	16	10 40
Chas. Watkins,	31	18	5 58
Chas. Vancuren,	7	18	1 26
Bella Hackett,	40	17	6 80
Raymond Hackett,	45	17	7 65
F. F. Crosby,	17	17	2 89

ASAPH NURSERY DIVISION, TIOGA COUNTY RESERVE. PAY ROLL OF PAUL H. MULFORD; MONTH OF MARCH, 1911.

J. W. Kressler,	26	18	$4 77
P. M. Johnson,	30	18	5 40
Ivan Butler,	20	18	3 60
E. E. Bixby,	20	18	3 60
B. F. Cook,	20	18	3 60
Claude Cook,	20	18	3 60

MILROY DIVISION, MIFFLIN COUNTY RESERVE. PAY ROLL OF D. KERR WARFIELD, MONTH OF MARCH, 1911.

Name of Employee.	Hours.	Rate.	Amount.
Harry Weaver,	75	15	$11 25
Homer Dean,	82	7½	6 15
Walter Garrity,	50	12½	6 25
Clay Henry,	43	12½	5 38
Joe D. Krickbaum,	40	12½	5 00
Harry Brown,	40	12½	5 00
Lloyd Smith,	40	12½	5 00
Harry McNitt,	40	12½	5 00
Luther Mayben,	43	12½	5 38
Jonas Beal,	41	12½	5 13
J. Harrison Faust,	40	12½	5 00

CLEARFIELD DIVISION, CLEARFIELD COUNTY RESERVE. PAY ROLL OF WM. F. DAGUE, MONTH OF MARCH, 1911.

John Thompson,	44	15	$6 60
Frank Page,	10	15	1 50
A. L. Parrish,	2	15	.30

BOALSBURG DIVISION, CENTRE COUNTY RESERVE. PAY ROLL OF WALTER D. LUDWIG, MONTH OF MARCH, 1911.

Fred D. Ritz,	50	15	$7 50
Wm. McClintic,	50	15	7 50
W. B. Young,	3½	15	.53

CROSSFORK DIVISION, POTTER COUNTY RESERVE. PAY ROLL OF R. LYNN EMERICK, MONTH OF MARCH, 1911.

Morris Jordan,	55	15	$8 25

MONT ALTO NURSERY DIVISION, FRANKLIN COUNTY RESERVE, PAY ROLL OF E. A. ZIEGLER, MONTH OF MARCH, 1911.

Geo. Patterson,	27	14	$3 78
A. J. Cauffman,	5	14	70
Mintred Monn,	5	8	40
Thomas Smith,	5	6	30

WESTPORT DIVISION, CLINTON COUNTY RESERVE. PAY ROLL OF HARRY A. THOMSON, MONTH OF MARCH, 1911.

Name of Employee.	Hours.	Rate.	Amount.
Edw. Schnars,	85	17½	$14 88
Porter Stuart,	43	17½	7 53

MONT ALTO DIVISION, SOUTH MOUNTAIN RESERVE. PAY ROLL OF LEWIS E. STALEY, MONTH OF MARCH, 1911.

W. H. Wyle,	89	14	$12 46
Levi Carbaugh,	61	15	9 15
James Carbaugh,	69	15	10 35
Morris Martin,	70½	14	9 87
Wm. Kauffman,	118	15	17 70
Archie Wagaman,	69½	14	9 73
Levi Martin,	18	15	2 70
Franklin Mentzer,	94	14	13 16
Philip Naugle,	70½	15	10 58
Geo. Patterson,	36	14	5 04

FORT LOUDON DIVISION, FULTON-FRANKLIN COUNTY RESERVE. PAY ROLL OF ALFRED E. RUPP, MONTH OF MARCH, 1911.

J. J. Gallagher,	35	15	$5 25
Wm. Gallagher,	39	15	5 85
Wm. Heath,	44	15	6 60
L. H. Cook,	38	15	5 70
J. C. Heath,	38	15	5 70
Lewis Helfrick,	44½	15	6 68

SURVEYING. PENFIELD DIVISION, CLEARFIELD COUNTY RESERVE. PAY ROLL OF C. L. KIRK, MONTH OF MARCH, 1911.

	Days.		
Wm. M. Grove, Surveyor,	6	$5 00	$30 00
	Hours.		
Walter Swartzell,	45	15	6 75
J. O. McCormick,	45	12½	5 62
Geo. W. Woodward,	40	20	8 00
Chas. Weed,	20	20	4 00

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LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL

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To fix salary of coroner of certain counties, 1016.

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No. 605 (Senate Bill No. 827)

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No. 853 (Senate Bill No. 528)

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No. 883 (Senate Bill No. 565)

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Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 557, authorizing use of haul seine in tide water streams for capture of carp, suckers, mullet and catfish, 1936.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 524, providing that corporations shall annually pay tax of four mills on each dollar of value of all their bonds, mortgages and other securities, 2323.

Nomination of candidate for United States Senator by, 50.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Philadelphia against excise commission bill, 1609.

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House Bill No. 310, amending act to regulate practice of pharmacy by prescribing additional restrictions in sale of poisons, 1752.

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House Bill No. 434, to fix salary of coroner of any county having population of one million or over, 1837, 1838.

House Bill No. 652, to repeal so far as it relates to borough of Rankin act to prohibit issuing of licenses to sell liquors in certain boroughs in Allegheny County, 1698.

House Bill No. 653, to repeal so far as it relates to townships of Pine, Harrison, North Versailles, North Fayette and South Fayette act to permit voters of certain townships in Allegheny County to determine for or against issuing of licenses for sale of liquor, 1957.

House Bill No. 711, regulating payment on checks when there shall be insufficient funds to meet same, 2948, 2949.

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Resolution offered by

Condemning anonymous attack on Legislative Reference Bureau, 1184.

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ABOLISHING BOARD OF PUBLIC CHARITIES and Committee on Lunacy, bill relating to treatment and detention of insane and creating State Department of Charities and (see charities).

ABOLISHING COMMISSION THEREIN ESTABLISHED, bill supplementing act relating to Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic by (see Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic).

ABOLISHING TOLL BRIDGES, bill to provide for commission to investigate on advisability of (see bridges).

ABROGATE TREATY BETWEEN UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA, joint resolution requesting United States Senators to support Congressional resolution requesting President of United States to (see Russia).

ABSINTHE AND CERTAIN OTHER DRUGS or any preparation of them except in natural quantities in coffee and tea, bill to regulate sale of (see drugs).

ACADEMY OF NATURAL SCIENCES OF PHILADELPHIA, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 118.

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 243.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 243.
Reported without amendment, 282.
First reading, 357.
Recommitted to Committee, 358.
Re-reported with amendment, 2215.
Second reading, 2277.
Third reading and final passage, 2451, 2452.
Returned from House without amendment, 3048.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3275.

In House (No. 1314).

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2570.
Reported without amendment, 2841.
First Reading, 2998.
Second reading, 3013.
Third reading and final passage, 3191.
Signed by Speaker, 3496.

ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANIES to make certain provisions in their policies as to when benefits shall be payable to insured, bill to prohibit health or (see insurance).

ACCIDENT SUFFERED BY AN EMPLOYE or other person for which person insured is liable, bill to provide reserve for outstanding liability losses of insurance companies transacting business of insuring anyone against damage resulting from (see insurance).

ACCIDENTS, authorizing appointment of commission to inquire into causes and results of industrial.

Senate Bill No. 614.

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Keyser for Mr. McNichol, 1707.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1707.
Reported without amendment, 1707.
First reading, 1823.
Second reading, 1916.
Over in its order, 2004.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 2173.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 2176.
Resumed and passed finally, 2609.
Returned from House without amendment, 3049.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3277.

In House (No. 1347).

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2843.
Reported without amendment, 3005.
First reading, 3006.
Second reading, 3014, 3015.
Third reading and final passage, 3199.
Signed by Speaker, 3493.

ACCIDENTS, concurrent resolution (Senate) by McNichol, authorizing appointment of commission to inquire into causes and results of industrial, 609.
In House, referred to Committee on Appropriations, 695.

ACCOUNTING, auditing and reporting, bill to create Department of Inspection and Supervision of Public Offices and to establish uniform system of public (see Department of Inspection and Supervision of Public Offices).

ACCOUNTS FOR SESSION OF 1911 presented to House of Representatives, report of Committee on, 3605, 3607.

ACCOUNTS FOR SESSION OF 1911 presented to Senate, statement relative to 3462, 3464.
Resolution adopted relative to payment of same, 3464.

ACCOUNTS OF ALL OFFICERS of boroughs, townships, poor districts and school districts, relating to settlement and audit of

Read in place in House by Mr. Watts, 111.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 111.

ACCOUNTS OF ALL OFFICERS of boroughs, townships, poor districts and school districts and providing for appeals to Court of Common Pleas and Superior and Supreme Courts relating to settlement and audit of

Senate Bill No. 781

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Salus, 2216.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2217.
Reported without amendment, 2525.
First reading, 2553.
Second reading, 2696.
Third reading and final passage, 2898.
Returned from House without amendment, 3406.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3540.

In House (No. 1338)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2948.
Reported without amendment, 2973.
First reading, 2973.
Second reading, 3023.
Third reading and final passage, 3498.
Signed by Speaker, 3610.

ACCOUNTS of directors, treasurer and tax collectors of certain poor districts, to provide for appointment by Court of Common Pleas of auditors to settle.

House Bill No. 752

Read in place in House by Mr. Healey, 1082.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1082.

ACCOUNTS—Continued.

Reported without amendment, 1695.
First reading, 1829.
Second reading, 2124.
Third reading and final passage, 3029, 3030.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3529.
Signed by Speaker, 3586.

In Senate (No. 1175)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 3045, 3046.
Reported without amendment, 3118.
First reading, 3175.
Second reading, 3291.
Third reading and final passage, 3412, 3413.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3537.

ACCOUNTS OF EXECUTORS, administrators, guardians or trustees, to regulate award and trial of issues of fact of disputed

Senate Bill No. 602

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Powell, 1418.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1418.
Reported without amendment, 1706.
First reading, 1822.
Second reading, 1914.
Third reading and final passage, 2003.

In House (No. 1243)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2025.
Reported with negative recommendation, 2247.

ACCOUNTS OF EXECUTORS and administrators, to regulate the confirmation of final

House Bill No. 76

Read in place in House by Mr. C. Victor Johnson, 140.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 140.
Reported without amendment, 199.
First reading, 212.
Second reading, 238.
Third reading and final passage, 319.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 344.

ACCOUNTS OF GUARDIANS of minors' property to be examined and audited in a certain way, to amend act relating to Orphans' Courts so as to permit

Senate Bill No. 401

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 700.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 700.
Reported without amendment, 938.
First reading, 1013.
Second reading, 1078, 1079.
Third reading and final passage, 1107.
Returned from House with amendment, 3147.
Concurred in House amendment, 3147.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3276.

In House (No. 765)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1170.
Reported with amendment, 1695.
First reading, 1830.
Second reading, 2126, 2127.
Third reading and final passage, 3224.
Returned from Senate with House amendment concurred in, 3309.
Signed by Speaker, 3494.

ACCOUNTS, to amend act relating to settlement of public

Senate Bill No. 297.

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 665.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 665.
Reported without amendment, 667.
First reading, 712.
Second reading, 771, 772.
Recommitted to Committee, 796.
Re-reported with amendment, 1417.
Third reading and final passage, 1437, 1438.
Returned from House without amendment, 3305.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3403.

In House (No. 888)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1471.
Reported without amendment, 2053.
First reading, 2196.
Second reading, 2377.
Third reading and final passage, 3358.
Signed by Speaker, 3590.

ACETYLENE IN MINES where open lights are used, petition presented against any bill to prohibit use of (see petitions).

ACKNOWLEDGED before a justice of the peace, to provide that certificates of association and articles of incorporation may be

House Bill No. 95

Read in place in House by Mr. Schofield, 200.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 200.
Reported without amendment, 251.
First reading, 321.
Second reading, 419.
Third reading and final passage, 446.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2024.
Signed by Speaker, 2587.

In Senate (No. 613)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 458.
Reported without amendment, 1707.

ACKNOWLEDGED—Continued.

First reading, 1823.
Second reading, 1916.
Third reading and final passage, 2004.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2523.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS IN SHERIFF'S SALES of land under writs issued out of court of Common Pleas, bill making prothonotary's certificate of acknowledgment endorsed on the deed prima facie evidence of such (see sheriff's sales of land).

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS PERFORMED BY NOTARIES PUBLIC within three months after expiration of their commissions, bill to validate (see notarial acts).

ACQUITTED ON GROUNDS OF INSANITY, bill to permit release on parole of persons (see release).

ACTION AND GRANTING APPEALS in cases in any court of record where plaintiff or defendant shall have lost right of appeal to a higher court by reason of sickness or other disability, bill to extend right of (see appeals).

ACTION BE BROUGHT WITHIN CERTAIN SPECIFIED TIME, bill to provide that where a bond is filed in any court of record under certain circumstances the court may enter an exoneretur upon said bond unless (see bond).

ACTION IS TAKEN IN REGARD TO SAME, bill to provide that under certain conditions the Court may enter an exoneretur upon a bond, unless (see bond).

ACTIONS AGAINST SURETY ASSOCIATIONS, companies and corporations, bill to provide for bringing of (see surety).

ACTIONS, bill relating to competency of husband and wife as witnesses in civil (see witnesses).

ACTIONS, bill to authorize the service of summons in personal (see summons).

ACTIONS brought thereunder to be brought before magistrate of ward, borough or township wherein offense occurs, bill to amend act for prevention of trespassing upon railway trains and consequent injuries to minors and other persons by requiring (see railway).

ACTIONS BY EXTENDING ITS PROVISIONS TO FOREIGN CORPORATIONS, bill to amend act relating to commencement of (see corporations).

ACTIONS EX CONTRACTU AND ACTIONS EX DELICTU so far as relates to procedure, to amend third section of act providing for abolition of distinction heretofore existing between

House Bill No. 588

Read in place in House by Mr. Ehrhardt, 1082.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1082.
Reported without amendment, 1303.
First reading, 1411.
Second reading, 1529.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1957.
Resumed and passed finally, 2248.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2218.

ACTIONS EX CONTRACTU AND ACTIONS EX DELICTU so far as relates to procedure, to amend third section of act providing for abolition of distinction heretofore existing between

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichols, 1068.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1068.

ACTIONS FOR NEGLIGENCE brought to recover damages from an employer, the negligence of a fellow servant of employe shall not be a defence, bill to provide that in all (see employer).

ACTIONS FOR PERSONAL INJURIES shall not be maintained against any municipality unless written notice is given by a proper person, bill to provide that (see municipality).

ACTIONS MAY BE BROUGHT AGAINST BANKS or trust companies for recovery of amount represented by certificates of deposit issued by them, bill to limit time within which (see certificates of deposit).

ACTIONS OF EJECTMENT, to provide for abandonment in certain cases of suits or (see ejectment).

ACTIONS OF LAW so far as it relates to service of writs quo warranto, bill to amend act relating to service of certain process in (see quo warranto).

ACTS APPROVED BY GOVERNOR after adjournment of Legislature of nineteen hundred and nine, list of,

Presented to Senate, 10-22.
Presented to House, 53.

ACTS DONE BY CORPORATIONS after letters patent are issued before the recording of their charters, bill to validate (see corporations).

ACTS OF COUNCILS, supplement to act for government of cities of second class regulating proof of passage of Legislative (see cities of second class).

ACTS PERTAINING TO SALE OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS in force at expiration of present session, bill to provide for compilation of all (see liquors).

ADAMS, JAMES L., Senator from Forty-fifth District, (Allegheny County, part of)

Amendments offered by, to

Senate Bill No. 30, relating to amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania so as to consolidate Courts of Common Pleas of Allegheny County, 270.

Senate Bill No. 219, supplement to act relating to roads, highways and bridges, 703.

Senate Bill No. 141, providing for original location, laying out and construction of public roads or highways in the several counties, 914.

Senate Bill No. 352, authorizing erection of work houses jointly by two or more counties, 951.

Senate Bill No. 492, amending act establishing State Livestock Sanitary Board by providing for organization of said Board and fixing salaries of Secretary and Treasurer, 1590.

Senate Bill No. 458, to provide for incorporation of fire and marine insurance companies, 1591, 1592, 1593.

Senate Bill No. 459, to provide for incorporation of casualty insurance companies, 1594, 1595, 1596, 1597, 1598.

Senate Bill No. 462, authorizing Insurance Commissioner to proceed against and take possession of any insolvent or delinquent company, 1599.

Senate Bill No. 463, authorizing insurance and surety companies to make deposit of certain securities with Insurance Commissioner to enable them to do business in other States or with United States Government, 1599.

Senate Bill No. 464, to provide reserve for outstanding liability losses of insurance companies insuring against accident or injury suffered by an employe, 1600, 1601.

Senate Bill No. 496, to establish a public school system, 1890.

Senate Bill No. 429, establishing in certain counties Board for Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and county purposes, 2446.

Senate Bill No. 96, increasing number of courts of common pleas in Allegheny County, 2471.

Senate Bill No. 785, prohibiting hospitals and other institutions receiving State aid from restricting pay patients in selection of physicians and surgeons not connected with said institution, 2697, 2899.

Senate Bill No. 802, regulating compensation of directors of the poor of poor districts situate wholly within any county, 2700, 2901, 3139.

Senate Bill No. 763, supplementary to act for government of cities of second class, 3298.

Appointments of, on

Conference committee, 1666, 3281, 3379.
Standing committees, 79, 80.

Bills introduced by

Amending act concerning sale of certain corporations so that same shall apply also to sales and conveyances of material, rolling stock and property and franchises of such corporations, 2155.

Amending act establishing State Livestock Sanitary Board by providing for organization of said Board and fixing salaries of Secretary and Treasurer thereof, 904.

Amending act relating to Orphans' Courts so as to permit accounts of guardians of minors' property to be examined and audited in certain way, 700.

Amending act relative to jurisdictions and power of courts by extending equity jurisdiction to disputes between employers and employees, 1435.

Authorizing collection of costs for street paving in townships of first class, 373.

Authorizing counties to appoint inspectors of distillates of petroleum, 1205.

Authorizing insurance and surety companies to make deposit of certain securities with Insurance Commissioner to enable them to do business in other States, 1225.

Authorizing Insurance Commissioner to take possession of any insolvent or delinquent company transacting any class of insurance, 1225.

Authorizing publication of report of late Doctor Leonard Pearson in regard to foot and mouth disease, 700.

Conferring jurisdiction on several Orphans' Courts over estates held by feme covert to her sole and separate use, 1254.

Defining fraternal benefit societies and their status and providing for their licensing and examination by Insurance Commissioner, 1225.

Designating employes of Insurance Department and fixing their salaries, 1225.

ADAMS—Continued.

Establishing Insurance Department and providing for licensing, examination, regulation and dissolution of insurance and surety companies and licensing and regulation of insurance agents and brokers, 1225.

Further supplement to act for classification of townships providing for advertisement of population, 713.

Joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania so as to consolidate the Courts of Common Pleas of Allegheny County, 117.

Joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania so as to permit General Assembly to fix salaries and hours of employes of State or any civil division thereof, 1419.

Making appropriation to Washington and Jefferson College for repayment of collateral inheritance tax on certain bequests, 150.

Providing for collection of judgments by attachment, execution against wages, debts, etc., 107.

Providing for election of township supervisors in townships of the second class, 290.

Providing for incorporation of casualty insurance companies and for regulation of home and foreign casualty insurance companies, 1225.

Providing for incorporation of fire and marine insurance companies and for regulation of home and foreign fire and marine insurance companies, 1225.

Providing for incorporation of life insurance companies and for regulation of home and foreign life insurance companies, 1225.

Providing for survey of Pymatuning Swamp and examination into feasibility of constructing reservoir therein, 1254.

Providing reserve for outstanding liability losses of insurance companies transacting business of insuring anyone against loss resulting from accident suffered by an employe, or other person for which person insured is liable, 1225.

Regulating sale of distillates of petroleum and prescribing standards of tests, 1206.

Relating to public roads or highways in the several counties, 290.

Relating to satisfaction of mortgages by instruments of writing heretofore recorded or hereafter to be recorded, 609.

Requiring hospitals receiving State aid to admit patients therein, 373.

Supplement to act regarding reasonableness of amount of license fees between municipal corporations and certain companies so as to apply to street railway companies, 832.

To direct appeals to Supreme Court from any decree of distribution, 700.

To provide for appointment by county commissioners in counties having between 800,000 and 1,400,000 inhabitants of registry assessors and assessors in case of vacancy, 1656.

To provide for use of voting machines at any or all elections and primary elections in this State, 1419.

Validating certain elections issued in pursuance of act to regulate manner of increasing indebtedness of municipalities and bonds issued in pursuance of such elections, 340.

Vesting in the mother in certain cases right to services of her child and right to be compensated for loss of such service, 756.

Bills reported by

No. 21 (House Bill No. 4)
Amending act relating to Board to fix and determine number and compensation of county employes in certain counties, 165.

No. 33 (House Bill No. 9)
Regulating fees of court criers and tipstaves in certain judicial districts, 183.

No. 34 (House Bill No. 263)
Prohibiting lascivious, sacrilegious, immoral or impure plays, 183.

No. 37 (House Bill No. 1360)
Joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania, 2524.

No. 100 (House Bill No. 627)
Providing for appointment of chief and assistant and special county detectives, 402.

No. 130 (House Bill No. 344).
Amending act relating to fees of sheriffs in this Commonwealth, 282.

No. 209
Relating to relief of destitute and indigent soldiers (and their widows), 489.

No. 300 (House Bill No. 77)
Relating to adoption of adult persons as heirs, 671.

No. 301 (House Bill No. 378)
Joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution allowing municipalities to increase their indebtedness, 671.

DAMS—Continued.

No. 302 (House Bill No. 62)

Joint resolution proposing amendment to section 8, article 9, of Constitution of Pennsylvania, 671.

No. 420

Granting pensions to certain enlisted men, soldiers, sailors and officers, who served in Civil War and war with Mexico, 1067.

No. 429 (House Bill No. 141)

Establishing in certain counties board for assessment and revision of taxes for State and county purposes, 1854, 2264.

No. 460 (House Bill No. 885)

Providing for incorporation of life insurance companies, 1546.

No. 489 (House Bill No. 325)

For protection of shade and fruit trees growing on or along any highway, 1305.

No. 571

Regulating affairs of Scranton Poor District, 1632.

No. 572 (House Bill No. 232)

Amending act directing Secretary of Internal Affairs to publish certain connected warrantee tract maps so as to reduce number of said maps to be published, 1632.

No. 602 (House Bill No. 1243)

Regulating award and trial of issue of facts arising in disputed accounts of executors, administrators, guardians or trustees, 1706.

No. 603 (House Bill No. 904)

To provide for counsel fees for garnishee's attorneys in attachment or attachment execution of any kind issued by magistrate, 1706.

No. 665 (House Bill No. 173)

Amending act relating to liens for taxes and for municipal improvements by providing for filing of municipal claims where appeals are taken from assessment, 2524.

No. 668 (House Bill No. 23)

Further supplement to act to provide for classification of townships as to townships of first class providing for certain duties of Secretary of Board of Commissioners, invalidating contracts or orders not provided for by or in excess of appropriations, providing for inspection of records and documents by taxpayers, 1964.

No. 725 (House Bill No. 573)

Regulating pay of election officers in certain counties, 2264.

No. 765 (House Bill No. 587)

Fixing salary or compensation of crier of courts of quarter sessions of the peace and oyer and terminer and general jail delivery in certain counties, 2524.

No. 766 (House Bill No. 764)

Joint resolution expressing wish of citizens of Pennsylvania that Panama Canal be fortified, 2524.

No. 1168 (House Bill No. 702)

Further supplement to act relative to Berks County prison and to discharged convicts, 3114.

Election of, 3.

Motions by, for

Executive session to consent to nominations, 1014.

Recess, 1013, 1746.

Senate to go into committee of whole for special amendment to Senate Bill No. 763, supplementary to act for government of cities of second class, 3152.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 958, 2289.

Dispense with further reading of Journal, 1173, 1305.

Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 218, providing for expenses of county commissioners and county poor directors, 795.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 209, providing aid for destitute and indigent soldiers (and their widows), 564.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 262, joint resolution proposing amendment to section 4, article 9 of Constitution of Pennsylvania, 1586.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 420, granting pensions to certain regulars and volunteers who served in Civil War and War with Mexico, 1113.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 429, establishing in certain counties Board for Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and County purposes, 2169.

Reconsider vote on Senate Bill No. 96, increasing number of courts of common pleas in Allegheny County, 2470.

Reconsider vote on Senate Bill No. 218, providing for expenses of county commissioners and county poor directors, 794.

Reconsider vote on Senate Bill No. 415, supplement to act for government of cities of second class regarding regulation of traffic, 1264.

ADAMS—Continued.

Reconsider vote on Senate Bill No. 763, supplementary to act for government of cities of second class, 3152, 3298.

Reconsider vote on Senate Bill No. 802, regulating compensation of directors of poor of poor districts situate wholly within any counties not exceeding 500,000 population, 3139.

Resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 429, establishing in counties containing population between 200,000 and 1,400,000 a Board for Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and county purposes, 2445.

Resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 478, authorizing appointment by county commissioners of one assessor in each legislative district and three assessors from county at large in certain counties, 2174.

Resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 560, providing for better protection of game, game quadrupeds and game birds, 2541.

Suspend rule 21 to consider House amendments to Senate Bill No. 141, providing for original location, laying out and construction of public roads or highways and for permanent improvement of certain roads or highways, 1898.

Suspend rule 21 to consider House amendments to Senate Bill No. 409, authorizing publication of report of late Doctor Leonard Pearson on discovery and suppression of foot and mouth disease, 2217.

Suspend Rule No. 38, 1014.

Nominations from Committee reported by, 120, 165, 386, 404, 1013.

Petition presented by, from

Citizens of Allegheny County for resident hunters' license bill, 2439.

Points of order raised by, on

Motion to discharge Senate Judiciary Special Committee from further consideration of House Bill No. 353, to promote safety of travelers and employees upon railroads by compelling railroads to properly man their trains, 3156.

Resolution to discharge Committee on Pensions and Gratuities from further consideration of House Bill No. 258, to provide for pensioning of soldiers, sailors and marines who served in Civil War, 2526.

Question of information raised by, on

Senate Bill No. 287, supplement to act relating to erection of Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic providing for completion of said institution, 794.

Remarks by, on

Senate Bill No. 496, to establish a public school system, 1891.

Senate Bill No. 763, supplementary to act for government of cities of second class, 2673, 2674, 3141, 3153.

Resolutions concurrent, offered by, in

Reference to investigation of conditions in Westmoreland County Coal Fields, 6.

Reference to printing of report upon discovery and suppression of foot and mouth disease, 403.

Reference to recalling from Governor for amendment Senate Bill No. 96, increasing number of courts of common pleas in Allegheny County, 2175.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 71.

ADDITIONAL COPIES OF SMULL'S LEGISLATIVE HAND BOOK, bill to authorize publication of, 1000 (see Smull's).

ADDRESSES OF JUDGMENT CREDITORS, bill to require prothonotaries to ascertain

Read in place in House by Mr. Raesly, 154.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 154.

ADJOINING PROPERTY shall be deemed a private nuisance, bill to provide that any fence maliciously erected for purpose of annoying owner or occupants of (see fence).

ADJOURN SINE DIE, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Kline, authorizing appointment of joint committee to notify Governor that General Assembly is ready to, 3540.

Resolution returned by House, 3541.

Senate committee appointed, 3541.

Resolution concurred in by House, 3613.

House committee appointed, 3613.

Senate committee reports, 3579.

House committee reports, 3649.

ADJOURN SINE DIE, resolution (House) by Wm. Ward, Jr., authorizing appointment of committee to notify Senate that House of Representatives is ready to, 3613.

Committee appointed, 3613.

Committee reports to Senate and receives thanks, 3579.

Committee reports to House, 3649.

ADJOURN SINE DIE, resolution (Senate) by Buckman, authorizing appointment of committee to notify House of Representatives that Senate is ready to, 3541.

Committee appointed, 3541.

ADJOURNMENT OF LEGISLATURE until January sixteenth, concurrent resolution (Senate), by Keyser, in reference to, 7.
Resolution returned by House, 41.
Concurred in by House, 51.

ADJOURNMENT OF LEGISLATURE until January twenty-third, concurrent resolution (Senate), by Keyser, in reference to, 76.
Resolution returned by House, 80.
Concurred in by House, 82.

ADJOURNMENT OF LEGISLATURE until February twentieth, concurrent resolution (Senate), by Keyser, in reference to, 239.
Resolution returned by House, 248.
Concurred in by House, 260.

ADJOURNMENT OF LEGISLATURE until February twenty-seventh, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Keyser, in reference to, 281.
Returned by House with amendment, 298.
Read and amended by House, 306, 307.
Returned to House with amendments made by House concurred in by Senate, 322.

ADJOURNMENT OF SENATE until January thirtieth, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Keyser, in reference to, 107.
Resolution returned by House, 109.
Concurred in by House, 112.

ADJOURNMENT OF SENATE until February sixth, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Sproul, in reference to, 129.
Resolution returned by House, 132.
Concurred in by House, 138.

ADJOURNMENT OF SENATE until February fourteenth, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Tustin, in reference to, 183.
Resolution returned by House, 186.
Concurred in by House, 195.

ADJOURNMENT OF SENATE until March sixth, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Keyser, in reference to, 401.
Returned by House, 413.
Concurred in by House, 417.

ADJOURNMENT OF SENATE until March thirteenth, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Keyser, in reference to 539.
Returned by House, 564.
Concurred in by House, 577.

ADJOURNMENT OF SENATE until March twentieth, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Keyser in reference to, 699.
Resolution returned by House, 709, 710.
Concurred in by House, 718.

ADJOURNMENT OF SENATE until March twenty-seventh, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Keyser, in reference to, 831.
Resolution returned by House, 843.
Concurred in by House, 851.

ADJOURNMENT OF SENATE until April third, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Keyser, in reference to, 995.
Resolution returned by House, 1013.
Concurred in by House, 1026.

ADJOURNMENT OF SENATE until April Eighteenth, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Keyser, in reference to, 1254.
Resolution returned by House, 1263.
Concurred in by House, 1290.

ADJOURNMENT OF SENATE until April twenty-fourth, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Keyser, in reference to, 1433.
Resolution returned by House, 1451.
Concurred in by House, 1464.

ADJOURNMENT OF SENATE until May first, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Keyser, in reference to, 1705.
Resolution returned by House, 1709.
Concurred in by House, 1754, 1755.

ADJOURNMENT OF SENATE until may eighth, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Keyser, in reference to, 1963.
Resolution returned by House, 2006.
Concurred in by House, 2017.

ADJOURNMENT OF SENATE until May fifteenth, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Keyser, in reference to, 2263.
Resolution returned by House, 2288.
Concurred in by House, 2305.

ADJOURNMENT SINE DIE, concurrent resolution (House by Rockwell, in reference to, 305.
Resolution called up and defeated, 362, 368.

ADJOURNMENT SINE DIE, concurrent resolution (Senate by Keyser, in reference to, 1226.
Resolution returned by House, 1235.
Concurred in by House, 1251.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL, Thomas J. Stewart nominated as, 7
Confirmed, 71.

ADJUTANT GENERAL, bill to create Bureau of Pensions i office of (see pensions).

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT, bill to regulat number of employes in (see employes).

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT, for payment o balance due Pennsylvania Railroad Company fo transportation furnished in connection with inaug ural ceremonies of President Taft and unveiling o monument at Petersburg, Virginia, making appro priation to
(Section No. 5), House Bill No. 1
Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 51.
Special Committee appointed to consider bill, 52.
Reported without amendment, 52.
First reading, 52.
Special order for second reading, 52.
Second reading, 55.
Third reading, 62.
Final passage, 63.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 82.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 82.
Signed by Speaker, 85.
Partial veto by Governor, 93.
Governor's partial veto sustained, 94.
Remarks on by
Dearden, 62, 63, 93.
Woodward, 63.
In Senate (No. 1)
Special Committee appointed to consider bill, 57.
Reported without amendments, 61.
First reading, 62.
Recommitted to Special Committee, 62.
Re-reported as amended, 62.
Second reading, 65.
Third reading and final passage, 76.
Returned from House with amendments concurred in, 80
Signed by President, 80.

ADMINISTRATION ON ESTATES OF INTESTATES may b taken out before a notary public, justice of th peace or alderman, bill to provide that preliminar steps in taking out of letters of (see letters o administration).

ADMINISTRATORS, bill to regulate award and trial of issue of fact arising on disputed accounts of (see accounts).

ADMINISTRATORS, bill to regulate confirmation of final ac counts of (see accounts).

ADMINISTRATORS where an estate is without money o property to have appeals heard in appellate court upon filing typewritten copies of certain particu lars, bill to permit (see appeals).

ADMISSION, bill to prohibit sale on any public highway o in front of any place of amusement or instruction o any ticket of (see ticket).

ADMISSION OF COMPANIES, associations and societies fron any State which refuses permit to do business to like companies organized and operating under laws of thi State, bill to authorize Insurance Department to pro hibit (see insurance).

ADMISSION OF MINORS to certain institutions for the deaf, bill to regulate (see deaf).

ADMISSION OF MINORS under age of fourteen years to dance halls, concert saloons, theatrical perform ances and moving picture shows, bill relating to (see minors).

ADOPTED CHILD shall not be subject to collateral in heritance tax, to provide that estates passing from adopting parent to legally (see estates).

ADOPTION OF ADULT PERSONS AS HEIRS, relating to the
House Bill No. 77
Read in place in House by Mr. Marvin, 155.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 155.
Reported without amendment, 199.

ADOPTION OF ADULT PERSONS AS HEIRS—Continued.
First reading, 212.
Second reading, 238.
Third reading an damended, 319.
Final passage, 335.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 830.
Signed by Speaker, 879.
Concurrent resolution recalling bill from Governor, 1026.
Resolution returned from Senate concurred in,
Resolution approved by Governor, 1154.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill amended, 1155.
Resumed and passed finally, 1185.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 2104.
Signed by Speaker, 1251.
Concurrent resolution recalling bill from Governor, 1468.
Resolution returned from Senate concurred in, 1473.
Resolution approved by Governor, 1696.
Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 1696.
Resumed and passed finally, 1748.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 1759.
Signed by Speaker, 1851.
Concurrent resolution recalling bill from Governor, 2015.
Resolution returned from Senate concurred in, 2019.
Resolution approved by Governor, 2191.
Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 2191.
Resumed and passed finally, 2256.
Returned from Senate with House amendment concurred in, 2311.
Signed by Speaker, 2587.

In Senate (No. 300)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 344.
Reported without amendment, 671.
First reading, 712.
Second reading, 772.
Third reading and final passage, 797.
Signed by President pro tempore, 838.
Resolution recalling bill from Governor concurred in, 1013.
Returned from House with amendments, 1182.
Concurred in House amendments, 1182.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1230, 1431.
Resolution recalling bill from Governor concurred in, 1452.
Returned from House with amendments, 1708.
Concurred in House amendments, 1708.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1823.
Resolution recalling bill from Governor concurred in, 1964.
Returned from House with amendment, 2265.
Concurred in House amendment, 2266.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2523.

ADOPTION of any person as heir, to repeal act relating to
Read in place in House by Mr. Marvin, 1238.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1238.

ADRIAN HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION of Punxsutawney, Jefferson County, Pennsylvania, making an appropriation to

House Bill No. 976.
Read in place in House by Mr. North, 155.
Refered to Committee on Appropriations, 155.
Reported with amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2331.
Second reading, 2396.
Third reading and final passage, 2742.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.

In Senate (No. 906).
Referred to Commitee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2684.
First reading, 2704.
Second reading, 2908.
Third reading and final passage, 3065.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

ADRIAN HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION of Punxsutawney, Jefferson County, Pennsylvania, making an appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Kurtz, 150.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 151.

ADULTERATED FOOD by omitting "saccharin" from provisions of said act.
Bill to amend act prohibiting sale of (see food).

ADULTERATED FOOD by providing that articles of food containing sulphur dioxide or benzoate of soda may be used in manufacture of confectionery under certain conditions, bill to amend act to prevent sale of (see confectionery).

ADULTERATED ICE CREAM and fixing standard of butterfat for ice ceam, bill to prevent manufacture and sale of (see ice cream).

ADULTERATED SAUSAGE, bill to prohibit sale of (see sausage).

ADULTERATED ALCOHOLIC LIQUORS, bill to prohibit manufacture or sale of (see liquors).

ADULTERATIONS OF DRUGS, medical preparations and poisons, bill to regulate practice of pharmacy and prevent (see drugs).

ADVANCED AND PLACED at head of list in Courts of Common Pleas and Supreme and Superior Courts, bill to provide that quo warranto cases shall be (see quo warranto).

ADVERTISEMENT by county commissioners of population.

FURTHER SUPPLEMENT to act relating to classification of townships, by providing for (see townships).

ADVERTISEMENT of all notices required to be published by law in cities of first and second class, bill to repeal so far as it relates to second class cities act regulating (see cities of second class).

ADVERTISEMENT of certain contracts, bill to amend amended act relating to Department of Supplies in cities of second class as regards notice by (see cities of second class).

ADVERTISEMENT upon writs of scire facias issued upon municipal and tax claims, bill to amend act relating to liens by changing method of service by (see liens).

ADVERTISEMENTS AND NOTICES, bill to amend, by restricting it to counties with population of 1,450,000 or over, act regulating the publication of (see counties).

ADVERTISEMENTS AND SOLICITATIONS for employes during strikes, bill to regulate (see employes).

ADVERTISEMENTS concerning certain diseases, to prohibit, bill to prohibit
Read in place in House by Mr. Sherwood, 525.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 525.

ADVERTISEMENTS of patented and proprietary medicines, bill to restrict use of untrue and misleading (see medicines).

ADVERTISING, bill amending act relating to government of cities of second class by regulating official (see cities of second class).

ADVERTISING, bill relating to outdoor (see outdoor).

ADVERTISING, constitutional amendments in

SAYRE TIMES RECORD, bill to authorize C. L. Francisco to bring suit against Commonwealth for (see Francisco, C. L.).

ADVERTISING MERCANTILE APPRAISERS LIST, bill to remove language restrictions in (see mercantile appraisers list).

ADVERTISING, to authorize cities, boroughs and townships to prohibit or regulate outdoor
Read in place in House by Mr. North, 140.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 140.

ADVERTISING, to authorize townships of first class, boroughs and cities to establish regulations for control of outdoor
Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 110.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 110.

ADVERTISING, to authorize townships of first class, boroughs and cities to establish regulations for control of outdoor

Senate Bill No. 279.
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Catlin, 374.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 374.
Reported without amendment, 664.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 711.
Re-reported without amendment, 787.
Second reading, 839.
Third reading and postponed for present, 908, 909.
Recommitted to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1424.

ADVERTISING, to define and provide for taxation of outdoor
Read in place in House by Mr. North, 140.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 140.

ADVERTISING, to prohibit untrue or misleading (House Bill No. 907).
Read in place in House by Mr. C. W. Robison, 1457.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1457.
Reported without amendment, 2235.
First reading, 2384.
Second reading, 2512.

ADULT PERSONS AS HEIRS, bill relating to adoption of (see adoption).

AERATION OF MILK and cream and of milk and cream cans, bill to provide for (see milk).

AFFAIRS OF RELIGIOUS BODIES, bill to amend amended act relating to corporations and to estates held for corporate religious and charitable uses by providing for management and control of funds and (see religious).

AFFIDAVIT TO CLAIMS filed under said act, bill to amend act relating to liens for taxes and for municipal improvements and for removal of nuisances by changing requirements as to signature and (see liens).

AFFIDAVITS PERFORMED BY NOTARIES PUBLIC within three months after expiration of their commissions, bill to validate (see notarial acts(.

AFFIDAVITS TO BE FILED as to amount of nomination and election expenses, bill to require (see expenses).

AFFIRMATIONS, bill to empower clerks designated by Recorder of Deeds to administer oaths and (see clerks).

AGE AT WHICH MINORS MAY BE EMPLOYED, bills relating to (see minors).

AGE WHEN PERSONS shall at their request be exempt from duty as juror, bill to fix (see juror).

AGED COLORED WOMEN'S HOME at Williamsport, making an appropriation to
House Bill No. 1014
Read in place in House by Mr. Gibson, 189.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 189.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2333.
Second reading, 2402.
Third reading and final passage, 2755.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3488.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3488.
Signed by Speaker, 3588.
In Senate (No. 944)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendments, 2685.
First reading, 2706.
Second reading, 2910.
Third reading and amended, 3072.
Over in its order, 3264.
Resumed, vote on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 3288, 3289.
Final passage, 3383.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3408.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397, 3537.

AGED COLORED WOMEN'S HOME at Williamsport, making an appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Sones, 118.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 118.

AGENTS AND BROKERS, bills relating to insurance (see insurance).

AGENTS EMPLOYED BY ACCOUNTING OFFICERS to collect claims due Commonwealth from United States Government, making appropriation for payment of commissions due Military (see military).

AGREEMENT TO FIX PRICE or premium for insuring property, bill to make it a misdemeanor for any persons or corporation transacting insurance business in this State to enter into (see insurance).

AGRICULTURAL AND FRUIT GROWERS' ASSOCIATION invitation to visit their exhibit.
Presented to House, 113.

AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL Industrial School for Colored Girls and Boys of Jumonville, Fayette County, making appropriation to
Senate Bill No. 504
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Crow, 1306.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1306.
Reported without amendment, 1418.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 1450.
Re-reported with amendment, 2216.

AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL—Continued.
Second reading, 2282.
Third reading and final passage, 2455.
Returned from House without amendment, 3048.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3277.
In House (No. 1320)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2571.
Reported without amendment, 2841.
First reading, 2998.
Second reading, 3013.
Third reading and final passage, 3193, 3194.
Signed by Speaker, 3494.

AGRICULTURAL ASSOCIATIONS, making appropriation to reimburse certain counties for monies paid to County.
House Bill No. 1206.
Read in place in House by Mr. Moulthrop, 155.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 155.
Reported without amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2342.
Second reading, 2432.
Third reading and final passage, 2818.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.
In Senate (No. 1125)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2663.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2714.
Second reading, 2923.
Third reading and final passage, 3107.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGES, further supplement to act relative to accepting the grant of public lands for the endowment of
House Bill No. 1260
Read in place in House by Mr. C. Victor Johnson, 361.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 361.
Reported with amendment, 2347.
First reading, 2385.
Second reading, 2836.
Third reading and final passage, 2988, 2989.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3528.
Concurred in Senate with amendments, 3528.
Signed by Speaker, 3585.
In Senate (No. 1212)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3044.
Reported without amendment, 3121.
First reading, and recommitted to Committee, 3178.
Re-reported with amendment, 3180.
Second reading, 3301.
Third reading and final passage, 3388.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3457.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3538.

AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION of Pennsylvania State College, Pennsylvania, bill making an appropriation to Trustees of (see Pennsylvania State College).

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS on commission, to provide for licensing of those engaged in selling
House Bill No. 336
Read in place in House by Mr. Williams, 526.
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 526.
Reported with amendment, 734.
First reading, 782.
Second reading, 893, 894.
Third reading and final passage, 1288, 1289.
In Senate (No. 717)
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 1262.
Reported without amendment, 2217.
First reading, 2287.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2467, 2468.

AGRICULTURAL PURPOSES, bill to regulate sale of lime, hydrated lime and ground limestone for (see lime).

AGRICULTURE, A. L. MARTIN nominated as Deputy Secretary of, 1800.
Reported, 1853.
Confirmed, 1895.

AGRICULTURE, amending act relating to holding of county agricultural exhibitions for purpose of encouraging
House Bill No. 121
Read in place in House by Mr. William H. H. Davis, 208.

AGRICULTURE—Continued.
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 208.
Reported without amendment, 314.
First reading, 336.
Second reading, 422.
Third reading and final passage, 448.
Returned from Senate with amendment, 1086.
Concurred in Senate with amendment, 1086, 1087.
Signed by Speaker, 1155.
Approved by Governor, 1402.
In Senate (No. 310)
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 458.
Reported with amendment, 701.
First reading, 773.
Second reading, 801.
Over in its order, 909.
Third reading and final passage, 946, 947.
Returned from House with Senate amendment concurred in, 1101.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1106.

AGRICULTURE at Pennsburg, making appropriation to establish secondary school of
Read in place in House by Mr. Miller, 361.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 361.

AGRICULTURE, bill making appropriation for printing of 25,000 copies of Bulletin No. 152 issued by Department of (see bulletin).

AGRICULTURE, bill to provide for selection and examination of certain seeds and publication of information concerning same by Department of (see seeds).

AGRICULTURE BY PROTECTION OF BEES, providing for inspection of apiaries and for suppression of contagious and infectious diseases among bees, bill to promote (see bees).

AGRICULTURE, making appropriation to further carry into effect provisions of act relating to county exhibitions for purpose of encouraging
House Bill No. 184
Read in place in House by Mr. Hilton, 304.
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 304.
Reported without amendment, 436.
First reading, 586.
Second reading and amended, 596.
Third reading and final passage, 647.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 971.
Signed by Speaker, 1045.
Approved by Governor, 1291.
In Senate (No. 342)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 663.
Reported without amendment, 787.
First reading, 841.
Second reading, 916.
Third reading and final passage, 950.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1002.

AGRICULTURE, bill to amend act establishing State Board of (see Bee-Keepers Association).

AGRICULTURE TO EXTEND ITS WORK so as to connect with it a system of out-door or field instruction, making appropriation to Department of
House Bill No. 166
Read in place in House by Mr. Hibshman, 303.
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 303.
Reported without amendment, 415.
First reading, 451.
Second reading, 576, 577.
Third reading and postponed for present, 603.
Resumed and passed finally 1096.
In Senate (No. 523)
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 1101.
Reported with amendment, 1435.
First reading, 1606.
Second reading, 1650.
Recommitted to Committee on Appropriations, 1721.
Re-reported without amendment, 2155.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 2205.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 2218.
Resumed and vote on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 2443.
Over in its order, 2528.
Resumed and postponed for present, 2605.
Resumed and defeated on final passage, 3289, 3290.

AGRICULTURE TO EXTEND ITS WORK—Continued.
Remarks on, by
Herbst, 2605.
Martin, 2605.
Kline, 2605.

AID IN THE MAINTENANCE of certain roads, bill to provide for State (see highways)

AILMAN, JEROME T., Representative from Juniata County.
Acting Speaker, 2324.
Amendments offered by, to
House Bill No. 193, amending act to establish Department of Forestry by enlarging powers to purchase land for forest reserves, 658.
House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 979.
House Bill No. 339, establishing auxiliary forest reserves, 2080.
House Bill No. 586, amending act relating to manufacture and sale of oleomargarine and butterine, 1528.
House Bill No. 885, to provide for incorporation of life insurance companies and for regulation of home and foreign life insurance companies, 2376.
Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.
Bills introduced by
Amending act providing for protection of public health by providing that those in charge of schools shall refuse admission to any child without physician's certificate that such child has been successfully vaccinated or has had smallpox, 1468.
Providing for laying out of inter-township or county highways, 567.
To fix the minimum salaries of school teacners in the public schools, 104.
To provide revenue by taxing express companies, 252.
To regulate physical condition of telephone lines and transmission of messages on lines of two or more telephone companies, 1184.
Election of, 43.
Motion by, in
Reference to time of next meeting, 1065.
Motion by, to
Dispense with reading of Journal, 62.
Nomination of, as
Speaker of the House, 48.
Petition presented by, from
Citizens of Juniata County for Maurer Initiative and Referendum Bill, 733.
Presentation by, of
Testimonial of House of Representatives at close of session to Assistant Clerk James Moore, 3651.
Question of information raised by, on
House Bill No. 353, requiring railroads to properly man their trains, 1053.
Remarks by, at
Memorial services for John Calvin Meyer, late Representative from Center County, 2324.
Remarks by, on
Concurrent resolution relative to draping Barnard statuary, 371.
House Bill No. 3, fixing salaries of judges of certain courts, 530, 531.
House Bill No. 24, to fix the minimum monthly salaries of teachers in public schools, 161.
House Bill No. 55, fixing salary of Private Secretary to the Governor, 259.
House Bill No. 112, to further regulate granting of licenses for sale of liquors, 477, 478.
House Bill No. 130, to regulate sale of certain seeds, 692.
House Bill No. 138, authorizing election of tax collectors for four years in boroughs and townships, 569.
House Bill No. 193, amending act to establish Department of Forestry by enlarging power to purchase land for forest reserves, 658, 660, 852.
House Bill No. 216, amending act creating Department of State Police as regards salaries, 933.
House Bill No. 255, relating to taxation of companies engaged in manufacture of gas, 859.
House Bill No. 259, to provide revenue by taxation for improvement of public roads, 1461.
House Bill No. 265, relating to roads and providing for election and appointment of township supervisors in townships of second class, 3604.
House Bill No. 268, requiring treasurers of mutual fire insurance companies to give bond of not less than five thousand dollars, 863.

AILMAN—Continued.

House Bill No. 269, providing for investigations when charges shall be preferred against a judge, 1334.

House Bill No. 280, to repeal section eight of act to classify fish in waters of this Commonwealth and prohibit use of unlawful devices in catching same, 1219, 1785, 1786.

House Bill No. 281, amending act regarding metal markers for graves of soldiers and sailors by extending its provisions to widows of soldiers and sailors, 872.

House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 964, 979, 980, 1024, 2880, 2881.

House Bill No. 339, to define and establish auxiliary forest reserves, 894, 895, 2319, 2320.

House Bill No. 365, amending section four of act imposing additional taxes for State purposes and abolishing revenue board, 1348.

House Bill No. 397, to repeal act taxing all of property of corporations having capital stock at rate of five mills but exempting savings institutions having no capital stock, 1476.

House Bill No. 466, providing for merger and consolidation of street railway and motor power companies, 2249.

House Bill No. 482, authorizing councils of incorporated boroughs to require sprinkling of public streets, 1765.

House Bill No. 530, providing for taxation of gross receipts of fire insurance companies on business done in Pennsylvania, 2043, 2045, 2046.

House Bill No. 555, requiring all property,real, personal and mixed, to be taxable and assessed according to its fair cash value, 1612.

House Bill No. 586, amending act relating to manufacture and sale of oleomargarine and butterine by further regulating its composition and sale and the licensing of manufacturers and dealers, 2234, 2235, 2246.

House Bill No. 600, regulating drivers and operators of all vehicles and persons riding or leading animals on public highways, 3526.

House Bill No. 623, providing for commission to investigate and report on advisability of abolishing all toll bridges, 2022.

House Bill No. 684, regulating sale of food, when sold by weight, measure or count, 3334.

House Bill No. 688, permitting owners and lessees of coal rights to remove overlying strata and dump or deposit it on land adjacent to opening of mine, 3216.

House Bill No. 698, defining purposes, limitations and uses of State Parks and authorizing appointment of State Park Commission, 2599.

House Bill No. 708, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania authorizing State to issue bonds to amount of $50,000,000 for improvement of highways, 2489.

House Bill No. 729, to enable electors to express at November, 1911, election their preference for or against election of United States Senators by direct vote, 3039.

House Bill No. 799, in relation to printing of appropriation bills in pamphlet laws, 3228, 3229.

House Bill No. 892, amending act relating to removal of judges as regards pay after removal, 3255, 3483.

House Bill No. 901, declaring liability of railroad companies for loss or damage by fire, 3002.

House Bill No. 906, regulating licensing of brewers and distillers, 2581.

House Bill No. 1119, making appropriation for payment of services and expenses of fire wardens and those assisting in extinguishing of forest fires, 3599.

House Bill No. 1263, making appropriation to Temple University of Philadelphia, 3240, 3241.

House Bill No. 1280, providing for extension of Capitol Park in City of Harrisburg, 3328.

House Bill No. 1287, amending act providing for personal registration of electors in cities of first and second class by further defining "party" and who may be appointed registrars, increasing terms of commissioners and changing registration days, 2962, 3248.

Resolution regarding election of United States Senators by direct vote, 365, 366.

Resolution offered by

Requesting statement of number of pounds of fish and value of same taken during 1908, 1909 and 1910, from Department of Fisheries, 638.

Vote for, as

Speaker of House, 49.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

AISLES IN CERTAIN BUILDINGS, to amend act relating to safety of persons from fire or panic not in cities of first and second class by regulating number and width of

AISLES IN CERTAIN BUILDINGS—Continued.

House Bill No. 558

Read in place in House by Mr. Gray, 140.

Referred to Committee on Manufactures, 140.

Reported with amendment, 1213.

First reading, 1243.

Second reading, 1518, 1519.

Third reading and final passage, 1936.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1901.

AISLES REQUIRED, to amend act relating to safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings not in cities of first and second class so as to modify provisions thereof relative to number and width of

Read in place in House by Mr. Sassaman, 157.

Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 157.

AKERS, CLARENCE R., Representative from Fulton County

Appointment of, on

Standing Committees, 83, 84, 85, 99.

Bills introduced by

Establishing geographic positions to all State Surveys, 735.

Making appropriation for expenses incurred under act relating to destruction of certain noxious animals, 141.

Election of, 43.

Leave of absence asked for, 315.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

ALCOHOLIC AND DRUG HABITUES, bill to provide for human care and treatment of (see insane).

ALCOHOLIC LIQUORS, bill to prohibit manufacture or sale of adulterated or misbranded (see liquors).

ALDERMAN TO ISSUE SEARCH WARRANT to certain officers to prevent cruelty to animals, bill to authorize any (see animals).

ALDERMEN AND JUSTICES OF THE PEACE regardless of amount in controversy, bill to provide for appeal from judgment of (see appeal).

ALDERMEN, bill relating to judgments against municipalities obtained before (see judgments).

ALDERMEN, bill to amend amended act relating to costs in suits before (see costs).

ALDERMEN, bill to repeal all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with provisions of act regulating fees to be charged by (see fees).

ALDERMEN TO REQUIRE INFORMANT to file bond to cover costs in certain petty cases, bill to authorize (see costs).

DAVIS, JESSE C., nominated, 2664.

Reported, 2664.

Confirmed, 2716.

GRIFFITHS, WILLIAM V., nominated, 1002.

Reported, 1012.

Confirmed, 1013.

SHARP, JOHN R., nominated, 457.

Reported, 488.

Confirmed, 491.

SWEENEY, JOHN, nominated, 2471.

Reported, 2602.

Confirmed, 2615.

ALEXANDER, JOSEPH, Senator from Thirty-Fourth District, (Clearfield and Centre Counties)

Amendment offered by, to

Senate Bill No. 628, requiring owners, lessees or operators of bituminous coal or clay mines to furnish owners or lessees of adjoining coal or clay mines with maps of mines and workings along division lines, 2176.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 79, 80.

Election of, 3.

Bills introduced by

Making appropriation to Clearfield Hospital, 454.

Providing for relief of destitute and indigent soldiers, sailors (and their widows), 267.

Bills reported by

No. 110 (House Bill No. 294)

Regulating number of employee in Adjutant-General's Department and State Arsenal, 267.

ALEXANDER—Continued.

No. 485 (House Bill No. 78)
To protect State forest reserves, 1279.

No. 486 (House Bill No. 295)
To protect dignity and honor of uniform of United States in Pennsylvania, 1279.

No. 636 (House Bill No. 606)
Authorizing Department of Forestry to grant rights of way through State lands, 1854.

No. 647 (House Bill No. 553)
Amending act providing fixed charge on lands acquired by State for forestry reserves by providing additional fixed charges for county and poor purposes, 1900.

Election of, 3.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 71.

ALIEN, bill to amend act relating to damages for injuries producing death as regards a non-resident (see damages).

ALIENS AS CITIZENS of United States to office of prothonotary of court of common pleas, bill to provide for transfer of all records pertaining to naturalization of (see naturalization).

ALIMONY, bill to regulate annulment of marriage, divorces and (see divorces).

ALIMONY IN DIVORCE, desertion and non-support proceedings, to limit orders for payment of
Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 189.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 189.

ALIMONY TO WIFE when wife is respondent, bill to extend jurisdiction of courts of common pleas, to include insanity as cause for divorce and providing for (see divorce).

ALLEGED INSANE PERSON, bill to permit in certain cases imposition of costs upon proper county in proceedings for commitment of an (see insane).

ALLEGHENY, bill to establish a County Court for the County of (see court).

Senate Bill No. 306
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Powell, 635.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 635.
Reported without amendment, 699.
First reading, 773.
Second reading, 799, 800.
Third reading and final passage, 835.
Returned from House without amendment, 1708.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1798.
Approved by Governor, 2442.

In House (No. 433)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 885.
Reported without amendment, 1016.
First reading, 1090
Second reading, 1374.
Recommitted to Committee on Law and Order, 1610.
Re-reported without amendment,
Third reading and final passage, 1749.
Signed by Speaker, 1851.

ALLEGHENY, bill to increase number of Courts of Common Pleas in County of (see courts).

ALLEGHENY BY CHANGING ELECTION OF JUDGES therein mentioned from general election to municipal election as now required by Constitution, bill to amend act establishing County Court for County of (see court).

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania so as to consolidate Courts of Common Pleas of (see Constitution).
To repeal act authorizing appointment of shorthand clerks for courts of (see courts).

ALLEGHENY GENERAL HOSPITAL of Pittsburgh, Northside, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. Schad, 115.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 115.

ALLEGHENY GENERAL HOSPITAL of Pittsburgh, North side, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1005
Read in place in House by Mr. Schad, 417.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 417.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2332.
Second reading, 2401.
Third reading and final passage, 2752.

ALLEGHENY GENERAL HOSPITAL—Continued.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.

In Senate (No. 935)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2685.
First reading, 2706.
Second reading, 2910.
Third reading and final passage, 3070.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY HOSPITAL at Tarentum, Allegheny County, making an appropriation to

House Bill No. 1132
Read in place in House by Mr. Alter, 124.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 124.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2338.
Second reading, 2419.
Third reading and final passage, 2794.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

In Senate (No. 1054)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2688.
First reading, 2711.
Second reading, 2918.
Third reading and final passage, 3092.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

ALLEN, A. R., Member of Board of Medical Examiners, representing the Medical Society of Pennsylvania, nominated, 25.
Reported, 2524.
Confirmed, 2615.

ALLEN, GEORGE W., Representative from Eleventh District, Allegheny County,

Acting Speaker, 1620, 1784, 1838, 2943, 2973, 3004.

Amendments offered by, to
House Bill No. 34, amending act relating to revenue by taxation by exempting savings accounts of less than one thousand dollars, 204.
House Bill No. 85, amending act relating to salaries of employes in register of wills' office in certain counties, 325.
House Bill No. 86, amending act relating to fees to be received by prothonotaries in certain counties, 327, 328.
House Bill No. 87, amending act relating to fees of employes in office of clerks of certain courts in certain counties, 328.
House Bill No. 88, amending act relating to salary of real estate assessors in certain counties, 328.
House Bill No. 89, amending act fixing salaries of employes in office of recorder of deeds in certain counties, 329.
House Bill No. 90, amending act fixing salary of deputy recorder of deeds in certain counties, 329.
House Bill No. 108, amending act in regard to monument at county seat of certain counties, 431.
House Bill No. 130, regulating sale of certain seeds, 692.
House Bill No. 171, amending act relating to liens by changing method of service by advertisement upon writs of scire facias issued upon municipal and tax claims, 644.
House Bill No. 190, amending act establishing State Board of Agriculture, 693.
House Bill No. 222, relating to sale of adulterated or deleterious sausage, 742.
House Bill No. 243, fixing salary of county engineer in certain counties, 745.
House Bill No. 276, amending act relating to service of certain process in actions of law so far as it relates to service of writes quo warranto, 1186.
House Bill No. 325, for protection of shade and fruit trees growing along highway, 890, 891.
House Bill No. 334, providing for report to Auditor General and escheat to Commonwealth under certain conditions of certain deposits, 1222.
House Bill No. 345, regulating making of certain reports and statements to Auditor General for purposes of taxation, 1199.
House Bill No. 346, amending act to aid Auditor General in collection of taxes due from corporations, 1199.
House Bill No. 352, removing certain language restrictions in advertising mercantile appraisers' lists, 1058.
House Bill No. 384, establishing in each county a board of viewers, 1496.
House Bill No. 413, providing for better collection of money and taxes due Commonwealth and property belonging to or liable to escheat to the same, 1367.

ALLEN—Continued.

House Bill No. 484, supplement to act for government of cities of second class providing for levy and collection of taxes and water rents, 1394.

House Bill No. 508, relating to taxation and bonus on capital stock, 1505.

House Bill No. 518, amending act providing uniform method of electing certain party officers by providing for one primary each year in place of two, 1189.

House Bill No. 540, supplement to act for government of cities of second class creating Art Commission, 1512.

House Bill No. 544, amending supplement to act to provide revenue by taxation, 1514.

House Bill No. 601, regulating using of moving pictures and stereopticon views, 1781.

Appointment of, on

Conference committee, 2235.

Special committee, 50.

Standing committees, 83. 84. 85.

Bills introduced by

Amending act making appropriation to Trustees of Homeopathic State Hospital for Insane by extending time during which appropriation shall be available, 1481.

Amending act relating to service of certain process in actions of law so far as it relates to service of quo warranto, 636.

Making appropriation for payment of commissions of Military State Agents employed by Accounting officers to collect claims due from United States Government, 735.

Making appropriation to Chartiers Valley General Hospital of Ingram, 253.

Making appropriation to DePaul Institute of Scott Township, Allegheny County, 188.

Providing for competent operation of steam boilers and engines in cities of second and third class and for examination and licensing of engineers in charge of same, 1282.

Providing for payment for maintenance of children or minors sentenced under various juvenile court acts and committed to institutions outside of this Commonwealth, 776.

Supplement to act relating to care of neglected children providing for employes to facilitate probation of juvenile court, 591.

To amend an act relating to solicitors in counties with a population between 300,000 and 1,000,000 so as to make it apply to counties with population between 800,000 and 1,400,000, 94.

To provide for annexation and consolidation of cities and boroughs and intervening land, 94.

To provide for punishment of persons responsible for delinquency of children, 591.

To regulate exhibiting or using of moving pictures or stereopticon views, 1304.

Bills reported by

No. 116 (Senate Bill No. 679)

Amending act relating to collection of collateral inheritance taxes by providing for exemption of institutions of purely public charity, 314.

No. 206 (Senate Bill No. 431)

Relating to receipts or certificates issued by owners of distillery warehouses, special bonded warehouses and bonded warehouses, 566.

No. 207

Requiring county commissioners to have buried the bodies of certain honorably discharged soldiers, sailors and marines, 566.

No. 345

Regulating making of certain reports and statements to Auditor General for purposes of taxation, 1481.

No. 419

Requiring county commissioners to furnish dockets to justices of the peace, 970.

No. 423 (Senate Bill No. 25)

Amending act licensing employment agencies in cities of first and second class, 971.

No. 447 (Senate Bill No. 26)

Amending act relating to government of cities of second class defining subjects of taxation and providing for certain exemptions, 1028.

No. 457 (Senate Bill No. 23)

Amending act for government of cities of second class as regards advertisement for contracts for supplies, 1027.

No. 484 (Senate Bill No. 24)

Supplement to act for government of cities of second class as regards collection of taxes and water rents, 1028.

ALLEN—Continued.

No. 519 (Senate Bill No. 139)

Amending act regulating osteopathy by providing final date for registration of certain practitioners of osteopathy, 1169.

No. 544

Amending supplement to act to provide revenue by taxation, 1212.

No. 545

To repeal act to provide revenue by imposing mercantile license tax, 1212.

No. 614

Laying State tax on anthracite coal, 1340.

No. 661

Relating to double assessments of real estate situate partially in two or more municipalities, 1468.

No. 662 (Senate Bill No. 1166)

Relating to private sales of real estate ordered by Orphans' Courts, 1469.

No. 722 (Senate Bill No. 1176)

Authorizing companies incorporated under laws of any other State for manufacturing purposes to have and hold necessary real estate, 1747.

No. 765 (Senate Bill No. 401)

Amending act relating to Orphans' Courts so as to permit accounts of guardians of minors' property to be examined and audited in certain manner, 1695.

No. 767 (Senate Bill No. 40)

Regulating terms of office of mayor, members of council and all other city and ward officers elected by people in cities of second class, 1696.

No. 768 (Senate Bill No. 27)

Supplement to act creating Bureau of Health in Department of Public Safety in cities of second class by providing for vacation and destruction of buildings dangerous to public health, 1696.

Election of, 42.

Leave of absence asked for, 1919.

Motions by, for

Committee of Whole to report to House on House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 1045.

Committee of Whole to report to House on House Bill No. 384, establishing in each county a board of viewers, 1496.

House to extend its sympathy to Hon. Ollie M. Letzkus, 3649.

House to non-concur in Senate amendments to House Bill No. 130, regulating sale of certain seeds, 2936.

House to resolve itself into committee of whole to amend House Bill No. 130, to regulate sale of certain seeds, 692.

Motions by, in

Reference to time of next meeting, 105.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 2884.

Dispense with further reading of Journal, 154, 199, 414.

Drop from calendar House Bill No. 505, relating to inspection of illuminating oil, kerosene, benzine, gasoline and other burning fluids, 2344.

Drop from calendar House Bill No. 506, relating to sale of kerosene, naphtha, gasoline, benzine and other burning fluids, 2344.

Drop from calendar House Bill No. 767, regulating terms of office of mayor, members of council and other officers in cities of second class, 2249.

Drop from calendar House Bill No. 771, amending act empowering county controllers in certain counties to appoint a solicitor so as to extend its provisions to counties having between 800,000 and 1,400,000 inhabitants, 3028.

Drop from calendar House Bill No. 891, empowering cities and boroughs to enact ordinances regarding mining of coal beneath their surfaces, 3469.

Drop from calendar House Bill No. 904, providing for counsel fees for garnishee's attorney, taxation of same as costs and collection and payment thereof in attachment or attachment execution issued by any magistrate, 3360.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 190, amending act to establish State Board of Agriculture, 648.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 345, regulating making of certain reports and statements to Auditor General for purposes of State taxation, 898, 1249.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 508, relating to taxation and bonus on capital stock, 1790.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 893, amending act regulating fees to be received by constables by regulating fees of constables in certain cases, et cetera, 2589.

ALLEN—Continued.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 173, amending act relating to liens for taxes and for municipal improvements, 645.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 345, regulating making of certain reports and statements to Auditor General for purposes of taxation, 1465.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 236, providing that estates passing from adopting parent to legally adopted child shall not be subject to collateral inheritance tax, 846.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 345, regulating making of certain reports and statements to Auditor General for purposes of taxation, 1465.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 381, providing for appointment by district attorney of certain counties of special detective officer and assistant special detective officer, 1480.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 577, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania, 2600.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 893, amending act regulating fees to be charged by constables regulating fees of constables in certain cases, et cetera, 2589.

Resume consideration of sections Nos. 615 and 616 of House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 990.

Suspend rule limiting time to five days during which a vote may be reconsidered in order to reconsider vote on House Bill No. 577, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania, 2600.

Withdraw "The Greater Pittsburg Bill," 1467, 1468.

Points of order raised by, on

House Bill No. 255, relating to taxation of companies engaged in manufacture of gas, 859.

House Bill No. 378, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania allowing municipalities to increase their indebtedness, 3611.

Presentation by, of

Testimonial of House of Representatives at close of session to Assistant Resident Clerk I. Dale Meals, 3651.

Questions of information raised by, on

House Bill No. 73, establishing county associations of borough officers, 318.

House Bill No. 481, creating county sinking fund commission, 1765.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 40, regulationg use of moving picture machines in townships, 720.

House Bill No. 112, to further regulate granting of licenses for sale of liquors, 481.

House Bill No. 130, regulating sale of certain seeds, 692.

House Bill No. 138, authorizing election of tax collectors in boroughs and townships, 569.

House Bill No. 181, regulating compensation of court criers and tipstaves in certain judicial districts, 900.

House Bill No. 191, amending act relating to corporations as regards charters of religious bodies, 2199.

House Bill No. 216, amending act creating Department of State Police as regards salaries, 932, 1084, 1702, 1703.

House Bill No. 256, amending act to provide revenue by taxation relating to taxing bonds, mortgages and other securities, 1158.

House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 961, 962, 1038, 1039.

House Bill No. 365, amending section four of act imposing additional taxes for State purposes and abolishing revenue board, 1348.

House Bill No. 395, further amending further supplement to act to provide revenue by taxation, 1475.

House Bill No. 397, to repeal act taxing all of property of corporations having capital stock but exempting savings institutions having no capital stock, 1476.

House Bill No. 518, amending act providing uniform method of electing certain party officers by providing for but one primary each year in place of two, 1189.

House Bill No. 600, regulating drivers and operators of vehicles and persons riding or leading animals on public highways, 3526.

House Bill No. 627, providing for appointment by district attorney in counties having between 1,000,000 and 1,500,000 inhabitants of chief and assistant and special county detectives, 3607, 3608.

House Bill No. 680, fixing salary of deputy factory inspectors, 3220.

House Bill No. 798, relating to sale of goods, 3218.

House Bill No. 806, repealing so far as it relates to Borough of Midland act to prohibit sale of intoxicating drinks in Ohio Township, Beaver County, 3257.

House Bill No. 842, for safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings in cities of third class, in boroughs and in townships by providing proper exits, fire escapes, fire extinguishers and other preventives of fire, 3350, 3502.

ALLEN—Continued.

House Bill No. 843, regulating construction and inspection of all buildings used for exhibition of moving pictures in cities of first class, 3350.

House Bill No. 847, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania so as to consolidate courts of common pleas of Allegheny County, 2308.

House Bill No. 906, regulating licensing of brewers and distillers, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2584, 2585.

House Bill No. 1267, regulating use of moving picture machines and construction and use of booths therefor in cities of third class, boroughs and townships, 3369.

Resolution regarding election of United States Senators by direct vote, 364.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

ALLEN INFANTRY during Civil War, making appropriation for monument to commemorate services of

Read in place in House by Mr. Reno, 210.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 210.

ALLEN, O. C., Trustee of State Hospital for Insane, at Warren,

Nominated, 61.
Reported, 129.
Confirmed, 132.

ALLENTOWN HOSPITAL, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1159

Read in place in House by Mr. Reno, 301.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 301.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2340.
Second reading, 2422.
Third reading and final passage, 2802, 2803.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

In Senate (No. 1079)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2662.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2712.
Second reading, 2920.
Third reading and final passage, 3097.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

ALLENTOWN HOSPITAL making an appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 57

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Miller, 118.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 118.
Reported without amendment, 240.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 272.

ALLEYS ARE CHANGED IN GRADES or locations by fixing number of viewers at three, bill to amend act appointing viewers to assess damages where (see boroughs).

ALLEYS OR PARTS THEREOF without petition of property owners, bill to empower boroughs to grade and pave public streets and (see boroughs).

ALLEYS that are or may become public nuisances by fixing number of jury at three, bill to amend act relating to vacation or closing of (see jury).

ALLEYS THAT HAVE BEEN VACATED as public ways, bill relating to streets, lanes and (see streets).

ALLEYS bill to amend act authorizing condemnation of real estate for use of State Normal Schools by extending it to condemnation of servitudes, easements, and streets or (see Normal Schools)

ALMIRA HOME OF NEW CASTLE, PA., making apropriation to

House Bill No. 912

Read in place in House by Mr. Wallace, 135.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 135.
Reported with amendment, 2235.
First reading, 2328.
Second reading, 2386.
Third reading and final passage, 2720.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3232.
Signed by Speaker, 3472.

In Senate (No. 845)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2655.
Reported without amendment, 2682.
First reading, 2701.
Second reading, 2888.
Third reading and final passage, 3053.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

ALMSHOUSE, bill to amend act authorizing erection of poor house by City of Carbondale so as to increase real estate holdings of said poor district for (see poor house).

ALMSHOUSES TO REPORT to Board of Public Charities number of un-naturalized foreign-born inmates, bill to require officials in charge of (see foreign born).

ALRICKS, WILLIAM K., nominated as Trustee of Pennsylvania State Lunatic Hospital at Harrisburg, 3274.
Reported, 3385.
Confirmed, 3414.

ALTER, GEORGE E., Representative from Twelfth District, Allegheny County.
Acting Chairman of Committee of Whole House, 2257.
Acting Speaker, 154, 179, 187, 265, 363, 435, 809, 819, 1949, 2386, 3011, 3498.
Amendments offered by, to
House Bill No. 27, to carry into complete operation certain amendments to Constitution of Pennsylvania, relating to terms of Public Officers, 178.
House Bill No. 103, amending act establishing an insurance department so as to permit either individuals, partnerships or corporations to be certified and licensed agents, 332.
House Bill No. 423, amending act providing for licensing employment agencies in cities of first and second classes, 1930.
House Bill No. 483, to provide for licensing and regulating private banking, 1395.
House Bill No. 485, to provide for licensing and regulating private banking, 1767.
House Bill No. 576, increasing number of courts of common pleas of Allegheny County, 1750.
House Bill No. 662, relating to private sales of real estate ordered, decrees or approved by orphans' courts, 2090.
House Bill No. 685, to direct appeals to Supreme Court from any decree of distribution wherein fund for distribution is in excess of $1,500, 3228.
House Bill No. 784, providing additional remedies for possession of property in case of non-payment of rent by tenant, 3033.
House Bill No. 801, providing for incorporation of casualty insurance companies, 2140, 2141.
House Bill No. 828, making appropriations to institutions not wholly managed by Commonwealth liens on premises of such institutions, 2148.
House Bill No. 875, defining public service companies and establishing commission for supervision and regulation of such companies and abolishing Railroad Commission, 2295, 2297, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2305.
Appointment of, on
Conference committee, 3319, 3487, 3602.
Special committee, 54.
Standing committees, 84, 85.
Bills introduced by
Amending act relating to connected warrantee tract maps of the several counties, 416.
Amending act relating to street paving in boroughs by fixing different portion of cost when property on one side of street is exempt from assessment, 717.
Amending act relating to tax on stock of certain companies by including certain building and loan associations, 688.
Amending act to establish an Insurance Department, 135.
Empowering clerks designated by Recorder of Deeds to administer oaths or affirmations, 717.
Making an appropriation for Dixmont Hospital for the Insane, 472.
Making appropriation for new Western Penitentiary and regulating sale of present one, 142.
Making appropriation for Sewickley Valley Hospital, 362.
Making appropriation to Allegheny Valley Hospital at Tarentum, 124.
Making appropriation to German Home for Aged at Fair Oaks, 252.
Making appropriation to Orphans' Asylum of the Holy Family, 473.
Making appropriation to Salvation Army Rescue and Maternity Home of Bellevue, 208.
Making appropriation to Springdale General Hospital, 124.
Making appropriation to Suburban General Hospital of Bellevue, Allegheny County, 172.
Making appropriation to Western Penitentiary for reimbursement, 124.
Making appropriation to Western State Penitentiary, 124.
Preserving lien of debts not of record against estates of decedents, except certain conditions to be complied with, 2248.
Prohibiting false billing and other false representations and devices by shippers and unjust discriminations from common carriers or corporations, 1214.

ALTER—Continued.
Providing for appointment of Jury Commissioner by Judges of Courts of Common Pleas in certain counties, 134.
Providing for termination of lien of any recognizance or mortgage on real estate unless notice in regard thereto is placed on the record, 134.
Providing for payment of claim of John E. Joos, 473.
Relating to streets, lanes and alleys which have been vacated as public ways, 112.
To amend act creating Board in counties with population between 300,000 and 1,000,000, so as to make it apply to counties with population between 800,000 and 1,400,000, 94.
To amend act relating to competency of witnesses so as to compel directors or other officers of corporations to testify in civil proceedings, 109.
To amend act relating to schools for male children under jurisdiction of juvenile courts in counties with population of between 750,000 and 1,200,000, in regard to bonds, 94.
To authorize grading, paving and curbing of streets which may be in whole or in part boundaries between adjoining boroughs without petition of abutting property owners, 1468.
To carry into complete operation certain amendments to Constitution of Pennsylvania relating to terms of certain offices, 124.
To define public service companies and establish commission for supervision and regulation of such companies and repealing act establishing Railroad Commission, 1083.
To permit trustees, administrators, executors or receivers where an estate is without money or property to have appeals heard in appellate courts upon filing typewritten copies of certain particulars, 1468.
To prevent deception in sale of paint, putty, turpentine and linseed oil, 142.
To provide for licensing and regulating private banking, 884.
To regulate doing of business of foreign corporations, the registration thereof and service of process thereon, 1184.
Bills reported by
No. 32 (Senate Bill No. 94)
Amending act relating to State Hospitals in bituminous and semi-bituminous coal regions, 140.
No. 85 (Senate Bill No. 513)
Amending act relating to salaries in office of register of wills, 251.
No. 86 (Senate Bill No. 510)
Amending act relating to fees of prothonotaries of Courts of Common Pleas, 251.
No. 87 (Senate Bill No. 511)
Amending act relating to salaries of employes in office of certain clerks of courts, 251.
No. 88 (Senate Bill No. 512)
Amending act fixing salary of real estate assessors in certain counties, 251.
No. 89 (Senate Bill No. 515)
Amending act relating to salaries in office of recorder of deeds, 251.
No. 90 (Senate Bill No. 514)
Amending act fixing salary of deputy recorder of deeds in certain counties, 251.
No. 127 (Senate Bill No. 289)
Amending act relating to competency of witnesses, 314.
No. 167 (Senate Bill No. 575)
Prohibiting bringing into prisons of weapons or other implements, 415.
No. 241
Making it a felony for a husband, father or mother to desert his wife or his or her children, 590.
No. 242
Providing that appraiser's list of mercantile licenses shall not hereafter be published, 590.
No. 302
Providing for time that Courts of Common Pleas be kept open for jury trials in certain judicial districts, 716.
No. 348
Requiring bills and answers in equity to be sworn to, 735.
No. 375 (Senate Bill No. 230)
Amending act relating to Department of Wharves, Docks and Ferries in cities of first class by fixing number of jury at three, 881.

ALTER, GEORGE E.—Continued.

No. 530
Providing for taxation of gross receipts of fire insurance companies on business done in Pennsylvania, 2248.

No. 612 (Senate Bill No. 824)
Making it a misdemeanor to intimidate, levy blackmail, extort money or other valuable thing from any person or attempt to do so, 1340.

No. 613
Providing that persons buying real estate from executors or trustees shall take title free of any obligation to see to application of purchase money, 1340.

No. 630 (Senate Bill No. 427)
Amending act relating to care of neglected children by empowering court to enforce order of support, 1341.

No. 639 (Senate Bill No. 821)
Authorizing cities of second class to regulate emission of smoke from chimneys and smokestacks, 2258.

No. 676 (Senate Bill No. 1161)
In relation to appointment and salaries of deputy sheriffs on duty in certain court rooms, 1469.

No. 771
Amending act authorizing county controllers in certain counties to appoint solicitor so as to make it apply to counties with population of from 800,000 to 1,400,000, 1747.

No. 878 (Senate Bill No. 816)
Providing for purchase or condemnation of real estate by boroughs for purpose of constructing wharves, landing places and docks, 2023.

No. 1250
Regulating contestibility of agreements, contracts and policies of fraternal insurance and beneficial societies and associations, 2247.

No. 1276
Prohibiting false billing and other false representations and devices by shippers and others, 2473.

Election of, 42.

Leave of absence asked for, 1238.

Motions by, for

House to adhere to its amendments to Senate Bill No. 19, fixing penalty for murder of first degree and regulating procedure incident thereto, and appoint conference committee, 3319.

House to non-concur in Senate amendments to House Bill No. 483, to provide for licensing and regulating private banking, and appoint conference committee, 3602.

House to non-concur in Senate amendments to House Bill No. 663, supplementary to act for government of cities of second class, 3374.

Motions by, to

Postpone for present House Bill No. 136, providing for appointment of jury commission by judges of courts of common pleas in certain counties, 580.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 146, for safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings in townships, 600.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 423, amending act to provide for licensing and regulating employment agencies in cities of first and second class, 1673.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 425, to prevent deception in sale of paint, putty, turpentine and linseed oil, 1682.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 452, providing for adjustment and payment of claim of John E. Joos, 1684.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 483, to provide for licensing and regulating private banking, 1840.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 627, providing for appointment by district attorney of certain counties of chief and assistant and special county detectives, 2056.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 784, providing additional remedies for possession of property in case of non-payment of rent by tenant, 3031.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 796, authorizing paving or macadamizing of any streets which may be in whole or in part boundaries between adjoining boroughs, 3034.

Postpone indefinitely motion to reconsider vote on House Bill No. 758, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania granting to people right of initiative and referendum, 3029.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 99, relating to new site for Western Pentitentiary, 337?

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 247, providing for termination of lien of recognizance or mortgage on real estate when debt has become twenty-five years overdue, 1049.

ALTER, GEORGE E.—Continued.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 543, joint resolution proposing amendment to section 4, article 9 of Constitution of Pennsylvania, 1610.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 1028, making appropriation to Salvation Army Rescue and Maternity Home of Bellevue, 2560.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 1133, making appropriation for Springdale General Hospital, 2560.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 193, amending act establishing Department of Forestry by enlarging power to purchase land, 1294.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 685, to direct appeals to Supreme Court from any decree of distribution wherein fund for distribution is in excess of $1,500, 3228.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 784, providing additional remedies for possession of property in case of non-payment of rent by tenant, 3033.

Reconsider vote on non-concurrence in Senate amendments to House Bill No. 483, to provide for licensing and regulating private banking, 3612.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Allegheny County, against amendment of law relating to employment of boys in factories, 920.

Citizens of Harrison Township, Allegheny County, against repeal of local option laws, 300.

Question of information raised by, on

House Bill No. 784, providing additional remedies for possession of property in case of non-payment of rent by tenant, 3031.

Remarks by, at

Memorial service for John Calvin Meyer, late Representative from Centre County, 2326.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 3, fixing salaries of judges of the several courts, 1850.

House Bill No. 28, to carry into complete operation certain amendments to Constitution of Pennsylvania relating to terms of Public Officers, 177.

House Bill No. 59, repealing act relating to repair and maintenance of certain turnpikes, 262.

House Bill No. 99, relating to new Western Penitentiary, 857.

House Bill No. 103, amending act establishing Insurance Department so as to permit either individuals, partnerships or corporations to be certified and licensed agents, 427, 428.

House Bill No. 136, providing for appointment of jury commissioner by judges of courts of common pleas of certain counties, 785, 786.

House Bill No. 216, amending act creating Department of State Police as regards salaries, 1702.

House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 1153, 2881, 2882.

House Bill No. 425, to prevent deception in sale of paint, putty, turpentine and linseed oil, 1698, 1699.

House Bill No. 452, providing for adjustment and payment of claim of John E. Joos for publishing mercantile appraiser's list of State taxes in Allegheny County for 1885, 2021.

House Bill No. 454, providing that foreign corporations chartered under laws of any other State of United States may purchase and hold real estate in this State, 3331.

House Bill No. 466, providing for merger and consolidation of street railway and motor power companies, 2219.

House Bill No. 541, supplement to act for government of cities of second class creating a city planning department, 1924.

House Bill No. 576, increasing number of courts of common pleas of Allegheny County, 1750.

House Bill No. 627, providing for appointment by district attorney in counties having population between 1,000,000 and 1,500,000 of chief county detective and assistant county detective and special county detective, 3265, 3608.

House Bill No. 665, amending act authorizing councils of incorporated streets to require paving of streets by fixing different portion of cost which may be assessed against abutting property owners where property on one side of street is exempt from assessment, 2305.

House Bill No. 729, to enable electors to express at November, 1911, election their preference for or against election of United States Senators by direct vote, 3040.

House Bill No. 778, amending act relating to corporations and to estates held for religious and charitable uses, 3497.

House Bill No. 834, permitting substitution of other securities for those deposited with State Treasurer to secure Commonwealth against relief notes issued by certain banks, 3352.

ALTER, GEORGE E.—Continued.
House Bill No. 899, prescribing liability of an employer to make compensation for injuries received by an employe and establishing elective schedule of compensation, 2567, 2568.
House Bill No. 1292, amending act concerning sale of railroads, canals, turnpikes, bridges and plank roads so that same shall apply to sales and conveyances of material, rolling stock and property, 3485.
Resolutions offered by, in
Reference to banquet of The Legislative Sons of St. Patrick, 605.
Reference to hearing on Greater Pittsburg Bill, 718.
To permit Judiciary General Committee to use Hall of House on Tuesday, February 14, 1911, at 3.40 P. M., 211.
Resolution, concurrent, offered by
Authorizing appointment of commission to be known as Commission to Investigate Public Service Corporations, 3502.
Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

ALTOONA HOSPITAL, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1219
Read in place in House by Mr. William B. Ward, 146.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 146.
Reported with amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2342.
Second reading, 2434.
Third reading and final passage, 2822.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.
In Senate (No. 1136)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2664.
Reported without amendment, 2691.
First reading, 2715.
Second reading 2924.
Third reading and final passage, 3109.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

ALUM AND ALUM COMPOUNDS in filtration of water, to prohibit use of
House Bill No. 260
Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 527.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 527.
Reported without amendment, 688.
First reading, 749.
Recommitted to Committee, 778.
Re-reported without amendment, 1457.
Recommitted to Committee, 1472.

AMBULANCES, bill to amend act relating to motor vehicles by exempting hospital (see motor vehicles).

AMEND CONSTITUTION of this Commonwealth, bill to provide for calling a convention to (see Constitution).

AMENDMENT OF PLEADINGS in Civil Courts of Common Pleas, bill to provide for (see pleadings).

AMENDMENT TO CONSTITUTION of Pennsylvania, joint resolutions relating to (see Constitution).

AMENDMENT TO CONSTITUTION of Pensylvania to eliminate payment of toll tax as qualification to vote, concurrent resolution (Senate) by McIlhenny, proposing, 700.
Resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 700.

AMENDMENT TO CONSTITUTION of United States of America, Joint Resolution ratifying sixteenth (see Constitution).

AMENDMENT TO SECTION ONE, article eight of Constitution of Pennsylvania, relating to right to vote, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Tustin, proposing, 455.
Resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 455.

AMENDMENT TO SECTION THREE of article eight of Constitution of Pennsylvania relating to election of judges, concurrent resolution (House) by John R. K. Scott, proposing, 3214, 3215.
Resolution concurred in by Senate, 3283.
Returned by Senate, 3487.

AMENDMENT TO SECTION TWENTY-SIX of article five of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, concurrent resolution (House) No. 3, by Shern, proposing an, 172.
Resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 172.
Reported without amendment, 200.
Considered but not agreed to, 3496, 3497.

AMENDMENT TO UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION, Congressional resolutions pertaining to proposed.
Presented to and read in Senate, 9.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 10.
Presented to House and read in House, 53.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 54.

AMENDMENTS TO CONSTITUTION, bill to prescribe time and manner of submitting to the people for their approval and ratification or rejection certain proposed (see Constitution).

AMENDMENTS TO CONSTITUTION of Pennsylvania relating to terms of certain offices, bill to carry into complete operation certain (see Constitution).

AMENDMENTS TO CONSTITUTION, proclamation and vote for against proposed.
Presented to Senate, 10.
Presented to House, 53.
In Appendix 3697.

AMERICAN ART SOCIETY of Philadelphia for the purpose of encouraging American art, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 918
Read in place in House by Mr. Shern, 301.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 301.
Reported with amendment, 2236.
First reading, 2328.
Second reading, 2387.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 2722, 2723.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 2839, 2840.
Resumed and defeated on final passage, 3368, 3369.
Remarks on, by
Scott, S. B., 2722, 2723, 3368.
Woodward, 2722, 3368.
Scott, John R. K., 2722, 2723, 3368.
Robinson, V. Gilpin, 2723, 3368.

AMERICAN ART SOCIETY of Philadelphia, for the purpose of encouraging American art, making appropriation to
Senate Bill No. 115
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 243.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 243.
Reported without amendment, 281.
First reading, and recommitted to Committee, 357.

AMERICAN HOSPITAL FOR DISEASES OF THE STOMACH, Philadelphia, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1186
Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 415.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 415.
Reported with amendment, 2243.
First reading, 2341.
Second reading, 2428.
Third reading and final passage, 2811.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3318.
Non-concurred in Senate amendments, 3318.
Returned from Senate with adherence to its amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3372.
Conference committee appointed, 3372.
Conference committee report considered and adopted, 3587, 3588.
Returned from Senate with conference committee report adopted, 3599.
Signed by Speaker, 3609.
In Senate (No. 1105)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2663.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2713.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2922.
Re-reported with amendment, 2929.
Third reading and final passage, 3102, 3103.
Returned from House with Senate amendments non-concurred in, 3281.
Conference committee appointed, 3281.
Returned from House with adherence to its non-concurrence in Senate amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3377.

AMERICAN HOSPITAL FOR DISEASES OF THE STOMACH —Continued.
Returned from House with conference committee report adopted, 3461.
Conference committee report considered and adopted, 3461, 3462.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3537.

AMERICAN HOSPITAL FOR DISEASES OF THE STOMACH, Philadelphia, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. Reyburn, 188.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 188.

AMERICAN HOSPITAL FOR DISEASES OF THE STOMACH, Philadelphia, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 402.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 402.

AMERICAN ONCOLOGIC HOSPITAL at Philadelphia, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. Connell, 172.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 172.

AMERICAN ONCOLOGIC HOSPITAL at Philadelphia, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1185
Read in place in House by Mr. Townsend, 717.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 717.
Reported with amendment, 2243.
First reading, 2341.
Second reading, 2428.
Third reading and final passage, 2811.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.
In Senate (No. 1104)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2663.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2713.
Second reading, 2921.
Third reading and final passage, 3102.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

AMERICAN ONCOLOGIC HOSPITAL at Philadelphia, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 167.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 167.

AMERICAN ONCOLOGIC HOSPITAL at Philadelphia, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 700.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 700.

AMES, HERMAN V., Member of Advisory Commission for Preservation of Public Records, nominated, 26.
Reported, 938.
Confirmed, 956.

AMICABLE SCIRE FACIAS, bill to amend act relating to rights and liabilities of parties to contracts for work and labor to be done by providing for an (see contracts).

AMOUNT OF CAMPAIGN EXPENSES of any candidate for salaried office in this Commonwealth at any election and preceding primary, to fix maximum (see expenses).

AMOUNT OF LIABILITY a corporate surety may undertake in any single obligation, bill to regulate (see surety).

AMUSEMENT and places of public amusement by prohibiting performances of an immoral character, to regulate the
Senate Bill No. 34
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 130.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 130.
Reported without amendment, 183.
First reading, 227.
Second reading and amended, 246, 247.
Recommitted to Committee, 270.
Re-reported with amendment, 373.
Third reading and final passage, 406.
Returned from House without amendment, 1174.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1175.
Approved by Governor, 1420.
In House (No. 263)
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 433.
Reported without amendment, 688.
First reading, 750.
Second reading, 862.
Third reading and final passage, 1160, 1161.
Signed by Speaker, 1197.

AMUSEMENT, bill prohibiting minors under sixteen years of age from attending certain places of (see minors).

AMUSEMENT OF THE PUBLIC, bill to provide for licensing in cities of first class of all dramatic performances and exhibitions for (see cities of first class).

AMUSEMENT OF THE PUBLIC, to regulate licensing of all dramatic and theatrical performances and exhibitions of various kinds for
Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 1329.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 1329.

AMUSEMENT PLACES, bill to regulate printing and sale of tickets for (see tickets).

AMUSEMENT, regulating the licensing of certain places of
Read in place in House by Mr. Breitinger, 315.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 315.

ANATOMICAL PURPOSES, bill to provide for burial of indigent persons whose bodies are unclaimed and are unfit for (see burial).

ANCIENT DOCUMENTS belonging to Commonwealth, bill making appropriation to provide for making facsimiles of (see facsimiles).

ANDERSON, J. HARRY, Representative from Sixth District, Luzerne County.
Amendment offered by, to
House Bill No. 288, requiring unnaturalized foreign born residents or sojourners to procure license before fishing, 1626.
Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.
Bills introduced by
Making appropriation to Wyoming Valley Homeopathic Hospital, 124.
Prohibiting employment in coal mines of fire bosses and others in making examinations more than eight hours in twenty-four, 416.
Prohibiting shooting at live pigeons in contests or matches 526.
Providing for arrest in case of neglect or refusal to pay county, borough or township taxes, 1184.
Providing for treatment at expense of proper county of residents thereof bitten by any animal suffering from rabies, 416.
To regulate compensation of directors of poor of poor districts situate wholly within any county, 809.
To validate certain charters issued by Governor to electric light companies, 567.
Bills reported by
No. 23 (Senate Bill No. 668)
Supplement to act regarding government of townships applying to townships of the first class, 139.
No. 288 (Senate Bill No. 735)
Requiring unnaturalized foreign born residents or sojourners to procure a license before fishing, 715.
No. 289 (Senate Bill No. 736)
To regulate paving of sidewalks and setting of curbstones in townships of first class, 715.
No. 746 (Senate Bill No. 1186)
To promote safety of foot passengers by requiring street railway company operating double track line within any village having one track on each side of road to remove its tracks to middle of road, 1695.
Election of, 44.
Leave of absence asked for, 305.
*Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

ANGLE, FRANK C., nominated as Trustee of State Hospital for Insane at Danville, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

ANIMAL SUFFERING FROM RABIES, bill to provide for treatment at expense of proper county of residents thereof bitten by any (see county).

ANIMAL TRAFFIC, supplement to act relating to government of cities of second class authorizing regulation of movement of (see cities of second class).

ANIMALS DESTROYED, to amend act to prevent spread of diseases among domestic animals by further regulating appraisement of
House Bill No. 561
Read in place in House by Mr. W. H. H. Davis, 1028.
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 1028.
Reported with amendment, 1213.

ANIMALS DESTROYED—Continued.
First reading, 1243.
Second reading, 1521, 1522.
Third reading and final passage, 1938.
Returned from Senate with amendment, 2934.
Concurred in Senate amendment, 2934.
Signed by Speaker, 3183.

In Senate (No. 718)
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 1901.
Reported without amendment, 2218.
First reading, 2287.
Second reading and amended, 2468.
Third reading and final passage, 2611, 2612.
Returned from House with Senate amendment concurred in, 2902.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3115, 3116.

ANIMALS KILLED within this Commonwealth, making appropriation for payment of deficiency—under act relating to destruction of certain noxious

House Bill No. 1153.
Read in place in House by Mr. Akers, 141.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 141.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2339.
Second reading, 2422.
Third reading and final passage, 2800, 2801.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

In Senate (No. 1073)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661, 2662.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2712.
Second reading, 2919.
Third reading and final passage, 3096.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

ANIMALS KILLED within Pennsylvania, making appropriation to carry into effect provisions of act creating a reward for destruction of certain noxious
Read in place in House by Mr. McGowan, 718.
Referred to Committee on Game, 718.

ANIMALS KILLED within Pennsylvania, making appropriation to carry further into effect provisions of act creating a reward for destruction of certain noxious
Read in place in House by Mr. Hilton, 846.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 846.

ANIMALS KILLED within Pennsylvania, making appropriation to reimburse counties for moneys paid under provisions of act creating a reward for destruction of certain noxious
Read in place in House by Mr. Hilton, 845.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 845.

ANIMALS FROM MINORS, unknown or irresponsible parties, to punish buying or receiving of valuable
Read in place in House by Mr. Sassaman, 526.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 526.

ANIMALS ON PUBLIC HIGHWAYS, bill to regulate drivers and operators of all vehicles and persons riding or leading (See vehicles).

ANIMALS OR VEHICLES, bill to provide for protection of owners of (see vehicles).

ANIMALS, relative to cruelty to.
Read in place in House by Mr. McGowan, 157.
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 157.

ANIMALS, to authorize any justice of the peace, alderman or magistrate to issue a search warrant to certain officers to prevent cruelty to

House Bill No. 350
Read in place in House by Mr. Hecht, 251.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 251.
Reported without amendment, 735.
First reading, 783.
Second reading and amended, 1052.
Third reading and final passage, 1298, 1299.
Returned from House without amendment, 2843.
Signed by Speaker, 2943.

In Senate (No. 710)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1264.
Reported without amendment, 2216.

ANIMALS—Continued.
First reading, 2287.
Second reading, 2466.
Third reading and final passage, 2543, 2544.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2903.

ANIMALS, to authorize any justice of the peace, alderman or magistrate to issue a search warrant to certain officers to prevent cruelty to

Senate Bill No. 161
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 243.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 243.
Reported without amendment, 401.
First reading, 469.
Second reading, 502.
Third reading and final passage, 551.

In House
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 584.

ANIMALS, to prohibit administration of curara in experiments upon living sentient.
Read in place in House by Mr. Sassaman, 526.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 526.

ANIMALS, to prohibit experiments upon sentient.
Read in place in House by Mr. Sassaman, 526.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 526.

ANNEXATION AND CONSOLIDATION of cities and boroughs to and with a larger city upon petition of such larger city, after election had upon the question, bill relating to (see cities).

ANNEXATION, petition presented against compulsory (see petitions).

ANNEXED FROM AN ADJOINING COUNTY, further supplement to act defining powers of burgess and council of any borough or incorporated town in regard to annexation of adjacent territory, relating to territory (see borough).

ANNEXED TO A CITY, bill to provide for elections in any territory that may be created into a new ward upon being (see city).

ANNEXED TO ANY CITY, Borough or Township, bill to make provisions, relative to a township of first class being (see township of first class).

ANNUAL PAYMENT TO CITIZENS who volunteered in defense of the State either in 1862 or 1863, bill to provide for (see appropriation).

ANNUAL STATE FAIR, bill to establish State Fair Commission and provide for holding (see fair).

ANNUITY TO PATRICK LEONARD, late sergeant in Captain J. H. Wilson's Company G, 17th Regiment, National Guard of Pennsylvania by fixing annuity herein provided for, bill to amend act granting gratuity and (see Leonard).

ANNULMENT OF MARRIAGE and divorce proceedings, bill to provide for return of statistics relating to (see divorce).

ANNULMENT OF MARRIAGE, divorces and alimony, bill to regulate (see divorces).

ANSWERS IN EQUITY to be sworn to, bill to require bills and (see equity).

ANTHRACITE COAL and providing for collection of same, bill laying State tax on (see tax).

ANTHRACITE COAL, bill to provide in cities of first class for delivery tickets in sale of (see cities of first class).

ANTHRACITE COAL, joint resolution to appoint commission to investigate conditions in matter of surface support in connection with removal of (see coal).

ANTHRACITE COAL MINES, bill relating to (see mines and miners).

ANTHRACITE COAL shall make a ton so as to make it a misdemeanor to sell anthracite coal by short weight bill to amend act regulating what weight of (see coal).

ANTHRACITE MINING LAWS, bill to authorize appointment of commission to revise and codify present (see mining)

ANTIETAM, MARYLAND, to provide for erection of monument or memorial in memory of Knapp's Independent Battery E, Pennsylvania Light Artillery, on Battlefield of.

House Bill No. 1373.

Read in place in House by Mr. Riebel, 95.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 95.
Reported without amendment, 3361.

ANTIETAM, MARYLAND, to provide for erection of monument or memorial in honor of Knapp's Independent Battery E, Pennsylvania Light Artillery on Battlefield of.

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Kline, 130.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 130.

APARTMENT HOUSES IN CITIES of the first class shall be equipped with chain or wire cable fire escapes, bill to provide that certain buildings used as (see cities of first class).

APARTMENTS to those occupied by ten or more persons, bill to amend act relating to safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings not in cities of first and second class by limiting application to (see buildings).

APIARIES and for suppression of contagious and infectious diseases among bees, bill to provide for inspection of (see bees).

APIARIES, supplement to act relating to injurious insects authorizing the inspection of (see bees).

APPEAL, bill to amend amended act relative to costs in suits before aldermen and justices of the peace regulating the making and delivery of transcripts for (see costs).

APPEAL FROM JUDGMENT OF ALDERMEN and Justices of the Peace regardless of amount in controversy or of the amount of judgment rendered, to provide for

Read in place in House by Mr. Watts, 1214.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1214.

APPEAL FROM JUDGMENT OF ALDERMEN and Justices of the Peace regardless of amount in controversy, to provide for

Senate Bill No. 365
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wasbers, 665.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 665.
Reported without amendment, 831.
First reading, 919.
Second reading and amended, 954.
Third reading and final passage, 1000.

Remarks on, by
McNichol, 1000.
Fox, 1000.
Wasbers, 1000.
Wilbert, 1000.

In House (No. 707)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1088.
Reported without amendment, 1500.
First reading, 1619.
Second reading, 2105.
Defeated on third reading, 3218.
Vote reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 3228.
Resumed on third reading and dropped from calendar, 3525.

Remarks on, by
Rockwell, 3218.
Scott, John R. K., 3525.

APPEAL FROM PROBATE or refusal of probate of any will by the register of the proper county, bill to regulate the time of taking an (see wills).

APPEAL IN CERTAIN MURDER CASES, bill to provide for payment of costs of (see costs).

APPEAL in reference to petition and ordinance requiring improvement of streets, supplement to act relating to street paving in boroughs allowing (see boroughs).

APPEAL to court of Common Pleas, bill to amend act establishing Department of Mines by permitting any Mine Inspector suspended by Chief of Department of Mines for neglect of duty to (see mine inspector).

APPEAL to court of Common Pleas from judgment of any Justice of the Peace or Alderman against any township, borough, poor district or school district by any taxpayer of such municipality, to provide for

House Bill No. 183
Read in place in House by Mr. Shadrach, 110.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 110.

APPEAL—Continued.
Reported without amendment, 436.
First reading, 586.
Second reading, 655.
Third reading and final passage, 722.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1759.
Signed by Speaker, 1851.
Approved by Governor, 2558.

Remarks on, by
Schultz, 722.
Shadrach, 722.

In Senate (No. 508)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 713.
Reported without amendment, 1433.
First reading, 1605.
Second reading, 1642.
Third reading and final passage, 1719.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1824.

APPEAL TO EQUALIZE ASSESSMENTS by raising valuation of properties which in their judgment have been assessed too low, bill to authorize courts of common pleas on (see assessments).

APPEAL to Supreme or Superior Court, bill to make evidence taken on exceptions in road cases in court of quarter sessions part of record for purpose of reviewing action on (see road cases).

APPEALS FROM JUDGMENT entered in cases where jury have disagreed, bill to authorize (see jury).

House Bill No. 161.
Read in place in House by Mr. Breitinger, 155.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 155.
Reported without amendment, 415.
First reading, 451.
Second reading, 575.
Third reading and final passage, 602.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1302.
Signed by Speaker, 1339.
Approved by Governor, 1614.

In Senate (No. 450)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 611.
Reported without amendment, 1173.
First reading, 1211.
Second reading, 1234.
Third reading and final passage, 1257.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1305.

APPEALS FROM TAX SETTLEMENTS of fiscal officers to regulate

Senate Bill No. 270
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 608.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 608.
Reported without amendment, 609.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 686.
Re-reported with amendment, 1417.
Second reading, 1445.
Recommitted to Committee, 1588.

APPEALS FROM TAX and other public accounts, settlements of fiscal officers, to regulate

Senate Bill No. 452.
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wolf, 1067.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1067.
Reported without amendment, 1173.
First reading, 1211.
Second reading, 1234.
Third reading and final passage, 1257.

In House
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1302.

APPEALS heard in Appellate Courts upon filing typewritten copies of certain particulars, to permit trustees, executors, administrators or receivers where an estate is without money or property to have

House Bill No. 718.
Read in place in House by Mr. Alter, 1468.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1468.
Reported without amendment, 1609.
First reading, 1827.
Second reading, 2115.
Third reading and final passage, 2951.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3529.
Signed by Speaker, 3586.

APPEALS—Continued.

In Senate (No. 1178)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 3044.

Reported without amendment, 3118.

First reading, 3175.

Second reading, 3291.

Third reading and final passage, 3413.

Signed by President pro tempore, 3537.

APPEALS in cases in any court of record where plaintiff or defendant shall have lost right of appeal to a higher court by reason of sickness or other disability, to extend right of action and granting

Read in place in House by Mr. Gray, 1400.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1400.

APPEALS to courts from orders and rulings of Railroad Commission in regulation and control of public utilities companies, bill to provide for (see utilities).

APPEALS to Supreme Court from any decree of distribution wherein fund for distribution is in excess of fifteen hundred dollars, to direct

Senate Bill No. 453

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 700.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 700.

Reported without amendment, 1173.

First reading, 1211.

Second reading, 1234.

Third reading and final passage, 1257, 1258.

Returned from House with amendments, 3405, 3406.

Concurred in House amendments, 3406.

Signed by President pro tempore, 3539.

In House (No. 685)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1302.

Reported without amendment, 1470.

First reading, 1502.

Second reading, 2102.

Third reading and defeated on final passage, 3215.

Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 3228.

Final passage, 3503.

Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 3591.

Signed by Speaker, 3610.

APPENDIX:

Report of Philadelphia Saving Fund Society for year ending December 31, 1909, 3655.

Report of Western Saving Fund Society of Philadelphia for 1909, 3657.

Reasons for Pardons and Commutations granted from January 1, 1909, to January 1, 1911, 3658.

Report of Commission to open, compute and publish returns of last general election for State Treasurer and Auditor General, November 2, 1909, 3694.

Proclamation of Governor of vote for and against ten proposed amendments to Constitution, 3697.

Report of Toll Road Commission, January 1, 1911, 3698.

Report of Joint Committee to Consider and Report upon Revision of Corporation and Revenue Laws of Pennsylvania, 3699.

Report of Philadelphia Saving Fund Society for year ending December 31, 1910, 3882.

Report of Western Saving Fund Society of Philadelphia for 1910, 3884.

Report of State Treasurer Charles F. Wright to House of Representatives, furnishing information regarding Capitol civil suits in response to resolution of February 7, 1911, 3886.

Report of commission to investigate certain poor-houses, 3887.

Report of Delaware River Toll Bridge Commission, 3904.

Report of Dollar Savings Bank, Pittsburg, for 1909, 3906.

Report of Dollar Savings Bank Pittsburg, for 1910, 3915.

Report of Auditor General A. E. Sisson to House of Representatives, furnishing information regarding Capitol civil suits, in response to resolution of February 7, 1911, 3926.

Report of Attorney General Jno. C. Bell to House of Representatives, furnishing information regarding Capitol civil suits, in response to resolution of February 7, 1911, 3927.

Report of Commission to Revise and Codify Election Laws of Pennsylvania, 3928.

Report relative to codification of Election Laws of Pennsylvania, 3942.

APPENDIX—Continued.

Report of Commission to Select a Site and Erect State Institution for Feeble-Minded in Eastern Pennsylvania, 3977.

Report of Forestry Commissioner (exhibits), 3981.

APPLE, H. H., Member of College and University Council of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, nominated, 25.

Reported, 283.

Confirmed, 298.

APPLIANCES be used for control of trailers or following cars of street passenger railways, bill to require that proper (see railway).

APPLIANCES FOR HEATING and cooking by means of gas, bill to regulate use of (see gas).

APPLIANCES ON STEAM BOILERS, bill to provide for certain safety (see steam boilers).

APPLICATION OF PURCHASE MONEY, bill to provide that persons buying real estate from executors or trustees shall take title free of any obligation to see to (see real estate).

APPOINTMENT BY COUNTY COMMISSIONERS or by County Commissioners as Directors of the Poor shall be valid and legal until said appointment and salary fixed is approved by the Court of Common Pleas of the proper county, to provide that no

Read in place in House by Mr. Hilton, 122.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 122.

APPOINTMENT OF CONDUCTOR, flagman and locomotive engineman by railroad companies, bill to promote safety of traveling public by regulating (see railroad).

APPOINTMENT OF PAGE to Lieutenant Governor, 466.

APPRAISEMENT OF ANIMALS destroying bill to amend act to prevent spread of diseases among domestic animals by further regulating (see animals).

APPRAISER'S LIST in counties having less than 1,000,000 inhabitants, bill to remove language restrictions in advertising mercantile (see mercantile).

APPRAISER'S LIST of mercantile licenses shall not hereafter be published, bill to provide that (see mercantile).

APPRAISERS' LISTS, bill relative to mercantile (see mercantile).

APPREHENSION OF PERSONS who have committed any crime or misdemeanor and investigation of reported crimes, bill to provide for detection and (see crime).

APPREHENSION OF PERSONS who have committed any crime of murder, bill to encourage (see murder).

APPRENTICES, bill to amend act establishing Board of Wardens for Port of Philadelphia by providing for classification of pilots and pilot (see pilots).

APPRENTICES IN PHARMACY, bill to regulate employment of registered pharmacists, qualified assistant pharmacists and students and (see pharmacists).

APPRENTICES, to regulate

Senate Bill No. 363

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 402.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 402.

Reported without amendment, 831.

First reading, 918.

Second reading, 953, 954.

Third reading and final passage, 999.

In House (No. 1370)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1088.

Reported without amendment, 3239.

First reading, 3239.

Second reading, 3330.

Third reading and defeated on final passage, 3500, 3501.

APPROACHES by fixing number of viewers at three, bill to amend act empowering railroad companies to change location of certain bridges and their (see railroad).

APPROPRIATING FOR ROAD RECONSTRUCTION sum of money which has accumulated pursuant to provisions of act establishing State Highway Department, bill (see road).

APPROPRIATING GROUND for public purposes in Philadelphia, bill to repeal rule 13 of section 21 of act (see Philadelphia).

APPROPRIATING MONEY to pay expenses of commission to have charge of exhibit at Panama-Pacific International Exposition, bill (see Panama-Pacific).

APPROPRIATING MONIES for enforcement of act to regulate sale of pure spirits of turpentine, bill (see turpentine).

APPROPRIATING SUM of $10,000 to Andrew Toth in compensation for his detention in Western Penitentiary through miscarriage of justice, bill (see Toth).

APPROPRIATION BILLS in phamphlet laws, in relation to printing of

Senate Bill No. 266

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 608.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 608.
Reported without amendment, 609.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 686.
Re-reported without amendment, 1417.
Second reading, 1444.
Third reading and final passage, 1587.
Returned from House without amendment, 3117.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3276.

In House (No. 799)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1678.
Reported without amendment, 1758.
First reading, 1832.
Second reading, 2136.
Third reading and final passage, 3228, 3229.
Signed by Speaker, 3495.

Remarks on, by

Ailman, 3228, 3229.

APPROPRIATION FOR AMOUNT DUE TOWNSHIPS that have complied with provisions of act providing for payment of percentage of road tax to townships that abolish the work tax, bill making additional (see townships).

APPROPRIATION FOR ANNUAL FIXED CHARGE for road purposes, on lands held for forest reserves, bill making (see forest).

APPROPRIATION FOR ANNUAL FIXED CHARGE for school purposes on lands held for forest reserves, bill making (see forest).

APPROPRIATION FOR BUILDING AND LABORATORIES for milling and testing grain and grain products, bill making (see grain).

APPROPRIATION FOR BUREAU OF PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION as sub-department of Department of Public Instruction, bill making (see Bureau).

APPROPRIATION FOR COMPLETION OF DIKE for protection of property adjacent to Delaware River in Falls Township, Bucks County, bill making (see dike).

APPROPRIATION FOR CONSTRUCTION OF FISH HATCHERY in Bucks County, bill making (see fish).

APPROPRIATION FOR DEFICIENCY and for expenses under act providing for prevention and extinguishing of forest fires, bill making (see forest).

APPROPRIATION FOR DEFICIENCY to pay tuition of students in State Normal Schools, bill making (see Normal).

APPROPRIATION FOR EMPLOYMENT by Auditor General of five clerks, bill making (see Auditor General).

APPROPRIATION FOR ENFORCEMENT OF LAW to regulate practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and drugs of all kinds, bill making (see drugs).

APPROPRIATION FOR ERECTION by Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of statue in memory of General George Gordon Meade in the City of Washington, bill making (see Meade)

APPROPRIATION FOR ERECTION in rotunda of State Capitol of statue to Andrew Gregg Curtin, formerly Governor of Pennsylvania, bill making (see Curtin).

APPROPRIATION FOR ERECTION OF ARMORIES for use of National Guard, bill making (see armories).

APPROPRIATION FOR ERECTION OF HOME or School for Indigent Orphans, now known as Thaddeus Stevens Industrial School of Pennsylvania, bill to amend act making (see Thaddeus).

APPROPRIATION FOR ERECTION OF STATE INSTITUTION for Inebriates, bill making (see Inebriates).

APPROPRIATION FOR ERECTION OF STATUE at Erie to Brigadier General Hiram L. Brown, bill making (see Brown).

APPROPRIATION FOR EXPENSES incurred under act relating to destruction of certain noxious animals, bill making (see animals).

APPROPRIATION FOR EXPENSES OF BOARD of Medical Examiners, bill making (see medicine).

APPROPRIATION FOR EXPENSES OF COMMITTEE to investigate certain charges made in relation to government of Pittsburg, bill making (see Pittsburg).

APPROPRIATION FOR EXPENSES OF EXECUTIVE, Judicial and Legislative Departments and for interest on public debt for two years ending June 1, 1913, bill making (see expenses).

APPROPRIATION FOR EXPENSES OF INVESTIGATIONS when charges shall be preferred against a judge of any judicial district, bill making (see judge).

APPROPRIATION FOR EXPENSES required by act relating to destitute orphans and children of soldiers, sailors and marines, bill making (see orphans).

APPROPRIATION FOR EXPENSES OF COMMISSIONERS for compilation and publication of laws of province and Commonwealth prior to year 1800, bill making (see laws).

APPROPRIATION FOR EXTENSION OF CAPITOL PARK in City of Harrisburg, bill making (see park).

APPROPRIATION FOR IMPROVEMENT OF MARITIME PORT facilities of Pennsylvania, bill making (see port).

APPROPRIATION FOR IMPROVEMENT OF STATE CANAL BASINS at port of Erie, bill making (see Erie).

APPROPRIATION FOR IMPROVEMENT OF STATE FISH HATCHERY at Pleasant Mount, Wayne County, bill making (see fish).

APPROPRIATION FOR IMPROVEMENTS to "Paoli parade ground," bill making (see Paoli).

APPROPRIATION FOR IMPROVEMENTS to portion of Moshannon creek on boundary line between Centre and Clearfield counties, bill making (see Moshannon).

APPROPRIATION FOR INAUGURAL CEREMONIES, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Fox, providing, 5.

Resolution returned by House, 40.
Incorporated in Section No. 3 of House Bill No. 1, 56 (see Inaugural Ceremonies).

APPROPRIATION FOR INVESTIGATION of compensation for injured workmen, concurrent resolution (House) by Walnut, making, 921, 922.

APPROPRIATION FOR INVESTIGATION of conditions in Westmoreland County Coal Fields, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Adams, providing, 6.

Resolution referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 6.

APPROPRIATION FOR INSPECTION OF NURSERIES and apiaries and suppression of contagious and infectious diseases among bees, supplement to act relating to injurious insects making (see bees).

APPROPRIATION FOR ISSUING OF CERTIFICATES of election to Senators and Representatives in General Assembly of Pennsylvania, bill making (see certificates).

APPROPRIATION FOR LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL expenses, in Section No. 2 of House Bill No. 1, bill making (see Legislative Journal).

APPROPRIATION FOR MAINTENANCE OF INDIGENT INSANE in county and local institutions, bill making (see insane).

APPROPRIATION FOR MAINTENANCE OF INDIGENT INSANE in State and semi-State Hospitals for Insane, bill making (see insane).

House Bill No. 966

Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 884.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 884.
Reported with amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2331.
Second reading, 2394, 2395.
Third reading and final passage, 2738, 2739.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.

In Senate (No. 896)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2684.
First reading, 2704.
Second reading, 2907.
Third reading and final passage, 3063.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

APPROPRIATION FOR MAINTENANCE of State Aid Highways, bill making (see highways).

Read in place in House by Mr. Townsend, 189.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 190.

APPROPRIATION FOR MEMORIAL to designate site of Camp Curtin, bill making (see Camp Curtin).

APPROPRIATION FOR MONUMENT in borough of Wrightsville, Pa., to mark most Eastern point reached by Confederate Army during the Civil War, bill making (see Wrightsville).

APPROPRIATION FOR MONUMENT in memory of Pennsylvania Reserve Volunteer Corps on Battlefield of Fredericksburg, Virginia, bill making (see Fredericksburg).

APPROPRIATION FOR MONUMENT in National Cemetery at Florence, South Carolina, making (see Florence).

APPROPRIATION FOR MONUMENT on site of Half-Moon Batteries of Revolutionary War, in Philadelphia, bill making (see Half-Moon).

APPROPRIATION FOR MONUMENT on Battlefield on Antietam, Maryland, in memory of Knapp's Independent Battery E, Pennsylvania Light Artillery, bill making (see Antietam).

APPROPRIATION FOR MONUMENT to Allen Infantry for services during Civil War, bill making (see Allen).

APPROPRIATION FOR MONUMENT to certain heroes and soldiers of Revolutionary War in Silver Spring Church Cemetery, Cumberland County, bill making (see Silver Spring).

APPROPRIATION FOR MONUMENT to certain soldiers of Captain Philips Company of Revolutionary War, murdered by Indians near Saxton, Bedford County, bill making (see Philip's).

APPROPRIATION FOR MONUMENT to Colonel Henry Boquet and his soldiers on Bushy Run Battlefield, bill making (see Boquet).

APPROPRIATION FOR MONUMENT to commemorate services of 47th. Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, in Battle of Cedar Creek, Virginia, bill making (see Cedar Creek).

APPROPRIATION FOR MONUMENT to Conrad Weiser in county of Berks, bill making (see Weiser).

APPROPRIATION FOR MONUMENT TO JOHN MORTON, signer of Declaration of Independence, at Chester, bill making (see Morton).

APPROPRIATION FOR MONUMENT to Robert Morris in City of Philadelphia, bill making (see Morris).

APPROPRIATION FOR NEW WESTERN PENITENTIARY and providing for sale of site now occupied by said penitentiary, bill making (see penitentiary).

APPROPRIATION FOR PAYMENT OF COMMISSIONS of Military State Agents employed by accounting officers to collect claims due from Government of United States, bill making (see military).

APPROPRIATION FOR PAYMENT OF DEFICIENCY in payment of expenses incurred in prevention and extinguishment of forest fires, bill making (see forest).

APPROPRIATION FOR PAYMENT of expenses of Representative to Eighth International Congress of Applied Chemistry in cities of Washington and New York in September, 1912, concurrent resolution (House) by Shaffer, making, 779.

Resolution referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 779.

Reported from Committee,

Considered and adopted, 1240.

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, in Senate, 1236.

Reported without amendment, considered and adopted, in Senate, 3122.

Returned by Senate, 3310.

APPROPRIATION FOR PAYMENT OF MILEAGE of Associate Judges for years 1910 and 1911, bill making (see judges).

APPROPRIATION FOR PAYMENT OF PENSIONS and expenses provided for, bill to create Bureau of Pensions and make (see pensions).

APPROPRIATION FOR PAYMENT OF SERVICES and expenses of fire wardens and those assisting in extinguishing forest fires, bill making (see forest).

APPROPRIATION FOR PENSION to Thomas R. Carson, late private of Company C, 6th Regiment, National Guard of Pennsylvania, bill making (see Carson).

APPROPRIATION FOR PENSIONING of soldiers, sailors and marines who served in Civil War, bill making (see pensioning).

APPROPRIATION FOR PORTRAITS of past Justices of Supreme Court, bill making (see justices).

APPROPRIATION FOR PRINTING of 25,000 copies of Bulletin No. 152, issued by Department of Agriculture, bill making (see bulletin).

APPROPRIATION FOR PROPER FENCE or coping and pavement to protect monument erected near Petersburg, Virginia, bill making (see Petersburg).

APPROPRIATION FOR PROTECTION OF MONUMENT at Cherrytree or Canoe Place, Indiana County, bill making (see Cherrytree).

APPROPRIATION FOR PUBLICATION of warrantee tract maps of each of the several counties so as to reduce number of said maps to be published and limiting free distribution of same, bill to amend act making (see maps).

APPROPRIATION FOR PUBLISHING OF PROCEEDINGS of Dedication of Pennsylvania Monument at Cold Harbor, Virginia, bill making (see Cold Harbor).

APPROPRIATION FOR PURCHASE by Commonwealth of Mount Aloysius Academy at Cresson for Sanatorium for Indigent Insane Tuberculosis Persons, bill making (see sanatorium).

APPROPRIATION FOR PURCHASE of Brook Trout Hatchery of D. S. Helmar of Port Allegany, McKean County, bill making (see fish).

APPROPRIATION FOR PURCHASE of Hayes Creek Hatchery near White Haven, bill making (see Hayes).

APPROPRIATION FOR PURCHASE of Historical Works relative to Pennsylvania Volunteers in War of Rebellion, bill making (see histories).

APPROPRIATION FOR PURCHASE of lands by Department of Forestry to be held as State forest reserves, bill making (see forest).

APPROPRIATION FOR PURCHASE of set of standardized weights and measures by Bureau of Standards, bill making (see Bureau).

APPROPRIATION FOR PURCHASE of William Penn's own copy of map which fixed boundaries of State in 1685, bill making (see Penn's).

APPROPRIATION FOR PURPOSE OF PURCHASING land for rifle range or land for permanent camping ground, bill making (see land).

APPROPRIATION FOR REFUNDING of collateral inheritance taxes erroneously paid from estate of Mary S. Lundy, bill making (see Lundy).

APPROPRIATION FOR REFUNDING of fees paid into State Treasury by applicants for notary public commission when such commission is not received by applicant, bill making (see notary).

APPROPRIATION FOR RELIEF of certain citizens of Pennsylvania who sustained damages during the war of the rebellion, making an

Read in place in House by Mr. Light, 156.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 156.

APPROPRIATION FOR REPAIR of marker at grave of Governor Joseph Ritner in church yard at Mount Rock, Cumberland County, bill making (see Ritner).

APPROPRIATION FOR REVISED EDITION of railroad map of Pennsylvania heretofore issued by Department of Internal Affairs, bill making (see map).

APPROPRIATION FOR SCHOOLS among Cornplanter Indians of Warren County by increasing annual appropriation, bill to amend act making (see schools).

APPROPRIATION FOR STATE ASYLUM for Chronic Insane by increasing maximum amount per capita for weekly maintenance, bill to amend 15th section of amended act making (see insane).

APPROPRIATION FOR STATUE in rotunda of State Capitol of Major General George Gordon Meade, bill making (see Meade).

APPROPRIATION FOR STATUE to memory of Thomas McKean at Bradford, McKean County, bill making (see McKean).

APPROPRIATION, joint resolution to appoint a commission to investigate conditions in matter of surface support in connection with removal of anthracite coal and making (see coal).

APPROPRIATION LAWS to be printed, concurrent resolution (House) by Keister, limiting number of, 3497.

Resolution referred to Committee on Public Printing, in Senate, 3409.

Reported without amendment, 3411, 3412, 3456.

Considered and agreed to, 3456.

Returned by Senate, 3600.

APPROPRIATION of 1909 to State Normal Schools available for permanent improvements thereto, bill making (see Normal).

APPROPRIATION OF STREAMS and land covered thereby, bill to provide that right of eminent domain may be exercised by certain water companies as respects (see water).

APPROPRIATION of $250,000 to City of Philadelphia for erection of buildings for care of feeble-minded and idiotic persons in said city, bill making (see Philadelphia).

APPROPRIATION TO ACADEMY of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia, bill making (see Academy).

APPROPRIATION TO ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT, for balances due and unpaid Pennsylvania Railroad Company, in Section No. 5 of House Bill No. 1, bill making (see Adjutant-General's Department).

APPROPRIATION TO ADRIAN HOSPITAL Association of Punxsutawney, Jefferson County, Pennsylvania, bill making (see Adrian).

APPROPRIATION TO AGED COLORED WOMEN'S HOME at Williamsport, bill making (see aged).

APPROPRIATION TO AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL Industrial School for Colored Girls and Boys of Jumonville, Fayette County, bill making (see Agricultural).

APPROPRIATION to aid in erection of memorial to Commodore Oliver Hazard Perry and General William Henry Harrison, bill making

Senate Bill No. 377

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Clark, 700.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 700.

Reported without amendment, 903.

First reading and recommitted to Committee, 957.

Re-reported without amendment, 2215.

Second reading, 2281.

Third reading and final passage, 2454.

Returned from House without amendment, 3048.

Signed by President pro tempore, 3276.

In House (No. 1306)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2571.

Reported without amendment, 2840.

First reading, 2997.

Second reading, 3012.

Third reading and final passage, 3188, 3189.

Signed by Speaker, 3494.

APPROPRIATION to aid in erection of memorial to commemorate founding of common school system, bill making (see school).

APPROPRIATION TO ALLEGHENY GENERAL HOSPITAL of Pittsburg, North Side, bill making (see Allegheny).

APPROPRIATION TO ALLEGHENY VALLEY HOSPITAL at Tarentum, Allegheny County, bill making (see Allegheny).

APPROPRIATION TO ALLENTOWN HOSPITAL, bill making (see Allentown).

APPROPRIATION TO ALMIRA HOME of New Castle, Pa., bill making (see Almira).

APPROPRIATION TO ALTOONA HOSPITAL, Altoona, Blair County, bill making (see Altoona).

APPROPRIATION TO AMERICAN ART SOCIETY of Philadelphia, bill making (see American).

APPROPRIATION TO AMERICAN HOSPITAL for diseases of the stomach, Philadelphia, bill making (see American).

APPROPRIATION TO AMERICAN ONCOLOGIC HOSPITAL at Philadelphia, bill making (see American).

APPROPRIATION TO ARMORY BOARD of the State of Pennsylvania for special purposes, bill making (see Armory).

APPROPRIATION TO ASSOCIATED CHARITIES and Humane Society of Lackawanna County, Pennsylvania, bill making (see Associated).

APPROPRIATION TO ASSOCIATION of the Directors of the Poor and Charities of the State of Pennsylvania, bill making (see Association).

APPROPRIATION TO AUDITOR-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT, in Section No. 4 of House Bill No. 1, bill making (see Auditor-General's Department).

APPROPRIATION TO AUXILIARY of Children's Aid Society, of Western Pennsylvania, located at Meadville, bill making (see Auxiliary).

APPROPRIATION TO AVERY COLLEGE Trade School of North Side, Pittsburg, Pa., bill making (see Avery).

APPROPRIATION TO BATTLEFIELD COMMISSION of Third Division, Ninth Corps, Army of the Potomac, for certain purposes relative to monument at Petersburg, Virginia, bill making (see Petersburg).

APPROPRIATION TO BEACON LIGHT MISSION, bill making (see Beacon).

APPROPRIATION TO BEAVER COUNTY CHILDREN'S HOME Association of New Brighton, Beaver County, Pennsylvania, bill making (see Beaver).

APPROPRIATION TO BEAVER VALLEY GENERAL HOSPITAL at New Brighton, Beaver County, Pa., bill making (see Beaver).

APPROPRIATION TO BEAVER VALLEY HUMANE SOCIETY of Beaver County, bill making (see Beaver).

APPROPRIATION TO BELLEFONTE HOSPITAL, bill making (see Bellefonte).

APPROPRIATION TO BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION'S HOME for Children, of Pottsville, bill making (see Benevolent).

APPROPRIATION TO BEREAN MANUAL TRAINING and Industrial School, bill making (see Berean).

APPROPRIATION TO BERKS COUNTY TUBERCULOSIS SOCIETY, bill making (see Berks).

APPROPRIATION TO BERWICK HOSPITAL, Berwick, Columbia County, bill making (see Berwick).

APPROPRIATION TO BETHESDA HOME, bill making (see Bethesda).

APPROPRIATION TO BEULAH ANCHORAGE of Reading, Pennsylvania, bill making (see Beulah).

APPROPRIATION TO BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS of Navigation for River Delaware and its navigable tributaries, bill making (see Board).

APPROPRIATION TO BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS of Public Grounds and Buildings for purposes of reimbursing George Gray Barnard, bill making (see Barnard).

APPROPRIATION TO BOARD OF PUBLIC CHARITIES for payment for services of architects, engineers and other competent persons as such Board may employ, bill making (see Board).

APPROPRIATION TO BOARD OF TRUSTEES of Pennsylvania Soldiers' and Sailors' Home at Erie, Pa., bill making (see Board).

APPROPRIATION TO BOYS' INDUSTRIAL ASSOCIATION of Wilkes-Barre, bill making (see Boys').

APPROPRIATION TO BOYS' INDUSTRIAL HOME at Williamsport, bill making (see Boys').

APPROPRIATION TO BOYS' INDUSTRIAL HOME of Western Pennsylvania, located at Oakdale, bill making (see Boys').

APPROPRIATION TO BOYS' INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL at Williamsport, bill making (see Boys').

APPROPRIATION TO BRADDOCK GENERAL HOSPITAL, bill making (see Braddock).

APPROPRIATION TO BRADFORD HOSPITAL, bill making (see Bradford).

APPROPRIATION TO BROWNSVILLE GENERAL HOSPITAL, bill making (see Brownsville).

APPROPRIATION TO BURGESS AND TOWN COUNCIL of Borough of Hanover, bill making (see Hanover).

APPROPRIATION TO BUTLER COUNTY GENERAL HOSPITAL at Butler, bill making (see Butler).

APPROPRIATION TO CANONSBURG GENERAL HOSPITAL Association at Canonsburg, bill making (see Canonsburg).

APPROPRIATION TO CARBONDALE HOSPITAL Association of the City of Carbondale, bill making (see Carbondale).

APPROPRIATION to Carroll R. Williams, J. H. Shoemaker and A. Morton Cooper for services as attorneys for Dairy and Food Commissioner and to A. K. Cassel for services as special agent of Dairy and Food Commission, bill making (see Dairy).

APPROPRIATION to carry further into effect provisions of act creating reward for destruction of certain noxious animals killed within Pennsylvania, bill making (see animals).

APPROPRIATION to carry further into effect provisions of act relating to agricultural exhibitions, bill making (see agriculture).

APPROPRIATION to carry into effect provisions of act creating a reward for destruction of certain noxious animals killed within the Commonwealth, bill making (see animals).

APPROPRIATION to carry out provisions of act providing Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure as subdepartment of Department of Public Instruction, bill making (see medicine).

APPROPRIATION to carry out provisions of act providing for State aid in maintenance of certain roads, bill making (see highways).

APPROPRIATION to carry out provisions of act relating to an annual payment to citizens who volunteered in defense of the State either in 1862 or 1863, making an

House Bill No. 371

Read in place in House by Mr. Gray, 209.

Referred to Committee on Pensions and Gratuities, 210.

Reported without amendment, 880.

First reading, 901.

Second reading, 1360, 1361.

Third reading and amended, 1493.

Final passage, 1621, 1622.

Remarks on, by

Holland, 1493.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Pensions and Gratuities, 1607.

APPROPRIATION to carry out provisions of act relating to establishment of State highway department, bill making (see highway).

APPROPRIATION to carry out provisions of act relating to right to practice medicine and surgery in this Commonwealth, bill making (see medicine).

APPROPRIATION to carry out provisions of acts relating to education and maintenance of orphans and destitute children of Soliders, Sailors and Marines, bill making (see orphans).

APPROPRIATION to carry out provisions of bill providing for establishment of State highway department, bill making (see highway).

APPROPRIATION to carry out provisions of act relative to roads, providing for deputy State highway commissioner and for county or district superintendents of highways and for township superintendents of highways and relating to road tax and abolishing work tax, bill making (see highway).

APPROPRIATION TO CATHOLIC HOME for Destitute Children, Philadelphia, bill making (see Catholic).

APPROPRIATION TO CATHOLIC HOME for Destitute of Philadelphia, bill making (see Catholic).

APPROPRIATION TO CENTRAL NORMAL SCHOOL Association of Clinton County, bill making (see Central).

APPROPRIATION TO CHAMBERSBURG HOSPITAL, bill making (see Chambersburg).

APPROPRIATION TO CHARITY HOSPITAL of Montgomery County, Pennsylvania, located at Norristown, bill making (see Charity).

APPROPRIATION TO CHARTIERS VALLEY GENERAL HOSPITAL of Ingram, bill making (see Chartiers).

APPROPRIATION TO CHESTER COUNTY HOSPITAL, West Chester, bill making (see Chester).

APPROPRIATION TO CHESTER HOSPITAL, at Chester, bill making (see Chester).

APPROPRIATION TO CHESTNUT HILL HOSPITAL at Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia, bill making (see Chestnut).

APPROPRIATION TO CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY of Franklin County, Pennsylvania, bill making (see Children's).

APPROPRIATION TO CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY of Pennsylvania, bill making (see Children's).

APPROPRIATION TO CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY of Western Pennsylvania, bill making (see Children's).

APPROPRIATION TO CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY of Westmoreland County, at Greensburg, bill making (see Children's).

APPROPRIATION TO CHILDREN'S HOME of South Bethlehem, bill making (see Children's).

APPROPRIATION TO CHILDREN'S HOME of City of York bill making (see Children's).

APPROPRIATION TO CHILDREN'S HOMEOPATHIC HOSPITAL of Philadelphia, bill making (see Children's)

APPROPRIATION TO CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL of Pittsburg bill making (see Children's).

APPROPRIATION TO CHILDREN'S INDUSTRIAL HOME a Harrisburg, bill making (see Children's).

APPROPRIATION TO CHRISTIAN H. BUHL HOSPITAL o Sharon, bill making (see Christian).

APPROPRIATION TO CHRISTIAN HOME at Johnstown, bil making (see Christian).

APPROPRIATION TO CHRISTIAN HOME FOR WOMEN o Pittsburg, bill making (see Christian).

APPROPRIATION TO CITY HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION o Washington, Pennsylvania, bill making (see City).

APPROPRIATION TO CITY OF PHILADELPHIA for Philadelphia Institution for the Insane, bill making (see Philadelphia).

APPROPRIATION TO CITY OF PHILADELPHIA for use of Philadelphia General Hospital Department of Public Health and Charities, bill making (see Philadelphia).

APPROPRIATION TO CLEARFIELD HOSPITAL, bill making (see Clearfield).

APPROPRIATION TO COATESVILLE HOSPITAL, bill making (see Coatesville).

APPROPRIATION TO COLEMAN INDUSTRIAL HOME for Colored Boys located in City of Pittsburg, bill making (see Coleman).

APPROPRIATION TO COLORED DAY NURSERY of Harrisburg, bill making (see Colored).

APPROPRIATION TO COLORED WOMEN'S RELIEF ASSOCIATION of Western Pennsylvania, bill making (see Colored).

APPROPRIATION TO COLUMBIA HOSPITAL located at Columbia, Lancaster County, bill making (see Columbia).

APPROPRIATION TO COLUMBIA HOSPITAL, Wilkinsburg bill making (see Columbia).

APPROPRIATION TO COMMISSION for amending, revising and collating laws relating to public roads, highways and bridges, bill making (see laws).

APPROPRIATION TO COMMISSION for erection of Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic, bill making (see Eastern).

APPROPRIATION TO COMMISSION for erection of Homeopathic State Hospital for Insane, bill making (see Homeopathic).

APPROPRIATION TO COMMISSION for purpose of investigating and reporting upon safe and proper construction of buildings and character of materials and of adjusting rights of owners in party walls, joint resolution making (see buildings).

APPROPRIATION TO COMMISSION for segregating State institutions for insane and criminals, joint resolution making (see institutions).

APPROPRIATION TO COMMISSION of State Hospital for Criminal Insane at Fairview, bill making (see State Hospital).

APPROPRIATION TO COMMISSION on Revision of Corporation and Revenue Laws, for payment of preparation, printing and distribution of report in Section No. 13 of House Bill No. 1, making (see Corporation and Revenue Laws).

APPROPRIATION TO COMMISSION to amend, revise and collate laws regulating boroughs, joint resolution making (see boroughs).

APPROPRIATION TO COMMISSION to arrange for unveiling of completed groups of sculpture prepared by George Gray Barnard for front of Capitol building at Harrisburg, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Sproul, making, 3379.

Resolution returned by House, 3408.

Concurred in by House, 3487.

APPROPRIATION TO COMMISSION to be known as Pennsylvania State Vaccination Commission, joint resolution making (see Vaccination).

APPROPRIATION TO COMMISSION to be known as "The Pennsylvania Probation Commission," bill making (see Probation).

APPROPRIATION TO COMMISSION to carry out purposes of act to provide for eradication of Chestnut Tree Blight, bill making (see chestnut).

APPROPRIATION TO COMMISSION to consider establishing State system of workhouses, bill making (see workhouses).

APPROPRIATION TO COMMISSION to have charge of Pennsylvania's exhibit at Panama-Pacific International Exposition, bill making (see Panama-Pacific).

APPROPRIATION TO COMMISSION to inquire into causes and results of industrial accidents, bill authorizing (see accidents).

APPROPRIATION TO COMMISSION to inquire into causes and results of industrial accidents, concurrent resolution (Senate) by McNichol, providing for, 609.

In House

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 695.

APPROPRIATION TO COMMISSION to investigate advisability of abolishing toll bridges, bill making (see bridges).

APPROPRIATION TO COMMISSION to investigate and report on care of Feeble-Minded and Epileptic, joint resolution making (see feeble-minded).

APPROPRIATION TO COMMISSION to investigate charges made during interim between Legislative sessions against judges and other persons holding civil office, resolution (Senate) by Catlin, making, 3122.

Commission appointed, 3456.

APPROPRIATION TO COMMISSION to investigate coal mining conditions in Europe, concurrent resolution (House) by Mannion, in reference to, 1676.

Resolution refered to Committee on Mines and Mining, 1676.

APPROPRIATION TO COMMISSION to investigate coal mining conditions in Europe, concurrent resolution (House) by Mannion, in reference to, 2184, 2185.

Resolution considered and agreed to, 2185.

In Senate, referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 2185.

APPROPRIATION TO COMMISSION to investigate provisions made in this State for care of neglected, defective, destitute and dependent children, bill making (see children).

APPROPRIATION TO COMMISSION to investigate public service corporations in Pennsylvania, concurrent resolution (House) by Alter, providing for, 3502, 3503.

Resolution concurred in by Senate, 3407, 3408.

APPROPRIATION TO COMMISSION to investigate Soldiers' Orphans' Schools, bill making (see Soldiers).

APPROPRIATION TO COMMISSION to report on propriety of purchasing certain tract of land in Jefferson, Clarion and Forest counties, bill making (see land).

APPROPRIATION TO COMMISSION to revise and codify election laws of Pennsylvania to continue its work and make final report to General Assembly of 1913, concurrent resolution (House) by Freeman, making an 689.

Resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 689.

Reported without amendment,

Considered and agreed to, 779, 780.

Concurred in by Senate, 757.

Returned by Senate, 818.

Approved by Governor, 922.

APPROPRIATION TO COMMISSION to revise and unify the laws of this Commonwealth, bill making (see laws).

APPROPRIATION TO COMMISSION to survey military routes of General Edward Braddock and General John Forbes, bill making (see routes).

APPROPRIATION TO COMMISSIONERS OF VALLEY FORGE PARK, bill making (see Valley Forge).

APPROPRIATION TO COMMONWEALTH HUMANE SOCIETY, bill making (see Commonwealth).

APPROPRIATION to complete State Hospital for Injured Persons in Township of Coal, bill making (see State Hospital).

APPROPRIATION TO CONEMAUGH VALLEY MEMORIAL HOSPITAL at the City of Johnstown, bill making (see Conemaugh).

APPROPRIATION TO CORRY HOSPITAL of the City of Corry, bill making (see Corry).

APPROPRIATION TO COTTAGE STATE HOSPITAL, Phillipsburg, bill making (see Cottage).

APPROPRIATION TO COUNTY OF DAUPHIN for extraordinary expenses incurred in trial of persons charged with defrauding Commonwealth in construction and furnishing of new Capitol building, bill making (see Dauphin).

APPROPRIATION to cover deficiencies in maintenance of indigent insane for two years ending May 31, 1911, bill making (see insane).

APPROPRIATION to cover deficiency in general appropriation act of 1909 to pay tuition of students of State Normal Schools, bill making (see Normal).

APPROPRIATION to create Bureau of Preliminary Professional Education, bill making (see Bureau).

APPROPRIATION to create Bureau of Professional Education in Department of Public Instruction, bill making (see Bureau).

APPROPRIATION TO CULPEPER VIRGINIA MONUMENT COMMISSION for an eagle to be placed on monument at Culpeper, Virginia, and for dedication expenses, bill making (see Culpeper).

APPROPRIATION TO CUMBERLAND VALLEY STATE NORMAL SCHOOL located at Shippensburg, bill making (see Cumberland).

APPROPRIATION TO CURTIS HOME for Destitute Women and Children of the City of Pittsburg, bill making (see Curtis).

APPROPRIATION TO DAYTON NORMAL INSTITUTE of Dayton, bill making (see Dayton).

APPROPRIATION to defray one-half of expense of constructing bridge by which to carry National or Cumberland Road across Monongahela River, bill making (see bridge).

APPROPRIATION TO DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE to extend its work so as to connect with it a system of outdoor or field instruction, bill making (see agriculture).

APPROPRIATION TO DEPARTMENT OF FISHERIES for special work, in Section No. 11 of House Bill No. 1, making (see Fisheries, Department of).

APPROPRIATION TO DEPARTMENT OF FORESTRY to be used in rebuilding dam at Promised Land Pond in Pike County, bill making (see Department of Forestry).

APPROPRIATION TO DEPARTMENT OF MINES, in Section No. 8 of House Bill No. 1, making (see Mines, Department of).

APPROPRIATION TO DEPARTMENT OF MINES to protect property and promote safety of citizens from danger from mine fire in city of Carbondale, making (see mine).

APPROPRIATION TO DEPARTMENT of Public Grounds and Buildings, in Section No. 9 of House Bill No. 1, making (see Public Grounds and Buildings, Department of).

APPROPRIATION TO DE PAUL INSTITUTE of Scott Township, Allegheny County, bill making (see De Paul).

APPROPRIATION FOR DIXMONT HOSPITAL for insane at Dixmont, in the County of Allegheny, making (see Dixmont).

APPROPRIATION TO DOWNINGTOWN INDUSTRIAL AND AGRICULTURAL SCHOOL, of Downingtown, Chester County, bill making (see Downingtown).

APPROPRIATION TO DRAIN PYMATUNING SWAMP, Crawford County, bill to repeal act making (see Pymatuning).

APPROPRIATION TO DUBOIS HOSPITAL of DuBois, Clearfield County, bill making (see DuBois).

APPROPRIATION TO EASTERN STATE PENITENTIARY, bill making (see Eastern).

APPROPRIATION TO EASTON HOME FOR FRIENDLESS CHILDREN, bill making (see Easton).

APPROPRIATION TO EASTON HOSPITAL at Easton, bill making (see Easton).

APPROPRIATION TO ELK COUNTY GENERAL HOSPITAL of Ridgway, bill making (see Elk).

APPROPRIATION TO ELMWOOD HOME of Erie, bill making (see Elmwood).

APPROPRIATION to enforce provisions of act to regulate sale of opium, morphine, absinthe, chloral, caffine, nux vomica and certain other drugs, bill making (see drugs).

APPROPRIATION TO ERIE HOME FOR FRIENDLESS of Erie, bill making (see Erie).

APPROPRIATION to establish fish hatchery in Lancaster County under control of Commissioners of Fisheries, bill making (see fish).

APPROPRIATION to establish recreation camps within the forest reserves, bill making (see forest).

APPROPRIATION to establish Secondary School of Agriculture at Pennsburg, bill making (see agriculture).

APPROPRIATION to establish State Department of Medical Education and Licensure, bill making (see medicine).

APPROPRIATION to establish State Experiment Farm, bill making (see State Experiment).

APPROPRIATION to establish State Reformatory for Women, bill making (see Reformatory).

APPROPRIATION to Executive, Judicial and Legislative Departments for general expenses for six months ending May Thirty-first, nineteen hundred and eleven, and for certain deficiencies, making

House Bill No. 1
Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 51.
Special Committee appointed to consider bill, 52.
Reported without amendments, 52.
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APPROPRIATION TO EYE AND EAR HOSPITAL of Pittsburg, bill making (see eye).

APPROPRIATION TO FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY of Battle of Gettysburg Commission, bill making (see Fiftieth).

APPROPRIATION TO FINANCE COMMITTEE of Organizing Commission of Twelfth International Congress of Navigation, bill making (see Finance).

APPROPRIATION TO FIRST ALLEGHENY DAY NURSERY and Temporary Home for Children, bill making (see First).

APPROPRIATION TO FLORENCE CRITTENTON HOMES, bills making (see Florence).

APPROPRIATION TO FOREST LAWN SANATORIUM, located at Wellsboro, bill making (see Forest).

APPROPRIATION TO FORMER BOARD OF EXAMINERS for Inspectors of Mines of Lackawanna County to pay for services rendered in 1908, bill making (see Board).

APPROPRIATION TO FORMER BOARD OF EXAMINERS for Inspectors of Mines of Schuylkill County to pay forservices rendered in 1908, bill making (see Board).

APPROPRIATION TO FRANKFORD HOSPITAL, located in Frankford, Philadelphia, bill making (see Frankford).

APPROPRIATION TO FRANKLIN CITY HOSPITAL, bill making (see Franklin).

APPROPRIATION TO FREDERICK DOUGLASS MEMORIAL HOSPITAL and Training School of Philadelphia, bill making (see Frederick).

APPROPRIATION TO FRIENDS' HOME FOR CHILDREN Philadelphia, situate at 4011 Aspen Street, West Philadelphia, bill making (see Friends).

APPROPRIATION to furnish a room in the name of this Commonwealth in Woman's Relief Corps Hotel at Andersonville, Georgia, bill making (see Woman's).

APPROPRIATION TO GARRETSON HOSPITAL of Philadelphia, bill making (see Garretson).

APPROPRIATION TO GARRETSON HOSPITAL of Temple University of Philadelphia, bill making (see Garretson).

APPROPRIATION TO GENERAL AND EMERGENCY HOSPITAL of Pittsburg, bill making (see General).

APPROPRIATION TO GEORGE JUNIOR REPUBLIC ASSOCIATION of Western Pennsylvania, bill making (see George).

APPROPRIATION TO GERMAN BAPTIST HOME for Aged of Philadelphia, bill making (see German).

APPROPRIATION TO GERMAN HOSPITAL of the city of Philadelphia, bill making (see German).

APPROPRIATION TO GERMAN PROTESTANT HOME for Aged at Fair Oaks, bill making (see German).

APPROPRIATION TO GETTYSBURG BATTLEFIELD Memorial Commission, bills making (see Gettysburg).

APPROPRIATION TO GIRL'S TRAINING SCHOOL 131 East Third Street, Williamsport, bill making (see Girls').

APPROPRIATION TO GLEN MILLS SCHOOLS in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth, bills making (see Glen).

APPROPRIATION TO GOOD SAMARITAN HOSPITAL of Lebanon, bill making (see Good).

APPROPRIATION TO GRAND VIEW INSTITUTION of Oil City, bill making (see Grand).

APPROPRIATION TO GREENVILLE HOSPITAL, Greenville, Mercer County, bill making (See Greenville.).

APPROPRIATION TO GROVE CITY HOSPITAL, bill making (see Grove).

APPROPRIATION TO GYNECEAN HOSPITAL in city of Philadelphia, bill making (see Gynecean).

APPROPRIATION TO HAHNEMANN HOSPITAL of Scranton, bill making (see Hahnemann).

APPROPRIATION TO HAMOT HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION of city of Erie, bill making (see Hamot).

APPROPRIATION TO HARRISBURG HOSPITAL, bill making (see Harrisburg).

APPROPRIATION TO HAYES MECHANICS' HOME in city of Philadelphia, bill making (see Hayes).

APPROPRIATION TO HEBREW SHELTERING HOME and Day Nursery for Children in County of Philadelphia, bill making (see Hebrew).

APPROPRIATION TO HISTORICAL SOCIETY of Western Pennsylvania, bill making (see Historical).

APPROPRIATION TO HOME FOR AGED at No. 1809 Mount Vernon Street, Philadelphia, bill making (see Home).

APPROPRIATION TO HOME FOR AGED of Philadelphia, bill making (see Home).

APPROPRIATION TO HOME FOR AGED and Infirm Colored Women, Lemington Avenue, Pittsburg, bill making (see Home).

APPROPRIATION TO HOME FOR AGED and Infirm Women at Easton, bill making (see Home).

APPROPRIATION TO HOME FOR AGED COUPLES of city of Philadelphia, bill making (see Home).

APPROPRIATION TO HOME FOR AGED VETERANS and Wives located at Sixty-fifth and Vine Streets in city of Philadelphia, bill making (see Home).

APPROPRIATION TO HOME FOR FRIENDLESS CHILDREN for City and County of Lancaster, bill making (see Home).

APPROPRIATION TO HOME FOR FRIENDLESS CHILDREN in City of Reading, bill making (see Home).

APPROPRIATION TO HOME FOR FRIENDLESS at Harrisburg, bill making (see Home).

APPROPRIATION TO HOME FOR FRIENDLESS of city of Scranton, bill making (see Home).

APPROPRIATION TO HOME FOR FRIENDLESS of city of Williamsport, bill making (see Home).

APPROPRIATION TO HOME FOR TRAINING IN SPEECH of Deaf Children before they are of school age, at Belmont Avenue and Monument Road, Philadelphia, bill making (see Home).

APPROPRIATION TO HOME FOR WIDOWS AND SINGLE WOMEN of Lebanon and Lebanon County, bill making (see Home).

APPROPRIATION TO HOME FOR WIDOWS AND SINGLE WOMEN of Reading, bill making (see Home).

APPROPRIATION TO HOME OF INDUSTRY for discharged prisoners, of City of Philadelphia, bill making (see Home).

APPROPRIATION TO HOME OF GOOD SHEPHERD, Lincoln Avenue, Pittsburg, bill making (see Home).

APPROPRIATION TO HOME OF GOOD SHEPHERD of County of Allegheny, bill making (see Home).

APPROPRIATION TO HOMEOPATHIC Medical and Surgical Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburgh, bill making (see Homeopathic).

APPROPRIATION TO HOMEOPATHIC Medical and Surgical Hospital of Reading, bill making (see Homeopathic).

APPROPRIATION TO HOMEOPATHIC STATE HOSPITAL for the Insane by vesting appointment of entire commission in Governor, bill to amend act making (see Insane).

APPROPRIATION TO HOMESTEAD HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION, bill making (see Homestead).

APPROPRIATION TO HOSPITAL DEPARTMENT of Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital, bill making (see Hahnemann).

APPROPRIATION TO HOSPITAL DEPARTMENT of Jewish Hospital Association of Philadelphia, bill making (see Jewish).

APPROPRIATION TO HOUSE OF GOOD SHEPHERD in the several cities, bills making (see House).

APPROPRIATION TO HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, in Section No. 1 of House Bill No. 1, making (see House of Representatives).

APPROPRIATION TO HOWARD HOSPITAL of Philadelphia, bill making (see Howard).

APPROPRIATION TO IMPROVEMENT CHILDREN'S HOME of city of Pittsburg, bill making (see Improvement).

APPROPRIATION TO INCORPORATED TRUSTEES of Salvation Army in Pennsylvania, bill making (see Salvation).

APPROPRIATION TO INDIANA NORMAL SCHOOL of Pennsylvania, bill making (see Indiana).

APPROPRIATION TO INDUSTRIAL HOME for Colored Working Girls, Pittsburg, bill making (see Industrial).

APPROPRIATION TO INDUSTRIAL HOME for Crippled Children at Pittsburg, bill making (see Industrial).

APPROPRIATION TO INDUSTRIAL HOME for Dependent Adult Blind Citizens, of City of Pittsburg, bill making (see Industrial).

APPROPRIATION TO INSTITUTE FOR COLORED YOUTH at Cheyney, Delaware County, bill making (see Institute).

APPROPRIATION TO INSTITUTION of Protestant Deaconesses of Allegheny County, bill making (see Institution).

APPROPRIATION to investigate and report on advisability of codification of laws of this Commonwealth, concurrent resolution (House) by Benson, making 1409.

Resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1409.

APPROPRIATION to investigate business methods of Building and Loan Association, resolution, concurrent (House) by Breitinger, making an, 99.

Resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 99.

Recalled from Committee on Judiciary Special and re-referred to Committee on Banks and Banking, 121.

APPROPRIATION to investigate business methods of Life and Accident Insurance Companies, concurrent resolution (House) by Fay, making an, 486.

Resolution referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 486.

APPROPRIATION to investigate mine fire at Carbondale, concurrent resolution (Senate) by McNichols, making an, 90.

Resolution referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 90.

Reported without amendment, 153.

APPROPRIATION—Continued.

Amended and agreed to and sent to House for concurrence, 168.

Concurred in by House, 179.

Returned by House without amendment, 187.

Approved by Governor, 298.

Senate Committee appointed, 298.

House Committee appointed, 392.

Concurrent resolution (Senate) by Salus, granting extension of time to committee, 700.

Resolution concurred in by House, 748.

Returned by House, 757.

Approved by Governor, 905.

Partial report of Committee presented to Senate, 1453, 1454.

Presented to House, 1472.

Concurrent resolution (Senate) by Salus, granting further extension of time to Committee, 1454.

Resolution returned by House, 1456.

Concurred in by House, 1472.

Approved by Governor, 1547.

Concurrent resolution (House) by Robinson, granting further extension of time to Committee, 1472.

Final report of Committee presented to House, 2261, 2262.

To Senate, 2263, 2264.

Senate committee discharged with thanks, 2264.

APPROPRIATION to investigate mine fire at Carbondale, concurrent resolution (House No. 6) by Mannion, making an, 99.

Resolution referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 99.

Reported without amendment, 301.

APPROPRIATION to investigate system of recording deeds, mortgages and insurance of titles now in effect in the several States with a view of changing Pennsylvania's system, concurrent resolution (Senate) No. 12, by Vare, in reference to, 291.

Resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 291.

Reported without amendment, 539.

Read and agreed to, 545.

In House, referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 583.

Reported without amendment,

Returned by House, 1323.

Concurred in by House, 1330, 1331.

Vetoed by Governor, 1547.

APPROPRIATION TO IRENE KAUFMAN SETTLEMENT of Pittsburg, formerly known as the Columbian School and Settlement, bill making (see Irene).

APPROPRIATION TO J. C. BLAIR MEMORIAL HOSPITAL of Huntingdon, bill making (see J. C. Blair).

APPROPRIATION TO JEFFERSON MEDICAL COLLEGE of Philadelphia for special purposes of its Hospital Department, bill making (see Jefferson).

APPROPRIATION TO JOHN J. DEVITT for mileage due him, bill making (see Devitt).

APPROPRIATION TO JOHNSTOWN CITY HOSPITAL, bill making (see Johnstown).

APPROPRIATION TO JOINT COMMITTEE appointed under resolution approved May 13, 1909, to investigate and report on laws relating to corporations and to revenue, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Hunter, making, 2175.

Resolution returned by House, 2211.

Concurred in by House, 2221.

Concurrent resolution recalling above resolution from Governor for amendment, 2616.

Resolution returned by House, 2653.

Concurred in by House, 2786.

Approved by Governor, 3113.

Vote on passage of resolution reconsidered and resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 3113.

APPROPRIATION TO JOINT COMMITTEE appointed under resolution approved May 13, 1909, to investigate and report on laws relating to corporations and to revenue, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Sproul, making, 3113.

Resolution returned by House, 3279.

Concurred in by House, 3310.

Approved by Governor, 3540.

Appointment of members of joint committee, in Senate, 3540.

APPROPRIATION TO JOINT COMMITTEE to investigate and report upon high cost of Anthracite Coal concurrent resolution (Senate) by Salus, making, 949.

Resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 949.

APPROPRIATION TO JOINT COMMITTEE to investigate appropriations to institutions, concurrent resolution (House) by Dearden, making, 779.

Resolution referred to Committee on Appropriations, 779.

APPROPRIATION TO JOSEPH RATTI HOSPITAL, located at Bloomsburg, bill making (see Joseph).

APPROPRIATION TO JUDICIARY DEPARTMENT, in Section No. 12 of House Bill No. 1, making (see Judiciary Department).

APPROPRIATION TO KANE SUMMIT HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION, of Kane, McKean County, bill making (see Kane).

APPROPRIATION TO KENSINGTON HOSPITAL for Women at Philadelphia, bill making (see Kensington).

APPROPRIATION TO KITTANNING GENERAL HOSPITAL, bill making (see Kittanning).

APPROPRIATION TO LADIES OF GRAND ARMY of Republic Home Department of Pennsylvania, at Hawkins Station, bill making (see Ladies).

APPROPRIATION TO LANCASTER GENERAL HOSPITAL, bill making (see Lancaster).

APPROPRIATION TO LATROBE HOSPITAL, bill making (see Latrobe).

APPROPRIATION TO LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU, in Section No. 10 of House Bill No. 1, making (see Legislative Reference Bureau).

APPROPRIATION TO LEHIGH COUNTY HUMANE SOCIETY, located at Allentown, bill making (see Lehigh).

APPROPRIATION TO LEWISTOWN HOSPITAL, bill making (see Lewistown).

APPROPRIATION TO LOCK HAVEN HOSPITAL, bill making (see Lock Haven).

APPROPRIATION TO LUCY M. BURD INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL, bill making (see Lucy).

APPROPRIATION TO LYING-IN CHARITY HOSPITAL, Philadelphia, bill making (see Lying-in).

APPROPRIATION to maintain public road through Cornplanter Indian Reservation, and bridges on said road, in Elk Township, Warren county, bill making (see Cornplanter).

APPROPRIATION to mark site of Battle of Brandywine, bill making (see Brandywine).

APPROPRIATION TO MARKLETON GENERAL HOSPITAL at Markleton, Somerset County, bill making (see Markleton).

APPROPRIATION TO MARY M. PACKER HOSPITAL at Sunbury, bill making (see Mary).

APPROPRIATION TO MARY ZAMBO, bill making (see Zambo).

APPROPRIATION TO MATERNITY HOSPITAL in City of Philadelphia, bill making (see Maternity).

APPROPRIATION TO McKEAN COUNTY HISTORICAL SOCIETY, bill making (see McKean).

APPROPRIATION TO M'KEESPORT HOSPITAL, bill making (see McKeesport).

APPROPRIATION TO MEADVILLE CITY HOSPITAL, bill making (see Meadville).

APPROPRIATION TO MEDICAL COUNCIL to enforce provisions of act regulating practice of midwifery, bill making (see midwifery).

APPROPRIATION TO MEDICO-CHIRURGICAL COLLEGE of Philadelphia, bill making (see Medico-Chirurgical).

APPROPRIATION TO MEDICO-CHIRURGICAL HOSPITAL of Philadelphia, bill making (see Medico-Chirurgical).

APPROPRIATION TO MERCY HOSPITAL, Altoona, bill making (see Mercy).

APPROPRIATION TO MERCY HOSPITAL and School for Nurses in city of Philadelphia, bill making (see Mercy).

APPROPRIATION TO MERCY HOSPITAL OF JOHNSTOWN, bill making (see Mercy).

APPROPRIATION TO MERCY HOSPITAL of Pittsburg, bill making (see Mercy).

APPROPRIATION TO MERCY HOSPITAL, Wilkes-Barre, bill making (see Mercy).

APPROPRIATION TO MESSIAH HOME at Harrisburg, bill making (see Messiah).

APPROPRIATION TO MESSIAH HOME ORPHANAGE of Harrisburg, bill making (see Messiah).

APPROPRIATION TO MICHAEL ZAHNISER, late Treasurer of Mercer County, to refund certain fees, bill making (see Zahniser).

APPROPRIATION TO MIDNIGHT MISSION of Philadelphia, bill making (see Midnight).

APPROPRIATION TO MID-VALLEY HOSPITAL, bill making (see Mid-Valley).

APPROPRIATION TO MINER'S HOSPITAL of Northern Cambria, at Spangler, bill making (see Miner's).

APPROPRIATION TO MONONGAHELA MEMORIAL HOSPITAL Association of Monongahela, making an (see Monongahela).

APPROPRIATION TO MONROE COUNTY HOSPITAL at Stroudsburg, bill making (see Monroe).

APPROPRIATION TO MONTEFIORE HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION of Pittsburg, bill making (see Montefiore).

APPROPRIATION TO MOUNT PLEASANT MEMORIAL HOSPITAL, Mount Pleasant, Westmoreland County, bill making (see Mount Pleasant).

APPROPRIATION TO MOUNT SINAI HOSPITAL of Philadelphia, bill making (see Mount Sinai).

APPROPRIATION TO NANTICOKE HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION, bill making (see Nanticoke).

APPROPRIATION TO NASON HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION of Roaring Spring, bill making (see Nason).

APPROPRIATION TO NATIONAL FARM SCHOOL at Doylestown, bill making (see National).

APPROPRIATION TO NATIONAL GUARD of Pennsylvania and Naval Force of Pennsylvania for support, making an

Read in place in House by Mr. Dale, 324.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 324.

APPROPRIATION TO NATIONAL GUARD of Pennsylvania and Naval Force of Pennsylvania for support, making an

House Bill No. 851

Read in place in House by Mr. Dale, 1400.

Referred to Committee on Military, 1400.

Reported without amendment, 1948.

First reading and recommitted to Committee on Appropriations, 2047, 2048.

Re-reported from Committee,

Second reading, 2356.

Third reading and final passage, 2832.

Returned from Senate without amendment, 3232.

Signed by Speaker, 3479.

In Senate (No. 840)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2655.

Reported without amendment, 2682.

First reading, 2701.

Second reading, 2888.

Third reading and final passage, 3052.

Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

APPROPRIATION TO NAZARENE HOME FOR AGED, at Philadelphia, bill making (see Nazarene).

APPROPRIATION TO NEW CASTLE HOSPITAL at New Castle, Lawrence County, bill making (see New Castle).

APPROPRIATION TO NORTH PENNSYLVANIA GENERAL HOSPITAL and Sanitarium located at Austin, bill making (see North Pennsylvania).

APPROPRIATION TO NORTHERN HOME FOR FRIENDLESS CHILDREN, of Philadelphia, bill making (see Northern).

APPROPRIATION TO NORTHWESTERN ANTI-TUBERCULOSIS LEAGUE of Bradford, bill making (see Northwestern).

APPROPRIATION TO NORTHWESTERN GENERAL HOSPITAL of Philadelphia, bill making (see Northwestern).

APPROPRIATION TO NORTHWESTERN PENNSYLVANIA HUMANE SOCIETY of Erie, bill making (see Northwestern).

APPROPRIATION TO NORTHWESTERN STATE NORMAL SCHOOL at Eidenboro, bill making (see Northwestern).

APPROPRIATION TO NURSERY HOME at Harrisburg, bill making (see Nursery).

APPROPRIATION TO OIL CITY HOSPITAL, bill making (see Oil City).

APPROPRIATION TO OHIO VALLEY GENERAL HOSPITAL, McKees Rocks, Allegheny County, bill making (see Ohio).

APPROPRIATION TO OLD LADIES' HOME OF WISSINOMING, Philadelphia, bill making (see Old).

APPROPRIATION TO ORPHANS' ASYLUM OF THE HOLY FAMILY, located at Emsworth in County of Allegheny, bill making (see Orphans).

APPROPRIATION TO PANAMA PACIFIC International Exposition Commission, bill making (see Panama-Pacific).

APPROPRIATION TO PANTHER CREEK VALLEY HOSPITAL, Coaldale, bill making (see Panther).

APPROPRIATION TO PARADISE PROTECTORY and Agricultural School at Paradise Township, York County, bill making (see Paradise).

APPROPRIATION TO PASSAVANT MEMORIAL HOME for Care of Epileptics at Rochester, Beaver County, bill makin (see Passavant).

APPROPRIATION to pay expenses for extinguishing forest fires, bill making (see forest).

APPROPRIATION to pay expenses of Commission to revise and codify present anthracite mining laws, bill making (see mining).

APPROPRIATION to pay expenses of Pennsylvania Commissioners and to contribute to expenses of National Conference of Commissioners for promotion of uniformity of legislation in United States, bill making (see legislation).

APPROPRIATION to pay for preparation of Pamphlet known as Game, Fish and Forestry Laws, bill making (see laws).

APPROPRIATION to pay judgments obtained against Commonwealth by certain named executors of Mariassunto Acro Guercio, bill making (see Guercio).

APPROPRIATION TO PENN ASYLUM FOR INDIGENT WIDOWS AND SINGLE WOMEN at Philadelphia, bill making (see Penn).

APPROPRIATION TO PENNSYLVANIA ASSOCIATION for the Blind, bill making (see Pennsylvania).

APPROPRIATION TO PENNSYLVANIA EPILEPTIC HOSPITAL and Colony Farm, Chester County, bill making (see Pennsylvania).

APPROPRIATION TO PENNSYLVANIA HOME TEACHING SOCIETY and Free Circulating Library for Blind, bill making (see Pennsylvania).

APPROPRIATION TO PENNSYLVANIA INDUSTRIAL REFORMATORY at Huntingdon, bill making (see Pennsylvania).

APPROPRIATION TO PENNSYLVANIA INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL now located at Eagleville, Montgomery County, bill making (see Pennsylvania).
Deaf and Dumb, bill making (see Pennsylvania).

APPROPRIATION TO PENNSYLVANIA INSTITUTION for Instruction of Blind, bill making (see Pennsylvania).

APPROPRIATION TO PENNSYLVANIA MEMORIAL HOME at Brookville, Jefferson County, bill making (see Pennsylvania).

APPROPRIATION TO PENNSYLVANIA MUSEUM and School of Industrial Art of Philadelphia, bill making (see Pennsylvania).

APPROPRIATION TO PENNSYLVANIA NAUTICAL SCHOOLSHIP located at the Port of Philadelphia, towards maintenance, bill making (see Pennsylvania).

APPROPRIATION TO PENNSYLVANIA ORAL SCHOOL for Deaf, bill making (see Pennsylvania).

APPROPRIATION TO PENNSYLVANIA PRISON SOCIETY, bill making (see Pennsylvania).

APPROPRIATION TO PENNSYLVANIA REFORM SCHOOL at Morganza, bill making (see Pennsylvania).

APPROPRIATION TO PENNSYLVANIA SCHOOL OF HORTICULTURE for Women at Ambler, bill making (see Pennsylvania).

APPROPRIATION TO PENNSYLVANIA SEAMEN'S FUND SOCIETY, of Philadelphia, bill making (see Pennsylvania).

APPROPRIATION TO PENNSYLVANIA SOCIETY to Protect Children from Cruelty, of Philadelphia, bill making (see Pennsylvania).

APPROPRIATION TO PENNSYLVANIA STATE VACCINATION COMMISSION, concurrent resolution (House) by Connell, in reference to appointment of and, 1239.
Resolution referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1239.

APPROPRIATION TO PENNSYLVANIA TRAINING SCHOOL for Feeble-Minded Children at Elwyn, Delaware County, bill making (see Pennsylvania).

APPROPRIATION TO PENNSYLVANIA WORKING HOME for Blind Men for Maintenance in Handicraft Employment, bill making (see Pennsylvania).

APPROPRIATION TO PEOPLE'S CO-OPERATIVE HOSPITAL of Sayre, bill making (see People's).

APPROPRIATION TO PHILADELPHIA ASSOCIATION for Protection of Colored Women, bill making (see Philadelphia).

APPROPRIATION TO PHILADELPHIA HOME FOR INCURABLES, Philadelphia, bill making (see Philadelphia).

APPROPRIATION TO PHILADELPHIA HOME FOR INFANTS, bill making (see Philadelphia).

APPROPRIATION TO PHILADELPHIA JEWISH SANATORIUM for Consumptives located at Eagleville, Montgomery County, bill making (see Philadelphia).

APPROPRIATION TO PHILADELPHIA MUSEUMS, bill making (see Philadelphia).

APPROPRIATION TO PHILADELPHIA NORMAL SCHOOL for Girls for maintenance, buildings and equipment, bill making (see Philadelphia).

APPROPRIATION TO PHILADELPHIA ORTHOPAEDIC HOSPITAL and Infirmary for Nervous Diseases, bill making (see Philadelphia).

APPROPRIATION TO PHILADELPHIA POLYCLINIC AND COLLEGE for Graduates in Medicine, bill making (see Philadelphia).

APPROPRIATION TO PHILADELPHIA PROTECTORY for Boys, Protectory Station, Montgomery County, bill making (see Philadelphia).

APPROPRIATION TO PHILADELPHIA SCHOOL OF PEDAGOGY for maintenance, buildings and equipment, bill making (see Philadelphia).

APPROPRIATION TO PHOENIXVILLE HOSPITAL, bill making (see Phoenixville).

APPROPRIATION TO PITTSBURG AND ALLEGHENY HOME for Friendless situated in City of Pittsburg, bill making (see Pittsburg).

APPROPRIATION TO PITTSBURG HOME FOR BABIES, bill making (see Pittsburg).

APPROPRIATION TO PITTSBURG HOSPITAL, Sisters of Charity, bill making (see Pittsburg).

APPROPRIATION TO PITTSBURG NEWSBOYS' HOME, bill making (see Pittsburg).

APPROPRIATION TO PITTSBURG SUNSHINE CHILDREN'S HOME, bill making (see Pittsburg).

APPROPRIATION TO PITTSTON HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION, bill making (see Pittston).

APPROPRIATION TO POLYCLINIC HOSPITAL of Harrisburg, bill making (see Polyclinic).

APPROPRIATION TO PORTER LODGE, Number 284 F. and A. M. of Catasauqua, for excess of tax paid, bill making (see Porter).

APPROPRIATION TO POTTSTOWN HOSPITAL, bill making (see Pottstown).

APPROPRIATION TO POTTSVILLE HOSPITAL, bill making (see Pottsville).

APPROPRIATION TO PRESBYTERIAN HOSPITAL of Pittsburg, bill making (see Presbyterian).

APPROPRIATION TO PROTESTANT HOME for Boys, of Pittsburg, bill making (see Protestant).

APPROPRIATION to provide for acquirement and operation by State of all privately owned coal lands and coal mines therein, bill making (see coal).

APPROPRIATION to provide for acquisition at cost of Commonwealth for use of respective counties of certain bridges, bill making (see bridges).

APPROPRIATION to provide for celebration in Philadelphia to commemorate Fiftieth Anniversary of Emancipation Proclamation, bill making (see Emancipation).

APPROPRIATION to provide for compilation of all acts pertaining to sale of intoxicating liquors in force at expiration of present session, bill making (see liquors).

APPROPRIATION to provide for condemnation and acquisition of toll roads and for repair and maintenance thereof, bill making (see roads).

APPROPRIATION to provide for cost an dexpense of sewage disposal systems in cities, boroughs and other municipalities, bill making (see sewage).

APPROPRIATION to provide for erection by Fort McIntosh Chapter Daughters of American Revolution upon or near site of Fort McIntosh in borough of Beaver of a Memorial Building, bill making (see Fort).

APPROPRIATION to provide for establishment of a State Highway Board and to carry out provisions of act in reference thereto, bill making (see highway).

APPROPRIATION to provide for examination of Nanticoke Hospital and for its transfer to Commonwealth under certain conditions, bill making (see Nanticoke).

APPROPRIATION to provide for examination of Panther Creek Valley Hospital and for transfer under certain conditions of said Hospital to Commonwealth, bill making (see Panther).

APPROPRIATION to provide for expenses of Executive, Legislative and Judicial Departments of the Commonwealth, interest on public debt and for support of public schools for two fiscal years beginning June 1, 1911, and for payment of bills remaining unpaid at close of fiscal year ending May 31, 1911, making

House Bill No. 860

Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward,
Referred to Committee on Appropriations,
Reported with amendment, 1949.
First reading, 2048.
Recommitted to Committee, 2187.
Re-reported with amendment, 2974.
Second reading, 2974, 2975, 2976, 2977, 2978, 2979, 2980, 2981, 2982, 2983, 2984.
Third reading and final passage, 3184.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3581, 3582, 3583, 3584, 3585.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3585.
Signed by Speaker, 3608.

In Senate (No. 1240)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3047.
Reported without amendment, 3122.
First reading, 3179.
Second reading, 3303.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 3274.
Re-reported with amendment, 3414.
Third reading and final passage, 3418, 3419, 3420, 3421, 3422, 3423, 3424, 3425, 3426, 3427, 3428, 3429, 3430, 3431, 3432.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3457.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3536.

Remarks on, by

Snyder, 3418, 3419, 3420.
Kline, 3418, 3419, 3420.
Herbst, 3419, 3420.
Hall, 3419.
Wilbert, 3419, 3420.
Tustin, 3420.

APPROPRIATION to provide for holding an Annual State Fair, bill making (see fair).

APPROPRIATION to provide for making of facsimiles of ancient documents, papers, seals and arms belonging to Commonwealth, bill making (see facsimiles).

APPROPRIATION to provide for mediation and arbitration of labor disputes, bill making (see arbitration).

APPROPRIATION to provide for payment of expenses incident to attendance of Members of Pennsylvania Legislature at funeral of Honorable J. Calvin Meyer, deceased, bill making (see Meyer).

APPROPRIATION to provide for practical development of horticulture by establishing small model orchards for demonstrating and experimental purposes and for testing varieties, bill making (see horticulture).

APPROPRIATION to provide for publishing of proceedings of dedication of Pennsylvania Monument at Salisbury, North Carolina, bill making (see Salisbury).

APPROPRIATION to provide for purchase by Commonwealth of land upon which Fort Washington, Cumberland County, was constructed and its perpetuation a memorial of high-water mark of war between the States, bill making (see Fort Washington).

APPROPRIATION to provide for quadrennial inspection of and restoration, protection and perpetuation of boundary line monuments, bill making (see monuments).

APPROPRIATION to provide for road supervisors in townships of second class and to confer certain authority on said supervisors in regard to maintaining roads and bridges, bill making (see townships of second class).

APPROPRIATION to provide for State Asylum for Chronic Insane, bill amending, by changing amount per capita for weekly maintenance, act making (see insane).

APPROPRIATION to provide for survey of Pymatuning Swamp and examination into feasability of constructing reservoir therein, bill making (see Pymatuning).

APPROPRIATION to provide for taking of census in Pennsylvania in 1915, bill making (see census).

APPROPRIATION to Providence Hospital of Beaver Falls bill making (see Providence).

APPROPRIATION TO PUNXSUTAWNEY HOSPITAL at Punxsutawney, bill making (see Punxsutawney).

APPROPRIATION to purchase Brook Trout Hatchery now owned by D. S. Holmar of Fort Allegheny, bill making (see Fisheries).

APPROPRIATION TO READING HOSPITAL in City of Reading, bill making (see Reading).

APPROPRIATION TO REFUND to Alice T. Trill money paid for notary public commission, bill making (see Trill).

APPROPRIATION TO REFUND to Andrew Mangold amount paid for notary public commission, bill making (see Mangold).

APPROPRIATION TO REFUND to Edwin C. Emhardt money paid for notary public commission, bill making (see Emhardt).

APPROPRIATION TO REFUND to George T. Ghriest of Allegheny amount paid for commission as notary public, bill making (see Ghriest).

APPROPRIATION TO REFUND to Jacob Beitzel of York certain moneys inadvertently paid for distiller's license, bill making (see Beitzel).

APPROPRIATION TO REFUND to Walter C. Morris of Allegheny amount paid for commission as notary public, bill making (see Morris).

APPROPRIATION TO REFUND to Walter C. Redding money paid for notary public commission, bill making (see Redding).

APPROPRIATION TO REFUND to William G. Walter money paid for notary public commission, bill making (see Walter).

APPROPRIATION to regulate infliction of the death penalty, bill making (see penalty).

APPROPRIATION to regulate manner and place of inflicting penalty for murder of first degree, bill making (see penalty).

APPROPRIATION TO REIMBURSE certain counties and townships whose commissioners and supervisors have inadvertently failed to comply with law governing State aid in maintenance of highways, bill making (see highways).

APPROPRIATION TO REIMBURSE certain counties for moneys paid to county agricultural associations, bill making (see agricultural).

APPROPRIATION TO REIMBURSE counties for moneys paid under provisions of act creating a reward for destruction of certain noxious animals killed within Pennsylvania, bill making (see animals).

APPROPRIATION TO REIMBURSE E. C. Rudolph of Big Run for moneys expended in suppression of smallpox epidemic at Eleanora, bill making (see Rudolph).

APPROPRIATION TO REIMBURSE Hard C. Palm for money expended on Company F, 208th Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, bill making (see Palm).

APPROPRIATION TO REIMBURSE Robert E. Wible for money erroneously paid into State Treasury, bill making (see Wible).

APPROPRIATION TO REIMBURSE T. A. Klepinger, Health Officer of Alliance, Northampton County, for services rendered in Northampton and Lehigh Counties for disinfecting on account of smallpox, bill making (see Klepinger).

APPROPRIATION TO REIMBURSE the several counties for advancements for payment of services of certain officers, bill making (see counties).

APPROPRIATION TO RELIEF COMMITTEE of Pancoast mine disaster, bill making (see Pancoast).

APPROPRIATION TO RENOVO HOSPITAL, bill making (see Renovo).

APPROPRIATION TO ROBERT PACKER HOSPITAL at Sayre, bill making (see Robert).

APPROPRIATION TO ROCHESTER GENERAL HOSPITAL at Rochester, Beaver County, bill making (see Rochester).

APPROPRIATION TO ROOSEVELT HOSPITAL of Philadelphia, bill making (see Roosevelt).

APPROPRIATION TO ROSELIA FOUNDLING AND MATERNITY HOSPITAL of City of Pittsburg, bill making (see Roselia).

APPROPRIATION TO ROSINE HOME of Philadelphia, bill making (see Rosine).

APPROPRIATION TO RUSH HOSPITAL for consumption and allied diseases, of Philadelphia, bill making (see Rush).

APPROPRIATION TO SAINT CHRISTOPHER'S HOSPITAL for children of Philadelphia, bill making (see Saint Christopher's).

APPROPRIATION TO SAINT FRANCIS HOSPITAL of Pittsburg, bill making (see Saint Francis).

APPROPRIATION TO SAINT JOHN'S GENERAL HOSPITAL of Allegheny City, bill making (see Saint John's).

APPROPRIATION TO SAINT JOHN'S ORPHAN ASYLUM, Philadelphia, bill making (see Saint John's).

APPROPRIATION TO SAINT JOSEPH'S HOME and Maternity Hospital of Scranton, bill making (see Saint Joseph's).

APPROPRIATION TO SAINT JOSEPH'S HOSPITAL and Dispensary of Pittsburg, bill making (see Saint Joseph's).

APPROPRIATION TO SAINT JOSEPH'S HOSPITAL in City of Reading, bill making (see Saint Joseph's).

APPROPRIATION TO SAINT JOSEPH'S HOSPITAL of Philadelphia, bill making (see Saint Joseph's).

APPROPRIATION TO SAINT JOSEPH'S PROTECTORY for Homeless Boys, Pittsburg, bill making (see Saint Joseph's).

APPROPRIATION TO SAINT JOSEPH'S PROTECTORY, Norristown, bill making (see Saint Joseph's).

APPROPRIATION TO SAINT LUKE'S HOMEOPATHIC HOSPITAL of Philadelphia, bill making (see Saint Luke's).

APPROPRIATION TO SAINT LUKE'S HOSPITAL located at South Bethlehem, bill making (see Saint Luke's).

APPROPRIATION TO SAINT MARY'S HOSPITAL of Philadelphia, bill making (see Saint Mary's).

APPROPRIATION TO SAINT PATRICK'S ORPHAN ASYLUM of Scranton, bill making (see Saint Patrick's).

APPROPRIATION TO SAINT TIMOTHY'S MEMORIAL HOSPITAL and House of Mercy, Roxborough, bill making (see Saint Timothy's).

APPROPRIATION TO SAINT VINCENT'S HOME, Philadelphia, bill making (see Saint Vincent's).

APPROPRIATION TO SAINT VINCENT'S HOME AND MATERNITY HOSPITAL, Philadelphia, bill making (see Saint Vincent's).

APPROPRIATION TO SAINT VINCENT'S HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION of the City of Erie, bill making (see Saint Vincent's).

APPROPRIATION TO SAINT VINCENT'S ORPHAN ASYLUM at Tacony, Philadelphia, bill making (see Saint Vincent's).

APPROPRIATION to Salisbury Memorial Commission to erect memorial in National Cemetery at Florence, North Carolina, in memory of Pennsylvania Soldiers who perished in Confederate Prison at Florence, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Wilbert, making, 3122.

Resolution returned by House, 3279.

Concurred in by House, 3310.

APPROPRIATION TO SALVATION ARMY RESCUE AND MATERNITY HOME of Bellevue, Allegheny County, bill making (see Salvation).

APPROPRIATION TO SAMARITAN HOSPITAL of Philadelphia, bill making (see Samaritan).

APPROPRIATION TO SAMARITAN HOSPITAL of Temple University of Philadelphia, bill making (see Samaritan).

APPROPRIATION TO SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE to prepare and publish report of insects of Pennsylvania, bill making (see insects).

APPROPRIATION TO SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS to purchase from United States Government standard tests of weights and measures, bill making (see weights).

APPROPRIATION TO SENATE, in Section No. 1 of House Bill No. 1, making (see Senate).

APPROPRIATION TO SEWICKLEY FRESH AIR HOME, in Beaver County, bill making (see Sewickley).

APPROPRIATION TO SEWICKLEY VALLEY HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION of Sewickley, bill making (see Sewickley).

APPROPRIATION TO SHENANGO VALLEY HOSPITAL, of New Castle, bill making (see Shenango).

APPROPRIATION TO SIMON H. BARNES MEMORIAL HOSPITAL of Susquehanna, bill making (see Simon).

APPROPRIATION TO SISTERS OF CHARITY of Saint Catharine's Orphan Asylum of Reading, bill making (see Sisters).

APPROPRIATION TO SOCIETY for providing pure milk for babies, of Harrisburg, bill making (see Society).

APPROPRIATION TO SOUTH SIDE HOSPITAL of Pittsburg, bill making (see South Side).

APPROPRIATION TO SOUTHWESTERN STATE NORMAL SCHOOL at California, bill making (see Southwestern).

APPROPRIATION TO SPENCER HOSPITAL located at Meadville, Crawford County, bill making (see Spencer).

APPROPRIATION TO SPRINGDALE GENERAL HOSPITAL, at Springdale, Allegheny County, bill making (see Springdale).

APPROPRIATION TO STATE ASYLUM FOR CHRONIC INSANE of Pennsylvania located at Wernersville for maintenance of indigent insane, bill making (see insane).

APPROPRIATION TO STATE DEPARTMENT OF CHARITIES and abolishing Board of Public Charities and Committee on Lunacy, bill making (see Charities).

APPROPRIATION TO STATE FORESTRY ACADEMY at Mont Alto, Franklin County, bill making (see State Forestry).

APPROPRIATION TO STATE HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT for improving Turtle Creek, bill making (see Turtle).

APPROPRIATION TO STATE HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT in Section No. 7 of House Bill No. 1, bill making (see Highway Department, State).

APPROPRIATION TO STATE HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT to be used in making experiments on roads in Pike County, bill making (see Highway).

APPROPRIATION TO STATE HOSPITAL FOR INJURED persons of Trevorton, Shamokin and Mount Carmel coal fields situate in the Township of Coal, near Shamokin, bill making (see State Hospital).

APPROPRIATION TO STATE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE at Danville, bill making (see State Hospital).

APPROPRIATION TO STATE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE for the Southeastern District of Pennsylvania at Norristown, bill making (see State Hospital).

APPROPRIATION TO STATE HOSPITAL FOR TUBERCULAR CONVICTS, bill making (see tubercular).

APPROPRIATION TO STATE NORMAL SCHOOL of Eleventh District located at Slippery Rock, bill making (see State Normal).

APPROPRIATION TO STATE NORMAL SCHOOL of Fourth District located at East Stroudsburg, bill making (see State Normal).

Read in place in House by Mr. Kinney, 1083.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1083.

APPROPRIATION TO STATE NORMAL SCHOOL of Sixth District, located at Bloomsburg, bill making (see State Normal).

Read in place by Mr. Shaffer, 688.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 688.

APPROPRIATION TO STATE NORMAL SCHOOL of Thirteenth District at Clarion, bill making (see State Normal).

APPROPRIATION TO STATE NORMAL SCHOOLS, bill making (see State Normal).

APPROPRIATION TO STATE LIVESTOCK SANITARY BOARD, in Section 6 of House Bill No. 1, bill making (see Livestock Sanitary Board, State).

APPROPRIATION TO STATE PHARMACEUTICAL EXAMINING BOARD of Pennsylvania, bill making (see State Pharmaceutical).

APPROPRIATION TO STATE QUARANTINE STATION for maintenance and for special purposes, bill making (see State Quarantine).

APPROPRIATION TO STETSON HOSPITAL of Philadelphia, bill making (see Stetson).

APPROPRIATION TO STROUDSBURG HOSPITAL, bill making (see Stroudsburg).

APPROPRIATION TO SUBURBAN GENERAL HOSPITAL of Bellevue, Allegheny County, bill making (see Suburban).

APPROPRIATION TO SYLVAN HEIGHTS HOME for Orphan Girls at Harrisburg, bill making (see Sylvan).

APPROPRIATION TO TABOR HOME FOR CHILDREN of Philadelphia, bill making (see Tabor).

APPROPRIATION TO TAYLOR HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION, bill making (see Taylor).

APPROPRIATION TO TEMPLE UNIVERSITY OF PHILADELPHIA, bill making (see Temple).

APPROPRIATION TO THADDEUS STEVENS INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL of Pennsylvania, at Lancaster, bill making (see Thaddeus).

APPROPRIATION TO TITUSVILLE HOSPITAL, bill making (see Titusville).

APPROPRIATION TO TODD HOSPITAL at Carlisle, bill making (see Todd).

APPROPRIATION TO TOPOGRAPHIC AND GEOLOGICAL SURVEY COMMISSION, bill making (see Topographic).

APPROPRIATION TO TOWNSHIPS OF SECOND CLASS which abolish work tax for fifteen per centum bonus, bill making (see Townships of second class).

APPROPRIATION TO TRUSTEES of Agricultural Experiment Station of Pennsylvania State College, bill making (see Pennsylvania).

APPROPRIATION TO TRUSTEES OF COTTAGE STATE HOSPITAL at Connellsville, bill making (see Cottage).

APPROPRIATION TO TRUSTEES OF DANVILLE STATE HOSPITAL for insane to connect effluent of sewage disposal plant with sewer system at Danville, bill making (see Danville).

APPROPRIATION TO TRUSTEES of Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic at Spring City, bill making (see Eastern).

APPROPRIATION TO TRUSTEES OF FRANKLIN INSTITUTE of State of Pennsylvania for promotion of Mechanic Arts, bill making (see Franklin).

APPROPRIATION TO TRUSTEES OF GROVE CITY COLLEGE, bill making (see Grove City).

APPROPRIATION TO TRUSTEES of Homeopathic State Hospital for Insane by extending time during which said appropriation shall be available, bill to amend act making (see Homeopathic).

APPROPRIATION TO TRUSTEES OF PENNSYLVANIA STATE COLLEGE for college extension work, bill making (see Pennsylvania).

APPROPRIATION TO TRUSTEES of Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, bill making (see Philadelphia).

APPROPRIATION TO TRUSTEES of State Asylum for Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania, at South Mountain, bill making (see State Asylum).

APPROPRIATION TO TRUSTEES of State Hospital for Criminal Insane at Fairview, Wayne County, bill making (see State Hospital).

APPROPRIATION TO TRUSTEES of State Hospital for Injured Persons at Mercer, bill making (see State Hospital).

APPROPRIATION TO TRUSTEES of State Hospital for Injured Persons in the Township of Coal, near Shamokin, bill to amend act making (see State Hospital).

APPROPRIATION TO TRUSTEES of State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Anthracite coal region of Pennsylvania at Fountain Springs, bill making (see State Hospital).

APPROPRIATION TO TRUSTEES of State Hospital for Injured Persons of Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous coal regions located at Blossburg, bill making (see State Hospital).

APPROPRIATION TO TRUSTEES of State Hospital for Injured Persons of Middle Coal Field, bill making (see State Hospital).

APPROPRIATION TO TRUSTEES of State Hospital for Injured Persons of Trevorton, Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields, bill making (see State Hospital).

APPROPRIATION TO TRUSTEES of State Hospital for Injured Persons of Trevorton, Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields, bill to amend act making (see State Hospital).

APPROPRIATION TO TRUSTEES of State Hospital for Insane at Danville, bill making (see State Hospital).

APPROPRIATION TO TRUSTEES of State Hospital for Insane at Warren, bill making (see State Hospital).

APPROPRIATION TO TRUSTEES of State Hospital for Insane for Southeastern District of Pennsylvania, located at Norristown, bill making (see State Hospital).

APPROPRIATION TO TRUSTEES of State Hospital of Northern Anthracite Coal Region of Pennsylvania, at Scranton, bill making (see State Hospital).

APPROPRIATION TO TRUSTEES of State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania, at Polk, bill making (see State Institution).

APPROPRIATION TO TRUSTEES of State Lunatic Hospital for Southern District of Pennsylvania, located at Harrisburg, bill making (see State Lunatic).

APPROPRIATION TO TRUSTEES of University of Pennsylvania, bill making (see University).

APPROPRIATION TO TRUSTEES of University of Pittsburg, bill making (see University).

APPROPRIATION TO TUBERCULOSIS LEAGUE of Pittsburg, bill making (see Tuberculosis).

APPROPRIATION TO UNION BAPTIST ASSOCIATION of Western and Central Pennsylvania, located at Pittsburg, bill making (see Union).

APPROPRIATION TO UNION HOME FOR OLD LADIES of West Philadelphia, bill making (see Union).

APPROPRIATION TO UNIONTOWN HOSPITAL, bill making (see Uniontown).

APPROPRIATION TO UNITED CHARITIES of Hazleton, bill making (see United).

APPROPRIATION TO UNITED ZION HOME AND HOSPITAL, Lititz, bill making (see United).

APPROPRIATION TO VISITING NURSE ASSOCIATION located in North Side, City of Pittsburg, bill making (see Visiting).

APPROPRIATION TO VISITING NURSE ASSOCIATION of City of York, bill making (see Visiting).

APPROPRIATION TO WARREN EMERGENCY HOSPITAL of Warren, bill making (see Warren).

APPROPRIATION TO WASHINGTON AND JEFFERSON COLLEGE, in repayment for collateral inheritance tax on certain bequests, bill making (see Washington).

APPROPRIATION TO WASHINGTON HOSPITAL, bill making (see Washington).

APPROPRIATION TO WATER SUPPLY COMMISSION of Pennsylvania for protection of property at Lackawaxen, Pike County, from Lackawaxen and Delaware Rivers, bill making (see water).

APPROPRIATION TO WAYNE COUNTY HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION for construction of hospital at Honesdale, bill making (see Wayne).

APPROPRIATION TO WAYNESBURG COLLEGE, a co-educational institution, bill making (see Waynesburg).

APPROPRIATION TO WAYNESBURG HOSPITAL, bill making (see Waynesburg).

APPROPRIATION TO WEST MOUNTAIN SANATORIUM of Scranton, bill making (see West).

APPROPRIATION TO WEST PHILADELPHIA GENERAL HOMEOPATHIC HOSPITAL and Dispensary, bill making (see West).

PROPRIATION TO WEST PHILADELPHIA GENERAL HOSPITAL and Dispensary, bill making (see West).

PROPRIATION TO WEST PHILADELPHIA HOSPITAL for Women in City of Philadelphia, bill making (see West).

PROPRIATION TO WEST SIDE HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION of City of Scranton, bill making (see West).

ROPRIATION TO WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA HOSPITAL, bill making (see Western).

PROPRIATION TO WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA HUMANE SOCIETY, bill making (see Western).

PPROPRIATION TO WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA INSTITUTION for Blind at Pittsburg, bill making (see Western).

PROPRIATION TO WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA INSTITUTION for Instruction of Deaf and Dumb, bill making (see Western).

PROPRIATION TO WESTERN STATE PENITENTIARY, bill making (see Western).

PPROPRIATION TO WESTERN TEMPORARY HOME of Philadelphia, bill making (see Western).

PPROPRIATION TO WESTMORELAND HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION, of Greensburg, bill making (see Westmoreland).

PPROPRIATION TO WILKES-BARRE CITY HOSPITAL, bill making (see Wilkes-Barre).

PPROPRIATION TO WILLIAMSPORT HOSPITAL, bill making (see Williamsport).

PPROPRIATION TO WILLS EYE HOSPITAL of Philadelphia, bill making (see Wills).

PPROPRIATION TO WOMAN'S HOSPITAL of Philadelphia, bill making (see Woman's).

PPROPRIATION TO WOMAN'S MEDICAL COLLEGE of Pennsylvania, for use in the Hospital Department, Philadelphia, bill making (see Woman's).

PPROPRIATION TO WOMEN'S HOMEOPATHIC ASSOCIATION of Pennsylvania, bill making (see Women's).

PPROPRIATION TO WOMEN'S SOUTHERN HOMEOPATHIC HOSPITAL of Philadelphia, bill making (see women's).

PPROPRIATION TO WOMEN'S UNION DAY NURSERY of Philadelphia, bill making see (Women's).

PPROPRIATION TO WOODS RUN INDUSTRIAL HOUSE of Allegheny, bill making (see Woods).

PPROPRIATION TO WYOMING VALLEY HOMEOPATHIC HOSPITAL, bill making (see Wyoming).

PPROPRIATION TO WYOMING VALLEY SOCIETY for prevention and treatment of tuberculosis, ofWilkes-Barre, bill making (see Wyoming).

PPROPRIATION TO YORK HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY of York City, bill making (see York).

PPROPRIATION TO YORK SOCIETY to Protect Children and Aged Persons, formerly Christian Home, of York, bill making (see York).

PPROPRIATIONS BY GENERAL ASSEMBLY to unincorporated Charitable, Reformatory or Correctional Institutions formed after date of approval of this act, to prohibit making of

House Bill No. 731

Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 1398.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1398.
Reported without amendment, 1610.
First reading, 1828.
Second reading, 2119.
Third reading and final passage, 3000, 3001.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3529.
Signed by Speaker, 3588.

In Senate (No. 1208)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3043.
Reported without amendment, 3120.
First reading, 3177.
Second reading, 3300.
Third reading and final passage, 3387, 3388.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3538.

PPROPRIATION for carrying into effect provisions of act relative to accepting grant of public lands by United States for endowment of Agricultural Colleges, bill making (see agricultural).

APPROPRIATIONS for erection, equipment and maintenance of general and emergency hospitals, bill to provide for regulation of (see State).

APPROPRIATIONS from hospitals for failure to receive patients, bill to provide for withdrawal of State (see hospitals).

APPROPRIATIONS shall receive as patients without charge all sick or injured honorably discharged soldiers, sailors or marines who served in Civil War, bill to require that all hospitals maintained wholly or partly by State (see hospitals).

APPROPRIATIONS TO CORPORATIONS now or hereafter merged or consolidated, to provide for payment of

House Bill No. 1085

Read in place in House by Mr. Frey, 209.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 209.
Reported with amendment, 2240.
First reading, 2336.
Second reading, 2412.
Third reading and final passage, 2777, 2778.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.

In Senate (No. 1009)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.
Reported without amendment, 2687.
First reading, 2709.
Second reading, 2915.
Third reading and final passage, 3084.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

APPROPRIATIONS TO FURNISH HOUSE with certain data so as to avoid making appropriations in excess of State revenues, resolution (House) by Williams asking Chairman of Committee on, 2015.

APPROPRIATIONS TO INSTITUTIONS, concurrent resolution (House) by Dearden, in reference to joint committee to investigate, 779.
Resolution referred to Committee on Appropriations 779.

APPROPRIATIONS TO INSTITUTIONS not wholly managed by Commonwealth liens on premises of such institutions for use of Commonwealth, to make

Senate Bill No. 267

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 608.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 608.
Reported without amendment, 609.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 686.
Re-reported with amendment, 1417.
Second reading, 1444, 1445.
Third reading and final passage, 1587, 1588.
Returned from House with amendments, 3405.
Concurred in House amendments, 3405.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3539.

In House (No. 828)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1678.
Reported without amendment, 1780.
First reading, 1834.
Second reading and amended, 2148, 2149.
Third reading and amended, 2515.
Resumed and passed finally, 3503, 3504.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 3591.
Signed by Speaker, 3610.

APPROVAL OF ACTS BY GOVERNOR after adjournment of Legislature of nineteen hundred and nine, presented to Senate, 10-22.
Presented to House, 53.

APPROVAL OF WATER SUPPLY COMMISSION, to amend act relating to source of supply of water and water power companies by providing that no water or water power company municipality nor any corporation using water shall take any new source of supply without

House Bill No. 694

Read in place in House by Mr. Shreve, 1238.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1238.
Reported without amendment, 1480.
First reading, 1502.
Second reading, 2103.
Third reading and final passage, 2573.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2542.

APPROVED BY WATER SUPPLY COMMISSION, bill to amend act relating to right of eminent domain of water companies by permitting the exercise of right of eminent domain if plans have been (see water).

AQUATIC ANIMALS valuable for food or commerce to define which are
Read in place in House by Mr. Leh, 123.
Referred to Committee on Fisheries, 123.

ARBITRATION, amending, so as to provide for counties having over one million population, act relating to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Powell, 250.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 250.

ARBITRATION OF LABOR DISPUTES, to provide for mediation and
House Bill No. 617
Read in place in House by Mr. Wm. Ward, Jr., 921.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 921.
Reported with amendment, 1340.
First reading, 1413.
Second reading, 1535, 1536.
Third reading and amended, 2020.
Remarks on, by
Maurer, 2020.
Ward, Wm., Jr., 2020.

ARBITRATION, supplement, providing for election of three official arbitrators in counties having over one million population, to act relating to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Powell, 250.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 250.

ARBITRATION, to provide for settlement of strikes or lockouts by Boards of
Senate Bill No. 1243
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Weingartner, 805.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 806.
Reported without amendment, 3156.
First reading, 3180.
Second reading, 3304.
Dropped from calendar, 3436.

ARMORIES FOR USE OF NATIONAL GUARD, making appropriation for erection of
House Bill No. 1082
Read in place in House by Mr. Dale, 362.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 362.
Reported with amendment, 2240.
First reading, 2336.
Second reading, 2412.
Third reading and final passage, 2776, 2777.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.
In Senate (No. 1006)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.
Reported without amendment, 2687.
First reading, 2709.
Second reading, 2914, 2915.
Third reading and final passage, 3083.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

ARMORY BOARD OF THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA by fixing salaries and providing for payment of expenses of members of the board, to amend act relating to
Senate Bill No. 678
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichols, 340.
Referred to Committee on Military Affairs, 340.
Reported without amendment, 2155.
First reading, 2213.
Second reading, 2283.
Third reading and final passage, 2457.
Returned from House without amendment, 3406, 3407.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3539.
In House (No. 1332)
Referred to Committee on Military Affairs, 2571.
Reported without amendment, 2943.
First reading, 2943.
Second reading, 3023.
Third reading and final passage, 3486.
Signed by Speaker, 3610.

ARMORY BOARD OF THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA for special purposes, making an appropriation to the
House Bill No. 215.
Read in place in House by Mr. Dale, 155.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 155.

ARMORY BOARD OF THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.
Reported without amendment, 566.
First reading, 604.
Second reading, 740.
Third reading and final passage, 815, 816.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1170.
Signed by Speaker, 1196.
Approved by Governor, 1403.
In Senate (No. 385)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 808.
Reported without amendment, 937.
First reading, 1012.
Second reading, 1075.
Third reading and final passage, 1104.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1183.

ARREST, DETENTION, EXAMINATION, photographing and measurement of persons charged with a crime, bill relating to (see crime).

ARREST in case of neglect or refusal to pay county, borough or township taxes, bill to provide for (see taxes).

ARSENAL, bill to regulate number of employes in State (see employes).

ART COMMISSION and extending police power in relation to things placed in streets or public places by public service corporations, supplement to act for government of cities of second class creating (see cities of second class).

ART, supplement to act regarding corporations providing for incorporation of trustees under any will creating trust for benefit of people of any incorporated city for advancement of (see city).

ARTHUR, H. W., Member of Board of Dental Examiners of State of Pennsylvania, nominated, 27.

ARTICLE OR COMMODITY or to interfere with free competition, bill to make it a misdemeanor for any two or more persons to enter into any agreement to control price of any (see competition).

ARTICLES OF COMMERCE shall be sold, bill to prescribe manner in which (see weights).

ARTICLES OF FOOD IN NEWSPAPERS, bill to prohibit wrapping of certain (see food).

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION may be acknowledged before justice of the peace, bill to provide that (see acknowledged).

ARTICLES OF MERCHANDISE intended to be exposed for sale, other than articles of food, bill to prohibit misbranding of (see merchandise).

ASPHYXIATION by regulating use of appliances for heating and cooking by means of gas, bill to prevent (see gas).

ASSESSED ACCORDING TO ITS FAIR CASH VALUE, bill to require all property, real, personal and mixed, to be taxable and (see taxable).

ASSESSED AGAINST ABUTTING PROPERTY when property on one side of street is exempt from assessment, bill to amend act relating to paving of streets in boroughs by fixing a different portion of costs which may be (see boroughs).

ASSESSMENT FOR TAXATION or forfeiture of interests vested by general Mineral Reservations in devises and conveyances, bill to regulate (see minerals).

ASSESSMENT OF TAXES, bill to provide for registration of conveyances of real estate in counties with population not exceeding 400,000, excepting townships of first class, to facilitate (see counties).

ASSESSMENT THEREOF, bill to make all motor-vehicles taxable as other personalty is taxable and regulating (see taxable).

ASSESSMENTS BY RAISING VALUATION OF PROPERTIES which in their judgment have been assessed too low, to authorize courts of common pleas on appeal to equalize
Read in place in House by Mr. Fitzgerald, 1458.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1458.

ASSESSMENTS OF REAL ESTATE partially in two or more municipalities or townships or lying near dividing line, relating to double
House Bill No. 661
Read in place in House by Mr. Rath, 1184.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1184.
Reported without amendment, 1468, 1469.

ASSESSMENTS OF REAL ESTATE—Continued.
First reading, 1500.
Second reading, 2089, 2090.
Third reading and final passage, 2561, 2562.
In Senate
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2537.

ASSESSMENTS to be issued by the commissioners of the several counties, to amend act by changing time for issuing precepts and for making return of assessments, relating to time for precepts for tri-annual
House Bill No. 14
Read in place in House by Mr. Horace B. Dunn, 98.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 98.
Reported without amendment, 115.
First reading, 125.
Recommitted to Committee, 135.

ASSESSOR, bill to amend supplementary act to act relating to government of cities of third class, as regards powers and duties of city (see cities of third class).

ASSESSOR IN EACH LEGISLATIVE DISTRICT and three assessors from county at large in certain counties, to authorize appointment by County Commissioners of an
House Bill No. 479
Read in place in House by Mr. Ehrhardt, 960.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 960.
Reported without amendment, 1028.
First reading, 1092.
Second reading and amended, 1390, 1391, 1392.
Third reading and final passage, 1764, 1765.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3325.
Non-concurred in Senate amendments, 3325, 3326.
Returned from Senate with adherence to its amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3374.
Conference committee appointed, 3374.
Conference committee report considered and adopted, 3523, 3524, 3525.
Returned from Senate with conference committee report adopted, 3580.
Signed by Speaker, 3609.
Remarks on, by
Hobbs, 1390, 3325, 3524, 3525.
Ulerich, 3325, 3524.
Brennan, 3325, 3524, 3525.
In Senate (No. 683)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1801.
Reported with amendment, 2201.
First reading, 2285.
Second reading and amended, 2462.
Over in its order, 2529.
Third reading and amended, 2609, 2610.
Vote on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 2693.
Over in its order, 2885.
Final passage, 2928, 2929.
Returned from House with Senate amendments non-concurred in, 3281.
Conference committee appointed, 3281.
Returned from House with adherence to its non-concurrence in Senate amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3378.
Returned from House with conference committee report adopted, 3455.
Conference committee report considered and adopted, 3455, 3456.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3536.
Klingerman, 3525.
Ehrhardt, 3525.

ASSESSOR IN EACH LEGISLATIVE DISTRICT and three assessors from county at large in counties having population between 200,000 and 325,000 inhabitants, to authorize appointment by county commissioner of one
Senate Bill No. 478
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichols, 1068.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1068.
Reported without amendment, 1254.
First reading, 1325.
Second reading, 1427.
Third reading and amended, 1441.
Resumed and postponed for present, 1584, 1585.
Resumed and passed finally, 2174.

ASSESSOR IN EACH LEGISLATIVE DISTRICT—Continued.
In House (No. 1248)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2221.
Reported without amendment, 2247.
First reading, 2384.
Second reading, 2513.
Third reading and postponed for present, 3366.

ASSESSORS AND ASSISTANT ASSESSORS in Cumberland county, to repeal certain acts in so far as they relate to compensation of
House Bill No. 427
Read in place in House by Mr. Ferguson, 776.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 776.
Reported without amendment, 1015.
First reading, 1089.
Second reading, 1369.
Third reading and final passage, 1674.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2312.
Signed by Speaker, 2588.
In Senate (No. 656)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1666.
Reported without amendment, 1963.
First reading, 2181.
Second reading, 2211.
Third reading and final passage, 2269.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2522.

ASSESSORS FOR REGISTRATION OF VOTERS in certain townships and boroughs, to repeal act relating to election of assistant
Read in place in House by Mr. Dershem, 104.
Referred to Committee on Elections, 104.

ASSESSORS FOR TRIENNIAL ASSESSMENTS, to amend act relating to date when commissioners of the several counties shall issue their precepts to.
House Bill No. 228
Read in place in House by Mr. Dershem, 304.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 304.
Reported with amendment, 589.
First reading, 639.
Second reading and amended, 743.
Third reading and final passage, 822.
Returned from House without amendment, 1204.
Signed by Speaker, 1251.
Approved by Governor, 1403.
In Senate (No. 410).
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 837.
Reported without amendment, 995.
First reading, 1079.
Second reading, 1110.
Third reading and final passage, 1177.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1230.

ASSESSORS IN CASE OF VACANCY, to provide for appointment by county commissioners in counties having between 800,000 and 1,400,000 inhabitants, of registry assessors and
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 1656.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1656.

ASSESSORS IN CERTAIN TOWNSHIPS AND BOROUGHS by enlarging their term, to amend act relating to assistant
Read in place in House by Mr. Freeman, 417.
Referred to Committee on Elections, 417.

ASSESSORS IN CITIES OF THIRD CLASS, bill to provide for election of city (see cities of third class).

ASSESSORS IN COUNTIES having population of 1,000,000 or over, bill to amend, so as to apply to counties having population of 1,400,000 or over, acts fixing salary of real estate (see counties).

ASSESSORS TO BOARD OF REVISION in counties with between 150,000 and 1,000,000 inhabitants, bill to amend act relating to ordinary expenses of government by adding (see counties).

ASSETS AND DISSOLUTION OF CORPORATIONS under supervision of Commissioner of Banking, bill to provide for liquidation, distribution of (see corporations).

ASSIGNMENT OF JUDGES to districts other than their own for the purpose of expediting business, bill for (see judges).

ASSIGNMENT OF MORTGAGE DEBTS and indentures of mortgage, bill to amend act relating to foreign representatives of decedents and wards by extending its provisions to (see mortgage).

ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES under certain conditions, bill to amend supplement to act relating to sheriffs' sales of real estate so as to forbid (see recording).

ASSISTANCE TO ELECTORS WHEN VOTING, bill to amend act regulating nomination and election of public officers by further regulating giving of (see electors).

ASSISTANT ASSESSORS IN CERTAIN TOWNSHIPS and boroughs by enlarging their term, bill to amend act relating to election of (see assessors).

ASSISTANT ASSESSORS IN CUMBERLAND COUNTY, bill to repeal certain acts in so far as they relate to compensation of assessors and (see assessors).

ASSISTANT CLERK AND MESSENGER, bill to amend act relating to personal registration of electors in cities of first and second classes by providing for (see cities).

ASSISTANT CLERK of said courts in respective judges thereof in certain counties, bill to amend act relating to Orphans' Courts by vesting appointment of first (see courts).

ASSISTANT COUNTY DETECTIVE in counties with population between 1,000,000 and 1,500,000, bill to provide for appointment by district attorney of (see detective).

ASSISTANT DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL, William M. Hargest nominated as, 22.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY in counties with between 300,000 and 750,000 inhabitants, bill to fix the salary of the district Attorney and to provide for the appointment of (see District Attorney).

ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY who has not been admitted to practice in Supreme and Superior Courts of this Commonwealth, bill to provide that no person shall be eligible to office of district attorney or (see District Attorney).

ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEYS in counties with between 300,000 and 750,000 inhabitants, bill to provide for appointment of (see District Attorneys).

ASSISTANT ECONOMIC ZOOLOGIST of Department of Agriculture, John D. Herr, nominated as, 27.
Reported, 3382.
Confirmed, 3414, 3415.

ASSISTANT SPECIAL DETECTIVE OFFICERS in certain counties, bill to provide for appointment of (see detective).

ASSISTANT STATE LIBRARIAN AND MESSENGER in State Library, bill to fix salaries of second (see State).

ASSISTANT STENOGRAPHERS for the several courts making it duty of official stenographers to transcribe and furnish copies of their notes to counsel, bill to amend act relating to stenographers and (see stenographers).

ASSISTANT STENOGRAPHERS in the several courts so as to provide that every examiner, mastery in chancery, special master, master in divorce, commissioner, auditor or other like officer shall employ an official stenographer of court whereby he is appointed to take notes of proceedings, bill to amend act relating to stenographers and (see stenographers).

ASSISTANT STENOGRAPHERS to report proceedings in the several courts, bill to amend act relating to appointment of stenographers and (see stenographers).

ASSISTANT ZOOLOGIST AND HORTICULTURIST and abolishing offices of Economic Zoologist and Assistant Economic Zoologist, bill to create in Department of Agriculture offices of State Zoologist and Horticulturist and (see Department of Agriculture).

ASSOCIATE JUDGES, bill to regulate salary and payment thereof of (see judges).

ASSOCIATE JUDGES FOR YEARS 1910 AND 1911, bill making appropriation for payment of mileage of (see judges).

ASSOCIATED CHARITIES AND HUMANE SOCIETY of Lackawanna County, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 994
Read in place in House by Mr. Ehrhardt, 97.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 98.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2332.
Second reading, 2399.
Third reading and final passage, 2748.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.

ASSOCIATED CHARITIES AND HUMANE SOCIETY—Continued.
In Senate (No. 924)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2685.
First reading, 2705.
Second reading, 2909.
Third reading and final passage, 3068.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

ASSOCIATED CHARITIES AND HUMANE SOCIETY of Lackawanna County, making appropriation to
Senate Bill No. 85
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichols, 90.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 90.
Reported without amendment, 241.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 275.

ASSOCIATION MAY BE ACKNOWLEDGED BEFORE A JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, bill to provide that certificates of (see acknowledged).

ASSOCIATION OF COMMISSIONERS AND SUPERVISORS in the different Counties, to provide for
Senate Bill No. 152
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Buckman, 118.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 118.
Reported without amendment, 373.
First reading, 413.
Second reading, 466.
Third reading and final passage, 495.
In House
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 584.

ASSOCIATION OF DIRECTORS OF POOR AND CHARITIES of State of Pennsylvania, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. Detzel, 134.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 134.

ASSOCIATION OF TOWNSHIP COMMISSIONERS and township supervisors in the different counties, to provide for
House Bill No. 266
Read in place in House by Mr. Rider, 200.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships 200.
Reported with amendment, 714.
First reading, 750.
Recommitted to Committee on Public Roads, 810.
Re-reported without amendment, 1470.
Second reading, 1513.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1777.
Resumed and passed finally, 1937.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 2934.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 2934.
Signed by Speaker, 3182.
Remarks on, by
Henry, 1777.
In Senate (No. 733)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1901.
Reported with amendment, 2265.
First reading, 2469, 2470.
Second reading, 2549.
Third reading and final passage, 2615.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 2902.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3115.

ASSOCIATION OF BOROUGHS and borough officers and to regulate payment of expenses and publications thereof, bill to provide for (see boroughs).

ASSOCIATIONS OF BOROUGH OFFICERS, bill to provide for county (see borough).

ASSOCIATIONS where profits shall accrue to depositors and borrowers by regulating election of board of directors, lending and borrowing of money and certain other affairs, bill amending and supplementing act relating to certain banking (see banking).

ASYLUM FOR CHRONIC INSANE, bill amending, by increasing maximum amount per capita for weekly maintenance, act relating to State (see insane).

ASYLUM FOR CHRONIC INSANE, bill to refund certain sum to Trustees of State (see insane).
House Bill No. 958
Read in place in House by Mr. Freeman, 567.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 567.
Reported without amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2330.
Second reading, 2393.

ASYLUM FOR CHRONIC INSANE—Continued.
Third reading and final passage, 2736.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.
In Senate (No. 888)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2684.
First reading, 2703.
Second reading, 2906.
Third reading and final passage, 3062.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

ASYLUM FOR CHRONIC INSANE located at Wernersville for maintenance of Indigent Insane, bill making appropriation to State (see insane).

ASYLUMS TO REPORT TO BOARD OF PUBLIC CHARITIES the number of unnaturalized foreign-born inmates, bill to require officials in charge of (see foreign).

ATTACHMENT, bill to amend act exempting property to value of $300 from levy and sale for rent so that only 75 per cent. of all debts, claims or demands, including wages or salary, shall be exempt upon issuing of a certain (see rent).

ATTACHMENT EXECUTION AGAINST WAGES, debts, earnings, salary or income when same is twelve dollars or more per week, bill to provide for the collection of judgments by (see judgments).

ATTACHMENT OR ATTACHMENT EXECUTION of any kind issued by a magistrate, to provide for counsel fees for garnishees attorneys in
House Bill No. 675
Read in place in House by Mr. Wilson, 1399.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1399.
Reported without amendment, 1469.
First reading, 1501.
Second reading, 1960.
Third reading and final passage, 2306.
Remarks on, by
Schultz, 2306.
Cox, John F., 2306.
In Senate (No. 805)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2289.
Reported without amendment, 2601.
First reading, 2926.
Second reading, 3154.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 3265, 3266.

ATTACHMENT OR ATTACHMENT EXECUTION of any kind issued by a magistrate, to provide for counsel fees for garnishee's attorneys in
Senate Bill No. 603
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Kurtz, 1419.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1419.
Reported without amendment, 1706.
First reading, 1822.
Second reading, 1914.
Third reading and final passage, 2003.
In House (No. 904)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2025.
Reported without amendment, 2184.
First reading, 2383.
Second reading, 2509.
Third reading and dropped from calendar, 3360.
Remarks on, by
Allen, 3360.
Wilson, 3360.

ATTACHMENT OR OTHER PROCESS and claimed to belong to others than defendant, bill relating to proceedings for goods and chattels that have been seized by sheriff upon execution, (see sheriff).

ATTEMPTED TRAIN WRECKING and to provide punishment therefor, bill to define train wrecking or (see wrecking).

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, bill to authorize appointment by county auditors of an
House Bill No. 227
Read in place in House by Mr. Hilton, 208.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 208.
Reported without amendment, 589.
First reading, 639.
Second reading and amended, 743.
Third reading and final passage, 821.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW—Continued.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1759.
Signed by Speaker, 1851.
Approved by Governor, 2558.
In Senate (No. 529)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 837.
Reported without amendment, 1435.
First reading, 1606.
Second reading, 1651.
Third reading and final passage, 1722.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1824.

ATTORNEY FOR EITHER PARTY shall be related to the judge, bill to prohibit any judge of certain courts from hearing a cause or matter wherein (see judge).

ATTORNEY GENERAL at instance of Banking Commissioner, bill to provide that corporations having right to receive deposits of money and to do banking business that do not exercise their corporate privileges shall be proceeded against by quo warranto by (see banking).

ATTORNEY GENERAL, John C. Bell nominated as, 71.
Confirmed, 71.

ATTORNEY GENERAL relative to Capitol Civil Suits presented to House, report of, 279.
In Appendix, 3927.

ATTORNEY GENERAL, WILLIAM N. TRINKLE nominated as Second Assistant, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT, to create the office of Second Assistant Deputy Attorney General in
House Bill No. 63
Read in place in House by Mr. Shreve, 154.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 154.
Reported without amendment, 188.
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Second reading, 235.
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Resumed and passed finally, 393.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 696.
Signed by Speaker, 718.
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Remarks on, by
Shannon, 393.
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Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 388.
Reported without amendment, 456.
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Second reading, 562.
Third reading and final passage, 621.
Signed by President,

ATTORNEYS IN ATTACHMENT or attachment execution issued by magistrate, bill to provide for counsel fees for garnishee's (see attachment).

AUDITING AND REPORTING, bill to create Department of Inspection and Supervision of Public Offices and to establish uniform system of public accounting, (see Department).

AUDITOR APPOINTED TO SETTLE ACCOUNTS of public officers in each county, to amend supplement to act relating to defaulting public officers by providing for increase of compensation of
House Bill No. 134
Read in place in House by Mr. Reno, 304.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 304.
Reported without amendment, 323.
First reading, 431.
Second reading, 438.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 579, 580.

AUDITOR, bill to amend act relating to consolidation of boroughs so as to provide for annual election of (see boroughs).

AUDITOR GENERAL AND ESCHEAT TO COMMONWEALTH under certain conditions of deposits of various kinds, bill to provide for report to (see deposits).

AUDITOR GENERAL and to read at such sale certificate to be furnished by him relative to liens for State taxes, bonus and other public accounts, bill to require sheriffs, receivers, trustees and other officers having charge of sale of property or franchise of corporations to notify (see corporations).

AUDITOR GENERAL, bill to provide for appointment in counties with less than 750,000 inhabitants of mercantile appraisers by (see mercantile).

AUDITOR GENERAL BY PROTHONOTARIES of courts of Common Pleas of corporations incorporated by such courts, bill to provide for report to (see corporations).

AUDITOR GENERAL FOR PURPOSE OF STATE TAXATION, bill to regulate making of certain reports and statements to (see taxation).

AUDITOR GENERAL IN COLLECTION OF TAXES due the Commonwealth from corporations, limited partnerships and joint stock associations, bill to amend act to aid (see taxes).

AUDITOR GENERAL RELATIVE TO CAPITOL CIVIL SUITS presented to House, report of, 278.
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AUDITOR GENERAL, report of commission to compute vote for.
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AUDITOR GENERAL TO EMPLOY FIVE CLERKS and to make appropriation therefor, to authorize
Senate Bill No. 269
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 608.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 608.
Reported without amendment, 609.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 686.
Re-reported without amendment, 1417.
Second reading, 1445.
Third reading and final passage, 1588.
Remarks on, by
McIlhenny, 1588.
Fox, 1588.
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Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1678.

AUDITOR-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT, providing appropriation for costs in suits against delinquent dealers and for balances due county officers and for additional contingent expenses in
(Section No. 4), House Bill No. 1
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Special Committee appointed to consider bill, 52.
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Re-reported as amended, 62.
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Third reading and final passage, 76.
Returned from House with amendments concurred in, 80.
Signed by President, 80.

AUDITORS AND JURORS OF LEHIGH COUNTY, bill to repeal second section of act relating to pay of commissioners, (see Lehigh).

AUDITORS, bill to amend act relating to consolidation of boroughs by providing for biennial election of (see boroughs).

AUDITORS, bill to repeal act relating to compensation of county commissioners, auditors and township (see compensation).
House Bill No. 239
Read in place in House by Mr. Henry, 473.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 473.

AUDITORS—Continued.
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First reading, 639.
Second reading, 744.
Third reading and final passage, 825.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1293, 1302.
Signed by Speaker, 1339.
Approved by Governor, 1692.
In Senate (No. 426)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 837.
Reported without amendment, 1099.
First reading, 1180.
Second reading, 1208, 1209.
Third reading and final passage, 1231.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1305.

AUDITORS INELIGIBLE FOR RE-ELECTION, bill to make county controllers and county (see county).

AUDITORS OF AN ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, bill to authorize appointment by county (see attorney-at-law).

AUDITORS TO SETTLE ACCOUNTS OF DIRECTORS, treasurer and tax collectors of certain poor districts, bill to provide for appointment (see accounts).

AUTOMATIC DEVICE, METER OR MACHINE for distribution of gas operated by placing therein any coin, token or slug, bill to make it unlawful to use any (see gas).

AUTOMATIC RIFLES FOR HUNTING and killing big game, bill to make it unlawful to use (see game).

AUTOMATIC VENDING MACHINES in cities of first class, bill to regulate using of (see cities of first class).

AUTOMATICALLY CONTROLLED, bill to protect persons employed in or about mines by providing safety appliances whereby certain machinery may be (see mines).

AUTOMOBILES, petitions presented against increasing tax on (see petitions).

AUTOMOBILES, petitions presented for increasing tax on (see petitions).

AUXILIARY FOREST RESERVES, bill to define and establish (see forest).

AUXILIARY FOREST RESERVES, bill to provide for taxation of (see forest).

AUXILIARY OF CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY, of Western Pennsylvania, located at Meadville, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1170
Read in place in House by Mr. C. Victor Johnson, 123.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 123.
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Second reading, 2424.
Third reading and final passage, 2806.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.
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Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2662.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
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Second reading, 2920.
Third reading and final passage, 3099.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

AUXILIARY TEACHERS' BOARD for each public school district, bill to create (see school).

AVERMENTS OF A RESPONSIVE ANSWER being overcome in order to entitle plaintiff to a decree, bill to abolish rule in regard to (see equity).

AVERY COLLEGE TRADE SCHOOL of North Side, Pittsburg, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1039
Read in place in House by Mr. Malie, 172.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 172.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2334.
Second reading, 2407.
Third reading and final passage, 2763.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.
In Senate (No. 968)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2686.

AVERY COLLEGE TRADE SCHOOL—Continued.
First reading, 2707.
Second reading, 2912.
Third reading and final passage, 3076.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

AVIATORS flying in public in this Commonwealth, to provide for licensing of
Read in place in House by Mr. Morris, 1457.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1457.

AVIATORS flying in public in this Commonwealth, to provide for licensing of
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Buckman, 1418.
Referred to Committee on Federal Relations, 1418.

BAGATELLE BOARDS OR TABLES in cities of first class, bill to regulate use of (see cities of first class).

BAILMENTS with right to purchase, bill to regulate method of instalment payments on conditional sales or on (see instalment).

BALANCE for distribution in an estate after debts are paid includes stocks, bonds and other securities to make distribution of same to parties entitled thereto, bill to authorize Orphans' Courts when (see estate).

BALANCE OF DRAWER, bill making it a felony to draw checks or drafts in excess of bank (see bank).

BALDWIN, FRANK E., Senator from Twenty-Fifth District, (Tioga, Potter and McKean Counties).

Amendments offered by, to
Senate Bill No. 518, fixing maximum number of licenses to be granted in any county for sale of liquors at retail, 1643.
Senate Bill No. 615, appropriating for road reconstruction a certain sum which has accumulated in accordance with provisions of act establishing State Highway Department, 1820, 1821.
Senate Bill No. 679, amending act for better collection of collateral inheritance taxes providing for exemption of institutions of purely public charity from payment of said taxes, 2283.

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Member of commission to investigate judges and other civil officers, 3456.

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Bills introduced by
Amending act providing revenue by taxation by including certain electric companies among those liable for tax on gross receipts, 455.
Authorizing any company organized under laws of any other State for manufacture of metal doors, windows, casings, mouldings or interior building trim, to own real estate in this Commonwealth, 788.
Authorizing cities of third class to construct, purchase or lease and operate telephone lines and systems, 756.
Authorizing Commissioner of Fisheries to purchase brook trout hatchery of D. S. Helmar of Port Allegany, McKean County, 1306.
Declaring liability of railroad companies for loss or damage by fire, 223.
Making appropriation for erection of statue to Thomas McKean at Bradford, 130.
Making appropriation to Beacon Light Mission, 130.
Making appropriation to Bradford Hospital, 223.
Making appropriation to Commonwealth Humane Society, 151.
Making appropriation to Kane Summit Hospital Association, 130.
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Making appropriation to North Pennsylvania General Hospital and Sanitarium, 151.
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Relating to public utilities, 130.
To define administration of State Hospitals of which trustees are authorized to appoint a superintendent who shall be a physician, 490.
To provide for regulation of appropriations for erection, equipment and maintenance of general and emergency hospitals, 490.
To regulate sale of lime, hydrated lime and ground limestone for agricultural purposes, 832.

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Bills reported by
No. 100 (House Bill No. 627)
Providing for appointment of chief and assistant and special county detectives, 242.
No. 132
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No. 133 (House Bill No. 804)
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No. 154 (House Bill No. 708)
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No. 155 (House Bill No. 462)
Supplement to act to increase pay of jurors and witnesses so as to make one general per diem rate, 373.
No. 172 (House Bill No. 50)
Enabling certain tax collectors to collect taxes for which they have become personally liable, 402.
No. 208 (House Bill No. 472)
Relating to fees of prothonotaries of courts of common pleas in certain counties, 488.
No. 283 (House Bill No. 473)
Repeal act to amend the amendment to act relating to tax duplicates in cities of first class, 664.
No. 364
To provide assistance for certain county historical societies, 831.
No. 435
To define administration of State hospitals of which trustees are authorized to appoint superintendent who shall be a physician, 1099.
No. 478 (House Bill No. 1248)
Authorizing appointment by county commissioner of one assessor in each legislative district and three assessors from county at large, 1254.
No. 487 (House Bill No. 834)
Permitting substitution of other securities for those deposited with State Treasurer to secure Commonwealth against relief notes, 1305.
No. 523 (House Bill No. 166)
Authorizing Secretary of Agriculture to extend work of his Department so as to connect with it a system of outdoor or field instruction, 2155.
No. 531 (House Bill No. 841)
Amending act authorizing cemetery or burial associations to purchase other grounds regulating removal of bodies, sale of lots and enlargement of grounds, 1436.
No. 580 (House Bill No. 880)
Providing method of obtaining possession of land appropriated under right of eminent domain, 1633.
No. 612
To repeal act to provide for registration of conveyances of real estate in townships of first class in order to facilitate assessment of taxes, 1707.
No. 613 (House Bill No. 95)
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No. 622 (House Bill No. 1242)
Regulating entry of judgments on bonds, notes or other obligations for payment of money secured by mortgages, 1963.
No. 637 (House Bill No. 391)
To tax traction engines and providing for assessment of same, 1854.
No. 638 (House Bill No. 140)
Enlarging powers of overseers of poor in townships of second class which constitute a separate poor district, 1854.
No. 694 (House Bill No. 33)
Relating to abandonment of certain actions of ejectment, 2202.
No. 743 (House Bill No. 595)
Amending act authorizing county controllers in counties having from 300,000 to 1,000,000 inhabitants to appoint a solicitor by extending it to counties having between 800,000 and 1,400,000 inhabitants, 2265.
No. 744 (House Bill No. 538)
Repealing article one of act regulating banks, 2265.

BALDWIN, FRANK E.—Continued.

No. 745 (House Bill No. 80)
Requiring each and every director of banking and trust companies, real estate companies, mortgage companies, title insurance companies, surety and indemnity companies to take oath of office, 2265.

Bill No. 786 (House Bill No. 597)
Authorizing school board of township of Wysox to convert taxes levied in said district for contemplated new school building, 2525.

No. 803 (House Bill No. 483)
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No. 815 (House Bill No. 360)
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No. 816 (House Bill No. 878)
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No. 1159 (House Bill No. 313)
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Motions by, to
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Petitions presented by, from
Citizens of Bradford County against Halferty Oleomargarine bill, 2263.
Citizens of Tioga and Potter Counties against amendments to oleomargarine law, 1853.
Citizens of Tioga and Potter counties for initiative and referendum, 1305.
Citizens of Tioga and Potter Counties for Sproul road bill 1305.
Fidelity Grange No. 1238, Patrons of Husbandry, of Keating, McKean County, against Halferty Oleomargarine Bill, 2521.

Presentation by, of
Testimonial of Senate to Hon. Charles H. Kline, Chairman of Senate Appropriation Committee, 3578, 3579.

Remarks by, at
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Amendment offered by, to
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Relating to private sale of real estate by receivers, 809.
Requiring county commissioners to furnish dockets to justices of the peace of proper county, 688.
Requiring deeds and other conveyances of real estate in certain counties to be registered in office of County Commissioners before being recorded, 1400.
To provide for erection by Fort McIntosh Chapter Daughters of American Revolution upon or near site of Fort McIntosh in Borough of Beaver of a memorial building and making appropriation therefor, 2248.

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No. 27 (Senate Bill No. 3)
Amending act so as to further designate days and half-days to be observed as legal holidays, 140.

No. 58
Amending act relating to proceedings where goods or chattels have been seized by the sheriff, 187.

No. 77 (Senate Bill No. 300)
Relating to adoption of adult persons as heirs, 199.

No. 139 (Senate Bill No. 776)
Enabling corporations not authorized to hold real estate in Pennsylvania to convey and make title to certain real estate, 323.

No. 214 (Senate Bill No. 591)
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No. 300
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No. 337 (Senote Bill No. 149)
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No. 377 (Senate Bill No. 550)
Empowering United States to acquire land in Pennsylvania for national forest reserves, 881.

No. 402 (Senate Bill No. 588)
To further amend act relating to certain corporations so as to compel water power companies to furnish such power for public purposes, 884.

No. 594 (Senate Bill No. 393)
Amending act requiring certain counties to establish juvenile court schools for male children by extending it to certain other counties, 1303, 1304.

No. 621 (Senate Bill No. 797)
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No. 677 (Senate Bill No. 830)
Requiring approval of Water Supply Commission to any extension of time within which water or water power companies shall begin and complete their words, 1469.

No. 821
Regulating collection of taxes in boroughs and townships, 1779.

No. 822
Amending act defining powers of several courts of quarter sessions of the peace with reference to care of neglected or dependent children by empowering court to enforce order of support, 1779.

No. 881 (Senate Bill No. 556)
Providing for compensation of district attorneys whose terms expire and who by virtue of Constitutional amendment were required to serve additional year, 2023.

No. 1249
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No. 1271 (Senate Bill No. 675)
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Remarks by on, in
Regard to appeal from decision of Chair motion to adopt negative recommendation of Committee on Elections on resolution relating to direct vote for United States Senator, 179.
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House Bill No. 758, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania granting to people right of initiative and referendum, 3028.
House Bill No. 806, repealing so far as it relates to Borough of Midland act to prohibit sale of intoxicating drinks in Ohio Township, Beaver County, 3256, 3257.
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Resolutions, concurrent, offered by
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BALDWIN, RICHARD J., Representative from Second District, Delaware County.

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Amendments offered by, to
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House Bill No. 259, to provide revenue by taxation for improvement of public roads, 1251.
House Bill No. 286, amending act relating to motor vehicles by striking out in section seven the word "hire", 1200.
House Bill No. 294, regulating number of employes in Adjutant General's Department and State Arsenal and fixing salaries, 2261.
House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 1019.
House Bill No. 405, regulating temperature of milk and cream intended to be shipped and sold or offered for sale, 1626.
House Bill No. 507, amending act to exempt from taxation certain property by removing exemption from court houses, jails, poor houses and certain lands therein exempted not necessary for enjoyment of same, 2518.

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House Bill No. 550, to prevent issuing or transfer by other than a warehouseman of papers certifying that goods are stored in any warehouse, 1514.
House Bill No. 646, regulating sale of milk, skimmed milk and cream, 2516.

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Conference committee, 3487.
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Bills introduced by
Amending act designating number of councilmen to be elected in boroughs, 921.
Amending act designating number of councilmen to be elected in boroughs by further regulating filling of vacancies in town councils, 884.
Amending act exempting certain property from taxation by removing the exemption from all court houses, jails and poor houses, 416.
Amending act relating to Court stenographers so as to provide that every examiner, master in chancery and certain other officers shall employ official stenographer of court whereby he is appointed, 820.
Amending act relating to exemption from taxation of certain property, 142.
Amending act relating to licensing of places where certain performances are held by fixing licenses to be paid by circuses menageries and museums, 527.
Amending act relating to Quarantine Board, so as to regulate salaries of deputies to Quarantine Physician, 252.
Making appropriation to institution for Colored Youths at Cheyney, Delaware, 391.
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Making it a misdemeanor to water manure, 1082.
Preventing issuing or transfer by other than warehouseman of papers certifying that goods are stored in any warehouse, 1082.
Providing for election of county controller in counties having over 100,000 inhabitants, 360.
Providing for payment by proper county of witnesses held on behalf of Commonwealth, 111.
Relating to taxing as part of costs in any action, suit or proceeding copy of transcript of official stenographer's notes, 820.
Taxing gifts, legacies and inheritances of personal property, 98.
To amend an act creating office of County Controller to make it apply to counties containing 100,000 inhabitants and over, 97.
To authorize the Commissioner of Health of the State to abate nuisances in certain cases, 96.
To authorize use of haul seine in tide water streams for capture of carp, suckers, mullets and catfish, 1082.
To establish recreation camps within Forest Reserves and making appropriation therefor, 415.
To grant pension to Thomas R. Carson, late private of Company C, 6th Regiment, National Guard of Pennsylvania, 921.
To repeal act relating to taxation and providing for greater uniformity in taxation, 97.
To repeal act relative to turnpikes that have been appropriated, condemned or abandoned, 171.

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No. 94 (Senate Bill No. 635)
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No. 153 (Senate Bill No. 728)
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No. 364
Authorizing Trustees of Pennsylvania State Library to maintain Reference Bureau, 820.
No. 413 (Senate Bill No. 787)
Providing for better collection of money and taxes due Commonwealth, 921.
No. 568 (Senate Bill No. 691)
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No. 592 (Senate Bill No. 309)
Validating certain charters issued by Governor to electric light companies, 1303.

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Motions by, to
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Dispense with further reading of Journal, 589.

BALDWIN, RICHARD J.—Continued.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 153, a further supplement to act relative to roads and bridges extending same to bridges over railroads and canals, 600.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 156, amending act relating to registration of veterinary surgeons, 601.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 164, giving certain authority to justices of the peace, aldermen and magistrates in petty cases, 602.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 347, amending act to regulate manner of increasing indebtedness of municipalities, 899.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 389, to regulate sale and manufacture of certain fire crackers, fire works and certain explosive materials, 1497.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 511, to exempt from payment of inheritance taxes bequests and devises to institutions of purely public charity, 1790.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 524, to provide increased revenue by providing that corporations shall annually pay tax of four mills on each dollar of value of their stocks, bonds and other securities, 1794.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 840, dividing boroughs with respect to population into two classes and providing form of government of boroughs of first class, 3499.

Postpone indefinitely House Bill No. 841, amending act granting certain privileges to incorporated cemetery and burial associations by regulating removal of bodies, sale of lots and enlargement of boundaries of grounds, 3357.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 507, amending act exempting from taxation certain property by removing exemption from court houses, jails, poor houses and certain lands not necessary for enjoyment of same, 1789, 1790.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 1216, making appropriation to Pennsylvania Training School for Feeble-Minded Children at Elwyn, 2835.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 550, to prevent issuing or transfer by other than warehouseman of papers certifying that goods are stored in any warehouse, 1514.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 839, amending act exempting property to value of $300 from levy and sale on execution or distress for rent, 3240.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 841, amending act giving certain privileges to incorporated cemetery and burial associations by regulating removal of bodies, sale of lots and enlargement of boundaries of grounds, 3354, 3356.

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Citizens of Delaware County, for passage of local option law, 687.

Citizens of Delaware County for reading of Bible in public schools, 1212.

Citizens of Delaware County for relief in matter of sewerage, 1281.

Questions of information raised by, on

House Bill No. 20, amending act relating to appointment of court stenographers by requiring judges of certain courts to employ stenographer of common pleas court, 1672.

House Bill No. 310, amending act to regulate practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons by prescribing additional restrictions in sale of poisons, 1752.

House Bill No. 347, amending act to regulate manner of increasing indebtedness of municipalities, 899.

House Bill No. 499, relating to collection of debts due by school districts of fourth class, 1776.

Remarks by, on

Concurrent resolution in reference to adjournment until February twenty-seventh, 306, 307.

House Bill No. 3, fixing salaries of judges of certain courts, 534, 535, 1849, 1850.

House Bill No. 7, in reference to exemption from levy and sale for rent of billiard and pool tables, 127, 1846.

House Bill No. 16, relating to refund to A. Sidney Reynolds, 144.

House Bill No. 20, amending act relating to appointment of court stenographers by requiring judges of certain courts to employ stenographers of common pleas court, 1671.

House Bill No. 21, amending act relating to rebate in insurance, 160.

House Bill No. 27, to carry into complete operation certain amendments to Constitution of Pennsylvania, relating to terms of Public Officers. 178.

House Bill No. 30, providing for additional law judge of courts of sixth judicial district, 162.

House Bill No. 55, fixing salary of Private Secretary to the Governor. 259.

House Bill No. 61, relating to additional officers and employes of General Assembly, 368, 369.

BALDWIN, RICHARD J.—Continued.

House Bill No. 62, relating to amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania, 263, 264, 265.

House Bill No. 96, regulating payment of any deposit made with any bank in names of two persons, 397, 690, 691.

House Bill No. 103, amending act to establish Insurance Department so as to permit either individuals, partnerships or corporations to be certified and licensed agents, 428.

House Bill No. 138, authorizing election of tax collectors for four years in boroughs and townships, 569.

House Bill No. 193, amending act establishing Department of Forestry by enlarging powers of said Department, 2253.

House Bill No. 196, requiring payment of wages to be semi-monthly, 729.

House Bill No. 198, requiring containers used in transporting foods, including non-alcoholic drinks, to be returned properly cleaned, 1466, 1467, 1835.

House Bill No. 201, providing that no borough shall be incorporated out of township of first class and that no part of such township shall be annexed to city, borough or other township except as herein provided, 1771.

House Bill No. 245, relating to right of eminent domain as respects appropriation of springs being exercised by water companies, 826.

House Bill No. 249, regulating storage and sale of linseed oil, 828.

House Bill No. 252, repealing act relating to taxation of shares of stock of title insurance and trust companies, 855.

House Bill No. 255, relating to taxation of companies engaged in manufacture of gas, 857, 858, 859, 1156, 1157.

House Bill No. 256, amending act providing revenue by taxation, relating to taxing bonds, mortgages and other securities, 1158.

House Bill No. 259, to provide revenue by taxation for improvement of public roads, 1461, 1462.

House Bill No. 268, requiring treasurers of mutual fire insurance companies to give bond of not less than five thousand dollars, 863.

House Bill No. 274, empowering commissioners of any first class township without petition of property owners to pave streets, 1185.

House Bill No. 289, to regulate paving of sidewalks and setting curbstones in townships of first class, 874.

House Bill No. 294, regulating number of employes in Adjutant General's Department and in State Arsenal and fixing their salaries, 2598.

House Bill No. 312, to establish a public school system, 983, 985, 989, 1019, 1035.

House Bill No. 378, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania allowing municipalities to increase their indebtedness, 1353, 1462, 1463, 3612.

House Bill No. 384, establishing in each county a board of viewers, 1495.

House Bill No. 405, to regulate temperature of milk and cream intended to be shipped, 1063.

House Bill No. 478, supplementary to act for taxation of dogs and protection of sheep requiring all dogs to wear collar showing payment of tax, 1763.

House Bill No. 507, amending act to exempt from taxation certain property by removing exemption from certain lands therein exempted not necessary for enjoyment of same and providing for taking of said land, 2938.

House Bill No. 509, further amending section 24 of further supplement to act to provide revenue by taxation, 2350.

House Bill No. 530, providing for taxation of gross receipts of fire insurance companies on business done in Pennsylvania, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2309, 2310.

House Bill No. 545, repealing act imposing mercantile license tax on venders of or dealers in merchandise, 1407, 1408.

House Bill No. 550, to prevent issuing or transfer by any person other than a warehouseman or person controlling place for storing of goods of any paper in similitude of warehouse receipt, 2599.

House Bill No. 557, authorizing use of haul seine in tide water streams for capture of carp, suckers, mullet and catfish, 1931.

House Bill No. 579, amending act to designate number of councilmen to be elected in boroughs not divided into wards, 1951.

House Bill No. 586, amending act to prohibit manufacture and sale of oleomargarine, butterine and other similar products when colored in imitation of yellow butter, 1953, 2245, 2246.

House Bill No. 684, regulating sale of food when sold by weight, measure or count, 3333, 3334.

ALDWIN, RICHARD J.—Continued.

House Bill No. 711, regulating payment on checks when there shall be insufficient funds to meet same, 2948, 2949.

House Bill No. 729, enabling electors to express at November election in 1911 their preference for or against election of United States Senators by direct vote, 3037, 3038, 3039, 3040.

House Bill No. 748, providing that furniture and household goods leased or hired shall not be levied upon or sold for rent, 3256.

House Bill No. 759, authorizing corporations organized under laws of any other State for manufacture of metal doors, windows, casings or interior building trim to own real estate in this State, 3220.

House Bill No. 772, authorizing companies incorporated under laws of any other State for manufacturing purposes to erect and maintain buildings and to take and hold real estate necessary for manufacturing purposes, 3029.

House Bill No. 841, amending act giving certain privileges to incorporated cemetery and burial associations by regulating removal of bodies, sale of lots and enlargement of boundaries of grounds, 3354, 3356.

House Bill No. 863, laying State tax on estates passing either by will or under intestate laws or by deed or bargain intended to take effect after death of grantor or bargainer, 3260.

House Bill No. 873, amending act establishing Board of Wardens for Port of Philadelphia and relating to pilots and pilotages by providing for further classification of pilots and pilot apprentices, 2932.

House Bill No. 1263, making appropriation to Temple University of Philadelphia, 2990, 3240.

House Bill No. 1280, providing for extension of Capitol Park in City of Harrisburg, 3329.

Resolution regarding election of United States Senators by direct vote, 367.

Resolution offered by, in

Reference to adoption of rules for present session, 50.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

BALFOUR, ROBERT A., Inspector of State Penitentiary for Eastern District, nominated, 23.

BALLOT AND BALLOT BOXES, bill to amend act providing uniform method of electing certain party officers by providing for separate primaries for each party and making certain provisions in regard to (see electing).

BALLOT a space for name of person whose names are not on the ballot, bill to amend act relating to elections for certain public offices so as to provide in the form of (see electing).

BALLOT, bill to authorize names of candidates for Senators in Congress to be placed on official (see Senators).

BALLOT BOXES, bill to regulate construction, use and custody of (see election).

BALLOTS, to prohibit the use of party squares on

Read in place in House by Mr. Benson, 473.

Referred to Committee on Elections, 473.

BANK BALANCE OF DRAWER, making it a felony to draw checks or drafts in excess of

House Bill No. 450

Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 959.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 959.

Reported without amendment, 1026.

First reading, 1091.

Second reading and amended, 1375.

Postponed for present, 1683.

BANK IN NAMES OF TWO PERSONS, bill to regulate payment of any deposit made with any (see deposit).

BANKING ASSOCIATIONS where profits shall accrue to depositors and borrowers by regulating election of board of directors, lending and borrowing of money and certain other affairs, amending and supplementing act relating to certain

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Salus, 1668.

Referred to Committee on Banks and Building and Loan Associations, 1668.

BANKING, bill to provide for liquidation, distribution of assets and dissolution of corporations under supervision of Commissioner of (see corporations).

BANKING BUSINESS and which have failed to exercise their corporate privileges within certain time shall be proceeded against by quo warranto to have their charter rights declared null and void, to provide that corporations having right to receive deposits of money and do a

Read in place in House by Mr. McClung, 1184.

Referred to Committee on Banks and Banking, 1184.

BANKING BUSINESS shall under certain conditions be proceeded against by quo warranto by Attorney General at instance of Banking Commissioner, to provide that corporations having right to do a

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Snyder, 665.

Referred to Committee on Banks and Banking, 665.

BANKING COMMISSIONER of Pennsylvania, advance abstract from Sixteenth Annual Report of

Presented to House, 121.

BANKING COMMISSIONER, W. H. SMITH nominated as, 23

Reported, 282.

Confirmed, 298.

BANKING COMPANIES, bill to revive act to extend time during which corporations may hold and convey title to certain real estate heretofore bought under execution or conveyed to them in satisfaction of debts, in so far as they relate to (see corporations).

BANKING COMPANIES to take oath of office, bill to require each and every director of all (see directors).

BANKING DEPARTMENT to act as guardians of minors, supplement to act relating to Orphans' Courts allowing trust companies under supervision of (see minors).

BANKING DEPARTMENT, to amend, so as to repeal exemption of Building and Loan Associations from payment of certain expenses, amended act relating to

Read in place in House by Mr. Ehrhardt, 141.

Referred to Committee on Banks and Banking, 141.

BANKING IN PENNSYLVANIA, to provide for licensing and regulating private

House Bill No. 483

Read in place in House by Mr. Alter, 884.

Referred to Committee on Banks and Banking, 884.

Reported with amendment, 1028.

First reading, 1093.

Second reading and amended, 1394, 1395, 1396.

Third reading and amended, 1766, 1767.

Postponed for present, 1840.

Resumed and passed finally, 1941, 1942, 1943.

Returned from Senate with amendments, 3601, 3602.

Non-concurred in Senate amendments, 3602.

Returned from Senate with adherence to its amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3600.

Conference committee appointed, 3602.

Vote on non-concurrence in Senate amendments reconsidered and conference committee discharged, 3612.

Concurred in Senate amendments, 3612, 3613.

Signed by Speaker, 3613.

In Senate (No. 803)

Referred to Committee on Banks and Banking, 1901.

Reported with amendment, 2543.

First reading, 2554.

Recommitted to Committee, 2700.

Re-reported with amendment, 3432.

Second reading, 3432, 3433, 3434.

Third reading and final passage, 3533.

Returned from House with Senate amendments nonconcurred in and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3533.

Conference committee appointed, 3533.

Returned from House with notice that House has receded from its non-concurrence in Senate amendments, 3541.

Signed by President pro tempore, 3542.

BANKING, to fix compensation of four clerks in Department of House Bill No. 455

Read in place in House by Mr. Von Tacky, 921.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 921.

Reported without amendment, 1026.

First reading, 1091.

Second reading and amended, 1376.

Third reading and final passage, 1684, 1685.

Returned from Senate without amendment,

Signed by Speaker, 2587.

Remarks on, by

Kern, 1684.

Von Tacky, 1684.

Shaffer, 1684.

In Senate (No. 623)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1667.

Reported without amendment, 1797.

First reading, 1917.

Second reading, 2008.

Third reading and final passage, 2173.

Signed by President pro tempore, 2522.

BANKING, to provide for regulation, incorporation, supervision and control of business of

Read in place in House by Mr. Benson, 1184.
Referred to Committee on Banks and Banking, 1184.

BANKS AND SAVINGS INSTITUTIONS, bill to amend act providing revenue by taxation by providing uniform method of taxing (see taxation).

BANKS, BANKERS, BANKING FIRMS OR TRUST COMPANIES and payable on demand or at a fixed time, to extend statue of limitations to certificates of deposit issued by

Read in place in House by Mr. Freeman, 1016.
Referred to Committee on Banks and Banking, 1016.

BANKS ON CERTAIN STREAMS, bill to authorize County Commissioners to erect and maintain (see dykes).

BANKS OR TRUST COMPANIES for recovery of amount represented by any certificates of deposit issued by them, bill to limit time within which actions may be brought against (see certificates).

BANKS, OTHER THAN NATIONAL BANKS, for losses incurred by any depositor or stockholder thereof, bill to define liability of directors of (see directors).

BANKS, to permit substitution of other securities for those deposited with State Treasurer to secure Commonwealth relief notes issued by certain

Senate Bill No. 487
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Snyder, 1206.
Referred to Committee on Banks and Banking, 1206.
Reported without amendment, 1305.
First reading, 1430.
Second reading, 1448.
Third reading and final passage, 1589.
Returned from House without amendment, 3278.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3403, 3590.

In House (No. 834)
Referred to Committee on Banks and Banking, 1678.
Reported without amendment, 1947.
First reading, 2046.
Second reading, 2150.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 3332, 3333.
Vote reconsidered and bill passed finally, 3352.
Signed by Speaker,

Remarks on, by
Alter, 3352.

BANKS, to repeal article one of act approved April 16, 1850, regulating

House Bill No. 537
Read in place in House by Mr. Row, 436.
Referred to Committee on Banks and Banking, 436.
Reported without amendment, 1212.
First reading, 1242.
Second reading, 1511.
Third reading and final passage, 1923.
Returned from Senate without amendment,
Signed by Speaker, 2942.

In Senate (No. 744)
Referred to Committee on Banks and Building and Loan Associations, 1898.
Reported without amendment, 2265.
First reading, 2470.
Second reading, 2550.
Third reading and final passage, 2617.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2903.

BANQUET of the Legislative Sons of St. Patrick, resolution (House) by Alter, in reference to, 605.

BARBERS' LICENSE LAW, the
Read in place in House by Mr. Haggerty, 884.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 884.

BARK FROM ADJACENT LANDS, bill to authorize State Forestry Reservation Commission to grant right of way over forestry reserves for transportation of (see forestry).

BARLOW, THOMAS W., Member of Board of Trustees of Pennsylvania State College, nominated, 23.
Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

BARNARD FOR FRONT OF CAPITOL BUILDING AT HARRISBURG, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Sproul, providing for commission to arrange for unveiling of completed groups of sculpture prepared by George Gray, 3379.
Resolution returned by House, 3408.
Concurred in by House, 3487.

BARNARD for moneys expended by him on marble groups in front of Capitol, communication from Governor Tener recommending passage of bill making appropriation to reimburse George Gray
Read in Senate, 2538.
In House, 2600.

BARNARD for moneys expended in excess of contract price for certain marble groups i nfront of State Capitol, making appropriation to Board of Commissioners of Public Brounds and Buildings for purpose of reimbursing George Gray

Senate Bill No. 798
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Sproul, 2539.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2539.
Reported without amendment, 2541.
First reading, 2554.
Second reading, 2699.
Third reading and final passage, 2890.
Returned from House without amendment, 3050.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3277.

In House (No. 1359)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2948.
Reported without amendment, 3005, 3006.
First reading, 3007.
Second reading, 3015.
Third reading and final passage, 3203.
Signed by Speaker, 3493.

BARNARD STATUARY, appointment of Committee on House of Representatives to arrange date for State to receive formally the, 2328.

BARNARD to House of Representatives, address by Mr. George Gray, 2328.

BARRATRY, relating to the offence of

Senate Bill No. 285
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Homsher, 267.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 267.
Reported without amendment, 664.
First reading, 711.
Recommitted to Committee, 712.

BARROOMS, bill to authorize judges of Courts of Quarter Sessions to make and enforce rules regarding hours of opening and closing (see liquors).

BARTMAN, JOHN H., Representative from Third District, Montgomery County,

Amendment offered by, to
House Bill No. 205, making appropriation for payment of deficiency under provisions of act providing for payment of expenses of extinguishing forest fires, 1472.

Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by
Making appropriation for annual fixed charge for road purposes on lands held for forest reserves, 104.
Making appropriation for annual fixed charge for school purposes on lands held for forest reserves, 104.
Making appropriation for deficiency under act providing for expenses of preventing and extinguishing forest fires, 103.
Making appropriation for purchase of lands by Department of Forestry, 104.
Making appropriation for services and expenses of fire wardens and those assisting in extinguishing of forest fires, 104.
Making appropriation to Pennsylvania Industrial School now located at Eagleville, 156.
Making appropriation to Pennsylvania School of Horticulture for Women at Ambler, 960.
Making appropriation to State Forestry Academy at Mont Alto, 104.
Protecting State Forest Reserves, 125.
Repealing acts inconsistent with provisions of act regulating fees of justices of the peace, aldermen and magistrates, 324.

ARTMAN, JOHN H.—Continued.

Bills reported by

No. 193
Amending act establishing Department of Forestry, 525.

No. 339
Defining and establishing auxiliary forest reserves, 1237.

No. 531 (Senate Bill No. 1163)
Fixing charges to be made for certificates and copies furnished by Custodian of Public Records in State Library, 169.

No. 1269 (Senate Bill No. 606)
Authorizing granting of right of way over forestry reserves for telegraph and telephone companies and for marketing of timber, gas, oil, bark and minerals, 2349.

No. 1270 (Senate Bill No. 604)
To protect trees and woodlands, 2349.

Election of, 44.

Leave of absence asked for, 590.

Motions by, to
Adjourn, 1468.
Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 340, to encourage foresting and reforesting of lands by exempting certain lands from taxation, 778.
Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 205, making appropriation for deficiency under provisions of act providing for payment of expenses of extinguishing forest fires, 1471.

Petitions presented by, from
Citizens of Montgomery County against excise commission bill and brewers' and distillers' license bill, 1825.
Citizens of Montgomery County for reading of Bible in public schools, 775.
Keystone Grange No. 2, Patrons of Husbandry Montgomery County, for better telephone facilities, 300.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by, in
Reference to recalling House Bill No. 205, making appropriation for payment of deficiency under act for payment of expenses of extinguishing forest fires, from Governor for amendment, 1339.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

BASEBALL GAMES AND FOOTBALL GAMES, bill to provide revenue by prescribing tax on (see tax).

BASEBALL GAMES, bill to regulate printing and sale of tickets for (see tickets).

BASEBALL GAMES ON SUNDAY between three and six o'clock post meridian, to permit certain
Read in place in House by Mr. Letzkus, 207.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 207.

BASS and fixing number to have in possession, bill to amend act relating to fish so as to remove minimum limit as to size of certain trout and certain (see fish).

BASS, HARRY W., Representative from Sixth District, Philadelphia County.

Appointment of, on
Standing Committees, 83, 84.

Bills introduced by
Amending act providing civil rights for all people regardless of race or color so as to include places where soda water and confectionery is sold, 591.
Amending act providing revenue by taxation by providing uniform method of taxing banks and savings institutions, 437.
Amending act providing revenue by taxation relating to taxing bonds, mortgages and other securities, 526.
Making appropriation to Frederick Douglass Memorial Hospital and Training School, 141.
Making appropriation to Frederick Douglass Memorial Hospital and Training School, 735.
Making appropriation to Pennsylvania Museum and School of Industrial Art of Philadelphia, 134.
Making appropriation to Philadelphia Association for protection of Colored Women, 717.
Making appropriation to Women's Southern Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia, 146.
Making appropriation to Women's Union Day Nursery of Philadelphia, 591.
Making appropriation to Women's Union Day Nursery of Philadelphia, 810.

BASS, HARRY W.—Continued.

To provide for celebration in Philadelphia to commemorate fiftieth anniversary of Emancipation Proclamation, 638.
To repeal act providing revenue by taxation and exempting savings institutions having no capital stock, 527.

Bills reported by

No. 38 (Senate Bill No. 150)
Authorizing county commissioners to erect and maintain dykes on certain streams, 145.

No. 238
Regulating carrying of dangerous or deadly weapons, 590.

No. 284 (Senate Bill No. 584)
Authorizing married woman to make conveyances of real estate to her husband, 715.

No. 319 (Senate Bill No. 576)
To provide for punishment of persons responsible for or contributing to delinquency of children, 734.

No. 394 (Senate Bill No. 281)
Amending for creation of division of State Library for preservation of public records, 883.

No. 752 (Senate Bill No. 1175)
Providing for appointment by Court of Common Pleas of auditors to settle accounts of director, treasurer and tax collector of certain poor districts, 1695.

No. 753 (Senate Bill No. 1193)
Regulating payment of costs when a person charged with a crime not exclusively triable in court of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery shall after a hearing be discharged by a magistrate, 1695.

Election of, 44.

Leave of absence asked for, 190.

Motion by, to
Postpone for present House Bill No. 256, amending act to provide revenue by taxation relating to taxing bonds, mortgages and other securities, 1159.

Question of privilege raised by, on
Vote for United States Senator, 80.

Remarks by, on
Concurrent resolution relative to draping Barnard statuary, 370.
House Bill No. 256, amending act to provide revenue by taxation relating to taxing of bonds, mortgages and other securities, 1158, 1159, 1185, 2261.
Resolution regarding election of United States Senators by direct vote, 366.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 81.

BATTLEFIELD COMMISSION of third Division, Ninth Corps, Army of the Potomac, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Gerberich, in reference to granting authority for purchase of additional ground and printing of report to, 167.
Resolution referred to Committee on Printing, 167.
Reported with favorable recommendation, 242.
Read and agreed to, 244, 245.
Concurred in by House, 266.
Returned by House, 268.
Concurrent resolution (Senate) by Gerberich to recall said resolution from Governor, 340.
Concurred in by House, 399.
Approved by Governor, 456.
Vote by which resolution passed the Senate reconsidered and resolution referred to Committee on Printing, 456.

BATTLEFIELD COMMISSION of Third Division, Ninth Corps, Army of the Potomac to purchase additional ground and prepare a certain history, bill making appropriation to (see Petersburg).

BAXTER for amount paid for notary public commission, to authorize refund to Richard J.

Senate Bill No. 185
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Vare, 291.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 291.
Reported without ammendment, 453.
First reading, 518.
Second reading, 562.
Third reading and final passage, 621.
Returned from House without amendment, 1805.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1855.
Approved by Governor, 2151.

BAXTER—Continued.
In House (No. 500)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 697.
Reported without amendment, 1048.
First reading, 1094.
Second reading, 1487.
Third reading and final passage, 1176.
Signed by Speaker,

BAYARD, E. S., Member of Board of Trustees of Pennsylvania State College, nominated, 23.
Reported 939.
Confirmed, 956.

BEACON LIGHT MISSION, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. Hilton, 125.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 125.

BEACON LIGHT MISSION, making appropriation to
Senate Bill No. 704
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Baldwin, 130.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 130.
Reported with amendment, 2216.
First reading, 2287.
Second reading, 2465.
Third reading and final passage, 2541, 2542.
Returned from House without amendment, 3049.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3277.
In House (No. 1345)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2843.
Reported without amendment, 3005.
First reading, 3006.
Second reading, 3014.
Third reading and final passage, 3198.
Signed by Speaker, 3494.

BEAR COMPANY, Berwick, a certain fine, bill to authorize State Treasurer to refund to Fred Muster, Superintendent of the (see Muster).

BEARTRAPS, bill amending act relating to protection of game by repealing right to use (see game).

BEARTRAPS, petition presented against use of steel (see petitions).

BEAVER COUNTY CHILDREN'S HOME ASSOCIATION of New Brighton, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 973.
Read in place in House by Mr. George A. Baldwin, 121.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 121.
Reported with amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2331.
Second reading, 2396.
Third reading and final passage, 2741.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.
In Senate (No. 903)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2684.
First reading, 2704.
Second reading, 2908.
Third reading and final passage, 3064.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

BEAVER, JAMES A., Member of State Board of Agriculture, nominated, 23.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

BEAVER VALLEY GENERAL HOSPITAL at New Brighton, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 971
Read in place in House by Mr. McKean, 112.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 112.
Reported with amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2331.
Second reading, 2396.
Third reading and final passage, 2740.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.
In Senate (No. 901)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2684.

BEAVER VALLEY GENERAL HOSPITAL—Continued.
First reading, 2704.
Second reading, 2907.
Third reading and final passage, 3064.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

BEAVER VALLEY HUMANE SOCIETY of Beaver County, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. George A. Baldwin, 172.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 172.

BEDFORD COUNTY, to repeal act to increase pay of jurors and witnesses in
House Bill No. 562
Read in place in House by Mr. Matt, 1083.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 1083.
Reported without amendment, 1213.
First reading, 1243.
Second reading, 1522.
Third reading and final passage, 1787.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2311.
Signed by Speaker, 2588.
In Senate (No. 674)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1802.
Reported without amendment, 2005.
First reading, 2183.
Second reading, 2213.
Third reading and final passage, 2272, 2273.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2521.

BEECHER, presentation of testimonial of House of Representatives at close of session to Desk Clerk F. C., 3651.

BEE-KEEPERS' ASSOCIATION to State Board of Agriculture, to amend act establishing a State Board of Agriculture by adding one representative of State
Senate Bill No. 54.
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 130.
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 130.
Reported without amendment, 240.
First reading, 272.
Second reading, 295.
Third reading and final passage, 346.
Returned from House with amendments, 757, 758.
Concurred in House amendments, 788, 789.
Signed by President pro tempore, 838.
Approved by Governor, 1069.
In House (No. 190)
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 399.
Reported without amendment, 436.
First reading, 586.
Second reading, 597.
Third reading and postponed for present, 648.
Resumed and amended, 693.
Over in its order, 729.
Final passage, 747, 748.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 828, 829.
Signed by Speaker, 880.

BEER GARDENS, bill to authorize judges of Courts of Quarter Sessions to make and enforce rules regarding opening and closing of (see liquors).

BEER is sold or dispensed, bill to prevent treating in saloons or other places where (see treating).

BEES, providing for inspection of apiaries and for suppression of contagious and infectious diseases among bees, to promote agriculture by protection of
Senate Bill No. 732
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Manbeck, 1900.
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 1900.
Reported without amendment, 2265.
First reading, 2469.
Second reading and amended, 2548, 2549.
Third reading and final passage, 2614, 2615.
Returned from House without amendment, 3048, 3049.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3277.
In House (No. 1331)
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 2931.
Reported without amendment, 2932.
First reading, 2932.
Second reading, 3023.
Third reading and final passage, 3213, 3214.
Signed by Speaker, 3493.

EES, supplement to act relating to injurious insects providing for suppression of contagious and infectious diseases among

House Bill No. 151

Read in place in House by Mr. Hibshman, 142.
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 142.
Reported with amendment, 390.
First reading, 433.
Second reading, 442, 443.
Third reading and final passage, 582.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 1168.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 1168.
Signed by Speaker, 1196.
Concurrent resolution recalling bill from Governor, 1339.
Resolution returned by Senate concurred in,
Resolution approved by Governor, 1471.
Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 1471.
Resumed and passed finally, 1616.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 1678.
Signed by Speaker, 1703, 3182.
Approved by Governor, 2189.

In Senate (No. 311)

Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 611.
Reported without amendment, 701.
First reading, 773.
Second reading, 801.
Recommitted to Committee, 909.
Re-reported with amendment, 1067.
Third reading and final passage, 1103.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in 1174.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1182.
Resolution recalling bill from Governor concurred in, 1327.
Returned from House with amendments, 1549.
Concurred in House amendments, 1549.
Signed by President, 1746.

BEITZEL of York certain moneys erroneously paid for distiller's license, making appropriation to refund to Jacob

House Bill No. 671

Read in place in House by Mr. Frey, 1281.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1282.
Reported without amendment, 1469.
First reading, 1501.
Second reading, 2096.
Third reading and final passage, 2829.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3232.
Signed by Speaker, 3480.

In Senate (No. 831)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2655.
Reported without amendment, 2682.
First reading, 2701.
Second reading, 2887.
Third reading and final passage, 3050.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3394.

BELIN, HENRY, Jr., Member State Free Library Commission, nominated, 25.

BELL, A. LINCOLN, Trustee of State Hospital for Insane, at Warren, nominated, 24.

BELL, JOHN C., Attorney General, nominated, 71.
Confirmed, 71.

BELLEFONTE HOSPITAL, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1112.

Read in place in House by Mr. Meyer, 104.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 104.
Reported with amendment, 2241.
First reading, 2337.
Second reading, 2416.
Third reading and final passage, 2787.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

In Senate (No. 1036)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.
Reported without amendment, 2688.
First reading, 2710.
Second reading, 2917.
Third reading and final passage, 3089.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

BENDER, HILLORIOUS K., Representative from Northampton County,

Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by
Making appropriation to Easton Home for Friendless Children, 94.
Making appropriation to Easton Hospital at Easton, Pa., 95.
Making appropriation to Home for Aged and Infirm Women at Easton, Pa., 95.
Making appropriation to Rosine Home of Philadelphia, 95.
Providing for publication and distribution of revised edition of railroad map of Pennsylvania, 115.
Providing for safety of employes of quarries, 94.
Regulating operation of certain quarries and providing for their inspection, 636.
Supplement to act to regulate practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons, 921.

Election of, 44.

Leave of absence asked for, 1825.

Motions by, to
Adjourn, 311.
Dispense with further reading of Journal, 713.

Petition presented by, from
Citizens of Northampton County, for passage of bill requiring Bible to be read in public schools, 360.

Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 309, regulating operation of certain quarries and providing for their inspection, 2223.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

BENEFICIAL AND PROTECTIVE PURPOSES except fraternal beneficial corporations, bill to provide for examination of certain corporations maintained for (see corporations).

BENEFICIAL ORDERS, bill to regulate sale of liquors of various kinds to or among members of fraternal or (see liquors).

BENEFICIAL SOCIETIES AND ASSOCIATIONS, bill to regulate contestibility of agreements, contracts and policies of fraternal, fraternal insurance and (see insurance).

BENEFICIAL SOCIETIES, bill to enable certain minors of five years of age and over to contract for membership in certain fraternal (see minors).

BENEFICIARY CORPORATIONS, bill to regulate transaction of business by foreign fraternal (see corporations).

BENEFIT of act of April 9, 1849, bill exempting property to value of $300 from levy and sale for rent, to make null and void any waiver of (see rent).

BENEFIT OF FRANCHISE, bill to limit time during which a public utility company shall enjoy (see utility).

BENEFIT SOCIETIES and their status and providing for their licensing, supervision and examination by Insurance Commissioner, bill to define fraternal (see insurance).

BENEFITS AND DAMAGES TO PROPERTY caused by change in grade of streets in cities and boroughs to assess benefits against railroads and street railways, bill to empower viewers appointed to assess (see railroads).

BENEFITS SHALL BE PAYABLE TO INSURED, bill to prohibit health or accident insurance companies to make certain provisions in their policies as to when (see insurance).

BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION'S HOME FOR CHILDREN, of Pottsville, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1000

Read in place in House by Mr. James N. Hunter, 735.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 735.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2332.
Second reading, 2400.
Third reading and final passage, 2750.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.

In Senate (No. 930)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2685.
First reading, 2705.
Second reading, 2909.
Third reading and final passage, 3069.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION'S HOME FOR CHILDREN of Pottsville, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 76

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Snyder, 183.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 183.
Reported without amendment, 241.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 274.

BENSON, EDWARD R., Representative from McKean County.

Amendment offered by, to
House Bill No. 712, joint resolution ratifying 16th amendment to Constitution of United States, 1945.

Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by
Amending act relating to selection of jurors by increasing pay and mileage of jury commissioners, 110.
Amending act to provide for training of teachers for common schools of State by rearranging Normal School Districts, 1048.
Authorizing names of candidates for Senators in Congress to be placed on official ballot, 1358.
Determining effect of reservations regarding minerals in any contract, deed or devise of land, 210.
Extending jurisdiction of Courts of Common Pleas to include insanity as cause for divorce, 777.
Fixing the fees and compensation of sheriffs for removal and conveying of prisoners, insane persons or habitual drunkards, 122.
Joint Resolution ratifying sixteenth amendment to Constitution of United States, 156.
Making all motor-vehicles taxable, 391.
Prohibiting minors under 16 years of age to carry or make use of fire-arms, 156.
Prohibiting payment of wages or salary to any employe of Senate or House unless such employe shall have actually performed the duties of his office, 362.
Providing for punishment of pools, trusts and conspiracies to control prices, 416.
To prevent treating in saloons or other public places, 303.
To prohibit use of party squares on ballots, 473.
To provide for regulation, incorporation, supervision and control of business of banking, 1184.
To require jurors in homicide cases where verdict rendered is guilty of murder in first degree to add penalty to verdict, 1358.
to verdict, 1358.

Bills reported by
No. 222 (Senate Bill No. 46)
Relating to sale of adulterated or deleterious sausage, 589.
No. 553 (Senate Bill No. 647)
Amending act providing fixed charge on lands acquired by State for Forestry Reserves by providing for additional charges for county and poor purposes, 1213.
No. 859.
Relating to sewage disposal systems in cities, boroughs and other municipalities, 1949.
No. 1266 (Senate Bill No. 1246)
Supplement to act to regulate practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons, 2349.

Election of, 44.

Leave of absence asked for, 324.

Motion by, to
Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 759, authorizing any company organized under laws of any other State for manufacture of metal casings, doors, windows, mouldings or interior building trim to own real estate in this Commonwealth, 3365.

Petitions presented by, from
Citizens of McKean County against excise commission bill, 1747.
Citizens of McKean County against tax on insurance, 1397.
Citizens of McKean County for Initiative and Referendum Bill, 636, 1212.
Citizens of McKean County for Sproul Road Bill, 1047.
Grange No. 1236 Patrons of Husbandry, McKean County, for better telephone facilities, 1081.

Remarks by, at
Memorial service for John Calvin Meyer, late Representative from Center County, 2327, 2328.

BENSON, EDWARD R.—Continued.

Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 407, amending act for better selection of persons to serve as jurors by increasing pay and mile age of jury commissioners, 1479.
House Bill No. 555, requiring all property, real, personal and mixed, to be taxable and assessed according to it fair cash value, 1612.
House Bill No. 712, joint resolution ratifying sixteenth amendment to Constitution of United States, 2316.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by, providing for
Joint committee to investigate and report on advisability of codification of laws of this Commonwealth 1409.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

BENSON, PAUL A., nominated as Additional Law Judge of Sixth Judicial District, 1420.
Reported, 1433.
Confirmed, 1443.

BENSON, R. DALE, Member of Fiftieth Anniversary of Battle of Gettysburg Commission, nominated, 26.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

BENTLEY, CHARLES A., Representative from Washington County.

Acting Chairman of Committee of Whole House, 1494.

Amendments offered by, to
House Bill No. 147, requiring electric railway companies to provide suitable waiting rooms at terminal stations and equip all cars with toilet or water closet, 2257.
House Bill No. 218, providing for quadrennial inspection of boundary line monuments, 741.
House Bill No. 600, regulating drivers and operators of all vehicles and persons riding or leading animals on public highways, 2028.

Appointment of, on
Special committee, 54.
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by
Amending act regarding publication of advertisements and notices in certain counties, 252.
Establishing Panama-Pacific International Exposition Commission, 717.
Fixing salary of storekeeper in office of Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings, 637.
Joint Resolution providing for participation of Pennsylvania in Panama-Pacific International Exposition, 1238
Making appropriation to City Hospital Association of Washington, Pa., 124.
Making appropriation to Monongahela Memorial Hospital Association, 156.
Making appropriation to Southwestern State Normal School at California, Pennsylvania, 1329.
Making appropriation to Washington Hospital, 252.
Relating to release of lands from record charges upon presumption of payment thereof, 1398.
Repealing so far as it relates to Borough of Midland act prohibiting sale of intoxicating drinks in Ohio Township, Beaver County, 200.
Repealing so far as it relates to second class cities act regarding advertisement of all notices in cities of first and second class, 252.
Requiring electric railway companies to provide suitable waiting rooms and to equip cars with toilets or water closets, 146.
To fix the salaries of county officers and employes in counties having population of less than 150,000, 156.
To prescribe maximum rates for motor vehicles conveying people for hire, 777.
To provide for quadrennial inspection of boundary line monuments, 104.
To provide revenue by prescribing a tax on baseball games and football games, 1919.
To provide that furniture or household goods leased or hired shall not be sold for rent, 124.
To regulate drivers and operators of all vehicles and persons leading or riding animals upon public highways, 1329.
To regulate individual liability of members of joint stock companies and limited partnerships arising from technical defects in articles of organization, 1116.

ENTLEY, CHARLES A.—Continued.

Bills reported by

No. 384 (Senate Bill No. 127)
Establishing in each county a board of viewers, 1496.

No. 446 (Senate Bill No. 68)
Making appropriation to cover deficiency in appropriation to pay tuition of students of State Normal Schools, 1016.

No. 475 (Senate Bill No. 17)
Supplement to act relating to certain corporations as regards charters of corporations for support of public worship, 1027.

No. 1214 (Senate Bill No. 1132)
Making an appropriation to the Monongahela Memorial Hospital Association, of Monongahela City, Pa., 2244.

No. 1215 (Senate Bill No. 1133)
Making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Reform School at Morganza, Pa., and granting its managers the authority to raze old buildings, 2244.

No. 1216 (Senate Bill No. 1217)
Making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Training School for Feeble minded Children, at Elwyn, Delaware County, 2244.

No. 1217 (Senate Bill No. 1134)
Making an appropriation to the Washington Hospital of Washington, Pa., 2244.

No. 1218 (Senate Bill No. 1135)
Making an appropriation to the City Hospital Association, of Washington, Pa., 2244.

Election of, 45.

Motions by, to
Adjourn, 697.
Postpone for present House Bill No. 600, regulating drivers and operators of all vehicles and persons riding or leading animals on public highways, 2018.

Petitions presented by, from
Citizens of Washington County, against increasing registration fees on automobiles, 1237.
Congress of Women's Clubs of Western Pennsylvania, in favor of Training School for Women, 187.
Union Grange No. 1164, for better telephone service, 360.

Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 600, regulating drivers and operators of all vehicles and persons riding or leading animals on public highways, 2018.
House Bill No. 806, repealing so far as it relates to Borough of Midland act to prohibit sale of intoxicating drinks in Ohio Township, Beaver County, 3257.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by
Relative to holding Panama Exposition at San Francisco, 148.

Resolution, concurrent, reported by
Relating to draping Barnard statuary, 301.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

BENZINE and requiring fire test and gravity of same to be indicated, bill relating to sale of (see petroleum).

BENZINE, bill to empower counties to appoint inspectors and regulate inspection of (see petroleum).

BENZOATE OF SODA may be used in manufacture of confectionery under certain conditions, bill to amend act relating to food by providing that articles of food containing sulphur dioxide or (see confectionery).

BEQUESTS AND DEVISES to institutions of purely public charity, bill to exempt from payment of inheritance taxes (see taxes).

BEREAN MANUAL TRAINING AND INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL, Philadelphia, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. Savidge, 134.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 134.

BEREAN MANUAL TRAINING AND INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL, Philadelphia, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1092
Read in place in House by Mr. Savidge, 960.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 960.
Reported with amendment, 2240.
First reading, 2336.
Second reading, 2413.
Third reading and final passage, 2780.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.

BEREAN MANUAL TRAINING AND INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL —Continued.

In Senate (No. 1016)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.
Reported without amendment, 2687.
First reading, 2709.
Second reading, 2915.
Third reading and final passage, 3085.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

BERKS COUNTY PRISON, further supplement to act relating to

House Bill No. 702
Read in place in House by Mr. McGowan, 157.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 157.
Reported without amendment, 1500.
First reading, 1619.
Second reading, 2105.
Third reading and final passage, 2941.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3528.
Signed by Speaker, 3586.

In Senate (No. 1168)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2901.
Reported without amendment, 3114.
First reading, 3174.
Second reading, 3291.
Third reading and final passage, 3411.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3537.

BERKS COUNTY TUBERCULOSIS SOCIETY, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1079
Read in place in House by Mr. Sassaman, 112.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 112.
Reported with amendment, 2240.
First reading, 2336.
Second reading, 2412.
Third reading and final passage, 2775, 2776.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.

In Senate (No. 1003)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.
Reported without amendment, 2687.
First reading, 2709.
Second reading, 2914.
Third reading and final passage, 3082, 3083.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

BERRY, WILLIAM H., candidate for United States Senator, Vote for, in House, 72.
Joint session held, to compare vote, 77, 78, 81, 82.

BERTHS IN SLEEPING CARS and relative charges to be paid therefor, to provide for passenger's control of

House Bill No. 657
Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 1115.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 1115.
Reported without amendment, 1457.
Recommitted to Committee, 1472.

BERWICK HOSPITAL, making an appropriation to

House Bill No. 1105
Read in place in House by Mr. Shaffer, 123.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 123.
Reported with amendment, 2241.
First reading, 2337.
Second reading, 2415.
Third reading and final passage, 2784, 2785.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.

In Senate (No. 1029)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.
Reported without amendment, 2688.
First reading, 2710.
Second reading, 2916.
Third reading and final passage, 3087, 3088.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

BERWICK HOSPITAL, making an appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Sones, 118.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 118.

BETHESDA HOME, making an appropriation to
Senate Bill No. 58
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Hunter, 118.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 118.
Reported without amendment, 240.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 272.
Re-reported with amendment, 2216.
Second reading, 2274.
Third reading and final passage, 2449.
Returned from House without amendment, 3048.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3275.
In House (No. 1317)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2570.
Reported without amendment, 2841.
First reading, 2998.
Second reading, 3013.
Third reading and final passage, 3192.
Signed by Speaker, 3496.

BETTING, bill to amend act regulating boroughs by prohibiting (see boroughs).

BEULAH ANCHORAGE OF READING, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1075
Read in place in House by Mr. Sassaman, 121.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 121.
Reported with amendment, 2240.
First reading, 2336.
Second reading, 2411.
Third reading and final passage, 2774.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.
In Senate (No. 999)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2687.
First reading, 2708, 2709.
Second reading, 2914.
Third reading and final passage, 3082.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

BIBLE IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS, to regulate reading of Holy
House Bill No. 693
Read in place in House by Mr. William Ward, Jr., 142.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 142.
Reported without amendment, 1480.
First reading, 1502.
Second reading, 2102, 2103.
Third reading and final passage, 2494, 2495, 2496.
Remarks on, by
Stein, 2495.
Henry, 2495.
Ward, Wm., Jr., 2495.
Dearden, 2495.
Johnston, 2495.
Speer, 2495.
Howard, 2495.
Ferguson, 2495, 2496.
In Senate
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2471.

BIBLE read each day in public schools, petitions presented against passage of bill requiring a portion of the (see petitions).

BIBLE read each day in public schools, petition presented favoring passage of bill requiring a portion of the (see petitions).

BIDDERS in regard to contracts, bill to amend act relating to Department of Supplies in cities of the second class providing for advertisement of notice to (see cities of second class).

BIG GAME, bill to make it lawful to use automatic rifles for hunting and killing (see game).

BIGAMY, to amend act relating to competency of witnesses so as to make husband and wife a competent witness to testify for or against each other in support of criminal charge of
House Bill No. 330
Read in place in House by Mr. Row, 391.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 391.
Reported without amendment, 734.
First reading, 782.
Second reading, 892.
Third reading, and final passage, 1287, 1288.

BIGAMY—Continued.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1959.
Signed by Speaker, 2050.
Approved by Governor, 2557.
In Senate (No. 585)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1262.
Reported without amendment, 1633.
First reading, 1745.
Second reading, 1819.
Third reading and final passage, 1904.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2006.

BIGGS, widow of Lewis Biggs, to grant pension of eight dolla per month to Sadie
Read in place in House by Mr. Light, 156.
Referred to Committee on Pensions and Gratuiti 156.

BILL BOARDS, signs and other outdoor advertising, bill co cerning licensing, regulation or suppression of (see ou door).

BILL OF PARTICULARS upon rule taken by plaintiff, bill regulate pleadings in civil cases by requiring defen ant to file (see pleadings).

BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES and bowling alleys, bill exempt from levy and sale on execution or distre for rent certain cases and (see rent).

BILLIARD ROOMS, etc., in certain counties, to repeal so f as it relates and extends to Venango County act r lating to
House Bill No. 749
Read in place in House by Mr. Crum, 135.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 135.
Reported without amendment, 1695.
First reading, 1829.
Second reading, 2123, 2351.
Special order for consideration, 3227.
Third reading and final passage, 3258.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3592.
Signed by Speaker, 3609.
In Senate (No. 1249)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 3180.
Reported without amendment, 3181.
First reading, 3181.
Second reading, 3304.
Third reading and final passage, 3437, 3438.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3536.

BILLIARD TABLES AND ROOMS and to provide for grantin of licenses, to regulate use of
Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 1329.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 1329.

BILLIARD TABLES IN CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, bill t regulate use of (see cities of first class).

BILLMAN, EDWARD W., Representative from Second Dis trict, Berks County,
Amendment offered by, to
House No. 25, relating to burial of indigent person 161, 1291.
Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.
Bills introduced by
Authorizing road supervisors to subscribe for three pub lications regarding good roads, 473.
Permitting cemetery companies to take lands, 209.
Permitting in certain cases imposition of costs upo proper county proceedings for commitment of allege insane person, 1238.
Providing for burial of indigent persons, 115.
Removing language restrictions in advertising mercantil appraisers list, 636.
Requiring street railway companies to equip their pas senger cars with toilet facilities, 140.
Bills reported by
No. 25 (Senate Bill No. 245)
Providing for burial of indigent persons whose lega place of settlement is unknown, 139.
No. 219 (Senate Bill No. 777)
Providing for issuing of certificates of election t Senators and Representatives in General Assembl of Pennsylvania, 566.

:LLMAN, EDWARD W.—Continued.

No. 352
Removing certain language restrictions in advertising mercantile appraisers lists, 776.

No. 414 (Senate Bill No. 772)
Authorizing commissioners in townships of first class to enter into contracts with water companies for fire hydrants and hose, 970.

No. 578 (Senate Bill No. 729)
Permitting in certain cases imposition of costs upon proper county in proceedings for commitment of an alleged insane person, 1303.

No. 686 (Senate Bill No. 404)
Making it a misdemeanor for any officer of employer of labor to receive money for other valuable thing from any person for purpose of obtaining employment or continuing in employment for him, 1470.

No. 763 (Senate Bill No. 233)
Amending act relative to erection of certain county buildings by fixing number of viewers at three, 1695.

No. 764 (Senate Bill No. 235)
Amending supplement to act regulating boroughs by fixing number of viewers at three, 1695.

Election of, 42.

Leave of absence asked for, 253, 304.

Motions by, to
Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 25, providing for burial of indigent persons whose bodies are unclaimed and are unfit for anatomical purposes, 1291.
Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 352, removing certain language restrictions in advertising mercantile appraisers' lists, 1058.
Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 758, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania granting to people right of initiative and referendum, 3029.

Petition presented by, from
Citizens of Berks County for appropriation to Pennsylvania State College, 1669.

Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 216, amending act creating Department of State Police as regards salaries, 929, 930, 932, 933.
House Bill No. 290, authorizing road supervisors to subscribe for not more than three publications regarding good roads, 874.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by, recalling
House Bill No. 25, providing for burial of indigent persons whose bodies are unclaimed and are unfit for anatomical purposes, from Governor for amendment, 1216.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

BILLS AND ANSWERS IN EQUITY to be sworn to, bill to require (see equity).

BILLS FOR SUCH TAXES BY COUNTY TREASURERS, bill relating to creation of speedy method of collection of taxes on real estate by requiring furnishing upon application of (see taxes).

BILLS OF LADING for their own use or pledge or deposit same as security, bill to provide punishment for employes who convert (see employes).

BILLS OF LADING, bill to make uniform the law of (see law).

BILLS ON POSTPONED CALENDAR, announcement of Speaker of House in regard to, 2055.

BILLS shall not be introduced, resolution (House) by Dearden, fixing March 17, 1911, as date after which, 363.
Referred to Committee on Rules, 363.

Question of privilege raised in regard to, by
Mr. Deardon, 880, 897.

BILLS SHALL NOT BE INTRODUCED, resolution (House) by Dearden, fixing April 18, 1911, as date after which, 1204.

BILLS OR JOINT RESOLUTIONS IN SENATE, resolution (Senate) by Vare, defining time for introduction of, 5.

BILLS, report of compared
Presented to House, 3614-3649.
Presented to Senate, 3542-3577.

BIRKINBINE, JOHN, Water Supply Commissioner, nominated, 23.
Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

BIRTH AND DEATH CERTIFICATES, bill to amend act providing for immediate registration of old birth and deaths and burial or removal permits by changing fees for (see certificates).

BITUMINOUS COAL, joint resolution providing for issuing of invitation to neighboring States to conference with respect to taxing of oil, gas and (see taxing).

BITUMINOUS COAL MINES AND ANTHRACITE COLLIERIES or breakers by regulating time allowed for midday meal, bill to amend act relating to health and safety of miners in (see mines).

BITUMINOUS COAL MINES and to provide for examination of persons seeking employment as miners, bill to protect miners from dangers resulting from incompetent miners working in (see miners).

BITUMINOUS COAL MINES, supplement to an act relating to welfare of employes requiring wash houses to be provided and maintained in (see mines).

BITUMINOUS COAL MINES to furnish owners or lessees of adjoining coal lands with maps of lines and workings along division line, bill to require owners, lessees or operators of (see mines).

BITUMINOUS COAL MINES, bill to provide for health and safety of persons employed in and about (see mines).

BLACKBURN, ALBERT E., Member of State Board of Examiners for Registration of Nurses, nominated, 24.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

BLACKMAIL from any person, making it a misdemeanor to levy

House Bill No. 612
Read in place in House by Mr. C. M. C. Campbell, 437.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 437.
Reported without amendment, 1340.
First reading, 1413.
Second reading and amended, 1535.
Third reading and final passage, 2019, 2020.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3355.
Signed by Speaker, 3481.

In Senate (No. 824)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2014.
Reported without amendment, 2615.
First reading, 2927.
Second reading, 3156.
Third reading and final passage, 3269, 3270.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3402.

BLAIR, W. F., Representative from Greene County.

Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83.

Bills introduced by
Making appropriation to Waynesburg College, a co-educational institution, 1016.
Making appropriation to Waynesburg Hospital, 142.

Bills reported by

No. 211 (Senate Bill No. 471)
Making appropriation to reimburse Western State Penitentiary, 566.

No. 825 (Senate Bill No. 839)
Making appropriation to pay judgments obtained against Commonwealth by certain named executors of Mariassunto Acro Guercio, 1780.

No. 1161 (Senate Bill No. 1081)
Making appropriation for Hospital Department of Jewish Hospital Association of Philadelphia, 2242.

No. 1162 (Senate Bill No. 1082)
Making appropriation to Gynecean Hospital in the City of Philadelphia, 2242.

No. 1163 (Senate Bill No. 1083)
Making appropriation to Home of Industry for Discharged Prisoners of the City of Philadelphia, 2242.

No. 1164 (Senate Bill No. 1084)
Making appropriation to Rosine Home of Philadelphia, 2242.

No. 1165 (Senate Bill No. 1085)
Making appropriation to reimburse E. C. Rudolph of Big Run, 2243.

No. 1166
Making appropriation for pamphlet known as Game, Fish and Forestry Laws, 2243.

No. 1167 (Senate Bill No. 1086)
Making appropriation to Waynesburg Hospital, 2243.

BLAIR, W. F.—Continued.
No. 1281
Making appropriation to Dayton Normal Institute, 2569.
No. 1365
Making appropriation to Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania for protection of property at Lackawaxen, 2984.
Election of, 43.
Leave of absence asked for, 316.
Motion by, to
Adjourn, 148, 1065.
Petitions presented by, from
Citizens of Greene County for reading of Bible in public schools, 471.
Citizens of Greene County in favor of Sproul Road Bill, 775.
Resolution offered by
Thanking pages of House of Representatives for services rendered during session, 3613.
Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

BLANK CARTRIDGES, bill to regulate use of firecrackers, fireworks and (see fireworks).

BLEAKLEY, O. D., Trustee of State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania, at Polk, nominated, 24.
Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

BLINDNESS OR LOSS OF EYE-SIGHT, bill to provide for payment of pensions or gratuities to dependents afflicted with (see pensions).

BOARD, bill to amend act relating to Armory Board of the State of Pennsylvania by fixing salaries and providing for payment of expenses of members of (see Armory).

BOARD, bill to amend section four of act imposing additional taxes for State purposes and to abolish revenues (see Revenue).

BOARD, bill to provide for establishment of and to define the powers and duties of State Highway (see highway).

BOARD, bill to provide for establishment of State Board of Optometric Examiners and define powers and duties of said (see optometry).

BOARD, Charles F. Kramer nominated as Member of State Pharmaceutical Examining, 23.
Reported, 3118.
Confirmed, 3122.

BOARD FOR ASSESSMENT AND REVISION OF TAXES for State and County purposes in certain counties, bills relating to establishment of a (see counties).

BOARD FOR EACH PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT, bill to create auxiliary teachers' (see school).

BOARD having power to appoint depositories of county funds, bill to constitute county commissioners, controller and treasurer in any county with population between 150,000 and 250,000 a (see county).

BOARD to determine number of and compensation of all employes in counties having between 300,000 and 1,000,000 inhabitants so as to make it apply to counties having between 800,000 and 1,400,000 inhabitants, bill to amend act creating (see counties).

BOARD, J. L. FORWARD nominated as Member of State Quarantine, 23.
Reported, 3118.
Confirmed, 3122.

BOARD OF AGRICULTURE, James A. Beaver nominated as Member of State, 23.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

BOARD OF AGRICULTURE, bill to amend by adding one representative to State Bee-Keepers' Association, act establishing a State (see Bee-Keepers').

BOARD OF ALL THE OFFICERS NAMED, bill to amend act relating to settlement of public accounts by providing that powers imposed shall be exercised by concurrent action as (see accounts).

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS OF NAVIGATION for the ing appropriation to
House Bill No. 964
Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 1826.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1826.
Reported with amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2331.
Second reading, 2394.
Third reading and final passage, 2738.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.
In Senate (No. 894)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2684.
First reading, 2704.
Second reading, 2907.
Third reading and final passage, 3063.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS of Public Grounds and Buildings for purpose of reimbursing George Gray Barnard for moneys expended in excess of contract price for certain marble groups in front of State Capitol bill making appropriation to (see Barnard).

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS of Public Grounds and Buildings to rent offices outside of the Capitol when necessary for accommodation of any department, to authorize
House Bill No. 448
Read in place in House by Mr. Keister, 846.
Referred to Committee on Public Grounds and Buildings, 846.
Reported without amendment, 1026.
First reading, 1090.
Second reading, 1375.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 1683.
Vote on final passage reconsidered, 1755.
Resumed and passed finally, 2228, 2229.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3320.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3320.
Signed by Speaker, 3480.
Remarks on, by
Keister, 2228, 2229.
In Senate (No. 791)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2211.
Reported with amendment, 2525.
First reading, 2553.
Second reading, 2697.
Over in its order, 2900.
Third reading and final passage, 3146.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3281.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3394.

BOARD OF CONCILIATION AND INVESTIGATION, to aid in prevention and settlement of strikes and lockouts in mines and industries connected with public utilities and to provide for appointment of
Read in place in House by Mr. Piper, 1400.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1400.

BOARD OF DENTAL EXAMINERS of State of Pennsylvania, Members of, nominated, 27.

BOARD OF DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, Members of Advisory, nominated, 23.
Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

BOARD OF DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, Members of Advisory, nominated, 1893.
Reported, 1894.
Confirmed, 1895.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS for Inspectors of Mines of Lackawanna County to pay for service rendered in 1907, making appropriation to former
House Bill No. 195
Read in place in House by Mr. Albert Davis, 171.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 171.
Reported without amendment, 565.
First reading, 603.
Second reading, 660.
Third reading and final passage, 724.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1088.
Signed by Speaker, 1155.
Approved by Governor, 1403.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS—Continued.
Remarks on, by
Robinson, 724.
Davis, Albert, 724.
Schultz, 724.
In Senate (No. 343)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 713.
Reported without amendment, 787.
First reading, 841.
Second reading, 916.
Over in its order, 950.
Third reading and final passage, 999.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1106.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS for Inspectors of Mines of Schuylkill County to pay for services rendered in 1908, making an appropriation to former
Read in place in House by Mr. James N. Hunter, 1016.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1016.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS or Inspectors of Mines of Schuylkill County to pay for services rendered in 1908, making an appropriation to former
Senate Bill No. 432
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Snyder, 996.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 996.
Reported without amendment, 1099.
First reading, 1181.
Second reading, 1209.
Third reading and final passage, 1232.
Returned from House without amendment, 2654.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2902.
In House (No. 1239)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1293, 1302.
Reported without amendment, 2247.
First reading, 2343.
Second reading, 2437.
Third reading and final passage, 2828.
Signed by Speaker, 2942.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS for Registration of Nurses, Members of State, nominated, 24.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS for Second Inspection District, bill to amend amended act relating to anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania by providing for appointment of (see mines).

BOARD OF EXAMINERS to examine applicants for office of Mine Inspector for Bituminous Coal Mines, Member of, nominated, 27.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS to examine applicants for office of Mine Inspector for Bituminous Coal Mines, Members of, nominated, 3275.
Reported, 3385.
Confirmed, 3414.

BOARD OF FISHERY COMMISSION to accept or purchase land under or surrounding waters for purpose of public fishing, bill to authorize (see fishing).

BOARD OF GAME COMMISSIONERS, Members of, nominated, 151.
Reported, 165.
Confirmed, 169.

BOARD OF GAME COMMISSIONERS, bill to amend act relating to protection for game and wild birds within limits of preserves and under control of (see game).

BOARD OF GAME COMMISSIONERS to submit statement of receipts and expenditures for past six fiscal years, concurrent resolution (House) by North, requesting, 157.
Resolution read in Senate and referred to Commitee on Game and Fisheries, 187.
Read in House and agreed to, 190.

BOARD OF HEALTH IN CITIES OF FIRST CLASS to issue certificates of registration to master plumbers, bill to authorize (see cities of first class).

BOARD OF HEALTH IN CITIES OF FIRST CLASS to regulate construction of House drainage, privy-wells and cess pools, bill to authorize (see cities of first class).

BOARD OF HEALTH, bill vesting certain authority in regard to inspection and supervision of cold storage and refrigerating warehouses and places in the State (see cold storage).

BOARD OF MANAGERS OF PENNSYLVANIA REFORM SCHOOL at Morganza, Charles Henderson Ogden nominated as Member of, 1069.
Reported, 1074.
Confirmed, 1075.

BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS and making appropriation for expenses thereof, bill establishing (see medicine).

BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS, representing Eclectic Medical Society, Members of, nominated, 25.

BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS, representing Homeopathic Medical Society, Members of, nominated, 25.
Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS, representing Homeopathic Medical Society, Members of, nominated, 27.

BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS, representing Homeopathic Medical Society, Members of, nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS, representing Medical Society, Members of, nominated, 25.
Reported, 2524.
Confirmed, 2615.

BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS, representing Medical Society, Members of, nominated, 1069.
Reported, 1074.
Confirmed, 1075.

BOARD OF MERCANTILE APPRAISERS in counties with between 750,000 and 1,250,000 inhabitants, bill to create (see mercantile).

BOARD OF NEUROPATHIC EXAMINERS, bill to provide for establishment of State (see Neuropathy).

BOARD OF OSTEOPATHIC EXAMINERS, Members of, nominated, 25.
Reported, 165.
Confirmed, 169.

BOARD OF OSTEOPATHIC EXAMINERS, Members of, nominated, 92.
Reported, 168.
Confirmed, 169.

BOARD OF PUBLIC CHARITIES for payment for services of architects, engineers and other competent persons as such Board may employ, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. Keister, 361.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 361.

BOARD OF PUBLIC CHARITIES is first produced, bill to prohibit incorporation by courts of common pleas of corporations formed to establish hospitals or other charitable institutions in which indigent persons are treated unless approval of (see corporations).

BOARD OF PUBLIC CHARITIES number of foreign born unnaturalized inmates, bill to require officials in charge of certain charitable institutions to report to (see foreign).

BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION at fifteen and providing for appropriation of money by councils for school purposes, to amend act relating to common schools by fixing number of members of
Read in place in House by Mr. Walnut, 1399.
Referred to Committee on Education, 1399.

BOARD OF RECREATION to have charge of recreation facilities, bill to amend act relating to government of cities of first class by establishing (see cities of first class).

BOARD OF REGISTRATION COMMISSIONERS in and for City of Philadelphia, Members of, nominated, 26.
Reported, 3377.
Confirmed, with exception of John Cadwalader, 3414, 3415.

BOARD OF REGISTRATION COMMISSIONERS in and for City of Pittsburg, Members of, nominated, 26, 27.
Reported, 404.
Confirmed, 405.

BOARD OF REGISTRATION COMMISSIONERS in and for City of Scranton, Members of, nominated, 26.
Reported, 489.
Confirmed, 491.

BOARD OF REVISION AND APPEAL, bill to amend supplementary act relating to government of cities of third class, in regard to powers of councils over (see cities of third class).

BOARD OF REVISION IN COUNTIES with between 150,000 and 1,000,000 inhabitants, bill to amend act relating to ordinary expenses of the government by adding county controller and assessors to (see counties).

BOARD OF STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, nominated Members of Armory, 26.
Reported, 940.
Confirmed, 956.

BOARD of such children be paid by proper county, bill to amend act relating to care of dependent children by providing that the Court may direct that (see children).

BOARD OF TRUSTEES for its government, bill to provide for establishment of Pennsylvania State Museum and various divisions thereof and to create (see museum).

BOARD OF TRUSTEES of Pennsylvania Soldiers' and Sailors' Home at Erie, Pennsylvania, making an appropriation to
House Bill No. 1045
Read in place in House by Mr. Holland, 189.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 189.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2334.
Second reading, 2407, 2408.
Third reading and final passage, 2765.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.
In Senate (No. 974)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2707.
Second reading, 2912.
Third reading and final passage, 3077.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES, supplementing act providing for erection of Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic regulating powers of (see Eastern).

BOARD OF TRUSTEES to be appointed by Governor, supplement to act providing for State Hospital for Criminal Insane directing commissioners for erection of same to surrender their trust to (see insane).

BOARD OF TRUSTEES to enter into agreements respecting highways, railways and other means of travel within lands of said institution, supplement to act relating to Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic authorizing (see Eastern).

BOARD OF UNDERTAKERS, nominated, Members of State, 25.
Reported, 938.
Confirmed, 956.

BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICAL EXAMINERS, Members of State, nominated, 25.

BOARD OF VIEWERS, to establish in each county a
Senate Bill No. 127
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 243.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 243.
Reported without amendment, 282.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 358.
Re-reported with amendment, 402.
Second reading, 464, 465.
Third reading and final passage, 494.
Returned from House with amendments, 1634.
Non-concurred in House amendments, 1634.
Returned from House with House amendments adhered to and notice of appointment of conference committee, 1666.
Conference committee appointed, 1666.
Reported from conference committee, 2439.
Conference committee report considered and agreed to, 2526, 2527.
Vote on adoption of conference committee report reconsidered and report re-referred to conference committee, 2538.
Re-reported from conference committee, 2549.
Report of conference committee over in its order, 2603.
Report of conference committee considered and adopted, 2691, 2692.

BOARD OF VIEWERS—Continued.
Returned from House with conference committee report adopted, 3283.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3403.
In House (No. 384)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 584.
Reported without amendment, 881.
First reading, 902.
Second reading, 1059.
Postponed for present, 1355.
Third reading and amended, 1494, 1495, 1496.
Final passage, 1622, 1623.
Returned from Senate with House amendments non-concurred in,
Returned from Senate with adherence to non-concurrence in House amendments, 1693.
Conference committee appointed, 1693.
Returned from Senate with adherence to non-concurrence in House amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 1703.
Returned from Senate with conference committee report adopted, 3323.
Conference committee report considered and adopted, 3323, 3324.
Returned from Senate with conference committee report adopted, 3472.
Signed by Speaker, 3589.
Remarks on, by
Rockwell, 1494, 1495, 1496.
Scott, John R. K., 1494, 1495, 1496.
Baldwin, R. J., 1495.
McAleer, 1496.
Graybill, 1496.

BOARD OF WARDENS for port of Philadelphia by fixing rates of pilotage, bill to amend further supplement to act establishing (see pilotage).

BOARD OF WARDENS for port of Philadelphia by providing for classification of pilots and pilot apprentices, bill to amend act establishing (see pilots).

BOARD OF WARDENS for port of Philadelphia, to repeal further supplement to act to establish a
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 403.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 403.

BOARD TO EXAMINE EXPERT ACCOUNTANTS, nominated, Members of State, 25, 27.

BOARDING HOUSES IN CITIES OF THE FIRST CLASS shall be equipped with chain or wire cable fire escapes, bill to provide that certain buildings used as (see cities of first class).

BOARDS OF ARBITRATION, bill to provide for settlement of strikes or lockouts by (see Arbitration).

BOARDS OF PRISON INSPECTORS for control and management of county jails and prisons, to provide for appointment of
Read in place in House by Mr. Keister, 361.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 361.

BOARDS OF PRISON INSPECTORS OF PENITENTIARIES, bill to authorize release on probation of certain convicts and extending powers and duties of (see parole).

BODIES are unclaimed and unfit for anatomical purposes, bill to provide for burial of indigent persons whose (see burial).

BODIES, sale of lots and enlargement of the grounds, bill to amend act authorizing cemetery or burial associations to purchase other grounds by regulating removal of (see cemetery).

BODY OR REMAINS, making it a felony to open any tomb, vault or grave and remove clandestinely any
Senate Bill No. 175
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Clark, 339.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 339.
Reported without amendment, 402.
First reading, 470.
Second reading, 505.
Third reading and final passage, 553.
Returned from House without amendment, 1805.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1855.
Approved by Governor, 2152.

BODY OR REMAINS—Continued.
In House (No. 471)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 585.
Reported without amendment, 1027.
First reading, 1092.
Second reading, 1388.
Third reading and final passage, 1755, 1756.
Signed by Speaker,

BOILER INSPECTORS in cities of second and third class, bill to regulate qualifications of (see cities).

BOND, further supplement to act for regulation of boroughs in regard to conditions for treasurer's (see boroughs).

BOND is filed in any court of record, to make certain provisions in regard to presentation of petition by principal surety in every case where a
House Bill No. 621
Read in place in House by Mr. Wallace, 591.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 591.
Reported without amendment, 1340.
First reading, 1413.
Second reading, 2087, 2088.
Third reading and final passage, 2345.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2947.
Signed by Speaker, 3183.
In Senate (No. 797)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2472.
Reported without amendment, 2538.
First reading, 2554.
Second reading, 2699.
Third reading and final passage, 2900.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3115.

BOND of not less than five thousand dollars, bill to require treasurers of mutual fire insurance companies to give (see insurance).

BOND, supplement to act relating to system of education of common schools regarding conditions of treasurer's (see schools).

BOND to be furnished by plaintiff before any writ of foreign attachment against personal property shall be served, to require
Senate Bill No. 622
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox, 1707.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1707.
Reported without amendment, 1797.
First reading, 1917.
Second reading, 2008.
Third reading and final passage, 2173.
In House (No. 1242)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2221.
Reported with negative recommendation, 2247.

BOND to cover costs in certain petty cases, bill to authorize justices of the peace, aldermen, magistrates or other officers to require informant to file (see costs).

BOND, to provide that under certain conditions the Court may enter an exoneretur upon a
Read in place in House by Mr. Wallace, 96.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 96.

BONDED DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES, special bonded warehouses and bonded warehouses, bill relating to receipts or certificates issued by owners of (see warehouses).

BONDED INDEBTEDNESS, bill to confer certain authority on Trustees of any State Normal School in regard to its (see State Normal).

BONDS and other securities to make distribution of same to parties entitled thereto, bill to authorize Orphans' Courts when balance for distribution in an estate after debts are paid includes stocks (see estate).

BONDS, bill to amend act relating to government of cities of second class, by providing for issuing of funding (see cities of second class).

BONDS, bill to amend act relating to sale of certain corporations so that it shall apply also to sales and conveyances of material, rolling stock, property and franchises of any such corporation and shall prescribe rights and powers of corporation formed by purchaser and issuance of stock and (see corporation).

BONDS, bill to provide system whereby boroughs may build sewers and pave streets and pay costs thereof by issue of (see boroughs).

BONDS for construction of roads and bridges, bill to provide method for issuing (see townships of second class).

BONDS for expenses connected with original location, laying out and construction of public roads or highways, to authorize issuing of (see highways).

BONDS FOR IMPROVEMENT OF HIGHWAYS, joint resolution proposing amendment to article 9, section 4 of Constitution of Pennsylvania authorizing issue of (see Constitution).

BONDS FOR INCREASE OF INDEBTEDNESS of any municipality, bill to validate (see indebtedness).

BONDS BY BOROUGHS to erect or acquire water works and to extend its pipes, to provide for issuing of (see boroughs).

BONDS given by officers of townships, boroughs, poor districts and school districts to be approved by the Court of Quarter Sessions and filed, recorded and kept by the clerk of said Court, to require
House Bill No. 97
Read in place in House by Mr. Shadrach, 110.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 110.
Reported without amendment, 300.
First reading, 321.
Second reading, 330.
Third reading and defeated, 397, 398.
Remarks on, by
Rockwell, 397, 398.
Graybill, 398.

BONDS hereafter issued by them for purpose of permanently improving any public road or highway, bill to authorize counties to pay State taxes on (see counties).

BONDS IN CONDEMNATION PROCEEDINGS to be recorded, to require
Read in place in House by Mr. Currier, 146.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 146.

BONDS IN WHICH THEY HAVE BECOME SURETY, bill relating to suits against corporations upon (see corporations).

BONDS ISSUED BY MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS and indebtedness represented by same, to make valid certain
House Bill No. 480
Read in place in House by Mr. Freeman, 1016.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 1016.
Reported without amendment, 1028.
First reading, 1092.
Second reading and amended, 1673.
Third reading and final passage, 1765.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2718.
Signed by Speaker, 2845.
Remarks on, by
Freeman, 1673.
In Senate (No. 702)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1801.
Reported without amendment, 2202.
First reading, 2286, 2287.
Second reading, 2465.
Third reading and final passage, 2537, 2538.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2653.

BONDS ISSUED IN PURSUANCE OF SUCH ELECTIONS, bill to validate all elections held to vote upon question of increasing indebtedness of municipalities and all (see indebtedness).
Read in place in House by Mr. Lowe, 315.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 315.

BONDS, MORTGAGES AND OTHER SECURITIES, bill to amend further supplement to act to provide revenue by taxation relating to taxing (see taxation).

BONDS, MORTGAGES AND OTHER SECURITIES, bill to provide increased revenue by providing that corporations, joint stock associations and limited partnerships shall annually pay a tax of four mills on (see tax).

BONDS, NOTES OR OTHER OBLIGATIONS for payment of money secured by mortgage, bill to regulate entry of judgments on (see judgments).

BONDS NOW HELD BY DEPARTMENT OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS, bill to provide for cancellation of certain (see cancellation).

BONDS OF CONTRACTORS AND SUB-CONTRACTORS on public work, bill to provide for security to laborers and material men under (see contract).

BONDS OR OTHER EVIDENCES OF INDEBTEDNESS of which are held by residents of this Commonwealth, bill to regulate reports, for purposes of taxation by corporations any of the (see taxation).

BONDS REQUIRED OF PUBLIC OFFICERS and for discharge of sureties thereunder, to provide for payment of premiums on

House Bill No. 460
Read in place in House by Mr. Williams, 472.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 472.
Reported with amendment, 1027.
First reading, 1091.
Second reading, 1386.
Third reading and final passage, 1751.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3355.
Signed by Speaker, 3481.

In Senate (No. 819)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1801.
Reported without amendment, 2603.
First reading, 2927.
Second reading, 3155.
Third reading and final passage, 3269.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3394.

BONDS thereunder, to amend act requiring certain counties to maintain schools for male children under jurisdiction of Juvenile Courts, so as to regulate the issue of

House Bill No. 5
Read in place in House by Mr. Alter, 94.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 94.
Reported without amendment, 109.
First reading, 115.
Second reading, 126.
Third reading and final passage, 136.
Returned by Senate without amendment, 584.
Signed by Speaker, 661.
Approved by Governor, 730.

In Senate (No. 174)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 132.
Reported without amendment, 402.
First reading, 470.
Second reading, 505.
Third reading and final passage, 553.

BONDS, to amend, as regards fees of prothonotary and clerk, act relating to depositing of money with prothonotary or clerk of the several courts in lieu of surety or sureties on (see fees).

BONSALL presentation of testimonial of House of Representatives at close of session to Journal Clerk Harry, 3652.

BONUS ON CAPITAL STOCK a first lien upon franchises and property of corporations, bill to make unpaid (see corporations).

BONUS ON CAPITAL STOCK, bill relating to taxation and (see taxation).

BONUS TO TOWNSHIPS OF SECOND CLASS which abolish work tax, bill making appropriation for payment of fifteen per centum (see townships).

BOOTHE, WILLIS A., Member of State Board to Examine Expert Accountants.
Nominated, 25.

BOROUGH, bill to empower any taxpayer thereof to appeal to Court of Common Pleas from judgment of any justice of the peace or alderman against such (see appeal).

BOROUGH, bill to fix maximum number of licenses to be granted for sale of liquors by retail in any (see liquors).

BOROUGH, bill to provide method for improving a county road lying within or traversing a (see highways).

BOROUGH, bill to repeal act providing for repair and maintenance of appropriated, condemned or abandoned turnpikes by proper (see turnpikes).

BOROUGH COUNCIL providing that term of office of council shall be four years, bill to amend act authorizing burgess and town council of Wellsboro, Tioga County, to regulate election of (see Wellsboro).

BOROUGH LIABLE FOR THE COSTS, to make properties benefited by certain street improvements in any

Senate Bill No. 170
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wasbers, 166.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 166.
Reported without amendment, 401.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 470.

BOROUGH, making it lawful for certain incorporated street railway companies to operate their railways on certain streets for purpose of relocating or straightening their tracks without consent of municipal authorities of

Senate Bill No. 381
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox (by request), 843.
Referred to Committee on City Passenger Railways, 843.
Reported without amendment, 904.
First reading, 957, 958.
Second reading, 1005.
Third reading and final passage, 1073.

In House (No. 575)
Referred to Committee on Passenger Railways, 1153.
Reported without amendment, 1303.
First reading, 1410.
Second reading and amended, 1526.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 1950, 1951.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 2130.

Remarks on, by
Robinson, 1950.

BOROUGH OFFICERS, to provide for the establishment of county associations of

House Bill No. 73
Read in place in House by Mr. Boyd, 171.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 171.
Reported without amendment, 199.
First reading, 212.
Second reading, 237.
Third reading and postponed for the present, 317, 318.
Resumed and defeated on third reading, 1952.

Remarks on, by
Wilson, 317, 318.
Marvin, 318.
Ulerich, 318.
Boyd, 318.
Allen, 318.
Robinson, 318.

BOROUGH, OR INCORPORATED TOWN in regard to annexation of adjacent territory, further supplement to act defining powers of burgess and council of any

House Bill No. 165
Read in place in House by Mr. Wallace, 140.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 140.
Reported without amendment, 415.
First reading, 451.
Second reading, 576.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 602, 603.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and postponed for present, 603.
Resumed and defeated on third reading, 1955.

Remarks on, by
Wallace, 1955.
Reno, 1955.
Baldwin, George A., 1955.

BOROUGH OR TOWNSHIP, bill to provide for forfeit of right or commission of a public service corporation which neglects to properly perform any of its corporate functions or duties in any city, (see public service).

BOROUGH shall hereafter be incorporated out of any township of first class, bill to provide that no (see township).

BOROUGH TAXES, bill to provide for arrest in case of neglect or refusal to pay (see taxes).

BOROUGH to determine by an election whether granting of licenses for sale of liquor therein shall be prohibited, bill to permit electors of any (see liquors).

BOROUGH, to provide for the making of a new ordinance book or record of ordinances of any

House Bill No. 179
Read in place in House by Mr. C. Victor Johnson, 232.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 232.
Reported without amendment, 436.
First reading, 586.
Recommitted to Committee, 846, 847.
Re-reported with amendment.
Second reading, 2063.

BOROUGH—Continued.
Third reading and final passage, 2318, 2319.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3355.
Signed by Speaker, 3481.
In Senate (No. 817)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2472.
Reported without amendment, 2603.
First reading, 2926.
Second reading, 3155.
Third reading and final passage, 3268.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3394.

BOROUGH whose ordinance is alleged to have been violated, bill to provide for payment of costs and maintenance of prisoners committed to county prisons on charge of violation of ordinance by (see costs).

BOROUGHS AND BOROUGH OFFICERS and to regulate payment of expenses and publications thereof, to provide for associations of
Read in place in House by Mr. Rebert, 1082.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1082.

BOROUGHS and to provide for their compensation and discharge, bill to regulate appointment of policemen in (see policemen).

BOROUGHS AND TOWNSHIPS and providing for reports by them of violations of law, bill to regulate returns of constables in (see constables).

BOROUGHS AND TOWNSHIPS and to provide compensation for collector, bill to regulate collection of taxes in the several (see taxes).

BOROUGHS AND TOWNSHIPS, bill to provide for assessment of taxes against real estate, leases and improvements of pipe line companies in (see taxes).

BOROUGHS AND TOWNSHIPS, bill to regulate use of moving picture machines and of booths therefor in cities of third class, in (see moving picture).

BOROUGHS AND TOWNSHIPS by prohibiting excessive and improper use thereof, bill to provide for protection of roads or streets in counties (see roads).

BOROUGHS AND TOWNSHIPS OF compensation to firemen for injuries sustained in protecting property from fire, bill to authorize payment by (see firemen).

BOROUGHS AND TOWNSHIPS TO TAX MOVING PICTURE MACHINES and places where same are operated, bill to authorize (see moving picture).

BOROUGHS, bill relating to annexation and consolidation with a city upon the petition of such city, after an election had upon, the question, of cities and (see cities).

BOROUGHS, bill relating to assessments of benefits against railroads caused by change of grade of streets and highways in (see railroads)

BOROUGHS, bill relating to settlement and audit of the accounts of all officers of (see accounts).

BOROUGHS, bill to amend act relating to erection of poor house by Township of Wilkes-Barre by authorizing judges of court of quarter sessions of Luzerne County to appoint additional director of the poor for certain (see poor house).

BOROUGHS, bill to authorize election of tax collectors for term of four years in the several (see tax).

BOROUGHS, bill to fix compensation of collectors of taxes in the several (see taxes).

BOROUGHS, bill to provide for annexation and consolidation of cities and (see cities).

BOROUGHS, bill to provide for Initiative and Referendum system of legislation under certain conditions in all cities and (see initiative).

BOROUGHS, bill to provide for notification of taxables by tax collectors in (see taxables).

BOROUGHS, bill to provide for optional Initiative and Referendum system of legislation under certain conditions in all cities and (see initiative).

BOROUGHS, bill to provide for safety of employes and other persons by requiring periodical inspection of steam boilers and their appurtenances in (see steam boilers.)

BOROUGHS, bill to provide for selection of clerk in (see clerk).

BOROUGHS, bill to regulate compensation of tax collectors in (see tax).

BOROUGHS, bill to regulate use of moving picture machines in (see moving picture).

BOROUGHS, bill to repeal act relating to election of assistant assessors for registration of voters in certain townships and (see assessors).

BOROUGHS, bill to require bonds to be approved by Court of Quarter Sessions and filed, recorded and kept by clerk of said Court which are given by officers of (see bonds).

BOROUGHS by directing Court of Quarter Sessions upon petition to order election held upon subject, to amend act relating to consolidation of
House Bill No. 654
Read in place in House by Mr. Schad, 1398.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1398.
Reported without amendment, 1398.
First reading, 1629.
Second reading, 1544.
Third reading and dropped from calendar, 2248.

BOROUGHS by enlarging their term, bill to amend act relating to election of assistant assessors in certain (see assessors).

BOROUGHS by fixing different portion of cost which may be assessed against abutting property when property on one side of street is exempt from assessment, to amend act relating to street paving in
House Bill No. 665.
Read in place in House by Mr. Alter, 717.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 717,
Reported without amendment, 1469.
First reading, 1500.
Second reading, 1946.
Third reading and final passage, 2305, 2306.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3355.
Signed by Speaker, 3480.
Remarks on, by
Matt, 2305.
Alter, 2305.
In Senate (No. 811)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2289.
Reported without amendment, 2603.
First reading, 2926.
Second reading, 3154.
Third reading and final passage, 3267.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3402.

BOROUGHS BY FIXING NUMBER OF VIEWERS AT THREE, to amend act appointing viewers to assess damages where streets or alleys are changed in location or grade in the several.
Senate Bill No. 226
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 403.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 403.
Reported without amendment, 540.
First reading, 634.
Second reading, 673, 674.
Third reading and final passage, 705.
Returned from House without amendment, 1421.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1423.
Approved by Governor, 1799.
In House (No. 385)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 748.
Reported without amendment, 881.
First reading, 902.
Second reading, 1059.
Third reading and final passage, 1355, 1356.
Signed by Speaker, 1459.

BOROUGHS BY FIXING NUMBER OF VIEWERS AT THREE, to amend supplement to act regulating
Senate Bill No. 235
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 403.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 403.
Reported without amendment, 540.
First reading, 634.
Second reading, 679.
Third reading and final passage, 707.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3113.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3276.
In House (No. 764)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 749.
Reported without amendment, 1695.
First reading, 1830.
Second reading, 2126.
Third reading and final passage, 3223, 3224.
Signed by Speaker, 3495.

BOROUGHS by further regulating filling of vacancies in town councils, to amend act designating number of councilmen to be elected in certain
Read in place in House by Mr. R. J. Baldwin, 884.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 884.

BOROUGHS BY PROVIDING PROPER EXITS, FIRE ESCAPES, fire extinguishers and other preventives of fire, bill to provide for safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings in (see buildings).

BOROUGHS BY REGULATING CONTROL OF POLICEMEN WHEN ON DUTY, bill to amend act authorizing appointment of policemen in (see policemen).

BOROUGHS FOR PURPOSE OF CONSTRUCTING WHARVES, landing places and docks, to provide for purchase or condemnation of real estate by
House Bill No. 878
Read in place in House by Mr. Walton, 1948.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1948.
Reported without amendment, 2023.
First reading, 2195.
Second reading, 2371, 2372.
Third reading and final passage, 2596.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3356.
Signed by Speaker, 3480.
In Senate (No. 816)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2555.
Reported without amendment, 2603.
First reading, 2926.
Second reading, 3155.
Third reading and final passage, 3268.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3402.

BOROUGHS FOR PURPOSE OF CONSTRUCTING WHARVES, landing places and docks, to regulate purchase or condemnation of real estate by
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Cooper, 1900.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1900.

BOROUGHS FOR PURPOSE OF CONSTRUCTING WHARVES, landing places and docks, to provide for purchase on condemnation of real estate by
Senate Bill No. 770
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Cooper, 2202.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2202.
Reported without amendment, 2524.
First reading, 2552.
Second reading, 2693, 2694.
Third reading and final passage, 2896.
In House (No. 1339)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2948.
Reported without amendment, 2973.
First reading, 2973.
Second reading, 3023.
Dropped from calendar, 3498.

BOROUGHS, further supplement to act for regulation of.
House Bill No. 808
Read in place in House by Mr. Watts, 111.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 111.
Reported without amendment, 1769.
First reading, 1832.
Second reading, 2144.

BOROUGHS having between 10,000 and 45,000 inhabitants, to provide for election of certain officers in
House Bill No. 513
Read in place in House by Mr. Kinney, 156.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 156.
Reported without amendment, 1081.
First reading, 1240.
Second reading, 1506.
Third reading and final passage, 1790, 1791.
In Senate (No. 738)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1802.
Reported without amendment, 2265.
Recommitted to Committee, 2456.

BOROUGHS, joint resolution to provide for commission to amend, revise and collate laws regulating
Read in place in House by Mr. Rebert, 1083.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1083.

BOROUGHS MAY BUILD SEWERS and pave streets, to provide a system whereby
House Bill No. 491
Read in place in House by Mr. Haggerty, 304.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 304
Reported without amendment, 1048.
First reading, 1093.
Second reading, 1503.
Third reading and final passage, 1782.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2842.
Signed by Speaker, 2942.
In Senate (No. 737)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1801.
Reported without amendment, 2265.
First reading, 2470.
Second reading, 2549.
Third reading and final passage, 2616.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2902.

BOROUGHS NOT DIVIDED INTO WARDS, to amend act designating number of councilmen to be elected in
House Bill No. 579
Read in place in House by Mr. R. J. Baldwin, 921.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 921.
Reported without amendment, 1303.
First reading, 1410.
Second reading, 1526.
Third reading and final passage, 1951, 1952.
Remarks on, by
Schultz, 1951.
Robinson, V. Gilpin, 1951.
Baldwin, R. J., 1951.
In Senate
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1964.

BOROUGHS, petitions presented for passage of House Bill No. 654, amending act relating to consolidation of (see petitions).

BOROUGHS providing for election of chief of police and supervisors, supplement to act regulating
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Snyder, 298.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 298.

BOROUGHS so as to change requirements of petition, to amend act in regard to street paving in
Senate Bill No. 173
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Catlin, 101.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 101.
Reported without amendment, 402.
First reading, 470.
Second reading, 504, 505.
Third reading and final passage, 553.
Returned from House with amendments, 3150.
Concurred in House amendments, 3150.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3275.
In House (No. 501)
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 585.
Reported without amendment, 1048.
First reading, 1094.
Second reading, 1487, 1488.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1776.
Resumed and amended, 2054.
Resumed and passed finally, 3226, 3227.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 3309.
Signed by Speaker, 3495, 3496.

BOROUGHS so as to increase term of office of borough solicitor from three years to four years, to amend supplement to act regulating
House Bill No. 815
Read in place in House by Mr. Miller, 1400.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1400.
Reported without amendment, 1779.
First reading, 1833.
Second reading, 2145.

BOROUGHS, supplement regarding petitions to act relating to street paving in
Senate Bill No. 146
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox, 129.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 120.
Reported without amendment, 373.
First reading, 412.
Second reading, 465.
Third reading and final passage, 494.

BOROUGHS—Continued.
Returned from House with amendments, 1667.
Considered and postponed for present, 1667.
Resumed and amendments concurred in, 1709.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1797.
Approved by Governor, 2152.

In House (No. 442)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 584.
Reported with amendment, 1016.
First reading, 1090.
Second reading and amended, 1374.
Third reading and final passage, 1681, 1682.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 1759.
Signed by Speaker, 1851.

BOROUGHS, to amend as regards observance of Sunday and prohibiting of gambling and betting act regulating
Read in place in House by Mr. Walton, 140.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 140.

BOROUGHS, to amend, by providing for selection and election of certain borough officers, tenth section of act providing for consolidation of
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McConnell, 167.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 167.

BOROUGHS, to amend tenth section of act relating to consolidation of

House Bill No. 514
Read in place in House by Mr. Caldwell, 141.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 141.
Reported without amendment, 1081.
First reading, 1240.
Second reading, 1506.
Third reading and amended, 1791.
Final passage, 1841, 1842.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2947.
Signed by Speaker, 3183.

In Senate (No. 769)
Referred to Committee on.
Reported without amendment from Committee on Judiciary Special, 2524.
First reading, 2552.
Second reading, 2693.
Third reading and final passage, 2896.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3115.

BOROUGHS to appropriate private property for necessary public use, bill to amend, by extending same to townships of first class, act authorizing (see townships).

BOROUGHS to condemn property for purpose of obtaining and supplying water by fixing number of viewers at three, bill to amend act authorizing (see water).

BOROUGHS to determine the dividing line between said boroughs, to authorize the proper authorities of adjoining

Senate Bill No. 162
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Kline for Mr. Powell, 340.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 340.
Reported without amendment, 401.
First reading, 469.
Second reading, 502, 503.
Third reading and final passage, 551.
Returned from House without amendment, 1805.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1855.
Approved by Governor, 2152.

In House (No. 502)
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 584
Reported without amendment, 1048.
First reading, 1094.
Second reading, 1488.
Third reading and final passage, 1776.
Signed by Speaker,

BOROUGHS to enact ordinances prescribing reasonable regulations in regard to mining of coal beneath their surface, bill to authorize (see mining).

BOROUGHS to erect or acquire water works and to extend its pipes and supply water therein, to authorize

House Bill No. 810
Read in place in House by Mr. Rebert, 1082.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 1082.
Reported without amendment, 1769.
First reading, 1833.
Second reading, 2144.

BOROUGHS, to fix term of chief burgess and members of council in
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Homsher, 339.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 339.

BOROUGHS TO GRADE AND PAVE STREETS and alleys without petition of property owners, to empower

House Bill No. 490
Read in place in House by Mr. Haggerty, 302.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 802.
Reported without amendment, 1048.
First reading, 1093.
Second reading, 2084.
Third reading and dropped from calendar, 2322, 2323.

BOROUGHS to hold their respective meetings at the same place, bill to require officers of townships of second class and of (see meetings).

BOROUGHS to lay out and maintain as public parks lands heretofore acquired outside of borough limits, to authorize

House Bill No. 418
Read in place in House by Mr. Graybill, 777.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 777.
Reported without amendment, 970.
First reading, 1089.
Second reading, 1368.
Third reading and final passage, 1627.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2025.
Signed by Speaker, 2588.

In Senate (No. 601)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1608.
Reported without amendment, 1706.
First reading, 1822.
Second reading, 1914.
Third reading and final passage, 2003.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2521.

BOROUGHS to prohibit planting of and to provide for removal of certain objectionable trees, to empower

House Bill No. 26
Read in place in House by Mr. Williams, 110.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 110.
Reported without amendment, 139.
First reading, 148.
Second reading, 161.
Third reading and defeated, 175.

Remarks on, by
Robinson, 175.
Williams, 175.
Schofield, 175.

BOROUGHS, to provide for creation and regulation of municipal liens in the several

House Bill No. 154
Read in place in House by Mr. Knight, 210.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 210.
Reported without amendment, 415.
First reading, 450.
Second reading, 573, 574.
Third reading and final passage, 600.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3581.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3581.
Signed by Speaker, 3609.

In Senate (No. 1242)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 610.
Reported without amendment, 3152.
First reading, 3180.
Second reading, 3303, 3304.
Third reading and final passage, 3436.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3457.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3535.

BOROUGHS, to provide for election of councilmen in the several

Senate Bill No. 126
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox, 149.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 149.
Reported without amendment, 282.
First reading, 358.
Second reading, 408.
Third reading and postponed for present, 459.
Dropped from calendar, 798.

BOROUGHS, to provide for election of councilmen in the several

Senate Bill No. 299
Read in place in Seate by Mr. Fox, 669.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 669.
Reported without amendment, 671.
First reading, 712.
Second reading, 772.
Third reading and postponed for present, 796.
Resumed on third reading and passed finally, 1437.
Returned from House without amendment, 3305.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3403.

Remarks on, by
Fox, 1437.

In House (No. 887)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1471.
Reported without amendment, 2053.
First reading, 2196.
Second reading, 2376, 2377.
Defeated on third reading, 3358.
Vote on third reading reconsidered.
Bill resumed and passed finally, 3359.
Signed by Speaker, 3590.

BOROUGHS, to provide for safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings in

House Bill No. 145
Read in place in House by Mr. Ehrhardt, 122.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 122.
Reported with amendment, 390.
First reading, 432.
Second reading, and amended, 570, 571.
Third reading and postponed for present, 600.

BOROUGHS, to regulate manner in which moneys shall be paid out of treasuries of several

Senate Bill No. 509
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Endsley, 1254.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1254.
Reported without amendment, 1434.
First reading, 1605.
Second reading, 1642.
Over in its order, 1719.
Third reading and final passage, 1813.

In House
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1933.

BOROUGHS, to regulate narrowing of driveway or cartway of streets and other highways in
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McConnell, 1854.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 1854.

BOROUGHS to require sprinkling of public streets and assess costs of same on owners or occupiers of property abutting thereon, to authorize councils of incorporated

House Bill No. 482
Read in place in House by Mr. Mills, 885.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 885.
Reported without amendment, 1028.
First reading, 1093.
Second reading, 1392, 1393.
Third reading and final passage, 1765, 1766.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2946.
Signed by Speaker, 3183.

Remarks on, by
Ailman, 1765.
Mills, 1765, 1766.
Henry, 1766.

In Senate (No. 780)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1801.
Reported without amendment, 2525.
First reading, 2553.
Second reading, 2696.
Third reading and final passage, 2891.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3115.

BOROUGHS to unite in constructing or acquiring and maintaining works for supplying water or furnishing light, to authorize

House Bill No. 257
Read in place in House by Mr. Kern, 115.
Referred to Committee on Municpal Corporations, 115.

BOROUGHS—Continued.
Reported without amendment, 688.
First reading, 749.
Second reading and amended, 860, 861.
Third reading and amended, 1159.
Final passage, 1246, 1247.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 2315.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 2315.
Signed by Speaker, 2587.

In Senate (No. 642)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1235.
Reported with amendment, 1899.
First reading, 2013.
Second reading, 2179.
Third reading and amended, 2208.
Resumed and passed finally, 2268.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 2449.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2522.

BOROUGHS to validate certain ordinances where same have not been published according to law or where proof of publication cannot be made, to enable

House Bill No. 598.
Read in place in House by Mr. Raesly, 717.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 717.
Reported with amendment, 1328.
First reading, 1412.
Second reading, 1531.
Third reading and final passage, 2017.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2842.
Signed by Speaker, 2942.

In Senate (No. 727)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2014.
Reported without amendment, 2264.
First reading, 2469.
Second reading, 2547.
Third reading and final passage, 2613.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2903.

BOROUGHS to validate certain ordinances where same have not been published according to law or where proof of publication cannot be made, to enable

Senate Bill No. 532
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Morgan, 704.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 704.
Reported without amendment, 1442.
First reading, 1606.
Second reading, 1652.
Third reading and final passage, 1723.
Returned from House without amendment, 3278.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3404.

In House (No. 874)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1760.
Reported without amendment, 1949.
First reading, 2049.
Second reading,
Third reading and final passage, 3353.
Signed by Speaker, 3590.

BOROUGHS, to validate municipal improvements and to provide for filing of municipal liens therefor and for collection thereof in

House Bill No. 535
Read in place in House by Mr. Hoover, 1115.
Referred to Committee on, 1115.
Reported without amendment from Committee on Judiciary Special, 1184.
First reading, 1242.
Second reading, 1520.
Third reading and final passage, 1922.

In Senate
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1898.

BOROUGHS, townships, poor districts and school districts and providing for appeals to Court of Common Pleas and Superior and Supreme Courts, bill relating to settlement and audit of accounts of all officers of (see accounts).

BOROUGHS where work has not been commenced within two years from passage of ordinance, to make void surveying of certain highways and sewers over private property in

House Bill No. 366

Read in place in House by Mr. Dale, 568.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 568.
Reported without amendment, 845.
First reading, 901.
Second reading and amended, 1056.
Third reading and final passage, 1349.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2311.
Signed by Speaker, 2587.

In Senate (No. 663)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1421.
Reported without amendment, 1963.
First reading, 2182.
Second reading, 2212.
Third reading and final passage, 2271.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2522.

BOROUGHS who shall not be eligible to office for next succeeding term, to amend act authorizing election of burgess in the several

Read in place in House by Mr. Welch, 1282.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1282.

BOROUGHS with approval of burgess to make from amount of its borough taxes with which its tax collector is charged such abatements and exonerations as shall appear just, to authorize councils of incorporated

House Bill No. 1249

Read in place in House by Mr. V. Gilpin Robinson, 1399.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1399.
Reported without amendment, 2247.
First reading, 2384.
Second reading, 2513.

BOROUGHS with reference to electric light wires, bill to amend section one and repeal section two of act relating to police power of cities of the third class and (see wires).

BOROUGHS with respect to population into two classes and providing for form of government of boroughs of first class, to divide

Senate Bill No. 552

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Catlin, 1546.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1546.
Reported without amendment, 1546.
First reading, 1656.
Second reading, 1732, 1733, 1734, 1735, 1736, 1737, 1738, 1739.
Third reading and final passage, 1814, 1815.

In House (No. 840)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1933.
Reported without amendment, 1947.
First reading, 2047.
Recommitted to Committee, 2354.
Re-reported with amendment,
Second reading, 3205, 3206, 3207, 3208, 3209, 3210, 3211, 3212, 3213.
Third reading and bill postponed indefinitely, 3499.

BOROUGHS without petition of abutting property owners, to authorize grading, paving and curbing of any streets which may be in whole or in part boundaries between adjoining

House Bill No. 796

Read in place in House by Mr. Alter, 1468.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1468.
Reported without amendment, 1758.
First reading, 1832.
Second reading, 2136.
Third reading and postponed for present, 3034.

BOROUGHS without petition of property owners to grade, pave, curb, macadamize and otherwise improve public streets or parts thereof, and assess a portion of costs of same on owners of property abutting thereon and providing for the collection of same, to empower

Senate Bill No. 166

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Catlin, 101.
Referredto Committee on Municipal Affairs, 102.
Reported without amendment, 401.
First reading, 469.
Second reading, 503, 504.

BOROUGHS—Continued.

Third reading and final passage, 552.
Returned from House with amendments, 1964.
Concurred in House amendments, 1964.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1965.
Approved by Governor, 2442.

In House (No. 493)

Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 585.
Reported without amendment, 1048.
First reading, 1093.
Second reading and amended, 1486.
Third reading and amended, 1774, 1775.
Defeated on final passage, 1840, 1841.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 1852.
Resumed and passed finally, 1953, 1954.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 2024.
Signed by Speaker,

Remarks on, by

Flynn, 1775.
Shannon, 1775.
Mills, 1755.

BOROUGHS without petition of property owners to pave and otherwise improve public streets and assess a portion of cost of same on owners of property abutting thereon, to empower

Read in place in House by Mr. Carter, 884.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 884.

BOSHER, WILLIAM, Representative from Second District, Philadelphia County,

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84.

Bills introduced by

For the suppression of trading or premium stamps, 209.
Providing in cities of first class for delivery tickets for sale of anthracite coal, 392.
Regulating trial of cases by jury, 590.

Bills reported by

No. 160

Authorizing George A. Miller to bring action against Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, 415.

No. 534 (Senate Bill No. 711)

Fixing salary of second assistant State Librarian, 1169.

No. 683, (Senate Bill No. 433)

To provide that no person shall be eligible to office of district attorney who has not been admitted to practice in Supreme and Superior Courts, 1470.

Election of, 44.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

BOSSERT, SAMUEL S., Representative from Chester County,

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.
Election of, 43.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Chester County, against bill forbidding employment of boys under sixteen years of age in glass fortories, 323.
Citizens of Chester County, for reading of Bible in public schools, 687, 809.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

BOTTLES AND CONTAINERS without written consent of owners thereof, bill to provide for registration and prohibit use of (see registration).

BOTTLES OR OTHER RECEPTACLES containing food shall be marked with true weight of measure of contents thereof, bill to provide that all (see contents).

BOULEVARDS AND PARKWAYS under care of Park Commission or other body having control of parks in such cities, bill to authorize cities of first class to place care of (see cities).

BOULEVARDS, bill to give Department of Public Safety in cities of first class right to regulate traffic, use and police control of (see cities).

BOUNDARIES between adjoining boroughs without petition of abutting property owners, bill to authorize grading, paving and curbing of any streets which may be in whole or in part (see boroughs).

BOUNDARIES of State in 1685, bill making appropriation for purchase of Wm. Penn's own copy of map which fixed (see Penn's).

BOUNDARY between this and adjoining State supplement to amended act relating to certain corporations regulating electric light, heat and power companies which are near (see electric).

BOUNDARY LAKES, bill to forbid use of a gill net of more than thirty meshes deep in certain (see net).

BOUNDARY LINE between two counties, bill to amend act relating to roads, highways and bridges by providing for cost of county bridges over streams forming (see bridges).

BOUNDARY LINE MONUMENTS, bill making appropriation to provide for quadrennial inspection of (see monuments).

BOUND SEWED VOLUMES, bill to require public records to be entered and kept in (see records).

BOUQUET AND HIS SOLDIERS on the Bushy Run Battlefield, to provide for monument to Colonel Henry

Senate Bill No. 191
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Jamison, 290.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 290.
Reported without amendment, 454.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 518, 519.

BOWLING ALLEYS, bill to exempt from levy and sale on execution or distress for rent certain cases, billiard and pool tables, and (see rent).

BOWLING ALLEYS or other alleys or places in which games are played with balls and pins or other objects and to provide for granting of licenses, bill to regulate use of (see billiard).

BOWMAN, WENDELL P., Major General of National Guard of Pennsylvania.
Nominated, 27.
Reported, 940.
Confirmed, 956.

BOXING MATCHES in certain counties, bill to repeal act to prevent prize-fights and (see prize-fights).

BOYD, BERKEY H., Representative from Second District, Westmoreland County.

Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by
Amending act regulating manner of increasing indebtedness of municipalities so as to include townships, 776.
Enabling corporations not authorized to hold real estate in Pennsylvania to convey and make title to certain real estate, 302.
Establishing county associations of borough officers, 171.
Further regulating the granting of licenses for the sale of liquors, 123.
To require all dogs other than hunting dogs in certain cases to be muzzled at all times, 846.
Validating incurring of debt of townships of the second class, 172.

Bill reported by
No. 511
To exempt from payment of inheritance tax bequests and devises to institutions of purely public charity, 1081.

Election of, 45.

Motions by, for
Committee of whole to report to House on House Bill No. 256, amending act to provide revenue by taxation relating to taxing bonds, mortgages and other securities, 1159.

Motions by, to
Adjourn, 2023.
Give pages a holiday, 1368.
Place on calendar House Bill No. 112, to further regulate granting of licenses for sale of liquor, 362.
Postpone for present House Bill No. 73, establishing county associations of borough officers, 318.

Petitions presented by, from
Citizens of Westmoreland County against commission form of government, 525.
Citizens of Westmoreland County against excise commission bill and Kline license bill, 2184.
Citizens of Westmoreland County against Sunday baseball bill, 525.

BOYD, BERKEY H.—Continued.
Citizens of Westmoreland County for Mercantile Tax Repeal bill, 525.
Citizens of Westmoreland County for reading of Bible in public schools, 435, 1081, 1499.
Citizens of Westmoreland County for State Local Option Law, 525.
The Poultry and Pet Stock Association of Scottdale for appropriation to State College for poultry buildings, 1457.

Point of order raised by, on
House Bill No. 773, repealing so far as it relates to Borough of West Newton, Westmoreland County, act to prohibit issuing of licenses in certain boroughs, 3256.

Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 72, validating incurring of debt in townships of second class, 317.
House Bill No. 73, establishing county associations of borough officers, 318.
House Bill No. 112, further regulating granting of licenses for sale of liquors, 473, 474.
House Bill No. 773, repealing so far as it relates to borough of West Newton, Westmoreland County, act to prohibit issuing of licenses in certain boroughs, 3256.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

BOYLE, JOHN RICHARDS, Member of Fiftieth Anniversary of Battle of.
Gettysburg Commission, nominated, 26.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

BOYS' INDUSTRIAL ASSOCIATION of Wilkes-Barre, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. Shadrach, 567.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 567.

BOYS' INDUSTRIAL ASSOCIATION of Wilkes-Barre, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 250
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Catlin, 489.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 489.
Reported without amendment, 607.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 684.

BOYS' INDUSTRIAL HOME at Williamsport, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1013
Read in place in House by Mr. Gibson, 189.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 189.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2333.
Second reading, 2402.
Third reading and final passage, 2754, 2755.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.

In Senate (No. 943)
Referred to Committee on Apropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2685.
First reading, 2706.
Second reading, 2910.
Third reading and final passage, 3071, 3072.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

BOYS' INDUSTRIAL HOME of Western Pennsylvania, located at Oakdale, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1138
Read in place in House by Mr. John F. Cox, 301.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 301.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2339.
Second reading, 2420.
Third reading and final passage, 2795, 2796.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

In Senate (No. 1059)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2711.
Second reading, 2918.
Third reading and final passage, 3093.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

BOYS IN FACTORIES, petitions presented against amendment to law relating to employment of (see petitions).

BOYS' INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL at Williamsport, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Sones, 118.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 118.

BOYS UNDER SIXTEEN YEARS OF AGE in factories, petitions presented against bill forbidding employment of (see petitions).

BRACKONEY, presentation of testimonial of House of Representatives at close of session to Journal Clerk J. E., 3651.

BRADBERRY, WILLIAM T., nominated as Trustee for State Institution for Feeble-Minded, at Polk, 3274.
Reported, 3385.
Confirmed, 3414.

BRADDOCK AND GENERAL JOHN FORBES, bill to provide for commission to survey and make report on military routes of General Edward (see routes).

BRADDOCK GENERAL HOSPITAL, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1231
Read in place in House by Mr. William Conner, 124.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 124.
Reported with amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2343.
Second reading, 2436.
Third reading and final passage, 2826.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3479.
In Senate (No. 1146)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2664.
Reported without amendment, 2691.
First reading, 2715.
Second reading, 2924.
Third reading and final passage, 3111.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

BRADFORD HOSPITAL, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1086
Read in place in House by Mr. Hilton, 157.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 157.
Reported with amendment, 2240.
First reading, 2336.
Second reading, 2412, 2413.
Third reading and final passage, 2778.
In Senate (No. 1010)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.
Reported without amendment, 2687.
First reading, 2709.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2915.

BRADFORD HOSPITAL, making appropriation to
Senate Bill No. 706
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Baldwin, 223.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 223.
Reported with amendment, 2216.
First reading, 2287.
Second reading, 2465.
Third reading and final passage, 2542, 2543.
Returned from House without amendment, 3049.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3277.
In House (No. 1344)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2843.
Reported without amendment, 3005.
First reading, 3006.
Second reading, 3014.
Third reading and final passage, 3198.
Signed by Speaker, 3493.

BRANDYWINE, making appropriation for purpose of marking site of battle of
Senate Bill No. 75
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Thomson, 89.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 89.
Reported without amendment, 241.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 274.
Re-reported without amendment, 2215.
Second reading, 2276.
Third reading and final passage, 2450.
In House
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2570.

BRASSES, bill to amend act relating to felony of removal of waste or packing from out any journal box of engines or cars used upon any railroad so as to include (see railroad).

BRECHT, MILTON J., nominated as member of State Railroad Commission, 151.
Reported, 166.
Confirmed, 169.

BREEDING OF HORSES, bill to encourage the (see horses).

BREHM, JAMES, Representative from First District, Luzerne County,

Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by
Authorizing Commissioner of Fisheries to purchase Hayes Creek Hatchery, 735.
Authorizing refund to John Minsinberger for amount of notary public commission, 1401.
Making appropriation to Trustees of State Hospital for Injured Persons of Middle Coal Field, 125.
Making appropriation to United Charities of Hazleton, 125.
To safeguard life in coal mines by providing that all inside buildings shall be constructed of incombustible material, 1329.

Election of, 44.

Petitions presented by, from
Bloomingdale Grange No. 536 of Luzerne County against Halferty Oleomargarine Bill, 1825.
Camp No. 208 P. O. S. of A., for memorial to founders of public schools, 883.
Citizens of Hazleton for recommitting of School Code, 1015.
Citizens of Luzerne County, for passage of bill requiring Bible to be read in public schools, 360.
West Hazleton Council No. 201, Daughters of America for passage of bill require Bible to be read in public schools, 883.
West Hazleton Council No. 943, Independent Order of Americans, to recommit School Code, 883.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

BREITINGER, J. LOUIS, Representative from Nineteenth District, Philadelphia County,

Amendments offered by, to
House Bill No. 117, relating to false statements concerning affairs of corporations or individuals, 1049.
House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 1023, 1024.
House Bill No. 380, empowering clerks designated by recorder of deeds to administer oaths, 1354.
House Bill No. 384, establishing in each county a Board of Viewers, 1494.
House Bill No. 485, regulating use of billiard and pool tables and bagatelle boards kept for hire in cities of first class, 1484.
House Bill No. 743, exempting certain buildings in cities of first class from provisions of act relating to fire escapes, 2121.
House Bill No. 852, regulating sale of fabrics containing wool and cotton, 2356.

Appointment of, on
Special committee, 3613.
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85, 99.

Bills introduced by
Amending act relating to sheriffs' sales of real estate so as to forbid recording of assignments of mortgages under certain conditions, 717.
Authorizing Courts in cases where jury have disagreed to certify the evidence and enter judgment, 155.
Exempting certain buildings from provisions of certain acts relating to safety of persons from fire, 1016.
Exempting certain cases; billiard and pool tables and bowling alleys from levy and sale for rent, 95.
Joint resolution proposing amendment to section eight article nine of Constitution of Pennsylvania, 124.
Making appropriation for erection of monument on site of Half-Moon Batteries of Revolutionary War in Philadelphia, 689.
Making appropriation to Samaritan Hospital of Philadelphia, 95.
Making appropriation to Samaritan Hospital of Temple University of Philadelphia, 776.
Regulating licensing of certain places of amusement, 315.
Regulating licensing of traveling theatrical or operatic companies, 303.
Regulating number of fixtures for water supply for dwellings in cities of first class, 361.
Regulating sale of fabrics containing wool or cotton, 109.
Requiring vehicles on public highways to show a white front light, 209.

BREITINGER, J. LOUIS—Continued.

Supplementary to act for compilation and publication of laws prior to year 1800 containing commissioners appointed under said act for two years, 1468.

To authorize municipalities to provide for regulation and inspection of weights and measures, 637.

To provide for sanitary inspection in cities of first class of dwelings, 362.

To regulate exhibition of moving picture of stereopticon views and appointment by Governor by Board or Commission of Censors, 1399.

To reimburse George Lewis Mayer of Philadelphia for taxes erroneously paid on Estate of Julia Neill Mayer, deceased, 526.

Bills reported by

No. 6 (Senate Bill No. 29)

Authorizing State Treasurer to refund to John Taylor the amount paid by him for his commission as a Notary Public, 109.

No. 7

Exempting in certain cases billiard and pool tables and bowling alleys from levy and sale on execution or distress for rent, 109.

No. 49 (Senate Bill No. 205)

Providing for sale of any unserviceable property of the Commonwealth, 171.

No. 117

To prevent any person from knowingly making false or wilfully exaggerated statement concerning affairs of any corporation or individual, 959.

No. 155

Fixing terms of mayors and members of councils in cities, 415.

No. 191

Amending act relating to certain corporations as regards charters of religious bodies, 472.

No. 196 (Senate Bill No. 788)

Requiring payment of wages to be semi-monthly, 565.

No. 308

To require public records to be entered and kept in bound sewed volumes, 716.

No. 310

Amending act regulating practice of pharmacy by prescribing additional restrictions in sale of poisons, 716.

No. 538 (Senate Bill No. 744)

To repeal article one of act regulating banks, 1212.

No. 602 (Senate Bill No. 703)

To amend act increasing salaries of tipstaves in certain counties by changing limit of population of such counties, 1212.

No. 539 (Senate Bill No. 715)

Authorizing printing of 25,000 copies of Bulletin No. 152 issued by Department of Agriculture, 1339.

No. 739

To limit period of time within which actions may be brought against banks or trust companies for recovery of amount represented by any certificate of deposit issued by them, 1669.

No. 742 (Senate Bill No. 764)

Providing a method for enforcing orders of maintenance and support, 1694.

No. 872 (Senate Bill No. 265)

Authorizing foreign corporations to own real estate in this Commonwealth necessary for their corporate purposes, 1949.

No. 873 (Senate Bill No. 555)

Amending act establishing Board of Wardens for Port of Philadelphia by providing for classification of pilots and regulating qualifications of pilots and pilot apprentices, 1949.

No. 892 (Senate Bill No. 20)

Amending act providing for removal of judges as regards pay after removal, 2586.

Election of, 44.

Leave of absence asked for, 846.

Motion by, for

Committee of Whole House on House Bill No. 193, amending act establishing Department of Forestry, to report back to House, 926.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 434, 1252.

BREITINGER, J. LOUIS—Continued.

Lay upon table veto of House Bill No. 175, providing that where municipalities are vested with power of acquiring property by condemnation proceedings the title to said property shall be fee simple title thereto, 2558.

Postpone for present, House Bill No. 110, to provide revenue by taxing express companies, 431.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 412, further amending act to provide for health and safety of persons employed in and about anthracite coal mines so as to increase number of inspectors and fix their salaries, 2517.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 450, making it a felony to draw checks or drafts in excess of bank balance of drawer, 1375.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 7, exempting certain cases, billiard and pool tables and bowling alleys from levy and sale for rent, 1403.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 689, making State taxes, unpaid bonus on capital stock and penalties a first lien upon franchises and property of corporations, 2473.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 827, fixing number and salaries of clerks and other employes in Department of Auditor General, 2516.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 891, empowering cities and boroughs to enact ordinances regarding mining of coal beneath their surfaces, 2473.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 892, amending act providing for removal of judges so as to regulate pay after removal, 2560.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 412, further amending act to provide for health and safety of persons employed in and about anthracite coal mines so as to increase number of inspectors and fix their salaries, 2516.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 450, making it a felony to draw checks or drafts in excess of bank balance of drawer, 1375.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Nineteenth District, Philadelphia County, relative to reading of Bible in public schools, 389, 959.

Citizens of Philadelphia for erection of memorial to founders of public schools, 959.

Citizens of Philadelphia for passage of School Code, 1281, 1609.

Citizens of Philadelphia in favor of recommitting the School Code, 809.

Order of Independent Americans, No. 837, Philadelphia, in favor of recommitting the School Code, 809.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 7, exempting in certain cases billiard and pool tables and bowling alleys from levy or sale for rent, 1846.

House Bill No. 275, to authorize municipalities to provide for regulation and inspection of weights and measures, 1050.

House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 1023.

House Bill No. 618, regulating licensing of traveling theatrical or operatic companies, 2020.

House Bill No. 634, prohibiting hospitals and other institutions receiving State aid from restricting pay patients in selection of physicians and surgeons not connected with said institutions, 2058, 2059.

Resolution offered by, in reference to

Use of Hall of House of Representatives by Dr. Herbert Snow of London, 232.

Resolution (concurrent) offered by, reference to

Commission to investigate business methods of Building and Loan Associations, 99.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

BRENNAN, EDWARD, nominated as Trustee of State Hospital for Insane at Danville, 225.

Reported, 229.

Confirmed, 230.

BRENNAN, JAMES J., Representative from First District, Schuylkill County,

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84.

Bill reported by

No. 237

Prohibiting employment in coal mines of fire bosses and others in making examinations more than eight hours in twenty-four, 590.

Election of, 45.

Leave of absence asked for, 835.

BRENNAN, JAMES J.—Continued.
Motions by, to
Adjourn, 2062.
Drop from calendar House Bill No. 300, relating to examination of persons seeking employment as miners in anthracite region, 876.
Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 105, defining qualifications necessary for office of mine inspector in anthracite coal fields, 430.
House Bill No. 300, relating to examination of persons seeking employment as miners in anthracite regions, 876.
House Bill No. 412, amending act providing for health and safety of persons employed in and about anthracite coal mines so as to increase number of inspectors and fix their salaries, 2321, 2322.
House Bill No. 517, establishing in counties containing between 150,000 and 225,000 a Board for Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and County purposes, 2061.
House Bill No. 469, authorizing appointment by county commissioners of assessors in counties having between 200,000 and 325,000 inhabitants, 3325.
House Bill No. 479, authorizing appointment by county commissioners of assessors in counties having between 200,000 and 325,000 inhabitants, 3524, 3525.
House Bill No. 873, amending act establishing Board of Wardens for Port of Philadelphia and relating to pilots and pilotages by providing for classification of pilots and pilot apprentices, 2932.
Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

BREVET RANK for surviving officers of Pennsylvania troops of Civil War, Joint Resolution to provide for granting of
House Bill No. 292
Read in place in House by Mr. Phillips, 416.
Referred to Committee on Military, 416.
Reported without amendment, 715.
First reading, 752.
Second reading, 874.
Third reading and final passage, 1201.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1693.
Signed by Speaker, 1761.
Vetoed by Governor, 2191, 2192.
Sustained Governor's veto, 2192.
Remarks on, by
Knight, 1201.
Ehrhardt, 1201.
Tunis, 1201.
In Senate (No. 500)
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 1206.
Reported without amendment, 1418.
First reading, 1450.
Second reading, 1602.
Third reading and final passage, 1665.
Signed by President pro tempore,

BREWERS AND DISTILLERS, bill to regulate licensing of (see licensing).

BRIDGE by which to carry National or Cumberland road across Monongahela River, making appropriation to defray one-half of expense of constructing
Senate Bill No. 390
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Crow, 908.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 908.
Reported without amendment, 937.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 1012.
Re-reported without amendment, 2215.
Second reading, 2281, 2282.
Third reading and final passage, 2455.
In House
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2571.

BRIDGE FOR PEDESTRIANS only in lieu of wagon bridge, to authorize county commissioners to build
Senate Bill No. 524
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Endsley, 1419.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 1419.
Reported without amendment, 1435.
First reading, 1606.
Second reading, 1650.

BRIDGES FOR PEDESTRIANS—Continued.
Third reading and final passage, 1721, 1722.
Returned from House without amendment, 3305.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3404.
In House (No. 884)
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1760.
Reported without amendment, 2023.
First reading, 2196.
Second reading, 2372.
Third reading and final passage, 3357, 3358.
Signed by Speaker, 3590.
Remarks on, by
Rockwell, 3357.
Matt, 3357.
Knight, 3357.

BRIDGE, to require Commonwealth to pay one-half of costs of reconstruction of a county
Read in place in House by Mr. Holland, 98.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 98.

BRIDGES AND FOR ABOLITION OF TOLLS thereon by fixing number of viewers at three, to amend act providing for acquisition by the several counties of
Senate Bill No. 228
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 403.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 403.
Reported without amendment, 540.
First reading, 634.
Second reading, 674, 675.
Third reading and final passage, 705.
Returned from House without amendment, 1421.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1423.
Approved by Governor, 1799.
In House (No. 382)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 748.
Reported without amendment, 881.
First reading, 902.
Second reading, 1059.
Third reading and final passage, 1355.
Signed by Speaker, 1459.

BRIDGES AND GRADE CROSSINGS of railroad companies, bill to provide for protection of public by regulating rights of way (see railroad).

BRIDGES and making appropriation therefor, to authorize acquisition at cost of Commonwealth for use of respective counties of certain
Senate Bill No. 215
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McConnell, 454.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 454.
Reported with amendment, 539.
First reading, 633.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee on Appropriations, 672.
Re-reported without amendment, 2215.
Third reading and final passage, 2269.
In House
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 2312.

BRIDGES AND THEIR APPROACHES by fixing number of viewers at three, bill to amend act empowering railroad companies to change location and grade of certain (see railroad).

BRIDGES, bill supplement to section eighteen of act relating to roads, highways and (see roads).

BRIDGES, bill to protect public roads, highways, streets and (see roads).

BRIDGES, bill to provide for appointment of commission for amending, revising and collating laws relating to public roads, highways and (see laws).

BRIDGES, bill to provide for road supervisors in townships of second class and authorize them to make, repair and maintain roads and (see townships).

BRIDGES, bill to validate incurring of debt of townships of the second class for maintaining permanent (see townships).

BRIDGES by fixing number of viewers at three, bill to amend act relating to roads, highways and (see viewers).

BRIDGES by providing for costs of county bridges over streams which form boundary line between two counties, to amend act relating to roads, highways and

House Bill No. 311
Read in place in House by Mr. McMullen, 416.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 416.
Reported without amendment, 716.
First reading, 753.
Second reading.
Third reading and dropped from calendar, 1282.

BRIDGES by providing for costs of county bridges over streams which form boundary line between two counties, to amend act relating to roads, highways and.

Senate Bill No. 216
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McConnell, 402.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 402.
Reported without amendment, 539.
First reading, 633.
Second reading, 672.
Over in its order, 703, 761.
Third reading and recommitted to Committee, 791, 792.
Re-reported with amendment, 937.
Over in its order, 999.
Resumed on third reading and amended, 1071.
Final passage, 1102.
Returned from House without amendment, 2153.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2523.

Remarks on, by
McNichol, 792.

In House (No. 625)
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1170.
Reported without amendment, 1340.
First reading, 1413.
Second reading, 1537.
Third reading and final passage, 2042.
Signed by Speaker, 2588.

BRIDGES IN TOWNSHIPS OF FIRST CLASS, bill relating to location, construction and maintenance of viaducts and (see townships).

BRIDGES IN TOWNSHIPS OF SECOND CLASS, bill relating to care and maintenance of roads and (see townships).

BRIDGES on public road through Cornplanter Indian Reservation in Elk Township, Warren County, bill making appropriation to maintain public road and (see Cornplanter).

BRIDGES OVER CERTAIN RIVERS, to authorize Commonwealth in lieu of the County to build.

House Bill No. 120
Read in place in House by Mr. Lindsay, 140.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 140.
Reported without amendment, 314.
First reading, 336.
Second reading, 422.
Third reading and final passage, 448.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1470.
Signed by Speaker.
Approved by Governor, 2189.

In Senate (No. 468)
Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 458.
Reported with amendment, 542.
First reading, 1324.
Second reading, 1425.
Third reading and final passage, 1439.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1551.

BRIDGES OVER DELAWARE RIVER, to provide for joint acquisition by Pennsylvania and New Jersey of certain toll.
Read in place in House by Mr. Marvin, 472.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 472.

BRIDGES OVER DELAWARE RIVER, to provide for joint acquisition by Pennsylvania and New Jersey of certain toll.

Senate Bill No. 242
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Buckman, 454.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 454.
Reported with amendment, 542.

BRIDGES OVER DELAWARE RIVER—Continued.
First reading and recommitted to Committee on Appropriations, 635.
Re-reported without amendment, 2215.
Second reading, 2278, 2279.
Third reading and final passage, 2453.

In House
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2571.

BRIDGES OVER DELAWARE RIVER, to provide for joint acquisition by Pennsylvania and New York of certain toll.
Read in place in House by Mr. Marvin, 472.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 472.

BRIDGES OVER DELAWARE RIVER, to provide for joint acquisition by Pennsylvania and New York of certain toll.

Senate Bill No. 243
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Buckman, 454.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 454.
Reported with amendment, 542.
First reading and recommitted to Committee on Appropriations, 635.
Re-reported without amendment, 2215.
Second reading, 2279.
Third reading and final passage, 2453.

In House
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2571.

BRIDGES OVER NAVIGABLE RIVERS and certain other streams, to authorize Commonwealth to rebuild county

House Bill No. 667
Read in place in House by Mr. Gibson, 1304.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1304.
Reported with amendment, 1469.
First reading, 1501.
Second reading, 1931, 1932.
Third reading and final passage, 2306.

In Senate
Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 2288.

BRIDGES, to authorize counties to purchase or condemn certain public toll.

Senate Bill No. 53
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Cooper, 150.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 150.
Reported without amendment, 240.
First reading, 272.
Second reading, 294, 295.
Third reading and final passage, 346.
Returned from House without amendment, 1548.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1633.
Approved by Governor, 2152.

In House (No. 398)
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 399.
Reported without amendment, 884.
First reading, 923.
Second reading, 1062.
Third reading and final passage, 1477.
Signed by Speaker, 1677.

BRIDGES to bridges over railroads and canals, a further supplement extending act relating to roads and

House Bill No. 153
Read in place in House by Mr. Robinson, 146.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 146.
Reported without amendment, 415.
First reading, 450.
Second reading, 573.
Third reading and postponed for present, 600.
Resumed and passed finally, 1186, 1187.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2842.
Signed by Speaker, 2943.

In Senate (No. 728)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1182.
Reported without amendment, 2264.
First reading, 2469.
Second reading, 2547.
Third reading and final passage, 2613, 2614.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2903.

BRIDGES, to provide for commission to investigate advisability of abolishing toll.

House Bill No. 623
Read in place in House by Mr. Reno, 1083.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1083.
Reported without amendment, 1340.
First reading, 1413.
Second reading, 1537.
Third reading and final passage, 2022, 2023.

Remarks on, by
Reno, 2022.
Allman, 2022.

In Senate
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2014.

BRIDGES whose travel has been diverted to close same to public travel, to authorize companies or corporations having

Senate Bill No. 223
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McConnell, 454.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 454.
Reported without amendment, 540.
First reading, 633.
Second reading, 673.
Third reading and postponed for present, 704.
Resumed on third reading and amended, 1073, 1074.
Final passage, 1102, 1103.
Returned from House without amendment, 2153.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2523.

Remarks on, by
Huffman, 704.
McConnell, 704.
Powell, 704.

In House (No. 626)
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1170.
Reported without amendment, 1340.
First reading, 1413.
Second reading, 1537.
Third reading and final passage, 2056.
Signed by Speaker, 2588.

BRIEF FORM FOR MORTGAGES, bill to authorize (see mortgages).

BRIGADIER GENERALS OF NATIONAL GUARD of Pennsylvania, nominated, 27.
Reported, 939, 940.
Confirmed, 956.

BROKERS AND TO FOREIGN INSURANCE COMPANIES, bill to provide for incorporation and regulation of insurance companies and relating to insurance agents and (see insurance).

BROKERS, bill to amend supplement to act establishing insurance department providing additional qualifications for insurance (see insurance).

BROKERS, bill to establish Insurance Department and provide for licensing, examination, regulation and dissolution of insurance and surety companies and for licensing and regulation of insurance agents and insurance (see insurance).

BROOK TROUT and certain other trout and certain bass and fixing number to have in possession, bill to amend act relating to fish so as to remove minimum limit as to size of charr otherwise called (see fish).

BROOK TROUT HATCHERY owned by D. S. Helmar of Port Allegany, McKean County, bill to authorize Commissioner of Fisheries to purchase (see fish).

BROWN at Erie, making appropriation for erection of statue to Brigadier General Hiram L.

Senate Bill No. 186
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Clark, 339.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 339.
Reported without amendment, 453.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 518.
Re-reported without amendment, 2256.
Second reading, 2459.
Third reading and final passage, 2528.

In House
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2718.

BROWN, JOHN F., Trustee of State Hospital for Insane, at Warren, nominated, 24.

BROWN, LEWIS T., Member of Fiftieth Anniversary of Battle of Gettysburg Commission, nominated, 26.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

BROWNSVILLE GENERAL HOSPITAL, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1113
Read in place in House by Mr. Hormell, 885.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 885.
Reported with amendment, 2241.
First reading, 2337.
Recommitted to Committee, 2385.
Re-reported with amendment, 2516.
Second reading, 2996.
Third reading and final passage, 3016.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3491.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3491, 3492.
Signed by Speaker, 3589.

In Senate (No. 1229)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3045.
Reported without amendment, 3121.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 3179.
Re-reported with amendment, 3180.
Second reading, 3302.
Third reading and final passage, 3391.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3408.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3539.

BROWNSVILLE GENERAL HOSPITAL, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 370
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wertz, 832.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 832.
Reported without amendment, 903.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 970.

BRUMBAUGH, MARTIN G.,
Commissioner of Valley Forge, nominated, 24.
Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.
Member of College and University Council of Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, nominated, 25.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

BRUSH, bill to provide for destruction and to prevent the spread of noxious weeds and (see weeds).

BRUSH, bill to provide for improvement of public roads in townships by the cutting of (see townships).

BUCHANAN MONUMENT FUND, to permit Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to accept certain lands in Franklin County from the Trustee of the James

House Bill No. 67
Read in place in House by Mr. Speer, 140.
Referred to Committee on Forestry, 140.
Reported without amendment, 199.
First reading, 211.
Second reading, 236.
Third reading and final passage, 309.
Returned by Senate without amendment, 584.
Signed by Speaker, 661.
Approved by Governor, 922.

In Senate (No. 151)
Referred to Committee on Forestry, 299.
Reported without amendment, 373.
First reading, 413.
Second reading, 466.
Third reading and final passage, 495.
Signed by President, 663.

BUCK, PETER E., nominated as Trustee for State Institution for Feeble-Minded at Polk, 3274.
Reported, 3385.
Confirmed, 3414.

BUCKMAN, C. J., Member of Commission relating to Toll Bridges across the Delaware River, nominated, 26.
Reported, 940.
Confirmed, 956.

BUCKMAN, CLARENCE J., Senator from Tenth District, Bucks County.

Amendments offered by, to

Senate Bill No. 519, amending act relating to disposition of property of decedents on failure of testamentary devises by extending its provisions to cases where devises shall be impracticable, 1644.

Senate Bill No. 759, regulating drivers and operators of all vehicles and persons leading or driving animals on public highways, 2671.

Senate Bill No. 793, regulating exhibiting or using of moving pictures and stereopticon views, 2891.

Appointments of, on

Memorial committee, 408.

Standing committees, 79, 80.

Bills introduced by

Amending act relating to Court stenographers as regards transcribing of notes, 243.

Amending act relating to motor vehicles so as to strike out the word "hire" wherever it may occur in Section 7, 118.

Amending act relating to disposition of property of decedents on failure of testamentary devises by extending its provisions to cases where devises shall be impracticable, 1306.

Authorizing completion of dikes for protection of property adjacent to Delaware River in Falls Township, Bucks County, 402.

Authorizing County Commissioners to erect and maintain dykes, banks, causeways and sluiceways on certain streams, 120.

Authorizing Union Paper Mills Manufacturing Company to erect dam in Delaware River at Wells Falls, 541.

Prohibiting experiments injurious to health of any human being, 299.

Providing for association of commissioners and supervisors in the different counties, 118.

Providing for construction of fish hatchery in Bucks County, 374.

Providing for joint acquisition by Pennsylvania and New Jersey of certain toll bridges over Delaware River, 454.

Providing for joint acquisition by Pennsylvania and New York of certain toll bridges over Delaware River, 454.

Providing for licensing of aviators flying in public in this Commonwealth, 1418.

Repealing an act fixing the compensation for Commissioners of Bucks County, 89.

To regulate disposition of property of decedents on failure of testamentary devises, 1100.

Bills reported by

No. 5

Providing for condemnation and acquisition at cost of Commonwealth of toll roads, 149, 539.

No. 7

Providing for establishment of State Highway Board, 117.

No. 14 (House Bill No. 115)

Repealing act fixing compensation for Commissioners of Bucks County, 131.

No. 53 (House Bill No. 398)

Authorizing counties to purchase or condemn certain public toll bridges, 240.

No. 142 (House Bill No. 59)

Repealing act relating to certain abandoned turnpikes, 344.

No. 158

Making appropriation for building and laboratories for milling and testing grain and grain products, 1205.

No. 201 (House Bill No. 70)

Repealing act relating to roads and road viewers in Dauphin County, 487.

No. 202 (House Bill No. 75)

Repealing act providing for election of solicitor for Dauphin County, 487.

No. 215

Authorizing acquisition at cost of Commonwealth for use of counties of certain bridges, 539.

No. 308 (House Bill No. 128)

Amending act relating to game by repealing right to use bear traps, 699.

No. 412

To establish a Fish Hatchery in Lancaster County, 995.

BUCKMAN, CLARENCE J.—Continued.

No. 491 (House Bill No. 290)

Authorizing road supervisors to subscribe for not more than three publications relating to good roads, 1306.

No. 495 (House Bill No. 269)

Providing for investigations when charges shall be preferred against a judge, 1326.

No. 499 (House Bill No. 273)

Amending act relating to catching of fish in Delaware River below Trenton Falls, 1418.

No. 561 (House Bill No. 372)

Amending act regulating catching of fish in Delaware River below Trenton Falls, 1632.

No. 629 (House Bill No. 492)

Amending act regulating catching of fish in Delaware River above Trenton Falls, 1854.

Election of, 2.

Motions by, to

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 15, relating to Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic at Spring City, 153.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 31, enlarging powers of constables in service of summons, 270.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 158, making appropriation for building and laboratories for milling and testing grain and grain products, 1228.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 165, permitting release on parole of persons acquitted on grounds of insanity, 552.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 215, authorizing acquisition at cost of Commonwealth for use of respective counties of certain bridges, 672.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 242, providing for joint acquisition by Pennsylvania and New Jersey of certain toll bridges over Delaware River, 635.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 243, providing for joint acquisition by Pennsylvania and New York of certain toll bridges over Delaware River, 635.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 412, to establish fish hatchery in Lancaster County, 1080.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 368, providing for taking of census in Pennsylvania in 1915, 1001.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 436, providing for commission to investigate care of neglected and dependent children, 1210.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 437, making appropriation to complete State Hospital for Injured Persons in Township of Coal, 1210.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 438, making appropriation to Pennsylvania School of Horticulture for Women at Ambler, 1210.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 439, making appropriation to State Pharmaceutical Examining Board, 1210.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 440, making appropriation to Waynesburg College, 1210.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 441, making appropriation to Pennsylvania Association for Blind, 1210.

Recommitt to Committee Senate Bill No. 442, making appropriation to Industrial Home for Dependent and Adult Blind Citizens of City of Pittsburg, 1210.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 571, regulating affairs of Scranton Poor District, 1902.

Reconsider vote on Senate Bill No. 31, enlarging powers of constables in service of summons, 270.

Reconsider vote on Senate Bill No. 275, providing for appointment of mercantile appraisers by Auditor General in certain counties, 948.

Resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 669, repealing so far as it relates to townships of Pine, Harrison, North Versailles, North Fayette and South Fayette act to allow voters of certain townships in Allegheny County to vote for or against issuing of licenses for sale of liquors, 2447.

Resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 793, regulating exhibiting or using of moving pictures and stereopticon views, 2891.

Remarks by, on

Senate Bill No. 677, regulating use of billiard and pool tables and bagatelle boards kept for hire or reward in cities of first class, 2457.

Report of Delaware River Toll Bridge Commission presented by, 242.

Resolution offered by, authorizing appointment of committee to notify House of Representatives that Senate is ready to adjourn sine die, 3541.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 71.

UCKS COUNTY, bill making appropriation for construction of fish hatchery in (see fish).

UCKS, to repeal an act fixing the compensation of the Commissioners of the County of

Senate Bill No. 14

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Buckman, 89.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 89.
Reported without amendment, 131.
First reading, 153.
Second reading, 170.
Third reading and final passage, 184.
Returned from House without amendment, 458.
Signed by Speaker, 490.
Approved by Governor, 702.

In House (No. 115)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 196.
Reported without amendment, 314.
First reading, 336.
Second reading, 421.
Third reading and final passage, 447.
Signed by Speaker, 536.

BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS, concurrent resolution (House) by Breitinger to appoint a commission to investigate business methods of, 99.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 99.
Recalled from Committee on Judiciary Special and rereferred to Committee on Banks and Banking, 121.

BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS doing business exclusively within this State from payment of expenses of their supervision and examination by Banking Department, bill to amend amended act creating the Banking Department so as to repeal the exemption of (see banking).

BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS, to amend act to provide revenue by levying a tax upon shares of stock on certain companies by including certain

Read in place in House by Mr. Alter, 688.
Referred to Committee on Banks and Banking, 688.

BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS to grant loans to their members or stockholders in order of application without bidding for same, to authorize

Read in place in House by Mr. William Conner, 1282.
Referred to Committee on Banks and Banking, 1282.

BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS to lend, to borrow and to invest, supplement an amendment to act relating to incorporation of certain corporations authorizing mutual savings funds or

House Bill No. 22

Read in place in House by Mr. Samuel B. Scott, 103.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 103.
Reported with amendment, 139.
First reading, 148.
Debate on calling up bill for second reading, 190, 191.
Second reading and postponed for the present, 232, 233.
Recommitted to Committee, 426.

Remarks on, by

Clarency, 190, 191.
Scott, Samuel B., 190.
Shern, 191.

BUILDING ASSOCIATIONS, relating to purchases and sales of real estate by savings fund, loan and

Read in place in House by Mr. Stein, 1481.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1481.

BUILDING ASSOCIATIONS whose affairs have been wound up to satisfy mortgages, bill to permit (see mortgages).

BUILDING, bill making appropriation to provide for erection by Fort McIntosh Chapter Daughters of the American Revolution upon or near the site of Fort McIntosh in the Borough of Beaver of a memorial (see Fort).

BUILDING for purpose of locking up and keeping criminals and disorderly persons until they can be properly dealt with according to law, bill to amend act to provide for levying a tax to provide suitable (see tax).

BUILDING IN CITIES OF THE SECOND CLASS, bill to amend act relating to licensing of places where certain performances are held by fixing license fee according to seating capacity of (see cities).

BUILDING, to regulate piling or placing on any public highway of material from or for

House Bill No. 816

Read in place in House by Mr. Gans, 567.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 567.
Reported with amendment, 1779.
First reading, 1833.
Second reading, 2145.
Third reading and final passage, 3035.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 3046.

BUILDINGS AND CHARACTER OF MATERIALS and of adjusting rights of owners in party walls, joint resolution for appointment of commission for purpose of investigating and reporting upon safe and proper construction of

Senate Bill No. 625

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Hunter, 1707.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1707.
Reported without amendment, 1797.
First reading, 1917.
Second reading, 2009.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 2174.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill passed finally, 2445.
Returned from House with amendments, 3148, 3149.
Concurred in House amendments, 3149.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3277.

Remarks on, by

Herbst, 2445.

In House (No. 1322)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2571.
Reported without amendment, 2841.
First reading, 2998.
Second reading, 3013.
Third reading and final passage, 3194.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 3309.
Signed by Speaker, 3494.

BUILDINGS AND HOLD REAL ESTATE necessary for manufacturing purposes, bill to authorize companies incorporated under laws of any other State for manufacturing purposes to erect and maintain (see manufacturing).

BUILDINGS DANGEROUS TO PUBLIC HEALTH, supplement to act relating to cities of second class providing for vacation or destruction of (see cities).

BUILDINGS from provisions of certain acts pertaining to safety of persons from fire in cities of first class, to exempt certain

House Bill No. 743

Read in place in House by Mr. Breitinger, 1016.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1016.
Reported with amendment, 1694.
First reading, 1828.
Second reading and amended, 2121.
Third reading and final passage, 3008.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3529.
Signed by Speaker, 3586.

In Senate (No. 1179)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 3044, 3045.
Reported without amendment, 3119.
First reading, 3175.
Second reading, 3291, 3292.
Third reading and final passage, 3413, 3414.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3537, 3538.

BUILDINGS IN BOROUGHS, bill to provide for safety of persons from fire or panic in certain (see boroughs).

BUILDINGS IN CITIES OF FIRST CLASS shall be equipped with such chain or wire cable fire escapes as may be approved by authorities in such cities, bill to provide that certain (see cities).

BUILDINGS IN CITIES OF THIRD CLASS, to provide for safety of persons from fire or panic in certain (see cities).

BUILDINGS IN CITIES OF THIRD CLASS, in boroughs and in townships by providing proper exits, fire escapes, fire extinguishers and other preventives of fire, to provide for safety of persons from fire or panic in certain

Senate Bill No. 488

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Snyder, 996.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 996.
Reported without amendment, 1305.
First reading, 1430.
Second reading, 1448, 1449.
Over in its order, 1589, 1665.
Recommitted to Committee, 1717.
Re-reported without amendment, 1810.
Third reading and final passage, 1894.

In House (No. 842)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1934.
Reported without amendment, 1947.
First reading, 2047.
Second reading, 2356, 2357.
Vote on second reading reconsidered and bill amended, 2357, 2358.
Defeated on third reading, 3349, 3350.
Motion to reconsider vote on third reading defeated, 3502.

Remarks on, by

Allen, 3350, 3502.
Ward, William, Jr., 3350, 3502.
Rockwell, 3502.

BUILDINGS IN TOWNSHIPS, bill to provide for safety of persons from fire or panic in certain (see townships).

BUILDINGS NOT IN CITIES OF FIRST AND SECOND CLASS by limiting application to tenement houses apartments and flats to those occupied by ten or more persons, to amend act relating to safety of persons from fire or panic in certain

House Bill No. 704

Read in place in House by Mr. North, 301.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 301.
Reported without amendment, 1500.
First reading, 1619.
Second reading, 1960, 1961.
Third reading and final passage, 2316.

Remarks on, by

North, 2316.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2472.

BUILDINGS NOT IN CITIES OF FIRST AND SECOND CLASS by regulating number and width of aisles, bill to amend act relating to safety of persons from fire or panic in certain (see aisles).

BUILDINGS OF ANY AND EVERY KIND where collections of people may be assembled to witness theatrical performances, to regulate betterment of protection to human life in all halls and

Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 1115.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 1115.

BUILDINGS shall be constructed of incombustible material, bill to safeguard life and to preserve property in coal mines by providing that all inside (see mines).

BUILDINGS USED FOR MOVING PICTURES in all cities of first class, bill to make certain requirements regarding (see cities).

BULL FROGS to be aquatic animals valuable for food or commerce, bill to declare (see aquatic).

BULLETIN NO. 123 of Department of Agriculture entitled "Chestnut Culture," bill to provide for printing of copies of (see chestnuts).

BULLETIN NO. 152 issued by Department of Agriculture, to authorize printing of 25,000 copies of

House Bill No. 602

Read in place in House by Mr. Keister, 1168.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1168.
Re-referred to Committee on Printing, 1282.
Reported without amendment, 1339.
First reading, 1412.
Second reading, 1553.
Third reading and final passage, 2018.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2843.
Signed by Speaker, 2942.

BULLETIN NO. 152—Continued.

In Senate (No. 703)

Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 2014.
Reported without amendment, 2202.
First reading, 2287.
Second reading, 2465.
Third reading and final passage, 2541.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2903.

BULLETINS AT PUBLIC EXPENSE, bill to amend act providing for appointment of Game Commissioners by authorizing publication of reports and (see game).

BULLETINS BY DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, to authorize printing of subsequent editions of.

House Bill No. 162

Read in place in House by Mr. Welch, 200.
Referred to Committee on Printing, 200.
Reported without amendment, 415.
First reading, 451.
Second reading, 575.
Third reading and final passage, 602.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 830.
Signed by Speaker, 880.
Vetoed by Governor, 1083.
House sustains Governor's veto, 1083.

In Senate (No. 290)

Referred to Committee on Public Printing, 611.
Reported without amendment, 664.
First reading, 712.
Second reading, 770.
Third reading and final passage, 795.
Signed by President pro tempore, 838.

BUREAU OF HEALTH to grant licenses for tenement houses in cities of first class, bill to amend an act so to provide for (see cities).

BUREAU OF MEDICAL EDUCATION AND LICENSURE as a sub-department of Department of Public Instruction, bill relating to right to practice medicine and surgery and providing (see medicine).

BUREAU OF PENSIONS in the office of the Adjutant General, bill to create (see pensions).

BUREAU OF PRELIMINARY PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION with authority to determine preliminary education of students of medicine, surgery, pharmacy or dentistry, to create.

House Bill No. 774

Read in place in House by Mr. Shern, 959.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 959.
Reported without amendment, 1747.
First reading, 1831.
Second reading, 2129.
Third reading and final passage, 2830, 2831.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3232.
Signed by Speaker, 3480.

In Senate (No. 838)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2655.
Reported without amendment, 2682.
First reading, 2701.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2887.
Re-reported without amendment, 2929.
Third reading and final passage, 3052.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

BUREAU OF PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION as sub-department of Department of Public Instruction, to create a

Read in place in House by Mr. Townsend (by request), 567.
Referred to Committee on Education, 567.

BUREAU OF PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION as sub-department of Department of Public Instruction, to create a

Senate Bill No. 280

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 490.
Referred to Committee on Education, 490.
Reported without amendment, 664.
First reading, 711.
Second reading, 764.
Over in its order, 793.
Third reading and postponed for present, 834, 835.
Vote on postponement reconsidered, 843.
Resumed on third reading and amended, 843.
Final passage, 907, 908.

BUREAU OF PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION—Continued.
Returned from House with amendments, 2654.
Concurred in House amendments, 2654, 2655.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2902.
Remarks on, by
Fox, 834, 835.
In House (No. 824)
Referred to Committee on Education, 971.
Reported without amendment, 1780.
First reading, 1833, 1834.
Second reading, 2147.
Third reading and final passage, 2831.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 2931.
Signed by Speaker, 2942.

BUREAU OF PUBLIC UTILITIES in Department of Public Safety in cities of second class, bill to create (see cities).

BUREAU OF RAILWAYS in Department of Internal Affairs and create offices of chief and assistant chief of said bureau, to abolish offices of Superintendent and Assistant Superintendent of the
Senate Bill No. 213
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Gerberich, 454.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 454.
Reported without amendment, 539.
First reading, 633.
Second reading, 671.
Third reading and final passage, 703.
Returned from House with amendments, 1326.
Senate concurs in House amendments, 1326.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1327.
Approved by Governor, 1547.
In House (No. 355)
Referred to Committee on Railroads, 748.
Reported without amendment, 809.
First reading, 900.
Second reading, 1053.
Third reading and amended, 1300.
Final passage, 1336, 1337.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in.
Signed by Speaker, 1350.

BUREAU OF STANDARDS in the Department of Internal Affairs, to provide for the establishment of a
House Bill No. 611
Read in place in House by Mr. Tunis, 155.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 155.
Reported without amendment, 1340.
First reading, 1413.
Second reading, 1534, 1535.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 2019.
Vote on final passage reconsidered, 2054.
Resumed and passed finally, 2054, 2055.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 2936.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 2936.
Signed by Speaker, 3183.
Remarks on, by
Tunis, 2054, 2055.
Knight, 2055.
In Senate (No. 731)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2154.
Reported with amendment, 2265.
First reading, 2469.
Second reading, 2548.
Third reading and final passage, 2614.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 2902.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3116.

BUREAU OF STANDARDS in the Department of Internal Affairs, to provide for the establishment of a
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox, 149.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 149.

BURGESS for three years in the several boroughs who shall not be eligible to office for next succeeding term, bill to amend act authorizing election of (see boroughs).

BURGESS in the several boroughs, bill to fix the term of the chief (see boroughs).

BURIAL ASSOCIATIONS to purchase other grounds by regulating removal of bodies, sale of lots and enlargement of grounds, bill to amend act authorizing cemetery and (see cemetery).

BURIAL GROUNDS in built up portions of cities, bill to prohibit hereafter the establishment or maintenance of additional (see cities).

BURIAL LOTS and to appoint trustee, to hold such money for such purpose, to authorize courts of common pleas to discharge lands bound by lien for maintenance of
House Bill No. 666
Read in place in House by Mr. Frey, 1399.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1399.
Reported without amendment, 1469.
First reading, 1501.
Second reading, 2095.
Third reading and final passage, 2563.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3355.
Signed by Speaker, 3480.
In Senate (No. 804)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2537.
Reported without amendment, 2601.
First reading, 2926.
Second reading, 3154.
Third reading and final passage, 3265.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3402.

BURIAL OF INDIGENT PERSONS whose legal place of settlement is unknown, to provide for the
House Bill No. 25
Read in place in House by Mr. Billman, 115.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 115.
Reported without amendment, 139.
First reading, 148.
Second reading and amended, 161.
Third reading and final passage, 174.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 896.
House concurs in Senate amendments, 896.
Signed by Speaker, 897.
Concurrent resolution recalling bill from Governor, 1216.
Resolution returned by Senate concurred in, 1220.
Resolution approved by Governor, 1291.
Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 1291.
Resumed and passed finally, 1331.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 1341, 1342.
Signed by Speaker, 1339.
Approved by Governor, 1614.
In Senate (No. 245)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 169.
Reported with amendment, 551.
First reading, 635.
Second reading and amended, 683.
Third reading and recommitted to Committee, 708, 709.
Re-reported with amendment, 788.
Resumed on third reading and passed finally, 833, 834.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 907.
Signed by President pro tempore, 907.
Resolution recalling bill from Governor concurred in, 1211.
Returned from House with amendments, 1322.
Concurred in House amendments, 1322, 1323.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1326.
Remarks on, by
Wolf, 708, 709.
Tustin, 708, 709.
McNichol, 708, 709.
Herbst, 709.

BURY AND PROVIDE HEADSTONES for bodies of certain honorably discharged soldiers, sailors and marines by extending its provisions to all honorably discharged soldiers, sailors and marines who shall die in the county, to amend act requiring county commissioners to
Senate Bill No. 474
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McConnell, 1068.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1068.
Reported without amendment, 1253.
First reading, 1325.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 1426.
Re-reported with amendment, 1435.

BURY AND PROVIDE HEADSTONES—Continued.
Resumed and passed second reading, 1601.
Third reading and final passage, 1664, 1665.
Returned from House without amendment, 3117.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3277.
In House (No. 803)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1693.
Reported with amendment, 1758.
First reading, 1832.
Second reading, 2143.
Third reading and final passage, 3239, 3230.
Signed by Speaker, 3494.

BURY ANY SOLDIER, sailor or marine, to require County Commissioners to appoint a sufficient number of persons to
House Bill No. 207
Read in place in House by Mr. Reno, 103.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 103.
Reported with amendment, 566.
First reading, 604.
Second reading and amended, 737, 738.
Third reading and final passage, 813, 814.
In Senate
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 808.

BURY certain honorably discharged soldiers, sailors or marines by extending its provisions to all honorably discharged soldiers, sailors and marines who shall die in the county, to amend act requiring county commissioners to
House Bill No. 296
Read in place in House by Mr. Carroll, 636.
Referred to Committee on Military, 636.
Reported without amendment, 716.
First reading, 752.
Second reading, 1050, 1051.
Third reading and final passage, 1297.
In Senate
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1263.

BUSINESS BY FOREIGN FRATERNAL BENEFICIARY CORPORATIONS, bill to regulate transaction of (see corporations).

BUSINESS IN THIS COMMONWEALTH of foreign corporations, the registration thereof and service of process thereon, bill to regulate the doing of (see corporations).

BUSINESS OF ANY PERSON, bill making it a misdemeanor for any person to make or circulate false or derogatory statement affecting the (see statement).

BUSINESS OF PAWNBROKERS, bill to regulate (see pawnbrokers).

BUSINESS OF PRIVATE DETECTIVES and detective agencies, bill to license (see detective).

BUTLER COUNTY GENERAL HOSPITAL, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1020
Read in place in House by Mr. Wasson, 94.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 94.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2333.
Second reading, 2403.
Third reading and final passage, 2757.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.
In Senate (No. 950)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2685.
First reading, 2706.
Second reading, 2911.
Third reading and final passage, 3073.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

BUTLER COUNTY GENERAL HOSPITAL, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Hays, 130.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 130.

BUTTER, to require labeling of renovated
House Bill No. 1268
Read in place in House by Mr. Herman, 1238.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 1238.
Reported without amendment, 2349.
First reading, 2515.
Second reading, 2561.

BUTTERFAT FOR ICE CREAM, bill to prevent manufacture and sale of adulterated, misbranded or deleterious ice cream and fixing standard of (see ice cream).

BUTTERINE AND OTHER SIMILAR PRODUCTS by reducing amount of license fees, bill to amend act relating to manufacture and sale of oleomargarine (see oleomargarine).

CADWALADER, JOHN, Jr., Member of Board of Registration Commissioners in and for City of Philadelphia, nominated, 26.
Reported, 3377.
Non-confirmed, 3414.

CAFFEINE AND CERTAIN OTHER DRUGS, or any preparations containing same except in natural quantities in coffee and tea, bill to regulate sale of (see drugs).

CALDWELL, WILLIAM J., Representative from Northumberland County.
Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.
Bills introduced by
Amending act relating to consolidation of boroughs, 141.
Amending act relating to motor vehicles so as to change fees for registration, 526.
Providing for disposition of funds received by State Highway Department for fees, 526.
Providing for tax on motor vehicles, 251.
Supplement to act regulating sale of concentrated commercial feeding-stuffs by providing penalty for imitating same when manufacturer in compliance with said act shall have revealed composition of same, 1328.
Election of, 44.
Leave of absence asked for, 3011.
Petitions presented by, from
California Grange No. 941, Patrons of Husbandry, for better telephone facilities, 300.
Citizens of Northumberland County against commission form of government, 300, 525.
Citizens of Northumberland County against excise commission bill and Kline license bill, 1919.
Citizens of Northumberland County against resident Hunter's license law, 230, 278.
Citizens of Northumberland County for Maurer Initiative and Referendum Bill, 525, 1015.
Citizens of Northumberland County for reading of Bible in public schools, 1015.
Citizens of Northumberland County for repeal of Mercantile Tax Law, 1015.
Citizens of Northumberland County for State Local Option Law, 525.
Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

CALL RECORDERS ON TELEPHONES, bill to require each telephone company to install registers and (see telephone).

CALLS, bill to provide method of computing outgoing telephone messages where contract is for limited number of (see telephone).

CAMPAIGN EXPENSES of any candidate for salaried office in this Commonwealth at any election and preceding primary, bill to fix maximum amount of (see expenses).

CAMPBELL BILL, petitions presented for (see petitions).

CAMPBELL, C. M. C., Representative from Tenth District, Allegheny County,
Amendments offered by, to
House Bill No. 312, to establish a public school system, 984.
House Bill No. 612, making it a misdemeanor to intimidate, annoy, levy blackmail or extort money or other valuable thing from any person, 1535.
Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85, 99.

CAMPBELL, C. M. C.,—Continued.
Bills introduced by
Making it a misdemeanor to intimidate, annoy, levy blackmail or extort money from any person, 437.
Providing for optional Initiative and Referendum system of legislation under certain conditions in all cities and boroughs, 124.
Bill reported by
No. 169 (Senate Bill No. 403)
To promote the consolidation of public schools, 435.
Election of, 42.
Motion by
Regarding time of next meeting, 163.
Motion by, to
Dispense with further reading of Journal, 121.
Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

CAMPBELL, CURTIS G., nominated as County Controller for County of Cambria, 119.
Reported, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

CAMPBELL, IRVIN K., Member of Fiftieth Anniversary of Battle of Gettysburg Commission, nominated, 26.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

CAMPBELL, JAMES J., Representative from Seventeenth District, Philadelphia County,
Amendment offered by, to
House Bill No. 405, regulating temperature of milk intended to be shipped, sold or offered for sale, 1216, 1217.
Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.
Bills introduced by
Making appropriation to West Philadelphia General Homeopathic Hospital and Dispensary, 105.
Making appropriation to Union Home for Old Ladies, of West Philadelphia, 155.
Requiring payment of wages to be semi-monthly, 304.
To regulate temperature of milk and cream intended to be shipped, sold or offered for sale, 845.
Election of, 44.
Leave of absence asked for, 1919.
Motions by, to
Dispense with further reading of Journal, 565.
Postpone for present House Bill No. 196, requiring payment of wages to be semi-monthly, 747.
Postpone for present House Bill No. 405, to regulate temperature of milk and cream intended to be shipped, 1063, 1490.
Petitions presented by, from
Citizens of Philadelphia for reading of Bible in public schools, 1115, 1237.
Citizens of Seventeenth District, Philadelphia County for State Local Option Law, 565.
Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 196, requiring payment of wages to be semi-monthly, 729, 730.
House Bill No. 405, to regulate temperature of milk and cream intended to be shipped, 1062, 1063.
House Bill No. 1263, making appropriation to Temple University of Philadelphia, 3003.
Resolution, concurrent, offered by, in reference to recalling House Bill No. 269, providing for investigations when charges shall be preferred against a judge, from Senate for amendment, 1409.
Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

CAMPBELL, W. J., Representative from Forest County,
Amendments offered by, to
House Bill No. 235, fixing salaries and providing for expenses of county commissioners in certain counties, 850.
House Bill No. 433, amending act fixing salaries and providing for expenses of county commissioners, 1372.
Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 85.
Bills introduced by
Enabling a married man or married woman owning any real estate to convey the same to each other without joinder of the other in deed, 391.
Validating certain elections held upon question of increasing indebtedness of municipalities, 123.

CAMPBELL, W. J.,—Continued.
Bill reported by
No. 278 (Senate Bill No. 517)
Repealing so far as it relates to Columbia County act to protect sheep and tax dogs in Lycoming and Columbia Counties, 715.
Election of, 43.
Leave of absence asked for, 305.
Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

CAMP CURTIN, making appropriation for erection of suitable memorial to mark site of
Read in place in House by Mr. Tunis, 527.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 527.

CAMPING GROUND, bill making appropriation to purchase land for rifle range or for permanent (see land).

CANAL BASINS at Port of Erie, bill making appropriation for improvement of State (see Erie).

CANAL BE FORTIFIED, joint resolution expressing wish of citizens of Pennsylvania that Panama (see Panama).

CANALS, further supplement to act relating to roads and bridges over railroads and (see bridges).

CANALS OR WATERWAYS, bill to enable counties to appropriate money or issue bonds for (see counties).

CANCELLATION OF CERTAIN LIENS, bonds and mortgages now held by Department of Internal Affairs, to provide for
Senate Bill No. 211
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Huffman, 223.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 223.
Reported without amendment, 489.
First reading, 564.
Second reading, 632.
Third reading and final passage, 669.
Returned from House with amendments, 1422.
Concurred in House amendments, 1422.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1423.
Approved by Governor, 1800.
In House (No. 373)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 697.
Reported without amendment, 881.
First reading, 901.
Second reading and amended, 1057.
Third reading and final passage, 1351, 1352.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 1458, 1459.
Signed by Speaker, 1459.

CANDIDATE FOR PUBLIC OFFICE in Pennsylvania, bill to prevent mine foremen or mine superintendents from distributing money for any (see mine).

CANDIDATE FOR SALARIED OFFICE in this Commonwealth at any election and preceding primary, bill to fix maximum amount of campaign expenses of any (see expenses).

CANDIDATES FOR SENATORS in Congress to be placed on official ballot, bill to authorize names of (see Senators).

CANDIDATES SEEKING NOMINATION for same office but for terms commencing or ending on different dates, bill to amend act relating to manner of electing certain public officers by providing in form of ballot a space for designation of (see electing).

CANOE PLACE, Indiana County, bill making appropriation for protection of monument at Cherrytree, or (see Cherrytree).

CANONSBURG GENERAL HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION at Canonsburg, Washington County, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1203
Read in place in House by Mr. Holland, 172.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 172.
Reported with amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2342.
Second reading, 2431.
Third reading and final passage, 2817.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.

CANONSBURG GENERAL HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION—Continued.

In Senate (No. 1122)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2663.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2714.
Second reading, 2923.
Third reading and final passage, 3106.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

CANONSBURG GENERAL HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION at Canonsburg, Washington County, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Judson, 183.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 183.

CANS AND OTHER CONTAINERS and to prohibit use of same without written consent of owners and to provide that delivery of same shall not constitute a sale, bill to provide for registration of (see registration).

CAPITOL CASES, bill to regulate infliction of the death penalty in (see penalty).

CAPITOL IN CASE OF STOCK COMPANIES, bill to amend act relating to corporations for insurance upon health and personal injury by requiring larger (see insurance).

CAPITOL STOCK, bill relating to taxation and bonus on (see taxation).

CAPITOL STOCK, bill to repeal act providing revenue by taxation by taxing all of property of corporations having (see taxation).

CAPITAL STOCK, bill to repeal act relating to revenue by taxation and exempting savings institutions having no (see taxation).

CAPITAL STOCK, bills amending and supplementing act to provide revenue by taxation by taxing all of property of corporations having (see taxation).

CAPITAL STOCK except in certain cases, bill amending and supplementing act relating to certain banking associations by regulating election of board of directors, lending and borrowing of money and prohibiting loans on or purchase of (see banking).

CAPITAL STOCK which life insurance companies entitled to exemption thereunder can dispose of with policies of insurance, bill to amend act relating to rebate in insurance by fixing the maximum amount of (see insurance).

CAPITAL AT HARRISBURG, bill to provide for publication of guide books for State (see guide).

CAPITOL BUILDING CASES, bill making appropriation to Dauphin County for extraordinary expenses incurred in trial of new (see Dauphin).

CAPITOL CIVIL SUITS, resolution (House) by Dershem, in reference to settlement of 157.

Resolution read and agreed to, 180, 181.

CAPITOL CIVIL SUITS, report of State Treasurer relative to names of persons who paid the money to the State in settlement of the presented to House, 232.

In Appendix, 3886.

CAPITOL CIVIL SUITS, report of Auditor General relative to names of persons who paid the money to the State in settlement of the.

Read in House, 278, 279.
In Appendix, 3926.

CAPITOL CIVIL SUITS, report of Attorney General relative to names of persons who paid the money to the State in settlement of the.

Read in House, 279.
In Appendix, 3927.

CAPITOL PARK EXTENSION BILL, petitions presented against (see petitions).

CAPITOL PARK in the City of Harrisburg, bill to provide for extension of (see park).

CARBONDALE, concurrent resolution (House No. 6) by Mannion, in reference to committee to investigate mine fire at 99.

Resolution referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 99.
Reported without amendment, 301.

CARBONDALE, concurrent resolution (Senate) by McNichols, in reference to committee to investigate mine fire at 90.

Resolution referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 90.
Reported without amendment, 153.
Amended and agreed to and sent to House for concurrence, 168.
Concurred in by House, 179.
Returned by House without amendment, 187.
Approved by Governor, 298.
Senate committee appointed, 298.
House committee appointed, 392.
Concurrent resolution (Senate) by Salus, granting extension of time to Committee, 700.
Resolution concurred in by House, 748.
Returned by House, 757.
Approved by Governor, 905.
Partial report of Committee presented to Senate, 1453, 1454.
Presented to House, 1472.
Concurrent resolution (Senate) by Salus, granting further extension of time to Committee, 1454.
Resolution returned by House, 1456.
Concurred in by House, 1472.
Approved by Governor, 1547.
Concurrent resolution (House) by Robinson, granting further extension of time to Committee, 1472.
Final report of Committee presented to House, 2261, 2262.
To Senate, 2263, 2264.
Senate committee discharged with thanks, 2264.

CARBONDALE HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION of the City of Carbondale, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 993

Read in place in House by Mr. Mannion, 157.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 157.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2332.
Second reading, 2399.
Third reading and final passage, 2748.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.

In Senate (No. 923)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2685.
First reading, 2705.
Second reading, 2909.
Third reading and final passage, 3068.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

CARBONDALE, bill making appropriation to Department of Mines to protect property and promote safety of citizens from danger from a mine fire in City of (see mine).

CARBONDALE, so as to increase real estate holdings of said poor district for almshouse, bill to amend act authorizing erection of poor house by City of (see poor house).

CARLOAD LOTS, bill to regulate correct weighing by railroad companies of all merchandise that is sold by weight and shipped in (see railroad).

CARNAL KNOWLEDGE OF FEMALE CHILDREN, bill to amend ninety-first section of amended act to revise, consolidate and amend penal laws of this Commonwealth defining rape and (see rape).

CARNEGIE for tract of land at Cresson, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Wertz, in reference to thanking Andrew, 130.

Resolution agreed to and sent to House of Representatives for concurrence, 130.
Concurred in by House, 144.
Returned by House, 152.

CARP in streams flowing into lakes of 5,000 acres and upwards in dimensions on boundary lines, bill to amend act to classify fish in waters of this Commonwealth so as to permit spearing of suckers and (see fish).

CARP, bill to authorize use of haul seine in tide water streams for capture of (see haul seine)

CARRIERS OF PASSENGERS FOR HIRE, bill to prevent frauds against (see frauds).

CARROLL, JOHN S., Representative from Second District, Fayette County.
Address by, on receiving testimonial of House of Representatives at close of session, 3652.
Amendment offered by, to
House Bill No. 575, making it lawful for certain street railway companies for purpose of relocating or straightening their lines to operate on certain streets without consent of municipal authorities of the borough, 1526.
Appointment of, on
Conference committee, 2235.
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.
Bills introduced by
Amending act relating to burial of certain honorably discharged soldiers, sailors and marines, 636.
Authorizing Superintendent of Public Instruction to print additional copies of School Laws and Decisions, 253.
Establishing a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and making provisions relative thereto, 112.
Joint resolution proposing amendment to section one, article eight of Constitution of Pennsylvania, 231.
Making appropriation to Trustees of Cottage State Hospital at Connellsville, 188.
To authorize municipal authorities to limit charges of water companies, electric light companies and gas companies, 921.
Bill reported by
No. 312 (Senate Bill No. 496)
To establish a public school system, 2519.
Election of, 43.
Leave of absence asked for, 1610.
Petitions presented by, from
Chamber of Commerce, Pittsburg, Pa., for passage of school code, 230, 525.
Citizens of Fayette County, against commission form of government for cities and boroughs, 230, 525.
Citizens of Fayette County against excise commission bill and Kline license bill, 2290.
Citizens of Fayette County against tax on life insurance premiums, 1757.
Citizens of Fayette County for amendments to oleomargarine law, 1757.
Citizens of Fayette County for Campbell bill, 1757.
Citizens of Fayette County, for Initiative and Referendum bill, 230, 565, 883, 1328.
Citizens of Fayette County for reading of Bible in public schools. 1328.
School Board of Somerset County for passage of school code. 230.
Teachers of Scranton High School for tenure of office and teachers' auxiliary bill, 883.
Motion by, for
House to non-concur in Senate amendments to House Bill No. 312, to establish a public school system, 2053.
Question of information raised by, on
House Bill No. 312, to establish a public school system, 2051.
Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 961, 967, 969, 983, 989, 993, 1150, 1151.
967, 969, 983, 989, 993, 1150, 1151.
House Bill No. 1280, providing for extension of Capitol Park in City of Harrisburg, 3327, 3328.
Resolution offered by
Thanking Press representatives for services rendered during the session, 3613.
Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

CARRYING OF DANGEROUS AND DEADLY WEAPONS, bill to regulate sale and (see weapons).

CARRYING OR MAKING USE OF FIRE-ARMS, bill to prohibit minors under age of 16 years from (see minors).

CARSON, late private of Company C, 6th Regiment, National Guard of Pennsylvania, to grant pension to Thomas R.
Read in place in House by Mr. R. J. Baldwin, 921.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 921.

CARS, bill to authorize municipal corporations to construct and to lease street railway tracks and equipment for operation of street (see railway).

CARS, bill to require that proper appliances be used in the control of suburban, interurban and street railway (see railway).

CARS ON SURFACE LINES of certain street railway and electric companies, bill to prohibit the operation of certain kinds of (see railway).

CARS WITH TOILETS OR WATER CLOSETS, bill to require electric railway companies operating suburban or interurban railways to equip all (see railway).

CARTER, THOMAS, Representative from Sixth District, Allegheny County.
Amendment offered by, to
House Bill No. 755, fixing compensation and allowances for members of General Assembly, 1960.
Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.
Bills introduced by
Amending act for government of cities of second class as regards contracts for official advertising, 207.
Fixing compensation and allowances for postage and stationery for members of General Assembly, 304.
Making appropriation to South Side Hospital of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, 207.
To empower boroughs without petition of property owners to pave and otherwise improve public streets and assess portion of cost of same on owners of property abutting thereon, 884.
Election of, 42.
Leave of absence asked for, 437, 473.
Motion by, to
Adjourn, 830.
Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

CARTWAY OF STREETS AND OTHER HIGHWAYS in boroughs, bill to regulate the narrowing of driveway or (see boroughs).

CASE, CIVIL OR CRIMINAL in any court of record, bill relating to time and manner of taking exceptions in any (see exceptions).

CASES, bill to regulate setting aside, reversal or granting of new trials in certain civil and criminal (see trials).

CASES BY JURY and limit the duties of the trial judge in charging the jury, bill to regulate trial of (see jury).

CASES OF DIVORCE, bill to amend first section of act relating to jurisdiction of the Courts of this Commonwealth in (see divorce).

CASES OF ESCHEAT, bill to amend act regulating escheats in cases where property is without a lawful owner by extending same to other (see escheats).

CASES OF RAPE WITHOUT CONSENT, bill amending act relating to release on probation of certain convicts so as to restrict exception of rape from operation of Act to (see rape).

CASES OF SUMMARY CONVICTION had before magistrates, aldermen and justices of the peace, bill to provide for payment of costs in (see costs).

CASES SHALL BE PLACED AT HEAD OF LIST in courts of common pleas and supreme and superior courts, bill to provide that quo warranto (see quo warranto).

CASES TRIED IN JUVENILE COURT, bill to provide for disposition and payment of costs in all (see costs).

CASES WHERE JURY HAVE DISAGREED, bill to give certain authority to the Courts of this Commonwealth in (see jury).

CASH REGISTERS, bill relating to leasing, renting, bailment or conditional sale of (see leasing).

CASUALTY INSURANCE COMPANIES and for regulation of home and foreign casualty insurance companies, bill to provide for incorporation of (see insurance).

CATCHING AND SALE OF FISH, bill to repeal section eight of act relating to (see fish).

CATFISH, bill to authorize use of haul seine in tide water streams for capture of (see haul seine).

CATHOLIC HOME FOR DESTITUTE CHILDREN, Philadelphia, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1062
Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 189.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 189.
Reported with amendment, 2240.
First reading, 2335.
Recommitted to Committee, 2385.
Re-reported with amendment, 2516.
Second reading, 2834.

CATHOLIC HOME FOR DESTITUTE CHILDREN—Continued.

Third reading and final passage, 2985.
Returned from Senate with amendment, 3492.
Concurred in Senate amendment, 3492.
Signed by Speaker, 3589.

In Senate (No. 1227).
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3044.
Reported without amendment, 3121.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 3179.
Re-reported with amendment, 3180.
Second reading, 3302.
Third reading and final passage, 3391.
Returned from House with Senate amendment concurred in, 3408.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3539.

CATHOLIC HOME FOR DESTITUTE CHILDREN, Philadelphia, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 324.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 324.

CATHOLIC HOME FOR DESTITUTE CHILDREN, Philadelphia, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 291.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 291.

CATHOLIC HOME FOR DESTITUTE OF PHILADELPHIA, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. John R. K. Scott, 1948.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1948.

CATLIN, STERLING R., Senator from Twenty-First District, Luzerne County, part of.

Amendment offered by, to
Senate Bill No. 750, repealing act to prevent prize fights and boxing matches in counties of Pike, Schuylkill, Luzerne, Erie and Montgomery, 2551.

Appointment of, as
Chairman of Commission to Investigate Judges and other Civil Officers, 3456.
Trustee of Pennsylvania Soldiers' and Sailors' Home, 92.

Appointment of, on
Memorial committee, 408.
Special committee, 41.
Standing committees, 79.

Bills introduced by
Amending act authorizing erection of poor house by Township of Wilkes-Barre authorizing judges of court of quarter sessions of Luzerne County to appoint additional director of the poor for certain boroughs, 2439.
Amending act relating to boroughs appropriating private property for necessary public purposes so as to extend same to townships of first class, 167.
Amending act relating to juvenile court schools for male children in certain counties, 756.
Authorizing appointment of commission to revise and codify present anthracite mining laws, 1892.
Authorizing assessment and collection of costs, damages and expenses of municipal improvements, 788.
Authorizing poor districts to erect hospitals for indigent persons afflicted with tuberculosis, 1100.
Authorizing townships of first class, boroughs and cities to establish regulations regarding outdoor advertising, 374.
Enabling certain minors to contract for membership in certain fraternal beneficial societies, 756.
Granting pension to Arthur W. Rhenord of Wilkes-Barre, 541.
Making appropriation to Boys' Industrial Association of Wilkes-Barre, 489.
Making appropriation to Commission of State Hospital for Criminal Insane at Fairview, 1279.
Making appropriation to Florence Crittenton Circle of Wilkes-Barre, Pa., 149.
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Making appropriation to Pittston Hospital Association, 101.
Making appropriation to Trustees of State Hospital for Criminal Insane at Fairview, Wayne County, 1226.
Making appropriation to Wilkes-Barre City Hospital, 101.
Making appropriation to Wyoming Valley Homeopathic Hospital, 101.
Making appropriation to Wyoming Valley Society for Prevention and Treatment of Tuberculosis of Wilkes-Barre, Pa., 222.
Providing for appointment of five directors of the middle Coal Field Poor District by the Court of Quarter Sessions of Carbon County, 118.

CATLIN, STERLING R.—Continued.

Regulating appointment of policemen in boroughs, 756.
Regulating compensation of directors of poor of poor districts situate wholly within any county, 788.
Supplement to act providing for State Hospital for Criminal Insane directing commissioners for erection of same to surrender their trust to board of trustees to be appointed by Governor, 1226.
To amend act relating to street paving in incorporated boroughs, 101.
To amend section two of act relating to poor house in Luzerne County, 149.
To authorize cities and boroughs to enact ordinances in regard to mining of coal beneath said cities and boroughs, 101.
To divide boroughs with respect to population into two classes and to provide for government of boroughs of first class, 1546.
To empower boroughs without petition of property owners to pave streets and assess a portion of costs on property owners, 101.
To fix time and salaries of clerks and other employes in Department of Auditor-General, 454.
To provide for appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties having between 300,000 and 1,000,000 inhabitants, 1419.
Validating certain charters issued by Governor to electric light companies, 489.

Bills reported by
No. 162 (House Bill No. 502)
Authorizing proper authorities of adjoining boroughs to fix dividing line between said boroughs, 401.
No. 294
Defining liability of directors of banks and certain other institutions for losses incurred by any depositor or stockholder thereof, 667.
No. 298 (House Bill No. 891)
Authorizing cities and boroughs to enact ordinances in regard to mining of coal beneath surface of same, 669.
No. 314 (House Bill No. 469)
Amending act relating to orphans' courts by vesting appointment of first assistant clerk of said courts in respective judges thereof, 701.
No. 375
Fixing salary of Chief of Department of Mines, 1067.
No. 451 (House Bill No. 162)
Providing for elections in territory that may be annexed to a city and added to an adjacent ward or created into new wards, 1173.
No. 756 (House Bill No. 1336)
Amending act authorizing erection of poor house by Township of Wilkes-Barre authorizing judges of court of quarter sessions of Luzerne County to appoint additional director of poor for certain boroughs, 2443.
No. 772 (House Bill No. 414)
Authorizing commissioners in townships of first class to enter into contracts with water companies for placing of fire hydrants in any village in such township and to purchase hose, 2524.
No. 827, (House Bill No. 605)
To provide for surrender of franchises of meadow companies, 2665.
No. 1241 (House Bill No. 580)
Amending act relating to employment of minors in bituminous coal mines by further regulating age at which minors may be employed inside coal mines or in outside workings thereof or in coal breakers or washeries, 3151, 3152.

Motions by, to
Postpone for present consideration of veto of Senate Bill No. 309, to validate certain charters issued by Governor to electric light companies, 2536.
Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 148, providing for appointment of special and assistant special detective officers in certain counties, 551.
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Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 298, enabling cities and boroughs to enact ordinances regarding mining of coal beneath their surfaces, 772.
Reconsider vote on Senate Bill No. 643, defining and prohibiting pandering, 2615.
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CATLIN, STERLING R.—Continued.

Suspend rule 21, to consider House amendments to Senate Bill No. 166, empowering boroughs without petition of property owners to pave and otherwise improve public streets and assess portion of cost of same on owners of property abutting thereon, 1964.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by

Approving Sulloway Bill in United States Congress granting pensions to certain enlisted men in Civil War, 223.

Authorizing appointment of commission to investigate charges made during interim between Legislative sessions against charges and other public officers, 3122.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 71.

CATS FROM MINORS, unknown or irresponsible parties, bill to punish buying or receiving of (see animals).

CAUSEWAYS ON CERTAIN STREAMS, bill to authorize County Commissioners to erect and maintain (see dykes).

CEDAR CREEK, VIRGINIA, to appoint commission to provide for erection of monument to commemorate services of 47th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers in Battle of

Read in place in House by Mr. Reno, 103.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 103.

CEMETERIES AND GRAVE YARDS for contract price thereof of balance due thereon, bill to secure and perpetuate liens upon monuments, mausoleums, markers, grave stones, copings or other ornamental constructions in and above (see liens).

CEMETERIES IN TOWNSHIPS OF SECOND CLASS, bill to enlarge powers of overseers of poor by requiring them upon petition to maintain (see townships)

CEMETERIES, to provide for and regulate the taking of land by condemnation proceedings to enlarge certain

House Bill No. 791

Read in place in House by Mr. C. Victor Johnson, 141.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 141.
Reported with amendment, 1758.
First reading, 1831.
Second reading and amended, 2135.
Third reading and final passage, 3033, 3034.
Returned from Senate with amendment, 3528.
Concurred in Senate amendment, 3528.
Signed by Speaker, 3585.

In Senate (No. 1185)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 3046.
Reported with amendment, 3119.
First reading, 3176.
Second reading, 3293.
Third reading and final passage, 3417.
Returned from House with Senate amendment concurred in, 3457.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3538.

CEMETERY COMPANIES TO TAKE LANDS, to permit

Read in place in House by Mr. Billman, 209.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 209.

CEMETERY OR BURIAL ASSOCIATIONS to purchase other grounds by regulating removal of bodies, sale of lots and enlargement of the grounds, to amend act authorizing

Senate Bill No. 531

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 1418.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1418.
Reported without amendment, 1436.
First reading, 1606.
Second reading, 1651, 1652.
Over in its order, 1723.
Third reading and final passage, 1813.

In House (No. 841)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1933.
Reported without amendment, 1947.
First reading, 2047.
Second reading, 2356.
Third reading and final passage, 3334, 3335.
Motion to reconsider vote on final passage considered and held over as unfinished business, 3354.
Motion resumed, vote on final passage reconsidered and bill indefinitely postponed, 3356, 3357.

CEMETERY OR BURIAL ASSOCIATIONS—Continued.

Remarks on, by

Baldwin, R. J., 3354, 3356.
Connell, 3354.
Robinson, V. Gilpin, 3354, 3356.

CENSORS to approve same, bill to regulate exhibition of moving picture or stereopticon views and appointment of Commission or Board of (see moving picture).

CENSUS BILL, petitions presented against (see petitions).

CENSUS IN PENNSYLVANIA IN 1915, making appropriation to provide for taking of

Senate Bill No. 368

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 834.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 834.
Reported without amendment, 838.
First reading, 919.
Second reading, 954, 955, 956.
Recommitted to Committee on Appropriations, 1001.

CENTRAL NORMAL SCHOOL ASSOCIATION of Clinton County, making appropriation to

Read in place in House by Mr. Kelsey, 416.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 416.

CENTRAL NORMAL SCHOOL ASSOCIATION of Clinton County, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Hall, 406.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 406.

CERTIFICATE OF A PHYSICIAN that such child has been successfully vaccinated or has had smallpox, bill to amend act relating to public health by providing that under certain conditions those in charge of schools are required to refuse admission of any child to school except upon (see schools).

CERTIFICATE to be furnished by him relative to liens for State taxes, bonus and other public accounts, bill to require sheriffs, receivers, trustees and other officers having charge of sale of property or franchises of corporations to notify Auditor-General and to read at such sale (see corporations).

CERTIFICATES and copies furnished by custodian of public records in State Library, bill to fix charges to be made for (see Public).

CERTIFICATES FOR LICENSE TO PRACTICE OSTEOPATHY, bill to amend act regulating practice of osteopathy by providing for issuing of (see osteopathy).

CERTIFICATES ISSUED BY OWNERS OF DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES, special bonded warehouses and bonded warehouses, bill relating to receipts or (see warehouses)

CERTIFICATES OF ASSOCIATION may be acknowledged before a justice of the peace, bill to provide that (see acknowledged).

CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSITS issued by banks or trust companies and payable on demand or at a fixed time, bill to extend statute of limitations to (see banks).

CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT issued by them, to limit time within which actions may be brought against banks or trust companies for recovery of amount represented by any

House Bill No. 739

Read in place in House by Mr. Freeman, 1329.
Referred to Committee on Banks and Banking, 1329.
Reported with amendment, 1669.
First reading, 1828.
Second reading, 2120.
Third reading and final passage, 3007.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Banks and Building and Loan Associations, 3044.

CERTIFICATES OF ELECTION to Senators and Representatives in General Assembly of Pennsylvania, making appropriation to provide for issuing of

House Bill No. 219

Read in place in House by Mr. Dale, 324.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 324.
Reported without amendment, 566.
First reading, 604.
Second reading, 741.
Defeated on third reading, 816, 817.
Vote on third reading reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 960.

CERTIFICATES OF ELECTION—Continued.
Resumed on third reading and passed finally, 2254.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2947.
Signed by Speaker, 3182.
Remarks on, by
Scott, Samuel B., 816, 817.
In Senate (No. 777)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2218.
Reported without amendment, 2525.
First reading, 2552.
Second reading, 2695.
Third reading and final passage, 2897, 2898.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3114.

CERTIFICATES OR ORDERS to their own use, bill to provide punishment for employes who convert merchandise, bills of lading, permits, (see employes).

CERTIFICATES OR OTHER EVIDENCE of indebtedness of which are held by residents of this Commonwealth, bill to regulate reports for purposes of taxation by corporations any of the (see taxation).

CERTIFICATES, to amend act providing for immediate registration of old birth and deaths and burial or removal permits by changing fees for birth and death
House Bill No. 567
Read in place in House by Mr. Hecht, 1028.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 1029.
Reported without amendment, 1237.
First reading, 1409.
Second reading, 1524.
Recommitted to Committee, 1826.
Re-reported with amendment, 1948.
Third reading and final passage, 2055.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3530.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3530.
Signed by Speaker, 3585.
In Senate (No. 1183)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2154.
Reported with amendment, 3119.
First reading, 3175.
Second reading, 3292.
Third reading and final passage, 3416.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3456.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3538.

CESSPOOLS IN CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, bill to regulate construction of plumbing, house drainage and (see cities).

CHAIN OR WIRE CABLE FIRE ESCAPES, bill to provide that in cities of first class certain buildings shall be equipped with (see cities).

CHAMBERSBURG HOSPITAL, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1151
Read in place in House by Mr. Speer, 98.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 98.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2339.
Second reading, 2421.
Third reading and final passage, 2799, 2800.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.
In Senate (No. 1071)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2712.
Second reading, 2919.
Third reading and final passage, 3096.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

CHAMPERTY, bill relating to offence of (see barratry).

CHANGES OF VENUE IN CIVIL CAUSES by providing that such change of venue shall only be made when it shall appear to the court that local prejudices exist, bill to repeal act amending act relating to (see venue).

CHAPLAIN OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES for services rendered during the session, resolution (House) by Holland, thanking Rev. W. C. Jones, 3613.

CHAPLAIN OF THE SENATE for services rendered during the session, resolution Senate) by Baldwin, thanking Rev. Arthur C. James, 3541.

CHAPMAN, ARTHUR, nominated as Member of Board of Game Commissioners, 151.
Reported, 165.
Confirmed, 169.

CHARACTER OF ANY PERSON, bill making it a misdemeanor for any person to make or circulate false or derogatory statements affecting the (see statements).

CHARGES FOR TRANSPORTATION of articles by railroad corporations or express companies or other common carriers, bill to punish extortion in (see common carriers).

CHARGES made during interim between Legislative Sessions against judges and other persons holding civil office, resolution (Senate) by Catlin, authorizing appointment of commission to investigate, 3122.
Commission appointed, 3456.

CHARGES OF WATER COMPANIES, electric light companies and gas companies, to authorize municipal authorities to limit
House Bill No. 856
Read in place in House by Mr. Carroll, 921.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 921.
Reported with amendment, 1948.
First reading, 2048.
Second reading, 2359.

CHARGES OF WATER COMPANIES in certain cases, to authorize the municipal authorities to limit the
House Bill No. 488
Read in place in House by Mr. Miller, 171.
Referred to Committee on Muncipal Corporations, 171.
Reported without amendment, 1047.
First reading, 1093.
Second reading, 1485.
Third reading and final passage, 1773.
In Senate
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1801.

CHARGES shall be preferred against a judge of any judicial district, bill to regulate investigations when (see judge).

CHARGES to be made for certificates and copies furnished by Custodian of Public Records in State Library, bill to fix (see Public Records).

CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS for treatment of indigent persons unless approval of Board of Public Charities is first produced, bill to prohibit incorporation by courts of common pleas of corporations formed to establish (see corporations).

CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, bill to permit cities of first class to exempt from taxation certain (see cities).

CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS to report to Board of Public Charities number of unnaturalized foreign born inmates, bill to require officials in charge of certain (see foreign).

CHARITABLE, REFORMATORY OR CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS formed after date of approval of this act, bill to prohibit making of appropriations by General Assembly to unincorporated (see appropriations).

CHARITABLE, REFORMATORY OR OTHER INSTITUTION which is maintained wholly or in part by State who shall escape therefrom, bill to provide for punishment of inmates in any (see inmates).

CHARITABLE SOCITIES, supplementary to act authorizing commitment of minors by magistrates, justices of the peace or judges of certain (see minors).

CHARITABLE USES by providing for management of funds and affairs of religious bodies, bill to amend amended act relating to estates held for the corporate religious and (see religious).

CHARITABLE USES, bill to amend section eleven of act relating to corporations and to estates held for corporate religious and (see religious).

CHARITIES and abolishing Board of Public Charities and Committee on Lunacy, relating to treatment and detention of insane and creating State Department of
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wolf, 1068.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1068.

CHARITY, bill to amend act relating to collateral inheritance taxes so as to exempt institutions of purely public (see taxes).

CHARITY, bill to amend first section of act relating to exemption from taxation of certain property by removing the exemption from institutions of learning, benevolence or (see taxation).

HARITY, bill to exempt from payment of inheritance taxes bequests and devises to institutions of purely public (see taxes).

HARITY HOSPITAL OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY, located at Norristown, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1115

Read in place in House by Mr. Miller, 96.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 96.
Reported with amendment, 2241.
First reading, 2337.
Second reading, 2416, 2417.
Third reading and final passage, 2788.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

In Senate (No. 1038)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.
Reported without amendment, 2688.
First reading, 2710.
Second reading, 2917.
Third reading and final passage, 3089.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

HARR otherwise called brook trout and certain other trout and certain bass, bill to amend act relating to fish so as to remove minimum limit as to size of (see fish).

HARTERED CORPORATION, bill relating to practice in Courts of Common pleas where either party is a (see practice).

HARTERS ISSUED BY GOVERNOR TO ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANIES for districts comprising two or more municipalities or townships, bill to validate certain (see electric light).

HARTERS OF CORPORATIONS FOR SUPPORT OF PUBLIC WORSHIP, supplement to act relating to incorporation and regulation of certain corporations, authorizing insertion of certain provisions in (see corporations).

HARTERS OF RELIGIOUS BODIES, petitions presented against passage of House Bill No. 191, amending act relating to estates held for corporate religious purposes as regards (see petitions).

HARTERS OF SUCH CORPORATIONS, bill to amend amended act relating to corporations and to estates held for corporate religious and charitable uses as regards (see religious).

HARTERS OF WATER OR WATER POWER COMPANIES which shall not have begun or completed their works within time set by existing law, bill to require approval of Water Supply Commission to extension of time within which water or water power companies shall begin and complete their works and to provide for annulment of (see water).

HARTIERS VALLEY GENERAL HOSPITAL of Ingram, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1031

Read in place in House by Mr. Allen, 253.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 253.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2334.
Second reading, 2405, 2406.
Third reading and final passage, 2760.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.

In Senate (No. 960)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2707.
Second reading, 2911.
Third reading and final passage, 3074, 3075.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

HATTEL MORTGAGES ON CERTAIN STEEL AND IRON PRODUCTS so as to authorize chattel mortgages of not less than $100 on all kinds of machinery and on all other personal property, bill to amend act authorizing (see mortgages).

HATTELS HAVE BEEN LEVIED UPON OR SEIZED BY SHERIFF, bill relating to proceedings where goods or (see sheriff).

HAUFFEURS AND PAID OPERATORS OF MOTOR VEHICLES, bill to amend act relating to motor vehicles by providing for examination of (see motor vehicles).

HECKS IN CASE OF DEATH OF DRAWER BEFORE PAYMENT, bill to authorize payment of (see payment).

HECKS OR DRAFTS IN EXCESS OF BANK BALANCE OF DRAWER, bill making it a felony to draw (see bank).

CHECKS WHEN THERE SHALL BE INSUFFICIENT FUNDS TO MEET SAME, to regulate payment on

House Bill No. 711

Read in place in House by Mr. Abbott, 1016.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1016.
Reported without amendment, 1609.
First reading, 1827.
Second reading, 2114.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 2948, 2949.

Remarks on, by

Abbott, 2948, 2949.
Baldwin, R. J., 2948, 2949.

CHEMISTRY, concurrent resolution No. 14 (House) by Shaffer, in reference to representative to Eighth International Congress of Applied, 779.

Resolution referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 779.
Reported from Committee,
Considered and adopted, 1240.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, in Senate, 1236.
Reported without amendment, considered and adopted, in Senate, 3122.
Returned by Senate, 3310.

CHERRYTREE, OR CANOE PLACE, Indiana County, making appropriation for protection of monument at

House Bill No. 730

Read in place in House by Mr. Henry, 252.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 252.
Reported without amendment, 1610.
First reading, 1828.
Second reading, 1932.
Third reading and final passage, 2317.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3232.
Signed by Speaker, 3479.

In Senate (No. 834)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2472.
Reported without amendment, 2682.
First reading, 2701.
Second reading, 2887.
Third reading and final passage, 3051.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

CHESTER COUNTY HOSPITAL, West Chester, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 79

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Thompson, 118.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 118.
Reported without amendment, 241.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 274.
Re-reported with amendment, 2216.
Second reading, 2276.
Third reading and final passage, 2451.
Returned from House without amendment, 3048.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3275.

In House (No. 1315)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2570.
Reported without amendment, 2841.
First reading, 2998.
Second reading, 3013.
Third reading and final passage, 3191, 3192.
Signed by Speaker, 3496.

CHESTER HOSPITAL, making an appropriation to

House Bill No. 1068

Read in place in House by Mr. William Ward, Jr., 190.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 190.
Reported with amendment, 2240.
First reading, 2335.
Second reading, 2410.
Third reading and final passage, 2772.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.

In Senate (No. 993)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2708.
Second reading, 2913.
Third reading and final passage, 3080, 3081.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

CHESTER HOSPITAL, making an appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Sproul, 339.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 339.

CHESTNUT BLIGHT, communication from Governor recommending commission to investigate cause of and adopt means to prevent
Read in Senate, 1227.
Referred to Committee on Forestry, 1227.
Read in House, 1291.
Chestnut blight, resolution of American Philosophical Society presented to Senate favoring eradication of, 1549.
Resolution referred to Committee on Forestry, 1549.
Presented to House, 1628.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1628.

"CHESTNUT CULTURE," to provide for printing of copies of Bulletin No. 123 of Department of Agriculture, entitled
Senate Bill No. 423
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McConnell, 1068.
Referred to Committee on Public Printing, 1068.
Reported without amendment, 1074.
First reading, 1114.
Second reading, 1180.
Third reading and final passage, 1230.
Returned from House with amendment, 2153, 2154.
Concurred in House amendment, 2154.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2523.
In House (No. 629)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1293, 1302.
Reported with amendment, 1341.
First reading, 1414.
Second reading, 1538.
Third reading and final passage, 2057.
Returned from Senate with House amendment concurred in,
Signed by Speaker, 2589.

CHESTNUT HILL HOSPITAL at Chestnut Hill, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 940
Read in place in House by Mr. McNichol, 188.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 188.
Reported with amendment, 2236.
First reading, 2329.
Second reading, 2390.
Third reading and final passage, 2730.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.
In Senate (No. 871)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2656.
Reported without amendment, 2683.
First reading, 2703.
Second reading, 2905.
Third reading and final passage, 3058.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

CHESTNUT TREE BLIGHT, creating commission to provide for eradication of a disease affecting chestnut trees, commonly called
House Bill No. 644
Read in place in House by Mr. Morris, 1282.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1282.
Reported with amendment, 1397.
First reading, 1629.
Second reading, 1541.
Third reading and amended, 1791.
Final passage, 1845, 1846.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2312.
Signed by Speaker, 2588.
In Senate (No. 646)
Referred to Committee on ———,
Reported without amendment from Committee on Forestry, 1900.
First reading, 2013.
Second reading, 2180.
Third reading and final passage, 2209.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2521.

CHESTNUT TREE BLIGHT, creating commission to provide for eradication of a disease affecting chestnut trees, commonly called
Senate Bill No. 481
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Sproul, 1254.
Referred to Committee on Forestry, 1254.
Reported without amendment, 1265.

CHESTNUT TREE BLIGHT—Continued.
First reading, 1325.
Second reading and amended, 1428, 1429.
Third reading and amended, 1441.
Resumed and passed finally, 1585.
In House
Referred to Committee on Forestry, 1678.

CHIEF AND ASSISTANT CHIEF of said Bureau, bill t abolish offices of Superintendent and Assistant Su perintendent of Bureau of Railways in Departmer of Internal Affairs and create offices of (see Bureau

CHIEF BURGESS in the several boroughs, bill to fix th term of (see boroughs).

CHIEF CLERK AND FIVE CLERKS IN DEPARTMENT O MINES, bill to fix compensation of (see Mines).

CHIEF CLERK OF DEPARTMENT OF MINES, bill to fi salary of (see Mines).

CHIEF COUNTY DETECTIVE in counties with populatio between 1,000,000 and 1,500,000, bill to provide fo appointment by district attorney of (see detective).

EXAMINER AND ASSISTANT EXAMINERS OF STEAI BOILERS and engines, bill to provide for appoint ment of (see steam boilers).
Read in place in House by Mr. Dallas, 104.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 104.

CHIEF FACTORY INSPECTOR, quadriennially, bill to amen act regulating employment of labor by providing fo election of (see Factory).

CHIEF OF DEPARTMENT OF MINES, bill to fix salary o (see Mines).

CHIEF OF POLICE, supplement to act regulating borough providing for election of (see boroughs).

CHILD and right to be compensated for loss of such services vesting in the mother in certain cases the right t services of her
Senate Bill No. 399
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 756.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 756.
Reported without amendment, 938.
First reading, 1013.
Second reading, 1078.
Third reading and final passage, 1106.
Returned from House without amendment, 1898.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1901.
Approved by Governor, 2151.
In House (No. 551)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1170.
Reported without amendment, 1213.
First reading, 1243.
Second reading, 1514.
Third reading and final passage, 1927.
Signed by Speaker,

CHILD except upon physician's certificate stating that such child has been successfully vaccinated or has had smallpox, bill to amend act relating to protection of public health by providing that under certain conditions those in charge of schools are required to refuse admission of any (see schools).

CHILD LABOR BILLS, resolution (House) by Shern, in reference to use of Hall of House for hearing on, 718.

CHILD LABOR LAW, petitions presented against (see petitions).

CHILD LABOR LAW relating to glass houses, petitions presented against repeal of (see petitions).

CHILD SHALL NOT BE SUBJECT TO COLLATERAL INHERITANCE TAX, bill to provide that estates passing from adopting parent to legally adopted (see estates).

CHILDREN, amending act relating to care of dependent, neglected, incorrigible and delinquent
House Bill No. 822
Read in place in House by Mr. McClung, 232.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 232.
Reported with amendment, 1779.
First reading, 1833.
Second reading, 2146, 2147.

HILDREN, amending act relating to care of dependent, neglected, incorrigible and delinquent

Senate Bill No. 427

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 222.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 222.
Reported without amendment, 1099.
First reading, 1180.
Second reading, 1209.
Third reading and final passage, 1231.
Returned from House without amendment, 2153.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2523.

Remarks on, by

McNichol, 1231.
Wilbert, 1231.
Powell, 1231.

In House (No. 630)

Referred to Committe on Judiciary General, 1293, 1302.
Reported without amendment, 1341.
First reading, 1414.
Second reading, 1538.
Third reading and final passage, 2057, 2058.
Signed by Speaker, 2589.

'HILDREN be paid by proper county, to amend act relating to care of dependent children by providing that Court may direct that the board of such

House Bill No. 415

Read in place in House by Mr. Hilton, 304.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 304.
Reported without amendment, 970.
First reading, 1089.
Second reading, 1367, 1368.
Third reading and final passage, 1627.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2312.
Signed by Speaker, 2587, 2588.

In Senate (No. 639)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1608.
Reported with amendment, 1854.
First reading, 2012.
Second reading, 2178.
Third reading and final passage, 2208.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2522.

'HILDREN by either father or mother, bill to provide punishment for desertion or non-support of (see desertion).

'HILDREN from neglect and cruelty by changing age limit of minors, bill to amend act to protect (see minors).

'HILDREN in certain counties by extending limit of population to counties with between 300,000 and 1,200,000, bill to amend act relating to juvenile court schools for male (see schools).

'HILDREN IN DANGERS OF FIRE and prevention of fire waste, bill to establish office of State Fire Marshal and making it the duty of officers of public instruction and persons in charge of schools to instruct (see fire).

'HILDREN LEAVING THEM WITHOUT REASONABLE MEANS OF SUPPORT, bill to make it a felony for husband, father or mother to desert his wife or his (see desert).

'HILDREN OF PERMANENTLY DISABLED SOLDIERS, sailors and marines of the State, bill making appropriation to carry out provisions of act relating to education and maintenance of destitute (see orphans).

HILDREN FROM INJURIES FROM FIREWORKS, bill to protect (see fireworks).

HILDREN, providing for employment of clerks, stenographers and office assistants to facilitate probation of juvenile court, supplement to act defining powers of courts of quarter sessions with reference to care of neglected and incorrigible

House Bill No. 321

Read in place in House by Mr. Allen, 591.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 591.
Reported without amendment, 734.
First reading, 781.
Second reading, 889.
Third reading and final passage, 1285.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1958.
Signed by Speaker, 2050.
Approved by Governor, 2556, 2557.

CHILDREN—Continued.

In Senate (No. 577)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1255.
Reported without amendment, 1632, 1633.
First reading, 1745.
Second reading, 1818.
Third reading and final passage, 1903.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2006.

CHILDREN OR MINORS who have been sentenced under various juvenile court acts and have been committed to institutions outside of this Commonwealth, bill to provide for payment of maintenance and support of (see juvenile).

CHILDREN SHALL ATTEND a public high school, bill to regulate school district in which (see school).

CHILDREN, supplement to act for relief of deserted (see deserted).

CHILDREN, to provide for commission to investigate provisions made in this State for care of defective, destitute, neglected and dependent

Senate Bill No. 436

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Kline, 1068.
Referred to Committee on Appropiations, 1068.
Reported without amendment, 1099.
First reading, 1181.
Recommitted to Committee, 1210.

CHILDREN, to provide for punishment of persons responsible for or contributing to delinquency of

House Bill No. 319

Read in place in House by Mr. Allen, 591.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 591.
Reported without amendment, 734.
First reading, 781.
Second reading, 889.
Third reading and final passage, 1284.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1958.
Signed by Speaker, 2050.
Vetoed by Governor, 2559.

In Senate (No. 576)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1255.
Reported without amendment, 1632.
First reading, 1745.
Second reading, 1818.
Third reading and final passage, 1903.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2006.

CHILDREN UNDER AGE OF THREE YEARS for hire, reward or otherwise in cities of third class, bill to provide for licensing of infant (see cities).

CHILDREN WHO RESIDE TWO MILES OR MORE FROM A PUBLIC SCHOOL, bill to provide for transportation at expense of school district of (see schools).

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY OF FRANKLIN COUNTY, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1152

Read in place in House by Mr. Speer, 141.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 141.
Reported without amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2339.
Second reading, 2421, 2422.
Third and and final passage, 2800.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

In Senate (No. 1072)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2712.
Second reading, 2919.
Third reading and final passage, 3096.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY of Pennsylvania, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1213

Read in place in House by Mr. Shern, 95.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 95.
Reported with amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2342.
Second reading, 2433.
Third reading and final passage, 2820, 2821.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY—Continued.

In Senate (No. 1131)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2663.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2715.
Second reading, 2923.
Third reading and final passage, 3108.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY of Western Pennsylvania, located at Meadville, making appropriation to Auxiliary of

House Bill No. 1170
Read in place in House by Mr. C. Victor Johnson, 123.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 123.
Reported with amendment, 2243.
First reading, 2340.
Second reading, 2424.
Third reading and final passage, 2806.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.

In Senate (No. 1089)
Referred to Committee on Appropiations, 2662.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2713.
Second reading, 2920.
Third reading and final passage, 3099.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY of Western Pennsylvania, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1006.
Read in place in House by Mr. Swan, 172.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 172.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2332.
Second reading, 2401.
Third reading and final passage, 2752.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.

In Senate (No. 936)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2685.
First reading, 2706.
Second reading, 2910.
Third reading and final passage, 3070.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY of Westmoreland County, at Greensburg, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 122
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Jamison, 223.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 223.
Reported without amendment, 282.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 358.
Re-reported with amendment, 2215.
Second reading, 2277.
Third reading and final passage, 2452.
Returned from House with amendments, 3148.
Concurred in House amendments, 3148.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3275.

In House (No. 1313)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2570.
Reported without amendment, 2841.
First reading, 2997.
Second reading, 3013.
Third reading, and final passage, 3191.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 3309.
Signed by Speaker, 3495.

CHILDREN'S HOME of City of York, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1084
Read in place in House by Mr. Dale, 303.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 303.
Reported with amendment, 2240.
First reading, 2336.
Second reading, 2412.
Third reading and final passage, 2777.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Resolution recalling bill from House concurred in, 3330.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3489.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3489, 3490.
Signed by Speaker, 3588.

CHILDREN'S HOME—Continued.

In Senate (No. 1008)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.
Reported wthout amendment, 2687.
First reading, 2709.
Second reading, 2915.
Third reading and final passage, 3083, 3084.
Concurrent resolution recalling bill from House f amendment, 3274.
Resolution returned by House concurred in, 3286.
Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsider and bill amended, 3287.
Final passage, 3384.
Returned from House with Senate amendments co curred in, 3408.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3537.

CHILDREN'S HOME of South Bethlehem, making appropri tion to

House Bill No. 1156
Read in place in House by Mr. Reno, 141.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 141.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2339.
Second reading, 2422.
Third reading and final passage, 2801, 2802.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

In Senate (No. 1076)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2662.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2712.
Second reading, 2920.
Third reading and final passage, 3097.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

CHILDREN'S HOMEOPATHIC HOSPITAL of Philadelphi making appropriation to

House Bill No. 919
Read in place in House by Mr. Riebel, 95.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 95.
Reported with amendment, 2236.
First reading, 2328.
Second reading, 2387.
Third reading and final passage, 2723.
Returned fom Senate with amendments, 3319.
Non-concurred in Senate amendments, 3319.
Returned from Senate with amendments adhered to an notice of appointment of conference committee, 3370.
Conference committee appointed, 3370.
Conference committee report considered and adopted, 359
Returned from Senate with conference committee repo adopted, 3599.
Signed by Speaker, 3608.

In Senate (No. 851)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2655.
Reported without amendment, 2683.
First reading, 2702.
Second reading, and recommitted to Committee, 2904.
Re-reported with amendment, 2929.
Third reading and final passage, 3054, 3055.
Returned from House with Senate amendments non-cor curred in, 3279.
Conference committee appointed, 3279.
Returned from House with adherence to its non-concu rence in Senate amendments and notice of appoint ment of conference committee, 3378.
Returned from House with conference committee repo adopted, 3458.
Conference committee report considered and adopted, 345
Signed by President pro tempore, 3536.

CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL of Pittsburg, making appropri ation to

House Bill No. 1143
Read in place in House by Mr. Magee, 210.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 210.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2339.
Second reading, 2420.
Third reading and final passage, 2797.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

HILDREN'S HOSPITAL—Continued.

In Senate (No. 1063)
Referred to Committee on Appropiations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2711.
Second reading, 2919.
Third reading and final passage, 3094.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

HILDREN'S INDUSTRIAL HOME at Harrisburg, making appriation to

House Bill No. 950.
Read in place in House by Mr. Tunis, 251.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 251.
Reported with amendment, 2236.
First reading, 2330.
Second reading, 2392.
Third reading and final passage, 2733.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.

In Senate (No. 880)
Referred to Committee on Appropiations, 2656.
Reported without amendment, 2683.
First reading, 2703.
Second reading, 2906.
Third reading and final passage, 3060.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

HILDREN'S INDUSTRIAL HOME, at Harrisburg, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox, 221.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 221.

HIROPODY and to license chiropodists, to regulate practice of

House Bill No. 333
Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 304.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 304.
Reported without amendment, 734.
First reading, 782.
Second reading, 1220, 1221, 1222.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1489.

Remarks on, by
Roney, 1221, 1222.
Fahey, 1221, 1222.

CHLORAL AND CERTAIN OTHER DRUGS or any preparations of them except in natural quantities in coffee and tea, bill to regulate sale of (see drugs).

CHRISTIAN H. BUHL HOSPITAL of Sharon, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1222
Read in place in House by Mr. Dallas, 124.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 124.
Reported with amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2342.
Second reading, 2434.
Third reading and final passage, 2823.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3479.

In Senate (No. 1139)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2664.
Reported without amendment, 2691.
First reading, 2715.
Second reading, 2924.
Third reading and final passage, 3109.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

CHRISTIAN HOME FOR WOMEN of Pittsburg, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 755
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Kline, 2439.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2439.
Reported without amendment, 2443.
First reading, 2551.
Second reading, 2670.
Third reading and final passage, 2889, 2890.
Returned from House without amendment, 3050.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3277.

In House (No. 1361)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2948.
Reported without amendment, 3006.
First reading, 3007.
Second reading, 3015.
Third reading and final passage, 3204.
Signed by Speaker, 3493, 3496.

CHRISTIAN HOME of Johnstown, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1099
Read in place in House by Mr. Moses, 208.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 208.
Reported with amendment, 2241.
First reading, 2337.
Second reading, 2414.
Third reading and final passage, 2782, 2783.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.

In Senate (No. 1023)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.
Reported without amendment, 2687.
First reading, 2710.
Second reading, 2916.
Third reading and final passage, 3086.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

CHRISTIAN HOME OF JOHNSTOWN, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 119
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wertz, 223.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 223.
Reported without amendment, 282.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 358.

CHRISTY, WALTER J., Member of Board of Registration Commissioners in and for City of Pittsburg, nominated, 26.
Reported, 489.
Confirmed, 491.

CHRONIC INSANE, bill amending, by increasing maximum amount per capita for weekly maintenance, act relating to State Asylum for (see insane).

CHRONIC INSANE, bill to refund a certain sum to Trustees of State Asylum for (see insane).

CHURCHES, CEMETERY OR BURIAL ASSOCIATIONS, bill to amend act authorizing cemetery or burial associations to purchase other grounds by regulating removal of bodies, sale of lots and enlargement of grounds by incorporated or unincorporated (see cemetery).

CIGARETTES AND CIGARETTE PAPER, to regulate sale of
Read in place in House by Mr. Matt, 567.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 567.

CIRCUS PERFORMANCES are held by regulating license fee for certain buildings in cities of second class, bill to amend act relating to licensing of buildings or places in which

CIRCUSES AND MENAGERIES exhibiting in tents and enclosures, bill to regulate the licensing of (see amusement).

CIRCUSES, bill to amend act relating to licensing of places where certain performances are held by fixing amount of licenses to be paid by (see licenses).

CITIES AND BOROUGHS, bill to provide for initiative and referendum system of legislation under certain conditions in all (see initiative).

CITIES AND BOROUGHS, bill to provide for optional initiative and referendum system of legislation under certain conditions in all (see initiative).

CITIES AND BOROUGHS to and with a larger city upon petition of such larger city, relating to annexation and consolidation of
Read in place in House by Mr. Allen, 94.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 94.
Resolution in reference to hearing on bill, 718.
Resolution in reference to printing proceedings of special hearing, 846.
Reported without amendment and bill withdrawn, 1467.

CITIES AND BOROUGHS to and with a larger city upon petition of such larger city, relating to annexation and consolidation of
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 102.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 102.

CITIES AND BOROUGHS to enact ordinances prescribing reasonable regulations in regard to mining of coal beneath their surface, bill to authorize (see mining).

CITIES, bill relating to benefits and damages to property caused by change of grade of streets and highways in (see railroads).

CITIES OF FIRST AND SECOND CLASS as regards form of register, method of proving paymment of tax and providing for additional employes for Board of Registration Commissioners, to amend act providing for personal registration of electors in

Senate Bill No. 382

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 904.
Referred to Committee on Elections, 904.
Reported without amendment, 904.
First reading, 958.
Second reading, 1005, 1006, 1007, 1008, 1009, 1010, 1011.
Recommitted to Committee, 1073.
Re-reported with amendment, 1254.
Recommitted to Committee, 1321.
Re-reported with amendment, 1418.
Over in its order, 1438.
Third reading and final passage, 1438, 1439.
Returned from House with amendments, 3283, 3284, 3285.
Concurred in House amendments, 3285, 3286.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3403.

Remarks on, by

McIlhenny, 1438, 1439, 3285, 3286.
McNichol, 1438.

In House (No. 1287)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1471.
Reported with amendment, 2586.
First reading, 2842.
Second reading and amended, 2958, 2959, 2960, 2961, 2962, 2963, 2964, 2965, 2966, 2967, 2968, 2969.
Special order for consideration, 3227.
Third reading and final passage, 3242, 3243, 3244, 3245, 3246, 3247, 3248, 3249, 3250.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 3375.
Signed by Speaker, 3590.

Remarks on, by

Scott, S. B., 2959, 2964, 2968, 3247.
Scott, John R. K., 2959, 2960, 2962, 2964, 3248, 3249.
Abbott, 2960, 2961.
Howard, 2960.
Dearden, 2961, 3249, 3250.
Flynn, 2961, 2962, 3248.
Baldwin, G. A., 2961.
Schad, 2961, 2962.
Ailman, 2962, 3248.
Matt, 2962.
McAleer, 3247.
Walnut, 3247.
Shannon, 3248.
Lowe, 3248.

CITIES OF FIRST AND SECOND CLASS, bill to amend act providing for licensing and regulating employment agencies in (see employment).

CITIES OF FIRST AND SECOND CLASS by changing registration days, to amend act relating to personal registration of electors in

Read in place in House by Mr. Freeman, 417.
Referred to Committee on Elections, 417.

CITIES OF FIRST AND SECOND CLASS by changing registration days, to amend act relating to personal registration of electors in

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 406.
Referred to Committee on Elections, 406.

CITIES OF FIRST AND SECOND CLASS in or for telegraph or messenger offices, bill to amend act relating to minors in certain employments by regulating hours of employment of minors in (see minors).

CITIES OF FIRST AND SECOND CLASS, to amend by providing for assistant clerk and messenger act relating to personal registration of electors in

Read in place in House by Mr. Curry, 140.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 140.

CITIES OF FIRST AND SECOND CLASS, to repeal so far as it relates to second class cities act regulating advertisement of all notices required to be published by law in

Read in place in House by Mr. Bentley, 252.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 252.

CITIES OF FIRST AND SECOND CLASS, to repeal so far as it relates to second class cities act regulating advertisement of all notices required to be published by law in

CITIES OF FIRST AND SECOND CLASS—Continued.

Senate Bill No. 178

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Kurtz, 244.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 244.
Reported without amendment, 413.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 470.

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, bill to exempt certain building from provisions of certain acts pertaining to safet of persons from fire in certain buildings in (se buildings).

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, bill to fix salary of register o wills in counties within which are or may be locate (see register).

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS by establishing Board of Recreatio for care of recreation facilities, to amend act relatin to government of

Senate Bill No. 316

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Vare, 700.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 700.
Reported without amendment, 705.
First reading, 774.
Recommitted to Committee on Judiciary Special, 803.
Re-reported with amendment, 1900.
Second reading, 2006, 2007.
Third reading and final passage, 2168.
Returned from House without amendment, 3305.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3403.

In House (No. 1247)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2221.
Reported without amendment, 2247.
First reading, 2384.
Second reading, 2513.
Third reading and final passage, 3361.
Signed by Speaker, 3590.

Remarks on, by

Scott, John R. K., 3361.

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS by fixing number of jury at three, to amend act relating to government of

Senate Bill No. 230

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 403.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 403.
Reported without amendment, 540.
First reading, 634.
Second reading, 675, 676.
Laid over in its order, 706.
Third reading and final passage, 761, 762.
Returned from House without amendment, 1422.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1423.
Approved by Governor, 1799.

In House (No. 375)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 819.
Reported without amendment, 881.
First reading, 902.
Second reading, 1057.
Third reading and final passage, 1352.
Signed by Speaker, 1459.

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS certain buildings shall be equipped with such chain or wire cable fire escapes as may be approved by authorities in such cities, to provide that in

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 150.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 150.

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS establishing Department of Recreation, supplement to act relating to

Senate Bill No. 240.

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Vare, 290.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 290.
Reported without amendment, 541.
First reading, and recommitted to Committee, 635.
Re-reported without amendment,
Second reading, 1725.
Third reading and final passage, 1805, 1806.

In House

Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 1932.

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS for delivery tickets in sale of anthracite coal, to provide in

Read in place in House by Mr. Bosher, 392.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 392.

ITIES OF FIRST CLASS for delivery tickets in sale of anthracite coal, to provide in

Senate Bill No. 239
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Vare, 374.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 374.
Reported without amendment, 541.
First reading, 634.
Second reading, 681, 682.
Third reading and amended, 708.
Resumed and passed finally, 758, 759.
Returned from House without amendment, 2471.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2524.

In House (No. 812)
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 819.
Reported without amendment, 1769.
First reading, 1833.
Second reading, 2145.
Third reading and final passage, 2517.
Signed by Speaker, 2588, 2589.

ITIES OF FIRST CLASS for sale of liquors and fixing proportion of number of such licenses to number of inhabitants thereof, relative to granting of licenses in

House Bill No. 649
Read in place in House by Mr. Riebel, 1399.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1399.
Reported without amendment, 1398.
First reading, 1629.
Second reading and amended, 2089.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 2346.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 2589.
Resumed and defeated on final passage, 2597.

Remarks on, by
Scott, Samuel B., 2346.
Riebel, 2346, 2597.

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS of all dramatic performances and exhibitions for amusement of public, to provide for licensing in

House Bill No. 317
Read in place in House by Mr. Fay, 304.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 304.
Reported with amendment, 734.
First reading, 781.
Second reading and amended, 888, 889.
Third reading and amended, 1283, 1284.
Final passage, 1337, 1338.

In Senate (No. 542)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1421.
Reported without amendment, 1455.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 1607.

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS of places used for dramatic performances or exhibitions, to provide for licensing in
Read in place in House by Mr. Fay, 253.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 253.

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS so as to make mayor of said cities eligible for office for next succeeding term, to amend act providing for better government of
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Nulty, 904.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 904.
Resolution to discharge committee from further consideration of bill presented and defeated, 1419.

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, to amend act relating to licensing of those engaged in sale of milk and its fluid derivatives in

House Bill No. 547.
Read in place in House by Mr. Watts, 302.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 302.
Reported without amendment, 1212.
First reading, 1242.
Second reading, 1513, 1514.
Third reading and final passage, 1925, 1926.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3326.
Signed by Speaker, 3479.

In Senate (No. 1156)
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 1898, 1899.
Reported without amendment, 2692.
First reading, 2716.
Second reading, 2925.
Third reading and final passage, 3147.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3402.

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, to amend act so as to provide that licenses for tenement houses shall be secured from Bureau of Health in

House Bill No. 8
Read in place in House by Mr. Reyburn, 95.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 95.
Reported without amendment, 109.
First reading, 115.
Second reading and postponed for present, 137.

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, to amend act to provide for better government of
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Nulty, 832.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 832.

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, to create office of Fire Marshal to be attached to Department of Public Safety in

House Bill No. 640
Read in place in House by Mr. Reyburn, 638.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 638
Reported with amendment, 1357.
First reading, 1414.
Second reading, 2088, 2089.
Special order for consideration, 2254.
Third reading and final passage, 2293, 2294.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 2945.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 2945, 2946.
Signed by Speaker, 3184.

Remarks on, by
Reyburn, 2293, 2294.
Dearden, 2293.
Moses, 2293, 2294.

In Senate (No. 749)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2266.
Reported without amendment, 2266.
Recommitted to Committee, 2456.
Re-reported with amendment, 2531.
First reading, 2553.
Second reading, 2668, 2669.
Third reading and final passage, 2893.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3047.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3115.

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, to create office of first assistant city solicitor in

Senate Bill No. 244
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Vare, 374.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 374.
Reported without amendment, 551.
First reading, 635.
Second reading, 682, 683.
Third reading and final passage, 708.
Returned from House without amendment, 1548.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1633.
Approved by Governor, 1799.

In House (No. 403)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 749.
Reported without amendment, 884.
First reading, 923, 924.
Second reading, 1062.
Third reading and final passage, 1478.
Signed by Speaker,

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS to exempt from taxation real estate of certain charitable institutions, to permit
Read in place in House by Mr. Gans, 1196.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 1196.

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, to fix salaries of City Controllers in

Senate Bill No. 288
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 489.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 489.
Reported without amendment, 664.
First reading, 712.
Second reading, 770.
Third reading and final passage, 795.

In House
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 830.

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS to maintain privy-wells and cess pools where sewers are accessible, to make it unlawful in
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 268.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 268.

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS to make rules regarding traffic, use and police control of public highways, streets and parkways, to permit the Department of Public Safety in

House Bill No. 262

Read in place in House by Mr. Savidge, 437.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 437.
Reported without amendment, 688.
First reading, 750.
Second reading, 862.
Third reading and final passage, 1160.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 1175.

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS to place care of boulevards and parkways under care of park commission, to authorize

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 454.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 454.

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, to prescribe number of fixtures for water supply for dwellings in

House Bill No. 327

Read in place in House by Mr. Breitinger, 361.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 362.
Reported without amendment, 734.
First reading, 781, 782.
Second reading, 891.
Third reading and final passage, 1287.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3529.
Signed by Speaker, 3588.

In Senate (No. 568)

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 1262.
Reported without amendment, 1632.
First reading, and recommitted to Committee, 1744.
Re-reported without amendment, 3287, 3288.
Second reading, 3288.
Third reading and final passage, 3385.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3537.

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, to provide for examination, licensure and registration of those engaged in plumbing or house drainage in

House Bill No. 401

Read in place in House by Mr. Johnston, 360.
Referred to Committee on Labor and Industry, 360.
Reported without amendment, 884.
First reading, 923.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 1362, 1363, 1364, 1365, 1366.
Rereported with amendment,
Third reading and amended, 2262.
Defeated on final passage, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 2569.
Resumed and passed finally, 2573, 2574, 2576, 2576, 2577, 2578.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3355.
Signed by Speaker, 3481.

Remarks on, by

McNichol, 2577.
Johnston, 2577, 2578.
McAleer, 2577.

In Senate (No. 814)

Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 2542.
Reported without amendment, 2603.
First reading, 2926.
Second reading, 3155.
Third reading and final passage, 3267, 3268.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3394.

Remarks on, by

McIlhenny, 3267, 3268.
Vare, 3267, 3268.
Wilbert, 3268.

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, to provide for examination, licensure and registration of those engaged in plumbing or house drainage in

Senate Bill No. 286

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 402.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 402.
Reported without amendment, 664.
First reading, 712.
Second reading, 766, 767, 768, 769.
Recommitted to Committee on Judiciary Special, 794.

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS—Continued.

Re-reported without amendment, 1418.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1437.
Resumed on third reading and amended, 1586.
Resumed on third reading and postponed for present 1657, 1658, 1659, 1660.

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, to provide for examination, licensure and registration of those engaged in plumbing or house drainage in

Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 416.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 416.

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, to provide for registration and examination of those engaged in plumbing or house drainage in

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 268.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 268.

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, to provide for sanitary inspection of dwellings in

House Bill No. 322

Read in place in House by Mr. Breitinger, 362.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 362.
Reported without amendment, 734.
First reading, 781.
Second reading, 889, 890.
Third reading and final passage, 1285.

In Senate (No. 569)

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 1255.
Reported without amendment, 1632.
First reading and recommitted to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1744.

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, to regulate construction and inspection of buildings used for exhibition of moving pictures in all

Senate Bill No. 551

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 243.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 243.
Reported without amendment, 1546.
First reading, 1656.
Second reading, 1731, 1732.
Third reading and final passage, 1814.
Returned from House without amendment, 3278.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3404.

In House (No. 843)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1933.
Reported without amendment, 1947.
First reading, 2047.
Second reading, 2358.
Third reading and final passage, 3350.
Signed by Speaker, 3590.

Remarks on, by

Allen, 3350.

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS to regulate construction of house drainage, privy-wells and cess pools, to authorize boards of health in

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 268.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 268.

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, to regulate use of automatic vending machines in

House Bill No. 609

Read in place in House by Mr. Gans, 1196.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1196.
Reported without amendment, 1340.
First reading, 1412.
Second reading, 2087.
Third reading and final passage, 2344.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1472.

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, to regulate use of billiard, pool and bagatelle tables in

House Bill No. 485

Read in place in House by Mr. Fay, 253.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 253.
Reported without amendment, 1047.
First reading, 1093.
Second reading and amended, 1484, 1485.
Third reading and final passage, 1772, 1773.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2570.
Signed by Speaker, 2845.

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS—Continued.
In Senate (No. 677)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1801.
Reported without amendment, 2155.
First reading, 2213.
Second reading, 2283.
Third reading and final passage, 2457.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2653.
Remarks on, by
Buckman, 2457.
McNichol, 2457.

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS to remit taxes owing by any hospital where a dispute has arisen as to right of city to collect such taxes, to authorize
House Bill No. 733
Read in place in House by Mr. Keely, 1481.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1481.
Reported without amendment, 1610.
First reading, 1828.
Second reading, 2119.
Third reading and final passage, 3003.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3601.
Signed by Speaker, 3609.
In Senate (No. 1195)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 3043.
Reported without amendment, 3120.
First reading, 3177.
Second reading, 3299.
Third reading and final passage, 3434.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3536.

CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, to repeal act amending amendment to act relating to date for opening and closing tax duplicates in
Senate Bill No. 283
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 489.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 489.
Reported without amendment, 664.
First reading, 711.
Second reading, 765.
Third reading and final passage, 793.
Returned from House without amendment, 1805.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1855.
Approved by Governor, 2442.
In House (No. 473)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 830.
Reported without amendment, 1027.
First reading, 1092.
Second reading, 1388.
Third reading and final passage, 1756.
Signed by Speaker, 2050.
Remarks on, by
Dearden, 1756.
Keely, 1756.

CITIES OF SECOND AND THIRD CLASS by extending provisions to steam boilers and steam engines of over five horse power to amend act providing for examination and licensing of engineers having charge of steam boilers and engines in
House Bill No. 848
Read in place in House by Mr. Maurer, 1399.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1399.
Reported without amendment, 1947.
First reading, 2047.
Second reading, 2354.

CITIES OF SECOND AND THIRD CLASS, to amend act relating to term of constables in
House Bill No. 132
Read in place in House by Mr. Tunis, 97.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 97.
Reported without amendment, 314.
First reading, 337.
Second reading, 425, 426.
Third reading and final passage, 450.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2025.
Signed by Speaker, 2587.
In Senate (No. 597)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 459.
Reported without amendment, 1706.
First reading, 1822.
Second reading, 1908.
Third reading and final passage, 2002.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2523.

CITIES OF SECOND AND THIRD CLASS, to provide for better protection of life and property by competent operation of steam boilers and engines in
Read in place in House by Mr. Allen, 1282.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1282.

CITIES OF SECOND AND THIRD CLASS, to regulate qualifications of boiler inspectors in
House Bill No. 854
Read in place in House by Mr. Maurer, 1399.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1399.
Reported without amendment, 1948.
First reading, 2048.
Second reading, 2358.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS, amending in regard to contracts for official advertising act relating to government of
Read in place in House by Mr. Carter, 207.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 207.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS, bill amending and supplementing act relating to Railroad Commission and repealing act relating to fare of street passenger railway companies in (see Railroad).

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS by providing for abolishing of present select and common councils and creating new body to be known as the council, to amend act relating to government of
Senate Bill No. 626
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Hunter, 1797.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1797.
Reported without amendment, 1803.
First reading, 1917.
Second reading, 2009, 2010, 2011.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 2174, 2175.
Remarks on, by
Weingartner, 2174.
Powell, 2174, 2175.
Hunter, 2174, 2175.
Wilbert, 2175.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS by providing for abolishing of present select and common councils and creating new body to be known as the Council to amend and supplement act relating to government of
Read in place in House by Mr. Klumpp, 1458.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1458.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS creating and regulating a Forestry Department, supplement to act for government of
Senate Bill No. 319
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 706.
Referred to Committee on Muncipal Affairs, 706.
Reported without amendment, 707.
First reading, 774.
Second reading, 804, 805.
Third reading and final passage, 910.
Returned from House without amendment, 1964.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1965.
Vetoed by Governor, 2441.
Remarks on, by
Wilbert, 2441.
Herbst, 2441.
McNichol, 2441.
In House (No. 574)
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 971.
Reported without amendment, 1281.
First reading, 1410.
Second reading, 1526.
Third reading and final passage, 1949, 1950.
Signed by Speaker, 2050.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS creating Art Commission and extending police power in relation to things placed in streets or public places by public service corporations, supplement to act for government of
Senate Bill No. 320.
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 707.
Referred to Committee on Muncipal Affairs, 707.
Reported without amendment, 707.
First reading, 774.
Second reading, 805.
Third reading and final passage, 910, 911.
Returned from House with amendments, 1897.
Senate concurs in House amendments, 1897, 1898.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1900, 1901.
Approved by Governor, 2442.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS—Continued.

In House (No. 540)

Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 972.
Reported with amendment, 1212.
First reading, 1242.
Second reading and amended, 1511, 1512.
Third reading and final passage, 1923, 1924.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in,1934.
Signed by Speaker,

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS creating City Planning Department, supplement to act for government of

Senate Bill No. 318

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 70
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 707.
Reported without amendment, 707.
First reading, 774.
Second reading, 804.
Third reading and final passage, 910.
Returned from House with amendments, 3306.
Concurred in House amendments, 3306.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3403.

In House (No. 541)

Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 971.
Reported without amendment, 1212.
First reading, 1242.
Second reading, 1512.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1924.
Resumed on third reading and amended, 2046.
Final passage, 3361, 3362.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 3472.
Signed by Speaker, 3590.

Remarks on, by
Alter, 1924.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS, supplementary to act for the government of

House Bill No. 663

Read in place in House by Mr. Ehrhardt, 154.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 154.
Reported without amendment, 1469.
First reading, 1500.
Second reading and amended, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095.
Third reading and final passage, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232.
Returned from Senate wtih amendments, 3373, 3374.
Non-concurred in Senate with amendments, 3374.
Returned from Senate with amendments adhered to and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3486.
Conference committee appointed, 3486, 3487.
Conference committee report considered and adopted, 3595, 3596, 3597.
Returned from Senate with conference committee report adopted, 3600.
Signed by Speaker, 3609, 3610.

In Senate (No. 763)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2211.
Reported with amendment, 2470.
First reading, 2552.
Second reading and amended, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 2680, 2681, 2682.
Over in its order, 2894.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 3140, 3141, 3142, 3143, 3144, 3145.
Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 3152, 3153, 3154.
Over in its order, 3263.
Resumed vote on third reading reconsidered and bill amended and passed finally, 3297, 3298.
Returned from House with Senate amendments non-concurred in and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3379.
Conference committee appointed, 3379.
Returned from House with non-concurrence in Senate amendments, adhered to and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3409.
Returned from House with conference committee report adopted, 3464.
Conference committee report considered and adopted, 3464, 3465, 3466.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3536.

Remarks on, by
Herbst, 2673, 3153.
Wilbert, 2673, 2674, 2675.
Powell, 2673, 2674, 2675, 3141.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS—Continued.

Adams, 2673, 2674, 3153.
McNichols, 2674, 3153.
Kline, 2674.
McNichol, 2674, 2675, 3141.
Hunter, 2674, 2675.
Fox, 2675.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS, supplementary to act for government of

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Hunter, 150.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 150.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS, supplement, regulating traffic, to act relating to government of

House Bill No. 176

Read in place in House by Mr. Letzkus, 207.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 207.
Reported without amendment, 435.
First reading, 585.
Second reading, 594, 595.
Third reading and final passage, 646.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 1301.
Non-concurred in Senate amendments, 1302.
Returned from Senate with adherence to its amendments and with additional amendments, 1341.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 1341.
Signed by Speaker, 1459.
Approved by Governor, 1920.

In Senate (No. 415)

Referred to Committee on Muncipal Affairs, 633.
Reported with amendment, 1000.
First reading, 1080.
Second reading, 1112.
Third reading and final passage, 1177, 1178.
Returned from House with Senate amendments non-concurred in, 1264.
Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 1264.
Resumed and passed finally, 1306.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 1423.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1436.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS, supplement, relating to passage of Legislative Acts of councils, to act regarding government of

House Bill No. 174

Read in place in House by Mr. McInerney, 208.
Referred to Committee on Muncipal Corporations, 208.
Reported without amendment, 435.
First reading, 585.
Second reading, 594.
Third reading and final passage, 645.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 2312.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 2312, 2313.
Signed by Speaker, 2587.

In Senate (No. 326)

Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 633.
Reported with amendment, 755.
First reading, 806.
Second reading, 840.
Recommitted to Committee, 911.
Re-reported with amendment, 1900.
Over in its order, 2000.
Third reading and amended, 2168, 2169.
Final passage, 2203.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 2440.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2522, 2523.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS, supplement, relative to taxes and water rents, to act relating to government of

Senate Bill No. 24.

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 166.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 166.
Reported without amendment, 167.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 186.
Re-reported without amendment, 489.
Second reading, 557, 558, 559.
Third reading and final passage, 612, 613.
Returned from House with amendments, 1804.
Concurred in House amendments, 1804.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1855.
Approved by Governor, 2442.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS—Continued.

In House (No. 484)
Refered to Committee on Judiciary Special, 696.
Reported with amendment, 1028.
First reading, 1093.
Second reading and amended, 1393, 1394.
Third reading and final passage, 1768, 1769.
Returned from Senate with House amendments in, 1933.
Signed by Speaker,

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS, supplement, relative to taxes and water rents, to act relating to government of
Read in place in House by Mr. Stein, 231
Referred to Committee on Muncipal Corporations, 231.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS, supplement to act creating a Bureau of Health in Department of Public Safety in

House Bill No. 172.
Read in place in House by Mr. Geary, 252.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 252.
Reported without amendment, 435.
First reading, 585.
Second reading, 592.
Third reading and final passage, 645.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 1342.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 1342.
Signed by Speaker, 1459.
Approved by Governor, 1920.

Remarks on, by
Geary, 645.

In Senate (No. 414)
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 632.
Reported without amendment, 996.
First reading, 1080.
Second reading, 1111, 1112.
Third reading and final passage, 1177.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 1422, 1423.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1436.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS, supplement to act creating a Bureau of Health in Department of Public Safety in

Senate Bill No. 27
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 166.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 166.
Reported without amendment, 168.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 186.
Re-reported without amendment, 489.
Second reading, 560, 561.
Third reading and final passage, 613.
Returned from House with amendments, 3150.
Concurred in House amendments, 3150.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3275.

In House (No. 768)
Referred to Commitee on Judiciary Special, 697.
Reported with amendment, 1696.
First reading, 1830.
Second reading, 2127, 2128.
Third reading and final passage, 3224, 3225.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 3309.
Signed by Speaker, 3496.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS, thus causing act to apply to all second and third class cities, to further amend section one of act providing for examination, licensure and registration of those engaged in plumbing or house drainage in

Senate Bill No. 456
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wasbers, 904.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 904.
Reported without amendment, 1205.
First reading, 1235.
Second reading, 1261.
Third reading and final passage, 1322.

In House (No. 1277)
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 1342.
Reported without amendment, 2473.
First reading, 2560.
Second reading and amended, 2958.
Dropped from calendar, 3484.

Remarks on, by
Schad, 3484.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS, to amend act providing for registration of plumbers and prescribing certain requirements for construction of plumbing, house drainage and cess pools, in

Senate Bill No. 107
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wasbers, 89.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 89.
Reported without amendment, 267.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 297.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS, to amend act relating to licensing of buildings or places in which certain performances are held by fixing license fee for certain buildings in

Senate Bill No. 145
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Kline, 290.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 290.
Reported without amendment, 358.
First reading, 388.
Second reading, 411, 412.
Third reading and final passage, 462, 463.
Returned from House without amendment, 1805.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1855.
Approved by Governor, 2441.

In House (No. 642)
Referred to Committee on
Reported without amendment from Committee on Municipal Corporations, 1357.
First reading, 1414, 1415.
Second reading, 1541.
Third reading and final passage, 1783, 1784.
Signed by Speaker,

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS, to amend, as regards house drains, amended act relating to plumbing or house drainage in
Read in place in House by Mr. Detzel, 172.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 172.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS, to amend, as regards supply contracts, amended act relating to government of

Senate Bill No. 23
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 166.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 166.
Reported without amendment, 167.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 186.
Re-reported without amendment, 489.
Second reading, 557.
Third reading and final passage, 612.
Returned from House with amendments, 1707.
Concurred in House amendments, 1707, 1708.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1797.
Approved by Governor, 2442.

In House (No. 457)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 696.
Reported with amendment, 1027.
First reading, 1091.
Second reading, 1383, 1384, 1385.
Third reading and final passage, 1696.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 1758, 1759.
Signed by Speaker, 1851.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS, to amend, by defining subjects of taxation and providing for certain exemptions, act for government of

House Bill No. 564
Read in place in House by Mr. McClung, 232.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 232.
Reported without amendment, 1213.
First reading, 1243.
Second reading, 1522, 1523.
Third reading and dropped from calendar, 1939.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS, to amend, by providing for assistant clerk and messenger, act relating to personal registration of electors in
Read in place in House by Mr. Curry, 140.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 140.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS, to amend, by providing for issuing of funding bonds, act relating to government of

House Bill No. 178
Read in place in House by Mr. Swan, 209.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 209.
Reported without amendment, 436.
First reading, 586.
Second reading, 595, 596.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS—Continued.
Third reading and final passage, 646.
Returned from Senate with amendment, 1085.
Concurred in Senate amendment, 1085.
Signed by Speaker, 1155.
Approved by Governor, 1403.
In Senate (No. 332)
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 633.
Reported with amendment, 760.
First reading, 806.
Second reading, 840, 841.
Third reading and final passage, 912.
Returned from House with Senate amendment concurred in, 1101.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1106.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS, to amend paragraphs one and two of section three of article nineteen of amended act relating to government of
Senate Bill No. 26
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 166.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 166.
Reported without amendment, 168,
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 186.
Re-reported without amendment, 489.
Second reading, 560.
Third reading and final passage, 613.
Returned from House with amendment, 1803.
Concurred in House amendment, 1804.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1855.
Approved by Governor, 2442.
In House (No. 477)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 697.
Reported with amendment, 1028.
First reading, 1092.
Second reading, 1389.
Third reading and final passage, 1762.
Returned from Senate with House amendment concurred in, 1933.
Signed by Speaker,

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS, to authorize use of school houses as social centers in
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 756.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 756.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS, to create Bureau of Public Utilities in Department of Public Safety of
House Bill No. 177
Read in place in House by Mr. Schad, 208.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 208.
Reported without amendment, 435.
First reading, 586.
Second reading, 595.
Third reading and postponed for present, 646.
Recommitted to Committee, 810.
Re-reported with amendment,
Resumed on third reading and passed finally, 1153, 1154.
In Senate
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1114.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS to determine form of government preferred by majority voters of such city, to provide for special election in
Read in place in House by Mr. C. W. Robison, 1401.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1401.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS to levy taxes on certain companies or corporations, to authorize
House Bill No. 503
Read in place in House by Mr. Klumpp, 208.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 208.
Reported without amendment, 1081.
First reading, 1240.
Second reading, 1488.
Third reading and final passage, 1776, 1777.
In Senate
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1801.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS, to provide for initiation of legislation upon popular request and referring legislation to popular vote in
Read in place in House by Mr. Klumpp, 1458.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1458.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS, to provide that all real estate of corporations shall be subjected to taxation in
Senate Bill No. 42
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 222.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 222.
Reported without amendment, 224.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 248.
Re-reported without amendment, 489.
Second reading, 561.
Recommitted to Committee, 613.
Re-reported with amendment, 1900.
Over in its order, 2000.
Recommitted to Committee on Finance, 2156.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS, to provide uniform rate of assessment and taxation for all real estate in
House Bill No. 118
Read in place in House by Mr. Halferty, 188.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 188.
Reported without amendment, 314.
First reading, 336.
Second reading, 653.
Third reading and postponed for present, 693.
Resumed and amended, 1187.
Final passage, 1248.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1934.
Signed by Speaker, 2050.
Approved by Governor, 2557.
In Senate (No. 548)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1235.
Reported without amendment, 1546.
First reading, 1656.
Second reading, 1731.
Over in its order, 1814.
Third reading and final passage, 1894, 1895.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1917.
Remarks on, by
Wilbert, 1894, 1895.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS, to regulate collection of taxes in
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichols, 223.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 223.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS to regulate emission of smoke from chimneys and smokestacks, to authorize
House Bill No. 639
Read in place in House by Mr. McClung, 1350.
Referred to Committee on Federal Relations, 1350.
Reported without amendment, 1350.
First reading, 1414.
Second reading, 1540, 1541.
Third reading and amended, 2257, 2258.
Final passage, 2578, 2579.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3375.
Non-concurred in Senate amendments, 3375.
Returned from Senate with its amendments adhered to and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3472.
Conference committee appointed, 3472.
Conference committee report presented, 3504.
Conference committee report considered and adopted, 3598.
Returned from Senate with conference committee report adopted, 3600.
Signed by Speaker, 3609.
Remarks on, by
Schofield, 2578, 2579.
Stein, 2579.
Hough, 2579.
In Senate (No. 821)
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 2542.
Reported with amendment, 2604.
First reading, 2927.
Second reading, 3155.
Third reading and final passage, 3269.
Returned from House with Senate amendments nonconcurred in, 3307.
Conference committee appointed, 3307, 3308.
Returned from House with adherence to non-concurrence in Senate amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3379.
Returned from House with conference committee report adopted, 3466.
Conference committee report considered and adopted, 3466.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3536.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS, to regulate nominations and elections for municipal officers in

House Bill No. 785
Read in place in House by Mr. Ehrhardt, 156.
Referred to Committee on Elections, 156.
Reported without amendment, 1757.
First reading, 1831.
Second reading and amended, 2131, 2132.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 3031, 3032.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS, to regulate nominations and elections for municipal officers in

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Nichols, 150.
Referred to Committee on Elections, 150.

CITIES OF SECOND CLASS, to regulate terms of office of mayor, members of council and certain other officers in

Senate Bill No. 40
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 222.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 222.
Reported without amendment, 224.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 247.
Re-reported without amendment, 489.
Second reading, 561.
Third reading and final passage, 613.

In House (No. 767)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 697.
Reported without amendment, 1696.
First reading, 1830.
Second reading, 2127.
Dropped from calendar, 2249.

CITIES OF THIRD CLASS, amending act providing for incorporation and government of

Senate Bill No. 430
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox, 117.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 117.
Reported without amendment, 1099.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 1180.
Re-reported without amendment, 1545.
Second reading, 1636, 1637, 1638.
Third reading and final passage, 1713.
Returned from House without amendment, 3305.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3403.

In House (No. 889)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1760.
Reported without amendment, 2053.
First reading, 2196.
Second reading, 2377.
Third reading and final passage, 3358, 3359.
Signed by Speaker, 3590.

Remarks on, by
Keister, 3358.

CITITS OF THIRD CLASS and boroughs with reference to electric light wires, bill to amend section one and repeal section two of act relating to police power of (see wires).

CITIES OF THIRD CLASS and fixing compensation of collectors thereof, to regulate collection of State and county taxes in

Read in place in House by Mr. Gibson, 1400.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1400.

CITIES OF THIRD CLASS authorizing school districts of said cities to contract for maintenace of free nonsectarian public libraries without guranty therefor by the city, to amend act relating to free public libraries in

House Bill No. 819
Read in place in House by Mr. Shannon, 1458.
Referred to Committee on Education, 1458.
Reported without amendment, 1779.
First reading, 1833.
Second reading, 2146.

CITIES OF THIRD CLASS authorizing school districts of said cities to contract for maintenance of free nonsectarian public libraries without guaranty therefor by the city, to amend act relating to free public libraries in

Senate Bill No. 600
Read in place in Senate by Mr. DeWitt, 1436.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1436.
Reported without amendment, 1706.
First reading, 1822.

CITIES OF THIRD CLASS—Continued.
Second reading, 1913, 1914.
Third reading and final passage, 2002, 2003.
Returned from House without amendment, 3305.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3404.

In House (No. 905)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2025.
Reported without amendment, 2184.
First reading, 2383.
Second reading, 2509.
Third reading and final passage, 3360.
Signed by Speaker, 3591.

CITIES OF THIRD CLASS, bill to regulate and improve civil service in (see civil service).

CITIES OF THIRD CLASS, bill to regulate use of moving-picture machines in (see moving picture).

CITIES OF THIRD CLASS by further defining who may be appointed registrars and changing registration days and form of register, to amend act relating to personal registration of electors in

Senate Bill No. 554
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox, 1546.
Referred to Committee on Elections, 1546.
Reported without amendment, 1546.
First reading, 1656.
Second reading, 1739, 1740, 1741, 1742.
Recommitted to Committee, 1815.
Re-reported with amendment, 1899, 1900.
Over in its order, 2001.
Third reading and final passage, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173.
Returned from House with amendments, 3286.
Concurred in House amendments, 3286.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3404.

In House (No. 1288)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2221.
Reported with amendment, 2586.
First reading, 2842.
Second reading and amended, 2969, 2970, 2971, 2972.
Special order for consideration, 3227.
Third reading and final passage, 3250, 3251, 3252, 3253, 3254.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 3374, 3375.
Signed by Speaker, 3590, 3591.

CITIES OF THIRD CLASS by providing proper exits, fire escapes, fire extinguishers and other preventives of fire, bill to provide for safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings in (see buildings).

CITIES OF THIRD CLASS, in boroughs and in townships, bill to regulate use of moving picture machines and of booths therefor in (see moving picture).

CITIES OF THIRD CLASS, supplement to act relating to government of cities of the third class authorizing adoption of civil service by

House Bill No. 1294
Read in place in House by Mr. Reno, 103.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 103.
Reported with negative recommendation, 2840.

CITIES OF THIRD CLASS, to amend act amending act relating to government of
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Knapp, 101.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 101.

CITIES OF THIRD CLASS, to amend, as regards house-drains, amended act relating to plumbing or house drainage in
Read in place in House by Mr. Detzel, 172.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 172.

CITIES OF THIRD CLASS, to amend section fifty-seven of act providing for incorporation and government of
Read in place in House by Mr. Wallace, 122.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 123.

CITIES OF THIRD CLASS, to amend supplementary act to act relating to government of
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Knapp, 101.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 101.

CITIES OF THIRD CLASS to construct, purchase or lease and operate telephone lines and systems, to authorize
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Baldwin, 756.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 756.

CITIES OF THIRD CLASS to extend their pipes beyond city limits, to authorize water companies and certain commissioners of water works in

House Bill No. 343
Read in place in House by Mr. Tunis, 638.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 638.
Reported without amendment, 735.
First reading, 782.
Second reading, 898.
Third reading and final passage, 1294, 1295.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1959.
Signed by Speaker,
Vetoed by Governor, 2558, 2559.

In Senate (No. 589
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1264.
Reported without amendment, 1668.
First reading, 1746.
Second reading, 1820.
Third reading and final passage, 1905.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2006.

CITIES OF THIRD CLASS, to provide for election of city assessors in

Senate Bill No. 546
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Sones, 118.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 118.
Reported without amendment, 1545.
First reading, 1656.
Second reading, 1730.
Third reading and final passage, 1813, 1814.
Returned from House without amendment, 3278.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3404.

In House (No. 845)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1933.
Reported without amendment, 1947.
First reading, 2047.
Second reading, 2358.
Third reading and final passage, 3351, 3352.
Signed by Speaker, 3590.

CITIES OF THIRD CLASS, to provide for incorporation, regulation and government of

Senate Bill No. 177
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Clark, 374.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 374.
Reported without amendment, 406.
First reading, 470.
Second reading, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517.
Recommitted to Committee, 553.
Re-reported with amendment, 1632.
Recommitttd to Committee, 1713.
Re-reported with amendment, 1900.
Over in its order, 2000.
Third reading and final passage, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168.

Remarks on, by
Herbst, 2167, 2168.
Clark, 2168.

In House (No. 1241)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2221.
Reported without amendment, 2247.
First reading, 2384.
Second reading, 2473.

CITIES OF THIRD CLASS, to provide for licensing of persons engaged in keeping of infant children under age of three years for hire, reward or otherwise in

Senate Bill No. 445
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Weingartner, 941.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 941.
Reported without amendment, 1100.
First reading, 1181.
Second reading, 1211.
Third reading and final passage, 1233.
Returned from House without amendment, 3112, 3113.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3277.

In House (No. 761)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1293, 1302.
Reported without amendment, 1695.
First reading, 1830.
Second reading, 2126.
Third reading and final passage, 3221.
Signed by Speaker, 3494.

CITIES OF THIRD CLASS, to provide for safety of employes and other persons by requiring periodical inspection of steam boilers and their appurtenances in

Read in place in House by Mr. Dale, 122.
Referred to Committee on Manufacturies, 122.

CITIES OF THIRD CLASS, to provide for safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings in

House Bill No. 144
Read in place in House by Mr. Ehrhardt, 122.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 122.
Reported with amendment, 390.
First reading, 432.
Second reading and amended, 569, 570, 571.
Third reading and postponed for present, 599, 600.

CITIES OF THIRD CLASS, to regulate nominations and elections for municipal officers in

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Clark, 455.
Referred to Committee on Elections, 455.

CITIES OF THIS COMMONWEALTH, bill to make certain regulations in regard to tracks and rails of passenger railway cars in (see railway).

CITIES OF THIS COMMONWEALTH, bill to provide for appointment of Sealers of Weights and Measures in the (see weights).

CITIES OF THIS COMMONWEALTH, to fix terms of the mayors and members of select and common councils in several

House Bill No. 155
Read in place in House by Mr. Hess, 96.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 97.
Reported without amendment, 415.
First reading, 450.
Dropped from calendar, 654.

CITIES OF THIS STATE into three classes and regulating contracts for supplies and for work by authorizing passage of ordinances defining competency of laborers or workmen engaged in work under contract, to amend act dividing

Senate Bill No. 543
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 941.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 941.
Reported without amendment, 1455.
First reading, 1607.
Second reading, 1654.
Third reading and final passage, 1724, 1725.
Returned from House without amendment, 3305.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3404.

In House (No. 898)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1760.
Reported without amendment, 2054.
First reading, 2196, 2197.
Second reading, 2379.
Third reading and final passage, 3359, 3360.
Signed by Speaker, 3590.

CITIES OR COUNTIES within which lands governed by said meadow companies may lie, bill to provide for surrender of franchises of meadow companies and transfer of duties of said meadow companies to the respective (see meadow).

CITIES TO CONDEMN PROPERTY for purpose of obtaining and supplying water by fixing number of viewers at three, bill to amend act authorizing (see water).

CITIES, to fix terms of mayors and members of councils in the several

House Bill No. 189
Read in place in House by Mr. Hess, 231.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporationss, 231.
Reported without amendment, 436.
First reading, 586.
Second reading, 656.
Vote by which bill passed second reading reconsidered, 660.
Resumed on second reading and amended, 660.
Third reading and final passage, 723.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 885.
Signed by Speaker, 897.
Concurrent resolution recalling bill from Governor, 1197.
Resolution returned by Senate concurred in,
Resolution approved by Governor, 1291.
Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 1291.
Resumed and passed finally, 1332.

CITIES—Continued.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 1342.
Signed by Speaker, 1339.
Approved by Governor, 1614.
In Senate (No. 322)
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 713.
Reported without amendment, 713.
First reading, 774.
Second reading, 805.
Third reading and final passage, 836.
Signed by President, 907.
Resolution recalling bill from Governor concurred in, 1206.
Returned from House with amendments, 1323.
Concurred in House amendments, 1323.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1326.

CITIES, to fix time for organization of legislative departments of municipal governments and for inauguration of mayors of
Senate Bill No. 547
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wolf, 1436.
Referred to Committee an Municipal Affairs, 1436.
Reported without amendment, 1546.
First reading, 1656.
Second reading, 1730.
Third reading and final passage, 1814.
Returned from House without amendment, 3278.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3404.
In House (No. 844)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1933.
Reported without amendment, 1947.
First reading, 2047.
Second reading, 2358.
Third reading and final passage, 3351.
Signed by Speaker, 3590.

CITIES, to make certain regulations in regard to dense black or dense gray smoke within
House Bill No. 203.
Read in place in House by Mr. McClung, 232.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 232.
Reported without amendment, 566.
First reading, 603.
Second reading and amended, 1217.
Dropped from calendar, 1488.

CITIES, to prohibit hereafter the establishment or maintenance of additional hospitals, pest houses and burial grounds in the built up portions of
Read in place in House by Mr. Shern, 302.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 302.

CITIES, to provide for incorporation and government of motor omnibus companies carrying passengers for hire within
Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 1458.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 1458.

CITIES, to provide for incorporation and government of motor omnibus companies carrying passengers for hire within
Senate Bill No. 641
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McConnell, 1892.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1892.
Reported without amendment, 1899.
First reading, 2012, 2013.
Second reading, 2178, 2179.
Third reading and final passage, 2208.
Returned from House without amendment, 3305.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3404.
In House (No. 1259)
Referred to Committee on Corporations, 2247.
Reported without amendment, 2324.
First reading, 2385.
Second reading, 2514.
Third reading and final passage, 3367, 3368.
Signed by Speaker, 3591.

CITIES, to regulate appointment or election of deputy controllers in
Senate Bill No. 621
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Gerberich, 1797.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1797.
Reported without amendment, 1797.
First reading, 1823.
Second reading, 1917.
CITIES—Continued.
Third reading and final passage, 2000, 2001.
Returned from House without amendment, 2153.
Signed by President, 2203.
Approved by Governor, 2443.
Remarks on, by
Gerberich, 2000, 2001.
In House (No. 879)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2020.
Reported without amendment, 2023.
First reading, 2023, 2024.
Second reading, 2149.
Third reading and final passage, 2187.
Signed by Speaker.

CITIZENS OF PENNSYLVANIA who sustained damages during War of Rebellion, bill making appropriation for relief of certain (see appropriation).

CITIZENS TO PROCURE LICENSE before using guns for hunting, bill to require (see hunting).

CITIZENS WHO VOLUNTEER in defense of the State either in 1862 or 1863, bill to provide for an annual payment to (see appropriation).

CITIZENSHIP shall be no bar as to right to recover, bill to amend act relating to damages for injuries producing death by providing that (see damages).

CITY BORDERING ON NAVIGABLE TIDAL STREAM to acquire real estate along such stream for construction of wharves, docks, ferry slips, piers and bulkheads and to lease same, to authorize any
Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 1458.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 1458.

CITY, BOROUGH OR OTHER TOWNSHIP, bill to provide that no part or parts of township of first class shall be annexed to any (see township).

CITY, BOROUGH OR TOWNSHIP, bill to provide for forfeit of right or commission of a public service corporation which fails or neglects to properly perform any of its corporate functions or duties in any (see public service).

CITY CO-EXTENSIVE WITH A COUNTY of the costs of appeal in certain murder cases, bill to provide for payment by the proper county or by the treasurer of (see costs).

CITY FOR ADVANCEMENT OF LEARNING, science, music or art, supplement to act regarding corporations providing for incorporaion of trustees under any will creating a trust for benefit of people of any incorporated
Senate Bill No. 417
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Kline, 904.
Referred to Committee on Corporations, 904.
Reported without amendment, 1002.
First reading, 1080.
Second reading, 1112, 1113.
Third reading and final passage, 1178.
Returned from House without amendment, 1548.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1633.
Approved by Governor, 1798.
In House (No. 681)
Referred to Committee on Corporations, 1204.
Reported without amendment, 1469, 1470.
First reading, 1497.
Special order for consideration, 1497.
Second reading, 1523.
Third reading and final passage, 1613.
Signed by Speaker,
Remarks on, by
Scott, John R. K., 1523.

CITY HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION of Washington, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1218
Read in place in House by Mr. Bentley, 124.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 124.
Reported with amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2342.
Second reading, 2433, 2434.
Third reading and final passage, 2822.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.

CITY HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION—Continued.
In Senate (No. 1135)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2663.
Reported without amendment, 2691.
First reading, 2715.
Second reading, 2924.
Third reading and final passage, 3109.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

CITY HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION of Washington, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Judson, 150.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 150.

CITY INSPECTORS OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES, bill to provide for appointment of county and (see weights).

CITY OF SECOND CLASS may be recalled upon request of certain number of voters and to provide for election for successor to fill unexpired term, to provide that holder of any elective office in any
Read in place in House by Mr. Klumpp, 1458.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1458.

CITY OR BOROUGH, bill to repeal act relating to repair and maintenance and improvement of abandoned turnpikes by the proper township (see turnpikes).

CITY, to authorize the adding to adjacent ward or wards or creating into new ward of any territory that may be annexed to a
House Bill No. 122
Read in place in House by Mr. Tunis, 97.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 97.
Reported with amendment, 314.
First reading, 336.
Second reading, 422, 423.
Third reading and final passage, 448, 449.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1302.
Signed by Speaker, 1339.
Approved by Governor, 1692.
In Senate (No. 451)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 458.
Reported without amendment, 1173.
First reading, 1211.
Second reading, 1234.
Third reading and final passage, 1257.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1305.

CITY whose ordinance is alleged to have been violated, bill to provide for payment of costs and maintenance of prisoners committed to county prisons on charge of violation of ordinance by (see costs).

CIVIL CASES by requiring defendant to file a bill of particulars upon rule taken by plaintiff, after plea, bill to regulate pleadings in (see pleadings).

CIVIL CAUSES by providing that such change of venue shall only be made when it shall appear to the court that local prejudices exist, bill to repeal act amending act relating to changes of venue in (see venue).

CIVIL COURTS OF COMMON PLEAS, bill to provide for amendment of pleadings in (see pleadings).

CIVIL COURTS OF RECORD of this State of witnesses residing in any other State or in any foreign country, bill to provide for taking of testimony of witnesses to be used in any of (see testimony).

CIVIL RIGHTS FOR ALL PEOPLE regardless of race or color so as to include places where soda water, soft drinks, ice cream and confectionery are sold, to amend act to provide
House Bill No. 298
Read in place in House by Mr. Bass, 591.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 591.
Reported without amendment, 716.
First reading, 752.
Second reading, 875.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 1203.
Vote reconsidered and bill resumed on third reading and defeated, 1290.

CIVIL RIGHTS FOR ALL PEOPLE regardless of race or color so as to include places where soda water, soft drinks, ice cream and confectionery are sold, to amend act to provide
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Salus, 609.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 609.

CIVIL SERVICE BILL, petitions presented for (see petitions).

CIVIL SERVICE BY SAID CITIES, supplement to act relating to government of cities of third class, authorizing adoption of (see cities).

CIVIL SERVICE OF COMMONWEALTH, and of counties therein having a population of 150,000 inhabitants or more and of third class cities, to regulate and improve
Senate Bill No. 599
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Jamison, 454.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 455.
Reported with amendment, 1706.
First reading, 1822.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913.

CIVIL SERVICE OF COMMONWEALTH of Pennsylvania, to regulate and improve the
House Bill No. 831
Read in place in House by Mr. Wallace, 134.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 135.
Motion to discharge committee from further consideration of bill, 1409.
Motion considered and postponed for present, 1826.
Reported with negative recommendation, 1919.
Motion to place bill on calendar, 1919
First reading, 2046.
Motion to place bill on calendar considered and defeated, 2185, 2186.
Remarks on, by
Fahey, 1826, 2186.
Wallace, 1826, 2185, 2186.

CLAIM OF JOHN E. JOOS for publishing mercantile appraiser's list of State taxes in Allegheny County, bill to provide for payment of (see Joos).

CLAIMS, bill to amend act relating to liens by changing method of service by advertisement upon writs of scire facias issued upon municipal and tax (see liens).

CLAIMS DUE COMMONWEALTH from United States Government, bill making appropriation for payment of commissions due Military State Agents for collecting (see military).

CLAIMS FILED UNDER SAID ACT, bill to amend act relating to liens for taxes and for municipal improvements and for removal of nuisances by changing requirements as to signature and affidavit to (see liens).

CLAMS UNFIT FOR FOOD, bill to regulate shipment of clams and prevent use of (see shipment).

CLARENCY, JAMES, Representative from Twelfth District, Philadelphia County,
Acting Speaker, 1088, 1921.
Teller to count vote for United States Senator, 50.
Appointments of, on
Conference committee, 696.
Special committees, 50, 52.
Standing committees, 83, 84.
Amendments offered by, to
House Bill No. 256, amending act to provide venue by taxation relating to taxing bonds, mortgages and other securities, 1159.
House Bill No. 393, amending act to provide revenue by taxation by providing uniform method of taxing banks and savings institutions, 1475.
House Bill No. 397, to repeal act taxing all of property of corporations having capital stock but exempting savings institutions having no capital stock, 1476.
Bills introduced by
Making appropriation to Kensington Hospital for Women at Philadelphia, 231.
Making appropriation to Pennsylvania Home Teaching Society and Free Circulating Library for the Blind, 231.
Making appropriation to Stetson Hospital, 362.
Bills reported by
No. 65 (Senate Bill No. 157)
Making appropriation to State Hospital for Injured Persons, situate in Township of Coal, 188.
No. 936 (Senate Bill No. 867)
Making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Home Teaching Society and Free Circulating Library for the Blind, 2236.

'LARENCY, JAMES—Continued.

No. 937 (Senate Bill No. 868)
Making an appropriation to the Kensington Hospital for Women, at Philadelphia, 2236.

No. 938 (Senate Bill No. 869)
Making an appropriation to the Stetson Hospital of Philadelphia, 2236.

No. 939 (Senate Bill No. 870)
Making an appropriation to the Northwestern General Hospital of Philadelphia, 2236.

No. 940 (Senate Bill No. 871)
Making an appropriation to the Chestnut Hill Hospital of Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia, 2236.

No. 941 (Senate Bill No. 872)
Making an appropriation to the Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial Commission for the purpose of having designed, modeled, made and erected on the State Memorial or Monument at Gettysburg dedicated September 27th, 1910 bronze statues, 2236.

No. 942 (Senate Bill No. 873)
A joint resolution providing for the appointment by the Governor of a commission to be known as the Pennsylvania State Vaccination Commission, 2236.

No. 943 (Senate Bill No. 874)
Making an appropriation for the expenses required by an act entitled "An Act to provide for the continuance of the education and maintenace of the destitute orphans of the deceased soldiers, sailors and marines, and the destitute children of permanently disabled soldiers, sailors and marines of the State," approved May 25, 1889, also making an appropriation to carry out the provisions of an act to provide for the education and maintenance of the children admitted to the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphans' Industrial School and the Soldiers' Orphans' Schools, 2236.

No. 944 (Senate Bill No. 1226)
Making an appropriation to St. Joseph's Hospital of Philadelphia, 2236.

No. 945 (Senate Bill No. 875)
Making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Seamen's Fund Society of Philadelphia, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, 2236.

No. 1262 (Senate Bill No. 1215)
Making appropriation to Trustees of University of Pennsylvania, 2347.

No. 1284 (Senate Bill No. 1214)
Making appropriation to Pennsylvania Working Home for Blind Men, 2586.

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Motions by, for
Committee of Whole House to report back to House House Bill No. 1263, making appropriation to Temple University of Philadelphia, 3004.
House to adhere to non-concurrence in amendments made by Senate to Senate Bill No. 6, supplement to act relating to Valley Forge Park giving certain authority to commissioners of said park, 696.
House to go into committee of whole for special amendment to House Bill No. 256, amending act to provide revenue by taxation relating to taxing bonds, mortgages and other securities, 1159.
House to go into committee of whole for special amendment to House Bill No. 397, to repeal act taxing all of property of corporations having capital stock but exempting savings institutions having no capital stock, 1476.

Motion by, in
Reference to time of next meeting, 1368.

Motion by, to
Dispense with further reading of Journal, 72.

Petition presented by, from
Citizens of Philadelphia County, in favor of reading of Bible in public schools, 636.

Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 22, supplement and amendment to act relating to corporations applying to mutual savings associations and building and loan associations, 190, 191.
House Bill No. 509, further amending section 24 of further supplement to act to provide revenue by taxation, 2350.
House resolution condemning anonymous attact on Legislative Reference Bureau, 1184.

Report by, of
Committee to notify Governor that General Assembly is organized, 52.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

CLARION AND FOREST COUNTIES, bill to provide for commission to report on propriety of purchasing certain tract of land in Jefferson (see land).

CLARION COUNTIES, bill to repeal section six of act relating to levying of school tax in borough of Clearfield and to other matters which section relates to reduction of expenses of collecting State and County taxes in Venango an (see tax).

CLARK, HENRY A., Senator from Forty-Ninth District, (Erie County).

Amendments offered by, to
Senate Bill No. 52, amending supplement to to act extending jurisdiction of courts in cases of divorce, 905.
Senate Bill No. 108, requiring registration of titles of lands acquired by will or descent, 349.
Senate Bill No. 109, relating to the organization of National Guard of Pennsylvania, 352.

Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 79, 80.

Bills introduced by
Amending act granting annuity to Patrick Leonard by fixing annuity herein provided for, 1226.
Amending act relative to mortgages, 339.
Amending act relative to reviewing proceedings of township road commissioners laying out, opening and vacating streets, 490.
Amending act relative to system of education by common schools by providing for industrial schools, 339.
Establishing a commission for erection of statue in Erie to Brigadier General Hiram L. Brown, 339.
Granting pensions to certain enlisted men, soldiers, sailors and officers, who served in Civil War and War with Mexico, 756.
Making appropriations for memorial to Commodore Oliver Hazard Perry and General William Henry Harrison, 700.
To amend first section of act relating to jurisdiction of the Courts in cases of divorce, 151.
To amend part of first section of act relating to fees to be charged by sheriffs, 151.
To amend section 1 and repeal section 2 of act relating to police power of cities of third class and boroughs with reference to electric light wires, 107.
To permit county treasurers not paid by salary to retain one-half of one per centum of liquor license fees, 756.
Making appropriation to Elmwood Home of Erie County, 608.
Making appropriation to Erie Home for the Friendless, 151.
Making appropriation to Hamot Hospital Association of the City of Erie, 151.
Making an appropriation to North Western Pennsylvania Humane Society of Erie, 89.
Making appropriation to St. Vincent's Hospital Association of City of Erie, 151.
Making it a felony to open any tomb, vault or grave and remove clandestinely any body or remains, 339.
Providing for additional Law Judge in Sixth Judicial District, 89.
Providing for incorporation, regulation and government of cities of third class, 374.
Regulating compensation of court criers and tipstaves in certain judicial districts, 151.
Regulating infliction of death penalty, 89.
Regulating physical connection of telephone lines and transmission of messages on lines of two or more companies, 1419.
Regulating nominations and elections for municipal officers in cities of third class, 455.
Relating to treatment of persons in places of detention awaiting trial,, 1419.
Requiring registration of titles to lands acquired by will or descent, 89.

Bills reported by
No. 19 (House Bill No. 779)
Regulating infliction of death penalty, 165, 540.

No. 28. (House Bill No. 2)
Fixing time of term of office of judges of certain courts, 183.

No. 29. (House Bill No. 6)
Authorizing refund to John Taylor, 183.

No. 93 (House Bill No. 187)
Repealing act regulating fees to be charges by justices of the peace, aldermen and magistrates in this Commonwealth, 241.

No. 94 (House Bill No. 32)
Amending act relating to State Hospitals for Injured persons of bituminous and semi-bituminous coal regions, 241.

CLARK, HENRY A.—Continued.

No. 167 (House Bill No. 585)
Relating to treasurer's sales of lands for taxes, 401.

No. 168 (House Bill No. 660)
Amending act empowering boroughs to take private property for necessary public purposes by extending same to townships of first class, 401.

No. 198
Amending act to exempt property to value of $300 from levy and sale for rent, 664.

No. 220 (House Bill No. 10)
Relating to line fences between forest reserve lands of Commonwealth and improve lands of private persons, 540.

No. 221
Making Lake Winola a public highway, 540.

No. 305 (House Bill No. 426)
For assignment of judges to districts other than their own for purpose of expediting business, 699.

No. 407
For better protection of wild birds and game by requiring all citizens to procure license before using guns for hunting, 1424.

No. 426 (House Bill No. 239)
To repeal act relating to compensation of county commissioners, auditors and township auditors, 1099.

No. 467 (House Bill No. 107)
Fixing penalty for murder of the first degree and regulating procedure incident thereto, 1253.

No. 501 (House Bill No. 283)
Forbidding use of gill net of more than thirty meshes deep in boundary lake of more than five thousand acres, 1418.

No. 522 (House Bill No. 233)
Validating certain election held on question of increasing indebtedness of municipalities and bonds issued pursuant thereto, 1435.

No. 545 (House Bill No. 306)
Ameding act regulating escheats so as to provide for escheats of property held in trust or resulting from trust funds which property shall be without lawful owner, 1545.

No. 566
Amending act providing for erection of poor house in Luzerne County so as to allow increase in amount of relief to be granted paupers not inmates of said poor house, 1632.

No. 596 (House Bill No. 1340)
Providing for liquidation, distribution of assets and dissolution of corporations under supervision of Commissioner of Banking, 1706.

No. 597 (House Bill No. 132)
Amending act authorizing election of constables for three years in cities of second and third class so as to make their term four years, 1706.

No. 598(House Bill No. 890)
Making State taxes, unpaid bonus, interest, penalties and all public accounts a first lien upon franchise and property of corporations, 1706.

No. 723 (House Bill No. 557)
Authorizing use of haul seine in tide water streams for capture of carp, suckers, mullets and cat fish, 2263.

No. 1166 (House Bill No. 662)
Relating to private sales of real estate, ordered, decreed or approval by Orphans' Court, 3050.

No. 1188 (House Bill No. 750)
Authorizing depositors of county funds at interest and regulating manner of selecting such depositories, 3119.

Election of, 4.

Motion by, for
Senate to adhere to its non-concurrence in House amendments to Senate Bill No. 19, fixing penalty for murder of first degree and regulating procedure incident thereto, and appoint conference committee, 3283.

Motions by, to
Consent to nominations made by Governor and reported from Committee, 1746.
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Recommit to Committte Senate Bill No. 19, regulating infliction of death penalty, 226.
Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 350, making State taxes, unpaid bonus on capital stock and penalties a first lien upon franchises and property of corporations, 951.

CLARK, HENRY A.—Continued.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 407, for bette protection of wild birds and game by requiring al citizens to procure license before using guns fo hunting, 1424.
Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 488, fo safety of persons from fire or panic in certai buildings in cities of third class, boroughs and town ships by providing proper exits, fire escapes and fir extinguishers, 1717.
Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 747, makin appropriation to Hamot Hospital Association o City of Erie, 2889.
Reconsider vote on final passage and on third readin on Senate Bill No. 52, amending supplement to ac extending jurisdiction of courts in cases of divorce 905.
Resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 196, amend ing act relative to mortgages by requiring purchas money mortgages to be recorded within ten days i order to have priority of lien, 1107.
Resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 407, for bette protection of wild birds and game by requiring al citizens to procure license before using gun fo hunting, 1424.
Suspend rule 38, which requires executive nominations to lie on table one day, 1746.
Nominations from Committee reported by, 183, 1730.

Petitions presented by, from
Borough Council of Knoxville against annexation to City of Pittsburg, 2521.
Citizens of Allegheny County favoring amendment to School Code so as to permit children of all non-sectarian homes for orphans to attend public schools without tuition, 2151.
Citizens of Erie County against Halferty Oleomargarine Bill, 2321.
Citizens of Erie County for resident hunters' license bill, 2263.
Grange No. 106 of Erie County for Jones and Sproul Road Bills, Ailman Teachers' salaries bill and revision of tax laws, 1545.
Iron City Central Trades Council against passage of Engineer License Law, 401.
Lake Shore Grange No. 1305, Patrons of Husbandry Erie County, for better telephone service, 1545.
Summit Grange No. 1079 of Order of Patrons of Husbandry, for telephone legislation, 663.

Remarks by, on
Senate Bill No. 108, requiring registration of titles to lands acquired by will or descent, 377.
Senate Bill No. 177, to provide for incorporation, regulation and government of cities of third class, 2168.
Senate Bill No. 196, amending act relative to mortgages by requiring purchase money mortgages to be recorded within ten days in order to have priority of lien, 1107.

Resolutions, concurrent, offered by
Authorizing printing of additional copies of Game Fish and Forestry Laws, 242.
Recalling Senate Bill No. 52, amending act relating to jurisdiction of courts in cases of divorce, from Governor for amendment, 832.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 71.

CLAY MINES to furnish owners or lessees of adjoining clay lands with maps of lines and workings along division lines, bill to require owners, lessees or operators of (see mines).

CLEARFIELD HOSPITAL, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1202
Read in place in House by Mr. Currier, 526.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 526.
Reported with amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2342.
Second reading, 2431.
Third reading and final passage, 2817.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.

In Senate (No. 1121)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2663.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2714.
Second reading, 2923.
Third reading and final passage, 3106.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

CLEARFIELD HOSPITAL, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Alexander, 454.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 454.

LEARY, WILLIAM B., Representative from Fifth District, Luzerne County,

Amendment offered by, to

House Bill No. 253, amending act authorizing boroughs and incorporated towns to appropriate private property for necessary public purposes so as to extend same to townships of first class, 1156.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Amending act relating to boroughs appropriating private property for necessary public purposes so as to extend same to townships of first class, 189.

Amending act relating to protection of game by regulating open season for woodcock, 171.

Providing for security to laborers and material men in contracts for public work, 171.

To punish interference of unauthorized persons with any electrical apparatus of electric light, heat or power companies, 846.

Bill reported by

No. 287 (Senate Bill No. 181)

Supplement to act relating to publication, binding and distributing of public documents, 715.

Election of, 44.

Leave of absence asked for, 324, 362.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

CLEMENT, CHARLES M., Brigadier General of National Guard of Pennsylvania, nominated, 27.

Reported, 940.

Confirmed, 956.

CLERK, bill to amend act relating to depositing money with prothonotary or clerk of the several courts in lieu of surety or sureties on bonds by making certain provisions in reference to the fees of said prothonotary or (see fees).

CLERKS IN TOWNSHIPS of the second class and boroughs, to provide for selection of

Read in place in House by Mr. Wilson, 302.

Referred to Committee on Elections, 302.

CLERK IN YORK COUNTY, bill to repeal act relative to election of commissioners' (see York).

CLERK OF DEPARTMENT OF MINES, bill to fix salary of Chief (see Mines).

CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT in counties having more than 30,000 inhabitants and in which all of said offices are now held by one person, bill to provide for election of one person for prothonotary and clerk of court of quarter sessions and of court of oyer and terminer and one other person for register of wills, recorder of deeds, (see counties).

CLERK OF SAID COURTS in respective judges thereof in certain counties, bill to amend act relating to Orphans' Courts by vesting appointment of first assistant (see courts).

CLERK TO COMMISSIONERS shall not be valid until approved by Court of Common Pleas of proper county, bill to provide that the appointment of a (see appointment).

CLERK TO COUNTY COMMISSIONERS in counties having a population o fnot over 100,000, bill to authorize election of (see counties).

CLERKS AND EMPLOYES in Department of Auditor-General, bill to fix number and salaries of (see Department).

CLERKS AND EMPLOYES in State Treasury, bill to fix numbers and salaries of officers (see State Treasury).

CLERKS AND EMPLOYES therein, bill to reorganize Department of Internal Affairs and fix salaries of officers (see Department).

CLERKS and making an appropriation therefor, bill to authorize Auditor General to employ five (see Auditor General).

CLERKS AND OFFICERS of House of Representatives for services rendered during the session, resolution (House) by Woodward, thanking, 3613.

CLERKS AND TIPSTAVES, bill to establish municipal court in county of Philadelphia and providing for appointment and compensation of (see court).

CLERKS DESIGNATED BY RECORDER OF DEEDS to administer oaths and affirmations, to empower

House Bill No. 380

Read in place in House by Mr. Alter, 717.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 717.

Reported without amendment, 881.

First reading, 902.

Second reading, 1058, 1059.

Third reading and amended, 1354.

Final passage, 1465.

Returned from Senate without amendment, 2718.

Signed by Speaker, 2844.

In Senate (No. 700)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1452.

Reported without amendment, 2202.

First reading, 2286.

Second reading, 2465.

Third reading and final passage, 2532.

Signed by President pro tempore, 2653.

CLERKS IN DEPARTMENT OF BANKING, bill to fix compensation of four (see Banking).

CLERKS IN DEPARTMENT OF MINES, bill to fix compensation of chief clerk and five (see Mines).

CLERKS IN OFFICE OF CLERK OF COURT of oyer and terminer and quarter sessions of the peace in any county having population of 1,000,000 or over, bill to amend, so as to make it apply to counties having population of 1,400,000 or over, act fixing salaries of (see counties).

CLERKS IN OFFICE OF RECORDER of deeds of counties having population of 1,000,000 or over, bill to amend, so as to make it apply to counties having population of 1,400,000 or over, act fixing the salaries of (see county).

CLERKS IN OFFICE OF REGISTER OF WILLS of counties having population of 1,000,000 or over, bill to amend, so as to make it apply to counties having population of 1,400,000 or over, act fixing salaries of (see counties).

CLERKS OF COURT OF COMMON PLEAS in counties with between 750,000 and 1,200,000 inhabitants, relating to appointment and salaries of

Senate Bill No. 303

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Kline, 489.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 489.

Reported without amendment, 671.

First reading, 712, 713.

Second reading, 773.

Third reading and final passage, 797, 798.

Returned from House without amendment, 1666.

Signed by President pro tempore, 1668.

Approved by Governor, 1799.

In House (No. 424)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 830.

Reported without amendment, 1015.

First reading, 1089.

Second reading, 1369.

Third reading and final passage, 1674.

Signed by Speaker, 1694.

CLERKS OF COURTS of quarter sessions and oyer and terminer and of orphans' courts and to provide for collection of same and for payment into county treasurers of excess over $3,500 where the officers are not receiving fixed salaries, bill to regulate fees of (see fees).

CLERKS TO COUNTY OFFICERS in counties with population of less than 150,000, bill to fix salaries of (see counties).

CLERKS TO FACILITATE PROBATION OF JUVENILE COURT, supplement to act relating to powers of courts of quarter sessions with reference to care of neglected and incorrigible children providing for employment of (see children).

CLINE, A. M., Trustee of Thaddeus Stevens Industrial School of Pennsylvania, nominated, 26.

Reported, 938.

Confirmed, 956.

CLOSE SAME TO PUBLIC TRAVEL, bill to authorize companies or corporations having toll bridges whose travel has been diverted to (see bridges).

CLOSED SEASON for two years from passage of this bill for ruffed grouse, Hungarian quail and wild turkey, bill to amend act for protection of game so as to provide (see game).

CLOSING OF ALLEYS, lanes or passageways that are or may be public nuisances by fixing number of jury at three, bill to amend act relating to (see jury).

CLUB LICENSE BILL, petitions presented against (see petitions).

CLUBS, bill to regulate sale of liquors of various kinds to or among members of (see liquors).

CLYMER, ISAAC, Representative from Bucks County,

Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills reported by

No. 26
Empowering boroughs to prohibit planting of certain objectionable trees, 139.

No. 125 (Senate Bill No. 540)
To prevent spread of certain noxious weeds, 314.

No. 126 (Senate Bill No. 219)
Supplement to section 18 of act relating to roads highways and bridges, 314.

No. 372 (Senate Bill No. 561)
Amending act relating to catching of fish in Delaware River below Trenton Falls, 880.

Election of, 43.

Petitions presented by, from
Citizens of Bucks County for better telephone facilities, 525.
Citizens of Bucks County for Mauer Initiative and Referendum bill, 525.
Citizens of Bucks County for passage of bill requiring Bible to be read in Public Schools, 525, 845.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

COAL and providing for collection of same, bill laying State tax on anthracite (see tax).

COAL beneath their surface, bill to authorize cities and boroughs to enact ordinances prescribing reasonable regulations in regard to mining of (see mining).

COAL, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Salus, in reference to, appointment of joint committee to investigate and report upon high cost of anthracite, 949.
Resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 949.

COAL FIELD POOR DISTRICT, bill relating to directors and affairs of Middle (see poor).

COAL FIELDS in Westmoreland County, concurrent resolution No. 8, (House), providing for investigation of conditions in, by Shreve, 52.
Resolution referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 52.
Reported from Committee,
Considered and postponed for present, 819.
Resumed, amended and agreed to, 822, 823.
Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining in Senate, 837.

COAL FIELDS in Westmoreland County, concurrent resolution (Senate), providing for investigation of conditions in, by Adams, 6.
Resolution referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 6.

COAL IN CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, bill to provide for weighing of anthracite (see cities).

COAL, joint resolution to appoint commission to investigate conditions in the matter of surface support in connection with the removal of anthracite

House Bill No. 106
Read in place in House by Mr. Albert Davis, 98.
Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 98.
Reported without amendment, 301.
First reading, 322.
Second reading, 333.
Third reading and final passage, 430.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 696.
Signed by Speaker, 718.
Approved by Governor, 922.

In Senate (No. 207)
Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 458.
Reported without amendment, 487, 488.
First reading, 564.
Second reading, 630.
Third reading and final passage, 668.

COAL, joint resolution to appoint commission to investigate conditions in the matter of surface support in connection with the removal of anthracite

Senate Bill No. 114
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichols, 90.
Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 90.
Reported without amendment, 281.
First reading, 357.
Second reading, 384, 385.
Third reading and final passage, 406, 407.

In House (No. 212)
Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 433.
Reported without amendment, 566.
First reading, 604.
Second reading and postponed for present, 740.
Dropped from calendar, 1065.

COAL LANDS and coal mines therein, to provide for acquirement and operation by State of all privately owned
Read in place in House by Mr. Maurer, 1401.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1401.

COAL MINES AND MINERS, bills relating to (see mines and miners).

COAL MINES AND QUARRIES, bill to regulate employment of persons in charge of hoists and hoisting engines in and about (see hoists).

COAL MINES, bill to amend act providing for health and safety of minors in coal mines by further regulating the age at which minors may be employed in and around (see minors).

COAL OIL, bill to provide for better security of life and property from dangers of (see oils).

COAL SHALL MAKE A TON so as to make it a misdemeanor to sell anthracite coal by short weight, to amend act regulating what weight of anthracite

House Bill No. 359
Read in place in House by Mr. Gans, 391.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 391.
Reported without amendment, 819.
First reading, 901.
Second reading, 1360.
Vote on second reading reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 1375.

COAL, to prohibit sale of washery or culm bank coal as freshly mined

House Bill No. 399
Read in place in House by Mr. Donahoe, 810.
Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 810.
Reported without amendment, 884.
First reading, 923.
Second reading, 1062.
Third reading and final passage, 1477.

In Senate
Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 1550.

COATESVILLE HOSPITAL, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 74
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Thomson, 118.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 118.
Reported without amendment, 241.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 274.
Re-reported with amendment, 2216.
Second reading, 2276.
Third reading and final passage, 2450.
Returned from House without amendment, 3048.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3275.

In House (No. 1303)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2570.
Reported with amendment, 2840.
First reading, 2997.
Second reading, 3012.
Third reading and final passage, 3187.
Signed by Speaker, 3496.

COCHRAN, J. HENRY, nominated as candidate for United States Senator,
In Senate, 6.
In House, 50.

Vote for, in Senate, 71.

Vote for, in House, 72.

Joint session held, to compare vote, 77, 78, 81, 82.

COHEN, JOSEPH, nominated as candidate for United States Senator,

In House, 50.

Vote for, in House, 72.

Joint session held, to compare vote, 77, 78, 81, 82.

COLD HARBOR, VIRGINIA, making appropriation for publishing of proceedings of dedication of Pennsylvania Monument at

House Bill No. 1011

Read in place in House by Mr. Gibson, 884.
Referred to Committee on Military Affairs, 884.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2333.
Second reading, 2402.
Third reading and final passage, 2754.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.

In Senate (No. 941)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2685.
First reading, 2706.
Second reading, 2910.
Third reading and final passage, 3071.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

COLD STORAGE and refrigerating warehouses and places, relating to

Senate Bill No. 199

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Huffman, 339.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 339.
Reported without amendment, 487.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 563.

COLD STORAGE FOOD, to provide for protection of public health by regulating the sale and time limit and proper labeling of

Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 142.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 142.

COLD STORAGE POULTRY, game, fish, butter, eggs, meat, oysters, cheese and all cold storage food products, to regulate sale and proper labelling of

Senate Bill No. 198

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichols, 454.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 454.
Reported without amendment, 487.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 563.

COLD STORAGE, to regulate sale of certain food which shall have been kept in

House Bill No. 870

Read in place in House by Mr. Letzkus, 134.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 134.
Reported without amendment, 1949.
First reading, 2049.
Second reading, 2366.

COLE, JAMES C., Representative from Adams County,

Amendment offered by, to

House Bill No. 478, supplementary to act for taxation of dogs and protection of sheep requiring all dogs to wear collar with tag attached showing payment of tax, 1389, 1390.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85, 99.

Bills reported by

No. 128 (Senate Bill No. 308)

Amending act relating to game by repealing right to use bear traps, 314.

No. 297

Making county controllers and county auditors ineligible for re-election, 716.

No. 362 (Senate Bill No. 153)

Amending act relating to fees and official bond of register of wills in certain counties by removing restriction as to population of counties, 820.

Election of, 42.

Motion by, to

Adjourn, 99.

COLE, JAMES C.—Continued.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 308, to require public records to be entered and kept in bound sewed volumes, 1497.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 308, to require public records to be kept in bound sewed volumes, 1497.

Petition presented by, from

Adams County for right of suffrage for women, 920.
Citizens of Adams County against club license law, 1357.
Citizens of Adams County against commission form of government, 300.
Citizens of Adams County against increased automobile licenses, 1825.
Citizens of Adams County against law licensing and taxing resident hunters, 207.
Citizens of Adams County for Maurer Initiative and Referendum Bill, 471.
Citizens of Adams County for reading of Bible in public schools, 920.

Resolution offered by,

Thanking Speaker John F. Cox for services rendered during session, 3613.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

COLEMAN INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR COLORED BOYS located in City of Pittsburg, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 257

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 403.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 403.
Reported without amendment, 607.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 685.
Re-reported with amendment, 2215.
Second reading, 2280.
Third reading and final passage, 2215.
Returned from House without amendment, 3048.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3276.

In House (No. 1308)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2571.
Reported without amendment, 2840.
First reading, 2997.
Second reading, 3012.
Third reading and final passage, 3189.
Signed by Speaker, 3495.

COLLAR TOGETHER WITH TAG to be attached thereto showing payment of tax, supplementary to act for taxation of dogs requiring all dogs to wear a (see dogs).

COLLECTING ROAD TAXES, bill to amend act relating to road supervisors in townships of second class by providing for a graded compensation for tax collectors for (see townships).

COLLECTION OF DEBTS due by school district of the fourth class in the several counties, bill relating to (see school).

COLLECTION OF MONEY AND TAXES due the Commonwealth and property belonging to or liable to escheat to the same, to provide for better

House Bill No. 413.

Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 637.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 637.
Reported without amendment, 921.
First reading, 1089.
Second reading and amended, 1367.
Third reading and final passage, 1625, 1626.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2947.
Signed by Speaker, 3183.

In Senate (No. 787)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1607.
Reported without amendment, 2525.
First reading, 2553.
Second reading, 2697.
Third reading and final passage, 2899.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3114.

COLLECTION OF RENT, bill to provide that furniture or household goods leased or hired shall not be proceeded against for (see rent).

COLLECTION OF STATE AND COUNTY TAXES in cities of third class, bill to regulate (see cities).

COLLECTION OF TAXES, bills relating to (see tax, taxes and taxing).

COLLECTION OF TAXES in cities of the second class, bill to regulate (see cities).

COLLECTOR TO DEPUTIZE A CONSTABLE or other officer to make levy and sale, bill to amend act relating to county rates and levies and township rates and levies by authorizing (see taxes).

COLLECTORS IN THE SEVERAL BOROUGHS and townships, bill to regulate compensation of tax (see tax).

COLLECTORS OF TAXES shall make return of seated lands for non-payment of taxes, to fix the time when

Read in place in House by Mr. Currier, 324.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 324.

COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY COUNCIL of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Members of, nominated, 25.

Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY COUNCIL of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Members of, nominated, 269.

Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 208.

COLLEGE EXTENSION WORK, bill making appropriation to Trustees of Pennsylvania State College for (see Pennsylvania)

COLLEGES, further supplement to act relative to accepting grant of public lands by United States for endowment of agricultural (see agricultural)

COLONEL AND COMMISSARY GENERAL of Subsistence, National Guard of Pennsylvania, Horace L. Haldeman nominated as, 27.

COLONEL AND COMMISSARY GENERAL of Subsistence, Subsistence Department, Horace L. Haldeman nominated as, 151.

Reported, 165.
Confirmed, 169.

COLONEL AND QUARTERMASTER GENERAL, Quartermasters Department, Harry C. Trexler nominated as, 151.

Reported, 166.
Confirmed, 169.

COLOR SO AS TO INCLUDE PLACES WHERE SODA WATER, soft drinks, ice cream and confectionery are sold, bill to amend act to provide civil rights for all people regardless of race or (see civil).

COLORED DAY NURSERY of Harrisburg, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1327

Read in place in House by Mr. Keister, 689.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 689.
Reported with amendment, 2841.
First reading, 2841.
Second reading, 2996.
Third and final passage, 3017.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3530.
Signed by Speaker, 3588.

In Senate (No. 1220)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3045.
Reported without amendment, 3121.
First reading, 3178.
Second reading, 3301.
Third reading and final passage, 3390.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3539.

COLORED DAY NURSERY of Harrisburg, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox, 665.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 665.

COLORED WOMEN'S RELIEF ASSOCIATION of Western Pennsylvania, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1125

Read in place in House by Mr. McClung, 146.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 146.
Reported with amendment, 2241.
First reading, 2338.
Second reading, 2418.
Third reading and final passage, 2791, 2792.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

COLORED WOMEN'S RELIEF ASSOCIATION—Continued.

In Senate (No. 1048)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2688.
First reading, 2711.
Second reading, 2918.
Third reading and final passage, 3091.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

COLORED WOMENS RELIEF ASSOCIATION of Western Pennsylvania, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 130.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 130.

COLUMBIA COUNTY act to protect sheep and tax dogs in Lycoming and Columbia Counties, to repeal, so far as it relates to

House Bill No. 278

Read in place in House by Mr. Shaffer, 636.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 636.
Reported without amendment, 715.
First reading, 751.
Second reading, 872.
Third reading and final passage, 1186.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1759.
Signed by Speaker, 1852.
Approved by Governor, 2190.

In Senate (No. 517)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1182.
Reported without amendment, 1435.
First reading, 1605.
Second reading, 1643.
Third reading and final passage, 1720.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1824.

COLUMBIA HOSPITAL located at Columbia, Lancaster County, making appropriation to

Read in place in House by Mr. Hoffman, 172.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 172.

COLUMBIA HOSPITAL located at Columbia, Lancaster County, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1111

Read in place in House by Mr. Hoffman, 777.
Referred to Commitee on Appropriations, 777.
Reported without amendment, 2241.
First reading, 2337.
Second reading, 2416.
Third reading and final passage, 2787.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.

In Senate (No. 1035)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.
Reported without amendment, 2688.
First reading, 2710.
Second reading, 2917.
Third reading and final pasage, 3089.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

COLUMBIA HOSPITAL located at Columbia, Lancaster County, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Gerberich, 664.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 664.

COLUMBIA HOSPITAL located at Columbia, Lancaster County, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 391

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Gerberich, 832.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 832.
Reported without amendment, 937.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 1012.

COLUMBIA HOSPITAL, Wilkinsburg, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1008

Read in place in House by Mr. William Conner, 171.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 171.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2332.
Second reading, 2401.
Third reading and final passage, 2753.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.

OLUMBIA HOSPITAL—Continued.
In Senate (No. 938)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment 2685.
First reading, 2706.
Second reading, 2910.
Third reading and final passage, 3070, 3071.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

OLUMBIAN SCHOOL AND SETTLEMENT, making appropriation for Irene Kaufman Settlement of Pittsburg, formerly known as
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 832.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 832.

OLUMBUS DAY. bill to amend sections 1 and 2 of amended act relating to legal holidays by adding to the list the twelfth day of October, known as (see holidays).

OMFORT, HENRY W., Trustee of State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Eastern Pennsylvania, at Spring City, nominated, 27.

OMMERCIAL DISCRIMINATION between different sections, communities or localities, or unfair competition, bill to prohibit unfair (see competition).

OMMERCIAL PURPOSES, bill to protect the growers of ginseng, golden seal and other medical plants cultivated for (see plants).

OMMISSARY GENERAL OF SUBSISTENCE, Subsistence Department, Horace L. Haldeman nominated as Colonel and, 151.
Reported, 165.
Confirmed, 169.

OMMISSION and making appropriation therefor, bill to establish Panama-Pacific International Exposition (see Panama-Pacific).

OMMISSION, bill making appropriation to carry out provisions of act establishing a Topographic and Geological Survey (see Topographic).

OMMISSION, bill making appropriation to Fiftieth Anniversary of Battle of Gettysburg (see Fiftieth).

OMMISSION, bill making appropriation to Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial Commission for bronze statues and for other special purposes and for expenses of said (see Gettysburg).

OMMISSION, bill to amend act establishing Department of Forestry providing for payment of salary to members of State Forestry Reservation (see Forestry).

OMMISSION, bill to amend act relating to marking county lines by changing the number of surveyors on (see lines).

OMMISSION, bill to define purposes, limitations and use of State Parks and authorizing appointment of State Park (see parks).

OMMISSION, bill to provide for licensing of those engaged in selling agricultural products on (see agricultural).

OMMISSION, bill to provide that no commission shall be allowed to county treasurers upon monies collected for the Commonwealth upon which they have already received (see county treasurers).

OMMISSION, concurrent resolution (House) by Connell, in reference to appointment of Pennsylvania State Vaccination, 1239.
Resolution referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1239.

OMMISSION, CULPEPER, Virginia, Monument, Members of, nominated, 26.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

OMMISSION, Edward d'Invilliers nominated as Member of Contour Topographic and Geological Survey, 25.
Reported, 938.
Confirmed, 956.

OMMISSION, FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY of Battle of Gettysburg, Members of, nominated, 26.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

OMMISSION, FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY of Battle of Gettysburg, report of, presented to and read in Senate, 66.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 66.
Presented to and read in House, 72.

COMMISSION for balance required for transportation, bill making appropriation to the Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial (see Gettysburg).

COMMISSION for eagle to be placed on monument at Culpeper, Virginia, and for dedication expenses, bill making appropriation to Culpeper Virginia Monument (see Culpeper).

COMMISSION for erection, management and control of Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic at Spring City, bill to provide for means of carrying out contracts of (see Eastern).

COMMISSION for erection of Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic, bill making appropriation to (see Eastern).

COMMISSION for erection of Homeopathic State Hospital for Insane, bill making appropriation to (see Homeopathic).

COMMISSION FOR ERECTION OF MONUMENT for Robert Morris in City of Philadelphia, bill making appropriation for expenses of (see Morris).

COMMISSION FOR ERECTION OF MONUMENT or memorial on Battlefield of Antietam, Maryland, in memory of Knapp's Independent Battery E, Pennsylvania Light Artillery, bill to provide for (see Antietam).

COMMISSION FOR ERECTION OF MONUMENT to John Morton, signer of Declaration of Independence, at Chester, bill to provide for (see Morton).

COMMISSION FOR ERECTION OF STATUE in Erie to Brigadier General Hiram L. Brown, bill to establish (see Brown).

COMMISSION FOR ERECTION OF SUITABLE STATUE at Bradford, McKean County, to memory of Thomas McKean, bill to provide for (see McKean).

COMMISSION FOR PRESERVATION OF PUBLIC RECORDS, Members of Advisory, nominated, 26.
Reported, 938.
Confirmed, 956.

COMMISSION FOR PRESERVATION OF PUBLIC RECORDS, Members of Advisory, nominated, 1069.
Reported, 1074.
Confirmed, 1075.

COMMISSION for purpose of investigating and reporting upon safe and proper construction of buildings and character of materials and of adjusting rights of owners in party walls, joint resolution for appointment of (see buildings).

COMMISSION FOR REVISING AND COLLATING LAWS relating to public roads, highways and bridges, bill to provide for appointment of (see laws).

COMMISSION for supervision and regulation of such companies and repealing act providing for Railroad Commission, bill to define public service companies and establish (see public service).

COMMISSION FORM OF GOVERNMENT, petitions presented against (see petitions).

COMMISSION FORM OF GOVERNMENT, petitions presented favoring (see petitions).

COMMISSION, GETTYSBURG BATTLEFIELD MEMORIAL, report of
Presented to Senate, 7.
Read in Senate, 7.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 8.
Presented to House, 53.
Read in House, 53.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 53.

COMMISSION IN COUNTIES with between 150,000 and 250,000 inhabitants, bill to create a sinking fund (see county).

COMMISSION incurred in connection with memorial to commemorate victory of Commodore Oliver Hazard Perry at Battle of Lake Erie and Centennial Celebration of that event and Northwestern Campaign of General William Henry Harrison, bill making appropriation to defray expenses of (see appropriation).

COMMISSION in Governor, bill to amend act relating to Homeopathic State Hospital for Insane by vesting appointment of entire (see insane).

COMMISSION in regard to segregating State institutions for insane, and for criminal, Joint Resolution appointing (see institutions).

COMMISSION IN THE SEVERAL COUNTIES, bill to create a County Sinking Fund (see county).

COMMISSION, joint resolution to provide for participation of Pennsylvania in Panama-Pacific International Exposition to be held in San Francisco in 1915 and providing for appointment of (see Panama-Pacific).

COMMISSION OF STATE HOSPITAL FOR CRIMINAL INSANE at Fairview, bill making appropriation to (see State Hospital).

COMMISSION OF THIRD DIVISION, NINTH CORPS, Army of Potomac, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Gerberich, in reference to granting authority for purchase of additional ground and printing report of Battlefield, 167.

Resolution referred to Committee on Printing, 167.

Reported with favorable recommendation, 242.

Read and agreed to, 244, 245.

Concurred in by House, 266.

Returned by House, 268.

Concurrent resolution (Senate) by Gerberich, recalling said resolution from Governor, 340.

Resolution concurred in by House, 399.

Approved by Governor, 456.

Vote by which resolution passed Senate reconsidered and resolution referred to Committee on Printing, 456.

COMMISSION ON REVISION OF CORPORATION AND REVENUE LAWS, providing appropriation for payment of preparation, printing and distribution of report of, in Section No. 13 of House Bill No. 1 (see Corporation and Revenue Laws).

COMMISSION RELATING TO TOLL BRIDGES across Delaware River, Members of, nominated, 26.

Reported, 940.

Confirmed, 956.

COMMISSION, SOLDIERS' ORPHANS, appointment of members of, in House, 73.

In Senate, 92.

COMMISSION, STATE FISHERIES, Members of nominated, 23.

COMMISSION, STATE FORESTRY RESERVATION, Miss Mira L. Dock nominated as Member of, 25.

Reported, 283.

Confirmed, 298.

COMMISSION, STATE FREE LIBRARY, Henry E. Edmunds nominated as Member of, 25.

Reported, 939.

Confirmed, 956.

COMMISSION, STATE FREE LIBRARY, Members of, nominated, 25.

COMMISSION, STATE RAILROAD, Milton J. Brecht nominated as Member of, 151.

Reported, 166.

Confirmed, 169.

COMMISSION, supplement to act for government of cities of second class creating Art (see cities of second class).

COMMISSION therein established, bill supplementing act relating to Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic by abolishing (see Eastern).

COMMISSION to amend, revise and collate laws regulating boroughs, joint resolution to provide for (see boroughs).

COMMISSION to arrange for unveiling of completed groups of sculpture prepared by George Gray Barnard for front of Capitol Building at Harrisburg, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Sproul, providing for, 3379.

Resolution returned by House, 3408.

Consurred in by House, 3487.

COMMISSION to ascertain number of toll bridges across Delaware River presented to Senate by Mr. Buckman, report of, 242.

Presented to House by Mr. Marvin, 253.

In Appendix, 3904.

COMMISSION to be known as Commission to Investigate Public Service Corporations in Pennsylvania, concurrent resolution (House) by Alter, authorizing appointment of, 3502, 3503.

Resolution concurred in by Senate, 3407, 3408.

COMMISSION to be known as Pennsylvania State Vaccination Commission, joint resolution, providing for appointment by Governor of (see vaccination).

COMMISSION to be known as "The Pennsylvania Probation Commission," bill making an appropriation to provide for (see Probation).

COMMISSION TO BUILD STATE HOSPITAL for Criminal Insane, Ralph B. Little nominated as Member of, 27.

Reported, 938.

Confirmed, 956.

COMMISSION TO COMPUTE VOTE for Auditor General and State Treasurer, report of,

Presented to Senate, 10.

Presented to House, 53.

In Appendix, 3694.

COMMISSION TO CARRY INTO EFFECT act providing for erection of monument to commemorate services of Allen Infantry in Civil War, bill to provide for (see Allen).

COMMISSION to conduct celebration in Philadelphia to commemorate fiftieth anniversary of Emancipation Proclamation, bill to create (see Emancipation).

COMMISSION to consider establishing State system of workhouse, bill to provide for (see workhouses).

COMMISSION to erect Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic, report of Pennsylvania

Presented to Senate, 3382.

In Appendix, 3977.

COMMISSION to erect proper fence or coping and pavement to protect monument erected near Petersburg, Virginia, bill to provide for (see Petersburg).

COMMISSION TO GRANT LICENSES in such counties, bill to regulate sale of liquors in counties having between 100,000 and 250,000 inhabitants and providing for (see liquors).

COMMISSION to have charge of exhibit at Panama-Pacific Intenational Exposition, bill to create (see Panama-Pacific).

COMMISSION to have charge of matters pertaining to an annual payment to citizens who volunteered in defense of the State either in 1862 or 1863, bill to create (see appropriation).

COMMISSION TO HAVE CHARGE OF SUITABLE MEMORIAL to designate site of Camp Curtin, bill to provide for (see Camp Curtin).

COMMISSION TO INQUIRE INTO CAUSES OF INDUSTRIAL ACCIDENTS and advanced methods for safeguarding against same and fair compensation for those injured or killed as result of same, bill authorizing appointment of (see accidents).

COMMISSION TO INQUIRE INTO CAUSES OF INDUSTRIAL ACCIDENTS, concurrent resolution (Senate) by McNichol, authorizing, 609.

In House

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 695.

COMMISSION to investigate advisability of abolishing toll bridges, bill to provide for (see bridges).

COMMISSION to investigate and report on advisability of abolishing toll roads in the several counties of the State, report of,

Presented to Senate, 41.

Read in Senate, 41.

Presented to House, 54.

Read in House, 54.

In Appendix, 3698.

COMMISSION to investigate and report on care of feebleminded and epileptic, joint resolution appointing (see feeble-minded).

COMMISSION to investigate and report upon "Erie Purchase," concurrent resolution (House) No. 16, by Shreve, authorizing, 1329.

Resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1329.

Reported without amendment,

Considered and agreed to, 1825, 1826.

Returned by Senate, 2786.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, in Senate, 1800.

Reported without amendment, 2602, 2603.

Considered and agreed to, 2619.

COMMISSION to investigate and report upon high cost of anthracite coal, concurrent resolution (senate) by Salus, in reference to appointment of, 949.

Resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 949.

COMMISSION to investigate and report upon physical conditions and legal rights in the matter of surface support where anthracite coal has been removed or the right to remove same is vested in others than the owners of the surface, Members of, nominated, 1420.

Reported, 3265.

Confirmed, 3414.

COMMISSION to investigate business methods of Building and Loan Associations, concurrent resolution (House) by Breitinger, 99.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 99.

Recalled from Committee on Judiciary Special and re-referred to Committee on Banks and Banking, 121.

COMMISSION to investigate cause of and adopt means to prevent Chestnut Blight, communication from the Governor recommending

Read in Senate, 1227.

Referred to Committee on Forestry, 1227.

Read in House, 1291.

COMMISSION to investigate charges made during interim between Legislative Sessions against judges and other persons holding civil office, resolution (Senate) by Catlin, authorizing appointment of, 3122.

Commission appointed, 3456.

COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE COAL MINING conditions in Europe, concurrent resolution (House) by Mannion, in reference to appointment of, 1676.

Resolution referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 1676.

COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE COAL MINING conditions in Europe, concurrent resolution (House) by Mannion, in reference to appointment of 2184, 2185.

Resolution considered and agreed to, 2185.

In Senate, referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 2154.

COMMISSION to investigate conditions in matter of surface support in connection with removal of anthracite coal, joint resolution to appoint (see coal)

COMMISSION to investigate method of inflicting death penalty in this and in other States and counties, concurrent resolution (Senate) by McConnell, authorizing appointments of, 3416.

Resolution returned by House 3457.

Concurred in by House, 3531.

COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE POOR HOUSES in Philadelphia County presented to Senate by Mr. Wolf, report of, 242.

In Appendix, 3887.

COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE SYSTEM OF RECORDING deeds, mortgages and insurance of titles now in effect in the several States with a view of changing Pennsylvania's system, concurrent resolution (Senate) No. 12, by Vare, in reference to, 291.

Resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 291.

Reported without amendment, 539.

Read and agreed to, 545.

In House, referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 583.

Reported without amendment

Returned by House, 1323.

Concurred in by House, 1330, 1331.

Vetoed by Governor, 1547.

COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE SYSTEM OF RECORDING deeds, mortgages and insurance of titles now in effect in the several States with a view of changing Pennsylvania's system, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Vare, in referenue to, 1965.

Resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1965.

Reported without amendment, 1999, 2000.

Considered and agreed to, 2000.

Concurred in House, 2024.

Returned by House, 2214, 2215.

Approved by Governor, 2442.

COMMISSION to investigate provisions made in this State for care of neglected, defective, destitute and dependent children, bill to provide for (see children).

COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE SOLDIERS' ORPHANS' SCHOOLS, bill to authorize appointment of (see soldiers').

COMMISSION to make improvements in State Canal Basins at Port of Erie, bill authorizing appointment of (see Erie).

COMMISSION to provide for Celebration of Anniversary of Battle of Lake Erie, Members of, nominated, 26.

COMMISSION to provide for erection of monument in National Cemetery at Florence, South Carolina, in memory of Pennsylvania soldiers who died in Confederate prison at that place, bill to create (see Florence).

COMMISSION to provide for erection of monument to commemorate services of 47th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, in Battle of Cedar Creek, Virginia, bill to appoint (see Cedar Creek).

COMMISSION to provide for eradication of a disease affecting chestnut trees, commonly known as chestnut tree blight, bill creating (see chestnut).

COMMISSION to provide for holding annual State fair, bill making appropriation to establish State Fair (see fair).

COMMISSION TO REGULATE FISH and Fishing in Delaware and Susquehanna Rivers, Henry F. Walton nominated as Member of, 25.

Reported, 283.

Confirmed, 298.

COMMISSION to report on propriety of purchasing certain tract of land in Jefferson, Clarion and Forest Counties, bill to provide land for (see land).

COMMISSION TO REVISE AND CODIFY ELECTION LAWS of Pennsylvania, Members of, nominated, 27.

Reported, 709.

Confirmed, 710.

COMMISSION TO REVISE AND CODIFY ELECTION LAWS of Pennsylvania, report of

Presented to Senate, 406.

Presented to House, 434.

In Appendix, 3928.

COMMISSION TO REVISE AND CODIFY ELECTION LAWS of Pennsylvania, second report of

Presented to Senate, 1225.

Presented to House, 1240.

In Appendix, 3942.

COMMISSION TO REVISE AND CODIFY ELECTION LAWS of Pennsylvania to make its final report to General Assembly of 1913, concurrent resolution (Hocse) by Freeman, perimtting, 689.

Resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 689.

Reported without amendment

Considered and agreed to, 779, 780.

Concurred in by Senate, 757.

Returned by Senate, 818.

Approved by Governor, 922.

COMMISSION to revise and codify present anthracite mining laws, bill to authorize appointment of (see mining).

COMMISSION TO REVISE AND UNIFY THE LAWS of this Commonwealth, bill to provide for (see laws).

COMMISSION to revise, collate and digest laws relating to Public Schools for its work on School Code, resolution (Senate) by Snyder, thanking, 3432.

COMMISSION to select a site and build a Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane, Members of, nominated, 2288.

Reported, 2601.

Confirmed, 2615.

COMMISSION to supervise erection of memorial to commemorate founding of common school system, bill to provide for (see school).

COMMISSION TO SURVEY MILITARY ROUTES of General Edward Braddock and General John Forbes, bill to provide for (see routes).

COMMISSION which shall have in charge enforcement of laws to regulate practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and drugs of all kinds, bill to provide for appointment of (see drugs).

COMMISSIONERS, bill to provide for expenses of County (see County).

COMMISSIONER by Judges of Courts of Common Pleas in counties with between 1,000,000 and 1,400,000 inhabitants, bill to provide for appointment of Jury (see jury).

COMMISSIONER OF BANKING, bill to provide for liquidation, distribution of assets and dissolution of corporations under supervision of (see corporations).

COMMISSIONER OF BANKING, bill to require directors of certain companies incorporated under laws of Pennsylvania with right to receive money on deposit to take oath of office, said oath to be filed with (see directors).

COMMISSIONER OF FISHERIES for lawful purposes of Department of Fisheries, bill to extend right of eminent domain to (see fisheries).

COMMISSIONER OF FISHERIES to issue permits to use fyke nets and outlines in certain parts of streams inhabited by trout, bill to authorize (see fisheries).

COMMISSIONER OF HEALTH in two separate volumes, bill to authorize printing and binding of annual report of (see report).

COMMISSIONER OF HEALTH of the State to abate nuisances in certain cases, bill to authorize (see health).

COMMISSIONER OF HEALTH, Samuel G. Dixon, M. D., nominated as, 151.
Reported, 165.
Confirmed, 169.

COMMISSIONERS AND TOWNSHIP SUPERVISORS in the different counties, bill to provide for association of township (see association).

COMMISSIONERS appointed in accordance with provisions of said act for further period of two years, supplementary to act providing for compilation and publication of laws of the Province and Commonwealth prior to year 1900 continuing (see laws).

COMMISSIONERS, AUDITORS AND JURORS of Lehigh County, bill to repeal section two of act relating to pay of (see Lehigh).

COMMISSIONERS' CLERK in York County, bill to repeal act relative to election of (see York).

COMMISSIONERS, CONTROLLER AND TREASURER in any county with between 150,000 and 250,000 inhabitants, a Board having power to appoint depositories of county funds, bill to constitute county (see county).

COMMISSIONERS for erection of same to surrender their trust to a board of trustees to be appointed by Governor, supplement to act providing for State Hospital for Criminal Insane directing (see insane).

COMMISSIONERS for promotion of uniformity of legislation in United States, bill making appropriation to pay expenses of Pennsylvania Commissioners and to contribute to expenses of National conference of (see legislation).

COMMISSIONERS for promotion of uniformity of legislation in United States, nominated, 24.
Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

COMMISSIONERS IN CERTAIN COUNTIES, bill to fix salaries and provide for expenses of County (see counties).

COMMISSIONERS OF BUCKS COUNTY, bill to repeal act fixing compensation of (see Bucks).

COMMISSIONERS OF COUNTIES to appropriate money for maintenance of indigent tuberculosis patients in sanatorium of any society in the county, bill to confer authority upon (see tuberculosis).

COMMISSIONERS OF DEEDS,

BRAMAN, ELLA F., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

BRIGHT, JOHN, nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

BUNDY, CHARLES S., nominated, 1227.
Reported, 1228.
Confirmed, 1228.

CAMPBELL, EDWARD A., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

CHANDLER, ELI H., nominated, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

COREY, EDWIN F., nominated, 3151.
Reported, 3174.
Confirmed, 3174.

CRAMER, J. PRATT, nominated, 610.
Reported, 670.
Confirmed, 671.

COMMISSIONERS OF DEEDS—Continued.

EVANS, JOHN T., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

FISHER, ABRAHAM H., nominated, 1547.
Reported, 1631.
Confirmed, 1635.

GILLESPIE, JOHN, nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

HARBACH, FRANK T., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

HARVEY, WILLIAM R., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

KUEHNERT, ROBERT, nominated, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

LETT, WILLIAM F., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

LOEWY, WALTER, nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

MANNING, E. N., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

McDONALD, JOHN, nominated, 1069.
Reported, 1074.
Confirmed, 1075.

McNAMEE, CHARLES, nominated, 1420.
Reported, 1433.
Confirmed, 1443.

MITCHELL, JOHN E., nominated, 1227.
Reported, 1228.
Confirmed, 1228.

PENDERGAST, J. LYNCH, nominated, 1227.
Reported, 1228.
Confirmed, 1228.

PERRY, SAMUEL E., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

PITTENGER, GEORGE W., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

POCHER, ISIDOR J., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

ROTH, MISS ELIZABETH, nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

SMITH, ALEXANDER R., Jr., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

STEVENS, LEWIS T., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

TAYLOR, A. O. DRISCOLL, nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

WORSFOLD, T. CATO, nominated, 701.
Reported, 709.
Confirmed, 710.

WRIGHT, ARTHUR, nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

COMMISSIONERS OF EACH COUNTY to construct permanent election room or election house, bill to amend act regulating election of public officers by authorizing the (see election).

COMMISSIONERS OF STATE HOSPITAL FOR INJURED PERSONS in Township of Coal to properly perform their duties, bill making appropriation to enable (see State Hospital).

COMMISSIONERS OF TOWNSHIPS OF FIRST CLASS and filling of vacancies in office of township treasurer and township commissioner, bill to provide for election of (see townships).

COMMISSIONERS OF VALLEY FORGE, nominated, 24.
Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

COMMISSIONERS OF VALLEY FORGE PARK, bill making appropriation to (see Valley Forge).

COMMISSIONERS OF VALLEY FORGE PARK to accept and administer trust funds and to enter into agreements concerning means of travel within the Park, bill to authorize (see Valley Forge).

COMMISSIONERS OF WATER WORKS in cities of third class to extend their pipes beyond city limits, bill to authorize water companies and certain (see cities).

COMMISSIONERS or by County Commissioners as directors of poor, shall be valid and legal until said appointment and salary fixed is approved by the Court of Common Pleas, bill to provide that no appointment by County (see appointment).

COMMISSIONERS, to amend act fixing salaries and providing for expenses of County
Read in place in House by Mr. Rockwell, 123.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 123.

COMMISSIONERS to erect and maintain dykes, banks, causeways and sluiceways on certain streams, bill to authorize County (see dykes).

COMMISSIONERS TO VIEW LAND, bill to establish in each county a Board of Viewers and provide for their appointment as (see Board).

COMMISSIONS OF MILITARY STATE AGENTS for collecting claims due Pennsylvania from United States Government, bill making appropriation for payment of (see Military).

COMMITTEE appointed under resolution approved May 13, 1909, to investigate and report on laws relating to corporations and to revenue until end of next session of Legislature, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Hunter, continuing Joint, 2175.
Resolution returned by House, 2211.
Concurred in by House, 2221.
Concurrent resolution recalling above resolution from Governor for amendment, 2616.
Returned by House, 2653.
Concurred in by House, 2786.
Approved by Governor, 3113.
Vote on passage of resolution reconsidered and resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 3113.

COMMITTEE to investigate and report on laws relating to corporations and to revenue, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Sproul, continuing provisions of resolution approved May 13, 1909, for joint, 3113.
Resolution returned by House, 3279.
Concurred in by House, 3310.
Approved by Governor, 3540.
Appointment of members of joint committee, in Senate, 3540.

COMMITTEE to investigate certain charges made in relation to government of Pittsburg, joint resolution creating (see Pittsburg).

COMMITTEES at close of session from further consideration of all bills in their custody, resolution (Senate) by Keyser, discharging Senate standing, 3541.

COMMITTEES, SPECIAL AND STANDING, to be appointed by President pro tempore, resolution (Senate) by Keyser, authorizing,

COMMITTEES, STANDING, in Senate, resolution (Senate) by Kurtz, authorizing same number to be appointed and same number of members in each as in session of 1909.

COMMITTEES, STANDING, of Senate, appointed, 78-80, 92. Of House, appointed, 82-85, 99, 434, 1757.

COMMITMENT OF AN ALLEGED INSANE PERSON, bill to permit in certain cases imposition of costs upon proper county in proceedings for (see insane).

COMMITMENT OF MINORS BY MAGISTRATES, justices of the peace or judges of certain charitable societies, supplementary to act authorizing (see minors).

COMMODITIES, bill to regulate possession and return of containers used in transporting (see containers).

COMMODITIES BY MEANS OF RAFFLES, raffle cards, punch boards or other devices or schemes, bill to prohibit any person from engaging in sale of certain (see raffles).

COMMODITY, bill to make it a misdemeanor for any two or more persons to enter into any agreement to control the price of or to prevent or interfere with free competition in manufacture or sale of any article or (see competition).

COMMON CARRIER OR EXPRESS COMPANY to make any exclusive contract for transportation, to provide that it shall be unlawful for any
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Salus, 910.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 910.

COMMON CARRIERS, bill amending and supplementing act defining powers and duties of Railroad Commission with reference to (see Railroad).

COMMON CARRIERS OR OTHER CORPORATIONS, to prohibit false billing and other false representations and devices by shippers and others and unjust discrimination from

House Bill No. 1276
Read in place in House by Mr. Alter, 1214.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1214.
Reported without amendment, 2473.
First reading, 2560.
Second reading, 3019.

COMMON CARRIERS, to provide against unlawful disclosure of information relative to shipments of competitors by

House Bill No. 436
Read in place in House by Mr. Schofield, 717.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 717.
Reported without amendment, 1016.
First reading, 1090.
Second reading, 1484.
Third reading and final passage, 1772.

In Senate
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1801.

COMMON CARRIERS, to regulate reasonable rates for transportation of articles by railroad corporations of express companies or other

House Bill No. 261
Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 527.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 527.
Reported without amendment, 688.
First reading, 749, 750.
Second reading, 1358, 1359.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1491.

COMMON SCHOOL SYSTEM, bill making appropriation to aid in erection of memorial to commemorate founding of (see school).

COMMON SCHOOL TEACHERS by requiring that minimum salaries shall be for minimum school term, bill to amend act fixing salaries of (see teachers).

COMMON SCHOOLS by fixing number of members of Board of Public Education at fifteen and providing for appropriation of money by councils for school purposes, bill to amend act relating to (see Board).

COMMON SCHOOLS by providing for establishment of industrial schools, bill to amend supplement to act relative to system of education by (see schools).

COMMON SCHOOLS OF STATE by rearranging Normal School Districts and providing for new districts, bill to amend act providing for training of teachers for (see Normal).

COMMON SCHOOLS, supplement, regarding expenses and revenues, to act relating to system of education of (see schools).

COMMONWEALTH HUMANE SOCIETY, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 84.
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Baldwin, 151.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 151.
Reported without amendment, 241.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 275.
Re-reported with amendment, 2216.
Second reading, 2276.
Third reading and final passage, 2451.
Returned from House without amendment, 3048.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3275.

COMMONWEALTH HUMANE SOCIETY—Continued.
In House (No. 1316)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2570.
Reported without amendment, 2841.
First reading, 2998.
Second reading, 3013.
Third reading and final passage, 3192.
Signed by Speaker, 3496.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, bill to authorize George A. Miller to bring an action in Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County against (see Miller).

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, bill to authorize Robert Stewart, a citizen of Dauphin County, to bring suit against (see Stewart).

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, bill to limit employment of females of any age to number of five in any capacity of the several Departments of (see females).

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, bill to provide for payment by proper county of witnesses held in behalf of (see witnesses).

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, bill to provide for sale of any unserviceable personal property belonging to (see sale).

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, for damages done to his property in fighting forest fires, bill to authorize Peter F. Riegle, a resident of Spring Township, Snyder County, to bring suit against (see Riegle).

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA for injuries suffered by said Flora Saul in Capitol Building, bill to authorize D. L. Saul and Flora Saul, his wife, to bring suit against (see Saul).

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA to build and maintain one-half of line fences between its lands and improved lands of private persons, bill to require (see fences).

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA to build bridges over certain rivers so that the county indebtedness would not exceed constitutional limit, bill to authorize (see bridges).

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA to pay one-half costs of reconstruction of a county bridge, bill to require (see bridge).

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA to rebuild bridges over navigable rivers and certain other streams, bill to authorize (see bridges).

COMMUNICABLE DISEASES, supplement to act relating to human life and health providing for isolation of persons afflicted with tuberculosis and other (see diseases).

COMMUNICATIONS with view to extort money or other valuable thing, to punish any person for sending or uttering threatening
Read in place in House by Mr. Miller, 1400.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1400.

COMMUTATIONS AND PARDONS, communication from Governor in reference to reasons for, presented to Senate, 10.
Presented to House, 53.
In Appendix, 3658.

COMPANIES INCORPORATED under laws of any other State for manufacturing purposes to hold real estate necessary for manufacturing purposes, bill to authorize (see manufacturing).

COMPANIES INCORPORATED under laws of any other State, bill to amend, so as to make it apply to companies for the manufacture of garden and horticultural implements and for general horticultural business, act amending amended act relating to (see horticultural).

COMPANIES INCORPORATED under laws of any other State to hold real estate in this State necessary for manufacturing purposes so as to extend same to companies manufacturing or dealing in electrical apparatus and machinery, bill to amend act authorizing (see electrical).

COMPANIES ORGANIZED under laws of any other State for manufacture of metal doors, windows, casings, mouldings or interior building trim, to own real estate within this Commonwealth, bill to authorize (see metal).

COMPANIES OR CORPORATIONS and to prohibit sale of worthless stock in such companies or corporations, bill to regulate sale of stock of mining (see mining).

COMPANIES OR CORPORATIONS having toll bridges whose travel has been diverted to close same to public travel, bill to authorize (see bridges).

COMPANIES shall be subject to taxation for local purposes, bill to provide that real estate of all public service (see taxation).

COMPARED BILLS, report of presented to Senate, 3542-3577.
Presented to House, 3614-3649.

COMPENSATION AND ALLOWANCES for members of General Assembly, bill to fix (see General Assembly).

COMPENSATION AND DISCHARGE, bill to regulate appointment of policemen in boroughs and to provide for their (see policemen).

COMPENSATION AND MAINTENANCE of his office, bill to establish office of State Fire Marshal and providing for his (see fire).

COMPENSATION, bill to authorize counties to appoint inspectors of distillates of petroleum and regulating their see petroleum).

COMPENSATION BY BOROUGH, bill to provide for election of certain officers in boroughs having between 10,000 and 45,000 inhabitants and for their (see boroughs).

COMPENSATION FOR COLLECTORS OF ROAD TAXES, bill to amend act relating to road supervisors in twonships of second class by providing for a graded (see townships).

COMPENSATION FOR COMMISSIONERS OF THE COUNTY OF BUCKS, bill to repeal act fixing (see Bucks).

COMPENSATION FOR INJURED WORKMEN, concurrent resolution (House) by Walnut, in reference to appointment of joint committee to investigate, 921, 922.
Resolution referred to Committee on Manfactures, 921.

COMPENSATION FOR INJURIES RECEIVED BY AN EMPLOYE and establishing elective schedule of compensation, bill to prescribe liability of an employer to make (see employer).

COMPENSATION FOR STATE FIRE MARSHAL, bill to provide for (see Fire).

COMPENSATION OF ADDITIONAL CLERKS and assistant sergeants-at-arms of the House of Representatives, bill to provide for the (see House).

COMPENSATION OF ASSESSORS and assistant assessors of Cumberland County, bill to repeal certain acts in so far as they relate to (see assessors).

COMPENSATION of AUDITOR appointed to settle accounts of public officers in each county, bill to amend supplement to act relating to defaulting public officers by providing for increase of (see auditor).

COMPENSATION OF CERTAIN DISTRICT ATTORNEYS who by an amendment to Constitution were required to serve additional year, bill to provide for (see district attorneys).

COMPENSATION OF CERTAIN OFFICERS and of jurors and witnesses in County of Montgomery, bill to repeal section two of act to increase (see Montgomery).

COMPENSATION OF CHIEF CLERK and five clerks in Department of Mines, bill to fix (see Mines).

COMPENSATION OF COLLECTORS OF TAXES in the several boroughs and townships, bill to fix (see taxes).

COMPENSATION OF COLLECTORS thereof, bill to regulate collection of State and county taxes in cities of third class and fixing (see cities).

COMPENSATION OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS, auditors and township auditors, to repeal act relating to
House Bill No. 239
Read in place in House by Mr. Henry, 473.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 473.
Reported without amendment, 590.
First reading, 639.
Second reading, 744.
Third reading and final passage, 825.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1293, 1302.
Signed by Speaker, 1339.
Approved by Governor, 1692.
In Senate (No. 426)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 837.
Reported without amendment, 1099.
First reading, 1180.
Second reading, 1208, 1209.
Third reading and final passage, 1231.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1305.

COMPENSATION OF COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC ROADS out of money in State Treasury for building and maintaining public roads, bill to provide for (see Superintendent).

COMPENSATION OF COURT CRIERS AND TIPSTAVES in certain counties, payable by the particular county, to regulate the

Senate Bill No. 102

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Clark, 151.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General 151.
Reported without amendment, 242.
First reading, 276.
Second reading, 297.
Third reading and final passage, 348.
Returned from House with amendments, 1451.
Concurred in House amendments, 1452.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1452.
Approved by Governor, 1799.

In House (No. 181)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 399.
Reported without amendment, 436.
First reading, 586.
Second reading and postponed for present, 596.
Resumed and amended, 900.
Third reading and amended, 1296.
Vote on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 1393.
Resumed and passed finally, 1464.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 1470.
Signed by Speaker, 1470.

Remarks on, by

Keister, 596.
Allen, 900.
Dunn, Horace B., 900.

COMPENSATION OF CRIER OF CERTAIN COURTS in counties having between 1,000,000 and 1,500,000 inhabitants, to fix the salary or

House Bill No. 587.

Read in place in House by Mr. William Conner, 156.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 156.
Reported with amendment, 1303.
First reading, 1411.
Second reading, 1529.
Third reading and final passage, 1957.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2947.
Signed by Speaker, 3183.

In Senate (No. 765)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1964.
Reported without amendment, 2524.
First reading, 2552.
Second reading, 2693.
Third reading and final passage, 2894.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3115.

COMPENSATION OF DEPUTY FACTORY INSPECTORS, bill to fix (see factory).

COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS OF THE POOR of poor districts situate wholly within any county, not exceeding 500,000 population, bill to regulate (see directors).

COMPENSATION OF ELECTION BOARDS at primary elections, bill to amend act relating to certain elections, by increasing (see election boards).

COMPENSATION OF FOUR CLERKS in Department of Banking, bill to fix (see Banking).

COMPENSATION OF JUDGES OF DAUPHIN COUNTY for trial of Commonwealth's civil cases, bill to amend act fixing salaries of judges so as to increase (see judges).

COMPENSATION OF JURORS AND WITNESSES of Wayne, Pike and Monroe Counties, to repeal an act to increase the

Read in place in House by Mr. Kinney, 96.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 96.

COMPENSATION OF MEMBERS and number and compensation of officers and employes of General Assembly, bill to fix (see General Assembly).

COMPENSATION OF MEMBERS OF MINERS EXAMINING BOARD, bill to amend act relating to protection of miners in anthracite coal mines by increasing (see miners).

COMPENSATION OF OFFICERS AND EMPLOYES in Department of Public Grounds and Buildings, bill to fix number and (see Public Grounds).

COMPENSATION OF SHERIFFS for boarding prisoners in jails of counties which do not exceed 50,000 population by extending it to those having population not exceeding 80,000, bill to amend act relating to (see sheriffs).

COMPENSATION OF SHERIFFS for services in connection with prisoners, insane persons or habitual drunkards, bill to fix fees and (see sheriffs).

COMPENSATION OF TAX COLLECTORS for collection of road taxes, bill to amend act relating to road supervisors in townships of second class by fixing (see townships).

COMPENSATION OF TAX COLLECTORS in boroughs and townships, bill to regulate (see tax).

COMPENSATION PAYABLE BY EMPLOYERS to their employes in certain cases and payable to workmen for injuries, bill making certain provisions regarding (see employers).

COMPENSATION TO BE PAID TO DIRECTORS, officers and superintendents of any corporation, bill to regulate (see corporation).

COMPENSATION TO EMPLOYES FOR INJURIES SUSTAINED, bill to provide for payment of (see employes).

COMPENSATION TO FIREMEN for injuries sustained in protecting property from fire, bill to authorize payment by boroughs and townships of (see firemen).

COMPETENCY OF WORKMEN OR LABORERS engaged in contract work for such city, bill to amend act dividing cities of this State into three classes by authorizing councils to pass ordinances refining (see cities).

COMPETITION IN MANUFACTURE OR SALE OF ANY ARTICLE or commodity, to make it a misdemeanor for any two or more persons to enter into any agreement to prevent or interfere with free

Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 112.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 112.

COMPETITION to prohibit unfair discrimination between different sections, or unfair

House Bill No. 251

Read in place in House by Mr. McNichol, 568.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 568.
Reported without amendment, 687.
First reading, 749.
Second reading, 854, 855.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 1156.
Vote on final passage reconsidered, 1167.
Resumed and passed finally, 1167, 1168.

Remarks on, by

McNichol, 1167.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1174.

COMPETITION, to prohibit unfair commercial discrimination between different sections or unfair
Read in place in House by Mr. Schofield, 636.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 636.

COMPETITORS BY COMMON CARRIERS, bill to provide against unlawful disclosure of information relative to shipments of (see common carriers).

COMPLETE STATE HOSPITAL FOR INJURED PERSONS in Township of Coal, bill making appropriation to (see State Hospital).

COMPLETION OF SAID INSTITUTION, supplementing act relating to erection of Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic providing for (see Eastern).

COMPOSITION OF SUCH FEEDING STUFFS, supplement to act relating to sale of concentrated commercial feeding-stuffs providing penalty for imitating same when manufacturer in compliance with said act shall have revealed (see feeding-stuffs).

CONDEMNATION AND ACQUISITION at cost of Commonwealth of toll roads, bill making appropriation for (see roads).

CONDEMNATION OF REAL ESTATE for use of State Normal Schools by extending it to condemnation of servitudes, easements, and streets or alleys, bill to amend act authorizing (see State Normal).

CONDEMNATION PROCEEDINGS, bill to provide for and regulate the taking of land to enlarge certain cemeteries, by (set cemeteries).

CONDEMNATION PROCEEDINGS, bill to regulate title where municipalities have power of acquiring property by (see property).

CONDEMNATION PROCEEDINGS TO BE RECORDED, bill to require bonds in (see bonds).

CONDITIONAL SALES, bill to regulate method of instalment payments on (see instalment).

CONDUCTOR BY RAILROAD COMPANIES, bill to promote safety of traveling public by regulating appointment of (see railroad).

CONDUITS, bill to amend section one and repeal section two of act relating to police power of cities of third class and boroughs with reference to electric light wires, by empowering municipalities to purchase or condemn (see wires).

CONEMAUGH VALLEY MEMORIAL HOSPITAL at City of Johnstown, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1097

Read in place in House by Mr. Moses, 94.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 94.

Reported with amendment, 2241.

First reading, 2337.

Second reading, 2414.

Third reading and final passage, 2782.

Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.

Signed by Speaker, 3476.

In Senate (No. 1021)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.

Reported without amendment, 2687.

First reading, 2710.

Second reading, 2916.

Third reading and final passage, 3086.

Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

CONEMAUGH VALLEY MEMORIAL HOSPITAL at City of Johnstown, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wertz, 223.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 223.

CONFECTIONERY is sold, bill to amend act to provide civil rights for all people regardless of race or color so as to include places where (see civil rights).

CONFECTIONERY UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS, to amend act relating to food by providing that articles of food containing sulphur dioxide or benzoate of soda may be used in manufacture of

Read in place in House by Mr. Abbott, 1048.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1048.

CONFERENCE WITH RESPECT TO TAXING OF OIL, gas and bituminous coal, joint resolution providing for issuing of invitation to neighboring States to (see taxing).

CONFIRMATION OF FINAL ACCOUNTS of executors and administrators, bill to regulate (see accounts).

CONNECTION OF TELEPHONE LINES and transmission of messages over lines of two or more companies, bill to regulate physical (see telephone).

CONNELL, ALEX. T., Member of Board of Registration Commissioners in and for City of Scranton, nominated, 26.

Reported, 404.

Confirmed, 405.

CONNELL, JOHN, Representative from Twenty-First District, Philadelphia County, 44.

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 622, relating to practice in Courts of Common Pleas where either party is a chartered corporation, 2088.

House Bill No. 777, relating to right to practice medicine and surgery and establishing Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure, 2108.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Joint resolution providing for appointment by Governor of commission to be known as Pennsylvania State Vaccination Commission, 1329.

Making appropriation to American Oncologic Hospital at Philadelphia, 172.

Making appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home and Maternity Hospital, Philadelphia, 1468.

Making appropriation to "The Philadelphia Home for Incurables," 172.

Providing for surrender of franchise of meadow companies, 361.

Relating to practice in Courts of Common Pleas where either party is a chartered corporation, 1184.

To amend act so as to further regulate the days and half-days to be observed as legal holidays, 95.

CONNELL, JOHN—Continued.

To amend act to restrain and regulate sale of liquors, 688.

To regulate the practice of Neuropathy in the State of Pennsylvania, 121.

Election of, 44.

Leave of absence asked for, 305, 527, 689, 777.

Motions by, to

Dispense with further reading of Journal, 389.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 285, to regulate practice of neuropathy in Pennsylvania, 1488

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Philadelphia for memorial to founders of public school system, 1212.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 285, to regulate practice of neuropathy, and to provide for establishment of State Board of Neuropathic Examiners, 1672, 1673.

House Bill No. 677, relating to right to practice medicine and surgery and establishing Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure, 2108.

House Bill No. 844, amending act giving certain privileges to incorporated cemetery and burial associations by regulating removal of bodies, sale of lots and enlargement of boundaries of grounds, 3354.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by, in reference to

Appointment of Pennsylvania State Vaccination Commission, 1239.

Holding Panama Exposition at New Orleans, 127.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

CONNELL, W. L., nominated as Member of Commission to Investigate and Report in the matter of surface support where anthracite coal has been removed or is to be removed, 1420.

Reported, 3265.

Confirmed, 3414.

CONNER, PATRICK, Representative from Twentieth District, Philadelphia County, 44.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Making appropriation to German Hospital of the City of Philadelphia, 134.

Making appropriation to Nazarene Home for Aged at Philadelphia, 209.

Bill reported by

No. 785

Regulating nominations and elections for municipal officers in cities of second class, 1757.

Election of, 44.

Leave of absence asked for, 1350.

Motion by, to

Postpone for present House Bill No. 707, providing for appeal from judgment of alderman or justice of the peace regardless of amount in controversy, 3228.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

CONNER, WILLIAM, Representative from Tenth District, Allegheny County, 42.

Acting Chairman of Committee of Whole House, 3003.

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 299, to provide that all legal notices now required to be published in weekly newspapers may be published in daily newspapers, 875.

House Bill No. 353, requiring railroads to properly man their trains, 1053.

House Bill No. 652, repealing so far as it affects borough of Rankin act to prohibit issuing of licenses in certain boroughs in Allegheny County, 1628.

Appointments of, on

Conference committee, 3487.

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85, 99.

Bills introduced by

Making appropriation to Braddock General Hospital, 124.

Making appropriation to Columbia Hospital, Wilkinsburg, 171.

Making appropriation to Ladies of Grand Army of the Republic Home Department at Hawkins Station, 253.

Making appropriation to State Highway Department for improving Turtle Creek, 315.

Making appropriation to Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, 104.

CONNER, WILLIAM—Continued.

Making it a felony for husband, father or mother to desert his wife or children, 115.

Repealing part of act prohibiting licenses to sell liquors in certain boroughs in Allegheny County as regards the Borough of Rankin, 111.

To authorize building and loan associations to grant loans to their members and stockholders in the order of application without bidding for same, 1282.

To confer power on Orphans' Courts when balance for distribution in an estate after debts are paid includes stocks, bonds and other securities, to make distribution of same to parties entitled thereto, 960.

To fix salary or compensation of crier of certain Courts in counties having between 1,000,000 and 1,500,000 inhabitants, 156.

To prohibit hospitals and other institutions receiving State aid from restricting pay patients in selection of physicians and surgeons not connected with said institutions, 1082.

Bills reported by

No. 101 (Senate Bill No. 447)

Providing for safety of persons employed in and about anthracite coal mines, 300.

No. 634 (Senate Bill No. 785)

Prohibiting hospitals and other institutions receiving State aid from restricting pay patients in selection of physicians not connected with said institution, 1350.

No. 1001 (Senate Bill No. 931)

Making appropriations to Western Pennsylvania Institute for Instruction of Deaf and Dumb, 2238.

No. 1003 (Senate Bill No. 933)

Making an appropriation to the Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic Home Department of Pennsylvania, at Hawkins Station, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, 2238.

No. 1004 (Senate Bill No. 934)

Making an appropriation to the Suburban General Hospital, of Bellevue, Allegheny County, Pa., 2238.

No. 1005 (Senate Bill No. 935)

Making an appropiation to the Allegheny General Hospital, of Pittsburg, North Side, Pennsylvania, 2238.

No. 1006 (Senate Bill No. 936)

Making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Western Pennsylvania, 2238.

No. 1007 (Senate Bill No. 937)

Making an appropriation to the Curtis Home for Destitute Women and Children of the City of Pittsburg, State of Pennsylvania, 2238.

No. 1008 (Senate Bill No. 938)

Making an appropriation to the Columbia Hospital Wilkinsburg, to be applied to maintenance and improvements, 2238.

No. 1231 (Senate Bill No. 1146)

Making appropriation to Braddock General Hospital of Borough of Braddock, 2244.

No. 1263 (Senate Bill No. 1211)

Making an appropriation to Temple University of Philadelphia, 3004.

No. 1366 (Senate Bill No. 493)

Giving additional protection to wild waterfowl of all kinds and limiting number of decoys that may be used by any one person at any one time, 3033.

Election of, 42.

Leave of absence asked for, 143.

Motions by, for

House to adhere to its non-concurrence in Senate amendments to House Bill No. 663, supplementary to act for government of cities of second class, 3486.

House to non-concur in Senate amendments to House Bill No. 176, supplement to act for government of cities of second class regulating traffic, 1302.

Motions by, to

Adopt resolution in reference to granting use of Hall of House to National Reform Association, 306.

Dispense with further reading of Journal, 115.

Drop from calendar House Bill No. 1244, regulating treatment of persons in places of detention awaiting trial, 3360.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 241, relating to desertion of wife or children by a husband, father or mother, 825.

CONNER, WILLIAM—Continued.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Allegheny County, against act changing age limit of boys working in glass factories, 959.

Citizens of Allegheny County, for Bible to be read in public schools, 414, 733.

Citizens of Wilkinsburg, against compulsory annexation, 959.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 315, to provide for better protection and preservation of game, game-quadrupeds and game birds, 887.

House Bill No. 634, prohibiting hospitals and other institutions receiving State aid from restricting pay patients in selection of physicians and surgeons not connected with said institutions, 2058, 2059.

House Bill No. 652, to repeal so far as it relates to borough of Rankin act prohibiting issuing of licenses to sell liquors in certain boroughs in Allegheny County, 1698.

House Bill No. 847, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania so as to consolidate courts of common pleas of Allegheny County, 2208.

Resolution offered by, in

Reference to use of Hall of House by National Reform Association, 157.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

CONRADE, GEORGE T., Representative from Third District, Philadelphia County, 44.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Making appropriation to Pennsylvania Seamen's Fund Society, 124.

Requiring in certain judicial districts that courts of common pleas be kept open for jury trials a certain period of each year, 590.

Requiring those engaged in business of conducting mercantile agency to first obtain a license, 960.

Bills reported by

No. 159 (Senate Bill No. 291)

Authorizing printing of additional copies of School Laws and Decisions, 415.

No. 691

Prohibiting health or accident insurance companies from providing in their policies that benefits or insurance shall be payable only when insured suffers from well-defined disease or where such person is confined to bed, 1480.

No. 867 (Senate Bill No. 458)

To provide for incorporation of fire and marine insurance companies, 1949.

No. 868 (Senate Bill No. 461)

Designating employes of Insurance Department and fixing their salaries, 1949.

Election of, 44.

Leave of absence asked for, 1048.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

CONSENT OF APPRENTICE'S PARENTS or legal guardians, bill to make it unlawful for any person to employ an apprentice without having obtained (see apprentices).

CONSOLIDATE COURTS OF COMMON PLEAS of Allegheny County, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania so as to (see Constitution).

CONSOLIDATED, bill to provide for payment of appropriations to corporations now or hereafter (see appropriations).

CONSOLIDATION OF BOROUGHS by directing court of quarter sessions upon petition to order election held upon subject, bill to amend act relating to (see boroughs).

CONSOLIDATION OF CITIES AND BOROUGHS to and with a larger city upon petition of such larger city, afer an election had upon the question, bill relating to annexation and (see cities).

CONSOLIDATION OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS, bill to promote (see schools).

CONSOLIDATION OF STREET RAILWAY and motor power companies, to provide for merger and

Senate Bill No. 296

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 665.
Referred to Commitee on City Passenger Railways, 665.
Reported without amendment, 667.
First reading, 712.
Second reading 771.
Third reading and final passage, 796.
Returned from House with amendments, 2217.
Concurred in House amendments, 2217.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2523.

In House (No. 466)

Referred to Committee on Electric Railways, 830.
Reported without amendment, 1027.
First reading, 1092.
Second reading, 1387.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 1753.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 1755.
Resumed and passed finally, 2249.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 2311.
Signed by Speaker, 2844.

Remarks on by

Shern, 2249.
Alter, 2249.
Ailman, 2249.

CONSOLIDATION shall not be approved except upon acceptance of certain acts, bill to amend act relating to water and water power companies by repealing provision that agreements of merger and (see water).

CONSPIRACIES TO CONTROL PRICES, bill to provide for punishment of (see trusts).

CONSTABLE, bill to amend tenth section of act relating to consolidation of boroughs by providing for biennial election of a high (see boroughs).

CONSTABLE IN TOWNSHIPS OF FIRST CLASS, bill to authorize election of additional (see townships).

CONSTABLES four years in cities of second and third class, bill to amend act relating to election of constables for three years, so as to make term of (see cities).

CONSTABLES IN BOROUGHS AND TOWNSHIPS and providing for reports by them of violations of law, to regulate the returns of

House Bill No. 571

Read in place in House by Mr. Mills, 1214.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 1214.
Reported without amendment, 1281.
First reading, 1410.
Second reading, 1525.
Third reading and final passage, 1943, 1944.

Remarks on, by

Dershem, 1943, 1944.
Mills, 1943, 1944.
Schofield, 1944.
Stein, 1944.
Wilson, 1944.
Knight, 1944.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1901.

CONSTABLES IN SERVICE OF SUMMONS issued by Aldermen and Justices of the Peace, to enlarge powers of

Senate Bill No. 31

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Homsher, 154.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 154.
Reported without amendment, 183.
First reading, 227.
Second reading, 246.
Third reading and final passage, 270.
Vote reconsidered on final passage and third reading and bill recommitted to Committee, 270.
Re-reported with amendment, 282.
Third reading and final passage, 344.
Returned from House without amendment, 611.
Signed by President, 663.
Concurrent resolution recalling bill from Governor, 832.
Resolution returned by House concurred in, 843.
Resolution approved by Governor, 905.
Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 905.

CONSTABLES IN SERVICE OF SUMMONS—Continued.

Resumed and amended, 1430.
Resumed and passed finally, 1437.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 1456.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1633.
Approved by Governor, 1798.

In House (No. 158)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 399.
Reported without amendment, 415.
First reading, 451.
Second reading, 576.
Third reading and final passage, 601.
Signed by Speaker, 697.
Resolution recalling bill from Governor concurred in, 857.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 1473.
House concurs in Senate amendments, 1473.
Signed by Speaker, 1677.

CONSTABLES REGULATING FEES of constables in certain cases, to amend act regulating fees to be charged and received by

Read in place in House by Mr. Rath, 736.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 736.

CONSTABLES REGULATING FEES to be charged by constables in certain cases to amend first section of act regulating fees to be charged by

Senate Bill No. 357

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Kline, 701.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 701.
Reported without amendment, 794.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 842.
Re-reported without amendment, 1545.
Second reading, 1635, 1636.
Third reading and final passage, 1713.

In House (No. 893)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1760.
Reported with amendment, 2053.
First reading, 2196.
Defeated on second reading, 2378, 2379.
Vote on second reading reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 2589.

Remarks on, by

Frey, 2379.
Rockwell, 2379.

CONSTABLES, to regulate fees to be charged by

House Bill No. 429

Read in place in House by Mr. Frey, 209.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 209.
Reported without amendment, 1015.
First reading, 1089.
Second reading and amended and dropped from calendar, 1370, 1371.

Remarks on, by

Rockwell, 1371.

CONSTITUTION allowing municipal or incorporated districts to increase their indebtedness, Joint Resolution proposing amendment to

Senate Bill No. 301.

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 455.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 456.
Reported without amendment, 671.
First reading, 712.
Second reading, 772.
Third reading and final passage, 797.

In House (No. 378)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 830.
Reported without amendment, 881.
First reading, 902.
Second reading and amended, 1058.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 1353, 1354.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 1402.
Resumed and reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 1402.
Resumed and recommitted to Committee, 1462, 1463, 1464.
Re-reported without amendment, 1610.
Resumed and postponed for present, 1835, 1836.
Resumed and defeated on final passage, 3610, 3611, 3612.

STITUTION—Continued.
marks on, by
Baldwin, Richard J., 1353, 1462, 1463, 3612.
Robinson, 1358, 3612.
Scott, Samuel B., 1353, 1463, 1464, 3610, 3611, 3612.
Roney, 1463, 1464, 3611, 3612.
Scott, John R. K., 1463, 1464, 3610, 3611, 3612.
Schofield, 1464.
Allen, 3611.
Howard, 3611.
Stein, 3611.

STITUTION, bill to enforce against railroad corporations provisions of section 5 of article 17 of (see railroad).

STITUTION granting to people right in initiative and referendum, Joint Resolution proposing amendment to

ouse Bill No. 758
Read in place in House by Mr. M. Clyde Kelly, 362.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 362.
Reported without amendment, 1695.
First reading, 1830.
Second reading, 2125, 2126.
Defeated on third reading, 3027, 3028.
Question of personal privilege raised on third reading vote, 3028.
Motion to reconsider vote on third reading indefinitely postponed, 3029.

emarks on, by
Kelly, M. Clyde, 3027, 3028.
Baldwin, G. A., 3028, 3029.

STITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA authorizing bond issue for improvement to highways, a joint resolution proposing amendment to article 9, section 4 of the

enate Bill No. 154
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Sproul, 243.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 243.
Reported without amendment, 373.
First reading, 413.
Second reading, 467.
Third reading and final passage, 495, 496.
Returned from House without amendment, 2471.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2524.

House (No. 708)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 584.
Reported without amendment, 1500.
First reading, 1619.
Second reading, 2105, 2106.
Third reading and final passage, 2489, 2490.
Signed by Speaker, 2588.

emarks on, by
Ailman, 2489.
Jones, E. E., 2489, 2490.
Williams, 2490.

STITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA be and the same is hereby proposed, joint resolution that the following amendment to the

enate Bill No. 605
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Powell, 1454.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1454.
Reported without amendment, 1706.
First reading, 1822.
Recommitted to Committee, 1915.

emarks on, by
Powell, 1915.
Keyser, 1915.
McNichol, 1915.
Fox, 1915.

STITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA, concurrent resolution (House) No. 3, by Shern, proposing an amendment to section twenty-six of article five of the, 172.
Resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 172.
Reported without amendment, 200.
Considered but not agreed to, 3496, 3497.

STITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA, Joint Resolution proposing amendment to

enate Bill No. 37
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Kline, 222.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 222.
Reported without amendment, 224.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 247.

CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.
Re-reported without amendment, 2524.
Second reading, 2665.
Third reading and final passage, 2886.
Returned from House without amendment, 3050.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3275.
Resolution recalling bill from Senate concurred in, 3409.

In House (No. 1360)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2948.
Reported without amendment, 3006.
First reading, 3007.
Second reading, 3015.
Third reading and final passage, 3203, 3204.
Signed by Speaker, 3496.
Concurrent resolution recalling bill from Senate, 3486.
Resolution returned by Senate concurred in, 3528.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill recommitted to Committee, 3528.

CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA, Joint resolution proposing amendment to section eight, article nine of the

House Bill No. 62
Read in place in House by Mr. Breitinger, 124.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 124.
Reported without amendment, 188.
First reading, 206.
Second reading, 235.
Third reading and final passage, 263, 264, 265.

Remarks on, by
Scott, Samuel B., 263.
Baldwin, Richard J., 263, 264, 265.
Shern, 264.
Dunn, Horace, B., 264.
Robinson, 265.

In Senate (No. 302)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 250.
Reported without amendment, 671.
First reading, 712.
Second reading, 772, 773.
Third reading and final passage, 797.

Remarks on, by
McIlhenny, 797.
McNichol, 797.

CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA, joint resolution proposing amendment to section 14, article 8, of the
Read in place in House by Mr. Freeman, 96.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 96.

CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA, Join Resolution proposing amendment to section one, article eight of the
Read in place in House by Mr. Carroll, 231.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 231.

CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA, Joint Resolution proposing amendment to section one, article eight of the
Read in place in House by Mr. Holland, 231.
Referred to Committee on Constitutional Reform, 231.

CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA, Joint Resolution proposing amendment to section 1, article 8 of the

Senate Bill No. 136
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Heacock, 223.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 223.
Reported without amendment, 282.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 359.

CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA, proclamation and vote for and against proposed amendments to
Presented to Senate, 10.
Presented to House, 53.
In Appendix, 3697.

CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA, regarding restriction of State debt, a joint resolution proposing amendment to section 4, article 9 of

Senate Bill No. 262
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 608.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 608.
Reported without amendment, 609.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 685.
Re-reported with amendment, 1417.
Second reading, 1442.
Recommitted to Committee, 1586.

CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA, regarding restriction of State debt, a joint resolution proposing amendment to section 4 of article 9 of

Senate Bill No. 321

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 706.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 706.
Reported without amendment, 707.
First reading, 774.
Second reading, 805.
Third reading and final passage, 911.

In House (No. 543)

Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 972.
Reported without amendment, 1212.
First reading, 1242.
Second reading, 1512.
Recommitted to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1610.

CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA relating to debt for public roads, a joint resolution proposing amendment to the

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Powell, 244.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 244.

CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA, relating to indebtedness of municipalities, a joint resolution proposing amendment to

Senate Bill No. 354

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 756.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 756.
Reported without amendment, 788.
First reading, 842.
Second reading, 918.
Third reading and final passage, 951.
Returned from House without amendment, 3305.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3403.

In House (No. 577)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 972.
Reported without amendment, 1303.
First reading, 1410.
Second reading, 1526.
Defeated on third reading, 1951.
Motion to reconsidere vote defeated, 2517.
Vote on third reading reconsidered, 2600.
Final passage, 3369.
Signed by Speaker, 3590.

Remarks on, by

Stein, 3369.
Robinson, V. Gilpin, 3369.

CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA, relating to election of judges, concurrent resolution (House) by John R. K. Scott proposing amendment to section 3 of article 8 of, 3214, 3215.

Resolution concurred in by Senate, 3283.
Returned by Senate, 3487.

CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA, relating to right to vote, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Tustin, proposing amendment to section one, article eight of the, 455

Resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 455.

CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA, relating to right to vote, joint resolution proposing amendments to section one, article eight of

Read in place in House by Mr. Fitzgerald, 472.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 472.

CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA, relating to State debt, joint resolution proposing amendment to section four, article nine of the

Senate Bill No. 331

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Thomson, 490.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 490.
Reported without amendment, 760.
Recommitted to Committee, 806.

CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA relating to taxation, joint resolution proposing amendment to section one, article nine of

House Bill No. 817

Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 735.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 735.
Reported without amendment, 1779.
First reading, 1833.
Second reading, 2146.

CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

Third reading and final passage, 3035.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3601.
Signed by Speaker, 3609.

In Senate (No. 1199)

Referred to Commitee on Judiciary Special, 3046.
Reported without amendment, 3120.
First reading, 3177.
Second reading, 3299.
Third reading and final passage, 3435.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3536.

CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA relating to terms of certain offices, to carry into complete operation certain amendments to the

House Bill No. 28

Read in place in House by Mr. Alter, 124.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 124.
Reported without amendment, 140.
First reading, 148.
Second reading and amended, 176, 177, 178.
Third reading and final passage, 196.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 398.
Signed by Speaker, 418.
Approved by Governor, 486.

Remarks on, by

Abbott, 177, 196.
Alter, 177.
Scott, Samuel B., 177, 178.
Rockwell, 177, 178.
Robinson, 177.
Howard, 178.
Baldwin, Richard J., 178.
Walnut, 196.

In Senate (No. 95)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 228.
Reported without amendment, 241.
First reading, 276.
Second reading, 296.
Third reading and final passage, 347, 348.
Signed by President, 404.

CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA, relating to uniformity of taxation and exemption from taxation of certain property, a joint resolution proposing an amendment to section one of article nine of the

House Bill No. 510

Read in place in House by Mr. Howard, 637.
Referred to Comittee on Ways and Means, 637.
Reported without amendment, 1081.
First reading, 1240.
Second reading, 1505.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1790.
Resumed and defeated on final passage, 1938.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 1943.

Remarks on, by

Robinson, V. Gilpin, 1790.

CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA so as to consolidate Courts of Common Pleas of Allegheny County, joint resolution proposing amendment to

Senate Bill No. 30

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 117.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 117.
Reported without amendment, 183.
First reading, 227.
Second reading, 246.
Third reading and amended, 270.
Final passage, 291.
Returned from House without amendment, 2288.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2523.

In House (No. 847)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 311.
Reported without amendment, 1947.
First reading, 1948.
Second reading, 2149.
Third reading and final passage, 2308.
Signed by Speaker, 2588.

Remarks on, by

Allen, 2308.
Conner, William, 2308.

CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA so as to permit General Assembly to fix salaries and hours of labor of employes of State or any civil division thereof, joint resolution proposing amendment to

Senate Bill No. 544

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 1419.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1419.
Reported without amendment, 1455.
First reading, 1607.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 1654, 1655.
Re-reported without amendment, 2216.
Third reading and final passage, 2269.

In House (No. 1272)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2312.
Reported without amendment, 2385.
First reading, 2515.
Second reading, 2561.
Dropped from calendar, 3484.

CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA so as to permit special legislation regulating labor, joint resolution proposing amendment to

House Bill No. 855

Read in place in House by Mr. Albert Davis, 1468.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1468.
Reported with amendment, 1948.
First reading, 2048.
Second reading, 2358, 2359.
Third reading and final passage, 2518, 2519.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2946.
Signed by Speaker, 3184.

Remarks on, by

Robinson, V. Gilpin, 2518.
Davis, Albert, 2518.
Maurer, 2518.

In Senate (No. 796)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2537.
Reported without amendment, 2538.
First reading, 2554.
Second reading, 2699.
Third reading and final passage, 2891.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3115.

Remarks on, by

Herbst, 2891.

CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA to eliminate payment of toll tax as qualification to vote, concurrent resolution (Senate) by McIlhenny, proposing amendment to, 700.
Resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 700.

CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA, to issue bonds for $50,000,000, petitions presented against amendment to (see petitions).

CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA, to provide for calling a convention to amend the
Read in place in House by Mr. Piper, 361.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 361.

CONSTITUTION OF PENNSYLVANIA, to provide for calling a convention to amend the
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Nulty, 339.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 339.

CONSTITUTION OF UNITED STATES, Congressional resolutions pertaining to proposed amendment to,
Presented to Senate, 9.
Read in Senate, 9.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 10.
Presented to House, 53.
Read in House, 53.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 54.

CONSTITUTION OF UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, joint resolution ratifying the sixteenth amendment to the

House Bill No. 712

Read in place in House by Mr. Benson, 156.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 156.
Reported without amendment, 1609.
First reading, 1827.
Second reading and amended,, 1945.
Third reading and final passage, 2316, 2317.

Remarks on, by

Benson, 2316.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2472.

CONSTITUTION, to prescribe time and manner of submitting to the people for their approval and ratification or rejection certain proposed amendments to

Senate Bill No. 760

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Kline, 2445.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2445.
Reported without amendment, 2456.
First reading, 2552.
Second reading, 2671, 2672.
Third reading and final passage, 2892.
Returned from House without amendment, 3406.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3540.

In House (No. 1341)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2948.
Reported without amendment, 2973.
First reading, 2973.
Second reading, 3024.
Third reading and final passage, 3499.
Signed by Speaker, 3510.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION, petitions presented against (see petitions).

CONSTRUCTION OF BUILDINGS and character of materials and of adjusting rights of owners in party walls, joint resolution for appointment of commission for purpose of investigating and reporting upon safe and proper (see buildings).

CONSUMER OF ELECTRICITY from knowingly having in his possession an electric meter that has been tampered with or prevented from duly registering, bill to punish any (see electrical).

CONTENTS, bill to provide for marking or labeling of food containers manufactured or sold for use in Pennsylvania so as to show net capacity and net weight or net measure of (see containers).

CONTAINERS manufactured or sold for use in Pennsylvania, to provide for marking or labeling of food

Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 884.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 884.

CONTAINERS OF FOOD, bill to regulate sale of food when sold by weight, measure or count, and to regulate marking or labeling of (see weights).

CONTAINERS USED FOR FOOD, to make certain regulations regarding

House Bill No. 198

Read in place in House by Mr. Knight, 303.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 303.
Reported without amendment, 565.
First reading, 603.
Second reading and amended, 736.
Third reading and postponed for present, 812.
Resumed on third reading and amended, 1347.
Defeated on final passage, 1466, 1467.
Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsidered, 1675.
Resumed on third reading and amended, 1675.
Final passage, 1835.

Remarks on, by

Baldwin, Richard J., 1466, 1467, 1835.
Knight, 1466, 1467, 1835.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 1805.

CONTAINERS USED IN TRANSPORTING COMMODITIES, to regulate the possession and return of,

Read in place in House by Mr. Knight, 96.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 96.

CONTAINERS WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT OF OWNERS thereof and to provide that delivery of same shall not constitute a sale thereof, bill to provide for registration and to prohibit use of bottles or (see registration).

CONTENTS thereof, to provide that all packages, bottles or other receptacles containing food shall be marked with true weight or measure of

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Nulty, 608.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 608.

CONTEST OF VALIDITY OF A WILL shall be instituted, to regulate time in which proceedings for (see wills).

CONTESTIBILITY OF AGREEMENTS, contracts and policies of fraternal insurance and beneficial societies and associations, bill regulating (see insurance).

CONTRACT and to regulate disposition of products of prison labor, bill to prohibit letting of prison labor by (see prison).

CONTRACT, bill to amend amended act relating to Department of Supplies in cities of the second class in regard to advertisement of (see cities).

CONTRACT, DEED or devise of land, where minerals are reserved, bill to determine effect of reservations in any (see minerals).

CONTRACT FOR ANY PUBLIC WORK, to provide for security to laborers and material men in a

House Bill No. 91
Read in place in House by Mr. Cleary, 171
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 171.
Reported without amendment, 251.
First reading, 321.
Second reading, 418, 419.
Third reading and postponed for present, 446.

CONTRACT FOR ANY PUBLIC WORK, to provide for security to laborers and material men in a

Read in place in Senate by Mr. DeWitt, 841.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 841.

CONTRACT FOR TRANSPORTATION, bill to provide that it shall be unlawful for any common carrier or express company to enter into any exclusive (see common carrier).

CONTRACTS AND POLICIES of fraternal, fraternal insurance and beneficial societies and associations, bill to regulate contestibility of agreements (see insurance).

CONTRACTS FOR LABOR AND MATERIALS, to amend act relating to rights and liabilities of parties to

House Bill No. 756
Read in place in House by Mr. Cumbler, 315.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 315.
Reported without amendment, 1747.
First reading, 1829.
Second reading, 2125.
Third reading and final passage, 3026, 3027.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3601.
Signed by Speaker, 3609.

In Senate (No. 1191)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 3046.
Reported without amendment, 3120.
First reading, 3176.
Second reading, 3299.
Third reading and final passage, 3432.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3536.

CONTRACTS FOR OFFICIAL ADVERTISING shall be made with one daily newspaper only, bill amending act relating to government of cities of second class by providing that (see cities).

CONTRACTS FOR SAID CITY, bill to amend act dividing cities of this State into three classes by authorizing councils to pass ordinances defining competency of workmen or laborers engaged on work under (see cities).

CONTRACTS FOR SALE AND EXCHANGE OF LANDS, tenements and hereditaments may be recorded, bill to prescribe conditions under which (see recorded).

CONTRACTS FOR WORK AND LABOR TO BE DONE, to amend, by providing for an amicable scire facias, act relating to rights and liabilities of parties to

House Bill No. 744
Read in place in House by Mr. Gibson, 141.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 141.
Reported without amendment, 1694.
First reading, 1828, 1829.
Second reading and amended, 2121, 2122.
Recommitted to Committee, 2473, 2474.
Re-reported with amendment, 2586.
Third reading and final passage, 3024, 3025.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3592.
Signed by Speaker, 3585, 3586.

In Senate (No. 1184)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 3045.
Reported with amendment, 3119.
First reading, 3176.
Second reading, 3293.
Third reading and final passage, 3416, 3417.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3538.

CONTRACTS FOR WORK AND MATERIALS by providing that the security to be given shall be a judgment bond, to amend act defining rights and liabilities of parties to

House Bill No. 570
Read in place in House by Mr. Rath, 717.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 717.
Reported without amendment, 1281.
First reading, 1410.
Second reading, 1525.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1943.

Remarks on, by
Robinson, 1943.

CONTRACTS IN TOWNSHIPS OF FIRST CLASS, supplement to act relating to townships providing for method of making (see townships).

CONTRACTS MADE BY FOREIGN CORPORATIONS, bill to validate under certain conditions (see corporations).

CONTROL OF BERTHS IN SLEEPING CARS and relative charges to be paid therefor, bill to provide for passenger's (see berths).

CONTROL OF TRAILERS or following cars by employes in leading or motor car, bill to require that proper appliances be used for (see railway).

CONTROL PRICES, bill to provide for punishment of conspiracies or trusts to (see trusts).

CONTROL RATES OF INSURANCE, bill to prevent fire insurance companies from entering into or maintaining trusts or agreements to (see insurance).

CONTROLLER AND ASSESSORS to board of revision in counties with between 150,000 and 1,000,000 inhabitants, bill to amend act relating to ordinary expenses of the government by adding the county (see counties).

CONTROLLER AND TREASURER in any county with between 150,000 and 250,000 inhabitants a Board having power to appoint depositories of county funds, bill to constitute the county commissioners, (see county).

CONTROLLER IN COUNTIES having over 100,000 inhabitants, bill to provide for election of a county (see counties).

CONTROLLERS AND COUNTY AUDITORS ineligible for re-election, bill to make county (see county).

CONTROLLERS IN COUNTIES containing between 300,000 and 1,000,000 inhabitants to appoint a solicitor, bill to repeal act authorizing county (see counties).

CONTROLLERS IN CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, bill to fix salaries of city (see cities).

CONTROLLERS IN CITIES, bill to regulate appointment or election of deputy (see cities).

CONTROLLERS IN COUNTIES with population between 800,000 and 1,400,000, bill to amend act authorizing controllers in counties with population between 300,000 and 1,000,000, to appoint solicitor, so as to make it apply to (see solicitor).

CONTROLLING STREAMS wholly or partly within their boundaries, bill to authorize counties with population between 80,000 and 1,400,000 to expend moneys in (see counties).

CONVENTION TO AMEND THE CONSTITUTION, bill to provide for calling a (see Constitution).

CONVERT TAXES levied in 1909 for a contemplated new school building, bill to authorize School Board of School District of Township of Wysox, Bradford County, to (see Wysox).

CONVEY AND MAKE TITLE TO CERTAIN REAL ESTATE, bill to enable corporations not authorized by law to hold real estate in Pennsylvania to (see corporations).

CONVEY SAME TO EACH OTHER without joinder of the other in deed or conveyance, bill to enable a married man or married woman owning any real estate to (see married).

CONVEYANCE OF LAND, bill relating to recording in office of recorder of deeds and other instruments and agreements for (see recording).

CONVEYANCE OF REAL ESTATE to her husband and to validate all such conveyances heretofore made, bill to authorize a married woman to make (see married).

CONVEYANCES MADE TO CORPORATIONS after Letters Patent are issued before recording of their charters, bill to validate (see corporations).

CONVEYANCES OF ANY REAL ESTATE in this Commonwealth made by any alien or foreign corporation since March 26, 1903, bill to confirm sale or (see corporation).

CONVEYANCES OF REAL ESTATE IN COUNTIES having population of 500,000 or less to be registered in office of County Commissioners before being recorded, bill to require all deeds and other (see counties).

CONVEYANCES OF REAL ESTATE IN COUNTIES with population not exceeding 400,000 excepting all townships of the first class, bill to provide for registration of (see counties).

CONVEYANCES OF REAL ESTATE IN TOWNSHIPS of first class in order to facilitate assessment of taxes, bill to repeal act to provide for registration of (see townships).

CONVICT TO ESCAPE PUNISHMENT, to prohibiting the assisting of any

Read in place in House by Mr. Schad, 231.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 232.
Reported without amendment, 415.
First reading, 451.
Second reading, 577.
Third reading and postponed for present, 603.
Resumed and amended, 925.
Final passage, 1155, 1156.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1958.
Signed by Speaker, 2049.
Approved by Governor, 2557.

In Senate (No. 575)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1174.
Reported without amendment, 1632.
First reading, 1745.
Second reading, 1818.
Third reading and final passage, 1903.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2005.

CONVICTED CRIMINALS on public work, bill to provide for employment of (see criminals).

CONVICTION had before magistrates, aldermen and justices of the peace, bill to provide for payment of costs in cases of summary (see costs).

CONVICTIONS UPON ANY CRIME committed by them, bill to prohibit in any legal proceeding the cross examination of witnesses concerning (see witnesses).

CONVICTS, bill amending, so as to restrict the exception of rape, act relating to release on probation of certain (see rape).

CONVICTS, bill making appopriation for State Hospital for Tubercular (see tubercular).

CONVICTS, further supplement to act relative to Berks County Prison and to discharge (see Berks).

CONVICTS, bill relating to release on probation or parole of certain (see parole).

COOKING UTENSILS, being the property of tenant, either of dwelling house, hotel or boarding house, except at public sale, bill relative to sale in bulk of the whole or a large part of household goods, furniture and (see sale).

COOPER for services as attorneys for Dairy and Food Commissioner, bill making appropriation to Carroll R. Williams, J. H. Shoemaker and A. Morton (see Dairy).

COOPER, HENRY, Senator from Fortieth District, Allegheny County, (part of).

Appointments of, on

Standing committees, 79, 80.

Bills introduced by

Amending act relating to sale of liquors as regards granting of license to applicant, 541.

Authorizing counties to purchase or condemn public toll bridges over certain streams, 150.

Providing for purchase or condemnation of real estate by boroughs for purpose of constructing wharves, landing places and docks, 1900.

Regulating purchase or condemnation of real estate by boroughs for purpose of constructing wharves, docks and landing places, 2202.

Election of, 3.

Motions by, to

Reconsider vote on Senate Bill No. 625, joint resolution for appointment of commission to investigate and report on constuction of buildings, 2445.

COOPER, HENRY—Continued.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Allegheny County for changes in State Roads, 1631.

United Presbyterian Church of Aspinwall against excise commission bill and brewers' and distillers' license bill, 3263.

United Presbyterian Church of Bellevue against excise commission bill and brewers' and distillers' license bill, 1545.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 71.

CO-PARTNERSHIP, bill to present any person from knowingly making a false statement concerning the affairs, pecuniary condition, property or shares of any (see statement).

COPIES FURNISHED BY CUSTODIAN OF PUBLIC RECORDS in State Library, bill to fix charges to be made for certificates and (see Public Records).

COPINGS OR OTHER ORNAMENTAL CONSTRUCTIONS in and above cemeteries and grave yards for contract price thereof of balance due thereon, bill to secure and perpetuate liens upon (see liens).

COPY OF TRANSCRIPT OF OFFICIAL STENOGRAPHER'S NOTES, bill relating to taxing as part of the cost in any action, suit or proceeding in civil courts a (see stenographer's).

COPYISTS IN OFFICE OF RECORDER OF DEEDS of counties having population of 1,000,000 or over, bill to amend, so as to make it apply to counties having population of 1,400,000 or over, act fixing salaries of (see counties).

CORNPLANTER INDIAN RESERVATION and the bridges on said road in Elk Township, Warren County, making appropriation to maintain public road through

Senate Bill No. 252

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Knapp, 374.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 374.
Reported without amendment, 607.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 684.

CORNPLANTER INDIAN RESERVATION in Elk Township, Warren County, making appropriation to maintain public road and bridges on said road through

House Bill No. 1088

Read in place in House by Mr. Schofield, 155.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 155.
Reported with amendment, 2240.
First reading, 2336.
Second reading, 2413.
Third reading and final passage, 2778, 2779.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.

In Senate (No. 1012)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.
Reported without amendment, 2687.
First reading, 2709.
Second reading, 2915.
Third reading and final passage, 3084.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

CORNPLANTER INDIANS OF WARREN COUNTY by increasing annual appropriation, bill to amend act making appropriation for schools among (see schools).

CORONER AND STENOGRAPHER IN COUNTIES having between 200,000 and 250,000 inhabitants, to provide for appointment of deputy

House Bill No. 791

Read in place in House by Mr. Shoemaker, 1481.
Referred to a Committee on Judiciary General, 1481.
Reported without amendment, 1758.
First reading, 1831.
Second reading and amended, 2133, 2134.
Third reading and final passage, 3033.

In Senate (No. 1170)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 3046.
Reported without amendment, 3118.
First reading, 3175.
Second reading, 3291.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 3412.

CORONER OF ANY COUNTY having population of one million or over, to fix the salary of the

House Bill No. 434
Read in place in House by Mr. Curry, 809.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 809.
Reported without amendment, 1016.
First reading, 1090.
Second reading and postponed for present, 1372.
Resumed and passed second reading, 1485.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1777.
Resumed and passed finally, 1836, 1837, 1838.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2570.
Signed by Speaker, 2845.

Remarks on, by
Scott, Samuel B., 1372, 1836, 1837.
Curry, 1372, 1836, 1837.
Roney, 1837, 1838.

In Senate (No. 676)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1805.
Reported without amendment, 2155.
First reading, 2213.
Second reading, 2282, 2283.
Third reading and final passage, 2457.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2653.

CORONER OR DEPUTY CORONER, to regulate inquests, hearings and other proceedings held by or before any

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Judson (by request), 2202.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2202.

CORONERS and the holding of post mortems, relating to

House Bill No. 697
Read in place in House by Mr. Shoemaker, 1481.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 1481.
Reported without amendment, 1499.
First reading, 1618.
Second reading, 2103, 2104.
Third reading and final passage, 2597, 2598.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3356.
Signed by Speaker, 3480.

In Senate (No. 1162)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2555.
Reported without amendment, 2894.
First reading, 2928.
Second reading, 3174.
Third reading and final passage, 3272.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3394.

CORONERS IN ALL COUNTIES whose population does not exceed 150,000 shall be paid a salary, to provide that the

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Sproul, 339.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 339.

CORONERS IN ALL COUNTIES with between 75,000 and 150,000 inhabitants shall be paid a salary which shall be in lieu of all fees, to provide that

Read in place in House by Mr. Schultz, 111.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 111.

CORPORATE SURETY may undertake in any single obligation, bill to regulate amount of liability a (see surety).

CORPORATION AND REVENUE LAWS, providing appropriation for payment of preparation, printing and distribution of the report of Commission on Revision of

(Section No. 13), House Bill No. 1
Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 51.
Special Committee appointed to consider bill, 52.
Reported without amendments, 52.
First reading, 52.
Special order for second reading, 52.
Second reading, 55.
Third reading, 62.
Final passage, 63.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 82.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 82.
Signed by Speaker, 85.
Partial veto by Governor, 93.
Governor's partial veto sustained, 94.

Remarks on, by
Dearden, 62, 63, 93.
Woodward, 63.

CORPORATION AND REVENUE LAWS—Continued.

In Senate (No. 1)
Special Committee appointed to consider bill, 57.
Reported without amendments, 61.
First reading, 62.
Recommitted to Special Committee, 62.
Re-reported as amended, 62.
Second reading, 65.
Third reading and final passage, 76.
Returned from House with amendments concurred in, 80.
Signed by President, 80.

CORPORATION AND REVENUE LAWS, reported of Joint Committee on Revision of
Presented to Senate, 76.
Presented to House, 92.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 92.
In Appendix, 3699.

CORPORATION and shall prescribe rights and powers of corporation formed by purchaser, to amend act relating to sale of certain corporations so that it shall apply also to sales and conveyances of material, rolling stock, property and franchises of any such

Senate Bill No. 681
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 2155.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2155.
Reported without amendment, 2168.
First reading, 2214.
Second reading, 2284, 2285.
Third reading and amended, 2459.
Over in its order, 2528.
Final passage, 2540, 2541.
Returned from House without amendment, 3407.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3539, 3540.

In House (No. 1292)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2718, 2719.
Reported without amendment, 2840.
First reading, 2954.
Second reading, 3023.
Third reading and final passage, 3485, 3486.
Signed by Speaker, 3610.

Remarks on, by
Henry, 3485.
Alter, 3485.
Robinson, V. Gilpin, 3485.

CORPORATION, bill relating to practice in Courts of Common Pleas of this Commonwealth where either party is a chartered (see practice).

CORPORATION, bill to prevent any person from knowingly making any false statement concerning the affairs, pecuniary condition, property or shares of any (see statement).

CORPORATION or corporations now or hereafter merged or consolidated, bill to provide for payment of appropriations to (see appropriations).

CORPORATION since March 26, 1903, to confirm sale or conveyances of any real estate in this Commonwealth made by any alien or foreign

House Bill No. 314.
Read in place in House by Mr. Campbell,
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General,
Reported without amendment, 733.
First reading, 781.
Second reading, 1359.
Third reading and final passage, 1492.

In Senate
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1550.

CORPORATION, to regulate compensation or salary to be paid to the directors, officers and superintendents of any
Read in place in House by Mr. Hilton, 361.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 361.

CORPORATION USING WATER shall take any new source of supply without approval of Water Supply Commission, bill to amend act relating to source of supply of water and water power companies by providing that no water or water power company, municipality nor any (see water).

CORPORATIONS AFTER LETTERS PATENT ARE ISSUED before the recording of their charters, to validate acts done or conveyances made by or to

Senate Bill No. 32
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McIlhenny, 130.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 130.

RPORATIONS AFTER LETTERS PATENT ARE ISSUED —Continued.
Reported without amendment, 183.
First reading, 227.
Second reading, 246.
Third reading and final passage, 270.
Returned by House without amendment, 564.
Signed by President, 663.
Approved by Governor, 702.

n House (No. 135)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 311.
Reported without amendment, 323.
First reading, 432.
Second reading, 438.
Third reading and final passage, 580.
Signed by Speaker, 697.

RPORATIONS and for incorporation of electric light, heat and power companies by giving to electric light, heat and power companies the right of eminent domain, bill to amend amended act providing for incorporation of certain (see electric).

RPORATIONS AND TO ESTATES held for corporate, religious and charitable uses by providing for management of funds and affairs of religious bodies, bill to amend amended act relating to (see religious).

RPORATIONS AND TO REVENUE until end of next session of Legislature, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Hunter, continuing Joint Committee appointed under resolution approved May 13, 1909, to investigate and report on laws relating to, 2175.
Resolution returned by House, 2211.
Concurred in by House, 2221.
Concurrent resolution recalling above resolution from Governor for amendment, 2616.
Returned by House, 2653.
Concurred in by House, 2786.
Approved by Governor, 3113.
Vote on passage of resolution reconsidered and resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 3113.

RPORATIONS AND TO REVENUE, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Sproul, continuing provisions of resolution approved May 13, 1909, for joint committee to investigate and report on laws relating to, 3113.
Resolution returned by House, 3279.
Concurred in by House, 3310.
Approved by Governor, 3540.
Appointment of members of joint committee, in Senate, 3540.

RPORATIONS any of the evidences of indebtedness of which are held by residents of this Commonwealth, bill to regulate reports for purposes of taxation by (see taxation).

RPORATIONS any part of capital stock or indebtedness of which is not taxable under laws of this Commonwealth, bill to regulate reports for purposes of taxation by (see taxation).

RPORATIONS, bill toamend act to aid Auditor General in collection of taxes due the Commonwealth from (see taxes).

RPORATIONS, bill to amend, by giving electric light, heat and power companies the right of eminent domain, amended act relating to certain (see electric).

RPORATIONS, bill to make uniform law of transfer of shares of stock in (see law).

RPORATIONS, bill to provide for report to Auditor General of stocks and dividends, and the principle and interest of bonds, notes, certificates and of all other kinds of indebtedness of (see deposits).

RPORATIONS, bill to raise revenue by subjecting to taxation certain real estate not heretofore taxable as such of certain public service (see taxation).

RPORATIONS, bill to validate certain charters issued by Governor to electric light companies for districts comprising two or more municipalities or townships under 34th section of act relating to incorporation of certain (see electric).

RPORATIONS by fixing number of viewers at three, to amend act relating to incorporation and regulation of certain
Senate Bill No. 234
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 403.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 403.
Reported without amendment, 540.
First reading, 634.
Second reading, 678, 679.

CORPORATIONS—Continued.
Third reading and final passage, 706.
Returned from House without amendment, 1548.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1633.
Approved by Governor, 2152.
In House (No. 386)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 749.
Reported without amendment, 881.
First reading, 902.
Second reading, 1059.
Third reading and final passage, 1473, 1474.
Signed by Speaker, 1677.

CORPORATIONS by further defining disqualification of certain persons to witness deeds and wills, bill to amend act relating to (see witness).

CORPORATIONS by modifying provisions requiring consent of stockholders to sale of real estate by manufacturing and certain other corporations, to amend act relating to incorporation of certain
House Bill No. 342
Read in place in House by Mr. Robinson, 567.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 567.
Reported without amendment, 735.
First reading, 782.
Second reading, 896, 897.
Third reading and final passage, 1294.
In Senate
Referred to Committee on Corporations, 1263, 1264.

CORPORATIONS by requiring water companies to furnish power for public purposes, bill to amend act relating to regulation of certain (see water).

CORPORATIONS FOR INSURANCE upon health and personal injury, bill to amend, by increasing powers of such corporations, act relating to (see insurance).

CORPORATIONS FOR RELIEF OF PAUPER injured or sick, bill to empower officers of poor districts to appropriate money to certain (see poor).

CORPORATIONS FORMED TO ESTABLISH HOSPITALS or other charitable institutions in which indigent persons are treated unless approval of Board of Public Charities is first produced, to prohibit incorporation by courts of common pleas of
House Bill No. 710
Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 1400.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1400.
Reported without amendment, 1609.
First reading, 1827.
Second reading, 2114.
Third reading and final passage, 2942.
In Senate
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2901.

CORPORATIONS FROM BECOMING SECURITY, to forbid certain domestic and foreign
Senate Bill No. 395
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 184.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 184.
Reported without amendment, 938.
First reading, 1012.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 1077.

CORPORATIONS HAVING CAPITAL STOCK, bills amending act to provide revenue by taxation by taxing all of property of (see taxation).

CORPORATIONS HAVING RIGHT TO RECEIVE DEPOSITS OF MONEYS and do banking business and which have failed to exercise their corporate privileges within certain time shall be proceeded against by quo warranto, bill to provide that (see banking).

CORPORATIONS HOLDING REAL ESTATE in this State, to make certain provisions in regard to foreign
Senate Bill No. 210
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Thomson, 222.
Referred to Committee on Corporations, 222.
Reported without amendment, 489.
First reading, 564.
Second reading, 632.
Third reading and final passage, 668.
In House (No. 454)
Referred to Committee on Corporations, 697.
Reported without amendment, 1026.
First reading, 1091.
Recommitted to Committee, 1200.

CORPORATIONS HOLDING REAL ESTATE—Continued
Re-reported from Committee, 2349.
Second reading, 2349.
Defeated on third reading, 3334.
Remarks on, by
Schad, 3334.
Alter, 3334.

CORPORATIONS INCORPORATED BY SUCH COURTS, to provide for report to Auditor General by prothonotaries of Courts of Common Pleas of
Senate Bill No. 268
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 608.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 608.
Reported without amendment, 609.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 686.
Re-reported with amendment, 1417.
Second reading, 1445.
Third reading and final passage, 1588.
Returned from House without amendment, 3117, 3118
Signed by President pro tempore, 3276.
In House (No. 829)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1678.
Reported without amendment, 1780.
First reading, 1834.
Second reading, 2149.
Third reading and final passage, 3231, 3232.
Signed by Speaker, 3495.

CORPORATIONS maintained for beneficial and protective purposes, except fraternal beneficial associations, to provide for examination of
House Bill No. 152
Read in place in House by Mr. McNichol, 361.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 361.
Reported without amendment, 415.
First reading, 450.
Second reading, 653, 654.
Third reading and final passage, 694.

CORPORATIONS, making State taxes, unpaid bonus, interest, penalties and all public accounts a first lien upon franchise and property of
Senate Bill No. 598
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wertz, 1067.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1067.
Reported without amendment, 1706.
First reading, 1822.
Second reading, 1908, 1909.
Third reading and final passage, 2002.
Returned from House without amendment, 2554.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2601.
In House (No. 890)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2025.
Reported without amendment, 2053.
First reading, 2054.
Second reading, 2369.
Special order for consideration, 2569.
Third reading and final passage, 2589, 2590.
Signed by Speaker, 2844.

CORPORATIONS may hold and convey the title to certain real estate in so far as they relate to banking companies, to revive act to extend the time during which
House Bill No. 833
Read in place in House by Mr. Steese, 155.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 155.
Reported with amendment, 1947.
First reading, 2046.
Second reading and amended, 2353.
Special order for consideration, 3227.
Third reading and final passage, 3258, 3259.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3592.
Signed by Speaker, 3608.
In Senate (No. 1250)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 3180.
Reported without amendment, 3181.
First reading, 3181.
Second reading, 3304.
Third reading and final passage, 3438.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3536.

CORPORATIONS NOT AUTHORIZED BY LAW to hold r estate in Pennsylvania to convey and make title certain real estate, to enable
House Bill No. 139
Read in place in House by Mr. Boyd, 302.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 302.
Reported without amendment, 323.
First reading, 432.
Second reading, 440.
Third reading and final passage, 580, 581.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2947.
Signed by Speaker, 3182.
In Senate (No. 776)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 564.
Reported without amendment, 2525.
First reading, 2552.
Second reading, 2695.
Third reading and final passage, 2897.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3114.

CORPORATIONS NOT AUTHORIZED TO HOLD REAL E TATE in Pennsylvania, bill to quiet title of real e tate and to convey to others title to real esta formerly held by (see title).

CORPORATIONS organized under general or special law bill to authorize acquisition at cost of Commo wealth for use of the respective counties of certa bridges erected by (see bridges).

CORPORATIONS OR JOINT STOCK or other associatio among those who may be compelled to testify in a civil proceeding, bill to amend act relating to co petency of witnesses so as to include directors other officers of (see testify).

CORPORATIONS PROVIDING FOR INCORPORATION O TRUSTEES under any will creating a trust for ben fit of people of any incorporated city for advanc ment of learning, science, music or art, supplem to act regarding (see city).

CORPORATIONS, registration thereof and services of pr cess thereon, to regulate doing of business in th Commonwealth by
Read in place in House by Mr. Alter, 1184.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1184.

CORPORATIONS, registration thereof and service of proce thereon, to regulate the doing of business in th Commonwealth of foreign
House Bill No. 608
Read in place in House by Mr. Shreve, 1329.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1329.
Reported without amendment, 1340.
First reading, 1412.
Second reading, 1534.
Third reading and final passage, 2018, 2019.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3372.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3372, 3373.
Concurrent resolution recalling bill from Governo 3487.
Resolution returned by Senate concurred in, 3527.
Resolution approved by Governor, 3531.
Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsid ered and bill amended and passed finally, 3531, 353
Returned from Senate with House amendments con curred in, 3580.
Signed by Speaker, 3609.
In Senate (No. 775)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2014.
Reported with amendment, 2525.
First reading, 2552.
Second reading and amended, 2695.
Over in its order, 2897.
Third reading and amended, 3145, 3146.
Over in its order, 3264.
Final passage, 3288.
Returned from House with Senate amendments con curred in, 3378, 3379.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3394.
Concurred in resolution recalling bill from Governor 3407.
Returned from House with amendments, 3436.
Concurred in House amendments, 3436.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3536.

CORPORATIONS SHALL ANNUALLY PAY A TAX of four mills on each dollar of value of bonds, mortgages and other securities, bill to provide increased revenue by providing that (see tax).

CORPORATIONS SHALL BE SUBJECT TO TAXATION in cities of second class, bill to provide that all real estate of (see cities).

CORPORATIONS so as to compel water and water power companies to furnish power for public purposes, bill to further amend act relating to (see water).

CORPORATIONS, suppplement and amendment to act relating to incorporation of certain (see building and loan associations).

CORPORATIONS, supplement, authorizing the insertion of certain provisions in charters of corporations for support of public worship, to act providing for incorporation and regulation of certain

Senate Bill No. 17
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 117.
Referred to Committee on Corporations, 117.
Reported without amendment, 149.
First reading, 170.
Second reading, 185.
Third reading and final passage, 226.
Returned from House without amendment, 1804.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1855.
Approved by Governor, 2153.

In House (No. 475)
Referred to Committee on Corporations, 254.
Reported without amendment, 1027.
First reading, 1092.
Second reading, 1388.
Third reading and final passage, 1761, 1762.
Signed by Speaker, 2050.

CORPORATIONS, supplement, regulating electric light heat and power companies which are near boundary between this and any adjoining State, to amended act providing for incorporation and regulation of certain (see electric).

CORPORATIONS, supplement to act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Snyder, 130.
Referred to Committee on Corporations, 130.

CORPORATIONS, to amend act relating to commencement of actions by extending its provisions to foreign

House Bill No. 282
Read in place in House by Mr. Roney, 591.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 591.
Reported without amendment, 715.
First reading, 751.
Second reading, 1050.
Third reading and final passage, 1296.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2947.
Signed by Speaker, 3183.

In Senate (No. 784)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1263.
Reported without amendment, 2525.
First reading, 2553.
Second reading, 2696.
Third reading and final passage, 2899.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3114.

CORPORATIONS TO BE CERTIFIED and licenses agents to solicit risks in this Commonwealth, bill amending section 11 of act establishing an Insurance Department so as to permit (see insurance).

CORPORATIONS TO HOLD AND CONVEY REAL ESTATE formerly held by corporations not authorized to hold same, bill to quiet title of real estate and to enable (see title).

CORPORATIONS, to make State taxes, unpaid bonus on capital stock and penalties a first lien upon franchises and property of

Senate Bill No. 350
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wertz, 454.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 454.
Reported without amendment, 788.
First reading, 842.
Second reading, 917.
Recommitted to Committee, 951.
Re-reported without amendment, 1253.
Third reading and final passage, 1320, 1321.

In House (No. 689)
Refered to Committee on Judicary Special, 1342.
Reported without amendment, 1470.
First reading, 1502.
Second reading, 2102.
Recommitted to Committee, 2473.
Special order for consideration, 2569.

CORPORATIONS TO NOTIFY AUDITOR GENERAL and to read at such sale certificate to be furnished by him relative to liens for State taxes, bonus and other public accounts, to require sheriffs, receivers, trustees and other officers having charge of sale of property or franchises of

House Bill No. 624
Read in place in House by Mr. Howard, 1304.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 1304.
Reported without amendment, 1340.
First reading, 1413.
Second reading, 1537.
Third reading and final passage, 2027, 2028.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2947.
Signed by Speaker, 3183.

In Senate (No. 779)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2155.
Reported without amendment, 2525.
First reading, 2553.
Second reading, 2696.
Third reading and final passage, 2898.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3115.

CORPORATIONS, to regulate foreign

Senate Bill No. 272
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 608.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 608.
Reported without amendment, 609.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 686.
Re-reported with amendment, 1417.
Second reading, 1445, 1446, 1447, 1448.
Third reading and amended, 1588.
Over in its order, 1657.
Final passage, 1710, 1711, 1712.

In House
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1760.

CORPORATIONS, to regulate transaction of business by foreign fraternal beneficiary
Read in place in House by Mr. Cumbler, 1082.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1082.

CORPORATIONS, to validate under certain conditions contracts made by foreign

Senate Bill No. 271
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 608.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 608.
Reported without amendment, 609.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 686.
Re-reported without amendment, 1417.
Second reading, 1445.
Third reading and amended, 1588.
Over in its order, 1657.
Final passage, 1709.

In House
Referred to Commitee on Judiciary General, 1760.

CORPORATIONS under supervision of Commissioner of Banking, to provide for liquidation, distribution of assets and dissolution of

Senate Bill No. 596
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 1418.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1418.
Reported without amendment, 1706.
First reading, 1821, 1822.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 1908.
Re-reported with amendment, 2524.
Resumed and passed second reading, 2666, 2667.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 2890.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill passed finally, 2895, 2896.
Returned from House with amendments, 3406.
Concurred in House amendments, 3406.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3539.

Remarks on, by
McNichol, 2895.
Tustin, 2895, 2896.
Fox, 2896.
Wilbert, 2896.

In House (No. 1340)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2948.
Reported without amendment, 2973.
First reading, 2973.
Second reading, 3023.
Recommitted to Committee on Judiciary General, 3214.

CORPORATIONS—Continued.
Re-reported with amendment, 3228.
Third reading and final passage, 3498, 3499.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 3591.
Signed by Speaker, 3610.
Remarks on, by
Schofield, 3498.
Scott, John R. K., 3498.

CORPORATIONS UPON BOND in which they have become surety, relating to suits against
House Bill No. 217
Read in place in House by Mr. Steese, 140.
Referred to Committee on Judicary General, 140.
Reported without amendment, 566.
First reading, 604.
Dropped from calendar, 740.

CORPORATIONS UPON BONDS in which they have become surety, relating to suits against
Senate Bill No. 97
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Manbeck, 130.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 130.
Reported without amendment, 241.
First reading, 276.
Second reading, 296.
Third reading and final passage, 348.
Returned from House without amendment, 632.
Signed by President, 663.
Approved by Governor, 905.
In House (No. 170)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 399.
Reported without amendment, 435.
First reading, 585.
Second reading, 591.
Third reading and final passage, 644.
Signed by Speaker, 697.

CORPORATIONS whose affairs have been wound up to satisfy mortgages, bill to permit building associations or other (see mortgages).

CORPORATIONS TO OWN REAL ESTATE in this Commonwealth necessary for their corporate purposes to authorize foreign
Senate Bill No. 265
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 608.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 608.
Reported without amendment, 609.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 686.
Re-reported with amendment, 1417.
Second reading, 1443, 1444.
Third reading and final passage, 1587.
In House (No. 872)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1678.
Reported with amendment, 1949.
First reading, 2049.
Second reading, 2367, 2368, 2369.
Defeated on third reading, 3352, 3353.

CORPOREAL REAL ESTATE to collect specific taxes in respect of all advertising displayed from such real estate, bill to require all authorities levying taxes on (see taxes).

CORRY HOSPITAL OF THE CITY OF CORRY, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1174
Read in place in House by Mr. Wilson, 156.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 156.
Reported with amendment, 2243.
First reading, 2340.
Second reading, 2425.
Third reading and final passage, 2807.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.
In Senate (No. 1093)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2662.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2713.
Second reading, 2920.
Third reading and final passage, 3100.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

CORYELL, JAMES B., Brigadier General of National Guard of Pennsylvania, nominated, 27.
Reported, 940.
Confirmed, 956.

COST OF COUNTY BRIDGES OVER STREAMS which form boundary line between two counties, bill to amend act relating to roads, highways and bridges by providing for (see bridges).

COST OF MAINTENANCE OF PUBLIC LAMPS in townships of first class, bill relating to (see townships).

COST OF STREET PAVING IN BOROUGHS, supplement, regarding petitions, to act relating to (see boroughs).

COST OF VISITATION OF SUCH MINORS, supplementary to act providing for method of commitment of minors and (see minors).

COST thereof by Commonwealth, bill to provide for laying out of inter-township or county highways and for the payment of a portion of (see highways)

COST which may be assessed against abutting property when property on one side of street is exempt from assessment, bill to amend act relating to street paving in boroughs by fixing a different portion of (see boroughs).

COSTELLO, P. W., Member of Board of Registration Commissioners in and for City of Scranton, nominated, 26.
Reported, 404.
Confirmed, 405.

COSTS, bill to make properties benefited by certain street improvements in any borough liable for the (see borough).

COSTS, bill to permit juries in cases of felony to direct imposition of (see felony).

COSTS, damages and expenses of municipal improvements, bill to authorize assessment and collection of (see improvements).

COSTS IN ALL CASES TRIED IN JUVENILE COURT, to provide for disposition and payment of
House Bill No. 903
Read in place in House by Mr. Hilton, 208.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 208.
Reported without amendment, 2184.
First reading, 2383.
Second reading, 2508, 2509.
Third reading and final passage, 2882.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3356.
Signed by Speaker, 3480.
In Senate (No. 1164)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2655.
Reported without amendment, 2895.
First reading, 2928.
Second reading, 3174.
Third reading and final passage, 3272.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3394.

COSTS IN CASES OF SUMMARY CONVICTION had before magistrates, aldermen and justices of the peace, to provide for payment of
House bill No. 723
Read in place in House by Mr. Ulerich, 960.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 960.
Reported without amendment, 1609.
First reading, 1827.
Second reading, 2117.
Third reading and final passage, 3024.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3528.
Signed by Speaker, 3586.
In Senate (No. 1171)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 3045.
Reported without amendment, 3118.
First reading, 3175.
Second reading, 3291.
Third reading and final passage, 3412.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3537.

COSTS IN CERTAIN PETTY CASES and to dispose of costs on discharge of defendant for want of sufficient evidence, to authorize justices of the peace, aldermen, magistrates or other officers to require informant to file bond to cover
House Bill No. 164
Read in place in House by Mr. Meyer, 361.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 361.
Reported without amendment, 415.

COSTS IN CERTAIN PETTY CASES—Continued.
First reading, 451.
Second reading, 576.
Third reading and postponed for present, 602.
Resumed and passed finally, 642.
In Senate
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 632, 633.

COSTS IN ILL-FOUNDED CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS, to make prosecutors liable for
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Homsher, 701.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 701.

COSTS IN SUITS before aldermen and justices of the peace, to amend amended act relating to
House Bill No. 581
Read in place in House by Mr. Wallace, 123.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 123.
Reported without amendment, 1303.
First reading, 1410, 1411.
Second reading, 1527.
Third reading and final passage, 1952.
In Senate
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1964.

COSTS IN TRESPASS CLAIMS OR SUITS IN ANY NATURE, to relieve the person charged with tort or wrong from (see trespass).

COSTS OF APPEAL IN CERTAIN MURDER CASES, to provide for payment of
House Bill No. 94.
Read in place in House by Mr. Abbott, 171.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 171.
Reported without amendment, 251.
First reading, 321.
Second reading and amended, 329, 330.
Third reading and final passage, 396.
Returned from Senate with amendment 2213.
Concurred in Senate amendment, 2213.
Signed by Speaker,
In Senate (No. 635)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 389.
Reported with amendment, 1854.
First reading, 2012.
Second reading, 2178.
Third reading and final passage, 2207.
Returned from House with Senate amendment concurred in, 2440.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2523.

COSTS OF PLEADINGS IN CIVIL COURTS of Common Pleas, bill to provide for payment of (see pleadings).

COSTS OF PROCEEDINGS in case of violation of ordinances, to provide for payment of
House Bill No. 137
Read in place in House by Mr. Kelsey, 315.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Towwnships, 315.
Reported with amendment, 323.
First reading, 432.
Second reading, 440.
Third reading and final passage, 580.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3355.
Signed by Speaker, 3481.
In Senate (No. 822)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 564.
Reported without amendment, 2604.
First reading, 2927.
Second reading, 3155.
Third reading and final passage, 3269.
Signed by President pro tempore,

COSTS OF PROCEEDINGS in case of violation of ordinances, to provide for payment of
Senate Bill No. 274
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Hall, 268.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 268.
Reported without amendment, 664.
First reading, 711.
Second reading, 763.
Third reading and final passage, 792.
In House
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 830.

COSTS OF RECONSTRUCTION OF A COUNTY BRIDGE, bill to require the Commonwealth to pay one-half of the (see bridge).

COSTS OF STREET PAVING IN TOWNSHIPS of the first class where said improvement has been petitioned for by a majority of the owners in interest, bill to provide for collection of (see townships).

COSTS thereof, to make properties peculiarly benefited by certain municipal improvements heretofore made liable for
House Bill No. 820
Read in place in House by Mr. Rebert, 1082.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1082.
Reported without amendment, 1779.
First reading, 1833.
Second reading, 2146.

COSTS TO BE PAID TO THE SHERIFF of Warren County for conveying prisoners to the penitentiary, bill to repeal act fixing (see sheriff).

COSTS UPON PROPER COUNTY IN PROCEEDINGS for commitment of an alleged insane person, bill to permit in certain cases imposition of (see insane).

COSTS when a person charged with a crime is discharged by a magistrate, alderman or justice of the peace, to regulate the payment of
House Bill No. 753
Read in place in House by Mr. Donnally, 134.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 134.
Reported without amendment, 1695.
First reading, 1829.
Second reading, 2124, 2125.
Third reading and final passage, 3028.
In Senate (No. 1193)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 3046.
Reported without amendment, 3120.
First reading, 3176, 3177.
Second reading and postponed for present, 3299.

COTTAGE STATE HOSPITAL AT CONNELLSVILLE, making appropriation to Trustees of
House Bill No. 1022
Read in place in House by Mr. Carroll, 188.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 188.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2333.
Second reading, 2403.
Third reading and final passage, 2757, 2758.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3471.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3471, 3472.
Signed by Speaker,
In Senate (No. 952)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2685.
First reading, 2706.
Second reading, 2911.
Third reading and amended, 3073.
Over in its order, 3265.
Final passage, 3289.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3380.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

COTTAGE STATE HOSPITAL AT CONNELLSVILLE, making appropriation to Trustees of
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Crow, 166.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 166.

COTTAGE STATE HOSPITAL, PHILLIPSBURG, Centre County, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 962
Read in place in House by Mr. Meyer, 210.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 210.
Reported with amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2330.
Second reading, 2394.
Third reading and final passage, 2737.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.
In Senate (No. 892)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2684.
First reading, 2704.
Second reading, 2907.
Third reading and final passage, 3062, 3063.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

COTTON, bill to regulate sale of fabrics containing wool or (see sale).

House Bill No. 852

Read in place in House by Mr. Breitinger, 109.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 109.
Reported with amendment, 1948.
First reading, 2048.
Second reading and amended, 2356.

COUNCIL, bill amending and supplementing act for government of cities of second class by abolishing present select and common councils and creating new body to be known as the (see cities).

COUNCIL, bill to amend act relating to government of cities of second class by providing for abolishing present select and common councils and creating new body to be known as the (see cities).

COUNCIL IN BOROUGHS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH, bill to fix term of the members of (see boroughs).

COUNCIL IN CITIES OF SECOND CLASS, bill to regulate terms of office of members of (see cities).

COUNCIL shall be four years, bill to amend act authorizing burgess and town council of Wellsboro, Tioga County, to levy taxes, borrow money and regulate election of borough council providing that the term of office of (see Wellsboro).

COUNCILMEN IN BOROUGHS, bill to provide for election of (see boroughs).

COUNCILS IN CITIES, bill to fix terms of mayors and member of (see cities).

COUNCILS of said cities, bill to amend supplementary act to act relating to government of cities of the third class in regard to certain powers of (see cities).

COUNCILS, supplement to act for government of cities of second class regulating proof of passage of Legislative Acts of (see cities).

COUNSEL FEES FOR GARNISHEE'S ATTORNEYS in attachment or attachment execution issued by a magistrate, bill to provide for (see attachment).

COUNSEL for either party shall be related to the judge, bill to prohibit any judge of certain courts from hearing a cause or matter wherein the (see judges).

COUNSEL, to advise them in their official capacity, bill to authorize county auditors to employ (see attorney-at-law).

COUNTIES, bill to amend act increasing salaries of tipstaves in courts of counties of not less than 500,000 inhabitants by changing limit of population of such (see tipstaves).

COUNTIES, bill to authorize appointment by County Commissioners of the assessor in each legislative district and of three assessors from county at large in certain (see assessor).

COUNTIES, bill to authorize Commonwealth to build bridges over certain rivers in lieu of (see bridges).

COUNTIES, bill to authorize erection of workhouses jointly by two or more (see workhouses).

COUNTIES, bill to provide for association of township commissioners and township surveyors in the different (see association).

COUNTIES, bill to provide for control and management of jails and prisons and for appointment of Boards of Prison Inspectors in the several (see Boards).

COUNTIES by extending limit of population to counties with between 300,000 and 1,200,000, bill to amend act relating to juvenile court schools for male children in certain (see schools).

COUNTIES FOR ADVANCEMENTS FOR PAYMENT OF SERVICES performed under certain acts, making an appropriation by the State to reimburse the several

Read in place in House by Mr. Mills, 111.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 111.

COUNTIES FOR MONIES PAID TO COUNTY AGRICULTURAL ASSOCIATIONS, bill making an appropriation to reimburse certain (see Agricultural)

COUNTIES FOR MONIES PAID UNDER PROVISIONS OF ACT creating a reward for destruction for certain noxious animals killed within Pennsylvania, bill making appropriation to reimburse (see animals).

COUNTIES having between 75,000 and 150,000 inhabitants, bill to provide that coroners shall be paid a salary which shall be in lieu of all fees in (see coroners).

COUNTIES having between 90,000 and 150,000 inhabitants, bill to regulate compensation of court criers and tipstaves in (see compensation).

COUNTIES having between 100,000 and 250,000 inhabitants and providing for commission to grant license in such counties, bill to regulate sale of liquors in (see liquors).

COUNTIES having between 150,000 and 225,000 inhabitants Board for the Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and county purposes, to establish in

Senate Bill No. 276

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Thompson, 290.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 290.
Reported without amendment, 664.
First reading, 711.
Second reading, 763.
Over in its order, 792, 834, 908.
Third reading and amended, 946.
Over in its order, 996.
Final passage, 1070.

In House (No. 517)

Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 1097.
Reported with amendment, 1115.
First reading, 1240, 1241.
Second reading and amended, 1483, 1484.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1771, 1772.
Resumed and defeated on final passage, 2060, 2061, 2062
Motion to reconsider vote defeated, 2187.

Remarks on, by

Brennan, 2061.
Hess, 2061, 2062.
Williams, 2062.

COUNTIES having between 150,000 and 500,000 inhabitants bill to provide for appointment of Special Detective Officer and Asistant Special Detective Officers in (see detective).

COUNTIES having between 150,000 and 1,000,000 inhabitants to amend act relating to ordinary expenses of the government by adding county controller and assessors to board of revision in

House Bill No. 223

Read in place in House by Mr. Hobbs, 315.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 315.
Reported without amendment, 589.
First reading, 638.
Second reading, 742.
Third reading and final passage, 820.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 2933.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 2933, 2934.
Signed by Speaker, 3182.

In Senate (No. 740)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 837.
Reported with amendment, 2265.
First reading, 2470.
Second reading, 2550.
Third reading and final passage, 2616.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 2902.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3115.

COUNTIES having between 200,000 and 250,000 population, bill to provide for appointment of deputy coroner and stenographer in (see coroner).

COUNTIES having between 200,000 and 325,000 inhabitants, bill to authorize appointment by county commissioner of one assessor in each legislative district and three assessors from county at large in (see assessor).

COUNTIES having between 200,000 and 1,000,000 inhabitants, bill to appoint fees for prothonotaries of Courts of Common Pleas in (see prothonotaries).

COUNTIES having between 250,000 and 500,000 inhabitants, bill to regulate pay of election officers in all (see election).

COUNTIES having between 300,000 and 500,000 inhabitants, bill to provide for appointment of special detective officers in (see detective).

COUNTIES having between 300,000 and 750,000 inhabitants, bill to fix salary of the District Attorney and provide for appointment of Assistant District Attorney in (see District Attorney).

COUNTIES having between 300,000 and 750,000 inhabitants, bill to provide for appointment of assistant district attorneys in (see district attorneys).

COUNTIES having between 300,000 and 800,000 inhabitants a Board for Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and County purposes, to establish in

Read in place in House by Mr. Shadrach, 1457.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 1457.

COUNTIES having between 300,000 and 800,000 inhabitants of special detective officer and assistant special detective officers, bill to provide for appointment by District Attorney in (see detective).

COUNTIES having between 300,000 and 1,000,000 inhabitants a Board for Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and County purposes, to repeal act to establish in

House Bill No. 229

Read in place in House by Mr. Shannon, 416.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 417.
Reported without amendment, 589.
First reading, 639.
Second reading, 850.
Postponed for the present, 1095.
Resumed on third reading and passed finally, 1289.

Remarks on, by

Shannon, 1289.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Election, 1262.

COUNTIES having between 300,000 and 1,000,000 inhabitants, to amend, so as to make it apply to counties having a population between 800,000 and 1,400,000, act relating to Board for the Assessment and the Revision of Taxes for State and County purposes in

Read in place in House by Mr. Schad, 123.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 123.

COUNTIES having between 300,000 and 1,000,000 inhabitants to appoint a solicitor, to repeal act empowering county controllers in

Read in place in House by Mr. Shannon, 1358.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1358.

COUNTIES having between 300,000 and 1,000,000 inhabitants, bill to provide for appointment of deputy prothonotaries in (see prothonotaries).

COUNTIES having between 500,000 and 1,000,000 inhabitants, to amend act relating to Board for Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and Cuonty purposes in counties with population between 300,000 and 1,000,000 so as to make it apply to

Read in place in House by Mr. Shannon, 172.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 172.

COUNTIES having between 750,000 and 1,200,000 inhabitants, bill in relation to appointment and salaries of deputy sheriffs on duty in court rooms of courts of oyer and terminer and quarter sessions of the peace in (see sheriffs).

COUNTIES having between 750,000 and 1,200,000 inhabitants, bill relating to appointment and salaries of clerks of Court of Common Pleas in (see clerks).

COUNTIES having between 750,000 and 1,200,000 inhabitants, bill to regulate the issue of bonds for maintenance of schools for male children under jurisdiction of juvenile courts, by amending act requiring such schools in (see bonds).

COUNTIES having between 750,000 and 1,250,000 inhabitants, bill to create a Board of Mercantile Appraisers in (see mercantile).

COUNTIES having between 800,000 and 1,400,000 inhabitants, a Board for Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and County purposes, to establish in

House Bill No. 141

Read in place in House by Mr. Schad, 324.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 324.
Reported without amendment, 323, 324.
First reading, 432.
Second reading, 440, 441.
Third reading and postponed for present, 581.
Resumed and passed finally, 640, 641.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 2937.
Concurred in Senate amendements, 2937, 2938.
Signed by Speaker, 3182.

Remarks on, by

Williams, 640, 641.
Schad, 641.
Shern, 641.
Scott, John R, K., 641.

COUNTIES—Continued.

In Senate (No. 429)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 632.
Reported without amendment, 1099.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 1180.
Re-reported without amendment, 1854.
Second reading and amended, 2007, 2008.
Recommitted to Committee, 2169.
Re-reported with amendment, 2264.
Third reading and amended, 2445, 2446.
Over in its order, 2527.

Final passage, 2604.

Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 2902.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3115.

COUNTIES having between 800,000 and 1,400,000 inhabitants of registry assessors and assessors in case of vacancy, bill to provide for appointment by county commissioner in (see assessors).

COUNTIES having between 800,000 and 1,400,000 inhabitants, bill to amend act authorizing county controllers in counties having population of from 300,000 to 1,000,000 to appoint a solicitor so as to make it apply to (see solicitor).

COUNTIES having between 800,000 and 1,400,000 inhabitants, to amend act creating in counties with population between 300,000 and 1,000,000, a Board to determine the number of and compensation of all county employes, so as to make it apply to

House Bill No. 4

Read in place in House by Mr. Alter, 94.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 94.
Reported without amendment, 109.
First reading, 115.
Second reading, 126.
Third reading and final passage, 135, 136.
Returned by Senate without amendment, 266.
Signed by Speaker, 277.
Approved by Governor, 486.

In Senate (No. 21)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 132.
Reported without amendment, 165.
First reading, 186.
Second reading, 227.
Third reading and final passage, 245, 246.
Signed by President, 344.

COUNTIES having between 800,000 and 1,400,000 inhabitants, bill to amend act relating to county solicitors so as to make it apply to (see solicitor).

COUNTIES having between 800,000 and 1,400,000 inhabitants, to amend act relating to monument at county seat, so as to make it apply to

House Bill No. 108

Read in place in House by Mr. Schad, 94.
Referred to Committee on Military, 94.
Reported without amendment, 301.
First reading, 322.
Second reading, 334.
Third reading and amended, 431.
Final passage, 443.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 971.
Signed by Speaker, 1045.
Approved by Governor, 1292.

In Senate (No. 325)

Referred to Committee on Military Affairs, 458.
Reported without amendment, 755.
First reading, 806.
Second reading, 839, 840.
Third reading and final passage, 911.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1002.

COUNTIES having between 800,000 and 1,400,000 inhabitants, to expend moneys for improving and controlling streams and rivers, to authorize

House Bill No. 56

Read in place in House by Mr. Swan, 134.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 134.
Reported without amendment, 187.
First reading, 206.
Second reading, 234.
Third reading and final passage, 260, 261.
Returned from Senate with amendment, 433.
Concurred in Senate amendment, 433.

COUNTIES—Continued.

Signed by Speaker, 486.
Concurrent resolution to recall bill from Governor, 645, 646.
Resolution returned from Senate concurred in, 696.
Resolution approved by Governor, 780.
Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 780.
Final passage, 810, 811.
Returned by Senate with amendments concurred in, 828.
Signed by Speaker, 879.

Approved by Governor, 1084.

In Senate (No. 125)

Referred to Committee on Pubilc Health and Sanitation, 249.
Reported without amendment, 282.
First reading, 358.
Second reading and amended, 385.
Third reading and final passage, 407.
Signed by President, 462.
Resolution to recall bill from Governor concurred in, 632.
Senate concurs in House amendments, 808.
Signed by President, 838.

COUNTIES having between 800,000 and 1,400,000 inhabitants, bill to fix salary of county engineer in (see engineer).

COUNTIES having between 800,000 and 1,400,000 inhabitants, bill to regulate pay of election officers in all (see election).

COUNTIES having between 1,000,000 and 1,400,000 inhabitants, bill to provide for appointment of Jury Commissioner by Judges of Court of Common Pleas in (see jury).

COUNTIES having between 1,000,000 and 1,500,000 inhabitants, bill to fix the salary or compensation of crier of certain courts in (see compensation).

COUNTIES having between 1,00,000 and 1,500,000 inhabitants, bill to provide for appointment of detectives by district attorney in (see detective).

COUNTIES having 50,000 inhabitants or less, bill by extending it to counties with population not exceeding 60,000 population, to amend act relating to compensation of sheriffs for boarding prisoners in jails of (see sheriffs).

COUNTIES having 100,000 inhabitants or less, to authorize the election of a clerk to the County Commissioners in

Read in place in House by Mr. Kinney, 122.
Referred to Committee on Elections, 122.

COUNTIES having 150,000 inhabitants or less, by fixing salary of distrct attorney in counties having between 30,000 and 40,000 inhabitants, bill to amend act relating to salary of district attorney in all (see district attorneys).

COUNTIES having 150,000 inhabitants or less shall be paid a salary, bill to provide that the coroners in all (see coroners).

COUNTIES having 400,000 inhabitants or less, excepting townships of first class, to provide for registration of conveyances of real estate in

House Bill No. 36

Read in place in House by Mr. Williams, 110.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 110.
Reported without amendment, 145.
First reading, 158.
Second reading and amended, 192, 193.
Postponed on third reading, 204.
Resumed on third reading and amended, 428, 429.
Vote reconsidered and amended on third reading, 443, 444.
Final passage, 527, 528.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1170.
Signed by Speaker, 1196.
Approved by Governor, 1402.

In Senate (No. 396)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 490, 491.
Reported without amendment, 938.
First reading, 1012.
Second reading, 1077.
Third reading and final passage, 1105, 1106.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1182.

COUNTIES having 500,000 inhabitants or less, to be registered in office of County Commissioners before being recorded, to require all deeds and other conveyance of real estate in

Read in place in House by Mr. George A. Baldwin, 1400
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1400.

COUNTIES having less than 130,000 inhabitants, bill to regulate fees to be charged by sheriffs in (see sheriffs).

COUNTIES having less than 150,000 inhabitants, to fix salaries and provide for expenses of County Commissioners in

House Bill No. 235

Read in place in House by Mr. Rockwell, 210.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 210.
Reported without amendment, 590.
First reading, 639.
Second reading and amended, 850, 851.
Postponed for present, 1096.

COUNTIES having less than 150,000 inhabitants, to fix salaries of county officers and their assistants in

Read in place in House by Mr. Bentley, 156.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 156.

COUNTIES having less than 300,000 inhabitants, to amend act of March 24, 1877, by eliminating the clause that its provisions shall not apply to

Senate Bill No. 153

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Snyder, 290.
Referredto Committee on Judiciary General, 290.
Reported without amendment, 373.
First reading, 413.
Second reading, 466, 467.
Third reading and postponed or present, 495.
Resumed on third reading and amended, 550, 551.
Final passage, 611, 612.
Returned from House without amendment, 1421.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1423.
Approved by Governor, 1799.

In House (No. 362)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 697.
Reported without amendment, 820.
First reading, 901.
Second reading, 1055.
Third reading and final passage, 1347, 1348.
Signed by Speaker, 1459.

COUNTIES having less than 750,000 inhabitants, bill to provide for appointment of mercantile appraisers in (see mercantile).

COUNTIES having less than 1,000,000 inhabitants, to provide for return of process issued out of several Courts of Common Pleas in

Read in place in House by Mr. Shadrach, 1048.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1048.

COUNTIES having 100,000 inhabitants or over, to amend act creating office of County Controller in counties with 150,000 inhabitants and over, making it apply to

Read in place in House by Mr. Richard J. Baldwin, 97.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 97.

COUNTIES having 150,000 inhabitants or over, bill to regulate and improve the civil service in (see civil service).

COUNTIES having 1,000,000 inhabitants or over, bill to fix salary of coroner in (see coroner).

COUNTIES having 1,000,000 inhabitants or over, to amend, so as to make it apply to counties having a population of 1,400,000 or over, act fixing the salary of real estate assessors in

House Bill No. 88

Read in place in House by Mr. Schad, 188.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 188.
Reported without amendment, 251.
First reading, 321.
Second reading and amended, 328.
Third reading and final passage, 394.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1759.
Signed by Speaker, 1851.
Approved by Governor, 2189.

In Senate (No. 512)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 389.
Reported without amendment, 1434.
First reading, 1605.
Second reading, 1643.
Third reading and final passage, 1719.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1823.

COUNTIES having 1,400,000 inhabitants or over, to amend act fixing salaries of clerks and employes in office of clerk of court of oyer and terminer and quarter sessions of peace in certain counties so as to make it apply to

House Bill No. 87

Read in place in House by Mr. McClung, 188.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 188.
Reported without amendment, 251.
First reading, 320, 321.
Second reading and amended, 328.
Third reading and final passage, 394.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1759.
Signed by Speaker, 1851.
Approved by Governor, 2189.

In Senate (No. 511)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 389.
Reported without amendment, 1434.
First reading, 1605.
Second reading, 1643.
Third reading and final passage, 1719.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1823.

COUNTIES having 1,400,000 inhabitants or over, to amend act fixing salary of Deputy Recorder of Deeds in any county with population of 1,000,000 or over so as to make it apply to any

House Bill No. 90

Read in place in House by Mr. Halferty, 188.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 189.
Reported without amendment, 251.
First reading, 321.
Second reading and amended, 329.
Third reading and final passage, 395.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1759.
Signed by Speaker, 1851.
Approved by Governor, 2190, 2191.

In Senate (No. 514)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 389.
Reported without amendment, 1434.
First reading, 1605.
Second reading, 1643.
Third reading and final passage, 1720.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1823.

COUNTIES having 1,400,000 inhabitants or over, to amend act fixing salaries of employes in office of register of wills in counties having population of 1,000,000 or over as to make it apply to

House Bill No. 85

Read in place in House by Mr. McClung, 188.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 188.
Reported without amendment, 251.
First reading, 320.
Second reading and amended, 325.
Third reading and final passage, 393.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1759.
Signed by Speaker, 1851.
Approved by Governor, 2190.

In Senate (No. 513)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 388.
Reported without amendment, 1434.
First reading, 1605.
Second reading, 1643.
Third reading and final passage, 1719, 1720.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1823.

COUNTIES having 1,400,000 inhabitants or over, bill to fix salary of register of wills in (see register).

COUNTIES having 1,450,000 inhabitants or over, to amend act regulating publication of advertisements and notices by restricting it to

Read in place in House by Mr. Bentley, 252.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 252.

COUNTIES having 1,450,000 inhabitants or over, to amend act regulating publication of advertisements and notices by restricting it to

Senate Bill No. 176

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Kurtz, 244.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 244.
Reported without amendment, 406.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 470.

COUNTIES having more than 30,000 inhabitants and in which all of said offices are now held by one person, to provide for election of one person for prothonotary, clerk of court of quarter sessions and of court of oyer and terminer and of one other person for register of wills, recorder of deeds and clerk of orphans' courts in

Senate Bill No. 449

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Hall, 1100.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1100.
Reported without amendment, 1173.
First reading, 1211.
Second reading, 1234.
Third reading and final passage, 1257.
Returned from House without amendment, 2153.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2523.

Remarks on, by

Hall, 1257.

In House (No. 628)

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1302.
Reported without amendment, 1341.
First reading, 1414.
Second reading, 1538.
Third reading and final passage, 2056, 2057.
Signed by Speaker, 2589.

Remarks on, by

Flynn, 2056.

COUNTIES having more than 100,000 inhabitants, to provide for election of county controller and to provide for a deputy and clerks in

Read in place in House by Mr. Richard J. Baldwin, 360.
Referrel to Committee on Judiciary General, 360.

COUNTIES having more than 500,000 inhabitants, to repeal act relating to publication of notices and advertisements in

Read in place in House by Mr. Halferty, 208.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 208.

COUNTIES having more than 1,000,000 inhabitants and counties in which official arbitrators may be elected, bill amending act relating to arbitration so as to provide for (see arbitration).

COUNTIES having more than 1,000,000 inhabitants, supplement to act relating to arbitration providing for election of three official arbitrators in (see arbitration).

COUNTIES having more than 1,000,000 inhabitants, bill to amend, so as to make it apply to counties having population of over 1,400,000 act relating to fees of prothonotaries of courts of common pleas of (see prothonotaries).

COUNTIES OF BRIDGES and for abolition of tolls thereon by fixing number of viewers at three, bill to amend act providing for acquisition by the several (see bridges).

COUNTIES OF CERTAIN BRIDGES, and making appropriation therefor, bill to authorize acquisition at cost of Commonwealth for use of the respective (see bridges).

COUNTIES OF THE STATE, bill to provide for an association of commissioners and supervisors in the different (see association).

COUNTIES OF THIS COMMONWEALTH to pay State taxes on bonds hereafter issued by them for the purpose of permanently improving any public road or highway in said counties, to authorize

House Bill No. 213

Read in place in House by Mr. Holland, 98.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 98.
Reported with negative recommendation, 566.

COUNTIES shall compose Twenty-fifth and Fifty-fifth judicial districts, respectively, bill to amend act to designate the several judicial districts by designating what (see districts).

COUNTIES so far as it relates to Pike, Schuylkill, Luzerne, Erie and Montgomery Counties, bill to repeal act to prevent prize-fights and boxing matches in certain (see prize-fights).

COUNTIES TO APPOINT INSPECTORS and regulate inspection of illuminating oil, kerosene, gasoline, benzine and other burning fluids resulting from distillation of petroleum, bill to empower (see petroleum).

COUNTIES TO APPROPRIATE MONEY for maintenance of indigent tuberculosis patients in sanatorium of any society in county, bill to confer authority upon commissioners of (see tuberculosis).

COUNTIES TO APPROPRIATE MONEY OR ISSUE BONDS for canals or waterways, to enable

House Bill No. 163

Read in place in House by Mr. McInerney, 207.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 207.
Reported without amendment, 415.
First reading, 451.
Second reading, 575, 576.
Third reading and postponed for present, 602.
Resumed and passed finally, 691, 692.
Returned from Senate with amendment, 1085.
Concurred in Senate amendment, 1086.
Signed by Speaker, 1155.
Approved by Governor, 1402.

Remarks on, by

Scott, Samuel B., 602.

In Senate (No. 327)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 699.
Reported with amendment, 755.
First reading, 806.
Second reading, 840.
Third reading and final passage, 911, 912.
Returned from House with Senate amendment concurred in, 1101.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1106.

COUNTIES TO BORROW AND EXPEND MONEY for improving streams and rivers and prevention of floods, to enable

Senate Bill No. 355.

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 755.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 756.
Reported without amendment, 788.
First reading, 842.
Second reading, 918.
Third reading and final passage, 951.
Returned from House without amendment, 1898.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1901.
Approved by Governor, 2442.

In House (No. 542)

Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 972.
Reported without amendment, 1212.
First reading, 1242.
Second reading, 1512.
Third reading and final passage, 1924.
Signed by Speaker, 2050.

COUNTIES TO CONSTRUCT AND OPERATE STREET RAILWAYS, electric light plants, gas works and all other public utilities, bill to authorize (see public utilites).

COUNTIES TO PAY STATE TAXES ON BONDS hereafter issued by them for permanently improving any public road or highway, to authorize

House Bill No. 392

Read in place in House by Mr. Holland, 718.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 718.
Reported without amendment, 883.
First reading, 923.
Second reading, 1059, 1060.
Third reading and final passage, 1474.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2025.
Signed by Speaker, 2588, 3496.

In Senate (No. 608)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1550.
Reported without amendment, 1706.
First reading, 1822.
Second reading, 1915.
Third reading and final passage, 2003, 2004.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2521.

COUNTIES TO PURCHASE OR CONDEMN PUBLIC TOLL BRIDGES in certain cases, bill to authorize (see bridges).

COUNTIES whose commissioners have inadvertently failed to comply with law governing State aid in maintenance of highways, bill making appropriation to reimburse certain (see highways).

COUNTIES within which lands governed by said meadow companies may lie, bill to provide for surrender of franchises of meadow companies and transfer of duties of said meadow companies to the respective cities or (see meadow companies).

COUNTY a Board of Viewers, bill to establish in each (see Board).

COUNTY AGRICULTURAL EXHIBITIONS, bill making appropriation to further carry into effect provisions of act relating to (see agriculture).

COUNTY AND CITY INSPECTORS OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES, bill to provide for appointment of (see weights).

COUNTY AND POOR CHARGES, bill to amend act relating to fix charge on State Forestry Reserves by providing additional fixed charges on said land for (see forestry).

COUNTY ASSOCIATIONS OF BOROUGH OFFICERS, bill to establish (see borough)

COUNTY AUDITORS OF AN ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, bill to authorize appointment by (see attorney-at-law).

COUNTY, bill to amend act relating to care of dependent children by providing that the Court may direct that board of such children be paid by proper (see children).

COUNTY, bill to amend act relating to sheriffs' fees by requiring sheriffs' fees for commitments and for discharging prisoners to be paid by the (see sheriffs).

COUNTY, bill to fix mercantile tax where more than three separate places of business are maintained for sale of any goods in any one (see mercantile).

COUNTY, bill to fix salaries of inspectors to enforce act regarding sale of certain cold storage food which shall be paid by the proper (see cold storage).

COUNTY, bill to provide for payment of costs of appeal in certain murder cases by proper (see costs).

COUNTY, bill to provide for payment of witnesses held on behalf of Commonwealth by the proper (see witnesses).

COUNTY BRIDGE, bill to require Commonwealth to pay one-half of costs of reconstruction of a (see bridge).

COUNTY BRIDGES OVER NAVIGABLE RIVERS and certain other streams, bill to authorize Commonwealth to rebuild (see bridges).

COUNTY BRIDGES OVER STREAMS which form boundary line between two counties, bill to amend act relating to roads, highways and bridges by providing for cost of (see bridges).

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS AND COUNTY POOR DIRECTORS, to provide for the expenses of

House Bill No. 48

Read in place in House by Mr. Hecht, 111.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 111.
Reported without amendment, 171.
First reading, 197.
Second reading, 202.
Third reading and final passage, 215, 216.

In Senate (No. 218)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 228.
Reported without amendment, 539.
First reading, 633.
Second reading, 672.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 703.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 794, 795.

Remarks on, by

Wertz, 703.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS, bill to amend act fixing the salaries and providing for the expenses of the (see commissioners).

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS, bill to repeal act relating to compensation of (see compensation).

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS encouraging holding of agricultural exhibitions, bill amending act relating to (see agriculture).

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS IN DAUPHIN COUNTY, bill to repeal section 23 of supplement which fixes rate of mileage for (see Dauphin County).

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS, to amend act relating to salaries and expenses of

House Bill No. 433

Read in place in House by Mr. Ehrhardt, 315.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 315.
Reported with amendment, 1015.
First reading, 1090.
Second reading and amended, 1371, 1372.
Third reading and amended, 1679.

OUNTY COMMISSIONERS—Continued.
Vote on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 1791, 1792.
Final, passage, 1836.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2718.
Signed by Speaker, 2844.
Remarks on, by
Robinson, 1836.
Ehrhardt, 1836.
Jones, E. E., 1836.
In Senate (No. 684)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1805.
Reported without amendment, 2201.
First reading, 2285.
Second reading, 2462, 2463.
Third reading and final passage, 2529.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2653.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS, jurors and witnesses in certain counties, bill to repeal so far as it applies to Lehigh County act to increase pay of (see Lehigh).

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS, to appoint a sufficient number of persons to look after burying of and providing headstone for any soldier, sailor or marine, bill to require (see bury).

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS TO BUILD BRIDGE for pedestrians only in lieu of a wagon bridge, bill to authorize (see bridge).

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS TO BUILD BRIDGES in certain cases to bridges over railroads and canals, further supplement extending act authorizing (see bridges).

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS TO ERECT AND MAINTAIN DYKES, banks, causeways and sluiceways on certain streams, bill to authorize (see dykes).

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS TO FURNISH DOCKETS to justices of the peace of the proper county, bill to require (see dockets).

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS TO PURCHASE GROUND for certain county purposes by fixing number of viewers at three, to amend act authorizing the
Senate Bill No. 233
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 403.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 403.
Reported without amendment, 540.
First reading, 634.
Second reading, 677, 678.
Third reading and final passage,, 706.
Returned from House without amendment, 3113.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3276.''
In House (No. 763)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 748.
Reported without amendment, 1695.
First reading, 1830.
Second reading, 2126.
Third reading and final passage, 3223.
Signed by Speaker, 3495.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS with relation thereto, bill to regulate construction of ballot boxes and delivery of return sheets together with duties of election officers and (see election officers).

COUNTY CONTROLLER FOR COUNTY OF CAMBRIA, Curtis G. Campbell, nominated, 119.
Reported, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

COUNTY CONTROLLER FOR COUNTY OF FAYETTE, Harry Kissinger, nominated, 119.
Reported, 120
Confirmed, 120.

COUNTY CONTROLLER FOR COUNTY OF MONTGOMERY, John M. Jacobs, nominated as, 225
Reported 229.
Confirmed, 230.

COUNTY CONTROLLERS AND COUNTY AUDITORS ineligible for re-election, to make
House Bill No. 297
Read in place in House by Mr. Matt, 637.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 637.
Reported with negative recommendation, 716.

COUNTY COURT FOR COUNTY OF ALLEGHENY by changing election of judges therein mentioned from general election to municipal election as now required by Constitution, bill to amend act establishing (see court).

COUNTY FUNDS AT INTEREST, bill to authorize depositing of (see depositing).

COUNTY, further supplement to act relating to annexation by any borough or incorporated town of adjacent territory regarding territory annexed from an adjoining (see borough).

COUNTY having between 150,000 and 250,000 inhabitants a Board having the power to appoint depositories of county funds, to constitute the county commissioners, controller and treasurer in any
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Jamison, 166.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 166.

COUNTY having between 150,000 and 250,000 inhabitants, to create a sinking fund commission in
Senate Bill No. 147
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Jamison, 166.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 166.
Reported without amendment, 373.
First reading, 412.
Second reading, 465.
Third reading and final passage, 494, 495.
Returned from House without amendment, 1805.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1855.
Approved by Governor, 2441.
In House (No. 470)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special 584.
Reported without amendment, 1027.
First reading, 1092.
Second reading, 1388.
Third reading and final passage, 1755.
Signed by Speaker,

COUNTY having 500,000 inhabitants or less, bill to regulate compensation of directors of the poor of poor districts situate wholly within any (see directors)

COUNTY having 1,400,000 inhabitants or over, to amend act fixing salaries of clerks and copyists in office of Recorder of Deeds in certain counties so as to make it apply to any
House Bill No. 89
Read in place in House by Mr. Halferty, 188.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 188.
Reported without amendment, 251.
First reading, 321.
Second reading and amended, 328, 329.
Third reading and final passage, 395.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1759.
Signed by Speaker, 1851.
Approved by Governor, 2190.
In Senate (No. 515)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 389.
Reported without amendment, 1434.
First reading, 1605.
Second reading, 1643.
Third reading and final passage, 1720.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1823.

COUNTY having 1,400,000 inhabitants or over, bill to fix the fee for service of jurors summoned by the sheriff of any (see sheriff).

COUNTY HIGHWAYS, bill to provide for laying out of intertownship or (see highways).

COUNTY HISTORICAL SOCIETIES which have been duly incorporated and which have been in continued existence for at least ten years, bill to provide assistance for (see historical).

COUNTY IN PROCEEDINGS for commitment of an alleged insane person, bill to permit in certain cases imposition upon proper (see insane).

COUNTY INSTITUTES, bill to regulate pay and mileage of teachers attending annual (see teachers).

COUNTY LINES by changing number of surveyors on the commission, bill toamend act relating to marking (see lines).

COUNTY OF ALL ORIGINAL WARRANTY TRACTS, bill to provide for relocating and marking at expense of proper (see warranty).

COUNTY OFFICERS TO TURN OVER RECORDS, bill to amend act creating a division of State Library for preservation of public records by permitting (see division).

COUNTY OR POOR DISTRICT from which patient shall have bee nreceived, bill to amend act creating State Asylum for Chronic Insane by increasing maximum amount per capita for weekly maintenance a certain portion of which shall be paid by (see insane).

COUNTY RATES AND LEVIES and township rates and levies by authorizing collector to deputize a constable or other officer to make levy and sale, bill to amend act relating to (see taxes).

COUNTY SEATS IN HONOR OF SOLDIERS, sailors and marines from such county who served in wars in defense of United States flag, bill to provide for erection of Memorial Halls at (see Memorial).

COUNTY SINKING FUND COMMISSION in the several counties, to create

House Bill No. 481

Read in place in House by Mr. Frey, 777.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 777.
Reported without amendment, 1028.
First reading, 1093.
Second reading, 1392.
Third reading and final passage, 1765.
Returned from Senate with amendment, 2935.
Concurred in Senate amendment, 2935.
Signed by Speaker, 3182.

Remarks on, by

Allen, 1765.
Frey, 1765.

In Senate (No. 693)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1801.
Reported without amendment, 2202.
First reading, 2286.
Second reading and amended, 2464.
Over in its order, 2531.
Third reading and final passage, 2610.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 2902.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3115.

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC ROADS, bill to create office of (see superintendent).

COUNTY TAXES, bill to provide for arrest in case of neglect or refusal to pay (see taxes).

COUNTY to construct permanent election room or election house, bill to amend act regulating election of public officers by authorizing the commissioners of each (see election).

COUNTY, to provide for treatment of residents of a county bitten by any animal suffering from rabies at the expense of such

Read in place in House by Mr. Anderson, 416.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 416.

COUNTY TREASURER OF CRAWFORD COUNTY, L. Halsey Sherwood nominated as, 1069.

Reported, 1074.
Confirmed, 1075.

COUNTY TREASURERS not paid by salary to retain one-half of one per centum from moneys received from liquor license fees, to permit

House Bill No. 417

Read in place in House by Mr. Detzel, 776.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 777.
Reported without amendment, 970.
First reading, 1089.
Second reading, 1368.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1627.
Resumed and dropped from calendar, 1937.

COUNTY TREASURERS not paid by salary to retain one-half of one per centum from moneys received from liquor license fees, to permit

Senate Bill No. 392

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Clark, 756.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 756.
Reported without amendment, 937.
First reading, 1012.
Second reading, 1076.
Third reading and final passage, 1105.
Returned from House without amendment, 1898.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1901.
Vetoed by Governor, 2536.

COUNTY TREASURERS—Continued.

In House (No. 548)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1170.
Reported without amendment, 1212.
First reading, 1242.
Second reading, 1514.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 1926.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill passed finally, 1930.
Signed by Speaker, 2050.

Remarks on, by

Stein, 1930.
Detzel, 1930.
Holland, 1930.

COUNTY TREASURERS shall not receive commission upon moneys collected for Commonwealth on which they have already received a commission, to provide that

House Bill No. 214

Read in place in House by Mr. Hilton, 141.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 141.
Reported without amendment, 566.
First reading, 604.
Second reading, 740.
Third reading and final passage, 815.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2025.
Signed by Speaker, 2588.

In Senate (No. 591)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 808.
Reported without amendment, 1796.
First reading, 1821.
Second reading, 1907.
Third reading and final passage, 2001.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2521.

COUPONS, discount checks and other similar devices, bill relating to trading stamps, (see trading stamps).

COURT by reason of sickness or other disability, bill to extend right of action and grant appeals in cases in any court of record where plaintiff or defendant shall have lost right of appeal to a higher (see appeals).

COURT CRIERS AND TIPSTAVES in cerain counties, payable by the county, bill to regulate compensation of (see compensation).

COURT CRIERS AND TIPSTAVES in certain judicial districts, bill to regulate fees of (see fees).

COURT FOR COUNTY OF ALLEGHENY by changing election of judges therein mentioned from general election to municipal election as now required by Constitution, to amend act establishing County

Senate Bill No. 680

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Powell, 2155.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2155.
Reported without amendment, 2156.
First reading, 2214.
Second reading and amended, 2284.
Third reading and final passage, 2458, 2459.
Returned from House without amendment, 3406.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3539.

In House (No. 1367)

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 2571.
Reported without amendment, 3182.
First reading, 3182.
Second reading, 3330.
Third reading and final passage, 3500.
Signed by Speaker, 3610.

COURT FOR COUNTY OF ALLEGHENY, to establish a County

Senate Bill No. 306

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Powell, 635.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 635.
Reported without amendment, 699.
First reading, 773.
Second reading, 799, 800.
Third reading and final passage, 835.
Returned from House without amendment, 1708.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1798.
Approved by Governor, 2442.

COURT FOR COUNTY OF ALLEGHENY—Continued.

In House (No. 443)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 885.
Reported withot amendment, 1016.
First reading, 1090.
Second reading, 1374.
Recommitted to Committee on Law and Order, 1610.
Re-reported without amendment,
Third reading and final passage, 1749.
Signed by Speaker, 1851.

COURT FOR COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA, to establish municipal

House Bill No. 720

Read in place in House by Mr. Walnut, 1458.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1458.
Reported without amendment, 1609.
First reading, 1827.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2115, 2116, 2117.
Re-reported with amendment, 2248.
Third reading and postponed for present, 2952, 2953, 2954.
Resumed and defeated on third reading, 3025.

Remarks on, by

Walnut, 3025.

COURT HOUSES and certain lands therein exempted not necessary for enjoyment of same, bill to amend act relating to exemption of certain property from taxation by removing exemption from all (see taxation).

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS in counties with between 750,000 and 1,200,000 inhabitants, bill relating to appointment and salaries of clerks of (see clerks).

COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER AND QUARTER SESSIONS of the peace in counties having population of 1,000,000 or over, to amend, so as to make it apply to counties having population of 1,400,000 or over, act fixing salaries of clerks and employes in office of clerk of (see counties).

COURT OF QUARTER SESSONS additional authority to impose restrictions on licenses for sale of liquors, bill to give (see liquors)

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS upon petition to order election held upon subject, bill to amend act relating to consolidation of boroughs by directing (see boroughs).

COURT, petitions presented or establishment of a municipal (see petitions).

COURT STENOGRAPHERS, bills to amend act relating to (see stenographers).

COURTS AND COUNTY OFFICERS by fixing number of viewers at three, bill to amend act authorizing county commissioners to purchase ground and erect buildings thereon for accommodation of the (see county commissioners).

COURTS by extending equity jurisdiction of said courts to disputes between employers and employes, bill to amend act relative to jurisdictions and powers of (see employers).

COURTS, concurrent resolution (House) No. 3, by Shern, proposing amendment to section twenty-six of article five of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania relating to, 172.

Resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 172.
Reported without amendment, 200.
Considered but not agreed to, 3496, 3497.

COURTS in respective judges thereof in certain counties, bill to amend act relating to Orphans' Courts by vesting appointment of first assistant clerk of said

Senate Bill No. 314

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McConnell, 700.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 700.
Reported without amendment, 701.
First reading, 773.
Second reading, 802, 803.
Over in its order, 910.
Third reading and final passage, 947.
Returned from House with amendment, 1803.
Concurred in House amendment, 1803.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1855, 1856.
Concurrent resolution recalling bill from Governor, 2156.
Resolution returned from House concurred in, 2183.
Resolution approved by Governor, 2442, 2443.

COURTS—Continued.

Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 2443.
Over in its order, 2527.
Final passage, 2539, 2540.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 2901, 2902.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3116.

In House (No. 469)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 971.
Reported without amendment, 1027.
First reading, 1092.
Second reading and amended, 1387, 1388.
Third reading and final passage, 1754.
Returned from Senate with House amendment concurred in,
Signed by Speaker,
Resolution recalling bill from Governor concurred in, 2200.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 2931.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 2931.
Signed by Speaker, 3495.

COURTS IN THIS COMMONWEALTH, to require Supreme Court to regulate practice and procedure in all judicial proceedings in all

Senate Bill No. 132

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Powell, 166.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 166.
Reported without amendment, 282.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 359.

COURTS OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, to repeal act authorizing appointment of shorthand clerks for

Senate Bill No. 627

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 1806.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 1806.
Reported without amendment, 1810.
First reading, 1917.
Second reading, 2011, 2012.
Third reading and final passage, 2175.
Returned from House without amendment, 3306.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3404.

In House (No. 1252)

Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 2221.
Reported without amendment, 2290.
First reading, 2384.
Second reading, 2514.
Third reading and final passage, 3366.
Signed by Speaker, 3591.

COURTS OF COMMON PLEAS AND SUPREME AND SUPERIOR COURTS, bill to provide that quo warranto cases shall be placed at head of list in (see quo warranto).

COURTS OF COMMON PLEAS be kept open for jury trials for a certain time of each year, to require in certain judicial districts that the

House Bill No. 302

Read in place in House by Mr. Conrade, 590.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 590.
Reported without amendment, 716.
First reading, 752.
Second reading and amended, 877.
Third reading and final passage, 1249, 1250.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1235.

COURTS OF COMMON PLEAS, bill to provide for amendment of the pleadings in the civil (see pleadings).

COURTS OF COMMON PLEAS in counties having population of less than 1,000,000, bill to provide for return of process issued out of several (see counties).

COURTS OF COMMON PLEAS IN COUNTY OF ALLEGHENY, to increase the number of

Senate Bill No. 96

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Kline, 166.
Referred to Committee on Judicial Apportionment, 166.
Reported without amendment, 241.
First reading, 276.
Second reading, 296.
Third reading and final passage, 348.
Returned from House with amendments, 1708.

COURTS OF COMMON PLEAS IN COUNTY OF ALLEGHENY —Continued.

Concurred in House amendments, 1708.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1797.
Concurrent resolution recalling bill from Governor, 2175.
Resolution returned by House concurred in, 2211.
Resolution approved by Governor, 2470.
Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 2470, 2471.
Over in its order, 2527.
Final passage, 2539.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 2901.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3116.

In House (No. 576)

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 399.
Reported with amendment, 1303.
First reading, 1410.
Second reading, 1488.
Third reading and amended and passed finally, 1750.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 1759.
Signed by Speaker, 1851.
Resolution recalling bill from Governor concurred in, 2220.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 2931.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 2931, 2932.
Signed by Speaker, 3496.

Remarks on, by

Alter, 1750.

COURTS OF COMMON PLEAS OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, joint resolution proposing an amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania so as to consolidate (see Constitution).

COURTS OF COMMON PLEAS wnere either party is a chartered corporation, bill relating to practice in (see practice).

COURTS OF COMMON PLEAS on appeal to equalize assessments by raising valuation of properties which in their judgment have been assessed too low, bill to authorize (see assessments).

COURTS OF COMMON PLEAS, oyer and terminer and quarter sessions, bill to regulate periods of service of jurors on (see jurors).

COURTS OF COMMON PLEAS to discharge lands bound by lien for maintenance of burial lots and to appoint trustee to hold such money for such purpose, bill to authorize (see burial lots).

COURTS OF COMMON PLEAS to entertain jurisdiction in all cases of divorce and to enter a decree in certain cases, bill to amend first section of act relating to jurisdiction of courts in divorce by requiring (see divorce).

COURTS of counties of not less than 500,000 inhabitants by changing limit of population of such counties and increasing maximum and minimum limits of such salaries, bill to amend act increasing salaries of tipstaves in (see tipstaves).

COURTS OF JUSTICE, to repeal section 74 of act relative to the organization of the

Senate Bill No. 149

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Kline, 166.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 166.
Reported without amendment, 373.
First reading, 412.
Second reading, 466.
Third reading and final passage, 495.
Returned from House without amendment, 1264.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1305.
Vetoed by Governor, 1547.
Sustainment of Governor's veto postponed for present, 1547.

In House (No. 337)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 584.
Reported without amendment, 734.
First reading, 782.
Second reading, 894.
Third reading and final passage, 1293.
Signed by Speaker, 1339.

COURTS of quarter sessions and oyer and terminer and of orphans' courts and to provide for collection of same and for payment into county treasuries where offices are not receiving fixed salaries of amount of fees in excess of $3,500, bill to regulate fees of clerks of (see fees).

COURTS OF RECORD of one kind, to authorize Supreme Court to adopt and promulgate general rules of practice for all

House Bill No. 29.

Read in place in House by Mr. Robinson, 112.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 112.
Reported without amendment, 140.
First reading, 148.
Second reading, 191.
Third reading and final passage, 202, 203.

In Senate (No. 336)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 228.
Reported without amendment, 787.
First reading, 841.
Second reading, 915.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 947.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill recommitted to Committee, 1074.

Remarks on, by

Hall, 947.
Huffman, 947.

COURTS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH in cases where jury have disagreed, bill to give certain authority to (see jury).

COX, EDWIN R., Representative from Fifth District, Philadelphia County, 44.

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 684, prescribing manner in which articles of commerce shall be sold and prohibiting giving of short weights and measures, 2193, 2194.

Appointment of, on

Special committee, 52.
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Making appropriation to Eastern State Penitentiary, 1238.
Making usurious loan of money a misdemeanor, 154.
Regulating lending of money upon personal property, salaries and wages, 1329.
Repealing act relative to election of commissioners' clerk in York County, 1214.

Bills reported by

No. 70 (Senate Bill No. 201)
Repealing act relating to roads and road viewers in Dauphin County, 199.

No. 83 (Senate Bill No. 194)
Relating to revised edition of railroad map of Pennsylvania, 251.

No. 84 (Senate Bill No. 671)
Fixing fee for services of jurors summoned by sheriff on certain writs, 251.

No. 192
To regulate sale of deadly weapons, 971.

No. 415 (Senate Bill No. 639)
Amending act relating to treatment of neglected children by providing that court may direct that board of such children be paid by proper county, 970.

No. 451 (Senate Bill No. 90)
Authorizing refund to George T. Ghriest of amount of notary public commission, 1026.

No. 518 (Senate Bill No. 313)
Amending act providing for uniform method of electing certain party officers and delegates by providing for only one primary election each year, 1169.

No. 526 (Senate Bill No. 1160)
Regulating sale of pure spirits of turpentine, substitutes and imitations, 1169.

No. 580 (Senate Bill No. 1241)
Amending act relating to health and safety of minors in bituminous coal mines by further regulating ages at which said minors may be employed, 1303.

No. 597 (Senate Bill No. 786)
Authorizing school board of school district of Township of Wysox, Bradford County, to convert taxes levied for contemplated new school building, 1328.

No. 666 (Senate Bill No. 804)
Authorizing courts of common pleas to discharge lands bound by lien for maintenance of burial lots, 1469.

No. 692 (Senate Bill No. 795)
Regulating pay of election officers, 1480.

OX, EDWIN R.—Continued.

No. 693
To require reading of Holy Bible in public schools, 1480.

No. 738 (Senate Bill No. 801)
Amending act regulating nomination and election of public officers by authorizing county commissioners to construct permanent election room, 1610.

No. 751
To prohibit sale on any public highway or in front of any place of amusement or instruction of any ticket of admission to such place, 1695.

No. 762 (Senate Bill No. 398)
Amending act to provide for reviewing proceedings of township road commissioners in laying out, opening and vacating roads by providing for trial of questions of fact by jury in certain cases, 1695.

No. 917 (Senate Bill No. 850)
Making an appropriation to the Old Ladies' Home of Wissinoming, Philadelphia, 2236.

No. 918 (Senate Bill No. ——)
Making an appropriation to the American Art Society of Philadelphia for the purpose of encouraging American art, 2236.

No. 919 (Senate Bill No. 851)
Making an appropriation to the Children's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia, 2236.

No. 920 (Senate Bill No. 1234)
Making an appropriation to St. Vincent's Home and Maternity Hospital, Philadelphia, 2236.

No. 921 (Senate Bill No. 852)
Making an appropriation to the West Philadelphia Hospital for Women, in the city of Philadelphia, 2236.

No. 922 (Senate Bill No. 853)
Making an appropriation for the Friends' Home for Children, Philadelphia, situate at 4013 Aspen street West Philadelphia, 2236.

No. 923 (Senate Bill No. 854)
Making an appropriation to the Eastern State Penitentiary of Pennsylvania, 2236.

No. 924 (Senate Bill No. 855)
Making an appropriation to the Women's Southern Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia, 2236.

No. 925 (Senate Bill No. 856)
Making an appropriation to the Union Home for Old Ladies of West Philadelphia, 2236.

No. 1264 (Senate Bill No. 1221)
Making appropriation to Finance Committee of Organizing Commission of Twelfth International Congress of Navigation, 2347.

No. 1287 (Senate Bill No. 382)
Amending act providing for personal registration of electors in cities of first and second class by further defining "party" and who may be appointed registrars, increasing terms of commissioners and changing registration days, 2586.

No. 1288 (Senate Bill No. 554)
Amending act providing for personal registration of electors in cities of third class by further defining who may be appointed registrars, increasing their terms of office and changing registration days, 2586.

Election of, 44.

Leave o fabsence asked for, 362, 473.

Motion by, in
Reference to time of next meeting, 206.

Motions by, to
Adjourn, 861, 1196, 2200.
Dispense with further reading of Journal, 845.
Postpone for present House Bill No. 378, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania to allow municipalities to increase their indebtedness, 1353.
Postpone for present House Bill No. 680, fixing compensation of deputy factory inspectors, 3213.

Petition presented by, from
Citizens of Fifth District Philadelphia County against commission form of government, 636.

Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 680, fixing salary of deputy factory inspectors, 3221.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

COX, JOHN F., Representative from Eleventh District, Allegheny County,

Address by as
Speaker of the House, 49.

Address by, on
Receiving testimonial of House at close of session, 3650.

Bills introduced by
Making appropriation to Boys' Industrial Home of Western Pennsylvania, 301.
Making appropriation to George Junior Republic Association, 472.
Making appropriation to Homestead Hospital Association, 567.
Regulating printing of laws of this Commonwealth, 1458.
To amend act relating to rebate in insurance, 109.

Election of, 42.

Election of, as
Speaker of House, 49.

Nomination of, as
Speaker of the House 48.

Oath of office administered to, as
Speaker of the House, 49.

Presentation by, of
Testimonial to Chief Clerk Thomas H. Garvin at close of session, 3651.
Testimonial to Assistant Clerk James Moore, 3652.

Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 103, amending act to establish Insurance Department so as to permit either individuals, partnerships or corporations to be certified and licensed agents, 428.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

COWS, to prohibit certain cruelty to

House Bill No. 123
Read in place in House by Mr. McGowan, 210.
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 210.
Reported without amendment, 314.
First reading, 336.
Second reading, 423.
Third reading and postponed for present, 449.
Resumed and passed finally, 582, 583.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 1678.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 1678, 1679.
Signed by Speaker, 1703.
Approved by Governor, 2190.

Remarks on, by
Marvin, 423.
McGowan, 423, 582.
North, 423.

In Senate (No. 490)
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 611.
Reported with amendment, 1306.
First reading, 1430.
Second reading, 1449.
Third reading and final passage, 1589, 1590.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 1666.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1746.

CRAVER, HARRISON W., Member State Free Library Commission, nominated, 25.

CRAWFORD, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Wilbert, in reference to printing proceedings of memorial services in honor of late Honorable John W., 546.
Resolution concurred in by House, 583.
Returned by House, 611.
Approved by Governor, 702.

CRAWFORD, L. F., Member of Board of Medical Examiners, representing Eclectic Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania, nominated. 25.

CRAWFORD, resolution (Senate) by Wilbert, in reference to appointing committee to draft resolutions on death of the late Senator John W., 281.
Committee appointed, 408.
Memorial Services held and resolutions on death of Senator Crawford adopted, 522, 523, 524.

CREAM AND OF THE CREAM CANS, bill to provide for aeration of (see milk)

CREAM, bill to regulate sale of milk, skimmed milk and

CREAM INTENDED TO BE SHIPPED, sold or offered for sale, bill to regulate temperature of milk and (see milk).

CREDITORS and furnish County Commissioners with information based thereon, bill to require prothonotaries to ascertain addresses of judgment (see addresses).

CREEK ON BOUNDARY LINE between Centre and Clearfield Counties, bill making appropriation for improvements to portion of Moshannon (see Moshannon).

CRESSON for sanatorium for indigent insane tuberculosis persons, bill to authorize purchase by Commonwealth of Mount Aloysius Academy at (see sanatorium).

CREW shall be subject to said penalty, bill to amend act relative to obstructing of crossings of public roads by locomotives and cars by providing further that any member of train (see crossings).

CRIER OF CERTAIN COURTS in certain counties, bill to fix salary or compensation of (see compensation.)

CRIERS AND TIPSTAVES in judicial districts with between 250,000 and 1,000,000 inhabitants, bill to regulate fees of court (see fees).

CRIME, bill to regulate the payment of costs when a magistrate, alderman or justice of the peace discharges a person charged with a (see costs).

CRIME committed by them, bill to prohibit in any legal proceedings the cross examination of witnesses concerning conviction upon any (see witnesses).

CRIME OF MURDER, bill to encourage apprehension of persons who shall have committed (see murder).

CRIME OR MISDEMEANOR and for investigation of report crimes, to provide for detection and apprehension of persons who have committed any

House Bill No. 719

Read in place in House by Mr. Moulthrop, 1400.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1400.
Reported without amendment, 1609.
First reading, 1827.
Second reading, 2115.
Third reading and final passage, 2951, 2952.

In Senate (No. 1173)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 3044.
Reported without amendment, 3118.
First reading, 3175.
Second reading, 3291.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 3412.

CRIME, relating to arrest, detention, examination, photographing and measurement of persons charged with a

House Bill No. 792

Read in place in House by Mr. Abbott, 416.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 416.
Reported with amendment, 1758.
First reading, 1831.
Second reading, 2134.

CRIMINAL CHARGE OF BIGAMY, bill to amend act relating to competency of witnesses so as to make the husband and wife a competent witness to testify for or against each other in support of a (see bigamy).

CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS, bill to make prosecutors liable for costs in ill-founded (see costs).

CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS, bill to regulate procedure in (see procedure).

CRIMINAL TRIALS, bill to regulate cross examination of a defendant when testifying in his own behalf in (see cross examination)

CRIMINALS AND DISORDERLY PERSONS, bill to amend act to provide for levying a tax to provide suitable building for locking up and keeping (see tax).

CRIMINALS, bill to prescribe and regulate the method of executing condemned (see penalty).

CRIMINALS, Joint resolution appointing a commission for purpose of segregating State institutions for insane and for (see institutions).

CRIMINALS ON PUBLIC WORK, to provide for employment of convicted

House Bill No. 877

Read in place in House by Mr. Guyaux, 776.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 776.
Reported without amendment, 2023.
First reading, 2195.

CRIMINALS ON PUBLIC WORK—Continued.

Second reading and postponed for present, 2371.
Resumed and amended, 2377.
Special order for consideration, 3277.
Third reading and final passage, 3260, 3261.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 3180.

CRISWELL, GEORGE S., nominated as Member of Board of Trustees of State Institution for Feeble-Minded, at Polk, 3540.

Reported, 3540.
Confirmed, 3540.

CRISWELL, GEORGE S., nominated as Trustee of State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania, at Polk, 24.

Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

CRITCHFIELD, N. B., nominated as Secretary of Agriculture, 342.

Reported, 386.
Confirmed, 388.

CROSS EXAMINATION OF DEFENDANT when testifying in his own behalf in criminal trials, to regulate

House Bill No. 53

Read in place in House by Mr. Abbott, 141.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 141.
Reported without amendment, 187.
First reading, 206.
Second reading, 233.
Third reading and final passage, 256, 257, 258.
Returned by Senate without amendment, 584.
Signed by Speaker, 661.
Approved by Governor, 731.

Remarks on, by

Baldwin, George A., 256.
Abbott, 256, 257.
McNichol, 257.
Dunn, Horace B., 257.
Robinson, 257.
Rooney, 257.

In Senate (No. 156)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 248.
Reported without amendment, 373.
First reading, 413.
Second reading, 467.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 469.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill passed finally, 501, 502.
Signed by President, 663.

Remarks on, by

Hall, 501.
Snyder, 501.
Salus, 501, 502.

CROSS EXAMINATION OF WITNESSES concerning convictions upon any crime committed by them, bill to prohibit in any legal proceedings (see witnesses).

CROSSINGS OF PUBLIC ROADS BY LOCOMOTIVES AND CARS by providing further that any member of train crew shall be subject to said penalty, to amend act relative to obstructing of

House Bill No. 787

Read in place in House by Mr. James N. Hunter, 1399.
Referred to Committee on Railroads, 1399.
Reported without amendment, 1758.
First reading, 1831.
Second reading, 2133.
Third reading and final passage, 3032.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3601.
Signed by Speaker, 3609.

Remarks on, by

Schultz, 2133.
Hunter, James N., 2133.

In Senate (No. 1187)

Referred to Committee on Railroads, 3046.
Reported without amendment, 3119.
First reading, 3176.
Second reading, 3293.
Third reading and final passage, 3418.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3536.

CROSSINGS OF STEAM RAILROADS, bill to require safety devices on all grade (see railroads).

CROW, WILLIAM E., Senator from Thirty-Second District, (Fayette County),

Address by, as
President pro tempore, 5.

Address by, on
Presentation of testimonial to ex-Lieutenant Governor Murphy, 229.
Testimonial by Chief Clerk of Senate, 3578.
Testimonial by Senate, 3578.

Appointment of, on
Conference committee, 2535.
Special committee, 5.
Standing committees, 79, 80.

Bills introduced by
Amending act relating to Homeopathic State Hospital for Insane by vesting appointment of entire commission in Governor,, 541.
Making appropriation to Agricultural and Mechanical Industrial School for Colored Girls and Boys of Jumonville, 1306.
Making appropriation to defray one-half of expense of constructing bridge to carry National or Cumberland Road across Monongahela River, 908.
Making appropriation to Trustees of Cottage State Hospital at Connellsville, 166.
Making appropriation to Uniontown Hospital, 166.
Providing method for obtaining possession of lands appropriated under right of eminent domain, 1306.

Election of, 3.

Election of, as
President pro tempore, 5.

Nomination of, as
President pro tempore, 4.

Oath of office administered to, as
President pro tempore, 5.

Petition presented by, from
Citizens of Fayette County for Hunters' License Bill, 1067, 2439.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 71.

CROZER, JOHN P., Trustee of State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Eastern Pennsylvania, at Spring City, nominated, 26.

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS, bills relative to (see animals).

CRUELTY TO COWS, bill to prohibit certain (see cows).

CRUM, JOHN A., Representative from Venango County,
Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by
Fixing pay and mileage of viewer and surveyors in damage to property taken by any railroad, 135.
Repealing so far as it relates to Venango County act relating to billiard rooms, etc., in certain counties, 135.

Election, of, 45.

Leave of absence asked for, 200, 777.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

CRUMRINE, BOYD, Member of Advisory Commission for Preservation of Public Records, nominated, 26.
Reported, 938.
Confirmed, 956.

CULM BANK COAL as freshly mined coal, bill to prohibit sale of washery or (see coal).

CULPEPER VIRGINIA MONUMENT COMMISSION for eagle to be placed on monument at Culpeper, Virginia, and for dedication expenses, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1154
Read in place in House by Mr. Keister, 1048.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1048.
Reported without amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2339.
Second reading, 2422.
Third reading and final passage, 2801.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

In Senate (No. 1074)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2662.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2712.
Second reading, 2919.
Third reading and final passage, 3096.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

CULTIVATED AND IMPROVED LANDS, bill to amend act making it unlawful to trespass on private property limiting the lands to which provisions of said act shall apply to (see trespass).

CULVERTS, bill to regulate construction and repair of highways over drains or (see highways).

CUMBELAND COUNTY, bill to repeal certain acts in so far as they relate to compensation of assessors and assistant asessors in (see assessors).

CUMBERLAND ROAD ACROSS MONONGAHELA RIVER, bill making appropriation to defray one-half of expense of constructing bridge to carry National or (see bridge).

CUMBERLAND VALLEY STATE NORMAL SCHOOL located at Shippensburg, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. Steese, 1399.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1399.

CUMBLER, CHARLES C., Representative from Second District, Dauphin County,

Amendments offered by, to
House Bill No. 442, supplement to act relating to street paving in boroughs as regards petition, 1374.
House Bill No. 512, regulating compensation of tax collectors in boroughs and townships, 1506, 1790.

Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by
Amending act relating to rights and liabilities of parties to contracts, 315.
Regulating condemnation of tax collectors in the several boroughs and townships, 124.
Repealing act relative to election of solictor for Dauphin County, 124.
Repealing act relative to Law Library for Dauphin County, 123.
Repealing act relative to roads and road viewers in Dauphin County, 123.
Repealing that portion of act relating to incorporating City of Harrisburg which requires Dauphin County to pay damages caused by straightening Paxton Creek, 124.
To regulate transactions of business by foreign fraternal beneficiary corporations, 1082.

Election of, 43.

Motion by, to
Adjourn, 3532.

Petitions presented by, from
Citizens of Dauphin County against commission form of government, 300.

Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 512, regulating compensation of tax collectors in boroughs and townships, 1841, 2937.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

CUNEO, to refund twenty-five dollars to Frederick J.

House Bill No. 715
Read in place in House by Mr. Roney, 1400.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1400.
Reported without amendment, 1609.
First reading, 1827.
Second reading, 2114.
Third reading and final passage, 2829.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3232.
Signed by Speaker, 3479.

In Senate (No. 833)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2655.
Reported without amendment, 2682.
First reading, 2701.
Second reading, 2887.
Third reading and final passage, 3050, 3051.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

CURARA IN EXPERIMENTS upon living sentient animals, bill to prohibit administration of (see animals).

CURBSTONES IN TOWNSHIPS OF FIRST CLASS, bill to regulate paving of sidewalks and setting (see townships).

CURING CERTAIN DEFECTS in proceedings heretofore had, supplement to act concerning divorces (see divorces).

CURRIER, JONATHAN, Representative from Clearfield County,

Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84.

Bills introduced by

Fixing compensation of collectors of taxes in the several boroughs and townships, 315.

Fixing time when collectors of taxes shall make return of seated lands for non-payment of taxes, 324.

Making appropriation to Clearfield Hospital, 526.

Requiring all bonds in condemnation proceedings to be recorded, 146.

Bills reported by

No. 143 (Senate Bill No. 341)
Making appropriation to Michael Zahniser to refund certain fees, 390.

No. 1202 (Senate Bill No. 1121)
Making an appropriation to the Clearfield Hospital, Clearfield County, 2244.

No. 1203 (Senate Bill No. 1122)
Making an appropriation to the Canonsburg General Hospital Association at Canonsburg, Washington County, Pa., 2244.

No. 1204 (Senate Bill No. 1123)
Making an appropriation to the J. C. Blair Memorial Hospital of Huntingdon, Pa., 2244.

No. 1205 (Senate Bill No. 1124)
Making an appropriation to the Simon H. Barnes Memorial Hospital of Susquehanna, 2244.

No. 1206 (Senate Bill No. 1125)
Making an appropriation to reimburse certain counties for moneys paid to County Agricultural Associations in excess of the State appropriation therefor, 2244.

Election of, 43.

Motions by, to
Adjourn, 2600.

Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 216, amending act creating Depatment of State Police as regards salaries, 934.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

CURRY, RICHARD, Representative from Eleventh District, Philadelphia County,

Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Amending act providing for personal registration of electors in cities of first and second classes, 140.

Making appropriation to Penn Asylum for Indigent Widows and Single Women at Philadelphia, 252.

Making appropriations to Saint Mary's Hospital of Philadelphia, 172.

To fix salary of coroner of any county having population of one million or over, 809.

Bills reported by

No. 466 (Senate Bill No. 296)
Providing for merger and consolidation of street railway and motor power companies, 1027.

No. 926 (Senate Bill No. 857)
Making an appropriation to the Penn Asylum for Indigent Widows and Single Women, located at Belgrade street and Susquehanna avenue, Philadelphia, 2236.

No. 927 (Senate Bill No. 858)
Making an appropriation to the Saint Mary's Hospital of Philadelphia, 2236.

No. 928 (Senate Bill No. 859)
Making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Museum and School of Industrial Art of Philadelphia, 2236.

No. 929 (Senate Bill No. 860)
Making appropriation to the Home for the Aged of Philadelphia, 2236.

No. 930 (Senate Bill No. 861)
Making an appropriation to the Nazarene Home for the Aged, at Philadelphia, 2236.

No. 931 (Senate Bill No. 862)
Making an appropriation to the Samaritan Hospital of Temple University, of Philadelphia, 2236.

No. 932 (Senate Bill No. 863)
Making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Blind, 2236.

CURRY, RICHARD—Continued.

No. 933 (Senate Bill No. 864)
Making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Society to Protect Children from Cruelty, of Philadelphia, 2236.

No. 934 (Senate Bill No. 865)
Making an appropriation towards the maintenance of the Pennsylvania Nautical School Ship, located at the port of Philadelphia, 2236.

No. 935 (Senate Bill No. 866)
Making an appropriation to the Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial Commission for the balance required to reimburse the railroad companies for the transportation to the dedication September 27, 1910, of such veterans of Pennsylvania regiments and other organizations as were entitled to be transported thereto, 2236.

No. 1263 (Senate Bill No. 1211)
Making appropriation to Temple University of Philadelphia, 2347.

Election of, 44.

Motions by, to
Adjourn, 2943.
Dispense with further reading of Journal, 635, 2063.
Postpone for present House Bill No. 434, to fix salary of coroner of any county having population of 1,000,000 or over, 1777.

Petitions presented by, from
Gen. D. B. Birney Council No. 51 of Philadelphia for reading of Bible in public schools, 1047.

Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 434, fixing salary of coroner of any county having population of 1,000,000 or over, 1372, 1836, 1837.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

CURTIN, formerly Governor of Pennsylvania, to provide for erection in rotunda of State Capitol of statue to Andrew Gregg
Read in place in House by Mr. Dallas, 1082.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1082.

CURTIS HOME for Destitute Women and Children of City of Pittsburg, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1007

Read in place in House by Mr. Stein, 232.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 232.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2332.
Second reading, 2401.
Third reading and final passage, 2752, 2753.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.

In Senate (No. 937)

Reported without amendment, 2685.
Reported without amendment, 2658.
First reading, 2706.
Second reading, 2910.
Third reading and final passage, 3070.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

CUSTODIAN OF PUBLIC RECORDS in State Library, bill to fix charges to be made for certificates and copies furnished by (see Public Records).

DAIRY AND FOOD COMMISSIONER, making appropriation to Carroll R. Williams, J. H. Shoemaker and A. Morton Cooper for service as attorneys for

House Bill No. 1328

Read in place in House by Mr. Hecht, 736.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 736.
Reported with amendment, 2841.
First reading, 2841.
Second reading, 2996, 2997.
Third reading and final passage, 3017, 3018.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3529.
Signed by Speaker, 3589.

In Senate (No. 1235)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3046.
Reported without amendment, 3121.
First reading, 3179.
Second reading, 3303.
Third reading and final pasage, 3392.
Signed bp President pro tempore, 3539.

DAIRY AND FOOD COMMISSIONER of Department of Agriculture, James Foust nominated as, 1893.

Reported, 1894.

Confirmed, 1895.

DALE, JAMES A., Representative from First District, York County,

Appointment of, as

Member of Soldiers' Orphans Commission, 73.

Appointment of, on

Special committees, 52, 54.

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 250, Providing additional facilities and enlarging rights of parties having private roads, 747.

House Bill No. 456, providing for organization of National Guard of Pennsylvania, 1383.

Bills introduced by

Empowering officers of poor districts to appropriate money to certain corporation for relief of pauper, injured or sick, 209.

Fixing time for election of directors or overseers of the poor and their terms, 210.

Making appropriation for erection of armories for use of National Guard, 362.

Making appropriation for purpose of purchasing land for rifle range or land for permanent camping ground, 362.

Making appropriation to Armory Board of State of Pennsylvania, 155.

Making appropriation to Children's Home of City of York, 303.

Making appropriation to Paradise Protectory and Agricultural School, 415.

Making appropriation to Visiting Nurse Association of City of York, 1341.

Making appropriation to York Hospital and Dispensary of York City, 125.

Making appropriation to York Society to Protect Children and Aged Persons, 209.

Making void surveying of certain highways and sewers over private property in boroughs, 568.

Providing additional facilities and enlarging rights of parties having private roads, 122.

Providing for issuing of certificates of election to Senators and Representatives, 324.

Providing for safety of employes and other persons in boroughs by requiring periodical inspection of steam boilers, 123.

Providing for safety of employes and other persons in cities of the third class by requiring periodical inspection of steam boilers, 122.

Providing for safety of employes and other persons in townships by requiring periodical inspection of steam boilers, 122.

Providing for support of National Guard of Pennsylvania and Naval Force of Pennsylvania, 324.

Providing for support of National Guard of Pennsylvania and Naval Force of Pennsylvania, 1400.

Bills reported by

No. 281 (Senate Bill No. 782)

Amending act requiring furnishing of metal markers for graves of soldiers and sailors by extending its provisions to widows of soldiers and sailors, 715.

No. 456 (Senate Bill No. 109)

Providing for organization of National Guard of Pennsylvania, 1026.

No. 609

Regulating using of automatic vending machines in cities of first class, 1340.

No. 654

Further amending act for consolidation of boroughs by directing courts upon petition to order election to vote on proposed consolidation, 1398.

No. 1080 (Senate Bill No. 1004)

Making an appropriation to the York Hospital and Dispensary of York City, 2240.

No. 1081 (Senate Bill No. 1005)

Making an appropriation to the York Society to protect Children and Aged Persons, formerly the Christian Home, of York, 2240.

DALE, JAMES A.—Continued.

No. 1082 (Senate Bill No. 1006)

Making an appropriation for the providing and erection of armories throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania said armories to be erected managed and cared for under direction of the State Armory Board, also an appropriation for the care and management of armories erected or provided and to be erected or provided for the two fiscal years beginning June first nineteen hundred and eleven, necessary repairs and contingent expenses in maintenance of armories actual traveling expenses of members of State Armory Board clerical expenses of board inspection expenses also an appropriation contingent upon fire or other cause and which may damage or destroy an armory or armories, 2240.

No. 1083 (Senate Bill No. 1007)

Making an appropriation to The Paradise Protectory and Agricultural School, at Paradise township, York County, 2240.

No. 1084 (Senate Bill No. 1008)

Making an appropriation to the Children's Home of the city of York, 2240.

No. 1085 (Senate Bill No. 1009)

To provide for the payment of appropriations, heretofore made or hereafter to be made, by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, to a corporation or corporations, now or hereafter merged or consolidated, 2240.

No. 1277 (Senate Bill No. 456)

Further amending act relating to examination, licensure and registration of those engaged in plumbing or house drainage in cities of second class, 2473.

No. 1332 (Senate Bill No. 678)

Amending act relating to appointment and maintenance of Armory Board by fixing salaries and providing for payment of expenses of members of said Board, 2943.

Election of, 45.

Motions by, to

Make room for calendars by having shelf placed under desks of members, 1153.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 250, in regard to use of private roads in certain cases relating to mining operations, 857.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by

Authorizing Secretary of Commonwealth to transfer certain official papers to Adjutant General, 1468.

Resolution offered by

Thanking Judge McCarrell for administering oaths, 50.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

DALLAS, JAMES G., Representative from Mercer County,

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 85.

Bills introduced by

Amending act relating to State Hospitals for injured persons within bituminous and semi-bituminous coal regions, 156.

Amending amended act relating to roads and bridges, 156.

Making appropriation to Christian H. Buhl Hospital of Sharon, 124.

Making appropriation to Michael Zahniser, late Treasurer of Mercer County, to refund certain fees, 209.

Making appropriation to Trustees of State Hospital for Injured Persons at Mercer, 172.

Providing for erection of statue to Andrew Gregg Curtin, formerly Governor of Pennsylvania, 1082.

To provide for better protection of life and property by competent operation of steam boilers and engines, 104.

Bills reported by

No. 98 (Senate Bill No. 475)

Supplement to act relating to bituminous coal mines by requiring wash houses, 300.

No. 520 (Senate Bill No. 820)

Regulating construction and repair of highways over drains or culverts, 1169.

No. 637 (Senate Bill No. 383)

Amending act relating to safety of minors in bituminous coal mines by regulating time allowed for midday meal, 1350.

Election of, 44.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 371, 451.

Dispense with further reading of Journal, 2473, 3182.

DALLAS, JAMES G.—Continued.

Petitions presented by, from
Citizens of Mercer County against excise commission bill and Kline license bill, 1919.
Citizens of Mercer County for amendments to oleomargarine law, 1499.
Citizens of Mercer County for Initiative and Referendum, 1397.
Citizens of Mercer County for Jones Road Bill, 1397.
Irish Grange No. 1344 Mercer County, for better telephone facilities, 154.
New Vernon Grange No. 608, for better telephone facilities, 187.
Perry Grange No. 585, Patrons of Husbandry, Mercer County, for better telephone facilities, 300.

Question of privilege raised by, 80.

Remarks on, by
Concurrent resolution relative to draping Barnard statuary, 370.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 80.

DAM AT PROMISED LAND POND in Pike County, bill making appropriation to Department of Forestry to be used in rebuilding (see Department of Forestry).

DAM IN DELAWARE RIVER AT WELLS FALLS, bill to authorize Union Paper Mills Manufacturing Company to construct a (see Union).

DAMAGES AND EXPENSES OF MUNICIPAL IMPROVEMENTS, bill to authorize assessment and collection of costs (see improvements).

DAMAGES, bill to amend, so as to extend same to townships of the first class, act authorizing boroughs and incorporated towns to appropriate private property for necessary public purposes and manner of paying compensation and (see townships).

DAMAGES caused by straightening or changing bed of Paxton Creek to be paid by Dauphin County, bill to repeal that portion of section forty-three of act to incorporate the City of Harrisburg which requires (see Dauphin).

DAMAGES FOR INJURIES PRODUCING DEATH as regards a non-resident alien, to amend act relating to

Senate Bill No. 278.
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 268.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 268.
Reported without amendment, 664.
First reading, 711.
Second reading, 764.
Recommitted to Committee, 793.

DAMAGES FOR INJURIES PRODUCING DEATH by providing that domicile residence, citizenship or nationality shall be no bar as to the right to recover, to amend act relating to

Senate Bill No. 293
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Salus, 665.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 665.
Reported without amendment, 667.
First reading, 712.
Second reading, 770.
Recommitted to Committee on Judiciary General, 795.
Re-reported without amendment, 1435.
Third reading and final passage, 1588, 1589.
Returned from House without amendment, 3118.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3276.

In House (No. 826)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1678.
Reported without amendment, 1780.
First reading, 1834.
Second reading, 2148.
Third reading and final passage, 3231.
Signed by Speaker, 3495.

DAMAGES FOR INJURIES PRODUCING DEATH providing that certain surviving relatives may recover damages whether such relatives be citizens of this Commonwealth or not, to amend act relating to

House Bill No. 231.
Read in place in House by Mr. Young, 304.
Refered to Committee on Judiciary General, 304.
Reported with amendment, 590.
First reading, 639.
Second reading, 743.
Third reading and final passage, §24.
Returned from Senate with amendment, 3321.
Concurred in Senate amendmente, 3321. 3322.
Signed by Speaker, 3480.

DAMAGES FOR INJURIES PRODUCING DEATH—Continued.

Remarks on, by
Stein, 824.

In Senate (No. 610)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 837.
Reported with amendment, 1707.
First reading, 1822, 2701, 2927.
Recommitted to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1916.
Re-reported without amendment, 2618.
Second reading, 2925.
Third reading and final passage, 3140.
Returned from House with Senate amendment concurred in, 3281.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3394.

DAMAGES FROM AN EMPLOYER the negligence of a fellow servant of the employe shall not be a defense, bill to provide that in all actions for (see employer).
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Nulty, 756.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 756.

DAMAGES IN ALL CLASSES OF TRESPASS CLAIMS or suits in any nature, bill to authorize tender of payment of judgment for (see trespass).

DAMAGES IN CONNECTION WITH PAVING and laying sidewalks upon streets, lanes or alleys in townships of first class, bill to provide for collection of (see townships).

DAMAGES incident to acquiring of street railways by municipal corporations, to make certain provisions in regard to (see railways).

DAMAGES TO NON-RESIDENT ALIENS on death of their relatives, resolutions from Italian Congress for passage of bill granting
In Senate, 1175.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1175.

DAMAGES TO PROPERTY caused by change of grade of streets and highways in cities and boroughs, bill relating to (see railroads).

DAMAGES TO REAL PROPERTY taken by any railroad, bill to fix pay and mileage of viewers and surveyors in proceedings for (see railroads).

DAMAGES where streets and alleys are changed in grades or location by fixing number of viewers at three, bill to amend act appointing viewers to assess (see boroughs).

DANCE HALLS, bill relating to admission of minors under age of fourteen years to (see minors).

DANGEROUS KINDS OF MATCHES, bill to prohibit manufacture or offering for sale of certain (see matches).

DANGEROUS TO PUBLIC HEALTH, supplement to act relating to cities of second class providing for vacation or destruction of buildings (see cities).

DANGERS OF COAL AND PETROLEUM OILS, bill to provide for better security of life and property from (see oils).

DANVILLE STATE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE to connect effluent of sewage disposal plant with sewer system of Danville, to direct the Trustees of

House Bill No. 150
Read in place in House by Mr. Newbaker, 146.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 146.
Reported without amendment, 390.
First reading, 433.
Recommitted to Committee on Appropriations, 473.
Re-reported with amendment, 1328.
Second reading, 1358.
Third reading and final passage, 1491.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2946.
Signed by Speaker,

In Senate (No. 752)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1549, 1550.
Reported with amendment, 2439.
First reading, 2551.
Second reading, 2669.
Third reading and final passage, 2889.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3114.

DANVILLE STATE HOSPITAL, petitions presented in reference to sewage disposal plant of (see petitions).

DARBY, GEORGE E., Trustee of Cottage State Hospital for Injured Persons, at Blossburg, nominated, 24.

DATE BACK POLICIES not exceeding six months, bill to amend act relating to rebate in insurance by permitting companies to (see insurance).

DATE FOR OPENING AND CLOSING TAX DUPLICATES in cities of first class, bill to repeal act amending amendment to act relating to (see cities).

DATE thereof, bill to amend act relating to uniform method of electing certain party officers by providing for but one primary in each year and fixing (see electing).

DAUPHIN COUNTY for trial of Commonwealth's civil cases, bill to amend act fixing salaries of judges so as to increase compensation of judges of (see judges).

DAUPHIN COUNTY, to repeal act increasing pay of jurors in

Read in place in House by Mr. Row, 142.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 142.

DAUPHIN COUNTY, to repeal act providing for the election of a solicitor for

House Bill No. 75

Read in place in House by Mr. Cumbler, 124.
Referred to committee on Judiciary Local, 124.
Reported without amendment, 199.
First reading, 212.
Second reading, 237, 238.
Third reading and final passage, 319.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 696.
Signed by Speaker, 718.
Approved by Governor, 922.

In Senate (No. 202)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 343.
Reported without amendment, 487.
First reading, 563.
Second reading, 627.
Third reading and final passage, 668.
Signed by President, 663.

DAUPHIN COUNTY, to repeal act to increase pay of jurors and witnesses in certain counties so far as it applies to

Read in place in House by Mr. Row, 142.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 142.

DAUPHIN COUNTY, to repeal part of act relating to erection of poor house in

Senate Bill No. 47

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox, 221.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 221.
Reported without amendment, 240.
First reading, 272.
Second reading, 293.
Third reading and final passage, 344.
Returned from House without amendment, 1804.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1855.
Approved by Governor, 2153.

Remarks on, by

Fox, 344.

In House (No. 464)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 398.
Reported without amendment, 1027.
First reading, 1092.
Second reading, 1386.
Third reading and final passage, 1752.
Signed by Speaker,

DAUPHIN COUNTY, to repeal part of act to regulate the compensation of certain County Officers in

Senate Bill No. 51

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox, 221.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 221.
Reported without amendment, 240.
First reading, 272.
Second reading, 294.
Third reading and final passage, 345.
Returned from House without amendment, 1805.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1855.
Approved by Governor, 2152.

In House (No. 463)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 399.
Reported without amendment, 1027.
First reading, 1091.
Second reading, 1386.
Third reading and final passage, 1752.
Signed by Speaker,

DAUPHIN COUNTY, to repeal part of act which relates to salaries of Directors of the Poor in

Senate Bill No. 48

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox, 221.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 221.
Reported without amendment, 240.
First reading, 272.
Second reading, 293.
Third reading and final passage, 345.
Returned from House without amendment, 1804.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1855.
Approved by Governor, 2153.

In House (No. 461)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 398, 399.
Reported without amendment, 1027.
First reading, 1091.
Second reading, 1386.
Third reading and final passage, 1751.
Signed by Speaker,

DAUPHIN COUNTY, to repeal section 23 of supplement which fixes rate of mileage for County Commissioners and Directors of the Poor in

Senate Bill No. 50

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox, 221.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 221.
Reported without amendment, 240.
First reading, 272.
Second reading, 294.
Third reading and final passage, 345.
Returned from House without amendment, 1805.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1855.
Approved by Governor, 2153.

In House (No. 467)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 399.
Reported without amendment, 1027.
First reading, 1092.
Second reading, 1387.
Third reading and final passage, 1753.
Signed by Speaker,

DAUPHIN COUNTY, to repeal so far as it relates to fees of jurors and witnesses act relating to increase of certain fees in

Read in place in House by Mr. Row, 142.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 142.

DAUPHIN COUNTY, to repeal supplement to act relating to poor house in

Senate Bill No. 49

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox, 221.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 221.
Reported without amendment, 240.
First reading, 272.
Second reading, 293, 294.
Third reading and final passage, 345.
Returned from House without amendment, 1804.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1855.
Approved by Governor, 2153.

In House (No. 465)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 399.
Reported without amendment, 1027.
First reading, 1092.
Second reading, 1386, 1387.
Third reading and final passage, 1753.
Signed by Speaker, 2050.

DAUPHIN COUNTY, to repeal that portion of section forty-three of act to incorporate City of Harrisburg which requires damages caused by changing bed of Paxton Creek to be paid by

House Bill No. 19

Read in place in House by Mr. Cumbler, 124.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 124.
Reported without amendment, 139.
First reading, 147.
Recommitted to Committee, 157.

DAUPHIN for extraordinary expenses incurred in trial of new Capitol building cases, making appropriation to County of

Read in place in House by Mr. Row, 717.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 717.

DAUPHIN, to repeal act relating to roads and road viewers in the County of

House Bill No. 70

Read in place in House by Mr. Cumbler, 123.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 123.
Reported without amendment, 199.
First reading, 211.
Second reading, 237.
Third reading and final passage, 310.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 696.
Signed by Speaker, 718.
Approved by Governor, 922.

In Senate (No. 201)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 299.
Reported without amendment, 487.
First reading, 563.
Second reading, 627.
Third reading and final passage, 667.
Signed by President,

DAUPHIN, to repeal act relative to use of law library for the County of

House Bill No. 74

Read in place in House by Mr. Cumbler, 123.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 123.
Reported without amendment, 199.
First reading, 212.
Second reading, 237.
Third reading and final passage, 318, 319.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2312.
Signed by Speaker, 2587.

In Senate (No. 632)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 343.
Reported without amendment, 1854.
First reading, 2012.
Second reading, 2177.
Third reading and final passage, 2206, 2207.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2523.

DAVIDSON, J. N., nominated as Trustee for State Institution for Feeble Minded, at Polk, 3274.
Reported, 3385.
Confirmed, 3414.

DAVIS, ALBERT, Representative from First District, Lackawanna County,
Acting Speaker, 2320.

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 1035.
House Bill No. 400, to regulate hours of mechanics, workingmen and laborers, 1482, 1483.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Regulating hours of labor of mechanics, workingmen and laborers employed in Pennsylvania, 200.
Regulating pay of election officers at all elections hereafter held within this Commonwealth, 146.
Regulating pay of election officers in all counties with population of between 250,000 and 500,000, 1401.
To provide for health and safety of persons employed in and about anthracite coal mines, 1468.
To regulate advertisements and solicitations for employes during strikes, 472.
Joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania so as to permit special legislation regulating labor, 1468.
Joint resolution to appoint commissions to investigate conditions of surface support in connection with the removal of anthracite coal, 98.
Making appropriation to former Board of Examiners for Inspectors of Mines of Lackawanna County, 171.
Making appropriation to West Side Hospital Association of City of Scranton, 125.

Bills reported by

No. 75 (Senate Bill No. 202)
Repealing act providing for election of solicitor for Dauphin County, 199.

No. 292 (Senate Bill No. 500)
Joint resolution providing for granting of Brevet Rank to surviving officers of Pennsylvania troops of Civil War, 715.

DAVIS, ALBERT—Continued.

No. 479 (Senate Bill No. 683)
Authorizing appointment by county commissioners of one assessor in each Legislative District and three assessors from county at large in certain counties, 1028.

Election of, 43.

Leave of absence asked for, 316, 1350.

Motions by, to

Drop from calendar House Bill No. 212, relating to appointment of commission to investigate matter of surface support in connection with removal of anthracite coal, 1065.
Drop from calendar House Bill No. 1272, joint resolution proposing amendment to section 7 of article 3 of Constitution of Pennsylvania so as to permit General Assembly to regulate wages and hours of employes of State or any civil division thereof, 3484.
Postpone for present House Bill No. 147, requiring electric railway companies to provide suitable waiting rooms and to equip all cars with toilets or water closets, 581.
Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 1286, providing that all public school teachers who have taught for ten consecutive years shall be elected to a permanent position, 3500.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Chester County, for State Local Option Law, 389.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 195, making appropriation to former Board of Examiners for Inspectors of Mines of Lackawanna County, 724.
House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system,
House Bill No. 516, to regulate advertisements and solicitations for employes during lockouts or other labor disputes, 1791.
House Bill No. 518, amending act providing uniform method of electing certain party officers by providing for one primary each year in place of two, 1189.
House Bill No. 855, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania so as to permit special legislation regulating labor, 2518.
House Bill No. 1286, providing that all public school teachers who have taught for ten consecutive years shall be elected to a permanent position, 3500.

Resolutions, concurrent, reported by

No. 20, recommending Congress to extend benefit of pension law to surviving officers who served in Civil War, 1948.
No. 21, recommending Congress in case of death of ex-soldier or sailor who received a pension to continue said pension to his widow, if there be one, or to nearest relative dependent upon him, 1948.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

DAVIS, GEORGE, nominated as Member of Commission to Investigate and Report in the Matter of Surface Support where anthracite coal has been or is to be removed, 1420.
Reported, 3265.
Confirmed, 3414.

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First reading, 2834.

Second reading, 2996.

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Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 301.

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House Bill No. 473, to repeal act changing date for opening and closing tax duplicates and placing same in hands of collectors of delinquent taxes in cities of first class, 1756.

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House Bill No. 555, requiring all property, real, personal and mixed, to be taxable and assessed according to its fair cash value, 1611.

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DEATH AS REGARDS A NON-RESIDENT ALIEN, bill to amend act relating to damages for injuries producing (see damages).

DEATH by providing that domicile residence, citizenship or nationality shall be no bar as to right to recover, bill to amend act relating to damages for injuries producing (see damages).

DEATH CERTIFICATES, bill to amend act providing for immediate registration of old birth and deaths and burial or removal permits by changing fees for birth and (see certificates).

DEATH OF DRAWER BEFORE PAYMENT, bill to authorize payment of checks, demand drafts and savings bank orders in case of (see payment).

DEATH PENALTY as punishment for crime be executed in penitentiaries, bill to provide that (see penalty).

DEATH PENALTY IN CAPITAL CASES, bill to regulate infliction of (see penalty).

DEATH PENALTY in this and in other States and countries, concurrent resolution (Senate) by McConnell, authorizing appointment of commission to investigate method of inflicting, 3416.

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Concurred in by House, 3531.

DEATH providing that certain surviving relatives may recover damages whether such relatives be citizens of this Commonwealth or not, bill to amend act relating to damages for injuries producing (see damages).

DEBT, joint resolutions proposing amendment to Constitution regarding restriction of State (see Constitution).

DEBT OF ANY MUNCIPALITY, joint resolution proposing amendment to section eight, article nine of Constitution of Pennsylvania relating to (see Constitution).

DEBT OF MUNICIPALITIES, petitions presented for passage of House Bill No. 62, Joint Resolution for amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania relative to (see petitions).

DEBT OF SAID TOWNSHIP, bill to repeal act relating to taxation of dogs in East Nottingham Township, Chester County, and for decrease of (see East Nottingham).

DEBT OF TOWNSHIPS OF SECOND CLASS, bill to validate incurring of (see townships).

DEBTS, bill relating to private sales of real estate approved by Orphans' Courts for payment of (see Orphans' Courts).

DEBTS, bill to amend act relating to insolvency and in certain contingencies relieving insolvent and others liable with him from further liability for (see insolvency).

DEBTS DUE BY SCHOOL DISTRICTS of fourth class, bill relating to collection of (see school districts).

DEBTS, EARNINGS, salary or income when same is twelve dollars or more per week, bill to provide for collection of judgments by attachment, execution against wages, (see judgments).

DEBTS NOT OF RECORD against estates of decedents, bill to preserve lien of (see lien).

DECEDENTS, bill to preserve lien of debts not of record against estates of (see lien).

Read in place in House by Mr. Alter, 2248.

Refered to Committee on Judiciary General, 2248.

DECEDENTS ON FAILURE OF TESTAMENTARY DEVICES by extending its provisions to cases where devices shall be impracticable, to amend act relating to disposition of property of

Senate Bill No. 519

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Buckman, 1306.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1306.

Reported without amendment, 1435.

First reading, 1605.

Second reading and amended, 1644, 1645.

Third reading and final passage, 1720, 1721.

In House (No. 882)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 1760.

Reported without amendment, 2023.

First reading, 2196.

Second reading, 2372.

Third reading and defeated on final passage, 3357.

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Read in place in House by Mr. Shern, 1115.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1115.

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Read in place in Senate by Mr. Buckman, 1100.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1100.

DECEDENTS to the recording thereof, relating to elections by surviving husbands or wives to take under or against the wills of

House Bill No. 45

Read in place in House by Mr. Hecht, 123.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 123.

Reported with amendment, 145.

First reading, 196.

Second reading, 233.

Third reading and final passage, 255.

Returned from Senate without amendment, 1302.

Signed by Speaker, 1339.

Approved by Governor, 1692.

Remarks on, by

Hecht, 255.

In Senate (No. 454)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 248.

Reported without amendment, 1178.

First reading, 1211.

Second reading, 1234.

Third reading and final passage, 1258.

Signed by President pro tempore, 1305.

DECOYS TO BE USED FOR WILD WATER-FOWL of all kinds, bill to limit number of (see water-fowl).

DECREE IN CERTAIN CASES, bill to amend act relating to jurisdiction of courts in cases of divorce by requiring Courts of Common Pleas to enter a (see divorce).

DECREE of distribution wherein fund for distribution is in excess of $1500, bill to direct appeals to Supreme Court from any (see appeals).

DEDICATION OF PENNSYLVANIA MONUMENT at Cold Harbor, Virginia, bill making appropriation for publishing of proceedings of (see Cold Harbor).

DEDICATION OF PENNSYLVANIA MONUMENT AT SALISBURY, North Carolina, bill making appropriation to provide for publishing of proceedings of the (see Salisbury).

DEED, OR CONVEYANCE, bill to enable a married man or married woman owning any real estate to convey same to each other without joinder of the other in (see married man).

DEED OR DEVISE OF LAND where minerals are reserved in general terms, bill to determine effect of reservations in any contract (see minerals),

DEEDS and other instruments and agreements concerning conveyance of land, bill relating to recording in office of recorder of (see recording).

DEEDS, bill to amend act relating to certain estates by further defining the disqualification of certain persons to witness (see witness).

DEEDS in counties having population of 500,000 or less to be registered in office of County Commissioners before being recorded, bill to require all (see counties).

EEDS, MORTGAGES AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS, bill relating to recording of (see recording).

DEER for and during the period of five years from June 1, 1911, to prohibit killing of

Read in place in House by Mr. Hilton, 125.
Referred to Committee on Game, 125.

DEER, killed either within or without this Commonwealth, except as specially provided for by law, bill to amend act relating to protection of game by making it unlawful to sell in this Commonwealth (see game).

DEER other than males with visible horns, to amend act relating to protection and preservation of game and wild birds by permitting the killing of

House Bill No. 210
Read in place in House by Mr. James N. Hunter, 155.
Referred to Committee on Game, 155.
Reported with amendment, 566
First reading, 604.
Second reading and dropped from calendar, 738, 739, 740.

Remarks on, by
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DEER, petitions presented relative to proposed laws relating to killing and sale of (see petitions).

DEFECTS IN ARTICLES OF ORGANIZATION, bill to regulate individual liability of members of joint stock companies and limited partnerships arising from technical (see liability).

DEFECTS IN PROCEEDINGS heretofore had, supplement to act concerning divorces curing certain (see divorces).

DEFENDANT TO FILE A BILL OF PARTICULARS upon plea taken by plaintiff after plea, bill to regulate pleadings in civil cases by requiring (see pleadings).

DEFENDANT when testifying in his own behalf in criminal trials, bill to regulate cross examination of a (see cross examination).

DEFICIENCIES incurred in maintenance of indigent insane for two years ending May 31, 1911, bill making appropriation for (see insane).

DEFICIENCY that has arisen in payment of expenses incurred in prevention and extinguishment of forest fires and also for payment of such expenses that may be incurred to and including May 31, 1911, bill making appropriation for payment of (see forest).

DEFICIENCY that has arisen under act relating to destruction of certain noxious animals, bill making appropriation for payment of (see animals).

DEGREES IN ART, science, philosophy, literature, painting, music, medicine, law and theology, supplement to act regarding corporations permitting representatives of incorporated city to join with certain incorporated trustees to confer (see city).

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Confirmed, 1635.

DELAWARE AND ITS NAVIGABLE TRIBUTARIES, for two years from June 1, 1911, bill making appropriation to Board of Commissioners of Navigation for the River (see Board).

DELAWARE RIVER AND BAY by providing for classification of pilots and pilot apprentices, bill to amend act regarding navigation in (see pilots).

DELAWARE RIVER AT WELLS FALLS, bill to authorize Union Paper Mills Manufacturing Company to construct a dam in (see Union).

DELAWARE RIVER BELOW TRENTON FALLS, bill to amend act relating to propagation of fish and catching of fish in (see fish).

DELAWARE RIVER, bill to provide for joint acquisition by Pennsylvania and New Jersey of certain toll bridges over (see bridges).

DELAWARE RIVER, bill to provide for joint acquisition by Pennsylvania and New York of certain toll bridges over (see bridges).

DELAWARE RIVER in Falls Township, Bucks County, bill making appropriation for completion of dike or dikes for protection of property adjacent to (see dike).

DELAWARE RIVER TOLL BRIDGE COMMISSION presented to Senate, by Mr. Buckman, report of, 242.
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DELAWARE RIVER TOLL BRIDGE COMMISSION report, concurrent resolution (House) by Marvin, in reference to printing the, 253.
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Approved by Governor, 369, 370.

DELETERIOUS SAUSAGE, bill to prohibit sale of (see sausage).

DELINQUENCY OF CHILDREN, bill to provide for punishment of persons responsible for or contributing to (see children).

DELINQUENT COMPANY, order or association transacting any class of insurance, bill to authorize Insurance Commissioner to take possession of any insolvent or (see insurance).

DELINQUENT FOR NON-PAYMENT OF TAXES, bill to amend act relating to county and township rates and levies by authorizing collector to deputize constable or other officer to make levy and sale or to arrest the (see taxes).

DELINQUENT TAX COLLECTORS, bill to repeal act amending amendment to act relating to date for opening and closing tax duplicates in cities of first class and placing same in hands of (see cities).

DELIVERY TICKETS IN SALE OF ANTHRACITE COAL, bill to provide in cities of first class for (see cities).

DENATURING BY KEROSENE OF ALL EGGS UNFIT FOR FOOD, supplementary to act for protection of public health by prohibiting sale of eggs unfit for food providing for (see eggs).

DENSE BLACK OR DENSE GRAY SMOKE within cities, bill to declare it to be a nuisance to produce or suffer to be produced a (see cities).

DENTAL FURNITURE, tools and equipment leased, hired or conditionally sold from levy or sale on execution or distress for rent, to exempt

Senate Bill No. 358
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Kline (by request), 707.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 707.
Reported without amendment, 794.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 842.

DENTISTRY, bill to create Bureau of Preliminary Professional Education with authority to determine preliminary education of students of (see Bureau).

DEPARTMENT, bill to establish a State Highway (see Highway).

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, bill to authorize printing of subsequent editions of bulletins by (see bulletins).

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, bill to authorize printing of 25,000 copies of Bulletin No. 152 issued by (see bulletin).

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE offices of State Zoologist and Horticulturist and Assistant Zoologist and Horticulturist and abolishing offices of Economic Zoologist and Assistant Economic Zoologist, to create in

House Bill No. 1251
Read in place in House by Mr. E. E. Jones, 1399.
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 1399.
Reported with amendment, 2248.
First reading, 2384.
Second reading and amended, 2514.

DEPARTMENT OF AUDITOR-GENERAL, to fix number and salaries of clerks and other employes in

Senate Bill No. 247
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Catlin, 454.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 454.
Reported without amendment, 607.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 684.
Re-reported with amendment, 806.
Recommitted to Committee, 839.
Re-reported without amendment, 1435.
Second reading, 1590.
Third reading and final passage, 1661.
Returned from House with amendment, 2654.
Concurred in House amendment, 2654.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2903.

In House (No. 827)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1693
Reported with amendment, 1780.
First reading, 1834.
Second reading, 2148,
Recommitted to Committee, 2516.

DEPARTMENT OF AUDITOR GENERAL—Continued.
Re-reported with amendment, 2586.
Recommitted to Committee on Appropriations, 2587.
Re-reported from Committee,
Third reading and final passage, 2833.
Returned from Senate with House amendment concurred in, 2931.
Signed by Speaker, 2942.

DEPARTMENT OF BANKING, bill to fix compensation of four clerks in (see Banking).

DEPARTMENT OF CHARITIES and abolishing Board of Public Charities and Committee on Lunacy, bill relating to treatment and detention of insane and creating State (see Charities).

DEPARTMENT OF FACTORY INSPECTION, bill relating to inspection of steam boilers in cities of third class and providing for appointment and compensation of two additional clerks in (see cities).

DEPARTMENT OF FACTORY INSPECTION, bill relating to inspection of steam boilers in townships and providing for appointment and compensation of two additional clerks in (see townships).

DEPARTMENT OF FACTORY INSPECTION, bill to provide for periodical inspection of steam boilers in boroughs and for appointment and compensation of two additional clerks in (see steam boilers).

DEPARTMENT OF FISHERIES, bill to amend act regulating catching and sale of fish and free distribution of same and forbidding sale of unlawful devices for catching fish and defining certain powers and duties of (see fish).

DEPARTMENT OF FORESTRY, bill to amend act relating to establishment of (see Forestry).

DEPARTMENT OF FISHERIES, for purpose of public fishing, bill to transfer control of certain waters to (see fishing).

DEPARTMENT OF FORESTRY to be held as State Forest Reserves, bill making an appropriation for purchase of lands by (see forest).

DEPARTMENT OF FORESTRY to be used in rebuilding dam at Promised Land Pond in Pike County, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1110
Read in place in House by Mr. Marvin, 391.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 391.
Reported with amendment, 2241.
First reading, 2337.
Second reading, 2416.
Third reading and final passage, 2786, 2787.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.

In Senate (No. 1034)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.
Reported without amendment, 2688.
First reading, 2710.
Second reading, 2917.
Third reading and final passage, 3088, 3089.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

DEPARTMENT OF FORESTRY to grant rights of way through State land, to authorize

House Bill No. 606
Read in place in House by Mr. Kelsey, 1082.
Referred to Committee on Railroads, 1082.
Reported without amendment, 1340.
First reading, 1412.
Second reading, 1534.
Third reading and final passage, 1788.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2842.
Signed by Speaker, 2942.

Remarks on, by
Knight, 1788.
Kelsey, 1788.

In Senate (No. 636)
Referred to Committee on Forestry, 1802.
Reported without amendment, 1854.
First reading, 2012.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee on Railroads, 2178.
Re-reported without amendment, 2525.
Third reading and final passage, 2606.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2903.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH to accept title to "The Grand View Sanatorium for the Care and Treatment of Poor Consumptives" located at Oil City, bill to authorize State (see sanatorium)

DEPARTMENT OF INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION of Public offices and to establish uniform system of public accounting, to create
Read in place in House by Mr. Halferty, 1168.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1168.

DEPARTMENT OF INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION of Public offices and to establish uniform system of public counting, to create
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 1068.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1068.

DEPARTMENT OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS and create offices of Chief and Assistant Chief of said Bureau, bill to abolish offices of Superintendent and Assistant Superintendent of the Bureau of Railways in (see Bureau).

DEPARTMENT OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS, bill to provide for cancellation of certain liens, bonds and mortgages now held by (see cancelation).

DEPARTMENT OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS, bill to provide for establishment of a Bureau of Standards in (see Bureau).

DEPARTMENT OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS, to reorganize

House Bill No. 329
Read in place in House by Mr. Willian. Ward, Jr., 636.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 636.
Reported without amendment, 734.
First reading, 782.
Second reading, 891, 892.
Third reading and amended, 1287.
Final passage, 1337.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1944.
Signed by Speaker,
Vetoed by Governor, 2559, 2560.

Remarks on, by
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Ward, William, Jr., 892.

In Senate (No. 553)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1421.
Reported without amendment, 1546.
First reading, 1656.
Second reading, 1739.
Third reading and final passage, 1815.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1917.

DEPARTMENT OF MEDICAL EDUCATION AND LICENSURE and to define the powers and duties of said Department, bill to establish (see medicine).

DEPARTMENT OF MINES, bill to fix compensation of chief clerk and five clerks in (see Mines).

DEPARTMENT OF MINES, bill to fix salary of Chief Clerk of (see Mines).

DEPARTMENT OF MINES, bill to fix salary of Chief of (see Mines).

DEPARTMENT OF MINES, bill to fix salary of Deputy Chief of (see Mines).

DEPARTMENT OF MINES by permitting any Mine Inspector suspended by Chief of Department of Mines for neglect of duty to appeal to Court of Common Pleas, bill to amend act establishing (see Mine).

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC GROUNDS AND BUILDINGS, bill to fix number and compensation of officers and employes in (see Public Grounds).

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, bill relating to right to practice medicine and surgery and providing a Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure as a sub-department of (see medicine).

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, bill to create a Bureau of Prefessional Education as a sub-department of (see Bureau).

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PRINTING AND BINDING, bill to amend act to create (see printing).

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY in cities of first class to make rules regarding traffic, use and police control of public highways, streets and parkways, bill to permit (see cities).

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY in cities of second class, bill to create a Bureau of Public Utilities in (see cities).

DEPARTMENT OF RECREATION, supplement to act relating to cities of first class establishing (see cities).

DEPARTMENT OF STATE POLICE, bill to repeal act creating (see State Police).

DEPARTMENT OF STATE POLICE in respect to salaries, bill to amend act creating (see State Police).

DEPARTMENT OF WHARVES, DOCKS AND FERRIES by fixing the number of the jury at three, bill to amend act relating to government of cities of first class and creating (see cities).

DEPARTMENTS OF THE COMMONWEALTH, bill to limit employment of females of any age to number of five in any capacity of the several (see females).

DEPARTMENTS OF THE COMMONWEALTH, interest on publice debt and for support of public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June 1, 1911, and for payment of bills remaining unpaid at close of fiscal year ending May 31, 1911, bill to provide for ordinary expenses of Executive, Judicial and Legislative (see expenses).

DEPARTMENTS TO DEPOSIT ALL PAPERS NOT NEEDED, bill to amend act creating a division of State Library for preservation of public records by permitting the various State (see division).

DE PAUL INSTITUTE of Scott Township, Allegheny County, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1196

Read in place in House by Mr. Allen, 188.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 188.
Reported with amendment, 2243.
First reading, 2341.
Second reading, 2430.
Third reading and final passage, 2815.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.

In Senate (No. 1115)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2663.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2714.
Second reading, 2922.
Third reading and final passage, 3104, 3105.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

DEPENDENT CHILDREN, bills amending act relating to care of (see children).

DEPENDENTS AFFLICTED WITH BLINDNESS or loss of eye-sight, bill to provide for payment of pensions or gratuities to (see pensions).

DE PIERRO, presentation of testimonial of House of Representatives at close of session to Salvatore, 3651.

DEPOSIT ISSUED BY BANKS OR TRUST COMPANIES and payable on demand or at a fixed time, bill to extend statute of limitations to certificates of (see banks).

DEPOSIT issued by them, bill to limit time which actions may be brought against banks or trust companies for recovery of amount represented by any certificates of (see certificates).

DEPOSIT made in the names of two persons, to regulate the payment of any

House Bill No. 96

Read in place in House by Mr. Gilkeson, 142.
Referred to Committee on Banks and Banking, 142.
Reported without amendment, 251,
First reading, 321.
Second reading, 330.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 396, 397.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and postponed for present, 486.
Resumed and defeated on final passage, 690, 691.

Remarks on, by

Henry, 396, 397.
Gilkeson, 397, 690.
Baldwin, Richard J., 397, 690, 691.
Williams, 690.
Marvin, 690, 691.

DEPOSIT OF CERTAIN SECURITIES with Insurance Commissioner to enable them to do business in other States or with United States Government, bill to authorize insurance and surety companies to make (see insurance).

DEPOSIT same as security, bill to provide punishment for employes who convert merchandise, bills of lading, permits, certificates or orders to their own use or (see employes).

DEPOSITING OF COUNTY FUNDS AT INTEREST, to authorize the

House Bill No. 750

Read in place in House by Mr. Whitman, 1329.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1329.
Reported without amendment, 1695.
First reading, 1829.
Second reading, 2124.
Third reading and final pasage, 3026.

In Senate (No. 1188)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 3045.
Reported with amendment, 3119.
First reading, 3176.
Recommitted to Committee on Banks and Building and Loan Associations, 3293.
Announced by President that bill is erroneously on calendar, 3418.

DEPOSITORIES OF COUNTY FUNDS, bill to constitute county commissioners, controller and treasurer in any county with between 150,000 and 250,000 inhabitants a Board having power to appoint (see county).

DEPOSITS FROM BECOMING SECURITY, bill to forbid domestic and foreign corporations authorized to receive (see corporations).

DEPOSITS OF MONEY and do banking business and which have failed to exercise their corporate privileges within certain time shall be proceeded against by quo warranto to have their charter rights declared null and void, bill to provide that corporations having right to receive (see banking).

DEPOSITS OF MONEY, stocks, bonds and other securities, to provide for report to Auditor General and escheat to Commonwealth under certain conditions of

House Bill No. 334

Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 637.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 637.
Reported without amendment, 734.
First reading, 782.
Second reading and amended, 1222.
Third reading and final passage, 1489, 1490.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1550.

DEPOSITS OF STATE FUNDS by requiring publication of monthly statements of State Treasurer in but one Harrisburg paper, to amend act regulating

Read in place in House by Mr. Marvin, 526.
Referred to Committee on Banks and Banking, 526.

DEPUTIES TO COUNTY OFFICERS in counties with population of less than 150,000, bill to fix salaries of (see counties).

DEPUTIES TO QUARANTINE PHYSICIAN, bill to amend act regarding Quarantine Board so as to regulate salaries of (see Quarantine).

DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL in Attorney General's Department, bill to create office of Second Assistant (see Attorney General's).

DEPUTY CHIEF OF DEPARTMENT OF MINES, bill to fix salary of (see Mines).

DEPUTY CONTROLLERS IN CITIES, bill to regulate appointment or election of (see cities).

DEPUTY CORONER AND STENOGRAPHER in counties having between 200,000 and 250,000 inhabitants, bill to provide for appointment of (see coroner).

DEPUTY CORONER, bill to regulate inquests, hearings and other proceedings held by or before any coroner or (see coroner).

DEPUTY CORONERS and for their compensation, bill to provide for appointment of (see coroners).

DEPUTY COUNTY CONTROLLER AND CLERKS, bill to provide for election of a county controller in counties with over 100,000 inhabitants and providing for (see counties).

DEPUTY FACTORY INSPECTORS, bill to fix compensation of (see factory inspectors).

DEPUTY PROTHONOTARIES in counties having population between 300,000 and 1,000,000, bill to provide for appointment of (see prothonotaries).

DEPUTY PROTHONOTARY OF SUPREME COURT of Eastern District and of Middle District, bill to amend act relating to appointment of (see prothonotary).

DEPUTY RECORDER of deeds in any county with population of 1,000,000 or over, bill to amend, so as to make it apply to counties with population of 1,400,000 or over, act fixing salary of (see counties).

DEPUTY REGISTER in office of register of wills of counties having population of 1,000,000 or over, bill to amend, so as to make it apply to counties having population of 1,400,000 or over, act fixing salary of (see counties).

DEPUTY SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE, A. L. Martin nominated as, 1800.

Reported, 1853.

Confirmed, 1895.

DEPUTY SHERIFFS on duty in court rooms of courts of oyer and terminer and quarter sessions of peace in counties having between 750,000 and 1,200,000 population, bill in relation to appointment and salaries of (see sheriffs).

DEPUTY STATE VETERINARIAN of Department of Agriculture, T. E. Munce, nominated as, 24.

Reported, 283.

Confirmed, 298.

DERSHEM, FRANK L., Representative from Union County,

Acting Speaker, 1159.

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 3, fixing salaries of the judges of the several Courts, 219.

House Bill No. 228, Amending act relating to time for precepts for triennial assessments, 743.

House Bill No. 258, to provide for pensioning of soldiers, sailors and marines who served in Civil War, 861.

House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 1038.

House Bill No. 600, regulating drivers and operators of all vehicles and persons riding or leading animals on public highways, 1532.

House Bill No. 902, amending act relating to motor vehicles, 2383.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85, 99.

Bills introduced by

Amending act relating to the issuing of precepts to assessors for triennial assessments, 304.

Authorizing Commissioner of Fisheries to issue permits to use fyke nets and outlines in certain parts of streams inhabited by trout, 1214.

Providing for pensioning of soldiers, sailors and marines who served in Civil War, 155.

To repeal act relating to election of assistant assessors for registration of voters in certain townships and boroughs, 104.

To repeal act relating to repair and maintenance of turnpikes, 98.

Bills reported by

No. 24

Fixing minimum monthly salaries of school teachers in public schools, 139.

No. 59 (Senate Bill No. 142)

Repealing act relating to repair and maintenance of certain turnpikes, 188.

No. 210

Amending act relating to game by permitting killing of deer other than males with visible horns, 566.

No. 428 (Senate Bill No. 630)

Amending act relating to motor vehicles by exempting hospital motor ambulance and moter fire engines, 1015.

No. 902

Amending act relating to motor vehicles and providing for their registration and licensing of operators, 2054.

Election of, 45.

Motion by, in reference to

Time of next meeting, 1415.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 881, 2347.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 354, requiring all employers to grant certain time for midday meal to each employe, 1618.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Union County, against resident hunter's license law, 207, 231, 278.

Citizens of Union County, for law for attachment, of wages, 230.

Question of information raised by, on

House Bill No. 659, amending act relating to insolvency, 2346, 2347.

DERSHEM, FRANK L.—Continued.

Remarks by, at

Memorial service for John Calvin Meyer, late Representative from Centre County, 2326.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 3, fixing salaries of judges of certain courts, 532, 533, 1849.

House Bill No. 15, to quiet title of real estate and relating to certain corporations holding and conveying title to real estate, 147.

House Bill No. 61, relating to additional employes in General Assembly, 368.

House Bill No. 191, amending act relating to corporations as regard charters of religious bodies, 784, 2198.

House Bill No. 258, to provide for pensioning of soldiers, sailors and marines who served in Civil War, 861.

House Bill No. 354, requiring all employers to grant certain time for midday meal to all employes, 1618.

House Bill No. 407, amending act for better selection of persons to serve as jurors by increasing pay and mileage of jury commissioners, 1479.

House Bill No. 571, regulating returns of constables in boroughs and townships, 1943, 1944.

House Bill No. 600, regulating drivers and operators of all vehicles and persons riding or leading animals on public highways, 3321, 3526.

House Bill No. 798, relating to sale of goods, 3218.

House Bill No. 804, regulating issuance of licenses to marry, 3230.

House Bill No. 821, regulating collection of taxes in boroughs and townships and providing compensation for collector, 3035, 3036.

House Bill No. 892, amending act relating to removal of judges as regards salaries after removal, 3482, 3483.

House Bill No. 902, amending act relating to motor vehicles, 2383.

House Bill No. 906, regulating licensing of brewers and distillers, 2583.

Resolutions offered by, relative to

Memorial services for Honorable J. Calvin Meyer, deceased, 2026.

Settlement of Capitol civil suits, 157.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

DESERT WIFE OR CHILDREN leaving them without reasonable means of support, to make it a felony for husband, father or mother to

House Bill No. 241

Read in place in House by Mr. William Conner, 115.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 115.

Reported with amendment, 590.

First reading, 639.

Second reading, 744, 745.

Third reading and recommitted to Committee, 825.

DESERTED WIVES AND CHILDREN, supplement to act for relief of

Read in place in House by Mr. McClung, 231.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 231.

DESERTED WIVES AND CHILDREN, supplement to act for relief of

Senate Bill No. 246

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 222.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 222.

Reported without amendment, 551.

First reading, 635.

Second reading, 683, 684.

Third reading and final passage, 709.

In House (No. 468)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 749.

Reported with negative recommendation, 1027.

DESERTION AND NON-SUPPORT OF WIFE by husband and of children by either father or mother, to provide punishment for

Read in place in House by Mr. Gibson, 638.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 638.

DESERTION AND NON-SUPPORT PROCEEDINGS, bill to limit orders for payment of alimony in divorce, (see alimony).

DESERTION CASES, bill amending act relating to care of dependent children by empowering court to enforce order of support as in other (see children).

DESERTION to testify to fact of desertion and efforts made to induce respondent to return and resume marital relations, bill to enable libellant in all proceedings for divorce on ground of (see divorce).

DESERVING SUPERANNUATED EMPLOYES OF JAILS, prisons and certain other institutions, bill to provide for pensioning of (see pensioning).

DESTITUTE AND INDIGENT SOLDIERS (and their widows) who served in Civil War, bill to provide relief for (see soldiers).

DESTITUTE SOLDIERS, SAILORS (and their widows), who served in Civil War, bill to provide for relief of (see soldiers).

DETECTIVE AGENCIES, to license the business of private detectives and

House Bill No. 836

Read in place in House by Mr. Frey, 209.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 209.
Reported with amendment, 1947.
First reading, 2047.
Second reading, 2508.

DETECTIVE in counties with population between 1,000,000 and 1,500,000, to provide for appointment by district attorney of chief and assistant and special county

Senate Bill No. 100

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Hunter, 166.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 167.
Reported without amendment, 242.
First reading, 276.
Recommitted to Committee, 297.
Re-reported without amendment, 402.
Second reading, 464.
Third reading and postponed for present, 494.
Resumed and passed finally, 1074.
Returned from House without amendment, 3541.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3541.

In House (No. 627)

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1153.
Reported without amendment, 1340.
First reading, 1413, 1414.
Second reading, 1538.
Third reading and postponed for present, 2056.
Resumed and defeated on final passage, 3365.
Vote on final passage reconsidered, 3607.
Resumed and passed finally, 3607, 3608.
Signed by Speaker, 3610.

Remarks on, by

Alter, 3365, 3608.
Scott, S. B., 3365.
Allen, 3607, 3608.
Woodward, 3607.
Maurer, 3607, 3608.
McInerney, 3608.

DETECTIVE OFFICER and assistant special detective officers, to provide for appointment by District Attorney in counties having between 300,000 and 800,000 inhabitants of special

Read in place in House by Mr. Ehrhardt, 1214.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1214.

DETECTIVE OFFICERS AND ASSISTANTS, not exceeding five in number, in counties with population between 150,000 and 500,000, to provide for appointment of special

Senate Bill No. 148

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Jamison, 166.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 166.
Reported without amendment, 373.
First reading, 412.
Second reading, 465, 466.
Laid over in its order, 495.
Third reading and postponed for present, 551.
Resumed and passed finally, 762.

In House (No. 381)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 819.
Reported without amendment, 881.
First reading, 902.
Second reading, 1059.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 1345, 1355.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 1354, 1355.

Remarks on, by

Maurer, 1354.
Feeney, 1354.
Ulerich, 1354.

DETECTIVE OFFICERS IN COUNTIES having between 300,000 and 500,000 inhabitants, to provide for appointment of special

Read in place in House by Mr. Watts, 1400.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1400.

DETENTION awaiting trial, bill relating to treatment of persons in places of (see treatment).

DETZEL, FRANK J., Representative from Second District, Erie County,

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system 1034.

Appointments of, on

Conference committee, 3372.
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Amending eighth section of act relating to registration of those engaged in plumbing in cities of second and third class as regards house drains, 172.

Making appropriation to Association of Directors of the Poor and Charities of State of Pennsylvania, 134.

Making appropriation to Florence Crittenton Home of Erie, 134.

Permitting county treasurer not paid by salary to retain one-half of one per centum from monies received from liquor license fees, 776.

Bills reported by

No. 1197 (Senate Bill No. 1116)
Making an appropriation to the Northwestern Pennsylvania Humane Society, of Erie, 2243.

No. 1198 (Senate Bill No. 1117)
Making an appropriation to the Erie Home for the Friendless of the City of Erie, Erie County, 2243.

No. 1199 (Senate Bill No. 1118)
Making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home of Erie, 2243.

No. 1200 (Senate Bill No. 1119)
Making an appropriation to the Hamot Hospital Association of the City of Erie, Erie County, 2243.

No. 1201 (Senate Bill No. 1120)
Making an appropriation to the Saint Vincent's Hospital Association of the City of Erie, Erie County, 2243.

No. 1293 (Senate Bill No. 1224)
Making appropriation for improvement of State Canal Basins at Port of Erie, 2840.

Election of, 43.

Leave of absence asked for, 210.

Motions by, to

Dispense with further reading of Journal, 524, 1015, 1457, 2556.
Drop from calendar House Bill No. 417, permitting county treasurers not paid by salary to retain one-half of one per centum from moneys received from liquor license fees, 1937.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Erie County against commission form of government, 809.
Citizens of Erie County against compulsory medical inspection of school children, 959.
Citizens of Erie County for Maurer Initiative and Referendum Bill, 525.

Question of information raised by, on

House Bill No. 312, to establish a public school system, 989.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 216, amending act creating Department of State Police as regards salaries, 933.
House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 1039.
House Bill No. 548, permitting county treasurers not paid by salary to retain one-half of one per centum from moneys received from liquor license fees, 1930.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

DEVICE, meter or machine for distribution of gas, operated by placing therein any coin, token or slug, bill to make it unlawful to use any automatic (see gas).

DEVICES FOR CATCHING FISH, bill to amend act regulating catching and sale of fish and regulating free distribution of same and forbidding sale of unlawful (see fish).

DEVICES ON ALL GRADE CROSSINGS of steam railroads, bill to require safety (see railroads).

DEVISES shall be impracticable, bill to amend act relating to disposition of property of decedents on failure of testamentary devises by extending its provisions to cases where (see decedents).

DEVITT for mileage due him as Member of Mine Inspectors' Examining Board, making appropriation to John J.

Senate Bill No. 183
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McConnell, 267.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 267.
Reported without amendment, 453.
First reading, 518.
Second reading, 562.
Third reading and final passage, 621.
Returned from House without amendment, 1548.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1633.
Approved by Governor, 1799.

In House (No. 396)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 697.
Reported without amendment, 883, 884.
First reading, 923.
Second reading, 1061.
Third reading and final passage, 1475, 1476.
Signed by Speaker, 1677.

DEWITT, ASA K., Senator from Twentieth District, (Luzerne County, part of)

Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 79.

Bills introduced by
Making appropriation to Nanticoke Hospital Association, 130.
Supplement to act relating to free public libraries authorizing school districts in cities of third class to contract for maintenance of free non-sectarian public libraries, 1436.
To provide for security to laborers and material men under bonds of contractors and sub-contractors taken by municipalities and quasi-municipal corporations, 841.

Bill reported by
No. 408 (House Bill No. 100)
Amending act exempting from taxation certain property by exempting parsonages, 995.

Election of, 2.

Motion by, to
Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 1193, regulating payment of costs when a person charged with a crime not exclusively triable in court of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery shall after a hearing be discharged by a magistrate, 3299.

Resolution, concurrent, reported by
Asking permission from Congress to place tablet in National Capitol thanking the 530 Pennsylvania soldiers who reached Washington on April 18, 1861, in defence of Capitol, 1631.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 71.

DIEH, WILLIAM J., Inspector of State Penitentiary for Western District, nominated, 23.

DIFFENDERFFER, FRANK R., Member of Advisory Commission for Preservation of Public Records, nominated, 26.
Reported, 938.
Confirmed, 956.

DIGNITY AND HONOR OF UNIFORM OF UNITED STATES in Pennsylvania, bill to protect (see United States).

DIKES for protection of property adjacent to Delaware River in Falls Township, Bucks County, to authorize completion of
Read in place in House by Mr. Gilkeson, 638.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 638.

DIKES for protection of property adjacent to Delaware River in Falls Township, Bucks County, making appropriation for completion of a dike or

Senate Bill No. 251
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Buckman, 402.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 402.
Reported without amendment, 607.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 684.
Re-reported without amendment, 2439.
Second reading, 2545, 2546.
Third reading and final passage, 2605, 2606.
Returned from House without amendment, 3049.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3276.

DIKES—Continued.

In House (No. 1349)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2843.
Reported without amendment, 3005.
First reading, 3006.
Second reading, 3015.
Third reading and final passage, 3199, 3200.
Signed by Speaker, 3495.

DIKES, see also dykes

DIMELING, GEORGE M., Member of Commission to Revi Election Laws, nominated, 27.
Removed, 1420.
Confirmed, 710.

DIMMICK, J. BENJAMIN, nominated as Member of Commissi to Investigate and Report in the Matter of Surfa Support where Anthracite Coal has been or is to removed, 1420.
Reported, 3265.
Confirmed, 3414.

d'INVILLIERS, EDWARD V., Member of Contour Topograph and Geological Survey Commission, nominated, 25.
Reported, 938.
Confirmed, 956.

DIRECT VOTE of electors for election of United States Sen tors, bill to enable electors at November election 1911 to express their preference in regard to (s United States).

DIRECTOR AND ASSISTANT DIRECTOR, bill to amend a creating a Legislative Reference Bureau by increasi powers and duties of Director and increasing salari of (see Legislative).

DIRECTOR of companies incorporated under laws of Pennsy vania with right to receive moneys on deposit to ta oath of office, to require each and every

House Bill No. 80
Read in place in House by Mr. Freeman, 200.
Referred to Committee on Banks and Banking, 200.
Reported without amendment, 250.
First reading, 320.
Second reading and amended, 324, 325.
Third reading and final passage, 392.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2842, 2843.
Signed by Speaker, 2943.

In Senate (No. 745)
Referred to Committee on Banks and Building and Lo Associations, 388.
Reported without amendment, 2265.
First reading, 2470.
Second reading, 2550.
Third reading and final pasage, 2617.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2903.

DIRECTOR OF LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU, Jam H. Moore nominated as, 1800.
Reported, 1853.
Confirmed, 1895.

DIRECTOR OF POOR IN CERTAIN BOROUGHS, bill amend act relating to erection of poor house Township of Wilkes-Barre by authorizing judges court of quarter sessions of Luzerne County to appoi additional (see poor house).

DIRECTORS and their terms and manner of election, suppl ment to act authorizing erection of certain po houses in Luzerne County regulating affairs of Scra ton Poor District by dividing it into certain distric and fixing number of (see poor house).

DIRECTORS, bill to amend act relating to sale of certa corporations so that it shall apply also to numb and election of (see corporation).

DIRECTORS OF ANY CORPORATION, bill to regulate co pensation or salary to be paid to (see corporation).

DIRECTORS OF BANKS, other than National banks, banki companies, savings banks, savings institutions a trust companies for losses incurred by any deposit or stockholder thereof, to define liability of

Senate Bill No. 294
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 665.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 665.
Reported without amendment, 667.
First reading, 712.
Second reading, 770, 771.
Recommitted to Committee on Banks and Banking, 7 796.

IRECTORS OF BANKS—Continued.
Remarks on, by
McNichol, 796.
Powell, 796.
Wolf, 796.

IRECTORS OF CERTAIN POOR DISTRICTS, bill to provide for appointment by Court of Common Pleas of auditors to settle accounts of (see accounts).

IRECTORS OF MIDDLE COAL FIELD POOR DISTRICT, bill to provide for appointment of five (see Poor District).

IRECTORS OF POOR IN DAUPHIN COUNTY, bill to repeal part of act relative to poor house which applies to salaries of (see Dauphin).

IRECTORS OF POOR of poor districts situate wholly within any county, to regulate compensation of
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Catlin, 788.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 788.

IRECTORS OF POOR of poor districts situate wholly within any county not exceeding 500,000 population, to regulate compensation of
House Bill No. 615
Read in place in House by Mr. Anderson, 809.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 809.
Reported without amendment, 1340.
First reading, 1413.
Second reading, 2087.
Third reading and postponed for present, 2345.
Third reading and final passage, 2572, 2573.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3331.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3331, 3332.
Signed by Speaker, 3481.
In Senate (No. 802)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2542.
Reported without amendment, 2543.
First reading, 2554.
Second reading and amended, 2700.
Third reading and amended, 2900, 2901.
Vote on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 3139.
Resumed and passed finally, 3264.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3279.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3394.

IRECTORS OF POOR, to fix time for election and terms of office of
House Bill No. 129
Read in place in House by Mr. Dale, 208.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 208.
Reported without amendment, 314.
First reading, 337.
Second reading, 437.
Third reading and final passage, 579.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2025.
Signed by Speaker, 2587.
In Senate (No. 607)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 564.
Reported without amendment, 1706.
First reading, 1822.
Second reading, 1915.
Third reading and final passage, 2003.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2523.

RECTORS OR OTHER OFFICERS of corporations among those who may be compelled to testify in any civil proceeding, bill to amend act relating to competency of witnesses so as to include (see testify).

SCHARGE LANDS BOUND BY LIEN for maintenance of burial lots and to appoint trustee to hold such money for such purpose, bill to authorize courts of common pleas to (see burial lots).

SCLOSURE OF INFORMATION relative to shipments of competitors by common carriers, bill to provide against unlawful (see common carriers).

SCOUNT CHECKS and other similar devices, bill relating to trading stamps, coupons (see trading stamps).

SCRIMINATION BETWEEN DIFFERENT SECTIONS, communities or localities, or unfair competition, bill to prohibit unfair (see competition).

SCRIMINATION FROM COMMON CARRIERS OR OTHER CORPORATIONS, bill to prohibit false billing and other false representations by shippers and unjust (see common carriers).

DISEASES AMONG BEES, supplement to act relating to injurious insects providing for the suppression of contagious or infectious (see bees).

DISEASES AMONG DOMESTIC ANIMALS by further regulating appraisement of animals destroyed, bill to amend act to prevent spread of (see animals).

DISEASES, bill to prohibit advertisements concerning certain (see advertisements).

DISEASES, supplement to act relating to human life and health providing for isolation of persons afflicted with tuberculosis and other communicable
Read in place in House by Mr. Geary, 210.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 210.

DISEASES, to provide for and regulate reporting to State Department of Health by physicians of occupational
House Bill No. 861
Read in place in House by Mr. Abbott, 1115.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 1115.
Reported with (or without) amendment, 1949.
First reading, 2048.
Second reading, 2361, 2362.
Special order for consideration, 3227.
Third reading and final passage, 3259.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3585.
Signed by Speaker, 3608.
Remarks on, by
Rockwell, 3259.
Abbott, 3259.
In Senate (No. 1247)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 3180.
Reported without amendment, 3181.
First reading, 3181.
Second reading, 3304.
Third reading and final passage, 3437.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3536.

DISORDERLY CONDUCT by persons on railway cars or in parks and picnic grounds by requiring prosecutions thereunder to be brought before magistrate or mayor of place wherein offence occurs, to amend act relating to
House Bill No. 857
Read in place in House by Mr. Fitzgerald, 1341.
Referred to Committee on Railroads, 1341.
Reported without amendment, 1948.
First reading, 2048.
Second reading, 2359.

DISORDERLY PERSONS until they can be properly dealt with according to law, bill to amend act to provide for levying a tax to provide suitable building for locking up and keeping criminals and (see tax).

DISPOSITION OF PROPERTY OF DECEDENTS on failure of testamentary devices, bill to regulate (see decedents).

DISPUTES BETWEEN EMPLOYERS AND EMPLOYES, bill to amend act relative to jurisdictions and powers of courts by extending equity jurisdiction of said courts to (see employers).

DISSOLUTION OF CORPORATIONS under supervision of Commissioner of Banking, bill to provide for liquidation, distribution of assets and (see corporations).

DISSOLUTION OF INSURANCE AND SURETY COMPANIES and for licensing and regulation of insurance agents and insurance brokers, bill to establish Insurance Department and providing for licensing, examination, regulation and (see insurance).

DISTILLERS, bill to regulate licensing of brewers and (see licensing).

DISTILLER'S LICENSE, bill making appropriation to refund to Jacob Beitzel of York certain moneys erroneously paid for (see Beitzel).

DISTILLERY WAREHOUSES, bill relating to receipts or certificates issued by owners of (see warehouses).

DISTRIBUTING MONEY FOR ANY CANDIDATE for public office in Pennsylvania, bill to prevent mine foreman or mine superintendents from (see mine).

DISTRIBUTION IN AN ESTATE after debts are paid includes stocks, bonds and other securities to make distribution of same to parties entitled thereto, bill to authorize Orphans' Courts when balance for (see estate).

DISTRIBUTION OF INSOLVENT'S ESTATE, bill to amend act relating to insolvency and to (see insolvency).

DISTRIBUTION wherein fund for distribution is in excess of $1500, bill to direct appeals to Supreme Court from any decree of (see appeals).

DISTRICT ATTORNEY and to provide for appointment of Assistant District Attorney in counties having between 300,000 and 750,000 inhabitants, to fix salary of

Read in place in House by Mr. Watts, 111.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 111.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY OR ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY who has not been admitted to practice in Supreme and Superior Courts of this Commonwealth, to provide that no person shall be eligible to office of

Read in place in House by Mr. Kinney, 1082.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1082.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY OR ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY who has not been admitted to practice in Supreme Court and Superior Courts of this Commonwealth, to provide that no person shall be eligible to office of

Senate Bill No. 433

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Snyder, 1074.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1074.
Reported without amendment, 1099.
First reading, 1131.
Second reading and amended, 1209, 1210.
Third reading and amended, 1232.
Resumed and defeated on final passage, 1256.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill passed finally, 1279, 1280.

In House (No. 683)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1342.
Reported without amendment, 1470.
First reading, 1502.
Special consideration on second reading objected to, 1946, 1947.
Second reading and amended, 2101.
Special consideration on third reading objected to, 3026.
Defeated on third reading, 3215.

DISTRICT ATTORNEYS in all counties whose population does not exceed 150,000 by fixing salary of district attorneys in counties having between 30,000 and 40,000 inhabitants, to amend act relating to salary of

House Bill No. 717

Read in place in House by Mr. Horace B. Dunn, 1400.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1400.
Reported without amendment, 1609.
First reading, 1827.
Second reading, 2115.
Third reading and final passage, 2950, 2951.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3529.
Signed by Speaker, 3586.

Remarks on, by

Dunn, Horace B., 2950, 2951.

In Senate (No. 1177)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 3044.
Reported without amendment, 3118.
First reading, 3175.
Second reading, 3291.
Third reading and final passage, 3413.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3537.

DISTRICT ATTORNEYS in counties between 300,000 and 750,000 inhabitants, to provide for appointment of assistant

House Bill No. 572

Read in place in House by Mr. Shannon, 1016.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 1016.
Reported without amendment, 1281.
First reading, 1410.
Second reading, 2085.
Third reading and amended, 2344.
Final passage, 2940.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3580.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3580, 3581.
Signed by Speaker, 3609.

Remarks on, by

Shadrach, 2085.
Shannon, 2085, 2344.

DISTRICT ATTORNEYS—Continued.

In Senate (No. 1189)

Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 2901.
Reported with amendment, 3119.
First reading, 3176.
Second reading, 3294.
Third reading and final passage, 3418.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3457.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3536.

DISTRICT ATTORNEYS who by an amendment to Constitution were required to serve an additional year, to provide for compensation of

Senate Bill No. 556

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Endsley, 1254.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1254.
Reported without amendment, 1631.
First reading, 1743.
Second reading, 1815.
Third reading and final passage, 1895, 1896.
Returned from House without amendment, 3278.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3404.

In House (No. 881)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1934.
Reported without amendment, 2023.
First reading, 2196.
Second reading, 2372.
Third reading and final passage, 3353, 3354.
Signed by Speaker, 3591.

DISTRICT, bill to amend act providing for training of teachers for common schools of State by Rearranging Normal School Districts and providing for new (see Normal School).

DISTRICT, bill to provide for additional law Judge of Sixth Judicial (see judge).

DISTRICT ELECTION BOARDS, joint resolution to amend section 14, article 8 of Constitution of Pennsylvania in regard to biennial choosing of (see Constitution).

DISTRICTS and fixing number of directors, supplement to act authorizing erection of certain poor houses in Luzerne County regulating affairs of Scranton Poor District by dividing it into certain (see poor house).

DISTRICTS OF SECOND CLASS, bill relating to school (see school).

DISTRICTS OTHER THAN THEIR OWN for purpose of expediting business, bill for the assignment of judges to (see judges).

DISTRICTS, respectively, bill to amend act relating to judicial districts by designating what counties shall compose twenty-fifth and fifty-fifth judicial

Read in place in House by Mr. Kelsey, 391.
Referred to Committee on Judicial Apportionment, 391.

DIVIDING LINE between said boroughs, bill to authorize proper authorities of adjoining boroughs to determine (see boroughs).

DIVIDING LINE, bill relating to double assessments of real estate partially in two or more municipalities or townships or lying near (see assessments).

DIVISION LINE, bill to require owners, lessees or operators of bituminous coal or clay mines to furnish owners or lessees of adjoining coal or clay lands with maps of lines and working along (see mines).

DIVISION OF STATE LIBRARY for preservation of public records by permitting various State Departments to deposit all papers not needed and authorizing county officers to turn over records, to amend act creating a

Senate Bill No. 281

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 490.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 490.
Reported without amendment, 664.
First reading, 711.
Second reading, 764, 765.
Third reading and final passage, 793.
Returned from House with amendments, 1633.
Concurred in House amendments, 1633, 1634.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1688.
Approved by Governor, 1799.

In House (No. 394)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 830.
Reported without amendment, 883.
First reading, 923.

DIVISION OF STATE LIBRARY—Continued.
Second reading, 1060, 1061.
Third reading and amended, 1475.
Final passage, 1620, 1621.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 1693.
Signed by Speaker, 1694.

DIVISIONS OF STATE LIBRARY for preservation of public records by permitting various Departments to deposit all papers not needed, to amend act creating a

House Bill No. 271
Read in place in House by Mr. Townsend, 527.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 527.
Reported without amendment, 714.
First reading, 750.
Second reading and postponed for present, 865.
Resumed and passed second reading, 1220.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1490.
Dropped from calendar, 1628.

Remarks on, by
Robinson, 865.
Johnston, 865.

DIVORCE, desertion and non-suport proceedings, bill to limit orders for payment of alimony in (see alimony).

DIVORCE ON GROUND OF DESERTION to testify to fact of desertion and efforts made to induce respondent to return and resume martial relations, bill to enable libellant in proceedings for

House Bill No. 737
Read in place in House by Mr. Fitzgerald, 1458.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1458.
Reported without amendment, 1610.
First reading, 1828.
Second reading, 2119.
Third reading and final passage, 3004, 3005.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3601.
Signed by Speaker, 3609.

In Senate (No. 1245)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 3043.
Reported without amendment, 3181.
First reading, 3181.
Second reading, 3304.
Third reading and final passage, 3437.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3536.

DIVORCE PROCEEDINGS, to provide for return of statistics relating to

Senate Bill No. 112
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 130.
Referred to Commitee on Judiciary General, 130.
Reported with amendment, 281.
First reading, 357.
Recommitted to Committee, 384.

DIVORCE, to amend first section of act relating to jurisdiction of the Courts of this Commonwealth in cases of

Senate Bill No. 52
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Clark, 151.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 151.
Reported without amendment, 240.
First reading, 272.
Second reading, 294.
Third reading and final passage, 346.
Returned from House without amendment, 699.
Signed by President, 755.
Concurrent resolution recalling bill from Governor, 832.
Resolution returned from House concurred in, 843.
Resolution approved by Governor, 905.
Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsidered, 905.
Resumed on third reading and amended, 905.
Final passage, 941, 942.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 1101.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1102.
Approved by Governor, 1420.

In House (No. 182)
Refered to Committee on Judiciary General, 399.
Reported without amendment, 436.

DIVORCE—Continued.
First reading, 586.
Second reading, 596.
Third reading and postponed for present, 646, 647.
Resumed and passed finally, 691.
Signed by Speaker, 786.
Resolution recalling bill from Governor concurred in, 857.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 1086.
House concurs in Senate amendments, 1086.
Signed by Speaker, 1155.

DIVORCE, to extend jurisdiction of courts of common pleas to include insanity as a cause of
Read in place in House by Mr. Benson, 777.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 777.

DIVORCE, to further extend jurisdiction of Commonwealth in cases of
Read in place in House by Mr. Wasson, 208.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 208.

DIVORCE, to validate service and return of subpoena heretofore made in certain proceedings in

House Bill No. 41
Read in place in House by Mr. Stein, 134.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 134.
Reported without amendment, 145.
First reading, 158.
Second reading, 194.
Third reading and final passage, 205.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 696.
Signed by Speaker, 718.
Concurrent resolution to recall bill from Governor, 846.
Resolution returned from Senate concurred in,
Resolution approved by Governor, 885.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill amended, 885.
Final passage, 922, 923.
Returned from Senate with House amendment concurred in, 971.
Signed by Speaker, 1045.
Approved by Governor, 1292.

In Senate (No. 195)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 228.
Reported without amendment, 487.
First reading, 563.
Second reading, 627.
Third reading and final passage, 667.
Signed by President,
Resolution to recall bill from Governor concurred in, 836, 837.
Returned from House with amendment, 919.
Concurred in House amendment, 919.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1001.

DIVORCES, amending sections two and three of an act concerning
Read in place in House by Mr. Stein, 473.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 473.

DIVORCES AND ALIMONY, to regulate the annulment of marriage,

Senate Bill No. 9
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 101.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 101.
Reported without amendment, 129.
First reading, 153.
Recommitted to Committee, 170.
Re-reported with amendment, 453.
Second reading, 499, 500, 501.
Third reading and final passage, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550.

In House (No. 1246)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 584.
Motion to discharge committee from further consideration of bill, 2184.
Reported with negative recommendation, 2247.
Resolution to place bill on calendar, 2474.

DIVORCES and regulating submission of issues of fact to a jury by limiting its application to cases in divorce hereafter begun, amending and supplementing act concerning
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Powell, 2005.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2005

DIVORCES by regulating submission of issue of fact to jury and appointment of masters, supplementing and amending act concerning

House Bill No. 421

Read in place in House by Mr. John R. K. Scott, 960.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 960.
Reported without amendment, 970.
First reading, 1089.
Second reading, 1223.
Third reading and final passage, 1294.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1459.
Signed by Speaker, 1459.
Approved by Governor, 1614.

In Senate (No. 482)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1264.
Reported without amendment, 1278.
First reading, 1278, 1279.
Second reading, 1324.
Third reading and final passage, 1424.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1436.

DIVORCES curing certain defects and validating all divorces granted under said act, supplement to act concerning

Read in place in House by Mr. Stein, 472.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 472.

DIVORCES in certain cases of insanity, to extend jurisdiction of courts to grant

Read in place in House by Mr. Stein, 885.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 885.

DIXMONT HOSPITAL FOR INSANE at Dixmont in County of Allegheny, making appropriation for

House Bill No. 1027

Read in place in House by Mr. Alter, 472.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 473.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2333.
Second reading, 2404.
Third reading and final passage, 2759.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.

In Senate (No. 957)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2707.
Second reading, 2911.
Third reading and final passage, 3074.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

DIXON for donation for Union Chapel on grounds of Pennsylvania State South Mountain Sanatorium at Mont Alto, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Martin, thanking Mrs. Samuel G., 3290.

Resolution returned by House, 3380.
Concurred in by House, 3471.

DIXON, SAMUEL G., M. D., nominated as Commissioner of Health, 151.

Reported, 165.
Confirmed, 169.

DIXON, WILLIAM D., Member of Fiftieth Anniversary of Battle of Gettysburg Commission, nominated, 26.

Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

DOBBINS, MURRELL, Inspector of State Penitentiary for Eastern District, nominated, 23.

DOCK, MISS MIRA L., Member of State Forestry Reservation Commission, nominated, 25.

Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

DOCKETS TO JUSTICES OF THE PEACE, to require county commissioners to furnish

House Bill No. 419

Read in place in House by Mr. George A. Baldwin, 688.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 688.
Reported with negative recommendation, 970.

DOCKS, bill to authorize any city bordering on navigable tidal stream to acquire real estate along such stream for construction of (see city).

DOCKS, bill to provide for purchase or condemnation of real estate by boroughs for purpose of constructing wharves, landing places and (see boroughs).

DOCUMENT, bill relating to testimony of expert witnesses concerning handwriting or other writing or (see witnesses).

DOCUMENTS BELONGING TO COMMONWEALTH, bill making appropriation to provide for making of facsimiles of ancient (see facsimiles).

DOCUMENTS, supplement to act regulating publication, binding and distribution of public

Senate Bill No. 181

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 403.
Referred to Committee on Public Printing, 403.
Reported without amendment, 453.
First reading, 518.
Second reading, 562.
Third reading and final passage, 621.
Returned from House without amendment, 1206.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1207.
Approved by Governor, 1226.

In House (No. 287)

Referred to Committee on Public Printing, 697.
Reported without amendment, 715.
First reading, 751.
Second reading, 873.
Third reading and final passage, 1200.
Signed by Speaker, 1223.

DOGS AND PROTECTION OF SHEEP requiring all dogs to wear a collar with tag to be attached thereto showing payment of tax, supplementary to act for taxation of

House Bill No. 478

Read in place in House by Mr. Knight, 885.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 885.
Reported without amendment, 1028.
First reading, 1092.
Second reading and amended, 1389, 1390.
Third reading and final passage, 1762, 1763, 1764.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2718.
Signed by Speaker, 2844.

Remarks on, by

Baldwin, R. J., 1763.
Dearden, 1763.
Knight, 1763.
North, 1763.

In Senate (No. 701)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1801.
Reported without amendment, 2202.
First reading, 2286.
Second reading, 2465.
Third reading and final passage, 2532.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2653.

DOGS AND PROTECTION OF SHEEP, to repeal act relating to taxation of

Read in place in House by Mr. Freeman, 104.
Referred to Committee on Game, 104.

DOGS FROM MINORS, unknown or irresponsible parties, bill to punish buying or receiving of (see animals).

DOGS IN EAST NOTTINGHAM TOWNSHIP, Chester County, bill to repeal act relating to taxation of (see East Nottingham).

DOGS IN LYCOMING AND COLUMBIA COUNTIES, bill to repeal so far as it relates to Columbia County act to protect sheep and tax (see Columbia).

DOGS OTHER THAN HUNTING DOGS in certain cases to be muzzled at all times, to require all

Read in place in House by Mr. Boyd, 846.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 846.

DOGS, petitions presented for passage of Knight Bill regulating licensing and killing of (see petitions).

DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK, OF PITTSBURG, for 1909 presented to House, report of, 278.

In Appendix, 3906.

DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK, OF PITTSBURG, for 1910 presented to House, report of, 278.

In Appendix, 3915.

DOMESTIC ANIMALS by further regulating appraisement of animals destroyed, bill to amend act to prevent spread of disease among (see animals).

DOMICILE RESIDENCE shall be no bar as to right to recover, bill to amend act relating to damages for injuries producing death by providing that (see damages).

DONAHOE, J. WILFRED, Representative from Second District, Schuylkill County,

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 517, establishing in counties with population from 200,000 to 225,000 Board for Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and County purposes, 1483.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84.

Bills introduced by

Making appropriation to Trustees of State Hospital for Injured Persons at Fountain Springs, 135.

Prohibiting sale of washery or culm or culm bank coal as fresh mined coal, 810.

Election of, 45.

Bill reported by

No. 400

To regulate hours of labor of mechanics, workingmen and laborers, 884.

Leave of absence asked for, 1610.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

DONALDSON, H. J., M. D., Trustee of Cottage State Hospital for injured Persons, at Blossburg, nominated, 24.

DONNALLY, LEWIS E., Representative from Perry County,

Appointment of, on

Standing commitees, 83, 85.

Bill introduced by

Regulating payment of costs when a person charged with crime is discharged by a magistrate, alderman or justice of the peace, 134.

Election of, 44.

Bills reported by

No. 371

To provide annual payment to citizens who volunteered to serve in defense of State in 1862 or 1863, 880.

No. 525 (Senate Bill No. 284)

Amending act relating to regulation of common schools by providing for establishment of industrial schools, 1169.

Motion by, to

Dispense with further reading of Journal, 1212, 1357.

Nomination of candidate for Speaker of the House by, 48.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Perry County, against resident hunter's license law, 300.

Citizens of Perry County, for reading of Bible in public schools, 775, 920.

Question of information raised by, on

House Bill No. 280, to repeal act relating to fish and forbidding sale of unlawful devices for catching fish, 1786.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

DORRIS, JOHN D., Manager of State Industrial Reformatory, nominated, 23.

Reported, 165.

Confirmed, 169.

DOUBLE ASSESSMENTS OF REAL ESTATE partially in two or more municipalities or townships or lying near dividing line, bill relating to (see assessments).

DOUBLE TRACK LINE within any village having one track on each side of public road or street to remove its tracks to middle of same, bill to require street railway companies operating (see railway.)

DOUGHERTY, CHARLES BOWMAN, Major General of National Guard of Pennsylvania, nominated, 27.

Reported, 939.

Confirmed, 956.

Member of Armory Board, nominated, 26.

Reported, 940.

Confirmed, 956.

DOWNING, JOHN T., Member of Board of Osteopathic Examiners for Pennsylvania, nominated, 25.

Reported, 165.

Confirmed, 169.

DOWNINGTON INDUSTRIAL AND AGRICULTURAL SCHOOL, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1069

Read in place in House by Mr. William H. H. Davis, 188.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 188.

Reported with amendment, 2240.

First reading, 2335.

Second reading, 2410, 2411.

Third reading and final passage, 2772.

Returned from Senate with amendments, 3312, 3313.

Concurred in Senate amendments, 3313.

Signed by Speaker, 3479.

In Senate (No. 994)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.

Reported without amendment, 2687.

First reading, 2708.

Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2914.

Re-reported with amendment, 2929.

Third reading and final passage, 3081.

Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3282.

Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

DRAFTS in case of the death of drawer before payment, bill to authorize the payment of demand (see payment).

DRAFTS IN EXCESS OF BANK BALANCE of drawer, bill making it a felony to draw checks or (see bank).

DRAIN PYMATUNING SWAMP, Crawford County, bill to repeal act making appropriation to (see Pymatuning)

DRAINAGE IN CITIES OF SECOND AND THIRD CLASS, bill to amend, as regards house drains, amended act relating to plumbing or house (see cities).

DRAINS OR CULVERTS, bill to regulate construction and repair of highways over (see highways).

DRAINS OR SEWERS, bill to prevent obstruction of inlets, (see obstruction).

DRAMATIC PERFORMANCES, bill to provide for licensing in cities of first class of (see cities).

DRAW CHECKS OR DRAFTS in excess of bank balance of drawer, bill making it a felony to (see bank).

DRILLS IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS, bill to require fire (see fire).

DRINKER, DR. HENRY S., Member of College and University Council of Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, nominated, 25.

Reported, 283.

Confirmed, 298.

DRIVERS AND OPERATORS OF ALL VEHICLES and persons riding or leading animals on public highways, bill to regulate (see vehicles).

DRIVEWAY OR CARTWAY of streets and other highways in boroughs, bill to regulate narrowing of (see boroughs).

DRUG HABITUES, bill to provide for modern care and treatment of alcoholic and (see insane).

DRUGS, bill to prohibit experiments injurious to health of any human being by application of (see experiments).

DRUGS by providing for laboratory and supplies for Pharmaceutical Examining Board, bill to amend act to prevent manufacture and sale of adulterated (see Board).

DRUGS except in natural quantities in coffee and tea, to regulate sale of opium, morphine, absinthe, chloral, caffeine, nux vomica and certain other drugs or any preparations containing said

Read in place in House by Mr. Maurer, 1282.

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 1282.

DRUGS of all kinds, to regulate practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and

House Bill No. 813

Read in place in House by Mr. Hecht, 688.

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 688.

Reported with amendment, 1770.

First reading, 1833.

Recommitted to Committee, 2145.

Re-reported with amendment, 2586.

DRUGS, supplement to act to regulate practice of pharmacy and to prevent adulterations in

House Bill No. 1266

Read in place in House by Mr. Bender, 921.

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 921.

Reported with amendment, 2349.

First reading, 2514.

Second reading, 2561.

Special order for consideration, 3227.

Third reading and final passage, 3261.

Returned from Senate without amendment, 3601.

Signed by Speaker, 3609.

In Senate (No. 1246)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 3180.

Reported without amendment, 3181.

First reading, 3181.

Second reading, 3304.

Third reading and final passage, 3437.

Signed by President pro tempore, 3537.

DRUGS, to amend, by prescribing additional restrictions and precautions in sale of poisons, act to prevent adulterations in

House Bill No. 310.

Read in place in House by Mr. Abbott, 121.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 121.

Reported with amendment, 716.

First reading, 753.

Second reading, 898.

Third reading and defeated on final passage, 1251.

Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 1290.

Resumed and defeated on final passage, 1752.

Remarks on, by

Hecht, 1290.

Baldwin, Richard J., 1290.

Abbott, 1290.

DRUNKARDS, bill to amend in regard to title to real estate, act relating to lunatics and habitual (see title).

DUBOIS HOSPITAL of DuBois, Clearfield County, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1237

Read in place in House by Mr. Moulthrop, 141.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 141.

Reported with amendment, 2244.

First reading, 2343.

Second reading, 2437.

Recommitted to Committee, 2560.

Re-reported with amendment, 2841.

Third reading and final passage, 2987, 2988.

Returned from Senate with amendments, 3492.

Concurred in Senate amendments, 3492.

Signed by Speaker, 3589.

In Senate (No. 1232)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3044.

Reported without amendment, 3121.

First reading and recommitted to Committee, 3179.

Re-reported with amendment, 3181.

Second reading, 3302, 3303.

Third reading and final passage, 3392.

Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3409.

Signed by President pro tempore, 3402, 3539.

DUNN, HORACE B., Representative from Huntingdon County,

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 113, relating to proceedings where goods have been seized by sheriff upon execution or other process and claimed to belong to others, 693.

House Bill No. 181, regulating compensation of court criers and tipstaves in certain judicial districts, 900.

House bill No. 249, regulating storage and sale of linseed oil and compounds and imitations thereof, 746.

House Bill No. 312, to establish a public school system, 983.

House Bill No. 727, regulating salary and payment thereof of associate judges of courts, 2119.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 99.

Bills introduced by

Amending act relating to fish by removing certain restrictions on fishing with nets, 567.

Amending act relating to salary of district attorney in certain counties by fixing their salaries in counties of between 30,000 and 40,000 population, 1400.

DUNN, HORACE B.—Continued.

Making appropriation to J. C. Blair Memorial Hospital of Huntingdon, 189.

Making appropriation to Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon, 209.

Making appropriation to Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon for improvement to water system, 210.

Making appropriation to Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon for sewage disposal works, 209.

To amend act relating to assessments by changing date for issuing precepts and for making return of assessment, 98.

To amend act relating to transportation of persons and property by providing that its provisions shall not apply to members of General Assembly and State employes traveling on State business, 1400.

To amend first section of act relating to proceedings where goods or chattels have been seized by the sheriff, 140.

To regulate storage and sale of linseed oil, 315.

Bills reported by

No. 17

To repeal act enlarging jurisdiction of justice of the peace in the County of Warren, 115.

No. 72 (Senate Bill No. 813)

Validating incurring of debt in townships of second class, 199.

No. 82

Requiring officials in charge of certain institutions to report number of unnaturalized foreign-born inmates, 250.

No. 188 (Senate Bill No. 631)

Amending act relating to lunatics and habitual drunkards as regards title to real estate, 436.

No. 216, (Senate Bill No. 654)

Amending act creating Department of State Police, 566.

No. 217

Relating to suits against corporations upon bonds in which they have become surety, 566.

No. 303 (Senate Bill No. 507)

Relating to time and manner of taking exceptions, 716.

No. 383 (Senate Bill No. 670)

Extending powers of judges of certain courts in relation to releasing prisoners on parole, 881.

No. 403 (Senate Bill No. 244)

Creating office of first assistant city solicitor in cities of first class, 884.

No. 437 (Senate Bill No. 657)

To repeal so far as it applies to Lehigh County act relating to pay of jurors and witnesses in certain counties, 1016.

No. 438 (Senate Bill No. 658)

To repeal so far as it applies to Lehigh County act relating to pay of jurors in counties of Lehigh and Berks, 1016.

No. 439 (Senate Bill No. 659)

To repeal so far as it applies to Lehigh County act regulating pay of jurors in counties of Lehigh and Berks, 1016.

No. 440 (Senate Bill No. 660)

To repeal second section of act relating to pay of commissioners, auditors and jourors in county of Lehigh, 1016.

No. 441 (Senate Bill No. 661)

To repeal so far as it applies to Lehigh County act to increase pay of county commissioners, jurors and witnesses in certain counties, 1016.

No. 591 (Senate Bill No. 762)

Amending act relating to county lines by changing number of surveyors on commission, 1303.

No. 694

Amending act requiring all water and water power companies to designate exact source of their water supply providing for approval of Water Supply Commission to any new source of supply for water companies, 1480.

No. 715 (Senate Bill No. 833)

Refund $25.00 to Frederick J. Cuneo, 1609.

No. 740

Regulating method of installment payments on conditional sales or on bailments with right to purchase, 1669.

No. 757 (Senate Bill No. 1194)

Fixing fees and compensation of sheriffs for removal and conveying or prisoners and of any insane person or habitual drunkard, 1695.

DUNN, HORACE B.—Continued.

No. 795 (Senate Bill No. 1174)
To provide for establishment of Pennsylvania State Museum, 1758.

No. 796
Authorizing paving of streets which may be in whole or in part boundaries between adjoining boroughs, 1758.

No. 797
Relating to release of lands from record charges, liens, judgments and incumbrances upon legal presumption of payment thereof, 1758.

No. 874 (Senate No. 532)
Enabling boroughs to validate certain ordinances where same have not been published according to law, 1949.

Election of, 43.

Motions by, to

Postpone for present House Bill No. 58, relating to proceedings where goods or chattels have been seized by sheriff, 261.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 249, regulating sale of linseed oil and compounds and imitations thereof, 828.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 14, amending act relating to assessments in the several counties, 135.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 332, to regulate fees of court criers in certain judicial districts, 892.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 575, making it lawful for street railway companies in order to re-locate or straighten their lines to operate over certain streets without consent of municipal authorities of the borough, 2130.

Petitions presented by, from

Camp No. 321 P. O. S. of A. of Huntingdon County for appropriation to assist Public School Memorial Association, 713.

Citizens of Allegheny County against Greater Pittsburg Bill, 471.

Citizens of Allegheny County for School Code, 472.

Citizens of Huntingdon County against taxing life insurance premiums, 1499.

Citizens of Huntingdon County favoring change in route of Sproul Road Bill between Tyrone and Bellefonte, 959.

Citizens of Huntingdon County for hunters' license bill, 1457.

Citizens of Huntingdon County for Initiative and Referendum, 1328.

Citizens of Huntingdon County for route of Sproul Road Bill to be altered so as to run via McAleoys Fort, 733.

Citizens of Huntingdon County relating to killing and sale of deer, 1015.

Donation Grange, Huntingdon County, for passage of Jones Road Bill, 1212, 1397.

Fort Grange No. 951, Patrons of Husbandry, favoring minimum salary and minimum school term and making appropriation for fifteen per cent. cash road tax, 323.

Huntingdon County Medical Society for passage of Wasson Medical Bill, 714.

School Board of Dudley, against article XVI, section 1601 of School Code, 687.

Trough Creek Grange No. 444 of Huntingdon County in favor of Initiative, Referendum and Recall, 809.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 53, regulating in criminal trials cross examination of defendant testifying in his own behalf, 257.

House Bill No. 55, fixing salary of Private Secretary to the Governor, 259.

House Bill No. 62, relating to amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania, 264.

House Bill No. 181, regulating compensation of court criers and tipstaves in certain judicial districts, 900.

House Bill No. 259, to provide revenue by taxation for improvement of public roads, 1461.

House Bill No. 312, to establish a public school system, 983.

House Bill No. 678, amending act relating to trespass by limiting lands to which its provision shall apply to cultivated and improved lands and wood lot adjacent thereto and upon which seated land tax is paid, 2566.

House Bill No. 717, amending act relating to salaries of district attorneys in certain counties by fixing salaries of district attorneys in counties having between 30,000 and 40,000 inhabitants, 2950, 2951.

House Bill No. 727, regulating salary and payment thereof of associate judges, 3219.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

DUNN, JAMES, Representative from Second District, Cambria County,

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 84, 85, 99.

Bills introduced by

For protection of laborers and to provide for adjustment of compensation payable by employer to their employes in certain cases, 361.

Making appropriation for expenses of extinguishing forest fires, 140.

Making appropriation to Miner's Hospital of Northern Cambria, at Spangler, 315.

Prescribing liability of an employer to make compensation for injuries received by an employe and establishing an elective schedule for compensation, 1214.

Supplement to an act relating to welfare of persons employed in bituminous coal mines, requiring wash houses to be provided and maintained, 94.

Bills reported by

No. 40
Regulating use of moving picture machines in townships, 145.

No. 117
To prevent any person from knowingly making false statement in regard to any corporation, joint-stock association or individual, 314.

No. 122 (Senate Bill No. 451)
Providing for election of officers in new wards created from annexed territory, 314.

No. 275 (Senate Bill No. 539)
Authorizing municipalities to provide for inspection of weights and measures, 715.

No. 276 (Senate Bill No. 583)
Amending act relating to certain service of certain process so far as it relates to service of writs of quo warranto, 715.

No. 357
Relating to liability of employers for injuries to employes, 819.

No. 431
Amending act relating to legal holidays, 1015.

No. 555
Validating municipal improvements and providing for filing of municipal liens therefor, 1184.

No. 1207 (Senate Bill No. 1126)
Making an appropriation to the Maternity Hospital, in the City of Philadelphia, 2244.

No. 1208 (Senate Bill No. 1127)
Making an appropriation to the Miners' Hospital of Northern Cambria, at Spangler, in Cambria County, 2244.

No. 1209 (Senate Bill No. 1128)
Making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory, at Huntingdon, 2244.

No. 1210 (Senate Bill No. 1218)
Making an appropriation for maintenance and for the construction of a building for contagious diseases at Mary M. Packer Hospital, Sunbury, 2244.

No. 1211 (Senate Bill No. 1129)
Making an appropriation to the Home for Aged Veterans and Wives, located at Sixty-fifth and Vine Streets in the City of Philadelphia, 2244.

No. 1212 (Senate Bill No. 1130)
Making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital and School for Nurses in the City of Philadelphia, 2244.
Making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Philadelphia, 2244.

Election of, 43.

Motions by, to

Postpone for present House Bill No. 236, relating to estates passing from adopting parent to legally adopted child, 846.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 649, relative to granting of licenses in cities of first class for sale of liquors and fixing number of such licenses to number of inhabitants thereof, 2589.

Petition presented by, from

Allegheny County Bar Association against Constitutional Convention, 775.

Banner Grange No. 1115 of Cambria County for Initiative and Referendum, 1397.

Camp No. 629, Camp No. 775 and Camp No. 718, P. O. S. of A. of Cambria County for school code, 1328.

Camp 721 P. O. S. of A. and Camp 729 P. O. S. of A. for passage of House Bill No. 301, relating to taxation, 1281.

DUNN, JAMES—Continued.

Citizens of Allegheny County, against Greater Pittsburg Bill, 390.
Citizens of Cambria County against annexation to City of Pittsburg, 636.
Citizens of Cambria County, against commission form of government, 313, 414.
Citizens of Cambria County for Maurer Initiative and Referendum Bill, 471.
Citizens of Cambria County for passage of act attaching men's wages, 199.
Citizens of Cambria County for passage of bill prohibiting indecent plays, 472.
Citizens of Cambria County for repeal of Mercantile Tax Law, 775.
Citizens of Cambria County for repeal of State Constabulary Law, 471.
German American Alliance of Cambria County for commission form of government, 1328.
Grange No. 1121, Patrons of Husbandry, for better telephone facilities, 145.
Grange No. 1124, Patrons of Husbandry, for better telephone facilities, 145.
Johnstown Board of Commerce, against increased taxation on bituminous and anthracite coal, 278.
Johnstown Chamber of Commerce for commission form of government, 775.
Pennsylvania Association of Women opposing women suffrage, 471.
Pittsburg Chamber of Commerce for new Western Penitentiary, 775.
Pomona Grange No. 51, Cambria County, for Initiative and Referendum, 1328.
Select Council of Scranton against tax on anthracite coal, 1281.
Washington Camp No. 670 Patriotic Sons of America, Cambria County, for appropriation to Public School Memorial Association, 278.
Washington Camp P. O. S. of A. of Cambria County for school code, 1825.
United Mine Workers for Initiative and Referendum, 1825.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 216, amending act creating Department of State Police as regards salaries, 934.
House Bill No. 313, providing for health and safety of persons employed in and about bituminous coal mines, 2225.
House Bill No. 580, amending act relating to employment of minors in bituminous coal mines and anthracite collieries or breakers by further regulating ages at which said minors may be employed, 1843.
House Bill No. 784, providing additional remedies for possession of property in case of non-payment of rent, 3031.
House Bill No. 899, prescribing liability of an employer to make compensation for injuries to an employe and establishing elective schedule of compensation, 2567.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

DURHAM, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Keyser, in reference to printing proceedings of memorial services in honor of late Honorable Israel W., 545.

Resolution concurred in by House, 583.
Returned by House, 611.
Approved by Governor, 702.

DURHAM, resolution (Senate) by Salus, in reference to appointing committee to draft resolutions on death of the late Senator Israel W., 281.

Committee appointed, 408.
Memorial Services held and resolutions on death of Senator Durham adopted, 519, 520, 521.

DUTY AS JUROR, bill to fix age when persons shall at their request be exempt from (see juror).

DWELLINGS IN CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, bill to prescribe number of fixtures for water supply for (see cities).

DWELLINGS IN CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, bill to provide for sanitary inspection of (see cities).

DYKES ON CERTAIN STREAMS, to authorize County Commissioners to erect and maintain

House Bill No. 38

Read in place in House by Mr. Gilkeson, 124.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 124.
Reported without amendment, 145.
First reading, 158.
Second reading and amended, 200, 201.

DYKES ON CERTAIN STREAMS—Continued.

Third reading and final passage, 214, 215.
Returned by Senate without amendment, 584.
Signed by Speaker, 661.
Approved by Governor, 730.

In Senate (No. 150)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 228.
Reported without amendment, 373.
First reading, 412, 413.
Second reading, 466.
Third reading and final passage, 495.
Signed by President, 663.

DYKES, ON CERTAIN STREAMS, to authorize County Commissioners to erect and maintain

Senate Bill No. 16

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Buckman, 120.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 120.
Reported without amendment, 149.
First reading, 170.
Second reading, 185.
Third reading and final passage, 226.

In House

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 253.

EASEMENTS, AND STREETS OR ALLEYS, bill to amend act authorizing condemnation of real estate for use of State Normal Schools by extending it to condemnation of servitudes, (see State Normal).

EAST NOTTINGHAM TOWNSHIP, Chester County, to repeal act relating to taxation of dogs in

House Bill No. 293

Read in place in House by Mr. Reeser, 591.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 591.
Reported without amendment, 715.
First reading, 752.
Second reading, 874.
Third reading and final passage, 1201.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1759.
Signed by Speaker, 1852.
Approved by Governor, 2190.

In Senate (No. 516)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1206.
Reported without amendment, 1435.
First reading, 1605.
Second reading, 1643.
Third reading and final passage, 1720.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1824.

EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA STATE INSTITUTION for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic at Spring City, making appropriation to Trustees of

Senate Bill No. 124

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Thomson, 222.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 222.
Reported without amendment, 282.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 358.
Re-reported with amendment, 2266.
Second reading, 2459.
Third reading and amended, 2528.
Final passage, 2603, 2604.
Returned from House without amendment, 3049.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3275.

In House (No. 1354)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2843.
Reported without amendment, 3005.
First reading, 3006.
Second reading, 3015.
Third reading and final passage, 3201.
Signed by Speaker, 3495.

EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA STATE INSTITUTION for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic at Spring City, making appropriation to Trustees of

Senate Bill No. 323

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Thomson, 607.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 607.
Reported without amendment, 755.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 806.
Re-reported with amendment, 2266.
Second reading, 2459, 2460.
Third reading and final passage, 2528.
Returned from House without amendment, 3049.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3276.

EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA STATE INSTITUTION—Continued.

In House (No. 1326)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2718.
Reported without amendment, 2841.
First reading, 2998.
Second reading, 3014.
Third reading and final passage, 3195, 3196.
Signed by Speaker, 3495.

EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA STATE INSTITUTION for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic, at Spring City, to provide for erection, management and control of

Senate Bill No. 15

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Thomson, 89.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 89.
Reported without amendment, 133.
First reading, and recommitted to Committee, 153.
Re-reported with amendment, 282.
Second reading, 348, 349.
Third reading and postponed for present, 376.

EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA STATE INSTITUTION for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic authorizing board of trustees to enter into agreements respecting highways, railways and other means of travel within lands of said institution, supplement to act relating to

Senate Bill No. 652

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Thomson, 1900.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1900.
Reported without amendment, 1902.
First reading, 2013.
Second reading, 2181.
Third reading and final passage, 2210.
Returned from House without amendment, 3382.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3404.

In House (No. 1258)

Referred to Committee on Corporations, 2247.
Reported without amendment, 2324.
First reading, 2385.
Second reading, 2514.
Defeated on third reading, 3367.
Vote on third reading reconsidered and bill resumed and passed finally, 3484.
Signed by Speaker, 3591.

EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA STATE INSTITUTION for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic by abolishing commission established therein, supplementing act relating to

Senate Bill No. 287

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Thomson, 607.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 608.
Reported without amendment, 664.
First reading, 712.
Second reading, 769, 770.
Third reading and final passage, 794.
Returned from House with amendments, 3381.
Concurred in House amendments, 3381.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3403.

Remarks on, by

McNichol, 794.
Thomson, 794.
Adams, 794.

In House (No. 832)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 830.
Reported with amendment, 1919.
First reading, 2046.
Recommitted to Committee, 2150.
Re-reported with amendment, 2248.
Second reading, 2352, 2353.
Recommitted to Committee on Judiciary Local, 2517.
Re-reported without amendment, 3354.
Third reading and final passage, 3468, 3469.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 3530.
Signed by Speaker, 3590.

EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA STATE INSTITUTION for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic, report of Commission to erect

Presented to Senate 3382.
In Appendix, 3977.

EASTERN STATE PENITENTIARY, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 923

Read in place in House by Mr. Edwin R. Cox, 1238.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1238.
Reported without amendment, 2236.
First reading, 2329.
Second reading, 2388.
Third reading and final passage, 2724.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3310, 3311.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3311.
Signed by Speaker, 3479.

In Senate (No. 854)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2656.
Reported without amendment, 2683.
First reading, 2702.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2904.
Re-reported with amendment, 2929.
Third reading and final passage, 3055.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3281.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

EASTON HOME FOR FRIENDLESS CHILDREN, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1158

Read in place in House by Mr. Bender, 94.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 94.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2339.
Second reading, 2422.
Third reading and final passage, 2802.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

In Senate (No. 1078)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2662.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2712.
Second reading, 2920.
Third reading and final passage, 3097.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

EASTON HOSPITAL, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1104

Read in place in House by Mr. Bender, 95.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 95.
Reported with amendment, 2241.
First reading, 2337.
Second reading, 2415.
Third reading and final passage, 2784.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.

In Senate (No. 1028)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.
Reported without amendment, 2688.
First reading, 2710.
Second reading, 2916.
Third reading and final passage, 3087.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

EAVESDROPPING a misdemeanor, to make

House Bill No. 79

Read in place in House by Mr. C. Victor Johnson, 141.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 141.
Reported with amendment, 207.
First reading, 238.
Second reading, 316.
Third reading and postponed for the present, 336.
Resumed and defeated on final passage, 2249, 2250.

Remarks on, by

Abbott, 336.

ECONOMIC ZOOLOGIST AND ASSISTANT ECONOMIC ZOOLOGIST, bill to create in Department of Agriculture offices of State Zoologist and Horticulturist and Assistant Zoologist and Horticulturist and abolishing offices of (see Department).

ECONOMIC ZOOLOGIST of Department of Agriculture, H. A. Surface nominated as, 3456.

Reported, 3464.
Confirmed, 3464.

EDMUNDS, HENRY R., Member State Free Library Commission, nominated, 25.

Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

EDUCATION as sub-department of Department of Public Instruction, bill to create a Bureau of Professional (see Bureau).

EDUCATION at fifteen and providing for appropriation of money by Councils for school purposes, bill to amend act relating to common schools by fixing number of members of Board of Public (see Board).

EDUCATION BY COMMON SCHOOLS by providing for establishment of industrial schools, bill to amend supplement to act relative to system (see schools).

EDUCATION BY COMMON SCHOOLS, supplement, regarding expenses and revenues, to act relating to system of (see schools).

EDUCATION, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Tustin, in reference to Federal grant to elementary and secondary, 542.

Resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 542.

Reported without amendment, 831.

Considered and agreed to, 843.

EDUCATION OF STUDENTS OF MEDICINE, surgery, pharmacy and dentistry, bill to create Bureau of Preliminary Professional Education with authority to determine preliminary (see Bureau).

EEL BASKETS TO REMAIN IN FORCE, petitions presented for law against (see petitions).

EHRHARDT, FREDERICK C., Representative from Third District, Lackawanna County,

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 479, authorizing appointment of one assessor from each legislative district and three assessors from county at large, 1390, 1391, 1392.

House Bill No. 663, supplementary to act for government of cities of second class, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095.

House Bill No. 684, regulating manner in which articles of commerce shall be sold and prohibiting giving of short weights and measures, 2194.

House Bill No. 785, regulating nominations and elections for municipal officers in cities of second class, 2131, 2132.

Appointment of, on

Conference committee, 3374.

Special committee, 392.

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Amending act creating the Banking Department, 141.

Amending act making it unlawful to trespass on private property, 302.

Amend act relating to salaries and expenses of county commissioners, 315.

Amending act to provide for abolition of distinction heretofore existing between actions ex contractu and actions ex delictu so far as relates to procedure, 1082.

Amending act to provide for abolition of distinction heretofore existing between actions ex contractu and actions ex delictu so far as relates to procedure, 1214.

Authorizing appointment of assessor in each legislative district and three assessors from county at large in certain counties, 960.

For safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings in boroughs, 122.

For safety of persons fom fire or panic in certain buildings in cities of third class, 122.

For safety of persons fom fire or panic in certain buildings in townships, 122.

Making appropriation to Associated Charities and Humane Society of Lackawanna County, 97.

Making appropriation to Florence Crittendon Mission of Scranton, 125.

Making appropriation to Hahnemann Hospital of Scranton, 125.

Making appropriation to Pennsylvania Oral School for the Deaf, 112.

Regulating nominations and elections for municipal officers in cities of the second class, 156.

Supplementary to act for government of cities of the second class, 154.

To promote safety of travelers and employes upon railroads, 135.

To provide for appointment by District Attorney of certain counties of special detective officer and assistant special detective officers, 1214.

Bills reported by

No. 195 (Senate Bill No. 343)

Making appropriation to former Board of Examiners for Inspectors of Mines of Lackawanna County, 565.

EHRHARDT, FREDERICK C.—Continued.

No. 490

Empowering boroughs to pave streets without petition of property owners, 1048.

No. 491 (Senate Bill No. 737)

Providing a system whereby boroughs may build sewers and pave streets and pay costs thereof by issue of bonds, 1048.

No. 663, (Senate Bill No. 763)

Supplementary to act for government of cities of second class, 1469.

No. 991 (Senate Bill No. 921)

Making appropriation to the Pennsylvania Oral School for the Deaf, 2238.

No. 992 (Senate Bill No. 922)

Making an appropriation to the St. Joseph's Home and Maternity Hospital, of Scranton, Lackawanna County, 2238.

No. 993 (Senate Bill No. 923)

Making an appropriation to the Carbondale Hospital Association of the City of Carbondale, 2238.

No. 994 (Senate Bill No. 924)

Making an appropriation for the Associated Charities and Humane Society of Lackawanna County, 2238.

No. 995 (Senate Bill No. 925)

Making an appropriation to the West Mountain Sanatorium, of Scranton, 2238.

No. 996 (Senate Bill No. 926)

Making an appropriation to the Florence Crittendon Mission, of Scranton, 2238.

No. 997 (Senate Bill No. 927)

Making an appropriation to the Hahnemann Hospital of Scranton, 2238.

No. 998 (Senate Bill No. 928)

Making an appropriation to the Taylor Hospital Association, 2238.

No. 999 (Senate Bill No. 929)

Making an appropriation to the Mid-Valley Hospital, 2238.

No. 1000 (Senate Bill No. 930)

Making an appropriation to the Benevolent Association's Home for Children, of Pottsville, Schuylkill County, 2238.

Election of, 43.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 73.

Drop from calendar House Bill No. 490, empowering boroughs to pave and otherwise improve streets without petition of property owners and providing for payment of costs, 2323.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 212, Joint Resolution providing for commission to investigate surface support in connection with removal of anthracite coal, 740.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 288, requiring unnaturalized foreign born residents or sojourners to procure license before fishing, 1489.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 588, amending act providing for abolition of distinction heretofore existing between actions ex contractu and actions ex delictu, 1957.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 1248, authorizing appointment by county commissioner of one assessor in each legislative district and three assessors from county at large in counties having between 200,000 and 325,000 inhabitants, 3366.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Lackawanna County for memorial to founders of public school system, 1825.

Citizens of Lackawanna County, for passage of Pittsburg-Scranton Plan for City Government, 470.

Citizens of Lackawanna County for reading of Bible in public schools, 1825.

Citizens of Scranton for passage of Pittsburg-Scranton Plan for City Government, 921.

Teachers of public schools of Scranton for tenure of office and teachers' auxiliary bill, 920.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 146, for safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings in townships, 571.

House Bill No. 292, providing for granting of brevet rank to surviving officers of Pennsylvania troops of Civil War, 1201.

House Bill No. 353, requiring railroads to properly man their trains, 1053.

House Bill No. 433, amending act fixing salaries and providing for expenses of county commissioners, 1836.

EHRHARDT, FREDERICK C.—Continued.

House Bill No. 479, authorizing appointment by county commissioners of assessors in counties having between 200,000 and 325,000 inhabitants, 3525.

House Bill No. 678, amending act relating to trespass by limiting lands to which its provisions shall apply to cultivated and improved lands and wood lot adjacent thereto and upon which seated land tax is paid, 2566.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

EICHENBERGER, WILLIAM C., Representative from Twelfth District, Philadelphia County,

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Election of, 44.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

EJECTMENT, to provide for the abandonment in certain cases of actions or suits in

House Bill No. 33

Read in place in House by Mr. Wallace, 103.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 103.

Reported without amendment, 145.

First reading, 158.

Second reading, 191.

Third reading and final passage, 203, 204.

Remarks on, by

Henry, 203.

Wallace, 203, 204.

Scott, John R. K., 203.

Schofield, 203.

In Senate (No. 694)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 228.

Reported without amendment, 2202.

First reading, 2286.

Recommitted to Committee, 2456.

ELECTED IN CERTAIN BOROUGHS by further regulating filling of vacancies in town councils, bill to amend act designating number of councilmen to be (see boroughs).

ELECTING CERTAIN PARTY OFFICERS AND DELEGATES by providing for one primary each year in place of two, to amend act providing uniform method of

Read in place in House by Mr. Freeman, 417.

Referred to Committee on Elections, 417.

ELECTING CERTAIN PARTY OFFICERS AND DELEGATES by providing for one primary each year in place of two, to amend act providing uniform method of

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 406.

Referred to Committee on Elections, 406.

ELECTING CERTAIN PARTY OFFICERS AND DELEGATES by providing for separate primaries for each party, to amend act providing uniform method of

Read in place in House by Mr. Freeman, 417.

Referred to Committee on Elections, 417.

ELECTING CERTAIN PARTY OFFICERS AND DELEGATES by providing for separate primaries for each party, to amend act providing uniform method of

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 406.

Referred to Committee on Elections, 406.

ELECTING CERTAIN PARTY OFFICERS AND DELEGATES by providing what voters shall participate in primaries, to amend act providing uniform method of

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Thomson, 1419.

Referred to Committee on Elections, 1419.

ELECTING CERTAIN PARTY OFFICERS AND DELEGATES, to amend act relating to uniform method of

Read in place in House by Mr. Stein, 231.

Referred to Committee on Elections, 231.

ELECTING CERTAIN PARTY OFFICERS AND DELEGATES, to amend, by providing for but one primary, act relating to the

Read in place in House by Mr. Schultz, 209.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 209.

ELECTING CERTAIN PARTY OFFICERS AND DELEGATES and of making nominations for certain public officers, to provide uniform method of

Read in place in House by Mr. Schofield, 777.

Referred to Committee on Elections, 777.

ELECTING CERTAIN PUBLIC OFFICERS so as to provide in form of ballot a space for name of persons whose names are not on ballot, bill to amend act relating to

Read in place in House by Mr. Young, 362.

Referred to Committee on Elections, 362.

ELECTION, adopt a system of payment of road tax by work on public roads, bill to amend act relating to road supervisors in townships of second class by providing that any township may by a majority vote of electors thereof at any municipal (see township).

ELECTION AND APPOINTMENT OF ROAD SUPERVISORS in several townships of second class, bill to provide for (see townships).

ELECTION AND TERM OF HIS OFFICE, bill to create office of County Superintendent of Public Roads and provide for manner of his (see Superintendent).

ELECTION AND PRECEDING PRIMARY, bill to fix maximum amount of campaign expenses of any candidate for a salaried office in this Commonwealth at any (see expenses).

ELECTION BOARDS AT PRIMARY ELECTIONS, to amend act relating to certain elections, by increasing the compensation of

Read in place in House by Mr. Freeman, 95.

Referred to Committee on Elections, 95.

ELECTION BOARDS, joint resolution to amend section 14, article 8, of Constitution of Pennsylvania, in regard to biennial choosing of district (see Constitution).

ELECTION DAY, bill to amend sections 1 and 2 of amended act relating to legal holidays so as to omit from list third Tuesday of February, (see holidays).

ELECTION EXPENSES and require affidavits as to amount expended to be filed, bill to regulate (see expenses).

ELECTION FOR SUCCESSOR for unexpired term, bill to provide that holder of any elective office in any city of second class may be recalled upon request of certain number of voters and to provide for (see city).

ELECTION IN COUNTIES having a population of not over 100,000 of a clerk to County Commissioners, bill to authorize (see counties).

ELECTION IN EACH CITY OF SECOND CLASS to determine form of government preferred by majority voters of such city, bill to provide for special (see city).

ELECTION IN EACH LEGISLATIVE DISTRICT of an assessor and three assessors from county at large in certain counties, bill to provide for (see assessor).

ELECTION IN FIRST CLASS TOWNSHIPS of additional constable, bill to authorize (see townships).

ELECTION LAWS OF PENNSYLVANIA, report of Commission to Revise and Codify the

Presented in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 406.

In House by Mr. Freeman, 434.

ELECTION LAWS OF PENNSYLVANIA, second report of Commission to Revise and Codify the

Presented in Senate, by Mr. Tustin, 1225.

In House, by Mr. Flynn, 1240.

ELECTION LAWS OF PENNSYLVANIA to make its final report to General Assembly of 1913, concurrent resolution (House) by Freeman, in reference to permitting Commission to Revise and Codify, 689.

Resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 689.

Reported without amendment,

Considered and agreed to, 779, 780.

Concurred in by Senate, 757.

Returned by Senate, 818.

Approved by Governor, 922.

ELECTION LAWS OF STATE by providing for increase in pay for such officers, petition from election officers of Jefferson County to amend primary

In House by Mr. North, 139.

Referred to Committee on Elections, 139.

ELECTION OF ADDITIONAL CLERKS and assistant sergeant-at-arms of House of Representatives, bill to provide for (see House).

ELECTION OF ASSISTANT ASSESSORS by enlarging term of assistant assessors, bill to amend act relating to (see assessors).

ELECTION OF BOROUGH COUNCIL providing that term of office of council shall be four years, bill to amend act authorizing burgess and town council of Wellsboro to regulate (see Wellsboro).

ELECTION OF BURGESS for three years in the several boroughs who shall not be eligible to office for next succeeding term, bill to amend act authorizing (see boroughs).

ELECTION OF CHIEF FACTORY INSPECTOR QUADRIENNIALLY, bill to amend act regulating employment of labor by providing for (see Factory Inspector).

ELECTION OF CHIEF OF POLICE AND SUPERVISORS, supplement to act regulating boroughs providing for (see boroughs).

ELECTION OF CITY ASSESSORS in cities of third class, bill to provide for the (see cities).

ELECTION OF COMMISSIONERS' CLERK IN YORK COUNTY, bill to repeal act relative to (see York).

ELECTION OF COMMISSIONERS OF TOWNSHIPS OF FIRST CLASS, bill to provide for (see townships).

ELECTION OF CONSTABLES in cities of second and third class, bill to amend act relating to (see cities).

ELECTION OF COUNCILMEN in boroughs, bill to provide for (see boroughs).

ELECTION OF COUNTY CONTROLLER in counties with over 100,000 inhabitants, bill to provide for (see counties).

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS OR OVERSEERS OF POOR, bill to fix time for (see directors).

ELECTION OF HIGH CONSTABLE AND AUDITOR of a consolidated borough, bill to amend act relating to consolidation of boroughs by providing for (see boroughs).

ELECTION OF JUDGES, concurrent resolution (House) by John R. K. Scott proposing amendment to section 3 of article 8 of Constitution of Pennsylvania to, 3214, 3215.

Resolution concurred in by Senate, 3283.

Returned by Senate, 3487.

ELECTION OF JUDGES, bill to amend act establishing County Court for County of Allegheny by changing (see Court).

ELECTION of members thereof, bill to amend and supplement act relating to government of cities of second class by providing for abolition of present councils and creating new body to be known as the Council and providing for (see cities).

ELECTION OF MINE INSPECTORS of second inspection district, bill to amend act relating to anthracite coal mines by granting to qualified electors of certain counties right to participate in (see mines).

ELECTION OF OFFICERS AND EMPLOYES of House of Representatives, for session of 1911, 86.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS AND EMPLOYES of Senate for session of 1911, 75.

ELECTION of one person to fill offices of prothonotary, clerk of court of quarter sessions and clerk of court of oyer and terminer and one other person to fill offices of register of wills, recorder of deeds and clerk of orphans' courts, in counties containing over 30,000 inhabitants in which all of said offices are now held by one person, bill to provide for (see counties).

ELECTION OF PUBLIC OFFICERS by authorizing commissioners of each county to construct permanent election room or election house, to amend act regulating

House Bill No. 738

Read in place in House by Mr. Schofield, 360.
Referred to Committee on Elections, 360.
Reported without amendment, 1610.
First reading, 1828.
Second reading, 1945, 1946.
Third reading and final passage, 2317.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2947.
Signed by Speaker, 3184.

In Senate (No. 801)

Referred to Committee on Elections, 2472.
Reported without amendment, 2543.
First reading, 2554.
Second reading, 2700.
Third reading and final passage, 2900.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3115.

ELECTION OF PUBLIC OFFICERS by requiring sheriff's proclamation at all general and municipal elections and regulating advertising thereof, to amend act relating to nomination and

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Powell, 2155.
Referred to Committee on Elections, 2156.

ELECTION OF PUBLIC OFFICERS by specifying how names adopted by political bodies may be protected, to amend act regulating nomination and

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McIlhenny, 1067.
Referred to Committee on Elections, 1067.

ELECTION OF SOLICITOR FOR DAUPHIN COUNTY, bill to repeal act providing for (see Dauphin).

ELECTION OF SUCCESSORS OF CERTAIN JUDGES, bill to fix time for (see judges).

ELECTION OF TAX COLLECTORS for term of four years in boroughs and townships, bill to authorize (see tax).

ELECTION OF THREE OFFICIAL ARBITRATORS in counties having over one million population, supplement to act relating to arbitration providing for (see arbitration).

ELECTION OF TOWNSHIP SUPERVISORS in townships of second class, bill to provide for (see townships).

ELECTION OF TREASURER, SECRETARY AND SUPERVISOR in boroughs having between 10,000 and 45,000 inhabitants, bill to provide for (see boroughs).

ELECTION OFFICERS at all elections hereafter held in this Commonwealth, to regulate pay of

Read in place in House by Mr. Albert Davis, 146.
Referred to Committee on Elections, 146.

ELECTION OFFICERS at all elections hereafter held to regulate the pay of all

Read in place in House by Mr. Watts, 140.
Referred to Committee on Elections, 140.

ELECTION OFFICERS in all counties having population between 250,000 and 500,000, to regulate pay of

House Bill No. 724

Read in place in House by Mr. Albert Davis, 1401.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1401.
Reported without amendment, 1610.
First reading, 1827.
Second reading, 2118.
Third reading and final passage, 2999.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3528.
Signed by Speaker, 3586.

In Senate (No. 1169)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 3043.
Reported without amendment, 3118.
First reading, 3174.
Second reading, 3291.
Third reading and final passage, 3411.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3537.

ELECTION OFFICERS in all counties having population between 800,000 and 1,400,000, to regulate pay of

House Bill No. 573

Read in place in House by Mr. Klumpp, 1238.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1238.
Reported without amendment, 1281.
First reading, 1410.
Second reading, 1525, 1526.
Third reading and final passage, 1784, 1785.
Returned from Senate with amendment, 2934.
Concurred in Senate amendment, 2934.
Signed by Speaker, 3183.

In Senate (No. 725)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1802.
Reported with amendment, 2264.
First reading, 2469.
Second reading, 2546.
Third reading and final passage, 2613.
Returned from House with Senate amendment concurred in, 2902.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3116.

ELECTION OFFICERS in all counties having less than 800,000 population, to regulate pay of

House Bill No. 692

Read in place in House by Mr. Keister, 637.
Referred to Committee on Elections, 637.
Reported with amendment, 1480.
First reading, 1502.
Second reading, 1960.
Third reading and final passage, 2307, 2308.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3320.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3320.
Signed by Speaker, 3480.

ELECTION OFFICERS—Continued.

Remarks on, by
Keister, 2307.

In Senate (No. 795)
Referred to Committee on Elections, 2288.
Reported with amendment, 2538.
First reading, 2554.
Second reading and amended, 2699.
Over in its order, 2900.
Third reading and final passage, 3146, 3147.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3281.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3394.

ELECTION OFFICERS, to fix salaries of
Read in place in House by Mr. John Robert Jones, 302.
Referred to Committee on Elections, 302.

ELECTION OFFICERS with relation thereto, to regulate construction of ballot boxes and delivery of return sheets together with duties of
Read in place in House by Mr. John Robert Jones. 304.
Referred to Committee on Elections, 304.

ELECTION TO SENATORS AND REPRESENTATIVES in General Assembly of Pennsylvania, bill making appropriation for issuing of certificates of (see certificates).

ELECTION upon the subject, bill to amend act relating to consolidation of boroughs by directing court of quarter sessions upon petition of ten per centum of registered voters to hold (see boroughs).

ELECTION whether such license shall be prohibited, bill to further regulate granting of licenses for sale of liquors by permitting electors to determine at an (see liquors).

ELECTIONS AND PRIMARY ELECTIONS within this State, bill to provide for use of voting machines at any or all (see voting machines).

ELECTIONS BY SURVIVING HUSBANDS OR WIVES to take under or against wills of decedents to recording thereof, bill relating to (see decedents).

ELECTIONS FOR MUNICIPAL OFFICERS in cities of second class, bill to regulate nominations and (see cities).

ELECTIONS FOR MUNICIPAL OFFICERS in cities of third class, bill to regulate nominations and (see cities).

ELECTIONS held to vote upon question of increasing indebtedness of municipalities, bill to validate all (see indebtedness).

ELECTIONS IN NEW WARD created by annexing of any territory to a city, bill to provide for (see city).

ELECTIONS in years in which municipal elections occur, to fix time for holding uniform primary

Senate Bill No. 313
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 700.
Referred to Committee on Elections, 700.
Reported without amendment, 701.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 773.
Re-reported with amendment, 774.
Second reading, 801, 802.
Third reading and amended, 909, 910.
Over in its order 942.
Vote on third reading reconsidered, 942.
Resumed on third reading and amended, 942, 943, 944.
Final passage, 996, 997, 998.
Returned from House with amendments, 1206.
Concurred in House amendments, 1207.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1207.
Approved by Governor, 1226.

In House (No. 518)
Referred to Committee on Elections, 1088.
Reported with amendment, 1169.
First reading, 1169.
Special order for consideration, 1184, 1185.
Second reading and amended, 1188, 1189, 1190, 1191, 1192, 1193, 1194, 1195, 1196.
Vote on second reading reconsidered and bill resumed and amended, 1202, 1203.
Third reading and final passage, 1214, 1215, 1216.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 1220.
Signed by Speaker, 1223.

Remarks on, by
Meyer, 1188.
Scott, John R. K., 1188, 1189, 1190, 1191, 1192, 1193, 1194, 1195, 1196.
Robinson, 1188, 1189, 1195.
Allen, 1189.

ELECTIONS—Continued.
Ward, William, Jr., 1189.
Flynn, 1189, 1195.
Howard, 1189.
Davis, Albert, 1189.
Schultz, 1190.
Scott, Samuel B., 1191, 1192, 1193, 1196, 1203.
Shern, 1192, 1195, 1202, 1203.
Roney, 1192.
McNichol, 1193, 1194.
Hobbs, 1194.
Johnston, 1194.
Shannon, 1194 1195.

ELECTIONS, SPECIAL, return of Sergeant-at-Arms in serving writ for, 7.

ELECTIONS UNDER INITIATIVE AND REFERENDUM, bill to regulate (see initiative).

ELECTIONS, to amend act regulating nomination and election of public officers by further regulating watchers at
Read in place in House by Mr. Walnut, 1028.
Referred to Committee on Elections, 1028.

ELECTIONS, to permit submission of propositions or questions to voters at
Read in place in House by Mr. Schofield, 416.
Referred to Committee on Elections, 416.

ELECTOR, bill to require name of proper political party to be entered on registration list opposite name of (see registration).

ELECTOR shall be given opportunity to express his choice for United States Senator, bill to amend act relating to uniform method of making certain nominations providing that each (see United States).

ELECTORS in cities of first and second class, bill to amend act relating to personal registration of (see cities).

ELECTORS in cities of third class, to amend act relating to personal registration of (see cities).

ELECTORS question of working out road taxes, bill to amend act relating to roads by repealing provisions relative to submitting to (see highway).

ELECTORS thereof at a public election, joint resolution proposing amendment to section eight, article nine of Constitution of Pennsylvania providing that debt of any municipality or incorporated district cannot exceed a certain per centum of assessed value of taxable property without consent of (see Constitution).

ELECTORS WHEN VOTING, to amend act regulating nomination and election of public officers by further regulating giving of assistance to

House Bill No. 728
Read in place in House by Mr. Walnut, 1028.
Referred to Committee on Elections, 1028.
Motion to discharge Committee from further consideration of bill, 1409.
Reported with negative recommendation, 1610.
Resolution to place bill on calendar, 1614.
Resolution considered and agreed to, 1826.
First reading, 2046.
Second reading, 2149.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 3036, 3037.

Remarks on, by
Walnut, 3036.
Hecht, 3036.

ELECTRIC COMPANIES, bill to prohibit operation of certain kinds of cars on surface lines of certain street railway and (see railway).

ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANIES, bill to authorize municipal authorities to limit charges of (see charges).

ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANIES, to validate certain charters issued by Governor to
Read in place in House Mr. Anderson, 567.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 567.

ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANIES, to validate certain charters issued by the Governor to

Senate Bill No. 309
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Catlin, 489.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 489.
Reported without amendment, 700.
First reading, 773.
Second reading, 801.
Third reading and final passage, 909.

ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANIES—Continued.

Returned from House without amendment, 2013, 2014.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2013.
Vetoed by Governor, 2536.

In House (No. 592)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 971.
Reported without amendment, 1303.
First reading, 1411.
Second reading, 1530.
Third reading and final passage, 2015, 2016.
Signed by Speaker, 2049.

ELECTRIC LIGHT, HEAT AND POWER COMPANIES by giving to electric light, heat and power companies the right of eminent domain to amend amended act providing for incorporation of certain corporations and for incorporation of

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Vare, 1718.
Referred to Committe on Corporations, 1718.

ELECTRIC LIGHT, HEAT AND POWER COMPANIES the right of eminent domain, to amend act relating to certain corporations by giving to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Shields, 243.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 243.

ELECTRIC LIGHT, HEAT AND POWER COMPANIES, to amend act relating to certain corporations by giving to

Read in place in House by Mr. Mills, 190.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 190.

ELECTRIC LIGHT, HEAT AND POWER COMPANIES which are near boundary between this and any adjoining State, supplement to amended act providing for incorporation of certain corporations regulating

Read in place in House by Mr. Mills, 190.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 190.

ELECTRIC LIGHT, HEAT AND POWER COMPANIES which are near boundary between this and any adjoining State, supplement to amended act providing for incorporation of certain corporations regulating

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Shields, 243.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 243.

ELECTRIC LIGHT OR POWER COMPANIES, bill to empower cities of second class to levy taxes on (see cities).

ELECTRIC OR POWER HEADLIGHTS, bill to require locomotives in certain cases to have (see headlights).

ELECTRIC POWER by permitting such companies to build transmission lines, bill to amend act granting certain authority to water companies in regard to (see water power).

ELECTRIC RAILWAY COMPANIES, bill to prohibit trespassing on right of way of railroad and (see trespassing).

ELECTRIC RAILWAY COMPANIES to provide suitable waiting rooms and equip all cars with toilets or water closets, bill to require (see railway).

ELECTRICAL APPARATUS AND MACHINERY, to amend act authorizing companies incorporated under laws of any other State to hold real estate in this State for manufacturing purposes so as to extend same to companies manufacturing or dealing in

House Bill No. 549

Read in place in House by Mr. Shreve, 1115.
Referred to Committee on Manufactures, 1116.
Reported without amendment, 1213.
First reading, 1242.
Second reading, 1519.
Third reading and final passage, 1926.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 2943.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 2943.
Signed by Speaker, 3184.

In Senate (No. 685)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1899.
Reported without amendment, 2201.
First reading, 2285.
Second reading, 2463.
Third reading and final passage, 2529.
Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 2538.
Over in its order, 2605.
Resumed and pased finally, 2885.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3047.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3115.

ELECTRICAL APPARATUS of any kind belonging to electric light, heat or power companies, to punish interference of unauthorized persons with

House Bill No. 668

Read in place in House by Mr. Cleary, 846.
Referred to Committee on Judiciay General, 846.
Reported without amendment, 1469.
First reading, 1501.
Second reading, 2095, 2096.
Third reading and final passage, 2344, 2345.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2947.
Signed by Speaker, 3183, 3184.

In Senate (No. 789)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2472.
Reported without amendment, 2525.
First reading, 2553.
Second reading, 2697.
Third reading and final passage, 2899.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3115.

ELECTRICITY for power, heating and lighting purposes among those liable for payment of tax on gross receipts, bill to amend to act to provide revenue by taxation by including companies engaged in using water for generating (see tax).

ELEVATED RAILWAYS, bill to authorize construction by municipalities of (see railways).

ELIZABETH STEEL MAGEE HOSPITAL collateral inheritance tax paid out of its funds, to refund to

Senate Bill No. 36

Read in place in House by Mr. Magee, 111.
Referred to ommCittee on Judiciary General, 111.
Returned from Committee on Judiciary General and referred to Committee on Appropriations, 146.
Reported without amendment, 224.
First reading, 247.
Second reading, 271.
Third reading and final passage, 292.
Returned from House without amendment, 3047.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3275.

In House (No. 1296)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 311.
Reported without amendment, 2840.
First reading, 2997.
Second reading, 3011.
Third reading and final passage, 3185.
Signed by Speaker, 3496.

ELIZABETH STEEL MAGEE HOSPITAL collateral inheritance tax paid out of its funds, to refund to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 150.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 150.

ELK COUNTY GENERAL HOSPITAL, of Ridgway, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1002

Read in place in House by Mr. Flynn, 189.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 189.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2332.
Second reading, 2400.
Third reading and final passage, 2751.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.

In Senate (No. 932)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2685.
First reading, 2705, 2706.
Second reading, 2909.
Third reading and final passage, 3069, 3070.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

ELK COUNTY GENERAL HOSPITAL, of Ridgway, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Hall, 167.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 167.

ELKIN of Indiana, address to House of Representatives by Hon. John P., 3255.

ELMWOOD HOME of Erie County, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Clark, 608.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 608.

ELMWOOD HOME of Erie, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1175
Read in place in House by Mr. Wilcox, 154.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 154.
Reported with amendment, 2243.
First reading, 2340.
Second reading, 2425.
Third reading and final passage, 2807, 2808.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.
In Senate (No. 1094)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2662.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2713.
Second reading, 2921.
Third reading and final passage, 3100.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

EMANCIPATION PROCLAMATION, to provide for celebration in Philadelphia to commemorate fiftieth anniversary of
House Bill No. 960
Read in place in House by Mr. Bass, 638.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 638.
Reported without amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2330.
Second reading, 2393, 2394.
Third reading and final passage, 2736, 2737.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.
In Senate (No. 890)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2684.
First reading, 2704.
Second reading, 2907.
Third reading and final passage, 3062.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

EMANCIPATION PROCLAMATION, to provide for celebration in Philadelphia to commemorate fiftieth anniversary of
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Salus, 608.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 609.

EMERGENCY HOSPITALS, bill to provide for regulation of appropriations for erection, equipment and maintenance of general and (see hospitals).

EMHARDT money paid for Notary Public Commission, making appropriation to refund to Edwin C.
Senate Bill No. 443
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McIlhenny, 1067.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1067.
Reported without amendment, 1100.
First reading, 1181.
Second reading, 1210.
Third reading and final passage, 1232, 1233.
Returned from House without amendment, 2654.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2902.
In House (No. 735)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1293, 1302.
Reported without amendment, 1610.
First reading, 1828.
Second reading, 2119.
Third reading and final passage, 2830.
Signed by Speaker, 2942.

EMINENT DOMAIN as respects appropriation of streams and land covered thereby may be exercised by certain water companies, bill to provide that right of (see water).

EMINENT DOMAIN, bill to amend act providing for incorporation of electric light, heat and power companies by giving to electric light, heat and power companies right of (see electric).

EMINENT DOMAIN, bill to provide method for obtaining possession of lands appropriated under right of (see land).

EMINENT DOMAIN, relating to exercise of right of
Senate Bill No. 179
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wertz, 267.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 267.
Reported with amendment, 413.
First reading, 470.
Second reading, 517, 518.
Third reading and final passage, 573.

EMINENT DOMAIN—Continued.
In House (No. 886)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 585.
Reported without amendment, 2053.
First reading, 2196.
Second reading, 2376.
Defeated on third reading, 3358.
Motion to reconsider vote defeated, 3487.
Remarks on, by
Scott, John R. K., 3358.
Robinson, V. Gilpin, 3358.

EMINENT DOMAIN TO COMMISSIONER OF FISHERIES for lawful purposes of Department of Fisheries, bill to extend right of (see Fisheries).

EMPLOY APPRENTICES without first having obtained consent of apprentice's parents or legal guardians, bill to make it unlawful for any person to (see apprentices).

EMPLOY FIVE CLERKS and making an appropriation therefor, bill to authorize Auditor General to (see Auditor General).

EMPLOYE OF ANY EMPLOYER OF LABOR to receive moneys or other valuable thing from any person for obtaining for latter employment in service of said employer or continuing in said employment, making it a misdemeanor for any
Senate Bill No. 404
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox, 832.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 832.
Reported without amendment, 958.
First reading, 1013.
Second reading, 1079.
Third reading and final passage, 1108.
Returned from House without amendment, 3050.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3276.
In House (No. 686)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1170.
Reported without amendment, 1470.
First reading, 1502.
Second reading, 2102.
Third reading and final passage, 3215.
Signed by Speaker, 3494.

EMPLOYE OF SENATE OR HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES unless such employe shall have actually performed duties of his office, to prohibit payment of wages or salary to any
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Benson, 362.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 362.

EMPLOYE OR OTHER PERSON for which person insured is liable, bill to provide reserve for outstanding liability losses of insurance companies transacting business of insuring any one against damage from injury suffered by (see insurance).

EMPLOYED IN AND ABOUT ANTHRACITE COAL MINES, bill to provide for health and safety of persons (see mines).

EMPLOYED IN AND ABOUT BITUMINOUS COAL MINES, bill to provide for health and safety of persons (see mines).

EMPLOYED IN AND AROUND COAL MINES, bill to amend act providing for health and safety of minors in coal mines by further regulating the ages at which minors may be (see minors).

EMPLOYED IN MINING QUARRIES, bill to provide for health and safety of persons (see quarries).

EMPLOYED IN PENNSYLVANIA, bill to regulate hours of labor of mechanics, workingmen and laborers (see hours).

EMPLOYED SO THAT CERTAIN MINORS over fourteen years of age may be employed in quarries and sand pits, bill to amend act relating to ages at which minors may be (see minors).

EMPLOYER the negligence of a fellow servant of the employe shall not be a defense, to provide that in all actions for negligence for damages from an
Read in place in House by Mr. Stein, 777.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 777.

EMPLOYER the negligence of a fellow servant of the employe shall not be a defense, to provide that in all actions for damages for an
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Nulty, 756.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 756.

EMPLOYER TO MAKE COMPENSATION FOR INJURIES received by an employe and establishing elective schedule of compensation, to prescribe liability of

House Bill No. 899

Read in place in House by Mr. James Dunn, 1214.
Referred to Committee on Labor and Industry, 1214.
Reported with amendment, 2054.
First reading, 2197.
Second reading, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382.
Special order for consideration, 2517.
Third reading and final passage, 2567, 2568, 2569.

Remarks on, by

Robinson, V. Gilpin, 2567, 2568, 2569.
Dunn, James, 2567.
Scott, John R. K., 2567.
Alter, 2567, 2568.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Finance, 2619.

EMPLOYERS FOR INJURIES TO EMPLOYES, relating to liabilities of

House Bill No. 357

Read in place in House by Mr. Kinney, 171.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 171.
Reported with amendment, 819.
First reading, 901.
Second reading, 1054.
Third reading and final passage, 1301.

Remarks on, by

Rockwell, 1301.
McMullen, 1301.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1264.

EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY bill, communications presented relative to on

From Commercial Exchange of Philadelphia, in Senate, 2444.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2444.
From Manufacturers' Club of Philadelphia, in Senate, 2444.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2444.
From Philadelphia Board of Trade, in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 2151.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2151.
From Philadelphia Coal Exchange, in Senate, 2664.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2664.

EMPLOYERS TO THEIR EMPLOYES in certain cases, to provide for adjustment of compensation payable by

Read in place in House by Mr. James Dunn, 361.
Referred to Committee on Labor and Industries, 361.

EMPLOYES and fixing their salaries, bill to amend act creating a Legislative Reference Bureau by providing for additional permanent and emergency (see Legislative Reference).

EMPLOYES AND OFFICERS OF HOUSE, appointment of, 87.

Oath of office administered to, 87.

EMPLOYES AND OFFICERS OF SENATE, appointment of, 41, 80.

EMPLOYES AND OFFICERS OF HOUSE, resolution (House), by Woodward, authorizing election of, 86.

Amendment offered to resolution, 86.
House agrees to resolution without amendment, 87.
Oath of office administered to officers and employes, 87.

EMPLOYES AND OFFICERS OF SENATE for services rendered during session, resolution (Senate) by McConnell, thanking, 3541.

EMPLOYES AND OFFICERS OF SENATE for session of nineteen hundred and eleven, resolution (Senate), by Keyser, authorizing election of, 75.

Amendment offered to resolution, 76.
Senate agrees to resolution without amendment, 76.

EMPLOYES, concurrent resolution (House) by Walnut, in reference to joint committee to investigate subject of compensation for injured, 921.

Resolution referred to Committee on Manufactures, 921.

EMPLOYES DURING STRIKES, to regulate advertisements and solicitations for

House Bill No. 516

Read in place in House by Mr. Albert Davis, 472.
Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 472.
Reported with amendment, 1115.

EMPLOYES DURING STRIKES—Continued.

First reading, 1240.
Second reading, 1507.
Third reading and final passage, 1791.

Remarks on, by

Robinson, C. Gilpin, 1791.
Davis, Albert, 1791.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1802.

EMPLOYES FOR INJURIES SUSTAINED, to provide for payment of compensation to

Read in place in House by Mr. Piper, 361.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 361.

EMPLOYES IN ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT and State Arsenal, to regulate number of

Senate Bill No. 110

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichols, 243.
Referred to Committee on Military Affairs, 243.
Reported without amendment, 267.
First reading, 297, 298.
Second reading, 357.
Third reading and amended, 384.
Final passage, 405.
Returned from House with amendments, 2608, 2609, 3113.
Concurred in House amendments, 2609, 3113.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2654.

In House (No. 294)

Referred to Committee on Military Affairs, 433.
Reported without amendment, 715.
First reading, 752.
Second reading, 874, 875, 1534.
Third reading and amended, 2261.
Final passage, 2598.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 2844.
Signed by Speaker,

Remarks on, by

Baldwin, R. J., 2598.

EMPLOYES IN CERTAIN COUNTIES so as to make it apply to counties having 1,400,000 inhabitants or over, bill to amend act fixing salaries of county (see counties).

EMPLOYES IN COUNTIES with population between 800,000 and 1,400,000, bill to amend an act creating in certain counties a Board to determine number of and compensation of all county employes, so as to make it apply to (see counties).

EMPLOYES IN DEPARTMENT OF AUDITOR-GENERAL, bill to fix number and salaries and define the duties of certain (see Department).

EMPLOYES IN DEPARTMENT OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS, bill to fix salaries of officers, clerks and (see Department).

EMPLOYES IN DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC GROUNDS AND BUILDINGS, bill to fix number and compensation of officers and (see Public Grounds).

EMPLOYES IN STATE TREASURY, bill to fix number and salaries of officers, clerks and (see State Treasury).

EMPLOYES OF COUNTY OFFICERS in counties with population of less than 150,000, bill to fix salaries of (see counties).

EMPLOYES of Department, bill to amend act creating Department of State Police by fixing salaries of Superintendent and (see State Police).

EMPLOYES OF GENERAL ASSEMBLY, bill to fix number and compensation of officers and (see General Assembly).

EMPLOYES OF GENERAL ASSEMBLY, bill to provide for additional officers and (see House of Representatives).

EMPLOYES OF HOUSE, resolution (House) by Woodward, in reference to election of certain, 577.

EMPLOYES OF INSURANCE DEPARTMENT and to fix their salaries, bill to designate (see insurance).

EMPLOYES OF INTERURBAN, SUBURBAN AND STREET RAILWAYS, to provide for health, protection and safety of

Read in place in House by Mr. Feeney, 171.
Referred to Committee on Electric Railways, 171.

EMPLOYES OF JAILS, prisons and certain other institutions, bill to provide for pensioning of deserving superannuated (see pensioning).

EMPLOYES OF STATE OR ANY CIVIL DIVISION thereof, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania so as to permit General Assembly to fix salaries and hours of labor of (see Constitution).

EMPLOYES OF STREET PASSENGER RAILWAYS, to provide for health and safety of

Read in place in House by Mr. Piper, 95.
Referred to Committee on Electric Railways, 95.

EMPLOYES TO VOTE FOR CANDIDATE FOR PUBLIC OFFICE, bill to prevent mine foremen or mine superintendents from intimidating, coercing or requesting their (see mine).

EMPLOYES TRAVELING ON STATE BUSINESS, bill to amend act relating to transportation by providing that its provisions shall not apply to members of General Assembly or to State (see transportation).

EMPLOYES WHO CONVERT MERCHANDISE OR BILLS OF LADING, permits, certificates or orders to their own use, to provide punishment for

Read in place in House by Mr. Hess, 777.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 777.

EMPLOYERS to grant a certain time for mid-day meal to each employe, bill to require (see meal).

EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES in cities of first and second class, to amend act providing for licensing of

Senate Bill No. 25

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 166.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 166.
Reported without amendment, 167.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 186.
Re-reported without amendment, 489.
Second reading, 559.
Third reading and final passage, 613.
Returned from House with amendments, 3306.
Concurred in House amendments, 3306.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3402.

In House (No. 423)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 696.
Reported with amendment, 971.
First reading, 1089.
Second reading, 1368.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1673.
Resumed o nthird reading an damended, 1930.
Final passage, 3364.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 3472.
Signed by Speaker, 3589.

Remarks on, by

Alter, 1673.

EMPLOYMENT BY CHANGING AGE LIMIT OF MINORS, bill to amend act to protect children from cruelty and relating to their (see minors).

EMPLOYMENT OF ANY PERSON UNDER AGE OF TWENTY-ONE YEARS as a messenger for telephone, telegraph or messenger company between 10 P. M. and 5 A. M., bill to prohibit (see messenger).

EMPLOYMENT OF CONVICTED CRIMINALS on public work, bill to provide for (see criminals).

EMPLOYMENT OF FEMALES of any age to number of five in any capacity of the several departments of Commonwealth, bill to limit (see females).

EMPLOYMENT OF MALE AND FEMALE MINORS, bill to amend act relating to minors in certain employments so as to reduce maximum number of hours of (see minors).

EMPLOYMENT OF MINORS in cities of first and second class for telegraph or messenger offices, bill to amend act relating to minors in certain employments by regulating hours of (see minors).

EMPLOYMENT OF PERSONS in charge of certain hoists or hoisting engines in and about coal mines, and quarries, bill to regulate (see hoists).

EMPLOYMENT OF PRISONERS in all State and County prisons and reformatories, bill to regulate (see prison).

EMPLOYMENT OF REGISTERED PHARMACISTS, qualified assistant pharmacists and students and apprentices in pharmacy, bill to regulate (see pharmacists).

EMPLOYMENT OF WOMEN AND CHILDREN and minors by providing for election of Chief Factory Inspector quadriennially, bill to amend act relating to (see Factory Inspector).

EMPLOYMENTS, bill to regulate obtaining of releases or statements from persons injured in certain (see releases).

ENBODY, EDWIN R., Representative from Carbon County,

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 85, 99.

Election of, 43.

Leave of absence asked for, 305, 473, 885, 1282, 3011.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Carbon County for Maurer Initiative and Referendum bill, 733.
Citizens of Carbon County for memorial to founders of public school system, 1015.
Citizens of Carbon County for reading of Holy Bible in public schools, 733, 1397.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

ENDSLEY, JAMES W., Senator from Thirty-Sixth District, (Fulton, Bedford and Somerset Counties),

Amendment offered by, to

Senate Bill No. 461, designating employes of Insurance Department, 1598.

Appointment of, on

Special committee, 67.
Standing committees, 79, 80.

Bills introduced by

Amending act authorizing condemnation of real estate for use of State Normal Schools by extending it to condemnation of servitudes, easements, and streets or alleys, 1254.
Amending act relating to appropriation to Grand Army of Republic for Memorial Day expenses, 490.
Amending act to protect trees growing by roadside by prohibiting injuring of trees or shrubs along roadsides, 1068.
Authorizing county commissioners to erect bridges for pedestrians only in lieu of wagon bridge, 1419.
Making appropriation to Markleton General Hospital at Markleton, Somerset County, 150.
Permitting owners and lessees of coal rights to remove overlying strata and deposit it on land adjacent to opening of mines, 541.
Providing for appointment of commission to survey military routes of General Edward Braddock and General John Forbes, 340.
Providing for compensation of certain district attorneys who were required to serve an additional year on account of amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania, 1254.
Regulating manner in which moneys shall be paid out of treasuries of several boroughs, 1254.

Bills reported by

No. 17 (House Bill No. 475)
Supplement to act relating to corporations authorizing insertion of certain provisions in charters of corporations for support of public worship, 159.

No. 151 (House Bill No. 67)
To permit Commonwealth to accept land in Franklin County on which is erected a monument to James Buchanan, 373.

No. 222 (House Bill No. 432)
Authorizing road supervisors in townships of second class to aid in construction of sidewalks, 540.

No. 311 (House Bill No. 151)
Supplement to act to prevent introduction into and spread of injurious insects in Pennsylvania, 1067.

No. 481
Relative to eradication of chestnut tree blight, 1265.

No. 484 (House Bill No. 78)
To protect State forest reserves, 1454.

No. 492 (House Bill No. 830)
Amending act establishing State Livestock Sanitary Board by fixing salaries of Secretary and Treasurer, 1306.

No. 604 (House Bill No. 1270)
To protect trees and woodlands, 1706.

No. 646 (House Bill No. 644)
To provide for eradication of chestnut tree blight, 1900.

Election of, 3.

Motions by, to

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 311, supplement to act to prevent introduction into and spread of injurious insects in Pennsylvania, 909.
Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 489, to provide for protection of shade and fruit trees, 1430.

ENDSLEY, JAMES W.—Continued.

Petition presented by, from

Citizens of Somerset and Bedford Counties for resident hunters' license bill, 2263.

Resolution offered by

Thanking Lieutenant Governor John M. Reynolds for services rendered during session, 3541.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 71.

ENFORCEMENT OF LAWS relating to use of highways by motor vehicles and providing penalties for constables and police officers who permit violations of such laws, bill to provide for (see laws)

ENFORCING ORDERS OF MAINTENANCE AND SUPPORT in all cases where order has been made for support of husband, wife, parent, child, grandparent or grandchild, bill to provide method for (see support).

ENGINEER IN COUNTIES with between 800,000 and 1,400,000 inhabitants, to fix the salary of county

House Bill No. 243

Read in place in House by Mr. Young, 473.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 473.
Reported without amendment, 590.
First reading, 639.
Second reading and amended, 745.
Third reading and final passage, 825.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1759.
Signed by Speaker, 1851.
Approved by Governor, 2191.

In Senate (No. 527)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 837.
Reported without amendment, 1435.
First reading, 1606.
Second reading, 1650.
Third reading and final passage, 1722.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1824.

ENGINEER LICENSE LAW, petition presented from against (see petitions).

ENGINEERS having charge of steam boilers and engines in cities of second and third class by extending provisions to steam boilers and steam engines of over five horse power, bill to amend act providing for examination and licensing of (see cities).

ENGINEERS IN CHARGE OF STEAM BOILERS AND ENGINES, bill to provide for examination and licensing of (see steam boilers).

ENGINEERS' SOCIETY OF PENNSYLVANIA on Tuesday evening, March 7th, resolution (House) by Edward E. Jones, in reference to use of Hall of House by, 266.

ENGINES and providing how same shall be assessed by county assessors, to tax traction (see tax).

ENLARGEMENT OF GROUNDS, bill to amend act authorizing cemetery or burial association to purchase other grounds by regulating removal of bodies and (see cemetery).

ENTRY OF JUDGMENTS ON BONDS, notes or other obligations for payment of money secured by mortgage, bill to regulate (see judgments).

ENZIAN, CHARLES, nominated as Member of Commission to Investigate and Report in the Matter of Surface Support Where Anthracite Coal Has Been or Is to Be Removed, 1420.

Reported, 3265.
Confirmed, 3414.

EPILEPTIC, joint resolution constituting commission to investigate and report on care of feeble-minded and (see feeble-minded).

EPILEPTIC, report of Commission to erect Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and

Presented to Senate, 3382.
In Appendix, 3977.

EQUAL TERMS, bill to provide that express privileges and facilities upon railroads and other common carriers shall be open to all shippers on (see common carriers).

EQUALIZE ASSESSMENTS by raising valuation of properties which in their judgment have been assessed too low, bill to authorize courts of common pleas on appeal to (see assessments).

EQUITY JURISDICTION of said courts to disputes between employers and employes, bill to amend act relative to jurisdictions and powers of courts by extending (see employers).

EQUITY TO BE SWORN TO, to require bills and answers in

House Bill No. 348

Read in place in House by Mr. Shreve, 123.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 123.
Reported without amendment, 735.
First reading, 783.
Second reading, 899.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1295.

ERECTION OF WORKHOUSES jointly by two or more counties, bill to authorize (see workhouses).

ERIE HOME FOR FRIENDLESS of City of Erie, Erie County, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1198

Read in place in House by Mr. Shreve, 154.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 154.
Reported with amendment, 2243.
First reading, 2341.
Second reading, 2430.
Third reading and final passage, 2815.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.

In Senate (No. 1117)

Referred to Committe on Appropriations, 2663.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2714.
Second reading, 2922.
Third reading and final passage, 3105.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

ERIE HOME FOR FRIENDLESS of City of Erie, Erie County, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 746

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Clark, 151.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 151.
Reported with amendment, 2266.
First reading, 2470.
Second reading, 2550.
Third reading and final passage, 2617.
Returned from House without amendment, 3049.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3277.

In House (No. 1351)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2843.
Reported without amendment, 3005.
First reading, 3006.
Second reading, 3014.
Third reading and final passage, 3200.
Signed by Speaker, 3493.

ERIE, making appropriation for improvement of State Canal Basins at the Port of

House Bill No. 1293

Read in place in House by Mr. Shreve, 146.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 146.
Reported with amendment, 2840.
First reading,
Second reading, 2996.
Third reading and final passage, 3017.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3529.
Signed by Speaker, 3588.

In Senate (No. 1224)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3045.
Reported without amendment, 3121.
First reading, 3178.
Second reading, 3302.
Third reading and final passage, 3390, 3391.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3539.

"ERIE PURCHASE," concurrent resolution No. 16 (House) by Shreve, authorizing commission to investigate and report on, 1329.

Resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1329.
Reported without amendment,
Considered and agreed to, 1825, 1826.
Returned by Senate, 2786.
Resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary General in Senate, 1800.
Reported without amendment, 2602, 2603.
Considered and agreed to, 2619.

ESCAPE PUNISHMENT, bill to prohibit assisting of any convict to (see convict).

ESCAPE therefrom, bill to provide for punishment of inmates in any charitable, reformatory or other institutions which is maintained wholly or in part by State who shall (see inmates).

ESCHEAT TO COMMONWEALTH under certain conditions of deposits of various kinds, bill to provide for report to Auditor General and (see deposits).

ESCHEAT TO COMMONWEALTH, bill to provide for better collection of money and taxes and property belonging to or liable to (see collection).

ESCHEATS in cases where property is without a lawful owner by extending same to other cases of escheat, to amend act regulating

House Bill No. 326

Read in place in House by Mr. Howard, 638.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 638.
Reported without amendment, 734.
First reading, 781.
Second reading, 1051.
Third reading and final passage, 1298.
Returned from Senate with amendment, 1760.
Concurred in Senate amendment, 1760.
Signed by Speaker, 1852.
Vetoed by Governor, 2559.

In Senate (No. 537)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1263.
Reported with amendment, 1455.
First reading, 1607.
Second reading, 1653.
Third reading and final passage, 1723.
Returned from House with Senate amendment concurred in, 1800.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1824.

ESCHEATS so as to provide for escheat of property held in trust or resulting from investment of trust funds, to amend act relating to

House Bill No. 306

Read in place in House by Mr. Shreve, 637.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 637.
Reported without amendment, 716.
Second reading, 878, 879.
Third reading and final passage, 1250, 1251.
First reading, 753.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 1935.
House concurs in Senate amendments, 1935.
Signed by Speaker,
Approved by Governor, 2557.

In Senate (No. 545)

Referred ta Committee on Judiciary General, 1235.
Reported with amendment, 1545.
First reading, 1656.
Second reading, 1729, 1730.
Third reading and final passage, 1813.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 1902.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1917.

ESPERANTISTS to be held at Antwerp in August, 1911, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Hunter, authorizing appointment of delegate to Seventh International Congress of, 2217.

Resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2217.
Reported without amendment, 2525, 2526.
Considered and agreed to, 2529.
Returned by House, 2618.
Concurred in by House, 2717.

ESTATE AFTER DEBTS ARE PAID INCLUDES STOCKS, bonds and other securities to make distribution of same to parties entitled thereto, to authorize Orphans' Courts when balance for distribution in an

House Bill No. 745

Read in place in House by Mr. William Connor, 960.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 960.
Reported without amendment, 1694.
First reading, 1829.
Second reading, 2122.
Third reading and final passage, 3009.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3601.
Signed by Speaker, 3609.

ESTATE AFTER DEBTS ARE PAID INCLUDES STOCKS—Continued.

In Senate (No. 1200)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 3045.
Reported without amendment, 3120.
First reading, 3177.
Second reading, 3299.
Third reading and final passage, 3435.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3536.

ESTATE, bill to amend act relating to insolvency and to distribution of insolvent's (see insolvency).

ESTATE IS WITHOUT MONEY OR PROPERTY to have appeals heard in appellate courts upon filing typewritten copies of certain particulars, bill to permit trustees, executors, administrators or receivers where an (see appeals).

ESTATES HELD BY A FEME CONVERT to her sole and separate use, to confer jurisdiction on the several Orphans' Courts over

Senate Bill No. 582

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 1254.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1254.
Reported without amendment, 1633
First reading, 1745.
Second reading, 1819.
Third reading and final passage, 1904.

In House

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1958.

ESTATES held for corporate, religious and charitable uses by further defining disqualification of certain persons to witness deeds and wills, bill to amend act relating to (see witness).

ESTATES held for corporate religious and charitable uses, bill to amend act relating to corporations and to (see religious).

ESTATES may be vested in United States when no agreement can be made with owners of same for purchase thereof by fixing number of viewers at three, bill to amend act providing a mode by which title to all (see title).

ESTATES OF DECEDENTS, bill to preserve lien of debts not of record against (see lien).

ESTATES OF INTESTATES may be taken out before a notary public, justice of the peact or alderman, bill to provide that preliminary steps in taking out letters of administration on (see letters).

ESTATES passing either by will or under intestate laws or by certain other methods, bill to lay a State tax on (see tax).

ESTATES passing from an adopting parent to legally adopted child or children not to be subjected to collateral inheritance tax, to provide that

Senate Bill No. 128

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wertz, 89.
First reading, 639.
Referred to Committee on Judicary General, 89.
Reported without amendment, 282.
First reading, 358.
Second reading, 385.
Third reading and final passage, 407.
Returned from House without amendment, 1452.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1633.
Approved by Governor, 2152.

In House (No. 236)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 433.
Reported without amendment, 590.
Second reading, 744.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 825.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 846.
Resumed and passed finally, 1466.
Signed by Speaker,1677.

EVIDENCE AT TRIAL FOR PANDERING, bill to regulate competency of certain (see pandering).

EVIDENCE OF KILLING SQUIRREL, hare or rabbit to protect trees or crops, bill to amend act relating to protection of game by further regulating (see game).

EVIDENCE TAKEN ON EXCEPTIONS IN ROAD CASES in court of quarter sessions part of record for purpose of reviewing action to Supreme or Superior Court, bill to make (see road cases).

EVIDENCE TAKEN UPON TRIAL OF ANY CASE, bill relating to taking exceptions in any case, civil or criminal, in any court of record and to transcribing of (see exceptions).

EWING, JOHN S. N., Representative from Eighteenth District, Philadelphia County,

Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by
Regulating pleadings in civil cases by requiring defendant to file a bill of particulars upon rule taken by plaintiff, 590.

Bills reported by

No. 260
To prohibit use of alum and alum compounds in filtration of water, 1457.

No. 273 (Senate Bill No. 499)
Amending act to encourage propagation of fish and the catching of fish in Delaware River below Trenton Falls, 714.

No. 317 (Senate Bill No. 542)
Providing for licensing and regulation in cities of first class of dramatic performances,

No. 358 (Senate Bill No. 748)
Fixing width of public highways where such highways are crossed above or below grade by tracks of any railroad, 819.

No. 366 (Senate Bill No. 663)
Making void surveying of certain highways and sewers over private property in boroughs where work has not been commenced within certain time, 845.

No. 493 (Senate Bill No. 16)
Empowering boroughs without petition of property owners to pave streets, 1048.

No. 1294
Supplement to act providing for incorporation and government of cities of third class authorizing adoption of civil service by said cities, 2840.

Election of, 44.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 901, declaring liability of railroad companies for loss or damage by fire, 3002.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

EXAMINATION AND LICENSING OF ENGINEERS in charge of steam boilers and engines in cities of second and third class, bill to provide for (see cities).

Read in place in House by Mr. Allen, 1282.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1282.

EXAMINATION AND LICENSING OF ENGINEERS in charge of steam boilers and engines, bill to provide for (see steam boilers).

EXAMINATION, LICENSURE AND REGISTRATION of those engaged in plumbing or house drainage in cities of first class, bill to provide for (see cities).

EXAMINATION, LICENSURE AND REGISTRATION of those engaged in plumbing or house drainage in cities of second class, thus causing act to apply to all second and third class cities, bill to further amend section one of act providing for (see cities).

EXAMINATION OF CERTAIN CORPORATIONS maintained for beneficial and protective purposes except fraternal beneficial corporations, bill to provide for (see corporations).

EXAMINATION OF CHAUFFEURS and paid operators of motor vehicles, bill to amend act relating to motor vehicles by providing for (see motor vehicles).

EXAMINATION OF NANTICOKE HOSPITAL and providing for its transfer to Commonwealth under certain conditions, bill to provide for (see Nanticoke).

EXAMINATION OF PANTHER CREEK VALLEY HOSPITAL and for transfer under certain conditions of said hospital to Commonwealth, bill to provide for (see Panther Creek).

EXAMINATION OF PERSONS SEEKING EMPLOYMENT AS MINERS, bill to provide for (see miners).

EXAMINATION OF WITNESSES concerning convictions upon crimes committed by them, bill to prohibit in legal proceedings cross (see witnesses).

EXAMINATION, PHOTOGRAPHING AND MEASUREMENT of persons charged with a crime, bill relating to (see crime).

EXAMINATION, regulation and dissolution of insurance and surety companies, bill to establish Insurance Department and provide for licensing (see insurance).

EXAMINATION, bill to amend act creating Banking Department so as to repeal exemption of Building and Loan Associations from payment of expenses of their supervision and (see banking).

EXAMINED, in certain subjects at end of two years' course or its equivalent, bill to amend act further regulating practice of medicine and surgery by providing that a student may be (see medicine).

EXAMINING BOARD, bill to define qualifications necessary for office of mine inspector in anthracite coal fields and to abolish (see mine).

EXCEPTIONS IN ANY CASE, CIVIL OR CRIMINAL, in any court of record, relating to time and manner of taking

House Bill No. 303

Read in place in House by Mr. Schofield, 416.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 416.
Reported without amendment, 716.
First reading, 752.
Second reading, 877.
Third reading and final passage, 1250.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1934.
Signed by Speaker,
Approved by Governor, 2557.

In Senate (No. 507)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1235.
Reported without amendment, 1433.
First reading, 1605.
Second reading, 1642.
Over in its order, 1718.
Third reading and final passage, 1813.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1917.

EXCEPTIONS IN ROAD CASE in court of quarter sessions part of record for purpose of reviewing action on appeal to Supreme or Superior Court, bill to make evidence taken on (see road cases).

EXCESS OF BANK BALANCE OF DRAWER, bill making it a felony to draw checks or drafts in (see bank).

EXCHANGE OF LANDS, tenements and hereditaments may be recorded, bill to prescribe conditions under which contracts and agreements for (see recorded).

EXCISE COMMISSION bill, petitions presented against (see petitions).

EX CONTRACTU AND ACTIONS EX DELICTU so far as relates to procedure, bill to amend third section of act to provide for abolition of distinction heretofore existing between actions (see actions).

EX CONTRACTU by extending its provisions to foreign corporations, bill to amend act relating to actions (see corporations).

EXECUTING CONDEMNED CRIMINALS, resolution (House) by Mills, in reference use of Hall of House of Representatives on evening of February 7, 1911, for public hearing on House Bill prescribing method of, 138.

EXECUTING CONDEMNED CRIMINALS, bill to prescribe method of (see penalty).

EXECUTION AGAINST WAGES, debts, or income when same is twelve dollars or more per week, bill to provide for collection of judgments by attachment (see judgments).

EXECUTION, attachment or other process and claimed to belong to others than the defendant, bill relating to proceedings for goods and chattels that have been seized by sheriff upon (see sheriff).

EXECUTIVE CONTROLLER, Samuel C. Todd nominated as, 71.
Confirmed, 71.

EXECUTIVE, JUDICIAL AND LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENTS of Commonwealth, interest on public debt and for support of public schools for two fiscal years beginning June 1, 1911, to provide for ordinary expenses of (see expenses).

EXECUTORS, bill to regulate award and trial of issued of fact arising on disputed accounts of (see accounts).

EXECUTORS, bill to regulate confirmation of final accounts of (see accounts).

EXECUTORS or trustees shall take title free of any obligation to see to application of purchase money, bill to provide that persons buying real estate from (see real estate).

EXECUTORS where an estate is without money or property to have appeals heard in appellate courts upon filing typewritten copies of certain particulars, bill to permit (see appeals).

EXEMPT CERTAIN BUILDINGS from provisions of certain acts pertaining to safety of persons from fire in cities of first class, bill to (see buildings).

EXEMPT FROM CLAIM, bill amending act relating to liens for taxes by providing that no property other than public property shall be (see liens).

EXEMPT FROM LEVY AND SALE on execution or distress for rent certain cases and billiard and pool tables and bowling alleys, bill to (see rent).

EXEMPT FROM PAYMENT OF INHERITANCE TAXES bequests and devices to institutions of purely public charity, bill to (see taxes).

EXEMPTION FROM TAXATION REAL ESTATE of certain charitable institutions, bill to permit cities of first class to (see cities).

EXEMPT FROM TAXATION, bill to provide that all library property and all gifts, devices, grants or endowments for library purposes shall be (see libraries).

EXEMPT PIANOS, ORGANS AND MELODEONS, leased, hired or conditionally sold, from levy or sale for rent, bill to repeal act to (see rent).

EXEMPT PROPERTY OF FAIR ASSOCIATIONS from liability for taxation, bill to (see fair).

EXEMPT PROPERTY TO VALUE OF $300 from levy and sale for rent, bill to amend act to (see rent).

EXEMPTING CERTAIN LANDS FROM TAXATION, bill to encourage foresting and reforesting of lands by (see foresting).

EXEMPTING CERTAIN MEADOW LANDS from taxation on such surrenders, bill to provide for surrender of franchises of meadow companies and for repeal of all laws (see meadow).

EXEMPTING HOSPITAL MOTOR AMBULANCES and motor fire engines, bill to amend act relating to motor vehicles by (see motor vehicles).

EXEMPTING PARSONAGES, bill to amend act exempting from taxation certain public property and property used for religious worship by (see taxation).

EXEMPTING SAVINGS ACCOUNT of less than one thousand dollars from taxation for state purposes, bill to amend act relating to revenue by taxation by (see taxation).

EXEMPTING SAVINGS INSTITUTIONS having no capital stock, bill to repeal act relating to revenue by taxation and (see taxation).

EXEMPTING SODA WATER APPARATUS AND APPURTENANCES thereto, leased, hired or conditionally sold, from levy or sale for rent, bill to repeal act (see rent).

EXEMPTION from all court houses, jails, poor houses and certain lands therein exempted, bill to amend act exempting certain property from taxation by removing (see taxation).

EXEMPTION FROM INSTITUTIONS, bill of learning, benevolence or charity and all court houses and jails, bill to amend act relating to exemption from taxation of certain property by removing (see taxation).

EXEMPTION OF BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS from payment of expenses of their supervision by Banking Department, to amend act creating Banking Department so as to repeal (see banking).

EXEMPTION OF CERTAIN PROPERTY FROM TAXATION, joint resolution proposing amendment to section one of article nine of Constitution of Pennsylvania, relating to uniformity of taxation and (see Constitution).

EXEMPTION OF PROPERTY to value of $300 from levy or sale on execution and distress for rent, petitions presented for House Bill No. 839, relating to (see petitions).

EXEMPTIONS, bill to amend act for government of cities of second class by defining subjects of taxation and providing for certain (see cities).

EXHIBITIONS, bill amending act relating to holding of county agricultural (see agriculture).

EXHIBITIONS OF ALL KINDS, bill to provide for licensing in cities of first class of dramatic performances and (see cities).

EXHIBITIONS OF VARIOUS KINDS, bill to provide for licensing in cities of first class of places used for (see cities).

EXHIBITIONS OF VARIOUS KINDS for amusement of public, bill to regulate licensing of all dramatic, theatrical or operatic performances and (see amusement).

EXITS, bill to provide for safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings in cities of third class, in boroughs and in townships by providing proper (see buildings).

EXONERATIONS as shall appear just, bill to authorize boroughs to make from amount of its borough taxes with which its tax collector is charged such abatements and (see boroughs).

EXONERETUR, bill to provide that under certain conditions the Court may enter upon a bond an (see bond).

EXPENSE INCURRED IN ABATING NUISANCES in certain cases by Commissioner of Health of State, bill to pay for (see health).

EXPENSE OF PROPER COUNTY of all original warranty tracts, bill to provide for relocating and marking at (see warranty).

EXPENSES attending illness and death of said Edward Gulden from smallpox, bill to refund to H. J. Gulden, administrator of Estate of Edward Gulden (see Gulden).

EXPENSES incident to attendance of members of Pennsylvania Legislature at funeral of Honorable J. Calvin Meyer, deceased, bill to provide for payment of (see Meyer).

EXPENSES OF ANY CANDIDATE for salaried office in this Commonwealth at any election and preceding primary, to fix maximum amount of campaign

House Bill No. 814

Read in place in House by Mr. Hobbs, 1400.
Referred to Committee on Elections, 1400.
Reported with negative recommendation, 1779.
Motion to place bill on calendar, 1826.
Motion to place bill on calendar considered and agreed to, 2185.
First reading, 2384.
Second reading and amended, 2512.

Remarks on, by

Hobbs, 2185.

EXPENSES OF CERTAIN ELECTIONS and nominations, bill to amend act relating to (see electing).

EXPENSES OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS and County Poor Directors, bill to provide for (see county).

EXPENSES OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS, bill to amend by specifying what shall be traveling expenses, act relating to (see Commissioners).

EXPENSES OF EXECUTIVE, JUDICIAL AND LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENTS of the Commonwealth, interest on public debt and for support of public schools for the two fiscal years beginning June 1, 1911, and for payment of bills remaining unpaid at close of fiscal year ending May 31, 1911, to provide for ordinary

House Bill No. 860

Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward,
Referred to Committee on Appropriations,
Reported with amendment, 1949.
First reading, 2048.
Recommitted to Committee, 2187.
Re-reported with amendment, 2974.
Second reading, 2974-2984.
Third reading and final pasage, 3184.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3581-3585.
Signed by Speaker, 3608.

In Senate (No. 1240)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3047.
Reported without amendment, 3122.
First reading, 3179.
Second reading, 3303.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 3274.
Re-reported with amendment, 3414.
Third reading and final passage, 3418-3432.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3457.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3536.

Remarks on, by

Snyder, 3418, 3419, 3420.
Kline, 3418, 3419, 3420.
Herbst, 3419, 3420.
Hall, 3419.
Wilbert, 3419, 3420.
Tustin, 3420.

EXPENSES OF MEMBERS OF ARMORY BOARD, bill to amend act relating to Armory Board of Pennsylvania by fixing salaries and providing for payment of (see Board).

EXPENSES OF MEMORIAL DAY by requiring commissioners to make payments specified and fixing maximum amount thereof, bill to amend act authorizing appropriation to each Post of Grand Army of Republic for (see Grand Army).

EXPENSES OF THEIR SUPERVISION AND EXAMINATION, bill to amend act creating Banking Department so as to repeal exemption of Building and Loan Associations from payment of (see banking).

EXPENSES, to regulate nomination and election

Read in place in House by Mr. Schofield, 209.
Referred to Committee on Elections, 209.

EXPERIMENTS injurious to health on any human being, to prohibit

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Buckman, 299.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 299.

EXPERIMENTS UPON SENTIENT ANIMALS, bills relating to (see animals).

EXPERT WITNESSES concerning handwriting, bill relating to testimony of (see witnesses).

EXPLOSIVE MATERIALS, bill to regulate sale and manufacture of certain firecrackers and (see firecrackers).

EXPLOSIVE SUBSTANCES, bill to regulate sale of deadly weapons and (see sale).

EXPRESS COMPANY to enter into any exclusive contract for transportation, bill to provide that it shall be unlawful for any common carrier or (see common carrier).

EXPRESS COMPANIES, bill to provide revenue by taxing (see taxing).

EXTEND ITS PIPES AND SUPPLY WATER therein, bill to authorize boroughs to erect or acquire water works and to (see boroughs).

EXTEND THEIR PIPES BEYOND CITY LIMITS, bill to authorize water companies and certain commissioners of water works in cities of third class to (see cities).

EXTEND TIME FOR COLLECTION OF TAXES for which certain tax collectors have become personally liable, bill to (see taxes).

EXTENSION OF CAPITAL PARK in City of Harrisburg, bill to provide for (see Park).

EXTENSION OF TIME to make its final report, concurrent resolution (House) by Robinson, in reference to granting to committee to investigate mine fire at Carbondale an, 1472.

EXTENSION OF TIME to make its final report, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Salus, in reference to granting to committee to investigate mine fire at Carbondale an, 1454.

Resolution returned by House, 1456.
Concurred in by House, 1472.
Approved by Governor, 1547.

EXTENSION OF TIME to make its report, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Salus, in reference to granting to committee to investigate mine fire at Carbondale an, 700.

Resolution concurred in by House, 748.
Returned by House, 757.
Approved by Governor, 905.

EXTENSION OF TIME within which water and water power companies shall begin and complete their works, bill to require approval of Water Supply Commission to (see water).

EXTENSIONS OF TERRITORY, bill to amend act granting certain rights to water companies by providing for approval by Water Supply Commission of (see water).

EXTORT MONEY OR OTHER VALUABLE THING from any person, bill making it a misdemeanor to (see blackmail).

EXTORT MONEY OR OTHER VALUABLE THING, bill to punish any person for sending or uttering threatening communications with view to (see communications).

EXTORTION IN CHARGES FOR TRANSPORTATION of articles by railroad corporations or express companies or other common carriers, bill to punish (see common carriers).

EYE AND EAR HOSPITAL OF PITTSBURG, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1147

Read in place in House by Mr. Geary, 112.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 112.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2339.
Second reading, 2421.
Third reading and final passage, 2798.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3318.
Non-concurred in Senate amendments, 3318.
Returned from Senate with adherence to its amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3371.
Conference committee appointed, 3371.
Conference committee report considered and adopted, 3594.
Returned from Senate with conference committee report adopted, 3600.
Signed by Speaker, 3609.

In Senate (No. 1067)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2712.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2919.
Re-reported with amendment,
Third reading and final passage, 3095.
Returned from House with Senate amendments non-concurred in, 3280.
Conference committee appointed, 3280.
Returned from House with adherence to its non-concurrence in Senate amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3378.
Returned from House with conference committee report adopted, 3460.
Conference committee report considered and adopted, 3460.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3537.

EYE-SIGHT, bill to provide for payment of pensions or gratuities to dependents afflicted with blindness or loss of (see pensions).

FABRICS CONTAINING WOOL OR COTTON, bill to regulate sale of (see sale).

FACSIMILES OF ANCIENT DOCUMENTS, papers, seals and arms belonging to Commonwealth, making appropriation to provide for making of

House Bill No. 1109

Read in place in House by Mr. Marvin, 846.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 846.
Reported without amendment, 2241.
First reading, 2337.
Second reading, 2416.
Third reading and final passage, 2786.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.

In Senate (No. 1033)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.
Reported without amendment, 2688.
First reading, 2710.
Second reading, 2916.
Third reading and final passage, 3088.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

FACTORIES AND INDUSTRIAL ESTABLISHMENTS, bill to require fire drills in (see fire).

FACTORY INSPECTOR, John C. Delaney, nominated as Chief, 23.
Reported, 1631.
Confirmed, 1635.

FACTORY INSPECTOR quadriennially, to amend act regulating employment of labor by providing for election of a Chief

Read in place in House by Mr. Maurer, 252.
Referred to Committee on Manufactures, 252.

FACTORY INSPECTORS, to fix compensation of deputy

Senate Bill No. 315

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 701.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 701.
Reported without amendment, 704.
First reading, 773.
Second reading, 803.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 910.

FACTORY INSPECTORS—Continued.

Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 948.
Resumed and passed finally, 1070.
Returned from House without amendment, 3112.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3276.

In House (No. 680)

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 1097.
Reported without amendment, 1469.
First reading, 1501.
Second reading, 2101.
Third reading and postponed for present, 3213.
Resumed and passed finally, 3220.
Signed by Speaker, 3495.

Remarks on, by

Rockwell, 3220.
Allen, 3220.
Ward, Wm., Jr., 3220, 3221.
Cox, E. R., 3221.

FAHEY, EDWARD H., Representative from Eighth District, Philadelphia County,

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Amending act authorizing chattel mortgages on certain iron and steel products by authorizing chattel morgages of not less than $100 on all kinds of machinery and on all other personal property, 1357.
Amending act relating to licensed wholesale liquor sellers and dealers by providing that such dealers shall pay for use of Commonwealth increased annual license fee, 1458.
Amend act relating to motor vehicles by providing for examination of chaffeurs and increasing license fee, 884.
Authorizing any city bordering on navigable tidal stream to acquire by purchase real estate along such streams for construction of wharves, docks, ferry slips, piers and bulkheads, 1458.
Limiting orders for payment of alimony in divorce, desertion and non-support proceedings, 189.
Making appropriation for American Hospital for Diseases of the Stomach, Philadelphia, 415.
Making appropriation for Philadelphia Institution for the Insane, 253.
Making appropriation to Catholic Home for Destitute Children, Philadelphia, 189.
Making appropriation to Catholic Home for Destitute Children, Philadelphia, 324.
Making appropriation to Home for the Aged at 1809 Mount Vernon Street, Philadelphia, 315.
Making appropriation to Hospital Department of Hahnemann Medical College, 315.
Making appropriation to House of Good Shepherd of Philadelphia, 189.
Making appropriation to Lying-in Charity Hospital, Philadelphia, 415.
Making appropriation to Medico-Chirurgical College of Philadelphia, 189.
Making appropriation to Medico-Chirurgical Hospital of Philadelphia, 189.
Making appropriation to Philadelphia Orthopaedic Hospital and Infirmary for Nervous Diseases, 142.
Making appropriation to Philadelphia Protectory for Boys in Montgomery County, 189.
Making appropriation to Saint John's Orphan Asylum, Philadelphia, 189.
Making appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home, Philadelphia, 189.
Making appropriation to Wills Eye Hospital of Philadelphia, 189.
Making it a misdemeanor for persons to enter into agreement to the control price of or to prevent or curtail the production, manufacture or sale of any article or commodity, 112.
Making it felony to draw checks or drafts in excess of bank balance of drawer, 959.
Providing for examination, licensure and registration of those engaged in plumbing in cities of first class, 416.
Providing for passengers control of berths in sleeping cars, 1115.
Providing for protection of public health by regulating sale of cold storage food, 142.
Regulating practice of chiropody, 304.
Regulating reasonable rates for transportation of articles by common carriers, 527.
Regulating the manufacture and sale of "Patent" and "Proprietary" medicines, 111.

FAHEY, EDWARD H.—Continued.

Relating to outdoor advertising and collection of license tax for same townships of first class, boroughs and cities, 110.
Relating to oysters and clams, 252.
To enforce against railroad corporations provisions of section 5 of article 17 of the Constitution, 1458.
To prohibit use of alum and alum compounds in filtration of water, 527.
To provide for incorporation of motor omnibus companies for purpose of carrying passengers for hire within cities, 1458.
To provide for marking or labeling of food containers manufactured or sold for use in Pennsylvania, 884.
To regulate betterment of protection to human life in all theaters, moving picture shows, nickleodeons and halls, 1115.
To regulate licensing of all dramatic, theatrical or operatic performances and exhibitions of various kinds for amusement of public, 1329.
To regulate right of way, bridges and grade crossings of railroad companies, 1457.
To regulate use of billiard and pool tables and rooms, shooting galleries, shuffle boards and bowling alleys and to provide for licensing of same, 1329.

Bills reported by

No. 501 (Senate Bill No. 173)
Amending act authorizing boroughs to require paving of streets so as to change requirements of petition, 1048.
No. 647 (Senate Bill No. 750)
Repealing act to prevent prize fights and boxing matches in certain counties, 1398.
No. 657
Providing for passenger's control of berths in sleeping cars, 1457.
No. 1051 (Senate Bill No. 978)
Making an appropriation to the Medico-Chirurgical Hospital of Philadelphia, 2239.
No. 1052 (Senate Bill No. 979)
Making an appropriation for the House of the Good Shepherd of Philadelphia, situate at Thirty-fifth and Fairmount Avenue, 2239.
No. 1053 (Senate Bill No. 980)
Making an appropriation to the Woman's Hospital of Philadelphia, 2239.
No. 1054 (Senate Bill No. 981)
Making an appropriation to the Hebrew Sheltering Home and Day Nursery for Children in the County of Philadelphia.
No. 1055 (Senate Bill No. 982)
Supplementary to an act, entitled "An Act for the compilation and publication of the laws of the Province and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania prior to the year one thousand eight hundred," approved the nineteenth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, continuing the commissioners appointed in accordance with the provisions of said act for the further period of two years, and making an appropriation for the expenses therein referred to, 2239.
No. 1056 (Senate Bill No. 983)
Making an appropriation to the Western Temporary Home of Philadelphia, 2239.
No. 1057 (Senate Bill No. 984)
Making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Incurables, Philadelphia, 2239.
No. 1058 (Senate Bill No. 985)
Making an appropriation to the Midnight Mission, of Philadelphia 2239.
No. 1059 (Senate Bill No. 986)
Making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Orthopaedic Hospital and Infirmary for Nervous Diseases, 2240.
No. 1060 (Senate Bill No. 987)
Making an appropriation to the Wills Eye Hospital of Philadelphia, 2240.
No. 1061 (Senate Bill No. 988)
Making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Protectory for Boys, Protectory Station, Montgomery County, 2240.
No. 1062 (Senate Bill No. 1227)
Making an appropriation to the Catholic Home for Destitute Children, Philadelphia, 2240.
No. 1063 (Senate Bill No. 989)
Making an appropriation to Saint John's Orphan Asylum, Philadelphia, 2240.

FAHEY, EDWARD H.—Continued.

No. 1064 (Senate Bill No. 1225)
Making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home, Philadelphia, 2240.

No. 1065 (Senate Bill No. 990)
Making an appropriation to the Hospital Department of the Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital of Philadelphia, 2240.

No. 1066 (Senate Bill No. 991)
Making an appropriation to the Lying-in Charity Hospital, Philadelphia, 2240.

No. 1067 (Senate Bill No. 992)
Making an appropriation to the Home for the Aged, one thousand eight hundred and nine (1809), Mount Vernon Street, Philadelphia, 2240.

Election of, 44.

Motions by, to

Postpone for present House Bill No. 261, to regulate reasonable rates or transportation of articles by railroad or express companies, 1491.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 333, to regulate practice of chiropody an dlicense chiropodists, 1489.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 434, fixing salary of coroner of any county having population of one million or over, 1372.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 450, making it a felony to draw checks or drafts in excess of bank balance of drawer, 1683.

Reconsider vote on final passage on House Bill No. 378, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania allowing municipalities to increase their indebtedness, 1402.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 333, to regulate practice of chiropody and to license chiropodists, 1221, 1222.

House Bill No. 831, to regulate and improve civil service of Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, 1826, 2186.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

FAIR ASSOCIATIONS from liability for taxation, to exempt property of County and State

Read in place in House by Mr. Hilton, 253.

Referred to Commitee on Ways and Means, 253.

FAIR GROUNDS, to provide for holding an annual State fair and make certain restrictions to be observed at or near the

House Bill No. 185

Read in place in House by Mr. Edward E. Jones, 391.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 391.

Reported without amendment, 436.

First reading, 586.

Second reading, 596.

Third reading and recommitted to Committee on Appropriations for approval, 647.

FALLS TOWNSHIP, BUCKS COUNTY, bill making appropriation for completion of dike for protection of property adjacent to Delaware River in (see dikes).

FALSE BILLING and other false representations and devices by shippers and others, bill to prohibit (see common carriers).

FALSE OR DEROGATORY STATEMENTS concerning business or character of any person, bill making it a misdemeanor for any person to make or circulate (see statements).

FALSE STATEMENT concerning affairs of any corporation, bill to prevent any person from knowingly making or publishing (see statement).

FATHER OR MOTHER, bill to provide punishment for desertion or non-support of children by either (see desertion).

FATHER OR MOTHER to desert wife or children leaving them without reasonable means of support, bill to make it a felony for husband, (see desert).

FATHERS, supplement to act for relief of deserted children providing for punishment of (see deserted).

FAY, JOSEPH B., Representative from Twenty-Second District, Philadelphia County,

Amendment offered by, to

House Bill No. 317, to provide for licensing in cities of first class of all dramatic performances, 1284.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

FAY, JOSEPH B.—Continued.

Bills introduced by

Making appropriation to Northwestern General Hospital, of Philadelphia, 141.

Providing for licensing in cities of first class of dramatic performances and exhibitions of all kinds, 304.

Providing for licensing in cities of first class of places used for dramatic performances and exhibitions of various kinds, 253.

Regulating use of billiard, pool and bagatelle tables in cities of first class, 253.

Bills reported by

No. 262
Giving right to Department of Public Safety in cities of first class to regulate traffic, 688.

No. 263 (Senate Bill No. 34)
To regulate amusement and places of public amusement, 688.

No. 264
To repeal act taxing all of property of corporations having capital stock and exempting savings institutions having no capital stock, 688.

No. 318
Authorizing tender of payment of judgment for damages in all classes of trespass claims, 734.

No. 405 (Senate Bill No. 757)
To regulate temperature of milk and cream intended to be shipped, 884.

No. 499
Relating to collection of debts due by school districts of fourth class, 1048.

No. 516
To regulate advertisements and solicitations from employes during strikes, lockouts or other labor disputes, 1115.

No. 563 (Senate Bill No. 689)
Repealing section 6 of act relating to levying of school tax in borough of Clearfield which section relates to reduction of expenses of collecting taxes in Venango and Clarion Counties, 1213.

No. 564
Amending act for government of cities of second class by defining subjects of taxation and providing for certain exemptions, 1213.

No. 632 (Senate Bill No. 761)
Regulating lending of money upon personal property, salaries or wages, 1341.

No. 700 (Senate Bill No. 1182)
Authorizing Peter F. Riegle of Spring Township, Snyder County, to bring suit against Commonwealth for damage done to his property in fighting forest fires, 1499.

No. 1259 (Senate Bill No. 641)
Providing for incorporation of motor omnibus companies carrying passengers for hire within cities, 2324.

Election of, 44.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by, in

Reference to committee to investigate business methods of life and accident insurance companies, 486.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

FEBRUARY shall no longer be a public holiday, bill to amend act so that the third Tuesday of (see holiday).

FEDERAL GRANT to elementary and secondary education, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Tustin, in reference to, 542.

Resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 542.

Reported without amendment, 831.

Considered and agreed to, 843.

FEE FOR SERVICE OF JURORS summoned by sheriff of certain counties, bill to fix (see sheriff).

FEE OF COURT CRIERS AND TIPSTAVES in judicial districts with between 90,000 and 150,000 inhabitants so that annual salary of tipstaves shall be increased, to amend act regulating

Read in place in House by Mr. Holland, 253.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 253.

FEE OF JUSTICES OF PEACE for issuing non-resident hunters licenses, bill to amend act relating to licenses for non-resident hunters and unnaturalized, foreign-born, resident hunters, by fixing (see hunters).

FEEBLE-MINDED AND EPILEPTIC, joint resolution constituting commission to investigate and report on care of

House Bill No. 770

Read in place in House by Mr. Roney, 1282.
Referred to Committtee on Appropriations, 1282.
Reported without amendment, 1747.
First reading, 1830.
Second reading, 2128.
Third reading and final passage, 2597.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3232.
Signed by Speaker, 3480.

Remarks on, by
Roney, 2597.

In Senate (No. 837)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2555.
Reported without amendment, 2682.
First reading, 2701.
Second reading, 2887.
Third reading and final passage, 3052.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

FEEBLE-MINDED AND EPILEPTIC, report of Commission to erect Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for
Presented to Senate, 3382.
In Appendix, 3977.

FEEBLE-MINDED AND IDIOTIC PERSONS of said city, bill making appropriation of $250,000 to City of Philadelphia to erect buildings for care of (see Philadelphia).

FEEBLE-MINDED PERSONS by process of sterilization under certain circumstances, bill to prevent procreation of (see procreation).

FEEBLE-MINDED, bill to provide for human care and treatment of (see insane).

FEEDING-STUFFS providing penalty for imitating same when manufacturer in compliance with said act shall have revealed composition of such feeding-stuffs, supplement to act relating to sale of concentrated

House Bill No. 703

Read in place in House by Mr. Caldwell, 1328.
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 1329.
Reported without amendment, 1500.
First reading, 1619.
Second reading, 2105.
Third reading and final passage, 2941.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 2901.

FEENEY, WILLIAM, Representative from Washington County,

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 522, fixing compensation of five clerks in Department of Mines, 1368.
House concurrent resolution No. 8 regarding investigation of conditions in Westmoreland County coal fields, 819, 823.

Appointment of, on

Standing Committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Fixing compensation of five clerks in Department of Mines, 898.
Providing for health, protection and safety of employes of interurban, suburban and street railways, 171.
Relating to suburban, interurban and street railway cars, requiring proper appliances, 157.
To prohibit the letting of prison labor by contract, 636.
To protect miners from dangers resulting from incompetent miners working in bituminous coal mines and to provide for examination of these seeking employment as miners, 1083.

Bills reported by

No. 782

Preventing mine foremen or mine superintendents from distributing money for any candidate for public office, 1757.

No. 783

To provide for health and safety of persons employed in and about anthracite coal mines, 1757.

Election of, 45.

Leave of absence asked for, 62, 98, 417.

Motions by, to

Drop from calendar House Bill No. 818, prohibiting letting of prison labor by contract, and regulating employment of prisoners, 2352.
Postpone for present House Bill No. 646, regulating sale of milk and cream, 2290.
Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 918, making appropriation to American Art Society of Philadelphia, 2839.

FEENEY, WILLIAM—Continued.

Oath of office administered to, 121.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Washington County against commission form of government, 565.
Citizens of Washington County for Maurer Initiative and Referendum Bill, 565.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 313, providing for health and safety of persons employed in and about bituminous coal mines, 2224, 3521, 3522, 3523.
House Bill No. 381, providing for appointment in certain counties of special detective officers and assistant special detective officers, 1354.
House Bill No. 422, fixing compensation of chief clerk and five clerks in Department of Mines, 1628.
House Bill No. 636, providing for examination of persons seeking employment as miners in bituminous coal mines, 2059.
House Bill No. 684, regulating sale of food when sold by weight, measure or count, 3333, 3334.
House Bill No. 754, fixing salary or storekeeper in office of Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings, 3028, 3029.
House concurrent resolution No. 8, regarding investigation of conditions in Westmoreland County, 819, 822, 823.

FEE, bill to amend act relating to wholesale liquor sellers and dealers by regulating license (see liquor).

FEES AND COMPENSATION OF SHERIFFS for services in connection with prisoners, insane persons or habitual drunkards, bill to fix (see sheriffs).

FEES AND OFFICIAL BOND of register of wills in certain counties by removing restriction as to population of counties affected by act, bill to amend act relating to (see counties).

FEES BETWEEN MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS and certain companies so as to apply to street railway companies, supplement to act regarding reasonableness of amount of license

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 832.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 832.

FEES, bill to permit county treasurers not paid by salary to retain one-half of one per centum from moneys received from liquor license (see county treasurers).

FEES, bill to provide that coroners in counties with between 75,000 and 150,000 inhabitants shall be paid a salary which shall be in lieu of all (see coroners).

FEES COLLECTED BY COUNTY OFFICERS shall be paid into State or county treasury, bill to provide that (see counties).

FEES FOR ANY SUCH INSPECTION, bill to authorize counties to appoint inspectors of distillates of pertoluem and prescribing maximum (see petroleum).

FEES FOR BIRTH AND DEATH CERTIFICATES, bill to amend act providing for immediate registration of old birth and deaths and burial or removal permits by changing (see certificates).

FEES FOR GARNISHEE'S ATTORNEYS in attachment or attachment execution issued by a magistrate, bill to provide for counsel (see attachment).

FEES FOR LICENSES, bill to amend act relating to oleomargarine by fixing (see oleomargarine).

FEES FOR RECORDING BONDS in condemnation proceedings, bill fixing (see bonds).

FEES FOR REGISTRATION OF MOTOR VEHICLES, bill to amend act relating to motor vehicles so as to change (see motor vehicles).

FEES FOR REGISTRATION OF MOTOR VEHICLES, bill to provide for disposition of funds received by State Highway Department from (see highway).

FEES OF CONSTABLES, bills relating to (see constables).

FEES OF COURT CRIERS AND TIPSTAVES in judicial districts having between 150,000 and 300,000 inhabitants, to regulate

Read in place in House by Mr. Schofield, 1399.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1399.

FEES OF COURT CRIERS AND TIPSTAVES in judicial districts having between 250,000 and 1,000,000 inhabitants, to regulate

House Bill No. 9.

Read in place in House by Mr. Shadrach, 104.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 104.
Reported without amendment, 109.
First reading, 116.

FEES OF COURT CRIERS AND TIPSTAVES—Continued.
Second reading, 127.
Third reading and final passage, 136.
Returned from Senate with amendment and amendment concurred in, 527.
Signed by Speaker, 537.
Concurrent resolution recalling bill from Governor, 718.
Resolution returned by Senate concurred in, 737.
Resolution approved by Governor, 780.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill amended, 781.
Final passage, 810.
Returned to Senate with amendment concurred in, 828.
Signed by Speaker, 879.
Approved by Governor, 1085.
In Senate (No. 33)
Refered to Committee on Judiciary General, 132.
Reported without amendment, 183.
First reading, 227.
Second reading, 246.
Third reading and amended, 270.
Postponed on final passage, 291.
Resumed on final passage and postponed for present, 344.
Resumed and passed finally, 459.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 490.
Signed by President, 491.
Resolution recalling bill from Governor concurred in, 710.
Senate concurs in House amendments, 807.
Signed by President, 838.

FEES OF COURT CRIERS in judicial districts containing between 50,000 and 90,000 inhabitants, to regulate
House Bill No. 332
Read in place in House by Mr. Freeman, 473.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 473.
Reported without amendment, 734.
First reading, 782.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 892.

FEES OF JURORS AND WITNESSES, bill to repeal act for increase of certain fees in Dauphin County so far as it relates to (see Dauphin).

FEES OF PROTHONOTARIES, bill relating to (see prothonotaries).

FEES of said prothonotary or clerk, to amend act relating to depositing money with prothonotary or clerk of the several courts in lieu of surety or sureties on bonds by making certain provisions in reference to
House Bill No. 60
Read in place in House by Mr. Wallace, 122.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 122.
Reported without amendment, 188.
First reading, 206.
Second reading, 316.
Third reading and postponed for present, 335.
Resumed and passed finally, 429.
Returned from Senate without amendment,
Signed by Speaker, 2587.
In Senate (No. 634)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 458.
Reported without amendment, 1854.
First reading, 2012.
Second reading, 2178.
Third reading and final passage, 2207.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2523.

FEES OF SHERIFF IN DAUPHIN COUNTY, bill to repeal part of act relating to (see Dauphin).

FEES OF SHERIFFS, bill relating to (see sheriffs).

FEES OF TIPSTAVES in certain Judicial districts by further regulating salary of tipstaves, to amend act relating to
House Bill No. 323
Read in place in House by Mr. Shoemaker, 591.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 591.
Reported without amendment, 734.
First reading, 781.
Second reading and amended, 890.
Third reading and final passage, 1285.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1958.
Signed by Speaker, 2049.
Approved by Governor, 2558.

FEES OF TIPSTAVES—Continued.
In Senate (No. 573)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1255.
Reported with amendment, 1632.
First reading, 1744.
Second reading, 1818.
Third reading and final passage, 1902.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2006.

FEES PAID INTO STATE TREASURY by applicants for notary public commission when such commission is not received by applicant, bill to provide for refunding of (see notary public).

FEES TO BE CHARGED BY JUSTICES OF THE PEACE, aldermen and magistrates, to repeal all acts inconsistent with act regulating
House Bill No. 835
Read in place in House by Mr. Bartman, 324.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 324.
Reported with negative recommendation, 1947.

FEES TO BE CHARGED BY JUSTICES OF THE PEACE, aldermen and magistrates, to repeal all acts inconsistent with act relating to
Senate Bill No. 93
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Heacock, 151.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 151.
Reported without amendment, 241.
First reading, 275.
Second reading, 296.
Third reading and amended, 347.
Final passage, 376.
Returned by House without amendment, 663.
Signed by President, 699.
Approved by Governor, 905.
In House (No. 187)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 399.
Reported without amendment, 436.
First reading, 586.
Second reading, 597.
Third reading and final passage, 647.
Signed by Speaker,

FEES TO BE CHARGED BY PROTHONOTARIES, clerks of courts of quarter sessions and oyer and terminer and of orphans' courts, recorder of deeds and register of wills of the several counties, to regulate
House Bill No. 850
Read in place in House by Mr. E. E. Jones, 809.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 809.
Reported without amendment, 1947.
First reading, 2047.
Second reading, 2354.

FEES TO BE PAID FOR INSPECTION OF STEAM BOILERS and their appurtenances in cities of third class, bill to regulate (see cities).

FEES TO BE PAID FOR INSPECTION OF STEAM BOILERS and their appurtenances in townships, bill to regulate (see townships).

FELONIES AND MISDEMEANORS may be brought, bill to amend act relating to penal proceedings by extending to four years time within which indictments for certain (see indictments).

FELONY TO DIRECT IMPOSITION OF COSTS, to permit juries in cases of
Senate Bill No. 742
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Jones, 1854.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1854.
Reported without amendment, 2265.
First reading, 2470.
Second reading, 2550.
Third reading and final passage, 2617.
In House
Referred to Committee on Judicary General, 2843.

FEMALE CHILDREN, bill to amend act to amend penal laws of this Commonwealth defining rape and carnal knowledge of (see rape).

FEMALE MINORS under age of eighteen years, bill to amend act relating to minors in certain employments by reducing maximum hours of employment for (see minors).

FEMALES OF ANY AGE to number of five in any capacity of the several departments of the Commonwealth, to limit the employment of
Read in place in House by Mr. Schultz, 473.
Referred to Committee on Federal Relations, 473.

FENCE maliciously erected to annoy the owner or occupants of adjoining property shall be deemed a private nuisance, to provide that any
House Bill No. 225
Read in place in House by Hormell, 472.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 472.
Reported without amendment, 589.
First reading, 639.
Second reading, 742.
Third reading and final passage, 820.
In Senate
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 837.

FENCES BETWEEN LANDS OF COMMONWEALTH and improved lands of private persons, to require Commonwealth to build and maintain one-half of line
House Bill No. 10
Read in place in House by Mr. Rockwell, 96.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 96.
Reported without amendment, 109.
First reading, 116.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 137.
Re-reported with amendment, 199.
Third reading and final passage, 214.
In Senate (No. 220)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 228.
Reported without amendment, 540.
First reading, 633.
Second reading, 673.
Recommitted to Committee on Appropriations, 703.

FERGUSON, THOMAS J., Representative from Cumberland County,
Amendment offered by, to
House Bill No. 433, amending act fixing salaries and providing for expenses of county commissioners, 1679.
Appointments of, on
Conference committee, 2717.
Special committee, 50.
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.
Bills introduced by
Amending act relating to appointment of policemen in boroughs by regulating control of policemen when on duty, 1399.
Defining and prohibiting pandering, 209.
Extending powers of certain judges to releasing prisoners on parole, 472.
Repealing act and parts of act relating to compensation of assessors and assistant assessors in Cumberland County, 776.
Supplement to act authorizing release on probation of certain convicts, 123.
Bills Reported by
No. 1043 (Senate Bill No. 972)
Making an appropriation to the State Forest Academy, at Mont Alto, Franklin County, 2239.
No. 1044 (Senate Bill No. 973)
Making an appropriation to the Todd Hospital, at Carlisle, 2239.
No. 1045 (Senate Bill No. 974)
Making an appropriation to the board of trustees of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' and Sailors' Home at Erie, 2239.
No. 1046 (Senate Bill No. 975)
Providing for refunding of fees paid into State Treasury by applicants for a notary public commission, when for any cause such commission shall not be received by the applicant, and making an appropriation therefor, 2239.
Election of, 43.
Leave of absence asked for, 1329, 1825.
Motion by, to
Adjourn, 1097.
Petitions presented by, from
Citizens of Cumberland County against Kline license bill, 2556.
Citizens of Cumberland County against Sunday baseball bill, 1397.
Citizens of Cumberland County for reading of Bible in public schools, 1397.

FERGUSON, THOMAS J.—Continued.
Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 112, to further regulate granting of licenses for sale of liquors, 483, 484.
House Bill No. 216, amending act creating Department of State Police as regards salaries, 934.
House Bill No. 693, regulating reading of Holy Bible in public schools, 2495, 2496.
Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

FERRETS, to regulate owning, possession and use of
Read in place in House by Mr. Lindsay, 391.
Referred to Committee on Game, 391.

FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA, Trustee under will of Richard Smith, deceased, for money erroneously paid for taxes, to reimburse
Senate Bill No. 753
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 455.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 455.
Reported without amendment, 2439.
First reading, 2551.
Second reading, 2669.
Third reading and final passage, 2889.
Returned from House without amendment, 3050.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3277.
In House (No. 1363)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2948.
Reported without amendment, 3006.
First reading, 3007.
Second reading, 3016.
Third reading and final passage, 3204.
Signed by Speaker, 3493.

FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA, Trustee under will of Richard Smith, deceased, for certain taxes erroneously paid, to reimburse
Read in place in House by Mr. Hecht, 526.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 526.

FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA, Trustee under will of Sarah A. Smith, deceased, for taxes erroneously paid, to reimburse
Read in place in House by Mr. Hecht, 809.
Refered to Committee on Appropriations, 809.

FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA, Trustee under will of Sarah A. Smith, deceased, for taxes erroneously paid, to reimburse
Senate Bill No. 754
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 788.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 788.
Reported without amendment, 2439.
First reading, 2551.
Second reading, 2670.
Third reading and final passage, 2889.
Returned from House without amendment, 3050.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3277.
In House (No. 1362)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2948.
Reported without amendment, 3006.
First reading, 3007.
Second reading, 3015, 3016.
Third reading and final passage, 3204.
Signed by Speaker, 3493.

FIDUCIARY CAPACITY from becoming security, bill to forbid domestic and foreign corporations authorized to act in a (see corporations).

FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY OF BATTLE OF GETTYSBURG Commission, making appropriation to
Senate Bill No. 248
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 454.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 454.
Reported without amendment, 607.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 684.
Re-reported without amendment, 2216.
Second reading, 2279.
Third reading and final passage, 2453.
Returned from House without amendment, 3048.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3276.

FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY OF BATTLE OF GETTYSBURG —Continued.

In House (No. 1311)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2571.
Reported without amendment, 2841.
First reading, 2997.
Second reading, 3013.
Third reading and final passage, 3190.
Signed by Speaker, 3495.

FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY OF EMANCIPATION PROCLAMATION, bill to provide for celebration in Philadelphia to commemorate (see emancipation).

FIFTY-FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICTS, respectively, bill to amend act to designate the several judicial districts by designating what counties shall compose Twenty-fifth and (see districts).

FILE BILL OF PARTICULARS upon rule taken by plaintiff, bill to regulate pleadings in civil cases by requiring defendant to (see pleadings).

FILING PRE-EMPTING OF PARTY NAMES, bill to amend act regulating nomination and election of public officers by limiting under certain circumstances time for (see election).

FILTRATION OF WATER, bill to prohibit use of alum and alum compounds, in (see alum).

FINANCE COMMITTEE OF ORGANIZING COMMISSION of Twelfth International Congress of Navigation, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1264
Read in place in House by Mr. Reyburn, 1116.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1116.
Reported with amendment, 2347.
First reading, 2385.
Second reading, 2837.
Third reading and final passage, 2990.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3530.
Signed by Speaker, 3589.

In Senate (No. 1221)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3044.
Reported without amendment, 3121.
First reading, 3178.
Second reading, 3301.
Third reading and final passage, 3390.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3539.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS pertaining to affairs of counties, cities, boroughs, school districts or townships, bill to make certain requirements in regard to publication of (see publication).

FINDINGS OF COMMISSION IN LUNACY under certain conditions, in regard to transactions in real estate, bill relating to retrospective (see lunacy).

FIREARMS and providing for record of sale of all firearms, relating to sale of

Senate Bill No. 106
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 788.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 788.
Reported without amendment, 995.
First reading, 1079.
Second reading, 1108.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 1176.

FIREARMS, bill to prohibit minors under age of 16 years from carrying or making use of (see minors).

FIRE, bill to declare liability of railroad companies for loss or damage by (see railroad).

FIRE BOSSES and others in making examinations more than eight hours in twenty-four, bill to prohibit employment in coal mines of (see mines).

FIRECRACKERS, bill to regulate use of (see fireworks).

FIRECRACKERS, fireworks and blank cartridges, to regulate use of
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 403.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 403.

FIRECRACKERS, to regulate sale and manufacture of certain

Senate Bill No. 307
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 403.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 403.
Reported without amendment, 699.
First reading, 773.
Second reading, 800, 801.
Third reading and final passage, 835.

In House
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 885.

FIRECRACKERS, to restrain and regulate manufacture and sale of certain

House Bill No. 389
Read in place in House by Mr. Townsend, 360.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 360.
Reported without amendment, 883.
First reading, 923.
Second reading and amended, 1361.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1496.
Resumed and amended, 1625.
Final passage, 1783.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2718.
Signed by Speaker, 2844.

Remarks on, by
Johnston, J. C., 1783.

In Senate (No. 692)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1801.
Reported without amendment, 2202.
First reading, 2286.
Second reading, 2464.
Third reading and final passage, 2531.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2653.

FIRE DRILLS IN FACTORIES and industrial establishments, to require

House Bill No. 566
Read in place in House by Mr. Haggerty, 638.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 638.
Reported without amendment, 1237.
First reading, 1409.
Second reading, 1524.
Third reading and final passage, 1939.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 2945.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 2945.
Signed by Speaker, 3182.

In Senate (No. 739)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1901.
Reported without amendment, 2265.
First reading, 2470.
Second reading and amended, 2549.
Over in its order, 2616
Third reading and final passage, 2893.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3047.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3115.

FIRE DRILLS IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS, to require

House Bill No. 324
Read in place in House by Mr. Haggerty, 638.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 638.
Reported without amendment, 734.
First reading, 781.
Second reading, 890.
Third reading and final passage, 1286.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1959.
Signed by Speaker, 2050.
Approved by Governor, 2558.

In Senate (No. 586)
Referred to Committee on Education, 1255.
Reported without amendment, 1656.
First reading, 1745.
Second reading, 1819.
Third reading and final passage, 1904.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2006.

FIRE ENGINES AND MOTOR FIRE APPARATUS, bill to amend act relating to motor vehicles by exempting motor (see motor vehicles).

FIRE ESCAPES, bill to provide that in cities of first class certain buildings shall be equipped with chain or wire cable (see cities).

FIRE ESCAPES, fire extinguishers and other preventives of fire, bill to provide for safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings in cities of third class, in boroughs and in townships by providing (see buildings).

FIRE HYDRANTS, bill to authorize commissioners of townships of first class to make certain contracts with water companies for (see townships).

FIRE IN CERTAIN BUILDINGS in cities of first class, bill to exempt certain buildings from provisions of certain act pertaining to safety of persons from (see buildings).

FIRE IN CERTAIN BUILDINGS not in cities of first and second class by limiting application of act to buildings occupied by ten or more persons, bill to amend act relating to safety of persons from (see buildings).

FIRE IN CERTAIN BUILDINGS not in cities of first and second class by regulating number and width of aisles, to amend act relating to safety from (see aisles).

FIRE IN CITY OF CARBONDALE, bill making appropriation to Department of Mines to protect property and promote safety of citizens from danger from mine (see mine).

FIRE INSURANCE, bills relating to (see insurance).

FIRE MARSHAL and providing for his compensation and maintenance of his office, to establish office of State

Senate Bill No. 334
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 756.
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 756.
Reported without amendment, 765.
Recommitted to Committee, 807.
Re-reported with amendment, 903.
First reading, 956.
Second reading, 1003.
Third reading and final passage, 1072.
Returned from House with amendments, 2654.
Concurred in House amendments, 2654.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2902.

In House (No. 858)
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 1097.
Reported without amendment, 1949.
First reading, 2048.
Second reading, 2360.
Third reading and final passage, 2845.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 2931.
Signed by Speaker, 2942.

Remarks on, by
Rockwell, 2845, 2846.
Scott, John R. K., 2845, 2846.
Dearden, 2846.
Moses, 2846.

FIRE MARSHAL to be attached to Department of Public Safety in cities of first class, bill to create office of (see cities).

FIRE MARSHAL, to create office of State
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Gerberich, 150.
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 150.

FIRE MARSHAL, to create office of State

Senate Bill No. 131
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 183.
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 184.
Reported without amendment, 282.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 359.

FIRE MARSHAL, memorials presented favoring creating office of State
From Philadelphia Board of Trade, in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 2151.

FIREMEN FOR INJURIES SUSTAINED in protecting property from fire, to authorize payment by boroughs and townships of compensation to
Read in place in House by Mr. Jackson, 473.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 473.

FIRE OR PANIC IN CERTAIN BUILDINGS in boroughs, bill to provide for safety of persons from (see boroughs).

FIRE OR PANIC IN CERTAIN BUILDINGS in cities of third class, bill to provide for safety of persons from (see cities).

FIRE OR PANIC IN CERTAIN BUILDINGS in townships, bill to provide for safety of persons from (see townships).

FIRE WARDENS and those assisting in extinguishing of forest fires, bill making appropriation for payment of services and expenses of (see forest).

FIREWORKS and to regulate sale of same, to protect children from injuries from
Read in place in House by Mr. Grove, 637.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 637.

FIREWORKS, see also firecrackers

FIREWORKS, to regulate use of

House Bill No. 388
Read in place in House by Mr. Townsend, 360.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 360.
Reported without amendment, 883.
First reading, 923.
Second reading, and amended, 1361.
Third reading and final passage, 1493.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2311.
Signed by Speaker, 2587.

In Senate (No. 664)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1550.
Reported without amendment, 1963.
First reading, 2182.
Second reading, 2212.
Third reading and final passage, 2271.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2522.

FIRES, bill making appropriation for deficiency that has arisen in payment of expenses incurred in prevention and extinguishment of forest (see forest).

FIRST ALLEGHENY DAY NURSERY and Temporary Home for Children, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 649
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Hunter, 1892.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1892.
Reported without amendment, 1900.
First reading, 2013.
Second reading, 2180.
Third reading and final passage, 2209.
Returned from House without amendment, 3047.
Signed by President pro temopre, 3277.

In House (No. 1298)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2247.
Reported without amendment, 2840.
First reading, 2997.
Second reading, 3011.
Third reading and final passage, 3185, 3186.
Signed by Speaker, 3494.

FIRST ASSISTANT CITY SOLICITOR in cities of first class, bill to create office of (see cities).

FISCAL OFFICERS, bill to regulate appeals from tax and other public accounts, settlements of (see appeals).

FISH and catching of fish in Delaware River below Trenton Falls, to amend act relating to propagation of

House Bill No. 273
Read in place in House by Mr. Leh, 567.
Referred to Committee on Fisheries, 567.
Reported without amendment, 714.
First reading, 750.
Second reading, 871.
Third reading and final passage, 1167.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1693.
Signed by Speaker, 1761.
Concurrent resolution recalling bill from Governor, 1923.
Resolution returned from Senate concurred in, 1933.
Resolution approved by Governor, 2024.
Vote on final passage, and on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 2024.
Final passage, 2194.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 2220.
Signed by Speaker, 2587.

In Senate (No. 499)
Referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 1175.
Reported without amendment, 1418.
First reading, 1450.
Second reading, 1602.
Third reading and final passage, 1665.
Signed by President pro tempore,
Resolution recalling bill from Governor concurred in, 1856.
Returned from House with amendments, 2183.
Concurred in House amendments, 2183.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2522.

FISH and catching of fish in Delaware River below Trenton Falls, to amend section nine of act to encourage propagation of

House Bill No. 492
Read in place in House by Mr. Gilkeson, 959.
Referred to Committee on Fisheries, 959.
Reported without amendment, 1048.

FISH—Continued.
First reading, 1093.
Second reading and amended, 1485, 1486.
Third reading and final passage, 1774.
Returned from Senate with amendment, 2314.
Concurred in Senate amendment, 2314.
Signed by Speaker, 2588.
In Senate (No. 629)
Referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 1801.
Reported with amendment, 1854.
First reading, 2012.
Second reading, 2176.
Third reading and final passage, 2205, 2206.
Returned from House with Senate amendment concurred in, 2441.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2522.

FISH AND FORESTRY LAWS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH, bill making appropriation to pay for preparation of Game (see laws).

FISH AND GAME LAWS, petition protesting against any change in present (see petitions).

FISH AND GAME LAWS, petitions presented for revision of (see petitions).

FISH and taking of fish in Delaware River below Trenton Falls, to amend section nine of act relating to propagation of
House Bill No. 372
Read in place in House by Mr. Gilkeson, 846.
Referred to Committee on Fisheries, 846.
Reported without amendment, 880.
First reading, 901.
Second reading, 1057.
Third reading and final passage, 1351.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1934.
Signed by Speaker,
Approved by Governor, 2557.
In Senate (No. 561)
Referred to Comitttee on Game and Fisheries, 1421.
Reported without amendment, 1632.
First reading, 1744.
Second reading, 1816.
Third reading and final passage, 1896.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1918.

FISH AND VALUE OF SAME taken in waters of State during 1908, 1909 and 1910, resolution (House) by Allman, in reference to requesting statement from Department of Fisheries of number of pounds of, 638.
Resolution read and agreed to, 690.
Report of Commissioner of Fisheries presented to House, 2556.

FISH HATCHERY AT PLEASANT MOUNT, WAYNE COUNTY, making appropriation for improvement of State
Read in place in House by Mr. Edward E. Jones, 208.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 208.

FISH HATCHERY IN BUCKS COUNTY, making appropriation for construction of
Read in place in House by Mr. Gilkeson, 315.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 315.

FISH HATCHERY IN BUCKS COUNTY, making appropriation for construction of
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Buckman, 374.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 374.

FISH HATCHERY IN LANCASTER COUNTY, making appropriation to establish a
Senate Bill No. 412
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Homsher, 701.
Referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 701.
Reported without amendment, 995.
First reading and recommitted to Committee on Appropriations, 1080.

FISH HATCHERY IN LANCASTER COUNTY, making appropriation to establish a
Read in place in House by Mr. Graybill, 717.
Referred to Committee on Fisheries, 717.

FISH HATCHERY, to authorize Commissioner of Fisheries to purchase brook trout hatchery of D. S. Helmar of Port Allegany, McKean County, to be used as State
Read in place in House by Mr. Hilton, 157.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 157.

FISH HATCHERY, to authorize Commissioner of Fisheries to purchase brook trout hatchery of D. S. Helmar of Port Allegany, McKean County, to be used as State
Senate Bill No. 503
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Baldwin, 1306.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1306.
Reported without amendment, 1418.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 1450.

FISH herein specified, to prohibit sale or offering for sale of certain
Read in place in House by Mr. Tunis, 1082.
Referred to Committee on Fisheries, 1082.

FISH IN DIFFERENT STREAMS, petitions presented against system now in vogue in Fisheries Department relative to distribution of (see petitions).

FISH IN THE WATERS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH and regulating free distribution of same, to amend act relating to classification of
House Bill No. 876
Read in place in House by Mr. Leh, 123.
Referred to Committee on Fisheries, 123.
Reported with amendment, 2023.
First reading, 2195.
Second reading and amended, 2369.

FISH IN THE WATERS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH by defining what are trout streams, to amend 28th section of act to classify
House Bill No. 596
Read in place in House by Mr. Matt, 1214.
Referred to Committee on Fisheries, 1214.
Reported without amendment, 1328.
First reading, 1411.
Second reading, 1531.
Third reading and final passage, 2016.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2842.
Signed by Speaker, 2942.
In Senate (No. 726)
Referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 2014.
Reported without amendment, 2264.
First reading, 2469.
Second reading, 2546.
Third reading and final passage, 2613.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2903.

FISH IN THE WATERS WITHIN THIS COMMONWEALTH so as to permit spearing of suckers and carp in streams flowing into lakes of 5,000 acres and upwards in dimensions on boundary line, to amend act to classify
Read in place in House by Mr. Wilcox, 1281.
Referred to Committee on Fisheries, 1281.

FISH IN THE WATERS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH, to amend act relating to
Read in place in House by Mr. Reno, 142.
Referred to Committee on Fisheries, 142.

FISH IN THE WATERS WITHIN THIS COMMONWEALTH, to repeal section eight of act relating to
House Bill No. 280
Read in place in House by Mr. Leh, 122.
Referred to Committee on Fisheries, 122.
Reported without amendment, 715.
First reading, 751.
Second reading and amended, 1217.
Vote on second reading and on amendment made on second reading reconsidered and bill passed on second reading, 1220.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1488, 1489.
Resumed on third reading and final passage, 1785.
Remarks on, by
Rockwell, 1218, 1219, 1785, 1786.
Marvin, 1218, 1219, 1489, 1785, 1786.
Allman, 1219, 1785, 1786.
Mills, 1786.
Donnally, 1786.
In Senate
Referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 1801.

FISH, petition presented for amendment to act of 1909 regulating taking of (see petitions).

FISH so as to remove minimum limit as to size of certain trout and bass and fixing number to have in possession, to amend act relating to
Read in place in House by Mr. Rider, 735.
Referred to Committee on Fisheries, 735.

FISHERIES FOR FIELD WORK and gathering spawn and shad work on Delaware River, providing appropriation to Department of

(Section No. 11), House Bill No. 1

Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 51.
Special Committee appointed to consider bill, 52.
Reported without amendments, 52.
First reading, 52.
Special order for second reading, 52.
Second reading, 55.
Third reading, 62.
Final passage, 63.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 82.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 82.
Signed by Speaker, 85.
Partial veto by Governor, 93.
Governor's partial veto sustained, 94.

Remarks on, by

Dearden, 62, 63, 93.
Woodward, 63.

In Senate (No. 1)

Special Committee appointed to consider bill, 57.
Reported without amendments, 61.
First reading, 62.
Recommitted to Special Committee, 62.
Re-reported as amended, 62.
Second reading, 65.
Third reading and final passage, 76.
Returned from House with amendments concurred in, 80.
Signed by President, 80.

FISHERIES TO ISSUE PERMITS to use fyke nets and outlines in certain parts of streams inhabited by trout, to authorize Commissioner of

Read in place in House by Mr. Dershem, 1214.
Referred to Committee on Fisheries, 1214.

FISHING IN THIS COMMONWEALTH, to require unnaturalized foreign born residents or sojourners to procure a license before

House Bill No. 288

Read in place in House by Mr. Leh, 125.
Referred to Committee on Fisheries, 125.
Reported without amendment, 715.
First reading, 751.
Second reading and amended, 1219.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1489.
Resumed and amended, 1626.
Vote on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 1834.
Final passage, 2200.

Remarks on, by

Marvin, 1219.
Rockwell, 1219.

In Senate (No. 735)

Referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 2183.
Reported without amendment, 2265.
First reading, 2470.
Second reading, 2549.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 2615.

FISHING, to authorize Board of Fishery Commission to accept or purchase land under and surrounding waters for purpose of public

Read in place in House by Mr. Leh, 689.
Referred to Committee on Fisheries, 689.

FISHING, to transfer control of certain waters to Department of Fisheries for purpose of public

Read in place in House by Mr. Leh, 688.
Referred to Committee on Fisheries, 688.

FISHING WITH NETS, to amend act relating to fish by removing certain restrictions on

House Bill No. 494

Read in place in House by Mr. Horace B. Dunn, 567.
Referred to Committee on Fisheries, 567.
Reported without amendment, 1048.
First reading, 1093.
Second reading and amended, 1503.
Third reading and final passage, 1784.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2718.
Signed by Speaker, 2845.

FISHING WITH NETS—Continued.

In Senate (No. 686)

Referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 1801.
Reported without amendment, 2201.
First reading, 2285.
Second reading, 2463.
Third reading and final passage, 2530.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2653.

FITZGERALD, DAVID, Representative from First District, (Montgomery County).

Amendment offered by, to

House Bill No. 257, authorizing boroughs to unite in constructing and maintaining works for supplying water or light to such boroughs, 860, 861.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 85.

Bills introduced by

Amending act for prevention of trespassing upon railway trains and consequent injuries by requiring actions thereunder to be brought before magistrate of place wherein offence occurs, 1341.
Amending act relating to disorderly conduct on railway cars or in parks as regards prosecutions thereunder, 1341.
Authorizing election in first class townships of additional constable, 208.
Enabling libellant in all proceedings for divorce on grounds of desertion to testify to fact of desertion and efforts made to induce respondent to return, 1458.
Fixing age when persons shall at their request be exempt from duty as juror, 591.
Joint resolution proposing amendments to section one article eight of Constitution of Pennsylvania, 472
Making evidence taken on exceptions in road cases in Court of Quarter Sessions part of record for purpose of reviewing action on appeal to Supreme or Superior Court, 1458.
Prohibiting pawnbrokers from making loans to or receiving pledges from minors, 591.
Requiring each telephone company to install registers and call recorders on telephones, 361
To authorize courts of common pleas on appeal to equalize assessments by raising valuations, 1458.
To promote safety of foot passengers by requiring street railway companies operating double track line within any village having one track on each side of road to remove same to middle of road, 1458.
To regulate paving of sidewalks and setting curbstones in townships of first class, 567.

Election of, 44.

Motion by, to

Postpone for present House Bill No. 289, to regulate paving of sidewalks and setting curbstones in townships of first class, 874.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Montgomery County, for repeal of mercantile tax law, 389.
Citizens of Montgomery County, for State Local Option Law, 389.

Question of information raised by, on

House Bill No. 784, providing additional remedies for possession of property in case of non-payment of rent, 3030, 3031.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 216, amending act creating Department of State Police as regards salaries, 931, 932, 1702.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

FIX RATES, bill making it a misdemeanor for persons representing different insurance companies or associations to fix or attempt to (see insurance).

FIXTURES FOR WATER SUPPLY for dwellings in cities of first class, bill to prescribe number of (see cities).

FLANNERY, JOHN S., Member of State Board of Undertakers, nominated, 25.

Reported, 938.
Confirmed, 956.

FLAT HOUSES IN CITIES OF THE FIRST CLASS shall be equipped with chain or wire cable fire escapes, bill to provide that certain buildings used as (see cities).

FLATS to those occupied by ten or more persons, bill to amend act relating to safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings not in cities of first and second class by limiting application of act to (see buildings).

FLEITZ, FREDERICK W., Trustee of State Hospital of Northern Anthracite Coal Region, at Scranton, nominated, 25.

Reported, 938.

Confirmed, 956.

FLEITZ, FREDERICK W., Water Supply Commissioner, nominated, 23.

Reported, 939.

Confirmed, 956.

FLINN, WILLIAM, candidate for United States Senator, Vote for, in Senate, 71,

Joint session held, to compare vote, 77-78; 81-82.

FLOOD, NED ARDEN, Trustee of State Hospital for Insane, at Warren, nominated, 61.

Reported, 129.

Confirmed, 132.

FLYNN, JOHN M., Representative from Elk County,

Acting Speaker, 886, 1201.

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 312, to establish a public school system, 992.

House Bill No. 906, regulating licensing of brewers and distillers, 2512.

Appointments of, on

Conference committee, 3370.

Special committees, 52, 54, 3613.

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Conferring certain authority on Trustees of any State Normal School in regard to its bonded indebtedness, 253.

Making appropriation to Elk County General Hospital of Ridgway, 189.

Bills reported by

No. 183 (Senate Bill No. 508)

Giving taxpayers right to appeal from judgment of any justice of the peace or alderman against a municipality, 436.

No. 313 (Senate Bill No. 1159)

To provide for health and safety of persons in and about bituminous coal mines, 1610.

No. 648

To provide for compilation of all laws relating to sale of liquors, 1398.

No. 1002 (Senate Bill No. 932)

Making appropriation to Elk County General Hospital of Ridgway, 2238.

No. 1105 (Senate Bill No. 1029)

Making appropriation to Berwick Hospital, 2241.

No. 1106 (Senate Bill No. 1030)

Making appropriation to Trustees of State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions of Pennsylvania, located at Blossburg, Tioga County, 2241.

No. 1239 (Senate Bill No. 432)

Making appropriation to former Board of Examiners for Inspectors of Mines of Schuylkill County to pay for services rendered in 1908, 2247.

No. 1240 (Senate Bill No. 425)

Making appropriation of 1909 to State Normal Schools available for permanent improvements thereto, 2247.

No. 1343 (Senate Bill No. 120)

Making appropriation to reimburse Robert E. Wible, 2973.

Election of, 43.

Member of Commission to Revise Election Laws, nominated, 27.

Reported, 709.

Confirmed, 710.

Motion by, for

House to non-concur in Senate amendments to House Bill No. 312, establishing public school system, 2026.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 87, 1415.

Place on Journal report of Forestry Commissioner requested by House of Representatives, 2193.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 229, to repeal act establishing in certain counties board for assessment and revision of taxes for State and county purposes, 1095.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 266, providing for association of commissioners and supervisors in different counties, 1777.

FLYNN, JOHN M.—Continued.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 901, declaring liability of railroad companies for loss or damage by fire, 2884.

Postpone indefinitely House Bill No. 193, amending act to establish Department of Forestry by enlarging power to acquire land for forest reserves, 926.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 901, declaring liability of railroad companies for loss or damage by fire, 2884.

Report progress on House Bill No. 312, to establish a public school system, 970.

Suspend rules in consideration of House Bill No. 312 to establish a public school system, 990.

Points of order raised by, on

House Bill No. 312, to establish a public school system 969.

House Bill No. 518, amending act providing uniform method of electing certain party officers by providing for one primary in place of two, 1195.

House Bill No. 1287, amending act providing for personal registration of electors in cities of first and second class by further defining "party" and who may be appointed registrars, increasing terms of commissioners and changing registration days, 2962

Presentation by, of

Testimonial of House of Representatives to Resident Clerk Charles Johnson at close of session, 3651.

Question of information raised by, on

House Bill No. 168, to regulate lateral railroads, 1289

Report of Commission to Revise and Codify Election Laws of Pennsylvania presented by, 1240.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 59, repealing act relating to repair and maintenance of certain turnpikes, 261, 262.

House Bill No. 112, to further regulate granting of licenses for sale of liquors, 478.

House Bill No. 193, amending act establishing Department of Forestry by enlarging power to acquire land for forest reserves, 926, 2252, 2253.

House Bill No. 312, to establish a public school system, 968, 968, 970, 992.

House Bill No. 339, to define and establish auxiliary forest reserves, 895, 896.

House Bill No. 313, to provide for safety and health of persons employed in and about bituminous coal mines, 3523.

House Bill No. 493, empowering boroughs without petition of property owners to pave and otherwise improve public streets, 1775.

House Bill No. 518, amending act providing uniform method of electing certain party officers by providing for one primary each year in place of two 1189, 1195.

House Bill No. 628, providing for election of one person for prothonotary, clerk of court of quarter sessions and clerk of court of oyer and terminer and one other person for register of wills, recorder of deeds and clerk of orphans' court in certain counties, 2056.

House Bill No. 1287, amending act providing for personal registration of electors in cities of first and second class by further defining "party" and who may be appointed registrars, increasing terms of commissioners and changing registration days, 2961 2962, 3248.

House Bill No. 1323, providing for commission to examine and report on propriety of purchase by Commonwealth of certain tract of land in Jefferson Forest and Clarion Counties, 3194.

Resolution offered by

Asking Forestry Commissioner to furnish certain information to House of Representatives, 1610.

Resolutions reported by

Concurrent No. 6, relative to committee to investigate mine fire at Carbondale, 301.

In reference to order of business in House, 2948.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

FLORENCE, SOUTH CAROLINA, in memory of Pennsylvania Soldiers who perished in Confederate Prison at Florence, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Wilbert authorizing Salisbury Memorial Commission to erect memorial in National Cemetery at, 3122.

Resolution returned by House, 3279.

Concurrred in by House, 3310.

FLORENCE, SOUTH CAROLINA, to erect a monument to Pennsylvania soldiers who died in Confederate prison at

Read in place in House by Mr. Riebel, 98.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 98.

FLORENCE, SOUTH CAROLINA, to erect a monument to Pennsylvania soldiers who died in Confederate prison at
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 90.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 90.

FLAGMAN BY RAILROAD COMPANIES, bill to promote safety of traveling public by regulating appointment of (see railroad).

FLOODS, bill to authorize certain counties to expend monies in controlling (see counties).

FLORENCE CRITTENTON CIRCLE of Wilkes-Barre, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1010
Read in place in House by Mr. Shadrach, 190.
Refered to oCmmittee on Appropriations, 190.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2333.
Second reading, 2401.
Third reading and final passage, 2753.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.
In Senate (No. 940)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2685.
First reading, 2706.
Second reading, 2910.
Third reading and final passage, 3071.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

FLORENCE CRITTENTON CIRCLE of Wilkes-Barre, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Catlin, 149.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 149.

FLORENCE CRITTENTON HOME and Rescue Association of Pittsburg, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1139
Read in place in House by Mr. Stein, 885.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 885.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2339.
Second reading, 2420.
Third reading and final passage, 2796.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.
In Senate (No. 1060)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2711.
Second reading, 2918.
Third reading and final passage, 3093.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

FLORENCE CRITTENTON HOME, located at 139 Queen street, Germantown, Philadelphia, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1275
Read in place in House by Mr. S. B. Scott, 2023.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2023.
Reported with amendment, 2473.
First reading, 2560.
Second reading, 2838.
Third reading and final passage, 2991.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3530.
Signed by Speaker, 3589.
In Senate (No. 1213)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3045.
Reported without amendment, 3121.
First reading, 3178.
Second reading, 3301.
Third reading and final passage, 3388.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3538.

FLORENCE CRITTENTON HOME, located at 139 Queen street, Germantown, Philadelphia, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Salus, 2005.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2005.

FLORENCE CRITTENTON MISSION at Williamsport, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1015
Read in place in House by Mr. Rider, 188.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 188.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2333.

FLORENCE CRITTENTON MISSION—Continued.
Second reading, 2402.
Third reading and final passage, 2755.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.
In Senate (No. 945)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2685.
First reading, 2706.
Second reading, 2910.
Third reading and final passage, 3072.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

FLORENCE CRITTENTON MISSION at Williamsport, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Sones, 118.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 118.

FLORENCE CRITTENTON HOME, of Erie, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1199
Read in place in House by Mr. Detzel, 134.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 134.
Reported with amendment, 2243.
First reading, 2341.
Second reading, 2430.
Third reading and final passage, 2816.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.
In Senate (No. 1118)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2663.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2714.
Second reading, 2922.
Third reading and final passage, 3105.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

FLORENCE CRITENTON MISSION of Harrisburg, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 956
Read in place in House by Mr. Tunis, 251.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 251.
Reported with amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2330.
Second reading, 2393.
Third reading and final passage, 2735.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.
In Senate (No. 886)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2656.
Reported without amendment, 2684.
First reading, 2703.
Second reading, 2906.
Third reading and final passage, 3061.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

FLORENCE CRITTENTON MISSION of Harrisburg, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox, 221.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 221.

FLORENCE CRITTENTON MISSION of Scranton, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 996
Read in place in House by Mr. Ehrhardt, 125.
Referred to Committee on Appropriationss, 125.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2332.
Second reading, 2399.
Third reading and final passage, 2749.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.
In Senate (No. 926)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2685.
First reading, 2705.
Second reading, 2909.
Third reading and final passage, 3068.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

FLYING IN PUBLIC in this Commonwealth, bill to provide for licensing of aviators (see aviators).

FOOD by omitting "saccharin" from provisions of said act, to amend act relating to

Senate Bill No. 197

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 454.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 454.
Reported without amendment, 487.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 563.

FOOD by providing that articles of food containing sulphur dioxide and benzoate of soda may be used in manufacture of confectionery under certain conditions, bill to amend act relating to (see confectionery).

FOOD CONTAINERS manufactured or sold for use in Pennsylvania, bill relating to (see containers).

FOOD IN NEWSPAPERS, to prohibit wrapping of certain articles of

House Bill No. 546

Read in place in House by Mr. McGowan, 718.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 718.
Reported without amendment, 1212.
First reading, 1242.
Second reading, 1513.
Third reading and final passage, 1925.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 1898.

FOOD PRODUCTS and for honest weights and measures, resolutions presented against use of sulphur dioxide and saccharin in

From Associated Clubs of Domestic Science, in Senate, 1899.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 1899.

FOOD PRODUCTS, bill to regulate sale of cold storage (see cold storage).

FOOD shall be marked with true weight or measure of contents thereof, bill to provide that all packages containing (see contents).

FOOD when sold by weight, measure or count, bill to regulate sale of (see weights).

FOOT AND MOUTH DISEASE as bulletin of Department of Agriculture, bill to authorize publication of report of late Doctor Leonard Pearson in regard to (see Pearson).

FOOTBALL GAMES, bill to provide revenue by prescribing a tax on baseball games and (see tax).

FOOTBALL GAMES, bill to regulate printing and sale of tickets for (see tickets).

FORBES, bill to provide for commission to survey and make report on military routes of General Edward Braddock and General John (see routes).

FOREIGN ATTACHMENT against personal property shall be served, bill to require bond to be furnished by plaintiff before any writ of (see bond).

FOREIGN BORN RESIDENTS subject to taxation in the same manner as citizens, bill to make (see taxation).

FOREIGN CORPORATIONS, bills relating to (see corporations).

FOREIGN REPRESENTATIVES of decedents and wards, bill to amend act relating to (see mortgage debts).

FOREST AND TIMBER TREES, bill to encourage planting and maintaining of sprout, (see trees).

FOREST COUNTIES, bill to provide for commission to report on propriety of purchasing certain tract of land in Jefferson, Clarion and (see land).

FOREST FIRES, bill to authorize Peter F. Riegle, a resident of Spring Township, Snyder County, to bring suit against Commonwealth for damage done to his property in fighting (see Riegle).

FOREST FIRES, making appropriation for payment of deficiency that has arisen in payment of expenses incurred in prevention and extinguishment of

Senate Bill No. 799

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Kline, 2539.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2539.
Reported without amendment, 2541.
First reading, 2554.

FOREST FIRES—Continued.

Second reading, 2699.
Third reading and final passage, 2890.
Returned from House without amendment, 3049.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3278.

In House (No. 1358)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2948.
Reported without amendment, 3005.
First reading, 3006.
Second reading, 3015.
Third reading and final passage, 3203.
Signed by Speaker, 3493.

FOREST FIRES, making appropriation for deficiency and for expenses under act providing for prevention and extinguishing of

House Bill No. 205

Read in place in House by Mr. Bartman, 103.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 103.
Reported with amendment, 566.
First reading, 604.
Second reading, 737.
Third reading and final passage, 813.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1088.
Signed by Speaker, 1155.
Concurrent resolution recalling bill from Governor, 1339.
Resolution returned by Senate concurred in,
Resolution approved by Governor, 1471.
Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 1471.
Resumed and passed finally, 1617.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 1678.
Signed by Speaker, 1703.
Approved by Governor, 1920.

In Senate (No. 367)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 808.
Reported without amendment, 834.
First reading, 919.
Second reading, 954.
Third reading and final passage, 1001.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1106.
Resolution recalling bill from Governor concurred in, 1327.
Returned from House with amendments, 1549.
Concurred in House amendments, 1549.
Signed by President, 1746.

FOREST FIRES, making appropriation for payment of services and expenses of fire wardens and those assisting in extinguishing of

House Bill No. 1119

Read in place in House by Mr. Bartman, 104.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 104.
Reported with amendment, 2241.
First reading, 2338.
Second reading, 2417.
Third reading and final passage, 2789.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3318.
Non-concurred in Senate amendments, 3319.
Returned from Senate with adherence to its amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3371.
Conference committee appointed, 3371.
Conference committee report considered and adopted, 3599.
Returned from Senate with conference committee report adopted, 3600.
Signed by Speaker, 3608.

Remarks on, by

Ailman, 3599.

In Senate (No. 1042)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2688.
First reading, 2711.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2917.
Re-reported with amendment,
Third reading and final passage, 3090.
Returned from House with Senate amendments nonconcurred in, 3280.
Conference committee appointed, 3280.
Returned from House with adherence to its non-concurrence in Senate amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3378.

FOREST FIRES—Continued.
Returned from House with conference committee report adopted, 3460.
Conference committee report considered and adopted, 3460.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3537.

FOREST FIRES, making appropriation to pay expenses for extinguishing
House Bill No. 71
Read in place in House by Mr. James Dunn, 140.
Referred to Committee on Forestry, 140.
Reported without amendment, 199.
First reading, 212.
Second reading, 237.
Third reading and final passage, 316.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2718.
Signed by Speaker, 2844.
In Senate (No. 340)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 343.
Reported without amendment, 787.
First reading, 841.
Second reading, 916.
Recommitted to Committee, 950.
Re-reported without amendment 1253.
Recommitted to Committee, 1320.
Re-reported with amendment, 2439.
Third reading and final passage, 2528.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2653.

FOREST LAWN SANATORIUM located at Wellsboro, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. Rockwell, 921.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 921.

FOREST RESERVE LANDS of Commonwealth and improved lands of private persons, bill to require Commonwealth to build and maintain one-half of line fences between (see fences).

FOREST RESERVES, making appropriation for annual fixed charge for road purposes on lands held for
House Bill No. 1123
Read in place in House by Mr. Bartman, 104.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 104.
Reported without amendment, 2241.
First reading, 2338.
Second reading, 2418.
Third reading and final passage, 2791.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3318.
Non-concurred in Senate amendments, 3318.
Returned from Senate with adherence to its amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3371.
Conference committee appointed, 3371.
Conference committee report considered and adopted, 3586.
Returned from Senate with conference committee report adopted, 3600.
Signed by Speaker, 3609.
In Senate (No. 1046)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2688.
First reading, 2711.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2917.
Re-reported with amendment,
Third reading and final passage, 3091.
Returned from House with Senate amendments nonconcurred in, 3280.
Conference committee appointed, 3280.
Returned from House with adherence to its non-concurrence in Senate amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3378.
Returned from House with conference committee report adopted, 3460.
Conference committee report considered and adopted, 3460.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3537.

FOREST RESERVES, making appropriation for annual fixed charges for school purposes on lands held for
House Bill No. 1118.
Read in place in House by Mr. Bartman, 104.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 104.
Reported without amendment, 2241.
First reading, 2338.
Second reading, 2417.
Third reading and final passage, 2789.

FOREST RESERVES—Continued.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3319.
Non-concurred in Senate amendments, 3319.
Returned from Senate with adherence to its amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3371.
Conference committee appointed, 3371.
Conference committee report considered and adopted, 3593.
Returned from Senate with conference committee report adopted, 3600.
Signed by Speaker, 3608.
In Senate (No. 1041)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2688.
First reading, 2710.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2917.
Re-reported with amendment,
Third reading and final passage, 3090.
Returned from House with Senate amendments nonconcurred in, 3280.
Conference committee appointed, 3280.
Returned from House with adherence to its non-concurrence in Senate amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3378.
Returned from House with conference committee report adopted, 3466.
Conference committee report considered and adopted, 3466.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3537.

FOREST RESERVES, making appropriation for purchase of lands by Department of Forestry, to be set aside and held as State
House Bill No. 1122
Read in place in House by Mr. Bartman, 104.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 104.
Reported with amendment, 2241.
First reading, 2338.
Second reading, 2417.
Third reading and final passage, 2790.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.
In Senate (No. 1045)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2688.
First reading, 2711.
Second reading, 2917.
Third reading and final passage, 3091.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

FOREST RESERVES, making appropriation to establish recreation camps within the
Read in place in House by Mr. Richard J. Baldwin, 415.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 415.

FOREST RESERVES, to define and establish auxiliary
House Bill No. 339
Read in place in House by Mr. Wilson, 473.
Referred to Committee on Forestry, 473.
Reported with amendment, 734.
First reading, 782.
Second reading and postponed for present, 894.
Recommitted to Committee, 1029.
Re-reported with amendment, 1237.
Resumed on second reading and amended, 2080.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 2319.
Remarks on, by
Ailman, 894, 895, 2319, 2320.
Wilson, 895. 896.
Flynn, 895, 896.
Williams, 2320.

FOREST RESERVES, to empower United States to acquire land in Pennsylvania for national
House Bill No. 377.
Read in place in House by Mr. Schad, 777.
Referred to Committee on Federal Relations, 777.
Reported without amendment, 881.
First reading, 902.
Second reading, 1058.
Third reading and final passage, 1352.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1934.
Signed by Speaker,
Approved by Governor, 2557.

FOREST RESERVES—Continued.

In Senate (No. 550).
Referred to Committee on Forestry, 1421.
Reported without amendment, 1546.
First reading, 1656.
Second reading, 1731.
Third reading and final passage, 1814.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1918.

FOREST RESERVES, to protect State

House Bill No. 78
Read in place in House by Mr. Bartman, 125.
Referred to Committee on Forestry, 125.
Reported without amendment, 199.
First reading, 212.
Second reading, 238.
Third reading and final passage, 319.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 1693.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 1693.
Signed by Speaker, 1761.
Approved by Governor, 2191.

In Senate (No. 485)
Referred to Committee on Forestry, 344,
Reported with amendment, 1279.
First reading, 1326.
Recommitted to Committee, 1429.
Re-reported without amendment, 1454.
Second reading, 1601.
Third reading and final passage, 1665.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 1666.
Signed by President pro tempore,

FOREST RESERVES, to provide for taxation of auxiliary

House Bill No. 338
Read in place in House by Mr. Wilson, 473.
Referred to Committee on Forestry, 473.
Reported with amendment, 734.
First reading, 782.
Second reading, 2079.
Third reading and postponed for present, 2320.

FORESTING AND REFORESTING OF LANDS by exempting certain lands from taxation and regulating cutting of trees, to encourage

House Bill No. 340
Read in place in House by Mr. Kuhns, 391.
Referred to Committee on Forestry, 391.
Reported without amendment, 735.
Recommitted to Committee, 778.

FORESTRY COMMISSION to furnish certain information to House of Representatives resolution (House) by Flynn, asking, 1610.
Resolution considered and adopted, 1694.
Report presented to House, 2193.
Exhibits printed in Appendix, 3981.

FORESTRY DEPARTMENT, supplement to act for government of cities of second class creating (see cities).

FORESTRY LAWS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH, bill making appropriation to pay for preparation of Game, Fish and (see laws).

FORESTRY RESERVATION COMMISSION to grant right of way over forestry reserves for transportation of lumber, bark, gas, oil and minerals from adjacent lands, to authorize State

Senate Bill No. 606
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Kurtz, 941.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 941.
Reported with amendment, 1706.
First reading, 1822.
Second reading, 1915.
Third reading and final passage, 2003.
Returned from House without amendment, 3305.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3404.

In House (No. 1269)
Referred to Committee on ————,
Reported without amendment from Committee on Forestry, 2349.
First reading, 2515.
Second reading, 2561,
Third reading and final passage, 3370.
Signed by Speaker, 3591.

FORESTRY RESERVATION COMMISSION who have heretofore served without pay, to amend act establishing Department of Forestry providing for payment of salary to members of State
Read in place in House by Mr. Miller, 1400.
Referred to Committee on Forestry, 1400.

FORESTRY RESERVATIONS, to amend act relating to

House Bill No. 193
Read in place in House by Mr. Wilson, 231.
Referred to Committee on Forestry, 231.
Reported with amendment, 525.
First reading, 587.
Amended on second reading and postponed for present, 656, 660.
Recommitted to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 731.
Re-reported from Committee,
Resumed on second reading and amended, 851, 854.
Third reading and amended, 925.
Defeated on final passage, 1244.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 1294.
Resumed and defeated on final passage, 2250, 2253.

Remarks on, by
Howard, 657, 658, 660, 852, 853, 926.
Ailman, 658, 660, 852.
Wilson, 657, 658, 659, 660, 852, 853, 926, 2251, 2252.
Rockwell, 660.
Williams, 853.
Henry, 926.
Flynn, 926, 2252, 2253.
Knight, 2253.

FORESTRY RESERVATIONS, to amend act establishing Department of Forestry and to provide for control and maintenance of
Read in place in House by Mr. Kelsey, 111.
Referred to Committee on Forestry, 111.

FORESTRY RESERVES, to amend, by providing additional fixed charges for county and poor charges, act relating to a fixed charge on lands acquired by State for

House Bill No. 553
Read in place in House by Mr. Rumsey, 154.
Referred to Committee on Forestry, 154.
Reported without amendment, 1213.
First reading, 1243.
Second reading, 1514.
Third reading and final passage, 1927.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2312.
Signed by Speaker, 2588.

In Senate (No. 647)
Referred to Committee on Forestry, 1899.
Reported without amendment, 1900.
First reading, 2013.
Second reading, 2180.
Third reading and final passage, 2209.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2522.

FORESTRY TO GRANT RIGHTS OF WAY through State lands, bill to authorize Department of (see Department).

FORFEIT ITS RIGHT OR COMMISSION, bill to provide that any public service corporation which fails or neglects to properly perform any of its corporate functions or duties in any city, borough or township, shall (see public service).

FORM FOR MORTGAGES, bill to authorize a brief (see mortgages).

FORM OF GOVERNMENT preferred by majority voters of such city, bill to provide for special election in each city of second class to determine (see city).

FORMER BOARD OF EXAMINERS for Inspectors of Mines of Lackawanna County to pay for service rendered in 1907, bill making an appropriation to (see Board).

FORMER BOARD OF EXAMINERS for Inspectors of Mines of Schuylkill County to pay for services rendered in 1908, bill making appropriation to (see Board).

FORMER BOARD OF EXAMINERS for Inspectors of Mines of Schuylkill County to pay for services rendered in 1908, bill making, appropriation to (see Board).

FORT M'INTOSH IN BOROUGH OF BEAVER of a memorial building, making appropriations to provide for erection by Fort McIntosh Chapter Daughters of American Revolution upon or near site of
Read in place in House by Mr. George A. Baldwin, 2248.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2248.

FORT WASHINGTON; CUMBERLAND COUNTY, was constructed and its preservation as memorial of high water mark of war between the States, making appropriation for purchase by Commonwealth of land upon which

Senate Bill No. 648
Read in Place in Senate by Mr. Manbeck, 1854.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1854.
Reported without amendment, 1900.
First reading, 2013.
Second reading, 2180.
Third reading and final passage, 2209.
In House
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2247.

FORTY-FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT, bill to provide for additional law judge of the several courts of (see judge).

FORWARD, J. L., Member of State Quarantine Board, nominated, 23.
Reported, 3118.
Confirmed, 3122.

FOUNDRIES TO BE PROVIDED WITH TOILET ROOM and water closet, to require

House Bill No. 224
Read in place in House by Mr. Shadrach, 134.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 134.
Reported with amendment, 589.
First reading, 638.
Second reading and amended, 848.
Third reading and amended, 1094.
Final passage, 1245.
Returned from Senate with amendment, 2932.
Concurred in Senate amendment, 2933.
Signed by Speaker, 3182.

Remarks on, by
Scott, Samuel B., 849.
Shadrach, 849.

In Senate (No. 719)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1235.
Reported with amendment, 2218.
First reading, 2288.
Second reading, 2468.
Third reading and final passage, 2544.
Returned from House with Senate amendment concurred in, 2902.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3115.

FOUST, JAMES, nominated as Dairy and Food Commissioner of Department of Agriculture, 1893.
Reported, 1894.
Confirmed, 1895.

FOWL FROM MINORS, unknown or irresponsible parties, bill to punish buying or receiving of (see animals).

FOX, JOHN E., Senator from Fifteenth District, (Dauphin County),

Acting Chairman of Committee of Whole, Senate, 1890.

Amendments offered by, to
Senate Bill No. 137, relating to free public non-sectarian libraries, 409, 410, 411, 461.
Senate Bill No. 159, relating to extension of Capitol Park, 496.
Senate Bill No. 172, to enable certain tax collectors to collect taxes for which they have become personally liable, 762.
Senate Bill No. 277, validating certain election of municipalities, 764.
Senate Bill No. 446, amending act relative to appointment by deputies by certain prothonotaries of Supreme Court, 1258.
Senate Bill No. 477, to prevent issuing or transfer by other than a warehouseman of papers certifying that goods are stored in any warehouse, 1427.
Senate Bill No. 564, providing for publication of guide books for State Capitol at Harrisburg, 1897.
Senate Bill No. 630, amending act relating to motor vehicles by exempting hospital motor ambulances and motor fire engines from registration charges, 2206.
Senate Bill No. 654, amending act creating Department of State Police as regards salaries, 2269.
Senate Bill No. 662, regulating entry of judgments on bonds, notes or other obligations for payment of money secured by mortgages, 2271.
Senate Bill No. 795, regulating pay of election officers, 2699.

FOX, JOHN E.—Continued.

Appointments of, on
Memorial Committee, 408.
Special Committee, 41.
Standing Committees, 79, 80.

Bills introduced by
Amending act exempting property to value of three hundred dollars from levy and sale for rent, so that on a judgment only 75 per cent. of all debts, claims and demands, including wages and salary, shall be exempt, 117.
Amending act fixing salaries of judges so as to increase compensation of judges of Dauphin County for trial of Commonwealth's civil cases, 1418.
Amending act providing for personal registration of electors in cities of third class by changing registration days, 1546.
Amending act relating to incorporation and government of cities of the third class, 117.
Amending act relating to sale of adulterated or misbranded drugs by providing for laboratory for the board, 1436.
Amending fifteenth section of act relating to State Asylum for Chronic Insane, 149.
Appropriating to County of Dauphin extraordinary expenses incurred in trial of new Capitol cases, 664.
A supplement regarding petitions to act relating to street paving in boroughs, 129.
Making appropriation to Children's Industrial Home at Harrisburg, 221.
Making appropriation to Colored Day Nursery of Harrisburg, 665.
Making appropriation to Florence Crittenton Mission, Harrisburg, 221.
Making appropriation to Harrisburg Hospital, 221.
Making appropriation to Home for the Friendless at Harrisburg, 221.
Making appropriation to Messiah Home Orphange of Harrisburg, 221.
Making appropriation to Nursery Home of Harrisburg, 221.
Making appropriation to Sylvan Heights Home for Orphan Girls at Harrisburg, 221.
Making appropriation to Trustees of State Asylum for Chronic Insane at South Mountain, 150.
Making it a misdemeanor for any officer or employe of any employer of labor to receive moneys or other valuable thing for purpose of obtaining for latter employment in service of said employer or continuing in said employment, 832.
Making it lawful for certain incorporated street railway companies to construct tracks and operate its railway over certain streets without consent of municipal authorities, 843.
Providing for appointment of commission to revise and unify laws of this Commonwealth, 541.
Providing for appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures, 541.
Providing for appointment of Sealers of Weights and Measures in the Cities of this Commonwealth, 149.
Providing for election of councilmen in the several boroughs of this Commonwealth, 149.
Providing for establishment, maintenance and regulation of free public non-sectarian libraries and branch libraries, 149.
Providing for establishment of Bureau of Standards in Department of Internal Affairs, 149.
Providing for extension of Capitol Park in City of Harrisburg, 339.
Providing for publication of guide books of State Capitol at Harrisburg, 1436.
Repealing further supplement to act relating to erection of poor house in Dauphin County, 221.
Repealing section thirteenth of act relating to erection of poor house in Dauphin County, 221.
Repealing section three of act regulating compensation of certain officers in Dauphin County, 221.
Repealing section twenty-three of act relating to rate of mileage for County Commissioners and Directors of Poor in Dauphin County, 221.
Repealing section two of act relating to fees of sheriff and salaries of Directors of Poor in Dauphin County, 221.
Requiring bond to be furnished by plaintiff before any writ of foreign attachment against personal property shall be served, 1707.
To prevent issuing or transfer by other than warehouseman of papers certifying that goods are stored in any warehouse, 1100.
To provide for election of councilmen in the several borough and relating to organization of town councils, 669.
To refund to John Heathcote fee for notary public commission issued to E. H. Kratzer of Coatesville, 700.

FOX, JOHN E.—Continued.

To regulate entry of judgments on bonds, notes or other obligations for payment of money secured by mortgage, 1436.

Bills reported by

No. 43
Relating to public utilities being placed under control of Railroad Commissions, 224.

No. 95 (House Bill No. 28)
To carry into complete operation certain amendments to Constitution of Pennsylvania relating to terms of public officers, 241.

No. 134 (House Bill No. 244)
Validating acts done by notaries public within three months after expiration of their commissions, 282.

No. 135
Enabling certain tax collectors to collect taxes for which they have become personally liable, 282.

No. 175 (House Bill No. 471)
Making it a felony to open any tomb, vault or grave and remove clandestinely any body or remains therefrom, 402.

No. 178
Repealing so far as it relates to second class cities act regulating advertisement of all notices required to be published in cities of first and second class, 413.

No. 179 (House Bill No. 886)
Relating to exercise of right of eminent domain, 413.

No. 211 (House Bill No. 373)
Relating to cancellation of certain liens, bonds and mortgages now held by Department of Internal Affairs, 489.

No. 241 (House Bill No. 69)
To make unnaturalized foreign born residents subject to taxation, 542.

No. 288
Fixing salaries of city controller in cities of first class, 664.

No. 289 (House Bill No. 127)
Amending act relating to competency of witnesses So as to include directors or other officers of stock corporations, 664.

No. 327 (House Bill No. 163)
Enabling counties to appropriate money or issue bonds in aid of construction of canals or waterways, 755.

No. 357 (House Bill No. 893)
Amending act relating to constables fees by regulating fees of constables in certain cases, 1545.

No. 399 (House Bill No. 551)
Vesting in mother in certain cases right to services of her child, 938.

No. 419 (House Bill No. 3)
To fix salaries of judges of certain courts, 1002, 1797.

No. 424 (House Bill No. 220)
Regulating obtaining of releases from persons injured, 1099.

No. 430 (House Bill No. 889)
Amending act providing for incorporation and government of cities of third class, 1545.

No. 496 (House Bill No. 312)
To establish a public school system, 1892.

No. 529 (House Bill No. 227)
Authorizing county auditors to employ counsel to advise them in their official capacity, 1435.

No. 530 (House Bill No. 250)
Providing additional facilities and enlarging rights of parties having private roads, 1435.

No. 532 (House Bill No. 874)
Enabling boroughs to validate certain ordinances where same have not been published according to law, 1442.

No. 546 (House Bill No. 845)
Providing for election of city assessors in cities of third class, 1545.

No. 547 (House Bill No. 844)
Fixing time for organization of legislative departments of municipal governments and for inauguration of mayors of cities, 1546.

No. 548 (House Bill No. 118)
Providing a uniform rate of assessment and taxation for all real estate in cities of second class, 1546.

FOX, JOHN E.—Continued.

No. 552 (House Bill No. 840)
Dividing boroughs with respect to population into two classes and providing for form of government of boroughs of first class, 1546.

No. 581 (House Bill No. 221)
Providing for appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures, 1633.

No. 621 (House Bill No. 879)
Regulating appointment or election of deputy controllers in cities, 1797.

No. 626
Amending and supplementing act for government of cities of second class by providing for abolishing of present select and common councils and creating new body to be known as the council, 1803.

No. 654 (House No. 216)
Amending act creating Department of State Police as regards salaries, 1963.

No. 683 (House Bill No. 479)
Authorizing appointment by county commissioners of assessor in each legislative district and three assessors from county at large in certain counties, 2201.

No. 684 (House Bill No. 433)
Amending act fixing salary and providing for expenses of county commissioners, 2201.

No. 685 (House Bill No. 549)
Amending act authorizing certain incorporated companies to hold real estate necessary for manufacturing purposes so as to extend same to electrical companies, 2201.

No. 724 (House Bill No. 347)
Further amending act to regulate manner of increasing indebtedness of municipalities, 2264.

No. 788 (House Bill No. 196)
Requiring payment of wages to be semi-monthly, 2665.

No. 802 (House Bill No. 615)
Regulating compensation of directors of poor of poor districts situate wholly within any county, 2543.

No. 811 (House Bill No. 665)
Amending act authorizing councils of incorporated boroughs to require paving of streets by fixing different portion of cost which may be assessed against abutting property where property on one side of street is exempt from assessment, 2603.

No. 1190 (House Bill No. 875)
Defining public service companies and establishing public service commission, 3119, 3120.

No. 1244 (House Bill No. 353)
To promote safety of travelers and employes upon railroads by compelling railroads to properly man their trains, 3174.

No. 1245 (House Bill No. 737)
Enabling libellant in all proceedings for divorce on grounds of desertion to testify to fact of desertion, 3181.

No. 1246 (House Bill No. 1266)
Supplement to act to regulate practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons, 3181.

No. 1247 (House Bill No. 861)
Regulating reporting to State Department of Health by physicians of occupational diseases, 3181.

No. 1248 (House Bill No. 862)
Providing for erection of memorial halls at county seats, 3181.

No. 1249 (House Bill No. 749)
Repealing so far as it relates to Venango County supplement to act relating to billiard rooms, etc., in certain counties, 3181.

No. 1250 (House Bill No. 833)
To revive act to extend time during which corporations may hold and convey title to real estate so far as they relate to banking companies, 3181.

Motions by, for

Recess, 414, 3466.

Senate Bill No. 126, providing for election of councilmen in the several boroughs, to go over in its order, 385.

Senate Bill No. 137, relating to free public non-sectarian libraries, to go over in its order, 386.

Senate Bill No. 135, enabling certain tax collectors to collect taxes for which they have become personally liable, to go over in its order, 407.

FOX, JOHN E.—Continued.

Senate Bill No. 346, declaring liability of railroad companies for loss or damage by fire, to go over in its order, 999.

Senate Bill No. 431, relating to receipts or certificates issued by owners of bonded distillery warehouses, to go over in its order, 1231, 1232, 1256.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 414, 713.

Consent to nominations reported from Committee, 77, 405, 710.

Dispense with further reading of Journal, 1099.

Drop from calendar Senate Bill No. 126, providing for election of councilmen in boroughs, 798.

Postpone for present consideration of House amendments to Senate Bill No. 146, supplement to act authorizing councils of incorporated boroughs to require paving of streets regarding petition, 1667.

Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 98, amending act exempting property to value of $300 from levy and sale for rent, 1423.

Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 126, relating to election of councilmen in the several boroughs, 459.

Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 280, creating Bureau of Professional Education as sub-department of Department of Public Instruction, 834, 835.

Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 299, providing for election of councilmen in boroughs, 796.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 20, amending act relating to removal of judges providing for their pay, 667.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 98, amending act exempting property to value of $300 from levy and sale for rent, 275.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 245, providing for burial of indigent persons whose bodies are unclaimed and are unfit for anatomical purposes, 709.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 328, amending act relating to water power companies permitting such companies to build transmission lines to distribute electric power, 806.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 329, amending act relating to water power companies by repealing provisions in regard to approval of agreements of merger and consolidation, 806.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 330, amending act relating to right of eminent domain for water companies by requiring approval of plans by Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania, 806.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 331, joint resolution proposing amendment to section four, article nine of Constitution of Pennsylvania, 806.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 419, fixing salaries of judges of certain courts, 1113.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 554, amending act providing for personal registration of electors in cities of third class by further defining who may be appointed registrars and changing registration days, 1815.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 788, requiring payment of wages to be semi-monthly, 2619.

Reconsider vote on Senate Bill No. 467, fixing penalty for murder of first degree, 1656.

Reconsider vote on Senate Bill No. 20, amending act relating to removal of judges as regards their pay, 666.

Reconsider vote on Senate Bill No. 446, amending act to authorize appointment of deputy and one clerk by prothonotary of Supreme Court of Eastern District and appointment of deputy by prothonotary of Supreme Court of Middle District, 1258.

Resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 98, amending act exempting property to alue of $300 from levy or sale for rent, 1586.

Resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 98, amending to act authorizing councils of incorporated boroughs to require paving of streets as regards petition, 1709.

Resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 299, providing for election of councilmen in boroughs and fixing time and manner of organization of town councils, 1437.

Resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 596, providing for liquidation, distribution of assests and dissolution of Corporations under supervision of ommissioner of Banking, 2890.

Resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 788, requiring payment of wages to be semi-monthly, 2890.

Suspend rule No. 21, to consider House amendments to Senate Bill No. 146, supplement to act authorizing councils of incorporated boroughs to require paving of streets as regards petition, 1667.

Suspend Rule No. 38, 77, 405.

Nomination from Committee reported by, 149, 169, 229, 405, 1205.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Swissvale against passage of House Bill No. 654, amending act relating to consolidation of boroughs, 2151.

FOX, JOHN E.—Continued.

Point of order raised by, on

Motion to discharge Senate Judiciary Special Committee from further consideration of House Bill No. 353, to promote safety of travelers and employes upon railroads by compelling railroads to properly man their trains, 3156.

Presentation by, of

Testimonial of Chief Clerk of Senate to retiring President pro tempore William E. Crow, 3578.

Remarks by, at

Memorial Services for late Senator John W. Crawford, 523.

Remarks by, on

Resolution in reference to Legislative Journal printing contract, 6.

Senate Bills Nos. 47 to 51 inclusive, repealing acts or parts of acts relating to office of director of poor in Dauphin County, 345.

Senate Bill No. 98, amending act exempting property to value of $300 from levy and sale on execution and distress for rent, 1806.

Senate Bill No. 159, relating to Capitol Park Extension, 543, 544, 545.

Senate Bill No. 241, making unnaturalized foreign born residents subject to taxation, 708.

Senate Bill No. 245, providing for burial of indigent persons whose bodies are unclaimed and are unfit for anatomical purposes, 709.

Senate Bill No. 269, authorizing Auditor General to employ five clerks, 1588.

Senate Bill No. 299, providing for election of councilmen in boroughs and fixing time and manner of organization of town councils, 1437.

Senate Bill No. 364, to provide assistance for certain county historical societies, 1000.

Senate Bill No. 365, providing for appeal from judgment of aldermen or justices of the peace regardless of amount, 1000.

Senate Bill No. 407, for better protection of wild birds and game by requiring all citizens to procure license before using guns for hunting, 1439.

Senate Bill No. 419, fixing salaries of judges of the several courts, 1806, 1807, 1808, 1809.

Senate Bill No. 430, amending act providing for incorporation and government of cities of third class, 1713.

Senate Bill No. 496, to establish a public school system, 1889, 1890, 2653.

Senate Bill No. 588, further amending act providing for incorporation of certain corporations so as to compel water power companies to furnish such power for public purposes, 2204, 2205.

Senate Bill No. 596, providing for liquidation, distribution of assets and dissolution of corporations under supervision of Commissioner of Banking, 2896.

Senate Bill No. 605, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvaia, 1915.

Senate Bill No. 763, supplementary to act for government of cities of second class, 2675.

Senate Bill No. 788, requiring payment of wages to be semi-monthly, 2890.

Senate Bill No. 791, authorizing Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings to rent offices and rooms outside of Capitol Building, 3146.

Resolutions, concurrent, offered by, in reference to

Inaugural ceremonies, and making appropriation therefor, 5.

Legislative Journal printing contract being approved, 6.

Printing and delivery of Journals of Senate and House of Representatives, 3541.

Pennsylania Medical Society using Legislative Halls and Committee Rooms, 151.

Requesting Hon. Samuel J. M. McCarrell to administer oath, 4.

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United States Senator, 71.

FRANCHISE AND PROPERTY OF CORPORATIONS, bill making State taxes, unpaid bonus, interest, penalties and all public accounts a first lien upon (see corporations).

FRANCHISE, bill to limit time during which public utility company shall enjoy the benefit of a (see utility).

FRANCHISE OF CORPORATIONS, bill relating to (see corporations).

FRANCHISES OF MEADOW COMPANIES, bill to provide for surrender of (see meadow).

FRANCISCO to bring suit against Commonwealth for amount due for advertising constitutional amendments in Sayre Times Record, to authorize C. L.

House Bill No. 701
Read in place in House by Mr. Mills, 1458.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 1458.
Reported without amendment, 1499.
First reading, 1619.
Second reading, 2105.
Third reading and final passage, 2940.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3529.
Signed by Speaker, 3586.

In Senate (No. 1180)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2901.
Reported without amendment, 3119.
First reading, 3175.
Second reading, 3292.
Third reading and final passage, 3414.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3538.

FRANKFORD HOSPITAL located in Frankford, Philadelphia, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 249
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wolf, 455.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 455.
Reported without amendment, 607.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 684.
Re-reported wth amendment, 2216.
Second reading, 2280.
Third reading and final passage, 2453.
Returned from House wthout amendment, 3048.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3276.

In House (No. 1310)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2571.
Reported without amendment, 2840.
First reading, 2997.
Second reading, 3012, 3013.
Third reading and final passage, 3190.
Signed by Speaker, 3495.

FRANKLIN CITY HOSPITAL, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1233
Read in place in House by Mr. Whitman, 134.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 134.
Reported with amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2343.
Second reading, 2436.
Third reading and final passage, 2826, 2827.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Resolution recalling bill from House concurred in, 3330.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3490.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3490.
Signed by Speaker, 3479, 3588.

In Senate (No. 1148)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2664.
Reported without amendment, 2691.
First reading, 2715.
Second reading, 2925.
Third reading and final passage, 3111.
Concurrent resolution recalling bill from House for amendment, 3274.
Resolution returned by House concurred in, 3286.
Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 3287.
Final passage, 3384, 3385.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3408.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3537.

FRANKLIN COUNTY with monument to James Buchanan, bill to permit Commonwealth to accept certain lands in (see Buchanan).

FRANKLIN INSTITUTE of State of Pennsylvania for Promotion of Mechanic Arts, making appropriation to Trustees of

Read in place in House by Mr. Morris, 921.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 921.

FRATERNAL BENEFICIAL CORPORATION, bills relating to (see corporations).

FRATERNAL BENEFIT SOCIETIES and their status and providing for their licensing, supervision and examination by Insurance Commissioner and for admission of foreign societies, bill to define (see insurance).

FRATERNAL BENEFIT SOCIETIES, bill to enable certain minors, of five years of age and over, to contract for membership in certain (see minors).

FRATERNAL, FRATERNAL INSURANCE AND BENEFICIAL SOCIETIES and associations, bill to regulate contestibility of agreements, contracts, and policies of (see insurance).

FRATERNAL OR BENEFICIAL ORDERS, bill to regulate sale of liquors of various kinds to or among members of (see liquors).

FRAUD UPON OR BY KEEPERS OF SANATORIUMS or private hospitals, to prevent
House Bill No. 416.
Read in place in House by Mr. Edward E. Jones, 303.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 303.
Reported with negative recommendation, 970.

FRAUDS AGAINST CARRIERS OF PASSENGERS for hire, to prevent

House Bill No. 695
Read in place in House by Mr. Rhoads, 1238.
Referred to Committee on Electric Railroads, 1238.
Reported with amendment, 1480.
First reading, 1502.
Second reading, 2103.
Third reading and final passage, 2578.
Returned from Senate without amendment. 3356.
Signed by Speaker, 3480.

Remarks on, by
Matt, 2578.
Rhoads, 2578.

In Senate (No. 808)
Referred to Committee on Street Passenger Railways, 2542.
Reported without amendment, 2601.
First reading, 2926.
Second reading, 3154.
Third reading and final passage, 3266.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3402.

FREDERICK DOUGLASS MEMORIAL HOSPITAL and Training School of Philadelphia, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. Bass, 141.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 141.

FREDERICK DOUGLASS MEMORIAL HOSPITAL and Training School of Philadelphia, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1187
Read in place in House by Mr. Bass, 735.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 735.
Reported with amendment, 2243.
First reading, 2341.
Second reading, 2428.
Third reading and final passage, 2812.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3316.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3316.
Signed to Speaker, 3479.

In Senate (No. 1106)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2663.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2713.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2922.
Re-reported with amendment, 2929.
Third reading and final passage, 3103.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3282.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

FREDERICK DOUGLASS MEMORIAL HOSPITAL and Training School of Philadelphia, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Salus, 90.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations 90.

FREDERICK DOUGLASS MEMORIAL HOSPITAL and Training School of Philadelphia, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Salus, 756.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 756.

FREDERICKSBURG, VIRGINIA, making appropriation for erection af monument in memory of Pennsylvania Reserve Volunteer Corps on Battlefield of
Read in place in House by Mr. Keely, 415,
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 415.

FEE COMPETITION IN MANUFACTURE or sale of any article or commodity, bill to make it a misdemeanor for any two or more persons to enter into any agreement to interfere with (see competition).

FREE NON-SECTARIAN PUBLIC LIBRARIES without guaranty therefor by city, bill to amend act relating to free public libraries in cities of third class authorizing school districts of said cities to contract for maintenance of (see cities).

FREE PUBLIC NON-SECTARIAN LIBRARIES and branch libraries, bill to provide for establishment, maintenance and regulation of (see libraries).

FREEMAN, WILLIAM COLEMAN, Representative from Lebanon County,

Acting Chairman of Committee of Whole House, 1029.

Acting Speaker, 256.

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 80, requiring directors of certain companies to take oath of office, 324, 325.

House Bill No. 480, making valid certain bonds issued by municipal corporations, 1673.

Appointments of, on

Conference committee, 3580.

Special committee, 52.

Standing committees, 83, 84.

Bills introduced by

Amending act providing for personal registration of electors in cities of first and second classes by changing registration days, 417.

Amending act relating to election of assistant assessors in certain boroughs and townships, 417.

Amending act relating to election of certain party officers and delegates by providing for one primary each year, 417.

Amending act relating to election of certain party officers and delegates by providing for separate primaries for each party, 417.

Amending act relating to State Asylum for Chronic Insane by increasing maximum amount per capita for weekly maintenance, 154.

Amending act relating to State Asylum for Chronic Insane by increasing maximum amount per capita for weekly maintenance a portion of which shall be paid by county or poor district from which patient shall have been received, 960.

Joint resolution to amend section 14 article 8 of Constitution of Pennsylvania, 96.

Limiting time within which actions may be brought against banks or trust companies for recovery of amount represented by any certificates of deposit issued by them, 1329.

Making appropriation to Good Samaritan Hospital of Lebanon, 124.

Making appropriation to Home for Widows and Single Women of Lebanon and Lebanon County, 124.

Making appropriation to Trustees of State Asylum for Chronic Insane at South Mountain, 154.

Refunding certain sum to Trustees of State Asylum for Chronic Insane, 567.

Regulating fees of court criers in certain judicial districts, 473.

Requiring directors of companies authorized to receive moneys on deposit to take oath of office, 200.

Requiring officials in charge of charitable institutions to report to Board of Public Charities the number of foreign born unnaturalized inmates, 154.

Requiring public records to be entered and kept in bound sewed volumes, 361.

To amend an act relating to certain elections by increasing the compensation of election boards at primary elections, 95.

To extend statute of limitations to certificates of deposit issued by banks and trust companies, 1016.

To make valid certain bonds issued by municipal corporations and indebtedness represented by such bonds, 1016.

To prevent the procreation of idiots, imbeciles and feeble-minded persons, 154.

To repeal act relating to taxation of dogs and protection of sheep, 104.

Bills reported by

No. 312 (Senate Bill No. 496)

To establish public school system, 1045.

No. 834 (Senate Bill No. 487)

Permitting substitution of other securities for those deposited with State Treasurer to secure Commonwealth against relief notes issued by certain banks, 1947.

Election of, 43.

Leave of absence asked for, 172, 885.

Member of Commission to Revise Election Laws, nominated, 27.

Reported, 709.

Confirmed, 710.

FREEMAN, WILLIAM COLEMAN—Continued.

Motion by, in

Reference to time of next meeting, 99.

Motions by, to

Postpone for present House Bill No. 63, creating office of Second Assistant Deputy Attorney General, 308.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 79, relating to eavesdropping, 336.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 348, requiring bill and ansers in equity to be sworn to and abolishing rule in regard to averments of a responsive answer, 1295.

Postpone for present House concurrent resolution No. 8, regarding investigation of conditions in Westmoreland County coal fields, 819.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 40, regulating use of moving picture machines in townships, 786.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Lebanon County, against increasing tax on automobiles, 414.

Citizens of Lebanon County, for better telephone service, 471.

Citizens of Lebanon County for Garnishee Law, 471.

Citizens of Lebanon County for Initiative and Referendum, 1457.

Citizens of Lebanon County for memorial to founders of public school system, 776.

Citizens of Lebanon County for oleomargarine law amendments, 1457.

Citizens of Lebanon County for passage of Jones Road Bill, 1081, 1457.

Citizens of Lebanon County for reading of Bible in public schools, 775, 1081.

Citizens of Lebanon County for recommitting of School Code, 1081.

Citizens of Lebanon County, for repeal of mercantile tax law, 471.

Citizens of Lebanon County to require railroads to weigh at destination all shipments made in open or gondola cars, 471.

Druggists of Lebanon County against practice of pharmacy bill, 1115.

Union Grange No. 1391, for better telephone service, 360.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 191, amending act relating to corporations as regards charters of religious bodies, 2199.

House Bill No. 252, repealing act relating to taxation of shares of stock of title insurance and trust companies, 855, 856.

House Bill No. 255, relating to taxation of companies engaged in manufacture of gas, 859.

House Bill No. 480, making valid certain bonds issued by municipal corporations, 1673.

House Bill No. 524, to provide increased revenue by providing that corporations, joint stock associations and limited partnerships shall annually pay tax of four mills on each dollar of value of all their bonds, mortgages and other securities, 2253.

House concurrent resolution No. 8, regarding investigation of conditions in Westmoreland County coal fields, 819.

House concurrent resolution to permit Commission to Revise and Codify Election Laws of Pennsylvania to make its final report to General Assembly of 1913, 779, 780.

Senate concurrent resolution in reference to adjournment until February twenty-seventh, 307.

Report of Committee on rules presented by, 2517.

Resolution concurrent, offered by, in

Reference to commission to revise and codify Election Laws of Pennsylvania being permitted to continue its work, 689.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

FREEPORT, ARMSTRONG COUNTY, or within two miles of same, bill to repeal act to prohibit issuing of licenses in (see licenses).

FREIGHT, bill to provide that it shall be unlawful for any common carrier or express company to enter into any exclusive contract for transportation of merchandise, commodities or (see common carrier).

FREY, ROBERT S., Representative from Second District, (York County).

Acting Speaker, 3500.

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 963, 964, 970.

FREY, ROBERT S.—Continued.

House Bill No. 181, regulating compensation of court criers and tipstaves in counties with between 90,000 and 150,000 inhabitants, 1296, 1393.

House Bill No. 494, amending act relating to fish by removing certain restrictions on fishing with nets 1503.

House Bill No. 662, relating to private sales of real estate ordered, decreed or approved by Orphans' Court, 2562.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85, 99.

Bills introduced by

Creating a County Sinking Fund Commission, 777.

Empowering courts of common pleas to discharge lands bound by lien for maintenance of burial lots, 1399.

Fixing fees to be charged by constables, 209.

Licensing business of private detectives and detective agencies, 209.

Making appropriation for erection of monument in borough of Wrightsville, 124.

Making appropriation to refund to Jacob Beitzel of York certain moneys erroneously paid for distiller's license, 1281.

Providing for payment of appropriations made to corporations now or hereafter merged or consolidated, 209.

Regulating method of instalment payments on conditional sales or on bailments with right to purchase, 777.

Relating to private sales of real estate approved by Orphans' Courts for payment of debts, 1282.

Supplementary to act authorizing commitment of minors by magistrates, justices of the peace or judges of certain charitable societies, 637.

Bills reported by

No. 16 (Senate Bill No. 171)

To authorize State Treasurer to refund to A. Sidney Reynolds amount erroneously collected from him for license fee, 115.

No. 52

To regulate sale of stock of mining companies or corporations, 187.

No. 156 (Senate Bill No 312)

Amending act relating to registration of veterinary surgeons, 415.

No. 192

Regarding sale of deadly weapons and explosive substances, 472.

No. 249

Regulating storage and sale of linseed oil, 590.

No. 305

Providing for establishment of State Highway Department, 716.

No. 306 (Senate Bill No. 545)

Amending act relating to escheats so as to provide for escheat of property held in trust which is without lawful owner, 716.

No. 326 (Senate Bill No. 537)

Amending act relating to escheats, 734.

No. 360 (Senate Bill No. 815)

Authorizing release on probation of certain convicts, 819, 820.

No. 404 (Senate Bill No. 722)

Prohibiting pawnbrokers from making loans to or receiving pledges from minors under age of sixteen years, 884.

No. 461 (Senate Bill No. 48)

Repealing section two of act relating to fees of sheriff and salaries of directors of poor in Dauphin County, 1027.

No. 462 (Senate Bill No. 155)

Supplement to act relating to pay of jurors and witnesses in this Commonwealth making one general per diem rate, 1027.

No. 453 (Senate Bill No. 51)

Repealing section three of act regulating compensation of certain officers in Dauphin County which section fixes salaries of directors of poor, 1027.

No. 464 (Senate Bill No. 47)

Repealing section thirteen of act relating to poor house in Dauphin County which section fixes salaries of directors of poor in said county, 1027.

FREY, ROBERT S.—Continued.

No. 465 (Senate Bill No. 49)

To repeal supplement to act relating to poor house in Dauphin County which act fixes salaries of directors of poor of said county, 1027.

No. 467 (Senate Bill No. 50)

To repeal section 23 of resolution relative to claim of Brown and Sawyers which fixes rates of mileage for county commissioners and directors of poor of Dauphin County, 1027.

No. 468 (Senate Bill No. 246)

Supplement to act for relief of desterted wives and children, 1027.

No. 469 (Senate Bill No. 314)

Amending act relating to Orphans' Courts by vesting appointment of first assistant clerk to said courts in respective judges thereof, 1027.

No. 470 (Senate Bill No. 147)

Creating sinking fund commission in certain counties, 1027.

No. 471 (Senate Bill No. 175)

Making it a felony to open any tomb, vault or grave and remove clandestinely any body or remains therefrom, 1027.

No. 472 (Senate Bill No. 208)

To appoint fees to be received by prothonotaries of courts of common pleas in certain counties, 1027.

No. 480 (Senate Bill No. 702)

Making valid certain bonds issued by municipal corporations and indebtedness represented by such bonds, 1028.

No. 481 (Senate Bill No. 693)

Creating county sinking fund commission, 1028.

No. 581

Amending act relative to costs in suits before aldermen and justices of the peace, 1303.

No. 608 (Senate Bill No. 775)

Regulating doing of business by foreign corporations and the registration thereof, 1340.

No. 708 (Senate Bill No. 154)

Joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania authorizing State to issue bonds for $50,000,000 for improvement of highways, 1500.

No. 772 (Senate Bill No. 1176)

Amending act relating to county rates and levies by authorizing collector to deputize a constable to make levy and sale or to arrest delinquent for non-payment of taxes, 1609.

No. 723 (Senate Bill No. 1171)

To provide for payment of costs in cases of summary conviction had before magistrates, 1609.

No. 724 (Senate Bill No. 1169)

Regulating pay of all election officers in all counties having between 250,000 and 500,000 population, 1610.

No. 784

To provide for additional remedies in cases on non-payment of rent by tenants, 1757.

No. 900

Amending act relating to transportation of persons and property by providing that its provisions shall not apply to members of General Assembly or to State employes traveling on State business, 2054.

No. 1254 (Senate Bill No. 579)

Further supplement to act providing for classification of townships according to population providing for advertisement by county commmissioners of population and of intention to proclaim townships of first class, 2308.

Election of, 45

Motion by, for

Previous question on House Bill No. 1287, amending act providing for personal registration of electors in cities of first and second classes by further defining "party" and who may be appointed registrars, increasing terms of commissioners and changing registration days, 3250.

Motion by, to

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 181, regulating compensation of court criers and tipstaves in certain counties, 1393.

Petition presented by, from

Citizens of York County for reading of Bible in public schools, 714.

FREY, ROBERT S.—Continued.
Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 964, 970.
House Bill No. 481, creating county sinking fund commission, 1765.
House Bill No. 893, amending act relating to fees of constables regulating fees of constables in certain cases, etc., 2379.
Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

FRIENDS' HOME FOR CHILDREN, Philadelphia, situate at 4011 Aspen Street, West Philadelphia, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 922
Read in place in House by Mr. Walnut, 688.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 688.
Reported without amendment, 2236.
First reading, 2328.
Second reading, 2388.
Third reading and final passage, 2724.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3472.
In Senate (No. 853)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2656.
Reported without amendment, 2683.
First reading, 2702.
Second reading, 2904.
Third reading and final passage, 3055.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

FRIENDS' HOME FOR CHILDREN, of Philadelphia, situate at 4011 Aspen Street (West Philadelphia), making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 609.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 609.

FRONT LIGHT, bill to require vehicles on public highways to show a white (see vehicles).

FRUIT TREES growing on or along any highway, street or road, bill to provide for protection of (see trees).

FULL CREW BILL, petitions presented favoring (see petitions).

FUND FOR DISTRIBUTION is in excess of $1500, bill to direct appeals to Supreme Court from any decree of distribution wherein (see appeals).

FUNDING BONDS, bill to amend act relating to government of cities of second class by providing for issuing of (see cities).

FUNDS AND AFFAIRS OF RELIGIOUS BODIES, bill to amend act relating to corporations and to estates held for corporate religious and charitable uses by providing for management and control of (see religious).

FUNDS AT INTEREST, bill to authorize depositing of county (see depositing).

FUNDS, bill to constitute county commissioners, controller and treasurer in any county with between 150,000 and 250,000 inhabitants a Board having power to appoint depositories of county (see county).

FUNDS, by requiring publication of monthly statement of State Treasurer in but one Harrisburg paper, bill to amend act regulating deposits of State (see deposits).

FUNDS TO MEET SAME, bill to regulate payment on checks when there shall be insufficient (see checks).

FUNERAL OF HONORABLE J. CALVIN MEYER, deceased, bill to provide for payment of expenses incident to attendance of members of Pennsylvania Legislature at (see Meyer).

FURNITURE AND COOKING UTENSILS, being the property of tenant, either of dwelling house, hotel or boarding house, except at public sale, bill relative to sale in bulk of the whole or a large part of household goods, (see sale).

FURNITURE LEASED OR HIRED shall not be levied upon or sold for rent, bill to provide that (see rent).

FYKE NETS AND OUTLINES in certain parts of streams inhabited by trout, bill to authorize Commissioner of Fisheries to issue permits to use (see Fisheries).

GAITHER, WALTER H., appointed Private Secretary to Governor,
Senate notified, 71.
House notified, 92.

GAMBLING, bill to amend act regulating boroughs by prohibiting (see boroughs).

GAME AND CERTAIN BIRDS by further regulating evidence of killing squirrel, hare or rabbit to protect crops or trees, to amend act relating to
Read in place in House by Mr. Schofield, 1341.
Referred to Committee on Game, 1341.

GAME AND CERTAIN BIRDS by making it unlawful to sell quail, commonly called Virginia partridge, ruffed grouse, Hungarian partridge, woodcock, wild turkey or deer, killed either within or without Commonwealth, except as specially provided for by law, to amend act for protection of
Read in place in House by Mr. Schofield, 1329.
Referred to Committee on Game, 1329.

GAME AND WILD BIRDS, to amend act giving additional protection to
Senate Bill No. 411.
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 299.
Referred to Commiteee on Game and Fisheries, 299.
Reported without amendment, 995.
First reading, 1079.
Second reading, 1111.
Third reading and final passage, 1177.
Returned from House without amendment, 3050.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3276.
In House (No. 687)
Referred to Committee on Game, 1204.
Reported without amendment, 1470.
First reading, 1502.
Second reading, 2102.
Third reading and final passage, 3216.
Signed by Speaker, 3494.

GAME BIRDS, to amend act providing for protection of game, game quadrupeds and game birds so as to further restrict open season for.
Senate Bill No. 502
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 941.
Referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 941.
Reported without amendment, 1418.
First reading, 1450.
Over in its order, 1603.
Second reading, 1655.
Recommitted to Committee, 1718.

GAME by repealing right to use bear-traps, amending act relating to protection of
House Bill No. 128
Read in place in House by Mr. Rider, 207.
Referred to Committee on Game, 207.
Reported without amendment, 314.
First reading, 337.
Second reading, 424.
Third reading and final passage, 450.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 885.
Signed by Speaker, 897.
Approved by Governor, 1292.
In Senate No. 308)
Referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 459.
Reported without amendment, 699.
First reading, 773.
Second reading, 801.
Third reading and final passage, 835.
Signed by President, 907.

GAME by requiring all citizens to procure license before hunting, bill to provide for better protection of (see hunting).

GAME COMMISSIONERS providing for an increase in number of game protectors and for publication of reports and bulletins, to amend act relating to
Senate Bill No. 413
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wertz, 794.
Referred to Committee Game and Fisheries, 794.
Reported without amendment, 995.
First reading, 1080.
Second reading, 1111.
Over in its order, 1177.

GAME COMMISSIONERS—Continued.

Third reading and postponed for present, 1229.
Resumed and passed finally, 2206.
Returned from House without amendment, 3382.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3403.

Remarks on by,

Wertz, 2206.
Wilbert, 2206.

In House (No. 1283)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2247.
Reported without amendment, 2586.
First reading, 2841.
Second reading, 2958.
Third reading and final passage, 3485.
Signed by Speaker, 3590.

GAME COMMISSIONERS to submit statement of receipts and expenditures for past six fiscal years, concurrent resolution (House) by North, requesting Board of 157.

Resolution read in Senate and referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 187.
Read in House and agreed to, 190.

GAME, FISH AND FORESTRY LAWS of this Commonwealth, bill making appropriation to pay for preparation of (see laws).

GAME FISH may be lawfully taken, bill to amend act relating to fish so as to change the time during which certain (see fish).

GAME, GAME-QUADRUPEDS AND GAME BIRDS, to amend, as regards English, Mongolian and Chinese pheasants, act relating to the protection and preservation of

Read in place in House by Mr. Marvin, 155.
Referred to Committee on Game, 155.

GAME, GAME-QUADRUPEDS AND GAME BIRDS, bill to amend, by permitting killing of deer other than males with visible horns, act relating to protection of (see deer).

GAME, GAME QUADRUPEDS AND GAME BIRDS, to provide for better protection and preservation of

House Bill No. 315

Read in place in House by Mr. Kern, 391.
Referred to Committee on Game, 391.
Reported with amendment, 734.
First reading, 781.
Second reading, 886.
Third reading and final passage, 1282.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2843.
Signed by Speaker, 2943.

Remarks, on by,

Marvin, 886, 887, 888.
Conner, 887.
Rockwell, 887.
Knight, 887.
Rider, 887.
Hunter, J. N., 887.

In Senate (No. 560)

Referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 1254.
Reported without amendment, 1631.
First reading, 1743.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 1816.
Re-reported without amendment, 2264.
Third reading and postponed for present, 2456.
Resumed and passed finally, 2541.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2903.

GAME LAWS, petitions presented against proposed (see petitions).

GAME PROTECTORS, to amend act providing for appointment of Game Commissioners by providing for increase in number of

Read in place in House by Mr. Walton, 392.
Referred to Committee on Game, 392.

GAME QUADRUPEDS AND GAME BIRDS, to amend, by regulating open season for woodcock, act relating to protection of

Read in place in House by Mr. Cleary, 171.
Referred to Committee on Game, 171.

GAME so as to provide closed season for two years from passage of this bill for ruffed grouse, Hungarian quail and wild turkey, to amend act for protection of

Read in place in House by Mr. Schofield, 1341.
Referred to Committee on Game, 1341.

GAME, to amend, by fixing open season for quail, act relating to

Senate Bill No. 405

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wasbers, 222.
Referred to Committee on Fish and Game, 223.
Reported without amendment, 995.
First reading, 1079.
Second reading, 1108.
Third reading and final passage, 1176.

In House

Referred to Committee on Game, 1204.

GAME, to make it lawful to use automatic rifles for hunting and killing big

Read in place in House by Mr. Rockwell, 112.
Referred to Committee on Game, 112.

GAMES, bill to provide revenue by prescribing tax on baseball and football (see tax).

GAMES, bill to regulate printing and sale of tickets for football and baseball (see tickets).

GAMES ON SUNDAY, bill to permit certain baseball (see Sunday).

GANS, SIGMUND J., Representative from Twenty-Third District, (Philadelphia County).

Appointment of, on

Conference committee, 3372.
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85, 1757.

Bills introduced by

Amending act relating to employment of children by changing age limit of minors, 567.

Amending act relating to weight of anthracite coal by making it a misdemeanor to sell anthracite coal by short weight, 391.

Fixing mercantile tax where more than three separate places of business are maintained in one county, 688.

Permitting cities of first class to exempt from taxation real estate of certain charitable institutions, 1196.

Preventing obstruction of inlets, drains or sewers, 304.

Regulating piling on any public highways of material from or for a building, 567.

Regulating using of automatic vending machines in cities of first class, 1196.

Respecting trading stamps, coupons, tickets and other similar devices, 567.

To regulate keeping of gasoline by public and private garages in quantities over five gallons, 586.

Bills reported by

No. 56 (Senate Bill No. 125)
Authorizing certain counties to expend monies on streams for purpose of improving navigation and controlling floods, 187.

No. 148 (Senate Bill No. 609)
Amending act establishing a Medical Council by providing for examination of certain students, 390.

No. 327 (Senate Bill No. 568)
Prescribing number of fixtures for water supply in cities of first class, 734.

No. 607
Regulating keeping of gasoline by public and private garages in quantities over five gallons, 1340.

No. 646 (Senate Bill No. 826)
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No. 733 (Senate Bill No. 1195)
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No. 777 (Senate Bill No. 261)
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No. 813
Regulating practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and drugs of all kinds, 2586.

No. 870
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No. 896 (Senate Bill No. 214)

Amending act regulating practice of osteopathy and providing for issuing of certificates for license to practice osteopathy, 2054.

No. 897 (Senate Bill No. 569)

Amending act relating to sale of drugs by providing laboratory and supplies for Pharmaceutical Board, 2054.

No. 1258 (Senate Bill No. 652)

Supplement to act relating to Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic authorizing Board of Trustees to enter into agreements respecting highways, railways and other means of travel within lands of said institution, 2324.

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Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 839, amending act exempting property to value of $300 from levy and sale on execution or distress for rent, 2150.

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Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Philadelphia for reading of Bible in public schools, 1328.

Presentation by, of

Boquet to Hon. William Stuart Reyburn, 3493.

Vote of, for

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ARAGES in quantities over five gallons, bill to regulate keeping of gasoline by public and private (see gasoline).

ARNISHEE LAW, petitions presented in favor of (see petitions).

ARNISHEE'S ATTORNEYS in attatchment or attachment execution issued by a magistrate, bill to provide for counsel fees for (see attachment).

ARRETSON HOSPITAL of Philadelphia, making appropriation to

Read in place in House by Mr. Reyburn, 436.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 436.

ARRETSON HOSPITAL of Philadelphia, petition presented for appropriation of $120,000 to (see petitions).

ARRETSON HOSPITAL OF TEMPLE UNIVERSITY of Philadelphia, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1184

Read in place in House by Mr. Reyburn, 776.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 776.

Reported with amendment, 2243.

First reading, 2341.

Second reading, 2428.

Third reading and final passage, 2811.

Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.

Signed by Speaker, 3478.

In Senate (No. 1103)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2662.

Reported without amendment, 2690.

First reading, 2713.

Second reading, 2921.

Third reading and final passage, 3102.

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ARVIN, acceptance of testimonials presented at close of session by House of Representatives and Speaker John F. Cox by Chief Clerk Thomas H., 3650, 3651.

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GAS AND BITUMINOUS COAL, joint resolution providing for issuing of invitation to neighboring States to conference with respect to taxing of oil (see taxing).

GAS COMPANIES, bill to authorize municipal authorities to limit charges of (see charges).

GAS COMPANIES, bill to empower cities of second class to levy taxes on (see cities).

GAS FOR LIGHT, HEAT OR POWER, bill to provide revenue by taxation by imposing a tax upon capital stock and gross receipts of companies engaged in manufacture of (see tax).

GAS FROM ADJACENT LANDS, bill to authorize State Forestry Reservation Commission to grant right of way for transportation of (see Forestry).

GAS, to regulate operaton of wells producing natural

House Bill No. 583

Read in place in House by Mr. Whitman, 921.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 921.

Reported with amendment, 1303.

First reading, 1411.

Second reading, 1527.

Third reading and final passage, 1796.

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Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1802.

Reported with amendment, 2538.

First reading, 2554.

Second reading, 2698.

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GAS, to regulate use of appliances for heating and cooking by means of

Read in place in House by Mr. Knight, 304.

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 304.

GAS USED FOR ILLUMINATING or cooking purposes, to make it unlawful to use any automatic device, meter or machine operated by placing therein any coin token or slug for distribution of

Read in place in House by Mr. Shern, 104.

Referred to Committee on Corporations, 104.

GASOLINE, bills relating to sale and inspection of (see petroleum).

GASOLINE BY PUBLIC AND PRIVATE GARAGES in quantities over five gallons, to regulate keeping of

House Bill No. 607

Read in place in House by Mr. Gans, 568.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 568.

Reported with amendment, 1340.

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Second reading and recommitteed to committee, 2086.

GAY, GEORGE E., member of board of examiners to examine applicants for office of mine inspector for bituminous coal mines, nominated, 27.

GAYLEY, W. C., Trustee of State Hospital of Middle Coal Field, at Hazleton, nominated, 24.

Reported, 939.

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GEARY, THOMAS PAUL, Representative from First District, (Allegheny county).

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 961, 962, 977, 978, 1023, 1035, 1038.

House Bill No. 593, validating certain elections relative to increasing indebtedness of municipalities and bonds issued pursuant thereto, 2016.

Appointment of, on

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Bills introduced by

Making appropriation to Eye and Ear Hospital of Pittsburg, 112.

Making appropriation to Pittsburg Newsboys' Home, 302.

Making appropriation to Roselia Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital of the City of Pittsburg, 112.

Making appropriation to St. Joseph's Protectory for Homeless Boys, Pittsburg, 142.

Making appropriation to Tuberculosis League of Pittsburg, 112.

GEARY, THOMAS PAUL—Continued.

Supplement to act creating Bureau of Health in cities of second class providing for vacation or destruction of dangerous buildings, 252.

Supplement to act to safeguard human life and health by providing for isolation of persons afflicted with tuberculosis and other communicable diseases, 210.

Bills reported by

No. 73 (Senate Bill No. 1195)
Authorizing cities of first class to remit taxes owing by any hospital where any dispute has arisen as to right of city to collect such taxes, 1610.

No. 1142 (Senate Bill No. 1062)
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No. 1143 (Senate Bill No. 1063)
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No. 1144 (Senate Bill No. 1064)
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No. 1145 (Senate Bill No. 1065)
Making an appropriation to the Pittsburg and Allegheny Home for the Friendless, situated in the City of Pittsburg, 2242.

No. 1146 (Senate Bill No. 1066)
Making an appropriation to the Woods Run Industrial House of Allegheny, now North Side, Pittsburg, 2242.

No. 1147 (Senate Bill No. 1067)
Making an appropriation to the Eye and Ear Hospital of Pittsburg, 2242.

No. 1148 (Senate Bill No. 1068)
Making an appropriation to the Pittsburg Newsboy's Home of Pittsburg, 2242.

No. 1149 (Senate Bill No. 1069)
Making an appropriation to the St. Joseph's Protectory for Homeless Boys, of Pittsburg, 2242.

No. 1150 (Senate Bill No. 1070)
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Motion by, to

Postpone for present House Bill No. 613, providing that persons buying real estate from executors or trustees shall take title to same free of any obligation to see to application of purchase money, 2345.

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House Bill No. 172, supplement to act creating Bureau of Health in Department of Public Safety in cities of second class providing for vacation or destruction of certain buildings, 645.

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GENERAL AND EMERGENCY HOSPITAL of Pittsburg, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1128.

Read in place in House by Mr. McClung, 109.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 109.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2338.
Second reading, 2418.
Third reading and final passage, 2792, 2793.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

In Senate (No. 1051)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2688.
First reading, 2711.
Second reading, 2918.
Third reading and final passage, 3092.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

GENERAL AND EMERGENCY HOSPITALS, bill to provide for regulation of appropriations for erection equipment and maintenance of (see hospitals).

GENERAL ASSEMBLY, bill to provide for additional officers and employes of (see House of Representatives).

GENERAL ASSEMBLY, to fix compensation and allowance for members of

House Bill No. 755
Read in place in House by Mr. Carter, 304.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 304.
Reported with amendment, 1695.
First reading, 1751.
Second reading and amended, 1960.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 2290.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill passe finally, 2306.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3472.
Signed by Speaker.

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In Senate (No. 773)
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Second reading, 2694.
Third reading and postponed for present, 2897.
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Signed by President pro tempore, 3394.

Remarks on by,
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GENERAL ASSEMBLY, to fix number and compensation officers and employes of

Read in place in House by Mr. Gray, 921.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 921.

GEOGRAPHIC POSITION TO ALL STATE SURVEYS, bill establish (see surveys).

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY COMMISSION, bill making appropriation to carry out provisions of act relating establishment of Topographic and (see Topographic).

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GEORGE JUNIOR REPUBLIC ASSOCIATION of Weste Pennsylvania, making appropriation to

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Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 472.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2339.
Second reading, 2420.
Third reading and final passage, 2797.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

In Senate (No. 1064)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2712.
Second reading, 2919.
Third reading and final passage, 3094.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

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GERBERICH, DANIEL P., Senator from Seventeenth D trict (Lebanon County and part of Lancaster Cou ty).

Amendment offered by, to
Senate Bill No. 379, authorizing Battlefield Commi sion of Third Division, Ninth Corps, Army of t Potomac to purchase additional ground, 1228.

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Bills introduced by

Abolishing offices of Superintendent and Assistant Superintendent of Bureau of Railways in Department of Internal Affairs and creating offices of Chief and Assistant Chief, 454.

Authorizing printing and binding of annual report of Commissioner of Health in two separate volumes, 2526.

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Making appropriation to Columbia Hospital, 664.

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No. 45

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No. 125 (House Bill No. 56)

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No. 181 (House Bill No. 287)

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Relating to cold storage and refrigerating warehouses and places, 487.

No. 200

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No. 214 (House Bill No. 896)

Amending act relative to practice of osteopathy by providing for issuing of certificates for licenese to practice osteopathey, 539.

No. 261 (House Bill No. 777)

Relating to right to practice medicine and surgery and providing a Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure, 1067, 1231, 609.

No. 292 (House Bill No. 638)

Authorizing purchase of Wm. Penn's own copy of map which fixed boundaries of Pennsylvania in 1685, 903.

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No. 379 (House Bill No. 1369)

Authorizing Battlefield Commission, 3d Division, 9th Corps, Army of Potomac, to purchase additional ground and publish history of dedication of monument at Petersburg, Virginia, 1099.

No. 382 (House Bill No. 1287)

Amending act providing for personal registration of electors in cities of first and second classes by changing registration days and form of register, 1254, 1418.

No. 448

To prevent manufacture and sale of adulterated or misbranded alcoholic drinks, 1173.

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No. 567 (House Bill No. 897)

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No. 568 (House Bill No. 327)

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No. 569 (House Bill No. 322)

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No. 592 (House Bill No. 328)

Amending act authorizing municipalities to unite in construction of sewage system by including townships, 1706.

No. 609 (House Bill No. 148)

Amending act to establish Medical Council providing for examination of certain students at end of two years' course or its equivalent, 1706.

Bill No. 757 (House Bill No. 405)

To regulate temperature of milk and cream intended to be shipped, sold or offered for sale, 2887.

No. 792 (House Bill No. 1342)

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No. 826 (House Bill No. 646)

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Motions by, to

Proceed to consideration of House amendments to Senate Bill No. 261, relating to right to practice medicine and surgery and providing Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure, 2440.

Proceed to consideration of Senate Bill No. 621, regulating appointment or election of deputy controllers in cities, 2000.

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Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 45, relating to right to practice medicine and surgery in Pennsylvania, 248.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 143, extending police power of municipalities as regards municipalities, 908.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 144, relating to taxes in respect of all advertising displayed from real estate, 908.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 197, amending act relating to food, 563.

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Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 200, rgulating practice of medicine and surgery and establishing Board of Medical Examiners, 563.

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Refer to Committee concurrent resolution relating to Battlefield Commission of Third Division, Ninth Corps, Army of the Potomac, 456.

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Report by, of

Committee to escort Judge Kunkel to Senate Chamber, 70.

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Authorizing Battlefield Commission of 3d Division, 9th Corps, Army of Potomac, to use unexpended balance of appropriation, 242

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GERMAN BAPTIST HOME FOR AGED of Philadelphia, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1333

Read in place in House by Mr. Abbott, 171.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 171.
Reported with amendment, 2972.
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Second reading, 3014.
Third reading and final passage, 3196, 3197.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3530.
Signed by Speaker, 3589.

In Senate (No. 1219)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3047.
Reported without amendment, 3121.
First reading, 3178.
Second reading, 3301.
Third reading and final passage, 3389, 3390.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3539.

GERMAN HOME FOR AGED at Fair Oaks, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1035

Read in place in House by Mr. Alter, 252.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 252.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2334.
Second reading, 2406.
Third reading and final passage, 2761, 2762.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.

In Senate (No. 964)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2707.
Second reading, 2911.
Third reading and final passage, 3075.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

GERMAN HOSPITAL of City of Philadelphia, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1290

Read in place in House by Mr. Patrick Conner, 134.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 134.
Reported with amendment, 2589.
First reading, 2600.
Second reading, 2839.
Third reading and final passage, 2993.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3530.
Signed by Speaker, 3589.

In Senate (No. 1239)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3045.
Reported without amendment, 3122.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 3179.
Re-reported without amendment, 3180.
Second reading, 3303.
Third reading and final passage, 3393.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3539.

GERMAN PROTESTANT HOME FOR AGED at Fair Oaks, Allegheny County, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 72

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 150.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 150.
Reported without amendment, 241.
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GETTYSBURG BATTLEFIELD MEMORIAL COMMISSION for balance required for transportation, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 117.
Referred to Committee on Appropriation, 117.

GETTYSBURG BATTLEFIELD MEMORIAL COMMISSION for bronze statues and for other special purposes, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 941

Read in place in House by Mr. Towsend, 436.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 436.
Reported with amendment, 2236.
First reading, 2329.
Second reading, 2390.
Third reading and final passage, 2730.
Returned from Senate with amendment, 3311.
Concurred in Senate amendment, 3311.
Signed by Speaker, 3479.

In Senate (No. 872)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2656.
Reported without amendment, 2683.
First reading, 2703.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2905.
Re-reported without amendment, 2929.
Third reading and final passage, 3058.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3282.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

GETTYSBURG BATTLEFIELD MEMORIAL COMMISSION for transportation expenses connected with dedication, appropriation to

House Bill No. 935

Read in place in House by Mr. Riebel, 94.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 95.
Reported without amendment, 2236.
First reading, 2329.
Second reading, 2389.
Third reading and final passage, 2728.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.

In Senate (No. 866)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2656.
Reported without amendment, 2683.
First reading, 2702.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2905.
Re-reported without amendment, 2929.
Third reading and final passage, 3057.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

GETTYSBURG BATTLEFIELD MEMORIAL COMMISSION report of,

Presented to Senate, 7.
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Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 8.
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GETTYSBURG COMMISSION, Fiftieth Anniversary of Battle of, report of,

Presented to and read in Senate, 66.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 66.
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GETTYSBURG BATTLEFIELD MEMORIAL, resolutions presented to Senate from Allegheny County Grand Army Association for appropriation to complete 1001.

Resolutions referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1001.

GETTYSBURG BATTLEFIELD MEMORIAL, resolutions presented to Senate from Encampment No. 1 of Union Veteran League of Pittsburg for appropriation to complete, 1100.

Resolutions referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1100.

(IENT TREATY OF PEACE between English Speaking Peoples, concurrent resolution (House) by Howard, in reference to celebration of one hundredth anniversary of, 689.
Resolution referred to Committee on Federal Relations, 690.
Reported without amendment, considered and agreed to, 1097.
Returned from Senate, concurred in, 2024.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, in Senate, 1102.
Reported without amendment, considered and agreed to, 2005.
Approved by Governor, 2558.

(HRIEST, OF ALLEGHENY amount paid for commissions as Notary Public, making appropriation to refund to George T.
Senate Bill No. 90
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 222.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 222.
Reported without amendment, 241.
First reading, 275.
Second reading, 295.
Third reading and final passage, 347.
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Signed by President, 1705.
Approved by Governor, 1798.
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Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 399.
Reported without amendment, 1026.
First reading, 1091.
Second reading, 1375.
Third reading and final passage, 1683.
Signed by Speaker, 1757.

IBBONS, JOHN F., Member of Board of Registration Commissioners in and for City of Scranton, nominated, 26.
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Confirmed, 405.

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Amendments offered by, to
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House Bill No. 144, for safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings in cities of third class, 570.
House Bill No. 145, for safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings in boroughs, 571.
House Bill No. 146, for safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings in townships, 572.
House Bill No. 744, amending act defining rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating effect of contracts by providing for amicable scire facias, 2122.
House Bill No. 1251, creating in Department of Agriculture offices of State Zoologist and Horticulturist and Assistant Zoologist and Horticulturist, 2514.
House Bill No. 1273, amending act providing for election and appointment of road supervisors in townships of second class, 2958.

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Amending an act amending an act in reference to legal holidays, 95.
Amending thirty-third section of act relating to rights and liabilities of parties to contracts, 141.
Authorizing Commonwealth to rebuild county bridges over certain streams, 1304.
Making appropriation to Aged Colored Women's Home at Williamsport, 189.
Making appropriation to Boys' Industrial Home at Williamsport, 189.
Making appropriation to Home for Friendless of City of Williamsport, 156.
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To further amend eighteenth section of act establishing State Highway Department, 1304.
To provide for publishing of proceedings of dedication of monument at Cold Harbor, Virginia, 884.
To provide punishment for desertion and non-support of wife by husband or of children by either father or mother, 638.

GIBSON, RALPH—Continued.
Bills reported by
No. 31 (Senate Bill No. 339)
Making appropriation for bonus to townships of second class which abolish work tax, 140.
No. 190 (Senate Bill No. 54)
Amending act establishing State Board of Agriculture, 436.
No. 265 (Senate Bill No. 800)
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No. 266 (Senate Bill No. 733)
Providing for association of commissioners and supervisors in counties, 714.
No. 336 (Senate Bill No. 717)
Providing for licensing of those engaged in selling agricultural products on commission, 734.
No. 570.
Amending act relating to contracts for work and materials by providing that security to be given shall be judgment bond, 1281.
No. 584 (Senate Bill No. 409)
Authorizing publication of report of late Doctor Leonard Pearson upon foot and mouth disease, 1303.
No. 830 (Senate Bill No. 492)
Amending act establising State Livestock Sanitary Board providing for organization of said board and fixing salaries of treasurer and clerk, 1919.
No. 1243 (Senate Bill No. 602)
Amending act relating to road supervisors in townships of second class providing for appointment of secretary and treasurer and fixing their compensation and relating to road tax, 2473.
No. 1251
Creating in Department of Agriculture offices of State Zoologist and Horticulturist and Assistant Zoologist and Horticulturist, 2248.

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Motions by, to
Adjourn, 322.
Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 744, amending act defining rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating effect on contracts for work and labor to be performed by providing for an amicable scire facias, 2473.
Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 126, supplement to act relating to roads, highways and bridges, 1330.

Petitions presented by, from
Battle Creek Grange No. 1301, Patrons of Husbandry, for better telephone facilities, 313.
Camp No. 574, P. O. S. of A. for memorial to founders of public school system, 776.
Camp No. 578, P. O. S. of A. for memorial to founders of public school system, 776.
Council 513, Jr. O. U. A. M. for memorial to founders of public school system, 776.
West Branch Grange No. 136, Patrons of Husbandry, Lycoming County, for better telephone facilities, 313.

Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 312, to establish a public school system, 985.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by,
Recalling House Bill No. 126, supplement to act relating to roads, highways and bridges, from Governor for amendment, 1216.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

GIFTS IN CONNECTION WITH SALE of any package, bundle or parcel of merchandise, bill to prohibit awarding of prizes, premiums or (see premiums).

GIFTS, LEGACIES AND INHERITANCES of personal property and to provide for collection thereof, bill to tax (see taxing).

GILES, MISS IDA F., Member of State Board of Examiners for Registration of Nurses, nominated, 24.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

GILKESON, FRANKLIN, Representative from Bucks County,

Appointment of, on

Standing committes, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Amending act encouraging propagation of fish and catching of fish in Delaware River above Trenton Falls, 959.

Amending act relating to court stenographers making it duty of official stenographers to transcribe and furnish copy of their notes to counsel, 777.

Amending act relating to road supervisors in townships of second class by fixing compensation of collectors for collection of road taxes, 303.

Amending section nine of act relating to propagation of fish and taking of fish in Delaware River below Trenton Falls, 846.

Authorizing completion of dike for protection of property adjacent of Delaware River in Falls Township, Bucks County, 638.

Authorizing County Commissioners to erect and maintain dykes, banks, causeways or sluiceways on certain streams, 124.

Making appropriation for construction of fish hatchery in Bucks County, 315.

Making appropriation to Lucy M. Burd Industrial School, 391.

Regulating payment of any deposit made in the names of two persons, 142.

Bills reported by

No. 109 (Senate Bill No. 400)

Providing for amendment of pleadings of civil Courts of Common Pleas, 301.

No. 246 (Senate Bill No. 557)

Permitting building associations or other corporations whose charters have expired to satisfy mortgages, 590.

No. 247

Providing for termination of any recognizance or mortgage on real estate when debt is overdue, 590.

No. 248

Requiring reasons for motion for judgment or non-suit to be made matter of record, 590.

No. 349 (Senate Bill No. 534)

Regulating reportes for purposes of taxation by corporations any of evidences of indebtedness of which are held by residents, 735.

No. 386 (Senate Bill No. 234)

Amending act relating to incorporation of certain corporations by fixing number of viewers at three, 881.

No. 589 (Senate Bill No. 812)

Amending act providing for health and safety of minors in certain employments so as to exclude tanneries, 1303.

No. 622 (Senate Bill No. 807)

Relating to practice in courts of common pleas where either party is chartered corporation, 1340.

No. 792

Regulating arrest, detention, photographing and measurement of persons charged with crime, 1758.

Election of, 43.

Motions by, to

Amend motion relative to special order for School Code, 2719.

Change time for special order for School Code, 2589.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 96, relating to payment of deposit made in names of two persons, 486.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 142, amending act relating to road supervisors in townships of second class, 441.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 96, regulating payment of any deposit made with any bank in names of two persons, 397. 690.

House Bill No. 112, to further regulate granting of licenses for sale of liquors, 485.

House Bill No. 216, amending act creating Department of State Police as regards salaries, 930.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

GILL, H. B., Member of State Board to Examine Expert Accountants, nominated, 25.

GILL NET of more than thirty meshes deep in certain boundary lakes, bill to forbid use of (see net).

GILLESPIE, DAVID L., Inspector of State Penitentiary for Western District, nominated, 23.

GINSENG CULTIVATED FOR COMMERCIAL PURPOSES, bill to protect growers of (see plants).

GIRL FOR IMMORAL PURPOSES so as to prevent procuring for immoral purposes any woman or girl residing in or out of Pennsylvania, bill to amend act to prevent enticing into Pennsylvania of any woman or (see immoral).

GIRLS' TRAINING SCHOOL, 131 East Third Street, Williamsport, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1012

Read in place in House by Mr. Rider, 188.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 188.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2333.
Second reading, 2402.
Third reading and final passage, 2754.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.

In Senate (No. 942)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2685.
First reading, 2706.
Second reading, 2910.
Third reading and final passage, 3071.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

GIRLS' TRAINING SCHOOL, 131 East Third Street, Williamsport, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Sones, 118.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 118.

GLEN MILLS SCHOOL in Eastern District of Commonwealth for special purposes in boys' department at Glen Mills, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1050

Read in place in House by Mr. William Ward, Jr., 98.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 98.
Reported with amendement, 2239.
First reading, 2334.
Second reading, 2408.
Third reading and amended, 2766.
Final passage, 2993.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3529.
Signed by Speaker, 3588.

In Senate (No. 1230)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3043.
Reported without amendment, 3121.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 3179.
Re-reported without amendment, 3180.
Second reading, 3302.
Third reading and final passage, 3391.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3539.

GLEN MILLS SCHOOL in Eastern District of Commonwealth for special purposes of girls' department near Darlington, making appropriation to the

House Bill No. 1255

Read in place in House by Mr. William Ward, Jr., 98.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 98.
Reported with amendment, 2323.
First reading, 2384.
Second reading and amended, 2835.
Third reading and final passage, 2988.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3490.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3490.
Signed by Speaker, 3588.

In Senate (No. 1209)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3044.
Reported without amendment, 3120.
First reading, and recommitted to Committee, 3177.
Re-reported with amendment, 3181.
Second reading, 3300.
Third reading and final passage, 3388.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3409.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3538.

GLEN MILLS SCHOOLS in Eastern District of Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1071

Read in place in House by Mr. William Ward, Jr., 98.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 98.
Reported with amendment, 2240.
First reading, 2335.
Recommitted to Committee, 2385.

:N MILLS SCHOOLS—Continued.
Re-reported with amendment, 2516.
Second reading and amended, 2834.
Third reading and final passage, 2986.
Returned from Senate wtihout amendment, 3529.
Signed by Speaker, 3588.

n Senate (No. 1205)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3044.
Reported without amendment, 3120.
First reading, and recommitted to Committee, 3177.
Re-reported without amendment, 3181.
Second reading, 3300.
Third reading and final passage, 3387.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3538.

EHRING, HARRY M., Member of Board of Osteopathic Examiners for Pennsylvania, nominated, 92.
Reported, 168.
Confirmed, 169.

ETHAL to deliver illustrated lecture on Panama Canal in Hall of House of Representatives, resolution (House) in reference to requesting Col., 211.
Communication from Col. Goethal read, 690.

LDEN SEAL CULTIVATED FOR COMMERCIAL PURPOSES, bill to protect growers of (see plants).

OD, J. LEWIS, Brigadier General of National Guard of Pennsylvania, nominated, 27.
Reported, 938.
Confirmed, 956.

OD, J. LEWIS, Member of State Board of Undertakers, nominated, 25.
Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

OD ROADS bill to authorize road supervisors to subscribe to not more than three publications concerning (see road)

OD SAMARITAN HOSPITAL of Lebanon, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 957
Read in place in House by Mr. Freeman, 124.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 124.
Reported with amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2330.
Second reading, 2393.
Third reading and final passage, 2735, 2736.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.

In Senate (No. 887)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2656.
Reported without amendment, 2684.
First reading, 2703.
Second reading, 2906.
Third reading and final passage, 3061, 3062.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

OOD, W. BRUCE, Representative from Fourth District, (Luzerne County).

Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83. 84, 85.

Bills introduced by
Amending act relating to erection of poor house by Township of Wilkes-Barre authorizing appointment of additional directors of poor in certain boroughs, 188.
Making appropriation to Nanticoke Hospital Association, 97.
Providing for elections of commissioners of townships of first class and filling of vacancies in office of township treasurer, 591.
Providing for examination of Nanticoke Hospital and for its transfer to Commonwealth under certain conditions, 1329.
Providing for relocating and marketing at expense of proper county of all original warranty tracts, 591.
Providing that no borough shall hereafter be incorporated out of township of first class, 591.
Repealing act relating to abandoned turnpikes, 115.

Bills reported by
No. 229
Repealing act establishing in certain counties Board for Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and county purposes, 589.

GOOD, W. BRUCE—Continued.
No. 351
Amending act relating to poor-house in township of Wilkes-Barre appointing additional directors of the poor, 776.
No. 510
Joint resolution purposing amendment to section one of article nine of Constitution of Pennsylvania relating to taxation, 1081.

Election of, 44.

Motion by, to
Drop from calendar House Bill No. 351, amending act relating to erection of poor house by township of Wilkes-Barre authorizing judges to appoint additional director of poor for certain boroughs, 1359.

Petitions presented by, from
Citizens of Luzerne County, against House Bill No. 191, 845.
Grange No. 291 of Luzerne County against Halferty Oleomargarine Bill, 2220.
Grange No. 308, Patrons of Husbandry of Luzerne County for equalization of taxation, 1357.
Grange No. 308, Patrons of Husbandry of Luzerne County for initiative and referendum, 1357.
Huntingdon Creek Grange No. 398 of Huntingdon County for equalization of taxation, 1237.
Huntingdon Creek Grange No. 398 of Huntingdon County for initiative and referendum, 1237.

Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 59, repealing act relating to repair and maintenance of certain turnpikes, 261.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

GOODS AND CHATTELS that have been seized by sheriff upon execution, attachment or other process and claimed to belong to others than defendant, bill relating to proceedings for (see sheriff)

GOODS ARE STORED IN ANY WAREHOUSE or papers in similtude of warehouse receipts, bill to prevent issuing or transfer by other than a warehousemen of papers certifying that (see warehouseman).

GOODS, bill relating to sale of (see sale).

GOODS OR CHATTELS have been levied upon or seized by the sheriff, bill to amend section one of act relating to proceedings where (see sheriff).

GOVERNMENT OF BOROUGHS OF FIRST CLASS, bill to divide boroughs with respect to population into two classes and to provide for form of (see boroughs).

GOVERNMENT OF CITIES, bills relating to (see cities).

GOVERNOR, approved by, of acts after adjournment of Legislature of 1909,
Presented to Senate, 10, 22.
Presented to House, 53.

GOVERNOR, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Wilbert in regard to time for joint session to compute vote for, 6.
Resolution returned by House, 7.
Notification to Senate of appointment of teller by House, 7.
Vote presented to Senate, 7
Committee of House escorts members of Senate to House to compute vote, 36.
Members of Senate return from House, 36.
Teller's report to Senate of proceedings of joint session, 36.
Vote for shown, by counties, 37.
summary of, 40.
Resolution concurred in by House, 50.
Appointment of teller by House, 50.
Committee to be appointed to conduct Senate to Hall of House to compute vote, resolution (House) authorizing, by Gransback, 52.
Appointment of said Committee by House, 52.
Committee reports to House and is discharged, 52.
Joint session held, 52.
Teller's report to House of proceedings of joint session, 53.

GOVERNOR, inaugural address of

GOVERNOR, inaugural address or
Presented to and read in Senate, 67.

GOVERNOR, message from,
Presentation and reading of, in Senate, 7.
Presentation and reading of, in House, 50.
Printing of, concurrent resolution (Senate) providing for, by Keyser, 7.
Resolution returned by House, 41.
Concurred in by House, 51.
Approved by Governor, 57.

GOVERNOR, resolution, (Senate), providing for printing of appointments of, 5.

GRADE CROSSINGS OF RAILROAD COMPANIES, bills relating to (see railroad).

GRADE OF STREETS AND HIGHWAYS in cities and boroughs, bill relating to benefits and damages to property caused by change of (see railroads).

GRADED COMPENSATION FOR COLLECTORS of road taxes, bill to amend act relating to road supervisors in townships of second class by providing for a (see townships).

GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS, making appropriation for building and laboratories for milling and testing
Read in place in House by Mr. Kelsey, 302.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 302.

GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS, making appropriation for building and laboratories for milling and testing
Senate Bill No. 158
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Manbeck, 267.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 267.
Reported without amendment, 374.
First reading, 413.
Second reading, 467.
Recommitted to Committee, 496.
Re-reported with amendment, 1205.
Recommitted to Committee, 1228.
Re-reported with amendment, 2215.
Third reading and final passage, 2268.
In House
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2312.

GRAND ARMY OF REPUBLIC by requiring commissioners to make payments specified and fixing maximum amount thereof, to amend act relating to appropriation for Memorial Day Expenses to each Post of
Senate Bill No. 675
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Endsley, 490.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 490.
Reported without amendment, 2005.
First reading, 2183.
Second reading, 2213.
Third reading and final passage, 2275.
Returned from House without amendment, 3382.
Signed by President Pro tempore, 3404.
In House (No. 1271)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2312.
Reported without amendment, 2385.
First reading, 2515.
Second reading, 2561.
Third reading and final passage, 3483.
Signed by Speaker, 3591.

GRAND VIEW INSTITUTION of Oil City, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1232
Read in place in House by Mr. Whitman, 112.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 112.
Reported without amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2343.
Second reading, 2436.
Third reading and final passage, 2826.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3479.
In Senate (No. 1147)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2664.
Reported without amendment, 2691.
First reading, 2715.
Second reading, 2925.
Third reading and final passage, 3111.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

GRAND VIEW INSTITUTION of Oil City, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Knapp, 223.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 223.

GRAND VIEW SANATORIUM for care and treatment of poor consumptives, located at Oil City, bill to authorize State Department of Health to accept title to The (see sanatorium).

GRANSBACK, HENRY, Representative from Ninth District, (Philadelphia County).
Appointments of, on
Special committee, 52.
Standing committees, 83, 84, 99.
Bills introduced by
Making appropriation to Hebrew Sheltering Home and Day Nursery for Children in the County of Philadelphia, 95.
Making appropriation to Roosevelt Hospital of Philadelphia, 104.
Election of, 44.
Leave of absence asked for, 1116.
Report by, of
Committee to conduct Senate to Hall of House to compute vote for State officers, 52.
Resolution offered by, in
Reference to appointment of committee to escort members of Senate to Hall of House to compute vote for State officers, 52.
Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

GRATUITY AND AN ANNUITY TO PATRICK LEONARD, late Sergeant in Captain J. H. Wilson's Company G, 17th Regiment, National Guard of Pennsylvania by fixing annuity herein provided for, bill to amend act granting (see Leonard).

GRAVE AND REMOVE CLANDESTINELY ANY BODY or remains, bill making it a felony to open any (see body).

GRAVE OF GOVERNOR JOSEPH RITNER in church yard at Mount Rock, Cumberland County, bill making appropriation for repair of marker at (see Ritner).

GRAVES OF CERTAIN SOLDIERS AND SAILORS by extending its provisions to widows of soldiers and sailors, to amend act relating to metal markers for
House Bill No. 281
Read in place in House by Mr. Shaffer, 416.
Referred to Committee on Military, 416.
Reported without amendment, 715.
First reading, 751.
Second reading, 872.
Third reading and final passage, 1187.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2947.
Signed by Speaker, 3183.
Remarks on, by
Ailman, 872.
Shaffer, 872.
In Senate (No. 782)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1182.
Reported without amendment, 2525.
First reading, 2553.
Second reading, 2696.
Third reading and final passage, 2898.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3114.

GRAVE STONES OR OTHER ORNAMENTAL CONSTRUCTIONS in, and above cemeteries and graveyards for contract price thereof of balance due thereon, bill to secure and perpetuate liens upon (see liens).

GRAVEYARDS, to make it duty of township supervisors to keep in repair certain neglected
Read in place in House by Mr. Martin, 472.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 472.

GRAY, FRANK, Representative from Seventeenth District, (Philadelphia County).
Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.
Bills introduced by
Amending second section of act relating to safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings not in cities of first and second classes, 140.
Making appropriation to Hayes Mechanics' Home located in the City of Philadelphia, 96.
Making appropriation to Home for Aged Veterans and Wives located in the City of Philadelphia, 103.

GRAY, FRANK—Continued.

Making appropriation to Pennsylvania Institution for Instruction of Blind, 959.

Making appropriation to Philadelphia Home for Infants, 121.

Providing for annual payment to citizens of Pennsylvania who volunteered in defense of State in 1862 or 1863, 209.

To extend right of action and granting appeals in cases in any court of record where plaintiff or defendant shall have lost right of appeal, 1400.

To fix compensation of members and number and compensation of officers and employes of General Assembly, 921.

Bills reported by

No. 638 (Senate Bill No. 292)

Authorizing purchase of Wm. Penn's own copy of map which fixed boundaries of Pennsylvania in 1685, 1350.

No. 1286 (Senate Bill No. 349)

Providing that all public school teachers who have taught for ten consecutive years shall be elected to permanent position, 2586.

Election of, 44.

Motion by, to

Postpone for present House Bill No. 216, amending act creating Department of State Police, 847.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Philadelphia favoring reading of Bible in public schools, 435, 471, 920.

Citizens of Philadelphia County favoring recommitting of School Code, 883.

Order of Independent Americans favoring recommitting School Code, 920, 1015.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

GRAYBILL, DAVID W., Representative from Second District, (Lancaster County).

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Authorizing boroughs to lay out and maintain as public parks lands heretofore acquired outside of borough limits, 777.

Establishing a fish hatchery in Lancaster County, 717.

Making appropriation to carry out provisions of act establishing Topographic and Geological Survey Commission, 210.

Making appropriation to cover deficiency in general appropriation act of 1909 to pay tuition of State Normal School students, 110.

Making appropriation to United Zion Home and Hospital, Lititz, 124.

Promoting consolidation of public schools, 189.

Bills reported by

No. 47

Requiring owners, lessees or operators of bituminous coal mines to furnish certain maps of mines and workings along division lines, 171.

No. 361 (Senate Bill No. 92)

Making appropriation to refund Alice A. Trill money paid for notary public commission, 820.

No. 728

Amending act regulating nomination and election of public officers by further regulating giving of assistance to electors when voting, 1610.

No. 729

To enable electors to express at November, 1911, election their preference for or against election of United States Senators by direct vote, 1610.

No. 1107 (Senate Bill No. 1031)

Making an appropriation to the United Zion Home Hospital, Lititz, Lancaster County, 2241.

No. 1108 (Senate Bill No. 1032)

Making an appropriation to the Topographic and Geological Survey Commission of Pennsylvania, 2241.

No. 1109 (Senate Bill No. 1033)

To provide for the making of facsimiles of ancient documents, papers, seals and arms belonging to the Commonwealth, and making an appropriation therefor, 2241.

No. 1110 (Senate Bill No. 1034)

Making an appropriation to the Department of Forestry to be used in rebuilding the dam at Promised Land Pond, in Pike County, 2241.

GRAYBILL, DAVID W.—Continued.

No. 1111 (Senate Bill No. 1035)

Making an appropriation to the Columbia Hospital, located at Columbia, Lancaster County, 2241.

No. 1112 (Senate Bill No. 1036)

Making an appropriation to the Bellefonte Hospital at Bellefonte, 2241.

No. 1113 (Senate Bill No. 1229)

Making an appropriation to the Brownsville General Hospital at Brownsville, Fayette County, 2241.

No. 1114 (Senate Bill No. 1037)

Making an appropriation to the Williamsport Hospital of the City of Williamsport, 2241.

No. 1282 (Senate Bill No. 1238)

Making appropriation to Trustees of Agricultural Experiment Station of Pennsylvania State College, 2569.

Election of, 43.

Leave of absence asked for, 437, 638, 1825.

Motion made by, to

Dispense with further reading of Journal, 170.

Remarks by, on

Concurrent resolution proposing amendment to section 3 of article 8 of Constitution of Pennsylvania relative to election of judges, 3214.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 97, requiring bonds given by certain officers to be approved by Court of Quarter Sessions and filed, 398.

House Bill No. 312, to establish a public school system, 969.

House Bill No. 384, establishing in each county a board of viewers, 1496.

House Bill No. 729, to enable electors to express at November, 1911, election their preference for or against election of United States Senators by direct vote, 1613.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by

Recalling House Bill No. 189, fixing terms of mayors and members of councils in cities, from Governor for amendment, 1197.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

GREENVILLE HOSPITAL, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1178

Read in place in House by Mr. Martin, 124.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 124.

Reported with amendment, 2243.

First reading, 2340.

Second reading, 2426.

Third reading and final passage, 2808, 2809.

Returned from Senate with amendments, 3318.

Non-concurred in Senate amendments, 3318.

Returned from Senate with adherence to its amendments notice of appointment of conference committee, 3371.

Conference committee appointed, 3371.

Conference committtee report considered and adopted, 3595.

Returned from Senate with conference committee report adopted, 3600.

Signed by Speaker, 3609.

In Senate (No. 1097)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2662.

Reported without amendment, 2690.

First reading, 2713.

Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2921.

Re-reported with amendment,

Third reading and final passage, 3100, 3101.

Returned from House with Senate amendments nonconcurred in, 3281.

Conference committee appointed, 3281.

Returned from House with adherence to its non-concurrence in Senate amendements and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3377, 3378.

Returned from House with conference committee report adopted, 3416.

Conference committee report considered and adopted, 3461.

Signed by President pro tempore, 3537.

GRIER, ISAAC X., Trustee for State Hospital for Insane, at Danville, nominated, 24.

Reported, 3118.

Confirmed, 3122.

GROOME, JOHN C., Superintendent of State Police, nominated, 23.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

GROOVE BETWEEN THE TREADS IN ALL TRACKS and rails of pasenger railway cars, bill to regulate width of (see railway).

GROUND FOR PUBLIC PURPOSES in Philadelphia, bill to repeal rule 13 of section 21 of act appropriating (see Philadelphia).

GROUND LIMESTONE FOR AGRICULTURAL PURPOSES, bill to regulate sale of lime, hydrated lime and (see lime).

GROVE CITY COLLEGE, making appropriation to Trustees of Read in place in House by Mr. Martin, 252.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 252.

GROVE CITY HOSPITAL, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1221
Read in place in House by Mr. Martin, 210.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 210.
Reported with amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2342.
Second reading, 2434.
Third reading and final passage, 2823.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3317.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3317.
Signed by Speaker, 3479.
In Senate (No. 1138)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2664.
Reported without amendment, 2691.
First reading, 2715.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2924.
Re-reported with amendment, 2930.
Third reading and final passage, 3109.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3282.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

GROVE, C. T., Representative from Third District, (York County).
Appointment of, on
Standing committes, 83, 84, 85.
Bills introduced by
To protect children from injuries from fire works and to regulate sale of same, 637.
To regulate setting of traps, 846.
Election of, 45.
Leave of absence asked for, 2184.
Petitions presented by, from
Citizens of Chambersburg, against passage of resident hunter's license law, 359.
Citizens of Franklin County, against passage or resident hunter's license law, 359.
Citizens of York County against passage of School Code, 300.
Citizens of York County for altering of route in Sproul Road Bill, 775.
Citizens of York County for Jones Road Bill, 1397.
Daughters of Liberty of York County for reading of Bible in public schools, 1081, 1397.
Hopewell Grange No. 1398, Patrons of Husbandry, York County, for better telephone facilities, 300.
P. O. S. of A. of Logansville, York County, for memorial to founders of public school system, 1081.
Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

GROWERS OF GINSENG, golden seal and other medical plants, bill to protect (see plants).

GUARDIANS, bill to regulate award and trial of issues of fact arising on disputed accounts of (see accounts).

GUARDIAN OF MINORS' PROPERTY to be examined and audited in certain way, to amend act relating to Orphans' Courts so as to permit accounts of
Senate Bill No. 401
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 700.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 700.
Reported without amendment, 938.
First reading, 1013.
Second reading, 1078.
Third reading and final passage, 1107.
Returned from House with amendment, 3147.
Concurred in House amendment, 3147.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3276.

GUARDIAN OF MINORS' PROPERTY—Continued.
In House (No. 765)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1170.
Reported with amendment, 1695.
First reading, 1830.
Second reading, 2126.
Third reading and final passage, 3224.
Returned from Senate with House amendment concurred in, 3309.
Signed by Speaker, 3494.

GUARDIAN OF MINORS, supplement to act relating to Orphans' Courts allowing trust companies under supervision of Banking Department to act as (see minors).

GUERCIO, making appropriation to pay judgments obtained against Commonweath by certain named executors of Mariassun to Acri
House Bill No. 825
Read in place in House by Mr. North, 637.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 637.
Reported without amendment, 1780.
First reading, 1834.
Second reading, 2147.
Third reading and final passage 2831.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3232.
Signed by Speaker, 3479.
In Senate (No. 839)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2655.
Reported without amendment, 2682.
First reading, 2701.
Second reading, 2887.
Third reading and final passage, 3052 .
Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

GUERNSEY, JOSEPH C., nominated as member of Board of Medical Examiners representing Homeopathic Medical Society, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

GUIDE BOOKS FOR STATE CAPITOL at Harrisburg to provide for publication of
Senate Bill No. 564
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox, 1436.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1436.
Reported without amendment, 1632.
First reading, 1744.
Second reading, 1816.
Third reading and amended, 1896.
Final passage, 1999.
In House
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2025.

GULDEN, administrator of Estate of Edward Gulden, expenses attending illness and death of said Edward Gulden, from smallpox, to refund to H. J.
Senate Bill No. 389
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Martin, 904.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 904.
Reported without amendment, 937.
First reading, 1012.
Second reading, 1076.
Third reading and final passage, 1105.
In House
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1170.

GUNS FOR HUNTING PURPOSES, bill to require all citizens to procure a license before using (see hunting).

GUTHRIE, GEORGE W., candidate for United States Senator, Vote for in House, 72.
Joint session held to compare vote, 77-78; 81-82.
Member of Advisory Board of Department of Health, nominated, 23.
Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

GUYAUX, P. J., Jr., Representative from First District, (Fayette County).
Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83. 85.
Bills introduced by
Making unnaturalized foreign-born residents subject to same taxation as citizens, 134.
Providing for employment of convicted criminals on public work, 76.

GUYAUX, P. J., JR.—Continued.

Providing that all legal notices required to be published in weekly newspapers may be published in daily newspapers, 436.

Bills reported by

No. 606 (Senate Bill No. 636)

Authorizing Department of Forestry to grant rights of way through State lands, 1340.

No. 857

Amending act for prevention of trespassing upon railway trains and consequent injuries to minors and other persons by requiring actions brought thereunder to be brought before magistrate of municipality wherein offence occurs, 1948.

Election of, 43.

Motions by, for

House to go into committee of whole to amend House Bill No. 269, providing for investigations when charges shall be preferred against a judge, 1335.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 877, providing for employment of convicted criminals on public work, 2371.

Reconsider vote on resolution to recall House Bill No. 69, making unnaturalized foreign-born residents subject to taxation in same manner as citizens, from Governor for amendment, 1085.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 69, making unnaturalized foreign born residents subject to taxation, 309.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by, in

Reference to recalling House Bill No. 69, to make unnaturalized foreign-born residents subject to taxation, from Governor for amendment, 1029.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

GYNECEAN HOSPITAL in the City of Philadelphia, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1162

Read in place in House by Mr. Shern, 96.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 96.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2340.
Second reading, 2423.
Third reading and final passage, 2803.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

In Senate (No. 1082)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2662.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2712.
Second reading, 2920.
Third reading and final passage, 3098.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

HAGGERTY, WILLIAM, Representative from Fourth District, (Lackawanna County).

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83. 85.

Bills introduced by

Barbers' license law, 884.
Empowering boroughs to grade and pave streets without petition of property owners, 302.
Fixing width of highways where same are crossed above or below grade by railroad tracks, 776.
Making appropriation to Home for Friendless of City of Scranton, 156.
Making appropriation to Mid Valley Hospital, 142.
Making appropriation to Relief Committee of Pancoast Mine Disaster, 1398.
Making appropriation to St. Joseph's Home and Maternity Hospital of Scranton, 156.
Making appropriation to West Mountain Sanatorium of Scranton, 98.
Providing a system whereby boroughs may build sewers and grade and pave streets, 304.
To require fire drills in factories and industrial establishments, 638.
To require fire drills in public schools, 638.

Bills reported by

No. 138

Authorizing election of tax collectors for four years in boroughs and townships, 323.

No. 149 (Senate Bill No. 366)

To prevent obstruction of inlets, drains or sewers, 390.

HAGGERTY, WILLIAM—Continued

Election of, 43.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Lackawanna County, against Hunters' License Bill, 414, 471.
Citizens of Lackawanna County for initiative and referendum, 1825.

Vote, of, for

United States Senator, 72.

HAHNEMANN HOSPITAL of Scranton, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 997

Read in place in House by Mr. Ehrhardt, 125.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 125.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2332.
Second reading, 2399.
Third reading and final passage, 2749.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.

In Senate (No. 927)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2685.
First reading, 2705.
Second reading, 2909.
Third reading and final passage, 3069.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

HAHNEMANN HOSPITAL of Scranton, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichols, 118.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 118.

HAHNEMANN MEDICAL COLLEGE and Hospital of Philadelphia, making appropriation to Hospital Department of

House Bill No. 1065.

Read in place by Mr. Fahey, 315.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 315.
Reported with amendment, 2240.
First reading, 2335.
Second reading, 2410.
Third reading and final passage, 2771.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3312.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3312.
Signed by Speaker, 3479.

In Senate (No. 990)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2708.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2913.
Re-reported with amendment, 2929.
Third reading and final passage, 3080.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3282.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

HAHNEMANN MEDICAL COLLEGE and Hospital of Philadelphia, making appropriation to Hospital Department of

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 291.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 291.

HALDEMAN, HORACE L., nominated as Colonel and Commissary General of Subsistence, National Guard of Pennsylvania, 27.

HALDEMAN, HORACE L., nominated as Colonal and Commissary General of Subsistence, Subsistence Department, 151.

Reported, 165.
Confirmed, 169.

HALFERTY, FRANK J., Representative from Fifth District, (Allegheny County).

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 118, providing uniform rate of assessment and taxation for all real estate in cities of second class, 1187.
House Bill No. 196, requiring payment of wages to be semi-monthly, 729.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

HALFERTY, FRANK J.—Continued.

Bills introduced by

Amending act fixing salaries of clerks and copyists in office of recorder of deeds of certain counties, 188.

Amending act fixing salary of deputy recorder of deeds in certain counties, 188.

Amending act relating to oleomargarine, 472.

Making appropriation to Home for Aged and Infirm Colored Women, Lemington Avenue, Pittsburg, 146.

Making appropriation to Home of Good Shepherd, 142.

Making appropriation to Industrial Home for Crippled Children at Pittsburg, 155.

Making appropriation to Pitsburg Hospital, Sisters of Charity, 104.

Making appropriation to Pittsburg Hospital Sisters of Charity, 315.

Providing uniform rate assessment and taxation for all real estate in cities of second class, 188.

Relating to school districts of second class, 591.

Repealing act relating to publication in certain counties of advertisements and notices in legal newspaper, 208.

To create Department of Inspection and Supervision of Public Offices and establish uniform system of accounting, auditing and reporting, 1168.

Bills reported by

No. 18 (Senate Bill No. 18)

Making appropriation to Pittsburg Hospital Sisters of Charity, 138.

No. 48 (Senate Bill No. 218)

Providing for expenses of county commissioners and county poor directors, 171.

No. 99 (Senate Bill No. 317)

Providing for new Western Penitentiary, 636.

No. 114 (Senate Bill No. 416)

Validating bonds increasing indebtedness of any municipality, 314.

No. 279 (Senate Bill No. 558)

Regulating pleadings in civil causes, 715.

No. 558

Amending act for safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings by regulating number and width of aisles, 1213.

No. 748

Providing that furniture and household goods leased or hired shall not be levied upon or sold for rent, 1695.

No. 766 (Senate Bill No. 164)

Providing for appointment of five directors of Middle Coal Field Poor District by Court of Quarter Sessions of Carbon County, 1695.

No. 1190 (Senate Bill No. 1109)

Making an appropriation to the Industrial Home for Crippled Children, Pittsburg, 2243.

No. 1191 (Senate Bill No. 1110)

Making an appropriation to the Pittsburg Hospital Sisters of Charity of Pittsburg, 2243.

No. 1192 (Senate Bill No. 1111)

Making an appropriation to the Home of the Good Shepherd, Lincoln Avenue, Pittsburg, 2243.

No. 1193 (Senate Bill No. 1112)

Making an appropriation to the Home for Aged and Infirm Colored Women, Lemington Avenue, Pittsburg, 2243.

No. 1194 (Senate Bill No. 1113)

Making an appropriation for the Irene Kaufman Settlement of Pittsburg, formerly known as the Columbian School and Settlement of Pittsburg, 2243.

No. 1195 (Senate Bill No. 1114)

Making an appropriation for the Sewickley Valley Hospital Association, Sewickley, County of Allegheny, 2243.

No. 1196 (Senate Bill No. 1115)

Making an appropriation to the De Paul Institute of Scott Township, Allegheny County, 2243.

No. 1369 (Senate Bill No. 379)

Authorizing Battlefield Commission of 3d Division, 9th Corps of Army of Potomac to purchase additional ground and authorize publication of proceedings of dedication of monument at Petersburg, Virginia, 3239.

Election of, 42.

Leave of absence asked for, 2349.

HALFERTY, FRANK J.—Continued.

Motions by, to

Postpone for present House Bill No. 118, providing for uniform rate of taxation for all real estate in cities of second class, 693.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 386, amending act to prohibit manufacture and sale of oleomargarine, butterine and other similar products when colored in imitation of yellow butter, 1953.

Petition presented by, from

Citizens of Allegheny County against Greater Pittsburg Bill, 589.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 196, requiring payment of wages to be semi-monthly, 729.

House Bill No. 586, amending act relating to manufacture and sale of oleomargarine and butterine, 1528, 2233, 2234, 2246.

Resolution, concurrent, (No. 5) reported by

Pertaining to reciprocity pact with Canada, 251.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

HALF-MOON BATTERIES OF REVOLUTIONARY WAR in Philadelphia, making appropriation for erection of monument on site of

Read in place in House by Mr. Breitinger, 689.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 689.

HALL, JAMES K. P., Senator from Twenty-Sixth District, (Forest, Elk, Clinton, Cameron and Clarion Counties).

Appointment of, as

Member of commission to investigate judges and other civil officers, 3456.

Appointments of, on

Conference committee, 2535.

Memorial committees, 408.

Standing committees, 79, 80, 92.

Bills introduced by

Enabling certain tax collectors to collect taxes for which they have become personally liable, 244.

Making appropriation for deficiency to pay tuition of students of State Normal School, 167.

Making appropriation to Central Normal School Association of Clinton County, 406.

Making appropriation to Elk County General Hospital of Ridgway, 167.

Making appropriation to Renovo Hospital, 244.

Making appropriation to Renovo Hospital, 832.

Providing for costs in case of prisoners committed to county prisons on charge of violation of an ordinance, 268.

Providing for election of one person for prothonotary, clerk of court of quarter sessions and clerk of court of oyer and terminer and one person for register of wills, recorder of deeds and clerk of orphans' court in certain counties in which all of said offices are now held by one person, 1100.

Quieting title of real estate and enabling certain corporations to hold real estate in this State, 1436.

Bills reported by

No. 137 (House Bill No. 800)

Relating to free public non-sectarian libraries, 282.

No. 299 (House Bill No. 887)

Providing for election of councilmen in boroughs and for organization of town councils, 671.

No. 449 (Senate Bill No. 12)

To provide for election of one person for prothonotary, clerk of courts of quarter sessions and of court of oyer and terminer and one other person for register of wills, recorder of deeds and clerk of orphans' courts in certain counties, 1173.

No. 636 (House Bill No. 606)

Authorizing Department of Forestry to grant rights of way through State lands, 2525.

No. 790 (House Bill No. 346)

Amending act to aid Auditor General in collection of taxes due Commonwealth from corporations and providing for personal liability of trustees, assignees, receivers or other non-judicial officers who fail to obey provisions thereof, 2525.

No. 791 (House Bill No. 448)

Authorizing Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings to rent offices outside of Capitol building when necessary, 2525.

No. 812 (House Bill No. 589)

Amending act providing for health and safety of minors in certain employments so as to exclude tanneries, 2603.

HALL, JAMES K. P.—Continued.

Election of, 2.

Leave of absence asked for, 57.

Motions by, for

Name of John Cadwalader as one of the Registration Commissioners for Philadelphia to be omitted from list of nominations to be confirmed by Senate, 3414.

Senate Bill No. 584, authorizing a married woman to make conveyances of real estate to her husband, to go over in its order, 1904.

Motions by, to

Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 558, further amending act regulating incorporation of certain corporations so as to compel water power companies to furnish such power for public purposes, 2204.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 424, regulating obtaining of releases from persons injured in certain employments, 2211.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 475, supplement to act relating to bituminous coal mines requiring wash houses to be provided and maintained, 1440.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 636, authorizing Department of Forestry to grant rights of way through State lands, 2178.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 1154, to protect lives and limbs of miners from dangers resulting from incompetent miners working in bituminous coal mines and providing for examination of those seeking employment as miners, 3290.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 1188, authorizing depositing of county funds at interest and regulating manner of selecting such depositories, 3293.

Nominations from committee reported by, 282.

Petition presented by, from

Citizens of Elk County for Jones Road Bill, 937.

Question of information raised by, on

Senate Bill No. 106, providing for additional officers and employes 277.

Senate Bill No. 156, regulating in criminal trials cross examination of defendant testifying in his own behalf, 501.

Senate Bill No. 1240, to provide for ordinary expenses of Executive, Judicial and Legislative Departments, interest on public debt and support of public schools for two fiscal years beginning June 1, 1911, 3419.

Remarks by, on

Motion to omit name of John Cadwalader as one of the Registration Commissioners for Philadelphia from list of nominations to be confirmed, 3415.

Presentation of testimonial of Senate to Hon. Charles H. Kline, Chairman of Senate Appropriation Committee, 3579.

Senate Bill No. 105, fixing salary of Private Secretary to the Governor, 271.

Senate Bill No. 336, authorizing Supreme Court to promulgate rules of practice for all courts of record of one kind, 947.

Senate Bill No. 407, requiring all citizens to procure license before using guns for hunting, 2448.

Senate Bill No. 449, providing for one person for prothonotary, clerk of court of quarter sessions and clerk of court of oyer and terminer and one person for register of wills, recorder of deeds and clerks of orphans' court in certain counties, 1257.

Senate Bill No. 558, further amending act providing for incorporation of certain corporations so as to compel water power companies to furnish such power for public purposes, 2204, 2205.

Senate Bill No. 1190, defining public service companies and establishing public service commission for supervision and regulation of such companies, 3296.

HALLS AND BUILDINGS of any and every kind where collections of people may be assembled to witness theatrical performances, bill to regulate betterment of protection to human life in all (see buildings).

HAMAKER, WINTERS D., nominated as Member of Board of Medical Examiners, representing Medical Society, 1069.

Reported, 1074.

Confirmed, 1075.

HAMOT HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION of City of Erie, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1200

Read in place in House by Mr. Shreve, 154.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 154.

Reported with amendment, 2243.

First reading, 2341.

Second reading, 2430, 2431.

HAMOT HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION—Continued.

Third reading and final passage, 2816.

Returned from Senate with amendments, 3316.

Concurred in Senate amendments, 3316, 3317.

Signed by Speaker, 3479.

In Senate (No. 1119)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2663.

Reported without amendment, 2690.

First reading, 2714.

Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2923.

Re-reported with amendment, 2929.

Third reading and final passage, 3105.

Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3282.

Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

HAMOT HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION of City of Erie making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 747

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Clark, 151.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 151.

Reported with amendment, 2266.

First reading, 2470.

Second reading, 2550, 2551.

Over in its order, 2618.

Recommitted to Committee, 2889.

HANDWRITING, bill relating to testimony of expert witnesses concerning (see witnesses).

HANIFEN, JOHN E., Inspector of State Penitentiary for Eastern District, nominated, 23.

HANOVER, making appropriation to Burgess and Town Council of Borough of

Read in place in House by Mr. Rebert, 959.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 959.

HANOVER PUBLIC ROAD in county of Adams, bill to cede jurisdiction to the United States over (see road).

HARBOR STRUCTURES IN CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, by fixing number of jury at three, bill to amend act relating to (see cities).

HARE, bill to fix open season for (see season).

HARGEST, WILLIAM M., Assistant Deputy Attorney General, nominated, 22.

Reported, 283.

Confirmed, 298.

HARPER, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Heacock, in reference to printing proceedings of memorial service in honor of late Honorable Thomas B., 545.

Resolution concurred in by House, 583.

Returned by House, 611.

Approved by Governor, 702.

HARPER, resolution (Senate) by Heacock, in reference to appointing committee to draft resolutions on death of the late Senator Thomas B., 281.

Committee appointed, 408.

Memorial services held and resolutions on death of Senator Harper adopted, 521, 522.

HARRISBURG, concurrent resolution (House) by G. A. Baldwin, in reference to investigating City of 1238, 1239.

Resolution referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 1238.

HARRISBURG HOSPITAL, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 955.

Read in place in House by Mr. Tunis, 251.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 251.

Reported with amendment, 2237.

First reading, 2330.

Second reading, 2393.

Third reading and final passage, 2735.

Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.

Signed by Speaker, 3473.

In Senate (No. 885)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2656.

Reported without amendment, 2684.

First reading, 2703.

Second reading, 2906.

Third reading and final passage, 3061.

Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

HARRISBURG HOSPITAL, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox, 221.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 221.

HARRISBURG PAPER, bill to amend act regulating deposits of State funds by requiring publication of monthly statement of State Treasurer in but one (see funds).

HARRISBURG POLYCLINIC HOSPITAL, petitions presented for appropriation to (see petitions).

HARRISON, bill making appropriation to aid in erection of memorial to Commodore Oliver Hazard Perry and General William Henry (see appropriation).

HARRISON, bill to repeal that part of act relating to sale of intoxicating liquors in certain townships of Allgheny County which relates to township of (see liquors).

HART, CHARLES D., Inspector of State Penitentiary for Eastern District, nominated, 23.

HARTRANFT, SAMUEL S., Commissioner of Valley Forge, nominated, 24.
Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

HARVEY, LANNING, nominated as Member of Board of Game Commissioners, 151.
Reported, 165.
Confirmed, 169.

HARVEY, OLIN F., Trustee of State Hospital for Insane, at Danville, nominated, 24.
Reported, 3118.
Confirmed, 3122.

HATCHERY NEAR WHITE HAVEN and making an appropriation therefor, bill authorizing Commissioner of Fisheries to purchase the Hayes Creek (see Hayes Creek).

HAUL SEINE IN TIDE WATER STREAMS for capture of carp, suckers, mullets and catfish, to authorize use of
House Bill No. 557
Read in place in House by Mr. Richard J. Baldwin, 1082.
Referred to Committee on Fisheries, 1082.
Reported without amendment, 1213.
First reading, 1243.
Second reading, 1518.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 1931.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill passed finally, 1936.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2842.
Signed by Speaker, 2942.
Remarks on by,
Mills, 1931.
Baldwin, R. J., 1931.
In Senate (No. 723)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1901.
Reported without amendment, 2263.
First reading, 2469.
Second reading, 2546.
Third reading and final passage, 2612.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2903.

HAYDEN, HORACE E., Member State Free Library Commission, nominated, 25.

HAYES CREEK HATCHERY NEAR WHITE HAVEN, to authorize Commissioner of Fisheries to purchase
Read in place in House by Mr. Brehm, 735.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 735.

HAYES MECHANICS' HOME, located in City of Philadelphia, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1295
Read in place in House by Mr. Gray, 96.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 96.
Reported with amendment, 2840.
First reading, 2997.
Second reading, 3011.
Third reading and final passage, 3184.
In Senate
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3047.

HAYES MECHANICS' HOME located in City of Philadelphia, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 89.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 89.

HAYES MECHANICS' HOME located in City of Philadelphia, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 700.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 700.

HAYS, THOMAS, Senator from Forty-First District, (Armstrong and Butler Counties),
Appointment of, as
Member of Commission of Soldiers' Orphans' School, 92.
Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 79, 80.
Bills introduced by
Making appropriation to Butler County General Hospital, 130.
Making appropriation to carry out provisions of acts relating to education and maintenance of orphans of deceased soldiers, sailors and marines, 102.
Making appropriation to State Normal School of Eleventh District located at Slippery Rock, 608.
Requiring all hospitals maintained wholly or in part by State appropriations to receive as patients without charge all sick or injured honorably discharged soldiers, sailors or marines who served in Civil War, 832.
Bills reported by
No. 109 (House Bill No. 456)
Relating to National Guard of Pennsylvania, 267.
No. 703 (House Bill No. 602)
Authorizing printing of additional copies of Bulletin 152 issued by Department of Agriculture, 2202.
Petitions presented by, from
Citizens of Butler County for Jones Road Bill and Ailman teachers' salary bill, 2201.
Citizens of Butler County for resident hunters' license bill, 2263.
Citizens of Butler County for Route 72 of Sproul Highway Bill, 1963.
Citizens of Butler County for Sproul Road bill, 1305.
Lone Tree Camp No. 16 of the Woodman of the World of West Sunbury against passage of House Bill No. 509, imposing tax on money collected from members of faternal societies, 3377.
Marshall Grange No. 539 Patrons of Husbandry of Armstrong County against amendment to Constitution to issue bonds for $50,000,000. 2885.
Marshall Grange No. 539, Patrons of Husbandry of Armstrong County for initiative and referendum, Ailman teachers' salary bill and Jones Road Bill, 2885.
Vote of, for
United States Senator, 71.

HEACOCK, JOSEPH, Senator from Twelfth District, (Montgomery County),
Amendments offered by, to
Senate Bill No. 93, repealing acts regulating fees to be charged by justices of the peace, aldermen and magistrates, 347.
Senate Bill No. 673, regulating sale of certain seeds, 2461.
Senate Bill No. 718, amending act relating to State Livestock Sanitary Board by further regulating appraisement of animals destroyed, 2468.
Appointments of, on
Memorial committee, 408.
Standing committees, 79, 80.
Bills introduced by
Joint resolution proposing amendment to section 1, Article 8 of Constitution of Pennsylvania, 223.
Making appropriation to Pennsylvania School of Horticulture for Women at Ambler, 941.
Making appropriation to Pottstown Hospital, 268.
Making appropriation to Trustees of State Hospital for Insane, at Norristown, 151.
Repealing all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with act relating to fees to be charged by justices of the peace, aldermen and magistrates, 151.
Bills reported by
No. 489 (House Bill No. 325)
For protection of shade and fruit trees growing along any highway, 2604.

HEACOCK, JOSEPH—Continued.

No. 490 (House Bill No. 123)

Prohibiting certain cruelty to cows, 1306.

No. 718 (House Bill No. 561)

Amending act relating to duties and powers of State Livestock Sanitary Board and prevention of diseases among domestic animals by further regulating appraisement of animals destroyed, 2218.

Election of, to

Motion by, to

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 673, regulating sale of certain seeds, 2183.

Petition presented by, from

Retail Merchants of Montgomery County against mercantile tax, 373.

Remarks by, at

Memorial Services for late Senator Thomas B. Harper, 521.

Remarks by, on

Senate Bill No. 42, repealing act relating to certain abandoned turnpikes, 462.

Senate Bill No. 506, regulating licensing of brewers and distillers, 2608.

Senate Bill No. 757, regulating temperature of milk and cream intended to be shipped and sold or offered for sale, 3140.

Senate Bill No. 793, regulating exhibiting or using of moving pictures and stereoptican views, 2891, 2892.

Senate Bill No. 1186, empowering supervisors or commissioners of any township to require street railway companies operating a double track line within any village having one track on each side of road to remove its tracks to middle of road, 3417.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by, in reference to

Printing proceedings of memorial services in honor of late Honorable Thomas B. Harper, 545.

Resolution offered by, in reference to

Memorial services for the late Senator Thomas B. Harper, 281.

Resolutions offered by, on

Death of late Senator Thomas B. Harper, 521.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 71.

HEADLIGHTS to require locomotives in certain cases to have electric or power

Read in place in House by Mr. Hunter, 526.

Referred to Committee on Railroads, 526.

HEADSTONE FOR ANY SOLDIER, sailor or marine, bill to require County Commissioners to appoint a sufficient number of persons to bury and provide a (see bury).

HEALEY, MICHAEL J., Representative from Third District, (Luzerne County).

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 85.

Bills introduced by

Authorizing State Treasurer to refund John H. Reed amount paid by him for his commission as Notary Public, 189.

Making appropriation to Pittston Hospital Association, 103.

Providing for appointment of auditors to settle accounts of directors, treasurer and tax collectors of certain poor districts, 1082.

To amend act relating to poor house at Pittston, 103.

Bills reported by

No. 106 (Senate Bill No. 207)

Joint Resolution for commission to investigate matter of surface support in connection with removal of anthracite coal, 301.

No. 422 (Senate Bill No. 594)

To regulate compensation of five clerks in Department of Mines, 970.

No. 909 (Senate Bill No. 842)

Making an appropriation to the Wyoming Valley Society for the prevention and treatment of tuberculosis of Wilkes-Barre, 2235.

No. 910 (Senate Bill No. 843)

Making an appropriation to the United Charities of Hazleton, 2235.

HEALEY, MICHAEL J.—Continued.

No. 911 (Senate Bill No. 844)

Making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Middle Coal Field, 2235.

No. 912 (Senate Bill No. 845)

Making an appropriation to the Almira Home of New Castle, 2235.

No. 913 (Senate Bill No. 846)

Making an appropriation to the Nanticoke Hospital Association, 2235.

No. 914 (Senate Bill No. 847)

Providing for the examination of the Nanticoke Hospital of Nanticoke, Luzerne County, Pa., providing for the transfer under certain conditions of the said hospital to the Commonwealth, regulating said hospital in the event of such transfer, and making an appropriation for carrying out the provisions of this act, 2235.

No. 915 (Senate Bill No. 848)

Making an appropriation to the Wilkes-Barre City Hospital, 2235.

No. 916 (Senate Bill No. 849)

Making an appropriation to the Pittston Hospital Association, 2236.

Election of, 44.

Leave of absence asked for, 1669.

Motion by, to

Dispense with further reading of Journal, 1397.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

HEALTH AND PERSONAL INJURY by increasing powers of such corporations, bill to amend act relating to corporations for insurance upon (see insurance).

HEALTH DEPARTMENT, Members of Advisory Board of, nominated, 23.

Reported, 939.

Confirmed, 956.

HEALTH IN TWO SEPARATE VOLUMES, bill to authorize printing and binding of annual report of Commissioner of (see report).

HEALTH OF STATE to abate nuisances in certain cases, to authorize Commissioner of

Read in place in House by Mr. Richard J. Baldwin, 96.

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 96.

HEALTH ON ANY HUMAN BEING, bill to prohibit experiments injurious to (see experiments).

HEALTH OR ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANIES to make certain provisions in their policies as to when benefits shall be payable to insured, bill to prohibit (see insurance).

HEALTH, SAMUEL G. DIXON, M. D., nominated as Commissioner of, 151.

Reported, 165.

Confirmed, 169.

HEARINGS AND OTHER PROCEEDINGS held by or before any coroner or deputy coroner, bill to regulate inquests, (see coroner).

HEAT COMPANIES, bill to empower cities of second class to levy taxes on (see cities).

HEATHCOTE FEE FOR NOTARY PUBLIC commission issued to E. H. Kratzer of Coatesville, authorizing State Treasurer to refund to John

House Bill No. 387

Read in place in House by Mr. Keister, 717.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 717.

Reported without amendment, 881.

First reading, 902.

Second reading, 1059.

Third reading and final passage, 1474.

Returned from Senate without amendment, 2025.

Signed by Speaker, 2588.

In Senate (No. 618)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1550.

Reported without amendment, 1722.

First reading, 1823.

Second reading, 1916.

Third reading and final passage, 2004.

Signed by President pro tempore, 2521.

HEATHCOTE FEE FOR NOTARY PUBLIC commission issued to E. H. Kratzer of Coatesville, to refund to John

Senate Bill No. 344
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox, 700.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 700.
Reported without amendment, 788.
First reading, 841.
Second reading, 916.
Third reading and final passage, 950.

In House (No. 536)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 972.
Reported without amendment, 1212.
First reading, 1242.
Second reading and dropped from calendar, 1510.

HEBREW SHELTERING HOME AND DAY NURSERY for Children in County of Philadelphia, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1054
Read in place in House by Mr. Gransback, 95.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 95.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2335.
Second reading, 2409.
Third reading and final passage, 2768.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.

In Senate (No. 981)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading 2708.
Second reading, 2913.
Third reading and final passage, 3078.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

HECHT, HERMAN L., Representative from Nineteenth District, (Philadelphia County).

Acting Speaker, 845, 862, 1186, 1484, 1496, 1750, 1933, 2197, 2254, 2719, 2786, 3184, 3359, 3610.

Amendments offered by, to
House Bill No. 84, fixing fee for service of jurors summoned by sheriff under certain writs, 693.
House Bill No. 350, giving justices of the peace, aldermen and magistrates certain power in regard to prevention of cruelty to animals, 1052.

Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84.

Bills introduced by
Amending act relating to corporations for insurance upon health and personal injury, 251.
Amending act relating to registration of old birth and deaths and burial or removal permits by changing fees for birth and death certificates, 1028.
Amending act relating to revenue by taxation, 526
Authorizing any justice of the peace, alderman or magistrate to issue search warrant to prevent cruelty to animals, 251.
Fixing fee for service of jurors summoned by the sheriff of any county, 156.
Limiting time during which a public utility company shall enjoy benefit of a franchise, 568.
Making appropriation for refunding of collateral inheritance tax to Estate of Mary S. Lundy, 526.
Making appropriation to Carroll R. Williams, J. H. Shoemaker and A. Morton Cooper for services as attorneys to Dairy and Food Commissioner, 736.
Making appropriation to National Farm School at Doylestown, 124.
Making appropriation to Saint Christopher's Hospital for Children, 391.
Making appropriation to Women's Homeopathic Association of Pennsylvania, 1468.
Providing for expenses of County Commissioners and County Poor Directors, 111.
Relating to collection of debts due by school districts of fourth class, 809.
Relating to elections by surviving husbands or wives to take under or against the wills of decedents to the recording thereof, 123.
Relating to proceedings for goods and chattels that have been seized by the sheriff, 121.
To provide revenue by taxation for improvement of public roads, 567.
To provide revenue by taxing express companies, 251.
To raise revenue by subjecting to taxation certain real estate of certain public service corporations, 810.

HECHT, HERMAN L.—Continued.
To regulate practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and drugs of all kinds, 688.
To reimburse Fidelity Trust Company of Philadelphia, Trustees under will of Richard Smith, deceased, 526.
To reimburse Fidelity Trust Company of Philadelphia, Trustee under will of Sarah A. Smith, deceased, 809.

Bills reported by
No. 3 (Senate Bill No. 419)
Fixing salaries of judges of the several courts, 105, 171, 472.
No. 131 (Senate Bill No. 696)
Empowering proper officers of certain poor districts to appropriate money to corporations for relief of pauper injured or sick, 314.
No. 367 (Senate Bill No. 238)
Amending act creating Legislative Reference Bureau as regards salaries, 880.
No. 312 (Senate Bill No. 496)
To establish a public school system, 970.
No. 689 (Senate Bill No. 350)
Making State taxes, unpaid bonus on capital stock and penalties a first lien upon franchise and property of corporations, 1470.
No. 891 (Senate Bill No. 298)
Authorizing cities and boroughs to enact ordinances regarding mining of coal beneath their surfaces, 3354.
No. 977 (Senate Bill No. 907)
Making an appropriation to the National Farm School at Doylestown, 2237.
No. 978 (Senate Bill No. 908)
Making an appropriation to Saint Christopher's Hospital for Children, 2237.
No. 979 (Senate Bill No. 909)
Making an appropriation to the Women's Homeopathic Association of Pennsylvania, 2237.
No. 980 (Senate Bill No. 910)
Making an appropriaion to the Philadelphia Home for Infants, 2237.
No. 981 (Senate Bill No. 911)
Making an appropriation to the Home for Aged Couples of the city of Philadelphia, 2237.
No. 982 (Senate Bill No. 912)
Making an appropriation to the Mount Sinai Hospital of Philadelphia, 2237.
No. 983 (Senate Bill No. 913)
Making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Museums, 2237.
No. 984 (Senate Bill No. 914)
Providing for the erection by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a statue in memory of General George Gordon Meade in the city of Washington, and making an appropriation therefor, 2237.
No. 985 (Senate Bill No. 915)
Making an appropriation to the Roosevelt Hospital of Philadelphia, 2237.
No. 986 (Senate Bill No. 916)
Making an appropriation to the Howard Hospital of Philadelphia, 2238.
No. 1275 (Senate Bill No. 1213)
Making appropriation to Florence Crittenton Home, located at 139 Queen Street, Germantown, Philadelphia, 2473.
No. 1328 (Senate Bill No. 1235)
Making appropriation to Carroll R. Williams, J. H. Shoemaker and A. Morton Cooper of Philadelphia for services as attorneys for Dairy and Food Commissioner and to A. K. Cassel of said City for services as special agent of Dairy and Food Commissioner, 2841.
No. 1334 (Senate Bill No. 741)
Repealing act relating to changes of venue in civil cases and providing that such change shall only be made when it shall appear to court that local prejudices exist, 3006.
No. 1335 (Senate Bill No. 687)
Relating to creation of speedy method for collection of taxes on real estate by requiring furnishing upon application of bills for all such taxes, 3006.
No. 1336 (Senate Bill No. 256)
Making appropriation for improvement of maritime port facilities in State of Pennsylvania, 3006.

ECHT, HERMAN L.—Continued.

No. 1338 (Senate Bill No. 781)
Relating to settlement and audit of accounts of all officers of boroughs, townships, poor districts and school districts, 2973.

No. 1339 (Senate Bill No. 770)
Providing for purchase or condemnation of real estate by boroughs for purpose of constructing wharves, docks and landing places, 2973.

No. 1340 (Senate Bill No. 596)
Providing for liquidation, distribution of assets and dissolution of corporations under supervision of Commissioner of Banking, 2973.

No. 1341 (Senate Bill No. 760)
Prescribing time and manner of submitting to people for their approval and ratification or rejection certain proposed amendments to Constitution, 2973.

No. 1344 (Senate Bill No. 706)
Making appropriation to Bradford Hospital, 3005.

No. 1345 (Senate Bill No. 704)
Making appropriation to Beacon Light Mission, 3005.

No. 1346 (Senate Bill No. 705)
Making appropriation to provide for survey of Pymatuning Swamp and examination into feasibility of constructing reservoir therein, 3005.

No. 1347 (Senate Bill No. 614)
Authorizing appointment of commission to inquire into causes and results of industrial accidents, 3005.

No. 1348 (Senate Bill No. 117)
Appropriating sum of $250,000 for "Philadelphia Institution for Feeble-Minded, 3005.

No. 1349 (Senate Bill No. 251)
Authorizing completion of dikes for protecttion of property adjacent to Delaware River in Falls Township, Bucks County, 3005.

No. 1350 (Senate Bill No. 82)
Making appropriation for refunding of collateral inheritance taxes erroneously paid from estate of Mary S. Lundy, 3005.

No. 1351 (Senate Bill No. 746)
Making appropriation to Erie Home for Friendless, 3005.

No, 1352 (Senate Bill No. 709)
Making appropriation to Saint Francis Hospital, Pittsburg, 3005.

No. 1353 (Senate Bill No. 707)
Making appropriation to Kane Summit Hospital Association of Kane, 3005.

No. 1354 (Senate Bill No. 124)
Making appropriation to Trustees of Eatsern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic at Spring City, 3005.

No. 1355 (Senate Bill No. 708)
Making appropriation to Punxsutawney Hospital, 3005.

No. 1356 (Senate Bill No. 380)
Making appropriation for Stroudsburg Hospital, 3005.

No. 1357 (Senate Bill No. 89)
Making appropriation to Philadelphia Jewish Sanatorium for Consumptives located at Eaglesville, 3005.

No. 1358 (Senate Bill No. 799)
Making appropriation for payment of deficiency that has arisen in payment of expenses of extinguishing forest fires, 3005.

No. 1359 (Senate Bill No. 798)
Making appropriation to Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings for purpose of reimbursing George Gray Barnard, 3005, 3006.

No. 1360 (Senate Bill No. 37)
Joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania, 3006.

No. 1361 (Senate Bill No. 755)
Making appropriation to Christian Home for Women of Pittsburg, 3006.

No. 1362 (Senate Bill No. 754)
Reimbursing Fidelity Trust Company of Philadelphia, trustee under will of Sarah A. Smith, deceased, 3006.

No. 1363 (Senate Bill No. 753)
Reimbursing Fidelity Trust Company of Philadelphia, trustee under will of Richard Smith, deceased, 3006.

Election of, 44.

Motion by, in
Reference to time of next meeting, 337.

HECHT, HERMAN L.—Continued.

Motions by, to
Adjourn, 266.
Postpone for present House Bill No. 7, exempting billiard and pool tables and bowling alleys from sale for rent, 136.
Postpone for present House Bill No. 307, amending act taxing all of property of corporations having capital stock at rate of five mills on each dollar, 1771.
Postpone for present House Bill No. 310, amending act regulating practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons by prescribing additional restrictions in sale of poisons, 1290.
Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 567, amending act to provide for immediate registration of all deaths and births in Pennsylvania by changing fees for birth and death certificates, 1826.
Reconsider vote on final passage on House Bill No. 310, amending act regulating practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons by prescribing additional restrictions in sale of poisons, 1290.
Nomination of candidate for United States Senator by, 50.

Point of order raised by, on
Resolution regarding election of United States Senators by direct vote, 363, 364.

Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 45, relating to elections by surviving husbands or wives to take under or against the wills of decedents to the recording thereof, 255.
House Bill No. 110, to provide revenue by taxing express companies, 444.
House Bill No. 255, imposing tax upon capital stock and gross receipts of gas companies, 1157, 1158.
House Bill No. 259, to provide revenue by taxation for improvement of public roads, 1461, 1462.
House Bill No. 310, amending act to regulate practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons by prescribing additional restriction in sale of poisons, 1290.
House Bill No. 397, to repeal act taxing all of property of corporations having capital stock but exempting savings having no capital stock, 1476.
House Bill No. 728, amending act regulating nomination and election of public officers by further regulating giving of assistance to electors when voting, 3036.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

HEIGHTH OF CAR AND WAGON WHEEL TREADS in all tracks and rails of passenger railway cars, bill to regulate (see railway).

HEIR, bill to repeal act relating to adoption of any person as (see adoption).

HEIRS, bill relating to adoption of adult persons as (see adoption).

HELMAR OF PORT ALLEGANY, McKean County, bill to authorize Commissioner of Fisheries to purchase brook trout hatchery of D. S. (see fish hatchery).

HELMER, JACOB, Member of State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners, nominated, 25.

HENRY, JAMES T., Representative from Indiana County,

Amendment offered by, to
House Bill No. 868, designating employes of Insurance Department and fixing their salaries, 2365, 2366.

Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 99.

Bills introduced by
Making appropriation for protection of monument at Cherrytree, or Canoe Place, 252.
Making appropriation to Indiana Normal School, 921.
Repealing act relating to compensation of county commissioners, auditors and township auditors, 473.
To provide for erection of Memorial Halls at county seats in honor of soldiers, sailors and marines who served in wars in defense of United States flag, 1399.

Bills reported by
No. 225
Relating to a fence maliciously erected, 589.
No. 312 (Senate Bill No. 496)
To establish a public school system in Pennsylvania, 733.
No. 433 (Senate Bill No. 684)
Amending act fixing salaries and expenses of county commissioners, 1015.
No. 781
Requiring name of proper political party to be entered on registration lists opposite name of elector, 1757.

HENRY, JAMES T.—Continued.
Election of, 43.
Leave of absence asked for, 1282.
Motion by, to
Adjourn, 1497.
Petitions presented by, from
Citizens of Indiana County against excise commission, 1669.
Citizens of Indiana County for change in route of Sproul Road Bill, 1457.
Citizens of Indiana County for independent school districts, 1825.
Citizens of Indiana County for Maurer Initiative and Referendum Bill, 471, 809.
Presentation by, of
Testimonial from House of Representatives at close of session to Jacob Lightner, 3652.
Questions of information raised by, on
House Bill No. 33, relating to actions of ejectment being deemed abandoned, 203.
House Bill No. 72, validating incurring of debt in townships of second class, 317.
House Bill No. 266, providing for association of commissioners and supervisors in counties, 1777.
House Bill No. 397, to repeal act taxing all of property of corporations having capital stock but exempting savings institutions having no capital stock, 1476.
House Bill No. 432, authorizing road supervisors in townships of second class to aid in construction of sidewalks, 2256.
House Bill No. 1292, amending act concerning sale of railroads, canals, turnpikes, bridges and plank roads so that same shall apply to sales and conveyances of material, rolling stock and property, 3485.
Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 11, relating to release on parole of persons acquitted on grounds of insanity, 173.
House Bill No. 34, amending act to provide revenue by taxation by exempting savings accounts of less than one thousand dollars, 213.
House Bill No. 96, regulating payment of any deposit made with any bank in names of two persons, 396, 397.
House Bill No. 193, amending act establishing Department of Forestry, 926.
House Bill No. 259, to provide revenue by taxation for improvement of public roads, 1461.
House Bill No. 268, requiring treasurers of mutual fire insurance companies to give bond of not less than five thousaid dollars, 863.
House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 962, 969, 2881.
House Bill No. 482, requiring councils of incorporated boroughs to require sprinkling of public streets, 1766.
House Bill No. 509, further amending section 24 of further supplement to act to provide revenue by taxation, 2350.
House Bill No. 530, providing for taxation of gross receipts of fire insurance companies on business done in Pennsylvania, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2309.
House Bill No. 580, amending act relating to employment of minors in bituminous coal mines and anthracite collieries or breakers by further regulating ages at which said minors may be employed, 1843.
House Bill No. 688, permitting owners and lessees of coal rights to remove overlying strata and dump or deposit it on land adjacent to opening of mine, 3216.
House Bill No. 693, regulating reading of Holy Bible in public schools, 2495.
House Bill No. 787, amending act relative to obstructing of crossings of public roads by locomotives and cars by providing that any member of train crew shall be subject to said penalty, 2133.
Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

HENSEL, WILLIAM U., Member of Commission to Revise Election Laws, nominated, 27.
Reported, 709.
Confirmed, 710.

HERBST, EDWIN M., Senator from Eleventh District (Berks County),
Amendments offered by, to
Senate Bill No. 105, fixing salary of Private Secretary to Governor, 271.
Senate Bill No. 496, to establish a public school system, 1890, 1891.
Appointments of, on
Special committee, 57, 67.
Standing committees, 79, 80.

HERBST, EDWIN M.—Continued.
Bills introduced by
Making appropriation to Home for Friendless Children in City of Reading, 150.
Making appropriation to Midnight Mission of Philadelphia, 130.
Making appropriation to Reading Hospital in the City of Reading, 118.
Making appropriation to St. Joseph's Hospital in the City of Reading, 118.
Regulating the infliction of death penalty in capital cases, 130.
Regulating use of moving picture machines in cities of third class, in boroughs and in townships, 996.
Bills reported by
No. 407
For better protection of wild birds and game by requiring residents to procure a license before using guns for hunting, 995.
No. 560 (House Bill No. 315)
Providing for better protection of game, 1631, 2264.
No. 726 (House Bill No. 596)
Amending act relating to fish by defining what are trout streams, 2264.
Motions by, for
Recess out of respect to memory of Representative J. Calvin Meyer, 1417.
Senate Bill No. 310, amending act relating to agricultural exhibitions, to go over in its order, 909.
Motions by, to
Adjourn, 1327.
Amend motion to suspend consideration of veto of Senate Bill No. 319, supplement to act for government of cities of second class creating Forestry Department, 2441.
Consent to Executive nominations, 1455.
Dispense with further reading of Journal, 129, 165, 487, 699, 787, 995, 1067, 1205, 1225, 1253, 1631, 1797, 1963, 2151, 2201, 2439, 2885, 3377.
Postpone consideration of House amendments to House Bill No. 356, relating to train wrecking, 2471.
Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 100, relating to appointment in certain counties of chief and assistant and special county detectives, 494.
Print in Legislative Journal partial report of Committee to investigate mine fire at Carbondale, 1453.
Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 356, prohibiting any person from engaging in sale of certain commodities by means of raffles, 952.
Suspend Rule No. 38, in order to consider Executive nominations, 1455.
Nominations by, of candidates for
President pro tempore, 4.
United States Senator, 6.
Petitions presented by, from
Citizens of Berks County against commission form of government in cities, 663.
Citizens of Berks County for appropriation to State College, 1545.
Citizens of Berks County for passage of bill relating to initiative and referendum, 699.
Citizens of Reading Auto Club against increase in automobile tax, 1433.
Questions of information raised by, on
Concurrent resolution in reference to adjournment, 298.
Concurrent resolution in reference to recalling concurrent resolution granting certain authority to Battlefield Commission from Governor, 340.
Senate Bill No. 763, supplementary to act for government of cities of second class, 2673.
Point of order raised by, on
Senate Bill No. 625, joint resolution for appointment of commission to investigate and report on construction of buildings, 2445.
Question of information raised by, on
Senate Bill No. 106, providing for additional officers and employes, 277.
Question of privilege raised by, on
Senate Bill No. 33, regulating fees of court criers and tipstaves in certain judicial districts, 291.
Remarks by, in
Regard to suspending Rule No. 38, 71.
Remarks by, on
Motion for Senate to proceed to third reading calendar in its order, 2892.

RBST, EDWIN M.—Continued.

Motion to discharge Senate Judiciary Special Committee from further consideration of House Bill No. 353, to promote safety of employes and travelers upon railroads by compelling railroads to properly man their trains, 3156.

Concurrent resolution in reference to adjourning until February twenty-seventh, 281.

Resolution electing Secretary of the Senate and other employes, 455.

Senate Bill No. 2, amending act relating to care of poor in Schuylkill County by creating board of trustees of the insane, 119.

Senate Bil No. 19, regulating infliction of death penalty, 3117.

Senate Bill No. 20, amending act relating to removal of judges as regards pay after removal, 1230.

Senate Bill No. 105, fixing salary of Private Secretary to Governor, 271.

Senate Bill No. 106, providing for aditional officers and employes, 292, 376.

Senate Bill No. 108, requiring registration of titles to lands acquired by will or descent, 377.

Senate Bill No. 109, providing for organization and regulation of National Guard of Pennsylvania, 1668.

Senate Bill No. 142, repealing act relating to certain abandoned turnpikes, 462.

Senate Bill No. 177, providing for incorporation, regulation and government of cities of third class, 2167, 2168.

Senate Bill No. 245, providing for burial of indigent persons whose bodies are unclaimed and are unfit for anatomical purposes, 709.

Senate Bill No. 275, providing for appointment of mercantile appraisers by Auditor General in certain counties, 792, 948, 2457.

Senate Bill No. 319, supplement to act for government of cities of second class creating forestry department, 2441.

Senate Bill No. 375, fixing salary of Chief of Department of Mines, 1176.

Senate Bill No. 407, requiring all citizens to procure license before using guns for hunting, 2447, 2448.

Senate Bill No. 419, fixing salaries of judges of the several courts, 1806.

Senate Bill No. 467, fixing penalty for murder of first degree, 1438.

Senate Bill No. 496, to establish a public school system, 1890, 1891, 2652.

Senate Bill No. 506, to regulate licensing of brewers and distillers, 3377.

Senate Bill No. 523, Authorizing Secretary of Agriculture to extend work of his Department so as to connect with it a system of outdoor or field instruction, 2605.

Senate Bill No. 587, amending and supplementing act to provide revenue by taxation and taxing all of property of corporations having capital stock, 1905.

Senate Bill No. 757, to regulate temperature of milk and cream intended to be shipped and sold or offered for sale, 3140.

Senate Bill No. 763, supplementary to act for government of cities of second class, 3153.

Senate Bill No. 791, authorizing Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings to rent offices and rooms outside of Capitol Building when necessary, 3146.

Senate Bill No. 793, regulating exhibiting or using of moving pictures and stereoptican views, 2892.

Senate Bill No. 796, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania so as to permit special legislation regulating labor, 2891.

Senate Bill No. 800, relating to roads and providing for election and appointment of township supervisors in second class townships, 3265.

Senate Bill No. 873, joint resolution providing for appointment by Governor of commission to be known as Pennsylvania State Vaccination Commission, 3059.

Senate Bill No. 1190, defining public service companies and establishing public service commission for supervision and regulation of such companies, 3296, 3297.

Senate Bill No. 1211, making appropriation to Temple University of Philadelphia, 3388.

Senate Bill No. 1240, to provide for ordinary expenses of Executive, Judicial and Legislative Departments, interest on public debt and support of public schools for two fiscal years beginning June 1, 1911, 3419, 3420.

ote of, for

United States Senator, 71.

HERMAN, GEORGE C., Representative from Second District, (Berks County),

Amendment offered by, to

House Bill No. 194, providing for notification of taxables by tax collectors in boroughs and townships, 599.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84.

Bills introduced by

Fixing open season for hare, rabbits, squirrels, pheasants, ruffed grouse and quail, 304.

Providing for notification of taxables by tax collectors in boroughs and townships, 210.

To require labeling of renovated butter, 1238.

Bills reported by

No. 121 (Senate Bill No. 310)

Amending act relating to agricultural exhibitions by changing numbers of days for such exhibitions, 314.

No. 325 (Senate Bill No. 489)

For protection of shade and fruit trees growing along any highway, 734.

Election of, 42.

Petition presented by, from

Citizens of Berks County against School Code, 845.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

HERR, DANIEL C., nominated as Trustee for State Institution for Feeble-Minded, at Polk, 3274.

Reported, 3385.

Confirmed, 3414.

HERR, JOHN D., Assistant Economic Zoologist of Department of Agriculture, nominated, 27.

Reported, 3382.

Confirmed, 3414, 3415.

HESS, AARON B., Representative from First District, (Lancaster County),

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 189, to fix terms of mayors and members of councils in cities, 660, 1291.

House Bill No. 224, requiring foundries to be provided with toilet room and water closet, 849.

House Bill No 312, to establish a public school system, 967, 974.

Appointments of, on

Special committee, 2328.

Standing committees, 83, 85.

Bills introduced by

Making appropriation to Home for Friendless Children for City and County of Lancaster, 97.

Making appropriation to Lancaster General Hospital, 301.

Making appropriation to Thaddeus Stevens Industrial School of Pennsylvania, at Lancaster, 104.

To fix terms of mayors and members of councils in the several cities of the Commonwealth, 96.

To fix terms of mayors and members of councils in the several cities, 231.

To provide punishment for employes who convert to their own use or deposit as security merchandise bills of lading, permits or orders, 777.

Bills reported by

No. 189 (Senate Bill No. 322)

Fixing terms of mayors and members of councils in cities, 436.

No. 524

To provide that corporations, limited partnerships and joint stock associations shall annually pay tax of four mills on bonds, mortgages and other securities, 1169.

No. 741 (Senate Bill No. 836)

Amending act making appropriation to Trustees of Homeopathic State Hospital for Insane by extending time during which said appropriation shall be available, 1669.

No. 808

Further supplement to act for regulation of boroughs providing for estimate of expenses, for tax levy and appropriation of expenses, 1769.

No. 946 (Senate Bill No. 876)

Making appropriation to McKeesport Hospital, McKeesport, 2236.

HESS, AARON B.—Continued.

No. 1100 (Senate Bill No. 1024)
Making an appropriation to the Saint Luke's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia, 2241.

No. 1101, (Senate Bill No. 1025)
Making an appropriation for the Thaddeus Stevens Industrial School of Pennsylvania, at Lancaster, 2241.

No. 1102 (Senate Bill No. 1026)
Making an appropriation to the Home for Friendless Children for the city and county of Lancaster, at Lancaster, 2241.

No. 1103 (Senate Bill No. 1027)
Making an appropriation to the Lancaster General Hospital, 2241.

No. 1104 (Senate Bill No. 1028)
Making an appropriation to the Eastern Hospital at Easton, 2241.

No. 1265 (Senate Bill No. 455)
Authorizing establishment of psycopathic wards in certain hospitals, 2347.

Election of, 43.

Motions by, to
Drop from calendar House Bill No. 155, fixing terms of mayors and members of council in cities, 654.
Postpone for present House Bill No. 169, to promote consolidation of public schools, 644.
Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 189, to fix terms of mayors and members of councils in cities, 660, 1291.

Petitions presented by, from
Citizens of Lancaster for reading of Bible in public schools, 920.
Citizens of Lancaster County, against commission form of government, 359.
Citizens of Lancaster County for Maurer Initiative and Referendum Bill, 687, 809.
Citizens of Lancaster County for reading of Bible in public schools, 1397.

Presentation by, of
Testimonial of House of Representatives at close of session to Journal Clerk J. E. Brackoney, 3651.

Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 224, requiring foundries to be provided with toilet room and water closet, 849.
House Bill No. 312, to establish a public school system, 967, 974, 988, 989, 1039.
House Bill No. 517, establishing in counties having between 150 000 and 225.000 a Board for Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and County purposes, 2061, 2062.
House Bill No. 530, providing for taxation of gross receipts of fire insurance companies on business done in Pennsylvania, 2045.
House Bill No. 739, to limit period of time within which actions may be brought against banks, bankers or trust companies for recovery of amount of any certificate of deposit issued by them, 3007.
House Bill No. 1263, making appropriation to Temple University of Philadelphia, 3242.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72

HEYSINGER, ISAAC W., nominated as Member of Commission to select a site and build a Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane, 2288.

Reported, 2601.
Confirmed, 2615.

HIBSHMAN, GEORGE, Representative from Second District, (Lancaster County),

Amendment offered by, to
House Bill No. 151, supplement to act relating to spread of injurious insects, 582, 1471.

Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by
Making appropriation to Department of Agriculture to extend its work so as to connect with it a system of outdoor or field instruction, 303.
Making appropriation to Trustees of Agricultural Experiment Station of Pennsylvania State College, 135.
Supplement to act relating to injurious insects, 142.

HIBSHMAN, GEORGE—Continued.

Bills reported by
No. 151 (Senate Bill No. 311)
Supplement to act relating to injurious insects, 390.
No. 290 (Senate Bill No. 491)
Authorizing road supervisors to subscribe for not more than three publications, 715.
No. 1331 (Senate Bill No. 732)
To promote agriculture by protecting bees and to provide for inspection of apiaries, 2932.

Election of, 43.

Leave of absence asked for, 2015.

Motion by, for

Recess, 52.

Motions by, to
Dispense with further reading of Journal, 207, 277, 1609, 3580.
Postpone for present House Bill No. 166, making appropriation to extend work of Department of Agriculture so as to connect with it a system of field instruction, 603.
Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 151, supplement to act to prevent introduction into and spread of injurious insects in Pennsylvania, 1471.

Petitions presented by, from
Citizens of Lancaster County, against commission form of government, 389.
Citizens of Lancaster County, against passage of school code, 389.
Report of toll roads commission presented by, 54.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by, in
Reference to recalling House Bill No. 151, supplement to act to prevent introduction into and spread of injurious insects in Pennsylvania, from Governor for amendment, 1339.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

HIGBEE, WM. S., Member of State Board of Examiners for Registration of Nurses, nominated, 24.

Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

HIGH SCHOOL, bill to regulate school district in which children shall attend a public (see school).

HIGHWAY, bill to authorize counties of this Commonwealth to pay State taxes on bonds hereafter issued by them for purpose of permanently improving any public road or (see counties).

HIGHWAY, bill to make Lake Winola in Wyoming County a public (see Lake Winola).

HIGHWAY, bill to provide for protection of shade and fruit trees growing on or along any (see trees).

HIGHWAY BOARD, to provide for establishment of and to define powers and duties of a State

Senate Bill No. 7
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Thompson, 89.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 89.
Reported without amendment, 117.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 133.

HIGHWAY COMMISSION, bill to amend act relating to publication and distribution of public documents by providing for increased number of copies of report of (see report).

HIGHWAY COMMISSIONER and for county or district superintendents of highways and for township superintendent of highways and relating to road tax and abolishing work tax, relating to roads and providing for Deputy State

House Bill No. 1273
Read in place in House by Mr. Dallas, 156.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 156.
Reported with amendment, 2437.
First reading, 2560.
Second reading and amended, 2955, 2958.

HIGHWAY COMMISSIONER, bill appropriating for road reconstruction sum of $336,250.04 which has accumulated pursuant to provisions of act establishing State Highway Department and authorizing its apportionment by State (see road).

HIGHWAY COMMISSIONER, Joseph W. Hunter nominated as State, 26.

IGHWAY DEPARTMENT and providing for payment of costs of highway improvement, to further amend eighteenth section of act establishing State

House Bill No. 603

Read in place in House by Mr. Gibson, 1304.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1304.
Reported without amendment, 1339.
First reading, 1412.
Second reading, 1533.
Third reading and final passage, 1770.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3355.
Signed by Speaker, 3480.

In Senate (No. 829)

Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 1802.
Reported without amendment, 2665.
First reading, 2927.
Second reading, 3157.
Third reading and final passage, 3270.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3402.

IGHWAY DEPARTMENT FOR IMPROVING TURTLE CREEK, bill making appropriation to the State (see Turtle Creek).

IGHWAY DEPARTMENT, for payment of additional compensation to acting Chief Clerk and for salaries and other necessary expenses of Automobile Division, providing appropriation to State

(Section No. 7), House Bill No. 1

Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 51.
Special Committee appointed to consider bill, 52.
Reported without amendments, 52.
First reading, 52.
Special order for second reading, 52.
Second reading, 55.
Third reading, 62.
Final passage, 63.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 82.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 82.
Signed by Speaker, 85.
Partial veto by Governor, 93.
Governor's partial veto sustained, 94.

Remarks on, by

Dearden, 62, 63, 93.
Woodward, 63.

In Senate (No. 1)

Special Committee appointed to consider bill, 57.
Reported without amendments, 61.
First reading, 62.
Recommitted to Special Committee, 62.
Re-reported as amended, 62.
Second reading, 65.
Third reading and final passage, 76.
Returned from House with amendments concurred in, 80.
Signed by President, 80.

IGHWAY DEPARTMENT from fees required for registration of motor vehicles, to provide for disposition of funds received by State

Read in place in House by Mr. Caldwell, 526.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 526.

IGHWAY DEPARTMENT, to establish a State

Senate Bill No. 103

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Sproul, 242.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 242.
Reported without amendment, 245.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 276.
Re-reported with amendment, 1207.
Resolution for printing additional copies, 1207.
Recommitted to Committee, 1233.
Re-reported without amendment, 1265.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 1265-1279.
Re-reported with amendment, 1279.
Third reading and final passage, 1307, 1320.
Returned from House with amendments, 2532-2535.
Non-concurred in House amendments, 2535.
Conference committee appointed, 2535.
Returned from House with adherence to amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 2618.
Reported from conference committee, 2885.

HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT—Continued.

Conference committee report considered and adopted, 3122-3136.
Returned from House with conference committee report adopted, 3278.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3402.

In House (No. 776)

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1358.
Reported with amendment, 1747.
First reading, 1748.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee on Appropriations, 2028-2042.
Re-reported with amendment, 2248.
Third reading and final passage, 2475-2489.
Returned from Senate with non-concurrence in House amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 2717.
Conference committee appointed, 2717.
Returned from Senate with conference committee report adopted, 3335-3374.
Conference committee report considered and adopted, 3335-3349.
Signed by Speaker, 3589.

HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT, to provide for establishment of State

House Bill No. 305

Read in place in House by Mr. Edward E. Jones, 302,
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 302.
Reported without amendment, 716.
First reading, 752.
Recommitted to Committee, 778.

HIGHWAY LEGISLATION, petitions presented for passage of State (see petitions).

HIGHWAY OF MATERIAL from a building or for a building, bill to regulate the piling or placing on any public (see building).

HIGHWAY TO BE EXTENDED from Florence via Paris to West Virginia line along Pittsburg and Steubenville Pike, petitions presented for State (see petitions).

HIGHWAYS AND BRIDGES, bill to provide for appointment and duties of county and district superintendents of roads (see townships of second class).

HIGHWAYS AND BRIDGES, bill to provide for appointment of commission for amending, revising and collating laws relating to public roads (see laws).

HIGHWAYS AND BRIDGES by fixing number of viewers at three, bill to amend act relating to roads (see viewers).

HIGHWAYS AND BRIDGES, supplement to section eighteen of act relating to roads (see roads).

HIGHWAYS IN CITIES AND BOROUGHS, bill relating to benefits and damages to property caused by change of grade of (see railroads).

HIGHWAYS IN EVENT OF FAILURE on part of local authorities to properly do so, to authorize State Highway Commissioner to repair certain

Senate Bill No. 104

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Sproul, 242.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 243.
Reported without amendment, 245.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 276.

HIGHWAYS IN THE SEVERAL COUNTIES, to provide for original location, laying out and construction of public roads and

Senate Bill No. 141

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 290.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 290.
Reported withot amendment, 344.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 387.
Re-reported without amendment, 831.
Second reading and amended, 913.
Third reading and final passage, 944.
Returned from House with amendments, 1898.
Concurred in House amendments, 1898.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1900.
Approved by Governor, 2441.

In House (No. 554)

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 971.
Reported without amendment, 1213.
First reading, 1243.

HIGHWAYS IN THE SEVERAL COUNTIES—Continued.
Second reading and amended, 1515.
Third reading and final passage, 1927.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 1933.
Signed by Speaker, 2050.

HIGHWAYS, joint resolution proposing amendment to article 9, section 4, of Constitution of Pennsylvania authorizing issue of bonds for improvement of (see Constitution).

HIGHWAYS, making appropriation for maintenance of State Aid
Read in place in House by Mr. Townsend, 189.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 190.

HIGHWAYS, making appropriation to reimburse certain counties and townships whose commissioners and supervisors have inadvertently failed to comply with law governing State aid in maintenance of
Senate Bill No. 388
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Knapp, 904.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 904.
Reported without amendment, 937.
First reading, 1012.
Second reading, 1075.
Third reading and final passage, 1104.
Returned from House without amendment, 3048.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3276.
In House (No. 1299)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1170.
Reported without amendment, 2840.
First reading, 2997.
Second reading, 3011.
Third reading and final passage, 3186.
Signed by Speaker, 3494.

HIGHWAYS of not exceeding one mile in length, to empower State Highway Department to improve
Read in place in House by Mr. Martin, 98.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 98.

HIGHWAYS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH, bill to provide for cutting of noxious weeds and brush along public (see weeds).

HIGHWAYS OF TOWNSHIPS OF SECOND CLASS, bill to validate incurring of debt for improvement to (see townships).

HIGHWAYS OVER DRAINS OR CULVERTS, to regulate construction and repair of
House Bill No. 520
Read in place in House by Mr. North, 1028.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1028.
Reported without amendment, 1169.
First reading, 1241.
Second reading, 1508.
Third reading and final passage, 1788.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3356.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3356.
Signed by Speaker, 3480.
In Senate (No. 820)
Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 1802.
Reported without amendment, 2603.
First reading, 2927.
Second reading, 3155.
Third reading and final passage, 3269.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3307.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3402.

HIGHWAYS OVER PRIVATE PROPERTY in boroughs where the work has not been commenced within two years from passage of ordinance, bill to make void surveying of certain (see boroughs).

HIGHWAYS within lands of said institution, supplement to act relating to Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for feeble-minded and epileptic authorizing board of trustees to enter into agreements respecting (see Eastern).

HIGHWAYS, STREETS AND BRIDGES, bill to protect public roads, (see roads).

HIGHWAYS, to provide for laying out of inter-township or county
Read in place in House by Mr. Ailman, 567.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 567.

HIGHWAYS, to provide for maintenance, repair and regulations for the use of all improved
Read in place in House by Mr. Holland, 135.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 135.

HIGHWAYS where same are crossed above or below grade by tracks of any railroad except in cities and boroughs, to fix width of public
House Bill No. 358
Read in place in House by Mr. Haggerty, 776.
Referred to Committee on Railroads, 776.
Reported without amendment, 819.
First reading, 901.
Second reading and amended, 1359.
Third reading and final passage, 1492.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2843.
Signed by Speaker, 2942.
In Senate (No. 748)
Referred to Committee on Railroads, 1550.
Reported without amendment, 2266.
First reading, 2470.
Second reading, 2551.
Third reading and final passage, 2618.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2903.

HILL, SAMUEL W., Member of the Culpeper, Virginia, Monument Commission, nominated, 26.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

HILTON, ROBERT W., Representative from McKean County,
Amendments offered by, to
House Bill No. 184, making appropriation to carry out provisions of act relating to agricultural exhibits, 596.
House Bill No. 227, authorizing appointment by county auditors of attorney-at-law, 743.
Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.
Bills introduced by
Amending act relating to care of dependent children, 304.
Amending act relating to release on probation of certain convicts so as to restrict the exception of rape, 208
Authorizing appointment by county auditors of attorney-at-law, 208.
Authorizing Commissioner of Fisheries to purchase brook trout hatchery now owned by D. S. Holmar, of Port Allegany, 157.
Declaring liability of railroad companies for loss or damage by fire, 142.
Exempting property of fair associations from liability to taxation, 253.
Making appropriation to Beacon Light Mission, 125.
Making appropriation to Bradford Hospital, 157.
Making appropriation to carry out provisions of act relating to county agricultural exhibitions, 304.
Making appropriation to further carry into effect provisions of act creating reward for destruction of certain noxious animals, 846.
Making appropriation to Kane Summit Hospital Association of Kane, McKean County, 125.
Making appropriation to reimburse counties for moneys paid under provisions of act creating reward for destruction of certain noxious animals, 845.
Prohibiting killing of deer for and during period of five years from June 1, 1911, 125.
Providing for costs in all cases tried in juvenile court, 208.
Providing that commission shall not be allowed twice to county treasurers on moneys for the Commonwealth, 141.
Relating to approval by Court of Common Pleas of proper county of appointments by county commissioners or by county commissioners as directors of the poor, 122.
To provide for enforcement of laws relating to use of highways by motor vehicles, 1458.
To regulate compensation to be paid to directors, officers and superintendents of any corporation, 361.
Bill reported by
No. 410
Amending act relating to motor vehicles so as to change fees for registration of motor vehicles, 897.
Election of, 44.

HILTON, ROBERT W.—Continued.

Motion by, to reconsider vote on
House Bill No. 111, amending act relating to safety of persons employed in and about anthracite coal mines so as to increase number of inspection districts, 695.

Petition presented by, from
Citizens of McKean County for Initiative and Referendum, 1212.

Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 901, declaring liability of railroad companies for loss or damage by fire, 3001, 3002.

Resolution offered by, in
Reference to discharging Committee on Railroads from further consideration of Senate Bill No. 346, declaring liability of railroad companies for loss or damage by fire, 2474.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

HIRE, bill to prescribe maximum rates for motor vehicles conveying people for (see motor vehicles).

HIRE, bill to prevent frauds against carriers of passengers for (see frauds).

"HIRE" wherever it may occur in section 7 of said act, bill to amend act relating to motor vehicles by striking out word (see motor vehicles).

HISTORICAL SOCIETIES which have been in continued existence for at least ten years, to provide assistance for duly incorporated

Senate Bil No. 364
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Judson, 454.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 454.
Reported with amendment, 831.
First reading, 919.
Second reading, 954.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1000.

Remarks on, by
McNichol, 1000.
Judson, 1000.
Fox, 1000.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY OF WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1024
Read in place in House by Mr. Magee, 171.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 171.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2333.
Second reading, 2404.
Third reading and final passage, 2758.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.

In Senate (No. 954)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2685.
First reading, 2706.
Second reading, 2911.
Third reading and final passage, 3073, 3074.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY OF WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 756.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 756.

HISTORIES RELATIVE TO PENNSYLVANIA VOLUNTEERS during War of Rebellion, making appropriation for purchase and distribution of

House Bill No. 1364
Read in place in House by Mr. Holland, 189.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 189.
Reported without amendment, 2984.
First reading, 2984.
Second reading, 3016.
Third reading and final passage, 3205.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3530.
Signed by Speaker, 3589.

In Senate (No. 1223)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3047.
Reported without amendment, 3121.
First reading, 3178.
Second reading, 3302.
Third reading and final passage, 3390.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3539.

HOBBS, A. F., Representative from Sixth District, (Lackawanna County),

Amendments offered by, to
House Bill No. 479, authorizing appointment of one assessor from each legislative district and three assessors from county at large, 1390, 1391.
House Bill No. 814, fixing maximum amount of campaign expenses of any candidate for a salaried office in this Commonwealth, 2512.

Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by
Amending act relating to ordinary expenses of the government by adding county controller and assessors to board of revisions 315.
Fixing maximum amount of campaign expenses of any candidate for salaried office at any election and preceding primary, 1400.
Making appropriation to Taylor Hospital Association, 142.

Bills reported by
No. 137 (Senate Bill No. 822)
Relating to expenses of maintaining prisoners committed on violation of ordinances, 323.
No. 239 (Senate Bill No. 426)
To repeal act relating to compensation of county commissioners, auditors and township auditors, 590.
No. 703
Supplement to act regulating sale of concentrated commercial feeding stuffs by providing penalty for duplicating same when manufacturer shall have revealed composition of such feeding stuffs, 1500.

Election of, 43.

Leave of absence asked for, 253.

Motion by, for
House to adhere to its non-concurrence in Senate amendments to House Bill No. 479, authorzing appointment by county commissioner of assessors in each legislative district of counties having between 200,000 and 325,000 inhabitants, and to appoint conference committee, 3374.

Motions by, to
Dispense with further reading of Journal, 1047.
Place on calendar House Bill No. 814, fixing maximum amount for campaign expenses of any candidate for salaried office in Pennsylvania, 1826, 2185.

Petitions presented by, from
Citizens of Lackawanna County against passage of House Bill No. 827, 1115.
Citizens of Lackawanna County for amendments to oleomargarine law, 1499.
Citizens of Lackawanna County for Initiative and Referendum, 1499.
Citizens of Lackawanna County for reading of Bible in public schools, 1115.
Citizens of Lackawanna County for State Local Option Law, 775.
Citizens of Old Forge, Lackawanna County for changes in proposed School Code, 775.
Fleetville Grange No. 1199 for better telephone facilities, 775.
Madison Grange Lackawanna County for Initiative and Referendum, 1115.
Madison Grange Lackawanna County for Jones Road Bill, 1115.
Spring Brook Grange of Lackawanna County for equalization of taxes, 1499.
West Abington Grange No. 1200 for better telephone facilities, 775.
West Abington Grange and Fleetville Grange of Lackawanna County for Initiative and Referendum, 1499.

Point of order raised by, on
House Bill No. 432, authorizing road supervisors in townships of second class to aid in construction of sidewalks, 2255.

Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 3, fixing salaries of judges of certain courts, 533, 534.
House Bill No. 191, amending act relating to corporations as regards charters of religious bodies, 2199.
House Bill No. 432, authorizing road supervisors in townships of second class to aid in construction of sidewalks in towns and villages, 1677, 2256.
House Bill No. 479, authorizing appointment of one assessor in each legislative district and three assessors from county at large, 1390, 3325, 3524, 3525.

HOBBS, A. F.—Continued.
House Bill No. 518, amending act providing uniform method of electing certain party officers by providing for one primary in place of two, 1194.
House Bill No. 729, to enable electors to express at November, 1911, election their preference for or against electon of United States Senators by direct vote, 3040.
House Bill No. 814, fixing amount of campaign expenses of any candidate for a salaried office in this Commonwealth 2185.
Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

HOFFMAN, MICHAEL R., Representative from Second District, (Lancaster County),
Amendment offered by, to
House Bill No. 312, to establish a public school system, 969, 1039.
Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.
Bills introduced by
Making appropriation to Columbia Hospital, 172.
Making appropriation to Columbia Hospital, 777.
Bills reported by
No. 96
Regulating payment of deposit made in names of two persons, 251.
Election of, 43.
Motion by, to
Dispense with further reading of Journal, 1919.
Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

HOGAN, T. A., Member of Board of Dental Examiners of State of Pennsylvania, nominated, 27.

HOISTING ENGINEERS employed in and about anthracite coal mines, bill to limit hours of labor of (see mines).

HOISTS AND HOISTING ENGINES in and about coal mines and quarries, to regulate employment of persons in charge of
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Snyder, 1206.
Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 1206.

HOLIDAY, amending act so that third Tuesday of February shall no longer be a public
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 76.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 76.

HOLIDAY, motion to give pages of House of Representatives a, 1368.

HOLIDAYS, amending act so as to further designate days and half-days to be observed as legal
Senate Bill No. 3
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 89.
Referre dto Committee on Judiciary General, 89.
Reported without amendments, 92.
First reading, 102.
Second reading, 108.
Third reading and final passage, 119.
Returned from House with amendment, 169.
Concurred in House amendments, 169.
Signed by President, 183.
Concurrent resolution for recall from Governor for amendment, 223.
Resolution returned by House concurred in, 239.
Approved by Governor, 248.
Vote on bill on final passage and on third reading reconsidered, 249.
Third reading and amended and final passage, 249.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 249.
Signed by President pro tempore, 250.
Approved by Governor, 298.
In House (No. 27)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 138.
Reported with amendment, 140.
First reading, 148.
Second reading, 161.
Third reading and final passage, 175.
Returned by Senate with House amendments concurred in, 181.
Signed by Speaker, 196.
Concurrent resolution for recall from Governor for amendment concurred in by House, 253.
Signed by Speaker, 253.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 265.

HOLIDAYS, to amend act in reference to days and half-days to be observed as legal
House Bill No. 431
Read in place in House by Mr. Gibson, 95.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 95.
Reported with negative recommendation, 1015.

HOLIDAYS, to amend act so as to further designate the days and half-days to be observed as legal
Read in place in House by Mr. Connell, 95.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 95.

HOLIDAYS, to amend sections 1 and 2 of amended act relating to legal
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 150.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 156.

HOLLAND, JOHN B., Representative from Washington County,
Amendments offered by, to
House Bill No. 46, authorizing erection of work houses jointly by two or more counties, 1472.
House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 974.
House Bill No. 371, providing for annual payment to citizens of Pennsylvania who volunteered to serve in Civil War, 1493.
House Bill No. 515, to fix number and compensation of officers and employes in Department of Public Grounds and Buildings, 1791.
Appointment of, as
Member of Soldiers' Orphans Commission, 73.
Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.
Bills introduced by
Amending act regulating fee of court criers and tipstaves in certain judicial districts, 253.
Fixing time for election of successors of certain judges, 232.
Joint resolution proposing amendment to section one article eight of Constitution of Pennsylvania, 231.
Making appropriation to Board of Trustees of Pennsylvania Soldiers' and Sailors' Home at Erie, 189.
Making appropriation to Canonsburg General Hospital Association, 172.
Making appropriation to Pennsylvania Reform School at Morganza and granting its managers authority to raze old buildings, 718.
Making appropriation to purcase historical works relative to Pennsylvania Volunteers during War of Rebellion, 189.
To authorize counties to pay State taxes on bonds issued for improvement of highways, 98.
To authorize counties to pay State taxes on bonds issued for permanent improvement of roads, 718.
To authorize erection of work houses by two or more counties jointly, 146.
To classify licensed dealers in and provide for further regulation of sale of liquors, 1082.
To provide for maintenance, and repair of improved roads and highways and turnpikes, 135.
To provide for punishment of inmates of charitable, reformatory or other institutions maintained wholly or in part by State who shall escape, 689.
To provide that death penalty as punishment for crime shall be executed in penitentiaries, 97.
To require Commonwealth to pay one-half costs of reconstruction of a county bridge, 98.
Bills reported by
No. 429
To fix fees of constables, 1015.
No. 430 (Senate Bill No. 699)
To provide for punishment of inmates of charitable or reformatory institutions who shall escape, 1015.
No. 671 (Senate Bill No. 831)
Making appropriation to refund to Jacob Beitzel certain moneys paid for distiller's license, 1469.
No. 769 (Senate Bill No. 227)
Amending act providing mode by which title to all estates and interests in lands in Pennsylvania may be vested in United States when no agreement can be made with owners for purchase thereof by fixing number of viewers at three, 1696.
No. 824 (Senate Bill No. 280)
To create Bureau of Professional Education as subdepartment of Department of Public Instruction, 1780.
Election of, 45.
Leave of absence asked for, 305, 810.

HOLLAND, JOHN B.—Continued.
Motions by, to
Adjourn, 2845.
Dispense with further reading of Journal, 109, 470.
Postpone for present House Bill No. 417, permitting county treasurers not paid by salary to retain one-half of one per centum for moneys received from liquor license fee, 1627.
Postpone indefinitely House Bill No. 586, amending act relating to manufacture and sale of oleomargarine and butterine by further regulating its composition and sale and regulating licensing of manufacturers and dealers thereof, 2246.
Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 46, authorizing erection of work houses jointly by two or more counties, 1472.
Oath of office administered to, 63.
Petitions presented by, from
Citizens of Commonwealth against amendments to oleomargarine law, 1669.
Citizens of Washington and Cameron Counties for suffrage for women, 1047.
Citizens of Washington County, against commission form of government for cities and boroughs, 230, 414, 435.
Citizens of Washington County for Maurer Initiative and Referendum bill, 524, 1047.
Citizens of Washington County for State highway to be extended from Florence to Paris, 1047.
Citizens of Wasington County for State Local Option Law, 525.
Congress of Women's Clubs of Western Pennsylvania, in favor of training schools for young women, 199.
Darby Grange No. 1308, Patrons of Husbandry, Washington County, for better telephone facilities, 278.
Fallowfield Grange No. 1382, for better telephone facilities, 1669.
Jefferson Grange No. 314, Patrons of Husbandry, Washington County, for better telephone facilities, 278.
Jefferson Grange of Washington County against amendments to oleomargarine law, 1757.
Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 371, providing for annual payment to citizens of Pennsylvania who volunteered to serve in Civil War, 1493.
House Bill No. 512, regulating compensation of tax collectors in boroughs and townships, 1841.
House Bill No. 548, permitting county treasurers not paid by salary to retain 1-2 of 1 per cent from moneys received from liquor license fees, 1930.
House Bill No. 653, to repeal so far as it relates to townships of Pine, Harrison, North Versailles, North Fayette and South Fayette act to permit voters to determine for or against issuing of licenses for sale of liquors in certain townships in Allegheny County, 1957.
House Bill No. 906, regulating licensing of brewers and distillers, 2586.
Resolution, concurrent, offered by, in
Reference to recalling House Bill No. 46, authorizing erection of work houses jointly by two or more counties, from Governor for amendment, 1338.
Resolution offered by, thanking
Chaplain W. C. Jones of the House of Representatives for services during session, 3613.
Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

HOLY BIBLE IN THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS, bill to regulate reading of (see Bible).

HOME FOR AGED AND INFIRM COLORED WOMEN, Lemington Avenue, Pittsburg, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1193
Read in place in House by Mr. Halferty, 146.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 146.
Reported with amendment, 2243.
First reading, 2341.
Second reading, 2430.
Third reading and final pasage, 2814.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.
In Senate (No. 1112)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2663.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2714.
Second reading, 2922.
Third reading and final passage, 3104.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

HOME FOR AGED AND INFIRM WOMEN at Easton, making appropriation to
House bill No. 1157
Read in place in House by Mr. Bender, 95.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 95.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2339.
Second reading, 2422.
Third reading and final passage, 2802.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.
In Senate (No. 1077)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2662.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2712.
Second reading, 2920.
Third reading and final passage, 3097.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

HOME FOR AGED, 1809 Mount Vernon Street, Philadelphia, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1067
Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 315.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 315.
Reported with amendment, 2240.
First reading, 2335.
Second reading, 2410.
Third reading and final passage, 2771, 2772.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.
In Senate (No. 992)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2708.
Second reading, 2913.
Third reading and final passage, 3080.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

HOME FOR AGED, 1809 Mount Vernon Street, Philadelphia, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wolf, 290.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 290.

HOME FOR AGED of Philadelphia, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 929
Read in place in House by Mr. Reyburn, 189.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 189.
Reported without amendment, 2236.
First reading, 2329.
Second reading, 2389.
Third reading and final passage, 2726.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.
In Senate (No. 860)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2656.
Reported without amendment, 2683.
First reading, 2702.
Second reading, 2904.
Third reading and final passage, 3056.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

HOME FOR AGED COUPLES of City of Philadelphia, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 981
Read in place in House by Mr. Reyburn, 141.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 141.
Reported with amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2331.
Second reading, 2397.
Third reading and final passage, 2744.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.
In Senate (No. 911)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2684.
First reading, 2705.
Second reading, 2908.
Third reading and final passage, 3066.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

HOME FOR AGED VETERANS AND WIVES located at Sixty-fifth and Vine Streets in City of Philadelphia, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1211

Read in place in House by Mr. Gray, 103.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 103.
Reported with amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2342.
Second reading, 2432.
Third reading and final passage, 2820.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.

In Senate (No. 1129)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2663.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2714.
Second reading, 2923.
Third reading and final passage, 3108.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

HOME FOR AGED VETERANS AND WIVES located at 65th and Vine Streets in City of Philadelphia, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 117.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 117.

HOME FOR FRIENDLESS CHILDREN for City and County of Lancaster, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1102

Read in place in House by Mr. Hess, 97.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 97.
Reported with amendment, 2241.
First reading, 2337.
Second reading, 2414, 2415.
Third reading and final passage, 2783, 2784.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.

In Senate (No. 1026)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.
Reported without amendment, 2687, 2688.
First reading, 2710.
Second reading, 2916.
Third reading and final passage, 3087.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

HOME FOR FRIENDLESS CHILDREN in City of Reading, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1076

Read in place in House by Mr. Sassaman, 112.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 112.
Reported with amendment, 2240.
First reading, 2336.
Second reading, 2411.
Third reading and final passage, 2774, 2775.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.

In Senate (No. 1000)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2687.
First reading, 2709.
Second reading, 2914.
Third reading and final pasage, 3082.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

HOME FOR FRIENDLESS CHILDREN in City of Reading, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Herbst, 150.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 150.

HOME FOR FRIENDLESS at Harrisburg, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 951

Read in place in House by Mr. Tunis, 251.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 251.
Reported with amendment, 2236.
First reading, 2330.
Second reading, 2392.
Third reading and final passage, 2733.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.

HOME FOR FRIENDLESS—Continued.

In Senate (No. 881)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2656.
Reported without amendment, 2683.
First reading, 2703.
Second reading, 2906.
Third reading and final passage, 3060.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

HOME FOR FRIENDLESS at Harrisburg, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox, 221.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 221.

HOME FOR FRIENDLESS of City of Scranton, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1228

Read in place in House by Mr. Haggerty, 156.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 156.
Reported with amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2343.
Second reading, 2435.
Third reading and final passage, 2825.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3479.

In Senate (No. 1145)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2664.
Reported without amendment, 2691.
First reading, 2715.
Second reading, 2924.
Third reading and final passage, 3110, 3111.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

HOME FOR FRIENDLESS of City of Scranton, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichols, 150.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 150.

HOME FOR FRIENDLESS of City of Williamsport, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1016

Read in place in House by Mr. Gibson, 156.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 156.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2333.
Second reading, 2402.
Third reading and final passage, 2755, 2756.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.

In Senate (No. 946)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2685.
First reading, 2706.
Second reading, 2910.
Third reading and final passage, 3072.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

HOME FOR THE FRIENDLESS of City of Williamsport, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Sones, 118.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 118.

HOME FOR TRAINING IN SPEECH OF DEAF CHILDREN before they are of School Age, at Belmont Avenue and Monument Road, Philadelphia, making appropriation for deficits to

House Bill No. 200

Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 110.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 110.
Reported with amendment, 565.
First reading, 603.
Second reading, 736.
Third reading and final passage, 812.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1170.
Signed by Speaker, 1196.
Approved by Governor, 1403.

In Senate (No. 386)

Referred to Committee on appropriations, 808.
Reported without amendment, 937.
First reading, 1012.
Second reading, 1075.
Third reading and final passage, 1104.
Signed by President,

HOME FOR TRAINING IN SPEECH OF DEAF CHILDREN before they are of School Age, at Belmont Avenue and Monument Road, Philadelphia, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 963

Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 110.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 110.
Reported without amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2330.
Second reading, 2394.
Third reading and final passage, 2737, 2738.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.

In Senate (No. 893)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2684.
First reading, 2704.
Second reading, 2907.
Third reading and final passage, 3063.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

HOME FOR WIDOWS AND SINGLE WOMEN of Lebanon and Lebanon County, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1041

Read in place in House by Mr. Freeman, 124.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations 124.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2334.
Second reading, 2407.
Third reading and final passage, 2764.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.

In Senate (No. 970)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2707.
Second reading, 2912.
Third reading and final passage, 3076.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

HOME FOR WIDOWS AND SINGLE WOMEN of Lebanon and Lebanon County, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Gerberich, 118.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 118.

HOME FOR WIDOWS AND SINGLE WOMEN of Reading, making appropriation to

Read in place in House by Mr. Sassaman, 112.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 112.

HOME OF GOOD SHEPHERD, Lincoln Avenue, Pittsburg, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1192

Read in place in House by Mr. Halferty, 142.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 142.
Reported with amendment, 2243.
First reading, 2341.
Second reading, 2429, 2430.
Third reading and final passage, 2813, 2814.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.

In Senate (No. 1111)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2663.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2714.
Second reading 2922.
Third reading and final passage, 3104.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

HOME OF GOOD SHEPHERD of County of Allegheny, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1033

Read in place in House by Mr. Schad, 94.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 94.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2334.
Second reading, 2406.
Third reading and final passage, 2761.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3275.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.

HOME OF GOOD SHEPHERD—Continued.

In Senate (No. 962)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2707.
Second reading, 2911.
Third reading and final passage, 3075.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

HOME OF INDUSTRY FOR DISCHARGED PRISONERS, of City of Philadelphia, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1163

Read in place in House by Mr. Townsend, 717.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 717.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2340.
Second reading, 2423.
Third reading and final passage, 2804.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

In Senate (No. 1083)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2662.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2712.
Second reading, 2920.
Third reading and final passage, 3098.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

HOME OF INDUSTRY FOR DISCHARGED PRISONERS, of City of Philadelphia, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 77.

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 117.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 117.
Reported without amendment, 241.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 274.

HOMEOPATHIC MANAGEMENT by vesting appointment of entire commission in Governor, bill to amend act relating to State Hospital for treatment of insane under (see insane).

HOMEOPATHIC MEDICAL AND SURGICAL HOSPITAL and Dispensary of Pittsburg, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1042

Read in place in House by Mr. McClung, 109.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 109.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2334.
Second reading, 2407.
Third reading and final passage, 2764.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.

In Senate (No. 971)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2707.
Second reading, 2912.
Third reading and final passage, 3076.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

HOMEOPATHIC MEDICAL AND SURGICAL HOSPITAL and Dispensary of Pittsburg, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 102.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 102.

HOMEOPATHIC MEDICAL AND SURGICAL HOSPITAL of Reading, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1077

Read in place in House by Mr. Sassaman, 112.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 112.
Reported with amendment, 2240.
First reading, 2336.
Second reading, 2411.
Third reading and final passage, 2775.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.

In Senate (No. 1001)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2687.
First reading, 2709.
Second reading, 2914.
Third reading and final passage, 3082.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

HOMEOPATHIC STATE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE by extending time during which said appropriation shall be available, to amend act making appropriation to Trustees of

House Bill No. 741
Read in place in House by Mr. Allen, 1481.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1481.
Reported without amendment, 1669.
First reading, 1828.
Second reading, 2120.
Third reading and final passage, 2832.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3232.
Signed by Speaker, 3480.

In Senate (No. 836)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2655.
Reported without amendment, 2682.
First reading, 2701.
Second reading, 2887.
Third reading and final passage, 3052.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

HOMEOPATHIC STATE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE, making appropriation to commission for erection of

House Bill No. 1330
Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 1481.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1481.
Reported without amendment, 2932.
First reading, 2932.
Second reading, 3014.
Third reading and final passage, 3196.
Returned from Senate with amendment, 3492.
Concurred in Senate amendment, 3492.
Signed by Speaker, 3589.

In Senate (No. 1233)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3047.
Reported without amendment, 3121.
First reading, 3179.
Second reading, 3303.
Third reading and final passage, 3392.
Returned from House with Senate amendment concurred in, 3409.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3539.

HOMESTEAD HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 988
Read in place in House by Mr. John F. Cox, 567.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 567.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2332.
Second reading, 2398.
Third reading and final passage, 2746.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.

In Senate (No. 918)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2685.
First reading, 2705.
Second reading, 2909.
Third reading and final passage, 3067.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

HOMSHER, JOHN G., Senator from Thirteenth District, (Lancaster County), part of.

Amendment offered by, to
Senate Bill No. 31, to enlarge powers of constables in service of summons issued by aldermen and justices of the peace, 1430.

Appointments of, on
Conference committee, 3151.
Standing committees, 79, 80.

Appointment of, as
Teller to count vote for United States Senator, 6.

Bills introduced by
Enlarging powers of constables in service of summons issued by aldermen and justices of the peace, 154.
Fixing term of chief burgess and members of council in boroughs, 339.
Giving additional protection to wild waterfowl of all kinds in this Commonwealth, 149.
Making appropriation to State Normal Schools, 223.
Making prosecutors liable for costs in ill-founded criminal prosecutions, 701.
Relating to offences of barratry, maintenance and champerty, 267.

HOMSHER, JOHN G.—Continued.
Repealing act of May 5, 1864, Pamphlet Laws 832, increasing the pay of jurors and witnesses in the County of Lancaster, 89.
To amend act making appropriation for erection of Thaddeus Stevens Industrial School of Pennsylvania, 107.
To establish a fish hatchery in Lancaster County, 701.

Bills reported by
No. 311 (House Bill No. 151)
Supplement to act regarding injurious insects providing a method for compelling their destruction, 701.
No. 421 (House Bill No. 705)
Authorizing Secretary of Agriculture to prepare and publish report on insects of Pennsylvania, 1067.

Motions by, to
Consider Senate Bill No. 322, to fix terms of mayors and members of councils, 836.
Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 31, enlarging powers of constables in service of summons issued by aldermen and justices of the peace, 905.
Reconsider vote on Senate Bill No. 31, enlarging powers of constables in service of summons issued by aldermen and justices of the peace, 905.

Petition presented by, from
Citizens of Lancaster County for resident hunters' license bill, 2263.

Remarks by, on
Senate Bill No. 142, repealing act relating to certain abandoned turnpikes, 462.

Resolution, concurrent, reported by
Authorizing printing of report upon insects found in State of Pennsylvania, 539.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by
Recalling Senate Bill No. 31, to enlarge powers of constables in service of summons issued by aldermen and justices of the peace, from Governor for amendment, 832.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 71.

HONOR OF UNIFORM OF UNITED STATES in Pennsylvania, bill to protect dignity and (see United States).

HOOVER, C. C., Representative from Clearfield County,
Amendment offered by, to
House Bill No. 619, imposing on all steam railroads

Appointment of, on
Standing committes, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by
Providing that real estate of all public service corporations shall be subject to taxation for local purposes, 473.
Regulating carrying of deadly or dangerous weapons, 473.
Requiring steam railroads to erect safety devices on grade crossings, 200.
To regulate further the traffic in liquors, 473.
Validating municipal improvements, providing for filing of municipal liens therefor and proceedings for collection thereof, 1115.

Bills reported by
No. 313 (Senate Bill No. 1159)
Providing for health and safety of persons employed in and about bituminous coal mines, 733.
No. 406
Amending section twenty-three of further supplement to act to provide revenue by taxation, 897.
No. 517 (Senate Bill No. 276)
Establishing in certain counties Board for Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and county purposes, 1115.

Election of, 43.

Leave of absence asked for, 1017, 1500.

Motions by, to
Dispense with further reading of Journal, 733, 2015.
Lay upon table veto of House Bill No. 343, authorizing water companies and certain commissioners of water works in cities of third class to extend their pipes beyond city limits, 2559.
Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 1237, making appropriation to DuBois Hospital, 2560.
Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 611, providing for establishment of Bureau of Standards in Department of Internal Affairs, 2054.

HOOVER, C. C.—Continued.
Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 755, fixing compensation and allowances for members of General Assembly, 2306.
Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 846, amending act authorizing cities and boroughs to condemn property for purpose of obtaining and supplying water by fixing number of viewers at three, 3469.
Petitions presented by, from
Citizens of Clearfield County against commission form of government, 389.
Citizens of Clearfield County against system now in vogue in Fisheries Department, 525.
Citizens of Clearfield County for amendments to oleomargarine laws, 1457.
Citizens of Clearfield County for Initiative and Referendum, 1397.
Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

HORMELL, HARRY G., Representative from Second District, (Fayette County).
Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.
Bills introduced by
Making appropriation to Brownsville General Hospital, 385.
Providing that any fence maliciously erected for purpose of annoying owners or occupants of adjoining property shall be deemed a nuisance, 472.
Bills reported by
No. 46 (Senate Bill No. 352)
Authorizing erection of work-houses jointly by two or more counties, 171.
Election of, 43.
Leave of absence asked for, 112, 1083, 1238.
Petitions presented by, from
Citizens of Fayette County against commission form of government, 714.
Citizens of Fayette County for Maurer Initiative and Referendum Bill, 714.
Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

HORSES, to encourage breeding of
House Bill No. 335
Read in place in House by Mr. Shoemaker, 526.
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 526.
Reported with amendment, 734.
First reading, 782.
Second reading, 892.
Third reading and final passage, 1288.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 2220.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 2220.
Signed by Speaker, 2587.
In Senate (No. 624)
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 1262.
Reported with amendment, 1797.
First reading, 1917.
Second reading, 2008.
Third reading and final passage, 2173.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in 2211.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2522.

HORTICULTURAL IMPLEMENT MANUFACTURING and general horticultural business, to amend act relating to manufacturing companies incorporated under any other State so as to make it apply to companies for garden and
House Bill No. 66
Read in place in House by Mr. Townsend, 121.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 122.
Reported without amendment, 199.
First reading, 211.
Second reading, 235.
Third reading and final passage, 308.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 971.
Signed by Speaker, 1045.
Concurrent resolution to recall bill from Governor, 1199.
Resolution returned from Senate concurred in,
Resolution approved by Governor, 1292.
Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 1292.

HORTICULTURAL IMPLEMENT MANUFACTURING—Continued.
Resumed and passed finally, 1331.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 1342.
Signed by Speaker, 1339.
Approved by Governor, 1614.
In Senate (No. 337)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 299.
Reported without amendment, 787.
First reading, 841.
Second reading, 915.
Third reading and final passage, 947.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1001.
Resolution to recall bill from Governor concurred in, 1206.
Senate concurs in House amendments, 1323.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1326.

HORTICULTURE by establishing small model orchards for demonstration and experimental purposes, to provide for practical development of
House Bill No. 374
Read in place in House by Mr. Meyer, 735.
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 736.
Reported without amendment, 881.
First reading, 901.
Second reading, 1057.
Recommitted to Committee on Appropriations, 1083.

HORTICULTURIST AND ASSISTANT ZOOLOGIST and Horticulturist and abolishing offices of Economic Zoologist and Assistant Economic Zoologst, bill to create in Department of Agriculture offices of State Zoologist and (see Department).

HOSKINS, W. HORACE, Member of State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners, nominated, 25.

HOSPITAL, bill relating to any State (see State).

HOSPITAL DEPARTMENT OF HAHNEMANN MEDICAL COLLEGE and Hospital of Philadelphia, bill making appropriation to (see Hahnemann).

HOSPITAL DEPARTMENT OF JEWISH HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION of Philadelphia, bill making appropriation to (see Jewish).

HOSPITAL FOR TUBERCULAR CONVICTS, bill making appropriation for State (see tubercular).

HOSPITAL MOTOR AMBULANCES, bill to amend act relating to motor vehicles by exempting (see motor vehicles).

HOSPITAL WHERE DISPUTE HAS ARISEN as to right of city to collect such taxes, bill to authorize cities of first class to remit taxes owing by any (see cities).

HOSPITALS AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS receiving State aid from restricting pay patients in selection of physicians and surgeons not connected with said institutions, to prohibit
House Bill No. 634
Read in place in House by Mr. William Conner, 1082.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1082.
Reported with amendment, 1350.
First reading, 1414.
Second reading, 1539.
Third reading and final passage, 2058.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3322.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3322.
Signed by Speaker, 3480.
Remarks on, by
Breitinger, 2058, 2059.
Conner, Wm., 2058, 2059.
Robinson, V. Gilpin, 2058.
In Senate (No. 785)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2155.
Reported without amendment, 2525.
First reading, 2553.
Second reading and amended, 2696.
Third reading and amended, 2899.
Final passage, 3137.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3282.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3394.

HOSPITALS and to provide for commitment thereto of persons suffering with mental disorders, bill to authorize psycopathic wards in certain (see psycopathic).

HOSPITALS, bill to amend first section of act relating to exemption from taxation of certain property by removing the exemption from (see taxation).

HOSPITALS, bill to prevent fraud upon or by keepers of sanatoriums or private (see fraud).

HOSPITALS FOR INDIGENT PERSONS afflicted with tuberculosis and to provide for per capita allowance by State for patients, to authorize poor districts to erect

House Bill No. 837
Read in place in House by Mr. Shadrach, 1082.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1082.
Reported without amendment, 1947.
First reading, 2047.
Recommitted to Committee on Appropriations, 2309.

HOSPITALS FOR INDIGENT PERSONS afflicted with tuberculosis and to provide for per capita allowance by State for patients, to authorize poor districts duty to operate safety devices at all grade crossings with a public highway, 2345.
to erect

Senate Bill No. 476
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Catlin, 1100.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1100.
Reported without amendment, 1254.
First reading, 1325.
Second reading, 1426, 1427.
Over in its order, 1440.
Third reading and final passage, 1589.
Returned from House with amendments, 3381.
Concurred in House amendments, 3381.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3403.

In House (No. 805)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1678.
Reported without amendment, 1758.
First reading, 1832.
Second reading, 2144.
Recommitted to Committee on Appropriations, 2187.
Re-reported with amendment, 3354.
Third reading and final passage, 3468.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 3530.
Signed by Speaker, 3590.

HOSPITALS IN BUILT UP PORTIONS OF CITIES, bill to prohibit hereafter the establishment or maintenance of additional (see cities).

HOSPITALS MAINTAINED WHOLLY OR PARTLY BY STATE appropriations shall receive as patients without charge all sick or injured honorably discharged soldiers, sailors or marines who served in Civil War, to require that all

Read in place in House by Mr. Riebel, 880
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 880.

HOSPITALS MAINTAINED WHOLLY OR PARTLY BY STATE appropriations shall receive as patients without charge all sick or injured honorably discharged soldiers, sailors or marines who served in Civil War, to require that all

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Hays, 832.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 832.

HOSPITALS OR OTHER CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS in which indigent persons are treated unless approved of Board of Public Charities is first produced, bill to prohibit incorporation by courts of common pleas of corporations formed to establish (see corporations).

HOSPITALS RECEIVING STATE AID to admit patients therein, to require

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 373.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 373.

HOSPITALS, to provide for regulation of appropriations for erection, equipment and maintenance of general and emergency

Senate Bill No. 351
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Baldwin, 490.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 490.
Reported without amendment, 788.
First reading, 842.
Recommitted to Committee, 917.

HOSPITALS TO REPORT TO BOARD OF PUBLIC CHARITIES the number of unnaturalized foreign-born inmates, bill to require officials in charge of (see foreign born).

HOTEL, bill to authorize judges of Courts of Quarter Sessions to make and enforce rules regarding opening and closing of places where liquors are sold in connection with any (see liquors).

HOTELS IN CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, bill to exempt certain buildings from provisions of certain acts pertaining to safety of persons from fire in (see buildings).

HOUCK, HENRY, election of, as Secretary of Internal Affairs, see Internal Affairs.

HOUGH, EDWARD M., Representative from Eighth District, (Allegheny County).

Amendment offered by, to
House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 965.

Appointments of, on
Conference committee, 3472.
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by
Making appropriation to Protestant Home for Boys, of Pittsburg, 142.
Making appropriation to Visiting Nurse Association located in North Side, City of Pittsburg, 155.
Making appropriation to Western Pennsylvania Humane Society, 124.
Regulating contestibility of agreement, contracts and policies of fraternal, fraternal insurance and beneficial societies and associations, 1214.

Election of, 42.

Leave of absence asked for, 1238.

Motion by, for
House to non-concur in Senate amendments to House Bill No. 639, authorizing cities of second class to regulate production or emission of smoke from chimnies and smokestacks or other source, 3375.

Motion by, to
Adjourn, 400.

Petition presented by, from
Citizens of Allegheny County for reading of Bible in public schools, 845, 1115.

Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 639, authorizing cities of second class to regulate emission of smoke from chimneys and smokestacks, 2579.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

HOUR of 10 A. M., as time for House sessions to commence, resolution (House) by Wasson, authorizing, 50.

HOURS in twenty-four, bill to prohibit employment in coal mines of fire bosses and others in making examinations more than eight (see mines).

HOURS OF EMPLOYMENT OF MINORS, bills relating to (see minors)

HOURS OF EMPLOYMENT, bill to amend act dividing cities of this State into three classes by authorizing councils to pass ordinances defining competency of workmen or laborers engaged in contract work for such city and prescribing maximum (see cities).

HOURS OF LABOR OF HOISTING ENGINEERS employed in and about anthracite coal mines, bill to limit (see mines).

HOURS OF LABOR OF MECHANICS, workingmen and laborers employed in Pennsylvania, to regulate

House Bill No. 400
Read in place in House by Mr. Albert Davis, 200.
Referred to Committee on Labor and Industry, 200.
Reported with amendment, 884.
First reading, 923.
Second reading and amended and defeated, 1482.

HOUSE DRAINS, bill to amend act relating to plumbing or house drainage in cities of second and third class as it regards (see cities).

HOUSE OF GOOD SHEPHERD in City of Reading, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1073
Read in place in House by Mr. Sassaman, 111.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 111.
Reported with amendment, 2240.
First reading, 2335.
Second reading, 2411.

HOUSE OF GOOD SHEPHERD—Continued.
Third reading and final passage, 2773.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3313.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3313, 3314.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.
In Senate (No. 997)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2687.
First reading, 2708.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2914.
Re-reported with amendment.
Third reading and final pasage, 3081.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3282.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

HOUSE OF GOOD SHEPHERD of Philadelphia, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 189.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 189.

HOUSE OF GOOD SHEPHERD of Philadelphia, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 268.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 268.

HOUSE OF GOOD SHEPHERD of Philadelphia situate at Thirty-fifth and Fairmount Avenue, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1052
Read in place in House by Mr. Walnut, 638.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 638.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2335.
Second reading, 2409.
Third reading and final passage, 2767.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.
In Senate (No. 979)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2708.
Second reading, 2912, 2913.
Third reading and final passage, 3078.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

HOUSE OF GOOD SHEPHERD of Philadelphia, situate at Thirty-fifth and Fairmount Avenue, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 609.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 609.

HOUSE OF GOOD SHEPHERD, Scranton, making appropriation to
Senate Bill No. 78
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichols, 150.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 150.
Reported without amendment, 241.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 274.
Re-reported with amendment, 2215.
Second reading, 2276.
Third reading and final passage, 2450.
Returned from House without amendment, 3048.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3275.
In House (No. 1302)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2570.
Reported with amendment, 2840.
First reading, 2997.
Second reading, 3012.
Third reading and final passage, 3187.
Signed by Speaker, 3496.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES and appointment of employes thereon, bill relating to printing, binding and distribution of Legislative Journal and Journals of Senate and (see Journals).

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES employees, resolution (House) by Woodward, in reference to electing certain, 577.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES for six months ending May 31, 1911, providing appropriation for salaries and ordinary expenses of
(Section No. 1), House Bill No. 1
Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 51.
Special Committee appointed to consider bill, 52.
Reported without amendments, 52.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—Continued.
First reading, 52.
Special order for second reading, 52.
Second reading, 55.
Third reading, 62.
Final passage, 63.
Reurned from Senate with amendments, 82.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 82.
Signed by Speaker, 85.
Partial veto by Governor, 93.
Governor's partial veto sustained, 94.
Remarks on, by
Dearden, 62, 63, 93.
Woodward, 63.
In Senate (No. 1)
Special Committee appointed to consider bill, 57.
Reported without amendments, 61.
First reading, 62.
Recommitted to Special Committee, 62.
Re-reported as amended, 62.
Second reading, 65.
Third reading and final passage, 76.
Returned from House with amendments concurred in, 80.
Signed by President, 80.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES officers and employees, appointment of, 87.
Oath of office administered to, 87.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES officers and employees, resolution (House) by Woodward, authorizing election of, 86.
Amendment offered to resolution, 86.
House agrees to resolution without amendment, 87.
Oath of office administered to officers and employees, 87.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES officers and employees, appointment of, to fill vacancies, 50.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, to provide for election and compensation of additional clerks and assistant sergeants-at-arms of
House Bil No. 61
Read in place in House by Mr. Townsend, 142.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 142.
Reported without amendment, 188.
First reading, 206.
Second reading, 234.
Third reading and final passage, 262.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 310.
House non-concurs in Senate amendments, 310.
Senate adheres to its amendments, 322.
Conference Committee appointed, 322.
Report of Conference Committee presented, 362.
Report of Conference Committee adopted, 367.
Returned from Senate with report of Conference Committee adopted, 399.
Signed by Speaker, 399.
Approved by Governor, 433.
Remarks on, by
Rockwell, 262.
Townsend, 262.
Scott, Samuel B., 310.
Dershem, 368.
Baldwin, Richard J., 368, 269.
Wallace, 368, 369,
Shern, 368, 369.
Abbott, 369.
In Senate (No. 106)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 249.
Reported without amendment, 250.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 250.
Re-reported without amendment, 267.
Second reading and amended, 277.
Third reading and final passage, 292.
Returned from House with Senate amendments nonconcurred in, 299.
Conference Committee appointed, 299.
House adheres to its non-concurrence in Senate amendments and appoints Conference Committee, 343.
Returned from House with report of Conference Committee adopted, 374.
Report of Conference Committee adopted, 376.
Signed by President, 388.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—Continued.

Remarks on, by
Keyser, 277.
Hall, 277.
Herbst, 277, 292, 376.
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McNichol, 292, 293.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES unless such employe shall have actually performed duties of his office, bill to prohibit payment of wages to any employe of (see employe).

HOUSEHOLD GOODS AND FURNITURE, bill relating to leasing, renting, bailment or conditional sale of (see leasing).

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, furniture and cooking utensils, being the property of tenant, either of dwelling house, hotel or boarding house, except at public sale, bill relative to sale in bulk of the whole or a large part of (see sale).

HOUSEHOLD GOODS LEASED OR HIRED shall not be levied upon or sold for rent, bill to provide that (see rent).

HOWARD HOSPITAL of Philadelphia, making appropriaton to

House Bill No. 986
Read in place in House by Mr. Roney, 591.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 591.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2331.
Second reading, 2397.
Third reading and final passage, 2745.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.

In Senate (No. 916)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2684.
First reading, 2705.
Second reading, 2908.
Third reading and final passage, 3067.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

HOWARD HOSPITAL of Philadelphia, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Salus, 788.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 788.

HOWARD, JOSIAH, Representative from Cameron County,

Amendments offered by, to
House Bill No. 193, amending act to create Department of Forestry, 852.
House Bill No. 795, providing for establishment of Pennsylvania State Museum and various divisions thereof and creating board of trustees, 2135.
House Bill No. 828, making appropriations to institutions not wholly managed by Commonwealth liens on premises of such institutions, 2515.

Appointments of, on
Special committees, 52.
Standing committees, 83, 85.

Bills introduced by
Joint resolution proposing amendment to section one article nine of Constitution of Pennsylvania, 637.
Laying a State tax of estates passing either by will or under intestate laws or by certain other methods, 638.
Regulating reports for purposes of taxation by corporations any of the bonds, certificates or other evidences of indebtedness of which are held by residents of this Commonwealth, 637
Requiring sheriffs, receivers, trustees, assignees and other officers having charge of sale of property or franchises of corporations to notify Auditor General and to read at such sale certificate to be furnished by him relative to liens for State taxes, bonus and other public accounts, 1304
To amend act regulating escheats in cases where property is without a lawful owner by extending same to other cases of escheat, 638
To amend sections two and twenty-one of act relating to motor-vehicles, 638.
To exempt from payment of inheritance taxes bequests and devises to institutions of purely public charity, 637.
To further amend a further supplement to act to provide revenue by taxation, 638.
To provide for assessment and collection of taxes on personal property, 637.
To provide for establishment of Pennsylvania State Museum, 717.

HOWARD JOSIAH—Continued.

To provide that corporations shall annually pay tax of four mills on each dolar of value of bonds, mortgages and other securities, 959.
To tax gifts, legacies and inheritances in certain cases, 94.

Bill reported by
No. 530
Providing for taxation of gross receipts of fire insurance companies on business done in this Commonwealth, 1169.

Election of, 43.

Motions by, to
Postpone for present House Bill No. 510, joint resolution proposing amendment to section 1 of article 9 of Constitution of Pennsylvania, relating to taxation, 1943.
Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 509, amending further supplement to act to provide revenue by taxation, 2085.

Question of information raised by, on
House Bill No. 1287, amending act providing for personal registration of electors in cities of first and second class by further defining "party" and who may be appointed registrars, increasing terms of commissioners and changing registration days, 2960.

Remarks by, on
Appeal from decision of Chair on motion to adopt negative recommendation of Committee on Elections on resolution relating to direct vote for United States Senator, 179.
Concurrent resolution in reference to adjournment until February twenty-seventh, 307.
House Bill No. 27, to carry into complete operation certain amendments to Constitution of Pennsylvania, relating to terms of Public Officers, 178.
House Bill No. 37, regulating use of moving picture machines in cities of third class, 193, 194.
House Bill No. 40, regulating use of moving picture machines in townships, 194.
House Bill No. 43, regulating use of moving picture machines in boroughs, 195.
House Bill No. 138, authorizing election of tax collectors for four years in boroughs and townships, 569.
House Bill No. 191, amending act relating to corporations as regards charters of religious bodies, 648, 784, 2198, 2199.
House Bill No. 193, amending act establishing Department of Forestry by enlarging powers to purchase land for forest reserves, 657, 658, 660, 852, 853, 926.
House Bill No. 196, requiring payment of wages to be semi-monthly, 730.
House Bill No. 252, repealing act regarding taxation of shares of stock of title insurance and trust companies, 855.
House Bill No. 255, relating to taxation of companies engaged in manufacture of gas, 858, 859.
House Bill No. 312, to establish a public school system, 987.
House Bill No. 365, amending act imposing additional taxes for State purposes and to abolish revenue board, 1348.
House Bill No. 378, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania allowing municipalities to increase their indebtedness, 3611.
House Bill No. 509, further amending section 24 of further supplement to act to provide revenue by taxation, 2359.
House Bill No. 518, amending act providing uniform method of electing certain party officers by providing for one primary each year in place of two, 1189.
House Bill No. 524, to provide increased revenue by providing that corporations, limited partnerships and joint stock associations shall annually pay tax of four mills on each dollar of value of all their bonds, mortgages and other securities, 2253, 2223.
House Bill No. 530, providing for taxation of gross receipts of fire insurance companies on business done in Pennsylvania, 2044.
House Bill No. 693, regulating reading of Holy Bible in public schools, 2495.
House Bill No. 863, laying State tax on estates passing either by will or under intestate laws or by deed or bargain intended to take effect after death of grantor or bargainer, 3260.
House Bill No. 1323, providing for commission to examine and report on propriety of purchase by Commonwealth of certain tract of land in Jefferson, Forest and Clarion Counties, 3222.
Resolution regarding election of United State Senators by direct vote, 367.
Report of Committee of Rules presented by, 3227.

HOWARD, JOSIAH—Continued.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by, in
Reference to celebration of one hundredth anniversary of peace between English speaking peoples, 689.

Resolution reported by, from
Committee of Rules in reference to order of business in House, 2569.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

HUFFMAN, HARVEY, Senator from Fourteenth District, (Carbon, Monroe, Pike and Wayne Counties),

Amendments offered by, to
Senate Bill No. 167, relating to treasurer's sales of land for taxes, 833.
Senate Bill No. 397, regulating salary of associate judges of courts of this Commonwealth, 1077.
Senate Bill No. 496, to establish a public school system, 1892.

Appointments of, on
Conference committee, 1102.
Special committee, 41, 3577.
Standing committees, 79, 80.

Bills introduced by
Making appropriation to State Normal School of 4th District located at East Stroudsburg, 1068.
Making appropriation to Stroudsburg Hospital, 788.
Providing for cancellation of certain liens, bonds and mortgages now held by Department of Internal Affairs, 223.
Regulating salary and payment thereof of Associate Judges of the Courts, 756.
Relating to cold storage and refrigerating warehouses and places, 339.
Relating to sheriff's sales of land under writs issued out of court of common pleas, 608.
Supplement to act to increase pay of jurors and witnesses in this Commonwealth, 223.
To amend act to provide revenue by taxation and taxing all of property of corporations, joint stock associations and limited partnerships having capital stock at rate of five mills, 1068.
To enable certain tax collectors to collect taxes for which they may become personally liable, 167.
Validating affidavits, acknowledgments and other notarial acts of notaries public, 167.

Bills reported by
No. 31 (House Bill No. 158)
Enlarging powers of constables in service of certain summons, 183.
No. 32 (House Bill No. 135)
Validating acts done and conveyances made by or to corporations after Letters Patent are issued, 183.
No. 108 (House Bill No. 230)
Requiring registration of titles to lands acquired by will or descent, 267.
No. 133 (House Bill No. 804)
Regulating issuance of licenses to marry, 1254, 1435.
No. 141 (House Bill No. 554)
Providing for original location, laying out and construction of public roads or highways, 831.
No. 160 (House Bill No. 780)
Amending act relating to insolvency, 388.
No. 218 (House Bill No. 48)
Providing for expenses of county commissioners and county poor directors, 539.
No. 219 (House Bill No. 126)
Supplement to act relating to roads, highways and bridges, 539.
No. 285
Relating to offenses of barratry, maintenance and champerty, 664.
No. 352 (House Bill No. 46)
Authorizing erection of workhouses jointly by two or more counties, 788.
No. 353
Making usurious loan of money a misdemeanor, 788.
No. 362 (House Bill No. 582)
Relating to receivers' sales, 831.
No. 396 (House Bill No. 36)
Providing for registration of conveyances of real estate in certain counties, 938.
No. 406
Relating to sale of fire arms, 995.

HUFFMAN, HARVEY—Continued.

No. 445 (House Bill No. 761)
To regulate licensing of persons engaged in boarding infant children under age of three years in cities of third class, 1100.
No. 453 (House Bill No. 685)
To direct appeals to Supreme Court from any decree of distribution wherein fund for distribution is in excess of $1500, 1173.
No. 479
Amending further supplement to act to establish Board of Wardens for Port of Philadelphia by fixing rates of pilotage, 1254.
No. 480 (House Bill No. 194)
Providing for notification of taxables by tax collectors in boroughs and townships, 1254.
No. 550 (House Bill No. 377)
Empowering United States to acquire land in Pennsylvania for national forest reserves, 1546.
No. 611
Relating to and regulating marriage and marriage licenses, 1707.
No. 639 (House Bill No. 415)
Amending act relating to powers of courts of quarter sessions of the peace with reference to care of neglected or dependent children by providing that court may direct that board of such children be paid by proper county, 1854.
No. 701 (House Bill No. 478)
Supplementary to act for taxation of dogs and protection of sheep requiring all dogs to wear a collar with tag attached showing payment of tax, 2202.
No. 702 (House Bill No. 480)
Making valid certain bonds issued by municipal corporations and indebtedness represented by same 2202.
No. 738 (House Bill No. 513)
Providing for election and term of office of borough treasurer, secretary and supervisor in certain boroughs, 2265.
No. 797 (House Bill No. 621)
Relating to presentation of petition where bond is filed in any court of record and providing that under certain conditions the court may enter an exoneretur, 2538.
No. 817 (House Bill No. 179)
Providing for making of new ordinance book of any borough in which ordinance book has become lost or destroyed, 2603.

Election of, 2.

Motions by, for
Senate Bill No. 502, amending act providing for protection of game so as to further restrict open season for game birds, to go over in its order, 1603.

Motions by, to
Consider Senate Bill No. 172, to enable certain tax collectors to collect taxes for which they have become personally liable, 762.
Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 135, enabling certain tax collectors to collect taxes for which they have have become personally liable, 459.
Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 223, in regard to closing of toll bridges whose travel has been diverted, 704.
Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 167, relating to treasurer's sales of land for taxes, 552.
Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 172, enabling tax collectors to collect taxes for which they have become personally liable, 553.
Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 221, making Lake Winola in Wyoming County a public highway, 703.
Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 285, relating to offenses of barratry, maintenance and champerty, 712.
Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 353, making the usurious loan of money a misdemeanor, 842.
Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 428, enabling certain minors of five years of age and over to contract for membership in certain fraternal beneficial societies, 1180.
Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 525, regulating size of tires of vehicles, 1650.
Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 544, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution so as to permit General Assembly to regulate salaries and hours of employes of State or any civil division thereof, 1655.
Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 611, relating to and regulating marriage and marriage licenses, 1916.

HUFFMAN, HARVEY—Continued.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 694, relating to abandonment of certain actions of ejectment, 2456.

Reconsider vote on Senate Bill No. 433, providing that no person shall be eligible to office of district attorney who has not been admitted to practice in Supreme and Superior Courts of this Commonwealth, 1279.

Suspend rule 21 in order to consider House amendments to Senate Bill No. 155, supplement to act to increase pay of jurors and witnesses in this Commonwealth so as to make one general per diem rate, 1803.

Suspend Rule No. 21 in order to consider House amendments to Senate Bill No. 211, providing for cancellation of certain liens, bonds and mortgages held by Department of Internal Affairs for unpaid purchase money and interest on lands for which patents have been issued, 1422.

Nomination of, as

President pro tempore, 3577.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Monroe County for passage of Sproul and Jones Road Bill, 1225.

Citizens of Pennsylvania against passage of hunters' license bill, 663.

Citizens of Wayne County for passage of Sproul and Jones Road Bills, 1225.

Reaper Grange Patrons of Husbandry for Initiative and Referendum, 1225.

Washington Camp No. 341, P. O. S. of A. for passage of House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, and House Bill No. 301 and House Pink Bill No. 1061, relating to taxation, 1225.

Washington Camp No. 524, P. O. S. of A. for passage of House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, and House Bill No. 301 and House Pink Bill No. 1061, relating to taxation, 1225.

Washington Camp No. 541, P. O. S. of A., for passage of House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system and House Bill No. 301 and House Pink Bill No. 1061, relating to taxation, 1225.

Question of information raised by, on

Senate Bill No. 196, amending act relative to mortgages by requiring purchase money mortgages to be recorded within ten days in order to have priority of lien, 1107.

Remarks by, on

Senate Bill No. 20, amending act relating to removal of judges as regards their pay, 666.

Senate Bill No. 223, in regard to closing toll bridges whose travel has been diverted, 704.

Senate Bill No. 275, providing for appointment of mercantile appraisers by Auditor General in certain counties, 832, 833.

Senate Bill No. 336, authorizing Supreme Court to promulgate rules of practice for all courts of record of one kind, 947.

Senate Bill No. 496, to establish public school system in Pennsylvania, 1551.

Senate Bill No. 694, relating to abandonment of certain actions of ejectment, 2456.

HULINGS, WILLIS J., Member of Armory Board of State of Pennsylvania, nominated, 26.

Reported, 940.

Confirmed, 956.

HUMMLER, FRANK, nominated as Member of Board of Trustees of State Hospital of Northern Anthracite Coal Region of Pennsylvania, at Scranton, 905.

Reported, 940.

Confirmed, 956.

HUMPHREY, J. M., nominated as Member of Board of Trustees of State Hospital for Injured Persons of Anthracite Coal Field at Ashland, 1227.

Reported, 1228, 3418.

Confirmed, 1228, 3464.

HUNGARIAN QUAIL, bill to amend act for protection of game so as to provide closed season for two years from passage of this bill for (see game).

HUNTER, DAVID, Jr., Senator from Forty-Second District, (Allegheny County, part of),

Amendment offered by, to

Senate Bill No. 125, authorizing certain counties to expend monies in improving or controlling streams or rivers, 385.

Appointments of, on

Conference committee, 3278.

Standing committees, 79, 80.

HUNTER, DAVID, JR.—Continued.

Bills introduced by

Amending act relating to government of cities of second class by providing for abolishing present select and common councils and creating new body to be known as the council, 1797.

Amending and supplementing act relating to Railroad Commission, 222.

Joint resolution for commission to investigate construction of buildings and character of materials, 1707.

Making appropriation to Bethesda Home, 118.

Making appropriation to First Allegheny Day Nursery and Temporary Home for Children, 1892.

Making appropriation to Presbyterian Hospital of Pittsburg, 117.

Making appropriation to Western Pennsylvania Humane Society, 117.

Providing for appointment by district attorney in certain counties of detectives, 166.

Supplementary to act for government of cities of the second class, 150.

Bills reported by

No. 475 (House Bill No. 98)

Supplement to act relating to bituminous coal mines requiring wash houses to be provided and maintained, 1253.

No. 483 (House Bill No. 111)

Amending act relating to safety of persons employed in and about anthracite coal mines so as to increase number of inspection districts, 1279.

No. 712 (House Bill No. 452)

Providing for adjustment and payment of claim of John E. Joos, 2216.

No. 713 (House Bill No. 533)

Empowering cities and boroughs to enact ordinances prescribing regulations for mining of coal beneath their surfaces, 2216.

No. 755 (House Bill No. 1361)

Making appropriation to Christian Home for Women of Pittsburg, 2443.

No. 773 (House Bill No. 755)

Fixing compensation and allowances for members of General Assembly, 2524.

No. 774 (House Bill No. 635)

To safeguard life and protect property in and about coal mines by providing that all inside buildings shall be constructed of incombutible material, 2524, 2525.

Election of, 3.

Motion by, for

Senate to go into committee of whole for special amendment to Senate Bill No. 763, supplementary to act for government of cities of second class, 3144.

Motions by, to

Resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 100, providing for appointment in certain counties of chief and assistant county detective and special county detectives, 1074.

Suspend rule 39 to consider resolution authorizing appointment of delegate to Seventh International Congress of Esperantists, 2529.

Remarks by, on

Senate Bill No. 626, amending and supplementing act for government of cities of second class by providing for abolishing present select and common councils and creating new body to be known as the Council, 2174, 2175.

Senate Bill No. 763, supplementary to act for government of cities of second class, 2674, 2675.

Resolutions, concurrent, offered by,

Authorizing appointment of delegate to Seventh International Congress of Esperantists, 2217.

Continuing until end of next session of Legislature joint committee to consider and report on revision of laws relating to corporations and to revenue, 2175.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 71.

HUNTER, JAMES N., Representative from Fourth District, (Schuylkill County),

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 42, amending act relating to care of poor in Schuylkill County by creating Board of Trustees of the Insane, 194.

House Bill No. 356, relating to train wrecking, 1053, 2386.

HUNTER, JAMES N.—Continued.

House Bill No. 428, amending act relating to motor vehicles by exempting hospital motor ambulances and motor fire engines, 1370.

House Bill No. 469, amending act relating to Orphans' Courts by vesting appointment of first assistant clerk of said courts in respective judges thereof, 1388.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Amending act relating to felony of removing waste from out journal boxes of engines or cars used on any railroad so as to include brasses, 1016.

Amending act relating to motor vehicles by exempting hospital motor ambulances and motor fire engines, 636.

Amending act relating to obstructing of crossings of public roads by locomotives by providing that any member of train-crew shall be subject to said penalty, 1399.

Amending act relating to protection of game and certain birds by permitting the killing of deer other than males with visible horns, 155.

Making appropriation to Benevolent Association's Home for Children, of Pottsville, 735.

Making appropriation to former Board of Examiners for Inspectors of Mines of Schuylkill county, 1016.

Making appropriation to Pottsville Hospital, 636.

Requiring locomotives in certain cases to have electric or power headlights, 526.

To define offence of train wrecking or attempted train wrecking, 735.

Bills reported by

No. 124

Regulating hunting and killing of raccoons, 314.

No. 401 (Senate Bill No. 814)

Providing for examination, licensure and registration of those engaged in plumbing or house drainage in cities of first class, 884.

No. 494 (Senate Bill No. 686)

Amending act relating to fish by removing certain restriction on fishing with nets, 1048.

No. 670 (Senate Bill No. 1157)

Amending act relating to public documents by providing for increased number of copies of report of Highway Commissioner, 1469.

Election of, 45.

Invitation from Centennial Association of Schuylkill County for Legislature to attend celebration of founding of Schuylkill County presented by, 3599.

Leave of absence asked for, 568.

Motions by, to

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 1368, declaring liability of railroad companies for loss or damage by fire, 3486.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 356, relating to train wrecking, 2386.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Schuylkill County for reading of Bible in public schools, 920.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 210, amending act relating to game by permitting killing of deer other than males with visible horns, 739.

House Bill No. 315, to provide for better protection of game, game-quadrupeds and game birds, 887.

House Bill No. 586, amending act relating to manufacture and sale of oleomargarine and butterine by further regulating its sale and composition and regulating licensing of manufacturers and dealers therein, 2235, 2246.

House Bill No. 787, amending act relative to obstructing of crossings of public roads by locomotives and cars by providing that any member of train crew shall be subject to said penalty, 2133.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by

Recalling House Bill No. 356, relating to train wrecking or attempted train wrecking, from Governor for amendment, 2220.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

HUNTER, JOSEPH W., State Highway Commissioner, nominated, 26.

HUNTER, R. P., Representative from Armstrong County,

Appointment of, as

Member of Soldiers' Orphans Commission, 73.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 85.

Bills introduced by

Making appropriation to Dayton Normal Institute of Dayton, 112.

Making appropriation to Kittanning General Hospital, 171.

Bills reported by

No. 140 (Senate Bill No. 638)

Enlarging powers of overseers of poor in townships of second class as regards maintenance of cemeteries, 323.

No. 311

Amending act relating to roads, highways and bridges as to cost of maintaining county bridges, 716.

No. 393

Amending act relating to revenue by taxation by providing for uniform method of taxing banks and savings institutions, 885.

Motions by, to

Election of, 42.

Adjourn, 163, 661, 1045.

Lay upon table veto of House Bill No. 233, to validate certain elections increasing indebtedness of municipalities, 2559.

Petitions presented by, from

Armstrong Grange No. 1234 of Armstrong County for initiative and referendum, 1397.

Citizens of Armstrong County against increased tax on automobiles, 1397.

Presbyterian churches of Freeport and Clinton, Armstrong County, against excise commission bill and Kline license bill, 2290.

Remarks by, on

Concurrent resolution relative to draping Barnard statuary, 370.

Resolution, concurrent, No. 15, reported by, 1304.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

HUNTERS' LICENSE BILLS, petitions presented relative to (see petitions).

HUNTERS, to amend act relating to licenses for non-resident hunters and unnaturalized, foreign-born, resident

Read in place in House by Mr. Marvin, 123.

Refered to Committee on Game, 123.

HUNTERS, bill to amend act relating to protection of game by increasing number of English, Mongolian and Chinese pheasants allowed to be taken from the State by non-resident (see game).

HUNTING AND KILLING BIG GAME, bill to make it unlawful to use automatic rifles for (see game).

HUNTING AND KILLING OF RACCOONS, skunks and opossums, to regulate

Read in place in House by Mr. Kern, 105.

Referred to Committee on Game, 105.

HUNTING DOGS in certain cases to be muzzled at all time, bill to require all dogs other than (see dogs).

HUNTING FOR ANY WILD BIRDS OR ANIMALS within Pennsylvania, to require all citizens to procure license before using guns for purpose of

Read in place in House by Mr. Walton, 189.

Referred to Committee on Game, 189.

HUNTING OF RACCOONS, to regulate

House Bill No. 124

Read in place in House by Mr. Kern, 171.

Referred to Committee on Game, 171.

Reported with amendment, 314

First reading, 336.

Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 423.

HUNTING, to provide for better protection of wild birds and game by requiring all citizens to procure a license before using guns for purpose of

Senate Bill No. 407

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 551.

Referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 551.

Reported without amendment, 995.

HUNTING—Continued.
First reading, 1079.
Second reading, 1109.
Over in its order, 1176.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1228.
Resumed and recommitted to Committee, 1424.
Re-reported with amendment, 1424.
Over in its order, 1438.
Resumed and defeated on final passage, 1439.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 1442.
Resumed and defeated on final passage, 2447.
Remarks on, by
Fox, 1439.
Herbst, 2447, 2448.
Martin, 2448.
Hall, 2448.
Wilbert, 2448, 2449.

HUSBAND and to validate all such conveyances heretofore made, bill to authorize a married woman to make conveyance of real estate to her (see married woman).

HUSBAND AND WIFE a competent witness to testify for or against each other in support of a criminal charge of bigamy, bill to amend act relating to competency of witnesses so as to make (see bigamy).

HUSBAND AND WIFE AS WITNESSES in civil actions, bill relating to competency of (see witnesses).

HUSBAND, bill to provide punishment for desertion or non-support of wife by (see desertion).

HUSBAND, FATHER OR MOTHER to desert wife or children leaving them without reasonable means of support, bill to make it a felony for (see desert).

HUSBANDS OR WIVES to take under or against the wills of decedents to recording thereof, bill relating to elections by surviving (see decedents).

HUSBANDS, supplement to act for relief of deserted wives providing for punishment of (see deserted).

HYDRATED LIME AND GROUND LIMESTONE for agricultural purposes, bill to regulate sale of lime (see lime).

HYDROPHOBIA and to enact new law in regard thereto, bill to repeal act relating to medical attention for needy persons in danger of suffering from (see county).

IAMS, JOHN T., Manager of Pennsylvania Reform School at Morganza, nominated, 24.

ICE CREAM and fixing standard of butterfat for ice cream, to prevent manufacture and sale of adulterated, misbranded or deleterious
Senate Bill No. 498
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Nulty, 1068
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 1068.
Reported without amendment, 1418.
First reading, 1450.
Second reading, 1602.
Recommitted to Committee, 1661.

ICE CREAM IS SOLD, bill to amend act to provide civil rights for all people regardless of race or color so as to include places where (see civil rights).

IDIOTS BY PROCESS OF STERILIZATION under certain circumstances, bill to prevent procreation of (see procreation).

ILL-FOUNDED CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS, bill to make prosecutors liable for costs in (see costs).

ILLUMINATING OIL, bill to empower counties to appoint inspectors and regulate inspection of (see petroleum).

ILLUMINATING OILS, bill to provide a standard of tests for (see oils).

IMBECILES BY PROCESS OF STERILIZATION under certain circumstances, bill to prevent procreation of (see procreation).

IMMORAL PLAYS, exhibitions or performances, bill to prohibit (see amusement).

IMMORAL PURPOSES so as to prevent procuring for immoral purposes any woman or girl residing in or out of Pennsylvania, to amend act to prevent enticing into Pennsylvania of any woman or girl for
House Bill No. 864
Read in place in House by Mr. Miller, 1399.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1339.

IMMORAL PURPOSES—Continued.
Reported without amendment, 1949.
First reading, 2048.
Second reading, 2363.
Special order for consideration, 3227.
Third reading and final passage, 3260.
In Senate
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 3180.

IMPLEMENT MANUFACTURING AND GENERAL HORTICULTURAL BUSINESS, bill to amend act relating to manufacturing companies incorporated under any other State so as to make it apply to companies for garden and horticultural (see horticultural).

IMPROVE PUBLIC STREETS, bill to empower commissioners, of townships of first class to pave and otherwise (see townships).

IMPROVEMENT CHILDREN'S HOME of City of Pittsburg, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1129
Read in place in House by Mr. Magee, 171.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 171.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2338.
Recommitted to Committee, 2385.
Re-reported with amendment, 2516.
Second reading, 2834.
Third reading and final passage, 2986.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3529.
Signed by Speaker, 3588.
In Senate (No. 1204)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3044.
Reported without amendment, 3120.
First reading, 3177.
Second reading, 3300.
Third reading and final passage, 3387.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3538.

IMPROVEMENT CHILDREN'S HOME of City of Pittsburg, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Kline, 166.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 166.

IMPROVEMENT OF MARITIME PORT FACILITIES, bill making appropriation for (see port).

IMPROVEMENT OF PUBLIC ROADS, bill to provide revenue by taxation for (see taxation).

IMPROVEMENT OF STREAMS AND RIVERS and for prevention of floods, bill to enable counties to borrow and expend money for (see counties).

IMPROVEMENT OF STREETS IN BOROUGHS, bills relating to (see boroughs).

IMPROVEMENT TO PUBLIC HIGHWAYS, bill to further amend eighteenth section of act establishing State Highway Department and providing for cost of (see highway).

IMPROVEMENTS, bill amending act relating to liens for taxes by providing that only public property shall be exempt from claim for municipal (see liens).

IMPROVEMENTS heretofore made liable for costs thereof, to make properties peculiarly benefited by certain municipal
House Bill No. 820
Read in place in House by Mr. Rebert, 1082.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1082.
Reported without amendment, 1779.
First reading, 1833.
Second reading, 2146.

IMPROVEMENTS, to authorize ascertainment, award, levy, assessment and collection of costs, damages and expenses of municipal
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Catlin, 788.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 788.

IMPROVEMENTS TO "PAOLI PARADE GROUND", bill making appropriation to provide for certain (see Paoli).

IMPROVEMENTS, to regulate levy, assessment and collection of costs, damages and expenses of municipal
House Bill No. 560
Read in place in House by Mr. Shadrach, 846.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 846.
Reported without amendment, 1213.
First reading, 1243.

IMPROVEMENTS—Continued.
Second reading, 1520.
Third reading and final passage, 1937.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3332.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3332.
Signed by Speaker, 3481.
In Senate (No. 767)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1901.
Reported without amendment, 2524.
First reading, 2552.
Second reading, 2693.
Third reading and defeated on final pasage, 2895.
Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 3154.
Resumed and passed finally, 3263.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3279.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3394.

IMPROVING STREAMS AND RIVERS wholly or partly within their boundaries, bill to authorize counties with population between 800,000 and 1,400,000 to expend monies in (see counties).

INAUGURAL CEREMONIES, concurrent resolution (Senate), by Fox, in reference to, 5.
Resolution returned by House, 40.
Approved by Governor, 41.
Appointment of Senate Committee, 41.
Notification to Senate of appointment of House Committee, 41.
Concurred in by House, 50.
Notification to House of appointment of Senate Committee, 52.
Appointment of House Committee, 52.
Committee appears before Senate, 67.

INAUGURAL CEREMONIES of and address of Lieutenant Governor Reynolds, 70.

INAUGURAL CEREMONIES of and address of Governor Tener, 67.
Members of House take recess to attend, 72.

INAUGURAL CEREMONIES, resolution authorizing committee to be appointed to conduct officers and members of Senate to platform for, (House), by Towsend, 72.
Committee appointed by House, 72.
Committee appears before Senate, 67.

INAUGURAL EXPENSES, incident to inauguration of Hon. John K. Tener as Governor of the Commonwealth, providing appropriation for
(Section No. 3), House Bill No. 1
Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 51.
Special Committee appointed to consider bill, 52.
Reported without amendment, 52.
First reading, 52.
Special order for second reading, 52.
Second reading, 55.
Third reading, 62.
Final passage, 63.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 82.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 82.
Signed by Speaker, 85.
Partial veto by Governor, 93.
Governor's partial veto sustained, 94.
Remarks on, by
Dearden, 62, 63, 93.
Woodward, 63.
In Senate (No. 1)
Special Committee appointed to consider bill, 57.
Reported without amendments, 61.
First reading, 62.
Recommitted to Special Committee, 62.
Re-reported as amended, 62.
Second reading, 65.
Third reading and final pasage, 76.
Returned from House with amendments concurred in, 80.
Signed by President, 80.

INAUGURATION OF MAYORS of cities, bill to fix time for (see cities).

INCOME OF ANY KIND when same is twelve dollars or more per week, bill to provide for collection of judgments by attachment execution against wages, debts or (see judgments).

INCOMPETENT MINERS, to protect miners from dangers occasioned by (see miners).

INCORPORATED BY SUCH COURTS, bill to provide for report of Auditor General by prothonotaries of Courts of Common Pleas of corporatins (see corporations).

INCORPORATED COUNTY HISTORICAL SOCIETIES which have been in continued existence for at least ten years, bill to provide assistance for duly (see historical).

INCORPORATED TRUSTEES OF SALVATION ARMY in Pennsylvania, bill making appropriation to (see Salvation).

INCORPORATION may be acknowledged before justice of the peace, bill to provide that articles of (see acknowledged).

INCORPORATION OF CERTAIN CORPORATIONS, bill relating to (see corporations).

INCREASE IN AMOUNT OF RELIEF GRANTED TO PAUPERS not residing in poor-house in said district, bill to amend act authorizing erection of poor-house at Pittston by authorizing (see poor-house).

INCUMBRANCES UPON LEGAL PRESUMPTION OF PAYMENT THEREOF, bill relating to discharge of and release of lands from record charges, liens, judgments and (see release).

INDEBTEDNESS, bill to confer certain authority on Trustees of any State Normal School in regard to its bonded (see State Normal).

INDEBTEDNESS, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of the Commonwealth allowing municipal or incorporated districts to increase their (see Constitution).

INDEBTEDNESS OF ANY MUNICIPALITY, to validate bonds or other securities issued for increase of
House Bill No. 114
Read in place in House by Mr. Malie, 209.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 209.
Reported without amendment, 314.
First reading, 336.
Second reading, 421.
Third reading and final passage, 446.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 1343.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 1343.
Signed by Speaker, 1459.
Vetoed by Governor, 1920.
Sustained Governor's veto, 1920.
In Senate (No. 416)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 458.
Reported with amendment, 1000.
First reading, 1080.
Second reading, 1112.
Third reading and final passage, 1178.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 1422.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1436.

INDEBTEDNESS OF COUNTIES may not exceed constitutional limitation, bill to authorize Commonwealth to build bridges over certain rivers so that (see bridges).

INDEBTEDNESS OF INCORPORATED DISTRICTS or municipalities since April 29, 1903, to validate certain elections held upon question of increasing
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Manbeck, 1254.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1254.

INDEBTEDNESS OF MUNICIPALITIES by extending its provisions so as to include townships, bill to amend act regulating manner of increasing (see townships).

INDEBTEDNESS OF MUNICIPALITIES, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania in regard to (see Constitution).

INDEBTEDNESS OF MUNICIPALITIES, to further amend act increasing the
House Bill No. 347
Read in place in House by Mr. Watts, 134.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 134.
Reported without amendment, 735.
First reading, 783.
Second reading and postponed for present, 899.
Resumed and passed second reading, 1063.
Third reading and final passage, 1480.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2842.
Signed by Speaker, 2943.

INDEBTEDNESS OF MUNICIPALITIES—Continued.
Remarks on, by
Baldwin, Richard J., 899.
Shadrach, 899.
In Senate (No. 724)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1550.
Reported without amendment, 2264.
First reading, 2469.
Second reading, 2546.
Third reading and final passage, 2613.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2903.

INDEBTEDNESS OF MUNICIPALITIES, to validate all elections held to vote upon question of increasing
Read in place in House by Mr. Lowe, 315.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 315.

INDEBTEDNESS OF MUNICIPALITIES, to validate certain elections held in pursuance of act to regulate
Senate Bill No. 277
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 340.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 340.
Reported without amendment, 664.
First reading, 711.
Second reading, 763.
Third reading and final passage, 792.
Returned from House with amendments, 3306.
Concurred in House amendments, 3306.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3403.
In House (No. 593)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 830.
Reported without amendment, 1303.
First reading, 1411.
Second reading, 1530.
Third reading and amended, 2016.
Vote on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 3004.
Final passage, 3366.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 3472.
Signed by Speaker, 3590.

INDEBTEDNESS OF SAID CITIES, bill to amend act dividing cities of State into three classes and authorizing increase of (see cities).

INDEBTEDNESS REPRESENTED BY BONDS issued pursuant to certain elections held upon question of increasing indebtedness of incorporated districts or municipalities, to validate
House Bill No. 233
Read in place in House by Mr. W. J. Campbell, 123.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 123.
Reported without amendment, 590.
First reading, 639.
Second reading, 850.
Third reading and final passage, 1095.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1759.
Signed by Speaker, 1851.
Vetoed by Governor, 2559.
In Senate (No. 522)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1101.
Reported without amendment, 1435.
First reading, 1606.
Second reading, 1650.
Third reading and final passage, 1721.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1824.

INDEBTEDNESS represented by same in accordance with provisions of Act of April 20, 1874, bill to make valid certain bonds issued by municipal corporations and (see bonds).

INDIANA NORMAL SCHOOL OF PENNSYLVANIA, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Kurtz, 1067.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1067.

INDIANA NORMAL SCHOOL OF PENNSYLVANIA, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. Henry, 921.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 921.

INDICTMENTS FOR CERTAIN FELONIES and misdemeanors may be brought, to amend act relating to penal proceedings by extending time within which
Read in place in House by Mr. Ulerich, 391.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 391.

INDIGENT PERSONS whose legal place of settlement is unknown, bill to provide for burial of (see burial).

INDIGENT SOLDIERS (and their widows) who served in Civil War, bill to provide relief for destitute and (see soldiers).

INDUSTRIAL ACCIDENTS, bill authorizing appointment of commission to inquire into causes and results of (see accidents).

INDUSTRIAL ACCIDENTS, concurrent resolution (Senate) by McNichol, authorizing appointment of commission to inquire into causes and results of 609.
In House, referred to Committee on Appropriations, 695.

INDUSTRIAL ESTABLISHMENTS, bill to require fire drills in factories and (see fire drills).

INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR COLORED WORKING GIRLS, Pittsburg, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1034
Read in place in House by Mr. Stein, 189.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 189.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2334.
Second reading, 2406.
Third reading and final passage, 2761.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.
In Senate (No. 963)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2707.
Second reading, 2911.
Third reading and final passage, 3075.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR COLORED WORKING GIRLS, Pittsburg, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 185.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 185.

INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR CRIPPLED CHILDREN at Pittsburg, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1190
Read in place in House by Mr. Halferty, 155.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 155.
Reported without amendment, 2243.
First reading, 2341.
Second reading, 2429.
Third reading and final passage, 2812.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.
In Senate (No. 1109)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2663.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2714.
Second reading, 2922.
Third reading and final passage, 3103.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR DEPENDENT ADULT BLIND CITIZENS of City of Pittsburg, making appropriation to
Senate Bill No. 422
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 941.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 941.
Reported without amendment, 1100.
First reading, 1181.
Recommitted to Committee, 1210.
Re-reported with amendment, 2215.
Second reading, 2282.
Third reading and final passage, 2455.
Returned from House without amendment, 3048.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3277.
In House (No. 1319)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2571.
Reported without amendment, 2841.
First reading, 2998.
Second reading, 3013.
Third reading and final passage, 3193.
Signed by Speaker, 3494.

INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR WOMEN, making appropriation to establish a State

House Bill No. 447

Read in place in House by Mr. McClung, 146.
Referred to Committee on Manufactures, 146.
Reported without amendment, 1026.
First reading, 1090.
Recommitted to Committee on Appropriations, 1171.

INDUSTRIAL INSURANCE COMPANIES to make certain return to policy holders, bill to require insurance companies to make for same unit of insurance uniform premium charges to persons holding similar policies but permitting (see insurance).

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS, bill to amend act relative to system of education by common schools by providing for establishment of (see schools).

INEBRIATES, making appropriation for erection of State Institution for

Read in place in House by Mr. Meyer, 231.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 231.

INFANT CHILDREN under age of three years for hire, reward or otherwise in cities of third class, bill to provide for licensing of (see cities).

INFLICTION OF DEATH PENALTY in capital cases, bill to regulate (see penalty).

INFORMATION RELATIVE TO SHIPMENTS of competitors by common carriers, bill to provide against unlawful disclosure of (see common carriers).

INFORMERS, bill to amend act relating to escheats by providing for escheat of property held in trust which property is without a lawful owner and reducing the amount to be paid to (see escheats).

INHERITANCES OF PERSONAL PROPERTY and to provide for the collection thereof, bill to tax gifts, legacies and (see taxing).

INITIATION OF LEGISLATION upon popular request and referring legislation to popular vote in cities of second class, bill to provide for (see cities).

INITIATIVE AND REFERENDUM BILL, petitions presented favoring Maurer (see petitions).

INITIATIVE, AND REFERENDUM, petitions presented favoring Kelly resolution for (see petitions).

INITIATIVE AND REFERENDUM, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution granting to people right in (see Constitution).

INITIATIVE AND REFERENDUM POWERS on general, local, special and municipal legislation, to provide for the

Read in place in House by Mr. Maurer, 121.
Referred to Committee on Elections, 121.

INITIATIVE AND REFERENDUM, resolution (House) by Shreve, in reference to using Hall of House of Representatives for hearing United States Senator Bourne of Oregon on, 1184.

INITIATIVE AND REFERENDUM SYSTEM OF LEGISLATION under certain conditions in all cities and boroughs, to provide for an

Read in place in House by Mr. Clyde Kelly, 94.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 94.

INITIATIVE AND REFERENDUM SYSTEM OF LEGISLATION under certain conditions in all cities and boroughs, to provide for an optional

Read in place in House by Mr. C. M. C. Campbell, 124.
Referred to Committee on Elections, 124.

INJURED IN CERTAIN EMPLOYMENTS, bill to regulate obtaining of releases or statements from persons (see releases).

INJURED OR SICK, bill to empower officers of poor districts to appropriate money to certain corporations for relief of pauper (see poor districts).

INJURED PERSONS within Bituminous and semi-bituminous coal regions of Pennsylvania so that any patients, except those suffering with contagious diseases, may be treated, bill to amend act relating to State Hospital for (see State Hospital).

INJURIES CAUSED BY DEFECTS IN STREETS, bill to provide that actions shall not be maintained against any municipality, unless written notice is given by a proper person, for personal (see municipality).

INJURIES PRODUCING DEATH, bills relating to damages for (see damages).

INJURIES SUSTAINED IN PROTECTING PROPERTY FROM FIRE, bill to authorize payment of compensation by boroughs and townships to firemen for (see firemen).

INJURIES RECEIVED BY AN EMPLOYE, bills relating to liability of employer for (see employer).

INJURIES TO MINORS AND OTHER PERSONS by requiring actions brought thereunder to be brought before magistrate of ward, borough or township wherein offence occurs, bill to amend act for prevention of trespassing upon railway trains and consequent (see railway).

House Bill No. 849

Read in place in House by Mr. Fitzgerald, 1341.
Referred to Committee on Railroads, 1341.
Reported without amendment, 1947.
First reading, 2047.
Second reading, 2354.

INLETS, DRAINS OR SEWERS, to prevent the construction of (see obstruction).

INMATES IN ANY CHARITABLE, REFORMATORY OR OTHER INSTITUTION which is maintained wholly or in part by State who shall escape therefrom, to provide for punishment of

House Bill No. 430

Read in place in House by Mr. Holland, 689.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 689.
Reported without amendment, 1015.
First reading, 1089.
Second reading, 1371.
Third reading and final passage, 1676.

In Senate (No. 699)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1666.
Reported without amendment, 2202.
First reading, 2286.
Second reading, 2465.
Recommitted to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2532.

INQUESTS, HEARINGS AND OTHER PROCEEDINGS held by or before any coroner or deputy coroner, bill to regulate (see coroner).

INSANE, amending, by increasing maximum amount per capita for weekly maintenance, act relating to State Asylum for Chronic

Read in place in House by Mr. Tunis, 208.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 208.

INSANE AND CREATING STATE DEPARTMENT OF CHARITIES and abolishing Board of Public Charities and Committee on Lunacy, bill relating to treatment and detention of (see Charities).

INSANE AND CRIMINALS, joint resolution appointing a commission for purpose of segregating State institutions for (see institutions).

INSANE AND FOR HUMAN CARE AND TREATMENT OF CHRONIC INSANE, to provide for modern care and treatment of acute

House Bill No. 1291

Read in place in House by Mr. McClung, 1350.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 1350.
Reported with amendment, 2840.
First reading, 2954.
Second reading, 3020-3023.

INSANE, bill relating to maintenance of certain classes of patients in State Hospitals for (see State Hospitals).

INSANE, bill to extend jurisdiction of courts to grant divorces where either party at time of marriage was and still is hopelessly (see divorces).

INSANE by increasing maximum amount per capita for weekly maintenance, to amend act creating State Asylum for Chronic

House Bill No. 959

Read in place in House by Mr. Freeman, 960.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 960.
Reported without amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2330.
Second reading, 2393.
Third reading and final passage, 2736.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.

INSANE—Continued

In Senate (No. 889)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2684.
First reading, 2703.
Second reading, 2907.
Third reading and final passage, 3062.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

INSANE, by directing commissioners for erection of same to surrender their trust to a board of trustees to be appointed by Governor, supplement to act providing for State Hospital for Criminal

House Bill No. 1172
Read in place in House by Mr. C. Victor Johnson, 1282.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1282.
Reported without amendment, 2243.
First reading, 2340.
Second reading, 2424.
Third reading and final passage, 2806.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.

In Senate (No. 1091)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2662.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2713.
Second reading, 2920.
Third reading and final passage, 3099.
Signed by president pro tempore, 3400.

INSANE, directing commissioners for erection of same to surrender their trust to a board of trustees to be appointed by Governor, supplement to act providing for State Hospital for Criminal

Senate Bill No. 565
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Catlin, 1226.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1226.
Reported without amendment, 1632.
First reading, 1744.
Second reading, 1816.
Third reading and final passage, 1897.
Returned from House without amendment, 3305.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3404.

In House (No. 883)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1934.
Reported without amendment, 2023.
First reading, 2196.
Second reading, 2372.
Third reading and final passage, 3257.
Signed by Speaker, 3591.

INSANE for two years ending May 31, 1911, making appropriation for deficiencies incurred in maintenance of indigent

House Bill No. 968
Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 885.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 885.
Reported without amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2331.
Second reading, 2395.
Third reading and final passage, 2739.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.

In Senate (No. 898)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2684.
First reading, 2704.
Second reading, 2907.
Third reading and final passage, 3063.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

INSANE IN CITY OF PHILADELPHIA to be known as "Philadelphia Institution for the Insane," bill making appropriation for erection of buildings for (see Philadelphia).

INSANE IN COUNTY AND LOCAL INSTITUTIONS for two years ending May 31, 1913, making appropriation for maintenance of indigent

House Bill No. 967
Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 884.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 885.
Reported with amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2331.
Second reading, 2395.

INSANE IN COUNTY AND LOCAL INSTITUTIONS—Continued.
Third reading and final passage, 2739.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.

In Senate (No. 897)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2684.
First reading, 2704.
Second reading, 2907.
Third reading and final passage, 3063.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

INSANE IN COUNTY OF SCHUYLKILL, bill to amend act caring for poor in said County, by creating Board of Trustees of (see Schuylkill).

INSANE IN STATE AND SEMI-STATE HOSPITALS for Insane for two years ending May 31, 1913, making appropriation for maintenance of indigent

House Bill No. 966
Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 884.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 884.
Reported with amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2331.
Second reading, 2394.
Third reading and final passage, 2738.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.

In Senate (No. 896)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2684.
First reading, 2704.
Second reading, 2907.
Third reading and final passage, 3063.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

INSANE OF PENNSYLVANIA LOCATED AT WERNERSVILLE for maintenance of indigent insane, making appropriation to State Asylum for Chronic

House Bill No. 1040
Read in place in House by Mr. Klumpp, 885.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 885.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2334.
Second reading, 2407.
Third reading and final passage, 2763.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.

In Senate (No. 969)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2707.
Second reading, 2912.
Third reading and final passage, 3076.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

INSANE PERSON, to permit in certain cases imposition of costs upon proper county in proceedings for commitment of an alleged

House Bill No. 578
Read in place in House by Mr. Billman, 1238.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1238.
Reported without amendment, 1303.
First reading, 1410.
Second reading, 1526.
Third reading and final passage, 1951.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2842.
Signed by Speaker, 2942.

In Senate (No. 729)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1964.
Reported without amendment, 2264.
First reading, 2469.
Second reading, 2547.
Third reading and final passage, 2614.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2903.

INSANE, to amend, by increasing maximum amount per capita for weekly maintenance, act relating to State Asylum for Chronic
Read in place in House by Mr. Freeman, 154.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 154.

INSANE, to amend, by increasing maximum amount per capita for weekly maintenance, act relating to State Asylum for Chronic
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox, 149.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 150.

INSANE, to refund a certain sum to Trustees of State Asylum for Chronic

House Bill No. 958

Read in place in House by Mr. Freeman, 567.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 567.
Reported without amendment, 2237.
First readnig, 2330.
Second reading, 2393.
Third reading and final passage, 2736.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.

In Senate (No. 888)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2684.
First reading, 2703.
Second reading, 2906.
Third reading and final passage, 3062.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

INSANE, to refund a certain sum to Trustees of State Hospital for Chronic

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Gerberich, 541.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 541.

INSANE TUBERCULOSIS PERSONS, bill to authorize purchase by Commonwealth of Mount Aloysius Academy at Cresson for sanatorium for indigent (see sanatorium).

INSANE UNDER HOMEOPATHIC MANAGEMENT by vesting appointment of entire commission in Governor, to amend act relating to State Hospital for Treatment of

Senate Bill No. 273

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Crow, 541.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 541.
Reported without amendment, 611.
First reading, 686.
Second reading, 710.
Third reading and final passage, 762.
Returned from House without amendment, 1326.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1327.
Concurrent resolution recalling bill from Governor, 1454.
Resolution returned by House concurred in, 1456.
Resolution approved by Governor, 1809.
Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 1809, 2014.
Resumed and passed finally, 1893.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 1901.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1965.
Approved by Governor, 2288.

In House (No. 523)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 819.
Reported without amendment, 1169.
Special order for consideration, 1238.
First reading, 1241.
Second reading, 1286.
Third reading and final passage, 1336.
Signed by Speaker, 1350.
Resolution recalling bill from Governor concurred in, 1473.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 1934.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 1935.
Signed by Speaker,

INSANITY AS CAUSE OF DIVORCE, bill to extend jurisdiction of courts of common pleas to include (see divorce).

INSANITY, bill to permit release on parole of persons acquitted on grounds of (see release).

INSANITY, to provide for establishment of State Psychiatric Institute for investigation of causation and treatment of

Read in place in House by Mr. Miller, 362.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 362.

INSECTS OF PENNSYLVANIA, to authorize Secretary of Agriculture to prepare and publish a report on the

Senate Bill No. 421

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Manbeck, 665.
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 665.
Reported without amendment, 1067.
First reading, 1113.

INSECTS OF PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

Second reading, 1178.
Third reading and final passage, 1229.
Returned from House without amendment, 3112.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3276.

In House (No. 705)

Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 1293, 1302.
Reported without amendment, 1500.
First reading, 1619.
Second reading, 2105.
Third reading and final passage, 3217.
Signed by Speaker, 3494.

INSIDE BUILDINGS shall be constructed of incombustible material, bill to safeguard life in coal mines and to preserve property by providing that all (see mines).

INSOLVENCY AND VOLUNTARY ASSIGNMENTS for benefit of creditors, to amend act relating to

House Bill No. 659

Read in place in House by Mr. Lafferty, 1358.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 1358.
Reported without amendment, 1457.
First reading, 1500.
Second reading, 2089.
Third reading and final passage, 2346.
Returned from Senate with amendment, 3332.
Concurred in Senate amendment, 3332.
Signed by Speaker, 3481.

Remarks on, by

Dershem, 2346, 2347.
Lafferty, 2346, 2347.

In Senate (No. 806)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2472.
Reported with amendment, 2601.
First reading, 2926.
Second reading, 3154.
Third reading and final passage, 3266.
Returned from House with Senate amendment concurred in, 3279.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3402.

INSOLVENCY, to amend fifth and twenty-second sections of act relating to

Senate Bill No. 160

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Martin, 184.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 184.
Reported without amendment, 388.
First reading, 413.
Second reading, 468.
Third reading and final passage, 496.
Returned from House without amendment.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3275.

In House (No. 780)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 584.
Reported without amendment, 1748.
First reading, 1831.
Second reading, 2129.
Third reading and final passage, 3228.
Signed by Speaker, 3496.

INSOLVENCY, to repeal act relating to

Read in place in House by Mr. Lafferty, 304.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 304.

INSOLVENT OR DELINQUENT COMPANY, bill to authorize Insurance Commissioner to take possession of any (see insurance).

INSPECTION bill to regulate operation of certain quarries and provide for their (see quarries).

INSPECTION DISTRICTS and number of inspectors in anthracite coal region, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Shields, authorizing Chief of Department of Mines, with consent of Governor, to increase or decrease, 3278.

Resolution concurred in by House, 3370.
Returned by House, non-concurred in, 3378.

INSPECTION DISTRICTS, bill to amend act relating to anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania by increasing number of inspectors and (see mines).

INSPECTION OF APIARIES and for suppression of contagious and infectious diseases among bees, bill to promote agriculture by protection of bees, providing for (see bees).

INSPECTION OF BOUNDARY LINE MONUMENTS of the Commonwealth, bill making appropriation to provide for quadrennial (see monuments).

INSPECTION OF BUILDINGS USED FOR MOVING PICTURES in cities of first class, bill to regulate construction and (see cities).

INSPECTION OF DWELLINGS in cities of first class, bill to provide for the sanitary (see cities).

INSPECTION OF ILLUMINATING OIL, kerosene, gasoline, benzine and other burning fluids resulting from distillation of petroleum, bill relating to (see petroleum).

INSPECTION OF NURSERIES AND OF APIARIES, supplement to act relating to injurious insects authorizing (see bees).

INSPECTION OF STEAM BOILERS in cities of third class, bill to provide for safety of employes and other persons by requiring periodical (see cities).

INSPECTION OF STEAM BOILERS and their appurtenances in townships, bill to provide for safety of employes and other persons by periodical (see townships).

INSPECTION OF STEAM BOILERS, bills relating to (see steam boilers).

INSPECTION OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES, bill to authorize municipalities to provide for (see weights).

INSPECTOR, bills relating to Mine (see mine).

INSPECTOR OF STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS, J. J. Kelly nominated as, 23.

INSPECTORS, bill to amend act relating to safety of persons employed in and about anthracite coal mines so as to increase number of (see mines).

INSPECTORS IN CITIES OF SECOND AND THIRD CLASS, bill to regulate qualifications of boiler (see cities).

INSPECTORS OF ILLUMINATING OIL kerosene, naphtha, benzine and other distillates of petroleum, bill to empower counties to appoint (see petroleum).

INSPECTORS OF STATE PENITENTIARY for Eastern District nominated, 23.

INSPECTORS OF STATE PENITENTIARY for Western District nominated, 23.

INSPECTORS OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES, bill to provide for appointment of County and City (see weights).

INSPECTORS TO ENFORCE ACT in regard to sale of certain food which shall have been kept on cold storage, bill to provide for (see cold storage).

INSTALMENT PAYMENTS on conditional sales or on bailments with right to purchase, to regulate method of

House Bill No. 740
Read in place in House by Mr. Frey, 777.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 777.
Reported without amendment, 1669.
First reading, 1828.
Second reading, 2120.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 3008.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill passed finally, 3008.

In Senate
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 3044.

INSTITUTE FOR COLORED YOUTH AT CHEYNEY, Delaware County, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1253
Read in place in House by Mr. Richard J. Baldwin, 391.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 391.
Reported without amendment, 2308.
First reading, 2384.
Second reading, 2835.
Third reading and final passage, 2988.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3529.
Signed by Speaker, 3589.

In Senate (No. 1202)
Referred to Committe on Appropriations, 3044.
Reported without amendment, 3120.
First reading, 3177.
Second reading, 3299.
Third reading and final passage, 3386.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3538.

INSTITUTE FOR COLORED YOUTH AT CHENEY, Delaware county, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 188
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Sproul, 339.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 339.
Reported without amendment, 454.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 518.

INSTITUTES, bill to regulate pay and mileage of teachers attending annual county (see teachers).

INSTITUTION OF PROTESTANT DEACONESSES of Allegheny County, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1030
Read in place in House by Mr. Stein, 304.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 304.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2333.
Second reading, 2405.
Third reading and final passage, 2760.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.

In Senate (No. 959)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2707.
Second reading, 2911.
Third reading and final passage, 3074.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

INSTITUTION which is maintained wholly or in part by State who shall escape therefrom, bill to provide for punishment of inmates in any charitable, reformatory or other (see inmates).

INSTITUTIONS FOR INSANE AND FOR CRIMINALS, joint resolution appointing a commission for purpose of segregating State
Read in place in House by Mr. Marvin, 134.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 134.

INSTITUTIONS FOR TREATMENT OF INDIGENT PERSONS unless approval of Board of Public Charities is first produced, bill to prohibit incorporation by courts of common pleas of corporations formed to establish hospitals or other charitable (see corporations).

INSTITUTIONS FORMED AFTER DATE OF APPROVAL OF THIS ACT, bill to prohibit making of appropriations by General Assembly to unincorporated charitable, reformatory or correctional (see appropriations).

INSTITUTIONS NOT WHOLLY MANAGED BY COMMONWEALTH liens on premises of such institutions for use of Commonwealth, bill to make appropriations to (see appropriations).

INSTITUTIONS OF LEARNING, benevolence or charity, bill to amend act relating to exemption from taxation of certain property by removing exemption from (see taxation).

INSTITUTIONS OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY shall be exempt from payment of collateral inheritance taxes, to amend act relating to collection of collateral inheritance taxes so that (see taxes).

INSTITUTIONS OF PURELY PUBLIC CHARITY, bill to exempt from payment of inheritance taxes bequests and devises to (see taxes).

INSTITUTIONS OUTSIDE OF THIS COMMONWEALTH, bill to provide for payment of maintenance of children or minors who have been sentenced under various juvenile court acts and have been committed to (see juvenile court).

INSTITUTIONS RECEIVING STATE AID from restricting pay patients in selection of physicians and surgeons not connected with said institutions, bill to prohibit hospitals and other (see hospitals).

INSTRUCT CHILDREN IN DANGERS OF FIRE and prevention of fire waste, bill to establish office of State fire marshal and making it the duty of officers of public instruction and persons in charge of schools to (see fire).

INSTRUMENTS, bill to prohibit experiments injurious to health of any human being by application of (see experiments).

INSTRUMENTS OF WRITING heretofore recorded or hereafter to be recorded, bill relating to satisfaction of mortgages by (see mortgages).

INSURANCE AND BENEFICIAL SOCIETIES AND ASSOCIATIONS, to regulate contestibility of agreements, contracts and policies of fraternal, fraternal

House Bill No. 1250

Read in place in House by Mr. Hough, 1214.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1214.
Reported with amendment, 2247.
First reading, 2384.
Second reading, 2513.

INSURANCE and making it a misdemeanor for persons representing different insurance companies or associations to fix or attempt to fix rates, relating to

House Bill No. 706

Read in place in House by Mr. Phillips, 717.
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 717.
Reported without amendment, 1501.
First reading, 1619.
Second reading, 2105.

INSURANCE AND SURETY COMPANIES to make deposit of certain securities with Insurance Commissioner to enable them to do business in other States or with United States Government, to authorize

Senate Bill No. 463

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 1225.
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 1225.
Reported without amendment, 1228.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 1262.
Re-reported without amendment, 1454.
Second reading and amended, 1599.
Over in its order, 1664.
Third reading and final passage, 1716.
Returned from House without amendment, 2554.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2601.

In House (No. 865)

Referred to Committee on Insurance, 1760.
Reported without amendment, 1949.
First reading, 2048.
Second reading, 2364.
Special order for consideration, 2569.
Third reading and final passage, 2595.
Signed by Speaker, 2844.

INSURANCE COMMISSIONER and for admission of foreign societies, to define fraternal benefit societies and their status and providing for their licensing supervision and examination by

Senate Bill No. 465

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 1225.
Referred to Comittee on Insurance, 1225.
Reported without amendment., 1228.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 1262.

INSURANCE COMMISSIONER, Samuel V., McCulloch, nominated as, 22.

INSURANCE COMMISSIONER, to require treasurers of mutual fire insurance companies to give a bond of not less than five thousand dollars and provide for approval and expenses thereof by the

House Bill No. 268

Read in place in House by Mr. McNichol, 361.
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 361.
Reported without amendment, 714.
First reading, 750.
Second reading and postponed for present, 862.

Remarks on, by

Baldwin, Richard J., 863.
McNichol, 863, 864.
Ailman, 863.
North, 863.
Robison, V. Gilpin, 863.
Henry, 863.
Dearden, 864.

INSURANCE COMMISSIONER to take possession of any insolvent or delinquent company, to authorize

Senate Bill No. 462

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 1225.
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 1225.
Reported without amendment, 1228.
First reading and recommitted to Committee 1261.
Re-reported without amendment, 1454.
Second reading and amended, 1598.

INSURANCE COMMISSIONER—Continued.

Over in its order, 1664, 1715.
Third reading and final passage, 1810.
Returned from House without amendment, 2554.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2601.

In House (No. 869)

Referred to Committee on Insurance, 1933.
Reported without amendment, 1949.
First reading, 2049.
Second reading, 2366.
Special order for consideration, 2569.
Third reading and final passage, 2595.
Signed by Speaker, 2844.

INSURANCE COMPANIES and for regulation of home and foreign casualty insurance companies, to provide for incorporation of casualty

Senate Bill No. 459

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 1225.
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 1225.
Reported without amendment, 1228.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 1261.
Re-reported with amendment, 1459.
Second reading and amended, 1593, 1598.
Third reading and final passage, 1661-1664.
Returned from House wit hamendments, 2555.
Concurred in House amendments, 2555.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2601.

In House (No. 801)

Referred to Committee on Insurance, 1693.
Reported without amendment, 1758.
First reading, 1832.
Second reading and amended, 2138-2142.
Third reading and amended, 2225-2228.
Special order for consideration, 2569.
Final passage, 2590.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 2844.
Signed by Speaker, 2844.

INSURANCE COMPANIES and for regulation of home and foreign fire and marine insurance companies, to provide for incorporation of fire and marine

Senate Bill No. 458

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 1225.
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 1225.
Reported without amendment, 1228.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 1261.
Re-reported with amendment, 1454.
Second reading and amended, 1591-1593.
Over in its order, 1661.
Third reading and final passage, 1713, 1715.
Returned from House with amendments, 2555.
Concurred in House amendments, 2555.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2601.

In House (No. 867)

Referred to Committee on Insurance, 1760.
Reported with amendment, 1949.
First reading, 2049.
Second reading, 2364.
Special order for consideration, 2569.
Third reading and final passage, 2590.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 2844.
Signed by Speaker, 2844.

INSURANCE COMPANIES and for regulation of home and foreign life insurance companies, to provide for incorporation of life

Senate Bill No. 460

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 1225.
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 1225.
Reported without amendment, 1228.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 1261.
Re-reported with amendment, 1546.
Second reading, 1638-1642.
Third reading and final passage, 1715.
Returned from House with amendments, 2554.
Concurred in House amendments, 2554.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2601.

In House (No. 885)

Referred to Committee on Insurance, 1760.
Reported with amendment, 2023.
First reading, 2196.

INSURANCE COMPANIES—Continued.
Second reading and amended, 2372-2376.
Special order for consideration, 2569.
Third reading and final passage, 2590-2594.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 2844.
Signed by Speaker, 2844.

INSURANCE COMPANIES and relating to insurance agents and brokers and to foreign insurance companies, relating to incorporation and regulation of
Read in place in House by Mr. Reyburn, 1282.
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 1282.

INSURANCE COMPANIES, bill to further amend section twenty-four of further supplement to act to provide revenue by taxation which relates to taxation of (see taxation).

INSURANCE COMPANIES, concurrent resolution (House) by Fay, in reference to committee to investigate life and accident, 486.
Resolution referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 486.

INSURANCE COMPANIES ON BUSINESS DONE IN PENNSYLVANIA, to provide for taxation of gross receipts of fire
House Bill No. 530
Read in place in House by Mr. Shern, 820.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 820.
Reported without amendment, 1169.
First reading, 1241.
Second reading, 1509.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1795.
Resumed and defeated on final passage, 2042-2046.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill recommitted to Committee, 2186.
Re-reported with amendment, 2248.
Resumed and defeated on final passage, 2309.
Remarks on, by
Shern, 1795, 2042, 2043, 2309.
Henry, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2309.
Ailman, 2043, 2045, 2046.
Baldwin, Richard J., 2043, 2044, 2045, 2309, 2310.
Howard, 2044.
Dearden, 2044, 2045.
Robinson, 2044, 2045, 2309.
Matt, 2045.
Knight, 2045.
Hess, 2045.
Wilson, 2309, 2310.

INSURANCE COMPANIES to make certain provisions in their policies as to when benefits shall be payable to insured, to prohibit health or accident
House Bill No. 691
Read in place in House by Mr. Sherwood, 525.
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 526.
Reported without amendment, 1480
First reading, 1502.
Second reading, 2102.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 2572.

INSURANCE COMPANIES to make for same unit of insurance uniform premium charges to persons holding similar policies, to require
Senate Bill No. 645
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Jamison, 1419.
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 1419.
Reported with amendment, 1899.
First reading, 2013.
Second reading, 2179.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 2209.

INSURANCE COMPANIES transacting business of insuring anyone against damage resulting from injury suffered by an employe or other person for which person insured is liable, to provide reserve for outstanding liability losses of
Senate Bill No. 464
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 1225.
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 1225.
Reported without amendment, 1228.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 1262.
Re-reported without amendment, 1454.
Second reading and amended, 1600.
Over in its order, 1664.

INSURANCE COMPANIES—Continued.
Third reading and final passage, 1716.
Returned from House without amendment, 2554.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2601.
In House (No. 895)
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 1760
Reported without amendment, 2053.
First reading, 2196.
Second reading, 2379.
Special order for consideration, 2569.
Third reading and final passage, 2596.
Signed by Speaker, 2844.

INSURANCE CORPORATIONS or any persons whatever transacting insurance business in this Commonwealth to enter into agreement to fix price or premium for insuring property, to make it a misdemeanor for any
Read in place in House by Mr. Watts, 208.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 208.

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT and providing for licensing, examining, regulation and dissolution of insurance and surety companies, to establish
Senate Bill No. 466
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 1225.
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 1225.
Reported without amendment, 1228.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 1262.
Re-reported with amendment, 1668.
Second reading, 1725-1729.
Third reading and final passage, 1811.
Returned from House without amendment, 2554.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2601.
In House (No. 866)
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 1933.
Reported without amendment, 1949.
First reading, 2049.
Second reading, 2364.
Special order for consideration, 2569.
Third reading and final passage, 2596.
Signed by Speaker, 2844.

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT and to fix their salaries, to designate employes of
Senate Bill No. 461
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 1225.
Referred to Committe on Insurance, 1225.
Reported without amendment, 1228.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 1261.
Re-reported with amendment, 1454.
Second reading and amended, 1598.
Over in its order, 1664.
Third reading and final passage, 1809.
Returned from House with amendments, 2555.
Concurred in House amendments, 2555.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2601.
In House (No. 868)
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 1932.
Reported with amendment, 1949.
First reading, 2049.
Second reading and amended, 2365.
Special order for consideration, 2569.
Third reading and final passage, 2594.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 2844.
Signed by Speaker, 2844.

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT by providing additional qualifications for insurance brokers and making all insurance brokers agents of the companies for some purposes and of the insured for other purposes, to amend supplement to act estblishing an
Senate Bill No. 333
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 756.
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 756.
Reported without amendment, 765.
Recommitted to Committee, 807.
Re-reported without amendment, 903.
First reading, 956.
Second reading, 1003.
Third reading and final passage, 1071.
Remarks on by
Tustin, 1072.
In House
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 1097.

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT providing that those engaged in business of fire insurance shall report total amount of risks covered by them and that rate making associations shall furnish data to State Fire Marshal, further supplement to act establishing an

Senate Bill No. 335
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 756.
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 756.
Reported without amendment, 765.
Recommitted to Committee, 807.
Re-reported without amendment, 903.
First reading, 956.
Second reading, 1004.
Third reading and final passage, 1072.
Returned from House without amendment, 3112.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3276.

In House (No. 696)
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 1153.
Reported without amendment, 1480.
First reading, 1502.
Second reading, 2103.
Third reading and final passage, 3217.
Signed by Speaker, 3495.

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT so as to permit either individuals, partnerships or corporations to be agents for soliciting risks, amending act to establish an

House Bill No. 103
Read in place in House by Mr. Alter, 135.
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 135.
Reported with amendment, 300.
First reading, 322.
Second reading and amended, 332.
Third reading and final passage, 427.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 829.
House concurs in Senate amendments, 829.
Signed by Speaker, 879.
Approved by Governor, 1085.

Remarks on by,
Rockwell, 427, 428.
Alter, 427, 428.
Cox, John F., 428.
Baldwin, Richard J., 428.
Kern, 428.

In Senate (No. 204)
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 414.
Reported without amendment, 487
First reading, 563.
Over in its order, 629.
Second reading, 671.
Recommitted to Committee, 702.
Re-reported with amendment, 755.
Third reading and final passage, 791.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 837.
Signed by President pro tempore, 838.

INSURANCE DEPARTMENTS, bill to permit savings banks to establish life (see savings banks).

INSURANCE OF OWNERS OF REAL ESTATE MORTGAGES, bill to repeal act relating to taxation of companies commonly known as title insurance and trust companies and supplements for (see tax).

INSURANCE, to amend act relating to rebate in

House Bill No. 21
Read in place in House by Mr. John F. Cox, 109.
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 110.
Reported without amendment, 139.
First reading, 148.
Second reading and postponed for present, 159.
Resumed and passed second reading, 254.
Third reading and final passage, 305.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 829.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 829.
Signed by Speaker, 879.
Approved by Governor, 1085.

Remarks on by,
Dearden, 160.
Baldwin, Richard J., 160.
Shern, 160.

In Senate (No. 203)
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 299.
Reported without amendment, 487.

INSURANCE—Continued.
First reading, 563.
Second reading and amended, 627, 629.
Over in its order, 668, 702.
Third reading and amended, 760.
Final passage, 789.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 837.
Signed by President pro tempore, 838.

INSURANCE, to prevent fire insurance companies from entering into or maintaing trusts or agreements to control rates of

House Bill No. 699.
Read in place in House by Mr. Sherwood, 960.
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 960.
Reported without amendment, 1499.
First reading, 1619.
Second reading, 2104.
Third reading and postponed for present, 2936.

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT to prohibit admission of companies, associations and societies from any State which refuses permit to do business to like companies organized and operating under laws of this State, to authorize

Senate Bill No. 457
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Snyder, 1226.
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 1226.
Reported without amendment, 1227.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 1261.
Re-reported without amendment, 1454.
Second reading, 1591.
Third reading and final passage, 1661.

In House
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 1693.

INSURANCE UPON HEALTH AND PERSONAL INJURY, to amend, by increasing power of such corporations, act relating to corporations for

House Bill No. 631
Read in place in House by Mr. Hecht, 251.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 251.
Reported with amendment, 1341.
First reading, 1414.
Second reading, 1538.
Third reading and postponed for present, 2058.

INTEREST, bill to authorize depositing of county funds at (see depositing).

INTEREST ON PUBLIC DEBT and for support of public schools for two fiscal years beginning June 1, 1911, bill to provide for ordinary expenses of Executive, Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth, (see expenses).

INTERESTS IN LANDS may be vested in United States when no agreement can be made with owners for purchase thereof by fixing number of viewers at three, bill to amend act to provide a mode by which title to all estates and (see title).

INTERFERENCE OF UNAUTHORIZED PERSONS with electrical apparatus of any kind of electrical companies, bill to punish (see electrical).

INTERNAL AFFAIRS, bill to provide for purchase, custody and verifying of standard tests of weights and measures by Secretary of (see weights).

INTERNAL AFFAIRS, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Wilbert, in regard to time for joint session to compute vote for Secretary of, 6.
Resolution returned by House, 7.
Notification to Senate of appointment of teller by House, 7.
Vote presented to Senate, 7.
Committee of House escorts members of Senate to House to compute vote, 36.
Members of Senate return from House, 36.
Teller's report to Senate of proceedings of joint session, 36.
Vote for shown, by counties, 39.
Summary of, 40.
Resolution concurred in by House, 50.
Appointment of teller by House, 50.
Committee to be appointed to conduct Senate to Hall of House to compute vote, resolution (House) authorizing, by Gransback, 52.
Appointment of said Committee, by House, 52.
Committee reports to House and is discharged, 52.
Joint session held, 52.
Teller's report to House of proceedings of joint session, 53.

INTER-TOWNSHIP OR COUNTY HIGHWAYS, bill to provide for laying out of (see highways).

INTESTATES MAY BE TAKEN OUT BEFORE A NOTARY PUBLIC, justice of the peace or notary public, bill to provide that preliminary steps in the taking out of letters of administration on estates of (see letters of administration).

INTOXICATING BEVERAGES ARE SOLD, bill to prevent treating in saloons or other places where (see treating).

INTOXICATING DRINKS IN OHIO TOWNSHIP, Beaver County, bill to repeal so far as it applies to Borough of Midland act prohibiting sale of (see Midland).

INTOXICATING LIQUORS ARE SOLD, bill to prohibit minors from entering places where (see minors).

INTOXICATING LIQUORS, bills relating to sale of (see liquors).

INVESTIGATE CERTAIN CHARGES made in relation to government of Pittsburg, joint resolution creating a committee to (see Pittsburg).

INVESTIGATE CERTAIN CHARGES regarding employes of House of Representatives resolution (House) by M. Clyde Kelly, authorizing committee to, 2474.
Resolution referred to Committee on Centennial Affairs, 2474.

INVESTIGATE SOLDIERS' ORPHANS' SCHOOLS, bill to authorize appointment of a commission to (see soldiers').

INVESTIGATION OF CAUSATION AND TREATMENT OF INSANITY, bill to provide for establishment of a State Psychiatric Institute for (see insanity).

INVESTIGATION OF REPORTED CRIMES, bill to provide for detection and apprehension of persons who have committed any crime or misdemeanor and for (see crime).

INVESTIGATION OF STATEMENTS as to misgovernment of affairs of Philadelphia and Pittsburg, joint resolution for
Read in place in House by Mr. Kelly, 1082.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1082.

INVESTIGATIONS when charges shall be preferred against a judge of any judicial district, bill to regulate (see judge).
House Bill No. 1194
Read in place in House by Mr. Stein, 232.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 232.
Reported with amendment, 2243.
Second reading, 2430.
Third reading and final passage, 2814.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.
In Senate (No. 1113)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2663.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2714.
Second reading, 2922.
Third reading and final passage, 3104.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

IRENE KAUFMAN SETTLEMENT OF PITTSBURG, formerly known as Columbian School and Settlement making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1194
Read in place in House by Mr. Stein, 232.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 232.
Reported with amendment, 2243.
First reading, 2341.
Second reading, 2430.
Third reading and final passage, 2814.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.
In Senate (No. 1113)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2663.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2714.
Second reading, 2922.
Third reading and final passage, 3104.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

IRENE KAUFMAN SETTLEMENT OF PITTSBURG, formerly known as Columbian School and Settlement, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 832.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 832.

IRWIN, GEORGE C., Representative from Second District, (Blair County),
Appointment of, on
Standing commitees, 83, 84, 85.
Bills reported by
No. 787 (Senate Bill No. 1187)
Amending act relative to obstructing of crossings by locomotives and cars by making any member of crew subject to penalty, 1758.
Election of, 42.
Leave of absence asked for, 777.
Motions by, to
Adjourn, 3009.
Dispense with further reading of Journal, 230.
Petitions presented by, from
Citizens of Blair County against compulsory medical inspection of school children, 959.
Citizens of Blair County against excise commission bill and brewers' and distillers' license bill, 1825.
Citizens of Blair County, against passage of resident hunter's license law, 313.
Citizens of Blair County for Initiative and Referendum, 1115.
Citizens of Blair County for memorial to founders of public school system, 959.
Citizens of Blair County for passage of resident hunter's license law, 231, 714.
Citizens of Blair County for reading of Bible in public schools, 883.
Citizens of Blair County for woman suffrage, 414.
Citizens of Blair County in favor of amending Oleomargarine Law, 959.
Citizens of Blair County in favor of Sproul Good Roads Bill, 636, 1115.
Civil War veterans of Blair County, for passage of Sulloway Pension Bill by Congress, 323.
Martinsburg Grange No. 1387, Patrons of Husbandry, Blair County, for better telephone facilities, 278.
Washington Camp No. 635, P. O. S. of A. of Blair County for School Code, 1237.
Washington Camp No. 698, P. O. S. of A., for amendments to School Code, 1499.
Williamsburg Camp No. 57, United Sportsmen of Pennsylvania, for revision of fish and game laws, 1237.
Point of persons' privilege raised by, on
Record of vote on House Bill No. 647, repealing act to prevent prize fights and boxing matches in counties of Pike, Schuylkill, Luzerne, Erie and Montgomery, 2474, 2475.
Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

ISOLATION OF PERSONS AFFLICTED WITH TUBERCULOSIS or other communicable diseases, supplement to act to safeguard human life and health providing for (see diseases).

ISSUE DISCRETIONARY WITH SHERIFF, bill to amend act relating to proceedings where goods or chattels have been seized by sheriff by making entering of rule for an (see sheriff).

ISSUES OF FACT TO A JURY, bill supplementing and amending act concering divorces by regulating submission of (see divorces).

ISSUING OR TRANSFER BY OTHER THAN A WAREHOUSEMAN of papers certifying that goods are stored in any warehouse or papers in similitude of warehouse receipts, bill to prevent (see warehouseman).

JACKS, bill to regulate public service of and to require the licensing of stallions and (see horses).

JACKSON, H. CLARK, Representative from Wayne County, Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.
Appointment of, on
Standing committes, 83, 84, 85.
Bills introduced by
Authorizing payment by boroughs and townships of compensation to firemen, 473.
Making appropriation to Wayne County Hospital Association for construction of hospital at Honesdale, 1458.
Relating to maintenance of certain classes of patients in State hospitals for insane, 473.
Leave of absence asked for, 324.
Bills reported by
No. 123 (Senate Bill No. 490)
To prohibit certain cruelty to cows, 314.

ACKSON, H. CLARK—Continued.

No. 286 (Senate Bill No. 99)
Amending act relating to motor vehicles by striking out word "hire," 715.

No. 457 (Senate Bill No. 23)
Authorizing Insurance Department to prohibit admission of companies from any State which refuses a permit to do business to like companies operating under laws of this State, 1227.

No. 458 (Senate Bill No. 818)
Providing for incorporation of fire and marine insurance companies, 1228.

No. 459 (Senate Bill No. 695)
Providing for incorporation of casualty insurance companies, 1228.

No. 460 (Senate Bill No. 819)
Providing for incorporation of life insurance companies, 1228.

No. 461 (Senate Bill No. 48)
Designating employes of Insurance Department and fixing their salaries, 1228.

No. 462 (Senate Bill No. 155)
Authorizing Insurance Commissioner to take possession of any insolvent or delinquent transacting any class of insurance, 1228.

No. 463 (Senate Bill No. 51)
Authorizing insurance and surety companies to make deposit of certain securities with Insurance Commissioner to enable them to do business with other States or with United States government, 1228.

No. 464 (Senate Bill No. 47)
Providing a reserve for outstanding liability losses of insurance companies transacting business of insuring any one against loss resulting from injury suffered by an employe or other person for which person insured is liable, 1228.

No. 465 (Senate Bill No. 49)
Defining fraternal benefit societies and their status and providing for their licensing, supervision and examination by Insurance Commissioner, 1228.

No. 466 (Senate Bill No. 296)
Establishing Insurance Department and providing for licensing, examination, regulation and dissolution of insurance and surety companies and for licensing and regulation of insurance agents and brokers, 1228.

Election of, 45.

Petitions presented by, from
Citizens of Wayne County against excise commission bill and Kline brewers' license bill, 1779.
Citizens of Wayne County against Greater Pittsburg Bill, 635.
Citizens of Wayne County for Initiative ad Referendum, 1081.
Citizens of Wayne County for uniform Primary Bill, 471.
Citizens of Wayne County, protesting against child labor, 154.
Citizens of Wayne County, protesting against fire insurance tax, 1779.
Citizens of Wayne County protesting against Game Laws, 525.
Citizens of Wayne County protesting against Hunters' License Law, 714.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

JACOBS, JOHN M., nominated as County Controller for County of Montgomery, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

JAIL BY FIXING NUMBER OF VIEWERS AT THREE, bill to amend act authorizing county commissioners to purchase ground and erect buildings for (see County).

JAILS AND CERTAIN LANDS therein exempted not necessary for enjoyment of same, bill to amend act exempting certain property from taxation by removing exemption from all (see taxation).

JAILS AND PRISONS in the several counties and for appointment of Boards of Prison Inspectors, bill to regulate control and management of county (see Boards).

JAMISON, JOHN M., from Thirty-ninth District, (Westmoreland County),

Amendments offered by, to
Senate Bill No. 203, amending act relating to rebate in insurance by permitting companies to date back policies, 761.

JAMISON, JOHN M.—Continued.

Senate Bill No. 683, authorizing appointment of assesors in counties having between 200,000 and 325,000 inhabitants, 2610.

Appointments of, on
Special committees, 5, 41.
Standing committees, 179, 80.

Bills introduced by
Provinding for monument to Colonel Henry Boquet and his soldiers at Bushy Run, 290.
Regarding fees for prothonotaries for Courts of Common Pleas in certain counties, 243.
Regulating and improving civil service, 454.
Requiring insurance companies to make for same unit of insurance uniform premium charges to persons holding similar policies, 1419.
Constituting county commissioners, controller and treasurer in certain counties a board with power to appoint depositories of county funds, 166.
Creating a sinking fund commission in certain counties, 166.
Making appropriation to Children's Aid Society of Westmoreland County, 223.
Making appropriation to Westmoreland Hospital Association of Greensburg, 166.
Providing for appointment by district attorney in certain counties of special detectives, 166.

Bills reported by
No. 131
Creating office of State Fire Marshal, 282.

No. 203 (House Bill No. 21)
Amending act relating to rebate in insurance by permiting companies to date back policies, 487.

No. 204 (House Bill No. 103)
Amending act establishing Insurance Department by permitting either individuals, partnerships or corporations to be certified and licensed agents, 487, 755.

No. 333
Amending act establishing insurance department by providing additional qualifications for insurance brokers, 765, 903.

No. 334 (House Bill No. 858)
Establishing office of State Fire Marshal and making it duty of officers of public instruction and persons in charge of schools to instruct children in dangers of fire and prevention of fire waste, 765, 903.

No. 335 (House Bill No. 696)
Further supplement to act establishing insurance department providing for report of total amount of fire insurance risks covered in Pennsylvania, 765, 903.

No. 457
Directing Insurance Department to prohibit admission of companies from any State which refusespermit to do business to like companies organized under laws of this State, 1454.

No. 458 (House Bill No. 867)
Providing for incorporation of fire and marine insurance companies, 1454.

No. 459 (House Bill No. 801)
Providing for incorporation of casualty insurance companies, 1454.

No. 461 (House Bill No. 868)
Designating employes of Insurance Department and fixing their salaries, 1454.

No. 462 (House Bill No. 869)
Authorizing Insurance Commissioner to take possession of any insolvent or delinquent insurance insurance companies, 154.

No. 463 (House Bill No. 865)
Authorizing insurance and surety companies to make deposit of certain securities with Insurance Commissioner to enable them to do business in other States or with United States government, 1454.

No. 464 (House Bill No. 895)
Providing reserve for outstanding liability losses of insurance companies, 1454.

No. 466 (House Bill No. 866)
Establishing Insurance Department, 1668.

No. 645
Requiring life insurance companies doing business in Pennsylvania to make uniform premium charges for persons holding similar policies, 1899.

Leave of absence asked for, 1173.

JAMISON, JOHN M.—Continued.

Motions by, for

Senate Bill No. 148, providing for appointment in certain counties of special and assistant county detectives, to go over in its order, 495.

Senate Bill No. 203, amending act relating to rebate in insurance, to go over in its order, 702.

Senate Bill No. 204, amending act to establish Insurance Department as regards licensed agents, to go over in its order, 629.

Motions by, to

Consider Senate Bill No. 148, providing for appointment in certain counties of special and assistant special county detectives, 762.

Dispense with further reading of Journal, 937, 3533.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 131, creating office of State Fire Marshal, 359.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 204, amending act establishing an insurance department as regards agents for soliciting risks, 702.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 333, amending act to establish an Insurance Department by providing additional qualifications for insurance brokers, 807.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 334, establishing office of State Fire Marshal, 807.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 335, supplement to act to establish an Insurance Department requiring report of total amount of fire insurance risks covered, 807.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 457, authorizing Insurance Department to prohibit admission of companies from any State which refuses a permit to do business to like companies operating under laws of this State, 1261.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 458, providing for incorporation of fire and marine insurance companies, 1261.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 459, providing for incorporation of casualty insurance companies, 1261.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 460, providing for incorporation of life insurance companies, 1261.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 461, designating employes of Insurance Department and fixing their salaries, 1261.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 462, authorizing Insurance Commissioner to proceed against any insolvent or delinquent insurance company, 1262.

Recommit to oCmmittee Senate Bill No. 463, authorizing insurance and surety companies to make deposit of certain securities with Insurance Commissioner to enable them to do business with other States or United States Government, 1262.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 464, providing reserve for outstanding liabilty losses of insurance compaines transacting business of injuring anyone against loss or damage resulting from accident to or injury suffered by employe or other person for which person insured is liable, 1262.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 465, defining fraternal benefit societies and their status, 1262.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 466, establishing an Insurance Department and providing for licensing, examination, regulation and dissolution of insurance and surety companies and for licensing and regulation of insurance agents and insurance brokers, 1262.

Suspend Rule 21, to consider House amendments to Senate Bill No. 208, relating to fees of prothonotaries of courts of common pleas in certain counties, 1804.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Westmoreland County for passage of oleomargarine bill, 1433.

Citizens of Westmoreland County for resident hunters' license bill, 2263.

Miners of Cochran Coal Company, Kier Fire Brick Company and Apollo Coal Company, of 14th Bituminous District of Pennsylvania, against any law that would prohibit use of acetylene in mines where open lights are allowed, 1253.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 71.

JANITOR OF COURT HOUSE OR PUBLIC BUILDINGS shall be valid and legal until said appointment and salary fixed is approved by Court of Common Pleas, bill to provide that no appointment by County Commissioners or by County Commissioners as directors of the poor of (see appointment).

JARRETT, BENJAMIN, Senator from Fiftieth District, (Crawford and Mercer Counties).

Amendments offered by, to

Senate Bill No. 98, amending act exempting property to value of $300 from levy and sale on execution and distress for rent, 1806.

Senate Bill No. 626, amending and supplementing act for government of cities of second class by abolishing present select and common councils and creating new body to be known as the council, 2011.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 79, 80.

Bills introduced by

Providing for satisfaction of judgments and mortgages, 223.

Regulating procedure in criminal prosecutions, 223.

Repealing act authorizing citizens of Mercer to erect a Union School House, 131.

To repeal act for erection of poor-house in Mercer County, 700.

Bills reported by

No. 8 (House Bill No. 92)
Repealing act increasing pay of jurors and witnesses in Lancaster County, 129.

No. 147 (House Bill No. 470)
Creating a sinking fund commission in certain counties, 373.

No. 148 (House Bill No. 381)
Providing for appointent of special and assistant detective officers in certain counties, 373.

No. 161
Giving justice of the peace, alderman or magistrate certain authority in regard to prevention of cruelty to animals, 401.

No. 167 (House Bill No. 585)
Relating to treasurer's sales of land for taxes, 788.

No. 224 (House Bill No. 35)
Providing for payment by proper county of witnesses to testify on behalf of Commonwealth, 540.

No. 350 (House Bill No. 689)
Making State taxes, unpaid bonus on capital stock and penalties a first lien upon franchises and property of corporations, 788.

No. 359
To repeal act for erection of poor house in Mercer County, 831, 1100.

No. 360 (House Bill No. 180)
Regulating admission of minors to institutions for deaf which are supported wholly or partly by Commonwealth, 831, 1963.

No. 361 (House Bill No. 57)
To repeal act authorizing citizens of borough of Mercer to erect a union school house in said borough, 831.

No. 397 (House Bill No. 727)
Regulating salary of associate judges of the courts, 938.

No. 509
Regulating manner in which moneys shall be paid out of treasuries of boroughs, 1434.

No. 510 (House Bill No. 86)
Amending act relating to fees of prothonotaries in certain counties so as to make it apply to counties having population of over 1,400,000, 1434.

No. 511 (House Bill No. 87)
Amending act fixing salaries of clerks and employes in office of clerk of court of oyer and terminer and quarter sessions of the peace so as to make it apply to counties having population of 1,400,000 or over, 1434.

No. 512 (House Bill No. 88)
Amending act fixing salary of real estate assessor in certain counties so as to make it apply to counties having population of 1,400,000 or over, 1434.

No. 513 (House Bill No. 85)
Amending act fixing salary of deputy register clerks and employes in office of register of wills of certain counties so as to make it apply to counties having population of 1,400,000 or over, 1434.

No. 514 (House Bill No. 90)
Amending act fixing salary of deputy recorder of deeds in certain counties so as to make it apply to counties having population of 1,400,000 or over, 1434.

JARRETT, BENJAMIN—Continued.

No. 515 (House Bill No. 89)
Amending act fixing salaries of clerks in office of recorder of deeds in certain counties so as to make it apply to counties having population of 1,400,000 or over, 1434.

No. 516 (House Bill No. 293)
Repeal act relating to taxation of dogs in Township of East Nottingham, Chester County, 1435.

No. 517 (House Bill No. 278)
Repealing so far as it relates to Columbia County act to tax dogs and protect sheep in Lycoming and Columbia Counties, 1435.

No. 579 (House Bill No. 1254)
Supplementary to act to provide for classification of townships into two classes providing for advertisement by county commissioners of population and intention to proclaim townships of first class, 1633.

No. 605
Joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania, 1706.

No. 606 (House Bill No. 1269)
Authorizing granting of right of way over forest reserves for telegraph and telephone companies and for transportations of timber, bark, gas, oil and minerals, 1706.

No. 607 (House Bill No. 129)
Fixing time for election of directors or overseers of poor, 1706.

No. 608 (House Bill No. 392)
Authorizing counties to pay State taxes on bonds hereafter issued by them for permanently improving any public road, 1706.

No. 688 (House Bill No. 529)
Amending act authorizing trustees of Norristown Academy to sell certain real estate, 2201.

No. 727 (House Bill No. 598)
Enabling boroughs to validate certain ordinances where same have not been published according to law or where proof of publication cannot be made, 2264.

No. 728 (House Bill No. 153)
Further supplement to act relative to roads and bridges and authorizing county commissioners to build certain bridges extending same to bridges over railroads and canals, 2264.

No. 782 (House Bill No. 281)
Amending act relating to metal markers for graves of soldiers and sailors by extending its provisions to widows of soldiers and sailors, 2525.

No. 806 (House Bill No. 659)
Amending act relating to insolvency, 2601.

No. 807 (House Bill No. 622)
Dispensing in judicial proceedings to which a corporation is a party with proof of incorporation of either plaintiff or defendant when not put in issue, 2601.

No. 1165 (House Bill No. 550)
To prevent issuing or transfer by any person other than a warehouseman of any paper in similtude of warehouse receipt, 2896.

Election of, 4.

Motions by, to

Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 206, providing for satisfaction of judgments and mortgages, 668.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 359, to repeal act for erection of poor house in Mercer County, 1073.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 361, to repeal act authorizing citizens of Mercer to erect union school house, 1073.

Reconsider vote on Senate Bill No. 98, exempting property to value of $300 from levy and sale on execution and distress for rent, 1806.

Nominations from Committee reported by, 165.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Mercer and Venango Counties for certain roads to be included in Sproul Highway Bill, 2439.

Citizens of Mercer County for resident hunters' license bill, 2439.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 71.

JAYNE, B. T., Member of Board of Registration Commissioners in and for City of Scranton, nominated, 26.

Reported, 404.

Confirmed, 405.

J. C. BLAIR MEMORIAL HOSPITAL of Huntingdon, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1204
Read in place in House by Mr. Horace B. Dunn, 189.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 189.
Reported with amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2342.
Second reading, 2431.
Third reading and final passage, 2817.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3278.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.

In Senate (No. 1123)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2663.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2714.
Second reading, 2923.
Third reading and final passage, 3106.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

JEFFERSON, CLARION AND FOREST COUNTIES, bill to provide for commission to report upon propriety of purchasing certain land in (see land).

JEFFERSON MEDICAL COLLEGE of Philadelphia for special purposes of its hospital department, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1095
Read in place in House by Mr. Shern, 301.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 301.
Reported with amendment, 2241.
First reading, 2337.
Second reading, 2414.
Third reading and final passage, 2781.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.

In Senate (No. 1019)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.
Reported without amendment, 2687.
First reading, 2709.
Second reading, 2915.
Third reading and final passage, 3086.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

JENKINS, J. P. HALE, Commissioner of Valley Forge, nominated, 24.
Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

JEWISH HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION of Philadelphia, making appropriation to Hospital Department of

House Bill No. 1161
Read in place in House by Mr. Dearden, 96.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 96.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2340.
Second reading, 2423.
Third reading and final passage, 2803.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3137.

In Senate (No. 1081)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2662.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2712.
Second reading, 2921.
Third reading and final passage, 3097.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

JOHNSON, C. VICTOR, Representative from Crawford County,

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 1038.

House Bill No. 794, providing for taking of land by condemnation proceedings to enlarge certain cemeteries, 2135.

Appointments of, on

Special committee, 54.

Standing committees, 83, 84, 99.

Bills introduced by

Making appropriation to Auxiliary of Children's Aid Society of Western Pennsylvania, 123.

Making appropriation to Commission of State Hospital for Criminal Insane at Fairview, 1282.

Making appropriation to Meadville City Hospital, 123.

Making appropriation to Spencer Hospital, located at Meadville, 124.

JOHNSON, C. VICTOR—Continued.

Making appropriation to Titusville Hospital, 124.

Making eavesdropping a misdemeanor, 141.

Making licenses for sale of liquors personal property and disposable as such, 1329.

Providing for making of new ordinance book and record of ordinances of any borough, 232.

Regulating confirmation of final accounts of executors and administrators, 140.

Regulating taking of land by condemnation proceedings to enlarge certain cemeteries, 141.

Relating to the competency of husband and wife as witnesses in civil actions, 96.

Supplement to act providing for State Hospital for Criminal Insane directing commissioners for erection of same to surrender their trust to Board of Trustees to be appointed by Governor, 1282.

Supplement to act relative to accepting the grant of public lands by United States for endowment of agricultural colleges, 361.

To fix the salaries of judges of various courts, 96.

Bills reported by

No. 2 (Senate Bill No. 28)

Fixing the time when term of office of judges of the several courts shall commence, 105.

No. 4. (Senate Bill No. 21)

Amending act relating to county employes so as to make it apply to counties with between 800,000 and 1,400,000 inhabitants, 109.

No. 5 (Senate Bill No. 174)

Amending act relating to juvenile court schools in certain counties, 109.

No. 69 (Senate Bill No. 241)

To make unnaturalized foreign-born residents subject to taxation in same manner as citizens, 199.

No. 392 (Senate Bill No. 608)

Authorizing counties to pay States taxes on bonds hereafter issued by them for purpose of permanently improving any public road, 883.

No. 560 (Senate Bill No. 767)

Authorizing ascertainment, award, levy, assessment and collection of costs, damages and expenses of municipal improvements, 1213.

No. 628 (Senate Bill No. 449)

Providing for election of one person to fill offices of prothonotary and clerk of court of quarter sessions and of court of oyer and terminer and one other person for register of wills, recorder of deeds and clerk of orphans' court in certain counties, 1341.

No. 681 (Senate Bill No. 417)

Supplement to act for incorporation of certain corporations, providing for incorporation of trustees under terms of will creating trust for benefit of people of any incorporated city for advancement of learning, science, music or art, 1469.

No. 734 (Senate Bill No. 444)

Making appropriation to refund to Walter C. Redding fee for notary public commission, 1610.

No. 736 (Senate Bill No. 169)

Authorizing levy and collection of costs of paving streets and laying sidewalks in townships of first class, 1610.

No. 737 (Senate Bill No. 1245)

Enabling libellant in all proceedings for divorce on ground of desertion to testify to fact of desertion and efforts made to induce respondent to return, 1610.

No. 759 (Senate Bill No. 484)

Authorizing any company organized under laws of any other State for manufacture of metal building trim to own real estate in this State, 1695.

No. 803 (Senate Bill No. 474)

Amending act authorizing county commissioners to look after burial of honorably dischared soldiers, sailors and marines by extending its provisions to all of same who shall die in their county, 1758.

No. 828 (Senate Bill No. 267)

Making appropriations to institutions not wholly managed by Commonwealth liens on premises of such institutions for use of Commonwealth, 1780.

JOHNSON, C. VICTOR—Continued.

No. 848

Amending act to provide for examination and licensing of engineers having charge of steam boilers, steam engines and appliances in cities of second and third class by extending provisions to steam boilers and steam engines of over five horse power, 1947.

No. 1168 (Senate Bill No. 1087)

Making an appropriation to the Meadville City Hospital located at Meadville, Crawford County 2243.

No. 1169 (Senate Bill No. 1088)

Making an appropriation to Spencer Hospital, located at Meadville, Crawford County, 2243.

No. 1170 (Senate Bill No. 1089)

Making an appropriation to the Auxiliary of the Children's Aid Society of Western Pennsylvania located at Meadville, Crawford County, 2243.

No. 1171 (Senate Bill No. 1090)

Making an appropriation to the Titusville Hospital, located at Titusville, Crawford County 2243.

No. 1172 (Senate Bill No. 1091)

A supplement to an act to provide for erection of a State Hospital for the treatment and care of the criminal insane directing the commissioners for erection of said State Hospital for Criminal Insane to surrender their trust to a board of trustees to be appointed by the Governor, 2243.

No. 1173 (Senate Bill No. 1092)

Making an apropriation to the Commission of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane, at Fairview, Wayne County, 2243.

No. 1260 (Senate Bill No. 1212)

Further supplement to act to accept grant of public lands by United States for endowment of agricultural colleges and making appropriations for carrying same into effect, 2347.

Election of 43.

Leave of absence asked for, 417, 568.

Motions by, for

House to extend its sympathy to Hon. A. L. Wasson, 3649.

House to extend its sympathy to Hon. D. J. Shern, 3649.

Motion by, to

Postpone for present House Bill No. 604, making licenses for sale of liquors personal property subject to sale upon execution, attachment or other legal process, 2344.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 179, providing for making of new ordinance book in boroughs, 847.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 1258, supplement to act providing for erection of Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic authorizing Board of Trustees to enter into agreements respecting highways, railways and other means of travel within lands of said institution, 3484.

Remarks by, at

Memorial service for John Calvin Mayer, late Representative from Center County, 2324.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 3, fixing salaries of judges of certain courts, 190.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by,

Relative to draining Pymatuning Swamp, 921.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

JOHNSON, DAVID D., Representative from Second District, (Fayette County),

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83. 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Making appropriation to Uniontown Hospital 172.

Requiring publication of financial statements reports, ordinances and public notices in one or more newspapers of general circulation, 436.

Bill reported by

No. 515 (Senate Bill No. 714)

To fix number and compensation of officers and employes in Department of Public Grounds and Buildings, 1115.

Election of, 43.

Motion by, to

Adjourn, 1304.

JOHNSON, DAVID D.—Continued.

Petition presented by, from
Citizens of Fayette County against commission form of government, 714.

Remarks by, on
Concurrent resolution in reference to adjournment until February twenty-seventh, 306.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

JOHNSON, presentation of testimonial by House of Representatives at close of session to Resident Clerk Charles, 3651.

JOHNSTON, ARCHIBALD, nominated as Member of Commission to Select a site and build a Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane, 2288.
Reported, 2601.
Confirmed, 2615.

JOHNSTOWN CITY HOSPITAL, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1096
Read in place in House by Mr. Pitchford, 125.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 125.
Reported with amendment, 2241.
First reading, 2337.
Second reading, 2414.
Third reading and final passage, 2781.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.

In Senate (No. 1020)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.
Reported without amendment, 2687.
First reading, 2709.
Second reading, 2916.
Third reading and final passage, 3086.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

JOHNSTOWN CITY HOSPITAL, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wertz, 223.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 223.

JOHNSTON, JAMES C., Representative from Twenty-Sixth District, (Philadelphia County),

Acting Speaker, 3330.

Amendments offered by, to
House Bill No. 401, providing for examination, licensure and registration of those engaged in plumbing or house drainage in cities of first class, 2262.
House Bill No. 450, making it a felony to draw checks or drafts in excess of bank balance of drawer, 1375.

Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bill introduced by
Providing for examination, licensure and registration of those engaged in plumbing or house drainage in cities of first class, 360.

Bills reported by
No. 353 (Senate Bill No. 1244)
To promote safety of travelers and employes upon railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains, 809.

No. 849
Amending act defining offence of disorderly conduct by persons on railway cars and in parks or on picnic grounds by requiring prosecutions to be brought before magistrate in municipality where offence occurs, 1947.

Election of, 45.

Leave of absence asked for, 885, 1780.

Motion by, to
Adjourn, 970.

Petitions presented by, from
Citizens of Philadelphia County against commission form of government, 920.
Citizens of Philadelphia County for reading of Bible in public schools, 775.
Lieut. Cushing Council No. 20, Daughters of Liberty, for reading of Bible in public schools, 920.

Point of order raised by, on
House Bill No. 312, to establish a public school system, 990.
House Bill No. 729, to enable electors to express at November, 1911, election their preference for or against election of United States Senators by direct vote, 3039.

JOHNSTON, JAMES C.—Continued.

Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 191, amending act relating to corporations, as regards charters of religious bodies, 784, 2199.
House Bill No. 196, requiring payment of wages to be semi-monthly, 730.
House Bill No. 216, amending act creating Department of State Police as regards salaries, 930, 931.
House Bill No. 271, amending act creating division of State Library for preservation of public records as regards turning over of records by counties and various State Departments, 865.
House Bill No. 389, to regulate sale and manufacture of certain fire crackers, fire works and certain explosive materials, 1783.
House Bill No. 401, providing for examination, licensure and registration of those engaged in plumbing or house drainage in cities of first class, 2577, 2578.
House Bill No. 405, to regulate temperature of milk and cream intended to be shipped, 1063.
House Bill No. 515, to fix number and compensation of officers and employes in Department of Public Grounds and Buildings, 1941.
House Bill No. 518, amending act providing uniform method of electing certain party officers by providing for one primary in place of two, 1194.
House Bill No. 693, regulating reading of Holy Bible in public schools, 2495.
House Bill No. 901, declaring liability of railroad companies for loss or damage by fire, 3001.

Remarks by, on
Resolution regarding election of United States Senators by direct vote, 365.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

JOINT STOCK COMPANIES and limited partnerships arising from technical defects in articles of organization, bill to regulate individual liability of members of (see liability).

JONES, address of retiring Chaplain L. R., 82.

JONES, EDWARD E., Representative from Susquehanna County,

Amendments offered by, to
House Bill No. 31, making appropriation for payment of 15 per cent. bonus authorized to be paid to townships of second class that abolish work tax, 1330.
House Bill No. 198, requiring containers used in transporting and handling foods to be returned properly cleaned, 1347.
House Bill No. 265, providing for election and appointment of road supervisors in townships of second class, 2189.
House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 1021.

Appointment of, on
Conference committee, 1693, 2717, 3580.
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by
Appropriating for road construction sum of $310,664.81 which has accumulated in State Treasury pursuant to provisions of act establishing State Highway Department, 1116.
Conferring certain authority on commissioners in townships of first class in regard to fire hydrants and hose, 252.
Creating in Department of Agriculture of State and Assistant Zoologist and Horticulturist and abolishing offices of Economic Zoologist and his assistant, 1399.
Creating office of County Superintendent of Public Roads, 391.
Establishing State Fair Commission to provide for holding annual State fair, 391.
Making additional appropriation to townships that have compiled with provisions of act providing for payment of percentage of road tax to townships that abolish work tax, 1116.
Making appropriation for improvement of State Fish Hatchery at Pleasant Mount, Wayne County, 208
Making appropriation to Simon H. Barnes Memorial Hospital of Susquehanna, 416.
Making appropriation to townships of second class which abolish work tax for fifteen per centum bonus, 110.
Providing for establishment of State Highway Department, 302.
Providing for improvement of public roads by removal of stones and of trees and brush, 301.
To prevent fraud upon or by keepers of sanatoriums or private hospitals, 303.
To provide for commission to amend, revise and collate laws relating to public roads, highways and bridges, 1399.

JONES, EDWARD E.—Continued.

To provide for election and appointment of road supervisors in townships of second class, 416.

To regulate fees to be charged by prothonotaries, clerks of certain courts, recorder of deeds and register of wills, 809.

Bills reported by

No. 250 (Senate Bill No. 530)
Relating to private roads being used in connection with mining operations, 590.

No. 776 (Senate Bill No. 103)
Providing for establishment of State Highway Department and relating to roads and highways, 1747.

No. 884 (Senate Bill No. 524)
Authorizing county commissioners to erect bridge for pedestrians only in lieu of wagon bridge under certain circumstances, 2023.

Election of, 45.

Leave of absence asked for, 305, 1282.

Motions by, for

House to adhere to its amendments to Senate Bill No. 103, establishing State Highway Department and providing for maintenance and improvement of roads, 2717.

House to adhere to its non-concurrence in Senate amendments to House Bill No. 265, relating to roads and providing for election and appointment of township supervisors in townships of second class, 3580.

House to non-concur in Senate amendments to House Bill No. 265, relating to roads and providing for election and appointment of township supervisors in townships of second class, 3527.

Motions by, to

Dispense with further reading of Journal, 2220.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 31, making appropriation to pay bonus to townships that abolish the work tax, 176, 642.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 185, establishing a State Fair Commission, 647.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 265, providing for election of road supervisors in townships of second class, 778, 1050.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 305, providing for establishment of State Highway Department, 778.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 776, providing for establishment of State Highway Department, 2042.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 669, providing for appointment of commission to amend, revise and collate laws relating to roads, highways and bridges, 2096.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 31, making appropriation to pay to townships legally entitled to receive its fifteen per cent. bonus authorized to be paid to townships of second class that abolish work tax, 1330.

Petitions presented by, from

Canawacta Rod and Gun Club, Susquehanna County, against resident hunter's license law, 313.

Citizens and grangers of Susquehanna County for passage of Jones Bill and Ailman Bill, 1212, 1779.

Citizens and grangers of Susquehanna County for Initiative and Referendum, 1779.

Citizens of Susquehanna County for better telephone facilities, 414.

Citizens of Susquehanna County for independent school districts, 1779

Citizens of Susquehanna County for passage of Ailman, Jones and Sproul Road Bills, 1281.

Grange of Susquehanna County against Halferty Oleomargarine Bill, 1779.

Lenox Grange No. 931, patrons of Husbandry, Susquehanna County, for better telephone facilities, 313.

Shiloh Grange No. 927, Patrons of Husbandry, for Ailman, Jones and Sproul Road Bills, 1281.

Shiloh Grange No. 927, Patrons of Husbandry, Susquehanna County, for better telephone facilities, 313.

Susquehanna Grange No. 74, Patrons of Husbandry, Susquehanna County, for better telephone facilities, 313.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 31, making appropriation to pay bonus to townships that abolish the work tax, 176.

House Bill No. 111, amending act relating to safety of persons employed in and about anthracite coal mines so as to increase number of inspection districts, 695.

House Bill No. 433, amending act fixing salaries and providing for expenses of county commissioners, 1836.

House Bill No. 708, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania authorizing State to issue bonds to amount of $50,000,000 for improvement of highways, 2489, 2490.

JONES, EDWARD E.—Continued.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by

Recalling House Bill No. 31, making appropriation to pay fifteen per cent. bonus to certain townships entitled to receive it, from Governor for amendment, 1184.

Resolution offered by

For use of Hall of House by Engineers' Society of Pennsylvania, 266.

Vote of, for

United States Senator 72.

JONES, ENOS M., Senator from Thirtieth District, (Huntingdon and Blair counties),

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 79, 80.

Bills introduced by

Amending act relating to anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania as it regards mine inspectors and certain inspection districts, 146.

Permitting juries in cases of felony to direct the imposition of costs, 1854.

Repealing act relating to changes of venue in civil causes by providing that such change of venue shall only be made when it shall appear to the court that local prejudices exist, 1855.

Bills reported by

No. 526 (House Bill No. 168)
Regulating lateral railroads, 1435.

No. 549 (House Bill No. 356)
Defining offence of train wrecking or attempted train wrecking, 1546.

No. 748 (House Bill No. 358)
Fixing width of public highways where such highways are crossed above or below grade by tracks of any roalroad except in cities and boroughs, 2266.

Election of, 3.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 71.

JONES, JOHN ROBERT Representative from Fourth District, (Schuylkill County),

Appointment of, on

Standing committees 83, 84, 85, 99.

Bills introduced by

Enabling electors at November election in 1911 to express their preference in regard to direct vote for United States Senators, 110.

Fixing salaries of election officers and return judges, 302.

Regulating construction, use and custody of ballot boxes, 304.

Election of, 45.

Leave of absence asked for, 305, 1919.

Bills reported by

No. 42 (Senate Bill No. 2)
Amending act relating to care of poor in Schuylkill County by creating board of trustees of the insane for and in said county, 145.

No. 66 (Senate Bill No. 337)
Amending act relating to corporations extending its provisions to companies doing general horticultural business, 199.

No. 150 (Senate Bill No. 752)
Relating to sewage disposal plant for Danville State Hospital for Insane, 390.

No. 234 (Senate Bill No. 778)
To prevent procreation of idiots, imbeciles and feeble-minded persons by process of sterilization under certain circumstances 590.

No. 299 (Senate Bill No. 653)
Providing that all legal notices required to be published in weekly newspapers may be published in daily newspapers, 716.

No. 331 (Senate Bill No. 578)
Supplementary to act authorizing commitment of minors by magistrates, justices of the peace or judges of certain charitable societies, 734.

No. 384 (Senate Bill No. 127)
Establishing in each county a board of viewers, 881

No. 435 (Senate Bill No. 643)
To prohibit pandering, 1016.

ONES, JOHN ROBERT—Continued.

No. 473 (Senate Bill No. 283)

Supplementary to act for taxation of dogs by requiring all dogs to wear collar with tag attached thereto showing payment of tax, 1028.

No. 587 (Senate Bill No. 765)

Fixing salary or compensation of crier of certain courts in certain counties, 1303.

No. 712

Joint resolution ratifying 16th amendment to Constitution of United States, 1609.

No. 905 (Senate Bill No. 600)

Supplement to act relating to free public libraries in cities of third class authorizing school districts of said cities to contract for maintenance of free non-sectarian public libraries without guaranty therefor by the city, 2184.

Motions by, to

Discharge Committee on Elections from further consideration of bill enabling electors to express their preference at November election in 1911 for or against election of United States Senators by direct vote, 1409.

Place on calendar House Bill No. 729, to enable electors to express at November, 1911, election their preference for or against election of United States Senators by direct vote, 1613.

Postpone for present action on Senate amendment to Senate Bill No. 2, amending act relating to care of poor in Schuylkill County, 418.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Schuylkill County against Sunday baseball, 414.

Citizens of Schuylkill County for Bible to be read in public schools, 635, 845, 920.

Citizens of Schuylkill County for memorial to founders of public school system, 635, 845.

Citizens of Schuylkill County, for State Local Option Law, 414, 525, 565.

Point of order raised by, on

House Bill No. 269, providing for investigations when charges shall be preferred against a judge, 1334.

Question of privilege raised by, on

Record of his vote on House Bill No. 518, amending act providing uniform method of electing certain party officers by providing for only one primary each year in place of two, 1292.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 269, providing for investigations when charges shall be preferred against a judge, 1334, 1335.

House Bill No. 729, to enable electors to express at November, 1911, election their preference for or against election of United States Senators by direct vote, 1613, 3037.

Resolution offered by, to

Discharge Committee on Elections from further consideration of bill to enable electors to express at November, 1911, election their preference for or against election of United States Senators by direct vote, 1613.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

ONES, of Pittsburg, for gift of cottage at Cresson, Pa., to be used in conjunction with free sanatorium for tuberculosis, concurrent resolution (House) by Klumpp, thanking Mrs. Mary McM., 2560.

Resolution concurred in by Senate 2542.

Returned by Senate, 2843, 2844.

ONES RICHMOND L., Commisioner of Valley Forge, nominated, 24.

Reported, 939.

Confirmed, 956.

ONES, T. C., Member of Commission to Provide for Celebration of Anniversary of Battle of Lake Erie, nominated, 26.

OOS, for publishing mercantile appraiser's list of State taxes in Allegheny County, to provide for payment of claim of John E.

House Bill No. 452

Read in place in House by Mr. Alter, 473.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 473.

Reported without amendment, 1026.

First reading, 1091.

Second reading, 1375.

Third reading and postponed for present, 1684.

Resumed on third reading and passed finally, 2021.

JOOS, JOHN E.—Continued.

Returned from Senate with amendments, 2933.

Concurred in Senate amendments, 2933.

Signed by Speaker 3182.

Remarks on, by

Alter, 1684, 2021.

Dearden, 2021.

Scott, S. B., 2021.

In Senate (No. 712)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2014.

Reported with amendment, 2216.

First reading, 2287.

Second reading, 2466.

Third reading and final passage, 2544.

Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 2902.

Signed by President pro tempore, 3115.

JORDAN, JOHN W., Member of Advisory Commission for Preservation of Public Records, nominated, 26.

Reported, 938.

Confirmed, 956.

JOSEPH RATTI HOSPITAL located at Bloomsburg, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 989

Read in place in House by Mr. Shaffer, 156.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 156.

Reported with amendment, 2238.

First reading, 2332.

Second reading, 2398.

Third reading and final passage, 2746.

Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.

Signed by Speaker, 3474.

In Senate (No. 919)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.

Reported without amendment, 2685.

First reading, 2705.

Second reading, 2909.

Third reading and final passage, 3067.

Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

JOSEPH RATTI HOSPITAL located at Bloomsburg, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Sones, 151.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 151.

JOURNAL BOX OF ENGINES OR CARS used upon any railroad so as to include brasses, bill to amend act relating to felony of removing waste or packing from out any (see railroad).

JOURNALS OF SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND APPOINTMENT of employes in connection therewith, relating to printing, binding and distribution of Legislative Journal and

Senate Bill No. 422

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wolf, 1067.

Referred to Committee on Public Printing, 1068.

Reported without amendment, 1074.

First reading, 1113.

Second reading, 1179.

Recommitted to Committee, 1229.

Re-reported with amendment, 1254.

Third reading and final passage, 1321.

Returned from House with amendments, 3306.

Concurred in House amendments, 3307.

Signed by President pro tempore, 3403.

In House (No. 802)

Referred to Committee on

Reported with amendment, 1758.

First reading, 1832.

Second reading, 2142.

Third reading and amended, 2194.

Final passage, 3362.

Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 3472.

Signed by Speaker, 3590.

JOURNALS OF SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Fox, authorizing printing and delivery of, 3541.

Resolution returned by House, 3541.

Concurred in by House, 3613.

JUDGE IN CHARGING JURY, bill to regulate trial of cases by jury and limit duties of trial (see jury).

JUDGE IN FORTY-FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT, to provide for additional law

House Bill No. 713
Read in place in House by Mr. Phillips, 103.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 103.
Reported without amendment, 1609.
First reading, 1827.
Second reading, 2114.
Phillips 2949.
Third reading and final passage, 2949.

Remarks on, by

In Senate (No. 1198)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General 3044.
Reported without amendment 3120.
First reading 3177.
Recommitted to Committee, 3299.

JUDGE IN SIXTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT, to provide for additional Law

House Bill No. 30
Read in place in House by Mr. Shreve, 124.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 124.
Reported without amendment, 140.
First reading, 148.
Second reading, 162.
Third reading and final passage, 175.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 696.
Signed by Speaker, 718.
Approved by Governor, 922.

Remarks on, by
Baldwin, Richard J., 162.
Shreve, 162.

In Senate (No. 180)
Referred to Committee on Judicial Apportionment, 170.
Reported without amendment, 453.
First reading, 518.
Second reading, 561.
Third reading and final passage 621.
Signed by President

JUDGE IN SIXTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT, to provide for additional Law

Senate Bill No. 35
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Clark, 89.
Referred to Committee on Judicial Apportionment, 89.
Reported without amendment, 223.
First reading, 247.
Second reading, 270.
Third reading and final passage, 291.

In House
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 311.

JUDGE OF ANY JUDICIAL DISTRICT, to regulate investigations when charges shall be preferred against a

House Bill No. 269
Read in place in House by Mr. Shern, 568.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 568.
Reported without amendment, 714.
First reading, 750.
Second reading and postponed for present, 864.
Resumed on third reading and passed finally, 1332.
Concurrent resolution to recall bill from Senate for amendment, 1409.
Resolution considered and defeated, 1409.

Remarks on by
Wallace, 1332, 1333, 1334.
Shern, 1333, 1334.
Jones, J. R., 1334, 1335.
Ailman, 1334.
Guyaux, 1335.
Williams, 1335.

In Senate (No. 495)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1326.
Reported without amendment, 1326.
First reading, 1326.
Second reading, 1429.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1441.

JUDGE OF CERTAIN COURTS from hearing a cause or matter wherein the attorney or counsel for either party shall be related to such judge, to prohibit any

Senate Bill No. 101
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wertz, 167.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 167.
Reported without amendment, 242.
First reading, 276.
Second reading, 297.
Third reading and postponed for present, 348.

JUDGE OF MONTOUR COUNTY, William J. Rogers nominated as Associate, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

JUDGE OF SIXTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT, Paul A. Benson nominated as Additional Law, 1420.
Reported, 1433.
Confirmed, 1443.

JUDGES AND OTHER PERSONS HOLDING CIVIL OFFICE, resolution (Senate), by Catlin, authoring appointment of commission to investigate charges made during interim between Legislative Sessions against, 3122.
Commission appointed, 3456.

JUDGES, concurrent resolution (House) by John R. K. Scott, proposing amendment to section 3 of article 8 of Constitution of Pennsylvania relating to election of, 3214, 3215.
Resolution concurred in by Senate, 3283.
Returned by Senate, 3487.

JUDGES FOR COURTS OF COMMON PLEAS IN ALLEGHENY COUNTY, bill to provide for election and appointment of (see Courts).

JUDGES FOR YEARS 1910 AND 1911, making appropriation for payment of mileage of Associate
Read in place in House by Mr. Newbaker, 718.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 718.

JUDGES OF CERTAIN COURTS TO EMPLOY STENOGRAPHER of Common Pleas Court to report proceedings when requested by defendant or counsel, to amend act relating to court of stenographers by requiring (see stenographers).

JUDGES OF COURTS of Quarter Sessions and of Oyer and Terminer in relation to releasing prisoners on parole, bill to extend powers of (see parole).

JUDGES OF COURTS of this Commonwealth, to regulate salary and payment thereof of Associate

Senate Bill No. 397
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Huffman, 756.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 756.
Reported with amendment, 938.
First reading, 1013.
Second reading, 1077.
Third reading and final passage, 1106.
Returned from House with amendments, 3116.
Concurred in House amendments, 3116.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3276.

In House (No. 727)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1170.
Reported without amendment, 1610.
First reading, 1828.
Second reading and amended, 2119.
Third reading and final passage, 3219.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 3309.
Signed by Speaker, 3494.

Remarks on by,
Dunn, H. B., 3219.

JUDGES OF SUPREME COURT, of Superior Court, of Courts of Common Pleas and of Orphans' Courts, to fix salaries of

House Bill No. 3
Read in place in House by Mr. C. Victor Johnson, 96.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 96.
Reported without amendment, 105.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 113.
Re-reported with amendment, 171.
Postponed on second reading to correct error in printing, 190.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 216.

JUDGES OF SUPREME COURT—Continued.

Public notice of meeting of Judiciary Special Committee to consider bill, 305.
Re-reported with amendment, 472.
Third reading and final passage, 529.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 1849.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 1849.
Signed by Speaker.
Approved by Governor, 2189.

Remarks on by,
Johnson, C. Victor, 190, 218.
Scott, John R. K., 216, 217, 534, 535, 1849, 1850.
Dearden, 216, 217, 218.
Wallace, 217, 218, 529, 531, 532.
Scott, Samuel B., 217, 534.
Shern, 218, 219.
Rockwell, 218, 529.
Robinson, 218, 535, 536.
Schad, 218.
Schofield, 218, 219.
Dershem, 219, 532, 533, 1849.
Abbott, 529, 530, 532, 533.
Roney, 530.
Ailman, 530, 531.
Hobbs, 533, 534.
Baldwin, Richard J., 534, 535, 1849, 1850.
McKean, 536.
Alter, 1850.
Mills, 1850.

In Senate (No. 419)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 497.
Reported without amendment, 1003.
First reading, 1080.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 1113.
Re-reported with amendment, 1797.
Third reading and final passage, 1806.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 1856.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1895.

Remarks on by,
Herbst, 1806.
Fox, 1806, 1807, 1808, 1809.

JUDGES OF SUPREME, Superior, Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts shall commence and time of nomination and election of successors to Judges of Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts whose commissions expire in odd numbered years, to fix time when term of

House Bill No. 2.
Read in place in House by Mr. Shern, 98.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 98.
Reported without amendment, 105.
First reading, 112.
Second reading, 126.
Third reading and postponed for the present, 135.
Final passage, 143.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3326.
Signed by Speaker, 3479.

In Senate (No. 28).
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 152.
Reported without amendment, 183.
First reading, 227, 2700.
Recommitted to Committee, 246.
Re-reported without amendment, 2604.
Second reading, 2886.
Third reading and final passage, 3139.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3393.

JUDGES OF SUPREME, Superior, Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts, to amend act, as regards pay after removal, relating to removal for physical or mental disability of

Senate Bill No. 20
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McIlhenny, 101.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 101.
Reported without amendment, 165.
First reading, 185.
Second reading, 226.
Third reading and postponed for present, 245.
Resumed on third reading and amended, 621.
Defeated on final passage, 665.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill recommitted to Committee, 666.
Re-reported with amendment, 938.
Over in its order, 996, 1069, 1102.

JUDGES OF SUPREME COURT—Continued.

Resumed on final passage and postponed for present, 1175.
Resumed and defeated on final passage, 1229.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill passed finally, 1232.
Returned from House with amendments, 3380.
Concurred in House amendments, 3381.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3402.

Remarks on, by
McIlhenny, 666, 1229, 1230.
Huffman, 666.
McNichol, 666.
Herbst, 1230.
Wolf, 1230.

In House (No. 892)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1293, 1302.
Reported with amendment, 2053.
First reading, 2196.
Second reading, 2377.
Recommitted to Committee, 2560.
Re-reported with amendment, 2586.
Third reading and amended, 2999.
Special order for consideration, 3227.
Defeated on final passage, 3254.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 3258.
Resumed and passed finallly, 3481.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 3530.
Signed by Speaker, 3589.

Remarks on, by
Scott, S. B., 3254, 3255.
Scott, John R. K., 3255, 3482, 3483.
Williams, 3255.
Ailman, 3255, 3483.
Dershem, 3482, 3483.
Rockwell, 3482.
Baldwin, George A., 3483.

JUDGES so as to increase compensation of judges of Dauphin County for trial of Commonwealth's civil cases, to amend act fixing salaries of

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox, 1418.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1419.

JUDGES therein mentioned from general election to municipal election as now required by Constitution, bill to amend act establishing County Court for County of Allegheny by changing election of (see Court).

JUDGES thereof in certain counties, bill to amend act relating to Orphans' Courts by vesting appointment of first assistant clerk of said courts in respective (see courts).

JUDGES to districts other than their own for the purpose of expediting business, for the assignment of

Senate Bill No. 305
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 609.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 609.
Reported without amendment, 699.
First reading, 773.
Second reading, 799.
Third reading and final passage, 835.
Returned from House without amendment, 1422.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1423.
Approved by Governor, 1800.

In House (No. 426)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 885.
Reported without amendment, 1015.
First reading, 1089.
Second reading, 1252.
Third reading and final passage, 1348.
Signed by Speaker, 1459.

JUDGES, to fix time for election of successors of certain

Read in place in House by Mr. Holland, 232.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 232.

JUDGMENT AND INCUMBRANCES UPON LEGAL PRESUMPTION of payment thereof, bill relating to discharge of and release of lands from record charges, liens, (see release).

JUDGMENT BOND, bill to amend act defining rights and liabilities of parties to contracts for work and materials by providing that security to be given shall be, (see contracts).

JUDGMENT CREDITORS, bill to require prothonotaries to ascertain the addresses of (see addresses).

JUDGMENT FOR DAMAGES in all classes of trespass claims or suits in any nature, bill to authorize tender of payments of (see trespass).

JUDGMENT has been entered in the case within thirty years from bringing suit or action, bill to provide for abandonment of suits or actions in ejectment where no (see ejectment).

JUDGMENT OF ALDERMEN AND JUSTICES OF THE PEACE regardless of amount in controversy or of amount of judgment rendered, bill to provide for appeal from (see appeal).

JUDGMENT OR NON-SUIT to be made a matter of record, bill to require reasons for a motion for (see reasons).

JUDGMENT UPON WHOLE RECORD, bill to authorize Courts of this Commonwealth in cases where jury have disagreed to enter (see jury).

JUDGMENTS AND MORTGAGES, bill to provide for satisfaction of (see satisfaction).

JUDGMENTS BY ATTACHMENT, execution against wages, debts or income when same is twelve dollars or more per week, to provide for collection of

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 107.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 107.

JUDGMENTS BY ATTACHMENT EXECUTION AGAINST WAGES, debts or income of any kind when same is twelve dollars or more per week, to provide for collection of

House Bill No. 133

Read in place in House by Mr. Rockwell, 123.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 123.

Reported with negative recommendation, 314, 315.

JUDGMENTS OBTAINED AGAINST COMMONWEALTH by certain named executors of Mariassunto Acri Guercio, bill making appropriation to pay (see Guercio).

JUDGMENTS OBTAINED BEFORE ALDERMEN and justices of the peace against municipalities, relating to

House Bill No. 157

Read in place in House by Mr. Watts, 111.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 111.

Reported without amendment, 415.

First reading, 450.

Second reading, 574.

Third reading and final passage, 601.

Returned from Senate without amendment, 3355.

Signed by Speaker, 3481.

In Senate (No. 810)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 610.

Reported without amendment, 2603.

First reading, 2926.

Second reading, 3154.

Third reading and final passage, 3266.

Signed by President pro tempore, 3394.

JUDGMENTS ON BONDS, notes or other obligations for payment of money secured by mortgage, to regulate entry of

Senate Bill No. 662

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox, 1436.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1436.

Reported without amendment, 1963.

First reading, 2182.

Second reading, 2212.

Third reading and amended, 2271.

Resumed and defeated on final passage, 2446.

JUDICIAL AND LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENTS of the Commonwealth, interest on public debt and for support of public schools for two fiscal years beginning June 1, 1911, bill to provide for ordinary expenses of Executive (see expenses).

JUDICIAL DISTRICTS by designating what counties shall compose the Twenty-fifth and Fifty-fifth Judicial Districts, respectively, bill to amend act to designate the several (see districts).

JUDICIAL DISTRICTS that the courts of common pleas be kept open for twenty-seven weeks in each year or until all jury cases therein be disposed of, bill to require in certain (see courts).

JUDICIAL DISTRICTS, bills relating to fees of court criers and tipstaves in certain (see fees).

JUDICIAL PROCEEDINGS in all courts in this Commonwealth, bill to require Supreme Court of this Commonwealth to regulate procedure in all (see Courts).

JUDICIARY DEPARTMENT for payment of additional salaries, making appropriation to

(Section No. 12), House Bill No. 1

Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 51.

Special Committee appointed to consider bill, 52.

Reported without amendments, 52.

First reading, 52.

Special order for second reading, 52.

Second reading, 55.

Third reading, 62.

Final passage, 63.

Returned from Senate with amendments, 82.

Concurred in Senate amendments, 82.

Signed by Speaker, 85.

Partial veto by Governor, 93.

Governor's partial veto sustained, 94.

Remarks on, by

Dearden, 62, 63, 93.

Woodward, 63.

In Senate (No. 1)

Special Committee appointed to consider bill, 57.

Reported without amendments, 61.

First reading, 62.

Recommitted to Special Committee, 62.

Re-reported as amended, 62.

Second reading, 65.

Third reading and final passage, 76.

Returned from House with amendments concurred in, 80.

Signed by President, 80.

JUDSON, J. CARTER, Senator from Forty-Sixth District (Washington and Greene Counties),

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 79, 80.

Bills introduced by

Making appropriation to Canonsburg General Hospital Association, 183.

Making appropration to City Hospital Association of Washington, Pennsylvania, 150.

Making appropriation to Pennsylvania Reform School at Morganza, 665.

Making appropriation to Washington Hospital, 244.

Making appropriation to Waynesboro College, a co-educational institution, 996.

Providing assistance for certain county historical societies, 454.

Regulating inquests, hearing and other proceedings held by or before coroner or deputy coroner, 2202.

Bills reported by

No. 9 (House Bill No. 1246)

Regulating annulment of marriage and divorces, 129.

No. 22 (House Bill No. 15)

To quiet the title of real estate, 165.

No. 30 (House Bill No. 847)

Joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania so as to consolidate Courts of Common Pleas of Allegheny County, 183.

No. 31 (House Bill No. 158)

Enlarging powers of constables, 282.

No. 98 (House Bill No. 839)

Amending act exempting property to value of three hundred dollars from levy and sale for rent, 241.

No. 126

Providing for election of councilmen in the several boroughs, 282.

No. 150 (House Bill No. 38)

Authorizing county commissioners to erect and maintain dykes on certain streams, 373.

No. 169 (House Bill No. 736)

Relating to costs of street paving and laying of sidewalks in townships of first class, 401, 788.

No. 170

Making properties benefited by certain street improvements liable for costs, 401.

No. 304 (House Bill No. 688)

Giving owners and lessees of coal rights certain privileges in regard to adjacent land, 699.

No. 393 (House Bill No. 594)

Amending act relating to juvenile court schools for male children in certain counties, 937.

UDSON, J. CARTER—Continued.

No. 474 (House Bill No. 803)

Amending act relating to burial of and headstone for certain honorably discharged soldiers, sailors and marines by extending its provisions to all honorably discharged soldiers, sailors and marines who shall die in the county, 1253, 1435.

No. 519 (House Bill No. 882)

Amending act relating to disposition of property of decedents on failure of testamentary devises by extending its provisions to cases where devises shall be impracticable, 1435.

No. 575 (House Bill No. 167)

To prohibiting bringing into prisons of all weapons or assisting convicts to escape, 1632.

No. 595 (House Bill No. 1329)

To provde for appointment of deputy prothonotaries in certain counties, 1706.

No. 656 (House Bill No. 427)

Repealing so far as it relates to Cumberland County act fixing compensation of assessors and assistant assessors in Lancaster and Cumberland Counties, 1963.

No. 657 (House Bill No. 437)

Repealing so far as it relates to Lehigh County act to increase pay of county commissioners, jurors and witnesses in certain counties, 1963.

No. 658 (House Bill No. 438)

Repealing so far as it relates to Lehigh County act relating to pay of jurors in Lehigh and Berks Counties, 1963.

No. 659 (House Bill No. 439)

To repeal so far as it relates to Lehigh County act regulating pay of jurors in counties of Berks and Lehigh, 1963.

No. 660 (House Bill No. 440)

To repeal second section of act relating to pay of commissioners, auditors and jurors, in Lehigh County, 1963.

No. 661 (House Bill No. 441)

To repeal so far as it applies to Lehigh County act to increase pay of county commissioners, jurors and witnesses in certain counties, 1963.

No. 695 (House Bill No. 459)

Relating to trust funds and property and surety bonds given to secure same, 2202.

No. 696 (House Bill No. 131)

Empowering proper officers of poor districts to appropriate money to corporations organized of relieving pauper injured or sick, 2202.

No. 729 (House Bill No. 578)

Permitting in certain cases imposition of costs upon proper county in proceedings for commitment of an alleged insane person, 2264.

No. 730 (House Bill No. 453)

Amending act regulating compensation of sheriffs for boarding prisoners in counties having population not exceeding 50,000 by extending its provisions to counties having population not exceeding 60,000, 2264.

No. 731 (House Bill No. 611)

To provide for establishment of Bureau of Standards in Department of Internal Affairs, 2265.

No. 778 (House Bill No. 234)

To prevent procreation of idiots, imbeciles and feeble-minded persons by process of sterilization under certain circumstances, 2525.

No. 809 (House Bill No. 508)

Relating to taxation and bonus on capital stock, 2602.

Election of, 3.

Leave of absence asked for, 1173.

Motion by, to

Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 364, to provide assistance for certain county historical societies, 1000.

Motions by, to

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 169, relating to collection of expenses for street paving in townships of first class, 470.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 170, relating to cost of street paving in boroughs, 470.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 474, amending act authorizing county commissioners to look after burial of certain honorably discharged soldiers, sailors and marines, 1426.

JUDSON, J. CARTER—Continued.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Washington and Greene Counties for resident hunters' license bill, 2263.

Citizens of Washington County for increase of tax on automobiles, 1305.

Congress of Women's Clubs of Western Pennsylvania, for State Reformatory for Women, 339.

Remarks by, on

Senate Bill No. 364, to provide assistance for certain county historical societies, 1000.

Senate Bill No. 1194, fixing fees and compensation of sheriffs for removal of prisoners, insane persons and habitual drunkards, 3434.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by

Authorizing appointment of committee to investigate building of Homeopathic State Hospital for Insane at Rittersville, 340.

Resolution, concurrent, reported, by

Authorizing commission to investigate "Erie Purchase," 2602, 2603.

Providing for commission to investigate systems of recording deeds, mortgages and insurance of titles, 539.

Relating to Federal grant to elementary and secondary education, 831.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 71.

JURIES IN CASES OF FELONY to direct imposition of costs, bill to permit (see felony).

JURIES OF VIEW, bill to establish in each county a Board of Viewers and provide for their appointment as (see Board of Viewers).

JUROR, to fix age when persons shall at their request be exempt from duty as

Read in place in House by Mr. Fitzgerald, 591.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 591.

JURORS AND WITNESSES IN BEDFORD COUNTY, bill to repeal act to increase pay of (see Bedford).

JURORS AND WITNESSES IN CERTAIN COUNTIES, bill to repeal so far as it applies to Dauphin County an act to increase the pay of (see Dauphin).

JURORS AND WITNESSES IN COUNTY OF LANCASTER, bill to repeal act to increase pay of (see pay).

JURORS AND WITNESSES IN MONTGOMERY COUNTY, bills relating to pay of (see Montgomery).

JURORS AND WITNESSES in this Commonwealth by making one general per diem rate, amendment to act to increase pay of (see pay).

JURORS AND WITNESSES of Wayne, Pike and Monroe Counties, bill to repeal act to increase compensation of (see compensation).

JURORS IN CERTAIN COUNTIES, bill to repeal so far as it applies to Lehigh County act to increase pay of county commissioners (see Lehigh).

JURORS IN HOMICIDE CASES where verdict is "guilty of murder in first degree" to add whether penalty shall be death or life imprisonment, bill to require (see verdict).

JURORS ON COURTS OF COMMON PLEAS, oyer and terminer and quarter sessions, to regulate periods of service of

Senate Bill No. 590

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 1418.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1418.

Reported without amendment, 1705.

First reading and recommitted to Committee, 1821.

JURORS SUMMONED BY THE SHERIFF of any county having population of over 1,400,000, bill to fix fee for service of (see sheriff).

JURY AND LIMIT DUTIES OF TRIAL JUDGE in charging jury, to regulate trial of cases by

House Bill No. 270

Read in place in House by Mr. Bosher, 590.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 590.

Reported with negative recommendation, 714.

JURY AT THREE, bill to amend act creating a Department of Wharves, Docks and Ferries in cities of first class by fixing number of (see cities).

JURY AT THREE, to amend act relating to closing of alleys, lanes or passageways that are or may be public nuisances by fixing number of

Senate Bill No. 229

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 403.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 403.
Reported without amendment, 540.
First reading, 634.
Second reading, 675.
Third reading and final passage, 705.
Returned from House without amendment, 3050.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3276.

In House (No. 682)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 748.
Reported without amendment, 1470.
First reading, 1502.
Second reading, 2101.
Third reading and final passage, 3215.
Signed by Speaker, 3495.

JURY AT THREE, to amend act relating to closing of alleys, lanes or passageways that are or may be public nuisances by fixing number of

Senate Bill No. 237.

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 403.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 403.
Reported without amendment, 541.
First reading, 634.
Second reading, 680,
Third reading and final passage, 707.
Returned from House without amendment, 3112.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3276.

In House (No. 760)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 749.
Reported without amendment, 1695.
First reading, 1830.
Second reading, 2126
Third reading and final passage, 3220
Signed by Speaker, 3495.

JURY, bill amending and supplementing act concerning divorces and regulating submission of issues of fact to a (see divorces).

JURY BILL, resolution approving Alter

Presented to Senate from Soldiers' Civic League of Allegheny County, 1798.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1798.

JURY COMMISSONER by Judges of Courts of Common Pleas in counties with between 1,000,000 and 1,400,000 inhabitants, to provide for appointment of

House Bill No. 136

Read in place in House by Mr. Alter, 134.
Referred to Committee on Judicary General, 134.
Reported without amendment, 323.
First reading, 432.
Second reading, 438.
Third reading and postponed for present, 580.
Resumed and passed finally, 784.

Remarks on, by

Malie, 784, 785, 786.
Alter, 785, 786.
Williams, 786.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judicary Special, 774.

JURY COMMISSIONERS, to amend act relating to selection of jurors by increasing pay and mileage of

House Bill No. 407

Read in place in House by Mr. Benson, 110.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 110.
Reported without amendment, 897.
First reading, 924.
Second reading, 1064.
Third reading and final passage, 1479.

Remarks on, by

Dershem, 1479.
Benson, 1479.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1550.

JURY HAVE DISAGREED, to give certain authority to Courts of this Commonwealth in cases where

House Bill No. 161

Read in place in House by Mr. Breitinger, 155.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 155.
Reported without amendment, 415.
First reading, 451.
Second reading, 575.
Third reading and final passage, 602.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1302.
Signed by Speaker, 1339.
Approved by Governor, 1614.

In Senate (No. 450)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 611.
Reported without amendment, 1173.
First reading, 1211.
Second reading, 1234.
Third reading and final passage, 1257.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1305.

JURY IN CERTAIN CASES, bill to amend act relating to proceedings of township road commissioners laying out, opening and vacating streets by providing for trial of questions of fact by a (see questions of fact).

JURY TRIALS during a certain time of each year, bill to require in certain judicial districts that the courts of common pleas be kept open for (see courts).

JURY TRIALS in such cases, bill to regulate method of trying certain offences and misdemeanors before justices of the peace and regulating (see trying).

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE to issue search warrant to certain officers to prevent cruelty to animals, bill to authorize any (see animals).

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE, bill to provide that certificates of association and articles of incorporation may be acknowledged and sworn to before a (see acknowledged).

JUSTICES OF SUPREME COURT, making appropriation for portraits of past

Read in place in House by Mr. McGowan, 1481.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1481.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE

BLACKBURN, A. W., nominated, 239.
Reported, 244.
Confirmed, 244.

BOCKSTOCE, JOHN W., nominated, 269.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

BOYER, ELMER E., nominated, 905.
Reported, 940.
Confirmed, 956.

BRICKER, GEORGE S., nominated, 2536.
Reported, 2602.
Confirmed, 2615.

BROWN, HENRY, nominated, 168.
Reported, 169.
Confirmed, 169.

BROWN, JOHN S., nominated, 3274.
Reported, 3385.
Confirmed, 3414.

BURKET, ZENNA B., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

CAMPBELL, GEORGE B., nominated, 610.
Reported, 670.
Confirmed, 671.

COATSWORTH, WALTER S., nominated, 342.
Reported, 386.
Confirmed, 388.

COCHRAN, FULTON E., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

COTNER, H. E., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

COWHER, D. M., nominated, 905.
Reported, 940.
Confirmed, 956.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE—Continued.

COX, WILLIAM E., nominated, 554.
Reported, 560.
Confirmed, 562.

FARR, ABRAM, nominated, 1173.
Reported, 1205.
Confirmed, 1207.

FELLENBAUM, JOHN D., nominated, 269.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

FENNELL, P. S., nominated, 610.
Reported, 670.
Confirmed, 671.

FLACK, JACOB H., nominated, 2664.
Reported, 2664.
Confirmed, 2716.

GILLINGHAM, J. S., nominated, 2536.
Reported, 2602.
Confirmed, 2615.

GOODWIN, E. C., nominated, 1173.
Reported, 1205.
Confirmed, 1207.

GULDIN, JAMES H., JR., nominated, 61.
Reported, 129.
Confirmed, 132.

GUTHRIE, WARRINGTON F., nominated, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

HAWK, WILLIAM T., nominated, 756.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

HENRY, WILLIAM M., nominated, 906.
Reported, 1074.
Confirmed, 1075.

HORNING, GEORGE H., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

IVORY, EDWIN D., nominated, 807.
Reported, 833.
Confirmed, 842.

KELLIHER, J. T., nominated, 1226.
Reported, 1228.
Confirmed, 1228.

KOEHLER, PAULUS E., nominated, 120.
Reported, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

KUNKEL, MAURICE D., nominated, 269.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

LAMP, FRANK, nominated, 3274.
Reported, 3385.
Confirmed, 3414.

LETTEER, O. E., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

LEWIS, D. W., nominated, 119.
Reported, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

LINVILLE, WILLIAM B., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

M'CURDY, R. P., nominated, 342.
Reported, 386.
Confirmed, 388.

McKNIGHT, JOHN, nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

McQUISTON, JOHN H. W., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE—Continued.

MILLER, M. HOMER, nominated, 91.
Reported, 149.
Confirmed, 153.

MILLS, W. R., nominated, 1069.
Reported, 1074.
Confirmed, 1075.

MOORE, JAMES L., nominated, 906.
Reported, 940.
Confirmed, 956.

MULLARKY, THOMAS, nominated, 906.
Reported, 940.
Confirmed, 956.

NOEL, THOMAS C., nominated, 61.
Reported, 129.
Confirmed, 132.

PAINE, WILLIAM E., nominated, 807.
Reported, 833.
Confirmed, 842.

PATTERSON, J. N., nominated, 184.
Reported, 185.
Confirmed, 185.

PENNOCK, CHARLES J., nominated, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

QUIGLEY, JOSEPH L., nominated, 2536.
Reported, 2602.
Confirmed, 2615.

RASNER, ARLINGTON H., nominated, 906.
Reported, 940.
Confirmed, 956.

REESE, LEONARD D., nominated, 2536.
Reported, 2602.
Confirmed, 2615.

RUFFNER, JAMES W., nominated, 1069.
Reported, 1074.
Confirmed, 1075.

SHERRICK, WILL G., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

SHOWERS, JOHN W., nominated, 269.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

SLOAN, ARCHIBALD, nominated, 269.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

SMITH, IRVIN T., nominated, 184.
Reported, 185.
Confirmed, 185.

THOMAS, D. A., nominated, 61.
Reported, 129.
Confirmed, 132.

TURNER, A. ALLISON, nominated, 609.
Reported, 670.
Confirmed, 671.

WEIR, GEORGE S., nominated, 1420.
Reported, 1433.
Confirmed, 1443.

WHEELER, JOSEPH A., nominated, 1420.
Reported, 1433.
Confirmed, 1443.

WHITE, JOHN W., nominated, 61.
Reported, 129.
Confirmed, 132.

WICKERSHAM, SAMUEL H., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

WILLS, J. HUNTER, nominated, 2536.
Reported, 2602.
Confirmed, 2615.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE—Continued.

WISLER, WILLIAM B., nominated, 269.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

WOLF, THOMAS H., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

YOUNG, ALBERT E., nominated, 225.
Reported, 404.
Confirmed, 405.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE in County of Warren, to repeal act enlarging jurisdiction of

House Bill No. 17
Read in place in House by Mr. Schofield, 98.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 89.
Reported without amendment, 115.
First reading, 126.
Second reading and dropped from calendar, 254.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE in Warren County, to repeal act to enlarge jurisdiction of

House Bill No. 569
Read in place in House by Mr. Schofield, 845.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 845.
Reported without amendment, 1281.
First reading, 1410.
Second reading, 1525.
Third reading and final passage, 1943.

In Senate
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1901.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE regardless of the amount in controversy, bill to provide for appeal from judgment of aldermen and (see appeal).

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE, bill relating to judgments against municipalities obtained before (see judgments).

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE, bill to amend act relating to costs in suits before (see costs).

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE, bill to regulate method of trying certain offences and misdemeanors before (see trying).

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, bill to regulate payment of costs when a person charged with a crime is discharged by a (see costs).

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE, bill to repeal acts inconsistent with act relating to fees to be charged by (see fees).

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE, bill to require county commissioners to furnish dockets to (see dockets).

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE to issue non-resident hunters' licenses, bill to amend act relating to non-resident hunters' licenses by permitting (see hunters).

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE to require bond to cover costs in certain petty cases and to dispose of costs on discharge of defendant for want of sufficient evidence, bill to authorize (see costs).

JUVENILE COURT ACTS and have been committed to institutions outside of this Commonwealth, to provide for payment of maintenance of children or minors who have been sentenced under various

House Bill No. 420
Read in place in House by Mr. Allen, 776.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 776.
Reported without amendment, 970.
First reading, 1089.
Second reading, 1368.
Third reading and final passage, 1627.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2947.
Signed by Speaker, 3183.

In Senate (No. 783)
Referred to committee on Judiciary General, 1608.
Reported without amendment, 2525.
First reading, 2553.
Second reading, 2696.
Third reading and final passage, 2899.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3114.

JUVENILE COURT, bill relating to costs in all cases tried in (see costs).

JUVENILE COURT SCHOOLS for male children by certain counties by extending limit of population to counties with between 300,000 and 1,200,000 bill to amend act relating to (see schools).

JUVENILE COURT, supplement to act relating to care of neglected and incorrigible children providing for employment of certain employes to facilitate probation of (see children).

JUVENILE COURTS, bill to amend, as regards bond issue, act requiring certain counties to maintain schools for care and education of male children under jurisdiction of (see bonds).

KANE SUMMIT HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION of Kane, McKean County, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. Hilton, 125.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 125.

KANE SUMMIT HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION, of Kane, McKean County, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 707
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Baldwin, 130.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 130.
Reported with amendment, 2216.
First reading, 2287.
Second reading, 2465.
Third reading and final passage, 2543.
Returned from House without amendment, 3049.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3277.

In House (No. 1353)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2843.
Reported without amendment, 3005.
First reading, 3006.
Second reading, 3015.
Third reading and final passage, 3201.
Signed by Speaker, 3493.

KANN, FRANK B., Member of Board of Osteopathic Examiners for Pennsylvania, nominated, 25.
Reported, 165.
Confirmed, 169.

KEELY, HARRY W., Representative from Tenth District, (Philadelphia County),

Appointment of, on
Special committee, 3493.
Standing committees, 83, 85.

Bills introduced by
Authorizing cities of first class to remit taxes owing by any hospital where dispute has arisen as to right of city to collect such taxes, 1481.
Making appropriation to Northern Home for Friendless Children, 142.
Providing for erection of monument on Battlefield of Fredericksburg, Virginia, 415.
To provide revenue by taxation, 324.

Bills reported by
No. 162 (Senate Bill No. 290)
Authorizing printing of subsequent editions of bulletins printed by Department of Agriculture, 415.
No. 272 (Senate Bill No. 520)
Amending act creating Department of Public Printing and Binding in relation to public printing and supply of paper, 714.
No. 775
Amending act relating to employment of minors so as to reduce hours of employment of certain male and female minors, 1747.

Election of, 44.

Motion by, to
Adjourn, 3228.
Dispense with further reading of Journal, 300.
Postpone for present House Bill No. 192, regulating sale of deadly weapons and explosive substances, 598.
Postpone for present House Bill No. 1263, making appropriation to Temple University of Philadelphia, 3018.

Question of information raised by, on
House Bill No. 1263, making appropriation to Temple University of Philadelphia, 3004.

Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 473, to repeal act changing date for opening and closing tax duplicates and placing same in hands of collectors of delinquent taxes in cities of first class, 1756.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

KEENE, FREDERICK E., Representative from Fifth District, (Philadelphia County),

Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills reported by

No. 251
To prohibit unfair commercial discrimination between different sections or unfair competition, 687.

No. 252
To repeal act relating to taxation of title insurance and trust companies, 687.

No. 253 (Senate Bill No. 538)
Amending act authorizing boroughs to appropriate private property for necessary public uses by extending same to townships of first class, 687.

No. 268
Relating to bond to be given by treasurers of Mutual Fire Insurance Companies, 714.

No. 699
To prevent fire insurance companies from maintaining trusts or agreements to control rates of insurance, 1499.

No. 810
Authorizing boroughs to own, erect or acquire water works, 1769.

No. 812 (Senate Bill No. 239)
To provide in cities of first class for delivery tickets in sale of anthracite coal, 1769.

No. 831
To regulate and improve the civil service, 1919.

Election of, 44.

Motion by, to
Lay upon table veto of House Bill No. 275, authorizing municipalities to provide for regulation and inspection of weights and measures, 2559.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

KEEPERS OF SANATORIUMS OR PRIVATE HOSPITALS, bill to prevent fraud upon or by (see fraud).

KEGS AND OTHER CONTAINERS and to prohibit use of same without written consent of owners and to provide that delivery of same shall not constitute a sale, bill to provide for registration of (see registration).

KEISTER, DANIEL L., Representative from First District, (Dauphin County),

Acting Speaker, 1673, 1791, 2017, 2933, 3320, 3503.

Amendments offered by, to
House Bill No. 37, regulating use of moving picture machines in cities of third class, 644.
House Bill No. 40, regulating use of moving picture machines in townships, 650.
House Bill No. 43, regulating use of moving picture machines in boroughs, 652.
House Bill No. 102, regulating fees of court criers in certain counties, 529.
House Bill No. 272, amending act creating Department of Public Printing and Binding, 866, 871.
House Bill No. 312, to establish a public school system, 968, 1035, 1036.
House Bill No. 459, relating to trust fund and property surety bonds given to secure same, 1385, 1386.
House Bill No. 519, amending act regulating practice of osteopathy by providing final date for registration of certain practitioners of osteopathy, 1508.
House Bill No. 515 regulating number and compensation of officers and employes in Department of Public Grounds and Buildings 1842.
House Bill No. 802 providing for publication of Legislative Journal and Journals of Senate and House of Representatives, 2194.
House Bill No. 842, for safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings in cities of third class, in boroughs and in townships by providing proper exits, fire escapes and other preventives of fire, 2357, 2358.
House Bill No. 871, to regulate practice of midwifery and to provide for licensing and registration of midwives, 2367.

Appointment of, on
Special committee, 3613.
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by
Amending act creating Department of Public Printing and Binding, 416.

KEISTER, DANIEL L.—Continued.
Amending act relating to publication of public documents by providing for increase in number of copies of report of Highway Commission, 1401.
Authorizing eight hundred additional copies of Smull's Legislative Hand Book, 1082.
Authorizing pensioning of deserving superannuated employes of certain institutions, 361.
Authorizing printing of 25,000 copies of Bulletin No. 152 issued by Department of Agriculture, 1168.
Authorizing refund to John Heathcote for fee for notary public commission issued to E. H. Kratzer of Coatesville, 717.
Authorizing Robert Stewart, a citizen of Dauphin County, to bring suit against Commonwealth, 846.
Making appropriation to Board of Public Charities for payment of services of architects and engineers, 361.
Making appropriation to Colored Day Nursery of Harrisburg, 689.
Making appropriation to Culpeper Virginia Monument Commission for eagle to be placed on monument and for necessary dedication expenses, 1048.
Placing control of county jails and prisons in boards of prison inspectors, 361.
Providing for appointment of commission to consider establishing State system of workhouses, 361.
Providing for publishing of proceedings of dedication of Pennsylvania Monument at Salisbury, 415.
Relating to sewage disposal systems in cities, boroughs and other municipalities, 97.
To amend act relating to manufacture and sale of oleomargarine, butterine and other similar products by reducing amount of license fees, 689.
To fix number and compensation of officers and employes of Department of Public Grounds and Buildings, 846.
To regulate pay of election officers at all elections hereafter held in this Commonwealth, 637.
To regulate practice of midwifery, 777.

Bills reported by

No. 19
Repealing portion of act incorporating City of Harrisburg which relates to Paxton Creek, 139.

No. 37
Regulating use of moving picture machines in cities of third class, 145.

No. 67 (Senate Bill No. 151)
Permitting Commonwealth to accept lands in Franklin County with monument marking birthplace of James Buchanan, 199.

No. 198
Relating to containers used in transporting and handling foods, including non-alcoholic drinks, 565.

No. 322 (Senate Bill No. 569)
Providing for sanitary inspection in cities of first class of all houses and other buildings occupied as dwellings, 734.

No. 629 (Senate Bill No. 423)
Providing for printing of bulletin No. 123 of Department of Agriculture, relating to chestnut culture, 1341.

No. 697 (Senate Bill No. 1162)
Relating to coroners and the holding of post mortems, 1499.

No. 802 (Senate Bill No. 422)
Relating to publication of Legislative Journal and journals of Senate and House of Representatives, 1758.

No. 809
Supplementary to act to prohibit sale of eggs unfit for food providing for denaturing by kerosene of all eggs unfit for food, 1769.

Election of, 43.

Motion by, in
Reference to time of next meeting, 2057.

Motion by, to
Adjourn, 206
Dispense with further reading of Journal, 313, 1499.
Drop from calendar House Bill No. 536, authorizing refund to John Heathcote for notary public commission fee of E. H. Kratzer of Coatesville, 1510.
Drop from calendar House Bill No. 896, amending act to regulate practice of osteopathy and providing for issuing of certificates for license to practice osteopathy, 3359.
Postpone for present House Bill No. 37, regulating use of moving picture machines in cities of third class, 204.

KEISTER, DANIEL L.—Continued.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 91, providing for security to laborers and material men, 446.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 160, authorizing George A. Miller to bring an action against Commonwealth, 601.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 181, relating to compensation of court criers and tipstaves, 596.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 219, providing for issuing of certificates of election to members of General Assembly, 960.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 235, fixing salaries and expenses of county commissioners in certain counties, 1096.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 1280, providing for extension of Capitol Park in City of Harrisburg, 2992.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 19, repealing portion of act relating to City of Harrisburg which concerns Paxton Creek, 157.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 37, relating to use of moving picture machines in cities of third class 232.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 260, to prohibit use of alum and alum compounds in filtration of water, 778.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 1241, providing for incorporation, regulation and government of cities of third class, 2473.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 102, regulating fees of sheriffs in certain counties, 528.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 219, providing for issuing of certificates of election to members of General Assembly, 960.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 515, to fix number and compensation of officers and employes in Department of Public Grounds and Buildings, 1842.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 842, for safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings in cities of third class, in boroughs and townships by providing proper exits, fire escapes and fire extinguishers, 2357, 2358, 3502.

Report progress on House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 1026.

Require Overseer of Heat and Ventilation to make certain changes in ventilation in Hall of House, 316.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Dauphin County for amendments to Oleomargarine Laws, 920, 1457.

Cornplanter Tribe No. 60, I. O. R. M., Dauphin County, for appropriation to Harrisburg Polyclinic Hospital, 1669.

Harrisburg Camp, Modern Woodmen, and West End Republican Club for appropriation to Harrisburg Polyclinic Hospital, 1779.

Harrisburg Republican Club for appropriation to Harrisburg Polyclinic Hospital, 1609.

Independent Order of Americans of Dauphin County against school code, 1115.

Point of order raised by, on

Appeal from decision of Chair on motion regarding resolution on direct vote for United States Senator, 180.

House Bill No. 831, to regulate and improve civil service of Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, 2186.

Question of privilege raised by, on

Resolution in reference to ventilation of Hall of House, 316.

Remarks by, on

Concurrent resolution relative to draping Barnard statuary, 370, 371.

House Bill No. 37, regulating use of moving picture machines in cities of third class, 194.

House Bill No. 312, to establish a public school system, 968, 2026.

House Bill No. 448, empowering Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings to rent offices outside of Capitol Building when necessary, 2228, 2229.

House Bill No. 487, amending act relating to manufacture and sale of oleomargarine and butterine by reducing amount of license fees, 2322.

House Bill No. 515, fixing number and compensation of officers and employes in Department of Public Grounds and Buildings, 1940, 1941.

House Bill No. 584, authorizing publication of report of late Doctor Leonard Pearson relative to foot and mouth disease among cattle in Pennsylvania, 2255.

House Bill No. 692, regulating pay of election officers, 2307.

House Bill No. 889, amending act providing for incorporation and government of cities of third class, 3358.

KEISTER, DANIEL L.—Continued.

Resolutions, concurrent, offered by, in reference to

Limiting number of appropriation laws to be printed, 3497.

Printing 10,000 additional copies of School Code, 3029.

Resolutions offered by, in reference to

Correction of ventilating system, 99.

Granting leave of absence to pages of House of Representatives 2085.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

KELLEY, JOSEPH, Representative from Mifflin County,

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 99.

Bill introduced by

Making appropriation to Lewistown Hospital, 134.

Bills reported by

No. 1017 (Senate Bill No. 947)

Making an appropriation to the Lewistown Hospital of Lewstown, 2238.

No. 1018 (Senate Bill No. 948)

Making an appropriation to the Nason Hospital Association at Roaring Spring, Blair County, 2238.

No. 1019 (Senate Bill No. 949)

Making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Danville, 2238.

No. 1020 (Senate Bill No. 950)

Making an appropriation to the Butler County General Hospital at Butler, 2238.

No. 1021 (Senate Bill No. 951)

Making an appropriation to the Latrobe Hospital, Latrobe, 2238.

No. 1022 (Senate Bill No. 952)

Making an appropriation to the Trustees of the Cottage State Hospital at Connellsville, Fayette County, 2238.

Election of, 44.

Motion by, to

Adjourn, 1339, 1933.

Petition presented by, from

Citizens of Mifflin County against excise commission bill and Kline bill, 2015.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

KELLY, J. J., Inspector of Steam Engines and Boilers, nominated, 23.

KELLY, M. CLYDE, Representative from Tenth District, (Allegheny County),

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84.

Bills introduced by

Joint resoluton for investigation of statements as to misgovernment of affairs of Philadelphia and Pittsburg, 1082.

Joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution granting to people right in Initiative and Referendum, 362.

To provide for Initiative and Referendum system of legislation under certain conditions in all cities and boroughs, 94.

To repeal act relating to mercantile license tax, 104.

Bill reported by

No. 672

To repeal section six of act to provide for health and safety of minors in certain employments and regulating ages at which minors may be employed, 1469.

Election of, 42.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 2324.

Adopt the negative recommendation of Election Committee on resolution in regard to direct vote for United States Senator, 176.

Have printed and placed upon desks of members copies of resolution pertaining to direct vote for United States Senator, 211.

Place House Bill No. 545, repealing act imposing mercantile license tax on venders of or dealers in merchandise, on calendar, 1239.

Suspend rule 41, so as to allow immediate consideration on resolution pertaining to direct vote for United States Senator, 211.

KELLY, M. CLYDE—Continued.

Nomination of candidates for Speaker of the House seconded by, 49.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Allegheny County against commission form of government, 687.

Citizens of Allegheny County, for Bible to be read in public schools, 414, 565, 714, 733, 845.

Citizens of Allegheny County, for passage of mercantile tax repeal, 589, 714.

Citizens of Allegheny County for passage of School Code, 687.

Citizens of McDonald, for passage of mercantile tax repeal, 809.

Merchants and dealers of Philadelphia for repeal of mercantile tax law, 733.

Citizens of Philadelphia and Allegheny Counties for Initiative and Referendum, 1499.

Citizens of Philadelphia for repeal of Mercantile Tax Law, 775.

Citizens of Tenth District, Allegheny County, for passage of mercantile tax repeal, 389.

Citizens of Trevorton, for passage of mercantile tax repeal, 809.

United Mine Workers for Initiative and Referendum, 1609.

Wyano Local, United Mine Workers of Initiative and Referendum, 1357.

Point of information raised by

Relative to resolution in regard to direct vote for United States Senator, 176.

Question of personal privilege raised by, on

House Bill No. 758, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania granting to people right of Initiative and Referendum, 3028.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 112, to further regulate granting of licenses for sale of liquors, 484, 485.

House Bill No. 545, repealing act imposing mercantile license tax on venders of or dealers in merchandise, 1403, 1404, 1405, 1406.

House Bill No. 653, to repeal so far as it relates to townships of Pine, Harrison, North Versailles, North Fayette and South Fayette act to allow voters to decide for or against issuing of licenses for sale of liquors in certain townships in Allegheny County, 1955, 1956.

House Bill No. 758, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania granting to people right of Initiative and Referendum, 3027, 3028.

Resolution regarding the election of United States Senators by direct vote, 363, 364.

Resolutions offered by, in reference to

Appointing Committee to investigate certain charges regarding employes of House of Representatives, 2474.

Discharging Committee on Elections from further consideration of resolution relating to direct vote for United States Senator, 157.

Urging Congress to adopt Joint Resolution in regard to direct vote for United States Senator, 99.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

KELSEY, OLIVER S., Representative from Clinton County,

Appointment of, on

Conference committee, 322.

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85, 434.

Bills introduced by

Amending act relating to judicial districts by designating what counties shall compose Twenty-fifth and Fifty-fifth Judicial Districts, 391.

Amending section one of act establishing Department of Forestry, 111.

Authorizing Department of Forestry to grant rights of way through State lands, 1082.

Enabling certain tax collectors to collect taxes for which they have become personally liable, 141.

Making appropriation for building and laboratories for milling and testing grain and grain products, 302.

Making appropriation to Central Normal School Association of Clinton County, 416.

Making appropriation to Lock Haven Hospital, 154.

Making appropriation to Renovo Hospital, 302.

Making appropriation to Renovo Hospital 846.

Providing for expenses of maintaining prisoners committed to county prisons on charge of violation of ordinances, 315.

To repeal act to prohibit issuing of licenses in Freeport, Armstrong County, or within two miles of same, 846.

To require township authorities to improve and maintain certain private roads and lanes, 2023.

KELSEY, OLIVER S.—Continued.

Bills reported by

No. 448 (Senate Bill No. 791)
Authorizing Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings to rent offices outside of Capitol Building, 1026.

No. 536 (Senate Bill No. 344)
Authorizing refund to John Heathcote, 1212.

No. 698
Defining uses State parks and authorizing appointment of State Park Commission, 1499.

No. 1176 (Senate Bill No. 1095)
Making appropriation for maintenance and for purchase and equipment of building at Renovo Hospital, 2243.

No. 1177 (Senate Bill No. 1096)
Making appropriation to Lock Haven Hospital, 2243.

No. 1178 (Senate Bill No. 1097)
Making appropriation to Greenville Hospital, 2243.

No. 1179 (Senate Bill No. 1098)
Making appropriation to Uniontown Hospital, 2243.

No. 1180 (Senate Bill No. 1099)
Making appropriation to Robert Packer Hospital, 2243.

No. 1181 (Senate Bill No. 1100)
Making appropriation to Providence Hospital of Beaver Falls, 2243.

No. 1182 (Senate Bill No. 1101)
Making appropriation to Shenango Valley Hospital of New Castle, 2243.

Election of, 43.

Leave of absence asked for, 1500.

Motions by, in reference to

Non-concurrence in Senate amendments to House Bill No. 61, providing for additional officers and employes, 322.

Time of next meeting, 73.

Motions by, to

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Postpone for present House Bill No. 145, for safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings in boroughs, 571.

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No. 539 (House Bill No. 275)
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No. 541 (House Bill No. 175)
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No. 543 (House Bill No. 898)
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No. 544 (House Bill No. 1272)
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No. 641 (House Bill No. 1259)
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No. 642 (House Bill No. 257)
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No. 643 (House Bill No. 435)
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No. 652 (House Bill No. 1258)
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Fixing fees and compensation of sheriffs for removal and conveying of prisoners to penitentiary, or reformatory or any insane person or habitual drunkard to hospital or asylum for same, 3120.

No. 1195 (House Bill No. 733)
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No. 1196 (House Bill No. 726)
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Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 715, amending act fixing salaries of tipstaves in courts of certain counties by changing limit of population of such counties, 2544.

Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 773, repealing so far as it relates to borough of West Newton, Westmoreland County, act to prohibit issuing of licenses in certain boroughs, 2897.

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Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 106, providing for election of additional clerks and assistant sergeants-at-arms of House of Representatives, 250.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 270, regulating appeals from tax settlements of fiscal officers, 1588.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 536, regulating reports for purposes of taxation by corporations any part of capital stock or indebtedness of which is not taxable under laws of this State, 1723.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 542, providing for licensing and regulation in cities of first class of all dramatic performances, 1607.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 605, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania, 1915.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 610, amending act relating to damages for injuries producing death so as to provide that certain surviving relatives may recover damages whether they be citizens of this Commonwealth or not, 1916.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 713, empowering cities and boroughs to enact ordinances regarding mining of coal beneath their surfaces, 2456.

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Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 841, regulating practice of midwifery and providing for licensing and registration of midwives, 2888.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 849, making appropriation to Pittston Hospital Associations, 2904.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 851, making appropriation to Children's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia, 2904.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 854, making appropriation to Eastern State Penitentiary, 2904.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 866, making appropriation to Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial Commission for balance due for transportation, 2905.

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Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 872, making appropriation to Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial Commission for ten bronze statues of President Lincoln, Governor Curtin and of certain Major Generals and to complete monument, 2905.

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Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 1002, making appropriation to Reading Hospital, 2914.

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Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 1015, making appropriation to Saint Vincent's Orphans' Asylum of Tacony, 2915.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 1030, making appropriation to Trustees of State Hospital for Injured Persons at Blossburg, 2916.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 1039, making appropriation to Saint Joseph's Protectory, Norristown, 2917.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 1040, making appropriation to State Hospital for Insane at Norristown, 2917.

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Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 1042, making appropriation for payment of services and expenses of fire wardens and those engaged in extinguishing forest fires, 2917.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 1046, making appropriation for annual fixed charge for road purposes on lands held for forest reserves, 2918.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 1067, making appropriation to Eye and Ear Hospital of Pittsburg, 2919.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 1070, making appropriation to Resolia Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital of City of Pittsburg, 2919.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 1097, making appropriation to Greenville Hospital, 2921.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 1101, making appropriation to Shenango Valley Hospital of New Castle, 2921.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 1105, making appropriation to American Hospital for Diseases of the Stomach of Philadelphia, 2922.

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Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 1119, making appropriation to Hamot Hospital Association of City of Erie, 2923.

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Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 1128, making appropriation to Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon, 2923.

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Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 1138, making appropriation to Grove City Hospital, 2924.

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Brotherhood of Andrew and Philip and other members of congregation of Grace Reformed Church, Philadelphia, against excise commission bill and brewers' and distillers' license bill, 1853.

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Adjournment of Senate until May first, 1705.

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Appointment of all committees of Senate by President pro tempore, 5.

Discharge of all Senate standing committees, 3541.

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Election of Secretary of the Senate and other employees, 455.

Resolution, concurrent, reported by

Providing for appointment of commission to investigate different systems of recording deeds, mortgages and insurance of titles now in effect in the several States, 1999.

Providing for appointment of committee to co-operate with National Committee for celebration of centennial of treaty of Ghent, 2005.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 71.

KILLING OF DEER, bills relating to (see deer).

KILLING SQUIRREL, hare or rabbit to protect trees or crops, bill to amend act for protection of game by further regulating evidence of (see game).

KINNEY, EUGENE, Representative from Monroe County,

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 462, supplement to act to increase pay of jurors and witnesses in this Commiswealth, 1752.

House Bill No. 514, amending act to provide for consolidation of boroughs so as to allow town council to select annually borough treasurer and borough secretary, 1791.

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Special committees, 72.

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Making appropriation to Monroe County Hospital at Stroudsburg, 96.

Making appropriation to State Normal School of Fourth District located at East Stroudsburg, 1083.

Providing for election and term of certain borough officers, 156.

Providing for payment of wages every two weeks, 124.

Providing that no person shall be eligible to office of district attorney or assistant district attorney who has not been admitted to practice in Supreme and Superior Courts of State, 1082.

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Supplement to act to increase pay of jurors and witnesses in this Commonwealth by making one general per diem rate, 210.
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Nomination of candidate for Speaker by, 48.
Petition presented by, from
Citizens of Monroe County, against resident hunters' license law, 278.
Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

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Confirmed, 120.

KITTANNING GENERAL HOSPITAL, making appropriation to
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KITTANNING GENERAL HOSPITAL, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1238
Read in place in House by Mr. R. P. Hunter, 171.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 171.
Reported with amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2343.
Second reading, 2437.
Third reading and final passage, 2828.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3479.
In Senate (No. 1153)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2664.
Reported without amendment, 2691.
First reading, 2715.
Second reading, 2925.
Third reading and final passage, 3112.
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KLEPPINGER, Health Officer of Alliance, Northampton County, for services rendered in Northampton and Lehigh Counties for disinfecting on account of smallpox, making appropriation to reimburse T. A.
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No. 895 (House No. 965)

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No. 896 (House No. 966)

Making an appropriation to pay for the care treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane in the State and semi-State hospitals for the insane of the Commonwealth for the two years ending May 31, 1913, 2684.

No. 897 (House No. 967)

Making an appropriation to pay for the care, treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane in county and local institutions of the Commonwealth for the two years ending May 31, 1913, 2684.

No. 898 (House No. 968)

Making an appropriation to cover the deficiencies incurred in the care treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane of the Commonwealth during the two years commencing June 1, 1909, and ending May 31, 1911, 2684.

No. 899 (House No. 969)

Making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Memorial Home at Brookville, Jefferson County, 2684.

No. 900 (House No. 970)

Making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Epileptic Hospital and Colony Farm, Chester County, 2684.

No. 901 (House No. 971)

Making an appropriation to the Beaver Valley General Hospital at New Brighton, Beaver County, 2684.

No. 902 (House No. 972)

Making an appropriation to the Rochester General Hospital at Rochester, Beaver County, 2684.

No. 903 (House No. 973)

Making an appropriation to the Beaver County Children's Home Association of New Brighton, Beaver County, 2684.

No. 904 (House No. 974)

Making an appropriation to the Sewickley Fresh Air Home in Beaver County, 2684.

No. 905 (House No. 975)

Making an appropriation to the Passavant Memorial Homes for the Care of Epileptics at Rochester, Beaver County, 2684..

No. 906 (House No. 976)

Making an appropriation to the Adrian Hospital Association of Punxsutawney, Jefferson County, 2684.

No. 907 (House No. 977)

Making an appropriation to the National Farm School at Doylestown, 2684.

No. 908 (House No. 978)

Making an appropriation to Saint Christopher's Hospital for Children at Philadelphia, 2684.

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No. 909 (House No. 979)

Making an appropriation to the Women's Homeopathic Association of Pennsylvania, 2684.

No. 910 (House No. 980)

Making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Infants, 2684.

No. 911 (House No. 981)

Making an appropriation to the Home for Aged Couples of the City of Philadelphia, 2684.

No. 912 (House No. 982)

Making an appropriation to the Mount Sinai Hospital of Philadelphia, 2684.

No. 913 (House No. 983)

Making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Museums, 2684.

No. 914 (House No. 984)

Providing for the erection by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania of a statue in memory of General George Gordon Meade in the City of Washington and making an appropriation therefor, 2684.

No. 915 (House No. 985)

Making an appropriation to the Roosevelt Hospital of Philadelphia, 2684, 2929.

No. 916 (House No. 986)

Making an appropriation to the Howard Hospital of Philadelphia, 2684.

No. 917 (House No. 987)

Making an appropriation to the Mount Pleasant Memorial Hospital, Mount Pleasant, Westmoreland County, 2684, 2685.

No. 918 (House No. 988)

Making an appropriation to the Homestead Hospital Association of Homestead, 2685.

No. 919 (House No. 989)

Making an appropriation to the Joseph Ratti Hospital, located at Bloomsburg, 2685.

No. 920 (House No. 990)

Making an appropriation to the Markleton General Hospital at Markleton, Somerset County, 2685.

No. 921 (House No. 991)

Making an appropriation for the Pennsylvania Oral School for the Deaf, 2685.

No. 922 (House No. 992)

Making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Home and Maternity Hospital of Scranton, Lackawanna County, 2685.

No. 923 (House No. 993)

Making an appropriation to the Carbondale Hospital Association of the City of Carbondale, 2685.

No. 924 (House No. 994)

Making an appropriation for the Associated Charities and Human Society of Lackawanna County, 2685.

No. 925 (House No. 995)

Making an appropriation to the West Mountain Sanatorium of Scranton, 2685.

No. 926 (House No. 996)

Making an appropriation to the Florence Crittendon Mission of Scranton, 2685.

No. 927 (House No. 997)

Making an appropriation to the Hahneman Hospital of Scranton, 2685.

No. 928 (House No. 998)

Making an appropriation to the Taylor Hospital Association, 2685.

No. 929 (House No. 999)

Making an appropriation to the Mid-Valley Hospital, 2685.

No. 930 (House No. 1000)

Making an appropriation to the Benevolent Association's Home for Children of Pottsville, Schuylkill County, 2685.

No. 931 (House No. 1001)

Making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, 2685.

No. 932 (House No. 1002)

Making an appropriation to the Elk County General Hospital of Ridgway, 2685.

No. 933 (House No. 1003)

Making an appropriation to the Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic Home Department of Pennsylvania at Hawkins Station, Allegheny County, 2685.

KLINE, CHARLES H.—Continued.

No. 934 (House No. 1004)

Making an appropriation to the Suburban General Hospital of Bellevue, Allegheny County, 2685.

No. 935 (House No. 1005)

Making an appropriation to the Allegheny General Hospital of Pittsburg, North Side, 2685.

No. 936 (House No. 1006)

Making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Western Pennsylvania, 2685.

No. 937 (House No. 1007)

Making an appropriation to the Curtis Home for Destitute Women and Children of the City of Pittsburg, 2685.

No. 938 (House No. 1008)

Making an appropriation to the Columbia Hospital Wilkinsburg to be applied to maintenance and improvements, 2685.

No. 939 (House No. 1009)

Making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital at Wilkes-Barre, 2685.

No. 940 (House No. 1010)

Making an appropriation to the Florence Crittendon Circle of Wilkes-Barre, 2685.

No. 941 (House No. 1011)

To provide for the publishing of the proceedings of the dedication of the Pennsylvania Monument at Cold Harbor, Virginia, erected under an act of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, June 13, 1907, providing for the distribution and clerical work thereof and making an appropriation therefor, 2685.

No. 942 (House No. 1012)

Making an appropriation to the Girls' Training School. one hundred and thirty-one, East Third Street, Williamsport, Lycoming County, 2685.

No. 943 (House No. 1013)

Making an appropriation to the Boys' Industrial Home at Williamsport, Lycoming County, 2685.

No. 944 (House No. 1014)

Making an appropriation to the Aged Colored Women's Home at Williamsport, Lycoming County, 2685.

No. 945 (House No. 1015)

Making an appropriation to the Florence Crittendon Mission of Williamsport, Lycoming County, 2685.

No. 946 (House No. 1016)

Making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless of the City of Williamsport, 2685.

No. 947 (House No. 1017)

Making an appropriation to the Lewistown Hospital of Lewistown, 2685.

No. 948 (House No. 1018)

Making an appropriation to the Nason Hospital Association of Roaring Spring, Blair County, 2685, 2929.

No. 949 (House No. 1019)

Making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Danville, 2685.

No. 950 (House No. 1020)

Making an appropriation to the Butler County General Hospital at Butler, 2685.

No. 951 (House No. 1021)

Making an appropriation to the Latrobe Hospital, Latrobe, 2685.

No. 952 (House No. 1022)

Making an appropriation to the Trustees of the Cottage State Hospital at Connellsville, Fayette County, 2685.

No. 953 (House No. 1023)

Making an appropriation to Saint Joseph's Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburg, 2685.

No. 954 (House No. 1024)

Making an appropriation to the Historical Society of Western Pennsylvania, 2685.

No. 955 (House No. 1025)

Making an appropriation to the Saint Francis Hospital of Pittsburg, 2685.

No. 956 (House No. 1026)

Making an appropriation to the Presbyterian Hospital of Pittsburg, 2685.

KLINE, CHARLES H.—Continued.

No. 957 (House No. 1027)

Making an appropriation for the Dixmont Hospital for the Insane at Dixmont in the County of Allegheny, 2686.

No. 958 (House No. 1029)

Making an appropriation to the Pittsburg, Home for Babies of Pittsburg, 2686.

No. 959 (House No. 1030)

Making an appropriation to the Institution of Protestant Deaconesses of Allegheny County, 2686.

No. 960 (House No. 1031)

Making an appropriation to the Chartiers Valley General Hospital of Ingram, 2686.

No. 961 (House No. 1032)

Making an appropriation to the Montefiore Hospital Association of Pittsburg, 2686.

No. 962 (House No. 1033)

Making an appropriation to the Home of the Good Shepherd of the County of Allegheny, Troy Hill, 2686.

No. 963 (House No. 1034)

Making an appropriation to the Industrial Home for Colored Working Girls, Pittsburg, 2686.

No. 964 (House No. 1035)

Making an appropriation to the German Home for Aged at Fair Oaks, Allegheny County, 2686.

No. 965 (House No. 1036)

Making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital of Pittsburg, 2686.

No. 966 (House No. 1037)

Making an appropriation to the Orphans' Asylum of the Holy Family, located at Emsworth in the County of Allegheny, 2686.

No. 967 (House No. 1038)

Making an appropriation to the Protestant Home for Boys of Pittsburg, 2686.

No. 968 (House No. 1039)

Making an appropriation to Avery College Trade School of North Side, Pittsburg, 2686.

No. 969 (House No. 1040)

Making an appropriation to the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania located at Wernersville Pennsylvania, to pay for the care, treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane in said asylum for the two years ending May thirty-first one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, 2686.

No. 970 (House No. 1041)

Making an appropriation to the Home for Widows and Single Women of Lebanon and Lebanon County, 2686.

No. 971 (House No. 1042.)

Making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburg, 2686.

No. 972 (House No. 1043)

Making an appropriation to the State Forestry Academy at Mont Alto, Franklin County, 2686.

No. 973 (House No. 1044)

Making an appropriation to the Todd Hospital at Carlisle, 2686.

No. 974 (House No. 1045)

Making an appropriation to the board of trustees of the Pennsylvania Soldiers and Sailors' Home at Erie, 2686.

No. 975 (House No. 1046)

Providing for the refunding of fees paid into the State Treasury by applicants for a notary public commission when for any cause such commission shall not be received by the applicant and making appropriation therefor, 2686.

No. 976 (House No. 1047)

Making an appropriation to the New Castle Hospital at New Castle, Lawrence County, 2686, 2929.

No. 977 (House No. 1049)

Making an appropriation to the Panther Creek Valley Hospital, Coaldale, Schuylkill County, 2686.

No. 978 (House No. 1051)

Making an appropriation to the Medico-Chirurgical Hospital of Philadelphia, 2686.

KLINE, CHARLES H.—Continued.

No. 979 (House No. 1052)
Making an appropriation for the House of the Good Shepherd of Philadelphia, situate at Thirty-fifth and Fairmount avenue, 2686.

No. 980 (House No. 1053)
Making an appropriation to the Woman's Hospital of Philadelphia, 2686.

No. 981 (House No. 1054)
Making an appropriation to the Hebrew Sheltering Home and Day Nursery for Children in the County of Philadelphia, 2686.

No. 982 (House No. 1055)
Supplementary to an act for the compilation and publication of the laws of the Province and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania prior to the year one thousand eight hundered, continuing the commissioners appointed in accordance with the provisions of said act for the further period of two years, 2686.

No. 983 (House No. 1056)
Making an appropriation to the Western Temporary Home of Philadelphia, 2686.

No. 984 (House No. 1057)
Making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Home for Incurables, Philadelphia, 2686.

No. 985 (House No. 1058)
Making an appropriation to the Midnight Mission of Philadelphia, 2686, 2929.

No. 986 (House No. 1059)
Making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Orthopaedic Hospital and Infirmary for Nervous diseases, 2686.

No. 987 (House No. 1060)
Making an appropriation to the Wills Eye Hospital of Philadelphia, 2686.

No. 988 (House No. 1061)
Making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Protectory for Boys Protectory Station, Montgomery County, 2686.

No. 989 (House No. 1063)
Making an appropriation to the Saint John's Orphan Asylum, Philadelphia, 2686.

No. 990 (House No. 1065)
Making an appropriation to the Hospital Department of the Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital of Philadelphia, 2686, 2929.

No. 991 (House No. 1066)
Making an appropriation to the Lying-in-Charity Hospital, Philadelphia, 2686.

No. 992 (House No. 1067)
Making an appropriation to the Home for the Aged one thousand eight hundred and nine (1809) Mount Vernon Street, Philadelphia, 2686.

No. 993 (House No. 1068)
Making an appropriation to the Chester Hospital at Chester, 2686.

No. 994 (House No. 1069)
Making an appropriation to the Downingtown Industrial and Agricultural School of Downingtown, Chester County, 2687, 2929.

No. 995 (House No. 1070)
Refunding to Margaret F. D. Leiper moneys mistakenly paid by her into the State Treasury, 2687.

No. 996 (House No. 1072)
Making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania at South Mountain, 2687.

No. 997 (House No. 1073)
Making an appropriation to the House of the Good Shepherd in the City of Reading, 2687.

No. 998 (House No. 1074)
Making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Hospital in the City of Reading, 2687.

No. 999 (House No. 1075)
Making an appropriation to the Beulah Anchorage of Reading, Reading, 2687.

No. 1000 (House No. 1076)
Making an appropriation to the Home for Friendless Children in the City of Reading, 2687.

No. 1001 (House No. 1077)
Making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital of Reading, 2687.

KLINE, CHARLES H.—Continued.

No. 1002 (House No. 1078)
Making an appropriation to the Reading Hospital in the City of Reading, 2687.

No. 1003 (House No. 1079)
Making an appropriation to the Berks County Tuberculosis Society for the erection of an additional hospital building and water plant on its grounds on Neversink mountain, Berks County, and for maintenance of its sanatorium there, 2687.

No. 1004 (House No. 1080)
Making an appropriation to the York Hospital and Dispensary of York City, 2687.

No. 1005 (House No. 1081)
Making an appropriation to the York Society to Protect Children and Aged Persons formerly the Christian Home of York, 2687.

No. 1006 (House No. 1082)
Making an appropriation for the providing and erection of armories throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the use of the National Guard of Pennsylvania, 2687.

No. 1007 (House No. 1083)
Making an appropriation to the Paradise Protectory and Agriculture School at Paradise, York County, 2687.

No. 1008 (House No. 1084)
Making an appropriation to the Children's Home of the City of York, 2687.

No. 1009 (House No. 1085)
To provide for the payment of appropriations heretofore made or hereafter to be made by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to a corporation or corporations now or hereafter merged or consolidated, 2687.

No. 1010 (House No. 1086)
Making an appropriation to the Bradford Hospital, of the City of Bradford, 2687.

No. 1011 (House No. 1087)
To amend act making an appropriation for the purpose of continuing and maintaining schools among the Cornplanter Indians of Warren County, by increasing the annual appropriation, 2687.

No. 1012 (House No. 1088)
Making an appropriation of two hundred dollars per year for a period of two years for the purpose of maintaining a public road through the Cornplanter Indian Reservation and the bridges on said road in Elk Township, Warren County, 2687.

No. 1013 (House No. 1089)
Making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Warren, 2687.

No. 1014 (House No. 1090)
Making an appropriation to the Warren Emergency Hospital of Warren, 2687.

No. 1015 (House No. 1091)
Making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Orphans' Asylum of Tacony, Philadelphia, 2687.

No. 1016 (House No. 1092)
Making an appropriation to the Berean Manual Training and Industrial School, 2687.

No. 1017 (House No. 1093)
Making an appropriation to the Northern Home for Friendless Children of Philadelphia, 2687.

No. 1018 (House No. 1094)
Making an appropriation to the West Philadelphia General Homeopathic Hospital and Dispensary, 2687.

No. 1019 (House No. 1095)
Making an appropriation to the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia for the maintenance of its hospital department and the construction of a building to provide for the maternity department of that hospital, 2687.

No. 1020 (House No. 1096)
Making an appropriation to the Johnstown City Hospital, 2687.

No. 1021 (House No. 1097)
Making an appropriation to the Conemaugh Valley Memorial Hospital at the City of Johnstown, 2687.

No. 1022 (House No. 1098)
Making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital of Johnstown located in the City of Johnstown, Cambria County, 2687.

KLINE, CHARLES H.—Continued.

No. 1023 (House No. 1099)
Making an appropriation to the Christian Home of Johnstown, 2687.

No. 1024 (House No. 1100)
Making an appropriation to the Saint Luke's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia, 2687.

No. 1025 (House No. 1101)
Making an appropriation for the Thaddeus Stevens Industrial School of Pennsylvania at Lancaster, 2687.

No. 1026 (House No. 1102)
Making an appropriation to the Home for Friendless Children for the city and county of Lancaster, 2687, 2688.

No. 1027 (House No. 1103)
Making an appropriation to the Lancaster General Hospital, 2688.

No. 1028 (House No. 1104)
Making an appropriation to the Eastern Hospital at Easton, 2688.

No. 1029 (House No. 1105)
Making an appropriation to the Berwick Hospital, Berwick, Columbia County, 2688.

No. 1030 (House No. 1106)
Making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions of Pennsylvania located at Blossburg, Tioga County, 2688.

No. 1031 (House No. 1107)
Making an appropriation to the United Zion Home and Hospital, Lititz, Lancaster County, 2688.

No. 1032 (House No. 1108)
Making an appropriation to the Topograhpic and Geological Survey Commission of Pennsylvania, 2688.

No. 1033 (House No. 1109)
To provide for the making of facsimiles of ancient documents papers seals and arms belonging to the Commonwealth and making an appropriation therefor, 2688.

No. 1034 (House No. 1110)
Making an appropriation to the Department of Forestry to be used in rebuilding the dam of Promised Land Pond in Pike County, 2688.

No. 1035 (House No. 1111)
Making an appropriation to the Columbia Hospital Located at Columbia, Lancaster County, 2688.

No. 1036 (House No. 1112)
Making an appropriation to the Bellefonte Hospital at Bellefonte, 2688.

No. 1037 (House No. 1114)
Making an appropriation to the Williamsport Hospital of the city of Williamsport, 2688.

No. 1038 (House No. 1115)
Making an appropriation to Charity Hospital of Montgomery County, located at Norristown, 2688.

No. 1039 (House No. 1116)
Making an appropriation to Saint Joseph's Protectory, Norristown, 2688.

No. 1040 (House No. 1117)
Making an appropriation to the State Hospital for the Insane for the Southeastern District of Pennsylvania, at Norristown, 2688.

No. 1041 (House No. 1118)
Making an appropriation for the payment of the annual fixed charges for school purposes on lands held for forest reserve, 2688.

No. 1042 (House No. 1119)
Making an appropriation for the payment of services and expenses of fire wardens and those assisting in extinguishing of forest fires, 2688.

No. 1043 (House No. 1120)
Making an apppropriation to the Pottstown Hospital, Pottstown, Montgomery county, 2688.

No. 1044 (House No. 1121)
Making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Industrial School formerly located at Paoli, Chester county, and now located at Eagleville, Montgomery county, 2688.

No. 1045 (House No. 1122)
Making an appropriation for the purchase of lands by the Department of Forestry to be set aside and held as State Forest Reserves, 2688.

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No. 1046 (House No. 1123)
Making an appropriation for the payment of the annual fixed charge for road purposes on lands held for forest reserves, 2688.

No. 1047 (House No. 1124)
Making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital, 2688.

No. 1048 (House No. 1125)
Making an appropriation to the Colored Women's Relief Association of Western Pennsylvania for the purpose of maintaining the Davis Temporary Home for Colored Children and Day Nursery, located at Pittsburg, for the two fiscal years beginning June 1, 1911, 2688.

No. 1049 (House No. 1126)
Making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital for maintenance, 2688.

No. 1050 (House No. 1127)
Making an appropriation to enable the Secretary of Internal Affairs to purchase from the United States government standard tests of weights and measures for use of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, 2688.

No. 1051 (House No. 1128)
Making an appropriation to the General and Emergency Hospital of Pittsburg, 2688.

No. 1052 (House No. 1130)
Making an appropriation to the Visiting Nurse Association, located in North Side, city of Pittsburg, Allegheny county, 2688.

No. 1053 (House No. 1131)
Making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Humane Society, 2688.

No. 1054 (House No. 1132)
Making an appropriation to the Allegheny Valley Hospital at Tarentum, Allegheny county, 2688.

No. 1055 (House No. 1134)
Making an appropriation to the Ohio Valley General Hospital, McKees Rocks, Allegheny county, 2688.

No. 1056 (House No. 1135)
Making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Fairview, Wayne county, 2688.

No. 1057 (House No. 1136)
Making an appropriation to the South Side Hospital of Pittsburg, 2688.

No. 1058 (House No. 1137)
Making an appropriation to Saint John's General Hospital of Allegheny City, 2688.

No. 1059 (House No. 1138)
Making an appropriation to the Boys' Industrial Home of Western Pennsylvania, located at Oakdale, Allegheny county, 2689.

No. 1060 (House No. 1139)
Making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home and Rescue Mission of Pittsburg, 2689.

No. 1061 (House No. 1140)
Making an appropriation to the Western State Penitentiary, 2689.

No. 1062 (House No. 1142)
Making an appropriation to the Tuberculosis League of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, for maintenance and improvement, 2689.

No. 1063 (House No. 1143)
Making an appropriation to the Children's Hospital of Pittsburg, 2689.

No. 1064 (House No. 1144)
Making an appropriation to the George Junior Republic Association of Western Pennsylvania 2689.

No. 1065 (House No. 1145)
Making an appropriation to the Pittsburg and Allegheny Home for the Friendless, situated in the city of Pittsburg, 2689.

No. 1066 (House No. 1146)
Making an appropriation to the Wood's Run Industrial House of Allegheny, now North Side, Pittsburg, 2689.

No. 1067 (House No. 1147)
Making an appropriation to the Eye and Ear Hospital of Pittsburg, 2689.

KLINE, CHARLES H.—Continued.

No. 1068 (House No. 1148)
Making an appropriation to the Pittsburg Newsboys' Home of Pittsburg, 2689.

No. 1069 (House No. 1149)
Making an appropriation to the St. Joseph's Protectory for Homeless Boys of Pittsburg, 2689.

No. 1070 (House No. 1150)
Making an appropriation to the Roselia Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital of the city of Pittsburg, 2689.

No. 1071 (House No. 1151)
Making an appropriation to the Chambersburg Hospital of Chambersburg, 2689.

No. 1072 (House No. 1152)
Making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Franklin County, 2689.

No. 1073 (House No. 1153)
Making an appropriation for the payment of a deficiency that has arisen under the provisions of an act creating a reward or bounty for the destruction of certain noxious animals, 2689.

No. 1074 (House No. 1154)
Making an appropriation to defray the expenses incident to the dedication of the monument now being erected under the provisions of an act of Assembly approved May 13, 1909, in the National Cemetery at Culpeper, Virginia, to the memory of the Pennsylvania soldiers buried therein, 2689.

No. 1075 (House No. 1155)
Making an appropriation to Wyoming Valley Hospital, 2689.

No. 1076 (House No. 1156)
Making an appropriation to the Children's Home of South Bethlehem, 2689.

No. 1077 (House No. 1157)
Making an appropriation to the Home for Aged and Infirm Women at Easton, 2689.

No. 1078 (House No. 1158)
Making an appropriation to the Easton Home for Friendless Children, 2689.

No. 1079 (House No. 1159)
Making an appropriation to the Allentown Hospital, Allentown, Lehigh county, 2689.

No. 1080 (House No. 1160)
Making an appropriation to the St. Luke's Hospital, located at South Bethlehem, 2689.

No. 1081 (House No. 1161)
Making an appropriation for the Hospital Department of the Jewish Hospital Association of Philadelphia, 2689.

No. 1082 (House No. 1162)
Making an appropriation to the Gynecean Hospital in the city of Philadelphia, 2689.

No. 1083 (House No. 1163)
Making an appropriation to the Home of Industry for Discharged Prisoners of the city of Philadelphia and State of Pennsylvania, 2689.

No. 1084 (House No. 1164)
Making an appropriation to the Rosine Hospital of Philadelphia, 2689.

No. 1085 (House No. 1165)
Making an appropriation to reimburse E. C. Rudolph, of Big Run, Pennsylvania, for moneys expended by him in the suppression of a smallpox epidemic at Eleanora, Jefferson county, 2689.

No. 1086 (House No. 1167)
Making an appropriation to the Waynesburg Hospital, 2689.

No. 1087 (House No. 1168)
Making an appropriation to the Meadville City Hospital located at Meadville, Crawford county, 2689.

No. 1088 (House No. 1069)
Making an appropriation to Spencer Hospital, located at Meadville, Crawford county, 2689.

No. 1089 (House No. 1170)
Making an appropriation to the Auxiliary of the Children's Aid Society of Western Pennsylvania, located at Meadville, Crawford county, 2689.

No. 1090 (House No. 1171)
Making an appropriation to the Titusvillle Hospital, located at Titusville, Crawford county, 2689.

KLINE, CHARLES H.—Continued.

No. 1091 (House No. 1172)
A supplement to an act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Hospital for the treatment and care of the criminal insane directing the commissioners for the erection of said State Hospital for the Criminal Insane to surrender their trust to a board of trustees to be appointed by the Governor, 2689.

No. 1092 (House No. 1173)
Making an appropriation to the Commission of the State Hospital for the Criminal Insane at Fairview, Wayne county, 2689.

No. 1093 (House No. 1174)
Making an appropriation to the Corry Hospital of the city of Corry, 2689.

No. 1094 (House No. 1175)
Making an appropriation to the Elmwood Home of Erie, 2689.

No. 1095 (House No. 1176)
Making an appropriation for maintenance and for the purchase, improvement, equipment and furnishing a building at the Renovo Hospital at Renovo, 2690.

No. 1096 (House No. 1177)
Making an appropriation to the Lock Haven Hospital, 2690.

No. 1097 (House No. 1178)
Making an appropriation to the Greenville Hospital, Greenville, Mercer county, 2690.

No. 1098 (House No. 1179)
Making an appropriation to the Uniontown Hospital of Uniontown, Fayette County, 2690.

No. 1099 (House No. 1180)
Making an appropriation to the Robert Packer Hospital, 2690.

No. 1100 (House No. 1181)
Making an appropriation to the Providence Hospital of Beaver Falls, Beaver County, 2690.

No. 1101 (House No. 1182)
Making an appropriation to the Shenango Valley Hospital of New Castle, 2690, 2929.

No. 1102 (House No. 1183)
Making an appropriation to the Saint Timothy's Memorial Hospital and House of Mercy, Roxborough, 2690.

No. 1103 (House No. 1184)
Making an appropriation to the Garrettson Hospital, of Temple University of Philadelphia, 2690.

No. 1104 (House No. 1185)
Making an appropriation to the American Oncologic Hospital at Philadelphia, 2690.

No. 1105 (House No. 1186)
Making an appropriation to the American Hospital for Diseases of the Stomach of Philadelphia, 2690, 2929.

No. 1106 (House No. 1187)
Making an appropriation to the Frederick Douglass Memorial Hospital and Training School of Philadelphia, 2690, 2929.

No. 1107 (House No. 1188)
Making an appropriation to the Rush Hospital for Consumption and Allied Diseases of Philadelphia, 2690.

No. 1108 (House No. 1189)
Making an appropriation to the Woman's Medical College of Pennsylvania for use in the Hospital Department, Philadelphia, 2690.

No. 1109 (House No. 1190)
Making an appropriation to the Industrial Home for Crippled Children at Pittsburg, 2690.

No. 1110 (House No. 1191)
Making an appropriation to the Pittsburg Hospital Sisters of Charity of Pittsburg, 2690, 2929.

No. 1111 (House No. 1192)
Making an appropriation to the Home of the Good Shepherd, Lincoln Avenue, Pittsburg, 2690.

No. 1112 (House No. 1193)
Making an appropriation to the Home for Aged and Infirm Colord Women, Lemington Avenue, Pittsburg, 2690.

No. 1113 (House No. 1194)
Making an appropriation for the Irene Kaufman Settlement of Pittsburg, formerly known as the Columbian School and Settlement of Pittsburg, 2690.

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No. 1114 (House No. 1195)
Making an appropriation to the Sewickley Valley Hospital Association of Sewickley, County of Allegheny, 2690.

No. 1115 House No. 1196)
Making an appropriation to the De Paul Institute of Scott Township, Allegheny County, 2690.

No. 1116 (House No. 1197)
Making an appropriation to the Northwestern Pennsylvania Humane Society of Erie, 2690.

No. 1117 (House No. 1198)
Making an appropriation to the Erie Home for the Friendless of the City of Erie, Erie County, 2690.

No. 1118 (House No. 1199)
Making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home of Erie, 2690.

No. 1119 (House No. 1200)
Making an appropriation to the Hamot Hospital Association of the City of Erie, Erie County, 2690, 2929.

No. 1120 (House No. 1201)
Making an appropriation to the Saint Vincent's Hospital Association of the City of Erie, Erie County, 2690, 2929.

1121 (House No. 1202)
Making an appropriation to the Clearfield Hospital, Clearfield County, 2690.

No. 1122 (House No. 1203)
Making an appropriation to the Canonsburg General Hospital Association of Canonsburg, Washington County, 2690.

No. 1123 (House No. 1204)
Making an appropriation to the J. C. Blair Memorial Hospital of Huntingdon, 2690.

No. 1124 (House No. 1205)
Making an appropriation to the Simon H. Barnes Memorial Hospital of Susquehanna, 2690.

No. 1125 (House No. 1206)
Making an appropriation to reimburse certain counties for moneys paid to county agricultural associations in excess of the State appropriation therefor, 2690.

No. 1126 (House No. 1207)
Making an appropriation to the Maternity Hospital, in the City of Philadelphia, 2690.

No. 1127 (House No. 1208)
Making an appropriation to the Miners' Hospital of Northern Cambria, at Spangler, in Cambria County, 2690.

1128 (House No. 1209)
Making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory at Huntingdon, 2690, 2930.

No. 1129 (House No. 1211)
Making an appropriation to the Home for Aged Veterans and Wives located at Sixty-fifth and Vine Streets in the City of Philadelphia, 2690.

No. 1130 (House No. 1212)
Making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital and School for Nurses in the City of Philadelphia, 2690.

No. 1131 (House No. 1213)
Making an appropriation to the Children's Aid Society of Pennsylvania, 2690.

No. 1132 (House No. 1214)
Making an appropriation to the Monongahela Memorial Hospital Association of Monongahela City, 2690.

No. 1133 (House No. 1215)
Making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Reform School at Morganza, and granting its managers the authority to raze old buildings, 2690, 2930.

No. 1134 (House No. 1217)
Making an appropriation to the Washington Hospital, of Washington, 2691.

No. 1135 (House No. 1218)
Making an appropriation to the City Hospital Association of Washington, 2691.

No. 1136 (House No. 1219)
Making an appropriation to the Altoona Hospital, Altoona, Blair County, 2691.

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No. 1137 (House No. 1220)
Making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons at Mercer, 2691.

No. 1138 (House No. 1221)
Making an appropriation to the Grove City Hospital, at Grove City, 2691, 2930.

No. 1139 (House No. 1222)
Making an appropriation to the Christian H. Buhl, Hospital of Sharon, 2691.

No. 1140 (House No. 1223)
To provide for the selection of sites and the erection of State hospitals thereon for injured persons to be located within the bituminous and semi-bituminous coal regions of this Commonwealth, 2691.

No. 1141 (House No. 1224)
Making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital Altoona, Blair County, 2691.

No. 1142 (House No. 1225)
Making an appropriation to the Pottsville Hospital, Pottsville, Schuylkill County, 2691.

No. 1143 (House No. 1226)
Making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Anthracite Coal Region of Pennsylvania at Fountain Springs near Ashland, Schuylkill County, 2691.

No. 1144 (House No. 1227)
Making an appropriation to the West Side Hospital Association of the City of Scranton, 2691.

No. 1145 (House No. 1228)
Making an appropriation for the Home for the Friendless of the City of Scranton, 2691.

No. 1146 (House No. 1231)
Making an appropriation to the Braddock General Hospital of the Borough of Braddock, 2691.

No. 1147 (House No. 1232)
Making an appropriation to the Grand View Institution of Oil City, 2691.

No. 1148 (House No. 1233)
Making an appropriation to the Franklin City Hospital, 2691.

No. 1149 (House No. 1234)
Making an appropriation to the Oil City Hospital of Oil City, 2691.

No. 1151 (House No. 1235)
Making an appropriation to the State Normal Schools of the Commonwealth, 2691.

No. 1152 (House No. 1236)
Making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania, at Polk, 2691.

No. 1153 (House No. 1238)
Making an appropriation to the Kittanning General Hospital, at Kittanning, Armstrong County, 2691.

No. 1154 (House No. 636)
To protect miners from dangers resulting from incompetent miners working in bituminous coal mines and to provide for examination of persons seeking employment as miners, 2691.

No. 1167 (House No. 590)
Authorizing refund to Fred Muster, Superintendent of Bear Company, Berwick, 3114.

No. 1202 (House No. 1253)
Making an appropriation to the Institute for Colored Youth at Cheyney, Delaware County, 3120.

No. 1203 (House No. 1141)
Making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind at Pittsburg, 3120.

No. 1204 (House No. 1120)
Making an appropriation to the Improvement Children's Home of the City of Pittsburg, 3120.

No. 1205 (House No. 1071)
Making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, 3120, 3181,

No. 1206 (House No. 754)
Fixing the salary of the storekeeper in the office of the Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings, 3120.

KLINE, CHARLES H.—Continued.

No. 1207 (House No. 747)

Providing for the appointment of a commission to survey and ascertain the location of a military route or roads constructed and traversed by General Edward Braddock and General John Forbes in their respective military expeditions of one thousand seven hundred and fifty-five and one thousand seven hundred and fifty-eight, 3120.

No. 1208 (House No. 731)

Prohibiting the making of appropriations by the General Assembly to unincorporated charitable reformatory or correctional institutions formed organized or established after the date of the approval of this act, 3120.

No. 1209 (House No. 1255)

Making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools situate in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth to defray the expenses of erecting an additional cottage and certain other buildings for the accommodation of the girls' department in their country home near Darlington Delaware County, 3120, 3181.

No. 1210 (House No. 1261)

Making an appropriation to the trustees of the University of Pittsburg, 3120.

No. 1211 (House No. 1263)

Making an appropriation to Temple University of Philadelphia, 3121, 3180.

No. 1212 (House No. 1260)

A further supplement to an act to accept the grant of public lands by the United States for the endowment of agricultural colleges and making appropriation for carrying the same into effect, 3121, 3180.

No. 1213 (House No. 1275)

Making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home located at one hundred and thirty-nine Queen street, Germantown, Philadelphia, 3121.

No.1214 (House No. 1284)

Making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Working Home for Blind Men for maintenance in handicraft employment, 3121, 3180.

No. 1215 (House No. 1262)

Making an appropriation to the Trustees of the University of Pennsylvania, 3121.

No. 1216 (House No. 1230)

Making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital of the Northern Anthracite Coal Region of Pennsylvania at Scranton, 3121.

No. 1217 (House No. 1216)

Making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Training School for Feeble-Minded Children at Elwyn, Delaware County, 3121, 3180.

No. 1218 (House No. 1210)

Making an appropriation for maintenance of Mary M. Packer Hospital, Sunbury, 3121.

No. 1219 (House No. 1333)

Making an appropriation to the German Baptist Home for the Aged of Philadelphia, 3121.

No. 1220 (House No. 1324)

Making an appropriation to the Colored Day Nursery of Harrisburg, 3121.

No. 1221 (House No. 1264)

Making an appropriation to finance committee of the organizing commission of the Twelfth International Congress of Navigation to help defray the expenses incident to the meeting of said congress to be held in Philadelphia in June one thousand nine hundred and twelve, 3121.

No. 1222 (House No. 1278)

Making an appropriation to the Sisters of Charity of Saint Catharin's Orphan Asylum of Reading, 3121.

No. 1223 (House No. 1364)

To authorize the purchase of historical works relative to the services of any regiment or battery or other unit of military organization of Pennsylvania Volunteers during the war for the suppression of the Rebellion, 3121.

No. 1224 (House No. 1293)

Making an appropriation for the improvement of the State Canal Basins at the Port of Erie, 3121.

No. 1225 (House No. 1064)

Making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home, Philadelphia, 3121.

No. 1226 (House No. 944)

Making an appropriation to St. Joseph's Hospital of Philadelphia, 3121.

KLINE, CHARLES H.—Continued.

No. 1227 (House No. 1062)

Making an appropriation to the Catholic Home for Destitute Children, Philadelphia, 3121, 3180.

No. 1228 (House No. 1229)

Making an appropriation of twenty-one thousand dollars for the erection of a monument to Robert Morris in the city of Philadelphia, 3121.

No. 1229 (House No. 1113)

Making an appropriation to the Brownsville General Hospital at Brownsville, Fayette County, 3121, 3180.

No. 1230 (House No. 1050)

Making an appropriation to the Glen Mills Schools situate in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth to defray the expenses of erecting a refrigerating plant and the installation of a sewage plant for the boys' department at Glen Mills, Delaware County, 3121, 3180.

No. 1231 (House No. 1210)

Making an appropriation for maintenance of Mary M. Packer Hospital, Sunbury, 3121.

No. 1232 (House No. 1237)

Making an appropriation to the DuBois Hospital of Dubois, Clearfield County, 3121, 3181.

No. 1233 (House No. 1330)

Making an appropriation to the commission for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Hospital for the treatment of the insane under Homeopathic management to be called the Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane, 3121.

No. 1234 (House No. 920)

Making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home and Maternity Hospital, 3121.

No. 1235 (House No. 1238)

Making appropriation to Carroll R. Williams, J. H. Shoemaker and A. Morton Cooper of Philadelphia for services as attorneys for the Dairy and Food Commissioner and to A. K. Cassel of said city for services as special agent of the Dairy and Food Commissioner, 3121.

No. 1236 (House No. 1028)

Making an appropriation to the Salvation Army Rescue and Maternity Home of Bellevue, Allegheny County, 3121.

No. 1237 (House No. 1133)

Making an appropriation for the Springdale General Hospital at Springdale, Allegheny County, 3121.

No. 1238 (House No. 1282)

Making an appropriation to the trustees of the Agricultural Experiment Station of the Pennsylvania State College, 3121.

No. 1239 (House Bill No. 1290)

Making apppropriation to German Hospital of City of Philadelphia, 3122, 3180.

No. 1240 (House Bill No. 860)

Providing for ordinary expenses of Executive, Judicial and Legislative Departments of the Commonwealth, interest on public debt, and support of public schools for two fiscal years beginning June 1, 1911, 3122, 3414.

Election of, 3.

Motion by, for

Senate Bill No. 506, regulating licensing of brewers and distillers, to go over in its order, 1666.

Recess, 1327.

Senate to adhere to its amendments to House Bill No. 663 (Senate Bill No. 763), supplementary to act for government of cities of second class, and appoint conference committee, 3379.

Senate to adhere to its amendments to House Bill No. 919 (Senate Bill No. 851), making appropriation to Children's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia, and appoint conference committee, 3279.

Senate to adhere to its amendments to House Bill No. 1018 (Senate Bill No. 948) making appropriation to Nason Hospital Association at Roaring Spring, and appoint conference committee, 3279, 3280.

Senate to adhere to its amendments to House Bill No. 1057 (Senate Bill No. 984), making appropriation to Philadelphia Home for Incurables, and appoint conference committee, 3280.

Senate to ahere to its amendments to House Bill No. 1106 (Senate Bill No. 1030), making appropriation to Trustees of State Hospital for Injured Persons of Bituminous and Semi-bituminous coal regions located at Blossburg, and appoint conference committee, 3280.

KLINE, CHARLES H.—Continued.

Senate to adhere to its amendments to House Bill No. 1119 (Senate Bill No. 1042), making appropriation for payment of annual fixed charge for school purposes on lands held for forest reserves, and appoint conference committee, 3280.

Senate to adhere to its amendments to House Bill No. 1119 (Senate Bill No. 1042), making appropriation for payment of services and expenses of fire wardens and those assisting in extinguishing forest fires, 3280.

Senate to adhere to its amendments to House Bill No. 1123 (Senate Bill No. 1046), making appropriation for payment of annual fixed charge for road purposes on lands held for forest reserves, and appoint conference committee, 3280.

Senate to adhere to its amendments to House Bill No. 1147 (Senate Bill No. 1067) makiug appropriation to Eye and Ear Hospital of Pittsburg, 3280.

Senate to adhere to its amendments to House Bill No. 1150, (Senate Bill No. 1070), making appropriation to Roselia Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital of Pittsburg, and appoint conference committee, 3280.

Senate to adhere to its amendments to House Bill No. 1178 (Senate Bill No. 1097), making appropriation to Greenville Hospital, and appoint conference committee, 3281

Senate to adhere to its amendments to House Bill No. 1186 (Senate Bill No. 1105), making appropriation to American Hospital for Diseases of the Stomach of Philadelphia, and appoint conference committee, 3281.

Senate to adhere to its amendments to House Bill No. 1201 (Senate Bill No. 1120), making appropriation to Saint Vincent's Hospital Association of City of Erie, and appoint conference committee, 3281.

Senate to adhere to its amendments to House Bill No. 1215 (Senate Bill No. 1133), making appropriation to Pennsylvania Reform School at Morganza, and appoint conference committee, 3380.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 41, 170, 221, 1431, 1746.

Consider Senate Bill No. 317, providing for new Western Penitentiary, 835.

Dispense with further reading of Journal, 339.

Postpone for present action on Governor's Veto of Senate Bill No. 149, repealing part of act relative to organization of courts of justice, 1547.

Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 298, authorizing cities and boroughs to enact ordinances prescribing regulations for mining of coal beneath their surfaces, 1320.

Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 523, authorizing Secretary of Agriculture to extend work of his department so as to connect with it a system of outdoor or field instruction, 2605.

Proceed to consideration of conference committee report on Senate Bill No. 763, supplementary to act for government of cities of second class abolishing present select and common councils and providing for new body to be known as the council, 3464.

Proceed to consideration of conference committee report on Senate Bill No. 851, making appropriation to Children's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia, 3158.

Proceed to consideration of conference committee report on Senate Bill No. 948, making appropriation to Nason Hospital Association of Roaring Spring, 3459.

Proceed to consideration of conference committee report on Senate Bill No. 984, making appropriation to The Philadelphia Home for Incurables, 3458.

Proceed to consideration of conference committee report on Senate Bill No. 1030, making appropriation to Trustees of State Hospital for Injured Persons of Bituminous and Semi-bituminous coal regions located at Blossburg, 3459.

Proceed to consideration of conference committee report on Senate Bill No. 1041, making appropriation for payment of annual fixed charge for school purposes on lands held for forest reserves, 3466.

Proceed to consideration of conference committee report on Senate Bill No. 1042, making appropriation for payment of services and expenses of fire wardens and those assisting in extinguishing forest fires, 3460.

Proceed to consideration of conference committee report on Senate Bill No. 1046, making appropriation for payment of annual fixed charge for road purposes on lands held for forest reserves, 3460.

Proceed to consideration of conference committee report on Senate Bill No. 1067, making appropriation to Eye and Ear Hospital of Pittsburg, 3460.

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Proceed to consideration of conference committee report on Senate Bill No. 1070, making appropriation to Roselia Foundling Asylum and Maternity Hospital of City of Pittsburg, 3458.

Proceed to consideration of conference committee report on Senate Bill No. 1097, making appropriation to Greenville Hospital, 3461.

Proceed to consideration of conference committee report on Senate Bill No. 1105, making appropriation to American Hospital for Diseases of the Stomach of Philadelphia, 3461.

Proceed to consideration of conference committee report on Senate Bill No. 1120, making appropriation to Saint Vincent's Hospital Association of City of Erie, 3457.

Proceed to election of President pro tempore, 4.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 57, making appropriation to Allentown Hospital, 272.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 58, making appropriation to Bethesda Home, 272.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 59, making appropriation to Pennsylvania Epileptic Hospital and Colony Farm, 273.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 60, making appropriation to Pottsville Hospital, 273.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 61, making appropriation to North Pennsylvania General Hospital and Sanatarium located at Austin, 273.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 62, fixing salary of Chief Clerk of Department of Mines, 273.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 63, making appropriation for statue to Thomas McKean, 273.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 64, making appropriation to Pennsylvania Society to Protect Children from Cruelty, of Philadelphia, 273.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 65, amending act making appropriation to Trustees of State Hospital for Injured Persons in Township of Coal, 273.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 66, making appropriation to Tuberculosis League of Pittsburg, 273.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 67, making appropriation to Northwestern Pennsylvania Humane Society, 273.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 68, making appropriation for deficiency to pay tuition of students of State Normal Schools, 273.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 69, making appropriation to Westmoreland Hospital Association of Greensburg, 273.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 70, establishing State Reformatory for women, 274.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 71, making appropriation to Commissioners of Valley Forge Park, 274.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 72, making appropriation to German Protestant Home for Aged at Fair Oaks, 274.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 73, making appropriation to McKean County Historical Society, 274.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 74, making appropriation to Coatesville Hospital, 274.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 75, making appropriation to mark site of Battle of Brandywine, 274.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 76, making appropriation to Benevolent Association's Home for Children of Pottsville, 274.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 77, making appropriation to Home of Industry for Discharged Prisoners, 274.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 78, making appropriation to House of Good Shepherd, Scranton, 274.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 79, making appropriation to Chester County Hospital, 274.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 80, making appropriation to Incorporated Trustees of Salvation Army, 274.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 81, making appropriation to Phoenixville Hospital, 274.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 82, making appropriation for refund to Estate of Mary S. Lundy, 275.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 83, making appropriation to reimburse Hard C. Palm, 275.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 84, making appropriation to Commonwealth Humane Society, 275.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 85, making appropriation to Associated Charities and Humane Society of Lackawanna County, 275.

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Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 86, making appropriation for expenses required by act relating to education of orphans of soldiers, sailors and marines, 275.

Recommit to Comittee Senate Bill No. 87, making appropriation to pay expenses of Pennsylvania Commissioners for promoting uniformity of legislation in United States, 275.

Recommit to Comittee Senate Bill No. 88, making appropriation for refund to Washington and Jefferson College, 275.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 89, making appropriation to Philadelphia Jewish Sanatorium for Consumptives, 275.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 115, making appropriation to American Art Society of Philadelphia, 357.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 116, making appropriation to Northwestern Anti-Tuberculosis League, 357.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 117, making appropriation to Philadelphia Institution for Feeble-Minded, 357.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 118, making appropriation to Academy of Natural Sciences, 358.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 119, making appropriation to Christian Home of Johnstown, 358.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 120, making appropriation to reimburse Robert E. Wible, 358.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 121, making appropriation to State Normal Schools, 385.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 122, making appropriation to Children's Aid Society of Westmoreland County, 358.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 123, making appropriation to Renovo Hospital, 358.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 124, making appropriation to Trustees of Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic at Spring City, 358.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 158, making appropriation for milling and testing grain, 496.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 184, making appropriation for monument in Silver Spring Church Cemetery, 518.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 186, making appropriation for statue to Brigadier General Hirma L. Brown, 518.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 187, providing for commission to ascertain military routes traversed by General Edward Braddock and General John Forbes, 518.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 188, making appropriation to Institute for Colored Youth at Cheney, 518.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 189, making appropriation to Pennsylvania Training School for Feeble-Minded Children, 518.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 190, making appropriation to Philadelphia Polyclinic and College for Graduates in Medicine, 518.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 191, providing for erection of monument to Colonel Henry Bouquet and his soldiers, 519.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 192, making appropriation for Pittsburg Sunshine Children's Home, 519.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 247, fixing number and salaries of clerks and other employes in Department of Auditor General, 684, 839.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 248, making appropriation to Fiftieth Anniversary of Battle of Gettysburg Commission, 684.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 249, making appropriation to Frankford Hospital at Frankford, Philadelphia, 684.

Recommit to Commitee Senate Bill No. 250, making appropriation to Boys' Industrial Association of Wilkes-Barre, 684.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 251, authorizing completion of dike for protection of property adjacent to Delaware River in Falls Township, Bucks County, and making appropriation therefor, 684.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 252, making appropriation to maintain public road through Cornplanter Indian Reservation in Elk Township, Warren County, 684.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 253, making appropriation in aid of erection of memorial to commemorate founding of common school system, 684.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 254, making appropriation to Pottsville Hospital, 685.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 255, providing for commission to report on propriety of purchase of certain tract of land in Jefferson, Clarion and Forest Counties, and making appropriation therefor, 685.

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Recommit to Committtee Senate Bill No. 256, making appropriation for improvement of maritime port facilities of Pennsylvania, 685.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 257, making appropriation to Coleman Industrial Home for Colored Boys in Pittsburg, 685.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 279, authorizing townships of first class, boroughs and cities to establish regulations for control of outdoor advertising and to impose license tax for same, 1424.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 295, to fix number and salaries of officers, clerks and employes in State Treasury, 771, 835.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 323, making appropriation to Trustees of Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic at Spring City, 806.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 324, making appropriation to provide for certain improvements to Paoli Parade Ground, 806.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 334, regulating reports for purposes of taxation by corporations any of evidences of indebtedness of which are held by residents of this State, 1723.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 357, amending act regarding fees of constables, 842.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 358, exempting dental furniture, tools and equipment, leased, hired or conditionally sold, from levy or sale on execution or distress for rent, 842.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 369, authorizing purchase by Commonwealth of Mount Aloysius Academy at Cresson for sanatorium for indigent insane tuberculosis persons, 1005.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 370, making appropriation to Brownsville General Hospital, 956.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 371, making appropriation to Philadelphia Normal School for Girls, 957.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 372, making appropriation to Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, 957.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 373, making appropriation to Trustees of State Hospital for Injured Persons in Township of Coal, 957.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 374, fixing salary of Deputy Chief of Department of Mines, 957.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 375, fixing salary of Chief of Department of Mines, 957.

Recommit to Comittee Senate Bill No. 376, making appropriation for erection of monument to Conrad Weiser, 957.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 377, making appropriation to aid in erection of memorial to Commodore Perry and General Harrison, 957.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 378, making appropriation for erection of fence around monument erected at Petersburg, Virginia, 957.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 379, authorizing Battlefield Commission of 3d Division, 9th Corps, Army of the Potomac, to purchase additional ground and to publish history of proceedings relative to dedication of monument at Petersburg, 957.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 380, making appropriation for Stroudsburg Hospital, 957.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 390, making appropriation to defray one-half of expense of constructing bridge to carry National or Cumberland Road across Monongahela River, 1012.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 391, making appropriation to Columbia Hospital located at Columbia, Lancaster County, 1012.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 455, authorizing establishment of psycopathic wards in certain hospitals, 1322.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 473, making appropriation to Trustees of State Hospital for Criminal Insane at Fairview, 1325.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 503, authorizing Commissioner of Fisheries to purchase brook trout hatchery owned by D. S. Helmar of Port Allegany, McKean County, 1450.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 504, making appropriation to Agricultural and Mechanical Industrial School for Colored Girls and Boys of Jumonville, Fayette County, 1450.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 568, prescribing number of fixtures for water supply in dwellings in cities of first class, 1744.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 569, providing for sanitary inspection of dwellings in cities of first class, 1744.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 570, to regulate fees to be charged by sheriffs in certain counties, 1744.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 800, relating to roads and providing for election and appointment of township supervisors in second class townships, 3265.

KLINE, CHARLES H.—Continued.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 1205, making appropriation to Glen Mills Schools in Eastern District of Pennsylvania, 3177.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 1209, making appropriation to Glen Mills Schools for girls' department, 3177.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 1211, making appropriation to Temple University, 3178.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 1212, further supplement to act to accept grant of public lands by United States for endowment of agricultural colleges and making appropriation for carrying same into effect, 3178.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 1214, making appropriation to Pennsylvania Working Home for Blind Men, 3178.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 1217, making appropriation to Pennsylvania Training School for Feeble-Minded Children at Elwyn, 3178.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 1227, making appropriation to Catholic Home for Destitute Children, 3179.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 1229, making appropriation to Brownsville General Hospital, 3179.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 1230, making appropriation to Glen Mills School for boys' department, 3179.

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No. 173 (Senate Bill No. 665)
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No. 504
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No. 731 (Senate Bill No. 1208)
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No. 776 (Senate Bill No. 103)
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No. 1028 (Senate Bill No. 1236)
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No. 1029 (Senate Bill No. 958)
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No. 1033 (Senate Bill No. 962)
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No. 1034 (Senate Bill No. 963)
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House to adhere to its non-concurrence in Senate amendments to House Bill No. 1057, making appropriation to Philadelphia Home for Incurables, and appoint conference committee, 3371.

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Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 1048, making appropriation to complete erection of State Hospital for Injured Persons of Trevorton, Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields situate in Township of Coal, 2600.

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Wm. Penn Council No. 64, Order of Independent Americans for recommitting of school code, 1081.

Wm. Penn Council No. 64, Order of Independent Americans to require reading of Bible in public schools, 1081.

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Thanking Mrs. Mary McM. Jones for gift of cottage at Cresson, Pa., to be used in conjunction with tuberculosis sanatarium, 2560.

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United States Senator, 72.

KNAPP, FRANK M., Senator from Forty-eighth District, (Warren and Venango Counties)

Amendments offered by, to

Senate Bill No. 588, further amending act providing for incorporation of certain corporations so as to compel water power companies to furnish such power for public purposes, 2205.

Senate Bill No. 794, regulating operation of wells producing natural gas, 2900.

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Standing committees, 79, 80.

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Authorizing road supervisors in townships of second class to aid in construction of sidewalks along public highways, 374.

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Making appropriation to Grand View Institution of Oil City, 223.

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Making appropriation to reimburse certain counties and townships regarding State aid in maintenance of highways, 904.

Making appropriation to Trustees of State Hospital for Insane at Warren, 149.

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No. 20 (House Bill No. 892)

Amending act relating to removal of judges of the several courts, 165.

No. 97 (House Bill No. 170)

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No. 138 (House Bill No. 684)

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No. 153 (House Bill No. 362)

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No. 165 (House Bill No. 11)

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No. 196 (House Bill No. 599)

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No. 216 (House Bill No. 625)

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No. 276 (House Bill No. 517)

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No. 277 (Senate Bill No. 593)

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No. 307

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No. 338 (House Bill No. 20)

Amending act relating to court stenographers by requiring judges of certain courts to employ stenographer of common pleas court, 787.

No. 350 (House Bill No. 689)

Making State taxes, unpaid bonus on capital stock and penalties a first lien upon franchise and property of corporations, 1253.

No. 365 (House Bill No. 707)

Providing for appeal from judgment of aldermen and justices of the peace, 831.

No. 395

Forbidding certain domestic and foreign corporations from becoming security for public officer, 938.

No. 403 (House Bill No. 169)

To promote consolidation of public schools, 950.

No. 427 (House Bill No. 630)

Amending act relating to care of neglected or dependent children so as to permit courts to enforce order of support made upon parents, 1099.

No. 507 (House Bill No. 303)

Relating to time and manner of taking exceptions in any case in any court of record, 1433.

No. 508 (House Bill No. 183)

Empowering any taxpayer of certain municipalities to appeal on behalf of such municipality against judgment of justice of the peace of alderman, 1433.

No. 570 (House Bill No. 102)

Regulating fees to be charged by sheriffs in certain counties, 1632.

No. 593 (House Bill No. 1372)

Amending act relating to court stenographers, 1706.

No. 670 (House Bill No. 383)

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No. 671 (House Bill No. 84)

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No. 672 (House Bill No. 390)

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No. 692 (House Bill No. 389)

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No. 693 (House Bill No. 481)

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No. 739 (House Bill No. 566)

To require fire drills in factories and industrial establishments, 2265.

No. 740 (House Bill No. 223)

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No. 741 (House Bill No. 1334)

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No. 742

Permitting juries in cases of felony to direct imposition of costs, 2265.

No. 767 (House Bill No. 560)

Authorizing ascertainment, award, levy, assessment and collection of costs, damages and expenses of municipal improvements, 2524.

No. 804 (House Bill No. 666)

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No. 805 (House Bill No. 675)

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Election of, 4.

Motions by, to

Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 614, authorizing appointment of commission to inquire into causes and results of industrial accidents, 2176.

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Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 588, further amending act for incorporation of certain corporations by requiring water power companies to furnish such power for public purposes, 1820.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 664, regulating use of fire crackers, fire works, blanks, cartridges, etc., 2271.

Reconsider vote on Senate Bill No. 588, further amending act providing for incorporation of certain corporations so as to compel water power companies to furnish such power for public purposes, 2205.

Reconsider vote on Senate Bill No. 614, authorizing appointment of commission to inquire into causes and results of industrial accidents, 2176.

Suspend rule 21 to consider House amendments to Senate Bill No. 222, authorizing road supervisors in townships of second class to aid in construction of sidewalks, 2217.

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Petition presented by, from

Citizens of Warren and Venango Counties for resident hunters' license bill, 2439.

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Senate Bill No. 664, regulating use of fire crackers, fireworks, blank cartridges, etc., 2271.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 71.

KNIGHT, F. H. H., Representative from Clarion County,

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 198, relating to containers used for food including non-alcoholic drinks, 736, 1675.

House Bill No. 509, further amending section 24 of further supplement to act to provide revenue by taxation, 2350.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Making appropriation to State Normal School at Clarion, 637.

Regulating use of appliances for heating and cooking by means of gas, 304.

Relating to containers used in transporting and handling foods, including non-alcoholic drinks, 303.

Supplementary to act for taxation of dogs requiring all dogs to wear collar and tag showing payment of tax, 885.

To provide for creation and regulation of municipal liens, 210.

To regulate the possession and return of containers used in transporting commodities, 96.

To repeal section of act relating to levying of school tax in borough of Clearfield and to an election district in Clearfield County and in Carbon and McKean Counties, 1082.

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No. 105

Defining qualifications necessary for mine inspector of anthracite coal fields, 301.

No. 209

To protect persons employed in and about mines by providing certain safety appliances, 566.

No. 399

To prohibit sale of washery or culm bank coal as freshly mined coal, 884.

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Citizens of Clarion County against commission form of government, 300.

Citizens of Clarion County against excise commission bill and brewers and distillers license bill, 1825, 2184.

Citizens of Clarion County against increased tax on life insurance companies, 1919.

Citizens of Clarion County for Ailman and Jones Road bills, 1357, 1747.

Citizens of Clarion County for change in Route No. 92 of Sproul Road Bill, 636.

Citizens of Clarion County for independent school districts, 2184.

Citizens of Clarion County for Initiative and Referendum Bill, 414, 589, 1747.

Citizens of Clarion County for reading of Bible in public schools, 636.

Citizens of Clarion County for State road connecting county seats of Clarion and Butler, 635.

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Leatherwood Grange No. 625 against Halferty oleomargarine bill, 1919.

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Questions of information raised by, on

House Bill No. 292, providing for granting of brevet rank to surviving officers of Pennsylvania troops of Civil War, 1201.

House Bill No. 571, regulating returns of constables in boroughs and townships, 1944.

House Bill No. 611, establishing Bureau of Standards in Department of Internal Affairs, 2055.

House Bill No. 729, to enable electors to express at November, 1911, election their preference for or against election of United States Senators by direct vote, 3040.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 193, amending act establishing Department of Forestry by further enlarging powers of said Department, 2253.

House Bill No. 198, requiring containers used in transporting and handling foods, including non-alcoholic drinks, to be returned properly cleaned, 1466, 1467, 1835.

House Bill No. 315, to provide for better protection for game, game-quadrupeds and game birds, 887.

House Bill No. 405, to regulate temperature of milk and cream intended to be shipped, 1063.

House Bill No. 478, supplementary to act for protection of sheep and taxation of dogs requiring all dogs to wear collar showing payment of tax, 1763.

House Bill No. 530, providing for taxation of gross receipts of fire insurance companies on business done in Pennsylvania, 2045.

House Bill No. 563, repealing section six of act relating to levying of school tax in borough of Clearfield and collection of taxes in Clarion County, etc., 1938.

House Bill No. 606, authorizing Department of Forestry to grant rights of way through State lands, 1788.

House Bill No. 884, authorizing county commissioners to erect bridge for pedestrians only in lieu of wagon bridge under certain circumstances, 3357.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

KNOWLES, GEORGE A., nominated as Member of Board of Medical Examiners, representing Medical Society, 1069.

Reported, 1074.

Confirmed, 1075.

KNOX, PHILANDER C., nominated as candidate for United States Senator, in House, 50.

Communication from, stating unwillingness to be candidate, read in House, 72.

KOENIG, ADOLPH, M. D., Member of Advisory Board of Department of Health, nominated, 23.

Reported, 939.

Confirmed, 956.

Member of Board of Medical Examiners, representing the Medical Society of Pennsylvania, nominated, 25.

Reported, 2524.

Confirmed, 2615.

KOHN, ARNOLD, Trustee of State Asylum for Chronic Insane, at Wernersville, nominated, 24.

KRAMER, CHARLES F., Member of State Pharmaceutical Board, nominated, 23.

Reported, 3118.

Confirmed, 3122.

KRATZER OF COATESVILLE, bill authorizing refund to John Heathcote fee for notary public commission of E. H. (see Heathcote).

KUHNS, ELLSWORTH G. M., Representative from Third District, Lehigh County,

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

To encourage foresting and reforesting of lands by exempting certain lands from taxation, 391.

To provide revenue by imposing mercantile license tax on venders of or dealers in merchandise, 638.

Bills reported by

No. 266 (Senate Bill No. 733)
Providing for association of commissioners and supervisors in different counties, 1470.

No. 341 (Senate Bill No. 566)
Amending act relating to erection of poor-house at Pittston by authorizing increase in relief to be granted paupers not in poor-house, 735.

No. 453 (Senate Bill No. 730)
Amending act relating to compensation of sheriffs in certain counties, 1026.

No. 572 (Senate Bill No. 1189)
Providing for appointment of assistant district attorneys in certain counties, 1281.

No. 626 (Senate Bill No. 223)
Authorizing companies having toll bridges whose travel has been diverted to close same to public travel, 1340.

No. 749 (Senate Bill No. 1249)
To repeal so far as it relates to Venango County supplement to act relating to billiard rooms in certain counties, 1695.

Election of, 44.

Leave of absence asked for, 172, 568.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Lehigh County against hunters' license tax, 733.

Citizens of Lehigh County for Maurer Initiative and Referendum Bill, 775.

Citizens of Lehigh County for reading of Bible in public schools, 733, 775.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 600, regulating drivers and operators and persons riding or leading animals on public highways, 3321.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

KURTZ, THEODORE M., Senator from Thirty-seventh District, (Jefferson and Indiana Counties),

Amendment offered by, to

Senate Bill No. 708, making appropriation to Punxsutawney Hospital, 2466.

Appointments of, on

Conference committee, 3279, 3280, 3281, 3380.

Memorial committee, 408.

Special committee, 3541.

Standing committees, 79, 80.

Bills introduced by

Amending act regarding publication of advertisements and notices by restricting it to certain counties, 244.

Authorizing State Forestry Reservation Commission to grant right of way over forestry reserves, 941.

Making appropriation to Adrian Hospital Association of Punxsutawney, 150.

Making appropriation to Indiana Normal School of Pennsylvania, 1067.

Making appropriation to Punxsutawney Hospital, 151.

Providing for commission to report of propriety of purchasing certain tract of land in Jefferson, Clarion and Forest Counties, 490.

Providing for counsel fees for garnishee's attorneys in attachment or attachment execution issued by a magistrate, 1419.

Repealing act regulating publication of advertisement of notices in cities of first and second class, 244.

Bills reported by

No. 37 (House Bill No. 1360)
Amending and supplementing act relating to Railroad Commission, 224.

No. 68 (House Bill No. 446)
Making apropriation to cover deficiency to pay tuition of students of State Normal Schools, 373.

KURTZ, THEODORE M.—Continued.

No. 82 (House Bill No. 1350)
Making appropriation to refund collateral inheritance taxes erroneously paid from estate of Mary S. Lundy, 2439.

No. 117 (House Bill No. 1348)
Appropriating $250,000 to City of Philadelphia for an institution to be known as the "Philadelphia Institution for the Feeble-Minded," 2439.

No. 182
Amending act relating to corporations and to certain estates by further defining disqualification of persons to witness deeds and wills, 453.

No. 210 (House Bill No. 454)
Relating to foreign corporations holding real estate in this State, 489.

No. 251 (House Bill No. 1349)
Authorizing completion of dikes for protection of property adjacent to Delaware River in Falls Township, Bucks County, 2439.

No. 340 (House Bill No. 71)
Making appropriation to pay for expenses of extinguishing certain forest fires, 2439.

No. 348
Creating auxiliary teachers' board for each public school district, 788.

No. 349 (House Bill No. 1286)
Providing that all public school teachers who have taught for five years shall be elected to a permanent position, 788.

No. 380 (House Bill No. 1356)
Making appropriation for Stroudsburg Hospital, 2538.

No. 405
Amending act relating to game by fixing open season for quail, 995.

No. 422 (House Bill No. 802)
Relative to publication of Legislative Journal and Journals of Senate and House of Representatives, 1254.

No. 439
Making appropriation to State Pharmaceutical Examining Board, 2538.

No. 618 (House Bill No. 387)
Authorizing refund to John Heathcote fee paid for notary public commission of E. H. Kratzer, 1722.

No. 619 (House Bill No. 1256)
To quiet title to real estate and to enable citizens and corporations authorized to hold real estate in this State to hold and convey title to real estate formerly held by or for corporations not authorized by law to hold same, 1722.

No. 628 (House Bill No. 47)
Requiring owners, lessees or operators of bituminous coal or clay lands to furnish owners or lessees of adjoining coal or clay lands with maps of mines and workings along division line, 1854.

No. 751 (House Bill No. 368)
Making appropriation for payment of commissions of Military State Agents employed by accounting officers, 2439.

No. 752 (House Bill No. 150)
Directing trustees of Danville State Hospital for Insane to connect effluent of sewage disposal plant with sewer system of Danville, 2439.

No. 753 (House Bill No. 1363)
Reimbursing Fidelity Trust Company of Philadelphia, Trustee under will of Richard Smith, deceased, 2439.

No. 754 (House Bill No. 1362)
Reimbursing Fidelity Trust Company of Philadelphia, Trustee under will of Richard Smith, deceased, 2439.

Motions by, for

Recess, 1455.

Senate Bill No. 255, providing for commission to examine and report on propriety of purchasing certain tract of land in Jefferson, Forest and Clarion Counties, to go over in its order, 1228.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 1014.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 176, amending act relating to publication of advertisements and notices in certain counties, 470.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 178, repealing so far as it relates to second class cities act regulating advertisement of notices in cities of first and second class, 470.

KURTZ, THEODORE M.—Continued.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Indiana County against excise commission and brewers' and distillerers' license bill, 1631.

Citizens of Indiana County for Sproul Road Bill, 1305, 1417.

Citizens of Jefferson County for resident hunters' license bill, 2263.

Council No. 33, Jr. O. U. A. M. for memorial to founders of public schols, 787.

Council No. 216, Jr. O. U. A. M. for memorial to founders of public schools, 787.

Washington Camp No. 448, P. O. S. of A. for memorial to founders of public schools, 787.

Remarks by, on

Senate Bill No. 588, further amending act relating to incorporation of certain corporations so as to compel water and water power companies to furnish such power for public purposes, 2204, 2205.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by

Recalling Senate Bill No. 273, amending act providing for erection of Homeopathic State Hospital for Insane by vesting appointment of entire commission in Governor, from Governor for amendment, 1454.

Resolution offered by, in

Reference to appointment of standing committees by President pro tempore, 6.

Resolution offered by thanking

Hon. George Kunkel for administering oath of office to newly elected President pro tempore George M. Wertz, 3578.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 71.

LABELING OF COLD STORAGE FOOD, bill to provide for protection of public health by proper (see cold storage).

LABELING OF FOOD CONTAINERS manufactured or sold for use in Pennsylvania, bill to provide for marking or (see containers).

LABELING OF RENOVATED BUTTER, bill to require (see butter).

LABOR BY CONTRACT and to regulate disposition of products of prison labor, bill to prohibit letting of prison (see prison).

LABOR DISPUTES, bill to provide for mediation and arbitration of (see arbitration).

LABOR, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania so as to permit special legislation regulating (see Constitution).

LABOR TO RECEIVE MONEYS OR OTHER VALUABLE THING from any person for obtaining for latter employment in service of said employer or continuing in said employment, bill making it a misdemeanor for any officer or employe of any employer of (see employe).

LABORATORIES FOR MILLING AND TESTING GRAIN and grain products, bill makiug appropriation for building and (see grain).

LABORATORY AND SUPPLIES for Pharmaceutical Examining Board, bill to amend act to prevent manufacture and sale of adulterated drugs by providing for (see Board).

LABORERS EMPLOYED IN PENNSYLVANIA, bill to regulate hours of labor of (see hours).

LABORERS ENGAGED IN CONTRACT WORK for such city, bill to amend act dividing cities of State into three classes by authorizing councils to pass ordinances defining competency of (see cities).

LABORERS UNDER BONDS OF CONTRACTORS and subcontractors in contract for public work, bill to provide for security to (see contract).

LACKAWANNA COUNTY TO PAY FOR SERVICE RENDERED in 1907, bill making appropriation to former Board of Examiners for Inspectors of Mines of (see Board).

LACKAWAXEN, PIKE COUNTY, bill making appropriation to Water Supply Commission for protection from Lackawaxen and Delaware Rivers of property at (see Water Supply).

LADIES OF THE GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC Ho Department of Pennsylvania, at Hawkins Stati making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1003

Read in place in House by Mr. William Conner, 253.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 253.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2332.
Second reading, 2400.
Third reading and final passage, 2751.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.

In Senate (No. 933)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2685.
First reading, 2706.
Second reading, 2909.
Third reading and final passage, 3070.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

LAFFERTY, WILLIS S., Representative from Bradfo County,

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Amending act relating to insolvency, 1358.

Giving Court of Quarter Sessions additional authori to impose restrictions on licenses for sale of liquo 1358.

Repealing act relating to insolvency, 304.

Election of, 43.

Leave of absence asked for, 885, 1238.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 659, amending act relating to insol ency, 2346, 2347.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

LAKE WINOLA IN COUNTY OF WYOMING a public higl way, to make

Senate Bill No. 221

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Shields, 374.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Higl ways, 374.
Reported without amendment, 540.
First reading, 633.
Second reading, 673.
Recommitted to Committee on Judiciary General, 703

LAKES, bill to forbid use of a gill net of more than thirt meshes deep in certain boundary (see net).

LAMPS IN TOWNSHIPS OF THE FIRST CLASS, bill re lating to cost of maintenance of public (see towr ships).

LANCASTER COUNTY, bill makiug appropriation to estal lish a fish hatchery in (see fish).

LANCASTER GENERAL HOSPITAL, making appropriatio to

House Bill No. 1103

Read in place in House by Mr. Hess, 301.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 301.
Reported with amendment, 2241.
First reading, 2337.
Second reading, 2415.
Third reading and final passage, 2784.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.

In Senate (No. 1027)

Refered to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.
Reported without amendment, 2688.
First reading, 2710.
Second reading, 2916.
Third reading and final passage, 3087.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

LANCASTER, bill to repeal act to increase pay of juror and witnesses in County of (see pay).

LAND APPROPRIATED UNDER RIGHT OF EMINENT DOMAIN, to provide method for obtaining possession of

Senate Bill No. 580
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Crow, 1306.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1306.
Reported without amendment, 1633.
First reading, 1745.
Second reading, 1819.
Third reading and final passage, 1904.

In House (No. 880)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1958.
Reported without amendment, 2023.
First reading, 2196.
Second reading, 2372.
Defeated on third reading, 3353.

LAND BY LATERAL RAILROADS, bill to regulate taking of (see railroads).

LAND FOR RIFLE RANGE or for permanent camping ground, making appropriation for purchase of

House Bill No. 267
Read in place in House by Mr. Dale, 362.
Referred to Committee on Military, 362.
Reported without amendment, 714.
First reading, 750.
Second reading, 864.
Third reading and final passage, 1161.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1471.
Signed by Speaker,
Approved by Governor, 2190.

In Senate (No. 469)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1175.
Reported without amendment, 1253.
First reading, 1325.
Second reading, 1425.
Third reading and final passage, 1439.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1551.

LAND FOR TAXES, bill relating to treasurer's sales of (see treasurer's).

LAND IN JEFFERSON, CLARION AND FOREST COUNTIES, to provide for commission to report upon propriety of purchasing certain tract of

Senate Bill No. 255
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Kurtz, 490.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 490.
Reported without amendment, 607.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 685.
Re-reported without amendment, 1173.
Second reading, 1208.
Over in its order, 1228.
Third reading and final passage, 1256.
Returned from House with amendments, 3147.
Concurred in House amendments, 3147.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3276.

In House (No. 1323)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1302.
Reported with amendment, 2841.
First reading, 2998.
Second reading, 3013.
Third reading and postponed for present, 3194.
Resumed and passed finally, 3222.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 3309.
Signed by Speaker, 3495.

Remarks on, by
Flynn, 3194.
Wilson, 3194, 3195, 3222, 3223.
North, 3222, 3223.
Howard, 3222.

LAND IN PENNSYLVANIA FOR NATIONAL FOREST RESERVES, bill to empower United States to acquire (see forest).

LAND TO ENLARGE CERTAIN CEMETERIES, bill to provide for and regulate the taking by condemnation proceedings of (see cemeteries).

LAND UNDER AND SURROUNDING WATERS for purpose of public fishing, bill to authorize Board of Fishery Commission to accept or purchase (see fishing).

LAND UNDER WRITS issued out of courts of common pleas, bill relating to sheriff's sales of (see sheriff's).

LANDIS, CHARLES I., Trustee of Thaddeus Stevens Industrial School of Pennsylvania, nominated, 26.
Reported, 938.
Confirmed, 956.

LANDIS, JOHN H., Trustee of Thaddeus Stevens Industrial School of Pennsylvania, nominated, 26.
Reported, 938.
Confirmed, 956.

LANDS ACQUIRED BY WILL OR DESCENT, bill to require and regulate the registration of titles to (see titles).

LANDS, bill to permit cemetery companies to take (see cemetery).

LANDS BOUND BY LIEN FOR MAINTENANCE of burial lots, bill to authorize courts of common pleas to discharge (see burial).

LANDS BY EXEMPTING CERTAIN LANDS FROM TAXATION and regulating the cutting of trees thereon, bill to encourage foresting and reforesting of (see foresting).

LANDS FOR FOREST RESERVES, bill to amend act relating to Department of Forestry by providing for taking of (see forestry).

LANDS FROM RECORD CHARGES, liens, judgments and incumbrances upon legal presumption of payment thereof, bill relating to discharge of and release of (see release).

LANDS, MAY BE RECORDED, bill to prescribe conditions under which contracts and agreements for sale or exchange of (see recorded).

LANDS MAY BE VESTED IN UNITED STATES when no agreement can be made with owners for purchase thereof by fixing number of viewers at three, bill to amend act to provide a mode by which interests in (see title).

LANDS REQUIRED therefor, bill concerning construction of railroads and acquisition by railroad companies of (see railroads).

LANDS to which provisions of said act shall apply, bill to amend act making it unlawful to trespass upon private property limiting (see trespass).

LANE, DAVID H., Member of Commission to Revise Election Laws, nominated, 27.
Reported 709.
Confirmed, 710.

LANGFITT, WILLIAM J., Inspector of State Penitentiary for Western District, nominated, 23.

LARKINS, G. W., Representative from Armstrong County,

Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Election of, 42.

Bill introduced by
Making appropriation to Kittanning General Hospital, Kittanning, Armstrong County, 1082.

Bills reported by
No. 455 (Senate Bill No. 623)
Fixing compensation of clerks in Department of Banking, 1026.

No. 550 (Senate Bill No. 1165)
To prevent issuing or transfer by other than a warehouseman of papers certifying that goods are stored in any warehouse, 1213.

No. 760 (Senate Bill No. 237)
Amending act to provide for vacation of passageways that may become public nuisances by fixing number of viewers at three, 1695.

No. 761 (Senate Bill No. 445)
Regulating licensing of persons engaged in business of keeping infant children under three years of age for hire in cities of third class, 1695.

Motion by, to
Adjourn, 1677.

Petition presented by, from
Citizens of Armstrong County for reading of Bible in public schools, 2220.

Independent Americans of Armstrong County for reading of Bible in public schools, 1397.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

LASCIVIOUS PLAYS in this Commonwealth, petitions presented for passage of act prohibiting (see petitions).

LATERAL RAILROADS, bill to regulate (see railroads).

LATHROPE, W. A., nominated as Member of Commission to investigate and report in the matter of surface support where anthracite coal has been or is to be removed, 1420.

Reported, 3265.
Confirmed, 3414.

LATROBE HOSPITAL, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1021

Read in place in House by Mr. Ulerich, 124.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 124.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2333.
Second reading, 2403.
Third reading and final passage, 2757.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.

In Senate (No. 951)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2685.
First reading, 2706.
Second reading, 2911.
Third reading and final passage, 3073.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

LAW JUDGE IN CERTAIN DISTRICTS, bills relating to (see judge).

LAW LIBRARY FOR USE OF COUNTY OF DAUPHIN, bill to repeal act relative to purchase of (see Dauphin).

LAW OF BILLS OF LADING, to make uniform the

Senate Bill No. 10

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 101.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 101.
Reported without amendment, 129.
First reading, 153.
Recommitteed to Committee, 170.
Re-reported with amendment, 487.
Second reading, 554, 557.
Third reading and final passage, 612.
Returned from House with amendment, 3149.
Concurred in House amendment, 3149.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3275.

In House (No. 679)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 696.
Reported with amendment, 1469.
First reading, 1501.
Second reading, 2098.
Third reading and final passage, 3213.
Returned from Senate with House amendment concurred in, 3309.
Signed by Speaker, 3496.

LAW OF TRANSFER OF SHARES OF STOCK IN CORPORATIONS, to make uniform

Senate Bill No. 12

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 101.
Referred to Committee on Corporations, 101.
Reported without amendment, 129.
First reading, 153.
Recommitted to Committee,
Re-reported with amendment, 402.
Second reading, 463.
Third reading and final passage, 494.
Returned from House without amendment, 1667.
Signed by President, 1705.
Approved by Governor, 2153.

In House (No. 449)

Referred to Committee on Corporations, 584.
Reported without amendment, 1026.
First reading, 1090.
Second reading, 1375.
Third reading and final passage, 1683.
Signed by Speaker, 1757.

LAWS, bill to authorize appointment of commission to revise and codify present anthracite mining (see mining).

LAWS OF PENNSYLVANIA, report of Commission to Revise and Codify the Election

Presented to Senate, 406.
Presented to House, 434.
In Appendix, 3928.

LAWS OF PENNSYLVANIA, second report of Commission to Revise and Codify the Election

Presented to Senate, 1225.
Presented to House, 1240.
In Appendix, 3942.

LAWS OF THE PROVINCE AND COMMONWEALTH PRIOR TO YEAR 1800 continuing commissioners appointed in accordance with provisions of said act for further period of two years, supplementary to act providing for compilation and publication of

House Bill No. 1055

Read in place in House by Mr. Breitinger, 1468.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1468.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2335.
Second reading, 2409.
Third reading and final passage, 2768.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.

In Senate (No. 982)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2708.
Second reading, 2913.
Third reading and final passage, 3078.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

LAWS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH, concurrent resolution (House) by Benson, providing for joint committee to investigate and report on advisability of codification of the, 1409.

Resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1409.

LAWS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH, making appropriation to pay for preparation of Game, Fish and Forestry

House Bill No. 1166

Read in place in House by Mr. Walton, 207.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 208.
Reported without amendment, 2243.
First reading, 2340.
Second reading, 2423.
Recommitted to Committee, 2569.
Re-reported with amendment, 2841.
Third reading and final passage, 2987.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3044.

LAWS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH, to provide for commission to revise and unify the

Senate Bill No. 497

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox, 541.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 541.
Reported without amendment, 1418.
First reading, 1450.
Second reading, 1602.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 1665.

LAWS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH, to regulate the printing of the

House Bill No. 716

Read in place in House by Mr. John F. Cox, 1458.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1458.
Reported without amendment, 1609.
First reading, 1827.
Second reading, 2115.
Third reading and final passage, 2950.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3601.
Signed by Speaker, 3609.

Remarks on, by

Abbott, 2950.

In Senate (No. 1197)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 3044.
Reported without amendment, 3121.
First reading, 3177.
Second reading, 3299.
Third reading and final passage, 3435.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3536.

LAWS REGULATING BOROUGHS, joint resolution to provide for commission to amend, revise and collate (see boroughs).

LAWS RELATING TO CORPORATIONS AND TO REVENUE, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Sproul, continuing provisions of resolution approved May 13, 1909, for joint committee to investigate and report on, 3113.

Resolution returned by House, 3279.
Concured in by House, 3310.
Approved by Governor, 3540.
Appointment of members of joint committee, in Senate, 3540.

LAWS RELATING TO CORPORATIONS AND TO REVENUE until end of next session of Legislature, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Hunter, continuing Joint Committee appointed under resolution approved May 13, 1909, to investigate and report on, 2175.

Resolution returned by House, 2211.
Concurred in by House, 2221.
Concurrent resolution recalling above resolution from Governor for amendment, 2616.
Returned by House, 2653.
Concurred in by House, 2786.
Approved by Governor, 3113.
Vote on passage of resolution reconsidered and resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 3113.

LAWS RELATING TO PENAL PROCEEDINGS by extending time within which indictments for certain felonies and misdemeanors may be brought, bill to amend act to consolidate, revise and amend the (see indictment).

LAWS RELATING TO PUBLIC ROADS, highways and bridges, to provide for appointment of commission for amending, revising and collating

House Bill No. 669

Read in place in House by Mr. E. E. Jones, 1399.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1399.
Reported without amendment, 1469.
First reading, 1501.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee on Appropriations, 2096.

LAWS RELATING TO PUBLIC SCHOOLS for its work on School Code, resolution (Senate) by Snyder, thanking Commission to Revise, Collate and Digest, 3432.

LAWS RELATING TO USE OF HIGHWAYS by motor vehicles and providing penalties for constables and police officers who permit violations of such laws, bill to provide for enforcement of (see motor vehicles).

LAWS, report of Joint Committee on Revision of Corporation and Revenue

Presented to Senate, 76.
Presented to House, 92.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 92.
In Appendix, 3699.

LEASING OF SODA WATER FOUNTAINS, musical instruments, cash registers, household furniture and other merchandise, relating to

Read in place in House by Mr. McInerney, 200.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 200.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE asked for,

In House,
Abbott, 200, 568, 735.
Akers, 315.
Allen, 1919.
Alter, 1238.
Anderson, 305, 1401.
Bartman, 590.
Bass, 190.
Bender, 1825.
Benson, 324.
Billman, 253, 304.
Blair, 316.
Breitinger, 846.
Brennan, 885.
Caldwell, 3011.
Campbell, William J., 305.
Carroll, 1610.
Carter, 437, 473.
Cleary, 324, 362.
Connell, 305, 527, 689, 777.
Conner, Patrick, 1350.
Conner, William, 143.
Conrade, 1048.
Cox, Edwin R., 362, 473.
Crum, 200, 777.
Davis, Albert, 316, 1350.
Dearden, 638.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE—Continued.
Detzel, 210.
Donahoe, 1610.
Enbody, 305, 473, 885, 1282, 3011.
Feeney, 62, 98, 417.
Ferguson, 1329, 1825.
Freeman, 172, 885.
Gibson, 777, 846.
Gransback, 1116.
Graybill, 437, 638, 1825.
Grove, 2184.
Halferty, 2349.
Healey, 1669.
Henry, 1282.
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LEGACIES AND INHERITANCES OF PERSONAL PROPERTY and to provide for the collection thereof, bill to tax gifts (see taxing).

LEGAL HOLIDAYS, bills relating to (see holidays).

LEGAL NOTICES now required to be published in weekly newspapers may be published in daily newspapers in counties with less than 1,000,000 inhabitants, bill to provide that all (see notices).

LEGISLATION IN UNITED STATES, making appropriation for expenses of Pennsylvania Commissioners and to contribute to expenses of National conference of commissioners for promotion of uniformity of

Senate Bill No. 87

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 101.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 101.
Reported without amendment, 241.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 275.

LEGISLATION REGULATING LABOR, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania so as to permit special (see Constitution).

LEGISLATION UPON POPULAR REQUEST and referring legislation to popular vote in cities of second class, bill to provide for initiation of (see cities).

LEGISLATIVE ACTS OF COUNCILS, supplement to act for government of cities of second class regulating proof of passage of (see cities).

LEGISLATIVE CORRESPONDENTS' ASSOCIATION for session of 1911, organization of Pennsylvania

House notified, 92.
Senate notified, 102.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENTS OF MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENTS and for inauguration of mayors of cities, bill to fix time for organization of (see cities).

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENTS OF THE COMMONWEALTH, interest on public debt and for support of public schools for two fiscal years beginning June 1, 1911, bill to provide for ordinary expenses of Executive, Judicial and (see expenses).

LEGISLATIVE DISTRICT AND THREE ASSESSORS from county at large in certain counties, bill to authorize appointmen by county commissioners of the assessor in each (see assessor).

LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL and Journals of Senate and House of Representatives, bill relating to printing and distribution of (see Journals).

LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL, concurrent resolution (Senate) in reference to postage on, 5.

Resolution returned by House, 40.
Concurred in by House, 51.
Approved by Governor, 57.

LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL PRINTING CONTRACT, concurrent resolution (Senate), in reference to, 6.

Resolution returned by House, 40.
Concurred in by House, 51.
Approved by Governor, 57.

LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL FOR SESSION OF 1911, providing appropriation for supervising, indexing and advertising of bids for printing of

(Section No. 2), House Bill No. 1

Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 51.
Special Committee appointed to consider bill, 52.
Reported without amendments, 52.
First reading, 52.
Special order for second reading, 52.
Second reading, 55.
Third reading, 62.
Final passage, 63.

LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL FOR SESSION OF 1911—Continued.

Returned from Senate with amendments, 82.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 82.
Signed by Speaker, 85.
Partial veto by Governor, 93.
Governor's partial veto sustained, 94.

Remarks on, by

Dearden, 62, 63, 93.
Woodward, 63.

In Senate (No. 1)

Special Committee appointed to consider bill, 57.
Reported without amendments, 61.
First reading, 62.
Recommitted to Special Committee, 62.
Re-reported as amended, 62.
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Third reading and final passage, 76.
Returned from House with amendments concurred 80.
Signed by President, 80.

LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL REPORTERS FOR SERVIC RENDERED during the session, resolution (Hous by Wallace, thanking, 3613.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU for payment of a ditional clerks and stenographers session of o thousand nine hundred and eleven, providing appr priation to Director of

(Section No. 10), House Bill No. 1.

Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 51.
Special Committee appointed to consider bill, 52.
Reported without amendments, 52.
First reading, 52.
Special order for second reading, 52.
Second reading, 55.
Third reading, 62.
Final passage, 63.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 82.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 82.
Signed by Speaker, 85.
Partial veto by Governor, 92.
Governor's partial veto sustained, 94.

Remarks on, by

Dearden, 62, 63, 93.
Woodward, 63.

In Senate (No. 1)

Special Committee appointed to consider bill, 57.
Reported without amendments, 61.
First reading, 62.
Recommitted to Special Committee, 62.
Re-reported as amended, 62.
Second reading, 65.
Third reading and final passage, 76.
Returned from House with amendments concurred 80.
Signed by President, 80.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU in Pennsylvan State Library by providing for additional employ and increasing salaries of Director and Assista Director, to amend act to create a

Senate Bill No. 238

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 403.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 403.
Reported without amendment, 541.
First reading, 634.
Second reading, 681.
Laid over in its order, 707.
Third reading and amended, 762.
Resumed and passed finally, 790.
Returned from House without amendment, 1264.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1305.
Approved by Governor, 1547.

In House (No. 367)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 830.
Reported without amendment, 880.
First reading, 901.
Second reading, 1056.
Third reading and final passage, 1295.
Signed by Speaker, 1339.

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU, James N. Moo nominated as Director of, 27.

Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

EGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU, James N. Moore nominated as Director of, 1800.
Reported, 1853.
Confirmed, 1895.

EGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU, resolution (House) by Abbott, condemning anonymous attack on, 1184.

EGITIMIZATION OF CHILDREN by ex post facto marriages, bill to regulate marriage and marriage licenses and to provide for (see marriage).

EHIGH COAL AND NAVIGATION COMPANY'S REPORT of toll for 1909, presented to Senate, 133.

EHIGH COUNTY, act relating to pay of jurors in counties of Lehigh and Berks, to repeal, so far as it relates to

House Bill No. 438
Read in place in House by Mr. Reno, 777.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 777.
Reported without amendment, 1016.
First reading, 1090.
Second reading, 1373.
Third reading and final passage, 1680.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2312.
Signed by Speaker, 2588.

In Senate (No. 658)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1667.
Reported without amendment, 1963.
First reading, 2182.
Second reading, 2212.
Third reading and final passage, 2270.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2522.

EHIGH COUNTY, act to increase pay of county commissioners, jurors and witnesses in certain counties, to repeal, so far as it applies to

House Bill No. 437
Read in place in House by Mr. Reno, 777.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 777.
Reported without amendment, 1016.
First reading, 1090.
Second reading, 1373.
Third reading and final passage, 1680.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2312.
Signed by Speaker, 2588.

Remarks on, by
Reno, 1680.

In Senate (No. 657)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1666.
Reported without amendment, 1963.
First reading, 2181.
Second reading, 2211.
Third reading and final passage, 2269.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2522.

EHIGH COUNTY, act to increase pay of county commissioners, jurors and witnesses in certain counties, to repeal, so far as it applies to

House Bill No. 441
Read in place in House by Mr. Reno, 776.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 776.
Reported without amendment, 1016.
First reading, 1090.
Second reading, 1373.
Third reading and final passage, 1681.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2311.
Signed by Speaker, 2588.

In Senate (No. 661)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1667.
Reported without amendment, 1963.
First reading, 2182.
Second reading, 2212.
Third reading and final passage, 2270.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2522.

EHIGH COUNTY, act to regulate pay of jurors in counties of Berks and Lehigh, to repeal, so far as it applies to

House Bill No. 439
Read in place in House by Mr. Reno, 777.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 777.
Reported without amendment, 1016.
First reading, 1090.

LEHIGH COUNTY—Continued.
Second reading, 1373.
Third reading and final passage, 1680.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2312.
Signed by Speaker, 2588.

In Senate (No. 659)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1667.
Reported without amendment, 1963.
First reading, 2182.
Second reading, 2212.
Third reading and final passage, 2270.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2522.

LEHIGH COUNTY, to repeal second section of act relating to pay of commissioners, auditors and jurors of

House Bill No. 440
Read in place in House by Mr. Reno, 776.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 776.
Reported without amendment, 1016.
First reading, 1090.
Second reading, 1373.
Third reading and final passage, 1681.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2311.
Signed by Speaker, 2588.

In Senate (No. 660)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1667.
Reported without amendment, 1963.
First reading, 2182.
Second reading, 2212.
Third reading and final passage, 2270.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2522.

LEH, OLIVER E., Representative from Second District, (Lehigh County),

Amendment offered by, to
House Bill No. 273, amending act regulating catching of fish in Delaware River below Trenton Falls, 2042.

Appointment of, as
Member of Soldiers' Orphans Commission, 73.

Bills introduced by
Standing committees, 83, 84.
Amending act relating to catching of fish in Delawere River below Trenton Falls, 567.
Amending act relating to fish within the waters of this Commonwealth, 123.
Authorizing Board of Fishery Commission to accept or purchase land under and surrounding waters for purpose of public fishing, 689.
Declaring bull frogs and certain species of turtle and terrapin and fresh water mussels, acquatic animals, valuable for food or commerce, 123.
Extending right of eminent domain to Commissioner of Fisheries for lawful purpose of Department of Fisheries, 688.
Repealing section 8 of act relating to fish in the waters within this Commonwealth, 122.
Requiring unnaturalized foreign born residents or sojourners to procure a license before fishing in this Commonwealth, 125.
Relating to tax in townships of first class for fire apparatus and for lighting, 473.
To transfer certain water to Commonwealth for public fishing, 688.

Bills reported by
No. 1156 (Senate Bill No. 1076)
Making appropriation to Children's Home of South Bethlehem, 2242.
No. 1157 (Senate Bill No. 1077)
Making appropriation to Home for Aged and Infirm Women at Easton, 2242.
No. 1158 (Senate Bill No. 1078)
Making appropriation to Easton Home for Friendless Children, 2242.
No. 1159 (Senate Bill No. 1079)
Making appropriation to Allentown Hospital, 2242.
No. 1160 (Senate Bill No. 1080)
Making appropriation to St. Luke's Hospital, located at South Bethlehem, 2242.

Election of, 44.

Leave of absence asked for, 190, 316.

Motion by, in
Reference to time of next meeting, 902.

LEH, OLIVER E.—Continued.
Motions by, to
Dispense with further reading of Journal, 359.
Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 273, amending act regulating catching of fish in Delaware River below Trenton Falls, 2024.
Resolutions, concurrent, offered by, in
Reference to investigation of Homeopathic Hospital for Insane at Rittersville, 390.
Reference to recalling from Governor House Bill No. 273, amending act regulating catching of fish in Delaware River below Trenton Falls, 1923.
Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

LEHIGH COUNTY HUMANE SOCIETY, located at Allentown, making appropriation for
Read in place in House by Mr. Reno, 105.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 105.

LEIPER certain moneys mistakenly paid by her into State Treasury, to refund to Margaret F. D.
House Bill No. 1070
Read in place in House by Mr. William Ward, Jr., 1028.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1028.
Reported with amendment, 2240.
First reading, 2335.
Second reading, 2411.
Third reading and final passage, 2772.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.
In Senate (No. 995)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2687.
First reading, 2708.
Second reading, 2914.
Third reading and final passage, 3081.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

LEISENRING, WM. A., Member of State Fisheries Commission, nominated, 23.

LEMBERGER, JOS. L., Trustee of State Asylum for Chronic Insane, at Wernersville, nominated, 24.

LENDING OF MONEY UPON PERSONAL PROPERTY, salaries and wages, to regulate
House Bill No. 632
Read in place in House by Mr. Edwin R. Cox, 1329.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 1329.
Reported without amendment, 1341.
First reading, 1414.
Second reading, 1539.
Third reading and final passage, 2058.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2947.
Signed by Speaker, 3183.
In Senate (No. 761)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2155.
Reported without amendment, 2456.
First reading, 2552.
Second reading, 2672.
Third reading and final passage, 2894.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3115.

LENGTH AT WHICH CERTAIN FISH MAY BE TAKEN, bill to amend act relating to fish so as to change (see fish).

LEONARD, late Sergeant in Captain J. H. Wilson's Company G, 17th Regiment, National Guard of Pennsylvania, by fixing annuity herein provided for, to amend act granting gratuity and an annuity to Patrick
Senate Bill No. 472
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Clark, 1226.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1226.
Reported without amendment, 1253.
First reading, 1325.
Second reading, 1425.
Third reading and final passage, 1440.
In House
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1471.

LESSEES OF COAL RIGHTS to remove overlying strata and deposit it on land adjacent to opening of mine, bill to permit (see mine).

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION on estates of intestates may be taken out before a notary public, justice of the peace or alderman, to provide that the preliminary steps in the taking out of
House Bill No. 226
Read in place in House by Mr. Wilson, 302.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 302.
Reported without amendment, 589.
First reading, 639.
Second reading and amended, 849.
Third reading and final passage, 1094.
In Senate
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1101.

LETTERS PATENT HAVE BEEN ISSUED prior to passage of said act, supplement to act restricting exercise of right of eminent domain by water companies providing that such act shall not apply to water companies for which (see water).

LETZKUS, OLLIE M., Representative from Sixth District, (Allegheny County),
Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.
Bills introduced by
Permitting certain baseball games on Sunday, 207.
Regulating sale of certain food which shall have been placed in cold storage, 134.
Relating to title to property which municipalities acquire by condemnation proceedings, 207
Supplement to act for government of cities of second class regulating traffic, 207.
Election of, 42.
Leave of absence asked for, 1238, 1610, 1825, 2184.
Motion by, to
Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 175, regarding title of property acquired by municipalities by condemnation proceeding, 646.
Petition presented by, from
Citizens of Allegheny County against reading of Bible in public schools, 775.
Sympathy of House extended to, 3649.
Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

LEVY AND SALE OF PROPERTY for rent, bills relating to (see rent).

LEVY OR SALE ON EXECUTION or distress for rent, bill to exempt dental furniture, tools and equipment leased, hired or conditionally sold from (see dental).

LEWIS, WM., H., nominated as Member of Commission to investigate and report in matter of surface support where anthracite coal has been or is to be removed, 1420.
Reported, 3265.
Confirmed, 3414.

LEWISTOWN HOSPITAL, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1017
Read in place in House by Mr. Kelley, 134.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 134.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2333.
Second reading, 2402.
Third reading and final passage, 2756.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.
In Senate (No. 947)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2685.
First reading, 2706.
Second reading, 2910.
Third reading and final passage, 3072.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

LEWISTOWN HOSPITAL, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Manbeck, 130.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 130.

LIABILITIES OF EMPLOYERS for injuries to employes, bill relating to (see employers).

LIABILITIES OF PARTIES TO CONTRACTS for labor and materials, bill to amend act relating to rights and (see contracts).

LIABILITY A CORPORATE SURETY may undertake in any single obligation, bill to regulate the amount of (see surety).

LIABILITY BILL, petitions presented favoring (see petitions).

LIABILITY FOR DEBTS, bills relating to insolvency and to (see insolvency).

LIABILITY OF DIRECTORS OF BANKS, other than National banks, banking companies, savings banks, savings institutions and trust companies for losses incurred by any depositor or stockholder thereof, bill to define (see directors).

LIABILITY OF EMPLOYER to make compensation for injuries received by an employe and establishing elective schedule of compensation, bill to prescribe (see employer).

LIABILITY OF MEMBERS OF JOINT STOCK COMPANIES and limited partnerships arising from technical defects in statement of articles of organization, to regulate individual

Read in place in House by Mr. Bentley, 1116.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1116.

LIABILITY OF RAILROAD COMPANIES for loss or damage by fire, bill to declare (see railroad).

LIABILITY OF TRUSTEES, assignees, receivers or other non-judicial officers who fail to obey provisions thereof, bill to amend act to aid Auditor General in collection of taxes from corporations by providing for personal (see taxes).

LIABILITY TO TAXATION, bill to exempt property of fair associations from (see fair associations).

LIBELLANT IN ALL PROCEEDINGS FOR DIVORCE on ground of desertion to testify to fact of desertion and efforts made to induce respondent to return and resume marital relations, bill to enable (see divorce).

LIBRARIAN AND MESSENGER IN STATE LIBRARY, bill to fix salaries of Second Assistant State (see State Librarian).

LIBRARIES AND BRANCH LIBRARIES, bill to provide for establishment, maintenance and regulation of free public non-sectarian

Senate Bill No. 137

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox, 149.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 149.

Reported without amendment, 282.

First reading, 359.

Laid over in its order, 386.

Second reading and amended, 408.

Third reading and amended, 459.

Final passage, 491.

Returned from House with amendment, 3151.

Concurred in House amendment, 3151.

In House (No. 800)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 584.

Reported with amendment, 1758.

First reading, 1832.

Second reading, 2136.

Third reading and final passage, 3229.

Returned from Senate with House amendment concurred in, 3309.

LIBRARIES WITHOUT GUARANTY therefor by the city, bill to amend act relating to free public libraries in cities of third class authorizing school districts of said cities to contract for maintenance of free non-sectarian public (see cities).

LIBRARY FOR USE OF COUNTY OF DAUPHIN, bill to repeal act relative to purchase of a Law (see Dauphin).

LICENSE and regulate the business of private detectives and detective agencies, bill to (see detective).

LICENSE BEFORE FISHING in this Commonwealth, bill to require unnaturalized foreign born residents or sojourners to procure a (see fishing).

LICENSE BEFORE HUNTING, bill to require all citizens of United States residing within Pennsylvania to procure a (see hunting).

LICENSE BILL, petitions presented against brewers' and distillers' (see petitions).

LICENSE CHIROPODISTS, bill to regulate practice of chiropody and to (see chiropody).

LICENSE FEE, bill to amend act relating to motor vehicles by increasing (see motor vehicles).

LICENSE FEES BETWEEN MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS and certain companies so as to apply to street railway companies, supplement to act regarding reasonableness of amount of (see fees).

LICENSE FEES, bill to amend act relating to sale of oleomargarine, butterine and other similar products by reducing amount of (see oleomargarine).

LICENSE FEES, bill to permit county treasurers not paid by salary to retain one-half of one per centum from moneys received from liquor (see county).

LICENSE LAW, the barbers' (see barbers').

LICENSE TAX, bills relating to mercantile (see tax).

LICENSE TAX FOR OUTDOOR ADVERTISING, bills relating to (see advertising).

LICENSE TO OPTICIANS or others who are not graduates in medicine, petition from Pennsylvania State Medical Society to withold the granting of any

In House by Mr. North, 145.

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 145.

LICENSE TO PRACTICE OSTEOPATHY, bill to amend act regulating practice of osteopathy by providing for issuing of certificates for (see osteopathy).

LICENSES AND LICENSE FEES for sale of liquors, bills relating to (see liquor and liquors).

LICENSES and to promote uniformity between States of United States in reference thereto, bill to regulate marriage and marriage (see marriage).

LICENSES, bill to regulate use of billiard and pool tables and rooms, shooting gallaries, shuffle boards, and bowling alleys and to provide for granting of (see billiard).

LICENSES, bill to regulate use of billiard, pool and bagatelle tables in cities of first class and provide for granting of (see cities).

LICENSES, bills relating to mercantile (see mercantile).

LICENSES FOR NON-RESIDENT HUNTERS and unnatualized, foreign-born, resident hunters, bill to amend act relating to (see hunters).

LICENSES FOR TENEMENT HOUSES in cities of first class shall be procured from Bureau of Health, bill to amend act so that (see cities).

LICENSES GIVEN BY SAID BUREAU, bill to provide a Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure and for revocation or suspension of (see medicine).

LICENSES IN CERTAIN BOROUGHS, including West Newton and Mount Pleasant, bill to repeal so far as it relates to borough of West Newton in Westmoreland County act to prohibit issuance of (see West Newton).

LICENSES IN CITIES OF FIRST CLASS for sale of liquors and fixing proportion of number of such licenses to number of inhabitants thereof, bill relative to granting of (see cities).

LICENSES IN FREEPORT, ARMSTRONG COUNTY, or within two miles of same, to repeal act to prohibit issuing of

Read in place in House by Mr. Kelsey, 846.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 846.

LICENSES IN FREEPORT, ARMSTRONG COUNTY, petitions presented for repeal of act to prohibit issuing of (see petitions).

LICENSES OF SECOND OFFENDERS, bill to amend act relating to licensing of those engaged in sale of milk in cities of first class by providing for revocation of (see cities).

LICENSES TO BE PAID BY CIRCUSES, menageries and museums, to amend act relating to licensing of places where certain performances are held by fixing amount of

Read in place in House by Mr. Richard J. Baldwin, 527.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 527.

LICENSES TO MARRY, to regulate issuance of

Senate Bill No. 133

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Powell, 118.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 118.

Reported without amendment, 282.

First reading and recommitted to Committee, 359.

Re-reported without amendment, 1254.

Second reading, 1324.

Recommitted to Committee, 1423.

Re-reported with amendment, 1435.

Third reading and final passage, 1585.

Returned from House with amendments, 3150.

Concurred in House amendments, 3150.

Signed by President pro tempore, 3275.

LICENSES TO MARRY—Continued.
In House (No. 804)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1678.
Reported without amendment, 1758.
First reading, 1832.
Second reading and amended, 2143.
Third reading and final passage, 3230.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 3309.
Signed by Speaker, 3496.
Remarks on, by
Dershem, 3230.
Richards, 3230.

LICENSING AND REGISTRATION OF MIDWIVES, bill to regulate practice of midwifery and provide for (see midwifery).

LICENSING PRIVATE BANKING in Pennsylvania, bill to provide for (see banking).

LICENSING EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES in cities of first and second class, bill to amend act providing for (see employment).

LICENSING IN CITIES OF FIRST CLASS of dramatic performances and places used for same, bills relating to (see cities).

LICENSING OF INSURANCE AND SURETY COMPANIES and for licensing and regulation of insurance agents and insurance brokers, bill to establish Insurance Department and providing for (see insurance).

LICENSING of all dramatic, theatrical or operatic performances and exhibitions of various kinds for amusement of public, bill to regulate (see amusement).

LICENSING OF AVIATORS FLYING IN PUBLIC in this Commonwealth, bill to provide for (see aviators).

LICENSING OF BREWERS AND DISTILLERS, to regulate
Senate Bill No. 506
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Kline, 1419.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1419.
Reported without amendment, 1431.
First reading, 1451.
Second reading, 1604.
Over in its order, 1666, 1718.
Third reading and final passage, 1812.
Returned from House with amendments, 2607.
Non-concurred in House amendments, 2608.
Returned from House with adherence to its amendments, 3462.
Remarks on, by
McIlhenny, 2608.
Heacock, 2608.
Herbst, 3377.
In House (No. 906)
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1933.
Reported with amendment, 2184.
First reading, 2383.
Second reading and amended, 2509.
Special order for consideration, 2569.
Third reading and final passage, 2580.
Returned from Senate with House amendments non-concurred in,
Returned from Senate with adherence to its non-concurrence in Senate amendments, 3470.
Motion for House to recede from its amendments defeated, 3470.
Remarks on, by
Matt, 2509, 2510, 2582, 2583.
Schad, 2509, 2583, 2584.
Allen, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2584, 2585.
Robinson, 2510, 2583, 2584, 2585, 3470.
Moses, 2510, 2583.
Speer, 2510, 2511.
Rockwell, 2511, 1580, 2581, 3470.
Reno, 2581, 2584.
Ailman, 2581.
Scott, S. B., 2581, 3470.
Snyder, P. W., 2581, 2582.
Dershem, 2583.
Holland, 2586.

LICENSING OF CERTAIN PLACES OF AMUSEMENT, bill regulating (see amusement).

LICENSING OF NEUROPATHS in this State, bill to provide for (see Neuropathy).

LICENSING OF OPTOMETRISTS, bill to provide for examining and (see optometry).

LICENSING OF PERSONS engaged in keeping of infant children under age of three years for hire, reward or otherwise in cities of third class, bill to provide for (see cities).

LICENSING OF STALLIONS AND JACKS, bill to require (see horses).

LICENSING of those engaged in selling agricultural products on commission, bill to provide for the (see agricultural).

LICENSING OF TRAVELING THREATRICAL COMPANIES, to regulate
House Bill No. 618
Read in place in House by Mr. Breitinger, 303.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 303.
Reported without amendment, 1340.
First reading, 1413.
Second reading, 1536.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 2020.
Remarks on, by
Maurer, 2020.
Breitinger, 2020.
Rockwell, 2020.

LICENSING OR SUPPRESSION OF BILL BOARDS, signs and other outdoor advertising, bill concerning (see outdoor).

LIEN FOR MAINTENANCE OF BURIAL LOTS and to appoint trustee to hold such money for such purpose, bill to authorize courts of common pleas to discharge lands bound by (see burial).

LIEN OF ANY RECOGNIZANCE OR MORTGAGE on real estate in certain cases, to provide for the termination of the
House Bill No. 247
Read in place in House by Mr. Alter, 134.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 134.
Reported with amendment, 590.
First reading, 640.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 1049.

LIEN OF DEBTS NOT OF RECORD against estates of decedents, except certain conditions to be compiled with, to preserve
Read in place in House by Mr. Alter, 2248.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2248.

LIEN OF MORTGAGES, bill relating to priority of (see mortgages).

LIEN UPON FRANCHISES AND PROPERTY of corporations, bills relating to (see corporations).

LIEN UPON PROPERTY under certain conditions, bills constituting benefits derived from municipal improvements (see improvements).

LIENS, amending, by changing method of service, act relating to
House Bill No. 171
Read in place in House by Mr. Stein, 231.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 231.
Reported without amendment, 435.
First reading, 585.
Second reading, 591.
Third reading and amended, 644.
Final passage, 726.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 1343.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 1343.
Signed by Speaker, 1459.
Vetoed by Governor, 1920.
Sustained Governor's veto, 1921.
Remarks on, by
Robinson, 644.
Stein, 644.
In Senate (No. 418)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 713.
Reported with amendment, 1002.
First reading, and recommitted to Committee, 1080.
Re-reported without amendment, 1173.
Second reading, 1208.
Third reading and final passage, 1229.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 1422.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1436.

LIENS FOR TAXES and for municipal improvements and for removal of nuisances by changing requirements as to signature and affidavit to claims filed under said act, to amend act relating to

Senate Bill No. 823

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McIlhenny, 2526.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2526.
Reported without amendment, 2604.
First reading, 2927.
Second reading, 3155.
Dropped from calendar, 3269.

LIENS FOR TAXES, municipal improvements and removal of nuisances by providing for filling of municipal claims where appeals are taken from assessment for recovery of which such claims are filed, to amend act relating to

House Bill No. 173

Read in place in House by Mr. Rath, 231.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 231.
Reported without amendment, 435.
First reading, 585.
Second reading, 593, 594.
Third reading and recommitted to Committee, 645.
Re-reported with amendment, 1780.
Third reading and final passage, 1847.
Returned from Senate with amendment, 2944.
Concurred in Senate amendment, 2944.
Signed by Speaker, 3182.

In Senate (No. 665)

Referred to Committee on
Reported without amendment from Committee on Judiciary General, 1963.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 2182.
Re-reported with amendment, 2524.
Second reading, 2667.
Third reading and final passage, 2892.
Returned from House with Senate amendment concurred in, 3046.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3114.

LIENS IN BOROUGHS, bill to provide for creation and regulation of municipal (see boroughs).

LIENS now held by Department of Internal Affairs, bill to provide for cancellation of certain (see cancellation).

LIENS ON PREMISES of such institutions for use of Commonwealth, bill to make appropriations to institutions not wholly managed by Commonwealth (see appropriations).

LIENS SHALL BE ALLOWED FOR TAXES, and for municipal improvements, and for removal of nuisances, amending act providing when

House Bill No. 119

Read in place in House by Mr. Malie, 209.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 209.
Reported without amendment, 314.
First reading, 336.
Second reading, 421.
Third reading and postponed for present, 448.
Remarks on, by
Scott, Samuel B., 448.

LIENS UPON LEGAL PRESUMPTION of payment thereof, bill relating to discharge of and release of lands from record charges (see release).

LIENS UPON MONUMENTS, mausoleums, markings, grave stones, copings or other ornamental constructions in and above cemeteries and grave yards for contract price thereof of balance due thereon, to secure and perpetuate

House Bill No. 838

Read in place in House by Mr. Shannon (by request), 1304.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1304.
Reported without amendment, 1947.
First reading, 2047.
Second reading, 2353.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR, concurrent resolution (Senate), in regard to time for joint session to compute vote for, by Wilbert, 6.
Resolution returned to House, 7.
Notification to Senate of appointment of teller by House, 7.
Vote presented to Senate, 7.
Committee of House escorts members of Senate to House to compute vote, 36.
Members of Senate return from House, 36.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR—Continued.

Teller's report to Senate of proceedings of joint session, 36.
Vote for shown, by counties, 38.
Summary of, 40.
Resolution concurred in by House, 50.
Appointment of teller by House, 50.
Committee to be appointed to conduct Senate to Hall of House to compute vote, resolution (House) authorizing, by Gransback, 52.
Appointment of said Committee by House, 52.
Committee reports to House and is discharged, 52.
Joint session held, 52.
Teller's report to House of proceedings of joint session, 53.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR ELECT, inauguration of, 70.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR, inaugural address of, 70.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR JOHN M. REYNOLDS for services rendered during the session, resolution (Senate) by Endsley, thanking, 3541.

LIFE INSURANCE, bills relating to (see insurance).

LIFE INSURANCE DEPARTMENTS, bill to permit Savings Banks to establish (see savings).

LIFE INSURANCE PREMIUMS, petitions presented against bill taxing (see petitions).

LIGHT, JEREMIAH H., Representative from Franklin County,

Amendment offered by, to

House Bill No. 315, to provide for better protection to game, game-quadrupeds and game birds, 888.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Granting pension of eight dollars a month to Sadie Biggs, 156.
Making appropriation for relief of certain persons who sustained damages during War of Rebellion, 156.

Bills reported by

No. 41 (Senate Bill No. 195)
Validating service and return of subpoena in certain divorce proceedings, 145.

No. 213 (Senate Bill No. 114)
Authorizing counties to pay State taxes on certain bonds for improvement of roads, 566.

No. 243 (Senate Bill No. 527)
Fixing salary of county engineer in certain counties, 590.

No. 347 (Senate Bill No. 724)
To further amend act to regulate indebtedness of municipalities, 735.

No. 385 (Senate Bill No. 226)
Amending act to provide for viewers to assess damages where streets are changed in grades or location by fixing number of viewers at three, 881.

No. 585 (Senate Bill No. 167)
Relating to treasurer's sale of land for taxes, 1303.

No. 603 (Senate Bill No. 829)
Further amending act providing for establishment of State Highway Department and for costs of improvement and maintenance of highways, 1339.

No. 710
Prohibiting incorporation by courts of common pleas of corporations formed to establish hospitals or other charitable institutions without approval of Board of Public Charities, 1609.

No. 820
Making properties peculiarly benefited by certain municipal improvements heretofore made liable for costs thereof, 1779.

Election of, 43.

Motion by, to

Adjourn, 1757.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Franklin County for Maurer Initiative and Referendum Bill, 471, 733.
Daughters of Liberty, Greencastle, Franklin County, for reading of Bible in public schools, 687.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

LIGHT, S. P., Trustee of State Asylum for Chronic Insane, at Wernersville, nominated, 24.

LIGHTING STREETS AND OTHER PUBLIC PLACES, bill to authorize commissioners of townships of second class to levy annual tax for fire apparatuses and for (see townships).

LIGHTNER, presentation of testimonial of House of Representatives at close of session to Jacob, 3652.

LIGHTS UPON VEHICLES, bills relating to display of (see vehicles).

LIME, hydrated lime and ground limestone for agricultural purposes, to regulate sale of

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Baldwin, 832.
Referred to Committee on Agricultural, 832.

LIMITED NUMBER OF CALLS, bill to provide for method of computing outgoing telephone messages where contract is for (see telephone).

LIMITED PARTNERSHIPS ARISING FROM TECHNICAL DEFECTS in articles of organization, bill to regulate individual liability of members of (see liability).

LINDSAY, FRED. B., Representative from Wyoming County,

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Authorizing Commonwealth to build bridges over certain rivers, in lieu of counties, 140.

Regulating owning, possession and use of ferrets, 391.

Bills reported by

No. 194 (House Bill No. 480)
Providing for notification of taxables in boroughs and townships, 525.

No. 274 (Senate Bill No. 559)
Empowering commissioners of first class townships to pave streets without petition of property owners, 714.

No. 315 (Senate Bill No. 560)
Providing for better protection and preservation of game, game-quadruples and game birds, 734.

No. 395
To further amend section 21 further supplement to act to provide revenue by taxation, 883.

No. 418 (Senate Bill No. 601)
Authorizing boroughs to lay out and maintain as public parks lands heretofore acquired outside of borough limits, 970.

No. 667
Authorizing Commonwealth to rebuild county bridges over navigable streams, 1469.

Election of, 45.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

LINDSAY, Judge of Juvenile Court of Denver, Colorado, on March thirteenth, resolution (House) by Marvin, in reference to granting use of Hall of House to Honorable Benjamin B., 486.

LINE BETWEEN SAID BOROUGHS, to authorize proper authorities of adjoining boroughs to determine dividing (see boroughs).

LINE FENCES BETWEEN LANDS of Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and improved lands of private persons, bill to require Commonwealth to build and maintain one-half of (see fences).

LINES BY CHANGING NUMBER OF SURVEYORS on the commission, to amend act relating to marking county

House Bill No. 591

Read in place in House by Mr. Matt, 717.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 717.
Reported without amendment, 1303.
First reading, 1411.
Second reading, 1530.
Third reading and final passage, 2015.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2947.
Signed by Speaker, 3183.

In Senate (No. 762)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2014.
Reported without amendment, 2456.
First reading, 2552.
Second reading, 2672.
Third reading and final passage, 2894.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3115.

LINES TO OPERATE THEIR RAILWAYS on certain streets without consent of municipal authorities of the borough, bill making it lawful for certain incorporated street railway companies for purpose of straightening its (see borough).

LINSEED OIL AND COMPOUNDS and imitations thereof, to regulate storage and sale of

House Bill No. 249

Read in place in House by Mr. Horace B. Dunn, 315.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 315.
Reported without amendment, 590.
First reading, 640.
Second reading and amended, 746.
Third reading and postponed for present, 827.
Resumed and passed finally, 2026.

Remarks on by,

Baldwin, 828.
Dunn, Horace B., 828.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2154.

LINSEED OIL, bill to prevent deception in sale of (see paint).

LIQUIDATION AND DISSOLUTION OF CORPORATIONS under supervision of Commissioner of Banking, bill to provide for (see corporations).

LIQUOR IS SOLD OR DISPENSED, bill to prevent treating in saloons and other places where (see treating).

LIQUOR LICENSE FEES, bill to permit county treasurer not paid by salary to retain one-half of one per centum from moneys received from (see county).

LIQUOR SELLERS AND DEALERS by providing that such dealers shall pay for use of Commonwealth increased annual license fee, to amend act relating to licensed wholesale

Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 1458.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1458.

LIQUOR SELLERS AND DEALERS, to amend, by increasing amount of annual license fee, act relating to wholesale

Read in place in House by Mr. Rockwell, 156.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 156.

LIQUORS and fixing proportion of number of such license to number of inhabitants thereof, bill relative to granting of licenses in cities of first class for sale of bill (see cities).

LIQUORS ARE SOLD, bill to prohibit minors from entering places where intoxicating (see minors).

LIQUORS ARE SOLD, to authorize judges of Courts of Quarter Sessions to make and enforce rules regarding opening and closing of bar rooms, beer gardens or other places where

Read in place in House by Mr. Rockwell, 303.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 303.

LIQUORS AT RETAIL, to fix maximum number of license to be granted in any county for sale of

Senate Bill No. 518

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wertz, 1419.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1419.
Reported without amendment, 1435.
First reading, 1605.
Second reading and amended, 1643.
Over in its order, 1720, 1813.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 1894.

Remarks on, by

Wertz, 1894.

LIQUORS by making it unlawful to grant license to applicant when number of qualified electors remonstrating exceeds number of qualified electors supporting application, to amend act relating to sale of

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Cooper, 541.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 541.

LIQUORS by permitting electors to determine by an election whether such license shall be prohibited, to further regulate granting of licenses for sale of

Read in place in House by Mr. Matt, 1398.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1398.

LIQUORS BY RETAIL, to fix maximum number of license to be granted in any city, borough or township for sale of

Read in place in House by Mr. Watts, 362.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 362.

LIQUORS IN CERTAIN BOROUGHS in Allegheny County, to repeal part of act, in regard to Borough of Rankin, prohibiting issuing of licenses to sell

House Bill No. 652
Read in place in House by Mr. William Connor, 111.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 111.
Reported without amendment, 1398.
First reading, 1629.
Second reading, 1543.
Third reading and amended, 1628.
Final passage, 1698.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1959.
Signed by Speaker,
Approved by Governor, 2189.

Remarks on, by
Connor, William, 1698.

In Senate (No. 615)
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1709.
Reported without amendment, 1717.
First reading, 1717.
Second reading, 1820.
Third reading and final passage, 1905.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2006.

LIQUORS IN CERTAIN TOWNSHIPS of Allegheny County, to repeal part of act relating to sale of intoxicating

House Bill No. 653
Read in place in House by Mr. Richards, 188.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 188.
Reported without amendment, 1398.
First reading, 1629.
Second reading, 1543.
Third reading and amended, 1850.
Final passage, 1955.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2570.
Signed by Speaker, 2845.

Remarks on, by
Kelly, M. Clyde, 1955, 1956.
Richards, 1956.
Stein, 1956.
Holland, 1957.
Abbott, 1957.

In Senate (No. 669).
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 1965.
Reported without amendment, 1999.
First reading, 1999.
Second reading, 2181.
Over in its order, 2210, 2272.
Third reading and final passage, 2447.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2654.

LIQUORS IN COUNTIES having between 100,000 and 250,000 inhabitants and providing for commission to grant licenses in such counties, to regulate sale of

Senate Bill No. 505
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McConnell, 1419.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1419.
Reported without amendment, 1431.
First reading, 1450.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 1603.
Re-reported with amendment, 1655.
Over in its order, 1718.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1811.
Recommitted to Committee, 2270.

LIQUORS IN FORCE at expiration of present session, to provide for compilation of all acts pertaining to sale of intoxicating

House Bill No. 648
Read in place in House by Mr. Schad, 1358.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1358.
Reported without amendment, 1398.
First reading, 1629.
Second reading, 1543.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 2258.

LIQUORS personal property and disposable as such, to make licenses for sale of

House Bill No. 604
Read in place in House by Mr. C. Victor Johnson, 1329.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1329.
Reported without amendment, 1340.
First reading, 1412.
Second reading, 2085.
Third reading and postponed for present, 2344.

LIQUORS, supplement, extending provisions of section 17 to unlicensed persons, to act relating to sale of certain

Read in place in House by Mr. Schofield, 252.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 252.

LIQUORS, supplement, extending provisions of section 17 to unlicensed persons, to act relating to sale of certain

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Knapp, 243.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 243.

LIQUORS, to amend act to restrain and regulate sale of

House Bill No. 650
Read in place in House by Mr. Schad, 527.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 527.
Reported without amendment, 1398.
First reading, 1629.
Second reading, 1543.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 2258.

Remarks on, by
Schad, 2258, 2259, 2260.
Wallace, 2258, 2259.
Rockwell, 2259.
Matt, 2259.
Shern, 2260.
Scott, S. B., 2260.

LIQUORS, to amend, by increasing amount of license fees, act relating to sale of

Read in place in House by Mr. Rockwell, 156.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 156.

LIQUORS, to amend section four of act to restrain and regulate sale of

Read in place in House by Mr. Connell, 688.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 688.

LIQUORS, to classify licensed dealers and to further regulate sale of

Read in place in House by Mr. Holland, 1082.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1082.

LIQUORS, to further regulate granting of licenses for sale of

House Bill No. 112
Read in place in House by Mr. Boyd, 123.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 123.
Reported with negative recommendation, 314.
Motion to place bill on calendar, 362.
Motion defeated, 473, 485.

Remarks on, by
Boyd, 473, 474.
Ulerich, 474, 475.
Speer, 475, 476.
Schad, 476, 477.
Ailman, 477, 478.
Flynn, 478.
Wallace, 478, 479, 480.
Klumpp, 480.
Rockwell, 480, 481, 485.
Meyer, 481.
Allen, 481.
Moses, 482.
Maurer, 482.
Snyder, Plymouth W., 482, 483, 484.
Kelly, M. Clyde, 484, 485.
Shannon, 485.
Lowe, 485.
McAleer, 485.
Gilkeson, 485.

LIQUORS, to give Court of Quarter Sessions additional authority to impose restrictions on licenses for sale of

Read in place in House by Mr. Lafferty, 1358.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1358.

LIQUORS to or among members of fraternal or beneficial orders, secret societies, clubs or organizations, to regulate the sale of

Read in place in House by Mr. Wilson, 391.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 391.

LIQUORS, to prohibit manufacture or sale of adulterated or misbranded alcoholic

Senate Bill No. 448

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Gerberich, 1100.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 1100.
Reported without amendment, 1173.
First reading, 1211.
Recommitted to Committee, 1234.

LIQUORS, to regulate further traffic in

Read in place in House by Mr. Hoover, 473.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 473.

LISTEN TO MESSAGES OVER TELEPHONE LINES, bill to prohibit others than telephone employes to (see telephone).

LITTLE, RALPH B., Member of Commission to build a State Hospital for Criminal Insane, nominated, 27.

Reported, 938.
Confirmed, 956.

LIVE PIGEONS IN CONTESTS OR MATCHES, bill to prohibit shooting at (see pigeons).

LIVESTOCK SANITARY BOARD by providing for organization of said Board and fixing salaries of Secretary and Treasurer thereof, bill to amend act establishing State (see State Livestock).

LIVESTOCK SANITARY BOARD for payment for diseased animals found in slaughter houses and for costs of inspection of animals brought from other States, providing appropriation to State

(Section No. 6) House Bill No. 1

Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 51.
Special committee appointed to consider bill, 52.
Reported without amendments, 52.
First reading, 52.
Special order for second reading, 52.
Second reading, 55.
Third reading, 62.
Final passage, 63.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 82.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 82.
Signed by Speaker, 85.
Partial veto by Governor, 93.
Governor's partial veto sustained, 94.

Remarks on, by

Dearden, 62, 63, 93.
Woodward, 63.

In Senate (No. 1)

Special committee appointed to consider bill, 57.
Reported without amendments, 61.
First reading, 62.
Recommitted to Special Committee, 62.
Re-reported as amended, 62.
Second reading, 65.
Third reading and final passage, 76.
Returned from House with amendments concurred in, 80.
Signed by President, 80.

LLOYD, WM. PENN, Member of Fiftieth Anniversary of Battle of Gettysburg Commission, nominated, 26.

Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

LOAN OF MONEY A MISDEMEANOR, to make usurious

Read in place in House by Mr. Edwin R. Cox, 154.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 154.

LOAN OF MONEY A MISDEMEANOR, making usurious

Senate Bill No. 353

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 490.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 490.
Reported without amendment, 788.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 842.

LOANS ON OR PURCHASE OF CAPITAL STOCK except in certain cases, bill amending and supplementing act relating to certain banking associations by prohibiting (see banking).

LOANS TO MINORS UNDER SIXTEEN YEARS OF AGE, bill to prohibit pawnbrokers or any employe from making (see pawnbrokers).

LOANS TO THEIR MEMBERS AND STOCKHOLDERS in order of application without bidding for same, bill to authorize Building and Loan Associations to grant (see Building and Loan).

LOBER, JOHN B., Trustee of State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Eastern Pennsylvania, at Spring City, nominated, 26.

LOCAL OPTION BILL, petitions presented for passage of State (see petitions).

LOCAL OPTION LAWS, petitions presented against repeal of (see petitions).

LOCK HAVEN HOSPITAL, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1177

Read in place in House by Mr. Kelsey, 154.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 154.
Reported with amendment, 2243.
First reading, 2340.
Second reading, 2426.
Third reading and final passage, 2808.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.

In Senate (No. 1096)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2662.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2713.
Second reading, 2921.
Third reading and final passage, 3100.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

LOCKING UP AND KEEPING CRIMINALS and disorderly persons, bill to amend act to provide for levying a tax to provide suitable building for (see tax).

LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEMAN BY RAILROAD COMPANIES, bill to promote safety of traveling public by regulating apointment of (see railroad).

LOCOMOTIVES AND CARS by providing further that any member of train crew shall be subject to said penalty, bill to amend act relative to obstructing of crossings of public roads by (see crossings).

LOCOMOTIVES IN CERTAIN CASES to have electric or power headlights, bill to require (see headlights).

LOGAN, ALBERT J., Member of Armory Board of State of Pennsylvania nominated, 26.

Reported, 940.
Confirmed, 956.

LORIMER to hold his seat in said body, resolution (House) by G. A. Baldwin approving resolution introduced in United States Senate for reopening of investigation as to right of William, 1409.

Resolution referred to Committee on Elections, 1409.

LOSS OF EYE-SIGHT, bill to provide for payment of pensions or gratuities to dependents afflicted with blindness or (see pensions).

LOSSES OF INSURANCE COMPANIES transacting business of insuring anyone against damage resulting from injury suffered by an employe or other person for which person insured is liable, bill to provide reserve for outstanding liability (see insurance).

LOSSES INCURRED BY ANY DEPOSITOR or stockholder thereof, bill to define liability of directors of banks other than National banks, savings institutions and trust companies for (see directors).

LOWE, L. L., Representative from Second District, (Westmoreland County),

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84.

Bills introduced by

Regulating sale and carrying of dangerous and deadly weapons, 1398.
To encourage apprehension of persons who shall have committed crime of murder, 776.
Validating all elections held to vote upon question of increasing indebtedness of municipalities, 315

Election of, 45.

Leave of absence asked for, 885.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 112, to further regulate granting of licenses for sale of liquors, 485.
House Bill No. 1287, amending act providing for personal registration of electors in cities of first and second class by changing registration days, 3248.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

LOWRY, MILTON W., Member of Board of Trustees of Pennsylvania State College, nominated, 23.

Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

LUCY M. BURD INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL, making appropriation to

Read in place in House by Mr. Gilkeson, 391.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 391.

LUMBER FROM ADJACENT LANDS, bill to authorize State Forestry Reservation Commission to grant right of way over forestry reserves for transportation of (see Forestry).

LUNACY, to provide that transactions in real estate under certain conditions shall not be affected by retrospective findings of commission in

Read in place in House by Mr. Wallace, 95.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 96.

LUNATIC AND SUCH LUNACY has continued for ten years, bill to extend jurisdiction of courts to grant divorces where either party subsequent eo marriage has become a hopeless (see divorces).

LUNATICS AND HABITUAL DRUNKARDS, bill to amend in regard to title to real estate, act relating to (see title).

LUNDY, making appropriation for refunding of collateral inheritance taxes erronesouly paid from Estate of Mary S.

Read in place in House by Mr. Hecht, 526.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 526.

LUNDY, making appropriation for refunding of collateral inheritance taxes erroneously paid from Estate of Mary S.

Senate Bill No. 82
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 117.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 117.
Reported without amendment, 241.
First reading and recommitted to committee, 274.
Re-reported without amendment, 2439.
Second reading, 2545.
Third reading and final passage, 2685.
Returned from House without amendment, 3049.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3275.

In House (No. 1350)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2843.
Reported without amendment, 3005.
First reading, 3006.
Second reading, 3015.
Third reading and final passage, 3200.
Signed by Speaker, 3496.

LUZERNE COUNTY, bill to amend, by authorizing judges of Court of Quarter Sessions of Luzerne County to appoint additional director of poor in certain boroughs, act relating to erection of a poor-house in Township of Wilkes-Barre, (see poor-house).

LYING-IN CHARITY HOSPITAL, Philadelphia, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1066
Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 415.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 415.
Reported with amendment, 2240.
First reading, 2335.
Second reading, 2410.
Third reading and final passage, 2771.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.

In Senate (No. 991)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2708.
Second reading, 2913.
Third reading and final passage, 3080.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

LYING-IN CHARITY HOSPITAL, Philadelphia, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 402.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 402.

LYNCH, THOMAS J., Water Supply Commissioner, nominated, 23.

Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

LYNETT, E. J., nominated as Member of Commission to investigate and report in the matter of surface support where anthracite coals has been or is to be removed, 1420.

Reported, 3265.
Confirmed, 3414.

MACHINERY, bill to amend act authorizing chattel mortgages upon iron and steel so as to authorize chattel mortgages of not less than $100 on all kinds of (see mortgages).

MACHINES IN CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, bill to regulate using of automatic vending (see cities).

MADDUX, D. P., Member of Board of Medical Examiners, representing Homeopathic Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania, nominated, 25.

Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

MAGEE, deceased, bill to refund to Elizabeth Steel Magee Hospital collateral inheritance tax paid out of its funds by Estate of Christopher L. (see Elizabeth).

MAGEE, GEORGE W., nominated as Trustee for State Institution for Feeble-Minded, at Polk. 3274.

Reported, 3385.
Confirmed, 3414.

MAGEE, WILLIAM ADDISON, Representative from Third District, (Allegheny County),

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 99.

Bills introduced by

Joint resolution, expressing the wish of the Citizens of Pennsylvania that the Panama Canal be fortified, 96.

Making appropriation to Children's Hospital of Pittsburg, 210.

Making appropriation to Historical Society of Western Pennsylvania, 171.

Making appropriation to The Improvement Children's Home of the City of Pittsburg, 171.

Making appropriation to Western Pennsylvania Institution for Blind at Pittsburg, 111.

Refunding to Elizabeth Steel Magee Hospital the collateral inheritance tax paid out of its funds, 111.

Election of, 42.

Leave of absence asked for, 778.

Petition presented by, from

Citizens of Allegheny County, favoring reading of Bible in public schools, 920.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 313, to provide for health and safety of persons employed in and about bituminous coal mines, 3523.

House Bill No. 729, to enable electors to express at November, 1911, election their preference for or against election of United States Senators by direct vote, 3040.

House Bill No. 1280, providing for extension of Capitol Park in City of Harrisburg, 3329.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

MAGISTRATE, bill to regulate payment of costs when a person charged with a crime is discharged by a (see costs).

MAGISTRATE FOR COURT No. 6, City of Philadelphia, Gustav Spiess nominated as, 1069.

Reported, 1074.
Confirmed, 1075.

MAGISTRATE TO FURNISH CERTAIN CERTIFICATES in judgments obtained against municipalities before aldermen and justice of the peace, bill to require (see judgments).

MAGISTRATE TO ISSUE SEARCH WARRANT to certain officers to prevent cruelty to animals, bill to authorize any (see animals).

MAGISTRATES, bill to repeal all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with provisions of act regulating fees to be charged by (see fees).

MAINTENANCE AND CHAMPERTY, bill relating to offences of barratry, (see barratry).

MAJOR GENERALS OF NATIONAL GUARD of Pennsylvania nominated, 27.

Reported, 939, 940.
Confirmed, 956.

MALE CHILDREN IN CERTAIN COUNTIES by extending limit of population to counties with between 300,000 and 1,200,000, bill to amend act relating to juvenile courts schools for (see schools).

MALIE, DANIEL A., Representative from Seventh District, (Allegheny County),

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Amending act relating to liens for taxes, municipal improvements and removal of nuisances by providing that only public property shall be exempt, 209.

Making appropriation to Avery College Trade School of North Side, Pittsburg, 172.

Relating to inspection of illuminating oil, kerosene, gasoline and benzine, 776.

Relating to sale of kerosene, naptha, gasoline and benzine, 776.

Validating bonds or other securities relating to increase of indebtedness in municipalities, 209.

Bills reported by

No. 20 (Senate Bill No. 338)

Amending and repealing act relating to court stenographers, 139.

No. 118 (Senate Bill No. 548)

Providing uniform rate of assessment and taxation on all real estate in cities of second class, 314.

No. 119

Amending act relating to liens for municipal improvements by providing that only public property shall be exempt, 314.

No. 152

Providing for examination of certain corporations maintained for benefical and protective purposes, 415.

No. 442 (Senate Bill No. 146)

Supplement to act relating to street paving in boroughs as regards petition and appeal, 1016.

No. 485 (Senate Bill No. 677)

To regulate use of billiard and pool and bagatelle tables in cities of first class, 1047.

No. 505

Relating to inspection of illuminating oil, kerosene, gasoline, benzine and other burning fluids, 1081.

No. 506

Relating to sale of kerosene, naptha, gasonline, benzine and other burning fluids, 1081.

No. 650

Amending act regulating sale of liquors, 1398.

No. 651

Prohibiting minors from being in any place where liquors are sold with intent to purchase same, 1398.

Election of, 42.

Motion by, in

Reference to time of next meeting, 113.

Motions by, to

Dispense with further reading of Journal, 3011.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 119, amending act relating to liens for municipal improvements by providing that only public property shall be exempt from any municipal claim, 448.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 136, providing for appointment of jury commissioners by judges of courts of common pleas of certain counties, 784, 785, 786.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

MAN THEIR TRAINS, bill to promote safety of employers and travelers by compelling railroads to properly (see railroads).

MANBECK, WILLIAM H., Senator from Thirty-First District (Mifflin, Juniata, Perry and Cumberland Counties),

Appointments of, on

Conference committee, 3151.

Special committee, 5.

Standing committees, 79, 80.

Bills introduced by

Authorizing Secretary of Agriculture to prepare and publish a report on insects of Pennsylvania, 665.

Making appropriation for building and laboratories for milling and testing grain and grain products, 267.

Making appropriation to Lewistown Hospital of Lewistown, 130.

Making appropriation to reimburse Gard C. Palm, late Captain of Company F, 208th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, 150.

Providing for erection of monument in Silver Spring Church Cemetery, 340.

MANBECK, WILLIAM H.—Continued.

Relating to suits against corporations upon bonds in which they have become surety, 130.

To promote agriculture by protecting bees and providing for inspection of apiaries, 1900.

To provide for purchase by Commonwealth of land upon which Fort Washington, Cumberland County, was constructed, 1854.

To validate certain elections upon question of increasing indebtedness of incorporated districts or municipalities and all bonds issued pursuant to such election since April 29, 1903, 1254.

Bills reported by

No. 54 (House Bill No. 190)

Amending act relating to State Board of Agriculture, 240.

No. 413 (House Bill No. 1283)

Amending act providing for appointment of game commissioners by providing for increase in number of game protectors, 995.

No. 523 (House Bill No. 166)

Authorizing Secretary of Agriculture to extend work of his Department so as to connect with it a system of outdoor or field instruction, 1435.

No. 586 (House Bill No. 324)

To require fire drills in public schools, 1656.

No. 624 (House Bill No. 335)

To encourage breeding of horses and to regulate public service of stallions and jacks, 1797.

No. 673 (House Bill No. 130)

Regulating sale of certain seeds and providing for selection of samples thereof and their examination by Department of Agriculture, 2001.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Cumberland County for reading of Bible in public schools, 1253.

Citizens of Juniata County for amendments to oleomargarine law, 1417.

Citizens of Juniata County for Jones Road Bill and Ailman teachers' salary bill, 1545.

Citizens of Mount Holly Springs against excise commission bill and brewers' and distillers' license bill, 1545.

Citizens of Perry County against tax on mutual fire insurance companies, 1417.

Citizens of 31st Senatorial District for mutual fire insurance bill, 2263.

First United Brethren Church of Mechanicsburg against excise commission bill and brewers' and distillers' license bill, 1545.

Lieutenant David Grib Post No. 188, Department G. A. R., for soldiers' pension bill, 1417.

Post No. 134, G. A. R. of Mifflintown for soldiers' pension bill, 1545.

Post No. 201, G. A. R. of Carlisle for soldiers' pension bill, 1545.

Post No. 371, G. A. R. of Newville for soldiers' pension bill, 1545.

Young People's C. E. Society of First United Brethren Church of Mechanicsburg against excise commission bill and brewers' and distillers' license bill, 1545.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by

Authorizing printing of report upon insects found in State of Pennsylvania, 340.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 71.

MANGOLD amount paid for notary public commission, authorizing State Treasurer to refund to Andrew

Senate Bill No. 650

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 1854.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1854.
Reported without amendment, 1900.
First reading, 2013.
Second reading, 2180.
Third reading and final passage, 2209.
Returned from House without amendment, 3043.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3277.

In House (No. 1279)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2247.
Reported without amendment, 2473.
First reading, 2561.
Second reading, 2838.
Third reading and final passage, 2992.
Signed by Speaker, 3494.

MANNION, JOHN F., Representative from Fifth District, (Lackawanna County),

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Election of, 43.

Bills introduced by

Amending act authorizing erection of poor house by City of Carbondale so as to increase real estate holdings of said poor district, 315.

Making appropriation to Carbondale Hospital Association, 157.

Bills reported by

No. 593 (Senate Bill No. 277)

Validating certain elections of municipalities and bonds issued pursuant thereto, 1303.

No. 1257 (Senate Bill No. 640)

Relating to receipts or certificates issued by owners of bonded distillery warehouses, special bonded warehouses and bonded warehouses, 2323..

Election of, 43.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Lackawanna County for Maurer Initiative and Referendum Bill, 565, 687, 845.

School teachers of Carbondale favoring tenure of office and teachers' auxiliary bill, 970.

School teachers of Scranton favoring tenure of office and teachers' auxiliary bill, 1081.

St. Bonifacius Society of Lackawanna County, to prohibit lascivious and indecent plays, 687.

Scranton Teachers' League favoring tenure of office and teachers' auxiliary bill, 845, 970.

Resolutions, concurrent, offered by, in reference to

Appointment of commission to investigate coal mining conditions in Europe, 1676, 2184.

Committee to investigate mine fire at Carbondale, 99.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

MANUFACTURE OR OFFERING FOR SALE of certain dangerous kinds of matches, bill to prohibit (see matches).

MANUFACTURING CORPORATIONS, bill to amend act relating to incorporation of certain corporations by modifying provisions requiring consent of stockholders to sale of real estate by (see corporations).

MANUFACTURING PURPOSES to hold real estate necessary for manufacturing purposes, to authorize companies incorporated under laws of any other State for

House Bill No. 772

Read in place in House by Mr. McClung, 820.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 820.
Reported without amendment, 1747.
First reading, 1830.
Second reading, 2128.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 3029.

Remarks on, by

Baldwin, R. J., 3029.

MANURE OR ADD ANY OTHER MATTER other than the manure to increase its weight for purpose of cheating purchaser, making it a misdemeanor to water

Read in place in House by Mr. Richard J. Baldwin, 1082.

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 1082.

MANZER, HENRY F., Trustee of State Hospital of Northern Anthracite Coal Region, at Scranton, nominated, 25.

Reported, 938.

Confirmed, 956.

MAP OF PENNSYLVANIA heretofore issued by Department of Internal Affairs, to provide for publication and distribution of a revised edition of railroad

House Bill No. 83

Read in place in House by Mr. Bender, 115.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 115.
Reported without amendment, 251.
First reading, 320.
Second reading, 325.
Third reading and final passage, 392.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 696.
Signed by Speaker, 718.
Approved by Governor, 922.

MAP OF PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

In Senate (No. 194)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 388.
Reported without amendment, 487.
First reading, 563.
Second reading, 627.
Third reading and final passage, 667.
Signed by President,

MAP WHICH FIXED BOUNDARIES of State in 1685, bill making appropriation for purchase of Wm. Penn's own copy of (see Penn's).

MAPS OF EACH OF THE SEVERAL COUNTIES so as to reduce number of said maps to be published and limiting free distribution of same, to amend act relating to publication of warrantee tract

House Bill No. 232

Read in place in House by Mr. Alter, 416.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 416.
Reported without amendment, 590.
First reading, 639.
Second reading, 744.
Third reading and final passage, 824.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1958.
Signed by Speaker, 2049.
Approved by Governor, 2557.

In Senate (No. 572)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 837.
Reported without amendment, 1632.
First reading, 1744.
Second reading, 1818.
Third reading and final passage, 1902.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2005.

MAPS OF LINES AND WORKINGS along division line, bill to require owners, lessees or operators of bituminous coal or clay mines to furnish owners or lessees of adjoining coal or clay lands with (see mines).

MARINE INSURANCE COMPANIES and for regulation of home and foreign fire and marine insurance companies, bill to provide for incorporation of fire and (see insurance).

MARITIME PORT FACILITIES, bill making appropriation for improvement of (see port).

MARKERS FOR GRAVES OF SOLDIERS AND SAILORS by extending its provisions to widows of soldiers and sailors, bill to amend act relating to metal (see graves).

MARKLETON GENERAL HOSPITAL, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 990

Read in place in House by Mr. Welch, 155.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 155.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2332.
Second reading, 2398.
Third reading and final passage, 2747.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.

In Senate (No. 920)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2685.
First reading, 2705.
Second reading, 2909.
Third reading and final passage, 3067.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

MARKLETON GENERAL HOSPITAL, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Endsley, 150.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 150.

MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE PROCEEDINGS, bill to provide for the return of statistics relating to annulment of (see divorce).

MARRIAGE AND MARRIAGE LICENSES and to promote uniformity between the States of United States in reference thereto, to regulate

Senate Bill No. 611

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Powell, 1418.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1418.
Reported without amendment, 1707.
First reading, 1822.
Recommitted to Committee, 1916.

MARRIAGE to provide for the return of statistics relating to

Senate Bill No. 111
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 130.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 130.
Reported without amendment, 281.
First reading, 357.
Recommitted to Committee, 384.

MARRIED MAN OR MARRIED WOMAN owning any real estate to convey the same to each other without joinder of the other in the deed or conveyance, to enable a
Read in place in House by Mr. W. J. Campbell, 391.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 391.

MARRIED WOMAN TO MAKE CONVEYANCE of real estate to her husband, to authorize a

House Bill No. 284
Read in place in House by Mr. North, 110.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 110.
Reported without amendment, 715.
First reading, 751.
Second reading, 873.
Third reading and final passage, 1200.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2025.
Signed by Speaker, 2588.

In Senate (No. 584)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1206.
Reported without amendment, 1633.
First reading, 1745.
Second reading, 1819.
Over in its order, 1904.
Third reading and final passage, 2001.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2521.

MARRY, bill to regulate issuance of licenses to (see licenses).

MARSHAL, bill to create office of State Fire (see Fire).

MARSHAL to be attached to Department of Public Safety in cities of first class, bill to create office of Fire (see cities).

MARSHALL, C. J., nominated as Member of Advisory Board of State Department of Health, 1893.
Reported, 1894.
Confirmed, 1895.

MARSHALL, CLARENCE J., State Veterinarian of Department of Agriculture, nominated, 92.
Reported, 183, 3418.
Confirmed, 3464.

MARTIN, A. L., nominated as Deputy Secretary of Agriculture, 1800.
Reported, 1853.
Confirmed, 1895.

MARTIN, JOHN M., Representative from Mercer County,

Amendments offered by, to
House Bill No. 57, repealing act relating to Union School House in Borough of Mercer, 234.
House Bill No. 290, authorizing road supervisors to subscribe to not more than three publications regarding good roads, 874.
House Bill No. 409, providing for transportation to and from public schools at expense of school district under certain conditions, 1366, 1625.

Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84.

Bills introduced by
Empowering State Highway Department to improve highways not exceeding one mile in length, 98.
Making appropriation to Greenville Hospital, 124.
Making appropriation to Grove City Hospital, 210.
Making appropriation to Trustees of Grove City College, 252.
Making it the duty of township supervisors to keep in repair certain neglected graveyards, 472.
Providing for satisfaction of judgments and mortgages, 142.
To prohibit trespassing on right of way of railroad and electric railway companies, 96.
To provide for erection in rotunda of State Capitol of statue of Major General George Gordon Meade, 1282.
To provide transportation of children to and from public schools under certain conditions, 98.
To repeal an act authorizing the citizens of Mercer to erect a Union School House, 96.

Election of, 44.

MARTIN, JOHN M.—Continued.

Leave of absence asked for, 135, 316, 1780.

Motion by, to
Dispense with further reading of Journal, 250.

Petitions presented by, from
Citizens of Mercer County against brewers' and distillers' license bill, 1779, 1825, 2349.
Citizens of Mercer County against excise commission bill, 1747, 1779, 1825, 2184, 2349.
Citizens of Mercer County, against commission form of government, 389.
Citizens of Mercer County against Halferty Oleomargarine Bill, 2184.
Citizens of Mercer County against increasing tax on life insurance premiums, 1609.
Citizens of Mercer County for Ailman Minimum Salary Bill, 1328.
Citizens of Mercer County for change in route of State Highway bill, 1747.
Citizens of Mercer County for Maurer Initiative and Referendum Bill, 525, 565, 687, 1047, 1328.
Citizens of Mercer County, for passage of school code, 389.
Irish Ridge Grange No. 1344, Patrons of Husbandry, for better telephone facilities, 207.
Lake Grange No. 1346, Patrons of Husbandry, for better telephone facilities, 187.
Perry Grange No. 585, Mercer County, for better telephone facilities, 207.

Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 138, authorizing election of tax collectors in boroughs and townships, 569.
House Bill No. 512, regulating compensation of tax collectors in boroughs and townships, 2937.
House Bill No. 1263, making appropriation to Temple University of Philadelphia, 3004.

Resolution offered by
Congratulating Pennsylvania delegation in Congress for support of measure relating to election of United States Senators by direct vote, 1408.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

MARTIN, WILLIAM A., Senator from Thirty-third District, (Adams and Franklin Counties),

Amendment offered by, to
Senate Bill No. 732, to promote agriculture by protecting bees and providing for inspection of apiaries, 2548.

Appointments of, on
Conference committee, 3151.
Special committees, 5.
Standing committees, 79, 80.

Bills introduced by
Authorizing Trustees of Pennsylvania State Library to maintain Reference Bureau, 777.
Making appropriation to reimburse Robert E. Wible, 222.
Refunding to H. J. Gulden, administrator of estate of Edward Gulden, expenses attending death of said Edward Gulden from smallpox, 904.
Regulating practice of medicine and surgery and establishing Board of Medical Examiners, 339.
To amend act relating to insolvency, 184.
To cede jurisdiction to United States over Hanover Public Road in County of Adams, 107.
To define and prohibit pandering, 608.
To protect trees and woodlands, 1454.

Bills reported by
No. 312 (House Bill No. 156)
Amending act relating to registration of veterinary surgeons, 701.
No. 409 (House Bill No. 584)
To authorize publication of report of late Doctor Leonard Pearson on discovery of foot and mouth disease, 995.
No. 673 (House Bill No. 130)
Regulating sale of certain seeds, 2265.
No. 717 (House Bill No. 336)
To provide for licensing of persons or firms engaged in selling agricultural products, 2217.
No. 732 (House Bill No. 1331)
To promote agriculture by protecting bees and providing for inspection of apiaries, 2265.

Correction of calendar made by
Regarding Senate Bill No. 312, amending act relating to registration of veterinary surgeons, 843.

MARTIN, WILLIAM A.—Continued.

Leave of absence asked for, 2885.

Motions by, for

Senate to appoint conference committee on Senate Bill No. 130, to regulate sale of certain seeds, 3151.

Senate Bill No. 407, providing for better protection of wild birds and game by requiring all citizens to procure license before using guns for hunting, to go over in its order, 1176.

Motions by, to

Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 523, authorizing Secretary of Agriculture to extend work of his Department so as to connect with it system of outdoor or field instruction, 2218.

Dispense with further reading of Journal, 267, 903, 1545. 1705, 1853, 2263, 2601, 3263.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 312, amending act relating to registration of veterinary surgeons, 801.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 485, to protect State forest reserves, 1429.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 523, authorizing Secretary of Agriculture to extend work of his Department so as to connect with it a system of outdoor or field instruction, 1721.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 717, providing for licensing of those engaged in selling agricultural products on commission, 2467.

Reconsider vote on Senate Bill No. 523, authorizing Secretary of Agriculture to extend work of his Department so as to connect with it system of outdoor or field instruction, 2218.

Resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 523, authorizing Secretary of Agriculture to extend work of his Department so as to connect with it system of outdoor or field instruction, 3289.

Suspend rule 39 to consider concurrent resolution thanking Mrs. Samuel G. Dixon for donation by means of which there has been erected on grounds of Pennsylvania State South Mountain Sanatorium at Mont Alto a Union Chapel, 3290.

Nomination of, for

President pro tempore, 4.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Adams County for resident hunters' license bill, 2263.

Citizens of Adams County for suffrage for women, 937.

Remarks by, on

Senate Bill No. 407, requiring all citizens to procure license before using guns for hunting, 2448.

Senate Bill No. 523, authorizing Secretary of Agriculture to extend work of his Department so as to connect with it a system of outdoor or field instruction, 2605.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by

Thanking Mrs. Samuel G. Dixon for donation by means of which there has been erected on grounds of Pennsylvania State South Mountain Sanatorium at Mont Alto a Union Chapel, 3290.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 71.

MARVIN, ALFRED, Representative from Pike County,

Acting Speaker, 1680.

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 77, relating to adoption of adult persons as heirs, 319, 1155, 1696, 2191.

House Bill No. 245, relating to right of eminent domain in certain cases for water companies, 745.

House Bill No. 268, requiring treasurers of mutual fire insurance companies to give a bond of not less than five thousand dollars, 862.

House Bill No. 280, to repeal section eight of act to classify fish in waters of this Commonwealth and prohibit unlawful devices for catching fish, 1218, 1785.

House Bill No. 288, requiring unnaturalized foreign-born residents or sojourners to procure license before fishing, 1219, 1834.

House Bill No. 315, to provide for better protection of game, game-quadrupeds and game birds, 886.

House Bill No. 433, amending act fixing salaries and providing for expenses of county commissioners, 1679.

House Bill No. 492, amending act to regulate catching of fish in Delaware River above Trenton Falls, 1485.

House Bill No. 876, amending act relating to fish and forbidding sale of unlawful devices for catching fish, 2371.

House Bill No. 877, providing for employment of convicted criminals on public work, 2371, 2377.

House Bill No. 902, amending act relating to motor vehicles, 2383.

Appointments of, on

Special committees, 50, 72.

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

MARVIN, ALFRED—Continued.

Bills introduced by

Amending act providing for protection of game and certain birds as it regards pheasants, 155.

Amending act regulating deposits of State funds, 526.

Amending first section of act relating to hunters' licenses by permitting justices of the peace to issue such licenses, 123.

Joint resolution appointing commission with a view of segregating State institutions for insane and criminals, 134.

Making appropriation to Department of Forestry to be used in rebuilding dam at Promised Land Pond in Pike County, 391.

Making appropriation to provide for making of facsimiles of ancient documents, papers, seals and arms belonging to Commonwealth, 846.

Making appropriation to State Highway Department for experiments in Pike County, 97.

Making appropriation to Water Supply Commission for protection of property at Lackawaxen, 96.

Providing for joint acquisition by Pennsylvania and New Jersey of certain toll bridges, 472.

Providing for joint acquisition by Pennsylvania and New York of certain toll bridges, 472.

Relating to adoption of adult persons as heirs, 155.

Repealing act relating to adoption of any person as heir, 1238.

To establish a State Experiment Farm, 96.

Bills reported by

No. 154 (Senate Bill No. 1242)

Providing for regulation of municipal liens, 415.

No. 186

Amending act relating to certain corporations by extending its provisions to petroleum companies, 436.

No. 187 (Senate Bill No. 93)

Repealing act relating to fees of justices of the peace, aldermen or magistrates, 436.

No. 244 (Senate Bill No. 134)

Validating acts performed by notaries public within three months after expiration of commission, 590.

No. 245

Relating to right of eminent domain being exercised by water companies, 590.

No. 304 (Senate Bill No. 533)

Supplement to act to increase pay of jurors and witnesses in this Commonwealth, 716.

No. 309

Regulating operation of certain quarries and providing for their inspection, 1758.

No. 334

Providing for report to Auditor General and escheat to Commonwealth under certain conditions of deposits of various kinds, 734.

No. 381 (Senate Bill No. 148)

Providing for appointment by district attorneys of certain counties of special detective officers and assistant special detective officers, 881.

No. 623

Providing for commission to investigate advisability of abolishing toll bridges, 1340.

No. 624 (Senate Bill No. 779)

Requiring sheriffs and other officers having charge of sale of property and franchises of corporations to notify Auditor General and read at such sale certificate to be furnished by him relative to liens for State taxes, bonus and other public accounts, 1340.

No. 799 (Senate Bill No. 266)

In relation to printing of appropriation bills in pamphlet laws, 1758.

No. 817 (Senate Bill No. 1199)

Joint resolution proposing amendment to Section 1, article 9 of Constitution of Pennsylvania, relating to taxation, 1779.

Election of, 45.

Leave of absence asked for, 324, 1017, 1780.

Member of Commission relating to Toll Bridges across Delaware River, nominated, 26.

Reported, 940.

Confirmed, 956.

Motions by, to

Adopt concurrent resolution relative to printing extra copies of Game, Fish and Forestry Laws, 190.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 102, relating to fees of sheriffs in certain counties, 446.

MARVIN, ALFRED—Continued.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 111, amending act relating to safety of persons employed in anthracite coal mines by increasing number of inspection districts, 446.

Recommit to Committee on Appropriations House Bill No. 24, fixing minimum monthly salaries of teachers in public schools, 161.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 77, relating to adoption of adult persons as heirs, 1155, 1696, 2191.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 288, requiring unnaturalized foreign-born residents or sojourners to procure a license before fishing in this Commonwealth, 1834.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Pike County against Hunters' License Law, 565.

Citizens of Pike County for Initiative and Referendum, 2015.

Citizens of Pike County, for State Local Option Law, 471, 589.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 24, fixing minimum monthly salary of teachers in the public schools, 161, 173.

House Bill No. 47, relating to maps of working along division lines of bituminous coal or clay mines, 202.

House Bill No. 73, establishing county associations of borough officers, 318.

House Bill No. 81, relating to payment of checks, demand drafts and savings bank orders after death of drawer, 568.

House Bill No. 96, regulating payment of any deposit made in names of two persons, 690, 691.

House Bill No. 110, to provide revenue by taxing express companies, 444.

House Bill No. 123, prohibiting certain cruelty to cows, 423.

House Bill No. 210, amending act relating to game by permitting killing of deer other than males with visible horns, 739, 740.

House Bill No. 216, amending act creating Department of State Police as regards salaries, 932.

House Bill No. 245, relating to right of eminent domain as regards appropriation of springs and land covered thereby by water companies, 826, 827.

House Bill No. 280, to repeal section eight of act to classify fish in waters of this Commonwealth and prohibit unlawful devices in catching same, 1218, 1219, 1489, 1785, 1786.

House Bill No. 288, requiring unnaturalized foreign-born residents or sojourners to procure license before fishing, 1219.

House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 1152.

House Bill No. 315, to provide for better protection for game, game-quarrupeds and game birds, 886, 887, 888.

House Bill No. 641, repealing act exempting pianos, melodeons and organs, leased or hired, from levy or sale on execution or distress for rent, and House Bill No. 643, repealing act exempting soda water apparatus or appurtenances thereto leased or hired from levy or sale on execution or distress for rent, 2346.

House Bill No. 678, amending act relating to trespass limiting land to which provisions of said act shall apply to cultivated and improved lands and to wood lot adjacent thereto and upon which seated land tax is paid, 2566.

House Bill No. 784, providing additional remedies for possession of property in case of non-payment of rent by tenant, 3031.

House Bill No. 875, defining public service companies and establishing Public Service Commission and abolishing Railroad Commission, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508.

House Bill No. 901, declaring liability of railroad companies for loss or damage by fire, 3001.

House Bill No. 902, amending act relating to motor vehicles, 2383.

Report by, of

Committee to notify Senate that House is organized, 52.

Report of Delaware River Toll Bridge Commission presented by, 253.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by, in

Reference to printing extra copies of Game, Fish and Forestry Laws, 157.

Reference to printing report of Delaware River Toll Bridge Commission, 253.

Reference to recalling House Bill No. 77, relating to adoption of adult persons as heirs, from Governor for amendment, 1026, 1468, 2015.

MARVIN, ALFRED—Continued.

Resolution, concurrent, reported by

Proposing amendment to section twenty-six of article five of Constitution of Pennsylvania, 200.

Resolutions offered by, in

Reference to notifying Senate that House of Representatives is ready for business, 50.

Reference to use of Hall of House by Judge Benjamin B. Lindsay, of Juvenile Court of Denver, 486.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

MARY M. PACKER HOSPITAL at Sunbury, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1210

Read in place in House by Mr. McMullen, 111.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 111.
Reported with amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2342.
Second reading, 2432.
Third reading and amended, 2819.
Final passage, 2994.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3491.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3491.
Signed by Speaker, 3588.

In Senate (No. 1218)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3043.
Reported without amendment, 3121.
First reading, 3178.
Second reading, 3301.
Third reading and final passage, 3389.
Returned from House with Senate amendment concurred in, 3408.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3539.

MARY M. PACKER HOSPTIAL at Sunbury, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McConnell, 90.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 90.

MASTER PLUMBERS, bill to require those engaged in plumbing or house drainage in cities of first class to register as (see cities).

MASTERS IN DIVORCE PROCEEDINGS, bills relating to appointment of (see divorces).

MASTERSON, LEE, C. E., Member of Advisory Board of Department of Health, nominated, 23.

Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

MATCHES, resolution presented in favor of safety matches and against use of parlor

From Philadelphia Chamber of Commerce in Senate, 1725.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1725.

MATCHES, bill to prohibit shooting at live pigeons in contests or (see pigeons).

MATCHES, to prohibit manufacture or offering for sale of certain dangerous kinds of

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 788.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 788.

MATERIAL FROM A BUILDING or for a building, bill to regulate piling or placing on any public highway of (see building).

MATERIAL MEN UNDER BONDS OF CONTRACTORS and sub-contractors on public work, bill to provide for security to laborers and (see contract).

MATERIALS AND OF ADJUSTING RIGHTS OF OWNERS in party walls, joint resolution for appointment of commission for purpose of investigating and reporting upon safe and proper construction of buildings and character of (see buildings).

MATERIALS, bills relating to rights and liabilities of parties to contracts for work and (see contracts).

MATERNITY HOSPITAL in City of Philadelphia, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1207

Read in place in House by Mr. Roney, 208.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 208.
Reported without amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2342.
Second reading, 2432.
Third reading and final passage, 2818.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.

MATERNITY HOSPITAL—Continued.

In Senate (No. 1126)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2663.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2714.
Second reading, 2923.
Third reading and final passage, 3107.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

MATT, JOHN T., Representative from Bedford County,

Amendment offered by, to

House Bill No. 833, reviving act to extend time during which corporations may hold and convey title to real estate heretofore bought under execution or conveyed to them in satisfaction of debts, 2353.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84.

Bills introduced by

Amending act classifying fish in the waters of this Commonwealth by defining what are trout streams, 1214.
Amending act relating to county lines by changing number of surveyors on the commission, 717.
Authorizing boroughs and townships to tax moving picture machines and places where same are operated, 921.
Making appropriation for monument to certain soldiers of Revolutionary War who were murdered by Indians near Saxton, Bedford County, 717.
Making county controllers and county auditors ineligible for re-election, 637.
Providing for aeration of milk and cream and of the cans, 315.
Regulating sale of cigarettes and cigarette paper, 567.
To further regulate granting of licenses for sale of liquors, 1398.
To repeal act increasing pay of jurors and witnesses in Bedford County, 1083.

Bill reported by

No. 228 (Senate Bill No. 410)

Amending act to designate uniform date when commissioners shall issue their precepts to assessors to make triennial assessments, 589.

Communication from Agricultural and Fruit Growers' Association presented by, 113.

Election of, 42.

Motions by, to

Drop from calendar House No. 807, providing for aeration of milk and cream, 2352.
Postpone indefinitely House Bill No. 600, regulating drivers and operators of all vehicles and persons riding or leading animals on public highways, 3526.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Bedford County, against Commission Form of Government for cities and boroughs, 278.
Citizens of Bedford County for abolishment of State Constabulary, 635.
Citizens of Bedford County for appropriation to pay school teachers for minimum term, 589.
Citizens of Bedford County for independent school districts, 1825.
Citizens of Bedford County for Jones Road Bill, 1397.
Citizens of Bedford County in favor of Maurer Initiative and Referendum and Recall Bill, 435, 589, 636, 1081, 1397.
Merchants of Luzerne County, for passage of mercantile tax repeal, 809.

Questions of information raised by, on

House Bill No. 180, regulating admission of minors to certain institutions for deaf, 694.
House Bill No. 665, amending act authorizing councils of incorporated boroughs to require paving of streets by fixing different portion of cost which may be assessed against abutting property where property on one side of street is exempt from assessment, 2305.
House Bill No. 695, to prevent frauds against carriers of passengers for hire, 2578.

Question of privilege raised by

Stating that Pink Bill No. 815, providing for aeration of milk and cream, was not presented by him, 392.

Remarks by, at

Memorial service for John Calvin Meyer, late Representative from Centre County, 2325.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 530, providing for taxation of gross receipts of fire insurance companies on business done in Pennsylvania, 2045.

MATT, JOHN T.—Continued.

House Bill No. 650, amending third section of act to regulate sale of liquors, 2259.
House Bill No. 688, permitting owners and lessees of coal rights to remove overlying strata and dump or deposit it on land adjacent to opening of mine, 3216.
House Bill No. 863, laying State tax on estates passing either by will or intestate laws or by deed or sale intended to take effect after death of bargainer or grantor, 3260.
House Bill No. 884, authorizing county commissioners to erect bridge for pedestrians only in lieu of wagon bridge under certain circumstances, 3357.
House Bill No. 906, regulating licensing of brewers and distillers, 2509, 2510, 2582, 2583.
House Bill No. 1287, amending act providing for personal registration of electors in cities of first and second class by further defining "party" and who may be appointed registrars, increasing terms of commissioners and changing registration days, 2962.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

MAURER, JAMES H., Representative from First District, (Berks County),

Amendment offered by, to

House Bill No. 784, providing additional remedies in case of non-payment of rent by tenant, 2130, 2131.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Amending act providing for licensing of engineers having charge of steam boilers by extending provisions to steam boilers of over five horse power, 1399.
Amending act regulating employment of labor by providing for election of a chief factory inspector quadrennially, 252.
Making null and void any waiver of benefit of act exempting property to value of $300 from levy and sale for rent, 304.
Providing for acquirement and operation by State of all privately owned coal lands and coal mines therein, 1401.
Providing for Initiative and Referendum powers in Pennsylvania on general, local, special and municipal legislation, 121.
Providing for payment of pensions to dependents afflicted with blindness or loss of eye-sight, 735.
Regulating qualifications of boiler inspectors in cities of second and third class, 1399.
Regulating sale of opium, morphine, absinthe, chloral, caffeine, nux vomica and certain other drugs or any preparations containing same except in natural quantities in tea and coffee, 1282.
To repeal act creating Department of State Police, 103.

Bill reported by

No. 454 (Senate Bill No. 210)

Providing that foreign corporations chartered under laws of any other State may hold real estate in this State, 1026.

Election of, 42.

Leave of absence asked for, 172, 324, 885.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 935, 2438.
Postpone for present House Bill No. 216, amending act creating Department of State Police, 847.

Nomination of candidate for United States Senator by, 50.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Berks County, for Department of State Police to be abolished, 775.
Citizens of Commonwealth, for Department of State Police to be abolished, 733.

Question of privilege raised by, in

Reference to certain remarks made by him at a convention, 778, 779.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 112, to further regulate granting of licenses for sale of liquors, 482.
House Bill No. 216, amending act creating Department of State Police as regards salaries, 928, 929, 933, 1700, 1701.
House Bill No. 258, to provide for pensioning of soldiers, sailors and marnes who served in Civil War, 1160.
House Bill No. 381, providing for appointment in certain counties of special detective officers and assistant special detective officers, 1354.

MAURER, JAMES H.—Continued.

House Bill No. 586, amending act relating to manufacture and sale of oleomargarine and butterine by further regulating its composition and sale and regulating licensing of manufacturers and dealers thereof, 2246.

House Bill No. 617, providing for mediation and arbitration of labor disputes, 2020.

House Bill No. 618, regulating licensing of traveling theatrical or operatic companies, 2020.

House Bill No. 627, providing for appointment by district attorney in counties having between 1,000,000 and 1,500,000 inhabitants of chief and assistant and special county detectives, 3607, 3608.

House Bill No. 729, to enable electors to express at November, 1911, election their preference for or against election of United States Senators by direct vote, 3039, 3040.

House Bill No. 784, providing additional remedies in case of non-payment of rent by tenant, 2130, 3030.

House Bill No. 855, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania so as to permit special legislation regulating labor, 2518.

House Bill No. 901, declaring liability of railroad companies for loss or damage by fire, 3002.

House concurrent resolution No. 8, relating to investigation of conditions in Westmoreland County coal fields, 822.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

MAXIMUM RATES FOR MOTOR VEHICLES conveying people for hire, bill to prescribe (see motor vehicles).

MAYER of Philadelphia for collateral inheritance tax erroneously paid upon estate of Julia Neill Mayer, deceased, to reimburse George Lewis

Read in place in House by Mr. Breitinger, 526.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 526.

MAYOR OF THE SEVERAL CITIES, bills relating to (see cities).

McAFEE, ROBERT, Secretary of the Commonwealth, nominated, 71.

Confirmed, 71.

McALEER, EUGENE J., Representative from Twenty-Fifth District, (Philadelphia County),

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 99.

Bills introduced by

Making appropriation to St. Luke's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia, 121.

Bills reported by

No. 108 (Senate Bill No. 325)

Amending act relating to monuments at county seats of certain counties, 301.

No. 483 (Senate Bill No. 803)

Providing for licensing and regulating private banking, 1028.

No. 495

Authorizing counties to appoint inspectors of distillates of petroleum, 1048.

No. 496

Regulating sale of distillates of petroleum, 1048.

No. 497

To raise revenue by subjecting to taxation certain real estate not heretofore taxable as such of public service corporations, 1048.

No. 498

To prevent use of oysters and clams unfit for food, 1048.

No. 502 (Senate Bill No. 162)

To authorize proper authorities of adjoining boroughs to fix dividing line between said boroughs, 1048.

No. 726 (Senate Bill No. 1196)

Amending act authorizing appointment of policemen in boroughs by regulating control of policemen when on duty, 1610.

No. 851 (Senate Bill No. 840)

To provide for support of National Guard of Pennsylvania and Naval Force of Pennsylvania for two years from June 1, 1911, 1948.

Election of, 45.

Motion by, to

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 858, providing for support of National Guard of Pennsylvania and Naval Force of Pennsylvania for two years beginning June 1, 1911, 2048.

McALEER, EUGENE J.—Continued.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Philadelphia County for reading of Bible in public schools, 471.

Citizens of Philadelphia County for recommitting of School Code, 920, 970.

Kearsage Council No. 922, Order of Independent Americans for recommitting of School Code, 920.

Young American Council No. 407 for recommitting of School Code, 970.

Presentation by, of

Testimonial of Chief Clerk Thomas H. Garvin at close of session, 3650.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 62, relating to amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania, 264.

House Bill No. 112, to further regulate granting of licenses for sale of liquors, 485.

House Bill No. 216, amending act creating Department of State Police as regards salaries, 931.

House Bill No. 255, relating to taxation of companies engaged in manufacture of gas, 859.

House Bill No. 384, establishing in each county a board of viewers, 1496.

House Bill No. 401, providing for examination, licensure and registration of those engaged in plumbing or house drainage in cities of first class, 2577.

House Bill No. 1287, amending act providing for personal registration of electors in cities of first and second class by changing registration days, 3247.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

McARDLE, JOSEPH H., Representative from Thirteenth District, (Philadelphia County),

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills reported by

No. 449 (Senate Bill No. 12)

To make uniform law of transfer of shares of stock in corporations, 1026.

No. 1256 (Senate Bill No. 619)

To quiet title to real estate and to enable citizens and corporations authorized to hold real estate to hold and convey title to real estate which has been held by corporations not authorized to hold same, 2323.

Election of, 44.

Leave of absence asked for, 921.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 1026, 2290.

Dispense with further reading of Journal, 2184, 2717.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

McCALEB, W. B., nominated as Member of Board of Game Commissioners, 151.

Reported, 165.

Confirmed, 169.

McCLAIN, address before House of Representatives by Ex-Speaker Frank B., 181.

McCLAIN, FRANK B., Trustee of Thaddeus Stevens Industrial School of Pennsylvania, nominated, 26.

Reported, 938.

Confirmed, 956.

McCLUNG, HORACE A., Representative from Fourth District, (Allegheny County),

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 203, declaring dense black or dense gray smoke within corporate limits of the several cities to be a nuisance excepting for certain periods, 1217.

House Bill No. 541, supplement to act for government of cities of second class creating a City Planning Department, 2046.

Appointments of, on

Conference committee, 3472.

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Amending act fixing salaries of clerks and employes in office of clerk of court of oyer and terminer and quarter sessions of the peace of certain counties, 188.

Amending act fixing salary of employes in office of register of wills of certain counties, 188.

Amending act for government of cities of second class by defining subjects of taxation, 232.

McCLUNG, HORACE A.—Continued.

Amending act relating to care of neglected children, 232.

Authorizing cities of second class to regulate emission of smoke from chimneys and smokestacks, 1350.

Authorizing companies incorporated under laws of any other State for manufacturing purposes to erect and maintain buildings and hold real estate, 820.

Establishing State Industrial Home for Women and regulating who shall be committed thereto, 146.

Making appropriation in aid of erection of memorial to commemorate founding of common school system, 590.

Making appropriation to Colored Women's Relief Association of Western Pennsylvania, 146.

Making appropriation to enable Secretary of Internal Affairs to purchase standard tests of weights and measures, 362.

Making appropriation to General and Emergency Hospital of Pittsburg, 109.

Making appropriation to Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburg, 109.

Making appropriation to Western Pennsylvania Hospital, 232.

Making appropriation to Western Pennsylvania Hospital for maintenance, 232.

Providing for appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures, 567.

Providing that corporations having right to receive deposits of money and do banking business and which have not exercised their corporate privileges within certain time shall be proceeded against by quo warranto to have their charter rights declared null and void, 1184.

Relating to nuisance of dense black or dense gray smoke within cities, 232.

Supplement to act for relief of deserted wives and children, 231.

To provide for purchase of standard tests of weights and measures by Secretary of Internal Affairs, 109.

To provide for treatment of acute and chronic insane, feeble-minded, epileptic and alcoholic and drug habitues, 1350.

Bills reported by

No. 221 (Senate Bill No. 581)

Providing for appointment of county and city inspectors of weights and measures, 566.

No. 1042 (Senate Bill No. 971)

Making appropriation to Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital and Dispensary of Pittsburg, 2239.

No. 1124 (Senate Bill No. 1047)

Making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital, 2241.

No. 1125 (Senate Bill No. 1048)

Making an appropriation to the Colored Women's Relief Association of Western Pennsylvania, 2241.

No. 1126 (Senate Bill No. 1049)

Making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Hospital for maintenance, 2241.

No. 1127 (Senate Bill No. 1050)

Making an appropriation to enable the Secretary of Internal Affairs to purchase from the United States Government standard tests of weights and measures for use of the Commonwealth, 2241.

No. 1128 (Senate Bill No. 1051)

Making an appropriation to the General and Emergency Hospital of Pittsburg, 2242.

No. 1129 (Senate Bill No. 1204)

Making an appropriation to The Improvement Children's Home of the city of Pittsburg, 2242.

No. 1130 (Senate Bill No. 1052)

Making an appropriation to the Visiting Nurse Association, located in North Side, city of Pittsburg, Allegheny County, 2242.

No. 1131 (Senate Bill No. 1053)

Making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Humane Society, 2242.

No. 1132 (Senate Bill No. 1054)

Making an appropriation to the Allegheny Valley Hospital, at Tarentum, Allegheny County, 2242.

No. 1133 (Senate Bill No. 1237)

Making an appropriation for the Springdale General Hospital, at Springdale, Allegheny County, 2242.

No. 1261 (Senate Bill No. 1210)

Making appropriation to trustees of University of Pittsburg, 2347.

Election of, 42.

McCLUNG, HORACE A.—Continued.

Motions by, for

Committee of whole House to report back to House, House Bill No. 639, authorizing cities of second class to regulate emission of smoke from chimneys and smokestacks, 2258.

House to adhere to its non-concurrence in Senate amendments to House Bill No. 639, authorizing cities of second class to regulate emission of smoke from chimneys and smokestacks, 3472.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 486, 3026.

Drop from calendar House Bill No. 203, regulating emission of dense black or dense gray smoke within cities, 1488.

Drop from calendar House Bill No. 564, amending act for government of cities of second class defining subjects of taxation and providing for certain exemptions, 1939.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 541, supplement to act for government of cities of second class creating city planning department, 1924.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 577, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania, 2517.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Allegheny County for bill requiring Bible to be read in public schools, 525, 845.

Citizens of Allegheny County for memorial to founders of public schools, 1499.

Congress of Women's Clubs of Western Pennsylvania for State Reformatory for Women, 775.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

McCONNELL, WILLIAM C., Senator from Twenty-seventh District, (Northumberland, Snyder and Union Counties),

Amendments offered by, to

Senate Bill No. 216, amending act relating to roads, highways and bridges as regards cost of construction, maintenance and repair of certain county bridges, 1071.

Senate Bill No. 223, authorizing companies having toll bridges whose travel has been diverted to close same to public travel, 1074.

Appointments of, as

Member of Commission of Soldiers' Orphans School, 92.

Member of Commission to investigate judges and other civil officers, 3456.

Appointment of, on

Conference committee, 3281, 3533.

Special committee, 41.

Standing committees, 79, 80.

Bills introduced by

Amending act making appropriation to State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Trevorton, Shamokin and Mount Carmel coal fields, 90.

Amending act relating to appointment of stenographers and assistant stenographers, 1306.

Amending act relating to burial by county of honorably discharged soldiers, sailors and marines, 1068.

Amending act relating to consolidation of boroughs and their government, 167.

Amending act relating to Orphans' Courts by vesting appointment of first assistant clerk of said courts in the respective judges thereof, 700.

Amending act relating to roads, highways and bridges by providing for cost of certain bridges, 402.

Making appropriation for new building at Mary M. Packer Hospital, Sunbury, 90.

Making appropriation to complete State Hospital for Injured Persons in Township of Coal, 244.

Making appropriation to John J. Devitt, 267.

Making appropriation to State Hospital for Injured Persons in Township of Coal, 665.

Regulating size of tires of vehicles, 1419.

Relating to acquisition at cost of Commonwealth of certain bridges for use of counties, 454.

Relating to closing of toll bridges whose travel has been diverted, 454.

To provide for incorporation and government of motor omnibus companies for purpose of carrying passengers for hire in cities, 1892.

To provide for printing of copies of Bulletin No. 123 of Department of Agriculture, entitled "Chestnut Culture," 1068.

To regulate narrowing of driveway or cartway of streets in boroughs, 1854.

To regulate sale of liquors in counties having between 100,000 and 250,000 inhabitants and providing for commision to grant licenses in such counties, 1419.

McCONNELL, WILLIAM C.—Continued.

Bills reported by

No. 212

Supplement to act regarding right of eminent domain of water companies, 497.

No. 255 (House Bill No. 1323)

Providing for commission to report on propriety of purchase by Commonwealth of certain tract of land in Jefferson, Clarion and Forest Counties, 1173.

No. 296 (House Bill No. 466)

Providing for merger and consolidation of street railway and motor power companies, 667.

No. 340 (House Bill No. 71)

Making appropriation to pay expenses for extinguishing certain forest fires, 1253.

No. 455 (House Bill No. 1265)

Authorizing establishment and maintenance of psycopathic wards in certain hospitals, 1205.

No. 469 (House Bill No. 267)

Making appropriation for purchasing land for rifle range or land for permanent camping ground, 1253.

No. 470 (House Bill No. 199)

Making appropriation to Porter Lodge No. 284, F. & A. M. of Catasauqua, for excess of tax erroneously paid, 1253.

No. 471 (House Bill No. 211)

Making appropriation to reimburse Western State Penitentiary, 1253.

No. 472

Amending act granting gratuity and annuity to Patrick Leonard by fixing annuity herein provided for, 1253.

No. 473

Making appropriation to Trustees of State Hospital for Criminal Insane at Fairview, 1253.

No. 594 (House Bill No. 422)

Fixing compensation of chief clerk and five clerks in Department of Mines, 1706.

No. 769 (House Bill No. 514)

Amending act providing for consolidation of boroughs so as to allow town council of consolidated borough to select annually a borough treasurer and a secretary and providing for biennial election of high constable and auditors, 2524.

No. 776 (House Bill No. 139)

Enabling corporations not authorized by law to hold real estate in Pennsylvania to convey and make title to such real estate as may have been purchased and held by them prior to passage of this act, 2525.

No. 777 (House Bill No. 219)

Providing for issuing of certificates of election to Senators and Members of General Assembly of Pennsylvania, 2525.

No. 1185 (House Bill No. 794)

Regulating taking of land by condemnation proceedings for certain cemeteries, 3119.

Motion by, for

Senate Bill No. 314, amending act relating to orphans' courts by vesting appointment of first assistant clerk of said courts in respective judges thereof, to go over in its order, 910.

Motions by, to

Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 505, to regulate sale and furnishing of liquors in certain judicial districts and providing for commission to grant such licenses, 1812.

Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 721, repealing act relating to revenue by taxation and taxing all of property of corporations having capital stock but exempting savings institutions having no capital stock, 2617.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 505, regulating sale and furnishing of liquors in counties having between 100,000 and 250,000 inhabitants and providing for commission to grant licenses in such counties, 1604, 2270.

Reconsider vote on Senate Bill No. 721, repealing act relating to revenue by taxation and taxing all of corporations having capital stock but exempting savings institutions having no capital stock, 2616.

Resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 223, authorizing companies having toll bridges whose travel has been diverted to close same to public travel, 1073.

McCONNELL, WILLIAM C.—Continued.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Mifflin County against excise commission bill and Kline license bill, 2201.

Citizens of Northumberland County for continuation of independent school districts, 1545.

Citizens of Northumberland County for resident hunters' license bill, 2263.

Citizens of Cumberland County for semi-monthly pay bill, full crew bill and liability bill, 1305.

Remarks by, on

Senate Bill No. 223, in regard to closing of toll bridges whose travel has been diverted, 704.

Resolution offered by

Thanking Senate officers and other employes for serices rendered during Session, 5541.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by

Authorizing appointment of commission to investigate method of inflicting death penalty, 3416.

Providing for postage on Legislative Journal, 5.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 71.

McCORMICK OF THE UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURG, remarks by at Memorial Services for late Senator John W. Crawford by Chancellor Samuel B., 523, 524.

McCULLOCH, SAMUEL W., Insurance Commissioner, nominated, 22.

McDOWELL, ALEXANDER, Member of Fiftieth Anniversary of Battle of Gettysburg Commission, nominated, 26.

Reported, 229.

Confirmed, 230.

McGOWAN, HOWARD G., Representative from Second District, (Berks County),

Amendment offered by, to

House Bill No. 784, providing additional remedies in case of non-payment of rent by tenant, 2131.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85, 99.

Bills introduced by

Fixing pay for jurors and witnesses in attendance upon the several courts, 210.

For protection of roads or streets in counties, boroughs and townships, 777.

Making appropriation to carry into effect provisions of act creating reward for destruction of certain noxious animals in Commonwealth, 718.

Making appropriation to purchase portraits of past justices of Supreme Court, 1481.

Prohibiting certain cruelty to cows, 210.

Relative to cruelty to animals, 157.

Supplement to act relative to Berks County Prison and to discharge convicts, 157.

To prohibit wrapping of certain articles of food in newspapers, 718.

To provide additional remedies in case of non-payment of rents by tenants, 1115.

Bills reported by

No. 293 (Senate Bill No. 516)

To repeal act relating to taxation of dogs in Township of East Nottingham in County of Chester, 715.

No. 294 (Senate Bill No. 110)

Regulating number and salaries of employes in Adjutant General's Department and State Arsenal, 715.

No. 335 (Senate Bill No. 624)

To encourage breeding of horses, 734.

Election of, 42.

Leave of absence asked for, 1048, 1238, 1748.

Motion by, to

Postpone for present House Bill No. 123, prohibiting certain cruelty to cows, 449.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Berks County, against commission form of government, 313, 1015.

Citizens of Berks County against excise commission bill and Kline license bill, 2015.

Citizens of Berks County, against passage of School Code, 313.

Citizens of Berks County for appropriation to Pennsylvania State College, 1669.

Citizens of Berks County for Maurer Initiative and Referendum Bill, 714.

Citizens of Berks County, for reading of Bible in public schools, 775, 1081.

McGOWAN, HOWARD G.—Continued.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 123, prohibiting certain cruelty to cows, 423, 582.

House Bill No. 784, providing additional remedies in case of non-payment of rent by tenant, 2131, 3030, 3031.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

McILHENNY, FRANCIS S., Senator from Sixth District, (Philadelphia County),

Amendments offered by, to

Senate Bill No. 20, amending act relating to removal of judges for certain causes, 622.

Senate Bill No. 280, to create a Bureau of Professional Education as a sub-department of Department of Public Instruction, 843.

Senate Bill No. 739, to require fire drills in factories and industrial establishments, 2549.

Appointments of, on

Memorial committee, 408.

Standing committees, 79, 80.

Bills introduced by

Amending act relating to liens for taxes and for municipal improvements by changing requirements as to signature and affidavit to claims filed under said act, 2526.

Making appropriation to refund to Edwin C. Emhardt money paid for notary public commission, 1067.

Making appropriation to Tabor Home for Children of Philadelphia, 1546.

To amend act establishing Board of Wardens for Port of Philadelphia by regulating rates of pilotage, 1100.

To amend act regulating nomination and election of public officers by specifying how names adopted by political bodies may be protected, 1067.

To amend act relating to removal of judges of various courts in regard to pay after removal, 101.

To authorize a brief form for mortgages, 183.

To provide that quo warranto cases shall be placed at head of list in Courts of Common Pleas and Supreme and Superior Courts, 1205.

Validating acts done and conveyances made by or to corporations before the recording of their charters, 130.

Bills reported by

No. 11 (House Bill No. 798)
Relating to sale of goods, 129.

No. 12 (House Bill No. 449)
To make uniform law of transfer of shares of stock in corporations, 402.

No. 15
Providing for erection, management and control of Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic at Spring City, 133.

No. 20 (House Bill No. 892)
Amending act providing for removal of judges of certain courts, 938.

No. 136
Joint resolution to section one, article eight of Constitution of Pennsylvania, 282.

No. 149 (House No. 337)
Repealing act relative to organization of courts of justice, 373.

No. 174 (House Bill No. 5)
Amending act requiring certain counties to maintain juvenile court schools as regards issue of bonds, 402.

No. 225 (House Bill No. 846)
Amending act relating to water supply in cities and boroughs by fixing number of viewers at three, 540.

No. 226 (House Bill No. 385)
Amending act relating to damages where streets or alleys are changed in grade in boroughs by fixing number of viewers at three, 540.

No. 227 (House Bill No. 769)
Amending act relating to title to estates by fixing number of viewers at three, 540.

No. 228 (House Bill No. 382)
Amending act relating to county bridges by fixing number of viewers at three, 540.

No. 229 (House Bill No. 682)
Amending act relating to closing of alleys or lanes by fixing number of jury at three, 540.

McILHENNY, FRANCIS S.—Continued.

No. 230 (House Bill No. 375)
Amending act creating Department of Wharves, Docks and Ferries in cities of first class by fixing number at three, 540.

No. 231 (House Bill No. 376)
Amending act relating to roads, highways and bridges by fixing number of viewers at three, 540.

No. 232 (House Bill No. 379)
Amending act conferring certain authority on railroad companies in regard to bridges and their approaches by fixing number of viewers at three, 540.

No. 233 (House Bill No. 763)
Amending act relating to county buildings by fixing number of viewers at three, 540.

No. 234 (House Bill No. 386)
Amending act relating to incorporation of certain corporations by fixing number of viewers at three, 540.

No. 235 (House Bill No. 764)
Amending act relating to boroughs by fixing number of viewers at three, 540.

No. 236 (House Bill No. 408)
Amending act dividing cities of this State into three classes by fixing number of viewers at three, 540.

No. 237 (House Bill No. 760)
Amending act relating to closing of alleys or lanes by fixing number of jury at three, 541.

No. 238 (House Bill No. 367)
Amending act creating Legislative Reference Bureau by providing for additional employes and increasing salaries of Director and Assistant Director, 541.

No. 281 (House Bill No. 394)
Amending act creating a division of State Library for preservation of public records by permitting depositing of records for repair by State Departments and county officers, 664.

No. 282 (House Bill No. 39)
Relating to streets, lanes and alleys originally laid out on plans of lots and which have been vacated, 664.

No. 293 (House Bill No. 826)
Amending act relating to damages for injuries producing death by providing that domicile residence, citizenship or nationality shall be no bar as to right to recover, 1435.

No. 398 (House Bill No. 762)
Amending act to provide for reviewing of proceedings of township road commissioners laying out roads by providing for trial of questions of fact by jury in certain cases, 938.

No. 429 (House Bill No. 141)
Establishing in certain counties board for assessment and revision of taxes for State and county purposes, 1099.

No. 454 (House Bill No. 45)
Relating to elections by surviving husbands or wives to take under or against wills of decedents to recording thereof, 1178.

No. 582
Conferring jurisdiction on several Orphans' Courts over estates held by a feme covert to her sole and separate use, 1633.

No. 583 (House Bill No. 276)
Amending act relating to services of certain processes in action at law so far as it relates to service of writs of quo warranto, 1633.

No. 584 (House Bill No. 284)
Authorizing married woman to make conveyance of real estate to her husband, 1633.

No. 585 (House Bill No. 330)
Amending act relating to competency of witnesses so as to make husband or wife competent witness to testify for or against each other in support of criminal charge of bigamy, 1633.

No. 599
To regulate and improve civil service of Pennsylvania, 1706.

No. 600 (House Bill No. 905)
Supplement to act relating to free public libraries in cities of third class authorizing school districts of said cities to contract for maintenance of free non-sectarian public libraries without guarantee therefor by said city, 1706.

No. 601 (House Bill No. 418)
Authorizing boroughs to lay out and maintain as public parks lands heretofore acquired outside of borough limits, 1706.

McILHENNY, FRANCIS S.—Continued.

No. 617 (House Bill No. 54)

To regulate pay and mileage of viewers and surveyors in proceedings for damages to real estate taken by any railroad, 1718.

Election of, 1.

Leave of absence asked for, 1253, 1894, 2156.

Motions by, for

Senate Bill No. 20, amending act relating to removal of judges of certain courts, to go over in its order, 996, 1069, 1102.

Senate Bill No. 382, amending act providing for personal registration of electors in cities of first and second class by further defining "party" and who may be appointed registrars and changing registration days, to go over in its order, 1438.

Motions by, to

Consent to Executive nominations, 3464, 3540.

Consider Senate Bill No. 20, amending act relating to removal of judges for certain causes, 621.

Dispense with further reading of Journal, 401.

Drop from calendar Senate Bill No. 823, amending act providing when, how, upon what property and to what extent liens shall be allowed for municipal improvements and for taxes by changing requirements as to signature and affidavit to claims filed under said act, 3269.

Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 20, amending act relating to removal of judges of certain courts, 245.

Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 286, providing for examination, licensure and registration of those engaged in plumbing or house drainage in cities of first class, 1437.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 28, relating to term of office of certain judges, 246.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 113, authorizing a brief form for mortgages, 459.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 136, Joint resolution proposing amendment to section one, article eight of Constitution of Pennsylvania, 359.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 292, authorizing purchase of Wm. Penn's own copy of map which fixed boundaries of Pennsylvania in 1685, 795.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 418, amending act relating to municipal liens by changing method of service by advertisement upon writs of scire facias issued upon municipal and tax claims, 1080.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 479, amending act establishing Board of Wardens for Port of Philadelphia by fixing rates of pilotage, 1428.

Reconsider vote on postponement of Senate Bill No. 280, to create a Bureau of Professional Education as subdepartment of Department of Public Instruction, 843.

Resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 20, amending act providing for removal of judges as regards salary after removal, 1229, 1230.

Suspend rule 38 in order to consider Executive nominations, 3464, 3540.

Nominations from Committee reported by, 92, 165, 166, 229, 3464, 3540.

Petition presented by, from

Philadelphia Board of Trade against change in present tax system, 1430.

Points of order raised by, on

Reconsideration of vote on final passage on Senate Bill No. 218, providing for expenses of county commissioners and county poor directors, 795.

Senate Bill No. 832, joint resolution providing for participation of Pennsylvania in Panama-Pacific International Exposition to be held in San Francisco in 1915, 3050.

Question of privilege raised by, on

Senate Bill No. 106, providing for additional officers and employes, 293.

Remarks by, at

Memorial Services for late Senator Thomas B. Harper, 521, 522.

Remarks by, on

Motion to omit name of John Cadwalader as one of Registration Commissioners for Philadelphia from list of nominations to be confirmed, 3414, 3415.

Senate Bill No. 20, amending act providing for removal of judges as regards their pay, 666.

Senate Bill No. 106, providing for additional officers and employes, 292, 293.

Senate Bill No. 108, requiring registration of titles to lands acquired by will or descent, 377.

Senate Bill No. 269, authorizing Auditor General to employ five clerks, 1588.

Senate Bill No. 302, joint resolution proposing amendment to section eight, article nine of Constitution of Pennsylvania, 797.

McILHENNY, FRANCIS S.—Continued.

Senate Bill No. 382, amending act providing for personal registration of electors in cities of first and second class by further defining "party" and who may be appointed registrars and changing registration days, 1438, 1439, 3285, 3286.

Senate Bill No. 506, regulating licensing of brewers and distillers, 2608.

Senate Bill No. 715, amending act fixing salaries of tipstaves in courts of certain counties by changing limit of population of such counties, 2544, 2607.

Senate Bill No. 814, providing for examination, licensure and registration of those engaged in plumbing or house drainage in cities of first class, 3267, 3268.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by

Proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania to eliminate payment of toll tax as qualification to vote, 700.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by

Authorizing appointment of delegate to 7th International Congress of Esperantists to be held at Antwerp, Belgium, 2525.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 71.

McILVAINE, JOHN A., Manager of Pennsylvania Reform School at Morganza, nominated, 24.

Reported, 283.

Confirmed, 298.

McINERNEY, CHARLES A., Representative from Second District, (Allegheny County),

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Enabling counties to appropriate money for canals or waterways, 207.

Making appropriation to Pittsburg Home for Babies, 252.

Regulating business of pawnbrokers, 200.

Regulating pawnbrokers, 200.

Relating to leasing, renting, bailment or conditional sale of soda water fountains and other goods, 200.

Supplement to act for government of cities of second class regarding proof of Legislative Acts of Councils, 208.

Election of, 42.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 1628.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 163, enabling counties to appropriate money or to issue bonds in aid of construction of waterways, 602.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 627, providing for appointment by district attorney in counties having between 1,000,000 and 1,500,000 inhabitants of chief and assistant and special county detectives, 3608.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

McJUNKIN, IRA, Representative from Butler County,

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 84, 85.

Bills reported by

No. 57 (Senate Bill No. 129)

Repealing act authorizing citizens of Mercer to erect union school house, 187.

No. 104

Amending act relating to foreign executors, 300.

No. 134

Amending supplement to law relating to defaulting public officers, 323.

No. 298

Amending act providing civil rights for all people regardless of race or color, 716.

No. 343 (Senate Bill No. 589)

Authorizing water companies and certain commissioners of water works in cities of third class to extend their pipes beyond city limits, 735.

No. 473 (Senate Bill No. 283)

To repeal act relating to opening and closing of tax duplicates in cities of first class, 1027.

No. 579

Amending act to designate number of councilmen to be elected in several boroughs, 1303.

McJUNKIN, IRA—Continued.

No. 688 (Senate Bill No. 304)
Permitting owners and lessees of coal rights to remove overlying strata and deposit it on land adjacent to opening of mine, 1470.

No. 727 (Senate Bill No. 327)
Regulating salary and payment thereof of associate judges, 1610.

No. 780 (Senate Bill No. 160)
Amending act relating to insolvency by providing for publication and notice in a weekly and daily newspaper, 1748.

No. 815
Amending act regulating boroughs so as to increase term of borough solicitor from three to four years, 1779.

Election of, 43.

Leave of absence asked for, 62, 885, 1825, 2015, 2184.

Motions by, to

Postpone for present House Bill No. 198, relating to containers used for food, including non-alcoholic drinks, 812.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 798, relating to sale of goods, 3240.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 798, relating to sale of goods, 3240.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Butler County against excise commission, 1669.

Citizens of Butler County for Ailman and Jones Road Bills, 1281.

Citizens of Butler County for amendments to oleomargarine law, 1609.

Citizens of Butler County for equalization of taxation, 1357.

Citizens of Butler County for Initiative and Referendum, 1357, 1457, 1610.

Citizens of Butler County for Sproul Road Bill, 1328.

Cranberry Grange No. 908, Patrons of Husbandry of Butler County for better telephone facilities, 278.

Eureka Grange No. 244, Butler County, for better telephone facilities, 199.

Jefferson Grange No. 1373, Patrons of Husbandry, for better telephone facilities, 207.

North Township Grange of Butler County for Initiative and Referendum, 1212, 1281.

Prospect Grange No. 1379, Butler County, for Initiative and Referendum, 1609.

Winfield Grange, Butler County, in favor of initiative and referendum, 1047.

McKEAN, ARTHUR, Representative from Beaver County,

Amendment offered by, to

House Bill No. 842, for safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings in cities of third class, in boroughs and in townships by providing proper exits, fire escapes and other preventives of fire, 2357.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Making appropriation to Beaver Valley General Hospital at New Brighton, Beaver County, 112.

Making appropriation to Providence Hospital, Beaver Falls, Beaver County, 111.

Making appropriation to Sewickley Fresh Air Home in Beaver County, 121.

Making it unlawful to kill pheasant, quail or partridge until October 14, 1916, 391.

Regulating recording of certain mortgages, 209.

Bills reported by

No. 12
To increase the pay of jurors and witnesses in this Commonwealth, 115.

No. 97
Requiring bonds given by certain officers to be approved by Court of Quarter Sessions, 300.

No. 133
Providing for collection of judgments by attachment execution against wages which are twelve dollars or more per week, 314.

No. 136
Providing for appointment of Jury Commissioners in certain counties, 323.

No. 235
Fixing salaries and providing for expenses of county commissioners in certain counties, 590.

McKEAN, ARTHUR—Continued.

No. 236 (Senate Bill No. 128)
Providing that estates passing from an adopting parent to a legally adopted child shall not be subject to collateral inheritance tax, 590.

No. 382 (Senate Bill No. 228)
Amending act relating to acquisition by county of certain bridges by fixing number of viewers at three, 881.

No. 424 (Senate Bill No. 303)
In relation to appointment and salaries of clerks of courts of common pleas in certain counties, 1015.

No. 590 (Senate Bill No. 1167)
Authorizing State Treasurer to refund to Fred Muster, Superintendent of Bear Company, Berwick, certain fine, 1303.

No. 627 (Senate Bill No. 100)
Providing for appointment by district attorney in certain counties of chief county detective and special and assistant county detectives, 1340.

No. 823 (Senate Bill No. 434)
To provide that persons buying real estate from executors or trustees shall receive title free of any obligation to see to application of purchase money, 1779.

No. 864
Amending act to prevent enticing or attempting to entice into Pennsylvania of any woman or girl for immoral purposes, 1949.

Election of, 42.

Motion by, to

Adopt concurrent resolution relative to investigation of Rittersville Hospital for Insane, 1239.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Beaver County against child labor law, 1357.

Citizens of Beaver County against school code, 1115.

Citizens of Beaver County for amendments to oleomargarine laws, 1457.

Citizens of Beaver County for Maurer Initiative and Referendum Bill, 687.

Citizens of Beaver County for reading of Bible in public schools, 775, 1115.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 3, fixing salaries of judges of certain courts, 536.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

McKEAN COUNTY HISTORICAL SOCIETY, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 73
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Baldwin, 151.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 151.
Reported without amendment, 241.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 274.
Re-reported without amendment, 2215.
Second reading, 2276.
Third reading and final passage, 2450.

In House
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2570.

McKEAN, making appropriation for erection of suitable statue at Bradford, McKean County, to the memory of Thomas

Senate Bill No. 63
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Baldwin, 130.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 130.
Reported without amendment, 240.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 273.
Re-reported without amendment, 2215.
Second reading, 2274.
Third reading and final passage, 2449.

In House
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2570.

McKEESPORT HOSPITAL, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 946
Read in place in House by Mr. Meyer, 141.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 141.
Reported with amendment, 2236.
First reading, 2330.
Second reading, 2391.
Third reading and final passage, 2732.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.

McKEESPORT HOSPITAL—Continued.

In Senate (No. 876)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2656.
Reported without amendment, 2683.
First reading, 2703.
Second reading, 2906.
Third reading and final passage, 3059.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

McKELVEY, JOHN J., Member of Board of Registration Commissioners in and for City of Pittsburg, nominated, 26.

Reported, 489.

Confirmed, 491.

McKINNEY, WILLIAM S., Manager of Pennsylvania Reform School at Morganza, nominated, 24.

McMULLEN, JOHN T., Representative from Northumberland County,

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 353, to promote safety of travelers and employes upon railroads by compelling common carriers by railroad to properly man their trains, 1300.
House Bill No. 513, providing for election and term of borough treasurer, secretary and supervisor in certain boroughs. 1506.
House Bill No. 614, laying State tax on anthracite coal, 2351.
House Bill No. 875, defining public service companies and establish commission for supervision and regulation of same and abolishing Railroad Commission, 2297, 2298.
House Bill No. 1210, making appropriation for maintenance and for construction of building for contagious diseases at Mary M. Packer Hospital, Sunbury, 2819.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 85.

Bills introduced by

Amending act relating to roads, highways and bridges by providing for cost of county bridges which cross streams forming boundary line between two counties, 416.
Making appropriation to Mary M. Packer Hospital at Sunbury for maintenance and new building, 111.
Making appropriation to State Hospital for Injured Persons of Trevorton, Shamokin and Mount Carmel coal fields, 172.
To promote safety of traveling public by regulating appointment of conductor, flagman and locomotive engineman by railroad companies, 717.

Bill reported by

No. 616

Regulating appointment of persons to positions of conductor, flagman and locomotive engineman by railroad companies, 1340.

Election of, 44.

Leave of absence asked for, 1919.

Motion by, to

Drop from calendar House Bill No. 311, amending act relating to roads highways and bridges providing for costs of county bridges which cross streams forming boundary line between two counties, 1282.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Northumberland County, against commission form of government, 414.
Citizens of Northumberland County for amendment to exemption law so as to permit attachment of a portion of wages for debt, 565.
Citizens of Northumberland County for memorial to Robert Morris, 565.
Citizens of Northumberland County for repeal of mercantile tax law, 565.
Citizens of Northumberland County in favor of Initiative and Referendum Bill, 435.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 196, requiring payment of wages to be semi-monthly, 730.
House Bill No. 216, amending act creating Department of State Police as regards salaries, 928.
House Bill No. 357, liability of employers for injuries to employes, 1301.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

McNEIL, J. C., Member of State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners, nominated, 25.

McNICHOL, JAMES P., Senator from Third District, (Philadelphia County),

Appointments of, as

Member of commission to investigate judges and other civil officers, 3456.
Member of joint committee to investigate and report on revisionof laws relating to corporations and to revenue, 3540.

Appointments of, on

Conference committee, 299, 1666, 3379.
Memorial committees, 408.
Standing committees, 79.

Bills introduced by

Amending act dividing cities of State into three classes by authorizing passage of ordinances defining competency of workmen or laborers engaged in contract work for said city, 941.
Amending act giving additional protection to game and wild birds, 299.
Amending act relating to food by omitting "Saccharin" from its provisions, 454.
Amending sections 1 and 2 of act relating to legal holidays, 150.
Authorizing appointment of commission to inquire into causes and results of industrial accidents, 1707.
Authorizing Auditor General to employ five clerks and making appropriation therefor, 608.
Authorizing boards of health in cities of first class to regulate construction of house drainage, privy-wells and cesspools, 268.
Authorizing foreign corporations to own real estate in this Commonwealth necessary for their corporate purposes, 608.
Authorizing State Treasurer to refund to Andrew Mangold of Philadelphia amount of notary public commission, 1854.
Concerning location and construction of railroads and acquisition by railroad companies of lands required therefor, 904.
In relation to printing of appropriation bills in pamphlet laws, 608.
Joint resolution proposing amendment to section 4, article 9, of Constitution of Pennsylvania, 608.
Joint resolution relative to conference with neighboring States with respect to taxing of oil, gas and bituminous coal, 608.
Making appropriation for American Hospital for Diseases of the Stomach, 402.
Making appropriation for Philadelphia Institution for the Feeble-Minded, 243.
Making appropriation to Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia, 243.
Making appropriation to American Art Society of Philadelphia, 243.
Making appropriation to Catholic Home for Destitute Children, Philadelphia, 291.
Making appropriation to Fiftieth Anniversaary of Battle of Gettysburg Commission, 454.
Making appropriation to Hospital Department of Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital, 291.
Making appropriation to House of Good Shepherd, 268.
Making appropriation to Lying-in-Charity Hospital, 402.
Making appropriation to Philadelphia Normal School for Girls 608.
Making appropriation to Philadelphia Orthopaedic Hospital and Infirmary for Nervous Diseases, 131.
Making appropriation to Philadelphia Protectory for Boys, 268.
Making appropriation to Philadelphia School of Pedagogy 608.
Making appropriation to Saint John's Orphan Asylum, Philadelphia, 268.
Making appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home, 268.
Making appropriation to Wills Eye Hospital, 151.
Making appropriation to Trustees of Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, 608.
Making appropriations to institutions not wholly managed by Commonwealth liens on premises of such institutions, 608.
Permitting cities of first class to place care of boulevards and parkways under care of any park commission or other body in charge of parks, 454.
Prohibiting lascivious, sacrilegious, indecent, immoral or impure plays, exhibitions or performances, 130.
Prohibiting privy-wells and cesspools where sewers are accessible in cities of first class, 268.
Providing for report to Auditor General by prothonotaries of Courts of Common Pleas of corporations incorporated by such courts, 608.
Providing for examination, licensure and registration of those engaged in plumbing or house drainage in cities of first class, 402.

McNICHOL, JAMES P.—Continued.

Providing that in cities of first class certain buildings shall be equipped with chain or wire cable fire escapes, 150.

Regulating appeals from tax settlements of fiscal officers, 608.

Regulating apprentices. 402.

Regulating buildings used for moving pictures in cities of first class, 243.

Relative to Mercantile appraisers' lists, 608.

Repealing further supplement to act to establish a Board of Wardens for Port of Philadelphia, 403.

Requiring registration and examination of plumbers in cities of first class, 268.

To amend act establishing Board of Wardens for Port of Philadelphia further providing for number of pilots and apprentices, 402.

To amend act establishing Board of Wardens for Port of Philadelphia providing for classification of pilots and pilot apprentices, 402.

To amend act relating to settlement of public accounts, 665.

To define liability of directors of banks and certain other institutions for losses incurred by any depositor or stockholder thereof, 665.

To fix number and salaries of officers, clerks and employes in State Treasury, 665.

To fix salaries of City Controllers in cities of first class, 489.

To provide for merger and consolidation of street railway and motor power companies, 665.

To provide for method of computing outgoing telephone messages where contract is for limited number of calls, 1400.

To provide for taking of census in Pennsylvania in 1915, 834.

To regulate foreign corporations, 608.

To repeal act amending amendment to act relating to tax duplicates in cities of first class, 489.

Validating under certain conditions contracts made by foreign corporations, 608.

Bills reported by

No. 39

Authorizing municipalities to maintain and operate underground street railways or subways, 834.

No. 41

Authorizing municipal corporations to acquire street railways, 834.

No. 273 (House Bill No. 523)

Amending act relating to State Hospital for Treatment of Insane under homeopathic management by vesting appointment of entire commission in Governor, 611.

No. 313 (House Bill No. 518)

Fixing time for holding uniform primary elections in years in which municipal elections are held, 701.

No. 316 (House Bill No. 1247)

Supplement to act for better government of cities of first class establishing Board of Recreation to have charge of recreation facilities, 705.

No. 484 (House Bill No. 759)

Authorizing any company organized under laws of any other State for manufacture of metal doors, windows, casings, mouldings or interior building trim, to own real estate in this Commonwealth, 1279.

No. 554 (House Bill No. 1288)

Amending act providing for personal registration of electors in cities of third class by further defining who may be appointed registrars and changing registration days and form of register, 1546, 1899.

No. 555 (House Bill No. 873)

Amending act establishing Board of Wardens for Port of Philadelphia by providing for classification of pilots and regulating qualifications of pilots and pilot apprentices, 1546.

No. 610 (House Bill No. 231)

Amending act relating to damages for injuries producing death so as to provide that surviving relatives may recover damages whether they are citizens of this Commonwealth or not, 2618.

No. 643 (House Bill No. 435)

Defining and prohibiting pandering, 2445.

McNICHOL, JAMES P.—Continued.

No. 681 (House Bill No. 1292)

Amending act concerning sale of certain corporations by providing that same shall apply also to sales and conveyances of material, rolling stock and property and franchises of such corporations, 2168.

No. 687 (House Bill No. 1335)

Relating to creation of speedy method for collection of taxes by requiring furnishing upon application of bills for all such taxes, 2201.

No. 757 (House Bill No. 405)

Regulating temperature of milk and cream intended to be shipped, sold or offered for sale, 2445.

No. 758 (House Bill No. 256)

Amending further supplement to act to provide revenue by taxation relating to taxing bonds, mortgages and other securities, 2455.

No. 783 (House Bill No. 420)

Providing for payment for maintenance of children and minors sentenced under various juvenile court acts, 2525.

No. 784 (House Bill No. 282)

Amending act relating to commencement of actions by extending its provisions to foreign corporations, 2525.

No. 785 (House Bill No. 634)

Prohibiting hospitals and other institutions receiving State aid from restricting pay patients in selection of physicians and surgeons not connected with said institutions, 2525.

No. 789 (House Bill No. 668)

To punish interference of unauthorized persons with electrical appliances and machinery, 2525.

No. 795 (House Bill No. 692)

Regulating pay of election officers, 2538.

No. 796 (House Bill No. 855)

Joint resolution proposing amendment to section 7, article 3 of Constitution of Pennsylvania so as to permit special legislation regarding labor, 2538.

No. 803 (Senate Bill No. 483)

To provide for licensing and regulating private banking, 3432.

No. 1243

Declaring all employes of public service and utility companies to be public servants and providing for adjustment of disputes between such employes and their employers resulting in strikes, or lockouts by boards of arbitration, 3156.

Memorial presented by, from

Philadelphia Board of Trade to defer action of employers' liability bill, 2151.

Motion by, for

Senate Bill No. 216, amending act relating to roads, highways and bridges as regards certain county bridges, to go over in its order, 703, 999.

Motions by, to

Amend motion to recommit Senate Bill No. 763, supplementary to act for government of cities of second class, to Judiciary General Committee, 3141.

Appoint committee of conference on Senate Bill No. 106 providing for additional officers and employes, 299.

Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 20, amending act relating to removal of judges as regards pay after removal, 1175.

Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 241, making unnaturalized foreign born residents subject to taxation 708.

Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 291, authorizing printing of additional copies of School Laws and Decisions, 795.

Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 495, regulating investigations when charges shall be preferred against a judge, 1442.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 139, amending act relating to practice of osteopathy by defining what constitutes reputable school or college of osteopathy, 502.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 210, requiring Commonwealth to maintain one-half of line fences between forest reserve lands and improved lands of private persons, 703.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 216, amending act relating to roads, highways and bridges as regards cost of certain county bridges, 792.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 262, joint resolution proposing amendment to section four, article nine of Constitution of Pennsylvania, 685.

McNICHOL, JAMES P.—Continued.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 263, joint resolution providing for issuing of invitation to neighboring States to conference with respect to taxing of oil, gas and bituminous coal, 685.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 264, relative to mercantile appraisers' lists, 686.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 265, authorizing foreign corporations to own real estate in this Commonwealth necessary for their corporate purposes, 686.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 266, in relation to printing of appropriation bill in pamphlet laws, 686.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 267, making appropriations to institutions not wholly managed by Commonwealth liens on premises of such institutions, 686.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 268, providing for report to Auditor General by prothonotaries of courts of common pleas of corporations incorporated by such courts, 686.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 269, authorizing Auditor General to employ five clerks, 686.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 270, regulating appeals from tax settlements of fiscal officers, 686.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 271, validating under certain conditions contracts made by foreign corporations, 686.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 272, to regulate foreign corporations, 686.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 286, providing for examination, licensure and registration of those engaged in plumbing or house drainage in cities of first class, 794.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 297, amending act relating to settlement of public accounts, 796.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 316, supplement to act for government of cities of first class providing Board of Recreation to have charge of recreation facilities, 803.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 336, authorizing Supreme Court to promulgate general rules of practice for all courts of record on one kind, 1074.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 340, making appropriation to pay for expenses of extinguishing certain forest fires, 950, 1320.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 360, regulating admission of minors to certain institutions for deaf, 953, 2176.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 375, fixing salary of Chief of Department of Mines, 1176.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 599, to regulate and improve civil service, 1913.

Reconsider vote on Senate Bill No. 336, authorizing Supreme Court from time to time to promulgate rules of practice for all courts of record, 1074.

Resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 263, joint resolution providing for issuing of invitation to neighboring States to conference with respect to taxing of oil, gas, and bituminous coal, 2609.

Resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 383, amending act providing for personal registration of electors in cities of first and second class by further defining "party" and who may be appointed registrars and changing registration days, 1438.

Resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 614, authorizing appointment of commission to inquire into causes and results of industrial accidents, 2609.

Suspend rule 21 to consider House amendment to Senate Bill No. 296, providing for merger and consolidation of street railway and motor power companies, 2217.

Questions of information raised by, on

Senate Bill No. 241, making unnaturalized foreign-born residents subject to taxation, 708.

Senate Bill No. 287, supplement to act for erection of Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic providing for completion of said institution, 794.

Remarks by, at

Memorial Services for late Senator Israel W. Durham, 520.

Remarks by, on

Motion to omit name of John Cadwalader as one of the Registration Commissioners for Philadelphia from list of nominations to be confirmed, 3415.

Senate Bill No. 20, amending act relating to removal of judges by providing for their pay, 666.

Senate Bill No. 106, providing for additional officers and employes of General Assembly, 292, 293.

Senate Bill No. 216, amending act relating to roads, highways and bridges as regards cost of certain county bridges, 792.

Senate Bill No. 245, providing for burial of indigent persons whose bodies are unclaimed and are unfit for anatomical purposes, 708, 709.

McNICHOL, JAMES P.—Continued.

House Bill No. 255, relating to taxation of compani engaged in manufacture of gas, 858, 1157.

Senate Bill No. 294, defining liability of directors banks and certain other savings institutions for loss incurred by depositors or stockholders, 796.

Senate Bill No. 302, joint resolution proposing amen ment to section eight, article nine of Constitution Pennsylvania, 797.

Senate Bill No. 319, supplement to act for governme of cities of second class creating Forestry Departme 2441.

Senate Bill No. 356, prohibiting any person from enga ing in sale of certain commodities by means of raffl 952.

Senate Bill No. 364, to provide assistance for certa county historical societies, 1000.

Senate Bill No. 365, providing for appeal from judgme of aldermen or justices of the peace regardless amount, 1000.

Senate Bill No. 382, amending act providing for perso registration of electors in cities of first and seco class by further defining "party" and who may appointed registrars and changing registration da 1438.

Senate Bill No. 427, amending act relating to care neglected and dependent children by enforcing orc of support made by Court upon parents, 1231.

Senate Bill No. 496, to establish a public school syste 1889, 1890.

Senate Bill No. 596, providing for liquidation, distributi of assets and dissolution of corprations under sup vision of Commissioner of Banking, 2895.

Senate Bill No. 605, joint resolution proposing amer ment to Constitution of Pennsylvania, 1915.

Senate Bill No. 677, regulating use of billiard and p tables and bagatelle boards kept for hire or rewa in cities of first class, 2457.

Senate Bill No. 763, supplementary to act for governm of cities of second class, 2674, 2675, 3141.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by, in

Reference to commission to inquire into causes and sults of industrial accidents, 609.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by

Recalling concurrent resolution continuing joint co mittee to consider and report on revision of laws lating to corporations and to revenue from Gover for amendment, 2616.

Resolution offered by, in

Reference to adoption of standing rules for Senate, 5

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 71.

McNICHOL, THOMAS F., Representative from Seventh D trict, (Philadelphia County),

Acting Speaker, 3217.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Making appropriation to Chestnut Hill Hospital at Che nut Hill, Philadelphia, 188.

Making appropriation to Mercy Hospital and School Nurses in City of Philadelphia, 252.

Providing for examination of certain corporations ma tained for beneficial and protective purposes, 361.

Relating to admission of minors under age of fourt years to dance halls, theatrical performances and m ing picture shows, 959.

Requiring treasurers of mutual fire insurance compar to give bond of not less than five thousand dolla 361.

To prohibit unfair commercial discrimination or unf competition, 568.

To provide revenue by taxation by taxing capital st and gross receipts of gas companies, 568.

To repeal act relating to taxation of certain compar commonly known as title insurance and trust co panies, 567.

Bills reported by

No. 220 (Senate Bill No. 424)

Regulating obtaining of releases or statements fr persons injured in certain employments, 566.

No. 252

To repeal act to provide revenue by levying tax u shares of stock of title insurance and trust co panies, 1770.

No. 254

Limiting time during which public utility compa shall enjoy franchise, 687.

:NICHOL, THOMAS F.—Continued.

No. 255
Imposing tax upon capital stock and gross receipts of gas companies, 687.

No. 256 (Senate Bill No. 758)
Amending act relating to revenue by taxation relating to taxing bonds, mortgages and other securities, 688.

No. 257 (Senate Bill No. 642)
Authorizing boroughs to unite in constructing works for water or light, 688.

No. 269 (Senate Bill No. 495)
Providing for investigations when charges shall be preferred against a judge, 714.

No. 270
Regulating trial of cases by jury, 714.

No. 660 (Senate Bill No. 168)
Amending act authorizing boroughs and incorporated towns to appropriate private property for public purposes so as to extend same townships of first class, 1457.

No. 684 (Senate Bill No. 138)
Prescribing manner in which articles of commerce shall be sold and prohibiting giving of short weights and measures, 1470.

No. 685 (Senate Bill No. 453)
To direct appeals to Supreme Court from any decree of distribution where fund is in excess of $1500, 1470.

No. 774 (Senate Bill No. 838)
Creating Bureau of Preliminary Professional Education, 1747.

No. 778 (Senate Bill No. 394)
Amending act relating to corporations and to estates held for corporate religious and charitable uses, 1748.

No. 832 (Senate Bill No. 287)
Supplementing act providing for erection of Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic by abolish commission therein established and providing for completion of said institution, 3354.

No. 852
Regulating sale of fabrics containing wool and cotton, 1948.

Election of, 44.

Motion by, for
Recess, 3602.

Motions by, to
Postpone for present House Bill No. 268, requiring treasurers of mutual fire insurance companies to give bond of not less than five thousand dollars, 864.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 252, repealing act relating to taxation of shares of stock of title insurance and trust companies, 855.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 830, amending act establishing State Livestock Sanitary Board by providing for organization of said board and fixing salaries of secretary and treasurer and clerk thereof, 2150.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 883, supplementing act providing for erection of Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic by abolishing commission therein, established and providing for completion of said institution, 2517.

Presentation by, of
Testimonial of House of Representatives at close of session to Chief Page Clarence Seiler, 3652.

Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 53, regulating in criminal trials cross examination of defendant testifying in his own behalf, 257.

House Bill No. 251, to prohibit unfair commercial discrimination between different sections, communities or localities, 1167.

House Bill No. 252, repealing act relating to taxation of shares of stock of title insurance and trust companies, 855, 856.

House Bill No. 268, requiring treasurers of mutual fire insurance companies to give bond of not less than five thousand dollars, 863, 864.

House Bill No. 401, providing for examination, licensure and registration of those engaged in plumbing or house drainage in cities of first class, 2577.

House Bill No. 518, amending act providing uniform method of electing certain party officers by providing for one primary election in place of two, 1193, 1194.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

McNICHOLS, WALTER, Senator from Twenty-Second District, (Lackawanna County),

Amendments offered by, to
Concurrent resolution regarding investigation of mine fire at Carbondale, 168.

Senate Bill No. 33, regulating fees of court criers and tipstaves in certain judicial districts, 270.

Senate Bill No. 109, relating to organization of National Guard, 384.

Senate Bill No. 110, regulating number of employes in Adjutant General's Department and State Arsenal, 384.

Senate Bill No. 478, authorizing appointment of one assessor in each legislative district and three assessors from county at large in certain counties, 1441.

Senate Bill No. 588, amending act relating to certain corporations so as to compel water power corporations to furnish such power for public purposes, 1905.

Senate Bill No. 952, making appropriation to Trustees of Cottage State Hospital at Connellsville, 3073.

Appointments of, on
Special committee, 298.

Standing committees, 79, 80.

Bills introduced by
Amending act providing for abolition of distinction heretofore existing between actions ex contractu and actions ex delictu so far as relates to procedure, 1068.

Amending act relating to Armory Board by fixing salaries and providing for expenses of members of such Board, 340.

Amending act relating to certain corporations by requiring water power companies to furnish such power for public purposes, 1068.

Authorizing appointment of one assessor in each legislative district and three assessors from county at large in certain counties, 1068.

Joint resolution for commission in regard to surface support over anthracite coal, 90.

Making appropriation to Associated Charities and Humane Society of Lackawanna County, 90.

Making appropriation to Home for the Friendless of the City of Scranton, 150.

Making appropriation to House of Good Shepherd, Scranton, Lackawanna County, 150.

Making appropriation to Hahnemann Hospital of Scranton, Pennsylvania, 118.

Making appropriation to Mid-Valley Hospital, 118.

Making appropriation to St. Joseph's Home and Maternity Hospital of Scranton, 150.

Making appropriation to St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum of Scranton, 150.

Making appropriation to Trustees of State Hospital of Northern Anthracite Coal Region, 150.

Making appropriation to West Side Hospital Association of the City of Scranton, 118.

Providing for State Hospital for Tubercular Convicts, 490.

Regulating collection of taxes in cities of second class, 223.

Regulating nominations and elections for municipal officers in cities of the second class, 150.

Regulating number of employes in Adjutant-General's Department and State Arsenal, 243.

Relating to recording of deeds, mortgages and other instruments, 118.

Relating to recording of deeds, mortgages and other instruments, 756.

Supplement to act providing for erection of poor house in Luzerne County regulating affairs of Scranton Poor District, 1419.

Supplement to act relating to Orphans' Courts so as to allow trust companies under supervision of the Banking Department to act as guardians of minors, 118.

To regulate sale and proper labelling of cold storage foods, 454.

Bills reported by
No. 173 (House Bill No. 501)
Amending act relating to boroughs so as to change requirements of petition for street paving, 402.

No. 176
Amending act regulating publication of advertisements and notices by restricting it to counties having population of 1,450,000 or over, 406.

No. 242
Providing for joint acquisition by Pennsylvania and New Jersey of certain toll bridges over Delaware river, 542.

McNICHOLS, WALTER—Continued.

No. 243
Providing for joint acquisition by Pennsylvania and New York of certain toll bridges over Delaware river, 542.

No. 325 (House Bill No. 108)
Amending act relating to erection of monument to soldiers and sailors of late War at county seat of certain counties, 755.

No. 500 (House Bill No. 292)
To provide for granting of Brevet Rank to surviving officers of Pennsylvania troops of Civil War, 1418.

No. 595 (House Bill No. 1329)
To provide for appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties having population of more than 300,000 and less than 1,000,000, 2002.

No. 678 (House Bill No. 1332)
Amending act relating to maintenance of Armory Board of State of Pennsylvania by fixing salaries and providing for expenses of members of said board, 2155.

No. 1158 (House Bill No. 633)
Providing standard of tests for illuminating oils, 2885.

Election of, 2.

Motions by, for
Recess, 249.
Senate Bill No. 343, making appropriation to former Board of Examiners for Inspectors of Mines of Lackawanna County, to go over in its order, 950.

Motions by, to
Consider concurrent resolution regarding investigation of mine fire at Carbondale, 168.
Consider Senate Bill No. 33, regulating fees of court criers and tipstaves in certain judicial districts, 459.
Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 478, authorizing appointment by county commissioners of one assessor in each legislative district and three assessors from county at large, 1585.
Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 109, relating to organization of National Guard, 405.
Reconsider vote on Senate Bill No. 109, providing for organization of National Guard, 405.
Reconsider vote on Senate Bill No. 596, providing for liquidation, distribution of assets and dissolution of corporations under supervision of Commissioner of Banking, 2895.
Suspend rule 21, to consider House amendments to Senate Bill No. 109, providing for organization and regulation of organized militia of the Commonwealth otherwise styled the National Guard of Pennsylvania, 1667.

Petition presented by, from
Citizens of Lackawanna County for resident hunters' license bill, 2263.

Remarks by, on
Senate Bill No. 588, further amending act for incorporation of certain corporations by requiring water power companies to furnish such power for public purposes, 1820, 2204.
Senate Bill No. 763, supplementary to act for government of cities of second class, 2674, 3153.

Resolution, concurrent offered by, in
Reference to committee to investigate mine fire at Carbondale, 90.

Vote of, for
United States Senator. 71.

MEADE, GENERAL GEORGE G., petition of Philadelphia Brigade Association for erection of bronze statue to
Presented to Senate, 8.
Read in Senate, 8.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 9.
Presented to House, 53.
Read in House, 53.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations,, 53.

MEADE, making appropriation for erection by Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in City of Washington of statue in memory of General George Gordon

House Bill No. 984
Read in place in House by Mr. Reyburn, 111.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 111.
Reported without amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2331.
Second reading, 2397.
Third reading and final passage, 2745.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.

MEADE—Continued.

In Senate (No. 914)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2684.
First reading, 2705.
Second reading, 2908.
Third reading and final passage, 3066.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

MEADE, to provide for erection in rotunda of State Capitol of statue of Major General George Gordon
Read in place in House by Mr. Martin, 1282.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1282.

MEADOW COMPANIES, to provide for surrender of franchises of

House Bill No. 605
Read in place in House by Mr. Connell, 361.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 361.
Reported without amendment, 1340.
First reading, 1412.
Second reading, 2086.
Third reading and postponed for present, 2344.
Resumed and passed finally, 2565.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3355.
Signed by Speaker, 3481.

In Senate (No. 827)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2537.
Reported without amendment, 2565.
First reading, 2927.
Second reading, 3156.
Third reading and final passage, 3270.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3402.

MEADOW COMPANIES, to provide for surrender of franchises of
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Vare, 1068.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1068.

MEADVILLE CITY HOSPITAL, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1168
Read in place in House by Mr. C. Victor Johnson, 123
Second reading, 2424.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 123.
Reported with amendment, 2243.
First reading, 2340.
Third reading and final passage, 2805.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.

In Senate (No. 1087)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2662.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2713.
Second reading, 2920.
Third reading and final passage, 3099.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

MEAL, bill to amend act relating to health and safety of miners in bituminous coal mines and anthracite collieries or breakers by regulating time allowed for mid-day (see mines).

MEAL TO EACH EMPLOYE, to require all employers to grant a certain time for the mid-day

House Bill No. 354
Read in place in House by Mr. Piper, 526.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 526.
Reported without amendment, 809.
First reading, 900.
Second reading, 1359.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 1492.
Vote reconsidered and bill passed finally, 1618.

Remarks on, by
Piper, 1492.
Robinson, V. Gilpin, 1618.
Dershem, 1618.
Roney, 1618.

In Senate
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1607.

MEALS, presentation of testimonial of House of Representatives to Assistant Resident Clerk I. Dale, 3651.

MEASURE OF CONTENTS thereof, bill to provide that all packages, bottles or other receptacles containing food shall be marked with true weight or (see contents).

MEASUREMENT OF PERSONS charged with a crime, bill relating to photographing and (see crime).

MEASURES, bills relating to weights and (see measures).

MEASURES FOR BUREAU OF STANDARDS, bill to authorize purchase of a set of standardized weights and (see Bureau).

MECHANICS EMPLOYED IN PENNSYLANIA, bill to regulate hours of labor of (see hours).

MECHANICS' LIEN BILLS, (see contracts).

MEDICAL BILL, petitions presented for passage of Wasson (see petitions).

MEDICAL PLANTS CULTIVATED for commercial purposes, bill to protect growers of (see plants).

MEDICINE AND SURGERY and establishing a Board of Medical Examiners, to define and regulate practice of

Read in place in House by Mr. Reno, 391.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 391.

MEDICINE AND SURGERY and establishing a Board of Medical Examiners, to regulate practice of

Senate Bill No. 200

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Martin, 339.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 339.
Reported without amendment, 487.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 563.

MEDICINE AND SURGERY and providing a Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure, relating to right to practice

Senate Bill No. 261

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Gerberich, 608.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 608.
Reported without amendment, 609.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 685.
Re-reported with amendment, 1067.
Recommitted to Committee, 1108.
Re-reported with amendment, 1231.
Second reading, 1258.
Third reading and final passage, 1320.
Returned from House with amendments, 2439.
Concurred in House amendments, 2440.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2523.

In House (No. 777)

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 1342.
Reported with amendment, 1747.
First reading, 1748.
Second reading, 2106.
Recommitted to Committee, 2184.
Special order for third reading and final passage, 2254.
Re-reported with amendment, 2255.
Third reading and final passage, 2315.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 2570.
Signed by Speaker, 2589.

Remarks on, by

Newbaker, 2106, 2108.
Whitman, 2106.
Connell, 2108.

MEDICINE AND SURGERY in Pennsylvania, to provide means and methods to obtain right to practice

Senate Bill No. 45

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wolf, 150.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 150.
Reported without amendment, 224.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 248.

MEDICINE AS REGARDS EXAMINATION of students in certain subjects at end of two years' course or its equivalent, to amend act further regulating practice of

House Bill No. 148

Read in place in House by Mr. Wasson, 303.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 303.
Reported without amendment, 390.
First reading, 432.
Second reading, 442.

MEDICINE AS REGARDS EXAMINATION—Continued.

Third reading and final passage, 581.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2024.
Signed by Speaker, 2587.

In Senate (No. 609)

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 564.
Reported without amendment, 1706.
First reading, 1822.
Second reading, 1915.
Third reading and final passage, 2004.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2523.

MEDICINE, bill to create Bureau of Preliminary Professional Education with authority to determine preliminary education of students of (see Bureau).

MEDICINE IN THIS COMMONWEALTH, relating to right to practice

Read in place in House by Mr. Wasson, 210.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 210.

MEDICINE, to define practice of

Senate Bill No. 44

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 183.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 183.
Reported without amendment, 224.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 248.

MEDICINES and to restrict use of untrue and misleading advertisements thereof, to regulate manufacture and sale of patent and proprietary

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Shields, 1067.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1067.

MEDICINES, to regulate manufacture and sale of "Patent" and "Proprietary"

House Bill No. 656

Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 111.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 111.
Reported with amendment, 1457.
Recommitted to Committee, 1472.

MEDICO-CHIRURGICAL COLLEGE of Philadelphia, making appropriation to

Read in place in House by Fahey, 189.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 189.

MEDICO-CHIRURGICAL HOSPITAL of Philadelphia, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1051

Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 189.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 189.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2334.
Second reading, 2408.
Third reading and final passage, 2766.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.

In Senate (No. 978)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2708.
Second reading, 2912.
Third reading and final passage, 3078.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

MEETINGS AT SAME PLACE, to require officers of townships of second class and of boroughs to hold their respective

Read in place in House by Mr. Wilson, 208.
Referred to Committee on Education, 208.

MELODEONS AND ORGANS, leased, hired or conditionally sold, from levy or sale for rent, bill to repeal act to exempt pianos, (see rent).

MEMBERS OF BOARD OF PUBLIC EDUCATION at fifteen and providing for appropriation of money by councils for school purposes, bill to amend act relating to common schools by fixing number of (see Board).

MEMBERS OF GENERAL ASSEMBLY or to State employes traveling on State business, bill to amend act relating to transportation of persons and property by providing that its provisions shall not apply to (see transportation).

MEMBERS OF GENERAL ASSEMBLY, bill to fix compensation for (see General Assembly).

MEMBERS OF JOINT STOCK COMPANIES and limited partnerships arising from technical defects in articles of organization, bill to regulate individual liability of (see liability).

MEMBERS OF MINERS' EXAMINING BOARD, bill to amend act relating to protection of miners in anthracite coal mines by increasing compensation of (see miners).

MEMBERS OF STATE FORESTRY RESERVATION COMMISSION who have heretofore served without pay, bill to amend act establishing Department of Forestry providing for salary to (see Forestry).

MEMBERSHIP in certain fraternal beneficial societies, bill to enable certain minors of five years of age and over to contract for (see minors).

MEMORIAL ADDRESSES for late Honorable J. Calvin Meyer, concurrent resolution (House) by Shaffer, in reference to printing 500 copies of, 2474.

Resolution concurred in by Senate, 2471.

Returned by Senate, 2570.

MEMORIAL BUILDING, bill making appropriation to provide for erection by Fort McIntosh Chapter Daughters of American Revolution upon or near site of Fort McIntosh in Borough of Beaver of a (see Fort McIntosh).

MEMORIAL DAY by requiring commissioners to make payments specified and fixing amount thereof, bill to amend act authorizing appropriation to each Post of Grand Army of the Republic for expenses of (see Grand Army).

MEMORIAL HALLS AT COUNTY SEATS in honor of soldiers, sailors and marines of such county who served in wars for defense of United States flag, to provide for erection of

House Bill No. 862

Read in place in House by Mr. Henry, 1399.
Referred to Committee on Military, 1399.
Reported without amendment, 1949.
First reading, 2048.
Second reading, 2362.
Special order for consideration, 3227.
Third reading and final passage, 3259.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3591.
Signed by Speaker, 3608.

In Senate (No. 1248)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 3180.
Reported without amendment, 3181.
First reading, 3181.
Second reading, 3304.
Third reading and final passage, 3437.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3536.

MEMORIAL SERVICES for the late Representative J. Calvin Meyer, resolution (House) by Dershem, in reference to, 2026.

Services held in House of Representatives, 2324.

MEMORIAL SERVICES for the late Senator Israel W. Durham, resolution (Senate) by Salus, in reference to appointing committee to draft resolutions and fix time for, 281.

Committee appointed, 408.
Services held and resolutions on death of Senator Durham adopted, 519.

MEMORIAL SERVICES for the late Senator John W. Crawford, resolution (Senate) by Wilbert, in reference to appointing committtee to draft resolutions and fix time for, 281.

Committee appointed, 408.
Services held and resolutions on death of Senator Crawford adopted, 522.

MEMORIAL SERVICES for the late Senator Thomas B. Harper, resolution (Senate) by Heacock, in reference to appointing committee to draft resolutions and fix time for, 281.

Committee appointed, 408.
Services held and resolutions on death of Senator Harper adopted, 521.

MEMORIAL TO COMMEMORATE founding of common school system, bill making appropriation to aid in erection of (see school).

MEMORIAL TO COMMODORE OLIVER HAZARD PERRY and General William Henry Harrison, bill making appropriation to aid in erection of (see appropriation).

MEMORIAL TO FOUNDERS OF PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM in Pennsylvania, petitions presented favoring (see petitions).

MEMORIALS PRESENTED favoring creating office of State Fire Marshal

From Philadelphia Board of Trade, in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 2151.

MEMORIALS PRESENTED TO DEFER ACTION on employers' liability bill

From Philadelphia Board of Trade, in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 2151.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2151.

MENAGERIES, bill to amend act relating to licensing of places where certain performances are held by fixing amount of licenses to be paid by (see licenses).

MENAGERIES EXHIBITING IN TENTS AND ENCLOSURES, bill to regulate licensing of circuses and (see amusement).

MENTAL DISORDERS, bill to authorize psycopathic wards in certain hospitals and provide for commitment thereto of persons suffering with (see psycopathic).

MENTZER, JOHN F., nominated as Trustee for State Institution for Feeble-Minded, at Polk, 3274.

Reported, 3385.
Confirmed, 3414.

MERCANTILE AGENCY TO FIRST OBTAIN A LICENSE, to require those engaged in business of conducting

Read in place in House by Mr. Conrade, 960.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 960.

MERCANTILE APPRAISERS IN COUNTIES having between 750,000 and 1,250,000 inhabitants, to create a Board of

Read in place in House by Mr. Robison, 567.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 567.

MERCANTILE APRAISERS IN COUNTIES having less than 750,000 inhabitants, to provide for appointment of

Senate Bill No. 275

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Snyder, 290.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 290.
Reported without amendment, 664.
First reading, 711.
Second reading, 763.
Third reading and amended, 792.
Defeated on final passage, 832.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 948.
Resumed and defeated on final passage, 2457.

Remarks on, by

Herbst, 792, 948.
Snyder, 792.
Huffman, 832, 833.

MERCANTILE APPRAISERS LIST IN COUNTIES having less than 1,000,000 inhabitants, to remove language restrictions in advertising

House Bill No. 352

Read in place in House by Mr. Billman, 636.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 636.
Reported without amendment, 776.
First reading, 900.
Second reading, 1052.
Vote on second reading reconsidered and bill amended, 1058.
Third reading and final passage, 1299.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1264.

MERCANTILE APPRAISERS' LISTS, relative to

Senate Bill No. 264

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 608.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 608.
Reported without amendment, 609.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 686.
Re-reported without amendment, 1417.
Second reading, 1443.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 1587.

MERCANTILE APPRAISERS SHALL NOT BE VALID until approved by Court of Common Pleas of the proper county, bill to provide that appointment of (see appointment).

MERCANTILE LICENSE TAX, bills relating to (see tax).

ERCANTILE LICENSES shall not hereafter be published to provide that the Appraiser's list of

House Bill No. 242

Read in place in House by Mr. Rockwell, 473.
Referred to Committe on Judiciary General, 473.
Reported without amendment, 590.
First reading, 639.
Second reading, 854.
Third reading and final passage, 1154.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1114.

ERCANTILE TAX, petitions presented against (see petitions).

ERCANTILE TAX REPEAL BILL, petitions presented for passage of (see petitions).

ERCANTILE TAX TO BE PAID where more than three separate places of business for sale of any goods are maintained in any one county, to fix

Read in place in House by Mr. Gans, 688.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 688.

ERCER COUNTY, to repeal act to provide for erection of poor house in

Senate Bill No. 359

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Jarrett, 700.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 700.
Reported without amendment, 831.
First reading, 918.
Second reading, 953.
Over in its order, 999.
Third reading and recommitted to Committee, 1073.
Re-reported without amendment, 1100.
Resumed on third reading and passed finally, 1175.

In House

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 1204.

MERCER, to repeal act authorizing the citizens to erect a Union School House in the Borough of

House Bill No. 57

Read in place in House by Mr. Martin, 96.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 96.
Reported without amendment, 187.
First reading, 206.
Second reading and amended, 234.
Third reading and final passage, 261.

In Senate (No. 361)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 249.
Reported without amendment, 831.
First reading 918.
Second reading, 953.
Over in its order, 999.
Third reading and recommitted to Committee, 1073.

MERCER, to repeal act authorizing the erection of a Union School House by the citizens of the Borough of

Senate Bill No. 129

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Jarrettt, 131.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 131.
Reported without amendment, 282.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 358.

MERCHANDISE, bill relating to leasing, renting, bailment or conditional sale of certain (see leasing).

MERCHANDISE, bill to prohibit awarding of prizes, premiums or gifts in connection with sale of any package, bundle or parcel of (see premiums).

MERCHANDISE intended to be exposed for sale, other than articles of food, to prohibit misbranding of articles of

Read in place in House by Mr. Sherwood, 1184.

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 1184.

MERCHANDISE that is sold by weights and shipped in car load lots, bill to provide for correct weighing by railroad companies of all (see railroad).

MERCHANDISE to their own use or pledge or deposit same as security, bill to provide punishment for employes who convert (see employes).

MERCY HOSPITAL, ALTOONA, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1224

Read in place in House by Mr. William B. Ward, 111.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 111.
Reported with amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2343.
Second reading, 2435.
Third reading and final passage, 2824.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3479.

In Senate (No. 1141)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2664.
Reported without amendment, 2691.
First reading, 2715.
Second reading, 2924.
Third reading and final passage, 3110.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

MERCY HOSPITAL AND SCHOOL FOR NURSES in City of Philadelphia, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1212

Read in place in House by Mr. McNicol, 252.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 252.
Reported with amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2342.
Second reading, 2433.
Third reading and final passage, 2820.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.

In Senate (No. 1130)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2663.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2715.
Second reading, 2923.
Third reading and final passage, 3108.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

MERCY HOSPITAL OF JOHNSTOWN, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1098

Read in place in House by Mr. Moses, 94.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 94.
Reported with amendment, 2241.
First reading, 2337.
Second reading, 2414.
Third reading and final passage, 2782.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3476, 3496.

In Senate (No. 1022)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.
Reported without amendment, 2687.
First reading, 2710.
Second reading, 2916.
Third reading and final passage, 3086.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

MERCY HOSPITAL OF JOHNSTOWN, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wertz, 185.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 185.

MERCY HOSPITAL OF PITTSBURG, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1036

Read in place in House by Mr. Stein, 232.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 232.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2334.
Second reading, 2406.
Third reading and final passage, 2762.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.

In Senate (No. 965)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2707.
Second reading, 2912.
Third reading and final passage, 3075.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

MERCY HOSPITAL, WILKES-BARRE, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1009
Read in place in House by Mr. Shadrach, 146.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 146.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2333.
Second reading, 2401.
Third reading and final passage, 2753.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.

In Senate (No. 939)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2685.
First reading, 2706.
Second reading, 2910.
Third reading and final passage, 3071.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

MERCY HOSPITAL, WILKES-BARRE, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Catlin, 118.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 118.

MERRITT, THOMAS POLK, Trustee of State Asylum for Chronic Insane, at Wernersville, nominated, 24.

MESSAGE FROM GOVERNOR, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Keyser, providing for printing, 7.
Resolution returned by House, 41.
Concurred in by House, 51.
Approved by Governor, 57.

MESSAGE FROM GOVERNOR, presentation in Senate of, 7.

MESSAGES ON LINES of two or more telephone companies, bill to regulate physical condition of telephone lines and transmission of (see telephone).

MESSENGER, bill to amend act relating to personal registration of electors in cities of first and second classes by providing for assistant clerk and (see cities).

MESSENGER FOR TELEPHONE, telegraph or messenger company between hours of 10 P. M. and 5 A. M., to prohibit employment of any person under 21 years of age as a
Read in place in House by Mr. Reno, 361.
Referred to Committee on Manufactures, 361.

MESSENGER IN STATE LIBRARY, bill to fix salaries of second assistant State Librarian and (see State Librarian).

MESSENGER OFFICES, bill to amend act relating to minors in certain employments by regulating hours of employment of minors in cities of first and second class in or for (see minors).

MESSIAH HOME AT HARRISBURG, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. Steese, 1399.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1399.

MESSIAH HOME ORPHANAGE of Harrisburg, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 949
Read in place in House by Mr. Tunis, 251.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 251.
Reported with amendment, 2236.
First reading, 2330.
Second reading, 2392.
Third reading and final passage, 2733.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Resolution recalling bill from House concurred in, 3330.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3488.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3488.
Signed by Speaker, 3588.

In Senate (No. 879)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2656.
Reported without amendment, 2683.
First reading, 2703.
Second reading, 2906.
Third reading and final passage, 3060.
Concurrent resolution recalling bill from House for amendment, 3274.
Resolution returned by House concurred in, 3286.
Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 3286.
Final passage, 3383.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3408.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3537.

MESSIAH HOME ORPHANAGE of Harrisburg, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox, 221.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 221.

METAL DOORS, windows, casings, mouldings or interior building trim to own real estate within this Commonwealth, to authorize any compay organized under laws of any other State for manufacture of

Senate Bill No. 484
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Baldwin, 788.
Referred to Committee on Corporations, 788.
Reported without amendment, 1279.
First reading, 1326.
Second reading, 1429.
Third reading and final passage, 1441.

In House (No. 759)
Referred to Committee on Corporations, 1471.
Reported with amendment, 1695.
First reading, 1830.
Second reading, 2126.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 3220.
Motion to reconsider vote on final passage defeated, 3365.

Remarks on, by
Baldwin, R. J., 3220.

METER FOR DISTRIBUTION OF GAS operated by placing therein any coin, token or slug, bill to make it unlawful to use any automatic device (see gas).

METER THAT HAS BEEN TAMPERED WITH or prevented from duly registering, bill to punish any consumer of electricity for knowingly having in his possession any electric (see electrical).

MEYER, DECEASED, to provide for payment of expenses incident to attendance of members of Pennsylvania Legislature at funeral of Honorable J. Calvin

House Bill No. 965
Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 2054.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2054.
Reported without amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2331.
Second reading, 2394.
Third reading and final passage, 2738.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.

In Senate (No. 895)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2684.
First reading, 2704.
Second reading, 2907.
Third reading and final passage, 3063.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

MEYER, J. CALVIN, Representative from Centre County,

Amendments offered by, to
House Bill No. 312, to establish a public school system, 967, 968.
House Bill No. 518, amending act providing uniform method of electing certain party officers by providing for but one primary each year in place of two, 1188.

Announcement of death of, in
House, 1415.
Senate, 1417.

Appointments of, on
Special committees, 5, 52, 80.
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by
Authorizing election of tax collectors for term of four years in boroughs and townships, 210.
Authorizing justices of the peace, aldermen and magistrates to require informant to file bond to cover costs in certain petty cases, 361.
Making appropriation for improving a portion of Moshannon Creek, 567.
Making appropriation for State Institution for Inebriates, 231.
Making appropriation to Bellefonte Hospital at Bellefonte, 104.
Making appropriation to Cottage State Hospital, Phillipsburg, Centre County, 210.
Making appropriation to McKeesport Hospital, 141.
Making appropriation to Trustees of Pennsylvania State College for college extension work, 436.

MEYER, J. CALVIN—Continued.
Regulating lateral railroads, 210.
Relating to children residing in school district where no high school is maintained or where it is more than two miles from their homes, 104.
To provide for practical development of horticulture by establishing small model orchards, 735.
Bills reported by
No. 11 (Senate Bill No. 165)
Permitting the release on parole of persons acquitted on grounds of insanity, 109.
No. 179 (Senate Bill No. 817)
Relating to new ordinance book in boroughs, 436.
No. 218 (Senate Bill No. 384)
Providing for quadrennial inspection of boundary line monuments, 566.
No. 370 (Senate Bill No. 163)
Amending act relating to erection of poor house by Township of Wilkes-Barre, 880.
No. 407
Amending act relating to jurors by increasing pay and mileage of jury commissioners, 897.
No. 633 (Senate Bill No. 1158)
Providing standard of tests for illuminating oils, 1350.
Communication from Mrs. J. Calvin Meyer, thanking House of Representatives for expression of sympathy on death of Hon. J. Calvin Meyer, 2026.
Election of, 43.
Leave of absence asked for, 157, 590.
Memorial addresses for
Resolution in reference to printing of, 2474.
Memorial services for
Resolution in reference to, 2026.
Memorial services held for, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328.
Motiones by, to
Adjourn, 786.
Postpone for present House Bill No. 138, authorizing election of tax collectors for four years in boroughs and townships, 569.
Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 374, to provide for practical development of horticulture by establishing small model orchards for demonstration and experimental purposes, 1083.
Nomination of, for
Speaker of the House, 48, 49.
Petitions presented by, from
Citizens of Centre County, against resident hunter's license law, 359.
Citizens of Centre County against school code, 1047.
Citizens of Centre County for amendments to oleomargarine laws, 1047.
Citizens of Centre County for better telephone facilities, 565.
Citizens of Centre County, relative to reading of Bible in public schools, 389, 809.
Point of order raised by, on
House Bill No. 312, to establish a public school system, 969.
Remarks by, in
Reference to absence from session, 337.
Remarks by, on
Concurrent resolution in reference to adjournment until February twenty-seventh, 307.
House Bill No. 112, to further regulate granting of licenses for sale of liquors, 481.
House Bill No. 138, authorizing election of tax collectors for four years in boroughs and townships, 568.
House Bill No. 168, regulating lateral railroads, 1289.
House Bill No. 258, to provide for pensioning of soldiers, sailors and marines who served in Civil War, 1160.
House Bill No. 312, to establish a public school system, 968, 969, 1039.
House Bill No. 518, amending act providing for uniform method of electing certain party officers by providing for one primary each year in place of two, 1188.
Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.
Vote for, as
Speaker of House, 49.

MIDDLE COAL FIELD POOR DISTRICT, bill relating to directors and affairs of (see poor).

MIDLAND, to repeal act prohibiting sale of intoxicating liquors in Ohio Township, Beaver County so far as it applies to Borough of
House Bill No. 806
Read in place in House by Mr. Bentley, 200.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 200.
Reported without amendment, 1769.
First reading, 1832.
Second reading, 2144.
Special order for consideration, 3227.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 3256.
Remarks on, by
Baldwin, George A., 3256, 3257.
Bentley, 3257.
Allen, 3257.
Wallace, 3257.
Stein, 3257.

MIDNIGHT MISSION OF PHILADELPHIA, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1058
Read in place in House by Mr. Samuel B. Scott, 142.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 142.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2335.
Second reading, 2409.
Third reading and final passage, 2769.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.
In Senate (No. 985)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2708.
Second reading, 2913.
Third reading and final passage, 3079.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

MIDNIGHT MISSION OF PHILADELPHIA, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Herbst, 130.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 130.

MID-VALLEY HOSPITAL, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 999
Read in place in House by Mr. Haggerty, 142.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 142.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2332.
Second reading, 2400.
Third reading and final passage, 2750.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.
In Senate (No. 929)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2685.
First reading, 2705.
Second reading, 2909.
Third reading and final passage, 3069.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

MID-VALLEY HOSPITAL, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichols, 118.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 118.

MIDWIFERY, to provide for better protection of lives, bodies and health of women and new born children by regulating practice of
House Bill No. 871
Read in place in House by Mr. Keister, 777.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 777.
Reported with amendment, 1949.
First reading, 2049.
Second reading and amended, 2366.
Third reading and final passage, 2832.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3232.
Signed by Speaker, 3479.
In Senate (No. 841)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2655.
Reported without amendment, 2682.
First reading, 2701.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2888.
Re-reported with amendment, 2929.
Third reading and final passage, 3053.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

MILEAGE OF ASSOCIATE JUDGES for years 1910 and 1911, bill making appropriation for payment of (see judges).

MILEAGE OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS and Directors of the Poor in Dauphin County, bill to repeal section 23 of supplement which fixes rate of (see Dauphin).

MILEAGE OF JURY COMMISSIONERS, bill to amend act relating to selection of jurors by amending act relating to pay and (see jury).

MILEAGE OF MEMBERS AND EMPLOYES OF SENATE for Session of 1911, statement relative to salaries and, 3462.

Resolution adopted relative to payment of same, 3464.

MILEAGE OF TEACHERS attending annual county institutes, bill to regulate pay and (see teachers).

MILITARY CODE as embodied in Senate Bill No. 109, remonstrances presented against amendment to new

From First Infantry, National Guard, in Senate, 453.

From Third Regiment Infantry, National Guard, in Senate, 453.

MILITARY ROUTES of General Edward Braddock and General John Forbes, bill to provide for commission to survey and make report on (see routes).

MILITARY STATE AGENTS for collecting claims due Commonwealth from United States Government, making appropriation for payment of commissions due

House Bill No. 368

Read in place in House by Mr. Allen, 735.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 735.
Reported without amendment, 880.
First reading, 901.
Second reading, 1056.
Third reading and final passage, 1349.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2947.
Signed by Speaker, 3183.

In Senate (No. 751)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1421.
Reported without amendment, 2439.
First reading, 2551.
Second reading, 2669.
Third reading and final passage, 2893.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3114.

MILITIA OF THE COMMONWEALTH, bill to provide for organization and regulation of organized (see National Guard).

MILK AND CREAM and of milk and cream cans, to provide for the aeration of

House Bill No. 807

Read in place in House by Mr. Matt, 315.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 315.
Presentation of bill incorrectly credited to Mr. Matt, 392.
Reported without amendment, 1769.
First reading, 1832.
Dropped from calendar, 2352.

MILK AND CREAM intended to be shipped, sold or offered for sale, to regulate temperature of

House Bill No. 405

Read in place in House by Mr. James J. Campbell, 845.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 845.
Reported without amendment, 884.
First reading, 924.
Second reading and postponed for present, 1062.
Resumed on second reading and amended, 1216.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1490.
Resumed on third reading and amended, 1626.
Final passage, 1789.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3355.
Signed by Speaker, 3481.

Remarks on, by

Campbell, J. J., 1062, 1063.
Johnston, 1063,.
Knight, 1063.
Baldwin, R. J,, 1063.

In Senate (No. 757)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1801.
Reported without amendment, 2445.
First reading, 2551.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 2671.

MILK AND CREAM—Continued.

Re-reported without amendment, 2887.
Motion to recommit to Committee defeated, 3140.
Over in its order, 3140.
Third reading and final passage, 3265.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3394.

Remarks on, by

Heacock, 3140.
Herbst, 3140.
Wolf, 3265.

MILK AND ITS FLUID DERIVATIVES in cities of first class, bill to amend act relating to licensing of those engaged in the sale of (see cities).

MILK, SKIMMED MILK AND CREAM, to provide for protection of public health by regulating sale of

House Bill No. 646

Read in place in House by Mr. Piper, 1082.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 1082.
Reported with amendment, 1398.
First reading, 1629.
Second reading, 1542.
Vote on second reading reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 1543.
Resumed and amended on second reading, 1750.
Third reading and postponed for present, 2290.
Objections raised to calling up bill, 2883.
Resumed and amended on third reading, 2515.
Final passage, 2883.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3355.
Signed by Speaker, 3480.

In Senate (No. 826)

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 2655.
Reported without amendment, 2664.
First reading, 2927.
Second reading, 3156.
Third reading and final passage, 3270.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3402.

MILK SUPPLIES from contamination by further regulating appraisement of animals destroyed, bill to amend act to prevent spread of diseases among domestic animals and to protect (see animals).

MILLER, ALBERT E., Member of State Board of Undertakers, nominated, 25.
Reported, 938.
Confirmed, 956.

MILLER, CHARLES F., Trustee of Thaddeus Stevens Industrial School of Pennsylvania, nominated, 26.
Reported, 938.
Confirmed, 956.

MILLER, JAMES A., Senator from Sixteenth District, (Lehigh County),

Appointments of, on

Special committee, 3541.

Standing committees, 7980.

Bills introduced by

Making appropriation to Allentown Hospital, Allentown, Lehigh County, 118.

Making appropriation to Saint Luke's Hospital, located at South Bethlehem, 102.

Bills reported by

No. 13 (House Bill No. 93)
Ceding jurisdiction to United States over Hanover Public Road in Adams County, 129.

No. 98 (House Bill No. 839)
Amending act exempting property to value of $300 from levy and sale for rent as regards attachment execution, 1254.

No. 101
Prohibiting judge of certain courts from hearing cause or matter wherein the attorney for either party shall be related to such judge, 242.

No. 102 (House Bill No. 181)
Regulating compensation of court criers and tipstaves in certain judicial districts, 242.

No. 138 (House Bill No. 684)
Relating to sale of articles of commerce and the giving of short weights and measures, 282.

No. 171 (House Bill No. 16)
Authorizing refund to A. Sidney Reynolds, 401.

MILLER, JAMES A.—Continued.

No. 206
Providing for satisfaction of judgments and mortgages, 487.

No. 351
For regulation of appropriation to hospitals not under exclusive control of State, 788.

No. 394 (House Bill No. 778)
Amending act relating to corporations and to estates held for corporate and religious purposes, 937, 938.

No. 410 (House Bill No. 228)
Amending act to designate uniform date when counties shall issue their precepts to assessors, 995.

No. 434 (House Bill No. 823)
To provide that persons buying real estate from executors or trustees shall take title free of any obligation to see to application of purchase money, 1099.

No. 450 (House Bill No. 161)
Authorizing courts where jury has disagreed to certify evidence so as to become part of record and to enter judgment under certain conditions, 1173.

No. 477
To prevent issuing or transfer by other than warehouseman of papers certifying that goods are stored in any warehouse, 1254.

No. 521
Providing that qua warranto cases shall be placed at head of list in courts of common pleas and supreme and superior courts, 1435.

No. 574 (House Bill No. 1245)
Providing for protection of owners of animals or vehicles, 1632.

No. 632 (House Bill No. 74)
To repeal act relative to purchase of law library for Dauphin County, 1854.

No. 655 (House Bill No. 204)
Providing for election of commissioners in townships of first class, 1963.

No. 698 (House Bill No. 563)
Repealing part of act relating to collection of tax in Borough of Clearfield and various other matters, 2202.

No. 699 (House Bill No. 430)
Providing for punishment of inmates who shall escape from any charitable, reformatory or other institution maintained wholly or partly by State appropriations, 2202.

No. 700 (House Bill No. 380)
Empowereing clerks designated by recorder of deeds to administer oaths or affirmations except in certain counties, 2202.

No. 780 (House Bill No. 482)
Authorizing councils of incorporated boroughs to require sprinkling of public streets or thoroughfares, 2525.

No. 810 (House Bill No. 157)
Relating to judgments obtained before aldermen and justices of the peace against counties, cities, boroughs, poor districts, school districts and other municipaliities or incorporated districts, 2603.

Election of, 2.

Leave of absence asked for, 607.

Motion by, to

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 351, for regulation of appropriations to general and emergency hospitals not under exclusive control of State, 917.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 71.

MILLER, ROBERT C., Representative from Second District, (Montgomery County),

Amendment offered by, to

House Bill No. 517, establishing in counties with population between 200,000 and 225,000 a Board for Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and County purposes, 1483.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Establishing a secondary school of agriculture at Pennsburg, 361.

Making appropriation to Charity Hospital of Montgomery County, 96.

Making appropriation to St. Joseph's Protectory, Norristown, 172.

MILLER, ROBERT C.—Continued.

Making an appropriation to State Hospital for Insane at Norristown, 95.

Providing for establishment of State Psychiatric Institute, 362.

Regulating obtaining of releases from persons injured in certain employments, 526.

Relating to cost of maintenance of public lamps in townships of first class, 125.

Repealing act increasing pay of jurors and witnesses so far as it applies to Montgomery County, 125.

Repealing section two of act increasing compensation of certain officers and of jurors and witnesses in Montgomery County, 125.

Repealing section two of act increasing compensation of certain officers and of jurors and witnesses in Montgomery County, 921.

Repealing so far as it applies to Montgomery County act increasing pay of jurors and witnesses in certain counties, 921.

Requiring property owners to keep sidewalks in repair and clear of obstruction in townships of first class, 125.

To amend act authorizing municipalities to unite in construction of sewage systems, 209.

To amend act establishing Department of Forestry providing for payment of salary to members of State Forestry Reservation Commission who have heretofore served without pay, 1400.

To amend act regulating boroughs so as to increase term of office of borough solicitor, 1400.

To amend act relating to sale of real estate by Norristown Academy and common schools of Norristown, 97.

To amend act to prevent enticing into Pennsylvania of any woman or girl for immoral purposes so as to prevent procuring for immoral purposes of any woman or girl residing in or out of Pennsylvania, 1399.

To authorize municipal authorities to limit the charges of Water Companies, 171.

To punish any person from sending or uttering threatening communications with view to extort money or other valuable thing, 1400.

Bills reported by

No. 1115 (Senate Bill No. 1038)
Making an appropriation to Charity Hospital of Montgomery County, located at Norristown, 2241.

No. 1116 (Senate Bill No. 1039)
Making an appropriation to St. Joseph's Protectory, Norristown, 2241.

No. 1117 (Senate Bill No. 1040)
Making an appropriation to the State Hospital for the Insane for the Southeastern District of Pennsylvania, at Norristown, 2241.

No. 1118 (Senate Bill No. 1041)
Making an appropriation for the payment of the annual fixed charge, for school purposes, on lands held for forest reserves, 2241.

No. 1119 (Senate Bill No. 1042)
Making an appropriation for the payment of services and expenses of fire wardens, and those assisting, in the extinguishing of forest fires, 2241.

No. 1120 (Senate Bill No. 1043)
Making an appropriation to the Pottstown Hospital, Pottstown, Montgomery County, 2241.

No. 1121 (Senate Bill No. 1044)
Making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Industrial School, formerly located at Paoli, Chester County, and now located at Eagleville, Montgomery County, 2241.

No. 1122 (Senate Bill No. 1045)
Making an appropriation for the purchase of lands by the Department of Forestry, to be set aside and held as State Forest Reserves, 2241.

No. 1123 (Senate Bill No. 1046)
An act making an appropriation for the payment of the annual fixed charge, for road purposes, on lands held for forest reserves, 2241.

Election of, 44.

Motion by, in

Reference to time of next meeting, 753.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 56, 1852.

Lay upon table veto of House Bill No. 168, regulating lateral railroads, 2559.

MILLER, ROBERT C.—Continued.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Montgomery County against excise commission bill and brewers' and distillers' license bill, 1825.

Citizens of Montgomery County for passage of bill requiring Bible to be read in public schools, 525.

Vote of, for

United States Senator. 72.

MILLER, SAMUEL H., nominated as Trustee for State Institution for Feeble-Minded, at Polk, 3274.

Reported, 3385.

Confirmed, 3414.

MILLER to bring an action in Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County against Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, to authorize George A.

House Bill No. 160

Read in place in House by Mr. Tunis, 361.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 361.

Reported without amendment, 415.

First reading, 451.

Second reading, 575.

Third reading and postponed for present, 601.

Resumed and passed finally, 642.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 632.

MILLING AND TESTING GRAIN and grain products, bill making appropriation for building and laboratories for (see grain).

MILLS, CHARLES E., Representative from Bradford County,

Amendment offered by, to

House Bill No. 493, empowering boroughs without petition of property owners to pave streets, 1486.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84.

Bills introduced by

Amending act relating to compensation of sheriffs for boarding prisoners in jails or counties of not exceeding 50,000 population by extending its provisions to counties not exceeding 60,000 population, 718.

Amending act relating to corporations by giving electric light, heat and power companies the right of eminent domain, 190.

Authorizing C. L. Francisco to bring suit against Commonwealth for advertising constitutional amendments in Sayre Times Record, 1458.

Authorizing councils of incorporated boroughs to require sprinkling of streets, 885.

Authorizing School Board of School District of Township of Wysox to convert taxes levied in 1909 for contemplated new school building, 1282.

Authorizing tender of payment or judgment for damages in all classes of trespass claims or suits in any nature, 135.

Making appropriation to People's Co-operative Hospital of Sayre, 111.

Making appropriation to reimburse the several counties for advancements for payment for service performed under certain acts, 111.

Making appropriation to Robert Packer Hospital of Sayre, 111.

Regulating returns of constables in boroughs and townships, 1214.

Supplement to act in regard to revenue by taxation relating to tax on capital stock, 111.

Supplement to act relating to certain corporations regulating electric light, heat and power companies which are near boundary of any adjoining State, 190.

Bills reported by

No. 10 (Senate Bill No. 220)

Requiring the Commonwealth to build and maintain one-half of line fences in certain cases, 109.

No. 132 (Senate Bill No. 597)

Amending act relating to term of constables in second and third class cities, 314.

No. 527 (Senate Bill No. 667)

Repealing so far as it applies to Montgomery County act to increase pay of jurors and witnesses in certain counties, 1169.

No. 528 (Senate Bill No. 666)

Repealing section of act increasing compensation of certain officers and of jurors and witnesses in Montgomery County, 1169.

No. 569

Repealing act to enlarge jurisdiction of justices of peace in Warren County, 1281.

MILLS, CHARLES E.—Continued.

No. 618

Regulating licensing of traveling theatrical or operatic companies, 1340.

No. 659 (Senate Bill No. 806)

Amending act relating to insolvency and voluntary assignments for benefit of creditors, 1457.

No. 779 (Senate Bill No. 19)

Regulating infliction of death penalty, 1748.

No. 827 (Senate Bill No. 247)

Fixing number and salaries of clerks and other employes in Department of Auditor General, 1780.

No. 882 (Senate Bill No. 519)

Amending act relating to disposition of property of decedents on failure of testamentary devises by extending its provisions to cases where devices shall be impracticable, 2023.

Election of, 43.

Leave of absence asked for, 305.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 116.

Dispense with further reading of Journal, 1669.

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House Bill No. 3, fixing salaries of judges of the several courts, 1850.

House Bill No. 216, amending act creating Department of State Police as regards salaries, 1084.

House Bill No. 280, to repeal act relating to fish and forbidding sale of unlawful devices for catching fish, 1786.

House Bill No. 482, empowering councils of incorporated boroughs to require sprinkling of public streets, 1765, 1766.

House Bill No. 493, empowering boroughs without petition of property owners to pave streets, 1486, 1775.

House Bill No. 557, authorizing use of haul seine in tide water streams, 1931.

House Bill No. 571, regulating returns of constables in boroughs and townships, 1943, 1944.

House Bill No. 586, amending act relating to manufacture and sale of oleomargarine and butterine by further regulating its composition and sale and regulating licensing of manufacturers and dealers thereof, 2235.

Resolutions offered by, in

Reference to approving Sulloway Bill in Congress of United States, granting pensions to certain enlisted men in Civil War and War with Mexico, 211.

Reference to using Hall of House of Representatives for public hearing on House bill prescribing a method of executing condemned criminals, 138.

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United States Senator, 72.

MINE FIRE AT CARBONDALE, concurrent resolution (House No. 6) by Mannion, in reference to committee to investigate, 99.

Resolution referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 99.

Reported without amendment, 301.

MINE FIRE AT CARBONDALE, concurrent resolution (Senate) by McNichols, in reference to committee to investigate, 90.

Resolution referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 90.

Reported without amendment, 153.

Amended and agreed to and sent to House for concurrence, 168.

Concurred in by House, 179.

Returned by House without amendment, 187.

Approved by Governor, 298.

Senate committee appointed, 298.

House committee appointed, 392.

Concurrent resolution granting extension of time to Committee (Senate) by Salus, 700.

Resolution concurred in by House, 748.

Returned by House, 757.

Approved by Governor, 905.

Partial report of Committee presentei to Senate, 1453, 1454.

Presented to House, 1472.

Concurrent resolution granting further extension of time to Committee (Senate) by Salus, 1454.

Resolution returned by House, 1456.

Concurred in by House, 1472.

MINE FIRE AT CARBONDALE—Continued.
Approved by Governor, 1547.
Concurrent resolution granting further extension of time to Committee (House) by Robinson, 1472.
Final report of Committee presented to House, 2261, 2262.
Final report of Committee presented to Senate, 2263, 2264.
Senate committee discharged with thanks, 2264.

MINE FIRE IN CITY OF CARBONDALE, making appropriation to Department of Mines to protect property and promote safety of citizens from dangers from a
Read in place in House by Mr. Klumpp, 2262.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2262.

MINE FIRE IN CITY OF CARBONDALE, making appropriation to Department of Mines to protect property and promote safety of citizens from dangers from a
Senate Bill No. 1155
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Salus, 2264.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2264.
Reported without amendment, 2692.
First reading, 2716.
Second reading, 2925.
Third reading and final passage, 3112.
In House
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3238.

MINE FOREMEN OR MINE SUPERINTENDENTS from distributing money for any candidate for public office in Pennsylvania, to prevent
House Bill No. 782
Read in place in House by Mr. Shannon, 884.
Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 884.
Reported without amendment, 1757.
First reading, 1831.
Second reading, 2352.

MINE INSPECTOR IN ANTHRACITE COAL FIELDS, to define qualifications necessary for office of
House Bill No. 105
Read in place in House by Mr. Schultz, 111.
Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 111.
Reported without amendment, 301.
First reading, 322.
Second reading, 333.
Third reading and final passage, 429.
Remarks on, by
Brennan, 430.
Schultz, 430.
In Senate
Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 458.

MINE INSPECTOR SUSPENDED BY CHIEF OF DEPARTMENT OF MINES for neglect of duty to appeal to Court of Common Pleas, to amend act establishing Department of Mines by permitting any
House Bill No. 786
Read in place in House by Mr. Shannon, 884.
Refered to Committee on Mines and Mining, 884.
Reported without amendment, 1758.
First reading, 1831.
Second reading, 2132.
Remarks on, by
Schultz, 2133.
Shannon, 2133.

MINE, to permit owners and lessees of coal rights to remove overlying strata and deposit it on land adjacent to opening of
Senate Bill No. 304
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Endsley, 541.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 541.
Reported without amendment, 699.
First reading, 773.
Second reading, 798.
Third reading and final passage, 835.
In House (No. 688)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 885.
Reported without amendment, 1470.
First reading, 1502.
Second reading, 2102.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 3216.

MINE—Continued.
Remarks on, by
Ailman, 3216.
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Reel, 3216.
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Rockwell, 3216, 3217.

MINERALS ARE RESERVED IN GENERAL TERMS, to determine effect of reservations in any contract, deed or devise of land where
Read in place in House by Mr. Benson, 210.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 210.

MINERALS FROM ADJACENT LANDS, bill to authorize State Forestry Reservation Commission to grant right of way over forestry reserves for transportation of (see Forestry).

MINERS FROM DANGERS RESULTING from incompetent miners working in anthracite coal mines, to protect
House Bill No. 300
Read in place in House by Mr. Shadrach, 527.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 527.
Reported without amendment, 716.
First reading, 752.
Dropped from calendar, 876.
Remarks on, by
Schultz, 876.
Shadrach, 876.
Brennan, 876.

MINERS FROM DANGERS RESULTING from incompetent miners working in bituminous coal mines and to provide for examination of persons seeking employment as miners, to protect
House Bill No. 636
Read in place in House by Mr. Feeney, 1083.
Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 1083.
Reported without amendment, 1350.
First reading, 1414.
Second reading, 1539.
Recommitted to Committee on Corporations, 1669.
Vote to recommit bill to Committee on Corporations reconsidered, 1672.
Third reading and final passage, 2059.
Remarks on, by
Schultz, 1672.
Schofield, 1672.
Rockwell, 2059.
Feeney, 2059.
In Senate (No. 1154)
Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 2155.
Reported without amendment, 2691.
Recommitted to Committee, 2926.
First reading, 2927.
Recommitted to Committee, 3137.
Re-reported without amendment,
Recommitted to Committee, 3290.
Remarks on, by
Judson, 3290.

MINERS' HOSPITAL OF NORTHERN CAMBRIA, AT SPANGLER, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1208
Read in place in House by Mr. James Dunn, 315.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 315.
Reported with amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2342.
Second reading, 2432.
Third reading and final passage, 2819.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.
In Senate (No. 1127)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2663.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2714.
Second reading, 2923.
Third reading and final passage, 3107.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

MINERS' HOSPITAL OF NORTHERN CAMBRIA, AT SPANGLER, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wertz, 298.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 298.

MINERS IN ANTHRACITE COAL MINES by increasing compensation of members of Miners' Examining Board, to amend act relating to protection of

Read in place in House by Mr. Shadrach, 324.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 324.

MINERS IN BEING PAID FOR WORK PERFORMED by them in production of marketable material, to protect coal

House Bill No. 790

Read in place in House by Mr. Schultz, 776.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 776.
Reported without amendment, 1758.
First reading, 1831.
Second reading, 2133.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 3032, 3033.

MINES AND ANTHRACITE COLLIERIES OR BREAKERS by regulating time allowed for midday meal, to amend act relating to health and safety of miners in bituminous coal

Senate Bill No. 383

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Snyder, 806.
Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 806.
Reported without amendment, 937.
First reading, 1011.
Second reading, 1074.
Third reading and final passage, 1103.
Returned from House without amendment, 2153.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2523.

In House (No. 637)

Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 1170.
Reported without amendment, 1350.
First reading, 1414.
Second reading, 1540.
Third reading and final passage, 2060.
Signed by Speaker, 2589.

MINES AND INDUSTRIES connected with public utilities and providing for appointment of Board of Conciliation and Investigation, bill to aid in prevention and settlement of strikes and lockouts in (see Board).

MINES AND QUARRIES, bill to regulate employment of persons in charge of hoists and hoisting engines in and about coal (see hoists).

MINES AND TO PRESERVE PROPERTY by providing that all inside buildings shall be constructed of incombustible material, to safeguard life in coal

House Bill No. 635

Read in place in House by Mr. Brehm, 1329.
Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 1329.
Reported without amendment, 1350.
First reading, 1414.
Second reading, 1539.
Third reading and final passage, 2059.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 2946.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 2946.
Signed by Speaker, 3183.

In Senate (No. 774)

Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 2155.
Reported with amendment, 2524.
First reading, 2552.
Second reading, 2694.
Third reading and final passage, 2897.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3047.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3115.

MINES BY FURTHER FIXING DUTY OF OWNERS to provide washhouses, to amend act providing for health and safety of persons employed in and about anthracite coal

House Bill No. 793

Read in place in House by Mr. Schultz, 1400.
Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 1400.
Reported without amendment, 1758.
First reading, 1831.
Second reading, 2134.
Third reading and postponed for present, 3033.

MINES BY FURTHER REGULATING AGE at which minors may be employed in and around coal mines, bill to amend act relating to health and safety of minors in coal (see minors).

MINES BY PROVIDING SAFETY APPLIANCES, to protec persons employed in or about all coal and othe mineral

House Bill No. 209

Read in place in House by Mr. Watts, 252.
Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 252.
Reported without amendment, 566.
First reading, 604.
Second reading, 738.
Third reading and final passage, 815.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 808.

MINES FOR PAYMENT OF DEFICIENCY in counsel fe fund, making appropriation to Department of

(Section No. 8), House Bill No. 1

Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 51.
Special Committee appointed to consider bill, 52.
Reported without amendments, 52.
First reading, 52.
Special order for second reading, 52.
Second reading, 55.
Third reading, 62.
Final passage, 63.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 82.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 82.
Signed by Speaker, 85.
Partial veto by Governor, 93.
Governor's partial veto sustained, 94.

Remarks on, by

Dearden, 62, 63, 93.
Woodward, 63.

In Senate (No. 1)

Special Committee appointed to consider bill, 57.
Reported without amendments, 61.
First reading, 62.
Recommitted to Special Committee, 62.
Re-reported as amended, 62.
Second reading, 65.
Third reading and final passage, 76.
Returned from House with amendments concurred in, 80.
Signed by President, 80.

MINES OF FIRE BOSSES AND OTHERS in making examinations more than eight hours in twenty-four, to prohibit employment in coal

House Bill No. 237

Read in place in House by Mr. Anderson, 416.
Referred to Committee on Labor and Industries, 416.
Reported without amendment, 590.
First reading, 639.
Second reading, 851.
Third reading and final passage, 1096.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 1101.

MINES SO AS TO INCREASE NUMBER OF INSPECTORS, to further amend act relating to safety of persons employed in and about anthracite coal

House Bill No. 412

Read in place in House by Mr. Shadrach, 567.
Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 567.
Reported without amendment, 921.
First reading, 1089.
Second reading and amended, 2081.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 2320.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 2516, 2517.

Remarks on, by

Schultz, 2081, 2082, 2321.
Shadrach, 2081, 2082, 2321, 2322.
Brennan, 2321, 2322.

MINES supplement to act relating to welfare of employes, requiring washhouses to be provided and maintained in bituminous coal

House Bill No. 98

Read in place in House by Mr. James Dunn, 94.
Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 94.
Reported without amendment, 300.
First reading, 321.
Second reading, 330.
Third reading and final passage, 398.

NES—Continued.

Senate (No. 475)

Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 388.
Reported without amendment, 1253.
First reading, 1325.
Second reading, 1426.
Recommitted to Committee, 1440.

NES therein, bill to provide for acquirement and operation by State of all privately owned coal lands and coal (see coal lands).

NES, to amend, in regard to inspectors, act relating to health and safety of persons employed in and about anthracite coal

House Bill No. 111

Read in place in House by Mr. Edward E. Jones, 146.
Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 146.
Reported without amendment, 301.
First reading, 322.
Second reading, 420.
Third reading and postponed for present, 446.
Resumed and passed finally, 695.
Motion to reconsider vote on final passage defeated, 695.
Verification of vote called for, 696.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1470.
Signed by Speaker.
Approved by Governor, 2191.

marks on, by

Jones, Edward E., 695.
Williams, 696.

Senate (No. 483)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 699.
Reported without amendment, 1279.
First reading, 1325.
Second reading, 1429.
Third reading and final passage, 1441.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1550.

NES, to fix compensation of chief clerk and five clerks in Department of

use Bill No. 422

Read in place in House by Mr. Feeney, 898.
Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 898.
Reported with amendment, 970.
First reading, 1089.
Second reading and amended, 1368.
Third reading and final passage, 1628.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2024.
Signed by Speaker, 2528

marks on, by

Rockwell, 1628.
Feeney, 1628.

Senate (No. 594)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1608.
Reported without amendment, 1706.
First reading, 1821.
Second reading, 1907.
Third reading and final passage, 2002.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2521.

ES, to fix salary of Chief Clerk of Department of

nate Bill No. 62

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Snyder, 130.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 130.
Reported without amendment, 240.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 273.

ES, to fix salary of Chief of Department of

nate Bill No. 375

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wertz, 541.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 541.
Reported without amendment, 903.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 957.
Re-reported without amendment, 1067.
Second reading, 1108.
Third reading and recommitted to Committee, 1176.

marks on, by

Herbst, 1176.

MINES, to fix salary of Deputy Chief of Department of

Senate Bill No. 374

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Snyder, 756.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 756.
Reported without amendment, 903.
First reading and recommitted to Committee. 957.

MINES TO FURNISH OWNERS OR LESSEES of adjoining coal or clay lands with maps of lines and workings along division line, to require owners, lessees or operators of bituminous coal or clay

House Bill No. 47

Read in place in House by Mr. Moulthrop, 110.
Referred to Committee on Geological Survey, 110.
Reported with amendment, 171.
First reading, 196.
Second reading and amended, 201.
Third reading and final passage, 215.
Returned from Senate with amendment, 2313.
Concurred in Senate amendment, 2313.
Signed by Speaker, 2587.

Remarks on, by

Marvin, 202.
Moulthrop, 202.

In Senate (No. 628)

Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 228.
Reported without amendment, 1854.
First reading, 2012.
Second reading and amended, 2176.
Third reading and final passage, 2205.
Returned from House with Senate amendment concurred in.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2523.

MINES, to limit hours of labor of hoisting engineers employed in and about anthracite coal

House Bill No. 101

Read in place in House by Mr. Schultz, 111.
Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 111.
Reported without amendment, 300.
First reading, 321.
Second reading, 332.
Third reading and final passage, 427.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 1343.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 1343.
Signed by Speaker, 1459.
Approved by Governor, 1919.

In Senate (No. 447)

Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 414.
Reported with amendment, 1173.
First reading 1211.
Second reading, 1234.
Third reading and final passage, 1256.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 1422.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1436.

MINES, to provide for health and safety of persons employed in and about anthracite coal

House Bill No. 783

Read in place in House by Mr. Albert Davis, 1468.
Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 1458.
Reported without amendment, 1757.
First reading, 1831.
Second reading, 2130.

MINES, to provide for health and safety of persons employed in and about bituminous coal

House Bill No. 313

Read in place in House by Mr. Pitchford, 302.
Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 302.
Reported with amendment, 733.
First reading, 781.
Recommitted to Committee, 786
Re-reported with amendment, 1610.
Second reading, 2063, 2079.
Special order for consideration, 2184.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 2224.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 2316.
Resumed and passed finally, 2564.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3350.
Non-concurred in Senate amendments, 3351.

MINES—Continued.

Returned from Senate with adherence to its amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3370.

Conference committee appointed, 3370.

Conference committee report considered and adopted, 3504.

Returned from Senate with conference committee report adopted, 3580.

Signed by Speaker, 3609.

Remarks on, by

Feeney, 2224, 3521, 3522, 3523.
Pitchford, 2224, 2225, 3522.
Dunn, James, 2225.
Wilson, 3521, 3522.
Flynn, 3522, 3523.
Magee, 3523.

In Senate (No. 1159)

Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 2537.
Reported with amendment, 2885.
First reading, 2928.
Second reading, 3157.
Third reading and final passage, 3271.
Returned from House with Senate amendments non-concurred in, 3278.
Conference committee appointed, 3278.
Returned from House with adherence to its non-concurrence in Senate amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3378.
Returned from House with conference committee report adopted, 3438.
Conference committee report considered and adopted, 3438.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3536.

MINES, with consent of Governor, to increase or decrease number of inspection districts and number of inspectors in anthracite coal region, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Shields, authorizing Chief of Department of, 3278.

Resolution concurred in by House, 3370.
Returned by House, non-concurred in, 3378.

MINIMUM SALARIES OF SCHOOL TEACHERS, bills relating to (see teachers).

MINIMUM SALARY and minimum school term and making appropriation for fifteen per cent. cash road tax, petition from Fort Grange No 951, Patrons of Husbandry, favoring

In House by Mr. Horace B. Dunn, 323.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 323.

MINIMUM SALARY BILL, petitions presented for passage of (see petitions).

MINING CONDITIONS IN EUROPE, concurrent resolution (House) by Mannion, in reference to appointment of commission to investigate coal, 1676.

Resolution referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 1676.

Mining conditions in Europe, concurrent resolution (House) by Mannion, in reference to appointment of commission to investigate coal, 2184, 2185.

Resolution considered and agreed to, 2185.

In Senate, referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 2154.

MINING COMPANIES and to prohibit sale of worthless stock in such companies or corporations, to regulate sale of stock of

House Bill No. 52

Read in place in House by Mr. Rockwell, 104.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 104.
Reported without amendment, 187.
First reading, 206.
Second reading, 233.
Third reading and postponed for the present, 256.
Resumed and amended, 578.
Third reading and final passage, 599.

Remarks on, by

Scott, Samuel B., 256.
Rockwell, 256.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 610.

MINING LAWS, to authorize appointment of commiss revise and codify present anthracite

Senate Bill No. 651

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Catlin, 1892.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1892
Reported without amendment, 1900.
First reading, 2013.
Second reading, 2181.
Third reading and final passage, 2210.
Returned from House without amendment, 3(
Signed by President pro tempore, 3277.

In House (No. 1297)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2247
Reported without amendment, 2840.
First reading, 2997.
Second reading, 3011.
Third reading and final passage, 3185.
Signed by Speaker, 3494.

MINING OF COAL BENEATH THEIR SURFACE, t thorize cities and boroughs to enact ordinance scribing reasonable regulations in regard to

House Bill No. 533

Read in place in House by Mr. Shadrach, 104.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corpora 104.
Reported without amendment, 1169.
First reading, 1241.
Second reading, 1510.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1921.
Resumed and passed finally, 2232.

Remarks on, by

Shadrach, 2232, 2233.

In Senate (No. 713)

Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 22
Reported without amendment, 2216.
First reading, 2287.
Recommitted to Committee on Judiciary Special,
Re-reported from Committee.
Second reading, 2466.

MINING OF COAL BENEATH THEIR SURFACE, t thorize cities and boroughs to enact ordin prescribing reasonable regulations in regard

Senate Bill No. 298

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Catlin, 101.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 10
Reported without amendment, 669.
First reading, 712.
Second reading and postponed for present, 772.
Resumed and passed second reading, 1258.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1320.
Resumed on third reading and passed finally,
Returned from House without amendment, 3382.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3403.

In House (No. 891)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 147
Reported without amendment, 2053.
First reading, 2196.
Motion to recommit bill to Committee defeated,
Second reading, 2377.
Recommitted to Committee, 2473.
Re-reported without amendment, 3354.
Third reading and final passage, 3469.
Signed by Speaker, 3590.

Remarks on, by

Allen, 3469.
Scott, John R. K., 3469.

MINING OPERATIONS, to permit tramways and othe vices except steam locomotives for moving pro to be laid on private roads in certain cases rel to

House Bill No. 250

Read in place in House by Mr. Dale, 122.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 122.
Reported without amendment, 590.
First reading, 640.
Second reading and amended, 747.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 8
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill post for present, 857.

MINING OPERATIONS—Continued.
Resumed and passed finally, 1095.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1759.
Signed by Speaker, 1851.
Approved by Governor, 2190.
In Senate (No. 53)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1101.
Reported without amendment, 1435.
First reading, 1606.
Second reading, 1651.
Third reading and final passage, 1722.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1824.

MINING QUARRIES, bill to provide for health and safety of persons employed in (see quarries).

MINORS, bill to prohibit buying or receiving of dogs, cats, fowl or other valuable animals from (see animals).

MINORS BY MAGISTRATES, justices of the peace or judges of certain charitable societies, supplementary to act authorizing commitment of
House Bill No. 331
Read in place in House by Mr. Frey, 637.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 637.
Reported without amendment, 734.
First reading, 782.
Second reading, 892.
Third reading and final passage, 1288.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1959.
Signed by Speaker.
Approved by Governor, 2557.
In Senate (No. 570)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1262.
Reported without amendment, 1633.
First reading, 1745.
Second reading, 1818.
Third reading and final passage, 1903.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2006.

MINORS from being in a place where liquors are sold with intent to purchase same, to prohibit
House Bill No. 651
Read in place in House by Mr. Wasson, 1398.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1399.
Reported without amendment, 1398.
First reading, 1629.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 2260.
Remarks on, by
Rockwell, 2260.

MINORS from entering places where intoxicating liquors are sold, to prohibit
Read in place in House by Mr. Walton, 252.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 252.

MINORS IN CERTAIN EMPLOYMENTS by regulating age at which minors may be employed in quarries and sand pits, to amend act providing for health of
Read in place in House by Mr. Reno, 1400.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 1400.

MINORS IN CERTAIN EMPLOYMENTS by regulating employment of minors in cities of first and second class for telegraph or messenger offices, to amend act relating to
House Bill No. 664
Read in place in House by Mr. Walnut, 303.
Referred to Committee on Manufactures, 303.
Reported with amendment, 1469.
First reading, 1500.
Second reading and amended, 2095.
Third reading and final passage, 2562.
In Senate
Referred to Committe on Judiciary Special, 2537.

MINORS IN CERTAIN EMPLOYMENTS so as to exclude tanneries, to amend act providing for health and safety of
House Bill No. 589
Read in place in House by Mr. Schofield, 437.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 437.
Reported without amendment, 1303.
First reading, 1411.
Second reading, 1529.

MINORS IN CERTAIN EMPLOYMENTS—Continued.
Third reading and final passage, 1957.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3355.
Signed by Speaker, 3481.
Remarks on, by
Schofield, 1957.
In Senate (No. 812)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1964.
Reported without amendment, 2603.
First reading, 2926.
Second reading, 3154.
Third reading and final passage, 3267.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3394.

MINORS IN CERTAIN EMPLOYMENTS so as to reduce maximum number of hours of employment of male and female minors, to amend act relatig to
House Bill No. 775
Read in place in House by Mr. Piper, 303.
Referred to Committee on Labor and Industry, 303.
Motion to discharge committee from further consideration of bill, 1614.
Reported with negative recommendation, 1747.
Motion to place bill on calendar, 1849.
Motion to place bill on calendar considered and agreed to, 2186.
First reading, 2384.
Second reading, 2512.
Special order for consideration, 3227.

MINORS IN CERTAIN EMPLOYMENTS, to repeal part of act providing for health and seafety of
House Bill No. 672
Read in place in House by Mr. Walnut, 302.
Referred to Committee on Manufactures, 302.
Reported without amendment, 1469.
First reading, 1501.
Second reading, 2096.
Third reading and final passage, 2564.
In Senate
Referred to committee on Judiciary Special, 2537.

MINORS may be employed inside coal mines or in the outside workings thereof or in coal breakers or washeries, to amend act providing for health and safety of minors in coal mines by further regulating the ages at which
House Bill No. 580
Read in place in House by Mr. Walnut, 302.
Referred to Committee on Manufactures, 302.
Reported without amendment, 1303.
First reading, 1410.
Second reading, 1526.
Third reading and amended, 1787.
Final passage, 1842.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3601.
Signed by Speaker, 3609.
Remarks on, by
Walnut, 1843, 1844.
Dunn, James, 1843.
Robinson, V. Gilpin, 1843.
Phillips, 1843, 1844.
Shadrach, 1844.
In Senate (No. 1241)
Referred to Committee on
Reported without amendment from Committee on Judiciary Special, 3151.
First reading, 3179.
Second reading, 3303.
Third reading and final passage, 3435.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3536.

MINORS OF FIVE YEARS OF AGE AND OVER to contract for membership in certain fraternal beneficial societies, to enable certain
Read in place in House by Mr. Watts, 921.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 921.

MINORS OF FIVE YEARS OF AGE AND OVER to contract for membership in certain fraternal beneficial societies, to enable certain
Senate Bill No. 428
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Catlin, 756.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 756.
Reported without amendment, 1099.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 1180.

MINORS' PROPERTY to be examined and audited in a certain way, bill to amend act relating to Orphans' Courts so as to permit accounts of guardians of (see guardians).

MINORS, supplement to act relating to Orphans' Courts allowing trust companies under supervision of Banking Department to act as guardians of
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichols, 118.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 118.

MINORS, to amend act to protect children from cruelty by changing age limit of
Read in place in House by Mr. Gans, 567.
Referred to Committee on Manufacturing, 567.

MINORS TO CERTAIN INSTITUTIONS for deaf, bill to regulate admission of (see deaf).

MINORS UNDER AGE OF FOURTEEN YEARS to dance halls, concert saloons, theatrical performances and moving picture shows, relating to admission of
Read in place in House by Mr. McNichol, 959.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 959.

MINORS UNDER AGE OF SIXTEEN YEARS from carrying or making use of fire-arms, to prohibit
Read in place in House by Mr. Benson, 156.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 156.

MINORS UNDER SIXTEEN YEARS of age, bill to prohibit pawnbrokers or any employe from making loans to or receiving pledges from (see pawnbrokers).

MINORS UNDER SIXTEEN YEARS of age from attending certain places of amusement, prohibiting
Senate Bill No. 494.
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Salus, 298.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 298.
Reported without amendment, 1306.
First reading and recommitted to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1430.

MINORS who have been sentenced under various juvenile court acts and have been committed to institutions outside of this Commonwealth, bill to provide for payment of support of children or (see juvenile court).

MINSINBERGER amount of notary public commission, to refund to John
House Bill No. 732
Read in place in House by Mr. Brehm, 1401.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1401.
Reported without amendment, 1610.
First reading, 1828.
Second reading, 2119.
Third reading and final passage, 2829.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3232.
Signed by Speaker, 3479.
In Senate (No. 835)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2655.
Reported without amendment, 2682.
First reading, 2701.
Second reading, 2887.
Third reading and final passage, 3051.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

MISBRANDED ALCHOLIC LIQUORS, bill to prohibit manufacture or sale of adulterated or (see liquors).

MISBRANDING OF ARTICLES OF MERCHANDISE intended to be exposed for sale, other than articles of food, bill to prohibit (see merchandise).

MISDEMEANOR AND INVESTIGATION OF REPORTED CRIMES, bill to provide for detection and apprehension of persons who have committed any crime or (see crime).

MISDEMEANORS BEFORE JUSTICES OF THE PEACE, bill to regulate method of trying certain offences and (see trying).

MISDEMEANORS may be brought, bill to amend act relating to penal proceedings by extending to four years' time within which indictments for certain (see indictments).

MISLEADING ADVERTISING, bill to prohibit untrue or (see advertising).

MITCHELL, JAMES E., Trustee of State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Eastern Pennsylvania, at Spring City, nominated, 26.

MOFFITT, JOHN J., Member of Board of Dental Examiners of State of Pennsylvania, nominated, 27.

MONEY a misdemeanor, bill making usurious loan of (see loan).

MONEY AND TAXES due the Commonwealth and property belonging to or liable to escheat to the same, bill to provide for better collection of (see collection).

MONEY FOR ANY CANDIDATE for public office in Pennsylvania, bill to prevent mine foremen or mine superintendents from distributing (see mine).

MONEY OR OTHER VALUABLE THING from any person for obtaining for later employment in service of said employer or continuing in said employment, bill making it a misdemeanor for any officer or employe of any employer of labor to receive (see employe).

MONEY OR OTHER VALUABLE THING from any person, bill making it a misdemeanor to extort (see blackmail).

MONEY OR OTHER VALUABLE THING, bill to punish any person for sending or uttering threatening communication with view to extort (see communications).

MONEY UPON PERSONAL PROPERTY, salaries and wages, bill to regulate lending of (see lending).

MONEYS COLLECTED FOR THE COMMONWEALTH, bill to provide that County Treasurers shall not receive commission twice on (see county).

MONEYS shall be paid out of treasuries of several boroughs, bill to regulate manner in which (see boroughs).

MONONGAHELA MEMORIAL HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1214
Read in place in House by Mr. Bentley, 156.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 156.
Reported with amendments, 2244.
First reading, 2342.
Second reading, 2433.
Third reading and final passage, 2821.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.
In Senate (No. 1132)
Refered to Committee on Appropriations, 2663.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2715.
Second reading, 2923.
Third reading and final passage, 3108.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

MONONGAHELA RIVER, bill making appropriation to defray one-half of expense of constructing bridge by which to carry National or Cumberland Road across (see bridge).

MONOPOLIES THROUGHOUT UNITED STATES, joint resolution of Illinois General Assembly favoring United States Constitutional amendment for suppression of
Presented to Senate, 2887, 2888.

MONROE COUNTY HOSPITAL AT STROUDSBURG, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. Kinney, 96.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 96.

MONTEFIORE HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION of Pittsburg, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1032
Read in place in House by Mr. Stein, 111.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 111.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2334.
Second reading, 2406.
Third reading and final passage, 2760.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.
In Senate (No. 961)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2707.
Second reading, 2911.
Third reading and final passage, 3075.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

MONTEFIORE HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION of Pittsburg, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 90.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 90.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY, act to increase pay of jurors and witnesses in certain counties, to repeal, so far as it applies to

House Bill No. 527

Read in place in House by Mr. Miller, 921.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 921.
Reported without amendment, 1169.
First reading, 1241.
Second reading, 1509.
Third reading and final passage, 1794.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2311.
Signed by Speaker, 2588.

In Senate (No. 667)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1802.
Reported without amendment, 1964.
First reading, 2182.
Second reading, 2213.
Third reading and final passage, 2271.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2522.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY, to repeal act to increase pay of jurors and witnesses in certain counties so far as it applies to

Read in place in House by Mr. Miller, 125.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 125.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY, to repeal section two of act to increase compensation of certain officers and of jurors and witnesses in

House Bill No. 528

Read in place in House by Mr. Miller, 921.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 921.
Reported without amendment, 1169.
First reading, 1241.
Second reading, 1509.
Third reading and final passage, 1794.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2311.
Signed by Speaker, 2588.

In Senate (No. 666)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1802.
Reported without amendment, 1964.
First reading, 2182.
Second reading, 2212.
Third reading and final passage, 2271.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2522.

MONTGOMERY, to repeal section two of act to increase the compensation of certain officers and of jurors and witnesses in county of

Read in place in House by Mr. Miller, 125.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 125.

MONUMENT AT CHERRYTREE, or Canoe Place, Indiana County, bill making appropriation for protection of (see Cherrytree).

MONUMENT AT COLD HARBOR, Virginia, bill making appropriation for publishing of proceedings of dedication of Pennsylvania (see Cold Harbor).

MONUMENT AT COUNTY SEAT, bill to amend, so as to make it apply to counties with population between 800,000 and 1,400,000, act relating to (see counties).

MONUMENT AT CULPEPER, VIRGINIA, and for dedication expenses, bill making appropriation to Culpeper, Virginia, Monument Commission for eagle to be place on (see Culpeper).

MONUMENT AT PETERSBURG, VIRGINIA, bill making appropriation to Battlefield Commission of Third Division, Ninth Corps, Army of the Potomac, for certain purposes relative to (see Petersburg).

MONUMENT IN BOROUGH OF WRIGHTSVILLE, bill making appropriation for erection of (see Wrightsville).

MONUMENT IN SILVER SPRING CHURCH CEMETERY, Cumberland County, to certain heroes and soldiers of the Revolutionary War, bill making appropriation for (see Silver Spring).

MONUMENT ON BATTLEFIELD OF FREDERICKSBURG, Virginia, in memory of Pennsylvania Reserve Volunteers Corps, bill making appropriation for erection of (see Fredericksburg).

MONUMENT ON SITE OF HALF-MOON BATTERIES of Revolutionary War, in Philadelphia, bill making appropriation for erection of (see Half-Moon).

MONUMENT OR MEMORIAL ON BATTLEFIELD OF ANTIETAM, Maryland, in honor of Knapp's Independent Battery E, Pennsylvania Light Artillery, bill to provide for the erection of (see Antietam).

MONUMENT TO CERTAIN SOLDERS OF REVOLUTIONARY WAR of Captain Philip's Company murdered by Indians near Saxton, Bedford County, bill making appropriation for (see Philip's).

MONUMENT TO COLONEL HENRY BOUQUET and his soldiers on the Busy Run Battlefield, bill to provide for (see Bouquet).

MONUMENT TO COMMEMORATE SERVICES OF 47th REGIMENT, Pennsylvania Volunteers in Battle of Cedar Creek, Virginia, bill to appoint commission to provide for erection of (see Cedar Creek).

MONUMENT TO CONRAD WEISER in County of Berks, bill making appropriation for (see Weiser).

MONUMENT TO JAMES BUCHANAN, bill to permit Commonwealth to accept certain lands in Franklin County with (see Buchanan).

MONUMENT TO JOHN MORTON, signer of Declaration of Independence, at Chester, bill making appropriation for erection of (see Morton).

MONUMENT TO PENNSYLVANIA SOLDIERS who died in Confederate prison at Florence, South Carolina, bill to erect (see Florence).

MONUMENT TO ROBERT MORRIS in City of Philadelphia, bill making appropriation for (see Morris).

MONUMENTS OF COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, making appropriation to provide for quadrennial inspection of boundary line

House Bill No. 218

Read in place in House by Mr. Bentley, 104.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 104.
Reported without amendment, 566.
First reading, 604.
Second reading and amended, 740.
Third reading and final passage, 816.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1170.
Signed by Speaker, 1197.
Vetoed by Governor, 1402.
Sustained Governor's veto, 1402.

In Senate (No. 384)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 808.
Reported without amendment, 937.
First reading, 1011.
Second reading, 1075.
Third reading and final passage, 1104.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1183.

MONUMENTS OR OTHER ORNAMENTAL CONSTRUCTIONS in and above cemeteries and graveyards for contract price thereof of balance due thereon, bill to secure and perpetuate liens upon (see liens).

MOODY, SAMUEL, Manager of Pennsylvania Reform School at Morganza, nominated, 23.

MOORE, FRANKLIN R., Representative from First District, (Philadelphia County),

Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bill introduced by
Making appropriation to Commission for erection of Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic, 1398.

Election of, 44.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

MOORE, JAMES N., nominated as Director of Legislative Reference Bureau, 27.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

MOORE, JAMES N., nominated as Director of Legislative Reference Bureau, 1800.
Reported, 1853.
Confirmed, 1895.

MOORE, presentation of testimonial of House of Representatives at close of session to Assistant Clerk James, 3651.

MOORE, presentation of testimonial of Speaker John F. Cox at close of session to Assistant Clerk James, 3652.

MONTGOMERY, THOMAS LYNCH, State Librarian, nominated, 23.
Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

MORGAN, J. HARRY, Senator from Eighteenth District, (Northampton County),

Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 79, 80.

Bill introduced by
Enabling boroughs to validate certain ordinances where same have not been published or where proof of publication cannot be made, 704.

Bill reported by
No. 735 (House Bill No. 228)
Requiring unnaturalized foreign-born citizens to procure a license before fishing, 2265.

Election of, 2.

Leave of absence asked for, 221, 1205, 1225.

Motion by, to
Suspend rule 39 to consider concurrent resolution authorizing widow and children of Joseph Zambo of South Bethlehem to bring suit against Commonwealth to recover damages for death of said Joseph Zambo, 3290.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by
Authorizing widow and children of Joseph Zambo of South Bethlehem to bring suit against Commonwealth to recover damages for death of said Joseph Zambo, 3290.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 71.

MORPHINE AND CERTAIN OTHER DRUGS or any preparations of them except in natural quantities in coffee and tea, bill to regulate sale of (see drugs).

MORRIS, making appropriation for erection of monument in City of Philadelphia to Robert

House Bill No. 1229
Read in place in House by Mr. Phillips, 97.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 97.
Reported with amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2343.
Second reading, 2435.
Third reading and amended, 2825.
Final passage, 2994.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3529.
Signed by Speaker, 3589.

In Senate (No. 1228)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3043.
Reported without amendment, 3121.
First reading, 3179.
Second reading, 3302.
Third reading and final passage, 3391.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3539.

MORRIS, making appropriation for erection of monument in City of Philadelphia to Robert
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Shields, 454.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 454.

MORRIS, JOHN F. L., Representative from Fourteenth District, (Philadelphia County),

Amendments offered by, to
House Bill No. 107, relating to method of executing condemned criminals, 334.
House Bill No. 312, to establish a public school system, 978, 1032, 1033.
House Bill No. 644, to provide for eradication of chestnut tree blight, 1791.
House Bill No. 779, regulating infliction of death penalty, 2351, 2352.

Appointments of, on
Conference committee, 696, 3319.
Special committee, 54.
Standing committees, 83, 84.

Bills introduced by
Amending act relating to salaries for common school teachers by requiring that minimum salaries shall be for minimum school term, 391.
Making appropriation to St. Timothy's Memorial Hospital and House of Mercy, Roxborough, Pa., 112.
Making appropriation to Trustees of Franklin Institute of Pennsylvania for Promotion of Mechanic Arts, 921.
Prescribing the method of executing condemned criminals, 112.
Providing for eradication of disease affecting chestnut trees commonly known as chestnut tree blight, 1282.
Providing for licensing of aviators flying in public in this Commonwealth, 1457.
To fix charges to be made for certificates or copies by Custodian of Public Records in State Library, 1028.

MORRIS, JOHN F. L.—Continued.

Bills reported by
No. 107 (Senate Bill No. 467)
Prescribing method of executing condemned criminals, 301.

No. 215 (Senate Bill No. 385)
Making appropriation to Armory Board of State of Pennsylvania, 566.

No. 1183 (Senate Bill No. 1102)
Making an appropriation to the Saint Timothy's Memorial Hospital and House of Mercy, Roxborough, Philadelphia, 2243.

No. 1184 (Senate Bill No. 1103)
Making an appropriation to the Garretson Hospital of Temple University of Philadelphia, 2243.

No. 1185 (Senate Bill No. 1104)
Making an appropriation to the American Oncologic Hospital at Philadelphia, 2243.

No. 1186 (Senate Bill No. 1105)
Making an appropriation to the American Hospital for Diseases of the Stomach, of Philadelphia, 2243.

No. 1187 (Senate Bill No. 1106)
Making an appropriation to the Frederick Douglass Memorial Hospital and Training School of Philadelphia, 2243.

No. 1188 (Senate Bill No. 1107)
Making an appropriation to the Rush Hospital for Consumption and Allied Diseases, Philadelphia, 2243.

No. 1189 (Senate Bill No. 1108)
Making an appropriation to the Women's Medical College of Pennsylvania, for the use of the Hospital Department, Philadelphia, 2243.

No. 1290
Making appropriation to German Hospital of City of Philadelphia, 2589.

Election of, 45.

Leave of absence asked for, 777.

Motions by, to
Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 107, fixing penalty for murder of first degree, 446.
Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 532, amending act fixing salaries of common school teachers by providing that minimum salaries shall be for minimum term, 1796.
Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 779, regulating infliction of death penalty, 1937.
Renumber certain sections of House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 1038.

Remarks by, at
Memorial service for John Calvin Meyer, late Representative from Center County, 2325, 2326.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

MORRIS OF ALLEGHENY amount paid for commission as Notary Public, making appropriation to refund to Walter C.

Senate Bill No. 55
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 222.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 222.
Reported without amendment, 240.
First reading, 272.
Second reading, 295.
Third reading and final passage, 346.
Returned from House without amendment, 1805.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1855.
Approved by Governor, 2152.

In House (No. 474)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 399.
Reported without amendment, 1027.
First reading, 1092.
Second reading, 1388.
Third reading and final passage, 1756.
Signed by Speaker,

MORRIS, petitions presented for memorial to Robert (see petitions).

MORTGAGE, bill to regulate entry of judgments on bonds, notes or other obligations for payment of money secured by (see judgments).

GAGE DEBTS and indentures of mortgage, to amend act relating to foreign executors by extending its provisions to assignment and satisfaction of

se Bill No. 104

Read in place in House by Mr. Robinson, 231.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 231.
Reported without amendment, 300.
First reading, 322.
Second reading, 332.
Third reading and final passage, 429.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3529.
Signed by Speaker, 3586.

enate (No. 1181)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 414, 632.
Reported without amendment, 3119.
First reading, 3175.
Second reading, 3292.
Third reading and final passage, 3414.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3538.

'GAGE ON REAL ESTATE in certain cases, bill to provide for termination of lien of any (see lien).

'GAGES AND OTHER SECURITIES, bill to amend further supplement to act to provide revenue by taxation relating to taxing bonds, (see taxation).

'GAGES, bills relating to recording (see recording).

'GAGES AND OTHER SECURITIES, bill to provide increased revenue by providing that corporations shall annually pay a tax of four mills on each dollar of value of (see tax).

'GAGES, bill to provide for satisfaction of judgments and (see satisfaction).

'GAGES by instruments of writing heretofore recorded or hereafter to be recorded, relating to satisfaction of

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 609.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 609.

TGAGES by requiring purchase money mortgages to be recorded within thirty days to have priority of lien, to amend act relative to

ate Bill No. 196

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Clark, 339.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 339.
Reported without amendment, 487.
First reading, 563.
Second reading, 627.
Third reading and postponed for present, 667.
Resumed and passed finally, 1107.

marks on, by

Huffman, 1107.
Clark, 1107.

House (No. 599)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1170.
Reported without amendment, 1328.
First reading, 1412.
Second reading, 1532.
Third reading and postponed for present, 2017.
Resumed and amended on third reading, 2225.
Resumed and postponed indefinitely, 3503.

TGAGES now held by Department of Internal Affairs, bill to provide for cancellation of certain (see cancellation).

TGAGES now or hereafter to be recorded when original mortgages have been lost or destroyed, to provide for satisfaction of

use Bill No. 725

Read in place in House by Mr. Shern, 1400.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Geneeral, 1400.
Reported without amendment, 1610.
First reading, 1827.
Second reading and amended, 2118.
Third reading and final passage, 2999.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3601.
Signed by Speaker, 3609.

Senate (No. 1192)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 3043.
Reported without amendment, 3120.
First reading, 3176.
Second reading, 3299.
Third reading and final passage, 3432.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3536.

MORTGAGES ON CERTAIN STEEL AND IRON PRODUCTS so as to authorize chattel mortgages of not less than $100 on all kinds of machinery and on all other personal property, to amend act authorizing chattel

Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 1357.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1358.

MORTGAGES ON IRON AND STEEL so as to authorize chattel mortgages of not less than $100 on all kinds of machinery and on all other personal property and chattels, to amend act authorizing chattel

Senate Bill No. 689

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Vare, 1707.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1707.
Reported with amendment, 2201.
First reading, 2286.
Second reading, 2463.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 2530.

MORTGAGES, to authorize a brief form for

Senate Bill No. 113

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McIlhenny, 183.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 183.
Reported without amendment, 281.
First reading, 357.
Second reading, 408.
Recommitted to Committee, 459.

MORTGAGES, to permit building associations or other corporations whose affairs have been wound up to satisfy

House Bill No. 246

Read in place in House by Mr. William Ward, 302.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 302.
Reported with amendment, 590.
First reading, 640.
Second reading, 746.
Third reading and final passage, 827.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1934.
Signed by Speaker,
Vetoed by Governor, 2559.

In Senate (No. 557)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 837.
Reported without amendment, 1631.
First reading, 1743.
Second reading, 1815.
Third reading and final passage, 1896.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1917.

MORTGAGES, to regulate recording of certain

Read in place in House by Mr. McKean, 209.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 209.

MORTON, signer of Declaration of Independence, making appropriation for erection of monument to John

House Bill No. 1274

Read in place in House by Mr. William Ward, Jr., 96.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 96.
Reported with amendment, 2473.
First reading, 2560,
Second reading, 2837.
Third reading and final passage, 2991.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3045.

MOSES, GEORGE W., Representative from First District, (Cambria County),

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Making appropriation to Christian Home at Johnstown, Pennsylvania, 208.
Making appropriation to Conemaugh Valley Memorial Hospital at the City of Johnstown, 94.
Making appropriation to Mercy Hospital of Johnstown, 94.
Requiring name of proper political party to be entered on registration lists opposite name of elector, 1016.

Bills reported by

No. 732 (Senate Bill No. 835)
Authorizing refund of fee for notary public commission to John Minsinberger, 1610.

No. 770 (Senate Bill No. 837)
Joint resolution for commission to investigate and report on segregation and care of feeble minded and epileptic persons, 1747.

MOSES, GEORGE W.—Continued.

No. 1091 (Senate Bill No. 1015)
Making an appropriation to Saint Vincent's Orphans' Asylum of Tacony, Philadelphia, 2240.

No. 1092 (Senate Bill No. 1016)
Making an appropriation to The Berean Manual Training and Industrial School, 2240.

No. 1093 (Senate Bill No. 1017)
Making an appropriation to the Northern Home for Friendless Children, of Philadelphia, 2241.

No. 1094 (Senate Bill No. 1018)
Making an appropriation to the West Philadelphia General Homeopathic Hospital and Dispensary, 2241.

No. 1095 (Senate Bill No. 1019)
Making an appropriation to the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia for the maintenance of its hospital department and the construction of a building to provide for the maternity department of that hospital, 2241.

No. 1096 (Senate Bill No. 1020)
Making an appropriation to the Johnstown City Hospital, 2241.

No. 1097 (Senate Bill No. 1021)
Making an appropriation to the Conemaugh Valley Memorial Hospital at the City of Johnstown, 2241.

No. 1098 (Senate Bill No. 1022)
Entitled "An Act making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital of Johnstown, located in the City of Johnstown, Cambria County, 2241.

No. 1099 (Senate Bill No. 1023)
Making an appropriation to the Christian Home of Johnstown, 2241.

Election of, 43.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 1480, 3354, 3375.

Lay upon table veto of House Bill No. 125, to provide for destruction and to prevent spread of certain noxious weeds, 2559.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 510, joint resolution proposing amendment to section 1 of article 9 of Constitution of Pennsylvania, relating to taxation, 1943.

Petitions presented by, from

Cambria County Medical Society against Rath Optometry Bill, 809.

Citizens of Cambria and Somerset Counties for routes for State roads, 1499.

Citizens of Cambria County for commission form of government, 845.

Citizens of Cambria County for passage of bill to prohibit indecent plays, 472.

Johnstown Chamber of Commerce for Commission form of government, 714.

Johnstown Ministerial Association, Cambria County, against Sunday baseball, 435.

Johnstown Ministerial Association for commission form of government, 809.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 112, to further regulate granting of licenses for sale of liquors, 482.

House Bill No. 545, repealing act imposing mercantile license tax on venders of or dealers in merchandise, 1407, 1408.

House Bill No. 640, creating office of fire marshal to be attached to Department of Public Safety in cities of first class, 2293, 2294.

House Bill No. 858, establishing office of State Fire Marshal and makiug it duty of officers of public instruction and those in charge of schools to instruct children in dangers of fire waste, 2846.

House Bill No. 906, regulating licensing of brewers and distillers, 2510, 2583.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

MOSHANNON CREEK on boundary line between Centre and Clearfield Counties, making appropriation for cleaning, straightening and making sanitary a portion of

Read in place in House by Mr. Meyer, 567.

Referred to Committee on Apppropriations, 567.

MOTHER, bill to provide punishment for desertion or non-support of children by either father or (see desertion).

MOTHER IN CERTAIN CASES right to services of her child and right to be compensated for loss of such service, bill vesting in (see child).

MOTHER TO DESERT HER CHILDREN leaving them w out reasonable means of support, bill to make felony for (see desert).

MOTION FOR JUDGMENT OR NON-SUIT to be made a n ter of record, bill to require reasons for a reasons).

MOTOR OMNIBUS COMPANIES carrying passengers for within cities, bill to provide for incorporation government of (see cities).

MOTOR POWER COMPANIES, bill amending and sup menting act relating to Railroad Commission repealing act in regard to traction or (see Railr Commission).

MOTOR POWER COMPANIES, bill to provide for mer and consolidation of street railway and (see cons dation).

MOTOR VEHICLES, and providing penalties for consta and police officers who permit violations of s laws, to provide for enforcement of laws relating use of highways by

Read in place in House by Mr. Hilton, 1458.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1458.

MOTOR VEHICLES, bill to provide for disposition of fu received by State Highway Department from for registration of (see Highway).

MOTOR VEHICLES by exempting hospital motor ambulan and motor fire engines and motor fire apparatus, amend act relating to

House Bill No. 428

Read in place in House by Mr. Hunter, 636.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 637.

Reported with amendment, 1015.

First reading, 1089.

Second reading and amended, 1369.

Third reading and final passage, 1675.

Returned from Senate with amendment, 2314.

Concurred in Senate amendment, 2314, 2315.

Signed by Speaker, 2588.

In Senate (No. 630)

Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highwa 1666.

Reported without amendment, 1854.

First reading, 2012.

Second reading, 2176.

Third reading and amended, 2206.

Final passage, 2267.

Returned from House with Senate amendment c curred in, 2440.

Signed by President pro tempore, 2522.

MOTOR VEHICLES by providing for examination of cha feurs and by increasing license fee, to amend act lating to

Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 884.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 884.

MOTOR VEHICLES conveying people for hire, to prescri maximum rates for

House Bill No. 522

Read in place in House by Mr. Bentley, 777.

Referred to Committee on Centennial Affairs, 777.

Reported without amendment, 1169.

First reading, 1241.

Second reading, 2085.

Third reading and defeated on final passage, 2343, 23

MOTOR VEHICLES so as to change the fees for registrati of motor vehicles, to amend act relating to

House Bill No. 410

Read in place in House by Mr. Caldwell, 526.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 526.

Re-referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 577.

Reported without amendment, 897.

First reading, 924.

Second reading, 1065.

Defeated on third reading, 1479.

MOTOR VEHICLES TAXABLE as other personalty is ta able, bill to make all (see taxable).

MOTOR VEHICLES, to amend by striking out word "hir wherever it may occur in Section 7 of act relating

Senate Bill No. 99

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Buckman, 118.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highwa 118.

Reported without amendment, 241.

MOTOR VEHICLES—Continued.
First reading, 276.
Second reading, 296.
Third reading and final passage, 348.
Returned from House with amendment, 1236.
Concurred in House amendment, 1255.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1263.
Approved by Governor, 1546.
In House (No. 286)
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 399.
Reported without amendment, 715.
First reading, 751.
Second reading, 873.
Third reading and amended, 1200.
Final passage, 1247.
Returned from Senate with House amendment concurred in,
Signed by Speaker, 1302.

MOTOR VEHICLES, to amend sections two and twenty-one of act relating to
House Bill No. 902
Read in place in House by Mr. Howard, 638.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 638.
Reported with amendment, 2054.
First reading, 2197.
Second reading and amended, 2382, 2383.
Special order for consideration, 3227.

MOTOR VEHICLES, to provide for tax on
Read in place in House by Mr. Caldwell, 251.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 251.

MOUNT PLEASANT MEMORIAL HOSPITAL, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 987
Read in place in House by Mr. Neel, 124.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 124.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2332.
Second reading, 2397.
Third reading and final passage, 2746.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.
In Senate (No. 917)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2684.
First reading, 2705.
Second reading, 2908.
Third reading and final passage, 3067.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

MOUNT SINAI HOSPITAL of Philadelphia, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 982
Read in place in House by Mr. Schmidt, 416.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 416.
Reported with amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2331.
Second reading, 2397.
Third reading and final passage, 2744.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.
In Senate (No. 912)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2684.
First reading, 2705.
Second reading, 2908.
Third reading and final passage, 3066.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

MOUNT SINAI HOSPITAL of Philadelphia, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Vare, 454.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 454.

MOULTHROP, ALONZO S., Representative from Clearfield County,
Amendment offered by, to
House Bill No. 47, relating to maps of workings along division lines of bituminous coal or clay mines, 202.
Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84.

MOULTHROP, ALONZO S.—Continued.
Bills introduced by
Making appropriation to DuBois Hospital, 141.
Making appropriation to reimburse certain counties for monies paid to County Agricultural Associations, 155.
Relating to taxes against real estate, leases and improvements of pipe line companies, 473.
Requiring owners, lessees or operators of bituminous coal mines to furnish certain maps to owners or lessees of adjoining coal lands, 110.
To provide for detection and apprehension of persons who have committed any crime or misdemeanor and for investigation of reported crimes, 1400.
Bills reported by
No. 71 (Senate Bill No. 340)
Making appropriation to pay expenses for extinguishing certain forest fires, 199.
No. 130 (Senate Bill No. 673)
Regulating sale of certain seeds, 314.
No. 452 (Senate Bill No. 712)
Providing for payment of claim of John E. Joos, 1026.
No. 492 (Senate Bill No. 629)
Amending act relating to catching of fish in Delaware River above Trenton Falls, 1048.
Election of, 43.
Motions by, to
Adjourn, 219.
Postpone for present House Bill No. 605, providing for surrender of franchises of meadow companies, 2344.
Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 466, providing for merger and consolidation of street railway and motor power companies, 1755.
Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 47, relating to maps of workings along divisions lines of bituminous coal or clay mines, 202.
Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

MOUNT ALOYSIUS ACADEMY at Cresson for sanatorium for indigent insane tuberculosis persons, bill to authorize purchase by Commonwealth of (see sanatorium).

MOVING PICTURE MACHINES and of booths therefor in cities of third class, in boroughs and in townships, to regulate use of
Senate Bill No. 633
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Herbst, 996.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 996.
Reported without amendment, 1854.
First reading, 2012.
Second reading, 2177.
Third reading and final passage, 2207.
In House (No. 1267)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2247.
Reported without amendment, 2349.
First reading, 2514.
Second reading, 2561.
Defeated on third reading, 3369.
Remarks on, by
Allen, 3369.
Ward, Wm., Jr., 3369.

MOVING PICTURE MACHINES and places where same tax are operated, to authorize boroughs and townships to tax
Read in place in House by Mr. Matt, 921.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 921.

MOVING PICTURE MACHINES IN BOROUGHS, to regulate the use of
House Bill No. 43
Read in place in House by Mr. Schmidt, 121.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 121.
Reported without amendment, 146.
First reading, 158.
Second reading and postponed for the present, 195.
Recommitted to Committee for amendment, 232.
Re-reported from Committee,
Second reading and amended, 650.
Over in its order, 693.
Defeated on third reading, 720.
Remarks on, by
Howard, 195.

MOVING PICTURE MACHINES IN CITIES OF THIRD CLASS, to regulate use of

House Bill No. 37

Read in place in House by Mr. Schmidt, 121.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 121.
Reported without amendment, 145.
First reading, 158.
Second reading, 193.
Postponed on third reading, 204.
Recommitted to Committee for amendment, 232.
Re-reported from Committee,
Third reading and amended, 642.
Postponed on final passage, 724.

Remarks on, by

Ward, William Jr., 193.
Schmidt, 193.
Howard, 193, 194.
Keister, 194.

MOVING PICTURE MACHINES IN TOWNSHIPS, to regulate use of

House Bill No. 40

Read in place in House by Mr. Schmidt, 121.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 121.
Reported without amendment, 145.
First reading, 158.
Second reading and postponed for the present, 194.
Recommitted to Committee for amendment, 232.
Re-reported from Committee,
Second reading and amended, 649.
Over in its order, 693.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 718.
Motion to reconsider vote on final passage defeated, 786.

Remarks on, by

Howard, 194.
Allen, 720.

MOVING PICTURE OR STEROPTICON VIEWS and appointment of Commission or Board of Censors to approve same, to regulate exhibition of

Read in place in House by Mr. Breitinger, 1399.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1399.

MOVING PICTURE SHOWS, bill relating to admission of minors under age of fourteen years to (see minors).

MOVING PICTURE SHOWS, bill to regulate betterment of protection to human life in all (see buildings).

MOVING PICTURES AND OTHER EXHIBITIONS for amusement of public, bill to regulate licensing of all theatrical performances and (see amusement).

MOVING PICTURES AND STEROPTICON VIEWS, to regulate exhibiting or using of

House Bill No. 601

Read in place in House by Mr. Allen, 1304.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1304.
Reported without amendment, 1339.
First reading, 1412.
Second reading, 1532.
Third reading and amended, 1781.
Final passage, 1844.
Returned from Senate with amendment, 3322.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3322.
Signed by Speaker, 3480.

In Senate (No. 793)

Referred to Committee on,
Reported with amendment from Committee on Judiciary Special, 2538.
First reading, 2553.
Second reading, 2698.
Third reading and amended, 2891.
Final passage, 3138.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3283.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3394.

Remarks on, by

Heacock, 2891, 2892.
Herbst, 2892.

MOVING PICTURES IN CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, bill to make certain requirements in regard to buildings used for exhibition of (see cities).

MOVING PICTURES OR OTHER PICTURES OF PRIZE FIGHTS or of any indecent or immoral pictures, to prevent exhibition of

Read in place in House by Mr. Rockwell, 104.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 104.

MULLETS, bill to authorize use of haul seine in tide water streams for capture of (see haul seine).

MUNCE, T. E., Deputy State Veterinarian of Department of Agriculture, nominated, 24.

Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

MUNICIPAL AND TAX CLAIMS, bill to amend act relating to liens by changing method of service by advertisement upon writs of scire facias upon (see liens).

MUNICIPAL AUTHORITIES TO LIMTIT CHARGES of water companies, electric light companies and gas companies, bill to authorize (see charges).

MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS AND CERTAIN COMPANIES so as to apply to street railway companies, supplement to act regarding reasonableness of amount of license fees between (see fees).

MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS AND INDEBTEDNESS REPRESENTED BY SAME in accordance with provisions of act of April 20, 1874, bill to make valid certain bonds issued by (see bonds).

MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS TO ACQUIRE OR TO CONSTRUCT STREET RAILWAYS, bill to authorize (see railways).

MUNICIPAL COURT FOR COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA, bill to establish (see court).

MUNICIPAL DISTRICTS TO INCREASE THEIR INDEBTEDNESS, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution allowing (see Constitution).

MUNICIPAL IMPROVEMENTS, bill to authorize ascertainment, award, levy, assessment and collection of costs, damages and expenses of (see improvements).

MUNICIPAL IMPROVEMENTS, bills relating to liens for (see liens).

MUNICIPAL IMPROVEMENTS heretofore made liable for costs thereof, bill to make properties peculiarly benefited by certain (see improvements).

MUNICIPAL LIENS IN BOROUGHS, bill to provide for creation and regulation of (see boroughs).

MUNICIPALITIES, bill relating to construction of underground street passenger railways or subways, also street passenger railways or elevated railways by (see railways).

MUNICIPALITIES, bill relating to judgments obtained before aldermen and justices of the peace against (see judgments).

MUNICIPALITIES, bill to provide for cost of sewage disposal systems in (see sewage).

MUNICIPALITIES, bill to provide for security to laborers and material men under bonds of contractors and subcontractors taken by (see contract).

MUNICIPALITIES, bill to regulate title to property acquired by condemnation proceedings by (see property).

MUNICIPALITIES, bill to validate certain election and bonds pertaining to indebtedness of (see indebtedness).

MUNICIPALITIES OR TOWNSHIPS or lying near dividing line, bill relating to double assessments of real estate partially in two or more (see assessments).

MUNICIPALITIES OTHER THAN PHILADELPHIA, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania in regard to indebtedness of (see Constitution).

MUNICIPALITIES TO MAINTAIN AND OPERATE STREET RAILWAYS, electric light plants, gas works and all other utilities and lease same, bill to authorize (see utilities).

MUNICIPALITIES to provide for regulation and inspection of weights and measures, bill to authorize (see weights).

MUNICIPALITIES TO PROVIDE SUPPLY OF WATER for municipal and domestic purposes, bill to authorize (see water).

MUNICIPALITIES TO PURCHASE OR CONDEMN CONDUITS, bill to amend act relating to police power of cities of third class and boroughs with reference to electric light wires by empowering (see wires).

'NICIPALITY USING WATER shall take any new source of supply without approval of Water Supply Commission, bill to amend act relating to source of supply of water and water power companies by providing that no water or water power company nor (see water).

'NICIPALITY, to provide that no action for personal injuries shall be maintained, unless written notice is given by a proper person, against any

Read in place in House by Mr. William Ward, Jr., 95.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 95.

'RDER CASES, bill to provide for payment of costs of appeal in certain (see costs).

'RDER IN FIRST DEGREE" to add whether penalty shall be death or life imprisonment, bill to require jurors in homicide cases where verdict rendered is "guilty of (see verdict).

'RDER, bills relating to penalty for (see penalty).

'RDER, to encourage apprehension of persons who shall have committed crime of

Iouse Bill No. 363

Read in place in House by Mr. Lowe, 776.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 776.

Reported with negative recommendation, 820.

'RPHY, presentation of testimonial from Senate to ex-Lieutenant Governor Robert S., 228, 229.

'SEUM AND THE VARIOUS DIVISIONS thereof and to create a Board of Trustees, to provide for establishment of Pennsylvania State

Iouse Bill No. 795

Read in place in House by Mr. Howard, 717.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 717.

Reported with amendment, 1758.

First reading, 1832.

Second reading and amended, 2135.

Third reading and final passage, 3034.

Returned from Senate without amendment, 3528.

Signed by Speaker, 3585.

Senate (No. 1174)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 3046.

Reported without amendment, 3118.

First reading, 3175.

Second reading, 3291.

Third reading and final passage, 3412.

Signed by President pro tempore, 3537.

'SEUMS, bill to amend act relating to licensing of places where certain performances are held by fixing amount of licenses to be paid by (see licenses).

'SSELS TO BE AQUATIC ANIMALS valuable for food or commerce, bill to declare fresh water (see aquatic).

'SICAL INSTRUMENTS, bill relating to leasing, renting, bailment or conditional sale of (see leasing).

'STER, Superintendent of Bear Company, Berwick, a certain fine, to authorize State Treasurer to refund to Fred

)use Bill No. 590

Read in place in House by Mr. Shaffer, 1116.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1116.

Reported with amendment, 1303.

First reading, 1411.

Second reading, 1530.

Third reading and final passage, 1958.

Returned from Senate without amendment, 3530.

Signed by Speaker, 3588.

Senate (No. 1167)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1965.

Reported without amendment, 3114.

First reading, 3174.

Second reading, 3290.

Third reading and final passage, 3393.

Signed by President pro tempore, 3537.

'UAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES to give bond of not less than five thousand dollars, bill to require treasurers of (see insurance).

'UAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY BILL, petitions presented for passage of (see petitions).

'UAL SAVINGS FUNDS OR BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION to lend, to borrow and to invest, supplement and amendment to act relating to incorporation of certain corporations authorizing (see building and loan).

MUZZLED AT ALL TIMES, bill to require all dogs, other than hunting dogs, in certain cases to be (see dogs).

NAME OF PROPER POLITICAL PARTY to be entered on registration lists opposite name of elector, bill to require (see registration).

NAMES ADOPTED BY POLITICAL BODIES may be protected, bill to amend act regulating nomination and election of public officers by specifying how (see election).

NANTICOKE HOSPITAL and providing for its transfer to Commonwealth under certain conditions, to provide for examination of

House Bill No. 914

Read in place in House by Mr. Good, 1329.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1329.

Reported with amendment, 2235.

First reading, 2328.

Second reading, 2387.

Third reading and final passage, 2720, 2721.

Returned from Senate without amendment, 3232.

Signed by Speaker, 3472.

In Senate (No. 847)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2655.

Reported without amendment, 2682.

First reading, 2702.

Second reading, 2903.

Third reading and final passage, 3054.

Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

NANTICOKE HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 913

Read in place in House by Mr. Good, 97.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 97.

Reported with amendment, 2235.

First reading, 2328.

Second reading, 2386.

Third reading and final passage, 2720.

Returned from Senate without amendment, 3232.

Signed by Speaker, 3472.

In Senate (No. 846)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2655.

Reported without amendment, 2682.

First reading, 2702.

Second reading, 2903.

Third reading and final passage, 3053.

Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

NANTICOKE HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. DeWitt, 130.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 130.

NARROWING OF DRIVEWAY OR CARTWAY OF STREETS and other highways in boroughs, bill to regulate (see boroughs).

NASON HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION of Roaring Spring, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1018

Read in place in House by Mr. Plymouth W. Snyder, 303.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 303.

Reported with amendment, 2238.

First reading, 2333,

Second reading, 2403.

Third reading and final passage, 2756.

Returned from Senate with amendments, 3319.

Non-concurred in Senate amendments, 3319.

Returned from Senate with adherence to its amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3370.

Conference committee appointed, 3370.

Conference committee report considered and adopted, 3598.

Returned from Senate with conference committee report adopted, 3600.

Signed by Speaker, 3608.

In Senate (No. 948)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.

Reported without amendment, 2685.

First reading, 2706.

Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2910.

Re-reported with amendment, 2929.

Third reading and final passage, 3072.

NASON HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION—Continued.
Returned from House with Senate amendments non-concurred in, 3279.
Conference committee appointed, 3279.
Returned from House with adherence to its non-concurrence in Senate amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3378.
Returned from House with conference committee report adopted, 3459.
Conference committee report considered and adopted, 3459.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3537.

NATIONAL FARM SCHOOL at Doylestown, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 977
Read in place in House by Mr. Hecht, 124.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 124.
Reported with amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2331.
Second reading, 2396.
Third reading and final passage, 2742.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.
In Senate (No. 907)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2684.
First reading, 2704.
Second reading, 2908.
Third reading and final passage, 3065.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

NATIONAL FOREST RESERVES, bill to empower United States to acquire land in Pennsylvania for (see forest).

NATIONAL GUARD OF PENNSYLVANIA and Naval Force of Pennsylvania, bill to provide for support of (see appropriation).

NATIONAL GUARD OF PENNSYLVANIA, to provide for organization and regulation of
Senate Bill No. 109
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Powell, 221.
Referred to Committee on Military Affairs, 222.
Reported without amendment, 267.
First reading, 297.
Second reading and amended, 349, 384.
Third reading and amended,
Resumed and vote on third reading reconsidered and recommitted to Committee, 404.
Re-reported with amendment, 554.
Third reading and final passage, 614, 620.
Returned from House with amendments, 1667.
Concurred in House amendments, 1667, 1668.
Signed by President, 1705.
Approved by Governor, 2152.
Remarks on, by
Herbst, 1668.
In House (No. 456)
Referred to Committee on Military, 748.
Reported with amendment, 1026.
First reading, 1091.
Second reading and amended, 1376, 1383.
Third reading and final passage, 1685, 1692.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 1703.
Signed by Speaker, 1757.

NATIONAL OR CUMBERLAND ROAD across Monongahela River, bill making appropriation to defray one-half of expense of constructing bridge by which to carry (see bridge).

NATIONAL REFORM ASSOCIATION to use Hall of House on evening of February 28, 1911, resolution (House) by William Conner to permit, 157.
Resolution referred to Committee on Public Buildings, 157.
Reported with favorable recommendation, 200.
Read and agreed to, 307.

NATIONAL SOCIETY OF SONS OF AMERICAN REVOLUTION, resolutions of, pertaining to establishment of national park at spot where Washington crossed the Delaware,
Presented to Senate, 9.
Read in Senate, 9.
Refered to Committee on Appropriations, 9.
Presented to House, 53.
Read in House, 53.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 53.

NATIONALITY SHALL BE NO BAR AS TO RIGHT TO COVER, bill to amend act relating to damages injuries producing death by providing that damages).

NATURAL GAS, bill to regulate operation of wells pro ing (see gas).

NATURALIZATION OF ALIENS AS CITIZENS of Un States to office of Prothonotary of Court of Com Pleas to provide for transfer of all records pert ing to
House Bill No. 709
Read in place in House by Mr. Shadrach, 960.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 960.
Reported without amendment, 1609.
First reading, 1827.
Second reading, 2113.
Third reading and final passage, 2941.
In Senate
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2901.

NATUROPATHY IN PENNSYLVANIA and to provide State Board of Naturopathic Examiners, to regu practice of
Read in place in House by Mr. Reece, 689.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and San tion, 689.

NAUTICAL SCHOOL AT PHILADELPHIA, Directors nominated, 23.
Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

NAVAL FORCE OF PENNSYLVANIA, bill to provide support of National Guard of Pennsylvania and appropriation).

NAVIGABLE TIDAL STREAM TO ACQUIRE REAL EST along such stream for construction of whar docks, piers and bulkheads, bill to authorize any bordering on a (see city).

NAVIGATION, bill to authorize counties with population tween 800,000 and 1,400,000 to expend moneys for purpose of improving (see counties).

NAZARENE HOME FOR AGED, at Philadelphia, making propriation to
House Bill No. 930
Read in place in House by Mr. Patrick Conner, 20
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 209.
Reported with amendment, 2236.
First reading, 2329.
Second reading, 2389.
Third reading and final passage, 2726.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.
In Senate (No. 861)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2656.
Reported without amendment, 2683.
First reading, 2702.
Second reading, 2904.
Third reading and final passage, 3057.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

NEEL, SAMUEL, Representative from First District, (W moreland County),
Appointments of, on
Special committee, 3613.
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.
Bills introduced by
Amending act relating to county and township r and levies by authorizing collector to deputiz constable to make levy and sale or to arrest de quent for non-payment of taxes, 689.
Making appropriation to Mount Pleasant Memo Hospital, 124.
Providing that right of eminent domain as resp appropriation of streams and land covered the may be exercised by certain water companies, 3
Bills reported by
No. 987 (Senate Bill No. 917)
Making appropriation to Mount Pleasant Memo Hospital, 2238.
No. 988 (Senate Bill No. 918)
Making appropriation to Homestead Hospital A ciation, 2238.

EL, SAMUEL—Continued.
No. 989 (Senate Bill No. 919)
Making appropriation to Joseph Ratti Hospital located at Bloomsburg, 2238.
No. 990 (Senate Bill No. 920)
Making appropriation to Markleton General Hospital, 2238.
Election of, 45.
Vote of, for
United State Senator, 72.

FF, GEORGE W., Member of Commission to Provide for Celebration of Anniversary of Battle of Lake Erie, nominated, 26.

GLECTED CHILDREN, bills relating to (see children).

GLIGENCE BROUGHT TO RECOVER DAMAGES from an employer for injury or death suffered by his employe the negligence of a fellow servant of the employe shall not be a defence, bill to provide that in all actions for (see employer).

T OF MORE THAN THIRTY MESHES DEEP in certain boundary lakes, to forbid use of a gill
House Bill No. 283
Read in place in House by Mr. Shreve, 637.
Referred to Committee on Fisheries, 637.
Reported without amendment, 715.
First reading, 751.
Second reading, 873.
Third reading and final passage, 1199.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1693.
Signed by Speaker, 1761.
Approved by Governor, 2190.
In Senate (No. 501)
Referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 1206.
Reported without amendment, 1418.
First reading, 1450.
Second reading, 1603.
Third reading and final passage, 1665.
Signed by President pro tempore,

ETS, bill to amend act relating to fish by removing certain restrictions on fishing with (see fishing).

EUROPATHY IN THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, to regulate the practice of
House Bill No. 285
Read in place in House by Mr. Connell, 121.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 121.
Reported without amendment, 715.
First reading 751.
Second reading 1197.
Postponed for present, 1488.
Resumed on third reading and passed finally, 1672.
In Senate (No. 734)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1666.
Reported without amendment, 2265.
Recommitted to Committee, 2456.
Re-reported with amendment, 3119.
First reading, 3174.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 3274.

EW CASTLE HOSPITAL, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1047
Read in place in House by Mr. Wallace, 135.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 135.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading 2334.
Second reading, 2408.
Third reading and final passage, 2766.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.
In Senate (No. 976)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations. 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2707.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2912.
Re-reported without amendment, 2929.
Third reading and final passage, 3077.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

EW JERSEY OF CERTAIN TOLL BRIDGES over Delaware River, bill to provide for joint acquisition by Pennsylvania and (see bridges).

NEW TRIALS IN CERTAIN CIVIL AND CRIMINAL CASES bill to regulate reversal or granting of (see trials).

NEW YORK OF CERTAIN TOLL BRIDGES over Delaware River, bill to provide for joint acquisition by Pennsylvania and (see bridges).

NEWBAKER, PHILIP C., Representative from Montour County,
Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 84, 85.
Bills introduced by
Directing Trustees of Danville State Hospital for Insane to connect effluent of sewage disposal plant with sewer system of Danville, 146.
Making appropriation for payment of mileage of Associate Judges, 718.
Making appropriation to Trustees of State Hospital for Insane at Danville, 146.
Bills reported by
No. 489
To repeal act fixing costs to be paid to sheriff of Warren County for conveying prisoners to penitentiary, 1047.
No. 704
Amending act for safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings not in cities of first and second classes by limiting application of act to tenement house apartments and flats to those occupied by ten or more persons 1500.
Election of, 44.
Leave of absence asked for, 305.
Leave of absence asked to be withdrawn, 316.
Motions by, to
Adjourn, 1204
Dispense with further reading of Journal, 145.
Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 150, relating to sewage disposal plant at Danville State Hospital for Insane, 473.
Petitions presented by, from
Citizens and inhabitants of Danville relative to sewage disposal plant of Danville State Hospital, 145.
Citizens of Montour County against excise commission bill and Kline license bill, 1915.
Citizens of Montour County against passage of Sunday baseball bill 525.
Members of Borough Council of Danville relative to sewage disposal plant of Danville State Hospital, 145.
Strawberry Ridge Grange No. 34, Montour County, Patrons of Husbandry, for better telephone facilities, 300.
Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 777, relating to right to practice medicine and surgery in Pennsylvania and establishing Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure, 2106, 2108.
Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

NEWSPAPER bill to repeal act relating to publication in certain counties of advertisements and notices in the legal (see counties).

NEWSPAPERS, bill to amend fifth and twenty-second sections of act relating to insolvency by providing for publication and notice in newspapers (see insolvency).

NEWSPAPERS, bill to prohibit wrapping of certain articles of food in (see food).

NEWSPAPERS IN COUNTIES with less than 1,000,000 inhabitants, bill to provide that all legal notices now required to be published in weekly newspapers may be published in daily (see notices).

NEWSPAPERS OF GENERAL CIRCULATION, bill to make certain requirements in regard to publication of financial statements, ordinances, reports and public notices in one or more (see publication).

NICHOLSON, JOHN P., Commissioner of Valley Forge, nominated, 24.
Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

NICKLEODEONS, bill to regulate betterment of protection to human life in all (see buildings).

NOMINATION AND ELECTION EXPENSES, bill to regulate (see expenses).

NOMINATION AND ELECTION OF SUCCESSORS TO JUDGES of Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts whose commissions expire in odd numbered years, bill to fix time of (see judges).

NOMINATION OF CERTAIN OFFICERS, bills relating to (see election).

NOMINATIONS AND ELECTIONS FOR MUNICIPAL OFFICERS in cities, bill to regulate (see cities)

NON-PAYMENT OF RENT BY TENANTS and to fix fees to be charged therein, bill to provide additional remedies in cases of (see rent).

NON-PAYMENT OF TAXES, bill to fix time when collectors of taxes shall make return of seated lands for (see collectors).

NON-RESIDENT ALIEN, bill to amend act relating to damages for injuries producing death as regards a (see damages).

NON-RESIDENT HUNTERS, bill to amend act relating to license fee for (see hunters).

NON-SUPPORT PROCEEDINGS, bill to limit orders for payment of alimony in divorce, desertion and (see alimony).

NON-SUIT TO BE MADE A MATTER OF RECORD, bill to require reasons for motion for judgment or (see reasons).

NORMAL SCHOOL DISTRICTS and providing for new district, to amend act providing for training of teachers for common schools of State by re-arranging

Read in place in House by Mr. Benson, 1048.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1048.

NORMAL SCHOOLS AVAILABLE FOR PERMANENT IMPROVEMENTS thereto, to make the appropriation of 1909 to State

Senate Bill No. 425

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Thomson, 996.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 996.
Reported without amendment, 1099.
First reading, 1180.
Second reading, 1208.
Third reading and final passage, 1230.
Returned from House with amendments, 3149.
Concurred in House amendments, 3150.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3277.

In House (No. 1240)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1293, 1302.
Reported without amendment, 2247.
First reading, 2343.
Second reading, 2437.
Third reading and amended, 2828.
Final passage, 2995.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 3309.
Signed by Speaker, 3494.

NORMAL SCHOOLS, making appropriation for deficiency to pay tuition of students of State

Senate Bill No. 68

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Hall, 167.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 167.
Reported without amendment, 240.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 273.
Re-reported without amendment, 373.
Recommitted to Committee, 408.
Re-reported without amendment, 671.
Second reading, 710.
Third reading and final passage, 760.
Returned from House without amendment, 1452.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1633.
Approved by Governor, 1799.

In House (No. 446)

Referred to Committees on Appropriations, 819.
Reported without amendment, 1016.
First reading, 1090.
Second reading, 1356.
Third reading and final passage, 1467.
Signed by Speaker, 1677.

NORMAL SCHOOLS, making appropriation to cover deficiency in General Appropriation Act of 1909 to pay tuition of students in State

Read in place in House by Mr. Graybill, 110.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 110.

NORMAL SCHOOLS, see also State Normal

NORRISTOWN ACADEMY AND DIRECTORS OF ... MON SCHOOLS of Norristown to sell certa... estate and appropriate proceeds for schoo... poses, to amend act authorizing Trustees o...

House Bill No. 529

Read in place in House by Mr. Miller, 97.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, ...
Reported without amendment, 1169.
First reading, 1241.
Second reading, 1509.
Third reading and final passage, 1795.
Returned from Senate without amendment, ...
Signed by Speaker, 2845.

In Senate (No. 688)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1...
Reported without amendment, 2201.
First reading, 2286.
Second reading, 2463.
Third reading and final passage, 2530.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2654.

NORTH FAYETTE, bill to repeal that part of act re... to sale of intoxicating liquors in certain ... ships of Allegheny County which relates to ... ship of (see liquors).

NORTH PENNSYLVANIA GENERAL HOSPITAL and ... itorium located at Austin, making appropr... to

Senate Bill No. 61

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Baldwin, 151.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 151.
Reported without amendment, 240.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, ...
Re-reported with amendment, 2216.
Second reading, 2274.
Third reading and amended, 2449.
Final passage, 2527.
Returned from House without amendment, 3...
Signed by President pro tempore, 3275.

In House (No. 1325)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 271...
Reported without amendment, 2841.
First reading 2998.
Second reading, 3014.
Third reading and final passage, 3195.
Signed by Speaker, 3496.

NORTH, S. TAYLOR, Representative from Jefferson Co...

Acting Speaker, 1350.

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 312, to establish public school sy... 972, 1023, 1024.
House Bill No. 355, abolishing offices of Superinte... and Assistant Superintendent of Bureau of ... ways in Department of Internal Affairs and cre... offices of Chief and Assistant Chief of said Bu... 1300.
House Bill No. 600, regulating drivers and operato... all vehicles and persons riding or leading an... on public highways, 1532.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Amending act relating to safety of persons from ... or panic in certain buildings, 301.
Authorizing appointment of State Park Commi... and defining uses of State Parks, 1398.
Making appropriation to Adrian Hospital Associ... of Punxsutawney, 155.
Making appropriation to pay judgments obta... against Commonwealth by Executors of Mariass... Acro Guercio, 637.
Making appropriation to Pennsylvania Memorial H... at Brookville, 134.
Making appropriation to Punxsutawney Hospital, ...
Prohibiting others than telephone employes to l... to messages over telephone lines, 361.
Regarding outdoor advertising in cities, boroughs ... townships, 140.
Regarding taxation of outdoor advertising, 140.
Regulating construction and repair of highways ... drains or culverts, 1028.
Regulating employment of registered pharma... students and apprentices in pharmacy, 1016.
To authorize a married woman to make conveyan... real estate to her husband, 110.
To authorize the service of personal summons in ... county in the Commonwealth, 96.
To protect shade and fruit trees, 155.

NORTH, S. TAYLOR—Continued.

Bills reported by

No. 68 (Senate Bill No. 6)
Supplement to act relating to Valley Forge Park, 199.

No. 397 (Senate Bill No. 721)
Repealing act exempting from taxation savings institutions having no capital stock, 885.

No. 150 (Senate Bill No. 752)
Directing Trustees of Danville State Hospital for Insane to connect effluent of sewage disposal plant with sewer system of Danville, 1328.

No. 644 (Senate Bill No. 646)
For eradication of disease affecting chestnut trees, commonly called chestnut tree blight, 1397.

No. 730 (Senate Bill No. 834)
Making appropriation for protection of monument at Cherrytree or Canoe Place, 1610.

No. 969 (Senate Bill No. 899)
Making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Memorial Home at Brookville, Jefferson County, 2237.

No. 970 (Senate Bill No. 900)
Making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Epileptic Hospital and Colony Farm, Chester County, 2237.

No. 971 (Senate Bill No. 901)
Making an appropriation to the Beaver Valley General Hospital at New Brighton, Beaver County, 2237.

No. 972 (Senate Bill No. 902)
Making an appropriation to the Rochester General Hospital at Rochester, Beaver County, 2237.

No. 973 (Senate Bill No. 903)
Making an appropriation to the Beaver County Children's Home Association of New Brighton, Beaver County, 2237.

No. 974 (Senate Bill No. 904)
Making an appropriation to the Sewickley Fresh Air Home in Beaver County, 2237.

No. 975 (Senate Bill No. 905)
Making an appropriation to the Passavant Memorial Home for the care of Epileptics at Rochester, Beaver County, 2237.

No. 976 (Senate Bill No. 906)
Making an appropriation to the Adrian Hospital Association of Punxsutawney, Jefferson County, 2237.

Election of, 43.

Leave of absence asked for, 324.

Motion by, for

Previous question on House Bill No. 530, providing for taxation of gross receipts of fire insurance companies on business done in Pennsylvania, 2310.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 2050, 2254.

Adopt concurrent resolution requesting Board of Game Commissioners to furnish statement of receipts and expenditures, 190.

Dispense with further reading of Journal, 133.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 250, relating to use of private roads in certain cases regarding mining operations, 857.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Jefferson County against Commission Form of Government, 278.

Citizens of Jefferson County for Jones Road Bill, 1015.

Citizens of Jefferson County for Maurer Initiative and Referendum Bill, 414, 565, 636.

Citizens of Jefferson County for memorial to founders of public school system, 733.

Citizens of Jefferson County for State Local Option Law, 471.

Election officers of Jefferson County for passage of bill to amend primary election laws of State by providing for an increase in pay for such officers, 139.

Green Valley Grange No. 770, Patrons of Husbandry, Jefferson County, for better telephone facilities, 278.

Hornstown Grange No. 1259, Patrons of Husbandry, for better telephone facilities, 313.

Paradise Grange No. 854, Jefferson County, for better telephone facilities, 207.

Pennsylvania State Medical Society to withhold the granting of any license to opticians or others who are not graduates in medicine, 145.

Union Grange No. 609, Patrons of Husbandry, for better telephone facilities, 187.

NORTH, S. TAYLOR—Continued.

Remarks by, on

Concurrent resolution relative to draping Barnard statuary, 370, 371.

House Bill No. 123, prohibiting certain cruelty to cows, 423.

House Bill No. 268, requiring treasurers of mutual fire insurance companies to give bond of not less than five thousand dollars, 863.

House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system 1024.

House Bill No. 478, supplementary to act for taxation of dogs and protection of sheep requiring all dogs to wear collar showing payment of tax, 1763.

House Bill No. 600, regulating drivers and operators of all vehicles and persons riding or leading animals on public highways, 1532, 3321, 3526.

House Bill No. 678, amending act relating to trespass by limiting lands to which provisions of said act shall apply to cultivated and improved lands and wood lot adjacent thereto, 2566.

House Bill No. 698, defining purposes, limitations and uses of State parks and authorizing appointment of State Park Commission, 2599.

House Bill No. 704, amending act for safety or persons from fire or panic in certain buildings not in cities of first and second classes by limiting application of act to tenement houses, apartment houses and flats to those occupied by ten or more persons, 2316.

House Bill No. 1323, providing for commission to examine and report on propriety of purchase by Commonwealth of certain tract of land in Jefferson, Forest and Clarion Counties, 3222, 3223.

Resolutions, concurrent, offered by

Relative to draping Barnard statuary in front of Capitol, 210.

Requesting Board of Game Commissioners to submit statement for past six fiscal years, 157.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

NORTH VERSAILLES, bill to repeal that part of act relating to sale of intoxicating liquors in certain townships of Allegheny County which relates to Township of (see liquors).

NORTHERN HOME FOR FRIENDLESS CHILDREN, of Philadelphia, making an appropriation to

House Bill No. 1093

Read in place in House by Mr. Keely, 142.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 142.
Reported with amendment, 2241.
First reading, 2336.
Second reading, 2413.
Third reading and final passage, 2780.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.

In Senate (No. 1017)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3660.
Reported without amendment, 2687.
First reading, 2709.
Second readiug, 2915.
Third reading and final passage, 3085.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

NORTHWESTERN ANTI-TUBERCULOSIS LEAGUE of Bradford, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 116

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Baldwin, 223.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 223.
Reported without amendment, 281.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 357.
Re-reported with amendment, 2215.
Second reading, 2277.
Third reading and final passage, 2451.
Returned from House with amendments, 3148.
Concurred in House amendments, 3148.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3275.

In House (No. 1321)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2570.
Reported without amendment, 2841.
First reading, 2998.
Second reading, 3013.
Third reading and final passage, 3194.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 3309.
Signed by Speaker, 3496.

NORTHWESTERN GENERAL HOSPITAL of Philadelphia, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 939

Read in place in House by Mr. Fay, 141.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 141.
Reported without amendment, 2236.
First reading, 2329.
Second reading, 2390.
Third reading and final passage, 2729.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.

In Senate (No. 870)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2656.
Reported without amendment, 2683.
First reading, 2703.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2905.
Re-reported without amendment, 2929.
Third reading and final passage, 3058.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

NORTHWESTREN PENNSYLVANIA HUMANE SOCIETY OF ERIE, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1197

Read in place in House by Mr. Shreve, 154.
Referred to Comittee on Appropriations, 154.
Reported with amendments, 2243.
First reading, 2341.
Second reading, 2430.
Third reading and final passage, 2815.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.

In Senate (No. 1116)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2663.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2714.
Second reading, 2922.
Third reading and final passage, 3105.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

NORTHWESTERN PENNSYLVANIA HUMANE SOCIETY OF ERIE, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 67

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Clark, 89.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 89.
Reported without amendment, 240.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 273.

NORTHWESTERN STATE NORMAL SCHOOL at Edinboro, Erie County, bill making appropriation to (see State Normal).

NOTARIAL ACTS PERFORMED BY NOTARIES public within three months after the expiration of their commissions, to validate

Senate Bill No. 134

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Huffman, 167.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 167.
Reported without amendment, 282.
First reading, 359.
Second reading, 385.
Third reading and final passage, 407.
Returned from House without amendment, 837.
Signed by President, 956.
Approved by Governor, 1226.

In House (No. 244)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 433.
Reported without amendment, 590.
First reading, 640.
Second reading, 745.
Third reading and final passage, 826.
Signed by Speaker, 1045.

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

AARONS, NOAH, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

ABBOTT, A. N., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

ABBOTT, MISS ESTHER, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

ABCZYNSKI, R. S., nominated, 2471.
Reported, 2602.
Confirmed, 2615.

ACHESON, MISS MARY W., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

ACHEY, MRS. HENRIETTA O., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

ACUFF, WALTER, nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

ADAIR, WILLIAM TAYLOR, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

ADAM, JOHN F., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

ADAMS, CHARLES, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

ADAMS, CHARLES B., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

ADAMS, JUDSON S., nominated, 57.
Confirmed, 61.

ADAMS, MISS MARY, nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

AITA, SAVERIC, nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

AITKEN, BENJAMIN J., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

AKERS, JOHN T., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

ALBERT, MATTEO, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

ALESSANDRONI, JOSEPH, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

ALEXANDER, BENJAMIN, nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

ALEXANDER, E. BRUCE, nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

ALEXANDER, MISS EMMA C., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

ALEXANDER, LOUIS, nominated, 1800.
Reported, 1853.
Confirmed, 1895.

ALEXANDER, MARK, nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

ALLEMAN, BURTON M., nominated, 1069.
Reported, 1074.
Confirmed, 1075.

ALLEN, CLIFFORD P., Jr., nominated, 59
Confirmed, 61

ALLEN, EDWIN L., nominated, 2536.
Reported, 2602.
Confirmed, 2615.

ALLEN, NELSON L., nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

ALLEN, WM. J. P., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

ALLES, A. A., Jr., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

ALLISON, T. C., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

ALPERN, LEWIS M., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

ALRICH, WILBUR, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

ALTER, MISS MARTHA L., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

ALTHOUSE, JAMES H. W., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

ALTMILLER, MISS LENA, nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

AMBLER, CHARLES M., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

AMMERMAN, WM. B., nominated, 168.
Reported, 169.
Confirmed, 169.

AMOS, CHARLES H., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

AMSHEL, LOUIS, nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

ANDERS, D. WEBSTER, nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

ANDERSON, ALVIN A., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

ANDERSON, A. T., nominated, 343.
Reported, 386.
Confirmed, 388.

ANDERSON, EUGENE E., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

ANDERSON, GEORGE L., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

ANDERSON, H. E., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

ANDERSON, ROBERT M., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

ANDES, WM. C., nominated, 239.
Reported, 244.
Confirmed, 244.

ANGLE, FRANK C., nominated.
Confirmed.

ANNUNZIATA, ARCHILLE, nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

ANSTY, ARTHUR M., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

APPEL, T. ROBERTS, nominated, 226.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

APPLEGATE, MISS NELLIE V., nominated, 131.
Confirmed.

APPLEMAN, W. J., nominated, 343.
Reported, 386.
Confirmed, 388.

APPLETON, SAMUEL W., nominated, 404.
Reported, 405.
Confirmed, 405.

ARMOR, WILLIAM C., nominated, 1263.
Reported, 1265.
Confirmed, 1265.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

ARMSTRONG, HENRY W., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

ARMSTRONG, JOHN W., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

ARMSTRONG, WILLIAM B., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

ARNDT, BERNARD J., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

ARNER, CALVIN M., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

ARNOLD, I. C., nominated, 269.
Reported, 290.
Confirmed, 298.

ARNOLD, J. HOWARD, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

ARONSON, S. I., nominated, 906.
Reported, 940.
Confirmed, 956.

ARTHUR, MISS KATE, nominated, 904.
Reported, 940.
Confirmed, 956.

ASCOUGH, JAMES P., nominated, 1002.
Reported, 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

ASH, JOSEPH C., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

ASHTON, CHESTER H., nominated, 36.
Confirmed, 36.

ATCHISON, WILLIAM S., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

ATKINSON, J. POWELL, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

AUGUSTINE, THOMAS, nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

AUSTIN, EDGAR C., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

AYER, H. O., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

AYRES, JOHN T., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

BACH, LEWIS D., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

BACHMAN, FRANK, nominated, 2203.
Reported, 2205.
Confirmed, 2214.

BACON, WILLIAM W., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

BADGER, C. Z., nominated, 610.
Reported, 670.
Confirmed, 671.

BAER, GEORGE HENRY, nominated, 168.
Reported, 169.
Confirmed, 169.

BAILY, MISS MARY E., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

BAIR, MRS. MARY A., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

BAIRD, A. W., nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

BAKER, MISS E. L., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

BAKER, HORACE F., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

BAKER, JOHN T., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

BAKER, WILLIAM R., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

BALDWIN, CLARK T., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

BALDWIN, H. L., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

BALDWIN, PAUL H., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

BALL, S. R., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

BALL, W. H., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

BALUKIEWICZ, VITOLD E., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

BAMBERGER, ALBERT J., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

BAMBERGER, EDMUND J., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

BARBER, HARRY R., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

BARBER, J. W., nominated, 57.
Confirmed, 61.

BARBER, MISS LETTIE, nominated, 2006.
Reported, 2006.
Confirmed, 2006.

BARBER, WALTER M., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

BARBOUR, W. W., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

BARCLAY, MISS P. C., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

BARCUS, WILLARD E., nominated, 269.
Reported, 290.
Confirmed, 298.

BARENBAUM, SOL., nominated, 1227.
Reported, 1228.
Confirmed, 1228.

BARNARD, C. G., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

BARNER, JOHN L., nominated, 343.
Reported, 386.
Confirmed, 388.

BARNES, H. G., nominated, 57.
Confirmed, 61.

BARNES, STEPHEN G., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

BARNHART, FRANK P., nominated, 120.
Reported, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

BARR, JAMES W., nominated 457.
Reported, 489.
Confirmed, 491.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

BARR, P. H., nominated, 458.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

BARR, WM. A., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

BARRIS, FRANK H., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

BARRY, W. J., nominated, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

BARRON, RICHARD A., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

BARTH, SAMUEL B. S., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

BARTON, B. C., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

BARTUS, VICTOR J., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

BASFORD, MRS. IDA M., nominated, 168.
Reported, 169.
Confirmed, 169.

BASFORD, JOHN F., nominated, 404.
Reported, 405.
Confirmed, 405.

BASSETT, MISS ADALINE M., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

BASSLER, H. R., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

BATES, JACOB, nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

BATES, M. B., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

BATTENBERG, C. A., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

BAUER, FREDERICK W., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

BAUR, ALBERT, nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

BAXTER, EDWARD J., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

BAXTER, HARRY T., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

BAXTER, JOHN, nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

BAXTER, RICHARD J., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

BAYMORE, ROBERT S., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

BEABER, WILLIAM P., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

BEACH, MISS ANNA M., nominated, 152.
Reported, 153.
Confirmed, 153.

BEACHLER, HARRY A., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

BEADLE, JOHN M., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

BEAN, THEODORE LANE, nominated, 239.
Reported, 244.
Confirmed, 244.

BEARD, GEORGE W., nominated, 226.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

BEARD, SAMUEL R., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

BEATTY, J. F., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

BEATTY, JOHN ECKSTEIN, nominated, 226.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

BEATTY, MISS SUZANNE S., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

BEAVER, H. LEROY, nominated, 269.
Reported, 290.
Confirmed, 298.

BECHMAN, WILLIAM G., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

BECHTEL, HENRY L., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

BECHTEL, JOSEPH D., nominated, 701.
Reported, 709.
Confirmed, 710.

BECK, HARRY, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

BECKER, MISS BERTHA, nominated, 343.
Reported, 386.
Confirmed, 388.

BECKER, FRANK H., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

BEDNAREK, MICHAEL, nominated, 3151.
Reported, 3174.
Confirmed, 3174.

BEERS, MISS SARAH E., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

BEESLEY, B. W., nominated, 554.
Reported, 560.
Confirmed, 562.

BEHAN, JOSEPH J., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

BEHRENBERG, A. H., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

BEIRN, FRANK W., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

BELL, ANDREW J., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

BELL, FRED. C., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

BELL, JAMES H., nominated, 239.
Reported, 244.
Confirmed, 244.

BELL, JOSEPH H., nominated, 28.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

BELLANO, D., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

BELSITO, SAMUEL A., nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

BELSTERLING, WM. F., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

BELT, ABRAM D., nominated, 36.
Confirmed, 36.

BENHAM, FRANK H., nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

BENJAMIN, FRANK P., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

BENN, JOHN K., nominated, 1002.
Reported, 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

BENNER, THOMAS M., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

BENNETT, A. A., nominated, 168.
Reported, 169.
Confirmed, 169.

BENNETT, JOHN A., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

BENNETT, RAYMOND S., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

BENSINGER, GEORGE I., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

BENSINGER, GEORGE I., nominated, 226.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

BENTZ, S. H., nominated, 457.
Reported, 489.
Confirmed, 491.

BEPPERLING, H., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

BERG, FRANK J., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

BERG, HERMAN, Jr., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

BERG, JOHN, nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

BERG, JOSEPH M., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

BERGER, MAX, nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

BERGNER, GEORGE, nominated, 269.
Reported, 290.
Confirmed, 298.

BERMAN, AARON, nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

BERNHARD, CHARLES, nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

BERNSTEIN, HARRY, nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

BERTINA, ANTONIO, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

BERTOLET, DANIEL H., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

BERTOLINA, ANTONIO, nominated, 226.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

BERTRAM, IRVIN D., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

BERTSCH, MISS ELSIE M., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

BETHUNE, A. L., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

BERRY, ERNEST, nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

BEST, JOHN, nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

BIDDLE, MISS ADA M., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

BIDDLE, HENRY C., nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

BELLO, DOMENICO, nominated, 906.
Reported, 941.
Confirmed, 956.

BIERSTEIN, P. W., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

BIETSCH, MISS ALICE P., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

BIGHAM, JOHN, nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

BILLETER, ELMER F., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

BILLINGFELT, ELMER E., nominated, 1902.
Reported, 1999.
Confirmed, 2006.

BILLINGS, GEORGE E., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

BILOTTA, FRANK RAPHAEL, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

BINNER, MISS MARY M., nominated, 1421.
Reported, 1434.
Confirmed, 1443.

BINNS, J. Y., nominated, 1548.
Reported, 1631.
Confirmed, 1635.

BIRD, MISS AGNES E., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

BIRD, WALTER C., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

BIRDSALL, BENJAMIN G., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

BIRELY, R. LOPER, nominated, 610.
Reported, 670.
Confirmed, 671.

BIRMINGHAM, LEWIS Z., Jr., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

BISLER, MISS ANNA E., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

BISMARK, D. V., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

BISSET, DAVID, nominated, 342.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

BITNER, MISS J. FLORENCE, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

BITTING, MORRIS A., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

BLACK, ALEXANDER, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

BLACK, F. NORMAN, nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

BLACK, M. P., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

BLACK, TOM M., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

BLACK, W. C., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

BLACKBURN, CLARENCE E., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

BLACKFORD, L. W., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

BLAESE, GEORGE, nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

BLAIR, CHRISTIAN G., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

BLAIR, HOMER R., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

BLAKELEY, C. R., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

BLANK, HARRY E., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

BLASE, HARRY C., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

BLAU, ADOLF, nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

BLAYNEY, W. LESTER, nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

BLEAKLEY, O. L., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

BLILEY, FRED, nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

BLOCH, CLEMENCE, nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

BLOCK, GORDON A., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

BLOOD, CYRUS H., nominated, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

BOAX, MISS EDITH, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

BOBBIN, JOHN J., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

BOLAND, J. A., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

BOLAND, JAMES M., nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

BOND, LEWIS R., nominated, 404.
Reported, 405.
Confirmed, 405.

BOOSE, EARLE G., nominated, 1800.
Reported, 1853.
Confirmed, 1895.

BOOTH, EDWIN, nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

BOOTH, MISS ELEANOR M., nominated, 57.
Confirmed, 61.

BOOTH, WILLIAM H., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

BOOZ, WM. H., nominated, 90.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

BORING, WILLIAM E., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

BORN, HENRY L., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

BORN, PETER, nominated, 1002.
Reported, 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

BORTREE, SILAS C., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

BORSACK, JOHN H., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

BOSAK, JOHN, nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

BOSAK, MICHAEL, nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

BOSBYSHELL, O. M., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

BOSSARD, JAY C., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

BOSTIAN, THEODORE W., nominated, 1002.
Reported, 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

BOTHWELL, GEORGE P., nominated, 807.
Reported, 833.
Confirmed, 842.

BOULTON, HARRY, nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

BOVARD, GEORGE R., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

BOWEN, HERBERT L., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

BOWER, DANIEL B., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

BOWER, HOWARD R., nominated, 554.
Reported, 560.
Confirmed, 562.

BOWKLEY, R. E., nominated, 1453.
Reported, 1455.
Confirmed, 1455.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

BOWMAN, A. W., nominated, 57.
Confirmed, 61.

BOWMAN, CHAS. F., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

BOWMAN SIMON S., nominated, 610.
Reported, 670.
Confirmed, 671.

BOWSER, ALBERT L., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

BOYD, E. E., nominated, 58.
Confirmed 61.

BOYD, MISS M. ETHELWYNNE, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

BOYD, THOMAS H., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

BOYER, CALVIN S., nominated, 61.
Confirmed 61.

BOYER, LLOYD C., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

BOYER, S. F., nominated, 57.
Confirmed 61.

BOYLE, JAMES J., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

BRACKEN, CHARLES HARRY, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

BRADLEY, JOHN E., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

BRADLEY, MISS KATHERINE H., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

BRAGDON, HOWARD K., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

BRAINARD, C. P., nominated, 1002.
Reported, 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

BRANNON, MARIE G., nominated, 3151.
Reported, 3174.
Confirmed, 3174.

BRASHEAR, EDGAR T., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

BRASLEY, BEN PAUL, nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

BRATSHIE, HARRY E., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

BREEDEN, WALDO P., nominated, 58.

BREENE, EDMOND C., nominated, 59.
Confirmed 61.
Confirmed 61.

BREESE, MISS ANNA, nominated, 1002.
Reported, 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

BREIDENBACH, H. LEON, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

BRENDLINGER, MILTON H., nominated, 58.
Confirmed 61.

BRENEMAN, JOHN S., nominated, 1227.
Reported, 1228.
Confirmed, 1228.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

BRENNAN, EDWIN V. M., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

BRENNAN, JOSEPH E., nominated, 59.
Confirmed 61.

BRENNAN, WILLIAM F., nominated, 59.
Confirmed 61.

BRENNAN, MRS. MARGARET L., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

BRENNER, JOHN J., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

BRENNIAN, WILLIAM H., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

BRENTON, FRANK, nominated, 60.
Confirmed 61.

BREWSTER, WILLIAM, nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

BRICK, MANNING D., nominated, 60.
Confirmed 61.

BRICKER, PETER D., nominated, 59.
Confirmed 61.

BRIGGS, ROBERT, nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

BRIGGS, WALTER, nominated, 60.
Confirmed 61.

BRINK, F. SWARTS, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

BRINKER, ADDISON J., Jr., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

BRINKWORTH, WILLIAM M., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

BRINSER, CHRISTIAN L., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

BRISBIN, B. D., nominated 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

BROADBENT, MRS. A. W., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

BROBST, E. CLYDE, nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

BROCK, JOHN C., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

BROCKWAY, H. S., nominated, 30.
Reported 286.
Confirmed, 298.

BRODHEAD, SAMUEL, nominated, 61.
Confirmed 61.

BROGAN, DANIEL E., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

BROOKS, GEO. W., nominated, 168.
Reported, 169.
Confirmed, 169.

BROOKS, JOSEPH A., nominated, 906.
Reported, 940.
Confirmed, 956.

BROOKS, LEE, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

BROOKS, THEO. C., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

BROOM, T. W., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

BROWER, FRANCIS M., Jr., nominated, 906.
Reported, 941.
Confirmed, 956.

BROWN, A. BERT, nominated, 554.
Reported, 560.
Confirmed 562.

BROWN, EDWARD M., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

BROWN, ERNEST H., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

BROWN, FRANK L., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

BROWN, MISS HELEN M., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

BROWN, IGNATZ, nominated, 30.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

BROWN, JAMES F., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

BROWN, MISS JESSIE B., nominated, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

BROWN, J. WILLOCK, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

BROWN, MISS KATE M., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

BROWN, OWEN J., nominated, 1069.
Reported, 1074.
Confirmed, 1075.

BROWN, PAUL R., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

BROWN, MISS R. J., nominated, 58.
Confirmed 61.

BROWNE, MISS E. L., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

BROWNE, JOSEPH M., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

BROWNMILLER, H. H., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

BRUBAKER, J. F., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

BRUCE, STANLEY W., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

BRUNER, EBERHART F., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

BRUNER, HENRY B., nominated, 1002.
Reported, 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

BRUNNER, CHARLES B., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

BRUNNER, JOHN, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

BRUNNER, OTTO E., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

BRUNNER, WILLIAM F., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

BRYANT, J. C., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

BRYANT, JAMES, nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

BRYDEN, JAMES R., nominated, 1002.
Reported, 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

BUCH, W. S., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

BUCHANAN, ISAAC V., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

BUCHANAN, L. M., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

BUCHEY, EDWARD L., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

BUCK, MISS GRACE B., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

BUCK, H. C., nominated, 1725.
Reported, 1730.
Confirmed, 1746.

BUCKINGHAM, F. R., nominated, 458.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

BUCKLEY, CHARLES H., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

BUCKLEY, MISS MABEL, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

BULLOCK, CHARLES E., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

BRUCE, W. H., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

BUNNELL, FRED D., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

BURGE, MISS EMMA, nominated, 239.
Reported, 244.
Confirmed, 244.

BURKE, MISS KATHARINE, nominated, 152.
Reported, 153.
Confirmed, 153.

BURKE, P. H., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

BURKET, J. K., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

BURKHART, MYER B., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

BURKHOLDER, AMOS E., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

BURKHOLDER, C. A., nominated, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

BURKHOLDER, E. H., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

BURNETT, CLARENCE L., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

BURNETT, QUINTON, nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

BURNS, JAMES J., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

BURNS, MISS WINEFRED E., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

BURROWS, MISS ELIZABETH, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

BURROWS, JOHN H., nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

BUSH, JOSEPH K., nominated, 239.
Reported, 244.
Confirmed, 244.

BUSH, W. H. K., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

BUSHFIELD, MISS IRENE, nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

BUSHONG, PHILIP A., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

BYANK, JOHN, nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

BYRNE, MRS. SARAH H., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

CADWALLADER, T. SIDNEY, nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

CAHOON, MISS MARY E., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

CAIN, HENRY E., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

CALDWELL, DAVID T., nominated, 269.
Reported, 290.
Confirmed, 298.

CALDWELL, WASHINGTON, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

CALHOUN, JOS. H., nominated, 701.
Reported, 709.
Confirmed, 710.

CALLAHAN, MISS E. CLARE, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

CALLAHAN, W. L., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

CALLEN, CHARLES S., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

CAMAC, J. W., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

CAMERON, ROBERT P., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

CAMPBELL, WALTER M., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

CANTRELL, JOHN A., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

CANUTI, FELIDIO, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

CAPACE, MICHAEL, nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

CAPORASO, JAMES D., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

CAPPO, WILLIAM M., nominated, 1452.
Reported, 1455.
Confirmed, 1455.

CAPWELL, R. U., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

CARBARY, JOHN, nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

CARE, R. S., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

CAREY, H. D., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

CAREY, J. H., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

CARMAN, EARLE P., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

CARNELL, THOMAS L., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

CARPENTER, AARON EVERLY, 2d, nominated, 34
Confirmed, 36.

CARR, JOSEPH E., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

CARR, THOMAS M., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

CARR, WILLIAM A., nominated, 458.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

CARROLL, BENEDICT L., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

CARROZZA, W. C., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

CARSON, JOHN, nominated, 168.
Reported, 169.
Confirmed, 169.

CARTER, CHARLES C., nominated, 906.
Reported, 941.
Confirmed, 956.

CARTER, CHARLES S., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

CARTER, HARRY N., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

CARTLEDGE, LINCOLN, nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

CARTWRIGHT, WILLIAM, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

CASHNER, MILTON P., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

CASSEDY, FRANK W., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

CASSEL, ABEL K., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

CASSEL, CLIFFORD E., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

CASSESE, CHARLES J., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

CASSIDY, FREDERICK W., nominated, 1002.
Reported 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

CASTELUCCI, LUIGI, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

CAUM, S. L., nominated, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

CERASO, FRANK, nominated, 1069.
Reported, 1074.
Confirmed, 1075.

CHADWICK, E. WALLACE, nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

CHAIN, B. PERCY, nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

CHALMERS, FRANK A., 60.
Confirmed, 61.

CHAMBERS, D. BRITTON, nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

CHAMBERS, WILLIAM W., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

CHAPIN, A. E., nominated, 31.
Confirmed,

CHAPIN, W. H., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

CHAPMAN, WILLIAM E., nominated, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

CHAPPELEAR, SAMUEL, nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

CHARLES, CHRISTIAN E., nominated, 120.
Reported, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

CHARLIER, J. J., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

CHASE, S. BRUCE, nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

CHERTAK, MISS DOROTHY, nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

CHISLER, MISS ESTELLA M., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

CHRISTINE, MISS E. E., nominated, 269.
Reported, 290.
Confirmed, 298.

CHURCH, CHAS. R., nominated, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

CHUBB, JOSEPH H., nominated, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

CHYLAK, GEORGE, nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

CIAVERELLI, GIUSEPPI, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

CIOTOLA, NICOLA, nominated, 404.
Reported, 405.
Confirmed, 405.

CLAPP, E. H., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

CLARK, A. M., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 31.

CLARK, JAMES C., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

CLARK, WALTER D., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

CLARK, WILLIAM P., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

CLAYCOMB, D. LLOYD, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

CLAYTON, CHARLES B., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

CLAYTON, CLARENCE G., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

CLEGG, MISS JANE E., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

CLEMENT, GEORGE P., nominated, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

CLOUD, CHARLES F., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

CLOUDS, WILLIAM D., nominated, 77
Confirmed, 77.

CLOUGH, FRED C., nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

CLUNE, JOHN E., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

CLYDE, JOHN J., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

COCHRAN, A. B., nominated, 269.
Reported, 290.
Confirmed, 298.

COCHRAN, CHARLES C., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

COHEN, HARRY S., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

COHEN, LOUIS B., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

COLE, E. W., nominated, 152.
Reported, 153.
Confirmed, 153.

COLEMAN, GEORGE N. nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

COLESBERRY, A. REYNOLDS, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

COLLINS, MISS KATHERINE M., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

COLLINS, RAYMOND A., nominated, 120.
Reported, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

COLLINS, ROSS C., nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

COLVIN, JAMES P., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

COMEGYS, C., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

COMPTON, J. PARRY, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

CONLEY, FRANK G., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

CONNELLY, DANIEL J., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

CONNELLY, JNO. J., nominated, 343.
Reported, 386.
Confirmed, 388.

CONNOR, THOMAS G., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

CONNOR, WILLIAM A., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

CONRAD, EMERSON, nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

CONRAD, JOHN W., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

CONTE, EMILIO, nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

CONTI, MICHAEL, nominated, 554.
Reported, 560.
Confirmed, 562.

CONTOSTA, JOSEPH, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

CONWELL, WILLIAM S., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

COOK, MISS ETHEL L., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

COOK, FRANK J., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

COOK, JESSE S., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

COOK, ROBERT, nominated, 240.
Reported, 244.
Confirmed, 244.

COOKE, FREDERICK A., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

COOL, JAMES, nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

COOMBE, JOHN M., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 491.

COOPER, WILLIAM W., nominated, 458.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

COPE, A. L., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

CORBETT, WILLIAM H., nominated, 120.
Reported, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

CORNELL, WARREN M., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

CORNELL, WILLIS L., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

CORRIN, JOHN B., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

CORSON, ROBERT T., nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

CORT, JOHN S., nominated, 269.
Reported, 290.
Confirmed, 298.

CORTRIGHT, M. W., nominated, 120.
Reported, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

COTTER, JOSEPH F., nominated, 1892.
Reported, 1894.
Confirmed, 1895.

COTTRELL, MISS NELLIE, nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

COUGHANOUR, SAMUEL R., nominated, 1002.
Reported, 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

COUGHLIN, F. H., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

COULTER, WM. J., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

COULSTON, WILLIAM A., nominated, 404.
Reported, 405.
Confirmed, 405.

COUNAHAN, DANIEL LAMBERT, nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

COUNCILMAN, JAMES B., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

COURTER, H. B., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

COURTNEY, JAMES F., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

COX, JEREMIAH B., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

COYLE, J. R., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

COYLE, LEO J., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

CRAIG, MISS MARGARET, nominated, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

CRAIG, WILLIAM A., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

CRAIGHEAD, F. G., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

CRAMER, CHARLES T., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

CRANDALL, A. S., nominated, 1174.
Reported, 1205.
Confirmed, 1207.

CRAVEN, JOHN H., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

CRAWFORD, JAMES S., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

CREE, E. D., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

CRESSMAN, MISS MINNIE M., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

CRIBBEN, IRA, nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

CRITCHLOW, MISS MAUD A., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

CROSBY, W. D., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

CROSSMAN, MISS NANNIE E., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

CROUT, JOHN J., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

CROWLEY, JERE J., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

CROWTHER, W. B., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

CUBICCIOTTI, ALFONSO, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

CUDA, GUISEPPE, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

CULIN, JOHN F., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

CULLIN, MISS CATHARINE D., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

CULLMERRY, G. L., nominated, 168.
Reported, 169.
Confirmed, 169.

CUMMING, J. GRANT, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

CUMMINGS, JOSEPH F., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

CUMPPER, ALFRED J., nominated, 343.
Reported, 386.
Confirmed, 388.

CUNEO, FREDERICK J., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

CUNNINGHAM, T. S., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

CURCIO, N. H., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

CURRY, W. H., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

CURTIS, FRANK A., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

CURTIS, LEROY C., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

CURTZE, HERMAN J., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

CUTHILL, ALEXANDER, nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

CZUPKE, JULIAN, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

DALBY, ROBERT H., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

DALEY, MISS HELEN G., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

DALLAGE, JOSEPH, nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

DALZELL, ROBERT V., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

DANA, CHARLES W., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

DANA, RICHARD F., nominated 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

DANAHY, MISS MARGE M., nominated, 1227.
Reported, 1228.
Confirmed, 1228.

DANDO, ISAAC M., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

D'ANDREA, FABRIZIO C., nominated, 1227.
Reported, 1228.
Confirmed, 1228.

DANIELS, BENJAMIN, nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

DANNER, GEORGE V., nominated, 120.
Reported, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

DARBY, GRANT, nominated, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

DARLINGTON, MISS MARY B., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

DARR, A. T., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

DAUENHAUER, LOUIS, nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 60.

DAUGHERTY, MISS VERNA D., nominated, 1420.
Reported, 1434.
Confirmed, 1443.

DAUME, L. F., nominated, 2536.
Reported, 2602.
Confirmed, 2615.

DAVIDSON, GEORGE B., nominated, 1174.
Reported, 1205.
Confirmed, 1207.

DAVIDSON, JOSEPH E., nominated, 1069.
Reported, 1074.
Confirmed, 1075.

DAVIES, MISS RUTH W., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

DAVIS, D. E., nominated 906.
Reported, 941.
Confirmed, 956.

DAVIS, EDWARD G., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

DAVIS, JAMES E., nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

DAVIS, JAMES P., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

DAVIS, JOHN K., nominated, 1227.
Reported, 1228.
Confirmed, 1228.

DAVIS, JONATHAN R., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

DAVIS, MISS MARY H., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

DAVIS, NELSON T., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

DAVIS, MRS. ROSE H., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

DAVIS, WILLIAM H., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

DAWSON, WILLIAM R., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

DEAKYNE, MISS MARY N., nominated, 1263.
Reported, 1265.
Confirmed, 1265.

DEAN, MISS MARY E., nominated, 1263.
Reported, 1265.
Confirmed, 1265.

DEARDORFF, EDGAR L., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

DeBACKER, PIERRE, nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

DeBEUST, ALLYN H., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

DeBOLT, JERRY E., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

DECKARD, CHARLES E., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

DECORSE, CHARLES P., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

DEEMER, WM. RUSSELL, nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

De FIGANIERE, GIBSON, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed. 298.

DeFREHM, WESLEY, nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

DeFURIA, FRANK E., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

DeHART, J. FRED., nominated, 906.
Reported, 941.
Confirmed, 956.

DEHAVEN, ALEXANDER M., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

DEHAVEN, GEORGE W., nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

DEHORSEY, REED B., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

DeLANEY, THEODORE M., nominated, 59.

DeLESS, ANTHONY E., Jr., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

DELLINGER, GEORGE S., nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

DeLONG, JAMES L., nominated, 152.
Reported, 153.
Confirmed, 153.

DelVECCHIO, PASQUALE, nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

DEMATTEIS, MRS. MARY D., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

DEMOND, MISS M. M., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

DENY, ALBERT, nominated, 269.
Reported, 290.
Confirmed, 298.

DENNY, JOHN R., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

DENNY, JOSEPH G., Jr., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

DEPPEN, GEORGE E., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

DePREFONTAINE, ALBERT, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

DePUI VAIL, LOUIS, nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

DETRICK, E. M., nominated, 906.
Reported, 940.
Confirmed, 956.

DETTRA, JOHN M., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

DETURCK, CHESTER L., nominated, 1800.
Reported, 1853.
Confirmed, 1895.

DETWEILER, MISS M. BESSIE, nominated, 610.
Reported, 671.
Confirmed, 671.

DEVINE, MISS A. C., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

DEWAR, FRANK O., nominated, 610.
Reported, 670.
Confirmed, 671.

DIBERNARDINO, HENRY, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

DICK, A. M., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

DICK, PAUL B., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

DICKEN, WILLIAM C., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

DICKERSON, MRS. ADDIE W., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

DICKIE, A. L., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

DICKSON, CONWAY W., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

DICKSON, WILLIAM J., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

DIEHL, ALFRED, nominated, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

DIEHL, MISS ANNA M., nominated, 57.
Confirmed, 61.

DIEHL, EUGENE, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

DIEHM, G. GRAYBILL, nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

DIEMER, JOHN R., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

DIERKEN, L. H., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

DIFFENBAUGH, MILTON H., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

DILLINGER, DALLAS, nominated, 1452.
Reported, 1455.
Confirmed, 1455.

DILLINGER, W. S., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

DINES, DAVID, nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

DISE, URIAH S., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

DISILVESTRO, JOHN, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Cofirmed, 298.

DITTER, J. WILLIAM, nominated 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

DIXON, CLARK K., nominated, 1069.
Reported, 1074.
Confirmed, 1075.

DIXON, GERALD C., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

DODGE, CHARLES H., nominated, 1263.
Reported, 1265.
Confirmed, 1265.

DODSON, MISS DELLA G., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

DOLBY, LEMAN W., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

DOLLHOFF, CONRAD, nominated, 269.
Reported, 290.
Confirmed, 298.

DONAGHY, HARRY W., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

DONAHOE, THOMAS A., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

DONAHUE, F. ROGERS, nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

DONNELLY, JAMES J., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

DONNELLY, JOHN J., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

DONNELLY, MICHAEL F., nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

DONOHOE, PHILIP, nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

DONOHUE, G. FRED, nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

DORLAND, MISS BLANCHE H., nominated, 343
Reported, 386.
Confirmed, 388.

DORMON, HORACE PAUL, nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

DORNAN, WILLIAM A., nominated, 34
Confirmed, 36.

DOTTS, H. S., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

DOUGHERTY, CHARLES H., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

DOUGLASS, H. W., nominated, 610.
Reported, 670.
Confirmed, 671.

DOWLING, MISS ANNA, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

DOWLING, JAMES E., nominated, 226.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

DOYLE, FRANCIS J., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

DOYLE, JAMES J., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

DOYNE, VICTOR, nominated, 168.
Reported, 169.
Confirmed, 169.

DRAKE, FREDERICK S., nominated, 36.
Confirmed, 36.

DRAKE, HOMER C., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

DRAYER, MISS GRACE M., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

DREIBILLIS, WALTER F., nominated, 269.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

DRUCKENMILLER, W. K., nominated, 2288.
Reported, 2602.
Confirmed, 2615.

DRUM, P. L., nominated, 1892.
Reported, 1894.
Confirmed, 1895.

DRUMMOND, L. A., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

DUBS, DANIEL S., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

DUDLEY, CLARENCE M., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

DUDLEY, WILLIAM E., nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

DUERR, THEODORE, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

DUFF, MISS ALICE E., nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

DUFF, MISS ELLA, nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

DREW, JAMES B., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

DREW, P. H., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

DRIESON, MISS HATTIE L., nominated, 343.
Reported, 386.
Confirmed, 388.

DRISCOLL, D. J., nominated, 90.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

DRODGER, JOHN M., nominated, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

DROSDICK, MICHAEL, nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

DROWN, S. H., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

DUFF, J. BOYD, nominated, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

DUFF, T. CHALMERS, nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

DUFF, WILLIAM M., nominated, 90.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

DUFFY, MISS NELLIE V., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

DUFFY, PETER E., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

DUGAN, GARFIELD A., nominated, 1725.
Reported, 1730.
Confirmed, 1746.

DUGAN, G. WASHINGTON, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

DUNBAR, WILLIAM PAUL, nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

DUNLAP, MISS CARLENE W., nominated, 36.
Confirmed, 36.

DUNLAP, H. L., nominated, 269.
Reported, 290.
Confirmed, 298.

DUNN, MISS LILLIAN, nominated, 610.
Reported, 670.
Confirmed, 671.

DUNN, MRS. NETTIE F., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

DUSINBERRE, HENRY W., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

DYE, S. V., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

DZIEWULSKI, FELIX, nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

EABY, CHAS. W., nominated, 404.
Reported, 405.
Confirmed, 405.

EAGAN, THOMAS J., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

EARNEST, WILLIAM H., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

EASTON, MISS CHARLOTTE A., nominated, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

EASTON, HARRY, nominated, 904.
Reported, 940.
Confirmed, 956.

EBBECKE, GEORGE A., nominated, 1421.
Reported, 1434.
Confirmed, 1443.

EBEN, PAUL A., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

EBERHARDT, FREDERICK C., nominated, 240.
Reported, 244.
Confirmed, 244.

EBY, MONROE S., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

ECHELMEYER, FREDERICK H., Jr., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

ECKELS, CHARLES H., nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

ECKERT, E. J., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

ECKERT, ISAAC G., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

ECKERT, MISS MARY B., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

EDGETT, MISS RENA S., nominated, 36.
Confirmed, 36.

EDWARDS, LENO WM., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

EDDY, L. C., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

EGBERT, ARCHIE N., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

EGE, WILLIAM H., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

EGGLESTON, CHARLES F., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

EGOLF, HARRY, nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

EHINGER, JOHN T., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

EHREHART, CHARLES FISHER, nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

EHRLICH, H. J., nominated, 152.
Reported, 153.
Confirmed, 153.

EHST, IRWIN T., nominated, 168.
Reported, 169.
Confirmed, 169.

EICHBAUM, G. R., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

EINERMAN, CHARLES H., nominated, 1069.
Reported, 1074.
Confirmed, 1075.

EINERT, ARTHUR, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

ELDER, JOHN A., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

ELDER, ROBERT Y., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

ELDRED, A. G., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

ELICKER, WILLIAM M., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

ELLENBERGER, HENRY, Jr., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

ELLIOTT, D. R., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

ELLIOTT, EDGAR J., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

ELLIOTT, JOHN H., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

ELLIS A. C., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

ELLIS, JAMES A., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

ELLIS, RICHARD C., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

ELWOOD, MISS ELIZABETH, nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

EMBERY, JOSEPH R., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

EMERSON, MISS MARGARET H., nominated, 1452.
Reported, 1455.
Confirmed, 1455.

EMERY, EDWARD EVERETT, nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

EMERY, W. FLETCHER, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

EMHARDT, EDWIN C., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

ENBURG, JOHN M. C., nominated, 610.
Reported, 670.
Confirmed, 671.

ENDERS, ROBERT A., nominated, 1227.
Reported, 1228.
Confirmed, 1228.

ENGLAND, I. W., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

ENGLAND, MISS MARTHA L., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

ENGLANDER, JOSEPH B., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

ENGLE, CHRISTIAN C., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

ENGLERT, JOSEPH F., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

ENGLISH, CHARLES H., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

ENTREKIN, MISS MABEL E., nominated, 343.
Reported, 386.
Confirmed, 388.

ENTWISLE, JOSEPH, nominated, 1227.
Reported, 1228.
Confirmed, 1228.

ERDELYN, ALBERT, nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

ESHLEMAN, J. GUY, nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

ESLING, HENRY C., nominated, 152.
Reported, 153.
Confirmed, 153.

EVANS, A. W., nominated, 1420.
Reported, 1434.
Confirmed, 1443.

EVANS, CHARLES M., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

EVANS, JOSEPH T., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

EVANS, RALPH B., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

EVANS, WM. IRVING, nominated, 1420.
Reported, 1434.
Confirmed, 1443.

EVANS, W. W., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

EWING, ROBERT M., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

FABIAN ROBERT E., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

FAGULA, F. A., nominated, 1227.
Reported, 1228.
Confirmed, 1228.

FAHNESTOCK, MRS. MAME J., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

FAIRMAN, FRANCIS E., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

FALCIDIA, GIOVANNA, nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

FALCOME, MICHAEL E., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

FARNHAM, JOHN D., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

FARRELL, LAWRENCE, nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

FAUST, JAMES D., nominated, 554.
Reported, 560.
Confirmed, 562.

FAUST, WILLIAM B., nominated, 1263.
Reported, 1265.

FAY, JOSEPH J., nominated, 168.
Reported, 169.
Confirmed, 169.

FEDERICI, MRS. ERNEST M., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

FEIGHT, J. HOWARD, nominated, 1420.
Reported, 1434.
Confirmed, 1443.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

FEINSTEIN, LOUIS, nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

FELIX, HEBER D., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

FELL, W. B., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

FELLMAN, HARVEY D., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

FELLOWS MISS LUCY, nominated, 1002.
Reported, 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

FELT, JAY P., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

FENDERICH, HENRY N., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

FENDERICH, W. H., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

FENNER, A. M., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

FERGUSON, MISS ELEANOR F., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

FERRANTE, LUIGI, nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

FERREE, MISS LAURA E., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

FESSLER, CHAS. A., nominated, 906.
Reported, 941.
Confirmed, 956.

FETTER, HORACE P., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

FETTER, I. C., nominated, 1420.
Reported, 1434.
Confirmed, 1443.

FICHTER, MISS MARGARET, nominated, 1420.
Reported, 1434.
Confirmed, 1443.

FIELD, C. E., nominated, 1174.
Reported, 1205.
Confirmed, 1207.

FIELD, M. C., nominated, 239.
Reported, 244.
Confirmed, 244.

FIFE, W. P., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

FILE, MISS ANNA V., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

FINBERG, BENJAMIN, nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

FINEGAN, MISS NELLIE M., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

FINICK, GEORGE M., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

FINK, JOHN, nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

FINK, F. WILLIAM, nominated, 36.
Confirmed, 36.

FINK, WILLIAM J., nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

FINKBINER, U. S. G., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

FINLEY, THOMAS E., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

FINNEGAN, CORNELIUS J., Jr., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

FINNEY, W. ED., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

FISHER, ELLWOOD D., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

FISHER, MISS GRACE C., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

FISHER, H. E., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

FISHER, HENRY S., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

FISHER, SAMUEL J., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

FISHER, WILLIAM G., Jr., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

FISTER, JAMES H., nominated, 33.
Reported 288.
Confirmed, 298.

FITZGIBBON, JOHN A., nominated, 1420.
Reported, 1434.
Confirmed, 1443.

FITZPATRICK, JOHN, nominated, 404.
Reported, 405.
Confirmed, 405.

FLAHERTY, JOSEPH, nominated, 239.
Reported, 244.
Confirmed, 244.

FLAMM, CHARLES D., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

FLEISCHMANN, REESE M., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

FLEISHHACKER, G. V., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

FLEITZER, ALBERT, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

FLEMING, FERDINAND D., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

FLEMING, SAMUEL F., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

FLENNER, W. H., nominated, 90.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

FLETCHER, EDWARD F., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

FLETCHER, GEORGE M., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

FLETCHER, JOHN P., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

FLICKINGER, L. P., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

FLOMENHOFT, HERMAN C., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

FLOOD, EDWARD H., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

FLOOD, WILLIAM F., nominated, 1101.
Reported, 1103.
Confirmed, 1113.

FLORO, BRUNO, nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

FLYNN, MISS ANNA R., nominated, 1002.
Reported, 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

FOIGHT, SAMUEL B., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

FOLEY, HENRY R., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

FOLEY, WILLIAM O., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

FORD, WALTER G., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

FORDYCE, EDWARD C., nominated, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

FORNER, HENRY C., nominated, 152.
Reported, 153.
Confirmed, 153.

FORT, J. N., Jr., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

FORTLAGE, MISS A. E., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

FORTUNATO, JOHN B., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

FOSTER HARRY, nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

FOX, CLARENCE E., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

FOX, G. PERCY, nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

FOX, J. E., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

FOX, MISS KATHARINE H., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

FOX, THOMAS R., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

FOW, F. CARROLL, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

FRAMBES, MISS ALICE C., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

FRAME, MISS BELLE B., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

FRANCKE, R. R., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

FRANK, A. HENRY, nominated, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

FRANK, GEORGE K., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

FRANK, HARRY T., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

FRANK, RAPHAEL, nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

FRANKLIN, MISS EMILY L., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

FRAZIER, L. J., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

FREAS, MISS HELEN J., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

FREDERICK, ELLIOTT, nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

FREDERICK, JOHN C., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

FREED, MISS MARY B., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

FREEDMAN, JULIUS, nominated, 239.
Reported, 244.
Confirmed, 244.

FREEHLING, C. W., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

FREEMAN, HARRY L., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

FREEMAN, JOSEPH, nominated, 906.
Reported, 941.
Confirmed, 956.

FREESTON WM. E., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

FREW, W. M., nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

FREY, VICTOR, nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

FRICK, MISS EDITH C., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

FRIDY, SAMUEL, H., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

FRIEDMAN, HENRY, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

FRIEDMAN, JACOB, nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

FRIEDMAN, SAMUEL J., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

FRITZ, MISS SUE B., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

FROMM, WILLIAM, nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

FROMMEYER, MISS SARAH T., nominated, 807.
Reported, 833.
Confirmed, 842.

FRY, C. OWEN, nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

FRY, WILLIAM F., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

FRYE, CHARLES A., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

FUGH, GEORGE H., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

FULLER, C. O., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

FURCICH, SPIRIDION, nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

FURIA, VINCENT, nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

FURST, JAMES C., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

FURST, W. S., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

FUSARINI, HENRY, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

FUSCO, GIACOMO, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

GABELL, COLUMBUS W. I., Jr., nominated, 807.
Reported, 833.
Confirmed, 842.

GABLE, VIVIAN FRANK, nominated 34.
Confirmed, 36.

GAITHER, FRANCIS E., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

GALLAGHER, ANDREW F., nominated, 1002.
Reported, 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

GALLAGHER, MISS MARIE B., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

GALLAGHER, J. A., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

GALLAGHER, J. E., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

GALLAGHER, JOSEPH H., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

GALLENA, MISS MARGARET, nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

GALLON, WM. J. A., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

GARDINER, SAMUEL E., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

GARDNER, GERRETT F., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

GARDNER, T. D., nominated, 610.
Reported, 670.
Confirmed, 671.

GARLETTS, CHRISTOPHER C., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

GARNER, ALFRED B., nominated, 458.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

GARRAHAN, THOMAS F., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

GARRETT, ALBERT N., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

GARRETT, MISS AMY A., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

GASSNER, MISS ELIZABETH B., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

GAST, WILLIAM, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

GAUGER, J. F., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

GAUGHAN, MISS ANNA, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

GAUNT, WILLIAM E., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

GEBHARDTSBAUER, WILLIAM., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

GEDDES, H. F., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

GEGGIS, JOSEPH J., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

GEIST, DANIEL M., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

GENEE, MISS JANE V., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

GEORGE, H. JOSEPH, nominated, 1420.
Reported, 1434.
Confirmed, 1443.

GEORGE, MISS KATHERINE K., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

GEORGE, WILSON K., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

GENTRY, FRANK S., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

GEPHART, HENRY C., nominated, 610.
Reported, 670.
Confirmed, 298.

GERAGHTY, MICHAEL J., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

GERBASI, CHARLES, nominated, 1002.
Reported, 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

GERHARD, CHARLES F., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

GERMAN, HARRY V., nominated, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

GETTIG, S. D., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

GETTMAN, JOHN P., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

GETZ, MEYER, nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

GHRIEST, GEORGE T., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

GIARDINELLI, SILVIO, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

GIBSON, JAMES A., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

GIBSON, MUSCOE M., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

GIBSON, W. B., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

GILBERT, EDWARD T., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

GILBERT, HARRY S., nominated, 120.
Reported, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

GILFILLAN, J. CLYDE, nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

GILLESPIE, CHAS. D., nominated, 269.
Reported, 290.
Confirmed, 298.

GILLIS, CLAUDE B., nominated, 152.
Reported, 153.
Confirmed, 153.

GILMORE, HUGH, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

GILMORE, J. C., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

GIMESKY, JOSEPH G., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

GLADING, J. GREVIRSON, nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

GLASER, HENRY, nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

GLENN, ROBERT E., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

GLENN, WILLIAM G., nominated, 1800.
Reported, 1853.
Confirmed, 1895.

GLICK, AUSTIN A., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

GLICK, PETER, nominated 1421.
Reported, 1434.
Confirmed, 1443.

GLICK, R. J., nominated, 1800.
Reported, 1853.
Confirmed, 1895.

GLICK, SAMUEL, nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

GOCZEL, MRS. CORNELIA E., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

GOECKEL, WILLIAM J., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

GOEDECKE, ARTHUR P., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

GOLDBECK, GEORGE E., nominated, 1421.
Reported, 1434.
Confirmed, 1443.

GOLDEN, FRED, nominated, 1002.
Reported, 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

GOLDSTEIN, SAMUEL, nominated, 3456.
Reported, 3464.
Confirmed, 3464.

GOODMAN, HOWARD S., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

GOODWIN, FRANK, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

GORMAN, JAMES P., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

GORRECHT, ROBERT R., nominated, 458.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

GORTON, CHARLES N., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

GOSLIN, CLARENCE A., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

GOSZTONYI, MRS. ROZI, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

GOTTSCHALL, M. H., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

GOULD, WM. H. G., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

GOURLEY, HARVEY, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

GOVIER, MISS FLORENCE M., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

GOWERN, W. J., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

GOWRAN, MISS ALICE V., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

GRABLE, O. A., nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

GRAEVER, CLARENCE M., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

GRAFF, GEORGE E., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

GRAHAM, C. MERVYN, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

GRAHAM, H., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

GRAHAM, JAMES J., nominated, 1174.
Reported, 1205.
Confirmed, 1207.

GRAHAM, WILLIAM P., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

GRANGER, ARTHUR W., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

GRAY, MISS ANNE RULON, nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

GRAY, G. E. F., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

GRAY, JOSEPH S., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

GRAYBILL, John B., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

GREEN, CHAS. M., nominated, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

GREEN, DANIEL J., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

GREEN, ELISHA, nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

GREEN, MISS ETHEL M., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

GREEN, MISS ETTA B., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

GREEN, HARRY, nominated, 610.
Reported, 670.
Confirmed, 671.

GREEN, JAMES B., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

GREEN, J. IRWIN, nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

GREENBURG, A. FURHMAN, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

GREGG. DR, IRA M., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

GREGG, WILLIAM A., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

GREGORY, HARRY K., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

GREGORY, JAMES, nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

GREINER, G. F., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

GRESS, JOHN A., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

GRETZINGER, WM. A., nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

GRIER, JAY R., nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

GRIFFEN, WILLIAM B., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

GRIFFITH, CHAS. V., nominated 757,
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

GRIFFITH, EDGAR I., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

GRIGGS, MISS ESSIE M., nominated, 120.
Reported, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

GRIM, HARRY E., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

GRIMES, E. L., nominated, 343.
Reported, 386.
Confirmed, 388.

GRIMMELL, HOWARD W., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

GRINDELL, EDWARD, nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

GRINNEN, W. H., nominated, 1548.
Reported, 1631.
Confirmed, 1635.

GRISSINGER, JOHN S., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

GROFF, JOHN C., nominated, 610.
Reported, 670.
Confirmed, 671.

GROSS, ABRAHAM, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

GROSS, CHARLES, nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

GROTE, FRED. C., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

GRUNINGER, HERMAN T., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

GSELL, JOSEPH, nominated, 1002.
Reported, 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

GUERIN, JOHN J., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

GULLMAN, HENRY T., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

GUTHMAN, ISAAC, nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

GUY, H. ALFRED, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

HACKETT, PETER, nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

HAFER, JOHN R., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

HAGAN, CHARLES F., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

HAGEN, JAMES F., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

HAGEN, JAMES J., nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

HAGENBUCH, JAMES H., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

HAGGERTY, GEORGE I., nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

HAGUE, WILLIAM E., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

HAHN, CHARLES C., nominated, 1069.
Reported, 1074.
Confirmed, 1075.

HAHN, JOHN K., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

HAIMBACH, FRANK, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

HAIMBACH, FRANK, Jr., nominatd, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed. 298.

HAIN, D. W., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

HALE, ARTHUR, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

HALL, DAVID H., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

HALL, MISS EMMA M., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

HALL, FRANK E., nominated, 1421.
Reported, 1434.
Confirmed, 1443.

HALL, JESSE H., nominated, 30.
Reported 285.
Confirmed, 298.

HALL, J. M., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

HALL, JOHN, Jr., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

HALL, JOHN H., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

HALL, RALPH O., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

HALL, MISS SARA T., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

HALL, S. WARREN, nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

HALL, WM. WHYTE, nominated, 226.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

HALLOWELL, MRS. SALLIE A., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

HALPORN, JOSEPH, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

HAMEL, GEORGE, Jr., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

HAMER, MISS MARY E., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

HAMILTON, FRANCIS B., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

HAMILTON, HENRY T., nominated, 343.
Reported, 386.
Confirmed, 388.

HAMILTON, JAMES W., nominated, 2202.
Reported, 2205.
Confirmed, 2214.

HAMILTON, M. M., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

HAMMOND, JAMES B., nominated, 239.
Reported, 244.
Confirmed, 244.

HAMMOND, MISS JENNIE, nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

HAMPSON, G. A., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

HAMPSON, T. L., nominated, 1263.
Reported. 1265.
Confirmed, 1265.

HANBY, ALBERT T., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

HAND, BAYARD, nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

HANHAUSER, GEORGE J., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

HANLON, JAMES T., nominated, 3456.
Reported, 3464.
Confirmed, 3464.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

HANNAY, JOHN M., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

HANSON, HOWARD W., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

HARDIMAN, ALBERT W., nominated, 2288.
Reported, 2602.
Confirmed, 2615.

HARDING, JOHN S., nominated, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

HARE, B. S., nominated, 3456.
Reported, 3464.
Confirmed, 3464.

HARE, JAY V., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

HARMES, HERMAN, nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

HAROLD, MISS A. S., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

HARPER, E. F. G., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

HARPER, JOHN K., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

HARPER, MISS MAUD, nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

HARPER, W. H., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

HARRAR, J. ALLISON, nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

HARRIS, BURTON L., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

HARRIS, MISS EDITH, nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

HARRIS, JAMES GARFIELD, nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

HARRISON, FRANK H., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

HARSHAW, C. G., nominated, 120.
Reported, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

HART, ALEX. N., nominated, 120.
Reported, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

HART, JAMES S., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

HARTMAN, GEORGE J., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

HARTMAN, JACOB, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

HARTZOG, I. T., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

HARVEY, A. D., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

HARVEY, GEORGE B., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

HARVEY, HERMAN, nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

HARWOOD, HAROLD, nominated, 610.
Reported, 670.
Confirmed, 671.

HASENAUER, MISS ELSIE, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

HASLETT, WM. J., nominated, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

HASTINGS, F. W., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

HASTINGS, THOMAS K., nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

HATTEN, THOMAS J., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

HATZ, JAMES H., nominated, 120.
Reported, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

HAUBER, ALOIS J., nominated, 168.
Reported, 169.
Confirmed, 169.

HAUK, CHARLES A., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

HAUSER, CLARENCE L., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

HAUSER, MISS HELEN M., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

HAVEN, RALPH H., nominated, 269.
Reported, 290.
Confirmed, 298.

HAWLEY, CHARLES L., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

HAWS, MISS BELLA, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

HAWTHORNE, RICHARD, nominated, 226.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

HAYS, FREDERICK W., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

HAYS, J. A., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

HEAGUE, JOHN W., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

HEALY, MRS. MARCIA, nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

HEATH, W. S., nominated, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

HEATHCOTE, JOHN, nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

HEBERLING, ROBERT E., nominated, 1069.
Reported, 1074.
Confirmed, 1075.

HECKERMAN, ADAM B., nominated, 120.
Reported, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

HECKMAN, CHARLES A., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

HEDDEN, MISS MARY M., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

HEFFLEY, ALBERT, nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

HEIDIG, GEORGE E., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

HEILIG, MISS BERTHA E., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

HEINE, H. EUGENE, nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

HEITSHU, EDWARD R., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

HELFENSTEIN, J. P., nominated, 1174.
Reported, 1205.
Confirmed, 1207.

HELMER, D. S., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

HELMETAG, CARL, nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

HELSEL, MISS JESSIE N., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

HEMPSTEAD, MRS. ANTOINETTE B., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

HENDERSON, ROGER S., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

HENDRICKS, CHARLES G., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

HENDRICKS, J. F., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

HENGSTELLER, JOHN L., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

HENRY, BOYD S., nominated, 807.
Reported, 833.
Confirmed, 842.

HENRY, CHARLES S., nominated, 226.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

HENRY, ELMER K., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

HENRY, PETER P., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

HENSEL, LEANDER T., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

HEPBURN, BARRY H., nominated, 168.
Reported, 169.
Confirmed, 169.

HEPNER, J. M., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

HERMAN, BENJAMIN N., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

HERR, L. E., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

HERMANN, PHILIP, nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

HERRON, WILLIAM McC., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

HERSHEY, ANDREW J., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

HERSHEY, CLINTON M., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

HERSHEY, EDWIN M., nominated, 226.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

HERSHEY, J. W. G., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

HERSKOVITZ, ADOLPH, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

HERWICK, GEORGE B., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

HERZBERG, MRS. KATHARINE G., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

HESELBARTH, E. F., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

HESS, E. A., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

HESS, JEREMIAH S., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

HESS, J. JOSEPH, nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

HEYER, CHARLES H., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

HEYL, JOSEPH A., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

HIBBS, EWING A., nominated, 3151.
Reported, 3174.
Confirmed, 3174.

HICKS, DeWALDT J., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

HICKS, HARRY C., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

HICKS, W. L., nominated, 1174.
Reported, 1205.
Confirmed, 1207.

HILDEBRAND, R. LAWRENCE, nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

HILL, ARTHUR V., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

HILL, CHARLES, nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

HILL, CLARENCE E., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

HILL, CLYDE C., nominated, 1547.
Reported, 1632.
Confirmed, 1635.

HILL, C. WILLARD, nominated, 120.
Reported, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

HILL, ERMIN F., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

HILL, GEORGE H., nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

HILL, SPENCER W., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

HILLMAN, ARTHUR, nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

HINDS, CALVIN J., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

HINES, JOSEPH, nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

HINKEL, WILLIAM, nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

HINKSON, MISS NANCY P., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

HINTZ, HENRY B., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

HIPPS, GEORGE E., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

HIRT, WILLIAM E., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

HITNER, W. PERRY E., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

HITTLE, J. M., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

HOAG, J. RENWICK, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

HOASTER, EUGENE, nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

HOBBY, IRVIN TORRENCE, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

HOBSON, EDGAR A., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

HOBSON, J. J., nominated, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

HOFFMAN, C. J., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

HOFFMAN, DAVID W., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

HOFFMAN, L. P., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

HOGUE, NICHOLAS, nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

HOLL, ALBERT E., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

HOLLER, JOHN H., Jr., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

HOLLER, THOMAS B., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

HOLLIS, MISS FLORENCE ANNA, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

HOLLOPETER, D. F., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

HOLLOWAY, EDWARD G., nominated, 240.
Reported, 244,
Confirmed, 244.

HOLLOWBUSH, W. M., nominated, 269.
Reported, 290.
Confirmed, 298.

HOLMAN, WILLIAM WILLARD, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

HOLMES, MISS N. L., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

HOLSTEIN, LOUIS, nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

HOLT, J. JOSEPH, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

HOLTON, JOHN M., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

HOLTZMAN, THOMAS, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

HOLWEGER, CHARLES, nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

HONETWELL, C. W., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

HOOD, MISS MADELEINE H., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

HOOD, WM. H., nominated, 269.
Reported, 290.
Confirmed, 298.

HOOKEY, THOMAS J., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

HOOPES, EDWARD, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

HOOVER, MISS EMELINE HENRY, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

HOOVER, L. N., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

HOPKINS, SOLOMON, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

HORN, GEORGE S., nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

HORN, HARVEY H., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

HORNE, HARRY GEORGE, nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

HORNICK, LEWIS, nominated, 807.
Reported, 833.
Confirmed, 842.

HORTON, CHARLES H., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

HORTON, JAMES K., nominated, 610.
Reported, 671.
Confirmed, 671.

HOSKINS, THOMAS L., nominated, 1893.
Reported, 1894.
Confirmed, 1895.

HOSTER, A. W., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

HOSTER, MISS MARY B., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

HOSTERMAN, SUMNER V., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

HOUCK, WM. H., nominated, 239.
Reported, 244.
Confirmed, 244.

HOULAHEN, JAMES, nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

HOUSEL, JOSEPH R., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

HOUSTON, J. GARFIELD, nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

HOUSTON, SAMUEL J., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

HOVEY, F. W., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

HOWELL, CHARLES H., Jr., nominated, 2288.
Reported, 2602.
Confirmed, 2615.

HOWELLS, M. D., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

HOWES, FRANK, nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

HOYER, J. B., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

HUBBARD, CHARLES G., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

HUBBARD, MISS LAURA E., nominated, 807.
Reported, 833.
Confirmed, 842.

HUBLER, HARRY C., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

HUBLER, R. A., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

HUDNUT, MISS LILLIAN M., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

HUFF, G. W., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

HUFFMAN, R. J., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

HUGHES, BLANCHARD G., nominated, 226.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

HUGHES, JAS. T., nominated, 240.
Reported, 244.
Confirmed, 244.

HUGHES, JOSEPH H., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

HUGHES, JOSEPH M., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

HUGHES, WINFIELD S., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

HUMPHRIES, T. BERTRAM, nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

HUNSICKER, J. QUINCY, Jr., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

HUNT, HERBERT, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

HUNT, THOMAS J., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

HUNTER, HENRY C., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

HUNTER, J. WARREN, nominated, 90.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

HUREVITZ, MANUEL, nominated, 1002.
Reported, 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

HURST, CHARLES W., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

HURST, MISS M. EDNA, nominated, 152.
Reported, 153.
Confirmed, 153.

HUSTER, P. WM., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

HUTCHINSON, M. L., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

HUTHMACHER, LEWIS F., nominated, 1101.
Reported, 1103.
Confirmed, 1113.

HUTZEN, MISS ELIZABETH H., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

HUYETT, LUKE A., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

HYATT, JOHN T., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

IAMS, MRS. LUCY DORSEY, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

IMBAR, AARON, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

INGRAM, CHAS. U., nominated, 1227.
Reported 1228.
Confirmed, 1228.

IRVIN, MRS. LYDE V., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

IRWIN, CHARLES, JR., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

IRWIN, H. C., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

IRWIN, JOHN M., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

IRWIN, ROBERT E., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

IRWIN, MISS STELLA, nominated, 131.
Reported 132.
Confirmed, 132.

ITELL, THOMAS J., nominated, 1420.
Reported 1434.
Confirmed, 1443.

JACK, D. H., nominated, 457.
Reported, 489.
Confirmed, 491.

JACK, H. M., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

JACK, M. L., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

JACKSON, EDWIN W., nominated, 90.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

JACKSON, HUGH A., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

JACKSON, THADD. L., nominated, 1420.
Reported, 1433.
Confirmed, 1443.

JACOBY, L. S., nominated, 343.
Reported, 386.
Confirmed, 388.

JAKUBOWSKI, B., nominated, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

JAKUBOWSKI, JOHN T., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

JAMES, HENRY A., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

JAMES, WYNNE, nominated, 90.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

JAMISON, ROY M., nominated, 3151.
Reported, 3174.
Confirmed, 3174.

JANISZEWSKI, ANTONI, nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

JANSON, F. S., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

JAQUETTE, MISS ELEANOR L., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

JARDELLA, JEROME B., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

JARRETT, MISS ELIZABETH, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

JEFFRIES, EDMOND, nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

JEFFRIES, JOHN HOWARD, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

JEFFRIES, LEVI J., nominated, 239.
Reported, 244.
Confirmed, 244.

JEFFRIES, WILLIAM Jr., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

JENKINS, ALFRED, nominated, 90.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

JENKINS, G. HERBERT, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

JENKINS, JOHN, nominated, 57.
Confirmed, 61.

JENKINS, MISS MARY E., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

JENKS, MISS RAE B., nominated, 120.
Reported, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

JOHN, C. ELMER, nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

JOHN, ELIAS J., nominated, 90.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

JOHN, GEORGE W., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

JOHN, RALPH R., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

JOHN, RAYMOND V., nominated, 1069.
Reported, 1074.
Confirmed, 1075.

JOHNSON, MISS EFFIE G., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

JOHNSON, HARRY, nominated 1725.
Reported, 1730.
Confirmed, 1746.

JOHNSON, JOHN E., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

JOHNSON, MISS SARA M., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

JOHNSON, W. PERCIVAL, nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

JOHNSTON, CHAS. M., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

JOHNSTON, MISS HARRIET M., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

JOHNSTON, SAMUEL W., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

JOHNSTON, WM. A., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

JONES, A. A., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

JONES, MISS ALICE E., nominated, 36.
Confirmed, 36.

JONES, ARCHIBALD F., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

JONES, D. J., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

JONES, EDGAR A., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

JONES, GEORGE A., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

JONES, G. WILLIAM, Jr., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

JONES, HENRY W., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

JONES, MARK D., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

JONES, MORTIMER A., nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

JONES, ROBERT O., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

JONES, ROBERT P., Jr., nominated 458.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

JONES, SAM'L S., nominated, 1002.
Reported, 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

JONES, WILLIAM H., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

JONES, U. G., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

JOSSELYN, GEORGE F., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

KAIL, LOUIS A., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

KAIN, MISS LOUISE H., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

KAISER, J. G., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

KANE, MISS KATHERINE, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

KANE, SAMUEL C., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

KASTER, S. H., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

KAUFMAN, A. H., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

KAUFMANN, ALFRED D., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

KAUFMAN, HARRY C., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

KEARNEY, EDWARD C., nominated, 1420.
Reported, 1434.
Confirmed, 1443.

KECK, HARRY L., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

KECK, JACOB, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

KECK, MARTIN L., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

KEEBLE, MISS MARGARET C., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

KEEFE, J. B., nominated, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

KEELY, OLIVER S., nominated, 404.
Reported, 405.
Confirmed, 405.

KEENY, HARRY H., nominated, 1420.
Reported, 1434.
Confirmed, 1443.

KEHR, MISS MARY A., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

KEICHLINE, JOHN M., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

KEISLER, JACOB, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

KEITZER, MISS CLARA E., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

KELLER, HIRAM H., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

KELLEY, H. F., nominated, 1263.
Reported, 1265.
Confirmed, 1265.

KELLEY, CHARLES, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

KELLEY, WESLEY H., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

KELLS, GEORGE P., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

KELLY, CHRISTOPHER P., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

KELLY, FRANK BROOKS, nominated, 269.
Reported, 290.
Confirmed, 298.

KELLY, JOHN J., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

KELLY, JOSEPH H., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

KELLY, MISS ROSE MARIE, nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

KEMPER, GEORGE A., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

KENNEY, JOHN S., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

KENT, MISS MARGARET Y., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

KERR, ALLEN H., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

KIEHL, W. W., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

KIESEL, CHARLES A., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

KIESEL, JOSEPH, nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

KILLINGER, PAUL, nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

KILPATRICK, GEORGE B., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

KINCAID, GEORGE E., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

KINCAID, GERRY T., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

KING, MISS CATHERINE F., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

KING, PRESTON W., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

KING, WILLIAM L., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

KINNEY, MISS EDITH T., nominated, 32
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

KINSELLA, GERALD F., nominated, 90.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

KIRKPATRICK, H. FLOYD, nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

KISKADDON, C. G., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

KITT, MISS FLORENCE, nominated, 1548.
Reported, 1631.
Confirmed, 1635.

KITTLEMAN, ALBERT H., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

KLEEMAN, GUSTAVE B., nominated, 807.
Reported, 833.
Confirmed, 842.

KLEIN, EDWIN E., nominated, 1893.
Reported, 1894.
Confirmed, 1895.

KLEIN, H. W., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

KLEIN, IZIDOR, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

KLEIN, JOSEPH, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

KLEIN, P. S. NOAR, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

KLINE, CHARLES H., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

KLINE, JOHN P., nominated, 269.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

KLINE, JOSIAH W., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

KLINGERSMITH, J. ARTHUR, nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

KLINK, CLARENCE K., nominated, 269.
Reported, 290.
Confirmed, 298.

KNATZ, WILLIAM M., nominated, 554.
Reported, 560.
Confirmed, 562.

KNETZ, JACOB M., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

KNICKERBOCKER, JOSEPH H., nominated, 3151.
Reported, 3174.
Confirmed, 3174.

KNIGHT, HAROLD G., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

KNIGHT, H. C., nominated, 1002.
Reported, 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

KNIGHT, RUSSELL W., nominated, 1420.
Reported, 1433.
Confirmed, 1443.

KNIPE, IRVIN P., nominated, 1174.
Reported, 1205.
Confirmed, 1207.

KNOBLAUCH, TOBIAS, nominated, 120.
Reported, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

KNOPF, WINFIELD S., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

KNORR, ALEXANDER C., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

KNOWLES, FERDINANDO S., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

KNOX, JOHN C., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

KOCHER, JOHN E., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

KOFALT, MARKE, nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

KOHEN, FRANK P., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

KOHL, MISS FLORENCE E., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

KOHL, HARRY A., nominated, 168.
Reported, 169.
Confirmed, 169.

KOHLER, G. J. S., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

KOHLER, V. Z., nominated, 90.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

KOLB, CHARLES F., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

KOLB, REUBEN, nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

KOLBE, G. P., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

KOLSKY, ABRAHAM, nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

KOPP, GEORGE, nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

KORLATH, M. F., nominated, 239.
Reported, 244.
Confirmed, 244.

KORPANTY, ANTHONY, nominated, 2288.
Reported, 2602.
Confirmed, 2615.

KORPANTY, ANTHONY, nominated, 2536.
Reported, 2602.
Confirmed, 2615.

KOSER, HENRY H., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

KOUGHMAN, CHARLES J., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

KOVACS, SHANDOR, nominated, 404.
Reported, 405.
Confirmed, 405.

KRAMER, EDWIN A., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

KRAUS, MARTIN, nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

KRAUSS, SIDNEY L., nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

KREADY, B. FRANK, nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

KREADY, WILLIAM H., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

KRESS, H. F., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

KREUER, WILLIAM V., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

KRICHNER, JAMES H., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

KRIDER, G. HORACE, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

KRIES, W. H., nominated, 1069.
Reported, 1074.
Confirmed, 1075.

KRONEBENGER, MISS ELLEN R., nominated, 36.
Confirmed, 36.

KRULL, ALBERT G., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

KUCKER, G. WASHINGTON, nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

KUEHN, WILLIAM, nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

KUHN, A. J., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

KUMP, MISS LYDIA M., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

KUN, JOSEPH L., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

KUNKEL, FRANK, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

KUNKEL, PAUL A., nominated, 57.
Confirmed, 61.

KUNKLE, EDWIN T., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

KUNKLE, HARRY J,. nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

KUNKLE, JNO. E., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

KUNKLE, W. A., nominated, 906.
Reported, 941.
Confirmed, 956.

KUPPERMAN, MARK, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

KURTZ, CHARLES M., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

KURZ, CHARLES, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

KUSMIN, MISS ELIZABETH, nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

KYSER, NOBLE P., nominated, 1069.
Reported, 1074.
Confirmed, 1075.

LADLEY, W. L., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

LADNER, ALBERT H., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

LAEDLIN, JOHN F., nominated, 1548.
Reported, 1631.
Confirmed, 1635.

LAHR, FRANKLIN A., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

LALLY, J. EDWARD, nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

LAMB, C. S., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

LAMB, WILLIAM H., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

LAMBERT, MISS AMELIA E., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

LAMBERTON, ROBERT E., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

LAMON, HEBER M., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

LANDAU, DAVID, nominated, 57.
Confirmed, 61.

LANDIS, HARRY I.. nominated, 2288.
Reported, 2602.
Confirmed. 2615.

LANDIS, T J. nominated, 226
Reported. 229
Confirmed, 230.

LANE, ALEXANDER HENRY, nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

LANG, EDWARD G., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

LANGFITT, JOHN C., nominated, 226.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

LANING, A. C., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

LAPPIN, THOMAS J.; nominated, 2536.
Reported. 2602.
Confirmed, 2615.

LARER, WILLIAM F., nominated, 610.
Reported, 670.
Confirmed, 671.

LARNED, LEWIS M., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

LATSKUS, MISS ELLA J., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

LAUBACH, THOMAS F., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

LAUBENSTEIN, FRANK J., nominated, 36.
Confirmed, 36.

LAUDERBAUGH, CHARLES J., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

LAUDERBAUGH, LEWIS H., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

LAUFFER, JAMES C., nominated, 906.
Reported, 941.
Confirmed, 956.

LAUINGER, FRANK T., nominated, 269.
Reported, 290.
Confirmed, 298.

LAURIA, MICHELE, nominated, 1548.
Reported, 1632.
Confirmed, 1635.

LAUTERSTEIN, BEN, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

LAWLER, JOHN J., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

LAWRENCE, DAVID L., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

LAYTON, MISS M. ALMA nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

LEA, MRS. EMMA, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

LEA, ROBERT B., nominated, 57.
Confirmed, 61.

LEACH, HARVEY B., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

LEADER, FRANKLIN, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

LEAF, MRS. ANNIE H., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

LEAHEY, R. EDGAR, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

LEATHERMAN, J. KIRK, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

LEATHERMAN, MISS MARGARET F., nominated, 343.
Reported, 386.
Confirmed, 388.

LECHLER, WILLIAM A., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

LEDWARD, J. DeHAVEN, nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

LEES, WILLIAM CLEMENT, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

LEH, GEORGE H., nominated, 904.
Reported, 940.
Confirmed, 956.

LEHLE, MISS MAE A., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

LEIBERT, R. W., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

LEIBY, JACOB G., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

LEINBACH, WAYNE K., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

LEISS, L. WARREN, nominated, 168.
Reported, 169.
Confirmed, 169.

LELAR, WILLIAM D., nominated, 36.
Confirmed, 36.

LENGYEL, JOHN L., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

LENHART, GEORGE W., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

LENT, JOHN F., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

LESLIE, MISS M. FLORENCE, nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

LEVIN, ISAAC, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

LEVIN, LOUIS, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

LEVY, MISS ANNA M., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

LEVY, MRS. ANNIE S., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

LEVY, MISS CECELIA K., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

LEWIS, CLYDE T., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

LEWIS, FRANK W., nominated, 1002.
Reported, 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

LEWIS, F. S., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

LEWIS, J. S., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

LEWIS, JESSE K., 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

LEWIS, LYNNE K., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

LEWIS, R. R., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

LEWIS, THOMAS D., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

LEWSON, MISS CLARA S., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

LEYDA, A. R., nominated, 404.
Reported, 405.
Confirmed, 405.

LICHTENTHALER, GRIFFITH H., nominated, 90.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

LIDDELL, ALBERT G., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

LIEBENDORFER, HARRY F., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

LIEBERICH, WM. H., nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

LIEBERMAN, ALEXANDER, nominated, 701.
Reported, 709.
Confirmed, 710.

LIEBERICH, WILLIAM H., nominated, 1420.
Reported, 1434.
Confirmed, 1443.

LIFFMAN, JACOB, nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

LIKELEY, HORACE G., nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

LILLY, V. H., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

LINDEMAN, WILLIAM H., nominated. 152.
Reported, 153.
Confirmed, 153.

LINDENMUTH, BRIGHT C., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

LINDNER, WILLIAM, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

LINDSAY, ALEXANDER P., nominated, 269.
Reported, 290.
Confirmed, 298.

LINTON, ROBERT A., nominated, 240.
Reported, 244.
Confirmed, 244.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

LIPPERT, PHILIP, nominated, 57.
Confirmed, 61.

LITTLE, FRANK, nominated, 36.
Confirmed, 36.

LITTLE, ROBERT, nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

LITTLE, WILLIAM, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

LITZENBERG, URIAH S., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

LIVEZLY, JAMES H., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

LLOYD, R. H., nominated, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

LLOYD, S. H., nominated, 226.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

LOCKE, CHAS. A., nominated, 57.
Confirmed, 61.

LOCHART, C. E., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

LODER, VINTON S., nominated, 120.
Reported, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

LOFLAND, RAYMOND I., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

LOGAN, EDWIN, nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

LOGAN, MISS MARY E., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

LONETTI, FRANCESCO, nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

LONG, CHAS. E., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

LONG, CHARLES H., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

LONG, GEORGE S., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

LONG, MISS HANNAH M., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

LONG, ROBERT E., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

LONGACRE, JACOB S., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

LONGSHORE, MISS PLUMA F., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

LONGSTRETH, MAYNE R., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

LORD, JOSEPH P., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

LORENZ, R. DONALD, nominated, 1893.
Reported, 1894.
Confirmed, 1895.

LOSER, MISS C. BESSIE, nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

LOUCKS, THOMAS B., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

LOUGHREN, LEO J., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

LOVASIK, JOSEPH, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

LOVE, HIRAM C., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

LOWE, JOHN E., nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

LOWRY, THOMAS P., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

LOWRY, W. H., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

LUBBERS, MISS AGNES, nominated, 1002.
Reported, 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

LUSE, MRS. GEORGIA M., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

LUTZ, HARVEY B., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

LUTZ, IRWIN B., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

LYET, J. PAUL, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

LYNN, JAMES C., nominated, 343.
Reported 387.
Confirmed, 388.

LYONS, BEAUVEAU BORIE, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

LYONS, SAMUEL, nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

LYTLE, HOMER C., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

MABON, ALEX. S., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

MACALLISTER, J. WYLIE, nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

MacCONNELL, ROBERT K., nominated, 28.
Reported, 28.
Confirmed, 298.

MacCORMAC, MISS MARY C., nominated, 807.
Reported, 833.
Confirmed, 842.

MACDONALD, DAVID L., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

MACDONALD, WILLIAM, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

MacELWEE, MISS GULA BELLE, nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

MACK, GEORGE F., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

MACOUBRAY, R. J., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

HADDEN, JOHN, Jr., nominated, 1893.
Reported, 1894.
Confirmed, 1895.

HAFFETT, JOHN W., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

HAGEE, MRS. SUSANNA STEWART, nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

HAGEL, JOHN, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

HAGILL, JAMES A., nominated, 610.
Reported, 670.
Confirmed, 671.

HAITLAND, WILLIAM A., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

HALLORY, WILLIAM A., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

HALONEY, R. F., nominated, 343.
Reported, 386.
Confirmed, 388.

HALUSKEY, WILLIAM A., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

HANCHESTER, F. N., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

HANCUSO, PIETRO, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

HANGHAM, MRS. MARY E., nominated, 269.
Reported, 290.
Confirmed, 298.

HANGOLD, ANDREW, nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

HANGOLD, ANDREW, nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

HANGONE, ROSS, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

HANN, A. B., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

HANN, MISS ADAH M., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

HANTZ, GEORGE W., nominated, 1548.
Reported, 1631.
Confirmed, 1635.

HAPEL, A. RAY, nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

HAPP, EUGENE SINCLAIR, nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

HARIDON, ANTONIO, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

HARKLE, WENDELL W., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

HARKMANN, M. JACOB, nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

HARKOWITZ, HERMAN, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

MARKS, THEODORE, nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

MARQUIS, MISS JESSIE G., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

MARSH, MISS M. ELLA, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

MARSH, NORMAN J., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

MARSH, RABE F., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

MARSH, RITCHIE T., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

MARSH, W. ED., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

MARSH, WILLIAM M., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

MARSHALL, JAMES E., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

MARSHALL, MEREDITH R., nominated, 57.
Confirmed, 61.

MARSHALL, T. J., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

MARSHALL, THOMAS M,, Jr., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

MARSTON, HENRY W., nominated, 58
Confirmed, 61.

MARTIN, A. P., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

MARTIN, CHARLES A., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

MARTIN, C. NELSON, nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

MARTIN, EUGENE A., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

MARTIN, F. K., nominated, 152.
Reported, 153.
Confirmed, 153.

MARTIN, H. RUSSELL, nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

MARTIN, JAMES A., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

MARTIN, THOMAS, nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

MARTIN, WM. R., nominated, 269.
Reported, 290.
Confirmed, 298.

MARVIN, A. N., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

MARX, GEORGE, nominated, 1420.
Reported, 1434.
Confirmed, 1443.

MARX, J. H., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

MASANOTTI, VINCENZO, nominated, 1002.
Reported, 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

MASAVAGE, MISS STELLA P., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

MASON, J. L., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

MASON, MISS MARGARET A., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

MASSEY, FRANK H., nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

MASTERS, WILLIAM JAMES, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

MASTERSON, MISS CLARA M., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

MATHER, CHARLES, nominated, 57.
Confirmed, 61.

MATHEWS, L. H., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

MATSON, MISS S. ELLA, nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

MATTES, PHILIP V., nominated, 906.
Reported, 940.
Confirmed, 956.

MATTHEWS, ARTHUR L., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

MATTHEWS, FRANK V., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

MATTHIAS, L. J., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

MATTOX, JOHN L., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

MAUCHER, J. V., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

MAULE, MISS H. LEORA, nominated, 906.
Reported, 940.
Confirmed, 956.

MAURHOFF, C. H., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

MAUS, JOHN J., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

MAXWELL, JAMES R., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

MAXWELL, WILLIAM, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

MAYER, ALBERT D., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

MAYER, WILLIAM, nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

MAYO, E. R., nominated, 152.
Reported, 153.
Confirmed, 153.

MAYS, H. ROBERT, nominated, 554.
Reported, 560.
Confirmed, 562.

McAFEE, JAMES J., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

McALEVY, EDWARD S., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

McANIFF, M. H., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

McANULTY, R. M., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

McBRIDE, A. B., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

McBRIDE, DANIEL M., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

McBRIDE, JOHN B., nominated, 1069.
Reported, 1074.
Confirmed, 1075.

McBRIDE, QUINCY A., nominated, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

McBRIDE, S. LEE, nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

McBRYAR, W. D., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

McBURNEY, DAVID, nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

McBURNEY, HARRY M., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

McCABE, MISS AGNES B., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

McCABE, JAMES F., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

McCABE, L. H., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

McCAFFREY, THOMAS, nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

McCALL, MISS ELEANOR T., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

McCALL, SAMUEL K., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

McCALL, WILLIAM E., Jr., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

McCALLA, MISS MARY, nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

McCANN, JAMES Jr., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

McCANN, JOHN V., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

McCARLON, MRS. CAROLINE L., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

McCARTHY, JOHN C., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

McCARTNEY, J. E., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

McCARTY, R. L., nominated, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

McCHESNEY, CHARLES W., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

McCLELLAN, WILLIAM T., nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

McCLENACHAN, WILLIAM B., Jr., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

McCLOSKEY, DAVID M., nominated, 120.
Reported, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

McCLOSKEY, SAMUEL S., nominated, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

McCLURE, CHARLES A., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

McCLURE, SAMUEL R., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

McCOLLEY, EUGENE C., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

McCONNELL, JAMES B., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

McCONNELL, JOHN S., nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

McCONNELL, WILLIAM H., nominated, 1002.
Reported, 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

McCORD, CHARLES C., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

McCORMICK, A. W., nominated, 269.
Reported, 290.
Confirmed, 298.

McCORMICK, WILLIAM PAUL, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

McCREA, JNO. C., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

McCREARY, JESSE M., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

McCRORY, MISS A. H., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

McCUE, MISS MARGARET, nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

McCULLY, JOHN E., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

McCULLY, MARSHALL, nominated, 226.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

McCURDY, EDMUND L., nominated, 36.
Confirmed, 36.

McCURDY, F. ALLEN, nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

McDADE, HARRY C., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

McDAID, W. H., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

McDANIEL, W. L., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

McDAUGALL, MALCOLM, nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

McDEVITT, W. A., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

McDONALD, JAMES P., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

McDONALD, MISS MARGARET E., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

McDONALD, M. W., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

McDONOUGH, L. F., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

McDONOUGH, WILLIAM, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

McDOWELL, C. A., nominated, 610.
Reported, 671.
Confirmed, 671.

McDOWELL, JOHN W., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

McDOWELL, SAMSON, nominated, 904.
Reported, 940.
Confirmed, 956.

McELHENY, R. H., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

McELROY, CLAYTON, nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

McELWEE, WILLIAM, Jr., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

McEWEN, F. C., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

McFARLAND, R. C., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

McFARLIN, FRED. W., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

McGAHEY, MRS. HANNAH M., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

McGARVEY, JAMES, nominated, 240.
Reported, 244.
Confirmed, 244.

McGHEE, CHARLES W., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

McGILL, JOHN H., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

McGINNETT, MISS BERNICE, nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

McGIVERN, MISS ANNA, nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

McGORMAN, WALTER R., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

McGREW, E. L., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

McGUIRE, HARRY L., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

McILVAIN, HOWARD L., nominated, 226.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

McILVAINE, WHARTON STOCKTON, nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

McINTYRE, C. L., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

McINTYRE, MISS GRACE, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

McKEAN, JAMES A., nominated, 1800.
Reported, 1853.
Confirmed, 1895.

McKEE, WILLIAM, Jr., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

McKELVEY, CHARLES W., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

McKENNA, J. F., nominated, 57.
Confirmed, 61.

McKENNAN, THOMAS R., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

McKINLEY, H. CLAY, nominated, 1892.
Reported, 1894.
Confirmed, 1895.

McKINNEY, JOSEPH, nominated, 240.
Reported, 244.
Confirmed, 244.

McKITRICK, L., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

McLAIN, D. R., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

McLAREN, JAMES, nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

McLAUGHLIN, MISS MARY, nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

McLAUGHLIN, R. E., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

McLAY, COLIN, Jr., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

McMAHON, CLARENCE W., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

McMAHON, FRANK J., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

McMANUS, FRANK A., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

McMEANS, CHARLES, nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

McMICHAEL, J. CLAUDE, nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

McMICHAEL, ZENAS, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

McMONAGLE, WILLIAM F., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

McNAMEC, A. H., nominated, 1002.
Reported, 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

McQUOWN, ANDREW, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

McTEAR, THOMAS F., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

McVEY, C. D., nominated, 2205.
Reported, 2205.
Confirmed, 2214.

McWHINEY, EDGAR E., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

MEAGHER, H. B., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

MEANS, ARTHUR E., nominated, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

MEANS, MISS J. A., nominated, 906.
Reported, 941.
Confirmed, 956.

MEARKLE, WILLIAM W., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

MEEHAN, A. ROTHWELL, nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

MEERHOFF, MISS EMILY M., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

MEGARY, JAMES F., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

MEIC, KOSTO UNKOVIC, nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

MEIER, H., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

MEIGHAN, JAMES A., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

MEISEL, J. J., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

MEISENHELDER, DAVID S., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

MEISENHELDER, SAMUEL B., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

MELCHER, MISS BERTHA, nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

MELLON, JAMES, nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

MENAMIN, FRANCIS C., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

MENDEL, HENRY C., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

MENSCH, LEWIS C., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

MENTZER, HARLAN J., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

MERCER, H. H., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

MERRILL, GEO. IRVING, nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

MERTENS, CHARLES A., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

MESSER, MISS MARTHA PAXSON, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

METZ, WILLIAM E., nominated, 343.
Reported, 386.
Confirmed, 388.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

METZGAR, JOHN W., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

METZGAR, MAURICE R., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

MEYER, SAMUEL T., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

MEYERHOFF, SAMUEL, nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

MEYERS, GEORGE E., nominated, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

MIDDLETON, ALLEN C., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

MIDDLETON, FENTON H., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

MIKLOSKY, JOSEPH FERRKE, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

MILIANCKAS, J. C., nominated, 342.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

MILLARD, MISS HETTIE J., nominated, 701.
Reported, 709.
Confirmed, 710.

MILLER, ALFRED S., nominated, 554.
Reported, 560.
Confirmed, 562.

MILLER, ANTON, nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

MILLER, CHARLES FRED, nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

MILLER, CHARLES M., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

MILLER, D. J., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

MILLER, D. R., nominated, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

MILLER, EDW. W., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

MILLER, MISS ELIZABETH R., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

MILLER, ERNEST T., nominated, 152.
Reported, 153.
Confirmed, 153.

MILLER, ETHELBERT, nominated, 1548.
Reported, 1631.
Confirmed, 1635.

MILLER, FORNEY S., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

MILLER, F. P. D., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

MILLER, FRED C., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

MILLER, HIRAM G., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

MILLER, ISAAC E., nomnated, 457.
Reported, 489.
Confirmed, 491.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

MILLER, ISAAC L., nominated, 168.
Reported, 169.
Confirmed, 169.

MILLER, J. A., nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

MILLER, JAMES A., nominated, 30.
Confirmed.

MILLER, J. CLARENCE, nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

MILLER, J. CLYDE, nominated, 226.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

MILLER, J. EDWARD, nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

MILLER, JESS P., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

MILLER, J. HARNER, nominated, 1002.
Reported, 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

MILLER, JOHN R., nominated, 906.
Reported, 941.
Confirmed, 956.

MILLER, KIMBALL S., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

MILLER, L. M., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

MILLER, M. HOMER, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

MILLER, RUSSELL E., nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

MILLER, WALTER A., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

MILLER, WILLIAM A., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

MILLER, W. O., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

MILLET, CHARLES A., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765

MILLIGAN, ALEXANDER, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

MILLIGAN, C. B., nominated, 90.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

MILLIGAN, GEORGE V., nominated, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

MILLIKEN, W. J., nominated, 1174.
Reported, 1205.
Confirmed, 1207.

MILNE, MISS EVA A., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

MINNICH, JOHN N., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

MINNICK, A. HEATON, nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

MINNICK, JOHN J., nominated, 610.
Reported, 670.
Confirmed, 671.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

MINOR, W. E., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

MINSTER, ARTHUR S., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

MISSIMER, MERIT M., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

MISSINER, JAMES E., nominated, 1002.
Reported, 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

MITCHELL, ALEX., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

MITCHELL, D. E., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

MITCHELL, H. L., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

MITCHELL, ROBERT T., nominated, 554.
Reported, 560.
Confirmed, 562.

MITCHELL, WILLIAM C., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

MOHLER, WILLIAM E., nominated, 269.
Reported, 290.
Confirmed, 298.

MOLE, EDWIN J., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

MOLL, EDWARD M., nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

MONAHAN, EDWARD J., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

MONTGOMERY, EDWIN, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

MONTGOMERY, JAMES P., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

MONTGOMERY, WALTER C., nominated, 404.
Reported, 405.
Confirmed, 405.

MOORE, CHARLES A., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

MOORE, CHESTER, A., nominated, 610.
Reported, 671.
Confirmed, 671.

MOORE, H. A., nominated, 36.
Confirmed, 36.

MOORE, JAMES C., nominated, 906.
Reported, 940.
Confirmed, 956.

MOORE, JOHN H., nominated, 269.
Reported, 290.
Confirmed, 298.

MOORE, JOHN W., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

MOORE, MISS JULIA R., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

MOORE, ROBERT C., nominated, 554.
Reported, 560.
Confirmed, 562.

MOORE, MISS SARAH A., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

MOORE, SYLVESTER Z., nominated, 610.
Reported, 670.
Confirmed, 671.

MOORE, W. J., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

MORAN, J. LINUS, nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

MOREDOCK, A. L., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

MORELLO, ANTONIO, nominated, 1420.
Reported, 1434.
Confirmed, 1443.

MORGAN, CHARLES H., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

MORGAN, WILLIAM L., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

MORGAN, W. W., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

MORINARO, JOSEPH, nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

MORLEY, JOHN H., nominated, 168.
Reported, 169.
Confirmed, 169.

MORRIS, WALTER C., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

MORRISON, C. C., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

MORRISON, E. C., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

MORRISSEY, THOMAS A., nominated, 3456.
Reported, 3464.
Confirmed, 3464.

MORROW, MATHEW M., nominated, 343.
Reported, 386.
Confirmed, 388.

MOSER, DANIEL S., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

MOSER, H. O., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

MOSES, MISS R. E., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

MOSURAK, M., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

MOTTER, JOHN C., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

MOUNTS, MISS IDA B., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

MOWLDS, FRED L., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

MOYAR, W. F., nominated, 36.
Confirmed, 36.

MUELLER, MISS ELLA J., nominated, 226.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

MUHL, ALBERT E., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

MULHOLLAND, HENRY W., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

MUNCHEN, FRANK, nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

MURDOCK, WILLIAM G., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

MURPHY, J. C., nominated, 610.
Reported, 671.
Confirmed, 671.

MURPHY, MISS M. S., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

MURRAY, JAMES E., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

MURRAY, ROBERT J., nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

MURTHA., JAMES C., nominated, 2202.
Reported, 2205.
Confirmed, 2214.

MUSSER, MRS. ADA E., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

MUSSER, MARTIN E., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

MYERS, A. B., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

MYERS, CHARLES, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

MYERS, CHARLES F., nominated, 35.
Confirmd, 36.

MYERS, C. RANDOLPH, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

MYERS, H. H., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

MYERS, MISS LETITIA A., nominated, 2471.
Reported, 2602.
Confirmed, 2615.

MYERS, PAUL M., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

MYERS, S. HORACE, nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

NAGLE, EDGAR C., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

NAILL, HARRY C., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

NALEY, PETER H., nominated, 36.
Confirmed, 36.

NARDONE, PASQUADE, nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

NAUMAN, SPENCER GILBERT, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

NEBEKER, GEO., nominated, 120.
Reported, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

NEELY, C. M., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

NEELY, JOSEPH L., nominated, 701.
Reported, 709.
Confirmed, 710.

NEELY, MISS M. C., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

NEFF, E., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

NEISSER, WM. M., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

NEMECEK, AUG. M., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

NERI, ROMEO J., nominated, 554.
Reported, 560.
Confirmed, 562.

NESMITH, OZRO, nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

NEVILLE, JAMES J., nominated, 269.
Reported, 290.
Confirmed, 298.

NEVILLE, ROY, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

NEVIN, JAMES G., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

NEWELL, WILLIAM H., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

NEWMYER, GEORGE M., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

NICHOL, CHAS. H., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

NICHOLLS, GRIFF W., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

NICHOLLS, JOSEPH KLAPP, nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

NICHOLS, A. H., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

NICHOLSON, G. N., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

NICKELS, THEODORE E., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

NICKLAS, W. L., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

NICODEMUS, MISS ELLA M., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

NISSLEY, JOHN C., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

NOAH, H. A., nominated, 1227.
Reported, 1228.
Confirmed, 1228.

NOBLE, JOHN S., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

NORTHOVER, HENRY, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

NORTON, MISS ANNA L., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

NORTON, WILLIAM, nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

NOTHSTEIN, E. O., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

NOWAK, JOHN, nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

NUGENT, JAMES A., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

NUSBAUM, MISS LETTIE, nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

NYCE, JOSEPH E., nominated, 168.
Reported, 169.
Confirmed, 169.

OBDYKE, MRS. MARY DONALDSON, nominated, 3151.
Reported, 3174.
Confirmed, 3174.

OBERLIN, ALEX. C., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

OBLEY, H. A., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

O'BRIEN, EDWARD J., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

O'BRIEN, JOHN J., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

O'BRIEN, JOSEPH A., nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

O'BRIEN, MISS LAURA F., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

OCHELTREE, SAMUEL L., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

O'CONNELL, BERNARD J., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

O'DONNELL, F. S., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

O'DONNELL, JOHN C., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

O'DONNELL, MISS MARY, nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

O'DONNELL, T. J., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

OGLE, J. EARL, nominated, 90.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

O'HALLORAN, CHAS. E., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

OMENSETTER, E. W., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

OPP, J. A., nominated, 343.
Reported, 386.
Confirmed, 388.

ORNDOFF, J. D., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

ORR, HARRY R., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

ORR, SYLVESTER H., nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

OSBORNE, L. M., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

OSBORNE, ROBERT J., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

OSWALD, HARRY A., nominated, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

OSWALD, PHAON B., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

OTT, ALBERT W., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

OTT, ROBERT B., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

OTTERBEIN, ADAM L., nominated, 554.
Reported, 560.
Confirmed, 562.

OTTERSTETTER, J. F., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

OTTEY, A. P., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

OVER, FRANK Y., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

OVERMILLER, JAMES C., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

OWINGS, WILBERT N., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

OXTOBY, JOHN T., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

OYER, GEORGE M., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

PAINE, WILLIAM L., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

PAINTER, FRANK McC., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

PAINTER, HOWARD I., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

PALMER, CHARLES, nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

PALMER, DAVIS A., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

PALMER, DAVIS A., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

PANNEK, JULIS, nominated, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

PANTON, HOWARD R., nominated, 3151.
Reported, 3174.
Confirmed, 3174.

PAPP, KOLOMON, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

PARANZINO, DOMENCIO, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

PARK, MISS ESTHER M., nominated, 1725.
Reported, 1730.
Confirmed, 1746.

PARKER, FRANKLIN T., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

PARKER, J. ALLISON, nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

PARKER, N. B., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

PARKER, S. H., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

PARKER, WM. M., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

PARSONS, DAN L., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

PARSONS, HENRY C., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

PARSONS, HOMER, nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

PARSONS, WINFIELD L., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

PARTLEY, MISS EDITH M., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

PARTO, J. WILSON, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

PASCALE, ORESTES, nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

PASHKOWSKI, EDWARD, nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

PATTERSON, C. A., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

PATTERSON, E. D., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

PATTERSON, MISS MARGARET G., nominated, 1548.
Reported, 1631.
Confirmed, 1635.

PATTERSON, MISS MARY L., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

PATTERSON, MISS SUSAN E., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

PATTERSON, W. H., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

PATTON, JOSEPH N., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

PAUL, VICTOR, nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

PAUXTIS, SIMON F., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

PAWCELT, WILLIAM L., nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

PAXTON, BRIGHT R., nominated, 610.
Reported, 670.
Confirmed, 671.

PAYRAN, JAS. H., Jr., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

PEACE, WILLIAM S., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

PEAKE, WALTER L., nominated, 2202.
Reported, 2205.
Confirmed, 2214.

PEANNISSON, EUGENE M., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

PEARL, JOSEPH, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

PEARSON, CHARLES E., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

PECK, GEORGE L., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

PECK, L. G., nominated, 152.
Reported, 153.
Confirmed, 153.

PENNER, GEORGE L., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

PENNYPACKER, MISS ELSIE C., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

PENSYL, D. SYLVESTER, nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

PERCIVAL, J. OLIVER, nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

PERKINPINE, DAVID R., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

PERKINS, MISS EMMA, nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

PERKINS, MISS FANNIE A., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

PERLMAN, SAMUEL ISRIAH, nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

PETERS, CHARLES D., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

PETERS, MISS SARAH A., nominated, 2202.
Reported, 2205.
Confirmed, 2214.

PETERSON, A. STANLEY, nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

PETERSON, FREDERICK C., nominated, 152.
Reported, 153.
Confirmed, 153.

PETRARCA, CELESTINO, nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

PETREE, CHARLES F., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

PETTY, R. B., Jr., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

PHELAN, W. B., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

PHILLIPPI, MISS KATHERINE, nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

PHILLIPS, ALEXANDER, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

PHILLIPS, MRS. M. A., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

PHILLIPS, WILLIAM S., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

PHIPPS, FUENTES, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

PIATT, MISS EULALIE M., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

PIATT, JOSEPH WOOD, nominated, 36.
Confirmed, 36.

PIERCE, HOWARD F., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

PIERCE, ROBT. V., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

PIERCE, W. T., nominated, 3456.
Reported, 3464.
Confirmed, 3464.

PINNEY, H. A., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

PIPER, CHARLES M., nominated, 120.
Reported, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

PIPER, MISS FRANCES D., nominated, 343.
Reported, 386.
Confirmed, 388.

PIPPERT, HENRY, nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

PITCAIRN, THOS. C., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

PITT, MISS M. EMMILINNE, nominated, 239.
Reported, 244.
Confirmed, 244.

PLACE, A. R., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

PLATOWSKY, HARRY S., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

POLETZ, ROSOLINO, nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

POLLAK, MORRIS, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

POLLOCK, JOHN P., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

POORMAN, W. S., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

PORRECA, JOHN, nominated, 404.
Reported, 405.
Confirmed, 405.

PORTER, HERBERT U., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

POSEY, HENRY G., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

POSNER, JOHN, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

POST, WILLARD L., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

POTTER, EDWARD W., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

POTTER, MISS MARGARET, nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

POTTS, CHARLES E., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

POTTS, GEORGE E., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

POTTS, MILTON G., nominated, 343.
Reported, 386.
Confirmed, 388.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

POTTS, ROBERT TOWER, nominated, 554.
Reported, 560.
Confirmed, 562.

POTTS, THOMAS MAXWELL, nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

POWERS, WILLIAM, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

PRATT, O. D., nominated, 1800.
Reported, 1853.
Confirmed, 1895.

PRENTICE, GEO. D., nominated, 57.
Confirmed, 61.

PRESKER, GEORGE W., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

PREVOST, ERNEST E., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

PRICE, COLE B., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

PRICE, IRWIN F., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

PRICE, J. H., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

PRICE, MISS NELL M., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

PRICE, OSCAR H., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

PRICE, PAUL H., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

PRICE, ROBERT A., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

PRICE, SAMUEL W., nominated, 1002.
Reported, 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

PRIESTMAN, A. GLYNDON, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

PRINDABLE, JOSEPH P., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

PRISK, EDWARD M., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

PROKOPOVITSH, A. S., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

PRYOR, MISS ADNA A., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

PRYOR, C. J., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

PURDY, ALVAR C., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

PURSSELL, ARTHUR J., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

PYE, JAMES H., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

PYE, WILLIAM M., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

PYOTT, JOHN D., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

QUINN, HUGH F., nominated, 1548.
Reported, 1631.
Confirmed, 1635.

QUINN, MISS MARTHA H., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

QUINN, WILLIAM, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

QUINTO, OSCAR B., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

RADER, JOHN S., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

RADLEY, JEROME L., nominated, 1800.
Reported, 1854.
Confirmed, 1895.

RAEDER, O. N., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

RAFFERTY, WILLIAM A., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

RAGAN, DANIEL J., nominated, 2471.
Reported, 2602.
Confirmed, 2615.

RAINEY, HENRY, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

RALSTON, MISS ISABEL G., nominated, 807.
Reported, 833.
Confirmed, 842.

RAMAGLI, FRANK, nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

RINCK, MISS IOLA S., nominated, 269.
Reported, 290.
Confirmed, 298.

RANDOLPH, EVAN, nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

RANDOLPH, MRS. NANCY K., nominated, 610.
Reported, 671.
Confirmed, 671.

RANKIN, GEO., Jr., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

RAPSON, GEORGE H., nominated, 610.
Reported, 670.
Confirmed, 671.

RATHBUN, WALTER W., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

RATHGEB, HARRY G., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

RAU, FRANK L., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

RAUB, HARRY M., nominated, 701.
Reported, 709.
Confirmed, 710.

RAUB, MELVIN G., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

RAUDENBUSH, HARRY, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

RAWLINS, CHARLES C., nominated, 120.
Reported, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

RAYMOND, EUGENE, Jr., nominated, 226.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

REAP, JOHN R., nominated, 57.
Confirmed, 61.

REARDON, HENRY F., nominated, 404.
Reported, 405.
Confirmed, 405.

REARDON, JNO. F., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

REARDON, WILLIAM, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

REDDING, DONALD V., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

REDDING, WALTER C., nominated, 168.
Reported, 169.
Confirmed, 169.

REDEKER, MRS. CARRIE, nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

REED, C. S., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

REED, C. W., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

REED, EDWARD L., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

REED, GEORGE W., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

REED, HENRY S., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

REED, HERBERT A., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

REED, JOHN H., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

REEDER, HORACE G., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

REEDY, M. J., nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

REEVES, FRANK J., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

REEVES, HORACE R., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

REGISTER, LAYTON B., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

REICH, LOUIS A., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

REICHERT, MISS MARGARET M., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

REID, ARTHUR P., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

REID, MISS BEATRICE M., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

REIFSNYDER, J. E., nominated, 120.
Reported, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

REIGEL, HARRY H., nominated, 906.
Reported, 940.
Confirmed, 956.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

REILLY, JOSEPH F., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

REINHARDT, WILLIAM, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

REINSMITH, MARTIN A., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

REMINGTON, P. D., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

RENDINELLA, SALVATORE G., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

RENINGER, HARRY, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

REPAK, MICHAEL, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

RESE, GEORGE, nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

RESSLER, WILLIAM E., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

RETTEW, PIERCE, nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

REYBURN, JAMES, nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

REYNOLDS, HOWARD C., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

REYNOLDS, PAUL L., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

REYNOLDS, WM. N. Jr., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

RHOADS, CHAS, H. S., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

RHOADS, CHAS. R., nominated, 90.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

RHOADS, CLARENCE R., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

RHOADS, JACOB H., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

RHOADS, MISS J. G., nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

RHOADS, J. HOWARD, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

RICH, M. L., nominated, 152.
Reported, 153.
Confirmed, 153.

RICHARDS, GEORGE W., Jr., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

RICHARDS, W. BURTON, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

RICHARDSON, C. E., nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

RICHARDSON, CHARLES C., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

RICHARDSON, JOHN D., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

RICHARDSON, L. E., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

RICHARDSON, O. S., nominated, 701.
Reported, 709.
Confirmed, 710.

RICHARDSON, THEODORE, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

RICHARDSON, W. F., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

RICHMOND, COLIN H., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

RICHTER, W. A., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

RILEY, MRS. HENRIETTA S., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

RINEHART, C. C., nominated, 1002.
Reported, 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

RINGGOLD, R. G., nominated, 226.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

RIPPLE, EZRA H., Jr., nominated, 2006.
Reported, 2006.
Confirmed, 2006.

RISBECK, GEORGE W., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

RISSER, ELIAS E., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

RITCHIE, GEORGE J., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

RITTER, MISS ELLEN M., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

RITTER, JOHN W., nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

RITTER, MISS NINA S., nominated, 57.
Confirmed, 61.

RITZMAN, A. S., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

RIVA, FRANK, nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

RIZZUTO, CAMILLO, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

ROACH, EDWARD L. D., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

ROBERTS, ALBERT P., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

ROBERTS, A. N., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

ROBERTS, CHARLES H., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

ROBERTS, C. WILSON, nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

ROBERTS, MISS FANNIE L., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

ROBERTS, ISAAC E., nominated, 1421.
Reported, 1434.
Confirmed, 1443.

ROBERTS, REES C., nominated, 57.
Confirmed, 61.

ROBERTS, ROBERT L., nominated, 1069.
Reported, 1074.
Confirmed, 1075.

ROBBINS, J. WILLIAM, nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

ROBINSON, SCOTT A., nominated, 1174.
Reported, 1205.
Confirmed, 1207.

ROBINSON, WALTER D., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

ROBISON, A. R., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

ROCK, M. J., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

RODAHAVER, H. H., nominated, 1421.
Reported, 1434.
Confirmed, 1443.

RODDY, JOS. STOCKTON, nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

RODEL, JOE C., nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

RODGERS, ARTHUR D., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

RODGERS, JOHN, nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

ROESS, L. J., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

ROESSLE, W. H., nominated, 554.
Reported, 560.
Confirmed, 562.

ROGERS, H. S., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

ROGERS, JOHN C., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

ROGERS, MISS MARION, nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

ROGERS, W. H., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

ROHACEK, ALEXANDER, nominated, 2202.
Reported, 2205.
Confirmed, 2214.

ROHLAND, ALBERT C., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

ROMANO, JOSEPH A., Jr., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

ROMEO, STEPHEN, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

ROMIG, WILMOT K., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

ROSA, CHARLES B., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

ROSE, W. HAMILTON, nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

ROSEMAN, JACOB, nominated, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

ROSENBERG, MAX, nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

ROSENSTEEL, MISS ONOLA, nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

ROSENSTEIN, JOSEPH, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

ROSS, EDWIN B., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

ROSS, JESSE T., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

ROSSI, LEOPOLD, nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

ROSSITER, URIAH P., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

ROTH, ALBERT MICHAEL, nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

ROTH, MRS. ANNIE S., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

ROTH, STANLEY WILLIAM, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

ROTUNNO, LOUIS, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

ROWAN, JOSEPH I., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

ROWLEY, NELSON C., nominated, 554.
Reported, 560.
Confirmed, 562.

ROY, TONY, nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

ROYER, EDWARD T., nominated, 1002.
Reported, 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

RUCH, JAMES E., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

RUFF, FLORENCE M., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

RUFFIELD, C. WESLEY, nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

RUFFNER, JAMES A. C., Jr., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

RUHE, EDWARD, nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

RUMBAUGH, CHAS. F., nominated, 2471.
Reported, 2602.
Confirmed, 2615.

RUNK, LOUIS B., nominated, 226.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

RUNKLE, GEORGE E., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

RUPLE, CHARLES M., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

RUSH, MERRILL P., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

RUSSELL, ALF. N., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

RUSSELL, JAMES, nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

RUTHERFORD, JOHN J., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

RUTTER, J. C., Jr., nominated, 269.
Reported, 290.
Confirmed, 298.

RYAN, JAMES P., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

RYMER, RALPH W., nominated, 90.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

RYON, JOHN S., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

SACCHETTI, ONOFRIO, nominated, 2006.
Reported, 2006.
Confirmed, 2006.

SACCO, FRANK, nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

SACK, AARON, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

SACK, MAYER, nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

SADLER, RUFUS E., nominated, 36.
Confirmed, 36.

SAITZ, JOHN F., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

SALTZER, GEORGE W., nominated, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

SAMMON, P. A., nominated, 1002.
Reported, 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

SANDERSON, CHARLES, nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

SANDERSON, JAMES GARDNER, nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

SANDS, EDWIN A., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

SANTE, DI MARIA, nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

SAPPER, GEORGE, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

SARRAF, I. M., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

SARVER, CHAS. F., nominated, 235.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

SAUBEL, GEORGE F., nominated, 269.
Reported, 290.
Confirmed, 298.

SAUNDERS, MISS LILLIAN, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

SAVAGE, FRANK, nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

SAWDEY, D. A., nominated, 610.
Reported, 670.
Confirmed, 671.

SAX, MERRITT, nominated, 57.
Confirmed, 61.

SAXE, HENRY, nominated, 1002.
Reported, 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

SAXE, WILLIAM J., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

SAXTON, A. LINCOLN, nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

SAXTON, C. L., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

SAYLOR, TILLMAN K., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

SAYRE, FRANK G., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

SCHAEFER, LAWRENCE P., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

SCHANTZ, H. A., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

SCHAUB, H. A., nominated, 554.
Reported, 560.
Confirmed, 562.

SCHEAFNOCKER, GRANT, nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

SCHEELINE, ISAIAH, nominated, 239.
Reported, 244.
Confirmed, 244.

SCHELL, E. G., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

SCHERMER, ISIDOR, nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

SCHERMER, MAX, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

SCHEUMAN, M. F., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

SCHICK, JOHN L., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

SCHIMMEL, ANDREW, Jr., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

SCHINDLER, HARRY L., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

SCHLEID, THEO. nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

SCHLEGEL, WALTER W., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

SCHLEHR, GEO. C., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

SCHLICKER, R. G., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

SCHMEHL, HENRY K., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

SCHMIDT, FRED E., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

SCHNEIDER, LOUIS P., nominated, 1263.
Reported, 1265.
Confirmed, 1265.

SCHNELBACH, MISS C. H., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

SCHNELL, EMIL, nominated, 1101.
Reported, 1103.
Confirmed, 1113.

SCHNELLER, WILLIAM H., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

SCHNERER, FRANK E., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

SCHOFIELD, CHAS. S., nominated, 554.
Reported, 560.
Confirmed, 562.

SCHOLER, JOHN, nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

SCHOLES, MISS AGNES M., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

SCHOLL, EUGENE W., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

SCHREINER, CHAS. H., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

SCHREINER, EDWARD, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

SCHROTH, MISS GERTRUDE M., nominated, 1421.
Reported, 1434.
Confirmed, 1443.

SCHULTZBACH, JOSEPH F., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

SCHURGOT, EMIL, nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

SCHUTTER, JOHN, nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

SCHUTZ, JOHN, nominated, 120.
Reported, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

SCHWAB, MISS GERTRUDE C., nominated, 152.
Reported, 153.
Confirmed, 153.

SCHWAHN, MISS M. A., nominated, 610.
Reported, 670.
Confirmed, 671.

SCHWARTZ, L. B., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

SCHWARTZ, WOOD M., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

SCOTT, J. H., nominated, 226.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

SEABOLDT, HOWARD, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

SEAMANS, GEO. W., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

SEIDEL, CHAS. H., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

SEIDLE, IRA E., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

SEIFERT, JOSEPH B., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

SEILER, JOHN N., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

SEITZ, MISS AMELIA M., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

SELIGSOHN, AARON, nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

SELL, JOHN G., nominated, 239.
Reported, 244.
Confirmed, 244.

SELSOR, WM. C., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

SEMMEL, IRWIN H., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

SEMMENS, W. H., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

SENDMEYER, HERMAN L., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

SEWARD, L. T., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

SEXTON, EDMUND A., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

SEYFERT, JACOB W., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

SHAAK, THOMAS J., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

SHAFFER, CHAS. A., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

SHAFFER, I. A., Jr., nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

SHAFFER, MISS IVA, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

SHAFFNER, M. RAY, nominated, 610.
Reported, 670.
Confirmed, 671.

SHAMBAUGH, L. J., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

SHARKEY, JOHN J., nominated, 168.
Reported, 169.
Confirmed, 169.

SHARPE, A. D., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

SHARRA, A. G., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

SHAUGHNESSY, J. R., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

SHAW, B. H., nominated, 1069.
Reported, 1074.
Confirmed, 1075.

SHAW, CLYDE N., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

SHAW, L. B., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

SHAW, L. PARKS, nominated, 226.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

SHAWDE, ERWIN H., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

SHEA, J. ORLAND, nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

SHEARD, WINFIELD S., nominated, 120.
Reported, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

SHEETZ, A. COLEMAN, nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

SHELLEY, JOHN L., nominated, 120.
Reported, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

SHELLY, HARRY E., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

SHELP, CHARLES M., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

SHEPHARD, MISS BLANCHE E., nominated, 458.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

SHERER, HERVEY J., nominated, 120.
Reported, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

SHERMAN, R. R., nominated, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

SHERMAN, THOMAS J., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

SHERMAN, WILLIAM C., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

SHERRER, JOHN W., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

SHERWOOD, WALTER, nominated, 36.
Confirmed, 36.

SHIMER, F. G., nominated, 1227.
Reported, 1228.
Confirmed, 1228.

SHIMP, H. G., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

SHINEHOUSE, GEORGE FRESCOLN, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

SHIPE, HENRY A., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

SHIPKOWSKI, VALENTINE, nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

SHISLER, DANIEL E., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

SHIVE, EDMUND S., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

SHOEMAKER HARRY J., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

SHORT, MISS ALICE, nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

SHORTLIDGE, H. E., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

SHROYER, W. F., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

SHRYOCK, WM. A., nominated, 1069.
Reported, 1074.
Confirmed 1075.

SHULTZ, HARRY R., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

SIEGEL, CHARLES G., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

SIEGER, HARRY V., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

SIEGER, HENRY N., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

SILSBY, MISS MAE, nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

SIMON, MISS CAROLINE F., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

SIMPKINS, SAMUEL C., nominated, 1013.
Reported, 1013.
Confirmed, 1014.

SIMPSON, THOMAS D., nominated, 168.
Reported, 169.
Confirmed, 169.

SINGER, FRANK H., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

SKENDER, MATEJA, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

SLACK, WILLIAM E., nominated, 152.
Reported, 153.
Confirmed, 153.

SLAINE, GEORGE, nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

SLATTERY, FRANK P., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

SLIFER, MISS SUSAN R., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

SMAIL, E. J., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

SMAIL, JAMES B., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

SMITH, ALBERT B., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

SMITH, ALBERT G., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

SMITH, ELY J., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

SMITH, EZRA H., nominated, 3456.
Reported, 3464.
Confirmed, 3464.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

SMITH, FRANK, nominated, 2202.
Reported, 2205.
Confirmed, 2214.

SMITH, FRANK W., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

SMITH, GEORGE W., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

SMITH, HARRY, nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

SMITH, HARRY E., nominated, 152.
Reported, 153.
Confirmed, 153.

SMITH, HARRY F., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

SMITH, HARRY L., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

SMITH, HARVEY E., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

SMITH, JOHN, nominated, 152.
Reported, 153.
Confirmed, 153.

SMITH, JOHN L., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

SMITH, J. P., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

SMITH, J. THEODORE, nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

SMITH, J. WILLISON, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

SMITH, LEE J. K., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

SMITH, MISS LILLIAN S., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

SMITH, MARMADUKE D., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

SMITH, RALPH L., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

SMITH, MISS REBA B., nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

SMITH, THOMAS GRIFFIN, nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

SMITH, THOMAS KILBY, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

SMITH, THOMAS M., nominated, 1800.
Reported, 1853.
Confirmed, 1895.

SMITHIES, JOHN E., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

SMYTH, GEORGE H., nominated, 168.
Reported, 169.
Confirmed, 169.

SMYTH, WILLIAM J., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

SNAMAN, E. W., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

SNAVELY, JOHN H., nominated, 239.
Reported, 244.
Confirmed, 244.

SNEE, SYLVESTER J., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

SNODDY, CHAS. T., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

SNOWDEN, MISS F. ISABEL, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

SNYDER, CHARLES W., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

SNYDER, GEORGE B., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

SNYDER, JOHN A., Jr., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

SNYDER, JOHN M., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

SNYDER, ROLLIN LARUE, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

SNYDER, WELLINGTON J., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

SNYDER, WILLIAM S., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

SOBERNHEIMER, FREDERICK A., Jr., nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

SOFFEL, JACOB, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

SOMERS, MISS CATHERINE, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

SOMERS, CHARLES J., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

SOMERS, THOMAS A., nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

SOMMERS, WILLIAM F., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.

SOSSONG, JOHN A., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

STOTAK, PAUL, nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

SOUTH, THOMAS W., nominated, 269.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

SOWERS, CLINTON A., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

SPAHR, BOYD L., nominated, 240.
Reported, 244.
Confirmed, 244.

SPANG, FREDERICK W., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

SPANGLER, H. H., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

SPARHAWK, CHARLES W., nominated, 239.
Reported, 244.
Confirmed, 244.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

SPAYD, H. H., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

SPEER, GARNET R., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

SPEER, JAMES F., nominated, 458.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

SPEER, ROBERT N., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

SPIESS, C. WILLIAM, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

SPONAGLE, JOHN H., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

SPOSATO, MRS. MARIA THERESA, nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

SPROUL, MISS EVELYN C., nominated, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

SPROWLES, GEO. B., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

SPRY, WILLIAM W., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

SROLOVITZ, MAX H., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

STAGER, JOHN W., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

STAHLNECKER, H. WILSON, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

STALEY, J. FRANK, nominated, 152.
Reported, 153.
Confirmed, 153.

STANTON, MISS EVA S., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

STARK, LEE P., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

STARR, WILLIAM E., nominated, 1101.
Reported, 1103.
Confirmed, 1113.

STAUB, FRED'K, nominated, 1800.
Reported, 1853.
Confirmed, 1859.

STAUFFER, C. M., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

STAUFFER, ELMER E., nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

STEARLY, WILSON, nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

STEARNS, ALLEN M., nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

STEEL, WILLIAM T., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

STEEN, MISS A. M., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

STEEN, FRANK H., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

STEER, FRANK D., nominated, 269.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

STEER, JOHN A., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

STEEVER, RALPH EDWARD, nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

STEIN, GEORGE H., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

STEIN, HARRY M., nominated, 90.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

STEININGER, WALTER G., nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

STEINMEYER, WM. A., nominated, 226.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

STEPHAN, ERNEST, nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

STEPHEN, FREDERICK, nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

STEPHENS, LEROY M., nominated, 457.
Reported, 489.
Confirmed, 491.

STERN, W. C., nominated, 226.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

STERNBERGER, JOSEPH, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

STERRETT, RALPH B., nominated, 3151.
Reported, 3174.
Confirmed, 3174.

STETSON, EDWARD E., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

STEVENSON, A. K., Jr., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

STEVENSON, S. C., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

STEVENSON, W. L., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

STEVENSON, WM. W., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

STEWART, MRS. CAROLINE E., nominated, 2202.
Reported, 2205.
Confirmed, 2214.

STEWART, D. M., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

STEWART, WM. G., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

STEWART, WILLIAM J., nominated, 610.
Reported, 671.
Confirmed, 671.

STILLEY, HUGH M., nominated, 90.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

STILLWAGON, C. E., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

OTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

TIRLING, HARRY L., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

TOCKBERGER, JOHN, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

TOEVER, WILLIAM C., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

TONE, MISS HESTER G., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

TONE, MISS I. G., nominated, 905.
Reported, 940.
Confirmed, 956.

TONE, WILLIAM H., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

TONER, MISS MARY C., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

TORER, JAMES G., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

TOREY, EUGENE W., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

TORK, ADAM, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

TOUT, F. R., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

TOVER, JOHN A., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

TOVER, RAYMOND G., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

TOVER, SAMUEL F., nominated, 404.
Reported, 405.
Confirmed, 405.

TRACHAN, CHARLES J., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

TRADLEY, LEIGHTON P., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

TRAHLEY, C. A., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

TRANAHAN, JAMES A., Jr., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

TRAUB, RUSSELL R., nominated, 1548.
Reported, 1631.
Confirmed, 1635.

TRAUSS, CAMERON E., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

TREET, HARRY NELSON, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

TRICKLAND, C. C., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

TRICKLER, MISS CORA B., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

TRICKLER, PAUL A., nominated, 1263.
Reported, 1265.
Confirmed, 1265.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

STRILEY, MISS ANNA C., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

STROEBEL, J. A., nominated, 610.
Reported, 671.
Confirmed, 671.

STROH, CHAS. ORION, nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

STRONG, H. A., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

STROSNIDER, S. K., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

STRZELCZYR, JOSEPH P., nominated, 1420.
Reported, 1434.
Confirmed, 1443.

STUART, JOSEPH, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

STUBBS, D. A., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

STUBBS, ISAAC H., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

STUCK, B. F., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

STUFFT, MISS MAY M., nominated, 1069.
Reported, 1074.
Confirmed, 1075.

STURTEVANT, MRS. LAURA C., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

SUCCOP, B. L., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

SUESS, LOUIS J., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

SULLIVAN, MISS E. M., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

SUMMERILL, MRS. RUTH B., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

SUMMERS, MISS KATHRYN A., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

SUNHEIM, JOSEPH H., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

SUPPLEE, FRANK B., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

SUPPLEE, MISS HELEN B., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

SUTTER, GEORGE L., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

SUTTON, FRANK F., nominated, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

SUTTON, GEO. Z., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

SWANSON, GUY C., nominated, 2288.
Reported, 2602.
Confirmed, 2615.

SWARTZ, AUSTIN W., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

SWARTZ, HOWARD E., nominated, 610.
Reported, 671.
Confirmed, 671.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

SWEENEY, TERRENCE J., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

SWENGEL, A. W., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

SWETLAND, W. L., nominated, 3458.
Reported, 3464.
Confirmed, 3464.

SWOPE, JOS. P., nominated, 269.
Reported, 290.
Confirmed, 298.

SYKES, ASA W., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

SYPNIEWSKI, C. W., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

TAGGART, GEO. M., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

TANZER, ALFRED, nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

TASPER, S. I., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

TAYLOR, ALSUP V., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

TAYLOR, ANDREW, nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

TAYLOR, CLAUDE E., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

TAYLOR, FRANCIS R., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

TAYLOR, HERBERT L., nominated, 226.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

TAYLOR, JEFFERY W., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

TAYLOR, JOHN, nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

TAYLOR, RICHARD, nominated, 240.
Reported, 244.
Confirmed, 244.

TAYLOR, SAMUEL J., nominated, 226.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

TEAL, FRED W., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

TERRALL, GEORGE K., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

THIEL, JOHN, nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

THISSELL, JOHN MAHN, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

THOMAS, MISS ADELAIDE C., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

THOMAS, HARRY L., nominated, 1174.
Reported, 1205.
Confirmed, 1207.

THOMAS, J. H., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

THOMAS, JOHN W., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

THOMAS, LEWIS, nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

THOMAS, MISS MINNIE E., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

THOMAS, T. FOSTER, nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

THOMAS, WILLIAM J., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

THOMAS, W. S., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

THOMPSON, CHARLES D., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

THOMPSON, JOHN C., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

THOMPSON, ROBERT H., nominated, 120.
Reported, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

THOMPSON, S. F., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

THOMPSON, W. R., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

THOMSON, CHARLES J., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

THOMSON, JESSE O., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

THORNE, GUY, nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

THROCKMORTON, JAMES R., nominated, 458.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

TIERNIAN, EUGENE L., Jr., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

TIERNEY, MISS ANNA, nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

TIERS, LaRUE, nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

TILLEY, J. FRANK, nominated, 57.
Confirmed, 61.

TILY, HARRY C., nominated, 1101.
Reported, 1103.
Confirmed, 1113.

TINDLE, GEO. D., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

TINKHAM, B. BENTON, nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

TITUS, DOUGLAS B., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

TITUS, M. LEE, nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

TODD, JOHN, nominated, 1002.
Reported, 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

TOEKE, NICHOLAS, nominated, 554.
Reported, 560.
Confirmed, 562.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

TOLAN, WILLIAM E., nominated, 1002.
Reported, 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

TOMESANYI, JOS., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

TOMLINSON, E. S., Jr., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

TONER, JOHN T., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

TONKAY, JOHN, nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

TOOHEY, JOHN J., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

TOOHILL, F. J., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

TORHAN, MICHAEL, nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

TORQUATO, JOHN, nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

TORREY, WILLIAM J., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

TOTLEN, ROBERT C., nominated, 269.
Reported, 290.
Confirmed, 298.

TOWNSEND, MISS ADA J., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

TOWNSEND, ALBERT E., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

TOWNSEND, ARTHUR P., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

TRACY, JOHN E., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

TRAUERMAN, M. R., nominated, 28.
Confirmed, 298.
Reported, 284.

TRAUGH, HENRY F., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

TRAUTMAN, LEANDER, nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

TREMBATH, WM. J., nominated, 554.
Reported, 560.
Confirmed, 562.

TRESCOTT, MISS MARY L., nominated, 1174.
Reported, 1205.
Confirmed, 1207.

TREXTOR, JOHN T., nominated, 1227.
Reported, 1228.
Confirmed, 1228.

TRICKER, WM. R., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

TRILL, MISS G. G., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

TRIPPLE, WILLIAM Y., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

TROEMNER, R. WALLACE, nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

TROTH, MISS BERTHA, nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

TROUT, EDGAR EARL, nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

TROUTMAN, B. D., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

TRUMPETER, GILBERT, nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

TULLY, HERMAN H., nominated, 1069.
Reported, 1074.
Confirmed, 1075.

TURNER, ARTHUR L., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

TURNER, HAMILTON D., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

TYSON, EDWARD T., Jr., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

UBER, W. J., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

UEBERROTH, HARVEY M., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

UETZ, PAUL, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

ULERY, CHARLES H., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

ULLERY, MONROE D., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

ULRICH, MISS MARY C., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

UMSTADT, MRS. MARY K., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

UNCAPHER, MILTON E., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

UREY, FRANK, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

VALLEY, HARRY C., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

VAN COURT, HORACE G., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

VANDERGRIFT, HARRY D., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

VANDERGRIFT, H. R., nominated, 1227.
Reported, 1228.
Confirmed, 1228.

VANDERSLICE, MISS HARRIET R., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

VAN DEWSEN, H. R., nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

VANDIVER, JOHN L., nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

VAN DUSEN, LEWIS H., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

VANDYKE, HENRY A., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

VANDYKE, WARREN, nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

VAN GIESEN, T. LEE, nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

VAN HUSEN, A. R., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

VAN TINE, JOHN R., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

VARALLO, GUISEPPE, nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

VAUGHAN, WM. F., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

V-DEE, GEO., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

VECCHIO, JOSEPH, nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

VEIGLE, W. W., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

VEIL, JOHN H., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

VENUS, F. S., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

VERNACCHIO, SALVATORE M. A., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

VERNER, J. W., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

VIGUERS, CHARLES L., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

VINCENT, J. H., Jr., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

VOGEL, ALFRED, nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

VOGEL, MISS CHARLOTTE G., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

VOID, HARVEY, nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

VREELAND, WM. D., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

WADDINGTON, J. H., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

WADE, TRUMAN D., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

WAGNER, AUGUST, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

WAGNER, B. FRANK, nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

WAGNER, CHARLES, Jr., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

WAGNER, FRED W., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

WAGNER, J. HARRY, nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

WAGNER, WM. C., nominated, 120.
Reported, 120.
Confirmed, 120.

WALDRON, MISS ALICE E., nominated, 554.
Reported, 560.
Confirmed, 562.

WALDSCHMIDT, CHAS. A., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

WALKER, GEO. B., nominated, 1002.
Reported, 1012.
Confirmed, 1013.

WALKER, MISS HALLIE A., nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

WALKER, W. HARRISON, nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

WALKER, WINFIELD S., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

WALKINSHAW, H. W., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

WALL, MISS FLORENCE A., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

WALL, R. B., nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

WALLACE, GUY D., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

WALLACE, HARRY F., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

WALLACE, JOHN L., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

WALLACE, MISS WILLIAMETTA, nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

WALP, TILGHAM J., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

WALSH, C. LAWRENCE, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

WALSH, W. E., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

WALSH, WINFIELD SCOTT, nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

WALTER, ALBERT G., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

WALTER, HENRY J., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

WALTER, JOHN J., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

WALTER, L. H., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

WALTER, PERCY S., nominated, 610.
Reported, 671.
Confirmed, 671.

WALTER, P. SILAS, nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

WALTON, GEORGE R., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

WALTON, HENRY, S., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

WALTON, MISS SUSANNA L., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

WANNEMACHER, C. R., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

WANNER, ALBERT H., nominated, 1420.
Reported, 1434.
Confirmed, 1443.

WARD, E. H., nominated, 701.
Reported, 709.
Confirmed, 710.

WARD, WILLIAM H. F., nominated, 1453.
Reported, 1455.
Confirmed, 1455.

WARFEL, HARRY M., nominated, 269.
Reported, 290.
Confirmed, 298.

WARFEL, HENRY C., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

WARMKESSEL, HORACE O., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

WARNER, MISS FLORENCE W., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

WARNOCK, MISS EDITH C., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

WARRENSFORD, THOS. H., nominated, 1421.
Reported, 1434.
Confirmed, 1443.

WASHBURN, W. O., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

WARSHIS, CHARLES T., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

WATERHOUSE, ORSON M., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

WATKINS, CLARENCE V., nominated, 28.,
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

WATKINS, JAMES E., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

WATKINS, J. RENO, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

WATSON, ALBERT L., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.
Reported, 288.

WATSON, HARRY A., nominated, 33.
Confirmed, 298.

WATSON, THOMAS, nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

WATTERSON, J. E., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

WATTS, CHARLES B., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

WAY, CHANNING, nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

WAYCHOFF, ROY J., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

WEAKLIN, WILLIAM, nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

WEAVER, JOHN, nominated, 904.
Reported, 940.
Confirmed, 956.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

WEAVER, M. G., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

WEBER, D. S., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

WEBER, FREDERICK H., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

WEBER, GEORGE A., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

WEBER, J. LOUIS, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

WEEST, ELGIN W., nominated, 1452.
Reported, 1455.
Confirmed, 1455.

WEHRLE, F. JOSEPH, nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

WEIDNER, GEORGE H., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

WEIDNER, M. S., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

WEIGMANN, W. W., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

WEIKAL, BERT C., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

WEILER, MRS. LOTTIE W., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

WEIMER, J. M., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

WEINER JOSEPH L., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

WEIR, ALEXANDER, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

WEIS, JACOB, nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

WEISER, JAY C., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

WEISMAN, WM. M., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

WEISS, CHARLES J., nominated, 36.
Confirmed, 36.

WEISS, MISS LIZZIE, nominated, 807.
Reported, 833.
Confirmed, 842.

WEISS, P. S., nominated, 701.
Reported, 709.
Confirmed, 710.

WEISZ, MISS GRACE, nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

WEITERSHAUSEN, R. B., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

WEITERSHAUSEN, W. G., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

WELCH, WALTER, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

WELDON, JAMES L., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

WELDON, JAMES S., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

WELLER, GEORGE M., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

WELLES, CHARLES H., Jr., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

WENGER, SAMUEL S., nominated, 30.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

WENTZ, PHILIP P., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

WERNER, CHARLES R., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

WERNER, JOSEPH A., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

WERST, HARVEY C., nominated, 1227.
Reported, 1228.
Confirmed, 1228.

WESLEY, CHARLES C., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

WESSEL, HENRY N., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

WEST, SAM B., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

WEST, W. NELSON L., nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

WESTON, H. K., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

WEYANDT, S. L., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

WHALEN, WILLIAM J., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

WHEELER, WILLIAM T., nominated, 36.
Confirmed, 36.

WHITAKER, COURTNEY L., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

WHITE, JAMES A., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

WHITEHORN, J. P., nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

WHITEMAN, THEODORE C., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

WHITING, R. B., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

WHITMAN, J. BENTON, nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

WICKLINE, ROBT. L., nominated, 1800.
Reported, 1853.
Confirmed, 1895.

WICKS, JOHN S., nominated, 3151.
Reported, 3174.
Confirmed, 3174.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

WIGGINS, ROBERT H., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

WIGMORE, CHARLES A., nominated, 226.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed 230.

WICKOFF, FREDERICK P., nominated, 1421.
Reported, 1434.
Confirmed, 1443.

WILCOX, GEORGE, nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

WILEY, MISS MARGARETTA, nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

WILEY, W. S., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

WILKINS, JOHN, nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

WILKINSON, ALFRED J., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

WILKINSON, MISS ELIZA J., nominated, 404.
Reported, 405.
Confirmed, 405.

WILKINSON, J. EDGAR, nominated, 36.
Confirmed, 36.

WILKINSON, JOHN J., nominated, 226.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

WILL, I. N. S., nominated, 90.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

WILLEY, RAYMOND W., nominated, 3151.
Reported, 3174.
Confirmed, 3174.

WILLIAMS, ALFRED H., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

WILLIAMS, MISS ANNA S., nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

WILLIAMS, CLARENCE A., nominated, 57.
Confirmed, 61.

WILLIAMS, FRED, nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

WILLIAMS, HARRY G., nominated, 28.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

WILLIAMS, JAMES A., nominated, 239.
Reported, 244.
Confirmed, 244.

WILLIAMS, JESSE, nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

WILLIAMS, PORTER G., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

WILLIAMS, RALPH, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

WILLIAMS, ROY C., nominated, 457.
Reported, 488.
Confirmed, 491.

WILLIAMS, WILLIAM, nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

WILLIAMSON, ELBERT, nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

WILLIAMSON, J. D., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

WILLIS, WILLIAM F., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

WILSON, ANDREW J., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

WILSON, MRS. BLANCHE B., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

WILSON, C. A., nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

WILSON, MISS CAMILLA E., nominated, 58.
Confirmed, 61.

WILSON, MISS CORA E., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

WILSON, E. WARING, nominated, 32.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

WILSON, GEORGE P., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

WILSON, JAMES B., nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

WILSON, J. W., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

WILSON, MISS M. F., nominated, 31.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

WILSON, MRS. OLGA G., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

WILSON, MRS. OLGA G., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

WILSON, SAMUEL, nominated, 3151.
Reported, 3174.
Confirmed, 3174.

WILSON, WILLIAM G., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

WILSON, MISS ZORA W., nominated, 343.
Reported, 387.
Confirmed, 388.

WILT, J. ANDREW, nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

WINDT, HERMAN, nominated, 131.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

WINNETT, A. M., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

WINTERS, EDWARD M., nominated, 36.
Confirmed, 36.

WIRT, ROBERT O., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

WISE, HENRY M., nominated, 807.
Reported, 833.
Confirmed, 842.

WITSIL, J. HORACE, nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

WITZ, WALTER WILLIAM, nominated, 226.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

WOLF, MISS A. B., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

WOLF, ELI H., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

WOLF, MISS LILLIAN M., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

WOLLENSIECK, MISS ELLEN M., nominated, 77.
Confirmed, 77.

WOLLMUTH, R. OTTO, nominated, 2203.
Reported, 2205.
Confirmed, 2214.

WOOD, CLEMENT B., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

WOOD, WALTER K., nominated, 1263.
Reported, 1265.
Confirmed, 1265.

WOODHEAD, FREDERICK H., nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

WOODHOUSE, WILLIAM S., nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

WOODRUFF, T. S., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

WOODS, CHARLES A., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

WOODS, JAMES S., nominated, 57.
Confirmed, 61.

WOODS, JOHN J., Jr., nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

WOODS, W. L., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

WOODWARD, GRAHAM C., nominated, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

WOODWARD, HUGH B., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

WOODWARD, THOMAS M., nominated, 807.
Reported, 833.
Confirmed, 842.

WOODWORTH, A. M., nominated, 1800.
Reported, 1853.
Confirmed, 1895.

WOOTERS, WILLIAM WOOD, nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

WORRILOW, CHAS. S., nominated, 610.
Reported, 670.
Confirmed, 671.

WORST, HARRY L., nominated, 90.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

WORTH, H. S., nominated, 61.
Confirmed, 61.

WOST, WILLIAM MORTEN, nominated, 60.
Confirmed, 61.

WRIGHT, C. D., nominated, 1420.
Reported, 1433.
Confirmed, 1443.

WRIGHT, FABIAN W., nominated, 152.
Reported, 153.
Confirmed, 153.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

WRIGHT, FRANK L., nominated, 269.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

WRIGHT, JOHN F., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

WRIGHT, O. B., nominated, 59.
Confirmed, 61.

WURZEL, NICHOLAS, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

YAGEL, CHARLES J., nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

YARD, WM. S., nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

YEAGER, JOSHUA R., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

YETTER, SAMUEL L., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

YOCUM, CHAS. C., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

YODER, LEONARD G., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

YOUNG, MISS FRANCES C., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

YOUNG, GEORGE G., nominated, 610.
Reported, 671.
Confirmed, 671.

YOUNG, GEORGE H., nominated, 31.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

YOUNG, W. A., nominated, 701.
Reported, 709.
Confirmed, 710.

YOUNG, W. J., nominated, 343.
Reported, 386.
Confirmed, 388.

YOUNGSON, J. B., Jr., nominated, 34.
Confirmed, 36.

ZARING, HARRY E., nominated, 29.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

ZLOYOVSKY, GEORGE, nominated, 1800.
Reported, 1853.
Confirmed, 1895.

ZEHFUSS, MISS STELLA, nominated, 33.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

ZEHREN, NICHOLAS A., nominated, 35.
Confirmed, 36.

ZEIDERS, W. H., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

ZEIGENFUSS, JOHN A., nominated, 29.
Reported, 285.
Confirmed, 298.

ZEITLER, MISS GLADYS, nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

ZEHNER, EDWARD B., nominated, 2203.
Reported, 2205.
Confirmed, 2214.

ZEMANY, ANDREW, nominated, 33.
Reported, 288.
Confirmed, 298.

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

ZEIGLER, FRANK E., nominated, 132.
Reported, 132.
Confirmed, 132.

ZIMMERLI, ERNEST, nominated, 28.
Reported, 284.
Confirmed, 298.

ZIMMERLING, CHARLES B., nominated, 32.
Reported, 287.
Confirmed, 298.

ZIMMERMAN, MISS MARY E., nominated, 30.
Reported, 286.
Confirmed, 298.

ZULICK, THOS. B., nominated, 91.
Reported, 92.
Confirmed, 92.

NOTARY PUBLIC, bill making appropriation to refun
George T. Ghriest of Allegheny amount paid
commission as (see Ghriest).

NOTARY PUBLIC, bill making appropriation to re
to Walter C. Morris of Allegheny amount paid
commission as (see Morris).

NOTARY PUBLIC, bill to authorize State Treasurer to
fund John H. Reed the amount paid by him
his commission as a (see Reed).

NOTARY PUBLIC, bill to authorize State Treasurer
refund John Taylor the amount paid by him
his commission as a (see Taylor).

NOTARY PUBLIC commission, bill authorizing S
Treasurer to refund to Andrew Mangold am
paid for (see Mangold).

NOTARY PUBLIC commission issued to E. H. Kratzer
Coatesville, bill authorizing refund to John He
cote of fee for (see Heathcote).

NOTARY PUBLIC commission, bill making appropria
to refund to Alice T. Trill money paid for
Trill).

NOTARY PUBLIC commission, bill making appropriat
to refund to Edwin C. Emhardt money paid
(see Emhardt).

NOTARY PUBLIC commission, bill making appropriat
to refund to Walter C. Redding money paid
(see Redding).

NOTARY PUBLIC commission, bill making appropriat
to refund to William G. Walter amount of mo
paid for (see Walter).

NOTARY PUBLIC commission, bill to authorize refund
Richard J. Baxter for amount paid for (see B
ter).

NOTARY PUBLIC commission bill to refund to John M
sinberger amount paid for (see Minsinberger)

NOTARY PUBLIC COMMISSIONS when such commiss
is not received by applicant, to provide for
funding of fees paid into State Treasury for

House Bill No. 1046
Read in place in House by Mr. Williams, 1468.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1468.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2334.
Second reading, 2408.
Third reading and final passage, 2765.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235
Signed by Speaker, 3475.

In Senate (No. 975)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2707.
Second reading, 2912.
Third reading and final passage, 3077.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

NOTES for payment of money secured by mortgage, bill
regulate entry of judgments on (see judgment

NOTES ISSUED BY CERTAIN BANKS, bill to permit su
stitution of other securities for those deposit
with State Treasurer to secure Commonwealth
lief (see banks).

NOTES OF COURT STENOGRAPHERS, bills relating
(see stenographers).

NOTICE BY ADVERTISEMENT of certain contracts, bill to amend amended act relating to Department of Supplies in cities of second class as regards (see cities).

NOTICES IN CERTAIN COUNTIES, bills relating to publication of legal (see counties).

NOTICES now required to be published in weekly newspapers may be published in daily newspapers in counties with less than 1,000,000 inhabitants, to provide that all legal

House Bill No. 299
Read in place in House by Mr. Guyaux, 436.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 436.
Reported without amendment, 716.
First reading, 752.
Second reading and amended, 875.
Third reading and final passage, 1203.
Returned from Senate without amendment.
Signed by Speaker, 2311.
Approved by Governor, 2558.

In Senate (No. 653)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1206.
Reported without amendment, 1906.
First reading, 2013.
Second reading, 2181.
Third reading and final passage, 2210.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2265.

NOTICES required to be published by law in cities of first and second class, bill to repeal so far as it relates to second class cities act regulating the advertisement of all (see cities).

NOTIFICATION OF TAXABLES by tax collectors in boroughs and townships, bill to provide for (see taxables).

NOTIFICATION TO GOVERNOR that General Assembly is ready for business, concurrent resolution (Senate), providing that committees be appointed for, by Sproul, 5.
Appointment of Senate committee, 5.
Resolution returned by House, 7.
Notification to Senate of appointment of House Committee, 7.
Senate Committee reports and is discharged, 7.
Resolution concurred in by House, 50.
House Committee reports and is discharged, 52.

NOTIFICATION TO HOUSE that Senate is ready for business, resolution (Senate) providing that committee be appointed for, by Thomson, 5.
Appointment of said Committee, 5.
Committee reports to Senate and is discharged, 7.
Committee appears before House, 50.

NOTIFICATION TO SENATE that House is ready for business, resolution (House) providing that committee be appointed for, 50.
Appointment of said committee, 50.
Committee appears before Senate, 56.
Committee reports to House and is discharged, 52.

NOXIOUS ANIMALS, bills relating to destruction of (see animals).

NOXIOUS WEEDS, bills to prevent spread of (see weeds).

NUISANCES in certain cases, bill to authorize Commissioner of Health of the State to abate (see Health).

NULTY, JAMES T., Senator from Eighth District, (Philadelphia County),

Amendment offered by, to
Senate Bill No. 496, to establish a public school system, 1892.

Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 79, 80.

Bills introduced by
Making appropriation to Saint Vincent's Orphan Asylum at Tacony, 402.
Providing for calling a convention to amend the Constitution of this Commonwealth, 339.
Providing for pensioning of soldiers, sailors and marines of Civil War, 223.
Regulating heighth of car and wagon wheel treads and width of groove between same in all tracks and rails of passenger railway cars, 223.
Relating to defense in actions for negligence brought to recover damages from an employer, 756.
Relating to operation of street passenger railway cars, and concerning trailers or following cars, 90.

NULTY, JAMES T.—Continued.
Relating to operation of street passenger railway cars and providing for protection and safety of passengers, 90.
To amend act providing for better government of cities of first class so as to make mayor eligible for office for next succeeding term, 904.
To amend act to provide for better government of cities of first class, 832.
To prevent manufacture and sale of adulterated, misbranded or deleterious ice cream, 1068.
To require that all packages, bottles or other receptacles containing food shall be marked with true weight or measure of contents thereof, 608.
To require that all trading stamps shall have printed thereon redemption value thereof in cash, 608.

Election of, 1.

Leave of absence asked for, 117.

Motion by, for
Rising vote of thanks to be extended to retiring President pro tempore William E. Crow, 3578.

Motion by, to
Discharge Judiciary Special Committee from further consideration of House Bill No. 353, to promote safety of travelers and employes upon railroads by compelling railroads to properly man their trains, 3156.

Remarks by, on
Motion to omit name of John Cadwalader as one of the Registration Commissioners for Philadelphia from list of nominations to be confirmed, 3415.
Senate Bill No. 496, to establish a public school system, 1892.

Resolutions offered by
To discharge Committee on Pensions and Gratuities from further consideration of House Bill No. 258, to provide for pensioning of soldiers, sailors and marines who served in Civil War, 2526.
To discharge Judiciary Special Committee from further consideration of bill amending act providing for better government of cities of first class so as to make mayor of said city eligible to office for next succeeding term, 1419.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by
Relative to Legislature adjoining as mark of respect to Archbishop Ryan and Bishop Whitaker, 223.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 71.

NURSERIES, supplement to act relating to injurious insects authorizing inspection of (see bees).

NURSERY HOME OF HARRISBURG, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 948
Read in place in House by Mr. Tunis, 251.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 251.
Reported with amendment, 2236.
First reading, 2330.
Second reading, 2392.
Third reading and final passage, 2732.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.

In Senate (No. 878)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2656.
Reported without amendment, 2683.
First reading, 2703.
Second reading, 2906.
Third reading and final passage, 3060.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

NURSERY HOME OF HARRISBURG, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox, 221.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 221.

NUX VOMICA and certain other drugs or any preparations containing same except in natural quantities in coffee and tea, bill to regulate sale of (see drugs).

OATH OF OFFICE administered by Judge McCarrell in House, resolution, by Dale, extending thanks for, 50.

OATH OF OFFICE administered by Judge McCarrell in Senate, resolution, by Tustin, tendering thanks for 5.

OATH OF OFFICE administered by Judge McCarrell to newly elected President pro tempore George M. Wertz, resolution (Senate) by Kurtz, tendering thanks for, 3578.

OATH OF OFFICE, bill to require directors of certain companies incorporated under laws of Pennsylvania with right to receive money on deposit to take an (see directors).

OATH OF OFFICE, resolution (Senate) by Kline, authorizing appointment of committee to escourt Lieutenant-Governor-elect to Senate Chamber to take, 67.
Said committee appointed, 67.
Committee reported to Senate, 70.

OATH OF OFFICE to be administered by Judge Kunkel to Lieutenant-Governor-elect, resolution requesting (Senate), by Tustin, 66.

OATH OF OFFICE to be administered by Judge McCarrell in House, resolution, by Tunis, requesting, 48.

OATH OF OFFICE to be administered by Judge McCarrell, in Senate, resolution, by Fox, requesting, 4.

OATH OF OFFICE to Lieutenant-Governor-elect, resolution (Senate) by Gerberich, in reference to appointing committee to escort Judge Kunkel to Senate Chamber for purpose of administering, 67.
Said committee appointed, 67.
Committee reports to Senate, 70.

OATHS, bill to empower clerks designated by Recorder of Deeds, to administer (see clerks).

OBDYKE, BENJAMIN P., Director of Nautical School at Philadelphia, nominated, 23.
Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

OBJECTIONAL TREES within a certain distance from line of any street or of any public sewer, bill to empower boroughs to prohibit planting of or to provide for removal of certain (see boroughs).

OBSTRUCTING OF CROSSINGS of public roads by locomotives and cars by providing further that any member of train crew shall be subject to said penalty, bill to amend act relative to (see crossings).

OBSTRUCTION OF INLETS, drains or sewers, to prevent
House Bill No. 149
Read in place in House by Mr. Gans, 304.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 304.
Reported with amendment, 390.
First reading, 433.
Second reading, 572.
Third reading and final passage, 600.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1088.
Signed by Speaker, 1155.
Vetoed by Governor, 1401.
Sustained Governor's veto, 1401.
In Senate (No. 366)
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 610.
Reported without amendment, 834.
First reading, 919.
Second reading, 954.
Third reading and final passage, 1001.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1106.

OCCUPATIONAL DISEASES, bill to provide for and regulate reporting to State Department of Health by physicians of (see diseases).

OFFENCES before justices of the peace, bill to regulate method of trying certain (see trying).

OFFICE IN ANY CITY OF SECOND CLASS may be recalled upon request of certain number of voters of said city, bill to provide that the holder of any (see city).

OFFICER OR EMPLOYE of any employer of labor to receive moneys or other valuable thing from any person for obtaining for latter employment in service of said employer or continuing in said employment, bill making it a misdomeanor for any (see employe).

OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES of House, appointment of, 87.
Oath of office administered to, 87.

OFFICERS AND EMPLOYES of House for services rendered during the session, resolution (House) by Woodward, thanking, 3613.

OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES of House, resolution (House) by Woodward, authorizing election of, 86.
Amendment offered to resolution, 86.
House agrees to resolution without amendment, 87.
Oath of office administered to officers and employees, 87.

OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES of Senate, appointment of, 41, 80.

OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES of Senate for services rendered during the session, resolution (Senate) by McConnell thanking, 3541.

OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES of Senate for session of nineteen hundred and eleven, resolution (Senate) by Keyser, authorizing election of, 75.
Amendment offered to resolution, 76.
Senate agrees to resolution without amendment, 76.

OFFICERS AT ALL ELECTIONS hereafter held, bill to regulate pay of all election (see election).

OFFICERS during their extended term, bill to carry into complete operation certain amendments to Constitution of Pennsylvania validating official acts of certain (see Constitution).

OFFICERS IN CITIES, bill to regulate terms of office of certain (see cities).

OFFICERS IN COUNTIES with population of less than 150,000, bill to fix salaries of county (see counties).

OFFICERS OF ANY CORPORATION, bill to regulate compensation or salary to be paid to (see corporation).

OFFICERS of boroughs, townships, poor districts and school districts, bill relating to settlement and audit of accounts of all (see accounts).

OFFICERS OF CORPORATIONS among those who may be compelled to testify in a civil proceeding, bill to amend act relating to rules of evidence in civil and criminal cases so as to include directors and other (see testify).

OFFICERS OF PENNSYLVANIA TROOPS of Civil War, joint resolution providing for granting of Brevet Rank to surviving (see Brevet Rank).

OFFICERS of townships, boroughs, poor districts and school districts, to be approved by Court of Quarter Sessions and filed, recorded and kept by clerk of said Court, bill to require bonds given by (see bonds).

OFFICERS, REGULARS OR VOUNTEERS, who served in Civil War and War with Mexico, bill to grant pensions to certain enlisted men, soldiers, sailors and (see pensions).

OFFICERS shall act in person and not by deputy, bill to amend act relating to settlement of public accounts by providing that powers imposed shall be exercised by concurrent action as a board of all the officers named and that said (see accounts).

OFFICES OUTSIDE OF CAPITOL BUILDINGS when necessary accommodation of any department, bill to authorize Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings to rent (see Board).

OFFICIAL ADVERTISING, bill amending act regulating to government of cities of second class by regulating (see cities).

OFFICIAL ARBITRATORS in counties having over one million population, supplement to act relative to arbitration providing for election of three (see arbitration).

OFFICIAL BALLOT, bill to authorize names of candidates for Senators in Congress to be placed on (see Senators).

OFFICIAL BOND OF REGISTER OF WILLS in certain counties by removing restriction as to population of counties affected by act, bill to amend act relating to (see counties).

OFFICIAL STENOGRAPHER of court whereby they are employed to take notes of the proceedings, bill to amend act relating to court stenographers so as to provide that certain officers shall employ an (see stenographers).

OGDEN, CHARLES HENDERSON, nominated as Member of Board of Managers of Pennsylvania Reform School at Morganza, 1069.
Reported, 1074.
Confirmed, 1075.

OHIO VALLEY GENERAL HOSPITAL, McKees Rocks, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1134
Read in place in House by Mr. Robinson, 171.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 171.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2338.
Second reading, 2419.
Third reading and final passage, 2794.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

OHIO VALLEY GENERAL HOSPITAL—Continued.
In Senate (No. 1055)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2688.
First reading, 2711.
Second reading, 2918.
Third reading and final passage, 3093.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

OIL, bill to provide for storage and sale of linseed (see linseed).

OIL CITY HOSPITAL of Oil City, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1234
Read in place in House by Mr. Whitman, 112.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 112.
Reported with amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2343.
Second reading, 2437.
Third reading and final passage, 2827.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3479.
In Senate (No. 1149)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2664.
Reported without amendment, 2691.
First reading, 2715.
Second reading, 2925.
Third reading and final passage, 3111.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3402.

OIL from adjacent lands, bill to authorize State Forestry Reservation Commission to grant right of way over forestry reserves for transportation of (see Forestry).

OIL, joint resolution providing for issuing of invitation to neighboring States to conference with respect to taxing of (see taxing).

OIL, see petroleum,

OILS, to provide for better security of life and property from dangers of coal and petroleum
Read in place in House by Mr. Townsend, 303.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 303.

OILS, to provide standard of tests for illuminating
House Bill No. 633
Read in place in House by Mr. Schofield, 636.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 636.
Reported, with amendment, 1350.
First reading, 1414.
Second reading, 1539.
Third reading and final passage, 1795.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3355.
Signed by Speaker, 3480.
Remarks on, by
Shern, 1795.
Schofield, 1795.
In Senate (No. 1158.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1802.
Reported without amendment, 2885.
First reading, 2928.
Second reading, 3157.
Third reading and final passage, 3271.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3394.

OLD LADIES' HOME OF WISSINOMING, Philadelphia, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 917
Read in place in House by Mr. Abbott, 189.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 189.
Reported with amendment, 2236.
First reading, 2328.
Second reading, 2387.
Third reading and final passage, 2722.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3472.
In Senate (No. 850)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2655.
Reported without amendment, 2683.
First reading, 2702.
Second reading, 2904.
Third reading and final passage, 3054.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

OLEMARGARINE, butterine and other similar products by reducing amount of license fee, to amend act relating to manufacture and sale of
House Bill No. 487
Read in place in House by Mr. Keister, 689.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 689.
Reported without amendment, 1047.
First reading, 1093.
Second reading, 2083.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 2322.
Remarks on, by
Keister, 2322.

OLEOMARGARINE, butterine or similar products, to amend act relating to oleomargarine by further regulating composition and sale of
House Bill No. 586
Read in place in House by Mr. Halferty, 472.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 472.
Reported without amendment, 1303.
First reading, 1411.
Second reading and amended, 1528.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1953.
Resumed on third reading and postponed indefinitely, 2233, 2245.
Remarks on, by
Baldwin, R. J., 1953, 2245, 2246.
Halferty, 2233, 2234, 2246.
Ailman, 2234, 2235, 2246.
Hunter, J. N., 2235, 2246.
Mills, 2235.
Maurer, 2246.

OLEOMARGARINE LAWS, petitions presented for passage of amendments to (see petitions).

OLIVER, GEORGE T., nominated as candidate for United States Senator, in Senate, 6.
In House, 50.
Vote for and election of, in Senate, 71.
Vote for and election of, in House, 72.
Joint session held to compare vote, 77, 78, 81, 82.

OLIVER, JOHN C., Manager of Pennsylvania Reform School at Morganza, nominated, 24.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

OLMSTED, MARLIN E., Member of Board of Trustees of Pennsylvania State College, nominated, 23.
Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

OMNIBUS COMPANIES carrying passengers for hire within cities, bill to provide for incorporation and government of motor (see cities).

OPEN SEASON for game, bills relating to (see season)

OPEN SEASON for game birds, bill to amend act providing for protection of game, game quadrupeds and game birds so as to further restrict (see game).

OPERATIC COMPANIES, bill to regulate licensing of traveling theatrical or (see licensing).

OPERATION OF CERTAIN QUARRIES, bill to regulate (see quarries).

OPERATORS OF ALL VEHICLES, bill to regulate drivers and (see vehicles).

OPIUM, or any preparations containing said drug except in natural quantities in tea and coffee, bill to regulate sale of (see drugs).

OPOSSUMS, bill to regulate hunting and killing of raccoons, skunks and (see hunting).

OPTICIANS, petitions presented against legalizing (see petitions).

OPTIONAL INITIATIVE AND REFERENDUM system of legislation under certain conditions in all cities and boroughs, bill to provide for (see initiative).

OPTOMETRY bill, petitions presented against passage of (see petitions).

OPTOMETRY in State of Pennsylvania, to regulate practice of
Read in place in House by Mr. Rath, 437.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 437.

ORDER OF BUSINESS in House of Representatives, report of House Committee on Rules in reference to, 1095, 1614, 1850, 2184, 2517, 2948.

OSBORNE, BRYAN H., Trustee of State Hospital for Insane, at Warren, nominated, 61.
Reported, 129.
Confirmed, 132.

ORCHARDS for demonstration and experimental purposes, bill to provide for practical development of horticulture by establishing small model (see orchards).

ORDERS FOR PAYMENT OF ALIMONY in divorce, desertion and non-support proceedings, bill to limit (see alimony).

ORDERS IN CASE OF DEATH of drawer before payment, bill to authorize payment of savings bank (see payment).

ORDERS OF MAINTENANCE AND SUPPORT in all cases where order has been made for support of husband, wife, parent, child, grandparent or grandchild, bill to provide method for enforcing (see support).

ORDINANCE BOOK IN ANY BOROUGH, bill to provide for making of a new (see borough).

ORDINANCES, bill to provide for costs of proceedings and expenses of maintaining prisoners committed on charge of violation of (see costs).

ORDINANCES defining competency of workmen or laborers engaged in contract work for such city, bill to amend act dividing cities of this State into three classes by authorizing councils to pass (see cities).

ORDINANCES pertaining to affairs of counties, cities, boroughs, school districts or townships, bill to make certain requirements in regard to publication of (see publication).

ORDINANCES where same have not been published according to law or where proof of publication cannot be made, bill to enable boroughs to validate certain (see boroughs).

ORGANIZATION OF COURTS of justice, bill to repeal section 74 of act relative to (see courts).

ORGANIZATION OF LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENTS of municipal governments and for inauguration of mayors of cities, bill to fix time for (see cities).

ORGANS, leased, hired or conditionally sold, from levy or sale for rent, bill to repeal act to exempt pianos, melodeons and (see rent).

ORIGINAL WARRANTY TRACTS, bill to provide for relocating and marking at expense of proper county of all (see warranty).

ORPHANS and children of soldiers, sailors and marines, making appropriation for expenses of act relating to education and maintenance of destitute
House Bill No. 943
Read in place in House by Mr. Riebel, 303.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 303.
Reported without amendment, 2236.
First reading, 2329.
Second reading, 2391.
Third reading and final passage, 2731.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.
In Senate (No. 874)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2656.
Reported without amendment, 2683.
First reading, 2703.
Second reading, 2905.
Third reading and final passage, 3059.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

ORPHANS, and destitute children, making appropriation to carry out provisions of acts relating to education and maintenance of
Read in place in House by Mr. Riebel, 95.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 95.

ORPHANS and destitute children, making appropriation to carry out provisions of acts relating to education and maintenance of
Senate Bill No. 86
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Hays, 102.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 102.
Reported without amnedment, 241.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 275.

ORPHANS ASYLUM OF HOLY FAMILY located at Emsworth in County of Allegheny, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1037
Read in place in House by Mr. Alter, 473.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 473.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2334.
Second reading, 2406.
Third reading and final passage, 2762.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.
In Senate (No. 966)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2707.
Second reading, 2912.
Third reading and final passage, 3075.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

ORPHANS' COURTS by vesting appointment of first assistant clerk of said courts in respective judges thereof in certain counties, bill to amend act relating to (see courts).

ORPHANS' COURTS for payment of debts, relating to private sales of real estate approved by
House Bill No. 662
Read in place in House by Mr. Frey, 1282.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1282.
Reported without amendment, 1469.
First reading, 1500.
Second reading and amended, 2090.
Third reading and amended, 2562.
Final passage, 2939.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3529.
Signed by Speaker, 3588.
In Senate (No. 1166)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2901.
Reported without amendment, 3050.
First reading, 3174.
Second reading, 3290.
Third reading and final passage, 3386.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3537.

ORPHANS' COURTS OVER ESTATES held by a feme covert to her sole and separate use, bill to confer jurisdiction on the several (see estates).

ORPHANS' COURTS so as to permit accounts of guardians of minors' property to be examined and audited in certain way, bill to amend act relating to (see guardians).

ORPHANS' COURTS, supplement, allowing trust companies under supervision of Banking Department to act as guardians of minors, to act relating to (see minors).

ORPHANS' COURTS when balance for distribution in an estate after debts are paid includes stocks, bonds and other securities to make distribution of same to parties entitled thereto, bill to authorize (see estate).

OSTEOPATHY by providing final day for registration, to amend act relating to practice of
Senate Bill No. 139
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 290.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 290.
Reported without amendment, 340.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 386.
Re-reported with amendment, 456.
Recommitted to Committee, 502.
Re-reported with amendment, 903.
Second reading, 952.
Over in its order, 999.
Third reading and final passage, 1070.
Returned from House with amendments, 1802.
Concurred in House amendments, 1803.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1855.
Approved by Governor, 2441.
In House (No. 519)
Referred to Committee on ———, 1097.
Reported without amendment from Committee on Judiciary Special, 1169.
First reading, 1241.
Second reading and amended, 1507.
Thrid reading and final passage, 1792.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 1933.
Signed by Speaker, 2050.

OSTEOPATHY by providing for issuing of certificates for license to practice, to amend act regulating the practice of

Senate Bill No. 214
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Kline, 402.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 402.
Reported without amendment, 539.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 633.
Re-reported without amendment, 995.
Recommitted to Committee, 1074.
Re-reported with amendment, 1424.
Second reading, 1442.
Third reading and final passage, 1586.

In House (No. 896)
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 1678.
Reported without amendment, 2054.
First reading, 2196.
Second reading, 2396.
Defeated on third reading, 3359.

Remarks on, by
Ulerich, 3359.
Schad, 3359.
Keister, 3359.

OUTDOOR ADVERTISING, bills relating to (see advertising).

OUTDOOR ADVERTISING, concerning licensing, regulation or suppression of bill boards, signs and other

Senate Bill No. 143
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 345.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 345.
Reported without amendment, 346.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 387.
Re-reported without amendment, 755.
Second reading, 798.
Over in its order, 833.
Re-reported with amendment, 1279.
Over in its order, 1320.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 1423.

OUTLINES in certain parts of streams inhabited by trout, bill to authorize Commissioner of Fisheries to issue permits to use fyke nets and (see Fisheries).

OUTSIDE OF CAPITOL BUILDINGS when necessary for accommodation of any department, bill to authorize Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings to rent offices (see Board).

OUTSTANDING LIABILITY LOSSES OF INSURANCE COMPANIES transacting business of insuring anyone against damage resulting from injury suffered by an employe or other person for which persons insured is liable, bill to provide reserve for (see insurance).

OVERSEERS OF POOR, bill to fix time for election and terms of office of (see directors).

OVERSEERS OF POOR in townships of second class by requiring upon petition cemeteries to be maintained, bill to enlarge powers of (see townships).

OWNER by extending same to other cases of escheat, bill to amend act regulating escheats in cases where property is without a lawful (see escheats).

OWNERS of animals or vehicles, bill to provide for protection of (see vehicles).

OWNERS OF COAL RIGHTS to remove overlying strata and deposit it on land adjacent to opening of mine, bill to permit (see mine).

OWNERS of property abutting on sidewalks in townships of the first class to keep said sidewalks in repair and clear of obstruction, bill to require (see sidewalks).

OWNERS thereof and to provide that delivery of same shall not constitute a sale thereof, to provide for registration of bottles and containers and to prohibit use of same without written consent of

House Bill No. 565
Read in place in House by Mr. Shern, 1115.
Referred to Committee on Manufactures, 1115.
Reported without amendment, 1213, 1214.
First reading, 1243.
Second reading, 1523, 1524.
Third reading and amended, 1939.
Final passage, 2057.

OWNERS—Continued.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 2935.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 2935.
Signed by Speaker, 3183.

In Senate (No. 716)
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 2154.
Reported with amendment, 2216.
First reading, 2287.
Second reading and amended, 2466, 2467.
Over in its order, 2544.
Third reading and final passage, 2611.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 2902.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3116.

OYSTERS unfit for food, bill to regulate shipment of oysters and prevent use of (see shipment).

PACKAGES or other receptacles containing food shall be marked with true weight of contents thereof, bill to provide that all (see contents).

PAGES OF HOUSE of Representatives, for services rendered during the session, resolution (House) by Blair, thanking 3613.

PAGES OF HOUSE of Representatives, resolution (House) by Keister, granting leave of absence to 2085.

PAID FOR WORK performed by them in production of marketable material, bill to protect coal miners in being (see miners).

PAINT, to prevent deception in sale of

House Bill No. 425
Read in place in House by Mr. Alter, 142.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 142.
Reported without amendment, 1015.
Second reading, 1369.
Second reading, 1369.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 1674.
Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 1682.
Resumed and passed finally, 1698.

Remarks on, by
Alter, 1698, 1699.
Dearden, 1699.

In Senate
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1709.

PALM, making appropriation for money expended on Company F, 208th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers by Hard C.

Senate Bill No. 83
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Manbeck, 150.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 150.
Reported without amendment, 241.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 275.

PAMPHLET LAWS, bill in relation to printing of appropriation bills in (see appropriation).

PANAMA CANAL be fortified, joint resolution expressing wish of citizens of Pennsylvania that

House Bill No. 64
Read in place in House by Mr. Magee, 96.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 96.
Reported without amendment, 188.
First reading, 206.
Second reading, 235.
Third reading and final passage, 308.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2947.
Signed by Speaker, 3182.

In Senate (No. 766)
Referred to Committtee on Judiciary General, 299.
Reported without amendment, 2524.
First reading, 2552.
Second reading, 2693.
Third reading and final passage, 2895.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3114.

PANAMA CANAL in Hall of House of Representatives, resolution (House) by Wilson, requesting Col. Goethal to deliver illustrated lecture on, 211.
Communication from Col. Goethal read, 690.

PANAMA EXPOSITION AT NEW ORLEANS, concurrent resolution (House) by Connell, in reference to holding, 127.
Referred to Committee on Centennial Affairs, 127.

PANAMA EXPOSITION AT SAN FRANCISCO, concurrent resolution (House) by Bentley, in reference to holding, 148.
Referred to Committee on Centennial Affairs, 148.

PANAMA-PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION Commission, making appropriation to establish the
Read in place in House by Mr. Bentley, 717.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 717.

PANAMA-PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION to be held in San Francisco in 1915, joint resolution to provide for participation of Pennsylvania in

House Bill No. 690
Read in place in House by Mr. Bentley, 1238.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1238.
Reported without amendment, 1470.
First reading, 1502.
Second reading, 2102.
Recommitted to Committee,
Re-reported without amendment, 2570.
Third reading and final passage, 2833.
Returned from House without amendment, 3232.
Signed by Speaker, 3479.

In Senate (No. 832)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2654.
Reported without amendment, 2682.
First reading, 2701.
Second reading, 2887.
Third reading and final passage, 3050.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3394.

PANAMA-PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION, to create a commission to have charge of an exhibit at
Read in place in House by Mr. Stein, 472.
Referred to Committee on Centennial Affairs, 472.

PANCOAST MINE DISASTER, making appropriation to Relief Committee of
Read in place in House by Mr. Haggerty, 1398.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1398.

PANDERING, defining and prohibiting

House Bill No. 435
Read in place in House by Mr. Ferguson, 209.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 209.
Reported without amendment, 1016.
First reading, 1090.
Second reading and amended, 1372.
Second reading, 1372.
Final passage, 1838.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3331.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3331.
Signed by Speaker, 3481.

In Senate (No. 643)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1805.
Reported without amendment, 1899.
First reading, 2013.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee on Judiciary General, 2179.
Re-reported without amendment, 2445.
Vote on second reading reconsidered and amendments submitted but not agreed to, 2546.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 2606.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 2615.
Resumed, vote on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 2898.
Final passage, 3137.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3279.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3394.

Remarks on, by
Salus, 2546, 2547.

PANDERING, to define and prohibit
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Martin, 608.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 608.

PANTHER CREEK VALLEY HOSPITAL and for transfer of said hospital under certain conditions to Commonwealth, to provide for examination of

House Bill No. 556
Read in place in House by Mr. Klingerman, 688.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 688.
Reported with amendment, 1213.
First reading, 1243.
Second reading, 1517.

PANTHER CREEK VALLEY HOSPITAL—Continued.
Third reading and final passage, 1930.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2312.
Signed by Speaker, 2588.

In Senate (No. 644)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1898.
Reported without amendment, 1899.
First reading, 2013.
Second reading, 2179.
Third reading and final passage, 2208.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2522.

PANTHER CREEK VALLEY HOSPITAL, Coaldale, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1049
Read in place in House by Mr. Klingerman, 437.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 437.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2334.
Second reading, 2408.
Third reading and final passage, 2766.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.

In Senate (No. 977)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2707.
Second reading, 2912.
Third reading and final passage, 3077.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

"PAOLI PARADE GROUND," making appropriation for certain improvements to the

Senate Bill No. 324
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Thomson, 607.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 607.
Reported without amendment, 755.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 806.
Re-reported without amendment, 2215.
Second reading, 2280.
Third reading and final passage, 2454.

In House
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2571.

PAPER, bill to regulate sale of cigarettes and cigarette (see cigarettes).

PAPERS NOT NEEDED, bill to amend act creating a division of State Library for preservation of public records by permitting various State Departments to deposit all (see division).

PARADISE PROTECTORY AND AGRICULTURAL SCHOOL at Paradise Township, York County, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1083
Read in place in House by Mr. Dale, 415.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 415.
Reported with amendment, 2240.
First reading, 2336.
Second reading, 2412.
Third reading and final passage, 2777.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.

In Senate (No. 1007)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.
Reported without amendment, 2687.
First reading, 2709.
Second reading, 2915.
Third reading and final passage, 3083.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

PARADISE PROTECTORY AND AGRICULTURAL SCHOOL at Paradise Township, York County, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Washers, 402.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 402.

PARDEE, I. P., Trustee of State Hospital of Middle Coal Field, at Hazleton, nominated, 24.
Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

PARDONS AND COMMUTATIONS, communication from Governor in reference to reasons for, presented to Senate 10.
Presented to House, 53.
In Appendix, 3658.

PARENTS OF THE CHILD, bill amending act relating to care of dependent children by enforcing order of support made upon (see children).

PARENTS OR LEGAL GUARDIANS, bill to make it unlawful for any person to employ an apprentice without having obtained consent of apprentice's (see apprentices).

PARK AT SPOT WHERE WASHINGTON CROSSED DELAWARE, resolutions of National Society of Sons of American Revolution, pertaining to proposed establishment of national,
Presented to Senate, 9.
Read in Senate, 9.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 9.
Presented to House, 53.
Read in House, 53.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 53.

PARK COMMISSION or any other body having charge of parks in such cities, bill to authorize cities of first class to place care of boulevards and parkways under any (see cities).

PARK IN CITY OF HARRISBURG, to provide for extension of Capitol
Read in place in House by Mr. Tunis, 362.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 362.

PARK IN CITY OF HARRISBURG, to provide for extension of Capitol
Senate Bill No. 159
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox, 339.
Referred to Committe on Appropriations, 339.
Reported without amendment, 374.
First reading, 413.
Second reading, 467.
Third reading and amended, 496.
Final passage, 542.
Returned from House with amendments, 3379.
Concurred in House amendments, 3379.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3403.
Remarks on, by
Fox, 545, 544, 545.
In House No. 1280
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 584.
Reported with amendment, 2473.
First reading, 2561.
Second reading, 2838.
Third reading and postponed for present, 2992.
Resumed and passed finally, 3326.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 3530.
Signed by Speaker, 3589.
Remarks on, by
Tunis, 3326, 3327, 3328, 3329, 3330.
Rockwell, 3327.
Carroll, 3327, 3328.
Ailman, 3328.
Shreve, 3328.
Dearden, 3328.
Speer, 3328, 3329.
Magee, 3329.
Rider, 3329.
Baldwin, R. J., 3329.
Ward, Wm. Jr., 3329.
Robinson, V. Gilpin, 3329, 3330.

PARKS LANDS heretofore acquired outside of borough limits, bill to authorize boroughs to lay out and maintain as public (see boroughs).

PARKS and authorizing appointment of State Park Commission to define purposes, limitations and uses of State
House Bill No. 698
Read in place in House by Mr. North, 1398.
Referred to Committee on Public Grounds and Buildings, 1398.
Reported with amendment, 1499.
First reading, 1618.
Second reading, 2104.
Third reading and final passage, 2598.
Remarks on, by
Ailman, 2599.
North, 2599.
In Senate
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2555.

PARKS OR PICNIC GROUNDS by requiring prosecutions thereunder to be brought before magistrate or mayor of place wherein offence occurs, bill to amend act relating to disorderly conduct by persons on railway cars or in (see disorderly).

PAROLE, bill amending, so as to restrict exception of rape, act relating to release of certain convicts on (see rape).

PAROLE of certain convicts, to authorize and provide for release on
House Bill No. 360
Read in place in House by Mr. Abbott, 303.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 303.
Reported with amendment, 819.
First reading, 901.
Second reading and amended, 1054.
Third reading and final passage, 1345.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3355.
Signed by Speaker, 3481.
In Senate (No. 815)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1421.
Reported without amendment, 2603.
First reading, 2926.
Second reading, 3155.
Third reading and final passage, 3268.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3394.

PAROLE of certain convicts, to repeal act relating to release on
Read in place in House by Mr. Abbott, 155.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 155.

PAROLE of convicts in certain cases, supplement to act relating to release on
Read in place in House by Mr. Ferguson, 123.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 123.

PAROLE of persons acquitted on grounds of insanity, bill to permit release on (see release).

PAROLE, to amend act relating to release of certain convicts on
Read in place in House by Mr. Stein, 362.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 362.

PAROLE to extend powers of judges of certain courts in relation to releasing prisoners on
House Bill No. 383
Read in place in House by Mr. Ferguson, 472.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 472.
Reported without amendment, 881.
First reading, 902.
Second reading, 1059.
Third reading and final passage, 1355.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2311.
Signed by Speaker, 2587.
In Senate (No. 670)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1421.
Reported without amendment, 1999.
First reading, 2182.
Second reading, 2213.
Third reading and final passage, 2272.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2522.

PARSONAGES erected on grounds annexed to and necessary to places of stated worship, bill to amend act relating to exemption from taxation of public property by exempting (see taxation).

PARTRIDGE and Hungarian partridge, killed either within or without Commonwealth except as specially provided for by law, bill to amend act relating to protection of game by making it unlawful to sell quail, commonly called Virginia (see game).

PARTRIDGE until October 14, 1916, bill making it unlawful to kill or be in possession of (see quail).

PARTY SQUARES ON BALLOTS, bill to prohibit use of (see ballots).

PARTY to be entered on registration lists opposite name of elector, bill to require name of proper political (see registration).

PASSAVANT MEMORIAL HOME for care of Epileptics at Rochester, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 975
Read in place in House by Mr. George A. Baldwin, 121.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 121.
Reported with amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2331.

PASSAVANT MEMORIAL HOME—Continued.
Second reading, 2396.
Third reading and final passage, 2742.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.
In Senate (No. 905)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2684.
First reading, 2704.
Second reading, 2908.
Third reading and final passage, 3065.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

PASSENGER CARS ON STREET RAILWAYS to be equipped with toilet facilities, bill to require (see railway companies).

PASSENGER'S CONTROL OF BERTHS in sleeping cars and the relative charges to be paid therefor, bill to provide for (see berths).

PASSENGERS FOR HIRE, bill to prevent frauds against carriers of (see frauds).

PASSENGERS OF STREET RAILWAY CARS, bill providing for safety of (see railways).

PAST JUSTICES of Supreme Court, bill making appropriation for portraits of (see justices).

"PATENT" AND "PROPRIETARY" MEDICINES, bill to regulate manufacture and sale of (see medicines).

PATENTS HAVE BEEN ISSUED, bill to provide for cancellation of certain liens, bonds and mortgages now held by Department of Internal Affairs on lands on which (see cancellation).

PATIENTS IN A STATE HOSPITAL, bills relating to (see State Hospital).

PATIENTS IN SELECTION OF PHYSICIANS and surgeons not conected with said institutions, bill to prohibit hospitals and other institutions receiving State aid from restricting pay (see hospitals).

PATIENTS therein and permit their treatment, bill to require hospitals receiving State aid to admit (see hospitals).

PATTON, WILLIAM A., Commissioner of Valley Forge, nominated, 24.
Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

PAUPER INJURED OR SICK, bill to empower officers of poor districts to appropriate money to certain corporations for relief of (see poor districts).

PAUPERS NOT RESIDING IN POOR-HOUSE in said district, bill to amend act relating to poor-house at Pittston, by authorizing increase in amount of relief that may be granted to (see poor-house).

PAVING OF SIDEWALKS and setting curbstones in townships of first class, bill to regulate (see township).

PAVING OF STREETS IN BOROUGHS, bills relating to (see boroughs).

PAVING OF STREETS IN TOWNSHIPS of first class, bills relating to (see townships).

PAWNBROKERS or any employe from making loans to or receiving pledges from minors under age of sixteen years, to prohibit
House Bill No. 404
Read in place in House by Mr. Fitzgerald, 591.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 591.
Reported without amendment, 884.
First reading, 924.
Second reading, 1062.
Third reading and final passage, 1478.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2843.
Signed by Speaker, 2942.
In Senate (No. 722)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1550.
Reported without amendment, 2219.
First reading, 2288.
Second reading, 2469.
Third reading and final passage, 2545.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2903.

PAWNBROKERS, regulating
Read in place in House by Mr. McInerney, 200.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 200.

PAWNBROKERS, to regulate business of
Read in place in House by Mr. McInerney, 200.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 200.

PAXTON CREEK, bill to repeal that portion of act to incorporate City of Harrisburg which requires Dauphin County to pay damages caused by straightening or changing bed of (see Dauphin).

PAY AND HALF-PAY, bill to amend act relating to removal from office for disability of judges of various courts, by making certain provisions in regard to their (see judges).

PAY AND MILEAGE OF JURY COMMISSIONERS, bill to amend act relating to selection of jurors by increasing (see jury).

PAY AND MILEAGE OF TEACHERS attending annual county institutes, bill to regulate (see teachers).

PAY AND MILEAGE OF VIEWERS and surveyors in proceedings for damages to real property taken by any railroad, bill to fix (see railroad).

PAY BILL, petitions presented for two weeks' (see petitions).

PAY OF CERTAIN OFFICERS IN LEHIGH COUNTY, bills relating to (see Lehigh).

PAY OF ELECTION OFFICERS, bills to regulate (see election).

PAY OF JURORS AND WITNESSES in attendance upon the several Courts, to fix
Read in place in House by Mr. McGowan, 210.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 210.

PAY OF JURORS AND WITNESSES in Bedford County, bill to repeal act to increase (see Bedford).

PAY OF JURORS AND WITNESSES in certain counties, bill to repeal so far as it applies to Dauphin County act to increase (see Dauphin).

PAY OF JURORS AND WITNESSES in County of Lancaster to repeal act to increase
House Bill No. 44
Read in place in House by Mr. Rhoads, 96.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 96.
Reported without amendment, 146.
First reading, 158.
Second reading, 195.
Third reading and final passage, 205.
In Senate
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 228.

PAY OF JURORS AND WITNESSES in County of Lancaster to repeal act to increase
Senate Bill No. 8
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Homsher, 89.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 89.
Reported without amendment, 129.
First reading, 153.
Second reading, 169.
Third reading and final passage, 184.
Returned by House without amendment, 388.
Signed by President, 404.
Approved by Governor, 456.
In House (No. 92)
Referred to Committee on, 196.
Reported without amendment, 251.
First reading, 321.
Second reading, 329.
Third reading and final passage, 395.
Signed by Speaker, 418.

PAY OF JURORS AND WITNESSES in this Commonwealth, amending act to increase
Senate Bill No. 155
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Huffman, 223.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 223.
Reported with amendment, 373.
First reading, 413.
Second reading, 467.
Third reading and final passage, 496.
Returned from House with amendments, 1803.
Concurred in House amendments, 1803.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1855.
Approved by Governor, 2152.
In House (No. 462)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 584.
Reported without amendment, 1027.
First reading, 1091.

'AY OF JURORS AND WITNESSES—Continued.
Second reading, 1386.
Third reading and amended, 1752.
Final passage, 1793.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 1933.
Signed by Speaker, 2050.

'AY OF JURORS AND WITNESSES in this Commonwealth by making one general per diem rate of pay, amendment to act to increase
Read in place in House by Mr. Abbott, 304.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 304.

'AY OF JURORS AND WITNESSES in this Commonwealth, supplement, so as to make one general per diem rate, to act relating to
House Bill No. 304
Read in place in House by Mr. Kinney, 210.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 210.
Reported without amendment, 716.
First reading, 752.
Second reading, 878.
Third reading and final passage, 1250.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1759.
Signed by Speaker, 1852.
Vetoed by Governor, 2192.
Sustained Governor's veto, 2192.
In Senate (No. 533)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1235.
Reported without amendment, 1442.
First reading, 1606.
Second reading, 1652.
Third reading and final passage, 1723.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1824.

'AY OF JURORS AND WITNESSES in this Commonwealth, to increase the
House Bill No. 12.
Read in place in House by Mr. Reno, 105.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 105.
Reported without amendment, 115.
First reading, 125.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 143.

'AY OF JURORS AND WITNESSES, bill to repeal so far as it applies to Montgomery County act increasing (see Montgomery).

'AYMENT BY PROPER COUNTY OF WITNESSES held in default of bail to appear and testify on behalf of Commonwealth, bill to provide for (see witnesses).

'AYMENT OF CHECKS, demand drafts and savings bank orders in case of the death of the drawer before payment, to authorize the
House Bill No. 81
Read in place in House by Mr. Rhoads, 124.
Referred to Committee on Banks and Banking, 124.
Reported without amendment, 250.
First reading, 320.
Defeated on second reading, 568.
Remarks on, by
Marvin, 568.

'AYMENT OF JUDGMENT for damages on all classes of trespass claims, bill to authorize tender of (see trespass).

'AYMENT OF ROAD TAX by work on public roads, bill to amend act relating to road supervisors in townships of second class by providing that any township may by a majority vote of electors thereof adopt a system of (see township).

'AYMENT OF WAGES every two weeks, bill to provide for (see wages).

'AYMENT ON CHECKS when there shall be insufficient funds to meet same, bill to regulate (see checks).

'AYMENT TO CITIZENS WHO VOLUNTEERED in defense of the State either in 1862 or 1873, bill to provide for annual (see appropriation).

'AYMENTS ON CONDITIONAL SALES or on bailments with right to purchase, bill to regulate method of instalment (see instalment).

PEACE BETWEEN ENGLISH SPEAKING PEOPLES, concurrent resolution (House) by Howard, in reference to Celebration of One Hundredth Anniversary of, 689.
Resolution referred to Committee on Federal Relations, 690.
Reported without amendment, considered and agreed to, 1097.
Returned from Senate, concurred in, 2024.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, in Senate, 1102.
Reported without amendment, considered and agreed to, 2005.
Approved by Governor, 2558.

PEARSON in regard to foot and mouth disease as a bulletin of Department of Agriculture, to provide for publication of report of late Doctor Leonard
Senate Bill No. 409
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 700.
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 700.
Reported without amendment, 995.
First reading, 1079.
Second reading, 1110.
Third reading and final passage, 1176.
Returned from House with amendments, 2217.
Concurred in House amendments, 2218.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2523.
In House (No. 584)
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 1204.
Reported without amendment, 1303.
First reading, 1411.
Second reading, 1527.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1952.
Resumed on third reading and amended, 2194.
Final passage, 2255.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 2311.
Signed by Speaker, 2589.
Remarks on, by
Keister, 2255.
Reel, 2255.

PECK, V. W., Member of Board of Osteopathic Examiners for Pennsylvania, nominated, 25.

PEIRIE, GEORGE G., Member of Board of Registration Commissioners in and for the City of Philadelphia, nominated, 26.
Reported, 3377.
Confirmed, 3414, 3415.

PENALTY as punishment for crime be executed in penitentiaries, to provide that death
Read in place in House by Mr. Holland, 97.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 97.

PENALTY FOR MURDER of first degree, to fix
House Bill No. 107
Read in place in House by Mr. Morris, 112.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 112.
Reported with amendment, 301.
First reading, 322.
Second reading and amended, 333.
Third reading and postponed for present, 430.
Resumed and recommitted to Committee, on Appropriations, 446.
Re-reported with amendment,
Third reading and final passage, 599.
In Senate (No. 467)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 610.
Reported with amendment, 1253.
First reading, 1324.
Second reading, 1421.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 1438.
Vote on final passage, reconsidered, 1656.
Resumed on final passage and defeated, 1656.
Remarks on, by
Herbst, 1438.

PENALTY IN CAPITAL CASES, to regulate infliction of death
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Herbst, 130.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 130.

PENALTY in this and in other States and countries, concurrent resolution (Senate) by McConnell, authorizing appointment of commission to investigate method of inflicting death, 3416.
Resolution returned by House, 3457.
Concurred in by House, 3531.

PENALTY shall be death or life imprisonment, bill to require jurors in homicide cases where verdict rendered is "guilty of murder in first degree" to add whether (see verdict).

PENALTY, to regulate infliction of death

Senate Bill No. 19
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Clark, 89.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 89.
Reported with amendment, 165.
First reading, 185.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 226.
Re-reported with amendment, 540.
Third reading and final passage, 612.
Returned from House with amendments, 3116.
Non-concurred in House amendments, 3117.
Returned from House with adherence to amendments non-concurred in by Senate, 3283.
Conference committee appointed, 3283.

Remarks on, by
Herbst, 3117.
Wilbert, 3117.

In House (No. 779)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 696.
Reported without amendment, 1748.
First reading, 1831.
Recommitted to Committee, 1937.
Re-reported without amendment, 2023.
Second reading and amended, 2351.
Third reading and final passage, 2831.
Returned from Senate with House amendments non-concurred in, 3319.
Conference committee appointed, 3319.
Returned from Senate with adherence to its amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3472.

PENITENTIARIES, bill to provide that death penalty as a punishment for crime be executed in (see penalty).

PENITENTIARY making appropriation for a new Western Penitentiary and authorizing removal of inmates of present penitentiary to the new

House Bill No. 99
Read in place in House by Mr. Alter, 142.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 142.
Reported without amendment, 300.
First reading, 321.
Second reading, 330.
Recommitted to Committee, 337.
Re-reported with amendment, 636.
Over in its order, 693.
Third reading and final passage, 721.
Returned from Senate with amendment, 857.
Concurred in Senate amendment, 857.
Signed by Speaker, 879.
Approved by Governor, 1085.

Remarks on, by
Alter, 857.

In Senate (No. 317)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 705.
Reported without amendment, 707.
First reading, 774.
Second reading and amended, 803.
Third reading and final passage, 835.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 843.
Signed by President pro tempore, 844.

PENN ASYLUM FOR INDIGENT WIDOWS AND SINGLE WOMEN at Philadelphia, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 926
Read in place in House by Mr. Curry, 252.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 252.
Reported without amendment, 2236.
First reading, 2329.
Second reading, 2388.
Third reading and final passage, 2725.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.

In Senate (No. 857)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2656.
Reported without amendment, 2683.
First reading, 2702.
Second reading, 2904.
Third reading and final passage, 3056.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

PENN'S OWN COPY OF MAP which fixed boundaries States in 1685, making appropriation for purchase Wm.

Senate Bill No. 292
Read in place in Seate by Mr. Wolf, 608.
Referred to Committee on Public Printing, 608.
Reported without amendment, 664.
First reading, 712.
Second reading, 770.
Recommitted to Committee, 795.
Re-reported with amendment, 903.
Third reading and final passage, 946.
Returned from House without amendment, 2265.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2523.

In House (No. 638)
Referred to Committee on Printing, 971.
Reported without amendment, 1350.
First reading, 1414.
Second reading, 1540.
Third reading and final passage, 2257.
Signed by Speaker, 2589.

PENNSYLVANIA ASSOCIATION FOR BLIND, making a propriation to

Senate Bill No. 441
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 941.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 941.
Reported without amendment, 1100.
First reading, 1181.
Recommitted to Committee, 1210.

PENNSYLVANIA COMMISSIONERS for promotion of u formity of legislation in United States, bill maki appropriation for expenses of (see legislation).

PENNSYLVANIA COMMISSION to erect Eastern Pennsylv nia State Institution for Feeble-Minded and E leptic, report of
Presented to Senate, 3382.

PENNSYLVANIA EPILEPTIC HOSPITAL AND COLON FARM, Chester County, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 970
Read in place in House by Mr. William H. H. Dav 135.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 135.
Reported with amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2331.
Second reading, 2395.
Third reading and final passage, 2740.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.

In Senate (No. 900)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2684.
First reading, 2704.
Second reading, 2907.
Third reading and final passage, 3064.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

PENNSYLVANIA EPILEPTIC HOSPITAL AND COLON FARM, Chester County, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 59
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Thomson, 118.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 118.
Reported without amendment, 240.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 272.

PENNSYLVANIA HOME TEACHING SOCIETY AND FRE CIRCULATING LIBRARY FOR BLIND, making a propriation to

House Bill No. 936
Read in place in House by Mr. Clarency, 231.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 231.
Reported with amendment, 2236.
First reading, 2329.
Second reading, 2390.
Third reading and final passage, 2728.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.

In Senate (No. 867)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2656.
Reported without amendment, 2683.
First reading, 2702.
Second reading, 2904.
Third reading and final passage, 3058.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

PENNSYLVANIA INDUSTRIAL REFORMATORY at Huntingdon, for sewage disposal works, making appropriation to

Read in place in House by Mr. Horace B. Dunn, 209.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 209.

PENNSYLVANIA INDUSTRIAL REFORMATORY at Huntingdon for special improvements relative to water system, making appropriation to

Read in place in House by Mr. Horace B. Dunn, 210.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 210.

PENNSYLVANIA INDUSTRIAL REFORMATORY, at Huntingdon, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1209
Read in place in House by Mr. Horace B. Dunn, 209.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 209.
Reported with amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2342.
Second reading, 2432.
Third reading and final passage, 2819.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3317.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3317.
Signed by Speaker, 3479.

In Senate (No. 1128)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2663.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2714.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2923.
Re-reported with amendment, 2930.
Third reading and final passage, 3107.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3282.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

PENNSYLVANIA INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL now located at Eagleville, Montgomery County, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1121
Read in place in House by Mr. Bartman, 156.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 156.
Reported with amendment, 2241.
First reading, 2338.
Second reading, 2417.
Third reading and final passage, 2790.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

In Senate (No. 1044)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2688.
First reading, 2711.
Second reading, 2917.
Third reading and final passage, 3091.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

PENNSYLVANIA INSTITUTION FOR DEAF AND DUMB, making general and special appropriation to

House Bill No. 961
Read in place in House by Mr. Dearden, 96.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 96.
Reported without amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2330.
Second reading, 2394.
Third reading and final passage, 2737.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.

In Senate (No. 891)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2684.
First reading, 2704.
Second reading, 2907.
Third reading and final passage, 3062.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

PENNSYLVANIA INSTITUTION FOR INSTRUCTION OF BLIND, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 932
Read in place in House by Mr. Gray, 959.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 959.
Reported with amendment, 2236.
First reading, 2329.
Second reading, 2389.
Third reading and final passage, 2727.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.

PENNSYLVANIA INSTITUTION FOR INSTRUCTION OF BLIND—Continued.

In Senate (No. 863)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2656.
Reported without amendment, 2683.
First reading, 2702.
Second reading, 2905.
Third reading and final passage, 3057.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

PENNSYLVANIA INSTITUTION FOR INSTRUCTION OF BLIND, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 904.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 904.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATIVE CORRESPONDENTS' ASSOCIATION for session of 1911, organization of
House notified, 92.
Senate notified, 102.

PENNSYLVANIA MEDICAL SOCIETY using Legislative Halls and Committee Rooms on September 25th, 26th, 27th and 28th, 1911, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Fox, in reference to, 151.
Resolution agreed to, 151.
Concurred in by House, 162.
Returned by House, 168.
Approved by Governor, 224.

PENNSYLVANIA MEMORIAL HOME AT BROOKVILLE, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 969
Read in place in House by Mr. North, 134.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 134.
Reported with amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2331.
Second reading, 2395.
Third reading and final passage, 2739.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.

In Senate (No. 899)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2684.
First reading, 2704.
Second reading, 2907.
Third reading and final passage, 3064.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

PENNSYLVANIA MUSEUM AND SCHOOL OF INDUSTRIAL ART of Philadelphia, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 928
Read in place in House by Mr. Bass, 134.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 134.
Reported with amendment, 2236.
First reading, 2329.
Second reading, 2388.
Third reading and final passage, 2726.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.

In Senate (No. 859)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2656.
Reported without amendment, 2683.
First reading, 2702.
Second reading, 2904.
Third reading and final passage, 3056.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

PENNSYLVANIA MUSEUM AND SCHOOL OF INDUSTRIAL ART of Philadelphia, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Salus, 130.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 131.

PENNSYLVANIA NAUTICAL SCHOOLSHIP located at Port of Philadelphia, making appropriation towards maintenance of

House Bill No. 934
Read in place in House by Mr. Shern, 104.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 104.
Reported with amendment, 2236.
First reading, 2329.
Second reading, 2389.
Third reading and final passage, 2728.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.

PENNSYLVANIA NAUTICAL SCHOOLSHIP—Continued.
In Senate (No. 865)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2656.
Reported without amendment, 2683.
First reading, 2702.
Second reading, 2905.
Third reading and final passage, 3057.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

PENNSYLVANIA ORAL SCHOOL FOR DEAF, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 991
Read in place in House by Mr. Ehrhardt, 112.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 112.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2332.
Second reading, 2398.
Third reading and final passage, 2747.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.
In Senate (No. 921)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2685.
First reading, 2705.
Second reading, 2909.
Third reading and final passage, 3068.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

PENNSYLVANIA PRISON SOCIETY, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. Reyburn, 141.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 141.

PENNSYLVANIA PRISON SOCIETY, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 117.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 117.

PENNSYLVANIA PROBATION COMMISSION, bill to provide for a commission to be known as "The (see Probation).

PENNSYLVANIA REFORM SCHOOL at Morganza and granting its managers authority to raze old buildings, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1215
Read in place in House by Mr. Holland, 718.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 718.
Reported with amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2342.
Second reading, 2433.
Third reading and final passage, 2821.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3470.
Non-concurred in Senate amendments, 3470.
Returned from Senate with amendments adhered to and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3487.
Conference Committee appointed, 3487.
Conference Committee report considered and adopted, 3597.
Returned from Senate with Conference Committee report adopted, 3600.
Signed by Speaker, 3609.
In Senate (No. 1133)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2663.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2715.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2924.
Re-reported with amendment, 2930.
Third reading and amended, 3051.
Over in its order. 3265.
Final passage, 3289.
Returned from House with Senate amendments non-concurred in and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3380.
Conference committee appointed, 3380.
Returned from House with adherence to its amendments and notice of appointment of Conference Committee, 3409.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3537.

PENNSYLVANIA REFORM SCHOOL at Morganza and granting its managers authority to raze old buildings, making appropriation to
Read in place Senate by Mr. Judson, 665.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 665.

PENNSYLVANIA SCHOOL OF HORTICULTURE FO WOMEN at Ambler, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. Bartman, 960.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 960.

PENNSYLVANIA SCHOOL OF HORTICULTURE FO WOMEN at Ambler, making appropriation to
Senate Bill No. 438
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Heacock, 941.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 941.
Reported without amendment, 1099.
First reading, 1181.
Recommitted to Committee, 1210.

PENNSYLVANIA SEAMAN'S FUND SOCIETY, of Philadelphia, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 945
Read in place in House by Mr. Conrade, 124.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 124.
Reported wthout amendment, 2236.
First reading, 2330.
Second reading, 2391.
Third reading and final passage, 2731.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.
In Senate (No. 875)
Referred to Committee on Apropriations, 2656.
Reported without amendment, 2683.
First reading, 2703.
Second reading, 2906.
Third reading and final passage, 3059.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

PENNSYLVANIA SOCIETY TO PROTECT CHILDRE FROM CRUELTY, of Philadelphia, making appropri tion to
House Bill No. 933
Read in place in House by Mr. Townsend, 95.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 95.
Reported with amendment, 2236.
First reading, 2329.
Second reading, 2389.
Third reading and final passage, 2727.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.
In Senate (No. 864)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2656.
Reported without amendment, 2683.
First reading, 2702.
Second reading, 2905.
Third reading and final passage, 3057.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

PENNSYLVANIA SOCIETY TO PROTECT CHILDRE FROM CRUELTY, of Philadelphia, making appropri tion to
Senate Bill No. 64
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Salus, 90.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 90.
Reported without amendment, 240.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 273.

PENNSYLVANIA SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' HOME at E making appropriation to Board of Trustees of
House Bill No. 1045
Read in place in House by Mr. Holland, 189.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 189.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2334.
Second reading, 2407.
Third reading and final passage, 2765.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.
In Senate (No. 974)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2707.
Second reading, 2912.
Third reading and final passage, 3077.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

PENNSYLVANIA SOLDIERS' ORPHANS' INDUSTRI SCHOOL, bill making appropriation for expenses of regulating education and maintenance of chil in (see orphans).

PENNSYLVANIA STATE COLLEGE for college extension work, making appropriation to Trustees of
Read in place in House by Mr. Meyer, 436.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 436.

PENNSYLVANIA STATE COLLEGE, making appropriation to Trustees of Agricultural Experiment Station of

House Bill No. 1282
Read in place in House by Mr. Hibsman, 135.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 135.
Reported with amendment, 2569.
First reading, 2600.
Second reading, 2839.
Third reading and final passage, 2992.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3529.
Signed by Speaker, 3589.

In Senate (No. 1238)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3045.
Reported without amendment, 3121.
First reading, 3179.
Second reading, 3303.
Third reading and final passage, 3393.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3539.

PENNSYLVANIA STATE COLLEGE, petitions presented for appropriation to (see petitions).

PENNSYLVANIA STATE LIBRARY to maintain Reference Bureau in State Capitol, bill to authorize Trustees of (see Reference).

PENNSYLVANIA STATE MUSEUM and various divisions thereof and to create a Board of Trustees, bill to provide for establishment of (see Museum).

PENNSYLVANIA STATE VACCINATION COMMISSION, joint resoultion, providing for appointment of Commission to be known as (see Vaccination).

PENNSYLVANIA TRAINING SCHOOL FOR FEEBLE-MINDED CHILDREN at Elwyn, Delaware County, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1216
Read in place in House by Mr. Richard J. Baldwin, 391.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 391.
Reported with amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2342.
Recommitted to Committee, 2385.
Re-reported with amendment, 2516.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2835.
Re-reported from Committee,
Third reading and final passage, 3018.
Returned from Senate without amendment,
Signed by Speaker, 3530, 3589.

In Senate (No. 1217)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3046.
Reported without amendment, 3121.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 3178.
Re-reported without amendment, 3180.
Second reading, 3301.
Third reading and final passage, 3389.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3539.

PENNSYLVANIA TRAINING SCHOOL FOR FEEBLE-MINDED CHILDREN at Elwyn, Delaware County, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 189
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Sproul, 339.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 339.
Reported without amendment, 454.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 518.

PENNSYLVANIA VOLUNTEERS during War of Rebellion, bill making appropriation for purchase of historical works relative to (see histories).

PENNSYLVANIA WORKING HOME FOR BLIND MEN for maintenance in handicraft employment, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1284
Read in place in House by Mr. Walnut, 157.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 157.
Reported with amendment, 2586.
First reading, 2587.
Second reading, 2839.
Third reading and final passage, 2992.
Returned from Senate with amendment, 3490.
Concurred in Senate amendment, 3491.
Signed by Speaker, 3589.

PENNSYLVANIA WORKING HOME FOR BLIND MEN—Continued.

In Senate (No. 1214)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3045.
Reported without amendment, 3121.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 3178.
Re-reported with amendment, 3180.
Second reading, 3301.
Third reading and final passage, 3388.
Returned from House with Senate amendment concurred in, 3409.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3538.

PENNSYLVANIA WORKING HOME FOR BLIND MEN for maintenance in handicraft employment, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 150.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 150.

PENROSE, CHARLES B., nominated as Member of Advisory Board of Department of Health, 23.
Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

PENROSE, CHARLES B., nominated as Member of Board of Game Commissioners, 151.
Reported, 165.
Confirmed, 169.

PENSION BILL in United States Congress, petitions presented for endorsement of Sulloway (see petitions).

PENSION BILL, petitions presented for passage of Soldiers (see petitions).

PENSION BILL, resolutions presented for passage of Soldiers' (see resolutions).

PENSION LAWS to surviving officers of Civil War, concurrent resolution (House) No. 20 by Reno, recommending United States Congress to extend benefit of, 1368.
Resolution referred to Committee on Military, 1368.
Reported without amendment, 1948.

PENSION of eight dollars per month to Sadie Biggs, widow of Lewis Biggs, bill to grant (see Biggs).

PENSION to Arthur W. Rhenord of Wilkes-Barre, bill to grant (see Rhenord).

PENSION to Thomas R. Carson, late private of Company C, 6th Regiment, National Guard of Pennsylvania, bill to grant (see Carson).

PENSION to widow or nearest relative, concurrent resolution (House) No. 21 by Welch, requesting Congress in case of death of ex-soldier or sailor who received pension to grant said, 1409.
Resolution referred to Committee on Military, 1409.
Reported without amendment, 1948.

PENSIONING of deserving superannuated employes of jails, prisons and certain other institutions, to provide for the
Read in place in House by Mr. Keister, 361.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 361.

PENSIONING of soldiers, sailors and marines who served in Civil War, to provide for

House Bill No. 258.
Read in place in House by Mr. Dershem, 155.
Referred to Committee on Pensions and Gratuities, 155.
Reported with amendment, 688.
First reading, 749.
Second reading and amended, 861.
Third reading and final passage, 1159.

Remarks on, by
Rockwell, 861, 1159, 1160.
Dershem, 861.
Meyer, 1160.
Maurer, 1160.

In Senate
Referred to Committee on Pensions and Gratuities, 1174.
Resolution to discharge committee from further consideration of bill defeated, 2526.

PENSIONING OF SOLDIERS, sailors and marines who served in Civil War, to provide for
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Nulty, 223.
Referred to Committee on Pensions and Gratuities, 223.

PENSIONS, making appropriation to create a Bureau of Pensions and provide for certain

House Bill No. 486

Read in place in House by Mr. Reno, 304.
Referred to Committee on Military, 304.
Reported with amendment, 1047.
First reading, 1093.
Second reading, 2082.
Third reading and dropped from calendar, 2322.

PENSIONS or gratuities to dependents afflicted with blindness or loss of eye-sight, to provide for payment of

Read in place in House by Mr. Maurer, 735.
Referred to Committee on Pensions and Gratuities, 735.

PENSIONS to certain enlisted men in Civil War and War with Mexico, resolution (House) by Mills, approving Sulloway Bill in United States Congress granting, 211.

Duplicate presented by William B. Ward, 211.

PENSIONS to certain enlisted men in Civil War and War with Mexico, concurrent resolution No. 11 (Senate) by Catlin, approving Sulloway Bill in United States Congress granting, 223.

Resolution returned by House, 239.
Concurred in by House, 253.
Approved by Governor, 298.
Notice from Secretary of Commonwealth that certified copy of resolution has been forwarded to United States Senators read in Senate, 374.
In House, 400.

PENSIONS to certain enlisted men, soldiers, sailors and officers, regulars or volunteers, who served in Civil War and War with Mexico, to grant

Senate Bill No. 420

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Clark, 756.
Referred to Committee on Pensions and Gratuities, 756.
Reported without amendment, 1067.
Recommitted to Committee, 1113.

PENTECOST, ALEXANDER J., Manager of Pennsylvania Reform School at Morganza, nominated, 24.

PEOPLE'S CO-OPERATIVE HOSPITAL OF SAYRE, making appropriation to

Read in place in House by Mr. Mills, 111.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 111.

PERFORMANCES and of exhibitions of various kinds for amusement of public, bill to regulate all dramatic, theatrical or operatic (see amusement).

PERFORMANCES are held by fixing amount of licenses to be paid by circuses, menageries and museums, bill to amend act relating to licensing of places where certain (see licenses).

PERFORMANCES, bill to provide for licensing in cities of first class of dramatic (see cities).

PERMANENT ELECTION ROOM, bill to amend act regulating election of public officers by authorizing commissioners of each county to construct (see election).

PERMANENT POSITION, bill to provide that all public school teachers who have taught for five consecutive years shall be elected to a (see teachers).

PERMIT TO DO BUSINESS to like companies organized and operating under laws of this State, bill to authorize Insurance Department to prohibit admission of companies from any State which refuses (see Insurance).

PERMITS TO USE FYKE NETS and outlines in certain parts of streams inhabited by trout, bill to authorize Commissioner of Fisheries to issue (see Fisheries).

PERRY AND GENERAL WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON, bill making appropriation to aid in erection of memorial to Commodore Oliver Hazard (see appropriation).

PERRY, SAMUEL J., Representative from Eighteenth District, (Philadelphia County),

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84.

Bills reported by

No. 21 (Senate Bill No. 203)
Amending act relating to rebate in insurance, 139.

No. 103 (Senate Bill No. 204)
Amending act relating to establishment of Insurance Department, 300.

PERRY, SAMUEL J.—Continued.

No. 696 (Senate Bill No. 335)
Further supplement to act to establish insurance department providing that all those engaged in business of fire insurance shall report total amount of risks covered by them in Pennsylvania, 1480.

No. 885 (Senate Bill No. 460)
Providing for incorporation of life insurance companies 2023.

Election of, 44.

Leave of absence asked for, 590, 689.

Motions by, to

Amend motion to postpone for present House Bill No. 720, establishing municipal court for County of Philadelphia, 2954.
Postpone for present House Bill No. 699, to prevent fire insurance companies from entering into or maintaining pools, trusts or agreements to control rates of insurance, 2936.

Petition presented by, from

Citizens of Philadelphia for reading of Bible in public schools, 1237.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

PERSON from knowingly making a false or wilfully exaggerated statement concerning affairs of any corporation or individual, bill to prevent any (see statement).

PERSONAL ACTIONS, bill to authorize service of summons in any county in (see summons).

PERSONAL INJURIES caused by defects in streets, etc., bill to provide that actions shall not be maintained against any municipality, unless written notice is given by a proper person, for (see municipality).

PERSONAL PROPERTY AND CHATTELS, bill to amend act authorizing chattel mortgages upon iron and steel so as to authorize chattel mortgages of not less than $100 on all kinds of (see mortgages).

PERSONAL PROPERTY and disposable as such, bill to make licenses for sale of liquors (see liquors).

PERSONAL PROPERTY, bill to provide for assessment and collection of taxes on (see taxes).

PERSONAL PROPERTY, bill to tax gifts, legacies and inheritances of (see taxing).

PERSONAL PROPERTY belonging to the Commonwealth, bill to provide for sale of any serviceable (see sale).

PERSONAL PROPERTY, salaries and wages, bill to regulate lending of money upon (see lending).

PERSONAL PROPERTY shall be served, bill to require bond to be furnished by plaintiff before any writ of foreign attachment against (see bond).

PERSONAL REGISTRATION ACT, resolution presented to Senate from City Councils of Wilkes-Barre against repeal of, 1001.

Resolution referred to Committee on Elections, 1001.

PERSONAL REGISTRATION OF ELECTORS in cities, bills relating to (see cities).

PERSONS IN PLACES OF DETENTION awaiting trial, bill relating to treatment of (see treatment).

PERSONS WHO HAVE COMMITTED ANY CRIME or misdemeanor and investigation of reported crimes, bill to provide for detection and apprehension of (see crime).

PERSONS whose legal place of settlement is unknown, bill to provide for burial of indigent (see burial).

PEST HOUSES in built up portions of cities, bill to prohibit hereafter establishment or maintenance of additional (see cities).

PETERSBURG, VIRGINIA, making appropriation to Battlefield Commission of Third Division, Ninth Corps, Army of the Potomac, for certain purposes relative to monument at

Senate Bill No. 379

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Gerberich, 608.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 608.
Reported without amendment, 904.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 957.
Re-reported with amendment, 1099.
Second reading, 1178.
Third reading and amended, 1228.
Resumed and passed finally, 1255.
Returned from House with amendments, 3381.
Concurred in House amendments, 3381.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3403.

'ETERSBURG, VIRGINIA—Continued.
In House (No. 1369)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1302.
Reported with amendment, 3239.
First reading,
Second reading, 3326.
Third reading and final passage, 3468.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 3530.
Signed by Speaker, 3590.

'ETERSBURG, VIRGINIA, making appropriation to erect proper fence or coping and pavement to protect a monument erected near
Senate Bill No. 378
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Snyder, 665.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 665.
Reported without amendment, 903.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 957.
Re-reported with amendment, 2215.
Second reading, 2281.
Third reading and final passage, 2454.
Returned from House with amendments, 3149.
Concurred in House amendments, 3149.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3276.
Vote on concurrence in House amendments reconsidered, 3382.
Non-concurred in House amendments and conference committee appointed, 3382.
Returned from House with adherence to its amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3409.
Reported from Conference Committee, 3413.
Conference Committee report considered and adopted, 3438.
Returned from House with Conference Committee report adopted, 3457.
Signed by President pro tempore,
In House (No. 1337)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2571.
Reported with amendment, 2973.
First reading,
Second reading, 3014.
Third reading and final passage, 3197.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 3309.
Signed by Speaker, 3494.
Returned from Senate with House amendments non-concurred in and notice of appointment of Conference Committee, 3580.
Conference Committee appointed, 3580.
Conference Committee report considered and adopted, 3581.
Returned from Senate with Conference Committee report adopted, 3600.
Signed by Speaker,

PETITION BY PRINCIPAL SURETY in every case where a bond is filed in any court of record, bill to make certain provisions in regard to presentation of (see bond).

PETITIONS, MEMORIALS AND REMONSTRANCES, resolution (Senate) by Baldwin, providing for disposition of, 6.

PETITION FOR PAVING, bill to amend act relating to street paving in boroughs so as to change requirements of (see boroughs).

PETITIONS PRESENTED AGAINST
Abolishment of State Constabulary,
From The Farmer's Protective Association of Westmoreland County,
In House by Mr. Ulerich, 713.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 714.
Amendment of law relating to employment of boys in factories,
From citizens of Allegheny County, in House by Mr. Alter, 920.
Referred to Committee on Manufactures, 920.
From citizens of Allegheny County, in House by Mr. William Conner, 959.
Referred to Committee on Manufactures, 959.
Amendment to Constitution to issue bonds for $50,000,000,
From Marshall Grange No. 539 Patrons of Husbandry of Armstrong County, in Senate by Mr. Hays, 2885.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 2885.

PETITIONS PRESENTED AGAINST—Continued.
Amendments to oleomargarine bill
From Bloomingdale Grange No. 536, of Luzerne County, in House by Mr. Brehm, 1825.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1825.
From Citizens of Bradford County, in Senate by Mr. Baldwin, 2263.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 2263.
From citizens of Cambria County, in Senate by Mr. Wertz, 2263.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 2263.
From citizens of Dauphin County, in House by Mr. Row, 2015.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2015.
From citizens of Erie County, in Senate by Mr. Clark, 2521.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 2521.
From citizens of Mercer County, in House by Mr. Martin, 2184.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2184.
From citizens of Tioga and Potter Counties, in Senate by Mr. Baldwin, 1853.
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 1853.
From citizens of Wayne County, in Senate, 2151.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 2151.
From farmers and grangers of Tioga County, in House by Mr. Rockwell, 2063.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2063.
From Fidelity Grange No. 1238, Patrons of Husbandry, of Keating, McKean County, in Senate by Mr. Baldwin, 2521.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 2521.
From Grange No. 291 of Luzerne County, in House by Mr. Good, 2220.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2220.
From Grange of Susquehanna County, in House by Mr. E. E. Jones, 1779.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1779.
From Jefferson Grange of Washington County, in House by Mr. Holland, 1757.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1757.
From Leatherwood Grange No. 625, in House by Mr. Knight, 1919.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1919.
From Murphy Grange No. 735 of Clarion County, in House by Mr. Knight, 1825.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1825.
Annexation to city of Pittsburg
From Borough of Pitcairn from Members of Legislative Committee of League of Boroughs of Allegheny County, in Senate, 389.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 389.
From citizens of Allegheny County, in House by Mr. Halferty, 589.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 589.
From citizens of Allegheny County, in House by Mr. James Dunn, 390.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 390.
From citizens of Allegheny County, in House by Mr. Dunn, 471.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 471.
From citizens of Baldwin Township, in House by Mr. Pitchford, 360.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 360.
From citizens of Ben Avon Borough, in House by Mr. Pitchford, 360.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 360.
From citizens of Braddock Borough, in House by Mr. Pitchford, 360.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 360.
From citizens of Cambria County, in House by Mr. Dunn, 636.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 636.
From citizens of Clairton Borough, in House by Mr. Pitchford, 360.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 360.
From citizens of Duquesne Borough, in House by Mr. Pitchford, 360.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 360.
From citizens of East Pittsburg, in House by Mr. Pitchford, 360.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 360.
From citizens of Edgemont Borough, in House by Mr. Pitchford, 360.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 360.

PETITIONS PRESENTED AGAINST—Continued.

Annexation to city of Pittsburg
From citizens of Homestead, in House by Mr. Pitchford, 360.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 360.
From citizens of Knoxville Borough, in House by Mr. Pitchford, 360.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 360.
From citizens of McKees Rocks Borough, in House by Mr. Pitchford, 360.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 360.
From citizens of Millval Borough, in House by Mr. Pitchford, 360.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 360.
From citizens of Pitcairn Borough, in House by Mr. Pitchford, 360.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 360.
From citizens of Wayne County, in House by Mr. Jackson, 635.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 635.
From citizens of Wilkinsburg, in House by Mr. William Conner, 959.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 959.
From citizens of Wilmerding Borough, in House by Mr. Pitchford, 360.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 360.
From League of Boroughs and Townships of Allegheny County, in House by Mr. Pitchford, 360.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 360.
From Swissvale Board of Trade, in House by Mr. Pitchford, 360.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 360.

Any bill to prohibit use of acetylene in mines where open lights are used
From miners of Cochran Coal Company, Kier Fire Brick Company and Apollo Coal Company, of the 14th Bituminous District of Pennsylvania, in Senate by Mr. Jamison, 1253.
Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 1253.

Any material changes in present tax laws
From Philadelphia Board of Trade, in House by Mr. Dearden, 1328.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 1328.
From Philadelphia Board of Trade, in Senate by Mr. McIlhenny, 1430, 1431.
Referred to Committee on Finance, 1430.

Article nine of School Code
From teachers of Washington and Middlecreek Townships, Snyder County, in House by Mr. Swartz, 278.
Referred to Committee on Education, 278.

Article XVI, section 1601, of School Code
From School Board of Dudley, in House by Mr. H. B. Dunn, 687.
Referred to Committee on Education, 687.

Articles nine and sixteen of School Code
From Washington Camp 415 P. O. S. of A., Snyder County, in House by Mr. Swartz, 278.
Referred to Committee on Education, 278.

Bill forbidding employment of boys under sixteen years of age in factories
From citizens of Chester County, in House by Mr. Bossert, 323.
Referred to Committee on Manufactures, 323.
From glassworkers of Beaver County, in House by Mr. George A. Baldwin, 313.
Referred to Committee on Manufactures, 313.

Bill taxing life insurance premiums
From citizens of Clarion County, in House by Mr. Knight, 1919.
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 1919.
From citizens of Huntingdon County, in House by Mr. H. B. Dunn, 1499.
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 1499.
From citizens of Mercer County, in House by Mr. Martin, 1609.
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 1609.
From Washington Camp P. O. S. of A., in House by Mr. Pitchford, 1677.
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 1677.

Capitol Park Extension
From citizens of Westmoreland County, in House by Mr. Ulerich, 1281.
Referred to Committee on Public Buildings, 1281.

Census bill
From Philadelphia Board of Trade, in House by Mr. Dearden, 1669.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1669.

PETITIONS PRESENTED AGAINST—Continued.

Change in present fish and game laws
From citizens of Sullivan county, in House by M Resser, 231.
Referred to Commttee on Game, 231.

Child Labor Law
From citizens of Beaver County, in House by M McKean, 1357.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1357.
From citizens of Chester County, in House by M Reece, 230.
Referred to Committee on Manufactures, 230.
From citizens of Wayne County, in House by M Jackson, 154.
Referred to Committee on Manufactures, 154.
From citizens of Wayne County, in House by M Jackson, 154.
Referred to Committee on Manufctures, 154.

Club license bill
From citizens of Adams County, in House by M Cole, 1357.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1357.

Commission form of government
From citizens of Adams County, in House by M Cole, 300.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 300.
From citizens of Allegheny County, in House by M M. Clyde Kelly, 687.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 687.
From citizens of Allentown, in House by Mr. Reno 278.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 278.
From citizens of Beaver County, in House by M George A. Baldwin, 414.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 414.
From citizens of Beaver County, in House by M George A. Baldwin, 1397.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1397.
From citizens of Bedford County, in House by M Matt, 278.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 278.
From citizens of Berks County, in House by Mr. Mc Gowan, 313.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 313.
From citizens of Berks County, in House by Mr. Mc Gowan, 1015.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1015.
From citizens of Berks County, in House by M Sassaman, 845.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 845.
From citizens of Berks County, in Senate by M Herbst, 663.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 663.
From citizens of Cambria County, in House by M Dunn, 414.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 414.
From citizens of Cambria County, in House by M James Dunn, 313.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 313.
From citizens of Cambria County, in House by M Pitchford, 250.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 250.
From citizens of Cambria County, in House by M Pitchford, 313.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 313.
From citizens of Cambria County, in House by M Pitchford, 415.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 415.
From citizens of Clarion County, in House by M Knight, 300.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 300.
From citizens of Clearfield County, in House by M Hoover, 389.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 389.
From citizens of Dauphin County, in House by M Cumbler, 300.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 300.
From citizens of Dauphin County, in House by M Row, 300.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 300.
From citizens of East Allentown, Lehigh County, i House by Mr. Reno, 323.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 323.
From citizens of Erie County, in House by Mr. Det zel, 809.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 809.
From citizens of Fayette County, in House by M Carroll, 230.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporation 230.

PETITIONS PRESENTED AGAINST—Continued.

Commission form of government

From citizens of Fayette County, in House by Mr. Carroll, 525.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 525.

From citizens of Fayette County, in House by Mr. D. D. Johnson, 714.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 714.

From citizens of Fayette County, in House by Mr. Hormell, 714.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 714.

From citizens of Fifth District, Philadelphia County, in House by Mr. Cox, 636.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 636.

From citizens of Jefferson County, in House by Mr. North, 278.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 278.

From citizens of Jefferson County, in House by Mr. Wilson, 389.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 389.

From citizens of Lancaster County, in House by Mr. Hess, 359.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General,.

From citizens of Lancaster County, in House by Mr. Hibshman, 389.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 389.

From citizens of Lebanon County, in House by Mr. Snavely, 471.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 471.

From citizens of Lehigh County, in House by Mr. Reno, 313.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 313.

From citizens of Lehigh County, in House by Mr. Reno, 359.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 359.

From citizens of Lehigh County, in House by Mr. Reno, 414.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 414.

From citizens of Lehigh County, in House by Mr. Shaffer, 323.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 323.

From citizens of Lycoming County, in House by Mr. Rider, 414.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 414.

From citizens of Mercer County, in House by Mr. Martin, 389.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 389.

From citizens of Northumberland County, in House by Mr. Caldwell, 300.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 300.

From citizens of Northumberland County, in House by Mr. Caldwell, 525.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 525.

From citizens of Northumberland County, in House by Mr. McMullen, 414.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 414.

From citizens of Northumberland County, in House by Mr. Schultz, 359.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 359.

From citizens of Philadelphia County, in House by Mr. Abbott, 471.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 471.

From citizens of Philadelphia County, in House by Mr. Johnston, 920.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 920.

From citizens of Renovo, in House by Mr. Kelsey, 278.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 278.

From citizens of Somerset County, in House by Mr. Welch, 313.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 313.

From citizens of Washington County, in House by Mr. Feeny, 565.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 565.

From citizens of Washington County, in House by Mr. Holland, 230.

Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 230.

From citizens of Washington County, in House by Mr. Holland, 414.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 414.

From citizens of Washington County, in House by Mr. Holland, 435.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 435.

From citizens of Westmoreland County, in House by Mr. Boyd, 525.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 525.

From citizens of Westmoreland County, in House by Mr. Ulerich, 714.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 714.

PETITIONS PRESENTED AGAINST—Continued.

Commission form of government

From Socialists of Clinton County, in House by Mr. Kelsey, 278.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 278.

Constitutional Convention

From Allegheny County Bar Association, in House by Mr. James Dunn, 775.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 775.

Engineer license law

From Iron City Central Trades Council, in Senate by Mr. Clark, 401.

Excise commission bill

From citizens of Columbia County, in House by Mr. Shaffer, 1747.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1747.

From citizens of McKean County, in House by Mr. Benson, 1747.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1747.

From citizens of Mercer County, in House by Mr. Martin, 1747.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1747.

Excise commission bill and brewers' and distillers' license bill

From Brotherhood of Andrew and Philip and other members of congregation of Grace Reformed Church, Philadelphia, in Senate by Mr. Keyser, 1853.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1853.

From citizens of Beaver County, in House by Mr. G. A. Baldwin, 2220.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 2220.

From citizens of Berks County, in House by Mr. McGowan, 2015.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 2015.

From citizens of Blair County, in House by Mr. Irwin, 1825.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1825.

From citizens of Butler County, in House by Mr. McJunkin, 1669.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1669.

From citizens of Cambria County, in Senate by Mr. Wertz, 1853.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1853.

From citizens of Clarion County, in House by Mr. Knight, 1825.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1825.

From citizens of Clarion County, in House by Mr. Knight, 2184.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 2184.

From citizens of Fayette County, in House by Mr. Carroll, 2290.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 2290.

From citizens of 47th Senatorial District, in Senate by Mr. Weingartner, 1705.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1705.

From citizens of Indiana County, in House by Mr. Henry, 1669.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1669.

From citizens of Indiana County, in Senate by Mr. Kurtz, 1631.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1631.

From citizens of Mercer County, in House by Mr. Dallas, 1919.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1919.

From citizens of Mercer County, in House by Mr. Martin, 1779.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1779.

From citizens of Mercer County, in House by Mr. Martin, 1825.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1825.

From citizens of Mercer County, in House by Mr. Martin, 2184.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 2184.

From citizens of Mercer County, in House by Mr. Martin, 2349.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 2349.

From citizens of Mifflin County, in House by Mr. Kelley, 2063.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 2063.

From citizens of Mifflin County, in Senate by Mr. McConnell, 2201.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2201.

From citizens of Montgomery County, in House by Mr. Bartman, 1825.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1825.

From citizens of Montgomery County, in House by Mr. Miller, 1825.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1825.

PETITIONS PRESENTED AGAINST—Continued.

Excise commission bill and brewers' and distillers' license bill

From citizens of Montgomery County, in House by Mr. Kerns, 1919.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1919.

From citizens of Montour County, in House by Mr. Newbaker, 1919.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1919.

From citizens of Mount Holly Springs, in Senate by Mr. Manbeck, 1545.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1545.

From citizens of Northumberland County, in House by Mr. Caldwell, 1919.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1919.

From citizens of Philadelphia, in House by Mr. Abbott, 1609.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1609.

From citizens of Philadelphia County, in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 1797.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1797.

From citizens of Wayne County, in House by Mr. Jackson, 1779.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1779.

From citizens of Westmoreland County, in House by Mr. Boyd, 2184.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 2184.

From First United Brethern Church of Mechanicsburg, in Senate by Mr. Manbeck, 1545.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1545.

From Presbyterian churches of Freeport and Clinton, Armstrong County, in House by Mr. R. P. Hunter, 2290.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 2290.

From United Presbyterian Church of Aspinwall, in Senate by Mr. Cooper, 3263.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 3263.

From United Presbyterian Church of Borough of Bellevue, Allegheny County, in Senate by Mr. Cooper, 1545.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1545.

From Young People's Christian Endeavor Society of First United Brethren Church of Mechanicsburg, in Senate by Mr. Manbeck, 1545.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1545.

House Bill No. 191, amending act relating to certain corporations and estates held for corporate religious uses as regards charters of religious bodies.

From citizens of Luzerne County, in House by Mr. Good, 845.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 845.

House Bill No. 509, imposing tax on money collected from members of fraternal societies,

From Lone Tree Camp No. 16 of Woodmen of the World of West Sunbury,

In Senate by Mr. Hays, 3377.

Referred to Committee on Insurance, 3377.

House Bill No. 827, fixing number and salaries of clerks in Auditor General's Department,

From Citizens of Lackawanna County, in House by Mr. Hobbs, 1115.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1115.

Howard bill raising tax on insurance

From citizens of Fayette County, in House by Mr. Carroll, 1757.

Referred to Committee on Insurance, 1757.

From citizens of McKean County, in House by Mr. Benson, 1397.

Referred to Committee on Insurance, 1397.

From citizens of Tioga County, in House by Mr. Rockwell, 1457.

Referred to Committee on Insurance, 1457.

From citizens of Wayne County, in House by Mr. Jackson, 1779.

Referred to Committee on Insurance, 1779.

Hunters' license bill

From Canawacta Rod and Gun Club, Susquehanna County,

In House by Mr. Edward E. Jones, 313.

Referred to Committee on Game, 313.

From citizens of Adams County,

In House by Mr. Cole, 207.

Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 207.

From citizens of Blair County,

In House by Mr. Plymouth W. Snyder, 231.

Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 231.

PETITIONS PRESENTED AGAINST—Continued.

Hunters' license bill

From citizens of Blair County,

In House by Messrs. Plymouth W. Snyder and Irwin 313.

Referred to Committee on Game, 313.

Citizens of Center County,

In House by Mr. Meyer, 359.

Referred to Committee on Game. 359.

Citizens of Chambersburg, Pa.,

In House by Mr. Grove, 359.

Referred to Commitee on Game, 359.

From citizens of Chester County, in House by Mr. William H. H. Davis, 414.

Referred to Committee on Game, 414.

From citizens of Clinton County,

In House by Mr. Kelsey, 207.

Referred to Committee on Game, 207.

From citizens of Clinton County,

In House by Mr. Kelsey, 313.

Referred to Committee on Game, 313.

From citizens of Clinton County,

In House by Mr. Kelsey, 389.

Referred to Committee on Game, 389.

From citizens of Franklin County,

In House by Mr. Grove, 359.

Referred to Committee on Game, 359.

From citizens of Lackawanna County, in House by Mr. Haggerty, 414.

Referred to Committee on Game, 414.

From citizens of Lackawanna County, in House by Mr. Haggerty, 471.

Referred to Committee on Game, 471.

From citizens of Lehigh County, in House by Mr. Kuhns, 733.

Referred to Committee on Game, 733.

From citizens of Lycoming County,

In House by Mr. Rider, 231.

Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 231.

From citizens of Lycoming County,

In House by Mr. Rider, 313.

Referred to Committee on Game, 313.

From citizens of Monroe County,

In House by Mr. Kinney, 278.

Referred to Committee on Game, 278.

From citizens of Montgomery County,

In House by Mr. Kern, 313.

Referred to Committee on Game, 313.

From Citizens of Northumberland County,

In House by Mr. Caldwell, 230.

Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 230.

From Citizens of Northumberland County,

In House by Mr. Caldwell, 278.

Referred to Committee on Game, 278.

From citizens of Pennsylvania,

In House by Mr. Kelsey, 171.

Refered to Commitee on Ways and Means, 171.

From citizens of Pennsylvania,

In House by Mr. Kelsey, 187.

From citizens of Pennsylvania, in Senate by Mr. Huffman, 663.

Referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 663.

From citizens of Perry County,

In House by Mr. Donnally, 300.

Referred to Committee on Game, 300.

From citizens of Pike County, in House by Mr. Marvin, 565.

Referred to Committee on Game, 565.

From citizens of Snyder County,

In House by Mr. Swartz, 230.

Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 231.

From citizens of Snyder County,

In House by Mr. Swartz, 278.

Referred to Committee on Game, 278.

From citizens of Snyder County,

In House by Mr. Swartz, 313.

Referred to Committee on Game, 313.

From citizens of Snyder County,

In House by Mr. Swartz, 359.

Referred to Committee on Game, 359.

PETITIONS PRESENTED AGAINST—Continued.

Hunters' license bill
From citizens of Snyder County,
In House by Mr. Swartz, 360.
Referred to Committee on Game, 360.
From citizens of Snyder County,
In House by Mr. Swartz, 389.
Referred to Committee on Game, 389.
From citizens of Snyder County,
In House by Mr. Swartz, 389.
Referred to Committee on Game, 389.
From citizens of Sullivan County,
In House by Mr. Reeser, 230.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 230.
From citizens of Union County,
In House by Mr. Dershem, 207.
Referred to Committee on Game, 207.
From citizens of Union County,
In House by Mr. Dershem, 231.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 231.
From citizens of Union County,
In House by Mr. Dershem, 278.
Referred to Committee on Game, 278.
From citizens of Wayne County, in House by Mr. Jackson, 714.
Referred to Committee on Game, 714.
From Uwchlan Grange,
In Senate by Mr. Thompson, 239.
Referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 239.

Increased taxation on bituminous and anthracite coal
From Johnstown Board of Commerce, Cambria County, in House by Mr. James Dunn, 278.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 278.
From Johnstown Chamber of Commerce, Cambria County,
In House by Mr. Pitchford, 313.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 313.

Increasing tax on automobiles
From citizens of Adams County, in House by Mr. Cole, 1825.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 1825.
From citizens of Armstrong County, in House by Mr. R. P. Hunter, 1397.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 1397.
From citizens of Crawford County, in House by Mr. Von Tacky, 1357.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1357.
From citizens of Lebanon County, in House by Mr. Freeman, 414.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 414.
From citizens of Lebanon County, in House by Mr. Snavely, 471.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 471.
From citizens of Reading Auto Club, in Senate by Mr. Herbst, 1433.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 1433.
From citizens of Washington County, in House by Mr. Bentley, 1237.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 1237.

Kline license bill
From citizens of Beaver County, in House by Mr. G. A. Baldwin, 2063.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 2063.
From citizens of Cumberland County, in House by Mr. Ferguson, 2556.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 2556.

Legalizing opticians
From citizens of Franklin County, in House by Mr. Speer, 471.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 471.
From Lycoming County Medical Society, in House by Mr. Kelsey, 207.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 207.
From Pennsylvania State Medical Society, in House by Mr. North, 145.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 145.
From physicians of Lycoming County, in House by Mr. Rockwell, 207.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 207.

Mercantile license tax law
From citizens of Chester County, in House by Mr. Reece, 389.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 389.

PETITIONS PRESENTED AGAINST—Continued.

Mercantile license tax law
From citizens of Lebanon County, in House by Mr. Freeman, 471.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 471.
From citizens of Lebanon County, in House by Mr. Snavely, 471.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 471.
From citizens of Montgomery County, in House by Mr. Fitzgerald, 389.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 389.
From citizens of Montgomery County, in House by Mr. Kern, 389.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 389.
From citizens of Tenth District, Allegheny County, in House by Mr. Kelly, 389.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 389.
From Retail Merchants of Montgomery County, in Senate by Mr. Heacock, 373.

Practice of pharmacy bill
From druggists of Lebanon County, in House by Mr. Freeman, 1115.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 1115.

Proposed Game Laws
From citizens of Wayne County, in House by Mr. Jackson, 525.
Referred to Committee on Game, 525.
From citizens of Westmoreland County, in House by Mr. Ulerich, 714.
Referred to Committee on Game, 714.

Rath Optometry Bill
From Cambria County Medical Society, in House by Mr. Moses, 809.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 809.

Reading of Bible in public schools
From citizens of Allegheny County, in House by Mr. Letzkus, 775.
Referred to Committee on Education, 775.
From citizens of Allegheny County, in House by Mr. Woodward, 775.
Referred to Committee on Education, 775.

Repeal of child labor law relating to glass houses
From Glass Workers of Allegheny County, in House by Mr. Young, 1669.
Referred to Committee on Manufactures, 1669.

Repeal of local option laws
From citizens of Harrison Township, Allegheny County, in House by Mr. Alter, 300.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 300.

Right of suffrage for women
From Pennsylvania Association of Women, in House by Mr. James Dunn, 471.
Referred to Committee on Centennial Affairs, 471.

School Code
From citizens of Beaver County, in House by Mr. McKean, 1115.
Referred to Committee on Education, 1115.
From citizens of Berks County, in House by Mr. Herman, 845.
Referred to Committee on Education, 845.
From citizens of Berks County, in House by Mr. McGowan, 313.
Referred to Committee on Education, 313.
From citizens of Berks County, in House by Mr. Sassaman, 845.
Referred to Committe on Education, 845.
From citizens of Centre County, in House by Mr. Meyer, 1047.
Referred to Committee on Education, 1047.
From citizens of Dauphin County, in House by Mr. Row, 1115.
Referred to Committe on Education, 1115.
From citizens of Lancaster County, in House by Mr. Hibshman, 389.
Referred to Committee on Education, 389.
From citizens of York County, in House by Mr. Grove, 300.
Referred to Committee on Education, 300.
From Independent Order of Americans of Dauphin County, in House by Mr. Keister, 1115.
Referred to Committee on Education, 1115.

Section of School Code compelling medical inspection of school children
From citizens of Blair County, in House by Mr. Irvin, 959.
Referred to Committee on Education, 959.

PETITIONS PRESENTED AGAINST—Continued.

Section of School Code compelling medical inspection of school children
From citizens of Blair County, in House by Mr. W. B. Ward, 845.
Referred to Committee on Education, 845.
From citizens of Erie County, in House by Mr. Detzel, 959.
Referred to Committee on Education, 959.

Special tax on anthracite coal
From Select and Common Council of Scranton, in House by Mr. Pitchford, 1237.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 1237.
From Select Council of Scranton, in House by Mr. James Dunn, 1281.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 1281.

Sunday baseball
From citizens of Cumberland County, in House by Mr. Ferguson, 1397.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1397.
From citizens of Montour County, in House by Mr. Newbaker, 525.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 525.
From citizens of Schuylkill County, in House by Mr. Jones, 414.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 414.
From citizens of Westmoreland County, in House by Mr. Boyd, 525.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 525.
From Johnstown Ministerial Association, Cambria County, in House by Mr. Moses, 435.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 435.

System in vogue in Fisheries Department relative to distribution of fish in the different streams
From citizens of Clearfield County, in House by Mr. Hoover, 525.
Referred to Committee on Fisheries, 525.

Tax on mutual fire insurance companies
From citizens of Perry County, in House by Mr. Manbeck, 1417.
Referred to Committee on Insurance, 1417.

Use of steel bear traps
From citizens of Lycoming County, in House by Mr. Rider, 313.
Referred to Committee on Game, 313.

PETITIONS PRESENTED FAVORING

Abolishment of State Constabulary
From citizens of Bedford County, in House by Mr. Matt, 635.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 635.
From citizens of Berks County, in House by Mr. Maurer, 775.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 775.
From citizens of Cambria County, in House by Mr. Dunn, 471.
Referred to Committee on Military, 471.
From citizens of Cambria County, in House by Mr. Pitchford, 471.
Referred to Committee on Military, 471.
From citizens of Cambria County, in House by Mr. Pitchford, 1677.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1677.
From citizens of Commonwealth, in House by Mr. Maurer, 733.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 733.

Abolishment of toll bridges across Delaware River
From citizens of Northampton County, in House by Mr. Raesly, 845.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 845.
From citizens of Portland, in House by Mr. Raesly, 883.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 883.

Additional powers for State Railroad Commission
From Northwest Business Men's Association of Philadelphia, in Senate, 342.
Referred to Committee on Railroads, 342.

Ailman teachers' salary bill
From citizens of Bedford County, in House by Mr. Matt, 589.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 589.
From citizens of Butler County, in House by Mr. McJunkin, 1281.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1281.
From citizens of Butler County, in Senate by Mr. Hays, 2201.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 2201.

PETITIONS PRESENTED FAVORING—Continued.

Ailman teachers' salary bill
From citizens of Callensburg Grange and Leathe wood Grange, Clarion County, in House by M Knight, 1747.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1747.
From citizens of Cambria County, in Senate by M Wertz, 1853.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads and High ways, 1853.
From citizens of Clarion County, in House by M Knight, 1357.
Referred to Committee on Education, 1357.
From citizens of Clarion County, in House by M Knight, 1747.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1747.
From citizens of Juniata County, in Senate by M Manbeck, 1545.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1545.
From citizens of Mercer County, in House by M Martin, 1328.
Referred to Committee on Education, 1328.
From citizens of Susquehanna County, in House b Mr. E. E. Jones, 1281.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1281.
From Grange No. 106 of Erie County, in Senate b Mr. Clark, 1545.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads and High ways, 1545.
From Granges of Susquehanna County, in House b Mr. E. E. Jones, 1779.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1779.
From Marshall Grange No. 539, Patrons of Hus bandry, Armstrong County, in Senate by Mr. Hay 2885.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads and High ways, 2885.
From Shiloh Grange No. 927, Patrons of Husbandry in House by Mr. E. E. Jones, 1281.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1281.

Amendment to act of 1909, regulating the taking fish
From citizens of Wilkes-Barre, in House by M Reno, 278.
Referred to Committee on Fisheries, 278.
From Meshoppen Boat Club and Fishing Associatio in House by Mr. Reno, 207.
Referred to Committee on Fisheries, 207.

Amendment to exemption law so as to permit attach ment of a portion of wages for debt
From citizens of Cambria County, in House by M James Dunn, 199.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 199.
From citizens of Northumberland County, in House b Mr. McMullen, 565.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 565.
From citizens of Union County, in House by Mr. De shem, 230.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 230.
From mercantile men of South Fork, Cambria Count in House by Mr. Pitchford, 187.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 187.

Amendment to primary election laws of State providin for increase in pay for election officers
From election officers of Jefferson County, in Hous by Mr. North, 139.
Referred to Committee on Elections, 139.

Amendment to School Code so as to permit children all non-sectarian homes for orphans to attend publ schools without tuition
From citizens of Allegheny County, in Senate by M Clark, 2151.
Referred to Committee on Education, 2151.

Amendments to Oleomargarine Bill
From citizens of Beaver County, in House by Mr. G. Baldwin, 1499.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1499.
From citizens of Beaver County, in House by M McKean, 1457.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1457.
From citizens of Blair County, in House by Mr. Irvi 959.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 959.
From citizens of Blair County, in House by Mr. Ply mouth W. Snyder, 1047.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1047.
From citizens of Centre County, in House by M Meyer, 1047.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1047.

PETITIONS PRESENTED FAVORING—Continued.

Amendments to Oleomargarine Bill

From citizens of Clearfield County, in House by Mr. Hoover, 1457.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1457.

From citizens of Commonwealth, in House by Mr. Holland, 1669.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1669.

From citizens of Dauphin County, in House by Mr. Keister, 920.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 920.

From citizens of Dauphin County, in House by Mr. Keister, 1457.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1457.

From citizens of Fayette County, in House by Mr. Carroll, 1757.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1757.

From citizens of Juniata County, in Senate by Mr. Manbeck, 1417.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 1417.

From citizens of Lackawanna County, in House by Mr. Hobbs, 1499.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1499.

From citizens of Lawrence County, in Senate by Mr. Weingartner, 937.

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 937.

From citizens of Lebanon County, in House by Mr. Freeman, 1457.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1457.

From citizens of Lycoming County, in House by Mr. Rider, 920.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 920.

From citizens of Mercer County, in House by Mr. Dallas, 1499.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1499.

From citizens of Tioga County, in House by Mr. Rockwell, 1457.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1457.

From citizens of Tioga County, in House by Mr. Williams, 1328.

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 1328.

From citizens of Westmoreland County, in Senate by Mr. Jamison, 1433.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 1433.

Appropriation to better conditions for raising poultry

From Scottdale Poultry and Pet Stock Association of Westmoreland County, in House by Mr. Ulerich, 1281.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1281.

Appropriation to Garretson Hospital of Philadelphia

From citizens of Philadelphia County, in House by Mr. Reyburn, 525.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 525.

Appropriation to Harrisburg Polyclinic Hospital

From Cornplanter Tribe No. 60, I. O. R. M., Dauphin County, in House by Mr. Keister, 1669.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1669.

From Harrisburg Camp, Modern Woodmen, and West End Republican Club, in House by Mr. Keister, 1779.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1779.

From Harrisburg Republican Club, in House by Mr. Keister, 1609.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1609.

Appropriation to Pennsylvania State College

From citizens of Berks County, in House by Mr. Billman, 1669.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1669.

From citizens of Berks County, in House by Mr. McGowan, 1669.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1669.

From citizens of Berks County, in Senate by Mr. Herbst, 1545.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1545.

From citizens of Lycoming County, in House by Mr. Rider, 1047.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1047.

From The Poultry and Pet Stock Association of Scottdale, in House by Mr. Boyd, 1457.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1457.

Better telephone facilities

From Battlecreek Grange No. 1301, Patrons of Husbandry, Lycoming County, in House by Mr. Gibson, 313.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 313.

From Beaver Valley Grange No. 1338, Patrons of Husbandry, Columbia County, in House by Mr. Shaffer, 323.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 323.

PETITIONS PRESENTED FAVORING—Continued.

Better telephone facilities

From California Grange No. 941, Patrons of Husbandry, in House by Mr. Caldwell, 300.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 300.

From citizens of Bucks County, in House by Mr. Clymer, 525.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 525.

From citizens of Centre County, in House by Mr. Meyer, 565.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 565.

From citizens of Lebanon County, in House by Mr. Freeman, 471.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 471.

From citizens of Lebanon County, in House by Mr. Snavely, 471.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 471.

From citizens of Lycoming County, in House by Mr. Rider, 414.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 414.

From citizens of Susquehanna County, in House by Mr. Jones, 414.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 414.

From Cranberry Grange No. 908, Patrons of Husbandry, of Butler County, in House by Mr. McJunkin, 278.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 278.

From Cross Roads Grange No. 1124, in House by Mr. Pitchford, 360.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 360.

From Dairy Grange No. 1308, Patrons of Husbandry, Washington County, in House by Mr. Holland, 278.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 278.

From Edinboro Grange No. 947, Patrons of Husbandry, Erie County, in House by Mr. Wilcox, 230.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 230.

From Eureka Grange No. 244, Butler County, in House by Mr. McJunkin, 199.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 199.

From Fallowfield Grange No. 1382, in House by Mr. Holland, 1669.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1669.

From Fernwood Grange No. 1329, Patrons of Husbandry, in House by Mr. Reece, 230.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 230.

From Fleetville Grange No. 1199, in House by Mr. Hobbs, 775.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 775.

From Good Hope Grange No. 1354, Patrons of Husbandry, Columbia County, in House by Mr. Shaffer, 323.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 323.

From Grange No. 503, Patrons of Husbandry, in House, 145.

Referred to Committee on Corporations, 145.

From Grange No. 609, Patrons of Husbandry, in House by Mr. Wilson, 121.

Referred to Committee on Corporations, 121.

From Grange No. 854, Patrons of Husbandry, in House by Mr. Wilson, 121.

Referred to Committee on Corporations, 121.

From Grange No. 1088, Patrons of Husbandry, in House by Mr. Williams, 139.

Referred to Committee on Corporations, 139.

From Grange No. 1121, Patrons of Husbandry, in House by Mr. James Dunn, 145.

In House by Mr. Pitchford, 145.

Referred to Committee on Corporations, 145.

From Grange No. 1124, Patrons of Husbandry, in House by Mr. James Dunn, 145.

Referred to Committee on Corporations, 145.

From Grange No. 1236, Patrons of Husbandry, McKean County, in House by Mr. Benson, 1081.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1081.

From Grange No. 1313, Patrons of Husbandry, in House by Mr. Row, 187.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 187.

From Grange No. 1358, Patrons of Husbandry, in House by Mr. Row, 187.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 187.

From Gravelhill Grange No. 1370, Patrons of Husbandry, in House by Mr. Snavely, 187.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 187.

From Green Valley Grange No. 770, Patrons of Husbandry, Jefferson County, in House by Mr. North, 278.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 278.

From Halifax Grange No. 1343, Dauphin County, in House by Mr. McJunkin, 199.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 199.

PETITIONS PRESENTED FAVORING—Continued.

Better telephone facilities

From Highland Grange No. 980, Patrons of Husbandry, Chester County, in House by Mr. Reece, 278.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 278.

From Hopewell Grange No. 1398, Patrons of Husbandry, York County, in House by Mr. Grove, 300.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 300.

From Hornstown Grange No. 1259, Patrons of Husbandry, Jefferson County, in House by Mr. North, 313.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 313.

From Irish Grange No. 1344, Mercer County, in House by Mr. Dallas, 154.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 154.

From Irish Ridge Grange No. 1344, Patrons of Husbandry, in House by Mr. Martin, 207.

Referred to Committee on Corporations, 207.

From Jefferson Grange No. 314, Patrons of Husbandry, Washington County, in House by Mr. Holland, 278.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 278.

From Jefferson Grange No. 1373, Patrons of Husbandry, in House by Mr. McJunkin, 207.

Referred to Committee on Corporations, 207.

From Kennett Grange No. 19, Patrons of Husbandry, Chester County, in House by Mr. Reece, 230.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 230.

From Keystone Grange No. 2, Patrons of Husbandry, Montgomery County, in House by Mr. Bartman, 300.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 300.

From Lake Grange No. 1346, Patrons of Husbandry, in House by Mr. Martin, 187.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 187.

From Lake Grange No. 1305, Patrons of Husbandry of Erie County, in Senate by Mr. Clark, 1545.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1545.

From Lenox Grange No. 931, Patrons of Husbandry, Susquehanna County, in House by Mr. Edward E. Jones, 313.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 313.

From Martinsburg Grange No. 1387, Patrons of Husbandry, Blair County, in House by Mr. Irwin, 278.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 278.

From Mill Village Grange No. 131, Patrons of Husbandry, Erie County, in House by Mr. Wilcox, 250.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 250.

From New Vernon Grange No. 608, in House by Mr. Dallas, 187.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 187.

From Oxford Grange No. 67, Patrons of Husbandry, in House by Mr. Reece, 230.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 230.

From Paradise Grange No. 854, Jefferson County, in House by Mr. North, 207.

Referred to Committee on Corporations, 207.

From Perry Grange No. 585, Patrons of Husbandry, Mercer County, in House by Mr. Dallas, 300.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 300.

From Perry Grange No. 585, Mercer County, in House by Mr. Martin, 207.

Referred to Committee on Corporations, 207.

From Pomona Grange No. 60, Dauphin County, Patrons of Husbandry, in House by Mr. Row, 187.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 187.

From Rohrburg Grange No. 108, Patrons of Husbandry, Columbia County, in House by Mr. Shaffer, 323.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 323.

From Sadsbury Grange No. 1085, Patrons of Husbandry, in House by Mr. Reece, 278.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 278.

From Shiloh Grange No. 927, Patrons of Husbandry, Susquehanna County, in House by Mr. Edward E. Jones, 313.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 313.

From Stony Fork Grange No. 1033, Patrons of Husbandry, Tioga County, in House by Mr. Williams, 278.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 278.

From Strawberry Ridge Grange No. 34, Montour County, Patrons of Husbandry, in House by Mr. Newbaker, 300.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 300.

From Summit Grange No. 1078, Patrons of Husbandry, Erie County, in House by Mr. Wilcox, 230.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 230.

From Summit Grange No. 1079 of the Order of Patrons of Husbandry, in Senate by Mr. Clark, 663.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 663.

PETITIONS PRESENTED FAVORING—Continued.

Better telephone facilities

From Susquehanna Grange No. 74, Patrons of Husbandry, Susquehanna County, in House by Mr. Edwa E. Jones, 313.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 313.

From Union City Grange No. 89, Patrons of Husband Erie County, in House by Mr. Wilcox, 230.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 230.

From Union Grange No. 609, Patrons of Husbandry, House by Mr. North, 187.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 187.

Union Grange No. 1164, in House by Mr. Bently, 360.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 360.

From Union Grange No. 1391, in House by Mr. Freema 360.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 360.

From West Abington Grange No. 1200, in House b Mr. Hobbs, 775.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 775.

From West Branch Grange No. 136, Patrons of Hus bandry, Lycoming County, in House by Mr. Gibso 313.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 313.

Bill authorizing railways to cross State lands,

From citizens of Huntingdon County, in House by M Kelsey, 139.

Referred to Committee on Forestry, 139.

Bill prohibiting lascivious plays,

From citizens of Cambria County, in House by M Dunn, 472.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 472.

From citizens of Cambria County, in House by M Moses, 472.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 472.

From St. Bonifacius Society of Lackawanna County in House by Mr. Mannion, 687.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 687.

Bill to regulate sale of deadly weapons and explosiv substances,

From citizens of Seven Valley, York County, in Senat by Mr. Wasbers, 663.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 663.

Campbell Bill,

From citizens of Fayette County, in House by Mr Carroll, 1757.

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation 1757.

Certain roads to be included in Sproul Highway Bill,

From citizens of Mercer and Venango Counties, in Senat by Mr. Jarrett, 2473.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways 2473.

Change in Route No. 223 of Sproul Highway Bill,

From citizens of Indiana County, in House by Mr Henry, 1457.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1457.

Change in route of Sproul Road Bill between Tyrone and Bellefonte,

From citizens of Huntingdon County, in House by Mr H. B. Dunn, 959.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 959.

Change in routes for State roads.

From citizens of Allegheny County, in Senate by Mr. Cooper, 1631.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 1631.

From citizens of Cambria and Somerset Counties, in House by Mr. Moses, 1499.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1499.

From citizens of Indiana County, in Senate by Mr. Wertz, 1853.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 1853.

From citizens of Mercer County, in House by Mr. Martin, 1747.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1747.

Change of Route No. 92 in Sproul Road Bill,

From citizens of Clarion County, in House by Mr. Knight, 636.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 636.

Changes in proposed School Code,

From citizens of Old Forge, Lackawanna County, in House by Mr. Hobbs, 775.

Referred to Committee on Education, 775.

From Washington Camp No. 698, P. O. S. of A., in House by Mr. Irwin, 1499.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1499.

PETITIONS PRESENTED FAVORING—Continued.

Commission form of government

From citizens of Cambria County, in House by Mr. Moses, 845.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 845.

From citizens of Cambria County, in House by Mr. Pitchford, 845.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 845.

From German American Alliance of Cambria County, in House by Mr. James Dunn, 1328.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1328.

From Johnstown Chamber of Commerce, in House by Mr. James Dunn, 775.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 775.

From Johnstown Chamber of Commerce, Cambria County, in House by Mr. Moses, 714.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 714.

From Johnstown Chamber of Commerce, Cambria County, in House by Mr. Pitchford, 733.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 733.

From Johnstown Ministerial Association, in House by Mr. Moses, 809.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 809.

From Public Defense Association, in Senate, 2444.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2444.

Continuation of independent school districts,

From citizens of Bedford County, in House by Mr. Matt, 1825.

Referred to Committe on Education, 1825.

From citizens of Clarion County, in House by Mr. Knight, 2184.

Referred to Committee on Education, 2184.

From citizens of Indiana County, in House by Mr. Henry, 1825.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1825.

From citizens of Northumberland County, in Senate by Mr. McConnell, 1545.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1545.

From citizens of Susquehanna County, in House by Mr. Jackson, 1779.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1779.

Erection of statue to General George Gordon Meade,

From Philadelphia Brigade Association, in Senate, 8.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 9.

From Philadelphia Brigade Association, in House, 53.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 53.

Establishment of municipal court,

From Philadelphia Board of Trade, in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 1225.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1225.

Full crew bill,

From citizens of Cumberland County, in Senate by Mr. McConnell, 1305.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1305.

From citizens of Westmoreland County, in House by Mr. Ulerich, 1281.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1281.

From C. A. Yohe Lodge No. 736, Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, in Senate, 1433.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1433.

Garnishee Law,

From citizens of Lebanon County, in House by Mr. Freeman, 471.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 471.

From citizens of Lebanon County, in House by Mr. Snavely, 471.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 471.

Good roads bill,

From citizens of Westmoreland County, in Senate by Mr. Wertz, 2263.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 2263.

House Bill No. 62, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania relative to debt of municipality,

From Councils of Chester City, Delaware County, in House by Mr. William Ward, Jr., 323.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 323.

From Councils of Chester City, Delaware County, in House by Mr. Sproul, 342.

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 342.

PETITIONS PRESENTED FAVORING—Continued.

House Bill No. 301 and House Pink Bill No. 1061, relating to taxation,

From Washington Camp No. 341, P. O. S. of A., in Senate by Mr. Huffman, 1225.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1225.

From Washington Camp No. 524, P. O. S. of A., in Senate by Mr. Huffman, 1225.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1225.

From Washington Camp No. 541, P. O. S. of A., in Senate by Mr. Huffman, 1225.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1225.

House Bill No. 301, relating to taxation,

From Camp 721 P. O. S. of A. and Camp 729 P. O. S. of A., in House by Mr. James Dunn, 1281

Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 1281.

House Bill No. 654, amending act relating to consolidation of boroughs,

From citizens of Swissdale, in Senate by Mr. Fox, 2151.

Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 2151.

House Bill No. 839, amending act exempting property to value of $300 from levy or sale on execution and distress for rent,

From citizens of Beaver County, in House by Mr. George A. Baldwin, 2220.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2220.

Hunters' License Bill,

From citizens of Adams County, in Senate by Mr. Martin, 2263.

Referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 2263.

From citizens of Allegheny County, in House by Mr. Woodward, 775.

Referred to Committee on Game, 775.

From citizens of Allegheny County, in Senate by Mr. Adams, 2439.

Referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 2439.

From citizens of Beaver and Lawrence Counties, in Senate by Mr. Weingartner, 2263.

Referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 2263.

From citizens of Blair County, in House by Mr. Irwin, 231.

From Citizens of Blair County, in House by Mr. Plymouth W. Snyder, 525.

Referred to Comittee on Game, 525.

From citizens of Blair County, in House by Messrs. Plymouth W. Snyder and George C. Irwin, 714.

Referred to Committee on Game, 714.

From citizens of Butler and Armstrong Counties, in Senate by Mr. Hays, 2263.

Referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 2263.

From citizens of Cambria County, in Senate by Mr. Wertz, 2263.

Referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 2263.

From citizens of Erie County, in Senate by Mr. Clark, 2263.

Referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 2263.

From citizens of Fayette County, in Senate by Mr. Crow, 1067.

Referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 1067.

From citizens of Fayette County, in Senate by Mr. Crow, 2439.

Referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 2439.

From citizens of Huntingdon County, in House by Mr. H. B. Dunn, 1457.

Referred to Committee on Game, 1457.

From citizens of Jefferson County, in Senate by Mr. Kurtz, 2263.

Referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 2263.

From citizens of Lackawanna County, in Senate by Mr. McNichols, 2263.

Referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 2263.

From citizens of Lancaster County, in Senate by Mr. Homsher, 2263.

Referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 2263.

From citizens of Mercer County, in Senate by Mr. Jarrett, 2439.

Referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 2439.

From citizens of Northumberland County, in Senate by Mr. McConnell, 2263.

Referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 2263.

From citizens of Somerset County, in House by Mr. Welch, 970.

Referred to Committee on Game, 970.

PETITIONS PRESENTED FAVORING—Continued.

Hunters' License Bill

From citizens of Somerset and Bedford Counties, in Senate by Mr. Endsley, 2263.

Referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 2263.

From citizens of Warren and Venango Counties, in Senate by Mr. Krapp, 2439.

Referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 2439.

From citizens of Washington County, in Senate by Mr. Judson, 2263.

Referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 2263.

From citizens of Westmoreland County, in Senate by Mr. Jamison, 2263.

Referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 2263.

Increasing tax on automobiles,

From citizens of Washington County, in Senate by Mr. Judson, 1305.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 1305.

Initiative, Referendum and Recall, (Kelly Resolution).

From Banner Grange No. 1115 of Cambria County, in House by Mr. Pitchford, 920.

Referred to Committee on Education, 920.

From Beaver County Grangers, in House by Mr. G. A. Baldwin, 1212.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1212.

From citizens and Granges of Susquehanna County, in House by Mr. E. E. Jones, 1779.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1779.

From citizens of Beaver County, in House by Mr. Baldwin, 1499.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1499.

From citizens of Blair County, in House by Mr. Plymouth W. Snyder, 1237.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1237.

From citizens of Butler County, in House by Messrs. McJunkin and Wasson, 1609.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1609.

From citizens of Clarion County, in House by Mr. Knight, 1747.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1747.

From citizens of Erie County, in House by Mr. Wilcox, 1015.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1015.

From citizens of Fayette County, in House by Mr. Carroll, 1328.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1328.

From citizens of Lackawanna County, in House by Mr. Haggerty, 1825.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1825.

From citizens of Lackawanna County, in House by Mr. Hobbs, 1499.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1499.

From citizens of Lebanon County, in House by Mr. Snavely, 1499.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1499.

From citizens of McKean County, in House by Messrs. Benson and Hilton, 1212.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1212.

From citizens of Philadelphia and Allegheny Counties, in House by Mr. Clyde Kelly, 1499.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1499.

From citizens of Pike County, in House by Mr. Marvin, 2015.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2015.

From Grange of Summerville and Croyle Townships, Cambria County, in House by Mr. Pitchford, 1677.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1677.

From Grange No. 308, Patrons of Husbandry, of Luzerne County, in House by Mr. Good, 1357.

Refered to Committee on Judiciary General, 1357.

From Green Valley Grange No. 770 of Jefferson County, in House by Mr. Wilson, 1015.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1015.

From Halifax Grange Dauphin County, in House by Mr. Row. 1115.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1115.

From Huntingdon Creek Grange No. 398, in House by Mr. Good, 1237.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1237.

From Madison Grange Lackawanna County, in House by Mr. Hobbs, 1115.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1115.

From Middle Ridge Grange, Tioga County, in House by Mr. Williams, 959.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 959.

From North Township Grange of Butler County, in House by Mr. McJunkin, 1212.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1212.

PETITIONS PRESENTED FAVORING—Continued.

Initiative, Referendum and Recall, (Kelly Resolution

From North Township Grange of Butler County, in Hou by Mr. McJunkin, 1281.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1281.

From Pennsylvania State Grange, in House by Mr. Pitc ford, 1237.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1237.

From Prospect Grange No. 1379, Butler County, in Hou by Mr. McJunkin, 1609.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1609.

From United Mine Workers, in House by Mr. Jam Dunn, 1825.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1825.

From United Mine Workers, in House by Mr. M. Cly Kelly, 1609.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1609.

From United Mine Workers, in House by Mr. Pitchfor 1677.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1677.

From West Abington Grange and Fleetville Grange Lackawanna County, in House by Mr. Hobbs, 1499.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1499.

Initiative, Referendum and Recall, (Maurer Bill)

From Armstrong Grange No. 1234 of Armstron County, in House by Mr. R. P. Hunter, 1397.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1397.

From Banner Grange No. 1115 of Cambria Count in House by Mr. James Dunn, 1397.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1397.

From citizens of Adams County, in House by M Cole, 471.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 471.

From citizens of Beaver County, in House by M Baldwin, 565.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 565.

From citizens of Beaver County, in House by M George A. Baldwin, 414.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 414.

From citizens of Beaver County, in House by M George A. Baldwin, 435.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 435.

From citizens of Beaver County, in House by M McKean, 687.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 687.

From citizens of Bedford County, in House by M Matt, 435.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 435.

From citizens of Bedford County, in House by M Matt, 589,

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 589.

From citizens of Bedford County, in House by M Matt, 636.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 636.

From citizens of Bedford County, in House by M Matt, 1081.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1081.

From citizens of Bedford County, in House by M Matt, 1397.

Referred to Committe on Judiciary General, 1397.

From citizens of Berks County, in House by M McGowan, 714.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 714.

From citizens of Berks County, in Senate by M Herbst, 699.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 699.

From citizens of Blair County, in House by M Plymouth W. Snyder, 1047.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1047.

From citizens of Blair County, in House by M Plymouth W. Snyder, 1081.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1081.

From citizens of Blair County, in House by Messr Plymouth W. Snyder and George C. Irvin, 1115.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1115.

From citizens of Blair County, in House by M W. B. Ward, 687.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 687.

From citizens of Bradford, in House by Mr. Benso 920.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 920.

From citizens of Bradford, in House by Mr. Hilto 920.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 920.

From citizens of Bucks County, in House by M Clymer, 525.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 525.

From citizens of Butler County, in House by M McJunkin, 1357.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1357.

ETITIONS PRESENTED FAVORING—Continued.

Initiative, Referendum and Recall, (Maurer Bill)

From citizens of Butler County, in House by Mr. McJunkin, 1457.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1457.

From citizens of Cambria County, in House by Mr. Dunn, 471.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 471.

From citizens of Cambria County, in House by Mr. Pitchford, 471.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 471.

From citizens of Cambria County, in Senate by Mr. Wertz, 1205.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1205.

From citizens of Cambria County, in Senate by Mr. Wertz, 1305.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1305.

From citizens of Cambria County, in Senate by Mr. Wertz, 1853.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1853.

From citizens of Carbon County, in House by Mr. Enbody, 733.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 733.

From citizens of Clarion County, by Mr. Knight, 414.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 414.

From citizens of Clarion County, in House by Mr. Knight, 589.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 589.

From citizens of Clearfield County, in House by Mr. Hoover, 1397.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1397.

From citizens of Clinton County, in House by Mr. Kelsey, 565.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 565.

From citizens of Clinton County, in House by Mr. Kelsey, 883.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 883.

From citizens of Columbia County, by Mr. Shaffer, 435.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 435.

From citizens of Dauphin County, in House by Mr. Row, 565.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 565.

From citizens of Erie County, in House by Mr. Detzel, 525.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 525.

From citizens of Fayette County, in House by Mr. Carroll, 230.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 230.

From citizens of Fayette County, in House by Mr. Carroll, 565.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 565.

From citizens of Fayette County, in House by Mr. Carroll, 883.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 883.

From citizens of Fayette County, in House by Mr. Hormell, 714.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 714.

From citizens of Fifth District, Philadelphia County, in House by Mr. Sherwood, 636.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 636.

From citizens of Franklin County, in House by Mr. Light, 471.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 471.

From citizens of Franklin County, in House by Mr. Light, 733.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 733.

From citizens of Huntingdon County, in House by Mr. H. B. Dunn, 1328.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1323.

From citizens of Indiana County, in House by Mr. Henry, 471.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 471.

From citizens of Indiana County, in House by Mr. Henry, 809.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 809.

From citizens of Jefferson County, in House by Mr. North, 414.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 414.

From citizens of Jefferson County, in House by Mr. North, 565.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 565.

From citizens of Jefferson County, in House by Mr. North, 636.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 636.

From citizens of Jefferson County, in House by Mr. Wilson, 589.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 589.

PETITIONS PRESENTED FAVORING—Continued.

Initiative, Referendum and Recall, (Maurer Bill)

From citizens of Juniata County, in House by Mr. Ailman, 733.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 733.

From citizens of Lackawanna County, in House by Mr. Mannion, 565.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 565.

From citizens of Lackawanna County, in House by Mr. Mannion, 687.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 687.

From citizens of Lackawanna County, in House by Mr. Mannion, 845.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 845.

From citizens of Lancaster County, in House by Mr. Hess, 687.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 687.

From citizens of Lancaster County, in House by Mr. Hess, 809.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 809.

From citizens of Lebanon County, in House by Mr. Freeman, 1457.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1457.

From citizens of Lebanon County, in House by Mr. Snavely, 636.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 636.

From citizens of Lehigh County, in House by Mr. Kuhns, 775.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 775.

From citizens of Lehigh County, in House by Mr. Reno, 565.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 565.

From citizens of Lehigh County, in House by Mr. Reno, 845.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 845.

From citizens of McKean County, in House by Mr. Benson, 636.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 636.

From citizens of Mercer County, in House by Mr. Dallas, 1397.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1397.

From citizens of Mercer County, in House by Mr. Martin, 389.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 389.

From citizens of Mercer County, in House by Mr. Martin, 525.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 525.

From citizens of Mercer County, in House by Mr. Martin, 565.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 565.

From citizens of Mercer County, in House by Mr. Martin, 687.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 687.

From citizens of Mercer County, in House by Mr. Martin, 1047.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1047.

From citizens of Mercer County, in House by Mr. Martin, 1328.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1328.

From citizens of Northumberland County, in House by Mr. Caldwell, 525.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 525.

From citizens of Northumberland County, in House by Mr. Caldwell, 1015.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1015.

From citizens of Northumberland County, in House by Mr. McMullen, 435.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 435.

From citizens of Somerset County, in House by Mr. Reel, 733.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 733.

From citizens of Somerset County, in House by Mr. Welch, 733.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 733.

From citizens of Tioga and Potter Counties, in Senate by Mr. Baldwin, 1305.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1305.

From citizens of Tioga County, in House by Mr. Rockwell, 1357.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1357.

From citizens of Tioga County, in House by Mr. Williams, 1115.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1115.

From citizens of Washington County, in House by Mr. Feeney, 565.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 565.

From citizens of Washington County, in House by Mr Holland, 524.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 525.

PETITIONS PRESENTED FAVORING—Continued.

Initiative, Referendum and Recall, (Maurer Bill)

From citizens of Washington County, in House by Mr. Hollan, 1047.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1047.

From citizens of Wayne County, in House by Mr. Jackson, 1081.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1081.

From Marshall Grange No. 539, Patrons of Husbandry of Armstrong County, in Senate by Mr. Hays, 2885.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 2885.

From Pomona Grange No. 51, Cambria County, in House by Mr. James Dunn, 1328.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1328.

From Pomona Grange No. 51, Cambria County, in House by Mr. Pitchford, 1328.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1328.

From Reaper Grange, Patrons of Husbandry, in Senate by Mr. Huffman, 1225.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1225.

From Trough Creek Grange No. 444, of Huntingdon County, in House by Mr. H. B. Dunn, 809.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 809.

From Valley Grange No. 1411, Westmoreland County, in House by Mr. Ulerich, 714.

Refered to Committee on Judiciary General, 714.

From Winfield Grange, Butler County, in House by Mr. McJunkin, 1047.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1047.

From Wyano Local, United Mine Workers, in House by Mr. M. Clyde Kelly, 1357.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1357.

Jones Road Bill

From citizens and Grangers of Susquehanna County, in House by Mr. E. E. Jones, 1212.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1212.

From citizens of Bedford County, in House by Mr. Matt, 1397.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1397.

From citizens of Blair County, in House by Mr. Plymouth W. Snyder, 1047.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1047.

From citizens of Butler County, in House by Mr. McJunkin, 1281.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1281.

From citizens of Butler County, in Senate by Mr. Hays, 2201.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 2201.

From citizens of Callensburg and Leatherwood Granges, in House by Mr. Knight, 1747.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1747.

From citizens of Cambria County, in Senate by Mr. Wertz, 1205.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 1205.

From citizens of Cambria County, in Senate by Mr. Wertz, 1853.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 1853.

From Citizens of Clarion County, in House by Mr. Knight, 1357.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1357.

From citizens of Clarion County, in House by Mr. Knight, 1747.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1747.

From citizens of Elk County, in Senate by Mr. Hall, 937.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 937.

From citizens of Erie County, in House by Mr. Wilcox, 1015.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1015.

From citizens of Huntingdon County, in House by Mr. H. B. Dunn, 1397.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1397.

From citizens of Jefferson County, in House by Mr. North, 1015.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1015.

From citizens of Juniata County, in Senate by Mr. Manbeck, 1545.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1545.

From citizens of Lebanon County, in House by Mr. Freeman, 1081.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1081.

From citizens of Lebanon County, in House by Mr. Freeman, 1457.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1457.

PETITIONS PRESENTED FAVORING—Continued.

Jones Road Bill,

From citizens of Lebanon County, in House by M Snavely, 1499.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1499.

From citizens of Mercer County, in House by M Dallas, 1397.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1397.

From citizens of Monroe County, in Senate by M Huffman, 1225.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highwa 1225.

From citizens of Susquehanna County, in House by M E. E. Jones, 1281.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1281.

From citizens of Tioga County, in House by Mr. W liams, 1115.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1115.

From citizens of Tioga County, in House by Mr. W liams, 1328.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1328.

From citizens of Tioga County, Centre Grange, Far ington Hill Grange, North Elk Run Grange, Tio County, in House by Mr. Williams, 1397.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1397.

From citizens of Wayne County, in Senate by M Huffman, 1225.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highwa 1225.

From citizens of York County, in House by Mr. Gro 1397.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1397.

From Donation Grange, Huntingdon County, in Hou by Mr. H. B. Dunn, 1212.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1212.

From Grange No. 106 of Erie County, in Senate by M Clark, 1545.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highwa 1545.

From Granges of Susquehanna County, in House Mr. E. E. Jones, 1779.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1779.

From Madison Grange, Lackawanna County, in Hou by Mr. Hobbs, 1115.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1115.

From Marshall Grange No. 539, Patrons of Husband Armstrong County, in Senate by Mr. Hays, 2885.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highwa 2885.

From Shiloh Grange No. 927, Patrons of Husbandry, House by Mr. E. E. Jones, 1281.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1281.

Knight Bill regulating licensing and killing of dogs

From citizens of Westmoreland County, in House Mr. Ulerich, 959.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 959.

Law against removing eel baskets remaining in force

From citizens of Snyder County, in House by M Swartz, 589.

Referred to Committee on Fisheries, 589.

Liability bill

From citizens of Cumberland County, in Senate Mr. McConnell, 1305.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1305.

From citizens of Westmoreland County, in House Mr. Ulerich, 1281.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1281.

From C. A. Yoh Lodge No. 736, Brotherhood of Ra way Trainmen, in Senate, 1433.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1433.

Local Option Bill

From citizens of Cambria County, in House by M Pitchford, 471.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 471.

From citizens of Chester County, in House by M Davis, 389.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 389.

From citizens of Dauphin County, in House by M Row, 313.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 313.

From citizens of Delaware County, in House by M R. J. Baldwin, 687.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 687.

From citizens of Deaware County, in House by M Robinson, 389.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 389.

From Citizens of Delman Township, Tioga County, House by Mr. Williams, 278.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 278.

ETITIONS PRESENTED FAVORING—Continued.

Local Option Bill

From citizens of Jefferson County, in House by Mr. North, 471.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 471.

From citizens of Lackawanna County, in House by Mr. Hobbs, 775.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 775.

From citizens of Luzerne County, in House by Mr. Shadrach, 323.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 323.

From citizens of Luzerne County, in House by Mr. Shadrach, 471.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 471.

From citizens of Luzerne County, in House by Mr. Watts, 525.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 525.

From citizens of Montgomery County, in House by Mr. Fitzgerald, 389.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 389.

From citizens of Northumberland County, in House by Mr. Caldwell, 525.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 525.

From citizens of Pike County, in House by Mr. Marvin, 471.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 471.

From citizens of Pike County, in House by Mr. Marvin, 589.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 589.

From citizens of Schuylkill County, in House by Mr. Jones, 414.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 414.

From citizens of Schuylkill County, in House by Mr. John R. Jones, 525.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 525.

From citizens of Thirty-fifth Ward, Philadelphia County, in House by Mr. Abbott, 471.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 471.

From citizens of Tioga County, in House by Mr. Rockwell, 207.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 207.

From citizens of Washington County, in House by Mr. Holland, 525.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 525.

From citizens of Westmoreland County, in House by Mr. Boyd, 525.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 525.

Memorial to founders of Public school system

From Camp No. 208, P. O. S. of A., in House by Mr. Brehm, 883.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 883.

From Camp No. 321 P. O. S. of A., of Huntingdon County, in House by Mr. H. B. Dunn, 713.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 713.

From Camp No. 574, P. O. S. of A., in House by Mr. Gibson, 776.

Referred to Committee on Education, 776.

From Camp No. 578 P. O. S. of A., in House by Mr. Gibson, 776.

Referred to Committee on Education, 776.

From citizens of Allegheny County, in House by Mr. McClung, 1499.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1499.

From citizens of Blair County, in House by Mr. Irvin, 959.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 959.

From citizens of Carbon County, in House by Mr. Enbody, 1015.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1015.

From citizens of Dauphin County, in House by Mr. Row, 635.

Referred to Committee on Education, 635.

From citizens of Jefferson County, in House by Mr. North, 733.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 733.

From citizens of Lackawanna County, in House by Mr. Ehrhardt, 1825.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1825.

From citizens of Lebanon County, in House by Mr. Freeman, 776.

Referred to Committee on Education, 776.

From citizens of Philadelphia, in House by Mr. Breitinger, 959.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 959.

From citizens of Philadelphia, in House by Mr. Connell, 1212.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1212.

From citizens of Philadelphia, in House by Mr. Dearden, 920.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 950.

PETITIONS PRESENTED FAVORING—Continued.

Memorial to founders of Public school system

From citizens of Philadelphia, in House by Mr. Dearden, 1237.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1237.

From citizens of Philadelphia, in House by Mr. Walnut, 733.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 733.

From citizens of Philadelphia, in House by Mr. Walnut, 1015.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1015.

From citizens of Philadelphia County, in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 1067.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1067.

From citizens of Schuylkill County, in House by Mr. Jones, 635.

Referred to Committee on Education, 635.

From citizens of Schuylkill County, in House by Mr. J. R. Jones, 845.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 845.

From citizens of Westmoreland County, in House by Mr. Ulerich, 713.

Referred to Committee on Education, 713.

From Council No. 33, Jr. O. U. A. M., in Senate by Mr. Kurtz, 787.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 787.

From Council No. 216, Jr. O. U. A. M., in Senate by Mr. Kurtz, 787.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 787.

From Council 513 Jr. O. U. A. M., in House by Mr. Gibson, 776.

Referred to Committee on Education, 776.

From P. O. S. of A., of Logansville, York County, in House by Mr. Grove, 1081.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1081.

From Washington Camp No. 195, Patriotic Order Sons of America, in House by Mr. Kelsey, 171.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 171.

Petition for appropriation to Public School Memorial Association presented from Washington Camp No. 418, Patriotic Order Sons of America, in House by Mr. Kelsey, 171.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 171.

From Washington Camp No. 448, P. O. S. of A., in Senate by Mr. Kurtz, 787.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 787.

From Washington Camp No. 670 Patriotic Sons of America, Cambria County, in House by Mr. James Dunn, 278.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 278.

Petition for appropriation to Public School Memorial Association presented from Washington Camp, No. 670, P. O. S. of A., in House by Mr. Pitchford, 313.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 313.

Memorial to Robert Morris

From citizens of Northumberland County, in House by Mr. McMullen, 565.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 565.

Mercantile Tax Repeal Bill

From citizens of Allegheny County, in House by Mr. Kelly, 589.

Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 589.

From citizens of Allegheny County, in House by Mr. M. Clyde Kelly, 714.

Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 714.

From citizens of Cambria County, in House by Mr. James Dunn, 775.

Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 775.

From citizens of Lebanon County, in House by Mr. Snavely, 687.

Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 687.

From citizens of Lehigh County, in House by Mr. Reno, 1237.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1237.

From citizens of McDonald, in House by Mr. M. Clyde Kelly, 809.

Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 809.

From citizens of Northumberland County, in House by Mr. Caldwell, 1015.

Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 1015.

From citizens of Northumberland County, in House by Mr. McMullen, 565.

Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 565.

From citizens of Philadelphia, in House by Mr. M. Clyde Kelly, 775.

Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 775.

From citizens of Trevorton, in House by Mr. M. Clyde Kelly, 809.

Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 809.

PETITIONS PRESENTED FAVORING—Continued.

Mercantile Tax Repeal Bill

From citizens of Westmoreland County, in House by Mr. Boyd, 525.

Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 525.

From merchants and dealers of Philadelphia, in House by Mr. M. Clyde Kelly, 733.

Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 733.

From merchants of Luzerne County, in House by Mr. Matt, 809.

Referred to Committe on Ways and Means, 809.

Minimum salary and minimum school term and making appropriation for 15 per cent. cash road tax

From Fort Grange, No. 951, Patrons of Husbandry, in House by Mr. Horace B. Dunn, 323.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 323.

Mutual fire insurance company bill

From citizens of 31st Senatorial District, in Senate by Mr. Manbeck, 2263.

Referred to Committe on Insurance, 2263.

New Western Penitentiary

From Pittsburg Chamber of Commerce, in House by Mr. James Dunn, 775.

Referred to Committe on Appropriations, 775.

Pittsburg-Scranton Plan for City Government

From citizens of Allegheny County, in House by Mr. Pitchford, 920.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 920.

From citizens of Lackawanna County, in House by Mr. Ehrhardt, 470.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 470.

From citizens of Scranton, in House by Mr. Ehrhardt, 921.

Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 921.

From citizens of Scranton, in House by Mr. Phillips, 920.

Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 921.

From Pittsburg Board of Trade, in House by Mr. Pitchford, 920.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 920.

Public utility bill

From City Councils of New Caste, in Senate by Mr. Weingartner, 2521.

Referrd to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2521.

From councils of city of New Castle, Lawrence County, in House by Mr. Wallace, 2015.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2015.

Reading of Bible in public schools

From citizens of Adams County, in House by Mr. Cole, 920.

Referred to Committee on Education, 920.

From citizens of Allegheny County, in House by Mr. Hough, 1115.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1115.

From citizens of Allegheny County, in House by Mr. McClung, 525.

Referred to Committee on Education, 525.

From citizens of Allegheny County, in House by Mr. Mr. McClung, 845.

Referred to Committee on Education, 845.

From citizens of Allegheny County, in House by Mr. M. Clyde Kelly, 565.

Referred to Committee on Education, 414.

From citizens of Allegheny County, in House by Mr. M. Clyde Kelly, 565.

Referred to Committe on Education, 565.

From citizens of Allegheny County, in House by Mr. M. Clyde Kelly, 714.

Referred to Committe on Education, 714.

From citizens of Allegheny County, in House by Mr. M. Clyde Kelly, 733.

Referred to Committee on Education, 733.

From citizens of Allegheny County, in House by Mr. M. Clyde Kelly, 845.

Referred to Committee on Education, 845.

From citizens of Allegheny County, in House by Mr. Richards, 1237.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1237.

From citizens of Allegheny County, in House by Mr. Swan, 1357.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1357.

From citizens of Allegheny County, in House by Messrs. Swan and Hough, 845.

Referred to Committee on Education, 845.

PETITIONS PRESENTED FAVORING—Continued.

Reading of Bible in public schools

From citizens of Allegheny County, in House by William Conner, 414.

Referred to Committee on Education, 414.

From citizens of Allegheny County, in House by William Conner, 733.

Referred to Committee on Education, 733.

From citizens of Allegheny County, in House by W. R. Magee, 920.

Referred to Committee on Education, 920.

From citizens of Allegheny County, in House by Woodward, 589.

Referred to Committee on Education, 589.

From citizens of Allegheny County, in House by Woodward, 775.

Referred to Committee on Education, 775.

From citizens of Allegheny County, in House by Woodward, 1357.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1357.

From citizens of Armstrong County, in House Mr. Larkins, 2220.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2220.

From citizens of Beaver County, in House by Baldwin, 589.

Referred to Committee on Education, 589.

From citizens of Beaver County, in House by George A. Baldwin, 920.

Referred to Committee on Education, 920.

From citizens of Beaver County, in House by McKean, 775.

Referred to Committee on Education, 775.

From citizens of Beaver County, in House by Mr. Kean, 1115.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1115.

From citizens of Berks County, in House by Mr. Gowan, 775.

Referred to Committee on Education, 775.

From citizens of Berks County, in House by Mr. Gowan, 1081.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1081.

From citizens of Berks County, in House by Sassaman, 687.

Referred to Committee on Education, 687.

From citizens of Berks County, in House by Sassaman, 1081.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1081.

From citizens of Blair County, in House by Mess P. W. Snyder and Irwin, 883.

Referred to Committee on Education, 883.

From citizens of Bucks County, in House by Clymer, 525.

Referred to Committee on Education, 525.

From citizens of Bucks County, in House by Clymer, 845.

Referred to Committee on Education, 845.

From citizens of Carbon County, in House by Enbody, 733.

Referred to Committee on Education, 733.

From citizens of Carbon County, in House by Enbody, 1397.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1397.

From citizens of Centre County, in House by Meyer, 389.

Referred to Committee on Education, 389.

From citizens of Centre County, in House by Meyer, 809.

Referred to Committee on Education, 809.

From citizens of Chester County, in House by Bossert, 687.

Referred to Committee on Education, 687.

From citizens of Chester County, in House by Bossert, 809.

Referred to Committee on Education, 809.

From citizens of Chester County, in House by Reece, 687.

Referred to Committee on Education, 687.

From citizens of Chester County, in House by Reece, 733.

Referred to Committee on Education, 733.

From citizens of Chester County, in House by W. H. H. Davis, 687.

Referred to Committee on Education, 687.

From citizens of Chester County, in House by W. H. H. Davis, 733.

Referred to Committee on Education, 733.

From citizens of Chester County, in House by W. H. H. Davis, 809.

Referred to Committee on Education, 809.

ETITIONS PRESENTED FAVORING—Continued.

Reading of Bible in public schools

From citizens of Chester County, in House by Mr. W. H. H. Davis, 1212.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1212.

From citizens of Clarion County, in House by Mr. Knight, 636.

Referred to Committee on Education, 636.

From citizens of Columbia County, in House by Mr. Shaffer, 775.

Referred to Committee on Education, 775.

From citizens of Cumberland County, in House by Mr. Ferguson, 1397.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1397.

From citizens of Cumberland County, in Senate by Mr. Manbeck, 1253.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1253.

From citizens of Dauphin County, in House by Mr. Row, 525.

Referred to Committee on Education, 525.

From citizens of Dauphin County, in House by Mr. Row, 636.

Referred to Committee on Education, 636.

From citizens of Delaware County, in House by Mr. R. J. Baldwin, 1212.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1212.

From citizens of Fayette County, in House by Mr. Carroll, 1328.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1328.

From citizens of Green County, in House by Mr. Blair, 471.

Referred to Committee on Education, 471.

From citizens of Lackawanna County, in House by Mr. Ehrhart, 1825.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1825.

From citizens of Lackawanna County, in House by Mr. Hobbs, 1115.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1115.

From citizens of Lancaster County, in House by Mr. Hess, 920.

Referred to Committee on Education, 920.

From citizens of Lancaster County, in House by Mr. Hess, 1397.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1397.

From citizens of Lawrence County, in House by Mr. Walton, 959.

Referred to Committee on Education, 959.

From citizens of Lebanon County, in House by Mr. Freeman, 775.

Referred to Committee on Education, 775.

From citizens of Lebanon County, in House by Mr. Freeman, 1081.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1081.

From citizens of Lehigh County, in House by Mr. Reno, 565.

Referred to Committee on Education, 565.

From citizens of Lehigh County, in House by Mr. Kuhns, 733.

Referred to Committee on Education, 733.

From citizens of Lehigh County, in House by Mr. Kuhns, 775.

Referred to Committee on Education, 775.

From citizens of Luzerne County, in House by Mr. Brehm, 360.

Referred to Committee on Education, 360.

From citizens of McKeesport, Allegheny County, in House by Mr. Woodward, 883.

Referred to Committee on Education, 883.

From citizens of Montgomery County, in House by Mr. Bartman, 775.

Referred to Committee on Education, 775.

From citizens of Montgomery County, in House by Mr. Kern, 809.

Referred to Committee on Education, 809.

From citizens of Montgomery County, in House by Mr. Miller, 525.

Referred to Committee on Education, 525.

From citizens of Nineteenth District, Philadelphia County, in House by Mr. Breitinger, 389.

Referred to Committee on Education, 389.

From citizens of Northampton County, in House by Mr. Bender, 360.

Referred to Committee on Education, 360.

From citizens of Northumberland County, in House by Mr. Caldwell, 1015.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1015.

From citizens of Pennsylvania, in Senate by Mr. Weingartner, 831.

Referred to Committee on Education, 831.

PETITIONS PRESENTED FAVORING—Continued.

Reading of Bible in public schools

From citizens of Perry County, in House by Mr. Donnally, 775.

Referred to Committee on Education, 775.

From citizens of Perry County, in House by Mr. Donnally, 920.

Referred to Committee on Education, 920.

From citizens of Philadelphia, in House by Mr. Gans, 1328.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1328.

From citizens of Philadelphia, in House by Mr. Gray, 435.

Referred to Committee on Education, 435.

From citizens of Philadelphia, in House by Mr. Piper, 845.

Referred to Committee on Education, 845.

From citizens of Philadelphia, in House by Mr. Townsend, 845.

Referred to Committee on Education, 845.

From citizens of Philadelphia, in House by Mr. Breitinger, 959.

Referred to Committee on Education, 959.

From citizens of Philadelphia, in House by Mr. J. J. Campbell, 1115.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1115.

From citizens of Philadelphia, in House by Mr. J. J. Campbell, 1237.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1237.

From citizens of Philadelphia, in House by Mr. Perry, 1237.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1237.

From citizens of Philadelphia, in House by Mr. Walnut, 1281.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1281.

From citizens of Philadelphia County, in House by Mr. Abbott, 775.

Referred to Committee on Education, 775.

From citizens of Philadelphia County, in House by Mr. Clarency, 636.

Referred to Committee on Education, 636.

From citizens of Philadelphia County, in House by Mr. Dearden, 1081.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1081.

From citizens of Philadelphia County, in House by Mr. Gray, 471.

Referred to Committee on Education, 471.

From citizens of Philadelphia County, in House by Mr. Gray, 920.

Referred to Committee on Education, 920.

From citizens of Philadelphia County, in House by Mr. Johnston, 775.

Referred to Committee on Education, 775.

From citizens of Philadelphia County, in House by Mr. McAleer, 471.

Referred to Committee on Education, 471.

From citizens of Philadelphia County, in House by Mr. Samuel B. Scott, 471.

Referred to Committee on Education, 471.

From citizens of Philadelphia County, in House by Mr. S. B. Scott, 775.

Referred to Committee on Education, 775.

From citizens of Schuylkill County, in House by Mr. Hunter, 920.

Referred to Committee on Education, 920.

From citizens of Schuylkill County, in House by Mr. Jones, 635.

Referred to Committee on Education, 635.

From citizens of Schuylkill County, in House by Mr. J. R. Jones, 845.

Referred to Committee on Education, 845.

From citizens of Schuylkill County, in House by Mr. J. R. Jones, 920.

Referred to Committee on Education, 920.

From citizens of Tamaqua, in House by Mr. Klingerman, 1015.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1015.

From citizens of Twenty-second Ward, Philadelphia County, in House by Mr. Samuel B. Scott, 414.

Referred to Committee on Education, 414.

From citizens of Westmoreland County, in House by Mr. Boyd, 435.

Referred to Committee on Education, 435.

From citizens of Westmoreland County, in House by Mr. Boyd, 1081.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1081.

From citizens of Westmoreland County, in House by Mr. Boyd, 1499.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1499.

PETITIONS PRESENTED FAVORING—Continued.

Reading of Bible in public schools

From citizens of York County, in House by Mr. Frey, 714.

Referred to Committee on Education, 714.

From Daughters of Liberty, in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 755.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 755.

From Daughters of Liberty Grange Castle, Franklin County, in House by Mr. Light, 687.

Referred to Committee on Education, 687.

From Daughters of Liberty of Red Lion, York County, in House by Mr. Grove, 1397.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1397.

From Daughters of Liberty of York County, in House by Mr. Grove, 1081.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1081.

From Gen. D. B. Birney Council No. 51, of Philadelphia, in House by Mr. Curry, 1047.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1047.

From Independent Americans of Armstrong County, in House by Mr. Larkins, 1397.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1397.

From Lieut. Cushing Council No. 20, Daughters of Liberty, in House by Mr. Johnston, 920.

Referred to Committee on Education, 920.

From members of Irvin Council No. 44, Jr. O. U. A. M., in House by Mr. Shoemaker, 360.

Referred to Committee on Education, 360.

From Order of Independent Americans, in House by Mr. William Ward, Jr., 1047.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1047.

From West Hazleton Council No. 210, Daughters of America, in House by Mr. Brehm, 883.

Referred to Committee on Education, 883.

From Wm. Penn Council No. 64, Order of Independent Americans, in House by Mr. Klumpp, 1081.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1081.

Recommitting of School Code,

From citizens of Hazleton, in House by Mr. Brehm, 1015.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1015.

From citizens of Lebanon County, in House by Mr. Freeman, 1081.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1081.

From citizens of Montgomery County, in House by Mr. Kern, 959.

Referred to Committee on Education, 959.

From citizens of Philadelphia, in House by Mr. Breitinger, 809.

Referred to Committee on Education, 809.

From citizens of Philadelphia, in House by Mr. McAleer, 970.

Referred to Committee on Education, 970.

From citizens of Philadelphia, in House by Mr. S. B. Scott, 959.

Referred to Committee on Education, 959.

From citizens of Philadelphia County, in House by Mr. Abbott, 920.

Referred to Committee on Education, 920.

From citizens of Philadelphia County, in House by Mr. Gray, 883.

Referred to Committee on Education, 883.

From citizens of Philadelphia County, in House by Mr. McAleer, 920.

Referred to Committee on Education, 920.

From City Council No. 378, Order of Independent Americans, in House by Mr. Woodward, 1081.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1081.

From George Bancroft No. 571, Order of Independent Americans, in House by Mr. Abbott, 1015.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1015.

From Kearsage Council No. 922, Order of Independent Americans, in House by Mr. McAleer, 920.

Referred to Committee on Education, 920.

From Order of Independent Americans, in House by Mr. Gray, 920.

Referred to Committee on Education, 920.

From Order Independent Americans, Philadelphia, in House by Mr. Gray, 1015.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1015.

From Order of Independent Americans, in House by Mr. S. B. Scott, 920.

Referred to Committee on Education, 920.

From Order Independent Americans, Philadelphia, in House by Mr. Walnut, 1015.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1015.

PETITIONS PRESENTED FAVORING—Continued.

Recommitting of School Code,

From Order of Independent Americans, No. 837, Philadelphia, in House by Mr. Breitinger, 809.

Referred to Committee on Education, 809.

From Pride of the East Council No. 370, Independe Americans, Williamstown, in House by Mr. Ro 959.

Referred to Committee on Education, 959.

From Robert Morris Council No. 41, Independe Americans, in House by Mr. S. B. Scott, 1081.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1081.

From West Hazleton Council No. 943, Independe Order of Americans, in House by Mr. Brehm, 883.

Referred to Committee on Education, 883

From Wm. Penn Council No. 64, Order of Independe Americans, in House by Mr. Klumpp, 1081.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1081.

From Winona Council No. 63, Independent Americar Philadelphia, in House by Mr. Dearden, 1397.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1397.

From Young American Council No. 407, in House Mr. McAleer, 970.

Referred to Committee on Education, 970.

Relief in matter of sewerage,

From citizens of Delaware County, in House by Mr. J. Baldwin, 1281.

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitatio 1281.

Repeal of act to prohibit issuing of licenses in Borou of Freeport, Armstrong County,

From citizens of Freeport, in House by Mr. Kelse 883.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 883.

Revision of fish and game laws,

From Williamsburg Camp No. 57, United Sportsmen Pennsylvania, in House by Mr. Irwin, 1237.

Referred to Committee on Game, 1237.

Revision of present tax laws,

From citizens of Butler County, in House by M McJunkin, 1357.

From Grange No. 106 of Erie County, in Senate by M Clark, 1545.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1357.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highwa 1545.

From Grange No. 308, Patrons of Husbandry of Luzer County, in House by Mr. Good, 1357.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1357.

From Halifax Grange Dauphin County, in House Mr. Row, 1115.

Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 1115.

From Huntingdon Creek Grange No. 398 of Huntingd County, in House by Mr. Good, 1237.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1237.

From Spring Brook Grange of Lackawanna County, House by Mr. Hobbs, 1499.

Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 1499.

Right of suffrage for women,

From Adams County, in House by Mr. Cole, 920.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 920.

From citizens of Adams County, in Senate by Mr. Adan 937.

Referred to Committee on Elections, 937.

From citizens of Blair County, in House by Mr. Irwi 414.

Referred to Committee on Centennial Affairs, 414.

From citizens of Tioga, in House by Mr. Williams, 733.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 733.

From citizens of Tioga County, in House by Mr. Roc well, 714.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 714.

From citizens of Washington and Cameron Counties, House by Mr. Holland, 1047.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1047.

Route 72 of Sproul Road Bill,

From citizens of Butler County, in Senate by Mr. Ha 1963.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highwa 1963.

School Code,

From Camp No. 629, Camp No. 775 and Camp No. 7 P. O. S. of A., of Cambria County, in House by M James Dunn, 1328.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1328.

From Camp P. O. S. of A. of Liberty, of Tioga Coun in House by Mr. Williams, 1397.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1397.

PETITIONS PRESENTED FAVORING—Continued.

School Code,

From Chamber of Commerce, Pittsburg, Pa., in House by Mr. Carroll, 230.

Referred to Committee on Education, 230.

From citizens of Allegheny County, in House by Mr. Dunn, 472.

Referred to Committee on Education, 472.

From citizens of Allegheny County, in House by Mr. M. Clyde Kelly, 687.

Referred to Committee on Education, 687.

From citizens of Allegheny County, in House by Mr. Pitchford, 472.

Referred to Committee on Education, 472.

From citizens of Fayette County, in House by Mr. Carroll, 525.

Referred to Committee on Education, 525.

From Citizens of Philadelphia, in House by Mr. Breitinger, 1609.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1609.

From citizens of Philadelphia, in House by Mr. Breitinger, 1281.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1281.

From School Board of Somerset County,

In House by Mr. Carroll, 230.

Referred to Committee on Education, 230.

From Washington Camp No. 341, P. O. S. of A., in Senate by Mr. Huffman, 1225.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1225.

From Washington Camp No. 524, P. O. S. of A., in Senate by Mr. Huffman, 1225.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1225.

From Washington Camp No. 541, P. O. S. of A., in Senate by Mr. Huffman, 1225.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1225.

From Washington Camp No. 626, P. O. S. of A. of Tioga County, in House by Mr. Williams, 1669.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1669.

From Washington Camp No. 635, P. O. S. of A., of Blair County, in House by Mr. Irwin, 1237.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1237.

From Washington Camp No. 720, P. O. S. of A., of Cambria County, in House by Mr. Pitchford, 1328.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1328.

From Washington Camp No. 721, P. O. S. of A. of Johnstown, also Washington Camp No. 775, P. O. S. of A. of Hastings, also Washington Camp No. 629, P. O. S. of A. of South Fork, in House by Mr. Pitchford, 1237

Referred to Committee on Education, 1237.

From Washington Camp P. O. S. of A. of Cambria County, in House by Mr. James Dunn, 1825.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1825.

Senate Bills Nos. 10, 11 and 12, making uniform Laws of Bills of Lading, of Sale of Goods, and of Transfer of Stock in Corporations, respectively,

From Philadelphia Board of Trade, in House by Mr. Dearden, 920.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 920.

From Philadelphia Board of Trade, in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 542.

Soldiers' Pension Bill,

From citizens of Columbia County, in House by Mr. Shaffer, 775.

Referred to Committee on Pensions and Gratuities, 775.

From Col. Fred Taylor Post No. 19, G. A. R., in Senate by Mr. Keyser, 1705.

Referred to Committee on Pensions and Gratuities, 1705.

From Lieutenant David Grib Post No. 188, Department G. A. R., in Senate by Mr. Manbeck, 1417.

Referred to Committee on Pensions and Gratuities, 1417.

From Post No. 134, G. A. R. of Mifflintown, in Senate by Mr. Manbeck, 1545.

Referred to Committee on Pensions and Gratuities, 1545.

From Post No. 201, G. A. R. of Carlise, in Senate by Mr. Manbeck, 1545.

Referred to Committee on Pensions and Gratuities, 1545.

From Post No. 371, G. A. R. of Newville, in Senate by Mr. Manbeck, 1545.

Referred to Committee on Pensions and Gratuities, 1545.

Sproul Road Bill,

From citizens of Blair County, in House by Mr. Irwin, 636.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 636.

From citizens of Blair County, in House by Mr. Snyder, 589.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 589.

PETITIONS PRESENTED FAVORING—Continued.

Sproul Road Bill,

From citizens of Blair County, in House by Mr. Snyder, 636.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 636.

From citizens of Blair County, in House by Mr. Irwin, 1115.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1115.

From citizens of Butler County, in Senate by Mr. Hays, 1305.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 1305.

From citizens of Butler County, in House by Mr. McJunkin, 1328.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1328.

From citizens of Cambria County, in Senate by Mr. Wertz, 1205.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 1205.

From citizens of Cambria County, in Senate by Mr. Wertz, 1853.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 1853.

From citizens of Crawford County, in House by Mr. Von Tacky, 1357.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1357.

From citizens of Greene County, in House by Mr. Blair, 775.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 775.

From citizens of Indiana County, in Senate by Mr. Kurtz, 1305.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 1305.

From citizens of Indiana County, in Senate by Mr. Kurtz, 1417.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 1417.

From citizens of Indiana and Westmoreland Counties, in Senate, 1433.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 1433.

From citizens of McKean County, in House by Mr. Benson, 1047.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1047.

From citizens of Monroe County, in Senate by Mr. Huffman, 1225.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 1225.

From citizens of Susquehanna County, in House by Mr. E. E. Jones, 1281.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1281.

From citizens of Tioga County, in House by Mr. Williams, 1115.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1115.

From citizens of Tioga County, in House by Mr. Williams, 1328.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1328.

From citizens of Tioga and Potter Counties, in Senate by Mr. Baldwin, 1305.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 1305.

From citizens of Wayne County, in Senate by Mr. Huffman, 1225.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 1225.

From Grange No. 106 of Erie County, in Senate by Mr. Clark, 1545.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 1545.

From Shiloh Grange No. 927, Patrons of Husbandry, in House by Mr. E. E. Jones, 1281.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1281.

State Civil Service Bill,

From Chamber of Commerce of Pittsburg, in House by Mr. Pitchford, 1677.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1677.

State highway legislation,

From Philadelphia Board of Trade, in House by Mr. Dearden, 1026.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1026.

State Reformatory for Women,

From Congress of Women's Clubs of Western Pennsylvania, in Senate by Mr. Judson, 339.

From Congress of Women's Clubs of Western Pennsylvania, in House by Mr. McClung, 775.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 775.

PETITIONS PRESENTED FAVORING—Continued.

State road connecting county seats of Clarion and Butler,

From citizens of Clarion Borough, in House by Mr. Knight, 883.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 883.

From citizens of Clarion County, in House by Mr. Knight, 635.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 636.

Tenure of office and teachers' auxiliary bill,

From school teachers of Carbondale, in House by Mr. Mannion, 970.

Referred to Committee on Education, 970.

From school teachers of Scranton, in House by Mr. Mannion, 1081.

Referred to Committee on Education, 1081.

From Scranton Teachers' League, in House by Mr. Mannion, 845.

Referred to Committee on Education, 845.

From Scranton Teachers' League, in House by Mr. Mannion, 970.

Referred to Committee on Education, 970.

From teachers of public schools of Scranton, in House by Mr. Ehrhardt, 920.

Referred to Committee on Education, 920.

From Teachers of Scranton High School, in House by Mr. Carroll, 883.

Referred to Committee on Education, 883.

Training School for Young Women

From Congress of Women's Clubs of Western Pennsylvania, in House by Mr. Bentley, 187.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 187.

From Congress of Women's Clubs of Western Pennsylvania, in House by Mr. Holland, 199.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 199.

Two weeks' pay bill

From citizens of Cumberland County, in Senate by Mr. McConnell, 1305.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1305.

From citizens of Westmoreland County, in House by Mr. Ulerich, 1281.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1281.

From C. A. Yoh Lodge No. 736, Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, in Senate, 1433.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1433.

Uniform primary law

From citizens of Wayne County, in House by Mr. Jackson, 471.

Referred to Committee on Elections, 471.

Wasson Medical Bill

From Huntingdon County Medical Society, in House by Mr. H. B. Dunn, 714.

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 714.

PETITIONS PRESENTED FOR House of Representatives to endorse passage of Sulloway pension bill now before United States Senate

From citizens of Tioga County, in House by Mr. Williams, 278.

Referred to Committee on Pensions and gratuities, 278.

From Civil War veterans of Blair County, in House by Mr. Irwin, 323.

Referred to Committee on Pensions and Gratuities, 323.

From Civil War veterans of Blair County, in House by Mr. Irwin, 230.

Referred to Committee on Pensions and Gratuities, 230.

Route of Sproul Road Bill to be altered so as to run via Delta to Marylan State lines

From citizens of York County, in House by Mr. Grove, 775.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 775.

Route of Sproul Road Bill to be altered so as to run via McAleoys Fort

From citizens of Huntingdon County, in House by Mr. H. B. Dunn, 733.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 733.

State highway to be extended from Florence via Paris to West Virginia line along Pittsburg and Steubenville Pike

From citizens of Washington County, in House by Mr. Holland, 1047.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1047.

PETITIONS PRESENTED REGARDING Alter Bill providi for termination of lien of any recognizance or mor gage on real estate

From Philadelphia Board of Trade, in House by M Dearden, 920.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 920.

Employers' liability legislation

From Philadelphia Coal Exchange, in Senate, 2664.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2664.

Proposed laws relating to killing and sale of deer

From citizens of Huntingdon County, in House by M H. B. Dunn, 1015.

Referred to Committee on Game, 1015.

Sewage disposal plant of Danville State Hospital f Insane

From citizens and inhabitants of Danville, in Hou by Mr. Newbaker, 145.

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanit tion, 145.

From members of Borough Council of Danville, House by Mr. Newbaker, 145.

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanit tion, 145.

PETITIONS PRESENTED TO REQUIRE Railroads to weig at designation all shipments made in open or gondo cars,

From citizens of Lebanon County, in House by M Freeman, 471.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 471.

From citizens of Lebanon County, in House by M Snavely, 471.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 471.

PETROLEUM and prescribing maximum fees for any suc inspection, to authorize counties to appoint inspecto of distillates of

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 1205.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1206.

PETROLEUM and prescribing standards of tests, to regu late sale of distillates of

House Bill No. 496

Read in place in House by Mr. Riebel, 880.

Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 88

Reported without amendment, 1048.

First reading, 1093.

Second reading, 1487.

Third reading and postponed for present, 1775.

PETROLEUM and prescribing standards of tests, to regula sale of distillates of

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 1206.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1206.

PETROLEUM oils, bill to provide for better security of life an property from dangers of coal and (see oils).

PETROLEUM, relating to sale of kerosene, naphtha, benzin gasoline and other burning fluids resulting from disti lation of

House Bill No. 506.

Read in place in House by Mr. Malie, 776.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 776.

Reported without amendment, 1081.

First reading, 1240.

Second reading, 2084.

Third reading and postponed for present, 2323.

Dropped from calendar, 2344.

PETROLEUM, to amend act permitting manufacturing com panies to hold real estate by extending its provision to companies incorporated for refining of

House Bill No. 186

Read in place in House by Mr. Schofield, 110.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 110.

Reported without amendment, 436.

First reading, 586.

Second reading, 655, 656.

Third reading and final passage, 722, 723.

Remarks on, by

Schofield, 723.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 713.

PETROLEUM, to authorize counties to appoint inspectors of distillates of

House Bill No. 495
Read in place in House by Mr. Riebel, 880.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 880.
Reported without amendment, 1048.
First reading, 1093.
Second reading, 1486, 1487.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1775.

PETROLEUM, to empower counties to regulate inspection of illuminating oil, kerosene, gasoline, benzine and other burning fluids resulting from distillation of

House Bill No. 505
Read in place in House by Mr. Malie, 776.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 776.
Reported without amendment, 1081.
First reading, 1240.
Second reading, 2084.
Third reading and postponed for present, 2323.
Dropped from calendar, 2344.

PHARMACEUTICAL EXAMINING BOARD of Pennsylvania, bill making appropriation to State (see State).

PHARMACEUTICAL EXAMINING BOARD, bill to amend act to prevent manufacture and sale of adulterated drugs by providing for laboratory and supplies for (see Board).

PHARMACISTS, qualified assistant pharmacists and students and apprentices in pharmacy, to regulate employment of registered
Read in place in House by Mr. North, 1016.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 1016.

PHARMACY and sale of poisons and drugs of all kinds, bill to regulate practice of (see drugs).

PHARMACY bill, petitions presented against practice of (see petitions).

PHARMACY, bill to create Bureau of Preliminary Professional Education with authority to determine preliminary education of students of (see Bureau).

PHARMACY, bills relating to sale of poisons and drugs and practice of (see drugs).

PHEASANT, bill to fix open season for (see season).

PHEASANT until October 14, 1916, bill making it unlawful to kill or be in possession of (see quail).

PHEASANTS, bill to amend act relating to protection and preservation of game as far as it relates to English, Mongolian and Chinese (see game).

PHILADELPHIA and Pittsburg, joint resolution for investigation of statements as to mismanagement of affairs of (see investigation).

PHILADELPHIA ASSOCIATION FOR PROTECTION OF COLORED WOMEN, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. Bass, 717.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 717.

PHILADELPHIA ASSOCIATION FOR PROTECTION OF COLORED WOMEN, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Salus, 700.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 700.

PHILADELPHIA, bill making appropriation for erection of monument on site of Half-Moon Batteries of Revolutionary War in (see Half-Moon).

PHILADELPHIA, bill to establish municipal court for county of (see court).

PHILADELPHIA, bill to repeal further supplement to act to establish a Board of Wardens for Port of (see Board).

PHILADELPHIA BRIGADE ASSOCIATION for erection of bronze statue to General Meade, petition of
Presented to Senate, 8.
Read in Senate, 8.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 9.
Presented to House, 53.
Read in House, 53.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 53.

PHILADELPHIA by fixing rates of pilotage, bill to amend further supplement to act establishing Board of Wardens for Port of (see pilotage).

PHILADELPHIA by further providing for number of pilots and apprentices, bill to amend act establishing a Board of Wardens for the Port of (see pilots).

PHILADELPHIA COLLEGE OF PHARMACY, making appropriation to Trustees of

Senate Bill No. 372
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 608.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 608.
Reported without amendment, 903.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 957.

PHILADELPHIA from introduction of pestilential and contagious diseases so as to regulate salaries of deputies to Quarantine Physician, bill to amend act to secure city and port of (see Quarantine).

PHILADELPHIA GENERAL HOSPITAL, Department of Public Health and Charities, making appropriation to City of Philadelphia for use of
Read in place in House by Mr. Shern, 324.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 324.

PHILADELPHIA HOME FOR INCURABLES, Philadelphia, making appropriation to the

House Bill No. 1057
Read in place in House by Mr. Connell, 172.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 172.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2335.
Second reading, 2409.
Third reading and final passage, 2769.
Returned from Senate with amendments 3319.
Non-concurred in Senate amendments, 3319.
Returned from Senate with adherence to its amendments and notice of appointment of Conference Committee, 3370.
Conference Committee appointed, 3371.
Conference Committee report considered and adopted, 3592.
Returned from Senate with Conference Committee report adopted, 3599.
Signed by Speaker, 3610.

In Senate (No. 984)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2708.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2913.
Re-reported with amendment, 2929.
Third reading and final passage, 3079.
Returned from House with Senate amendments non-concurred in, 3280.
Conference Committee appointed, 3280.
Returned from House with adherence to its non-concurrence in Senate amendments and notice of appointment of Conference Committee, 3378.
Returned from House with Conference Committee report adopted, 3458.
Conference Committee report considered and adopted, 3458.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3537.

PHILADELPHIA HOME FOR INCURABLES, making appropriation to the
Read in place in House by Mr. Townsend, 190.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 190.

PHILADELPHIA HOME FOR INCURABLES, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 167.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 167.

PHILADELPHIA HOME FOR INFANTS, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 980
Read in place in House by Mr. Gray, 121.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 121.
Reported with amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2331.
Second reading, 2397.
Third reading and final passage, 2743.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.

In Senate (No. 910)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2684.
First reading, 2705.
Second reading, 2908.
Third reading and final passage, 3066.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

PHILADELPHIA INSTITUTION FOR FEEBLE-MINDED, making appropriation for establishment of

Senate Bill No. 117

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 243.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 243.
Reported without amendment, 281.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 357.
Re-reported with amendment, 2439.
Second reading, 2545.
Third reading and final passage, 2605.
Returned from House without amendment, 3049.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3275.

In House (No. 1348)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2843.
Reported with amendment, 3005.
First reading, 3006.
Second reading, 3015.
Third reading and final passage, 3199.
Signed by Speaker, 3496.

PHILADELPHIA INSTITUTION FOR THE INSANE, making appropriation for the

Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 253.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 253.

PHILADELPHIA JEWISH SANATORIUM FOR CONSUMPTIVES located at Eagleville, Montgomery County, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 89

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wolf, 150.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 150.
Reported without amendment, 241.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 275.
Re-reported with amendment, 2524.
Second reading, 2665.
Third reading and final passage, 2888.
Returned from House without amendment, 3049.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3275.

In House (No. 1357)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2948.
Reported without amendment, 3005.
First reading, 3007.
Second reading, 3015.
Third reading and final passage, 3202.
Signed by Speaker, 3496.

PHILADELPHIA MUSEUMS, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 983

Read in place in House by Mr. Townsend, 392.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 392.
Reported with amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2331.
Second reading, 2397.
Third reading and final passage, 2744.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.

In Senate (No. 913)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2684.
First reading, 2705.
Second reading, 2908.
Third reading and final passage, 3066.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

PHILADELPHIA MUSEUMS, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 374.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 374.

PHILADELPHIA NORMAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS for maintenance, buildings and equipment, making appropriation to

Read in place in House by Mr. Roney, 717.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 717.

PHILADELPHIA NORMAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS for maintenance, buildings and equipment, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 371

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 608.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 608.
Reported without amendment, 903.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 956.

PHILADELPHIA ORTHOPAEDIC HOSPITAL AND INFIRMARY FOR NERVOUS DISEASES, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1059

Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 142.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 142.
Reported with amendment, 2240.
First reading, 2335.
Second reading, 2409.
Third reading and final passage, 2769.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.

In Senate (No. 986)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2708.
Second reading, 2913.
Third reading and final passage, 3079.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

PHILADELPHIA ORTHOPAEDIC HOSPITAL AND INFIRMARY FOR NERVOUS DISEASES, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 131.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 131.

PHILADELPHIA POLYCLINIC AND COLLEGE FOR GRADUATES IN MEDICINE, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 190

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Salus, 298.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 298.
Reported without amendment, 454.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 518.
Re-reported with amendment, 2215.
Second reading, 2278.
Third reading and final passage, 2452.
Returned from House with amendments, 3147.
Concurred in House amendments, 3147.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3275.

In House (No. 1300)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2571.
Reported with amendment, 2840.
First reading, 2997.
Second reading, 3011.
Third reading and final passage, 3186.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 3309.
Signed by Speaker, 3495.

PHILADELPHIA POLYCLINIC AND COLLEGE FOR GRADUATES IN MEDICINE, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Salus, 788.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 788.

PHILADELPHIA PROTECTORY FOR BOYS, Protectory Station, Montgomery County, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1061

Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 189.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 189.
Reported with amendment, 2240.
First reading, 2335.
Second reading, 2410.
Third reading and final passage, 2770.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.

In Senate (No. 988)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2708.
Second reading, 2913.
Third reading and final passage, 3079.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

PHILADELPHIA PROTECTORY FOR BOYS, Protectory Station, Montgomery County, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 268.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 268.

PHILADELPHIA SAVING FUND SOCIETY for year ending December 31, 1909, report of

Presented to Senate, 7.
Presented to House, 105.
In Appendix, 3655.

PHILADELPHIA SAVING FUND SOCIETY for year ending December 31, 1910, report of

Presented to Senate, 102.
Presented to House, 121.
In Appendix, 3882.

PHILADELPHIA SCHOOL OF PEDAGOGY for maintenance, buildings and equipment, making appropriation to

Read in place in House by Mr. Roney, 717.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 717.

PHILADELPHIA SCHOOL OF PEDAGOGY for maintenance, buildings and equipment, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 608.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 608.

PHILADELPHIA, to repeal rule 13 of section 21 of act appropriating ground for public purposes in

House Bill No. 521

Read in place in House by Mr. John R. K. Scott, 1116.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1116.
Reported without amendment, 1169.
First reading, 1241.
Second reading, 1508.
Third reading and final passage, 1793.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2718.
Signed by Speaker, 2845.

In Senate (No. 690)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1802.
Reported without amendment, 2201.
First reading, 2286.
Second reading, 2463.
Third reading and final passage, 2530.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2653.

PHILIP'S COMPANY murdered by Indians near Saxton, Bedford County, making appropriation for monument to certain soldiers of Revolutionary War of Captain

Read in place in House by Mr. Matt, 717.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 717.

PHILLIPS, BENJAMIN S., Representative from Second District, (Lackawanna County),

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 1229, making appropriation for erection of monument to Robert Morris in City of Philadelphia, 2825.

House Bill No. 1230, making appropriation to Trustees of State Hospital of Northern Anthracite Coal Region at Scranton, 2826.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Joint resolution to provide for granting of brevet rank to surviving officers of Pennsylvania Troops of Civil War, 416.

Making appropriation for erection of monument to Robert Morris, 97.

Making appropriation to Trustees of State Hospital at Scranton, 155.

Making it a misdemeanor for insurance companies or associations or their representatives to fix rates or to charge rates or premiums fixed by agreement, 717.

To authorize State Treasurer to refund to John Taylor amount paid for commission as a Notary Public, 105.

To provide for additional law judge in the forty-fifth Judicial District, 103.

Bills reported by

No. 100 (Senate Bill No. 408)
Amending act relating to exemption of certain property from taxation by exempting parsonages, 300.

No. 1225 (Senate Bill No. 1142)
Making appropriation to Pottsville Hospital, 2244.

No. 1226 (Senate Bill No. 1143)
Making appropriation to trustees of State Hospital for Injured Persons of Anthracite Coal Region of Pennsylvania at Fountain Springs, near Ashland, 2244.

No. 1227 (Senate Bill No. 1144)
Making appropriation to West Side Hospital Association of City of Sharon, 2244.

No. 1228 (Senate Bill No. 1145)
Making appropriation for Home for Friendless of City of Scranton, 2244.

PHILLIPS, BENJAMIN S.—Continued.

No. 1229 (Senate Bill No. 1228)
Making appropriation of $25,000 for erection of a monument to Robert Morris in City of Philadelphia, 2244.

No. 1230 (Senate Bill No. 1216)
Making appropriation to trustees of State Hospital of Northern Anthracite Coal Region of Pennsylvania, at Scranton, 2244.

Election of, 43.

Leave of absence asked for, 316, 1238.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 753.

Dispense with further reading of Journal, 3468.

Petition presented by, from

Citizens of Scranton for Pittsburg-Scranton Plan for City Government, 920.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 580, amending act relating to employment of minors in bituminous coal mines and anthracite collieries or breakers by further regulating ages at which said minors may be employed, 1843, 1844.

House Bill No. 713, providing for additional law judge of several courts of 45th Judicial District, 2949.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

PHILLIPS, R. A., nominated as Member of Commission to Investigate and Report in the Matter of Surface Support Where Anthacite Coal has been removed or is to be removed, 1420.

Reported, 3265.

Confirmed, 3414.

PHIPPS, MARSHALL, Trustee of State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania, at Polk, nominated, 24.

Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

PHOENIXVILLE HOSPITAL, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 81

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Thomson, 89.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 89.
Reported without amendment, 241.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 274.
Re-reported with amendment, 2216.
Second reading 2276.
Third reading and final passage, 2451.
Returned from House without amendment, 3048.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3275.

In House (No. 1301)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2570.
Reported with amendment, 2840.
First reading, 2997.
Second reading, 3012.
Third reading and final passage, 3186.
Signed by Speaker, 3496.

PHOTOGRAPHING and measurement of persons charged with a crime, bill relating to (see crime).

PHYSICAL CONNECTION OF TELEPHONE LINES and transmission of messages over lines of two or more companies, bill to regulate (see telephone).

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION OF RESPONDENTS in actions for divorce, bill to provide for (see divorce).

PHYSICIAN, bill to define administration of State Hospitals of which trustees are authorized to appoint a superintendent who shall be a (see State Hospitals).

PHYSICIAN to poor district or county shall not be valid until approved by Court of Common Pleas of proper county, bill to provide that appointment of a (see appointment).

PHYSICIANS not connected with said institutions, bill to prohibit hospitals and other institutions receiving State aid from restricting pay patients in selection of (see hospitals).

PHYSICIANS of occupational diseases, bill to provide for and regulate reporting to State Department of Health of occupational diseases by (see diseases).

PIANOS leased, hired or conditionally sold, from levy or sale for rent, bill to repeal act to exempt (see rent).

PICNIC GROUNDS by requiring prosecutions thereunder to be brought before magistrate or mayor of place wherein offence occurs, bill to amend act relating to disorderly conduct on (see disorderly).

PICTURES of prize fights or any indecent or immoral pictures, bill to prevent exhibition of moving or motion or other (see moving).

PIERS and to lease same, bill to authorize any city bordering on navigable tidal stream to acquire real estate along such stream for construction of (see city).

PIGEONS in contests or matches, to prohibit the shooting at live

Read in place in House by Mr. Andrews, 526.
Referred to Committee on Game, 526.

PILOTAGE, to amend further supplement to act establishing Board of Wardens for Port of Philadelphia by fiixing rates of

Senate Bill No. 479

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McIlhenny, 1100.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1100.
Reported without amendment, 1254.
First reading, 1325.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 1427.

PILOTS AND APPRENTICES, to amend act establishing a Board of Wardens for Port of Philadelphia by further providing for number of

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 402.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 402.

PILOTS AND PILOT APPRENTICES, to amend act establishing a Board of Wardens for Port of Philadelphia by providing for classification of

Senate Bill No. 555

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 402.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 402.
Reported without amendment, 1546.
First reading, 1656.
Second reading, 1742.
Over in its order, 1815.
Third reading and final passage, 1895.
Returned from House without amendment, 3278.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3404.

In House (No. 873)

Referred to committee on Judiciary Special, 1934.
Reported without amendment, 1949.
First reading, 2049.
Second reading, 2369.
Objections raised to calling up bill, 2932.
Third reading and final passage, 3353.
Signed by Speaker, 3591.

Remarks on, by

Scott, John R. K., 2932, 3353.
Baldwin, R. J., 2932.

PINE, bill to repeal that part of act allowing voters of certain townships of Allegheny County to vote on question of issuing licenses for sale of intoxicating liquors which relates to Township of (see liquors).

PINE LINE COMPANIES in boroughs and townships, bill to provide for assessment of taxes against real estate, leases and improvements of (see taxes).

PIPE-LINES outside territory of any water company, bill to amend act granting certain rights to water companies by regulating carrying of water by (see water).

PIPER, HUGH B., Representative from Twenty-Fourth District, (Philadelphia County),

Amendment offered by, to

House Bill No. 646, regulating sale of milk, skimmed milk and cream, 1750, 2516.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 84.

Bills introduced by

Amending act relating to employment of minors by reducing maximum number of hours of employment for male and female minors, 303.
Relating to operation of street passenger railways, 95.
Requiring all employers to grant a certain time for mid-day meal to each employe, 526.

PIPER, HUGH B.—Continued.

To aid in prevention of strikes and lockouts in mines and industries connected with public utilities and providing for Board of Conciliation and Investigation, 1400.
To provide for calling a convention to amend the Constitution, 361.
To provide for payment of compensation to employes for injuries sustained, 361.
To regulate sale of milk, skimmed milk and cream, 1082.

Election of, 44.

Leave of absence asked for, 590, 1780.

Motion by, for

Previous question on House Bill No. 216, amending act creating Department of State Police as regards salaries, 934.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 587.
Discharge committee from further consideration of House Bill No. 775, amending act relating to employment of minors so as to reduce maximum number of hours of employment for certain male and female minors, 1614.
Place on calendar House Bill No. 775, amending act relating to employment of minors so as to reduce maximum number of hours of employment for certain male and female minors, 1849.
Postpone for present House Bill No. 646, regulating sale of milk, skimmed milk and cream, 1543.

Petition presented by, from

Citizens of Philadelphia for reading of Bible in public schools, 845.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 354 requiring all employers to grant certain time for midday meal to each employe, 1492.
House concurrent resolution No. 8, regarding investigation of conditions in Westmoreland County coal fields, 823.

Resolution concurrent, offered by, in reference to

Recalling House Bill No. 269, providing for investigations when charges shall be preferred againt a judge, from Senate for amendment, 1409.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

PIPES AND SUPPLY WATER therein, bill to authorize boroughs to erect or acquire water works and to extend its (see boroughs).

PIPES BEYOND CITY LIMITS, bill to authorize water companies in cities of third class to extend their (see cities).

PITCHFORD, TIMOTHY, Representative from Second District, (Cambria County),

Appointment of, on

Conference committee, 3370.
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Making appropriation to Johnstown City Hospital, 125.
Providing for health and safety of persons employed in and about bituminous coal mines, 302.

Bill reported by

No. 635 (Senate Bill No. 774)
Providing that all inside buildings in coal mines shall be constructed of incombustible material, 1350.

Election of, 43.

Motions by, for

House to non-concur in Senate amendments to House Bill No. 313, to provide for health and safety of persons employed in and about bituminous coal mines, 3351.
House to non-concur in Senate amendments to House Bill No. 313, to provide for safety of persons employed in and about bituminous coal mines, 3370.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 138.
Dispense with further reading of Journal, 775, 7779.
Postpone for present House Bill No. 313, providing for health and safety of persons employed in and about bituminous coal mines, 2316.

Petitions presented by, from

Banner Grange No. 1115 of Cambria County for Kelly Resolution providing for Initiative, Referendum and Recall, 920.
Citizens of Allegheny County for passage of School Code, 472.
Citizens of Allegheny County for Pittsburg Plan, 920.

PITCHFORD, TIMOTHY—Continued.

Citizens of Baldwin Township, against annexation to City of Pittsburg, 360.
Citizens of Ben Avon Borough, against annexation to City of Pittsburg, 360.
Citizens of Braddock Borough, against annexation to City of Pittsburg, 360.
Citizens of Cambria County for commission form of government, 845.
Citizens of Cambria County, against commission form of government, 250, 313, 415.
Citizens of Cambria County for Maurer Initiative and Referendum Bill, 471.
Citizens of Cambria County for repeal of State Constabulary Law, 471, 1677.
Citizens of Cambria County for State Local Option Law, 471.
Citizens of Clarion Borough, against annexation to City of Pittsburg, 360.
Citizens of Duquesne Borough, against annexation to City of Pittsburg, 360.
Citizens of East Pittsburg, against annexation to City of Pittsburg, 360.
Citizens of Edgemont Borough, against annexation to City of Pittsburg, 360.
Citizens of Homestead, against annexation to City of Pittsburg, 360.
Citizens of Knoxville Borough, against annexation to City of Pittsburg, 360.
Citizens of McKees Rocks Borough, against annexation to City of Pittsburg, 360.
Citizens of Millvale Borough, against annexation to City of Pittsburg, 360.
Citizens of Pitcairn Borough, against annexation to City of Pittsburg, 360.
Citizens of Wilmerding Borough, against annexation to City of Pittsburg, 360.
Chamber of Commerce of Pittsburg for State Civil Service Bill, 1677.
Cross Roads Grange No. 1124, for better telephone facilities, 360.
Grange No. 1121, Patrons of Husbandry, for better telephone facilities, 145.
Granges of Sumerville and Croyle Townships, Cambria County, for Initiative and Referendum, 1677.
Johnstown Chamber of Commerce, Cambria County, protesting against tax on coal, 313.
Johnstown Chamber of Commerce, Cambria County for commission form of government, 733.
League of Boroughs and Townships of Allegheny County, against annexation to City of Pittsburg, 360.
Mercantile men of South Fork, Cambria County, for passage of act attaching men's wages for merchandise, 187.
Pennsylvania State Grange for Initiative and Referendum, 1237.
Pomona Grange No. 51, Cambria County, for Initiative and Referendum, 1328.
Select and Common Council of Scranton against special tax on anthracite coal, 1237.
Swissvale Board of Trade, against annexation to City of Pittsburg, 360.
United Mine Workers for Initiative and Referendum, 1677.
Washington Camp No. 670, P. O. S. of A., for appropriation to Public School Memorial Association, 313.
Washington Camp No. 721, P. O. S. of A. of Johnstown, also Washington Camp No. 775, P. O. S. of A, of Hastings, also Washington Camp No. 629, P. O. S. of A. of South Fork, for School Code, 1237.
Washington Camp No. 720, P. O. S. of A. of Cambria County for School Code, 1328.
Washington Camp P. O. S. of A. against taxing of life insurance premiums, 1677.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 313, providing for health and safety of persons employed in and about bituminous coal mines, 2224, 2225, 3522.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

PITTSBURG AND ALLEGHENY HOME FOR FRIENDLESS situated in City of Pittsburg, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1145

Read in place in House by Mr. Schad, 960.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 960.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2339.
Second reading, 2420.
Third reading and final passage, 2797.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

PITTSBURG AND ALLEGHENY HOME FOR FRIENDLESS —Continued.

In Senate (No. 1065)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2712.
Second reading, 2919.
Third reading and final passage, 3094.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

PITTSBURG BILL, resolution (House) by Alter, in reference to hearing on Greater, 718.

PITTSBURG COMMISSION PLAN OF GOVERNMENT, resolution reported from House Committee on Rules, by Shern, in reference to public hearing on, 922.

PITTSBURG HOME FOR BABIES, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1029

Read in place in House by Mr. McInerney, 252.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 252.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2333.
Second reading, 2405.
Third reading and final passage, 2759.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.

In Senate (No. 958)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2707.
Second reading, 2911.
Third reading and final passage, 3074.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

PITTSBURG HOME FOR BABIES, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Kline, 222.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 222.

PITTSBURG HOSPITAL SISTERS OF CHARITY, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 18

Read in place in House by Mr. Halferty, 104.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 104.
Reported with amendment, 138.
First reading, 144.
Second reading, 146.
Third reading and final passage, 158.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 196.
Signed by Speaker, 232.
Approved by Governor, 311.

In Senate (No. 18)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 152.
Reported without amendment, 153.
First reading, 154.
Second reading, 170.
Third reading and final passage, 184.
Signed by President, 186.

PITTSBURG HOSPITAL SISTERS OF CHARITY, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1191.

Read in place in House by Mr. Halferty, 315.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 315.
Reported with amendment, 2243.
First reading, 2341.
Second reading, 2429.
Third reading and final passage, 2813.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.

In Senate (No. 1110)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2663.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2714.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2922.
Re-reported without amendment, 2929.
Third reading and final passage, 3103.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

PITTSBURG, joint resolution creating committee to investigate certain charges made in relation to government of (see investigate).

PITTSBURG joint resolution for investigation of statements as to mismanagement of affairs of Philadelphia and (see investigation).

PITTSBURG NEWSBOYS' HOME, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1148

Read in place in House by Mr. Geary, 302.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 302.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2339.
Second reading, 2421.
Third reading and final passage, 2798.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

In Senate (No. 1068)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2712.
Second reading, 2919.
Third reading and final passage, 3095.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

PITTSBURG NEWSBOYS' HOME, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 267.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 267.

PITTSBURG, petitions presented against annexation to City of (see petitions).

PITTSBURG-SCRANTON PLAN FOR CITY GOVERNMENT, petitions presented favoring (see petitions).

PITTSBURG SUNSHINE CHILDREN'S HOME, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 192

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 340.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 340.
Reported without amendment, 454.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 519.
Re-reported with amendment, 2216.
Second reading, 2278.
Third reading and final passage, 2452.
Returned from House without amendment, 3048.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3275.

In House (No. 1312)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2571.
Reported without amendment, 2841.
First reading, 2997.
Second reading, 3013.
Third reading and final passage, 3190.
Signed by Speaker, 3495.

PITTSTON HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 916

Read in place in House by Mr. Healey, 103.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 103.
Reported with amendment, 2236.
First reading, 2328.
Second reading, 2387.
Third reading and final passage, 2721.
Returned from Senate with amendment, 3310.
Concurred in Senate amendment, 3310.
Signed by Speaker, 3479

In Senate (No. 849)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2655.
Reported without amendment, 2683.
First reading, 2702.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2904.
Re-reported with amendment, 2929.
Third reading and final passage, 3054.
Returned from House with Senate amendment concurred in, 3281.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

PITTSTON HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Catlin, 101.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 101.

PLACES OF AMUSEMENT, bill prohibiting minors under sixteen years of age from attending certain (see minors).

PLACES OF AMUSEMENT, bill regulating licensing of certain (see amusement).

PLACES OF BUSINESS for sale of goods are maintained in any one county, bill to fix mercantile tax where more than three separate (see mercantile).

PLACES OF DETENTION awaiting trial, bill relating to treatment of persons in (see treatment).

PLACES USED FOR DRAMATIC PERFORMANCES or exhibitions, bill to provide for licensing in cities of first class of (see cities).

PLANNING DEPARTMENT, supplement to act for government of cities of second class creating and regulating a City (see cities).

PLAYS, bill to prohibit lascivious, sacrilegious, indecent, immoral or impure (see amusement).

PLEADINGS IN CIVIL CASES by requiring defendant to file a bill of particulars upon rule taken by plaintiff after plea, to regulate

House Bill No. 279

Read in place in House by Mr. Ewing, 590.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 590.
Reported with amendment, 715.
First reading, 751.
Second reading, 872.
Third reading and final passage, 1187.

In Senate (No. 558)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1182.
Reported without amendment, 1631.
First reading, 1743.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1815.

PLEADINGS IN CIVIL COURTS of Common Pleas, to provide for amendment of the

House Bill No. 109

Read in place in House by Mr. Wilson, 232.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 232.
Reported without amendment, 301.
First reading, 322.
Second reading, 334.
Third reading and final passage, 431.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1170.
Signed by Speaker, 1196.
Vetoed by Governor, 1401.
Sustained Governor's veto, 1401.

In Senate (No. 409)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 458.
Reported without amendment, 938.
First reading, 1013.
Second reading, 1078.
Third reading and final passage, 1107.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1182.

PLEASANT MOUNT, Wayne County, bill making appropriation for improvement of State Fish Hatchery at (see fish).

PLEDGES FROM MINORS under sixteen years of age, bill to prohibit pawnbrokers or any employe from making loans or receiving (see pawnbrokers).

PLUMBING IN CITIES, bills relating to examination and registration of those engaged in (see cities).

POISONS, bill to regulate sale of drugs and (see drugs).

POLICEMEN IN BOROUGHS, to regulate appointment of

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Catlin, 756.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 756.

POLICEMEN IN BOROUGHS by regulating control of policemen when on duty, to amend act authorizing appointment of

Read in place in House by Mr. Ferguson, 1399.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1399.
Reported without amendment, 1610.
First reading, 1827.
Second reading, 2118.
Third reading and final passage, 3000.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3601.
Signed by Speaker, 3609.

In Senate (No. 1196)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 3043.
Reported without amendment, 3120.
First reading, 3177.
Second reading, 3299.
Third reading and final passage, 3434.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3536.

POLICIES OF INSURANCE, bills relating to (see insurance).

POLYCLINIC HOSPITAL of Harrisburg, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 947

Read in place in House by Mr. Tunis, 1082.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1082.
Reported with amendment, 2236.
First reading, 2330.
Second reading, 2391.
Third reading and final passage, 2732.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.

In Senate (No. 877)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2656.
Reported without amendment, 2683.
First reading, 2703.
Second reading, 2906.
Third reading and final passage, 3060.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

POLYGAMY, joint resolution of Montaha Legislature, condemning, 907.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, in Senate, 906.
Joint resolution of Nebraska Legislature, condemning, 906.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, in Senate, 906.
Joint resolution of Ohio Legislature, condemning, 1181, 1182.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, in Senate, 1181.
Joint resolution of Tennessee Legislature, condemning, 906.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, in Senate, 906.

POOL TABLES, bill to exempt from levy and sale on execution or distress for rent certain cases and billiard and (see rent).

POOL TABLES and room to provide for granting of licenses, bill to regulate use of (see billiard).

POOL TABLES in cities of first class, bill to regulate use of (see cities).

POOR CHARGES, bill to amend act relating to fixed charge on State Forestry Reserves by providing additional fixed charges on said land for (see Forestry).

POOR DIRECTORS, bill to provide for expenses of County (see court).

POOR DISTRICT from which patient shall have been received, bill to amend act creating State Asylum for Chronic Insane by increasing maximum amount for weekly maintenance a certain portion of which shall be paid by (see insane).

POOR DISTRICT, relating to directors and affairs of the Middle Coal Field

Senate Bill No. 164

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Catlin, 118.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 118.
Reported without amendment, 401.
First reading, 469.
Second reading, 503.
Third reading and final passage, 552.
Returned from House without amendment, 3112.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3275.

In House (No. 766)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 585.
Reported without amendment, 1695.
First reading, 1830.
Second reading, 2127.
Third reading and final passage, 3224.
Signed by Speaker, 3496.

POOR DISTRICT TO APPEAL to Court of Common Pleas from judgment of any justice of the peace against same, bill to empower taxpayer of any (see appeal).

POOR DISTRICTS, bill relating to settlement and audit of accounts of all officers of (see accounts).

POOR DISTRICTS situate wholly within any county not exceeding 500,000 population, bill to regulate compensation of directors of (see directors).

POOR DISTRICTS to appropriate money to certain corporations for relief of pauper injured or sick, to empower officers of

House Bill No. 131

Read in place in House by Mr. Dale, 209.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 209.
Reported with amendment, 314.
First reading, 337.
Second reading, 437.
Third reading and final passage, 579.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2718.
Signed by Speaker, 2844.

In Senate (No. 696)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 564.
Reported without amendment, 2202.
First reading, 2286.
Second reading, 2464.
Third reading and final passage, 2531.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2653.

POOR DISTRICTS to be approved by Court of Quarter Sessions and filed by clerk of said Court, bill to require bonds given by officers of (see bonds).

POOR DISTRICTS to erect hospitals for indigent persons afflicted with tuberculosis, bill to authorize (see hospitals).

POOR HOUSE AT PITTSTON, to amend, by authorizing increase in amount of relief that may be granted to paupers not residing in poorhouse in said district, act relating to

House Bill No. 341

Read in place in House by Mr. Healey, 103.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 103.
Reported with amendment, 735.
First reading, 782.
Second reading, 896.
Third reading and final passage, 1293.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1934.
Signed by Speaker, 2050.
Approved by Governor, 2189.

In Senate (No. 566)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1263.
Reported without amendment, 1632.
First reading, 1744.
Second reading, 1817.
Third reading and final passage, 1897.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1917.

POOR HOUSE BY CITY OF CARBONDALE, so as to increase real estate holdings of said poor district for almshouse, to amend act authorizing erection of

Read in place in House by Mr. Mannion, 315.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 315.

POOR HOUSE BY TOWNSHIP OF WILKES-BARRE authorizing judges of courts of quarter sessions of Luzerne County to appoint additional director of poor for cerain boroughs, to amend act authorizing erection of

Senate Bill No. 756

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Catlin, 2439.
Referred to Committee on New Counties and Townships, 2439.
Reported without amendment, 2443.
First reading, 2551.
Second reading, 2670.
Third reading and final passage, 2890.
Returned from House without amendment,
Signed by President pro tempore, 3540.

In House (No. 1336)

Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 2948.
Reported without amendment, 2973, 3006.
First reading, 3007.
Second reading, 3023.
Third reading and final passage, 3497.
Signed by Speaker, 3610.

POOR HOUSE BY TOWNSHIP OF WILKES-BARRE, to amend, by authorizing appointment of additional director of poor in certain boroughs, act relating to erection of

House Bill No. 351
Read in place in House by Mr. Good, 188.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 188.
Reported without amendment, 776.
First reading, 900.
Dropped from calendar, 1359.

POOR HOUSE BY TOWNSHIP OF WILKES-BARRE, to amend act relating to erection of

Senate Bill No. 163
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Catlin, 149.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 149.
Reported without amendment, 401.
First reading, 469.
Second reading, 503.
Third reading and final passage, 551.

In House (No. 370)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 584.
Reported without amendment, 880.
First reading, 901.
Second reading, 1056.
Third reading and final passage, 1351.

POOR HOUSE IN DAUPHIN COUNTY, bill to repeal part of act providing for erection of (see Dauphin).

POOR HOUSE IN MERCER COUNTY, bill to repeal act for erection of (see Mercer).

POOR HOUSES and certain lands therein exempted not necessary for enjoyment of same, bill to amend act exempting from taxation certain property by removing exemption from all (see taxation).

POOR HOUSES IN COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Wolf, authorizing printing of report and testimony of commission to investigate, 245.
Resolution returned by House, 250.
Concurred in by House, 266.
Approved by Governor, 456.

POOR HOUSES IN COUNTY OF PHILADELPHIA presented in Senate by Mr. Wolf, report of commission to investigate, 242.
In Appendix, 3887.

POOR HOUSES IN LUZERNE COUNTY regulating affairs of Scranton Poor District, supplement to act authorizing erection of certain

Senate Bill No. 571
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichols, 1419.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1419.
Reported without amendment, 1632.
First reading, 1744.
Second reading, 1817.
Recommitted to Committee, 1902.

POOR IN TOWNSHIPS OF SECOND CLASS, bill to enlarge, by requiring upon petition cemeteries to be maintained, powers of overseers of (see townships).

POOR OF SCHUYLKILL COUNTY by creating Board of Trustees for Insane, bill to amend act relating to care of (see Schuylkill).

POPULATION, further supplement to act relating to classification of townships providing for advertisement by county commissioners of (see townships).

POPULATION INTO TWO CLASSES and providing for form of government of boroughs of first class, bill to divide boroughs with respect to (see boroughs).

PORT FACILITIES, making appropriation for improvement of maritime

Senate Bill No. 256
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Vare, 374.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 374.
Reported without amendment, 607.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 685.
Re-reported with amendment, 2216.
Second reading, 2280.
Third reading and final passage, 2453.
Returned from House without amendment, 3048.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3276.

PORT FACILITIES—Continued.

In House (No. 1309)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2571.
Reported without amendment, 2840.
First reading, 2997.
Second reading, 3012.
Third reading and final passage, 3189.
Signed by Speaker, 3495.

PORTER LODGE NUMBER 284 F. AND A. M., of Catasauqua, for excess of tax paid, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 199
Read in place in House by Mr. Artanus H. Snyder, 200.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 200.
Reported without amendment, 565.
First reading, 603.
Second reading, 847.
Third reading and final passage, 926.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1471.
Signed by Speaker,
Approved by Governor, 1919.

In Senate (No. 470)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 919.
Reported without amendment, 1253.
First reading, 1325.
Second reading, 1425.
Third reading and final passage, 1440.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1551.

PORTRAITS OF PAST JUSTICES of Supreme Court, bill making appropriation for (see justices).

POSEY, L. P., Member of Board of Medical Examiners, Representing Homeopathic Medical Society of State of Pennsylvania, nominated, 27.

POSSESSION OF LAND appropriated under right of eminent domain, bill to provide method for obtaining (see land).

POST MORTEMS, bill relating to coroners and the holding of (see coroners).

POTTSTOWN HOSPITAL, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1120.
Read in place in House by Mr. Kern, 301.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 301.
Reported with amendment, 2241.
First reading, 2338.
Second reading, 2417.
Third reading and final passage, 2790.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

In Senate (No. 1043)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2688.
First reading, 2711.
Second reading, 2917.
Third reading and final passage, 3090.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

POTTSTOWN HOSPITAL, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Heacock, 268.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 268.

POTTSVILLE HOSPITAL, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1225
Read in place in House by Mr. Hunter, 636.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 636.
Reported with amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2343.
Second reading, 2435.
Third reading and final passage, 2824.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3479.

In Senate (No. 1142)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2664.
Reported without amendment, 2691.
First reading, 2715.
Second reading, 2924.
Third reading and final passage, 3110.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

OTTSVILLE HOSPITAL, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 60

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Snyder, 166.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 166.
Reported without amendment, 240.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 273.

OTTSVILLE HOSPITAL, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 254

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Snyder, 490.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 490.
Reported without amendment, 607.
First reading, 684.
Recommitted to Committee, 685.

OULTRY ASSOCIATION, bill to amend act establishing State Board of Agriculture by adding representative of State (see Bee-Keepers).

OULTRY FOOD providing penalty for copying same, supplement to act relating to sale of concentrated commercial feeding-stuffs and (see feeding-stuffs).

OULTRY, petitions presented for appropriation to better conditions for raising (see petitions).

OWELL, ARCHIBALD W., Senator from Forty-Fourth District, (Allegheny County, part of).

Amendments offered by, to

Senate Bill No. 680, amending act to establish county court for county of Allegheny by changing election of judges from general to municipal election, 2284.

Senate Bill No. 763, supplementary to act for government of cities of second class, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 2680, 2681.

Senate Bill No. 767, authorizing ascertainment, levy and collection of costs, damages and expenses of municipal improvements, 3154.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 79, 80.

Bills introduced by

Amending act concerning divorces and regulating submission of issues of fact to a jury by limiting it to cases in divorce hereafter begun, 2005.

Amending act relating to arbitration, 250.

Amending act to establish County Court for County of Allegheny by changing election of judges from general election to municipal election, 2155.

Amending act to regulate nomination and election of public officers by providing for sheriff's proclamation at all general and municipal elections and regulating advertising thereof, 2155.

Authorizing Supreme Court to regulate practice and procedure in all judicial proceedings in all courts in this Commonwealth, 166.

Authorizing the proper authorities of adjoining boroughs to determine dividing line between said boroughs, 340.

Joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania, 1454.

Joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania relating to debt for public roads, 244.

Regulating award and trial of issues of fact arising on disputed accounts of executors, administrators, guardians or trustees, 1418.

Regulating the issuance of licenses to marry, 118.

Relative to National Guard of Pennsylvania, 221.

Repealing act to provide for registration of conveyances of real estate in townships of first class, 1418.

Supplement to act relating to arbitrations providing for election of three official arbitrators in certain counties, 250.

To establish a county court for County of Allegheny, 635.

To regulate marriage and marriage licenses, 1418.

To regulate reversal or granting of new trials in certain cases, 1436.

Bills reported by

No. 11 (House Bill No. 798)
Relating to sale of goods, 553, 554.

No. 52 (House Bill No. 182)
Amending act relating to jurisdiction of courts in cases of divorce, 240.

No. 109 (House Bill No. 456)
Relating to National Guard, 554.

No. 111
Providing for return of statistics relating to marriage, 281.

POWELL, ARCHIBALD W.—Continued.

No. 112
Providing for return of statistics relating to annulment of marriage and divorce proceedings, 281.

No. 113
Authorizing brief form for mortgages, 281.

No. 165 (House Bill No. 11)
Permitting release on parole of persons acquitted on grounds of insanity, 401.

No. 177 (House Bill No. 1241)
Providing for incorporation, regulation and government of cities of third class, 406.

No. 278
Amending act relating to damages for injuries producing death as regards a non-resident alien, 664.

No. 279
Relating to control of outdoor advertising by townships of first class, boroughs and cities, 664, 787.

No. 303 (House Bill No. 424)
In relation to appointment and salaries of clerk of court of common pleas in certain counties, 671.

No. 336 (House Bill No. 29)
Authorizing Supreme Court to promulgate general rules of practice for all courts of record of one kind, 787.

No. 337 (House Bill No. 66)
Amending act relating to certain companies holding real estate necessary for manufacturing purposes by extending same to horticultural companies, 787.

No. 400 (House Bill No. 109)
Providing for amendment of pleadings in civil courts, 938.

No. 401 (House Bill No. 765)
Amending act relating to Orphans' Courts as regards auditing of accounts of guardians of minors' property, 938.

No. 416 (House Bill No. 114)
To validate bonds or other securities evidencing increase of municipal indebtedness, 1000.

No. 527 (House Bill No. 243)
Fixing salary of county engineer in certain counties, 1435.

No. 528 (House Bill No. 853)
Amending act authorizing condemnation of real estate for State Normal School uses extending it to condemnation of servitudes, easements and streets or alleys, 1435.

No. 558 (House Bill No. 279)
Requiring pleadings in civil cases, 1631.

No. 559 (House Bill No. 274)
Empowering commissioners of any first class townships to pave and otherwise improve certain streets without petition of property owners, 1631.

No. 737 (House Bill No. 491)
Providing system whereby boroughs may build sewers and pave streets and pay cost thereof by issue of bonds, 2265.

No. 1242 (House Bill No. 154)
Providing for regulation of municipal liens and collection thereof in boroughs, 3152.

Motions by, for

Senate Bill No. 359, to repeal act for erection of poorhouse in Mercer County, to go over in its order, 999.

Senate Bill No. 361, to repeal act authorizing citizens of Mercer to erect a Union School House, to go over in its order, 999.

Senate Bill No. 476, authorizing poor districts to provide hospitals for care of indigent persons afflicted with tuberculosis, to go over in its order, 1440.

Senate Bill No. 488, for safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings in cities of third class, boroughs and townships by providing proper exits, fire escapes, and fire extinguishers, to go over in its order, 1665.

Motions by, to

Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 407, for better protection of wild birds and game by requiring all citizens to procure license before using gun for hunting, 1443.

Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 763, supplementary to act for government of cities of second class, 3144.

POWELL, ARCHIBALD W.—Continued.

Recommit Senate Bill No. 133, regulating issuance of licenses to marry, 1423.

Recommit Senate Bill No. 177, providing for incorporation, regulation and government of cities of third class, 553.

Recommit Senate Bill No. 279, in regard to outdoor advertising and license tax for same, 711.

Recommit Senate Bill No. 294, defining liability of directors of banks and other savings institutions for lossess incurred by depositors, 795, 796.

Recommit Senate Bill No. 763, supplementary to act for government of cities of second class, 3140.

Reconsider vote on Senate Bill No. 407, for better protection of wild birds and game by requiring all citizens to procure license before using gun for hunting, 1442.

Reconsider vote on Senate Bill No. 767, authorizing ascertainment, award, levy, assessment and collection of costs, damages and expenses of municipal improvements, 3154.

Remarks by, on

Senate Bill No. 223, in regard to closing toll bridges whose travel has been diverted, 704.

Senate Bill No. 294, defining liability of directors of banks and certain other savings institutions for losses incurred by depositors or stockholders, 796.

Senate Bill No. 427, amending act relating to care of neglected or dependent children by empowering Court to enforce order of support made upon parents, 1231.

Senate Bill No. 496, to establish a public school system, 2652.

Senate Bill No. 588, further amending act providing for incorporation of certain corporations so as to compel water power companies to furnish such power for public purposes, 2204.

Senate Bill No. 605, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania, 1915.

Senate Bill No. 626, amending and supplementing act for government of cities of second class by providing for abolishing present select and common councils and creating new body to be known as the council, 2174, 2175.

Senate Bill No. 763, supplementary to act for government of cities of second class, 2673, 2674, 2675, 3141, 3144.

Senate Bill No. 1190, defining public service companies and establishing public service commission for supervision and regulation of such companies, 3297.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 71.

POWER FOR PUBLIC PURPOSES, bill to amend act relating to certain corporations so as to compel water and water power companies to furnish (see water).

POWERS OF CONSTABLES IN service of summons issued by Aldermen and Justices of the Peace, bill to enlarge (see constables).

PRACTICE in all judicial proceedings in all courts in this Commonwealth, bill to require Supreme Court of this Commonwealth to regulate (see courts).

PRACTICE in Courts of Common Pleas of this Commonwealth where either party is a chartered corporation, relating to the

House Bill No. 622

Read in place in House by Mr. Connell, 1184.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1184.

Reported without amendment, 1340.

First reading, 1413.

Second reading and amended, 2088.

Third reading and final passage, 2345.

Returned from Senate without amendment, 3355.

Signed by Speaker, 3480.

In Senate (No. 807)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2472.

Reported without amendment, 2601.

First reading, 2926.

Second reading, 3154.

Third reading and final passage, 3266.

Signed by President pro tempore, 3402.

PRECEPTS, bill to amend act relating to time for precepts for tri-annual assessments to be issued by commissioners of the several counties by changing time for issuing (see assessments).

PRECEPTS TO ASSESSORS for triennial assessments, bill to amend act relating to date when commissioners of the several counties shall issue their (see assessors).

PRE-EMPTIONS OF PARTY NAMES, bill to amend act regulating election of public officers by limiting under certain circumstances time for filing (see election).

PREMIUM STAMP to any purchaser or customer, bill to suppress offering of (see trading stamp).

PREMIUM TO BE PAID FOR INSURANCE, bills relating to (see insurance).

PREMIUM TO BE PAID FOR SUCH LOANS, bill to authorize Building and Loan Associations to grant loans to their members and stockholders in order of application without bidding for same and providing for stated (see Building and Loan).

Read in place in House by Mr. William Conner, 1282.

Referred to Committe on Banks and Banking, 1282.

PREMIUMS ON BONDS required of public officers, bill to provide for payment of (see bonds).

PREMIUMS or gifts in connection with sale of any package of merchandise, to prohibit awarding of

Read in place in House by Mr. Klumpp, 1184.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1184.

PRESBYTERIAN HOSPITAL of Pittsburg, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1026

Read in place in House by Mr. Swan, 134.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 134.

Reported with amendment, 2239.

First reading, 2333.

Second reading, 2404.

Third reading and final passage, 2759.

Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.

Signed by Speaker, 3475.

In Senate (No. 956)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.

Reported without amendment, 2685.

First reading, 2707.

Second reading, 2911.

Third reading and final passage, 3074.

Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

PRESBYTERIAN HOSPITAL of Pittsburg, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Hunter, 117.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 117.

PRESERVES, bill to amend act relating to protection of game and wild birds within limits of (see game).

PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE, George M. Wertz, nomination and election of, 3577.

Oath of office administered to, 3577.

Address of, 3577.

PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE, William E. Crow for services rendered during the session, resolution (Senate) by Wolf, thanking, 3541.

PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE, William E. Crow,

Nomination of, 4.

Election of, 5.

Oath of office administered to, 5.

Adress of, 5.

Presentation of testimonials to, 3578.

PRESS REPRESENTATIVES for services rendered during the session, resolution (House) by Carroll, thanking, 3613.

PRICE OF ANY ARTICLE or commodity, bill to make it a misdemeanor for any two or more persons to enter into agreement to control (see competition).

PRICE, WILLIAM G., Jr., Brigadier General of National Guard of Pennsylvania, nominted, 27.

Reported, 940.

Confirmed, 956.

PRICE, WILLIAM G., Jr., Member of Armory Board of State of Pennsylvania, nominated, 26.

Reported, 940.

Confirmed, 956.

PRICES, bill to provide for punishment of conspiracies to control, (see trusts).

PRICHARD, FRANK P., Member of Commission to Revise Election Laws, nominated, 27.

Reported, 709.

Confirmed, 710.

PRIMARIES FOR EACH PARTY, bill to amend act providing uniform method of electing certain party officers by providing for separate (see electing).

PRIMARY EACH YEAR IN PLACE OF TWO, bill to amend act providing uniform method of electing certain party officers by providing for one (see electing).

PRIMARY ELECTIONS in years in which municipal elections occur, bill to fix time for holding uniform (see elections).

PRIMARY LAW of Wayne County should not be repealed, petition presented praying that uniform (see petitions).

PRINT biennially 17,000 additional copies of School Laws and Decisions, bill to authorize Superintendent of Public Instruction to (see school).

PRINTING ADDITIONAL BILLS and calendars, concurrent resolution (Senate), providing for, by Shields, 6.
Resolution returned by House, 40.
Concurred in by House, 51.
Approved by Governor, 57.

PRINTING ADDITIONAL COPIES OF BILL to establish a school system, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Tustin, providing for, 102.
Resolution returned by House, 109.
Concurred in by House, 112.
Approved by Governor, 152.

PRINTING ADDITIONAL COPIES OF REPORT of State Highway Comissioner for 1911 and 1911, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Thomson, in reference to, 1279.
Referred to Committtee on Public Printing, 1279.

PRINTING ADDITIONAL COPIES OF SENATE BILL NO. 103, to establish State Highway Department and for its control over public roads, (Senate) by Sproul, 1207.

PRINTING ALL BILLS AS SOON AS INTRODUCED, resolution (House) by Woodward providing for, 55.

PRINTING AND BINDING to amend act to create Department of Public Printing and Binding to carry out provisions of Constitution in relation to public
House Bill No. 272
Read in place in House by Mr. Keister, 416.
Referred to Committee on Printing, 416.
Reported with amendment, 714.
First reading, 750.
Second reading and amended, 865.
Third reading and final passage, 1161.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 1780.
Concurred in, Senate amendments, 1780.
Signed by Speaker, 1851.
Approved by Governor, 2558.
In Senate (No. 520)
Referred to Committtee on Printing, 1175.
Reported with amendment, 1435.
First reading, 1606.
Second reading, 1644.
Third reading and final passage, 1721.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 1800.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1824.

PRINTING APPOINTMENTS OF GOVERNOR, resolution (Senate) by Gerberich, providing for, 5.

PRINTING EXTRA COPIES OF GAME, FISH AND FORESTRY LAWS, concurrent resolution (House) by Marvin, relative to, 157.
Resolution read in House and agreed to, 190.
Returned by Senate without amendment, 266.
Read in Senate and referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 186.
Reported with favorable recommendation, 242.
Concurred in by Senate, 245.
Approved by Governor, 451.

PRINTING EXTRA COPIES OF SENATE BILL NO. 261, relating to right to practice medicine and surgery resolution (Senate) by Gerberich, in reference to, 613.

PRINTING GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Keyser, providing for, 7.
Resolution returned by House, 41.
Concurred in by House, 51.
Approved by Governor, 57.

PRINTING LEGISLATIVE JOURNAL, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Fox, providing for approval of contract for, 6.
Resolution returned by House, 40.
Concurred in by House, 51.
Approved by Governor, 57.

PRINTING OF APPROPRIATION BILLS in pamphlet laws, bill in relation to (see appropriation).

PRINTING OF COPIES OF BULLETIN NO. 123 of Department of Agriculture entitled "Chestnut Culture," bill to provide for (see chestnut).

PRINTING OF LAWS of this Commonwealth, bill to regulate (see laws).

PRINTING OF 25,000 COPIES OF BULLETIN NO. 152 issued by Department of Agriculture, bill to authorize (see bulletin).

PRINTING OF REPORT and testimony of commission to investigate poor houses in County of Philadelphia, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Wolf, authorizing 245.
Resolution returned by House, 250.
Concurred in by House, 266.
Approved by Governor, 456.

PRINTING OF REPORT upon discovery and suppression of foot and mouth disease, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Adams, authorizing 403.
Resolution referred to Committee on Agriculture, 404.

PRINTING OF REPORT upon insects found in State of Pennsylvania, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Manbeck, authorizing 340.
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 340.
Reported without amendment, 539.

PRINTING OF SUBSEQUENT EDITIONS OF BULLETINS by Department of Agriculture, bill to authorize (see bulletins).

PRISON, further supplement to act relating to Berks County (see Berks).

PRISON LABOR BY CONTRACT, to regulate letting of
House Bill No. 818
Read in place in House by Mr. Feeney, 636.
Referred to Committee on Labor and Industries, 636.
Reported without amendment, 1779.
First reading, 1833.
Dropped from calendar, 2352.

PRISONERS in jails of certain counties, bill to amend act relating to compensation of sheriffs for boarding (see sheriffs).

PRISONERS ON PAROLE, bill to extend powers of judges of certain courts in relation to releasing (see parole).

PRISONERS UPON CHARGE OF VIOLATION OF ORDINANCES, bill to provide for expenses of maintaining (see costs).

PRISONS and for appointment of Boards of Prisons Inspectors, bill to provide for control of county jails and (see Boards).

PRISONS OF WEAPONS or assisting any convict to escape punishment, bill to prohibit the bringing into (see convict).

PRIVATE BANKING in Pennsylvania, bill to provide for licensing and regulating (see banking).

PRIVATE DETECTIVES and detective agencies, bill to license business of (see detective).

PRIVATE HOSPITALS, bill to prevent fraud upon or by keepers of (see fraud).

PRIVATE PROPERTY FOR NECESSARY PUBLIC PURPOSES, bill to amend, so as to extend same to townships of first class, act authorizing boroughs to appropriate (see townships).

PRIVATE RIGHTS IN STREETS that have been vacated as public ways, bill to limit time within which actions may be brought to enforce (see streets).

PRIVATE ROADS, bill to require township authorities to improve and maintain certain (see township).

PRIVATE ROADS, bill to provide additional facilities and enlarge the rights of parties having (see mining operations).

PRIVATE SALE OF REAL ESTATE by receivers, bill relating to (see receivers).

PRIVATE SALES OF REAL ESTATE approved by Orphans' Courts for payment of debts, bill relating to (see Orphans' Courts).

PRIVATE SECRETARY TO GOVERNOR, to fix salary of
House Bill No. 55
Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 146.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 146.
Reported without amendment, 187.
First reading, 206.
Second reading, 233.
Third reading and final passage, 258, 260.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 311.
Signed by Speaker, 316.
Approved by Governor, 423.
Remarks on, by
Dearden, 258.
Rockwell, 259.
Woodward, 259.
Baldwin, Richard J., 259.
Dunn, Horace B., 259.
Ailman, 259.
In Senate (No. 105)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 248.
Reported without amendment, 249.
First reading, 249.
Second reading, 271.
Third reading and final passage, 292.
Signed by President, 344.
Remarks on, by
Herbst, 271.
Hall, 271.
Wilbert, 271.
Wolf, 271.

PRIVATE SECRETARY TO GOVERNOR, Walter H. Gaither appointed as
Senate notified, 71.
House notified, 92.

PRIVATELY OWNED COAL LANDS and coal mines therein, bill to provide for acquirement and operation by State of all (see coal).

PRIVY-WELLS IN CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, bills relating to (see cities).

PRIZE-FIGHTS in certain counties, to repeal so far as it relates to Pike, Schuylkill, Luzerne, Erie and Montgomery Counties, act to prevent
House Bill No. 647
Read in place in House by Mr. Shannon, 1399.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1399.
Reported without amendment, 1398.
First reading, 1629
Second reading, 1543.
Third reading and final passage, 2258.
Change of record on vote, 2474, 2475.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 2944.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 2944.
Signed by Speaker, 3184.
Remarks on, by
Shannon, 2258.
In Senate (No. 750)
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 2266.
Reported without amendment, 2278.
First reading, 2470.
Second reading and amended, 2551.
Over in its order, 2618.
Third reading and final passage, 2892.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3047.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3115.

PRIZES, PREMIUMS OR GIFTS in connection with sale of any package of merchandise, bill to prohibit awarding of (see premiums).

PROBATE OF WILLS or refusal of probate by register of proper county, bill to regulate time of taking an appeal from (see wills).

PROBATION COMMISSION," to provide for commission to be known as "The Pennsylvania
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Sproul, 1067.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1067.

PROBATION of certain convicts, bill amending, so as to restrict exception of rape, act relating to release on (see rape).

PROBATION OR PAROLE of certain convicts, bills relating to release on (see parole).

PROCEDURE in all judicial proceedings in all courts in th Commonwealth, bill to require Supreme Court regulate (see courts).

PROCEDURE in criminal prosecutions, to regulate
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Jarrett, 223.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 223.

PROCEEDINGS FOR GOODS AND CHATTELS that hav been seized by sheriff upon execution, attachment other process and claimed to belong to others tha defendant, bill relating to (see sheriff).

PROCESS issued out of several Courts of Common Pleas counties having population of less than 1,000,000, bi to provide for return of (see counties).

PROCLAMATION AT ALL GENERAL AND MUNICIPA ELECTIONS, bill to amend act relating to election public officers by requiring sheriff's (see elections).

PROCREATION OF IDIOTS and feeble-minded persons b process of sterilization under certain circumstance to prevent
House Bill No. 234
Read in place in House by Mr. Freeman, 154.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitatio 154.
Reported without amendment, 590.
First reading, 639.
Second reading, 1945.
Third reading and final passage, 2291.
In Senate (No. 778)
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitatio 2266.
Reported without amendment, 2525.
First reading, 2553.
Second reading, 2695.
Recommitted to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2700.

PROMISED LAND POND in Pike County, bill making appro priation to Department of Forestry to be used rebuilding dam at (see Department)

PROOF OF INCORPORATION of either plaintiff or defendan when not put in issue, bill to dispense in judicia proceedings to which a corporation is a party wit (see practice in courts).

PROPERTIES BENEFITED by certain street improve ments in any borough liable for costs, bill t make (see borough).

PROPERTIES LIENED, bill to amend act relating to lien for taxes, municipal improvements and removal o nuisances by providing that tax and municipa claims shall not be divested by any judicial sale o (see liens).

PROPERTIES peculiarly benefited by certain municipa improvements heretofore made liable for cost thereof, bill to make (see improvements).

PROPERTY AND FRANCHISES of any such corporation bill to amend act relating to sale of certain cor porations so that it shall apply also to sales an conveyances of (see corporation).

PROPERTY AND SURETY BONDS given to secure same bill relating to trust funds and (see surety bonds)

PROPERTY belonging to or liable to escheat to same, bil to provide for better collection of money and taxe due the Commonwealth and (see collection).

PROPERTY BELONGING TO COMMONWEALTH, bill to pro vide for sale of any unserviceable personal (se sale).

PROPERTY BY CONDEMNATION PROCEEDINGS, to reg ulate title where municipalties have power of ac quiring
House Bill No. 75
Read in place in House by Mr. Letzkus, 207.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations 207.
Reported without amendment, 435.
First reading, 585.
Second reading, 594.
Third reading and recommitted to Committee, 646.
Re-reported with amendment.
Third reading and passed finally, 1345.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1759.
Signed by Speaker, 1851.
Vetoed by Governor, 2558.

ROPERTY BY CONDEMNATION PROCEEDINGS—Continued.

In Senate (No. 541)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1421.
Reported without amendment, 1455.
First reading, 1607.
Second reading, 1654.
Third reading and final passage, 1724.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1824.

ROPERTY FOR NECESSARY PUBLIC PURPOSES, bill to amend, so as to extend same to townships of first class, act authorizing boroughs to appropriate private (see townships).

ROPERTY is without a lawful owner by extending same to other cases of escheat, bill to amend act regulating escheats in cases where (see escheats).

ROPERTY OF CORPORATIONS, bill to make State taxes, unpaid bonus on capital stock and penalties a first lien upon franchises and (see corporations).

ROPERTY OF CORPORATIONS, bills relating to taxation and exemption from taxation of (see taxation).

ROPERTY OF DECEDENTS, bills relating to (see decedents).

ROPERTY, REAL, PERSONAL AND MIXED, to be taxable, bill to require all (see taxable).

ROPERTY shall be deemed a private nuisance, bill to provide that any fence maliciously erected to annoy owners or occupants of adjoining (see fence).

ROPERTY TO VALUE OF $300 FROM LEVY and sale for rent, bill to amend act exempting (see rent).

ROPERTY under certain conditions, bill to provide for ascertainment, levy and collection of damages and benefits for municipal improvements and constituting such benefits a lien upon (see improvements).

ROPOSED AMENDMENTS to CONSTITUTION, bill to prescribe time and manner of submitting to people for their ratification or rejection certain (see Constitution).

ROPRIETARY MEDICINES, bill to regulate manufacture and sale of patent and (see medicines).

ROSECUTIONS, bill to regulate procedure in criminal (see procedure).

ROSECUTIONS thereunder to be brought before magistrate or mayor of place wherein offence occurs, bill to amend act relating to disorderly conduct upon railway cars or in parks or picnic grounds by requiring (see disorderly conduct).

ROSECUTORS liable for costs in ill-founded criminal prosecutions, bill to make (see costs).

ROTECT TREES and woodlands, bill to (see trees).

ROTECTED, bill to amend act regulating nomination and election of public officers by specifying how names adopted by political bodies may be (see election).

ROTECTION OF OWNERS OF ANIMALS or vehicles, bill to provide for (see vehicles).

ROTECTION OF ROADS OR STREETS in counties, boroughs and townships by prohibiting excessive and improper use thereof, bill to provide for (see roads).

PROTECTORS, bill to amend act relating to appointment of Game Commissioners authorizing increase in number of game (see game).

PROTESTANT HOME FOR BOYS, of Pittsburg, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1038
Read in place in House by Mr. Hough, 142.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 142.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2334.
Second reading, 2406.
Third reading and final passage, 2763.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.

In Senate (No. 967)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2707.
Second reading, 2912.
Third reading and final passage, 3076.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

PROTHONOTARIES, bills relating to fees of (see fees).

PROTHONOTARIES IN COUNTIES having population between 300,000 and 1,000,000, to provide for appointment of deputy

Senate Bill No. 595
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Catlin, 1419.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1419.
Reported without amendment, 1706.
First reading, 1821.
Second reading, 1907.
Recommitted to Committee, 2001.
Re-reported with amendment, 2266.
Third reading and final passage, 2456.
Returned from House without amendment, 3049.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3277.

In House (No. 1329)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2571.
Reported without amendment, 2884.
First reading, 2998.
Second reading, 3014.
Third reading and final passage, 3196.
Signed by Speaker, 3494.

PROTHONOTARIES OF COURTS OF COMMON PLEAS in counties having between 200,000 and 1,000,000 inhabitants, to appoint fees for

Senate Bill No. 208
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Jamison, 243.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 243.
Reported without amendment, 488.
First reading, 564.
Second reading, 630.
Third reading and final passage, 668.
Returned from House with amendments, 1804.
Concurred in House amendments, 1804.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1855.
Approved by Governor, 2442.

In House (No. 472)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 697.
Reported without amendment, 1027.
First reading, 1092.
Second reading, 1388.
Third reading and amended, 1756.
Final passage, 1839.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 1933.
Signed by Speaker.

PROTHONOTARIES OF COURTS OF COMMON PLEAS in counties having population of over 1,000,000, to amend, so as to make it apply to counties having population of over 1,400,000 act relating to fees of

House Bill No. 86
Read in place in House by Mr. Schad, 188.
Referred to Committtee on Judiciary General, 188.
Reported without amendment, 251.
First reading, 320.
Second reading and amended, 325, 327.
Third reading and final passage, 394.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1759.
Signed by Speaker, 1851.
Approved by Governor, 2190.

In Senate (No. 510)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 388.
Reported without amendment, 1434.
First reading, 1605.
Second reading, 1643.
Third reading and final passage, 1719.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1823.

PROTHONOTARIES OF COURTS OF COMMON PLEAS of corporations incorporated by such courts, bill to provide for report to Auditor General by (see corporations).

PROTHONOTARIES TO ASCERTAIN ADDRESSES of judgment creditors, bill to require (see addresses).

PROTHONOTARY, CLERK OF COURT of quarter sessions and of court of oyer and terminer in counties containing over 30,000 inhabitants and in which all of said offices are now held by one person, bill to provide for election of one person to fill offices of (see counties).

PROTHONOTARY OF COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, bill to provide for transfer of all records pertaining to naturalization of aliens as citizens of United States to office of (see naturalization).

PROTHONOTARY OF SUPREME COURT of Eastern District and of Middle District to make certain appointments, to amend act authorizing

House Bill No. 208

Read in place in House by Mr. Tunis, 95.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 95.
Reported without amendment, 566.
First reading, 604.
Second reading, 738.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 814.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill passed finally, 821.
Returned from Senate with amendment, 1344.
Concurred in Senate amendment, 1344.
Signed by Speaker, 1459.
Approved by Governor, 1692.

Remarks on, by
Tunis, 821.

In Senate (No. 446)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 837.
Reported without amendment, 1173.
First reading, 1211.
Second reading, 1233.
Third reading and final passage, 1256.
Vote reconsidered and bill amended, 1258.
Resumed and passed finally, 1307.
Returned from House with Senate amendment concurred in, 1423.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1436.

PROTHONOTARY with relation thereto, bill to regulate construction of ballot boxes and delivery of return sheets together with duties of (see election officers).

PROVIDENCE HOSPITAL OF BEAVER FALLS, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1181

Read in place in House by Mr. McKean, 111.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 111.
Reported with amendment, 2243.
First reading, 2341.
Second reading, 2427.
Third reading and final passage, 2809.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.

In Senate (No. 1100)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2662.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2713.
Second reading, 2921.
Third reading and final passage, 3101.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

PSYCHIATRIC INSTITUTE for investigation of causation and treatment of insanity, bill to provide for establishment of State (see insanity).

PSYCHOPATHIC WARDS IN CERTAIN HOSPITALS and providing for commitment thereto of persons suffering with mental disorders, to authorize

Senate Bill No. 455

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Kline, 1173.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1173.
Reported without amendment, 1205.
First reading, 1235.
Second reading, 1260.
Recommitted to Committee, 1322.
Re-reported without amendment, 1917.
Third reading and final passage, 2000.
Returned from House without amendment, 3043.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3277.

In House (No. 1265)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2025.
Reported without amendment, 2347.
First reading, 2385.
Second reading, 2837.
Third reading and final passage, 2990.
Signed by Speaker, 3494.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS, bill to amend act relating to settlement of (see accounts).

PUBLIC BUILDINGS, bill to amend, so as to extend same to townships of first class, act authorizing boroughs to appropriate private property for necessary (see townships).

PUBLIC DOCUMENTS by fixing number of viewers at thr supplement to act regulating publication, binding a distribution of (see documents).

PUBLIC GROUNDS AND BUILDINGS for payment of deficiency for cost of various bonds required to be giv by State officials and employes, making appropriati to Department of

(Section No. 9), House Bill No. 1

Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 51.
Special Committee appointed to consider bill, 52.
Reported without amendment, 52.
First reading, 52.
Special order for second reading, 52.
Second reading, 55.
Third reading, 62.
Final passage, 63.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 82.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 82.
Signed by Speaker, 85.
Partial veto by Governor, 93.
Governor's partial veto sustained, 94.

Remarks on, by
Dearden, 62, 63, 93.
Woodward, 63.

In Senate (No. 1)

Special Committee appointed to consider bill, 57.
Reported without amendments, 61.
First reading, 62.
Recommitted to Special Committee, 62.
Re-reported as amended, 62.
Second reading, 65.
Third reading and final passage, 76.
Returned from House with amendments concurred 80.
Signed by President, 80.

PUBLIC GROUNDS AND BUILDINGS, to fix number a compensation of officers and employes in Depa ment of

House Bill No. 515

Read in place in House by Mr. Keister, 845.
Referred to Committee on Public Grounds and Buil ings, 846.
Reported with amendment, 1115.
First reading, 1240.
Second reading, 1506.
Third reading and amended, 1791.
Vote on third reading reconsidered and bill amende 1842.
Final passage, 1940.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2842.
Signed by Speaker, 2942.

Remarks on, by
Keister, 1940, 1941.
Schofield, 1940, 1941.
Johnston, James C., 1941.

In Senate (No. 714)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1901.
Reported without amendment, 2216.
First reading, 2287.
Second reading, 2466.
Over in its order, 2544.
Third reading and final passage, 2610.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2903.

PUBLIC HIGHWAY, bill to make Lake Winola in Wyomin County a (see Lake Winola).

PUBLIC HIGHWAYS, bill to give Department of Publi Safety in cities of first class right to regulate traffi use and police control of (see cities).

PUBLIC HIGHWAYS where same are crossed above or be low grade by tracks of any railroad except in citie and boroughs, bill to fix width of (see highways).

PUBLIC HOLIDAY, bill to amend act so that third Tuesda of February shall no longer be a (see holiday).

PUBLIC LIBRARIES without guaranty therefor by the city bill to amend act relating to free public libraries i cities of third class authorizing school districts of sai cities to contract for maintenance of free non-sectaria (see cities).

PUBLIC NON-SECTARIAN LIBRARIES and branch libraries bill to provide for establishment, maintenance an regulation of free (see libraries).

PUBLIC OFFICERS, bill to provide for payment of premiums on bonds required of (see bonds).

PUBLIC OFFICERS by providing for increase in compensation of auditor appointed to settle accounts of public officers in each county, bill to amend supplement to act relating to defaulting (see auditor).

PUBLIC PARKS lands heretofore acquired outside of borough limits, bill to authorize boroughs to lay out and maintain as (see boroughs).

PUBLIC PRINTING AND BINDING, bill to amend act to create Department of Public Printing and Binding to carry out provisions of section twelve, article three of the Constitution relating to (see printing).

PUBLIC PROPERTY SHALL BE EXEMPT from claim, bill amending act relating to liens for taxes by providing that no property other than (see liens).

PUBLIC PURPOSES, bill to amend act relating to certain corporations so as to compel water power companies to furnish such power for (see water).

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichols, 1068.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1068.

PUBLIC PURPOSES IN PHILADELPHIA, bill to repeal rule 13 of section 21 of act appropriating ground for (see Philadelphia).

PUBLIC RECORDS by permitting various Departments to deposit all papers not needed, bill to amend act creating a Division of State Library for preservation of (see Division).

PUBLIC RECORDS IN STATE LIBRARY, to fix charges to be made for certificates and copies furnished by Custodian of

House Bill No. 531

Read in place in House by Mr. Morris, 1028.
Referred to Committee on Education, 1028.
Reported without amendment, 1169.
First reading, 1241.
Second reading, 1509.
Third reading and final passage, 1795.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3355.
Signed by Speaker, 3481.

In Senate (No. 1163)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1802.
Reported without amendment, 2894.
First reading, 2928.
Second reading, 3174.
Third reading and final passage, 3272.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3394.

PUBLIC RECORDS to be entered and kept in bound sewed volumes, bill to require (see records).

PUBLIC ROADS AND HIGHWAYS in the several counties, bill to provide for original location, laying out and construction of (see highways).

PUBLIC ROADS, bill to establish State Highway Department and provide for their control over certain (see Highway).

PUBLIC ROADS, HIGHWAYS, streets and bridges, bill to protect (see roads).

PUBLIC SCHOOLS, bills relating to (see school and schools).

PUBLIC SERVICE AND UTILITY COMPANIES to be public servants and to provide for settlement of strikes or lock-outs by Boards of Arbitration, bill to declare employes of (see Arbitration).

PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANIES and establishing commission for supervision and regulation of such companies and repealing act providing for Railroad Commission, to define

House Bill No. 875

Read in place in House by Mr. Alter, 1083.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1083.
Reported with amendment, 2023.
Special order for consideration, 2184.
First reading, 2195.
Second reading and amended, 2294-2305.
Third reading and final passage, 2496, 2508.

Remarks on, by

Marvin, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508.

In Senate (No. 1190)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2471.
Reported without amendment, 3119.
First reading, 3176.
Defeated on second reading, 3294-3297.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANIES—Continued.

Remarks on, by

Tustin, 3294, 3295, 3296.
Hall, 3296.
Herbst, 3296, 3297.
Powell, 3297.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANIES (see also utility and utilities)

PUBLIC SERVICE CORPORATION in any city, borough or township fails or neglects to properly perform any of its corporate functions or duties, to provide for forfeit of its right or commission where a

House Bill No. 537

Read in place in House by Mr. William Ward, Jr., 110.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 110.
Reported with amendment, 1212.
First reading, 1242.
Second reading and amended, 1510.
Third reading and final passage, 1922.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1898.

PUBLIC SERVICE CORPORATIONS in Pennsylvania, concurrent resolution (House) by Alter, authorizing appointment of commission to be known as Commission to Investigate, 3502.

Resolution concurred in by Senate, 3407.

PUBLIC SERVICE CORPORATIONS shall be subject to taxation for local purposes, bill to provide that the real estate of all (see taxation).

PUBLIC TOLL BRIDGES, bill to authorize counties to purchase or condemn certain (see bridges).

PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION BILL, petitions presented for passage of (see petitions).

PUBLIC UTILITY COMPANY shall enjoy the benefit of a franchise, bill to limit time during which (see utility).

PUBLIC UTILITIES COMPANIES, bill to provide for regulation and control by Railroad Commission of (see utilities).

PUBLIC UTILITIES, to authorize counties to maintain and operate and to lease all

Senate Bill No. 261

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 541.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 541.
Reported without amendment, 607.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 685.

PUBLIC WORSHIP, supplement to act relating to incorporation and regulation of certain corporations authorizing insertion of certain provisions in charters of corporations for support of (see corporations).

PUBLICATION OF ALL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, reports, ordinances and public notices pertaining to affairs of counties, cities, boroughs, school districts or townships, to make certain requirements in regard to

Read in place in House by Mr. David D. Johnson, 436.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 436.

PUBLICATIONS REGARDING GOOD ROADS, bill to authorize road supervisors to subscribe for not more than three (see road).

PUBLISHED, bill to provide that Appraiser's list of mercantile licenses shall not hereafter be (see mercantile).

PUNCH BOARDS, bill to prohibit any person from engaging in sale of certain commodities by means of raffles, raffle cards (see raffles).

PUNISHMENT of persons responsible for or contributing to delinquency of children, bill to provide for (see children).

PUNXSUTAWNEY HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION, at Punxsutawney, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 708

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Kurtz, 151.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 151.
Reported with amendment, 2216.
First reading, 2287.
Second reading and amended, 2466.
Third reading and final passage, 2543.
Returned from House with amendments, 3149.
Concurred in House amendments, 3149.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3277.

PUNXSUTAWNEY HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION—Continued.
In House (No. 1355)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2843.
Reported without amendment, 3005.
First reading, 3006.
Second reading, 3015.
Third reading and final passage, 3201.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 3309.
Signed by Speaker, 3493.

PUNXSUTAWNEY HOSPITAL at Punxsutawney, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. North, 155.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 155.

PURCHASE MONEY MORTGAGES to be recorded within thirty days to have priority of lien, bill to amend act relative to mortgages by requiring (see mortgages).

PURE SPIRITS OF TURPENTINE, bill to regulate sale of (see turpentine).

PURITY OF WATERS of State by including tanneries within scope of act, bill to amend act to preserve (see tanneries).

PUTTY, bill to prevent deception in sale of (see paint).

PYMATUNING SWAMP and an examination into feasibility of constructing reservoir therein, to provide for survey of
Senate Bill No. 705
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 1254.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1254.
Reported with amendment, 2216.
First reading, 2287.
Second reading, 2465.
Third reading and final passage, 2542.
Returned from House without amendment, 3049.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3277.
In House (No. 1346)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2843.
Reported without amendment, 3005.
First reading, 3006.
Second reading, 3014.
Third reading and final passage, 3198.
Signed by Speaker, 3493.

PYMATUNING SWAMP, concurrent resolution (House) by C. Victor Johnson relative to draining, 921.
Resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 921.

PYMATUNING SWAMP, Crawford County, to repeal act making appropriation to drain
House Bill No. 277
Read in place in House by Mr. Wallace, 301.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 301.
Reported without amendment, 715.
First reading, 751.
Second reading, 872.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1186.
Recommitted to Committee, 2882.

QUAIL, bill to amend act relating to game by fixing open season for (see game).

QUAIL, bill to fix open season for (see season).

QUAIL UNTIL OCTOBER 14, 1916, making it unlawful to kill or be in possession of
Read in place in House by Mr. McKean, 391.
Referred to Committee on Game, 391.

QUANTITIES OVER FIVE GALLONS, bill to regulate keeping of gasoline by public and private garages in (see gasoline).

QUARANTINE PHYSICIAN, to amend act relating to Quarantine Board so as to regulate salaries of deputies to
Read in place in House by Mr. Richard J. Baldwin, 252.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 252.

QUARRIES AND PROVIDE FOR THEIR INSPECTION, to regulate the operation of certain
House Bill No. 309
Read in place in House by Mr. Bender, 636.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 636.
Reported without amendment, 716.
First reading, 753.
Recommitted to committee, 778.
Re-reported with amendment, 1758.
Second reading.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1782.
Resumed and passed finally, 2221.
Remarks on, by
Reno, 2223.
Bender, 2223.
In Senate
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2211.

QUARRIES AND SAND PITS, bill to amend act relating to ages at which minors may be employed so that certain minors over fourteen years of age may be employed in (see minors).

QUARRIES, to provide for health and safety of employes of, and protection and preservation of property connected with
Read in place in House by Mr. Bender, 94.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 94.

QUARRIES, to provide for health and safety of persons employed in mining
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Sproul, 339.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 339.

QUARRIES, bill to regulate employment of persons in charge of hoists and hoisting engines in and about coal mines and (see hoists).

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL, Quartermaster's Department, Harry C. Trexler nominated as Colonel and 151.
Reported, 166.
Confirmed, 169.

QUESTIONS OF FACT BY A JURY IN CERTAIN CASES, to amend act relating to proceedings of township road commissioners laying out, opening and vacating streets by providing for trial of
Senate Bill No. 398
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Clark, 490.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 490.
Reported without amendment, 938.
First reading, 1013.
Second reading, 1077.
Third reading and final passage, 1106.
Returned from House without amendment, 3113.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3276.
In House (No. 762)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1170.
Reported without amendment, 1695.
First reading, 1830.
Second reading, 2126.
Third reading and final passage, 3221.
Signed by Speaker, 3494.

QUESTIONS TO VOTERS AT ELECTIONS, bill to permit submission of (see elections).

QUIET TITLE OF REAL ESTATE, bills to (see title)

QUO WARRANTO BY ATTORNEY GENERAL at instance of Banking Commissioner, bill to provide that corporations having right to receive deposits of money and to do a banking business that do not exercise their corporate privileges shall be proceeded against by (see banking).

QUO WARRANTO CASES shall be placed at head of list in Courts of Common Pleas and Supreme and Superior Courts, to provide that
Senate Bill No. 521
Referred to Committtee on Judiciary General, 1205.
Referred to committee on Judiciary General, 1205.
Reported without amendment, 1435.
First reading, 1606.
Second reading, 1649.
Third reading and final passage, 1721.
In House
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1760.

QUO WARRANTO PROCEEDINGS, bill to provide for forfeit of right or commission of a public service corporation which fails or neglects to properly perform any of its corporate functions or duties by (see public service).

QUO WARRANTO, to amend act relating to service of certain process in actions of law so far as it relates to service of writs

House Bill No. 276

Read in place in House by Mr. Allen, 636.
Referred to Committtee on Judiciary Special, 636.
Reported without amendment, 715.
First reading, 751.
Second reading, 872.
Third reading and amended, 1186.
Final passage, 1247.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1959.
Signed by Speaker, 2049.
Approved by Governor, 2556.

In Senate (No. 583) 3/8

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1235.
Reported without amendment, 1633.
First reading, 1745.
Second reading, 1819.
Third reading and final passage, 1904.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2006.

RABBIT, bill to fix open season for (see season).

RABBIT TO PROTECT CROPS OR TREES, bill to amend act relating to protection of game by further regulating evidence of killing (see game).

RABIES, bill to provide for treatment at expense of proper county of residents thereof bitten by any animal suffering from (see county).

RACE OR COLOR so as to include places where soda water, soft drinks, ice cream and confectionery are sold, bill to amend act to provide civil rights for all people regardless of (see civil rights).

RACCOONS, bill to regulate hunting and killing of (see hunting).

RAESLY, GEORGE, Representative from Northampton County,

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Enabling boroughs to validate certain ordinances, 717.
Requiring prothonotaries to ascertain addresses of judgment creditors, 154.

Bills reported by

No. 649
Relative to granting of licenses in cities of first class for sale of liquors, 1398.
No. 858 (Senate Bill No. 334)
Establishing office of State Fire Marshal, 1949.

Election of, 44.

Leave of absence asked for, 200, 305, 1017, 1669.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Northampton County for abolishment of toll bridges across Delaware River, 845.
Citizens of Portland for abolishment of toll bridges across Delaware River, 883.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

RAFFLES, to prohibit any person from engaging in sale of certain commodities by means of

Senate Bill No. 356

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 756.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 756.
Reported without amendment, 788.
First reading, 842.
Second reading, 918.
Third reading and recommitted to Committee, 951.

Remarks on, by

McNichol, 952.
Wilbert, 952.
Herbst, 952.

RAILROAD AND ELECTRIC RAILWAY COMPANIES, bill to prohibit trespassing on right of way of (see trespassing).

RAILROAD COMMISSION, amending and supplementing act relating to appointment of

Senate Bill No. 38

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Hunter, 222.
Referred to Committee on Railroads, 222.
Reported without amendment, 224.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 247.

RAILROAD COMMISSION, bill to define public service companies and establish commission for supervision and regulation of such companies and to repeal act providing for (see public service).

RAILROAD COMMISSION, bill to place public utilities companies or corporations under the regulation and control of (see utilities).

RAILROAD COMMISSION, petition requesting additional powers for State (see petitions).

RAILROAD COMPANIES FOR LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE, to declare liability of

House Bill No. 901

Read in place in House by Mr. Hilton, 142.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 142.
Reported without amendment, 2054.
First reading, 2197.
Second reading, 2382.
Objection raised to calling up bill, 2882.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 2883.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 2884.
Resumed and defeated on final passage, 3001.

Remarks on, by

Hilton, 3001, 3002.
Johnston, James C., 3001.
Marvin, 3001.
Ailman, 3002.
Ewing, 2883, 3002.
Maurer, 3002.
Schofield, 3002.

RAILROAD COMPANIES FOR LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE, to declare liability of

Senate Bill No. 346

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Baldwin, 223.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 223.
Reported without amendment, 788.
First reading, 842.
Second reading, 916.
Over in its order, 950.
Third reading and final passage, 1072.

Remarks on, by

Baldwin, 1072, 1073.

In House (No. 1368)

Referred to Committee on Railroads, 1153.
Resolution to discharge committee from further consideration of bill, 2474.
Reported without amendment, 3238.
First reading, 3239.
Second reading, 3330.
Motion to recommit bill defeated, 3486.
Objection raised to consideration of bill on third reading, 3500.

Remarks on, by

Von Tacky, 3486.
Schofield, 3500.
Townsend, 3500.

RAILROAD COMPANIES OF ALL MERCHANDISE THAT IS SOLD by weight and shipped in carload lots, to regulate correct weighing by

Read in place in House by Mr. Townsend, 189.
Referred to Committee on Railroads, 189.

RAILROAD COMPANIES TO CHANGE LOCATION OR GRADE of certain bridges by fixing number of viewers at three, to amend act empowering

Senate Bill No. 232.

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 403.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 403.
Reported without amendment, 540.
First reading, 634.
Second reading, 676.
Third reading and final passage, 706.
Returned from House without amendment, 1422.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1423.
Approved by Governor, 1799.

RAILROAD COMPANIES TO CHANGE LOCATION OR GRADE—Continued.

In House (No. 379)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 748.
Reported without amendment, 881.
First reading, 902.
Second reading, 1058.
Third reading and final passage, 1354.
Signed by Speaker, 1459.

RAILROAD COMPANIES, to promote safety of traveling public by regulating appointment of conductor, flagman and locomotive engineman by

House Bill No. 616

Read in place in House by Mr. McMullen, 717.
Referred to Committee on Railroads, 717.
Reported without amendment, 1340.
First reading, 1413.
Second reading, 1535.
Third reading and final passage, 1786.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1802.

RAILROAD COMPANIES, to provide for protection of public by regulating rights of way, bridges and grade crossings of

Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 1457.

Referred to Committee on Municipal Coroprations, 1457.

RAILROAD COMPANY to pass under or upon such viaduct or bridge without contributing to cost thereof, bill to authorize townships of first class to construct certain viaducts or bridges and forbidding any (see townships).

RAILROAD CORPORATIONS, bill to regulate reasonable rates for transportation of articles by (see common carriers).

RAILROAD CORPORATIONS provisions of section 5 of article 17 of Constitution, to enforce against

Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 1458.

Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 1458.

RAILROAD EXCEPT IN CITIES AND BOROUGHS, bill to fix width of public highways where same are crossed above or below grade by tracks of any (see highways).

RAILROAD MAP OF PENNSYLVANIA heretofore issued by the Department of Internal Affairs, bill to provide for publication and distribution of a revised edition of (see map).

RAILROAD SO AS TO INCLUDE BRASSES, to amend act relating to felony of removal of waste or packing from out any journal box of engines or cars used upon any

House Bill No. 559

Read in place in House by Mr. James N. Hunter, 1016.
Referred to Committee on Railroads, 1016.
Reported without amendment, 1213.
First reading, 1243.
Second reading, 1519.
Third reading and final passage, 1796.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2718.
Signed by Speaker, 2845.

In Senate (No. 697)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1802.
Reported without amendment, 2202.
First reading, 2286.
Second reading, 2464.
Third reading and final passage, 2531.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2654.

RAILROAD, to fix pay and mileage of viewers and surveyors in procedings for damages to real property taken by any railroad, the same to be paid by such

House Bill No. 54.

Read in place in House by Mr. Crum, 135.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 135.
Reported without amendment, 187.
First reading, 206.
Second reading, 254.
Third reading and final passage, 320.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2025.
Signed by Speaker, 2587

RAILROAD—Continued.

In Senate (No. 617)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 343.
Reported without amendment, 1718.
First reading, 1823.
Second reading, 1916.
Third reading and final passage, 2004.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2523.

RAILROAD AFFECTED BY CHANGE OF GRADE of street and highways in cities and boroughs, to assess benefits against

House Bill No. 202

Read in place in House by Mr. Swan, 209.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 209.
Reported without amendment, 566.
First reading, 603.
Second reading, 736.
Third reading and final passage, 812.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Railroads, 808.

RAILROADS AND ACQUISITION BY RAILROAD COMPANIES of lands required therefor, concerning location and construction of

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 904.
Referred to Committee on Railroads, 904.

RAILROADS AND CANALS, further supplement to act relating to roads and bridges extending same to bridges over (see bridges).

RAILROADS and repealing certain parts of act relating to train wrecking, bill defining what shall constitute malicious injury to (see wrecking).

RAILROADS by compelling railroads to properly man their trains, to promote the safety of employes and travelers upon

House Bill No. 353

Read in place in House by Mr. Ehrhardt, 135.
Referred to Committee on Railroads, 135.
Reported with amendment, 809.
First reading, 900.
Second reading and amended, 1052.
Third reading and final passage, 1299.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3601.
Signed by Speaker, 3609.

Remarks on, by

Ailman, 1053.
Ehrhardt, 1053.

In Senate (No. 1244)

Referred to Committee on Railroads, 1264.
Motion adopted to discharge Committee on Railroads from further consideration of bill and place bill on calendar for first reading, 3156.
Reported without amendment, 3174.
First reading, 3180.
Second reading, 3304.
Third reading and final passage, 3436.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3536.

Remarks on, by

Fox, 3156.
Herbst, 3156.
Adams, 3156.
Wolf, 3156.
Sones, 3436.
Wilbert, 3436.

RAILROADS, communications presented relative to certain measures before Legislature affecting

From Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, in Senate, 2443.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2444.

RAILROADS, to regulate lateral

House Bill No. 168

Read in place in House by Mr. Meyer, 210.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 210.
Reported with amendment, 435.
First reading, 585.
Second reading, 654.
Third reading and postponed for present, 693.
Resumed and passed finally, 1289.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1759.
Signed by Speaker, 1851.
Vetoed by Governor, 2559.

RAILROADS—Continued.
Remarks on, by
Flynn, 1289.
Meyer, 1289.
In Senate (526)
Referred to Committee on Railroads, 1262.
Reported without amendment, 1435.
First reading, 1606.
Second reading, 1650.
Third reading and final passage, 1722.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1823.

RAILROADS, to require safety devices on grade crossings of steam
House Bill No. 619
Read in place in House by Mr. Hoover, 200.
Referred to Committee on Railroads, 200.
Reported without amendment, 1340.
First reading, 1413.
Recommitted to Committee, 1470.
Re-reported without amendment, 1780.
Second reading, 2087.
Third reading and amended, 2345.
Final passage, 2939.
In Senate
Referred to Committee on Railroads, 2901.

RAILROADS TO WEIGH AT DESTINATION all shipments made in open or gondola cars, petitions presented for bill requiring (see petitions).

RAILWAY AND MOTOR POWER COMPANIES, bill to provide for merger and consolidation of street (see consolidation).

RAILWAY CARS by requiring prosecutions thereunder to be brought before magistrate or mayor of place wherein offence occurs, bill to amend act relating to disorderly conduct by persons upon (see disorderly).

RAILWAY CARS, to require that appropriate appliances be used for control of trailers or following street passenger
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Nulty, 90.
Referred to Committee on City Passenger Railways, 90.

RAILWAY CARS, to require that proper appliances be used in the control of suburban, interurban and street
Read in place in House by Mr. Feeney, 157.
Referred to Committee on Electric Railways, 157.

RAILWAY COMPANIES, bill to authorize counties to charge and collect tolls or rentals for the use of certain bridges from (see bridges).

RAILWAY COMPANIES OPERATING DOUBLE TRACK LINE within any village having one track on each side of public road or street to remove its tracks to middle of same, to promote safety of foot passengers by requiring street
House Bill No. 746
Read in place in House by Mr. Fitzgerald, 1458.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 1458.
Reported without amendment, 1695.
First reading, 1829.
Second reading, 2122.
Third reading and final passage, 3025.
In Senate (No. 1186)
Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 3045.
Reported without amendment, 3119.
First reading, 3176.
Second reading, 3293.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 3417.
Remarks on, by
Heacock, 3417.
Wilbert, 3417.
Vare, 3417.

RAILWAY COMPANIES, supplement to act regarding reasonableness of amount of license fees between municipal corporations and certain companies so as to apply to street (see fees).

RAILWAY COMPANIES TO EQUIP THEIR PASSENGER CARS with toilet facilities, to require street
Read in place in House by Mr. Billman, 140.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 140.

RAILWAY COMPANIES TO OPERATE THEIR RAILWAYS on certain streets without consent of borough for purpose of relocating or straightening their tracks, bill making it lawful for certain incorporated street (see borough).

RAILWAY COMPANIES TO PROVIDE SUITABLE WAITING ROOMS and equip all cars with toilets or water closets, to require electric
House Bill No. 147
Read in place in House by Mr. Bentley, 146.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 146.
Reported with amendment, 390.
First reading, 432.
Second reading, 441.
Third reading and postponed for present, 581.
Resumed on third reading and amended, 2257.

RAILWAY TRAINS by requiring actions brought thereunder to be brought before magistrates of ward, borough or township wherein offense occurs, to amend act for prevention of trespassing upon
House Bill No. 849
Read in place in House by Mr. Fitzgerald, 1341.
Referred to Committee on Railroads, 1341.
Reported without amendment, 1947.
First reading, 2047.
Second reading, 2354.

RAILWAY TRACKS AND EQUIPMENT, to authorize municipal corporations to construct and to lease street
House Bill No. 504
Read in place in House by Mr. Schad, 208.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 208.
Reported with amendment, 1081.
First reading, 1240.
Second reading, 1504.
Third reading and final passage, 1789.
In Senate
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1802.

RAILWAYS, bill to provide for health, protection and safety of employes of street passenger (see employes).

RAILWAYS BY MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS, to make certain provisions in regard to damages incident to acquiring of street
Senate Bill No. 41
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 222.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 222.
Reported without amendment, 224.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 247.
Re-reported with amendment, 760.
Recommitted to Committee, 798.
Re-reported without amendment, 834.
Over in its order, 912.
Recommitted to Committee, 952.

RAILWAYS BY MUNICIPALITIES, relating to construction of underground street passenger railways or subways, also street passenger railways or elevated
Senate Bill No. 39
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 222.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 222.
Reported without amendment, 224.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 247.
Re-reported with amendment, 755.
Recommitted to Committee, 798.
Re-reported without amendment, 834.
Over in its order, 912.
Recommitted to Committee, 952.
Re-reported with amendment, 2206.
Second reading, 2273.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 2447.

RAILWAYS IN DEPARTMENT OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS and create offices of Chief and Assistant Chief or said Bureau, bill to abolish offices of Superintendent and Assistant Superintendent of Bureau of (see Bureau).

RAILWAYS TO CROSS STATE LANDS, petition for Act of Assembly authorizing (see petitions).

RAILWAYS, to provide for protection and safety of persons using cars of street passenger
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Nulty, 90.
Referred to Committee on City Passenger Railways, 90.

RAILWAYS WITHIN LANDS OF SAID INSTITUTION, supplement to act relating to Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic authorizing board of trustees to enter into agreements respecting (see Eastern Pennsylvania).

RANKIN, bill to repeal part of act prohibiting issuing of licenses to sell liquors in certain boroughs in Allegheny County which relates to Borough of (see liquors).

RAPE, amending act relating to release on probation of certain convicts so as to restrict exception of

Read in place in House by Mr. Hilton, 208.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 208.

RAPE, amending act to revise, consolidate and amend penal laws of this Commonwealth which defines

Read in place in House by Mr. Abbott, 189.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 189.

RATE OF ASSESSMENT AND TAXATION for all real estate in cities of second class, bill to provide uniform (see cities).

RATE, supplement to act relating to pay of jurors and witnesses in this Commonwealth making one general per diem (see pay).

RATES FOR MOTOR VEHICLES conveying people for hire, bill to prescribe maximum (see motor vehicles).

RATES FOR TRANSPORTATION OF ARTICLES by railroad corporations or express companies or other common carriers, bill to regulate reasonable (see common carriers).

RATES OF INSURANCE, bills relating to (see insurance).

RATES OF PILOTAGE, bill to amend further supplement to act establishing Board of Wardens for Port of Philadelphia by fixing (see pilotage).

RATH, HERMAN, Representative from Second District, (Allegheny County),

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 85.

Bills introduced by

Amending act relating to fees of constables, 736.

Amending act relating to liens for taxes, for municipal improvements and removal of nuisances, 231.

Amending act relating to rights and liabilities of parties to contracts by providing that security to be given shall be judgment bond, 717.

Making appropriation to Saint Francis Hospital of Pittsburg, 252.

Regulating practice of optometry, 437.

Relating to double assessments of real estate partially in two or more municipalities or townships or lying near dividing line and to payment of taxes thereon, 1184.

Bill reported by

No. 354

Requiring all employers to grant a certain time for mid-day meal to all employes, 809.

Election of, 42.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 605, 3330.

Dispense with further reading of Journal, 809.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

RATIFYING SIXTEENTH AMENDMENT TO CONSTITUTION of United States of America, Joint Resolution (see Constitution).

READING HOSPITAL IN CITY OF READING, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1078

Read in place in House by Mr. Sassaman, 110.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 110.
Reported with amendment, 2240.
First reading, 2336.
Second reading, 2411.
Third reading and final passage, 2775.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3314.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3314.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.

READING HOSPITAL IN CITY OF READING—Continued.

In Senate (No. 1002)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2687.
First reading, 2709.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2914.
Re-reported with amendment,
Third reading and final passage, 3082.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3282.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

READING HOSPITAL IN CITY OF READING, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Herbst, 118.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 118.

READING OF HOLY BIBLE IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS, bill to regulate (see Bible).

REAL ESTATE ALONG SUCH STREAM for construction of wharves, docks, piers and bulkheads, bill to authorize any city bordering on navigable tidal stream to acquire (see city).

REAL ESTATE AND APPROPRIATE PROCEEDS for school purposes, bill to amend act authorizing Trustees of Norristown Academy and directors of common schools in Norristown to sell certain (see Norristown).

REAL ESTATE ASSESSORS IN COUNTIES having population of 1,000,000 or over, bill to amend, so as to apply to counties having population of 1,400,000 or over, act fixing the salary of (see counties).

REAL ESTATE APPROVED BY ORPHANS' COURTS for payment of debts, bill relating to private sales of (see Orphans' Courts).

REAL ESTATE, bill to provide for termination in certain cases of any recognizance or mortgage on (see lien).

REAL ESTATE, bill to provide that retrospective findings of commission in lunacy under certain conditions shall not affect transactions in (see lunacy).

REAL ESTATE, bills to quiet title of (see title).

REAL ESTATE BY BOROUGHS for purpose of constructing wharves, docks and landing places, bill to regulate purchase or condemnation of (see boroughs).

REAL ESTATE BY CORPORATIONS, bills relating to holding of (see corporations).

REAL ESTATE BY FURNISHING UPON APPLICATION OF BILLS for such taxes by county treasurers, bill relating to creation of speedy method for collection of taxes on (see taxes).

REAL ESTATE BY RECEIVERS, bill relating to private sale of (see receivers).

REAL ESTATE BY SAVINGS FUND, loan and building associations, bill relating to purchases and sales of (see building associations).

REAL ESTATE FOR USE OF STATE NORMAL SCHOOLS by extending it to condemnation of servitudes, easements, and streets or alleys, bill to amend act authorizing condemnation of (see State Normal).

REAL ESTATE FROM EXECUTORS OR TRUSTEES shall take title free of any obligation to see to appplication of purchase money, to provide that persons buying

House Bill No. 613

Read in place in House by Mr. Stein, 776.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 776.
Reported without amendment, 1340.
First reading, 1413.
Second reading, 2087.
Third reading and postponed for present, 2345.

REAL ESTATE FROM EXECUTORS OR TRUSTEES shall take title free of any obligation to see to application of purchase money, to provide that persons buying

Senate Bill No. 434

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wertz, 794.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 794.
Reported without amendment, 1099.
First reading, 1181.
Second reading, 1210.
Third reading and final passage, 1232.
Returned from House without amendment, 3118.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3277.

REAL ESTATE FROM EXECUTORS OR TRUSTEES—Continued.

In House (No. 823)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1293. 1302.

Reported without amendment, 1779.

First reading, 1833.

Second reading, 2147.

Third reading and final passage, 3231.

Signed by Speaker, 3494.

REAL ESTATE HOLDINGS OF SAID POOR DISTRICT for almshouses, bill to amend act authorizing erection of poor house by City of Carbondale so as to increase (see poor house).

REAL ESTATE IN CITIES, bills relating to taxation and exemption from taxation of (see cities).

REAL ESTATE IN COUNTIES having population of 500,000 or less to be registered in office of County Commissioners before being recorded, bill to require all deeds and other conveyances of (see counties).

REAL ESTATE IN THIS STATE by extending its provisions to companies incorporated for refiining of petroleum and its products, bill to amend act authorizing certain companies incorporated under laws of any other State to hold (see petroleum).

REAL ESTATE IN THIS STATE necessary for manufacturing purposes so as to extend same to companies manufacturing or dealing in electrical apparatus and machinery, bill to amend act authorizing companies incorporated under laws of any other State to hold (see electrical).

REAL ESTATE IN TOWNSHIPS OF FIRST CLASS in order to facilitate assessment of taxes, bill to repeal act to provide for registration of conveyances of (see townships).

REAL ESTATE NECESSARY FOR MANUFACTURING PURPOSES by extending same to horticultural companies, bill to amend act permitting companies incorporated under laws of any other State to hold (see horticultural).

REAL ESTATE NECESSARY FOR MANUFACTURING PURPOSES, bill to authorize companies incorporated under laws of any other State for manufacturing purposes to hold (see manufacturing).

REAL ESTATE NOT HERETOFORE TAXABLE as such of certain public service corporations, bill to raise revenue by subjecting to taxation certain (see taxation).

REAL ESTATE PARTIALLY IN TWO OR MORE MUNICIPALITIES or townships or lying near dividing line, bill relating to double assessments of (see assessments).

REAL ESTATE SO AS TO FORBID RECORDING of assignments of mortgages under certain conditions, bill to amend supplement to act relating to sheriff's sales of (see recording).

REAL ESTATE TO CONVEY THE SAME to each other without joinder of the other in deed or conveyance, bill to enable a married man or woman owning any (see married).

REAL ESTATE WITHIN THIS COMMONWEALTH, bill to authorize any company organized under laws of any other State for manufacture of metal doors, windows, casings, mouldings or interior building trim to own (see metal).

REASONS FOR MOTION FOR JUDGMENT or non-suit to be made a matter of record, to require

House Bill No. 248

Read in place in House by Mr. Stein, 304.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 304.

Reported without amendment, 590.

First reading, 640.

Second reading, 854.

Third reading and final passage, 1154.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1114.

REASONS FOR PARDONS AND COMMUTATIONS, communication from Governor giving

Presented to Senate, 10.

Presented to House, 53.

In Appendix, 3658.

RE-ASSESSMENT NOT LATER THEN NINETY DAYS from date of issuing precepts, bill to amend act relating to precepts for triennial assessments by requiring assessors to make returns of (see assessors).

REBATE IN INSURANCE, bill to amend act relating to (see insurance).

REBERT, H. E., Representative from Fourth District, (York County),

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Authorizing boroughs to erect or acquire water works and to extend its pipes and supply water therein, 1082.

Joint resolution for commission to amend, revise and collate laws regulating boroughs, 1083.

Making appropriation to Burgess and Town Council of Borough of Hanover, 959.

Making properties peculiarly benefittted by certain municipal improvements heretofore made liable for costs thereof, 1082.

Providing for associations of boroughs and borough officers, 1082.

Regulating pay and mileage of teachers attending annual county institutes, 1016.

Election of, 45.

Leave of absence asked for, 2015.

REBUILD COUNTY BRIDGES over navigable rivers and certain other streams, bill to authorize Commonwealth to (see bridges).

RECALLED UPON REQUEST OF CERTAIN NUMBER OF VOTERS, bill to provide that holder of any elective office in any city of second class may be (see city).

RECALLING CONCURRENT RESOLUTION continuing joint committee to consider and report on laws relating to corporations and to revenue from Governor, concurrent resolution (Senate) by McNichol, 2616.

Resolution returned by House, 2653.

Concurred in by House, 2786.

Approved by Governor, 3113.

Recalling concurrent resolution granting certain authority to Battlefield Commission of the Third Division, Ninth Corps, Army of the Potomac, from Governor, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Gerberich, 340.

Resolution concurred in by House, 399.

Approved by Governor, 456.

RECALLING HOUSE BILL NO. 9, regulating fees of court criers and tipstaves in certain judicial districts, from Governor for amendment, concurrent resolution (House) by Shadrach, 718.

Resolution concurred in by Senate, 710.

Returned by Senate, 737.

Approved by Governor, 780, 781.

RECALLING HOUSE BILL NO. 25, providing for burial of indigent persons whose bodies are unclaimed and are unfit for anatomical purposes, from Governor for amendment, concurrent resolution (House) by Billman, 1216.

Resolution concurred in by Senate, 1211.

Returned by Senate, 1220.

Approved by Governor, 1291.

RECALLING HOUSE BILL NO. 31, making appropriation to pay to townships fifteen per cent. bonus in accordance with act granting payment to townships of second class that abolish work tax, from Governor for amendment, concurrent resolution (House) by Mr. E. E. Jones, 1134.

Resolution concurred in by Senate, 1174.

Returned by Senate.

Approved by Governor, 1329, 1330.

RECALLING HOUSE BILL NO. 41, validating service and return of subpoena heretofore made in certain divorce proceedings, from Governor for amendment, concurrent resolution (House) by Stein, 846.

Resolution concurred in by Senate, 836, 837.

Returned by Senate.

Approved by Governor, 885.

RECALLING HOUSE BILL NO. 46, authorizing erection of work houses jointly by two or more counties, from Governor for amendment, concurrent resolution (House) by Holland, 1338, 1339.

Resolution concurred in by Senate, 1327.

Returned by Senate.

Approved by Governor, 1472.

RECALLING HOUSE BILL NO. 49, providing for sale of unserviceable personal property belonging to Commonwealth, from Governor for amendment, concurrent resolution (House) by Shern, 1338.

Resolution concurred in by Senate, 1327.

Returned by Senate.

Approved by Governor, 1472.

RECALLING HOUSE BILL No. 56, authorizing certain counties to expend moneys in cleansing, improving or controlling streams, from Governor for amendment, concurrent resolution (House) by Swan, 645, 646.

Resolution concurred in by Senate, 632.

Returned by Senate, 696.

Approved by Governor, 780.

RECALLING HOUSE BILL No. 66, amending act permitting companies incorporated under laws of any other State to hold real estate in this State so as to extend same to companies doing general horticultural business, from Governor for amendment, concurrent resolution (House) by Townsend, 1199.

Resolution concurred in by Senate, 1206.

Returned by Senate,

Approved by Governor, 1292.

RECALLING HOUSE BILL No. 69, to make unnaturalized foreign-born residents subject to taxation, from Governor for amendment, concurrent resolution (House) by Guyaux, 1029.

Vote on passage of resolution reconsidered and resolution withdrawn, 1085.

RECALLING HOUSE BILL No. 77, relating to adoption of adult persons as heirs, from Governor for amendment, concurrent resolution (House) by Marvin, 1026.

Resolution concurred in by Senate, 1013.

Returned by Senate,

Approved by Governor, 1154, 1155.

RECALLING HOUSE BILL No. 77, relating to adoption of adult persons as heirs, from Governor for amendment, concurrent resolution (House) by Marvin, 1468.

Resolution concurred in by Senate, 1452.

Returned by Senate, 1473.

Approved by Governor, 1696.

RECALLING HOUSE BILL No. 77, relating to adoption of adult persons as heirs, from Governor for amendment, concurrent resolution (House) by Marvin, 2015.

Resolution concurred in by Senate, 1964.

Returned by Senate, 2019.

Approved by Governor, 2191.

RECALLING HOUSE BILL No. 126, supplement to section eighteen of act relating to roads, highways and bridges, from Governor for amendment, concurrent resolution (House) by Gibson, 1216.

Resolution concurred in by Senate, 1211.

Returned by Senate, 1220.

Approved by Governor, 1330.

RECALLING HOUSE BILL No. 151, supplement to act to prevent introduction into and spread of injurious insects in Pennsylvania, from Governor for amendment, concurrent resolution (House) by Hibshman, 1339.

Resolution concurred in by Senate, 1327.

Returned by Senate,

Approved by Governor, 1471.

RECALLING HOUSE BILL No. 189, fixing terms of mayors and members of councils in cities, from Governor for amendment, concurrent resolution (House) by Graybill, 1197.

Resolution concurred in by Senate, 1206.

Returned by Senate,

Approved by Governor, 1291.

RECALLING HOUSE BILL No. 194, providing for notification of taxables by tax collectors in boroughs and townships, from Senate for amendment, concurrent resolution (House) by Robinson, 660.

Read in Senate and postponed for present, 686, 687.

RECALLING HOUSE BILL No. 205, making appropriation for payment of deficiency under act for payment of expenses of extinguishing forest fires, from Governor for amendment, concurrent resolution (House) by Bartman, 1339.

Resolution concurred in by Senate, 1327.

Returned by Senate,

Approved by Governor, 1471.

RECALLING HOUSE BILL No. 269, providing for investigation when charges shall be preferred against a judge, from Senate for amendment, concurrent resolution (House) by Piper and J. J. Campbell, 1409.

Resolution considered and defeated, 1409.

RECALLING HOUSE BILL No. 273, regulating catching of fish in Delaware River below Trenton Falls, from Governor for amendment, concurrent resolution (House) by Leh, 1923.

Resolution concurred in by Senate, 1856.

Returned by Senate, 1933.

Approved by Governor, 2024.

RECALLING HOUSE BILL No. 356, relating to train wrecking or attempted train wrecking, from Governor for amendment, concurrent resolution (House) by Hunter, 2220.

Resolution concurred in by Senate, 2210, 2211.

Returned by Senate, 2246.

Approved by Governor, 2385, 2386.

RECALLING HOUSE BILL No. 608, regulating doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations and registration thereof, from Governor for amendment, concurrent resolution (House) by John R. K. Scott, 3487.

Resolution concurred in by Senate, 3407.

Returned by Senate, 3527.

Approved by Governor, 3531.

RECALLING HOUSE BILLS Nos. 942, 949, 1080, 1081, 1084, AND 1233 from House for amendment, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Kline, 3274.

Resolution returned by House, 3286.

Concurred in by House, 3330.

RECALLING SENATE BILL No. 2, amending act relating to care of poor in Schuylkill County, from Governor for amendment, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Snyder, 291.

Returned by House, 299.

Concurred in by House, 311.

Approved by Governor, 341.

RECALLING SENATE BILL No. 3, relating to legal holidays, from Governor for amendment, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Tustin, 223.

Resolution returned by House, 239.

Approved by Governor, 248.

Concurred in by House, 253.

RECALLING SENATE BILL No. 6, supplement to act relating to Valley Forge Park, from Governor for amendment, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Thomson, 386.

Resolution returned by House, 388, 413.

Concurred in by House, 417.

Approved by Governor, 456.

RECALLING SENATE BILL No. 31, to enlarge powers of constables in service of summons issued by aldermen and justices of the peace, from Governor for amendment, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Homsher, 832.

Resolution returned by House, 843.

Concurred in by House, 857.

Approved by Governor, 905.

RECALLING SENATE BILL No. 37, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania, from Senate for amendment, concurrent resolution (House) by Keister, 3486.

Resolution concurred in by Senate, 3409.

Returned by Senate, 3528.

RECALLING SENATE BILL No. 52, amending act relating to jurisdiction of courts in cases of divorce, from Governor for amendment, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Clark, 832.

Resolution returned by House, 843.

Concurred in by House, 857.

Approved by Governor, 905.

RECALLING SENATE BILL No. 96, increasing number of courts of common pleas in Allegheny County, from Governor for amendment, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Adams, 2175.

Resolution returned by House, 2211.

Concurred in by House, 2220.

Approved by Governor, 2470.

RECALLING SENATE BILL No. 273, amending act providing for erection of Homeopathic State Hospital for Insane by vesting appointment of entire commission in Governor, from Governor for amendment, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Kurtz, 1454.

Resolution returned by House, 1456.

Concurred in by House, 1473.

Approved by Governor, 1809.

RECALLING SENATE BILL No. 314, amending act relating to orphans' courts by vesting appointment of first assistant clerk of said courts in respective judges thereof, from Governor for amendment, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Snyder, 2156.
Resolution returned by House, 2183.
Concurred in by House, 2200.
Approved by Governor, 2442, 2443.

RECEIPTS OR CERTIFICATES ISSUED BY OWNERS of distillery warehouses, special bonded warehouses and bonded warehouses, bill relating to (see warehouses).

RECEIVERS, relating to private sale of real estate by
Read in place in House by Mr. G. A. Baldwin, 809.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 809.

RECEIVERS' SALES, relating to
Senate Bill No. 362
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Weingartner, 635.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 635.
Reported with amendment, 831.
First reading, 918.
Second reading, 953.
Third reading and final passage, 999.
Returned from House without amendment, 1964.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1965.
Approved by Governor, 2442.
In House (No. 582)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1088.
Reported without amendment, 1303.
First reading, 1411.
Second reading, 1527.
Third reading and final passage, 1952.
Signed by Speaker,

RECEIVERS WHERE AN ESTATE IS WITHOUT MONEY or property to have appeals heard in appellate courts upon filing typewritten copies of certain particulars, bill to permit (see appeals).

RECIPROCITY PACT WITH CANADA, concurrent resolution (House) by George A. Baldwin, approving the, 210.
Resolution referred to Committtee on Judiciary Special, 210.
Reported with amendment, 251.

RECIPROCITY PACT WITH CANADA, concurrent resolution (House) by Shannon, approving the, 211.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 211.

RECONSTRUCTION SUM which has accumulated pursuant to provisions of act establishing State Highway Department, bill appropriating for road (see road).

RECORDED, bill relating to satisfaction of mortgages by instruments of writing heretofore or hereafter to be

RECORD OF SALE OF ALL FIREARMS, bill relating to sale of firearms and providing for a (see firearms).

RECORDED IN OFFICE OF RECORDER OF DEEDS, bill to require bonds in condemnation proceedings to be (see bonds).

RECORDED, bill to require all deeds and other conveyances of real estate in counties having population of 500,000 or less to be registered in office of County Commissioners before being (see counties).

RECORDED IN OFFICE OF RECORDER OF DEEDS, to prescribe condition under which agreements and contracts for sale or exchange of lands, tenements or hereditaments may be
Senate Bill No. 402
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 609.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 609.
Reported without amendment, 938.
First reading, 1013.
Second reading, 1079.
Third reading and final passage, 1107.
In House
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1170.

RECORDER OF DEEDS AND CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT in counties having over 30,000 inhabitants and in which all of said offices are now held by one person, bill to provide for election of one person for prothonotary, clerk of courts of quarter sessions and of court of oyer and terminer and one other person for (see counties).

RECORDER OF DEEDS and for payment into county treasuries where officers are not receiving fixed salaries of excess of fees over $3500, bill to regulate fees of (see fees).

RECORDER OF DEEDS IN ANY COUNTY with population of 1,000,000 or over, bill to amend, so as to make it apply to counties with population of 1,400,000 or over, act fixing salary of Deputy (see counties).

RECORDER OF DEEDS OF ANY COUNTY having population of 1,000,000 or over, to amend, so as to make it apply to county having population of 1,400,000 or over, act fixing salaries of clerks and copyists in office of (see county).

RECORDER OF DEEDS TO ADMINISTER OATHS and affirmations, bill to empower clerks designated by (see clerks).

RECORDING DEEDS, MORTGAGES AND INSURANCE OF TITLES now in effect in the several States with a view of changing Pennsylvania's system, concurrent resolution (Senate) No. 12, by Vare, in reference to commission to investigate the system of, 291.
Resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 291.
Reported without amendment, 539.
Read and agreed to, 545.
In House
Referred to Committtee on Judiciary General, 583.
Reported without amendment,
Returned by House, 1323.
Concurred in by House, 1330, 1331.
Vetoed by Governor, 1547.

RECORDING DEEDS, MORTGAGES AND INSURANCE OF TITLES now in effect in the several States with a view of changing Pennsylvania's system, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Vare, in reference to commission to investigate the system of, 1965.
Resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1965.
Reported without amendment, 1999, 2000.
Considered and agreed to, 2000.
Concurred in by House, 2024.
Returned by House, 2214, 2215.
Approved by Governor, 2442.

RECORDING IN OFFICE OF RECORDER OF DEEDS, mortgages and assignments of mortgages, relating to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Vare, 344.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 344.

RECORDING OF ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES under certain conditions, to amend supplement to act relating to sheriffs' sales of real estate so as to forbid
House Bill No. 674
Read in place in House by Mr. Breitinger, 717.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 717.
Reported without amendment, 1469.
First reading, 1501.
Second reading, 2097.
Third reading and final passage, 2565.
In Senate
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2537.

RECORDING OF DEEDS, MORTGAGES AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS, relating to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichols, 118.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 118.

RECORDING OF DEEDS, MORTGAGES AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS, relating to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichols, 756.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 756.

RECORDING OF MORTGAGES, bill to regulate (see mortgages).

RECORDS PERTAINING TO NATURALIZATION OF ALIENS as citizens of United States to office of Prothonotary of Court of Common Pleas, bill to provide for transfer of all (see naturalization).

RECORDS TO BE ENTERED AND KEPT IN BOUND SEWED VOLUMES, to require public
House Bill No. 308
Read in place in House by Mr. Freeman, 361.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 361.
Reported without amendment, 716.
First reading, 753.
Second reading, 1359.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 1491.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 1497.
Resumed and defeated on final passage, 1624.

RECORDS TO DIVISION, bill to amend act creating a division of State Library for preservation of public records by permitting county officers to turn over (see division).

RECREATION CAMPS WITHIN FOREST RESERVES and making appropriation therefor, bill to establish (see Forest).

RECREATION FACILITIES IN CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, bills relating to (see cities).

REDDING MONEY PAID FOR NOTARY PUBLIC COMMISSION, making appropriation to refund to Walter C.

Senate Bill No. 444
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 1068.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1068.
Reported without amendment, 1100.
First reading 1181.
Second reading, 1210.
Third reading and final passage, 1233.
Returned from House without amendment, 2654.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2902.

In House (No. 734)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1293, 1302.
Reported without amendment, 1610.
First reading, 1828.
Second reading, 2119.
Third reading and final passage, 2830.
Signed by Speaker, 2942.

REDEMPTION OF TRADING STAMPS, coupons, tickets and other similar devices, bill to regulate manner of (see trading stamps).

REECE, J. COULSON, Representative from Chester County,

Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 85.

Bill introduced by
To regulate practice of naturopathy in Pennsylvania and provide for State Board of Naturopathic Examiners, 689.

Election of, 43.

Petitions presented by, from
Citizens of Chester County, for reading of Bible in public schools, 687, 733.
Citizens of Chester County for repeal of mercantile tax law, 389.
Citizens of Chester County, protesting against child labor, 230.
Fernwood Grange No. 1329, Patrons of Husbandry, for better telephone facilities, 230.
Highland Grange No. 980, Patrons of Husbandry, Chester County, for better telephone facilities, 278.
Kennett Grange No. 19, Patrons of Husbandry, for better telephone facilities, 230.
Oxford Grange No. 67, Patrons of Husbandry, Chester County for better telephone facilities, 230.
Sadsbury Grange No. 1085, Patrons of Husbandry, for better telephone facilities, 278.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

REED amount paid by him for his commission as a Notary Public to authorize State Treasurer to refund to John H.

House Bill No. 197
Read in place in House by Mr. Healy, 189.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 189.
Reported without amendment, 565.
First reading, 603.
Second reading, 736.
Third reading and final passage, 811.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1170.
Signed by Speaker, 1196.
Approved by Governor, 1403.

In Senate (No. 387)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 808.
Reported without amendment, 937.
First reading, 1012.
Second reading, 1075.
Third reading and final passage, 1104.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1183.

REEL, M. D., Representative from Somerset County,

Amendment offered by, to
House Bill No. 584, authorizing publication of report of late Doctor Leonard Pearson upon discovery and suppression of foot and mouth disease, 2194.

Appointments of, on
Conference committee, 3320.
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

REEL, M. D.—Continued.

Bills introduced by
To provide for commission to survey and make repor on military routes of General Edward Braddock an General John Forbes, 1357.
To regulate the sale of certain seeds, 95.

Bills reported by
No. 184 (Senate Bill No. 342)
Making appropriation to carry out provision of a relating to agricultural exhibitions, 436.
No. 374
To provide for practical development of horticultur by establishing small model orchards, 881.
No. 532
Amending act fixing salaries of common scho teachers by requiring that minimum salaries sha be for minimum school term, 1169.

Election of, 45.

Motion by, for
House to adhere to its non-concurrence in Senate amen ments to House Bill No. 130, regulating sale of certai seeds, and appoint conference committee, 3320.

Motion by, to
Postpone for present House Bill No. 130, regulating sal of certain seeds, 450.

Petition presented by, from
Citizens of Somerset County for Maurer Initiative an Referendum Bill, 733.

Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 130, regulating sale of certain seed 692.
House Bill No. 584, authorizing publication of report late Doctor Leonard Pearson relative to foot an mouth disease among cattle in Pennsylvania, 2255.
House Bill No. 688, permitting owners and lessees of coa rights to remove overlying strata and dump or depos it on land adjacent to opening of mine, 3216.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

RE-ELECTION, bill to make county controllers and count auditors ineligible for (see county).

REESER, MANDUS W., Representative from Sullivan County

Amendment offered by, to
House Bill No. 433, amending act fixing salaries an providing for expenses of county commissioners, 137

Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bill introduced by
Repealing act relating to taxation of dogs in Eas Nottingham Township, Chester County, 591.

Election of, 45.

Leave of absence asked for, 172, 1017.

Petitions presented by, from
Citizens of Sullivan County against any change in pres ent Fish and Game Laws, 231.
Citizens of Sullivan County against resident hunter' license law, 230.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

REFERENCE BUREAU IN STATE CAPITOL, to authoriz Trustees of Pennsylvania State Library to main tain

House Bill No. 364
Read in place in House by Mr. Martin, 777.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 777.
Reported with negative recommendation, 820.

REFERENCE DIRECTOR AND ASSISTANT DIRECTOR, bil to amend act to create a Legislative Reference Bureau by increasing salaries of (see Legislative).

REFERENDUM, joint resolution proposing amendment to Con stitution granting to people right in Initiative and (see Constitution).

REFERENDUM SYSTEM OF LEGISLATION, bill relating t Initiative and (see initiative).

REFINING OF PETROLEUM, bill to amend act relating t manufacturing and other companies incorporated under laws of any other State by extending its provisions to companies incorporated for (see petroleum).

REFORM SCHOOL AT MORGANZA and granting its managers authority to raze old buildings, bill making appro priation to Pennsylvania (see Pennsylania).

REFORM SCHOOL AT MORGANZA, Manager of the Pennsylvania, Samuel Moody nominated as, 23.

REFORM SCHOOL AT MORGANZA, Managers of the Pennsylvania, nominated, 24.

REFORM SCHOOL AT MORGANZA, Managers of the Pennsylvania, nominated, 24.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

REFORMATORY FOR WOMEN, and making appropriation therefor, to establish and regulate State

Senate Bill No. 70
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Salus, 90.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 90.
Reported without amendment, 240.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 273.
Re-reported without amendment, 2215.
Second reading, 2274.
Third reading and final passage, 2449.

In House
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2570.

REFORMATORY FOR WOMEN, petitions presented for State (see petitions).

REFORMATORY INSTITUTIONS formed after date of approval of this act, bill to prohibit making of appropriations by General Assembly to unincorporated (see appropriations).

REFORMATORY, Manager of State Industrial, John D. Dorris nominated as, 23.
Reported, 165.
Confirmed, 169.

REFORMATORY which is maintained wholly or in part by State who shall escape therefrom, bill to provide for punishment of inmates in any (see inmates).

REFRIGERATING WAREHOUSES AND PLACES, bill relating to cold storage and (see cold storage).

REFUND CERTAIN SUM to Trustees of State Asylum for Chronic Insane, bill to (see insane).

REFUND ITS BONDED INDEBTEDNESS, bill to authorize Trustees of any State Normal School to (see State Normal).

REFUND JOHN H. REED amount paid by him for his commission as Notary Public, bill to authorize State Treasurer to (see Reed).

REFUND TO A. SIDNEY REYNOLDS amount of fee erroneously collected, bill to authorize State Treasurer to (see Reynolds).

REFUND TO ELIZABETH STEEL MAGEE HOSPITAL collateral inheritance tax paid out of its fund by Estate of Christopher L. Magee, deceased, bill to (see Elizabeth).

REFUND TO FRED MUSTER, Superintendent of the Bear Company, Berwick, bill to authorize (see Muster).

REFUND TO FREDERICK J. CUNEO twenty-five dollars, bill to (see Cuneo).

REFUND TO H. J. GULDEN, Administrator of Estate of Edward Gulden, expenses attending illness and death of said Edward Gulden from smallpox, bill to (see Gulden).

REFUND TO JOHN HEATHCOTE fee for notary public commission issued to E. H. Kratzer of Coatesville, bill authorizing State Treasurer to (see Heathcote).

REFUND TO JOHN MINSINBERGER amount of notary public commission, bill to (see Minsinberger).

REFUND TO JOHN TAYLOR amount paid by him for his Commission as Notary Public, bill to authorize State Treasurer to (see Taylor).

REFUND TO RICHARD J. BAXTER for amount paid for Notary Public Commission, bill to authorize (see Baxter).

REFUNDING OF FEES PAID INTO STATE TREASURY by applicants for notary public commission when such commission is not received by applicant, bill to provide for (see notary public).

REFUNDING TO MARGARET F. D. LEIPER CERTAIN MONEYS mistakenly paid by her into State Treasury, bill (see Leiper).

REGISTER AS MASTER PLUMBERS, bill to require those engaged in plumbing or house drainage in cities of first class to (see cities).

REGISTER OF WILLS and for payment into county treasuries where said offices are not receiving fixed salaries of excess in amount of such fees over $3500, bill to regulate fees of (see fees).

REGISTER OF WILLS IN CERTAIN COUNTIES, bills relating to (see counties).

REGISTER OF WILLS IN COUNTIES having population of 1,400,000 or over to fix salary of

House Bill No. 714
Read in place in House by Mr. S. B. Scott, 921.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 921.
Reported with amendment, 1609.
First reading, 1827.
Second reading and amended, 2114.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 2949.

Remarks on, by
Scott, S. B., 2950.

REGISTERED IN OFFICE OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS before being recorded, bill to require all deeds and other conveyances of real estate in counties having population of 500,000 or less to be (see counties).

REGISTERED PHARMACISTS, bill to regulate employment of (see pharmacists).

REGISTERS ON TELEPHONES, bill to require each telephone company to install (see telephone).

REGISTRATION LISTS OPPOSITE NAME OF ELECTOR, to require name of proper political party to be entered on

House Bill No. 781
Read in place in House by Mr. Moses, 1016.
Referred to Committee on Elections, 1016.
Reported with negative recommendation, 1757.

REGISTRATION OF CERTAIN PRACTITIONERS of osteopathy, bill to amend act relating to practice of osteopathy by providing final day for (see osteopathy).

REGISTRATION OF CONVEYANCES OF REAL ESTATE in townships of first class in order to facilitate assessment of taxes, to repeal act to provide for

Senate Bill No. 612
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Powell (by request), 1418.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1418.
Reported without amendment, 1707.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 1823.

REGISTRATION OF CONVEYANCES OF REAL ESTATE in counties with population not exceeding 400,000 excepting all townships of first class, bill to provide for (see counties).

REGISTRATION OF ELECTORS IN CITIES, bills relating to personal (see cities).

REGISTRATION OF MIDWIVES, bill to regulate practice of midwifery and provide for licensing and (see midwifery).

REGISTRATION OF MOTOR VEHICLES, bill to provide for disposition of funds received by State Highway Department from fees for (see Highway).

REGISTRATION OF MOTOR VEHICLES, bills relating to (see motor vehicles).

REGISTRATION OF OLD BIRTH AND DEATH and burial or removal permits by changing fees for birth and death certificates, bill to amend act providing for immediate (see certificates).

REGISTRATION OF SUCH BOTTLES and to prohibit use of such bottles without written consent of owners thereof, to provide for

House Bill No. 565
Read in place in House by Mr. Shern, 1115.
Referred to Committee on Manufactures, 1115.
Reported without amendment, 1213.
First reading, 1243.
Second reading, 1523.
Third reading and amended, 1939.
Final passage, 2057.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 2935.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 2935.
Signed by Speaker, 3183.

REGISTRATION OF SUCH BOTTLES—Continued.
In Senate (No. 716)
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 2154.
Reported with amendment, 2216.
First reading, 2287.
Second reading and amended, 2466.
Over in its order, 2544.
Third reading and final passage, 2611.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 2902.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3116.

REGISTRATION OF THOSE ENGAGED IN BUSINESS of plumbing or house drainage in cities, bills relating to (see cities).

REGISTRATION OF TITLES TO LANDS acquired by will or descent, bill to regulate (see titles).

REGISTRATION OF VETERINARY SURGEONS, bill to amend act relating to (see veterinary).

REGISTRATION THEREOF AND SERVICE OF PROCESS thereon, bill to regulate the doing of business in this Commonwealth of foreign corporations, (see corporations).

REGISTRY ASSESSORS IN CASE OF VACANCY, bill to provide for appointment by county commissioners in counties having between 800,000 and 1,400,000 inhabitants of (see assessors).

REILLY, presentation of testimonial of House of Representatives at close of session to Reading Clerk Henry B., 3651.

REIMBURSE FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY of Philadelphia, Trustee under will of Sarah A. Smith, deceased, for taxes erroneously paid, bill to (see Fidelity Trust).

REIMBURSE FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY of Philadelphia, Trustee under will of Richard Smith, deceased, for certain taxes erroneously paid, bill to (see Fidelity Trust).

REIMBURSE GEORGE LEWIS MAYER of Philadelphia for collateral inheritance tax erroneously paid upon estate of Julia Neill Mayer, deceased, bill to (see Mayer).

RELATED TO JUDGE, bill to prohibit any judge of certain courts from hearing a cause wherein attorney for either party shall be (see judge).

RELATIVES MAY RECOVER DAMAGES whether such relatives be citizens of this Commonwealth or not, bill to amend act relating to damages for injuries producing death so as to provide that certain surviving (see damages).

RELEASE OF LANDS FROM RECORD CHARGES, liens, judgments and incumbrances upon legal presumption of payment thereof, relating to discharge of and
House Bill No. 797
Read in place in House by Mr. Bentley, 1398.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1398.
Reported without amendment, 1758.
First reading, 1832.
Second reading, 2136.

RELEASE ON PAROLE OF PERSONS acquitted on grounds of insanity and regulating such releasing, to permit
House Bill No. 11
Read in place in House by Mr. Schofield, 97.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 97.
Reported without amendment, 109.
First reading, 116.
Second reading, 159.
Third reading and final passage, 173.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1759.
Signed by Speaker, 1851.
Approved by Governor, 2557.
Remarks on, by
Henry, 173.
Schofield, 173.
In Senate (No. 165)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 168.
Reported without amendment, 401.
First reading, 469.
Second reading, 503.
Recommitted to Committee, 552.
Re-reported without amendment, 1632.
Third reading and final passage, 1713.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1823.

RELEASE ON PROBATION OF CERTAIN CONVICTS, bi amending, so as to restrict exception of rape, a relating to (see rape).

RELEASE ON PROBATION OR PAROLE OF CERTAI CONVICTS, bills relating to (see parole).

RELEASES FROM PERSONS INJURED IN CERTAIN EM PLOYMENTS, to regulate obtaining of
House Bill No. 220
Read in place in House by Mr. Miller, 526.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 526.
Reported without amendment, 566.
First reading, 604.
Second reading, 741.
Third reading and final passage, 817.
In Senate (No. 424)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 803.
Reported without amendment, 1099.
First reading and recommitted to Committee on Corporations, 1180.
Re-reported without amendment, 2155.
Recommitted to Committee on Finance, 2211.

RELIEF COMMITTEE OF PANCOAST MINE DISASTER bill making appropriation to (see Pancoast).

RELIEF FOR DESTITUTE AND INDIGENT SOLDIERS (an their widows) who served in Civil War, bill to provid (see soldiers).

RELIEF NOTES ISSUED BY CERTAIN BANKS, bill to per mit substitution of other securities for those deposite with State Treasurer to secure Commonwealth (se banks).

RELIEF THAT MAY BE GRANTED TO PAUPERS no residing in said poor-house, bill to amend act relatin to poor-house at Pittston, by authorizing increas in amount of (see poor-house).

RELIGIOUS AND CHARITABLE USES, to amend sectio eleven of act relating to corporations and to estate held for corporate
Senate Bill No. 394
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Salus, 665.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 665.
Reported without amendment, 937.
First reading, 1012.
Second reading, 1076.
Third reading and final passage, 1105.
Returned from House without amendment, 3406.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3539.
In House (No. 778)
Referred to, Committee on Judiciary Special, 1170.
Reported without amendment, 1748.
First reading, 1831.
Second reading, 2129.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 3225.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 3239.
Resumed and passed finally, 3497.
Signed by Speaker, 3610.
Remarks on, by
Robinson, 3225, 3226, 3497.
Scott, John R. K., 3225, 3226.
Roney, 3497.

RELIGIOUS BODIES, to amend act relating to corporations and to estates held for corporate religious and charitable used by providing for management and control of funds and affairs of
House Bill No. 191
Read in place in House by Mr. Shern, 324.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 324.
Reported without amendment, 472.
First reading, 586.
Second reading, 597.
Third reading and postponed for present, 648.
Resumed and defeated on final passage, 783.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and postponed for present, 821.
Resumed and defeated on final passage, 2197.
Remarks on, by
Scott, Samuel B., 648, 649, 783, 2197, 2199.
Shern, 648, 649, 783, 784, 2197, 2198, 2199.
Howard, 648, 784, 2198, 2199.
Robinson, 649.

RELIGIOUS BODIES—Continued.
Dershem, 784, 2198.
Johnston, James C., 784, 2199.
Rockwell, 2198.
Freeman, 2199.
Hobbs, 2199.
Allen, 2199.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY used exclusively as a parsonage, bill to amend act relating to exemption from taxation of certain property by exempting any building owned by any (see taxation).

RELOCATING AT EXPENSE OF PROPER COUNTY of all original warranty tracts, bill to provide for (see warranty).

REMIT TAXES OWING BY ANY HOSPITAL where a dispute has arisen as to right of city to collect such taxes, bill to authorize cities of first class to (see hospital).

REMONSTRANCES AGAINST AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL No. 109, relating to National Guard
From First Infantry, National Guard of Pennsylvania, in Senate, 453.
From Third Regiment Infantry, National Guard of Pennsylvania, in Senate, 453.

REMONSTRATING EXCEEDS NUMBER OF QUALIFIED ELECTORS supporting application, bill to amend act relating to sale of liquors by making it unlawful to grant license to any applicant when number of qualified electors (see liquors).

REMOVAL OF BODIES, bill to amend act authorizing cemetery or burial associations to purchase other grounds by regulating (see cemetery).

REMOVAL OF JUDGES on account of physical or mental disability as regards pay after removal, bill to amend act relating to (see judges).

REMOVAL OF WASTE OR PACKING FROM ANY JOURNAL BOX of engines or cars used upon any railroad so as to include brasses, bill to amend act relating to (see railroad).

RENO, CLAUDE T., Representative from First District, (Lehigh County),

Acting Speaker, 720, 1217, 1474, 1769, 2082, 2572, 3036.

Amendment offered by, to
House Bill No. 207, relating to burial of any honorably discharged soldier, sailor or marine at expense of county, 738.

Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Amending act regulating ages at which minors may be employed by permitting certain minors over fourteen years of age to be employed in quarries and sand pits, 1400.

Amending act relating to fish, 142.

Amending supplement to law relating to defaulting public officers, 304.

A supplement to act relating to government of cities of third class, authorizing adoption of civil service by said cities, 103.

Creating Bureau of Pensions, 304.

Making appropriation for monument to Allen Infantry, 210.

Making appropriation to Allentown Hospital, 301.

Making appropriation to Children's Home of South Bethlehem, 141.

Making appropriation to Lehigh County Humane Society, 105.

Prohibiting employment of any person under 21 years of age of messenger for telephone or telegraph companies between 10 P. M. and 5 A. M., 361.

To authorize County Commissioners to look after burying of soldiers, sailors and marines, 103.

To define and regulate practice of medicine and surgery and establish a Board of Medical Examiners, 391.

To increase pay of jurors and witnesses in this Commonwealth, 105.

To provide for commission to investigate advisability of abolishing toll bridges, 1083.

To provide for erection of monument to commemorate services of 47th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers in Battle of Cedar Creek, 103.

To repeal second section of act relating to pay of commissioners, auditors and jurors of Lehigh County, 776.

To repeal so far as it applies to Lehigh County act increasing pay of county commissioners, jurors and witnesses in certain counties, 776.

RENO, CLAUDE T.—Continued.

To repeal so far as it applies to Lehigh County act increasing pay of county commissioners, jurors and witnesses in certain counties, 777.

To repeal so far as it applies to Lehigh County act regulating pay of jurors in counties of Berks and Lehigh, 777.

To repeal so far as it applies to Lehigh County act relating to pay of jurors in counties of Lehigh and Berks, 777.

Bills reported by

No. 15 (Senate Bill No. 22)
To quiet the title of real estate, 115.

No. 79
Making eaves dropping a misdemeanor, 207.

No. 95 (Senate Bill No. 613)
Relating to acknowledgment of certificates of association and articles of incorporation, 251.

No. 161 (Senate Bill No. 450)
Authorizing the courts in cases where the jury have disagreed to certify the evidence so as to become part of the record, 415.

No. 168 (Senate Bill No. 526)
Regulating lateral railroads, 435.

No. 232 (Senate Bill No. 572)
Amending act relating to publication of connected warrantee tract maps of each of the several counties, 590.

No. 283 (Senate Bill No. 501)
To forbid use of gill net of more than thirty meshes deep in certain boundary lakes, 715.

No. 307
Amending act to provide revenue by taxation and taxing all of property of corporations having capital stock, 716.

No. 378 (Senate Bill No. 301)
Joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania allowing municipalities to increase their indebtedness, 1610.

No. 408 (Senate Bill No. 236)
Amending act dividing cities of this State into three classes by fixing number of viewers at three, 897.

No. 426 (Senate Bill No. 305)
For assignment of judges to districts other than their own purpose of expediting business, 1015.

No. 427 (Senate Bill No. 656)
Repealing act relating to compensation of assessors and assistant assessors in Cumberland County, 1015.

No. 577 (Senate Bill No. 354)
Joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania, 1303.

No. 674
Amending act relating to vendors of mineral waters, sheriffs' sales of real estate and certain other matters so as to forbid recording of assignments of mortgages under certain circumstances, 1469.

No. 805 (Senate Bill No. 476)
Authorizing poor districts to provide hospitals for care of indigent persons afflicted with tuberculosis, 1758.

No. 903 (Senate Bill No. 1164)
Providing for disposition and payment of costs in all cases tried in Juvenile Court, 2184.

No. 1336 (Senate Bill No. 756)
Amending act authorizing erection of poor house by township of Wilkes-Barre authorizing judges of court of quarter sessions of Luzerne County to appoint additional director of poor for certain boroughs, 2973.

Election of, 44.

Motions by, to

Drop from calendar House Bill No. 486, creating Bureau of Pensions in office of Auditor General, 2322.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 309, regulating operation of certain quarries and providing for their inspection, 1782.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 12, increasing pay of jurors and witnesses in this Commonwealth, 143.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 309, regulating operation and inspection of certain quarries, 778.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 425, to prevent deception in sale of paint, putty, turpentine and linseed oil, 1682.

RENO, CLAUDE T.—Continued.
Petitions presented by, from
Citizens of Allentown against Commission Form of Government, 278.
Citizens of East Allentown, Lehigh County, against Commission Form of Government, 313, 323, 359, 414.
Citizens of Lehigh County, for Maurer Initiative and Referendum Bill, 565, 845.
Citizens of Lehigh County for reading of Bible in public schools, 565.
Citizens of Lehigh County for repeal of mercantile tax law, 1237.
Citizens of Wilkes-Barre, for amendments for existing law regulating fishing, 278.
Meshoppen Boat Club and Fishing Association, for amendment to Act of 1909, regulating the taking of fish, 207.
Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 165, supplement to act relating to annexation of adjacent territory to boroughs regarding annexation of territory from an adjoining county, 1955.
House Bill No. 309, regulating operation of certain quarries and providing for their inspection, 2223.
House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 1039.
House Bill No. 437, repealing so far as it applies to Lehigh County act increasing pay of county commissioners, jurors and witnesses in certain counties, 1680.
House Bill No. 623, providing for commission to investigate and report on advisability of abolishing all toll bridges, 2022.
House Bill No. 906, regulating licensing of brewers and distillers, 2581, 2584.
Resolution, concurrent, offered by
Recommending United States Congress to pass legislation for benefit of surviving officers of Civil War, 1368.
Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

RENOVATED BUTTER, bill to require labeling of (see butter).

RENOVO HOSPITAL for maintenance and for purchase and furnishing of building, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1176
Read in place in House by Mr. Kelsey, 846.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 846.
Reported with amendment, 2243.
First reading, 2340.
Second reading, 2425.
Third reading and final passage, 2808.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.
In Senate (No. 1095)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2662.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2713.
Second reading, 2921.
Third reading and final passage, 3100.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

RENOVO HOSPITAL for maintenance and for purchase and furnishing of building, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Hall, 832.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 832.

RENOVO HOSPITAL, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. Kelsey, 302.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 302.

RENOVO HOSPITAL, making appropriation to
Senate Bill No. 123
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Hall, 244.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 244.
Reported without amendment, 282.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 358.

RENT, bill to exempt dental furniture, tools and equipment leased, hired or conditionally sold from levy or sale on execution or distress for (see rent).

RENT BY TENANTS and to fix fees to be charged therein, to provide additional remedies in case of non-payment of
House Bill No. 784
Read in place in House by Mr. McGowan, 1115.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1115.
Reported without amendment, 1757.
First reading, 1831.

RENT BY TENANTS—Continued.
Second reading and amended, 2130.
Third reading and postponed for present, 3030.
Vote on postponement reconsidered and bill amended 3033.
Remarks on, by
Maurer, 2130, 3030.
Shern, 2131.
McGowan, 2131, 3030, 3031.
Ward, William, Jr., 3030.
Fitzgerald, 3030, 3031.
Marvin, 3031.
Dunn, James, 3031.
Alter, 3031.

RENT, exempting certain cases, billiard and pool tables and bowling alleys from levy and sale on execution or distress for
House Bill No. 7
Read in place in House by Mr. Breitinger, 95.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 95.
Reported without amendment, 109.
First reading, 115.
Second reading, 127.
Third reading and postponed for present, 136.
Recommitted to Committee, 1403
Re-reported with amendment,
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 1846.
Remarks on, by
Baldwin, R. J., 127, 1846.
Shern, 127.
Breitinger 1846.
Robinson, V. Gilpin, 1846.

RENT OFFICES OUTSIDE OF CAPITOL BUILDINGS when necessary for accommodation of any department bill to authorize Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings to (see Board).

RENT, to amend act exempting property to the value of $300 from levy and sale on execution and distress for
Senate Bill No. 98
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox, 117.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 117.
Reported without amendment, 241.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 276.
Re-reported without amendment, 664.
Recommitted to Committee, 710.
Re-reported without amendment, 1254.
Second reading, 1324.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1423.
Resumed on third reading and defeated on final passage, 1586.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 1709.
Resumed and passed finally, 1806.
In House (No. 839)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special 1932.
Reported without amendment, 1947.
First reading, 2047.
Recommitted to Committee on Judciiary General, 2150
Re-reported with amendment, 2973.
Defeated on second reading, 3018.
Motion to reconsider vote on second reading defeated 3240.

RENT, to make null and void any waiver of benefit of Act of April 9, 1849, exempting property to value of $300 from levy and sale for
Read in place in House by Mr. Maurer, 304.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 304.

RENT, to provide that furniture or household goods leased or hired shall not be proceeded against for collection of
House Bill No. 748
Read in place in House by Mr. Bentley, 124.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 124.
Reported without amendment, 1695.
First reading, 1829.
Second reading, 2123.
Special order for consideration, 3227.
Third reading and postponed indefinitely, 3256.
Remarks on, by
Baldwin, R. J., 3256.
Ward, Wm., Jr., 3256.
Robinson, V. G., 3256.

RENT, to repeal act exempting soda water apparatus and appurtenances thereto, leased, hired or conditionally sold, from levy or sale for

House Bill No. 643

Read in place in House by Mr. Wasson, 1184.

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 1184.

Reported without amendment, 1357.

First reading, 1415.

Second reading, 2089.

Third reading and postponed for present, 2346.

Remarks on, by

Marvin, 2346.

Shaffer, 2346.

RENT, to repeal act to exempt pianos, melodeons and organs, leased, hired or conditionally sold from levy or sale for

House Bill No. 641

Read in place in House by Mr. Wasson, 1184.

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 1184.

Reported without amendment, 1357.

First reading, 1414.

Second reading, 2089.

Third reading and postponed for present, 2346.

Remarks on, by

Marvin, 2346.

Shaffer, 2346.

RENTING OF SODA WATER FOUNTAINS, musical instruments, household furniture, cash registers, and other merchandise, bill relating to (see leasing).

REPAIR, bill to amend act creating a Division of State Library for preservation of public records by permitting various departments county officers to turn over records to the Division and providing for their (see division).

REPEAL ACT amending act relating to changes of venue in civil causes by providing that such change of venue shall only be made when it shall appear to the court that local prejudices exist, bill to (see venue).

REPEAL ACT RELATING TO DATE for opening and closing tax duplicates in cities of first class, bill to (see cities).

REPEAL ACT authorizing appointment of shorthand clerks for courts of Allegheny County, bill to (see courts).

REPEAL ACT authorizing citizens of Borough of Mercer to erect Union school house, bill to (see Mercer).

REPEAL ACT CREATING DEPARTMENT OF STATE POLICE, bill to (see State Police).

REPEAL ACT EMPOWERING COUNTY CONTROLLERS in counties containing population of from 300,000 to 1,000,000 to appoint solicitor, bill to (see counties).

REPEAL ACT EXEMPTING SODA WATER APPARATUS and appurtenances thereto, leased, hired or conditionally sold, from levy or sale for rent, bill to (see rent).

REPEAL ACT FIXING COMPENSATION OF COMMISSIONERS of County of Bucks, bill to (see Bucks).

REPEAL ACT FIXING COSTS TO BE PAID TO SHERIFF of Warren County for conveying prisoners to penitentiary, bill to (see sheriff).

REPEAL ACT FOR ERECTION OF POOR HOUSE in Mercer County, bill to (see Mercer).

REPEAL ACT MAKING APPROPRIATION TO DRAIN PYMATUNING SWAMP, Crawford County, bill to (see Pymatuning).

REPEAL ACT PROVIDING FOR ELECTION OF SOLICITOR for Dauphin County, bill to (see Dauphin).

REPEAL ACT PROVIDING FOR RAILROAD COMMISSION, bill to establish commission for supervision of public service companies and to (see public service).

REPEAL ACT PROVIDING FOR REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE by the proper township, city or borough of certain turnpikes, bill to (see turnpikes).

REPEAL ACT RELATING TO ADOPTION of any person as heir, bill to (see adoption).

REPEAL ACT RELATING TO COMPENSATION of county commissioners, auditors and township auditors, bill to (see compensation).

REPEAL ACT RELATING TO ELECTION OF ASSISTANT ASSESSORS for registration of voters in certain townships and boroughs, bill to (see assessors).

REPEAL ACT RELATING TO INSOLVENCY, bill to (see insolvency).

REPEAL ACT RELATING TO MERCANTILE LICENSE TAX, bill to (see tax).

REPEAL ACT RELATING TO PUBLICATION OF NOTICES and advertisements in certain counties, bill to (see counties).

REPEAL ACT RELATING TO RELEASING OF CERTAIN CONVICTS on probation or parole, bill to (see parole).

REPEAL ACT RELATING TO TAXATION OF DOGS and protection of sheep, bill to (see dogs).

REPEAL ACT RELATING TO TAXATION OF DOGS in Township of East Nottingham, Chester County, bill to (see East Nottingham).

REPEAL ACT RELATIVE TO ELECTION OF COMMISSIONERS' CLERK in York County, bill to (see York).

REPEAL ACT TO ENLARGE JURISDICTION OF JUSTICES OF THE PEACE in Warren County, bill to (see justices).

REPEAL ACT TO ESTABLISH IN COUNTIES with population from 300,000 to 1,000,000 Board for Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and County purposes, bill to (see counties).

REPEAL ACT TO EXEMPT PIANOS, melodeons and organs, leased, hired or conditionally sold, from levy or sale for rent, bill to (see rent).

REPEAL ACT TO INCREASE PAY OF JURORS and witnesses in Bedford County, bill to (see Bedford).

REPEAL ACT TO PROHIBIT ISSUING OF LICENSES in Freeport, Armstrong County, bill to (see licenses).

REPEAL ACT TO PROVIDE FOR REGISTRATION OF CONVEYANCES of real estate in townships of first class in order to facilitate assessment of taxes, bill to (see townships).

REPEAL ACT TO PROVIDE REVENUE by levying a tax upon shares of stock of certain companies commonly known as title insurance and trust companies, bill to (see tax).

REPEAL ARTICLE ONE OF ACT APPROVED APRIL 16, 1850, regulating banks, bill to (see banks).

REPEAL CERTAIN ACTS RELATIVE TO TAXATION, bill to (see taxation).

REPEAL further supplement to act establishing a Board of Wardens for the Port of Philadelphia, bill to (see Board).

REPEAL RULE 13 OF SECTION 21 OF ACT APPROPRIATING GROUND for public purposes in Philadelphia, bill to (see Philadelphia).

REPEAL SECTION EIGHT OF ACT TO CLASSIFY FISH in waters of this Commonwealth and relating to unlawful devices for catching fish, bill to (see fish).

REPEAL SECTION 74 OF ACT relative to organization of the courts of justice, bill to (see courts).

REPEAL SECTION SIX OF ACT TO PROVIDE FOR HEALTH and safety of minors in certain employments and regulating ages at which minors may be employed, bill to (see minors).

REPEAL SO FAR AS IT RELATES TO BOROUGH of West Newton in Westmoreland County act to prohibit issuance of licenses in certain boroughs including West Newton and Mount Pleasant, bill to (see West Newton).

REPEAL SO FAR AS IT RELATES TO COUNTIES of Pike, Schuylkill, Luzerne, Erie and Montgomery, act to punish prise-fights and boxing matches in certain counties, bill to (see prize-fights).

REPEALING RIGHT TO USE BEAR-TRAPS, bill amending act relating to protection of game by (see game).

REPORT OF ATTORNEY GENERAL relative to Capitol civil suits presented to House, 279.

In Appendix, 3927.

REPORT OF AUDITOR GENERAL relative to Capitol civil suits presented to House, 278.

In Appendix, 3926.

REPORT OF BANKING COMMISSIONER, advance abstract from Sixteenth Annual

Presented to House, 121.

REPORT OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF CITY TRUSTS for the City of Philadelphia, communication in reference to

Presented to Senate, 2444.

REPORT OF COMMISSION TO COMPUTE VOTE for Auditor General and State Treasurer presented to Senate, 10.

Presented to House, 53.

In Appendix, 3694.

REPORT OF COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE POOR HOUSES in Philadelphia presented to Senate, 242.

In Appendix, 3887.

REPORT OF COMMISSION TO REVISE AND CODIFY ELECTION LAWS (first) presented to Senate, 406.

Presented to House, 434.

In Appendix, 3928.

REPORT OF COMMISSION TO REVISE AND CODIFY ELECTION LAWS (second) presented to Senate, 1225.

Presented to House, 1240.

In Appendix, 3942.

REPORT OF COMMISSIONER OF FISHERIES presented to House, 2556.

REPORT OF COMMISSIONER OF FORESTRY, containing special data requested by House, presented to House, 2193.

In Appendix, 3981.

REPORT OF COMMISSIONER OF HEALTH in two separate volumes, to authorize printing and binding of annual

Senate Bill No. 792

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Gerberich, 2526.

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 2526.

Reported without amendment, 2526.

First reading, 2553.

Second reading, 2697.

Third reading and final passage, 2891.

Returned from House without amendment, 3406.

Signed by President pro tempore, 3540.

In House (No. 1342)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2948.

Reported without amendment, 2973.

First reading, 2973.

Second reading, 3021.

Third reading and final passage, 3499.

Signed by Speaker, 3610.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON ACCOUNT presented to House, 3605, 3606, 3607.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE TO INVESTIGATE MINE FIRE at Carbondale, partial presented to Senate, 1453.

Presented to House, 1472.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE TO INVESTIGATE MINE FIRE at Carbondale, final presented to Senate, 2263.

Presented to House, 2263.

REPORT OF COMPARED BILLS presented to Senate, 3542, 3577.

Presented to House, 3614, 3649.

REPORT OF DELAWARE RIVER TOLL BRIDGE COMMISSION presented to Senate, 242.

Presented to House, 253.

In Appendix, 3904.

REPORT OF DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK, Pittsburg, for 1909, presented to House, 278.

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REPORT OF DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK, Pittsburg, for 1910, presented to House, 278.

In Appendix, 3915.

REPORT OF FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY OF BATTLE OF GETTYSBURG COMMISSION presented to Senate, 66.

Presented to House, 72.

REPORT OF GETTYSBURG BATTLEFIELD MEMORIAL COMMISSION presented to Senate, 7.

Presented to House, 53.

REPORT OF HIGHWAY COMMISSION, to amend act relating to publication and distribution of public documents by providing for increased number of copies of

House Bill No. 670

Read in place in House by Mr. Keister, 1401.

Referred to Committee on Printing, 1401.

Reported without amendment, 1469.

First reading, 1501.

REPORT OF HIGHWAY COMMISSION—Continued.

Second reading, 2096.

Third reading and final passage, 2563.

Returned from Senate without amendment, 3355.

Signed by Speaker, 3480.

In Senate (No. 1157)

Referred to Committee on Public Printing, 2537.

Reported without amendment, 2693.

First reading, 2928.

Second reading, 3157.

Third reading and final passage, 3271.

Signed by President pro tempore, 3405.

REPORT OF JOINT COMMITTEE UPON REVISION OF CORPORATION AND REVENUE LAWS presented to Senate, 76.

Presented to House, 92.

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REPORT OF LATE DOCTOR LEONARD PEARSON in regard to foot and mouth disease as a bulletin of Department of Agriculture, bill to provide for publication of (see Pearson).

REPORT OF LEHIGH COAL AND NAVIGATION COMPANY regarding toll for 1909 presented to Senate, 133.

REPORT OF PENNSYLVANIA COMMISSION to erect Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic presented to Senate, 3382.

In Appendix, 3977.

REPORT OF PHILADELPHIA SAVING FUND SOCIETY for year ending December 31, 1909, presented to Senate, 7

Presented to House, 105.

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REPORT OF PHILADELPHIA SAVING FUND SOCIETY for year ending December 31, 1910, presented to Senate, 102.

Presented to House, 121.

In Appendix, 3882.

REPORT OF STATE TREASURER RELATIVE TO NAMES OF PERSONS who paid money to the State in settlement of Capitol civil suits presented to House, 232.

In Appendix, 3886.

REPORT OF TOLL ROADS COMMISSION presented to Senate, 41.

Presented to House, 54.

In Appendix, 3698.

REPORT OF WESTERN SAVING FUND SOCIETY of Philadelphia for year ending December 31, 1907, presented to Senate, 7.

Presented to House, 105.

In Appendix, 3657.

REPORT OF WESTERN SAVING FUND SOCIETY of Philadelphia for year ending December 31, 1910, presented to Senate, 152.

Presented to House 154.

In Appendix, 3884.

REPORT ON INSECTS OF PENNSYLVANIA, bill to authorize Secretary of Agriculture to prepare and publish a (see insects).

REPORT TO AUDITOR GENERAL and escheat to Commonwealth under certain conditions of deposits of various kinds, bill to provide for (see deposits).

REPORT TO AUDITOR GENERAL by prothonotaries of Courts of Common Pleas of corporations incorporated by such courts, bill to provide for (see corporations).

REPORT TO AUDITOR GENERAL of amount of scripts, bonds and certificates of indebtedness outstnding, bill to amend act imposing additional taxes for State purposes by requiring treasurer of each school district and chief officer of each incorporated district to (see Revenue Board).

REPORT TOTAL AMOUNT OF RISKS covered by them in Pennsylvania, supplement to act to establish insurance department providing that all those engaged in business of fire insurance shall (see insurance).

REPORTER OF DECISIONS OF SUPREME COURT, Wm. I. Schaffer nominated as, 23.

Reported, 282.

Confirmed, 298.

REPORTING TO STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH by physicians of occupational diseases, bill to provide for (see diseases).

EPORTS AND BULLETINS AT PUBLIC EXPENSE, bill to amend act providing for appointment of Game Commissioners by providing for publication of (see game).

EPORTS FOR PURPOSES OF TAXATION, bills relating to certain (see taxation).

EPORTS OF COUNTIES, cities, boroughs, school districts or townships, bill to make certain requirements in regard to publication of (see publication).

EPRESENTATIVE OF STATE BEE-KEEPERS' ASSOCIATION to State Board of Agriculture, bill to amend act establishing a State Board of Agriculture by adding one (see Bee-Keepers').

EPRESENTATIVES IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY of Pennsylvania, bill making appropriation for issuing of certificates of election to (see certificates).

EPUTABLE SCHOOL OR COLLEGE OF OSTEOPATHY, bill to amend act relating to osteopathy by defining what constitutes a (see osteopathy).

EQUIREMENTS AS TO SIGNATURE AND AFFIDAVIT to claims filed under said act, bill to amend act relating to liens for taxes and for municipal improvements by changing (see liens).

EQUIREMENTS OF PETITION FOR PAVING, bill to amend act relating to street paving in boroughs so as to change (see boroughs).

ESERVATION, bill to amend act to establish Department of Forestry and to provide for protection and maintenance of forestry (see forestry).

ESERVATIONS IN ANY CONTRACT, deed or devise of land for mineral lands, bill to determine effect of (see minerals).

RESERVE FOR OUTSTANDING LIABILITY LOSSES of insurance companies transacting the business of insuring anyone against damage resulting from injury suffered by an employe or other person for which person insured is liable, bill to provide (see insurance).

ESERVES, bill relating to State Forest (see forest).

ESIDENTS SUBJECT TO TAXATION in same manner as citizens of the Commonwealth, bill to make unnaturalized foreign-born (see taxation).

ESIGNATION OF EDGAR J. ALBRIGHT AS PAGE in the Senate presented to Senate, 453.

ESOLUTIONS,

Against annexation to City of Pittsburg presented to Senate by Mr. Clark from Borough Council of Knoxville, 2521.

Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 2521.

Against income tax presented to Senate from Philadelphia Chamber of Commerce, 1798.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1798.

Against repeal of Personal Registration Act presented to Senate from Councils of Wilkes-Barre, 1001.

Referred to Committee on Elections, 1001.

Against special one mill tax for road purposes presented to Senate from Philadelphia Chamber of Commerce, 1725.

Referred to Committee on Finance, 1725.

Against use of parlor matches and favoring use of safety matches presented to Senate from Philadelphia Chamber of Commerce, 1725.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1725.

Against use of sulphur dioxide and saccharin in food products and for honest weights and measures presented to Senate from Associated Clubs of Domestic Science, 1899.

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 1899.

Approving Sulloway Bill in Congress of United States, granting pensions to certain enlisted men in Civil War and War with Mexico (House) by Mills, 211.

Duplicate resolution (House) by William B. Ward, 211.

Approving United States Senate resolution calling for re-opening of investigation relative to right of Senator Lorimer to seat in United States Senate (House) by G. A. Baldwin, 1409.

Referred to Committee on Elections, 1409.

Asking Chairman of Committee on Appropriations to furnish House with certain data so as to avoid making appropriations in excess of State revenue (House) by Williams, 2015.

Asking Forestry Commissioner to furnish certain information to House of Representatives (House) by Flynn, 1610.

Considered and adopted, 1694.

Data presented to House, 2193.

Exhibits printed in Appendix, 3981.

RESOLUTIONS—Continued.

Authorizing appointment by President pro tempore of committees, special and standing, of Senate (Senate) by Keyser, 5.

Authorizing appointment of committee by House of Representatives to investigate certain charges regarding House employes (House) by M. Clyde Kelly, 2474.

Referred to Committee on Centennial Affairs, 2474.

Authorizing appointment of committee to conduct officers and members of Senate to platform for inauguration ceremonies, (House) by Townsend, 72.

Committee appointed by House, 72.

Committee appears before Senate, 67.

Authorizing appointment of committee to conduct members of Senate to Hall of House to compute vote for State officers (House), by Gransback, 52.

Appointment of said committee by House, 52.

Committee appears before Senate, 36.

Committee reports to House and is discharged, 52.

Authorizing appointment of committee to draft resolutions on death of the late Senator John W. Crawford (Senate) by Wilbert, 281.

Committee appointed, 408.

Memorial Services held and resolutions on death of Senator Crawford adopted, 522, 523, 524.

Authorizing appointment of committee to draft resolutions on death of the late Senator Israel W. Durham, (Senate) by Salus, 281.

Committee appointed, 408.

Memorial Services held and resolutions on death of Senator Durham adopted, 519, 520, 521.

Authorizing appointment of committee to draft resolutions on death of the late Senator Thomas B. Harper (Senate) by Heacock, 281.

Committee appointed, 408.

Memorial Services held and resolutions on death of Senator Harper adopted, 521, 522.

Authorizing appointment of committee to escort Judge Kunkel to Senate Chamber to administer oath to Lieutenant-Governor-elect, (Senate), by Gerberich, 67.

Said committee appointed, 67.

Committee reports to Senate, 70

Authorizing appointment of committee to escort Lieutenant-Governor-elect to Senate Chamber to take oath of office, (Senate). by Kline, 67.

Said committee appointed, 67.

Committee reports to Senate, 70.

Authorizing appointment of committee to notify House of Representatives that Senate is organized (Senate), by Thomson, 5.

Appointment of committee, 5.

Committee reports to Senate and is discharged, 7.

Committee appears before House, 50.

Authorizing appointment of committee to notify House of Representatives that Senate is ready to adjourn sine die (Senate) by Buckman, 3541.

Committee appointed, 3541.

Authorizing appointment of committee to notify Senate that House of Representatives is organized (House) by Marvin, 50.

Appointment of committee, 50.

Committee appears before Senate, 6.

Committee reports to House and is discharged, 52.

Authorizing appointment of committee to notify Senate that House of Representatives is ready to adjourn sine die (House) by Wm. Ward, Jr., 3613.

Committee appointed, 3613.

Committee reports to Senate and receives thanks, 3579.

Committee report to House, 3649.

Authorizing appointment of commission to investigate charges made during interim between Legislative sessions against judges and other persons holding civil office (Senate) by Catlin, 3122.

Commission appointed, 3456.

Authorizing appointment of same number of Senate standing committees and same number of members in each as in session of 1909, (Senate) by Kurtz, 6.

Authorizing President pro tempore of Senate to draw upon State Treasurer for amount of salaries and mileage of members and employes of Senate for Session of 1911, 3464.

Authorizing printing of additional copies of Senate Bill No. 103, to establish State Highway Department and for its control over public roads (Senate) by Sproul, 1207.

Authorizing printing of all bills as soon as introduced, (House). by Woodward, 55.

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Authorizing printing of appointments of Governor, (Senate), by Gerberich, 5.

Authorizing printing of extra copies of Senate Bill No. 261, relating to right to practice medicine and surgery (Senate) by Gerberich, 613.

Authorizing printing of proceedings of hearing on Greater Municipal Bill before Judiciary Special Committee of House (House) by John R. K. Scottt, 846.

Authorizing Speaker of House of Representatives to draw warrant on State Treasury for salaries and expenses of employes during session, 3607.

Condemning anonymous attack of Legislative Reference Bureau, (House) by Abbott, 1184.

Congratulating Pennsylvania Delegation in Congress for support of measure relating to election of United States Senators by direct vote (House) by Martin, 1408.

Referred to Committee on Elections, 1408.

Defining time for presentation of bills or joint resolutions (Senate) by Vare, 5.

Discharging Committee on Elections from further consideration of bill enabling electors to express at November, 1911, election their preference for or against election of United States Senators by direct vote, 1613.

Discharging Committee on Elections from further consideration of resolution relating to direct vote for United States Senator (House) by M. Clyde Kelly, 157.

Motion by M. Clyde Kelly for House to adopt negative recommendation of Committee on Elections, 176.

Motion declared out of order and appeal made from decision of Chair, 176.

Motion in regard to sustaining ruling of Chair, carried in affirmative, 179, 180.

Discharging Judiciary Special Committee of House from further consideration of Senate Bill No. 9, regulating annulment of marriage, divorce and alimony, 2184.

Discharging Committee on Railroads from further consideration of Senate Bill No. 346, declaring liability of railroad companies for loss or damage by fire, (House) by Hilton, 2474.

Discharging Senate standing committees at close of session from further consideration of bills in their custody (Senate) by Keyser, 3541.

Electing certain employes of House of Representatives (House) by Woodward, 577.

Electing officers and employes of Senate for session of nineteen hundred and eleven (Senate) by Keyser, 75.

Amendment offered to, 76.

Senate agrees to resolution without amendment, 76.

Electing Secretary of the Senate, clerks to Senate Committees and Page in Senate (Senate) by Keyser, 455.

Granting leave of absence to pages of House of Representatives (House) by Keister, 2085.

Favoring Alter Jury Bill presented to Senate from Soldiers' Civic League of Allegheny County, 1798.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1798.

Favoring appropriation to complete Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial presented from Allegheny County Grand Army Association to Senate, 1001.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1001.

Favoring appropriation to complete Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial presented from Encampment No. 1 Union Veteran League of Allegheny County to Senate, 1100.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1100.

Favoring bill extending benefit of damage laws to nonresident aliens presented from Italian Congress to Senate, 1175.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1175.

Favoring Dershem Pension Bill presented to Senate from Soldiers' Civic League of Allegheny County, 1798.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1798.

Favoring eradication of chestnut blight disease presented to Senate from American Philosophical Society, 1549.

Referred to Committee on Forestry, 1549.

Presented to House, 1628.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1628.

Favoring House Bill No. 62, requiring State to bear portion of cost of any sewage disposal plant constructed by a city or borough on decree of State Board of Health, presented from Borough Council of Swarthmore, Pa. to House, 1206.

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 1206.

In reference to amendments to School Code reported from House Committee on Rules, by Shern, 922.

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In reference to banquet of The Legislative Sons o St. Patrick (House) by Alter, 605.

In reference to correction of ventilating system i Hall of House of Representatives, (House) b Keister, 99.

Motion to require proper action to be taken as called fo in said resolution, 316.

In reference to date after which no bills shall be intro duced (House) by Dearden, 363.

Referred to Committee on Rules, 363.

Question of privilege raised in regard to, by Mr. Dear den, 880, 897.

In reference to date after which no bills shall be intro duced (House) by Dearden, 1204.

In reference to disposition of petitions, memorials an remonstrances (Senate) by Baldwin, 6.

In reference to rules for Senate, adoption of standing (Senate), by McNichol, 5.

In reference to rules for House, adoption of those o 1909 session (House) by Baldwin of Delaware, 50.

In reference to settlement of Capitol civil suits (House by Dershem, 157.

Read and agreed to, 180, 181.

Report presented to House, 232.

In reference to special order for consideration of Schoo Code on March 28th at 10.00 A. M. reported fron House Committee on Rules, 845.

In reference to election of Speaker (House) by Wood ward, 48.

In reference to establishment of National park at spo where Washington crossed the Delaware, as adopte by National Society of Sons of American Revolution

Presented to Senate, 9.

Read in Senate, 9.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 9.

Presented to House, 53.

Read in House, 53.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 53.

In reference to House of Representatives sessions re ported by House Committee on Rules, 776, 922, 1237 1402, 1614, 2184, 2948.

In reference to hour of meeting of House (House) by Wasson, 50.

In reference to memorial services for late Representa tive J. Calvin Meyer (House) by Dershem, 2026.

In reference to order of business in House, 2184, 2254 2569, 2948.

In reference to proposed amendment to United States Constitution presented from United States Secretary of State P. C. Knox, to Senate, 9.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 10.

To House, 53.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 54.

In reference to United States Senator, nomination of candidate for, and election of teller (House), by Schad, 50.

Nomination of candidates for, in House, 50.

Resolution read in Senate, 41.

In reference to United States Senator, nomination of candidate for, and election of teller (Senate), by Sproul, 6.

Nomination of candidates for, in Senate, 6.

Resolution read in House, 51.

In reference to United States Senator, urging adoption of joint resolution by Congress proposing amendment to United States Constitution providing that United States Senator shall be elected by direct vote of the people (House), by M. Clyde Kelly, 99.

Referred to Committee on Elections, 99.

Resolution (House) by M. Clyde Kelly to discharge Committee on Elections from further consideration of above resolution, 157.

Motion by M. Clyde Kelly for House to adopt negative recommendation of Committee on Elections, 176.

Motion declared out of order and appeal made from decision of Chair, 176.

Motion in regard to sustained ruling of Chair carried in affirmative, 179, 180.

Motion by M. Clyde Kelly to suspend rule 41 so as to allow immediate consideration of above resolution, 211.

Motion by M. Clyde Kelly to have above resolution printed and placed on desk of members, 211.

Motion by Samuel B. Scott to suspend rules of House to consider above resolution, 305.

Motion referred to Committee on Rules, 305.

Motion of M. Clyde Kelly calling for consideration of above resolution called up and defeated, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367.

ESOLUTIONS—Continued.

In reference to use of Hall of House of Representatives by Dr. Herbert Snow on Wednesday evening, March first (House) by Breitinger, 232.

In reference to use of Hall of House by Engineers' Society of Pennsylvania on Tuesday evening, March 7th (House) by Edward E. Jones, 266.

In reference to use of Hall of House by Honorable Benjamin B. Lindsay, Judge of the Juvenile Court of Denver, on March thirteenth (House) by Marvin, 486.

In reference to use of Hall of House of Representatives by Judiciary General Committee for hearing of United States Senator Bourne of Oregon on Initiative and Referendum (House) by Shreve, 1184.

In Reference to use of Hall of House of Representatives by Judiciary General Committee on Tuesday, February 14, 1911, at 8.40 P. M., to hear Hon. John Francis, Warden of Western Penitentiary (House) by Alter, 211.

In reference to use of Hall of House by National Reform Association on evening of February 28, 1911, (House) by William Conner, 157.

Referred to Commitee on Public Buildings, 157.

Reported with favorable recommendation, 200.

Read and agreed to, 307.

In reference to use of Hall of House for hearing on Child Labor Bills (House) by Shern, 718.

In reference to use of Hall of House for hearing on Greater Pittsburg Bill (House) by Alter, 718.

In reference to use of Hall of House for hearing on Pittsburg Commission Plan of Government (House) by Shern, 922.

In reference to use of Hall of House of Representatives for public hearing on House bill prescribing method of executing condemned criminals, 138.

On death of John W. Crawford, late Senator from Forty-fifth Senatorial District presented and adopted, 522, 523, 524.

On death of Israel W. Durham, late Senator from Second Senatorial District presented and adopted, 519, 520, 521.

On death of Thomas B. Harper, late Senator from Twelfth Senatorial District presented and adopted, 521, 522.

Requesting Col. Goethal to deliver illustrated lecture on Panama Canal in Hall of House of Representatives (House) by Wilson, 211.

Communication in reference to said lecture read, 690.

Requesting Hon. George Kunkel to administer oath to Lieutenant-Governor-elect (Senate) by Tustin, 66.

Requesting Hon. Samuel J. M. McCarrell to administer oath (Senate) by Fox, 4.

Requesting Hon. Samuel J. M. McCarrell to administer oath (House) by Tunis, 48.

Requesting statement from Department of Fisheries of number of pounds of fish and value of same taken during 1908, 1909 and 1910 (House) by Ailman, 638.

Resolution read and agreed to, 690.

Report of Commissioner of Fisheries presented to House, 2556.

Thanking Chaplain of the House of Representatives, Rev. W. C. Jones for services rendered during the session (House) by Holland, 3613.

Thanking clerks and officers of House of Representatives for services rendered during the session (House) by Woodward, 3613.

Thanking Commission to Revise, Collate and Digest Laws relating to Public Schools for its work on School Code (Senate) by Snyder, 3432.

Thanking Educational Commission for labor in preparing School Code (House) by Rockwell, 2882.

Thanking Judge McCarrell for administering oaths (House) by Dale, 50.

Thanking Judge McCarrell for administering oaths (Senate) by Tustin, 5.

Thanking Legislative Journal reporters of House of Representative for services rendered during the session (House) by Wallace, 3613.

Thanking Lieutenant-Governor John M. Reynolds for services rendered during the session (Senate) by Endsley, 3541.

Thanking officers and employes of Senate for services rendered during the session (Senate) by McConnell, 3541.

Thanking pages of House of Representatives for services rendered during the session (House by Blair, 3613.

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Thanking President pro tempore William E. Crow for services rendered during the Session (Senate) by Wolf, 3541.

Thanking Press Representatives for services rendered during the session (House) by McCarroll, 3613.

Thanking Rev. Arthur C. James, Chaplain of the Senate, for services rendered during the session (Senate) by Baldwin, 3541.

Thanking Speaker John F. Cox for services rendered during the session (House) by Cole, 3613.

To place on calendar House Bill No. 728, amending act regulating nomination and election of public officers by further regulating giving of assistance to electors when voting, 1614.

RESOLUTIONS, CONCURRENT,

Approving Canadian treaty recommended by President Taft to reduce high cost of living (House) by Shannon, 211.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 211.

Approving President Taft's efforts to secure a reciprocity pact with Canada (House) by George A. Baldwin, 210.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 210.

Reported with amendment, 251.

Approving Sulloway Bill in United States Congress, granting pensions to certain enlisted men in Civil War and War with Mexico (Senate) No. 11 by Catlin, 223.

Returned by House, 239.

Concurred in by House, 253.

Approved by Governor, 298.

Notice from Secretary of Commonwealth that certified copy of resolution has been forwarded to United States Senators, read in Senate, 374.

In House, 400.

Asking permission of Congress to place tablet in National Capitol thanking the 530 Pennsylvania soldiers who reached Washington on April 18, 1861, in defence of Capitol (Senate) by Snyder, 1546.

Referred to Committee on Military Affairs, 1546.

Reported without amendment, 1631.

Considered and agreed to, 1635.

Returned from House concurred in, 1666.

Concurred in by House, 1692.

Approved by Governor, 1799.

Authorizing appointment of delegate to Seventh International Congress of Esperantists to be held at Antwerp in August, 1911 (Senate) by Hunter, 2217.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2217.

Reported without amendment, 2525, 2526.

Considered and agreed to, 2529.

Returned by House, 2618.

Concurred in by House, 2717.

Authorizing appointment of joint committee to notify Governor that General Assembly is ready to adjourn sine die (Senate) by Kline, 3540.

Returned by House, 3541.

Senate committee appointed, 3541

Concurred in by House, 3613.

House committee appointed, 3613.

Senate committee reports, 3579.

House committee reports, 3649.

Authorizing appointment of Pennsylvania State Vaccination Commission (House) by Connell, 1239.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1239.

Authorizing appointment of representative for Eight International Congress of Applied Chemistry to meet in cities of Washington and New York in September, 1912 (House), No. 147 by Shaffer, 779.

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 779.

Reported from Committee,

Considered and adopted, 1240.

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, in Senate, 1236.

Reported without amendment, considered and adopted, in Senate, 3122.

Returned by Senate, 3310.

Authorizing Chief of Department of Mines, with consent of Governor, to increase or decrease number of inspection districts and number of inspectors in anthracite coal region (Senate) by Shields, 3278.

Concurred in by House, 3370.

Returned by House, non-concurred in, 3378.

Authorizing investigation of City of Harrisburg (House) by G. A. Baldwin, 1238, 1239.

Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 1238.

RESOLUTIONS, CONCURRENT—Continued.

Authorizing investigation of conditions in Westmoreland County coal fields (House) No. 8, by Shreve, 52.
Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 52.
Reported from Committee,
Considered and postponed for present, 819.
Resumed, amended and agreed to, 822, 823.
Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining in Senate, 837.

Authorizing investigation of conditions in Westmoreland County coal fields (Senate) by Adams, 6.
Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 6.

Authorizing investigation of construction of Homeopathic Hospital for Insane at Rittersville (House) by Leh, 390.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 390.
Reported without amendment, 1197.
Resumed and adopted, 1239.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, in Senate, 1235, 1236.

Authorizing investigation of high cost of fuel and transportation charges on anthracite coal and fees and commissions paid by companies engaged in mining and transportation of same (Senate) by Salus, 949.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 949.

Authorizing printing and delivery of Journals of Senate and House of Representatives (Senate) by Fox, 3541.
Returned by House, 3541.
Concurred in by House, 3613.

Authorizing printing of additional bills and calendars (Senate), by Shields, 6.
Returned by House, 40.
Concurred in by House, 51.
Approved by Governor, 57.

Authorizing printing of additional copies of bill to establish public school system, (Senate) by Tustin, 102.
Returned by House, 109.
Concurred in by House, 112.
Approved by Governor, 152.

Authorizing printing of additional copies of Game, Fish and Forestry Laws (House) by Marvin, 157.
Read in House and agreed to, 190.
Returned by Senate without amendment, 266.
Read in Senate and referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 186.
Reported with favorable recommendation, 242.
Concurred in by Senate, 245.
Approved by Governor, 451.

Authorizing printing of additional copies of report of State Highway Commissioner for 1911 and 1912 (Senate) by Thomson, 1279.
Referred to Committee on Public Printing, 1279.

Authorizing printing of additional copies of School Code (House) by Keister, 3029.
Adopted by Senate with amendments, 3116.
Returned by Senate with amendments., 3309.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3310.
Returned by House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3407.

Authorizing printing of Governor's message (Senate) by Keyser, 7.
Returned by House, 41.
Concurred in by House, 51.
Approved by Governor, 57.

Authorizing printing of proceedings of memorial service in honor of late Honorable J. Calvin Meyer, 2474.
Concurred in by Senate, 2471.
Returned by Senate, 2570.

Authorizing printing of proceedings of memorial service in honor of late Honorable Israel W. Durham (Senate) by Keyser, 545.
Concurred in by House, 583.
Returned by House, 611.
Approved by Governor, 702.

Authorizing printing of proceedings of memorial service in honor of late Honorable John W. Crawford (Senate) by Wilbert, 546.
Concurred in by House, 583.
Returned by House, 611.
Approved by Governor, 702.

RESOLUTIONS, CONCURRENT—Continued.

Authorizing printing of proceedings of memorial service in honor of late Honorable Thomas B. Harper, 545.
Concurred in by House, 583.
Returned by House, 611.
Approved by Governor, 702.

Authorizing printing of report and testimony of commission to investigate poor houses in County of Philadelphia (Senate) by Wolf, 245.
Returned by House, 250.
Concurred in by House, 266.
Approved by Governor, 456.

Authorizing printing of report of Delaware River Toll Bridge Commission (House) by Marvin, 253.
Presented to Senate for concurrence, 239.
Returned by Senate, 266.
Approved by Governor, 369, 370.

Authorizing printing of report of Toll Road Commission (Senate) by Thomson, 268.
Returned by House, 299.
Concurred in by House, 311.
Approved by Governor, 456.

Authorizing printing of report upon discovery and suppression of foot and mouth disease (Senate) by Adams, 403.
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 404.

Authorizing printing of report upon insects found in State of Pennsylvania (Senate) by Manbeck, 340.
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 340.
Reported without amendment, 539.

Authorizing Salisbury Memorial Commission to erect memorial in National Cemetery at Florence, North Carolina, in memory of Pennsylvania Soldiers who perished in Confederate Prison at Florence (Senate) by Wilbert, 3122.
Returned by House, 3279.
Concurred in by House, 3310.

Authorizing Secretary of Commonwealth to transfer certain official papers to Adjutant General (House) by Dale, 1468.
Concurred in by Senate, 1452.
Returned by Senate, 1473.
Approved by Governor, 1614.

Authorizing widow and children of Joseph Zambo of South Bethlehem to bring suit against Commonwealth to recover damages for his death (Senate) by Morgan, 3290.
Returned by House, 3379, 3380.
Concurred in by House, 3471.

Continuing Joint Committee appointed under resolution approved May 13, 1909, to investigate and report on laws relating to corporations and to revenue until end of next session of Legislature (Senate) by Hunter, 2175.
Returned by House, 2211.
Concurred in by House, 2221.

Concurrent resolution recalling above resolution from Governor for amendment, 2616.
Returned by House, 2653.
Concurred in by House, 2786.
Approved by Governor, 3113.

Vote on passage of resolution reconsidered and resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 3113.

Continuing provisions of resolution approved May 13, 1909, for joint committee to investigate and report on laws relating to corporations and to revenue (Senate) by Sproul, 3113.
Returned by House, 3279.
Concurred in by House, 3310.
Approved by Governor, 3540.
Appointment of members of joint committee, in Senate, 3540.

Granting authority to Battlefield Commission of the Third Division, Ninth Corps, Army of the Potomac, to purchase additional ground and print report (Senate) by Gerberich, 167.
Referred to Committee on Printing, 167.
Reported with favorable recommendation, 242.
Read and agreed to, 244, 245.
Concurred in by House, 266.
Returned by House, 268.
Concurrent resolution (Senate) by Gerberich, to recall said resolution from Governor, 340.
Concurred in by House, 399.
Approved by Governor, 456.

ESOLUTIONS, CONCURRENT—Continued.

Vote by which resolution passed the Senate reconsidered and resolution referred to Committee on Printing, 456.

In reference to adjournment of Legislature until January Sixteenth (Senate) by Keyser, 7.

Returned by House, 41.

Concurred in by House, 51.

In reference to adjournment of Legislature until January twenty-third (Senate) by Keyser, 76.

Returned by House, 80.

Concurred in by House, 82.

In reference to adjournment of Senate until January thirtieth (Senate) by Keyser, 107.

Returned by House, 109.

Concurred in by House, 112.

In reference to adjournment of Senate until February sixth (Senate) by Sproul, 129.

Returned by House, 132.

Concurred in by House, 138.

In reference to adjournment of Senate until February fourteenth (Senate) by Tustin, 183.

Returned by House, 186.

Concurred in by House, 195.

In reference to adjournment of Legislature until February twentieth (Senate) by Keyser, 239.

Returned by House, 248.

Concurred in by House, 260.

In reference to adjournment of Legislature until February twenty-seventh (Senate) by Keyser, 281.

Returned by House with amendment, 298.

Read and amended by House, 306, 307.

Returned to House with amendments made by House concurred in by Senate, 322.

In reference to adjournment of Senate until March sixth (Senate) by Keyser, 401.

Returned by House, 413.

Concurred in by House, 417.

In reference to adjournment of Senate until March thirteenth (Senate) by Keyser, 539.

Returned by House, 564.

Concurred in by House, 577.

In reference to adjournment of Senate until March twentieth (Senate) by Keyser, 699.

Returned by House, 709, 710.

Concurred in by House, 718.

In reference to adjournment of Senate until March twenty-seventh (Senate) by Keyser, 831.

Returned by House, 843.

Concurred in by House, 851.

In reference to adjournment of Senate until April third (Senate) by Keyser, 995.

Returned by House, 1013.

Concurred in by House, 1026.

In reference to adjournment of Senate until April eighteenth (Senate) by Keyser, 1254.

Returned by House, 1263.

Concurred in by House, 1290.

In reference toadjournment of Senate until April twenty-fourth (Senate) by Keyser, 1433.

Returned by House, 1451.

Concurred in by House, 1464.

In reference to adjournment of Senate until May first (Senate) by Keyser, 1705.

Returned by House, 1709.

Concurred in by House, 1754, 1755.

In reference to adjournment of Senate until May eighth (Senate) by Keyser, 1963.

Returned by House, 2006.

Concurred in by House, 2017.

In reference to adjournment of Senate until May fifteenth (Senate) by Keyser, 2263.

Returned by House, 2288.

Concurred in by House, 2305.

In reference to adjournment on February fifteenth as mark of respect to Archbishop Ryan and Bishop Whitaker (Senate) by Nulty, 223.

Returned by House, 248.

Concurred in by House, 260.

In reference to adjournment sine die (House) by Rockwell, 305.

Called up and defeated, 362, 363.

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In reference to adjournment sine die (Senate) by Keyser, 1226.

Resolution returned by House, 1235.

Concurred in by House, 1251.

In reference to draining Pymatuning Swamp (House) by C. Victor Johnson, 921.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 921.

In reference to draping Barnard statuary in front of Capitol Building (House) by North, 210.

Referred to Committee on Centennial Affairs, 210.

Reported without amendment, 301.

Considered and postponed indefinitely, 370, 371.

In reference to extending time for report of Committee to investigate mine fire at Carbondale (House) by Robinson, 1472.

In reference to extending time for report of Committee to investigate mine fire at Carbondale (Senate) by Salus, 700.

Concurred in by House, 748.

Returned by House, 757.

Approved by Governor, 905.

In reference to extending time for report of Committee to investigate mine fire at Carbondale (Senate) by Salus, 1454.

Returned by House, 1456.

Concurred in by House, 1472.

Approved by Governor, 1547.

In reference to Federal grant to elementary and secondary education (Senate) by Tustin, 542.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 542.

Reported without amendment, 831.

Considered and agreed to, 843.

In reference to holding Panama Exposition at New Orleans, (House) by Connell, 127.

Referred to Committee on Centennial Affairs, 127.

In reference to holding Panama Exposition at San Francisco, (House) by Bentley, 148.

Referred to Committee on Centennial Affairs, 148.

In reference to inaugural ceremonies, and making appropriation therefor (Senate) by Fox, 5.

Returned by House, 40.

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Referred to Committee on Public Printing, in Senate, 3409.
Reported without amendment, 3411, 3412, 3456.
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Permitting Commission to Revise and Codify Election Laws of Pennsylvania to make its final report to General Assembly of 1913 (House) by Freeman, 689.
Referred to Committe on Judiciary General, 689.
Reported without amendment.
Considered and agreed to, 779, 780.
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Proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania to eliminate payment of toll tax as qualification to vote (Senate) by McIlhenny, 700.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 700.

Proposing amendment to section one, article eight of Constitution of Pennsylvania, relating to right to vote, (Senate) by Tustin, 455.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 455.

Proposing amendment to section 3 of article 8 of Constitution of Pennsylvania relating to election of judges (House) by John R. K. Scott, 3214, 3215.
Concurred in by Senate, 3283.
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Proposing amendment to section twenty-six of article five of Constitution of Pennsylvania, relating to courts, (House) No. 3, by Shern, 172.
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Providing for commission to investigate and report on compensation for injured workmen (House) by Walnut, 921, 922.
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Providing for commission to investigate and report on "Erie Purchase" (House) No. 16, by Shreve, 1329.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1329.
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Providing for commission to investigate causes and results of industrial accidents (Senate) by McNichol, 609.
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Providing for commission to investigate system of cording deeds, mortgages and insurance of tit now in effect in the several States with a view changing Pennsylvania's system, (Senate) No. by Vare, 291.
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Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1409.

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Providing for joint Committee to co-operate with National Committee in celebration of One Hundredth Anniversary of Peace between English Speaking Peoples (House) by Howard, 689.

Referred to Committee on Federal Relations, 690.

Reported without amendment, considered and agreed to, 1097.

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Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, in Senate, 1102.

Reported without amendment, considered and agreed to, 2005.

Approved by Governor, 2558.

Providing for joint committee to investigate appropriations made by State to public and private institutions (House) by Dearden, 779.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 779.

Recalling concurrent resolution continuing joint committee to consider and report on revision of laws relating to corporations and to revenue from Governor (Senate) by McNichol, 2616.

Returned by House, 2653.

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Recalling concurrent resolution giving certain authority to Battlefield Commission of the Third Division, Ninth Corps, Army of the Potomac, from Governor (Senate) by Gerberich, 340.

Concurred in by House, 399.

Approved by Governor, 456.

Recalling House Bill No. 9, regulating fees of court criers and tipstaves in certain judicial districts, from Governor for amendment (House) by Shadrach, 718.

Concurred in by Senate, 710.

Returned by Senate, 737.

Approved by Governor, 780, 781.

Recalling House Bill No. 25, providing for burial of indigent persons whose bodies are unclaimed and are unfit for anatomical purposes, from Governor for amendment (House) by Billman, 1216.

Concurred in by Senate, 1211.

Returned by Senate, 1220.

Approved by Governor, 1291.

Recalling House Bill No. 31, making appropriation to pay to townships fifteen per cent. bonus in accordance with act granting payment to townships of second class that abolish work tax, from Governor for amendment (House) by E. E. Jones, 1184.

Concurred in by Senate, 1174.

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Approved by Governor, 1329, 1330.

Recalling House Bill No. 41, to validate service and return of subpoena heretofore made in divorce proceedings, from Governor for amendment (House) by Stein, 846.

Concurred in by Senate, 836, 837.

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Approved by Governor, 885.

Recalling House Bill No. 46, authorizing erection of work house jointly by two or more counties, from Governor for amendment (House) by Holland, 1338, 1339.

Concurred in by Senate, 1327.

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Approved by Governor, 1472.

Recalling House Bill No. 49, providing for sale of unserviceable personal property belonging to Commonwealth, from Governor for amendment (House) by Shern, 1338.

Concurred in by Senate, 1327.

Returned by Senate,

Approved by Governor, 1472.

Recalling House Bill No. 56, authorizing certain counties to expend moneys in cleaning, improving or controlling streams, from Governor for amendment (House) by Swan, 645, 646.

Concurred in by Senate, 632.

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Recalling House Bill No. 66, amending act permitting companies incorporated under laws of any other State to hold real estate in this State necessary for manufacturing purposes so as to extend same to companies doing general horticultural business from Governor for amendment (House) by Townsend, 1199.

Concurred in by Senate, 1206.

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Recalling House Bill No. 69, to make unnaturalized foreign-born residents subject to taxation, from Governor for amendment (House) by Guyaux, 1029.

Vote on passage of resolution reconsidered and resolution withdrawn, 1085.

Recalling House Bill No. 77, relating to adoption of adult persons as heirs, from Governor for amendment (House) by Marvin, 1026.

Concurred in by Senate, 1013.

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Approved by Governor, 1154, 1155.

Recalling House Bill No. 77, relating to adoption of adult persons as heirs, from Governor for amendment (House) by Marvin, 1468.

Concurred in by Senate, 1452.

Returned by Senate, 1473.

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Recalling House Bill No. 77, relating to adoption of adult persons as heirs, from Governor for amendment (House) by Marvin, 2015.

Concurred in by Senate, 1964.

Returned by Senate, 2019.

Approved by Governor, 2191.

Recalling House Bill No. 126, supplement to section eighteen of act relating to roads, highways and bridges, from Governor for amendment (House) by Gibson, 1216.

Concurred in by Senate, 1211.

Returned by Senate, 1220.

Approved by Governor, 1330.

Recalling House Bill No. 151, supplement to act to prevent introduction into and spread of injurious insects in Pennsylvania, from Governor for amendment (House) by Hibsman, 1339.

Concurred in by Senate, 1327.

Returned by Senate,

Approved by Governor, 1471.

Recalling House Bill No. 189, fixing terms of mayors and members of councils in cities, from Governor for amendment (House) by Graybill, 1197.

Concurred in Senate, 1206.

Returned by Senate,

Approved by Governor, 1291.

Recalling House Bill No. 205, making appropriation for payment of deficiency under act for payment of expenses of extinguishing forest fires from Governor for amendment (House) by Bartman, 1339.

Concurred in by Senate, 1327.

Returned by Senate,

Approved by Governor, 1471.

Recalling House Bill No. 273, amending act regulating catching of fish in Delaware River below Trenton Falls, from Governor for amendment (House) by Leh, 1923.

Concurred in by Senate, 1856.

Returned by Senate, 1933.

Approved by Governor, 2024.

Recalling House Bill No. 356, relating to train wrecking or attempted train wrecking, from Governor for amendment (House) by Hunter, 2220.

Concurred in by Senate, 2210, 2211.

Returned by Senate, 2246.

Approved by Governor, 2385, 2386.

Recalling House Bill No. 608, regulating doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations and registration thereof, from Governor for amendment (House) by John R. K. Scott, 3487.

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Approved by Governor, 3531.

Recalling Senate Bill No. 2, amending act relating to care of poor in Schuylkill County, from Governor for amendment (Senate) by Snyder, 291.

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Recalling Senate Bill No. 3, relating to legal holidays, from Governor for amendment (Senate) by Tustin, 223.

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Approved by Governor, 248.

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Returned by House, 843.
Concurred in by House, 857.
Approved by Governor, 905.

Recalling Senate Bill No. 52, amending act relating to jurisdiction of courts in cases of divorce, from Governor for amendment (Senate) by Clark, 832.
Returned by House, 843.
Concurred in by House, 857.
Approved by Governor, 905.

Recalling Senate Bill No. 96, increasing number of courts of common pleas in Allegheny County, from Governor for amendment (Senate by Adams, 2175.
Returned by House, 2211.
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Approved by Governor, 2470.

Recalling Senate Bill No. 273, amending act providing for erection of Homeopathic State Hospital for Insane by vesting appointment of entire commission in Governor, from Governor for amendment (Senate) by Kurtz, 1454.
Returned by House, 1456.
Concurred in by House, 1473.
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Recalling Senate Bill No. 314, amending act relating to orphans' courts by vesting appointment of first assistant clerk of said courts in respective judges thereof, from Governor for amendment (Senate) by Snyder, 2156.
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Recalling House Bill No. 194, providing for notification of taxables by tax collectors in boroughs and townships, from Senate for amendment (House) by Robinson, 661.
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Recalling House Bill No. 269, providing for investigations when charges shall be preferred against a judge, from Senate for amendment (House) by Piper and J. J. Campbell, 1409.
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Recommending United States Congress to pass legislation granting benefit of pension laws to surviving officers of Civil War (House) No. 20, by Reno, 1368.
Referred to Committee on Military, 1368.
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Requesting Board of Game Commissioners to submit statement of receipts and expenditures for the past six fiscal years (House) by North, 157.
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Requesting Congress in case of death of ex-soldier or sailor who received pension to provide for granting of said pension to widow or nearest relative supported by him (House) No. 21, by Welch, 1409.
Referred to Committee on Military, 1409.
Reported without amendment, 1948.

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Appointing commission to investigate and report o[n] care of feeble-minded and epileptic persons (se[e] feeble-minded).

Creating committee to investigate certain charges i[n] relation to government of Pittsburg (see Pittsburg).

Expressing wish of citizens of Pennsylvania that Panam[a] Canal be fortified (see Panama).

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Providing for commission to be known as Pennsylvani[a] State Vaccination Commission, (see Vaccination).

Providing for commission to investigate matter of sur[-] face support in connection with removal of anthracit[e] coal (see coal).

Providing for issuing of invitation to neighboring State[s] to conference with respect to taxing of oil, gas an[d] bituminous coal (see taxing).

Ratifying sixteenth amendment to Constitution of Unite[d] States (see Constitution).

Requesting United States Senators to support Con[-] gressional resolution asking President of United State[s] to abrogate treaty between United States and Russi[a] (see Russia).

To provide for commission to amend, revise and collat[e] laws regulating boroughs (see boroughs).

To provide for granting of Brevet Rank to surviving officers of Pennsylvania Troops of Civil War (see Brevet Rank).

To provide for participation of Pennsylvania in Panama-Pacific International Exposition to be held in San Francisco in 1915 (see Panama-Pacific).

RESPONDENTS IN ACTIONS FOR DIVORCE, bill to provide for physical examination of (see divorce).

RESTRICT OPEN SEASON FOR GAME BIRDS, bill to amend act providing for protection of game, game quadrupeds and game birds so as to further (see game).

RESTRICTIONS ON FISHING WITH NETS, bill to amend act relating to fish by removing certain (see fishing).

RESTRICTIONS ON LICENSES IN SALE OF LIQUORS, bill to give Court of Quarter Sessions additional authority to impose (see liquors).

RETAIL, bill to fix maximum number of licenses to be granted for sale of liquors by (see liquors).

ETAIL COAL DEALERS, so as to make it a misdemeanor to sell anthracite coal by short weight, bill to amend act regulating what weight of anthracite coal shall make a ton in deliveries by (see coal).

ETROSPECTIVE FINDINGS OF COMMISSION IN LUNACY under certain conditions in regard to transactions in real estate, bill relating to (see lunacy).

ETURN JUDGES, bill to fix salaries of election officers and (see election).

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ETURN OF PROCESS ISSUED out of several Courts of Common Pleas in counties having population of less than 1,000,000, bill to provide for (see counties).

ETURN OF SEATED LANDS FOR NON-PAYMENT OF TAXES, bill to fix time when collectors of taxes shall make (see collectors).

ETURN OF SUBPOENA heretofore made in certain proceedings in divorce, bill to validate service and (see divorce).

ETURN SHEETS, bill to regulate construction, use and custody of ballot boxes and delivery of (see election officers).

ETURNS OF CONSTABLES IN BOROUGHS AND TOWNSHIPS, bill to regulate (see constables).

EVENUE, bill to amend act relating to Department of Forestry by providing for disposition of (see Forestry).

EVENUE, bills relating to (see tax, taxing and taxation).

EVENUE BOARD, to amend section four of act imposing additional taxes for State purposes and to abolish the

House Bill No. 365
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Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 637.
Reported without amendment, 845.
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Second reading, 1055.
Third reading and final passage, 1348.
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Concurred in Senate amendments, 1761.
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Approved by Governor, 2558.

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Signed by President pro tempore, 1824.

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EVENUE, further supplement to act for regulation of boroughs providing for appropriation of (see boroughs).

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REVISE AND UNIFY LAWS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH, bill to provide for appointment of commission to (see laws).

REVISED EDITION OF RAILROAD MAP of Pennsylvania heretofore issued by Department of Internal Affairs, bill to provide for publication (see map).

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Reported without amendment, 115.

First reading, 125.

Second reading, 138.

Third reading and final passage, 144.

Returned by Senate without amendment, 584.

Signed by Speaker, 661.

Approved by Governor, 730.

Remarks on, by

Baldwin, Richard J., 144.

Scott, Samuel B., 144.

In Senate (No. 171)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 152.

Reported without amendment, 401.

First reading, 470.

Second reading, 504.

Third reading and final passage, 552.

Signed by President, 663.

REYNOLDS, JOHN M., election of, as Lieutenant Governor, see Lieutenant Governor,

RHENORD OF WILKES-BARRE, to grant a pension Arthur W.,

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Catlin, 541.

Referred to Committee on Pensions and Gratuiti 541.

RHOADS, HARRY L., Representative from Second Distri (Lancaster County),

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Authorizing payment of checks, demand drafts a savings bank orders in case of death of drawer b fore payment, 124.

To prevent any person from knowingly making fal statement concerning corporation, joint stock a sociation, co-partnership or individual, 110.

To prevent frauds against carriers of passengers f hire, 1238.

To repeal act to increase the pay of jurors and wi nesses in the County of Lancaster, 96.

Bills reported by

No. 80 (Senate Bill No. 745)

Requiring directors of certain companies with rig to receive money to take oath of office, 250.

No. 81

Authorizing payment of checks in case of death drawer before payment, 250.

No. 695 (Senate Bill No. 808)

To prevent frauds against carriers of passengers f hire, 1480.

Election of, 43.

Leave of absence asked for, 305.

Motion by, to

Dispense with further reading of Journal, 92.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 117, to preve false statements in regard to affairs of any corpo ation, 437.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 695, to prevent frauds against carrie of passengers for hire, 2578.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

RHOM, F. F., Member of the Culpeper, Virginia, Monume Commission, nominated, 26.

Reported, 759.

Confirmed, 765.

RICHARDS, GEORGE W., Representative from Eleventh Di trict, (Allegheny County),

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 653, repealing so far as it relates t townships of Pine, Harrison, North Versailles, Nort Fayette and South Fayette act to allow voters c certain townships in Allegheny County to vote c against issuing of licenses for sale of liquors, 185

House Bill No. 1277, further amending act providin for examination, licensure and registration of thos engaged in plumbing or house drainage in cities c second class, 2958.

Appointments of, on

Conference committee, 3370, 3472.

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bill introduced by

Repealing parts of act allowing voters of certai townships in Allegheny County to vote for o against issuing of licenses for sale of intoxicatin liquors, 188.

Bills reported by

No. 547 (Senate Bill No. 1156)

Amending act regulating sale of milk in cities o first class and providing for licensing of thos engaged in that business, 1212.

No. 549

Amending act authorizing companies incorporate under laws of any other State to hold real estat in this State by extending provisions of same t companies manufacturing or dealing in electrica apparatus, 1213.

No. 639 (Senate Bill No. 821)

Authorizing cities of second class to regulate pro duction or emission of smoke from chimneys o smokestacks, 3504.

Election of, 42.

Motion by, to

Adjourn, 2973.

RICHARDS, GEORGE W.—Continued.

Petition presented by, from

Citizens of Allegheny County for reading of Bible in public schools, 1237.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 653, to repeal so far as it relates to townships of Pine, Harrison, North Fayette and South Fayette and North Versailles act to permit voters to determine for or against issuing of licenses for sale of liquors in certain townships in Allegheny County, 1956.

House Bill No. 804, regulating issuance of licenses to marry, 3230.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

RICHARDS, W. J., nominated as Member of Commission to investigate and report in the matter of surface support where Anthracite Coal has been or is to be removed, 1420.

Reported, 3265.

Confirmed, 3414.

RICKETTS, R. BRUCE, Member of Fiftieth Anniversary of Battle of Gettysburg Commission, nominated, 26.

Reported, 229.

Confirmed, 230.

RIDER, JOSEPH G., Representative from Lycoming County.

Appointments of, on

Conference committee, 2717.

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Amending act providing for protection of game by repealing right to use bear-traps, 207.

Amending act relating to fish so as to remove minimum limit as to size of certain trout and bass, 735.

Making appropriation to Florence rittenton Mission at Williamsport, 188.

Making appropriation to Girls' Training School, 131 E. 3d Street, Williamsport, 188.

Providing for association of commissioners and supervisors in the different counties, 200.

Bills reported by

No. 78 (Senate Bill No. 485)

Protecting State Forest Reserves, 199.

No. 557 (Senate Bill No. 723)

Authorizing use of haul seine in tide water streams for capture of carp, suckers, mullets and catfish, 1213.

No. 669

Providing for appointment of commission to amend, revise and collate laws relating to public roads, highways and bridges, 1469.

Election of, 44.

Leave of absence asked for, 638, 1238.

Motion by, to

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 266, providing for association of commissioners and supervisors in different counties, 810.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Lycoming County against resident hunter's license law, 231, 313.

Citizens of Lycoming County against use of steel bear traps, 313.

Citizens of Lycoming County for amendments to Oleomargarine Laws, 920.

Citizens of Lycoming County for appropriation to Pennsylvania State College, 1047.

Citizens of Lycoming County, for better telephone facilities, 414.

Citizens of Lycoming County, against commission form of government, 414.

Question of privilege raised by, on

Correction of Journal, 1153.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 259, to provide revenue by taxation for improvement of public roads, 1462.

House Bill No. 315, to provide for better protection of game, game-quadrupeds and game birds, 887.

House Bill No. 821, regulating collection of taxes in boroughs and townships and providing compensation for collector, 3036.

House Bill No. 1280, providing for extension of Capitol Park in City of Harrisburg, 3329.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

RIDGE, W. H., Member of State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners, nominated, 25.

RIEBEL, JOHN H., Representative from Thirteenth District, (Philadelphia County),

Amendment offered by, to

House Bill No. 649, relative to granting of licenses in cities of first class for sale of liquors and fixing proportion of number of such licenses to number of inhabitants thereof, 2089.

Appointment of, as

Member of Soldiers' Orphans Commission, 73.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85, 99.

Bills introduced by

Authorizing counties to appoint inspectors of distillates of petroleum and prescribing maximum fees for any such inspection, 880.

Making appropriation for expenses required by acts relating to maintenance of destitute orphans and children of soldiers, sailors and marines, 303.

Making appropriation for monument on Battlefield of Antietam, Maryland, 95.

Making appropriation to carry out provisions of acts relating to education of orphans and destitute children, 95.

Making appropriation to Children's Homeopathic Hospital of Philadelphia, 95.

Making appropriation to Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial Commission, 94.

Providing relief for destitute and indigent soldiers and their widows, 302.

Regulating sale of distillates of petroleum and prescribing standards of tests, 880.

Relative to granting of licenses in cities of first class for sale of liquors, 1399.

To protect dignity and honor of uniform of United States in Pennsylvania, 638.

To require that all hospitals maintained wholly or partly by State appropriations shall receive as patients without charge all sick or injured honorably discharged soldiers, sailors or marines who served in Civil War, 880.

Bills reported by

No. 112

To further regulate granting of licenses for sale of liquors by an election on the question, 314.

No. 141 (Senate Bill No. 429)

Establishing in certain counties a Board for Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and County purposes, 323.

No. 575 (Senate Bill No. 381)

Making it lawful for street railway companies for purpose of re-locating tracks or straightening its tracks to operate its railway over certain streets without consent of municipal authorities of borough, 1303.

No. 806

To repeal so far as it applies to Borough of Midland act to prohibit sale of intoxicating drinks in Ohio Township, Beaver County, 1769.

Election of, 44.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 181, 1544.

Dispense with further reading of Journal, 103.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 496, regulating sale of distillates of petroleum, 1775.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 649, relative to granting of licenses in cities of first class for sale of liquors and fixing number of such licenses to number of inhabitants thereof, 2589.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 649, relative to granting of licenses in cities of first class for sale of liquors and fixing proportion of number of such licenses to number of inhabitants, 2346, 2597.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

RIEGLE, a resident of Spring Township, Snyder County, to bring suit against Commonwealth for damage done to his property in fighting forest fires, to authorize Peter F.

House Bill No. 700

Read in place in House by Mr. Swartz, 1468.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 1468.

Reported without amendment, 1499.

First reading, 1619.

RIEGLE—Continued.
Second reading, 2104.
Third reading and final passage, 2936.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3592.
Signed by Speaker, 3586.
In Senate (No. 1182)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2901.
Reported without amendment, 3119.
First reading, 3175.
Second reading, 3292.
Third reading and final passage, 3415.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3538.

RIFLE RANGE OR LAND FOR PERMANENT CAMPING GROUND, bill making appropriation to purchase land for (see land).

RIFLES FOR HUNTING AND KILLING BIG GAME, bill to make it lawful to use automatic (see game).

RIGHT OF ACTION AND GRANTING APPEALS in cases in any court of record where plaintiff or defendant shall have lost right of appeal to higher court, bill to extend (see appeals).

RIGHT OF EMINENT DOMAIN, bill relating to exercise of (see eminent domain).

RIGHT OF EMINENT DOMAIN OF ELECTRIC LIGHT, heat and power companies, bills relating to (see electric).

RIGHT OF EMINENT DOMAIN OF WATER COMPANIES, bills relating to (see water).

RIGHT OF EMINENT DOMAIN TO COMMISSIONERS OF FISHERIES for lawful purposes of Department or Fisheries, bill to extend (see Fisheries).

RIGHT OF WAY OF RAILROAD AND ELECTRIC RAILWAY COMPANIES, bill to prohibit trespassing on (see trespassing).

RIGHT OF WAY OF RAILROAD COMPANIES, to provide for protection of public by regulating (see railroad).

RIGHT OF WAY OVER FORESTRY RESERVES for transportation of lumber, bark, gas, oil and minerals from adjacent lands, bill to authorize State Forestry Reservation Commission to grant (see Forestry).

RIGHT OF WAY THROUGH STATE LANDS, bill to authorize Department of Forestry to grant (see Department).

RIGHT TO RECOVER, bill to amend act relating to damages for injuries producing death by providing that domicile residence, citizenship or nationality shall be no bar as to (see damages).

RIGHT TO SERVICES OF HER CHILD and right to be compensated for loss of such service, bill vesting in the mother in certain cases (see child).

RIGHTS AND LIABILITIES OF PARTIES to contracts, bill to amend act relating to (see contracts).

RIGHTS FOR ALL PEOPLE REGARDLESS OF RACE or color so as to include places where soda water, soft drinks, ice cream and confectionery are sold, bill to amend act relating to civil (see civil).

RILEY, JAMES P., candidate for United States Senator,
Vote for, in House, 72.
Joint session held, to compare vote, 77, 78, 81, 82.

RISKS COVERED BY THEM in Pennsylvania, supplement to act to establish an insurance department providing that those engaged in business of fire insurance in Pennsylvania shall report total amount of (see insurance).

RITNER IN CHURCH YARD at Mount Rock, Cumberland County, making appropriation for repair of marker at grave of Governor Joseph
Read in place in House by Mr. Steese, 1458.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1458.

RITTERSVILLE, concurrent resolution (House) by Len, in reference to appointment of committee to investigate building of Homeopathic State Hospital for Insane at, 390.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 390.
Reported without amendment, 1197.
Resumed and adopted, 1239.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, in Senate, 1235, 1236.

RITTERSVILLE, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Judson, in reference to appointment of committee to investigate building of Homeopathic State Hospital for Insane at, 340.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 340.

RIVERS WHOLLY OR PARTLY WITHIN THEIR TERRITORY, bill to authorize counties with population between 800,000 and 1,400,000 to expend monies improving and controlling (see counties).

ROAD, bill to authorize counties of this Commonwealth pay State taxes on bonds hereafter issued by the for purpose of permanently improving any public (s counties).

ROAD BILLS, petitions relative to (see petitions).

ROAD BUILDING IN PIKE COUNTY, bill making appropriation to State Highway Department to be used making experiments in (see Highway).

ROAD CASES IN COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS part record for purpose of reviewing action on appeal Supreme or Superior Court, to make evidence taken exceptions in
Read in place in House by Mr. Fitzgerald, 1458.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1458.

ROAD COMMISSIONERS LAYING OUT, opening and vacati streets by providing for trial of questions of fact jury in certain cases, bill to amend act relating reviewing of proceedings of township (see questio of fact).

ROAD IN COUNTY OF ADAMS, to cede jurisdiction to Unit States over the Hanover Public
Senate Bill No. 13
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Martin, 107.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 107.
Reported without amendment, 129.
First reading, 153.
Second reading, 170.
Third reading and final passage, 184.
Returned by House without amendment, 388.
Signed by President, 404.
Approved my Governor, 457.
In House (No. 93)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 196.
Reported without amendment, 251.
First reading, 321.
Second reading, 329.
Third reading and final passage, 395.
Signed by Speaker, 418.

ROAD JURIES, bill to establish in each county a Board Viewers and provide for their appointment as (s Board).

ROAD PURPOSES ON LANDS HELD FOR FORES RESERVES, bill making appropriation for annu fixed charge for (see forest).

ROAD RECONSTRUCTION SUM which has accumulated pu suant to provisions of act establishing State Hig way Department, appropriating for
House Bill No. 645
Read in place in House by Mr. Jones, 1116.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1116.
Reported without amendment, 1397.
First reading, 1629.
Second reading, 1541.
Third reading and final passage, 1749.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 2025.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 2026.
Signed by Speaker, 2588.
In Senate (No. 616)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1708.
Reported without amendment, 1717.
First reading, 1718.
Second reading and amended, 1820.
Third reading and final passage, 1906.
Returned from House with Senate amendments cor curred in,
Signed by President pro tempore, 2521.

ROAD SUPERVISORS IN TOWNSHIPS OF SECOND CLAS to aid in construction of sidewalks along public hig ways in towns and villages, bill to authorize (se sidewalks).

ROAD SUPERVISORS, road masters and road taxes in tow ships, bills relating to (see township and townships)

ROAD SUPERVISORS to subscribe for not more than thre publications regarding good roads, to be paid for ou of township funds, to authorize
House Bill No. 290
Read in place in House by Mr. Billman, 473.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 473.

)AD SUPERVISORS—Continued.
Reported without amendment, 715.
First reading, 751.
Second reading, 874.
Third reading and final passage, 1201.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1678.
Signed by Speaker, 1703.
Approved by Governor, 2190.
Remarks on, by
Billman, 874.
In Senate (No. 491)
Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 1206.
Reported without amendment, 1306.
First reading, 1430.
Second reading, 1449.
Third reading and final passage, 1590.
Signed by President, 1746.

)AD THROUGH CORNPLANTER INDIAN RESERVATION in Elk Township, Warren County, bill making appropriation to maintain a public (see Cornplanter).

.OADS AND HIGHWAYS, bill relating to (see highway and highways).

.OAD AND ROAD VIEWERS in County of Dauphin, bill to repeal act relating to (see Dauphin).

.OADS, bill to create office of County Superintendent of Public (see Superintendent).

OADS, bill to provide revenue by taxation for improvement of public (see taxation).

OADS, HIGHWAYS AND BRIDGES, bill to provide for commission for amending, revising and collating laws relating to public (see laws).

OADS, HIGHWAYS AND BRIDGES by fixing number of viewers at three, bill to amend act relating to (see viewers).

.OADS, HIGHWAYS AND BRIDGES, supplement to act relating to
House Bill No. 126
Read in place in House by Mr. Gibson, 146.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 146.
Reported without amendment, 314.
First reading, 337.
Second reading, 424.
Third reading and final passage, 449.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 885.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 886.
Signed by Speaker, 897.
Concurrent resolution recalling bill from Governor, 1216.
Resolution returned by Senate, concurred in, 1220.
Resolution approved by Governor, 1330.
Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 1330.
Resumed and passed finally, 1460.
Returned from Senate with House amendment concurred in, 1473.
Signed by Speaker,
Approved by Governor, 2191.
In Senate (No. 219)
Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 458.
Reported without amendment, 539.
First reading, 633.
Second reading, 672.
Third reading and amended, 703.
Final passage, 758.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 907.
Signed by President, 907.
Concurred in resolution recalling bill from Governor, 1211.
Returned from House with amendment, 1451.
Concurred in House amendment, 1451.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1551.

OADS, HIGHWAYS, STREETS AND BRIDGES, to protect public
Read in place in House by Mr. Rockwell, 637.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 637.

OADS IN CERTAIN CASES RELATING TO MINING OPERATIONS, bill to enlarge rights of parties having private (see mining).

ROADS, making appropriation to provide for condemnation and acquisition of toll
Senate Bill No. 5
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Thomson, 89.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 89.
Reported without amendment, 117.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 133.
Re-reported without amendment, 149.
Recommitted to Committee, 169.
Re-reported without amendment, 539.
Over in its order, 622.
Second reading and amended, 669.
Over in its order, 702.
Recommitted to Committee, 760.
Re-reported without amendment, 2215.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 2268.

ROADS OR STREETS IN COUNTIES, boroughs and townships by prohibiting excessive or improper use thereof, to provide for protection of
Read in place in House by Mr. McGowan, 777.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 777.

ROADS, report of Commission on advisability of abolishing toll presented to Senate, 41.
Read in Senate, 41.
Presented to House, 54.
In Appendix, 36-98.

ROADS WITHIN VALLEY FORGE PARK, supplement to act establishing Valley Forge Park authorizing Commissioners to regulate travel (see Valley Forge).

ROADSIDES, bill to amend act to protect trees by prohibiting cutting or injuring of trees or shrubs along (see trees).

ROBERT PACKER HOSPITAL at Sayre, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1180
Read in place in House by Mr. Mills, 111.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 111.
Reported with amendment, 2243.
First reading, 2341.
Second reading, 2427.
Third reading and final passage, 2809.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.
In Senate (No. 1099)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2662.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2713.
Second reading, 2921.
Third reading and final passage, 3101.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

ROBERTS, JAMES CAMPBELL, Member of Board of Registration Commissioners in and for City of Pittsburg, nominated, 26.
Reported, 489.
Confirmed, 491.

ROBINSON, V. GILPIN, Representative from Second District, (Delaware County),
Amendments offered by, to
House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 972, 973.
House Bill No. 501, amending act authorizing councils to require paving of streets as regards form of petition, 2054.
House Bill No. 804, regulating issuance of licenses to marry, 2143.
Appointments of, on
Special Committee, 392.
Standing committees, 84, 85.
Bills introduced by
Amending act creating Department of State Police, 416.
Amending act relating to foreign executors by extending its provisions to assignment and satisfaction of mortgage debts, 231.
Authorizing councils of boroughs with approval of burgess to make from amount of its taxes with which collector is charged usch abatements and exonerations as shall appear just, 1399.
Authorizing Supreme Court to adopt and promulgate general rules of practice for all courts of record of one kind, 112.
Further amendment extending act relating to bridges being erected by County Commissioners in lieu of certain townships to bridges over railroads and canals, 146.

ROBINSON, V. GILPIN—Continued.

Providing for election of commissioners of townships of the first class, 315.

Regulating admission of minors to institutions for the deaf, 301.

Relating to incorporation of a borough out of a township of the first class, 315.

Relative to part or parts of townships of first class being annexed to any city, borough or other township, 140.

To amend act relating to corporations by modifying provisions requiring consent of stockholders to sale of real estate, 567.

To provide for election of Commissioners of Townships of the first class, 103.

To regulate drivers and operators of all vehicles and persons riding or leading animals on public highways, 717.

Bills reported by

No. 39 (Senate Bill No. 282)

Relating to streets, lanes and alleys that have been vacated, 145.

No. 316 (Senate Bill No. 536)

Regulating reports for purposes of taxation by corporations, 734.

No. 342

Amending act relating to corporations by modifying provision requiring consent of stockholders to sale of real estate by manufacturing and other corporations, 735.

No. 720

To establish municipal court for county of Philadelphia, 1609.

No. 880 (Senate Bill No. 580)

Providing method of obtaining possession of land appropriated under right of eminent domain, 2023.

No. 1373

To provide for erection of monument on Battlefield of Antietam, Maryland, 3361.

Election of, 42.

Leave of absence asked for, 190, 590, 1282, 3011.

Motion by, in

Reference to time of next meeting, 451.

Motions by, to

Place on calendar Senate Bill No. 9, regulating annulment of marriage, divorces and alimony, 2474.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 256, amending act to provide revenue by taxation relating to taxing bonds, mortgages and other securities, 1185.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 271, amending act creating division of State Library for preservation of public records as regards turning over of records by counties and State Departments, 865.

Postpone indefinitely House Bill No. 378, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania allowing municipalities to increase their indebtedness, 3612.

Postpone indefinitely House Bill No. 599, amending act relative to mortgages by requiring purchase money mortgages to be recorded within thirty days in order to have priority of lien, 3503.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 216, amending act creating Department of State Police as regards salaries, 1084.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 534, fixing salary of second assistant State Librarian, 1936.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 834, permitting substitution of other securities for those deposited with State Treasurer to secure Commonwealth against relief notes issued by certain banks, 3352.

Reconsider vote on postponement of House Bill No. 289, to regulate paving of sidewalks and setting of curbstones in townships of first class, 875.

Petition presented by, from

Citizens of Delaware County, for passage of State Local Option Law, 389.

Points of order raised by, on

House Bill No. 518, amending act providing uniform method of electing certain party officers by providing for one primary in place of two, 1195.

Report of House Committee on Rules, 3227, 3228.

Questions of information raised by, on

House Bill No. 216, amending act creating Department of State Police, 847.

House Bill No. 516, to regulate advertisements and solicitations for employes during lockouts or other labor disputes, 1791.

House Bill No. 570, amending act defining rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and labor and materials to be furnished, 1943.

ROBINSON, V. GILPIN—Continued.

Remarks by, at

Memorial service for John Calvin Meyer, late R sentative for Centre County, 2326, 2327.

Remarks by, in

Connection with resolution regarding election of U States Senators by direct vote, 366.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 3, fixing salaries of the judges o several Courts, 218, 535, 536.

House Bill No. 7, exempting in certain cases bil and pool tables and bowling alleys from lev sale for rent, 1846.

House Bill No. 20, amending act relating to app ment of court stenographers by requiring judg certain courts to employ stenographer of com pleas court, 1671.

House Bill No. 26, empowering boroughs to pro the planting of certain objectionable trees, 175.

House Bill No. 27, to carry into complete opera certain amendments to Constitution of Pennsylv relating to terms of Public Officers, 177.

House Bill No. 53, regulating in criminal trials examination of defendant testifying in his own half, 257.

House Bill No. 62, relating to amendment to Cons tion of Pennsylvania, 365.

House Bill No. 66, supplement to act relating to V Forge Park giving certain authority to the com sioners thereof, 583.

House Bill No. 73, establishing county associatio borough officers, 318.

House Bill No. 138, authorizing election of tax co tors for four years in boroughs and townships,

House Bill No. 171, amending act relating to lien changing method of service by advertisement writs of scire facias issued upon municipal and claims, 644.

House Bill No. 191, amending act relating to corp tions as regards charters of religious bodies, 6

House Bill No. 195, making appropriation to fo Board of Examiners for Inspectors of Mines Lackawanna County, 724.

House Bill No. 196, requiring payment of wages t semi-monthly, 729.

House Bill No. 216, amending act creating Depart of State Police as regards salaries, 927, 928, 933, 1084, 1700, 1701.

House Bill No. 252, repealing act relating to taxa of shares of stock of title insurance and trust panies, 856.

House Bill No. 255, relating to taxation of compa engaged in manufacture of gas, 859.

House Bill No. 256, amending act to provide rev by taxation relating to taxing bonds, mortgages other securities, 1185.

House Bill No. 264, to repeal act taxing all of prop of corporations, limited partnerships and joint s associations having capital stock at rate of mills on each dollar, 1161.

House Bill No. 268, requiring treasurers of mu fire insurance companies to give bond of not than five hundred thousand dollars, 863.

House Bill No. 271, amending act creating divisio State Library for preservation of public record regards turning over of records by counties various State Departments, 865.

House Bill No. 312, to establish a public school sys 961, 962, 964, 968, 972, 973, 987, 988, 1024.

House Bill No. 354, requiring all employers to g certain time for midday meal to each employe,

House Bill No. 365, amending section four of act posing additional taxes for State purposes and ish revenue board, 1348, 1349.

House Bill No. 378, joint resolution proposing am ment to Constitution of Pennsylvania to allow m cipalities to increase their indebtedness, 1353.

House Bill No. 395, further amending further sup ment to act to provide revenue by taxation, 14

House Bill No. 397, to repeal act relating to rev by taxation and taxing all of property of corp tions having capital stock at rate of five mill each dollar of its actual value but exempting ings institutions having no capital stock, 147

House Bill No. 433, amending act fixing salaries providing for expenses of county commissio 1836.

House Bill No. 510, joint resolution proposing am ment to section 1, article 9 of Constitution, rela to taxation, 1790.

House Bill No. 518, amending act providing for form method of electing certain party officers providing for one primary each year in place of 1188, 1189, 1195.

House Bill No. 530, providing for taxation of g receipts of fire insurance companies on busi done in Pennsylvania, 2044, 2045.

NSON, V. GILPIN—Continued.

House Bill No. 575, making it lawful for street railway company in order to straighten or re-locate its tracks to operate its railway over certain streets without consent of municipal authorities of borough, 1950.

House Bill No. 577, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania, 3369.

House Bill No. 579, amending act to designate number of councilmen to be elected in boroughs not divided into wards, 1951.

House Bill No. 580, amending act relating to employment of minors in bituminous coal mines and anthracite collieries or breakers by further regulating ages at which said minors may be employed, 1843.

House Bill No. 600, regulating drivers and operators of all vehicles and persons riding or leading animals on public highways, 3321.

House Bill No. 634, prohibiting hospitals and other institutions receiving State aid from restricting pay patients in selection of physicians and surgeons not connected with said institution, 2058.

House Bill No. 748, providing that furniture and household goods, leased or hired, shall not be levied upon or sold for rent, 3256.

House Bill No. 778, amending act relating to corporations and to estates held for corporate religious and charitable uses, 3225, 3226, 3497.

House Bill No. 798, relating to sale of goods, 3218.

House Bill No. 841, amending act giving certain privileges to incorporated cemetery and burial associations by regulating removal of bodies, sale of lots and enlargement of boundaries of grounds, 3354, 3356.

House Bill No. 855, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania so as to permit special legislation regulating labor, 2518.

House Bill No. 886, relating to exercise of right of eminent domain, 3358.

House Bill No. 899, prescribing liability of an employer to make compensation for injuries received by an employe and establishing elective schedule of compensation, 2567, 2568, 2569.

House Bill No. 906, regulating licensing of brewers and distillers, 2510, 2583, 2584, 2585, 3470.

House Bill No. 918, making appropriation to American Art Society of Philadelphia for purpose of encouraging American art, 2723, 3368.

House Bill No. 1280, providing for extension of Capitol Park in City of Harrisburg, 3329, 3330.

House Bill No. 1292, amending act relating to sale of railroads, canals, turnpikes, bridges and plank roads so that same shall apply also to sales and conveyances of material, rolling stock and property, 3485.

Report (partial) of Committee to investigate Carbondale mine fire presented by, 1472.

olutions, concurrent, offered by, to

Extend time to Committee to investigate Carbondale Mine fire, 1472.

Recall from Senate House Bill No. 194, providing for notification of taxables by tax collectors in boroughs and townships, 660.

olution offered by, to

Discharge Judiciary Special Committee of House from further consideration of Senate Bill No. 9, regulating annulment of marriage, divorce and alimony, 2184.

e of, for

United States Senator, 72.

SON, CHARLES W., Representative from Eleventh District, (Allegheny County),

ointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85. 99.

s introduced by

Making appropriation to Ohio Valley General Hospital, McKee's Rock, Allegheny County, 171.

Making appropriation to Trustees of State Hospital for Criminal Insane at Fairview, 1329.

To create a Board of Mercantile Appraisers in certain counties, 567

To prohibit untrue or misleading advertising, 1457.

To provide for special election in each city of second class to determine form of government preferred by majority of voters, 1401.

ROBISON, CHARLES W.—Continued.

Bills reported by

No. 619

Imposing on all steam railroads a duty to erect safety devices at all grade crossings with public highways, 1340.

No. 639 (Senate Bill No. 821)

Authorizing cities of second class to regulate emission of smoke from chimneys and smokestacks, 1350.

No. 645 (Senate Bill No. 616)

Appropriating for road reconstruction sum of $310,664.81 which has accumulated pursuant to provisions of act establishing State Highway Department, 1397.

No. 1134 (Senate Bill No. 1055)

Making an appropriation to the Ohio Valley General Hospital, McKee's Rocks, Allegheny County, 2242.

No. 1135 (Senate Bill No. 1056)

Making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for Criminal Insane, at Fairview, Wayne County, 2242.

No. 1136 (Senate Bill No. 1057)

Making an appropriation to the South Side Hospital of Pittsburg, 2242.

No. 1137 (Senate Bill No. 1058)

Making an appropriation to St. John's General Hospital of Allegheny City, 2242.

No. 1138 (Senate Bill No. 1059)

Making an appropriation to the Boys' Industrial Home of Western Pennsylvania located at Oakdale, Allegheny County, 2242.

No. 1139 (Senate Bill No. 1060)

Making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Home and Rescue Association of Pittsburg, 2242.

No. 1140 (Senate Bill No. 1061)

Making an appropriation to the Western State Penitentiary, 2242.

No. 1141 (Senate Bill No. 1203)

Making an appropriation to the Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind at Pittsburg, 2242.

Declines to serve on Judicial Apportionment Committee, 434.

Election of, 42.

Motion by, for

Adjournment, 54.

Motions by, to

Dispense with further reading of Journal, 80.

Lay upon table veto of House Bill No. 329, reorganizing Department of Internal Affairs, 2560.

Remarks by, at

Memorial service for John Calvin Meyer, late Representative from Centre County, 2326.

House Bill No. 138, authorizing election of tax collectors for four years in boroughs and townships, 569.

House Bill No. 216, amending act creating Department of State Police as regards salaries, 928.

House Bill No. 530, providing for taxation of gross receipts of fire insurance companies on business done in Pennsylvania, 2309.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

ROCHESTER GENERAL HOSPITAL at Rochester, Beaver County, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 972

Read in place in House by Mr. George A. Baldwin, 121.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 121.
Reported with amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2331.
Second reading, 2396.
Third reading and final passage, 2740.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.

In Senate (No. 902)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2684.
First reading, 2704.
Second reading, 2907.
Third reading and final passage, 3064.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

ROCK FISH and fixing number to have in possession, bill to amend act relating to sale of fish so as to remove minimum limit as to size of (see fish).

ROCKWELL, FRANK H., Representative from Tioga County, Acting Speaker, 1331.

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 38, authorizing County Commissioners to erect and maintain dykes on certain streams, 200.

House Bill No. 52, relating to sale of mining stock, 578.

House Bill No. 196, requiring payment of wages to be semi-monthly, 729.

House Bill No. 258, to provide for pensioning of soldiers, sailors or marines who served in Civil War, 1159.

House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 993, 1017, 1019, 1039.

House Bill No. 315, to provide for better protection and preservation of game, game-quadrupeds and game birds, 887.

House Bill No. 366, making void laying out of certain highways and sewers over private property in boroughs, 1056.

House Bill No. 384, establishing in each county a Board of Viewers, 1494.

House Bill No. 429, regulating fees to be charged and received by constables, 1371.

House Bill No. 893, amending act relating to fees of constables regulating fees of constables in certain cases, etc., 2379.

House Bill No. 1240, making appropriation of 1909 to State Normal Schools available for permanent improvements thereto, 2828.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Amending act relating to sale of liquor by increasing license fees, 156.

Amending act relating to wholesale liquor sellers and dealers by increasing amount of annual license fee, 156.

Amending first section of act fixing salaries and providing for expenses of County Commissioners, 123.

Amending section three of act authorizing burgess and town council of Wellsboro to regulate election of borough council providing that term of office of council shall be four years, 776.

Fixing salaries and providing for expenses of County Commissioners, 210.

Making appropriation to Forest Lawn Sanatorium located at Wellsboro, 921.

Making appropriation to Trustees of State Hospital for Injured Persons at Blossburg, 362.

Making it lawful to use automatic rifles for hunting and killing big game, 112.

Providing for collection of judgments by attachment execution against wages, debts and other income, 123.

Providing for destruction and preventing spread of noxious weeds and brush, 112.

Regarding rules for opening and closing bar rooms and beer gardens, 303.

Regulating fees to be charged by sheriffs in certain counties, 156.

Regulating sale of stock of mining companies or corporations, 104.

Relating to probate of will and regulating time in which proceedings to contest validity of will shall be instituted, 96.

Requiring Commonwealth to build one-half of line fences between its lands and improved lands of private persons, 96.

To prevent exhibition of pictures of prize fights or any indecent or immoral pictures, 104.

To protect public roads, highways, streets and bridges, 637.

To provide that appraiser's list of mercantile licenses shall not hereafter be published, 473.

To tax traction engines and provide for their assessment, 637.

Bills reported by

No. 10 (Senate Bill No. 220)

Requiring Commonwealth to build and maintain one-half of line fences, 199.

No. 50 (Senate Bill No. 172)

Enabling certain tax collectors to collect taxes for which they have become personally liable, 187.

No. 110

To provide revenue by taxing express companies, 301.

ROCKWELL, FRANK H.—Continued.

No. 142

Amending act relating to road supervisors by fixin compensation of tax collectors for collection of roa taxes in townships of second class, 390.

No. 227 (Senate Bill No. 529)

Authorizing appointment by county auditors of a torney-at-law, 589.

No. 344 (Senate Bill No. 130)

Amending act relating to sheriff's fees by requirin certain fees to be paid by county, 735.

No. 345

Regulating making of certain reports to Audit General for purposes of taxation, 735.

No. 388 (Senate Bill No. 664)

Regulating use of firecrackers, fireworks, blank car ridges, pellets, tablets, etc., 883.

No. 389 (Senate Bill No. 692)

To regulate sale and manufacture of certain fir crackers, fireworks and certain explosive material 883.

No. 390 (Senate Bill No. 672)

Authorizing trustees of any State Normal School t refund its bonded indebtedness at a lower rate o interest, 883.

No. 443 (Senate Bill No. 306)

Establishing county court for county of Allegheny 1016.

No. 507 (Senate Bill No. 1201)

Amending act exempting from taxation certain prop erty by removing exemption from all cou houses, poor houses, jails and certain lands, 2308.

No. 509

Further amending further supplement to act to pro vide revenue by taxation, 2245.

No. 599 (Senate Bill No. 196)

Amending act relative to mortgages by requirin purchase money mortgages to be recorded withi ten days in order to have priority of lien, 1328.

No. 611 (Senate Bill No. 731)

Providing for establishment of Bureau of Standard in Department of Internal Affairs, 1340.

No. 744 (Senate Bill No. 1184)

Ameding act defining rights and liabilities of partie to and regulating effect of contracts for work an labor to be done by providing for an amicable scir facias, 2586.

No. 755 (Senate Bill No. 773)

Fixing compensation and allowances for postage an stationery for members of General Assembly, 1695.

No. 800 (Senate Bill No. 137)

Relating to free public non-sectarian libraries an branch libraries, 1758.

No. 876

Amending act regulating catching and sale of fish an regulating free distribution of same and forbiddin sale of unlawful devices for catching fish, 2023.

No. 877

Providing for employment of convicted criminals o public work, 2023.

No. 1267 (Senate Bill No. 633)

Regulating use of moving picture machines and con struction of booths in cities of third class, i boroughs and in townships, 2349.

No. 908

Amending act granting certain rights and privilege to certain water companies by providing for ap proval by Water Supply Commission of extension of territory, 2235.

Election of, 45.

Motion by, for

House to go into committee of whole to amend Hous Bill No. 384, establishing in each county a Board o Viewers, 1494.

Motions by, to

Drop from calendar House Bill No. 429, regulating fee to be received by constables, 1371.

Drop from calendar House Bill No. 1335, relating t speedy method for collection of taxes on real estat by requiring furnishing upon application of bills fo all such taxes, 3497.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 10, requiring Com monwealth to build and maintain one-half of lin fences between its lands and improved lands of privat persons, 137.

ROCKWELL, FRANK H.—Continued.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 20, amending act relating to court stenographers by requiring judges of certain courts to employ stenographer of common pleas court, 1670.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 36, providing for registration of conveyances of real estate in certain counties, 204.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 271, amending act creating division of State Library for preservation of public records by permitting various State Departments to deposit with division all papers not needed, 1490.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 280, repealing section eight of act to classify fish and forbidding sale of unlawful devices to catch fish, 1489.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 444, amending act authorizing burgess and town council of Wellsboro to levy taxes, borrow money and regulating election of borough council, 1683.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 493, empowering boroughs without petition of property owners to pave and otherwise improve public streets, 1852.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 651, prohibiting minors from being in any place where liquors are sold with intent to purchase said liquors, 2260.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 252, repealing act relating to taxation of shares of stock of title insurance and trust companies, 855.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 258, to provide for pensioning of soldiers, sailors and marines who served in Civil War, 861, 1160.

Reconsider vote on amendment to Section 1127 of Article 11 of House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 1017.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 280, to repeal section eight of act to classify fish in waters of this Commonwealth and prohibit use of unlawful devices, 1220.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 493, empowering boroughs without petition of property owners to pave and otherwise improve public streets, 1852.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 887, providing for election of councilmen in boroughs, 3359.

Reconsider vote on Section 1127 of Article 11 of House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 1017.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Tioga County against increased tax on automobiles, 1457.

Citizens of Tioga County for amendments to oleomargarine laws, 1457.

Citizens of Tioga County for equal suffrage, 714.

Citizens of Tioga County for Initiative and Referendum, 1357.

Citizens of Tioga County for passage of local option bill, 207.

Farmers and grangers of Tioga County against Halferty Oleomargarine Bill, 2063.

Physicians of Lycoming County, against legal recognition of optometry, 207.

Points of order raised by, on

House Bill No. 255, relating to taxation of companies engaged in manufacture of gas, 859.

House Bill No. 280, to repeal section eight of act to classify fish in waters of this Commonwealth and prohibit use of unlawful devices in catching same, 1219.

House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 1023.

Questions of information raised by, on

House Bill No. 742, providing method for enforcing orders of maintenance and support, 2318.

House Bill No. 861, providing for reporting to State Department of Health by physicians of occupational diseases, 3259.

House Bill No. 884, authorizing county commissioners to erect bridge for pedestrians only in lieu of wagon bridge under certain circumstances, 3357.

Remarks by, on

Concurrent resolution in reference to adjournment sine die, 362, 363.

Concurrent resolution proposing amendment to section 3 of article 8 of Constitution of Pennsylvania relative to election of judges, 3214.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 3, fixing salaries of the judges of the several courts, 218, 529.

House Bill No. 20, amending act relating to court stenographers by requiring judges of certain courts to employ stenographer of common pleas court, 1670, 1671, 1672.

House Bill No. 27, to carry into complete operation certain amendments to Constitution of Pennsylvania, relating to terms of Public Officers, 177, 178.

ROCKWELL, FRANK H.—Continued.

House Bill No. 34, amending act to provide revenue by taxation by exempting savings account of less than one thousand dollars, 213.

House Bill No. 52, relating to sale of mining stock, 256.

House Bill No. 55, fixing salary of Private Secretary to the Governor, 259.

House Bill No. 61, providing for additional clerks and assistant sergeant at arms of House, 262.

House Bill No. 97, requiring bonds given by certain officers to be approved by Court of Quarter Sessions and filed, 397, 398.

House Bill No. 103, amending act to establish Insurance Department so as to permit either individuals, partnerships or corporations to be certified and licensed agents, 427, 428.

House Bill No. 112, to further regulate granting of licenses for sale of liquors, 480, 481, 485.

House Bill No. 146, for safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings in townships, 571.

House Bill No. 191, amending act relating to certain corporations as regards charters of religious bodies, 2198.

House Bill No. 193, amending act establishing Department of Forestry by enlarging powers to purchase land for forest reserves, 660.

House Bill No. 210, amending act relating to game by permitting killing of deer other than males with visible horns, 738, 739.

House Bill No. 252, repealing act relating to taxation of shares of stock of title insurance and trust companies, 856.

House Bill No. 258, to provide for pensioning of soldiers, sailors and marines who served in Civil War, 1159, 1160.

House Bill No. 280, to repeal section eight of act to classify fish in waters of this Commonwealth and prohibit use of unlawful devices in catching same, 1218, 1219, 1485, 1486.

House Bill No. 288, requiring unnaturalized foreign-born residents or sojourners to procure license before fishing, 1219.

House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 964, 993, 1017, 1019, 1023, 1039, 1152.

House Bill No. 315, to provide for better protection and preservation of game, game-quadrupeds and game birds, 887.

House Bill No. 357, liability of employers for injuries to employes, 1301.

House Bill No. 365, amending section four of act imposing additional taxes for State purposes and abolishing revenue board, 1349.

House Bill No. 384, establishing in each county a board of viewers, 1494, 1495, 1496.

House Bill No. 391, taxing traction engines, 1489.

House Bill No. 397, to repeal act taxing all of property of corporations having capital stock but exempting savings institutions having no capital stock, 1476.

House Bill No. 422, fixing compensation of chief clerk and five clerks in Department of Mines, 1628.

House Bill No. 429, regulating fees to be charged and received by constables, 1371.

House Bill No. 512, regulating compensation of tax collectors in boroughs and townships, 2937.

House Bill No. 600, regulating drivers and operators of all vehicles and persons riding or leading animals on public highways, requiring display of lights upon vehicles, 2018.

House Bill No. 618, regulating licensing of traveling theatrical or operatic companies, 2020.

House Bill No. 636, providing for examination of persons seeking employment as miners in bituminous coal mines, 2059.

House Bill No. 650, amending third section of act to regulate sale of liquors, 2259.

House Bill No. 651, prohibiting minors from being in any place where liquors are sold with intent to purchase such liquors, 2260.

House Bill No. 680, fixing salary of deputy factory inspectors, 3220.

House Bill No. 683, providing that no person shall be eligible to office of district attorney who has not been admitted to practice in Supreme and Superior Courts, 1947.

House Bill No. 688, permitting owners and lessees of coal rights to remove overlying strata and dump or deposit it on land adjacent to opening of mine, 3216, 3217.

House Bill No. 707, providing for appeal from judgment of aldermen and justices of the peace regardless of amount in controversy, 3218.

House Bill No. 842, for safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings in cities of third class, in boroughs and in townships by providing proper exits, fire escapes and fire extinguishers, 3502.

ROCKWELL, FRANK H.—Continued.

House Bill No. 858, establishing office of State Fire Marshal and making it duty of officers of public instruction and those in charge of schools to instruct children in dangers of fire waste, 2845, 2846.

House Bill No. 892, amending act relating to removal of judges as regards pay after removal, 3482.

House Bill No. 893, amending act relating to fees of constables regulating fees of constables in certain cases, etc., 2379.

House Bill No. 906, regulating licensing of brewers and distillers, 2511, 2580, 2581, 3470.

House Bill No. 1280, providing for extension of Capitol Park in City of Harrisburg, 3327.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by, in

Reference to adjournment, sine die, 305.

Resolutions offered by

Thanking Educational Commission for preparing School Code, 2882.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

ROGERS, WILLIAM J., nominated as Associate Judge of Montour County, 457.

Reported, 488.

Confirmed, 491.

ROLLING STOCK OF ANY SUCH CORPORATION, bill to amend act relating to sale of certain corporations so that it shall apply also to sales and conveyances in material and (see corporation).

RONEY, CHARLES J., Jr., Representative from Third District, (Philadelphia County),

Acting Speaker, 1284, 3487.

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 224, requiring foundries to be provided with toilet room and water closet, 849.

House Bill No. 302, regulating time that courts of common pleas be kept open for jury trials in certain judicial districts, 877.

House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 966.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Amending act relating to commencement of actions by extending its provisions to foreign corporations, 591.

Joint resolution constituting commission to investigate and report on care of feeble-minded and epileptic, 1282.

Making appropriation to Howard Hospital of Philadelphia, 591.

Making appropriation to Maternity Hospital in the City of Philadelphia, 210.

Making appropriation to Philadelphia Normal School for Girls, 717.

Making appropriation to Philadelphia School of Pedagogy, 717.

Refunding $25.00 to Frederick J. Cuneo, 1400.

Bills reported by

No. 135 (Senate Bill No. 32)

Relating to act of corporations after letters patent are issued and before recording of their charters, 323.

No. 180 (Senate Bill No. 360)

Regulating admission of minors to institutions for deaf, 436.

No. 201

Providing that hereafter no borough shall be incorporated out of any township of first class, 565.

No. 231 (Senate Bill No. 610)

Amending act relating to damages for injuries producing death, 590.

No. 332

To regulate fees of court criers in certain judicial districts, 734.

No. 376 (Senate Bill No. 231)

Amending act relating to roads, highways and bridges by fixing number of viewers at three, 881.

No. 567 (Senate Bill No. 1183)

Amending act to provide for immediate registration of all births and deaths by changing fees for birth and death certificates, 1237, 1948.

No. 655 (Senate Bill No. 771)

To provide for taking of testimony of witnesses residing in any other State or foreign country, 1457.

RONEY, CHARLES J., JR.—Continued.

No. 701 (Senate Bill No. 1180)

Authorizing C. L. Francisco of Sayre to bring suit against Commonwealth for advertising constitutional amendments in Sayre Times-Record, 1499.

No. 725 (Senate Bill No. 1192)

To provide for satisfaction of mortgages when original mortgages have been lost or destroyed, 1610.

No. 790

To protect coal miners in being paid for work performed by them in production of marketable material, 1758.

No. 816

Regulating piling or placing on any public highway of building material, 1779.

No. 854

Regulating qualifications of boiler inspectors in cities of second and third class, 1948.

No. 855 (Senate Bill No. 796)

Joint resolution proposing amendment to section 7, article 3 of Constitution of Pennsylvania so as to permit special legislation regulating labor, 1948.

No. 856

To authorize municipal authorities to limit charges of water companies, electric light companies and gas companies in certain cases, 1948.

No. 1247 (Senate Bill No. 316)

Supplement to act relating to government of cities of first class establishing Board of Recreation, 2247.

Electio of, 44.

Motions by, to

Postpone for present House Bill No. 216, amending act creating Department of State Police as regards salaries, 1249.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 252, to repeal act relating to taxation of title insurance and trust companies, 1782.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 391, taxing traction engines, 1489.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 646, regulating sale of milk, skimmed milk and cream, 1543.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 882, amending act relating to disposition of property of decedents by extending its provisions to cases where devises shall be impracticable, 3360.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 886, relating to exercise of right of eminent domain, 3487.

Point of order raised by, on

House Bill No. 216, amending act creating Department of State Police as regards salaries, 1083.

Question of information raised by, on

House Bill No. 721, authorizing D. L. Saul and Flora Saul, his wife, to bring suit against Commonwealth, 2954.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 3, fixing salaries of judges of certain courts, 530.

House Bill No. 20, amending act relating to appointment of court stenographers by requiring judges of certain courts to employ stenographer of court of common pleas, 1087.

House Bill No. 53, regulating in criminal trials cross examination of defendant testifying in his own behalf, 257.

House Bill No. 216, amending act establishing Department of State Police as regards salaries, 927, 928, 933, 1701, 1702.

House Bill No. 333, to regulate practice of chiropody and to license chiropodists, 1221, 1222.

House Bill No. 354, requiring all employers to grant certain time for midday meal to each employe, 1618.

House Bill No. 378, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania allowing municipalities to increase their indebtedness, 1462, 1463, 3611, 3612.

House Bill No. 434, to fix salary of coroner of any county having population of one million or over, 1837, 1838.

House Bill No. 476, relating to sheriff's sale of lands under writs issued out of court of common pleas, 1785.

House Bill No. 518, amending act providing uniform method of electing certain party officers by providing for one primary election in place of two, 1192.

House Bill No. 729, to enable electors to express at November, 1911, election their preference for or against election of United States Senators by direct vote, 3039.

House Bill No. 770, joint resolution constituting commission to investigate and report on care of feeble-minded and epileptic persons, 2597.

EY, CHARLES J., JR.—Continued.

House Bill No. 778, amending act relating to corporations and to estates held for religious and charitable uses, 3497.

House Bill No. 798, relating to sale of goods, 3218.

House Bill No. 882, amending act relating to disposition of property of decedents by extending its provisions to cases where devises shall be impracticable, 3360.

House Bill No. 1263, making appropriation to Temple University of Philadelphia, 3241, 3242.

marks by, on

House concurrent resolution No. 8, regarding investigation of conditions in Westmoreland County coal fields, 823.

ote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

OK, CHARLES A., Inspector of State Penitentiary for Western District, nominated, 23.

OSEVELT HOSPITAL OF PHILADELPHIA, making appropriation to

ouse Bill No. 985

Read in place in House by Mr. Gransback, 104.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 104.
Reported with amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2331.
Second reading, 2395.
Third reading and final passage, 2745.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3312.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3312.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.

n Senate (No. 915)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2684.
First reading, 2705.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2908.
Re-reported with amendment, 2929.
Third reading and final passage, 3066.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3282.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

SELIA FOUNDLING ASYLUM and Maternity Hospital of City of Pittsburg, making appropriation to

Iouse Bill No. 1150

Read in place in House by Mr. Geary, 112.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 112.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2339.
Second reading, 2421.
Third reading and final passage, 2799.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3318.
Non-concurred in Senate amendments, 3318.
Returned from Senate with adherence to its amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3372.
Conference committee appointed, 3372.
Conference committee report considered and adopted, 3594.
Returned from Senate with conference committee report adopted, 3599.
Signed by Speaker, 3609.

In Senate (No. 1070)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2712.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2919.
Re-reported with amendment.
Third reading and final passage, 3095.
Returned from House with Senate amendments nonconcurred in, 3280.
Conference committee appointed, 3280.
Returned from House with adherence to its non-concurrence in Senate amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3377.
Returned from House with conference committee report adopted, 3458.
Conference committee report considered and adopted, 3458.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3537.

OSELIA FOUNDLING ASYLUM and Maternity Hospital of City of Pittsburg, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 102.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 102.

ROSINE HOME OF PHILADELPHIA, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1164

Read in House by Mr. Bender, 95.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 95.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2340.
Second reading, 2423.
Third reading and final passage, 2804.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

In Senate (No. 1084)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2662.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2712.
Second reading, 2920.
Third reading and final passage, 3098.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

ROSS, ADAM A., Member of State Board to Examine Expert Accountants, nominated, 27.

ROUTES OF GENERAL EDWARD BRADDOCK and General John Forbes, making an appropriation to commission to survey military

Senate Bill No. 187

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Endsley, 340.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 340.
Reported without amendment, 453.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 518.
Re-reported with amendment, 2215.
Second reading, 2287.
Third reading and final passage, 2452.

In House

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2570.

ROUTES OF GENERAL EDWARD BRADDOCK and General John Forbes, to provide for commission to survey and make report on military

House Bill No. 747

Read in place in House by Mr. Reel, 1357.
Referred to Committee on Centennial Affairs, 1357.
Reported with amendment, 1695.
First reading, 1829.
Second reading, 2123.
Third reading and final passage, 3026.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3529.
Signed by Speaker, 3588.

In Senate (No. 1207)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3045.
Reported without amendment, 3120.
First reading, 3177.
Second reading, 3300.
Third reading and final passage, 3387.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3538.

ROW, CHARLES DeVENY, Representative from Second District, (Dauphin County),

Amendment offered by, to

House Bill No. 125, to prevent spread of certain noxious weeds, 1345.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84. 85.

Bills introduced by

Amending act relating to competency of witnesses so as to make husband and wife a competent witness to testify for or against each other in support of criminal charge of bigamy, 391.

Appropriating to Dauphin County extraordinary expenses incurred in trial of Capitol Building cases, 717.

Repealing act for increase of certain fees in Dauphin County so far as it relates to fees of jurors and witnesses, 142.

Repealing act to increase pay of jurors and witnesses in certain counties so far as it applies to Dauphin County, 142.

Repealing act to increase pay of jurors in Dauphin County, 142.

Repealing article one of act regulating banks, 436.

Bills reported by

No. 51

To protect growers of ginseng, golden seal or other medical plants, 187.

No. 166 (Senate Bill No. 523)

Authorizing Department of Agriculture to extend its work so as to connect with it a system of outdoor or field instruction, 415.

ROW, CHARLES DE VENY—Continued.

No. 365 (Senate Bill No. 535)
Amending act imposing additional taxes for State purposes and abolishing Revenue Board, 845.

No. 391 (Senate Bill No. 637)
To tax traction engines, 883.

No. 409
To provide for transportation of children who live 1 1-2 miles or more from public school, 897.

No. 561 (Senate Bill No. 718)
Amending act relating to State Livestock Sanitary Board by further regulating appraisement of animals destroyed, 1213.

No. 610
Regulating physical condition of telephone lines and transmission of messages on lines of two or more telephone companies, 1340.

Election of, 43.

Leave of absence asked for, 3011.

Motion by, to
Postpone for present House Bill No. 51, to protect growers of ginseng, golden seal or other medical plants, 335.

Petitions presented by, from
Citizens of Dauphin County against commission form of government, 300.
Citizens of Dauphin County against Halferty Oleomargarine Bill, 2015.
Citizens of Dauphin County against school code, 1115.
Citizens of Dauphin County for bill requiring Bible to be read in public schools, 525, 636.
Citizens of Dauphin County for Maurer Initiative and Referendum Bill, 565.
Citizens of Dauphin County for memorial to founders of public school system, 635.
Citizens of Dauphin County, for passage of a local option bill, 313.
Grange No. 1313, Patrons of Husbandry, for better telephone facilities, 187.
Grange No. 1358, Patrons of Husbandry, for better telephone facilities, 187.
Halifax Grange Dauphin County for Initiative and Referendum, 1115.
Halifax Grange Dauphin County for revision of present tax laws, 1115.
Halifax Grange No. 1343, Dauphin County, for better telephone facilities, 199.
Pomona Grange No. 60, Dauphin County, Patrons of Husbandry, for better telephone facilities, 187.
Pride of the East Council No. 370, Independent Americans, Williamstown, favoring recommitting school code, 959.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

ROWLAND, MILES C., Member of Commission relating to Toll Bridges across Delaware River, nominated, 26.
Reported, 940.
Confirmed, 956.

RUDOLPH OF BIG RUN for moneys expended in suppression of smallpox epidemic at Eleanora, making appropriation to reimburse E. C.

House Bill No. 1165
Read in place in House by Mr. Wilson, 898.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 898.
Reported with amendment, 2243.
First reading, 2339.
Second reading, 2423.
Third reading and final passage, 2804.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.

In Senate (No. 1085)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2662.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2712.
Second reading, 2920.
Third reading and final passage, 3098.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

RUFFED GROUSE AND CERTAIN OTHER GAME, bills relating to (see game).

RUFFED GROUSE, bill to fix open season for (see season).

RULE FOR AN ISSUE DISCRETIONARY WITH SHERIFF, bill to amend act relating to proceedings where goods or chattels have been seized by sheriff by making entering of (see sheriff).

RULES FOR HOUSE, resolution by Baldwin of Delaware, in reference to adoption of those of 1909 session, 50.

RULES FOR SENATE, resolution by McNichol, in reference to adoption of standing, 5.

RULES OF PRACTICE FOR ALL COURTS OF RECORD of one kind, bill to authorize Supreme Court to promulgate general (see courts).

RULES REGARDING BAR ROOMS, side rooms and beer gardens, bill to authorize judges of the several courts of quarter sessions to make (see liquors).

RUMSEY, JOSEPH B., Representative from Potter County.

Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by
Amending act relating to fixed charge on State Forest Reserves, 154.
To require all property to be taxable and assessed according to its fair cash value, 96.
To require all property to be taxable and assessed according to its fair cash value, 210.

Bill reported by
No. 258
Providing for pensioning of soldiers, sailors and marines who served in Civil War, 688.

Election of, 45.

Leave of absence asked for, 315, 527, 638, 735.

Motion by, to
Place House Bill No. 555, requiring all property, real, personal and mixed, to be taxable and assessed according to its fair cash value, on calendar, 1239.

Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 555, requiring all property, real, personal and mixed, to be taxable and assessed according to its fair cash value, 1611.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

RUSH HOSPITAL FOR CONSUMPTION and Allied Diseases, of Philadelphia, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1188
Read in place in House by Mr. Walnut, 189.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 189.
Reported with amendment, 2243.
First reading, 2341.
Second reading, 2429.
Third reading and final passage, 2812.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.

In Senate (No. 1107)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2663.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2713.
Second reading, 2922.
Third reading and final passage, 3103.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

RUSH HOSPITAL FOR CONSUMPTION and Allied Diseases, of Philadelphia, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 150.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 150.

RUSSIA, joint resolution requesting United States Senators to support Congressional resolution requesting President of United States to abrogate treaty with

House Bill No. 1285
Read in place in House by Mr. Stein, 2474.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2474.
Reported without amendment, 2586.
First reading, 2842.
Second reading, 3019.

RYAN, AND BISHOP WHITAKER, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Nulty, in reference to Legislature adjourning on February fifteenth as mark of respect to Archbishop, 223.
Resolution returned by House, 248.
Concurred in by House, 260.

"SACCHARIN" from provisions of said act, bill to amend act relating to food by omitting (see food).

SACHSE, JULIUS F., Member of Advisory Commission for Preservation of Public Records, nominated, 26.
Reported, 938.
Confirmed, 956.

SACRILEGIOUS PLAYS, exhibitions or performances, bill to prohibit (see amusement).

SAFETY APPLIANCES, bill to protect persons employed in or about mines by providing (see mines).

SAFETY APPLIANCES TO BE USED ON STEAM BOILERS, bill to provide for certain (see steam boilers).

SAFETY DEVICES ON ALL GRADE CROSSINGS of steam railroads, bill to require (see railroads).

SAFETY OF PASSENGERS OF STREET RAILWAY CARS, bill to provide for protection and (see railways).

SAFETY OF TRAVELERS AND EMPLOYES UPON RAILROADS by compelling railroads to properly man their trains, bill to promote (see railroads).

SAILOR OR MARINE, bill to authorize County Commissioners to appoint a sufficient number of persons to bury and provide a headstone for any soldier, (see bury).

SAILORS AND OFFICERS, regulars or volunteers, who served in Civil War and War with Mexico, bill to grant pensions to certain enlisted men, soldiers, (see pensions).

SAILORS' AND SOLDIERS' HOME, appointment of trustees of Pennsylvania
In House, 73.
In Senate, 92.

SAILORS (AND THEIR) WIDOWS, who served in Civil War, bill to provide for relief of destitute and indigent (see soldiers).

SAILORS, bill to amend act relating to markers for graves of certain soldiers and sailors by extending its provision to widows of soldiers and (see graves).

SAILORS OF THE LATE WAR, bill to amend act, so as to make it apply to counties with a population between 800,000 and 1,400,000, relating to monument at county seat in memory of soldiers and (see counties).

SAILORS WHO SERVED IN CIVIL WAR, bill to provide for pensioning of (see pensioning).

SAILORS WHO SERVED IN CIVIL WAR, bill to require that all hospitals maintained wholly or partly by State appropriations shall receive as patients without charge all sick or injured honorably discharged (see hospitals).

SAINT CHRISTOPHER'S HOSPITAL FOR CHILDREN of Philadelphia, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 978
Read in place in House by Mr. Hecht, 391.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 391.
Reported with amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2331.
Second reading, 2396.
Third reading and final passage, 2743.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.
In Senate (No. 908)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2684.
First reading, 2704.
Second reading, 2908.
Third reading and final passage, 3065.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

SAINT FRANCIS' HOSPITAL of Pittsburg, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1025
Read in place in House by Mr. Rath, 252.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 252.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2333.
Second reading, 2404.
Third reading and final passage, 2758.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.
In Senate (No. 955)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2685.
First reading, 2706.
Second reading, 2911.
Third reading and final passage, 3074.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

SAINT FRANCIS' HOSPITAL of Pittsburg, bill making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Kline, 222.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 222.

SAINT FRANCIS' HOSPITAL, Pittsburg, making appropriation to
Senate Bill No. 709
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Kline, 2156.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2156.
Reported without amendment, 2216.
First reading, 2287.
Second reading, 2466.
Third reading and final passage, 2543.
Returned from House without amendment, 3049.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3277.
In House (No. 1352)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2843.
Reported without amendment, 3005.
First reading, 3006.
Second reading, 3015.
Third reading and final passage, 3200.
Signed by Speaker, 3493.

SAINT JOHN'S GENERAL HOSPITAL of Allegheny City, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1137
Read in place in House by Mr. Swan, 172.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 172.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2338.
Second reading, 2419.
Third reading and final passage, 2795.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.
In Senate (No. 1058)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2688.
First reading, 2711.
Second reading, 2918.
Third reading and final passage, 3093.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

SAINT JOHN'S ORPHAN ASYLUM, Philadelphia, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1063
Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 189.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 189.
Reported with amendment, 2240.
First reading, 2335.
Second reading, 2410.
Third reading and final passage, 2770.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.
In Senate (No. 989)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2708.
Second reading, 2913.
Third reading and final passage, 3080.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

SAINT JOHN'S ORPHAN ASYLUM, Philadelphia, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 268.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 268.

SAINT JOSEPH'S HOME AND MATERNITY HOSPITAL of Scranton, Lackawanna County, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 992
Read in place in House by Mr. Haggerty, 156.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 156.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2332.
Second reading, 2399.
Third reading and final passage, 2747.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.
In Senate (No. 922)
Referred to Committe on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2685.
First reading, 2705.
Second reading, 2909.
Third reading and final passage, 3068.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

SAINT JOSEPH'S HOME AND MATERNITY HOSPITAL of Scranton, Lackawanna County, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichols, 150.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 150.

SAINT JOSEPH'S HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY of Pittsburg, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1023

Read in place in House by Mr. Klumpp, 315.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 315.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2333.
Second reading, 2403.
Third reading and final passage, 2758.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.

In Senate (No. 953)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2685.
First reading, 2706.
Second reading, 2911.
Third reading and final passage, 3073.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

SAINT JOSEPH'S HOSPITAL in City of Reading, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1074

Read in place in House by Mr. Sassaman, 112.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 112.
Reported with amendment, 2240.
First reading, 2336.
Second reading, 2411.
Third reading and final passage, 2774.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3313.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3313.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.

In Senate (No. 998)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2687.
First reading, 2708.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2914.
Re-reported with amendment,
Third reading and final passage, 3081.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3282.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

SAINT JOSEPH'S HOSPITAL in City of Reading, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Herbst, 118.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 118.

SAINT JOSEPH'S HOSPITAL of Philadelphia, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 944

Read in place in House by Mr. Savidge, 104.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 104.
Reported without amendment, 2236.
First reading, 2330.
Recommitted to Committee 2385.
Re-reported with amendment, 2516.
Second reading, 2834.
Third reading and final passage, 2984.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3529.
Signed by Speaker, 3588.

In Senate (No. 1226)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3043.
Reported without amendment, 3121.
First reading, 3178.
Second reading, 3302.
Third reading and final passage, 3391.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3539.

SAINT JOSEPH'S PROTECTORY FOR HOMELESS BOYS of Pittsburg, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 130.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 130.

SAINT JOSEPH'S PROTECTORY FOR HOMELESS BOYS, Pittsburg, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1149

Read in place in House by Mr. Geary, 142.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 142.

SAINT JOSEPH'S PROTECTORY FOR HOMELESS BOYS—Continued.

Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2339.
Second reading, 2421.
Third reading and final passage, 2799.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

In Senate (No. 1069)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2712.
Second reading, 2919.
Third reading and final passage, 3095.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

SAINT JOSEPH'S PROTECTORY, Norristown, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1116

Read in place in House by Mr. Miller, 172.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 172.
Reported with amendment, 2241.
First reading, 2338.
Second reading, 2417.
Third reading and final passage, 2788.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3315.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3315.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

In Senate (No. 1039)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2688.
First reading, 2710.
Second reading, and recommitted to Committee, 2917.
Re-reported with amendment,
Third reading and final passage, 3089.
Returned from House with Senate amendments, concurred in, 3282.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

SAINT LUKE'S HOMEOPATHIC HOSPITAL of Philadelphia, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1100

Read in place in House by Mr. McAleer, 121.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 121.
Reported with amendment, 2241.
First reading, 2337.
Second reading, 2414.
Third reading and final passage, 2783.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.

In Senate (No. 1024)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.
Reported without amendment, 2687.
First reading, 2710.
Second reading, 2916.
Third reading and final passage, 3086.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

SAINT LUKE'S HOSPITAL located at South Bethlehem, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1160

Read in place in House by Mr. Artanus H. Snyder, 111.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 111.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2340.
Second reading, 2422.
Third reading and final passage, 2803.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

In Senate (No. 1080)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2662.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2712.
Second reading, 2920.
Third reading and final passage, 3097.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

SAINT LUKE'S HOSPITAL located at South Bethlehem, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Miller, 102.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 102.

SAINT MARY'S HOSPITAL of Philadelphia, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 927

Read in place in House by Mr. Curry, 172.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 172.
Reported without amendment, 2236.
First reading, 2329.
Second reading, 2388.
Third reading and final passage, 2725.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.

In Senate (No. 858)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2656.
Reported without amendment, 2683.
First reading, 2702.
Second reading, 2904.
Third reading and final passage, 3056.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

SAINT PATRICK'S ORPHAN ASYLUM of Scranton, Lackawanna County, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 56

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichols, 150.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 150.
Reported without amendment, 240.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 272.
Re-reported with amendment, 2215.
Second reading, 2273.
Third reading and final passage, 2447.
Returned from House without amendment, 3049.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3275.

In House (No. 1324)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2570.
Reported without amendment, 2841.
First reading, 2998.
Second reading, 3013.
Third reading and final passage, 3195.
Signed by Speaker, 3496.

SAINT TIMOTHY'S MEMORIAL HOSPITAL and House of Mercy, Roxborough, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1183

Read in place in House by Mr. Morris, 112.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 112.
Reported with amendment, 2243.
First reading, 2341.
Second reading, 2427.
Third reading and final passage, 2810.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.

In Senate (No. 1102)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2662.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2713.
Second reading, 2921.
Third reading and final passage, 3102.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

SAINT VINCENT'S HOME AND MATERNITY HOSPITAL, Philadelphia, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 920

Read in place in House by Mr. Connell, 1468.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1468.
Reported with amendment, 2236.
First reading, 2328.
Recommitted to Committee, 2385.
Re-reported with amendment, 2516.
Second reading, 2834.
Third reading and final passage, 2984.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3529.
Signed by Speaker, 3588.

In Senate (No. 1234)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3043.
Reported without amendment, 3121.
First reading, 3179.
Second reading, 3303.
Third reading and final passage, 3392.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3539.

SAINT VINCENT'S HOME, Philadelphia, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1064

Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 189.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 189.
Reported with amendment, 2240.
First reading, 2335.
Recommitted to Committee, 2385.
Re-reported with amendment, 2516.
Second reading, 2834.
Third reading and final passage, 2985.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3529.
Signed by Speaker, 3588.

In Senate (No. 1225)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3064.
Reported without amendment, 3121.
First reading, 3178.
Second reading, 3302.
Third reading and final passage, 3391.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3539.

SAINT VINCENT'S HOME, Philadelphia, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 268.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 268.

SAINT VINCENT'S HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION of City of Erie, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1201

Read in place in House by Mr. Shreve, 154.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 154.
Reported with amendment, 2243.
First reading, 2341.
Second reading, 2431.
Third reading and final passage, 2816.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3318.
Non-concurred in Senate amendments, 3318.
Returned from Senate with adherence to its amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3372.
Conference Committee appointed, 3372.
Conference Committee report considered and adopted, 3587.
Returned from Senate with conference committee report adopted, 3599.
Signed by Speaker, 3609.

In Senate (No. 1120)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2663.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2714.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2923.
Re-reported with amendment, 2929.
Third reading and final passage, 3105.
Returned from House with Senate amendments non-concurred in, 3281.
Conference committee appointed, 3281.
Returned from House with adherence to its non-concurrence in Senate amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3377.
Returned from House with conference committee report adopted, 3457.
Conference Committee report considered and adopted, 3457.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3537.

SAINT VINCENT'S HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION of City of Erie, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Clark, 151.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 151.

SAINT VINCENT'S ORPHANS' ASYLUM of Tacony, Philadelphia, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1091

Read in place in House by Mr. Abbott, 103.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 103.
Reported with amendment, 2240.
First reading, 2336.
Second reading, 2413.
Third reading and final passage, 2780.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3314.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3314.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.

SAINT VINCENT'S ORPHANS' ASYLUM—Continued.
In Senate (No. 1015)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.
Reported without amendment, 2687.
First reading, 2709.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2915.
Re-reported with amendment,
Third reading and final passage, 3085.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3282.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

SAINT VINCENT'S ORPHANS' ASYLUM of Tacony, Philadelphia, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Nulty, 402.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 402.

SALARIES AND HOURS OF LABOR OF EMPLOYES of State or any civil division thereof, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania so as to permit General Assembly to fix (see Constitution).

SALARIES AND MILEAGE OF MEMBERS AND EMPLOYES of Senate for session of 1911, statement of, 3462.
Resolution adopted relative to payment of same, 3464.

SALARIES OF ASSESSOR in each legislative district and from county at large in certain counties, bill to authorize appointment of and to fix (see assessor).

SALARIES OF CHIEF, Deputy Chief and Chief Clerk of Department of Mines, bills relating to (see Mines).

SALARIES OF CITY CONTROLLERS IN CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, bill to fix (see cities).

SALARIES OF CLERKS AND COPYISTS IN OFFICE OF RECORDER of deeds in counties having population of 1,000,000 or over, bill to amend, so as to make it apply to any county having population of 1,400,000 or over, act fixing (see county).

SALARIES OF CLERKS AND EMPLOYES IN OFFICE of clerk of court of oyer and terminer and quarter sessions of the peace in any county having population of 1,000,000 or over, bill to amend, so as to make it apply to counties having a population of 1,400,000 or over, act fixing (see counties).

SALARIES OF CLERKS AND OTHER EMPLOYES in Department of Auditor-General, bill to fix number and (see Department).

SALARIES OF CLERKS of Court of Common Pleas in counties having between 750,000 and 1,200,000 inhabitants, bill relating to appointment and (see clerks).

SALARIES OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS, bills relating to (see county, counties and commissioners).

SALARIES OF COUNTY OFFICERS and their assistants in counties with population of less than 150,000, bill to fix (see counties).

SALARIES OF DEPUTIES TO QUARANTINE PHYSICIAN, bill to amend act in regard to Quarantine Board so as to regulate (see Quarantine).

SALARIES OF DEPUTY PROTHONOTARY and clerk of Supreme Court of Eastern and Middle Districts, to amend act relating to (see prothonotary).

SALARIES OF DEPUTY SHERIFFS ON DUTY in court rooms of oyer and terminer and quarter sessions of the peace in counties having between 750,000 and 1,200,000 population, bill in relation to (see sheriffs).

SALARIES OF DIRECTOR AND ASSISTANT DIRECTOR, bill to amend act creating a Legislative Reference Bureau by providing for additional employes and increasing (see Legislative Reference).

SALARIES OF DIRECTORS OF THE POOR in Dauphin County, bills relating to (see Dauphin).

SALARIES OF ELECTION OFFICERS and return judges, bill to fix (see election officers).

SALARIES OF EMPLOYES in Adjutant General's Department and in State Arsenal, bill to regulate number of and to fix (see employes).

SALARIES OF EMPLOYES IN OFFICE OF REGISTER OF WILLS of any county having population of 1,000,000 or over, bill to amend, so as to make it apply to counties having population of 1,400,000 or over, act fixing (see counties).

SALARIES OF EMPLOYES OF INSURANCE DEPARTMENT, bill to designate number of and to fix (see insurance).

SALARIES OF INSPECTORS OF DWELLINGS IN CITIES of first class, bill to provide for (see cities).

SALARIES OF INSPECTORS to enforce act in regard to sale of certain cold storage food, bill to fix (see cold storage).

SALARIES OF JUDGES, bills relating to (see judges).

SALARIES OF MEMBERS OF ARMORY BOARD, bill to amend act relating to Armory Board of State of Pennsylvania by fixing (see Armory).

SALARIES OF OFFICERS, clerks and employes in State Treasury, bill to fix number and (see State Treasury).

SALARIES OF OFFICERS, clerks and employes therein, bill to reorganize Department of Internal Affairs and fix (see Department).

SALARIES OF SCHOOL TEACHERS, bills relating to (see teachers).

SALARIES OF SECRETARY AND TREASURER thereof, bill to amend act establishing State Livestock Sanitary Board by providing for organization of said Board and fixing (see State Livestock).

SALARIES OF SECOND ASSISTANT STATE LIBRARIAN and messenger in State Library, bill to fix (see State Librarian).

SALARIES OF SUPERINTENDENT AND EMPLOYES OF DEPARTMENT and salaries of officers and men of State Police Force, bill to amend act creating Department of State Police by fixing (see State Police).

SALARIES OF TIPSTAVES IN COURTS of counties having population of not less than 500,000 by changing limit of population, bill to amend act increasing (see tipstaves).

SALARY OF CORONER OF ANY COUNTY having population of one million or over, bill to fix (see coroner).

SALARY OF COUNTY ENGINEERS IN COUNTIES containing between 800,000 and 1,400,000 inhabitants, bill to fix (see engineer).

SALARY OF COURT CRIERS AND TIPSTAVES in certain judicial districts, bill to regulate (see fees).

SALARY OF CRIER OF CERTAIN COURTS IN COUNTIES having between 1,000,000 and 1,500,000 inhabitants, bil to fix (see compensation).

SALARY OF DEPUTY RECORDER OF DEEDS in any county with population of 1,000,000 or over, bill to amend so as to make it apply to counties with population of 1,400,000 or over, act fixing (see counties).

SALARY OF DISTRICT ATTORNEY IN CERTAIN COUNTIES, bills relating to (see District Attorney).

SALARY OF EMPLOYES TO FACILITATE PROBATION of juvenile court, supplement to act relating to care of neglected children fixing (see children).

SALARY OF PRIVATE SECRETARY TO GOVERNOR, bill to fix (see Private Secretary).

SALARY OF REAL ESTATE ASSESSORS IN COUNTIES having a population of one million or over, bill to amend, so as to apply to counties having a population of one million four hundred thousand or over act fixing (see counties).

SALARY OF REGISTER OF WILLS IN COUNTIES having population of 1,400,000 or over, bill to fix (see register of wills).

SALARY OF SECOND ASSISTANT DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL in Attorney General's Departmont, bill to create office of and fix (see Attorney General).

SALARY OF SOLICITOR IN COUNTIES having population of from 800,000 to 1,400,000, bill to amend act relating to appointment of solicitor in certain counties so as to fix (see solicitor).

SALARY OF STOREKEEPER in office of Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings, bill to fix (see storekeeper).

SALARY TO ANY EMPLOYE OF SENATE or House of Representatives unless such employe shall have actually performed the duties of his office, bill to prohibit payment of (see employe).

SALARY TO BE PAID TO DIRECTORS, officers and superintendents of any corporation, bill to regulate (see corporation).

SALARY TO MEMBERS OF STATE FORESTRY RESERVATION COMMISSION who have heretofore served without pay, bill to amend act establishing Department of Forestry providing for payment of (see Forestry).

SALE, bill to prohibit misbranding of articles of merchandise intended to be exposed for (see merchandise).

SALE IN BULK OF HOUSEHOLD GOODS, furniture and cooking utensils, being property of tenant, either of dwelling house, hotel or of boarding house, except at public sale, bill relative to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Weingartner, 1231.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1231.

SALE OF ADULTERATED ICE CREAM and fixing standard of butterfat for ice cream, bill to prevent manufacture and (see ice cream).

SALE OF ADULTERATED SAUSAGE, bill to prohibit (see sausage).

SALE OF ANTHRACITE COAL IN CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, bill to provide for delivery of tickets in (see cities).

SALE OF ANY ARTICLE OF COMMODITY, bill to make it a misdemeanor for any two or more persons to enter into any agreement to control prices of or prevent free competition in (see competion).

SALE OF ANY GOODS IN ANY ONE COUNTY, bill to fix mercantile tax where more than three separate places of business are maintained for (see mercantile tax).

SALE OF ANY PACKAGE OF MERCHANDISE, bill to prohibit awarding or prizes, premium or gifts in connection with (see premiums).

SALE OF ANY UNSERVICEABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY belonging to Commonwealth, to provide for

House Bill No. 49

Read in place in House by Mr. Shern, 124.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 124.
Reported without amendment, 171.
First reading, 197.
Second reading, 202.
Third reading and final passage, 216.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 1088.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 1088.
Signed by Speaker, 1155.
Concurrent resolution recalling bill from Governor, 1338.
Resolution returned by Senate concurred in,
Resolution approved by Governor, 1472.
Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 1472.
Resumed and passed finally, 1617.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 1677.
Signed by Speaker, 1703.
Approved by Governor, 1920.

In Senate (No. 205)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 228.
Reported without amendment, 487.
First reading, 563.
Second reading and amended, 629.
Over in its order, 668.
Third reading and final passage, 702.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 1101.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1106.
Resolution recalling bill from Governor concurred in, 1327.
Returned from House with amendments, 1548.
Concurred in House amendments, 1549.
Signed by President, 1746.

SALE OF CERTAIN COMMODITIES BY MEANS OF RAFFLES, raffle cards, punch cards or other devices or schemes, bill to prohibit any person from engaging in (see raffles).

SALE OF CERTAIN DANGEROUS KINDS OF MATCHES, bill to prohibit manufacture or offering for (see matches).

SALE OF CERTAIN DRUGS, including opium, absinthe, chloral, caffeine and nux vomica, bill to regulate (see drugs).

SALE OF CERTAIN FIRE CRACKERS, fireworks and certain explosive materials, bill to regulate (see fire crackers).

SALE OF CERTAIN SEEDS, bill to provide for selection and examination by Department of Agriculture of samples of seeds, and to regulate (see seeds).

SALE OF CIGARETTES AND CIGARETTE PAPER, bill to regulate (see cigarettes).

SALE OF COLD STORAGE FOODS, bills relating to (see cold storage).

SALE OF CONCENTRATED COMMERCIAL FEEDING-STUFFS providing penalty for copying same when manufacturer in compliance with said act shall have revealed composition of such feeding-stuffs, supplement to act relating to (see feeding-stuffs).

SALE OF DANGEROUS OR DEADLY WEAPONS, bill to regulate (see weapons).

SALE OF DEADLY WEAPONS AND EXPLOSIVE SUBSTANCES, petition presented for passage of act regulating (see petitions).

SALE OF DEADLY WEAPONS AND EXPLOSIVE SUBSTANCES, to regulate

House Bill No. 192

Read in place in House by Mr. Reyburn, 303.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 303.
Reported without amendment, 472.
First reading, 587.
Second reading and postponed for present, 598.
Resumed and recommitted to Committee, 736.
Re-reported with amendment, 971.
Defeated on second reading, 1049.

SALE OF DISTILLATES OF PETROLEUM and prescribing standard of tests, bill to regulate (see petroleum).

SALE OF EGGS UNFIT FOR FOOD providing for denaturing by kerosene of all eggs unfit for food, supplementary to act prohibiting (see eggs).

SALE OF FABRICS CONTAINING WOOL OR COTTON, to regulate the

House Bill No. 852

Read in place in House by Mr. Breitinger, 109.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 109.
Reported with amendment, 1948.
First reading, 2048.
Second reading and amended, 2356.

SALE OF FIREARMS and providing for record of sale of all firearms, bill relating to (see firearms).

SALE OF FISH, bills relating to (see fish).

SALE OF FOOD, when sold by weight, measure or count, bill to regulate (see weights).

SALE OF GOODS, relating to

Senate Bill No. 11

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 101.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 101.
Reported without amendment, 129.
First reading, 153.
Recommitted to Committee, 170.
Re-reported with amendment, 554.
Second reading, 622-627.
Third reading and final passage, 666.

In House (No. 798)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 697.
Reported with amendment, 1758.
First reading, 1761.
Second reading, 2108-2113.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 3218.
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Remarks on, by

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SALE OF INTOXICATING DRINKS in Ohio Township, Beaver County, bill to repeal so far as it applies to Borough of Midland act relating to (see Midland).

SALE OF LANDS, tenements and hereditaments may be recorded, bill to prescribe conditions under which contracts and agreements for (see recorded).

SALE OF LIME, hydrated lime and ground limestone for agricultural purposes, bill to regulate (see lime).

SALE OF LINSEED OIL AND COMPOUNDS and imitations thereof, bill to regulate storage and (see linseed oil).

SALE OF LIQUORS and fixing proportion of number of such licenses to number of inhabitants thereof, bill relative to granting of licenses in cities of first class for (see cities).

SALE OF LIQUORS, bills relating to (see liquors).

SALE OF MILK IN CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, bill to amend act relating to licensing of those engaged in (see cities).

SALE OF MILK, SKIMMED MILK AND CREAM, bill to provide for protection of public health by regulating (see milk).

SALE OF OLEOMARGARINE, bills relating to (see oleomargarine).

SALE OF PAINT, putty, turpentine or linseed oil, bill to prevent deception in (see paint).

SALE OF "PATENT" AND "PROPRIETARY" MEDICINES, bill to regulate manufacture and (see medicines).

SALE OF POISONS AND DRUGS, bills relating to (see drugs).

SALE OF PRESENT WESTERN PENITENTIARY, bill making appropriation for a new penitentiary and directing (see penitentiary).

SALE OF PROPERTIES LIENED IN CERTAIN CASES, bill to amend act relating to liens for taxes and municipal improvements by providing that tax and municipal claims shall not be divested by any judicial (see liens).

SALE OF PURE SPIRITS OF TURPENTINE, substitutes and imitations thereof bill to regulate (see turpentine).

SALE OF REAL ESTATE BY RECEIVERS, bill relating to private (see receivers).

SALE OF REAL ESTATE BY SAVINGS FUND, loan and building associations, bill relating to purchase and (see building associations).

SALE OF STOCK OF MINING COMPANIES and to prohibit sale of worthless stock in such companies, bill to regulate (see mining).

SALE OF TICKETS FOR PLACES OF AMUSEMENT, bill to regulate printing and (see tickets).

SALE OF VARIOUS PROPERTY FOR RENT, bills relating to levy and (see rent).

SALE OF WASHERY OR CULM BANK COAL as freshly mined coal, bill to prohibit (see coal).

SALE ON EXECUTION OR DISTRESS FOR RENT, bill to exempt dental furniture, tools and equipment leased, hired or conditionally sold from levy or (see dental).

SALES, bill relating to Receivers' (see receivers').

SALES, bill to regulate method of instalment payments on conditional (see instalment).

SALES MADE BY ANY CORPORATION, bills relating to (see corporation and corporations).

SALES OF LAND FOR TAXES, bill relating to treasurer's (see treasurer's).

SALES OF LAND UNDER WRITS ISSUED out of court of common pleas, bill relating to sheriff's (see sheriff's sales of land).

SALES OF REAL ESTATE approved by Orphans' Courts for payment of debts, bill relating to private (see Orphans' Courts).

SALISBURY MEMORIAL COMMISSION to erect memorial in National Cemetery at Florence, North Carolina, in memory of Pennsylvania soldiers who perished in Confederate Prison at Florence, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Wilbert, authorizing, 3122.
Resolution returned by House, 3279.
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SALISBURY, NORTH CAROLINA, making appropriation to provide for publishing of proceedings of the dedication of Pennsylvania monument at
House Bill No. 954
Read in place in House by Mr. Keister, 415.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 416.
Reported with amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2330.
Second reading, 2392.
Third reading and final passage, 2734.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.
In Senate (No. 884)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2656.
Reported without amendment, 2683.
First reading, 2703.
Second reading, 2906.
Third reading and final passage, 3061.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

SALOONS AND OTHER PUBLIC PLACES, bill to prevent treating in (see treating).

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Amendments offered by, to
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Amending act relating to certain estates by fur defining disqualification of certain persons to ness deeds and wills, 374.
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Amending act relating to damages for injuries ducing death by providing that domicile reside citizenship or nationality shall be no bar a right to recover, 665.
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Amending and supplementing act relating to cer banking associations by regulating owing of m board of directors, lending and borrowing and prohibiting loans on or purchases of ca stock except in certain cases, 1668.
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Making appropriation to Department of Mines to tect property and promote safety of citizens dangers from mine fire in Carbondale, 22
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Making appropriation to Frederick Douglass morial Hospital and Training School, 90.
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Relating to settlement and audit of accounts officers of boroughs, townships, poor districts school districts, 2216, 2217.
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Making appropriation to Pennsylvania Museum a School of Industrial Art, 130.
Making appropriation to Pennsylvania Society Protect Children from Cruelty, 90.
Making appropriation to Philadelphia Association f Protection of Colored Women, 700.
Making appropriation to Philadelphia Polyclinic a College for Graduates in Medicine, 298.
Making appropriation to Philadelphia Polyclinic a College for Graduates in Medicine, 788.
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Providing for erection of Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic at Spring City, 282.
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No. 402
Relating to recording of agreements and contracts for sale and exchange of lands, tenements and hereditaments, 938.

No. 431 (House Bill No. 206)
Relating to receipts of certificates issued by owners of bonded distillery warehouses, special bonded warehouses and bonded warehouses, 1099.

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For safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings in cities of third class, boroughs and townships by providing proper exits, fire escapes and other preventives of fire, 1305.

No. 505
Regulating sale of liquors in certain counties and providing for commission to grant such licenses, 1431, 1655.

No. 506 (House Bill No. 906)
Regulating licensing of brewers and distillers, 1431.

No. 533 (House Bill No. 304)
Supplement to act to increase pay of jurors and witnesses in this Commonwealth so as to make one general per diem rate, 1442.

No. 610 (House Bill No. 231)
Amending act relating to damages for injuries producing death so as to provide that certain surviving relatives may recover damages whether such relatives be citizens of this State or not, 1707.

No. 615 (House Bill No. 652)
To repeal so far as it relates to Borough of Rankin act to prohibit issuing of licenses to sell liquors in certain boroughs in Allegheny County, 1717.

No. 714 (House Bill No. 515)
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No. 715 (House Bill No. 539)
Amending act increasing salaries of tipstaves in courts of certain counties by changing limit of population of such counties, 2216.

No. 716 (House Bill No. 565)
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No. 719 (House Bill No. 224)
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No. 720 (House Bill No. 291)
Conferring authority upon county commissioners to appropriate money for maintenance of tuberculosis patients in certain sanitoriums, 2218.

No. 721 (House Bill No. 397)
Repealing act providing for taxation of all of property of corporations having capital stock at rate of five mills and exempting savings institutions having no capital stock, 2218.

No. 722 (House Bill No. 404)
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No. 764 (House Bill No. 742)
Providing method for enforcing orders of maintenance and support, 2472.

No. 1155
Making appropriation to Department of Mines to be protecting property and citizens from dangers from mine fire in City of Carbondale, 2692.

No. 1156 (House Bill No. 547)
Amending act regulating sale of milk in cities of first class by providing for revocation of licenses of second offenders, 2692.

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Consider conference committee report on Senate Bill No. 338, amending act relating to appointment of court stenographers by requiring judges of certain courts to employ stenographer of common pleas court to report in certain cases, 1634.

Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 643, defining and prohibiting pandering, 2615.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 138, regulating manner in which articles of commerce shall be sold, 359.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 182, amending act relating to certain estates by further defining disqualification of persons to witness deeds and wills, 621.

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Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 293, amending act relating to damages for injuries producing death providing that residence or citizenship shall be no bar as to right to recover, 795.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 643, defining and prohibiting pandering, 2179.

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Motion to omit name of John Cadwalader as one of the Registration Commissioners for Philadelphia from list of nominations to be confirmed, 3415.

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SALVATION ARMY IN PENNSYLVANIA, making appropriation to Incorporated Trustees of

Senate Bill No. 80
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 117.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 117.
Reported without amendment, 241.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 274.

SALVATION ARMY RESCUE and Maternity Home of Bellevue, Allegheny County, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1028
Read in place in House by Mr. Alter, 208.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 208.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2333.
Second reading, 2405.
Recommitted to Committee, 2560.
Re-reported with amendment, 2841.
Third reading and final passage, 2985.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3529.
Signed by Speaker, 3588.

In Senate (No. 1236)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3043.
Reported without amendment, 3121.
First reading, 3179.
Second reading, 3303.
Third reading and final passage, 3392.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3539.

SAMARITAN HOSPITAL of Philadelphia, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. Breitinger, 95.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 95.

SAMARITAN HOSPITAL of Temple University of Philadelphia, making appropriation to

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Read in place in House by Mr. Breitinger, 776.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 776.
Reported with amendment, 2236.
First reading, 2329.
Second reading, 2389.
Third reading and final passage, 2727.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.

In Senate (No. 862)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2656.
Reported without amendment, 2683.
First reading, 2702.
Second reading, 2905.
Third reading and final passage, 3057.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

SANATORIUM for Care and Treatment of Poor Consumptives located at Oil City, to authorize State Department of Health to accept title to "The Grand View

Read in place in House by Mr. Whitman, 155.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 155.

SANATORIUM FOR INDIGENT INSANE tuberculosis persons, to authorize purchase by Commonwealth of Mount Aloysius Academy at Cresson for

Senate Bill No. 369

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wertz, 832.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 832.
Reported without amendment, 903.
First reading, 956.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 1004.
Re-reported without amendment, 1455.
Third reading and final passage, 1589.

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Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1678.

SANATORIUM OF ANY SOCIETY of the county, bill to confer authority upon commissioners of counties to appropriate money for maintenance of indigent tuberculosis patients in (see tuberculosis).

SANATORIUMS, bill to prevent fraud upon or by keepers of (see fraud).

SAND PITS, bill to amend act relating to ages at which minors may be employed so that certain minors over fourteen years of age may be employed in (see minors).

SANITARY INSPECTION IN CITIES OF FIRST CLASS of dwellings, bill to provide for (see cities).

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Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

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Amending act relating to safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings in cities not of first and second class, 157.

Amending and supplementing section one of act relating to revenue by taxation, 134.

Conferring authority upon commissioners of counties to appropriate money for maintenance of indigent tuberculosis patients in sanatorium of any society in the county, 111.

Making appropriation to Berks County Tuberculosis Society for additional building and water plant and for maintenance, 112.

Making appropriation to Beulah Anchorage of Reading, 121.

Making appropriation to Home for Friendless Children in the City of Reading, 112.

Making appropriation to Home for Widows and Single Women of Reading, 112.

Making appropriation to Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital of Reading, 112.

Making appropriation to House of Good Shepherd in the City of Reading, 111.

Making appropriation to Reading Hospital in the City of Reading, 110.

Making appropriation to Saint Joseph's Hospital in the City of Reading, 112.

Making appropriation to Sisters of Charity of Saint Catherine's Orphan Asylum of Reading, 112.

To prohibit administration of curare in experiments upon living sentient animals, 526.

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To prohibit experiment upon sentient animals, 526.

To punish buying of dogs, cats, fowl or other valuab animals from minors, unknown or irresponsible parti 526.

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To provide revenue by taxation for improvement public roads, 688.

No. 260

To prohibit use of alum and alum compounds filtration of water, 688.

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No. 333

To regulate practice of chiropody, 734.

No. 869 (Senate Bill No. 462)

Authorizing Insurance Commissioner to proceed agair and take possession of any insolvent or delinque insurance company or association, 1949.

No. 1072 (Senate Bill No. 996)

Making an appropriation to the trustees of the Sta Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania South Mountain, 2240.

No. 1073 (Senate Bill No. 997)

Making an appropriation to the House of the Go Shepherd in the City of Reading, 2240.

No. 1074 (Senate Bill No. 998)

Making an appropriation to the Saint Joseph's Hos tal in the City of Reading, 2240.

No. 1075 (Senate Bill No. 999)

Making an appropriation to the Beulah Anchorage Reading, Reading, 2240.

No. 1076 (Senate Bill No. 1000)

Making an appropriation to the Home for Friendl Children, in the City of Reading, 2240.

No. 1077 (Senate Bill No. 1001)

Making an appropriation to the Homeopathic Me cal and Surgical Hospital of Reading, 2240.

No. 1078 (Senate Bill No. 1002)

Making an appropriation to the Reading Hospital the City of Reading, 2240.

No. 1079 (Senate Bill No. 1003)

Making an appropriation to the Berks County T berculosis Society for the erection of an additio hospital building and water plant, on its grounds Neversink Mountain, Berks County, and for main nance of its sanitorium there, 2240.

No. 1278 (Senate Bill No. 1222)

Making appropriation to Sisters of Charity of Sa Catherine's Orphan Asylum of Reading, 2473.

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Adjourn, 2570.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 784 providing ditional remedies for possession of property in c of non-payment of rent by tenant, 3031.

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Citizens of Berks County against commission form government, 845.

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Read in place in House by Mr. Martin, 142.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 142.

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Senate Bill No. 206

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Jarrett, 223.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 223.
Reported without amendment, 487.
First reading, 564.
Second reading, 630.
Third reading and postponed for present, 668.

SATISFACTION OF MORTGAGES, bills relating to (see mo gages).

AUL AND FLORA SAUL, HIS WIFE, to bring suit against Commonwealth for injuries suffered by said Flora Saul in Capitol Building, to authorize D. L.

House Bill No. 721

Read in place in House by Mr. Tunis, 1082.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1082.
Reported without amendment, 1609.
First reading, 1827.
Second reading, 2117.
Third reading and final passage, 2954.

Remarks on, by

Shaffer, 2954.
Tunis, 2954.
Roney, 2954.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 3044.

AUSAGE, to prohibit sale of adulterated or deleterious

Senate Bill No. 46

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Gerberich, 150.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 150.
Reported without amendment, 224.
First reading, 248.
Second reading, 271.
Third reading and final passage, 292.
Returned by House with amendments, 919, 3467.
Senate concurs in House amendments, 941.
Signed by President, 995.
Approved by Governor, 1226.

In House (No. 222)

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 311.
Reported with amendment, 589.
First reading, 638.
Second reading and amended, 742.
Third reading and amended, 817, 818.
Final passage, 924.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 971.
Signed by Speaker, 1045.

AUSAGE, to prohibit sale of adulterated or deleterious

Read in place in House by Mr. Wasson, 189.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 189.

AVIDGE, ROBERT J., Representative from Twentieth District, (Philadelphia County),

Amendment offered by, to

House Bill No. 358, fixing width of public highways where such highways are crossed above or below grade by tracks of any railroad, 1359, 1360.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84.

Bills introduced by

Giving right to Department of Public Safety in cities of first class to regulate traffic, use and police control of streets and parkways, 437.
Making appropriation to Berean Manual Training and Industrial School, 134.
Making appropriation to Berean Manual Training and Industrial School, 960.
Making appropriation to St. Joseph's Hospital of Philadelphia, 104.
Making appropriation to Woman's Hospital of Philadelphia, 104.
Making appropriation to Women's Medical College of Pennsylvania, 104.

Bills reported by

No. 164

Conferring certain authority on justices of the peace, aldermen and magistrates in regard to petty cases, 415.

No. 223 (Senate Bill No. 740)

Amending act relating to expenses of government by adding county controller and assessors to board of revision in certain counties, 589.

No. 562 (Senate Bill No. 674)

To repeal act to increase pay of jurors and witnesses in Bedford County, 1213.

No. 779 (Senate Bill No. 19)

Regulating infliction of death penalty, 2023.

Election of, 44.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

SAVINGS ACCOUNTS AND SAVINGS INSTITUTIONS, bills relating to taxation of (see taxation).

SAVINGS BANK ORDERS IN CASE OF DEATH of drawer before payment, bill to authorize payment of (see payment).

SAVINGS BANKS to establish life insurance departments, to permit

Read in place in House by Mr. Reyburn, 416.
Referred to Committee on Banks and Banking, 416.

SAVINGS FUND, loan or building associations, bill relating to purchases and sales of real estate by (see building associations).

SAVINGS INSTITUTION in the names of two persons, bill to regulate payment of any deposit made with any (see deposit).

SCAIFE, MARVIN F., Trustee of State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania, at Polk, nominated, 24.

Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

SCATTERGOOD, J. HENRY, Member of Board of Registration Commissioners in and for City of Philadelphia, nominated, 26.

Reported, 3377.
Confirmed, 3414, 3415.

SCHAD, GEORGE J., Representative from Seventh District, (Allegheny County),

Acting Speaker, 72.

Amendment offered by, to

House Bill No. 167, to prohibit bringing into prisons of weapons or other implements, 925.

Appointment of, on

Conference committee, 1693, 3602.

Appointments of, on

Special committee, 52.
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Amending act fixing salary of real estate assessors in certain counties, 188.
Amending act relating to Board for Assessment and Revision of Taxes in certain counties, 123.
Amending act relating to consolidation of boroughs directing court upon petition to order election on the subject of proposed consolidation, 1398.
Amending act relating to fees of prothonotaries of court of common pleas in certain counties, 188.
Amending act relating to sale of liquors, 527.
Creating Bureau of Public Utilities in Department of Public Safety in cities of second class, 208.
Empowering municipal corporations to construct and lease street railway tracks and equipment, 208.
Empowering United States to acquire land in Pennsylvania for national forest reserves, 777.
Establshing in certain counties a Board of Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and County purposes, 324.
Making appropriation to Allegheny General Hospital of Pittsburg, North Side, 115.
Making appropriation to Allegheny General Hospital of Pittsburg, Northside, 417.
Making appropriation to Home of Good Shepherd of County of Allegheny, 94.
Making appropriation to Pittsburg and Allegheny Home for Friendless, 960.
Prohibiting bringing into prisons of weapons or of assisting convicts to escape punishment, 231.
Providing for compilation of all acts pertaining to sale of intoxicating liquors in force at expiration of present session, 1358.
To amend act relating to monument at county seat by making it apply to counties with population between 800,000 and 1,400,000, 9

Bills reported by

No. 565 (Senate Bill No. 716)

Providing for registration of bottles and prohibiting use of same without written consent of owners thereof, 1213.

No. 573 (Senate Bill No. 725)

Regulating pay of election officers in certain counties, 1281.

No. 576 (Senate Bill No. 96)

Increasing number of courts of common pleas in Allegheny County, 1303.

No. 604

Making licenses for sale of liquors personal property and disposable as such, 1340.

SCHAD, GEORGE J.—Continued.

No. 652 (Senate Bill No. 615)
To repeal part of act prohibiting issuing of licenses for sale of liquors in certain parts of Allegheny County which relates to borough of Rankin, 1398.

No. 690 (Senate Bill No. 832)
Joint resolution providing for participation of Pennsylvania in Panama-Pacific International Exposition at San Francisco, 1470.

No. 906 (Senate Bill No. 506)
Regulating licensing of brewers and distillers, 2184.

No. 907
Prohibiting untrue or misleading advertisements, 2235.

No. 1367 (Senate Bill No. 680)
Amending act to establish county court for County of Allegheny by changing election of judges therein mentioned from general election to municipal election, 3182.

Election of, 42.

Motion by, for
House to recede from its amendments to Senate Bill No. 506 (House Bill No. 906), to regulate licensing of brewers and distillers, 3470.

Motion by, in
Reference to time of next meeting, 605.

Motions by, to
Adjourn, 2245. 3504.
Dispense with further reading of Journal, 323.
Drop from calendar House Bill No. 654, further amending act providing for consolidation of boroughs directing court of quarter sessions upon petition of two or more contiguous boroughs to order election held to vote for or against proposed consolidation, 2248.
Drop from calendar House Bill No. 1277, amending act providing for examination, registration and licensure of those engaged in plumbing or house drainage in cities of second class so as to cause it to apply to all second and third class cities, 3484.
Postpone for present House Bill No. 141, establishing in certain counties a Board for Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and county purposes, 581.
Postpone for present House Bill No. 167, to prohibit bringing into prisons of weapons and other implements, 603.
Postpone for present House Bill No. 177, creating a Bureau of Public Utilities in Department of Public Safety in cities of second class, 646.
Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 177, creating Bureau of Public Utilities in Department of Public Safety in cities of second class, 810.
Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 443, establishing county court for County of Allegheny, 1610.
Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 444, amending act authorizing burgess and town council of Wellsboro to levy taxes, borrow money and regulating election of borough council, 1683.

Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 3, fixing salaries of the judges of the several Courts, 218.
House Bill No. 112, to further regulate granting of licenses for sale of liquors, 476, 477.
House Bill No. 141, establishing in certain counties Board for Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and County purposes, 641.
House Bill No. 454, providing that corporations chartered under laws of any other State of United States may purchase and hold real estate in this State, 3334.
House Bill No. 650, amending third section of act to regulate sale of liquors, 2258. 2259, 2260.
House Bill No. 896, amending act to regulate practice of osteopathy and providing for issuing of certificates for license to practice osteopathy, 3359.
House Bill No. 906, regulating licensing of brewers and distillers, 2509, 2583, 2584.
House Bill No. 1287, amending act providing for personal registration of electors in cities of first and second class by further defining "party" and who may be appointed registrars, increasing terms of commissioners and changing registration days, 2961, 2962.

Resolution offered by, in
Reference to United States Senator, nomination of candidate for, and election of teller, 50.

SCHAFFER, WM. I., Reporter of Decisions of Supreme Court, nominated, 23.
Reported, 282
Confirmed, 298.

SCHEDULE OF COMPENSATION, bill to prescribe liability of an employer to make compensation for injuries received by an employe and establishing elective (see employer).

SCHMIDT, GEORGE, Representative from First District (Philadelphia County),

Amendment offered by, to
House Bill No. 791, providing for appointment of deputy coroners in certain counties, 2134.

Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by
Making appropriation to Mount Sinai Hospital, Philadelphia, 416.
Regulating the use of moving picture machines in Boroughs, 121.
Regulating the use of moving picture machines in cities of the third class, 121.
Regulating the use of moving picture machines in townships, 121.

Election of, 44.

Motions by, to
Adjourn, 731.
Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 40, relating to use of moving picture machines in townships, 232.

Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 37, regulating use of moving picture machines in cities of third class, 193.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

SCHOFIELD, JOSEPH A., Representative from Warren County,

Acting Speaker, 1245.

Amendments offered by, to
House Bill No. 3, fixing salaries of the judges of the several courts, 219.
House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 965.
House Bill No. 639, authorizing cities of second class to regulate emission of smoke from chimneys or smokestacks, 2257.

Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by
Amending act for protection of game by making unlawful to sell in this Commonwealth quail, ruffed grouse, Hungarian partridge, wood-cock, wild turkey or deer, except as specially provided for by law, 1329.
Amending act making appropriation for school among Cornplanter Indians of Warren County increasing annual appropriation, 810.
Amending act regulating election of public officers by authorizing county commissioners to construct permanent election room, 360.
Amending act relating to game by further regulating evidence of killing squirrel, hare or rabbit protect crops or trees, 1341.
Amending act relating to game by providing for closed season for two years from passage of this bill for ruffed grouse, Hungarian quail and wild turkey, 1341.
Amending act relating to health and safety of minors so as to exclude tanneries, 437.
Amending act to preserve purity of waters of the State by including tanneries within the scope of the act, 636.
Making appropriation to maintain public road through Cornplanter Indian Reservation, 155.
Making appropriation to Trustees of State Hospital for Insane at Warren, 125.
Making appropriation to Warren Emergency Hospital, 155.
Permitting submission of questions to voters at elections, 416.
Providing for election and appointment of road supervisors in townships, 921.
Providing uniform method of electing certain party officers and delegates and of making nominations for certain public officers, 777.
Relating to time and manner of taking exceptions in any case, civil or criminal, in any court of record, 416.
Relating to treasurer's sales of land for taxes, 252.
Supplement to act relating to sale of certain liquors, 252.
To amend first section of act amending amended act relating to incorporated companies by extending its provisions to petroleum companies, 110.
To permit the release on parole of persons acquitted on the grounds of insanity, 97.
To prohibit unfair commercial discrimination between different sections, 636.

SCHOFIELD, JOSEPH A.—Continued.

To provide against unlawful disclosure of information relative to shipments of competitors by common carriers, 717.

To provide a standard of tests for illuminating oils, 636.

To provide that certificates of association and articles of incorporation may be acknowledged before a justice of the peace, 200.

To repeal act enlarging jurisdiction of Justices of the Peace in County of Warren, 98.

To repeal act enlarging jurisdiction of justices of the peace in County of Warren, 845.

To repeal act fixing costs to be paid to sheriff of Warren County for conveying prisoners to penitentiary, 125.

To regulate fees of court criers and tipstaves in certain judicial districts, 1399.

To regulate nomination and election expenses, 209.

Bills reported by

No. 9 (Senate Bill No. 33)

To regulate the fees of court criers and tipstaves in certain judicial districts, 109.

No. 45 (Senate Bill No. 454)

Relating to elections by surviving husbands or wives to take under or against the wills of decedents to the recording thereof 171.

No. 76

Regulating confirmation of final accounts of executors and administrators, 199.

No. 163 (Senate Bill No. 327)

Enabling counties to appropriate moneys to aid in construction of canals or waterways, 415.

No. 320

Making it a misdemeanor for any person to make or circulate false statements affecting business or character of any person, 734.

No. 321 (Senate Bill No. 577)

Supplement to act relating to care of neglected or dependent children providing for additional employes of juvenile court, 734.

No. 378 (Senate Bill No. 301)

Joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution allowing municipalities to increase their indebtedness, 881.

No. 555

Requiring all property, real, personal or mixed to be taxable and assessed according to its fair cash value, 1213.

No. 583 (Senate Bill No. 794)

Regulating operation of wells producing natural gas, 1303.

No. 598 (Senate Bill No. 727)

Enabling boroughs to validate ordinances where same have not been published according to law or where proof of publication cannot be made, 1328.

No. 665 (Senate Bill No. 811)

Amending act authorizing councils of incorporated boroughs to require paving of streets by fixing different portion of cost which may be assessed against property when property on one side of street is exempt from assessment, 1469.

No. 711

Regulating payment of checks when there shall be insufficient funds to meet same, 1609.

No. 829 (Senate Bill No. 268)

Providing for report to Auditor General by prothonotary of court of common pleas of corporations incorporated by such courts, 1780.

No. 875 (Senate Bill No. 1190)

Defining public service companies and prescribing powers and duties of public service corporations, 2023.

No. 898 (Senate Bill No. 543)

Amending act dividing cities of State into three classes by authorizing councils to pass ordinances regulating competency of workmen engaged in work for such city under contract, 2054.

No. 1086 (Senate Bill No. 1010)

Making an appropriation to the Bradford Hospital of the city of Bradford, 2240.

No. 1087 (Senate Bill No. 1011)

To amend the first section of an act, entitled "An Act making an appropriation for the purpose of continuing and maintaining schools among the Cornplanter Indians, of Warren County," approved the tenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand nine hundred and five, by increasing the annual appropriation, 2240.

SCHOFIELD, JOSEPH A.—Continued.

No. 1088 (Senate Bill No. 1012)

Making an appropriation of two hundred dollars per year, for a period of two years, for the purpose of maintaining a public road through the Cornplanter Indian Reservation and the bridges on said road, in Elk township, Warren County, 2240.

No. 1089 (Senate Bill No. 1013)

Making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for the Insane at Warren, 2240.

No. 1090 (Senate Bill No. 1014)

Making an appropriation to the Warren Emergency Hospital of Warren, 2240.

No. 1335 (Senate Bill No. 687)

Relating to creation of speedy method for collection of taxes on real estate, 2972.

Election of, 45.

Leave of absence asked for, 305.

Motion by, for

House to go into committee of whole to amend House Bill No. 639, authorizing cities of second class to regulate emission of smoke from chimneys and smokestacks, 2257.

Motions by, to

Dispense with further reading of Journal, 1328.

Drop from calendar House Bill No. 17, repealing act enlarging jurisdiction of justices of the peace in County of Warren, 254.

Drop from calendar House Bill No. 1340, providing for liquidation, distribution of assets and dissolution of corporations under supervision of Commissioner of Banking, 3498.

Lay upon table veto of House Bill No. 326, amending act relating to escheats by extending same to other cases of escheats, 2559.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 182, amending act relating to jurisdiction of courts in cases of divorce, 646.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 495, authorizing counties to appoint inspectors of disillates of petroleum, 1775.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 505, relating to inspection of illuminating oil, kerosene, gasoline, benzine and other burning fluids, 2323.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 506, relating to sale, of kerosene, naphtha, benzine, gasoline and other burning fluids, 2323.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 631, amending act relating to certain health and accident insurance corporations by increasing powers of such corporations and requiring larger capital in cases of stock companies, 2058.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 636, to protect minors from dangers resulting from incompetent miners working in bituminous coal mines by providing for examination of persons seeking employment, 1669.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 298, amending act providing civil rights for all people regardless of race or color so as to include places where soda water, soft drinks, ice cream and confectionery are sold, 1290.

Point of order raised by, on

House Bill No. 1368, declaring liability of railroad companies for loss or damage by fire, 3500.

Presentation by, of testimonial, of

House of Represenatives at close of session to Sergeant-at-Arms George B. Wills, 3652.

Question of information raised by, on

House Bill No. 571, regulating returns of constables in boroughs and townships, 1944.

Remarks by, on

Concurrent resolution proposing amendment to section 3 of article 8 of Constitution of Pennsylvania relative to election of judges, 3214.

House Bill No. 3, fixing salaries of the judges of the several courts, 218, 219.

House Bill No. 11, relating to release on parole of persons acquitted on grounds of insanity, 173.

House Bill No. 26, empowering boroughs to prohibit the planting of objectionable trees, 175.

House Bill No. 33, reating to actions of ejectment being deemed abandoned under certain conditions, 203.

House Bill No. 186, amending act authorizing certain manufacturing companies to hold real estate by extending its provisions to petroleum companies, 723.

House Bill No. 245, relating to right of eminent domain as regards appropriation of springs and land covered thereby by water companies, 827.

House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 962, 965, 967, 989.

SCHOFIELD, JOSEPH A.—Continued.

House Bill No. 432, authorizing road supervisors in townships of second class to aid in construction of sidewalks, 2256.

House Bill No. 489, to repeal act fixing costs to be paid to sheriff of Warren County for conveying prisoners to penitentiary, 1773.

House Bill No. 497, to raise revenue by subjecting to taxation certain real estate not heretofore taxable as such of certain public service corporations, 1787.

House Bill No. 515, to fix number and compensation of officers and employes in Department of Public Grounds and Buildings, 1940, 1941.

House Bill No. 555, requiring all property, real, personal and mixed, to be taxable and assessed according to its fair cash value, 1611, 1612.

House Bill No. 569, to repeal act to enlarge jurisdiction of justice of peace in Warren County, 1943.

House Bill No. 585, relating to treasurer's sale of land for taxes, 1953.

House Bill No. 589, amending act providing for health and safety of minors in certain employments by regulating age at which said minors may be employed and their hours, 1957.

House Bill No. 633, to provide for standard of tests for illuminating oils, 1795.

House Bill No. 636, to protect miners from dangers resulting from incompetent miners working in bituminous coal mines by providing for examination of persons seeking employment as miners, 1672.

House Bill No. 639, authorizing cities of second class to regulate emission of smoke from chimneys and smokestacks, 2578, 2579.

House Bill No. 901, declaring liability of railroad companies for loss or damage by fire, 3002.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

SCHOOL BOARD OF TOWNSHIP OF WYSOX, Bradford County, to convert taxes levied in 1909 for a contemplated new school building, bill to authorize (see Wysox).

SCHOOL CODE, concurrent resolution (House) by Keister, in reference to printing additional copies of, 3029.

Resolution adopted by Senate with amendments, 3116.

Returned by Senate with amendments, 3309.

Concurred in Senate amendments, 3310.

Returned by House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3407.

SCHOOL CODE, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Tustin, providing for printing of additional copies of bill to establish a school system, commonly known as the 102.

Resolution returned by House, 109.

Concurred in by House, 112.

Approved by Governor, 152.

SCHOOL CODE, petitions presented relative to (see petitions).

SCHOOL CODE, resolution (House) by Rockwell, thanking Educational Commission for labor bestowed on, 2882.

SCHOOL CODE, resolution (Senate) by Snyder, thanking Commission to Revise, Collate and Digest Laws relating to Public Schools for its work on, 3432.

SCHOOL DISTRICT in which children shall attend a public high school, to regulate

House Bill No. 13

Read in place in House by Mr. Meyer, 104.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 104.

Reported without amendment, 115.

First reading, 125.

Second reading, 137.

Third reading and final passage, 143.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 152.

SCHOOL DISTRICT to appeal to Court of Common Pleas from judgment of any justice of the peace or alderman against same, bill to empower any taxpayer of (see appeal).

SCHOOL DISTRICT, to create an auxiliary teachers' board for each public

Senate Bill No. 348

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Snyder, 665.

Referred to Committee on Education, 665.

Reported without amendment, 788.

First reading, 842.

Second reading, 916.

Third reading and postponed for present, 951.

SCHOOL DISTRICT TO MAKE REPORT to Auditor Gener of amount of script, bonds or certificates of i debtedness outstanding, bill to amend act imposir additional taxes for State purposes by requirin treasurer of each (see Revenue Board).

SCHOOL DISTRICTS, bill relating to settlement and audit accounts of all officers of (see accounts).

SCHOOL DISTRICTS OF FOURTH CLASS in the sever counties, relating to collection of debts due by

House Bill No. 499

Read in place in House by Mr. Hecht, 809.

Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 80

Reported without amendment, 1048.

First reading, 1094.

Second reading, 1487.

Third reading and postponed for present, 1776.

Resumed and passed finally, 2250.

Remarks on, by

Baldwin, R. J., 1776.

Shern, 1776.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2218.

SCHOOL DISTRICTS OF SAID CITIES to contract for main tenance of free non-sectarian public libraries with out guaranty therefor by the city, bill to amend ac relating to free public libraries in cities of thir class authorizing (see cities).

SCHOOL DISTRICTS OF SECOND CLASS, relating to

Read in place in House by Mr. Halferty, 591.

Referred to Committee on Education, 591.

SCHOOL DISTRICTS to be approved by Court of Quarte Sessions and filed by clerk of said Court, bill to re quire bonds given by officers of (see bonds).

SCHOOL HOUSE, bill to repeal act authorizing citizens o Borough of Mercer to erect a Union (see Mercer).

SCHOOL HOUSES AS SOCIAL CENTERS in cities of secon class, bill to authorize use of (see cities).

SCHOOL LAWS AND DECISIONS, to authorize Superin tendent of Public Instruction to print bi-enniall 17,000 additional copies of

House Bill No. 159

Read in place in House by Mr. Carroll, 253.

Referred to Committee on Printing, 253.

Reported without amendment, 415.

First reading, 451.

Second reading, 574.

Third reading and final passage, 601.

Returned from Senate without amendment, 2842.

Signed by Speaker, 2943.

In Senate (No. 291)

Referred to Committee on Public Printing, 611.

Reported without amendment, 664.

First reading, 712.

Second reading, 770.

Third reading and postponed for present, 795.

Resumed and passed finally, 2610.

Signed by President pro tempore, 2903.

Remarks on, by

Wilbert, 795.

Snyder, 795.

SCHOOL MEMORIAL ASSOCIATION, petitions presented fa voring appropriation to Public (see petitions).

SCHOOL OF AGRICULTURE AT PENNSBURG, bill making appropriation to establish a secondary (see agri culture).

SCHOOL PURPOSES, bill to amend act authorizing Trustees of Norristown Academy and directors of common schools in Norristown to sell certain real estate and appropriate proceeds for (see Norristown).

SCHOOL PURPOSES ON LANDS held for forest reserves, bill making appropriation for annual fixed charge for (see forest).

SCHOOL SYSTEM and to provide revenue for same, to es tablish a public

Senate Bill No. 4

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 101.

Referred to Committee on Education, 101.

Reported without amendment, 102.

First reading, 108.

Recommitted to Committee, 119.

SCHOOL SYSTEM in Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, to establish a public

House Bill No. 312

Read in place in House by Mr. Carroll, 112.
Referred to Committee on Education, 112.
Reported with amendment, 733.
First reading, 781.
Special order for consideration, 845.
Special order regarding amendments, 922.
Second reading and amended, 960-970; 972-993; 1017-1026; 1029-1045.
Special order for consideration, 1095.
Third reading and final passage, 1116-1153.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 2026.
Non-concurred in Senate amendments, 2026.
Special order for consideration of Senate amendments, 2026.
Considered and non-concurred in Senate amendments, 2051.
Returned from Senate with amendments adhered to, 2235.
Conference committee appointed, 2235.
Returned from Senate with notice of appointment of conference committee, 2246.
Report of conference committee presented, 2519.
Special order for consideration of conference committee report, 2569, 2589, 2719.
Conference committee report considered and adopted, 2847-2882.
Returned from Senate with conference committee report adopted, 2931.
Signed by Speaker,
Approved by Governor, 2951.
Correction of vote, 3011.

Remarks on, by

Robinson, V. Gilpin, 961, 962, 964, 968, 972, 973, 987, 988, 1024.
Carroll, 961, 967, 969, 983, 989, 993, 1150, 1151.
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Alter, 2881, 2882.

In Senate (No. 496)

Referred to Committee on Education, 1114.
Reported without amendment, 1417.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 1429.
Re-reported with amendment, 1435.
Second reading, 1551-1584.
Special order for consideration, 1584.
Recommitted to Committee, 1584.
Re-reported with amendment, 1705.
Third reading and amended, 1856-1892.
Final passage, 1965-1999.

SCHOOL SYSTEM—Continued.

Returned from House with Senate amendments non-concurred in and motion adopted for appointment of conference committee, 2155.
Returned from House with adherence to non-concurrence in Senate amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 2210.
Conference committee appointed, 2210.
Conference committee report returned from House adopted, 2619.
Conference committee report considered and adopted, 2619-2653.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2929.

Remarks on, by

Snyder, 1551.
Huffman, 1551.
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Herbst, 1890, 1891, 2652.
Wasbers, 1890.
Adams, 1891.
Nulty, 1892.
Powell, 2652.

SCHOOL SYSTEM, making appropriation in aid of erection of memorial to commemorate founding of common
Read in place in House by Mr. McClung, 590.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 590.

SCHOOL SYSTEM, making appropriation to aid in erection of memorial to commemorate founding of common

Senate Bill No. 253

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 374.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 374.
Reported without amendment, 607.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 684.

SCHOOL TAX IN BOROUGH OF CLEARFIELD and to an election district in Clearfield County and in Carbon and McKean Counties, bill to repeal section of act relating to levying of (see tax).

SCHOOL TEACHERS, bills relating to (see teachers).

SCHOOL TEACHERS FOR MINIMUM TERM, petitions presented for act making appropriation to pay (see petitions).

SCHOOLS AMONG CORNPLANTER INDIANS of Warren County by increasing annual appropriations, to amend act making appropriation for

House Bill No. 1087

Read in place in House by Mr. Schofield, 810.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 810.
Reported with amendment, 2240.
First reading, 2336.
Second reading, 2413.
Third reading and final passage, 2778.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.

In Senate (No. 1011)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.
Reported without amendment, 2687.
First reading, 2709.
Second reading, 2915.
Third reading and final passage, 3084.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

SCHOOLS ARE REQUIRED TO REFUSE ADMISSION OF ANY CHILD to school except upon physician's certificate stating that such child has been successfully vaccinated or has had smallpox, to amend act relating to protection of public health by providing that under certain conditions those in charge of

House Bill No. 811

Read in place in House by Mr. Ailman, 1468.
Referred to Committee on Education, 1468.
Reported without amendment, 1769.
First reading, 1833.
Second reading, 2144.
Third reading and final passage, 3034.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 3046.

SCHOOLS, bill to regulate reading of Holy Bible in public (see Bible).

SCHOOLS, bill to require fire drills in public (see fire).

SCHOOLS BY FIXING NUMBER OF MEMBERS of Board of Public Education at fifteen and providing for appropriation of money by councils for school purposes, bill to amend act relating to common (see Board).

SCHOOLS by providing for establishment of industrial schools, to amend supplement to act relative to system of education by common

Senate Bill No. 284

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Clark, 339.
Referred to Committee on Education, 339.
Reported without amendment, 664.
First reading, 711.
Second reading, 765.
Third reading and final passage, 793.
Returned from House without amendment, 1805.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1855.
Approved by Governor, 2442.

In House (No. 525)

Referred to Committee on Education, 830.
Reported without amendment, 1169.
First reading, 1241.
Second reading, 1509.
Third reading and final passage, 1794.
Signed by Speaker,

SCHOOLS FOR MALE CHILDREN in certain counties by extending limit of population to counties with between 300,000 and 1,200,000, to amend act relating to juvenile court

Senate Bill No. 393

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Catlin, 756.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 756.
Reported without amendment, 937.
First reading, 1012.
Second reading, 1076.
Third reading and final passage, 1105.
Returned from House without amendment, 2014.
Signed by President, 2013.
Approved by Governor, 2443.

In House (No. 594)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1170.
Reported without amendment, 1303.
First reading, 1411.
Second reading, 1530.
Third reading and final passage, 2016.
Signed by Speaker, 2049.

SCHOOLS FOR MALE CHILDREN under jurisdiction of juvenile courts in certain counties by regulating bonds issued thereunder, bill to amend act relating to (see bonds).

SCHOOLS FOR TWO FISCAL YEARS beginning June 1, 1911, bill to provide for ordinary expenses of Executive, Judicial and Legislative Departments of Commonwealth, interest on public debt and for support of public (see expenses).

SCHOOLS OF STATE by rearranging Normal School Districts and providing for new district, bill to amend act providing for training of teachers for common (see Normal School).

SCHOOLS, supplement, regarding expenses and revenues, relating to system of education of common

Read in place in House by Mr. Shadrach, 110.

Referred to Committee on Education, 110.

SCHOOLS TO INSTRUCT CHILDREN in dangers of fire and prevention of fire waste, bill to establish office of State Fire Marshal and making it duty of persons in charge of public and private (see Fire Marshal).

SCHOOLS, to promote consolidation of public

House Bill No. 169

Read in place in House by Mr. Graybill, 189.
Referred to Committee on Education, 189.
Reported without amendment, 435.
First reading, 585.
Second reading, 591.
Third reading and postponed for present, 644.
Resumed and passed finally, 724.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1170.
Signed by Speaker, 1196.
Approved by Governor, 1403.

SCHOOLS—Continued.

In Senate (No. 403)

Referred to Committee on Education, 713.
Reported without amendment, 950.
First reading, 1013.
Second reading, 1079.
Third reading and final passage, 1107.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1182.

SCHOOLS, to provide for transportation at the expense of the school district of children who reside two miles or more from public

House Bill No. 409

Read in place in House by Mr. Martin, 98.
Referred to Committee on Education, 98.
Reported without amendment, 897.
First reading, 924.
Second reading and amended, 1366.
Third reading and amended, 1625.
Final passage, 1770.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Education, 1801.

SCHULTZ, GEORGE W., Representative from Northumberland County,

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 412, amending act providing for health and safety of persons employed in and about anthracite coal mines so as to increase number of inspectors and fixing their salaries, 2082.

House Bill No. 433, amending act fixing salaries and providing for expenses of county commissioners, 1792.

House Bill No. 518, amending act providing uniform method of electing certain party officers by providing for one primary each year in place of two, 1190.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 85.

Bills introduced by

Amending act relating to certain elections and nominations by providing for but one primary in each year, 209.

Amending act to provide for safety of persons employed in and about anthracite coal mines by further fixing duty of owners of mines to provide wash houses, 1400.

Fixing the salary of coroner in certain counties, 111.

Making appropriation to complete State Hospital for Injured Persons in Township of Coal, 253.

Providing for certain safety appliances to be used on steam boilers, 315.

Providing for safety of persons employed in and about the anthracite coal mines in Pennsylvania, 111.

Relating to office of mine inspector in the anthracite coal fields of Pennsylvania, 111.

To limit employment of females in any department of Commonwealth, 473.

To protect coal miners in being paid for work performed by them in production of marketable material, 776.

Bills reported by

No. 111 (Senate No. 483)

Amending act relating to inspectors in anthracite coal mines, 301.

No. 636 (Senate Bill No. 1154)

To protect miners from dangers resulting from incompetent miners working in bituminous coal mines, 1350.

Election of, 44.

Motions by, to

Postpone for present House Bill No. 793, amending act to provide for health and safety of persons employed in and about anthracite coal mines by further fixing duty of owners of coal mines to provide wash houses, 3033.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 433, amending act fixing salaries and providing for expenses of county commissioners, 1792.

Reconsider vote on recommitting to Committee House Bill No. 636, to protect miners from dangers resulting from incompetent miners working in bituminous coal mines by providing for examination of persons seeking employment as miners, 1672.

Petition presented by, from

Citizens of Northumberland County against commission form of government, 359.

CHULTZ, GEORGE W.—Continued.

Questions of information raised by, on

House Bill No. 36, providing for registration of conveyances of real estate in certain counties, 429.

House Bill No. 183, to empower taxpayers of certain municipalities to make appeal on behalf of such municipality from judgment of justice of the peace or alderman, 722.

House Bill No. 675, providing for counsel fees for garnishee's attorney, taxation of same as costs in attachment or attachment execution of any kind issued by any magistrate, 2306.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 50, enabling tax collectors to collect taxes for which they have become personally liable, 255.

House Bill No. 105, defining qualifications necessary for office of mine inspector in anthracite coal fields, 430.

House Bill No. 195, making appropriation to former Board of Examiners for Inspectors of Mines for Lackawanna County, 724.

House Bill No. 300, to protect miners from dangers resulting from incompetent persons working in anthracite coal mines, 876.

House Bill No. 412, amending act providing for health and safety of persons employed in and about anthracite coal mines so as to increase number of inspectors and fix their salaries, 2081, 2082, 2321.

House Bill No. 579, amending act to designate number of councilmen to be elected in boroughs not divided into wards, 1951.

House Bill No. 636, to protect miners from dangers resulting from incompetent miners working in bituminous coal mines by providing for examination of persons seeking employment as miners, 1672.

House Bill No. 786, amending act establishing Department of Mines, by permitting any mine inspector suspended for neglect of duty to appeal to court of common pleas of any county within the inspection district, 2133.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

CHUYLKILL COUNTY, to amend act relating to care of poor by creating a Board of Trustees of Insane for and in

Senate Bill No. 2

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Snyder, 89.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 89.
Reported without amendment, 90.
First reading, 102.
Recommitted to committee, 102.
Re-reported with amendment, 102.
Second reading, 107.
Third reading and amended, 118.
Returned from House with amendments, 228.
Concurred in House amendments, 228.
Signed by President pro tempore, 240.
Concurrent resolution to recall bill from Governor for amendment, 291.
Resolution returned from House, 299.
Resolution approved by Governor, 341.
Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsidered, 341.
Third reading and amended, 341.
Final passage, 375.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 458.
Signed by President, 490.
Approved by Governor, 702.

Remarks on, by

Herbst, 119.
Snyder, 119.

In House (No. 42)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 144.
Reported without amendment, 145.
First reading, 158.
Second reading and amended, 194.
Third reading and final passage, 205.
Signed by Speaker, 253.
Resolution to recall bill from Governor concurred in, 311.
Returned from Senate with amendments and postponed for present, 417.
Resumed and passed finally, 445.
Signed by Speaker, 536.

SCHUYLKILL during week beginning July 2, 1911, communication from Centennial Association of County of Schuylkill for members of Legislature to attend celebration of founding of county

Presented to Senate, 3379.

Presented to House, 3599.

SCIENCE supplement to act regarding corporations providing for incorporation of trustees under any will creating trust for benefit of people of any incorporated city for advancement of (see city).

SCIRE FACIAS, bill to amend relating to rights and liabilities of parties to contracts for work and labor to be done by providing for an amicable (see contracts).

SCIRE FACIAS issued upon municipal and tax claims, bill to amend act relating to liens by changing method of service by advertisement upon writs of (see liens).

SCOTT, JOHN R. K., Representative from Eighth District, (Philadelphia County),

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 973, 979.

House Bill No. 518, amending act providing uniform method of electing certain party officers by providing for one primary each year in place of two, 1190, 1196.

House Bill No. 1287, amending act providing for personal registration of electors in cities of first and second class by further defining "party" and who may be appointed registrars, increasing terms of commissioners and changing registration days, 2968.

House Bill No. 1288, amending act providing for personal registration of electors in cities of third class by further defining who may be appointed registrars, increasing their terms of office and changing registration days, 2972.

Appointments of, on

Conference committee, 1168, 1693, 2235.

Standing committees, 83, 84, 434.

Bills introduced by

Making appropriation to Catholic Home for Destitute of Philadelphia, 1948.

Providing method of enforcing orders of maintenance and support in all cases where order has been made for support of husband, wife, parent, child, grandparent or grandchild, 1399.

Repealing rule 13 of section 21 of act appropriating ground for public purposes in Philadelphia, 1116.

Supplementing and amending act concerning divorces by regulating submission of issue of fact to jury, 960.

Bills reported by

No. ——

"The Greater Pittsburg Bill," 1467.

No. 788 (Senate Bill No. 1172)

Authorizing election in first class townships of addtional constable, 1758.

No. 832 (Senate Bill No. 287)

Supplementing act relating to Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic by abolishing commission and regulating powers of Board of Trustees, 1919, 2248.

No. 879 (Senate Bill No. 621)

Regulating appointment or election of deputy controllers in cities, 2023.

No. 1246 (Senate Bill No. 9)

Regulating annulment of marriage, divorces and alimony, 2247.

Election of, 44.

Leave of absence asked for, 316.

Motion by, for

House to insist on its amendments non-concurred in by Senate to Senate Bill No. 127, establishing in each county a Board of Viewers, 1693.

Motions by, in

Regard to time of next meeting, 1544.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 3217.

Adopt resolution relative to printing debate on Greater Municipal Bill, 846.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 378, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania allowing municipalities to increase their indebtedness, 1402.

SCOTT, JOHN R. K.—Continued.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 684, prescribing manner in which articles of commerce shall be sold and prohibiting giving of short weights and measures, 2101.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 778, amending act relating to corporations and to estates held for corporate religious and charitable uses, 3239.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 892, amending act relating to removal of judges as regards pay after removal, 3258.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 918, making appropriation to American Art Society of Philadelphia, 2839.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 3, fixing salaries of judges, 113.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 378, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania allowing municipalities to increase their indebtedness, 1464.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 894, fixing number and salaries of officers, clerks and employes in State Treasury, 2589.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 518, amending act providing for uniform method of electing certain party officers by providing for one primary election each year in place of two, 1202.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 707, providing for appeal from judgment of aldermen and justices of the peace regardless of amount of controversy, 3228.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 627, providing for appointment by district attorney in counties having between 1,000,000 and 1,500,000 inhabitants of chief and assistant and special county detectives, 3607.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 846, amending act authorizing cities and boroughs to condemn property and rights for purposes of obtaining and supplying water by fixing number of viewers at three, 3353.

Report progress on House Bill No. 312, to establish a public school system, 993.

Point of order raised by, in

Regard to appeal from decisions of Chair on motion regarding resolution on direct vote for United States Senator, 179.

Points of order raised by, on

House Bill No. 841, amending act giving certain privileges to incorporated cemetery or burial associations by regulating removal of bodies, sale of lots and enlargements of boundaries of grounds, 3354.

House Bill No. 1287, amending act providing for personal registration of electors in cities of first and second class by further defining party and what may be appointed registrars, increasing terms of commissioners and changing registration days, 2964.

Presentation by, of

Testimonial to Speaker John F. Cox at close of session, 3649, 3650.

Remarks by, in

Reference to public meeting of Judiciary Special Committee to consider House Bill No. 3, fixing salaries of judges of the several courts, 305.

Remarks by, on

Concurrent resolution in reference to adjournment until February twenty-seventh, 307.

Concurrent resolution proposing amendment to section 3 of article 8 of Constitution of Pennsylvania relative to election of judges, 3214.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 3, fixing salaries of judges of the several courts, 216, 217, 534, 535, 1849, 1850.

House Bill No. 20, amending act relating to appointment of court stenographers by requiring judges of certain courts to employ stenographers of common pleas court, 1670, 1671, 1672.

House Bill No. 33, relating to actions of ejectment being deemed abandoned under certain conditions, 203.

House Bill No. 141, establishing in certain counties a Board for Asessment and Revision of Taxes for State and County purposes, 641.

House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 966, 967, 987, 988, 989, 990.

House Bill No. 378, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania allowing municipalities to increase their indebtedness, 1463, 1464, 3610, 3611, 3612.

SCOTT, JOHN R. K.—Continued.

House Bill No. 384, to establish in each county a Board of Viewers, 1494, 1495, 1496.

House Bill No. 518, amending act providing for uniform method of electing certain party officers by providing for one primary each year in place of two, 1188, 1189, 1190, 1191, 1192, 1193, 1194, 1195.

House Bill No. 681, supplement to act to provide for incorporation of certain corporations, providing for incorporation of trustees under any will granting trust for benefit of people of any incorporated city for advancement of music, science, learning or art, 1523.

House Bill No. 684, regulating sale of food when sold by weight, measure or count, 3333, 3334.

House Bill No. 707, providing for appeal from judgment of aldermen and justices of the peace regardless of amount in controversy or amount of judgment rendered, 3525.

House Bill No. 742, providing method of enforcing orders of maintenance and support, 2317, 2318.

House Bill No. 778, amending act relating to corporations and to estates held for corporate religious and charitable uses, 3225, 3226.

House Bill No. 846, amending act authorizing cities and boroughs to condemn property for purpose of obtaining and supplying water by fixing number of viewers at three, 3469.

House Bill No. 858, establishing office of State Fire Marshal and making it duty of officers of public instruction and those in charge of schools to instruct children in dangers of fire waste, 2845, 2846.

House Bill No. 873, amending act establishing Board of Wardens for Port of Philadelphia by providing for classification of pilots and regulating qualifications of pilots and pilot apprentices, 2932, 3353.

House Bill No. 886, relating to exercise of right of eminent domain, 3358.

House Bill No. 891, empowering cities and boroughs to enact ordinances regarding mining of coal beneath their surfaces, 3469.

House Bill No. 892, amending act relating to removal of judges as regards pay after removal, 3255, 3482, 3483.

House Bill No. 899, prescribing liability of an employer to make compensation for injuries received by an employe and establishing elective schedule of compensation, 2567.

House Bill No. 918, making appropriation to American Art Society of Philadelphia for purpose of encouraging American art, 2722, 2723, 3368.

House Bill No. 1245, providing for protection of owners of animals or vehicles, 3361.

House Bill No. 1247, supplement to act to provide for better government of cities of first class by establishing Board of Recreation, 3361.

House Bill No. 1287, amending act providing for personal registration of electors in cities of first and second class by further defining "party" and who may be appointed registrars, increasing terms of commissioners and changing registration days, 2959, 2960, 2962, 2964, 3248, 3249.

House Bill No. 1340, providing for liquidation, distribution of assets and dissolution of corporations under supervision of Commissioner of Banking, 3498.

Resolutions, concurrent, offered by

Proposing amendment to section 3 of article 8 of Constitution of Pennsylvania relative to election of judges, 3214.

Recalling House Bill No. 608, to regulate doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations and registration thereof, from Governor for amendment, 3487.

Resolution offered by, in

Regard to printing of proceedings before Judiciary Special Committee of House of Hearing on Greater Municipal Bill, 846.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

SCOTT, SAMUEL B., Representative from Fifteenth District, (Philadelphia County),

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 224, requiring foundries to be provided with toilet room and water closet, 849.

House Bill No. 518, amending act providing for uniform method of electing certain party officers by providing for one primary each year in place of two, 1191.

SCOTT, SAMUEL B.—Continued.

House Bill No. 714, fixing salary of register of wills in counties within which are or may be located any cities of first class, 2114.

House Bill No. 892, amending act providing for removal of judges as regards pay after removal, 2999.

House Bill No. 1287, amending act providing for personal registration of electors in cities of first and second class by further defining "party" and who may be appointed registrars, increasing terms of commissioners and changing registration days, 2959, 2964.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

A supplement and amendment to an act relating to incorporation of certain corporations as regards mutual savings funds or building and loan associations, 103.

Making appropriation to Florence Crittenton Home located at 139 Queen Street, Germantown, Philadelphia, 2023.

Making appropriation to Midnight Mission, 142.

Regarding a refund to A. Sidney Reynolds, 103.

To fix salary of register of wills in counties within which are or may be cities of first class, 921.

Bills reported by

No. 13

Regulating the school district in which children shall attend high school, 115.

No. 60 (Senate Bill No. 634)

Amending act relating to depositing of money with prothonotary or clerks of the several courts and regulating fees of said prothonotary or clerk, 188.

No. 230 (Senate Bill No. 108)

Requiring registration of titles to lands acquired by will or descent, 589.

No. 379 (Senate Bill No. 232)

Amending act empowering railroad companies to change grade of bridges by fixing number of viewers at three, 881.

No. 702 (Senate Bill No. 1168)

Further supplement to act relative to Berks County prison and to discharged convicts, 1500.

No. 721

Authorizing D. L. Saul and Flora Saul to bring suit against Commonwealth, 1609.

No. 833 (Senate Bill No. 1250)

To revive act to extend time during which corporations may hold and convey title to real estate heretofore bought under execution or conveyed to them in satisfaction of debts, 1947.

No. 1241 (Senate Bill No. 177)

Providing for incorporation, regulation and government of cities of third class, 2247.

Election of, 44.

Leave of absence asked for, 1238.

Motion by, that

House go into committee of whole to consider report of Auditor General regarding names of persons who paid money to the State in settlement of Capitol civil suits, 278.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 105, 2262.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 22, supplement, relating to mutual savings funds or buildings and loan associations, to act regarding corporations, 233.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 22, supplement to act relating to corporations authorizing mutual savings funds or building and loan associations to lend, borrow and invest, 426.

Reconsider vote on final passage on House Bill No. 191, amending act relating to corporations and estates held for corporate religious and charitable uses as regards charters of religious bodies, 821.

Suspend rule of House to consider resolution regarding election of United States Senator by direct vote, 305.

Nomination of candidate for Speaker of the House by, 48.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Philadelphia favoring recommitting School Code, 959.

Citizens of Philadelphia for Bible to be read in public schools, 471, 775.

Citizens of Twenty-second Ward, Philadelphia County, for Bible to be read in public schools, 414.

Order of Independent Americans in favor of recommitting School Code, 920.

Robert Morris Council No. 41 Independent Americans for recommitting of school code, 1081.

SCOTT, SAMUEL B.—Continued.

Point of order raised by, on

Motion to suspend rules of House to consider resolution concerning election of United States Senator by direct vote, 305.

House Bill No. 27, to carry into complete operation certain amendments to Constitution of Pennsylvania, relating to terms of Public Officers, 178.

House Bill No. 378, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania allowing municipalities to increase their indebtedness, 3610.

Point of privilege raised by

Regarding Legislative Journal being filed for previous day's sessions, 196.

Questions of information raised by, on

House Bill No. 42, amending act relating to care of poor in Schuylkill County, 418.

House Bill No. 627, providing for appointment by district attorney in counties having between 1,000,000 and 1,500,000 inhabitants of chief county detective and assistant county detective and special county detectives, 3365.

Remarks by, in

Regard to appeal from decision of Chair on motion to adopt negative recommendation of Committee on Elections on resolution relating to direct vote for United States Senator, 179, 180.

Regard to resolution relative to election of United States Senators by direct vote, 365.

Remarks by, on

Concurrent resolution regarding adjournment, 260.

Concurrent resolution regarding adjournment sine die, 363.

House Bill No. 3, fixing salaries of the judges of the several courts, 217, 534.

House Bill No. 16, relating to refund to A. Sidney Reynolds, 144.

House Bill No. 20, amending act relating to appointment of court stenographers by requiring judges of certain courts to employ stenographer of common pleas court, 1670.

House Bill No. 22, supplement and amendment to act relating to corporations applying to mutual savings associations and building and loan associations, 190.

House Bill No. 27, to carry into complete operation certain amendments to Constitution of Pennsylvania, relating to terms of Public Officers, 177, 178.

House Bill No. 52, regulating sale of mining stock, 256.

House Bill No. 61, providing for additional officers, 310.

House Bill No. 62, relating t oamendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania, 263.

House Bill No. 119, amending act relating to liens for municipal improvements by providing that only public property shall be exempt from any municipal claim, 448.

House Bill No. 163, enabling counties to appropriate money or to issue bonds to aid in construction of waterways, 602.

House Bill No. 191, amending act relating to corporations as regards charters of religious bodies, 648, 649. 783, 2197, 2199.

House Bill No. 219, providing for issuing of certificates of election to senators and representatives of General Assembly of Pennsylvania, 816, 817.

House Bill No. 224, requiring foundries to be provided with toilet room and water closet, 849.

House Bill No. 259, to provide revenue by taxation for improvement of public roads, 1461.

House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 962, 964, 965.

House Bill No. 378, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania allowing municipalities to increase their indebtedness, 1353, 1463, 1464, 3611, 3612.

House Bill No. 434, fixing salary of coroner in county having population of 1,000,000 or over, 1372, 1836. 1837.

House Bill No. 452, providing for adjustment and payment of claim of John E. Joos for publishing mercantile appraiser's list of State taxes in Allegheny County for 1885, 2021.

House Bill No. 518, amending act providing uniform method of electing certain party officers by providing for one primary each year in place of two, 1191, 1192, 1193, 1196, 1203.

House Bill No. 545, repealing act imposing mercantile license tax on venders of or dealers in merchandise, 1408.

House Bill No. 649, relative to granting of licenses in cities of first class for sale of liquors and fixing proportion of number of such licenses to number of inhabitants, 2346.

House Bill No. 650, amending third section of act to regulate sale of liquors, 2260.

SCOTT, SAMUEL B.—Continued.

House Bill No. 714, fixing salary of register of wills in certain counties, 2950.

House Bill No. 742, providing method for enforcing orders of maintenance and support, 2318.

House Bill No. 755, fixing compensation and allowances for members of General Assembly, 2307.

House Bill No. 798, relating to sale of goods, 3218.

House Bill No. 892, amending act relating to removal of judges as regards pay after removal, 3254, 3255.

House Bill No. 906, regulating licensing of brewers and distillers, 2581, 3470.

House Bill No. 918, making appropriation to American Art Society of Philadelphia for purpose of encouraging American art, 2722, 2723, 3368.

House Bill No. 1287, amending act providing for personal registration of electors in cities of first and second class by further defining "party" and who may be appointed registrars, increasing terms of commissioners and changing registration days, 2959, 2964, 2968, 3247.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

SCRANTON POOR DISTRICT by dividing it into certain districts and fixing number of directors, supplement to act authorizing erection of certain poor houses in Luzerne County regulating affairs of (see poor house).

SEABROOK, ALICE M., M. D., Member of State Board of Examiners for Registration of Nurses, nominated, 24.

Reported, 283.

Confirmed, 298.

SEALERS OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES in cities, bill to provide for appointment of (see weights).

SEALS AND ARMS belonging to Commonwealth, bill making appropriation to provide for making of facsimiles of (see facsimiles).

SEASON FOR GAME and game birds of various kinds, bills relating to (see game).

SEASON FOR HARE, rabbit, squirrels, pheasants, ruffed grouse and quail, to fix the open

Read in place in House by Mr. Herman, 304.

Referred to Committee on Game, 304.

SEASON FOR WOODCOCK, quail, pheasant, squirrel and rabbit, to fix open

Read in place in House by Mr. Young, 362.

Referred to Committee on Game, 362.

SECOND ASSISTANT DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL in Attorney General's Department, bill to create office of (see Attorney General's).

SECOND ASSISTANT DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL, William N. Trinkle nominated as, 757.

Reported, 759.

Confirmed, 765.

SECOND ASSISTANT STATE LIBRARIAN and messenger in State Library, bill to fix salaries of (see State Librarian).

SECRET SOCIETIES, bill to regulate sale of liquors to or among members of (see liquors).

SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE, N. B. Critchfield nominated as, 342.

Reported, 386.

Confirmed, 388.

SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE to extend work of Department of Agriculture so as to connect with it a system of outdoor or field instruction, bill to authorize (see Agriculture).

SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE to prepare and publish a report on the insects of Pennsylvania, bill to authorize (see insects).

SECRETARY OF BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS in townships of first class, further supplement to act relaing to government of townships providing for certain duties of (see townships).

SECRETARY OF BOROUGHS, bills relating to (see boroughs).

SECRETARY OF COMMONWEALTH, Robert McAfee nominated as, 71.

Confirmed, 71.

SECRETARY OF COMMONWEALTH to transfer certain official papers to Adjutant General, concurrent resolution (House) by Dale authorizing, 1468.

Resolution concurred in by Senate, 1452.

Returned by Senate, 1473.

Approved by Governor, 1614.

SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS to publish connected warrantee tract maps of each of the several counties by reducing number of said maps, bill to amend act authorizing (see maps).

SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS to purchase standard tests of weights and measures, bill making appropriation to enable (see weights).

SECRETARY OF SENATE AND CERTAIN EMPLOYES, resolution (Senate) by Keyser, electing the 455.

SECRETARY OF STATE LIVESTOCK SANITARY BOARD, bill to amend establishing State Livestock Sanitary Board by fixing salary of (see State Livestock).

SECRETARY TO GOVERNOR, bill to fix salary of private (see private).

SECURITIES for those deposited with State Treasurer to secure Commonwealth relief notes issued by certain banks, bill to provide for subscription of other (see banks).

SECURITIES, bill to amend a further supplement to act to provide revenue by taxation relating to taxing (see taxation).

SECURITIES WITH INSURANCE COMMISSIONER to enable them to do business in other States or with United States Government, bill to authorize insurance and surety companies to make deposit of certain (see insurance).

SECURITY, bill to forbid certain domestic and foreign corporations from becoming (see corporations).

SECURITY FOR LABORS AND MATERIAL MEN under municipal contracts, bills relating to (see contract and contracts).

SECURITY OR CONVERT TO THEIR OWN USE merchandise, bills of lading, certificates, permits or orders, bill to provide punishment for employes who deposit as (see employes).

SEEDS, to regulate sale of and publication of information concerning certain

House Bill No. 130

Read in place in House by Mr. Reel, 95.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 95.

Reported without amendment, 314.

First reading, 337.

Second reading, 425.

Third reading and postponed for present, 450.

Resumed and recommitted to Committee, 692.

Resumed on third reading and passed finally, 811.

Returned from Senate with amendments, 2936.

Non-concurred in Senate amendments, 2936.

Returned from Senate with adherence to its amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3319.

Conference committee appointed, 3320.

Remarks on, by

Allen, 692.

Reel, 692.

Ailman, 692.

In Senate (No. 673)

Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 808.

Reported with amendment, 2001.

First reading and recommitted to Committee, 2182.

Re-reported with amendment, 2265.

Second reading and amended, 2461.

Over in its order, 2529.

Third reading and final passage, 2606.

Returned from House with Senate amendments non-concurred in, 3151.

Conference committee appointed, 3151.

Returned form House with adherence to non-concurrence in Senate amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3283.

SEILER, presentation of testimonial of House of Representatives at close of session to Chief Page Clarence, 3652.

SEIP, C. P., Member of Board of Medical Examiners, representing Homeopathic Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania, nominated, 25.

Reported, 939.

Confirmed, 956.

SELL IN THIS COMMONWEALTH, quail, commonly called Virginia partridge, ruffed grouse, Hungarian partridge, wood-cock, wild turkey or deer, killed either within or without Commonwealth, except as specially provided for by law, bill to amend act relating to protection of game and certain birds by making it unlawful to (see game).

SELLING AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS on commission, bill to provide for licensing of those engaged in (see agricultural).

SEMI-MONTHLY, bill to require payment of wages to be (see wages).

SENATE AND CLERKS TO SENATE COMMITTEES and page, resolution (Senate) by Keyser, electing the Secretary of the, 455.

SENATE FOR SESSION OF 1911, statement relative to salaries and mileage of members and employes of, 3462.
Resolution adopted relative to payment of same, 3464.

SENATE, for six months ending May 31, 1911, providing appropriation for salaries and ordinary expenses of
(Section No. 1), House Bill No. 1
Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 51.
Special Committee appointed to consider bill, 52.
Reported without amendments, 52.
First reading, 52.
Special order for second reading, 52.
Second reading, 55.
Third reading, 62.
Final passage, 63.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 82.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 82.
Signed by Speaker, 85.
Partial veto by Governor, 93.
Governor's partial veto sustained, 94.
Remarks on, by
Dearden, 62, 63, 93.
Woodward, 63.
In Senate No. 1 Special Committee appointed to consider bill, 57.
Reported without amendments, 61.
First reading, 62.
Recommitted to Special Committee, 62.
Re-reported as amended, 62.
Second reading, 65.
Third reading and final passage, 76.
Returned from House with amendments concurred in, 80.
Signed by President, 80.

SENATE JOURNAL, bill relative to printing of (see Journals).

SENATE OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES, appointment of, 80, 184, 250.

SENATE OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES, appointment of, to fill vacancies, 41.

SENATE OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES for session of nineteen hundred and eleven, resolution (Senate) by Keyser, authorizing election of, 75.
Amendment offered to resolution, 76.
Senate agrees to resolution without amendment, 76.

SENATE unless such employe shall have actually performed the duties of his office, bill to prohibit payment of wages or salary to any employe of (see employe).

SENATOR, UNITED STATES (see United States).

SENATORS IN CONGRESS to be placed on official ballot, to authorize names of candidates for
Read in place in House by Mr. Benson, 1358.
Referred to Committee on Elections, 1358.

SENATORS IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY of Pennsylvania, bill making appropriation for issuing of certificates of election to (see certificates).

SENTIENT ANIMALS, bills relating to experiments upon (see animals).

SERGEANTS-AT-ARMS OF HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, bill to provide for election and compensation of assistant (see House of Representatives).

SERVICE AND RETURN OF SUBPOENA heretofore made in certain proceedings in divorce, bill to validate (see divorce).

SERVICE BY ADVERTISEMENT upon writs of scire facias issued upon municipal and tax claims, bill to amend act relating to liens by changing method of (see liens).

SERVICE OF JURORS on courts of common pleas, oyer and terminer and quarter sessions, bill to regulate periods of (see jurors).

SERVICE OF JURORS summoned by the sheriff of any county having population of over 1,400,000, bill to fix fee for (see sheriff).

SERVICE OF PROCESS ON CORPORATIONS, bills relating to (see corporations).

SERVICE OF SUMMONS IN PERSONAL ACTIONS in any county, bill to authorize (see summons).

SERVICE OF SUMMONS issued by Aldermen and Justices of the peace, bill to enlarge powers of constables in (see constables).

SERVICE OF WRITS QUO WARRANTO, bill to amend act relating to service of certain process in actions of law so far as it relates to (see quo warranto).

SERVICES OF HER CHILD and right to be compensated for loss of such services, bill vesting in mother in certain cases right to (see child).

SERVICES PERFORMED UNDER CERTAIN ACTS, bill making appropriation to reimburse the several counties for advancements for payment of (see counties).

SESSIONS, report of House Committee on Rules in regard to, 776, 922, 1095, 1237, 1402, 1614, 1850, 2184, 2517, 2948.

SETTING OF TRAPS, bill to regulate (see traps).

SETTLEMENT OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS, bill to amend act relating to (see accounts).

SETTLEMENTS OF FISCAL OFFICERS, bill to regulate appeals from tax and other public accounts (see appeals).

SEWAGE DISPOSAL PLANT constructed by a city or borough on decree of State Board of Health, resolutions presented to House from Borough Council of Swarthmore, for passage of House Bill No. 62, requiring State to bear portion of cost of any, 1206.
Resolutions referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 1206.

SEWAGE DISPOSAL PLANT of Danville State Hospital, petitions presented in reference to (see petitions).

SEWAGE DISPOSAL PLANT with sewer system of Danville, bill to direct Trustees of Danville State Hospital for Insane to connect the effluent of the (see Danville).

SEWAGE DISPOSAL SYSTEMS IN CITIES, boroughs and other municipalities, to provide for cost and expense of
House Bill No. 859
Read in place in House by Mr. Keister, 97.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 97.
Reported without amendment, 1949.
First reading, 2048.
Second reading, 2361.
Recommitted to Committee, 2519.

SEWAGE SYSTEM, to amend, by including townships, act authorizing municipalities to unite in the construction of a
House Bill No. 328
Read in place in House by Mr. Miller, 209.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 209.
Reported with amendment, 734.
First reading, 782.
Second reading, 891.
Third reading and final passage, 1287.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2025.
Signed by Speaker, 2588.
In Senate (No. 592)
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 1262.
Reported without amendment, 1706.
First reading, 1821.
Second reading, 1907.
Third reading and final passage, 2001.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2521.

SEWERAGE, petitions presented favoring relief in mattter of (see petitions).

SEWERS ARE ACCESSIBLE, bill to make it unlawful to maintain privy-wells or cess pools in cities of first class where (see cities).

SEWERS, bill to prevent obstruction of inlets, drains or (see obstruction).

SEWERS IN BOROUGHS, bills relating to (see boroughs).

SEWICKLEY FRESH AIR HOME, in Beaver County, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 974

Read in place in House by Mr. McKean, 121.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 121.
Reported with amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2331.
Second reading, 2396
Third reading and final passage, 2741.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.

In Senate (No. 904)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2684.
First reading, 2704.
Second reading, 2908.
Third reading and final passage, 3064.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

SEWICKLEY VALLEY HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION of Sewickley, making appropriation for

House Bill No. 1195

Read in place in House by Mr. Alter, 361.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 361.
Reported with amendment, 2243.
First reading, 2341.
Second reading, 2430.
Third reading and final passage, 2814.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.

In Senate (No. 1114)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2663.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2714.
Second reading, 2922.
Third reading and final passage, 3104.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

SHADE TREE growing on or along any highway, street or road, bill to provide for protection of (see trees).

SHADRACH, JOHN, Representative from Seventh District, (Luzerne County),

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 9, to regulate fees of court criers and tipstaves in certain judicial districts, 781.
House Bill No. 244, requiring foundries to be provided with toilet room and water closets, 1094.

Appointments of, on

Conference committee, 3320.
Standing committees, 83, 84.

Bills introduced by

Amending act relating to protection of miners in anthracite coal mines by increasing compensation of members of Miners' Examining Board, 324.
Amending act relating to safety of persons employed in and about anthracite coal mines so as to increase number of inspectors, 567.
Authorizing poor districts to erect hospitals for indigent persons afflicted with tuberculosis, 1082.
Making appropriation to Boys' Industrial Association of Wilkes-Barre, 567.
Making appropriation to Florence Crittenton Circle of Wilkes-Barre, 190.
Making appropriation to Mercy Hospital at Wilkes-Barre, 146.
Providing for return of process issued out of several Courts of Common Pleas in certain counties, 1048.
Providing for transfer of all records pertaining to naturalization of aliens to office of Prothonotary of Court of Common Pleas, 960.
Regulating fees of court criers and tipstaves in certain judicial districts, 104.
Requiring bonds given by certain officers to be approved by Court of Quarter Sessions, 110.
Requiring foundries to be provided with toilet room, 134.
Supplement to act relating to system of education of common schools, 110.
Supplement to act relating to townships, concerning townships of first class, 110.
To amend act relating to revenue by taxation, 97.
To authorize cities and boroughs to enact ordinances relative to mining of coal beneath their surface, 104.
To authorize levy, assessment and collection of costs, damages and expenses of municipal improvements, 846.

SHADRACH, JOHN—Continued.

To empower any taxpayer to appeal in behalf of certain municipalities to Court of Common Pleas, 110.
To establish in counties containing population from 300,000 to 800,000 Board for Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and County purposes, 1458.
To protect miners from dangers resulting from incompetent miners working in anthracite coal mines, 527.

Bills reported by

No. 53 (Senate Bill No. 156)
Regulating in criminal trials the cross-examination of a defendant testifying in his own behalf, 187.
No. 102 (Senate Bill No. 570)
Relating to fees to be charged by sheriffs in certain counties, 300.
No. 170 (Senate Bill No. 97)
Relating to suits against corporations upon bonds, 435.
No. 181 (Senate Bill No. 102)
Regulating compensation of court criers and tipstaves in certain judicial districts, 436.
No. 323 (Senate Bill No. 573)
Amending act regulating fees of tipstaves in certain judicial districts by further regulating salary of tipstaves, 734.
No. 350 (Senate Bill No. 710)
Giving justice of the peace, alderman or magistrate certain authority to prevent cruelty to animals, 735.
No. 444
Amending act relating to election of borough council in Wellsboro, 1016.
No. 586
Amending act relating to sale of oleomargine by further regulating composition and sale of oleomargarine, butterine and other similar products, 1303.
No. 615 (Senate Bill No. 802)
Regulating compensation of directors of poor in poor districts situate wholly within any county, 1340.
No. 713 (Senate Bill No. 1198)
To provide for additional law judge in 45th judicial district, 1609.
No. 804 (Senate Bill No. 103)
Regulating issuance of licenses to marry, 1758.
No. 1009 (Senate Bill No. 939)
Making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital at Wilkes-Barre, 2238.
No. 1010 (Senate Bill No. 940)
Making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Circle of Wilkes-Barre, 2238.
No. 1011 (Senate Bill No. 941)
To provide for the publishing of the proceedings of the dedication of the Pennsylvania Monument at Cold Harbor, Virginia, erected under an act of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, June thirteen, one thousand nine hundred and seven, providing for the distribution and clerical work thereof and making an appropriation for the same, 2238.
No. 1012 (Senate Bill No. 942)
Making an appropriation to the Girls' Training School, 131 East Third Street, Williamsport, Lycoming County, 2238.
No. 1013 (Senate Bill No. 943)
Making an appropriation to the Boys' Industrial Home at Williamsport, Lycoming County, 2238.
No. 1014 (Senate Bill No. 944)
Making an appropriation to the Aged Colored Womens' Home at Williamsport, Lycoming County, 2238.
No. 1015 (Senate Bill No. 945)
Making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Mission, at Williamsport, Lycoming County, 2238.
No. 1016 (Senate Bill No. 946)
Making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless of the City of Williamsport, 2238.

Election of, 44.

Motions by, to

Postpone for present House Bill No. 432, authorizing road supervisors in townships of second class to aid in construction of sidewalks, 1922.
Postpone for present House Bill No. 533, authorizing cities and boroughs to regulate mining of coal beneath their surfaces, 1921.
Postpone for present House Bill No. 615, regulating compensation of directors of poor of poor districts composed of several townships, boroughs and cities situate wholly within any county, 2345.

HADRACH, JOHN—Continued.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 9, to regulate fees of court criers and tipstaves in certain judicial districts, 781.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 432, authorizing road supervisors in townships of second class to aid in construction of sidewalks, 1922.

Petition presented by, from

Citizens of Luzerne County, for State local option law, 323, 471.

Question of privilege raised by, on

House Bill No. 312, to establish a public school system, 969.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 183, relating to taxpayers making an appeal on behalf of certain municipalities from judgment of justice of the peace or alderman, 722.

House Bill No. 224, requiring foundries to be provided with toilet room and water closet, 849.

House Bill No. 300, relating to examination of persons seeking employment as miners in anthracite region, 876.

House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 968, 969.

House Bill No. 347, amending act to regulate manner of increasing indebtedness of municipalities, 899.

House Bill No. 412, amending act to provide for health and safety of persons employed in and about anthracite coal mines so as to increase number of inspectors and fixing their salaries, 2081, 2082, 2321, 2322.

House Bill No. 472, providing for appointment of assistant district attorneys in counties having between 300,000 and 750,000 inhabitants, 2085.

House Bill No. 533, empowering cities and boroughs to enact ordinances regarding mining of coal beneath their surfaces, 2232, 2233.

House Bill No. 580, amending act relating to employment of minors in bituminous coal mines and anthracite collieries or breakers by further regulating ages at which said minors may be employed, 1844.

House concurrent resolution No. 8, regarding investigation of conditions in Westmoreland County, coal fields, 823.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by

Recalling House Bill No. 9, regulating fees of court criers and tipstaves in certain judicial districts, from Governor for amendment, 718.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

SHAFFER CHARLES A., Representative from Columbia County,

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 100, amending act relating to exemption of certain property from taxation by exempting parsonages, 332.

House Bill No. 125, to prevent spread of certain noxious weeds, 424.

Appointments of, on

Special committee, 3613.

Standing committees, 83, 85.

Bills introduced by

Amending act relating to markers for graves of soldiers and sailors by extending its provisions to widows of soldiers and sailors, 416.

Amending first section of act relating to exemption from taxation of certain property, 122.

Authorizing refund to Fred Muster, Superintendent of Bear Company, Berwick, 1116.

Making appropriation to Berwick Hospital, Berwick, Columbia County, 123.

Making appropriation to Joseph Ratti Hospital, 156.

Making appropriation to State Normal School at Bloomsburg, 688.

Regulating method of trying certain offences and misdemeanors before justices of the peace, 123.

To repeal so far as it relates to Columbia County act to protect sheep and tax dogs in Lycoming and Columbia Counties, 636.

Bills reported by

No. 267 (Senate Bill No. 469)

Making appropriation for purchase of land for rifle range or land for permanent camping ground, 714.

No. 328 (Senate Bill No. 592)

Amending act to authorize municipalities to unite in construction of sewage system by including townships, 734.

SHAFFER, CHARLES A.—Continued.

No. 486

Creating Bureau of Pensions in office of Auditor General, 1047.

No. 507 (Senate Bill No. 1201)

Amending act to exempt from taxation certain public property by removing exemption from court houses, jails, poor houses and certain lands therein exempted, 1081.

No. 508 (Senate Bill No. 809)

Relating to taxation and bonus on capital stock, 1081.

No. 546

Prohibiting wrapping of certain articles of food in newspapers, 1212.

No. 641

Repealing act to exempt pianos, melodeons and organs leased or hired from levy or sale for rent, 1357.

No. 786

Amending act establishing Department of Mines by permitting mine inspector suspended for neglect of duty to appeal to court of common pleas, 1758.

No. 807

To provide for aeration of milk and cream, 1769.

No. 861 (Senate Bill No. 1247)

Providing for reporting to State Department of Health by physicians of occupational diseases, 1949.

No. 862 (Senate Bill No. 1248)

Providing for erection of Memorial Halls at county seats, 1949.

No. 863

Laying State tax on estates passing either by will or under intestate laws or by any agreement intended to take effect after death of grantor or bargainer, 1949.

No. 1268

Requiring labeling of renovated butter, 2349.

Election of, 43.

Leave of absence asked for, 125.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 1356.

Adopt concurrent resolution for appointment of representative to Eighth International Congress of Applied Chemistry, 1240.

Petitions presented by, from

Beaver Valley Grange No. 1338, Patrons of Husbandry, Columbia County, for better telephone facilities, 323.

Citizens of Columbia County against excise commission bill, 1744.

Citizens of Columbia County, in favor of Maurer Initiative and Referendum Bill, 435.

Citizens of Columbia County, in favor of reading of Bible in public schools, 775.

Citizens of Columbia County, in favor of Soldiers' Pension Bill, 775.

Citizens of Lehigh County, against commission form of government, 323.

Good Hope Grange No. 1354, Patrons of Husbandry, Columbia County, for better telephone facilities, 323.

Rohrburg Grange No. 108, Patrons of Husbandry, Columbia County, for better telephone facilities, 323.

Questions of information raised by, on

House Bill No. 201, providing that no borough shall hereafter be incorporated out of township of first class and that no part of such township shall be annexed to city, borough or other township except as herein provided, 1771.

House Bill No. 455, regulating compensation of four clerks in Department of Banking, 1684.

House Bill No. 721, authorizing D. L. Saul and Flora Saul, his wife, to bring suit against Commonwealth, 2954.

Remarks by, at

Memorial service for John Calvin Meyer, late Representative from Centre County, 2324, 2325.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 281, amending act regarding metal markers for graves of soldiers and sailors by extending its provisions to widows of soldiers and sailors, 872.

House Bill No. 641, repealing act exempting pianos, melodeons and organs from levy or sale on execution or distress for rent, and House Bill No. 643, repealing act exempting soda water apparatus and appurtenances from levy or sale on execution or distress for rent, 2346.

SHAFFER, CHARLES A.—Continued.

Resolutions, concurrent, offered by, in

Reference to appointing representative to Eighth International Congress of Applies Chemistry, 779.

Reference to printing memorial addresses for late Honorable J. Calvin Meyer, 2474.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

SHANNON, MICHAEL F., Representative from Second District, (Luzerne County),

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 23, supplement to act dividing townships into two classes, 174.

House Bill No. 36, providing for registration of conveyances of real estate, 193.

House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 1036, 1037.

House Bill No. 493, empowering boroughs without petition of property owners to pave and otherwise improve public streets, 1775.

House Bill No. 572, providing for appointment of assistant district attorneys in certain counties, 2344.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Amending act establishing Department of Mines by permitting any Mine Inspector suspended by Chief of Department of Mines to appeal to Court of Common Pleas, 884.

Amending first section of act relating to Board for Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and County purposes in certain counties 172.

Providing for appointment of assistant district attorneys in certain counties, 1016.

Repealing act authorizing county controllers in counties containing between 300,000 and 1,000,000 inhabitants to appoint solicitor, 1358.

Repealing act establishing in counties with between 300,000 and 1,000,000 inhabitants a Board for Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and County purposes, 416.

Repealing act to punish prize fights and boxing matches in certain counties, 1399.

Supplement to act relating to free public libraries in cities of third class authorizing school districts of said cities to contract for free non-sectarian public libraries, 1458.

To prevent mine foremen or mine superintendents from distributing money for any candidate for public office, 884.

To secure and perpetuate liens upon monuments, mausoleums, markers, grave stones and other ornamental constructions in and above cemeteries and grave yards, 1304.

Bills reported by

No. 74 (Senate Bill No. 632)

Repealing act relative to purchase of Law Library for Dauphin County, 199.

No. 482 (Senate Bill No. 780)

Authorizing councils of incorporated boroughs to require sprinkling of public streets, 1027.

No. 533 (Senate Bill No. 713)

Empowering cities and boroughs to enact ordinances regarding mining of coal beneath their surfaces, 1169.

No. 571

Regulating returns of constables in boroughs and townships, 1281.

No. 819

Supplement to act relating to free public libraries in cities of third class authorizing school districts of said cities to cotract for maintenance of free non-sectarian public libraries without guaranty by city, 1779.

Election of, 44.

Motions by, to

Drop from calendar House Bill No. 660, amending act authorizing boroughs and incorporated towns to appropriate private property for public buildings and works so as to extend same to townships of first class, 3024.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 501, amending act authorizing councils of incorporated boroughs to require paving of streets so as to change requirements of petition for paving, 1776.

Nomination of candidate for United States Senator by, 50.

SHANNON, MICHAEL F.—Continued.

Questions of information raised by, on

House Bill No. 63, creating office of Second Assistan Deputy Attorney General, 308.

House Bill No. 69, makiug unnaturalized foreign-bor residents subject to taxation, 309.

Resolution regarding election of United States Sena tors by direct vote, 367.

Question of privilege raised by, on

House Bill No. 61, relating to additional officers an employes, 311.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 63, creating office of Second Assistan Deputy Attorney General, 393.

House Bill No. 112, to further regulate granting o licenses for sale of liquors, 485.

House Bill No. 229, to repeal act establishing in cer tain counties Board for Assessment and Revision o Taxes for State and County purposes, 1289.

House Bill No. 493, empowering boroughs without pe tition of property owners to pave streets, 1486, 1775

House Bill No. 518, amending act providing uniform method of electing certain party officers by providing for one primary in place of two, 1194, 1195.

House Bill No. 572, providing for appointment of assistant district attorney in counties having between 300,000 and 750,000 inhabitants, 2085, 2344.

House Bill No. 647, repealing act to prevent prize fights and boxing matches in counties of Pike Schuylkill, Luzerne, Erie and Montgomery, 2258.

House Bill No. 786, amending act establishing Department of Mines by permitting any mine inspector suspended for neglect of duty to appeal to court of common pleas of any county within the inspection district, 2133.

House Bill No. 1287, amending act providing for personal registration of electors in cities of first and second class by further defining "party" and who may be appointed registrars, increasing terms of commissioners and changing registration days, 3248.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by

Approving reciprocity pact with Canada, 211.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

SHARES OF STOCK OF CERTAIN COMPANIES by including certain bulding and loan associations, bill to amend act to provide revenue by levying a tax upon (see building and loan associations).

SHAY, W. FIELD, nominated as Trustee of State Hospital for Insane at Danville, 225.

Reported, 229.

Confirmed, 230.

SHEEP AND TAX DOGS in Lycoming and Columbia counties, bill to repeal so far as it relates to Columbia County act to protect (see Columbia).

SHEEP, bill to repeal act relating to taxation of dogs and protection of (see dogs).

SHENANGO VALLEY HOSPITAL, of New Castle, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1182

Read in place in House by Mr. Walton, 134.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 134.
Reported with amendment, 2243.
First reading, 2341.
Second reading, 2427.
Third reading and final passage, 2810.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3316.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3316.
Signed by Speaker, 3479.

In Senate (No. 1101)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2662.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2713.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2921.
Re-reported with amendment, 2929.
Third reading and final passage, 3101.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3282.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

SHERN, DANIEL J., Representative from Fourth District, (Philadelphia County),

Acting Speaker, 170, 180, 199, 589, 926, 972, 1026.

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 49, providing for sale of any unserviceable property belonging to Commonwealth, 1472.

House Bill No. 518, amending act providing uniform method of electing certain party officers by providing for one primary election each year in place of two, 1192, 1202.

House Bill No. 565, providing for registration of bottles and prohibiting use of same without written consent of owners thereof, 1939.

House Bill No. 725, providing for satisfaction of mortgages now or hereafter to be recorded when original mortgages have been lost, mislaid or destroyed, 2118.

Appointments of, on

Conference committee, 322, 1168.

Special committee, 52, 54.

Standing committees, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Amending act providing for registration of Veterinary Surgeons, 171.

Amending act relating to corporations and estates held for corporate religious and charitable uses by providing for control of funds and affairs of religious bodies, 324.

Amending act relating to salaries of tipstaves in courts of counties of not less than 500,000 population by changing limit of population of such counties, 717.

Creating Bureau of Preliminary Professional Education, 959.

Forbidding use of any automatic slot machine, device or meter for measuring gas, 104.

Making appropriation to American Art Society, 301.

Making appropriation to Children's Aid Society of Philadelphia, 95.

Marking appropriation to City of Philadelphia for Philadelphia General Hospital, 324.

Making appropriation to Gynecean Hospital in the City of Philadelphia. 96.

Making appropriation to Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia, 301.

Making appropriation to Mary Zambo, 96.

Making apppropriation towards maintenance of Pennsylvania Nautical Schoolship at Port of Philadelphia, 104.

Prohibiting additional hospitals, pest houses and burial grounds in built up portions of cities, 302.

Prohibiting offering for sale on any public highway or in front of place of amusement of ticket of admission, 567.

Providing for sale of unserviceable personal property belonging to Commonwealth, 124.

Providing for satisfaction of mortgages now or hereafter to be recorded when original mortgages have been lost or destroyed, 1400.

Providing for taxation of gross receipts of fire insurance companies on business done, 820.

Relating to disposition of property of decedents on failure of testamentary devises, 1115.

To fix time when term of judges of various courts shall commence, 98.

To provide for registration of bottles and to prohibit use of same without written consent of owners thereof, 1115.

To regulate investigations when charges shall be preferred against a judge, 568.

Bills reported by

No. 61 (Senate Bill No. 106)

Providing for election of additional clerks and assistant sergeants-at-arms of House of Representatives, 188.

No. 62 (Senate Bill No. 302)

Joint resolution proposing amendment to section eight, article nine of Constitution of Pennsylvania, 188.

No. 63 (Senate Bill No. 193)

Creating office of Second Assistant Deputy Attorney General, 188.

No. 129 (Senate Bill No. 607)

Fixing time for election of directors or overseers of the poor, 314.

SHERN, DANIEL J.—Continued.

No. 312 (Senate Bill No. 496)

To establish a public school system, 993.

No. 447

To establish State Industrial Home for Women, 1026.

No. 679 (Senate Bill No. 10)

To make uniform laws of bills of lading, 1469.

No. 743 (Senate Bill No. 1179)

To exempt certain buildings from requirements of certain acts relating to taxation, 1694.

Election of, 44.

Motion by, in

Reference to time of next meeting, 1789, 2150..

Motion by, to

Adjourn, 337, 1777, 1796.

Motions by, to

Dispense with further reading of Journal, 1115.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 2, relating to terms of office of judges of the several courts, 135.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 191, amending act relating to corporations and estates held for corporate religious and charitable uses as regards charters of religious bodies, 821.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 269, regulating investigations when charges shall be preferred against a judge, 865.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 378, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania allowing municipalities to increase their indebtedness, 1836.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 466, providing for merger and consolidation of street railway and motor power companies, 1755.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 499, relating to collection of debts due by school districts of fourth class, 1776.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 510, joint resolution proposing amendment to section 1, article 9 of Constitution, relating to taxation, 1790.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 530, providing for taxation of gross receipts of fire insurance companies on business done in Pennsylvania, 1795.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 539, amending act increasing salaries of tipstaves in certain counties by changing limit of population of such counties, 1923.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 49, providing for sale of any unserviceable personal property belonging to Commonwealth, 1472.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 313, providing for health and safety of persons employed in and about bituminous coal mines, 2316.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 378, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania allowing municipalities to increase their indebtedness, 1464.

Nomination of candidate for Speaker of House by, 48.

Points of order raised by, on

House Bill No. 21, amending act relating to rebate in insurance, 160.

House Bill No. 216, amending act creating Department of State Police, 847.

House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 1152.

Questions of information raised by, on

House Bill No. 633, to provide a standard of tests for illuminating oils, 1795.

Resolution in reference to time of adjournment, 51.

Remarks by, on

Concurrent resolution regarding adjournment, 260.

Concurrent resolution regarding adjournment sine die, 363.

House Bill No. 3, fixing salaries of the judges of the several Courts, 218, 219.

House Bill No. 7, in reference to exemption from levy and sale for rent of billiard and pool tables, 127.

House Bill No. 20, amending act relating to appointment of court stenographers requiring judges of certain courts to employ stenographer of court of common pleas, 1087.

House Bill No. 22, supplement and amendment to act relating to corporations, applying to mutual savings associations and building and loan associations, 191.

House Bill No. 62, relating to amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania, 264, 265.

SHERN, DANIEL J.—Continued.

House Bill No. 61, relating to additional officers and employes of General Assembly, 368, 369.

House Bill No. 141, establishing in certain counties a Board for Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and County purposes, 641.

House Bill No. 191, amending act relating to corporations as regards charters of religious bodies, 648, 649, 783, 784, 2197, 2198, 2199.

House Bill No. 255, relating to taxation of companies engaged in manufacture of gas, 858, 859.

House Bill No. 269, providing for investigations when charges shall be preferred against a judge, 1333, 1334, 1335.

House Bill No. 466, providing for merger and consolidation of street railway and motor power companies, 2249.

House Bill No. 518, amending act providing uniform method of electing certain party officers by providing for one primary election in place of two, 1192, 1195, 1202, 1203.

House Bill No. 530, providing for taxation of gross receipts of fire insurance companies on business done in Pennsylvania, 2042, 2043, 2309.

House Bill No. 539, amending act increasing salaries of tipstaves in certain counties by changing limit of population of such counties, 1954.

House Bill No. 650, amending third section of act to regulate sale of liquors, 2260.

House Bill No. 755, fixing compensation and allowances for members of General Assembly, 2307.

House Bill No. 784, providing additional remedies in case of non-payment of rent by tenant, 2131.

Resolution regarding election of United States Senators by direct vote, 366.

Report of conference committee presented by, 362.

Resolutions, concurrent, offered by

Proposing amendment to Section twenty-six of article five of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, relating to courts, 172.

Resolution offered by, in

Reference to hearing on Child Labor Bills, 718.

Resolution reported, by

Relative to order of business in House, 922, 1184, 1237, 1402, 1614, 1850, 2184, 2254.

Special order for consideration of School Code, reported by, 845.

Sympathy of House to, 3649.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

SHERIFF IN DAUPHIN COUNTY, bill to repeal part of act relating to fees of (see Dauphin).

SHERIFF OF ANY COUNTY having population of over one million four hundred thousand, to fix the fee for service of jurors summoned by the

House Bill No. 84

Read in place in House by Mr. Hecht, 156.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 156.
Reported without amendment, 251.
First reading, 320.
Second reading, 652.
Third reading and amended, 693.
Final passage, 727.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2311.
Signed by Speaker, 2587.

In Senate (No. 671)

Referred to Committee on Education, 713.
Reported without amendment, 1999.
First reading, 2182.
Second reading, 2213.
Third reading and final passage, 2272.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2523.

SHERIFF OF MONROE COUNTY, Wm. F. Swartwood nominated as, 92.
Reported, 101.
Confirmed, 102.

SHERIFF OF WARREN COUNTY for conveying of prisoners to penitentiary, to repeal act fixing costs to be paid to

House Bill No. 489

Read in place in House by Mr. Schofield, 125.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 125.
Reported without amendment, 1047.

SHERIFF OF WARREN COUNTY—Continued.

First reading, 1093.
Second reading, 1485.
Third reading and final passage, 1773.

Remarks on, by

Schofield, 1773.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1801.

SHERIFF, relating to proceedings for goods and chattels th have been seized by the

House Bill No. 113

Read in place in House by Mr. Hecht, 121.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 121.
Reported with amendment, 314.
First reading, 336.
Second reading, 652.
Third reading and amended, 693.
Final passage, 727.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 713.

SHERIFF, to amend act relating to seizure of goods chattels by making entering of rule for an iss discretionary with

House Bill No. 58

Read in place in House by Mr. Horace B. Dunn, 140.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 141.
Reported without amendment, 187.
First reading, 206.
Second reading, 234.
Third reading and postponed for the present, 261.

SHERIFFS FOR BOARDING PRISONERS IN JAILS counties whose population does not exceed 50,0 population by extending it to counties whose popul tion does not exceed 80,000, to amend act relating compensation of

House Bill No. 453

Read in place in House by Mr. Mills, 718.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 718.
Reported without amendment, 1026.
First reading, 1091.
Second reading, 1376.
Third reading and final passage, 1684.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 2944.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 2945.
Signed by Speaker, 3182.

In Senate (No. 730)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1667.
Reported without amendment, 2264.
First reading, 2469.
Second reading and amended, 2547.
Over in its order, 2614.
Third reading and final passage, 2892.
Returned from House with Senate amendments co curred in, 3047.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3114.

SHERIFFS FOR SERVICES IN CONNECTION WITH PRI ONERS, insane persons or habitual drunkards, fix the fees and compensation of

House Bill No. 757

Read in place in House by Mr. Benson, 122.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 122.
Reported without amendment, 1695.
First reading, 1829.
Second reading, 2125.
Third reading and final passage, 3027.

In Senate (No. 1194)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 3046.
Reported without amendment, 3120.
First reading, 3177.
Second reading, 3299.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 3434.

Remarks on, by

Wilbert, 3434.
Judson, 3434.

ERIFFS IN COUNTIES having a population of less than 130,000, to regulate and establish the fees to be charged by

House Bill No. 102

Read in place in House by Mr. Rockwell, 156.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 156.
Reported without amendment, 300.
First reading, 321.
Second reading, 419.
Third reading and postponed for present, 446.
Vote on third reading reconsidered, 528.
Resumed on third reading and amended, 528.
Final passage, 577.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 2717.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 2717.
Signed by Speaker, 2844.

n Senate (No. 570)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 564.
Reported with amendment, 1632.
First reading and recommitted to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1744.
Re-reported with amendment, 2278.
Second reading, 2460.
Third reading and final passage, 2529.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 2618.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2653.

ERIFFS IN THIS COMMONWEALTH, to amend act relating to fees to be charged by

enate Bill No. 130

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Clark, 151.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 151.
Reported without amendment, 282.
First reading, 359.
Second reading, 385.
Third reading and final passage, 407.
Returned from House without amendment, 1264.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1305.
Approved by Governor, 1547.

n House (No. 344)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 433.
Reported without amendment, 735.
First reading, 782.
Second reading, 898.
Third reading and final passage, 1295.
Signed by Speaker, 1339.

ERIFFS ON DUTY IN COURT ROOMS of courts of oyer and terminer and quarter sessions of the peace in counties having population of between 750,000 and 1,200,000 in relation to appointment and salaries of deputy

House Bill No. 676

Read in place in House by Mr. Stein, 1401.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1401.
Reported without amendment, 1469.
First reading, 1501.
Second reading, 2097.
Third reading and final passage, 2565.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3356.
Signed by Speaker, 3480.

n Senate (No. 1161)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2537.
Reported without amendment, 2894.
First reading, 2928.
Second reading, 3174.
Third reading and final passage, 3271.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3394.

ERIFF'S PROCLAMATION at all general and municipal elections and regulating advertising thereof, bill to amend act relating to nomination and election of public officers by requiring (see election).

ERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE upon the mortgage, bill to regulate entry of judgments on bonds, notes or other obligations for payment of money secured by mortgage and declaring effect of (see judgments).

ERIFF'S SALES OF LANDS under writs issued out of court of common pleas, relating to

enate Bill No. 347.

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Huffman, 608.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 608.
Reported without amendment, 788.

SHERIFF'S SALES OF LANDS—Continued.

First reading, 842.
Second reading, 917.
Third reading and final passage, 951.
Returned from House without amendment, 1805.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1856.
Approved by Governor, 2442.

In House No. 476

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 972.
Reported without amendment, 1028.
First reading, 1092.
Second reading, 1388.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 1762.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill passed finally, 1785.
Signed by Speaker, 2050.

Remarks on, by

Roney, 1785.

SHERIFFS' SALES OF REAL ESTATE so as to forbid recording of assignments of mortgages under certain conditions, bill to amend act relating to (see recording).

SHERWOOD, J. FRANK, Representative from Fifth District, (Philadelphia County),

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Preventing fire insurance companies from entering into trusts or agreements to control rates of insurance, 960.

Prohibiting advertisements concerning certain diseases, 525.

Prohibiting health or accident insurance companies from making certain provisions in policies regarding payment of benefits to insured, 525.

Prohibiting misbranding of articles of merchandise intended to be exposed for sale other than articles of food, 1184.

Bills reported by

No. 271
Amending act relating to division of State Library for preservation of public records, 714.

No. 359
Amending act relating to weight of anthracite coal in a ton so as to make it a misdemeanor to sell by short weight 819.

No. 420 (Senate Bill No. 783)
To provide for payment of maintenance of children or minors committed to institutions outside of State under various juvenile court acts, 970.

No. 421 (Senate Bill No 482)
Supplementing and amending act relating to divorces by regulating submission of issues of fact to a jury, the appointment of masters, 970.

No. 523 (Senate Bill No. 273)
Amending act providing for Homeopathic State Hospital for Insane by vesting appointment of entire commission in Governor, 1169.

No. 664
Amending act relating to employment of minors by regulating hours of minors under 21 years of age in cities of first and second class in and for telepraph or messenger offices, 1469.

No. 801 (Senate Bill No. 459)
To provide for incorporation of casualty insurance companies, 1758.

No. 895 (Senate Bill No. 464)
Providing reserve for outstanding liability losses of insurance companies, 2053.

Election of, 44.

Leave of absence asked for, 417.

Petition presented by, from

Citizens of Fifth District, (Philadelphia County), in favor of Initiative, Referendum and Recall, 636.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

SHERWOOD, L. HALSEY, nominated as County Treasurer of Crawford County, 1069.

Reported, 1074.
Confirmed, 1075.

SHIELDS, MOSES, Senator from Twenty-Third District, (Wyoming, Susquehanna and Bradford Counties),

Appointments of, on

Conference committee, 3278.

Standing committees, 79.

Bills introduced by

Amending act relating to corporations by giving electric light heat and power companies the right of eminent domain, 243.

Making appropriation for monument to Robert Morris, 454.

Making Lake Winola in Wyoming County a public highway. 374.

Providing that right of eminent domain as respects appropriation of streams shall be exercised by water companies only with consent of Water Supply Commission, 243.

Supplement to act relating to corporations regulating electric light, heat and power companies which are near State boundary line, 243.

To regulate manufacture and sale of patent and proprietary medicines, 1067.

Bills reported by

No. 114 (House Bill No. 212)

A Joint Resolution regarding appointment of Commission to investigate surface support in connection with removal of anthracite coal, 281.

No. 207 (House Bill No. 106)

Joint resolution for commission to investigate matter of surface support in connection with removal of anthracite coal, 487.

No. 368

Provide for taking of census in Pennsylvania in 1915, 338.

No. 383 (House Bill No. 637)

Amending act relating to safety of miners by regulating time for midday meal, 937.

No. 446 (House Bill No. 208)

Amending act authorizing appointment of deputy and one clerk by prothonotary of Supreme Court of Eastern District and appointment of deputy by prothonotary of Supreme Court of Middle District, 1173.

No. 447 (House Bill No. 101)

To provide for safety of persons employed in and about anthracite coal mines and to limit hours of labor of hoisting engineers, 1173.

No. 770 (House Bill No. 1339)

Providing for purchase or condemnation of real estate by boroughs for purpose of constructing wharves, landing places and docks, 2524.

No. 828 (House Bill No. 673)

Relating to location, construction and maintenance of viaducts and bridges in townsnips of first class and in adjacent territory, 2665.

No. 1154 (House Bill No. 636)

To protect lives and limbs of miners from dangers resulting from incompetent miners working in bituminous coal mines and to provide for examination of those seeking employment as miners, 3137.

Motion by, for

Senate to adhere to its amendments to House Bill No. 313 (Senate Bill No. 1159) providing for health and safety of persons employed in and about bituminous coal mines, 3278.

Motion by, that

Senate Bill No. 216, amending act relating to roads, highways and bridges as regards certain county bridges, go over in its order, 761.

Motions by, to

Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 263, joint resolution providing for issuing invitation to neighboring States for conference with respect to taxing of oil, gas and bituminous coal, 1907.

Proceed to consideration of conference committee report on Senate Bill No. 1159, to provide for health and safety of persons employed in and about bituminous coal mines, 3438.

Reconsider vote on Senate Bill No. 263, joint resolution providing for issuing invitation to neighboring States for conference with respect to taxing of oil, gas and bituminous coal, 1907.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 803, providing for licensing and regulating private banking, 2700.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 1154, to protect miners from dangers resulting from incompetent miners working in bituminous coal mines and providing for examination of those seeking employment as miners, 2926.

SHIELDS, MOSES—Continued.

Resolutions, concurrent, offered by

Authorizing Chief of Department of Mines with consent of Governor to increase or decrease numb of inspection districts and number of inspectors anthracite coal regions 3278.

In reference to printing additional bills and calendars,

Resolution, concurrent, reported by

Regarding appointment of commission to investiga dangerous mine fire at Carbondale, 153.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 71.

SHIPMENT OR CARRYING OF OYSTERS OR CLAMS oth than in the shell, to regulate

House Bill No. 498

Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 252.

Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 2

Reported without amendment, 1048.

First reading, 1094.

Defeated on second reading, 1487.

SHIPMENTS OF COMPETITORS BY COMMON CARRIER bill to provide against unlawful disclosure of inform tion relative to (see common carriers).

SHIPPERS USING COMMON CARRIERS, bills relating to (s common carriers).

SHIRK, CHALES C., Trustee of State Hospital for Insane, Warren,

Nominated, 24.

Confirmed,

SHOEMAKER AND A. MORTON COOPER for services as a torneys for Dairy and Food Commissioner, bill maki appropriation to Carroll R. Williams, J. H. (see Dai and Food).

SHOEMAKER, M. P., Representative from Second Distri (Westmoreland County),

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 429, regulating fees to be received constables, 1371.

House Bill No. 791, providing for appointment of depu coroners in certain counties, 2134.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Amending act relating to fees of tipstaves in certa judicial districts, 591.

Providing for appointment of deputy coroners in cou ties having between 200,000 and 250,000 inhabitant 1481.

Relating to coroners and holding of post mortem 1481.

To encourage breeding of horses, 526.

Bills reported by

No. 185

Establishing a State Fair Commission, 436.

No. 295 (Senate Bill No. 486)

To protect dignity and honor of uniform of Unite States in Pennsylvania, 715.

No. 296

Amending act relating to burial of certain honorabl discharged soldiers, sailors or marines, 716.

No. 620 (Senate Bill No. 682)

Authorizing publication of 800 additional copies Smull's Legislative Hand Book for certain Depar ments, 1340.

No. 705 (Senate Bill No. 431)

Authorizing Secretary of Agriculture to publish r port on insects of Pennsylvania, 1500.

No. 1340 (Senate Bill No. 596)

Providing for liquidation, distribution of assets an dissolution of corporations under supervision of Com missioner of Banking, 3228.

Election of, 45.

Petition presented by, from

Members of Irvin Council No. 44, Jr. O. U. A. M. f passage of bill requiring Bible to be read in publ schools, 360

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

SHOOTING AT LIVE PIGEONS IN CONTESTS or matche or otherwise except in hunting, bill to prohibit (s pigeons).

SHOOTING GALLERIES and to provide for granting of licenses, bill to regulate use of (see billiard tables).

SHOOTING OF WILD WATER-FOWL BEFORE SUNRISE, bill to prohibit (see water-fowl).

SHORT WEIGHT, bill to amend act regulating what weight of anthracite coal shall make a ton so as to make it a misdemeanor to sell said coal by (see coal).

SHORT WEIGHTS AND MEASURES, bill to prohibit giving of (see weights).

SHORTHAND CLERKS for courts of Allegheny County, bill to repeal act authorizing appointment of (see courts).

SHOWALTER, J. B., Trustee of Home for Training in Speech of Deaf Children, Before They are of School Age, nominate, 24.

Reported, 939.

Confirmed, 956.

SHREVE, MILTON W., Representative from First District, (Erie County),

Amendment offered by, to

House Bill No. 608, to regulate doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations and registration thereof, 3531.

Appointments of, on

Special committees, 50, 80.

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Amending act authorizing companies incorporated under laws of any other State to hold real estate in this State so as to extend same to companies manufacturing or dealing in electrical apparatus or machinery, 1115.

Amending act granting certain rights to water companies providing for approval by Water Supply Commission of extensions of territory and regulating carrying of water by pipe-lines, 1238.

Amending act regulating escheats so as to provide for escheat of property held in trust which property is without a lawful owner, 637.

Amending act relating to source of supply of water and water power companies by providing that no water or water power company, municipality nor any corporation using water shall take any new source of supply without approval of Water Supply Commission, 1238.

Creating office of Second Assistant Deputy Attorney General, 154.

Making appropriation for improvement of State Canal Basins at the Port of Erie, 146.

Making appropriation to Erie Home For Friendless, 154.

Making appropriation to Hamot Hospital Association of the City of Erie, 154.

Making appropriation to Northwestern Pennsylvania Humane Society of Erie, 154.

Making appropriation to Saint Vincent's Hospital Association of the City of Erie, 154.

Providing for additional law judge of several courts of Sixth Judicial District, 124.

Regulating doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations and registration thereof, 1329.

Requiring approval of Water Supply Commission to extension of time within which water or water power companies shall begin and complete their works, 1238.

Requiring bills and answers in equity to be sworn to and relating to testimony of witnesses, 123.

To forbid use of a gill net of more than thirty meshes deep in certain boundary lakes, 637.

To provide for taking of testimony to be used in any of civil courts of record in this Commonwealth of witnesses residing in any other State or any foreign country, 1329.

Bills reported by

No. 30 (Senate Bill No. 180)

Providing for additional law judge in Sixth Judicial District, 140.

No. 34 (Senate Bill No. 768)

Amending act relating to revenue by taxation by exempting certain savings accounts, 145.

No. 35 (Senate Bill No. 224)

Providing for payment of Commonwealth witnesses by proper county, 145.

No. 36 (Senate Bill No. 396)

Providing for registration of conveyances of real estate in certain counties, 145.

SHREVE, MILTON W.—Continued.

No. 204 (Senate Bill No. 655)

Providing for election of commissioners of townships of first class, 566.

No. 226

Providing that preliminary steps in taking out letters of administration may be taken before notary public, justice of the peace or alderman, 589.

No. 380 (Senate Bill No. 700)

Empowering clerks designated by Recorder of Deeds to administer oaths and affirmations, 881.

No. 1289

Providing for assessment and collection of taxes on personal property, 2589.

No. 1292 (Senate Bill No. 681)

Amending act concerning sale of railroads, canals, turnpikes, bridges and plank roads so that its provisions shall apply also to sales and conveyances of material, rolling stock and property of corporations, 2840.

No. 1370 (Senate Bill No. 363)

Regulating apprentices, 3239.

No. 1372 (Senate Bill No. 593)

Amending act relating to appointment of Court stenographers, 3239.

Bill returned from Committee by

Relating to refund to Elizabeth Steel Magee Hospital, 146.

Election of, 43.

Leave of absence asked for, 1358.

Member of Commission to provide for Celebration of Anniversary of Battle of Lake Erie, nominated, 26.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 2519.

Appoint committee to conduct Senate to Hall of House for joint assembly to compare vote for United States Senator, 80.

Drop from calendar House Bill No. 1334, repealing act relating to changes of venue and providing that such change shall be made only when it shall appear to the court that local prejudice exists, 3497.

Postpone indefinitely House concurrent resolution No. 8, relating to investigation of conditions in Westmoreland County coal fields, 822.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 1340, providing for liquidation, distribution of assets and dissolution of corporations under supervision of Commissioner of Banking, 3214.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 608, to regulate doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations and registration thereof, 3531

Remarks by, at

Memorial service for John Calvin Meyer, late Representative from Center County, 2325.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 30, providing for additional law judge in sixth judicial district, 162.

House Bill No. 63, creating office of Second Assistant Deputy Attorney General, 393.

House Bill No. 821, regulating collection of taxes in boroughs and townships and providing compensation for collector, 3035, 3036.

House Bill No. 1280, providing for extension of Capitol Park in City of Harrisburg, 3328.

House concurrent resolution No. 8, relating to investigation of conditions in Westmoreland County, 822.

House concurrent resolution No. 16, relative to appointment of commission to examine and report on Erie purchase, 1825, 1826.

Resolutions, (concurrent) offered by, in

Reference to commission to report on "Erie Purchase," 1329.

Reference to investigation of conditions in Westmoreland County Coal Mines, 52.

Reference to use of Hall of House of Representatives for Judiciary General Committee for hearing United States Senator Bourne of Oregon on Initiative and Referendum, 1184.

Reference to joint committee to investigate building of Homeopathic State Hospital for Insane at Rittersville, 1197.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

SHRUBS ALONG ROADSIDES, bill to amend act to protect trees growing by roadsides by prohibiting cutting or injuring of (see trees).

SHUFFLE BOARDS and to provide for granting of licenses, bill to regulate use of (see billiard tables).

SICK, bill to empower officers of poor districts to appropriate money to certain corporations for relief of pauper injured or (see poor districts).

SIDEWALKS ALONG PUBLIC HIGHWAYS through towns and villages, to authorize road supervisors in townships of second class to aid in construction of

Senate Bill No. 222

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Knapp, 374.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 374.
Reported without amendment, 540.
First reading, 633.
Second reading, 673
Third reading and final passage, 704.
Returned from House with amendment, 2217.
Concurred in House amendment, 2217.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2523.

In House (No. 432)

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 748.
Reported with amendment, 1015.
First reading, 1090.
Second reading, 1372.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 1676.
Vote reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 1922.
Resumed and postponed for present, 2255.
Resumed and passed finally, 2256.
Returned from Senate with House amendment concurred in, 2311
Signed by Speaker, 2588.

Remarks on, by

Hobbs, 2256.
Schofield, 2256.
Henry, 2256.

SIDEWALKS IN TOWNSHIPS OF FIRST CLASS, bills relating to (see townships).

SIDEWALKS IN TOWNSHIPS OF FIRST CLASS to be kept in repair and clear of obstruction by owners of property abutting thereon, to require

House Bill No. 568

Read in place in House by Mr. Miller, 125.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 125.
Reported without amendment, 1281.
First reading, 1410.
Second reading, 1524.
Third reading and final passage, 1939.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2718
Signed by Speaker, 2845.

In Senate (No. 691)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1901.
Reported without amendment, 2201.
First reading, 2286.
Second reading, 2463.
Third reading and final passage, 2530.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2654.

SIGNATURE AND AFFIDAVIT TO CLAIMS FILED under said act, bill to amend act relating to liens for taxes and for municipal improvements by changing requirements as to (see liens).

SIGNS AND OTHER OUTDOOR ADVERTISING, bill concerning licensing, regulation or suppression of bill boards, (see outdoor advertising).

SILVER SPRING CHURCH CEMETERY, Cumberland County, making appropriation for monument to certain heroes and soldiers of Revolutionary War in

Senate Bill No. 184

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Manbeck, 340.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 340.
Reported without amendment, 453.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 518.
Re-reported without amendment, 2215.
Second reading, 2277.
Third reading and final passage, 2452.
[illegible]
[illegible]s, Committee on Appropriations, 2570.

SIMON H. BARNES MEMORIAL HOSPITAL of Susquehanna, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1205

Read in place in House by Mr. Edward E. Jones, 4
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 416.
Reported with amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2342
Second reading, 2431.
Third reading and final passage, 2818.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3278.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.

In Senate (No. 1124)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2663.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2714.
Second reading, 2923.
Third reading and final passage, 3106.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

SINKING FUND COMMISSION, bills relating to county (s county).

SINKING FUND bill to amend act dividing cities of t State into three classes and authorizing creati of a (see cities).

SISSON, A. E., Senator from Forty-Ninth District, (Er County),

Member of Commission to provide for Celebration Anniversary of Battle of Lake Erie, nominated, 2

Resignation of, 7.

SISTERS OF CHARITY OF SAINT CATHARINE'S ORPHA ASYLUM, of Reading, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1278

Read in place in House by Mr. Sassaman, 112.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 112.
Reported with amendment, 2473.
First reading, 2560.
Second reading, 2838.
Third reading and final passage, 2991.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3530.
Signed by Speaker, 3589.

In Senate (No. 1222)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3045.
Reported without amendment, 3121.
First reading, 3178.
Second reading, 3301.
Third reading and final passage, 3390.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3539.

SIXTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT, bill to provide for additiona law judge of the several courts of (see judge).

SIZE OF CERTAIN TROUT AND BASS and fixing numbe to have in possession, bill to amend act relatin to fish so as to remove minimum limit as to (se fish).

SIZE OF TIRES OF VEHICLES, bill to regulate (see tires).

SKELDING, F. H., Manager of Pennsylvania Reform Schoo at Morganza, nominated, 24.

SKIMMED MILK AND CREAM, bill to provide for protec tion of public health by regulating sale of milk (see milk).

SKUNKS AND OPPOSSUMS, bill to regulate hunting an killing of raccoons, (see hunting).

SLAYMAKER, P E., Trustee of Thaddeus Stevens Indus trial School of Pennsylvania, nominated, 26.

Reported, 938.
Confirmed, 956.

SLEEPING CARS and relative charges to be paid therefor bill to provide for passenger's control of berths i (see berths).

SMALLPOX, bill to amend act relating to protection of pub lic health by providing that under certain condi tions those in charge of schools are required t refuse admission of any child to school except upo certificate that such child has been successfully vaccinated or has had (see schools).

SMITH, deceased, for certain taxes erroneously paid, bill t reimburse Fidelity Trust Company of Philadelphia Trustee under will of Richard (see Fidelity Trust)

SMITH, deceased, for taxes erroneously paid, bill to reimburse Fidelity Trust Company of Philadelphia Trustee under will of Sarah A. (see Fidelity Trust)

SMITH, DR. EDGAR F., nominated as Member of College and University Council, 269.
Reported, 289.
Confirmed, 298.

SMITH, FRANK L., nominated as Trustee of State Hospital for Insane at Norristown, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

SMITH, WALTER GEORGE, Commissioner for Promotion of Uniformity of Legislation in the United States, nominated, 24.
Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

SMITH, W. H., Commissioner of Banking, nominated, 23.
Reported, 282.
Confirmed, 298.

SMOKE FROM CHIMNEYS AND SMOKESTACKS, bill to authorize cities to regulate emission of (see cities).

SMULL'S LEGISLATIVE HAND BOOK for use of certain Departments of the State, to authorize publication of one thousand additional copies of
House Bill No. 620
Read in place in House by Mr. Keister, 1082.
Referred to Committee on Printing, 1082.
Reported without amendment, 1340.
First reading, 1413.
Second reading, 1537.
Third reading and final passage, 2022.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3323.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3323.
Signed by Speaker, 3480.
In Senate (No. 682)
Referred to Committee on Public Printing, 2014.
Reported without amendment, 2175.
First reading, 2214.
Second reading, 2285.
Over in its order, 2459, 2529, 2609.
Third reading and amended, 2700.
Over in its order, 2885.
Final passage, 3137.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3283.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3394.

SNAVELY, HENRY C., Representative from Lebanon County,
Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85, 99.
Correction of vote on House Bill No. 312, establishing school system, made by, 3011.
Election of, 43.
Leave of absence asked for 304, 362, 417, 2015.
Petitions presented by, from
Citizens of Lebanon County, against commission form of government, 471.
Citizens of Lebanon County against increase of license tax on motor vehicles, 471.
Citizens of Lebanon County for better telephone service, 471.
Citizens of Lebanon County for Garnishee Law, 471.
Citizens of Lebanon County for Jones Road Bill, 1499.
Citizens of Lebanon County for Initiative and Referendum Bill, 636, 1499.
Citizens of Lebanon County for repeal of mercantile license tax, 471, 687.
Citizens of Lebanon County to require railroads to weigh at destination all shipments made in open or gondola cars, 471.
Gravehill Grange No. 1370, Patrons of Husbandry, for better telephone facilities, 187.
Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

SNODGRASS, ROBERT, Commissioner for Promotion of Uniformity of Legislation in the United States, nominated, 24.
Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

SNOW OF LONDON, England, who is lecturing in this country under auspices of American Humane and American Anti-vivisection societies, resolution (House) by Breitinger, in reference to offering use of Hall of House of Representatives on March first to, 232.

SNYDER, ARTANUS H., Representative from Northampton County,
Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 99.
Bills introduced by
Making appropriation to Porter Lodge No. 284, F. & A. M., of Catasauqua, 200.
Making appropriation to reimburse T. A. Kleppinger, Health Officer of Alliance, Northampton County, 1238.
Making appropriation to St. Luke's Hospital at South Bethlehem, 111.
Bill reported by
No. 706
Making it a misdemeanor for persons representing different insurance companies to fix or attempt to fix rates of insurance, 1500.
Election of, 44.
Leave of absence asked for, 1358.
Motion by, to
Dispense with further reading of Journal, 1281.
Nomination of candidate for Speaker of the House seconded by, 49.
Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

SNYDER, CHARLES A., Senator from Twenty-Ninth District, (Schuylkill County),
Amendments offered by, to
Concurrent resolution authorizing printing of additional copies of School Code, 3116.
Senate Bill No. 2, amending act relating to care of poor in Schuylkill County, 119, 341.
Senate Bill No. 153, amending act relating to fees of register of wills in certain counties by removing restriction as to population of counties affected, 550.
Senate Bill No. 276, establishing in certain counties Board for Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and County purposes, 946.
Senate Bill No. 429, establishing in certain counties Board for Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and County purposes, 2007, 2008.
Senate Bill No. 433, to provide that no person shall be eligible to office of district attorney or assistant district attorney who has not been admitted to practice in Supreme and Superior Courts, 1209, 1210.
Senate Bill No. 314, amending act relating to orphans' courts by vesting appointment of first assistant clerk of said courts in respective judges thereof, 2443.
Senate Bill No. 349, providing that all public school teachers who have taught for five consecutive years shall be elected to a permanent position, 2168.
Senate Bill No. 683, authorizing appointment by county commissioners of assessor in each legislative district and three assessors from county at large in certain counties, 2462, 2693.
Appointments of, on
Conference committee, 2210, 3281.
Special committee, 41.
Standing committees, 79, 80.
Bills introduced by
Amending act of March 24, 1877, so that its provisions shall not apply to counties of less than 750,000 inhabitants, 290.
A supplement to act providing for incorporation and regulation of certain corporations, 130.
Creating auxiliary teachers' board for each public school district, 665.
Creating Board of Trustees for insane in poor house of Schuylkill County, 89.
Directing Insurance Department to phohibit admission of companies from any State which refuse a permit to do business to like companies operating under laws of this State, 1226.
Fixing salary of Deputy Chief of Department of Mines, 756.
Fixing salary of Chief Clerk of Department of Mines, 130.
For safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings in cities of third class, boroughs and townships by providing proper exits, fire escapes and other preventives of fire, 996.
Making appropriation for erection of monument to Conrad Weiser in Berks County, 665.
Making appropriation for erection of proper fence or coping and pavement to protect monument near Petersburg, Virginia, 665.
Making appropriation to Benevolent Association's Home for Children of Pottsville, 183.
Making appropriation to former Board of Examiners for Inspectors of Mines of Schuylkill County to pay for services rendered in 1908, 996.

SNYDER, CHARLES A.—Continued.

Making appropriation to Pottsville Hospital, 166.

Making appropriation to Pottsville Hospital, 490.

Making appropriation to Trustees of State Hospital for Injured Persons at Fountain Springs, 183.

Permitting substitution of other securities for those deposited with State Treasurer to secure Commonwealth relief notes issued by certain banks, 1206.

Providing for appointment of mercantile appraisers in counties of less than 750,000 inhabitants, 290.

Providing that all public school teachers who have taught for five consecutive years shall be elected to a permanent position, 665.

Supplement to act regulating boroughs providing for election of chief of police and supervisors, 298.

Supplement to act relating to right of eminent domain not being exercised by water companies in certain conditions, 454.

To amend act relating to health and safety of miners in bituminous coal mines and anthracite collieries or breakers by regulating time allowed for midday meal, 806.

To encourage planting and maintaining of sprout, forest and timber trees, 1100.

To provide that corporations having right to receive money and do banking business that have not exercised their corporate privileges shall be proceeded against by quo warranto by Attorney General, 665.

To provide that no person shall be eligible to office of district attorney or assistant district attorney who has not been admitted to practice in Supreme and Superior Courts of this Commonwealth, 1074.

To regulate employment of persons in charge of certain hoists or hoisting engines in and about coal mines and quarries, 1206.

Bills reported by

No. 4

To establish a public school system in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, 102.

No. 146 (House Bill No. 442)

Supplement to act relating to street paving in boroughs, 373.

No. 245 (House Bill No. 25)

Providing for burial of indigent persons whose bodies are unclaimed and are unfit for anatomical purposes, 788.

No. 274

Providing for expenses of maintaining prisoners committed to county prisons on account of violation of city or borough ordinances, 664.

No. 280 (House Bill No. 824)

To create a Bureau of Professional Education as sub-department of Department of Public Instruction, 664.

No. 284 (House Bill No. 525)

Amending act relating to system of education by common schools by providing for establishment of industrial schools, 664.

No. 432 (House Bill No. 1239)

Making appropriation to former Board of Examiners for Inspectors of Mines of Schuylkill County, 1099.

No. 433 (House Bill No. 683)

To provide that no person shall be eligible to office of district attorney or assistant district attorney who has not been admitted to practice in Supreme and Superior Courts of this Commonwealth, 1099.

No. 480 (House Bill No 194)

For safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings in cities of third class, in boroughs and in townships by providing proper exits, fire escapes and fire extinguishers, 1810.

No. 496 (House Bill No. 312)

Establishing a public school system in Pennsylvania, 1417, 1435, 1705.

No. 620 (House Bill No. 1244)

Regulating treatment of persons in places of detention awaiting trial, 1722.

No. 633 (House Bill No. 1267)

Regulating use of moving picture machines in cities of third class, in boroughs and in townships, 1854.

No. 634 (House Bill No. 60)

Amending act providing for depositing of money with prothonotary or clerk of the several courts in lieu of surety on bonds as far as it relates to fees of prothonotary or clerk, 1854.

No. 635 (House Bill No. 94)

Providing for payment by proper county or by treasurer of city co-extensive with county of costs of appeal in certain murder cases, 1854.

SNYDER, CHARLES A.—Continued.

No. 665 (House Bill No. 173)

Amending act providing, how, when and upon what property liens shall be allowed for taxes and for municipal improvements, 1963.

No. 666 (House Bill No. 528)

Repealing section two of act to increase compensation of certain officers and of jurors and witnesses in Montgomery County, 1964.

No. 667 (House Bill No. 527)

Repealing so far as it relates to Montgomery County act to increase pay of jurors and witnesses in certain counties, 1964.

No. 689

Amending act authorizing chattel mortgages on iron and steel so as to authorize chattel mortgages of not less than $100 on all kinds of machinery and on all other personal property and chattels of any kinds, 2201

No. 690 (House Bill No. 521)

Repealing rule 13 in section 21 of supplement to act appropriating ground for public purposes in City of Philadelphia, 2201.

No. 691 (House Bill No. 568)

Requiring owners of property abutting on sidewalks in townships of first class to keep said sidewalks in repair, 2201.

No. 762 (House Bill No. 591)

Amending act relating to county lines by changing number of surveyors on commission, 2456.

Invitation from Centennial Association of Schuylkill County for Legislature to attend celebration of founding of Schuylkill County presented by, 3379.

Motions by, for

Senate Bill No. 276, establishing in certain counties Board for Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and County purposes, to go over in its order, 996.

Senate to adhere to its amendments to House Bill No. 479 (Senate Bill No 683), authorizing appointment of assessors in certain counties, and appoint conference committee, 3281.

Senate to non-concur in House amendments to Senate Bill No. 378, making appropriation for certain improvements to monument erected near Petersburg, Virginia, 3380.

Motions by, to

Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 275, providing for appointment of mercantile appraisers by Auditor General in certain counties, 948.

Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 348, creating auxiliary teachers' board for each public school district, 951.

Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 349, providing that all public school teachers who have taught for five consecutive years shall be elected to permanent position, 951.

Proceed to consideration of conference committee report on Senate Bill No. 683, authorizing appointment by county commissioners of assessors in counties having between 200,000 and 325,000 inhabitants, 3455

Proceed to consideration of third reading calendar in its order, 2892.

Proceed to second reading of Senate Bill No. 496, to establish a public school system, 1551.

Proceed to consideration of Senate Bill No. 153, amending act relating to fees of register of wills in certain counties by removing restriction as to population of counties affected, 550.

Proceed to consideration of Senate Bill No. 275, providing for appointment of mercantile appraisers by Auditor General in certain counties, 2457.

Proceed to consideration of Senate Bill No. 291, authorizing Superintendent of Public Instruction to print biennially 17,000 additional copies of School Laws and Decisions, 2610.

Proceed to consideration of Senate Bill No. 349, providing that all public school teachers who have taught for five consecutive years shall be elected to permanent position, 2168.

Proceed to consideration of Senate Bill No. 683, authorizing appointment of assessors in certain counties, 2928.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 2, amending act providing for erection of poor house in Schuylkill County, 102.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 382, amending act providing for personal registration of electors in cities of first and second classes by further defining "party" and who may be appointed registrars, increasing terms of commissioners and changing registration days, 1321

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 480, providing for notification of taxables by tax collectors in boroughs and townships, 1448.

SNYDER, CHARLES A.—Continued.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 496, to establish public school system, 1430, 1584.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 1240, to provide for ordinary expenses of Executive, Judicial and Legislative Departments, interest on public debt and support of public schools for two fiscal years beginning June 1, 1911, 3418.

Reconsider vote on concurrence in House amendments to Senate Bill No. 378, making appropriation for certain improvements to monument erected near Petersburg, Virginia, 3382.

Reconsider vote on Senate Bill No. 2, amending act relating to care of poor in Schuylkill County, 341.

Reconsider vote on Senate Bill No. 156, regulating in criminal trials cross examination of a defendant testifying in his own behalf, 501.

Reconsider vote on Senate Bill No. 314, amending act relating to orphans' courts by vesting appointment of first assistant clerk of said courts in respective judges thereof, 2443

Reconsider vote on Senate Bill No. 683, authorizing appointment of assessors in certain counties, 2693.

Suspend rule 21 to consider House amendments to Senate Bill No. 2, amending act relating to care of poor in Schuylkill County, 228.

Suspend rule 21 to consider House amendments to Senate Bill No. 314, amending act relating to orphans' courts by vesting appointment of first assistant clerk of said courts in judges thereof, 1803.

Suspend rule 39, to consider concurrent resolution asking permission of Congress to place tablet in National Capitol in memory of the 530 Pennsylvania soldiers who reached Washington April 18, 1861, in defence of Capitol, 1635.

Suspend rule 39, to consider concurrent resolution authorizing printing of additional copies of School Code, 3116.

Question of information raised by, on

Senate Bill No. 694, relating to abandonment of certain actions of ejectment, 2456.

Remarks by, on

Senate Bill No. 2, amending act relating to care of poor of Schuylkill County by creating Board of Trustees of the Insane, 119.

Senate Bill No. 156, regulating in criminal trials cross examination of defendant testifying in his own behalf, 501

Senate Bill No. 275, providing for appointment of mercantile appraisers by Auditor General in certain counties, 792.

Senate Bill No. 291, authorizing printing of additional copies of School Laws and Decisions, 795.

Senate Bill No. 476, to establish public school system in Pennsylvania, 1551.

Senate Bill No. 1240, to provide for ordinary expenses of Executive, Judicial and Legislative Departments, interest on public debt and support of public schools for two fiscal years beginning June 1, 1911, 3418, 3419, 3420.

Resolutions, concurrent, offered by

Asking Congress to permit placing of tablet in National Capitol in memory of the 530 Pennsylvania soldiers who reached Washington on April 18, 1861, in defence of Capitol, 1546.

Recalling Senate Bill No. 314, amending act relating to Orphan's Courts by vesting appointment of first assistant clerk of said courts in respective judges thereof, from Governor for amendment, 2156.

Resolution offered by,

Thanking commission to revise, collate and digest laws relating to public schools for their work on School Code, 3432.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 71.

SNYDER, O J., Member of Board of Osteopathic Examiners for Pennsylvania, nominated, 25.

Reported, 165.

Confirmed, 169.

SNYDER, PLYMOUTH W., Representative from Second District, (Blair County),

Amendment offered by, to

House Bill No. 224, requiring foundries to be provided with toilet room and water closet, 849.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 85.

Bill introduced by

Making appropriation to Nason Hospital Association of Roaring Spring, 303.

SNYDER, PLYMOUTH W.—Continued.

Bills reported by

No. 73

Establishing county associations of borough officers, 199.

No. 120 (Senate Bill No. 468)

Authorizing Commonwealth to build bridges in certain counties, 314.

No. 277

Repealing act making appropriation for draining Pymatuning Swamp, 715.

No. 1291

Relating to care and treatment of acute insane, chronic insane, feeble-minded, imbecile, epileptic, alcoholic and drug habitues, 2840.

Election of, 42.

Leave of absence asked for, 777, 921.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 238, 2311, 2589.

Dispense with further reading of Journal, 139.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 813, regulating practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and to prevent adulterations in drugs and medicinal preparations, 2145.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Blair County, against resident hunter's license law, 231, 313.

Citizens of Blair County for amendments to oleomargarine laws, 1047.

Citizens of Blair County for Hunters' License Bill, 525, 714.

Citizens of Blair County for Initiative and Referendum, 1047, 1081, 1115, 1237.

Citizens of Blair County for passage of Jones Road Bill, 1047

Citizens of Blair County for passage of Sproul Good Roads Bill, 589, 636.

Citizens of Blair County for reading of Bible in public schools, 883.

Veterans of Civil War of Blair County, for House of Representatives to endorse Sulway pension bill now before United States Senate, 230.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 59, repealing act relating to repair and maintenance of certain turnpikes, 261, 262.

House Bill No. 112, to further regulate granting of licenses for sale of liquors, 482, 483.

House Bill No. 906, regulating licensing of brewers and distillers, 2581, 2582.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

SOCIAL CENTERS IN CITIES of second class, bill to authorize use of school houses as (see cities).

SOCIETY FOR PROVIDING PURE MILK for Babies, of Harrisburg, making appropriation to

Read in place in House by Mr. Tunis, 1399.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1399.

SODA FOUNTAINS AND OTHER CONTAINERS and to prohibit use of same without written consent of owners and to provide that delivery of same shall not consituate a sale, bill to provide for registration of (see registration).

SODA WATER APPARATUS and appurtenances thereto, leased, hired or conditionally sold, from levy or sale for rent, bill to repeal act exempting (see rent).

SODA WATER FOUNTAINS, apparatus and appurtenances, bill relating to leasing, renting, bailment or conditional sale of (see leasing).

SODA WATER IS SOLD, bill to amend act to provide civil rights for all people regardless of race or color so as to include places where (see civil rights).

SOJOURNERS TO PROCURE A LICENSE before fishing in this Commonwealth, bill to require (see fishing).

SOLD with intent to purchase same, bill to prohibit minors from being in a place where liquors are (see minors).

SOLDIERS AND SAILORS, bill to amend act relating to markers for graves of certain soldiers and sailors by extending its provisions to widows of (see graves).

SOLDIERS AND SAILORS of the late War, bill to amend act, so as to make it apply to counties with population between 800,000 and 1,400,000, relating to monument at county seat in memory of (see counties).

SOLDIERS (AND THEIR WIDOWS) who served in Civil War, to provide for relief of destitute and indigent

Senate Bill No. 209

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Alexander, 267.

Referred to Committee on Pensions and Gratuities, 267.

Reported without amendment, 489.

First reading and recommitted to Committee, 564.

SOLDIERS (AND THEIR WIDOWS) who served in Civil War, to provide relief for destitute and indigent

Read in place in House by Mr. Riebel, 302.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 302.

SOLDIERS, bills requiring county commissioners to bury at expense of county certain (see bury).

SOLDIERS, bills to provide for pensioning of certain (see pensioning and pensions).

SOLDIERS from such county who served in wars for defense of United States flag, bill to provide for erection of Memorial Halls in honor of (see Memorial Halls).

SOLDIERS' HOME, appointment of trustees of Pennsylvania Sailors' and

In House, 73.

In Senate, 92.

SOLDIERS' ORPHANS COMMISSION, appointment of members of

In House, 73.

In Senate, 92.

SOLDIERS' ORPHANS' INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL and Soldiers' Orphans Schools, bill making appropriation to carry out provisions of act relating to education and maintenance of children admitted to Pennsylvania (see orphans).

SOLDIERS' ORPHANS' SCHOOLS, to authorize appointment of commission to investigate

Read in place in House by Mr. W. H. H. Davis, 1214.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1214.

SOLDIERS WHO REACHED WASHINGTON, D. C., on April 18, 1861, in defence of Capitol, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Snyder, asking permission of Congress to place tablet in corridor of Capitol thanking the 530 Pennsylvania, 1546.

Resolution referred to Committee on Military Affairs, 1546.

Reported without amendment, 1631.

Considered and agreed to, 1635.

Returned from House concurred in, 1666.

Concurred in by House, 1692.

Approved by Governor, 1799.

SOLDIERS WHO SERVED IN CIVIL WAR, bill to require that all hospitals maintained wholly or partly by State appropriations shall receive as patients without charge all sick or injured honorably discharged (see hospitals)

SOLICITOR and fixing his term and salary so as to make it apply to counties having between 800,000 and 1,400,000 population, to amend act authorizing county controllers in counties having between 300,000 and 1,000,000 population to appoint a

House Bill No. 771

Read in place in House by Mr. Allen,

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General,

Reported without amendment, 1747.

First reading, 1830.

Second reading, 2128.

Third reading and dropped from calendar, 3028.

SOLICITOR, bill to repeal act empowering county controllers in counties having between 300,000 and 1,000,000 inhabitants to appoint a (see counties).

SOLICITOR FOR DAUPHIN COUNTY, bill to repeal act providing for election of a (see Dauphin).

SOLICITOR from three years to four years, bill to amend supplement to act regulating boroughs so as to increase term of office of borough (see boroughs).

SOLICITOR IN CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, bill to create office of first assistant city (see cities).

SOLICITOR IN COUNTIES with population between 800,000 and 1,400,000, to amend act appointing solicitor in counties with population between 300,000 and 1,000,000, so as to make it apply to

House Bill No. 595

Read in place in House by Mr. Allen, 94.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 94.

Returned from Committee on Appropriations and re-referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 125.

Reported without amendment, 1328.

First reading, 1411.

Second reading, 1531.

Third reading and final passage, 1788.

Returned from Senate without amendment, 2842.

Signed by Speaker, 2942.

In Senate (No. 743)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1802.

Reported without amendment, 2265.

First reading, 2470.

Second reading, 2550.

Third reading and final passage, 2617.

Signed by President pro tempore, 2903.

SOLICITOR shall not be valid until approved by the Court of Common pleas of the proper county, bill to provide that the appointment of (see appointment).

SONES, CHARLES W., Senator from Twenty-fourth District, (Columbia, Montour, Sullivan and Lycoming Counties.),

Amendments offered by, to

Senate Bill No. 433, to provide that no person shall be eligible to office of district attorney who has not been admitted to practice in Supreme and Superior Courts of this Commonwealth, 1232.

Senate Bill No. 944, making appropriation to Aged Colored Women's Home at Williamsport, 3072.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 79, 80.

Bills introduced by

Making appropriation to Aged Colored Women's Home at Williamsport, Lycoming County, 118.

Making appropriation to Berwick Hospital, Berwick, Columbia County, 118.

Making appropriation to Boys' Industrial School at Williamsport, Lycoming County, 118.

Making appropriation to Florence Crittendon Mission at Williamsport, Lycoming County, 118.

Making appropriation to Girls' Training School, 131 East Third Street, Williamsport, Lycoming County, 118.

Making appropriation to Home for the Friendless for the City of Williamsport, 118.

Making appropriation to Joseph Ratti Hospital, located at Bloomsburg, 151.

Making appropriation to State Hospital for Insane at Danville, 183.

Making appropriation to State Normal School of Sixth District located at Bloomsburg, 608.

Making appropriation to Williamsport Hospital of the City of Williamsport, 118.

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Bill reported by

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SOUTH FAYETTE, bill to repeal that part of act relating to sale of intoxicating liquors in certain townships of Allegheny County which relates to Township of (see liquors).

SOUTH SIDE HOSPITAL OF PITTSBURG, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1136
Read in place in House by Mr. Carter, 207.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 207.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2338.
Second reading, 2419.
Third reading and final passage, 2795.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

In Senate (No. 1057)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2688.
First reading, 2711
Second reading, 2918.
Third reading and final passage, 3093.
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Bills introduced by
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Vote of, for
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SPENCER HOSPITAL located at Meadville, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1169
Read in place in House by Mr. C. Victor Johnson, 124.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 124.
Reported with amendment, 2243.
First reading, 2340.
Second reading, 2424.
Third reading and final passage, 2805.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

In Senate (No. 1088)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2662.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2713.
Second reading, 2920.
Third reading and final passage, 3099.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

SPIESS, GUSTAV, nominated as Magistrate for Court No. 6, City of Philadelphia, 1069.
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SPRINGDALE GENERAL HOSPITAL, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1133
Read in place in House by Mr. Alter, 124.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 124.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2338.
Second reading, 2419.
Recommitted to Committee, 2560.
Re-reported with amendment, 2841.
Third reading and final passage, 2986.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3529.
Signed by Speaker, 3588.

SPRINGDALE GENERAL HOSPITAL—Continued.

In Senate (No. 1237)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3044.

Reported without amendment, 3121.

First reading, 3179.

Second reading, 3303.

Third reading and final passage, 3393.

Signed by President pro tempore, 3539.

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Making appropriation to Institute for Colored Youth at Cheyney, 339.

Making appropriation to Pennsylvania Training School for Feeble-Minded Children at Elwyn, 339.

Providing for establishing of State Highway Department, and for establishing and maintenance of certain roads, 242.

Providing for health and safety of persons employed in mining quarries, 339.

Providing for State aid in maintenance of certain roads, 242.

Providing that coroners in certain counties shall receive a salary, 339.

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Bills reported by

No. 1 (House Bill No. 1)

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No. 103 (House Bill No. 776)

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No. 287 (House Bill No. 832)

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No. 293 (House Bill No. 286)

Amending act relating to damages for injuries producing death by providing that domicile residence, citizenship or nationality shall be no bar as to right to recover, 667.

No. 363 (House Bill No. 1370)

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No. 763 (House Bill No. 663)

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No. 768 (House Bill No. 34)

Amending act relating to revenue by taxation and taxing all of property of corporations having capital stock at rate of five mills on each dollar but exempting savings accounts of less than $1000, 2524.

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Providing for better collection of money and taxes due Commonwealth, 2525.

SPROUL, WILLIAM C.—Continued.

No. 788 (House Bill No. 196)

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No. 798 (House Bill No. 1359)

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Proceed to consideration of conference committee report on Senate Bill No. 800, relating to roads and providing for election and appointment of township supervisors in townships of second class, 3533.

Proceed to consideration of Senate appropriation bills on third reading, 2888.

Proceed to consideration of Senate Bill No. 1160, regulating sale of pure spirits of turpentine, substitutes and imitations thereof, 3272.

Proceed to election of President pro tempore to serve until next session of Legislature, 3577.

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Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 42, creating additional subjects of taxation in cities of second class by providing that all real estate owned by corporations shall be subject to taxation for city and school purposes, 2156.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 424, regulating obtaining of releases from persons injured in certain employments, 1180.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 558, regulating pleadings in civil causes by requiring defendant to file bill of particulars upon rule taken by plaintiff, 1815.

Recommit to Special Committee Senate Bill No. 1, relating to supplemental appropriations, 62.

Reconsider vote on concurrent resolution continuing joint committee to consider and report on revision of laws relating to revenue and to corporations, 3113.

Reconsider vote on Senate Bill No. 20, amending act relating to removal of judges as regards their pay after removal, 1232.

Reconsider vote on Senate Bill No. 273, amending act relating to Homeopathic State Hospital for Insane by vesting appointment of entire commission in Governor, 1809, 2014.

Suspend Rule No. 38, in order to consider Executive nominations, 36.

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Testimonial to Hon. William E. Crow, retiring President pro tempore, 3578.
Remarks by, at
Memorial Services for late Senator Israel W. Durham, 520, 521.
Remarks by, on
Senate Bill No. 588, further amending act providing for incorporation of certain corporations so as to compel water power companies to furnish such power for public purposes, 2204.
Report by, of
Senate Committee to notify Governor that General Assembly is organized, 7.
In reference to extending provisions of concurrent resolution approved May 13, 1909, providing for appointment of joint committee to consider and report on revision of laws relating to corporations and to revenue, 3113.
Resolutions, concurrent, offered by
In reference to notification to Governor that General Assembly is organized, 5.
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Nomination of candidate for United States Senator, 6.
Printing additional copies of Senate Bill No. 103, to establish State Highway Department and provide for its control over public roads, 1207.
Time of next meeting, 129.
Statement of mileage and salaries paid to members and employes of Senate, session of 1911, reported by, 3462.
Vote of, for
United States Senator, 71.

SPROUT, FOREST AND TIMBER TREES, bill to encourage planting and maintaining of (see trees).

SQUIRREL, bill to fix open season for (see season).

SQUIRREL to protect crops or trees, bill to amend act for protection of game by further regulating evidence of killing (see game).

STAAKE, WM. H., Commissioner for Promotion of Uniformity of Legislation in the United States, nominated, 24.
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Confirmed, 956.

STALLIONS AND JACKS, bill to regulate public service of and require licensing of (see horses).

STANDARD OF TESTS for illuminating oils, bill to provide (see oils).

STANDARD TESTS OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES, bill making appropriation to enable the Secretary of Internal Affairs to purchase (see weights).

STANDARDS for raw and boiled linseed oil, bill to fix (see linseed oil).

STANDARDS IN DEPARTMENT OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS, bill to provide for establishment of a Bureau of (see Bureau).

STANDARDS OF TESTS, bill to regulate sale of distillates of petroleum and prescribing (see petroleum).

STANDING OF ANY PERSON, bill making it a misdemeanor for any person to make or circulate false or derogatory statements affecting the professional, social or financial (see statements).

STATE AID in maintenance of certain highways, bills relating to (see highway and highways).

STATE ARMORY BOARD, bill making appropriation for traveling expenses of members of (see armories).

STATE ARSENAL, bill to regulate number of employes in (see employes).

STATE ASYLUM FOR CHRONIC INSANE, bills relating to (see insane).

STATE ASYLUM FOR CHRONIC INSANE of Pennsylvania at South Mountain, making appropriation to Trustees of
House Bill No. 1072
Read in place in House by Mr. Freeman, 154.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 154.
Reported with amendment, 2240.
First reading, 2335.
Second reading, 2411.
Third reading and final passage, 2773.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.
In Senate (No. 996)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2687.
First reading, 2708.
Second reading 2914.
Third reading and final passage, 3081.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

STATE ASYLUM FOR CHRONIC INSANE of Pennsylvania at South Mountain, making appropriation to Trustees of
Read in place in House by Mr. Tunis, 208.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 208.

STATE ASYLUM FOR CHRONIC INSANE of Pennsylvania at South Mountain, making appropriation to Trustees of
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox, 150.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 150.

STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE, bill to amend act establishing a (see Bee-Keepers' Association).

STATE BOARD OF NATUROPATHIC EXAMINERS, bill to regulate practice of Naturopathy in Pennsylvania and provide for (see Naturopathy).

STATE BOARD OF OPTOMETRIC EXAMINERS, bill to regulate practice of optometry and provide for establishment of (see optometry).

STATE BOARD OF OSTEOPATHIC EXAMINERS, bills relating to (see osteopathy).

STATE BOARD OF VOTING MACHINE EXAMINERS, bill to provide for use of voting machines and creating (see voting machines).

STATE BOARDS OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS as regards examination of students in certain subjects at end of two years' course or its equivalent, bill to amend act establishing three (see medicine).

STATE CAPITOL at Harrisburg, bill to provide for publication of guide books for (see guide books).

STATE CONSTABULARY, petitions presented relative to (see petitions).

STATE DEPARTMENT OF CHARITIES and abolishing Board of Public Charities and Committee on Lunacy, bill relating to treatment and detention of insane and creating (see charities).

STATE DEPARTMENT OF MEDICAL EDUCATION and Licensure, bill making an appropriation to establish a (see medicine).

STATE EMPLOYES TRAVELING on State business, bill to amend act relating to transportation of persons by providing that its provisions shall not apply to members of General Assembly or to (see transportation).

STATE EXPERIMENT FARM, making appropriation to establish a
Read in place in House by Mr. Marvin, 96.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 96.

STATE FAIR COMMISSION and to provide for holding an annual State fair, bill to establish a (see fair).

STATE FIRE MARSHAL, bills to establish office of (see Fire Marshal).

STATE FOREST RESERVES and Forestry Reservation Commission, bills relating to (see forest and forestry).

STATE FORESTRY ACADEMY at Mont Alto, Franklin County, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1043
Read in place in House by Mr. Bartman, 104.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 104.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2334.
Second reading, 2407.
Third reading and final passage, 2764.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker,

STATE FORESTRY ACADEMY—Continued.

In Senate (No. 972)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2707.
Second reading, 2912.
Third reading and final passage, 3077.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

STATE FUNDS by requiring publication of monthly statement of State Treasurer in but one Harrisburg paper, bill to amend act regulating deposits of (see deposits).

STATE HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT and State highways, bills relating to (see highway and highways).

STATE HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT for improving Turtle Creek, bill making appropriation to (see Turtle Creek).

STATE HOSPITAL FOR CRIMINAL INSANE at Fairview, making appropriation to Commission of

House Bill No. 1173

Read in place in House by Mr. C. Victor Johnson, 1282.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1282.
Reported with amendment, 2243.
First reading, 2340.
Second reading, 2425.
Third reading and final passage, 2807.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.

In Senate (No. 1092)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2662.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2713.
Second reading, 2921.
Third reading and final passage, 3099.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR CRIMINAL INSANE at Fairview, making appropriation to Commission of

Senate Bill No. 563

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Catlin, 1279.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1279.
Reported without amendment, 1632.
First reading, 1744.
Second reading, 1816.
Third reading and final passage, 1896.

In House

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1934.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR CRIMINAL INSANE at Fairview, Making appropriation to Trustees of

House Bill No. 1135

Read in place in House by Mr. Robison, 1329.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1329.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2338.
Second reading, 2419.
Third reading and final passage, 2794
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

In Senate (No. 1056)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2688.
First reading, 2711.
Second reading, 2918.
Third reading and final passage, 3093.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR CRIMINAL INSANE at Fairview, making appropriation to Trustees of

Senate Bill No. 473

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Catlin, 1226.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1226.
Reported without amendment, 1253.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 1325.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR CRIMINAL INSANE directing commissioners to surrender their trust to Board of Trustees to be appointed by Governor, supplement to act providing for (see insane).

STATE HOSPITAL FOR INJURED PERSONS at Mercer, making an appropriation to Trustees of

House Bill No. 1220

Read in place in House by Mr. Dallas, 172.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 172.
Reported with amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2342.
Second reading, 2434.
Third reading and final passage, 2822.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.

In Senate (No. 1137)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2664.
Reported without amendment, 2691.
First reading, 2715.
Second reading, 2924.
Third reading and final passage, 3109.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR INJURED PERSONS in Township of Coal, making appropriation to complete

House Bill No. 1048

Read in place in House by Mr. Schultz, 253.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 253.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2334.
Second reading, 2408.
Recommitted to Committee on Appropriations, 2600.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR INJURED PERSONS in Township of Coal, making appropriation to complete

Senate Bill No. 437

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McConnell, 244.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 244.
Reported without amendment, 1099.
First reading, 1181.
Recommitted to Committee, 1210.
Re-reported with amendment, 2216.
Second reading, 2282.
Third reading and final passage, 2455.
Returned from House without amendment, 3048.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3277.

In House (No. 1305)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2571.
Reported with amendment, 2840.
First reading, 2997.
Second reading, 3012.
Third reading and final passage, 3188.
Signed by Speaker, 3494.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR INJURED PERSONS of Anthracite Coal Region at Fountain Springs, near Ashland, making appropriation to Trustees of

House Bill No. 1226

Read in place in House by Mr. Donahoe, 135.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 135.
Reported with amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2343.
Second reading, 2435.
Third reading and final passage, 2824.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3479.

In Senate (No. 1143)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2664.
Reported without amendment, 2691.
First reading, 2715.
Second reading, 2924.
Third reading and final passage, 3110.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR INJURED PERSONS of Anthracite Coal Region of Pennsylvania at Fountain Springs, making appropriation to Trustees of

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Snyder, 183.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 183.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR INJURED PERSONS of Bituminous and Semi-bituminous Coal Regions loated at Blossburg, making appropriation to Trustees of

House Bill No. 1106

Read in place in House by Mr. Rockwell, 362.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 362.
Reported with amendment, 2241.
First reading, 2337.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR INJURED PERSONS—Continued.

Second reading, 2415.
Third reading and final passage, 2785.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3319.
Non-concurred in Senate amendments, 3319.
Returned from Senate with adherence to its amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3371.
Conference committee appointed, 3371.
Conference committee report considered and adopted, 3593.
Returned from Senate with conference committee report adopted, 3600.
Signed by Speaker, 3608.

In Senate (No. 1030)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.
Reported without amendment, 2688.
First reading, 2710.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2916.
Re-reported with amendment,
Third reading and final passage, 3088.
Returned from House with Senate amendments non-concurred in, 3280.
Conference committee appointed, 3280.
Returned from House with adherence to its non-concurrence in Senate amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3378.
Returned from House with conference committee report adopted, 3459.
Conference committee report considered and adopted, 3459.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3537.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR INJURED PERSONS of Bituminous and Semi-Bituminous Coal Regions so that any patients, except those suffering with contagious diseases, may be admitted and treated, to amend act relating to

House Bill No. 32

Read in place in House by Mr. Williams, 98.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 98.
Returned from Committee on Appropriations and re-referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 125.
Reported without amendment, 140.
First reading, 148.
Second reading, 162.
Third reading and final passage, 176.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 398.
Signed by Speaker, 418.
Approved by Governor, 485.

In Senate (No. 94)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 170.
Reported without amendment, 241.
First reading, 275.
Second reading, 296.
Third reading and final passage, 347.
Signed by President, 404.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR INJURED PERSONS of Middle Coal Field, making an appropriation to Trustees of the

House Bill No. 911

Read in place in House by Mr. Brehm, 125.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 125.
Reported without amendment, 2235.
First reading 2328.
Second reading, 2386.
Third reading and final passage, 2719.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3232.
Signed by Speaker, 3472.

In Senate (No. 844)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2655.
Reported without amendment, 2682.
First reading, 2701.
Second reading, 2888.
Third reading and final passage, 3053.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR INJURED PERSONS of Trevorton, Shamokin, and Mount Carmel Coal Fields in Township of Coal, making appropriation to Trustees of

Senate Bill No. 373

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McConnell, 665.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 665.
Reported without amendment, 903.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 957.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR INJURED PERSONS—Continued.

Re-reported with amendment, 2215.
Second reading, 2281.
Third reading and final passage, 2454.
Returned from House without amendment, 3048.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3276.

In House (No. 1307)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2571.
Reported without amendment, 2840.
First reading, 2997.
Second reading, 3012.
Third reading and final passage, 3189.
Signed by Speaker, 3495.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR INJURED PERSONS of Trevorton, Shamokin, and Mount Carmel Coal Fields situate in Township of Coal, near Shamokin, making an appropriation to

House Bill No. 65

Read in place in House by Mr. McMullen, 172.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 172.
Reported without amendment, 188.
First reading, 206.
Second reading, 235.
Third reading and final passage, 308.
Returned by Senate without amendment, 584.
Signed by Speaker, 661.
Approved by Governor, 730.

In Senate (No. 157)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 299.
Reported without amendment, 374.
First reading, 413.
Second reading, 467.
Third reading and final passage, 496.
Signed by President, 663.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR INJURED PERSONS of Trevorton, Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields, in Township of Coal near Shamokin, to amend act making appropriation to Trustees of

Senate Bill No. 65

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McConnell, 90.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 90.
Reported without amendment, 240.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 273.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR INJURED PERSONS of Trevorton, Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields situate in township of Coal, near Shamokin, to amend act making appropriation to Trustees of

Read in place in House by Mr. McMullen, 135.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 135.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE at Danville, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Sones, 183.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 183.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE at Danville, making appropriation to Trustees of

House Bill No. 1019

Read in place in House by Mr. Newbaker, 146.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 146.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2333.
Second reading, 2403.
Third reading and final passage, 2756.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.

In Senate (No. 949)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2685.
First reading, 2706.
Second reading, 2911.
Third reading and final passage, 3072.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE at Warren, making appropriation to Trustees of

House Bill No. 1089

Read in place in House by Mr. Schofield, 125.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 125.
Reported with amendment, 2240.
First reading, 2336.
Second reading, 2413.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE—Continued.
Third reading and final passage, 2779.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3314.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3314.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.

In Senate (No. 1013)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.
Reported without amendment, 2687.
First reading, 2709.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2915.
Re-reported with amendment.
Third reading and final passage, 3084.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3282.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE at Warren, making appropriation to Trustees of
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Knapp, 149.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 149.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE for Southeastern District of Pennsylvania, at Norristown, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1117
Read in place in House by Mr. Miller, 95.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 95.
Reported with amendment, 2241.
First reading, 2338.
Second reading, 2417.
Third reading and final passage, 2789.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3315.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3315.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

In Senate (No. 1040)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2688.
First reading, 2710.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2917.
Re-reported with amendment.
Third reading and final passage, 3089.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3282.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE of Southeastern District of Pennsylvania, located at Norristown, making appropriation to Trustees of
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Heacock, 151.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 151.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR TREATMENT OF INSANE under homeopathic management by vesting appointment of entire commission in Governor, bill to amend act relating to (see insane).

STATE HOSPITAL FOR TUBERCULAR CONVICTS, bill making appropriation for a (see tubercular).

STATE HOSPITAL OF NORTHERN ANTHRACITE COAL REGION of Pennsylvania, at Scranton, making appropriation to Trustees of

House Bill No. 1230
Read in place in House by Mr. Phillips, 155.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 155.
Reported with amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2343.
Second reading, 2436.
Third reading and amended, 2826.
Final passage, 2995.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3530.
Signed by Speaker, 3589.

In Senate (No. 1216)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3046.
Reported without amendment, 3121.
First reading, 3178.
Second reading, 3301.
Third reading and final passage, 3389.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3539.

STATE HOSPITAL OF NORTHERN ANTHRACITE COAL REGION of Pennsylvania, at Scranton, making appropriation to Trustees, of
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichols, 150.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 150.

STATE HOSPITALS FOR INJURED PERSONS within bituminous and semi-bituminous coal regions so as to authorize care and treatment of patients other than injured persons under certain contingencies, to amend act relating to

House Bill No. 1223
Read in place in House by Mr. Dallas, 156.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 157.
Reported with amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2342.
Second reading, 2434.
Third reading and final passage, 2823.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3479.

In Senate (No. 1140)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2664.
Reported without amendment, 269.
First reading, 2715.
Second reading, 2924.
Third reading and final passage, 3109.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

STATE HOSPITALS FOR INSANE, relating to maintenance of certain classes of patients in
Read in place in House by Mr. Jackson, 473.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 473.

STATE HOSPITALS of which trustees are authorized to appoint a superintendent who shall be a physician, to define administration of

Senate Bill No. 435
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Baldwin, 490.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 490.
Reported without amendment, 1099.
First reading, 1181.
Over in its order, 1210.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 1233.

STATE INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR WOMEN, making an appropriation to establish a

House Bill No. 447
Read in place in House by Mr. Clung, 146.
Referred to Committee on Manufactures, 146.
Reported without amendment, 1026.
First reading, 1090.
Recommitted to Committee on Appropriations, 1171.

STATE INSTITUTION FOR FEEBLE-MINDED of Western Pennsylvania at Polk, making appropriation to Trustees of

House Bill No. 1236
Read in place in House by Mr. Whitman, 96.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 96.
Reported with amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2343.
Second reading, 2437.
Third reading and final passage, 2827.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3479.

In Senate (No. 1152)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2664.
Reported without amendment, 2691.
First reading, 2715.
Second reading, 2925.
Third reading and final passage, 3111.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3402.

STATE INSTITUTION FOR FEEBLE-MINDED of Western Pennsylvania at Polk, making appropriation to Trustees, of
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Knapp, 167.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 167.

STATE INSTITUTION FOR INEBRIATES, bill making appropriation for erection of (see inebriates).

STATE LIBRARIAN and messenger in State Library, to fix salaries of Second Assistant

House Bill No. 534
Read in place in House by Mr. Tunis, 777.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 777.
Reported without amendment, 1169.
First reading, 1241.
Second reading, 1510.

ATE LIBRARIAN—Continued.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 1921.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill passed finally, 1936.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 2932.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 2932.
igned by Speaker, 3182.
Remarks on, by
Tunis, 1936.
In Senate (No. 711)
Referred to Committee on Game and Fisheries, 1901.
Reported with amendment, 2216.
First reading, 2287.
Second reading, 2466.
Third reading and final passage, 2544.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 2902.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3115.

TATE LIBRARIAN, THOMAS LYNCH MONTGOMERY nominated as, 23.
Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

TATE LIVESTOCK SANITARY BOARD providing for organization of said Board and fixing salaries of Secretary and Treasurer thereof, to amend act establishing
Senate Bill No. 492
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 904.
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 904
Reported without amendment, 1306.
First reading, 1430.
Second reading, 1449.
Third reading and amended, 1580.
Over in its order, 1661.
Resumed and passed finally, 1712.
Returned from House without amendment, 3118.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3277.
In House (No. 830)
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 1760.
Reported without amendment, 1919.
First reading, 2046.
Second reading, 2150.
Third reading and final passage, 3232.
Signed by Speaker, 3494.

TATE LUNATIC HOSPITAL FOR SOUTHERN DISTRICT of Pennsylvania, located at Harrisburg, making appropriation to Trustees of
House Bill No. 953
Read in place in House by Mr. Tunis, 155.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 155.
Reported with amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2330.
Second reading, 2392.
Third reading and final passage, 2734.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3311.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3311.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.
In Senate (No. 883)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2656;
Reported without amendment, 2683.
First reading, 2703.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2906.
Re-reported with amendment, 2929.
Third reading and final passage, 3061.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3282.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

TATE NORMAL SCHOOL AT EDINBORO, Erie County, making appropriation to Northwestern
Read in place in House by Mr. Wilcox, 391.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 391.

TATE NORMAL SCHOOL OF ELEVENTH DISTRICT located at Slippery Rock, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. Wasson, 638.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 638.

TATE NORMAL SCHOOL OF ELEVENTH DISTRICT located at Slippery Rock, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Hayes, 608.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 608.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL OF FOURTH DISTRICT located at East Stroudsburg, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. Kinney, 1083.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1083.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL OF FOURTH DISTRICT located at East Stroudsburg, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Huffman, 1068.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1068.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL of Pennsylvania in regard to its bonded indebtedness, to confer certain authority on Trustees of any
House Bill No. 390
Read in place in House by Mr. Flynn, 253.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 253.
Reported without amendment, 883.
First reading, 923.
Second reading, 1362.
Third reading and final passage, 1497.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2311.
Signed by Speaker, 2587.
In Senate (No. 672)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1550.
Reported without amendment, 1999.
First reading, 2182.
Second reading, 2213.
Third reading and final passage, 2272.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2522.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL OF SIXTH DISTRICT located at Bloomsburg, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. Shaffer, 688.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 688.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL OF SIXTH DISTRICT located at Bloomsburg, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Sones, 608.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 608.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL OF THIRTEENTH DISTRICT located at Clarion, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. Knight, 637.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 637.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOLS, bills relating to (see Normal Schools).

STATE NORMAL SCHOOLS, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1235
Read in place in House by Mr. Whitman, 324.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 324.
Reported with amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2343.
Second reading, 2437.
Third reading and final passage, 2827.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3479.
In Senate (No. 1151)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2664.
Reported without amendment, 2691.
First reading, 2715.
Second reading, 2925.
Third reading and final passage, 3111.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3402.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOLS of the Commonwealth, making appropriation to
Senate Bill No. 121
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Homsher, 223.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 223.
Reported without amendment, 282.
First reading, 358.

STATE OF ALL PRIVATELY OWNED COAL LANDS and coal mines therein, bill to provide for acquirement and operation by (see coal).

STATE PARKS and authorizing appointment of State Park Commission, bill to define purposes, limitations and uses of (see parks).

STATE PHARMACEUTICAL EXAMINING BOARD of Pennsylvania, making appropriation to
Senate Bill No. 439
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wertz, 1068.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1068.
Reported without amendment, 1099.
First reading, 1181.

STATE PHARMACEUTICAL EXAMING BOARD—Continued.
Recommitted to Committee, 1210.
Re-reported with amendment, 2538.
Second reading, 2666.
Third reading and final passage, 2889.
In House
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2948.

STATE POLICE FORCE, to amend act creating Department of State Police by fixing salaries of officers and men of
House Bill No. 216
Read in place in House by Mr. Robinson, 416.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 416.
Reported without amendment, 566.
First reading, 604.
Second reading and amended, 847.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 927, 934.
Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsidered and bill recommitted to Committee, 1083.
Re-reported with amendment, 1214.
Resumed on third reading and postponed for present, 1249.
Resumed and passed finally, 1700, 1703.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 2571.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 2571.
Signed by Speaker, 2845.
Remarks on, by
Gray, 847.
Robinson, 847, 927, 928, 933, 934, 1084, 1700, 1701.
Roney, 927, 928, 933.
McMullen, 928.
Robison, 928.
Maurer, 928, 929, 933, 1700, 1701.
Billman, 929, 930, 932, 933.
Johnston, 930, 931.
Gilkeson, 931.
McAleer, 931.
Abbott, 931.
Fitzgerald, 931, 932, 1702.
Allen, 932, 1084, 1702, 1703.
Marvin, 932.
Detzel, 933.
Ailman, 933.
Currier, 934.
Ferguson, 934.
Dunn, James, 934.
Wilson, 1084.
Mills, 1084.
Alter, 1702.
In Senate (No. 654)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1708.
Reported without amendment, 1963.
First reading, 2181.
Second reading, 2211.
Third reading and amended, 2269.
Final passage, 2446.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 2542.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2653.

STATE POLICE, to repeal act creating the Department of
Read in place in House by Mr. Maurer, 103.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 103.

STATE PSYCHIATRIC INSTITUTE for investigation of the causation and treatment of insanity, bill to provide for establishment of (see insanity).

STATE PURPOSES and to abolish Revenue Board, bill to amend act imposing additional taxes for (see Revenue Board).

STATE QUARANTINE STATION for maintenance and for special purposes, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. William Ward, Jr., 123.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 123.

STATE REFORMATORY FOR WOMEN, bill making appropriation to establish a (see Reformatory).

STATE SURVEYS, bill to establish geographic position to all (see surveys).

STATE SYSTEM OF WORKHOUSES, bill to provide for appointment of commission to consider establishing a (see workhouses).

STATE TAX, bills relating to (see tax and taxation).

STATE TAXES A FIRST LIEN on franchises and propert of corporations, bills making (see corporations).

STATE TAXES ON BONDS hereafter issued by counties fo purpose of permanently improving any public ros or highway, bill to authorize counties to pay (se counties).

STATE TREASURER in but one Harrisburg paper, bill amend act regulating deposits of State funds by re quiring publication of monthly statement of (se deposits).

STATE TREASURER relative to names of persons who pa money to the State in settlement of Capitol civ suits presented to House, report of, 232.
In Appendix, 3386.

STATE TREASURER, report of commission to compute vo for
Presented to Senate, 10.
Presented to House, 53.
In Appendix, 3694.

STATE TREASURY, to fix number and salaries of officer clerks and employes in
Senate Bill No. 295
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 665.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 665.
Reported without amendment, 667.
First reading, 712.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee on A propriations, 771.
Re-reported without amendment, 787.
Recommitted to Committee, 835.
Re-reported without amendment, 1435.
Third reading and final passage, 1589.
Returned from House without amendment, 3043.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3276.
In House (No. 894)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1678.
Reported without amendment, 2053.
First reading, 2196.
Second reading, 2379.
Recommitted to Committee on Appropriations, 2589.
Re-reported without amendment, 2841.
Third reading and postponed for present, 2973.
Resumed and passed finally, 2998.
Signed by Speaker, 3495.

STATE ZOOLOGIST AND HORTICULTURIST and Assista Zoologist and Horticulturist and abolishing offices Economic Zoologist and Assistant Economic Zool gist, bill to create in Department of Agricultu offices of (see Department).

STATEMENT CONCERNING AFFAIRS of any corporation individual, to prevent any person from knowing making a false or wilfully exaggerated
House Bill No. 117
Read in place in House by Mr. Rhoads, 110.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 110.
Reported with amendment, 314.
First reading, 336.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 437.
Re-reported with amendment, 959.
Resumed on second reading and amended, 1048.
Third reading and final passage, 1297.
In Senate
Referred to Committee on Corporations, 1263.

STATEMENT OF STATE TREASURER in but one Harri burg paper, bill to amend act regulating deposits State funds by requiring publication of month (see deposits).

STATEMENTS AFFECTING BUSINESS OR CHARACTER any person, making it a misdemeanor for any pe son to make or circulate false or derogatory
House Bill No. 320
Read in place in House by Mr. Klingerman, 638.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 638.
Reported without amendment, 734.
Recommitted to Committee, 778.

STATEMENTS FROM PERSONS INJURED in certain em ployments, bill to regulate obtaining of (see r leases).

STATISTICS RELATING TO ANNULMENT OF MARRIAG and divorce proceedings, bill to provide for return (see divorce).

STATISTICS RELATING TO MARRIAGE, bill to provide for the return of (see marriage).

STATUARY IN FRONT OF CAPITOL BUILDING, concurrent resolution (House) by North, opposing the draping of the Barnard, 210.

Resolution referred to Committee on Centennial Affairs, 210.

Reported without amendment, 301.

Considered and postponed indefinitely, 370, 371.

STATUE TO MEMORY OF THOMAS McKEAN, of Bradford, McKean County, bill making appropriation for erection of a suitable (see McKean).

STATUE OF ANDREW GREGG CURTIN, bill to provide for erection in rotunda of State Capitol of (see Curtin).

STATUE OF MAJOR GENERAL GEORGE GORDON MEADE, bill to provide for erection of (see Meade).

STATUE TO BRIGADIER GENERAL HIRAM L. BROWN at Erie, bill makiug appropriation for erection of (see Brown).

STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS to certificates of deposit issued by banks or trust companies and payable on demand or at a fixed time, bill to extend (see banks).

STEAM BOILERS AND ENGINES, to provide for the better protection of life and property by the competent operation of

Read in place in House by Mr. Dallas, 104.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 104.

STEAM BOILERS and for inspection of such boilers, to provide for certain safety appliances to be used on

Read in place in House by Mr. Schultz, 315.

Referred to Committee on Manufactures, 315.

STEAM BOILERS and their appurtenances, bill to provide for safety of employes and other persons in townships by requiring periodical inspection of (see townships).

STEAM BOILERS and their appurtenances, to provide for safety of employes and other persons in boroughs by requiring periodical inspection of

Read in place in House by Mr. Dale, 123.

Referred to Committee on Manufactories, 123.

STEAM BOILERS IN CITIES, bills relating to operation and inspection of (see cities).

STEAM RAILROADS AND RAILWAYS, bill to require safety devices on grade crossings of (see railroads).

STEESE, JAMES A., Representative from Cumberland County,

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 1020, 1021.

House Bill No. 593, validating certain elections of counties, cities, boroughs, townships, school districts and other incorporated districts, 3004.

House Bill No. 833, to revive act to extend time during which corporations may hold and convey title to real estate heretofore bought under execution or conveyed to them in satisfaction of debts, 2353.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 85.

Bills introduced by

Making appropriation for repair of marker at grave of Governor Joseph Ritner at Mount Rock, 1458.

Making appropriation to Cumberland Valley State Normal School at Shippensburg, 1399.

Making appropriation to Todd Hospital at Carlisle, 324.

Providing for bringing actions against surety associations, companies and corporations, 134.

Relating to suits against corporations on bonds in which they have become surety, 140.

Supplement to act restricting exercise of right of eminent domain by water companies providing that such act shall not apply to water companies for which letters patent have been issued prior to said act, 1082.

To revive act relating to extending time during which corporations may hold and convey title to real estate procured under certain conditions, 155.

Bill reported by

No. 529 (Senate Bill No. 688)

Amending act authorizing Trustees of Norristown Academy and directors of common schools in Norristown to sell certain real estate, 1199.

Election of, 43.

Leave of absence asked for, 1350.

STEESE, JAMES A.—Continued.

Motions by, to

Drop from calendar House Bill No. 217, relating to suits against corporations upon bonds in which they have become surety, 740.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 593, validating certain elections of counties, cities, boroughs, townships, school districts and other incorporated districts, 3004.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 1021.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

STEIN, A. C., Representative from First District, (Allegheny County),

Amendment offered by, to

House Bill No. 41, validating service and return of subpoena heretofore made in certain proceedings in divorce, 885.

Appointment of on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 99.

Bill introduced by

Amending act concerning divorces, 473.

Amending act providing for uniform method for certain elections and nominations, 231.

Amending act relating to liens for taxes, municipal improvements and removal of nuisances, 231.

Amending act relating to release on probation or parole of certain convicts, 362.

Extending jurisdiction of courts to grant divorces in cases of insanity, 885.

Joint resolution requesting United States Senators to support Congressional resolution requesting President of United States to abrogate treaty between United States and Russia, 2474.

Making appropriation for "Union Baptist Association of Western and Central Pennsylvania, 526.

Making appropriation to Curtis Home for Destitute Women and Children of City of Pittsburg, 232.

Making appropriation to Florence Crittenton Home and Rescue Association of Pittsburg, 885.

Making appropriation to Irene Kaufman Settlement of Pittsburg, 232.

Making appropriation to Industrial Home for Colored Working Girls, Pittsburg, 189.

Making appropriation to Institution for Protestant Deaconesses of Allegheny County, 304.

Making appropriation to Mercy Hospital of Pittsburg, 232.

Making appropriation to Montefiore Hospital Association of Pittsburg, 111.

Making appropriation to Andrew Toth as compensation for his detention in Western Penitentiary, 885.

Providing that in all actions for negligence brought to recover damages from an employer the negligence of a fellow servant of the employe shall not be a defense, 777.

Providing that persons buying real estate from executors or trustees shall receive title free of any obligation to see to application of purchase money, 776.

Relating to appointment and salaries of deputy sheriffs on duty in court rooms of courts of oyer and terminer and quarter sessions in certain counties, 1401.

Relating to purchases and sales of real estate by savings fund, loan and building associations, 1481.

Requiring reasons for a motion for judgment of non suit to be made a matter of record, 304.

Supplement, relating to taxes and water rents, to act for government of cities of second class, 231.

Supplement to act concerning divorces, 472.

To create a commission to have charge of exhibit at Panama-Pacific International Exposition, 472.

Validating service and return of subpoena heretofore made in certain proceedings in divorce, 134.

Bills reported by

No. 285 (Senate Bill No. 734)

Regulating practice of neuropathy, 715.

No. 411

Providing for taxes against real estate, leases and improvements of pipe line companies in boroughs and townships, 897.

STEIN, A. C.—Continued.

No. 548 (Senate Bill No. 392)

Permitting county treasurer not paid by salary to retain one-half of one per centum from monies received from liquor license fees, 1212.

No. 675 (Senate Bill No. 805)

To provide for counsel fees for garnishee's attorneys in attachment or attachment execution issued by a magistrate, 1469.

No. 1285

Joint resolution requesting United States Senators to support resolution in Congress for abrogation of treaty between United States and Russia, 2586.

No. 1334 (Senate Bill No. 741)

Repealing act relating to changes of venue in civil causes and providing that such change shall only be made when it shall appear to court that local prejudices exist, 2972.

Election of, 42.

Leave of absence asked for, 316.

Motion by, for

Previous question on House Bill No. 906, regulating licensing of brewers and distillers, 2585.

Motions by, to

Postpone for present House Bill No. 570, amending act defining rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating effects of contracts for works and labor to be done by providing that security to be given shall be judgment bond, 1943.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 1360, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania, 3528.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 41, validating service and return of subpoena heretofore made in certain proceedings in divorce, 885.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 548, permitting county treasurers not paid by salary to retain one-half of one per centum from moneys received from liquor license fees, 1930.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 1360, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania, 3528.

Question of information raised by, on

House Bill No. 571, regulating returns of constables in boroughs and townships, 1944.

Remarks by, on

Concurrent resolution relative to draping Barnard statuary, 371.

House Bill No. 171, amending act relating to liens by changing method of service by advertisement upon writs of scire facias issued upon municipal and tax claims, 644.

House Bill No. 231, amending act relative to damages for injuries producing death so as to provide that certain surviving relatives of deceased may recover damages whether such surviving relatives be citizens of this Commonwealth or not, 824.

House Bill No. 378, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania allowing municipalities to increase their indebtedness, 3611.

House Bill No. 548, permitting county treasurers not paid by salary to retain one-half of one per centum from moneys received from liquor license fees, 1930.

House Bill No. 577, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania, 3369.

House Bill No. 585, relating to treasurers sale of land for taxes, 1953.

House Bill No. 639, authorizing cities of second class to regulate emission of smoke from chimneys and smokestacks, 2579.

House Bill No. 653, to repeal so far as it relates to townships of Pine, Harrison, North Versailles, North Fayette and South Fayette act to permit voters to determine for or against issuing of licenses for sale of liquors in certain townships in Allegheny County, 1956.

House Bill No. 693, regulating reading of Holy Bible in public schools, 2495.

House Bill No. 806, repealing so far as it relates to Borough of Midland act to prohibit sale of intoxicating drinks in Ohio Township, Beaver County, 3257.

Resolutions, concurrent, offered by

Recalling House Bill No. 41, validating service and return of subpoena heretofore made in certain divorce proceedings, from Governor for amendment, 846.

Recalling Senate Bill No. 37, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania, from Senate for amendment, 3486.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

STENOGRAPHER IN COUNTIES having between 200,000 and 250,000 inhabitants, bill to provide for appointment of deputy coroners and (see coroners).

STENOGRAPHERS AND ASSISTANT STENOGRAPHERS of the several courts so as to provide that every examiner, master in chancery, special master, master in divorce, commissioner, auditor or other like officer shall employ an official stenographer of court whereby he is appointed to take notes of proceedings, to amend act relating to

Read in place in House by Mr. Richard J. Baldwin, 820.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 820.

STENOGRAPHERS AND ASSISTANT STENOGRAPHERS to report proceedings in the several courts, to amend act relating to appointment of

Senate Bill No. 593

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McConnell, 1306.

Referred to Committee on, 1306.

Reported without amendment from Committee on Judiciary General, 1706.

First reading, 1821.

Second reading, 1907.

Third reading and final passage, 2001.

In House (No. 1372)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2025.

Reported without amendment, 3239.

First reading, 3239.

Second reading, 3331.

Third reading and defeated on final passage, 3501.

STENOGRAPHERS FOR THE SEVERAL COURTS making it duty of official stenographers to transcribe and furnish copy of their notes to counsel, to amend act relating to

Read in place in House by Mr. Gilkeson, 777.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 777.

STENOGRAPHERS IN THE SEVERAL COURTS by requiring judges of certain courts to employ stenographers of common pleas court to report proceedings when requested by defendant or counsel, to amend act relating to

House Bill No. 20

Read in place in House by Mr. Abbott, 121.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 121.

Reported without amendment, 139.

First reading, 147.

Second reading, 159.

Third reading and final passage, 174.

Returned from Senate with amendment, 1087.

Non-concurred in Senate amendment, 1087.

Returned from Senate with amendment adhered to, 1168

Conference committee appointed, 1168.

Reported from Conference Committee, 1481.

Conference committee report considered and adopted 1669.

Returned from Senate with conference committee report adopted, 1693.

Signed by Speaker, 1761.

Approved by Governor, 2191.

Remarks on, by

Roney, 1087.

Shern, 1087.

Abbott, 1087, 1670.

Rockwell, 1670, 1671, 1672.

Scott, S. B., 1670.

Scott, John R. K., 1670, 1671, 1672.

Baldwin, R. J., 1671.

Robinson, V. G., 1671.

In Senate (No. 338)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 169.

Reported with amendment, 787.

First reading, 841.

Second reading, 915.

Third reading and final passage, 948.

Returned from House with Senate amendment non concurred in, 1101.

Conference committee appointed, 1102.

Returned from House with non-concurrence in Senat amendment adhered to and notice of appointment c conference committee, 1174.

Conference committee report returned from Hous adopted, 1634.

Conference committee report considered and adopte 1634.

Signed by President pro tempore,

STENOGRAPHERS IN THE SEVERAL COURTS, to amend by making certain provisions in regard to transcribing of notes, amended act relating to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Buckman, 243.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 244.

STENOGRAPHER'S NOTES OF PROCEEDINGS, relating to taxing as part of costs in any action, suit or proceeding copy of transcript of official
Read in place in House by Mr. Richard J. Baldwin, 820.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 820.

STENOGRAPHERS to facilitate probation of juvenile court, supplement to act relating to powers of courts of quarter sessions with reference to care of neglected and incorrigible children providing for employment of (see children).

STEREOPTICON VIEWS and other exhibitions for amusement of public, bill to regulate licensing of exhibitions of moving pictures and (see amusement).

STEREOPTICON VIEWS, bills relating to exhibition of moving picture and (see moving picture).

STERILIZATION under certain circumstances, bill to prevent procreation of idiots, imbeciles and feeble-minded persons by process of (see procreation).

STETSON HOSPITAL OF PHILADELPHIA, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 938
Read in place in House by Mr. Clarency, 362.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 362.
Reported with amendment, 2236.
First reading, 2329.
Second reading, 2390.
Third reading and final passage, 2729.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.
In Senate (No. 869)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2656.
Reported without amendment, 2683.
First reading, 2703.
Second reading, 2905.
Third reading and final passage, 3058.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

STEWART, a citizen of Dauphin County, to bring suit against Commonwealth, to authorize Robert
Read in place in House by Mr. Keister, 846.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 846.

STEWART, RUSSELL, nominated as Member of Commission to Select a Site and Build a Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane, 2288.
Reported, 2601.
Confirmed, 2615.

STEWART, THOMAS J., Adjutant General, nominated, 71.
Confirmed, 71.

STEWART, WILLIAM ALVAH, nominated as member of Board of Medical Examiners representing Homeopathic Medical Society, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

STOCK AND BONDS, bill to amend act relating to sale of certain corporations so that it shall apply also to the issuance by it of (see corporation).

STOCK COMPANIES, bill to amend act relating to corporations for insurance upon health and personal injury by requiring larger capital in case of (see insurance).

STOCK IN CORPORATIONS, bill to make uniform law of transfers of shares of (see law).

STOCK OF CERTAIN COMPANIES by including certain building and loan associations, bill to amend act to provide revenue by levying a tax on shares of (see building and loan).

STOCK OF MINING COMPANIES and to prohibit sale of worthless stock in such companies, bill to regulate sale of (see mining).

STOCKHOLDERS to sale of real estate by manufacturing and certain other corporations, bill to amend act relating to incorporation of certain corporations by modifying provisions as to consent of (see corporations).

STOCKS, BONDS AND OTHER SECURITIES to make distribution of same to parties entitled thereto, bill to authorize Orphans' Courts when balance for distribution in an estate after debts are paid includes (see estate).

STONE, R. B., Trustee of State Hospital for Insane, at Warren, nominated, 24.

STONES, bill to provide for improvement of public roads in townships by removal of (see townships).

STORAGE FOOD, bills relating to cold (see cold storage).

STORED IN ANY WAREHOUSE, bills to prevent issuing or transfer by other than a warehouseman of papers certifying that goods are (see warehouseman).

STOREKEEPER in office of Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings, to fix salary of
House Bill No. 754
Read in place in House by Mr. Bentley, 637.
Referred to Committee on Apropriations, 637.
Reported without amendment, 1695.
First reading, 1829.
Second reading, 2125.
Third reading and final passage, 3028.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3529.
Signed by Speaker, 3588.
Remarks on, by
Feeney, 3028, 3029.
In Senate (No. 1206)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3046.
Reported without amendment, 3120.
First reading, 3177.
Second reading, 3300.
Third reading and final passage, 3387.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3538.

STREAMS AND FOR PREVENTION OF FLOODS, bills to authorize certain counties to expend money for improvement of (see counties).

STREAMS, bills relating to fish and to trout (see fish).

STREET IN TOWNSHIPS OF FIRST CLASS, bill to provide for collection of costs of paving any (see townships).

STREET RAILWAY AND MOTOR POWER COMPANIES, bill to provide for merger and consolidation of (see consolidation).

STREET RAILWAY COMPANIES and street railways, bills relating to (see railway and railways).

STREET RAILWAY COMPANIES, bill to empower cities of second class to levy taxes on (see cities).

STREET RAILWAY COMPANIES, supplement to act regarding reasonableness of amount of license fees between municipal corporations and certain companies so as to apply to (see fees).

STREET RAILWAY COMPANIES to operate their railways on certain streets without consent of municipal authorities of the borough, bill making it lawful for certain incorporated, (see borough).

STREET RAILWAYS affected by change of grade of streets and highways in cities and boroughs, bill to assess benefits against (see railroads).

STREET RAILWAYS, bill to provide for health, protection and safety of employes of (see employes).

STREETS AND BRIDGES, bill to protect public roads, (see roads).

STREETS, bill to give Department of Public Safety in cities of first class right to regulate traffic, use and police control of (see cities).

STREETS by providing for trial of questions of fact by a jury in certain cases, bill to amend act relating to proceedings of township road commissioners laying out, opening and vacating (see questions of fact).

STREETS IN BOROUGHS, bills relating to paving of (see borough and boroughs).

STREETS, LANES AND ALLEYS that have been vacated as public ways, relating to
House Bill No. 39
Read in place in House by Mr. Alter, 112.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 112.
Reported without amendment, 145.
First reading, 158.
Second reading, 194.
Third reading and final passage, 205.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 830.
Signed by Speaker, 879.
Approved by Governor, 1084.

STREETS, LANES AND ALLEYS—Continued.

In Senate (No. 282)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 228.

Reported without amendment, 664.

First reading, 711.

Second reading, 765.

Third reading and final passage, 793.

Signed by President pro tempore, 838.

STREETS OR ALLEYS, bill to amend act authorizing condemnation of real estate for use of State Normal Schools by extending it to condemnation of servitudes, easements, and (see State Normal).

STREETS or other public places in said city, borough or township, bill to provide that any city, borough or township may institute quo warranto proceedings against a public service corporation which neglects to perform any of its corporate functions to forfeit the right which such corporation has to occupy the public (see public service).

STREETS OR THOROUGHFARES, bill to empower commissioners of townships of first class to pave, macadamize and otherwise improve public (see township).

STRIKES AND LOCKOUTS in mines and industries connected with public utilities and providing for Board of Conciliation and Investigation, bill to aid in settlement of (see Board).

STRIKES, bill to regulate advertisements and solicitations for employes during (see employes).

STRIKES OR LOCK-OUTS by Boards of Arbitration, bill to provide for settlement of (see arbitration).

STROUDSBURG HOSPITAL, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 380

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Huffman, 788.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 788.

Reported without amendment, 904.

First reading and recommitted to Committee, 957.

Re-reported with amendment, 2538.

Second reading, 2666.

Third reading and final passage, 2888.

Returned from House without amendment, 3045.

Signed by President pro tempore, 3276.

In House (No. 1356)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2948.

Reported without amendment, 3005.

First reading, 3006.

Second reading, 3015.

Third reading and final passage, 3202.

Signed by Speaker, 3495.

STUDENT at end of two years' course or its equivalent, bill to amend act further regulating practice of medicine and surgery by providing for examination in certain subjects of any (see medicine).

STUDENTS AND APPRENTICES IN PHARMACY, bill to regulate employment of registered pharmacists, qualified assistant pharmacists and (see pharmacists).

SUBMISSION OF ISSUES OF FACT to a jury, supplementing and amending act concerning divorces by regulating (see divorces).

SUBMISSION OF PROPOSITIONS or questions to voters at elections, bill to permit the (see elections).

SUBMITTING TO THE PEOPLE for their approval and ratification or rejection certain proposed amendments to Constitution, bill to prescribe time and manner of (see Constitution).

SUBPOENA heretofore made in certain proceedings in divorce, bill to validate the service and return of (see divorce).

SUBSTITUTION OF OTHER SECURITIES for those deposited with State Treasurer to secure Commonwealth relief notes issued by certain banks, bill to permit (see banks).

SUBURBAN GENERAL HOSPITAL of Bellevue, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1004

Read in place in House by Mr. Alter, 172.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 172.

Reported with amendment, 2238.

First reading, 2332.

Second reading, 2401.

Third reading and final passage, 2751.

Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.

Signed by Speaker, 3474.

SUBURBAN GENERAL HOSPITAL—Continued.

In Senate (No. 934)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.

Reported without amendment, 2685.

First reading, 2706.

Second reading, 2910.

Third reading and final passage, 3070.

Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

SUBWAYS, bill to authorize construction by municipalities of (see railways).

SUCCESSOR FOR UNEXPIRED TERM, bill to provide that holder of any elective office in any city of second class may be recalled upon request of certain number of voters of said city and to provide for election for (see city).

SUCCESSORS OF JUDGES, bills relating to (see judges).

SUCKERS AND CARP in stream flowing into lake of 5,000 acres and upwards in dimension on boundary line, bill to amend act to classify fish in waters of this Commonwealth so as to permit spearing of (see fish).

SUCKERS, bill to authorize use of haul seine in tide water streams for capture of (see haul seine).

SUFFRAGE FOR WOMEN, petitions presented relative to (see petitions).

SUIT IN EJECTMENT, bill to provide in certain cases for abandonment of (see ejectment).

SUITS AGAINST CORPORATIONS upon bonds in which they have become surety, bill relating to (see corporations).

SUITS BEFORE ALDERMEN and justices of the peace, bill to amend act relating to costs in (see costs).

SULPHUR DIOXIDE OR BENZOATE OF SODA may be used in manufacture of confectionery under certain conditions, bill to amend act relating to food by providing that articles of food containing (see confectionery).

SUMMARY CONVICTION HAD BEFORE MAGISTRATES, alderman and justices of the peace, bill to provide for payment of costs in cases of (see costs).

SUMMONS IN PERSONAL ACTIONS in any county of the Commonwealth, to authorize the service of

Read in place in House by Mr. North, 96.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 96.

SUMMONS ISSUED BY ALDERMEN and Justices of the Peace, bill to enlarge the powers of constables in the service of (see constables).

SUNDAY BASEBALL, petitions presented against (see petitions).

SUNDAY between three and six o'clock post meridian, to permit certain baseball games on

Read in place in House by Mr. Letzkus, 207.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 207.

SUNDAY, bill to amend act regulating boroughs by prohibiting worldly employment or business on (see boroughs).

SUPERANNUATED EMPLOYES of jails, prisons and certain other institutions, bill to provide for pensioning of deserving (see pensioning).

SUPERINTENDENT AND ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT of Bureau of Railways in Department of Internal Affairs and create office of Chief and Assistant Chief of said Bureau, bill to abolish the offices of (see Bureau).

SUPERINTENDENT AND EMPLOYES of the Department and salaries of officers and men of State Police Force, bill to amend act creating Department of State Police Force by fixing salaries of (see State Police).

SUPERINTENDENT OF COUNTY HOMES and poor farms or of superintendent of court house or public buildings shall be valid and legal until said appointment and salary fixed is approved by Court of Common Pleas of the proper county, bill to provide that no appointment by County Commissioners or by County Commissioners as directors of the poor of (see appointment).

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC GROUNDS AND BUILDINGS, bill to fix salary of storekeeper in office of (see storekeeper).

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION to print biennially 17,000 additional copies of School Laws and Decisions, bill to authorize (see School Laws).

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC ROADS, to create the office of County

Read in place in House by Mr. Edward E. Jones, 391.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 391.

PERINTENDENT OF STATE POLICE, John C. Groome nominated as, 23.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

PERINTENDENT WHO SHALL BE A PHYSICIAN, bill to define administration of State Hospitals of which trustees are authorized to appoint a (see State Hospitals).

PERINTENDENTS OF ANY CORPORATION, bill to regulate salary or compensation to be paid to (see corporation).

PERINTENDENTS OF ROADS, highways and bridges, bill to provide for appointment and duties of county and district (see townships).

PERVISION OF BUSINESS OF BANKING, bill to provide for regulation, incorporation and (see banking).

PERVISORS IN THE DIFFERENT COUNTIES, bill to provide for association of commissioners and (see association).

PERVISORS IN TOWNSHIPS OF SECOND CLASS and requiring supervisors to report to State Highway Commissioner, bill to amend act relating to road (see highway).

PERVISORS IN TOWNSHIPS, bill to provide for appointment and election of road (see townships).

PERVISORS, supplement to act regulating boroughs providing for election of (see boroughs).

PPLIES IN CITIES OF SECOND CLASS, bill to amend, as regards supply contracts, amended act relating to Department of (see cities).

PPORT IN ALL CASES where order has been made for support of husband, wife, parent, child, grandparent or grandchild, to provide method for enforcing orders of maintenance and

House Bill No. 742
Read in place in House by Mr. John R. K. Scott, 1399.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1399.
Reported with amendment, 1694.
First reading, 1828.
Second reading, 1946.
Third reading and final passage, 2317.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2843.
Signed by Speaker, 2942.

Remarks on, by
Scott, John R. K., 2317, 2318.
Scott, S. B., 2318.
Rockwell, 2318.

In Senate (No. 764)
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 2472.
Reported without amendment, 2472.
First reading, 2472.
Second reading, 2551.
Third reading and final passage, 2618.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2903.

UPPORT MADE UPON PARENTS OF CHILD, bill amending act relating to care of dependent or neglected children by enforcing order of (see children).

UPPORT OF CHILDREN OR MINORS who have been sentenced under various juvenile court acts of this Commonwealth and have been committed to institution outside of this Commonwealth, bill to provide for payment of (see juvenile court).

UPPORT OF NATIONAL GUARD of Pennsylvania and Naval Force of Pennsylvania, bill making appropriation for the (see appropriation).

UPPORT OF PUBLIC WORSHIP, supplement to act relating to incorporation and regulation of certain corporations authorizing insertion of certain provisions in charters of corporations for (see corporations).

UPPRESSION OF TRADING OR PREMIUM STAMPS, bill relating to (see trading stamp).

UPREME COURT of Eastern District and of Middle District to make certain appointments, bill to amend an act authorizing prothonotary of (see prothonotary).

UPREME COURT to adopt and promulgate general rules of practice for all the courts of record of one kind, bill to authorize (see courts).

URETIES ON BONDS required of public officers, bill to provide for discharge of (see bonds).

SURETY ASSOCIATIONS, companies and corporations, to provide for bringing actions against
Read in place in House by Mr. Steese, 134.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 134.

SURETY, bill relating to suits against corporations upon bonds in which they have become (see corporations).

SURETY BONDS given to secure same, relating to trust funds and property and

House Bill No. 459
Read in place in House by Mr. Williams, 472.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 472.
Reported without amendment, 1027.
First reading, 1091.
Second reading and amended, 1385.
Third reading and final passage, 1697.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2718.
Signed by Speaker, 2854.

In Senate (No. 695)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1709.
Reported without amendment, 2202.
First reading, 2286.
Second reading, 2464.
Third reading and final passage, 2531.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2653.

SURETY BUSINESS to surrender all other powers conferred upon them by law, bill to authorize corporations wishing to continue the general (see corporations).

SURETY COMPANIES, bills conferring certain authority on Insurance Department in regard to (see insurance).

SURETY in every case where a bond is filed in any court of record, bill to make certain provisions in regard to presentation of petition by principal (see bond).

SURETY may undertake in any single obligation, to regulate amount of liability a corporate

House Bill No. 458
Read in place in House by Mr. Williams, 472.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 472.
Reported without amendment, 1027.
First reading, 1091.
Second reading, 1385.
Third reading and final passage, 1696.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3355.
Signed by Speaker, 3481.

In Senate (No. 818)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1709.
Reported without amendment, 2603.
First reading, 2927.
Second reading, 3155.
Third reading and final passage, 3268.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3394.

SURFACE, H. A., nominated as Economic Zoologist of Department of Agriculture, 3456.
Reported, 3464.
Confirmed, 3464.

SURFACE, bill to authorize cities and boroughs to enact ordinances prescribing reasonable regulations in regard to mining of coal beneath their surfaces as may tend to prevent settling or caving in of said (see mining).

SURFACE LINES of certain street railway and electric companies, bill to prohibit the operation of certain kinds of cars on (see railway).

SURFACE SUPPORT in connection with removal of anthracite coal, joint resolution to appoint a commission to investigate conditions in matter of (see coal).

SURGERY, bill to create Bureau of Preliminary Professional Education with authority to determine preliminary education of students of (see Bureau).

SURGERY, bills relating to practice of medicine and (see medicine).

SURRENDER OF FRANCHISES of meadow companies, bill to provide for (see meadow companies).

SURVEY OF PYMATUNING SWAMP and an examination into feasibility of constructing reservoir therein, bill to provide for (see Pymatuning).

SURVEYING OF CERTAIN HIGHWAYS and sewers over private property in boroughs where work has not been commenced within two years from passage of ordinance, bill to make void (see boroughs).

SURVEYORS IN PROCEEDINGS FOR DAMAGES to real property taken by any railroad, bill to fix pay and mileage of viewers and (see railroad).

SURVEYORS ON THE COMMISSION, bill to amend act relating to marking county lines by changing the number of (see lines).

SURVEYS, to establish geographic position to all State
Read in place in House by Mr. Akers, 735.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 735.

SURVIVING HUSBANDS OR WIVES to take under or against the wills of decedents to the recording thereof, bill relating to elections by (see decedents).

SURVIVING OFFICERS of Pennsylvania Troops of Civil War, joint resolution providing for granting of Brevet Rank to (see Brevet Rank).

SUSPENDED BY CHIEF OF DEPARTMENT OF MINES for neglect of duty to appeal to Court of Common Pleas, bill to amend act establishing Department of Mines by permitting any Mine Inspector (see mine).

SWAN, JOHN, Jr., Representative from Eighth District (Allegheny County),

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 56, authorizing certain counties to expend moneys in improving and controlling streams and rivers, 780.

House Bill No. 202, empowering viewers appointed to assess benefits and damages to property caused by change of grade to assess benefits against railroads and street railways, 810.

House Bill No. 554, providing for original location, laying out and construction of public roads or highways, 1515, 1516, 1517.

Appointments of, on

Conference committee, 3372, 3602.

Standing committees 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by,

Amending act for government of cities of second class by providing for issuing of funding bonds, 209.

Authorizing certain counties to expend monies on streams and rivers, 134.

Making appropriation to Children's Aid Society of Western Pennsylvania, 172.

Making appropriation to furnish room in name of this Commonwealth in Woman's Relief Corps Hotel at Andersonville, Georgia, 303.

Making appropriation to Presbyterian Hospital of Pittsburg, 134.

Making appropriation to St. John's General Hospital of Allegheny City, 172.

Making appropriation to Woods Run Industrial House of Allegheny, 1398.

Relating to damages and benefits to property caused by change of grade of streets and highways in cities and boroughs, 209.

Bill reported by

No. 554 (Senate Bill No. 141)
Providing for original location, laying out and construction of public roads and highways, 1213.

Election of, 42.

Motions by, to

Dispense with further reading of Journal, 920.
Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 56, authorizing certain counties to expend moneys in improving and controlling streams and rivers, 780.

Petition presented by, from

Citizens of Allegheny County for reading of Bible in public schools, 845, 1357.

Resolution offered by,

Recalling House Bill No. 56, authorizing certain counties to expend money in improving or controlling streams, from Governor, 645.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

SWARTWOOD, WM. F., Sheriff in and for County of Monroe, nominated, 92.
Reported, 101.
Confirmed, 102.

SWARTZ, J. W., Representative from Snyder County,

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bill introduced by

Authorizing Peter F. Riegle a resident of Spring Township, Snyder County, to bring suit against Commonwealth for damage done to his property in fighting forest fires, 1468.

SWARTZ, J. W.—Continued.

Bill reported by

No. 291 (Senate Bill No. 720)
Empowering county commissioners to appropriate money to maintain indigent residents suffering from tuberculosis in sanatariums, 715.

Election of, 45.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Snyder County, against resident hunter's license law, 230, 278, 313, 359, 360, 389.

Citizens of Snyder County for law against removing eel baskets to remain in force, 589.

Teachers of Washington and Middlecreek Townships Snyder County, against article nine of school code 278.

Washington Camp 415 P. O. S. of A., Snyder County opposing articles 9 and 16 of new school code, 278.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

SWEET, BARTON W., Member of Board of Osteopathic Examiners for Pennsylvania, nominated, 25.
Reported, 165.
Confirmed, 169.

SYLVAN HEIGHTS HOME FOR ORPHAN GIRLS, at Harrisburg, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 952

Read in place in House by Mr. Tunis, 155.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 155.
Reported with amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2330.
Second reading, 2392.
Third reading and final passage, 2734.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.

In Senate (No. 882)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2656.
Reported without amendment, 2683.
First reading, 2703.
Second reading, 2906.
Third reading and final passage, 3060.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3396.

SYLVAN HEIGHTS HOME FOR ORPHAN GIRLS, at Harrisburg, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox, 221.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 221.

SYSTEM, bills relating to establishment of public school (see school).

SYSTEM OF PAYMENT OF ROAD TAX by work on public roads, bill to amend act relating to road supervisors in townships of second class by providing that any township may by a majority vote of electors thereof adopt a (see township).

SYSTEMS IN CITIES, boroughs and other municipalities, bill to provide for cost and expense of sewage disposal (see sewage).

SYSTEMS OF WATER WORKS to provide a supply of water for municipal and domestic purposes, bill to authorize municipalities to construct water works or (see water).

TABOR HOME FOR CHILDREN of Philadelphia, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 562

Read in place in Senate by Mr. McIlhenny, 1546.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1546.
Reported without amendment, 1632.
First reading, 1744.
Second reading, 1816.
Third reading and final passage, 1896.

In House

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1934.

TAG TO BE ATTACHED thereto showing payment of tax, supplementary to act for taxation of dogs requiring all dogs to wear a collar together with (see dogs).

TAKING OF TESTIMONY to be used in any civil court of record in this State of witnesses residing in any other State or in any foreign country, bill to provide for (see testimony).

TANNERIES, bill to amend act providing for health and safety of minors in certain employments so as to exclude (see minors).

TANNERIES within scope of the act, to amend act to preserve purity of waters of the State by including
Read in place in House by Mr. Schofield, 636.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 636.

TAUGHT in reading, writing, spelling, arithmetic and also some of the technical branches of the trade or craft, bill to make it compulsory for employers to provide a way for apprentices to be (see apprentices).

TAX AS QUALIFICATION TO VOTE, concurrent resolution (Senate) by McIlhenny, proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania to eliminate payment of toll, 700.
Resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 700.

TAX, bill to amend act providing for personal registration of electors in cities of first and second classes by defining method of proving payment of (see cities).

TAX, bill to provide that estates passing from an adopting parent to a legally adopted child or children shall not be subject to collateral inheritance (see estates).

TAX CLAIMS, bills relating to liens for municipal and (see liens).

TAX COLLECTORS for term of four years in the several boroughs and townships, to authorize the election of
House Bill No. 138
Read in place in House by Mr. Meyer, 210.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 210.
Reported without amendment, 323.
First reading, 432.
Second reading and amended and postponed for present, 568.
Remarks on, by
Wilson, 568, 569.
Meyer, 568.
Kern, 569.
Howard, 569.
Robison, 569.
Baldwin, Richard J., 569.
Robison, 569.
Martin, 569.
Ailman, 569.
Allen, 569.

TAX COLLECTORS in the several boroughs and townships of this Commonwealth, to regulate the compensation of
House Bill No. 512
Read in place in House by Mr. Cumbler, 124.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 124.
Reported without amendment, 1081.
First reading, 1240.
Second reading and amended, 1506.
Third reading and amended, 1790.
Defeated on final passage, 1841.
Vote re-considered and bill postponed for present, 2056.
Resumed and defeated on final passage, 2937.
Remarks on, by
Holland, 1841.
Cumbler, 1841, 2937.
Rockwell, 2937.
Martin, 2937.

TAX COLLECTORS of certain poor districts, bill to provide for appointment by Court of Common Pleas of auditors to settle accounts of (see accounts).

TAX DOGS in Lycoming and Columbia Counties, bill to repeal so far as it relates to Columbia County act to protect sheep and (see Columbia).

TAX DUPLICATES IN CITIES of first class, bill to repeal act relating to date for opening and closing (see cities).

TAX FOR EXPENSES connected with the original location, laying out and construction of public roads or highways in the several counties, bill to authorize levy of (see highways).

TAX FOR OUTDOOR ADVERTISING, bill to authorize townships of first class, boroughs and cities to impose and collect license (see advertising).

TAX FOR ROAD PURPOSES, resolutions presented against bill providing for special one mill
From Philadelphia Chamber of Commerce, in Senate, 1725.
Referred to Committee on Finance, 1725.

TAX FOR VARIOUS PURPOSES in townships, bills relating to collection of (see township and townships).

TAX IN BOROUGH OF CLEARFIELD and to an election district in Clearfield, Carbon and McKean Counties which section applies to reduction of expenses of collection of State and county taxes in Venango and Clarion Counties, to repeal section six of act relating to levying of school
House Bill No. 563
Read in place in House by Mr. Knight, 1082.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 1082.
Reported without amendment, 1213.
First reading, 1243.
Second reading, 1522.
Third reading and final passage, 1938.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2718.
Signed by Speaker, 2845.
In Senate (No. 698)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1901.
Reported without amendment, 2202.
First reading, 2286.
Second reading, 2464.
Third reading and final passage, 2531.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2654.

TAX LAWS, petitions presented relative to (see petitions).

TAX LEVY, further supplement to act for regulation of boroughs providing for (see boroughs).

TAX LEVY, supplement to act relating to system of education of common schools providing for (see schools).

TAX MOVING PICTURE MACHINES and places where same are operated, bill to authorize boroughs and townships to (see moving picture).

TAX OF FOUR MILLS ON EACH DOLLAR of value of bonds, mortgages and other securities, to provide increased revenue by providing that corporations, joint stock associations and limited partnerships shall annually pay a
House Bill No. 524
Read in place in House by Mr. Howard, 959.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 959.
Reported without amendment, 1169.
First reading, 1241.
Second reading, 1508.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1794.
Resumed and defeated on final passage, 2253.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill passed finally, 2323.
Remarks on, by
Howard, 2253, 2323.
Freeman, 2253.
Dearden, 2253.
Walnut, 2323.
In Senate
Referred to Committee on Finance, 2472.

TAX ON ANTHRACITE COAL and providing for collection of same, laying State
House Bill No. 614
Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 637.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 637.
Reported without amendment, 1340.
First reading, 1413.
Second reading and amended, 2350.

TAX ON BASEBALL GAMES and football games, to provide revenue by prescribing a
Read in place in House by Mr. Bentley, 1919.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1919.

TAX ON COAL, petitions presented against special (see petitions).

TAX ON ESTATES passing either by will or under intestate laws or by certain other methods, to lay a State
House Bill No. 863
Read in place in House by Mr. Howard, 638.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 638.
Reported without amendment, 1949.

TAX ON ESTATES—Continued.
First reading, 2048.
Second reading, 2362.
Special order for consideration, 3227.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 3260.
Remarks on, by
Matt, 3260.
Howard, 3260.
Baldwin, R. J., 3260.

TAX ON INCOMES, resolutions against
Presented to Senate from Philadelphia Chamber of Commerce, 1798.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1798.

TAX ON INSURANCE, petitions presented against Howard bill raising (see petitions).

TAX ON MONEY COLLECTED from members of fraternal societies, petitions presented against passage of House Bill No. 509, imposing (see petitions).

TAX ON MOTOR VEHICLES, bill to provide for a (see motor vehicles).

TAX ON MOTOR VEHICLES, petitions presented against increase of license (see petitions).

TAX ON VENDERS of or dealers in merchandise, to provide revenue by imposing a mercantile license
Read in place in House by Mr. Kuhns, 638.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 638.

TAX, petitions presented against fire insurance (see petitions).

TAX SETTLEMENTS of fiscal officers, bill to regulate appeals from (see appeals).

TAX TO BE PAID, bill to regulate licensing of traveling theatrical or operatic companies and fixing the amount of (see licensing).

TAX TO BE PAID where more than three separate places of business for sale of any goods are maintained in any one county, bill to fix mercantile (see mercantile).

TAX TO PAY SALARY OF SAID CLERK, bill to provide for selection of clerk in townships of the second class and boroughs and to authorize levying of (see clerk).

TAX TO PROVIDE MEETING PLACE for their officers, bill to authorize townships of second class and of boroughs to levy (see meetings).

TAX TO PROVIDE SUITABLE BUILDING for locking up and keeping criminals and disorderly persons until they can be properly dealt with according to law, to amend act to provide for levying a
Read in place in House by Mr. Welch, 1214.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1214.

TAX TO RAISE FUND for erection of Memorial Halls at county seats in honor of soldiers, sailors and marines from such county who served in wars for defense of United States flag, bill to authorize levying of (see Memorial Halls).

TAX, to repeal act relating to mercantile license
House Bill No. 545
Read in place in House by Mr. M. Clyde Kelly, 104.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 104.
Reported with negative recommendation 1212.
Motion offered to place bill on calendar, 1239.
Motion to place bill on calendar considered and defeated, 1403.
Remarks on, by
Kelly, M. Clyde, 1403, 1404, 1405, 1406, 1407.
Baldwin, R. J., 1407, 1408.
Moses, 1407, 1408.
Scott, S. B., 1408.

TAX TRACTION ENGINES and relating to assessment of same, to
House Bill No. 391
Read in place in House by Mr. Rockwell, 637.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 637.
Reported without amendment, 885.
First reading, 923.
Second reading, 1059.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 1474.
Vote reconsidered and bill passed finally, 1489.
Returned from Senate without amendment 2312.
Signed by Speaker, 2587.

TAX TRACTION ENGINES—Continued.
Remarks on, by
Rockwell, 1489.
In Senate (No. 637)
Referred to Committee on Finance, 1550.
Reported without amendment, 1854.
First reading, 2012.
Second reading, 2178.
Third reading and final passage, 2207.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2522.

TAX UPON CAPITAL STOCK and gross receipts of companies engaged in manufacture of gas, to provide revenue by taxation by imposing
House Bill No. 255
Read in place in House by Mr. McNichol, 568.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 568.
Reported without amendment, 687.
First reading, 749.
Second reading, 857.
Third reading and final passage, 1156.
Remarks on, by
Baldwin, Richard J., 857, 858, 859, 1156, 1157.
McNichol, 858, 1157.
Howard, 858.
Shern, 858, 859.
McAleer, 859.
Freeman, 859.
Allen, 859.
Ailman, 859.
Robinson, 859.
Rockwell, 859.
Hecht, 1157, 1158.
In Senate
Referred to Committee on Finance, 1174.

TAX UPON GROSS RECEIPTS, to amend further supplement to act to provide revenue by taxation by including companies using water for generating electricity among those liable for payment of a
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Baldwin, 455.
Referred to Committee on Finance, 455.

TAX UPON MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES, petitions presented against (see petitions).

TAX UPON SHARES OF STOCK of certain companies by including certain building and loan associations, bill to amend act to provide revenue by levying a (see building and loan).

TAX UPON SHARES OF STOCK of certain companies commonly known as title insurance and trust companies, to repeal act to provide revenue by levying a
House Bill No. 252
Read in place in House by Mr. McNichol, 567.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 567.
Reported without amendment, 687.
First reading, 749.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 855.
Re-reported without amendment, 1770.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1782.
Remarks on, by
Howard, 855.
McNichol, 855, 856.
Woodward, 855, 856.
Baldwin, Richard J., 855.
Rockwell, 855, 856.
Freeman, 855, 856.
Robinson, 856.

TAXABLE AND ASSESSED according to its fair cash value, to require all property, real, personal and mixed, to be
Read in place in House by Mr. Rumsey, 96.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 96.

TAXABLE AND ASSESSED according to its fair cash value, to require all property to be
House Bill No. 555
Read in place in House by Mr. Rumsey, 210.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 210.
Reported with negative recommendation, 1213.
Motion offered to place bill on calendar, 1239.
Placed on calendar, 1611.
First reading, 1828.
Second reading, 2120.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 3005.

TAXABLE AND ASSESSED—Continued.

Remarks on, by
Rumsey, 1611.
Dearden, 1611.
Schofield, 1611, 1612.
Ailman, 1612.
Benson, 1612.
Williams, 1612.

TAXABLE as other personalty is taxable, to make all motor-vehicles
Read in place in House by Mr. Benson, 391.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 391.

TAXABLES BY TAX COLLECTORS in boroughs and townships, to provide for notification of

House Bill No. 194
Read in place in House by Mr. Herman, 210.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 210.
Reported without amendment, 525.
First reading, 587.
Second reading and amended, 598.
Third reading and final passage, 649.
Concurrent resolution recalling bill from Senate for amendment, 660.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 1944.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 1944.
Signed by Speaker,
Approved by Governor, 2191.

In Senate (No. 480)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 663.
Concurrent resolution recalling bill from Senate for amendment read and postponed for present, 686.
Reported with amendment, 1254.
First reading, 1325.
Over in its order, 1428.
Recommitted to Committee, 1448.
Re-reported without amendment, 1705.
Second reading, 1815.
Third reading and final passage, 1894.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 1901.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1917.

TAXATION AND BONUS ON CAPITAL STOCK, relating to

House Bill No. 508
Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 637.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 637.
Reported without amendment, 1081.
First reading, 1240.
Second reading and amended, 1505.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1790.
Resumed and passed finally, 2254.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3355.
Signed by Speaker, 3481.

Remarks on, by
Walnut, 1790.

In Senate (No. 809)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2218.
Reported without amendment, 2602.
First reading, 2926.
Second reading, 3154.
Third reading and final passage, 3266.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3394.

TAXATION AND EXEMPTING SAVINGS INSTITUTIONS having no capital stock, to repeal act relating to revenue by

House Bill No. 264
Read in place in House by Mr. Bass, 527.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 527.
Reported without amendment, 688.
First reading, 750.
Second reading, 862.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1161.
Resumed and defeated on final passage, 2232.

Remarks on, by
Robinson, V. Gilpin, 1161.

TAXATION AND EXEMPTION FROM TAXATION of certain real estate in cities, bills relating to (see cities).

TAXATION AND EXEMPTION OF CERTAIN PROPERTY from taxation, joint resolution proposing amendment to section one of article nine of Constitution of Pennsylvania relating to uniformity of (see Constitution).

TAXATION AND TAXING ALL PROPERTY OF CORPORATIONS having capital stock, amending and supplementing section of act relating to revenue by

House Bill No. 301
Read in place in House by Mr. Sassaman, 134.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 134.
Reported with amendment, 716.
First reading, 752.
Second reading, 876.
Third reading and final passage, 1249.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1959.
Signed by Speaker, 2050.
Approved by Governor, 2556.

In Senate (No. 587)
Referred to Committee on Finance, 1235.
Reported without amendment, 1668.
First reading, 1745.
Second reading, 1819.
Third reading and final passage, 1905.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2006.

TAXATION AND TAXING ALL PROPERTY OF CORPORATIONS, limited partnerships and joint stock associations having capital stock at the rate of five mills on each dollar of its actual value, to amend act providing revenue by
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 455.
Referred to Committee on Finance, 455.

TAXATION AND TAXING ALL PROPERTY OF CORPORATIONS, limited partnerships and joint stock associations having capital stock at rate of five mills on each dollar, to amend seventeenth section of act providing revenue by
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Huffman, 1068.
Referred to Committee on Finance, 1068.

TAXATION AND TAXING ALL PROPERTY OF CORPORATIONS having capital stock but exempting savings institutions having no capital stock, to repeal act relating to revenue by

House Bill No. 397
Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 689.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 689.
Reported without amendment, 884.
First reading, 923.
Second reading, 1061.
Third reading and final passage, 1476.

Remarks on, by
Robinson, 1476.
Allen, 1476.
Ailman, 1476.
Clarency, 1476.
Henry, 1476.
Hecht, 1476.
Rockwell, 1476.

In Senate (No. 721)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1550.
Reported without amendment, 2218.
First reading, 2288.
Second reading, 2469.
Over in its order, 2545.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 2612.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 2616.

TAXATION BILL, petitions presented for Jones (see petitions).

TAXATION, bill to encourage foresting and reforesting of lands by exempting certain lands from (see foresting).

TAXATION, bill to exempt property of fair associations from liability to (see fair associations).

TAXATION, bill to provide that certain foreign corporations may hold real estate and property in this State subject to laws of this State in relation to (see corporations).

TAXATION BY CORPORATIONS any of the evidences of indebtedness of which are held by residents of this Commonwealth, to regulate reports for purposes of

House Bill No. 349
Read in place in House by Mr. Howard, 637.
Referred to Commitee on Judiciary General, 637.
Reported without amendment, 735.
First reading, 783.
Second reading, 1049.
Third reading and final passage, 1298.

TAXATION BY CORPORATIONS—Continued.

In Senate (No. 534)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1264.
Reported with amendment, 1455.
First reading, 1606.
Second reading, 1653.
Recommitted to Committee, 1723.

TAXATION BY CORPORATIONS, joint stock associations and limited partnerships any part of capital stock or indebtedness of which is not taxable under laws of this Commonwealth, to regulate reports for purposes of

House Bill No. 316

Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 637.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 637.
Reported without amendment, 734.
First reading, 781.
Second reading, 1051.
Third reading and final passage, 1297.

In Senate (No. 536)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1263.
Reported without amendment, 1455.
First reading, 1607.
Second reading, 1653.
Recommitted to Committee, 1723.

TAXATION by providing uniform method of taxing banks and savings institutions, to amend act providing revenue by

House Bill No. 393

Read in place in House by Mr. Bass, 437.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 437.
Reported without amendment, 883.
First reading, 923.
Second reading, 1060.
Third reading and amended, 1475.
Final passage, 1619.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Finance, 1607.

TAXATION CERTAIN PROPERTY by removing exemption from all court houses, jails, poor houses and certain lands therein exempted not necessary for the enjoyment of same, to amend act exempting from

House Bill No. 507

Read in place in House by Mr. Richard J. Baldwin, 416.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 416.
Reported without amendment, 1081.
First reading, 1240.
Second reading, 1504.
Third reading and recommitted to Committee, 1789.
Re-reported with amendment, 2308.
Third reading and amended, 2517.
Final passage, 2938.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3601.
Signed by Speaker, 3609.

Remarks on, by

Baldwin, Richard J., 2938.

In Senate (No. 1201)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2901.
Reported without amendment, 3120.
First reading, 3177.
Second reading, 3299.
Third reading and final passage, 3435.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3536.

TAXATION CERTAIN REAL ESTATE not heretofore taxable as such of certain public service corporations, to raise revenue by subjecting to

House Bill No. 497

Read in place in House by Mr. Hecht, 810.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 810.
Reported without amendment, 1048.
First reading, 1093.
Second reading, 1504.
Third reading and final passage, 1787.

Remarks on, by

Schofield, 1787.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Finance, 1801.

TAXATION FOR IMPROVEMENT OF PUBLIC ROADS, to provide revenue by

House Bill No. 259

Read in place in House by Mr. Hecht, 567.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 568.
Reported without amendment, 688.
First reading, 749.
Second reading, 886.
Third reading and amended, 1251.
Final passage, 1461.

Remarks on, by

Scott, Samuel B., 1461.
Hecht, 1461, 1462.
Henry, 1461.
Williams, 1461.
Dearden, 1461.
Ailman, 1461.
Dunn, Horace B., 1461.
Baldwin, Richard J., 1461, 1462.
Kern, 1462.
Rider, 1462.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Finance, 1451.

TAXATION FOR LOCAL PURPOSES, to provide that real estate of all public service companies or corporations shall be subject to

Read in place in House by Mr. Wallace, 209.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 209.

TAXATION FOR LOCAL PURPOSES, to provide that real estate of all railway, water, gas, telegraph, telephone, electric companies and other like public service corporations shall be subject to

Read in place in House by Mr. Hoover, 473.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 473.

TAXATION, joint resolution proposing amendment to section one, article nine of Constitution of Pennsylvania relating to (see Constitution).

TAXATION OF ALL PROPERTY OF CORPORATIONS having capital stock at rate of five mills on each dollar of its actual value, to amend amended act relating to

House Bill No. 307

Read in place in House by Mr. Hecht, 526.
Refered to Committee on Judiciary General, 526.
Reported without amendment, 716.
First reading, 753.
Second reading, 1482.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1771.

TAXATION OF AUXILIARY FOREST RESERVES, bill to provide for (see forest reserves).

TAXATION OF CERTAIN PROPERTY, to amend act relating to exemption from

Read in place in House by Mr. Richard J. Baldwin, 142.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 142.

TAXATION OF DOGS, bills relating to (see dogs).

TAXATION OF DOGS in East Nottingham Township, Chester County, bill to repeal act relating to (see East Nottingham).

TAXATION OF FEES to be charged by sheriffs, bills relating to (see sheriffs).

TAXATION OF GROSS RECEIPTS of fire insurance companies on business done in Pennsylvania, bill to provide for (see insurance).

TAXATION ON SUCH SURRENDERS, bill to provide for surrender of franchises of meadow companies and for repeal of all laws exempting certain meadow lands from (see meadow companies).

TAXATION OR FORFEITURE OF INTERESTS vested by general mineral reservations in devises and conveyances, bill to regulate the assessment for (see minerals).

TAXATION, petitions presented for equalization of (see petitions).

TAXATION, petitions presented for passage of House Bill No. 301 and House Pink Bill No. 1061, relating to (see petitions).

TAXATION, petitions presented for passage of House Bill No. 301, relating to (see petitions).

TAXATION relating to taxing bonds, mortgages and other securities, to amend a further supplement to act to provide revenue by

House Bill No. 256

Read in place in House by Mr. Bass, 526.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 526.
Reported without amendment, 688.
First reading, 749.
Second reading, 860.
Third reading and amended, 1158.
Resumed and postponed for present, 1185.
Resumed and passed finally, 2261.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2947.
Signed by Speaker, 3183.

Remarks on, by

Baldwin, Richard J., 1158.
Bass, 1158, 1159, 1185, 2261.
Allen, 1158.
Clarency, 1159.
Robinson, V. Gilpin, 1185.

In Senate (No. 758)

Referred to Committee on Finance, 2266.
Reported without amendment, 2455.
First reading, 2551.
Second reading, 2671.
Third reading and final passage, 2894.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3114.

TAXATION, supplement, relating to tax on capital stock, to act in regard to revenue by

Read in place in House by Mr. Mills, 111.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 111.

TAXATION, to amend, by exempting parsonages, amended act relating to exemption of public property from

House Bill No. 100

Read in place in House by Mr. Shaffer, 122.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 122.
Reported without amendment, 300.
First reading, 321.
Second reading, and amended, 331.
Third reading and final passage, 426.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1204.
Signed by Speaker, 1251.
Vetoed by Governor, 1692.
Sustained Governor's veto, 1692.

In Senate (No. 408)

Referred to Committee on Finance, 413.
Reported without amendment, 995.
First reading, 1079.
Second reading, 1110.
Third reading and final passage, 1176.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1230.

TAXATION, to amend, by exempting savings accounts of less than one thousand dollars from taxation for State purposes, act relating to revenue by

House Bill No. 34

Read in place in House by Mr. Shadrach, 97.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 97.
Reported with amendment, 145.
First reading, 158.
Second reading, 191.
Third reading and amended, 204.
Final passage, 212, 214.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2947.
Signed by Speaker, 3182.

Remarks on, by

Rockwell, 213.
Henry, 213.

In Senate (No. 768).

Referred to Committee on Finance, 228.
Reported without amendment, 2524.
First reading, 2552.
Second reading, 2693.
Third reading and final passage, 2895.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3114.

TAXATION, to amend further supplement to act to provide revenue by

House Bill No. 406

Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 637.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 637.
Reported without amendment, 897.
First reading, 924.
Second reading, 1064.
Third reading and final passage, 1478.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1550.

TAXATION, to amend supplement to act to provide revenue by

House Bill No. 544

Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 637.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 637.
Reported with amendment, 1212.
First reading, 1242.
Second reading and amended, 1512.
Third reading and final passage, 1924.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Finance, 1898.

TAXATION, to further amend further supplement to act to provide revenue by

House Bill No. 509

Read in place in House by Mr. Howard, 638.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 638.
Reported with amendment, 1081.
First reading, 1240.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 2084.
Re-reported with amendment, 2245.
Resumed and amended and defeated on second reading, 2349.

Remarks on, by

Clarency, 2350.
Ward, William, Jr., 2350.
Howard, 2350.
Henry, 2350.
Baldwin, Richard J., 2350.
Wilcox, 2350.

TAXATION, to further amend further supplement to act to provide revenue by

House Bill No. 395

Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 688.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 688.
Reported without amendment, 883.
First reading, 923.
Second reading, 1061.
Third reading and final passage, 1475.

Remarks on, by

Robinson, 1475.
Allen, 1475.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1550.

TAXATION, to make unnaturalized foreign-born residents subject in same manner as citizens of the Commonwealth to

House Bill No. 69

Read in place in House by Mr. Guyaux, 134.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 134.
Reported without amendment, 199.
First reading, 211.
Second reading, 236.
Third reading and final passage, 309.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 819.
Signed by Speaker, 879.
Concurrent resolution to recall bill from Governor, 1029.
Vote on passage of resolution to recall bill from Governor, reconsidered and resolution withdrawn, 1085.
Approved by Governor, 1084.

Remarks on, by

Shannon, 309.
Guyaux, 309.

TAXATION—Continued.
In Senate (No. 241)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 299.
Reported with amendment, 542.
First reading, 635.
Second reading, 682.
Third reading and postponed for present, 708.
Resumed and passed finally, 762.
Signed by President pro tempore, 838.
Remarks on, by
McNichol, 708.
Fox, 708.

TAXATION TO ONE MILL PER ACRE for thirty-five years, bill to encourage planting and maintaining of sprout, forest and timber trees and to provide that those who aid in this object shall be limited in (see trees).

TAXATION, to provide revenue by
Read in place in House by Mr. Keely, 324.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 324.

TAXATION, to regulate making of certain reports and statements to Auditor General for purpose of State
House Bill No. 345
Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 637.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 637.
Reported without amendment, 735.
First reading, 782.
Second reading and postponed for present, 898.
Resumed and amended on third reading, 1199.
Resumed and postponed for present, 1249.
Resumed vote on third reading reconsidered and bill recommitted to Committee on Ways and Means, 1465.
Re-reported with amendment, 1481.
Third reading and final passage, 1623.
In Senate
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1607.

TAXATION, to repeal act relating to greater uniformity of taxation and revenue by
Read in place in House by Mr. Richard J. Baldwin, 97.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 97.

TAXES A FIRST LIEN upon franchises and property of corporations, bill to make State (see corporations).

TAXES AGAINST REAL ESTATE, leases and improvements of pipe line companies in the boroughs and townships, to provide for assessment of
House Bill No. 411
Read in place in House by Mr. Alonzo S. Moulthrop, 473.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 473.
Reported without amendment, 897.
First reading, 924.
Second reading, 1483.

TAXES AND FOR MUNICIPAL IMPROVEMENTS and for removal of nuisances, bill amending act relating to liens for (see liens).

TAXES AND WATER RENTS, supplement to act for government of cities of second class relating to (see cities).

TAXES BEQUESTS AND DEVISES to institutions of purely public charity, to exempt from payment of inheritance
House Bill No. 511
Read in place in House by Mr. Howard, 637.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 637.
Reported without amendment, 1081.
First reading, 1240.
Second reading, 1505.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1790.
Resumed and passed finally, 2042.
In Senate
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2154.

TAXES, bill relating to treasurer's sale of land for (see treasurer's).

TAXES, bill to amend act relating to government of cities of the third class in regard to powers of councils in the assessment and collection of (see cities).

TAXES, bill to provide for election and appointment of road supervisors in townships and authorizing them to levy and collect (see townships).

TAXES DUE COMMONWEALTH and property belonging to or liable to escheat to the same, bill to provide for better collection of money and (see collection).

TAXES DUE COMMONWEALTH from corporations, joint stock associations and limited partnerships, to amend act to aid Auditor General in collection of
House Bill No. 346
Read in place in House by Mr. Woodward, 637.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 637.
Reported without amendment, 735.
First reading, 783.
Second reading, 899.
Third reading and amended, 1199.
Resumed and passed finally, 1248.
Returned from Senate without amendments, 2947.
Signed by Speaker, 3184.
In Senate (No. 790)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1235.
Reported without amendment, 2525.
First reading, 2553.
Second reading, 2697.
Third reading and final passage, 2900.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3114.

TAXES FOR LIBRARY PURPOSES, bill to provide that counties, cities, boroughs, towns, townships and school districts may levy (see libraries).

TAXES FOR REDEMPTION OF BONDS and for the care and maintenance of roads and bridges, bill relating to assessment and collection of (see townships).

TAXES FOR STATE AND COUNTY PURPOSES in certain counties, bill relating to Board for Assessment and Revision of (see counties).

TAXES FOR STATE PURPOSES and to abolish Revenue Board, bill to amend act imposing additional (see Revenue Board).

TAXES for which they have become personally liable, to enable certain tax collectors to collect
House Bill No. 50
Read in place in House by Mr. Kelsey, 141.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 141.
Reported without amendment, 187.
First reading, 206.
Second reading, 233.
Third reading and final passage, 255.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 829.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 829.
Signed by Speaker,
Approved by Governor, 1084.
Remarks on, by
Schultz, 255.
Kelsey, 255.
In Senate (No. 172)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 248.
Reported without amendment, 401.
First reading, 470.
Second reading, 504.
Third reading and postponed for present, 553.
Resumed and amended, 762.
Final passage, 789.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 837.
Signed by President pro tempore, 838.

TAXES for which they may become personally liable, to enable certain tax collectors to collect
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Hall, 244.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 244.

TAXES for which they may become personally liable, to enable certain tax collectors to collect
Senate Bill No. 135
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Huffman, 167.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 167.
Reported without amendment, 282.
First reading, 359.
Second reading, 385.
Over in its order, 407.
Third reading and postponed for present, 459.

TAXES IN CITIES, bills relating to collection of (see cities).

TAXES IN THE SEVERAL BOROUGHS and townships and providing compensation for the collector, to regulate collection of

House Bill No. 821
Read in place in House by Mr. Wilcox, 1329.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1329.
Reported without amendment, 1779.
First reading, 1833.
Second reading, 2146.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 3035.

Remarks on, by
Dershem, 3035, 3036.
Shreve, 3035, 3036.
Rider, 3036.

TAXES IN THE SEVERAL BOROUGHS and townships, to fix Compensation of collectors of
Read in place in House by Mr. Currier, 315.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 315.

TAXES LEVIED IN 1909 for contemplated new school building, bill to authorize School Board of School District of Township of Wysox, Bradford County, to convert (see Wysox).

TAXES ON BONDS, hereafter issued by them for permanently improving any public road or highway, bill to authorize counties to pay State (see counties).

TAXES ON CERTAIN COMPANIES or corporations, bill to authorize cities of second class to levy (see cities).

TAXES ON CORPOREAL REAL ESTATE to collect specific taxes in respect of all advertising displayed from such real estate, to require all authorities levying

Senate Bill No. 144
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 345.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 345.
Reported without amendment, 346.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 387.
Re-reported without amendment, 755.
Second reading, 798.
Over in its order, 833.
Recommitted to Committee, 908.
Re-reported with amendment, 1279.
Over in its order, 1320.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 1424.

TAXES ON PERSONAL PROPERTY, to provide for assessment and collection of

House Bill No. 1289
Read in place in House by Mr. Howard, 637.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 637.
Reported without amendment, 2589.
First reading, 2589.
Second reading.
Special order for consideration, 3227.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 3261.

TAXES ON REAL ESTATE by requiring furnishing upon application of bills for such taxes by county treasurers, relating to creation of speedy method of collection of

Senate Bill No. 687
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Thomson, (by request), 941.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 941.
Reported without amendment, 2201.
First reading, 2286.
Second reading, 2463.
Over in its order, 2530.
Third reading and final passage, 2610.

In House (No. 1335)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2843.
Reported without amendment, 2972, 3006.
First reading, 3007.
Second reading, 3023.
Third reading and dropped from calendar, 3497.

Remarks on, by
Rockwell, 3497.

TAXES ON REAL ESTATE partially in two or more municipalities or townships or lying near dividing line, bill relating to payment of (see assessments).

TAXES ON WRITS, etc., bill to regulate fees of clerks of certain courts, recorder of deeds and register of wills and to provide for collection of same together with State (see fees).

TAXES OWING BY ANY HOSPITAL where dispute has arisen as to right of city to collect same, bill to authorize cities of first class to remit (see cities).

TAXES shall make return of seated lands for non-payment of taxes, bill to fix the time when collectors of (see collectors).

TAXES, supplement to act relating to cities of the second class providing for levy, collection and disbursement of (see cities).

TAXES, to amend act providing for better collection of collateral inheritance taxes so as to exempt institutions of purely public charity not receiving State aid for payment of collateral inheritance

House Bill No. 116
Read in place in House by Mr. Townsend, 95.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 95.
Reported without amendment, 314.
First reading, 336.
Second reading, 421.
Third reading and final passage, 447.
Returned from Senate with amendment, 2572.
Concurred in Senate amendment, 2572.
Signed by Speaker, 2845.

Remarks on, by
Townsend, 447.

In Senate (No. 679)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 458.
Reported without amendment, 2156.
First reading, 2213.
Second reading and amended, 2283.
Third reading and final passage, 2457.
Returned from House with Senate amendment concurred in, 2542.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2653.

TAXES, to amend act relating to county and township rates and levies by authorizing collector to deputize a constable or other officer to make levy and sale or to arrest the delinquent for non-payment of

House Bill No. 722
Read in place in House by Mr. Neel, 689.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 689.
Reported without amendment, 1609.
First reading, 1827.
Second reading, 2117.
Third reading and final passage, 2998.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3529.
Signed by Speaker, 3586.

In Senate (No. 1176)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 3043.
Reported without amendment, 3118.
First reading, 3175.
Second reading, 3291.
Third reading and final passage, 3413.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3537.

TAXES, to provide for arrest in case of neglect or refusal to pay county, borough or township
Read in place in House by Mr. Anderson, 1184.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1184.

TAXES with which its tax collector is charged such abatements and exonerations as shall appear just, bill to authorize councils of boroughs to make from amount of its borough (see boroughs).

TAXING EXPRESS COMPANIES, to provide revenue by
Read in place in House by Mr. Ailman, 252.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 252.

TAXING EXPRESS COMPANIES, to provide revenue by

House Bill No. 110
Read in place in House by Mr. Hecht, 251.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 251.
Reported without amendment, 301.
First reading, 322.
Second reading, 334.
Third reading and postponed for present, 431.
Resumed and passed finally, 444.

Remarks on, by
Hecht, 444.
Marvin, 444.

In Senate
Referred to Committee on Finance, 458.

TAXING GIFTS, LEGACIES AND INHERITANCES in certain cases and providing for the collection thereof,
Read in place in House by Mr. Howard, 94.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 94.

TAXING GIFTS, LEGACIES AND INHERITANCES of personal property and providing for the collection thereof,
Read in place in House by Mr. Richard J. Baldwin, 98.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 98.

TAXING OF OIL, GAS AND BITUMINOUS COAL, a joint resolution providing for issuing of invitation to neighboring States to conference with respect to

Senate Bill No. 263
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichol, 608.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 608.
Reported without amendment, 609.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 685.
Re-reported with amendment, 1417.
Second reading, 1442.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 1587.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 1907.
Resumed and passed finally, 2609.
Returned from House without amendment, 3406.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3539.

In House (No. 1371)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2843.
Reported without amendment, 3239.
First reading, 3239.
Second reading, 3330.
Third reading and final passage, 3501.
Signed by Speaker, 3610.

TAXPAYER OF SUCH MUNICIPALITY, bill to provide for appeal to Court of Common Pleas from judgment of any justice of the peace or alderman against any township, borough, poor district or school district by any (see appeal).

TAYLOR AMOUNT PAID by him for his commission as a Notary Public, to authorize the State Treasurer to refund to John

House Bill No. 6
Read in place in House by Mr. Phillips, 105.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 105.
Reported without amendment, 109.
First reading, 115.
Second reading, 126.
Third reading and final passage, 136.
Returned by Senate without amendment, 311.
Signed by Speaker, 316.
Approved by Governor, 433.

In Senate (No. 29)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 132.
Reported without amendment, 183.
First reading, 227.
Second reading, 246.
Third reading and final passage, 269.
Signed by President, 344.

TAYLOR HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 998
Read in place in House by Mr. Hobbs, 142.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 142.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2332.
Second reading, 2399.
Third reading and final passage, 2749.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.

In Senate (No. 928)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2685.
First reading, 2705.
Second reading, 2909.
Third reading and final passage, 3069.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

TEACHERS ATTENDING ANNUAL COUNTY INSTITUTES, to regulate pay and mileage of
Read in place in House by Mr. Rebert, 1016.
Referred to Committee on Education, 1016.

TEACHERS' BOARD for each public school district, bill to create an auxiliary (see school district).

TEACHERS by requiring that the minimum salaries shall be for the minimum school term, to amend act fixing the salaries of common school

House Bill No. 532
Read in place in House by Mr. Morris, 391.
Referred to Committee on Education, 391.
Reported without amendment, 1169.
First reading, 1241.
Second reading, 1510.
Third reading and recommitted to Committee on Appropriations, 1796.

TEACHERS FOR COMMON SCHOOLS of State by rearranging Normal School Districts and providing for new district, bill to amend act providing for training of (see Normal School).

TEACHERS IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS of this State, to fix the minimum salaries of school

House Bill No. 24
Read in place in House by Mr. Ailman, 104.
Referred to Committee on Education, 104.
Reported without amendment, 139.
First reading, 148.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee on Appropriations, 161.

Remarks on, by
Marvin, 161, 173.
Ailman, 161.

TEACHERS' SALARY BILL, petitions presented for Ailman (see petitions).

TEACHERS WHO HAVE TAUGHT FOR FIVE CONSECUTIVE YEARS shall be elected to a permanent position, to provide that all public school

Senate Bill No. 349
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Snyder, 665.
Referred to Committee on Education, 665.
Reported without amendment, 788.
First reading, 842.
Second reading, 917.
Third reading and postponed for present, 951.
Resumed on third reading and amended, 2168.
Final passage, 2203.

In House (No. 1286)
Referred to Committee on Education, 2247.
Reported without amendment, 2586.
First reading, 2842.
Second reading, 2958.
Defeated on third reading, 3485.
Motion to reconsider vote on third reading defeated, 3500.

Remarks on, by
Davis, Albert, 3500.

TECHNICAL BRANCHES OF THE TRADE or craft, bill to make it compulsory for employers to provide a way for apprentices to be taught in some of the (see apprentices).

TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE COMPANIES, bill to amend act relating to police power of cities of third class and boroughs with reference to electric light wires by extending its provisions to (see wires).

TELEGRAPH COMPANIES, bill to authorize counties to charge and collect tolls or rentals for the use of certain bridges from (see bridges).

TELEGRAPH COMPANIES, bill to empower cities of second class to levy taxes on (see cities).

TELEGRAPH COMPANY between 10 P. M. and 5 A. M., bill to prohibit employment of any person under 21 years of age as messenger for a (see messenger).

TELEGRAPH OFFICES, bill to amend act relating to minors in certain employments by regulating hours of employment of minors in cities of first and second class in or for (see minors).

TELEPHONE COMPANIES, bill to amend act relating to police power of cities of third class and boroughs with reference to electric light wires by extending its provisions to telegraph and (see wires).

TELEPHONE COMPANIES, bill to authorize counties to charge and collect tolls or rentals for the use of certain bridges from (see bridges).

TELEPHONE COMPANIES, bill to empower cities of second class to levy taxes on (see cities).

TELEPHONE COMPANY to install registers and call recorders on telephones, to require each
Read in place in House by Mr. Fitzgerald, 361.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 361.

TELEPHONE FACILITIES, petitions presented favoring better (see petitions).

TELEPHONE LINES and systems, bill to authorize cities of third class to construct, purchase or lease and operate (see cities).

TELEPHONE LINES and transmission of messages over lines of two or more telephone companies, to regulate physical condition of
House Bill No. 610
Read in place in House by Mr. Ailman, 1184.
Referred to Committee on Ways and Means, 1184.
Reported without amendment, 1340.
First reading, 1412.
Second reading, 1534.
Third reading and final passage, 2019.
In Senate
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2014.

TELEPHONE LINES and transmission of messages over lines of two or more telephone companies, to regulate physical connection of
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Clark, 1419.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1419.

TELEPHONE LINES, to prohibit others than telephone employes to listen to messages over
Read in place in House by Mr. North, 361.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 361.

TELEPHONE MESSAGES where contract is for limited number of calls, to provide for method of computing outgoing
Read in place in House by Mr. McNichol, 1400.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1400.

TELEPHONE OR MESSENGER COMPANY between 10 P. M. and 5 A. M., bill to prohibit employment of any person under 21 years of age as a messenger for telegraph (see messenger).

TEMPERATURE OF MILK AND CREAM intended to be shipped, sold or offered for sale, bill to regulate (see milk).

TEMPLE UNIVERSITY OF PHILADELPHIA, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1263
Read in place in House by Mr. Reyburn, 566.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 566.
Reported with amendment, 2347.
First reading, 2385.
Second reading, 2837.
Third reading and postponed for present, 2990.
Resumed on third reading and amended, 3003.
Resumed and postponed for present, 3018.
Third reading and final passage, 3240.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3527.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3527.
Signed by Speaker, 3585.
Remarks on, by
Abbott, 2990, 3003, 3004.
Baldwin, R. J., 2990, 3240.
Campbell, James J., 3003.
Baldwin, George A., 3003, 3004, 3241.
Ward, William, Jr., 3004.
Keely, 3004.
Martin, 3004.
Reyburn, 3240, 3241.
Ailman, 3240, 3241.
Roney, 3241, 3242.
Hess, 3242.
In Senate (No. 1211)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3118.
Reported without amendment, 3121.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 3178.
Re-reported with amendment, 3180.
Second reading, 3300.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 3388.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill passed finally, 3414.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3457.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3538.
Remarks on, by
Herbst, 3388.

TENANT and to fix fees to be charged therein, bill to provide additional remedies in cases of non-payment of rent by (see rent).

TENANT, either of dwelling house, hotel or boarding house, except at public sale, bill relative to sale in bulk of the whole or a large part of household goods, furniture and cooking utensils of (see sale).

TENDER OF PAYMENT OF JUDGMENT FOR DAMAGES in all classes of trespass claims or suits in any nature, bill to authorize the (see trespass).

TENEMENT HOUSES from provisions of certain acts pertaining to safety of persons from fire, bills to exempt certain buildings including (see buildings).

TENEMENT HOUSES IN CITIES OF FIRST CLASS, bills relating to (see cities).

TENEMENTS, bill to amend, in regard to title to real estate, act relating to lunatics and habitual drunkards provided that this provision shall be limited to certain lands and (see title).

TENER, JOHN K., election of, as Governor (see Governor).

TENURE OF OFFICE and teachers' auxiliary bill, petitions presented favoring (see petitions).

TERM, and providing for their election every four years, bill to amend act relating to election of assistant assessors in certain boroughs and townships by enlarging their (see assessors).

TERM AND SALARY so as to make it apply to counties having population of from 800,000 and 1,400,000, bill to amend act authorizing county controllers in counties having population of from 300,000 to 1,000,000 to appoint a solicitor and fixing his (see solicitor).

TERM OF CERTAIN OFFICERS in boroughs, bills to provide for (see boroughs).

TERM OF CERTAIN OFFICERS in cities, bills relating to (see cities).

TERM OF OFFICE OF COUNCIL shall be four years, bill to amend act authorizing burgess and town council of Wellsboro, Tioga County, to regulate election of borough council providing that (see Wellsboro).

TERM OF OFFICE OF DIRECTORS of overseers of the poor, bill to fix (see directors).

TERM OF OFFICE OF JUDGES of Supreme, Superior, Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts shall commence, bill to fix the time when the (see judges).

TERMINATION OF LIEN of any recognizance or mortgage on real estate in certain cases, bill to provide for (see lien).

TERMINATION OF LIEN of any recognizance or mortgage on real estate, petitions presented regarding Alter Bill for (see petitions).

TERMS OF OFFICE, bill to carry into complete operation certain amendments to the Constitution of Pennsylvania relating to (see Constitution).

TERRAPIN to be aquatic animals valuable for food or commerce, bill to declare certain species of (see aquatic animals).

TERRITORY, further supplement to act relating to annexation by any borough or incorporated town of adjacent (see borough).

TESTAMENTARY DEVISES, bill to regulate disposition of property of decedents on failure of (see decedents).

TESTIFY IN ANY CIVIL PROCEEDINGS, to amend act relating to competency of witnesses so as to include directors or other officers of corporations or joint stock or other associations among those who may be compelled to
House Bill No. 127
Read in place in House by Mr. Alter, 109.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 109.
Reported without amendment, 314.
First reading, 337.
Second reading, 424.
Third reading and final passage, 449.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 830.
Signed by Speaker, 880.
Approved by Governor, 1085.
In Senate (No. 289)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 458.
Reported without amendment, 664.
First reading, 712.
Second reading, 770.
Third reading and final passage, 795.
Signed by President pro tempore, 838.

TESTIFY TO FACT OF DESERTION and efforts made to induce respondent to return and resume marital relations, bill to enable libellant in all proceedings for divorces to (see divorce).

TESTIFYING IN HIS OWN BEHALF in criminal trials, bill to regulate the cross examination of a defendant (see cross examination).

TESTIMONY OF EXPERT WITNESSES concerning handwriting, bill relating to (see witnesses).

TESTIMONY OF WITNESS or witnesses in order to entitle plaintiff to a decree, bill to abolish rule in reference to the averments of a responsive answer being overcome by (see equity).

TESTIMONY TO BE USED in any civil court of record in this State of witnesses residing in any other State or in any foreign country, to provide for taking of

House Bill No. 655

Read in place in House by Mr. Shreve, 1329.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1329.
Reported without amendment, 1457.
First reading, 1500.
Second reading, 1959.
Third reading and final passage, 2294.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2947.
Signed by Speaker, 3183.

In Senate (No. 771)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2289.
Reported without amendment, 2524.
First reading, 2552.
Second reading, 2694.
Third reading and final passage, 2896.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3115.

TESTING GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS, bill making appropriation for building and laboratories for milling and (see grain).

TESTS, bill to regulate sale of distillate of petroleum and prescribing standards of (see petroleum).

TESTS FOR ILLUMINATING OILS, bill to provide a standard of (see oils).

TESTS OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES, bill making appropriation to enable Secretary of Internal Affairs to purchase standard (see weights).

THADDEUS STEVENS INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL of Pennsylvania, at Lancaster, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1101

Read in place in House by Mr. Hess, 104.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 104.
Reported with amendment, 2241.
First reading, 2337.
Second reading, 2414.
Third reading and final passage, 2783.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.

In Senate (No. 1025)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.
Reported without amendment, 2687.
First reading, 2710.
Second reading, 2916.
Third reading and final passage, 3087.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

THADDEUS STEVENS INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL of Pennsylvania, to amend act relating to erection of

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Homsher, 107.
Referred to Committee on Education, 107.

THEATRES, bill to regulate betterment of protection to human life in all (see buildings).

THEATRES, bill to regulate printing and sale of tickets for (see tickets).

THEATRICAL OR OPERATIC COMPANIES, bill to regulate licensing of traveling (see licensing).

THEATRICAL PERFORMANCES and exhibitions of pictures and other exhibitions for amusement of public, bill to regulate licensing of all dramatic and (see amusement).

THEATRICAL PERFORMANCES are held in cities of second class, bill to amend act relating to licensing of buildings or places in which (see cities).

THEATRICAL PERFORMANCES, bill relating to admission of minors under age of fourteen years to (see minors).

THOMSON, OSCAR E., Senator from Nineteenth District, (Chester County),

Amendments offered by, to

Senate Bill No. 5, providing for condemnation and acquisition at cost of Commonwealth of toll roads, 670.
Senate Bill No. 6, supplement to act relating to Valley Forge Park, 456.
Senate Bill No. 124, making appropriation to Trustees of Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic at Spring City, 2528.
Senate Bill No. 275, providing for appointment of mercantile appraisers by Auditor General, in certain counties, 792.

Appointments of, on

Conference committee, 611, 2535, 3281, 3283, 3308, 3436.
Memorial committees, 408.
Special Committee, 5, 67.
Standing committees, 79, 80.

Bills introduced by

Authorizing Commissioners of Valley Forge Park to accept and administer trust funds, 89.
Establishing a Board for Assessment and Revision of Taxes in certain counties, 290.
Establishing a State Highway Board and defining powers and duties thereof, 89.
Joint resolution proposing amendment to section four article nine of Constitution of Pennsylvania, 490.
Making appropriation for purpose of marking site of Battle of Brandywine, 89.
Making appropriation of 1909 to State Normal Schools available for permanent improvements thereto, 996.
Making appropriation to Chester County Hospital, West Chester, Chester County, 118.
Making appropriation to Coatesville Hospital, Coatesville, Chester County, 118.
Making appropriation to Commissioners of Valley Forge Park, 118.
Making appropriation to Pennsylvania Epileptic Hospital and Colony Farm, 118.
Making appropriation to Phoenixville Hospital, 89.
Making appropriation to Trustees of Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic at Spring City, 222.
Making appropriation to Trustees of Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic, at Spring City, 607.
Providing for condemnation and acquisition of toll roads 89.
Providing for erection of Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic at Spring City, 89.
Relating to creation of speedy method for collection of taxes on real estate by requiring furnishing upon application of bills for such taxes, 941.
Relative to foreign corporations holding real estate subject to laws of this State in relation to taxation, 222.
Supplementing act relating to erection of Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic by abolishing commission, 607.
Supplement to act relating to Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for the Feeble-Minded and Epileptic authorizing board of trustees to enter into agreements respecting highways, railways and other means of travel within lands of said institution, 1900.
To amend act providing uniform method of electing certain party officers by providing what voters shall participate in primaries. 1419.
To amend act relating to right of eminent domain being exercised by water companies, 490.
To amend act relating to water companies as regards approval of agreements of merger and consolidation 490.
To amend act relating to water power companies by permitting such companies to build transmission lines, 490.
To provide for certain improvements to "Paoli Parade Ground," 607.

Bills reported by

No. 5
Providing for condemnation and acquisition at the cost of the commonwealth of toll roads, 117.

No. 6 (House Bill No. 68)
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No. 16
Authorizing County Commissioners to erect and maintain dykes on certain streams, 149.

No. 99 (House Bill No. 286)
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No. 103 (House Bill No. 776.
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No. 124 (House Bill No. 1354)
Making appropriation to Trustees of Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic at Spring City, 2266.

No. 140
Providing for election of township supervisors in townships of second class, 344.

No. 141 (House Bill No. 554)
Relating to public roads and highways in the several counties, 344.

No. 186
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No. 216 (House Bill No. 625)
Amending act relating to roads, highways and bridges as regards of certain county bridges, 937.

No. 223 (House Bill No. 626)
Relating to closing toll bridges whose travel has been diverted, 540.

No. 323 (House Bill No. 1326)
Making appropriation to Trustees of Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic at Spring City, 2266.

No. 424 (House Bill No. 220)
Regulating obtaining of release of statements from persons injured in certain employments, 2155.

No. 425 (House Bill No. 1240)
Making appropriation of 1909 to State Normal Schools available for permanent improvements thereto, 1099.

No. 468 (House Bill No. 120)
Authorizing Commonwealth to build bridges over certain rivers in counties whose indebtedness increased by cost of such proposed bridges would exceed constitutional limitation, 1253.

No. 524 (House Bill No. 884)
Authorizing county commissioners to erect bridge for pedestrians only in lieu of wagon bridge, 1435.

No. 525
Regulating size of tires of vehicles, 1435.

No. 630 (House Bill No. 428)
Amending act relating to motor vehicles by permitting hospital motor ambulances and motor fire engines and fire apparatus to be furnished free of charge with registration certificates and number tags, 1854.

No. 746 (House Bill No. 1351)
Making appropriation to Erie Home of the Friendless, 2266.

No. 747
Making appropriation to Hamot Hospital Association of City of Erie, 2266.

No. 800 (House Bill No. 265)
Relating to roads and providing for election and appointment of township supervisors in second class townships, 2541.

No. 820 (House Bill No. 520)
Regulating construction and repair of highways over culverts or drains, 2603.

No. 829 (House Bill No. 603)
Further amending 18th section of act providing for establishment of State Highway Department and relating to maintenance and repair of roads, 2665.

No. 1186 (House Bill No. 746)
To promote safety of foot passengers on highways and general convenience of public by requiring street railway companies operating double track line within any village having one track on each side of road to remove tracks to middle of road, 3119.

No. 1187 (House Bill No. 787)
Amending act relative to obstructing of crossing of public roads by locomotives and cars by providing further that any member of train crew shall be subject to said penalty, 3119.

lotions by, for

Senate Bill No. 276, establishing in certain counties Board for Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and County purposes, to go over in its order, 834, 908.

Senate Bill No. 435, defining administration of State hospitals of which trustees are authorized to appoint a superintendent who shall be a physician, 1210.

THOMSON, OSCAR E.—Continued.

Motions by, to

Have Conference Committee appointed on Senate Bill No. 6, supplement to act relating to Valley Forge Park, 611.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 5, providing for condemnation and acquisition of toll roads, 133, 169, 760.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 7, relating to establishment of State Highway Board, 133.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 103, providing for establishment of State Highway Department, 275, 1233, 1278.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 104, providing for State aid in maintenance of certain roads, 276.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 139, amending act relating to osteopathy, 386.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 140, providing for election of supervisors in townships of second class, 387.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 141, relating to public roads or highways, 387.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 143, extending police power of cities, boroughs and townships respecting billboards and signs, 387.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 144, relating to taxes for advertising displayed on real estate, 388.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 276, establishing in certain counties a Board for Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and County purposes, 792.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 738, providing for election and term of office of borough treasurer, secretary and supervisor in certain boroughs, 2456.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 800, relating to roads and providing for election and appointment of township supervisors in second class townships, 2700.

Reconsider vote on Senate Bill No. 6, supplement to act relating to Valley Forge Park, 456.

Resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 773, fixing compensation and allowances for members of General Assembly, 3290.

Resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 780, authorizing councils of incorporated boroughs to require sprinkling of streets, 2891.

Resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 786, authorizing school board of Township of Wysox, Bradford County, to convert taxes specifically collected for contemplated new school building which has been abandoned, 2891.

Petition presented by, from

Uwchlan Grange, protesting against passage of hunters' license bill, 239.

Remarks by, on

Senate Bill No. 287, supplement to act for erection of Eastern Pennsylvania State Institution for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic providing for completion of said institution, 794.

Report by, of

Committee to notify House that Senate is organized, 7.

Commission on abolishing toll roads, 41.

Conference Committee, 703.

Resolution offered by, in reference to

Appointing committee of three to notify house, 5.

Resolutions, concurrent, offered by, in reference to

Printing additional copies of report of State Highway Commissioner for 1911 and 1912, 1279.

Printing report of Toll Road Commission, 268.

Recalling Senate Bill No. 6, supplement to act relating to Valley Forge Park, from Governor for amendment, 386.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 71.

THREADS AND TAPES IN BALLS, skeins, spools, tubes or cones, bill to regulate sale of yarns, (see sale).

THREATENING COMMUNICATIONS with view of extorting money or other valuable thing, bill to punish any person for sending or uttering (see communications).

TICKET OF ADMISSION, to prohibit sale or offering for sale on any public highway or in front of any place of amusement, recreation, entertainment or instruction of any

House Bill No. 751
Read in place in House by Mr. Shern, 567.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 567.
Reported without amendment, 1695.
First reading, 1829.
Second reading, 2124.
Special order for consideration, 2254.
Third reading and final passage, 2310.

In Senate
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2472.

TICKETS AND OTHER SIMILAR DEVICES, bill to regulate manner of redemption of trading stamps, coupons, (see trading stamps).

TICKETS FOR PLACES OF AMUSEMENT, to regulate printing and sale of

House Bill No. 445
Read in place in House by Mr. Abbott, 302.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 302.
Reported without amendment, 1016.
First reading, 1090.
Second reading, 1375.
Third reading and final passage, 1682.

In Senate
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1667.

TIMBER TREES, bill to encourage planting and maintaining of sprout, forest and (see trees).

TIME during which a public utility company shall enjoy the benefit of a franchise, bill to limit (see utility).

TIME during which certain game fish may be taken, bill to amend act relating to fish so as to change the (see fish).

TIME FOR ELECTION OF SUCCESSORS of certain judges, bill to fix (see judges).

TIME FOR HOLDING UNIFORM PRIMARY ELECTIONS in years in which municipal elections occur, bill to fix (see elections).

TIME FOR MID-DAY MEAL, bill to require employers to grant to each employe a certain (see meal).

TIME FOR REGISTRATION of persons assuming title of Veterinary Surgeon, bill toamend act relating to practice of Veterinary Medicine and Surgery by extending the (see Veterinary).

TIME LIMIT AND PROPER LABELLING of cold storage foods, bill to regulate (see cold storage).

TIME WHEN COLLECTORS OF TAXES shall make return of seated lands for non-payment of taxes, bill to fix (see collectors).

TIME WITHIN WHICH ACTIONS MAY BE BROUGHT against banks or trust companies for recovery of amount represented by any certificates of deposit issued by them, bill to limit (see certificates).

TIME WITHIN WHICH WATER AND WATER POWER COMPANIES shall begin and complete their works, bill to require approval of Water Supply Commission to extension of (see water).

TIPSTAVES, bill to establish municipal court in county of Philadelphia and to provide for appointment of clerks and (see court).

TIPSTAVES IN CERTAIN COUNTIES, payable by the county, bill to regulate the compensation of (see compensation).

TIPSTAVES IN CERTAIN JUDICIAL DISTRICTS, bills relating to fees of court criers and (see fees).

TIPSTAVES IN COURTS of counties having population of not less than 500,000 by changing limit of population, to amend act increasing salaries of

House Bill No. 539
Read in place in House by Mr. Shern, 717.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 717.
Reported without amendment, 1212.
First reading, 1242.
Second reading, 1511.
Third reading and postponed for present, 1923.
Resumed on third reading and passed finally, 1954.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2842.
Signed by Speaker, 2942.

TIPSTAVES IN COURTS—Continued.

Remarks on, by
Shern, 1954.

In Senate (No. 715)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1964.
Reported without amendment, 2216.
First reading, 2287.
Second reading, 2466.
Third reading and postponed for present, 2544.
Resumed and passed finally, 2607.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2903.

Remarks on, by
McIlhenny, 2544, 2607.
Salus, 2607.
Tustin, 2607.

TIRES OF VEHICLES, to regulate the size of

Senate Bill No. 525
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McConnell, 1419.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads ond Highways, 1419.
Reported with amendment, 1435.
First reading, 1606.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee, 1650.

TITLE INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANIES, bill to repeal act to provide revenue by levying a tax upon shares of stock of certain companies commonly known as (see tax).

TITLE OF REAL ESTATE and relating to real estate formerly held by corporations not authorized to hold real estate in Pennsylvania, to quiet the

House Bill No. 15
Read in place in House by Mr. Wallace, 97.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 97.
Reported without amendment, 115.
First reading, 125.
Second reading, 143.
Third reading and final passage, 147.
Returned by Senate without amendment, 266.
Signed by Speaker, 278.
Approved by Governor, 585.

Remarks on, by
Dershem, 147.
Wallace, 147.

In Senate (No. 22)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 152.
Reported without amendment, 165.
First reading, 186.
Second reading, 227.
Third reading and final passage, 246.
Signed by Speaker, 344.

TITLE OF REAL ESTATE and to enable citizens and corporations to hold and convey real estate formerly held by corporations not authorized to hold same, to quiet

Senate Bill No. 619
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Hall,, 1436.
Referred to Committee on Corporations 1436.
Reported without amendment, 1722.
First reading, 1823.
Second reading, 1916.
Third reading and final passage, 2004.
Returned from House without amendment, 3305.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3404.

In House (No. 1256)
Referred to Committee on Corporations, 2025.
Reported without amendment, 2323.
First reading, 2384.
Second reading, 2514.
Third reading and final passage, 3367.
Signed by Speaker, 3591.

TITLE TO ALL ESTATES may be vested in United States when no agreement can be made with owners of same for the purchase thereof, by fixing number of viewers at three, toamend act providing a mode by which the

Senate Bill No. 227
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 403.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 403.
Reported without amendment, 540.
First reading, 634.

TLE TO ALL ESTATES—Continued.
Second reading, 674.
Third reading and final passage, 705.
Returned from House without amendment, 3112.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3275.
In House (No. 769)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 748.
Reported without amendment, 1696.
First reading, 1830.
Second reading, 2128.
Third reading and final passage, 3225.
Signed by Speaker, 3495.

TLE TO CERTAIN REAL ESTATE, bills to enable corporations to convey and make (see corporations).

TLE TO REAL ESTATE, to amend act relating to lunatics and habitual drunkards in regard to
House Bill No. 188
Read in place in House by Mr. Wallace, 97.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 97.
Reported without amendment, 436.
First reading, 586.
Second reading and amended, 597.
Third reading and final passage, 647.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2312.
Signed by Speaker, 2587.
In Senate (No. 631)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 663.
Reported without amendment, 1854.
First reading, 2012.
Second reading, 2176.
Third reading and final passage, 2206.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2522.

ITLE TO SAID REAL ESTATE free of any obligation to see to application of purchase money, bill to provide that persons buying real estate from executors or trustees shall take (see real estate).

'ITLE where municipalities have power of acquiring property by condemnation proceedings, bill to regulate (see property).

'ITLES TO LANDS acquired by will or descent and regulating same, to require the registration of
Senate Bill No. 108
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Clark, 89.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 89.
Reported without amendment, 267.
First reading, 297.
Second reading and amended, 349.
Third reading and final passage, 376.
Returned from House without amendment, 837.
Signed by President, 956.
Vetoed by Governor and concurrence in veto postponed for present, 1226.
Remarks on, by
McIlhenny, 377.
Herbst, 377.
Clark, 377.
In House (No. 230)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 399.
Reported without amendment, 589.
First reading, 639.
Second reading, 743.
Third reading and final passage, 823.
Signed by Speaker, 1045.

TITUSVILLE HOSPITAL, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1171
Read in place in House by Mr. C. Victor Johnson, 124.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 124.
Reported with amendment, 2243.
First reading, 2340.
Second reading, 2424.
Third reading and final passage, 2806.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3527.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3527.
Signed by Speaker, 3585.
In Senate (No. 1090)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2662.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2713.

TITUSVILLE HOSPITAL—Continued.
Second reading, 2920.
Third reading and final passage, 3099.
Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 3286.
Final passage, 3384.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3456.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3537.

TODD HOSPITAL AT CARLISLE, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1044
Read in place in House by Mr. Steese, 324.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 324.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2334.
Second reading, 2407.
Third reading and final passage, 2765.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.
In Senate (No. 973)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2707.
Second reading, 2912.
Third reading and final passage, 3077.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

TODD, SAMUEL C., Executive Controller,
Nominated, 71.
Confirmed, 71.

TOILET FACILITIES, bill to require street railway companies to equip their passenger cars with (see railway).

TOILET ROOM AND WATER CLOSET, bill to require foundries to be provided with (see foundries).

TOLL BRIDGES ACROSS DELAWARE RIVER, petitions presented for abolishment of (see petitions).

TOLL BRIDGES, bills relating to (see bridges).

TOLL ROAD COMMISSION, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Thomson, authorizing printing of report of, 268.
Returned by House, 299.
Concurred in by House, 311.
Approved by Governor, 456.

TOLL ROADS, bill making appropriation for condemnation and acquisition of (see roads).

TOLL ROADS, report of Commission on advisability of abolishing
Presented to Senate, 41.
Read in Senate, 41.
Presented to House, 54.
In Appendix, 3698.

TOLL TAX as qualification to vote, concurrent resolution (Senate) by McIlhenny, proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania to eliminate payment of, 700.
Resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 700.

TOLLS, bill to provide for the maintenance, repair and regulations for the use of all turnpikes that have been freed from (see highways).

TOMB and remove clandestinely any body or remains, bill making it a felony to open any (see body).

TON so as to make it a misdemeanor to sell anthracite coal by short weight, bill to amend act regulating what weight of anthracite coal shall make a (see coal).

TOPOGRAPHIC AND GEOLOGICAL SURVEY COMMISSION, making appropriation to carry out provisions of act establishing a
House Bill No. 1108
Read in place in House by Mr. Graybill, 210.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 210.
Reported without amendment, 2241.
First reading, 2337.
Second reading, 2416.
Third reading and final passage, 2785.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.

TOPOGRAPHIC AND GEOLOGICAL SURVEY COMMISSION —Continued.

In Senate (No. 1032)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.
Reported without amendment, 2688.
First reading, 2710.
Second reading, 2932.
Third reading and final passage, 3088.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

TOTH IN COMPENSATION FOR HIS DETENTION in Western Penitentiary through miscarriage of justice, appropriating sum of $10,000 to Andrew

Read in place in House by Mr. Stein, 885.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 885.

TOWNS IN TOWNSHIPS OF SECOND CLASS, bill to authorize road supervisors to aid in construction of sidewalks through (see sidewalks).

TOWNSEND, HARRISON, Representative from Twenty-First District, (Philadelphia County),

Acting Speaker, 3649.

Address by, on

Presentation of testimonials to Speaker and clerks of House of Representatives at close of session, 3649.

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 66, amending act permitting companies incorporated under laws of any other State for manufacturing purposes to hold real estate in this State by extending same to companies doing general horticultural business, 1292.

House Bill No. 388, regulating use of firecrackers, fireworks and blank cartridges, 1361.

House Bill No. 389, regulating sale and manufacture of certain fire crackers, fire works and explosive materials, 1361, 1625.

House Bill No. 394, amending act for creation of division of State Library for preservation of public records by permitting various State Departments to deposit with Division all papers not needed, 1475.

House Bill No. 801, providing for incorporation of casualty insurance companies and for registration of home and foreign causalty insurance companies, 2228.

Appointments of, on

Special committee, 72.
Standing committees, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Amending an act amending an act relating to collateral inheritance tax so as to exempt institutions of purely public charity 95.

Making appropriation for maintenance of State Aid Highways, 189.

Making appropriation to American Oncologic Hospital of Philadelphia, 717.

Making appropriation to Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial Commission 436.

Making appropriation to Home of Industry for Discharged Prisoners, of City of Philadelphia, 717.

Making appropriation to Pennsylvania Society to Protect Children from Cruelty, 95.

Making appropriation to Philadelphia Museums, 392.

Making appropriation to The Philadelphia Home for Incurables, 190.

Providing for better security of life and property from dangers of coal and petroleum oils, 303.

Providing for election of additional clerks and assistant sergeant-at-arms of House of Representatives, 142.

Regulating correct weighing by railroad companies of all merchandise that is sold by weight and shipped in carload lots, 189.

Relating to receipts or certificates issued by owners of distillery warehouses, special bonded warehouses and bonded warehouses, 360.

To amend act relating to division in State Library for preservation of public records, 527.

To amend amended act relating to companies incorporated under laws of any other State so as to include horticultural and garden implement companies doing general horticultural business, 121.

To create a Bureau of Professional Education as a subdepartment of Department of Public Instruction, 567.

To regulate use of firecrackers, fireworks and blank cartridges, 360.

To restrain and regulate use of certain firecrackers, fireworks and certain explosive materials, 360.

TOWNSEND, HARRISON—Continued.

Bills reported by

No. 355 (Senate Bill No. 213)
Abolishing offices of superintendent and assistant superintendent of Bureau of Railways in Department of Internal Affairs and creating offices of chief and assistant chief in said Bureau, 809.

No. 356 (Senate Bill No. 549)
Defining offence of train wrecking or attempted train wrecking, 809.

No. 559 (Senate Bill No. 697)
Amending act relating to removal of waste or packing from any journal box so as to include brasses or the air appliances, 1213.

No. 619
Imposing on all steam railroads a duty to operate safety devices at grade crossings, 1780.

No. 642 (Senate Bill No. 145)
Amending act relating to licensing of buildings and other places in which theatrical, operatic or circus performances are held by providing for certain annual license fee in cities of second class, 1357.

No. 901
Declaring liability of railroad companies for loss or damage by fire, 2054.

No. 1368 (Senate Bill No. 346)
Declaring liability of railroad companies for loss or damage by fire, 3238, 3239.

Election of, 44.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 1948, 3487.

Drop from calendar House Bill No. 271, amending act creating division of State Library for preservation of public records by permitting various State Departments to deposit with Division all papers not needed, 1628.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 401, providing for examination, licensure and registration of those engaged in plumbing or house drainage in cities of first class, 1366.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 619, imposing on all steam railroads duty to operate safety devices at all grade crossings with public highways, 1470.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 66, amending act permitting companies incorporated under laws of any other State for manufacturing purposes to hold real estate in this State by extending same to companies doing general horticultural business, 1292.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Philadelphia for reading of Bible in public schools, 845.

Remarks by, on

Concurrent resolution relative to draping Barnard Statuary, 371.

House Bill No. 61, providing for additional clerks and assistant sergeant at arms of House, 262.

House Bill No. 116, amending act relating to collateral inheritance tax so as to exempt institutions of purely public charity from payment of said taxes, 447.

House Bill No. 1368, declaring liability of railroad companies for loss or damage by fire, 3500.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by

Recalling House Bill No. 66, amending act permitting certain companies incorporated under laws of any other State to hold real estate in this State necessary for manufacturing purposes so as to extend same to companies doing general horticultural business, from Governor for amendment, 1199.

Resolution offered by, in reference to

Appointment of committee to conduct officers and members of Senate to inauguration ceremonies, 72.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

TOWNSEND, SAMUEL D., Trustee of State Hospital for Insane, at Danville, nominated, 24.

Reported, 3118.
Confirmed, 3122.

TOWNSHIP AUDITORS, bill to repeal act relating to compensation of county commissioners, auditors and (see compensation).

TOWNSHIP AUTHORITIES to improve and maintain certain private roads and lands, to require

Read in place in House by Mr. Kelsey, 2023.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 2023.

TOWNSHIP, bill to provide for forfeit of the right or commission of a public service corporation which fails or neglects to properly perform any of its corporate functions or duties in any (see public service).

TOWNSHIP, bill to repeal act providing for repair and maintenance of appropriated, condemned or abandoned turnpikes by the proper (see turnpikes).

TOWNSHIP COMMISSIONERS and township supervisors in the different counties, bill to provide for association of (see association).

TOWNSHIP FUNDS, bill to authorize road supervisors to subscribe for not more than three publications regarding good roads to be paid for out of (see road supervisors).

TOWNSHIP MAY BY A MAJORITY VOTE of electors thereof adopt a system of payment of road tax by work on public roads, to amend act relating to road supervisors in townships of second class by providing that any

Read in place in House by Mr. William H. H. Davis, 689.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 689.

TOWNSHIP OF FIRST CLASS and annexation of any part of such township to any city, borough or other township, to regulate the incorporation of a borough out of any

House Bill No. 201

Read in place in House by Mr. Robinson, 315.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 315.

Reported without amendment, 565.

First reading, 603.

Second reading, 1481.

Third reading and final passage, 1771.

Remarks on, by

Shaffer, 1771.

Baldwin, R. J., 1771.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on New Counties and County Seats, 1801.

TOWNSHIP OF FIRST CLASS being annexed to city, borough or other township, to make provisions relative to a borough being incorporated out of township of the first class and part or parts of

Read in place in House by Mr. Robinson, 140.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 140.

TOWNSHIP OF FIRST CLASS, bill to provide for payment of costs by such township in connection with charge of violation of ordinance of a (see costs).

TOWNSHIP OF FIRST CLASS, to provide that hereafter no borough shall be incorporated out of any

Read in place in House by Mr. Good, 591.

Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 591.

TOWNSHIP ROAD COMMISSIONERS laying out, opening and vacating streets by providing for trial of questions of fact by a jury in certain cases, bill to amend act relating to proceedings of (see questions of fact).

TOWNSHIP SUPERINTENDENT OF HIGHWAYS, bill relative to roads, providing for Deputy State Highway Commissioner and for county or district superintendent of highways and for (see highway).

TOWNSHIP SUPERVISORS to keep in repair certain neglected graveyards, bill to make it the duty of (see graveyards).

TOWNSHIP TAXES and tax collectors, bills relating to (see tax, taxes and taxables).

TOWNSHIP TO APPEAL to Court of Common Pleas from judgment of any justice of the peace or alderman against same, bill to empower any taxpayer of a (see appeal).

TOWNSHIPS and providing for reports by them of violations of the law, bill to regulate returns of constables in boroughs and (see constables).

TOWNSHIPS, bill relating to settlement and audit of accounts of all officers of (see accounts).

TOWNSHIPS, bill to amend act authorizing municipalities to unite in construction of a sewage system by including (see sewage system).

TOWNSHIPS, bill to regulate use of moving picture machines and of booths therefor in cities of third class, in boroughs and in (see moving picture).

TOWNSHIPS, bill to require bonds to be approved by Court of Quarter Sessions and filed, recorded and kept by clerk of said Court which are given by officers of (see bonds).

TOWNSHIPS, bills relating to assessors in (see assessors).

TOWNSHIPS BY PROVIDING FOR ADVERTISEMENT by county commissioners of population, a further supplement to act relating to classification of

Senate Bill No. 579

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 713.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 713.

Reported without amendment, 1633.

First reading, 1745.

Second reading, 1818.

Third reading and final passage, 1903.

Returned from House without amendment, 3305.

Signed by President pro tempore, 3404.

In House (No. 1254)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1958.

Reported without amendment, 2308.

First reading, 2384.

Second reading, 2514.

Third reading and final passage, 3366.

Signed by Speaker, 3591.

TOWNSHIPS BY PROVIDING PROPER EXITS, fire escapes, fire extinguishers and other preventives of fire, bill to provide for safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings in (see buildings).

TOWNSHIPS EXTENDING SAME TO BRIDGES over railroads and canals, further supplement to act relating to bridges being built by County Commissioners in lieu of (see bridges).

TOWNSHIPS in constructing or acquiring and maintaining sewage disposal plants, or works for water or light, bill to authorize boroughs to unite with (see boroughs).

TOWNSHIPS OF COMPENSATION TO FIREMEN for injuries sustained in protecting property from fire, bill to authorize the payment by (see firemen).

TOWNSHIPS OF FIRST AND SECOND CLASS, bill relating to sidewalks in (see sidewalks).

TOWNSHIPS OF FIRST CLASS and filling of vacancies in office of Township Treasurer and Township Commissioner, to provide for the election of Commissioners of

Read in place in House by Mr. V. Gilpin Robinson, 103.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 103.

TOWNSHIPS OF FIRST CLASS and filling of vacancies in office of township treasurer, to provide for elections of commissioners of

Read in place in House by Mr. Good, 591.

Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 591.

TOWNSHIPS OF FIRST CLASS in order to facilitate assessment of taxes, to repeal act to provide for registration of conveyances of real estate in

Senate Bill No. 612

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Powell (by request), 1418.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1418.

Reported without amendment, 1707.

First reading and recommitted to Committee, 1823.

TOWNSHIPS OF FIRST CLASS IN REGARD TO FIRE HYDRANTS and hose, to confer authority on commissioners of

House Bill No. 414

Read in place in House by Mr. Edward E. Jones, 252.

Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 252.

Reported with amendment, 970.

First reading, 1089.

Second reading, 1367.

Third reading and final passage, 1626.

Concurred in Senate amndments, 2946.

Concurred in Senate amendments, 2946.

Signed by Speaker, 3182.

In Senate (No. 772)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1607.

Reported with amendment, 2524.

First reading, 2552.

Second reading, 2694.

Third reading and final passage, 2897.

Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3046.

Signed by President pro tempore, 3114.

TOWNSHIPS OF FIRST CLASS OF ADDITIONAL CONSTABLE, to authorize the election in

House Bill No. 788

Read in place in House by Mr. Fitzgerald, 208.
Referred to Committee on Elections, 208.
Reported without amendment, 1758.
First reading, 1831.
Second reading, 2133.
Third reading and final passage, 3032.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3528.
Signed by Speaker, 3586.

In Senate (No. 1172)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 3046.
Reported without amendment, 3118.
First reading, 3175.
Second reading, 3291.
Third reading and final passage, 3412.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3537.

TOWNSHIPS OF FIRST CLASS, supplement to act providing for classification of townships providing for certain duties of Secretary of Board of Commissioners and invalidating contracts or orders not provided for in

House Bill No. 23

Read in place in House by Mr. Shadrach, 110.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 110.
Reported without amendment, 139.
First reading, 148.
Second reading, 160.
Third reading and amended, 174.
Final passage, 195.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2311.
Signed by Speaker, 2587.

In Senate (No. 668)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 228.
Reported without amendment, 1964.
First reading, 2182.
Second reading, 2213.
Third reading and final passage, 2272.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2523.

TOWNSHIPS OF FIRST CLASS, relating to location, construction and maintenance of viaducts and bridges in

House Bill No. 673

Read in place in House by Mr. Young, 1214.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1214.
Reported without amendment, 1469.
First reading, 1501.
Second reading, 2097.
Third reading and final passage, 2564.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3355.
Signed by Speaker, 3480.

In Senate (No. 828)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2537.
Reported without amendment, 2665.
First reading, 2927.
Second reading, 3156.
Third reading and final passage, 3270.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3402.

TOWNSHIPS OF FIRST CLASS, to amend act authorizing boroughs and incorporated towns to appropriate private property for public purposes so as to extend same to

House Bill No. 253

Read in place in House by Mr. Cleary, 189.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 189.
Reported without amendment, 687.
First reading, 749.
Second reading, 856.
Third reading and amended, 1156.
Final passage, 1246.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1759.
Signed by Speaker, 1851.
Approved by Governor, 2190.

In Senate (No. 538)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1235.
Reported without amendment, 1455.
First reading, 1607.
Second reading, 1653.
Third reading and final passage, 1724.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1824.

TOWNSHIPS OF FIRST CLASS, to amend act relating to boroughs and incorporated towns appropriating private property for necessary public purposes so as to extend same to

Senate Bill No. 168

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Catlin, 167.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 167.
Reported without amendment, 401.
First reading, 469.
Second reading, 504.
Third reading and final passage, 552.

In House (No. 660)

Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 585.
Reported without amendment, 1457.
First reading, 1500.
Second reading, 2089.
Dropped from calendar, 3024.

TOWNSHIPS OF FIRST CLASS to charge the cost of maintenance of public lamps in whole or in part against the properties abutting on the street or road whereon such lamps are established, to enable

Read in place in House by Mr. Miller, 125.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 125.

TOWNSHIPS OF FIRST CLASS to levy annual tax for fire apparatus and for lighting the streets, to authorize commissioners of

Read in place in House by Mr. Leh, 473.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 473.

TOWNSHIPS OF FIRST CLASS to pave and otherwise improve public streets and to provide for assessment of a portion of costs of same on owners of property abutting thereof, to empower commissioners of

House Bill No. 274

Read in place in House by Mr. Young, 591.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 591.
Reported without amendment, 714.
First reading, 750.
Second reading and amended, 871.
Third reading and postponed for present 1185.
Resumed on third reading and passed finally, 1290.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1934.
Signed by Speaker,
Approved by Governor, 2558.

Remarks on, by

Baldwin, Richard J., 1185.
Young, 1185.

In Senate (No. 559)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1262.
Reported without amendment, 1631.
First reading, 1743.
Second reading, 1815.
Third reading and final passage, 1896.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1917.

TOWNSHIPS OF FIRST CLASS, to provide for collection of costs of grading, paving and curbing, and laying sidewalks upon any street, lane or alley in

Senate Bill No. 169

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 373.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 374.
Reported without amendment, 401.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 469.
Re-reported without amendment, 788.
Second reading, 838.
Third reading and final passage, 908.
Returned from House without amendment, 3112.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3275.

In House (No. 736)

Referred to Committee on, 971.
Reported without amendment from Committee on Judiciary General, 1610.
First reading, 1828.
Second reading, 2119.
Third reading and final passage, 3219.
Signed by Speaker, 3495.

TOWNSHIPS OF FIRST CLASS, to provide for election of commissioners and filling of vacancies in office of treasurer and commissioner in

House Bill No. 204

Read in place in House by Mr. Robinson, 315.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 315.
Reported without amendment, 566.

OWNSHIPS OF FIRST CLASS—Continued.
First reading, 604.
Second reading, 737.
Third reading and final passage, 813.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2311.
Signed by Speaker, 2587.
In Senate (No. 655)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 808.
Reported without amendment, 1963.
First reading, 2181.
Second reading, 2211.
Third reading and final passage, 2269.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2522.

'OWNSHIPS OF FIRST CLASS, bill to provide for registration of conveyances of real estate in counties with population not exceeding 400,000, excepting (see counties).

'OWNSHIPS OF FIRST CLASS, to regulate the paving of sidewalks and setting curbstones in
House Bill No. 289
Read in place in House by Mr. Fitzgerald, 567.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 567.
Reported without amendment, 715.
First reading, 751.
Second reading and postponed for present, 873.
Vote on postponement reconsidered and bill passed on second reading, 875.
Third reading and final passage, 1200.
Remarks on, by
Baldwin, Richard J., 874.
In Senate (No. 736)
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 1206.
Reported without amendment, 2265.
Recommitted to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2456.

'OWNSHIPS OF SECOND CLASS, bill to provide for selection of clerk in (see clerk).

TOWNSHIPS OF SECOND CLASS by providing for graded compensation for collectors of road taxes, to amend act relating to road supervisors in
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Weingartner, 541.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 542.

TOWNSHIPS OF SECOND CLASS, to amend act relating to road supervisors in
House Bill No. 142
Read in place in House by Mr. Gilkeson, 303.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 303.
Reported without amendment, 390.
First reading, 432.
Second reading and postponed for present, 441
Recommitted to Committee, 731.

TOWNSHIPS OF SECOND CLASS, to enlarge, by requiring upon petition cemeteries to be maintained, powers of overseers of poor in
House Bill No. 140
Read in place in House by Mr. Wallace, 96.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 96.
Reported with amendment, 323.
First reading, 432.
Second reading, 440.
Third reading and amended, 581.
Passed on calendar on account of delay in printing, 599.
Final passage, 640.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2312.
Signed by Speaker, 2587.
In Senate (No. 638)
Referred to Committee on,
Reported without amendment from Committee on Judiciary General, 1854.
First reading, 2012.
Second reading, 2178.
Third reading and final passage, 2207.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2523.

TOWNSHIPS OF SECOND CLASS, to provide for election and appointment of road supervisors in the several
House Bill No. 265
Read in place in House by Mr. Edward E. Jones, 416.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 416.
Reported without amendment, 714.

TOWNSHIPS OF SECOND CLASS—Continued.
First reading, 750.
Recommitted to Committee, 778.
Re-reported with amendment, 897.
Recommitted to Committee, 1049.
Re-reported,
Second reading and amended, 2187.
Third reading and final passage, 2291.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3527.
Non-concurred in Senate amendments, 3527.
Returned from Senate with adherence to its amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3580.
Conference committee appointed, 3580.
Conference committee report considered and adopted, 3602.
Returned from Senate with conference committee report adopted, 3613.
Signed by Speaker,
Remarks on, by
Ailman, 3604.
Woodward, 3604.
In Senate (No. 800)
Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 2266.
Reported with amendment, 2541.
First reading, 2554.
Second reading and recommitted to Committee on Appropriations, 2699.
Re-reported without amendment, 3120.
Recommitted to Committee on Appropriations, 3265.
Re-reported with amendment, 3304.
Over in its order, 3385.
Third reading and final passage, 3409.
Returned from House with Senate amendments non-concurred in, 3436.
Conference committee appointed, 3436.
Returned from House with adherence to its non-concurrence in Senate amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3456.
Returned from House with conference committee report adopted, 3533.
Conference committee report considered and adopted, 3533.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3536.
Remarks on, by
Herbst, 3265.
Kline, 3265.

TOWNSHIPS OF SECOND CLASS, to provide for election of supervisors in
Senate Bill No. 140
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 290.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 290.
Reported without amendment, 344.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 387.

TOWNSHIPS OF SECOND CLASS, to validate incurring of debt or increase of indebtedness of
House Bill No. 72
Read in place in House by Mr. Boyd, 172.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 172
Reported without amendment, 199.
First reading, 212.
Second reading, 237.
Third reading and final passage, 317.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3354.
Signed by Speaker, 3481.
Remarks on, by
Henry, 317.
Boyd, 317.
In Senate (No. 813)
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 343.
Reported without amendment, 2603.
First reading, 2926.
Second reading, 3155.
Third reading and final passage, 3267.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3393.

TOWNSHIPS OF SECOND CLASS which abolish work tax, making appropriation for payment of fifteen per centum bonus to
House Bill No. 31
Read in place in House by Mr. Edward E. Jones, 110.
Referred to Committee on Cities and Townships, 110.

TOWNSHIPS OF SECOND CLASS—Continued.
Reported without amendment, 130.
First reading, 148.
Second reading, 162.
Third reading and recommitted to Committee on Appropriations, 176.
Re-reported from Committee,
Third reading and recommitted to Committee, 642.
Re-reported from Committee,
Third reading and final passage, 692.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 971.
Signed by Speaker, 1045.
Concurrent resolution recalling bill from Governor, 1184.
Resolution returned by Senate concurred in,
Resolution approved by Governor, 1330.
Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 1330.
Resumed and passed finally, 1460.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 1473.
Signed by Speaker,
Approved by Governor, 1919.
Remarks on, by
Jones, Edward E., 176.
In Senate (No. 339)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 699.
Reported without amendment, 787.
First reading, 841.
Second reading, 915.
Third reading and final passage, 949.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1001.
Resolution recalling bill from Governor concurred in, 1174.
Returned from House with amendments, 1451.
Concurred in House amendments, 1451.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1550.

TOWNSHIPS OR LYING NEAR DIVIDING LINE, bill relating to double assessments of real estate partially in two or more municipalities or (see assessments).

TOWSHIPS that have complied with provisions of act providing for payment of percentage of road tax to townships that abolish work tax, making additional appropriation for amount due
Read in place in House by Mr. Jones, 1116.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1116.

TOWNSHIPS, to amend act regulating manner of increasing indebtedness of municipalities by extending its provisions to
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 776.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 776.

TOWNSHIPS, to provide for election and appointment of road supervisors in
Read in place in House by Mr. Schofield, 921.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 921.

TOWNSHIPS, to provide for improvement of public roads in
Read in place in House by Mr. Edward E. Jones, 301.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 301.

TOWNSHIPS, to provide for safety of employes and other persons by requiring the periodical inspection of steam boilers and their appurtenances in
Read in place in House by Mr. Dale, 122.
Referred to Committee on Manufacturies, 122.

TOWNSHIPS, to provide for safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings in
House Bill No. 146
Read in place in House by Mr. Ehrhardt, 122.
Referred to Committee on Public Health and Sanitation, 122.
Reported with amendment, 390.
First reading, 432.
Second reading and amended, 571.
Third reading and postponed for present, 600.
Remarks on, by
Rockwell, 572.
Ehrhardt, 572.

TOWNSHIPS whose supervisors have inadvertently failed to comply with law governing State aid in maintenance of highways, bill making appropriation to reimburse certain (see highways).

TRACK ON EACH SIDE OF PUBLIC ROAD or street to remove its tracks to middle of same, bill to promote safety of foot passengers by requiring street railway companies operating double track line within any village having one (see railway).

TRACKS AND OPERATE RAILWAY on certain streets without consent of municipal authorities of borough, bill making it lawful for certain incorporated street railway companies for purpose of relocating or straightening their lines to construct (see borough).

TRACTION ENGINES and relating to assessment of same, bill to tax (see tax).

TRACTION OR MOTOR POWER COMPANIES, bill amending and supplementing act relating to railroad Commission and repealing act in regard to (see railroad).

TRADE, bill to make it compulsory for employers to provide a way for apprentices to be taught in some of the technical branches of the (see apprentices).

TRADING STAMPS and other similar devices, relating to
Read in place in House by Mr. Wasson, 416.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 416.

TRADING STAMPS, coupons, tickets and other similar devices, to provide for manner of redemption of
Read in place in House by Mr. Gans, 567.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 567.

TRADING STAMPS given as premiums upon purchase of merchandise shall have printed thereon redemption value in cash, to require that all
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Nulty, 608.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 608.

TRADING STAMPS to any purchaser or customer, to suppress the offering of
Read in place in House by Mr. Bosher, 209.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 209.

TRAFFIC IN CITIES, bills relating to control of (see cities).

TRAFFIC IN LIQUORS, bill to regulate further the (see liquors).

TRAILERS OR FOLLOWING CAR or cars by employes in leading or motor car, bill to require that proper appliances be used for control of (see railway).

TRAIN CREW shall be subject to said penalty, bill to amend act relative to obstructing of crossings of public roads by locomotives and cars by providing further that any member of (see crossings).

TRAIN WRECKING or attempted train wrecking and to provide punishment therefor, bill to define offence of (see wrecking).

TRAINING OF TEACHERS for common schools of State by rearranging Normal School Districts and providing for new district, bill to amend act providing for (see Normal School).

TRAINING SCHOOL for young women, petitions presented favoring (see petitions).

TRAINS, bill to promote safety of travelers and employes by compelling common carriers by railroads to properly man their (see railroads).

TRAMWAYS AND OTHER DEVICES except steam locomotives, for moving products to be laid on private roads in certain cases relating to mining operations, bill to permit (see mining).

TRANSCRIPTS FOR AN APPEAL, bill to amend act relative to costs in suits before aldermen and justices of the peace regulating making and delivery of (see costs).

TRANSFER BY OTHER THAN A WAREHOUSEMAN of papers certifying that goods are stored in any warehouse or papers in similitude of warehouse receipts, bill to prevent issuing or (see warehouseman).

TRANSFER COMPANIES, bill to amend supplement to act to provide revenue by taxation by extending provisions of same to (see taxation).

TRANSFER CONTROL OF CERTAIN WATERS to Department of Fisheries for purpose of public fishing, bill to (see fishing).

TRANSFER OF ALL RECORDS pertaining to naturalization of aliens as citizens of United States to office of Prothonotary of Court of Common Pleas, bill to provide for (see naturalization).

TRANSFER OF LICENSES, bill to make licenses for sale of liquors personal property and providing for (see liquors).

TRANSFER OF SHARES OF STOCK in corporations, bill to make uniform the law of (see law).

TRANSFER TO COMMONWEALTH under certain conditions, bill to provide for examination of Nanticoke Hospital and providing for (see Nanticoke).

TRANSFER UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS of said hospital to Commonwealth, bill to provide for examination of Panther Creek Valley Hospital and for (see Panther Creek).

TRANSMISSION LINES and other structures, bill to amend act relating to water power companies by permitting such companies to build (see water).

TRANSMISSION OF MESSAGES over lines of two or more telephone companies, bill to regulate physical connection of telephone lines and (see telephone).

TRANSMISSION WITH THOSE OF ANY COMPANY in any adjoining State, supplement to act relating to certain corporations authorizing electric light, heat and power companies situate near State boundary line to connect their lines of (see electric light).

TRANSPORTATION AT EXPENSE OF SCHOOL DISTRICT of children who reside two miles or more from public schools, bill to provide for (see schools).

TRANSPORTATION OF ARTICLES BY RAILROAD CORPORATIONS or express companies or other common carriers, bill to regulate reasonable rates for the (see common carriers).

TRANSPORTATION OF PERSONS AND PROPERTY by providing that its provisions shall not apply to members of General Assembly or to State employes traveling on State business, to amend act relating to

House Bill No. 900

Read in place in House by Mr. Horace B. Dunn, 1400.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1400.
Reported without amendment, 2054.
First reading, 2197.
Second reading, 2382.

TRANSPORTING COMMODITIES, bill to regulate the possession and return of containers used in (see containers).

TRAPS, to regulate setting of

Read in place in House by Mr. Grove, 846.
Referred to Committee on Game, 846.

TRAVEL HAS BEEN DIVERTED to close the same to public travel, bill to authorize companies or corporations whose (see bridges).

TRAVEL WITHIN VALLEY FORGE PARK, supplement to act establishing Valley Forge Park authorizing the Commissioners to regulate the means of (see Valley Forge).

TRAVELERS AND EMPLOYES upon railroads by compelling railroads to properly man their trains, bill to promote the safety of (see railroads).

TRAVELING EXPENSES, bill to amend act relating to salaries and expenses of County Commissioners by specifying what shall be (see Commissioners).

TRAVELING THEATRICAL OR OPERATIC COMPANIES, bill to reguate licensing of (see licensing).

TREADS IN ALL TRACKS AND RAILS of passenger railway cars, bill to regulate the heighth of car and wagon wheel (see railway).

TREASURER IN ANY COUNTY with between 150,000 and 250,000 inhabitants a Board having the power to appoint depositories of county funds, bill to constitute the county commissioners, controller and (see county).

TREASURER IN BOROUGHS, bills to provide for election of (see boroughs).

TREASURER IN TOWNSHIPS OF FIRST CLASS, bill to provide for filling of vacancies in office of (see townships).

TREASURER OF CERTAIN POOR DISTRICTS, bill to provide for appointment by Court of Common Pleas of auditors to settle accounts of (see accounts).

TREASURER OF EACH SCHOOL DISTRICT to make report to Auditor General of amount of script, bonds or certificates of indebtedness outstanding in district, bill to amend act imposing additional taxes for State purposes and abolishing Revenue Board by requiring (see Revenue Board).

TREASURER ON MONEYS COLLECTED for the Commonwealth, bill to provide that commission shall not be paid twice to County (see county treasurers).

TREASURER THEREOF, bill to amend act establishing State Livestock Sanitary Board by providing for organization of said Board and fixing salaries of Secretary and (see State Livestock).

TREASURERS NOT PAID BY SALARY to retain one-half of one per centum of moneys received from liquor license fees, bill to permit county (see county treasurers).

TREASURERS OF MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES to give a bond of not less than five thousand dollars, bill to require the (see insurance).

TREASURER'S SALES OF LAND for taxes, relating to

House Bill No. 240

Read in place in House by Mr. Schofield, 252.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 252.
Reported without amendment, 590.
First reading, 639.
Second reading, 854.
Third reading and final passage, 1154.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1114.

TREASURER'S SALES OF LANDS for taxes, relating to

Senate Bill No. 167

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Knapp, 243.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 243.
Reported without amendment, 401.
First reading, 469.
Second reading, 504.
Recommitted to Committee, 552.
Re-reported without amendment, 788.
Third reading and amended, 833.
Final passage, 907.
Returned from House without amendment, 1964.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1965.
Approved by Governor, 2442.

In House (No. 585)

Referred to Committee on ——, 971.
Reported without amendment from Committee on Judiciary General, 1303.
First reading, 1411.
Second reading, 1528.
Third reading and final passage, 1953.
Signed by Speaker, 2050.

Remarks on, by

Stein, 1953.
Schofield, 1953.

TREASURIES OF SEVERAL BOROUGHS, bill to regulate manner in which money shall be paid out of (see boroughs).

TREATING IN SALOONS and other public places, to prevent

Read in place in House by Mr. Benson, 303.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 303.

TREATMENT AT EXPENSE OF PROPER COUNTY of residents thereof bitten by any animal suffering from rabies, bill to provide for (see county).

TREATMENT OF PERSONS IN PLACES OF DETENTION, relating to

Senate Bill No. 620

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Clark, 1419.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1419.
Reported without amendment, 1722.
First reading, 1823.
Second reading, 1916.
Third reading and final passage, 2005.

In House (No. 1244)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special 2025.
Reported with amendment, 2247.
First reading, 2384.
Second reading, 2513.
Dropped from calendar, 3360.

Remarks on, by

Conner, Wm., 3360.

TREATY BETWEEN UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA, joint resolution requesting United States Senators to support Congressional resolution requesting President of United States to abrogate (see Russia).

TREES and to provide limitation of taxation for those who aid in this object, to encourage planting and maintaining of sprout, forest and timber

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Snyder, 1100.
Referred to Committee on Finance, 1100.

TREES AND WOODLANDS, to protect

Senate Bill No. 604

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Martin, 1454.
Referred to Committee on Forestry, 1454.
Reported without amendment, 1706.
First reading, 1822.
Second reading, 1914.
Over in its order, 2003.
Third reading and final passage, 2173.
Returned from House without amendment, 3382.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3404.

In House (No. 1270)

Referred to Committeee on Forestry, 2221.
Reported without amendment, 2349.
First reading, 2515.
Second reading, 2561.
Third reading and final passage, 3470.
Signed by Speaker, 3591.

TREES, bill to provide for improvement of public roads in townships by the cutting of brush and (see townships).

TREES, COMMONLY CALLED CHESTNUT TREE BLIGHT, making appropriation to carry out provisions of act to eradicate disease affecting chestnut (see chestnut).

TREES GROWING ON OR ALONG ANY HIGHWAY, street or road, to provide for the protection of shade and fruit

House Bill No. 325

Read in place in House by Mr. North, 155.
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 155.
Reported without amendment, 734.
First reading, 781.
Second reading and amended, 890.
Third reading and final passage, 1286.
Returned from Senate with amendment, 3322.
Concurred in Senate amendment, 3322.
Signed by Speaker, 3480.

In Senate (No. 489)

Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 1255.
Reported with amendment, 1305.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 1430.
Re-reported with amendment, 2604.
First reading, 2701.
Second reading, 2887.
Third reading and final passage, 3140.
Returned from House with Senate amendment concurred in, 3283.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3394.

TREES OR SHRUBS ALONG ROADSIDES, to amend act to protect trees growing by roadsides by prohibiting the cutting or injuring of

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Endsley, 1068.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1068.

TREES THEREON, bill to encourage foresting and reforesting of lands by exempting certain lands from taxation and regulating the cutting of (see foresting).

TREES within a certain distance from line of any street or of any public sewer, bill to empower boroughs to prohibit the planting of or to provide for removal of certain objectional (see boroughs).

TRENTON FALLS, bill to amend act relating to propagation of fish and catching of fish in Delaware River below (see fish).

TRESPASS CLAIMS OR SUITS in any nature, to authorize the tender of payment of judgment for damages in all classes of

House Bill No. 318

Read in place in House by Mr. Mills, 135.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 135.
Reported without amendment, 734.
First reading, 781.
Second reading, 889.
Third reading and final passage, 1284.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1254.

TRESPASS UPON PRIVATE PROPERTY limiting the lands to which provisions of said act shall apply, to amend act making it unlawful to

House Bill No. 678

Read in place in House by Mr. Ehrhardt, 302.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 302.
Reported with amendment, 1469.
First reading, 1501.
Second reading, 2098.
Third reading and final passage, 2566.

Remarks on, by

Marvin, 2566.
Dunn, Horace B., 2566.
North, 2566.
Ehrhardt, 2566.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2619.

TRESPASSING ON RIGHT OF WAY of railroad and electric railway companies, to prohibit

Read in place in House by Mr. Martin, 96.
Referred to Committee on Railroads, 96.

TRESPASSING UPON RAILWAY TRAINS and consequent injuries to minors and other persons by requiring actions brought thereunder to be brought before magistrate of ward, borough or townships wherein offence occurs, bill to amend act for prevention of (see railway).

TREXLER, HARRY C., nominated as Colonel and Quartermaster General, Quartermaster's Department, 151.

Reported, 166.
Confirmed, 169.
Nominated as member of Commission to select a site and build a Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane, 2288.
Reported, 2601.
Confirmed, 2615.

TRIAL FOR PANDERING, bill to regulate competency of certain evidence at (see pandering).

TRIAL OF CASES BY JURY and limit the duties of trial judge in charging the jury, bill to regulate (see jury).

TRIAL OF ISSUES OF FACT arising on disputed accounts of executors, administrators, guardians or trustees, bill to regulate award and (see accounts).

TRIAL OF NEW CAPITOL BUILDING CASES, bill making appropriation to Dauphin County for extraordinary expenses incurred in (see Dauphin).

TRIAL OF QUESTIONS OF FACT by a jury in certain cases, bill to amend act relating to proceedings of township road commissioners laying, opening and vacating streets by providing for (see questions of fact).

TRIALS, bill to regulate cross examination of a defendant when testifying in his own behalf in criminal (see cross examination).

TRIALS DURING A CERTAIN TIME OF EACH YEAR, bill to require in certain judicial districts that the courts of common pleas be kept open for jury (see courts).

TRIALS IN CERTAIN CIVIL AND CRIMINAL CASES, to regulate the reversal or granting of new

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Powell, 1436.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1436.

TRIENNIAL ASSESSMENTS, bill to amend act relating to the date when the commissioners of the several counties shall issue their precepts to the assessors for the (see assessors).

TRILL MONEY PAID FOR NOTARY PUBLIC COMMISSION, making appropriation to refund to Alice T.

Senate Bill No. 92

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Kline, 222.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 222.
Reported without amendment, 241.
First reading, 275.
Second reading, 295.
Third reading and final passage, 347.
Returned from House without amendment, 1421.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1423.
Approved by Governor, 1547.

TRILL MONEY PAID FOR NOTARY PUBLIC COMMISSION—Continued.

In House (No. 361)
Referred to Committtee on Appropriations, 399.
Reported without amendment, 820.
First reading, 901.
Second reading, 1055.
Third reading and final passage, 1347.
Signed by Speaker, 1459.

TRINKLE, WILLIAM N., nominated as Second Assistant Attorney General, 757.
Reported, 759.
Confirmed, 765.

TROUT AND TROUT STREAMS, bill amending act relating to fish as far as it regards (see fish).

TROUT, bill to authorize Commissioner of Fisheries to issue permits to use fyke nets and outlines in certain parts of streams inhabited by (see fisheries).

TROUT, H. L., Trustee of Thaddeus Stevens Industrial School of Pennsylvania, nominated, 26.
Reported, 938.
Confirmed, 956.

TRUST COMPANIES and payable on demand or at a fixed time, bill to extend statute of limitations to certificates of deposit issued by banks or (see banks).

TRUST COMPANIES FOR LOSSES incurred by any depositor or stockholder thereof, bill to define liability of directors of (see directors).

TRUST COMPANIES for recovery of amount represented by any certificates of deposit issued by them, bill to limit time within which actions may be brought against banks or (see certificates).

TRUST COMPANIES under supervision of Banking Department to act as guardians of minors, supplement to act relating to Orphans' Courts allowing (see minors).

TRUST COMPANY IN NAMES OF TWO PERSONS, bill to regulate the payment of any deposit made with any (see deposit).

TRUST FUNDS AND PROPERTY AND SURETY BONDS given to secure same, bill relating to (see surety bonds).

TRUST TO FIX PRICE OF PREMIUM for insuring property, bill to make it a misdemeanor for any persons or corporation transacting insurance business in this State to enter into a (see insurance).

TRUST WHICH PROPERTY IS WITHOUT A LAWFUL OWNER, bill to amend act relating to escheats in cases where property is without a lawful owner so as to provide for escheat of property held in (see escheats).

TRUSTEE OF HOME for Training in Speech of Deaf Children before they are of school age, J. B. Showalter, nominated as, 24.
Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

TRUSTEE TO HOLD SUCH MONEY for such purpose, bill to authorize courts of common pleas to discharge lands bound by lien for maintenance of burial lots and to appoint (see burial).

TRUSTEES APPOINTED UNDER ANY WILL creating trust for benefit of people of any incorporated city for advancement of learning, science, music or art, supplement to act regarding corporations providing for incorporation of (see city).

TRUSTEES, bill to regulate award and trial of issues of fact arising on disputed accounts of (see accounts).

TRUSTEES OF ANY STATE NORMAL SCHOOL of Pennsylvania in regard to its bonded indebtedness, bill to confer certain authority on (see State Normal).

TRUSTEES OF COTTAGE STATE HOSPITAL for injured persons at Blossburg, nominated, 24.

TRUSTEES OF DANVILLE STATE HOSPITAL for Insane to connect the effluent of the sewage disposal plant with the sewer system of Danville, bill to direct (see Danville).

TRUSTEES OF PENNSYLVANIA STATE COLLEGE, Members of Board of, nominated, 23.
Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

TRUSTEES OF PENNSYLVANIA STATE LUNATIC HOSPITAL, at Harrisburg, nominated, 3274.
Reported, 3385.
Confirmed, 3414.

TRUSTEES OF STATE ASYLUM FOR CHRONIC INSANE at Wernersville, nominated, 24.

TRUSTEES OF STATE HOSPITAL FOR INJURED PERSONS of Anthracite Coal Field at Ashland, Members of Board of, nominated, 1227.
Reported, 1228, 3418.
Confirmed, 1228, 3464.

TRUSTEES OF STATE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE at Danville, nominated, 24.
Reported, 3118.
Confirmed, 3122.

TRUSTEES OF STATE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE at Danville, nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

TRUSTEES OF STATE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE at Norristown, nominated, 225.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

TRUSTEES OF STATE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE at Warren, nominated, 24.

TRUSTEES OF STATE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE at Warren, nominated, 61.
Reported, 129.
Confirmed, 132.

TRUSTEES OF STATE HOSPITAL of Middle Coal Field, at Hazleton, nominated, 24.
Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

TRUSTEES OF STATE HOSPITAL of Northern Anthracite Coal Region at Scranton, nominated, 25.
Reported, 938.
Confirmed, 956.

TRUSTEES OF STATE HOSPITAL of Northern Anthracite Coal Region at Scranton, nominated, 905.
Reported, 940.
Confirmed, 956.

TRUSTEES OF STATE INSTITUTION FOR FEEBLE-MINDED of Eastern Pennsylvania at Spring City, nominated, 26, 27.

TRUSTEES OF STATE INSTITUTION FOR FEEBLE-MINDED of Western Pennsylvania, at Polk, nominated, 24.
Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956

TRUSTEES OF STATE INSTITUTION FOR FEEBLE-MINDED of Western Pennsylvania, at Polk, nominated, 3274.
Reported, 3385.
Confirmed, 3414.

TRUSTEES OF STATE INSTITUTION FOR FEEBLE-MINDED of Western Pennsylvania, at Polk, nominated, 3540.
Reported, 3540.
Confirmed, 3540.

TRUSTEES OF THADDEUS STEVENS INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL of Pennsylvania, nominated, 26.
Reported, 938.
Confirmed, 956.

TRUSTEES OF THADDEUS STEVENS INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL of Pennsylvania, nominated, 26.
Reported, 129.
Confirmed, 132.

TRUSTEES SHALL TAKE TITLE free of any obligation to see to application of purchase money, bill to provide that persons buying real estate from (see real estate).

TRUSTEES TO BE APPOINTED BY GOVERNOR, supplement to act providing for State Hospital for Criminal Insane directing commissioners for erection of same to surrender their trust to a board of (see insane).

TRUSTEES WHERE AN ESTATE IS WITHOUT MONEY or property to have appeals heard in appellate courts upon filing typewritten copies of certain particulars, bill to permit (see appeals).

TRUSTEES WHO FAIL TO OBEY provisions thereof, bill to amend act to aid Auditor General in collection of taxes from corporations by providing for personal liability of (see taxes).

TRUSTS FROM BECOMING SECURITY, bill to forbid domestic and foreign corporations authorized to execute (see corporations).

TRUSTS TO CONTROL RATES OF INSURANCE, bill to prevent fire insurance companies from entering into or maintaining (see insurance).

TRUSTS, to provide for punishment of
Read in place in House by Mr. Benson, 416.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 416.

TRYING CERTAIN OFFENCES AND MISDEMEANORS before justices of the peace, to regulate the method of
Read in place in House by Mr. Hecht, 123.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 123.

TUBBS, CHARLES, Member of Advisory Commission for Preservation of Public Records, nominated, 26.
Reported, 938.
Confirmed, 956.

TUBERCULAR CONVICTS, making appropriation for State Hospital for
Senate Bill No. 345
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichols, 490.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 490.
Reported without amendment, 788.
First reading, 842.
Second reading, 916.
Third reading and final passage, 950.
In House
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 972.

TUBERCULOSIS AND OTHER COMMUNICABLE DISEASES, supplement to act to safeguard human life and health providing for isolation of persons afflicted with (see diseases).

TUBERCULOSIS and to provide for per capita allowance by State for patients, to authorize poor districts to erect hospital for indigent persons afflicted with (see hospitals).

TUBERCULOSIS LEAGUE OF PITTSBURG, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1142
Read in place in House by Mr. Geary, 112.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 112.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2339.
Second reading, 2420.
Third reading and final passage, 2796.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.
In Senate (No. 1062)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2711.
Second reading, 2919.
Third reading and final passage, 3094.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

TUBERCULOSIS LEAGUE OF PITTSBURG, making appropriation to
Senate Bill No. 66
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 90.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 90.
Reported without amendment, 240.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 273.

TUBERCULOSIS PATIENTS in sanatorium of any society of the county; to confer authority upon commissioners of counties to appropriate money for maintenance of indigent
House Bill No. 291
Read in place in House by Mr. Sassaman, 111.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 111.
Reported without amendment, 715.
First reading, 752.
Second reading, 1359.
Third reading and final passage, 1491.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2843.
Signed by Speaker, 2943.

TUBERCULOSIS PATIENTS—Continued.
In Senate (No. 720)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1550.
Reported without amendment, 2218.
First reading, 2288.
Second reading, 2469.
Third reading and final passage, 2544.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2903.

TUBERCULOSIS PERSONS, bill to authorize purchase by Commonwealth of Mount Aloysius Academy at Cresson for sanatorium for indigent insane (see sanatorium).

TULLER, JOHN J., nominated as Member of Commission to Select a Site and Build a Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane, 2288.
Reported, 2601.
Confirmed, 2615.

TUNIS, WILLIAM S., Representative from First District, (Dauphin County),
Acting Speaker, 3526.
Appointment of, on
Special committee, 54.
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85, 99.
Bills introduced by
Authorizing D. L. Saul and Flora Saul, his wife, to bring suit against Commonwealth, 1082.
Authorizing George A. Miller to bring an action in Court of Common Pleas of Dauphin County against the Commonwealth, 361.
Authorizing water companies and certain commissioners of water works in cities of third class to extend their pipes beyond city limits 638.
Fixing salary of second assistant State Librarian, 777.
Making appropriation to Children's Industrial Home at Harrisburg, 251.
Making appropriation to Florence Crittenton Mission of Harrisburg, 251.
Making appropriation to Harrisburg Hospital, 251.
Making appropriation to Home for the Friendless at Harrisburg, 251.
Making appropriation to Messiah Home Orphanage of Harrisburg, 251.
Making appropriation to Nursery Home of Harrisburg, 251.
Making appropriation to Polyclinic Hospital of Harrisburg. 1082.
Making appropriation to Society for Providing Pure Milk for Babies of Harrisburg, 1399.
Making appropriation to Sylvan Heights Home for Orphan Girls at Harrisburg, 155.
Making appropriation to Trustees of State Asylum for Chronic Insane at South Mountain, 208.
Making appropriation to Trustees of State Lunatic Hospital at Harrisburg, 155.
Providing for appointment of Sealers of Weights and Measures in the cities, 155.
Providing for commission to have charge of memorial to designate site of Camp Curtin, 527.
Providing for establishment of Bureau of Standards in Department of Internal Affairs, 155.
Providing for extension of Capitol Park in City of Harrisburg, 362.
Regulating sale of pure spirits of turpentine, substitutes and imitations, 638.
To amend act authorizing certain appointments in Supreme Court of Eastern District and of Middle District, 95.
To amend act authorizing election of constables in cities of second and third class, 97.
To amend act relating to State Asylum for Chronic Insane, 208.
To authorize territory that may be annexed to a city to be added to adjacent ward or wards or created into a new ward, 97.
To prohibit sale of certain fish herein specified, 1082.
Bills reported by
No. 368 (Senate Bill No. 751)
Making appropriation for payment of commissions of Military State Agents, 880.
No. 512
Regulating compensation of tax collectors in boroughs and townships, 1081.
No. 513 (Senate Bill No. 738)
Providing for election and term of certain borough officers, 1081.
No. 514 (Senate Bill No. 769)
Amending act providing for consolidation of boroughs so as to allow town council to select borough treasurer and secretary, 1081.

TUNIS, WILLIAM S.—Continued.

No. 680 (Senate Bill No. 315)
Fixing compensation of deputy factory inspectors, 1469.

No. 754 (Senate Bill No. 1206)
Fixing salary of storekeeper in office of Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings, 1695.

No. 947 (Senate Bill No. 877)
Making an appropriation to the Polyclinic Hospital, Harrisburg, 2236.

No. 948 (Senate Bill No. 878)
Making an appropriation to the Nursery Home, of Harrisburg, 2236.

No. 949 (Senate Bill No. 879)
Making an appropriation to the Messiah Home Orphanage of Harrisburg, 2236.

No. 950 (Senate Bill No. 880)
Making an appropriation to the Children's Industrial Home, at Harrisburg, 2236.

No. 951 (Senate Bill No. 881)
Making an appropriation to the Home for the Friendless at Harrisburg, 2236.

No. 952 (Senate Bill No. 882)
Making an appropriation to the Sylvan Heights Home for Orphan Girls, at Harrisburg. 2237.

No. 953 (Senate Bill No. 883)
Making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Lunatic Hospital for the Southern District of Pennsylvania, located at Harrisburg, 2237.

No. 954 (Senate Bill No. 884)
To provide for the publishing of the proceedings of the dedication of the Pennsylvania Monument at Salisbury, North Carolina, 2237.

No. 955 (Senate Bill No. 885)
Making an appropriation to the Harrisburg Hospital, of Harrisburg, 2237.

No. 956 (Senate Bill No. 886)
Making an appropriation to the Florence Crittenton Mission, of Harrisburg, 2237.

No. 957 (Senate Bill No. 887)
Making an appropriation to the Good Samaritan Hospital of Lebanon, 2237.

No. 958 (Senate Bill No. 888)
Refunding to the trustees of the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane the sum of fifteen thousand dollars to liquidate outstanding bills against the said institution, 2237.

No. 959 (Senate Bill No. 889)
Amending act to provide for the selection of a site and the erection of a State Asylum for the chronic insane to be called the State Asylum for the chronic insane of Pennsylvania and making an appropriation therefor by increasing to three dollars and fifty cents the maximum amount per capita for weekly maintenance, 2237.

No. 960 (Senate Bill No. 890)
Providing for an exhibition and celebration in Philadelphia to commemorate the fiftieth anniversary of the Emancipation Proclamation, 2237.

No. 961 (Senate Bill No. 891)
Making an appropriation to the Pennsylvania Institution for the Deaf and Dumb for maintenance and education of State pupils, and also a special appropriation for one deaf, dumb and blind pupil, 2237.

No. 1041 (Senate Bill No. 970)
Making appropriation to Home for Widows and Single Women of Lebanon and Lebanon County, 2239.

No. 1279 (Senate Bill No. 650)
Authorizing State Treasurer to refund to Andrew Mangold amount paid for notary public commission, 2473.

No. 1280 (Senate Bill No. 159)
Providing for extension of Capitol Park in City of Harrisburg and making appropriation therefor, 2473.

No. 1327 (Senate Bill No. 1220)
Making appropriation to Colored Day Nursery of Harrisburg, 2841.

No. 1333 (Senate Bill No. 1219)
Making appropriation to German Baptist Home for Aged of Philadelphia, 2972.

Election of, 43.

Presentation by, of
Testimonial of House of Representatives at close of session to Reading Clerk Henry B. Reilly, 3651.

TUNIS, WILLIAM S.—Continued.

Question of information raised by, on
House Bill No. 292, joint resolution providing for granting of brevet rank to surviving officers of Pennsylvania troops of Civil War, 1201.

Remarks by, on
Concurrent resolution relative to draping Barnard statuary, 370.
House Bill No. 208, amending act relating to salaries of deputy prothonotary and clerk in Supreme Court of Eastern District and of Middle District, 821.
House Bill No. 534, fixing salary of second assistant State Librarian, 1936.
House Bill No. 611, providing for establishment of Bureau of Standards in Department of Internal Affairs, 2054, 2055.
House Bill No. 721, authorizing D. L. Saul and Flora Saul, his wife, to bring suit against Commonwealth, 2954.
House Bill No. 1280, providing for extension of Capitol Park in City of Harrisburg, 3326, 3327, 3328, 3329, 3330.

Resolution offered by, in reference to
Requesting Hon. S. J. M. McCarrell to administer oath, 48.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

TURNPIKES BY PROPER TOWNSHIP, city or borough, to repeal act relating to the repair and maintenance and improvement of abandoned
Read in place in House by Mr. Dershem, 98.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 98.

TURNPIKES BY PROPER TOWNSHIP, city or borough, to repeal act relating to the repair and maintenance and improvement of abandoned

House Bill No. 59
Read in place in House by Mr. Good, 115.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 115.
Reported without amendment, 188.
First reading, 206.
Second reading, 234.
Third reading and final passage, 261.
Signed by Speaker, 537.
Approved by Governor, 731.

Remarks on, by
Snyder, Plymouth W., 261, 262.
Flynn, 261.
Good, 261.
Alter, 262.

In Senate (No. 142)
Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 249.
Reported without amendment, 344.
First reading, 387.
Second reading, 411.
Third reading and final passage, 462.
Signed by President, 491.

Remarks on, by
Homsher, 462.
Herbst, 462.
Wertz, 462.
Heacock, 462.
McIlhenny, 462.

TURNPIKES THAT HAVE BEEN CONDEMNED or abandoned, to repeal act providing for repair and maintenance of
Read in place in House by Mr. Richard J. Baldwin, 171.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 172.

TURNPIKES THAT HAVE BEEN FREED FROM TOLLS, bill to provide for the repair, maintenance and regulation for the use of all highways and (see highways).

TURPENTINE, bill to prevent deception in the sale of (see paint).

TURPENTINE, substitutes and imitations thereof, to regulate sale of pure spirits of

House Bill No. 526
Read in place in House by Mr. Tunis, 638.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 638.
Reported with amendment, 1169.
First reading, 1241.
Second reading, 1959.
Third reading and final passage, 2294.

TURPENTINE—Continued.

In Senate (No. 1160)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2266.

Reported without amendment, 2885.

First reading, 2928.

Over in its order, 3173.

Second reading and amended, 3272.

Third reading and defeated on final passage, 3385.

Remarks on, by

Vare, 3385.

TURTLE CREEK, making appropriation to State Highway Department for improving

Read in place in House by Mr. William Conner, 315.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 315.

TURTLES OR TERRAPIN to be aquatic animals valuable for food or commerce, bill to declare certain species of (see aquatic).

TUSTIN, ERNEST L., Senator from Fourth District, (Philadelphia County),

Amendments offered by, to

Senate Bill No. 238, amending act to create a Legislative Reference Buerau, 762.

Senate Bill No. 245, providing for burial of indigent persons whose bodies are unclaimed and are unfit for anatomical purposes, 683.

Senate Bill No. 313, amending act providing uniform method of electing certain party officers by providing for but one primary in each year, 909, 910, 944.

Senate Bill No. 496, to establish a public school system, 1891, 1892.

Senate Bill No. 693, creating county sinking fund commission, 2464.

Appointments of, on

Conference committee, 1102, 1666, 2210.

Memorial committee, 408.

Special committee, 57, 229.

Standing committees, 79, 80.

Bills introduced by

Amending act authorizing acquisition by the several counties of bridges and for abolition of tolls thereon by fixing number of viewers at three, 403.

Amending act authorizing cemetery or burial associations to purchase other grounds regulating removal of bodies, sale of lots and enlargement of grounds, 1418.

Amending act authorizing cities and boroughs to condemn property for purpose of obtaining and supplying water by fixing number of viewers at three, 403.

Amending act authorizing railroad companies to change location and grade of bridges by fixing number of viewers at three, 403.

Amending act concerning incorporation and regulation of certain corporations by fixing number of viewers at three, 403.

Amending act creating Department of Wharves, Docks and Ferrie in cities of first class by fixing number of jury at three, 403.

Amending act dividing cities of this State into three classes by fixing number of viewers at three, 403.

Amending act establishing State Board of Agriculture, 130.

Amending act providing for personal registration of electors in cities of first and second classes, 904.

Amending act providing for protection of game, game quadrupeds and game birds by further restricting open season for game birds, 941.

Amending act regulating boroughs by fixing number of viewers at three, 403.

Amending act relating to damages for injuries producing death as regards non-resident alien, 268.

Amending act relating to division of State Library for preservation of public records, 490.

Amending act relating to electing certain party officers by providing for one primary in each year instead of two, 406.

Amending act relating to electing certain party officers by providing for separate primaries, 406.

Amending act relating to purchase of ground for certain county purposes by fixing number of viewers at three, 403.

Amending act relating to roads, highways and bridges by fixing number of viewers at three, 403.

Amending act relating to title to all estates, by fixing number of viewers at three, 403.

Amending act to create Legislative Reference Bureau by providing for additional employes and for increase in salaries of Director and Assistant Director, 403.

Amending act to provide for appointment of viewers to assess damages where streets and alleys are changed in grades by fixing number of viewers at three 403.

TUSTIN, ERNEST L.—Continued.

Amending act to provide for personal registration of electors in cities of first and second classes by changing registration days, 406.

Amending act to provide revenue by taxation and taxing all of property of corporations, limited partnerships and joint stock associations having capital stock, 455.

Amending first section of act approved April 17, 1905, providing for vacation and closing of alleys, lanes and passageways, by fixing number of jury at three, 403.

Amending first section of act approved June 8, 1907, providing for vacation and closing of alleys, lanes and passageways, by fixing number of jury at three, 403.

Amending supplement to act establishing insurance department by providing additional qualifications for insurance brokers, 756.

Authorizing justice of the peace, alderman or magistrate to issue search warrant to certain officers to prevent cruelty to animals, 243.

Creating office of State Fire Marshal, 183.

Defining practice of medicine and establishing State Department of Medical Education and Licensure, 183.

Establishing in each county a Board of Viewers, 243.

Establishing office of State Fire Marshal and providing for his compensation and maintenance of his office, 756.

For assignment of judges to districts other than their own for purpose of expediting business, 609.

Forbidding certain domestic and foreign corporations from becoming security, 184.

Further designating the days and half-days to be observed as legal holidays, 89.

Further supplement to act to establish insurance department by providing for report of risks covered and that rate making associations shall furnish data to State Fire Marshal, 756.

Joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution allowing municipal or incorporated districts to increase their indebtedness, 455.

Making appropriation for Friends' Home for Children, of Philadelphia, 609.

Making appropriation for House of Good Shepherd, of Philadelphia, 609.

Making appropriation for refunding of collateral inheritance taxes erroneously paid by Estate of Mary S. Lundy, 117.

Making appropriation to aid in erection of memorial to commemorate founding of common school system, 374.

Making appropriation to American Oncologic Hospital, 167.

Making appropriation to American Oncologic Hospital, 700.

Making appropriation to commissioners for promoting uniformity of legislation in United States, 101.

Making appropriation to Gettysburg Battlefield Memorial Commission for balance due for transportation expenses, 117.

Making appropriation to Haves Mechanics' Home, located in City of Philadelphia, 89.

Making appropriation to Haves Mechanics' Home, located in City of Philadelphia, 700.

Making appropriation to Home for Aged Veterans and Wives located at 65th and Vine Streets in the City of Philadelphia, 117.

Making appropriation to Home of Industry for Discharged Prisoners, of the City of Philadelphia, and State of Pennsylvania, 117.

Making appropriation to Incorporated Trustees of the Salvation Army in Pennsylvania, 117.

Making appropriation to Pennsylvania Institution for Instruction of Blind, 904.

Making appropriation to Pennsylvania Prison Society, 117.

Making appropriation to Pennsylvania Working Home for Blind Men for maintenance, 150.

Making appropriation to Philadelphia Home for Incurables, 167.

Making appropriation to Philadelphia Museums, 374.

Making appropriation to refund to Walter C. Redding money paid for notary public commission, 1068.

Making appropriation to Rush Hospital for Consumption and Allied Diseases, 150.

Making appropriation to Trustees of University of Pennsylvania, 374.

Making appropriation to Union Home for Old Ladies, of Philadelphia, 150.

Making appropriation to Western Temporary Home of Philadelphia, 89.

Making appropriation to West Philadelphia General Homeopathic Hospital and Dispensary, 117.

Making appropriation to West Philadelphia Hospital for Women in the City of Philadelphia, 117.

Making third Tuesday of February no longer a public holiday, 76.

TUSTIN, ERNEST L.—Continued.

Prescribing conditions under which agreements and contracts for sale and exchange of lands, tenements, and hereditaments may be recorded, 609.

Providing for return of statistics relating to annulment of marriage and divorce proceedings, 130.

Providing for return of statistics relating to marriages, 130.

Regulating periods of service of jurors on courts of common pleas, oyer and terminer and quarter sessions, 1418.

Relating to annulment of marriage, divorces and alimony, 101.

Relating to sale of firearms, 788.

Relating to sale of goods, 101.

Relating to testimony of expert witnesses concerning handwriting, 268.

Supplement to act regulating publication, binding and distribution of public documents, 403.

Supplement to act relating to corporations authorizing certain insertions in charters of corporations for support of public worship, 117.

To create Bureau of Professional Education in Department of Public Instruction, 490.

To establish a public school system, and to provide revenue to establish and maintain the same, 101.

To fix time for holding uniform primary elections in years in which municipal elections occur, 700.

To make uniform the law of bills of lading, 101.

To make uniform the law of transfer of shares of stock in corporations, 101.

to prohibit manufacture or offering for sale of certain dangerous kinds of matches, 788.

To provide for liquidation, distribution of assets and dissolution of corporations under supervision of Commissioner of Banking, 1418.

To regulate sale and manufacture of certain firecrackers, fire works and certain explosive materials, 403.

To regulate use of firecrackers, fireworks and blank cartridges, 403.

To reimburse Fidelity Trust Company of Philadelphia, Trustee under will of Richard Smith, deceased, 455.

To reimburse Fidelity Trust Company of Philadelphia, Trustee under will of Sarah A. Smith, deceased, 788.

Bills reported by

No. 2 (House Bill No. 42)

To amend act relating to care of poor in Schuylkill County by creating a Board of Trustees of Insane for and in said County, 90, 102.

No. 9 (House Bill No. 1246)

Regulating annulment of marriage, divorces and alimony, 453.

No. 28 (House Bill No. 2)

Fixing time when term of office of certain judges shall commence and time of nomination and election of successors to judges of Common Pleas and Orphans' Courts whose commissions expire in odd numbered years, 2604.

No. 127 (House Bill No. 384)

Establishing in each county a Board of Viewers, 2439, 2549.

No. 244 (House Bill No. 403)

Creating office of first assistant City Solicitor in cities of first class, 551.

No. 245 (House Bill No. 25)

Providing for burial of indigent persons whose bodies are unclaimed and are unfit for anatomical purposes, 551.

No. 246 (House Bill No. 468)

Supplement to act for relief of deserted wives and children, 551.

No. 313 (House Bill No. 518)

Fixing time for holding uniform primary elections in years in which municipal elections occur, 774.

No. 573 (House Bill No. 323)

Amending act regulating fees of tipstaves in certain judicial districts by further regulating salary of tipstaves and court criers, 1632.

No. 595 (House Bill No. 1329)

Providing for appointment of deputy prothonotaries in counties having between 250,000 and 1,000,000 inhabitants, 2266.

No. 596 (House Bill No. 1340)

Providing for liquidation, distribution of assets and dissolution of corporations under supervision of Commissioner of Banking, 2524.

No. 644 (House Bill No. 556)

Providing for examination of Panther Creek Valley Hospital and for its transfer under certain conditions to Commonwealth, 1899.

TUSTIN, ERNEST L.—Continued.

No. 653 (House Bill No. 299)

Providing that all legal notices now required by law to be publishel in weekly newspapers may be published in daily newspapers in certain counties, 1906.

No. 674 (House Bill No. 562)

To repeal act to increase pay of jurors and witnesses in Bedford County, 2005

No. 675 (House Bill No. 1271)

Amending act authorizing county commissioners to appropriate annually a certain sum of money to each post of Grand Army of Republic by requiring commissioners to make payments specified and fixing maximum amount thereof, 2005.

No. 679 (House Bill No. 116)

Amending act for better collection of collateral inheritance taxes by exempting institutions of purely public charity from payment of said taxes, 2156.

No. 680 (House Bill No. 1367)

Amending act to establish County Court for County of Allegheny by changing election of judges thereof from general election to municipal election, 2156.

No. 734 (House Bill No. 285)

To regulate practice of neuropathy and to provide for State Board of Neuropathic Examiners, 3119.

No. 749 (House Bill No. 640)

Creating office of fire marshal to be attached to Department of Public Safety in cities of first class, 2266, 2531.

No. 822 (House Bill No. 137)

Providing for payment of costs of proceedings and maintenance of prisoners committed to county prisons for non-payment of fines or penalties imposed, 2604.

No. 823

Amending act relating to liens for taxes and for municipal improvements by changing requirements as to signature and affidavit to claims filed under said act, 2604.

No. 1161 (House Bill No. 676)

In relation to appointment and salaries of deputy sheriffs on duty in court rooms of certain counties, 2894.

No. 1162 (House Bill No. 697)

Relating to coroners and holding of post mortems, 2894.

No. 1163 (House Bill No. 531)

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UNIFORM PREMIUM CHARGES to persons holding similar policies, bill to require insurance companies to make for same unit of insurance (see insurance).

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UNIFORM SYSTEM OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTING, auditing and reporting, bill to create Department of Inspection and Supervision of Public Offices and to establish (see Department).

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"UNION BAPTIST ASSOCIATION of Western and Central Pennsylvania," located at Pittsburg, making appropriation for
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Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 155.
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Signed by Speaker, 3473.
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Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2656.
Reported without amendment, 2683.
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Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 172.
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Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 166.

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Read in place in House by Mr. Brehm, 125.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 125.
Reported with amendment, 2235.
First reading, 2328.
Second reading, 2386.
Third reading and final passage, 2719.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3232.
Signed by Speaker, 3472.
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Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2655.
Reported without amendment, 2682.
First reading, 2701.
Second reading, 2888.
Third reading and final passage, 3053.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

UNITED STATES, bill to cede jurisdiction over Hanover Public Roads in County of Adams, leading to scene of cavalry fight, to (see road).

UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION, Congressional resolutions pertaining to proposed amendment to,
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Referred to Committee on Military Affairs, 638.
Reported without amendment, 715.
First reading, 752.
Second reading, 875.
Third reading and final passage, 1203.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1471.
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Referred to Committee on Military Affairs, 1206.
Reported with amendment, 1279.
First reading, 1326.
Second reading, 1429.
Third reading and final passage, 1441.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1551.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, joint resolution ratifying the sixteenth amendment to the Constitution of (see Constitution).

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA to acquire land in Pennsylvania for national forest reserves, bill to empower (see forest).

UNITED STATES SENATOR and election of tellers, resolution (House) by Schad, authorizing nomination of candidates for, 50.
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UNITED STATES SENATORS, to enable electors at the November election in 1911 to express their preference in regard to direct vote of electors for election of
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UNITED ZION HOME AND HOSPITAL, Lititz, making appropriation to
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Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 124.
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UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA, making appropriation to Trustees of
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Re-reported with amendment, 2570.
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Third reading and final passage, 2989.
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UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA, making appropriation to Trustees of
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Signed by Speaker, 3589.
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Reported without amendment, 3120.
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UNLAWFUL DEVICES FOR CATCHING FISH, bill to amend act regulating catching and sale of fish forbidding sale of (see fish).

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UNNATURALIZED FOREIGN-BORN RESIDENTS subject to taxation in same manner as citizens of the Commonwealth, bill to make (see taxation).

UNNATURALIZED FOREIGN BORN RESIDENTS to procure a license before fishing, bill to require (see fishing).

UNSERVICEABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY belonging to the Commonwealth, bill to provide for the sale of (see sale).

UNTRUE OR MISLEADING ADVERTISING, bill to prohibit (see advertising).

USE, bill to provide punishment for employes who convert merchandise, bills of lading, permits, certificates or orders to their own (see employes).

USE OF APPLIANCES for heating and cooking by means of gas, bill to regulate (see gas).

USE OF BOTTLES AND CONTAINERS without written consent of owners thereof, bill to provide for registration and to prohibit (see registration).

USE OF FERRETS, bill to regulate the owning, possession and (see ferrets).

USE THEREOF, bill to provide for protection of roads or streets in counties, boroughs and townships by prohibiting excessive and improper (see roads).

USURIOUS LOAN OF MONEY a misdemeanor, bill making (see money).

UTILITIES, bill relating to public (see public service).

UTILITIES COMPANIES OR CORPORATIONS, to provide for regulation and control by Railroad Commission of public
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Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 130.
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UTILITIES, to authorize municipalities to maintain and operate street railways, electric light plants, gas work and all other
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UTILITY COMPANY shall enjoy the benefit of a franchise, to limit time during which a public

House Bill No. 254

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Reported without amendment, 687.
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Third reading and final passage, 1156.

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VACATED AS PUBLIC WAYS, bill relating to streets, lanes and alleys that have been (see streets).

VACATION OF ALLEYS, lanes or passageways that are or may be public nuisances by fixing number of jury at three, bill to amend act relating to (see jury).

VACCINATED OR HAS HAD SMALLPOX, bill to amend act relating to protection of public health by providing that under certain conditions those in charge of schools are required to refuse admission of any child to school except upon physician's certificate that such child has been successfully (see schools).

VACCINATION COMMISSION, concurrent resolution (House) by Connell, in reference to appointment of Pennsylvania State, 1239.

Resolution referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1239.

VACCINATION COMMISSION, joint resolution providing for appointment by Governor of Commission to be known as Pennsylvania State

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Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1329.
Reported with amendment, 2236.
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VALIDATE ACTS PERFORMED BY NOTARIES PUBLIC within three months after expiration of their commissions, bill to (see notarial acts).

VALIDATE CERTAIN CHARTERS issued by Governor to electric light companies, bill to (see electric light).

VALIDATE CERTAIN ELECTIONS upon question of increasing municipal indebtedness and bonds issued pursuant thereto, bills to (see indebtedness).

VALIDATE CERTAIN ORDINANCES where same have not been published or where proof of publication cannot be made, bill to enable boroughs to (see boroughs).

VALIDATE INCURRING OF DEBT or increase of indebtedness of townships of second class by its supervisors for purpose of improving roads, culverts and bridges, bill to (see townships).

VALIDATE UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS CONTRACTS made by foreign corporations, bill to (see corporations).

VALIDATING ALL DIVORCES heretofore granted and decreed under and by authority of said act, supplement to act concerning divorces (see divorces).

VALIDITY OF A WILL shall be instituted, bill to regulate the time in which proceedings to contest (see wills).

VALLEY FORGE PARK, making an appropriation to the Commissioners of

Senate Bill No. 71

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Thomson, 118.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 118.
Reported without amendment, 240.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 274.
Re-reported with amendment, 2216.
Second reading, 2275.
Third reading and final passage, 2450.
Returned from House with amendments, 3148.
Concurred in House amendments, 3148.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3275.

In House (No. 1304)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2570.
Reported with amendment, 2840.
First reading, 2997.
Second reading, 3012.
Third reading and final passage, 3188.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 3309.
Signed by Speaker, 3496.

VALLEY FORGE PARK to accept and administer trust funds and to enter into agreements concerning means of travel within said Park, to authorize Commissioners of

Senate Bill No. 6

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Thomson, 89.
Referred to Committee on Public Roads and Highways, 89.
Reported without amendment, 117.
First reading, 133.
Second reading, 152.
Third reading and final passage, 169.
Returned from House without amendment, 299.
Signed by President, 375.
Concurrent resolution recalling bill from Governor, 386.
Resolution returned by House, 388, 413.
Resolution approved by Governor, 456.
Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsidered, 456.
Resumed on third reading and amended, 456.
Final pasage, 491.
Returned from House with Senate amendments nonconcurred in, 611.
Conference Committee appointed, 611.
Returned from House with notice of appointment of Conference Committee, 700.
Report of Conference Committee presented, 703.
Report of Conference Committee adopted, 758.
Returned from House with report of Conference Committee adopted, 807.
Signed by President, 838.
Approved by Governor, 1068.

In House (No. 68)

Referred to Committee on Public Buildings, 181.
Reported without amendment, 199.
First reading, 211.
Second reading, 236.
Third reading and final passage, 309.
Signed by Speaker, 399.
Concurred in concurrent resolution recalling bill from Governor, 417.
Returned from Senate with amendments and said amendments non-concurred in, 583.
Returned from Senate with notice of appointment of Conference Committee, 696.
Conference Committee appointed, 696.
Report of Conference Committee adopted, 818.
Signed by Speaker, 880.

Remarks on, by

Robinson, 583.

VALUABLE THING, bill to punish any person for sending or uttering threatening communications with view to extort money or other (see communications).

VALUABLE THING FROM ANY PERSON for obtaining for latter employment in service of said employer or continuing in said employment, bill making it a misdemeanor for any officer or employe of any employer of labor to receive moneys or other (see employe).

VALUABLE THING FROM ANY PERSON, bill making it a misdemeanor to extort money or other (see blackmail).

VARE, EDWIN H., Senator from First District, (Philadelphia County),

Amendment offered by, to

Senate Bill No. 239, providing in cities of first class for delivery tickets in sale of anthracite coal, 708.

Appointment of, on

Memorial committees, 408.

Standing committees, 79, 80.

Bills introduced by

Amending act authorizing chattel mortgages on iron and steel so as to authorize chattel mortgages of not less than $100 on machinery and all other personal property, 1707.

Authorizing refund to Richard J. Baxter for Notary Public commission, 291.

Creating office of first assistant city solicitor in cities of first class, 374.

Making appropriation for improvement of maritime court facilities, 374.

Making appropriation to Mount Sinai Hospital, 454.

Providing in cities of first class for delivery tickets in sale of anthracite coal, 374.

Relating to recording of deeds, mortgages and assignments of mortgages, 344.

Supplement to act relating to cities of first class establishing Department of Recreation, 290.

Supplement to act to provile for better government of cities of first class establishing a Board of Recreation to have charge of recreation facilities, 700.

To amend act providing for incorporation of electric light heat and power companies by giving them right of eminent domain, 1718.

To provide for protection of owners of animals or vehicles, 1306.

To provide for surrender of franchises of meadow companies, 1068.

Bills reported by

No. 297 (House Bill No. 888).

Amending act relating to settlement of public accounts, 667.

No. 801 (House Bill No. 738)

Amending act regulating nomination and election of public officers authorizing county commissioners to construct permanent election room, 2543.

Member of Commission to Provide for Celebration of Anniversary of Battle of Lake Erie, nominated, 26.

Motion by, to

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 240, supplement to act for government of cities of first class relating to recreation facilities, 635.

Remarks by, on

Senate Bill No. 814, providing for examination, licensure and registration of those engaged in plumbing or house drainage in cities of first class, 3267, 3268.

Senate Bill No. 1160, regulating sale of pure spirits of turpentine, substitutes and imitations thereof, 3385.

Senate Bill No. 1186, empowering supervisors or commissioners of any township to require street railway companies operating a double track line within any village having one track on each side of road to remove its tracks to middle of road, 3417.

Resolution, concurrent offered by, in reference to

Appointing commission to investigate system of recording, 291, 1965.

Resolution offered by, in reference to

Presentation of bills or joint resolutions, 5.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 71.

VAULT and remove clandestinely any body or remains, bill making it a felony to open any (see body).

VEHICLES AND PERSONS RIDING or leading animals on public highways, to regulate drivers and operators of all

Read in place in House by Mr. V. Gilpin Robinson, 717.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 717.

VEHICLES AND PERSONS RIDING or leading animals on public highways, to regulate drivers and operators of all

House Bill No. 600

Read in place in House by Mr. Bentley, 1329.

Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1329.

Reported without amendment, 1339.

First reading, 1412.

Second reading and amended, 1532.

Third reading and postponed for present, 2018.

Resumed and passed finally, 2028.

Returned from Senate with amendments, 3320.

Non-concurred in Senate amendments, 3320.

Returned from Senate with adherence to its amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3372.

Conference committee appointed, 3372.

Conference committee report considered and not adopted, 3525.

Remarks on, by

Rockwell, 2018.

Bentley, 2018.

North, 3321, 3526.

Robinson, 3321.

Kuhns, 3321.

Dershem, 3321, 3526.

Allen, 3526.

Ailman, 3526.

In Senate (No. 759)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2154.

Reported with amendment, 2455.

First reading, 2551.

Second reading and amended, 2671.

Over in its order, 2894.

Third reading and final passage, 3140.

Returned from House with Senate amendments non-concurred in, 3281.

Conference committee appointed, 3281.

Returned from House with adherence to its non-concurrence in Senate amendments and notice of appointment of conference committee, 3377.

VEHICLES, bill to regulate size of tires of (see tires).

VEHICLES ON PUBLIC HIGHWAYS to show a white front light, to require

Read in place in House by Mr. Breitinger, 209.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads, 209.

VEHICLES, to provide for protection of owners of animals or

Senate Bill No. 574

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Vare, 1306.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1306.

Reported without amendment, 1632.

First reading, 1745.

Second reading, 1818.

Third reading and final passage, 1902.

Returned from House with amendment, 3307.

Concurred in House amendment, 3307.

Signed by President pro tempore, 3404.

In House (No. 1245)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1958.

Reported with amendment, 2247.

First reading, 2384.

Second reading, 2513.

Third reading and final passage, 3361.

Returned from Senate with House amendment concurred in, 3472.

Signed by Speaker, 3591.

Remarks on, by

Scott, John R. K., 3361.

VENANGO AND CLARION COUNTIES bill to repeal section six of act relating to levying of school tax in borough of Clearfield which section relates to reduction of expenses of collecting State and County taxes in (see tax).

VENANGO COUNTY bill to repeal act relating to billiard rooms etc., in certain counties in so far as it relates and extends to (see billiard rooms).

VENDING MACHINES IN CITIES of first class, bill to regulate using of automatic (see cities).

VENTILATING SYSTEM IN HALL OF HOUSE of Representatives, resolution (House) by Keister, directing Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings to correct, 99.
Motion to require proper action to be taken as called for in said resolution, 316.

VENUE IN CIVIL CAUSES by providing that such change of venue shall only be made when it shall appear to the court that local prejudices exist, to repeal act amending act relating to changes of
Senate Bill No. 741
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Jones, 1855.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1855.
Reported without amendment, 2265.
First reading, 2470.
Second reading, 2550.
Third reading and final passage, 2616.
In House (No. 1334)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2843.
Reported without amendment, 2972, 3006.
First reading, 3007.
Second reading, 3023.
Third reading and dropped from calendar, 3497.

VERDICT RENDERED is "guilty of murder in first degree" to add whether penalty shall be death or life imprisonment, to require jurors in homicide cases where
Read in place in House by Mr. Benson, 1358.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1358.

VETERINARIAN OF DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, Clarence J. Marshall nominated as State, 92.
Reported, 183, 3418.
Confirmed, 3464.

VETERINARIAN OF DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, T. E. Munce, nominated as Deputy State, 24.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

VETERINARY SURGEONS, to amend act relating to registration of
House Bill No. 156
Read in place in House by Mr. Shern, 171.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 171.
Reported without amendment, 415.
First reading, 450.
Second reading, 574.
Third reading and postponed for present, 600.
Resumed and passed finally, 641.
In Senate (No. 312)
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 632.
Reported without amendment, 701.
First reading, 773.
Recommitted to Committee, 801.
Correction of calendar, 843.

VIADUCTS AND BRIDGES IN TOWNSHIPS of first class, bill relating to location, construction and maintenance of (see townships).

VIEWERS AND SURVEYORS in proceedings for damages to real property taken by any railroad, bill to fix pay and mileage of (see railroad).

VIEWERS AT THREE, bill to amend act authorizing acquisition by the several counties of bridges and for abolition of tolls thereon by fixing the number of (see bridges).

VIEWERS AT THREE, bill to amend act authorizing cities and boroughs to condemn property for purpose of obtaining and supplying water by fixing number of (see water).

VIEWERS AT THREE, bill to amend act authorizing county commissioners to purchase ground for court house and for jail or workhouse by fixing number of (see county).

VIEWERS AT THREE, bill to amend act dividing the cities of the State into three classes by fixing the number of (see cities).

VIEWERS AT THREE, bill to amend act empowering railroad companies to change location or grade of certain bridges by fixing the number of (see railroad).

VIEWERS AT THREE, bill to amend act providing a made by which title to all estates and interests in lands may be vested in United States when no agreement can be made with owners for purchase thereof by fixing the number of (see title).

VIEWERS AT THREE, bill to amend act providing for appointment of viewers to assess damages where streets and alleys are changed in grade or location in boroughs by fixing number of (see boroughs).

VIEWERS AT THREE, bill to amend act providing for incorporation and regulation of certain corporations by fixing number of (see corporations).

VIEWERS AT THREE, to amend act relating to roads, highways and bridges by fixing number of
Senate Bill No. 231
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 403.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 403.
Reported without amendment, 540.
First reading, 634.
Second reading, 676.
Third reading and final passage, 706.
Returned from House without amendment, 1422.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1423.
Approved by Governor, 1799.
In House (No. 376)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 748.
Reported without amendment, 881.
First reading, 902.
Second reading, 1057.
Third reading and final passage, 1352.
Signed by Speaker, 1459.

VIEWERS AT THREE, bill to amend supplement to act regulating boroughs by fixing number of (see boroughs).

VIEWERS, bill to establish in each county a Board of Viewers and provide for their appointment as (see Board).

VIEWERS IN COUNTY OF DAUPHIN, bill to repeal act relating to road (see Dauphin).

VILLAGES IN TOWNSHIPS of second class, bill to authorize road supervisors to aid in construction of sidewalks through (see sidewalks).

VIOLATION OF ORDINANCES, bill to provide for costs of proceedings and expenses of maintaining prisoners committed on charge of (see costs).

VISITATION OF SUCH MINORS, supplementary to act providing for method of commitment of minors and cost of (see minors).

VISITING NURSE ASSOCIATION, located in North Side, City of Pittsburg, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1130
Read in place in House by Mr. Hough, 155.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 155.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2338.
Second reading, 2418.
Third reading and final passage, 2793.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.
In Senate (No. 1052)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2688.
First reading, 2711.
Second reading, 2918.
Third reading and final passage, 3092.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

VISITING NURSE ASSOCIATION of City of York, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. Dale, 1341.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1341.

VOLUNTEERED IN DEFENSE OF STATE either in 1862 or 1863, bill to provide for annual payment to citizens who (see appropriation).

VON TACKY, FRANK B., Representative from Crawford County,
Amendment offered by, to
House Bill No. 453, amending act regulating compensation of sheriffs for boarding prisoners in county jails of certain counties, 1376.
Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85, 99.
Bill introduced by
Fixing compensation of four clerks in Department of Banking, 921.
Election of, 43.

VON TACKY, FRANK B.—Continued.

Bills reported by

No. 224 (Senate Bill No. 719)
Requiring foundries to be provided with toilet room and water closets, 589.

No. 282 (Senate Bill No. 784)
Amending act relating to commencement of actions by extending its provisions to foreign corporations, 715.

No. 363
To encourage apprehension of persons who shall have committed crime of murder, 820.

No. 416
To prevent fraudulent practices upon or by keepers of sanatoriums or private hospitals, 970.

No. 417
To permit county treasurers not paid by salary to retain one-half of one per centum from moneys received from liquor license fees, 970.

No. 521 (Senate Bill No. 690)
Repealing rule 13 of section 21 of act appropriating ground for public purposes in Philadelphia, 1169.

No. 522
Prescribing maximum rates for motor vehicles conveying people for hire, 1169.

No. 687 (Senate Bill No. 411)
Amending act giving additional protection to game and wild birds within limits of certain preserves, 1470.

No. 826 (Senate Bill No. 293)
Amending act relating to damages for injuries producing death by providing that domicile residence, citizenship or nationality shall be no bar as to right to recover, 1780.

No. 827 (Senate Bill No. 247)
Fixing number and salaries of clerks and other employes in Department of Auditor General, 2586.

No. 835
To repeal act to regulate fees to be charges by justices of the peace, aldermen and magistrates in this Commonwealth, 1947.

No. 836
To license and regulate business of private detectives and detective agencies, 1947.

No. 837
Authorizing poor districts to provide hospitals for care of indigent persons afflicted with tuberculosis, 1947.

No. 838
To secure and perpetuate liens upon monuments, mausoleums, markers, gravestones, copings or other ornamental constructions used in and about grave yards or cemeteries for contract price thereof or balance due thereon, 1947.

No. 839 (Senate Bill No. 98)
Amending act exempting property to value of $300 from levy and sale on distress for rent, 1947, 2973.

No. 840 (Senate Bill No. 552)
Dividing boroughs with respect to population into two classes and providing form of government of boroughs of first class, 1947.

No. 841 (Senate Bill No. 531)
Amending act authorizing incorporated cemetery or burial associations to purchase other grounds and to sell portions of their land for burial purposes so as to authorize churches, cemetery or burial associations to enlarge their burial grounds, 1947.

No. 842 (Senate Bill No. 488)
For safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings in cities of third class, in boroughs and in townships by providing proper exits, fire escapes and fire extinguishers, 1947.

No. 843 (Senate Bill No. 551)
To regulate construction, maintenance and inspection of buildings used for exhibition of moving pictures in all cities of first class, 1947.

No. 844 (Senate Bill No. 547)
Fixing time for organization of legislative departments of municipal government and for inauguration of mayors in cities, 1947.

No. 845 (Senate Bill No. 546)
Providing for election of city assessors in cities of third class, 1947.

VON TACKY, FRANK B.—Continued.

No. 846 (Senate Bill No. 225)
Amending act authorizing cities and boroughs to condemn property for purpose of obtaining and supplying water by fixing number of viewers at three, 1947.

No. 847 (Senate Bill No. 30)
Joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania so as to consolidate courts of common pleas of Allegheny County, 1947.

No. 886 (Senate Bill No. 179)
Relating to exercise of right of eminent domain, 2053.

No. 887 (Senate Bill No. 299)
Providing for election of councilmen in boroughs and fixing time and manner of organization of town councils, 2053.

No. 888 (Senate Bill No. 297)
Amending act relating to settlement of public accounts, 2053.

No. 889 (Senate Bill No. 430)
Amending act providing for incorporation and government of cities of third class, 2053.

No. 890 (Senate Bill No. 598)
To prevent fraud and deception in manufacture and sale of adulterated, misbranded or deleterious ice cream, 2053.

No. 891 (Senate Bill No. 298)
Authorizing cities and boroughs to regulate mining of coal beneath their surfaces, 2053.

No. 892 (Senate Bill No. 20)
Amending act relating to removal of judges for physical or mental disability as regards pay after removal, 2053.

No. 893 (Senate Bill No. 567)
Amending act regulating fees to be charged by constables, 2053.

No. 894 (Senate Bill No. 295)
Fixing number and salaries of officers, clerks and employes in State Treasury, 2053.

No. 1242 (Senate Bill No. 622)
Requiring bond to be furnished by plaintiff before any writ of foreign attachment against personal property shall be served, 2247.

No. 1243 (Senate Bill No. 602)
Regulating award and trial of issues of fact arising on disputed accounts of executors, administrators, guardians or trustees, 2247.

No. 1244 (Senate Bill No. 620)
Regulating treatment of persons in places of detention awaiting trial, 2247.

No. 1283 (Senate Bill No. 413)
Amending act providing for appointment of Game Commissioners by providing for increase in number of game protectors, 2586.

Leave of absence asked for, 125, 305.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 1350.

Drop from calendar House Bill No. 707, providing for appeal from judgment of aldermen or justices of the peace regardless of amount in controversy or amount of judgment rendered, 3525.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 401, providing for examination, licensure and registration of those engaged in plumbing or house drainage in cities of first class, 2569

Postpone for present House Bill No. 512, regulating compensation of tax collectors in boroughs and townships, 2056.

Recall from House and recommit to Committee House Bills Nos. 656, 657 and 260, 1472.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 827, fixing number and salaries of clerks and other employes in Department of Auditor General, 2587.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 512, regulating compensation of tax collectors in boroughs and townships, 2056.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 892, amending act relating to removal of judges as regards pay after removal, 3258.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Crawford County against automobile license bill, 1357.

Citizens of Crawford County for Sproul road bill, 1357.

VON TACKY, FRANK B.—Continued.
Remarks by, on
House Bill No. 455, fixing compensation of four clerks in Department of Banking, 1684.
House Bill No. 1368, declaring liability of railroad companies for loss or damage by fire, 3486.
Resolution offered by, to
Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 401, providing for examination, licensure and registration of those engaged in plumbing or house drainage in cities of first class, 2569.
Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

VOTE CAST, bills to amend act providing uniform method of electing certain party officers as it relates to (see electing).

VOTE, concurrent resolution (Senate) by McIlhenny, proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania to eliminate payment of toll tax as qualification to, 700.
Resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 700.

VOTE, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Tustin, proposing amendment to section one, article eight of Constitution of Pennsylvania, relating to right to, 455.
Resolution referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 455.

VOTE FOR AND AGAINST PROPOSED AMENDMENTS to Constitution, report of,
Presented to Senate, 10.
Presented to House, 53.
In Appendix, 3697.

VOTE FOR AUDITOR GENERAL AND STATE TREASURER, report of commission to compute
Presented to Senate, 10.
Presented to House, 53.
In Appendix, 3694.

VOTE FOR CANDIDATE FOR PUBLIC OFFICE while said employes are at work or going to or returning therefrom, bill to prevent mine foremen or mine superintendents from intimidating, coercing or requesting their employes to (see mine).

VOTE FOR ELECTION OF UNITED STATES SENATORS, bill to enable electors at the November election in 1911 to express their preference in regard to direct (see United States).

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, Lieutenant Governor and Secretary of Internal Affairs, concurrent resolution (Senate) providing time for joint session to compute, by Wilbert, 6.
Resolution returned by House, 7.
Notification to Senate of appointment of teller by House, 7.
Vote presented to Senate, 7.
Committee of House escorts members of Senate to House to compute vote, 36.
Members of Senate return from House, 36.
Teller's report to Senate of proceedings of joint sesion, 36.
Vote for shown, by counties, 37-39.
Summary of, 40.
Resolution concurred in by House, 50.
Appointment of teller by House, 50.
Committee to be appointed to conduct Senate to Hall of House to compute vote, resolution (House) authorizing, by Gransback, 52.
Appointment of said Committee by House, 52.
Committee reports to House and is discharged, 52.
Joint session held, 52.
Teller's report to House of proceedings of joint session, 53.

VOTE IN CITIES of first and second class by changing registration days, bill to amend act making personal registration of electors a condition of the right to (see cities).

VOTE IN CITIES of second class, bill to provide for initiation of legislation upon popular request and referring legislation to popular (see cities).

VOTE, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania relating to right to (see Constitution).

VOTE OF THE PEOPLE, bill to improve civil service in certain counties and in cities of third class upon (see civil service).

VOTERS AT ELECTIONS, bills relating to (see elections).

VOTERS shall participate in the primaries, bill to amend act providing uniform method of electing certain party officers by providing what (see electing).

VOTING, bill to amend act regulating nomination and election of public officers by further regulating giving of assistance to electors when (see electors).

VOTING MACHINES at any or all elections and primary elections within this State, to provide for use of
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 1419.
Referred to Committee on Elections, 1419.

WAGES, bill to regulate lending of money upon personal property, salaries and (see lending).

WAGES, bills to provide for collection of judgments by attachment execution against (see judgments).

WAGES every two weeks, to provide for payment of
Read in place in House by Mr. Kinney, 124.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 124.

WAGES FOR DEBT, petitions presented for amendment to exemption law so as to permit attachment of a portion of (see petitions).

WAGES TO ANY EMPLOYE of Senate or House of Representatives unless such employe shall have actually performed the duties of his office, bill to prohibit payment of (see employe).

WAGES PAYABLE TO THEIR WIVES OR CHILDREN, supplement to act for relief of deserted wives and children providing for imprisonment at hard labor of such husbands or fathers with their (see deserted).

WAGES SHALL BE EXEMPT, bill to amend act exempting property to the value of $300 from levy and sale for rent so that upon the issuing of a certain attachment execution only 75 per cent, of (see rent).

WAGES TO BE PAID, bill to amend act dividing cities of this State into three classes by authorizing councils to pass ordinances defining competency of workmen or laborers engaged in contract work for such city and prescribing minimum (see cities).

WAGES TO BE SEMI-MONTHLY, to require the payment of
House Bill No. 196
Read in place in House by Mr. James J. Campbell, 304.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 304.
Reported with amendment, 565.
First reading, 603.
Second reading and amended, 729.
Third reading and postponed for present, 747.
Resumed and passed finally, 817.
Returned from Senate with amendments,
Concurred in Senate amendments,
Signed by Speaker, 3182.
Remarks on, by
Campbell, James J., 729, 730.
Halferty, 729.
Robinson, V. Gilpin, 729.
Baldwin, Richard J., 729.
Rockwell, 729.
Johnston, James C., 730.
Howard, 730.
McMullen, 730.
Wilson, 730.
In Senate (No. 788)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 808.
Reported with amendment, 2525.
First reading, 2553.
Recommitted to Committee, 2619.
Re-reported with amendment, 2665.
Second reading, 2697.
Third reading and final passage, 2890.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in
Signed by President pro tempore, 3114.

WAGNER, LOUIS, Member of Fiftieth Anniversary of Battle of Gettysburg Commission, nominated, 26.
Reported, 229.
Confirmed, 230.

WAGON BRIDGE, bill to authorize county commissioners to building bridge for pedestrians only in lieu of a (see bridge).

WAITING ROOMS at terminal stations, bill to require electric railway companies to provide suitable (see railway).

WAIVER OF THE BENEFIT of Act of 1849, exempting property to the value of $300 from levy and sale for rent, bill to make null and void any (see rent).

WALKER, HAY, Jr., Manager of Pennsylvania Reform School at Morganza, nominated, 24.

WALLACE, ROBERT L., Representative from Lawrence County,

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 140, requiring overseers of poor in townships of second class to maintain cemeteries, 581.

House Bill No. 188, amending act relating to lunatics and habitual drunkards as regards title to real estate, 597.

House Bill No. 312, to establish a public school system, 991.

Appointments of, on

Special committee, 50.

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Amending act relating to depositing of money with prothonotary or clerk of the several courts in lieu of surety on bonds, providing for fees of said prothonotary or clerk, 122.

Amending amended act relative to costs in suits before aldermen and justices of the peace, 123.

Amending section fifty-seven of act dividing the cities of this State into three classes, 122.

Enlarging the powers of overseers of the poor in townships of the second class, 96.

Further supplement to act relating to annexation by boroughs of adjacent territory when said territory is in an adjoining county, 140.

Making appropriation to New Castle Hospital at New Castle, 135.

Providing that real estate of all public service corporations shall be subject to taxation for local purposes, 209.

Regulating and improving civil service in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, 134.

Relating to certain actions of ejectment and making provisions in reference to abandonment thereof in certain cases, 103.

Relating to exoneretur by Court upon certain bonds, 96.

Relating to retrospective findings of lunacy commission as regards transactions in real estate, 95.

Repealing act making appropriation to drain Pymatuning Swamp in Crawford County, 301.

To amend act relating to lunatics and habitual drunkards as regards title to real estate, 97.

To provide that where a bond is filed in any court of record it shall be law for principal surety to present their petition to said court at a certain time, 591.

To quiet the title of real estate, 97.

Bills reported by

No. 8

To amend act relating to licenses for tenement houses, 109.

No. 28 (Senate Bill No. 95)

To carry into complete operation certain amendments to Constitution of Pennsyvania relating to terms of public officers, 140.

No. 54 (Senate Bill No. 617)

Fixing pay of viewers and surveyors in proceedings for damages to real property taken by any railroad, 187.

No. 329 (Senate Bill No. 553)

To reorganize Department of Internal Affairs, 734.

No. 330 (Senate Bill No. 585)

Amending act relating to competency of witnesses as regards husband and wife testifying in case of bigamy, 734.

No. 617

Providing for mediation and arbitration of labor disputes, 1340.

No. 77 (Senate Bill No. 365)

Providing for appeal from judgment of aldermen and justices of the peace regardless of amount in controversy, 1500.

No. 709

Providing for transfer of all records pertaining to naturalization of aliens to office of prothonotary of court of common pleas, 1609.

No. 745 (Senate Bill No. 1200)

To confer power on Orphans' Courts when balance for distribution in an estate includes stocks, bonds and other securities, 1694.

Election of, 43.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 144, 3041.

Discharge committee on Municipal Corporations from further consideration of bill relating to civil service in certain counties and in cities of third class, 1409.

WALLACE, ROBERT L.—Continued.

Dispense with reading of Journal, 55.

Fix time of next meeting, 63.

Place on calendar House Bill No. 831, to regulate and improve the civil service, 1919.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 60, amending act relating to fees of prothonotary or clerk, 336.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 165, further supplement to act relating to annexation to borough of territory from an adjoining county, 603.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 277, to repeal act to appropriate sum of fifteen thousand dollars to drain Pymatuning Swamp, 1186.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 277, repealing act appropriating sum of $15,000 for draining Pymatuning Swamp in Crawford County, 2882, 2883.

Petition presented by, from

Councils of city of New Castle, Lawrence County, for public utility commission bill, 2015.

Remarks by, on

Concurrent resolution in reference to adjournment until February twenty-seventh, 307.

House Bill No. 3, fixing salaries of judges of the several Courts, 217, 218, 529, 531, 532.

House Bill No. 15, to quiet title of real estate and relating to certain citizens and corporations to hold and convey title to real estate, 147.

House Bill No. 33, relating to actions of ejectment being deemed abandoned in certain cases, 203, 204.

House Bill No. 61, relating to additional officers and employes of General Assembly, 368, 369.

House Bill No. 112, to further regulate granting of licenses for sale of liquors, 478, 479, 480.

House Bill No. 165, further supplement of act relating to annexation of adjacent territory to boroughs regarding territory annexed from and adjoining county, 1955.

House Bill No. 269, providing for investigations when charges shall be preferred against a judge, 1332, 1333, 1334.

House Bill No. 312, to establish a public school system, 988, 989.

House Bill No. 650, amending third section of act to regulate sale of liquors, 2258, 2259.

House Bill No. 806, repealing so far as it relates to Borough of Midland act to prohibit sale of intoxicating drinks in Ohio Township, Beaver County, 3257.

House Bill No. 831, to regulate and improve civil service of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, 1826, 2185, 2186.

Resolution offered by

Thanking Legislative Journal reporters for services rendered during the session, 3613.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

WALLACE, WILLIAM D., Manager of Pennsylvania Reform School at Morganza, nominated, 24.

WALNUT, T. HENRY, Representative from Seventeenth District, (Philadelphia County),

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 966.

House Bill No. 580, amending act relating to employment of minors in bituminous coal mines and anthracite collieries by further regulating ages at which they may be employed, 1787.

House Bill No. 664, amending act relating to employment of minors by regulating hours of employment of minors under age of twenty-one in cities of first and second class in or for telegraph or messenger offices, 2095.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 84, 85, 99.

Bills introduced by

Amending act relating to employment of minors by reducing hours of employment of minors in cities of first and second class in or for telegraph or messenger offices, 303.

Amending act relating to employment of minors in coal mines, 302.

Amending act relating to schools by fixing number of members of Board of Education at fifteen, 1399.

Establishing municipal court for County of Philadelphia, 1458.

Making appropriation for House of Good Shepherd of Philadelphia, 638.

Making appropriation to Friends' Home for Children, Philadelphia, 688.

Making appropriation to Pennsylvania Working Home for Blind Men, 157.

Making appropriation to Rush Hospital for Consumption and Allied Diseases, of Philadelphia, 189.

WALNUT T. HENRY—Continued.

Making appropriation to Western Temporary Home of Philadelphia, 157.

Making appropriation to West Philadelphia Hospital for Women in City of Philadelphia, 103.

Repealing part of act relating to health and safety of minors in certain employments, 302.

To amend act regulating nomination and election of public officers by further regulating giving of assistance to electors when voting, 1028.

To amend act regulating nomination and election of public officers by further regulating watchers at elections, 1028.

Bills reported by

No. 387 (Senate Bill No. 618)

Authorizing refund to John Heathcote fee for notary public commission issued to E. H. Kratzer of Coatesville, 881.

No. 436

To provide against unlawful disclosures of information relative to shipments of competitors by common carriers, 1016.

No. 588

Amending act abolishing distinctions heretofore existing between actions ex contractu and actions ex delictu so far as relates to procedure, 1303.

No. 678

Amending act making it unlawful to trespass on land posted as private property limits lands to which it shall apply to cultivated and improved lands and wood lot adjacent thereto upon which seated land tax is paid, 1469.

No. 714

Fixing salary of register of wills in counties within which are or may be any cities of first class, 1609.

No. 720

Establishing municipal court for county of Philadelphia, 2248.

No. 758

Joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution granting to people right of Initiative and Referendum, 1695.

No. 904 (Senate Bill No. 603)

To provide for counsel fees for garnishee's attorney in attachment or attachment execution of any kind issued by a magistrate, 2184.

No. 1248 (Senate Bill No. 478)

Authorizing appointment by county commissioners of one assessor in each legislative district and three assessors from county at large in certain counties, 2247.

No. 1371 (Senate Bill No. 263)

Joint resolution providing for issuing of invitation to neighboring State to conference with respect to taxing of oil, gas and bituminous coal, 3239.

Election of, 44.

Leave of absence asked for, 590.

Motions by, to

Discharge Committee on Elections from further consideration of bill amending act regulating nomination and election of public officers by further regulating giving of assistance to electors when voting, 1409.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 720, establishing municipal court for County of Philadelphia, 2954.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 720, establishing municipal court for County of Philadelphia, 2117.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 530, providing for taxation of gross receipts of fire insurance companies on business done in Pennsylvania, 2186.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Philadelphia for memorial to founders of public school system, 733, 1015.

Citizens of Philadelphia for reading of Bible in public schools, 1281.

Question of information raised by, on

House Bill No. 508, relating to taxation and bonus on capital stock, 1790.

House Bill No. 728, amending act regulating nomination and election of public officers by further regulating giving of assistance to electors when voting, 1614.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 28, to carry into complete operation certain amendments to Constitution of Pennsylvania relating to terms of public officers, 196.

House Bill No. 312, to establish a public school system, 966.

House Bill No. 317, providing for licensing and regulation in cities of first class of all dramatic performances, 888, 889.

WALNUT T. HENRY—Continued.

House Bill No. 524, providing that corporations shall annually pay tax of four mills on each dollar of value of all their bonds, mortgages and other securities, 2323.

House Bill No. 580, amending act relating to employment of minors in bituminous coal mines and anthracite collieries or breakers by further regulating ages at which said minors may be employed, 1843, 1844.

House Bill No. 720, establishing municipal court for County of Philadelphia, 3025.

House Bill No. 728, amending act regulating nomination and election of public officers by further regulating giving of assistance to electors when voting, 3036.

House Bill No. 1287, amending act providing for personal registration of electors in cities of first and second class by further defining "party" and who may be appointed registrars, increasing terms of commissioners and changing registration days, 3247.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by

For appointment of commission to investigate and report on workmen's compensation, 921.

Resolution offered by

To place on calendar House Bill No. 728, amending act regulating nomination and election of public officers by further regulating giving of assistance to electors when voting, 1614.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

WALTER, MONEY PAID FOR NOTARY PUBLIC COMMISSION, making appropriation to refund to William G.

Senate Bill No. 91

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Kline, 222.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 222.

Reported without amendment, 241.

First reading, 275.

Second reading, 295.

Third reading and final passage, 347.

Returned from House without amendment, 1421.

Signed by President pro tempore, 1423.

Approved by Governor, 1547.

In House (No. 369)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 399.

Reported without amendment, 880.

First reading, 901.

Second reading, 1056.

Third reading and final passage, 1350.

Signed by Speaker, 1459.

WALTERS, of the African Methodist Episcopal Zion Church, resident of New York City, address by Bishop, 127.

WALTON, HENRY F., Member of Commission to Regulate Fish and Fishing in Delaware and Susquehanna Rivers, nominated, 25.

Reported, 283.

Confirmed, 298.

WALTON, WILLIAM D., Representative from Lawrence County,

Acting Speaker, 1765.

Amendment offered by, to

House Bill No. 125, to prevent spread of certain noxious weeds, 424.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 85, 99.

Bills introduced by

Amending act providing for appointment of Game Commissioners by increasing number of game protectors, 392.

Amending act regulating boroughs as regards observance of Sunday and prohibiting of gambling and betting, 140.

For better protection of wild birds and game by requiring citizens to procure license before hunting, 189.

Making appropriation to Almira Home of New Castle, 135.

Making appropriation to pay for preparation of Game, Fish and Forestry Laws, 207.

Making appropriation to Shenango Valley Hospital, of New Castle, 134.

Prohibiting minors from entering places where intoxicating liquors are sold, 252.

To prevent the spread of certain noxious weeds, 157.

To provide for purchase or condemnaton of real estate by boroughs for constructon of wharves, landing places and docks, 1948.

WALTON, WILLIAM D.—Continued.

Bills reported by

No. 43
Regulating use of moving picture machines in boroughs, 146.

No. 324 (Senate Bill No. 386)
To require fire drills in public schools, 734.

No. 432 (Senate Bill No. 222)
Authorizing road supervisors in townships of second class to aid in construction of sidewalks along public highways, 1015.

No. 623 (Senate Bill No. 216)
Amending act relating to roads, highways and bridges as regards cost of certain county bridges, 1340.

No. 643
Repealing act exempting soda water apparatus and appurtenances from levy or sale for rent, 1357.

No. 813
To regulate practice of pharmacy and sale of poisons and drugs, 1770.

No. 814
Fixing amount of campaign expenses of any candidate for salaried office, 1779.

No. 871 (Senate Bill No. 841)
Providing for better protection of women and newborn children by regulating practice of midwifery and providing for licensing and registration of midwives, 1949.

Election of, 43.

Leave of absence asked for, 568.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 1704.

Drop from calendar House Bill No. 1339, regulating purchase or condemnation of real estate by boroughs for purpose of constructing wharves, landing places and docks, 3498.

Fix time for next meeting, 219.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 125, to prevent spread of certain noxious weeds, 449.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 125, to prevent spread of certain noxious weeds, 902.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 448, Empowering Board of Commissioners of Public Grounds and Buildings to rent offices outside of Capitol Building when necessary, 1755.

Petition presented by, from

Citizens of Lawrence County for reading of Bible in public schools, 959.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

WAR OF THE REBELLION, bill making appropriation for relief of certain citizens of Pennsylvania who sustained damages during (see appropriation).

WARD, bill to provide for elections in territory annexed to a city that has been created into a new (see city).

WARD, WILLIAM B., Representative from First District, (Blair County),

Appointment of, on

Special committee, 52.

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Making appropriation to Altoona Hospital, 146.

Making appropriation to Mercy Hospital, Altoona, Blair County, 111.

Supplementary to act prohibiting sale of eggs unfit for food providing for denaturing by kerosene of all eggs unfit for food, 1028.

Election of, 42.

Bills reported by

No. 199 (Senate Bill No. 470)
Making appropriation to Porter Lodge No. 284, F. & A. M. of Catasauqua, 565.

No. 735 (Senate Bill No. 443)
Making appropriation to refund to Edwin C. Emhardt money paid for notary public commission, 1610.

No. 1219 (Senate Bill No. 1136)
Making an appropriation to the Altoona Hospital, Altoona, Blair County, 2244.

No. 1220 (Senate Bill No. 1137)
Making an appropriation to the Trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons, at Mercer, 2244.

WARD, WILLIAM B.—Continued.

No. 1221 (Senate Bill No. 1138)
Making an appropriation to the Grove City Hospital, at Grove City, 2244.

No. 1222 (Senate Bill No. 1139)
Making an appropriation to the Christian H. Buhl Hospital of Sharon, 2244.

No. 1223 (Senate Bill No. 1140)
To amend act to provide for the selection of sites and the erection of State hospitals thereon for injured persons so as toauthorize, under certain contingencies, the reception, care and treatment of patients other than injured persons, in the said hospitals, 2244.

No. 1224 (Senate Bill No. 1141)
Making an appropriation to the Mercy Hospital, Altoona, Blair County, 2244.

Election of, 42.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 113.

Dispense with further reading of Journal, 687, 2349.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Blair County against section of School Code compelling medical inspection of school children, 845.

Citizens of Blair County, for Maurer Initiative and Referendum Bill, 687.

Resolution, duplicate, offered by

Approving Sulloway Bill in United States Congress granting pensions to certain enlisted men, 211.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

WARD, WILLIAM, Jr., Representative from First District, (Delaware County),

Acting Speaker, 1460.

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 312, to establish a public school system, 982.

House Bill No. 329, to reorganize Department of Internal Affairs and fix number and salaries of officers, clerks and employes therein, 1287.

House Bill No. 509, further amending section 24 of further supplement to act to provide revenue by taxation, 2350.

House Bill No. 537, permitting municipal authorities to institute quo warranto proceedings against public service corporations which refuse or neglect to perform any of their corporate functions or duties, 1511.

House Bill No. 550, to prevent issuing or transfer of papers not issued by warehouseman or distillers certifying that goods are stored in any warehouse. 1926, 1927.

House Bill No. 617, providing for mediation and arbitration of labor disputes, 2020.

House Bill No. 1050, making appropriation to House of Refuge in Eastern District of Commonwealth for Boys' Department of Glen Mills, 2766.

House Bill No. 1071, making appropriation to House of Refuge in Eastern District of Commonwealth, 2834.

House Bill No. 1255, making appropriation to House of Refuge in Eastern District of Commonwealth for girls' department near Darlington, 2835, 2836.

Appointment of, as

Teller to count vote for State officers, 50.

Appointment of, on

Conference committee, 696, 3320.

Special committee, 54, 3613.

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85, 99.

Bills introduced by

Making appropriation to Chester Hospital at Chester, 190.

Making appropriation to House of Refuge in Eastern District of Commonwealth for special purposes of boys' department at Glen Mills, 98.

Making appropriation to House of Refuge in Eastern District of Commonwealth for special purposes of girls' department at Darlington, 98.

Making appropriation to State Quarantine Station for maintenance and for special purposes, 123.

Permitting building associations or other corporations whose affairs have been wound up to satisfy mortgages, 302.

Providing that any public service corporation in any city, borough or township must forfeit its right or commission in case of neglect or misuse of its corporate duties or functions, 110.

Refunding to Margaret F. D. Leiper certain moneys mistakenly paid into State Treasury, 1028.

WARD, WILLIAM, JR.—Continued.

Regulating reading of Holy Bible in public schools, 142.

To authorize appointment of commission for erection of monument to John Morton, 96.

To provide for mediation and arbitration of labor disputes, 921.

To provide that actions for personal injuries shall not be maintained against municipalities unless notice is given in writing by proper person, 95.

To reorganize Department of Internal Affairs, 636.

Bills reported by

No. 115 (Senate Bill No. 14)

Repealing act fixing compensation of commissioners of Bucks County, 314.

No. 488

Authorizing municipal authorities to limit charges of water companies, 1047.

No. 537

To provide that where any public service corporation refuses or neglects to perform any of its corporate functions or duties any city, borough or township may institute proceedings in nature of quo warranto against same, 1212.

No. 631

Amending act providing for incorporation of corporations for purpose of making insurance upon health of individuals and against personal injury by increasing powers of such corporations and requiring larger capital in case of stock companies, 1341.

No. 673 (Senate Bill No. 828)

Relating to construction and maintenance of viaducts and bridges in townships of first class and adjacent territory, 1469.

No. 628 (Senate Bill No. 229)

Amending act providing for vacation of alleys that may be public nuisance by fixing number of jury at three, 1470.

No. 920 (Senate Bill No. 1234)

Making appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home and Maternity Hospital, Philadelphia, 2516.

No. 944 (Senate Bill No. 1226)

Making appropriation to St. Joseph's Hospital, of Philadelphia, 2516.

No. 1050 (Senate Bill No. 1230)

Making appropriation to House of Refuge situate in Eastern District of the Commonwealth for special purposes of boys' department at Glen Mills, 2239.

No. 1062 (Senate Bill No. 1227)

Making appropriation to Catholic Home for Destitute Children, Philadelphia, 2516.

No. 1064 (Senate Bill No. 1225)

Making appropriation to Saint Vincent's Home, Philadelphia, 2516.

No. 1068 (Senate Bill No. 993)

Making an appropriation to the Chester Hospital at Chester, 2240.

No. 1069 (Senate Bill No. 994)

Making an appropriation to the Downingtown Industrial and Agricutural School, of Downingtown, Chester County, 2240.

No. 1070 (Senate Bill No. 995)

Refunding to Margaret F. D. Leiper certain moneys mistakenly paid by her into the State Treasury, 2240.

No. 1071 (Senate Bill No. 1205)

Making an appropriation to the Home of Refuge in the Eastern District of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, 2240, 2516.

No. 1113 (Senate Bill No. 1229)

Making appropriation to Brownsville General Hospital, 2516.

No. 1129 (Senate Bill No. 1204)

Making appropriation to Improvement Children's Home of City of Pittsburg, 2516.

No. 1141 (Senate Bill No. 1203)

Making appropriation to Western Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind at Pittsburg, 2516.

No. 1216 (Senate Bill No. 1217)

Making appropriation to Pennsylvania Training School for Feeble Minded Children at Elwyn, 2516.

No. 1253 (Senate Bill No. 1202)

Making appropriation to Institute for Colored Youth at Cheyney, Delaware County, 2308.

WARD, WILLIAM, JR.—Continued.

No. 1255 (Senate Bill No. 1209)

Making appropriation to House of Refuge situate in eastern district for special purposes of girls' department situate near Darlington, 2323.

No. 1274

Authorizing appointment of commission for erecting of monument to John Morton, signer of Declaration of Independence, at Chester, 2473.

Election of, 43.

Leave of absence asked for, 157.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 1223.

Dispense with further reading of Journal, 1237.

Fix time for next meeting 63.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 37, regulating use of moving picture machines in cities of third class, 726.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 144, for safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings in cities of third class, 600.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 384, establishing in each county a board of viewers, 1355.

Postpone indefinitely House Bill No. 748, providing that furniture and household goods leased or hired shall not be levied upon or sold for rent, 3256.

Recommit to committee House Bill No. 43, relating to use of moving picture machines in boroughs, 232.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 96, relating to payment of deposit in names of two persons, 486.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 165, further supplement to act regarding annexation to borough of territory from adjoining county, 603.

Petitions presented by, from

Councils of Chester City, for passage of House Bill No. 62, 323.

Order of Independent Americans for reading of Bible in public schools, 1047.

Question of information raised by, on

House Bill No. 1263, making appropriation to Temple University of Philadelphia, 3004.

Remarks by, on

Concurrent resolution relative to draping Barnard statuary, 370.

House Bill No. 37, regulating use of moving picture machines in cities of third class, 193.

House Bill No. 180, regulating admission of minors to certain institutions for deaf, 694.

House Bill No. 312, to establish a public school system, 968.

House Bill No. 329, to reorganize Department of Internal Affairs, 892.

House Bill No. 518, amending act providing uniform method of electing certain party officers by providing for one primary each year in place of two, 1189.

House Bill No. 617, providing for mediation and arbitration of labor disputes, 2020.

House Bill No. 680, fixing salary of deputy factory inspectors, 3220, 3221.

House Bill No. 693, regulating reading of Holy Bible in public schools, 2495.

House Bill No. 784, providing additional remedies for possession of property in case of non-payment of rent by tenants, 3030.

House Bill No. 748, providing that furniture and household goods leased or hired shall not be levied upon or sold for rent, 3256.

House Bill No. 842, for safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings in cities of third class, boroughs and townships by providing proper exits and fire escapes and fire extinguishers and other preventives of fire, 3350, 3502.

House Bill No. 1267, regulating use of moving picture machines and construction and use of booths therefor in cities of third class, boroughs and townships, 3369.

House Bill No. 1280, providing for extension of Capitol Park in City of Harrisburg, 3329.

Report by, as teller to count vote for State officers, 53.

Resolution offered by

Authorizing appointment of committee to advise Senate that House of Representatives is ready to adjourn sine die, 3613.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

WARDS IN CERTAIN HOSPITALS and commitment thereto of persons suffering with mental disorders, bill to authorize establishment of psychopathic (see psychopathic).

WAREHOUSEMAN OF PAPERS certifying that goods are stored in any warehouse or papers in similitude of warehouse receipts, to prevent the issuing for transfer by other than a

House Bill No. 550

Read in place in House by Mr. Richard J. Baldwin, 1082.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1082.
Reported without amendment, 1213.
First reading, 1242.
Second reading, 1514.
Vote on second reading reconsidered and bill amended, 1514.
Third reading and amended, 1926.
Final passage, 2599.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3355.
Signed by Speaker, 3481.

Remarks on, by

Baldwin, Richard J., 2599.

In Senate (No. 1165)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2555.
Reported without amendment, 2896.
First reading, 3181.
Second reading, 3174.
Third reading and final passage, 3272.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3394.

WAREHOUSEMAN OF PAPERS certifying that goods are stored in any warehouse or papers in similtude of ware house receipts, to prevent the issuing or transfer by other than a

Senate Bill No. 477

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox, 1100.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1100.
Reported without amendment, 1254.
First reading, 1325.
Second reading and amended, 1427.
Third reading and final passage, 1440.

In House

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1471.

WAREHOUSES, bill relating to cold storage and refrigerating (see cold storage).

WAREHOUSES, bill relating to receipts or certificates issued by owners of distillery warehouse, special bonded warehouses and bonded

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 941.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 941.

WAREHOUSES, special bonded warehouses and bonded warehouses established under provisions of revised statutes of United States relating to distilleries, relating to receipts or certificates issued by owners of bonded distillery

Senate Bill No. 640

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 1855.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 1855.
Reported without amendment, 1856.
First reading, 2012.
Second reading, 2178.
Third reading and final passage, 2208.
Returned from House without amendment, 3305.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3404.

In House (No. 1257)

Referred to Committee on Corporations, 2247.
Reported without amendment, 2323.
First reading, 2384.
Second reading, 2514.
Third reading and final passage, 3367.
Signed by Speaker, 3591.

WARRANTEE TRACT MAPS of each of the several counties so as to reduce number of said maps to be published and limiting free distribution of same, bill to amend act relating to publication of (see maps).

WARRANTY TRACTS, to provide for relocating and marking at expense of proper county of all original

Read in place in House by Mr. Good, 591.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 591.

WARREN, B. H., Member of Advisory Board of Department of Health, nominated, 23.

Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

WARREN COUNTY, bill to repeal act to enlarge jurisdiction of justices of the peace in (see justices of the peace).

WARREN COUNTY for conveying prisoners to the penitentiary, bill to repeal act fixing the costs to be paid to the sheriff of (see sheriff).

WARREN EMERGENCY HOSPITAL of Warren, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1090

Read in place in House by Mr. Schofield, 155.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 155.
Reported with amendment, 2240.
First reading, 2336.
Second reading, 2413.
Third reading and final passage, 2779.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.

In Senate (No. 1014)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.
Reported without amendment, 2687.
First reading, 2709.
Second reading, 2915.
Third reading and final passage, 3085.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

WARREN EMERGENCY HOSPITAL of Warren, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Knapp, 149.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 149.

WASBERS, HENRY, Senator from Twenty-Eighth District, (York County),

Amendments offered by, to

Senate Bill No. 365, providing for appeal from judgment of aldermen and justices of peace regardless of amount in controversy or amount of judgment rendered, 954.

Senate Bill No. 496, to establish public school system, 1889, 1890.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 79, 80, 120.

Bills introduced by

Amending act providing for examination, registration and licensure of those engaged in plumbing in cities of second class, 904.

Amending act relating to game by fixing open season for quail, 222.

Further amending an act relating to registration of plumbers, 89.

Making appropriation to Paradise Protectory and Agricultural School at Paradise, York County, 402.

Making properties benefited by certain street improvements in boroughs liable for the costs, 166.

Providing for appeal from judgment of aldermen and justices of the peace regardless of amount in controversy, 665.

Bills reported by

No. 166 (House Bill No. 493)
Relating to paving of streets in boroughs, 401.

No. 411 (House Bill No. 687)
Amending act giving additional protection to game of State and wild birds within limits of certain preserves, 995.

No. 493 (House Bill No. 1366)
Giving additional protection to wild waterfowl of all kinds, 1306.

No. 502
Amending act relating to protection of game so as to further restrict open season for game birds, 1418.

No. 576 (House Bill No. 319)
Providing for punishment of persons responsible for or contributing to delinquency of children 1632.

No. 577 (House Bill No. 321)
Supplementary to act relating to care of neglected and delinquent children providing for employment of clerks and stenographers to facilitate probation work of juvenile court, 1632.

No. 578 (House Bill No. 331)
Supplementary to act authorizing commitment of minors by magistrates or judges of certain charitable societies, 1633.

No. 686 (House Bill No. 494)
Amending act relating to fish by removing certain restrictions on fishing with nets, 2201.

No. 736 (House Bill No. 289)
To regulating paving of sidewalks and setting curbstones in townships of first class, 2265.

WASBERS, HENRY—Continued.

Election of, 2.

Motions by, for

Senate to go into Committee of Whole for general amendment to Senate Bill No. 496, to establish a public school system, 1890.

Senate to go into Committee of Whole for special amendment to Senate Bill No. 496, to establish a public school system, 1889.

Motions by, to

Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 98, amending act exempting property to value of $300 from levy and sale for rent, 1710.

Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 560, providing for better protection and preservation of game, game quadrupeds and game birds, 2456.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 502, amending act to provide for protection of game so as to further restrict open season for game birds, 1718.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 560, providing better protection and preservation of game, game quadrupeds and game birds, 2456.

Reconsider vote on Senate Bill No. 98, amending act exempting property to value of $300 from levy and sale for rent, 1710.

Resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 98, amending act exempting property to value of $300 from levy and sale on execution and distress for rent, 1806.

Petition presented by, from

Citizens of Seven Valley, York County for passage of act regulating sale of deadly weapons and explosive substances, 663.

Remarks by, on

Senate Bill No. 365, providing for appeal from judgment of aldermen or justices of the peace regardless of amount, 1000.

Senate Bill No. 496, to establish a public school system, 1890.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 71.

WASH HOUSES TO BE PROVIDED, bills relating to health and safety of persons employed in mines and requiring (see mines).

WASHERY OR CULM BANK COAL as freshly mined coal, bill to prohibit sale of (see coal).

WASHINGTON AND JEFFERSON COLLEGE in repayment for collateral inheritance tax on certain bequests, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 88

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Adams, 150.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 150.
Reported without amendment, 241.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 275.
Re-reported without amendment, 2215.
Second reading, 2276.
Third reading and final passage, 2451.

In House

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2570.

WASHINGTON HOSPITAL, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1217

Read in place in House by Mr. Bentley, 252.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 252.
Reported with amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2342.
Second reading, 2433.
Third reading and final passage, 2821.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.

In Senate (No. 1134)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2663.
Reported without amendment, 2691.
First reading, 2715.
Second reading, 2924.
Third reading and final passage, 3108.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

WASHINGTON HOSPITAL, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Judson, 244.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 244.

WASSON, ELGIE L., Representative from Butler County,

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 222, to prohibit sale of adulterated or deleterious sausage, 818.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 84, 85, 99.

Bills introduced by

Amending act relating to establishment of Medical Council by providing that students may be examined in certain subjects at end of two years' course, 303.

Extending jurisdiction of Commonwealth in cases of divorce, 208.

Making appropriation to Butler County General Hospital at Butler, 94.

Making appropriation to State Normal School at Slippery Rock, 638.

Prohibiting minors from entering places where liquors are sold with intent to purchase same, 1398.

Providing for protection of public health by prohibiting sale of adulterated or deleterious sausage, 189.

Relating to right to practice medicine and surgery in Pennsylvania, 210.

Relating to trading stamps, coupons, discount checks and other similar devices, 416.

To repeal act exempting pianos, melodeons and organs, leased, hired, or conditionally sold, from levy or sale for rent, 1184.

To repeal act to exempt soda water apparatus and appurtenances thereto, leased, hired or conditionally sold, from levy or sale for rent, 1184.

Communication from, 3649.

Election of, 43.

Leave of absence asked for, 1610, 3309.

Motion by, to

Adjourn, 127.

Petition presented by, from

Citizens of Butler County for Initiative and Referendum, 1609.

Resolution offered by

In reference to sessions of House commencing at 10 o'clock ante-meridian, 50.

Sympathy of House extended to, 3649.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

WASTE FROM ANY JOURNAL BOX of engines or cars used upon any railroad so as to include brasses, bill to amend act relating to felony of removing (see railroad).

WATCHERS AT ELECTIONS, bill to amend act regulating nomination and election of public officers by further regulating (see elections).

WATER AND WATER POWER COMPANIES by repealing provision that agreements of merger and consolidation shall not be approved except upon acceptance of certain acts, to amend act relating to

Senate Bill No. 329.

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Thomson, 490.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 490.
Reported without amendment, 760.
Recommitted to Committee, 806.

WATER AND WATER POWER COMPANIES shall begin and complete their works, to require approval of Water Supply Commission to extension of time within which

House Bill No. 677

Read in place in House by Mr. Shreve, 1238.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1238.
Reported without amendment, 1469.
First reading, 1501.
Second reading, 2098.
Third reading and final passage, 2566.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3356.
Signed by Speaker, 3480.

In Senate (No. 830)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2537.
Reported without amendment, 2665.
First reading, 2927.
Second reading, 3157.
Third reading and final passage, 3271.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3405.

WATER AND WATER POWER COMPANIES to designate exact source of their supply by providing that no water or water power company, municipality nor any corporation using water shall take any new source of supply without approval of Water Supply Commission, to amend act requiring all

House Bill No. 694

Read in place in House by Mr. Shreve, 1238.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1238.
Reported without amendment, 1480.
First reading, 1502.
Second reading, 2103.
Third reading and final passage, 2573.

In Senate

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 2542.

WATER, bill to prohibit use of alum and alum compounds in filtration of (see alum).

WATER by fixing number of viewers at three, to amend act authorizing cities and boroughs to condemn property for purpose of obtaining and supplying

Senate Bill No. 225

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 403.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 403.
Reported without amendment, 540.
First reading, 633.
Second reading, 673.
Third reading and final passage, 704.
Returned from House without amendment, 3381.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3403.

In House (No. 846)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 748.
Reported without amendment, 1947.
First reading, 2047.
Second reading, 2354.
Defeated on third reading, 3334.
Motion to reconsider vote on third reading defeated, 3353.
Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill passed finally, 3469.
Signed by Speaker, 3590.

Remarks on, by

Scott, John R. K., 3469.

WATER CLOSET, bill to require foundries to be provided with toilet room and (see foundries).

WATER CLOSETS, bill to require electric railway companies operating suburban or interurban railways to equip all cars with toilets or (see railway).

WATER COMPANIES and certain commissioners of water in cities of third class to extend their pipes beyond city limits, bill to authorize (see cities).

WATER COMPANIES, bill to empower cities of second class to levy taxes on (see cities).

WATER COMPANIES by permitting exercise of right of eminent domain if plans are approved by Water Supply Commission, to amend act relating to right of eminent domain of

Senate Bill No. 330

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Thomson, 490.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 490.
Reported without amendment, 760.
Recommitted to Committee, 806.

WATER COMPANIES FOR FIRE HYDRANTS, bill to authorize commissioners of townships of first class to make certain contracts with (see townships).

WATER COMPANIES in certain cases, bill to authorize municipal authorities to limit the charges of (see charges).

WATER COMPANIES providing for approval by Water Supply Commission of extensions of territorry and regulating carrying of water by pipe-lines outside the territory of any water company, to amend act granting certain rights to

House Bill No. 908

Read in place in House by Mr. Shreve, 1238.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1238.
Reported without amendment, 2235.
First reading, 2384.
Second reading, 2512.

WATER COMPANIES providing that such act shall not apply to water companies for which letters patent have been issued prior to passage of said act, supplement to act restricting exercise of right of eminent domain by

Read in place in House by Mr. Steese, 1082.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 1082.

WATER COMPANIES, supplement to act relating to when right of eminent domain shall not be exercised by certain

Senate Bill No. 212

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Snyder, 454.
Referred to Committee on Corporations, 454.
Reported without amendment, 497.
First reading, 564.
Second reading, 632.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 669.

WATER COMPANIES TO FURNISH POWER for public purposes, to amend act relating to regulation of certain corporations by compelling

Read in place in House by Mr. Wilson, 391.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 391.

WATER COMPANIES, to provide that right of eminent domain as respects appropriation of streams and land covered thereby may be exercised by certain

House Bill No. 245

Read in place in House by Mr. Neel, 302.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 302.
Reported with amendment, 590.
First reading, 640.
Second reading and amended, 745.
Defeated on third reading, 826.

Remarks on, by

Baldwin, Richard J., 826.
Marvin, 826, 827.
Schofield, 827.

WATER COMPANIES without consent of Water Supply Commission, to provide that right of eminent domain as respects appropriation of streams shall not be exercised by

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Shields, 243.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 243.

WATER FOR GENERATING ELECTRICITY among those liable for payment of tax on gross receipts, bill to amend further supplement to act to provide revenue by taxation by including corporations and companies engaged in using (see tax).

WATER FOR MANUFACTURING and other purposes and water power companies to furnish power for public purposes, to amend act relating to certain corporations so as to compel companies incorporated for furnishing

House Bill No. 402

Read in place in House by Mr. Wilson, 776.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 776.
Reported without amendment, 884.
First reading, 923.
Second reading, 1062.
Third reading and final passage, 1477.
Returned from Senate with amendment, 2314
Concurred in Senate amendments, 2314.

In Senate (No. 588)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1550.
Reported without amendment, 1668.
First reading, 1745.
Second reading, 1819.
Third reading and amended, 1905.
Over in its order, 1999, 2156.
Vote on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 2203.
Final passage, 2267.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 2440.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2443.

Remarks on, by

Kurtz, 2204.
McNichols, 2204.
Hall, 2204, 2205.
Sproul, 2204.
Fox, 2204, 2205.
Powell, 2204.

WATER-FOWL OF ALL KINDS in this Commonwealth, to give additional protection to wild

Senate Bill No. 493
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Homsher, 149.
Referred to Committee on Fish and Game, 149.
Reported with amendment, 1306.
First reading, 1430.
Second reading, 1449.
Third reading and final passage, 1590.
Returned from House without amendments, 3406.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3539.

In House (No. 1366)
Referred to Committee on Game, 1678.
Reported without amendment, 3033.
First reading, 3033.
Second reading, 3213.
Third reading and final passage, 3499.
Signed by Speaker, 3610.

WATER MANURE or add any other matter other than the manure to increase its weight for purpose of cheating purchaser, bill making it a misdemeanor to (see manure).

WATER OR FURNISHING LIGHT, bill to authorize boroughs to unite in constructing or acquiring and maintaining works for supplying (see boroughs).

WATER POWER COMPANIES by permitting such companies to build transmission lines and to distribute electric power and current to any place or places in the Commonwealth and conferring on such companies further powers of eminent domain, to amend act granting certain authority to

Senate Bill No. 328
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Thomson, 490.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 490.
Reported without amendment, 760.
Recommitted to Committee, 806.

WATER POWER COMPANIES to furnish such power for public purposes, to amend act relating to certain corporations so as to compel
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichols, 1068.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1068.

WATER RENTS, supplement to act for government of cities of second class relating to taxes and (see cities).

WATER SUPPLY COMMISSION of Pennsylvania for protection of property at Lackawaxen, Pike County, from Lackawaxen and Delaware Rivers, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1365
Read in place in House by Mr. Marvin, 96.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 96.
Reported without amendment, 2984.
First reading, 2984.
Second reading, 3016.
Third reading and final passage, 3205.

In Senate
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3047.

WATER SUPPLY COMMISSIONERS, nominated, 23.
Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

WATER SUPPLY for dwellings in cities of first class, bill to prescribe the number of fixtures for (see cities).

WATER WORKS and to extend its pipes and supply water therein, bill to authorize boroughs to erect or acquire (see boroughs).

WATER WORKS or systems of water works to provide for supply of water for municipal and domestic purposes, to authorize municipalities to construct

Senate Bill No. 259
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 541.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 541.
Reported without amendment, 607.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 685.

WATERS FOR PURPOSE OF PUBLIC FISHING, bill to authorize Board of Fishery Commission to accept or purchase land under or surrounding (see fishing).

WATERS OF THE STATE by including tanneries within the scope of the act, bill to amend act to preserve the purity of the (see tanneries).

WATERWAYS, bill to enable counties to appropriate money or issue bonds for canals or (see counties).

WATRES, LOUIS A., Member of Armory Board of State of Pennsylvania, nominated, 26.
Reported, 940.
Confirmed, 956.

WATTS, EDWARD, Representative from Seventh District, (Luzerne County),

Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by
Amending act in regard to indebtedness of municipalities, 134.
Amending act regulating sale of milk in cities of first class, 302.
Fixing the salary of District Attorney and providing for appointment of Assistant District Attorney in certain counties, 111.
Making appropriation to Wilkes-Barre City Hospital, 97.
Making appropriation to Wyoming Valley Society for the Prevention and Treatment of Tuberculosis, 252.
Preventing insurance corporations from entering into agreement to fix premium for insuring property, 208.
Protecting persons employed in or about mines by providing safety appliances, 252.
Regulating pay of all election officers at all elections hereafter held, 140.
Relating to judgments obtained before aldermen and justices of the peace against municipalities, 111.
Relating to maximum number of licenses to be granted for sale of liquors by retail, 362.
Relating to settlement and audit of accounts of all officers of boroughs, townships, poor districts and school districts, 111.
Supplement to act for regulation of boroughs, 111.
To enable certain minors of five years of age and over to contract for membership in certain fraternal beneficial societies, 921.
To provide for appeal from judgment of aldermen and justices of the peace regardless of amount in controversy or of amount of judgment rendered, 1214.
To provide for appointment of special detective officers in certain counties, 1400.

Bills reported by
No. 147
Requiring electric railway companies to provide suitable waiting rooms at terminal stations and equip all cars with toilets, 390.

No. 212 (Senate Bill No. 114)
Joint resolution for appointment of commission to investigate conditions in matter of surface support where anthracite coal has been removed, 566.

No. 412
To further amend act relating to safety of persons employed in and about anthracite coal mines so as to increase number of inspectors, 921.

No. 566 (Senate Bill No. 739)
To require fire drills in factories and industrial establishments, 1237.

No. 793
Amending act providing for health and safety of persons employed in and about anthracite coal mines by further fixing duty of owners of coal mines to provide wash houses, 1758.

Election of, 44.

Petition presented by, from
Citizens of Luzerne County for State Local Option Law, 525.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 72.

WAYNE COUNTY HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION for construction of hospital at Honesdale, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. Jackson, 1458.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1458.

WAYNESBURG COLLEGE, a co-educational institution, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. Blair, 1016.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1016.

WAYNESBURG COLLEGE, a co-educational institution, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 440
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Judson, 996.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 996.
Reported without amendment, 1100.
First reading, 1181.
Recommitted to Committee, 1210.

WAYNESBURG HOSPITAL, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1167
Read in place in House by Mr. Blair, 142.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 142.
Reported with amendment, 2243.
First reading, 2340.
Second reading, 2423.
Third reading and final passage, 2805.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.
In Senate (No. 1086)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2662.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2713.
Second reading, 2920.
Third reading and final passage, 3098.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

WEAPONS AND EXPLOSIVE SUBSTANCES, bill to regulate sale of deadly (see sale).

WEAPONS DISCHARGING METAL BULLETS, bill to prohibit minors under age of 16 years from carrying or making use of fire-arms or other (see minors).

WEAPONS OR OTHER IMPLEMENTS, bill to prohibit the bringing into prisons of (see convict).

WEAPONS, to regulate carrying of dangerous or deadly
House Bill No. 238
Read in place in House by Mr. Hoover, 473.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 473.
Reported with negative recommendation, 590.

WEAPONS, to regulate sale and carrying of dangerous and deadly
Read in place in House by Mr. Lowe, 1398.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1398.

WEAVER, DR. JOSEPH K., Trustee of State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Eastern Pennsylvania, at Spring City, nominated, 27.

WEAVER, ETHAN ALLEN, nominated as Member of Advisory Commission for Preservation of Public Records, 1069.
Reported, 1074.
Confirmed, 1075.

WOODS AND BRUSH, to provide for the destruction and to prevent the spread of
Read in place in House by Mr. Rockwell, 112.
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 112.

WEEDS, to prevent the spread of certain noxious
House Bill No. 125
Read in place in House by Mr. Walton, 157.
Referred to Committee on Agriculture, 157.
Reported with amendment, 314.
First reading, 337.
Second reading and amended, 423.
Third reading and postponed for present, 449.
Recommitted to Committee, 902.
Re-reported with amendment.
Resumed and amended, 1345.
Final passage, 1464.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1759.
Signed by Speaker, 1851.
Vetoed by Governor, 2559.
In Senate (No. 540)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1451.
Reported without amendment, 1455.
First reading, 1607.
Second reading, 1654.
Third reading and final passage, 1724.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1823.

WEIGHING BY RAILROAD COMPANIES of all merchandise that is sold by weight and shipped in carload lots, bill to regulate the correct (see railroad).

WEIGHING SCALES, bill to provide in cities of first class for delivery tickets in sale of anthracite coal and to authorize the designation of (see cities).

WEIGHT OF ANTHRACITE COAL shall make a ton so as to make it a misdemeanor to sell anthracite coal by short weight, bill to amend act regulating what (see coal).

WEIGHT OR MEASURE of contents thereof, bill to provide that all packages or other receptacles containing food shall be marked with true (see contents).

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES by Secretary of Internal Affairs, to provide for the purchase, custody and verifying of standard tests of
Read in place in House by Mr. McClung, 109.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 109.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES for Bureau of Standards, bill to authorize the purchase of a set of standardized (see Bureau).

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES for Bureau of Standards, to authorize the purchase of a set of standarized
House Bill No. 611
Read in place in House by Mr. Tunis, 155.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 155.
Reported without amendment, 1340.
First reading, 1413.
Second reading, 1534.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 2019.
Vote on final passage reconsidered, 2054.
Resumed and passed finally, 2054.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 2936.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 2936.
Signed by Speaker, 3183.
Remarks on, by
Tunis, 2054, 2055.
Knight, 2055.
In Senate (No. 731)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2154.
Reported with amendment, 2265.
First reading, 2469.
Second reading, 2548.
Third reading and final passage, 2614.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 2902.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3116.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES, making an appropriation to enable Secretary of Internal Affairs to purchase standard tests of
House Bill No. 1127
Read in place in House by Mr. McClung, 362.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 362.
Reported with amendment, 2241.
First reading, 2338.
Second reading, 2418.
Third reading and final passage, 2792.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.
In Senate (No. 1050)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2688.
First reading, 2711.
Second reading, 2918.
Third reading and final passage, 3092.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES, to authorize municipalities to provide for regulation and inspection of
House Bill No. 275
Read in place in House by Mr. Breitinger, 637.
Referred to Committee on Counties and Townships, 637.
Reported without amendment, 715.
First reading, 750.
Second reading, 1050.
Third reading and final passage, 1296.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1759.
Signed by Speaker, 1851.
Vetoed by Governor, 2559.
Remarks on, by
Williams, 1050.
Breitinger, 1050.
In Senate (No. 539)
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1263.
Reported without amendment, 1455.
First reading, 1607.
Second reading, 1654.
Third reading and final passage, 1724.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1824.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES, to prohibit the giving of short

Senate Bill No. 138

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Salus, 150.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 150.
Reported without amendment, 282.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 359.
Re-reported without amendment, 831.
Second reading, 913.
Third reading and final passage, 942.

In House (No. 684)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 971.
Reported with amendment, 1470.
First reading, 1502.
Second reading and postponed for present, 2101.
Resumed on second reading and amended, 2193.
Third reading and defeated on final passage, 3333.

Remarks on, by

Scott, John R. K., 3333.
Baldwin, R. J., 3333, 3334.
Feeney, 3333, 3334.
Ailman, 3334.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES, to provide for appointment of county and city inspectors of

House Bill No. 221

Read in place in House by Mr. McClung, 567.
Referred to Committee on Municipal Corporations, 567.
Reported without amendment, 566.
First reading, 605.
Second reading, 848.
Third reading and amended, 1094.
Final passage, 1245.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 1959.
Signed by Speaker, 2049.
Approved by Governor, 2557.

In Senate (No. 581)

Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 1235.
Reported without amendment, 1633.
First reading, 1745.
Second reading, 1819.
Third reading and final passage, 1904.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2005.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES, to provide for appointment of county and city inspectors of

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox, 541.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 541.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES, to provide for appointment of Sealers of Weights and Measures in cities and to authorize them to effectively regulate the use of

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Fox, 149.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 149.

WEINGARTNER, GEORGE T., Senator from Forty-Seventh District, (Beaver and Lawrence Counties),

Amendments offered by, to

Senate Bill No. 626, amending and supplementing act for government of cities of second class by abolishing present select and common councils and creating new body to be known as the council, 2010, 2011.

Senate Bill No. 730, amending act regulating compensation of sheriffs for boarding prisoners in counties whose population does not exceeding 50,000 by extending same to counties having population not exceeeding 60,000, 2547.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 79, 80.

Bills introduced by

Amending act relating to road supervisors in townships of second class by providing for a graded compensation for collectors of road taxes, 541.

Amending act relating to uniform method of making nominations by providing that each elector shall be given opportunity to express his choice for United States Senator, 665.

Relating to receivers' sales, 635.

Relative to sale in bulk of the whole or a large part of household goods, furniture and cooking utensils, 1231.

To provide for licensing of persons engaged in keeping of infant children under age of three years for hire, reward or otherwise in cities of third class, 941.

To provide for settlement of strikes or lockouts by Boards of Arbitration, 805, 806.

WEINGARTNER, GEORGE T.—Continued.

Bills reported by

No. 34 (House Bill No. 263)
Regulating amusements and places of public amusement, 373.

No. 127 (House Bill No. 384)
Establishing in each county a Board of Viewers, 282.

No. 128 (House Bill No. 236)
Relating to estates passing from an adopting parent to a legally adopted child, 282.

No. 129 (House Bill No. 57)
Repealing act relating to Union school house in Borough of Mercer, 282.

No. 205 (House Bill No. 49)
Providing for sale of unserviceable personal property of the Commonwealth, 487.

No. 306 (House Bill No. 443)
To establish county court for county of Allegheny, 699.

No. 346 (House Bill No. 1363)
Declaring liability of railroad companies for loss or damage by fire, 788.

No. 347 (House Bill No. 476)
Relating to sheriff's sales of lands under certain writs, 788.

No. 392 (House Bill No. 548)
Permitting county treasurers not paid by salary to retain one-half of one per centum from monies received from liquor license fees, 937.

No. 418 (House Bill No. 17)
Amending act relating to liens for taxes and municipal improvements by changing method of service by advertisement upon writs of scire facias, 1173.

No. 428
Enabling certain minors of five years of age and over to contract for membership in certain fraternal beneficial socities, 1099.

No. 476 (House Bill No. 805)
Authorizing poor districts to provide hospitals for indigent person afflicted with tuberculosis, 1254.

No. 480 (House Bill No. 194)
Providing for notification of taxables by tax collectors in boroughs and townships, 1705.

No. 556 (House Bill No. 881)
Providing for compensation of district attorneys whose terms expired but who were required to serve additional term on account of Constitutional amendment, 1631.

No. 557 (House Bill No. 246)
Permitting building associations or other corporations whose charters have expired to satisfy mortgages, 1631.

No. 590
Regulating periods of service of jurors on courts of common pleas, oyer and terminer and quarter sessions, 1705.

No. 591 (House Bill No. 214)
Providing that no commission shall be allowed county treasurers on money collected for use of Commonwealth upon which treasurer has already received a commission, 1706.

No. 631 (House Bill No. 188)
Amending act relating to lunatics and habitual drunkards as regards title to real estate, 1854.

No. 663 (House Bill No. 336)
Making void surveying of certain highways and sewers over private property in boroughs where work has not been commenced within two years from passage of ordinance, 1963.

No. 664 (House Bill No. 388)
To regulate use of fire crackers, fire works and blank cartridges, 1963.

No. 697 (House Bill No. 559)
Amending act relating to removal of waste or packing from journal boxes of any engines or cars, 2202.

No. 733 (House Bill No. 266)
Providing for association of township commissioners and township supervisors in the different counties, 2265.

No. 734 (House Bill No. 285)
Regulating practice of neuropathy, 2265.

WEINGARTNER, GEORGE T.—Continued.

No. 771 (House Bill No. 655)

Providing for taking of testimony to be used in any of civil courts of record in this Commonwealth of witnesses residing in any other State or in any foreign country, 2524.

No. 818 (House Bill No. 458)

Regulating amount of liability a corporate surety may undertake in any single obligation, 2603.

No. 819 (House Bill No. 460)

Providing for payment of premiums on bonds required of public officers and for discharge of sureties thereunder, 2603.

Leave of absence asked for, 373, 1173.

Motion by, to

Dispense with further reading of Journal, 281, 373, 663, 3043.

Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 101, prohibiting any judge of certain courts to try a case wherein the attorney for either party shall be related to such judge, 348.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 127, establishing in each county a Board of Viewers, 358.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 129, repealing act authorizing Borough of Mercer to erection Union school house, 358.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 590, regulating periods of service of jurors on courts of common pleas, oyer and terminer and quarter sessions, 1821.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 626, amending and supplementing act for government of cities of second class by providing for abolishing present select and common councils and creating new body to be known as the council, 2174.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 734, regulating practice of neuropathy, 2456.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 749, creating office of fire marshal to be attached to Department of Public Safety in cities of first class, 2456.

Nominations from Committee reported by, 165.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Beaver and Lawrence Counties, for resident hunters' license bill, 2263.

Citizens of 47th Senatorial District against excise commission bill and brewers and distillers license bill, 1705.

Citizens of Lawrence County for passage of oleomargarine law, 937.

Citizens of Pennsylvania for reading of Bible in public schoools, 831.

City Councils of New Castle, for passage of Public Utility Commission Bill, 2521.

Remarks by, on

Senate Bill No. 626, amending and supplementing act for government of cities of second class by abolishing present select and common councils and creating new body to be known as the council, 2011, 2174.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 71.

WEISER IN COUNTY OF BERKS, making appropriation for monument to Conrad

Senate Bill No. 376

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Snyder, 665.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 665.

Reported without amendment, 903.

First reading and recommitted to Committee, 957.

Re-reported without amendment, 2215.

Second reading, 2281.

Third reading and final passage, 2454.

In House

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2571.

WELCH, EVERETT C., Representative from Somerset County,

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Amending act to provide for election of burgess for three years in the several boroughs who shall not be eligible to succeed himself, 1282.

Amending act to provide for levying a tax to provide suitable building for locking up and keeping criminals and disorderly persons until they can be properly dealt with according to law, 1214.

Authorizing printing of subsequent editions of bulletins by Department of Agriculture, 200.

Making appropriation to Markleton General Hospital, 155.

WELCH, EVERETT C.—Continued.

Bill reported by

No. 747 (Senate Bill No. 1207)

Providing for appointment of commission to survey military routes of General Edward Braddock and General John Forbes, 1695.

Election of, 45.

Leave of absence asked for, 1500, 3011.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Somerset County, against commission form of government, 313.

Citizens of Somerset County for Maurer Initiative and Referendum Bill, 733.

Citizens of Somerset County for resident hunters' license bill, 970.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by

Requesting Congress in case of death of ex-soldier or sailor who received pension to provide for granting of same to widow or nearest relative supported by him, 1409.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

WELCHANS, A. C., Trustee of Thaddeus Stevens Industrial School of Pennsylvania, nominated, 61.

Reported, 129.

Confirmed, 132.

WELLS FALLS, bill to authorize Union Paper Mills Manufacturing Company to construct a dam in Delaware River at (see Union Paper Mills).

WELLS PRODUCING NATURAL GAS, bill to regulate operation of (see gas).

WELLSBORO, TIOGA COUNTY, to regulate election of borough council providing that term of office of council shall be four years, to amend act authorizing burgess and town council of

House Bill No. 444

Read in place in House by Mr. Rockwell, 776.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 776.

Reported without amendment, 1016.

First reading, 1090.

Second reading, 1374.

Third reading and defeated on final passage, 1682.

Vote on final passage reconsidered and bill postponed for present, 1683.

WERTZ, GEORGE M., Senator from Thirty-fifth District, (Cambria County),

Address by, as President pro tempore, 3577.

Appointment of, as

Teller, to compute vote for Governor, Lieutenant Governor and Secretary of Internal Affairs, 6.

Appointment of, on

Conference committee, 299.

Special committee, 67.

Standing committees, 79, 80.

Bills introduced by

Amending act relating to appointment of Game Commissioners by providing for increase in number of game protectors, 794.

Authorizing purchase of Mount Aloysius Academy at Cresson for sanatorium for indigent insane tuberculosis persons, 832.

Exempting certain estates from collateral inheritance tax, 89.

Making appropriation to Brownsville General Hospital at Brownsville, 832.

Making appropriation to Christian Home of Johnstown, 223.

Making appropriation to Conemaugh Valley Memorial Hospital at City of Johnstown, 223.

Making appropriation to Johnstown City Hospital, 223.

Making appropriation to Mercy Hospital of Johnstown, 185.

Making appropriation to Miners' Hospital of Northern Cambria, 298.

Making appropriation to St. Francis Hospital, Pittsburg, 2156.

Making appropriation to State Pharmaceutical Examining Board, 1068.

Making State taxes, unpaid bonus, interest, penalties and all public accounts a first lien upon franchise and property of corporations, 1067.

Prohibiting judges of certain courts from hearing cause or matter wherein the attorney for either party shall be related to said judge, 167.

WERTZ, GEORGE M.—Continued.

Relating to exercise of right of eminent domain, 267.

To fix maximum number of licenses to be granted in any county for sale of liquors at retail, 1419.

To fix salary of Chief of Department of Mines, 541.

To make State taxes, unpaid bonus on capital stock and penalties a first lien on franchises and property of corporations, 454.

To provide that persons buying real estate from executors or trustees shall take title free of any obligation to see to application of purchase money, 794.

Bills reported by

No. 12 (House Bill No. 449)
Making uniform law of transfer of shares of stock incorporations, 129.

No. 35
Providing for additional law judge in several courts of Sixth Judicial District, 223.

No. 96 (House Bill No. 576)
Increasing number of Courts of Common Pleas in Allegheny County, 241.

No. 105 (House Bill No. 55)
Fixing salary of private secretary to Governor, 249.

No. 177 (House Bill No. 1241)
Providing for icorporation and government of cities of third class, 1632, 1900.

No. 180 (House Bill No. 30)
Providing for additional law judge in Sixth Judicial District, 453.

No. 214 (House Bill No. 896)
Amending act relating to practice of osteopathy by providing for issuing of certificates for license to practice osteopathy, 995, 1424.

No. 328
Amending act relating to water power companies by permitting such companies to build transmission lines and other structures and to distribute electric power, 760.

No. 329
Amending act relating to supply of water or water power companies, 760.

No. 330
Amending act giving to water companies right of eminent domain in certain cases by permitting exercise of right of eminent domain if plans shall have been filed with and approved by Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania, 760.

No. 331
Joint Resolution proposing amendment to section 4, article 9 of Constitution of Pennsylvania, 760.

No. 358
Exempting dental furniture, tools and equipment, leased, hired or conditionally sold, from levy and sale on execution or distress for rent, 794.

No. 417 (House Bill No. 681)
Supplement to act relating to certain corporations providing for incorporation of trustees of certain funds for advancement of learning, science, art, 1002.

No. 456 (House Bill No. 1277)
Further amending act providing for examination, licensure and registration of those engaged in business of plumbing in cities of second class, 1205.

No. 565 (House Bill No. 883)
Supplement to act providing for erection of State Hospital for Criminal Insane directing commissioners to surrender their trust to board of trustees to be appointed by Governor, 1632.

No. 570 (House Bill No. 102)
Regulating fees to be charged by sheriffs in counties having population of less than 130,000, 2278.

No. 781 (House Bill No. 1338)
Relating to settlement and audit of accounts of all officers of boroughs, townships, poor districts and school districts, 2525.

Election of, as President pro tempore, to serve until next session of Legislature, 3577.

Motions by, for

Senate Bill No. 407, for better protection of wild birds and game by requiring all citizens to procure license before using guns for hunting, to go over in its order, 1438.

Senate Bill No. 413, amending act relating to game commissioners by providing for increase in number of game protectors, to go over in its order, 1177.

WERTZ, GEORGE M.—Continued.

Motions by, to

Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 196, amending act relating to mortgages by requiring purchase money mortgages to be recorded within ten days in order to have priority of lien, 667.

Postpone for present Senate Bill No. 415, amending act for appointment of game commissioners by providing for increase in number of game protectors, 1229.

Motions by, to

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 177, providing for incorporation, regulation and government of cities of the third class, 1713.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 699, providing for punishment of inmates in any charitable, reformatory or other institution which is maintained wholly or partly by State appropriations, 2532.

Resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 407, for better protection of wild birds and game by requiring all citizens to procure license before using gun for hunting, 1439.

Resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 413, amending act providing for appointment of game commissioners providing for an increase in number of game protectors, 2206.

Nomination of, as President pro tempore, 3577.

Oath of office administered to, as President pro tempore, 3577.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Cambria County against excise commission bill and brewers' and distillers' license bill, 1853.

Citizens of Cambria County against Halferty oleomargarine bill, 2263.

Citizens of Cambria County for Initiative and Referendum 1205, 1305, 1853.

Citizens of Cambria County for Jones Taxation Bill, 1205, 1853.

Citizens of Cambria County for resident hunters' license bill, 2263.

Citizens of Cambria County for Sproul Road Bill, 1205, 1853.

Citizens of Cambria County for teachers' salary bill, 1853.

Citizens of Indiana County for changes in State roads, 1853.

Citizens of Westmoreland County for good roads bill, 2263.

Remarks by, on

Senate Bill No. 142, repealing act relating to certain abandoned turnpikes, 462.

Senate Bill No. 219, providing for expenses of county commissioners and county poor directors, 703.

Senate Bill No. 413, amending act providing for appointment of game commissioners by providing for increase in number of game protectors, 2206.

Report by, as teller to compute vote for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor and Secretary of Internal Affairs, 36.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by

Thanking Andrew Carnegie for tract of land at Cresson, 130.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 71.

WEST, MISS ROBERTA M., Member of State Board of Examiners for Registration of Nurses, nominated, 24.
Reported, 283.
Confirmed, 298.

WEST MOUNTAIN SANATORIUM of Scranton, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 995
Read in place in House by Mr. Haggerty, 98.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 98.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2332.
Second reading, 2399.
Third reading and final passage, 2748.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.

In Senate (No. 925)
Refered to Committee on Appropuriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2685.
First reading, 2705.
Second reading, 2909.
Third reading and final passage, 3068.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

WEST NEWTON in Westmoreland County act to prohibit issuance of licenses in certain boroughs including West Newton and Mount Pleasant, to repeal so far as it relates to borough of

House Bill No. 773
Read in place in House by Mr. Klumpp, 1457.
Referred to Committee on Law and Order, 1458.
Reported without amendment, 1747.
First reading, 1831.
Second reading, 2128.
Dropped from calendar, 3256.
Special order for consideration, 3227.

Remarks on, by
Boyd, 3256.
Klumpp, 3256.

WEST PHILADELPHIA GENERAL HOMEOPATHIC HOSPITAL and Dispensary, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1094
Read in place in House by Mr. J. J. Campbell, 105.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 105.
Reported with amendment, 2241.
First reading, 2336.
Second reading, 2414.
Third reading and final passage, 2781.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3476.

In Senate (No. 1018)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.
Reported without amendment, 2687.
First reading, 2709.
Second reading, 2915.
Third reading and final passage, 3085.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

WEST PHILADELPHIA GENERAL HOMEOPATHIC HOSPITAL and Dispensary, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 117.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 117.

WEST PHILADELPHIA HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN in the City of Philadelphia, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 921
Read in place in House by Mr. Walnut, 103.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 103.
Reported with amendment, 2236.
First reading, 2328.
Second reading, 2387.
Third reading and final passage, 2723.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3472.

In Senate (No. 852)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2655.
Reported without amendment, 2683.
First reading, 2702.
Second reading, 2904.
Third reading and final passage, 3055.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

WEST PHILADELPHIA HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN in the city of Philadelphia, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 117.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 117.

WEST SIDE HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION of the City of Scranton, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1227
Read in place in House by Mr. Albert Davis, 125
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 125.
Reported with amendment, 2244.
First reading, 2343.
Second reading, 2435.
Third reading and final passage, 2825.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3479.

In Senate (No. 1144)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2664.
Reported without amendment, 2691.
First reading, 2715.
Second reading, 2924.
Third reading and final passage, 3110.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

WEST SIDE HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION of the City of Scranton, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichols, 118.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 118.

WESTERN PENITENTIARY, bill making appropriation for a new penitentiary and providing for sale of site now occupied by the (see penitentiary).

WESTERN PENITENTIARY, petitions presented for new (see petitions).

WESTERN PENITENTIARY to appear before Judiciary General Committee in open meeting in Hall of House on Tuesday, February 14, 1911, at 3.40 P. M., resolution (House) by Alter, to permit Hon. John Francis, Warden of the, 211.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA HOSPITAL for maintenance, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1126
Read in place in House by Mr. McClung, 232.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 232.
Reported with amendment, 2241.
First reading, 2338.
Second reading, 2418.
Third reading and final passage, 2792.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

In Senate (No. 1049)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2687.
First reading, 2711.
Second reading, 2918.
Third reading and final passage, 3091.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA HOSPITAL, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1124
Read in place in House by Mr. McClung, 232.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 232.
Reported with amendment, 2241.
First reading, 2338.
Second reading, 2418.
Third reading and final passage, 2791.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

In Senate (No. 1047)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2688.
First reading, 2711.
Second reading, 2918.
Third reading and final passage, 3091.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA HUMANE SOCIETY, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1131
Read in place in House by Mr. Hough, 124.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 124.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2338.
Second reading, 2418.
Third reading and final passage, 2793.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

In Senate (No. 1053)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2688.
First reading, 2711.
Second reading, 2918.
Third reading and final passage, 3092.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA HUMANE SOCIETY, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Hunter, 117.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 117.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA INSTITUTION FOR BLIND at Pittsburg, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1141
Read in place in House by Mr. Magee, 111.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 111.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2339.
Recommitted to Committee, 2385.
Re-reported with amendment, 2516.
Second reading, 2834.
Third reading and final passage, 2987.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3529.
Signed by Speaker, 3589.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA INSTITUTION FOR BLIND—Continued.

In Senate (No. 1203)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 3044.
Reported without amendment, 3120.
First reading, 3177.
Second reading, 3299.
Third reading and final passage, 3386.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3538.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA INSTITUTION FOR BLIND at Pittsburg, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Wilbert, 90.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 90.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA INSTITUTION FOR INSTRUCTION OF THE DEAF AND DUMB, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1001

Read in place in House by Mr. William Conner, 104.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 104.
Reported with amendment, 2238.
First reading, 2332.
Second reading, 2400.
Third reading and final passage, 2750.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.

In Senate (No. 931)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2658.
Reported without amendment, 2685.
First reading, 2705.
Second reading, 2909.
Third reading and final passage, 3069.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

WESTERN SAVING FUND SOCIETY'S REPORT for 1909 presented to Senate, 7.

Presented to House, 105.
In Appendix, 3657.

WESTERN SAVING FUND SOCIETY'S REPORT for 1910 presented to Senate, 152.

Presented to House, 154.
In Appendix, 3884.

WESTERN STATE PENITENTIARY, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1140

Read in place in House by Mr. Alter, 124.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 124.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2339.
Second reading, 2420.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

In Senate (No. 1061)

Third reading and final passage, 2796.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2711.
Second reading, 2918.
Third reading and final passage, 3094.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

WESTERN STATE PENITENTIARY, making appropriation to reimburse

House Bill No. 211

Read in place in House by Mr. Alter, 124.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 124.
Reported without amendment, 566.
First reading, 604.
Second reading, 740.
Third reading and final passage, 815.
Signed by Speaker.
Approved by Governor, 1919.

In Senate (No. 471)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 808.
Reported without amendment, 1253.
First reading, 1325.
Second reading, 1425.
Third reading and final passage, 1440.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1551.

WESTERN TEMPORARY HOME of Philadelphia, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1056

Read in place in House by Mr. Walnut, 157.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 157.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2335.
Second reading, 2409.
Third reading and final passage, 2768.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.

In Senate (No. 983)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2708.
Second reading, 2913.
Third reading and final passage, 3079.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

WESTERN TEMPORARY HOME of Philadelphia, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 89.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 89.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY COAL FIELDS,, concurrent resolution No. 8 (House) by Shreve, providing for investigation of conditions in, 52.

Resolution referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 52.
Reported from Committee.
Considered and postponed for present, 819.
Resumed, amended and agreed to, 822, 823.
Referred to Committee on Mines and Mining in Senate, 837.

WESTMORELAND COUNTY COAL FIELDS, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Adams, providing for investigation of conditions in, 6.

Resolution referred to Committee on Mines and Mining, 6.

WESTMORELAND HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION of Greensburg, making appropriation to

Senate Bill No. 69

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Jamison, 166.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 166.
Reported without amendment, 240.
First reading and recommitted to Committee, 273.
Re-reported with amendment, 2215.
Second reading, 2274.
Third reading and final passage, 2449.
Returned from House without amendment, 3048.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3275.

In House (No. 1318)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2570.
Reported without amendment, 2841.
First reading, 2998.
Second reading, 3013.
Third reading and final passage, 3193.
Signed by Speaker, 3496.

WHARVES, bill to authorize any city bordering on navigable tidal stream to acquire real estate along such stream for construction of (see city).

WHARVES, bills to provide for purchase or condemnation of real estate by boroughs for purpose of constructing (see boroughs).

WHITAKER, ANDREW R., Member of State Fisheries Commission, nominated, 23.

WHITAKER, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Nulty, in reference to Legislature adjourning on February fifteenth as mark of respect to Archbishop Ryan and Bishop, 223.

Resolution returned by House, 248.
Concurred in by House, 260.

WHITE FRONT LIGHT, bill to require vehicles on public highways to show a (see vehicles).

WHITEMAN, J. D., Member of Board of Dental Examiners of State of Pennsylvania, nominated, 27.

WHITMAN, W. F., Representative from Venango County,

Amendments offered by, to

House Bill No. 777, relating to right to practice medicine and surgery in Pennsylvania and establishing Bureau of Medical Education and Licensure as bureau of Department of Public Instruction, 2106, 2108.

WHITMAN, W. F.—Continued.

Appointment of, on

Conference committee, 3370, 3371, 3372, 3487, 3580.
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Making appropriation to Franklin City Hospital, 134.
Making appropriation to Grand View Institution of Oil City, 112.
Making appropriation to Oil City Hospital of Oil City, 112.
Making appropriation to State Normal Schools, 324.
Making appropriation to Trustees of State Institution for Feeble-Minded, at Polk, 96.
To authorize depositing of county funds at interest, 1329.
To authorize State Department of Health to accept title to "The Grand View Sanatorium for the Care and Treatment of Poor Consumptives," located at Oil City, 155.
To regulate operation of wells producing natural gas, 921.

Bills reported by

No. 200 (Senate Bill No. 386)
Making appropriation for deficits to Home for Training in Speech of Deaf Children before they are of School Age, at Belmont Avenue and Monument Road, Philadelphia, 565.

No. 805 (Senate Bill No. 476)
Authorizing poor districts to erect hospitals for care and treament of indigent persons afflicted with tuberculosis, 3354.

No. 894 (Senate Bill No. 295)
Fixing number and salaries of officers, clerks and employes in State Treasury, 2841.

No. 1028 (Senate Bill No. 1236)
Making appropriation to Salvation Army Rescue and Maternity Home of Bellevue, 2841.

No. 1133 (Senate Bill No. 1237)
Making appropriation for Springdale Hospital, 2841.

No. 1166
Making appropriation to pay for publication of Game, Fish and Forestry Laws of this Commonwealth, 2841.

No. 1232 (Senate Bill No. 1147)
Making an appropriation to the Grand View Institution of Oil City, 2244.

No. 1233 (Senate Bill No. 1148)
Making an appropriation to the Franklin City Hospital, 2244.

No. 1234 (Senate Bill No. 1149)
Making an appropriation to the Oil City Hospital of Oil City, 2244.

No. 1235 (Senate Bill No. 1151)
Making an appropriation to the State Normal Schools of this Commonwealth, 2244.

No. 1236 (Senate Bill No. 1152)
Making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Institution for Feeble-Minded of Western Pennsylvania at Polk, 2244.

No. 1237 (Senate Bill No. 1232)
Making an appropriation to the DuBois Hospital of DuBois, Clearfield County, 2244, 2841.

No. 1238 (Senate Bill No. 1153)
Making an appropriation to the Kittanning General Hospital at Kittanning, Armstrong County, 2244.

No. 1295 (Senate Bill No.)
Making an appropriation to the Hayes Mechanics' Home located in the City of Philadelphia, 2840.

No. 1296 (Senate No. 36)
To refund to the Elizabeth Steel Magee Hospital the collateral inheritance tax paid out of its funds by the estate of Christopher L. Magee deceased, 2840.

No. 1297 (Senate No. 651)
Authorizing the appointment of a commission to revise and codify the present Anthracite Mining Laws defining its powers and duties and making an appropriation to defray the expenses of said commission, 2840.

No. 1298 (Senate No. 649)
Making an appropriation to the First Allegheny Day Nursery and Temporary Home for Children, 2840.

No. 1299 (Senate No. 388)
Making an appropriation to reimburse certain counties and townships whose commissioners and supervisors have inadvertently failed to comply with the law governing State aid in maintenance of highways and regulating the payments herein provided for, 2840.

WHITMAN, W. F.—Continued.

No. 1300 (Senate No. 190)
Making an appropriation to the Philadelphia Polyclinic and College for Graduates in Medicines, 2840.

No. 1301 (Senate No. 81)
Making an appropriation to the Phoenixville Hospital at Phoenixville, 2840.

No. 1302 (Senate No. 78)
Making an appropriation to the House of Good Shepherd Scranton, Lackawanna County, 2840.

No. 1303 (Senate No. 74)
Making an appropriation to the Coatesville Hospital Coatesville, Chester County, 2840.

No. 1304 (Senate No. 71)
Making an appropriation to the Commissioners of Valley Forge Park, 2840.

No. 1305 (Senate No. 437)
Making an appropriation to complete the erection of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Trevorton Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields of Pennsylvania situate in the township of Coal, Northumberland County, 2840.

House Bill No. 1306 (Senate No. 377)
Making an appropriation to aid in the erection of a memorial in commemoration of the victory of Commodore Oliver Hazard Perry at the Battle of Lake Erie and the Centennial Celebration of that event and the northwestern campaign of General William Henry Harrison in the war of one thousand eight hundred and twelve, 2840.

House Bill No. 1307 (Senate No. 373)
Making an appropriation to the trustees of the State Hospital for Injured Persons of the Trevorton Shamokin and Mount Carmel Coal Fields situate in the township of Coal near Shamokin Northumberland County, 2840.

House Bill No. 1308 (Senate No. 257)
Making an appropriation to the Coleman Industrial Home for Colored Boys located in the City of Pittsburg, Allegheny County, 2840.

House Bill No. 1309 (Senate No. 256)
Making an appropriation for the improvement of the maritime port facilities of the State of Pennsylvania, 2840.

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No. 26 (House Bill No. 477)

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No. 415 (House Bill No. 176)
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No. 430 (House Bill No. 889)
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No. 821 (House Bill No. 639)
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Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 430, amending act providing for incorporation and government of cities of third class, 1180.

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Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 734, to regulate practice of neuropathy and provide for establishment of State Board of Neuropathic Examiners, 3274.

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Resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 734, to regulate practice of neuropathy and provide for State Board of Neuropathic Examiners, 3274.

Resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 763, supplementary to act for government of cities of second class, 3297.

Resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 792, authorizing printing and binding of annual report of Commissioner of Health in two separate volumes, 2891.

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Suspend rule 21 to consider House amendments to Senate Bill No. 139, amending act regulating practice of osteopathy by providing final date for registration of certain practitioners of osteopathy, 1803.

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Senate Bill No. 427, amending act relating to care of neglected and dependent children by empowering Court to enforce order of support made upon parents, 1231.
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Senate Bill No. 626, amending and supplementing act for government of cities of second class by providing for abolishing present select and common councils and creating new body to be known as the Council, 2175.
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WILLIAMS, GEORGE W., Representative from Tioga County,

Acting Speaker, 1159, 1296.

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No. 338
To provide for taxation of auxiliary forest reserves, 734.

No. 339
To define and establish auxiliary forest reserves, 734.

No. 340
To encourage foresting and reforesting of lands by exempting certain lands from taxation, 735.

No. 865 (Senate Bill No. 463)
Authorizing insurance and surety companies to make deposit of certain securities with Insurance Commissioner to enable them to do business with other States or with United States Government, 1949.

Election of, 45.

Leave of absence asked for, 200, 1780.

WILLIAMS, GEORGE W.—Continued.

Motions by, to

Postpone for present House Bill No. 641, repealing act exempting pianos, melodeons or organs, leased or hired, from levy or sale on execution or distress for rent, 2346.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 643, repealing act exempting soda water apparatus and appurtenances, leased or hired, from levy or sale on execution or distress for rent, 2346.

Petitions presented by, from

Camp P. O. S. of A., of Liberty, Tioga County, for school code, 1397.

Citizens of Delman Township, Tioga County, for passage of Boyd Local Option Bill, 278.

Citizens of Tioga for enfranchisement of women, 733.

Citizens of Tioga County, Centre Grange, Farmington Hill Grange and North Elk Run Grange, Tioga County, for Jones Road Bill, 1397.

Citizens of Tioga County for Jones Road Bill, 1115, 1328, 3309.

Citizens of Tioga County for oleomargarine bill, 1328.

Citizens of Tioga County for passage of Sulloway Pension Bill by U. S. Congress, 278.

Citizens of Tioga County for Sproul Road Bill, 1115, 1328.

Grange No. 1088, Patrons of Husbandry for legislation to better telephone facilities, 139.

Middle Range Grange, Tioga County, for Kelly resolution for Initiative and Referendum, 959, 1115.

Stony Creek Grange No. 1033, Patrons of Husbandry, Tioga County, for better telephone facilities, 278.

Washington Camp No. 626, P. O. S. of A., Tioga County, for school code, 1669.

Question of privilege raised by, on

House Bill No. 111, amending act relating to safety of persons employed in and about anthracite coal mines so as to increase number of inspection districts, 696.

Remarks by, on

Concurrent resolution to permit Commission to Revise and Codify Election Laws of Pennsylvania to make its final report to General Assembly of 1913, 779.

House Bill No. 26, empowering boroughs to prohibit the planting of certain objectionable trees, 175.

House Bill No. 55, requiring all property, real, personal and mixed, to be taxable and assessed according to its fair cash value, 1612.

House Bill No. 96, regulating payment of any deposit made in names of two persons, 690.

House Bill No. 136, providing for appointment of jury commissioners by judges of courts of common pleas in certain counties, 786.

House Bill No. 141, establishing in certain counties a Board for Assessment and Revision of Taxes, 640, 641.

House Bill No. 193, amending act to create Department of Forestry, 853.

House Bill No. 259, to provide revenue by taxation for improvement of public roads, 1461.

House Bill No. 269, providing for investigation when charges shall be preferred against a judge, 1335.

House Bill No. 275, to authorize municipalities to provide for regulation and inspection of weights and measures, 1050.

House Bill No. 339, defining and establishing auxiliary forest reserves, 2320.

House Bill No. 517, establishing in counties containing population of from 150,000 to 225,000 a Board for Assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and County purposes, 2061.

House Bill No. 708, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania authorizing State to issue bonds to amount of $50,000,000 for improvement of highways, 2490.

House Bill No. 892, amending act relating to removal of judges as regards pay after removal, 3255.

Resolution offered by

Asking Chairman of Committee on Appropriations to furnish House with certain information so as to avoid making appropriations in excess of State revenue, 2015.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

WILLIAMS, J. H. Shoemaker and A. Morton Cooper for service as attorneys for Dairy and Food Commissioner, bill making appropriation to Carroll R. (see Dairy and Food).

WILLIAMS, RICHARD B., Director of Nautical School at Philadelphia, nominated, 23.
Reported, 939.
Confirmed, 956.

WILLIAMSON, HENRY S., Trustee of Thaddeus Stevens Industrial School of Pennsylvania, nominated, 26.
Reported, 938.
Confirmed, 956.

WILLIAMSPORT HOSPITAL, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1114
Read in place in House by Mr. Gibson, 112.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 112.
Reported with amendment, 2241.
First reading, 2337.
Second reading, 2416.
Third reading and final passage, 2787.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.
In Senate (No. 1037)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.
Reported without amendment, 2688.
First reading, 2710.
Second reading, 2917.
Third reading and final passage, 3089.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3399.

WILLIAMSPORT HOSPITAL, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Sones, 118.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 118.

WILLS, bill to amend act relating to certain estates by further defining the disqualification of certain persons to witness (see witness).

WILLS, bill to amend, by eliminating the clause, that its provisions shall not apply to counties with less than 300,000 inhabitants, act of March 24, 1877, relating to jurisdiction of Orphans' Courts in the probate of (see counties).

WILLS EYE HOSPITAL of Philadelphia, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1060
Read in place in House by Mr. Fahey, 189.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 189.
Reported with amendment, 2240.
First reading, 2335.
Second reading, 2410.
Third reading and final passage, 2770.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.
In Senate (No. 987)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2708.
Second reading, 2913.
Third reading and final passage, 3079.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

WILLS EYE HOSPITAL of Philadelphia, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. McNichols, 151.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 151.

WILLS OF ANY COUNTY having population of 1,000,000 or over, bill to amend, so as to make it apply to counties having population of 1,400,000 or over, act fixing salaries of employes in office of register of (see counties).

WILLS OF DECEDENTS to recording thereof, bill relating to elections by surviving husbands or wives to take under or against (see decedents).

WILLS, presentation of testimonial of House of Representatives at close of session of Sergeant-at-Arms George B. 3652.

WILLS, regulating time of taking appeal from probate or refusal of probate and time for proceedings for contest of validity of
Read in place in House by Mr. Rockwell, 96.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 96.

WILSON, HENRY I., Representative from Jefferson County,
Acting Speaker, 691, 1017, 2290, 2589, 3481.
Amendments offered by, to
House Bill No. 138, authorizing election of tax collectors for four years in boroughs and townships, 568.
House Bill No. 193, amending act establishing Department of Forestry by enlarging powers to purchase land, 657, 852, 854, 926.
House Bill No. 226, relating to preliminary steps in taking out letters of administration on estates of intestates, 850.
House Bill No. 373, providing for cancellation of certain liens, bonds and mortgages now held by Department of Internal Affairs, 1057.
House Bill No. 378, joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania allowing municipalities to increase their indebtedness, 1058.
House Bill No. 484, supplement to act for government of cities of second class providing for levy and collection of taxes and water rents, 1394.
Appointment of, on
Standing committees, 83, 84, 85.
Bills introduced by
Amending act establishing Department of Forestry, 231.
Amending act relating to corporations by compeling water companies to furnish power for public purposes, 391.
Amending act relating to corporations requiring water and water power companies to furnish power for public purposes, 776.
Defining and establishing auxiliary forest reserves, 473.
Making appropriation to Corry Hospital, 156.
Making appropriation to reimburse E. C. Rudolph of Big Run for moneys expenses in smallpox epidemic, 898.
Providing for amendment of pleadings in civil courts of common pleas, 232.
Providing for selection of clerk in townships of second class and boroughs, 303.
Requiring officers of townships and boroughs to hold their respective meetings at the same place, 210.
To prohibit in legal proceedings cross examination of witnesses concerning convictions upon any crime committed by them, 472.
To provide for counsel fees for garnishee's attorneys in attachment or attachment execution of any kind issued by any magistrate. 1399.
To provide for taxation of auxiliary forest reserves, 473.
To provide that preliminary steps in taking out letters of administration on estates of intestates may be taken out before a notary public, justice of the peace or alderman, 302.
To regulate sale of liquors to or among members clubs, secret societies or organizations, 391.
Bills reported by
No. 14
To amend parts of act relating to time for issuing precepts and making returns of triennial assessments, 115.
No. 29 (Senate Bill No. 336)
Authorizing Supreme Court to adopt and promulgate rules for courts of record, 140.
No. 33 (Senate Bill No. 694)
Relating to abandonment of proceedings in actions of ejectment, 145.
No. 99 (Senate Bill No. 317)
Relating to new dite for Western Penitentiary, 300.
No. 113
Relating to proceedings where goods or chattels have been seized by the sheriff, 314.
No. 157 (Senate Bill No. 810)
Relating to judgments obtained before aldermen and justices of the peace against municipalities, 415.
No. 158 (Senate Bill No. 31)
Enlarging powers of constables in service of summons, 415.
No. 208 (Senate Bill No. 446)
Amending act relating to appointment of a deputy and one clerk by certain prothonotaries, 566.
No. 216 (Senate Bill No. 654)
Amending act creating Department of State Police as regards salaries, 1214.
No. 233 (Senate Bill No. 522)
Validating certain elections held upon question of increasing indebtedness of municipalities, 590.

WILSON, HENRY I.—Continued.

No. 312 (Senate Bill No. 496)
To establish public school system, 1026.

No. 314
Confirming sale and conveyances of any real estate made by any alien or foreign corporation since March 26, 1903, 733.

No. 373 (Senate Bill No. 211)
Providing for cancellation of certain liens, bonds and mortgages now held by Department of Internal Affairs for unpaid purchase money, 881.

No. 425
To prevent deception in sale of paint, putty, turpentine and linseed oil, 1015.

No. 458 (Senate Bill No. 818)
Regulating amount of liability a corporate surety may undertake in any single obligation, 1027.

No. 459 (Senate Bill No. 695)
Relating to trust funds and property, surety bonds given to secure same, 1027.

No. 460 (Senate Bill No. 819)
Providing for payment of premiums on bonds required of public officers, 1027.

No. 551 (Senate Bill No. 399)
Vesting in mother in certain cases right to services of her child, 1213.

No. 582 (Senate Bill No. 362)
Relating to receivers' sales, 1303.

No. 716 (Senate Bill No. 1197)
Regulating printing of the laws of this Commonwealth, 1609.

No. 717 (Senate Bill No. 1177)
Amending act relating to district attorneys receiving fee in certain counties by fixing salaries of district attorneys in counties having between 30,000 and 40,000 inhabitants, 1609.

No. 718 (Senate Bill No. 1178)
To permit trustees, executors, administrators or receivers where an estate is without money or property to have appeals heard in appellate courts upon filing typewritten copies of certain particulars, 1609.

No. 719 (Senate Bill No. 1173)
To provide for detention and apprehension of persons who have committed any crime or misdemeanor, 1609.

No. 744 (Senate Bill No. 1184)
Amending act defining rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating effect of contracts for work and labor to be done by providing for amicable scire facias, 1694.

No. 756 (Senate Bill No. 1191)
Amending act defining rights and liabilities of parties to and regulating effect of contracts for work and labor to be done and materials to be furnished, 1747.

No. 791 (Senate Bill No. 1170)
Providing for appointment of deputy coroners in certain counties, 1758.

No. 798(Senate Bill No. 11)
Relating to sale of goods, 1758.

No. 850
To regulate fees to be charges by prothonotaries, clerks of courts of quarter sessions and oyer and terminer and clerks of orphans' courts, recorder of deeds and register of wills, and to provide for collection of same, together with State taxes on writs, etc., 1947.

No. 1272 (Senate Bill No. 544.
Joint resolution proposing amendment to Constitution of Pennsylvania so as to permit General Assembly to fix hours and wages of employes of State or any civil division thereof, 2385.

Election of, 43.

Leave of absence asked for, 324.

Motions by, to

Dispense with further reading of Journal, 883.

Go into Committee of Whole on House Bill No. 193, amending act establishing Department of Forestry to enlarge power of acquiring lands for forest reserves, 926.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 145, for safety of persons from fire or panic in certain buildings in boroughs, 600.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 193, amending act establishing Department of Forestry to enlarge power of acquiring lands for forest reserves, 1294.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 338, providing for taxation of auxiliary forest reserves, 2320.

WILSON, HENRY I.—Continued.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 1323, providing for commission to examine and report on propriety of purchase by Commonwealth of certain tract of land in Jefferson, Forest and Clarion Counties, 3194, 3195.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 339, to define and establish auxiliary forest reserves, 1029.

Recommit to Committee House Bill No. 454, providing that foreign corporations may hold real estate or property in this State, 1200.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 216, amending act creating Department of State Police as regards salaries, 1083, 1084.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Jefferson County against commission form of government, 389.

Citizens of Jefferson County for Maurer Initiative and Referendum Bill, 589.

Grange No. 609, Patrons of Husbandry, for better telephone facilities, 121.

Grange No. 854, Patrons of Husbandry, for beter telephone facilities, 121.

Green Valley Grange No. 770 of Jefferson County for Kelly Resolution for Initiative and Referendum, 1015.

Presentation by, of

Testimonial of House of Representatives at close of session to Journal Clerk Harry Bonsall, 3652.

Questions of information raised by, on

House Bill No. 365, amending section four of act imposing additional taxes for State purposes and abolishing revenue board, 1348.

House Bill No. 571, regulating returns of constables in boroughs and townships, 1944.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 73, establishing county associations of borough officers, 317, 318.

House Bill No. 138, authorizing election of tax collectors for four years in several boroughs and townships, 568, 569.

House Bill No. 193, amending act to establish Department of Forestry by enlarging power to purchase land, 657, 658, 659, 660, 852, 853, 926, 2251, 2252.

House Bill No. 196, requiring payment of wages to be semi-monthly, 730.

House Bill No. 210, amending act relating to game by permitting killing of deer other than males with visible horns, 739.

House Bill No. 216, amending act creating Department of State Police as regards salaries, 1084.

House Bill No. 313, to provide for health and safety of persons employed in and about bituminous coal mines, 3521, 3522.

House Bill No. 339, to define and establish auxiliary forest reserves, 895, 896.

House Bill No. 530, providing for taxation of gross receipts of fire insurance companies on business done in Pennsylvania, 2309, 2310.

House Bill No. 675, providing for counsel fees for garnishee's attorney, taxation of same as costs, in attachment or attachment execution of any kind issued by a magistrate, 2306.

House Bill No. 904, providing for counsel fees' for garnishee's attorneys, taxation of same as costs in attachment or attachment execution issued by a magistrate, 3360.

House Bill No. 1323, providing for commission to examine and report on propriety of purchase by Commonwealth of certain tract of land in Jefferson, Clarion and Forest Counties, 3194, 3195, 3222, 3224.

Resolution regarding election of United States Senators by direct vote, 365.

Resolution offered by

Requesting Col. Goethal to deliver illustrated lecture on Panama Canal in Hall of House of Representatives, 211.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

WILSON, JAMES SHARP, Manager of Pennsylvania Reform School at Morganza, nominated, 24.

WIRES, to amend, by extending its provisions to telephone and telegraph companies, act relating to police power of cities of third class and boroughs with reference to electric light

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Clark, 107.

Referred to Committee on Municipal Affairs, 107.

WITNESS DEEDS AND WILLS, to amend act relating to certain estates by further defining the disqualification of certain persons to

Senate Bill No. 182

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Salus, 374.
Referred to Committee on Corporations, 374.
Reported without amendment, 453.
First reading, 518.
Second reading, 562.
Recommitted to Committee, 621.

WITNESS OR WITNESSES in order to entitle plaintiff to a decree, bill to abolish rule in reference to the averments of a responsive answer being overcome by the testimony of (see equity).

WITNESSES, bill to amend, so as to include directors or other officers of corporations among those who may be compelled to testify in a civil proceeding, act relating to competency of (see testify).

WITNESSES, bills relating to pay of (see pay).

WITNESSES CONCERNING CONVICTIONS upon any crime committed by them, to prohibit in any legal proceeding the cross examination of

Read in place in House by Mr. Wilson, 472.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 472.

WITNESSES CONCERNING HANDWRITING, relating to testimony of expert

Senate Bill No. 217

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Tustin, 268.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 268.
Reported without amendment, 539.
First reading, 633.
Recommitted to Committee, 672.

WITNESSES HELD ON BEHALF OF COMMONWEALTH, to provide for the payment by the proper County of

House Bill No. 35

Read in place in House by Mr. Richard J. Baldwin, 111.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 111.
Reported without amendment, 145.
First reading, 158.
Second reading, 192.
Third reading and final passage, 204.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 749.
Signed by Speaker, 786.
Approved by Governor, 1084.

In Senate (No. 224)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 228.
Reported without amendment, 540.
First reading, 633.
Second reading, 673.
Third reading and final passage, 704.
Signed by President, 755.

WITNESSES IN BEDFORD COUNTY, bill to repeal act to increase pay of jurors and (see Bedford).

WITNESSES IN CIVIL ACTIONS, relating to the competency of husband and wife as

Read in place in House by Mr. C. Victor Johnson, 96.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 96.

WITNESSES IN DAUPHIN COUNTY, bills relating to pay of (see Dauphin).

WITNESSES IN LEHIGH COUNTY, bills relating to pay of (see Lehigh).

WITNESSES IN MONTGOMERY COUNTY, bills relating to increase in pay of (see Montgomery).

WITNESSES OF WAYNE, PIKE AND MONROE COUNTIES, bill to repeal act to increase the compensation of jurors and (see compensation).

WITNESSES RESIDING IN ANY OTHER STATE or in any foreign country, bill to provide for taking of testimony to be used in any of the civil courts of record of this State of (see testimony).

WITNESSES so as to make the husband and wife a competent witness to testify for or against each other in support of a criminal charge of bigamy, bill to amend act relating to competency of (see bigamy).

WIVES, supplement to act for relief of deserted (see deserted).

WIVES to take under or against the wills of decedents to the recording thereto, bill relating to elections by surviving husbands or (see decedents).

WOLF, CLARENCE, Senator from Seventh District, (Philadelphia County),

Amendments offered by, to

Senate Bill No. 203, amending act to prevent rebate by insurance companies, 628.
Senate Bill No. 271, validating under certain conditions contracts made by foreign corporations, 1588.
Senate Bill No. 272, regulating foreign corporations, 1588.
Senate Bill No. 775, to regulate doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations and the registration thereof, 2695, 3146.

Appointment of, on

Conference committee, 3283, 3533.
Memorial committee, 408.
Standing committees, 79, 80.

Bills introduced by

Authorizing purchase of Wm. Penn's own copy of map which fixed boundaries of State in 1685, 608.
Making appropriation to Frankford Hospital, 455.
Making appropriation to Home for the Aged, 1809, Mount Vernon Street, Philadelphia, 291.
Making appropriation to Philadelphia Jewish Sanatorium for Consumptives, located at Eagleville, 150.
Relating to right to practice medicine and surgery in Pennsylvania, 150.
Relating to treatment and detention of insane and creating State Department of Charities, 1068.
To fix time for organization of legislative departments of municipal governments and for inauguration of mayors of cities, 1436.
To provide for printing, binding and distribution of Legislative Journal and Journals of Senate and House of Representatives, 1067.
To regulate appeals from tax and other public accounts, settlements of fiscal officers, 1067.

Bills reported by

No. 89 (House Bill No. 1357)
Making appropriation to Philadelphia Jewish Sanatorium for Consumptives located at Eagleville, 2524.

No. 290 (House Bill No. 162)
Authorizing printing of subsequent editions of bulletins issued by Department of Agriculture, 664.

No. 291 (House Bill No. 159)
Authorizing printing of additional copies of School Laws and Decisions, 664.

No. 292 (House Bill No. 638)
Authorizing purchase of Wm. Penn's own copy of map which fixed boundaries of the State in 1685, 664.

No. 295 (House Bill No. 894)
To fix number and salaries of officers, clerks and employes in State Treasury, 667.

No. 422 (House Bill No. 802)
Providing for printing, binding and distribution of Legislative Journal and Journals of Senate and House of Representatives, 1074.

No. 423 (House Bill No. 629)
To provide for printing of copies of Bulletin No. 123 of Department of Agriculture entitled "Chestnut Culture," 1074.

No. 520 (House Bill No. 272)
Amending act to create Department of Public Printing and Binding by further regulating said department and supply of paper and other materials therefor, 1435.

No. 551 (House Bill No. 843)
To regulate construction and inspection of buildings used for exhibition of moving pictures in all cities of first class, 1546.

No. 568 (House Bill No. 327)
Prescribing number of fixtures for water supply for dwellings in cities of first class, 3287, 3288.

No. 682 (House Bill No. 620)
Authorizing publication of eight hundred additional copies of Smull's Legislative Hand Books for use of certain Departments, 2175.

No. 761 (House Bill No. 632)
Regulating lending of money upon personal property salaries and wages, 2456.

No. 775 (House Bill No. 608)
Regulating doing of business in this Commonwealth by foreign corporations and registration thereof, 2525.

No. 830 (House Bill No. 677)
Requiring approval of Water Supply Commission to any extension of time within which water companies may begin and complete their works, 2665.

WOLF, CLARENCE—Continued.

No. 1157 (House Bill No. 670)
Amending act providing for publication of public documents by providing for increased number of reports of Highway Commissioner, 2693.

No. 1160 (House Bill No. 526)
Regulating sale of pure spirits of turpentine, substitutes and imitations thereof, 2885.

Motion by, for
Senate to adhere to its amendment to House Bill No. 483 to provide for licensing and regulating private banking and appoint conference committee, 3533.

Motions by, to
Postpone indefinitely Senate Bill No. 1160, regulating sale of pure spirits of turpentine, substitutes and imitations thereof, 3385.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 422, relating to publication of Legislative Journal and Journals of Senate and House of Representatives, 1229.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 494, prohibiting minors under sixteen years of age from attending certain places of amusement, 1430.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 736, regulating paving of sidewalks and setting of curbstones in townships of first class, 2456.

Recommit to Committee Senate Bill No. 757, regulating temperature of milk and cream intended to be shipped and sold or offered for sale, 3140.

Resume consideration of Senate Bill No. 750, repealing act to prevent prize fights and boxing matches in counties of Pike, Schuylkill, Luzerne, Erie and Montgomery, 2892.

Remarks by, on
Motion to discharge Senate Judiciary Special Committee from further consideration of House Bill No. 353, to promote safety of travelers and employes upon railroads by compeling railroads to properly man their trains, 3156.

Senate Bill No. 20, amending act relating to removal of judges as regards pay after removal, 1230.

Senate Bill No. 105, fixing salary of Private Secretary to Governor, 271.

Senate Bill No. 245, providing for burial of indigent persons whose bodies are unclaimed and are unfit for anatomical purposes, 708, 709.

Senate Bill No. 294, defining liability of directors of banks and certain other savings institutions for losses incurred by depositors or stockholders, 796.

Senate Bill No. 757, to regulate temperature of milk and cream intended to be shipped, sold or offered for sale, 3265.

Report by, of
Commission to investigate poor houses in County of Philadelphia, 242.

Resolution, concurrent, offered by
Relative to printing report and testimony of commission to investigate poor houses in County of Philadelphia, 245.

Resolution offered, by
Thanking President pro tempore William E. Crow for services rendered during session, 3541.

Vote of, for
United States Senator, 71.

WOMAN OR GIRL FOR IMMORAL PURPOSES so as to prevent procuring for immoral purposes any woman or girl residing in or out of Pennsylvania, bill to amend act to prevent enticing into Pennsylvania of any (see immoral).

WOMAN'S HOSPITAL OF PHILADELPHIA, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1053
Read in place in House by Mr. Savidge, 104.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 104.
Reported with amendment, 2239.
First reading, 2335.
Second reading, 2409.
Third reading and final passage, 2767.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3235.
Signed by Speaker, 3475.

In Senate (No. 980)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2659.
Reported without amendment, 2686.
First reading, 2708.
Second reading, 2913.
Third reading and final passage, 3078.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3398.

WOMAN'S RELIEF CORPS HOTEL at Andersonville, Georgia, making appropriation to furnish a room in the name of this Commonwealth in the
Read in place in House by Mr. Swan, 303.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 303.

WOMEN BETWEEN AGES OF SIXTEEN AND THIRTY years convicted of criminal offence, bill to provide State Reformatory for (see reformatory).

WOMEN, bill making an appropriation to establish a State Industrial Home for (see State Industrial).

WOMEN'S HOMEOPATHIC ASSOCIATION of Pennsylvania, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 979
Read in place in House by Mr. Hecht, 1468.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 1468.
Reported with amendment, 2237.
First reading, 2331.
Second reading, 2396.
Third reading and final passage, 2743.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3234.
Signed by Speaker, 3474.

In Senate (No. 909)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2657.
Reported without amendment, 2684.
First reading, 2705.
Second reading, 2908.
Third reading and final passage, 3065.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3397.

WOMEN'S MEDICAL COLLEGE of Pennsylvania, for use in Hospital Department, Philadelphia, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1189
Read in place in House by Mr. Savidge, 104.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 104.
Reported with amendment, 2243.
First reading, 2341.
Second reading, 2429.
Third reading and final passage, 2812.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3238.
Signed by Speaker, 3478.

In Senate (No. 1108)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2663.
Reported without amendment, 2690.
First reading, 2714.
Second reading, 2922.
Third reading and final passage, 3103.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3401.

WOMEN'S SOUTHERN HOMEOPATHIC HOSPITAL of Philadelphia, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 924
Read in place in House by Mr. Bass, 146.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 146.
Reported with amendment, 2236.
First reading, 2329.
Second reading, 2388.
Third reading and final passage, 2724.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3233.
Signed by Speaker, 3473.

In Senate (No. 855)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2656.
Reported without amendment, 2683.
First reading, 2702.
Second reading, 2904.
Third reading and final passage, 3055.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

WOMEN'S SOUTHERN HOMEOPATHIC HOSPITAL of Philadelphia, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Salus, 90.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 90.

WOMEN'S UNION DAY NURSERY of Philadelphia, making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. Bass, 591.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 591.

WOMEN'S UNION DAY NURSERY of Philadelphia making appropriation to
Read in place in House by Mr. Bass, 810.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 810.

WOMEN'S UNION DAY NURSERY of Philadelphia, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Salus, 756.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 756.

WOODCOCK, bill to fix open season for (see season).

WOODCOCK, bills relating to protection of game and certain birds, including (see game).

WOODLANDS, bill to protect trees and (see trees).

WOODLOT ADJACENT THERETO, bill to amend act making it unlawful to trespass on private property limiting the lands to which provisions of said act shall apply to cultivated and improved lands and to the (see trespass).

WOODRUFF, CLINTON ROGERS, Member of Board of Registration Commissioners in and for the City of Philadelphia, nominated, 26.
Reported, 3377.
Confirmed, 3414, 3415.

WOODS RUN INDUSTRIAL HOUSE of Allegheny, making appropriation to
House Bill No. 1146
Read in place in House by Mr. Swan, 1398.
Refered to Committee on Appropriations, 1398.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2339.
Second reading, 2420.
Third reading and final passage, 2798.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.
In Senate (No. 1066)
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2661.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2712.
Second reading, 2919.
Third reading and final passage, 3094.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

WOODWARD, JAMES F., Representative from Ninth District, (Allegheny County),
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Bills introduced by
Fixing salary of Private Secretary to the Governor of the Commonwealth, 146.
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Making appropriation for deficits to Home for Training in Speech of Deaf Children before they are of School Age, at Philadelphia, 110.
Making appropriation for maintenance of indigent insane in County and local institutions, 884.
Making appropriation for maintenance of indigent insane in State and Semi-State Hospitals for Insane, 884.
Making appropriation to commission for erection of Homeopathic State Hospital for Insane, 1481.
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Making appropriation to Board of Commissioners of Navigation for River Delaware and its Navigable Tributaries for two years from June 1, 1911, 1826.
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Regulating making of certain reports and statements due Auditor General for purposes of State taxation, 637.
Regulating reports for purposes of taxation by corporations any part of capital stock or indebtedness of which is not taxable under laws of Commonwealth, 637.
Relating to taxation and bonus on capital stock, 637.
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To prohibit incorporation by courts of common pleas of corporation formed to establish hospitals or other charitable institutions for indigent persons without approval of Board of Public Charities, 1400.
To prohibit making of appropriations to unincorporated, charitable or reformatory institutions, 1398.
To provide for better collection of money and taxes due Commonwealth and property belonging to or liable to escheat to the same, 637.
To provide for payment of expenses incident to attendance of members of Pennsylvania Legislature at funeral of Honorable J. Calvin Meyer, deceased, 2054.
To provide for report to Auditor General and escheat to Commonwealth under certain conditions of certain deposits, 637.
To repeal act to exempt from taxation savings institutions having no capital stock, 689.
Bills reported by
No. 1 (Senate Bill No. 1)
Making appropriations (supplemental) for general expenses of Executive, Judicial and Legislative Departments for 6 months ending May 31, 1911, and for certain deficiencies, 52.
No. 396 (Senate Bill No. 183)
Making appropriation to John J. Devitt for mileage due him, 883, 884.
No. 474 (Senate Bill No. 55)
Authorizing refund to Walter C. Morris of Allegheny, 1027.
No. 500 (Senate Bill No. 185)
Authorizing refund to Richard J. Baxter, 1048.
No. 860 (Senate Bill No. 1240)
To provide for ordinary expenses of Executive, Judicial and Legislative Departments, interest on public debt and support of public schools for two fiscal years beginning June 1, 1911, and for payment of bills remaining unpaid at close of fiscal year ending May 31, 1911, 1949, 2974.
No. 962 (Senate Bill No. 892)
Making an appropriation for the Cottage State Hospital, Phillipsburg, Centre County, 2237.
No. 963 (Senate Bill No. 893)
Making an appropriation to the Home for the Training in Speech of Deaf Children before they are of school age, at Belmont Avenue and Monument Road, Philadelphia, 2237.
No. 964 (Senate Bill No. 894)
Making an appropriation to the Board of Commissioners of Navigation for the River Delaware and its navigable tributaries, for two years from June 1, 1911, 2237.
No. 965 (Senate Bill No. 895)
To provide for the payment of the expenses incident to the attendance of the members of the Pennsylvania Legislature at the funeral of the Honorable J. Calvin Meyer, deceased, 2237.
No. 966 (Senate Bill No. 896)
Making an appropriation to pay for the care, treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane in the State and Semi-State Hospital for the Insane of the Commonwealth for the two years ending May 31, 1913, 2237.
No. 967 (Senate Bill No. 897)
Making an appropriation to pay for the care, treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane in county and local institutions of the Commonwealth, for the two years ending May 31, 1913, 2237.
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Making an appropriation to cover the deficiencies incurred in the care, treatment and maintenance of the indigent insane of the Commonwealth during the two years commencing June 1, 1909, end ending May 31, 1911, 2237.
No. 1160 (Senate Bill No. 1080)
Making appropriation to St. Luke's Hospital located at South Bethlehem, 2931.
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Motions by, for
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WOODWARD, JAMES F.—Continued.

Motions by, to

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Take a recess, 72.

Petitions presented by, from

Citizens of Allegheny County against reading of Bible in public schools, 775.

Citizens of Allegheny County for bill requiring Bible to be read in public schools, 589, 775, 1357.

Citizens of Allegheny County for Hunters' License Law, 775.

Citizens of McKeesport for bill requiring Bible to be read in public schools, 883.

City Council No. 378, Order of Independent Americans for recommitting of school code, 1081.

Remarks by, on

Appropriation bills, 2235.

House Bill No. 1, supplement to act to provide for ordinary expenses of Executive, Judicial and Legislative Departments for two years beginning June 1, 1909, 63.

House Bill No. 55, fixing salary of Private Secretary to the Governor, 259.

House Bill No. 252, repealing act relating to taxation of shares of stock of title insurance and trust companies, 855, 856.

House Bill No. 265, relating to roads and providing for election and appointment of township supervisors in townships of second class, 3604.

House Bill No. 312, to establish public school system, 963.

House Bill No. 627, providing for appointment by district attorney in counties having between 1,000,000 and 1,500,000 inhabitants of chief and assistant and special county detectives, 3607.

House Bill No. 918, making appropriation to American Art Society of Philadelphia for purpose of encouraging American art, 2722, 3368.

Report by, of

Joint Committee on Revision of Corporation and Revenue Laws, 92.

Resolutions offered by, in reference to

Election of House employes, 577.

Election of Speaker, 48.

Printing of all bills as soon as introduced, 55.

Thanking clerks and officers of House of Representatives for services rendered during the session, 3613.

Return by, of

Bill amending act providing for erection of State Hospitals, 125.

Bill amending first section of act relating to County Controllers in certain counties, 125.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

WOOL OR COTTON, bill to regulate sale of fabrics containing (see sale).

WORLDLY EMPLOYMENT or business on Sunday, bill to amend act regulating boroughs by prohibiting (see boroughs).

WORK AND LABOR DONE, bills to amend act relating to rights and liabilities of parties to contracts for (see contracts).

WORK ON PUBLIC ROADS, bill to amend act relating to road supervisors in townships of second class by providing that any township may by a majority vote of electors thereof adopt a system of payment of road tax by (see township).

WORK PERFORMED by them in production of marketable material, bill to protect coal miners in being paid for (see miners).

WORKHOUSE BY FIXING NUMBER OF VIEWERS at three, bill to amend act empowering county commissioners to erect buildings for accommodation of courts and for a jail or (see county).

WORKHOUSES JOINTLY BY TWO OR MORE COUNTIES of this Commonwealth, to authorize the erection of

House Bill No. 46

Read in place in House by Mr. Holland, 146.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 146.

Reported without amendment, 171.

First reading, 196.

Second reading, 201.

WORKHOUSES JOINTLY BY TWO OR MORE COUNTIES —Continued.

Third reading and final passage, 215.

Returned from Senate with amendments, 1087.

House concurs in Senate amendments, 1087.

Signed by Speaker, 1155.

Concurrent resolution recalling bill from Governor, 1338.

Resolution returned by Senate concurred in,

Resolution approved by Governor, 1472.

Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 1472.

Resumed and passed finally, 1614.

Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 1677.

Signed by Speaker, 1703.

Vetoed by Governor, 2192.

Sustained Governor's veto, 2192.

In Senate (No. 352)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 228.

Reported without amendment, 788.

First reading, 842.

Second reading, 918.

Third reading and amended, 951.

Final passage, 998.

Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 1101.

Signed by President pro tempore, 1106.

Resolution recalling bill from Governor concurred in, 1327.

Returned from House with amendments, 1548.

Concurred in House amendments, 1548.

Signed by President, 1746.

WORKHOUSES, to provide for appointment of commission to consider establishing a State system of

Read in place in House by Mr. Keister, 361.

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 361.

WORKINGMEN employed in Pennsylvania, bill to regulate hours of labor of (see hours).

WORKMEN ENGAGED IN CONTRACT WORK for such city, bill to amend act dividing cities of this State into three classes by authorizing councils to pass ordinances defining competency of (see cities).

WORKMEN FOR INJURIES SUFFERED in the course of their employment, bill to determine compensation payable to (see employers).

WORK TAX, bill making appropriation for payment of fifteen per centum bonus to townships of the second class which abolish the (see townships).

WORKS FOR SUPPLYING WATER of furnishing light, bill to authorize boroughs to unite in constructing or acquiring and maintaining (see boroughs).

WORMAN, CHARLES F., Member of the Culpeper, Virginia, Monument Commission, nominated, 26.

Reported, 759.

Confirmed, 765.

WORSHIP, bill to amend act relating to exemption from taxation of certain property by exempting parsonages erected on grounds annexed to and necessary to places of stated (see taxation).

WORSHIP, supplement to act relating to incorporation and regulation of certain corporations authorizing insertion of certain provisions in charters of corporations for support of public (see corporations).

WORTHLESS STOCK IN SUCH COMPANIES or corporations, bill to regulate sale of stock of mining companies or corporations and to prohibit sale of (see mining).

WRAPPING OF CERTAIN ARTICLES OF FOOD in newspapers, bill to prohibit (see food).

WRECKING OR ATTEMPTED TRAIN WRECKING and to provide punishment therefor, to define train

House Bill No. 356

Read in place in House by Mr. James N. Hunter, 735.

Referred to Committee on Railroads, 735.

Reported without amendment, 809.

First reading, 901.

Second reading and amended, 1053.

Third reading and final passage, 1300.

Returned from Senate without amendment, 1934.

Signed by Speaker,

Concurrent resolution recalling bill from Governor, 2220.

Resolution returned from Senate concurred in, 2246.

Resolution approved by Governor, 2385.

WRECKING OR ATTEMPTED TRAIN WRECKING—Continued.

Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 2386.
Final passage, 2475.
Returned from Senate with House amendments concurred in, 2718.
Signed by Speaker, 2844.

In Senate (No. 549)

Referred to Committee on Railroads, 1264.
Reported without amendment, 1546.
First reading, 1656.
Second reading, 1731.
Third reading and final passage, 1814.
Signed by President pro tempore, 1917.
Resolution recalling bill from Governor concurred in, 2210.
Returned from House with amendments, 2471.
Over in its order, 2527.
Concurred in House amendments, 2535.
Signed by President pro tempore, 2653.

WRIGHTSVILLE, making appropriation for erection of a monument in borough of
Read in place in House by Mr. Frey, 124.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 125.

WRITS OR FOREIGN ATTACHMENT against personal property shall be served, bill to require bond to be furnished by plaintiff before any (see bond).

WRITING OR DOCUMENT, bill relating to testimony of expert witnesses concerning handwriting or other (see witnesses).

WRITS IN ACTIONS AGAINST SURETY ASSOCIATIONS, companies and corporations, bill to provide for service of (see surety).

WRITS OF SCIRE FACIAS issued upon municipal and tax claims, bill to amend act relating to liens by changing method of service by advertisement upon (see liens).

WRITS QUO WARRANTO, bill to amend act relating to service of certain process in actions of law so far as it relates to service of (see quo warranto).

WYOMING VALLEY HOMEOPATHIC HOSPITAL, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1155

Read in place in House by Mr. Anderson, 124.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 124.
Reported with amendment, 2242.
First reading, 2339.
Second reading, 2422.
Third reading and final passage, 2801.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3237.
Signed by Speaker, 3477.

In Senate (No. 1075)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2662.
Reported without amendment, 2689.
First reading, 2712.
Second reading, 2919.
Third reading and final passage, 3096.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3400.

WYOMING VALLEY HOMEOPATHIC HOSPITAL, making appropriation to
Read in place in Senate by Mr. Catlin, 101.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 101.

WYOMING VALLEY SOCIETY for Prevention and Treatment of Tuberculosis, of Wilkes-Barre, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 909.

Read in place in House by Mr. Watts, 252.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 252.
Reported with amendment, 2235.
First reading, 2328.
Second reading, 2386.
Third reading and final passage, 2719.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3232.
Signed by Speaker, 3472.

In Senate (No. 842)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2655.
Reported without amendment, 2682.
First reading, 2701.
Second reading, 2888.
Third reading and final passage, 3053.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3395.

WYOMING VALLEY SOCIETY for Prevention and Treatment of Tuberculosis, of Wilkes-Barre, making appropriation to

Read in place in Senate by Mr. Catlin, 222.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 222.

WYSOX, BRADFORD COUNTY, to convert taxes levied in 1909 for a contemplated new school building, to authorize School Board of School District of Township of

House Bill No. 597

Read in place in House by Mr Mills 1282.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Local, 1282.
Reported without amendment, 1328.
First reading, 1412.
Second reading, 1531.
Third reading and final passage, 2017.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 2946.
Signed by Speaker, 3183.

In Senate (No. 786)

Referred to Committee on Judiciary General, 2014.
Reported without amendment, 2525.
First reading, 2553.
Second reading, 2697.
Third reading and final passage, 2891.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3115.

YARNS, THREADS AND TAPES in balls, skeins, hanks, spools, tubes or cones, bill to regulate sale of (see sale).

YELLOW BUTTER by further regulating composition and sale of oleomargarine, butterine or other similar products, bill to amend act prohibiting sale of oleomargarine when colored in imitation of (see oleomargarine).

YORK COUNTY, to repeal act relative to election of commissioners' clerk in
Read in place in House by Mr. Edwin R. Cox, 1214.
Referred to Committee on Judiciary Special, 1214.

YORK HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY of York City, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1080

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 125.
Reported with amendment, 2240.
First reading, 2336.
Second reading, 2412.
Third reading and final passage, 2776.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Resolution recalling bill from House concured in, 3330.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3489.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3489.
Signed by Speaker, 3588.

In Senate (No. 1004)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.
Reported without amendment, 2687.
First reading, 2709.
Second reading, 2914.
Third reading and final passage, 3083.
Concurrent resolution recalling bill from House for amendment, 3274.
Resolution returned by House concurred in, 3286.
Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 3287.
Final passage, 3384.
Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3408.
Signed by President pro tempore, 3537.

YORK SOCIETY TO PROTECT CHILDREN AND AGED PERSONS, formerly the Christian Home, of York, making appropriation to

House Bill No. 1081

Read in place in House by Mr. Dale, 209.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 209.
Reported with amendment, 2240.
First reading, 2336.
Second reading, 2412.
Third reading and final passage, 2776.
Returned from Senate without amendment, 3236.
Resolution recalling bill from House concurred in, 3330.
Returned from Senate with amendments, 3489.
Concurred in Senate amendments, 3489.
Signed by Speaker, 3588.

YORK SOCIETY TO PROTECT CHILDREN AND AGED PERSONS—Continued.

In Senate (No. 1005)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 2660.

Reported without amendment, 2687.

First reading, 2709.

Second reading, 2914.

Third reading and final passage, 3083.

Concurrent resolution recalling bill from House for amendment, 3274.

Resolution returned by House concurred in, 3286.

Vote on final passage and on third reading reconsidered and bill amended, 3287.

Final passage, 3384.

Returned from House with Senate amendments concurred in, 3408.

Signed by President pro tempore, 3537.

YOUNG, EDWARD M., nominated as Member of Commission to select a site and build a Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane, 2288.

Reported, 2601.

Confirmed, 2615.

YOUNG, JOHN H., Representative from Twelfth District, (Allegheny County),

Amendment offered by, to

House Bill No. 274, empowering commissioners of first class townships without petition of property owners to pave streets, 871.

Appointment of, on

Standing committees, 84, 85.

Bills introduced by

Amending act relating to damages for injuries producing death, 304.

Amending act relating to uniform method of electing certain public officers so as to provide in form of ballot a space for names of persons whose names are not on ballot, 362.

Empowering commissioners of any first class township to pave and otherwise improve public streets and thoroughfares, 591.

Fixing open season for woodcock, quail, pheasant, squirrel and rabbit, 362.

Fixing salary of county engineer, 473.

Relating to location, construction and maintenance of viaducts and bridges in townships of first class, 1214.

Bill reported by

No. 398 (Senate Bill No. 53)

Authorizing counties to purchase or condemn certain public toll bridges, 884.

Election of, 42.

Leave of absence asked for, 157.

Motions by, to

Adjourn, 197, 819.

Dispense with further reading of Journal, 435, 2931.

Lay upon table veto of House Bill No. 319, providing for punishment of persons responsible for or contributing to delinquency of children, 2559.

YOUNG, JOHN H.—Continued.

Postpone for present House Bill No. 274, empowering commissioners of any first class township without petition of property owners to pave streets, 1185.

Reconsider vote on House Bill No. 517, establishing in certain counties Board for assessment and Revision of Taxes for State and County purposes, 2187.

Petition presented by, from

Glass workers of Allegheny County against repeal of child labor law relating to glass houses, 1669.

Remarks by, on

House Bill No. 274, empowering commissioners of any first class township without petition of property owners to pave streets, 1185.

Vote of, for

United States Senator, 72.

YOUNG, THOMAS B., nominated as Member of Board of Examiners to Examine Applicants for Office of Mine Inspector for Bituminous Coal Fields, 3275.

Reported, 3385.

Confirmed, 3414.

ZAHNISER, late Treasurer of Mercer County, to refund certain fees making appropriation to Michael

House Bill No. 143

Read in place in House by Mr. Dallas, 209.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 209.

Reported without amendment, 390.

First reading, 432.

Second reading, 441.

Third reading and final passage, 581.

Returned from Senate without amendment, 971.

Signed by Speaker, 1045.

Approved by Governor, 1292.

In Senate (No. 341)

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 564.

Reported without amendment, 787.

First reading, 841.

Second reading, 916.

Third reading and final passage, 950.

Signed by President pro tempore, 1002.

ZAMBO, making appropriation to Mary

Read in place in House by Mr. Shern, 96.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations, 96.

ZAMBO of South Bethlehem to bring suit against Commonwealth to recover damages for his death, concurrent resolution (Senate) by Morgan, authorizing widow and children of Joseph, 3290.

Resolution returned by House, 3379, 3380.

Concurred in by House, 3471.

ZOOLOGIST AND HORTICULTURIST and Assistant Zoologist and Horticulturist and abolishing offices of Economic Zoologist and Assistant Economic Zoologist, bill to create in Department of Agriculture offices of State (see Department of Agriculture).

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